The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 6, 1898. NO. 1.

BUSINESS HOUSES.

A Brief Mention of Our Chief Business Men.

PROSPEROUS & PROGRESSIVE.

The number of our business men is not great; but what we lack in quantity we make up in quality. Rumor has it that another general mercantile store and a drug store will soon be added to Cardston's business houses.

The original of the Cardston Co. Ltd. was a mutual stock company started in 1890 with a load of merchandise, in the granary of President C. O. Card, which limited sphere was sufficient for the demands of the sparce population for a month or two. Only when an exchange was effected with the Ecclesiastic authorities for the little log meeting house which was soon converted into the semblance of a country store. The continued prosperity of the Pioneers and the influx of imigration soon necessitated an extension of both store room and capital; so in March 1892 was consummated the organization as it now exists under corporate powers. The first board of directors, under letters patent, was C. O. Card J. A. Woolf, Neils Hanson, S. F. Allen and E. Harker. C. O. Card, was president, J. A. Woolf vice-president, H. S. Allen, secretary and acting manager. From the little log cabin to the present extensive quarters, has been only a short time and yet it is readily apparent that more extensive quarters are necessary, and these improvements are the present consideration of the directors.

The adaptability of this country to the production of butter and cheese led this Company to erect a dairy, which up to the present has made the reputation of Cardston cheese as well known as the subject to which its products were confined, on account of limited capacity would permit. The Cardston Co.'s paid up capital is nearly $9000, and to strengthen its credit and extend the utility of such an enterprise, the Board of Directors have also accumulated a reserve fund equivalent to that amount. As the Pioneer store of this section it still remains the farmers exchange, and the general public show their appreciation by ample patronage. The present board of directors consists of President C. O. Card, Vice-president J. A. Woolf, J. A. Hammer S. Williams and Robert Ibey, with Robert Ibey secretary and J. P. Low treasurer and acting manager.

There are few towns the size of Cardston that can boast of a bank. The people in their liberal patronage, have shown their appreciation of C. Edgar Snow's enterprise. That Cardston was sorely in need of such an institution, none can deny. Mr Snow began loaning money in 1895; in 1897 he established a private bank, and today counts his depositors by the score. June, of this year, he erected a suitable building in which to carry on the business, and now the people of Cardston and neighboring settlements can have their banking attended to as promptly and efficiently as people in our largest Canadian cities.

H. S. Allen & Co.: in point of size of stock carried, is second to none. Their stock of general merchandise is one of the most complete in town. The firm was established in July, 1893, and for a year the business was carried on in two small rooms of a little log house. In 1894 they erected a 45x60 frame building, and two years later built an addition thereto, of similar dimentions to the original structure. Mr. H. S. Allen, the wide-awake manager, is conceded by all to be a first class rustler. The post office is in Mr. Allen,s store.

William Wood our genial butcher, commenced with four hogs in 1893. During the present season he has packed about two hundred hogs. He intends to can beef in connection with the packing business just as soon as some few circumstances are overcome. He is also running a fresh meat market which has been doing business about a year. He has a good refrigerator and expects to have meat on hand constantly.

...ice year he had from Mr. Woo... at reasonable prices.

C. E. Snow carries a full line of stationery, confectionery, tobaccos, books and notions. He started up the business in a small way three years ago and from that time to this has gradually increased his stock and enlarged his store, and today he has, as before stated, a full stock of goods in his particular lines.

C.O.Card is sub. agent for Dominion lands and agent for Hudson's Bay, railway and private lands. Mr Card is constantly busy in his office, which usually present a lively appearance.

Lundbery & Neilson recently bought the blacksmith shop from Sloan & Co. They are working up a profitable business and are making new friends every day.

Gay & Wight, contractors, builders and blacksmiths, began business together last year. The fact that they have, more than they can do speaks for itself. Their tools are of the latest make, and they know how to use them.

The Hotel de Woolf is the only hotel in town. Last year a considerable addition was made to their building; now they can accomidate quite a number of guests.

Cardston has a first class Tin Shop. Mark Spencer is a No. 1. workman and is working up a splendid trade. The stores get their tinware from Mr. Spencer.

Samuel Cox has been in Cardston only a few months. In that time he has demonstrated his skill as a carpenter, and paper-hanger. He is kept busy all the time.

MORMON CHURCH SERVICES.

Patriarch Henry L. Hinman Occupied the Pulpit.

There was a large attendance at the afternoon services of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints last Sunday. Bishop J. A. Hammer presided.

Singing by the choir. Prayer by Elder Wm. Wood. Singing. Sacrament administered by Elder D. W. Rollins and Gustave Neilson.

Sister Zina Y. Card was honorably released from Sunday school as teacher.

Patriarch Henry L. Hinman was the speaker. He desired the sympathy of those present. Spoke upon our belief as their being one God, His Son Jesus Christ and the Holy Ghost as representing one great head, known as the God head. Refered to the office of the Holy Ghost showing it was necessary to show us things to come; to bring to our memory things past and to lead us unto all truth. Refered to the baptism of Jesus and his teachings while in the flesh, showing that revelation was necessary in any age. Quoted John the Revelator's words, "And I saw another angel flying in the midst of heaven having the everlasting Gospel to preach to those who dwell upon the earth," etc. Showed wherein this prophecy has been fulfilled and that the same Holy Ghost and revelation have been given in this last dispensation. Showed that the Gospel has been restored to the earth, in this last age through the medium of an angel to Joseph Smith. Spoke of the persecution which has followed him and his followers through all this dispensation. Encouraged those who have just come into our midst this season to settle down and be contented as God is just able to supply us with the necessaries of life as he was our forefathers when they come into the valleys of the mountains.

Singing by the choir. Benediction by Elder Samuel Cox.

PRIMARY CONCERT.

The Primary Concert given by the Primary Association of this ward on the evening of the 23. was a success in every particular and did credit to the officers and teachers of that important department.

The entire programme was worthy of praise but space will not permit us to make mention of but a few of the chief features.

EXERCISES:

Opening Chorus:
Opera Leavitt ..... Rec. Temperance Pledge.
The Misses Young ..... Song: Wait Mr. Postman.
Master Amos Leavitt ..... Negro Sqng.
Agnes Sloan ..... Organ Solo.
May Mercer, Lonie Evens, Agnes Sloan ..... Night
Tableau ..... Good night Sweet Rest.

BRIEF RESUME
- of -
CANADIAN HISTORY
From 1497 to 1898.

Very Short and to the Point.

FAMILIARIZE YOURSELF WITH ALL THAT APPEARS IN THIS COLUMN EACH WEEK.

Having lived in this district more than three years, we are acquainted with the majority of... inhabitants, and to a greater or less degree, have... knowledge respecting their misinformed condition... as to the laws and history of Canada. We therefore, purpose publishing, serially, in a portion of this column, each week, a Short History of Canada from 1497 to 1898, together with Statistical Items of general interest.

FORM OF GOVERNMENT.

CANADA. Dominion of, a federal dependency, with representative and responsible government. Population about 5,000,000; area, 3,315,647 square miles (exclusive of waters).

EXECUTIVE POWER. The queen represented by a governor-general, appointed by the crown, and advised by a cabinet chosen from members of the privy council of Canada, and consisting of 12 ministers, holding departmental offices, besides one or more ministers without office. The government holds office as long as they have the confidence of the popular brance of parliament. The principles of parliamentary government are those of England. The common and criminal law of England previals in all the provinces except Quebec, where the old French civil code and English criminal law are in force.

LEGISLATIVE POWER AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT. The queen, senate, and house of commons. The senate is composed of 78 members, when full, appointed by the crown, possessed of property qualification and of the age of 30 years. The speaker is chosen by the crown. It has co-ordinate powers of legislation with the house of commons, except in the case of reinue, taxation, or money bills. Though it cannot initiate or amend such bills, it may reject them under extraordinary circumstances. Members are paid $1,000 for a session of over 30 days, and a sum for travelling expenses at the rate of 10 cents a mile going and returning. The house of commons consists, at present, of 213 members—chosen on a very liberal franchise based on property, income and wage-earning, with residence and citizenship. Members require no property qualification, but they must be of the age of 21 and British subjects, not diqualified by law. The speaker is chosen by the commons. Parliament has a legal existence of five years unless sooner dissolved by the governor-general, and meets once every year. Members are paid the same as senators. As Canada possesses a system of federal government, her legislative powers are limited to certain subjects of dominion or national import, set forth in the written constitution, or British North America Act, of 1867, with the residue of power not expressly given to the provinces in the federal government. All the provinces of Canada except Prince Edward Island possess a very complete system of municipal government which entrusts certain quasi legislative powers to councils in municipal divisions known as cities, counties, townships, towns, villages and parishes, and elected by ratepayers. The rules and usages of procedure of the Canadian parliament and of the legislatures are based on those of the imperial parliament. The closure does not exist in Canada.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

G. Hamilton, Pastor.

Divine service at Cardston, every Sabbath at 8 P. M.

At Mountain View and St. Marys every two weeks.

Subjects announced in advance every week.

All are welcome.

G. Hamilton.

Subscribe Now!

Cardston.

Some ten years ago, President C. O. Card, with a small company of Mormons, located on the present site of Cardston. To-day there is more than a thousand people in Cardston and the surrounding settlements of Aetna, Leavitt and Mountain View.

Cardston is located on Lee's Creek, a pure stream of water rising in the Rocky Mountains, thirty miles west of town. The soil is well adapted to the raising of all kinds of cereals. Adjacent to the townsite are numerous farms, upon which good crops of wheat, oats, etc are raised. Grazing lands are easy of access, and the prairie afford excellent grass for cattle, horses and sheep.

During Jan. Feb. and March the weather is usually cold. In April May and June frequent storms of rain and snow prepare the soil for dry weather in July and August. September and October are generally months of delightful weather, with the occasional exception of a rather disagreeable westerly wind. November and December bring us a variety of weather; some times it will be quite cold in the morning; but before sun sets a chinook wind changes the temperature to that degree of warmpth enjoyed by the southern countries.

Cardston is nearly 100 miles due west of Winnipeg, forty-eight miles south-west from Lethbridge, and twenty miles north of the international boundary or the 49th parallel. A semi-weekly stage plies between Cardston and Lethbridge our most convenient rail-way station.

Cardston has a bank, three stores, a meat market, blacksmith shop, tin shop, two livery stables, a hotel, a barber shop, a flour-mill, cheese factory, and a live weekly newspaper.—THE RECORD.

The following clipping from the Lethbridge News describes our climate most aptly:

"If there is one thing more than another that the people of this district are fond of, it is the wonderful climate. We venture to say that, taking it the year round, there is no finer climate in the world. It is not, of course, contended, that we have no bad weather, but altogether we have less bad weather and consequently more good than falls to the lot of most countries. The climate of this portion of the Northwest cannot be properly estimated by a stay of a week or so, or even of a whole season. It is only the man who has lived in the country for years who can really appreciate the weather which we enjoy. We have our storms, like other sections of the country, and a visit during one has frequently given people the impression that the climate is not all it is cracked up to be, and that, after all, our boasts of superiority are vain and empty.

In what way, then, is this climate superior to that in other portions of the Dominion? The difference is more marked during the winter months. In the summer, or from early spring, late into the fall, the weather is for the most part uniformly fine and salubrious. In the winter, when the most intense cold is followed by bright sunshiny weather, the thermometer up in the forties; when over coats are thrown to one side, and when the prairies are clear of snow as far as the eye can reach in every direction; then it is that what we claim for the climate is fully exemplified. The man who leaves Winnipeg with the thermometer forty below zero and comes west, finding the mercury higher every mile after he leaves Moose Jaw, and stepping out of the cars at Lethbridge into an atmosphere sixty above zero, can best realize the wonderful difference between the east and west. But mere generalization may not satisfy the eastern readers, and instances are numerous enough. We have pointed out that we have bad weather occasionally. It can also be very cold, and we can have an abundance of snow. As an illustration of our climate, at eight o'clock in the morning it may be very cold say forty below zero, with a foot or eighteen inches of snow on the ground. In two or three hours a wonderful change takes place. The thermometer shows in this short time a jump from forty below zero to fifty above. In twelve hours, if the chinook is a healthy, full-grown one, the ground will be perfectly bare of snow, not a vestige to be seen anywhere.

Greeting!

We appreciate the liberal patronage bestowed on us by our friends and customers during the past five years. We are now in a better position than ever to serve our patrons, as we carry a much larger stock, and buy closer than ever before.

We hope by fair dealing to hold our old customers and shall be pleased to show newcomers through our store and quote prices. Car of stoves and furniture now in, call and inspect.

Just received car of the celebrated Massy-Harris Machinery.

H. S. Allen & Co.

C. Edgar Snow, Banker,

Cardston, ... Alberta.

A general banking business transacted.

The People's Store!

Everything from a Needle to a Steam Engine,— a box of matches to a Sack of CARDSTON Flour,— or a Button to a Suit of Clothes—you can get.—

We also have the AGENCY for the

Mc Cormick Binders, Mowers, & Rakes.

Also the Famous TIGER HAY RAKES. Extras for MOWERS & BINDERS always on hand.

Agents,— J. I. CASE THRESHERS.

Special Inducements to Cash Customers.

Farmer's Produce Taken in Exchange.

Agents CARDSTON DAIRY. Finest Grade of CHEESE in the North-West Territories.

Go to the CARDSTON CO. Ltd.

TO ETHEL.

[Who wishes she had lived—
"In teacup times of hood and hoop
Or while the patch was worn."]

"In teacup times!" The style of dress
Would suit your beauty, I confess.
Belindylike the patch you'd wear.
I picture you with powdered hair.
You'd make a charming shepherdess!

And I no doubt could well express
Sir Plume's complete conceitedness,
Could poise a clouded cane with care
"In teacup times!"

The parts would fit precisely—yes,
We should achieve a huge success.
You should disdain and I despair
With quite the true Augustan air.
But * * * could I love you more or less
"In teacup times?"
—Austin Dobson in Blackwood's Magazine.

THE SHOPGIRL.

The small number of people aware of the existence of Miss Dorothy Maxwell were divided into two sections—there were those who considered her life most enviable, there were others who deemed it highly reprehensible. But as Dorothy herself was ignorant alike of envy or condemnation, she continued to live in the charming and admirably appointed Georgian house in Kensington and in a pleasant environment created by lavish but intelligent expenditure on the part of the Marquis of Bewdavon. For some years she had been mistress of Belper Lodge, yet her life was extremely dull. Lord Bewdavon was a busy man, both socially and politically, and a close friend of his father, the aged Duke of Strathwayte—a circumstance so singular that it was a constant source of comment among his contemporaries. Consequently at first he was frequently away from London for weeks together, either filling political or social engagements or staying with his father, who never left the country, and as Dorothy had no friends and no companions, save the faded widow of a military officer whom Bewdavon had engaged as her chaperon to accompany her to the play when he was otherwise engaged, the comfort and pleasure of her life were marred by its loneliness.

Dorothy had an overwhelming respect for Lord Bewdavon, but she did not love him. Bewdavon's devotion to politics—a devotion he had inherited from a long line of ancestors—gave Dorothy her opportunity, and during his many absences a string of masters occupied her days, hard study her solitary evenings. One day by the merest chance Bewdavon stumbled upon a pile of books dealing with abstruse questions, with history, philosophy and political economy, their margins covered with notes in Dorothy's neat handwriting, a handwriting that bore evidence of the class from which she had sprung.

"How this woman loves me," he said to himself, his eyes growing dim as he turned over volume after volume. At that moment Dorothy entered the room and, seeing the books strewed around him, hesitated. "I have never penetrated into your sanctum before," he said, pointing to the many evidences of her plodding. "I sincerely wish I had. Have you been wading through all these books to please me?"

Dorothy faltered. His immediate conclusion that she had been educating herself for his sole benefit filled her with a vague irritation.

"I—I wished to understand you better," she stammered.

"You have succeeded in making me understand you," he answered, kissing her reverently.

From that day they insensibly drifted into a close friendship, and often as Dorothy sat by Bewdavon, steadily helping him with his many researches and filled with admiration for his marvelous sympathy and broad outlook upon life, she would cry bitterly to herself: "Why cannot I love this man? Why cannot I love him?" And so the days passed, the woman endeavoring to stifle the impulses of her heart by severe study, the man glorying in her beauty and her intelligence, until the Duke of Strathwayte fell dangerously ill.

"This illness may last for months," said Bewdavon as he was leaving Belper Lodge, "and I cannot be away from him. Go abroad, Dorothy, with Mrs. Vane."

"How could I help you then?" she asked, a terror of strange places and peoples suddenly taking possession of her. "There is much I can do for you if I stay here."

"But it will do you good. You need a change," he protested.

"We will conpromise," she said, smiling. "I will go to Brighton"—

"And be thoroughly idle," he concluded, patting her cheek. "You have been working too hard."

At the end of a fortnight Dorothy returned, hurrying the meek Mrs. Vane protestingly from the delights of the hotel, the victim of a restlessness that left her no peace. Soon after her return to Belper lodge she was one afternoon idly scanning the pages of a magazine when her eye fell upon an illustration of the interior of a large draper's shop. She rose abruptly, filled with a sudden desire for her old life—to smell the aerial scent of new calico, to see the long line of flaring lights over each counter, to hear the ripping of cloth, the conversation of the tired shopgirls. Memories of her girlhood surged through her brain as she leaned against the mantelpiece and an incurable longing to see the great drapery establishment where she had worked took possession of her. She picked up the magazine, and then, with a muffled cry, threw it down and ran to her bedroom. The tea gown of diaphanous lace and silk was torn off, and a few moments later Dorothy slipped out of the house, a sad colored cloak and a thick veil shrouding her figure and face. Hailing a hansom, she was passing through the glitter of Piccadilly on her way to the Tottenham Court road before she realized that she had succumbed to a temptation she had successfully combated for months.

Dismissing the cab some distance below Messrs. Yardstick's mammoth premises, she walked slowly past the plate glass windows, filled with the cheapest rubbish that ever the British workingman and his wife were deluded into buying. Dorothy could have told the small crowd of wondering women gathered round the windows, commenting on the cheapness of various "bargains," many secrets had she been so minded, but her eyes were fixed on a large mirror in which she could see the reflection of the assistants serving behind the counter. She was now at the mercy of her emotions, and entering the shop took her place among a row of women who were waiting to be served by a pale, tired looking girl whose face was lined by overwork, late hours and bad food. Dorothy watched her swift scissors as they ran through the rolls of calico and the rapid movement of her hands with fascinated curiosity. She felt that she was watching herself—the self of years before. So engrossed was she that the familiar, "What can I do for you, miss?" found her with nothing to say. She looked round helplessly and then gave a trifling order while the girl was doing up the parcel she leaned forward, whispering:

"Have you forgotten me, Lizzie? I'm Dorothy Maxwell."

The parcel dropped from the girl's hands.

"I can't see through your veil," she said. "We thought you were dead."

Dorothy glanced hastily around the shop, where under the flaring gaslights she recognized many faces. She raised her hand to her veil, then hesitated.

"Where is John?" she asked.

"John is married," the girl said sullenly, "and has set up in business for himself."

Dorothy clutched at the counter, and for a moment the oppressive smell, the garish lights, the sound of coarse voices seemed to be one whirling mass that blinded her.

"He waited a long time," the girl went on in a vindictive undertone, "but he got tired and married last year. He used to say some nasty things about you, I can tell you, for going off as you did, with never a word, and you engaged to him too. What are you doing now?" she added, raising her voice. "Still stopping some girl or other from marrying the man she likes, as you stopped me from marrying John?" Dorothy shook her head helplessly and, throwing some coins down upon the counter, walked out of the shop.

Instinctively she turned toward the park, her mind filled with memories of the past, with its hard and ceaseless work, its privations and simple pleasures, and with the part John Gregory had played in that past. So her tender, helpful lover was married, she thought as she crouched on a seat under the dripping trees—married, and she was forgotten! And she had come to tell him that she had wearied of the luxury of the last four years, that she needed him to be happy and that if he would forgive and forget the wrong she had done him she would marry him as she had promised him in the old days.

John was married! She smiled bitterly to herself as she thought of her wild desire as she drove to the Tottenham Court road to tell him everything—of the accident in Oxford street that had first brought her under Lord Bewdavon's notice, of his constant kindness during her following illness, of the temptation to which she yielded because she was always tired and often hungry and of the four years at Belper Lodge—and now there was no need. Stunned and dizzy she rose to her feet, clearly seeing that she had no one now upon whom to rely to protect her from herself. Her castle of cards had fallen to the ground, the man upon whom she leaned—perhaps foolishly—to redeem the past had forgotten her, and the agony of her disappointment was supreme.

But the habits of four years are not to be shaken off in an hour, and the striking of the neighboring clocks reminded Dorothy that she must return to dinner; but as her cab bore her through the slippery streets the whirling wheels seemed to repeat, "As the tree falls so it shall lie." Dorothy shuddered, but still the words rang remorselessly through her brain, following her up the broad staircase at Belper Lodge and into the quiet of her own room.

Then she faced the situation. She was at least necessary to Lord Bewdavon, and he, to whom she owed so much, should not find her wanting. He loved her, and John had forgotten. Perhaps she deserved that he should forget. But when she was dressing for dinner the pathos of the situation came to her suddenly. "I shall be sentimental for once," she thought. "Tonight I shall wear mourning for my dead love. Tomorrow I shall forget."

The bright eyed French maid could not understand madame's inexplicable desire to wear the only black gown she possessed that night. A bright dress, the pink and white, would drive away madame's migraine, but Dorothy silenced her objections, and in silent protest the woman clothed her in the somber garb she had chosen.

Dorothy had reached the first landing on the way to the drawing room when she heard the hall door open and a "Yes, my lord," from the footman in reply to an eager question. The next moment Lord Bewdavon was beside her.

"Ah, you have seen the papers," he said, touching her dress. "I was too worried to telegraph. How thoughtful, how good of you, Dorothy," he went on softly. "You have worn this tonight because you knew how much I loved him." And his eyes filled with tears.

"Your father"— she stammered.

"He died last night. He would have loved you as much as I do had he known you, Dorothy. I shall never forget your sympathy." Again he touched the black dress, then kissed her as he had never kissed her before.

* * * * * * * *

One morning a fortnight later Lord Bewdavon, now Duke of Strathwayte, drove to Belper Lodge, leaving shortly afterward with Dorothy. When he returned, the servants addressed her as "Your grace."—Black and White.

An American at Court.

Formerly such divinity hedged kings and queens that treason was not along in fearing to peep at them. Americans in citizen's dress also were kept at a distance. In The North American Review Sir William Russell, LL.D., narrates an anecdote in this connection in which Secretary Seward had part:

Mr. Seward, who had been received with great respect in Russia, came to England and naturally desired to go to court. He was to be presented at the levee by the United States minister as a senator of the United States.

He drove off at the appointed time to the palace, but was stopped in the corridor by a gentleman in uniform, who said he could not pass because he was not "properly dressed."

Mr. Seward was in full evening dress, black dress coat, waistcoat and trousers and white cravat, but it would not do. The gentleman explained that he must have knee breeches, shoes and stockings—that was absolutely necessary. An idea struck Mr. Seward. There was a nice old man about his size, the porter of the hotel he was staying at, who sat in a box in the hall, and off he drove.

Immense success! The porter had a beautiful new pair of knee breeches and black silk stockings and low shoes. A few dollars for the loan was all that was needed. Mr. Seward was speedily equipped, drove back to the palace, where he was admitted, and finally had the pleasure of making his bow in the hotel porter's clothes to her majesty.

Now all that is changed, and American citizens attend European courts in plain evening dress.

Unexpected Good Luck.

"Albert, dear, while looking through some of your old clothes I made such a lucky find that I ordered a new dress on the strength of it."

"What was it, dear?"

"Half a dozen checks that had never even been written on."—Brooklyn Life.

DOMINION'S GROWTH.

INTERESTING FACTS ABOUT THE DOMINION.

Canada's Produce Increasing Rapidly—Her Income About $37,000,000 a Year—Other Interesting Facts.

The Dominion of Canada has just entered upon her fourth decade of Confederation. The "Mail and Empire" quotes the following statistics of the growth of the Dominion since Confederation, compiled by Mr. Frank Yeigh.

Canada's area is three and a half million square miles—one twelfth of the land area of the world. Over a million square miles are yet unexplored. Twenty-eight United Kingdoms and sixteen Germanys could be placed within its boundaries. Excluding Alaska, it is larger than the United States. It is nearly double Britain's Indian possessions, and larger than the Australian colonies. It is large enough to provide each member of its population with one and a quarter square miles.

Prince Edward Island is the baby province—2,000 square miles; British Columbia is the largest — 382,000 square miles, with a 7,000 mile coast line. Canada has a 13,000 mile coast line.

Canada has a waterway of 2,384 miles from the St. Lawrence to the head of Lake Superior—one of the longest continuous stretches of inland navigation in the wolrd.

Canada has a population of over five millions.

Canadians are a home-grown people. Four of the five millions (86 per cent.) are Canadian born; half a million (10 per cent.)—were born under the British flag; only 157,000 (3 per cent.) were foreign born.

Canada has 100,000 Indians—41,000 Protestants, 420,000 Roman Catholics, 17,000 pagan. Ten thousand Indian children are being educated in 285 schools, aided by the government with $300,000.

Nearly two million (41 per cent.) are Roman Catholics; 85,000 (17 per cent.) Presbyterians; 650,000 (13 per cent.) Church of England.

Canada has one and a quarter million square miles of forest. Her forest production per last census was eighty million, nearly 75 per cent. of British Columbia and 50 per cent. of Ontario is woodland.

CANADA'S PRODUCE.

Canada's agricultural exports have reached $50,000,000. Cheese alone amounted to nearly $15,000,000, supplying Great Britain with two-thirds of all the cheese she imports. Canada produced 60,000,000 bushels of wheat in 1897. She has the largest wheat field in the world—900 miles long, 300 miles wide. Acres of land under cultivation in Canada, 28,000,000. Canada produced about 15 bushels of wheat per acre in 1897. Forty-five per cent. of Canadians are engaged in agricultural pursuits. Agricultural exports in 1868, $20,000,000; in 1897, $50,000,000.

Canada's fisheries yield her $20,000,000 a year. They employ 70,000 men. The plant is worth $10,000,000. Nova Scotia comes first as a fishery province, New Brunswick second, British Columbia third.

Canada's mines produced $30,000,000 in 1897, viz: Gold, 1,900,000; silver, $3,332,000; copper, lead and nickel, about a million and a half each; coal $7,285,000 (4,000,000 tons.) Her coal bearing area is 100,000 square miles. Fifteen thousand miners all told are employed. British Columbia has produced $60,000,000 of gold in 40 years. Nova Scotia's 40 mines have produced $12,000,000.

Canada's Yukon gold fields includes an area of 125,000 square miles. The estimated yield for 1898 is from ten to twenty millions.

TRADE AND FINANCE.

Canada's total volume of trade has risen from $131,000,000 in 1867 to $257,000,000 in 1897. Of this latter sum, $111,000,000 was transacted with the United States, and $96,000,000 with Great Britain.

Canada's trade is rapidly increasing. The calendar year of 1897 showed an increase of $52,000,000 of both exports and imports.

Canada's income is about $37,000,000 a year.

Canada's public debt has increased from $75,000,000 in 1867 to nearly $260,000,000 in 1897, or $50 a head. Yearly interest on public debt $10,000,000. Taxation (customs and excise) $5.42 per head, as compared with $10.50 of the United Kingdom, and $14.72 of Australia.

Canada's railways: In 1868, 2,278 miles; in 1898, 16,000 miles—3,000 more than Australia. There are 141 railways and 81 controlling companies. Paid up capital, nearly a billion. Gross earnings $52,000,000; expenses $35,000,000; passenger traffic $16,000,000; freight traffic 25,000,000 tons.

Canada has spent over $200,000,000 on railways, contributed from the national exchequer, from provinces, and from municipalities.

The Canadian Pacific Railway is 6,314 miles, 1,400 longer than the great Siberian railway, as planned to cost 75 millions. Canada gave the Canadian Pacific Railway 63 millions.

The Grand Trunk Railway is 3,162 miles long; the government aggregate 1,388 miles.

Canada has 72 miles of canals, costing $83,798,000 for construction, enlargement and maintenance, or over a million a mile.

Canada had 425 lighthouses and light stations in 1867; it has 1,400 now.

Canada has 29,000 miles of telegraph line, more than either Italy, Spain or Turkey, and 69,000 of wire.

Canada has a militia force of nearly 40,000, including 700 Mounted Police in the Northwest.

Canada's post offices numbered 2,333 in 1867, and 9,191 in 1897. Letters and post cards carried in 1897, 155 millions; papers, packages, etc., 27 millions.

BANKS AND CAPITAL.

Canada has increased her post office savings banks to 755, in which 120,000 persons have on deposit 30 millions, and in government savings banks 18 millions or 48 millions in all—about $10 per head.

Canada's chartered banks hold 180 millions on deposit. Bank note circulation has risen from 9 millions in 1867 to 30 millions; bank capital aggregates 61 millions.

Canada's life assurance companies have 460 millions of insurance in force, divided among 31 life companies and 10 assessment companies; 25 millions are on deposit with the goverment for protection of policy holders.

Canada has 7,297 registered vessels, with a gross tonnage of 789,299 tons, valued at 25 millions.

Canada stands fourth among the maritime nations in tonnage of shipping owned and registered in the country.

Canada has a high-grade public school system. It has 17,000 schools, with a million pupils. It has 54 universities and colleges, with 11,000 students enrolled. Seventy per cent. of all the people of all ages read; 80 per cent. of all adults can write.

Canada is planning big things for the future; settlement of the great Northwest, development of the mineral and other resources, deepening of the canals, improvement of transportation inland and on the oceans, extension of trade with the Mother Country.

Canada took a step forward and upward in the Jubilee year. She is now the junior member in the well-known firm of John Bull & Co.

Canada has made great strides during her first 30 years of Confederation. Who is prophet enough to forecast the next 30 years of progress and prosperity.

Cheaper Telegraphing.

The new copper wire along the line of the Canadian Pacific railway, which has been in course of construction during the past three months, will very shortly be completed to the Pacific coast. This will afford increased telegraph facilities, and in view also of the early completion of the wires along the Crow's Nest railway into the Kootenay district, which will give the C. P. R. another route and greatly facilitate the handling of messages, the Canadian Pacific Railway company's telegraph announces a reduction of rates to take effect August 1st.

From Winnipeg and other Manitoba offices, and from Territorial offices as far west as Moose Jaw, to Rossland, Nelson, Robson, and all offices in the Kootenay district, the rate which has been for ten words, $1.15 day and $1 night, is reduced to $1 day and 75c night.

From Medicine Hat, Edmonton, Macleod, etc., the reduction is from $1.10 day or night.

From Calgary, Banff, etc., the rate which has been 90c night is reduced to 60c day and 40c night.

Another reduction which will also be greatly appreciated by patrons of the C. P. R. Co's. Telegraph, will be a single rate of 25c for ten words, from Manitoba offices to points on the Dauphin railway. At present the rate is 25c for each line, but as soon as a wire can be strung from Winnipeg to Portage la Prairie to connect the two systems the reduction will be made.

CANADA'S NEW GOVERNOR.

The Earl of Minto Will Be Aberdeen's Successor.

London, July 25.—The Earl of Minto will be Lord Aberdeen's successor as Governor-General of Canada, the appointment having been approved by the Queen.

Gilbert John Murray Kynynmond Elliott, fourth Earl of Minto, was born in 1845. In 1883 he married the daughter of Hon. Charles Grey. He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge, and soon after completing his course was appointed ensign of the Scots Guards in 1867. The Earl of Minto in 1877 served with the Turkish army, took part in the Afghan war of 1879, and in 1881 became private secretary to General Lord Roberts at the Cape. He went as a volunteer in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and from 1883 to 1885 as military secretary to the Marquis of Lansdowne, then governor-general of Canada. He was chief of the staff in the Northwest rebellion of 1885. He succeeded to the earldom in 1891. Previously his title was Viscount Melgund. He is a Liberal in politics. His estate comprises land to the extent of 16,000 acres.

Diseased Cattle.

Toronto, July 26.—On a farm near Brownsville, Elgin county, several cows died suddenly, and one being opened showed the lungs affected. Dr. Brady was sent for and for four days has been applying the test for tuberculosis. Of twenty-five cows, twenty-three are affected. The milk has been used in the family and sent to the factory daily.

Death of a Canadian Bank Manager.

New York, July 28.—John Black Harris, Jr., died of tubercolosis in Brooklyn today. He was the New York manager of the Merchants' National Bank of Canada, having been connected with the institution for many years. He was born in St. Johns', Nfld., forty-nine years ago.

DOMINION NEWS.

A 13-YEAR-OLD BOY DROWNED AT CARLTON PLACE.

Selkirk Man Strikes it Rich in Yukon—Galacians to Arrive—Farmer Found Dead—John Parr Convicted.

Another party of 115 Galacians will arrive from the east Monday.

Boyd Kihbie, a thirteen year old boy was drowned at Carlton Place while bathing.

John Parr, Mitchell, was convicted on Saturday of setting fire to his buildings early in June. Sentence was deferred.

Alex. Hume, of Caboconk, Ont., received word that his two sons, Walter and Joseph were killed at Santiago on July 1st.

The Dauphin Press reports a strike of very short duration among the men on the Dauphin railway extension last week. It was promptly settled.

In a fight at Toronto on Saturday night, Lemons, (colored) Niagara Falls, bested Jim Kilty of Toronto in four lively rounds, when it was stopped by the police. Lemons got the decision.

Rev. Father Morin passed through Winnipeg on Saturday with a party of French Canadians, who will locate in the Morainville colony, north of Edmonton.

The Western Canada Lumbermen's association will hold their annual excursion to Rat Portage next month. Manager Rossfil, of the Rainy River Navigation company, is making arrangements for the outing.

Hunter Young, of Selkirk,, who was the youngest member of the Winnipeg Klondike party, has struck it rich in Yukon and will reach Winnipeg in a few days. He disposed of his claim recently for the neat sum of $30,000. The fortunate young man is a son of Dr. Young, medical superintendent of the Selkirk asylum.

The steamer City of Alberton, heretofore plying on Rainy Lake, has been secured by the Rainy River Navigation company, and will be portaged at Fort Frances into the Rainy river, and will become a consort of the Keenora, to be used for towing barges, and to run on the river in low water. The Alberton will be a valuable addition to the Rainy River fleet.

The representatives of Newfoundland at the forthcoming joint commission, to meet at Quebec to adjust the questions at issue between the United States and Canada, will invite the Canadian commissioners to join in a request to the British government to insist upon stationing a British consul at St. Pierre, to prevent the excessive smuggling now carried on from that French colony to the coast of Canada and Newfoundland.

E. Suydal, a farmer of the Cypress district, was found dead on the shores of a small lake three miles from his home. From the fact that a bottle of carbolic acid was missing from the house, and traces of the liquid were found on the body, it is believed that the unfortunate man ended his life by its use, though no reason can be assigned for the deed. He leaves a wife and six children. Three of the children were in Winnipeg attending the exhibition when the sad event occurred.

AN INDIGNANT GERMAN.

Captain Lotze, of the Gretna, Fired on by a U. S. Cruiser.

St. Thomas, D.W.I., July 25.—Captain Lotze, of the German steamer Gretna, which arrived here yesterday and reported as having been fired upon three times off San Juan de Porto Rico, on Saturday night, by a United States warship, understood to be the United States cruiser New Orleans, was quoted in an interview today, as saying that the first solid shot fell within twenty yards of the ship. The steamer was immediately stopped, but her captain adds, two more shots were fired over the Gretnas bows from close range. Later, an officer from the New Orleans boarded the Gretna and asked if the ship was injured. Captain Lotze was highly indignant at being fired upon, as he considered his ship was outside the blockading zone. He says he saw nothing of the invading fleet.

A Gruesome Story.

Vancouver, July 26.—Several months ago ex-Mayor Cope of Vancouver, was drowned in Yukon. A hundred dollars reward was offered for finding the body. It is alleged that a different undertaker than the one to whom the body was consigned received and interred it. An investigation will be made for the following reasons: The body was not identified before burial the undertaker who claimed the body was wrongfully taken by another, is suing the responsible parties for $800; the insurance companies want the body identified as a large amount is at stake; the authorities want the remains identified before paying the $100 reward.

Cariboo Gold.

Vancouver, July 25. — Cariboo, which yielded its millions forty years ago, is still rich. There were $73,700 in gold brought down last week from Cariboo by stage to Ashcroft. Of this sum $62 500 was from the last washup at the Cariboo Hydraulic mine, and is several thousand dollars better than was anticipated. It is expected that much better results will be obtained at the next washup. The balance was from scattered propositions throughout Northern Cariboo. Great results are looked for when the Horse Fly makes its washup, as heavier nuggets than ever before have been discovered, and the belief is that the yield this year will in every way prove satisfactory.

GENERAL NEWS.

Monday, July 25.

Cibara, Cuba, was captured by the insurgents.

Canadians won several money prizes at Bisley.

Prospects of peace are reported to be greatly improved.

There is no news of General Miles' Porto Rican expedition.

The Manitoba cricketers won the international match at Omaha.

Lord Hopetoun or Lord Jersey is likely to succeed Lord Aberdeen.

Guantanamo and other Spanish garrisons have surrendered to Shafter.

A severe earthquake shock destroyed several houses at Toloahuane, Chili.

Troops and supplies are being embarked from U. S. ports for Porto Rico.

John Chambers, of Winnipeg, and his brother, Henry, were drowned in Shoal Lake.

Three hundred and thirty-six new cases of yellow fever have developed in General Shafter's camp.

Tuesday, July 26.

United States troops have landed near Ponce, Porto Rico.

Gold valued at $73,700 arrived at Vancouver from Cariboo.

Amherst, Nova Scotia, was almost totally destroyed by fire.

The election protest in Dufferin, Ontario, has been withdrawn.

It is reported in London that Spain will propose an armistice.

Nineteen Austrians survivors of La Bourgogne, were arrested at Havre.

An attempt to land U. S. troops at Bahia Handa, Porto Rico, was repulsed.

Sickness is increasing among the United States troops at San Francisco.

The Earl of Minto will succeed Lord Aberdeen as Governor-General of Canada.

The fast Atlantic line contract, with Petersen, Tate & Co., has been cancelled.

Wednesday, July 27.

Four persons were drowned near Vancouver.

The steamer D. L. Mather was burned at Rat Portage.

Hous, Chinese ambassador to Berlin, has been recalled.

Lord and Lady Aberdeen were at Vancouver on Tuesday.

The Austrians, arrested at Havre in connection with La Bourgogne disaster, have been discharged.

General Miles' expedition landed at Port Guanico, Porto Rico.

Douglas Pilgrim, aged 8 years, was drowned in the Red river.

Several buildings were struck by lightning and destroyed in Ontario.

Several cases of tuberculosis in cattle are reported from Elgin, Ontario.

Spain has made peace proposals to President McKinley, through the French ambassador, M. Cambon.

Thursday, July 28.

Hon. William Mulock will be knighted.

Evan MacColl, the Scottish-Canadian poet, is dead.

Hon. E. G. Foster expresses confidence in western mines.

A long service medal will be granted to Canadian volunteers.

Crops are slightly damaged by hail at Portage la Prairie.

New customs regulations are issued regarding sportsmens' outfits.

Spain will protest against the United States invasion at Porto Rico.

Lord Herschell, chairman of the Quebec conference, arrived at New York.

E. T. Hooley makes serious charges against British peers and newspaper editors.

Friday, July 29.

Prince Bismarck's condition is said to be slightly improved.

August 10th is mentioned as the date of the Quebec convention.

Manitoba last year's wheat crop exceeded 25,000,000 bushels.

The garrison and people of Guantanamo are dying of starvation.

Shafter's army will be returned to the United States as soon as possible.

M. Lockroy, French minister of marine, has ordered an inestigation of La Bourgogne disaster.

The United States government will probably answer Spain's peace proposals Friday or Saturday.

La Bourgogne Disaster.

Havre, France, July 26.—In accordance with the orders of the public prosecutor the six Austrian sailors of the wrecked French line steamer La Bourgogne, who were charged with cruelty and brutality to passengers at the time of the collision on July 4th, between the steamer and the British ship Cromartyshire, off Sable Island, Nova Scotia, resulting in the loss of over 500 lives through the sinking of La Bourgogne, were liberated today, and their prosecution was dropped owing to the lack of evidence. Two other sailors of the same steamer were named for rewards as a result of thier courageous conduct.

Allans May Get It.

London, July 27.—The Daily Mail learns that the Anglo-Canadian fast steamship line project is dead so far as Petersen of Newcastle on Tyne is concerned and it is probally that the Allans will now get the contract.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

A Destructive Electric Storm Passes Over Ontario.

Toronto, July 26.—During the electric storm which passed over portions of the province today several buildings were struck by lightning and some were totally destroyed. The following losses are reported:

Mr. Hill's barn on the Indian reservation at Tyandinaga was struck by lightning and destroyed by fire with its contents. It was insured.

Wm. Bell's barn, in Thurlow, burned with all its contents. The building was owned by Willet Fairmans. Bell's loss is $450, insured for $200 in the Waterloo Mutual. Fairmans loss will be about $500, insured for $300 in the same company.

Barns owned by Judson Pugh, one mile from Whitevale, were struck by lightning and totally destroyed with forty tons of hay, eleven loads of barley, 1,000 bushes of last year's grain, one wagon and smaller implements. The horses and other stock in the stables below were safely taken out. The total loss is estimated at $2,500, insured in the Maple Leaf company for $1,000.

NEARLY DISCOURAGED.

The Experience of Mr. Ralph Giberson, Who Suffered Greatly From General Debility.

From the Advertiser, Hartland, N. B.

Ralph Giberson, postmaster at Mon quart, Carleton Co., N. B., is also known as a prosperous agriculturist and an enthusiast in his line. Now stalwart and rugged, weighing 250 pounds, he scarce would be recognized as the man who six months ago was the picture of one suffering the terrible symptoms of general debility. He was run down in health, suffered much from dizziness, almost blindness, general dullness and depression of spirits. He had a poor appetite and such food as he ate gave him great distress. He was incapacitated for the work that fell upon him and was well nigh utterly discouraged. The symptoms bordered on to those by which hypochondria is manifested. Through reading the Adversiser he learned of the particular benefit that several of his friends in this vicinity had received by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and by the hope held out by their testimonials he secured a supply and took them according to directions. The result was almost magical; immediately the symptoms began to become less disagreeable, and he steadily gained until now he is perfectly free from his old troubles. He gladly and freely gives this testimonial, that all who may read it may know the remedy if ever they are troubled with general debility.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure by going to the root of the disease. They renew and build up the blood, and strengthen the nerves, thus driving disease from the system. The genuine can only be had in boxes, the wrapper around which bears the full trade mark—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People."

LA BOURGOGNE DISASTER.

Nineteen Austrian Sailors Arrested at Havre.

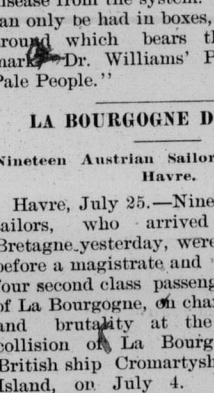
Havre, July 25.—Nineteen Austrian sailors, who arrived here by La Bretagne yesterday, were taken today before a magistrate and confronted by four second class passengers, survivors of La Bourgogne, on charges of cruelty and brutality at the time of the collision of La Bourgogue and the British ship Cromartyshire, off Sable Island, on July 4. Although the evidence offered against them was very slight, six of the accused were held on the remand. The others were discharged.

WEAK, NERVOUS WOMEN

Suffering from palpitation of the heart, dizzy or faint spells, watery blood, etc., can be readily cured.

A Manitoba Lady Tells About Her Case.

There is no need whatever for so many women to be the subject of faint spells, heart and nerve weakness, anaemia, or any of those health destroying ailments peculiar to her sex. Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills regulate the heart beat and make it strong and full, tone the nerves, enrich the blood, and relieve the pain and weakness from which so many women suffer.



Mrs. Alexander Setter, of Pigeon Bluff, Man., writes an account of her case as follows: "I have great pleasure in giving my experience of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. For about ten years I was troubled with throbbing and fluttering of the heart. I tried five doctors and several remedies but none of them did me much good. Lately I heard of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and bought two boxes. Before I started using them I could not do my house work and gave myself up to die, as I thought I would never be cured. Now I feel really splendid since taking the pills, do my work, enjoy my meals and feel as if there was something in life worth living for."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, sold by all druggists at 50c. a box or 3 boxes for $1.25. T. Milburn & Co., Toronto, Ont.

Laxa-Liver Pills cure Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation and Dyspepsia. Every Pill Perfect. Price 25c.

CANADA'S SILVER MINES.

The Dominion is Destined to be the World's Greatest Silver Producer.

Canada will some day be one of the greatest silver-producing countries in the world. The mineral wealth of British Columbia alone is sufficient to attract the attention of mining men from every quarter of the globe. And the half has not yet been told. When the mining industry becomes thoroughly active, and the great silver-producing mines of B. C. are opened up, Canada will, if her interests are properly guarded, have the opportunity of stepping out among the nations of the world as a nation among nations.

But Canada can never hope to be anything more than a heavily indebted dependency of England, until her people and her statesmen awaken to the fact that she was destined to be something greater, and take steps to remove the impediments that have for years blocked her progress.

The greatest of these is the principle that Canada must go abroad for her metallic money, and depend entirely upon the banks for her medium of exchange—a paper currency. Canada probably has the smallest amount of metallic money in circulation, and the greatest paper money inflation, of any country in the civilized world, with equal resources and liabilities. She is reported to have fourteen millions of gold, every dollar of which has the fiat of some foreign nation stamped upon. None of it is Canadian money; all of it has been borrowed. In addition to this gold, Canada has five millions of silver money. This is stamped with the fiat of the Canadian government, but every piece of it was coined in the mints of England, at enormous loss to Canada. The only medium answering for money that Canada has in circulation that is of home production are the promises to pay issued by the banks. There is upwards of fifty millions of this money in circulation, nearly three times the total amount of all her metallic money.

Paper currency, because lacking an intrinsic, metallic value, is not real money, but only represents such money. It is unimpeachable only in so far as it can be redeemed by real money. And yet it is upon this kind of money that all business in Canada is transacted. Canada is, and has always been, a rich producer of the money metals, gold and silver. Millions have gone from her mineral belts to enrich foreign countries, who have no other interest in Canada than to make to her annual loans of her own metals coined into money at the usual rate of interest. The logical position for Canada to assume is to reduce the amount of paper currency in circulation, in which there is no real value, and replace it with home minted metal money, that will go abroad and into the money marts, a money that would be respected in any land.

But Canada has no mint, it is argued, and could not support one. It is true, sadly true, that Canada has not a mint, but it is folly to say that this country, so vastly rich in gold and silver, could not keep up a mint. It is one of those colonial ideas that should be done away with like the excessive use of paper money. If Canada is ever to be anything more than what she is, she must push ahead and grasp the opportunity now presenting itself. She needs above everything else a mint.

MEN AND WOMEN REPAIRED.

A machine that is constantly and incessantly working needs repairs at certain intervals.

The human frame, worn by mental and physical toil and subjected to the worries and cares of our modern life, has need of repairs and building up. In the hot summer weather nervous energy is at a low ebb, and as a consequence, nervous debility, terrible headaches, dyspepsia and a run-down condition make life a burden for thousands.

Paine's Celery Compound is the great repairer and builder when weakness and sickness prevail. This great medicine has the power of rapidly repairing the tissues and purifying the blood. It bestows the proper nutriment to all the weakened tissues, bringing strength and true vigor, thus averting breakdown and collapse.

Thousands of lives are now fast wearing out that can be prolonged and made happy by the present use of Paine's Celery Compound. Its use today will save months of sickness, misery and suffering. Take no substitute; get only "Paine's" the kind that cures.

THE NAPANEE CASE.

Detectives' Case Complete - The Prisoners Ready for Trial.

Napanee, July 24.—The Pinkerton detectives engaged in the bank robbery case announced today that their work was completed and they were ready for the trial. Counsel for the prisoners, Ponton and MacKie, have all along claimed that they were prepared to face the charge against them and accordingly the case will probably go on as soon as the acting crown attorney returns with the witnesses subpoenaed. It will be necessary that the same officer should enquire into the sufficiency of the bonds for the release of Ponton and MacKie before bail could be granted. Ponton will have no difficulty in securing substantial security. This indicates the feeling in favor of Ponton. Yesterday the prisoners changed cells and a thorough examination was made by the officials to see that no attempt has been made at escape. Detectives are now trying to secure fresh evidence against Holden and Pare in the vicinity of Napanee.

Backache

THE BANE OF MANY A WOMAN'S LIFE.

A Berlin Lady Tells How to Get Rid of It.

Doan's Kidney Pills The Remedy.

Mrs. Eliza Reitz, 33 Wellington St., Berlin, Ont., says, "For ten years I have been afflicted with kidney and back trouble, suffering greatly from dizziness, nervousness, weak eyesight, loss of sleep, and appetite, and an almost constant tired, weak feeling. In February last I got a box of Doan's Kidney Pills and received so much benefit from them that I continued their use until I had taken three boxes in all, and was completely cured. They removed every vestige of pain, dizziness and nervousness, and enabled me to get restful sleep; so that from being a sick woman I am now strong and well again."

Doan's Kidney Pills are the best remedy in the world for Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Dropsy, Backache, Gravel, Sediment in the Urine, and all Kidney and Bladder Diseases. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents a box or 3 boxes for $1.25. The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

PETERSEN IS OUT.

The Fast Atlantic Line Contract Canceled and Their Deposit Forfeited.

London, July 25.—Montreal Star Cable—Peterson has been notified by the Canadian government that the fast Atlantic mail contract is considered at an end and the firm forfeits £10,000 deposit. Hon. R. R. Dobel says fresh tenders will not be called for just yet. New York firms, he thinks, are willing to contract for the same subsidy at Peterson, whose failure is considered due more to powerful opponents than the decreased amount of the subsidy. Mr. Dobell returns to Canada on Wednesday on the Parisian, when the matter will be discussed by the cabinet.

Mr. Peterson absolutely denies that he ever said, as was reported in the Toronto Telegram, that if the Hon. Mr. Fielding had been sent, instead of Mr. Dobel, the contract would have gone through.

THE THREE FAMED BLACKS

Of the world are Diamond Dye Fast Black for Wool, Diamond Dye Fast Black for Cotton and Mixed Goods, and Diamond Dye Fast Black for Silk and Feathers. The result that each of these Blacks produce are marvellous and pleasing. Your faded and dingy dresses, jackets, capes, coats, pants, vests, hose, etc., that are now so useless and repulsive looking, can be made like new garments with the Diamond Dye Blacks. Your faded, rusty and dead looking silks and feathers are made new creations by using Diamond Dye Fast Black for Silk and Feathers.

Do not be deceived by bulky packge dyes adulterted with grease and other foreign substances; insist upon your dealer giving you the Diamond Dyes, one packet of which will dye as much as three packets of any other make.

On the Trail.

Toronto, July 24.—High Constable Bissonnette, of Montreal, is in the city, registered under an assumed name. It is said he is here on business for Thibeaudeau Bros., who claim that in a recent assignment, goods valued at $10,000 were obtained from them under false pretenses. It is also said that another big robbery, by the same parties who robbed the Napanee bank, is being ferreted out, and that several important arrests are about to be made here.

DEAR SIRS.—Within the past year I know of three fatty tumors on the head having been removed by the application of MINARD'S LINIMENT without any surgical operation, and there is no indication of a return.

CAPT. W. A. PITT,
Clifton, N. B. Gondola Ferry.

Probably the two most awkward things in the world is a woman throwing a stone and a bachelor holding a baby.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

It doesn't matter to some men whether they ride in a carriage or a patrol wagon,

Dr. E. B. & J. S. Ibbotson, Surgeon Dentists, Montreal, write: "'Quick-cure' is a treasure, and does just what you say for it; when it is known, every household will have it. It is worth its weight in gold to parents, whose children suffer from toothache."

Every time a man looks in a mirror he imagines he can see a hero.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

Some men are long on energy, but short on the ability to utilize it.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diptheria.

Love that feeds on beauty alone is apt to die of starvation.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

No man is as perfect as he thinks his neighbor should be.

Laboring men have 312 working days a year in Hungary, 308 in the United States, 278 in England, and 260 in Russia.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

A BRAVE KLOOTCHMAN.

She Rescues a White Man From Drowning at Vancouver.

Vancouver, July 26.—There is a klootchman in Vancouver, who deserves the Royal Humane society's medal. This brave red woman saved the life of a drunken white man at the imminent risk of her own. She performed the brave act during the dark hours this morning. Screams attracted people to Stevenson's wharf at 1 a. m. They found one Indian woman standing near the edge, pointing in an excited manner to the water and at frequent intervals giving strange Indian cries. It was quickly perceived that another woman was down below standing on a log in the water, and holding on to something. She appeared very frightened and was calling for help. As quickly as possible men got down to her assistance. Tnen it was found she was holding up a man in danger of drowning and unable to help himself. With assistance he was taken from the water.

The klootchman, who undoubtedly saved the man's life, gave the following account of the affair: "One long skookum man, plenty drink, he fell into water, much splash. Him lot hair, whiskers white. Me got on stick, catch him hair, me yell. Hold him hair till man found." The men who came to her assistance said that the Indian woman acted in a very plucky manner and the man who was dead drunk must have been drowned but for her. She goes by the name of Mary, and lives at Cape Mudge, but at present occupies a tent on the shore.

"Blue Ribbon" Tea Baking Powder Coffee and Spices

You will find these goods reliable

E. P. Ty Ealth

A FEW THINGS

that should be found in every well regulated household

DREWRY'S

Choice Stock Ale Extra Porter
Canadian Pilsner Lager (A Fine Light Beer)
Golden Key Brand Aerated Water
Imperial Table Sauce, India Chutney } Choice Table Relishes

E. L. DREWRY

Manufacturer and Importer

WINNIPEG

W. N. U. 178

BUTTER

If you are a maker of good butter, and don't wish to part with it at existing low prices, ship to us for Cold Storage and Sale late in the fall, when values usually increase. We will make liberal advances in cash and endeavor to satisfy you in every way. Entire warehouse under a Perfect System of Refrigeration.

PRISONS PRODUCE CO

General Commission Merchants, and Cold Storage Warerooms, Winnepeg

ANTISEPTIC SPRUCE ... FIBREWARE

The perishable made imperishable.

The expense of packing transformed from an obstacle to a trifle.

These small pails of from 8 to 12 lbs. capacity, keep Butter, Lard, Mince Meat, etc., sweet and pure an indefinite length of time.

They resist corrosion and decay, and guard their contents from all contamination.

No danger of evil effects attending tinned goods.

Get samples and prices.

THE E. B. EDDY CO., LIMITED

TEES & PERSSE, WI...

MONSOON
INDO-CEYLON TEA

...Toronto.

BOVRIL, LIMITED

MANUFACTURERS OF

BOVRIL In Tins and Bottles

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF,

Dessicated and Dried Potatoes and other Vegetables.

SOUP NODULES

And other preparations of condensed food specially suited for prospectors, surveyors and explorers, and for

KLONDIKE OUTFITS

London, ENGLAND. and 27 St. Peter St., MONTREAL.

For the Bath, the Laundry or in the Sick Room

There's Nothing Equals

Richards' Pure Soap

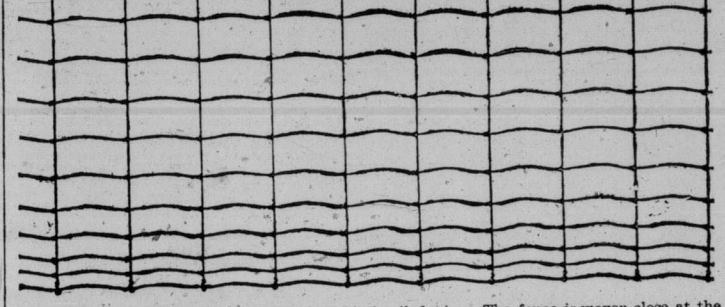
... IT'S THE BEST ...

Be sure you get RICHARDS'. Sold by all grocers, or write D. Richards, Woodstock, Ontario, giving your full address, and I will return you FREE an Illustrated Book.

BABY'S OWN SOAP

There are Many imitations, They all lack the remarkable qualities of the genuine.

THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO'Y.



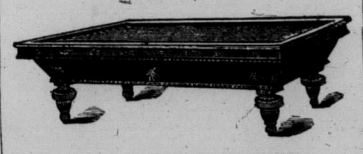
The Page Woven Wire Fencing is made of coiled wire. The fence is woven close at the bottom, and cross wires are put one foot apart. Fence similar to the above cut will turn all large and small stock, and will protect against wolves and dogs. Supplied at 65 cents per rod. For further particulars address

The Page Fence Co., Walkerville, Ont., or their Northwest Agent, David Ross, Box 553, Winnipeg.

Seven Years Trial of the Celebrated All-Wool Mica Roofing

Has established its value for durability above all other kinds of roofing in any climate. A home industry, encourage it. Beware of American paper felting, which the frost cracks. For samples and testimonials apply to

W. G. FONSECA, Sole Agent, 705 Main St., Winnipeg.



BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES, NEW AND SECOND-HAND. BOWLING ALLEYS AND SUPPLIES. Large catalogue free. THE REID BROS., 257 King West, Toronto.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR

BOECKH'S

BRUSHES and BROOMS.

For Sale by all Leading Houses.

CHAS. BOECKH & SONS, Manufacturers, TORONTO, ONT.

Sun Insurance Office.
Eastern Assurance Co.
Quebec Fire Insurance Company.
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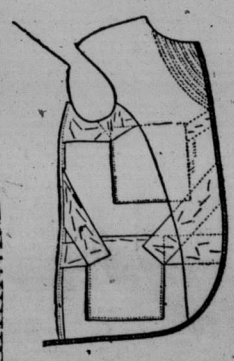
W. R. ALLAN, General Agent, Winnipeg.

The Beams and Rafters

are to a building just what the staying is to



Shorey's Ready-to-Wear Clothes.

The inside of one of Shorey's coats is here illustrated by a drawing made from a photograph. The great advantage of a coat properly stayed is that it keeps its shape until it is worn out, and does not look like an old garment after a few weeks wear. An ordinary ready-made garment may look well at first, but it is made to sell not to wear.

Shorey's make all have a guarantee card in the pocket.

CARDSTON RECORD.

An independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of Cardston and Canada.

Published Every Saturday at Cardston.

C. EDGAR SNOW, EDITOR.

Office Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

THE EDITOR does not assume responsibility for the views or statements expressed by any of THE RECORD'S contributors.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance.

Cardston, August 6, 1898.

In introducing THE RECORD, I feel much pleasure in tendering my best thanks to the business men of Cardston, and friends in general, for the interest they have taken in the establishment of a newspaper plant, and for the interest we feel they will take in promoting THE RECORD circulation.

To our interested friends, to our indifferent acquaintances and to our prospective acquaintances, we look for aid in securing subscribers for THE RECORD. In this we anticipate a hearty acquiescence. Without such assistance you will readily understand THE RECORD'S recording of events will be of short duration. But as we come not to destroy, but to build up; we hope not to be destroyed, but to be built up.

Wellington won the battle of Waterloo because he depended upon "precision, foresight, geometry, prudence, retreat assured, reserves economized, obstinate composure, imperturbable methods, strategy to profit by the ground, tactics to balance battalions, war directed watch in hand, ancient classic courage, absolute correctness, nothing left voluntarily to chance." THE RECORD by such precaution will win the battle of confidence of the public.

Napoleon lost the battle by taking chances. Said he to Ney, on the morning of Waterloo—"We have ninety chances in a hundred," but the one chance in ten of failure was just the one that fell to his lot.

The New York World, in attacting the American Administration, suprises many. Its claim that President Mc Kinley is prolonging the present war purly for political advantages to be gained in the fall election is, we think, an improper stand to take.

We Canadians, as a rule, sympathize with the United States in its war with Spain; but we do not fail to notice some very commendable acts in the part of the latter country. Spain has many a brave, honorable and chivalrous gentleman fighting for, we fear, a doomed nation. Our hope is that Spain will sue for peace before she not only loses her colonies but her place in the galaxy.

Anthony Hope's "Rupert of Hentzau," which is a sequel to "The Prisoner of Zenda" all avowls to the contrary notwithstanding is indeed well-worth perusal. Mr Hope has a nice way of telling a story, which is all his own. We predict a very large sale of "Rupert."

He is a happy man that hath a friend in his need; but he is more truly happy that hath no need of his friends.

Exercise the mind with contemplation and the body with action, and so preserve the health of both said Confucius.

If people, in their purchase of Nephi Anderson's book, exemplify the example he set in his subscription (?) to a fellow- townsman's literary production, he will dispose of about a dozen copies of his "effort." We donot predict an extensive sale of Mr. Andersons book.

We acknowledge our indebtedness to the Brigham City (Utah.) BUGLER for some typographical ideas contained in this issue of THE RECORD. THE BUGLER is a good paper. Our most cordial hand grasp is stretched out to you, Mansfield L.

ETHEL.

—ed—
...ood and hoop
...s worn."]

While the girl w... up the parcel ... leaned forward, whispering:
"Have you forgotten me, Lizzie? I ... Dorothy Maxwell."
The parcel dropped from the girl's hand.
"I can't see through your veil,"
"We thought you were dead."
... glanced hastily aroun...

Read THE RECORD.

CARDSTON RECORD.

Many strangers are seen on our streets these days.

Real estate on Main street has doubled in value since 1896.

Kearl & Sharp, liverymen, have had their buildings painted.

The Cardston Co. Ltd. are erecting a barn in the rear of their store.

C. E. Snow has sold his place south of Lee's Creek to N.W. Wardle.

Prof. Hinkley and wife, of Utah recently arrived in Cardston.

Mrs. Sarah Daines is having a neat fence built around her lot on a Main street.

Dr. H. W. Brant has rented part of Mrs. Rhoda Hinmon's house.

Prospects for a bountiful harvest are eminently satisfactory to the farmers in this district.

Cattlemen should have cuts of their brands displayed in the advertising columns of THE RECORD.

The blacksmith shop has changed hands. H. R. Sloan & Co. having sold out to Lundbery & Nilson.

At least three hundred emigrants have located in Cardston and vicinity this Spring. And still they come.

Kearl & Sharp purpose erecting a commodious hotel in the near future.

Wm. Wood, the butcher, has built a fine refrigerator and otherwise improved his meat market.

President C. O. Card has gone to Utah. He will be away for several weeks.

Go to the Book Store (Snow Block) for your Stationery Confectionery, Ice Cream &c. &c.

What about the purposed amusement hall? Has the project fallen through? Such a building would be a credit to Cardston.

If there is a quarantine law here, it should be enforced; if there is no such law, there should be one.

H. S. Allen & Co., recently converted their dancing hall into a commodious clothing and furniture department. The change is a good one.

Kearl & Sharp have erected a small building, north of their livery stable, which will be used as a barber shop.

C. E. Snow's new bank building is now occupied by the owner. Wolsey & Beck, the contractors, and Samuel Cox, the painter and paper hanger, deserve all commendation for their excellent work on and in the Bank, which is a credit to Cardston. Mr. Snow will extend a cordial welcome to all callers.

THE RECORD'S Job Department has been kept very busy ever since its Gordon press was put in. Everything printed by the job department is guaranteed to give atisfaction. Get your wedding-cards, envelopes, letter-heads, &c. &c. printed at the CARDSTON-RECORD JOB PRINTING DEPARTMENT.

The following comment is taken from the Mirror, Winnipeg:

Among the spanking new outfits furnished by the Northwestern Branch of the Tronto Type Foundry Company Limited during the past month, may be mentioned the following:

C. E. Snow, Cardston N. W. T. a job and news plant, complete in all its parts. Mr. Snow will print a six-column folio at the rapidly growing town of Cardston on the Crow's Nest line.

Among the many advantages in Cardston is the large, commodious barn erected this last winter by messers Carl and Sharp, for the the especial purpose of accomodating travelers; but a general livery business is done there.

The building is two stories high, the uper part being used for a ball room. It is nicely finished and furnished and capacious enough to accommodate about a hundred and forty couples.

Cardston is only eleven years old. In those eleven years rapid strides have been made toward solidifying a foundation for a city of thousands of inhabitants. That some time in the not distant future she will count her denizens with four figures few will deny.

New potatoes are now plentiful.

People are busy putting up hay.

The Brick-Maker made no bricks.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Woolf were in town Sunday.

Sidney Pratt went into Lethbridge last Monday.

C. McCarty come in from his ranch, Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ammon Mercer looked over our printing office, Monday.

The grain looks fine and our farmers smile in consequence.

On the hills west of town is any amount of wild strawberries.

J. W. Woolf returned home from the Crow's Nest Pass a few days ago.

Ray Kimball and O. A. Leager paid us a pleasant visit a few days ago.

Bring us $2.00 and have your name enrolled on our list of subscribers.

A crate of watermelons arrived in Cardston from California the other day. They sold like "hot cakes."

If you know of any interesting happenings, giv'em to us. We are always hungry for news.

Monday morning, Mrs. Hastus Olson prsented her husband with a big boy. All doing nicely.

H. R. Sloan has purchased J. Kearl's ranch. Mr. Sloan will move his family out in a few days.

Mrs. Sarah Daines has been visiting for a few days with her son A. E. Bates and daughter Mrs. Lojla Woolf, at Woolfville.

There is crowded out of this issue considerable matter which will be published next week.

J. P. Jordan and family arrived in Cardston from Utah, last week. With Mr. Jordan came J.S. Garner and E. A. Law accompanied by their families.

Get a copy of the first number of THE RECORD and keep it. In years to come it will be a nice thing to show your friends. You can get a copy for 5 cts. at the Printing Office or at the Book Store.

The wife of John Dowell presented him with a boy, Monday last. All well.

If you want stoves or furniture go to H.S. Allen. Received car load in recently.

F.S. Allen, of Hyrum, Utah, left Cardston for that state, Tuesday.

This, the first number of THE RECORD, will have between 5,000 and 10,000 readers.

Just received at H. S. Allen & Co's shipment Ames Holden's celebrated Boots and Shoes. Best in Canada.

Dr. Karl G. Maeser, of Utah, is expected to be in attendance at the Sunday School Conference Aug. 6 th and 7 th.

Mrs. Sally Hyde, who has been visiting her children here, left for Hyde Park, Utah, Tuesday.

EPIDEMIC OF MEASLES.

There are many children afflicted with measles, and no wonder. A quarntine law is needed badly. Any disease of an epidemic nature once started in Cardston is sure to spread as there is no repression whatever placed upon those persons having a contagious disease, or the relatives and friends of those afflicted. Our attention has been called to many cases recently of persons convalescent of measles mixing promiscuously with the unsuspicious, thereby exposing others to almost certain disease. Certainly, when a child has the measles, all residing in the home cannot conveniently remain indoors until the unfortunate one has recovered: the relatives can, however, confine their intercourse outside the family circle to a very limited number, in this way reducing the danger of epidemical expansion to a minium.

Here is what Peter Cooper, who died worth many millions, said of a newspaper: "In all the towns where a newspaper is published every man should advertise in it, if nothing more than a card, stating his name and the business he is in. It does not only pay the advertiser, but it lets the people at a distance know the town in which you reside is a prosperous community of business men."

.... A Few Remarks. ....

This newspaper will not support the business people that do not support it.

* * *

The publishers of THE RECORD solicit the co-operation of those of influence in Cardston, Etna, Leavitt and Mountain View in securing subscribers.

* * *

He: Did you ask your father if you could honor me by accepting my name?

She: Yes; and he's gone to the bank to see if they'd honor your name there.

* * *

Would it not be a good thing to incorporate Cardston? I know who would make a good mayor.

* * *

The boys of Cardston are slow, very, very slow. The girls here go about in couples, trios, quartettes, sixtettes and other "tettes". Boys, go take the girls for walks, rides and evening strolls.

* * *

Street-Supervisor J. A. Hammer has greatly improved Main street by hauling gravel thereon. Let the good work go on.

* * *

In subsequent numbers of THE RECORD will be published occasional letters from Mormon missionaries who are laboring in Manitoba.

* * *

Mrs Old Wed: Tom, you used to say before we were married that you could die listening to the sound of my voice.

Mr. Old Wed: Well, Sarah, it begins to look as if I'll have to do it, unless you go first.

* * *

Our compositors, Miss Rose Thomas and Miss Lileth Nelson are doing quite well, thank you.

* * *

A FEW THINGS NEEDED.

Cardstonions are in much need of the following:

A railroad.

A roller-mill.

A lumber yard.

A post-office independent of a trade appendage.

A Chamber of Commerce or Board of Trade.

Keen competition in merchantile industries. Prices for commodities are too high.

A disposition on the part of the few who own desirable business property to dispose of their holdings to enterprising citizens.

And many other things we will mention from time to time.

MUSICALE.

A private musical was given the other evening by Mr. and Mrs. Robert Ibey, at their home, the company being composed of some of Cardston's elite; this faction of THE RECORD'S editorial staff, miraculously, being among the number. Mrs. Cottingham of Lethbridge, guest of Mrs. C. O. Card, an expert pianist was present. Her performing was something grand and fully appeased the appetites of the music-hungry guests.

There were present Mrs. C. O. Card, Mrs. Sterling Wiliams, Dr. and Mrs. Brant, Mr. and Mrs. Wolsey, Mrs. Hinkley, Miss Nellie Leishman, Miss Rose Thomas, Miss Hattie Carter, Corp. Bolderson and Mr. Edward Leavitt.

A number of vocal selections were very beautifully rendered by Miss Thomas, Mr. Wolsey and Corp. Bolderson. When the company went home each expressed sincerest thanks to their genial host and hostest for the "lovely time" they had.

We trust Mrs. Cottingham will visit us again soon.

SUBSCRIBE NOW!

C. E. SNOW,

Dealer in

Stationery, Confectionery, Tobaccos, etc., etc.

Latest Magazines and Periodicals.

Canadain Headquarters for Mormon Publications.

Agency for every Magazine and Newspaper Published in the World.

Meat Market.

The undersigned wishes to inform the inhabitants of Cardston and surrouding settlements that his meat market is in full blast and meat is kept on hand constantly. I pay spot cash for beef.

Wm. Wood.

HOTEL DE WOOLF.

Rates, $1.50 per Day.

Livery & Feed Stable.

CARDSTON, ALTA.

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.

All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.

Cardston, ... Alberta.

Samuel Cox,

Contractor & Builder.

Sign, General Painting, & Paper Hanging.

Orders can be left at Record Office.

CARDSTON, . . . ALBERTA.

C. O. CARD,

SUB AGENT

for

DOMINION LANDS,

ALSO AGENT FOR

RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY

. . . AND . . .

PRIVATE LANDS.

Office Hours: 9 to 4.

Lundbery & Nielson,

General Blacksmiths.

Horse Shoeing a Specialty.

Cardston, ... Alta.

Gay & Wight,

Contractors & Builders.

Estimates given on all kinds of work free. We have expert workmen that we send out in the country to do work at short notice.

Don't forget our black smith and wagon shop. We have the best material money can buy, and we guarantee our workmanship. Only shop in town where you can get 1 Steel Buggie tires.

Machinery Repaired and Refitted.

Thanking the public for their past patronage and asking the continuation of the same.

Yours respectifully,

Gay & Wight.

LETHBRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.

Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7:30 o'clock, a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $3.00; Round trip, $5.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.

C. M. McCARTY, Prop.

Corp. Bolderson went to Boundery Creek on Monday and arrested Richard Vaduais on the charge of having whipped his wife, she making out the complaint.

Vadnais is said to have been guilty of this unmanly act a number of times in the past. Those who know him say he possesses a violent temper and when in a fit of anger cannot control himself. If this is the case he should be looked after and kept where he will have no power to practice pugilism on the weaker sex.

He was bound over in the sum of $1,000 some three months ago, to keep the peace for one year, and if the court should find him guilty of this last charge it will evidently go pretty hard with him.

An exchange says: When flies become troublesome in a house or room they can be expelled by a very simple mixture. A half teaspoon full of black pepper finely ground should be mixed with double the quanity of brown sugar, and the compound to be moistened with cream. The flies will generally eat greedily of this mixture if placed where they can easily reach it, but it will be their last meal, for the least taste of it is to a fly rank poison.

City papers are the only ones to keep you posted on the general news of the world, including the war between the United States and Spain, but if you want to get the local news you will have to read THE RECORD.

SUBSCRIBE NOW!

...s that had ...
—Brooklyn L...

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 13, 1898. NO. 2.

TO WINNIPEG WITH PRES. WILLIAMS.

Visits the Exposition Grounds and Sees the Sights.

About 6 a. m., July 13th., we left the residence of President C. O. Card in company with Mrs. Card and Mrs. Williams with whom we traveled to Lethbridge, arriving there 6:30 p. m., having halted at the ranch of Mr. McCarty where we rested three hours and were hospitably treated to a delicious lunch.

At ten o'clock p. m. we boarded the C. P. R. east bound and after two nights and one day had brought about their varied experiences we arrived at Winnipeg July the 15th. 1:30 a. m.

The Seland Hotel had been designated as our stopping place; but on enquiry it was found to be impossible to get rooms except in an annex building about one half block from the hotel. Accordingly our first night was spent in a small room in the above mentioned quarters, in which were six other beds similar to the one we occupied, which consisted of a spring mattress on the floor, two sheets, two pillows, and a comforter. Price per bed, one dollar.

After breakfast we went to Stobart Sons & Co., where in conversation with Mr. Minery we learned that Bros. May and Merkley were in the city. Our next great concern was, how can we find the boys? Just however, as we were about to take up a house to house canvass in search of them, what should appear before the door but the shadow of a missionarie's coat closely followed by Brother Merkley with whom we had a hearty shake and then went to the boys room where we found Brother May writing his last months daily journal. This meeting was considered by all to be at least very opportune for we now felt at home.

At ten o'clock we went to Fort Garry Park and witnessed a game of base ball between the Winnipeg and Victorian teams. The game was rather dull being from the first greatly in favor of the Victorians. After having taken dinner at the hotel we repaired to the Winnipeg Industrial Exibition. There we saw a fine display of horses, cattle, sheep, hogs and four buffalo, with the array of wagons, buggies, farm impliments and machinery in general; also the main building which was occupied chiefly by the Winnipeg business houses. The races were reported to be the best that had ever been in Winnipeg. The trotting time of the Winnipeg track being from 2:20 to 2:18¼. Not wishing to return to the city until after the evening exercises we obtained lunch at a counter and took seats in the Grand Stand.

From here we viewed the parade of the prize winners consisting of horses, cattle, sheep, etc., accompanied by three bands and led by the mayor of the city. Then followed trapeze performers, music by the bands, roller skating exhibit and dancing specialties, closing with a grand pyrotechnic display. Beautiful designs and mottoes were shown on every side and when the "good night" there was one grand rush for the train. Being rather good on foot and expert at jumping fences we managed to reach the first train and return to the city. Brothers May and Merkly repaired to their own quarters, while, as before explained, Brother Williams and myself went for our "sweat bath" in the annex.

Sarturday morning found us again with the elders taking in the town; first from the tower of the City Hall and afterwards by personal visits to the most important places, including the Government Buildings and Grounds, the bridges crossing the Red and Assinaboine rivers, and the principle business houses of the city. In the evening we attended the Theatre after which Brothers May and Merkley had only ten minutes to reach the train on which they were to leave the city. This necessitated a brisk run which was freely indulged in and the station reached just on time. But the train,—where was it?" We looked but in vain. Being a special it had been taken off the night before.

Accordinly, the pleasant associations were continued until Monday after-noon when the Brothern left.

Sunday was set apart by the company as fast day and during the day the Methodist Grace church and St. Mary's churches were visited.

Monday and Tuesday were spent with the business houses and at 7:30 p. m. Tuesday, we took the train for Regina, where we met several of the Head men of the N. W. G. and were in every instance well received and treated. Among others with whom we came in contact was Mr. Wilson who has been defending the cause of the Mormons in a debating society in that city. The hours spent with him were certainly very instructive as well as interesting. He is a well read, broad minded man and a true searcher after and defender of the truth where ever it may be found. Two of our evenings were spent with Mr. Wilson conversing on the principles of the gospel and the practices of the Latter-Day Saints.

Sunday morning I left Brother Williams at Regina, where he expected to stay until after July the 29th. in order that he might attend a debate of the previously mentioned society. The question for this debate is: Resolved: That the Alberta Stake of Zion should have been incorperated: with Mr. Wilson as champion for the question we are sure of its success and that it will be a good thing for our community and the cause of truth in general.

H.

AN EXCITING RUN-AWAY.

There was a stirring run-away Friday. Rev. G. Hamilton stopped to water his horses at Lee's Creek; while drinking the lines became entangled in such a manner as to render them useless. The horses started off at a lively gate. Having no means of stopping them, Mr. Hamilton and his companion jumped from the buggy; the horses turned and came tearing up Main street; when opposite Geo. L. Ferril's place they collided with a telephone pole at a tremendous speed, demolishing the buggy and causing one of the horses to turn several somersaults in rapid succession. Strange to say the horses were not hurt; the damage being entirely confined to the buggy and harnesses. Mr. Hamilton and his companion are to be congratulated on their lucky escape from what might have proven a very serious run-away.

THE CANAL.

Preliminary Survey is Now in Progress.

A great deal of interest is taken by all in the canal project which is fully under way. Preliminary survey will be completed this week, and between the 15th. and 20th. actual labor will commence. By the time this number reaches our readers cross-section survey as far as Spring Coulee will be finished.

The Alberta Irrigation Co. will have many thousand acres of excellent land under this canal. Next Spring immigrants will begin pouring in to find and make homes along the canal. We believe that in year from now five hundred families will have located under this irrigation ditch. That the scheme has so far resulted in good for Southern Alberta, none will deny; in so much as it has been a potent factor in attracting scores of immigrants, many of whom never would have settled in this district. We bespeak success for the Alberta Irrigation Co's., commendable enterprise.

There has been more than a hundred homestead entries made at the Cardston land office this summer. Thus our portion of the great Canadian North-West is being built up by the sturdy farmer. Land that a few years ago was only used for grazing purposes is now being rapidly converted into prosperous farms and ranches. Hundreds of miles of fence has been erected; hundreds of houses have been built and thousands of head of cattle and horses now subsist upon grass, the self-same roots of which not many years ago supplied sustenance for the buffalo.

THE RCORD.

$2.00

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONFERENCE.

A large Attendance and good Instruteions Given.

The Sunday School Conference of the Alberta Stake of Zion convened in the Meeting House, Saturday and Sunday Aug. 6th. and 7th. Stake Supt. H. S. Allen presided. On the stand were Dr. K. G. Maeser, of Utah. Pres. J. A. Woolf, Pariarch H. L. Hinman and Bishop J. A. Hammer.

Saturday services, in brief, were as follows:

FORENOON.

Singing. Prayer by Pres. J. A. Woolf. Singing.

Supt. H. S. Allen was the first speaker. Was pleased to see so many present. Outlined the contemplated exercises.

Cardston primary class rendered an exercise.

Mountain View Sunday School reported by Supt. James Parker. Leavitt S. S. by Francis Broadbent.

Dr. K. G. Maeser was the next speaker. Gave some valuable instructions to S. S. teachers. Asked the boys to take an active part. Should train the children to be punctual. Children should come to school with their Hymn Book in their hand. Asked God's blessing on all.

Singing. Benediction by D. W. Rollins.

AFTERNOON

Singing. Prayer by Elder Jas. Quinton. Singing. Exercise by Leavitt Sunday School.

Etna S. S. reported by Supt. C. Jensen.

Cardston S. S. reported by F. A. Supt. Levi Harker.

Dr. Maeser then addressed the congregation. Spoke encouraging words to teachers. Told them to take notes. Said he took down all that was done in this conference.

Said each ward should have a choir. It is the Supt's. business to lay out the plan for three months.

Conference adjourned till ten o'clock, Sunday. Singing. Benediction by Seth Thomas.

SUNDAY MORNING.

Singing. Prayer by J. P. Low. Singing.

Supt. H. S. Allen reported the S. S. Are 442 members. Said he visited the different schools once in three months. Hoped all would put down Dr. Maeser's remarks.

Exercise by Cardston S. S.

Dr. Maeser was the next speaker. Said the Union Board desired an exercise in every S. S. each Sunday. Had all the school repeat the Articles of Faith.

Supt. James Parker, of Mountain View, spoke briefly.

Dr. Maeser again arose, saying there were some questions for him to answer. After answering them, six in all, he gave an example of testimony bearing. Told the teachers to bear their testimony before the children. Asked the Supt. to see that the charts were always in good condition. Said the children should show respect for the authorities. Asked God to bless all.

Singing. Benediction by Elder Edward Leavitt.

AFTERNOON:

Singing. Prayer by Patriarch H. L. Hinman. Singing.

Dr. Maeser made a few opening remarks, regarding the administering of the sacrament. Told how it should be done.

Bishop J. A. Hammer attended to the blessing of some children.

The names of the general and local authorities of the S. S. of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints were presented and unanimously sustained.

F. Atkins and Wm. Steed spoke briefly.

President J. A. Woolf was pleasd with the manner in which the Conference had been conducted. Said all could see that Dr. Maeser had the spirit of his calling. Hoped we would progress as rapinly as those in other places. Did not see any reason why we should not be just as far advanced as any school.

Dr. Maeser had been given some more questions to answer. After treating each one in a very comprehensive manner, he spoke about teachers visiting other departments. Said he had never visited a S. S. without gaining some knowledge. Said the Alberta Stake S. S. were up to the average. Asked God to bless all of the people in this stake.

Supt. H. S. Allen said Conference would close by singing on page 136.

Benediction by Bishop J. A. Hammer.

BRIEF RESUME = of = CANADIAN HISTORY

From 1497 to 1898.

Very Short and to the Point.

FAMILIARIZE YOURSELF WITH ALL THAT APPEARS IN THIS COLUMN EACH WEEK.

Having lived in this district more than three years, we are acquainted with the majority of inhabitants, and to a greater or less degree, have a knowledge respecting their uninformed condition as to the laws and history of Canada. We, therefore, purpose publishing, serially, in a portion of this column, each week, a Short History of Canada from 1497 to 1898, together with Statistical Items of general interest.

FORM OF GOVERNMENT.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES, divided into districts, viz.: Alberta, Assiniboia, Athabasca, Saskatchewan, with representative but not responsible government. In addition to these partially settled and organized districts, the following divisions have also been made in the unsettled region; Franklin, Keewatin, Mackenzie, Ungava, and Yukon. The total population of the N. W. T. is now about 120,000 souls; area, 2,497,227 square miles.

EXECUTIVE POWER. A lieutenant-governor, appointed for five years by the governor-general of Canada in council, and assisted by a small executive council. The system is now practically responsible government as in the old provinces.

LEGISLATIVE POWER AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT. An assembly of 26 members chosen by ballot on a very liberal franchise based on residence and household qualification, Indians being excluded. It elects its own speaker, has a duration of four years, unless sooner dissolved, and meets once a year. Members do not require a property qualification, but are paid a small indemnity. The legislative powers are defined by a dominion act and are, as nearly as practicable, those of provincial assemblies. Municipal institutions have been established in towns and rural districts, in imitation of the Ontario system.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

G. Hamilton, Pastor.

Divine service at Cardston every Sabbath at 8 p. m.

At Mountain View and St. Marys every two weeks.

Subjects announced in advance every week.

All are welcome.

G. Hamilton.

Divine Services at Lindquest's, Boundry Creek, 11 a. m. and at St Mary's in the Church, 3.30 p. m. next Sabbath.

Subject: "Proving all things." 1 Thess. 5. 4.

The RECORD & Montreal Family Herald & Weekly Star, one year for $2.75.

Subscribe now.

THE RECORD'S Job Department has been kept very busy ever since its Gordon press was put in. Everything printed by the job department is guaranteed to give atisfaction. Get your wedding-cards, enveloqes, letter-heads, &c, &c, printed at the CARDSTON-RECORD JOB PRINTING DEPARTMENT.

Greeting!

We appreciate the liberal patronage bestowed on us by our friends and customers during the past few years. We are now in a better position than ever to serve our patrons, as we carry a much larger stock, and buy closer than ever before.

We hope by fair dealing to hold our old customers and shall be pleased to show newcomers through our store and quote prices. Car of stoves and furniture now in, call and inspect.

Just received car of the celebrated Massy-Harris Machinery.

H. S. Allen & Co.

C. Edgar Snow, Banker,

Cardston, ... Alberta.

A general banking business transacted.

The People's Store.

Everything from a Needle to a Steam Engine,— a box of matches to a Sack of CARDSTON Flour,— or a Butt to a Suit of Clothes—you can get.

We also have the AGENCY for the

Mc Cormick Binders, Mowers, & Rakes.

Also the Famous TIGER HAY RAKES. Extras for MOWERS & BINDERS always on hand.

Agents,— J. I. CASE THRESHERS.

Special Inducements to Cash Customers.

Farmer's Produce Taken in Exchange.

Agents CARDSTON DAIRY. Finest Grade of CHEESE in the North-West Territories.

Go to the CARDSTON CO. Ltd.

NEW ELEVATORS.

Grain Storage Facilities of the Country to Be Largely Increased.

Winnipeg, Aug. 4.—From all indications 1898 will be the banner elevator building year in the history of the Northwest. There is not an elevator company in the city that will not add to its storage facilities along every branch line in the province. Prominent among the new elevators will be those erected by the Northern Elevator company. Already ten are under construction at the following points: Oak River, Varcoe, Petty piece, Cypress River, La Salle, Starbuck, Elm Creek, Somerset, Swan Lake, and Union Point. Each of these will have a capacity of 30,000 bushels, and a few others will be erected later on in the season. When those mentioned are completed the Northern Elevator Co. will have 102 elevators in the province and Territories. Besides the five to be built for the Lake of the Woods Co., Mr. E. J. O'Reilly has about completed an elevator for the Richardson Grain Co. of Kingston, at Sydney, to replace the one destroyed last winter. The Manitoba Grain Co. will also erect a number, and it is understood the Dominion Elevator Co. will add to their storage capacity. Bready Love & Tyron will spend about $5,0000 in erecting elevators at thirteen or fourteen provincial and Territorial points.

Canada's Revenue.

Ottawa, Aug. 3.—The recent announcement that the trade of Canada had, during the fiscal year of 1898, increased by $44,00,0000, is followed by a statement of phenomenal increase in the customs revenue for July. Returns so far received place the receipts at $2,436,491 as against $1,386,167 for the corresponding month of 1897. A number of remote outports are yet to be heard from and it is estimated that when all the returns are in the July revenue from customs will be $2,60,0000, an incease over July 1897 of $1,213,833. This is to some extent attributable to the rush of importation under the reciprocal tariff from Belgium, Germany and other of the most favored nations, but the general trade expansion, as shown by last years figures, accounts largely for it.

MANY FATALITIES.

Boy Instantly Killed—Death of a Grand Trunk Engineer.

Smith''s Falls, Aug. 3.—A sulky driven by Geo. Rice, a farmer, was struck by a train at the C. P. R. crossing yesterday. Rice was badly injured, and is unconscious His twelve year old son was instantly killed.

Brockville, Aug. 3.—L. Simpson, of Belleville, a G. T. R. engineer, was killed here last night by being run down by a pilot engine he was walk-

Sault Ste. Marie, Aug. 3.—At Point aux Pines dock, while two small boys were struggling for the possession of a stick, the stick broke and the smallest boy, a four year old grandson of Chas. Lawrence, fell into the water. Lawrence saw the child's peril, and although over sixty years of age, plunged after him. He would have rescued the lad had not the steamer Athabasca come rushing up the river. The suction of the great steamer forced the old man and child under, and they never reappeared.

Windsor, Aug. 3.—A boy named Geo. Murphy was run over by a train on thfe Grand Trunk yesterday and received injuries from wihch he died at 1 o clock this morning. In company with several other boys, he was in the yards of the railway, and when one of the freight trains pulled out the boys attempted to jump on the cars to ride to Walkerville. Murpehy claimed he was pushed by a companion, and was thrown under the wheels.

Clinton, Aug. 3.—A fatal accident occurred here this morning at the residence of J. C. Gilroy. Two little boys were swinging, when little Kenneth Gilroy, three years old, got in the way of the return swing, and the seat board struk him on the temple, killing him instantly.

Toronto, Aug. 3.—Herbert Burt, aged 14, employed in the factory of the Canada Feather and Mattrass company on Melinda street, fell from the hoist there this afternoon and fractured his skull on the concrete pavement, 20 feet below. The boy died an hour after the accident at St. Michaels hospital.

Southampton, Aug. 3.—Wm. Nash-Wahsogonably, an Indian chief and councillor of the Saugeen reserve, was killed yesterday while felling trees, a dead tree striking him on the head.

Brockville, Aug. 3.—Jas. Connell, moulder, of this place, was drowned off Smith''s Island last night while bathing.

Brockville, Aug. 3.—Jas. Senecal, of Grenadier Island, and a well known resident there, died in the general hospital here while undergoing an operation. He was aged 81.

Peterboro, Aug. 3.—Miss Essie Thornton, who was accidently shot on Thursday morning by a lad practising rifle shooting in an adjoining back yard, is dead.

Northwest Crops.

Ottawa, Aug. 3.—The following telegram was received today at the agricultural department from Prof. Saunders:

Indian Head, August 1st.

Crops on experimental farm, Indian Head, and all through this district are remarkably promising. Wherever land has been well prepared the yield of grain will be heavy. With favorable weather there will be an abundant harvest.

Circumstances and warm weather alter the contents of egg cases.

THE WIDE DOMINION.

SHANTYMEN HAVE A QUARREL AT PEMBROKE.

The Corner-stone of St. Thomas' New City Hall to Be Laid on August 8—Preliminary Trial of Mackie and Ponton.

Miss Essie Thornton was shot in the neck by a boy practicing with a rifle at Peterboro.

The preliminary trial of Mackie and Ponton, the alleged bank robbers, began Tuesday morning.

John C. Watrous, aged 60, and one of the best known residents of Leeds county, died Monday in the general hospital.

The statue of Chaplain at Quebec was hoisted to top of the pedestal Monday and it took several hours to fix it in position.

The corner stone of St. Thomas' new city hall will be laid on the civic holiday, August 8, by E. T. Malone, grand master of the Masons of Canada.

John Pigeon, of Byng Inlet, was drowned this morning by jumping from a schooner while under the influence of liquor to join a companion in a yawl boat.

Rev. John Grey, pastor of New Sarum, Ont., Baptist church, dropped dead Tuesday morning shortly after eating a hearty breakfast. He was aged 70.

In a quarrel between two shantymen at Creile's hotel, Pembroke, Geo. Gourdeau stabbed William Burrcette twice in the abdomen. Burrcette is seriously wounded and is not expected to live.

Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson, president of the Grand Trunk railway, arrived at Montreal by a special train from New York Tuesday night. He is at the Windsor. It is expected that the new Victoria bridge will be formally opened during the visit of the president.

The M. & N. W railway officials decided a short time ago to re-open their station at Midway, forty-three miles northwest of Portage la Prairie and this morning Mr. W.M. Thompson, the new agent, took charge of the office for the season. The crops around the Midway district promise an abundant yield.

Although only one Roman Catholic is among the twenty-four members of the Toronto city council that body has decided to pay to the memory of the late Archbishop Walsh the conspicuous compliment of attending his funeral in a body and a special meeting is called for that purpose for Thursday morning.

The result of the investigation of the accounts of the township of West Zorra, Ont., at the instance of Provincial Auditor Laing, has disclosed a number of irregularities due to careless[illegible] No flaw, however, [illegible] the local treasurer, E. L[illegible] These irregularities amount [illegible] hundred dollars.

The Scandinavian countries are looking towards Canada. The Canadian government agent at Christiania reports a great volume of enquiries by possible immigrants. He also predicts that in the Scandinavian countries there will be a large demand for Canadian wheat, flour, oats and oatmeal during the coming autumn and winter.

Ottawa News.

Ottawa, Aug. 2.—The imperial defense committee, which is an outcome of the conference of colonial premiers in London last summer, will shortly commence work in Canada. It is composed of General E. P. Leach, Royal Engineers, chairman; Lieut. Col. Dalton, R. E.; Col. Lake, quartermaster-general of Canada, and W. G. White, R.N., all of whom are now in Ottawa. They will after careful inquiry and a personal visit in different parts of the country, formulate a plan of Canadian defense for the guidance of the imperial and Dominion governments. They will consider also methods of making the colonial forces of volunteers and permanent militia more readily available for service in case of emergency. The headquarters of the committee will be Ottawa. They will act in conjunction with a committee of the Canadian cabinet on questions of general policy.

HUTTON IS THE MAN.

By an incomprehensible error, probably in cabling, the name of Col. Hutton, the new commandant of the Canadian forces, is made to appear Col. Beachley. Though the army list did not disclose the latter name, it was assumed that Col. Hutton was not coming. Col. Hutton's appointment is now confirmed, and he will shortly arrive in Ottawa accompanied by Major Foster, R. E., who will succeed Col. Lake as quartermaster-general.

Ottawa, Aug. 2.—The government will submit the name of H. Bourassa, M.P. for Labelle, as the British secretary of the Quebec conference. Lord Herschell has approved of the choice.

TO SUCCEED GASCOIGNE.

The government have been advised that the imperial government have selected Colonel Beachley to succeed Gascoigne as the officer commanding the Canadian forces. Apparently an error has occurred in cabling the name, as it does not appear in the army list and the supposition is that it is Beasley. This disposes of the impression which was general, that Colonel Hutton was to get the place.

SIR HENRY JOLY RETURNS.

Sir Henry Joly de Lotbiniere returned this morning from Great Britain, where he went on private business. He is much improved in health.

IMPERIAL DEFENCE COMMITTEE.

Col. Dalton and Gen. G. P. Leach, members of the imperial defence committee, arrived in Ottawa today to proceed with the work entrusted to them.

GENERAL NEWS.

Thursday, August 4.

Cuban insurgents captured the town of Gibora.

Two Spanish towns were damaged by a cyclone.

A Carlist rising is reported near Leridah, Spain.

A serious riot occurred in Hell's Kitchen, New York city.

Thousands in Havana are being fed by the municipality.

Fatal accidents are reported from sevearl Ontario points.

A steamer arrived at Victoria with $3,000,000 of Yukon gold.

General Miles' troops are being welcomed by the Porto Ricans.

The Dominion Educational association is in session at Halifax.

George Doughty, Unionist, was re-elected for Grimsby, England.

Hon. George N. Curzon will succeed Lord Elgin as viceroy of India.

The Columbian congress voted $300,000 to settle the Cuerrati claim.

The United States proposes an enlarged reciprocity treaty with France.

The preliminary investigation of the Napanee bank robbery is proceeding.

Much damage was caused at Philadelphia by lightning and heavy rain.

Lord and Lady Aberdeen held a reception at Brandon on Wednesday evening.

An informal conference was held in London to discuss the Pacific cable project.

Considerable development is reported in the New Klondike mines near Wabigoon.

The Ontario legislature met on Wednesday. Mr. Eventurel was re-elected speaker.

The convention of Central American republic looking towards union is still in session.

Sir Charles Tupper is suggested as one of Canada's commissioners at the Quebec conference.

The appointment of Judge Dugas, of Montreal, as judge for the Yukon district is confirmed.

Spain has not communicated directly with the United States government on the peace proposals.

The adivsory board reports the results of the mid-summer and collegiate entrance examinations.

Hon. Joseph Chamberlain favors the subsidizing of a steamship line between Canada and the eWst Indies.

Mr. McNichol, C.P.R., defended the position of his road before the Inter-State Commerce commission at Chicago.

McDougall, Inventor of the whaleback, predicts great expansion in lake navigation when the Canadian canals are enlarged.

Wednesday, August 3.

Bismarck's funeral will be private.

The Ontario legislature met today.

Typhoid fever is epidemic at Camp Alger.

Oat cutting has begun in Carberry district.

Souris district will organize a troop of dragoons.

The United States has paid the Behring Sea claims.

Sir Thomas Lipton has challenged for the America's cup.

Spain has not officially answered the U. S. peace proposals.

United States will assume the losses of its citizens in Cuba.

Lord Salisbury defended his Chinese policy in the house of lords.

Crop reports from Carberry and M. and N. W. districts are favorable.

Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson, president of the G. T. R., arrived at Montreal.

General Shafter reports over 4,000 cases of sickness in his command.

General Merritt anticipates serious trouble with Phillippine insurgents.

A committee of military experts will report upon the defences of Canada.

Ontario lumbermen passed important resolutions affecting trade with the States.

Press dispatches from Madrid report Spain's acceptance of U. S. terms of peace.

Complaints of neglect of sick soldiers on U. S. transports have reached Washington.

Pare, the Napanee bank robber, gave sensational evidence before the police magistrate.

Colonel Hutton will succeed General Gascoigne as commander of the Canadian militia.

The Emperor and Empress of Germany attended Bismarck's funeral service at Frederickerhue.

The imperial government will encourage direct trade between the West Indies, Canada and Britain.

Winnipeg inland revenue collections for July were $41,038.03, an increase of $28,971.14 over July, 1897.

D. C. Fraser, M.P., comments favorably on the prosperous appearance of Manitoba compared with the Western States.

Great Britain will impose countervailing duties on sugar to protect the West Indies failing an arrangement with the United States.

Affairs in China.

London, Aug. 2.—The Pekin correspondent of the Standard says: Today the empress dowager, openly relieved the emperor of all real power. The ministers will take their instructions directly from her, and Li Hung Chang practically supercedes the tsung li yamen. It is rumored that Sir Claude Macdonald, the British minister, before the tsung li yamen accused Li Hung Chang of betraying China to Russia; and said that Li Hung Chang threatened to demand the recall of St. Claude Macdonald.

THE DOMINION'S TRADE.

WHAT BRADSTREET AND DUNN SAY OF THE WEEK'S BUSINESS.

Only a Fair Average—Summer Dullness Felt in Many Lines, While Others Are Active Owing to Increasing Demands—Crop Prospects Everywhere Reported Excellent.

New York, July 29.—Concerning Canadian trade, Bradstreet's Review tomorrow will say: The weather and harvesting operations check trade in the Dominion, but the fall outlook is a good one. Toronto reports Canadian cotton mills were active, and those working on bleached cottons as unable to fill orders, the deficit being supplied by imports from the United States. Aided by low freights United States wheat is being shipped from Toledo and Detroit to Montreal for export below offers of Ontario grades. Customs receipts are very large, as a result of heavy imports of foreign goods to anticipate preferential duties. St. John reports lumber shipments to Europe heavy, while those to the United States are small. Reports of large gold shipments from the Klondike come from Victoria and Vancouver, and this has made the coast trade more active, whil trade in interior markets in British Columbia is reported improving. Business failures in the Dominion of Canada for the week number 34, against 17 last week, 32 in this week a year ago, 27 in 1896; 24 in 1895, and 31 in 1894.

DUN'S REVIEW.

New York, July 29.—Dun's Trade Review tomorrow will say of Canadian business: Reports of Canadian trade for the week are on the whole encouraging, although no important changes appear. No improvement is seen in jobbing and retail trade is very dull at St. John and collections are not very good. In all lines business is quiet at Halifax and the movement of goods is slow. Trade conditions are encouraging at Quebec, with every indication of a good harvest and the volume of business for the season is fair. Montreal reports some falling off in the demand for sugar, though dry goods are moving freely and cheese and butter exports are good. Money is abundant with rates easy. Toronto reports fair trade in hardware and metals with sugar in good demand, and crops in Ontario are very heavy, with bright business outlook. Trade is seasonably quiet at Winnipeg in groceries and dry goods, and fairly active in hardware, with good trade in lumber, but collections are only fair. Wholesale trade is more satisfactory at Victoria, but retail trade only fair. Shipping continues good, and the outlook for fall business is regarded as promising.

BANK CLEARANCES.

New York, July 29.—Bank clearances for the Dominion of Canada were as follows: Montreal $13,686,643, increase 15.4 per cent.; Toronto $7,186,845, increase 7.4 per cent.; Winnipeg $1,197,012, decrease 7.2 per cent.; Halifax $1,106,864, increase 2.2 per cent.; Hamilton $705,414; St. John $652,931, increase 14 per cent.; totals $24,535,709, increase 10.6 per cent.

Manitoba Salt.

Winnipeg, Aug. 2.—Three salt well capitalists who are largely interested in properties at Ludington, Mich., have been in correspondence with Mr. T. A. Burrows, M.P.P., for some time in regard to the salt deposits at Winnipegosis. After learning the particulars as to the quantity likely to be taken out and the quality of the mineral, these gentlemen have finally decided to visit the place to inspect the country personally and are now en route to the west.

Resolved to Die.

Toronto, Aug. 2.—Mrs. R. Croft, aged 37, made a determined and successful attempt at suicide this morning. She first slashed her throat with a razor, then drank a quantity of carbolic acid and then set fire to her house, 99 McGee street. Neighbors noticing the smoke, entered the house and found her dying. The fire was quickly put out and the woman taken to a physician's house, where, however, she at once died. It is supposed the woman became suddenly insane this morning.

A Shabby Residence.

Toronto, August 2.—The World's Montreal correspondent says that it is probable that Lieutenant-governor Jette will soon leave Spencerwood for a more comfortable residence. Spencerwood being little better than an old barn and is shabby and defective throughout. It is not likely, however, the Marchant government will be able to do anything to remedy the situation in view of a deficit. The same correspondent says negotiations will soon be re-opened between the Allan line and the Dominion government with a view to have the former take up the Canadian fast steamship line question.

A Jump to Death.

New York, Aug. 2.—Geo. Todd, a wealthy resident of this city, committed suicide today by jumping from a tenth story window of the Hotel Majestic. Mr. Todd had been a sufferer from melancholia for some time past and came to the city yesterday from his summer home at Greenwich, Conn., to secure medical treatment.

Nailworkers Strike.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 2.—A strike was formally declared on today by the Federated Wire Trades at the works of the N. P. Nail company and the American Wire company, both of which are now under the control of the recently formed wire and nail trust. The strike, when the rod mill and yard men of the American company join it, will throw out of employment 900 men from the N.P. company, and 1,200 from the American works. The strikers have decided not to pay any attention to the old Consolidated or Baackes mill, which is also controlled by the trust and where the men are all working. The cause of the strike is an alleged general cut of 33 1-3 per cent in wages and a threatened cut of 20 per cent more.

Timber Regulations.

Winnipeg, Aug. 2.—A very important change has been made by the department of the interior in the interests of public insittutions. Under the new regulations, which go into force this month, any timber cut upon undisposed Dominion lands to be used in the construction of public works or public institutions, may be taken free of cost from such reserves. These institutions include churches and schools. In the past the usual dues have been exacted for timber secured for the class of buildings mentioned. Others who are entitled to free timber are travellers, miners engaged in prospecting when holding free miners certificates, and persons engaged in merely scientific pursuits or exploring.

A Few Fires.

Warkworth, Aug. 1.—The Gilmore Mills at Crow Bay, were destroyed by fire Saturday morning. The lumber was saved, but the damage is heavy.

Montreal, Aug. 1.—The loss on the plant and building at the Linotype factory is between $35,000 and $45,000. One hundred and forty-five men are temporarily out of work.

Paris, Aug. 1.—The house of Tohmas Martin was gutted by fire yesterday, damage $2.000.

London, Aug. 1.—Jacob Harris' warehouse on Horton street was damaged by fire to the extent of $1,000.

Customs Collections.

Toronto, Aug. 1.—Total duties collected on imports up to Saturday night were $603,974. For the same month last year they were $317,459. Returns on Saturday alone were $38,716. These figures for the month pass all previous records.

Montreal, Aug. 1.—Customs collections here for July reached $1,120,900, the biggest month on record, save that of August, 1890, when that figure was slightly surpassed. In July, 1897, the imports were only $530,705.

THE MARKETS.

New York, Aug. 4.—Wheat receipts 61,000 bushels, exports 132,000 bushels.

Chicago, Aug. 4.—The leading futures closed as follows:

Wheat—Aug. 68¼c, Sept. 66¼c to 66⅜c, Dec. 64⅞c, May 67¼c.

Corn—Aug. 33c; Sept. 33c to 33⅛c; Dec. 33⅛c; May 35¾c.

Oats—Sept. 20⅞c to 21c; May 23¼ to 23⅞c.

Pork—Sept. $8.92½; Oct. $8.92½

Lard—Sept. $5.30; Oct. $5.35.

WINNIPEG MARKETS.

Wheat—At Brandon, 74c. Fort William, 67c.

Flour—Patent, $2.45; strong bakers, $2.25; second bakers, $1.75; XXXX, per sack of 98 lbs, $1.25.

Millfeed—Demand keeps good. Bran, $11 and shorts, $13 per ton in bulk; large lots, 50c per ton less.

Ground Feed—Quoted at $28 to $31 per ton as to quality for oats. Ground corn is held at $18 to $19 per ton. A mixed corn feed is quoted at $23 to $24 per ton.

Corn—Corn has been firmer in markets south for the past two weeks. Car lots on track, Winnipeg, are quoted at 43c per bushel of 56 lbs.

Barley—Nominal at 45c per bushel of 48 lbs.

Oats—Nominal at 44c to 45c.

Butter—Creamery—16¼ to 16¼ at the factories. Dairy—12c and 12½c has been paid for choice lots in the coentry.

Cheese—7c to 7½c per lb.

Eggs Receipts continue to come to hand in very bad shape. Candle stock is selling at 13c to 14c, and dealers are paying 12c net here.

Dressed Meats—Beef, 5 to 6½c; mutton, 7½c to 8c; lambs, pelts off, 11c; hogs, 7c; veal, 6c to 8c.

Poultry—Live fowls, per pair, 50c to 60c; spring chickens, 25c to 50c per pair; turkeys, 10c to 11c per lb live weight; ducks, 65 to 70c per pair; geese, no demand.

Vegetables—Potatoes, 20c to 30c per bu.; new potatoes, 75 to 80c; cauliflower, 1½c per lb; cabbage, 30c to 40c per doz.. Green stuff is offered at 12c for onions, lettuce and radishes; rhubarb, 10c per dozen bunches; carrots and beets, 15c per dozen bunches; celery, 30 to 35c per dozen; green peas, in pod, 2c per lb; cucumbers, 75c per dozen.

Fruits—Currants, gooseberries and such like native small fruits are offering on the market at 75c per pail.

Hides—Green, No. 1, 7½c; kip, 7c to 7½c; calf, 7c to 9c; deakins 25c; shearlings 10c each; sheepskins, 10c to 15c; lambskins, 10c to 20c; horse hides, 75c to $1.75 each; colts, 25c each.

Wool—Good to choice unwashed Manitoba fleece, 8c; very dull.

Tallow—No 1, 3½c, No. 2, 2½c to 3c.

Seneca Root—16c per lb.

Hay—New is now offering very freely, and the price has declined to $5 to $6 per ton for car lots of baled. Demand limited.

Cattle—Grassers, 3½c; stocker cattle are quiet at $2.50 to $2.60 for heifers and $2.75 to $2.85 for steers.

Sheep—Easy this week at 3½c to 4c off cars here.

Hogs—Steady at 5c for most desirable. Choice bacon hogs, weighing 150 to 250 lbs, 5c per lb; 250 to 300 lbs, $4.25 to $4.75; heavy hogs, over 300 lbs, $3 to $4, as to quality, live weight.

Archbishop Walsh Dead.

Toronto, July 31.—Archbishop Walsh died tonight at twenty minutes to eleven from heart failure. He had been poorly for a few days from the results of an accident a week or two ago, but had expected to be up in a day or two. Dr. Dwyer of St. Michael' hospital, was summoned hastily about half-past ten and he and Eugene O'Keefe were with him at the time of his death.

I would desire for a friend a son who never resisted the tears of his mother. —Lacretelle.

CANADIAN NEWS BRIEFS

A BICYCLIST IS DROWNED AT PETERBORO.

John Hamilton, Reeve of Melancthon, Is Charged With Forgery—Battery "A" Gunner Deserts.

Tuesday, August 2.

The flax crop of Manitoba this year promises to be a good one. The acreage is much larger than it was last year.

The directors of the Bell Telephone company have decided to increase the capital of the company from $3,168,000. to $3,900,000.

Judge Dugas, judge of the Yukon district, has placed his resignation as police magistrate of Montreal in the hands of Premier Marchand.

Vice-President Hobart, of the United States, left on Saturday for Lake Clamplain, travelling over the Grand Trunk in the private car Canada.

John Gillies, formelry Grand Trunk station agent at Alvinston, committed suicide by firing a revolver into his mouth. Despondency owing to ill health was the cause of the act.

John Hamilton, reeve of Melancthon, was brought to Toronto Monday in charge of Provincial Detective Greer. Hamilton was arrested in Manitoba charged with forgery in connection with the incendiary trials at Shelburne.

Fred Foote, a prominent business man here, was riding down the hill near Jackson park, Peterboro, on his wheel Tuesday morning, when he lost control of the pedals and went over the bank into an artificial lake. When the body was recovered life was extinct.

There is a movement on foot at Toronto to appoint a special inspector of dry goods under the new preferential law, to prevent the evasion of the law by British exporters passing foreign goods through their hands and affixing a different label.

A. Harris, recently traffic manager of the Canadian government railway system, has been appointed general agent for the Dominion of the Fitchburg railway (Hoosac Tunnel route.) It is understood that this railway will enter next winter into keen competition for export traffic.

Shortly before 10 o'clock Monday morning Gunner Love, "A" Field Battery deserter, who recently surrendered himself to the authorities was tried by court martial and sentenced to a term in the cells at Tete du Pont barracks, succeeded in escaping the vigilance of the provost sergeant and making his escape from the back gate. He was clad only in a light undershirt, trousers and boots. A detachment from the battery was sent in search of him.

His Aim Bad.

Sherbrooke, Que., Aug. 3.—Last night Arthur Goddard tried to shoot his wife, and succeeded in wounding his mother-in-law, Mrs. Simoneau, but not seriously, the bullet passing through her arm The couple have been married thirteen months, and are always quarrelling.

Notable Death.

London, July 30.—Professor John Caird, D.D., LL.D,. is dead, at the age of 78 years. Professor Caird was a native of Greenock, and was graduated by the University of Glasgow, in 1845. In 1862 he was appointed professor of divinity in the University of Glasgow, and eleven years later he became principal and vice-chancellor of the same institution. For a time he held the office of one of Her Majesty's chaplains for Scotland. Professor Caird's best known literary works are his "Introduction to the Philosophy of Religion," published in 1880, and his "Spinoza," published in Blackwood's philosophical classes for English readers.

Sympathy With Zola.

Paris, July 30.—The expulsion of M. Emile Zola from the Legion of Honor promises to create a serious discussion in the ranks of that organization. The well known author, M. Jules Barbier, resigned yesterday on account of M. Zola's expulsion, and this morning M. Dedressense, the distinguished editor of Le Temps, took a similar course, saying it is "repugnant to wear a decoration which still ornaments the breast of a man like Esterhazy, while it has been removed from that of a great writer, simply because he demands that the most elementary principles of the law and justice be respected."

Over 25,000,000 Bushels.

Statistics just compiled show that Manitoba and the Northwest Territories produced more wheat last year than was generally supposed. Up to a few days ago eighteen and a half million bushels of wheat (flour included), had passed through Winnipeg on the C. P. R. since the '97 crop began to move, two millions were taken out by the Northern Pacific; four millions were held by farmers for seed, etc., and the milling companies now hold over one million bushels in stock, so that the total yield was between twenty-five and twenty-six million bushels.

Martin Rashford, aged 36, a laborer, employed by John McCann, Rosebank, was struck by lightning and instantly killed. Rashford was engaged digging a ditch, when the lightning struck him on the head, making two small holes. His hair was singed, and one shoe completely torn off.

Lady Kirkpatrick presented colors to the Army and Navy Veterans on Saturday afternoon in Queen's park. Some misunderstanding occurred as to which of two men were to make the presentation of a watch to one of their number which occasioned some disturbance and marred the harmony of the proceedings.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

Man Is Wiser.

Gerryman (at the mirror)—Put a monkey before a looking glass, they say, and he will look behind it.

Miss Sharpe—But a man knows better. He knows he won't find anything funnier there than the face he sees before him.—Boston Transcript.

Learned Pig in 1815.

In 1815 the royal mews at Charing Cross were standing and on the actual site now occupied by Nelson's column a long wooden shed was placed, and in it was the skeleton of a whale of great dimensions. Through it the writer walked from end to end.

Opposite stood, as now they stand, spring gardens, where in old times the beaus and belles of the court of Charles II disported themselves. There in a house was located "the learned pig."

Bystanders desirous of seeing its performance stood in a circle, and within a smaller one playing cards were apparently indiscriminately thrown down. Onlookers, possibly confederates, named a particular card, and the pig trotted round and placed his snout on the named card without an error.

From that exhibition, the writer, in the same house (he thinks), was taken and introduced to "the Hottentot Venus," an ebony damsel clad in gauzy garments of the most flimsy kind, who displayed her figure by proudly traversing and circling round the room in which she gave her receptions.

Issuing thence, the writer was taken to the horse guards parade to see the cannon used by the French as a mortar during the siege of Cadiz, 1812. It was on a carriage in a horizontal position, and the writer, lifted by his father, was thrust inside the muzzle, and, struggling somewhat, was, with a little difficulty, extracted from his confined position.—London Sketch.

The Girls Blushed Too.

Visitors at the World's fair of 1893 will recall the Indian exhibit or encampment on the shore of the south pond. One of the tents or wigwams was occupied by an athletic and fine looking but somewhat taciturn specimen of young Indian manhood as his own particular home, and while it was open at all proper hours for the inspection of visitors he resented any approach to impertinent curiosity.

A bevy of young women dropped into his tent one day before his usual hour for opening it and found him sewing a rent in a blanket.

"See how he blushes," exclaimed one of the visitors. "We have caught him doing squaw's work."

"Why, that's his natural color," giggled another. "He always blushes."

"Yes, young ladies," said the Indian in perfectly good English, "he blushes for some of the civilized and enlightened white Americans of the nineteenth century."

The visitors joined him in blushing and shortly afterward went out without further remarks.—Youth's Companion.

THE ROYAL BOX.

In view of the prevalence of the influenza in Japan it has been decreed that every one who approaches the emperor shall first take a bath to kill the germs.

Queen Margherita of Italy has taken to golf playing in the hope of reducing her flesh. She was formerly one of the famous beauties of Europe, but increasing corpulence is stealing away her good looks.

Prince Ahmed Seif Edin's recent murderous attack on his brother-in-law, Fuad Pasha, at the Cairo Khedivial club, has led to a curious suit. The club demands damages from the prince for the harm done to the club's reputation by the row.

The Prince of Wales never fails to resent any oddity in costume on the part of men invited to meet him in society. At a dinner given by a certain duke an acquaintance of the prince sat down to table wearing a broad, black tie. During one of the courses a butler handed a silver salver to the delinquent "with the prince's compliments." Upon the salver was a regulation white tie.

The Refined Wife.

A woman cannot be married long enough to render delicacy of behavior and an exquisite retirement inappropriate or unnecessary. The wife who laughed at the idea of being polite to her own husband had lost the very track of home happiness. Many a home has been wrecked because the husband and wife thought it needless to preserve a punctilious behavior to each other. Familiarity certainly breeds contempt.—Catherine Cole.

Where Laces Rule.

When a gala performance is given at the opera at Madrid, the show of lace worn by the ladies of the haute noblesse is truly remarkable, and, though valuable jewelry is also to be seen to a considerable extent, it is the lace mantilla and flounces which are most worthy of the admiration of connoisseurs. It is strange that the graceful national fashion of wearing mantillas still obtains, but the fact is undoubted.

The Point In Doubt.

"Do you know anything about the defeat of the Spanish armada?" inquired one young man.

"Why, certainly," replied his friend. "That occurred centuries ago."

"I know that, but have the Spanish yet ceased to claim a victory on that occasion?"—Washington Star.

Kindred Joys.

Visitor (from the far east)—Ah, it's so delightful to have a fruit farm on the outskirts of a city. That smell of apple blossoms is particularly pleasant.

His Western Entertainer—Yaw. Dot vas a prewery.—Chicago Tribune.

High Rank.

"How about Wright—does his work stand very high?"

"They keep it on the top shelves in the book stores."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

STORY OF A CARPENTER.

STRICKEN WITH LA GRIPPE, FOLLOWED BY RHEUMATISM.

Suffered a Great Deal and for Two Months Was Unable to Work—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Restored His Health.

From the Reporter, Palmerston, Ont.

There is not a better known man in Palmerston than Mr. Jas. Skea, who for the past twenty-four years has followed the trade of carpentry in the town. Mr. Skea, who is a native of the Orkney Islands, is now sixty-six years of age and is hale and hearty. A few years ago he was attacked with grip, which left in its wake acute rheumatism. For two months he was unable to work and suffered a great deal from this dread disease. He used several kinds of liniments, but to no avail. Having read in the papers of the wonderful cures effected by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People he decided to try them. He took one box and was surprised at the effect. He took a second and finally a third, when he found that his old enemy was about routed. To a Reporter representative, who called upon him at his residencce to find out if the reported cure was correct, Mr. Skea said: "I was greatly surprised at the result of taking a couple of boxes. I suffered feafully, but they made a new man of me, and fixed me right up. I now take them every spring and fall to guard against colds and grip. They are the only thing that does me any good. Mr. Campbell or Mr. Thom will tell you that I wouldn't be without Dr. Williams Pink Pills for anything. They are the best medicine in the world. Though I am up in years, my health is good and I am right as a dollar. I attribute it to the use of these Pills. I recommended them to Mr. William Beattie, carpenter foreman on the G.N.W., who had also been troubled with rheumatism and they speedily effected a cure in his case."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure by going to the root of the disease. They renew and build up the blood, and strengthen the nerves, thus driving disease from the system. Avoid imitations by insisting that every box you purchase is enclosed in a wrapping bearing the full trade mark, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People."

Is "By Jingo!" Basque?

Prince L. L. Bonaparte, many years ago, claimed "By jingo" as an English borrowing from the Basques. The Souletin Basques say "Bai Jinko," meaning "Yes, God," not "By God" or "Par Dieu." The k would easily become g in the mouth of a foreigner. Basque sailors and soldiers have always been ubiquitous. Some time ago I was at an inn at Larraina (the thrashing floor) in Soule, where the host, who had gained the queen's medal for service in the French army in the Crimean war, repeated "Bai Jinko" hundreds of times during the day. No doubt the Basques in the time of Rabelais the first author to put Basque words in print (though he did so rather clumsily) had the same habit. It must always have attracted the attention of foreigners, who would readily imitate it.—Notes and Queries.

Aunt Marys Timely Visit.

The other evening Aunt Mary took the electric cars and rode eastward to the house of her niece who a few weeks previously had just commenced housekeeping. Without ceremony the old lady entered the house and found her niece in the kitchen looking very dejected. Aunt Mary soon discovered that her niece had tried to dye an old cream opera shawl a cardinal red with some poor cheap dye. The result was certainly enough to test the patience and goodness of an angel. A miserable mixed color, half red and brown, was the result of labor. Aunt Mary deeply sympathized with her horror-stricken neice, and advised her in future to use nothing but the Diamond Dyes that had given her such satisfaction and profit for over twenty years. The unsightly, variegated shawl was then washed in several waters in order to get rid of the horrid colors, and was then put into a bath of Diamond Dye Fast Cardinal Red for Wool. It is now a thing of joy and beauty.

Moral: To achieve success in home dyeing be sure you use the Diamond Dyes.

The frame of the scorcher's mind is synonymous with the frame of his wheel.

52 BOILS

"Three years ago I was troubled with boils, and tried several remedies recommended by friends, but they were of no avail. I had *FIFTY-TWO BOILS* in all, and found nothing to give me relief until I tried Burdock Blood Bitters. The first bottle I took made a complete cure and proved so very satisfactory that I have recommended B.B.B. to many of my friends who have used it with good results." A. J. MUSTARD, Hyder, Man.

Any one troubled with Boils, Pimples, Rashes, Ulcers, Sores, or any Chronic or Malignant Skin Disease, who wants a perfect cure, should use only

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

Where They Are Mated by Lottery.

It was a cynic who said that marriage is a lottery, but in the province of Smolensk, in Russia, this aphorism has been reduced to a quarterly fact, for four times a year there is held the most remarkable lottery ever devised.

A charge of a ruble is made for a ticket, only one prize is to be drawn, and it consists of the entire sum yielded by the sale of the tickets, amounting to 5,000 rubles. The lucky winner of the prize is bound to marry a certain damsel if he takes the 5,000 rubles. Should he be married he is at liberty to turn over the money and the lady to any friend whom he may wish to put in for such a good thing. Should the lady, however, refuse to marry the winner they are allowed to divide the rubles between them.

Strong Soup.

In the life of William Stokes, written by his son, which has appeared in London, it is told how Soyer was sent over to Dublin during the great famine to show the people how make soup. Stokes asked a starving beggar why she did not go and get some of the soup that was being freely distributed.

"Soup, is it, your honor? Sure, it isn't soup at all." "And what is it, then?" inquired Stokes. "It is nothin, your honor, but a quart of water boiled down to a pint, to make it sthrong!"

This is the soup maigre which Hogarth caricatured in his picture of the French troops at Calais.

A Polite Obstacle.

An incident reported to have occurred in Japan exhibits an enviable standard of courtesy on the part of the natives of that country which is respectfully submitted to that outraged pedestrian, the wheelman's victim. An American riding a bicycle in Tokyo accidentally knocked down a venerable native. The aged victim gathered himself together, deferentially approached the rider and humbly begged pardon for being "in his honorable way."

The exports of Argentina amount to $115,000,000 a year, of which $25,000,000 worth go to France and $14,000,000 to England.

The Sure Reliance.

The branch must abide in the vine, the oak in the soil, the child in its parents, the president in the laws of his nation, the believer in Christ. To abide in Christ is to rest one's hope in infinite strength, and to draw one's life out of infinite goodness and love. Christ is the perfection, the teacher and the example of all goodness, the source and giver of eternal life, the power of God unto salvation.

Exact justice is commonly more merciful in the long run than pity, for it tends to foster in men those stronger qualities which make them good citizens.—Lowell.

When the Honest Physician

Is called upon to prescribe for a weak, debilitated, nervous and run-down man or woman in the hot weather, he never hesitates to recommend Paine's Celery Compound, that extraordinary and popular medicine. Past years of truly astonishing work in life saving has drawn the attention of the best medical men to Paine's Celery Compound, and they have not been slow in recognizing its powers and virtues for the banishment of nervousness, sleeplessness, debility, dyspepsia, rheumatism and all diseases of the kidneys and liver.

Are you seeking health? Are you sighing for freedom from disease and suffering? If you are, use Paines' Celery Compound, a medicine that will give you prompt and cheering results after your long experiences of failures with other medicines.

His Wisdom.

Mrs. Petter—Did you see that? Dixon seized that rocking chair and was into it before his wife had a chance to reach it. And on his wedding trip too!

Mr. Petter—That's just it. There's where Dixon is smart. Nobody will suspect that he is on his wedding tour, don't you see? And besides he gets the chair.—Boston Transcript.

To cure Catarrh use vapors of Quickcure.

There is method in some people's madness, it is said, but method never yet saved madness from disaster.

C. C. RICHARDS & Co.

DEAR SIRS:—I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT in my stable for over a year and consider it the very best for horse flesh I can get, and strongly recommend it. GEO. HOUGH,
Livery Stables, Quebec.

The woman who is frightened half to death by the discharge of a gun is never frightened by her own bangs.

Ask for Minard's Liniment and take no other.

When a mere trifle causes a girl to bid her lover adieu forever it's a case of much ado about nothing.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.

It's what we don't know about people that causes us to have a good opinion of them.

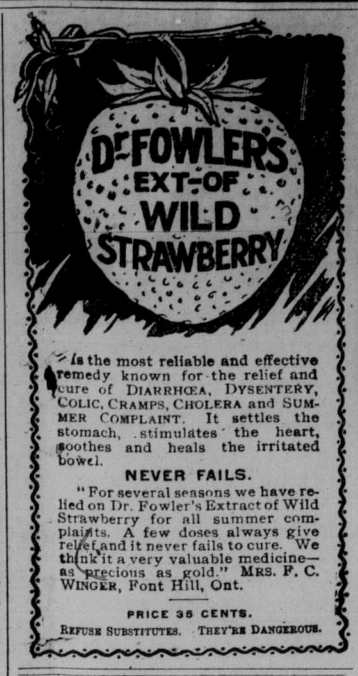
Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians.

Some architects can draw better houses than some actors.

Minard's Liniment the Lumberman's Friend.

Some men who are always grumbling about hard times would consider it an insult if any one were to offer them a job.

Vaporize Quickcure for Cold in the Head.



is the most reliable and effective remedy known for the relief and cure of DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, COLIC, CRAMPS, CHOLERA and SUMMER COMPLAINT. It settles the stomach, stimulates the heart, soothes and heals the irritated bowel.

NEVER FAILS.

"For several seasons we have relied on Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry for all summer complaints. A few doses always give relief and it never fails to cure. We think it a very valuable medicine—as precious as gold." MRS. F. C. WINGER, Font Hill, Ont.

PRICE 35 CENTS.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES. THEY'RE DANGEROUS.

The Supreme Tenor.

Louis Gallet, a French musician, presented himself at the director's room at the Grand Opera in Paris one evening during the administration of Eugene Ritt. The latter was a great stickler for the dignity of the place and remarked as the visitor took off his topcoat that he was not in evening dress.

"Yes, my dear director," returned Gallet, "I am come just as I was. So very much pressed. However, I have not had to cross the theater."

"Ah," Ritt sighed, "but on the stage of the Opera one ought always to be in evening dress."

"Nevertheless," Gallet answered lightly, "I just now saw Jean de Reszke very stylish, no doubt, but in a frock coat—a frock coat!"

"Yes, yes, no doubt, but—but—he is a tenor!"—Exchange.

Thunderstorms.

Do not imagine that because a heavy thunderstorm is far away to leeward it is not likely to arise and wet you. Even if the wind is blowing right against the cloud it will come your way all the more surely, for thunderstorms always travel against the wind.

The reason for this is that there is invariably a countercurrent of air above the breeze that you feel close to the earth, and this sky high wind blows in the opposite direction to the one which alone you can detect. Thus the tempest seems to work its way right through the wind's eyes in a very contrary sort of way.

Fog never does this; neither does ordinary rain—at least very seldom—but snow or sleet some time works its way up wind just as the tempest does. Sheet lightning, by the way, is not a distinctive sort of light, but merely the reflection in the sky of a forked flash many miles away. You can tell how far away a tempest is by counting the number of seconds that pass between the flash and the peal. Each second stands for about a mile.—New York Herald.

NO PAIN. NO GRIPE.

Laxa Liver Pills a Perfect Cure for Constipation.

MESSRS. T. MILBURN & CO., Toronto, Ont.:

Gentlemen—I am pleased to testify to the great benefit I have received from the use of Laxa Liver Pills. I was very much constipated and felt great distress after eating.

Your Laxa Liver Pills regulated my stomach and restored my entire system to healthy action. The effect of these pills is most natural and effective, free from any griping or pain. They cause not the least inconvenience. My advice to all who may see this is to try them, for I know they are good.

(Signed) JOHN DOHERTY,
25 North Street,
St. John, N.B.

Sun Insurance Office.
Eastern Assurance Co.
Quebec Fire Insurance Company.
London and Lancashire Life Ins. Co.
British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co.
Lloyd's Glass Insurance Company.

W. R. ALLAN,
General Agent,
Winnipeg.

BUTTER

If you are a maker of good butter, and don't wish to part with it at existing low prices, ship to us for Cold Storage and Sale late in the fall, when values usually increase. We will make liberal advances in cash and endeavor to satisfy you in every way. Entire warehouse under a Perfect System of Refrigeration.

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General Commission Merchants, and Cold Storage Warerooms, Winnepeg

W. N. U. 179

A FEW THINGS

that should be found in every well regulated household

DREWRY'S

Choice Stock Ale — Extra Porter
Canadian Pilsner Lager
(A Fine Light Beer)
Golden Key Brand Aerated Water
Imperial Table Sauce, India Chutney } Choice Table Relishes

E. L. DREWRY

Manufacturer and Importer

WINNIPEG

SEND FOR A SAMPLE PACKET—FREE.

Monsoon Indo-Ceylon Tea holds the phenominal record of having quadrupled its sale in the past year. 25, 30, 40, 50 and 60c per pound.

For sale by grocers only.

THE MONSOON TEA CO., 7 Wellington W., Toronto.

MONSOON
INDO-CEYLON TEA

BOVRIL

Is a condensed food, capable of preserving physical strength

Through Any Physical Strain

And is equally valuable to those requiring to use

GREAT MENTAL STRAIN.

It has no equal for giving

Strength to the Invalid

And it will agree with the weakest stomachs. Get it from your druggist or grocer and test its value.

Man Drowning in the River without hope, was saved by a bar of

..Richards' Pure Soap..

IT'S THE BEST. ——IT WASHED HIM ASHORE.

Be sure you get RICHARDS'. Sold by all grocers, or write D. Richards, Woodstock, Ontario, giving your full address, and I will return you FREE an Illustrated Book.

USE ALBERT SOAP.

If your fancy is for a Tar Soap you will find the best in our

MASTER MECHANIC'S EXTRAORDINARY.

(Trade-Mark.)

Sold at all Drug Stores.

"Blue Ribbon" Tea Baking Powder Coffee and Spices

You will find these goods reliable

E. B. Eddy

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR

BOECKH'S

BRUSHES and BROOMS.

For Sale by all Leading Houses.

CHAS. BOECKH & SONS, Manufacturers, TORONTO, ONT.

BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES, NEW AND SECOND-HAND. BOWLING ALLEYS AND SUPPLIES. Large catalogue free.

THE REID BROS., 257 King West, Toronto.

ANTISEPTIC SPRUCE ... FIBREWARE

The perishable made imperishable.

The expense of packing transformed from an obstacle to a trifle.

These small pails of from 3 to 12 lbs. capacity, keep Butter, Lard, Mince Meat, etc., sweet and pure an indefinite length of time.

They resist corrosion and decay, and guard their contents from all contamination.

No danger of evil effects attending tinned goods.

Get samples and prices.

THE E. B. EDDY CO., LIMITED, HULL.

TEES & PERSSE, Agents, WINNIPEG, MAN.

When appearance is a consideration!

SHOREY'S

Ready to Wear Clothing

becomes a necessity.

Who can afford to ignore his personal appearance?

A large manufacturer who studies the want of the people, and whose business depends upon supplying those wants, will give better results than a tailor whose opportunities are limited and trade local.

If your local dealer does not keep Shorey's Clothing—'Remember there are others'—Write to a larger and more enterprising merchant elsewhere.

See that Shorey's Guarantee Card is in the pocket of each garment.

CARDSTON RECORD.

—:o:—

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the Interests of Cardston and Canada.

Published Every Saturday at Cardston,

C. EDGAR SNOW, EDITOR.

Office Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

THE EDITOR does not assume responsibility for the views or statements expressed by any of THE RECORD'S contributors.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance.

Cardston, August 13, 1898.

City papers are the only ones to keep you posted on the general news of the world, including the war between the United States and Spain, but if you want to get the local news you will have to read THE RECORD.

England's Asiatic dominions and dependencies cover more than 2,500,000 square miles, She has 270,000,000 souls under her rule, speaking some twenty languages. Her European military strength in Asia is 75,000 with 150,000 native auxiliaries, while her naval force is stronger than that of any other single power, excepting Japan. She has 21,000 miles of railway and 47,000 miles of telegraph on the land in Asia, and some 20,000 miles of submarine cable.

What a howl would go up if the newspapers would criticise the individual as freely as many people criticise the newspaper! Every issue of a live and reputable newspaper is a mantle of charity, and the matter left out—truth, not gossip—would often more than equal in volume the matter published. If an editor could get out a cold fact edition some day and then get up a tall tree and watch the result—whew! what a picnic it would be.—Ex.

Every human soul is a sculptor.—Robert G. Ingersoll.

The August number of the Canadian Magazine is just to hand. It is called the "Midsummer Number," and is a credit to Canada. We hear so many people complain of the scarcity of good magazine literature that is strictly Canadian. We refer these people to the August CANADIAN.

We are eminently satisfied with the manner in which the people of Cardston have come forward and subscribed to THE RECORD. The Editor wants to see this paper in every home throughout our fair Southern Alberta.

Numerous congratulations have been received from the good people of Cardston and other settlements on our initial number. We hear such remarks as: "Very good. Keep it up." "Much better than I expected." "Good for Cardston." "Your paper is alright," Etc., etc.

The coming to Cardston of Dr. K. G. Maeser reminds the writer that ten years ago he was attending the Brigham Young Academy at Provo, Utah, U. S., of which institution Dr. Maeser was then president.

We trust that the Earl of Minto will be as able a Governor-General of Canada as was Lord Aberdeen.

If editors could only invent some way of making their papers suitable for food purposes their fortunes would be assured. As a rule [Shades of Demosthenes our respect to you!] people care more for their stomaches than their brains.

Prince Bismark died July 30th. Gladstone and Bismark! Both so great, and yet how different in their greatness.

==Subscribe==

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THE Record.

LOCAL LINES.

—:o:—

Read THE RECORD.

Prices for beef cattle are good.

Cardston is at present dead socially.

Vern Shaw was in town, Saturday.

Immigrants are arriving almost daily.

Mr. Austin has rented R. C. Bright's place.

E. Shipley has rented part of R. A. Pilling's house.

Marion Woolf was seen on our streets, Saturday.

Walter Glenn was transacting business in Cardston the other day.

One of our compositors, Miss Lileth Nelson, has the measles.

A. O. Shomaker has moved his family out to Layton's ranch.

J. A. Hamner has several apple trees that are growing nicely.

All over town stacks of hay are looming-up like miniature mountains.

The funeral services were held on the 5th. over the remains of Miss Parker.

Taken as a whole the summer so far has been delightful.

There were 69 locals in last week's paper. Pretty good for a "starter", eh?

Quite a number of our young men have been called to fill missions in Manitoba.

A large flock of night-hawks passed our town in an easterly direction the other evening. These birds do not go in large companies as a rule.

Many people were in town Saturday and Sunday to attend the Sunday School Conference.

Dr. K. G. Maeser, after a brief sojourn in our midst, departed for the States, Monday.

Hyrum Richards was in town, Saturday. Mr. Richards is erecting an 18x38 building on his ranch near Ætna.

Mr. Lee has purchased for $250. the flier which defeated the Powell horse at the races.

It is no uncommon sigt to see Indians here driving in buggies which many a white man might be proud of.

The Cardston Co. Ltd., has been selling hats, flowers and feathers at a discount of 35 cts. on a dollar, and their summer dress goods at cost.

J. W. Woolf, who buys cattle as fast as people can fatten them, has a card in this issue. If there is a better all-round-rustler than Johnnie, so far, we have not made his acquaintance.

Prof. Hinkley has returned from Winnipeg. See his article in this issue. The many friends of Sterling Williams will read the account with much interest.

Corp. Bolderson has a very promising horse in the one he purchased from A. E. Austin the other week. In all probability the horse will develope into a racer.

Copies of the initial number of THE RECORD have been sent to England, British Columbia, Winnipeg, Brandon, Toronto, Ottawa, Idaho, Utah and numerous cities throughout Manitoba and Alberta.

A single party has not passed through Cardston bound for the Klondike for a couple of months. During the early spring, many companies of prospectors passed through here on their way to Edmunton, thence over-land to the Yukon District.

Sunday after-noon the Cardston Brass Band was out serenading Dr. K. G. Maeser. This band is one of the best the writer has heard in any town. Some of the selections are rendered with considerable skill, and show careful training under Band-Master Archibald.

Dr. K. G. Maeser arrived in Cardston on the evening of the 5th. He was driven from Lethbridge by Bishop Richard Pilling, at whose place in Ætna he remained during the night of the 4th. While in Cardston the eminent Educator was the guest of Mrs. C. O. Card.

The following mentioned young men will soon depart for Manitoba, in which province they will proselyte for the Mormon Church:

J. J. Head, Seth Thomas, C. F. Jensen Jr., J. W. Woolf, Joe. Allen, Aleck Leishman, and Joe. Ellison.

Corp. Cotter has been across the international line in quest of some light-fingered persons, who were present during the recent races at John Fermans'. They are supposed to have taken several articles of value not legally their own.

$2.00 The Record.

Some say, "Give us late telegraphic news." Others, "Don't bother with the news of the world. Give us local news only; we get the world news in other papers."

Which class shall we serve?

James P. Low takes to the management of the Cardston Co. Ltd., just as a duck takes to water. He has been in the mercantile business the greater part of his life.

Good advertising cannot be called an expence, for it is only an investment, just as you place your money in a glove stock, or a line of furnishings, and you get your money out of it just as surely, and with possibly a better margin on the investment.—Advertising World.

THE RECORD is for sale at the Book Store.

Miss Grace Kearl is convalesent.

Lee Young returned to the ranch, Monday.

Miss Cottingham, of Lethbridge, is visiting Mrs. C. O. Card.

G. M. Hudson, of Ætna, was in town this week.

H. W. Savory was transacting business in town Monday.

Mrs C. O. Card, Mrs. C. E. Snow and Miss Vienna Booth went to Ætna Tuesday after-noon to visit the meeting of the Y. L M. I. Association.

C. F. Jensen Jr. departed for Manitoba Tuesday morning. Mr. Jensen will labor in the missionary field for two years. His present headquarters will be in Brandon.

Mercer & McCarty have been punctual in their mail service ever since assuming control of the Cardston and Lethbridge Stage Line.

Robert C. Beck, the popular contractor, who has been in business here several years, in which time he has built some of Cardston's nicest houses, has his card in to-day's issue.

Mr. Magnus Holm, of Mountain View, returned from the Crow's Nest Pass, Wednesday. Mr. Holm said that in a week or two the rails will be laid as far as the lake.

C. A. Magrath, of Lethbridge, was in Cardston Monday. Mr. Magrath is interested in the canal enterprise of the Alberta Irrigation Co.

Henry & Frank, blacksmiths, have an announcement in to-day's paper. Mr. S. Henry formerly of Toronto, Ont, is a carriage builder and general blacksmith. Victor Frank is well and favorably known here. Mr. Frank was a partner of H. R. Sloan & Co., in whose shop he did all the horse shoeing, at which trade he is an adept. They will be ready for business next week, at Bonnell's old place.

Wm. Wood expects to cut his barley in a few days.

Mr. Ross, the school-teacher arrived in Cardston, Wednesday night. We understand that school is to begin Monday next.

Apostle A. O. Woodruff, and wife, and Elder J. G. Kimball, of Utah, will be in attendance at the conference of the C. of J. C. of L. D. Saints. They will come next week.

Two children of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wood have been ill with the measles for several days, and now their baby has contracted the disease.

Complaint is made that some of the settlers are fencing land that has been surveyed for streets. There is an ordinance governing this matser and people who appropriate the streets for their own use lay themselves liable to heavy damages. D'ont fence the streets.

Our attention has been called to an item that appeared under the caption, "Some things needed," in last issue of THE RECORD. The item refered to, alluded to prices of commodities being too high. Since its publication comparisions have been made with prices at Lethbridge and Macleod, and in many instances we find that Cardston stores are selling grocries etc., cheaper than do the leading mercantile institutions of those places.

It is surprising that people of intelligence entertain for a second the idea that a newspaper can continue distributing sample copies for six months or a year. Our Solicitors have been calling on the residents of Cardston during the week in order to secure subscribers for THE RECORD.

Several people actually enquired as to whether THE RECORD would not be sent FREE for six months! Will Winnipeg firms furnish us with paper, ink, type, presses, etc., etc., etc., free for six months? Will our compositors work free for six months? Will the thousand and one things indespensible to a newspaper be furnished free to us for six months? No, indeed. The people who want this paper will pay $2.00 a year for it.

SOME FALSEHOODS NAILED.

People who come here, find the country not just to their liking and depart for their former resident places, should not tell falsehoods about our country, climate, etc.

That such is frequently the case all are aware. Recently some parties have returned to Utah having met with reverses here, and it is reported that these people are telling some untruths of our country. Why will people do this? We do not claim for our country all the attraction of a paradise, but we do have some advantages not enjoyed by every place on our globe. Our soil is rich; our lands are covered with grass; we have level lands, rolling lands, hilly lands and other kinds of lands; grain is raised here; horses and cattle do well here; and the people who come here with the firm determination of succeeding do succeed. In our last issue was a brief "write up" of our climate. See it. If a man does not have determination in his make up, he will not like our country, our climate, our people; he will not succeed here, he will not succeed anywhere else; succees is not in him. If a man does not know how to fly he will not be able to soar into space just because he comes to Canada; if a man does not know how to make brick, he will not startle the world by his marvelous success in the brick business. Our disappointed friends ought not to tell people that our country is devoid of all things good for man; don't say we live on air; don't say there is no grass here; don't say the wind blows our whiskers off; don't say we live in holes in the ground; don't say the country here is one continuous hill; hills to the right of us, hills to the left of us, hills and hollows; don't say the winters never lose their grip on Canada; don't say the people here are all fifty per. cent worse than heathens; don't waste your breath telling such absurd falsehoods; but TELL THE TRUTH. The truth is what we are after "Truth is golden".

SOME IMPROVEMENTS.

—:o:—

J. A. Anderson has painted his house.

Levi Harker recently built an addition to his dwelling.

Mrs. M. H. Thomas has one of the nicest houses in town. It was lately constructed.

M. Spencer's frame building is a creditable addition to the suthern part of Cardston.

M. L. Stoddard's house has been given a neat coat of paint, greatly improving its appearance.

Mark Beazer's place presents very neat appearance since additional rooms were erected and the whole painted tastefully.

Rev. G. Hamilton, in the Presbyterin Manse, has given Cardston an estimable example in neat architecture. The Chapel in which servicet were first held, a few weeks since, would do credit to a much larger place than Cardston.

There are many other late building improvements which space alone forbids us mentioning in this issue. We purpose giving our readers a comprhesive writeup of the buildings erected during the passed year in a future number of THE RECORD.

Conference of Young Mens and Young Womens Mutual Improvement Association. Aug. 20, 1898.

General Officers Meeting, 10 a. m. Public Meeting. 2 p. m. Evening Session, 7 p. m.

PROGRAM.

Morning meeting. Reports and business.
Afternoon, Instructions from Visitors of Central Boards etc.,
Evening Meeting, Lectures, Songs and remarks.
Pres. John W. Woolf.
Con. David Rollins.
Con. Robert Ibey.
Pres. Zina Y. Card.
Con. Attena Williams.
Con. Rhoda Duce.

Died, Aug, 9th., 1898. Clifford Barrington Gay. Born in Chater, Manitoba, Canada, March 13th., 1897. His parents, Albert J. and Florence Ada Gay, have resided in Cardston but a short time. Their numerous friends extend their heartfelt sympathy to them in their bereavemant.

Died: Aug. 3rd. 1898, Liddie Elizabeth Parker, aged 12 years, 8 months; the youngest daughter of George and Selina Parker, after an illness of 12 months.

ADVERTISE. HERE.

Look out for

The new Carriage & Blacksmith Shop!

Henry & Frank.

Bonnell's Old Stand.

C. E. SNOW,

Dealer in

Stationery, Confectionery, Tobaccos, etc., etc.

Latest Magazines and Periodicals.

Canadain Headquarters for Mormon Publications.

Agency for every Magazine and Newspaper Published in the World.

Meat Market.

The undersigned wishes to inform the inhabitants of Cardston and surrouding settlements that his meat market is in full blast and meat is kept on hand constantly. I pay spot cash for beef.

Wm. Wood.

HOTEL DE WOOLF.

Rates, $ 1.50 per Day.

Livery & Feed Stable.

CARDSTON. ALTA.

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.

All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.

Cardston. . . . . Alberta.

= Samuel Cox, =

Contractor & Builder.

Sign, General Painting, & Paper Hanging.

Orders can be left at Record Office.

CARDSTON. . . ALBERTA.

C. O. CARD,

SUB AGENT

for

DOMINION LANDS.

ALSO AGENT FOR

RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY

. . . AND . . .

PRIVATE LANDS.

Office Hours: 9 to 4.

Lundberg & Neilson,

General Blacksmiths.

Horse Shoeing a Specialty.

Cardston, ... Alta.

Gay & Wight,

Contractors & Builders.

Estimates given on all kinds of work free. We have expert workmen that we send out in the country to do work at short notice.

Don't forget our black smith and wagon shop. We have the best material money can buy, and we guarantee our workmanship. Only shop in town where you can get A 1 Steel Buggie tires.

Machinery Repaired and Refitted.

Thanking the public for their past patronage and asking the continuation of the same.

Yours respectfully.

Gay & Wight.

LETHBRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.

Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7:30 o'clock, a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $3.00; Round trip, $5.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.

MERCER & McCARTY PROPS.

R. C. BECK.

Contractor & Builder.

All work neatly executed, and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

CABINET WORK A SPECIALTY.

R. C. Beck.

J.W.WOOLF.

I pay cash for BEEF CATTLE. See me before completing a sale.

J.W. Woolf.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 20, 1898. NO. 3.

A WORD IN REPLY.

Alleged Misrepresentations of Conditions in Canadian Settlements.

To the Editor:

Please allow me space to reply to the writer who is the author of this in the Tribune:

"SICK OF CANADA.

"Lehi, July 12.—A Letter received yesterday by James Kirkham from his daughter, Alberta, in Canada, reports that herself and husband, M. H. Anderson, are on their way to Utah once more. Much dissatisfaction is reported, twenty-five teams having left in one day. Wheat is about six inches high. The Canadian government seems to have reserved the best land for speculative purposes, necessitating a journey of over a hundred miles from the settlements already made to where there is suitable land for pre-emption."

I would think any person who invented this misrepresentation would be sick of most any place on earth. I will here state there is one truth, that is, a few parties have returned from Canada. Experience teaches us that some people are not contented anywhere. They left their former homes because of their discontentment, and this spirit actuated them, but some of those 25 wagons never entered the Dominion; they came to the national boundary, looked over, or feigned to look, but closed their eyes and said, "We can behold nothing." A few others came as far as the custom house; failing to assure the officials of their identy, retreated. A few others that returned came into our settlements, and failing to find a location among the old settlers of eleven years residence, could see nothing that suited them aside from cultivated farms, became discontented and returned. To this no one objected. But the statement that there was no land within 100 miles is absolutly false. During the last three months I have located about 400 new settlers within 16 miles, and can locate another thousand people and not go to exceed 20 miles from Cardston, and all these within the purview of our organized wards. I can do this on government land, as homesteaders, too.

Now about the land held for speculative purposes. Our country, like that of the United States, has subsidized railroads and the odd section, the railways have to sell on easy terms at $3 per acre. As few townships of land north and east of our settlements are held in solid blocks to facilitate irrigation, all of which the government has the right to do. However, within this radius of 100 miles there are hundreds of homesteads on exellent lands. I have been a resident of Cardston, Alberta, for over eleven years, and we have never failed in raising a crop. However, a few seasons have been dry and crops light. In these dry seasons where the land was put in in time and properly tilled, we have raised fifteen to 18 and 20 bushels per acre. Last year we averaged nearly 30 bushels of wheat and 50 or 60 bushels of oats to the acre. And all of this has been done without irrigation. Once we have strength enough to establish a thorough system of irrigtion, I believe our southern Alberta country will be second to none. The industrious portion of our people are very prosperous. Of these we are blessed with a great majority.

Mr. Editor! "There is no exellence without labor." The industrious have not time to complain, neither have they a desire to do so. I left Cardston ten days ago and at that date our prospects for a good crop were very favorable. People were haying and preparing to harvest that six inch wheat; the shortest (the late sown) was knee high, while the fall and early sown was equal to that I saw in Cache valley, planted at the same time. Besides, our farmers, the most of them, have a year's or more bread on hand. Our vegetable crops are in fine condition, people eating new potatoes.

The new comers are busy building, breaking land, haying, etc., and look cheerful

Besides all of this we are offered $100,000 in labor on the Alberta Irrigation company's canal, half cash and half exellent prairie land at $3 per acre. All the work will be contracted work. Ten cents per yard for earth and corresponding prices for gravel, cement, loose and solid rock, all of which our people have the first opportunity to do, which to me betokens prosperity for the industrious home seeker.

I will here state, if you desire information enquire of those that live in our settlements or come and see for yourselves. It will only cost you $40 for the round trip by calling on our agent, Wm. C. Spence, Box B, Salt Lake City. Send your men of judgement who will take a few days to look over the country. Call on the old residents, view their farms, gardens, stock, etc.

Yours truly,
C. O. Card.

Salt Lake City, Aug. 5th, 1898.

(From Deseret News.)

LATE TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

London, Aug. 16—Spain is in mourning.

Peace has cost the Dons their Colonial Empire.

Washington, Aug15—Troups coming North. All of Shafter's command will be in the United States Thursday.

Rome, Aug 15—The Pope very ill. He will be all right, however, if he can pull through the hot weather.

Fresno, Cal., Aug 14.—Half a million in property wiped out by flames. Burned until daybreak. Hundreds thrown out of employment.

"HOT, ISN'T IT?"

That remark is heard on all sides these days. During the middle of the day, it is hot, if it were not for this extreme heat grain would not mature, as the springs and falls in this country are usually stormy and cold, in this way making it necessary for Nature to put on a "spurt" during July and August. 90 in the shade is not uncommon now, and it makes one pity those poor people living in southern countries.

With all this heat in the middle of the day we can still live and smile, for where is there a country with cooler, pleasanter and more refreshing evenings and nights than our own Alberta? Not on this globe.

Just as the sun disappears below the towering Rocky Mountains, a cool breeze begins dispensing invigorating ozone to grateful man and beast, and to the gentle swaying to and fro of the trees, the human soul, probably the mind unconscious of it, gives harmonical thanks to the Creator of things beautiful, good and healthful.

Latter Day Saints' Services.

Following is a brief synopsis of the services held last Sunday by the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saint.

Biship J. A. Hammer presided.

Singing. Prayer by Elder W. M. Steed.

Sining. Sacrament administered by Elders McCarty and Evans.

Elder Robt. Nelson was honorble released as Supt. of the Cardston Sunday School.

Prof. Hinkley read a sermon that was delivered by Apostle Jos. F Smith in the Salt Lake Tabernacle.

Pres. C O. Card was the next speaker.

Was pleased to be in our midst again after a brief sojourn in Utah.

Said we ought to be more self-sacraificing and more willing to sacrifice a little in order to help others to an understanding of the Truth, and a salvation of their own souls. It is through this spirit that the brothern below are helping us out by taking a certain portion of the work upon themselves of developing and settling this country. Advised the people to cultivate the spirit of contentment and the Lord would bless us here in this land.

Acknoledged the hand of the Lord in the blessings of the past. Spoke upon the war between the United States and Spain.

Was glad that war had ceased and that peace was once more restored. Attributed the great wisdom shown by Pres. McKinley and the officers of the U. S. navy, to the power of God.

Notice given that the Y. M. & L. Association and General Conference would be held at the Cardston Meeting House next Saturday Sunday and Monday.

Singing, Benediction by Elder Wm. Wood.

BRIEF RESUME
= of =
CANADIAN HISTORY
From 1497 to 1898.

Very Short and to the Point.

FAMILIARIZE YOURSELF WITH ALL THAT APPEARS IN THIS COLUMN EACH WEEK.

Having lived in this district more than three years, we are acquainted with the majority of inhabitants, and to a greater or less degree, have a knowledge respecting their uniformed condition as to the laws and history of Canada. We, therefore, purpose publishing, serially, in a portion of this column, each week, a Short History of Canada from 1497 to 1898, together with Statistical Items of general interest.

The earliest offiicial records show that John and Sebastian Cabot, sailing under commission from King Henry VII. of England, landed in 1497 on that part of the present Dominion of Canada known as Cape Brenton in Nova Scotia.

Gaspar Cortereal discovered and named the Labrador coast in1500.

Jacques Cartier of St Malo, France, acting under the authority and patronage of Francis I. of France, discovered in 1534 those portions of the Dominion of Canada now called New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island and Quebec, and on his return to France presented the King with the first official record there is of the existnece of these regions.

Captain Cook in 1778 gave an authentic record of the discovery of Vancouver Island and the Pacific Ocean coast of the present Dominion.

Frobisher, Hudson, Franklin, Richardson, Back, Mackenzie and others, between 1576 and 1847, explored and named the north and northwest coasts of the Dominion.

Colonization was practically begun in 1605-8. In 1805, Baron de Poutrincourt established Port Royal (now Annapolis Royal in Nova Scotia), the first actual settlement by Europeans. In 1608 Champlain founded Quebec.

The name Canada first appears in the "Eref recit de la navigation faite en 1536-7 par Capt. Jacques Cartier."

By discovery, by occupation and by the Treaty of Utrecht (1713) and the Treaty of Paris, 1763, and of Versailles, 1783, all the country comprised in the Dominion of Canada became part of the British Empire.

The Dominion of Canada is about 3,500 miles from east to west and 1,400 miles from north to south.

It comprises the whole of the northern half of North America with the exceptions, on the west, of Alaska, and on the east, of Labrador, which latter is under the jurisdiction of Newfoundland this, colony not yet having entered the Canadian confederation.

Canada is bounded on the north by the Arctic Ocean; on the west by Alaska and the Pacific Ocean on the east by the Gulf of St. Lawrence and Labrador, and on the south by the Atlantic Ocean and the United States of America. The latter boundary (starting from the Atlantic seaboard) commences at the mouth of the St. Croix River, which empties into the Bay of Fundy, then follows this river and Lake Chiputnecook and passes due north until it strikes the St. John River; thence by that river and one of its western branches it reaches the watershed between the St Lawrence River and the Atlantic, which it follows by a tortuous southwesterly course to the 45th parallel of north latitude in longitude 71 degrees 30 minutes west; then by that parallel it passes westward to the St. Lawrence River and along the mid-channel of that river and of the Lakes Ontario, Erie, Huron and the main portion of Lake Superior to the mouth of Pigeon River; thence by it and Rainy River it gains the northwest angle of Lake of the Woods; thence it follows the 49th parallel to the Gulf of Georgia and thence passes by the Haro Straits and the Straits of Fuca to the Pacific Ocean. The length of this frontier line is 3,000 geographical miles, 1,400 miles being a water line by rivers, lakes and seas, and 1,600 miles being a land boundary.

In addition to this boundary line between Canada and the United States there is a boundary between Canada and Alaska (belonging to the United States by purchase from Russia in 1867). This line is in process of delimitation by joint commission.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

G. Hamilton, Pastor.

Divine service at Cardston every Sabbath a 8 p. m.

At Mountain View and St. Marys every two weeks.

Subjects announced in advance every week.

All are welcome.

G. Hamilton.

The RECORD & Montreal Family Herald & Weekly Star, one year for $2.75.

Subscribe now.

THE RECORD'S Job Department has been kept very busy ever since its Gordon press was put in. Everything printed by the job department is guaranteed to give satisfaction. Get your wedding-cards, enveloes, letter-heads, &c. &c, printed at the CARDSTON-RECORD JOB PRINTING DEPARTMENT.

GOOD CROPS.

All classes of grain are looking splendid and a bountiful harvest is almost a certainity. Although the season has been a little backward, few of the older settlers entertained a doubt as to the outcome; they have learned that when spring comes, late according to the calender, fall is likewise slow in putting a stoppage to the maturing of the grains.

In a trip through Cardston, Etna, Leavitt and Mountain View, a person sees hundreds of acres of waving grain, most of which will be ready for harvesting in two or three weeks.

This is the eleventh year of the Pioneers.

In those eleven years they have nevar failed in raising grain. Of coarse, some seasons were better than others, as in other countries.

This goes to prove, however, that for a farming district this section of Alberta is all right.

NEW POST OFFICE.

An improvement in the right direction is one commenced by Postmaster Allen last week. The foundation is being laid for a building 35x90 adjoining H. S. Allen & Co's on the north. A part of their building will be used for the post office.

Cardston has long been in need of a suitable post office. Having only a semi-weekly mail service, the people are naturally anxious to get their mail as soon as it arrives and is distributed; consequently there is a jam around the delivery window which is anything but pleasant, especially to ladies. All this will be over-come in the new building.

Besides having more commodious quarters, another improvement will be the post office boxes which we understand Mr. Allen contemplates having put in for those who desire that convenience.

$ 2.00

The Record.

EVERYBODY

WEARS SHOES.

You get the best when you buy those made by

The Ames Holden Co.

Large shipment just received at

H. S. Allen & Co.

C. Edgar Snow, Banker,

Cardston, ...Alberta.

A general banking business transacted.

The People's Store!

Everything from a Needle to a Steam Engine,— a box of matches to a Sack of CARDSTON Flour,— or a Button to a Suit of Clothes—you can get.

Receiving each week now, a part of our extensive line of

Dry Goods & Boots & Shoes

The most extensive ever brought here.

Special Inducements to Cash Customers.

Farmer's Produce Taken in Exchange.

Agents CARDSTON DAIRY. Finest Grade of CHEESE in the North-West Territories.

Go to the CARDSTON CO. Ltd.

PEACE AT HAND.

SPAIN HAS APPROVED THE TERMS OF THE U. S.

Fighting in Porto Rico—The United States Victorious All Along the Line.

Madrid, Aug. 11.—10 p. m.—The government has received the protocol and the cabinet rose at 9.40 p. m., having approved it. The government will wire M. Cambon to-night empowering him to sign the preliminaries of peace.

The day has been diplomatically one of the busiest since the outbreak of the war. There have been no fewer than three cabinet councils in addition to various diplomatic conferences. Though the text of the protocol was not received until the evening was well advanced, the government had been made fully acquainted with its contents through Paris. The matter was practically settled at the cabinet meeting this afternoon and the receipt of the document therefore only required a meeting of the cabinet for formal acceptance. Ministers adhere to the statement that the protocol contains no modifications of the original terms, but only new suggestions. They expect it will be signed at Washington to-morrow, Friday, and that a suspension of hostilities will be announced. Duke Almodovar de Rio, minister of foreign affairs, assures the correspondent of the Associated Press that the negotiations for the peace treaty will take place in Paris, but he says the commissioners have not yet been appointed. The terms of the protocol will not be published until the instrument has been signed.

AT WASHINGTON.

Washington, Aug. 11.—The interest in government circles centred today in the press dispatches from Madrid as the first news of the decision of the Spanish government would be made public there and there was no likelihood of anything being known officially in Washington during the day as to Spain's decision. After the close of office hours Secretary Day drove over to the White House and had a half hour's conference with the president. He stated that no further word had been received from Ambassador Cambon, but admitted that he expected a call from that gentleman tomorrow.

GEN. MERRITT'S PLANS.

General Merritt undoubtedly is pursuing his campaign in Luzon. It is stated positively that he is under no restraining order from the war department but that it is left entirely to his own discretion when and how to attack Manila, inasmuch as it has been reported from Cavite that he was simply waiting the arrival there of the double turreted monitor, Monadnock, it is presumed this attack will soon follow; if it has not been made already, for according to the calculation of the navy department the Monadnock is about due now at Cavite. While not quite clear as to General Merritt's purpose in deferring his attack until the vessel arrives, it is the opinion of the military officials that his plan is to plant the two monitors directly within range of the Manila batteries, and, if a demand for surrender is refused, to batter down the defences.

Fighting in Porto Rico.

New York, Aug. 11.—The Herald has the following from Cape San Juan, Porto Rico, dated August 10: There was a two hours fight before daybreak yesterday. Eight hundred Spaniards attempted to retake the lighthouse, which was guarded by Lieut. Atwater, Assistant Engineer Jenkins, Ensign Bronson and Gunner Campbell. The Spaniards were driven back by shells from the Amphitrite, Cincinnati and Leyden. Refugees report that one hundred Spaniards were killed. William N. Boardman of the Amphitrite was seriously wounded. He was in the lighthouse. The Spanish advance began from Rio Grande, whither the Spaniards retreated after the first landing of troops at San Juan last week. They marched through Luquillo and pulled down the United States flag at Fajardo, and repaced it with the Spanish flag. Terrified refugees warned the lighthouse force that the Spanish were coming. There were sixty women and children in the outbuilding of the lighthouse during the fight. The Spaniards opened with a machine gun at a distance of three hundred yards. The Leyden, Ensign Crosley commanding, rushed within a hundred yards of the shore and poured one pounders into the Spaniards. Captain Barclay of the Amphitrite used six pounders and the Cincinnati five inch guns. The ships landed 250 men during the fight and reinforced the lighthouse. The machine gun, rifles and ammunition were left by the retreating Spaniards.

New York, Aug. 11.—The New York Journal prints this afternoon a dispatch from Coamo, Porto Rico., Aug. 10, via St. Croix, Aug. 11, which says: After the capture of Coamo yesterday, troop C., of Brooklyn, was ordered out along the road leading to Albonito. The United States troopers had not gone far when they discovered a party of Spanish engineers who were attempting to destroy al of the bridges spanning the streams The United States troops at once started towards the Spanish, who fled, and pursued them for miles. The pursuit was so close that the Spaniards did not succeed in doing any damage to the bridges until they reached a point three miles from Albonito. Here they were able to halt long enough to blow up a culvert bridge, after which they continued their flight. The troopers halted at the bridge, which they were ordered to hold. The Spaniards shelled the troopers during the afternoon, but did no damage. The bridge is being repaired with the greatest difficulty in advance of General Wilson's forces.

Battle at Margaguez.

Washington, Aug. 11.—The war department late this afternoon received the following:

Ponce, via Bermuda, Aug. 11. Secretary of War, Washington, D. C.

The following received from Schwan: Camp near Hermigueres. Advance guard, including cavalry of this command, while reconnoitering northwest of Rosario river, near Hormigueres, developed a strong Spanish force which lay concealed in the hills north of Mayaguez. In a general engagement that followed, Lieut. Byron, 8th Infantry, my aide-de-camp, was wounded in the foot and Private Wernberger, company D, 11th Infantry, and one other private were killed and fourteen enlisted men were wounded. It is reported that the most if not the entire Spanish garrison of Mayaguez and surrounding country, consisting of 1,000 regulars and 200 volunteers, took part in the engagement. We drove the enemy from his position and it is believed, inflicted a very heavy loss. A wounded Spaniard, a lieutenant, was found in the field and brought in to our lines. The conduct of the officers and men was beyond all praise. I propose to continue my march on Mayaguez at an early hour tomorrow. (Signed) Schwan.

MILES.

FRENCH TREATY.

Effects of Its Provisions on Preferential Trade—The Plebiscite Date.

Ottawa, Aug. 9.—But for the existence of the French treaty, trade preference by Canada would be limited to Great Britain, the British West Indies, and colonies whose tariffs entitle them to the 25 per cent. reduction of the British preferential tariff. Under the French treaty, negotiated by Sir Charles Tupper and brought into effect by the government of Sir Mackenzie Bowell, eleven foreign countries having favored nation treaties with Great Britain are entitled to the advantages enjoyed by France. In respect to certain articles, enumerated prior to the abrogation of the treaties with Germany and Belgium, these two countries were also entitled to the advantages granted to the French, a circular has just been issued by the department of customs advising collectors that products of Germany and Belgium are not to be entered under the provisions of the French treaty act until otherwise instructed. The elimination of these two countries from the list largely removes the objection to the French treaty, because they are the heaviest exporters to Canada, but the importations from some of the other countries enjoying equal privileges with France are considerable.

THE DATE FIXED.

An extra of the Canadian Gazette has been issued proclaiming Thursday, September 29 as the date of the prohibition plebiscite.

SPECIAL MISSION.

Lord Charles Heresford to Report on British Interests in China.

London, Aug. 9.—The degree of interest and appreciation of the importance and possibility of the east to which England has aroused is evidenced by the action of the Associated Chambers of Commerce in commissioning Rear Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, Conservative member of parliament for the city of York, on a special mission to China. Lord Beresford goes to investigate the prospects of commerce and to report as to the extent to which the Chinese government will guarantee the safety of British capital already invested and of contemplated investments.

London, Aug 10.—The Times commenting editorially this morning on Lord Charles Beresfords mission, says: "Being a man of great ability, sound sense and good judgment, Lord Charles Beresford may be expected to take the bearings of the general question with considerable accuracy. There is some reason to fear, however, that he will find himself very much in the position of the naturalist who started to give an account of snakes in Ireland. He will have to discover what regions are still left for the employment of British capital in the face of the passive attitude of England.

A Big Shortage.

Montreal, Aug. 9.—The teller of the Canadian Pacific account at the Bank of Montreal is short $12,000, which has been missing for over a week. Meredith, manager of the bank, admits the shortage, but is under the belief it is only a clerical error, for which the books are now being searched. However, there is another side to the story, and detectives are working on it. They state a robbery has been committed. Stikeman, the teller takes money from the Canadian Pacific in all shapes, and has to sort it. He was behind in his sorting one day, and, it is stated, dumped the money into a basket kept for such purposes and sent it to the vaults by one of the porters. When he came to count it up he was short $12,000.

Cattle Shipments.

Messrs. Gordon & Ironside will this week ship out 1,000 head of cattle for the old country markets, from Crane Lake, Moose Mountain, Yukon and Binscarth. This is the firm's second shipment this month, 1,000 head having gone east last week. The price for grass fed cattle is only an average one, 3 1-4 cents. The number of cattle to be shipped out this season will, in J. T. Gordon's opinion, not be as large as last year.

The Bismarck Fire.

Bismarck, N.D., Aug. 9.—The total loss from last night's fire will be from $600,000 to $700,000, with insurance not exceeding $250,000. The heaviest individual losers are: Joseph Harris, $40,000; First National Bank, $75,000; Merchants' block, $25,000; postoffice block, $20,000; C. H. Phelps, $35,000; Northern Pacific railroad, $25,000.

Paderewski Disabled.

London, Aug. 9.—The Manchester Courier says Paderweski has lost the use of two of his fingers and will probably be unable to play again.

B.C. GOVERNMENT

PREMIER TURNER HAS BEEN DISMISSED.

W. W. B. McInnes May Be Attorney-General.

Victoria, Aug. 9.—Hon. Robert Beaven, who was yesterday called on by the lieutenant-governor to form a government, was this evening joined, upon invitation, by Joe Martin, while C. A. Semlin, also requested to come quickly, will be here to-morrow. Mr. Beaven expects, after consultation with these gentlemen, to be able to announce a complete cabinet on Thursday evening. In the meanwhile Hon. Mr. Turner declines to admit the constitutionality of his dismissal and to-day replied to the lieutenant-governor's note in these terms, with the intention of complaining to Ottawa. W. W. B. McInnes arrived to-day from Nanaimo and is believed to have been offered the attorney-generalship. Friends of Mr. Turner are urging him to meet Mr. Beaven with a view to coalition with the Semlin following, but he declines. Mr. Beaven says to-night that his probable course on the completion of his cabinet will be to ask a dissolution and again appeal to the electorate. Returns were to-day received from Cassiar, which gives Clifford, (government) 164; Irving (government) 125; and MacTavish, (opposition) 48, with 8 places to hear from, which, however, do not have collective more than 50 votes. The standing by of the old parties is therefore exactly 19 on each side.

Victoria, Aug. 8.—Surprise amounting to little less than consternation was expressed by the people of all shades of politics, when the news became known that Lieutenant Governor McInnes, had sent for Hon. Robt. Beaven, the former leader of the opposition, and requested him to form a government in succession to that of Hon. J. H. Turner. Few accepted the the report as true until Mr. Beaven himself endorsed its reliability, with the further information that he had accepted the task and hoped to be able to announce his success with the composition of his cabinet within twenty-four hours. The surprise of the public at this unexpected turn of events is intensified, when it is remembered that Mr. Beaven sought election as an independent oppositionist at the recent general elections and was rejected by the electorate of Victoria city, receiving the fewest votes of any of the eight candidates in the running.

Lieut. Gov. McInnes has taken this unusual course, he claims, with precedents in three crises of Quebec politics, holding that the country has not shown its confidence in the Turner administration, while the opposition in the post-election convention were divided between the old leader, Mr. Semlin and "Fighting Joe Martin," and unable to agree upon a captain.

At present the parties stand 19 to 19, Cassiar being ceded to Mr. Turner, while 33 of the 38 seats are protested, the politicians now being before the courts.

The natural expectation of the government is that Premier Beaven will call an immediate session of the house for the purpose of testing the strength of his following or request a dissolution of the new house for a second appeal to the people.

HIS HONOR EXPLAINS.

Victoria, Aug. 8.—Lieutenant Governor McInnes has intimated in an interview his reason for his course of action with respect to the government. He says that it appeared to him that the result of the elections did not show sufficient confidence on the part of the people to justify the government in making further expenditures or appointments and that on the 14th of July he notified the premier to that effect. The government, however, kept on its course, so this morning his honor asked for the resignation of the ministry. Since the opposition did not appear to be united on any leader he had sent for Mr. Beaven will ask for and be granted an immediate dissolution.

WILL BEAVEN SUCCEED?

Victoria, Aug. 8.—The lieutenant-governor to-day relieved Mr. Turner of his position of premier, and entrusted Robert Beaven, who was the defeated candidate in Victoria at the last two general elections, with the formation of a new ministry. No reasons are assigned, but it is generally understood that the governor recognizes the fact that the Turner government lost the confidence of the country, and of the house at the late elections. Mr. Beaven, in the early eighties, was premier, and was previously, for several years, in the Walkem cabinet. Until defeated in 1894, he was leader of the opposition. It is thought he will fail in forming a government, as he is without following of any kind, while the opposition leaders, with whom Beaven has not been allied since his defeat, will feel they have been ignored. There is much surprise at the action of the governor in calling on Beaven, while in government circles the dismissal of Turner is freely condemned. With a Cassiar seat for the government, as it is believed there will be, the two parties are a tie, nineteen seats each.

Baron Herschell Arrives at Victoria.

Victoria, Aug. 9.—Lord Herschell arrived here this evening and will be banqueted tomorrow by the Law society. The board of trade will lay before him the case of the sealers and other matters to come up at the Quebec conference.

Obituary.

Bismarck, N. D., Aug. 9.—Governor Briggs, of North Dakota, died today of consumption. J. M. Devine is lieutenant-governor.

THE LION ROARS.

Lord Salisbury Casts His Gauntlet at the Feet of Russia.

Russian Aggression in China and Persia to Be No Longer Tolerated.

New York, Aug. 7.—Regarding the Anglo-Russian question, the London correspondent of the Evening Post cables: 'To say that the relations between England and Russia are strained is only to say that they still are as they have been any time these two years past, but to-day the situation is so grave that the only pacific solution is for one or the other power to climb down publicly. The trouble is about the contract which the government was about to sign with the Hong Kong and Shanghai bank for a loan to extend the railway to New Chwang, secured on the railway itself. M. Pavloff, having peremptorily forbidden the hypothecation of the ily forbidden the hypothecation of the railway and thus made the loan impossible, the British minister, Sir Claude Macdonald, under instructions, cabled by Lord Salisbury on July 22, informed the Yamen that England would "not tolerate any interference of another power as between Her Majesty's subjects and the Chinese government contracts freely entered into with them by the latter and would support the Chinese government in resisting such aggression. Next day the Russian minister repeated with added emphasis his demands and so the matter stands pending the decision of China as to which power she will cast in her lot with. Anyway the momentous fact stands out beyond reach of opinion or recall that in the sight of the whole world, Lord Salisbury has at last thrown down his glove to Russia on behalf of the policy of the "open door." It so happens that the bulk of the trade at stake at New Chwang is American.

To this piece of news should be added two others and the gravity of the situation will be understood. The first is that Russia has forbidden the Shah of Persia to accept a loan from a British bank, which he was on the point of signing a contract with. The second that Russia has assumed the protectorate of Raheita, which will enable her to divide with England the control of the southern entrance to the Red Sea.

Upon the same subject the London correspondent of the Tribune says: There has been considerable discussion in parliament over the new situation in China, similar to that which arose when Russia vetoed the loan from the British government. This time the complications are caused by the contract for the loan, which the Hong Kong and Shanghai bank wishes to make to the Chinese government for a railway between Tientsin and New Chwang, both treaty ports. The Russian minister has been objecting strongly for six weeks, and Lord Salisbury has explained in parliament that England has offered China a guarantee against Russia. It seems entirely clear that Russia is interfering with British rights, secured by the treaty of Tien-Tsin. The obvious criticism upon Lord Salisbury's method is that the offer of a guarantee to Peking, which China does not like to accept, is a less direct remedy than a determined remonstrance through the British ambassador at St. Petersburg would be. The fires between London and St. Petersburg may, however, have been hotter than Lord Salisbury's critics suppose.

London, Aug. 8.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Mail says: "Russia is now practically in possession of New Chwang, and the "open door" in North China is already shut.

London, Aug. 8.—The correspondent of the Daily News at Odessa gives, under reserve, a report that the Russian charge d'affaires at Pekin, M. Payloff, will soon be removed. He regards it as indicating a Russian back down.

Excitement on the Kam.

Fort William, Aug. 9.—Intense excitement is being taken in the voting tomorrow on the bylaw for $40,000, annulling the present one for $35,000, for the removal of the waterworks power house farther up the river to Ford street. The council has issued a pamphlet in favor of it, and prominent citizens, opposed to the bylaw, have also issued a pamphlet. A mass meeting is being held in the town hall tonight.

CANADIAN NOTES.

St. Catharines, Aug. 9.—John McCann, aged 28, had his legs cut off just below the knees on the railway.

St. Thomas, Aug. 9.—Civic holiday was celebrated here by laying the corner stone of the new city hall by the Masonic grand master, E. T. Malone, of Toronto.

Cobourg, Aug. 9.—An attempt was made yesterday to burn Bickle & Healey's brewery here. The incendiary broke into the government supply house and stole a quantity of coal oil, and this he saturated a partition in the brewry and then set fire to it. The watchman quenched the flames.

Orillia, Aug. 9.—Curtis Brewster, bookkeeper, committed suicide yesterday by taking strychine. He suffered from a sunstroke three years ago and has been despondent ever since.

Yorkton, N.W.T., Aug. 9.—The three-year-old child of Chas. Leakey got a bottle of strychnine and swallowed a portion, but is recovering after three hours convulsions.

TOMORROW'S PINS.

Where is the thrill of last night's fear?
Where is the stain of last night's tear?
Where is the tooth that ached last year?
Gone where the lost pins go to.
For last night's riddle is all made plain,
The sunshine laughs at the long past rain,
The tooth that ached hath lost its pain—
That's what our troubles grow to.

We can stand the smart of yesterday;
Today's worse ills we can drive away.
What was and what is bring no dismays
For past and present sorrows,
But the burdens that make us groan and sweat,
The troubles that make us fume and fret,
Are the things that haven't happened yet—
The pins that we'll find tomorrow.

—Robert Burdette.

TOM THE BRAT.

There are some people in this world who seem predestined by an unreasonable and uncharitable fate to endure all the kicks, cuffs and contumely allotted to human affairs. That such "luck" is utterly undeserved the victims themselves are ever ready to admit, no matter how strenuously interested friends try to argue with them against such confession.

Such a buffet of fate was Tom Wilson, whose childhood was passed in the village of Charville, O. It was popularly supposed that Peg Wilson was his mother. At least Peg was chief castigator and tongue lasher extraordinary to his redheaded highness.

But Peg would scarcely admit that Tom had been born at all, so contemptuous seemed her regard for him, and if there was such an impulse as motherly affection in Peg's rough nature it must have been regarded by her as the holy of holies, as it was nurtured so tenderly that it never found expression through her lips.

It must have been that Tom tried her sorely, for he was an American boy, with all that such designation implies. He had won as many marbles at "keeps" as any boy in the village, and had blacked the eyes of every boy between the depot at the end of the village to the brickyard at the other.

So, drifting along, sustaining many beatings, fighting his way, Tom reached the age of 12, just as the country was electrified with the news of impending war. Tom was like other boys, in that he loved to follow the meanderings of the awkward squad as it drilled upon the village common. In fact, with an old flour barrel and a pair of chair rungs he had become so thoroughly familiar with the beats, rolls, draggs and timings of the cross eyed drummer, who on each succeeding Fourth of July had delighted to show how he did it in the Mexican war, and who now drummed for the new company of home guards, that he, Tom, could march almost as well as any of them.

One day in the summer of 1861 Tom was vigorously beating the long roll upon his faithful flour barrel, when Peg alighted upon him like a spirit of evil:

"Hyar y'ar again, y' redheaded brat, thumpin that ole bar'l! I've a notion t' cram y' into et an head y' up! Hyar! Gimme them"—

"Oh, mam"—

But the chair rungs had passed under an old meat ax and were destined to beat "taps" no more forever.

"Now git along outo this. Ef I ketch y'—oh, I wish y' could go t' war an never come back!"

Tom heard it and said nothing. Peg went her way, but somhow the clothespins were harder to hold, the line more kinky and the soot flakes thicker that day than ever before. Not that there was any reason for it—no, indeed. What had she said that should make a strong woman nervous? Surely it was no harm to wish that freckled imp in Jericho. Besides he couldn't go to war. But what's the use of talking?

Still Peg felt "narvous like" for some days, while Tom said very little.

The shrill shriek of a fife broke upon the midnight stillness. There was a measured rolling and perfect timing to the snare drum accompaniment, which acquainted the natives with the fact that Major Smith, the cross eyed Mexican veteran, was not handling the ebony sticks. Never did "The Girl I Left Behind Me" sound with a weirder meaning. Never was there a cheerier drumming. The home guards had offered their services, had received a call and were marching to the front.

"What's the row?" asked Peg as she thrust her nightcapped head from a window and hailed a drowsy neighbor.

"Comp'ny goin to the front."

"Is that old fool, Major Smith, goin with 'em?"

"No; Jake tells me it's the new drummer playin'"—

"Well, I'm glad my brat Tom hain't awake or he'd be crazy. A drum sets him wild. You just ought to"—

But the neighbor knew Peg's garrulous tendency, and the window closed softly, but with some evidence of determination.

Charville slept, awoke and ate his breakfast. So did Peg Wilson. But the bacon and potatoes cooled on the stove hearth and the brat did not appear with his healthy appetite.

Peg became nervous at last and went to his room. Tom was not in sight, but in the center of the floor was the old flour barrel and traced across the head even the limited education of Peg enabled her to decipher the letters in chalk:

"Gone to skulp Jeff Davus!"

So the brat had gone to war, for there was no one in town who could drum so well as he, not even Major Smith. Many neighbors had told her so. Poor Peg! She had much difficulty in swallowing food that day. She marveled that the fool chickens could strut around contentedly and gulp down corn, a handful at a time. Things were awry and the solar system seemed to move more sluggishly than usual. But the redheaded brat was gone.

The struggle of Stone River was one that tried men's souls, even men whose experience in the field had been of the rougher and more dangerous kind. The long roll had sounded for the Third brigade, when Colonel Miller of the Seventy-second, noticing the stripling drummer, addressed him in the kindliest manner:

"My little man, this is no place for you. All that you can do has been done. Get to the rear and seek a safe hiding place."

"But I belong to"—

"Never mind, you redheaded brat! Get to the rear, I tell you."

The drummer moved sullenly rearward. Already the Seventy-second was forming for the charge—nay, even worse, for the foe was advancing to the death struggle—not a regiment in gray, but a brigade, on the immediate front of Colonel Miller. It was a wild, fierce, impetuous onslaught. Men fell on either side like wheat before the reaper. Other men filled their places, and the wild wave of war ebbed, flowed, surged and lashed amid the fury of mortal passion.

Down went Sergeant Robinson with the colors. They, the colors, were up again, waving grandly and defiantly. Corporal Jenkins seized the staff and sprang forward 10, 20 paces, but no more. Like mockery of human hope the flag fluttered helplessly to the ground. Willing hands grabbed at the splintered staff, but death was quicker than mortal energy, and men went down as rapidly as the attempts were made. The foe was suffering even more, but his numbers were greater in that portion of the field.

Colonel Miller leaped to the front with drawn sword, and the fierce struggle for the old flag was hand to hand, eye to eye, heart to heart. Around the brave officer surged the Confederates, flushed by the assurance which a temporary superiority of numbers gives. The colonel was pressed backward, bravely though the color guard fought. A Confederate captain sprang forward, aiming a revolver at Colonel Miller's heart. With a shudder the men fighting about him saw the act and the falling of the pistol's hammer.

But quicker than the captain were another hand and eye. Colonel Miller turned suddenly, his face burned by the powder from the shot, and beheld the stripling drummer, who, disobeying orders, had followed the very center of the regiment into the fight. Again he turned and beheld the Confederate captain wildly endeavoring to rise from the spot where he had fallen.

This shot not only saved the colonel's life, but it created an important diversion. The enemy fought as bravely, but not as enthusiastically, for a daring leader had fallen. Suddenly the tattered flag seemed to spring from the ground and rush right into the Confederate line. Wild was the cheering as the boys followed it, the onslaught being so vigorous that the foe gave back, wavered, retreated, after firing one last volley at the colors.

The old flag seemed to reel and flutter in death agony, settling down like a stricken bird, until it lay silent, rent by shot and bathed in blood upon the field of glory.

"Who bore that flag?" screamed Colonel Miller. "Who's the color bearer?"

None answered him.

"What ails you, men? Are you all dumb? Who's the last color bearer? If he don't get a captain's commission, I'll resign. Who is he?

"He has his promotion, colonel," answered Sergeant Black, whose powder smoked cheeks already showed suspicious traces and gutters. "His commission's come."

Reverently Colonel Miller approached and lifted the tangled folds of the flag. There was no mistaking the freckled face and red hair of the little man laying there, though death—such a death—had traced there a smile of confidence and contentment that shamed human conceit. Attached to the belt was the revolver always carried by the little drummer. Not a cartridge in the cylinder, not one in the belt. Every shot had gone straight at the foe, and the last had saved his colonel's life. They left the flag about him, just as it had fallen, simply detaching the staff. They buried him upon the field. They wrote his epitaph in history simply: "Tom Wilson, Drummer Boy, the Hero of Stone River."

The town of Charville turned out in solid mass to do honor to its dead. There were flowers and speeches and tears. There were recitals and descriptions of noble deeds and great sacrifices. At the dictation of the mayor the entire populace marched to the home of Peg Wilson, where the rough spoken woman, more irritable than ever, sat beside an old flour barrel alone with her grief.

Beautiful girls adorned her home with flowers, brave men eulogized the bravery of "Tom Wilson, the hero." It was like an enchanted dream to poor Peg, and from that day she never lacked warm and thoroughly sympathetic friends.

After the visitors had gone poor Peg gazed long and sadly upon the old flour barrel where "Tom the Brat," had learned to drum. Sadly she turned away to take up the duties of a life relieved from the annoyance of the "brat," but somehow it did not suit.

"I wished—no, I said I wished—that he'd go to war an never come back," sobbed Peg, "but why did God hear an answer it when he knowed I didn't mean it? 'Tain't th' drummer boy hero I want; 'tain't th' boy 't saved th' colonel's life. I want my Tom—my 'brat!'"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Literary America.

A gossiping paper on literary America, written by a Mr. James Ramsay, appears in an English periodical, The Windsor Magazine. The Academy sums up the article in this genial fashion:

First.—Emerson, Hawthorne and Thoreau are dead.

Second.—Mr. T. B. Aldrich is America's leading poet, but he will rhyme "morn" with "gone."

Third.—Mark Twain's work is grown old, and he himself is in Europe.

Fourth.—The humor of "John Phœnix" ("This yer Smiley's yeller, one eyed, banana tailed cow," etc.) is also old and too calm for these wakeful days.

Fifth.—Mr. Frank R. Stockton dispenses laughter from Morristown. He is 60 years of age and writes slowly, "waiting an hour for a word."

Sixth.—Mr. W. D. Howells leads in fiction. He now etches his books in New York instead of Boston. "His thick, solid yet genial face is an appropriate mask from which a hive of Quakers and abolitionists look out upon the world of today."

Seventh.—Mr. Francis Hopkinson Smith is a first rate globe trotting author. He is the worthiest representative of American curiosity.

Eighth.—Miss Mary Wilkins and Miss Sarah Orne Jewett are the kailyard women of these states. Miss Wilkins' favorite book is "Les Miserables," and the busier Miss Jewett gets the more time she finds to read the Waverley novels.

Ninth.—Mr. Thomas Nelson Page is the vindicator of the old south, and his "Marse Chan" made Henry Ward Beecher cry like a child.

Tenth.—Dr. S. Weir Mitchell is in danger of founding a great school of American historical romance.

Eleventh.—Emerson, Hawthorne and Thoreau are dead.

Away Ahead.

Somers—Have you heard of America's latest victory over Spain?

Winter—What was that?

Somers—A don bet a Yankee he could outwhistle him and blew away at a patriotic Spanish tune for four hours.

Winter—Well, did the American beat him?

Somers—I should say so. He started in and whistled "The Union Forever."—Philadelphia North American.

A Mistake Somewhere.

Jack—I hear that she speaks every known language.

Tom—Must be a mistake. Last night I asked her to give me a plain English "yes," and she said she couldn't.—Brooklyn Life.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

THE VESUVIUS.

After the dynamite cruiser Vesuvius has fired a few more shots an entirely new map of the southern shore of Cuba will be needed.—Chicago Record.

The cruiser Vesuvius is something like the Missouri river. It has a careless and wholly unbiased way of moving real estate.—Sioux City Journal.

The Vesuvius acts like lightning in some ways. It didn't strike twice in the same spot, chiefly for the reason that the spot wasn't there.—Philadelphia Times.

A SISTER'S HELP

BROUGHT RENEWED HEALTH TO A DESPONDENT BROTHER.

His Health Had Failed and Medicines Seemed to Do Him No Good—Where Others Had Failed, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Met With Great Success.

Dr. Williams MedicineCo. :—

Gentlemen ,—A few years ago my system became thoroughly run down. My blood was in a frightful condition; medical treatment did no good. I surfeited n yself with advertised medicines, but with equally poor results I was finally incapacitated from work, became thoroughly despondent, and gave up hope of living much longer. While in this condition I visited my father's home near Tara. A sister, then and now living in Toronto, was also visiting at the parental home. Her husband had been made healthy through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and she urged me to try them. Tired of trying medicines, I laughed at the proposition. However later on she provided me with some of the pills and begged me to take them. I did so, and before I had used two boxes I was on the road to restored health. I am commending their good qualities almost every day I live because I feel so grateful for my restoration, and I have concluded to write you this letter wholly in the interest of suffering humanity. I am carrying on business in Owen Sound as a carriage maker. This town has been my home for twenty-eight years an any one enclosing a reply three cent stamp can receive personal indorsation of the foregoing. This much to satisfy those who cannot be blamed for doubting after taking so many other preparations without being benefitted. You may do just as you like with this letter. I am satisfied that but for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I would not be able to attend to my business today. Perhaps I would not have been alive.

Yours very sincerely,
FREDERICK GLOVER.

POULTRY POINTERS.

Generally the sooner the sick hen is killed and buried the better.

Exercise is better than drugs as a stimulant for egg production.

As a rule with hens the better the scratcher the better the layer.

When the hens stop laying, give them a change of food for a few days.

A little stimulating and animal food will be beneficial when the hens are molting.

Never allow rubbish under which vermin can shelter to be near the poultry house.

In a poultry house the most important essentials are light, ventilation and warmth.

Cement makes a good floor for a poultry house. Then use plenty of dry earth as a deodorizer.

The scraps from the table soaked in sweet milk until soft make a good feed for the turkeys.

Confinement and nothing to do generate vicious habits, such as egg eating and feather pulling.

The hardy, wide rangers, clean of limb and having small combs, are the fowls wanted by farmers.

The hen stops laying when improperly fed, when too fat or when in a diseased condition.—St. Louis Republic

A YOUNG GIRL'S ESCAPE.

Saved from being a Nervous Wreck BY MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS.

For the benefit of Canadian mothers, who have daughters who are weak, pale, run down or nervous, Mrs. Belanger, 128 Rideau Street, Ottawa, Ontario, made the following statement, so that no one need suffer through ignorance of the right remedy to use: "My daughter suffered very much from heart troubles at times. Often she was so bad that she could not speak, but had to sit and gasp for breath. She was so extremely nervous that her limbs would fairly shake and tremble. Frequently she would have to leave school; and finally she grew so weak that we were much alarmed about her health. I gave her many remedies, but they did not seem to do her any good.

Then I heard of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and got a box of them, and they have indeed worked wonders with her. I can recommend them very highly as the best remedy I ever heard of for complaints similar to those from which my daughter suffered."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills never fail to do good. They cure palpitation, faintness, dizziness, smothering sensation, weakness, nervousness, sleeplessness, anaemia, female troubles and general debility. Sold by all druggists at 50c. a box or three boxes for $1.25. T. Milburn & Co., Toronto, Ontario.

LAXA-LIVER PILLS act on the system in an easy and natural manner, removing all poisons and impurities. They cure Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Sour Stomach, Jaundice and Liver Complaint. Price 25c.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Piper Finlater to Visit Canada and U. S.—Electric Light By-Law Carried at Neepawa.

Tuesday, August 9.

Joseph Redmond, one of the pioneer stock breeders of Peterboro, died yesterday, aged 70.

The electric light and telephone by-laws, voted on Monday at Neepawa passed by a small majority.

Another public school holiday has been provided in Ontario, by the passing of an order-in-council setting apart May 23rd to be observed as "Empire Day." The day will be observed as a half-holiday in all schools of the province.

Wm. Banks, of the Toronto Street railway, has received a letter from the manager of Piper Findlater, which indicates that the hero of Dargai Heights, with a strong concert company will visit Canada and the United States in the spring of next year.

Mr. D. B. Hanna, superintendent of the Dauphin railway, returned to Winnipeg Monday from Portage la Prairie. Mr. Hanna believes the Portage Plains will have the best wheat crop this season that has been garnered for many years past.

About 800 people from Buffalo visited Hamilton, Ont., on Monday, on an excursion which brought 300 members of Chapin post No. 2, Grand Army of the Republic. They were welcomed by Mayor Colquhoun and the United States consul, R. Butler. Most of the visitors attended the ceremony of unveiling the granite shaft, which had been erected in the cemetery in memory of brother soldiers buried there.

Settlement along the Portage branch of the Northern Pacific continues to increase and many farmers are busily engaged breaking land and erecting shelter for cattle. Around La Salle a large dairying community has grown up, many of the settlers owning from 40 to 60 head of cattle. Wright Bros., further west have over 700 head, which they are raising for beef. A splendid settlement is that at Inleside, well protected by timber, which lies along the edge of a big slough. Within the next two or three years, the country along the line of railway will become one of the best settled parts of the province.

Duggan Is Sick.

Montreal, Aug. 9.—There was disquieting news for the yachtsmen from Lake St. Louis today when it was learned that Duggan, who represents Canada in the international yacht races, is sick. It is said that he had symptoms of typhoid fever. If this be true it may mean the loss of the championship for Canada. It is hard to say who would replace Duggan.

Dole for Governor of Hawaii.

San Francisco, Col., Aug. 9.—Senator Morgan, of the Hawaiian commission is quoted by the Call as saying that ex-President Dole will be the first governor of Hawaii and not Minister Sewell, as recently reported. The senator added that he had the best reason to believe that Admiral Miles was carrying Doles' commission to the island.

A Sad Accident.

Port Arthur, Ont., Aug. 6.—Young Mr. Ceates, son of John Ceates, president of the Ottawa Gas Co., and of the Ottawa Conservative association, accidentally shot himself on Thursday while pulling his gun out of the canoe. He and Willie Lawson have been ex-Arthur, Duluth and Western railway as the body was brought in by Lawson this morning on a hand car over that road. Lawson is out of town and no further particulars can be got this ploring all summer in the country south of the Canadian Pacific railway and the accident occurred near the Port morning. The body is being prepared for shipment to Ottawa at Morris' establishment and goes by tonight's train.

A Wreck Averted.

Toronto, Aug. 7.—A wreck that would undoubtedly have cost a number of people their lives was averted on the Toronto, Detroit, St. Louis and Chicago division of the C. P. R., near Wolverton, on Saturday night. A cave-in occurred on the track near Drumbo, which was discovered by a gang of men who had been at work repairing the track. They started home about 5 o'clock, but forgot some tools and on going back to get them discovered a chasm eight feet deep and twenty feet wide under the tracks. A message was immediately sent to Drumbo in time to stop the fast express, with 800 passengers on board.

Carberry News.

Carberry, Aug. 7.——The town residence of H. W. White was destroyed by fire this morning at 3 o'clock, which was clearly the work of an incendiary. The house has not been occupied for some time, and at the time of the fire was under a course of repairs. The building is a total loss, which will be about $1,000. No doubt it is nearly covered by insurance.

Hobart Smale, son of one of our merchants, met with a serious accident last night at Neepawa by the accidental explosion of a gun. The extent of his injuries are not yet known here. His father and mother left at once on the receipts of a telegram for Neepawa. This is the fifteen year old boy who successfully passed his second class examination, and was visiting his grand parents at Neepawa when the accident occurred.

Saunders Coming East.

Vancouver, Aug. 9.—Prof. W. Saunders, director of Dominion experimental farms, left for the east today.

A FEW THINGS

that should be found in every well regulated household

DREWRY'S

Choice Stock Ale — Extra Porter
Canadian Pilsner Lager (A Fine Light Beer)
Golden Key Brand Aerated Water
Imperial Table Sauce, India Chutney } Choice Table Relishes

E. L. DREWRY

Manufacturer and Importer

WINNIPEG

An Ungenerous Theory.

"That clerk always comes to the store on holidays," said one member of the firm. "Yes," replied the man who has no genial impulses; "he is so much in the habit of loafing here that he doesn't feel comfortable anyw' else."—Washington Star.

Ordeals.

Waiting for a lunch or breakfast
Is a trial hard to bear;
Waiting for a car or carriage
Makes the victim sometimes swear;

Waiting for a friend or loved one
Makes of life a mournful wreck,
But there's nothing racks the system
Quite like waiting for a check.
—Chicago Record.

Two Views of It.

"Over yonder," he said, "the meadows are dreaming of violets."

"Yes," remarked the old man, "an I'm a-goin to sow that medder in oats. Thar's too many violets thar. Hitch up the mule an plow 'em up!"—Atlanta Constitution.

Unexpected Relief.

"We won't have to go away this summer."

"Why not?"

"The girl next door has had to stop playing the piano to read the war news to her grandfather."—Chicago Record.

A New Garment for Ten Cents.

Have you ever tried to dye over your cast-off garments? Thousands in Canada answer "Yes, and very successfully too." To those who have not yet attempted the work we would say, "There is money in it when you use the Diamond Dyes." Old dresses, capes, blouses, jackets, coats, pants, vests, stockings, ribbons. and other articles of wearing apparel, can be renewed and fitted for wear at very small cost. The sum of ten cents expended for some fashionable color of the Diamond Dyes will often save you many dollars. Beware of the cheap package and common soap grease dyes; they spoil your goods, waste your money and ruin your temper. All up-to-date dealers sell the Diamond Dyes. See that the name "Diamond" is on each package you buy.

The Prophet Lost.

"Lochiel, Lochiel, beware of the day."
The prophet put on a menacing look as he spake the grim words.
"Out and upon thee," quoth Lochiel. "Why should I listen to the sorry ravings of a dotard churl?"
"But I am a seer."
"And I an overseer," said Lochiel, and he beat him forthwith four sad slaps on the wrist.—Buffalo Enquirer.

Scorching is injurious physically—also financially if the policeman catches you.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure 25c.

Even the hardest locomotive has its tender part.

C. C. RICHARDS & Co.

DEAR SIRS:—I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT in my stable for over a year and consider it the very best for horse flesh I can get, and strongly recommend it. GEO. HOUGH,
Livery Stables, Quebec.

People who sit upon forms are apt to stand upon ceremonies.

Ask for Minard's Liniment and take no other.

A talkative person seldom fails to make one pneumatically tired.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.

Snuffing a candle increases the effect and diminishes the cause.

Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians.

Men are like chickens, they always want to get on the highest roost.

Minard's Liniment the Lumberman's Friend.

How little man knows of his fellowman—unless he lives in a village.

Dr. S. J. Andres, Beaver Hall, Montreal, writes: "I have used 'Quickcure' for many accidents this summer. For burns and sores it is really far better than any remedy I know of; it is mild and safe to use, and it makes a splendid plaster to reduce pain."

When some men bury the hatchet after quarreling they go right out and dig up an ax.

Disordered Kidneys.

Perhaps they're the source of your ill health and you don't know it.

Here's how you can tell :—

If you have Back Ache or Lame Back.

If you have Puffiness under the Eyes or Swelling of the Feet.

If your Urine contains Sediment of any kind or is High Colored and Scanty.

If you have Coated Tongue and Nasty Taste in the Mouth.

If you have Dizzy Spells, Headaches, Bad Dreams,— Feel Dull, Drowsy, Weak and Nervous. Then you have Kidney Complaint.

The sooner you start taking

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

the more quickly will your health return.

They've cured thousands of cases of kidney trouble during the past year. If you are a sufferer they can cure you.

Book that tells all about Doan's Kidney Pills sent free to any address.

The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS TRADE MARK

WAVES OF WATER.

The waters of the Grand falls of Labrador have excavated a chasm that is now 30 miles long.

In Algeria there is a river one branch of which flows through a country rich in iron, the other through a flat marsh rich in gallic acid. A main stream of jet black ink is the result.

One of the strangest streams in the world is in east Africa. It flows in the direction of the sea, but never reaches it. Just north of the equator and when only a few miles from the Indian ocean it flows into a desert, where it suddenly and completely disappears.

A Preference.

Once in a great while Mr. Blynkins develops an impression that he is wiser than his wife. This state of mind is only occasional, owing to the completeness of demonstrations to the contrary which almost invariably follow it. The baby had been crying. All her efforts to soothe it had been vain, and finally Mr. Blynkins laid down the book whose reading he had interrupted two or three times a page to cast blameful glances and said:

"You are not adopting the method likeliest to quiet the child. You have been humming to it, but what the child needs is music. Give him to me and I'll show you what I mean."

He took the child and proceeded to chant lullaby. The little one stopped crying and stared at him.

"There!" said Mr. Blynkins as he reached the end of a verse. "What he wanted was music, real music. Of course the fact that I used to sing in a glee club and had my voice cultivated may make a difference too."

He had not got very far into the next stanza when there came a ring at the bell. He gave the baby to his wife while he opened the door. A girl of 14 or 15 said:

"We're the people who have just moved into the flat above. There's a sick lady with us and says if it's all the same to you, would you mind letting the baby cry instead of singing to it."—Washington Star.

Saved From Paralysis and Death by Payne's Celery Compound.

WELLS & RICHARDSON Co.,

Dear Sirs:——I have much pleasure in recommending Paine's Celery Compound for nervousness and weakness with which I was sorely afflicted for a number of years, and for which my doctor could give no relief. I became very weak and had a stroke of paralysis. I was confined to my bed, and the doctor requested me to try a course of your medicine as the last thing that could be done. I did as recommended, and before I had finished the first bottle I experienced a change. I am glad to say that I am cured through the use of Paine's Celery Compound. I have recommended it to others and they have been benefitted by it; it has worked miracles for me.

Yours truly,
Mrs. C. Lumley, Cobourg, Ont.

Sun Insurance Office.
Eastern Assurance Co.
Quebec Fire Insurance Company.
London and Lancashire Life Ins. Co.
British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co.
Lloyd's Glass Insurance Company.

W. R. ALLAN,
General Agent,
Winnipeg.

"Blue Ribbon" Tea Baking Powder Coffee and Spices

You will find these goods reliable

E. B. Eddy

EVERY USER IS AN ADVERTISER!

Once we can induce you to try Monsoon you will use no other.
Drop us a postcard for sample packet—FREE.
THE MONSOON TEA CO., 7 Wellington W., Toronto.

MONSOON INDO-CEYLON TEA

PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO'Y —OF— LONDON ENG.

First British Fire Insurance Office Established in Canada, A. D., 1804.

CHANGE OF AGENCY

Messrs. Nares and Robinson have been appointed agents of the above-named company, and are prepared to handle every class of Fire Insurance, and have every facility for handling large lines.

NARES & ROBINSON, 354 Main St., Winnipeg.

PATERSON & SON, Montreal, Que.
Chief Agents for the Dominion of Canada

BOVRIL

Is pure beef cooked, ready for use, and in the most

CONDENSED FORM.

Not a mere extract or essence. It strengthens both body and brain.

PREPARED BY

BOVRIL, LIMITED,
LONDON, ENGLAND.

Canadian Branch:—
27 PETER STREET MONTREAL.

It has been said that hypocrisy is the homage which vice pays to virtue. Such is the case with the host of imitations of

Richards' Pure Soap

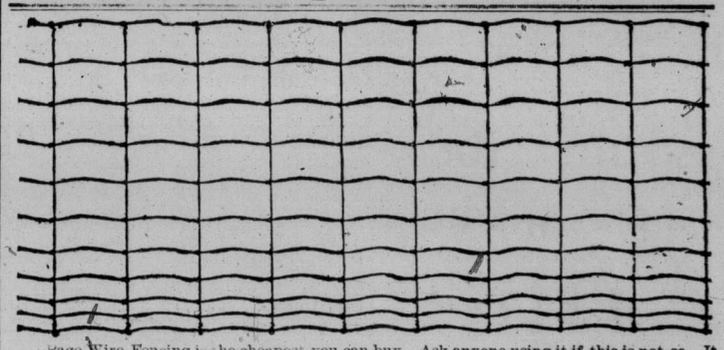
IT'S THE BEST.

Be sure you get RICHARDS'. Sold by all grocers, or write D. Richards, Woodstock. Ontario, giving your full address and I will return you FREE an ILLUSTRATED BOOK.

BABY'S OWN SOAP

I Must have the genuine, The imitations look very nice, but they hurt my delicate SKIN.

THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO'Y.



Page Wire Fencing is the cheapest you can buy. Ask anyone using it if this is not so. It is handsome enough for dooryards, strong enough for bullpens, and cheap enough to inclose a ranch. It will turn prowling animals and hold domestic stock. Get our illustrated advertising matter free.

D. Ross, Box 553, Winnipeg, Sole Agent for Manitoba and Northwest.
PAGE WIRE FENCE CO., LIMITED, Walkerville, Ont.

W. N. U. 180

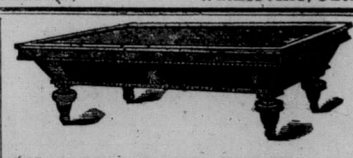
ASK YOUR DEALER FOR

BOECKH'S

BRUSHES and BROOMS.

For Sale by all Leading Houses.

CHAS. BOECKH & SONS, Manufacturers
TORONTO, ONT.



BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES, NEW AND SECOND-HAND. BOWLING ALLEYS AND SUPPLIES. Large catalogue free.

THE REID BROS., 257 King West, Toronto.

The Dressy Young Man

who a few years ago boasted to his friends of the high prices he paid his tailor, has seen the error of his way and now delights in showing how well he can dress upon half the amount he used to spend. He is able to get

Shorey's Ready to Wear Clothing

in every Fabric, Style and Trimming that the, so called, swell tailor gave him, but costing very much less because tailored in advance of his order. In quality, make, finish and fashion just as good. In short, everything the same but the price.

In the pocket he finds Shorey's Guarantee Card which means that if his clothes are not satisfactory in every way he may have his money refunded.

CARDSTON RECORD.

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of Cardston and Canada.

Published Every Saturday at Cardston.

C. EDGAR SNOW, EDITOR.
Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

THE EDITOR does not assume responsibility for the views or statements expressed by any of THE RECORD'S contributors.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance.

Cardston, August 20, 1898.

A party in Cardston has a $2.00 bill on the Kirtland Saftey Society and Banking Co. of Kirtland, Ohio. It is dated 4th. Jan. 1837 and signed by Joseph Smith Jr., the Mormon Prophet, and founder of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints. The relic is made payable to W. Parrish, or order, on demand. The engraving was done by Underwood Bald Spencer and Hufty, New York and Philadelphia. This $2.00 is valued very highly by the owner.

It is not generally known that tobacco is successfully grown in Canada, it is the case, however.

The growing of tobacco has been commenced in the Yale district of Ontario, and a leaf dealer of San Francisco, to whom samples of the Canadian product were recently submitted, has pronounced them first-class. From half an acre planted in 1894, 800 pounds of leaf were taken, and this had the effect of greatly increasing the interest of the residents in the subject. The local manufacturers are all agreed in the opinion that the soil of the province is especially well adapted for raising tobacco for cigar manufacture. According to present reports, as soon as the farmers understand the curing of the leaf they will have at their command a new and important source of revenue.

In the Province of Quebec tobacco has been cultivated with success for many years, and the home-grown is almost the only kind used by the native French-Canadians in the rural districts.

The annuities paid by the British people to the royal family for its support are as follows: The Queen, $1,925,000; Prince of Wales, $260,000; Princess of Wales, $50,000; Dowager Empress Frederick of Germany, $40,000; Duke o Edinburg, $50,000; Princess Christian, $30,000; Princess Louise, $30,000; Duke of Connaught, $125,000; Princess Beatrice, $30,000; Duke of Cambridge, (the Queen's cousin), $60,000; Duchess of Albany, $30,000; Duchess of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, (the Queen's cousin), $15,000; children of the Prince of Wales, $180,000. Total $2,765,000.

==Subscribe==

=.=*=.= for =.=*=.=

THE

Record.

Conference of Young Mens and Young Womens Mutual Improvement Association, Aug. 20, 1898.

General Officers Meeting, 10 a. m. Public Meeting, 2 p. m. Evening Session, 7 p. m.

PROGRAM.

Morning meeting, Reports and business.
Afternoon, Instructions from Visitors of Central Boards etc.,
Evening Meeting, Lectures, Songs and remarks.
Pres. John W. Woolf.
Con. David Rollins.
Con. Robert Ibey.
Pres. Zina Y. Card.
Con. Attena Williams.
Con. Rhoda Duce.

Following is a list of this week's arrivals at the Hotel de Woolf;

Hiram Taylor, Sheep Ranch.
George Davis, Sheep Ranch.
A. J. Dunlop, Winnipeg.
George Brunett, Lethbridge.
Walter Brown, Spring Coulee.
Wm Stewart, Mountain View.
Mr. Peacock, Spring Coulee.
Mr Smith, Utah.
Mrs. Smith, & daughter, Utah.
Nate Tanner, Spring Coulee.
Rev. Mr. Hamilton, Cardston
Wm Aldrich, Kootnay Lake.
Mr Magrath, Lethbridge.

LOCAL LINES.

Cool evenings now.

C. McCarty was here, Monday.

Mr. Perry was in town, Saturday.

George Olsen was in Cardston, Friday.

Harvesting will soon be the fashion.

Ed. Ivans was in Cardston, Monday.

Wm. Duce went to Lethbridge, Monday.

J. A. Nelson has sold his place to a Mr. Smith.

The Cardston Co., Ltd. have their barn nearly finished.

School is now the portion of the little boys and girls.

The Legislative Assembly is in session at Regina.

H. W. Taylor was here on business a few days ago.

Samuel Cox is building out on his ranch.

The Prince of Wales may visit Canada and the United States next summer.

Thos. Duce and familly, of Hyde Park, Utah, will be here this month.

Edna: "Your face seems familiar."

Jones: "It is. Had it since I was a baby."

Bishop R. Pilling and daughter, Maggie, of Ætna, were in Cardston, Monday.

A daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ammon Mercer, has been very ill this week.

FOR RENT: Room for small family. Enquire at RECORD office.*

The Bank opens at ten o'clock a. m. and closes at three o'clock p. m.*

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50 *

Miss Clara A. Madden, schoolmistress of Leavitt, was in Cardston, Saturday.

Miss Florence Cottingham went up to Cardston Saturday last on her holidays.—News.

A copy of the initial number of THE RECORD was sent to Hon. Wm. Mulock, Postmaster General.

Two babies, Lorenzo Thomas Murray, and Charlot Afton Dawson, were blessed at the Sunday S. Conference last Sunday.

Fresh candies, nuts, biscuits, etc., just in at the Book Store, next to Bank.†

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

FOR SALE: Four room house Good well water. Nice location. Enquire at RECORD office, next to Bank. †

Insure your home. C. E. Snow has the agency for several fire insurance companies. †

Mrs. Sarah Daines left Tuesday morning for Utah. On her return she will be accompanied by her mother, who is 83 yeara old.

If you have visitors or take trips yourselves, don't fail to let THE RECORD know of the fact.

W. G. Reed, of Leavitt, was here on business, Saturday. Mr. Reed says the grain is doing nicely. They will begin harvesting the last of the month.

Pres. C. O. Card arrived in Cardston, on Saturday's stage. Mr. Card says it is very hot and dry down in the States.

This would be a very happy world if people would always wear the expressien they do when they have their pictures taken.

You will find the mere resolve not to be useless, and the honest desire to help other people, will, in the quickest and most delicate way, improve yourself.

H. S. Allen & Co. have a change of ad. in today's RECORD. They just received a big variety of shoes. As our readers see, H. S. Allen & Co. runs quite an ad. in our columns.

Following is a list of the children baptised last week by Elder Wm. Duce: Dora Leihman, David Daniel Spencer, Jennie Smith, Paul Leroy Austin, Theodore Hugh Austin and Cora Caroline Layton.

While one of our numerous (?) male assistants aud one of our fair female compositors were engaged, the other day, in lifting a chase of type (weight 200 lbs.), said assistant got his finger pinched. Which was it, the chase or the compositor that did the press act? Answer, Orpha.

N. H. Wardle & family have moved out to their ranch.

O. E. Bates came in to town Wednesday, to transact some business.

INSURE your dwelling houses and contents with C. E. Snow, Cardston.*

Albert Heard, formerly of Brigham City, Utah, arrived in Cardston recently

Robert Ibey has been very sick this week. We are pleased to say that at this writing he is improving.

There was a suprise on Miss Kattie Woolf, at the Hotel de Woolf, the other evening.

William Aldrich has moved his family down from his ranch at the Kootnay Lakes to Cardston.

On account of Robt. Ibey's illness, the cheese factory closed down this week, and will remain closed till next season.

An informal dinner party partook of the good things spread for them by Mrs. Sarah Daines, last Monday, just prior to her departure for Utah. Those present were; Dr. and Mrs. Brant, Mrs. Attena Williams, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Snow, and Orson Daines.

Mrs. C. O. Card sent us some huge samples of rhubarb raised in her garden. The largest piece weighed one and a half pounds. Our soil is all right when it comes to producing big things.

At Manila, when the fight was stopped and the fleet piped to to breakfast, one of the seamen exclaimed: "To hell with breakfast: let's fight."

Do many Americans prefer fighting to eating?

A Boston reporter has discovered that the patriotic young ladies of that city, are wearing red, white and blue garters. The wind must blow harder in Boston than it does in Lethbridge, or else the reporter is only guessing at the facts of the case.—News.

The Cardston Co., Ltd., have changed their ad. See it. The Cardston Co., is our best advertiser. To run such an ad., a column in each issue, costs money, and it is just this kind of advertising that keeps the newspaper's blood in circulation. Long life to the Cardston Co., Ltd.

T. B. H. Cochrane, who run for the Commons in Alberta, in 1896, on last Monday assumed the duties of deputy lt.-governor of the Isle of Wight, a life appointment. This is one of the most enviable positions in Great Britain. Mr. Cochrane and lady Adela will live at Cranbrook castle, four miles from Osborne, the Queen's residence.—News.

ADVERTISE. HERE.

442 SCHOOL CHILDREN.

That is the number of Sunday School children of Mormon parentage enrolled in this stake. Eleven years ago there were less than a dozen.

The population of Cardston, Etna and Mountain View combinad will go over two thousand. In a year from now, it will go over three thousand and what will it be in ten years from now, no one can say.

There is plenty of room here for tens of thousands of industrious men; men of patience, resigntion and "push," not timid, pusillanimous and faint-hearted creatures who cry out and run awayat sight of work, good, hard work; work that brings health with every effort.

Those 442 Sunday School children will soon assume their part of the labor that must necessarily be done in order to make of our fine country the greatest stock and grain producing section of America.

Children, eat lots of Cardston flour, Cardston potatoes, Cardston cabbage and don't forget the Cardston rutabaga if you would be strong, healthy and robust.

HENCHMAN TO ADAM.

The other day we struck a "daisy" moss-back of the most approved pattern. The way-backe-forgotton-creature does not live a thousand miles from Cardston, and if it was not far fear of hurting his mother-in-law's feelings, we would publish his name.

Behind the times? Well, we should crack the enamel of our countenance!

The fellow instructed us to send THE RECORD to Alberta people only as there were too many settlers here now! Wouldn't that kill you?

Didn't want any more immigration to Southern Alberta for fear all the land would be bought and homesteaded, thereby ruining our district as a stock country!

That fellow has about six head of cattle.

Of coarse, we followed his advise. A few hundred copies of this paper will be sent out of Alberta every week. Immigrants, come on, there is lots of room; room for thousands.

Cardston Business Men

Should read every word printed below, for they are from the pen of the brightest advertising expert in the United States:

"I don't own any newspaper, or any publication, but I know from my own experience, and from the experience of hundreds of successful business men, that the daily and weekly local newspaper is the only indispensible medium for the advertising of local goods.

Advertising is business.

If it wasn't business, it wouldn't be part of business.

The man who cannot utilize advertising in his business has no business to be in business; and generally isn't.

If everybody advertised who ought to advertise, there would't be enough advrtising space to go one tenth the way around.

Some clothing stores advertise and some do not; some dry goods stores advertise extensivelly and some do not; some provision dealers appreciate the value of printers' ink while others try to run business without letting people know they're in business; some furniture dealers believe in telling people their business that they may do more business, while others expect to make money without publicity The inconsistency of business is as marked as the inconsistency of everything else.

The legitimate advertisement in the legitimate newspaper, is worth more than any other kind of advertising.

The newspaper advertisement is upon the same sheet of paper that contains the news; therefore you and others must see it, if it be bold, distinct and brief.

The advertiser receives his trade from the people at large, no from the very poor nor the very rich, but from the great middle class, the predominating class in every community, which reads the local paper not run in the interest of any cilque but for the people as the people;" and The Record is just that kind of a paper.

Subscribe Now!

CARDSTON ATTRACTIONS.

Shoe shop.
Barber shop.
Meat market.
Livery stables.
Blacksmith shops.
A flourishing bank.
Skillful physician.
Hotel and boarding house.
Good schools and better ones in prospect.
The best cereal raising soil in the world.
Many tributary settlements which act as feeders.
Clear, pure and palatable drinking watter fresh from the mountain brooks.
Numerous comfortable residences.
Commodious dancing hall and private business houses.
Lee's creek, affording excellent and almost unlimited water power for all kind of manufacturing establishments.
Numerous flourishing business houses such as banking and general merchandise and stationery stores.
THE RECORD, a local newspaper which will always be found bright, progressive, and a friend to Southern Alberta in particular and Western Canada in general.

Deseret News and The Record one year for $3.50

Look out for

The new Carriage & Blacksmith Shop!

Henry & Frank.

Bonnell's Old Stand.

BOOK STORE

C. E. Snow, next to Bank.

Stationery, Confectionery, Tobaccos, etc., etc.

Latest Magazines and Periodicals.

Canadain Headquarters for Mormon Publications.

Agency for every Magazine and Newspaper Published in the World.

Meat Market.

The undersigned wishes to inform the inhabitants of Cardston and surrouding settlements that his meat market is in full blast and meat is kept on hand constantly. I pay spot cash for beef.

Wm. Wood.

HOTEL DE WOOLF.

Rates, $1.50 per Day.

Livery & Feed Stable.

CARDSTON, ALTA.

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.

All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.

Cardston. . . . . Alberta.

Samuel Cox,

Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting,
& Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
CARDSTON. . . ALBERTA.

C. O. CARD,
SUB AGENT
for
DOMINION LANDS,
ALSO AGENT FOR
RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY
. . . AND . . .
PRIVATE LANDS.
Office Hours: 9 to 4.

Lundberg & Neilsor

General Blacksmiths.

Horse Shoeing a Specialty.

Cardston, . . . Alta.

Gay & Wight,

Contractors & Builders.

Estimates given on all kinds work free. We have expert workmen that we send out in the country to do work at short notice.

Don't forget our black smith and wagon shop. We have the best material money can buy, and we guarantee our workmanship. Only shop in town where you can get 1 Steel Buggie tires.

Machinery Repaired and Refitted.

Thanking the public for their past patronage and asking the continuation of the same.

Yours respectfully,

Gay & Wight.

LETHBRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.

Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7:30 o'clock, a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $8.00; Round trip, $5.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.
MERCER & MCCARTY, Props.

R. C. BECK.

Contractor & Builder.
All work neatly executed, and Satisfaction Guaranteed.
CABINET WORK A SPECIALTY.
R. C. Beck.

J. W. WOOLF.

I pay cash for BEEF CATTLE. See me before completing a sale.

J. W. Woolf.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 27, 1898. NO. 4

AS OTHERS SEE US.

From Brigham City (Utah) Bugler.

This week, we received Vol. 1. No. 1 of the Cardston Record, published by C. Edgar Snow at Cardston, Alberta, the Mormon colony founded in Canada "some ten years ago by Pres. C. O. Card." It is a neat paper and would be a credit to a much larger place. Many visitors to those parts have brought word of the good country up there, but it would take a whole army of people to promulgate the advantages of a new and growing community as can a good local paper like the Record. But in order to do the most good for the locality it must have the hearty support of the people, and especially the business houses. This first number is worth hundreds of dollars just as an advertisement for Cardston and Alberta. Success to you, Bro. Ed.

From Deseret (Utah) News:

The newspaper field continues to grow. Two new contributions have just reached the "News" exchange table—the Cardston Record of Alberta, Canada, and the Bimetallist of Ogden, Utah. The former is a local paper of considerable merit looking after the interests of the American colony in its neighbourhood, is published weekly and neatly and deserves good patronage.

From Alberta (Calgary) Tribune:

We have received No. 1 of the Cardston Record a bright weekly just commenced at Cardston, Southern Alberta. We wish the new venture success.

This is what the Lethbridge News says of our initial number: The first number of the Cardston Record came to hand last week and is a very creditable number, full of newsy locals. It also gives a synopsis of the different businessee in the town. The advertising patronage for the first number is above the average. We wish the Record every success.

ON A CAMEL'S BACK.

The following vivid description of a ride on a camel's back, at the Omaha Exhibition, is from the Brigham City (Utah) BUGLER:

Finally Prof. McClellan of Salt Lake and The BUGLER editor ventured to test the smoothness of long-legged old "Holy Smoke." His jolly attendant called him "the Arab's bicycle."

We climed upon the high, lumpy back of this unique "bicycle." Putting our feet in stirrups, we were on a stride, and holding on by means of straps, we shouted to the dusky driver: "Go ahead!" And the sensations you have while that camel is struggling to its feet! It seems a heroic effort every time he gets upon his long, bony legs. As his hind parts get up you are flung forward; but before you land anywhere the camel's front part is in motion, and you are pitched as forcibly backward as you were forward an instant before. Finally he is on his feet, and off he goes down the long, narrow street at breakneck speed. In the stupendous act of rising my hat fell off. What did our greasy driver do but clap it down over his raven locks and thus togged out he ran along by the legs of our camel. He seemed exceeding ly proud of his new headgear.

On we went, the long, swinging strides of the huge beast covering distance in an astonishingly short time. As we looked down from our dizzy height (it was like riding astride a small house) we expected our "Holy Smoke" would clear the cramped street by knocking down and trampling upon the people. But the shouts and goads of the driver somehow contrived to direct the docile beast through the crowded street. Then out through the great arched gateway into Midway proper we rushed. Here our snorting "bicycle" turned suddenly and rushed up the street at a frightful gait. We barely missed colliding with an out-going camel bearing two other members of our party. The sensations were so hilarious as we lurched and lunged and plunged along, heightened by the strange wildness of our environments, that we could not repress our feelings, so we helped swell the general din around us by letting out many lusty shouts as our run-away "Holy Smoke" rushed safely back, knelt tamely down on his mattress and kindly let us off.

WHO IS HE?

Complaint has been made to the officials at Macleod, that the people of Cardston do not observe the Sabbath properly: that the law is being repeatedly broken.

THE RECORD extends a cordial invitation to the individual that is the complainant, to use its columns in telling the people just how they are disobeying the law in the matter under consideration.

Will you do this, sir?

Dr. R. C. McClure, Dentist,

OF LETHBRIDGE,

Graduate of Toronto University aud Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ont. Will Make a Professional Visit to Cardston on Sept 8th. Make Appointments Early.

AN ORDINANCE FOR THE ABATEMENT OF NUISANCES AND FOR THE PROTECTION OF PUBLIC HEALTH OUTSIDE MUNICIPALITIES.

The Lieutenant-Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly of the Territories, enacts as follows:

1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Unincorporated Towns' Ordinauce."

2 For the purposes of this Ordinance, the expression "Unincorporated Town" means any portion of land, not being within a Municipality, surveyed into building lots or any portion of land not exceeding 320 acres, on which not less than twenty buildings have been erected for residence, trade, commerce or manufacture.

(2) The expression "nuisance" means manure, offal, refuse, ordure, or any other matter whatever, prejudicial to the public health, also excavations, wherein foul matter may accumulate, or that may be otherwise dangerous to the public health: also loose material of any kind that may endanger property by catching or spreading fire.

(3) The expression "person" means and includes any owner or occupant of any building lots, tenements or buildings, or any company, or any agent or representative of any company, having any interest in any building lots, tenements or buildings, or any one being, for the time being, within any such unincorporated town.

3. In any unincorporated town, no person shall suffer the accumulation upon his premises, or deposit, or permit the deposit upon any lot belonging to him, of any thing which may endanger the public health, or deposit upon, on, or into any street, square, lane, byway, lake, pond, bank, river, stream, sewer or water, any manure, or other refuse, or vegetable or animal matter or other filth or nuisance.

4. Every householder and every hotel aud restaurant keeper or other person shall dispose of all garbage, for the disposal of which he is responsible, either by burning the same or by placing it in a proper covered receptacle for swill and house offal, the contents of which shall, between the 15th day of May and the 1st of November, be regularly removed at least once a week.

5. Between the 15th day of May and the 1st day of November, no swine shall be kept within the limits of any unincorporated town, except in pens seventy feet distant from any house with floors kept free from standing water, and regularly cleansed and disinfected; nor shall any swine be permitted to run at large at any time in any unincorporated town.

6. Excavations, where foul water accumulates, shall be filled up, or, when otherwise dangerous, shall be safely covered over or fenced in.

7. Any person, contravening any of the provisions of this Ordinance, shall be guilty of an offence, and for each and every such offence shall be liable, on summary conviction before a Justice of the Peace, to a penality of not more than ten dollars, together with costs of prosecution.

The new photograph of the heavens, which is being prepared by London, Berlin and Parisian astronomers, shows 68,000,000 stars.

BRIEF RESUME - of - CANADIAN HISTORY From 1497 to 1898.

Very Short and to the Point.

FAMILIARIZE YOURSELF WITH ALL THAT APPEARS IN THIS COLUMN EACH WEEK.

Having lived in this district more than three years, we are acquainted with the majority of inhabitants, and to a greater or less degree, have a knowledge respecting their uninformed condition as to the laws and history of Canada. We, therefore, purpose publishing, serially, in a portion of this column, each week, a Short History of Canada from 1497 to 1898, together with Statistical items of general interest.

Following are the dates and events connected with the discovery and history of Canada:—

1497—June 24. Cabot discovered Cape Breton.
1500. Gasper Cortereal entered the Gulf of St. Lawrence.
1517. Sebastian Cabot discovered Hudson Bay.
1524. Verrazano explored the Atlantic coast of Nova Scotia.
1534. June 21 Landing of Jacques Cartier at Esquimaux Bay. First landing on Canadian soil.
1535. July. Second visit of Cartier. August 10. Cartier anchored in a small bay at the mouth of St. John River, which in honor of the day he named after St. Lawrence. The name was afterwards extended to the gulf and river.
1540. Third visit of Cartier.
1542-43. The Sieur de Roberval and his party wintered at Cap Rouge.
1598. The Marquis de la Roche landed 40 convicts on Sable Island where they were left for five years wihout relief, only twelve beings found alive at the end of that time. First attempt to colonize Acadia.
1603. First visit of Samuel de Champlain to Canada.
1605 Founding of Port Royal (Annoapolis), Acadia (derived from an Indian word, "Cadie," a place of abundance), by the Baron de Poutrincourt.
1608. Second visit of Champlain. Founding of Quebec, the first permanent settlement of Canada The name is said to be an Indian, one "Kebec," a strait. Twenty-eight settlers wintered there, including Champlain. Acadie transerred to Virginia.
1611. Establishment of a trading post at Hochelaga. Jesuits arrive in Port Royal, Acadia.
1613. St. John's Newfoudland, founded. Ottawa River discovered by Champlain. Argall, of Virginia, destroyed Port Royal, Acadia.
1615. Lakes Huron, Ontario and Nipissing discovered by Champlain. (Champlain sailed up the Ottawa River, crosed Lake Nipising, and decended French River into Georgian Bay and Lake Huron, returning by Lake Ontario.
1617. Canada invaded by the Iroquois.
1620. Population of Quebec, 60 persons.
1621. First mention of the name "Nova Scotia," in a grant of the Province (including wh at is now Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island and part of the State of Maine) to Sir W. Alexander, by James I. First code of laws promulgated at Quebec.
1623. Nova Scotia first settled by the English. Gabrel Segard, first historian of Canada, visited the country.
1625. Jesuits first arrived in New France.
1626. Breboeuf founded a mission near Lake Huron.
1627. Canada, including Acadie, granted to the Company of "100 Associates" by the King of France. Fedual system established in New France.
1628. Port Royal (Acadia) taken by Sir David Kirke. Quebec summoned to surrender to English.
1629. July. Capture of Quebec by the English under Sir David Kirke. 117 persons wintered there. Treaty of Susa between Great Britian and France.
1632. Canada, Cape Brenton and Acadia restored to France by the Treaty of St. Geramain-en-aye. First school opened in Canada at Quebec.

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AN EASY VICTORY.

FURTHER DETAILS OF THE CAPTURE OF MANILA.

Fierce Fighting in the Trenches---United States Lost Six or Eight Killed and Forty Wounded.

Hong Kong, Aug. 17. —The United States collier Zafiro, from Manila, which arrived here yesterday, is anchored in Jank Bay. She left Manila on the 14th. A typhoon is raging and it is impossible to land the mails, with further details of the battle of Manila. It is learned, however, from a United States officer that, when Admiral Dewey, on Aug. 6th, demanded the surrender of Manila within forty-eight hours, the Spanish commander replied that the insurgents being outside the walls he had no safe place for the women and children, who were in the city, and asked for twenty-four hour's delay. This Admiral Dewey granted. At the expiration of the specified time Admiral Dewey and General Merritt consulted and decided to postpone the attack. On Aug. 13 the United States squadron formed in line off Manila. The Olympia fired the first shot at the Malate fort. The shots of the United States ships fell short and time was occupied in finding the range. Then the Callao, one of the gunboats captured by Admiral Dewey from the Spaniards, got under the fort and sent in a hot fire. Great destruction was done with the rapid fire guns. The fort failed to reply, but fired on the United States troops that were storming the Spanish trenches. The large United States ships were ordered to cease firing after an hour's work, owing to the failure of the fort to respond.

CARRIED BY STORM.

The fighting in the trenches was most fierce. Fifteen minutes after the Spaniards were driven to the second line of defences, they were forced to retreat to the walled city, where, seeing the uselessness of resistance, they surrendered and soon afterwards a white flag was hoisted over Manila.

THE SURRENDER.

The Belgian consul at Manila, M. Andre, boarded the Olympia and returned with a United States lieutenant to the Spanish military governor, who agreed to surrender. Gen. Merritt proceeded to the palace at 3.30 and there found the Spaniards formed in line. The troops surrendered their arms, but the officers were permitted to retain their swords.

THE CASUALTIES.

The United States loss is reported to be six or eight killed and forty wounded. The Spanish loss was considerable, but the exact numbers are not obtainable. The trenches were filled with badly wounded Spaniards.

MERRITT IS GOVERNOR.

Manila is now under martial law with General Merritt as military governor.

The California Red Cross society rendered valuable aid to the sick and wounded. Perfect order prevailed in Manila on the evening of August 13. As the United States troops marched in guards were placed around the houses of the foreigners in order to prevent their being looted.

INSURGENTS CHECKED.

The insurgents were not allowed to take part in the attack upon the city, but were kept in the rear of the United States' lines. In order to prevent bloodshed they were forbidden to enter the city after the surrender, unless they were unarmed.

AUGUSTI'S FLIGHT.

Before the surrender the Spaniards burned the transport Cebu in the Pasig river. It is supposed that Admiral Dewey was unaware of the departure of Governor-General Augusto. The Zafiro's officers first heard news of the governor-general's flight on their arrival here. General Augusti's escape is considered to have been prearranged, as he brought with him his family and suite.

Peaceful Measures.

Washington, Aug. 16.—At the outset the military authorities will be in charge of all administration of affairs in Cuba, Porto Rico and other acquired possessions. The result of the conferences to-day will be made known through the various departments. Already steps have been between this country and Cuba but the plans now under consideration are likely to take in the question of handling of mail inside of Cuba, Porto Rico and other points. A mail steamer will leave New York to-morrow, carrying the first lot of mail for Cuba, which has left New York since the war began. After the conference held this afternoon, M Thiebaud, of the French embassy, called and was made acquainted with the general plans of this government in restoring a cable administration throughout the Spanish West Indies. The French ambassador has also been advised by the state department of its selection of military commission to meet at Havana and San Juan. The names of the commissioners has been awaited at Madrid, as it is the purpose to appoint Spanish commissioners of the same rank as those named by the United States.

THE MANILA CABLE.

During the day the government began an effort, through diplomatic channels, to re-establish cable communication with Manila. It was believed by officials to-night that the efforts would prove successful, although some days may elapse before the diplomatic representations have born fruit. The cable out of Manila is under the control of a British company. The line is understood to be cut near Manila, but Admiral Dewey has buoyed the several ends, so that a connection can be restored if the company will permit the line to be operated. Pending the renewal of this cable route, the authorities here remain without direct advices from the reported bombardment and surrender of Manila last Saturday. The fact that the city has passed into United States hands is accepted as practically certain by the authorities here, although there is nothing yet from Admiral Dewey or General Merritt.

WAR IS OVER.

HOSTILITIES BETWEEN SPAIN AND U. S. CEASE.

Washington, Aug. 12.—The peace protocol was signed at 4.23 p. m.

Secretary Alger has cabled orders to all military commanders that the protocol of peace has been signed, and to cease hostilities.

Secretary Long has cabled Admiral Sampson and Admiral Dewey and other naval commanders that the peace protocol has been signed, and to cease hostilities.

Ambassador Cambon and Secretary Thiebaut drove over to the White House from the French embassy in a heavy driving rain. Contrary to all former visits, they drove all the way to the White House, and alighted in the broad porte cochere. Both were immediately ushered inside, and to the cabinet room, where President McKinley, Secretary Day, Assistant Secretaries of State Adee and Cridler, had been awaiting them for five minutes. There, in the historic cabinet room, the ceremony of formally agreeing and signing the protocol of peace took place.

THE PEACE PROTOCOL.

Washington, Aug. 12.—The protocol provides:

1. That Spain will relinquish all claim of sovereignty over and title to Cuba.

2. That Porto Rico and other Spanish islands in the West Indies, and an island in the Ladrones, to be selected by the United States, shall be ceded to the latter.

3. That the United States will occupy and hold the city, bay and harbor of Manila, pending the conclusion of a treaty of peace, which shall determine the control, disposition and government of the Philippines.

4. That Cuba, Porto Rico and other Spanish islands in the West Indies shall be immediately evacuated and that commissioners, to be appointed within ten days, shall, within thirty days from the signing of this protocol, meet at Havana and San Juan, respectively, to arrange and execute the details of the evacuation.

5. That the United States and Spain will each appoint not more than five commissioners to negotiate and conclude a treaty of peace. The commissioners are to meet at Paris not later than the first of October.

6. On the signing of the protocol hostilities will be suspended, and notice to that effect will be given as soon as possible by each government to the commanders of its military and naval forces.

The above is the official statement of the protocol's contents, as prepared and given to the press by Secretary Day.

The protocol was signed at 4.23 p. m., by the secretary of state, Hon. William R. Day, representing the United States, and M. Cambon, the French ambassador, representing the Spanish government.

PEACE PROCLAMATION.

Washington, Aug. 12.—The president has issued the following proclamation: By the president of the United States of America:

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, by a protocol, concluded and signed, August 12, 1898, by William R. Day, secretary of state of the United States, and his excellency, Jules Cambon, ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the republic of France, at Washington, respectively representing for this purpose, the government of the United States and the government of Spain, the government of the United States and Spain have formally agreed upon the terms on which negotiations for the establishment of peace between the two countries, shall be undertaken; and

Whereas, it is in said protocol agreed that upon its conclusion and signatures, hostilities between the two countries shall be suspended, and that notice to that effect shall be given as soon as possible by each government to the commanders of its military and naval forces.

Now, therefore, I, William McKinley, president of the United States, do in accordance with the stipulations of the protocol, declare and proclaim on the part of the United States a suspension of hostilities, and do hereby command that orders be immediately given through the proper channels to the commander of the military and naval forces of the United States to abstain from all acts inconsistent with this proclamation.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this 12th day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety eight, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and twenty-third.

WILLIAM McKINLEY.

By the president.

WILLIAM B. DAY,
Secretary of State.

A copy of the proclamation has been cabled to our army and navy commanders. Spain will cable her commanders like instructions.

HOSTILITIES SUSPENDED.

Washington, Aug. 12.—The order sent to General Merritt to suspend hostilities was as follows:

Adjutant-General's office, Washington, Aug. 12, 1898.

To Merritt, Manila:

The president directs that all military operations against the enemy be suspended. Peace negotiations are nearing completion, a protocol having just been signed by representatives of the two countries. You will inform the commanders of the Spanish forces in the Philippines of these instructions. Further orders will follow. Acknowledge receipt.

By order of the secretary of war,

H. C. CORBIN,
Adjutant-General.

The orders sent to General Miles and General Shafter were identical with the above, save as to names.

MANILA SURRENDERS.

BOMBARDED BY DEWEY THE CITY SURRENDERS.

Consul Williams' Report — Augusti Was Taken by the Germans in a Launch to Kaisiarina.

Washington, Aug. 15.—The department of state has just posted the following dispatch, which was received at 11.15 p.m., Aug. 15, from Consul-General Williams, Hong Kong: "Augusti says Dewey bombarded Manila on Saturday; city surrendered unconditionally. Augusti was taken by the Germans in a launch to Kaisiarina, Augusta through to Hong Kong. I credit report."

FIGHT IN RIO GRANDE VALLEY.

Shwan's Brigade Attacked Near Mayaguez—Spaniards Repulsed.

Ponce, Porto Rico, Aug. 15.—Morning.—General Shwan's column was attacked yesterday at Mayaguez and Lares. As the 11th infantry, under Col. Burke, was descending the valley of the Rio Grande they were fired upon from a hillside by a force of 1,500 Spaniards, who were going towards the north. The fire was returned and the Spaniards were repulsed, it is believed with considerable loss. Col. Soto, the commander of the Mayaguez district, was wounded, and was afterwards overtaken in a wayside cottage. The United States troops suffered no loss. The artillery and cavalry were not engaged. General Schwan had not received notice of the signing of the protocol, when the action occurred, but obtained it yesterday afternoon. The reports from General Miles are meagre.

FIRE AT MADOC.

An Ontario Village Suffers a Severe Scorching—Fireman Injured.

Belleville, Aug. 14.—The village of Madoc had a very severe fire on Saturday night. The stables of the Windsor hotel were discovered in flames, and in a very short time the whole block surrounding, consisting of seventeen buildings, including the postoffice, were in flames. The Belleville fire brigade went out too late to be of service, and all the buildings were destroyed. Losses: Windsor hotel, J. McGuire, $10,000; W. H. O'Flynn, store and postoffice, $14,000 on stock, building, $5,000; Methodist church, $10,000 insured for $6,500; Peter Sinclair, two houses, $1,500, Ted. Mullett, drugs, $1,000; W Mullet, store and dwelling, $8,000; M. Bristol, carriage factory and sash mill, $9,000; Wm. Orr, blacksmith, $1,000; O'Flynn's new block, not completed $2,500; all partly insured. The fire is said to be incendiary. Fireman Sanderson, of Madoc, was badly burned.

Centre Star Sold.

Toronto, Aug. 13.—Representatives of Gooderham and Blackstock admit this morning that they have bought the Centre Star property for $1,000,000 cash.

ONE DAY'S NEWS.

The Happenings of the World in Condensed Form.

Tuesday, August 16.

British Columbia crops are reported to be good.

Eight persons were killed by a storm near Gary, S. D.

Major Walsh throws light on certain Yukon grievances.

The fisheries bill was introduced in the Ontario legislature.

Many prostrations from heat are reported from London, Eng.

The Dominion won the second race in the Seawanhaka cup competition.

The story of a mutiny in the Yukon contingent is specifically denied.

The Glen Campbell party, en route to Peace River, have been heard from.

The assessment of Winnipeg for 1898 as finally revised, totals $22,851,700.

Clauss, under sentence of death for murder at Naniamo, poisoned himself.

The Minnesota and Dakota wheat crop is estimated at 190,000,000 bushels.

A tornado killed seven persons near Canby, Minn., and seven more are missing.

J. D. McGregor, mining inspector in Yukon, denies stories of official wrongdoing.

Mr. Frank Pedley reports good prospects of immigration from the United States.

Regina Patrons nominated J. K. McInnis as candidate for the Territorial legislature.

The deaths in Hawkin's county, Tennessee, caused by a cloud burst, number thirty-two.

Manila was bombarded by Admiral Dewey on Saturday and surrendered unconditionally.

General Blanco and General Augusti have resigned their commands at Havana and Manila.

The Toronto Argonauts arrived in Winnipeg this morning to take part in the Rowing club regatta.

Many improvements to pavements and sidewalks were ordered by the Winnipeg city council last night.

Joseph Martin and F. L. C. Cotton were sworn in as members of Mr. Semlin's British Columbia cabinet.

FOUR POPULAR SONGS OF ITALY.

VENETIAN.

I.

Cursed luck, to love—to be alone the lover!
Then, then, the fancy flies heaven high, high o'er us;
She flies high o'er us, high as the sun above her.
Cursed luck, to love—to be alone the lover!

II.

All night upon my bed I toss and languish.
For thee, my girl, I get no snatch of slumber.
The very bedclothes on my bed in anguish
Wail and make clamor that I find no slumber.

TUSCAN.

III.

Oh, swallow, swallow, with the sea beneath thee,
How thy fair feathers shine, how free they hover!
Give me one feather from thy wings, I prithee
Fain would I write a letter to my lover,
And when I've written it and made it charming
I'll give thee back thy feather, swallow darling,
And when I've written it and gilt it over
I'll give thee back thy feather, free sea rover.

IV.

Oh, love, you pass, singing, while night is sleeping!
I, wretched I, lie on my bed and listen.
I to my mother turn my shoulders weeping;
Blood are the tears that on my pillow glisten.
Beyond the bed I've set a broad stream flowing;
With so much weeping I am sightless growing.
Beyond the bed I've made a flowing river;
With so much weeping I am blind forever.

—J. A. Symonds in Academy.

A CLEVER RUSE.

I had gone off duty one day and was sitting comfortably at home discussing a pipe of tobacco and the evening paper when there came a gentleman to the door asking if Mr. Robson was in—that's me, sir. As we weren't usually favored with over many visitors I had been sitting in my shirt sleeves, and only just had time to slip on my coat and make myself a little more presentable before the wife showed him in.

"Good evening, Mr. Robson," he said when she had gone out again and closed the door. "You drive the midday express from St. Pancras as far as Leicester, don't you—the famous Paris exhibition engine, if I remember rightly?"

"Correct in both particulars, sir," I replied, wondering what this beginning would lead up to.

"She's a good engine, Mr. Robson?"

"Not a doubt about that, sir."

"To say nothing of her driver, eh?" he rejoined, with a laugh. He was a pleasant looking, youngish man, and dressed in a fashion which said plainly that he was well to do. "What, now, do you think she could do in the way of speed at a pinch, Mr. Robson?"

"Well, that's a difficult question. You see it all depends on the circumstances."

"Quite so, quote so. I suppose, though, you could manage 60 miles an hour?"

"Well—possibly, but it all depends, as I said before."

He could see that I was not inclined to discuss the question and changed the subject.

"Ah! Well, I mustn't take up your time with idle questions. Let's come to business. You're not a rich man, Mr. Robson, and I dare say a couple of £10 notes would be acceptable?"

"Top nobody more so, sir, if they're to be come by honestly."

"Good; that's how I like to hear a man speak. What I called to see you about is this: I have to go down to Liverpool by the midday tomorrow, but for certain reasons I'm anxious not to be seen at St. Pancras. You see I'm frank with you. Now, this is what I have to propose: Pull the train up for a minute at some quiet little spot where I can join it unobserved—say Hendon—and those two 'tenners' that I spoke of are yours. Eh? What do you say?"

"Sorry, sir, but it can't be done. The bribe's tempting enough, but"—

"Can't is a word that I never employ, Mr. Robson. Suppose we say £30. When Kaloczs—h'm—er—ahem—I didn't intend that, but there, the cat's out of the bag now. Yes, you needn't look so astonished. I'm Kaloczsky. Now you know why I wish to leave London quietly. Come, shall we say £30 and £10 for the guard?" I shook my head. "No? Fifty, then? I'm prepared to pay handsomely, you see," he added, evidently believing my hesitation to be a matter of cupidity.

"No, sir. It's no good. Fifty pounds is £50 to me, goodness only knows, but the thing's impossible. No, it's no use your pressing me. I won't do it, and that's flat," I said, bringing my fist down on the table with an emphatic thump.

He seemed considerably crestfallen at my refusal and walked up and down the room several times, muttering to himself. I caught such expressions as "confoundedly awkward—must catch that boat—impossible to leave before 12," and then suddenly he seemed to recollect himself and apologized.

"Pardon my stupidity, Mr. Robson. I forgot for the moment. Look here, you're a man of discretion. If you can't do that other little favor for me, at any rate you can hold your tongue." I felt a scrap of paper placed in my hand, and a second later he had opened the door and gone.

It happened so quickly that I had no time to say anything. I saw that it was a £10 pound note I held. This, then, was the price of my silence, but I felt far from comfortable about it. Probably you recollect the Kaloczsky series of robberies. At any rate, you must have heard of them at the time. I had—everybody had—and the latest of all was the most daring, a barefaced capture in broad daylight of a lot of bonds and valuable securities on their way to the Bank of England.

Plainly my duty was to inform the authorities, and speedily, too, if I wished the information to be of any service. I put my hat on straight away and hurried to the nearest police station, and when I had got rid of my tale I breathed again more freely.

When I got down to the shed next day to look over my engine before starting out, I found a defective bolt in one of the rods. It was not a big thing to repair, but it would take just long enough to prevent us from being ready to work the midday, and so I should not see the arrest of Kaloczsky after all. I guessed that the detectives would be with the train, on the lookout, you see. It was strange I hadn't noticed the flaw when we put the engine away the previous night, but there it was now unmistakably.

There was nothing but to report how matters stood to Mr. Welburn, the superintendent, which I did, and another engine was sent into St. Pancras to work the train. It was about 20 minutes past 1 when he bustled back into the yard, followed by a dapper little individual carrying a black bag in his hand. The small, ferrety eyes and close cropped hair of the latter gave him a preternatually sharp appearance, and when he spoke his words came so rapidly as to give one the impression that he was talking in a series of jerks. It didn't require much experience in face reading to observe that Mr. Welburn was considerably disturbed by something. I soon learned what it was.

"Is that rod repaired, Robson?" he shouted before he got to where I was working. "How soon can you be ready to leave?"

As it chanced, I had just completed the repair.

"Ten minutes, sir. Only want to coal up, and then we're right."

"Off you go and get it then sharp," He turned to his companion, and I heard him saying: "That's the best I can do for you, and if you can pass the express at Marple so much the better. I should try it." I pricked my ears up at that, you may imagine. What was in the wind now?

"Robson!" I went up to them. "Listen to me. You know what the 12 o'clock is and how she's timed. Well, you've got to overtake her today. This gentleman is a detective from Scotland Yard, and there's a man on that train who has to be caught before he gets to Liverpool, if it's possible to do it. Now, you know what to do. Cover the ground as fast as you can; 1853 can go if you let her out. Don't spare her. I'll wire the line to be prepared."

Five minutes later we left the shed on one of the most memorable journeys it has ever been my lot to take. Half past 1! The express, that is to say, had an hour and a half's start, or, deducting stoppages at stations, say 75 minutes. And that, too, in 220 miles, and the train itself booked at something like 50 miles an hour. To be successful, we should have to average more than a mile a minute for the entire distance.

I opened the regulator and off we started. It was not possible to attain much speed, of course, until we were well clear of the metropolis, and during that time the detective plied me with questions. I learned something in return also.

"Let's see," he said, "you're the man who gave the information about Kaloczsky, aren't you? A great pity that you didn't come straight to us. Those police people have made a fine bungle of it; took the thing entirely into their own hands, thinking, I suppose, to have all the credit, and then they let him slip through their fingers. When they got that far, they condescended to let us know; the train, of course, being well on its way to Liverpool by that time."

So that was the explanation of my gentleman's presence on the engine. He seemed in a mighty hurry too. We had got fairly out into the country now, and his orders were, "Let her fly." And fly we did. If ever engine traveled well, mine did that day. We did the 60 miles to Sharnbrook summit in a level 60 minutes, including a signal check approaching Luton—the only one, by the way, throughout the journey—and the big pull up the bank. Two minutes for water at Kettering, and once again we sped northward.

"Mr. Welburn said something about passing the express at Marple," I heard him shouting in my ear above the din of the rattling wheels and the roar of the wind as we cut through the air. "Can we do it, do you think?"

"Well, we might and run through the direct line while it stands in the station. Then you could be waiting on the platform at Liverpool when it came in," I shouted back.

"Aye, that's it—that's the thing," he said eagerly. "Try it."

I beckoned Jim to put on more coal. Jim was my fireman. But what a task! The express was due at Marple at 4:15, and it was now five minutes to 3. Eighty minutes for 105 miles, part of it over some of the worst running line on the whole system!

It was pretty straightforward to Derby, and we fairly flew. I had to go on the front several times for oiling purposes, and at the terrific speed it was no light task. Derby, 3:35! We raced through that station, with its pile of headquarter buildings, with nothing more than a loud shriek of the whistle—probably the first and only time it has been treated with such scant ceremony.

Forty minutes for 48 miles! Now for the tug of war. The 1853 class is not considered the best for the heavy line between Derby and Manchester, as a rule, but she buckled to the task gallantly. The detective kept urging us to go faster, faster; Jim shoveled away at the coal; the wheels groaned and creaked; the footplate grew hot to our feet, and the engine swayed from side to side like a drunken man as we flew round the sinuous curves and over the points and crossings. One minute we were in a tunnel and the next emerging just long enough to catch a fleeting glimpse of some Derbyshire dale.

"Shall we do it, do you think?" the detective shouted. I nodded. I was watching the water gauge. The supply was getting low—in fact, we should have to stop at Rowsley to replenish it.

He grimaced as I conveyed the intelligence to him, but it was inevitable. However, we only lost a couple of minutes or so and were soon tearing down the Peak Forest bank. It had been a hard fight, but we had practically won it now, unless some signal check should interpose to snatch the victory almost from our grasp. Luckily there was none. With a triumphant crow of the whistle we ran through Marple while the express unloaded barrowfuls of luggage at the platform.

The detective fairly danced with delight. "Robson, my boy, my congratulations. Shake hands." I did so, and he left a sovereign in it. When we got to Liverpool, the same ceremony was enacted with Jim, and then he left us to make his arrangements.

It was five minutes past 5, a quarter of an hour before the ordinary train was due. We had done the distance of 220 miles in 3 hours and 35 minutes.

* * * * * * * *

We looked about, but could see nothing of the detective. The express had arrived and been shunted away again empty. Jim went up to a little knot of porters who were standing about, and asked a question of one of them. The man turned round with a loud laugh, and said to his companions:

"Blow me if there isn't another at it now. Are you all Kaloczsky mad today?"

"Why, what do you mean?" asked Jim in surprise.

"Well, you're the third. Two fellows came down by the midday from London, and commenced to fly around and ask a thousand questions about this Kaloczsky. Blow Kaloczsky, I say."

"Who were they? Do you know?"

"Oh, detectives, they said, but I don't know. They're in the station master's office now."

Jim and I proceeded to the station master's office. We began to smell a rat. Sure enough, two men were there, but no signs of our late companion. I requested permission to interrupt their conversation and told them what I wanted.

"Special engine! Left London at half past 1! What are you talking about? We're the only detectives who left Scotland Yard this morning, and we came by the midday. Kaloczsky was to travel by it, we were told, but he never turned up."

"Well, I've brought another detective, I tell you," I answered, "or some one who said he was a detective. So now you know."

"What sort of a man was he?" asked the other. I fancy he began to have a suspicion of the truth.

"Short, close cropped hair, sandy whiskers and eyes like a ferret's," I replied laconically.

"Kaloczsky himself, by all that's sacred! My man, you've been instrumental in assisting the biggest rogue in England to escape."

He pulled out his watch angrily. "Six o'clock. Yes, he's now on board the New York liner and just half an hour away from Liverpool, and by the time we could get after him it would be useless. Goodby, Mr. Robson, I congratulate you. He's fooled you all around."

And so it was. Some time after I got a letter bearing the New York postmark. It ran something after this fashion:

DEAR MR. ROBSON—I dare say you've discovered by this how you have been taken in. I must ask your pardon, but really it was the only method I saw of effecting my escape without a good deal of trouble. The gentleman who called at your house the night previous to your remarkable run to Liverpool, upon which I must renew my congratulations and thanks, was one of my assistants. He appears to have played his part very capably. At any rate, things turned out just as I had anticipated. In a fit of righteous indignation you refused to have anything to do with the scheme and rushed off to Scotland Yard with your precious information. I think between us we put the detectives on a very nice false scent. The little mishap which occurred to your superb engine, you might be interested in knowing, was likewise the result of my forethought. I told my young man to ascertain approximately how long it would take you to run from London to Liverpool and timed my arrangements accordingly. The detectives calmly reposing in the express little thought that the man they were in search of was behind, not in front Nor had you the least suspicion that your companion was your obliged KALOCZSKY.

P. S.—Had I really traveled by the ordinary train, you see, I should have missed the boat. As it was I caught it nicely. Adieu.

—London Tit-Bits.

Uses of Deerskin.

Side by side with the illicit skin hunting and its resultant trade in skins for tanning there is a genuine demand in Canada for deerskin for garments. Its main use is for leggings and moccasins to be worn with snowshoes or without snowshoes in winter. The moccasins are sold in great numbers and nothing quite so comfortable has yet been devised as footgear in the dry Canadian snows. Their softness prevents the straps of the snowshoes from galling the feet, and the leather is both porous and warm. It is not tanned, but "shamoyed," the process which all races, civilized or savage, use when preparing wild beasts' skins for use as clothes other than boots.

But the finest of all these soft leathers are the deerskins used for gloves. Nothing is quite equal to this material for the purpose, and when genuine it is the most expensive of any. Reindeer skin, fallow deer skin and that of the fawns of many of the American species are used. "Elk" gloves are not deerskin at all, but an imitation. Much of the deerskin is made into "white leather" in the same way that parchment, sheepskin and vellum are prepared for special purposes. The white buckskin is used for leather breeches and military gloves, all military tailoring being of the most expensive material.—London Spectator.

Beauty.

Beauty is not an accident of things. It pertains to their essence; it pervades the wide range of creation, and wherever it is impaired or banished we have in this fact the proof of the moral disorder which distrusts the world. Reject, therefore, the false philosophy of those who will ask what does it matter, provided a thing be useful, whether it be beautiful or not.—Gladstone.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

MANILA'S FALL.

LATEST ACCOUNT OF BOMBARDMENT AND SURRENDER.

Hong Kong, Aug. 16. — Admiral Dewey gave General Augusti an hour in which to surrender, at the time of the last demand, made on Sunday. General Augusti refused to comply. The bombardment, which began at 9.30 am., was continued for two hours, and then the United States troops stormed the trenches, sweeping all before them. Those within the walls attempted no resistance. The First Colorado volunteers stormed the outer trenches, and drove the Spaniards into the second line of defence. Then the United States troops swept on, driving all the Spaniards into the inner fortifications, when the Spanish commander, seeing that further resistance was useless, hoisted the white flag and surrendered.

The losses of the United States or Spanish are not yet known. The Spaniards in the trenches probably numbered 3,000 men. The United States attacking force numbered 10,000, and they were better armed, better trained and in better condition.

The foreign fleets watched the bombardment with acute interest. The United States warships engaged were the Olympia, Petrel, Raleigh, McCullough, Boston, Monterey, Charleston and Baltimore. The Spaniards assert that the fire of the United States ships for the most part fell short, the only effective firing being from a small gunboat armed with quick firing guns that was close in shore. It is also asserted by the Spaniards that "the Americans lost heavily in the storming, owing to the faulty construction of their entrenchments, which the Spaniards would command from the heights and upon which they poured a galling fire." The Spanish trenches extended around Manila at a distance of from two to four miles from the walled city; forming a circle ten miles in circumference, and it was impossible, the Spaniards say to hold such a long line against the United States force.

Admiral Dewey and General Merritt had issued orders to spare all except armed defences of the city, and consequently the town suffered but little damage. Some street fights between insurgents and Spaniards occurred on the outskirts, but order prevailed in the other sections. The United States version of the battle is not yet obtainable.

Hong Kong, Aug. 16.—General Augusti, former captain general of the Philippines, starts for Manila to-morrow by the German mail steamer.

THE MANILA CABLE.

Hong Kong, Aug. 16.— The officials of the Manila cable are anxiously awaiting permission to repair, and the cable steamer is now at Singapore awaiting instructions.

A GERMAN ACCOUNT.

Berlin, Aug. 16.—According to a dispatch from Hong Kong, the Americans, about noon on August 7, addressed to the Spanish commander at Manila an ultimatum demanding the surrender of the city and the Spanish forces within forty-eight hours. During the interval of grace the Germans embarked all German subjects and others under German protection. The demand for surrender was repeated on the afternoon of August 9, but the Spaniards requested a delay to enable them to obtain instructions from Madrid by way of Hong Kong. The request was refused. The dispatch continues: "A bombardment of the outer lines and outer batteries by the United States warships was begun at 10 o'clock on August 13. The Spanish were soon forced to evacuate their southern position at Manila, and the United States troops advanced on land, arriving soon after noon, but the town was then surrendered. Manila itself, despite the heavy firing, remained completely unharmed."

Fraud Unmasked and Exposed.

For some years the ladies of Canada have suffered much loss and inconvenience from use of deceptive home dyes put up to look like the popular Diamond Dyes. These imitation package dyes were sold at very low prices to retail merchants, who in turn made immense profits on them when sold to women who were unfortunately influenced to buy them.

These imitations of Diamond Dyes were never sold more than once to any woman. They possessed no foundation qualities or good points to make them valuable or popular. They were made of the cheapest ingredients, the colors were dead, muddy and unsightly, and they ruined all materials they came in contact with. These common dyes are now so despised and shunned that storekeepers are glad to sell them at half price to be rid of them.

The Diamond Dyes are still marching on to new victories, and have always maintained their position by true merit alone. Beware of the imitation and cheap dyes that are still pushed on the unsuspecting by some dealers. If a storekeeper values your trade he will recommend you to use the Diamond Dyes.

The pen may be mightier than the sword, but it isn't a marker to the blue pencil in the hands of war news censor.

A U. S. DELEGATE.

MR. KIDD WILL REPRESENT A. F. OF L. AT WINNIPEG.

A Young Man Loses Three Fingers by the Explosion of His Gun —Other News.

Monday, Aug 15.

Mr. Christie, of Emerson, is in Winnipeg, to complete arrangements for the erection of an elevator at that point.

W. T. Finlay and D. J. G. Calder are in the field as candidates for the Northwest assembly for the Medicine Hat district.

Hon. Thomas Greenway will visit the Toronto exhibition this month, if unforseen business does not arise to prevent his departure.

The proposal to have a working mill in operation at Toronto fair, grinding out Algoma ore, has been abandoned owing to the inability of the machinery company to prepare the mill in time.

One of Chicago's prominent labor men, Mr. Kidd, will represent the American Federation of Labor at the Dominion Trades Congress, to take place next month in Winnipeg. It is learned that Quebec will also be represented.

The postoffice department has been notified that samples of tobacco for transmission by post to Great Britain can only consist of unmanufactured tobacco, and must not exceed four ounces in weight. Every such package is subject on delivery to a customs charge of sixteen cents.

Frank Dodds, the 18 year old son of James Dodds, a prominent farmer of Dougall, met with an accident on Thursday while out shooting cranes. The barrel of the gun exploded and three of his fingers of one hand were almost blown away; and the palm of his hand was terribly lacerated.

An Ontario Farmer Rescued by Paine's Celery Compound.

WELLS & RICHARDSON CO.,

Gentlemen:—It is with very great pleasure that I testify to the value of your great medicine, Paine's Celery Compound. For nearly two years I suffered from indigestion and kidney and liver troubles. After trying several medicines that did not effect a cure, I decided to try your compound. Before using it I was so low in health that I could not eat or sleep. I could not lie in bed owing to pain in my back, and it was only by resting on my elbows and knees that I was enabled to obtain a slight degree of ease. Before I had fully taken one bottle of your medicine I began to improve. I have now taken in all fourteen bottles with grand results. I am a farmer and am now working every day. I am a living witness to the worth of Paine's Celery Compound.

Yours sincerely,
G. J. SMYE,

Sheffield, Ont.

News in Brief.

Wednesday, August 15.

The Dominion won the third race for the Seawanhaka cup.

The New Westminster Church of England synod is in session.

Five hundred tons of chemicals were destroyed by fire at Victoria.

U. S. Ambassador Hay will succeed Mr. Day as secretary of state.

A telephone line will be established between Carberry and Neepawa.

The constables' vote bill was introduced in the Ontario legislature.

Gold bricks arrived at Vancouver from Skookum and Williams Creek.

Nijni Novgorod, Russia, suffered a loss of over a million roubles by fire.

Evidence favorable to Ponton was produced at the Napanee bank trial.

Plebiscite returning officers are appointed for the Northwest Territories.

The Cuban insurgent army will be disbanded and paid by the United States.

Work at the Norman mill, Rat Portage, was forcibly stopped by the strikers.

The first election for mayor and councillors was held at Dauphin on Tuesday.

The father of Corbett, the pugilist, killed his wife and himself at San Francisco.

There is a wild rush from Skagway to the new gold discoveries on Lake Tagish.

Negotiations of a conciliatory nature are proceeding between Great Britain and Russia.

The executive of the provincial prohibition association have issued a plebiscite manifesto.

The Jenckes and Rand Drill companies main building at Sherbrooke, was destroyed by fire.

The revenue of the interior department shows a large increase for the last fiscal year.

The Northwest legislature was formally opened by Lieut. Gov. Cameron on Tuesday afternoon.

The annual report of the Winnipeg Industrial Exhibition association is highly satisfactory.

Available details of the bombardment of Manila show that no damage was done in the city.

President McKinley has named commissioners to arrange the evacuation of Cuba and Porto Rico.

People who sit upon forms are apt to stand upon ceremonies.

Even the hardest locomotive has its tender part.

ONTARIO STORM.

MANY BARNS AND THEIR CONTENTS DESTROYED.

A Lighthouse Destroyed—Collapse of a Grandstand—Killed by a Thrasher.

Saturday, August 13.

The largest lighthouse on the east pier at Port Dalhousie was set on fire by lightning Friday and will be a total loss.

The large stand at the Jockey club tracks, Hamilton, collapsed Friday while many people were on it. Fortunately nobody was seriously injured.

A young man, W. Baker, stepped on the feed board of a threshing machine near Westbrook and was drawn into it. He died from the injuries in a couple of hours.

A terrific thunderstorm visited Western Ontario last night and early this morning, during which many barns were struck by lightning and burned, with, in most cases, all of this season's crop. Among those who suffered losses in this way are Michael Schroder and Wm. Burney, of Brant township, Bruce county; Hugh Black, near Elora, Wellington county, whose loss is placed at $3,000; and D. Gavin, Tecumseh, Simcoe county.

Grain crop experts employ much of their spare time just now in figuring out and discussing the prospective yield of Manitoba's cereal crops this year. Some of them estimate between fifty and sixty million bushels others place the figures at forty-five million. The yield of wheat is placed at 25,000,000 bushels, but this is said to be a conservative calculation. All the grain men seem to agree that the wheat will average 18 to 20 bushels an acre all round.

Main's circus exhibited at Petrolin, Friday. All went well until 3 o'clock, when a terriffic storm came up and blew down the large and small tents, and upset several cages which contained the animals. For a time there was great excitement, but the management acted energetically, and soon had the animals back into the cages. Two or three children were slightly hurt. During the afternoon a barn of Mr. Stewart's completely consumed. A large number of derricks and shade trees were laid low.

A Russian Jew, giving the name of Dr. Leopold Leviovots, came to Montreal in June representing himself as a specialist, and with good introductions made the acquaintance of many leading medical men. He had plenty of money and spent freely. At last he received a cablegram authoirzing him to draw $80,000 from the Bank of Montreal on Aug. 16 on the strength of which he borrowed money and was allowed to contract bills a week ago. He has disappeared, owing extensive sums all around.

Protecting Canadian Goods.

The issue of the Adelaide (South Australia) Advertiser for June 14th, just received, gives the particulars of a trial which proves that even in that far away country the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co. is as active in defending its rights and protecting the public against the schemes of the substituters and counterfeiters as it is here at home in Canada. In the trial in question Frank Ashley and William Smith were shown to have been engaged in offering a substitute for Dr. Williams Pink Pills, claiming that the substitute was the same as that justly celebrated medicine. Both men were placed under arrest on a charge of obtaining money under false pretence and conspiring to defraud the public, and evidence was heard before the Chief Justice of the Criminal Court. The defendants' lawyer made a strong fight in their behalf, but in spite of this the jury, after a short absence from the court returned a verdict of guilty in both cases. The Chief Justice deferred sentence until the close of the sittings. In addressing the jury, however, the learned judge spoke very strongly concerning the evils of substitution and the dangers to the victim that may ensue from this nefarious and too common practice.—Toronto Globe.

A talkative person seldom fails to make one pneumatically tired.

Snuffing a candle increases the effect and diminishes the cause.

Men are like chickens, they always want to get on the highest roost.

SCROFULA.

"My little boy, aged 7 years and 15 months, was a victim of Scrofula on the face, which all the doctors said was incurable. To tell the truth he was so bad that I could not bear to look at him. At last I tried a bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters, and before it was half used he was gaining, and by the time he had three bottles used he was completely cured. I cannot say too much in recommendation of B.B.B. to all who suffer as he did." JOSEPH P. LABELLE, Maniwake P.O., Que.

There can be no question about it. Burdock Blood Bitters has no equal for the cure of Sores and Ulcers of the most chronic and malignant nature. Through its powerful blood purifying properties, it gets at the source of disease and completely eradicates it from the system.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

Travellers

Should always carry with them a bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry.

The change of food and water to which those who travel are subject, often produces an attack of Diarrhœa, which is as unpleasant and discomforting as it may be dangerous. A bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in your grip is a guarantee of safety. On the first indication of Cramps, Colic, Diarrhœa or Dysentery, a few doses will promptly check further advance of these diseases.

It is an old, reliable remedy, with over forty years' of cures to its credit, whose merit is recognized everywhere and one that the doctors recommend in preference to all others.

Sold by medicine dealers everywhere at 35c. a bottle. Always insist on the genuine, as many of the imitations are highly dangerous.

General News.

Saturday, August 13.

China has sanctioned the Belgian loan.

Quebec's financial position is materially improved.

The imperial parliament was prorogued on Friday.

Admiral Miller, U.S.N., was welcomed to Honolulu.

Archbishop Langevin arrived at New York from Europe.

There was an exciting scene at the Hooley trial in London.

Several barns were struck by lightning in Ontario and burned.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier has returned to his home at Athabascaville.

Col. McCallum will succeed Sir Hector Murray as governor of Newfoundland.

The G. T. R. will pay a two per cent. half yearly divident on guaranteed stock.

Interesting mail advices from the far east were received by the Empress of Japan.

The Manitoba grain crop is estimated at from forty-five to sixty million bushels.

C.E. Hamilton, ex-attorney-general of Manitoba, met with a painful accident at St. Paul.

The increase in Dominion revenue for 1897-8 will give a surplus of nearly $1,000,000.

Peace is proclaimed between Spain and the United States and hostilities have ceased.

In the Napanee bank robbery the magistrate decided that he could not try the prisoners.

Two returned Yukon miners shed some light on certain matters concerning mining matters there.

Orders-in-council are passed regulating cutting of cord-wood and fees of mining companies in Yukon.

Mr. Bowen has abandoned his attempt to form a cabinet in British Columbia, and Mr. Semlin has been called upon.

Two men were killed in Crow's Nest Pass by the collapse of a bridge.

The C. P. R. Stonewall branch has been located to a point in Balmoral.

Cholera Epidemic.

Madras, Aug. 13.—Cholera is epidemic here. Between Monday morning and Friday night there were 55 deaths from the disease, the fatalities prior to the day first mentioned having been 17.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Fate can tie a knot, but only folly can knit it.

Quickcure heals Sores, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, etc.

Conceit is superior to small envies and jealousies.

C. C. RICHARDS & Co.

DEAR SIRS:—I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT in my stable for over a year and consider it the very best for horse flesh I can get, and strongly recommend it.
GEO. HOUGH,
Livery Stables, Quebec.

Yes, said the veteran mind reader, I can read a woman's mind, but don't pretend to understand it.

Ask for Minard's Liniment and take no other

It is possible of course, to get too much of a good thing, but most of us seldom do.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.

Life is a crazy-quilt arrangement in flesh and blood.

Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians.

Elderly gentlemen seem to have a penchant for youngerly ladies.

Minard's Liniment the Lumberman's Friend.

What does it profit a man to set an alarm clock to wake him at 4 p.m. if, when the thing goes off, he only smashes the clock to pieces and goes to sleep again.

Use Vapors of Quickcure for Throat Troubles.

DON'T BUY EXPERIENCE

By trying all the just as good articles. Buy the Tea which is GUARANTEED.

BOVRIL, LIMITED
MANUFACTURERS OF
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JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF,
Dessicated and Dried Potatoes and other Vegetables.

SOUP NODULES
And other preparations of condensed food specially suited for prospectors, surveyors and explorers, and for

KLONDIKE OUTFITS

London, ENGLAND. and 27 St. Peter St., MONTREAL.

While there's life there's Sope

Use Richards' Pure

IT'S THE BEST.

Be sure you get RICHARDS'. Sold by all grocers, or write D. Richards, Woodstock, Ontario, giving your full address, and I will return you FREE an Illustrated Book.

A Canadian Honored.

Honfleur, France, Aug. 14.—Mr. A. Turgeon, commissioner of colonization and minister of mines in the province of Quebec, arrived here from Havre today, in response to an invitation extended to him by the Ville de Honfleur society. The municipal authorities gave a banquet and fete in Mr. Turgeon's honor.

"Blue Ribbon" Tea Baking Powder Coffee and Spices You will find these goods reliable
E B Eddy Ltd

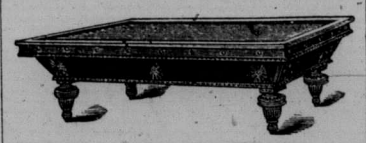
BILLIOUS SPELLS

Always Promptly Cured by Laxa Liver Pills.

MRS. W. H. UFFORD, Snow Road, Ontario writes:

"I was troubled with a Billious Stomach and dizziness in the head. I was completely broken down. Laxa Liver Pills have made me strong and healthy and able to go about my household duties."

Laxa Liver Pills cure Constipation, Sick Headache, Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint. Every pill guaranteed to act perfectly. Price, 25c a box at all druggists.



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A FEW THINGS

that should be found in every well regulated household

DREWRY'S

Choice Stock Ale — Extra Porter
Canadian Pilsner Lager (A Fine Light Beer)
Golden Key Brand Aerated Water
Imperial Table Sauce, India Chutney } Choice Table Relishes

E. L. DREWRY
Manufacturer and Importer
WINNIPEG

ANTISEPTIC SPRUCE ... FIBREWARE

The perishable made imperishable.

The expense of packing transformed from an obstacle to a trifle.

These small pails of from 3 to 12 lbs. capacity, keep Butter, Lard, Mince Meat, etc., sweet and pure an indefinite length of time.

They resist corrosion and decay, and guard their contents from all contamination.

No danger of evil effects attending tinned goods.

Get samples and prices.

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W. R. ALLAN,
General Agent,
Winnipeg.

CARDSTON RECORD.

:o:

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Cardston, August 27, 1898.

THE HEART.

(From the Sanskrit.)

Thy face, a lovely lily,
Thine eyes, the lotus blue,
Thy teeth are jasmine blossoms,
Thy lips, the rosebud's hue,

Thy velvet touch of the champak,
Thy tender skin doth own—
How comes it that the Creator
Hath made thy heart a stone?

Sienkiewicz, authur of "Quo Vadis," will visit America sometime in September, bringing with him his inseparable companion, Jadwiga, his daughter, a pretty maid of sixteen. The great Novelist will be feted by his admires.

It all depends upon the people of Cardston and surrounding settlements whether or not THE RECORD continues publication. The proprietor will not run this paper unless the receipts offset expenses.

It is not necessary to tell people what to say when accosted and asked to subscribe for the home paper; we mean those people who, for some reason or another, do not care to foster an enterprise of this nature: it is not, we say, necessary, for they all have the same remark; viz: "I take more papers now than I can read," ready for the solicitor.

Now, do they? We are not afraid to affirm that people who give utterance to that remark, do not respect the truth. No man will continually take more papers than he can read.

If, however, there are any here who "take more papers than I can read," we heartily sympathize with them; indeed, our heart is so touched, that we hereby offer our humble services to those poor afflicted creatures, and will gladly read those numerous (?) newspapers for them!

==Subscribe==

=.=·=.= for =.=·=.=

THE Record.

We had a hundred copies of THE RECORD distributed at the close of divine services Monday afternoon; besides which we sent out through the post office several hundred copies of last Saturday's paper.

There has been a dozen applicants at THE RECORD office for that room to rent, as advertised in our local column last week. It pays to advertise your wants.

A surveying party is in town, having surveyed a road from Lethbridge to Cardston. They are also planing for a bridge across Lee's Creek on Maine street, and it si probable that another will be erected over the Kootenay River between here and Macleod.

NEW HOTEL.

J. W. Kearl and Wm. Sharp are having the foundation laid for their hotel. Work was begun last Saturday. It will be 30x60 feet; two stories and contain 28 rooms.

Contractor Wolsey has charge of the construction work.

The location is good, being just north of Kearl & Sharp's livery stable, and on the main travelled road.

This hotel will be quite an addition to Cardston's attractions; every building of such dimensions increasing the valuation of real estate in it's neighborhood, and imparting an air of stability to the whole town.

LOCAL LINES.

:o:

S. Low took a "shot" at us the other day with his camera.

The recent storms have cooled the atmosphere considerably.

Arthur Pitcher and Theadore Austin have been making a deal in cattle and horses.

J. W. Kearl has returned home after putting up 500 tons of hay for the McIntyre Ranch Co.

Frank Brown called, Saturday. He is now engaged in erecting a house out on his ranch.

The Leishman Bros. whose crops last year yealded 3000 bushels, will raise fully 5000 bushels this year.

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends. 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

In the north of town there are two wires stretched across Lee's Creek Isn't there a law prohibiting the fencing of running streams?

There is a great deal of sickness in Macleod now of one kind and another, principally typhoid fever. —News.

Mr. C. A. Magrath came in from the irrigation survey on Tuesday evening and leaves on Friday to attend the session of the Legislature at Regina.—News.

By the Calgary, Edmonton and Regina papers we see that the terms of vacation of the different schools have this year been extended from one to two weeks, at the different places.—News.

Samuel Layton, merchant of Mountain View, paid us a visit last Monday. He says the people up there are busy harvesting and that hundreds of acres of grain are now ready for the harvester.

Apostle A. O. Woodruff & wife and Mrs. McCune, of Salt Lake City arrived in Cardston last week. They came to attend the Latter-Day Saints' Conference.

Are you interested in this country? Are you interested in Cardston? Do you care anything for Canada? If you do, you will subscribe for your home paper THE RECORD.*

The close season for ducks closes here on Tuesday, the 23rd August next, and we expect the shooting this fall will be better than for many years past, as there is more water in the lakes and sloughs than there has been for some time. The close season for prairie chicken does not end, until the 15th September. —News

The issue of the Northwest Territories Gazette, of July 30th, just to hand, contains two errata, one of which supplies an explanation of the mysterious proclamation allowing bulls to run at large in the ranching country. As corrected the proclamation allows bulls to run at large between July 1st and March 31st, which is somewhere near what the ranchers wanted. —News

The storm Sunday evening was very severe. About six o'clock it reached a climax in an electrical display rarely equelled; the lightning was immediately over Cardston and the thunder was nerve shattering, especially the loudest clap about six o'clock, which for all the world sounded like a discharge of heavy battery at twenty paces.

An Examiner received at THE RECORD office gives a detailed account of the part played by the Utah troops in their first battle at Malate, Philippine Island.

In the account of the battle, the article has it: "* * * with four guns of the Utah Battery, commanded by Captain Young, grandson of the Mormon prophet, * * *" Captain Young is a nephew of Mrs. C. O. Card.

J. A. Barton came in from the Crow's Nest Pass Sunday. He informed us that in about two months the steel will be laid so direct communication by traffic will be established between Lethbridge vie Crow's Nest Pass and Kootenay Lake to the Pacific coast. That will be a most delightful trip from Lethbridge to the Lake, then down that beautiful piece of water to Nelson and from there to the coast by rail through towering timber and enormous mountains.

There was a well attended party given in Kearl & Sharp's hall, Monday night.

Miss Susie Wood is now clerking for H. S. Allen & Co. Miss Hattie Stoddard having gone to the lakes.

J. A. Nelson has moved his family out to his ranch, a little south of town.

We hear that Mr. Eph. Harker has taken over the brick business. Hope he makes a success of it.

W. R. Clarke has plenty of coal at his mines on Belly River, as his ad in today's RECORD informs our readers.

ADVERTISE. HERE.

Clarke Mine,

Belly River, . . . Alta.
Coal, $2.00 per ton. Plenty on hand.

The Bank opens at ten o'clock a. m. and closes at three o'clock p. m.*

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50 *

Fresh candies, nuts, biscuits, etc., just in at the Book Store, next to Bank.†

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

FOR SALE: Four room house Good well water. Nice location. Enquire at RECORD office, next to Bank. ‡

Insure your home. C. E. Snow has the agency for several fire insurance companies. †

THE RECORD'S Job Department has been kept very busy ever since its Gordon press was put in. Everything printed by the job department is guaranteed to give satisfaction. Get your wedding-cards, envelopes, letter-heads, &c, &c, printed at the CARDSTON-RECORD JOB PRINTING DEPARTMENT.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

G. Hamilton, Pastor.

Divine service at Cardston every Sabbath a 8 p. m.

At Mountain View and St. Marys every two weeks.

Subjects announced in advance every week.

All are welcome. G. Hamilton.

The RECORD & Montreal Family Herald & Weekly Star, one year for $2.75.

Subscribe now.

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

A crowd went up to the Walton Lakes, Tuesday.

Beatman Bros'. grain looks better than any we have yet seen.

LEE'S CREEK.

That is the name of a pure stream of water which flows down from the Rocky Mountains over purifing pebbles, through shady trees and willows to Cardston's grateful denizens.

Lee's Creek will sometime afford motive-power for numerous manufacturing industries, just as it now gives power to the flour mill.

"Snake" Creek would be an appropriate name for the stream, as it curves and turns in an astonishing manner. At Youngs place it runs directly south; at Aldrich's straight north; at Ferrall's east and at Daines' corner this crooketl current runs west. Next we look for it to run in a direct line heavenward, which would complete it's directions, for naturally in it's descent from the Rockies it goes "down." Wonderful stream, isn't it?

Fish, too, are in abundance, especially about ten miles up stream. Pretty good fishing is had right in town. The writer, who is by no means as expert a fisherman as Grover Cleveland, has caught eighteen inch members of the finny tribe where the creek flows through Cardston.

C. F. Jensen is reported very ill.

THE RECORD is for sale at G. W. Robinson & Co.'s at Lethbridge.

Dr. and Mrs. Brant visited Mr. and Mrs. H. Woolf at their ranch, Wednesday returning Tuesday morning.

Cardston Business Men

Should read every word printed below, for they are from the pen of the brightest advertising expert in the United States:

"I don't own any newspaper, or any publication, but I know from my own experience, and from the experience of hundreds of successful business men, that the daily and weekly local newspaper is the only indispensible medium for the advertising of local goods.

"Advertising is business.

If it wasn't business, it wouldn't be part of business.

The man who cannot utilize advertising in his business has no business to be in business; and generally isn't.

If everybody advertised who ought to advertise, there would't be enough advrtising space to go one tenth the way around.

Some clothing stores advertise and some do not; some dry goods stores advertise extensively and some do not; some provision dealers appreciate the value of printers' ink, while others try to run business without letting people know they're in business; some furniture dealers believe in telling people their business that they may do more business, while others expect to make money without publicity. The inconsistency of business is as marked as the inconsistency of everything else.

The legitimate advertisement in the legitimate newspaper, is worth more than any other kind of advertising.

The newspaper advertisement is upon the same sheet of paper that contains the news; therefore you and others must see it, if it be bold, distinct and brief.

The advertiser receives his trade from the people at large, no from the very poor nor the very rich, but from the great middle class, the predominating class in every community, which reads the local paper not run in the interest of any cilque but for the people as the people;" and The Record is just that kind of a paper.

CARDSTON ATTRACTIONS.

Shoe shop.

Barber shop.

Meat market.

Livery stables.

Blacksmith shops.

A flourishing bank.

Skillful physician.

Hotel and boarding house.

Good schools and better ones in prospect.

The best cereal-raising soil in the world.

Many tributary settlements which act as feeders.

Clear, pure and palatable drinking water fresh from the mountain brooks.

Numerous comfortable residences.

Commodious dancing hall and private business houses.

Lee's creek, affording excellent and almost unlimited water power for all kind of manufacturing establishments.

Numerous flourishing business houses such as banking and general merchandise and stationery stores.

THE RECORD, a local newspaper which will always be found bright, progressive, and a friend to Southern Alberta in particular and Western Canada in general.

LATE TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Sharon, Mass., Aug. 21.—A frightful rear-end collision occured in the Sharan station of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad at 7:30 o' clock tonight. As a result seven persons were killed and twenty-six seriously injured.

Santiago de Cuba, Aug. 9.—The Spanish prisoners are dying like sheep. Worse than the plague. Trenches are full of the dead and dying.

Hong Kong, Aug. 21.—The cable line between Hong Kong and Manila is now being operated.

Subscribe Now!

Look out for

The new Carriage & Blacksmith Shop!

Henry & Frank.

Bonnell's Old Stand.

BOOK STORE

C. E. Snow, next to Bank.

Stationery, Confectionery, Tobaccos, etc., etc.

Latest Magazines and Periodicals.

Canadain Headquarters for Mormon Publications.

Agency for every Magazine and Newspaper Published in the World.

Meat Market.

The undersigned wishes to inform the inhabitants of Cardston and surrouding settlements that his meat market is in full blast and meat is kept on hand constantly. I pay spot cash for beef.

Wm. Wood.

HOTEL DE WOOLF.

Rates, $1.50 per Day.
Livery & Feed Stables.
CARDSTON, ALTA.

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.

All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.

Cardston . . . . . Alberta.

Samuel Cox,

Contractor & Builder,
Sign, General Painting,
& Paper Hanging.

Orders can be left at Record Office.

CARDSTON, . . ALBERTA.

C. O. CARD,

SUB AGENT
for
DOMINION LANDS,
ALSO AGENT FOR
RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY
. . AND . . .
PRIVATE LANDS.

Office Hours: 9 to 4.

Lundberg & Neilson,

General Blacksmiths.

Horse Shoeing a Specialty.

Cardston, ... Alta.

Gay & Wight,

Contractors & Builders.

Estimates given on all kinds of work free. We have expert workmen that we send out in the country to do work at short notice.

Don't forget our black smith and wagon shop. We have the best material money can buy, and we guarantee our workmanship. Only shop in town where you can get A 1 Steel Buggie tires.

Machinery Repaired and Refitted.

Thanking the public for their past patronage and asking the continuation of the same.

Yours respectfully,

Gay & Wight.

Gay & Wight.

LETHBRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.

Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7:30 o'clock, a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $3.00; Round trip, $5.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.

MERCER & McCARTY PROPS.

R. C. BECK.

Contractor & Builder.
All work neatly executed, and Satisfaction Guaranteed.
CABINET WORK A SPECIALTY.

R. C. Beck.

J. W. WOOLF.

I pay cash for BEEF CATTLE. See me before completing a sale.

J. W. Woolf.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1898. NO. 5.

Coming!

The Wolcott Pain Paint Co.

WILL VISIT CARDSTON ON

Wednesday, Sept. 7th. 1898

and will give a

Grand FREE Open-Air CONCERT in the evening

Every member of the COMPANY IS A STAR.

Don't fail to hear them.

Dr. R. C. McClure, Dentist,
OF LETHBRIDGE,
Graduate of Toronto University and Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ont.
Will Make a Professional Visit to Cardston on Sept 8th.
Make Appointments Early.

==Subscribe==

=.=.=.=for=.=.=.=

THE Record.

OPEN THE RESERVE.

Ten or fifteen miles of the Blood Indians Reserve should be thrown open for settlement.

Cardston is growing rapidly, but the fact that the Reserve stops its growth to the north is the greatest draw-back we are compelled to put up with. Thousands of acres of splendid land are doing little or no good when they might be of inestimable value to hundreds of farmers and ranchers.

If the Indians did not have hundreds of acres of land more than they know what to do with, we should never think of advocating the opening of a portion of the Blood Reserve; but that they HAVE more land than they need, no one who knows anything about the facts in the case will deny.

Between Belly and St. Mary's rivers, from south of Macleod and Lethbridge to Cardston, are thousands of acres of unexcellend land. All this extensive prairie the Blood Indians, by Government grant, own. That is all well and good, but what we want is only a very few of those thousands of acres (we, and when I say we I believe I voice the whole people of these parts,) need ten or fifteen miles, to be bounded on the West by Belly River and on the east by St. Mary's River, of this land. The Indians would never miss it and the settlers would use every acre of it for ranches, forms and gardens.

We believe the Government would consider the matter favorably were it set before the honorable gentleman in a proper manner.

The Record.

$2.00

AT THE KOOTENAY LAKE.

Merry Party Enjoy the Scenery, the Fishing and the Boating.

GRAPHIC PORTRAYAL OF NATURE'S WONDERS.

EDITOR RECORD:

On Tuesday afternoon, the 23rd of August, a merry party numbering 35 (children included) started for the Kootenay Lakes. Apostle Woodruff his wife and Sister McCune honored us with their company. Nothing in the way of lively amusement could be indulged in while traveling; but all were greatly interested in surveying the stretching miles of rolling prairie and the numerous lakes dotted here and there just far enough away to break the monotony and give a fresh green appearance to the grass and shrubbery. Our lungs however were freely expanded, sometimes in a most musical manner, while at other times in a manner that did not contain so much melody. Just before dark we camped at Crooked Creek, a very pretty little stream, where supper was soon prepared and eagerly partaken of by the ravenous group. As all were anxious to arrive at the appointed place we started at an early hour next morning, reaching there about ten o'clock, having thoroughly enjoyed our short drive in the fresh, invigorating air, with the numerous and wonderful sights furnished by nature. What rapture, what wonder filled our hearts as we gazed at the lofty mountains towering above, extending there broad arms as if to protect the peaceful little valley below, and keep in tune the quiet rippling of the waves on the broad blue lakes as they danced and dashed against the rocky beach. The girls were too elated over the grandure of the lake and the prospect of having a boat ride to waste much time, and so with plenty of hurras (from the boys, of course) darted towards the shore, and as Bro. Aldrige and sons were very liberal with their boat, we were soon skimming over the waters in a state of ecstasy expressed in merry songs.

When this grew tiresome we refreshed ourselves with a hearty dinner, and decided to go fishing and visit the falls, some few miles distant. It was a hot day, but some of the party walked, and as the boys had been telling us of the bears that inhabited the mountains they were well entertained all the way by frightening the girls with their sly tricks. At any rate no serious damage was done, though one young man began to think there might be if a certain girl did not loose her grasp, as he had convinced her a bear was coming and she persisted to cling to him for refuge. We walked very rapidly and climed through tangled brush, over rocks, hills, and in hollows so that, as we finished by walking a narrow pole over a stream one can imagine our great fatigue. We slowly made our way to the base of the falls where far above us the seathing, foaming water springs from its rocky bed as if anxious to free itself from bondage and comes bounding down the cragy rocks and rills in angery torrents, till it is dashed in the lake below, and after forming a snowy bed of raging foam, is gradually driven out on the lake becoming milder and milder, as it finaly dashes against the shore, the waves fall back as gently as a mother rocks her babe.

What a contrast meets the gaze as the eye wanders from the quiet ripple of the tiny waves below to the turbulant, roaring waters above, and with the stately mountains rising majestically on either side and the cool, inspiring spray thrown from the falls, kissing on burning cheeks, we were almost subdued to reverence. On one side of the mountain extending some distance each way was a number of layers of lava found in most systematic order.

The different colors blended so beautiful, one would almost doubt that nature had the power to form a picture so perfect. Gazing on the whole, how could the power and ginuis of One be unacknowledged and His mysterious hand conceaded. Bidding farewell to this spot we proceeded to the lower lakes in search of fish. There was plenty of fishing, but no fish, consequently we took our departure, and were led to camp by following a winding paththrough a perfect grove of evergreens and trees. As all were very weary with the long walk a delightful boat ride was taken. The cool, balmy sea breeze soon refreshed us and all felt contented untill a stronger breeze arose which tossed our little boat in such a manner that we felt much safer on land.

The lake, however, was much more beautiful at this time than any other, and presented a grand view as the large, silver tinged waves, illuminated by the sun rays chased each other to the shore in such rapid succession that the whole body appeared to be peopled with live beings who were engaged in merry dance and song. A portion of the party left that evening for Kootenay River where more fish could be obtained: the remainder stayed at the lakes until the next evening, where, through the hospitality of Bro. Aldridge, we enjoyed a bountious supply of fish.

The day was spent very pleasantly: the sole amusements being boating, bathing, eating and examining the works of nature near by. Some had the privelege of seeing the seine thrown in and drawn from the lake, which proved an interesting process, and is a novel way of catching fish. Thursday evening we traveled back to Kootenay River and joined the rest of the party. After seeing their display of fish we knew they had not been idle and next day we were fully convinced of their energy as Bro. Woodruff and Wolsey became so enthused over the pursuit, they remained in deep water all day, hardly stopping to eat, but feeling well repaid when in the evening, they returned almost loaded down with trout.

The girls spent most of the day pouring over the pages of "Little Women." As the evening was cool all who were able sat around the fire, sang songs, laughed, frolicked, told stories and participated in a moon dance, instead of a sun dance, in the regular Indian fashion. As half past ten was announced all felt weary and sleepy enough to retire to their beds of hills and hollows. Saturday morning we were favored with a refreshing little thunder shower which soon passed away, and we started on our homeward journey rejoicing; though most of us felt we could be well entertained and have no complaints to offer if we should remain a few days longer. Our only regrets were caused through the severe illness of Sisters McCune and Rhoda Hinman, but all felt thankful that no serious result followed as our accommodations for invalids were rather limited. As we again reached our homes all felt renewed in body and spirit and amply repaid or their trip. If any one is seeking for health, a good time, and a general feast on beautiful scenery we highly recommend Kootenay Lakes.

H.S.

The RECORD & Montreal Family Herald & Weekly Star, one year for $2.75.

Subscribe now.

BRIEF RESUME = of = CANADIAN HISTORY From 1497 to 1898.

Very Short and to the Point.

FAMILIARIZE YOURSELF WITH ALL THAT APPEARS IN THIS COLUMN EACH WEEK.

Having lived in this district more than three years, we are acquainted with the majority of inhabitants, and to a greater or less degree, have a knowledge respecting their uninformed condition as to the laws and history of Canada. We, therefore, purpose publishing, serially, in a portion of this column, each week, a Short History of Canada from 1497 to 1898, together with Statistical Items of general interest.

1634. July 4. Town of Three Rivers founded. August 13. Fort Richelieu (Sorel) founded. First seignory granted.
1635. Marquis de Gamache founded Jesuits College in Quebec. Lake Michigan discovered by Nicolet. December 25, death of Champlain at Quebec.
1637. DeSillery founded school and home for Indians near Quebec
1639. Ursuline Covent founded at Quebec.
1640. Lake Erie discovered by Chaumonot and Brebocuf.
1641. Raymbault and Jogues reached Lake Superior.
1642. May 18. Ville Marie (Montreal) founded by Maisonneuve.
1642-1667. Frequent and serious wars between the French and the Iroquois Indians.
1644. Hotel Dieu, Montreal, founde.
1647. Lake St. John discovered.
1651. Expedition to Hudson Bay.
1654. Acadia taken by the English.
1655. Treaty of Westminister, restoring Canada and Acadia to the French.
1657. Acadia transferred to Sir Wm. Temple.
1659. M. de Laval, first Roman Catholic Bishop of Canada, arrived from France. Lake Superior discovered by French traders.
1663. Company of "100 Associates" dissolved. Royal Government established. First Courts of Law.
1667. Acadia restored to France by Treaty of Breda. White population of New France, 3,918.
1668. Talon constructed two seagoing vessels and established trade between Quebec, the Antilles and France.
1670. May 13 (n. s.) Hudson's Bay Company founded.
1672. Count de Frontenac appointed Govetnor. Population, 6,705.
1673. June 13. Cataraqui (Kingston) founded.
1674. Iroquois established at Caugnawage, R. C. Bishopric established in New France.
1688. Card money issued in New France.
1689. August 5. Massacre at Lachine by Indians.
1690. Capture of Port Royal by Sir William Phipps, and unsuccessful attack upon Quebec.
1692. Population of New France, 12,341.
1695. Iberville took English forts in Hudson Bay.
1697. Treaty of Ryswick. Mutual restoration of places taken durhing the war.
1698. Death of Frontenac. Population, 13,355.
1701. August 4. Ratification of a treaty of peace with the Iroquois at Montreal. Canadians granted leave to manufacture.
1708. Death of Laval.
1709-10-11. Canada invaded by the English. Port Royal (Annapolis) taken by Nicholson (1710)
1713. Treaty of Utrecht, by which Hudson Bay and adjacent territory, Nova Scotia (Acadia) and Newfoundland were ceded to the English.
1719. First government founded by the English in Nova Scotia.
1720. Population of New France, 24,434, and of St. John's Island (Prince Edward Island), about 100. Fort Louisburg built.
1721. June 27. Mail stages established between Quebec and Montreal.
1722. Division of settled country in Canada into Parishes.
1733. First forge erected in Canada at St. Maurice.

EVERYBODY WEARS SHOES.

You get the best when you buy those made by

The Ames Holden Co.

Large shipment just received at

H. S. Allen & Co.

C. Edgar Snow, Banker,

Cardston, ... Alberta.

A general banking business transacted.

The People's Store!

Everything from a Needle to a Steam Engine,— a box of matches to a Sack of CARDSTON Flour,— or a Button to a Suit of Clothes—you can get.

Receiving each week now, a part of our extensive line of

Dry Goods & Boots & Shoes

The most extensive ever brought here.

Special Inducements to Cash Customers.

Farmer's Produce Taken in Exchange.

Agents CARDSTON DAIRY. Finest Grade of CHEESE in the North-West Territories.

Go to the CARDSTON CO. Ltd.

LORD SALISBURY

INFORMS HER MAJESTY THAT HE MUST RESIGN HIS OFFICE

Unless Given a Free Hand With Russia in the Present Critical State of Their Relations.

London, Aug. 25.—The dispatch cabled from London to New York to the effect that Lord Salisbury, leaving for France, informed Her Majesty that in the present critical state of the relations with Russia, he must resign unless her frequently expressed veto upon the prosecution of diplomacy to the point of war during her life time was withdrawn and he was given an absolutely free hand, and that intimation made definite to Russia, which, in effect, amounted to an ultimatum, is an elaboration of the current gossip of the clubs and the sensational weeklies and is obviously impossible of confirmation or denial.

Circumstantial evidence all goes to disprove the statement. Lord Salisbury has been spending his vacation, since parliament adjourned, in France. Sir Thomas Henry Sanderson, permanent under secretary of state for foreign affairs, and other most important officials of the foreign office and likewise the Russian ambassador to Great Britain, M. DeStaal, have been on the continent for a long time. Apparently there are no important negotiations. Two British ships were withdrawn from Chinese waters yesterday.

Fleet at Wei-Hai-Wei.

London, Aug. 26.—A dispatch to a news agency from Shanghai reports that the entire available British fleet in Chinese waters has arrived at Wei Hai Wei to support the demands of Sir Claude McDonald, British minister to China. There is no confirmation of the report obtained from other sources.

Soudan Expedition.

Wady Hamed, Aug. 25.—The whole Anglo-Egyptian expedition has arrived here, and the advance is now commencing to El Hajir, where final concentration will be made for the march on Omdurman, forty miles distant, which will take two days, if the khalifa decides to await attack at Omdurman, as now appears likely. Refugees are arriving daily from Omdurman. They all agree that the khalifa means to fight. The report is that he has 70,000 men. The attack is expected to occur about September 4th.

A BOLD ROBBERY.

BURGLARS ENTER A STORE AND GET NEARLY $5,000.

They Escape on a Handcar and Are Traced for Some Distance, But Not Arrested.

St. Reini, Que., Aug. 25. — Thieves broke into the store of L. P. Lazure here, yesterday morning, blew open the safe and decamped with $4,900 in notes, drafts and goods, and $150 in cash. The robbers entered the premises through a third story window in the rear by means of a ladder. About 2 o'clock the entire neighborhood was awakened by the report of three terrible explosions. People left their houses to see what had happened, but were afraid to enter the store. Lazure, who lives a mile away from his business, heard the report and decided to investigate, when people came to tell him that burglars were in his store. Three men rushed from the store and gained the car track. There another man, evidently one of the gang, awaited them. The men had come on a handcar. One had been left to watch the car, whilst the three others got the stuff. It was half-past three when the men left and quite dark. No one recognized the thieves at the distance. They jumped on the handcar and worked for their lives. They were traced to St. Constant, where they had breakfast in the bush. They left immediately and were again located at St. Philip, but no farther.

ONE DAY'S NEWS.

The Happenings of the World in a Condensed Form.

Friday, August 26.

Eighteen firemen were injured at Boston.

Business sessions of the Quebec conference began on Thursday.

A storm did considerable damage at Ste. Agathe.

The cohoe fishing season in British Columbia has been extended.

The K. of P. supreme lodge held a stormy session discussing expenditure.

Crop reports from Manitoba and Territorial points are most favorable.

New York volunteers stoned two negroes to death at Chattanooga.

The French-Canadian mail service scheme has collapsed.

The supreme lodge, I. O. F., is in session at Toronto.

Hon. George E. Foster addressed a meeting at Indian Head.

Burglars blew open a safe and stole $5,000 at St. Renie, Quebec.

Lord Charles Beresford sailed for China on his investigation tour.

The Soudan expedition arrived at Wady Hamed.

Returning officers have been named for Manitoba to take the plebiscite vote.

The British Columbia government deny that they intend holding a general election.

A British fleet is at Wei-Hai-Wei to support Sir Claude Macdonald's demands.

The American association for the advancement of science is in session at Boston.

The Manitoba team made good scores at the Ontario Rifle association matches.

Commissioners have been appointed to investigate the Newfoundland French shore question.

The question of international branding of cattle will likely be discussed at the Quebec conference.

A French fishing schooner was sunk in collision off the Grand Banks and sixteen of her crew drowned.

It is reported that Lord Salisbury threatens to resign if Her Majesty interferes in his Russian policy.

RACING STORMS.

MANY BUILDINGS WERE STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

Several Bridges Washed Away and Much Farm Property Destroyed, Including Live Stock.

Lasalle, Man., Aug. 24.—The worst hail storm ever experienced by the oldest settlers passed over here between four and five o'clock this afternoon. It was from four to five miles wide, accompanied by a high wind, cutting down and almost completely destroying all the standing crops in its path. One farmer who had about one hundred and fifty acres of wheat and seventy-five of oats, reports his wheat at least two thirds gone and oats hardly worth cutting. The hail stones were from one inch in diameter and were thick. About one half mile south of the village, passing from the northwest to southeast numerous windows were broken; luckily, however, at least one half the grain was cut, so that even as it is, the farmers will have an average crop. After the storm had passed the hail stones could be scooped up in shovelfuls, at or near the buildings, the streets were completely covered.

Syracuse, N. Y., Aug. 24.—A hurricane in this city this afternoon did thousands of dollars worth of damage. The roofs of four factories were blown off. Three men employed at the power house of the Lakeside Railroad company were badly injured by the west wall of the building falling, and one of them, the electrical engineer, Carl Dingen, was killed. Another man is believed to be fatally injured by being blown from the roof of a factory. The street cars were delayed for a considerable length of time by the debris falling on the tracks and the trolleys. The roof of the Church of the Assumption was blown off and the statue of the Virgin Mary was blown off and lodged in the cellar. An Italian laborer named Tony Metrone was struck by a falling electric light wire and killed.

Utica, N. Y., Aug. 24.—A cloud-burst in the town of Deerfield this afternoon did great damage to property. The water fell so rapidly that it filled the creek banks, and was four feet over the roadway in a few minutes. Bridges were carried away; barns were floated off and deposited in unusual places, and pigs, calves, chickens and other live stock were carried down in the flood. There are two big washouts on the Adirondack railroad, but wires are down and particulars cannot be had.

Watertown, N. Y., Aug. 24.—A second terrific electrical rain and hail storm within twenty-four hours passed over this city early this morning. Hail stones as large as hen's eggs fell in showers, breaking glass and seriously injuring the corn crop.

Middletown, N. Y., Aug. 24.— Mrs. John Yerkes, at Crawford, was killed by lightning last night. Her two sons were knocked senseless, but recovered. At least a score of barns and contents were destroyed. Acres of land, planted with onions and celery, are under several feet of water today. Several factories here were flooded and will not be able to start up again for a week. The Traction company's plant was flooded and will be unable to run for fifteen hours. Many bridges were washed out.

Rochester, N. Y., Aug. 24.—A severe electric storm passed over this city and vicinity to-day. Many buildings were struck by lightning. Jay Costello, a gardener of Brighton, a suburb of Rochester, was struck by lightning and killed.

Geneva, N. Y., Aug. 24.—All the trains of the New York Central were delayed thirty minutes to two hours and a half to-day, owing to a washout near Canandaigua. Heavy rains with much damage to crops are reported throughout this vicinity.

Saratoga, Aug. 24.—During a terrific thunder storm and deluge this afternoon many places here and in the vicinity were struck by lightning.

Little Falls, N. Y., Aug. 24.—A cloudburst in the town of Salisbury, near here this afternoon, swelled spruce creek to such proportions that every bridge along its line for three miles was washed away. Much farm property was also damaged. A bridge on the Mohawk and Malone railway at Middleville was washed away, and traffic on that road is at a standstill. The Mohawk river at this place is higher to-night than it has ever been before at this season.

GROSS OUTRAGE COMMITTED

By a United States Official on a British Subject on Canadian Soil.

Ottawa, Aug. 24.—A gross outrage by a United States official, committed on a British subject on Canadian soil, is reported from the St. Clair frontier, and if the facts are as represented the case calls for prompt action and immediate reparation. A more despotic action could not have been committed by the Khalifa or the Czar than is ascribed to the United States deputy collector of customs, Henry Avery. Thomas Meagher, a resident of Port Lambton on the Canadian side of the St. Clair river, crossed in his steam launch into United States water near the club house at Marshland a few days ago. Avery ordered Meagher into port, but Meagher crossed to his destination on the Canadian side of the river. He was followed by Avery and his assistant, not only to the Canadian side of the river, but upon Canadian soil, where the United States officers attacked and without warrants placed him under arrest. Meagher was taken across the river to Marshland hotel, where he was handcuffed to a bedpost for twenty-four hours with the exception of a brief interval during which Avery paraded his prisoner handcuffed through the hotel grounds to humiliate him and to show his own authority. Meagher was not taken before any magistrate and his friends were denied access to him. A gentleman who protested against the treatment of the prisoner was answered by Avery with a volley of vile oaths and imprecations; finally Meagher was landed in Port Huron jail, without having been brought before a magistrate and without any legal form of commitment. If ever there was a case calling for immediate attention, providing the facts are as they have been represented, this is one. Assuming the facts to be as stated, it is the plain duty of the attorney-general of Ontario to apply to the Dominion government for the extradition of Avery that he may be brought to trial for the crime of abduction, and it will be the duty of the United States government to surrender him. It is alike due to the Washington government as the head of a civilized nation to instantly dismiss Avery and his assistant from their employ.

THE EGYPTIAN CAMPAIGN

TRANSPORT COLUMN REACHES ATBARA ISLAND.

Melemmeh Desolate and Ruined—An Advance on Kartoum Early in September.

Atbara, Aug. 22.—The transport column of the Soudan expedition which left Camp Atbara on Aug. 16, marching along the left bank of the Nile to an advanced post at Atbara island, arrived at Metemmeh on Sunday last. The column traversed the formerly prosperous and thickly populated Jaalin country, which is now completely deserted, and covered with the whitening bones and sun dried bodies of the tribes massacred last year. Everywhere are evidences of the misery and decay. The skillfully built Dervish huts are deserted and crumbling. Metemmeh itself, a town of 5,000 houses, is now a city of desolation; its houses are in ruins, its alleys blocked with skeletons, and its courtyards putrid with corpses. The few natives seen are disposed to be friendly. The second brigade passed there in boats on their way to the front. The Nile is high. The Sirdar having already reconnoitred the river to Shabluka, within fifty miles of Khartoum, found the passage easy for the gunboats, a full advance is expected to begin shortly, and it is not unlikely that Khartoum will be captured by the middle of September. The heat is trying, but the expedition is in good condition.

Shabluka, which was evacuated by the Dervishes a fortnight ago, is a magnificent position, the river being narrow, with a well built fort on each side. Practically the whole force is now encamped at Wadhamid, fifty-five miles from Khartoum. The Sirdar has arrived there; he had a camp at Zerebaad, but the danger of attack is remote. Many fugitives from Omdurman state that all the Khalifa's forces are there. He is spreading the report that the English soldiers diers are starving. A cavalry reconnoissance was made to a point twenty miles south of Wadhamid but the parties saw no trace of the enemy. It is learned that the Khalifa is making mining experiments. He recently lowered a box of gunpowder into the river at Kerreri, where the Dervishes expect to give battle, near the gunboat Ismailia, which is in the Dervishes' possession. The box exploded prematurely, killing those who were engaged in the experiments and destroying the gunboat. Much elation is felt over the frustration of the attempt to destroy the British gunboats.

PEACE COMMISSIONERS.

Spain Notifies the United States of the Appointments.

Washington, Aug. 22.—The state department received a call to-day from M. Thiebaut, secretary of the French embassy, and in charge during the absence of Ambassador Cambon, who bore a notification from the Spanish government of the military commissioners for Cuba and Porto Rico. Under the peace protocol each government was to name its military commissioners within ten days, their meetings to begin within thirty days. The ten days was up to-day, and accordingly Spain gave the official notice of the appointments. They are as follows:

For Cuba—Major-General Gonzales Parrado, Read Admiral Pastor y Landero, Marquis Montero.

For Porto Rico—Major-General Ortega y Diaz, Commodore of First Rank Vallarina y Carracco, Judge Advocate Sanchez del Aguila y Leon.

The foregoing official list differs from some of the lists given in press dispatches, which have included Admiral Montijo, General Blanco, General Macias and several other prominent Spanish officers. Considerable significance attaches to the naming of Marquis Montero on the Cuban commission, as it indicates a purpose on the part of Spain to go into the future government of Cuba. He is the only commissioner, Spanish or United States, taken from civil life. He is secretary of the treasury of the Cuban autonomous cabinet and all his interests are connected with the government of Cuba, rather than with the military question of Spanish evacuation of Cuba. He is named, it is believed, in order to carry out Spain's desire to have an understanding as to the future government of the island, he being intimately familiar with questions of the civil administration of Cuba, as secretary of the Cuban treasury, he is also very familiar with questions affecting the Cuban debt.

SHAFTER EVACUATES.

The Last of His Command to Depart for Home Today.

Washington, Aug. 25.—The last of Shafter's army will sail from Cuba to-morrow. The following dispatch was received at the war department this afternoon:

Santiago, Aug. 25.

To Adjutant-General, Washington:

Command all embarked this morning except 24th U. S. infantry, detachment of recruits for First Illinois volunteer infantry, and a part of the Ninth Massachusetts volunteer infantry, all of which will embark to-morrow morning on transports now here. I will leave with headquarters and one company of First infantry on Mexico by noon to-day.

(Signed) SHAFTER, Major-Gen.

Sickness Increasing.

Ponce, Porto Rico, Aug. 23.—Noon—Illness among the United States troops is on the increase, and there are now nearly a thousand cases of malaria and dysentery, with a few of typhoid fever. There is absolutely no recuperating property in the climate, and Surgeon-General Greenleaf has urgently recommended that the sick be sent north as rapidly as possible. It is reported that there is yellow fever at San Juan, but Surgeon-General Greenleaf's advices do not confirm the rumor.

THE CONFERENCE

LONDON PAPERS SPEAK HOPEFULLY OF THE RESULTS.

May Accomplish Great Good in Bringing About a Better Understanding Between Canada and the U.S.

Quebec, Aug. 24.—Little business was done by members of the conference today. Some informal conversation was held with gentlemen representing a number of interests, and the conference adjourned. To-night Sir Wilfrid Laurier entertained the commissioners at dinner, the other guests being Liwutenant-Governor Jette, Mayor Parent, and a few prominent gentlemen of Quebec. The conference meets again in the morning.

A story was sent out from here to Montreal and other places to the effect that one of the commissioners—Mr. Dingley was hinted at — had declared it was useless to discuss the question of reciprocal trade relations with the United States unless Canada dropped the preferential tariff now given to the Mother Country. There is much inquiry as to the truth of this dispatch. Mr. Dingley disavowed it entirely, remarking that it would have been discourteous on his part to have made such a statement.

London, Aug. 23.—The Times this morning referring editorially to the approaching international conference at Quebec says: "It is possible that future historians will mark August 23, 1898, as a date of considerable importance in the chronicle of the nations. Between Great Britain and the United States it may be hoped that the Quebec conference will clear away a number of irritable difficulties and in view of impending negotiations, the prospect of a better understanding between England and the United States, is extremely important. The conference has an imposing list of subjects to deal with, and if any real business is to be done there must be very active tendency to conciliation among the commissioners. We may be sure the United States will do their utmost to make the conference a success."

The Standard publishes a similar editorial, it declares that anything bringing Canada and the United States into closer and more amicable relations is a gain for both England and the United States.

The Daily News referring to the conference, says: "It is a happy augury that the conference meets in the capital of old French Canada, which city years ago, was the seat of the conference that lead to the federation of British North America. To-day's gathering may be the first step in a union movement, before which event the making of the Dominion would pale into insignificance."

Quebec, Aug. 23.—Lord Herschell, the imperial commissioner, will preside over the deliberations of the Quebec conference. At the opening proceedings this morning, Sir Wilfrid Laurier quoted the precedent of the Washington treaty negotiations, when the British proposed a United States commissioner as chairman, but a chairman was then dispensed with.

General Foster, for the United States, said in Europe the custom was for visiting commissioners to nominate a chairman.

Senator Fairbanks then nominated Lord Herschell as chairman, and this arrangement was agreed to.

C. P. Anderson was formally appointed United States secretary of the conference and Mr. Cartwright and Mr. Bourassa, M. P., British and Canadian secretaries, respectively.

The conference then adjourned till Thursday. It is already proposed to have a brief adjournment for the convenience of the United States delegates. It is not unlikely, also, that after a few meetings of the conference a long adjournment will be made to enable the United States commissioners to return to their own country to hear deputations in the leading cities of the United States.

A reception followed in the legislative chamber, with an address from the mayor, etc., as previously reported. There is little display in contion with the conference gatherings. The Union Jack floats over the main tower of th eparliament buildings and the British and United States flags hang over the clock in the council chamber.

RHODES ELECTED.

The South African Leader Sustained by a Large Majority.

Cape Town, South Africa, Aug. 23.—In the cape colony assembly general elections now in progress, Cecil Rhodes and Mr. Oates, candidates of the progressive party, opposed to the Afrikanderbund, which is largely representative President Kruger's interest in South Africa, have been elected by an overwhelming majority in Little Namaqualand, the maritime district in the northwest colony.

A Fatal Crossing.

Dorchester, N. B., Aug. 23.—This afternoon the Halifax express struck a carriage containing Capt. Alfred Bishop and Miss Stiles, both of Dorchester. Both were instantly killed, and Capt. Bishop's body was so mutilated as to be unrecognizable. The carriage containing the bodies was thrown forty feet, but the horse was uninjured. The grandfather of Miss Stiles was killed on the same crossing several years ago.

Ontario Fruit.

Winnipeg, Aug. 19.—Ontario fruit is commencing to arrive in the city daily. During the week about twenty cars for local dealers have arrived at the warehouses. These consignments include early apples and plums; shipments of Ontario tomatoes are also reaching the local dealers. Ontario fruit is much cheaper this year than last; many districts in that province report good yeilds, and since last season the railway companies have made a gratifying reduction in freight rates, commencing last January. In consequence the freight on a barrel of apples is 40 cents less than one year ago.

Man without a will, like a cart without wheels, makes no headway.

TEXT OF TERMS.

GEN. MERRITT'S CABLE TO THE U. S. GOVERNMENT.

Full Text of Terms of Capitulation as Signed by the United States and Spanish Commissioners.

Washington, Aug. 20.—The war department has posted the following cablegram from General Merritt, giving the terms of the capitulation of Manila:

Hong Kong, August 20.

Adjutant-General, Washington, D. C.:

The following are the terms of the capitulation: The undersigned, having been appointed a commission to determine the details of the capitulation of the city and defences of Manila and its suburbs, and the Spanish forces stationed therein, in accordance with agreement entered into the previous day by Major-General Wesley Merritt, United States army, commander-in-chief in the Philippines, and his excellency, Don Fermin Jaudenes, acting general-in-chief of the Spanish army in the Philippines, have agreed upon the following:

1. The Spanish troops, European and native, capitulate with the city and defences, with all honors of war, depositing their arms in the place designated by the authorities of the United States, remaining in the quarters designated and under the orders of their officers and subject to the control of the aforesaid United States authorities until the conclusion of a treaty of peace between the two belligerent nations. All persons included in the capitulation remain at liberty, the officers remaining in their respective homes, which shall be respected as long as they observe the regulations prescribed for their government and the laws in force.

2. Officers shall retain their side arms, horses and private property. All public horses and public property of all kinds shall be turned over to staff officers designated by the United States.

3. Complete returns in duplicate of men by organizations and full lists of public property and stores shall be rendered to the United States within ten days from this date.

4. All the questions relating to the repatriation of the officers and men of the Spanish forces and of their families, and expenses, which said repatriation may occasion, shall be referred to the government of the United States at Washington. Spanish families may have Manila at any time convenient to them. The return of the arms surrendered by the Spanish forces shall take place when they evacuate the city and when the American army enters.

5. Officers and men included in the capitulation, shall be supplied by United States, according to their rank with rations and necessary aid as though they were prisoners of war until the conclusion of a treaty of peace between the United States and Spain. All the funds in the Spanish treasury and other public funds shall be turned over to the authorities of the United States.

6. This city, its inhabitants, its churches and religious worship, its educational establishments, and its private property of all description are placed under the special safeguard of the faith and honor of the United States army.

(Signed) F. V. GREENE,
Brig.-Gen. of Vols., U. S. A,
F. LAMBERTON,
Captain, U. S. N.
CHARLES A. WHITTIER,
Lieut.-Col. and Inspector-Gen.
F. H. CROWDER,
Lieut.-Col. and Judge Advocate.
NICHOLAS DE LA PENA,
Auditor-General, Excts.
CARLOS REYES,
Colonel de Ingenier, O. S.
JOSE MARIA OLQUEN FELIA DE ESTRADO, Major,
(Signed) MERRITT.

THE CABLE WORKING.

Washington, Aug. 20. — The dispatches from General Merritt came direct from Manila and were received at the war department last night. It is as follows:

Cable now working to this point.
(Signed) MERRITT.

Railway Collision.

Montreal, Aug. 23.—A serious accident occurred on the G. T. R. this morning between Lennoxville and Waterville. A freight south and a locomotive from Coaticook came into collision. Fireman Laroche, of Richmond, Que., was caught between the engine and tender and killed. The wounded were brought to Sherbrooke: John Kelly, arm broken; Wm. Court, left arm broken; Irwin, both legs broken and fatally injured. All the wounded are freight hands. There were no passengers on the train from Coaticook, and all the injured were on the freight. Hundreds of people from Sherbrooke, Lennoxville and the surrounding country are gathered around the scene of the wreck, and working with the train hands to clear the track. Both engines were literally smashed to pieces, and the freight cars telescoped and rolled over each other.

Newmarket Tragedy.

Newmarket, Aug. 23.—The inquest on the body of Susan Saxon, slain yesterday by her sister, was concluded this evening, and the prisoner, Minnie Saxton, was conveyed to Toronto. The evidence was such as bore out fully the report of the crime your correspondent sent yesterday. The prisoner was in court all the time and heard the evidence. She was calm, but wore an abstracted air. She was herself formally asked to give evidence, but did not respond, having been advised not to make any statement. The jury found that Susan Saxton was killed by her sister. The magistrate's court then convened, and the depositions were put in as evidence. The prisoner again refused to say anything, and was formally committed for trial and taken to Toronto jail to await her trial in November. The murdered girl was buried this afternoon.

SAD DEATH OF A HERO.

GEORGE YALE DIES TO SAVE HIS FRIENDS.

The Rat Portage Strike Over—The G. T. R. to Erect a Magnificent Building.

Rat Portage, Aug. 22.—Mills No. one and two are working this morning, as is also the mill at Norman. Things are quiet and it has been decided to discharge the special police engaged to prevent intimidation.

Workworth, Aug. 22.—Geo. Yule, aged 25, and three others were playing with a boat in McClary's pond, two miles from here, yesterday, and upset it. They all went into the water. Yule, who was the only one who could swim, got his friends safely upon the bottom of the boat, and then sank and did not rise.

Ottawa, Aug. 22.—In the Boyer murder case, before Recorder Champagne at Hull, the evidence for defense was put in today. Dr. Church, Aylmer, who examined the body shortly after the tragedy on the Eardley road, declared positively on the witness stand that he was satisfied Boyer's death was accidental.

Kingston, Aug. 22.—Meller and Elmhurst, two Spanish spies, arrested in the United States, were at one time residents of this place, where they served in "A" Field Battery, Elmhurst is supposed to hail from Lakefield, Ont. Meller served through the Northwest rebellion and both were employed here by Lieut. Carranza, who supplied them with funds.

Montreal, Aug. 22.—Plans have been completed by R. A. Waite for the new offices of the G. T. R. which will be the largest suite of railway offices in the world. They will fill an area of 2,000,000 cubic feet, or 600,000 cubic feet larger than the Philadelphia and Reading offices at Philadelphia, the present largest building of the kind in the world. The building will be five stories high and the front style known as Neo-Grec. It will be commenced this autumn and finished in January, 1900.

CANADA'S BIG DISPLAY.

The Dominion Resources Extensively Shown at Omaha.

In the International Hall at the Trans-Mississippi Exposition the largest exhibit is that of the Dominion of Canada. It occupies 5,000 feet of floor space and 6,000 feet of wall space, covered with the best the country can produce. It is an agricultural, mineral, forestry and dairy exhibit combinded.

The location is first-class, taking, in the main entrance to the building. C. H. Myers, commissioner from the Dominion of Canada, is in charge, assisted by W. V. Bennett, the resident Canadian agent, an his daughter, Miss June Bennett. The exhibit is viewed by ninety per cent of the Exposition visitors, a vast proportion of whom are astonished by the great showing of the country's resources here made. Wheat that grades "No. 1 hard northern," and is porduced to the amount of thirty-eight to forty-five bushels per acre all through the Dominion is the principal agricultural product shown. Commissioner Myers says the Dominion can supply the breadstuffs for all of the nations of the earth. Not only wheat, but oats, barley, rye, corn and all of the cereals known to the United States grow and flourish in every locality, yielding abundantly. The corn is as large as that grown further south; the small grain has a lighter color, the berry being more plump and larger.

The dairy business of Canada has grown with great rapidity during the past few years. Last year's shipment of butter to Great Britain aggregated 12,000,000 pounds, valued at $2,900,000. Along with the butter goes the cheese, which last year amounted to 165,000,000 pounds, valued at $15,000,000. Honey and maple sugar are two other staple products of Canada shown in the exhibit.

The lumber industry of the Dominion has assumed great proportions since the desfruction of the forests of Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan, and much of the material used in the United States is from the country to the north. The lumber exhiibt is interesting as well as instructive, both on account of the numerous samples and the character of the exhibits. There are some oak, pine, poplar, birch, hickory, walnut, maple, cedar, and a score of other varieties of the woods of the forest. One of the most interesting is a slab cut from a log of hard pine. It is six feet across and Mr. Myers vouches for the statement that the tree from which this plank came measured 150 feet to the first limb. In addition to this, he declares that there are millions of acres of pine forests in the north of the Dominion that have never been visited by the chopper.

A great showing of apples, pears, plums and other fruits is also made.

In grasses there is no end to the display. There are all of the varietjes grown in the United States, both tame and wild, and the assertion is made that some of them produce as high as three tons per acre.

In the center of the court in the mineral display. Three large cases are filled with rich specimens of gold, silver copper, lead, zinc, tin, iron and other metals form the gray sulphates to the most beautiful and delicate forms of crystallizations. A number of photographs of mining scenes from British Columbia and other camps are also shown.

A boy is always eager to go to the grocery for any purchase which he can nibble on the way home.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

All the honey a bee gathers during its life doesn't sweeten its sting.

UNABLE TO WALK.

Distressing Malady Cured by the Use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Right in our own village is reported another of the remarkable cures that make Dr. Williams' Pink Pills so popular throughout the land. The case is that of Mrs. E. W. Millar. The Advertiser interviewed her husband, who was glad to relate the circumstances for publication, that others might read and have a remedy put into their hands, as it were. "For five years," said Mr. Millar, my wife was unable to walk without aid. One physician diagnosed her case as coming form a spinal affection. Other doctors called the malady nervous prostration. Whatever the trouble was, she was weak and nervous. Her limbs had no strength and could not support her body. There also was a terrible weakness in her back. Thre months ago she could not walk, but as a last resort, after trying many medicines, she began to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Improvement was noted in a few days, and a few weeks has done wonders in restoring her health. Today she can walk without assistance. You can imagine her delight as well as my own. We owe her recovery to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I recommend them for any case of nervous weakness or general debility."

Mr. Millar is part owner and manager of one of our lumber mills and is well known throughout the country.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure by going to the root of the disease. They strengthen the nerves, thus driving disease from the system. Avoid imitations by insisting that every box you purchase is enclosed in a wrapper bearing the full trade mark, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

PENALTY OF GREATNESS.

The penalty of greatness comes
When first his leafy laurels
Twine round the hero's head. With fame
Herself he all but quarrels
What time he sees remotest kin
Confront him—in the papers—
With tales of how he cut his teeth
And all his boyish capers.

He sees his youthful escapades
In plain cold type paraded;
He sees the sacred shrine of home,
Of joy and grief invaded;
He stands upon a pedestal
In the full glare of glory
And half repents him that for fame
He made so fierce a foray.

He never knew the woods were full
Of uncles, aunts and cousins,
But since he's famous—lo, from all
Directions, by the dozens,
They rush to claim him, though was he
Or dead or still alive, it
Occurred to none to ask when he
Stood in the ranks a private.

Oh, once a man "arrives" he finds
The world is there to greet him!
The rich and great, who held aloof
When fate seemed to defeat him,
Now gather round and grasp his hand,
And mid their acclamations
The hero's recognized and run
To earth by his relations!

—Boston Globe.

He Held His Own.

"For goodness' sake, Mary," asked the young lady's mother at breakfast, "what was the matter with you and Harry in the parlor last night?"

"Why, mamma! What?" inquired the daughter demurely.

"Why, you rowed and quarreled for half an hour like a pair of maniacs."

"Oh!" she replied, remembering the circumstances. "Harry wanted me to take the big chair, and I wanted him to take it because he was company, you know."

"Well, what did you quarrel about?"

"We didn't quarrel, mamma, only he insisted that I should take it, and I wouldn't."

"How did you settle it finally?"

"Well, mamma, we—we—we compromised, and both of us took it."—Tit-Bits.

Dollars in Diamond Dyes

In scores of small country towns and villages in Canada enterprising men and women are adding to their yearly income by the work of dyeing for friends and neighbors around them who have not the time to do the work themselves.

These town and village dyers without exception use the Diamond Dyes in preference to all others, because they give the most brilliant, pure and unfading colors to all varieties of materials.

Hundreds of orders from these country dyers are filled every week by the manufacturers of Diamond Dyes. There are great possibilities for such work in all small parishes, and the statements just made may influence many who are seeking for a plan to increase their revenue. There are good dollars in Diamond Dyes.

A FEW THINGS

that should be found in every well regulated household

DREWRY'S

Choice Stock Ale — Extra Porter
Canadian Pilsner Lager (A Fine Light Beer)
Golden Key Brand Aerated Water
Imperial Table Sauce, India Chutney } Choice Table Relishes

E. L. DREWRY

Manufacturer and Importer

WINNIPEG

MILITARY EXPERTS.

Those Sent to Watch the War by the Principal European Nations and the Kingdom of Japan.

Military experts from the principal European nations, and one from Japan as well, accompanied the American army of invasion to Cuba. It is the custom for other nations to send trained men to observe the conduct of wars, so that their own army may imitate the good points of the combatants and avoid repeating mistakes.

The men who are with General Shafter in Cuba are all men with reputations for their military knowledge. Captain A. H. Lee of the British royal artillery has been with the army for more than a month. He spent several days at Chickamauga before joining Shafter's army. Captain Lee has made many friends among the officers. He has seen service, but he modestly declined to speak of his record when asked for a brief sketch of his military career.

In this respect Captain Lee is much like Captain Sir Bryan Leighton of the cavalry. Captain Leighton is a wealthy baronet who dearly loves a fight. As he could not come over here as the representative of his government, he came on his own account, and he has been living with the Ninth cavalry as the guest of Colonel Hamilton. He invariably refuses to talk about himself, but his record is a dashing one, and he owns many articles of gold and silver which bear tell-tale inscriptions. One jeweled trinket is inscribed, "Presented by Her Majesty in recognition of his great gallantry at—"

Another reminder of his service is a canvas jacket worn next his skin, which conceals an unhealed wound, received in the African campaign. Captain Leighton has seen service in India and South Africa. He is on furlough from his regiment.

Count A. von Goetzen was military attache to the German embassy at Washington for a year and a half. He was recalled to Berlin about two months ago

Wester of Sweden. Shiba of Japan.
Rodler of Austria. Lee of England.

Yernoloff of Russia. Von Goetzen of Germany.

MILITARY EXPERTS WITH AMERICAN ARMY.

and immediately sent back here to go through the war by the German Emperor He is a cavalry officer on the general staff of the imperial army. In 1890 he was an attache of the German embassy at Rome, and then he was sent on a scientific expedition into central Africa. He is a graduate of the University at Kiel and has a legal diploma. He also studied at Paris and Berlin. In last February, while attached to the embassy of his government at Washington, he married Mrs. May Stanley Lay, a wealthy widow of Baltimore.

Captain A. Wester of the Swedish army is the military attache to the legation of Sweden and Norway at Washington. He will go through this war as he did through the Turko-Grecian conflict. He has served two years in the Swedish cavalry, two years in the artillery, and is just completing his second year in the infantry arm of the service. He was with Stanley in Africa.

Captain Abilgaard of the Norwegian army and Surgeon-General Thurlow also are attached to General Shafter. These gentlemen from Norway and Sweden are formal and punctilious to a degree in many little matters to which our own military officers pay less attention. Their salute is not a mere wave of the hand. It is an operation in which care and plenty of time are consumed.

Colonel Yernoloff, military attache to the Russian imperial embassy at Washington, is on the general staff of the Russian army. He was formerly of the horse artillery. He represented his government in the Turko-Grecian war, and saw service in the Turko-Russian war of 1877-78. He was at the siege of Plevna. He is a graduate of the military school at St. Petersburg, and has spent seven years as an attache at the legation at London.

Major G. Shiba of the Japanse legation at London is a major of artillery, and was in the field in the Chino-Japanese war, taking part in the battles of Wai-Wai and Port Arthur. He is a graduate of the military college at Tokio.

Lieutenant Joseph Rodler of the Austro-Hungarian legation is a naval officer who holds a commission on the Donau. He has seen service afloat as well as in the diplomatic field, and was on a battleship when the powers blockaded the ports of Greece in 1886. He is a graduate of the Austrian naval school at Fiume.

A Notable Canadian Tribute.

In a recent issue of the Canadian Gazette it is said: "Of the many tributes to Mr. Gladstone which have come to hand from the colonies, the Westminster Gazette selects for special honor Mr. Wilfrid Campbell's poem, to which it gave prominence last week. A few stanzas may be quoted:

"Clear-eyed amid life's spirits; well had he
The aim of earth's existence quick discerned;
And 'mid the pageant and the revelry,
Toward holier toil his lamp of being burned;
Who now withdraws as one who layeth down
The glory of his labors, like a crown.

* * * * * * * * *

"Not England's only, though so English he,
So Saxon in his genius and his speech;
But all were his where men throbbed to be free,
And brother yearned to brother, each to each;
For liberty and peace and holy thought
He spake and toiled and prayed and schemed and fought.

"Toward all earth's problems pulsed his mighty mind,
Toward all earth's ills went out his mighty heart,
Earth's keenest intellects knew him for their kind,
Earth's holiest in their strivings gave him part;
Declining at life's evening toward his rest,
Like some old Roman, austere, supremely blest."

Pronounced Incurable by Doctors, But Made Strong and Well by Paine's Celery Compound.

WELLS & RICHARDSON CO.,

Gentlemen: Having been given up to die some time ago by some of the best doctors of the United States, I came to Canada last autumn terribly ill, and had lost all hope. Suffering agonies from inflammatory rheumatism, I was strongly urged to use Paine's Celery Compound. I gave it a trial as recommended, and the first bottle did me so much good I continued with the medicine until I had used seven bottles, when I found myself perfectly cured; indeed, I never felt better in all my life than at present.

I used every possible means to tell others of Paines' Celery Compound, and will always recommend it to those troubled with rheumatism.

Yours very truly,
WM. MORRISETTE,
Roxton Pond, P.Q.

Mercury and Venus.

Astronomers generally now admit that the more recent studies of the planets Mercury and Venus tend to confirm Schiaparelli's opinion, advanced some years ago, that both of them turn on their axes once while revolving about the sun. This, however, is a very difficult point to settle with certainty, the reason given for this being, and very plausibly, that the evidence rests upon observation of the exceedingly faint markings upon the disks of the planets, the fact being that very few astronomers have ever seen them at all with distinctness, and only those who have made a most persistent study of them and are favored with vision especially sensitive to such details are competent to express an opinion as to their correct interpretation.

It is argued that if, as held by some, the rotation and revolution periods are the same be a correct opinion, then the climatic conditions of the two planets must be most remarkable. Furthermore, our moon always shows the same face to the earth and no knowledge exists of the hidden part, nor have the supposed inhabitants of that concealed hemisphere ever seen the earth. This, however, is of no importance to them, as the earth is not the source of light, heat and life on the moon. All parts of the moon are brought under the sun's influence just as all parts of the earth, though the day and night are 14 times as long as on the earth. But how it must be on a planet which has one side only exposed to the sun, astronomers can give no answer.—Exchange.

Murderers May Be "Nice."

At daybreak at Sakhalin—you could hardly see daybreak on account of the shutters—one of the ugliest looking women I ever saw crept in with a cup of tea that is always given in Asia very early in the morning, and she was a murderess. I went to the little tent outside to have breakfast, and a man came up behind me and reached over my shoulder, and he was a murderer. When we rode out after breakfast, a man with magnificent broad shoulders and splendid face drove, and he was a murderer. The fact is, strange as it may seem, they (the governor and Russian officers at Sakhalin) have no choice. All the domestics must come from the material they have, and if you take a thief he is almost always sure to stay a thief, while a murderer may be a very nice kind of a person. They did that kind of thing among themselves, and I don't want any better men than some of those that were sent there for murder.—Bulletin American Geographical Society.

Providing For an Emergency.

"What will you have?" inquired the waiter as Mr. Heyroob scanned the French bill of fare.

"Waal," he answered, placing his finger over an item, "ye kin bring me some o' that. But don't go away, 'cause if it tastes like it looks in print I'll have to try somethin else."—Detroit Free Press.

TOBACCO HEART.

HAVE you been smoking a good deal lately and feel an occasional twinge of pain round your heart Are you short of breath, nerves unhinged, sensation of pins and needles going through your arm and fingers? Better take a box or two of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and get cured before things become too serious. Here's what Mr. John James, of Caledonia, Ont., has to say about them: "I have had serious heart trouble for four years, caused by excessive use of tobacco. At times my heart would beat very rapidly and then seemed to stop beating only to commence again with unnatural rapidity. "This unhealthy action of my heart caused shortness of breath, weakness and debility. I tried many medicines and spent a great deal of money but could not get any help.

Last November, however, I read of a man, afflicted like myself, being cured by Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I went to Roper's drug store and bought a box. When I had finished taking it I was so much better I bought another box and this completed the cure. My heart has not bothered me since, and I strongly recommend all sufferers from heart and nerve trouble, caused by excessive use of tobacco, to give Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills a fair and faithful trial."

Price 50c. a box or 3 boxes for $1.25, all druggists. T. Milburn & Co., Toronto, Ont.

LAXA-LIVER PILLS cure Constipation, Biliousness and Dyspepsia. Price 25c.

Kidney Trouble FOR YEARS.

Nothing did Mr. R. E. Pitt any good until he got Doan's Kidney Pills.

Throughout the County of Leeds and the Town of Brockville there is no medicine spoken so highly of for all kinds of Kidney Diseases as Doan's Kidney Pills. As Canada's pioneer kidney pill, introduced by Mr. James Doan, of Kingsville, Ont., in 1885, they stand to-day far superior to all the imitations and substitutes that have been offered the public in their stead.

Mr. R. E. Pitt, the well-known contractor and builder, voices these sentiments when he says, "I have had kidney trouble for years. I had tried numerous remedies without much relief, and had given up my back as gone for good, but since using Doan's Kidney Pills the result has been marvellous! The pain is all gone. I feel like a new man, and can highly testify to the virtues of Doan's Kidney Pills."

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold by all dealers or sent by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents a box or 3 boxes for $1.25. The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

Health Before Beauty.

Two Irishmen who had not met for years ran across each other in Derby, and after a period of handshaking adjourned for some moist congratulations.

"Long time since we met, Pat, isn't it? Great lot of things have happened since then."

"Yes, indeed. Look at mesilf. Sure, it's married I am," replied Pat.

"You don't tell me."

"Faith, and Oi've got a fine, healthy bhoy, and the neighbors say he is the very picture of me."

O'Grady looked at Pat, who wasn't built on the lines of a prize beauty.

"Och, well, what's the harrum so long as the child's healthy?"—New York World.

As Spain Sees Teddy.

A Madrid paper informs its readers that "the commander in chief of the American army is one Ted Roosevelt, formerly a New York policeman," who was "born near Haarlem," "emigrated to America when young," was educated at "Harvard academy, a commercial school" (there being "no universities or colleges in America"), and that his "bodyguard" is "fittingly termed rough rioters."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Only a high-toned girl can sing every note in the scale.

Dr. CLAYTON W. WELLS, Waterloo, Ont., writes: "I have used 'Quickcure' for sufficient time to thoroughly test its merits. In cases of ordinary toothache, from exposed nerve, it is very good, especially for children's teeth; in cases of inflammation of the root membrane it is also valuable; and, unlike most remedies, the longer I use it the better I like it. I should not now wish to be without it."

A man's curiosity never rivals that of a woman until some one causually remarks that his name appeared in yesterday's paper.

C. C. RICHARDS & Co.

DEAR SIRS:—I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT in my stable for over a year and consider it the very best for horse flesh I can get, and strongly recommend it. GEO. HOUGH, Livery Stables, Quebec.

Any man who imagines he could keep house better than his wife is foolish if he ever mentions it.

Ask for Minard's Liniment and take no other.

A literary man claims to have cured himself of insomnia by reading portions of his own work.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.

The girl who listens to soft nothings hopes they may eventually mean a great deal.

Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians.

Profit is not without honor in any country, but it is often dishonoralby acquired.

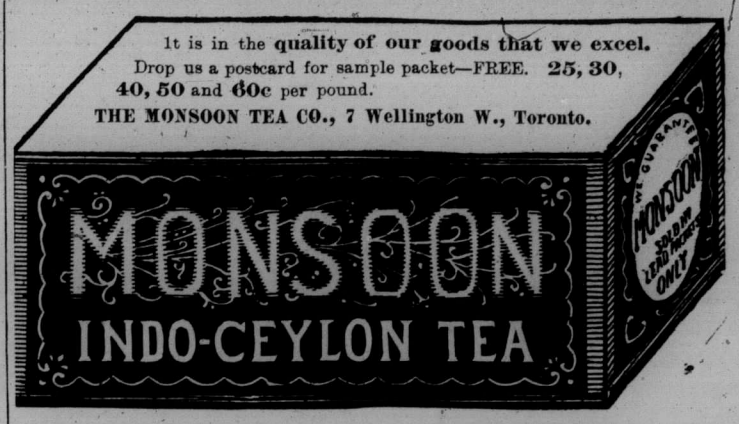
Minard's Liniment the Lumberman's Friend.

"Blue Ribbon" Tea Baking Powder Coffee and Spices

You will find these goods reliable

E. B. Eddy

It is in the **quality of our goods that we excel.** Drop us a postcard for sample packet—FREE. **25, 30, 40, 50** and **60c** per pound.
THE MONSOON TEA CO., 7 Wellington W., Toronto.



BOVRIL

Is a condensed food, capable of preserving physical strength

Through Any Physical Strain

And is equally valuable to those requiring to use

GREAT MENTAL STRAIN.

It has no equal for giving

Strength to the Invalid

And it will agree with the weakest stomachs. Get it from your druggist or grocer and test its value.

It has been said that hypocrisy is the homage which vice pays to virtue. Such is the case with the host of imitations of

Richards' Pure Soap

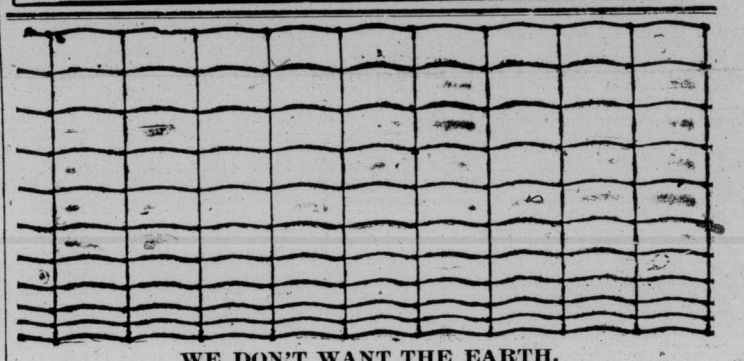
IT'S THE BEST.

Be sure you get RICHARDS'. Sold by all grocers, or write D. Richards, Woodstock. Ontario, giving your full address and I will return you FREE an ILLUSTRATED BOOK.

BABY'S OWN SOAP

I Must have the genuine, The imitations look very nice, but they hurt my delicate SKIN.

THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO'Y.



WE DON'T WANT THE EARTH.

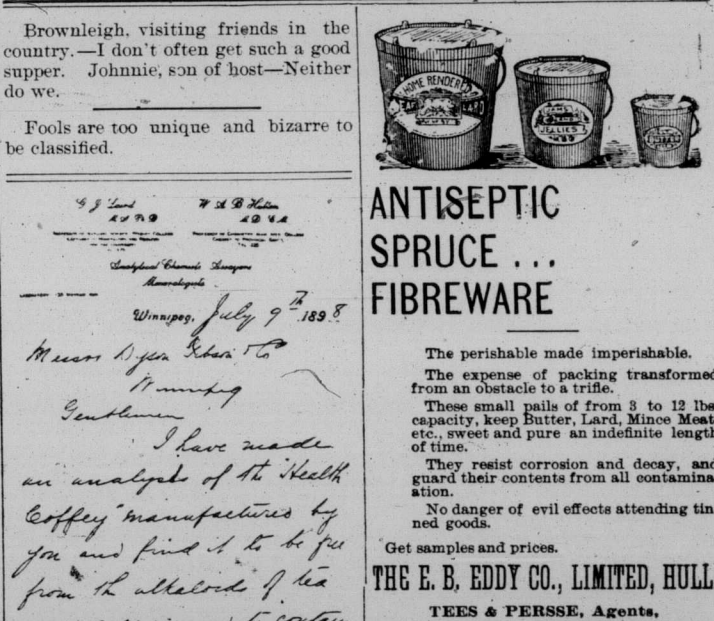
If you have the least desire to try any of the cheap, make-shift fences offered on every hand, do so. After your thrifty neighbor has proven how much more durable and efficient the Coiled Spring is to all others, we shall be ready to supply you.

Send for our illustrated advertising matter to

D. Ross, Box 553, Winnipeg, General Agent for Manitoba and Northwest. or THE PAGE WIRE FENCE CO., LIMITED, Walkerville, Ont.

Brownleigh, visiting friends in the country.—I don't often get such a good supper. Johnnie, son of host—Neither do we.

Fools are too unique and bizarre to be classified.



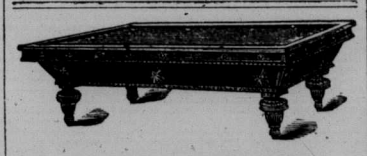
Winnipeg, July 9th 1898

Messrs Dyer Ross & Co
Winnipeg

Gentlemen

I have made an analysis of the "Health Coffee" manufactured by you and find it to be free from the alkaloids of tea and coffee and to contain nothing in the slightest degree injurious to the health of any one using it

Yours very truly
W. H. B. Aikins



BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES. NEW AND SECOND-HAND. BOWLING ALLEYS AND SUPPLIES. Large catalogue free.

THE REID BROS., 257 King West, Toronto

ANTISEPTIC SPRUCE ... FIBREWARE

The perishable made imperishable.

The expense of packing transformed from an obstacle to a trifle.

These small pails of from 3 to 12 lbs. capacity, keep Butter, Lard, Mince Meat, etc., sweet and pure an indefinite length of time.

They resist corrosion and decay, and guard their contents from all contamination.

No danger of evil effects attending tinned goods.

Get samples and prices.

THE E. B. EDDY CO., LIMITED, HULL.

TEES & PERSSE, Agents, WINNIPEG, MAN.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR

BOECKH'S

BRUSHES and BROOMS.

For Sale by all Leading Houses.

CHAS. BOECKH & SONS, Manufacturers, TORONTO, ONT.

Sun Insurance Office, Eastern Assurance Co.
Quebec Fire Insurance Company.
London and Lancashire Life Ins. Co
British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co.
Lloyd's Glass Insurance Company.

W. R. ALLAN, General Agent, Winnipeg.

CARDSTON RECORD.

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of Cardston and Canada.

Published Every Saturday at Cardston.

C. EDGAR SNOW, EDITOR.
Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

THE EDITOR does not assume responsibility for the views or statements expressed by any of THE RECORD'S contributors.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance.

Cardston, September 3, 1898.

EVERY time it is just these people who make most noise, who express deepest concern and are profoundly loud-mouthed in their enunciatory commendations of a purposed enterprise, who, when the time arrives for their proffered aid, shrink up, wilt down, retreat completely out of sight, so much, so, indeed, that total annihilation would not make their absence more absolute.

When we first suggested that a newspaper be published in Cardston, some persons, to put it mildly, were perfectly "wild" over the idea; they would do everything, anything to see the thing realized, to make it a success and "roll the good work on."

Where are those people today? Where is their aid? Where is all that amazing interest? It is mawkish, vapid dead.

By George, we honestly believe some of those very people are now using their influence against us; that they would like to see THE RECORD drop out of sight, now that the once purposed enterprise is a thing of flesh and blood, of life and vitality.

One thing is certain; we know THE RECORD has been an influence for good to Cardston and surrounding territory even in its short life.

When one reads of the distruction by fire or the eliments of some pleasant place visited years ago, it couses a feeling of sadness.

How astonishing are the continual changes taking place in the world. It is one round, one constant transformation.

A few years ago, we enjoyed ourselves in the Clifton Hotel, at Niagara Falls, Canada, now that once beautiful place is one vast pile of ruins. It was recently completely destroyed by fire.

One day last week the names of eight new subscribers were added to our rapidly growing list.

There are some bad holes on Main street north and west of the Hotel de Woolf.

Cannot something be done to make the street at this place more safe? As it now is stagnate water fills these holes almost the year around. They should be filled up or drained.

The Mooley.

"I am not afraid of that cow, mamma, because she has lost her hooks."

The Record one year $2.00

We have had several stormy days this week.

One day this week we received eight new subscribers.

Apostle Woodruff and wife and Mrs. McCune left for Utah yesterday.

D. H. Cox of Mountain View was in Cardston Thursday on insurance business.

Have you noticed the number of new advertisments in to day's RECORD?

F. W. Akins, of Leavitt, had his jaw fractured one day last week. It was set by Dr. Brant, and is now doing nicely.

The Walcott Paint Co., will give a free open-air concert next Wednesday evening. Everybody invited.

Andrew Gregson, who is purchasing beef cattle for Mounsell Bro., the Macleod butchers' was in Cardston, Wednesday. Mr. Gregson has put-up 270 tons of hay, at Mounsell Bros. ranch on the North Fork of the Kootenay River, where he will feed, durning the winter 100 head of beef steers.

LOCAL LINES.

Grain is about all cut.

Spoon while the soup is hot.

H. M. Brown and C. McCarty were here, Sunday.

Albert Brown has sold part of his town lot to Wm Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Bates were in Cardston, Friday.

John Holmes has bought a lot in the upper part of town from Pres. C. O. Card.

Mr. Needham has purchased a lot on the south of Lee's Creek.

Did you send us a News last week, Bro. Saunders?

James S. Parker of Mountain View was in town the other day.

Last week H. S. Allen & Co. sold a separator to some Mountain View parties.

Macleod will have a fair the latter part of this month.

The foundation is about finished for the Kearl & Sharp's hotel.

A man likes to feel that he is loved, a woman likes to be told.

Richard Low and family arrived here a few days ago. They intend to make Cardston their future home.

Junius Young and J. H. Puzey, who are putting-up hay for Mr. Bevans, were in town, Sunday.

NOTICE: I will have no inch lumber at the mill till the 10th. September. BERT TALBOT.*

The crowd of pleasure seekers returned from the lakes, Saturday.

We understand that Cardston will soon have another general merchandise store.

A platform scales has been added to the conveniences of the Cardston Co. Ltd.

J. O. Radden and R. D. Peacock, two Utah boys, will leave for that state this week.

Last week, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Taylor paid a pleasant visit to Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Woolf.

So far we have received no word from the person who complained to the officials at Macleod of Cardston's Sunday law breaking.

Work on H. S. Allen & Co's new building is progressing nicely. It requires a lot of lumber to build a 45 x 90 house.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Cope Colles of Colles, Alberta, Aug. 27-'98, eleven-pound daughter. All doing fine.

Ezra Hanson was in Cardston the other day. He has put up 250 tons of hay for the Brown Ranching Co.

Mrs. Mary Woolf gave us a pleasant call, Tuesday, and looked-over our printing establishment.

Neils Hansen was in town Monday. Mr. Hansen is working-up a splendid business in the way of marketing his fine dairy butter.

On Sept. 15th the College of Calgary, Alberta, commences its fall term and its fourth year. This is the only establishment of its kind between Winnipeg and the Coast.

Aug. 16, the fourth session of the third legislative assembly of the Northwest Territories, was opened by Lieutenant-Governor Cameron with the usual formalities.

"Quiggie" writes me from Cuba that he has dropped off fifteen pounds."

"How could he? He was a living skeleton as it was;

"He lost a leg.

WANTED. A few acres of good land on Lee's Creek. Spot cash will be paid for the right piece within two miles of Cardston. Call at RECORD office between 10 am. and 3 pm.

Bert Talbot was down this week from his lumber mill. He now has eleven men at work in the mill and is thinking of running a night shift Although the hands work ten hours a day, they cannot furnish near all the lumber called for. This certainly is an indication of prosperious times herenbout.

If you hear anyone say there is no delightful scenery near Cardston send them straight east to St. Mary's river; there they will see that which will stir their blood; that will forever remain in their memory.

From the high bank you gaze down upon the wide river, the large trees and luxuriant grass. Birds of many kinds soar far above trees and river; but from the high bank you look down upon these flying birds and listen to the distant murmur of the running water.

Indeed, it is a most attractive scene.

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends, 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

Are you interested in this country? Are you interested in Cardston? Do you care anything for Canada? If you do, you will subscribe for your home paper THE RECORD.*

THE RECORD is for sale at G. W. Robinson & Co.'s at Lethbridge.

The Bank opens at ten o'clock a. m. and closes at three o'clock p. m.*

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

Fresh candies, nuts, biscuits, etc., just in at the Book Store, next to Bank.*

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

FOR SALE: Four room house Good well water. Nice location. Enquire at RECORD office, next to Bank. *

Insure your home. C. E. Snow has the agency for several fire insurance companies. *

THE RECORD'S Job Department has been kept very busy ever since its Gordon press was put in. Everything printed by the job department is guaranteed to give satisfaction. Get your wedding-cards, envelopes, letter-heads, &c, &c, printed at the CARDSTON-RECORD JOB PRINTING DEPARTMENT.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

G. Hamilton, Pastor.

Divine service at Cardston every Sabbath 8 p. m.

At Mountain View and St. Marys every two weeks.

Subjects announced in advance every week.

All are welcome. G. Hamilton.

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

HAVE YOU SIGNED IT?

"We, the undersigned Emigrants of Canada, are perfectly saistied with the Country: and can, with great confidence, recommend Canada as a field for Emigration to the Agricultural Classes of Great Britain. Below we give our present Address it Canada, and address when in England."

Those words precede a blank form that is being circulated throughout Canada by the Government. Pres. C. O. Card has the blanks at his office. Go and sign your name to one of them.

LEE'S CREEK BRIDGE.

Mr. R. C. Laurie, Government surveyer, has just ordered 13,000 ft. of lumber from Bert Talbot's mills to be used in the building of a bridge across Lee's Creek on Main street, as a local in last week's RECORD predicted.

W. M. Wolsey will act as overseer, the work being day labor.

This bridge will be of inestimable worth to Cardston. Real estate on the south of the creek will double in value and traffic from and to the numerous ranches south of us will, in the spring, be safe, while formerly it was dangerous to cross the creek during that part of the year.

The Government Northwest deserves all praise for this commendable improvement, and the people no doubt feel the same as THE RECORD in this respect.

Y. M. & Y. L. M. I. ASSNS.

(Communicated.)

The Y. M. & Y. L. M. I. Ass convened Saturday Aug. 20 at 10 a.m. Present of the General Boards, Apostle A. O. Woodruff, Sisters Mc Cune and Woodruff.

Reports were given in for both Societies from this Stake showing an activity and interest that were very gratifying. Instructions were given of an encouraging nature.

The members were urged to be united in their efforts; and also to take the Era and Journal; the Y. L. were instructed to adhere to the Guide; the Assn were again reminded to keep up their contributions to the General Fund.

Our societies were informed that they were keeping abreast with the brothers and sisters in the more central stakes of Zion; which was indeed gratifying. Their visit has been one of profit and pleasure to all the Saints and we hope to see them in the near future.

The Choir, under the leadership of Bro. Andrew Archibald, furnished excellent music which was duly appreciated by the Presidency of the different Assns and all pres-

I will purchase Steers @ $ 30.00 and good Calves @ $ 12.00.
Cash on Delivery.
Buying for Mounsell Bros.
A. Gregson,
CARDSTON. - - - ALTA.

Clarke Mine,
Belly River, . . . Alta.
Coal, $2.00 per ton. Plenty on hand.

BERT TALBOT.
Lumber, Shingle and Planing Mills.
Mill on Belly River.
Cardston, - - - Alberta.

ADVERTISE. HERE.

Livery & Feed Stables
Kearl & Sharp, Props.
Good outfits furnished at all hours.
Rates Reasonable.

Restaurant
North of Stable.
MEALS ON SHORT ORDERS.
Kearl & Sharp.

Cardston Business Men

Should read every word printed below, for they are from the pen of the brightest advertising expert in the United States:

"I don't own any newspaper, or any publication, but I know from my own experience, and from the experience of hundreds of successful business men, that the daily and weekly local newspaper is the only indispensible medium for the advertising of local goods.

Advertising is business.

If it wasn't business, it wouldn't be part of business.

The man who cannot utilize advertising in his business has no business to be in business; and generally isn't.

If everybody advertised who ought to advertise, there wouldn't be enough advertising space to go one tenth of the way around.

Some clothing stores advertise and some do not; some dry goods stores advertise extensively and some do not; some provision dealers appreciate the value of printers' ink while others try to run business without letting people know they're in business; some furniture dealers believe in telling people their business that they may do more business, while others expect to make money without publicity The inconsistency of business is as marked as the inconsistency of everything else.

The legitimate advertisement in the legitimate newspaper, is worth more than any other kind of advertising.

The newspaper advertisement is upon the same object of paper that contains the news; therefore you and others must see it, if it be bold, distinct and brief.

The advertiser receives his trade from the people at large, no from the very poor nor the very rich, but from the great middle class, the predominating class in every community, which reads the local paper not run in the interest of any cilque but for the people as the people," and The Record is just that kind of a paper.

Deseret News and The Record one year for $3.50 Subscribe Now!

Look out for
The new Carriage & Blacksmith Shop!
Henry & Frank.
Bonnell's Old Stand.

BOOK STORE
C. E. Snow, next to Bank.
Stationery, Confectionery, Tobaccos, etc., etc.
Latest Magazines and Periodicals.
Canadain Headquarters for Mormon Publications.
Agency for every Magazine and Newspaper Published in the World.

Meat Market.
The undersigned wishes to inform the inhabitants of Cardston and surrouding settlements that his meat market is in full blast and meat is kept on hand constantly. I pay spot cash for beef.
Wm. Wood.

HOTEL DE WOOLF.
Rates, $ 1.50 per Day.
Livery & Feed Stable.
CARDSTON, ALTA.

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.
All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.
Cardston. . . . . Alberta.

Samuel Cox,
Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting, & Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
CARDSTON. . ALBERTA.

G. O. CARD,
SUB AGENT
for
DOMINION LANDS,
ALSO AGENT FOR
RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY
. . . AND . . .
PRIVATE LANDS.
Office Hours: 9 to 5.

Lundberg & Neilson,
General Blacksmiths.
Horse Shoeing a Specialty.
Cardston, ... Alta.

Gay & Wight,
Contractors & Builders.
Estimates given on all kinds of work free. We have expert workmen that we send out in the country to do work at short notice.
Don't forget our black smith and wagon shop. We have the best material money can buy, and we guarantee our workmanship. Only shop in town where you can get A 1 Steel Baggie tires.
Machinery Repaired and Refitted.
Thanking the public for their past patronage and asking the continuation of the same.
Yours respectfully,
Gay & Wight.

LETHBRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.
Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7:30 o'clock, a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $3.00; Round trip, $5.00.
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All work neatly executed, and Satisfaction Guaranteed.
CABINET WORK A SPECIALTY.
R. C. Beck.

J. W. WOOLF.
I pay cash for BEEF CATTLE. See me before completing a sale.
J. W. Woolf.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1898. NO. 6.

WILFORD WOODRUFF

PRESIDENT OF THE CHURCH OF JESUS CHRIST OF LATTER-DAY SAINTS, DIED SEPT., 2ND.

A SHORT HISTORICAL SKETCH.

Wilford Woodruff, third son of Aphek Woodruff and Beulah Thompson-Woodruff, was born March 1st, 1807, in that part of Farmington now called Avon, Hartford Country, Conn. His ancestors for several generations, were also residents of that section. Up to his twenty-first year he remained at home, assisting his father in attending to the Farmington Mills.

At a very early age his mind was considerably exercised upon religious subjects, although in a somewhat different view from that of the orthodox teaching of those days.

A notable point of difference was his firm conviction that the gifts and graces that belonged to the ancient apostles ought still to obtain among the true disciples of Jesus, although the ministers of his acquaintance all taught that such things had been done away. This difference in belief caused him to hold aloof from any espousal of particular doctrine until 1833, when he, in company with his brother Azmon (being at the time in Oswego Co., N. Y.) chanced to hear two Mormon elders preach. A single sermon convinced both him and his brother, and they thereupon presented themselves for baptism.

Young Woodruff was an enthusiastic convert, and soon gravitated to Kirtland, where he was kindly received by, and temporarily domiciled with, the Prophet Joseph. Surrounded by influences so congenial to his natural cast of mind, his spiritual nature developed rapidly, and in a few months' time he had reached the point of joyfully accepting an ordination as elder, and a commission to go on mission. He had in the meantime removed to Clay Co., Mo.

He straightway, in company with an elder by the name of Brown, started out on a tour in which was traversed a most desolate and perilous section of country, viz: southern Missouri, northern Arkansas, and western Tennessee. It is worthy of note that this journey (on foot) was made to embrace the traversing of the Mississippi Swamp, a distance of 175 miles, most of the way in mud and water up to their knees. Young Woodruff being stricken with rheumatism in the midst of the swamp, his companion abandoned him. But, kneeling in the water, he cried to God for succor, and was immediately healed. He thereupon continued his journey, and in due time returned to his brethern.

His life thereafter was made up almost entirely of mission work. In Jan., 1837, he was set aprat to be a member of the first quorum of Seventies, and remained for a while in Kirtland. Here, on the 13th of April of that year, he was married to Miss Phœbe W. Carter, at the house of Joseph Smith.

Shortly thereafter he went on mission again, and continued in that work until appointed a member of the quorum of the Twelve. In the following Fall, 1839, he started on the mission to England. (See record elsewhere.) His ministry in that country was very successful. During the seven months of their labors in Herefordshire, Gloucestershire and Worcestershire, he and his confreres of that mission baptized over eighteen hundred persons including over two hundred preachers of various denominations; their success so greatly alarming the orthodox ministers of those localities, that it was made the subject of a petition to Parliament.

Returning in 1841, he was shipwrecked on Lake Michigan, but escaped with his life, and reached Nauvoo in October of that year.

It is not the design of this sketch to give more than a general view of this faithful apostle; suffice it to say therefore, that he was on mission in the Eastern States at the time of Joseph and Hyrum's martyrdom; that he thereupon returned and prominently participated in the events succeeding that monstrous wrong; that he was a member of the famous mission to England in 1844, remaining there a year, and returning to join the exodus; that he was one of the 143 poineers; that he again went on mission to the Eastern States in 1848, returning to Salt Lake in 1850; and in December of that year was elected a member of the Senate if the Provisional State of Deseret.

Since that time Apostle Woodruff has been one of the very foremost in all the affairs at home. The church history is mostly compiled from his journals, and the success of his mission to England is to this day a marvel in the Church. He is emphatically one of the founders of Utah, and as an apostle well deserves the name of "Wilford the Faithful."

On the Death of President John Taylor, Apostle Woodruff succeeded to the Presidency of the church; a position which he has filled to his own credit, and to the honon of the church up to the hour of his death, 6.40 am. Friday, Sept. 2, 1898.

Peace to his ashes.

BREAKING SABBATH.

Robert Newton was arrested by Corp. Eolderson one day last week on two charges viz., Sabbath breaking and cruelty to animals. On the former account he was fined $1.00 and costs and on the latter $5.00 and costs. Fines and costs on both charges amounted to $14.35, which was paid.

It is a good law that provides for the protection of dumb brutes.

Latter Day Saints' Services.

Sunday being the regular monthly Fast Day, the divine services were largely in the nature of a testimony meeting, there were some fifteen or twenty speakers.

Bishop J. A. Hammer presided.

Prayer by Elder Ammon Mercer.

Elders H. S. Allen & D. W. Rollins administered the sacrament.

Certificate of D. K. Beveridge and family was read and they were unanimously accepted as members of the Cardston ward.

Levi Harker and Jas. Anderson were honorably released as assistants to the Supt. of the Sunday School.

Elder J. P. Low was sustained as Supt. of the Cardston Sunday School, with Robt. Ibey and J. Evans as his assistants.

Edward Leavitt was voted in and sustained as a Sunday School teacher.

Bishop J. A. Hammer was the first speaker. Bore his testimony to the truth of the Gospel, and gave the time to those present to bear their testimonies.

Elder Wm. Wood said he always hailed with pleasure the coming of fast days, on which occasion we can meet together and enjoy the Spirit of testimony bearing.

Sister Z. Y. Card felt to bless the new comers,—those boys who come here to make homes for themselves so far from their places of birth. Refered to the blessings of the Lord unto us this season and acknowledged the hand of the Lord in the same.

Many of the brethern and sisters bore their testimonies to the truth of the Gospel.

Pres. C. O. Card felt greatful that he had been numbered as one in the folds of Christ. Refered to the sickness in our midst, and exhorted the Saints, and particularly the Elders who were being called upon to administer unto them, to live nearer unto the Lord so they might be able to ask the blessings upon those afflicted.

If we wish to enjoy the blessings we must stand in our places and magnify our callings.

Singing. Benediction by Elder J. A. Woolf.

The Record

one year

$ 2.00

ALBERTA STAKE OF ZION.

In looking over some papers the other day, we chanced upon the following editorial which was published in the Leader Dec. 23, 1897. As it is quite interesting reading matter, we give it to our subscribers, being certain that very few of them ever perused the article.

In this issue of THE LEADER is given the first even approximately intelligible report published of the debate in the Assembly upon the private Bill to incorporate the President and High Council of the Alberta Stake of Zion. As at least one newspaper bids fair to become even more hysterical over the question than were the opponents of the measure in the House, it is probably well that a true report of the debate should be disseminated.

The Indian Head Vidette clamors for the disallowance of the Ordinance by the Governor General in Council. We scarcely think that His Excellency in Council will care to drop himself into the hole which by the disallowance of the Ordinance he would necessarily occupy. The disallowance of the Act would be tantamount to a statement by His Excellency that the Mormon residents at Lee's Creek are not law-abiding subjects. Now, if they are not law-abiding subjects, His Excellency is culpable in that he does not have them imprisoned, and punished, and made an example of. By deciding against the Ordinance His Excellency would of necessity decide against himself. We persume that H. E. is not anxious to exhibit his own negligence of his duties and functions, and we therefore presume that the Mormons may rest abundantly content that Ottawa will not attempt to deprive them of any of their rights of citizenship. Apart from this very logical method of reassuring our fellow subjects, the Mormon residents of Southern Alberta, we may point out that His Excellency is the personal representative of a Queen who is pleased to accept as supporters of her sovereignty, white men and black men and red men and yellow men, Christians, Pagans, Hindus, Buddhists, and Mahometans. As Mr. Page very timely remarked in the debate, Her Majesty quite lately held a reunion of representatives of all her subjects, and in that reuniou,—in the remarkable Jubilee pageant—in it, not at it, or around or about or outside of it—were men of almost every extraction, every color, every religious or non-religious belief.

Around Victoria's throne there is absolute freedom of conscience. Respect for the law is the single test. Mr. Mowat said, when seconding the motion for adoption of the Jubilee adress in the House, that the boast of the Jubilee Era was the unification of races which the era had witnessed. Narrowness and bigotry never united races. If His Excellency keeps in recollection the Queen whom he represents, our Indian Head cotem. will wait a weary while before the Governor General in Council for Canada will take a step at complete variance with the spirit of the Reign which has developed and cemented an Empire.

But when the Vidette and other opponents of the Bill introduced by Mr. Magrath, come to realize the real facts of the case, we fancy they will admit the mistakenness of their opposition. Misapprehension was the cause of all the opposition. The Vidette states, and many Members professed to believe, that polygamy is the principal and distinguishing tenet of the Mormon faith. The fact is that five years ago the minor sect within the Mormon church which practised polygamy prior to that time, abolished the practice. Not only is polygamy not a principal tenet of their religion, but the practice is unlawful within their church. Again, the Vidette states that the Premier declared that the Bill was "for the purpose of securing to the Mormons the right to the full use of their particular religion". It is perhaps needless to say that the Premier made no such declaration. The Mormons have, without incorporation, in common with Anglicans and Catholics and Baptists and Jews and Hornerites, the right to the full use of their particular religion. The Bill, in fact, had nothing to do with religion. It proposed primarily, and simply, and wholly, to give to the representatives of trustees of a certain number of people who hold certain property and probably expect to hold more property, in common, the right to deal with such property—to sell, buy, mortgage, etc.,—as a corporate body. How even the most violent imagination could distort such a proposal into an endorsation of polygamy surpasses comprehension. Even if the Mormons practised polygamy,—and none of the opponents of the measure dared to say that they do—the Bill would not have been an endorsation of polygamy. There has been similar Catholic incorporation in the Territories, and who will say that by granting it the Assembly on behalf of the country subscribed to Roman Catholic beliefs? The contention is ridiculous. The whole opposition to the Bill was ridiculous. And the Vidette's plea for disallowance of the Bill is the most ridiculous thing of all.

BRIEF RESUME

= of =

CANADIAN HISTORY

From 1497 to 1898.

Very Short and to the Point.

FAMILIARIZE YOURSELF WITH ALL THAT APPEARS IN THIS COLUMN EACH WEEK.

Having lived in this district more than three years, we are acquainted with the majority of inhabitants, and to a greater or less degree, have a knowledge respecting their uninformed condition as to the laws and history of Canada. We, therefore, purpose publishing, serially, in a portion of this column, each week, a Short History of Canada from 1497 to 1898, together with Statistical Items of general interest.

1739. Population of New France, 42,701.

1745. Louisbourg, Cape Brenton, taken by the English.

1747. Militia rolls drawn up for Canada. Courts of Justice constituted in Nova Scotia.

1748. Restoration of Louisbourg to the French in exchange for Madras, by the peace of Aix-la-Chapelle.

1749. June 21. City of Halifax founded by Lord Halifax: 2,544 British emigrants brought out by the Hon. Edward Cornwallis.

1751. Rocky Mountains discovered by Niverville's Expedition.

1752. March 23. Issue of the Halifax Gazette, the first paper published in Canada.

1755. Expulsion of the Acadians from Nova Scotia. About 3,000 were deported at the request of the New England colonists.

1758. First meeting of Nova Scotian Legislature, representative institutions having been granted.

(CONTINUED NEXT WEEK.)

NOTICE!

On account of sickness, The Wolcott Pain Paint Co was unable to be in Cardston last Wednesday, as announced in THE RECORD.

Next Wednesday, Sept. 14 they will surely be here.

Free Open-Air Concert in the evening

Don't fail to hear them.

EVERYBODY

WEARS SHOES.

You get the best when you buy those made by

The Ames Holden Co.

Large shipment just received at

H. S. Allen & Co.

C. Edgar Snow, Banker,

Cardston, ... Alberta.

A general banking business transacted.

Go to the

CARDSTON CO. Ltd.

Everything from a Needle to a Steam Engine,— a box of matches to a Sack of CARDSTON Flour,— or a Button to a Suit of Clothes—you can get.

Receiving each week now, a part of our extensive line of

Dry Goods & Boots & Shoes

The most extensive ever brought here.

Special Inducements to Cash Customers.

Farmer's Produce Taken in Exchange.

Agents CARDSTON DAIRY. Finest Grade of CHEESE in the North-West Territories.

The People's Store!

IS DREYFUS DEAD?

A RUMOR TO THAT EFFECT CURRENT IN PARIS.

Paris Intensely Excited—Count Esterhazy Maintains His Composure—Henry's Funeral.

Paris, Sept. 1.—The Dreyfus case presents no new features, but there is a plentiful supply of rumors. The first of these is that Dreyfus is dead, no letter having been received from him for some weeks. Another report is that General De Boisdeffre, who has just resigned the post of chief of the general staff, has committed suicide. Both these rumors are undoubtedly without foundation.

Col. Paty Du Clam is on a vacation in Switzerland and there is no confirmation of the statement of La Patrie that he had been arrested for complicity in the Henry forgery. General Gonze, assistant chief of the general staff, who tendered his resignation yesterday to M. Cavaignac, minister for war, has been persuaded to withdraw it as his retirement under the age limit will occur next month.

Paris, Sept. 2.—The lull in news has in no way diminished the popular excitement. The latest cartoon of M. Forain happily hits off the situation. It represents two soldiers, one standing, the other sitting on a bench and reading a newspaper.

"What are you reading?" says the former; "about the Czar's letter?"

"No," the lattter replied, "about the Henry suicide."

The movement in favor of a revision of the Dreyfus case is growing by leaps and bounds. Considering recent events Count Walsin Esterhazy retains an amazingly scool attitude. In the course of an interview yesterday he expressed astonishment that Lieut. Col. Henry was allowed to have a razor. Henry's death, he said, was regrettable, "because doubtless he had other revelations to make." Count Esterhazy intends to appeal against his enforced retirement from active service in the army.

Paris, Sept. 2.—Having died uncondemned, Colonel Henry's remains are entitled to military honors; but his brother will take the body to Pougy, near Chalons, where it will be buried on Saturday, with the strictest privacy. Several officers of the general staff, it is said to-night, have asked to be sent to their regiments. General Renouard, the new chief of staff, is understood to have a free hand as to be at liberty to replace all the staff officers, if he thinks fit. It is expected that he will resort to a process of purification. The government's position is most unhappy. Notice of interpellations in the chamber multiply. President Faure is censured for leaving Paris at such a critical moment. Great efforts are being made to get the signatures of a majority of the deputies, which is a necessary preliminary to a convocation of the chamber.

Col. Henry left letters addressed to the minister for war and to General Boisdeffre, in which he protested that he had not realized the gravity of the act which he committed, "solely for the good of the cause."

ZOLA'S ACCUSATION.

M. Emile Zola, in his famous "I accuse" letter, published in L'Aurore, which led to his trial and conviction on the charge of libelling military officers, said: "I accuse Lieut. Col. Du Clam of having been the diabolical worker of judicial error, unconsciously, I am ready to believe, and then having defended his nefarious doings for the past three years by most absurd and culpable machinations. I accuse General Mercier—who was minister for war when Dreyfus was tried—of being the accomplice, at least, through weak intelligence, in the greatest iniquity of the century. I accuse General Billot—minister for war during the late Dreyfus agitation—of having in his hands the certain proofs of innocence of Dreyfus and of having suppressed them, thus rendering himself guilty of treason against humanity and justice, for a political reason and in order to save the compromised staff. I accuse General Boisdeffre—the chief of the general staff—and General Gonse — the assistant chief of general staff—of being accomplices in the same crime, the one through religious animosity, doubtless; the other perhaps through the "espirit de corps," which makes the war office a sacred and unassailable ark. I accuse General de Pellieus, and Major Ravary of having made a flagitous investigation whereby I mean an inquiry of most monstrous partiality. I accuse the three experts in hand writing, the men Belhomme, Varinard and Gouard, of having drawn up false and fraudulent reports, unless medical examination shall prove them to be victims of a disease of sight or judgment. I accuse the officers of the war office of having organized a press campaign in order to lead public opinion astray. Finally I accuse the first court martial of having condemned a man on a document kept secret. And I accuse the second court martial of having covered this illegality by order, and of committing in its turn the judicial crime of knowingly acquitting a guilty person."

After a long trial in February last, M. Zola was sentenced to one year's imprisonment and to pay a fine of 300 francs for these alleged libels and M. Pereux, the manager of L'Aurore, was sentenced to four months' imprisonment and to pay 3,000 francs fine.

DU CLAM ARRESTED.

Paris, Sept. 1.—Later in the day La Patrie announced that Colonel Paty Du Clam had been arrested for complicity in the Dreyfus forgery.

RENOUARD APPOINTED.

Paris, Sept. 1.—The minister for war this afternoon received in audience General Renouard, director of the military college, who accepted the office of chief of the general staff, vacant owing to the resignation of General Boisdeffre. The latter bid farewell to the officials of his bureau this morning.

Paris, Aug. 31.—The arrest of Lieut. Colonel Henry, on the discovery that he is the author of the important letter, which figured in the Dreyfus case, is one of the most sensational developments in the whole of this extraordinary affair. Col. Henry has been throughout the fighting champion of the army against Col. Picquart, with whom he fought a duel. This new development evidently entirely alters the aspect of both the Dreyfus and Zola cases, and practically nullifies the evidence of Generals Pellatux and Boisdeffere, and the declarations of the minister for war, M. Cavaignac, in the chamber of deputies. In fact some people believe, perhaps the real turning point in the Dreyfus case, has been reached, and the arrest of Col. Henry will lead to a revision of trial of the prisoner of Devil's Island.

It appears that as soon as M. Cavaignac assumed office as minister of war he charged the official bureau to make thorough research of the Dreyfus case, and it was this inquiry which resulted in the discovery that the documents lately read in the chamber of deputies by M. Cavaignac, showing proof of the guilt of Dreyfus were forged. When Colonel Henry was summoned to the ministry for war and questioned by M. Cavaignac in the presence of General Boisdeffre and others, he at first affirmed the authenticity of the incriminating document. But when discrepancies were pointed out, he at first admitted adding sentences, and finally confessed fabricating the whole letter. It is affirmed, however, that this discovery has not changed M. Cavaignac's belief in the culpability of Dreyfus; but the minister is determined to punish all guilty parties, no matter what their rank or position may be. Col. Henry is to be tried by court martial.

Col. Henry confessed having committed forgery, "owing to the absolute necessity for finding proofs against Dreyfus," and it is understood the document in question is the letter which has hitherto been alleged to have been written by a German military attachee to the Italian military attachee in October, 1896. Finally, it is said, when the interpellation in the Dreyfus case was coming up in the chamber of deputies, this letter was secretly communicated to the court martial and was the chief evidence upon which Dreyfus was convicted.

Anti-Dreyfus papers are dumbfounded at the arrest of Colonel Henry, while on the other hand the papers which have been supporting the proposition to reopen the Dreyfus case are jubilant. They now demand the immediate release of Col. Picquart, who is imprisoned on charges connected indirectly with the Dreyfus affair, and also insist upon a revision of the Dreyfus trial.

When Count Esterhazy was informed of the arrest of Col. Henry and of his admission, he exclaimed: "This is too terrifying."

Colonel Henry's confession threatens to rekindle the Dreyfus agitation more heatedly than ever and seems likely to shake public confidence in the army. Even La Liberte, a strong anti-Dreyfus organ, says. "It must cause the deepest pain to all honorable men that officers of such standing show such lack of morals." It is reported that at a meeting the ministers admitted that a revision of the Dreyfus trial was unavoidable and a public announcement that the ministry has decided to initiate such a revision is expected.

Le Temps this afternoon announces that the disclosures made to the minister to-day have decided the minister of war to place Maj. Count Esterhazy on the retired list.

BOISDEFFRE RESIGNS.

Paris, Aug. 31.—General LeMouton de Boisdeffre, chief of the general staff of the French army, has tendered his resignation to the government.

General de Boisdeffre in his letter of resignation explains that he resigns owing to the misplaced confidence in Lieut. Col. Henry, which led him to present as genuine what was forged evidence.

M. Cavaignac, the minister of war, in reply, asked General de Boisdeffre to remain to "see justice in the matter."

STORMY CABINET MEETING.

Paris, Aug. 31.—The cabinet has held two stormy sittings under the presidency of M. Faure; it finally rose between six and seven o'clock having apparently failed to arrive at a decision on the question of revising the Dreyfus sentence for the customary official note was not issued, it is possible however, looking to the excited state of public feeling that the government deems it advisable to proceed cautiously and to conceal its decisions for the present. M. Delcasse, minister for foreign affairs, is said to have been violently attacked by his colleagues for having been ignorant of the intention of the Emperor Nicholas to issue his disarmament proclamation, but in face of the revival of the Dreyfus affair the disarmament proposal has taken quite a secondary place.

COL. HENRY SUICIDES.

Paris, Aug. 31.—10.30 p. m.—Lieut. Col. Henry has committed suicide.

Lieut. Col. Henry cut his throat with a razor he had concealed in his valise. During the recent Zola trial Henry accused Col. Picquart of falsifying telegrams. A duel followed in which Henry was wounded. The next scene occurred in the chamber of deputies, where Col. Picquart proclaimed the letter a forgery and as a result was arrested, while Henry's villany was rewarded by his being appointed Col. Picquart's successor in the intelligence department. It is now evident that Henry forged the letter with the express object of paralyzing Col. Picquart's efforts to expose Major Count Esterhazy, and get a revision of the Dreyfus case. The letter was written in bad French, a fact which first led it to be regarded as spurious. It is said that if the cabinet decides upon a revision of the Dreyfus case, M. Cavaignac, minister of war, will resign.

HENRY'S ARREST.

The scene of Lieut. Col. Henry's avowal was most painful. When he saw it was almost useless to deny further his tongue grew too thick for his mouth and he was unable to speak. It was feared that he would have an apopleptic stroke. After his arrest he was permitted to visit his wife while on the way to the fortress at Mont Valerien. She thought he really had a fit. He addressed her as "My poor wife," adding, "I am under arrest." The officer accompanying him was under orders not to lose sight of him for a moment, and therefore he could not see his wife alone. All three proceeded to his bedroom to get the necessary clothing. Henry then clasped his wife in his arms and exclaimed: "My conscience is pure and free from every sting." This exclamation is much commented upon, as going to show that he may possibly have forged the letter under orders from his superiors.

HENRY'S RECORD.

Lieut. Col. Henry is a peasant's son. He was born in Pouzykin, Marne, in 1848, and enlisted in a front regiment as his brother's substitute in 1863. He had a good military record for bravery and inexorable discipline. He was a prisoner of war in 1870 and was wounded in the Algerian campaign. He retained much of the rough and ready manners of a non-commissioned officer. He was lacking in education, spoke no foreign language and owed his promotion primarily to his reputation for blunt straightforwardness.

HON. JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN

Is Said to Have a Special Mission in Visiting America.

London, Sept. 1. — Montreal Star cable.—Although the Right Hon. Mr. Chamberlain has taken especial pains that the public should understand that his visit to America is entirely of a private and family character, it is expected that he will during his stay with his wife's family, invite one or more of the Canadian ministers to visit him to discuss outstanding questions. Hon. Mr. Chamberlain shows the keenest possible anxiety for the success of the Quebec conference, believing that complete amity between Canada and the United States is the best stepping stone to Anglo-American co-operation in China and elsewhere.

The Elder-Dempster company discuss to-day their proposal to carry mails free of cost, between Canada and Avenmouth, which proposal the Canadian government declined. They adversely criticize the fast mail project and say that Canada's interest would be far better served by a cheap immigration service by steamers already in trade. In time Canada could work the requirements of a fast mail service, but the most immediate need is a cheap outlet for products of the country and the fullest inducement possible to European immigration.

RECIPROCAL TRADE.

Boston Chamber of Commerce Favors Closer Relations With Canada.

Boston, Aug. 31.—A special meeting of the Boston chamber of commerce was held here yesterday for the purpose of considering ways and means to bring about closer trade relations with Canada. President W. T. Robinson presided and after resolutions were adopted to the effect that the chamber reaffirms its position as set forth in the resolutions adopted January 18th, 1898, in favor of having reciprocal trade relations established between the United States, Canada and the colony of Newfoundland and asserting that in the opinion of its members the commercial, manufacturing and industrial prosperity of this country will be greatly promoted by the nearest practical approach that can be obtainable to the establishment of complete reciprocal trade relations bteween the United States, Canada and Newfoundland, it was resolved that the committee of the chamber on reciprocal trade with Canada be instructed to present their resolutions to the American commissioners now at Quebec and to enforce them with such arguments as may seem best adapted to convince the commissioners of the merits of the proposition.

Methodist Conference.

Toronto, Aug. 31.—The general conference of the Methodist church of Canada opens tomorrow morning in Toronto. The general superintendent, Rev. Dr. Carman, will preside and probably five hundred delegates will be in attendance. The conference will last two to three weeks. The morning session tomorrow will be largely devoted to organization. In the afternoon Dr. Carman will deliver his address. Many questions of vital importance to the Methodist church will come up for discussion and action. The general conference meets only quadrennially and many important matters have accumulated during the last four years.

Demand for Homesteads.

All the available land in the western Mennonite reserve, recently thrown open to settlement by the Dominion government, has been applied for and the officials in the lands office are engaged notifying the fortunate ones of the acceptance of their applications.

This land is the equal of the best in the province and is situated in a well settled district. Among the parties coming to settle is one consisting of seventy farmers and their families from North Dakota who have notified the Dominion lands agent that they will move over in a body this fall with considerable stock and effects.

Loyal Jamaica Negroes.

Kingston, Ja., Aug. 31.—The annexation movement has not progressed favorably, owing to the opposition of the colored element in the population and lack of support from the newspapers, consequently, Hon Samuel Constantine Burke, Jamaica's member to the Barbados conference, who sailed today, is not authorized to propose annexation as an alternative to the joint demand of the West Indies for fair treatment. Possibly British Guiana, or Barbados may take the initiative, should the conference decide to adopt a decisive multimatum attitude.

Another Rich Strike.

Victoria, Aug. 31.—News has just arrived here from Wrangel by the steamer Horsa, of a rich strike on the Hootalinqua. D. D. Lawney has found gold, going $25 to $40 a day a man, and a big stampede has commenced. R. R. Hall, manager of the Hudson's Bay company, who was interviewed at Wrangel, confirms fully the reported strike, and his company are rushing supplies in for the crowds. Indications are that another Klondike rush is probable.

Klondike Gold.

Philadelphia, Aug. 29.—The mint here has received from Seattle in the last two weeks $1,477,271 Klondike gold. A single shipment was received on Saturday of $377,000. The gold is lighter in color than that received from Colorado, containing more silver and less copper. Klondike gold assays 790 parts gold, 204 parts silver and six parts baser metals.

FIGHT AT KERRERI

THE BRITISH ARMY ADVANCING—DERVISHERS RETREATING.

Cavalry Attack a Dervish Outpost and Backed by Gunboats Drive Them From Their Position.

London, Sept. 1.—Great Britain is beginning to be alarmed lest the fate of Hicks Pacha has befallen the Anglo-Egyptian army under the Sirdar, General Sir Herbert Kitchener. The last news received was telegraphed from the front on Monday night. The army was then twenty-three miles from Omdurman, the Dervish camp, near Khartoum, where the Khalifa was reported to be waiting with 10,000 warriors, well equipped with field guns. General Kitchener's force consisted of 10,000 British troops and 15,000 Egyptian black, the most perfectly equipped force the government has ever put into the field, having plenty of horse artillery and Maxim guns. It was planned to keep constant communication with the army by field telegraph, hence the fears that in spite of the superiority of morale and accoutrements the Anglo-Egyptian force may have been overwhelmed by numbers. The government officers officially announces the confidence of the outcome of engagements, but privately they do not conceal their nervousness at the lack of tidings from the front.

London, Sept. 1.—11 p. m.—The war office was relieved this evening by the receipt of a dispatch from Cairo explaining the sudden interruption of news from the Soudan, which gave rise to some uneasiness yesterday as to the movements of the Anglo-Egyptian column, now advancing toward Omdurman, under General Sir Herbert Kitchener. It appears that telegraphic communication was interrupted by the wire beyond Nasri Island, about midway between Metemmeh and the sixth cataract of the Nile, having been damaged by a severe storm. Shortly after the arrival of this intelligence, came the following dispatch to the Associated Press from Nasri Island, dated Aug. 30, and forwarded by messenger from the camp at the front of Nasri:

"There have been glimpses of the enemy during the last few days, and the first skirmish took place to-day when an advance guard of cavalry located a large body of the dervishes at a supposed outpost near Kerreri, about eight miles north of Omdurman.

"The enemy showed a disposition to fight, beating war drums and displaying battle bunting. The Montmorency troops emptied a few Dervish saddles and three gunboats steamed up the river in front of the town and shelled the Dervishes' position. The enemy's loss could not be ascertained as the Dervishes were in a hollow, but fleeing troops could be distinctly seen. The army is moving slowly. Yesterday it advanced four miles in close form."

A. O. U. W. DISPUTE.

Alleged Conflict of Jurisdiction Between Manitoba and Ontario.

Toronto, Aug. 29.—The A. O. U. W. of Winnipeg are making application to the Ontario government for permission to insure members and establish lodges in Ontario. Their application is being vigorously opposed by the Ontario order, who expressed their strong disapproval at their last grand lodge meeting of the action of the Winnipeg body in establishing a lodge at Rat Portage. The application will be considered by the attorney general on Sept. 6, when it is expected there will be a vigorous fight, as deputations representing both bodies will be present to press their respective claims. The only manner in which the Manitoba organization can obtain the privileges asked for in Ontario is by showing special reasons why their request should be granted. Mr. Phippen, of Winnipeg, and Clute are acting for the Manitoba body.

Farmers Coming.

Toronto, Aug. 30.—A Canadian Pacific excursion train with eleven coaches, left Union station today for Manitoba. The passengers were 500 farmers and farm laborers.

GLANDERS IN HORSES.

Many Cases in Manitoba Had Their Origin in the Northern Territories.

Dr. S. J. Thompson, provincial veterinarian, was shown a paragraph from an interview in a Winnipeg paper with Dr. McEachran to the effect that there were only two or three cases of glanders known amongst horses in the Territories. Dr. Thompson thinks the Dominion inspector must be mistaken, for he has personally traced thirty of the forty cases of glanders in horses which were ordered to be destroyed this season in Manitoba, to the ranches in the Territories. A large number of horses are purchased each year in the Territories for Manitoba farms. If there are signs of distemper in any one of them, it is said by the disposer to be a cold or other slight ailment. Yet the damage has been done, the doctor states, where these animals are brought into contact with others, for before many weeks every horse on the farm in affected and the innocent farmer is a heavy sufferer. Dr. Thompson instanced the case of one veterinarary surgeon of the city, who was called to the Oxarart ranch, and there ordered twenty-five horses to be killed immediately as they were badly affected with glanders. Twenty-five animals were slaughtered for the same reason at Somerset some time ago, every one of which had glanders when they left their Territorial home.

Premier Greenway and Dr. Thompson have time and again in their annual reports referred to the apparent laxity in the inspection of the horses on the Territorial ranches. The inspector states that each mounted policeman is a veterinary surgeon, but Dr. Thompson does not believe that more than three or four of the police could tell a case of glanders if they saw it.

THE CONFERENCE

JOINT COMMISSION DISCUSSES INSHORE FISHERIES.

Captain Cox Will Urge That Sealers Be Indemnified if Pelagic Sealing Be Abolished.

Quebec, Aug. 31.—Capt. John G. Cox, of Victoria, B. C., the official representative of Canadian seal fishermen, arrived in Quebec this morning to present the claims of the sealers of British Columbia before the British commissioners, also to act in an advisory capacity to the latter. Capt. Cox will have a formal interview with the British representatives to-morrow and the question of seal fisheries will be taken up by the joint high commission on Friday. An impression has already gone forth that the conference will likely agree to suspension of pelagic sealing and Capt. Cox, on behalf of the Canadian sealers, is prepared to accept such a decision on condition that the sealers be indemnified for the loss of capital at present actually invested in the industry. There are this season fifty-two vessels owned by British Columbia sealers engaged in sealing fishing, having a gross registered tonnage of 3,649 tons. Fair estimates place the values of these vessels at $200 per gross ton, giving a little over $730,000 as the amount of capital invested. Capt. Cox thinks it would be a hardship and an injustice to wipe out this vested interest without a fair indemnity being made. If the United States commissioners are willing to give $700,000 to indemnify the sealers for the loss of their investments they can secure the abolition of pelagic sealing without much time spent in discussion and this vexed question may be settled off hand and for all time. It is probable, however, that the United States will look at it in the light that the matter of indemnity is one which the two governments should share equally, and on some such compromise basis the question is not unlikely to be settled. At any rate pelagic sealing seems probable to be disposed of by the conference on Friday and an official announcement to that effect may be looked for after adjournment on that day. It will be the first definite fruit of the commissioners' labors.

Today the question of the Atlantic inshore fisheries, which occupied the attention of the commissioners yesterday, was again discussed. The subject presents a great variety of intricate features and will probably be again the principal item for consideration tomorrow, after which it will be dropped until the reassembling of the conference.

Although no intimation has been given out by any of the commissioners of the nature of the disposition so far over the fisheries, it is understood to have followed very closely the footprints of negotiations on the same question which took place at Washington in 1888. Now, as then, it is understood, that Canadian representatives propose that fishermen of both countries shall have all the privileges enjoyed during the existence of the fishery seasons under the treaty of Washington of 1871, pending the consideration of a mutual arrangement providing for greater freedom of commercial intercourse between the two countries.

Quebec, Aug. 29.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier arrived from the funeral of his brother at Arthabaskaville just in time to take his seat with the commissioners before adjournment. It is understood the Behring Sea was the question under discussion, but absolutely nothing was given out. It is not considered at all likely that when the conference adjourns on Friday, matters will be far enough advanced to give anything out for publication. Several deputations will be given a hearing by the United States commissioners during the week. The conference will likely reassemble in Quebec whevever it may meet subsequently.

New York, Aug. 28.—The international conference now being held at Quebec is referred to by Mr. Ford in his letter to the Tribune to-day as follows: Rumors respecting dissensions in the Quebec conference, the secession of Jamaica and other West Indian colonies from the British empire, and a disposition on the part of the United States to propose a game of barter by which the Philippines can be traded off for them, have hardly caused a ripple on the stagnant surface of English opinion. The Quebec commissioners are not expected to settle off-hand the series of complex questions which have occupied the attention of diplomats for many years. The single point which impresses English observers is the good feeling pervading the United States and Canada, which facilitates the frank exchange of views, and opens the way for the adjustment of many vexatious controversies. The reports of the outbreak of annexation feeling in the British West Indies are not regarded in official circles here as anything more than a convenient expedient for bringing the interests of the colonies prominently before the home government, and forcing it to adopt larger remedial measures than meagre charity doles. Even Mr. Chamberlain is at a loss to know what to do for the West Indian colonies. He has been inclined to favor temporary sugar duties, to offset continental beet bounties, but has been forced to admit that the immediate effect of the imposition of such duties would not be helpful, since it would deprive the sugar islands of the advantage over bounty fed sugars, which they now enjoy in the United States market under the Dingley tariff.

On the same subject, the London correspondent of the Evening Post cables: The Anglo-American conference at Quebec is being watched here with keen attention, for although they praise it differently there is general satisfaction of the fact that Canada is a hostage for England's good behavior towards the United States. The question around which the most interest centres is, what will the United States demand as the price of reciprocity? A New York telegram to the Morning Post to-day positively announces that the United States' commissioners will not modify the stand they have decided to take on that matter. They will make concessions only in return for preferential treatment, exclusively in favor of the United States, and will not pay for equal treatment to that accorded to Great Britain. If so, then reciprocity is absolutely impossible, for positive assurances were received in London yesterday from a member of the Canadian ministry that no treaty will be consented to be Canada that does not extend to the motherland all the trade privileges accorded to the States.

Quebec, Aug. 24.—Little business was done by members of the conference today. Some informal conversation was held with gentlemen representing a number of interests, and the conference adjourned. To-night Sir Wilfrid Laurier entertained the commissioners at dinner, the other guests being Liwutenant-Governor Jette, Mayor Parent, and a few prominent gentlemen of Quebec. The conference meets again in the morning.

A story was sent out from here to Montreal and other places to the effect that one of the commissioners—Mr. Dingley was hinted at — had declared it was useless to discuss the question of reciprocal trade relations with the United States unless Canada dropped the preferential tariff now given to the Mother Country. There is much inquiry as to the truth of this dispatch. Mr. Dingley disavowed it entirely, remarking that it would have been discourteous on his part to have made such a statement.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

The Happenings of the World in a Condensed Form.

Friday, Sept. 2.

Labrador fisheries are a failure.

Private Fleming, Brandon, will be on the Bisley team.

Six U. S. engineers were drowned at Tybee Island, Ga.

The Methodist general conference is in session in Toronto.

Russia will respect Britain's spheres of influence in China.

Fire destroyed $750,000 worth of property at Bristol, Eng.

Wm. Campbell, Conservative, was elected for Quebec, P. E. I.

Winnipeg's new abattoir was formally opened on Thursday.

La Minerve, the Montreal French Conservative paper, is revived.

U. S. lake shippers are agitating for the free use of Canadian canals.

Alderman Gowanlock, of Toronto, is unseated for lack of qualification.

British Columbia prohibitionists have organized for the plebiscite campaign.

Provincial Conservatives are holding a convention in Vancouver, B. C.

Lord and Lady Aberdeen will give a series of entertainments at Quebec.

Fire destroyed Bertram's shipbuilding plant at Toronto; loss $250,000.

Customs receipts for August show an increase of $372,829 over August, 1897.

The British cavalry and gunboats engaged and defeated the Dervishes at Kerreri.

Attorney General Eberts, of British Columbia, is suing the Victoria Times for libel.

The Archbishop of Rupert's Land protests against the proposed location of Manitoba university.

Hon. Jos. Chamberlain will confer with Canadian cabinet ministers on international questions.

The Dominion government will demand indemnity for the Meagher outrage, at Port Lambton.

The Chicago Limited Express train was wrecked by tramps near Fulton, N. Y., and three men killed.

Thursday, September 1.

The Welsh coal miners' strike is settled.

There were 264 deaths in Toronto during August.

It was 96 in the shade at Toronto on Wednesday.

The constable vote case will be argued on Sept. 7th.

The corner stone of Gladstone school was laid on Wednesday.

Manitoba's team made excellent scores at the D. R. A. matches.

The Khalifa has laid torpedoes in the Nile near Omdurman.

Inshore fisheries were under discussion at the Quebec conference.

Queen Wilhelmina, of Holland, attained her majority on Wednesday.

The advisory board have made some important changes in the regulations.

Major Walsh is in the city, and speaks enthusiastically of Yukon gold fields.

British Columbian sealers will urge an indemnity if pelagic sealing is abolished.

A battle is thought to be in progress between the Anglo-Egyptian army and Dervishes.

Several fast bicycle riders are in training at Exhibition park for the C. W. A. meet.

A bye-election for the commons was held in Queen's, P. E. I., yesterday. Returns not in.

A critical state of affairs is reported at Pana, Ill., the scene of the coal miners' strike.

Lt.-Col. Henry, one of the chief accusers of Captain Dreyfus, arrested for forgery, committed suicide.

A new fort is to be built at Halifax.

Supreme officers, K. O. P., are exonerated from charges of wrong-doing.

Wednesday, August 31.

The city schools will open to-morrow.

A serious rebellion has broken out in China.

Hon. Wm. Mulock has returned to Ottawa.

I. O. F. Supreme court elected officers at Toronto.

Five hundred farmers left Toronto for Winnipeg.

Manitoba college summer session closed on Tuesday.

Manitoba riflemen won prizes at the D. R. A. matches.

The lake steamer Superior was wrecked near Belle Isle.

The Toronto exhibition was opened by Sir Oliver Mowat.

Reports of starvation in the Stikine country are denied.

A new mail route from Canada to Avonmouth is proposed.

The expedition in search of Andree is returning unsuccessful.

City bicyclists are in active training for the Dominion meet.

A young Frenchman is walking from New York to Dawson on a wager.

Germany looks with favor on the Czar's peace proposal, but France rejects it.

Fifteen thousand dollars in bonds of Outremont, near Montreal, were stolen.

Leighton McCarthy was nominated as Independent candidate for North Simcoe.

The international cricket match at Philadelphia was won by the U. S. eleven.

The Elder-Dempster S. S. line offers to carry Canadian mails to Bristol, England, free.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

Residing In Three Countries.

Cases have been known of a man's house being in two parishes, and even in two counties, but a Belgian paper gives an instance of a miller whose premises are in Bavaria, Prussia, and Lorraine, though of course he claims to be a frontier inhabitant. He is the miller of Uhrigmuhle-loz-Bliesmengen, and the three territories on which he dwells touch each other, the line of demarcation being in the kitchen. The miller cannot really say that he is a Bavarian, a Prussian, or an inhabitant of Lorraine, for after investigation it has been discovered that he sleeps in Bavaria, lives in Prussia and works in Lorraine.—London Tit-Bits.

A DREADED DISEASE.

More People Are Tortured by the Pangs of Rheumatism Than Any Other Cause—There Is a Cure for It.

From the Advertiser, Hartland, N. B.

Mr. Richard Dixon, of Lower Brighton, is one of the most prosperous and best known farmers of Carleton county, N.B. In June, 1897, Mr. Dixon was seized with an attack of rheumatism, and for six weeks lay abed suffering all the tortures of this terrible disease. He grew so weak that he was unable to turn in bed, and his friends almost despaired of his recovery. At this stage one of his friends, who had been cured of the same disease by the use of Dr. William's Pink Pills, urged Mr. Dixon to give them a trial, which advice was followed. Almost from the day Mr. Dixon began the use of the pills an improvement was noted. Previously his appetite had almost completely failed and the first sign of returning health was a frequent feeling of hunger. Then the pains began to leave him, and his strength gradually returned and after using about a dozen boxes Mr. Dixon was as well as ever he had been. To a reporter of the Hartland Advertiser, Mr. Dixon said he had no doubt his present health was due entirely to the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and since his recovery he occasionally uses a box to ward off a possible recurrence of the trouble.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure by making new blood and invigorating the nerves, but you must get the genuine, always put up in boxes the wrapper around which bears the full trade mark name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." Do not be persuaded to take any of the numerous pink colored imitations which some unscrupulous dealers say are "just the same." In case of doubt send direct to Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and the pills will be mailed post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50.

ECHOES FROM EGYPT.

The present khedive of Egypt was under the control of British nurses and governesses until his tenth year.

What is known as the great pyramid was erected nearly 3,600 years B. C., and it is computed that fully 100,000 men were employed for 30 years on the work.

A large convict prison for offenders undergoing long terms of imprisonment and for "life" sentences is maintained at Tura, a settlement in the desert, within easy distance of the banks of the Nile.

To the Egyptians has been given the honor of inventing the lamp. At the present time the lamp commonly used in Egypt is a small glass vessel with a tube in the bottom in which is placed a wick of cotton twisted round a straw.

The sandal worn by the Egyptians is composed of a sole made by fastening together three thicknesses of leather. This is held to the foot by passing a band across the instep. The sandal is beautifully stitched with thread of different colors.

The Egyptians were great advertisers. Papyrus leaves over 3,000 years old have been found at Thebes, describing runaway slaves and offering a reward for their capture, and at Pompeii ancient advertisements have been deciphered on the walls.

Artificial scarecrows are of little if any value in Egypt. The owners of the corn fields near the Nile have to employ natives, who stand on raised platforms and throw stones to scare away the voracious birds, who would otherwise quickly devour the entire crop.

Next to the camel, the donkey is the most useful and hardworking animal in Egypt. He is in much request among tourists and may also be seen carrying a lordly pasha on his velvet saddle or creeping home at sunset so laden with clover that nothing is visible but his head and tail, with a full grown man and a child perched on the top of the load.

POPULAR HOME WORK.

Successful Only When Diamond Dyes Are Used.

In thousands of happy and thrifty homes in the Dominion and in the colony of Newfoundland the work of rug and mat making is becoming very popular. Homemade rugs and mats are more highly esteemed just now than imported goods. This is not surprising when we remember the fact that the home articles are the best wearing and prettiest.

The Diamond Dyes have given a great impetus to the work of making homemade rugs and mats. In former times the troublesome part of the work was the dyeing. With the old fashioned and poorly prepared dyes the dyeing operation was long and unsatisfactory. The introduction of the Diamond Dyes with their special colors for wool, and for cotton and mixed goods, has been a boon to womankind. Old and faded rags and yarns for mats and rugs can now be dyed any beautiful and brilliant shade with the Diamond Dyes—shades that are perfectly fast to sun and soap.

If you wish to be at all times successful in dying for rug and mat making, we here utter a warning note against the use of adulterated package and soap grease dyes that only produce muddy and streaky colors that cannot possibly stand an ordinary washing. Ask for the Diamond Dyes, use them as per directions, and your success is sure.

PERSONAL CHATS.

Colonel William J. Bryan carries a sword eight inches longer than the ordinary weapon.

John C. Shaffer of Evanston, Ills., has presented to the Northwestern university of that city a marble bust of the late Miss Frances E. Willard.

At 72 years of age J. H. Twirs of Independence, Kan., has had his left leg amputated by surgeons. Four years ago he lost his right one in the same way.

Mrs. Julia Clark of Dallas is a survivor of the days of 1849 in California. She was the only woman in the gold hunting party which left New Orleans in July of that year.

Sir Walter Grindlay Simpson, who died in Scotland a week or so ago, was Robert Louis Stevenson's companion on the famous "inland voyage," and was the "dear cigaret" on the dedication page.

The first work done by J. T. Hatfield, late professor of German at the Northwest university, after becoming a common seaman on the United States steamship Yale at $19 per month was scrubbing the decks.

The empress of Austria, at one time the most beautiful woman in Europe, is described now as pitifully thin and worn, prematurely aged and losing her interest in outdoor sports, of which she was once passionately fond.

Ex-Secretary Richard W. Thompson of Indiana is the one man in the United States who has seen all the presidents save Washington and known most of them personally. He was a member of congress as far back as Tyler's presidency.

While at Eaton Mr. Gladstone protested against the cruel practice of cutting off pigs' tails at Eaton fair, and, when satirized on the subject of his humanitarian views, offered to "write his reply in good round hand" on the faces of his opponents.

The presents given by the German emperor and empress to their two eldest sons on the occasion of their recent confirmation have reached the princes at Ploen. The crown prince is the recipient of a pony carriage, and to Prince Eitel Frederic has been given a rowing boat.

The notable fact in the case of the new American provincial of the Order of the Holy Cross, Rev. Dr. John A. Zahm, is that he is a "Darwinian." He avowed his belief in evolution years ago. The heresy hunters pricked up their ears, but Pope Leo made him a doctor of divinity.

Ammon Fowler of Brooklyn, after visiting the ancient mine in Mexico discovered by his son, which has been harder to locate than some of the submarine mines at Guantanamo, is convinced that it is the lost Toyopa and will claim the reward of $15,000 offered by the Mexican government.

M. Jules Lemaitre laments that he devoted 12 years to the study of Latin and Greek instead of English and German. M. Lemaitre when in this country a year ago was frequently informed that if he could deliver his lectures in English instead of French his box office profits would have been vastly increased, hence these tears.

TROTTER AND PACER.

The pacer Spalding, 2:17¼, is going without hopples this year.

The driving club of Freestone, Cal., holds its matinees over a fine strip of country road.

Arlington, who paced in 2:12¼ this year, is by Bostick's Almont, Jr., dam by Rattler Brooks.

A colt named Axnit, by Axtell, has shown a half at Terre Haute in 1:08¼ and a quarter in 0:33¾.

May Overton of Nashville is the exclusive owner of Bow Bells, 2:19¼, one of the most promising sires living.

At the races recently held at Belmont park, Philadelphia, nine pacers started in the 2:22 class, seven of them wearing hopples.

A green horse by Gold Leaf, dam by Lord Russell, has been given the name of the dead Pamlico, 2:10, and is showing considerable speed.

Tamerlane, 2:24¼, was recently shipped to Walter Winans, Brighton, England, and the pacing gelding is being driven to pole with Jack Bowers, 2:09½.

Little Abnet, 2:10¾, has won again in Europe. At Trieste, June 5, she won the international purse, beating Bravado, Miss Bowerman, Autrain and Eddie Hayes.

Miss Della Fox, 2:14¼, has not shown satisfactory speed this year and has been thrown out of training. She will be bred and probably will not appear again on the turf until after she has raised a foal.

NOVELTIES.

For holding great masses of nasturtiums or other flowers come broad, low bowls of large size in glass of slightly green tint.

Gold and a pale, soft tint of blue enamel represent a beautiful combination to be seen in bonbon and other small fancy spoons.

Some of the prettiest silver vases of the season are of tall, slender form and perfectly plain surface, the flaring upper edge of the vase being cut into an openwork design.

A belt that appeals to the patriotic consists of a number of shield shaped pieces of shaded silver linked together, on each of which is mounted a regulation gold army button.

Unique and exceedingly handsome is the latest lamp. This, including the shade, is entirely of cut glass, save the burner, which is silver plate. The standard is tall and somewhat pyramidal in shape, the bowl and globe both round and comparatively small.—Jewelers' Circular.

FOR THE AGED.

Paine's Celery Compound gives the Needed Stimulus to Good Digestion and assimilation, and keeps the blood pure.

Nature's medicine brings health and happiness to those in advanceo years.

King David, the sweet singer of Israel says: "The days of our years are three score years and ten; and if by reason of strength they be four score years, yet is their strength labor and sorrow."

The physical troubles and burdens of old people are many. Disordered nerves, constipation, flatulence; drowsiness, indigestion, palpitation and impoverished blood seem to make them grow weaker from day to day.

Paine's Celery Compound is a precious and invaluable medicine for old people. It is nature's true nerve, tissue and flesh builder; it keeps the blood pure and fresh from day to day, regulates the organs of digestion, and keeps the appetite natural and healthy. No other medicine in the world so quickly recruits the strength and waning energies of men and women advanced in years. Paine's Celery Compound has added many long years to the lives of old people in the past, and today thousands sing the praises of the wonderful medicine, because it has bestowed peace and comfort and kept them free from the infirmities of old age.

STAGE GLINTS.

Ernst Kraus was the principal tenor at the late Cologne festival.

Anna Miller, the manager of the Chicago Symphony orchestra, is in London.

Melba has been in Paris for three weeks and is due in London within the next few days.

Helen Bertram, the prima donna with the Bostonians next season, has returned from Europe.

Boston has a rumor that George W. Chadwick will be the next conductor of the Handel and Haydn society.

Puccini's next opera, at which he is now working, has Marie Antoinette's life for a plot and is to be in five acts.

Max Bruch's latest secular oratorio, "Gustavus Adolphus," has been performed at Barmen under the direction of the composer.

A new name in America is that of the soprano Bellincioni, who has lately made a great success in Massenet's opera, "Sapho," in Florence.

Sembrich has on account of her success in Vienna been secured for the court opera season there next year for several "guest" appearances.

The orchestra at the Cologne festival consisted of 150. There were 99 string instruments, and it had a peculiar balance with 10 oboes, 8 bassoons and 8 trumpets.

Perosi has written an oratorio, "The Resurrection of Lazarus." The score has five solo parts—Mary, Martha, Jesus, the historian and a servant. It is soon to be produced in Venice.

He Couldn't In New York.

Hewitt—What makes you think so much of Boston? Were you born there?

Jewett—No, but I've won a good deal of money betting on its baseball club.—New York World.

WEAK, NERVOUS WOMEN

Suffering from palpitation of the heart, dizzy or faint spells, watery blood, etc., can be readily cured.

A Manitoba Lady Tells About Her Case.

There is no need whatever for so many women to be the subject of faint spells, heart and nerve weakness, anaemia, or any of those health destroying ailments peculiar to her sex. Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills regulate the heart beat and make it strong and full, tone the nerves, enrich the blood, and relieve the pain and weakness from which so many women suffer.

Mrs. Alexander Setter, of Pigeon Bluff, Man., writes an account of her case as follows: "I have great pleasure in giving my experience of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. For about ten years I was troubled with throbbing and fluttering of the heart. I tried five doctors and several remedies but none of them did me much good. Lately I heard of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and bought two boxes. Before I started using them I could not do my house work and gave myself up to die, as I thought I would never be cured. Now I feel really splendid since taking the pills, do my work, enjoy my meals and feel as if there was something in life worth living for."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, sold by all druggists at 50c. a box or 3 boxes for $1.25. T. Milburn & Co., Toronto, Ont.

Laxa-Liver Pills cure Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation and Dyspepsia. Every Pill Perfect. Price 25c.

Travellers

Should always carry with them a bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry.

The change of food and water to which those who travel are subject, often produces an attack of Diarrhœa, which is as unpleasant and discomforting as it may be dangerous. A bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in your grip is a guarantee of safety. On the first indication of Cramps, Colic, Diarrhœa or Dysentery; a few doses will promptly check further advance of these diseases.

It is an old, reliable remedy, with over forty years' of cures to its credit, whose merit is recognized everywhere and one that the doctors recommend in preference to all others.

Sold by medicine dealers everywhere at 35c. a bottle. Always insist on the genuine, as many of the imitations are highly dangerous.

HORSES AND DRIVERS.

Doug Thomas has eight colts in his stable, all by Baron Wilkes.

Dr. Carver, by Atlantic King, has worked a mile this year in 2:12.

Red Star, 2:12¼, is reported to be showing quarters in 32 seconds; halves in 1:05¼.

There is in training at Chester, N. Y., a full sister to Page, 2:07¾, which is said to be quite fast.

Great things are expected this year of the California trotter Toggles, 2:12½. It is said he can beat 2:10 easily.

The old pacing stallion Sporter, owned by Alonzo Staples, Frederickton, Md., was recently shot on account of old age.

A green mare named Maud Emperor, sired by Emperor Wilkes, is reported to have paced a mile in 2:15¾ and another mile in 2:16 at Lexington, Ky.

Democracy, the gray Pennsylvania pacer, lowered his record at Bethlehem from 2:15¼ to 2:11¼, and it is considered certain that he will enter the 2:10 list.

Paula, dam of Grattan Boy, 2:15¾, was recently bred to Grattan, but within a few days showed unmistakable signs that she would soon produce a foal by Allerton, to whom she was bred last year.

It is said that Fanny Alden, 2:16, and Hail Cloud, 2:07¾, went a quarter recently in 30 seconds.—Turf, Field and Farm.

An Exception.

"This war," said the theatrical man, "has knocked the interest from everything."

"I don't find it the case," said the pawnbroker.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

His Greatest Sacrifice.

"Do you really think you love my daughter as a husband should?"

"Love her? Why, I would give up my bicycle for her."

(No cards.)—New York Herald.

A Mistaken Shakespeare.

"What's in a name?" I always sneered
Till father donned his specs
And settled fifty urgent bills
By signing fifty checks.
—New York Truth.

A Gentle Hint.

"You are my sun," he breathed passionately.

"Have you noticed that lately the sun has a ring?" she inquired, with a delicate blush.—Town Topics.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

W. N. U. 183

Sun Insurance office.
Eastern Assurance Co.
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London and Lancashire Life Ins. Co.
British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co.
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W. R. ALLAN,
General Agent,
Winnipeg.

Does it Pay to Get an

ALEXANDRA CREAM SEPARATOR?

With an Alexandra Cream Separator 10 cows will make 12 lbs more butter in a week than with any system of "setting" milk, as hundreds of our customers can and will testify. Twelve lbs butter per week at 15 cents (average price) for 42 weeks is $75.60—the price of a separator suitable for 12 or 14 cows. Hence in one year the separator will SAVE its cost, and you have a machine good for ten years with ordinary care. In addition to this you save labor, make a quality of butter that will command a higher price, and have skimmed milk with the natural heat in it to feed calves. "There is money in calves."

For herds over 20 buy "The Melotte," the best disc machine made, cleanest skimmer and easiest to turn of all large capacity Cream Separators. For particulars apply to

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232, 234 King St., Winnipeg.
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MONSOON
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BABY'S OWN SOAP

I Must have the genuine, The imitations look very nice, but they hurt my delicate SKIN.
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Not a mere extract or essence. It strengthens both body and brain.

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Use Richards' Pure

IT'S THE BEST.

Be sure you get RICHARDS'. Sold by all grocers, or write D. Richards, Woodstock, Ontario, giving your full address, and I will return you FREE an Illustrated Book.

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First British Fire Insurance Office Established in Canada, A. D., 1804.

Thr above company is desirous of opening agencies in all towns throughout Manitoba and the Northwest Territories where they are not at present represented, and will be pleased to receive applications for same.

PATERSON & SON,
Chief Agents for the Dominion of Canada,
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"Blue Ribbon" Tea Baking Powder Coffee and Spices

You will find these goods reliable

E. B. Eddy Co. Ltd.

ANTISEPTIC SPRUCE ... FIBREWARE

The perishable made imperishable.

The expense of packing transformed from an obstacle to a trifle.

These small pails of from 3 to 12 lbs. capacity, keep Butter, Lard, Mince Meat, etc., sweet and pure an indefinite length of time.

They resist corrosion and decay, and guard their contents from all contamination.

No danger of evil effects attending tinned goods.

Get samples and prices.

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TEES & PERSSE, Agents,
WINNIPEG, MAN.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR

BOECKH'S

BRUSHES and BROOMS.

For Sale by all Leading Houses.
CHAS. BOECKH & SONS, Manufacturers.
TORONTO, ONT.

SHALL IT BE

WAR OR PEACE?

MAKE for Peace
(in the household)
BY USING

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER

The Dyson Gibson Co.

Try our HEALTH COFFEE.

A FEW THINGS

that should be found in every well regulated household

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Choice Stock Ale — Extra Porter
Canadian Pilsner Lager
(A Fine Light Beer)
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Imperial Table Sauce, India Chutney } Choice Table Relishes

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WINNIPEG

CARDSTON RECORD.

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the Interests of Cardston and Canada.

Published Every Saturday at Cardston.

C. EDGAR SNOW, EDITOR.

Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

THE EDITOR does not assume responsibility for the views or statements expressed by any of THE RECORD'S contributors.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance.

Cardston, September 10, 1898.

PRESIDENT WILFORD WOODRUFF

President WILFORD WOODRUFF, the Prophet, Seer, and Revelator, of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints, departed this life on Friday, Sept. 2, in San Francisco at the home of Colonel Trumbo.

Just 21 years ago, on the 2st of Sept. 1877, PRESIDENT WOODRUFF preached a sermon at the the funeral services of Brigham Young. Strange that he should pass away on the burial day of Brigham Young.

In his remarks at the funeral services of Brigham Young, PRESIDENT WOODRUFF said:

"It will be but a few days until a great many of us who are in this assembly will follow him. * * * About all I wish to do in my remarks is to exhort this great body of people who hold the holy priesthood that the few remaining days of our earthly life we continue, faithfully, the work that is now left to us to do. * * * Let us keep the commandments, striving in all earnestness to be true and faithful to the end of our work, so that we may share the joys of those men whose names brighten the pages of our history."

PRESIDENT WILFORD WOODRUFF has surely lived up to those remarks. He has been so faithful, indeed, that he is sometimes referred to as "Wilford the Faithful."

The announcement of PRESIDENT WOODRUFF'S death coming so suddenly and unexpectedly as it did, has cast a shadow of grief over the hearts of tens of thousands of friends. It falls to the lot of few men to be so greatly and truly beloved as was WILFORD WOODRUFF.

"Thy work on earth was nobly done,
And peace smiles sweetly on thy brow,
The crown celestial thou hast won
In splendor wait to deck thy brow."

The Alberta Tribune, one of the best exchanges that reaches our table, has entered upon its fifteenth year. W. L. Bernard, Managing Editor, has at heart the interest of the people of Alberta.

Our little editorial in last Saturday's issue refering to those people who were so loud-mouthed in their vocal assistance(?) of this newspaper enterprise, has caused no little comment.

So far, all have indorsed it as "just the thing needed."

The Record.

$2.00

==Subscribe==

=.='=.= for =.='=.=

THE

Record.

He pulls with a long rope that waits for another's death.

LOCAL LINES.

What a delightful fall!

It will soon be Winter.

Nights are decidedly cool.

We are pleased to see Robt. Ibey around again.

Levi Harker was in town this week from his sheep ranch.

Canadian postage on first class matter is too high.

We want a correspondent at Aetna and one at Leavitt.

George Layne looked over our place one day this week.

The recent storms have interfered with the harvesting of crops.

Get out on a horse and enjoy the invigorating fall air.

Fyfe, Thomas and Edwards, of the N. W. M. P., were in town, Tuesday.

Gus Austin was down from Talbot's Lumber Mill the fore-part of the week.

Mrs. Mattie McArther's child died Saturday and was buried Sunday evening.

We hear lots of complimentary remarks on the kind of a paper we are publishing.

The threshing machine will soon put in its best "shakes."

R. W. Reeder came in last week from the Crow's Nest Pass country.

We hear that Mr. Bright is in France; Mr. Donovan in England and Mr. Barker in Italy.

H. C. Colles, of Colles, was here a day or two ago, of course. Mr Colles subscribed for THE RECORD.

Monday, Orson Daines and Ed Duce went down to Lethbridge, to meet their folks from Utah.

Dr. H. W. Brant will go to Regina in a few days to have the examination prescribed by the N. W. T. laws. Success.

WANTED. A young man or women to solicit subscribers for THE RECORD in Mountain View, Aetna and Leavitt.*

Last Monday being Labor Day, the Bank was closed. Why dont the other business houses observe these legal holidays?

F. L. Bonnell was in town visiting his family this week. Mr. Bonnell will probably return to Cardston in a month or two and spend the Winter here.

Inspector Davidson, it is reported, will soon be transfered to another district. The many friends of the Inspector will be sorry to hear this.

A man who is so—what shall we say?—stupid? Yes, so stupid as to not subscribe for or read the home paper, shoul not hold public office of any kind or in any capacity.

During the recent storms the towering peaks of the distant Rockys were covered with a new mantle of snow. Soon the "beautiful" will envelop the rolling prairies and Winter with its cheerless accompaniments will beathand once again.

Mercer & McCarty are having a station built at Dry Coulee and another at Spring Coulee. At the former, dinner can be procured during the Winter, which will be an excellent arrangement for the convenience and comfort of travelers.

Mr. and Mrs. Adam Hendry's little baby died, Saturday. Death was caused by measles. Funeral services were held in the meeting house Monday at 10 o'clock a. m. The many friends of the bereaved family sympathize with them in their affliction.

Those winds that come down from the North are "hummers" and no mistake. Sunday afternoon at three o'clock one of them struck Cardston, and the way papers, leaves and everything of a light nature started off for the International line, was a caution.

When you have a notice you desire to place before the public, dont take it to the Bishop and ask him to read it in the meeting house; but bring it to THE RECORD and have it placed in the columns of this paper. Of course it will cost you a few cents, but it is the only proper way to do the thing.

That was a very bad accident which occured between Cardston and Lethbridge on the stage line one day last week. H. W. Taylor's post office, which consists of a length of stove pipe tied to a telephone pole, was blown down and considerably damaged. A rock placed upon it by the stage driver now prevents the wind from removing the whole concern into the Province of Manitoba.

And still it rains.

THE RECORD is $2.00 a year.

Ted Kearnsy was here, Wednesday.

We get new subscribers every day.

Mr. Lundburg will return to Utah.

Wm Aldridge is in from his ranch.

We are glad to see "Uncle" Tom. Duce back.

N. W. Wardle and family were in town, yesterday.

There are splendid crops of grain this season.

J. J. Head will leave for Salt Lake City next Tuesday.

Albert Hurd was transacting business in Cardston, yesterday.

Several familes left here for the States, yesterday.

John Furman was seen on our streets one day this week.

J. J. Head has sold his ranch to Beatmen Bros.

Mrs C. O. Card will leave for the States next week.

Kearl & Sharp had a new sign placed on the front of their livery stable, yesterday.

The Walcott Pain Paint Co. will give an open-air concert next Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Sarah Daines, accompanied by her aged mother, returned from Hyde Park, Utah Tuesday.

Thomas Duce and family, formely of Hyde Park, Utah, arrived in Cardston this week. They will reside here.

FOUND: A black parasol. Owner can have same by calling at The Record office and paying for his notice.*

Last week, one of our compositors omited a notice we wrote of Mrs. H. S. Allen having presented her husband with a fine boy.

Dr. R. C. McClure, Dentist, of Lethbridge, arrived in Cardston, Wednesday. Dr. McClure is constantly busy at his office in the Hotel deWoolf.

The ad in last week's RECORD asking for a few acres of land on Lee's Creek, has been answered by some parties owning land within three miles of Cardston. Don't it pay to advertise?

Mrs. R. Pilling of Aetna was quite ill last week; but, we are pleased to say, is now reported much improved.

Alex. Campbell has bought the barber shop and will run the business in a business-like way. See his announcement in to-day's RECORD.

Mrs. Ann Leavitt is having her house painted and otherwise improved.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Wight's little baby is very sick.

Wednesday morning, Mortimer Snow, who has been playing leading parts in the largest theatre in San Francisco for several years passed through Ogden on his way to St. Louis, where he has engagements to play until next May. On the eve of his departure from San Francisco, the Chronicle published a large cut and writeup of this talented young Utahn. Mrs. Mary E. Snow, his mother, and other members of the family were in Ogden to see him.—Brigham (Utah) Bugler.

MOUNTAIN VIEW.

EDITOR RECORD: We had a visit from Apostle Woodruff and wife and Mrs. McCune, of Salt Lake City, on the 27th Aug. They stayed until after Sunday services on the 28th.

At the divine services, Apostle Woodruff was the first speaker, being followed by Mrs. Woodruff, Mrs. McCune and Pres. C. O Card. There were a few Cardston people present.

On the 29th, a surprise party was gotten up by some of the good ladies, and a few of the oldest settlers met at the store and marched to the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Jinkins on Belly River, where they enjoyed a pleasant time until 6 o.clock p.m.

We notice that the grain is all ready for the binder and considerable of it already harvested, the rainy weather, however having delayed the harvesting considerably.

A Subscriber.

AT THE HOTEL.

Alex. Colhoun, Joseph Allen and Wm. Grow, Mountain View; Walter Brown, Spring Coulee; Frd. Kesler, and Bert Cask, Cardston; H. W. Taylor, Sheep Ranch; Mrs. Kenney, McIntyre Ranch; Dr. R. C. McClure, Lethbridge.

Barber Shop.

Alex. Campbell wishes to announce that he has purchased the BARBER SHOP, and will be prepared to serve the public Monday next Sept. 12.

I will purchase Steers @ $40.00 and good Calves @ $12.00.
Cash on Delivery.
Buying for Mounsell Bros.
A. Gregson,
CARDSTON. - - - ALTA.

Clarke Mine,
Belly River, . . . Alta.
Coal, $2.00 per ton. Plenty on hand.

BERT TALBOT.
Lumber, Shingle and Planing Mills.
Mill on Belly River.
Cardston, - - - Alberta.

ADVERTISE. HERE.

Livery & Feed Stables
Kearl & Sharp, Props.
Good outfits furnished at all hours.
Rates Reasonable.

Restaurant
North of Stable.
MEALS ON SHORT ORDERS.
Kearl & Sharp.

Deseret News and The Record one year for $3.50
Subscribe Now!

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends. 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

Are you interested in this country? Are you interested in Cardston? Do you care anything for Canada? If you do, you will subscribe for your home paper—THE RECORD.*

THE RECORD is for sale at G. W Robinson & Co.'s at Lethbridge.

The Bank opens at ten o'clock a. m. and closes at three o'clock p. m.*

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50 *

Fresh candies, nuts, biscuits, etc., just in at the Book Store, next to Bank.†

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

FOR SALE: Four room house Good well water. Nice location. Enquire at RECORD office, next to Bank. ‡

Insure your home. C. E. Snow has the agency for several fire insurance companies. †

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

G. Hamilton, Pastor.

Divine service at Cardston every Sabbath a p. m.

At Mountain View and St. Marys every two weeks.

Subjects announced in advance every week.

All are welcome. G. Hamilton.

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

WANTED. A few acres of good land on Lee's Creek. Spot cash will be paid for the right piece within two miles of Cardston. Call at RECORD office between 10 am and 3 pm.

There will be a party at the Kearl & Sharp Hall next Friday evening

Meat Market.

The undersigned wishes to inform the inhabitants of Cardston and surrouding settlements that his meat market is in full blast and meat is kept on hand constantly. I pay spot cash for beef.

Wm. Wood.

HOTEL DE WOOLF.
Rates, $1.50 per Day.
Livery & Feed Stable.
CARDSTON, ALTA.

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.
All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.
Cardston. . . . . Alberta.

Samuel Cox,
Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting, & Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
CARDSTON. . . ALBERTA.

C. O. CARD,
SUB AGENT
for
DOMINION LANDS,
ALSO AGENT FOR
RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY
. . . AND . . .
PRIVATE LANDS.
Office Hours: 9 to 4.

Lundberg & Neilson,
General Blacksmiths.
Horse Shoeing a Specialty.
Cardston, ... Alta.

Gay & Wight,
Contractors & Builders.
Estimates given on all kinds of work free. We have expert workmen that we send out in the country to do work at short notice.
Don't forget our black smith and wagon shop. We have the best material money can buy, and we guarantee our workmanship. Only shop in town where you can get A 1 Steel Buggie tires.
Machinery Repaired and Refitted.
Thanking the public for their past patronage and asking the continuation of the same.
Yours respectfully,
Gay & Wight.

LETHBRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.
Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7:30 o'clock, a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p.m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $3.00; Round trip, $5.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.
MERCER & McCARTY PROPS.

R. C. BECK.
Contractor & Builder.
All work neatly executed, and Satisfaction Guaranteed.
CABINET WORK A SPECIALTY.
R. C. Beck.

J. W. WOOLF.
I pay cash for BEEF CATTLE. See me before completing a sale.
J. W. Woolf.

BOOK STORE
C. E. Snow, next to Bank.
Stationery, Confectionery, Tobaccos, etc., etc.
Latest Magazines and Periodicals.
Canadain Headquarters for Mormon Publications.
Agency for every Magazine and Newspaper Published in the World.

The RECORD & Montreal Family Herald & Weekly Star, one year for $2.75.
Subscribe now.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1898. NO. 7.

MR. COCHRANE INTERVIEWED.

L. B. Cochrane, Dominion Land and Immigration Agent, was in Cardston several days this week. Mr. Cochrane's visit was made chiefly in the interest of immigration, while he also came to have a look at this section of the country of which he is an official.

While here he visited Mountain View and Etna, and was driven around the country adjacent to Cardston by J. A. Woolf, at whose place the gentleman was a guest.

A RECORD representative interviewed Mr. Cochrane, and the following gives a brief synopsis of that interview:

Asked by the Reporter as to what he thought of Cardston and surrounding settlements, Mr. Cochrane, replied:

"The people are doing very well. Few places of Alberta can make a better showing in the way of rapid grotwh and in those things that go to prove that the settlers in this section of our country are making homes of permanence; that they are here to stay. The grain I have seen is excellent. I am taking samples away with me."

"Is the Gouvernment favorable to the class of immigration you see about here?"

"Yes decidedly. My Government is not only willing but anxious to aid in every way practicable the immigration of a sturdy, home seeking-class of people like those I have seen in this section."

"Don't you think Mr. Cochrane, it would be an excellent idea for the Government to send a representative, accompanied by one of our people, to the States from which the great majority of Cardston settlers came, to induce immigration on a large scale?"

"In my opinion the idea is indeed a good one."

"The people throughout Utah, Idaho and other western states from which these settlers came, have a very limited knowledge as to the wonderful attractions and resources of Southern Alberta whicharelying dorment for want of proper development. Was the matter presented to them in an appropriate manner there is no doubt whatever as to the outcome. Thousands of families would gladly come here in order to vastly improve their condition and soon the tens of thousands of acres of rich land hereabouts would be turned into flourshing farms and ranches. By all means, if it be practicable, have the Government agent and collaborator proceed to the Western States during the Winter. By the way, Mr Cochrane, do you think there is a possibility of a township or two on the Elood Reserve being opened for settlement within a reasonable time?"

"Such a thing is possible, I may say, probable. I am in favor of opening two and a half townships immediately north of Cardston for ssttlement. But on this subject I do not care to say more at present."

(As a note, it may not be taking too much liberty to say, that Mr. Cochrane gave the RECORD'S representative certain information in regard to this matter that influences us in arriving at the conclusion that the opening of a portion of the Blood Reserve is not such a remote possibility as some people seem to think).

"What is your position on the prohibition plebiscite question?"

"I am strongly in favor of prohibition, first, last and always."

Mr. Cochrane was quite profuse in his praise of the treatment accorded him by the people of Cardton with whom he came in contact.

Mr. Cochrane, who is a most pleasant gentleman, gave our representative the foregoing vastly interesting interview most readily, and in the course of the conversation many matters of vital importance to this community were touched upon which, for obvious reasons, we refrain from mentioning at this time.

Mr. Cochrane left Cardston for Lethbridge Thursday morning.

The Record.

$ 2.00

The celebrated watchmaker Lobner, of Berlin, has perfected a mechanism capable of measuring and recording the thousandth part of a second.

MATRIMONIAL.

St, Augustin's church was crowded to the doors, in fact all were unable to get seats, on Wednesday evening last, 31st ult., the occasion being the marriage of Mr. Robert Fraser Reeve, manager of the Bank of Montreal, and Miss Eva Murcott, granddaughter of Mr. Frederic Champness, Esq., Collector of Customs, and daughter of Mrs. Neale. The church was most tastefully decorated with flowers, and the service was choral. The happy knot was tied by the Rev. .W Ridley Beale, B. A The bride looked charming in a gown of rich white corded silk trimmed with some rare old Honiton lace and chiffon; a veil of Brussels net was caught gracefully with a spray of myrtle, and she carried a shower bouquet of white roses, The bridesmaid, Miss Lily Deane, was attired in pink and white French organdie muslin trimmed with white lace, and white morie sash; picture hat of white chiffon and pink roses, and carried a shower bouquet of pink flowers. The little maid of honor, Audrey Lilian Neale, sister of the bride, was prettily dressed in white China silk, and carried a basket of beautiful flowers.

Mr. C. A. Magrath, M. L. A., supported the groom through the trying ordeal, while Messrs. Fisher and Claris, of the Bank of Montreal, acted as ushers. After the ceremony, the bridal party and guests drove to Prairie Lodge, the residence of Mr. Champness, where a reception was held, after which Mr. and Mrs. Reeve left for the east, the bride attired in a becoming gown of blue cloth. The presents were most costly and numerous.—News.

THE RECORD'S congratulations.

VOTE, ALL VOTE.

Every voter in this district should be at the poles Thursday, Sep. 29. If you are for prohibition vote; if you are not in favor of prohibtion come out and vote, anyway. Vote one way or the other, Don't forget the date, Thursday, Sept. 29.

THE SOIREE.

On Monday evening last there was a grand soiree given in the Cardston Assembly Rooms, by the Y. M. & Y. L. M. I. A. in honor of the anniversary of the birthday of Elmina S. Taylor, President of the executive board of the Y. L. M. I. A.

It was also deemed opportune by the committe in charge, to make the occasion one of extending farewells to the young men who were called to labor in the missionary field, and to other friends who were about to leave for a time. The time was one of rejoicing and will no doubt be long remembered by all who were present.

At 8. p. m. the guests began to arrrve and by 8,30 there were about two hundred present.

Prayer was offered by J. A. Woolf, and the fore part of the evening was devoted to the rendition of a delightfull program consisting of songs, recitations, speeches, and instrumental music. Bro's. Jasper Head and Alex. Leishman, who were about to depart for Manitoba, delivered their farewell addresses and we feel safe in saying that the heartfelt sympathy of all present went out to those brave young men who expressed themselves as willing to sacrifice all earthly possessions to fulfill the mission honorably, to which they were called.

Mr. J. A. Woolf arose and introduced Mr. L. B. Cochrane, the Dominion immigration agent, who addressed a few complimentary remarks to the audience; more especially to the young ladies, saying that it had never before been his good fortune to meet so many pretty girls in one community as he beheld in Cardston.

After the program came the most important feature of the entertainment; the supper provided by the young ladies; and we can say (all honor to Mr. Cochrane) that their good looks are surpassed only by their excellent cookery.

The remainder of the evening was spent in talking, laughing hand shaking and delightfull little tete-a-tetes in secluded corners; untill all grew tired and went strolling home in the morning.

Odin.

A handful of good life is better than a bushel of learning.

Latter Day Saints' Services.

Bishop J. A. Hammer presided. Singing. Prayer by Jas. Quinton.

Certificate of Elder Nathan Tanner and wife, Elder Thos. Duce and family and Mary Ann Atkins were read and all were accepted as members of the Cardston ward.

Pres. C. O. Card spoke upon the keeping of the Sabbath day and necessity of observing the laws of God and of man. Spoke of the death of our beloved President Wilford Woodruff, and gave a short sketch of his life and labors.

Elders May & Cox administered the sacrament.

Certificates of August Neilson and Matilda Neilson were read, and they were accepted as members.

Elder Edward Leavitt said it seemed a strange thing to the people of the world that we should send missionaries to the Christian nations. The reason they are sent is that the nations do not practice all the ordinances. Faith is not enough to save man; works are also necessary. It is necessary to be baptised for the remittance of our sins and the form is immersion. The Holy Ghost is received by the laying on of hands, and the speaker cited references to substantiate this view.

Elder Ford, of Centerville, Utah, was introduced by Pres. C. O. Card.

Elder Ford said he did not come to speak to the people; but felt to answer to the call made upon him. Said we believe that we are followers of the Lowly Jesus. There should not be any deviations from the way the Gospel was taught. Changes had come to the mode of baptism. The speaker compared the Church of Christ to a ship that was wrecked during the dark ages and all were lost on board; none of the officers remaining. Invoked the blessings of the Lord upon the people. Singing. Benediction by Bishop J. A. Hammer.

A LETTER.

The following letter is published as an illustration of the importance of a newspaper to a community, and, incidently, to prove the value of THE RECORD as an advertising medium.

Lethbridge, Alta, Sept. 2nd 1898.

H. S. Allen, Esq.,
Cardston, Alta.

Dear Sir,

We observe in a recent issue of the Cardston RECORD that you are making extensive improvements in your Post Office. We have in our hands a number of lock boxes of the approved Government pattern, which were taken under a judgment and can be disposed of at a much lower figure than you could procure them elsewhere, and shall be pleased to receive an offer from you for the same.

Yours truely
Conybeare & Galliher.
Per. J. A. Duff.

FAREWELL PARTY.

A farewell party was given to Elder J. J. Head last Saturday evening at his home. A large crowd of relatives and friends were present to give the departing missionary a royal send-off, and show to him the deep regard they entertain for him.

Mr. Head left for Salt Lake City, Utah, Tuesday morning. After necessary preliminaries in that city, he will go direct to Brandon, Manitoba, in the neighborhood of which city he will labor as a Mormon missionary for two years.

At the farewell party which was given in his honor Saturday evening were many old friends and acquaintances, one and all of whom were sincere in wishing him God speed on his noble mission.

THE RECORD adds its well wishes for Mr. Head's undertaking and hopes to see him back hail anb hearty when his mission is honorably filled.

EMBLEMATIC.

An urchin with a puzzled look,
Unto his father said,
"Why is it, upon all the coins
They stamp a woman's head?"

The father thought a moment, then
He gave him this reply:
"My child they say that money talks
I think that must be why."

BRIEF RESUME
= of =
CANADIAN HISTORY
From 1497 to 1898.

Very Short and to the Point.

FAMILIARIZE YOURSELF WITH ALL THAT APPEARS IN THIS COLUMN EACH WEEK.

Having lived in this district more than three years, we are acquainted with the majority of inhabitants, and to a greater or less degree, have a knowledge respecting their uninformed condition as to the laws and history of Canada. We, therefore, purpose publishing, serially, in a portion of this column, each week, a Short History of Canada from 1497 to 1898, together with Statistical Items of general interest.

July 26. Final Capture of Louisbourg by the English under General Amherst.

1759. July 26. Capture of Fort Niagara by the English under General Prideaux, who was killed during the assault.

July 25. Commencement of the siege of Quebec.

September 12. Battle of the Plains of Abraham and defeat of the French by General Wolfe, who was killed on the field. Loss of the English, 700, and of the French, 1,500.

September 13. Death of General Montcalm, commander of the French forces.

September 18. Capitulation of Quebec to General Townsend.

1760. April. Unsuccessful attack on Quebec by General de Levis. Capitulation of Montreal and completion of the conquest of Canada. Population of New France, 70,000.

1762. British population of Novia Scotia, 8,104. First English settlement in New Brunswick.

1763 February 10. Treaty of Paris signed, by which France ceded and guaranteed to His Britannic Majesty in full right, "Canada with all its dependencies."

Cape Breton annexed to Nova Scotia.

1764. June. 21. Issue of the Quebec Gazette. In this year Pontiac Chief of the Ottawas, organized a conspiracy for simultaneous rising among the Indian tribes and a general massacre of the British. The plan was successfully carried out in several places, and all the inhabitants put to death, but finally the Indians were forced to succumb.

1765. Sunbury Country set apart by the Executive Council of Nova Scotia first organized county in New Brunswick.

1768. General Carleton, afterwards Lord Dorchester, appointed Governor-General.

1769. St. John's Island (Prince Edward Island) made into a separate Province, with Walter Patterson for the first Governor. The first meeting of an elected House of Assembly took place in July, 1773.

1774. The "Quebec Act" passed. This act gave the French-Canadians the free exerise of the Roman Catholic religion, the enjoyment of their civil rights and the protection of their own civil laws and customs. It annexed large territories to the Province of Quebec, and provided for the appointment by the Crown of a Legislative Council, and for the administration of the criminal law as in use in England.

1775. Outbreak of the American Revolution and invasion of Canada by the Amercians; every place of importance rapidly fell into their hands, with the exception of Quebec, in an attack upon which General Montgomery was defeated and killed on 31st December.

1776. Reinfocements arrived from England, and the Amercians were finally driven out of Canada.

1777. Order of Jesuits abolished by Papal decree and consequent escheat of their estate in Canada to the Crown.

1778. June 3. First issue of The Montreal Gazette. This paper is still published. Captain Cook arrived in Nootka Sound and claimed the present Northwest coast (British Columbia) for the Crown of Great Britain.

(CONTINUED NEXT WEEK.)

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CANDIA PILLAGED

"DEATH TO THE ENGLISH," THE CRY OF THE MURDERERS.

Bashi Bazouks and Turkish Soldiers Massacre 800 Christians—British to Expel Turks From Crete.

London, Sept. 9.—The correspondent of the Times at Candia telegraphs yesterday, saying: It is intimated that no fewer than eight hundred Christians have been massacred and the town pillaged by Bashi Bazouks and Turkish soldiers. All reports agree as to the disgraceful behaviour of the Turkish troops, who were seen firing on Col. Reid. The mob ran through the streets, shouting, "Death to the English." Part of the town is still burning.

London, Sept. 9.—The correspondent of the Standard telegraphing Thursday from the British battleship Camperdown, off Candia, says: The refugees tell fearful stories of massacre. They report that no fewer than 700 Christians are missing. Several attempts were made last night to set on fire the office of the Eastern Telegraph company. It has been ascertained that all the houses overlooking the British camp were loopholed for rifle fire and barricaded. Every Christian survivor of the massacre swears that the butchery was mostly the work of the Turkish soldiers, who first robbed and then slew their victims. Edhem Pasha is the one who ought to be held primarily responsible.

Athens, Sept. 8.—The following dispatch, dated at eight o'clock this evening, has been received from Candia: The Bashi Bazouks are committing excesses and the Christians in the surrounding districts are arming to march to the assistance of the Candians. There are eight warships in the harbor and a fresh bombardment is expected. The British, German and Spanish consulates have been looted, and thus far three hundred natives, Christians, and sixty-seven British subjects have been killed.

Candia, Island of Crete, Sept. 8.—A detachment of international troops which just arrived here, has occupied the fortifications and restored order. It is now estimated that 200 persons were killed during the rioting. The Mussulmans troops protected Christians placed under their care, but did not attempt to prevent the pillage of Christian houses, which continued until the international troops arrived.

TURKS TO BE EXPELLED.

Athens, Sept. 8.—The Asty says it learns from an authentic source that as soon as the British troops arrive at Candia, from Malta, the Turkish garrison in Candia will be expelled, martial law proclaimed and the ringleaders put on trial.

According to a dispatch from Candia, sent late this evening, the admirals of the fleet have decided to compel the disarming of the Bashi Bazouks and the surrender of the instigators of the disorders.

STARVATION AFTER 1931

President of the British Association Says the Supply of Wheat Cannot Keep Up With the Demand.

London, Sept. 8.—Sir Wm. Crooks, president of the British association, delivered the inaugural address at the annual congress of that body at Bristol to-day. He reviewed the sources of the present and possible wheat supply, and argued that by the most favorable calculation the supply could not keep pace with the world's needs beyond the year 1931, but starvation might be averted through the laboratory of the problem of the fixation if the supply of nitrogen contained in the atmosphere was solved. He estimated that the fixed nitrogen of the value of 16,000,000 pounds was wasted annually by dumping the sewage of towns into the ocean, while the store in the atmosphere was unlimited.

The problem was how to utilize it. If these stores of fixed nitrogen were applied to the soil they would raise the average wheat crop per acre from 12.7 to 20 bushels, enabling the supply to meet the demand.

Sir William was of the opinion that the solution of the problem would be the burning of the nitrogen in the air by a powerful electric current. Such a current might be obtained by utilizing Niagara Falls and the fixed nitrogen thereby produced would cost £5 per ton.

General News.

Friday, Sept. 9.

The grain standards board has been made permanent.

Bashi Bazouks are raiding in the vicinity of Candia, Crete.

Sixty thousand people visited Toronto exhibition on Thursday.

Anarchists made an unsuccessful attempt on the life of the Czar.

Rev. Dr. Bryce reports increasing prosperity in Southern Manitoba.

Great Britain has secured a lease of Lorenzo Marques, Delagoa Bay.

Mr. Chamberlain admits that an Anglo-German treaty has been signed.

The Dominion is asked to release Northwest seed grain bondsmen.

City prohibitionists are actively prosecuting the plebiscite campaign.

Yellow fever has broken out among the immunes (?) Santiago de Cuba.

Eight hundred native Christians and sixty-seven British subjects were killed at Candia.

Sir William Crooks predicts that the world's wheat will not supply the demand after 1931.

Col. Hay, U. S. ambassador at London, was presented with an address by the Anglo-American League.

Snow fell along the C. P. R. between Rat Portage and Port Arthur.

Mrs. Gladstone is ill.

THE ENGLISH HARVEST.

It is Said to be Better Than in Many Years Past.

London, Sept. 6.

The harvest prospects in England this year are said to be better than for many years. The hay crop is described as the best on record, both as to quantity and quality, and farmers are preparing to increase their stocks of cattle. The wheat crop, although variable in some parts, promises well generally, and in some of the early districts cutting has already begun. The area under cultivation for the present year is estimated at 2,150,000 acres, as against 1,936,396 in 1897, and the average yield per acre is expected to be about the same, that is, 29 bushels. This, however, is a good way below that of 1896, which was 33.63 bushels per acre. The total yield for 1897 was a little over 56,250,000 bushels, while that for this year is calculated at about 62,350,000 bushels. The only anxiety is about the price. If that now ruling holds, the farmer will have better results than he has known since 1891; but the fear is that the increased acreage everywhere put under wheat in consequence of the high prices of last year may have a prejudicial effect on those for the present crop. The appearance of India again as a wheat exporter, it was feared, would injure the prospects of the English farmer, but it is now expected that the injury by heat and drought to Russian crops will more than counterbalance the Indian supply. There is also a hope that the conditions of trade between this country and England may continue such that the American farmers may be induced to hold their crops for good prices, and so maintain the market.

For the moment the English farmer is in good heart and is even indulging in anticipations that the agitation for the institution of national granaries may bring some advantage. Their establishment would act as a bounty on production, which would tend to increase the area under wheat and lead to greater intensity of cultivation and there would be a chance for the agricultural interest resuming its old place among British industries. The advocates of a great navy for the protection of England's food supply, however, look somewhat coldly on anything in the direction of increasing the self-sustaining capacity of the country, so that the English farmer cannot yet be sure that the present good times will be permanent. But he is content for the present to feel the ground under his feet again.

IN THE PROVINCES.

Winnipeg, Sept. 5.—The rates of telegraph to points in Manitoba on the Dauphin road, known as the Lake Manitoba railway, has been reduced from 50 cents to 25 cents for ten words, now that the C. P. R. has completed connection with the telegraph to this line.

Winnipeg, Sept. 6.—At the immigration headquarters the following returns for the month show the number of immigrants to be 1,459 for August. Of these 246 were English, 20 Irish, 50 Scotch, 72 German, 36 Scandinavians, 19 French and Belgians, 111 from United States, 670 Canadians, 166 Galicians, and 659 who do not come under any of these nationalities. Out of these 791 settled in Manitoba, 308 in the Territories, 350 in British Columbia, 10 in the United States.

Ottawa, Sept. 6.—Malcolm Macleod, Q.C., died yesterday at his residence on Victoria street. He was born on Oct. 22, 1821, at Green Lake, in what is known as Manitoba, his father, the late John Macleod, being a chief factor in the service of the Hudson's Bay company.

Toronto, Sept. 5.—The Presbyterian general assembly mission committee has been called to meet here on Sept. 21. Rev. Dr. Moore, of Ottawa, will preside. The estimate for the western section is $65,000; woman's foreign mission society $44,000. This is a call upon the Presbyterian membership of 32 cents each.

Toronto, Sept. 6.—The Chinamen here celebrated Labor Day, by a banquet, the feature of which was soup made from an ass's leg received from China.

Pembroke, Sept. 6.—Mgr. Lorraine, the newly appointed Bishop of the diocese of Pontiac, will be installed on Sept. 22. Archbishop Duhamel, of Ottawa, will preside and Mgr. O'Connor of Peterboro and Bishop Emard of Valleyfield will preach.

Montreal, Sept. 6.—Flags on the Allan line vessels were flying half mast yesterday on account of the death of Capt. A. C. Whyte, of the Turanian, and Ralph R. Hughes, of the Assyrian. Whyte died at Grosse Island quarantine yesterday. Hughes died on the way across.

Nicolet, Que., Sept. 6.—During the violent storm which passed over here this morning the iron superstructure put up to support the metallic roof of the new cathedral was torn down and destroyed. Loss $5,000.

Woodstock, Sept. 6.—R. L. Middleton, the alleged railway swindler and bigamist, was in police court today and was committed for trial on Sept. 20 on the charge of obtaining money by false pretences and of bigamy.

Peterboro, Sept. 6.—John Wylie, of Ashburnham, aged 67, was struck and instantly killed by the Grand Trunk express near Keen this afternoon. Wylie was walking on the the track.

Victoria, B.C., Sept. 6.—Labor Day was generally observed here as a holiday.

Toronto, Sept. 6.—At a meeting of the senate and board of Knox college yesterday J. E. MacFadden, B. D., was formally appointed to the chair of Old Testament literature and exegesis.

Increase in Fruit Rates.

Toronto, Sept. 5.—Fruit dealers all over the country, are much interested in the circular that has just been sent out by the G. T. R., announcing an increase in the fruit rates from all points in Canada to Winnipeg and other western points. This means that last year's rates will be restored, the rate for barrel apples per hundredweight under the new tariff being 72 cents. The C.P.R. rate for the same points is only 48 cents. The shippers in the vicinity of St. Catharines will feel the increase most keenly.

BRIDGE ACCIDENT

FOURTEEN KILLED AND MISSING AND SIXTEEN INJURED.

New St. Lawrence Bridge at Cornwall Collapses Carrying Down Sixty Workmen.

Hogansburg, N. Y., Sept. 6.—A most appalling disaster occurred near here to-day, and its results will probably make a death list of forty or fifty. The great railway bridge being erected across the St. Lawrence river by the New York and Ottawa railway, now under construction, gave way about noon, sending upwards of sixty workmen down with the debris into the mighty, rushing river sixty feet below. Thirty-three of the victims have been taken to the hospital at Cornwall, Ont., on the Canadian side. It is believed that over twenty yet remain in the river, and it is expected that the death roll will not be completed for many days.

The workmen were largely from the New York side of the river and it is almost impossible to obtain their names. A number of the victims were Indians from the famous St. Regis tribe, whose reservation is in the northwestern part of Franklin county. Many of those who escaped climbed up the iron work which still rested on the piers at either end.

Hogansburg, N. Y., Sept. 6. — The latest news makes it probable that the death list will reach fully 30 from today's terrible accident. As far as can be learned 87 were on the pay roll of whom 82 reported for work this morning. Of this long list only 38 have actually been accounted for. Allowing that some of those unaccounted for will turn up after the excitement, the probable list of dead and injured will in all likelihood reach over 25 and may reach 30. Among those thrown into the river was the foreman, Thomas F. Brady, whose home is in Pottsville, Pa., He has not been accounted for up to a late hour to-night and is supposed to be at the bottom of the river. All efforts to get a list of the names of the workmen and those of the missing have proved futile as yet. Everything was in a state of intense excitement all the afternoon, and the efforts of all were to care for the injured ones, and get them to Cornwall hospital as fast as possible.

Just before dark the dead body of an Indian laborer was picked up on the Cornwall side. There was only a slight bruise on his forehead. He probably was stunned by the fall and drowned before help came.

Cornwall, Sept. 6.—It is estimated that thirty men were killed by the fall of pier No. 2 of the South Channel bridge of the Ottawa and New York railway this afternoon. Twelve others were seriously injured.

Plattsburg, Sept. 6.—"Two" span of the new St. Lawrence river bridge at Hogansburg went down this evening. It is reported that thirty-five men were drowned.

DETAILS OF ACCIDENT.

Cornwall, Sept. 6.—Fourteen men were killed to-day and twenty badly injured by the fall of two spans of the new bridge of the New York and Ottawa railway. The river here is divided by Cornwall Island and the disaster occurred in the south channel. There are two stone piers in the centre of the stream supporting three spans of ironwork, each 370 feet long and 37 feet above the water. The accident centered around the pier near the south or the United States shore. Nobody knows how the accident occurred. The workmen suddenly felt the bridge give away and were instantly thrown into the water or caught in the wreck and crushed. The piers and masonry work here were built by Sooysmith and Co., of New York, and were practically completed. Some blame the accident on this company but another theory is that the water had undermined the pier. The men killed were horribly crushed and mutilated. All the rescued were brought to the Hotel Dieu here. Several men are missing, of those counted as dead and no doubt their bodies are at the bottom of the river. Most of the men were employees of the Phoenix Bridge Co. John Simons, head foreman, had just left the bridge when the accident occurred. The centre span did not swerve until it had sunk some distance when it toppled over. The span next the United States shore sank directly to the bottom just as it stood.

THE DEAD.

The following are dead and missing, fourteen in all:

W. J. Cubby, Paterson, N. J.
W. J. Jackson, Columbus, Ohio.
Louis Bairman, Johnstown, Pa.
R. L. Dysart, Tyrone, Pa.
J. D. Craig, 221 Franklin street, Detroit.
Pat Murphy, 139 Bathurst street, Toronto.
Tom. Birmingham, address unknown.
Dan Hughes, Cleveland, Ohio.
Frank Levigne, Ogdensburg.
W. Sherman, Cornwall.
W. Saunders, Baltimore.
John Clause, Caughnawaga.
P. Davis, Pittsburgh.
Cyril Campbell, Cornwall.

THE INJURED.

Following is a list of injured:

John Wilson, Malden, Mass., leg bruised.
Geo. Bloxon, Perkinsville, Vt., compound fracture of leg and badly bruised.
Bert. Mant, Deseronto, arm cut and bruised.
Peter Oke, Cornwall Island, chest and leg injured.
Louis White, Cornwall Island, spine injured, ankle fractured, and injured internally.
P. Day, Cornwall Island, scalp wound.
Michael Peeves, Cornwall Island, chest seriously injured.
Andrew Smith, Rochester, back seriously injured.
W. Thompson, Montreal, right leg broken and badly bruised.
John Fraser, Quebec, leg cut off.
John Berosi, Indian, Cornwall Island, internally injured.
P. Delabante, Elkhart, Wis., both legs cut, one hand broken.
D. Barton, Buffalo, legs crushed.
M. Burke, Johnsville, wrist dislocated.
Henry Leaf, Cornwall Island, both hands smashed.
P. White, Cornwall Island, leg injur-

AN APPEAL FOR JUSTICE.

Paris, Sept. 5.—Following is the text of Madame Dreyfus' demand to the minister of justice for a revision of her husband's trial: "I had the honor in the month of July to place before you a request, in which I asked you to exercise the right conferred upon you by law, and which is conferred on no one else, to transmit to the court of cassation for reconsideration the judgment rendered against my unfortunate husband in violation of the article of the military code. I have the honor now, Monsieur le Ministre, again to address you a second time, appealing to you because the law which governs such a revision does not permit me directly, and by my own agency, to invoke justice; you, and you alone have the right to effect a revision of a judgment bringing with it condemnation, on the ground of discovery of new facts, tending to establish the innocence of the condemned man, quite distinctly and without reference to or assistance from all the revelations of many months past, which have thrown so much light upon the judicial error of 1894, and which have caused such profound emotion and excitement throughout the country.

"It is not possible that you, above all others, should not be struck by the following facts: First, there is the examination of the bordereau, which was made at the trial of January, this year. The results of this examination were not communicated to my counsel, the council of war refusing them access to it. But I have certain information, that conclusions drawn from this examination were not the same as at the examination of 1894. There is also, following this exposure, the confession made by one of the principal accusers and witnesses against my husband at his trial, in which he admits that he forged a document; that the minister of war, in his speech to the chamber on July 7 last, declared to be proof positive of the guilt of my husband, though it was written long after his condemnation. This proof, therefore, crumbles to pieces and destroys the value of depositions which convinced the judges in 1894. Since this partisan witness of the culpability of my husband has been convicted of a charge of forgery, under circumstances of which you are fully aware. But, monsieur le ministre, as I have just told you, in case of a revision instituted by law for judicial errors, the right to demand such revision belongs neither to the innocent man who has been unjustly condemned, nor to his wife, nor to his children; this right belongs you alone. I now, therefore, monsieur le ministre, beseech you to use, without delay, the rights which are conferred upon you by law which are only conferred upon you both for the annullment and revision of the verdict, which is neither just nor legal."

"I beseech you hear the voice, now almost unanimous, of public opinion, and put an end to the sufferings of an innocent man, who has always been a loyal soldier and who has not ceased, even amid the tortures of an unmerited punishment, to declare his love for the Fatherland and faith in justice being finally done him.

"I beg you will receive, M. le Ministre, assurance of my most distinguished consideration.

(Signed) LUCIE ALFRED DREYFUS."

ZURLINDEN APPOINTED.

Paris, Sept. 5.—General Zurlinden, governor of Paris, has accepted the ministry of war in succession to M. Cavaignac, resigned. General Zurlinden was a member of the Ribot cabinet which went out of office October 28, 1895.

CASE UNDER CONSIDERATION.

When the cabinet met today the minister of justice, M. Ferdinand Sarrien, informed his colleagues of the receipt of Madame Dreyfus' request for a revision of the verdict against her husband. M. Sarrien promised to give the statement of the result of his examination into the matter at a meeting of the cabinet to be convened after a minister of war shall be appointed.

CANADIAN NOTES.

Toronto, Sept. 7.—The Erskine Presbyterian church has extended a call to Rev. W. J. Clark, of London.

Montreal, Sept. 7.—The Dominion government has declined the offer made by the Elder Dempster Steamship company to carry mail matter free from Montreal to Bristol.

Ottawa, Sept. 7.—The government have received a memorial from the National Temperance Federation of Great Britain asking that stringent measures be adopted to control the liquor traffic in Yukon and other western Canadian gold fields.

Hamilton, Sept. 7.—Representative bodies of nearly 200 Canadians attending the fifteenth annual conclave here of the Great Prior of Canada. They were welcomed by Mayor Colquhoun and the Sovereign Great Priory then proceeded with business.

Vancouver, Sept. 7.—The first of several steamers that will bring cargoes of sugar here for the British Columbia refinery has arrived in port. She is the Lombard, a vessel of 2,000 tons, owned by the Lombard Steamship Co. She had on board 2,900 tons of sugar, and came from Java direct.

Winnipeg, Sept. 8.—Enquiry at the three provincial railway offices on Wednesday elicited the information that the weather had been so wet during the past few days that no stacking or threshing of any account has yet been done. The grain is still in stook and the days have not been sufficiently warm to tempt farmers to stack.

Guelph, Sept. 6.—John Craig, M.P P. for East Wellington, who has been ill for some months and could not attend the late session of the legislature died tonight. The vacancy thus created will open the way for the re-entrance into the legislature of Hon. J. M. Gibson, who was defeated in Hamilton in the general elections. Mr. Craig was a Liberal and was returned by 157 majority.

Montreal, Sept. 4.—Canadian Pacific Railway company's traffic receipts for the week ending Aug. 31st, were $718,000, for the same week last year they were $684,000.

CANDIA SHELLED.

A BRITISH WARSHIP OPENS FIRE ON THE CRETAN CITY.

Turks Discontented With the Joint Rule of the Powers Threaten the Lives of Christians.

Candia Island of Crete, Sept. 6.—(8 p. m.)Candia is in a state of anarchy. A collision between the Mussulmans, who were demonstrating against European control, and the British authorities who have been installing Christians as revenue officials, culminated to-day in bloody fighting between the Mussulmans and the British troops. Riots took place in various parts of the city and many have been killed. When the outbreak was fierest, a warship stationed in the harbor began firing shells, with the result that a portion of the city is in flames. The greatest confusion and uproar prevails and it is feared the night will not pass without further pillage and destruction.

The trouble began with the attempt of British authorities to instal Christian officials. They had appointed a council of international control to administer the title revenues, and a detachment of soldiers was stationed outside the office as a precaution, for a crowd of unarmed Mussulmans who had been demonstrating against the Christians attempted to force an entrance into the office. The British soldiers fired and wounded several. The Mussulmans ran for their arms and returning attacked the soldiers. The Mussulmans spread rapidly through the Christian quarter shooting into windows and setting many houses and shops on fire. It is reported that the British Consul has been killed.

Canea, Island of Crete, Sept. 5. — Candia is being bombarded by British troops, who have been acting as police since the Greek war. They are fighting the Mussulmans. Riots are in progress and fires have broken out in various parts of the city. The Mussulmans started the disturbances. Crowds of them, supposedly unarmed, assembled in the principal square of the city to protest against the favoritism which they allege the powers are showing to the Christians. They threaten to burn the houses and destroy the property of the Christians, unless the state of affairs complained of is remedied. The Turkish governor offered to help the British.

London, Sept. 6.—There is no doubt that Candia is being bombarded by warships of the powers, which have been stationed in the waters of the Island of Crete since the powers took joint control of that island.

The advices from Canea were received this evening from a correspondent there, who also cabled that he feared for the safety of his colleague in Candia, as he was unable to communicate with him. The fact that no dispatches were received from Candia after the bombardment began, seems to indicate that the situation there is serious. It has been known here that the Mussulmans were discontented at the joint rule of the powers in Crete. This was largely due to the fact that they were confined in the towns, while the Christians were allowed the liberty of the island.

WELL DONE LANCERS!

The Magnificent Charge of the Twenty-First Excites Universal Admiration.

London, Sept. 6.—The lord mayor, in the name of the citizens of London, has congratulated Sir Herbert Kitchener upon his great victory over the Dervishes, and informed him that the freedom of the city awaits him upon his return here.

The papers here enlarge proudly on the charge of the Twenty-First Lancers, which they describe as a second Balaklava. Making all allowances it seems to have been a brilliant feat. It was the maiden engagement of the regiment, which was recently converted from hussars. They were ordered to prevent the broken enemy from returning to Omdurman, five miles distant. They charged to within thirty yards of the Dervishes, when suddenly they found themselves confronted by 2,000 hidden reserves. They did not hesitate, though they were exposed to a withering infantry fire, but began to hack their way through the enemy, who stood twenty deep. They struggled through, but every one who fell was instantly hewn to pieces by the fanatical Dervishes. The brunt of the fighting fell on No. 2 company. A corporal of this company who arrived on the far side of the enemy, drenched with blood, and reeling from weakness, was ordered to fall out. Waving his bent lance, he shouted, "Never," and called to his squadron: "Form up, number 2," After cutting lanes through the enemy the Lancers, bleeding and blown, reformed steadily. Col. Martin refused to allow them to charge again. He ordered them to dismount and to pour a carbine fire into the Dervishes. This fire drove the enemy back into the line of the Anglo-Egyptian fire. Another incident of the charge was the gallant attempt of Lieut. Montmorency, Captain Kenna and Corporal Swarbuck to recover the body of Lieut Grenfell. They kept the enemy off with their revolvers and placed the body on a horse, which, however, shied, rendering their attempt fruitless.

Dispatches from Berlin, Vienna, Paris and Rome say that the mayors of those cities join in an unwonted chorus of ungrudging praise of the British troops. Le Temps, of Paris, for instance, says that the British army has given proof of that valor, at once disciplined and impetuous, which is the grand military virtue of the race.

New York, Sept. 5.—Fire in the New York Celluloid Works and neighboring buildings at West Scott and Darcy streets, Newark, N. J., did fully $200,000 damage last night.

Destructive Storm.

Tonawanda, Pa., Sept. 7.—A storm of almost cyclonic proportions passed over this section of the state during the night, doing great damage. Three men are reported to have been killed.

A British West Indian congress assembled at Bridgetown, Barbadoes, to consider the sugar question.

ABDULLAH FLED.

THE KAHLIFKA OUTSTRIPS HIS ANGLO-EGYPTIAN PURSUERS.

A Demonstration at the Statue of Gen. Gordon in Trafalgar Square —Lancers' Brilliant Exploit.

Cairo, Sept. 5.—Advices from Omdurman say that the Anglo-Egyptian cavalry who went in pursuit of Khalifa Abdullah, after the fall of Omdurman, abandoned the pursuit about thirty miles beyond the city. The horses were completely exhausted, having been ridden forty-eight hours, during fifteen of which they had been engaged in fighting. The Khalifa has gone to Kordofan, to the southwest of Omdurman. General Kitchener has organized Arab camel squads to follow him.

Yesterday the British and Egyptian forces, with the Sirdar, participated in an imposing service in memory of General Gordon.

London, Sept. 5.—The news of General Kitchener's victory over the Dervishes at Omdurman was received with the greatest satisfaction here. Early this morning crowds gathered about the statue in Trafalgar Square of General Charles (Chinese) Gordon. Some one had placed on the pedestal a placard with the inscription "Avenged at last," and when the people saw it they burst into loud cheering. The police made no attempt to remove the placard and later in the day similar placards were placed on the pedestal, all of which were greeted with cheers. Throngs of hero worshippers gathered near the statue this evening and there was much enthusiasm displayed, which proves the deep hold General Gordon had on the hearts of the people.

OFFICIAL REPORT.

London, Sept. 5.—The war office received this evening the following dispatches dated at Omdurman yesterday from the Sirdar, General Sir Herbert Kitchener.

"This morning the British and Egyptian flags were hoisted with due ceremony upon the walls of the Sarai, the palace, in Khartoum. All the British wounded have left for Abadia in barges towed by steamers. I saw them before leaving. They were all doing well and comfortably. The cavalry sent in pursuit of the Khalifa were compelled to abandon the attempt owing to the exhaustion of the horses, but I have ordered camel squads to continue the pursuit."

CORRESPONDENT KILLED.

London, Sept. 5.—The war correspondent of the Daily Telegraph with the Anglo-Egyptian forces, says: "Khalifa Abdullah, with his harem, and Osman Digna, his principal general, managed to escape, but Abdullah's banner and thousands of prisoners are in our hands. It is estimated that 15,000 of the enemy were slain. Our total casualities were about 500.

"Besides Col. Rhodes, another correspondent was slightly wounded. Mr. Howard, of the New York Herald, correspondent, was slain by a shell in Omdurman."

THE DERVISH LOSS.

The war correspondent of the Daily News says: "Our victory was not easily or cheaply won. The Dervish loss was enormous. It is estimated that the killed of the enemy were no fewer than 8,000. Our whole force engaged in fighting from 6.30 a. m. until sundown. The Dervishes displayed marvellous bravery to the last. Instead of waiting for us in Omdurman, where they could have made a resistance that would have cost us thousands of lives, they advanced to meet us. The sight was extraordinary. Some 12,000 men, in four brigades, attempted to rush our zereba. With desperate gallantry they were repulsed, suffering huge loss. Our Maxim guns especially made terrible lanes in their ranks, and our artillery dealt havoc in the town, which was full of women. The Dervish army of 60,000 is utterly broken, but we are fully prepared to fight to-morrow if they wish it."

EMPEROR WILLIAM'S MESSAGE.

London, Sept. 5.—The Cairo correspondent of the Times says: "The first telegram of congratulation to arrive from Europe was from Emperor William of Germany, who said: "I am sincerely glad to be able to offer my congratulations on the splendid victory at Omdurman, which, at last, avenges poor Gordon's death."

THE LANCERS' BRAVE FIGHT.

London, Sept. 5.— Dispatches from Omdurman relate that the newspaper correspondent, Howard, who was afterwards killed, rode in the gallant charge of the 21st Lancers. These troops were scouting when they saw in the bush between 600 and 700 Dervishes. The Lancers charged the enemy and suddenly found themselves face to face with 2,000 swordsmen, one. The Dervishes were hidden from view in a hollow. The Lancers charged through them, reformed and charged back to recover their wounded, who were being savagely slaughtered.

THE BRITISH LOSS.

The official list gives the numbers of British officers killed in the capture of Omdurman as two, while thirteen were wounded. Of the men twenty-three were killed and ninety-nine wounded. The loss sustained by the natives was: Officers, one killed, eight wounded; men, twenty killed, twenty-two wounded. Col. Rhodes, brother of Cecil Rhodes, and correspondent of the London Times, was severely wounded, a bullet having struck him in the shoulder.

A French Compliment.

Paris, Sept. 4.—The Temps, eulogizing General Sir Herbert Kitchener, says: "A march so scientifically planned may be likened to the solution of a mathematical equation."

Ambushed and Shot.

Tacoma, Sept. 5.—The schooner J. M. Coleman, has arrived from St. Michaels and brings the news of two prospectors being ambushed, and shot while drifting down the Yukon. Indians fired upon the boat, killing one man and wounding the other. The wounded man escaped, reaching the N. W.M. Police camp. The police found the Indians enjoying the prospectors' supplies. They were brought to Dawson, where one made confession.

Mr. Frank, who came on the J. M. Coleman, says when he left Dawson there was a stampede to Dewey and Sampson creeks, from which fine reports came. Both are in American territory.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

WILL YOU WALK WITH ME THE DAY?

[A Derry duologue.]

"Will you walk with me the day, Rose O'Doherty,
To Trillig banks away, Roseen dhu?
To a ribbon you are ready
And the sun is shinin steady.
Will you walk with me the day, Rose aroo?"

"I'll no walk with you the day, Mr. Cassidy,
Not the long nor little way, Master John.
The sun is shinin steady
An for Trillig banks I'm ready,
Sence I'm walkin there the day with Cousin Con."

"What's your raison?" "Who was he that on a pleasure boat,
When he'd wired 'Domestic duty keeps me here,'
I caught out exchangin kisses
With some light young Miss or Mrs.
Through Con's telescope from off of Derry pier?"

" 'Twas myself between the puffing Juno's paddle boxes.
I confess it, claimin kisses with a will
From no foolish, forward stranger,
But safe out of stormy danger
From my sister off the liner at Moville.

"Will you walk with me the day, Rose O'Doherty?
There, jewel, 'tis too sore you're takin on."
"I could bear it—if you'd—blame me—
But with kindness—so to shame me!
Yes! I'll walk—I'll walk—forever—with you, John."
—Alfred Perceval Graves in Sketch.

CAUTIOUS UNCLE JERRY.

He Would Take No Chances Even For a Goodly Fortune.

A lawyer had come all the way from California to pay a $10,000 legacy over to Uncle Jerry Hopefield, who had lived all his life in a little town in Ohio, and after breakfast two or three of us were invited to go along and witness the transfer. When we reached the house, Uncle Jerry was tightening up the hoops on the rain barrel, while his wife had gone to see a sick neighbor. They had been fully identified the day before as the proper parties, and now the lawyer said:

"Well, Uncle Jerry, I want to hand you that money and get a receipt and be off this morning."

"I'm kinder busy just now," said the old man as he stopped hammering for a moment.

"Yes, but I have $10,000 here for you. I don't believe there's a man in the world who wouldn't stop work long enough to sign a receipt for such a fortune."

"Mebbe not, but it looks like rain, and I want to git this bar'l fixed right away. Can't you come over in about an hour?"

"Look here, man, but did you ever see $10,000 in all your life?" asked the lawyer as he opened the satchel and displayed a big package of new greenbacks.

"No, I never did," replied Uncle Jerry as he pounded away.

"Did you ever have $1,000 of your own?"

"Lands, no!"

"Never had a hundred all at once, did you?"

"Never. Durn that hoop, but it don't want to go on!"

"I must ask you to get this business over as soon as possible," continued the lawyer as the old man kept at his work.

"But it's going to rain."

"Yes, but here's your money."

"And I've got to get this bar'l fixed."

"It won't take over ten minutes to fix up our business. Run along and fetch your wife."

"See here," said Uncle Jerry as he laid down his hammer and wiped the back of his neck, "Mariar has gone over to Blodgett's to be gone an hour. Before she went she said I must tinker up this rain bar'l."

"But can't you stop your tinkering to handle $10,000 in cold cash?" exclaimed the lawyer in indignant tones.

"Yes, yes, I kin stop work, but what about Mariar?"

'Well, what about her?"

"Why, she'd come home expectin this bar'l to be all tinkered up, and if she found it wasn't them $10,000 wouldn't hold her no more n a tow string would hold a hoss. She'd jest shove me clean down among the cabbages and jump on the bar'l with both feet and squash it all to squash, and fur the next week I'd hev to walk around on tiptoe and eat my meals in the wood shed."—Washington Star.

The End Came Another Way.

A distinguished actor of the present day was one time engaged at one of our leading provincial theaters in a drama in which he attempts an escape from a convict prison, first by getting rid of his fetters by means of a file and lastly by getting over the prison wall. In the act of doing this he is shot at by a warder and killed.

One particular night the drama had run its usual course up to the point where the actor attempts the escape over the prison wall. The warder, as usual, presented his rifle, but instead of a loud report nothing but a faint clicking sound was heard. The rifle was lowered and after a brief delay again pointed, but with the same disappointing result.

The audience now began to hiss and jeer.

The disgusted actor then got off the prison wall, and, staggering toward the footlights, exclaimed: "It's all up! I've swallowed the file!" and fell prone on the stage amidst the laughter and applause of the audience.—Pearson's Weekly.

The Matinee.

It was a common thing for actors to accuse Mr. Boucicault of being the originator of the matinee in this country. That is not true. The matinee came from Boston, and it was only a few years ago that it was against the law in Massachusetts to give a theatrical performance on a Saturday night. The managers, to get their six performances a week, gave a matinee on Saturday, and it has not been such a great number of years since that law was repealed.—Owen Fawcett in Detroit Free Press.

NO PAIN. NO GRIPE.

Laxa Liver Pills a Perfect Cure for Constipation.

MESSRS. T. MILBURN & CO., Toronto, Ont.:

Gentlemen—I am pleased to testify to the great benefit I have received from the use of Laxa Liver Pills. I was very much constipated and felt great distress after eating.

Your Laxa Liver Pills regulated my stomach and restored my entire system to healthy action. The effect of these pills is most natural and effective, free from any griping or pain. They cause not the least inconvenience. My advice to all who may see this is to try them, for I know they are good.

(Signed) JOHN DOHERTY,
25 North Street,
St. John, N.B.

A SERIOUS CASE.

Too Difficult and Complicated for Ordinary Medical Aid.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND IS THE MIGHTY RESCUER.

Mr. Forsythe says: "I am pleased to recommend Paine's Celery Compound; I believe it is the best medicine in the world."

WELLS & RICHARDSON CO.

Gentlemen:—For two years I was in a low condition of health, suffering from nervousness, fainting spells, pain in the head, stomach troubles and loss of appetite. I was under the care of two doctors, but received no benefit from their treatment. I also used two bottles of a recommended patent medicine, but no good result came. I was then advised by a neighbor to use your wonderful medicine, Paine's Celery Compound. The use of this marvellous preparation soon produced the very best results. I am glad to report that my health is improved in every respect: I am stronger, sleep better, and my appetite is good and natural. I am pleased to recommend Paine's Celery Compound to all sick people, as I believe it is the best medicine in the world.

Yours truly,
A. FORSYTHE,
Manvers, Ont.

His Father's Fall.

They were talking about the military records of their families.

"One of my uncles," she said, "was severely wounded at the battle of Malvern Hill."

"Indeed," he replied. "My father fell at the first battle of Bull Run."

After she had cast a withering look at him she retorted:

"What do you mean? Your father is still alive!"

"I know he's alive. He fell because he didn't have time to see where he was going and [illegible] over a root. I know this is the fact because I've heard him tell it a hundred times."—Cleveland Leader.

Coincidences.

First Stranger (on railway train)—So you are selling Professor Blank's new book, are you? Strange coincidence. I am Professor Blank.

Second Stranger—That so? Then you wrote the very book I am agent for?

"Yes. The hardest work I ever did was writing that book."

"Well, well! That's another strange coincidence. The hardest work I ever did was trying to sell it."—New York Weekly.

COULD NOT DRESS ALONE.

A Nova Scotian Farmer Tells of His Intense Suffering From Rheumatism and How He Found Relief.

From the Bridgewater, N.S., Enterprise.

Such suffering as rheumatism causes the victim upon whom it fastens itself is almost unendurable. Only those who writhe under its pangs can imagine the joy of one who has been freed from its terrors. Mr. J. W. Folkenham, of New Elm, N.S., is one of those who have been released from pain, and who believes it his duty to let others know how a cure can be found. Mr. Folkenham is a farmer, and like all who follow this arduous but honorable calling, is subject to much exposure. It was this exposure that brought on his trouble and caused him so much suffering before he was rid of it. He says:—"In the spring of 1897 I contracted rheumatism. Throughout the whole summer I suffered from it, and about the first of October it became so bad that I could not get out of the house. The pains were located in my hip and back, and what I suffered can hardly be expressed. I became so helpless I could not dress myself without aid. Eventually the trouble spread to my hands and arms, and at times these would lose all feeling and become useless. In November I began using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and after taking four boxes began to improve. After using six boxes the pains and soreness had all gone and I was able to do a hard day's work. I intend using a few more boxes more as a precautionary measure, and I would earnestly advise those suffering from this painful trouble to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial and be made well.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure by going to the root of the disease. They renew and build up the blood, and strengthen the nerves, thus driving disease from the system. Avoid imitations by insisting that every box you purchase is enclosed in a wrapper bearing the full trade mark, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

A woman's look may affect a man more than her words.

Is the most reliable and effective remedy known for the relief and cure of DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, COLIC, CRAMPS, CHOLERA and SUMMER COMPLAINT. It settles the stomach, stimulates the heart, soothes and heals the irritated bowel.

NEVER FAILS.

"For several seasons we have relied on Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry for all summer complaints. A few doses always give relief and it never fails to cure. We think it a very valuable medicine—as precious as gold." MRS. F. C. WINGER, Pont Hill, Ont.

PRICE 35 CENTS.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES. THEY'RE DANGEROUS.

CHINESE CHARACTERISTICS.

Strange Ideas of Economy, Politeness, Generosity and Gratitude.

The spirit of economy in the Chinese race transcends all that can be imagined. The smallest particle of matter is utilized. The old cast off account book of the merchant is cut into pieces and oiled to serve instead of glass in windows or lanterns. A cooly who has a six hours' march with a heavy burden will return to his point of departure without having broken his fast in order to save the 2 cents his breakfast would have cost away from home. Nothing is more curious than to see them eat, although with their famous chopsticks they do not perform all the wonderful feats generally supposed. Everything is served them in bowls or saucers, and with the chopsticks they raise the pieces of meat or fish to the mouth with sufficient grace. Each one has a bowl of rice, which he holds near his lips, and with the aid of the chopsticks he pushes the contents into his mouth. It is curious to see them pick up with their chopsticks the grains of rice that fall on the ground. The children are taught this art from their earliest years. Nothing must be lost, not even the smallest grain. Here is an example of their politeness: A Chinese arrayed in his most beautiful costume who presented himself at a house disturbed a rat which was enjoying himself in a jar of oil. The rat in his flight overturned the jar upon the visitor, whose dress was ruined. While the unfortunate visitor was still pale with rage his host entered the apartment and after the usual salutation the visitor explained his misadventure: "As I entered your honorable apartment I had the misfortune to alarm your honorable rat, which in taking flight overturned your honorable jar of oil upon my miserable and insignificant clothing, which explains the contemptible condition in which you find me in your honorable presence."

To determine your conduct when a Chinese offers you a present is the most difficult thing in the world. Certain things are not offered to be accepted, and others may not be refused peremptorily. In a general manner nevertheless one may accept, understanding perfectly that the gift must be returned a hundredfold.—St. Louis Republic.

Wartime Philosophy.

Hit's mighty fine ter die at yo' pest, but ef yo' kin fin' a good post de safest thing ter do is git behin' it.

Dey ain't no Christianity in war, but dar's mo' prayin done when war gwine on dan in time er peace.

We all mighty anxious fer war ter start, but when war come we raise de preacher wages ter pray dat it'll end.

Ef war keep on, hit does look lak de privates'll almost outnumber de kunnels.—Atlanta Constitution.

SPANISH OMELET.

Spain has some reason to regret that she did not train gunners instead of matadores.—Washington Star.

Spain wants the status quo ante, but she will find herself compelled to ante up a good deal more than that before she gets through.—Pittsburg Times.

Spain at home is usually symbolized by a lion, meek and moth eaten. All the world knows now that a hyena is the only truthful symbol.—Philadelphia Press.

It is said that Spain once had a chance to sell the Philippines for $200,000,000. The fact that she once had a chance to get about the same price for Cuba indicates that Spain is addicted to the habit of letting goods spoil on her hands.—Cleveland Leader.

COLONEL SATAN.

Colonel Satan of Tennessee won't raise a thing among the Spaniards in Cuba when he gets there.—Pittsburg News.

When Colonel Frank Satan of Tennessee reaches Cuba, he will find there a condition exactly suited to be his residence.—St. Louis Republic.

Those Spaniards probably thought that Colonel Satan of Tennessee had arrived and opened business when the dynamite cruiser Vesuvius got to "tossing 'em over the plate."—Cleveland Leader.

When Colonel Frank Satan of Tennessee reaches Cuba, he should experience little difficulty in convincing the Spaniards that General Sherman's definition of war was accurate.—Chicago Times-Herald.

SIMPLE SALVE.

A strong solution of borax applied twice a day will cure ringworms.

The well beaten white of an egg, slightly sweetened and flavored with a few drops of vanilla, is good for children with irritable stomachs.

For a stiff neck and pains in the chest, warm some sweet oil and rub on thoroughly with the hands, then cover with sheet wadding, the shiny side out. Wear it until you feel comfortable.

A difficulty of administering medicine to small children is overcome by Professor Alsnel, who affirms that a mixture of equal parts of soap liniment and aloes will act as a cathartic when rubbed in small quantity upon the abdomen.

The woman who takes in all a man tells her often does it merely for the purpose of taking him in.

YOU NEED THE BEST.

The Diamond Dyes Color All Classes of Goods.

Diamond Dyes, as far as general usefulness is concerned, are far ahead of all the adulterated package and soap grease dyes now before the public. These crude package dyes and soap grease mixtures are very limited in their powers. 'Tis true, they give a semblance of color to thin and flimsy fabrics, but when tried on good dress materials and heavier goods such as flannels, worsteds, tweeds and cloths, they are simply worthless.

The Diamond Dyes, owing to their great powers of penetration, their perfect solidity and depth of shade, their purity and brilliancy, are adapted for all classes of goods from the thinnest gauze to the heaviest tweeds. This great range of work, possible only to the Diamond Dyes, is what has made them so popular all over the world.

If you would do your dyeing work in proper style, use the Diamond Dyes. Avoid all imitation package and soap preparations. The Diamond Dyes are first and best for home use.

52 BOILS

"Three years ago I was troubled with boils, and tried several remedies recommended by friends, but they were of no avail. I had *FIFTY-TWO BOILS* in all, and found nothing to give me relief until I tried Burdock Blood Bitters. The first bottle I took made a complete cure and proved so very satisfactory that I have recommended B.B.B. to many of my friends who have used it with good results." A. J. MUSTARD, Hyder, Man.

Any one troubled with Boils, Pimples, Rashes, Ulcers, Sores, or any Chronic or Malignant Skin Disease, who wants a perfect cure, should use only

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

Omdurman was captured by General Kitchener on Friday after three days' fighting. British loss about 200.

Placing His Sympathy.

"I see the Spaniards at Matanzas are compelled to eat their mules to keep from starving," remarked the short man as he laid aside the paper.

"Yes, I was just reading about it," said the man with the chin whiskers. "It is too bad. I actually feel sorry for 'em."

"Who—the Spaniards?"

"No, the mules."—Detroit Free Press.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

"Blue Ribbon" Tea
Baking Powder
Coffee
and Spices
You will find these goods reliable
E.B.E. Taylor

Sun Insurance office.
Eastern Assurance Co.
Quebec Fire Insurance Company.
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British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co.
Lloyd's Glass Insurance Company.

W. R. ALLAN,
General Agent,
Winnipeg.

Does it Pay to Get an

ALEXANDRA CREAM SEPARATOR?

With an Alexandra Cream Separator 10 cows will make 12 lbs more butter in a week than with any system of "setting" milk, as hundreds of our customers can and will testify. Twelve lbs butter per week at 15 cents (average price) for 42 weeks is $75.60—the price of a separator suitable for 12 or 14 cows. Hence in one year the separator will SAVE its cost, and you have a machine good for ten years with ordinary care. In addition to this you save labor, make a quality of butter that will command a higher price, and have skimmed milk with the natural heat in it to feed calves. "There is money in calves."

For herds over 20 buy "The Melotte," the best disc machine made, cleanest skimmer and easiest to turn of all large capacity Cream Separators. For particulars apply to

R. A. LISTER & CO., LTD.

232, 234 King St., Winnipeg.

Or local agents.

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WAR OR PEACE?

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(in the household)

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WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER

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A sample packet of Monsoon FREE can be had if you will send us your name and address on a postcard.

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USE ALBERT SOAP.

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MASTER MECHANIC'S EXTRAORDINARY.

Sold at all Drug Stores.

BOVRIL

Is a condensed food, capable of preserving physical strength

Through Any Physical Strain

And is equally valuable to those requiring to use

GREAT MENTAL STRAIN.

It has no equal for giving

Strength to the Invalid

And it will agree with the weakest stomachs. Get it from your druggist or grocer and test its value.

For the Ba[illegible] the Sick Room

[illegible]s No [illegible]3

Richards' Pure Soap

[illegible] BEST ...

Be sure [illegible] Woodstock, Ont. [illegible] all grocers, or write D. Richards, [illegible], and I will return you FREE an [illegible]ustrated

PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO'Y -OF- LONDON ENG.

First British Fire Insurance Office Established in Canada, A. D., 1804.

The above company is desirous of opening agencies in all towns throughout Manitoba and the Northwest Territories where they are not at present represented, and will be pleased to receive applications for same.

PATERSON & SON,
Chief Agents for the Dominion of Canada.
Montreal, Que.

—Don't raise a Dust.—
use the
Patent Oil Brush.
for
All Floors, Carpets and Rugs.
MYRON McBRIDE & CO.
AGENTS, WINNIPEG.
Sample 15c

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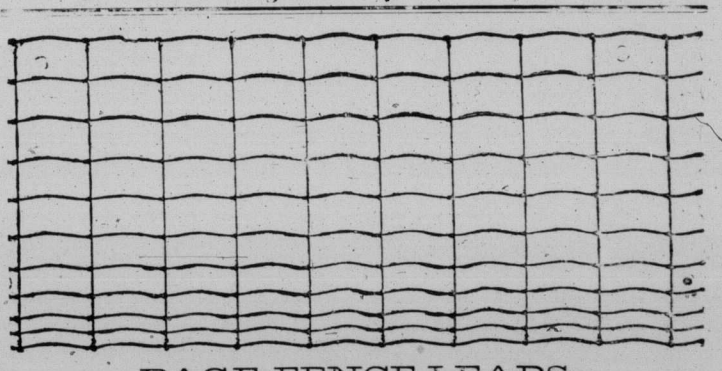

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Send for our new illustrated catalogue.

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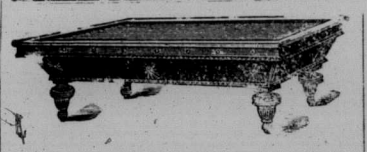

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Choice Stock Ale Extra Porter
Canadian Pilsner Lager
(A Fine Light Beer)
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India Chutney } Table Relishes

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WINNIPEG

CARDSTON RECORD.

An independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of Cardston and Canada.

Published Every Saturday at Cardston.

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THE EDITOR does not assume responsibility for the views or statements expressed by any of THE RECORD'S contributors.

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Cardston, September 17, 1898.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

In case a subscriber does not receive THE RECORD weekly, notice should be sent to the publication office, Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta, when the complaint will be thoroughly investigated. This we will do regardless of all obstacles.

PUBLISHER, CARDSTON RECORD.

For thrift, perseverence and unity of action, the Mormon people have no peer. Wherever those people endeavored to make homes, whether in the valleys of the mountains or on the limitless plains of America, they have been inverably successful. Why is this the case? Are they as a class more favored by divine auspices than other poor mortals? It would seem so.

Right here in Southern Alberta they are building up numerous villages and settling up the country round in all available sections. On land that was deemed by the early commers (those men who were here years before the Mormons came) as only suitable for grazing purposes, these thrifty people are now raising splendid crops of wheat, oats and barley. They are astonishing the Pioneer ranchers not only by raising grain in abundance, but also by the successful growing of corn and other garden truck presumably too tender for this hardy Northern clime.

The Mormons in Canada are following the example of that leader among men, Brigham Young, in introducing irrigation in Southern Albeita, as did President Young more than fifty years ago in the State of Utah. As yet, irrigation here has not been given a very extensive trial, but enough has been done to prove beyond a doubt that when once a thorough irrigation system is perfected Southern Alberta will at once become a leading grain producing country.

In a letter received recently by the Editor from a friend in Idaho were these words:

"The paper you sent me is a "stunner" I wish to compliment you on it. If you continue to get out as good a one as your first issue, you are bound to make a success of it. I think you are engaged in a good business; for a town without a paper is not up to much. You will be able to do lots of good for Cardston; and I feel that you will perform a good mission in that respect.

Because, forsooth, Mr. Discontent, you don't like our country, please do not expect us to lament the animals to moan and the very earth to grieve. You may go, and peace be with you. You do not perpetrate a personal injustice by departing from this land, unless, perchance, the iniquity be your own. All are free. "He that doth what he will, does not what he ought."

"Be not a baker if your head be of butter."

The Czar of Russia has invited the European nations to lay down their arms. The suggestion is a noble one. Universal peace is to be prized above all things. In case the European nations do not lay down their arms, we would respectfully suggest to the Czar of Russia that he pitch in to'em and make 'em lay down their arms.

LOCAL LINES.

Frank Hyde was in town Monday.

Leishman Bros. have commenced threshing of grain.

Mrs. J. Williams was down from Leavitt, Saturday.

Mrs. J. A. Nelson has been on the sick list this week.

Dr. H. W. Brant left for the east Monday morning.

C. McCarty and H. M. Brown were in town, Monday.

Andrew Shaw, formeriy of our country, is now in U. S. army at Manila.

Dr. R. C. McClure, dentist, left by this morning's stage for Cardston, on a professional visit.—News.

All the frame work of H. S. Allen & Co's new building is now completed. Soon it will be closed in.

We understamd that the Cardston Co., Ltd., well soon began extensive building improvments.

There is more business done in Cardston on Mondays than on all other days in the week combined.

Arthur Laycock, of Fish Creek was transacting business in Cardston a few days ago.

N. H. Wardle has moved his family back to town. They will live here during the Winter.

The foundation for Kearl & Sharp's hotel is now finished. The frame work will be begun as soon as the lumber arrives from the Talbot Mills.

Dr. and Mrs. Brant, Mrs. S. Williams and Mrs. C. E. Snow went out to H. Woolf's ranch the other day and spent a day or two hunting and berrying.

We have spoken to a number of the largest grain raisers here and without an exception they all declare the grain superior to last years crops.

Fribay Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Ibey and Miss Katie Woolf went out to Woolfville to spend a few days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Bates.

Those who left Cardston this week bound for Salt Lake City, Utah, were: J. J. Head, Mrs. C. O. Card, Joseph Ellison, Alex. Leishman, Mrs. Bert. Talbot, Miss Vienna Boothe and Miss Hattie Carter.

Mr. L. B. Cochran, of Medicine Hat, Dominion Land and Immigration agent, spnet a couple of days in town this week. From here he goes on to Macleod and will probably visit Cardston and other points.—News.

A surprise party was given on Miss Vienna Boothe at Mrs. C. O. Card's home, last Thursday evening A merry party of young folks enjoyed themselves, and wished the young lady a safe return to her home in Provo, Utah.

Another surprise party was in honor of Alex. Leishman at Robt. Leishman's ranch south of town last Friday evening. The young man left for a mission to Manitoba Tuesday morning, going to Salt Lake City, Utah, first. THE RECORD's best wishes, Alex, will go with you.

There is a clique of Uncle Sam's subjects stationed just across the boundry who seem to be trying to get possession of Mr. Lee's race horse. Some of the gang were over here the other day, but they found that our boys of the N. W. M. P. force were too wide awake for them so they "mistipooted."

Springville, Sep. 3.—H. M. Bonny and family of Birch Creek, Sanpete county, reached here this morning en route for Alberta country, Canada, where they are going to seek for homes. As Mr. Bonny has numerous friends and relatives here, he will not resume his travels until Monday.—Salt Lake (Utah) Herald.

Joseph Pilling, of Ætna, was in town, Tuesday. Mr. Pilling informs us that grain in and about Ætna is about all cut. A number of teams are at work on the Alberta Irrigation Co's canal, which traverses Mr. Pilling's quarter section of land. The canal is being made 20 ft. wide and 5. ft. deep. Friday night there was quite a severe frost at Ætna; the potatoes and other vegetables show the effects of it.

An astronomer figures that the corn stalks on the planet Mars are 150 feet high. When a milkmaid 90 feet tall goes out to milk she slings a bucket as big as a railroad watertank on her arm; and when the cow, 75 feet high, dosen't "hist" she slams a 15 foot Trilby into her ribs. She sits down on a three legged stool that weighs 400 lbs. and when the hired man comes up behind her to give her a smack on her cheek he does it with a mouth as big as a horse collar.

P. P. Skriver was in Cardston the other day on business.

Farmers are now busy stacking their grain.

Some funny people came up here from Lehi, Utah.

P. Low is having a house built on the lot he bought from G. L. Farrell.

A. J. Gay is erecting a dwelling house on his lot in the upper part of town.

Alex. Campbell has had his barber shop papered, which greatly adds to the attractions of the interior.

Pres. C. O. Card drove down to Lethbridge, Tuesday, with Mrs. Card, who has gone to Salt Lake City, Utah. Pres. Card returned, Thursday.

Bert. Talbot was down from his lumber mill this week. Bert. will "batch" it now for a while as Mrs. Talbot feft for Utah last Wednesday.

When a party of any kind is given at your house, write it up and give it to us. We want all the news and happenings of our town and district.

Contractor R. C. Beck is erecting a large barn for J. J. Head. The building is 50 ft. in length. By the way, Bro. Beck, why diden't you lift that plank?

J. E. Layne has raised this season some of the largest heads of cabbage we have ever seen. He thinks some of them will weigh more than twenty pounds each.

C. S. Lott, agent C. & E. Land Co., of Calgary, was in Cardston, Wednesday.

Mr Hugel, of Regina, School Inspector, paid Cardston a visit one day this week.

The Walcott Pain Paint Co. gave a free concert Wednesday evening to a good sized crowd.

Charles Okley is up from Nephi, Utah, to look at our coontry with the idea of locating here.

Dr. R. C. McClure, of Lethbridge left for that town yesterday. The Doctor made many friends while in Cardston.

Ed. Duce was kicked by a horse, Wednesday. The injury, while not serious was very painful, being just above the eyes. The young man is now around again.

Hansie Wight, a little son of M. Wight, met with a severe accident Wenesday. While riding horse he was thrown off and the fall resulted in breaking one of his arms in two places.

L. B. Braden, of Calgary, Editor of the "Herald," spent a few days here this week. Mr. Braden is compiling a book of brands. We acknowledge a very pleasant call from "Ye Editor."

THE RECORD is put in the post office at 9 o'clock Saturday mornings.

J. Young's wife presented him with a baby girl one day last week. All well.

A boy babe was born to Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Stoddard, Sept. 10. All are doing nicely.

Between 15,000 and 20,000 people attended President Wilford Woodruff's obsequies at Salt Lake City.

THE RECORD acknowledges, with thanks, receipt of a list of estimates of Supplementary amounts to be voted for the public service of the Territories for the sixteen months ending Dec. 31, 1898.

In today's RECORD Robt. Ibey has an ad to which we direct our readers attention. Mr. Ibey has obtained the agency for the celebrated Singer Sewing Machine for Southern Alberta. A machine can be purchased for cash or on the installment plan. When you want to buy a sewing machine go to Robt. Ibey.

Miss Florence Cottingham of Lethbridge, arrived in Cardston, yesterday.

Quincy Kearl was thrown from a horse yesterday evening and quite badly hurt.

Mr. C. A. Magrath, M. L. A., accompanied Pres. C. O. Card from Lethbridge to Cardston, Thursday.

Cardston subscribers can get THE RECORD at 9 o'clock Saturday morning by asking for it at the post office.

Dr. H. W. Brant returned yesterday from Calgary.

The Record one year $2.00

Robt. Ibey,

Agent for the Singer Sewing Machine Co. Best in the world.

Get your HAIR cut AT

Campbell's

Tonsorial Parlors.

I will purchase Steers @ $40.00 and good Calves @ $12.00. Cash on Delivery. Buying for Mounsell Bros.

A. Gregson,

CARDSTON. - - - ALTA.

Clarke Mine,

Belly River, . . . Alta. Coal, $2.00 per ton. Plenty on hand.

BERT TALBOT.

Lumber, Shingle and Planing Mills. Mill on Belly River. Cardston, - - - Alberta.

ADVERTISE. HERE.

Livery & Feed Stables

Kearl & Sharp, Props.

Good outfits furnished at all hours. Rates Reasonable.

Restaurant

North of Stable.

MEALS ON SHORT ORDERS.

Kearl & Sharp.

Deseret News and The Record one year for $3.50 Subscribe Now!

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

THE RECORD is for sale at G. W Robinson & Co.'s at Lethbridge.

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50 *

The Bank opens at ten o'clock a. m. and closes at three o'clock p. m.*

Fresh candies, nuts, biscuits, etc., just in at the Book Store, next to Bank.†

Insure your home. C. E. Snow has the agency for several fire insurance companies. †

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends. 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

FOR SALE: Four room house Good well water. Nice location. Enquire at RECORD office, next to Bank. ‡

FOUND: A black parasol. Owner can have same by calling at The Record office and paying for this notice.

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

Are you interested in this country? Are you interested in Cardston? Do you care anything for Canada? If you do, you will subscribe for your home paper? THE RECORD.*

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

G. Hamilton, Pastor.

Divine service at Cardston every Sabbath at 8 p. m.

At Mountain View and St. Marys every two weeks.

Subjects announced in advance every week.

All are welcome. G. Hamilton.

Meat Market.

The undersigned wishes to inform the inhabitants of Cardston and surrouding settlements that his meat market is in full blast and meat is kept on hand constantly. I pay spot cash for beef.

Wm. Wood.

HOTEL DE WOOLF.

Rates, $1.50 per Day.

Livery & Feed Stable.

CARDSTON, ALTA.

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.

All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.

Cardston. . . . . Alberta.

Samuel Cox,

Contractor & Builder. Sign, General Painting, & Paper Hanging.

Orders can be left at Record Office.

CARDSTON. . . ALBERTA.

C. O. CARD,

SUB AGENT for DOMINION LANDS.

ALSO AGENT FOR RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY . . . AND . . . PRIVATE LANDS.

Office Hours: 9 to 4.

Lundberg & Neilson,

General Blacksmiths.

Horse Shoeing a Specialty.

Cardston, . . . Alta.

Gay & Wight,

Contractors & Builders.

Estimates given on all kinds of work free. We have expert workmen that we send out in the country to do work at short notice.

Don't forget our black smith and wagon shop. We have the best material money can buy, and we guarantee our workmanship. Only shop in town where you can get A 1 Steel Buggie tires.

Machinery Repaired and Refitted.

Thanking the public for their past patronage and asking the continuation of the same.

Yours respectfully.

Gay & Wight.

LETHBRRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.

Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7:30 o'clock, a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $3.00; Round Trip, $5.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.

MERCER & McCARTY PROPS.

R. C. BECK.

Contractor & Builder. All work neatly executed, and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

CABINET WORK A SPECIALTY.

R. C. Beck.

J. W. WOOLF.

I pay cash for BEEF CATTLE. See me before completing a sale.

J. W. Woolf.

BOOK STORE

C. E. Snow, next to Bank.

Stationery, Confectionery, Tobaccos, etc., etc.

Latest Magazines and Periodicals.

Canadain Headquarters for Mormon Publications.

Agency for every Magazine and Newspaper Published in the World.

The RECORD & Montreal Family Herald & Weekly Star, one year for $2.75.

Subscribe now.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1898. NO. 8.

NOTICE.

In order to better serve our out of town subscribers, we will change our publication day from Saturday to Wednesday.

NEW CHURCH PRESIDENT.

(From Salt Lake (Utah) Tribune.)

Lorenzo Snow was yesterday named as the successor of Wilford Woodruff as the President of the Mormon church. This action was taken by the Apostles at a meeting held in the forenoon, at which all members of the council, including George Q. Cannon and Joseph F. Smith, were present. President Snow, immediately after his election, designated Presidents Cannon and Smith to remain in the positions they held with President Woodruff as counselors. Franklin D. Richards, the next in rank in the council to Lorenzo Snow, was promoted to the Presidency of the Apostles. The elevation of President Snow creates a vacancy in the quorum of Apostles, which is likely to be filled at the approaching October conference.

The action of the Apostles was in a measure a surprise, as the impression prevailed that President Woodruff's successor would not be chosen for some time, and some of the Apostles expressed the opinion that it was likely to be months before the quornm would act on the matter.

The selection was precipitated by the consideration of the question of a trustee-in-trust of the church property. President Woodruff's death having also made the trusteeship vacant. The naming of Presidents Cannon and Smith to succeed themselves in the First Presidency has been expected, as it hae been understood that President Snow would appoint them, upon his succession to the leadership of the church. Immediately after the death of President Woodruff there was speculation as to a change of policy in the administration of churce affairs, but this talk subsided as soon as it was generally understood that President Snow would fill the position.

ALBERTA GRAIN.

The Canadian Pacific Railway company, through W. Toole, representative of the company's land department, are doing a good work in attracting attention to Alberta's agricultural capabilities.

Mr. Toole has collected an immense quantity of samples of wheat, oats and barley in sheaf from various districts throughout Alberta. The samples completely filled two box cars, one of which left for the east on Saturday and the other on Monday.

The grain will go first to Winnipeg, where it will be suitably arranged and divided, to be sent for exhibition at Ontario fall fairs, to Great Britian and to several States of the Union, to aid in the active immigration work which the C. P. R. has for some years been prosecuting at its own expense.

The samples gathered by Mr. Toole were purchased from farmers and were not specially selected, but taken right out of the fields as fair and representative specimens of the country's products.

A large number of specimens of Alberta grasses, both indigenous and cultivated, have also been sent east by the company during the past month.—Calgary Herald.

Subscribe for THE Record.

VOTE, ALL VOTE.

Every voter in this district should be at the polls Thursday, Sep. 29. If you are for prohibition vote; if you are not in favor of prohibition come out and vote, anyway. Vote one way or the other, Don't forget the date, Thursday, Sept. 29.

ALBERTA

presents a diversified and picturesque appearance. The surface rolling from undulating open prairie on the east to the partially timbered foothills and peaks of the Rocky Mountains on the west.

Numerous streams of pure water abounding in fish, rise in the mountains and foothills and run east and north through this territory.

Pine and spruce timber, suitable for houses, stables etc., is easily obtainable in the foothills and mountain valleys on western limit of tract.

Coal, the fuel of the future in this as in other countries is found cropping out in seams from two to twelve feet thick on nearly all streams. And this, coupled with the fact that coal in car lots shipped from the big mines can be obtained at railway stations, insures settlers a good supply of cheap fuel.

The soil is a rich loam, with a clay subsoil that will grow anything suitable to the climate.

The grass is luxuriant up to the crown of the highest foothills, and dufing the bright autumn weather it gradually cures and furnishes splendid feed during the winter. It is practically well cured hay standing up on end.

Cattle graze out all the year round. The fact that cattle, which have never been under cover of any kind, are shipped direct from these ranges to the English market, where they command the highest prices current, proves conclusively that the condition of climate, pasturage, water, etc., must be exceptionally good. It is an undisputed fact that Alberta is the finest stock raising country in the world.

Owing to the varied nature of the surface of this territory, the intending settler or investor can select land to suit his own ideas. If he inclines to grain farming he can homestead and buy even and oddnumbered sections, and have a field two miles north and south, by one mile east and west, with a sixty-six foot road allowance all round, every foot of it can be ploughed in furrows one or two miles long to suit his fancy.

If he inclines to mixed farming he can locate in some of the numerous valleys among the foothills where he can get bottom or valley land for cultivation, and upland ranges in the surrounding hills for horses, cattle or sheep.

ALBERTA IS GOING AHEAD.

The crops in 1897 were most satisfactory, the yield per acre being very heavy and prices good.

Cattle also did well, and there was a demand for them, at prices that pleased the ranchmen and the farmer, for all obtainable.

Dairying is becoming a leading feature of the district, settlers being greatly benefitted by government creameries and by those erected by private enterprise.

Settlers have a market for all they can raise.

CARDSTON ATTRACTIONS.

Shoe shop.
Barber shop.
Meat market.
Livery stables.
Skillful physician.
Blacksmith shops.
A flourishing bank.
Hotel and boarding house.
The best cereal-raising soil in the world.
Good schools and better ones in prospect.
Many tributary settlements which act as feeders.
Clear, pure and palatable drinking water fresh from the mountain brooks.
Numerous comfortable residences, commodious dancing hall and private business houses.
Numerous flourishing business houses such as banking and general merchanpise and stationery stores.
Lee's creek, affording excellent and almost unlimited water power for all kind of manufacturing establishments.
THE RECORD, a local newspaper which will always be found bright, progressive, and a friend to Southern Alberta in particular and Western Canade in general.

Building and marrying of children are great wasters.

THE WEATHER.

The weather this fall has been all anyone could desire. No frosts, little rain and nothing to stop the rapid growth and maturing of grain.

Spring came late, but if this is the way Autumn will turn out, give us a late spring every time. It is better for everything to have cold weather hold off until the latter part of September as it is doing this year.

Practically all grain is now out of danger of frosts; indeed most of the grain in and about Cardston, Ætna and Mountain View is now in the stack awaiting the coming of the thrasher.

If we had the making of the weather we would not endeavor to improve upon the article as it is now being dealt out to us people way up here in Canada.

Give us some more Autumns just like the Antumn of 1898.

BITTEN BY A SNAKE.

About a week ago D. K. Beveridge, while in the act of moving some hay with his hands, was bitten by a snake. Not considering the matter serious, he did little for the injury; but as he continually grew worse he called in Dr. Brant last Monday.

On examination the doctor discovered two fangs in the patient's wrist. They were removed.

Mr. Beveridge is still unable to attend to his work. When he attempts to move he is hindered from doing so by dizziness. The poison also causes considerable nausea.

This unpleasant experience of Mr. Beveridge's should be a warning to others. When you handle hay do so with a fork. Never use your hands alone in the handling of new hay for you do not know when there is a snake coiled up therein ready to bury its fangs in your hands.

Latter Day Saints' Services.

In the meetings of the Mormon Church, afternoon and evening, the most important subject touched upon by the leaders was prohibition.

Pres. C. O. Card and Coun. J. A. Woolf advised the Saints to come out in force on the twenty-ninth and vote for prohibition. The former speaker counseled the studying of prohibitary literature and the putting in practice of the information therein contained. The latter speaker told the people to poll a very heavy vote in favor of prohibition.

Pres. Card imformed those present that an addition to the meeting house was to be built at once, and asked all to contribute thereto. Told them that they should take the Deseret News.

THE PRINTER GIRL.

A great deal has been said and written of the typewriter girl, the telegraph operator and the girl behind the desk, while the printer girl has been in comparative obscurity, yet she occupies a most prominent position in that vast sisterhood of self-sustaining women whose work requires skill and intelligence.

The woman compositor is unique in the position she fills. She alone has attained recognition of equal rights, without distinction of sex, in her special field of labor. She entered on her work to stay, and measuring her skill with that of her brother printer at her side, successfully demonstrated the justice of her claim for equal pay.

She is organized in the ranks of a trades union, and enjoys all its privileges and benefits, and has been honored in holding high positions in its legislative councils. On the whole, the printer girl is a progressive, interesting type of the self-reliant, capable working woman of today. She has the strength and courage required by those who go into the world's great arena to battle for that which the world gives only to the earnest and patient toilers. Yet losing nothing of her feminine modesty nor womanly dignity, which win for her the respectful esteem of her male co-laborers in the craft. —R. Glasou Osburn.

Subscribe for THE RECORD.

BRIEF RESUME
= of =
CANADIAN HISTORY
From 1497 to 1898.

Very Short and to the Point.

FAMILIARIZE YOURSELF WITH ALL THAT APPEARS IN THIS COLUMN EACH WEEK.

Having lived in this district more than three years, we are acquainted with the majority of inhabitants, and to a greater or less degree, have a knowledge respecting their uninformed condition as to the laws and history of Canada. We, therefore, purpose publishing, serially, in a portion of this column, each week, a Short History of Canada from 1497 to 1898, together with Statistical Items of general interest.

1783. September 3. Signing of the Treaty of Versailles between Great Britain and France, respecting fisheries on Newfoundland coast, from Gulf of St. Lawrence. Signing of Treaty of Paris recognition of independence of the 13 states and definition of the boundary line between Canada and the United States, viz.: the Great Lakes, the St. Lawernce River, the 45th parallel of north latitude, the highlands dividing the waters falling in to the Atlantic from those emptying themselves into the St. Lawrence and the Ste. Croix Rivers.

1784. Population of Canada, 113,012. (United Empire Loyalists in Upper Canada not included.) Fredericton, N. B. founded. Cape Breton separated from Nova Scotia politically.
August 16. New Brunswick made a separate Province; population, 11,457. Re-introduction of the right of habeas corpus.
British population of Nova Scotia, 32,000 (about 11,000 Acadians not included).

1785. About this time began the migration into Canada and Nova Scotia of the United Empire Loyalists, as they were called—that is, of those settlers in the American States who had remained faithful to the British cause. This migration lasted for several years, and though it is not possible to arrive at any exact figures it is probable that the number altogether was not less than 40,000. The Loyalists were well treated by the British Government, and large grants of lands were made to them in various parts of the country. The banks of the St. Lawrence and the shores of Lake Ontario in particular were settled by about 10,000 persons, on lands allotted to them by the Government.
May 18. Date of charter of St. John, N. B., the oldest incorporated town in Canada. Sydney, C. B., founded by Lieutenant-Governor Desbarres.

1786. First vessel on the Pacific coast launched by Captain John Meares. It was a 40-ton vessel. First school in Upper Canada opened. Halifax Marine Association founded for encouragement of trade.

1787. First Colonial See established in the British Empire in connection with the Church of England, in Novo Scotia.

1788. Western Canada (now Ontario divided into five districts, and English law introdured. King's College (N. S.) founded. "Hungry year."

1789. Quebec Agricultural Society formed by Lord Dorchester. It played an important part in the early history of agriculture in Canada.

1791. Division of the Province of Quebec into two Provinces, viz.: Upper and Lower Canada. Each Province to have a Lieutenant-Governor, and a Legislature composed of a House of Assembly and a Legislative Council. The members of the council were to be appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor for life; those of the Assembly to be elected by the people for four years. Population of the two Provinces, 161,311.

(CONTINUED NEXT WEEK.)

Old men go to death; death comes to young men.

Ladies

Go to **H. S. Allen & Co.**

For Caps & Jackets; Chjldren's & Misses Wraps; Dress Goods; (A fine line.) General Dry Goods. Largest and Best assorted stock ever shown in in Cardston.

Gentlemen

Go to **H. S. Allen & Co.**

For Drass Suits; Working Suits; Waterproof overcoats; Pea Jackets; Gent's Furnishings & Fall & Winter goods. Double the quantity ever shown before. Our values are up, our prices down.

C. Edgar Snow, Banker,

Cardston, = = = Alberta.

1895 **1898**

A general banking business transacted.

Go to the CARDSTON CO. Ltd.

Everything from a Needle to a Steam Engine,— a box of matches to a Sack of CARDSTON Flour,— or a Button to a Suit of Clothes—you can get.

Receiving each week now, a part of our extensive line of

Dry Goods & Boots & Shoes

The most extensive ever brought here.

Special Inducements to Cash Customers.

Farmer's Produce Taken in Exchange.

Agents CARDSTON DAIRY. Finest Grade of CHEESE in the North-West Territories.

The People's Store!

AT FASHODA.

BRITISH STEAMER DRIVEN OFF BY THE GARRISON.

Thousand Dervishes Killed—No Doubt About Marchand's Presence in the Capital of the White Nile.

London, Sept. 16.—The Daily Telegraph's special correspondent with the Anglo-Egyptian forces in the Soudan telegraphed that he has had an interview with the captain of a boat, which has returned from Fashoda and that the captain's description of the flag raised there leaves no doubt that it is French. The captain says the garrison at Fashoda menaced him and would have sunk his boat if they had possessed a gun. After getting out of the zone of the garrison's fire, the captain landed and ascertained from natives that the Dervishes at Fashoda had been attacked by a force of eight European and a hundred Senegalese soldiers, who defeated the Dervishes, killed a hundred and drove the rest in precipitate flight from the town. The Daily Telegraph's correspondent says "There is no doubt that this is the march and expedition."

The dispatch was sent from Assauan, and the captain interviewed belonged to the steamer Tewfikich, one of the Dervish steamers which surrendered to General Kitchener on its return from Fashoda. The correspondent describes General Kitchener's efforts to prevent the news reaching England. He says: "I wired this identical news a week ago from Omdurman. The Sirdar flatly refused to allow any correspondent to accompany him south of Omdurman, or to go independently. He compelled us to sell our horses and camels, and then told us unless we returned northward forthwith he could not guarantee us transportation. General Kitchener has sent 1,800 Soudanese, 200 men of the Cameron Highlanders, two batteries of Nordenfeld mountain guns, and several Maxims on board the gunboats Sultan and Sheikh. The Sirdar accompanies the force on the steamer Dal. Probably they have already arrived at Fashoda."

The correspondent says also, detailing an earlier movement, that the gunboat Sultan was sent up the Blue Nile to intercept a Dervish garrison 2,450 strong, coming to reinforce the Khalifa. The gunboat found and engaged the enemy, killing a thousand and driving the remainder back. He adds "that it is officially announced that the Khalifa is now surrounded and must be taken alive or dead within a few days."

London, Sept. 16.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Daily Mail says: News has been received here of the occupation of Fashoda, on the White Nile, south of Khartoum, by the French expedition under Major Marchand, assisted by 10,000 Abyssinians under Ras Makonnen, the principal general of Emperor Menelek.

The fact that Ras Makonnen died several months ago would serve to discredit the above dispatch.

RUSSIA SUCCEEDS.

Lord Salisbury Alleged to Have Yielded to Russia's Demands in China.

London, Sept. 16.—The Pekin correspondent of the Times says: "Despite Lord Salisbury's declaration that he would brook no interference from any other power in the Niu-Chwang railway loan contract, he has now yielded to all the conditions Russia imposed. As a result, negotiations with the English syndicate have been broken off, and those with the Russian-Chinese Bank have been resumed."

MANY ARE KILLED.

Widespread Devastation Reported in the Windward Islands.

London, Sept. 15.—The dispatches received at the colonial office from the British authorities in the West Indies, as a whole, show that the early reports of the havoc wrought by the hurricane were not exaggerated. They show widespread devastation. Owing to the breakdown of the telegraph and telephone systems, the real extent of the disaster is still unknown, but aid is required to meet the distress. People are flocking into Kingston, St. Vincent, from all the country around, for shelter and food. Everywhere it appears that all the small buildings and many large ones were destroyed, and there is no doubt that the fatalities were numerous.

Sir Conelius Moloney, governor of the Windward Islands, cables that two vessels were sunk, and that the fate of many others is unknown.

The governor of Barbadoes, Sir J. Shay, reports the hurricane was of ten hours' duration. Already he has been officially informed of sixty-one deaths, and of thirty-one persons seriously wounded. The reports from the country districts are incomplete, but there has been a heavy loss of government and private property. Assistance is urgently required.

GOMEZ IS OUTSPOKEN.

He "Declares for Absolute Independence or Nothing" and Adjures Spaniards and Cubans to Unite.

Havana, Sept. 15. — The predominant feature of the situation here is the feverish and widespread agitation of the Cubans in favor of the absolute independence of the island at all costs. Manifestos are being circulated inviting the co-operation of Spanish residents and merchants to this end and pointing out that either annexation or a United States protectorate would mean death to all trade with Spain in a couple of years. General Maximo Gomez, who only a fortnight ago gave expression to extremely moderate views, counselling harmony and patience, now expresses his views strongly in favor of "absolute independence or nothing." He says the Spanish element cannot afford to delay uniting with the Cubans, as a "necessary basis for the establishment of conditions that will forbid and prevent the United States grabbing and taking easy advantage of the treasure both Spaniards and Cubans have fought for at an expense of rivers of blood on each side." General Gomez says, if reports speaks truly, that "those who fear independence belong to the same family of cowardly curs who fled from Havana at the first rumor of bombardment." These, he declares, are, however, a minority, and—to quote him further—"Almost the entire Spanish population remain protecting their homes and defying the dangers of war and will now remain to unite their efforts with those of the Cuban party, working together with the Cubans for the development of the island and the return of prosperity."

A leading evening paper yesterday published a local letter purporting to voice the opinion of Catalonia in favor of independence and promising aid and co-operation. How far the influence of the party agitating for Cuban independence may extend it is at present difficult to estimate, but the fact is its agents are working like beavers. Some sympathizers with the annexation movement are to be found today in the ranks of the independence movement. This violent impetus given to the agitation for independence is the result, apparently, of the arrival of Mr. Porter from the United States and the examination he is making into tariffs, municipal taxation and other matters of internal government which Cubans expected to handle and administer themselves. Mr. Porter's opinions are viewed with suspicion by an important section of the Cubans, who keep on calling meetings and protesting against a "usurpation of privileges purchased with such a sacrifice." They insist upon absolute freedom, unrestricted liberty or a fight to the death.

BRITAIN'S ULTIMATUM.

Rear Admiral Noel Demands From Edim Pasha the Surrender of Candia.

Candia, Island of Crete, Sept. 13.—Rear-Admiral Noel, commander of the British naval forces in Cretan waters, to-day issued an ultimatum to Edim Pasha, the Turkish military governor of Crete, demanding that within forty-eight hours he should deliver up the ringleaders of the recent outbreak and massacre, surrender the fort and ramparts commanding the town and disarm the Mussulmans troops.

Gen. Shafter's Report.

Washington, Sept. 14. — General Shafter's report of the campaign, which terminated in the fall of Santiago, has been made public. He briefly recounts the organization of the expedition and its embarkation, and then devotes the main body of the report to the active operations about Santiago. Referring to the attack on Santiago, General Shafter says: "The preparations were far from what I desired them to be, but we were in a sickly climate, our supplies had to be brought forward by a narrow wagon road, which the rains might at any time render impassable; fear was entertained that a storm might drive the vessels containing our stores to sea, thus separating us from our base of supplies, and, lastly, it was reported that General Pando with 8,000 reinforcements for the enemy, was en route from Manzanillo, and expected in a few days. Under these conditions I determined to give battle without delay."

Our Trade With Britain.

London, Sept. 14.—Montreal Star cable:—The British board of trade returns for August show the influence of the new Canadian tariff. British exports to Canada increased eleven per cent during August, and fifteen per cent for eight months. British exports to all countries only increased by seven and a half per cent. and decreased three per cent respectively.

British imports from Canada increased ten per cent for the month, and decreased five per cent. for the eight months. Imports from all countries increased eleven and a half for the month, and five per cent. for the eight months.

The chief increases of imports from Canada for eight months are: Butter £73,000; eggs £23,500; fish, £148,000; wheat £98,000; flour, £176,000; bacon £318,000. The chief decreases were: Hams £20,000; cheese £221,000; animals, £191,000; metals, £18,000; wool £810,000.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Ottawa, Sept. 14.—Instructions have been telegraphed by the department of customs to the collector at New Westminster to admit importations of bread stuffs at that port free of duty as a measure of immediate relief.

It is the intention of the government to hold all the bye-elections upon the same day as soon as possible after the Quebec conference.

The department of agriculture will establish poultry fattening stations as a medium of illustration for poultry raisers. The stations to be immediately introduced will be located at Winnipeg, Ottawa and Quebec.

G. O. Mann, a clerk in the Ottawa waterworks department, has been suspended because of the discovery of a shortage of about $100 in his accounts. Mann says the shortage is purely accidental and will be made up.

Hon. Mr. Aberdeen will be the guest of Ottawa next Monday when he will open the Central Canada exhibition.

Snead Cox, editor of the London Tablet, the organ of Cardinal Vaughan, which approved of the Manitoba school settlement, will visit the prairie province on his way to the coast. Mr. Cox has been enquiring into the separate schools system of Ontario and he will doubtless seek information as to the practical working of the educational arrangement in Manitoba.

Examinations made at McGill college, Montreal, of the pork sent from the Ottawa district, confirm the reports that hog cholera is prevalent. Thirteen piggeries in Gloucester have been placed under quarantine by Dr. James Dunn, the veterinary inspector. Since spring 300 hogs have died from the disease in Russell county.

FIRE SUFFERERS.

NEW WESTMINSTER'S CITIZENS ARE GRATEFUL.

Substantial Contributions for Relief Purposes—Loss to Insurance Companies.

Vancouver, B. C., Sept. 14.—Many substantial contributions to the relief fund have already reached New Westminster, and assurances of still more have been received. At present it is hard to get a complete list of the amount subscribed up to date, but the principal donations are as follows: C. P. R. Co., $5,000; Toronto board of control $1,000; James Dunsmuir, M. P.P., $1,000; Winnipeg city council, $500; Victoria board of trade, $500; Seattle Post Intelligencer, $100; Okanagan flour mills, $50; Nanaimo city, $500; Senator Templeman, $100; Tuckett & Sons, Hamilton, $100; Eaton & Co., Toronto, $100; city of Montreal, $1,000; St. John, N. B., $1,000; Tarner Beeton & Co., $250; Lord Aberdeen, $250.

It is estimated that over $10,000 worth of goods have already reached New Westminster for relief purposes. The actual loss sustained by people of New Westminster is still variously estimated between $2,000,000 and $4,000,000, but your correspondent has been able to obtain an official statement of loss of insurance companies from Insurance Inspector Ross. This statement follows: North British and Merchants, $65,000; Sun Fire, of London, $18,000; Royal, $44,000, London & Lancashire, $80,000; Hartford, $5,000; North American, Toronto, $9,000; Liverpool and London and Globe, $16,700; Phoenix, of London, $75,000; Guardian, $6,000; Alliance, $4,500; Atlas, $35,600; Aetna, $4,800; Connecticut, $5,000; Union of London, $28,900; Insurance Company of North America, $23,900; Manchester $24,800; London and Canadian, $9,000; Imperial, $18,000; Northern, $5,300; London Assurance corporation, $14,000; Commercial Union, $107,550; Norwich Union, $44,000; Scottish Union and National, $25,500; Lancashire, $18,000; Queen's of New York, $7,500; National of Ireland, $11,000; Phoenix of Hartford, $20,000; Western of Toronto, $19,000.

The Ontario government has also come to the rescue of New Westminster. Last night Premier Semlin received the following telegram from Hon. R. Harcourt, treasurer of Ontario:

"The province of Ontario deeply sympathizes with the citizens of New Westminster. As a contribution to the relief fund you may draw on me for $2,500."

Victoria city council sent a sympathizing message and $1,000 to invest in food. The people of New Westminster are deeply grateful for all these kind tokens from different Dominion cities.

Rossland, Sept. 14.—Rossland has excelled herself with regard to subscriptions for the sufferers of the New Westminster fire. A committee of two collected $3,000 cash today. The city council has contributed $500. Fully 5,000 will be sent to New Westminster before the subscription closes. The people of Rossland never contributed to a cause more cheerfully. This money was raised at the same time that subscriptions are being solicited for the Labor Day celebration on the 19th instant.

Calgary, Sept. 14.—The city council has granted $200 for the relief of the sufferers by the New Westminster fire.

LOOKING MANITOBAWARD.

Ten Thousand Doukhebortsi, Tired of Russian Persecution, Want to Come to This Country.

Winnipeg, Sept. 14.—In that part of the vast Russian empire which lies on the west side of the Caucasian mountains, there have lived for centuries a race of people who go by the name of Doukhebortsi, or Christians of the Universal Brotherhood. The tenets of their religion prevent any of their number from taking part in military duties and in other respects they live under a communal system so exclusive that their independence has separated them from the great majority of the inhabitants of the country. For a long time no government or ruler interfered with their mode of living or habits of life. They were industrious farmers, confining themselves to their own business, and interfering in no way with those who were not of the same mind. But the military spirit of the nation became aroused, and in consequence no one part of the empire was excused from enlisting in the service of the emperor. Still the Doukhebortsi could not see their way clear to adopt into their life the rules of a military government. They were believers in the early Christian doctrine of non-resistance, and the consequence was that in later years they have been subjected to a quiet persecution that has driven many of them to seek death rather than live contrary to their religious doctrines. It is even said that thousands of these people have died from persecution and starvation, and the number now remaining is about 10,000. Count Tolstoi, the great Russian socialist, and a number of his friends have interested themselves in the welfare of these people. The result is that last evening there arrived in the city the vanguard of an immigration movement that promises to surpass any in the past history of western Canada. Two families of the Doukhebortsi are quartered in immigration hall. They are accompanied by Prince Hillkoff, who with Mr. Aylmer Maude, an English merchant of Moscow, expected from Ottawa today, will visit all parts of the west with Commissioner McCreary, with a view of selecting land for the many thousands expected to come to Canada within the next year. It is even anticipated that some 3,000 will arrive this fall, and if so, no time will be lost in securing the necessary land. The appearance of those now at immigration hall give a favorable impression. They are intelligent looking and neatly dressed, are said to be industrious, and undoubtedly members of that class of immigrants termed "desirable." Plans will be outlined today by the prince and the commissioner, and the start made for the west tomorrow.

CHINA WAKING UP.

National University to Be Established—Press Encouraged.

Washington, Sept. 14. — Minister Conger informs the department of state that the Emperor of China, by imperial decree, has sanctioned the opening of a national university at Pekin in connection with which schools are to be established in the provincial capitals and educational institutions called the third class are to be opened in the department and district cities. Graduates of the schools of the third class may enter the immediate colleges and thence to the university at Pekin. It is believed that the curriculum adopted by the Japanese university will be followed.

Another dispatch from Mr. Conger would indicate that the Emperor of China has taken a long stride in advance in civilization by encouraging the newspapers of his empire to publish a truthful and full account of the daily events, and to be both bold and fearless in the discussion of current affairs. He has by public proclamation made the Chinese Daily Progress an official organ and has declared that articles which appear in Chinese newspapers, though apparently displeasing to him shall not on that account be suppressed. He has directed that important articles of current events in the leading papers shall be marked and presented to him promptly. He assigns, in his proclamation, the reason for this that he desires to extend his knowledge of affairs both Chinese and foreign.

CANADIAN NOTES.

Toronto, Sept. 14.—The creditors of M. McConnell, the wholesale liquor bankrupt, met yesterday. The estate showed liabilities of $41,824 and assets $3,555, barely sufficient to pay preferred claims and expenses.

Montreal, Sept. 14.—King Bros.' lumber yard at Pabos, Que., is burned with a loss of $53,000.

Toronto, Sept. 15.—In the conference today it was recommended by the business committee that a subscription list be opened at the Methodist book room in behalf of Methodist sufferers by the disastrous fire at New Westminster. The recommendation was adopted.

Toronto, Sept. 14.—The Ottawa correspondent of the Mail and Empire reiterates the statement that a general election is likely in January next and says that probably there will be no bye-elections held to fill the numerous existing vacancies.

CABLE NOTES.

Rome, Sept. 14.—Italy, it is announced, declares that her diplomatic relations with the republic of Colombia are ended, Colombia refusing to recognize the British minister as the Italian representative during the latter's absence.

Paris, Sept. 14.—Le Gaulois and Le Jour assert that President Faure rather than allow a revision of the Dreyfus case, will resign and seek re-election by the national assembly convened to elect his successor.

Pekin, Sept. 14.—An imperial edict just issued orders to the directors of the Northern railroad to commence a branch line to the western hills. Russia, recently attempted to obtain the contract to build this railroad.

London, Sept. 14. — Colonel John Hay the retiring United States ambassador and Mr. Hay, left London today for Liverpool to sail for New York on board the White Star Line steamer Teutonic.

Candia, Island of Crete, Sept. 14.—The Bashi Bazouks have consented to disarm, providing their arms are delivered to the Turkish authorities.

Constantinople, Sept. 14.—The Turkish government has sent a circular to the powers, alleging that the British provoked the disorders at Candia, claiming that the present situation is due to measures adopted by the powers in Crete and protesting against the bombardment of Candia. Finally, the porte announces its refusal to withdraw Turkish troops from Crete, in spite of the decision of the admirals that such a step is absolutely necessary. The circular has made a bad impression in diplomatic circles.

Distress in Antigua.

Kingston, Jamaica, Sept. 10.—Advices received here from Antigua, the British West Indian island of the Leeward group, indicate there is an acute industrial crisis there, owing to the shutting down of the sugar plantations, constraining the government to inaugurate relief work in order to avert a threatened outbreak of riot and pillage among the idle and starving laboring population. The sum of £50,000 has been appropriated for the immediate relief of the crisis.

Paty De Clam Dismissed.

Paris, Sept. 12.—It is officially announced that Colonel Du Paty de Clam has been placed on the inactive list and dismissed from his post in consequence of the general staff's investigation into the Esterhazy case.

Madrid, Sept. 13.—The chamber of deputies today adopted the Hispano-American protocol.

ASKS FOR SHIPS.

ADMIRAL DEWEY CONSIDERS THE SITUATION CRITICAL.

The Insurgents Capture the Whole of the Island of Luzon Except Manila and Cavite.

Manila, Sept. 12. — Rear Admiral Dewey says he considers the situation critical. It is understood that he asked for an additional cruiser and a battleship. The Spaniards assert that Germany will take a coaling station here and that Spain will retain the remainder of the Islands. The last Spanish garrisons at Ilocos and Logunda here, surrendered and the whole of the Island of Luzon is in the hands of the insurgents, except Manila and Cavite. Aguinaldo went to Malolos on Friday. He has announced his intention of convening an assembly of the Filipinos on September 15, in order to decide upon the policy to be adopted by the insurgents.

The correspondent here of the Associated Press has had an interview with Aguinaldo, who said there were 37,000 insurgents armed with rifles. He added that he could raise 100,000 men. Indeed, the insurgent leader pointed out, the whole population of the Philippine Islands was willing to fight for their independence. Continuing, Aguinaldo said he had 9,000 military prisoners, including 5,000 in the vicinity of Manila, besides civil prisoners. Later, Aguinaldo said the "provincial government" was now operating twenty-eight provinces. He asserted that on August 20 they elected members, in numbers proportionate to the population. As to the United States forces, Aguinaldo remarked that he considered them as brothers, and that "the two sovereign republics were allied against a common enemy." When questioned as to whether the future Philippine policy would be absolute independence, Aguinaldo excused himself from replying, and asked what the United States intends to do.

The correspondent being unable to answer this question, Aguinaldo continued: "We have been fighting for independence for a long time. Natives who profess to favor Americans are insincere. It is merely a ruse to ascertain American views."

Asked if the Filipinos would object to the retention of Manila, Aguinaldo declined to answer.

"Would the Filipinos object to the United States retaining a coaling station, if recognizing the independence of the islands or establishing a temporary protectorate over them?"

Aguinaldo again declined to answer. Pending the conclusion of the assembly, Aguinaldo said he was confident there would be no trouble between the United States and the Filipinos. The insurgent leader denied having received a request from General Otis and Rear-Admiral Dewey to withdraw his troops to a prescribed distance from Manila and Cavite, and he declined to discuss the effect of such a request. Aguinaldo further asserted that he had never conferred with the United States authorities since the capitulating of Manila, and that he had never authorized the insurgents to search or disarm United States citizens crossing the lines. The correspondent closely questioned him about last Sunday's incident, when the Pennsylvania troops proceeded to establish a new outpost. The Filipinos objected and nearly precipitated hostilities, ordering the soldiers to withdraw in twenty minutes. They issued ammunition and intercepted the United States reinforcements. Finally General Hale ordered all the Pennsylvanians to advance and the rebels withdrew. The local governor has explained that the incident was a complete mistake and has repudiated his subordinates' action. Aguinaldo declared to the correspondent that the Filipino who made the trouble merely pretended to be an officer and is entirely unconnected with the insurgent army.
surgent army.

Aguinaldo complained that the Spaniards were "disseminating" false reports for the purpose of fomenting antagonism between the Filipinos and Americans.

The whole interview conveyed the impression that Aguinaldo desires absolute independence, regards the mission of the United States here as accomplished and expects their withdrawal "just as the French with Lafayette withdrew after helping the Americans in the war of independence, a war of humanity."

A SPANISH VICTORY.

Madrid, Sept. 12.—Capt. Aunon, minister for marine, received to-day an important dispatch from the Philippines, describing a conflict between the Spanish gunboats and an insurgent flotilla, in which the former successfully prevented an insurgent landing in the Visayas. According to the dispatch the insurgents had five vessels, all of which were sunk. The Spaniards had no loss; but the telegram asserts that hundreds of the insurgents are believed to have perished.

UNITED STATES ACTION.

Madrid, Sept. 12.—The French ambassador at Washington, M. Cambon, who has been acting for Spain in the peace negotiations, has cabled to the government here that the United States, in reply to the Spanish note protesting against hostilities upon the part of insurgents in Philippine Islands, in spite of the peace protocol, promises to send envoys to induce the Togalos to respect the suspension of hostilities and to prevent vessels leaving Manila with insurgents, having the intention of propagating the insurrection in the other islands.

Sun Spot Responsible.

London, Sept. 11.—The heat has been very great in Paris, where an ice famine prevails, and the French soldiers have been suffering so much that the army manoeuvres had to be abandoned. The Paris meteorological authorities hold that a sun spot is responsible for the extreme heat. M. Flammarion, the astronomer, reports an enormous sun spot, six times the size of the earth, making with the other spots visible a group over 200,000 kilometres long, and holds that a violent, abnormal agitation is occurring in the solar surface.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Friday, Sept. 13.

Three lumbermen were drowned in the Ottawa river.

Contributions continue to pour in to New Westminster.

Spaniards fired upon a Cuban landing party at Manzanillo.

Capt. Evan, U. S. N., has resigned his command of the Iowa.

Hon. C. Sifton will visit the Galician settlement at Dauphin.

Dr. Courtice is reappointed editor of the Christian Guardian.

The Cunard S.S. Urania was disabled off the coast of Ireland.

A thousand Dervishes were killed in a battle on the Blue Nile.

Archer Martin is appointed puisne judge for British Columbia.

Russia is reported to have secured all her demands at Niu-Chwang.

One man was killed and three injured in a strike riot at St. Louis.

Naval experts are surveying the Newfoundland coast near St. John's.

The Central American Union congress disagreed on tariff arrangements.

Cubans are agitating against annexation or a United States protectorate.

James Hammond, convicted of poisoning his wife, was hanged at Bracebridge, Ont.

France is threatened with revolution as an outcome of the Dreyfus agitation.

Two anarchists, supposed to be accomplices of Lucchesi, were arrested at Geneva.

Hon. Messrs. Fisher and Foster are announced to speak at Ottawa on prohibition.

Immense damage and loss of life was caused by a hurricane in the Windward Islands.

Sir Herbert Kitchener is leading a formidable force to Fashoda, which is occupied by the French Marchand expedition.

Thursday, September 15.

Turkey refuses to withdraw her troops from Crete.

An alliance between Japan and China is rumored.

Rossland subscribed $3,500 to New Westminster.

Hog cholera is prevalent in the Ottawa district.

Italy has severed diplomatic relations with Colombia.

The Spanish cortes prorogued after adopting the peace protocol.

Porto Rican evacuation negotiations are proceeding satisfactorily.

The Duke of Connaught met with an accident while riding at Paris.

The British Columbian agent general at London has been dismissed.

The Ontario government voted $2,500 to New Westminster fire sufferers.

The Northwest legislature voted $1,000 to New Westminster relief fund.

Lord Herschell was banqueted by the council of Toronto Board of Trade.

Hon. W. Mulock was tendered a reception by the Toronto Board of Trade.

A redistribution bill was read a second time in the Northwest legislature.

Cuban insurgent leaders are issuing manifastoes urging moderation and union.

Poultry fattening stations are to be established at Winnipeg, Ottawa and Quebec.

British exports to Canada increased 11 per cent. during August and imports 10 per cent.

The Winnipeg vacant lands committee have prepared a list of 300,000 acres of available land.

Canadian pulp and paper makers urge an export duty on pulp wood going to the United States.

The Emperor of China has decreed the establishment of a national university and freedom of the press.

Wednesday, Sept. 14.

The Winnipeg Presbytery is in session.

Cebrera is elected president of Guatamala.

Gomez, the Cuban general, has resigned.

Victoria has donated $1,000 to New Westminster.

The Methodist conference advocates church union.

Ontario and Quebec grain standards have been raised.

Nearly two thousand U. S. soldiers are sick at Ponce.

It has been decided to teach banking in the Winnipeg schools.

The Dreyfus scandal threatens to cause a French ministerial crisis.

The Spanish chamber of deputies adopted the peace protocol.

The world's available wheat supply decreased 1,215,000 bushels.

Supplementary estimates were brought down in the Northwest assembly.

Awful suffering on the Ascroft trail is reported by a party of Manitobans.

T. A. Greenway, son of Premier Greenway, died of typhoid fever at Crystal City.

J. R. Shephard was arrested on suspicion of setting fire to New Westminster.

The Southeastern railway will pass south of Lake of the Woods through Minnesota.

It is probable that three thousand Russian immigrants will settle in the west this fall.

The Methodist conference defeated the proposed amendments to the discipline permitting dancing, etc.

J. E. Harding, of Stratford, and J. F. Monck, of Hamilton, are appointed junior county court judges.

Anti-Italian demonstrations have occured in Austria on account of the murder of Empress Elizabeth.

Fred C. Wade, in a press interview, categorically denies the charges against him as registrar of Yukon.

Rear Admiral Noel demanded the surrender of the forts commanding Candia and the disarmament of the Turkish troops.

Tuesday, Sept 13th.

Canada has a surplus of $1,575,861.

Marchaud's expedition has arrived at Fashoda.

Falcon Island, in the Pacific, has disappeared.

Toronto voted $1,000 to New Westminster fire sufferers.

Winnipeg voted $500 to the New Westminster fire relief fund.

Admiral Dewey considers the situation at Manila to be critical.

A nugget of gold valued at $32,000 was found in West Australia.

Hamilton voted $500 to the relief of New Westminster fire sufferers.

The Northwest assembly discussed the question of territorial autonomy.

Alberta Joe, a Winnipeg dog, won the field trials championship of America.

Eleven bodies have been recovered from the burnt ruins of Jerome, Arizona.

The murderer of Empress Elizabeth is thought to be Luchine, well known in London.

Over 74,000 acres of land have been homesteaded and purchased in the Swan River district.

The election petition against Charles Calder, Conservative, in South Ontario, is proceeding.

The lives of the governor and other officials of Barbadoes were threatened by parties unknown.

Hon. Joseph Chamberlain denies certain statements attributed to him by a New York newspaper.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

THE FIRST QUARREL.

gave her back her promise and released her.
Each tender letter with it I returned.
She sent me back the ring, and all was over
(The letters that I wrote her she had burned).
She took back every word that she had spoken
And begged that I consider them unsaid.
Our short engagement then so soon was broken.
The dream of love was over, hope was dead,
And then she bade me go—the weak voice faltered—
One moment more of wild, impassioned bliss—
Her eyes met mine, they fell, her proud lip quivered,
She asked, and I returned each cherished kiss.
—Detroit Free Press.

COLUMBIA'S PLUCK.

Columbia was her name—Columbia Alpin. "I know it's queer," she used to explain, "for strangers, when they're introduced, always stare at me as if I were some sort of foreigner, when I'm not, thank goodness! But it's the name I've got, and I'm going to try to live up to it."

So Columbia was nothing if not patriotic, and her name, however odd, didn't seem inappropriate. She had little need to deck herself with the national colors which she so persistently flaunted, for nature had printed the red, white and blue in dawn tints on her glowing face, and bright stars shone there, too, right out of the blue, to make all absolutely perfect. She was herself our country's fairest, truest emblem.

But patriotism was at a discount in Rustival, or Rustyville, as it was insultingly nicknamed by its hustling neighbors in Newburg, just across the lake, for Rustival was a sour, belated little country town which had aspired to become the local metropolis and hadn't realized its ambition. I remember that when I went there to start a tannery in 1866, the year of the preliminary survey for the Z., V. and W. railroad, it was impossible to get a rod of ground for love or money, so extravagant were the expectations of the villagers. But they had seen the railroad and the county seat and all the other good things which they had accounted their own one by one slip from their grasp and tumble into the lap of their upstart rival. Thus Rustival, dwindling and dingy, continually losing the more alert of its youth and retaining only those whose shallow, rustic conceit found scant encouragement elsewhere, had become the abode of peevish and carping discontent, ripe for disloyalty. The whole country was going to the dogs; that was evident. A glance at their neglected street, weedy yards and the white paint scaling from a straggling line of houses was proof enough to this mildewed community.

Naturally when the war with Spain broke out there was no enthusiasm. To be sure, Joel Slocum, the local politician, made off to Washington to try for an appointment, but he soon came back and reported a general state of rottenness.

"Them Spaniards," he declared, "are goin to lick us out of our boots, an I'm hopin it may do us good. Everything's all at sixes an sevens, an there can't nobody git any show exceptin a ruck of rich men's sons."

"Why don't you enlist in the ranks and serve your country that way?" demanded Columbia, with characteristic aggressiveness. "I'd call that better business for a big, strong man like you than loafing about and grumbling here."

She had just entered the postoffice, where Joel was haranguing, and stood like an animated edition of the "Star Spangled Banner" on the edge of the crowd.

"Ketch me servin under them rincompoops!" roared Joel. "Better run home, little gal, an stick on a few more of them red, white an blue posies you've sot out in your pa's front yard. That's the way you gals fight fer your country, Clumby Alpin."

"I'll just show you some day!" she cried defiantly as she turned away with a letter postmarked Newburg.

Even the news of the brilliant victory at Manila fell flat in Rustival.

"Jest happened so," commented Joel. "Likely the Spanish wa'n't lookin fer no sech fool doin's way off t'other side of nowhere, an what's the good on it? Should say we hed switches enough on our han's a'ready, specially with that gal ravin round in her war paint, makin a walkin barber pole of herself. Wouldn't mind givin her a few feathers, though, to help out. She's corruptin all the gals in the village."

For Columbia had indeed succeeded in firing the maidens of Rustival with something of her own spirit. The war appealed to them. The element of romance had been sadly lacking in their lives. They organized a Soldiers' Aid society, held patriotic meetings and sent flowers and dainties to the boys in blue in the volunteers' camp near Newburg. They also established a boycott against the disloyal youth of their own town, though the young men strenuously insisted that it was just the other way, and the boycott was on the girls. Anyhow there was a great dearth of "parties," and "sparking" was at a standstill.

Then, as an offset to the hated volunteers at Newburg, these brave lads formed a company of "home guards."

"Fer right here's where you're goin to be needed, boys," asseverated Joel, "an purty soon too. Fancy them crazy gals'll haul in some of their striped toggery when once they see the Spaniards marchin into town."

But when this devoted troop of defenders paraded the streets the girls scoffed at them openly, and from day to day the bitterness grew. Finally, as the Fourth of July drew near, the men unanimously voted that they would have no celebration. "It'd jest be a farce an a humiliation at sich a season as this," Joel assured them, "an you better keep your eyes peeled, boys, fer it's more'n likely them striped petticoats'll be out fer mischief."

And in very truth this blue eyed daughter of Revolutionary rebels and Scotch Covenanters was not the sort of girl to bear an insult tamely, least of all an insult to her flag. And now a personal grievance was added, for some of these chivalrous bumpkins had deemed it a clever joke to break into her garden at night, uprooting the flowers and trampling down the beds, "exactly what a drove of hogs would have done," she cried, with angry tears, when she saw it. And this utterance didn't tend to increase her popularity.

Following close on the heels of this feat of vandalism, the announcement of the no celebration resolution provoked a blaze of indignation in the Soldiers' Aid society which was a fine display of fireworks in itself.

"That shows them for just what they are—mean spirited, cowardly traitors," broke forth the warlike president, her cheeks outflaming her costume. "I don't wonder they sympathize with the Spaniards, for they aren't one bit civilized, insulting women and sneaking about at night to get revenge. But two can play at that game, I guess, and if the men won't celebrate their own country's Independence day we'll make a celebration ourselves, girls. I'd like to see them try to stop us."

So the rest of the afternoon was spent in plotting. Giant crackers and other fireworks were to be secretly procured and set off in various places at the first tap of midnight. The church bell was also to be rung, as usual, and two strong armed girls were detailed for this duty. One artful damsel undertook to get possession of the Home guards' big drum and beat it, "Only I shall have to make up with Joe a little," she protested, puckering her lips. Others promised to blow horns and conchs, but the great act was to be the firing of the cannon, and this the adventurous Columbia reserved for herself.

"They'd never believe we could do that, but I've watched them lots of times, and I know we can. I wouldn't miss it for anything. I shall want you, Hilda Graham, to help me, and you, Mamie Miller. The three of us can manage it, I'm sure."

This cannon was a rusty relic of the Mexican war, procured from the government for Fourth of July purposes in the days when Rustival esteemed itself a model of patriotism. It was kept housed in an open shed at the top of a slight rise of ground just outside the village.

"We won't try to move it down," said Columbia. "We'd best shoot it off right where it stands."

At last the night of great events had come, to be signalized by a new revolt against overbearing tyranny. All Rustival was asleep apparently except Joel Slocum, who uneasily paced his porch and listened at the gate, still haunted by vague apprehensions anent "them striped petticoats."

Suddenly the still moonlight was jarred by the sharp clang of a bell. Peal after peal sang out with clashing and discordant precipitancy like a fire alarm. Then there burst forth an unearthly shrilling and squawking of horns and conchs and a sputtering and banging of firecrackers of all dimensions. Joel rushed out into the street, to be greeted by the hissing rush of a mountain rocket, and the meteoric glare, as it exploded and spilled downward its shower of particolored sparks, showed him that the aforesaid "striped petticoats" were abundantly in evidence. A moment later came the roar of the cannon from the hill, jolting the ear and rattling all the window panes with its harsh concussion.

Meanwhile the fair artillery corps were standing in terrific triumph by their fuming gun.

"I thought I was just blown to atoms!" screamed Mamie, still dancing about.

"Lucky you didn't stay behind it, Clumby. That was a real cute plea of yours to set it off with a firecracker. See, it's kicked a hole right through the back of the shed!"

"And isn't the smell perfectly awful?" cried Hilda, sneezing.

"I rather like the smell of gunpowder myself," answered Columbia stoutly, but she, too, choked and sneezed.

"Now for another one!" shouted Mamie. "Hurry up, Clumby, before anybody comes! But we've hardly any newspaper left for wadding. I'd no idea the old thing would take so much. What will we do?"

"I've seen the boys use grass," replied the resourceful captain.

So, with straining arms and heroic disregard of grime, they pulled their heavy ordnance back into position and filled it nearly to the muzzle with armfuls of dewy grass, ramming it home with all their strength.

"Don't be afraid. They always fill it clear up!" panted Columbia, breathless with her exertions.

"You didn't forget to put in the powder?"

"Not I," she responded. "That would be a girl trick, wouldn't it?"

At that moment shouts were heard at the foot of the hill. She hastily adjusted the priming and sprang to her feet. A throng of dark, gesticulating figures were pressing up the slope, Joel Slocum at the head of the column.

"You leave alone that cannon!" he bellowed as he cantered toward them like an angry bull. "You shoot that gun again an I'll have you jailed."

"Put 'em under the pump!" bawled another of the gallant party.

"Look out for yourselves! It's going!" rang out the shrill, sweet treble of the captain, keyed to concert pitch by intense excitement.

The fuse was already sparkling and spitting gushes of fire. She stood in its fitful light, aglow with color. Then the air was rent with a tremendous detonation, and both the cannon and its inclosing shed had vanished.

Slocum was hit full and fair by the huge wad of pulpy grass. Lucky for him he was no nearer! Stained green from head to foot, he lay writhing and raging like a blistered snake.

"She's a-killin folks!" he yelled. "She fired right at us! Tar an feathers is too good fer her!" And the crazed mob took up the cry.

But the girls also had vanished. The two aids had fled in shrieking panic, but as the storm of threats broke upon her Columbia staggered to her feet, groping for support, a little stream of blood trickling from her forehead. "Stand back!" she cried faintly. "Don't you dare touch me!"

"Stand back, you scoundrels!"

A clear, strong, menacing voice came like an echo with a reveille of hoof beats from the farther slope of the hill. A young cavalry officer, closely followed by a squad of his men, drew rein beside her. He lifted the girl to the saddle and drew a big revolver.

"This gun shoots lead!" he warned them. "Don't you advance another step. I suspected there might be trouble tonight in a despicable little town where they respect neither country nor women."

"Are you badly hurt, sweetheart?" he asked tenderly as they rode away.

"No, Edmund; only a little gash on my temple—just a scratch," she whispered, but she was shuddering uncontrollably.

"Anyhow," he responded, stifling a soldier's oath, for he was still hot with wrath, "you shall fight no more fights with the craven traitors of Rustival. If you will go to war, Columbia, you shall go with me."—Boston Transcript.

Names of Army Officers.

A correspondent of the London Spectator calls attention to the fact that out of a random list of 81 officers in the American army and navy there are three German names, one Italian, one French and one Dutch. All the rest are unquestionably British.

A STRANGE CASE.

MR. JAS. CROSGREY, OF PORT HOPE, TELLS AN INTERESTING STORY.

His Right Leg Swollen to Three Times Its Natural Size—Ulcers Followed, and for a Year and a Half Doctors' Treatment Failed to Help Him.

From the Port Hope Times.

"It was nearly as large as that telephone pole." These words were used by Mr. Jas. Crosgrey, for eight years a resident of Port Hope, Ont. Mr. Crosgrey is in the employ of Mr. R. K. Scott, who has a feed store on Walton street, and is well and favorably known in town and vicinity. Less than two years ago Mr. Crosgrey was the recipient of much sympathy on account of a severe affliction which befel him, depriving him of the use of his right leg, and from doing any labor except a few odd days work. His recovery was wrought so suddenly and completely that the Times considered the matter would be of sufficient interest to its readers to obtain an interview with Mr. Crosgrey. In substance Mr. Crosgrey told the following story of his illness:—"In April, 1895, I was laid up for seven weeks with typhoid fever, and after I recovered from the fever my right leg began to swell. It was very painful indeed, and in a few weeks it was three times its natural size—nearly as large as that telephone pole," and he pointed to a stick of timber ten inches in diameter. "Nothing the doctor did gave me any relief, and I consulted another with the same result. I suffered for nearly five months when I noticed that the swelling began to decrease and I became hopeful of recovery. But the improvement only continued for a short time and then the swelling became greater and two big ulcers formed on the inside of the leg above the ankle. These ulcers were right through to the bone and you could put that much into them, and Mr. Crosgrey indicated on his thumb an object an inch in length. "For the next year and a half I was treated by four or five doctors but my leg and the ulcers were as bad as ever. The doctors pronounced the disease phlebitis or inflamation of the veins. They didn't seem to know what to do for me, however, and I despaired of getting well." Mr. Crosgrey's relief came in a strange manner, almost by chance one might say. He tells of it this way:—"I had a relative living near Teeswater, named William Baptist. He heard of my condition and sent word to me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. His reason for recommending them, he stated, was because they had cured him of a serious trouble in both legs, when all else had failed. I decided to try them and in less than five weeks the ulcers were completely healed and the swelling in my legs disappeared. The ulcers never returned and my leg is just about as sound as the other one. I know that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills alone cured me when doctors and all others medicines failed and I am willing that the details of my illness and cure be made known." Mr. Crosgrey, who is 41 years of age, is now at work every day. The nature of his work, that of lifting heavy bags of flour and feed, is proof of his complete recovery. He is a life long friend of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and never lets an opportunity pass of speaking a good word for them.

The above statement was sworn to before the undersigned at Port Hope, on the 17th day of February, 1898.

D. H. CHISHOLM.

Not Suitable For Publication.

Author (to editor)—My friends say that for a love story this one is matchless.

Editor—Then we don't want it. There must be matches in all our love stories, sir.—Pearson's Weekly.

Easy When You Know How.

Timmins—Yes, I am doing a job of hack work now. It is to be called "A Century of Diplomacy."

Wheeler—What kind of a century is that—one run up by hand?—Indianapolis Journal.

Good For Any One.

Eddie—I suppose you are saving up your kisses for some soldier sweetheart? But what if he does not come back?

Etta—Well, I'll have them on hand anyway.—New York Journal.

How It Works.

"Do you sing to your baby to quiet him?"

"Yes, but sometimes I think he goes to sleep to quiet me."—Chicago Record.

Disordered Kidneys.

Perhaps they're the source of your ill health and you don't know it.

Here's how you can tell:—

If you have Back Ache or Lame Back.

If you have Puffiness under the Eyes or Swelling of the Feet.

If your Urine contains Sediment of any kind or is High Colored and Scanty.

If you have Coated Tongue and Nasty Taste in the Mouth.

If you have Dizzy Spells, Headaches, Bad Dreams,—Feel Dull, Drowsy, Weak and Nervous. Then you have Kidney Complaint.

The sooner you start taking

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

the more quickly will your health return.

They've cured thousands of cases of kidney trouble during the past year. If you are a sufferer they can cure you.

Book that tells all about Doan's Kidney Pills sent free to any address.

The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS TRADE MARK

A YOUNG GIRL'S ESCAPE.

Saved from being a Nervous Wreck BY MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS.

For the benefit of Canadian mothers, who have daughters who are weak, pale, run down or nervous, Mrs. Belanger, 128 Rideau Street, Ottawa, Ontario, made the following statement, so that no one need suffer through ignorance of the right remedy to use: "My daughter suffered very much from heart troubles at times. Often she was so bad that she could not speak, but had to sit and gasp for breath. She was so extremely nervous that her limbs would fairly shake and tremble. Frequently she would have to leave school; and finally she grew so weak that we were much alarmed about her health. I gave her many remedies, but they did not seem to do her any good.

Then I heard of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and got a box of them, and they have indeed worked wonders with her. I can recommend them very highly as the best remedy I ever heard of for complaints similar to those from which my daughter suffered."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills never fail to do good. They cure palpitation, faintness, dizziness, smothering sensation, weakness, nervousness, sleeplessness, anaemia, female troubles and general debility. Sold by all druggists at 50c. a box or three boxes for $1.25. T. Milburn & Co., Toronto, Ontario.

LAXA-LIVER PILLS act on the system in an easy and natural manner, removing all poisons and impurities. They cure Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Sour Stomach, Jaundice and Liver Complaint. Price 25c.

Not to Be Thought Of.

"Shall we try to get back the prisoners?" asked one Spanish officer.

"And relieve the Yankees of responsibility for their board and lodging!" exclaimed the other. "Man, where's your sense of strategy?"—Washington Star.

Uncommon Experience.

A—I had a great surprise last evening.

B—How was that?

A—My wife introduced me to a man from Newtown who never was one of her old admirers.—Boston Traveler.

It is said that men who never drink, smoke or stay out late at night live to a ripe old age. Perhaps that's their punishment.

C. C. RICHARDS & CO.

DEAR SIRS:—I have *great faith* in MINARD'S LINIMENT, as last year I cured a horse of ring-bone, with five bottles.

It blistered the horse, but in a month there was no ring-bone and no lameness.

DANIEL MURCHISON.

Four Falls, N. B.

Nature's laws are disregarded by the officeholder who occupies two places at once.

Ask for Minard's Liniment and take no other

It sometimes happens that it takes a speaker longer to clear his throat than it does to clear the hall.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.

Actors always like to tread the boards, but it's a deadly insult to ask them how the walking is.

Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians.

Beer is said to be fattening, but too much of it will make a man lean—against something.

Minard's Liniment the Lumberman's Friend.

A wise man baits his hook with inquiry, but a fool baits his with impertinence.

Interesting Antiquarian Discovery.

An interesting antiquarian discovery has been made in the small church of Radanita, in the Bucovine. It consists of a rich tapestry, embroidered in gold, representing the death of Christ. It is in an excellent state of preservation, and the inscription is perfectly legible, and states "that this tapestry was the gift of Alexander the Good, Prince of Moldavia, who, in 1408, built this church at his own expense."

Authorities differ as to the rate of growth of the human hair, and it is said to be very dissimilar in different individuals. The most usually accepted calculation gives 6½ inches per annum.

Many a French mother buries her own hair and a favorite toy with her dead child "that it may not feel quite alone."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure 25c.

A FEW THINGS

that should be found in every well regulated household

DREWRY'S

Choice Stock Ale — Extra Porter
Canadian Pilsner Lager
(A Fine Light Beer)
Golden Key Brand Aerated Water
Imperial Table Sauce, India Chutney } Choice Table Relishes

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Manufacturer and Importer

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OURS ARE THE MOST SATISFYING

Teas in the world. Selected with the greatest care, packed in sealed lead packages and are guaranteed.

All grocers 25, 30, 40, 50 and 60c per pound.

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BABY'S OWN SOAP

There are Many imitations, They all lack the remarkable qualities of the genuine.

THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO'Y.

BOVRIL

Is pure beef cooked, ready for use, and in the most

CONDENSED FORM.

Not a mere extract or essence. It strengthens both body and brain.

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BOVRIL, LIMITED,
LONDON, ENGLAND

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Man Drowning in the River without hope, was saved by a bar of

..Richards' Pure Soap..

IT'S THE BEST. ——IT WASHED HIM ASHORE.

Be sure you get RICHARDS'. Sold by all grocers, or write D. Richards, Woodstock, Ontario, giving your full address, and I will return you FREE an Illustrated Book.

PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO'Y -OF- LONDON ENG.

First British Fire Insurance Office Established in Canada, A. D., 1804.

The above company is desirous of opening agencies in all towns throughout Manitoba and the Northwest Territories where they are not at present represented, and will be pleased to receive applications for same.

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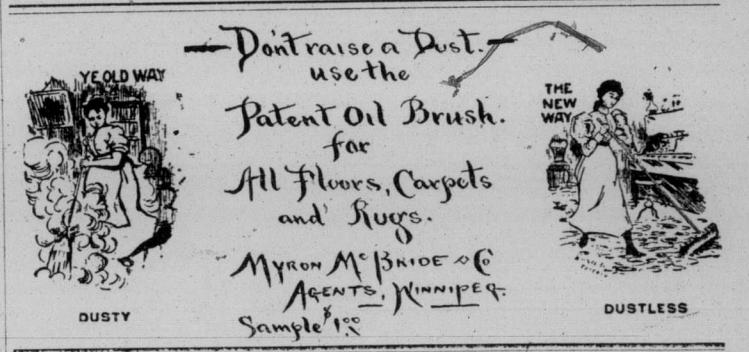
Chief Agents for the Dominion of Canada.
Montreal, Que.



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Does it Pay to Get an

ALEXANDRA CREAM SEPARATOR?

With an Alexandra Cream Separator 10 cows will make 12 lbs more butter in a week than with any system of "setting" milk, as hundreds of our customers can and will testify. Twelve lbs butter per week at 15 cents (average price) for 42 weeks is $75.60—the price of a separator suitable for 12 or 14 cows. Hence in one year the separator will SAVE its cost, and you have a machine good for ten years with ordinary care. In addition to this you save labor, make a quality of butter that will command a higher price, and have skimmed milk with the natural heat in it to feed calves. "There is money in calves."

For herds over 20 buy "The Melotte," the best disc machine made, cleanest skimmer and easiest to turn of all large capacity Cream Separators. For particulars apply to

R. A. LISTER & CO., LTD.

232, 234 King St., Winnipeg.

Or local agents.

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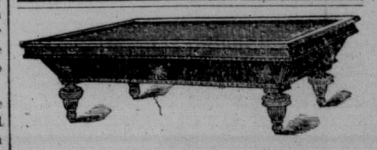
MADE BY

The Dyson Gibson Co.

A 25c Package Makes 100 Cups.



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THE REID BROS., 257 King West, Toronto.

CARDSTON RECORD.

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of Cardston and Canada.

Published Every Saturday at Cardston.

C. EDGAR SNOW, EDITOR.
Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

THE EDITOR does not assume responsibility for the views or statements expressed by any of THE RECORD'S contributors.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance.

Cardston, September 24, 1898.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

In case a subscriber does not receive THE RECORD weekly, notice should be sent to the publication office, Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta, when the complaint will be thoroughly investigated. This we will do regardless of all obstacles.

PUBLISHER, CARDSTON RECORD.

We are in receipt of a copy of "The Cardston Record," a bright little sheet published in Canada. It would be quite interesting for citizens who have relatives there to subscribe for that paper. — Manti (Utah) Messenger.

That's right, Bro. Poulson, we would like a few hundred (or more) subscribers in your town.

The election on the twenty-ninth of the present month is one of great significance to Canada. From the result of this election grave matters of national importance will arise.

If the advocats of prohibition out-number at the polls the anti-prohibitionists, then the Government will be called upon to introduce legislation for the purpose of preventing the sale of intoxicants; in case, however, of the other party presenting a majority of the votes cast, then the Government may well draw a long sigh of relief.

We are strongly in favor of prohibition that prohibit's, but we don't think such a thing has ever existed or will ever exist under the present laws. Intoxicants will be procured in one way or another by the people who want them. In small communities prohibition might be made something more than a farce, but it can never be carried-out successfully in a country as large as Canada; there are too many ways of obtaining liquors.

Then there is the question of revenue. The Dominion derives in the neighborhood of $8,000,000 on spirits and other liquors annually. That is a large sum and it goes far in defraying the expenses of government. It is at once evident that if that sum is lost then some other method must be forthcoming to make up the deficiency, and it is just as plain to us from where that shortage would be derived, it would come from the pockets of the farmers. The necessaries of life, such as tea, sugar, etc., would be taxed.

On this subject the Toronto Saturday Night says:

"Of course, the greatest consumption of wine, beer and alcoholic liquors is in the towns and cities, where, with out doubt, they will be consumed still, no matter how many prohibitory laws are passed. If prohibition were successful, however, the city people, ceasing to pay the great bulk of the excise taxes, would be the gainers in the same proportion as the farmers would be the losers. The farmer who drinks no whiskey, of course, pays no taxes on whiskey, but in the changed order of things—if the order could be changed—he will have to make up his share of the immense tax by paying an additional duty on tea, coffee, sugar and everything upon which a customs duty can be placed. The worst feature of it, however, and the one most likely to disgust the farmer if prohibition is ever tried will be that he has to pay these additional taxes doubled because of the cost of making even a decent attempt to enforce the law, and yet more whiskey will be consumed in both rural and suburban communities than ever."

LOCAL LINES.

Geo, Duce has returned from Utah.

Frank Brown was in town this week.

Mr. Perry is having a house built out on his ranch.

J. W. Woolf returned from the Crow's Nest Pass, Saturday.

Business in all branches is improving considerably.

Mrs. J. W. Kearl was on the sick list the fore-part of the week

Dr. H. W. Brant, of Cardston, came up from the south last night.—Calgary Herald.

Sam Stoddard and Wilford Woolf are in town from the Crow's Nest Pass.

Cahoon Bros, are rushing things on the H. S. Allen & Co's building.

Mrs. N. H. Wardle paid us a pleasant visit on press day last week.

Vancouver is to be garrisoned by imperial troops and fortified.

Mr Cochrane was right about there being some pretty girls in Cardston.

Gay & Wight will build a 50x50 blacksmith shop this Autumn.

The Empress of Austria was assassinated last week by an Italian anarchist.

Thomas Duce will build a dwelling house north of his son, Wm. Duces', place.

Sergt. Cotter and Const. Edwards went in to Macleod this week to participate in the revolver practice.

Thanks, Doctor, for the Calgary product. Wouldn't object to having one every day.

Wm, Duce's family has been augmented this week. Another boy. Mother and babe doing nicely. Will recovering slowly.

FREE sample copies of THE RECORD can be had for the asking at the Book Store, next to the Bank.

There was a young "blood" (not an indian, however) arrested last week for Sabbath breaking.

New Westminster, a city 75 miles distant from Victoria, was visited by a destructive fire last week.

J. M. Dunn was here one day last week. He has put several teams to work on the Alberta Irrigation Co's. canal.

Notice was served on the Cardston Co., Ltd., and H. S. Allen & Co., last week, that they must not sell goods on Sundays.

We make a specialty of candies at the Book Store next to the Bank. Finest line of confectioneries in Cardston at the right prices.*

If you haven't any money, but want to read THE RECORD come anb see us and we will do the rest. You can haul us a load of coal or wood or something for the payment of your subscription.

The Government should send to the Western States a competent representative for the purpose of advertising the advantages of Southern Alberta as a stock raising and farming country.

When you have anything for publication in this paper, hand it in not later than the Thursday previous to the publication of the number in which you desire the article or advertisment to appear.

On the Crow's Nest Pass road a work train was standing on a high trestle when it was crashed into by another train. A flat car was thrown from the track with four men. Three were killed, including Mr. Giles the roadmaster.—Alberta Tribune.

We entertain a hearty disjust for the stingy individual who prefers rather to walk a mile and borrow a friend's paper than to come up like a man, and say: "I am too niggardly to pay for your paper, won't you send it to us for nothing?" We have "spotted" a number of this class of "spungers" in Cardston.

Mr. E. J. Adams, of the St. Mary's river, above Colles, was in town on Tuesday. Mr. Adams informs us that work on the St. Mary's irrigation canal has been commenced. several Mormons with teams being at work upon it. The inlet is a short distance below the Canyon and about three miles above Colles.—News.

A reward of $250 is offered for the arrest of Wm. Pepo, by the governor of Montana. Pepo was once in the Nothwest Mounted Police in Macleod Lumber Co. last winter. He went to Pincher Creek last spring with his companion whom he murdered and robbed in Choteau, Teton county, Montana, about June 1st last.—Free Press.

There are some dogs in this town that ought to be killed.

Magnus Holm is arranging to put several teams to work on the canal.

Our Gordon Job Press has been kept busy this week. We turned-out a dozen different jobs.

J. G. Gold, of Mountain View, has an ad in today's RECORD. Mr. Gold has lime for sale, and his prices are right.

WHEAT and OATS accepted on subscription. Now is the time to have your name placed upon our list of good people.

Mr. T. B. Braden, who has been doing Cardston, Mt. View and Ætna in the interest of the Northwest braud book, passed through town on Friday. He is working east.—News.

Alma Kimball was summoned before a J. P. last week charged with breaking the Sabbath. He was taxed $1.00 and costs, amounting to $6.10 Hauling oats was the offence.

In the Nort-West of town is the carcass of a horse, from which the stench that arises is enough to justify homicide, were the guilty party found who is responsible for leaving the thing above ground.

At the session of the Presbytery, on the application of Rev. Mr. Hamilton, B. A., Cardston, a loan of $150 was provided for building purposes and it was agreed that a student be sent in at once to assist Mr. Hamilton at out-lying points in the Mormon settlement.

Mr. L. B. Cochran, of Medicine Hat, who has been up Cardston way making inquiries in regard to immigration matters, passed through here last week on his way home. He is loud in his praises of the class of Mormons in this district as settlers.—News.

A change in the weather.

R. C. Beck is at work on a granary for J. J. Heab.

What has become of the Cardston Dramatic Association?

See the change of ad of H. S. Allen & Co. in today's RECORD.

J. P. Low's neat dwelling is about ready for occupency.

H. W. Taylor is in town. He informs us that they are having numerous prarie fires down near the Sheep Randh.

The Record

wants

Subscribers.

Read

THE RECORD

Every week

and you

will get your

money's worth.

$2.00 a year.

We have a

Gordon Job

Press (the best job press

in the world)

and are prepared

to do all kinds of

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Robt. Ibey,
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Singer Sewing Machine Co.
Best in the world.

Get your HAIR cut
AT
Campbell's
- Tonsorial Parlors. -

I will purchase Steers @ $40.00 and good Calves @ $12.00.
Cash on Delivery.
Buying for Mounsell Bros.
A. Gregson,
CARDSTON, - - - ALTA.

BERT TALBOT.
Lumber, Shingle and Planing Mills.
Mill on Belly River.
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ADVERTISE.
HERE.

Livery & Feed Stables
Kearl & Sharp, Props.
Good outfits furnished at all hours.
Rates Reasonable.

Restaurant
North of Stable.
MEALS ON SHORT ORDERS.
Kearl&Sharp.

Deseret News and The Record one year for $3.50
Subscribe Now!

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

THE RECORD is for sale at G. W Robinson & Co.'s at Lethbridge.

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50 *

The Bank opens at ten o'clock a. m. and closes at three o'clock p. m.*

Insure your home. C. E. Snow has the agency for several fire insurance companies. †

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends, 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

FOR SALE: Four room house Good well water. Nice location. Enquire at RECORD office, next to Bank. ‡

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

Are you interested in this country? Are you interested in Cardston? Do you care anything for Canada? If you do, you will subscribe for your home paper—THE RECORD.*

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

G. Hamilton, Pastor.
Divine service at Cardston every Sabbath a 8 p. m.
At Mountain View and St. Marys every two weeks.
Subjects announced in advance every week.
All are welcome. G. Hamilton.

The Record.
$2.00
Cardston subscribers can get THE RECORD at 9 o'clock Saturday morning by asking for it at the post office.

MURDER!
We are killing previous prices on all Books.
Every book in our store now on sale at 50% off.
Buy your books now at Snow's Store

Meat Market.
The undersigned wishes to inform the inhabitants of Cardston and surrouding settlements that his meat market is in full blast and meat is kept on hand constantly. I pay spot cash for beef.
Wm. Wood.

HOTEL DE WOOLF.
Rates, $1.50 per Day.
Livery & Feed Stable,
CARDSTON, ALTA.

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.
All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.
Cardston, ... Alberta.

Samuel Cox,
Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting, & Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
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DOMINION LANDS.
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RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY
. . . AND . . .
PRIVATE LANDS.
Office Hours: 9 to 4.

J. G. GOLD
Mountain View, - - - - - - Alta,
Has **LIME** for Sale.

Gay & Wight,
Contractors & Builders.
Estimates given on all kinds of work free. We have expert workmen that we send out in the country to do work at short notice.
Don't forget our black smith and wagon shop. We have the best material money can buy, and we guarantee our workmanship. Only shop in town where you can get. A 1 Steel Buggie tires.
Machinery Repaired and Refitted.
Thanking the public for their past patronage and asking the continuation of the same.
Yours respectfully,
Gay & Wight.

LETHBRRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.
Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7:30 o'clock, a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $3.00; Round trip, $5.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.
MERCER & McCARTY PROPS.

R. C. BECK.
Contractor & Builder.
All work neatly executed, and Satisfaction Guaranteed.
CABINET WORK A SPECIALTY.
R. C. Beck.

J.W.WOOLF.
I pay cash for BEEF CATTLE. See me before completing a sale.
J.W.Woolf.

The RECORD & Montreal Family Herald & Weekly Star, one year for $2.75.
Subscribe now.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1898. NO. 11.

SURPRISED PRES. SNOW.

According to appointment, the people met a little earlier than usual in the tabernacle Sunday afternoon, the word having gone forth that President Lorenzo Snow would be present, this being his first visit to Brigham since he was raised to the office of President of the church, says the Brigham (Utah) Bugler.

The tabernacle presented a very pleasing and refreshing appearance. Upon entering, the first to meet the eye was the balcony crowded with hundreds of Sunday School children from the four wards. The girls were decked out in white, the boys in their best. All held bouquets. Each simple, smiling face bespoke the importance of his or her presence on this occasion. The best of order prevailed. The sight was inspiring.

As we took our seat the arch over the pulpit caught our eye. It was a beautiful structure of evergreens sprinkled with dew drops. Suspended under the arch in bold, white letters was "OUR PROPHET."

Stake President Clawson arose and explained the object of the decorations. He asked all to arise at a signal to be given by the choir leader S. N. Lee. Soon Pres. Snow walked in; the congregation arose and sang "We Thank Thee, O God, for a Prophet." Pres. Snow walked up the aisle in his usual stately manner and seated himself under the arch, his snowy locks and pure white beard blending in purity with the white letters over his head, "Our Prophet."

When the song was over, Elder A. Madsen offered prayer. During the administration of the sacrament, the choir sang, "O My Father," composed by Pres. Snow's poetic sister, Eliza R. Snow. Pres. Clawson read from church works.

Pres. Snow then addressed the congregation. Said he greatly admired the beautiful decorations, also the sweet, innocent children with their smiling faces. Said I love you. I appreciate all these honors. Children, obey your parents that you may live long upon the earth. Though my time will be more fully occupied, I am not going to leave you. I shall come to see you. I shall always remember my associations with the people of Brigham City. I feel my inability to perform the duties devolving upon me, and I ask and need the help of all. I desire to live in the hearts of the people. Referred to the meeting of the Twelve, and how the spirit of the meeting was directed to fill the vacancy in the presidency. This had not been considered by any of the Twelve up to that time. I never sought this position, and feel weak to act. I feel to encourage and bless this congregation.

The Sunday School children sang "The Beautiful City."

Elder Wilson, a recorder in the Salt Lake Temple, spoke on obedience of children to their parents. Referred to Jesus' example, his humility and obedience.

The choir sang, and benediction was offered by President Snow.

THE VOTE

The vote on the plebiscite was less than one third of the registered votes of Canada. The result will in all probability act as a set back to prohibition. The majority in favor of the movement is less than 20,000.

Following is the vote

ALL OVER CANADA.

	For	Against
Ontario	66,770	57,430
Quebec	13,860	48,250
N. S.	17,010	2,890
N. B.	15,490	5,508
P. E. I.	6,890	730
Manitoba	7,200	917
*N. W. T.	3,700	000
*B. C.	2,240	1,955
	133,610	116,678

*Full returns not available.

LIEUT.-GOV. FORGET NOW.

A. E. Forget, Indian commissioner, of Winnipeg, has been appointed Lieutenant-Governor of the North West Territories, to succeed the late Governor Cameron. The Hon. David Laird, formerly lieutenant-governor of the Territories, will succeed Forget as Indian commissioner.

HOMES FOR THOUSANDS.

Elsewhere in the "News" will be found a notice to home-seekers, to which we take pleasure in directing special attention. According to the notice the Alberta company intends building fifty miles of canal, and able-bodied men will be given employment, half of the wages to be paid in cash and the other half in excellent land at three dollars an acre. First settlers are, besides, given other advantages. It will thus be possible for a working man with a team to earn a good home, including town lot, house and farm, in about one year. The land is located in Northwest Territory, Canada, where settlers, previously located, are reported as doing well.

The problem of how to obtain remunerative employment, particulary in the cities, is one not always easy of solution. The boys cannot be confined to the farm on which they were raised. Many flock to the cities, where employment, both manual labor and in the professions, is becoming more scarce every year. Others turn their attention to politics and become—sad to reflect on—but office hunters. Those who are wise will regard the opportunity of getting a home, and with it economic independence, as one to be embraced without delay. A few year's industrious labor on the soil is generally well rewarded.

To young men, whether with or without families, in search of a chance of building a home, the offer of the Alberta Canal company can be recommended. They should consider it seriously. No doubt the life of first settlers in any locality has its drawbacks, its temptations and trials, but it also has some possibilities of spiritual and temporal advantages of its own, and much greater than those the crowded cities offer to the large majority of the population.—Deseret (Ut.) News.

A DELICATE OPERATION.

Dr. Brant performed a most successful surgical operation on the eighteen month old child of Mrs Linquist. The genial manager of the Cardston Co., Ltd, J. P. Low, assisted the doctor in the later part of the delicate operation while Mr. Ramsbottom, who has a practical knowledge of anæsthetics, administered the chloroform. The child will now be able to use his hands, but had the operation not taken place he would have been a deformed person for life.

NO COUNTRY FOR DUDES.

The North-west Territories is not a good country for dudes. Dandies are, perhaps, all right in their place, but Alberta is not that place. Cardston can get along very well without the gentler sex-male-gander sort of creature. A new country wants lots of muscle and a sprinkling of good gray matter, not lots of clothes and no sense. Of course, we want some clothes, especially here in Cardston where the winters are not so warm as a southern summer; but we want the good old kind: plenty of fur, denims and corduroy; thick boots and thicker socks.

Don't send us dudes. Keep 'em in their proper place—the large city. Send us men who can sleep out at night with a thin sheet for covering and a thermometer registering 40 below zero for a pillow; men who can eat oxe, horse or skunk; men who can walk in the rear of a plough 18 hours out of each and every 24 for ix months at a stretch; men who can build anything from a pig sty to a good reputation.

Don't, oh don't, send us dudes!

TELL US ABOUT IT.

The question is often asked "Why didn't the editor write up this or that social gathering, wedding, etc?" Why, bless your souls, how could he write up what he didn't know? He wasn't there, didn't have an invitation, is no mind reader, no one told him anything about it, maybe he thought you didn't want it known. When you have a social gathering or anything else, and the editor is not present, give him the particulars and he will heartily appreciate the favor.—Brigham (Ut.) Bugler.

Subscribe for The Record

LIEUT.-GOV. CAMERON.

We take from "Canadian Men and Women of the Time," the following sketch of the late Lieut. Governor Cameron.

Malcolm Colin Cameron, barrister and legislator was the son of the late Honorable Malcolm Cameron, formerly a member of the Canadian government, and a well-known temperance advocate, and was born at Perth, Ont., April 21, 1832. Educated at Knox College, Toronto, he was called to the bar in 1860, and for many years successfully practiced his profession in Goderick. He was for some time a member of the town council, and afterwards mayor of Goderick, A Liberal, he sat for South Huron in the House of Commons 1857-82; and for West Huron 1882-87, when he was defeated. He unsuccessfully contested the same constituency February, 1892 (Vote: Hon. J. C. Patterson, secretary of state, Conservative, 2,179; M. C. Cameron, Liberal, 2,154), but was returned by another bye-election, January, 1896, and re-elected at the Dominion government elections, 1896. He is the author of a pamphlet, "A Vile Conspiracy Exposed—Mr. M. C. Cameron Vindicated" (Goderich 1892), which had reference to certain infamous charges brought against him by the Goderich Star, and for which charges he brought a criminal action against the Star and secured a conviction, a withdrawal of the charges and an apology. He is a supporter of provincial rights and was opposed to the coercion of Manitoba, though willing that any right's privileges enjoyed by the Catholics of Manitoba prior to 1890 which have been encroached on, should be restored to them by the province. In religion he was a Presbyterian; he married in May, 1855, Jessie H., daughter of Dr. John McLean, R. N.

THE CANAL COMPANY.

The Alberta Irrigation Co. are advertising in Utah newspapers or newspaper, which they have a perfect right to do; but in justice to an home enterprise, would it not be a good idea to also patronize a newspaper whose circulation in Utah, Idaho and other western states is quite extensive; whose every interest is in Canada and whose main object in continuing publication is to promote immigration.

As the Brigham (Ut.) Bugler rightly says—"Many visitors to those parts (meaning Cardston and vicinity), have brought word of the good country up there, but it would take a whole army of people to promulgate the advantages of a new and growing community as can a good local paper like the Cardston Record."

Those are our sentiments exactly, and in case we are right then the local paper is the one in which a company, of the nature of the Alberta Irrigation Co, should do extensive advertising. If they really want men to work on their purposed canal; if they want to colonize the couple of townships they purchased from the Government; if they desire to have their enterprise commended, written upon and put before the people, then let them come forward like the business men of Cardston have done and advertise in the home paper—the CARDSTON RECORD.

In another column we publish a brief article from the pen of the editor of the Deseret (Ut.) News, under the heading, "Homes for Thousands." Such an article from such a source will have great weight, but do you for a moment suppose that it will have so great weight as our little local in today's RECORD, which reads: "J. A. Anderson & sons raised 3,000 bushels of grain this year?"

People looking for a country to which to move their families will inverably scan the local columns of a local paper in order to form an opinion as to the advantages and disadvantages of a new country. An home paper like the Cardston RECORD can do more to induce immigration in one month than can a foreign publication in one year, for in the local paper appear those thousand liftle things that go to make up the daily life of the inhabitants and is in a sense the very pulse beats of a community.

The Irrigatian Co. should purchase hundreds of copies each week of this paper and mail them broadcast throughout the intermountain States.

BRIEF RESUME
= of =
CANADIAN HISTORY
From 1497 to 1898.

Very Short and to the Point.

FAMILIARIZE YOURSELF WITH ALL THAT APPEARS IN THIS COLUMN EACH WEEK.

Having lived in this district more than three years, we are acquainted with the majority of inhabitants, and to a greater or less degree, have a knowledge respecting their uninformed condition as to the laws and history of Canada. We, therefore, purpose publishing, serially, in a portion of this column, each week, a Short History of Canada from 1497 to 1898, together with Statistical Items of general interest.

1829. Upper Canada College founded. First Welland Canal opened.

1831. Population—Upper Canada, 236,702; Lower Canada, 553,134.

1833. August 5. The steamer "Royal William" left Quebec for Pictou, N. S., discharged cargo and coaled, leaving Pictou on 18th August for Gravesend, England, at which port she arrived after a stormy passage, during which she disabled one of her engines. The boat was built at Quebec during 1830-31, and was the first steamer that ever crossed the Atlantic, the motive power of which was entirely steam.

1835. Steamer "Beaver" (Hudson's Bay Co.) arrived at Fort Vancouver, being the first steamer on the North Pacific Ocean.

1836. July 21. Opening of the railway from Laprairie to St. John the first railway in Canada.

1837-38. Outbreak of rebellion in both provinces. It was suppressed in Upper Canada by the militia, and in Lower Canada by the British troops.

1840. Secularization of the Clergy reserves.

1839. Lord Durham's report on the state of Canada communicated to Parliament, 11th February.

1840. Death of Lord Durham, to whose exertions the subsequent union of the provinces was mainly due. Quebec incorporated. Montreal daily "Advertiser" founded; first daily journal in Canada.

1841. February 10. Union of the two provinces under the name of the Province of Canada and establishment of Responsible Government. The legislature consisted of a Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly, each province being represented by 62 members, 42, elected by the people and 20 appointed by the Crown. Population of Upper Canada, 455,688.

May 17. Land slide from the Citadel rock, Quebec; 32 persods killed.

June 13. Opening of the first United Parliament, at Kingston, by Lord Sydenham.

1842. August 9. Settlement of the boundary line between Canada and the United States by the Ashburton Treaty.

1843. Victoria, B. C., founded by James Douglas.

1844. Population of Lower Canada 697,084.

1845. Large fires in the City of Quebec, 25,000 people rendered homeless. Enlarged Welland Canal, opened.

1846. Oregon Boundary Treaty.

1847. Navigation laws repealed. Electric telegraph line established between Quebec, Montreal and Toronto.

1848. The St. Lawrence Canals open for navigation. Responsible Government granted by the Imperial Parliament to Nova Scotia and to New Brunswick.

1849. April 25. Riots in Montreal over the passage of the Rebellion Losses Bill, and burning of Parliament Library at Montreal. Representative Institutions granted to Vancouver's Island.

1850. The first sod of Northern Railway turned by Lady Elgin. (The road was opened from Toronto to Bradford on 13th June, 1853, and was the first locomotive railway in operation in Upper Canada.)

(CONTINUED NEXT WEEK.)

Go to the

CARDSTON CO. Ltd.

For your Winter supplies. See our Winter Goods—Furs and Millinery and you will say they are the BEST for the money.

Receiving each week now, a part of our extensive line of

Dry Goods & Boots & Shoes

The most extensive ever brought here.

Special Inducements to Cash Customers.

Farmer's Produce Taken in Exchange.

Agents CARDSTON DAIRY. Finest Grade of CHEESE in the North-West Territories.

The People's Store!

Ladies

Go to H. S. Allen & Co.

For Capes & Jackets; Children's & Misses Wraps; Dress Goods; (A fine line.) General Dry Goods. Largest and Best assorted stock ever shown in Cardston.

Gentlemen

Go to H. S. Allen & Co.

For Dress Suits; Working Suits; Waterproof overcoats; Pea Jackets; Gent's Furnishings & Fall & Winter goods. Double the quantity ever shown before. Our values are up, our prices down.

C. Edgar Snow, Banker,

Cardston, - - - Alberta.

1895 1898

A general banking business transacted.

WEEK'S NEWS IN BRIEF

The Northumberland Fusiliers have been ordered to sail for Crete on Oct. 3. This will increase the British force in Crete to a full brigade.

A dispatch to the London Times from Pekin says: Su Yung Yi, the negotiator of the Gerard convention of 1895, who was subsequently dismissed at the instance of Great Britain for breach of faith, has just been restored to membership in the Tsung Li Yamen.

Three children of John D. Embury, of Hungerford, Ont., were poisoned a few days ago. Two have died and the third is not yet out of danger.

Halifax, Sept. 27.—The schooner Marie del Paine, Captain Melanson, has been seized in St. Mary's Bay, Digby county, with a cargo of contraband liquor which she was endeavoring to smuggle from St. Pierre-Miquelon. She had two thousand dollars worth of liquors in her hold.

The British fleet has left Ta Ku, proceeding for Wei Hai Wei. Vice Admiral Sir Edward H. Seymour, commanding the China station, has returned to Chefro. It is rumored that the designs of the dowager empress have been entirely successful.

An imperial edict has been published practically rescinding the Chinese emperor's reformatory measures. It also orders Chang Yeu Huan, the Cantonese enemy of Li Hung Chang, to be confined for the present, but absolves him from all complicity in the alleged plot to murder the emperor.

A special dispatch to the London press from Shanghai says it is reported that Great Britain, United States and Japan are disposed to question the constitution of the government as open to usurpation. The family of Li Hung Chang, fearing the populace, have gone to Port Arthur to be under the protection of the Russians.

The police authorities have prohibited the nolding of five projected Socialist meetings in Hamburg, called for the purpose of discussing Emperor William's recent speech regarding the imprisoning of provokers of strikes.

United States Special Agent Murray, in charge of the seal islands, reports that during the past season 18,047 skins were secured, being 3,000 less than 1897. He reports a general decrease of the seal herd.

General Miles is opposed to sending troops to Cuba until December and has made a recommendation to that effect. He insists that the present period is likely to prove detrimental to the health of the soldiers.

The Buffalo club has completed arrangements for bringing off the Corbett-McCoy fight in Carson City, Nev., in November. The arena used for the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight is still standing and will be pressed into service again.

When the train conveying General Toral arrived at the station at Bojar, Spain, a crowd which had gathered, insisted that the general should show himself. Upon his doing so, the gathering loaded him with insults. General Toral, who is ill with fever, uttered a few excuses and beat a retreat in order to avoid being struck.

The Berlin National Zetung asserts, upon the highest authority, that the personal estate of Prince Bismarck does not represent as much as 2,500,000 marks, (about $500,000.)

An action which promises to be a cause celebre has been commenced in the civil court at Montreal. It is brought by Edmund Beaupre, against the Longue Point asylum authorities and is for $25,000 damages for alleged illegal detention at Beaupre. Beaupre claims that he was detained in the asylum at the request of his wife after he was perfectly sane, and that the asylum people connived at the detention.

The peace commission of the United States arrived in Paris Sept. 26.

The Cairo correspondent of the London Daily Mail says—Major Marchand has admitted in conversation that the arrival of Gen. Kitchener saved him from annihilation by the Dervishes.

The Earl of Minto, the new governor-general of Canada, has appointed Major Drummond, of the Scots Guards, who has just returned from the Soudan, to be his military secretary, and has appointed Lieut. W. F. Lascelles of the Scots Guards, and Lieut. J. H. C. Graham, of the Celdsteam Guards, to be his aides-de-camp.

It is announced that Rear Admiral Dewey has purchased here, through an agent, a Shakespearian relic in the shape of a stuff box made from a mulberry tree planted by Shakespeare in his garden at Stratford. The box formerly belonged to General Sir Denis Palk, one of Wellington's comrades.

The first section of the electric railroad to the summit of Jurgfrau, the famous mountain of the Swiss Alps, has been opened as far as Azeiger glacier and it is expected the road will be finished by the year 1904.

Mr. Alfred Austin, poet laureate, last week unveiled at Whitby an Anglican Cross in memory of England's first poet, Cowherd Caodmen.

Milan, former king of Servia, is again heavily in debt and is threatened with judicial proceedings by no less than seven money lenders.

The question of raising sugar beets, which has been under discussion by the London board of trade for some time is one that is agitating the British farmer at the present time, and trials have been made all over Great Britain and Ireland this summer in plots ranging up to two and three acres. The results were in most cases satisfactory.

It begins to look as if the American government is prepared to go to considerable expense and much trouble to end the sealing disputes by a purchase of the Canadian rights. A decision to do this was probably arrived at long ago for when in May last the United States made an arrangement with Japan regarding sealing in North Pacific, one of the stipulations was that in the event of United States buying out Canadian sealing rights Japan should refuse registry to any vessels that might come over from Canada and try to make Japan the base of operations for the continuance of sealing. The fear of who ever was responsible for this wide awake bit of diplomacy evidently was that Canadian sealers after selling out their rights as Canadians to participate in the capturing of seals in the Behring Sea, would go over to Japan and try to continue the industry under the Japanese flag. This information which comes from a source of unquestioned authority proves that the Americans have come to Quebec with the already formed purpose of buying out the seal fishery.

FROM THE YUKON.

Stories of Suffering on the Ashcroft Trail—Other Items.

Vancouver, Sept. 27.—More terrible stories of the Ashcroft trail to Klondike are heard in town. The provincial government is understood to be taking the necessary steps to send aid and the Dominion government will be asked to do its share. "Half a mile to Hades either way," such is the message to be found on a tree where two trails fork ten days' tramp from Hazelton on the Ashcroft trail J. A. Grey, of New York city, and J. Atwood, of Boston, tell a story which confirms former reports of the horrors of the Ashcroft trail. They left Ashcroft on April 28, and were nearly starved, they say, before they reached Glenora. Said Grey to a reporter, "Our sufferings between Hazelton and Glenora were almost beyond endurance. It was the valley of the shadow of death. For ten days we lived on a few ounces of porridge daily and for five, when the pangs of hunger drove us to desperation, we shot a horse and lived on horse flesh, and no meat ever tasted nicer. Weary, footscore and weak unto death, we reached Glenora. There everything was flat and we were told the jig was up. On reaching the coast, we were guaranteed that the steamer Horsa would get us to Vancouver in time to secure low rates over the C. P. R. We were seven days instead of four, and missed the rates. Not having enough money to get home after our fearful experience, we applied to the American consul for aid from the United States government. Hard luck from first to last and now stranded in Vancouver."

A miner's association has been formed in Dawson and a committee has been formed to frame bylaws. The association started with a number of 52.

Both of the hospitals in Dawson are crowded with fever patients.

The Yukon river is commencing to fall rapidly and it is thought the last of the St. Michael's fleet has reached Dawson.

Two suicides occurred recently on the Yukon. Leonard Winbolt, purser of the steamer Linda, took a dose of morphine at Forty-Mile and George Bennington, mate of the Klondike, shot himself at St. Michael's.

Capt. Worth, of the steamer May West, has been arrested for refusing to turn the steamer and books over to the owners when a demand was made for them.

Joseph Leduc has returned to Dawson, which city he founded. His company will develop all their properties this coming winter.

CANADIAN NEWS.

St. Thomas, Sept. 27.—Ethel McGregor, a young woman living with her mother, made two attempts at suicide yesterday on account of despondency. She took ten grains of opium in the morning without effect and in the evening swallowed a spoonful of Paris green, but medical aid and stomach pumps again saved her life.

Quebec, Sept. 27.—It is said that the expectation of the Dominion and Allan lines would make the United States tender for the carriage of mails this winter, and until fast line arrangements can be made, has not been realized. On the contrary, in the tenders for the winter's mail service there is evidence of keen rivalry between the two lines.

Kincardine, Sept. 26.—W. M. McKibbin, boot and shoe maker, a resident here for forty years, died yesterday while marching in the funeral procession of David Collins, a fellow Mason.

London, Sept. 27.—Robt. Scott, a pioneer of Western Ontario, who settled in London sixty years ago, died yesterday afternoon at the age of 91. Mr. Scott was probably the best known carpenter in the western part of the province, and operated one of the first planing mills in this part of the country.

Fredericton, N. B., Sept. 27.—Sir John C. Allen, ex-chief justice of New Brunswick, died at 2 o'clock this morning.

Ottawa, Sept. 27.—The executive health officers of Ontario elected officers this morning as follows: President, Dr. J. J. Cassidy, of Toronto; vice-president, Dr. Hutchinson, of London; secretary-treasurer, Dr. J. J. McKenzie, of Toronto. Council, Dr. Van Burkirk, of Stratford; Dr. Fee, of Kingston; Dr. Robillard, of Ottawa; Dr. Wardlaw, of Galt; Dr. Hall, of Chatham; Dr. M. McCrimmon, of Palermo; Dr. Skead, of Toronto. A committee was appointed to look into sanitary condition of the pavements.

Boston, Sept. 23.—The sovereign grand lodge I. O. O. F. today voted hereafter to the sovereign grand lodge should be members of a Rebekah lodge.

TYPHOID AT DAWSON.

Three Thousand Cases Are Reptrted—All Cases Are Sent to Dawson.

Port Townsend, Wash., Sept. 26.—The steamship Topeka arrived from Lynn canal ports with 150 Klondikers, most of whom have little or no dust to show for their experience in the land of gold. They express themselves as being glad to get out alive. Three thousand cases of typhoid fever is the estimate placed on the number of sick in Dawson on Sept. 6th. A large number of deaths occurred daily, of which no record is made. Colder weather coming on soon will check the fever. It is estimated that 9,000 people have joined the rush to Stewart river. Nearly every foot of available ground has been prospected, but no gold found. That section has been deserted by all except a few who hope to create another excitement next season.

Among the Topeka's passengers is Joseph Ladue, the founder of Dawson. He says many returning are men who even if the country was one solid mass of gold, would not make anything, consequently they give the country a bad name. He admits that there is a great deal of sickness, but says that Dawson is a hospital for all the tramps. When any one is taken sick anywhere along the river, he is sent to Dawson, which gets the credit.

Ontario Health Association.

Toronto, Sept. 26.—At the Ontario Health's association convention here tonight Dr. Bryce read a paper on "The Duty of the Public in Dealing with Tuberculosis," in which he emphasized the necessity for sanitariums or homes for consumptives maintained by the government in the same manner as the asylums for the insane are conducted. He claimed that many lives were lost through delay in taking the disease at its earliest stage. The paper caused quite a lot of discussion along the lines laid down by the author and was taken part in by several of the American Health Association members, as well as the members from Ontario. The election of officers will be held tomorrow morning.

Lord Beresford's Mission.

Singapore, Sept. 26.—Rear Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, who is en route to China as the representative of the British Associated Chambers of Commerce, has arrived here. In a speech made by him yesterday before the chamber of commerce and the Straits Settlement association he urged that commercial treaties between Great Britain, Germany, the United States and Japan would insure peace. He declared that the waterways of China would be developed under the protection of a military policy and then railroads would follow. In conclusion, Lord Charles urged Great Britain to take a firmer and more definite attitude in regard to China.

LUMBER LEGISLATION.

Interesting History of Canadian and American Lumber Export.

Toronto, Sept. 22.—Mr. John Waldie, ex-M.P., the well known lumberman, has addressed an open letter to the Ontario minister of Crown lands in which he gives an interesting history of Canadian and American legislation effecting the lumber trade. He deals especially with the position of those who acquired limits before the Ontario government adopted the regulations requiring that logs cut in Ontario limits be converted into lumber before being exported. Mr. Waldie maintains that at the sale of 1892 and previous to this sale it was clearly understood that should the American duty of $2 on sawn lumber be reimposed there would be an export duty of $2 on Canadian logs so that equality would be restored. It was a two-sided agreement, and when the American congress withdrew from it by reimposing the $2 duty on sawn lumber the Canadian government ceased to be bound by the agreement not to reimpose an export duty. As, however, the Dingley bill was framed so as to prevent the Dominion government from taking action the Ontario legislature sought to accomplish the same end by its regulation requiring the sawing of Ontario logs in the province.

It can, therefore, be fairly argued that buyers at the sale of 1892 are placed exactly in the same position which they represent, that they cannot export logs free as the United States has abrogated the other half of the agreement. But if, says Mr. Waldie, the Americans who bought timber in Canada feel agrieved, and think it interferes with any property rights, they have only to get their government at Washington to make an exception in their case and allow American citizens owning timber in Canada to take in either logs or lumber free. He insists emphatically that Canada shall not recede from the position taken in this legislature.

The Suicide, Gregoire.

Oakland, Cala., Sept. 26.—The remains of Cleophas Gregoire, who committed suicide on Friday night, will be shipped to Quebec for interment. The abnormal conditions disclosed by the post mortem examination of Gregoire are almost without a parallel in medical history. There was a complete reversal of the normal conditions of the heart, lungs and liver, and the stomach had been crowded out of its natural place. One of the chief arteries did not exist in this strangely constructed man, yet the evidence of his perfect health was manifest in his sound body. The marvellous displacement had not even affected the organs themselves, all being of normal development.

Man was made to mourn and some men seem to think they must put in all their time at it.

It takes more than nine tailors to make a man out of a cigarette fiend.

PARTED AT THE ALTAR

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY

Author of "When Lovely Maiden Stoops to Folly," "Lovers Once, Strangers Now," "When His Love Grew Cold," Etc., Etc.

CONTINUED.

CHAPTER III. — MARRYING IN HASTE.

When Doris entered the grand ballroom she caught her breath with a cry of delight.

"Oh, Mr. Frederick!" she gasped, clutching at his arm with her little, trembling white hands, "it seems like fairyland—or—a—a glimpse of heaven!"

Frederick Thornton laughed amusedly; to him there was nothing out of the common in the banks of roses, the palms and waving ferns, the dazzling chandeliers, and the unique and brillant costumes of bewitchingly pretty maidens and passe matrons.

"A young girl's first ball does seem like a glimpse of fairy life," he answered, gayly. "Those that follow never seem quite so nice."

"I shall always remember you when I think of my first ball," she answered, impulsively. "And, indeed, I am quite sure it will be my last and only one. No one will ever take me to a ball again."

"Do not be so sure of that, Doris," he replied, in a low voice. "What are you thinking of that you gaze so intently at that bank of roses?" he asked, curiously.

"I was thinking what a pity it was to cut them from the stem and bring them here, for just a few hours. By to-morrow they will all lie withered and dead against that wall."

"What a waste of pity!" he laughed. "They will have served their purpose well—gladdened the eye, delighted the sense. But come; the band is about to strike up a waltz. I hope you have learned to waltz, Doris."

The hour that followed seemed like a dream to poor, pretty little Doris. She could have danced on amid the lights and the music forever and forever. And in the excitement, the revelry, the brilliancy, can it be wondered that time seemed fairly to take wings and whirl away? Doris had been very much abashed at first to see that she was, as usual, the poorest dressed girl in the gay throng; but in the excitement of the lights and music, and in the exuberance of happy youth, she soon forgot it, and was enjoying herself as she had never enjoyed herself before.

The eyes of the gentlemen followed her admiringly, and the ladies, in consequence, were exceedingly jealous and envious.

"Who is she?" they asked of each other. But nobody seemed to know.

In all her simpleness and plainness, as is often the case, even amidst that throng of beauties, Doris was acknowledged the belle of the grand ball.

Mrs. Langdon, the hostess, gazed at the pretty young girl in wonder, and at last she sought her son.

"Max," she said, leading him aside, "who is that young girl? How came she here? Who invited her?"

"I did, mother," he responded, promptly. "She is one of the seminary girls. Miss Doris Brandon is her name, I believe. You remember we sent a card to Miss Courtney. She could not attend. And my old chum there, Frederick Thornton, asked me to send a card to her, and, of course, I complied. Are you displeased, mother?"

"No," she answered. "Still, I should have been better pleased had I been consulted first. The girl is pretty, I grant you; but she does not look quite at home in our set, and you know how particular I am in that regard."

"She may be a little awkward," laughed the son. "School-girls have the reputation for being so. She must be our equal socially—some millionaire's daughter—or Thornton would not be paying so much attention to her. He never takes a step backward in the social scale, you know."

Mrs. Langdon looked relieved. On returning tothe ball-room she observed that young Mr. Thornton and the pretty belle of the ball had disappeared.

As we have said, time flew by on golden wings.

Neither Doris nor Frederick noted the fleeting moments.

Over and over again Doris told herself how happy she was as she looked into Frederick Thornton's handsome face with glad, shining eyes. In those blissful moments, a woman's heritage of love had come to her, and more than once that evening the thought occurred that her life would be doubly dark and dreary when he left the village. She dared not think of the cold, dark hours when she should see him no more. And like the faint echo of a dream, the words of the poet recurred to her:—

"Perchance if we had never met
I had been spared this vain regret;
And yet I could not bear the pain
Of never seeing thee again."

Yes, Doris had learned to love him—love him with all the deep, romantic passion of her girlish heart.

With youth, love is not a plant of slow growth. The glance of an eye, the touch of a hand, a smile, a tender word, often lights the flame of a deathless love.

In striving to be kind to Doris, to make this ball a happy, memorable epoch in her girlish life, Frederick Thornton had unwittingly opened her eyes to the truth. She was deeply in love with him.

But, girl-like, she would have died rather than he should guess her sweet secret.

Suddenly he paused abruptly, in the midst of a waltz.

"I am afraid it is almost time to go, Doris," he said, hurriedly taking out his watch and glancing at it.

Great Heaven! was he mad or dreaming? It wanted exactly eight minutes to half-past ten—the time for closing the seminary gates. "Doris," he said, gently.

She turned a startled face toward him.

"Oh, Mr. Frederick, what is it? Why do you look like that? What is the matter?"

"We must go at once, Doris," he said. "We have not a moment to lose. We have not seven minutes left to reach the seminary. It wants just that time to half-past ten."

He never forgot the deadly, awful despair that came over her face—the ghastly pallor—how the blue eyes darkened with awful fear.

"Oh, Mr. Frederick!" she gasped. "What shall I do?"

"Courage, Doris," he said. "We can make it if you are quick in getting your wraps."

A moment more and they were out in the starlight together, fairly flying down the white road. He could barely keep pace with the girl's fleet footsteps.

She was out of breath as they reached the steep path that led up the rugged hillside to the seminary, and was obliged to take his arm.

More and more deadly grew her fear as moment after moment slipped by.

Frederick Thornton could hear the quick beating of the girl's heart and the piteous sighs that shook her slender frame.

"Doris, are you crying?" he suddenly asked, in deep distress.

Before she could reply, from a church tower near them the hour of eleven rang out, slow, solemn strokes, each one a death knell to Doris.

She fell down on her knees in the path, unable to move a step further, sobbing as he had never heard any sob in his life before. Ah! the pity of it! His watch was half an hour slow.

He could see the great, heavy iron gate from where he stood. The gate was closed.

"Oh, Mr. Frederick! Mr. Frederick! what shall I do?" moaned Doris. "Madame will never let me enter her door again. Oh, I am lost! lost! lost! I am homeless, penniless! I will be thrown on the world's mercy, with nowhere to go! It was my only refuge, and now I have lost it! Oh, if I could but die!"

Frederick Thornton stood before the kneeling little figure like one petrified.

"I will take all the blame upon myself, Doris," he said, huskily, "for assuredly the fault was mine in coaxing you to go. Come, cheer up. All will be well. Come, let us walk boldly up to the gate and ring the bell."

Doris drew back in terror too great for words.

"It would make matters no better. You do not know madame. She will never let me enter her door again. Oh, I wish I were dead!"

"I meant that you should have such a happy time in going to the ball," he said, gently. "I am so sorry it has ended so."

She bowed her beautiful golden head until it touched the cold stones.

"Where can I go? What shall I do, Mr. Frederick?" she sobbed. "I am so young and friendless! Oh, I wish indeed that I had died when I was so happy amidst the lights and the music, dancing with you at the ball!"

She was clinging to him like a terrified child, sobbing piteously now. He was quite at a loss what to say to comfort her.

"Are you quite sure it will be as bad as you say, Doris?" he asked, hoarsely. "Are you sure she will turn you from her door for this?"

"Oh, yes, yes," sobbed Doris. "I am as sure of it as though it had already happened."

As she speaks a strange thought flits through his brain — a thought that twenty-four hours ago he would have scouted.

"Oh, what shall I do, Mr. Frederick?" she moaned. "I am so young—I—I am afraid of the great, cold, cruel world."

"You shall not face the cruel world, Doris," he said, huskily. "I am a gentleman. I cannot leave you in distress brought on by myself. There is but one way out of the difficulty, and that is this: I must marry you."

"Marry me!" she echoes, her little hands dropping from her tear-stained eyes, and gazing at him aghast.

"Do you see any other way out of it?" he asks, repressing a groan that rose to his lips. "I confess that I do not, under the circumstances. I must make the only atonement possible. I must make you my wife, if you are willing. It is the only reparation within my power. Will you accept it, poor little Doris?"

She looked up at him wistfully.

"Do you really want me to marry you?" she asked, shyly and wonderingly.

"I suppose that would be the only proper thing," he remarked, hopelessly.

"But no people ever marry each other who have only been acquainted such a short while as we have been—not quite a week?"

"Sometimes," he answered, abstractedly.

"How strange it is that you should really want to marry me," she mused. "I don't see what for. But, really, I don't mind if—it you want me so very much."

Want her! He could have laughed aloud at the very idea. He did not want her. He was forced, as it were, into making her his wife. He could have cursed his folly, as he stood there that had led him into the fatal error that had persuaded her into going to that ball.

He aroused himself from his bitter thoughts by a great effort.

"It may as well be now, Doris," he said, with reckless despair. "No doubt we can find somebody to perform the ceremony at once."

She was romantic and impressible. Ah! how nice it would be to have a handsome young husband like Frederick Thornton to love and protect her. There would be no bitter scoldings and harsh, grim Madame Delmar; no more heartaches because she was alone in the great, cold world. She had led such a lonely life; her poor heart had always craved loved so much.

She never forgot that ride through the sweet, pink clover to the stone church that stood on the cliff overlooking the glittering Chesapeake. How the nightbirds twittered, and the crickets chirped, and the fireflies twinkled like earth-stars in the green grass by the roadside.

She had a dim recollection of the few moments that were spent in the old rector's parlor, and of how the rector's daughter had loaned her her own wedding veil to wear, and of Frederick leading her up the dim aisle of the church—up to the altar—his face grave almost to sternness, and pale as death.

Oh! how weird it all seemed to Doris. Then, as if in a dream, she stood quite still by his side while the fatal ceremony went on. She heard the questions and responses, and answered the questions put to her; and the white-haired minister pronounced her his lawful wedded wife.

The bridegroom bent down his handsome head to kiss his bride; he knew it was customary, it was expected of him. Doris drew back with a startled cry, for his lips were as cold as ice.

"Are you glad to have married me, Mr. Frederick?" she whispered, timidly, as they turned from the dim old altar towards the vestry to sign the register.

"Glad!" he groaned, under his breath.

But low as the words were muttered, her strained ear caught them, and every word shocked her, and stabbed her heart like the thrust of a dagger.

"Glad! You have wrecked my life. You have parted me forever from Vivian, whom I loved so madly. I have given you my name. I will care for you, because in the eyes of the world you are my wife; but here at the altar we part. I pray heaven I may never look on your face again."

She did not faint. She did not cry out, or utter any moan.

All in a moment her young heart seemed turned to stone.

When the names were all signed in the register, Doris turned piteously to her bridegroom:—

"I have one prayer to make," she said. "All—even you, Frederick—leave me alone in the vestry for a brief half hour. Do not refuse me. You will come here alone then, Frederick, my husband."

It was a strange, unheard-of request. He bowed wonderingly, and left her, and the door closed after him, shutting him out from her view.

"He married me and he does not love me!" she moaned, wildly, as she sank down shivering on her knees. "I have wrecked his life, for I have parted him from Vivian. That is what he said. Oh, I heard it. But it is not too late to repair what I have done," she panted, as the low dash of the waves caught her ear. "I can set him free at the very altar. I can, and I will. If I have to part from him, I had better die."

And this brings us back, dear reader, to the pitiful scene that opens this story.

(To be Continued.)

SHE KISSED HOBSON.

The Girl Who Did It Is a Prominent St. Louis Belle.

As "the girl who kissed Hobson" Miss Emma Arnold will undoubtedly be known for some time to come. Ever since that famous osculation she has been discussed throughout the country. Women as a rule have scolded about her, at the same time cherishing a secret envy. Men have chuckled and laughed and envied Hobson. Whether she asked Hobson to kiss her or he asked if he might is still an unsettled question and probably will always remain so.

Nobody blames Lieutenant Hobson, however, for it is unanimously conceded that Miss Arnold is very kissable. She is,

MISS EMMA ARNOLD.

in fact, one of the prettiest young women in all St. Louis, and there are lots of pretty girls in that city. Her father, the late Lee L. Arnold, was a wealthy and respected citizen of St. Louis. The head of the family is her brother, Fred Arnold, to whom she will have to explain the kissing episode when next they meet. Miss Arnold's mother is traveling with her daughter and was with her at the time she met the gallant lieutenant at the Long Beach hotel.

Miss Arnold's beauty has been described with surprisingly conflicting details, but here is a description which comes straight from her home and ought to be accurate: "She has a plump, well rounded figure, graceful in motion and not too tall in stature. She possesses abundant hair of a rich, reddish brown, which she wears simply arranged rolled back from a straight white brow. Her eyes are large and brown, and her complexion faultless."

Miss Arnold's skill and taste in gowns have become proverbial among her friends. French combinations in colors and hats that are invariably chic and more than becoming are always her selections. At the big balls she is always a belle, surrounded by men a dozen deep, who clamor for favors in the way of dances. She excels in dancing and is also a skillful bowler.

Miss Arnold's accomplishments are not all those of indoor life by any means. She is a good shot with a rifle and frequently goes off on hunting trips with her brother. Mr. Fred Arnold is very proud of his sister's shooting ability, as he taught her when she was quite a little girl, hardly strong enough to hold a gun. Miss Arnold's greatest pet is a big brown pointer that is frequently seen trotting along behind her as she goes about.

If you do not believe that Miss Arnold is really kissable, a glance at the accompanying picture ought to convince you.

Raw Ants as Delicacies.

Raw ants are largely eaten in Mexico. As is known, certain ants are selected by their kindred as storehouses of honey. They are fed with honey until the abdomen speedily becomes smooth and round and so filled with honey that the skin is transparent. These ants are doomed to pass the remainder of their lives as mere honey cells, from which their kindred extract the honey when it is required. There are several specimens of these ants in the British museum, with the honey still within their transparent bodies. The Mexicans raid the nests of these ants for the sake of the honey that their bodies contain, and the ants are eaten raw as sweetmeats. They are sold by measure and form an article of commerce.—London Standard.

Kindly Meant.

"You'll have a fit when I get through with you," cried the first.

"Just try it on," promptly retorted the other.

No, gentle reader, they were not quarreling. The first speaker was a dressmaker and the other her patron.—Philadelphia Record.

Luxembourg, the great French soldier, was called "The Upholsterer of Notre Dame" from the number of captured flags he sent to be hung as trophies in that cathedral.

Atlanta has an ordinance prohibiting vehicles from passing places of worship at a rapid rate of speed on Sundays.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

THE LISTENER.

Sir Henry Irving has in his possession the sandals worn by Kean when the latter played in "Brutus" in 1818, and also the boots which Kemble wore some years earlier.

A bad shot while pheasant shooting has cost the Hon. John Tufton, eldest son of Lord Hothfield, $6,500. He fired the charge into the face of one of his beaters, rendering the man totally blind.

A. G. Spalding, who was a pitcher of prominence 20 years ago, has become an enthusiastic golf player. He can be found on the links nearly every day near his summer home at Seabright, N. J.

Captain Jonathan Norton, reputed to be just closing his one hundred and first year, aided in raising the stars and stripes on a new 80 foot pole in the public park in East Lee, Mass., after the surrender of Santiago.

Old people in Galesburg, Ills., remember when General Shafter was a hustling employee of the Burlington road at that place. He is remembered as a manly, ambitious young fellow, the leader in spelling and wrestling.

Levi Z. Leiter, who recently sold a large amount of Chicago real estate to get money to make good his son's losses in wheat, had to buy $2,100 worth of internal revenue stamps, required by the new war tax law, to make the deal legal.

Baron Henri de Rothschild, a cadet of the Paris branch of the famous financial family, has passed his final examination as doctor before a jury composed of Drs. Fournier, Budin, Poirier and Netter. The young physician obtained the mark "Extremely good."

Probably no man living has written the words to so many songs as Mr. Frederick Weatherly, yet he is only 45 years old. Mr. Weatherly was born at Portishead, a little place at the mouth of the Avon, not very far from Bristol, and not long after leaving Oxford university he was called to the bar.

Governor Adams of Colorado made a most felicitous address in welcoming the clubwomen at Denver, but he declares he never dreaded any public appearance so much as he did that one. "But," he says, "I will never be afraid of women again. Why, they were among the best fellows I ever met."

Judson Lyons of Atlanta, the colored register of the treasury, is thus referred to by The Constitution of that city: "By signing his name to war bonds he rivets his name to the history of his country as no other colored man has done before. He has 50 clerks under him and is kept busy as well as responsible."

Baron von Stumm, who has been nicknamed the king of the Saar, was so angry at not being elected to the reichstag on the first ballot that he put up this notice on his factory gates: "As the Neunkirchen Zeitung has slandered me, I consider it a matter of course that no workman shall tolerate that sheet in his family."

M. Meline, the former premier of France, may be met any day in his cap and gown in the hall of the Palais de Justice. He is now a wealthy man, and his wife and daughter are in the highest society. M. Meline does not expect to return soon to power. The Right and the high and dry Moderates are still devoted to the fallen premier.

Undismayed.

Counsel for the Defense—Gentlemen, I appeal to you to return this unfortunate to his little home, where a tender, loving wife awaits him, where his little children call him father—

Judge (interrupting)—I will call the learned counsel's attention to the fact that the accused is unmarried.

Counsel (undismayed, continuing)—So much the more unfortunate is this poor man, who has no little home, where no tender, loving wife awaits him, where no little children call him father!—Fliegende Blatter.

The Good Old Jokes.

Grier—By the way, did I ever tell you that story about the end man and the small boy?

Frier—No, but several hundred other people have told it to me.

Grier—Nonsense! Nobody ever heard it before yesterday.

Frier—Then it isn't worth hearing. —Boston Transcript.

The average attendance at places of worship in England and Wales is computed to be between 10,000,000 and 11,000,000 persons. There is a place of worship for every 500 individuals, taking the country all through, and a stated minister for every 700. About 80,000 sermons are preached every Sunday.

Had Its Advantages.

"Goodness, Blanche, don't tell me you are summering at Yaysyunk! What a frightful name to head your letters with!"

"Oh, but the Rosebank postoffice is only a mile away, and the walk every day is beneficial."—New York Herald.

MERRY MOMENTS.

Man's Little Here Below.

A little glade,
A little shade,
A little dear and dimpled maid.

A little brook,
A little book,
A little fishing line and hook.

A little hand,
A little band,
A little pledge—you understand.

A little "splice,"
A little rice,
A little glimpse of paradise.
—Town Topics.

Preserved.

He seized the tiny glass jar and rapidly screwed the metal top over the rubber collar. Then he plunged the tiny bottle into boiling water and after taking it out smeared the top with a veneer of sealing wax.

Pasting a label on the side of the vial, the premier of the Spanish kingdom looked up with a happy smile.

"Spain's honor is preserved," he said as he placed the vial on an upper shelf.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Alone He Did It.

Mrs. Sighes—My poor, dear friend! What a loss! Was your husband long sick?

Mrs. Weeps—Only a week.

Mrs. Sighes—Dr. Gayfee attended him, I suppose.

Mrs. Weeps—We never dreamed it was serious. He had no medical assistance; he just died himself.—New York Truth.

A Chance For All.

Crimsonbeak—No one need feel discouraged about this war business. Every one can help a little.

Yeast—How so?

"Well, if a man can't go to the front and lick a few Spaniards, he can stay at home and lick the war revenue stamps."—Yonkers Statesman.

Hard Luck.

"If I should go to war," he cried,
"And mingle in the fray,
I fear that some one else might come
And win your heart away.
'Tis not that I lack courage, love,
Believe me, but the fear
Of being robbed of you, sweetheart,
That makes me linger here."

"Then put your fear away," she said,
"And go and get your gun.
Go, mingle in the fray and help
To make the Spaniards run.
I've formed a resolution, and
I'll tell it unto thee—
I want to be a warrior's love
No stay at home for me!"
—Chicago News

An Apparition.

Mrs. Nuwed—Good gracious! There goes the tramp I gave some of my biscuits to a few days ago!

Mr. Nuwed—Did he eat them?

Mrs. Nuwed—He ate four of them.

Mr. Nuwed—It's not him, my dear.—Up to Date.

Uncle's Mistake.

Gentleman (meeting old negro who is very much battered)—Why, what's the matter, uncle?

"Oh, nuffin, boss, but ef yo' eber got scan'lous t'ings ter say about eh mule yo' want ter say dem ter hees face."—New York Truth.

Not Blowing His Own Horn.

First Clarinet—Is Professor Trombone going to war with the rest of the regimental band?

Second Bass—Ach, no; he is sending a substitoot.—Vim.

GORDON AND POLYGAMY.

No Conversion of Africa Possible if Monogamy Is Required.

A particularly interesting reminiscence of General Gordon was given recently at the Shoreditch town hall by the archbishop of Canterbury, who presided over a meeting convened in the interest of the universities mission to central Africa. Very shortly before starting for Khartum, in 1884, Gordon came to Dr. Temple to consult him on three problems, the first of which was whether as a mere layman he would be justified in endeavoring to convert the natives and even to baptize them. To that the archbishop answered certainly—every Christian was at liberty alike to preach and to baptize.

Gordon then propounded a plan he had for buying slaves a thousand at a time, drilling them thoroughly, and perhaps making 10 per cent good soldiers, giving freedom ultimately to all, and asked whether slave buying could ever be justifiable. Again the archbishop could reassure his scruples and point out that if purchased with a view to giving them liberty the act would be compatible with the highest Christianity. The ultimate difficulty, however, was polygamy, Gordon explaining that a man had rarely less than four wives, as this number sufficed to maintain him, and asking whether Christian tenets could possibly sanction a limited plurality of wives. But on this Dr. Temple admitted he could give no justifying permission whatever, and to establish a pseudo religion without so elementary a principle of morality would be highly reprehensible. "Then," said Gordon, "Africa is a long way from conversion if one wife is made an essential of it."—London Telegraph.

VIGOROUS OLD AGE.

MR. WM. ELLIOTT TELLS HOW TO OBTAIN IT.

He Has Been Subject to Fainting Spells and Cramps—Was Gradually Growing Weaker and Weaker.

From the Echo, Plattsville, Ont.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have attained a most enviable reputation in this community. Probably no other medicine has had such a large and increasing sale here. The reason is that this medicine cures. Old and young alike are benefitted by its use. Recently we printed an account of a remarkable cure of a well known lady of this place through the agency of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and since publishing that we have heard of another similar case. Mr. Wm. Elliott, a farmer living near Bright, is a well known figure there. Although an old man he almost daily walks to the village, a distance of nearly a mile, for his mail. Many years ago he came from Scotland to the farm on which he now lives and cleared it of forest. In conversation with him; he related to an Echo reporter the following: "I am 78 years of age and strong and healthy for an old man. Mine has been a vigorous constitution and up till six years ago I hardly knew what it was to have a day's illness. But then my health began to fail. I became subject to cramps in the stomach. I was treated by doctors, but received no benefit. I gradually grew weaker and as I was past the three score and ten I thought my time had come. Next I took fainting fits and often I would have to be carried back to the house entirely helpless. The doctors said my trouble was general weakness due to old age and advised me to carry some stimulant with me to use when I felt a faintness coming on, but this I refused to do. I had read in the papers of Dr. William's Pink Pills and thought they would be specially adapted to my case. I tried one box but they did not seem to help me. In fact I thought I felt worse. I decided to continue them, however, and after taking four boxes there was a marked improvement. My strength returned and I was no longer troubled with fainting spells. In six months time with this treatment I gained fifteen pounds, taking in all eight boxes of the Pills. Today I am a well man and I owe my complete recovery to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

These pills cure not by purging the system as do ordinary medicines, but by enriching the blood and strengthening the nerves. They cure rheumatism, sciatica, locomotor ataxia, paralysis, heart troubles, erysipelas and all forms of weakness. Ladies will find them an unrivalled medicine for all ailments peculiar to the sex; restoring health and vigor, and bringing a rosy glow to pale and sallow cheeks. There is no other medicine "just as good." See that the full name, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, is on every package you buy. If your dealer does not have them, they will be sent post paid at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, New York.

Spain's Secret of Success.

El Don Juan Ponce de Leon,
A knight of sunny Spain,
Left Palos town long years ago
And crossed the raging main.

The fountain of eternal youth,
Historians agree,
Was what brave Ponce sought in lands
Beyond the trackless sea.

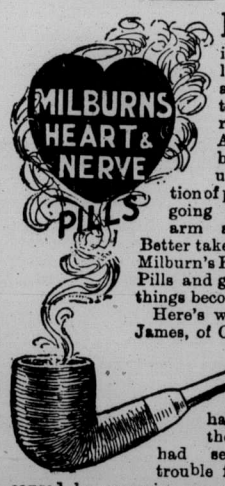
But modern research oft disproves
The dictum of these men,
And now we know without a doubt
He sought a fountain pen.

He found it, too, and sailed back home,
The dons all learned to write,
And never from that day to this
Have Spaniards lost a fight.
—New York World.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Some people are never satisfied until they find out something that makes them dissatisfied.

TOBACCO HEART.



HAVE you been smoking a good deal lately and feel an occasional twinge of pain round your heart Are you short of breath, nerves unhinged, sensation of pins and needles going through your arm and fingers? Better take a box or two of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and get cured before things become too serious.

Here's what Mr. John James, of Caledonia, Ont., has to say about them: "I have had serious heart trouble for four years, caused by excessive use of tobacco. At times my heart would beat very rapidly and then seemed to stop beating only to commence again with unnatural rapidity.

"This unhealthy action of my heart caused shortness of breath, weakness and debility. I tried many medicines and spent a great deal of money but could not get any help.

"Last November, however, I read of a man, afflicted like myself, being cured by Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I went to Roper's drug store and bought a box. When I had finished taking it I was so much better I bought another box and this completed the cure. My heart has not bothered me since, and I strongly recommend all sufferers from heart and nerve trouble, caused by excessive use of tobacco, to give Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills a fair and faithful trial."

Price 50c. a box or 3 boxes for $1.25, all druggists. T. Milburn & Co., Toronto, Ont.

LAXA-LIVER PILLS cure Constipation, Biliousness and Dyspepsia. Price 25c.

Kidney Trouble
FOR YEARS.

Nothing did Mr. R. E. Pitt any good until he got
Doan's Kidney Pills.

Throughout the County of Leeds and the Town of Brockville there is no medicine spoken so highly of for all kinds of Kidney Diseases as Doan's Kidney Pills. As Canada's pioneer kidney pill, introduced by Mr. James Doan, of Kingsville, Ont., in 1885, they stand to-day far superior to all the imitations and substitutes that have been offered the public in their stead.

Mr. R. E. Pitt, the well-known contractor and builder, voices these sentiments when he says, "I have had kidney trouble for years. I had tried numerous remedies without much relief, and had given up my back as gone for good, but since using Doan's Kidney Pills the result has been marvellous! The pain is all gone. I feel like a new man, and can highly testify to the virtues of Doan's Kidney Pills."

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold by all dealers or sent by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents a box or 3 boxes for $1.25. The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

Her Sure Reward.

Now goes the merry summer maid
Upon her faithful wheel—
Her face assumes a crimson shade,
Her nose begins to peel.

She may not win a ducal crown
Or e'en a common man,
But proudly she'll bring back to town
A lovely coat of tan.
—New York Herald.

Vaudevillany.

The Gentleman With the Green Whiskers—My father lived in the same house for ten years.

The Gentleman With the Bald Wig—How did he git out?—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Does it Pay to Get an
ALEXANDRA CREAM SEPARATOR?

With an Alexandra Cream Separator 10 cows will make 12 lbs more butter in a week than with any system of "setting" milk, as hundreds of our customers can and will testify. Twelve lbs butter per week at 15 cents (average price) for 42 weeks is $75.60—the price of a separator suitable for 12 or 14 cows. Hence in one year the separator will SAVE its cost, and you have a machine good for ten years with ordinary care. In addition to this you save labor, make a quality of butter that will command a higher price, and have skimmed milk with the natural heat in it to feed calves. "There is money in calves."

For herds over 20 buy "The Melotte," the best disc machine made, cleanest skimmer and easiest to turn of all large capacity Cream Separators. For particulars apply to

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That should be found in every well regulated household:

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UNLESS YOU DRINK

HEALTH COFFEY

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A 25 CENT PACKAGE MAKES 100 CUPS.

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TEA TEA TEA TEA TEA TEA

Poor teas contain the most tannin. Tannin is injurious and makes these teas harsh and astringent—affecting the alimentary system like lye. Tea experts cannot extract the tannin from the tea. The leaf for Monsoon Indo-Ceylon Tea is picked fresh, in saptime, before tannin is developed—and this assures its perfection.

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I Must have the genuine, The imitations look very nice, but they hurt my delicate SKIN.
THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO'Y.

BOVRIL

Is a condensed food, capable of preserving physical strength

Through Any Physical Strain

And is equally valuable to those requiring to use

GREAT MENTAL STRAIN.

It has no equal for giving

Strength to the Invalid

And it will agree with the weakest stomachs. Get it from your druggist or grocer and test its value.

For the Bath, the Laundry or in the Sick Room

There's Nothing Equals

Richards' Pure Soap

... IT'S THE BEST ...

Be sure you get RICHARDS'. Sold by all grocers, or write D. Richards, Woodstock, Ontario, giving your full address, and I will return you FREE an Illustrated Book.

—Don't raise a Dust.—
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All Floors, Carpets and Rugs.
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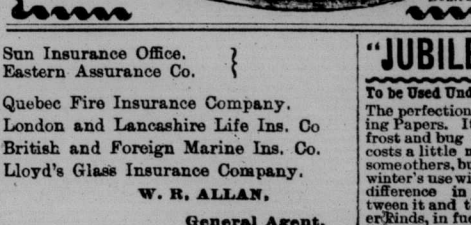

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General Agent,
Winnipeg

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The perfection of Building Papers. It is water, frost and bug proof. It costs a little more than some others, but one cold winter's use will save the difference in cost between it and the cheaper kinds, in fuel bills. It is false economy to use "cheap" paper, because it don't keep out the cold. Get a sample of the "Jubilee" Brand and compare it with the others—you can see then why it's the best and cheapest in the world. Will save you chopping wood, and fuel bills. Write for free samples.

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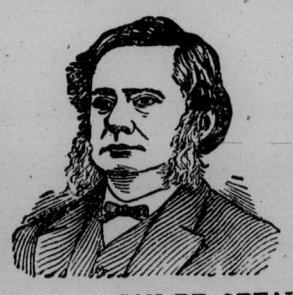

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DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT.

To men suffering from any Weakness I have a little book which is sent sealed, Free. Every young, middle-aged and old man should read it. Address:

DR. D. T. SANDEN,
132 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL.

W. N U. 187

CARDSTON RECORD.

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Wednesday at Cardston.

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Editor and Proprietor.

Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

THE EDITOR does not assume responsibility for the views or statements expressed by any of THE RECORD'S contributors.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance.

Advertising Rates on application.

In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisements they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, all advertisments will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

In case a subscriber does not receive THE RECORD weekly, notice should be sent to the publication office, Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta, when the complaint will be thoroughly investigated.

Cardston, October 12, 1898.

WE welcome the Cardston (Alberta, Canada) Record to our X table.—Washington County (Utah) News.

THE Dreyfus case is to be re-heard It is right that it should be. We are of the opinion that Dreyfus is guiltless.

THE noted actress, Fanny Devenport, is dead. Many times have we been entertained by her artistic performance.

It is always sad to witness the passing away of so mueh talent.

THE international joint high commissioners at Quebec are doing some good business these days. The lumber queston is practically settled alrerdy and many other very important questons will probably be settled on a broad, equitable basis.

GENERAL Green, commander of the land forces which caused the surrender of Manila, says the Utah volunteers, many with whom we are personally acquainted, were the "bravest of the brave" in the recent battles in the Philippines.

GENERAL Kitchener, commanding the Anglo-Egyptian expedition, after establishing posts at Fashoda, returned to Cndurman The General's successful bravery should be rewarded by Her Majest raising him to the peerage.

IN the States the people are just now recovering from the excitement of war. As they are stil in that convalescent state, the agitation of political elections all over the States crowds itself upon the heels of the disturbing eliments of war and its disagreeable accompaniments. In their moods as a people the Americans do not differ greatly from the French. They both take great pleasure in anything that will give them a few fleeting moments of exhilarating excitement.

Today the people of France are in the throes of the Dreyfus affair, while the people of America are in a cloud of political perturbation.

We people of calm Canada can observe with cool consideration the ruffled state of affairs in the countries of our cousins.

Following is a list of the publications for sale at Snow's Store:

Review of Reviews (Am.)
Cosmopolitan
Munsey Maga.
Success
McClures Maga.
Nickell
Argosy
New Illustrated
Puritan
Strand
Wide World
Review of Reviews (Eng)
Canadian Maga.
Metropolitan
Judge
Puck
Squibbs
Tit Bits
Vanity Fair
N. Y. World
Broadway Maga.
Quaker

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Sid Pratt was in town on Friday.

Are the ballots still in Cardston?

Are the prohibitionists satisfied?

Ezra Hanson was in town last week,

Mrs. Wm. Sheffield left for Utah on Thursday.

Miss Susie Wood is improving rapidly, we are pleased to say.

DeWilt Card does the freighting for the Co-op now.

Work on the addition to the Meeting House will be pushed.

FOR SALE: MODEL 1 IMPROVED HAND PRESS. Chase 5x8.*

Hunting is now all the rage. Geese, chickens and ducks are numerous.

A. J Gay's dwelling is assuming definate shape. It is a credit to Cardston.

Sylvester Low does some very good work in the photographic line.

The street and side walk in front of the Hotel de Woolf has been much improved.

Born.—On the 1st Oct. to the wife of Frank Brown, a daughter. All well.

Robt. Ramsbottom visited Niels Hansen at his ranch several days last week.

When you want anything in their line, go to the Cardston Tin shop, and patronize home industry.

J. A. Anderson & sons raised 3,600 bushels of grain this year.

Mr. Needham was unable to attend to his work at the Co-op part of last week, the cause being sickness.

It is understood that the Territorial elections will take place about 30th instant, or before end of month.—Alberta Tribune.

We hear that the post office will be moved into the new quarters about 1, Nov. The change will probably be a great improvement.

A large pile of lumber is now on the ground near the foundation of the purposed Kearl Hotel. That's the kind of enterprise. Push it along!

The Cardston Co., Ltd., are having some old buildings in the rear of their store removed in order to make room for contemplated improvements.

From John A Reid, Queen's Printer for the Territories, we have received a "Statement of the Public Accounts of the N. W. T. for the Financial Year ending Aug. 31, 1897."

Corp. Bolderson returned from Calgary last Wednesday. He says Calgary is apparently the most prosperous place he has visited for many a day.

Andrew Archibald, manager of the Cardston Dramatic Association, is working like a beaver to get hings in shape for the presentation of a play in the near future. Such commendible undertakings should receive the hearty support of all.

The Department of the Interior wishes to advise that it has been decided not to take action against any person who may be found grazing sheep without permission in that portion of the District East of St. Mary's and South of the Belly Rivers.
(Signed). A. Ross-Cuthbert, Insp.
Commanding Macleod District.

It is rumored that Prohibition has been defeated in Ontario. It has also been defeated at Macleod and Okotoks. In Calgary owing to a large number of electors not having polled, the Prohibitionists had a majority of 31.—Alberta Tribune.

WANTED—Carpenter for a couple days work at THE RECORD Office.

Corporal Balderson who is in charge at Cardston, is in town today on a visit to old friends.—Calgary Herald.

We wish some of our young people would hurry up and get married so that we could print them some nice wedding cards.

W. H. Cottingham, of Lethbridge, Dominion Land Agent, was in Cardston a few days last week. While here he was the guest of Pres. C. O. Card.

NOTICE—A dance will be given in the Kearl Hall on Friday evening Oct. 21st. Music by Thomas Orchestra. Everybody envited.*

A 15 pound turnip is the latest cardston product which has been brought to this office. It is a monster, and was grown on James May's farm south of town. Mr. May also sent us some fine large specimin onions, one of which weighed eighteen ounces.

For Sale.

50 head Cattle, mostly milk cows. Ranch, 160 acres, mostly meadow. Two room house. 35 tons of Hay.
HYRUM HANSEN, Ætna.

There is some remissness at the Lethbridge post office, the Cardston post office or at the Lethbridge News office, as we do not receive that paper with any regularity whatever.

Mr. C. A. Magrath, M. L. A., who has been out with the Irrigation Survey party for the past week or so, returned to town on Tuesday.—Lethbridge News.

Mr. R. F. Reeve, manager of the Bank of Montreal, with his bride, returned from their wedding trip on Friday morning's train.—Lethbridge News.

E. Harker, sheep rancher of Cardston brought up on Saturday 70 fat sheep for Burns. He expected to get a car load of Shropshire rams back with him but was not successful.—Calgary Herald.

The North West government will build two steel bridges in South Alberta, one over the Kootenai at the Stand Off crossing, and one over Willow creek on the Calgary-Macleod trail.

The following names were added to our rapidly growing subscription list during the last few days; M. Holm, Colles; J. Leavitt, J. Quinton, H. R. Sloan, J. L. Smith, H. Williams, Wm. Blackmore, John Ferman, Andrew Gregson, all of Cardston; Ida Irene Snow, Washington, D .C; J .M. Webster, West Jordon, Utah; Mrs. Bert Talbot, Wilford, Idaho; C. A. Magrath, M. L. A., Lethbridge; Dr. M. W. Snow, Logan, Utah; and still they come.

Mr. Fisher, who has been in the Bank of Montreal here for the past two months, during the absence of Messrs. Blomfield and Reeve on their wedding trips left for Calgary on Friday night's train.—Lethbridge News.

"Advertising is no longer an experiment, no longer an undeveloped theory. Like electricity and many other powers and forces of which men feared to risk the danger of handling, advertising has become the mighty lever of successful trade and commerce."

J. Young's wife presented him with a babygirl one day last week. All well.—cardston Record.

If that is Joseph Young formerly residing here we wish to congratulate him and so do his many relatives.—Manti Messenger.

Mrs. James C. Cahoon Jr., who has been here for some months visiting with her sick mother gave birth to a baby boy Sunday morning. Grandpa cahoon informs us that mother and child are well and before a great while another cahoon will be added to Cardston, canada where the father of the child is comfortably located.—Manti (Ut.) Messenger.

Mr. Forshee, a cattleman who came in round cardston last summer, and who has about 90 head of thoroughbred shorthorns, went down to Winnipeg during the exhibition and purchased a couple of young prize shorthorn bulls. They arrived here on Wednesday morning and were taken out to the vicinity of Mountain View, where the herd will be wintered. Mr. Forshee has not yet decided on a location, but will visit all parts of this district and probably East ern Assiniboia before permanently locating.—Lethbridge news.

LOUIS DE ROUGEMONT.

Being published in the Wide World Magazine is "a narrative of the most amazing experiences a man ever lived to tell."

Rougemont was ship-wrecked some thirty years ago, and for three years the unfortunate man remained alone upon a desolate island, and for about thirty years he lived with the Australian aborigines. The adventures of this wonderful man read like fiction.

Think of living alone upon a desolate island for three years! And then residing with cannibal for almost thirty years!

To give our readers only a brief summary of the man's marvelous adventures and hair-breadth escapes from death, would neccessitate our taking up of too much valuable space.

In case, however, there are any people in Cardston who do not think wonderful things are occurring in our day and age, they should read "The Adventures of Louis de Rougemont."

C. E. Snow has the agency for the Montreal Family Herald & Weekly Star. Only $1.00 a year.

NOTICE
TO
STOCK-RAISERS.

Arrangements have been made by this Department whereby stock-raisers and farmers in the Territories can import, under Government supervision, thoroughbred cattle purchased from breeders Ontario, at a uniform cost of Five Dollars per head for transportation to by rail from point, including cars on journey.

Particulars as to conditions under which such importation will be made, may be obtained by applying to the undersigned.

By Order
Chas. W. Peterson
Deputy Commissioner.

Department of Agriculture,
Regina, N. W. T.

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

THE RECORD is for sale at G. W Robinson & Co.'s at Lethbridge.

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50 *

The Bank opens at ten o'clock a. m. and closes at three o'clock p. m.*

Insure your home. C. E. Snow has the agency for several fire insurance companies. †

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends. 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

FOR SALE: Four room house Good well water. Nice location. Enquire at RECORD office, next to Bank. ‡

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

Are you interested in this country? Are you interested in Cardston? Do you care anything for Canada? If you do, you will subscribe for your home paper—THE RECORD.*

The Deseret Semi-Weekly News for one year and THE RECORD for one year $3.50. Both papers for a year, only $3.50.

Remember that THE RECORD is now published on Wednesdays instead of Saturdays as formerly.

What very nearly resulted in a fatal accident occurred Thursday morning in H. S. Allen & Co's store. Miss Lettie Thomas, a new clerk, fell about twelve feet through a trap door into the cellar. When carried back to the store she was in a semi-conscious condition, and it looked very much as if the young lady was severely injured. She was taken home in a buggy, and upon examination it was ascertained that the injury was not so serious as at first feared, the fall having strained the young lady's back and, of couarse, more or less upsetting her nervious system. When last we heard of her she was improving favorably.

Latter Day Saints' Services.

Bishop J. A. Hammer presided. Singing. Prayer by B. O. Benson. Sacrament administered by Elders Robt. Beck and D. Wilcox,

Elder Wm. Wood was the first speaker. Spoke upon the Kingdom of God and of the laws of adoption, showing the necessity of becoming acquainted with these laws and characteristics of God's Kingdom. Refered to the character of Jesus and His teaching as being exemplary unto all man kind. Our characters shouldbe made up of the characteristics that Jesus obtained to become fit subjects and representatives of the Kingdom of God. Spoke of the fruits of the Gospel as taught by the Saviour, following in these last day's and of continued revelation being necessary for the continuance of the Gospel of Jesus Christ. Exhorted the Saints to come forward and to help in building up this Kingdom. If we are called by the servants of God to perform a labor it is just as necessary for us to perform that duty as if we received a call direct from God.

Bishop J. A. Hammer desired the assistance of the people in its completion of the new addition which must he said, be completed by the 20th of next month.

Singing. Benediction by Elder Eph. Harker.

C. T. Marsden Jr. was in town yesterday.

Elevate Cardston into a village under the ordinance.

Canadian postage on first class matter should be reduced,

J. B. Marsden was in from the McIntyre Ranch yesterday.

"Cardston needs fifty more carpenters," said a promiment citizen the other day.

NOTICE—Parties owing THE RECORD for advertisments and subscriptions will confer a favor by settling their accounts this month as we have bills of our own which must be paid at once.

We will publish interesting communication from missionaries who are laboring in Manitoba and elsewhere. Send us accounts of your experiences, gentlemen.

MURDER!

We are killing previous prices on all **Books.**

Every book in our store now on sale at 50% off.

Buy your books now at

Snow's Store

Robt. Ibey,
Agent for the
Singer Sewing Machine Co.
Best in the world.

Get your HAIR cut
AT
Campbell's
- Tonsorial Parlors. -

BERT TALBOT.
Lumber, Shingle and Planing Mills.
Mill on Belly River.
Cardston, - - - Alberta.

R. C. BECK.
Contractor & Builder.
All work neatly executed, and Satisfaction Guaranteed.
CABINET WORK A SPECIALTY.

Livery, Feed & Sale Stables
Kearl & Sharp, Props.
Good outfits furnished at all hours.
Rates Reasonable.

Restaurant
North of Stable.
MEALS ON SHORT ORDERS.
Kearl & Sharp.

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.
All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.
Cardston. . . . . Alberta.

C. O. CARD,
SUB AGENT
FOR
DOMINION LANDS,
ALSO AGENT FOR
RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY
. . . AND . . .
PRIVATE LANDS.
Office Hours: 9 to 4.

I pay cash for BEEF CATTLE. See me before completing a sale.
J. W. Woolf.

J. G. GOLD
Mountain View, - - - - - - Alta.
Has **LIME** for Sale.

Gay & Wight,
Contractors & Builders.
Estimates given on all kinds of work free. We have expert workmen that we send out in the country to do work at short notice.
Don't forget our black smith and wagon shop. We have the best material money can buy, and we guarantee our workmanship. On shop in town where you can get 1 Steel Buggie tires.
Machinery Repaired and Refitted.
Thanking the public for their past patronage and asking the continuation of the same.
Yours respectfully.
Gay & Wight.

Samuel Cox,
Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting, & Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
CARDSTON. . . ALBERTA.

BLACKSMITH SHOP.
The undersigned wishes to inform the public that he is opening a shoeing shop in his old stand.
HORSE SHOEING A SPECIALTY.
L. F. Bonnell.

NOTICE.

The undersigned gives notice to all whose accounts have not been settled for about a year passed, that all such accounts must be settled within 30 days or they will be placed in the hand of a collector.
Oct. 5, 1898. WM. WOOD.

LETHBRRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.

Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7:30 o'clock, a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays,
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $3.00; Round trip, $5.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.
MERCER & McCARTY PROPS.

The RECORD & Montreal Family Herald & Weekly Star, one year for $2.75.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1898. NO. 12.

MORMONISM GROWING IN EAST.

(Special to The World.)

Chambersburg, Pa., Oct, 1.—An important conference of Mormon elders and missionaries to discuss the progress of the propoganda which the Latter Day Saints have been making in the Eastern States began in this county to-day.

Fifty elders and missionaries were present who have been working all over the Eastern States and who are in charge of Elder A. P. Kessler, Brooklyn, N. Y., President of the Eastern States Mission.

Their reports all claimed steady progress and many hundreds of converts, especially among the poorer classes in the large cities.

Elder Eber E. Farr, who has been working in Mexico; Elder Devy from Wales, and Elder Snow, from Sweden, said steady gains were being made by Mormonism in those countries. Several missionaries who speak Spanish will be sent to Cuba and Porto Rico as soon as peace is fully established.

The Mormon preachers here today are indignant over the charges made by the Presbytery of Utah that there was a secret agreement made by the Mormons to resume the practice of polygamy within three years after they were admitted to Statehood, and that violations of the law are winked at by the heads of the church.—New York World.

LICENSE LAWS.

Now that the excitement of the plebiscite is over, it would be well for the various provinces to look after the enforcement of their liquor licensing acts. While there are laws regulating the sale of liquors, they are not carried out very closely, the public as a rule winking at small infringements, and the police following their example. If these laws are not to be enforced what was the use of passing them.

We are glad to see that some of the candidates for the Assembly have stated that if returned they will endeavor to have the laws enforced. Such gentlemen should receive the support of those who, while not faddists, desire to see the excesses of the liquor trade repressed.—Alberta Tribune.

A NEW AIRSHIP.

The Weiner Journal says that a company has been formed with a capital of 500,000 florins to exploit Count Zeppelin's airship in one of its first undertakings to cross the Atlantic. Count Zeppelin is confident that he will be able to make the trip across the Atlantic in four days.

The apparatus consists of a long cylinder, containing a number of balloons, arranged upon the principle of the water-tight compartment of ships. The aerial vessel is steered by paddlew heels, driven by electricity. It is asserted by the inventor that the experiments of the airship have been perfectly successful and that it is easily capable of travelling eight days without landing.

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for

THE Record. READ IT.

Subscribe Now!

ALBERTA

presents a diversified and picturesque appearance. The surface rolling from undulating open prairie on the east to the partially timbered foothills and peaks of the Rocky Mountains on the west.

Numerous streams of pure water abounding in fish, rise in the mountains and foothills and run east and north through this territory.

Pine and spruce timber, suitable for houses, stables etc., is easily obtainable in the foothills and mountain valleys on western limit of tract.

Coal, the fuel of the future in this as in other countries is found cropping out in seams from two to twelve feet thick on nearly all streams. And this, coupled with the fact that coal in car lots shipped from the big mines can be obtained at railway stations, insures settlers a good supply of cheap fuel.

The soil is a rich loam, with a clay subsoil that will grow anything suitable to the climate.

The grass is luxuriant up to the crown of the highest foothills, and during the bright autumn weather it gradually cures and furnishes splendid feed during the winter. It is practically well cured hay standing up on end.

Cattle graze out all the year round. The fact that cattle, which have never been under cover of any kind, are shipped direct from these ranges to the English market, where they command the highest prices current, proves conclusively that the condition of climate, pasturage, water, etc., must be exceptionally good. It is an undisputed fact that Alberta is the finest stock raising country in the world.

Owing to the varied nature of the surface of this territory, the intending settler or investor can select land to suit his own ideas. If he inclines to grain farming he can homestead and buy even and oddnumbered sections, and have a field two miles north and south, by one mile east and west, with a sixty-six foot road allowance all round, every foot of it can be ploughed in furrows one of two miles long to suit his fancy.

If he inclines to mixed farming he can locate in some of the numerous valleys among the foothills where he can get bottom or valley land for cultivation, and upland ranges in the surrounding hills for horses, cattle or sheep.

ALBERTA IS GOING AHEAD.

The crops in 1897 were most satisfactory, the yield per acre being very heavy and prices good.

Cattle also did well, and there was a demand for them, at prices that pleased the ranchmen and the farmer, for all obtainable.

Dairying is becoming a leading feature of the district, settlers being greatly benefitted by government creameries and by those erected by private enterprise.

Settlers have a market for all they can raise.

CARDSTON.

Shoe shop.

Barber shop.

Meat market.

Livery stables.

Skillful physician.

Blacksmith shops.

A flourishing bank.

Hotel and boarding house.

The best cereal-raising soil in the world.

Good schools and better ones in prospect.

Many tributary settlements which act as feeders.

Clear, pure and palatable drinking water fresh from the mountain brooks.

Numerous comfortable residences, commodious dancing hall and private business houses.

Numerous flourishing business houses such as banking and general merchandise and stationery stores.

Lee's creek, affording excellent and almost unlimited water power for all kind of manufacturing establishments.

THE RECORD, a local newspaper which will always be found bright, progressive, and a friend to Southern Alberta in particular and Western Canada in general.

The Record.

$2.00

IN MANITOBA.

BRANDON, Sept. 28th. 1898—
To the Editor of the RECORD:

As we share in the pleasure given by the letters from our Elders making known their varied experiences in the Missionary fields throughout the world, we trust that a few words concerning the Manitoba Mission will not be unappreciated by our Co-laborers and the Saints at home.

According to appointment the Elders laboring in this Province gathered in Brandon on the 24th. inst. and held a brief Council Meeting as to the plan of procedure during our Conference on the two days following. Notice of our three Conference Meetings to be held in the Foresters Hall had been duly given through the news papers of the town and the appointments were filled as follows.

On Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock after a spirited hymn upon the street the congregation was addressed by Elder W. W. Cooper who spoke upon the "Personality of God" and Elder A. M. Merkley who treated upon Faith and Repentance"

During the evening Service Elder Frank May spoke forcibly upon the Necessity, Mode and Object of Baptism" and was followed by Elder J. G. Stewart on the "Bestowal of the Holy Ghost and Athority.

The Monday evening was unfortunate in being appointed at the same hour eight p. m. as the Prohibition meeting, Canada being at present in the throes of a Plebiscite campaign looking to the legal abandonment of the "liquor traffic." However a very attentive gathering listened to Elder Social Rolph discourse upon the "Apostacy" Elder Sterling Williams, concluding the meeting by treating briefly the subject "Restoration of the Gospel."

The public meetings, though not as largely attended as those of the preceding Conference three months ago, were characterized by good order, strict attention and a plain yet powerful presention of the Gospel plan.

The Priesthood meeting was held on Tuesday afternoon at five o'clock the Elders reported their various fields of labor and expressed themselves as greatly encouraged and trengthened by the Conference. Instructions were given by the Conference President W. S. Baxter and Elder S. Williams upon some points in connection with the duties of the Elders in their future labors. Elder W. W. Cooper was released from his Manitoba appointment in order to carry the Gospel Message to his relatives in Great Britian.

The following day Elders J. G. Stewart and Social Rolph departed for Hartney having the southwestern portion of the Province as their field and Elders A. M. Merkley and C. F. Jensen Jr. leaving for Carberry to labor in the eastern part of the Conference. Elder W. S. Baxter and Frank May leave shortly for a trip to the north and east of Minnedosa while Elders W. W. Cooper and S. Williams are at present in Brandon.

There are many of the honest in heart in this land but the Gospel message of the Latter Day Saints is yet new to its inhabitants, the majority of whom are yet prejudiced against the work of God through the misrepresentations of the pulpit and the press.

It is the seed time at present and the Elders look for the harvest of souls in the future when the mists of prejudice and ignorance have been dissipated by the Glorious sun light of eternal truth through the labors of the faithful Elders of the Church of Christ.

Your Brother in the cause of truth.

W. S. Baxter.

Conference President.

Deseret News and The Record one year for $3.50

BRIEF RESUME
= of =
CANADIAN HISTORY
From 1497 to 1898.

Very Short and to the Point.

FAMILIARIZE YOURSELF WITH ALL THAT APPEARS IN THIS COLUMN EACH WEEK.

Having lived in this district more than three years, we are acquainted with the majority of inhabitants, and to a greater or less degree, have a knowledge respecting their uninformed condition as to the laws and history of Canada. We, therefore, purpose publishing, serially, in a portion of this column, each week, a Short History of Canada from 1497 to 1898, together with Statistical Items of general interest.

The Robinson Treaties with the Indians of the northern shores of Lakes Huron and Superior concluded. (The main features of these treaties. viz.:—Annuities, reserves of land and liberty to fish on the domains of the Crown not alienated—have been followed in the subsequent treaties.)

1851 Transfer of the control of the postal system from the British to the provincial governments and adoption of a uniform rate of postage, viz.: 3 pence per 1-2 ounce. The use of postage stamps was also introduced. First submarine cable laid in Canada between New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island, 10 miles long. Population of Upper Canada. 952,004; of Lower Canada, 890,261; of New Brunswick, 193,800, and of Nova Scotia, 276,854. Responsible Government granted by Imperial Parliament to Prince Edward Island. Young Men's Christian Association organized in Montreal; first in America.

1852. Commencement of the Grand Trunk Railway. Trinity College, Toronto, opened.

1853. The number of members in the Legislative Assembly was increased from 84 to 130, being 64 from each province.
May 9. First ocean steamer arrived in Quebec.

1854. January 27. Main line of the Great Western Railway opened for traffic. Abolition of Seignorial Tenure in Lower Canada and settlement of the Clergy Reserve question. June 5. Reciprocity Treaty with the United States signed at Washington. (It provided for mutual rights of fishing in certain Canadian and American waters for free interchanges of the products of the sea, the soil, the forest and the mine; it allowed Americans the use of the St. Lawrence River and Canadians canals on the same terms as British subjects, and gave to Canadians the right to to navigate Lake Michigan. The Treaty was proclaimed by the President of the United States on the 16th March, 1855, at which date it came into operation. It was to last 10 years. First screw steamer from Liverpool to the St Lawrence River.

1855. Opening of the Niagara Suspension Bridge.

1856. The Legislative Council of the Province of Canada was made an elective chamber.
Allan Steamship Line commenced regular fortnightly steam service between Canada and Great Britain.
Submarine Cable laid between Cape Brenton Island and Newfoundland.
First meeting of Legislature of Vancouver Island.

1857. March 12. Desjardins Canal Railway accident, 70 lives lost.

1858. Adoption of the decimal system of currency. Selection by the Queen of the city of Ottawa as the capital of the Dominion and permanent seat of Government. Atlantic cable laid between England and Nova Scotia.
Representative Institution granted to mainland of British Columbia. April: Gold found in British Columbia.
September. Gold found in Tangier River, Nova Scotia.

(CONTINUED NEXT WEEK.)

Subscribe for THE RECORD.

Ladies

Go to **H. S. Allen & Co.**

For Capes & Jackets; Children's & Misses Wraps; Dress Goods; (A fine line.) General Dry Goods. Largest and Best assorted stock ever shown in Cardston.

Gentlemen

Go to **H. S. Allen & Co.**

For Dress Suits; Working Suits; Waterproof overcoats; Pea Jackets; Gent's Furnishings & Fall & Winter goods. Double the quantity ever shown before. Our values are up, our prices down.

C. Edgar Snow, Banker,

Cardston, - - - Alberta.

1895 1898

A general banking business transacted.

Go to the CARDSTON CO. Ltd.

For your Winter supplies. See our Winter Goods—Furs and Millinery and you will say they are the Best for the money.

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The People's Store!

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Wednesday, Oct. 5.

Two Indians were drowned in Rainy river.

A Yukon miner reports the finding of nugget.

Yellow fever is epidemic at Jacksonville, Fla.

Lord Herschell was banquetted by the Quebec bar.

A Kingston boy stabbed another in a dispute over some nuts.

Winnipeg inland revenue collections for September exceed $40,000.

It is reported that a revision of the Dreyfus case is assured.

William Deloune, of Ottawa, is charged with murdering his wife.

The Tradesmen's National Bank, of New York, is in difficulty.

Mr. Dryden was renominated by the Liberals of South Ontario.

The evacuation of Spanish troops from Porto Rico is almost complete.

Mrs. Sparling, of Shawville, Ont., is accused of poisoning her husband.

Over twenty-five per cent. of the U. S. soldiers in Porto Rico are sick.

The Crow's Nest Pass railway has been completed to Kootenay Lake.

The United States battleship Illinois was launched at Newport News, on Tuesday.

The Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Boston, were entertained at Quebec.

One hundred people were drowned in the Indus river, India, by the capsizing of a ferry.

Hackett beat Johnson, the Vancouver oarsman, easily in their race at Rat Portage.

A conflict between Indians and U. S. troops at Bear Island, Minn., is hourly expected.

The Dominion Alliance will urge the Dominion government to enact prohibitory legislation.

It is reported that Great Britain and Russia have reached an understanding in the Chinese question.

The general convention of the Episcopal church of the United States will open at Washington to-day.

The Bear Island (Minn.) Indians refuse to surrender and a fight is imbones and tusks of mastadons.

Tuesday, Oct. 4.

A heavy fall of snow is reported at Birtle

Typhoid fever is prevalent at Ottawa.

The Quebec conference is making good progress.

Lord Herschell was banqueted by the bar of Montreal.

Two U. S. warships have been ordered from Manila to China.

A lottery company has been inaugurated at Montreal.

Prospectors on Peace River have failed to find pay dirt.

Barbadoes will require £20,000 for immediate relief of distress.

An insane woman burned her four children to death at St. Severin, Que.

Canadian cigar makers are asking for higher duties on imported cigars.

The Chinese crisis may result in the occupation of Pekin by the powers.

Latest plebiscite returns make the total majority for prohibition 11,636.

Henry George Jr., declines nomination for governor of New York.

A clearing house has been established at Vancouver.

Montreal customs receipts increased $754,000 during the past three months.

A Tennessee vendetta resluted in the killing of five men.

The rules regarding foreign decorations do not apply to papal medals.

A new reduction works is being built at Norman, Rat Portage.

Matthew Quay, U. S. senator, is charged with misusing state funds.

The Free Press' London correspondent reports intensely hot weather in September.

Hon. Mr. Sifton says no charges against Yukon officials have reached his department.

Winter camps of instruction for the U. S. army will be established in the Middle States.

Alphonse Leclair was murdered on the Teslin trail by Xavier Lauzon, and the murderer was killed by his companions.

The British foreign office discredits reports of the death of the Emperor of China.

It is rumored that Senator Dandurand will be appointed lieutenant-governor of the Territories.

Sir William Van Horne arrived in Winnipeg on Monday, en route to the Pacific coast.

Yukon miners at Ottawa are asking for a rearrangement of the royalty on gold.

The Ancient and Honorable Artillery company, of Boston, are visiting Quebec city.

A fight between Indians and U. S. troops is expected at Leech Lake, Minn.

Monday, Oct. 3.

The Manitoba and Northwestern railway has been purchased by Toronto capitalists.

Conflicting reports are current of the death of the Emperor of China.

A serious anti-ritualistic agitation is in progress in England.

Emerson, an actor, charged with murder at London, Ont., was acquitted.

Attaches of the British legation at Pekin were attacked by a Chinese mob.

Aguinaldo says the United States should adhere to the Munro doctrine in dealing with the Philippines.

One McKay was shot by a young man named Kelly at Point Douglas.

Further reports of destructive forest fires come from Wisconsin and Colorado.

Colorado Springs, Col., is partially burned.

The C. P. R. will establish a steamship line between Vancouver and Vladivostock.

Rich gold discoveries are reported from Bear Lake, B. C.

Navigation of the Yukon has closed.

The work of the Victorian nurses at Dawson is highly commended by Colonel Evans.

Kwang Hsu will be succeeded by Prince Yin as Emperor of China.

Mr. Collingwood Schreiber will inspect the Crow's Nest Pass railway.

Arrangements for a peace congress, based upon the Czar's proposal are in progress.

Constable Lock, N. W. M. P., who shot Moore near Yorkton, was examined by the coroner's jury.

Saturday night's storm was general throughout Manitoba.

Snow is reported at Boissevain and Deloraine.

It is reported that Col. Picquart is seriously ill.

General Kitchener reached Fashoda just in time to save Major Marchand from hostile natives.

Friday, Sept. 30.

The Queen of Denmark is dead.

The schooner Capella foundered off Cape Flattery.

Sir William Van Horne is en route to Manitoba.

The powers have served an ultimatum on Turkey regarding Crete.

William Kingsford, Canada's most distinguished historian, is dead.

Robert Moore, shot by a policeman near Yorkton, Assa., is dead.

Lieut. Governor Cameron's funeral took place on Wednesday at Goderich.

Count Tolstoi reports that the Doukhobortsi will make good settlers for Canada.

The result of the plebiscite is a majority of 10,000 to 20,000 in favor of prohibition.

Forest fires are raging in Wisconsin —Five towns destroyed and five children burned to death.

A report is current in France that Germany has sent an ultimatum growing out of the Dreyfus case.

No public business can be transacted in the Territories until a successor to the deceased lieutenant governor is appointed.

CANADIAN NOTES.

Montreal, Sept. 28.—By the terms of the will of the late Michael McCready, of Montreal, his brother Bernard, of Ottawa, comes into a fortune of $100,000. The deceased left no family and willed the whole of his estate to his brother save a small annuity.

Montreal, Sept. 28.—Jean Baptiste Guillemain, convicted of the murder of Jean Baptiste Laplante, his uncle, entered St. Vincent de Paul penitentiary yesterday to serve a life sentence at the age of 20. He was to have been hanged on Friday on a unanimous verdict of the jury which tried him and found him guilty, but his sentence was commuted.

Ottawa, Sept. 28.—John Doyle, of Ferguson's Falls, near Perth, who has been at Dawson for two years, says the yarns about official corruption are the result of jealousy. He says any one who charges Fawcett with crookedness does not know what he is talking about.

Montreal, Sept. 28.—Arrangements for taking over most of the breweries in this district by an English syndicate are almost completed and a well known brewer leaves for England in a few days to close the deal. The breweries in the deal are Davies', the Canadian, Union, Ekers', Montreal and Star, Molson's and Dow's breweries will remain outside the combine.

Brisbane, Queensland, Sept. 28.—Hon. Joseph Byrnes, premier of Queensland, is dead. He was born here in 1860, and was formerly attorney-general and solicitor-general of Queensland.

Woodstock, Sept. 28.—Launcelot N. Middleton, alias Alex. McDonald, the alleged railway swindler and bigamist, was placed on trial this morning in the county judges' criminal court for Oxford on charges of bigamy and false pretences. He was found guilty and sentenced to seven years' imprisonment.

Fight With a Mountain Lion.

Vancouver, Oct. 4.—John Hanley is in a dying condition from a fight with a mountain lion at Harrison, a few miles from Vancouver. His dog treed the lion. Hanley shot it in the face and the brute sprang on him, smashing his gun and gashing him in a frightful manner. His faithful dog seized the lion by the leg. The lion turned on the dog, and was devouring it when Hanley seized the gun, and with a terrific blow, stunned the lion, and when in that condition battered its brains out, only to fall senseless, where he was found dazed and sorely wounded beside his faithful dead dog some hours after.

Accompanying the letter that brought the details to the city, was the skin of the monster mountain lion measuring between seven and a half and eight feet from "tip to tip," as the hunters say. The hero of the adventure is now lying at Harrison Hot Springs, recovering from the effects of his encounter. He is badly lacerated.

An Important Decision.

New York, Oct. 4. — George J. Gould, by a decision of the court of appeals rendered today, will be compelled to pay to the state the sum of $162,784 as a tax on a five million dollar bequest left him by his father, the late Jay Gould. The decision also declares that the estate of Jay Gould was not appraised ten millions in excess of its actual value, as was contended by the executors of the dead railroad king. The case is one of the most important decided by the court in many months. It has been at issue for years and in its disposition a precedent has been established which for the future will have great weight in the determination of cases arising under the taxation of transfers.

Basis of Settlement Arrived At.

Quebec, Oct. 4.—A basis of settlement between Canada and the United States has been arrived at in the matter of the Behring Sea and Atlantic inland fisheries. A report setting forth the conditons was presented to the commission today by chairmen of committees on these subjects, John W. Foster and Sir Louis Davies.

It's provisions are not definitely known, but it is believed the Canadian commissioners have decided to prohibit pelagic sealing on the payment of the indemnity to actual sealers by the United States. Today the rperesentatives of the Canadian piano and organ industries are here urging an increased duty of from 30 to 40 per cent on manufactured articles.

Prehistoric Remains.

Vancouver, Oct. 4.—More tales of mastodons come from Yukon, Alex. Stafford, of Lethbridge, Alberta, just returned, reports finding on his claim the tusks and bones of mammoths and mastodons. One pair of tusks that Stafford found were each nearly ten feet long and seven inches in diameter. On another claim, near by the hip bone of a great animal was found. The socket that has been empty probably for centuries, was like a soup bowl in size and about eight inches across the top.

THE CRISIS IN CHINA.

THE POWERS MAY DECIDE UPON OCCUPYING PEKIN.

German Warships Sail for Taku—The British Foreign Office Discredits Reports of Emperor's Death.

London, Oct. 3.—The British foreign office has no news of the death of the Emperor of China, and discredits the report.

Shanghai, Oct. 3.—The dowager empress has issued an edict in the name of the emperor, declaring that Kang Tu Wei, the Cantonese reformer, headed an attempt on the life of the dowager empress, and conspired to subvert the Manchu dynasty, in both of which he had been detected and his plans failed. Therefore, he and his partisans were traitors, and worthy of death.

London, Oct. 4.—The Pekin correspondent of the Daily Mail, telegraphing on Sept. 29, says that the emperor vainly tried to escape from the palace, but was arrested by the dowager's people. The correspondent also says that Chao Shu Chao, vice-president of the board of punishment, has been appointed to succeed Chang Y. Huan as director of the board of mines and railways.

London, Oct. 4.—A special dispatch from Shanghai says that telegrams from Pekin have been detained two days. The last telegram received according to this dispatch, announces that the foreign ministers held an emergency meeting. The German warships at Kiau Chau, it also stated, had started hurriedly for Ta Ku the day before.

Marquis Ito, who it is understood, is visiting China for the purpose of arranging an offensive and defensive alliance between China and Japan owing to the impossibility of prosecuting the negotiations during the crisis, has left Tien Tsin for Shanghai. The foreign ministers, it is said, forbade any foreign resident going to Pekin It is expected in Shanghai that the crisis will result in a joint occupation of Pekin by the powers.

The Tsung Li Yamen has demanded that Sir Claude Macdonald, the British minister, shall surrender Kang Yui. Yamantzu, leader of the rebellion in the Sze Chuen province, has issued a proclamation ordering the extermination of all foreigners.

DEATH OF DANISH QUEEN

The Royal Sufferer Passes Away Surrounded by Her Family.

Copenhagen, Sept. 29.—The Queen of Denmark died at 5.30 o'clock this morning.

London, Sept. 29.—A dispatch to the Times from Copenhagen gives the following description of the death of the Queen of Denmark: "The Kings of Denmark and Greece and the Princess of Wales alternately during many hours, held the hand of the dying queen, who, for a few moments recovered consciousness but could not speak. Her husband wept and the physicians requested him to retire to rest, but, he replied: "I will stay at least while the queen is conscious."

The Queen has been dangerously ill for several months, but an effort had been made to keep the condition of the royal sufferer from the public. Her daughter, the Princess of Wales, was summoned to Denmark in haste a few weeks ago.

Queen Louise of Denmark was born September 7th, 1817. She was the daughter of the Landgrave Wilhelm of Hesse-Cassel. She was married on May 26th, 1842, to Christian, fourth son of the late Duke Wilhelm of Schleswig-Holstein -Sonderburg-Gluckburg. Prince Christian, was appointed in succession of the crown of Denmark by the treaty of London on May 8th, 1852, and by the Danish law of succession on July 31, 1853. He succeeded to the throne as Christian IX on the death of King Frederick VII on November 15, 1863.

Everywhere flags are half-mast. The queen did not die of any special illness but of increasing decrepitude."

Strange Visitors.

Wichita, Kans., Oct 4. — Several hours before sunset last evening there began to arrive here, flying low, over the city, a cloud of insects comprising grasshoppers, wasps, bald hornets, several varieties of butterflies and bald bees, drifting slowly with the light breeze toward the southeast, the lowest flying being wasps and hornets, clustering in great numbers about the peaks and spiers of the higher buildings. The cloud of winged creatures extending into the air beyond the limits of vision overhead, was passing for hours. It is thought the insect visitation is due to the forest fires in Colorado. The insects, it is supposed, are being driven from their haunts in advance of the flmaes.

The Peace Commission.

London, Oct. 4.—The Paris correspondent of the Daily News says "The Spanish commissioners are coldly courteous and seemingly unflinching in their no-surrender attitude respecting the Phillippines. They apparently fully appreciate the difficulties of the Republican party in America regarding any mismanagement resulting in the natural desire to get the work of the commission concluded most speedily. These circumstances encourage the Spaniards to remain obdurate.

Yellow Jack in Florida.

Montgomery, Alta., Oct. 4.—State Health Officer Sanders yesterday received information of an epidemic of genuine yellow fever at Jacksonvillle, Fa. A state quarantine was immediately declared against Jacksonville and Sanders has gone there to investigate the nature of the fever.

Some people should take more pains to conceal what they know.

DR. M'EACHRAN ARRESTED.

Dominion Veterinary Inspector Charged With Endangering School Children.

Montreal, Oct. 4.—Dr. Duncan McEachran, Dominion veterinary inspector and dean of the faculty of comparative medicine of McGill university, who is an official of the Dominion government, has charge of the tuberculosis experimental station at Outremont, was arrested at noon today on a complaint of Wm. Harlam, representing the school commissioners of Outremont. The latter alleges that Dr. McEachran recently built a stable, where he treats animals afflicted with tuberculosis, and that the stable is situated only 15 feet from the Outremont school house, and is dangerous for the children attending school. He appeared at the police court and gave personal bail for his reappearance. Dr. McEachran says the building in Outremont in which the experiments are carried on was established by order of the government and sustained at government expense, while none but competent and expert surgeons did the work.

Klondiker Returned.

Vancouver, Oct. 4.—H. Maitland Kersey, formerly of the White Star line but now manager of the Canadian Development company, has returned from Dawson and gives a flattering opinion of the Klondike. He brought a fine collection of nuggets and gold dust. The collection was valued at about $25,000 and was partly owned by the Alaska Commercial company. The Canadian and Columbia, the steamers owned by Mr. Kersey's company, have had a very successful season on the Yukon, which of course is now over. While in Dawson Mr. Kersey met the representative of the French government who was sent out to inquire into the conditions and prospects of the Klondike. The latter stated that his report on Yukon would undoubtedly be very favorable and that as a result 3,000 men would come out from France and go to the Klondike next year.

Transport on Fire.

Santiago de Cuba, Oct. 4. — The United States transport Obdam, which left here on Sunday for New York with a large number of sick soldiers from Porto Rico on board, has returned with her bunkers on fire. The presence of fire was discovered yesterday at 10 in the morning, near the main hold which was at once flooded with tons of water, and a gang of men was put to work removing the ammunition, of which the ship carried a large supply. All the officers and soldiers who were well enough to do so, worked hard to extinguish the flames. Every means available is now being employed to extinguish the fire, and it is hoped she will be able to leave here again in three days' time. Surgeon Major Seaman reports all well on board.

An Island Swept Away.

Savannah, Georgia, Oct. 4.—Details from Brunswick and surrounding country are incomplete because of the prostration of the telegraph and telephone systems. Campbell island, twelve miles from Darien on the Altamaha river, is said to be completely swept away and only three persons succeeded in getting off the island. There is no definite information as to the population of the island and estimates of the number supposed to have perished there range from 20 to 50. The population was made up wholly of negro truck growers. The damage to property there is estimated at half a million dollars. News from outlying islands is not obtainable.

Stabbed His Chum.

Kingston, Oct. 4.—While two lads named Walker and Stoakes, aged about 14, were out on a nutting excursion, they quarrelled in the vicinity of Rideau stock farm, a couple of miles from the city. The dispute arose over the division of the hickory nuts collected. Walker stabbed Stoakes twice with a pocket knife, cutting him in the back and left side. The last mentioned wound, between lower ribs, is dangerous. The injured lad was conveyed to Rideau stock farm, where his wounds were dressed, after which he was taken home. No arrest is yet made. Stoakes is very weak from lost of blood.

Crime of an Old Man.

Ottawa, Oct. 4.—Wm. Delorme, aged 70, of 118 Pine street, Ottawa, was arrested last night by Detective Flanagan on a charge of wilfully murdering his wife, Matilda Delorme on the afternoon of Sept. 24th. Miss Arnold, a neighbor, swore at the coroner's inquest that she saw Delorme while intoxicated throw a tea pot and strike at some object not visible to her, subsequently Mrs. Delorme was found dead, the cause being ascribed to a clot of blood on the brain resulting from a bruise. Delorme pleaded not guilty in the police court this morning and was remanded.

Grain Freight Rates.

Winnipeg, Oct. 5.— Taking effect Oct. 10th the rates on the C. P. R. on bulk wheat from Fort William to Peterboro and stations west thereof on their line, will be seven cents per bushel. To stations east of Peterboro, south of and including Carleton Junction, Ottawa, and Montreal, the rate will be eight cents per bushel. Grain requiring elevator delivery at Montreal, is subject to elevator charges there in addition to the rate named.

One Hundred Drowned.

London, Oct. 4.—A special dispatch from Bombay says that a ferryboat was capsized today while crossing the Indus at Nittun-Kote, a town of the Punjamb, on the west bank of the river, and 109 of the passengers were drowned.

PARTED AT THE ALTAR

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY

Author of "When Lovely Maiden Stoops to Folly," "Lovers Once, Strangers Now," "When His Love Grew Cold," Etc., Etc.

CONTINUED.

CHAPTER IV.—REPENTING AT LEISURE.

The clock in the church tower struck the mid-night hour in slow, measured strokes, and Doris struggled up from her knees with a wild, panting cry, sobbing out:—

"When he returns he must not find me here."

Then in her bridal robes, without one backward glance, she stole from the vestry out into the cold, moonlit night.

The terrible revelation, as they turned away from the very altar, that her bridegroom had not married her for love, had almost turned poor Doris's brain; and her one mad thought was to set him free again; by seeking rest in the dark, cold water, and end it all.

Hurrying down the path, without one glance behind at the dimly-lighted old church, and the coach with the restless white horse standing before its door, she reached the brink of the bay, tipped by the golden, arrowy light of the stars. The tide was coming in. The water was rising higher and higher each moment, with the wavering moon-track across it. It would soon reach the rock where she stood, and sweep her away.

"No one cares what becomes of me," sobbed Doris, piteously. "What have I done that I should be so miserable and friendless? Life would have been so different if Frederick could only have loved me. Oh, it is so cruel, cruel! Heaven forgive me!" she cried. "I am so lonely, so desolate!"

"Doris!"

The sound of her own name startled her so she would have fallen backward from the rock on which she was standing, down into the seething water below, if a strong arm had not been put out hurriedly and caught her; and, turning her white, terrified face, Doris found herself confronted by Frederick Thornton.

"Doris!" he repeated, in amazement, "what are you doing here? You requested me to leave you halt an hour by yourself in the vestry. I came down to the bay to while away the time. How is it that I find you here?"

As he spoke he looked keenly, curiously into the fair, young face, which was flushing and paling so piteously.

He was quick to notice the great change in her—how she shrank from his outstretched hand, and how her eyes drooped before his steady gaze.

In a flash it occurred to Doris that he had not been to the vestry, and he had not read the note she had left there addressed to him. So he did not know what had brought her to the dark, restless waters of the bay; and, standing face to face with him, she could not tell him.

"This is the height of imprudence, little Doris," he said, taking her hand, and drawing it through his arm. "Surely, Doris, you do not repent our hasty marriage, do you?" he asked suddenly; and he was great troubled and dismayed to see her nod her curly head and burst into tears.

"What is done cannot be undone, Doris," he said, gravely. "There is nothing for it now but to make the best of it. I will tell you my plans for the future when we get into the coach. Put on your wraps quickly. We must catch the 1.20 train, and we have quite a long ride before us."

He had spoken so gently, so kindly to her, a great, throbbing hope suddenly sprang to life in Doris's heart. He had married her without love; but perhaps, in the time to come, she might win that love, if she did not part from him at the very altar.

She had written that fatal letter on the impulse of the moment, and now, on the impulse of the moment, she hurried to the vestry again, caught it up and destroyed it.

Five minutes later they were in the coach, whirling rapidly away to catch the Baltimore express. Doris stole many a shy glance at the stern, pale, handsome face beside her by the light of the carriage lamp.

Eivdently he had forgotten that he said he had much to say to her, for they reached the depot without his having spoken a word.

Doris watched the handsome face with wistful eyes, too timid to break in upon his thoughts.

They took their places in the palace coach, but the train had gone some little distance before Frederick Thornton turned to Doris, or even seemed to remember her presence.

"I never remember to have found time pass so slowly in my life," he said, impatiently.

There was no answer, and he turned quickly toward his little bride, wondering at her silence, her gravity. Her face was quite pale; her lips were white and pressed firmly together; and there were tears shining on the long, curling lashes. In her heart was a sense of desolation words cannot describe. When the train stopped at different stations people wondered at the beautiful, white, girlish face, so young, so lovely, and yet so sad, that looked from the window so wistfully.

Like all young girls, Doris had had rosy day-dreams of what her wedding-day would be like, and of her lover who would clasp her in his arms when they left the altar, murmuring: "My darling, my own now, my wife." Ah, how different was the reality—terribly different!

She looked at Frederick Thornton sitting beside her so cold, haughty and stern. Ah, how handsome he was; how strange it seemed to her that this handsome man was—her husband; her husband who had married her within the hour, yet whose heart was as far from her as the earth from the sky. Her lips quivered, her eyes grew dim with tears; the sadness, the pathos of that face, might have touched a heart of stone. He either did not or would not see it. He was looking impatiently past her—out of the window. The impulse was strong to turn to him and sob out:—

"My husband, love me a little; I am young, I am lonely and desolate; love me a little. Hold my hands in yours; we are going out in the great, cruel world that I have alway dreaded so much. Say something to comfort me."

Then she hesitated. What if he should look at her contemptuously or turn haughtily away? No, she must not speak to him; she must not sue for the affection withheld from her; she had pride enough for that.

"You do not ask where we are going, Doris," he said at last. "Have you no curiosity to know?"

"I have been waiting for you to tell me," she answered, simply.

"I intend taking you to my home, where my mother and sisters are, but you could not go—like that. We will stop over in Baltimore long enough to purchase a suitable wardrobe for you."

He never forgot the startled eyes she raised to his face, eyes shining with tears.

"Home—where your mother and your sisters are!" she repeated in alarm.

"Why not, Doris?" he asked. "You do not seem to favor the idea."

"They would not like me; they would hate me!" she cried, vehemently. "They would see at once that I have not been used to anything, and that you are far, oh, so far above me. I should be awkward and ill at ease before them; I should not know what to do, what to say, or how to say it. I, who have been a poor, little, dependent nobody all my life, know nothing of your world and its ways, and you would be ashamed of me. You would repent marrying me, and I should die," she moaned, under her breath.

"My mother and sisters are by no means formidable persons," he said, frowning slightly. "They are well-bred, a trifle haughty perhaps (all save one of them), dainty and refined. They are ladies whom it will be a pleasure for you to meet."

"Tell me more of them," said Doris, faintly, her courage sinking lower and lower at every word he uttered. Oh! how she dreaded to meet his relatives!

"I will begin with my mother," he said, "and sketch really faithful portraits for you: She has more pride and dignity, we think, than any other member of the family. She is tall and stately; her eyes are clear, cold and gray. She is the very embodiment of the term, a well-bred, haughty lady."

"And your sisters—are they like your mother?" faltered Doris, still more faintly.

"I have three sisters," he responded. "Isabel, the eldest, is very like mother in face and manner; Gwendolin is called the blonde beauty of the family, and Beatrix, or Trixy, as we always call her —well, I can hardly find words to tell you what she is like. She is, I must confess, a great cross to my dignified mother. She is sixteen, and the romp, the tomboy, the mischeivous sprite of the family. She has very expressive eyes, brown and sparkling, but she can never be what is called good-looking, for her hair is positively red. My father is a stately gentleman, bound up in his business cares. What I am you can see for yourself. I think I have given you a fair picture of the inmates of Thornton Villa, as our home is called."

As Doris listened the presentiment grew stronger and stronger that every one in this stately home would be antagonistic to herself.

"And your mother being what she is, so haughty and proud, wished you to marry some one like herself, no doubt," said Doris, in a low voice.

"Yes," replied Frederick Thornton huskily. "My mother wished me to marry Vivian Courtney," and he uttered a deep sigh.

Doris crept closer to him, looking breathlesly up into his face with her great, blue, shining eyes.

"Tell me—if it had not been for me—for taking me to the fatal ball, which ended so fatefully—tell me, would you have married Vivian?"

He was too honorable and straightforward to deceive her. He bowed his head.

"It would have been so, Doris," he answered, huskily.

"You loved her so well," she whispered below her breath, her face growing paler and paler; but he did not notice that.

"Yes," he replied, but added, hastily; "why talk of that now? It is all over between Vivian and me."

"I have come between you and the girl you loved," breathed Doris.

"Let me forget it if I can," he cried out sharply. "Don't torture me by reminding me of what might have been."

Then he relapsed into silence again, and his face, half averted from her, grew sterner, colder and prouder than ever. He did not notice how wistful was the fair young face turned to him. He was ill at ease; he had found the wedding journey decidedly irksome; he longed to be away from her; and thus two hours dragged wearily by, and the palace coach with its ill-mated bride and groom, whirled on through the darkness.

She clinched her little hand; she tried to still the beating of her heart. He was solicitous for her comfort, he was attentive to her wants, but she noticed after that allusion which awakened his remembrance of Vivian, his lost love, that he spoke to her only when civility dictated that he should speak; and when he did address her he never looked at her.

From her heart she longed to be back with Madame Delmar again. Ah! was ever a bride so lonely before? Did any young girl ever meet such a strange fate as this? Sitting there by her young husband's side, so cruelly, bitterly unhappy, on her wedding journey, the words of an old poem came to her, filling her eyes with tears:—

"Like some divided river,
Your ways and mine will be,
To drift apart forever—
Forever till the sea."

(To be Continued.)

Payn as an Anecdotist.

Payn was superlative as an anecdotist. Good stories seemed to have a natural instinct for resorting to him. Often as I used to see him I always thought myself defrauded if I did not come away with some fresh and amusing narrative. On such occasions my family found me out and used to reproach me if I did not bring back some telling anecdote. It must clearly be my own fault. I was certainly not the rose, but I had been near the rose.

Payn's fertility in this respect no doubt implied more study than might be obvious to his readers. He was fond of the literature in which such harvests are to be reaped, and "crammed," if I may say so, for his work conscientiously, though more, it seemed, from spontaneous delight in it than from deliberate purpose. And, then, the charm of his talk and his hearty sociability made it a duty for every one to help him and to repay him as far as possible in kind The man bursting with a good story found a special pleasure in pouring it into so responsive an ear, and Payn became a perpetually flowing fountain of delightful talk.—Leslie Stephen in Good Words.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

FASHION AND FABRIC.

The ridiculous fashion of making the edge of the dress skirt on the front and sides an inch or two longer than the height of the wearer grows apace.

White crape, white mousseline de soie and white taffeta silk are beautifully combined in elegant fete and evening toilets for the summer. The waists are trimmed with real laces.

A very large portion of the smart summer hats are low crowned, broad brimmed, tilted well over the eyes, far up at the back and trimmed right across the front with a number of spreading wings.

Among the robes de luxe for autumn wear will be those of very rich but exceedingly flexible and lustrous watered silk in black, made in princess form with elaborate trimmings on the front from shoulder to skirt hem.

The lace yokes on some of the handsome hot weather evening toilets are shaped deepest on the sides, meeting under the arms, and are either curved or pointed upward to shorten them exactly in the center of the yoke front and back.

The chief feature of the new collarettes and fichus is the excess of ribbon, lace and chiffon lavished upon them. With the exception of the trim little collets accompanying tailor made traveling costumes all the models are befrilled and beruched from neck to farthest edge.

The fancy waists for next season will be quite as elaborate and intricate in their effects and trimmings as those of the summer. The airy yokes, vests, chemisettes, guimpes and plastrons will merely be changed for those of rich brocade, plain and fancy velvet, tucked and shirred silk.

Beware of the circular skirt, unless you have a perfect figure and your goods are of heavy satin brocade or other very firm material. If you are at all stout, your rounded circular skirt, minus a perpendicular line, will make you look stouter. If you are very thin, it is the worst choice you can make.—New York Post.

BISMARCK.

Bismarck never moved to the right or the left when the aggrandizement of Germany was at stake.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Great man he was—great of will and brain—but he represented the instincts of a nation and was therefore the head of colossal events.—St. Louis Republic.

Of Bismarck it can now be said without hesitation he is in historical importance the greatest figure in political history since the death of Napoleon.—New York Tribune.

Gladstone was a democrat; Bismarck was an autocrat. Gladstone believed that authority rested in the people; Bismarck upheld the belief of the divine right of kings to govern.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

In his death all Germany, all the world, feels that a great natural force is gone. The most commanding figure of his time, one of the most commanding figures of all time, is henceforth only a memory instead of a possession.—New York Herald.

Bismarck's most dramatic triumph was the crowning of Emperor William at Versailles, but his genius was never more conspicuous than in the consolidation of the empire and the creation of alliances which would secure its future.—Baltimore American.

BABY SUPERSTITIONS.

Don't let a baby tread barefoot on a table; it will get sore feet.

A child will be puny if you put a hat on its head before it is a year old.

If a bachelor wheels about an empty baby carriage, he will never marry.

Coral beads and bells hung about the neck of a child will protect it from many evils.

If the baby has a decline of flesh, feed the cat out of the same dish, and she will run down and the baby will get well.

If a child is backward in speaking, take two loaves that have stuck together in the baking and break them apart over his head.

It is an old custom the first time a child is taken out of doors to put a silver coin in its little hand, so it will always gain money in the world.

Some old fashioned people believe that to measure a baby who is puny and sick will make it grow stronger, but others say to measure it will bring death.

If an orphan child comes to visit or live in your house, it is the best of luck. God looks out for them, and "good fortune will smile upon you like the summer sun."

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Poets are born, but some of them manage to live it down.

Angel food is the proper diet for those who dwell in air castles.

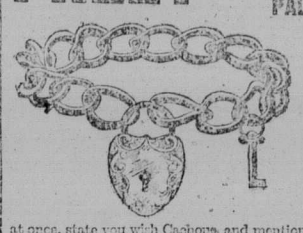
The man who hesitates is lost, but the woman who hesitates is won.

The quiet action of the little wasp is responsible for many loud words.

The man who makes hay while the sun shines is liable to get sunstruck.

A woman prefers a husband taller than herself, so she can pretend to look up to him.

FREE! A SOLID GOLD SHELL STONE SET RING, *Warranted,* or a CURB CHAIN BRACELET WITH GENUINE PADLOCK AND KEY



DON'T send money. Just your name and address on a Post Card, and we will send you post paid 20 packages of AROMATIC CACHOUS (which are a delicious confection to purify and perfume the breath) to sell for us, if you can, at 5 cents per package. When sold send us our money, $1.00, and we will send you FREE for your trouble your choice of the beautiful prizes illustrated above.

These are the handsomest and most costly free premiums ever offered by any house with a view to increase their sales. Any energetic person can sell the cachous in an hour or so.

Send us your name and address on a Post Card at once, state you wish Cachous, and mention this paper and we will send them (do not wait till others get in the field ahead of you). No money required, we take all risk. Goods returnable if not sold. This is a clean business proposition by a company of high financial standing.

TISDALL SUPPLY CO.,

Snowdon Chambers, TORONTO, Ont.

AN AFFLICTED MOTHER.

NURSING HER DYING CHILD HER HEALTH GAVE WAY.

Anæmia Followed by Neuralgic Pains Racked Her System—Her Friends Feared That She Could Not Recover.

From the Enterprise, Bridgewater, N.S.

Mr. and Mrs. James A. Diehl, who live about one and a half miles from Bridgewater, are highly esteemed by a large circle of friends. Mrs. Diehl has passed through a trying illness, the particulars of which she recently gave a reporter of the Enterprise, as follows —"In the spring of 1896 my health gave away. In addition to my ordinary household duties I had the constant care day and night of a sick child. In the hope of saving my little one, it did not occur to me that overwork, loss of sleep and anxiety were exhausting my strength. Finally my child passed away, and then I realized my physical condition. Shortly after I was attacked with neuralgic pains in the shoulder which shifted to my right side after three weeks and settled there. The pain in my side grew worse and after a few days I became unable to leave my bed. In addition to my bodily trouble I became melancholy and was very much reduced in flesh. My friends regarded my condition as dangerous. I remained in bed several weeks; to me it seemed ages. It is impossible to describe the agonies I suffered during that time. A skilful physician was in constant attendance upon me. He said mine was the worse case of anaemia and general neuralgia he had ever seen. After some weeks he succeeded in getting me out of bed and after a few more weeks I was able to do some light household work. But I was only a shadow of my former self; my appetite was very poor and that maddening pain still clung to my side and also spread to the region of the heart and lungs, darting through and about them like lances cutting the flesh. Every few days I had to apply croton oil and fly blisters to my chest, and had a bad cough. My friends gave up, thinking I had consumption. I, too, really thought my end was near, fearing mostly that the pains about my heart might take me off any day. During all my illness I had never thought of any medicine other than what my doctor prescribed. It happened, however, that in glancing over the Enterprise one day my eye fell upon the statement of a cure made by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The case resembled mine in some respects. I read and re-read the article. It haunted me for several days notwithstanding I tried to dismiss it from my mind. At last I asked the doctor whether he thought these pills would help me. He looked at me a moment and then remarked "well, perhaps you had better try them. I believe they do work wonders in some cases and if they do not cure you they will certainly do no harm." That remark opened to me the door of life, for had he said "no" I should not have used the pills. When I had used two boxes I began to feel better, my appetite improved and there were less of those pains about the heart and chest. The cough too was less severe. I kept on till six boxes more were taken and to make a long story short, I was myself again, appetite good, spirits buoyant, pains gone and I could do my own work with comfort. I have been well ever since and have no doubt that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills saved my life, and restored me to my family. I am ever ready to speak their praises and in my heart am ever invoking God's blessing upon their discoverer.

Rheumatism, sciatica, neuralgia, partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia, nervous headache, nervous prostration and diseases depending upon humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc., all disappear before a fair treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They give a healthy glow to pale and sallow complexions and build and renew the entire system. Sold by all dealers or sent post paid at 50c a box or six boxes for $2.50 by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockivlle, Ont. Do not be persuaded to take some substitute.

THE LISTENER.

Cardinal Parrochi, who is spoken of as the probable successor to Pope Leo III, is a great reader of the newspapers and was himself a newspaper man in his younger days.

Major Jerome A. Watrous, the new paymaster of the army for the district about Boston, is a well known newspaper man and has served in the Wisconsin state legislature.

Forty-six years ago Bishop McLaren was a reporter on a Cleveland paper, and, with one assistant, had to cover the entire city in every way. He was succeeded by Artemus Ward.

A letter from an officer on the Brooklyn says that everybody on the ship, high and low, is wearing a Schley beard, and they intend to introduce the fashion when next they go to New York.

James W. Collins of Philadelphia, who was run over and killed the other day by a train in Maryland, was known as the "Tomato King" because of the extent of his dealings in tomatoes.

John Y. McKane, who was the "King of Coney Island" before he went to Sing Sing prison, and who when he came out was supposed to be a pauper, has just sold some real estate at Sheepshead Bay for $140,000.

Governor Hogg, who is very much opposed to extravagance in dress, recently gave a reception, in the invitations to which he requested guests to come dressed simply and cheaply. He himself wore a $4.50 suit.

Mr. Gladstone was once 5 feet 11 inches in height, but with the weight of years his frame had shrunk, and when he was prime minister the last time he was only 5 feet 9 inches. The smallness of the coffin at Westminster hall struck everybody.

A western paper says that Colonel W. F. Cody received the name "Buffalo Bill" from the fact that he had the contract to supply meat to the men who were constructing the Kansas Pacific railroad and that he almost always gave them buffalo meat.

The dedication of a religious work recently written by Theodore F. Seward, the "Don't Worry man," indicates that he has a touch of humor and a possible leaning toward heresy. It reads as follows: "I dedicate this book to my fellow sinners in and out of the churches."

When Colonel W. P. Hepburn of Iowa first ran for congress many years ago, he tired of the close contest and had about made up his mind to give up politics forever and go home when he was told that he was winning. Since then he has served seven successive terms and has always been nominated by acclamation.

The Marquis de Castellane and his son, Boni de Castellane, who married some of the Jay Gould millions, are opposed both politically and personally. The former is a Royalist and the latter a Conservative, and the son refuses to allow the father any benefit from the wealth he gained by marriage.

PERT PERSONALS.

Hobson appears to have as much control of his tongue as he has of his nerves—Pittsburg Times.

Captain Eulate says he was much struck with the battery fire of the Brooklyn.—Detroit Free Press.

Every time Joe Leiter looks at bearded wheat he will be reminded of his own close shave.—Pittsburg Post.

Admiral Dewey continues to maintain his reputation as the greatest news condenser of the age.—Rochester Democrat.

A description given of Blanco by one who knows him says that he is an enthusiastic fisherman. That accounts for it.—Boston Herald.

Zola's departure for Switzerland to avoid arrest was a sensible move. This is a practical age, and the discomforts of martyrdom are to be considered as well as its glories.—Baltimore American.

52 BOILS

"Three years ago I was troubled with boils, and tried several remedies recommended by friends, but they were of no avail. I had *FIFTY-TWO BOILS* in all, and found nothing to give me relief until I tried Burdock Blood Bitters. The first bottle I took made a complete cure and proved so very satisfactory that I have recommended B.B.B. to many of my friends who have used it with good results." A. J. MUSTARD, Hyder, Man.

Any one troubled with Boils, Pimples, Rashes, Ulcers, Sores, or any Chronic or Malignant Skin Disease, who wants a perfect cure, should use only

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

DR. FOWLER'S EXT-OF WILD STRAWBERRY

CURES DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY AND SUMMER COMPLAINT.

Price 35c. at all druggists.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES, THEY ARE DANGEROUS.

Singular Coincidence.

"In 1884," says the Detroit Free Press, "just after Commodore Schley returned from rescuing the survivors of the Greely arctic expedition, the Massachusetts Humane society presented him with a handsome medal for his achievement, and Benjamin W. Crowninfield, one of the Bay State's great orators, was sent to Washington to make the presentation speech. On the way to the capital Mr. Crowninfield fell in with an old and prominent resident of Boston, who took the privilege of asking the orator what his mission in Washington was. In reply the old gentleman was shown the medal and told what was to be done with it.

"'Strange coincidence,' mused the venerable gentleman from the Hub. 'Forty-four years ago, in 1840, I rode over this same line and met General Winfield Scott. I was as inquisitive then as now and asked him where he was going. He said that a son of his friend, Mr. Schley, had been named for him and that he was going to Maryland to see the baby. Nearly half a century is past, and now I find you going to Washington to carry a medal to the man that General Scott visited when the man was an infant.'"

Some Lawyers' Bills.

A London solicitor recently tendered a bill in which the last item was thus stated: "To dining with you after the case was lost." A Gotha lawyer once threw a peasant out of doors because he did not wish to take up his case. He afterward sent him a bill for 2 marks "for his trouble." Another, on receiving the present of a hare from one of his clients, wrote to thank him and then charged 4 marks for the letter. On the Hamburg exchange a stranger once asked a lawyer, "Is this ducat worth 10 shillings?" "Yes," replied the lawyer as he put the coin in his pocket and took out 3s. 4d. "Here's your change; 6s. 8d. is my regular consultation fee, you know." —Chicago Post.

His Inspiration.

Among the many traditions concerning William Lee and the stocking frame is one that he was expelled from the university for marrying, and that, being very poor, his wife was obliged to contribute toward the housekeeping by knitting. It was while watching the motion of her fingers that he conceived how to imitate those movements by a machine.

A Study In Dimensions.

"Jimmy, how large a piece of cake do you want?"

"I want a big piece, but don't gimme so much that I'll have to divide it with sister."—Chicago Record.

You never hear the poor man who has lost a fortune say anything about riches being a curse.

More women would be interested in the female suffrage movement if it was something that could be decorated with ribbons and hung up over the mantel.—Chicago News.

THEIR EFFECT LASTING.

When Laxa-Liver Pills Cure Liver and Stomach Troubles, the Results Are Permanent.

Last spring I had an attack of liver trouble and indigestion, and decided to try Laxa-Liver Pills. I found them the best I ever used. They produce effects that are lasting, and I believe them to be the best remedy in the world for liver and stomach disorders.

MRS. C. GRIMES,
Hazeldean, Ont.

Sun Insurance office.
Eastern Assurance Co.
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London and Lancashire Life Ins. Co.
British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co.
Lloyd's Glass Insurance Company.

W. R. ALLAN,
General Agent,
WINNIPEG.

MARK YOUR GRAIN BAGS

With our Stencils and avoid loss. We manufacture all kinds of **Stencils, Key Checks and Rubber Stamps,** and supply Inks and Brushes for the same; also Seals, Daters, Numberers, etc. Price List on application. Always write orders legibly and give us an idea of size and style of lettering required. OFFICE SUPPLY CO., 503 Main St., Winnipeg.

A FEW THINGS

that should be found in every well regulated household

DREWRY'S

Choice Stock Ale — Extra Porter
Canadian Pilsner Lager
(A Fine Light Beer)
Golden Key Brand Aerated Water
Imperial Table Sauce, India Chutney } Choice Table Relishes

E. L. DREWRY
Manufacturer and Importer
WINNIPEG

MONSOON TEA TEA TEA TEA TEA TEA

Poor teas contain the most tannin. Tannin is injurious and makes these teas harsh and astringent—affecting the alimentary system like lye. Tea experts cannot extract the tannin from the tea. The leaf for **Monsoon** Indo-Ceylon **Tea** is picked fresh, in saptime, before tannin is developed—and this assures its perfection.

USE ALBERT SOAP.

If your fancy is for a Tar Soap you will find the best in our

MASTER MECHANIC'S EXTRAORDINARY.

(Trade-Mark.) Sold at all Drug Stores.

BOVRIL

Is pure beef cooked, ready for use, and in the most CONDENSED FORM.

Not a mere extract or essence. It strengthens both body and brain.

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BOVRIL, LIMITED,
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—Don't raise a Dust.— use the Patent Oil Brush. for All Floors, Carpets and Rugs.

MYRON McBRIDE & Co
AGENTS, WINNIPEG
Sample 1.00

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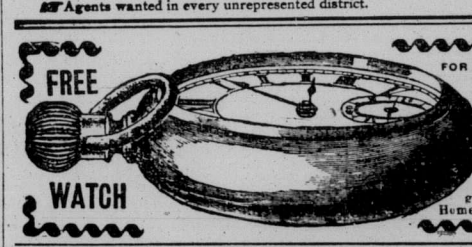
THE GLOBE, Toronto, Canada.

Agents wanted in every unrepresented district.



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We give this fine Watch, Chain & Charm for selling two doz. packages of Exquisite Perfume at ten cents each. Send address and we forward the perfume, postpaid, and our Premium List. No money required. Sell the perfume among your friends, return money, and we send the watch, prepaid. This is a genuine American Watch, guaranteed a good timepiece. Mention this paper.

Home Specialty Co 60 Victoria St. Toronto

PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO'Y —OF— LONDON ENG.

First British Fire Insurance Office Established in Canada, A. D., 1804.

The above company is desirous of opening agencies in all towns throughout Manitoba and the Northwest Territories where they are not at present represented and will be pleased to receive applications for same.

PATERSON & SON,
Chief Agents for the Dominion of Canada,
Moutreal, Que.

5,000 Cured

Last year with my Famous

ELECTRIC BELT

KNOWN THE WORLD OVER.

To men suffering from any Weakness, Rheumatism, Varicocele, Nervousness, etc., send for my book which is ***Sent Sealed Free.*** It tells how I can cure the most stubborn cases without the use of ***Drugs.***

Call and consult me ***Free***—or if you do not live near enough write for the book to-day. Address

DR. D. T. SANDEN,

132 St. James Street, - Montreal.

FREE

We give this fine watch, chain and charm, for selling two doz. LEVER COLLAR BUTTONS, at ten cts. each. Send your address and we forward the Buttons, postpaid, and our Premium List. No money required. Sell the Buttons among your friends, return the money, and we send the watch, prepaid. A genuine American watch, guaranteed, for a few hours' work. Mention this paper when writing.

LEVER BUTTON CO.,
20 Adelaide St. E.
Toronto, Ont.

JUBILEE BRAND BUILDING PAPER.
Plain and Tarred.

It costs a little more than some others, but as it is the toughest and warmest, it is the cheapest. It is the best in the world. Compare it with others before buying.

Write for free samples.

MERRICK, ANDERSON & CO., WINNIPEG.

W. N. U. 188

WHITE STAR Baking Powder AND WHITE STAR Health Coffey

Are all the rage.
Have you tried them?

HEALTH COFFEY

As a drink is not surpassed in healthful qualities. A decided benefit to the system.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR A PACKAGE.

THE DYSON GIBSON CO'Y.

CARDSTON RECORD.

:o:

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Wednesday at Cardston.

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Editor and Proprietor.

Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

THE EDITOR does not assume responsibility for the views or statements expressed by any of THE RECORD'S contributors.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance.

Advertising Rates on application.

In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisments they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisments will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

In case a subscriber does not receive THE RECORD weekly, notice should be sent to the publication office, Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta, when the complaint will be thoroughly investigated.

Cardston, October 19, 1898.

The RECORD & Montreal Family Herald & Weekly Star, one year for $2.75.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Paul Nelson was in town last week.

John Layne's house is about ready for occupancy.

J. M. Dunn of Colles was here on business, Monday.

Andrew Archibald is now clerking for the Cardston Co. Ltd.

H. S. Allen & Co. have had their store re-painted.

Miss Rose Thomas came in from the McIntyre Ranch Friday and returned Saturday.

Dr. Robertson, census enumerator, has finished his work in Cardston, the number of whose inhabitants is 700.

It will be a good thing when the stores do away with that stuff called "script."

On his lot in the southern part of town N. H. Wardle is gathering material to be used in the construction of a dwelling house.

There are in the neighborhood of a dozen houses in course of construction in Cardston.

That extremely high wind on Friday robbed the trees of their foliage. The country now appears in its winter garb.

The weekly Globe, Toronto, only $1,00 per annum. THE RCEORD has the exclusive agency for THE GLOBE, which is Canada's leading newspaper.

A boy by the name of Will Anderson threw a large stone and hit young Jasper Head in the eye last Thursday. The injury is very serious.

Mr. Wolsey informs us that work on the Lee's Creek bridge will commence in a few days now as all material is on the ground.

Work is progressing rapidly on the building of Thos. Duce, J. P. Low, A. J. Gay, Mr. Oberry, H. S. Allen & Co. & the Meeting House addition.

What Cardston needs is a roller mill. Hundreds of dollars could be kept at home; there would be a market for our wheat and the investment would pay big dividends.

Gay, Wight & Co. have several loads of lumber on the ground north of their blacksmith shop which is to be used in building a large addition to their present quarters.

For 15 cts. you can get the Weekly Globe of Toronto for the balance of this year. It is a 16 page paper containing 112 columns of interesting news. Bring your 15 cts. to the RECORD office at once.

A 15 pound turnip is the latest Cardston product which has been brought to this office. It is a monster, and was grown on James May's farm south of town. Mr. May also sent us some fine large specimin onions, one of which weighed eighteen ounces.

The above item was published in last weeks paper, since then Wm. Wood, our genial butcher, brought into our office a turnip of turnips. The mammoth vegetable weighed 21½ lbs. We think this would have taken first prize at a worlds fair.

One day last week we were shown through Pres. C. O. Cards cellar in which was the biggest pile of nice large potatoes we have seen for a long time. Pres. Card has raised near 700 bushels of potatoes this year.

Arthor Laycock, of Mt. View, was in Cardston on Monday.

C. E. Snow has the agency for the Deseret Semi-Weekly News only $2.00 per year.

Sam'l Hinkley and wife departed for Utah on Sunday. Mr. Hinkley did not like the country, it is said.

H. M. Bonney, of Mt. Pleasant, Utah, arrived in Cardston one day last week. He likes the country, and will reside here permanently We welcome Mr. Bonney and family to the place.

When you want receipt or note Books call at THE RECORD Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts. You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

In excavating for a cellar, the Cardston Co. Ltd. came to water when down three or four feet which necessitated a system of drainage. The water will be carried underground through a pipe to Lee's Creek.

Insp. Cuthburt and the Fisheries Commissioners were in Cardston on Friday. In conversation with Corp. Bolderson, the Commissioner said that the size of fish lawful to catch would probably be regulated next year.

For one dollar per annum you can have your house insured against loss by fire to the amount of $100. C. E. Snow is Agent for the Western Fire Assurance, the Queens and the British American Assurance Companys whose aggergate assets is $5,000,000.†

In all probability we will begin the publication of a story written by a local author as soon as Brief Resume of Canadian History is finished. If you care to read it, subscribe before the opening chapters are published. THE RECORD is $2.00 a year; $1.00 for six months.

The Paris correspondent of the Madrid Imparcial, expresses surprise that not one of the thirty-four American Peace Commission brought servants to Paris with them Americans, as a rule, are accustomed to serving themselves; they do not need a dozen or more lackies groweling at their feet.

The Cardston RECORD and the Toronto Daily Globe $3.00 a year. The Globe is Canada's greatest newspaper, containing all the news of the world and is issued every 24 hours, 365 times a year. Free sample copies can be had for the asking at the RECORD office. If you see it we know you will subscribe for it.

The Dominion land agent for this district said to the writer recently, in substance, that had the Mormons not come here this part of the country would still be comparatively uninhabited. He thought the Mormons, while benefiting themselves, were doing much good for the country at large in demonstrating the adaptability of the soil and climate to the production of all things needed to make a prosperous and happy people.

Quite an excitement was caused by a fire in the Kearl Restaurant last Thursday. When discovered by some parties on the street flames were shooting two or three feet into the air from the roof near the metal pipe, with the assistance of several men who chanced to be near Mr. Kearl had the fire extinguished before much damage was done. As a strong wind was blowing at the time it is very fortunate that the fire was discovered before it had obtained much headway.

Quite a heavy hale storm passed over Cardston yesterday afternoon.

Ætna is to have a general mercantile store. Five teams are hauling lumber for the building.

FOR SALE—Model 1 Improved Hand Printing Press. Chase 5x8. At RECORD Office.*

R. C. Beck, contractor & builder, is erecting Thos. Duce's house. This is a guarantee the work will be done well.

O. E. Bates, our friend "Earn", is the latest clerk whose services the Cardston Co. Ltd. are fortunate in securing.

With this number, THE RECORD reaches the quarter of a year mark. Its circulation is steadily growing; its advertising patronage is on the increase and its influenc is discernible by the intelligent individual.

To the Electors of the Electoral District of Lethbridge.

GENTLEMEN,

You will shortly be called on to select a representative to serve you in the 4th Legislative Assembly of these Territories.

I desire to announce that I will not be a Candidate.

Business engagements in the past have interfered with a proper discharge of my duties as your representative, and some time ago, I fully decided not to ask for a continuance of your confidence, unless I could make such arrangements as would enable me to devote more time to the work. I have failed to make the necessary arrangements, consequently I will not impose on your generosity any longer, even should you be prepared to try me again.

No man occupying an office at the hands of the public, ever had less to complain of than myself. Your treatment of me has been most generous, and far and beyond anything my behaviour or ability warranted.

It is needless to add that I regret having to take this step, it not only means the severance of those kindly relations, as your representative, that have always existed between us, but also my withdrawal from my Colleagues in the Haultain Administration. It would be superfluous of me to attempt to speak to you of Mr. Haultain, of his marked ability, his integrity and of the good work he is doing for these Territories. He represented you when Lethbridge was part of the old Macleod District. You know him, and in stepping aside, I hope to join you, in sending to Regina a staunch supporter of Mr. Haultain and his Government.

I am, Gentlemen,

Lethbridge, Alta., 17th. October, 1898. Your obedient servant, C. A MAGRATH.

LIEUT.-GOVERNOR FORGET.

The Tribune extends its heartiest congratulations to Mr. A. E. Forget, the Indion Commissioner on his well deserved promotion to the important position of Lieutenant-Governor of the Northwest Territories.

Mr. Forget has been well known in the Territories for many years and no western man could be selected for the offiee, who is so well qualified to efficiently fill the position.

The Government in selecting Mr. Forget, as a consistent Liberal and a French Catholic, have displyed great tact and we wish the Governor and Madame Forget his charming wife many years of happiness, and hope to welcome them to the new Government House to be built at Calgary, on its being made the Territorial capital, in the very near future.—Calgary Tribune.

Amadee Emmanuel Forget, is the son of the late Jeromie Forget, by his wife, Marie Guenette, and was born at Marieville, Quebec, November 12, 1847. Educated at the College of Marieville, he was called to the bar 1871, and served for some years as secretary to the council of the bar of Quebec. On the organization of a separate government for the North West Territories, October 1878, he was appointed clerk of the council and private secretary to the Lieutenant Governor, and accompanied Mr. Laird to the seat of government at Battleford. Later, he became clerk of the Assembly, at Regina, and was appointed assistant commissioner of Indian affairs for Manitoba and the North West Territories, Aug. 3, 1898. Mr. Forget was appointed a member of the council of public instruction for the North West Territories 1893, and succeeded Hayter Reed as Indian commissioner, Septmeber 1895. He is a member of the church of Rome and married Miss Henriette Drolet. For the past 18 months Mr. Forget has been a resident of Winnipeg, the head offices of the Indian department having been removed there.

FALL WHEAT.

Encouraged by the success of this year's experiments several farmers in central Alberta are adopting the plan of sowing their wheat in the fall. While fall wheat would probably not succeed in all seasons it is affirmed by those who have tried it that on the average it would prove more profitable than spring sown grain, as owing to the early start it obtains from the moisture of the melting snows it is almost sure to ripen before frost overtakes it.—Calgary Herald.

H. C. Colles of Colles drove into town on Monday.

Joseph Pilling was in from Ætna, Monday.

James May, with the assistance of a young son, raised 2,600 bushels of grain this year.

The body of the millionaire brewer, Peter Scheun, who jumped off Goat Island bridge more than a month ago, has at last been recovered. The three men who had for days been watching for it, braved the greatest dangers to secure the body. The reward of one thousand dollars will be divided amongst the three.

C. E. Snow has the agency for the Montreal Family Herald & Weekly Star. Only $1.00 a year.

You don't have to read what follows.

We are expecting a large assortment of

Stationery

to arrive soon, and in order to make room for it, we are offering many

Bargains.

Our

Graphophone

is now a great attraction as we have

= = 60

selections, and some new

Records

will arrive soon.

We have a large supply of

Confectionery

which recently arrived from WINNIPEG. Candies, Nuts, Crackers, Gums, etc., etc.

Following is a list of the publications for sale at Snow's Store:

Puck
Judge
Strand
Argosy
Quaker
Nickell
Tit Bits
Success
Puritan
Squibbs
Vanity Fair
N. Y. World
Wide World
Metropolitan
Cosmopolitan
Munsey Maga.
New Illustrated
McClures Maga.
Canadian Maga.
Broadway Maga.
Review of Reviews (Eng)
Review of Reviews (Am.)
Frank Leslie's Popular Mon'ly.

Snow's Store.

J. W. Woolf has gone to Winnipeg.

Winfield Scott and Miss Jensen are to be married to-day.

A. J. Tolbot has moved his family out to his ranch. Other parties have moved into the Farrell house.

An order-in-council has been issued proclaiming Thursday, November the 24th, as Thanksgiving Day.

E. T. Saunders, of Lethbridge, Editor NEWS, was in Cardston this morning. He is out in these parts on business connected with the election.

LETHBRRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.

Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7:30 o'clock, a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare $3.00; Round trip, $5.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.

MERCER & McCARTY PROP'S.

Fire and Life Insurance.

Equitable Life, (Assets $200,000,000.)
British America Fire Assurance Co.
Western Fire Assurance Co.
Agency, RECORD Office.

Robt. Ibey,
Agent for the
Singer Sewing Machine Co.
Best in the world.

Get your HAIR cut
AT
Campbell's
- Tonsorial Parlors. -

BERT TALBOT.
Lumber, Shingle and Planing Mills.
Mill on Belly River.
Cardston, - - - Alberta.

R. C. BECK.
Contractor & Builder.
All work neatly executed, and Satisfaction Guaranteed.
CABINET WORK A SPECIALTY.

Livery, Feed & Sale Stables
Kearl & Sharp, Props.

Good outfits furnished at all hours.
Rates Reasonable.

Restaurant
North of Stable.
MEALS ON SHORT ORDERS.

Kearl & Sharp.

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.

All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.
Cardston. . . . . Alberta.

NOTICE.

The undersigned gives notice to all whose accounts have not been settled for about a year passed, that all such accounts must be settled within 30 days or they will be placed in the hand of a collector.

Oct. 5, 1898. WM. WOOD.

NOTICE—Parties owing THE RECORD for advertisments and subscriptions will confer a favor by settling their accounts this month as we have bills of our own which must be paid at once.

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

THE RECORD is for sale at G. W Robinson & Co.'s at Lethbridge.

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50 *

The Bank opens at ten o'clock a. m. and closes at three o'clock p. m.*

Insure your home. C. E. Snow has the agency for several fire insurance companies. †

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends. 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

FOR SALE: Four room house Good well water. Nice location. Enquire at RECORD office, next to Bank. ‡

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

Are you interested in this country? Are you interested in Cardston? Do you care anything for Canada? If you do, you will subscribe for your home paper—THE RECORD.*

Remember that THE RECORD is now published on Wednesdays instead of Saturdays as formerly.

We will publish interesting communication from missionaries who are laboring in Manitoba and elsewhere. Send us accounts of your experiences, gentlemen.

C. O. CARD,
SUB AGENT
FOR
DOMINION LANDS.
ALSO AGENT FOR
RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY
. . . AND . . .
PRIVATE LANDS.
Office Hours: 9 to 4.

I pay cash for BEEF CATTLE. See me before completing a sale.

J. W. Woolf.

J. G. GOLD
Mountain View. - - - - - Alta.
Has **LIME** for Sale.

Gay & Wight,
Contractors & Builders.
Estimates given on all kinds of work free. We have expert workmen, that we send out in the country to do work at short notice.
Don't forget our black smith and wagon shop. We have the best material money can buy, and we guarantee our workmanship. Only shop in town where you can get An 1 Steel Buggie tires.
Machinery Repaired and Refitted.
Thanking the public for their past patronage and asking the continuation of the same.
Yours respectfully,
Gay & Wight.

- Samuel Cox, -
Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting, & Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
CARDSTON. . . ALBERTA.

BLACKSMITH SHOP.
The undersigned wishes to inform the public that he is opening a shoeing shop in his old stand.
HORSE SHOEING A SPECIALTY.
L. F. Bonnell.

NOTICE

TO

STOCK-RAISERS.

Arrangements have been made by this Department whereby stock-raisers and farmers in the Territories can import, under Government supervision, throughbred cattle purchased from breers Ontario, at a uniform cost of Five dollars per head for transportation to nearest railroad point, including care on journey.

Particulars as to conditions under which such importation will be made, may be obtained by applying to the undersigned.

By Order
Chas. W. Peterson
Deputy Commissioner.

Department of Agriculture,
Regina, N. W. T.

Read THE RECORD
THE
CARDSTON RECORD
2.00 per year.

TELL US ABOUT IT.

The question is often asked: "Why didn't the editor write up this or that social gathering, wedding, etc?" Why, bless your souls, how could he write up what he didn't know? He wasn't there, didn't have an invitation, is no mind reader, no one told him anything about it, maybe he thought you didn't want it known. When you have a social gathering or anything else, and the editor is not present, give him the particulars and he will heartily appreciate the favor.—Brigham (Ut.) Bugler.

NOTICE—A dance will be given in the Kearl Hall on Friday evening Oct. 21st. Music by Thomas Orchestra. Everybody envited.*

The London Daily Telegraph of Sept. 23rd says that the commission appointed to enquire into the causes of severe epidemics of typhoid in the American camps during the war, report that the disease was undoubtedly spread by flies, and had it not been for these little pests there would only have been a few isolated cases. They were willing to stake their reputations upon these conclusions.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1898. NO. 13.

LEHI LIES.

Another Crank Heard From.

COALHOUSE OF LEHI.

POOR OPINION OF ALBERTA.

(Special to The Herald.)

Lehi, Oct. 7.—Mr. Harden Woodhouse, who left here last spring for Canada, has just returned, and says that Utah will satisfy him. He reports some of the crops very light. A heavy frost came in July and froze the potatoes. He says overcoats are very comfortable in July, and he is glad to get back to Utah.

The foregoing clipping is taken from the Salt Lake, Utah, Herald, and is another Lehi fabrication, presumably originating from some individual having entered Canada with the idea that he would find a farm fenced, a house built, cattle in plenty, seed sown and everything waiting anxiously for the favored Lehi man to step in and take complete possession of all those good things of the earth without any exertion whatever. The poor fellow must have been sorely disappointed, and we don't wonder at his preference for Utah.

The crops this year were not very light; there was no heavy frost in July that froze the potatoes and overcoats are anything but comfortable in July.

It is now 21st. of October and the writer, by looking out of the window, can see men strolling around in their shirt-sleeves, in which condition of dress it is no uncommon thing for men to work out of doors during December.

Following is a short item clipped from the Globe, Toronto, which is of interest and has a direct bearing on the subject we are treating:

"The first objection that will probably be raised is the climate; that the cold is very severe at times cannot be denied, but after the experience derived from eight winters' residence I can truthfully state that I do not consider the winters by any means unpleasant on the whole; the air is so dry that the chilly dampness of the English climate is quite missing, and the houses being warmed on a different plan, are incomparably more comfortable in temperature than English homes in winter, no matter what the weather may be outside. The winter days are usually bright and sunshiny, with a blue sky overhead, and an ordinary tweed suit is quite warm enough for walking about in. When driving, particularly at night, furs are, of course, absolutely necessary, but in other respects ordinary English winter clothes are ample.

The snow thaws about the beginning of April, and the interval between winter and summer is the briefest. The weather rapidly gets warmer, July and August being the hottest months, during which the thermometer may run up to 86 to 90 degree Fahr. in the shade, but the nights are cool and refreshing. September and October are the best months in the year, the days being bright and clear, with a crispness in the air, and the leaves on trees every shade of yellow and scarlet. The snow begins again in November, as a rule, although some winters the ground is bare until Christmas.

For healthfulness the climate is unsurpassed. Bronchitis and pneumonia are practically unknown, and former residence in hot climates, such as India, Africa, etc., does not appear to have an unfavorable influence; indeed, the contrary. Any family in possession of a certain income of £250 to £400 a year would be looked on as rich, and could, by taking up land either by purchase or homestead (the regulations regarding which can be obtained from the office of the High Commissioner, Victoria street Westminister), with two or three sons, make a home which would be yearly rising in value as the price of landed property appreciates. Already the tide has turned, and the last two years have seen a steady rise in the value of real estate, which is certain to continue as the country fills up. For those who are fond of sport, there is an unlimited field among ducks, geese, prairie chickens, etc., and a healthy outdoor life, with abundance of plan and wholesome fare."

In all probability this Coalhouse man's blood was very thin in July; he most likely needed to take internally some Beef, Iron and Wine

Lehi is becoming noted in these parts for the class of pusillanimous immigrants who make this their destination; arrive and remain a few days, weeks or months, then depart filled with a desire to misrepresent the country and its people.

Individually it makes not the slightest difference to the writer wheather or not people remain here or go away. We have resided in Southern Alberta about four years; previous to our arrival here we lived in Northern Utah. We have nothing to gain by "blowing up" this country; our whole desire is to represent it as it really is; to let people know what a desirable section is at their disposal; this is our reason for "nailing" misleading statements wherever or whenever they come to our notice.

To the Electors of the Electoral District of Lethbridge.

GENTLEMEN,—

You will shortly be called on to elect a representative to serve you in the 4th Legislative Assembly of these Territories.

I desire to announce that I will not be a Candidate.

Business engagements in the past have interfered with a proper discharge of my duties as your representative, and some time ago, I fully decided not to ask for a continuance of your confidence, unless I could make such arrangements as would enable me to devote more time to the work. I have failed to make the necessary arrangements, consequently I will not impose on your generosity any longer, even should you be prepared to try me again.

In thus occupying an office at the hands of the public, none had less to complain of than myself. Your treatment of me has been most generous, and far and beyond anything my behaviour or ability warranted.

It is needless to add that I regret having to take this step. It not only means the severance of these kindly relations, as your representatives, that have always existed between us, but also my withdrawal from my Colleagues in the Haultain Administration. It would be superfluous of me to attempt to speak to you of Mr. Haultain, of his marked ability, his integrity, and of the good work he is doing for these Territories. He represented you when Lethbridge was part of the old Macleod District. You know him, and in stepping aside, I hope to see you, in sending to Regina a staunch supporter of Mr. Haultain and his Government.

I am, Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

Lethbridge, Alta., 15th. October, 1898. C. A. MAGRATH.

CRANBROOK B. C.

Cranbrook, B. C., Oct. 17, 1898.

Editor Record:

I write you thinking you may have space in your valuable paper for a few lines from an old friend.

We receive THE RECORD every week, and are more than pleased with its contents. Really I don't see how we got along without it. Being in the mountains for the passed four months and not seeing many of our acquaintances, it seems good to hear the news from home as life seemed rather dull without any papers, although a lover of nature could pass hours of pleasure in looking at the magnificant mountain ledges of shining rock, water falls, beautiful wild flowers, towering trees, hoary with age, some of which are covered with magnificant moss. The trees are from 100 to 150 feet high and consist of pine, spruce, cedar, poplar and the grandest of all, the towering tamarack. At the present time of the year the autumn tints give a charming golden hue to the mountain sides and look like a vast field of golden grain. There is plenty of game such as bear, deer and mountain sheep, to say nothing of the numerous lovely birds.

We have had showers of rain, but no snow as yet. We live within a few steps of the railroad, and the passing trains give life to the place. This is a great mining country. Capital is already seeking investment in the mines which are close to the railroad. Cranbrook is a beautiful place, situated on a level plain, surrounded by magnificent mountains, and should be quite a city before long. The mountain fever is still raging, a good many have died, every day or two claims a victim. We feel that we have had our share of it as we had three children sick in bed at once; but we are very thankful they are now able to be out.

Mr. A. Barton came last night, and he is still looking for his horses.

The weather is simply grand.

Our neighbors have read THE RECORD of last issue and are surprised to hear the favorable report of the crops in Southern Alberta, and think the people of Cardston and Ætna are greatly favored both in the raising of their bread stuffs and in having such grand vegetables. There are several here who have tasted the so called "Mormon cheese" and they say it is very good Shrewed observers readily concede that the N. W. T. will lead both in population and wealth in a few years.

Truth.

ALBERTA

presents a diversified and picturesque appearance. The surface rolling from undulating open prairie on the east to the partially timbered foothills and peaks of the Rocky Mountains on the west.

Numerous streams of pure water abounding in fish, rise in the mountains and foothills and run east and north through this territory.

Pine and spruce timber, suitable for houses, stables etc, is easily obtainable in the foothills and mountain valleys on western limit of tract.

Coal, the fuel of the future in this as in other countries is found cropping out in seams from two to twelve feet thick on nearly all streams. And this, coupled with the fact that coal in car lots shipped from the big mines can be obtained at railway stations, insures settlers a good supply of cheap fuel.

The soil is a rich loam, with a clay subsoil that will grow anything suitable to the climate.

The grass is luxuriant up to the crown of the highest foothills, and during the bright autumn weather it gradually cures and furnishes splendid feed during the winter. It is practically well cured hay standing upon end.

Cattle graze out all the year round. The fact that cattle, which have never been under cover of any kind, are shipped direct from these ranges to the English market, where they command the highest prices current, proves conclusively that the condition of climate, pasturage, water, etc., must be exceptionally good. It is an undisputed fact that Alberta is the finest stock raising country in the world.

Owing to the varied nature of the surface of this territory, the intending settler or investor can select land to suit his own ideas. If he inclines to grain farming he can homestead and buy even and odd numbered sections, and have a field two miles north and south, by one mile east and west, with a sixty-six foot road allowance all round, every foot of it can be ploughed in furrows one or two miles long to suit his fancy.

If he inclines to mixed farming he can locate in some of the numerous valleys among the foothills where he can get bottom or valley land for cultivation, and upland ranges in the surrounding hills for horses, cattle or sheep.

ALBERTA IS GOING AHEAD.

The crops in 1897 were most satisfactory, the yield per acre being very heavy and prices good.

Cattle also did well, and there was a demand for them, at prices that pleased the ranchmen and the farmer, for all obtainable.

Dairying is becoming a leading feature of the district, settlers being greatly benefitted by government creameries and by those erected by private enterprise.

Settlers have a market for all they can raise.

CARDSTON HAS A

Shoe shop.

Restaurant.

Barber shop.

Meat market.

Good schools.

Livery stables.

Skillful physician.

Blacksmith shops.

A flourishing bank.

The best cereal-raising soil in the world.

Many tributary settlements which act as feeders.

Clear, pure and palatable drinking water fresh from the mountain brooks.

Numerous comfortable residences, commodious dancing hall and private business houses.

Numerous flourishing business houses such as banking and general merchandise and stationery stores.

Lee's creek, affording excellent and almost unlimited water power for all kinds of manufacturing establishments.

THE RECORD, a local newspaper which will always be found bright, progressive, and a friend to Southern Alberta in particular and Western Canada in general.

The Record.

$2.00

BRIEF RESUME
= of =
CANADIAN HISTORY
From 1497 to 1898.

Very Short and to the Point.

FAMILIARIZE YOURSELF WITH ALL THAT APPEARS IN THIS COLUMN EACH WEEK.

Having lived in this district more than three years, we are acquainted with the majority of inhabitants, and to a greater or less degree, have a knowledge respecting their uninformed condition as to the laws and history of Canada. We, therefore, purpose publishing, serially, in a portion of this column, each week, a Short History of Canada from 1497 to 1898, together with Statistical Items of general interest.

1859. New Westminster founded by Col. Moody.

1860. Winnipeg founded First Provincial Synod of the Church of England—held in Montreal, August 25. Opening of the Victoria Bridge by the Prince of Wales. This bridge croses the St. Lawrence at Montreal on the line of the Grand Trunk Railway. It is the largest iron tubular bridge in the world, is 60 feet high in the centre, and nearly two miles in length September 1. Laying of the corner stone of the Dominion buildings at Ottawa by the Prince of Wales. These buildings, together with the Departmental buildings, have been erected at a total cost, up to 30th June, 1896, of $4,887,537. Art Association founded in Montreal.

1861. Population of Upper Canada 1,396,091; Lower Canada, 1,111,566; of New Brunswick, 252,074; of Nova, 330,857; of Prince Edward Island, 80,857, of Vancouver Island, exclusive of Indians, 3,420.
Land Commission for Prince Edward Island appointed. Hon. J. H. Gray for the Crown Hon. Joseph Howe for the tenants, and Matthew Richey for the proprietors. Award made August 1861.
Affair.—Capt. Wilkes boarded, (8th November) British Mail Packet Trent and carried of Messers. Mason and Slidell, Confederate Commissioners. 18th December. British Government demand surrender of Mason and Slidell. Demand acceded to by United States Government and war averted.

1864. Conference at Charlottetown re Confederation. Manitoulin Island Treaty with Indians arranged by Hon. William Macdougall.

1864. Quebec Conference held. Resolutions passed in favor of Confederation of British North American Provinces. Raid from St. Albans into Canada.

1866. Nova Scotia and New Brunswick accept Confederation with Canada. Great fire in Quebec, 2,129 houses burned in St. Roch's and St. Sauveur surbub.
March 17. Termination of the Reciprocity Treaty, in consequence of notice given by the United States. It lasted 11 years.
June 1. Invasion of Canada by Fenians. Battle of Ridgeway, and retreat of the volunteers.
June 3. Withdrawal of the Fenians into the United States.
June 8. First meeting of Parliament in the new building at Ottawa. At this meeting the final resulutions necessary on the part of the Province of Canada to effect the confederation of the province were passed.
November 17. Union of Vancouver Island and British Columbia proclaimed.

1867. Febuary 10. The British North American Act passed by the Imperial Legislature.
July 1 Union of the Province of Canada, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick under the name of Dominion of Canada. The names of Upper and Lower Canada were change to Ontario and Quebec respectively.

(CONTINUED NEXT WEEK.)

The Record

$2.00

Ladies

Go to **H. S. Allen & Co.**

For Capes & Jackets; Children's & Misses Wraps; Dress Goods; (A fine line.) General Dry Goods. Largest and Best assorted stock ever shown in Cardston.

Gentlemen

Go to **H. S. Allen & Co.**

For Dress Suits; Working Suits; Waterproof overcoats; Pea Jackets; Gent's Furnishings & Fall & Winter goods. Double the quantity ever shown before. Our values are up, our prices down.

C. Edgar Snow, Banker,

Cardston, = = = Alberta.

1895 1898

A gereral banking business transacted.

Watch this space for The Cardston Co's big **FIRE** announcement next week.

AFFAIRS IN CRETE

POWERS REFUSE TO MODIFY THE TERMS OF THEIR ULTIMATUM.

Christians, Mussulmans and Jews Are Leaving by Every Vessel as They Fear Bombardment.

Paris, Oct. 11.—According to Le Matin, the foreign ambassadors at Constantinople have refused to modify the terms of their ultimatum to the porte, requiring the withdrawal of Turkish troops from Crete.

Canea, Crete, Oct. 11.—Djevad Pasha, the Turkish commander in Crete, has received orders from the sultan to proceed immediately to Constantinople, in order to accompany the German emperor on the latter's journey to Syria. A battalion of Italian troops has arrived here. Chakir Pasha will assume command of the Turkish troops, succeeding Djevad Pasha. The exodus of inhabitants, Christians, Mussulmans and Jews, continues by every steamer, and sailing vessel. The people fear a bombardment of the city.

Rome, Oct. 1.1—A Milan newspaper publishes a report of an interview with Vice Admiral Canevaro, minister of foreign affairs and formerly the senior officer of the foreign admirals in Crete, in which he is represented as saying that Italy, France and Russia had the moral support of Germany and Austria in their wish to definitely settle the Cretan question. England, he said, wished to remain in Candia, but the other powers would not give their consent to her permanent occupation of that place.

London, Oct. 11.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Times says: "The sultan's reply to the note of the powers says that he will hold three fortified places in Crete with garrisons sufficient to protect the Mohamedans and to defend the Ottoman empire. Measures have been taken to begin the withdrawal of the Turkish troops from the island."

Parnellites in Convention.

Dublin, Oct. 10.—The Parnellite convention opened here today with Mr. John Redmond presiding. During the course of his remarks Mr. Redmond remarked that it was incredible that a statesman with Mr. Chamberlain's experience and astuteness should declare that the passing of the Irish local government bill satisfied the aspirations of Irishmen. The Parnellites, he added, could not be satisfied until they secured home rule.

The Saxon Murder.

Canton, O., Oct. 10.—It is claimed that the defence of Mrs. George, who is supposed to have shot George D. Saxton, a brother of Mrs. McKinley, will be an alibi, supported by a claim that the murder was committed by a man in a woman's garb. A postal card dated Springfield, Ohio, October 8th, and addressed to the chief of police of Canton, signed X. Y. Z., was received today. It reads: "I killed Saxton and am not sorry for it; catch me if you can."

The coroner resumed the examination of witnesses this morning. His examination will not be concluded for several days.

Three Great Nations.

Paris, Oct. 10.—L'Evenment today publishes the substance of an interview with Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, British secretary of state for the colonies, who is now in America, in which the English statesmen is quoted as saying he considered the United States, owing to the recent war, to be in the same position as Great Britain in Egypt, adding that the United States has the same imperative duty to keep the Philippine Islands.

Mr. Chamberlain is said to have added: "The moment has arrived for the United States to prepare for an extension of territory and in order to realize this deal she will not refuse Great Britain's support. United, Great Britain, the United States and Canada will be invulnerable."

A Plucky Governor.

Springfield, Ills., Oct. 10.—Governor Tanner had a sharp controversy with Manager Lukes of the Cnicago Virden Coal Co., in regard to the sending of troops to Virden where the operators have been planning the use of imported negroes to fill the places of the strikers. Manager Lukes said he proposed to import labor and would operate the mine if necessary at the muzzles of Winchesters Governor Tanner said he would not send troops to assist the operators in running their mines with imported labor, and if the operators attempted to enforce their ideas in regard to Winchesters he would send the national guard to Virden and disarm them all. In regard to the situation at Pana, Governor Tanner said that if the operators persisted in employing imported labor he would withdraw the troops from that place.

The Dreyfus Case.

Paris, Oct. 10.—The Siecle says it learns that the government is about to demand the expulsion from the Legion of Honor of the Comte Ferdimand Walsin Esterhazy, who is believed to be the author of the bordereau in the Dreyfus case.

M. Trareux, a former minister of justice, has written to M. Brisson, the premier, protesting against the illegality of Colonel Picquart's close imprisonment and threatening, that unless this is relaxed he will bring the matter before the senate.

The Last Session.

Quebec, Oct. 10.—Members of the international commission had their last meeting this morning. They adjourned at 11 o'clock and left afterwards on an excursion around the port of Quebec on the government steamer Druid, only two American delegates remaining in the city, Hons. Coolidge and Dingley, who leave for home today.

A THRILLING ADVENTURE.

Miraculous Escape From Death in the Winnipeg River.

Rat Portage, Oct. 11.—An alarming accident happened this evening to Contractor Garson's gang, who are removing the old government road bridge over the west branch of the Winnipeg river. The men were engaged in demolishing the last of the six spans, when the structure swung loose and fell with a crash to the rapids below. Three of the men were fortunately on one of the piers in the stream when the bridge gave way, but Hank Stanton, the foreman, and William Butt, fell with the timbers into the water. The latter swum for shore and was rescued by some of his fellow workmen, but Stanton, who got astride a stringer, was carried by the swift current towards the falls under the railroad bridge. As he was rounding the bend in the stream, just above the falls, Stanton turned and waved his hat to the men on the pier. The shoremen ran along the banks of the river to a point below the falls, in order to render what assistance was in their power, when they saw Stanton standing on a rock in mid stream below the falls. An Indian in a canoe finally rescued the cool-headed foreman from his perilous position.

FROM BENNET TO DAWSON

Police Are Now Stationed at Intervals of Thirty Miles.

Victoria, B..C, Oct. 10.—The Times says: The establishment of the chain of police stations along the Yukon from Lake Bennett to Dawson has been completed. On the last trip of the steamer Canadian up river Capt. Harper, commanding the Northwest Mounted Police, stationed five men at each post. They are provided with supplies for two years and have many dogs. The stations are thirty miles apart. The soldiers are to carry government dispatches up and down the river this winter and will work between posts. They are also instructed to give assistance in every way possible to the outcoming traveller. It is estimated that 8,000 people will come out over the ice. To them the posts will be of inestimable value. They will not have to carry supplies or blankets as sleeping quarters will be provided for. The government mail carriers will also use the new police posts. They will carry the public mail while the soldiers rush through that which is intended for the government officials. A system of expressing has been inaugurated by the backers of the mail contractor and it will be possible to send packages into Dawson during the entire winter. The police have comfortable quarters, and travellers will find it easy coming out now that they can spend the evening around the police station fire and have a warm, comfortable bunk with good meals.

BUSINESS EXPANSION.

Significant Sequel to the Revenue and Trade Returns.

Ottawa, Oct. 10.—The returns recently published respecting the revenue and trade of the Dominion afford abundant evidence of the continued expansion of business. Additional evidence in the same line is furnished by some figures supplied today by Mr. Fielding, minister of finance. The circulation of the small Dominion notes of the denominations of one and two dollars is justly regarded as a very good indication of the volume of the business that is being done. When trade is slack the demand for these small notes fall off, when trade is brisk the circulation of the notes increases. A statement of the circulation of these small notes on the 30th of June last, showed an increase of $632,182 above the figures at the close of the previous fiscal year. Large and gratifying as this increase was, the figures for the past three months afford even stronger evidence of the expansion of trade. The increase of circulation from the first of July last ot the 30th of September was $79,169. The amount of these notes in circulation on the 30th September was $8,367,000, an increase of nearly a million and a half dollars in fifteen months.

Charges Not Proved.

Victoria, Oct. 10.—The royal commission to inquire into payments by the late government of $40,000 in connection with the new parliament buildings, was resumed and concluded today. Ex-Premier Turner made a long statement, maintaining that the amounts paid were by way of a compromise, owing to the impossibility of obtaining a settlement with the architect and contractors. The commissioner in conclusion remarked that the facts did not seem to be in dispute. It would appear as though the charges of wrongful payment have not been made good, although the amounts may have been paid without authority of the architect in charge of the work.

Dying Like Flies.

London, Oct. 10.—A dispatch to the Daily Chronicle from Alexandria says: "The troops who have returned from Khartoum are dying like flies from enteric disorders, supposed to be due to canned beef and indulgence in cheap spirits."

A Large Shipment.

Toronto, Oct. 10.—The largest shipment of dressed meat ever made from here went off today from the Davies company to Southampton, England. It consisted of 630,000 pounds of meat valued at $64,000.

Cannot Agree.

London, Oct. 11.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from Paris says the United States and Spanish peace commissioners are at entire variance regarding the question of the disposition of the Philippine islands, and that they have referred the matter to their respective governments.

INDIAN TROUBLES

UNFAIR TREATMENT THE CAUSE OF WAR IN MINNESOTA.

Leech Lake Indians Ready to Treat for Peace, but Will Not Submit to Troops Without Resistance.

St. Paul, Minn., Oct. 11.—A Walker, Minn., special to the dispatch says: Indian Commissioner Jones has spent much time investigating the causes of the Indian trouble and in seeking to learn what settlement of the difficulty would be satisfactory to the whites of this vicinity. The plan has been for the Indians to submit to arrest, be given a light punishment, and then return to their homes, after promising to be good. The surrender of the twenty Indians for whom warrants are out will not remove the cause of the present trouble, or restore a friendly feeling among the Indians, who sympathize with the Pillagers. Citizens here generally assert that the braves have been badly treated by the whites, and the battle that resulted so disastrously was the culmination of the dissatisfaction. They therefore fear further trouble unless there is a thorough settlement now.

Minneapolis, Oct. 11.—The Journal's staff correspondent at Walker, Minn., wires: Indian Commissioner Jones was welcomed by the chiefs, who seemed glad he had come. He was informed that runners from the Bear Island camp brought word that the braves would receive anyone for a conference except soldiers and marshals. If soldiers came they would fight. The messengers counted thirty bucks in the camp, who claimed that they had lost but one killed and two squaws wounded in the battle. They were all behind one tree, and one bullet went through the tree, hitting all three.

Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 11.—General Bacon to-day wired Col. Sturgis, assistant adjudant general in charge of the department of Dakota, to send all remaining able-bodied soldiers of the Third left at Fort Smelling. There are only about twenty-five available men and those will be sent to-morrow morning.

Chicago, Oct. 11.—Orders have been received at division headquarters here from General Bacon, commander of the department of the Lakes and Dakotas, to have the Fourth Infantry at Fort Sheridan and Seventeenth Infantry at Columbus barracks, Ohio, held in readiness for immediate service at the scene of the Indian trouble in Minnesota.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Winnipeg, Oct. 10.—Of a party of five Frenchmen who left St. Boniface for Dawson City last spring three are dead and two were lying dangerously ill with typhoid fever in a Dawson hospital when last heard from. Lemay and Pacaud are the names of the two sick men. Cherette, one of the men who died, had a wife and seven children depending on him. They are living at St. Norbert.

Owen Sound, Oct. 8.—For stealing three cigars a boy named Thomas was sentenced by Police Magistrate Spencer to three years in the reformatory.

Aylmer, Ont., Oct. 8.—While Mr. and Mrs. Stephens, with a small child, were driving near town today, the horse took fright at a bicycle and threw the occupants out. The child was fatally injured.

Montreal, Oct. 8.—The passenger rate difficulty between the Grand Trunk railway and the Canadian Pacific railway promises to last indefinitely. Neither of the roads seem inclined to make any concession that would tend to bring about a solution of the trouble.

London, Oct. 8.—Three seventeen-knot steamers have been purchased for the Canadian line between Milford Haven and Paspebiac, Que., the first sailing in November. Satisfactory arrangements have been made for a special service on trains between London and Milford Haven.

Fawcett's Challenge.

Ottawa, Oct. 10.—As far back as January last Gold Commissioner Fawcett issued a challenge to any one who had any evidence of wrong-doing in connection with his office, to produce it. On the 6th of that month he sent a report to Major Walsh, from which the following extract is taken: "People we have to deal with offer bribes on every hand and scandals were started even about our own office which reached such proportions that I posted up notices requesting any one who could bring evidence of any wrong-doing againts any member of my office staff to send his name and address and I would appoint a time for investigation. Thus far no charge has been brought forward."

Cairo, Oct. 10.—The Khalifa, who fled from Omdurman, when that place was captured by General Kitchener, has at last been heard from. He is at Baba, three days' march west of Abba Island, where he is concealed in the forest with his lieutenant, Osman Digna, and a small following. It is reported that the mountaineers in the neighborhood have refused to have any dealings with him. The Arab tribes are all hostile to him.

"Dr." Nancy Guilford.

London, Oct. 10.—According to the Daily Mail Dr. Nancy Guilford, who no longer denies that she is the midwife of Bridgeport, Conn., but declares herself absolutely innocent of any connection with the death of Emma Gill, says that she sailed for England under an assumed name owing to "another matter, which she will explain at the proper place." She is now in the infirmary of the Holloway jail, London, suffering from nervous collapse.

OVER THE DOMINION.

Toronto, Oct. 10.—A case of small pox is reported by the provincial health department in Camden township, Kent county, supposed to have originated in Detroit. Only one case has developed, but it is feared there may be others. All precautions possible have been taken to prevent an outbreak.

Vancouver, Oct. 9.—Hundreds of Indians of the Tanana, Mantasta and Copper River tribes are reported to be threatened with starvation, by prospectors from Copper River, who have arrived at Dawson. The natives depend on the salmon run on the Copper River for their winter supply of food. This year the salmon did not come.

Chatham, Oct. 10.—Edward Bagneau, of Dover township, was struck by a train at a crossing near the city and fatally injured.

Vancouver, Oct. 10.—This is American day at New Westminster exhibition and the cousins from across the line to about the number of 1,200 are taking in the sights. They arrived in a special train. Mayor Ovens, the officers of the Royal Agricultural association, and many prominent citizens were on hand and extended the freedom of the Royal City.

P. W. Keyser, formerly of Montreal, was crushed to death by a log falling on him at Tait's logging camp on North Arm.

Lethbridge, Alta., Oct. 10.—A very sad accident occurred here today, by which the 4-year-old boy of W. S. Morris, of the Lethbridge Cartage company, lost his life. It appears the little fellow had wandered out into the kitchen in his night clothes, which by some means caught fire, and before it could be extinguished, he received injuries which resulted fatally.

Halifax, Oct. 10.—The steamer Harlaw, which arrived this morning from Newfoundland, brought $30,000 worth of cheese and other goods saved from the wreck of the steamer Ganges at Ferrol. She also brought eight men of the wrecked steamer's crew. The Ganges was in a bad position when the Harlaw left, and will be a total wreck.

Branttord, Oct. 10.—Lott's tannery here was totally destroyed by fire today, involving a loss of five thousand dollars.

St. Thomas, Oct. 10.—Melvin Hind, aged 4, was fatally burned while playing with fire.

Sandwich, Oct. 10.— Wm. Long, aged 18, of Detroit, was drowned by the capsizing of a boat, while trying to reach the Canadian shore yesterday. His two companons were rescued.

Whitby, Oct. 10.—Ralph Johnston, aged 10, collided with a couple of other bicycle riders of the town and received fatal injuries.

Hamilton, Oct. 10.—The Canadian club, of this city, will have a Brock night next Thursday, when addresses will be given in commemoration of the battle of Queenstown Heights.

Quebec, Oct. 10.—The 12 year old son of Hon. Chas. Langelier died yesterday at Sherbrooke while undergoing an operation.

Galt, Oct. 10.—Wm. Armstrong, aged 32, living with his father, John Armstrong, hanged himself in his bedroom on Saturday afternoon with a halter. He was of unsound mind and about to be committed to an asylum.

Leamington, Ont., Oct. 10.—The Michigan Central railway round house was burned yesterday and with it an engine, coach and baggage car contained in it. The damage is about $8,000. A curious feature in connection with the fire is that Engineer Cowles, who had been running the engine and cars burned between Chatham and Comber for many years, died Friday last, while his fireman, who was injured in a collision, died on Saturday.

Ottawa, Oct. 10.—The house of Prof. Robertson, dairy commissioner, was robbed of silverware, including some marriage presents, to the extent of $300.

Ottawa, Oct. 10.—In the supreme court today the appeal, Queen vs Ogilvie, was heard. The action was taken by the crown to recover money deposited in the Exchange Bank of Canada, under guarantee by respondent as director of the bank, by the deputy minister of finance for a hundred thousand dollars. The case was tried in the exchequer court at Montreal before Justice Davidson as judge ad hoc and dismissed. The crown now appeals asking judgment for $77,377.

Winnipeg, Oct. 11.—Standard samples of this year's grain crops for official grain inspectors and for the department of inland revenue at Ottawa were sacked on Saturday in the presence of an officer of the inland revenue department, who affixed his seal to them and shipped them to their several destinations. The secretary of the standards board is now being kept busily engaged sending out standard samples of grain to the shippers of grain throughout the province.

The Crow's Nest Pass coal, which is now being placed on the Winnipeg market, is said to have proved of good quality in tests made with it in the ordinary stove.

A Dastardly Act.

Moncton, N.B., Oct. 10.—A serious accident happened last night at Hodgin's siding, north of here. Conductor Davidson's special's head light in coming east showed a sleeper across the track. Driver E. Hayward reversed his engine, but it was too late, the locomotive and seven cars fell over into the ditch. The oil tank car caught fire and exploded and set the wreck in flames. The whole wreck and contents were destroyed by the fire. The sleeper was evidently placed on the track for the purpose which was accomplished. An engine man and brakeman were injured, but not seriously.

PARTED AT THE ALTAR.

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY.

CHAPTER V.—THE DESERTED BRIDE.

When they reached Baltimore they drove straight to the hotel, and then, for the first time, it seemed to Doris, her husband spoke kindly to her. He said:—

"You look very tired. I should advise you to get some rest. I always find a cigar and the morning air most refreshing after a journey. We stay here a week," he went on, as he placed a roll of bills in her hand. "That will give you plenty of time to make your necessary purchases."

Doris looked at him the picture of dismay, but she did not tell him she did not have the faintest notion as to what was appropriate to buy.

"Do you wish me to accompany you on this shopping expedition?" he asked. "To tell you the truth, it always bores me. I have ordered the coupe at two, to-morrow afternoon."

"I can go alone," answered Doris, bravely. "And I will buy what I think will please you."

He smiled, gratified at her ready complaisance. Half an hour later she stood alone in her pretty blue-and-gold boudoir attached to the suite of rooms that had been assigned them.

Too restless to sleep, Doris passed the long hours which followed sitting at the window, gazing at the throng of pedestrians that passed to and fro across the way.

The afternoon commenced to wane, the sun set, and darkness enfolded the city. Still Doris sat by the window, patiently watching for Frederick Thornton's return. How little she dreamed of the suns that would rise and set ere she looked upon his face again!

Soon after a servant announced six o'clock dinner.

"I shall not go down until my husband comes," said Doris, timidly. "He must be here shortly."

The long evening wore away; eleven o'clock sounded from an adjacent belfry; and weary with long watching, Doris' curly head dropped slowly, and, sitting in her chair by the window, she fell into a troubled sleep.

The sun was shining into the room when Doris opened her eyes the next morning. For an instant she gazed around her with a startled cry of dismay. Where was she? Then, like a flash, the strange events of the last few hours recurred to her.

The poor little bride gazed around her with a chill feeling of loneliness. Where was her handsome young husband? Why did he neglect her so cruelly? she wondered, vaguely.

Another forenoon dragged its slow length by. Still Frederick Thornton seemed to ignore her presence completely. Doris was glad when the coupe he had ordered came for her. She was not used to shopping, yet it was marvelous to see the good taste she showed in the selection of a handsome, stylish traveling dress and one or two other costumes.

They were ordered to the hotel at once, and counting out the contents of her purse, Doris found she had a little over twenty dollars left.

Arriving at the hotel again, Doris proceeded at once to array herself in one of her prettiest costumes, that she might look more pleasing in the eyes of her handsome young husband when he should return.

It was a beautiful vision of girlish loveliness the long French mirror reflected—a slender, graceful little creature in bronze surah silk, from which the white throat and delicate head rose like a flower; but, ah! it was such a very wistful face the golden curls framed, and the pansy-blue eyes were heavy with hushed tears.

"Ah, will he never, never come?" she cried out in vague terror, clutching her little hands over her heart, and pacing restlessly up and down the floor.

A dozen times she had stretched her hand out towards the bell rope. She must send some one in search of him. Perhaps that was what he was waiting for.

Poor, innocent little Doris! She knew so little of life and the great, cruel world.

In answer to her summons and to her query, "If he would be so kind as to find her husband," Mr. Thornton, and tell him she wiished to see him?" The man gazed with undisguised pity into her sweet, young face.

"The gentleman who brought you here is not stopping here, ma'am," he said, constrainedly. "He left that same morning, after depositing for a week's board, as that is our rule when there's no baggage."

"He left the hotel—the day—we—came? Left me—alone—here?" gasped Doris, in an agony of dismay words are weak to describe. "Surely you are jesting. He would not, he could not be so cruel. We were only married two days ago."

"Are you strong enough to bear a great shock?" asked the man, almost hating himself for the words he was about to speak.

Once before in his varied experinece of hotel life he had been obliged to speak the same words to a fair young wife, and, without a moan, without a cry, she had thrown up her white hands and fallen dead at his feet.

Doris rose slowly to her feet, and stood before him with cheeks as pale as a snowdrop and eyes wildly dilated.

"You—you have something to tell me!" she gaped. "In the name of mercy, I implore you to speak quickly. A shock, you say? I—I can bear it."

"A woman could break this more gently to her," muttered the man, drawing his sleeve across his eyes.

"Oh, why don't you speak?" implored Doris. "Is there anything the matter with my—my—husband?"

"I hope what you say is true—that that soft-spoken, fine gentleman married you, poor lass. But, be that as it may, the truth, if you must have it, is: He has deserted you."

"Ah, I knew it would be so!" she exclaimed, in alarm.

With a wild, bitter, agonizing cry, Doris fell face downward, upon the floor like one dead.

Deserted! A deserted bride! Those were the words that broke a human heart.

We must hasten to explain, dear reader, the strange stroke of fate which tore these two asunder. Arrest your judgment of our handsome hero until you have heard his defence.

True, he did not love this young bride whom he had been fairly forced by an unkind fate into wedding, and he left the hotel crying out silently to himself that she had wrecked his life, and made the thought of the future as bitter as death; still, for all that, it would never have occurred to him to desert her. He was too honorable to even contemplate such an action.

Deeply engrossed in his own thoughts, he walked rapidly down the crowded thoroughfare, paying little heed to what was transpiring around him. Suddenly he heard a great shout, a cry from the people around him.

He had barely time to raise his head, and in an instant he comprehended; but he was too late to save himself. A horse, dashing over the crossing, had taken fright at a painted balloon in the hand of a little child. In a flash the driver was hurled from his seat; the maddened animal wheeled about with one wild plunge, and ere Frederick Thornton could take one backward step a great iron hoof was planted just above his temple.

More dead than alive he was taken to the nearest hospital. He had sustained a terrible fracture of the skull, the consulting doctor found. His life hung by a single thread. If he lived, his reason might be partially restored — never wholly, unless by a violent shock which might cost him his life, and it might be many a long day before he would waken to a realization of what was transpiring about him.

As is often the case, this was one of the many accidents in which city life abounds, which never found its way into the daily papers.

"So young, so handsome and stalwart," said the hospital nurse, pityingly, as she bent over the pillow. "I will kiss him for the mother whose pride he must be, and whose heart will be broken to see him like this—and for the sweetheart, too, who may be watching in vain for his coming."

By a letter found in his pocket it was ascertained he was the son of Banker Thornton, of New York City, and his father was accordingly communicated without delay.

We will pass briefly over the fortnight of terrible suspense and anxiety which followed. Night and day his father watched by his bedside, refusing to be comforted. And when at last it was concluded that the son could be removed with safety the banker bowed his head, uttering a fervent "Thank God!"

Owing to Frederick's strong constitution his convalescence was more rapid than the doctors had anticipated; but with returning consciousness it was discovered there was a strange blank in his mind. He could not remember how he happened to be in Baltimore, what had brought him there, or even the cause of the accident which befel him.

He remembered quite well receiving Vivian Courtney's pink tinted note which had called him that sunny afternoon to Beech Grove. He remembered alighting from the train, and had a dim recollection of inquiring the way to Madame Delmars' seminary; but beyond this—Heaven help him!—he remembered nothing.

The events that had followed in rapid succession—his meeting with beautiful Doris Brandon—the ball, and the fatal marriage which had resulted from it—were entirely obliterated from his mind.

Alas! for the strange complications of a fate more cruel than death!—the very existence of the fair young bride, who waited in vain for his coming, was swept entirely from his memory.

There was great rejoicing at Thornton Villa when the banker and his son returned home. Mrs. Thornton and the young ladies embraced Frederick by turns. His mother held him in her arms longest.

"There is some one else waiting to welcome you, dear," she whispered, nodding toward the bay window, heavily draped with silken curtains—"some one who would not have cared to live if you had died."

"Is it Vivian, mother?" he asked, quickly, his handsome face flushing with pleasure.

"Yes," she answered, with a smile; and in another moment the impetuous young man had crossed the room and had flung back the heavy curtains.

A slim, girlish figure bounded up from the velvet arm-chair, murmuring:—

"Frederick! oh, Frederick!"

"Vivian, my love! my darling!" he answered, extending his arms joyfully.

(To be Continued.)

To Wheel In Cuba.

Get your 1900 wheel and come along with me
To take a ride through Cuba Libre, the gem isle of the sea,
The island which is chainless, like our bikes, and, now she's free,
Let us go biking through Cuba.

CHORUS.

Hurrah, hurrah, no trochas now are here!
Hurrah, hurrah, no Spaniards now appear!
For Uncle Sam got after them and soon they had to clear.
Now we go biking through Cuba.

Since the Spanish horde has fled the island basks in peace,
All now is smiling plenty and the industries increase,
For Uncle Sam is fondly caring for his beauteous niece.
Let us go biking through Cuba.

CHORUS.

Hurrah, hurrah, we'll ride from shore to shore!
Hurrah, hurrah, free Cuba evermore!
Silenced now forever is the shock of battle's roar,
As we go biking through Cuba.

—New York Sun.

The Fickle Fair.

The gossips are abusing a certain pretty Atchison girl whose sweetheart is with the volunteers at Camp Alger for coming down town the other night with another young man for soda water. Although it is less than two months since he enlisted to fight and perhaps bleed for his country, she is already fickle. When he comes back with the medals pinned all over his breast and scorns her, how she will bitterly repent taking that glass of soda water with another!—Atchison Globe.

Condolences.

Member of the Firm—James!

Office Boy—Yes, sir.

Member of the Firm—James, I am very glad to learn, upon investigation, that your grandmother is really dead, and that you are therefore not lying to me in order to go to the baseball game this afternoon.—Detroit Journal.

CARDSTON RECORD.

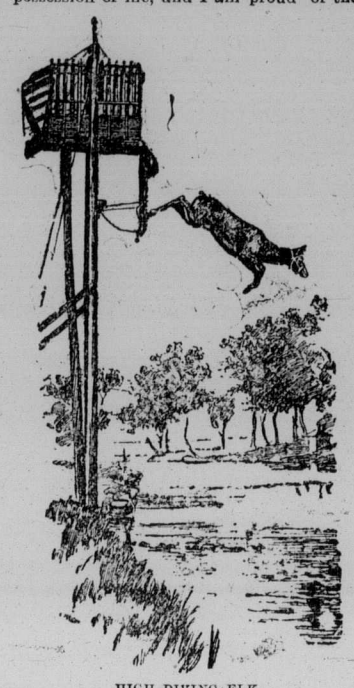
CARDSTON, N. W. T.

HIGH DIVING ELK.

The Camera Catches One of Its Most Wonderful Feats.

In conversation the other day, Will J. Barnes of Sioux City, Iowa, said:

Some people have an eccentric hobby, others have a hobby that appeals to the general run of beings as sensible and proper. Whatever you may call my hobby, it is one that has taken complete possession of me, and I am proud of the



HIGH DIVING ELK.

sensation it causes. My hobby is my diving elks, which I claim to be the most wonderful animals in the world. But then perhaps I am prejudiced in their favor, as I educated them and taught them the tricks that are a constant source of wonder and admiration to my friends.

I was prompted to train the elk because I heard it so frequently stated that it was the dullest animal living. The fact that the undertaking seemed to be one almost impossible to carry through successfully gave additional zest to the task I set for myself, which was to train a team of elks to do the most remarkable thing I could think of that was compatible with the nature of the animal.

I procured two young elks and began experimenting with them at once. I soon discovered that the elks were smart enough to outwit me on several occasions. My first step was to break them to drive in harness. This took nearly a year to do, as I had to gain the animals' confidence and friendship before I could do anything with them.

I succeeded finally, however, in getting them thoroughly broken into a very pleasant driving team. I got my idea of teaching them to dive by their seeming utter indifference as to what height they jumped from while in training. In fact, the first dive they ever made was from a high bank into the Sioux River, on which occasion I went with them.

I fixed a short chute on the river bank at first and coaxed them to go into it up about five feet high and jump into the water from that height. After a few months of patient work I got them to run up the chute of their own free will and jump off into the water. As it was the only place from which they could get into the water they began to think it great sport to jump from that height. Then I began to raise the platform, and as the weather was getting too cold in Iowa for comfortable training in the river I took my elks south to New Orleans and kept them in constant training all winter, jumping from a higher elevation each week after I had got them to leap from a height of about twenty feet.

"Ringlette" seemed by instinct to get the true diving idea of making his plunges headfirst, with front feet extended, and now he always goes head foremost and strikes exactly in the center of the tank, which is sixteen feet square and twelve feet deep.

The buck elk "Ring" is beginning to dive almost as expertly as his brother, and I am sure before the summer is past he will dive head foremost, with feet extended, as does "Ringlette."

How It Struck Him.

"Ser-rmons in stones?" quoted Mr. Doolan after his literary daughter. "Oi dunno about that, but sure there is some good arguments in them, there is."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

It was on July 4, 1829, that omnibuses first ran in England. Two then began to run from the Bank of England to the Yorkshire Stingo inn, on the New road. They carried 22 passengers inside, but none outside.

A CRIPPLE FOR LIFE.

H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES MAY ALWAYS WALK WITH A LIMP.

With a Fractured Knee Cap, the Chances Are That at His Age He Will Never Totally Recover—The Reasons Why the Injury Is Regarded With Seriousness.

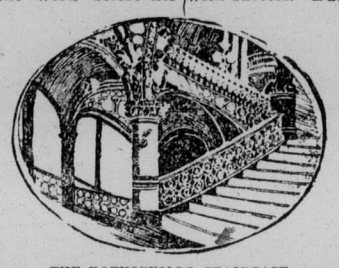
If the Prince of Wales ever ascends the throne of England he may have to go there on a crutch.

From the magnificent country home of Baron Rothschild at Waddesdon comes the news that the Prince, while going down to breakfast by the west stairway, slipped and fell on his knee cap, severely fracturing that part of his person to the extent that he may be obliged to compose himself for a time and give up all the pleasures which have been mapped out for him during the next three months.

It was a great misfortune to His Royal Highness, who up to the present accident has gone through a life of pleasure without suffering many of its discomforts.

In the midst of the excitement that followed, Dr. Shaw, the village physician, was summoned, and with the aid of a professional nurse, the Prince was given all possible attention and relief. But the injured patella persisted in developing an inflammation that induced a considerable swelling. Dr. Shaw gave positive instructions that the Prince should take a long rest at any cost, and give up the fulfilment of his many actual engagements.

It is hoped that nature will accomplish the work before her with success. But



THE ROTHSCHILDS STAIRCASE.

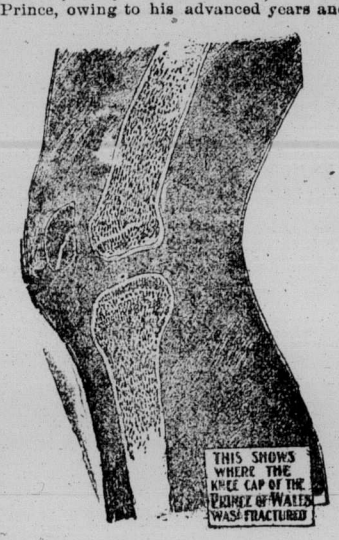
there are grave fears that never again will he walk without a perceptible limp, and perhaps a crutch may be part of his possessions.

An injury to the patella, or knee cap, notwithstanding the skill of the best surgeons of the world, often leaves its imprint during life, so that free use of the limb is not infrequently out of the question.

And then again, the Prince of Wales, notwithstanding his vigorous constitution and robust health, is nearing three score years, and an injury that he could have overcome twenty years ago may cling to him to-day with a distressing persistency.

To be sure, the best medical attention in all England and Europe will be given him. But even the skill of man cannot always successfully combat the influences of age.

A fracture of the knee cap, while not necessarily dangerous, requires immediate attention and the most careful nursing, and especially so in the case of the Prince, owing to his advanced years and



somewhat energetic disposition. The great difficulty will be to keep him under sufficient restraint to permit the fracture to mend. The bone of an elderly person does not knit as readily as in a young person, and the affected parts seldom mend readily.

It will also make a great difference if the fracture is compound, as in that case it will require an operation, which is always attended with more or less danger.

Smith Would Be Equal to It.

"Oh, from morning till night it's nothing but what Smith's boy has been saying. I wish Smith's boy were dumb."

"Certainly you don't imagine that would make any difference."—Vim.

A CANADIAN MEDICINE.

WHICH HAS MADE A WONDERFUL REPUTATION THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

Every Cure Published Is Investigated by a Responsible Newspaper—The Advertiser Has Looked Into and Gives Below the Particulars of One of These Cures.

From the Advertiser, Hartland, N. B.

The Advertiser has come across still another instance of the remarkable curative powers of the famous Canadian remedy, Dr. Wliliams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Mr. William Tedlie, of Lower Brighton, a prominent lumberman and farmer, came every near being a cripple from rheumatism, the dread disease so prevalent along the St. John River. Mr. Tedlie is now 65 years of age. Five years ago he was taken with the first symptoms of rheumatism—over exposure, the stream drives and the general hard life of the lumberman, paved the way for the lodgement of the excruciating disease. The symptoms first manifest were pains through the legs, arms and hands. Gradually conditions grew worse. At intervals there would be an abatement of the malady, but for months each year he was very nearly helpless. The pain was so agonizing that sleep was out of the question, and to work was impossible. The afflicted man had so often read of the wonderful efficacy of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in cases similar to his own, that he resolved to try them. He says, however, that he was not hopeful of receiving much benefit, as he had tried many medicines without any good result following. He began the use of the Pills and by the time a couple of boxes were used he found they were helping him. Thus encouraged he continued the use of the medicine and gradually the pains and soreness left him, he was able to sleep soundly, and enjoyed an excellent appetite. In fact after using Dr. William's Pink Pills for less than two months Mr. Tedlie says he found himself in the best of health. He is now a warm friend of this great medicine and urges similar sufferers not to experiment with other medicines but at once begin the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Rheumatism, sciatica, neuralgia, partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia, nervus headache, nervous prostration, and disease depending upon humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc., all disappear before a fair treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They give a healthy glow to pale and sallow complexions. Sold by all dealers and post paid at 50c. a box or six boxes for $2.50 by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont. Do not be persuaded to take some substitute.

Ten Famous Wrecks.

The Princess Alice, 650 lives lost. September 2, 1878.

The Royal George, 600 lives lost. August 29, 1782.

Utopia, 564 lives lost, March 1891.

The White Star Liner Atlantic, 560 lives lost. April 18, 1873.

The Namchow, 509 lives lost. January 2, 1892.

The Birkenhead transport, 454 lives lost. February 26, 1852.

The Austria, emigrant vessel, 417 lives lost, September 13, 1858.

Prince George, 400 lives lost. April 13, 1758.

Lady Nugent, 400 lives lost. May, 1854.

Royal Adelaide, 400 lives lost. March 30, 1850.

How to Use Corn Plasters.

Dr. Alsnel, writing on the treatment of corns, mentions a tip communicated to him by a layman concerning corn plasters. Instead of applying them whole, as purchased, the advice is to cut the plaster in two across the centre, and then to apply the two sections around the base of the corn. This method afforded relief at once, and in six months the corns were got rid of. The two sections can be fitted around the base of the corn accurately and tightly in a way that is impossible when dealing with a ring uncut.

WEAK, NERVOUS WOMEN

Suffering from palpitation of the heart, dizzy or faint spells, watery blood, etc., can be readily cured.

A Manitoba Lady Tells About Her Case.

There is no need whatever for so many women to be the subject of faint spells, heart and nerve weakness, anaemia, or any of those health destroying ailments peculiar to her sex. Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills regulate the heart beat and make it strong and full, tone the nerves, enrich the blood, and relieve the pain and weakness from which so many women suffer.

Mrs. Alexander Setter, of Pigeon Bluff, Man., writes an account of her case as follows: "I have great pleasure in giving my experience of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. For about ten years I was troubled with throbbing and fluttering of the heart. I tried five doctors and several remedies but none of them did me much good. Lately I heard of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and bought two boxes. Before I started using them I could not do my house work and gave myself up to die, as I thought I would never be cured. Now I feel really splendid since taking the pills, do my work, enjoy my meals and feel as if there was something in life worth living for."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, sold by all druggists at 50c. a box or 3 boxes for $1.25. T. Milburn & Co., Toronto, Ont.

Laxa-Liver Pills cure Billousness, Sick Headache, Constipation and Dyspepsia. Every Pill Perfect. Price 25c.

Backache

THE BANE OF MANY A WOMAN'S LIFE.

A Berlin Lady Tells How to Get Rid of It.

Doan's Kidney Pills The Remedy.

Mrs. Eliza Reitz, 33 Wellington St., Berlin, Ont., says, "For ten years I have been afflicted with kidney and back trouble, suffering greatly from dizziness, nervousness, weak eyesight, loss of sleep, and appetite, and an almost constant tired, weak feeling. In February last I got a box of Doan's Kidney Pills and received so much benefit from them that I continued their use until I had taken three boxes in all, and was completely cured. They removed every vestige of pain, dizziness and nervousness, and enabled me to get restful sleep; so that from being a sick woman I am now strong and well again."

Doan's Kidney Pills are the best remedy in the world for Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Dropsy, Backache, Gravel, Sediment in the Urine, and all Kidney and Bladder Diseases. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents a box or 3 boxes for $1.25. The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

Mr. Asbury Peppers.

"Oh, yes," said the medical student boarder. "I have read of several cases where rheumatism shifted from the limbs to the heart."

"I know a still stranger case," said Asbury Peppers. "I know a young man who had a broken finger, and when they would not let him enlist he was heartbroken."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

JUBILEE BRAND BUILDING PAPER.

Plain and Tarred.

It costs a little more than some others, but as it is the toughest and warmest, it is the cheapest. It is the best in the world. Compare it with others before buying.

Write for free samples.

MERRICK, ANDERSON & CO., WINNIPEG.

FREE

We give this fine watch, chain and charm, for selling two doz. LEVER COLLAR BUTTONS, at ten cts. each. Send your address and we forward the Buttons, postpaid, and our Premium List. No money required. Sell the Buttons among your friends, return the money, and we send the watch, prepaid. A genuine American watch, guaranteed, for a few hours' work. Mention this paper when writing.

LEVER BUTTON CO., 20 Adelaide St. E. Toronto, Ont.

W. N. U. 189

WHITE STAR
Baking Powder
AND
WHITE STAR
Health Coffey

Are all the rage.
Have you tried them?

HEALTH COFFEY

As a drink is not surpassed in healthful qualities. A decided benefit to the system.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR A PACKAGE.

THE DYSON GIBSON CO'Y.

Sun Insurance office.
Eastern Assurance Co.
Quebec Fire Insurance Company.
London and Lancashire Life Ins. Co.
British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co.
Lloyd's Glass Insurance Company.

W. R. ALLAN,
General Agent,
WINNIPEG.

MARK YOUR GRAIN BAGS

With our Stencils and avoid loss. We manufacture all kinds of **Stencils, Key Checks and Rubber Stamps**, and supply Inks and Brushes for the same; also Seals, Daters, Numberers, etc. Price List on application. Always write orders legibly and give us an idea of size and style of lettering required. **OFFICE SUPPLY CO., 503 Main St., Winnipeg.**

A FEW THINGS

that should be found in every well regulated household

DREWRY'S

Choice Stock Ale — Extra Porter
Canadian Pilsner Lager
(A Fine Light Beer)
Golden Key Brand Aerated Water
Imperial Table Sauce, India Chutney } Choice Table Relishes

E. L. DREWRY
Manufacturer and Importer
WINNIPEG

When people buy **Monsoon** Indo-Ceylon **Tea** *it's from choice*—because Monsoon has the qualities which they prefer. But some dealers prefer to sell somethng else—not because it is better—*or even as good*—but because they have something else in stock. People who have once tried Monsoon Tea have *good reasons of their own* for declining any other teas that the dealer may offer.

Monsoon TEA TEA TEA TEA TEA TEA

BOVRIL, LIMITED
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOVRIL In Tins and Bottles

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF,
Dessicated and Dried Potatoes and other Vegetables.

SOUP NODULES
And other preparations of condensed food specially suited for prospectors, surveyors and explorers, and for

KLONDIKE OUTFITS

London, ENGLAND, and 27 St. Peter St., MONTREAL.

CAN YOU SLEEP SOUNDLY?

Secure in doing the leading

MEN'S FURNISHING

Trade of your town. If not, handle

MYRON McBRIDE & CO'S.

Stylish full value goods and secure contented rest.

The... DAILY Globe
(REGULAR EARLY MORNING EDITION)
TORONTO

Canada's Greatest Newspaper,

Including the 24 or 28 page SATURDAY ILLUSTRATED EDITION, will be sent to any address in Manitoba, Northwest Territories, British Columbia and all points

WEST OF NORTH BAY for

$2.00 per Annum.

THE GLOBE, Toronto, Canada.

Agents wanted in every unrepresented district.

RESULTS FOR 1897.

LIFE INSURANCE

CANADIAN BUSINESS:

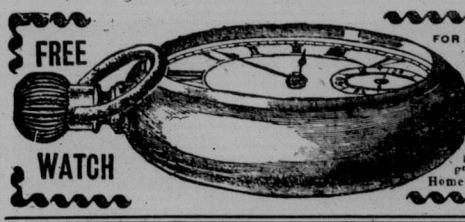
The following is compiled from figures of 1897 furnished the INSURANCE AND FINANCE CHRONICLE by the several companies:

Name of Company	Business Written	Gain in Business	Percentage
Great West Life	**$2,206,300**	**$1,405,830**	**64**
Ontario Mutual	3,031,900	1,485,719	49
Dominion Life	593,700	56,596	43
North American	3,431,524	469,208	43
Sun Life	4,317,292	1,256,173	29
Temperance & General	1,790,650	501,075	28
Canada Life	3,627,652	1 003,529	28
Confederation	3,132,072	714,649	23
Federal	2,003,850	85,105	4

As great emphasis is—very properly—given by all the companies to the percentage of "gain in business" to "busiuess written," it is gratifying to find that, as in so many other respects, its friends will still have reason to be proud of

The Great West Life Assurance Co.

FREE — **WATCH**



FOR One Day's Work.

We give this fine Watch, Chain & Charm for selling two doz. packages of Exquisite Perfume at ten cents each. Send address and we forward the perfume, postpaid, and our Premium List. No money required. Sell the perfume among your friends, return money, and we send the watch, prepaid. This is a genuine American Watch, guaranteed a good timepiece. Mention this paper.

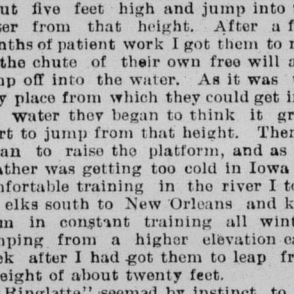
Home Specialty Co 60 Victoria St. Toronto

PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO'Y —OF— LONDON ENG.

First British Fire Insurance Office Established in Canada, A. D., 1804.

The above company is desirous of opening agencies in all towns throughout Manitoba and the Northwest Territories where they are not at present represented and will be pleased to receive applications for same.

PATERSON & SON,
Chief Agents for the Dominion of Canada,
Montreal, Que.



... DON'T BE A WEAK MAN!

Don't let your past errors wreck the happiness of your life. You can be cured. Over 5,000 such men as you have been cured during the past year by

DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT.

This is the only sure, permanent way to regain vigor. It has taken the place of drugs, which never cure. Electricity is life and restores life to men who have lost it. Send for the book,

"THREE CLASSES OF MEN" FREE.

Or call at the office and test the Belt free of charge. It means health and happiness to you.

DR. D. T. SANDEN,
132 St. James St., Montreal.

CARDSTON RECORD.

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Wednesday at Cardston,

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Editor and Proprietor.

Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

THE EDITOR does not assume responsibility for the views or statements expressed by any of THE RECORD'S contributors.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance.
Advertising Rates on application.
In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisements they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisements will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

In case a subscriber does not receive THE RECORD weekly, notice should be sent to the publication office, Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta, when the complaint will be thoroughly investigated.

Cardston, October 26, 1898.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

It snowed all day Sunday.

J. W. Woolf is back from Winnipeg.

A. Pitcher has gone to work on the canal.

J. L. Smith was in from Spring Coulee on Monday.

Pres. C. O. Card returned from Lethdribge on Friday evening.

Mrs. Thomas has been ill for several days passed.

L. F. Bennett, of Cardston, came in to town on Sunday, on a flying visit.—Lethbridge News.

Mrs. H. D. Coldwell Jr. gave birth to a girl babe on 18th inst.

Master Earl Morgan of Mountain View is visiting Master Owen Brant.

The Alberta Stake Conference of the Latter Day Saints will be held at Cardston Mar. 20 and 21.

Mrs. Sarah Hinman is going to leave the Co-op next week, Orapha Leavitt takes her place.

The contract for the grading on Spring Coulee hill has been let to Manly Brown of Spring Coulee.—Lethbridge News.

An Indian makes as much fuss in the spending of a nickle as a white man would in spending a hundred dollars.

Geo. M. Hudson returned from Macleod the other day. He will build the store at Ætna for Hansen & Taylor.

Mrs. Wm Wood presented h r husband with a fine boy babe Friday night, 21st. Oct. This is his thirteenth son and eighteenth child. Mrs. Wood and the babe are doing nicely.

The territoral consolidated ordinances containing legis'ation to date will be out about Jan. 1st. They will be a great convenience to the public.

Mr. E. T. Saunders, election clerk, left on Tuesday morning for Cardston and other points on election business. He was accompanied by Rev. W. Ridley Beal.—Lethbridge News.

When you want receipt or note Books call at THE RECORD Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts. You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

The survey of the Cardston trail by the district engineer, R. C. Laurie, is about completed, and the party have gone on to Cardston to work on the trails to Mountain View Boundary Creek, etc.—Lethbridge News.

Nominations are to take place on the 28. Oct. Polling is on the 4th of November. Now that Mr. Magrath has declaired himself not a candidate for our member, who will be returned in his place?

Yesterday, at the pleasant home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. L. Savage in Salt Lake City, Miss Hortense Snow, daughter of President Snow, formerly of Brigham City, was married to Jos. O. Duke, a business man of Chicago.—Brigham (Ut.) Bugler.

The Cardston RECORD and the Toronto Daily Globe $3.00 a year. The Globe is Canada's greatest newspaper, containing all the news of the world and is issued every 24 hours, 365 times a year. Free sample copies can be had for the asking at the RECORD office. If you see it we know you will subscribe for it.

The RECORD & Montreal Family Herald & Weekly Star, one year for $2.75.

There is a report current that two Indians were killed by a white man between Cardston and Lethbridge one day last week. So far particulars are not obtainable.

In its Oct. 7th, issue, the Canberry News had a bitter attack of anti-Mormonism; slashing right and left at the doctrines of the Latter-Day Saints. In its next number, 14th. Oct., appeared an answer to the arctile over the signatures of Elder A. M. Merkley and C. F. Jensen Jr. Lack of space prevents us from publishing the articles.

Subscribe for THE RECORD.

Deseret News and The Record one year for $3.50

P. P. Thomas returned from Macleod on Monday.

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alb rta Tribune, both one year for $2,50.

Work is progressing rapidly on the Lee's Creek bridge.

D. H. Cox, of Mt. View, was in town on business, Monday.

J. W. Castello, Inspector of Weights and Measures, was in Cardston the fore part of the week.

The addition to the Meeting House is now about finished.

See the Cardston Co's new ad in today's RECORD.

Hyrum Hansen, of Ætna, was in town on Monday.

Work has been resumed on the Kearl & Sharp hotel.

In our next issue will be published an interesting letter from Mrs. Zina Y. Card, who is now in Utah.

There was a lively run-away yesterday morning. Mr. Austin's team became frightened at some Indians and dashed down Main street. J. B. Marsden jumped into the wagon, and after an exciting run managed to stop the frightened horses before any damage was done.

For one dollar per annum you can have your house insured against loss by fire to the amount of $100. C. E. Snow is Agent for the Western Fire Assurance, the Queens and the British American Assurance Companys whose aggergate assets is $5,000,000.†

In all probability we will begin the publication of a story written by a local author as soon as Brief Resume of Canadian History is finished. If you care to read it, subscribe before the opening chapters are published. THE RECORD is $2.00 a year; $1.00 for six months.

NOT A CANDIDATE.

In another column of today's RECORD is an election notice from Mr. C. A. Magrath, M. L. A.

It was with much regret that we learned of Mr. Magrath's decision in the matter. Ever since his selection as representative of the Electoral District of Lethbridge in the Leglislative Assembly of the North west Territories, he has had the entire confidence and respect of his constituents.

Naturally the question now arises "Who will be our next representative?"

The 4th Legislative Assembly promises to be one of great importance, Many questions will be decided upon and the future welfare of Alberta in a great measuae will depend upon legislation of the 4th Assembly.

Alberta is entitled to be made a Province, and our representative should work with this end in view. We need government assistance in the matter of irrigation enterprises, and we should have railroad connection with the Great Northern.

No candidate is entitled to election without these planks in his platform.

THE DANCE.

An enjoyable dance was given in Kearl's Hall last Friday evening, between 30 and 40 couples being present.

The music was fairely good, but I would strongly advise the members of the orchestra to take a little more notice of time—start in the proper tempo and keep there.

The Critic.

==Subscribe== =.=.=.= for =.=.=.=

THE Record.

READ IT.

Subscribe Now!

You don't have to

read what follows.

We are expecting a large assortment of

Stationery

to arrive soon, and in order to make room for it, we are offering many

Bargains.

Our

Graphophone

is now a great attraction as we have

= = 60

selections, and some new

Records

will arrive soon.

We have a large supply of

Confectionery

which recently arrived from WINNIPEG. Candies, Nuts, Crackers, Gums, etc., etc.

Following is a list of the publications for sale at Snow's Store:

Puck
Judge
Strand
Argosy
Quaker
Nickell
Tit Bits
Success
Puritan
Squibbs
Vanity Fair
N. Y. World
Wide World
Metropolitan
Co-mopolitan
Munsey Maga.
New Illustrated
McClures Maga.
Canadian Maga.
Broadway Maga.
Review of Reviews (Eng)
Review of Reviews (Am.)
Frank Leslie's Popular Mon'ly.

Snow's Store.

TELL US ABOUT IT.

The question is often asked: "Why didn't the editor write up this or that social gathering, wedding, etc?" Why, bless your souls, how could he write up what he didn't know? He wasn't there, didn't have an invitation, is no mind reader, no one told him anything about it, maybe he thought you didn't want it known. When you have a social gathering or anything else, and the editor is not present, give him the particulars and he will heartily appreciate the favor. Brigham (Ut.) Bugler.

LETHBRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.

Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7:30 o'clock, a. m., Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m., Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $3.00; Round trip, $5.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.
MERCER & McCARTY PROP'S.

Fire and Life Insurance.

Equitable Life. (Assets $200,000,000.)
British America Fire Assurance Co.
Western Fire Assurance Co.
Agency, RECORD Office.

Robt. Ibey,

Agent for the Singer Sewing Machine Co.
Best in the world.

Get your HAIR cut AT

Campbell's

- Tonsorial Parlors. -

BERT TALBOT.

Lumber, Shingle and Planing Mills.
Mill on Belly River.
Cardston, - - - Alberta.

R. C. BECK.

Contractor & Builder.
All work neatly executed, and Satisfaction Guaranteed.
CABINET WORK A SPECIALTY.

Livery, Feed & Sale Stables
Kearl & Sharp, Props.

Good outfits furnished at all hours.
Rates Reasonable.

Restaurant

North of Stable.
MEALS ON SHORT ORDERS.

Kearl & Sharp.

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.

All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.
Cardston. . . . . Alberta.

NOTICE.

The undersigned gives notice to all whose accounts have not been settled for, about a year passed, that all such accounts must be settled within 30 days or they will be placed in the hand of a collector.
Oct. 5, 1898. WM. WOOD.

NOTICE—Parties owing THE RECORD for advertisments and subscriptions will confer a favor by settling their accounts this month as we have bills of our own which must be paid at once.

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

THE RECORD is for sale at G. W Robinson & Co.'s at Lethbridge.

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50 *

The Bank opens at ten o'clock a. m. and closes at three o'clock p. m.*

Insure your home. C. E. Snow has the agency for several fire insurance companies. †

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends. 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

FOR SALE: Four room house Good well water. Nice location. Enquire at RECORD office, next to Bank. † ‡

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

Are you interested in this country? Are you interested in Cardston? Do you care anything for Canada? If you do, you will subscribe for your home paper—THE RECORD.*

Remember that THE RECORD is now published on Wednesdays instead of Saturdays as formerly.

FOR SALE—Model 1 Improved Hand Printing Press. Chase 5x8. At RECORD Office.*

If you owe us anything, come, settle like men; don't make us begin useing the courts so early in our career.

C. O. CARD,

SUB AGENT FOR DOMINION LANDS.
ALSO AGENT FOR RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY ... AND ... PRIVATE LANDS.
Office Hours: 9 to 4.

I pay cash for BEEF CATTLE. See me before completing a sale.

J. W. Woolf.

J. G. GOLD

Mountain View, - - - - - - Alta.
Has LIME for Sale.

Gay & Wight,

Contractors & Builders.

Estimates given on all kinds of work free. We have expert workmen, that we send out in the country to do work at short notice.

Don't forget our black smith and wagon shop. We have the best material money can buy, and we guarantee our workmanship. Only shop in town where you can get An 1 Steel Buggie tires.

Machinery Repaired and Refitted.

Thanking the public for their past patronage and asking the continuation of the same.

Yours respectfully,

Gay & Wight.

- Samuel Cox, -
Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting, & Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
CARDSTON. . . ALBERTA.

BLACKSMITH SHOP.

The undersigned wishes to inform the public that he is opening a shoeing shop in his old stand.
HORSE SHOEING A SPECIALTY.

L. F. Bonnell.

NOTICE

TO

STOCK-RAISERS.

Arrangements have been made by this Department whereby stock raisers and farmers in the Territories can import, under Government supervision, throughbred cattle purchased from breeders Ontario, at a uniform cost of Five dollars per head for transportation to nearest railroad point, including care on journey.

Particulars as to conditions under which such importation will be made, may be obtained by applying to the undersigned.

By Order
Chas. W. Peterson
Deputy Commissioner.
Department of Agriculture,
Regina, N. W. T.

Read THE RECORD
THE
CARDSTON RECORD
2.00 per year.

The Record one year $ 2.00

ADVERTISE. HERE.

For 15 cts. you can get the Weekly Globe of Toronto for the balance of this year. It is a 16 page paper containing 112 columns of interesting news. Bring your 15 cts. to the RECORD office at once.

The weekly Globe, Toronto, only $1.00 per annum. THE RECORD has the exclusive agency for THE GLOBE, which is Canada's leading newspaper.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1898. NO. 14.

NEW Pieces

for the

Graphophone

RECEIVED

THIS

= Week

What You Gwine to Do in Winter
Spencer.
Angel Serenade,
Columbia Orchestra.
Whistleing Coon,
Johnson.
Put Me Off at Buffalo,
Spencer.
Love Lies Dreaming,
Gilmor's Band.
Only Pebble on the Beach,
Spencer.
The Cock Fight,
Talking.
Night Alarm.
Columbia Orchestra.
A Man Took a Girl,
Denny.
Bride Elect.
Susa's Band.
Dancing in the Kitchen,
Columbia Orchestra.
Pretty Peggy,
Columbia Orchestra.

COME

and

Hear =

THEM

at

Snow's Store.

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Albertan Tribune, both one year for

FROM UTAH.

Salt Lake City, Oct. 13, 1898.

DEAR EDITOR:

One month has passed since our party of fifteen bade our kindred and friends "good bye" for a visit to dear old Utah; perhaps you have heard of the event(?) As I have not seen a "RECORD" since I came here I am not able to tell if you honored us with a good notice or not. If you want to be generous my address is Zina Y. Card, 146 Fourth St., Salt Lake City. I do like people who are modest and never say a word about what they would like.

My mother is poorly; but she often speaks of her dear friends in Canada, and proposes coming home with me. She sends her kind regards to you and all her dear friends there.

Salt Lake was an ash heap, so to speak, when we arrived, as there had been no rain for over three months, dust, dust; trees full of yellow leaves and fruit hanging limp and withered on the boughs. Our lovely green hills, with copious showers, rose before us in charming contrast to these conditions here.

October brought the first cold wind, made me realize that other people have disagreeable "spells" of weather, as well as ourselves in much abused Alberta. On all sides I am asked, if men can better their condition by going to Canada. Well, I qualify it by saying, "what kind of men?" Industrious, intelligent and good honest men, can't find a better field for investment. If they are men hunting a "soft job, I say don't go. Conference dawned clear and cool. You will have all the general news from the papers, but a few special items may be of interest to your readers.

While sitting in the Tabernacle at one the Elstedfodd Concerts, Apostle Grant turned to a Pres. of a Stake sitting near, and showed him the per cent. of his Stake with regard to subscribers on the "Era" which was very low. He turned to me and showed that our Stake stood third as subscribers, and sixth Contingent fund, amongst the older and more populus, Stakes of Zion. This caused my heart to swell with joy. Stay with your good reputation, my dear young brothern, and try to make our Stake the first. Be sure and read your Eras they are the peer of any publication in the U. S. and we must keep pace in brains as well as money matters in Zion.

At our Officers meeting of the Y. L. M. I. A. it was found the Cardston Assn. gave the first contribution of the dime fund given from any Assn. Questions were asked and answered. It was advised to stick to the Guides till they were exhausted. Then the privilege of taking up the "Life of Christ" was granted.

I am asked by the Editor of the Young Woman's Journal, and also by Pres. Elmina Taylor, why our Socities do not have a report in the Journal of our Conferences, ect. I am sure it would give me great pleasure to see a good article from the gifted pen of our Stake Secretary. And being favored as we were by a visit from two of the Central Board it is a token of respect they deserve. They, and many others, send love to you all, my dear sisters. We stand amongst the first on the list of subscribers for the Journal. Keep shoulder to shoulder, my darlings. We can't afford to take a back seat in any good work.

I attended the Primary Officer's meeting, and there learned many good improvements were in course of operation. Grading came first; play and game meetings for the little ones once a month were advised, and officers meeting, with a plan made out for a year's work in each grade by the officers and submitted to the Stake Pres; monitors appointed to sit at the end of each bench and call the roll or mark the name of each on his or her bench, and then the Sec. calls the roll by members, the monitor answering "present" for the whole bench. This saves time where they have large Socities as we have in Cardston. The question of how to raise means for expenses, etc., was asked. Concerts, socials, picnics, fairs, selling of articles, etc., was recommended, but raffeling was never to be resorted to.

In Relief Society Conference the question of a central fund was raised. It was voted to have the 17th of March as "donation day" and every member give 10 cts, collect, and send by Stake Treasurer as soon as possible, storing of grain, care of the sick and report on silk, etc, were the principal topics. Pres. Zina D. Young bore a most powerful and beautiful testimony, and presided with her usual motherly and impressive manner.

Our hearts ached when we learned of dear Victor Gay's most shocking accident. God bless the lad and restore him to health and usefulness. Our sympathy goes out to all who are called to part with loved ones or are afflicted in any way. With kindest regards to the Cardsises, and Woolfsises, and the Dainsises, and Ducesises, and the Lowsises, and the Williamses, and Hammersises, and all the sisses, of dear Canadian friends, and thanking you for the space in your valuable paper, we are always yours, at home or abroad,

Aunt Zina.

Getting into Harness!

on or about

Dec. 1st

Propose to open up a shop in Cardston, for the purpose of carrying on a general **Harness & Saddlery** business, a full & complete stock will be carried, and repairing of all kinds promptly and efficiently done. Quality first & Prices right.

S. H. HORNER

MORMONISM.

(Carberry, Manitoba, News.)

A couple of missionaries of the church of "Latter Day Saints" better known as "Mormons" held a meeting in the Creamery Hall, on Sunday night, commencing about 8 o'clock. There was a good attendance, principally men, there being only three of the fair sex present. The leader opened by singing a hymn which was new to the audience. The singing, of which he had all himself, demonstrated the fact that he requires considerable cultivation before that part of the service will be of any spiritual benefit to a Carberry audience. Taking the Bible he then went on to expound some of the beliefs peculiar to the sect he represents, showing according to his idea of its teachings that God the Father, God the Son and the Holy Spirit were three distinct persons, and that there could not be a unity of the Three, and that the form of God was like ours, for God had made us in his own likenes therefore he must be like us, that men had talked with God face to face and that God had eaten food just like men, that he had parts and passions and could be moved by love or hate, conseqnently it was impossible for Him to be present everywhere.

After talking briefly on "Faith" a subject which he ought to study a little further he launched out boldly into the stormy controversial sea of Baptism, boldly stating that baptism was essential to salvation, and the proper mode of baptism was immersion. The testament was and thoroughly ransacked for evidence, the Fathers were brought from their graves to bear testimony, and the Greek, Babtidso settled the matter beyond all dispute. The Roman Catholics, Episcopalians, Methodists, Presbyterians and all others except Baptists and Latter Day Saints must spend eternity in hat place one cannot contemplate with any degree of complacency except in Midwinter. The meeting was brought to a close by the preacher trying to sing another hymn. Its a pity these followers of Joseph Smith did not go away far north, or out into the sand hills. Their views of scripture doctrine are too crude to delude anyone here. As for the doctrine of polygamy and spiritual revelations for which the Mormon Church is so notorious, it will find little sympathy in this community.

The reply to the foregoing article will be published in our next issue.

BRIEF RESUME

= of =

CANADIAN HISTORY

From 1497 to 1898.

Very Short and to the Point.

FAMILIARIZE YOURSELF WITH ALL THAT APPEARS IN THIS COLUMN EACH WEEK.

Having lived in this district more than three years, we are acquainted with the majority of inhabitants, and to a greater or less degree, have a knowledge respecting their uninformed condition as to the laws and history of Canada. We, therefore, purpose publishing, serially, in a portion of this column, each week, a Short History of Canada from 1497 to 1898, together with Statistical Items of general interest.

Lord Monck was the first Governor-General of the Dominion, and the first Parliament met on the 6th November, Sir John A. Macdonald being Premier.

1869. April 7. Hon. T. M'Arcy McGee, M. P., murdered at Ottawa.
July 31. The Rupert's Land Act passed by the Imperial Government providing for the acquisition by the Dominion of the Northwest Territories.
April 1. Uniform rate of the 3 cents for letters throughout the Dominion adopted.

1869. June 22. Bill passed providing for the Government of the Nothwest Territories.
October 28. Hon. Wm. McDougall appointed Lieutenant-Governon of Manitoba. Red River Rebellion.
November 19. Deed of surrender signed, Hudsin's Bay Company sale and transfer to her Majesty.

1870. March 4. Thomas Scott shot at Fort Garry.
September 24. Arrival at Fort Garry of the expedition under Colonel. (now Lord) Wolseley.
[illegible] have dispersed.
May 25. Fenians crossed the frontier at Trout River, in Quebec, but were driven back by the volunteers.

1870. July 15. Addition of the Northwest Territories to the Dominion and admission of the Province of Manitoba into the Confederation. This Province was created out of a portion of the newly acquired territory.

1871. Pacific Railway surveys begun. Post cards issued. Stone fort and Manitoba Post Indian Treaties (Nos. 1 and 2) negotiated.
May 8. Signing of the Treaty of Washington.
June 28. Imperial Act respecting establishment of Provinces in Canada passed.
July 20. Admission of British Columbia into the Confederation. British Columbia granted Responsible Government.
Population of the four provinces, 3,485,761; of Manitoba, 18,995,; of Br tish Columbia, 36,224, and of Prince Edward Island, 94,921. Total, 3,636,001.
November 11. The last regular troops left Quebec.

1872. Abolition of dual representtation. Dominion archives established. Earl of Dufferin appointed Governor-General.

1873 May 20. Death of Sir George E. Cartier in London. Northwest Anglo Indian Treaty (No. 3) signed by Hon. Alex. Morris.
July 1. Hon. Joseph Howe made Lieutenant-Governor of Naova Scotia. Admission of Prince Edward Island into the Confed eration.
November 7. McKenzie Administration formed. Island of St. Jutn awarded to the United Staes by the Emperor of Germany.

1874. Qu'Appelle Indian Treaty (No. 4) signed by Hon. A. Morris.

1875. Rupert's Land and Northwest Territories placed under jurisdiction of a Lieutenant-Governor separate and distinct from Manitoba. Lake Winnipeg Indian Treaty (No.5) signed by Hon A. Morris and Hon. J McKay.
Presbyterian Church in Canada formed by the union of all the Presbyterian Churches.

(CONTINUED NEXT WEEK.)

Ladies

Go to **H. S. Allen & Co.**

For Capes & Jackets; Children's & Misses Wraps; Dress Goods; (A fine line.) General Dry Goods. Largest and Best assorted stock ever shown in Cardston.

Gentlemen

Go to **H. S. Allen & Co.**

For Dress Suits; Working Suits; Waterproof overcoats; Pea Jackets; Gent's Furnishings & Fall & Winter goods. Double the quantity ever shown before. Our values are up, our prices down.

C. Edgar Snow, Banker,

Cardston, - - - Alberta.

1895 **1898**

A general banking business transacted.

FIRE! FIRE!! FIRE!!!

The CARDSTON CO., Ltd., are pleased to announce to their patrons that a Bonfire will be lighted on "Guy Faulk's" day, the material for the fire to consist of the COMPANY'S old "Scrip" or Merchandise Orders. In order to make the conflagration more complete the COMPANY desire all who hold their "scrip" to bring it in before the 5th. of Nov. so that ONE fire will serve our purposes.

We desire also to say:

The ABUSE of our Due-Bills—not their USE has compelled us to take this step. Our intent is to install as soon as possible the CASH system of doing business and discontinue poor old "TRUST" who has served his day.

The help of our patrons will soon effect a most pleasing change and profitable trade to all.

ALL CREDIT CEASES —except upon SPECIAL arrangement with the Management.

A HORRIBLE MURDER.

A GALICIAN AND HIS FOUR CHILDREN HACKED TO DEATH.

The Crime Was Committed While They Slept—The Mother is Suspected.

Dominion City, Man., Oct. 16.—7.30 p. m.—The Galician settlement about twenty-five miles east of here was the scene of a most shocking and cold blooded murder in which almost an entire Galician family were chopped to pieces with an axe. The victims include four children and their father. Most horrible of all is the fact that the mother is suspected of having committed the inhuman crime. The man and his children were found dead in his house by a neighbor who chanced to visit the place. The mother is missing. The weapon used was an axe and the man's head was almost severed from the body. The bodies of the children were more or less mutilated. When the crime was committed is not known, but it was within the last twenty-four hours. The coroner and two constables started for Stuartburn within a short time of the arrival of Mr. Geo. Yeo, of Stuartburn, with the news. Very meagre details are yet to hand but it is understood that the man and wife had not lived happily together and that they had frequent and violent quarrels.

DISCOVERY OF THE CRIME.

Dominion City, Oct. 17.—1 a. m.—The Free Press correspondent has just returned from the scene of the murder. The name of the murdered man is Wasyl Bocehko, a Galician, about forty years of age. The four dead children are two boys and two girls, ranging from three to ten years. The man who discovered the murder is also a Galician neighbor of Bocehko's, who went to his house on Saturday about 2 o'clock. He knocked, but getting no reply opened the door and went in.

A GHASTLY SPECTACLE.

The sight which met his eyes was horrifying. The dead bodies of Bocehko and his four children were hacked and bruised in a frightful manner. The floor and walls were spattered and covered with blood, looking like a slaughter house. The man ran to a Canadian neighbor, living on the same section, named Bill Craig, and finding there a Galician named Wachna, the three of them returned to Bocehko's house. Bocehko was lying on his side on the floor; one arm was under his head, the head being about two-thirds severed from the body. The bodies of the children were all in bed lying face downward. The weapon used was a hand axe which lay on the floor beside Bocehko's body. The wounds are all in the backs of the heads, except the man's, each head receiving several blows with the sharp edge of the axe. One child had also a gash in the face. It is probable the children were all

MURDERED IN THEIR SLEEP

the murderer turning them on their faces to strike the fatal blows. The one who had the gash in the face probably was not stunned by the first blow and turning over received the next on the face. The man was no doubt killed first. He was barefooted and had apparently been in bed also.

SCENE OF THE MURDER.

The house in which the butchery occurred is on the northeast quarter of section two, township three, range five east. Two Englishmen live on the same section, viz., Thomas Pott, a man with a large family, and a butcher named Bill Craig. The house consists of one room, about twelve by fourteen, built of poles and white mud, with a thatched roof. The bodies were cold when found. The man was

LAST SEEN ALIVE.

on Friday night, so that the murders must have been committed that night. Bocehko and his wife were supposed to be not on good terms, and it is said Bocehko had offered a Canadian neighbor a dollar if he would find a situation for his wife, so as to get her away from home.

THE WIFE FOUND.

Nothing was heard of the woman until to-day, when she was found to be at a neighbor's house, about a quarter of a mile away. Naturally suspicion falls on her, but she has not been arrested.

TWO MEN SUSPECTED.

It is rumored that two men are suspected, but the constables are very reticent, and will say nothing on the subject. No arrests have been made. Bocehko came out only this summer, his house being hardly completed yet.

THE FIRST REPORT.

Wachna, the man who was at Bill Craig's and went to the murdered man's house with him, is a resident interpreter in the employ of the local government. Immediately on discovering the murder Wachna wrote a letter to J.W.Yeo, magistrate at Stuartburn and sent Bill Craig to deliver it. The letter reads as follows:

"Wasyl Bocehko, N. E. of 2, 3, 5, was murdered this day. Her children, four, all dead. (Signed) J. L. Wachna."

Mr. Yeo immediately drove to town and wired the facts to the local government and the coroner, Dr. Elkin. The latter went out to the scene of the murder with Mr. Yeo and a constable, and viewed the bodies. An in—at Stuartburn.

AN INSANE BOY.

A Galician boy has recently gone crazy and is being sent to the asylum to-morrow. He is not supposed to be in any way connected with the murder.

Great excitement prevails here and about the neighboring country. Nothing else is talked of. The people gathered in groups after service at the different churches to discuss the murder.

INDIANS SUSPECTED.

A report is prevalent, but cannot be confirmed, that Bocehko had considerable money in the house, which is missing, and Indians are suspected of committing the murder to get to get the money. The magistrate and constables will say nothing on the subject. The weather to-day is cold with a drizzling rain falling at intervals.

Some men are truthful at all times—except when their wives ask for money.

BY CABLE AND TELEGRAPH

Newsy Items of the World's Doings at Home and Abroad.

Corbett and Sharkey have been matched to fight in the New York Lenox Athletic club on November 22 for $20,000.

A new fever detention point at Ayondale, near New Orleans, Louisiana, with a capacity for about a thousand patients has been opened.

The brothers of Anna Gould have caused the stoppage of the construction of a red marble palace in Paris, because the Count de Castellane, her husband, was getting 40 per cent on the work he gave the contractors.

The loan contract for the Nieu railroad signed by the Hong Kong and Shanghai banks calls for £2,250,000 (11,250,000) at 5 per cent guaranteed on the security of the existing lines at Pekin, Shanghai and other places.

The reply of the Turkish government to the note of the powers on the evacuation of the Island of Crete has been handed to the ambassadors. Turkey accepts the terms proposed but expresses a wish for certain modifications.

Advices received at the war department at Washington indicate that the evacuation of Cuba by the Spanish forces is proceeding satisfactorily and smoothly, the threatened trouble at Manzanillo has blown over and the Spaniards have yielded up control to the Americans.

Archbishop Gauthier, Sunday night, bade adieu to the congregation of St. Francois Xavier at Brockville, Ont. Addresses were read from the congregation, boys of the separate school, and girls of the Convent of Notre Dame. The address from the congregation was accompanied by a purse of $1,000.

A deputation of leading boot and shoe manufacturers of Quebec waited upon Sir Wilfrid Laurier and protested strongly against reciprocity with the United States in their business. They argue that the competition of Americans will be ruinous.

A representative of a Pittsburg company is negotiating for twenty acres of land on the banks of the Manchester ship canal near London, Eng., where they have proposed to erect a manufactory of non-corrosive metal, which will employ 5,000 men.

The Roman press asserts that in consequence of the Pope's speech to the French pilgrims on Saturday there has been a marked coolness between the Vatican and Germany. Diplomatic communication is almost wholly suspended.

A dispatch from Whitewater Lake, Ont., says the wild geese are very numerous in that vicinity, in fact the largest number known for years. Any sportsmen who want a day's outing can be assured of plenty of game if they visit the locality early.

The Spanish government announces its intention of maintaining a strong force of troops in Cuba until the peace with the United States is definitely signed. Immediately after peace is signed a Cortes will be convened and measures dealing with the re-organization of all the state departments will be submitted to parliament.

A terrible tragedy has taken place at St. Patrice, near Chinon, in France. While the parish priest, the venerable Abbe Fleural, was conducting services, burglars entered the presbytery and murdered his aged housekeeper. They then awaited the abbe's return and beat him also to death, afterwards ransacking the house. Abbe Fleural was chaplain to the Marquis de Castellane.

It is said at Madrid that the evacuation of Porto Rico will be accomplished by the end of November. The government is employing 21 vessels in the repatriation of the troops. The soldiers have received their pay for June, and on landing in Spain, they will receive two months' pay, be given civilian clothing and be mustered out of the service.

The United States naval board has made a chart of the battle of Santiago, dividing the honors. Admiral Sampson planned the fight, though the New York was not in the battle. The Brooklyn was not so close as was thought. The shortest range of any ship was over a mile. It was agreed that the Oregon dashed inside and ahead of the other ships at the beginning of the fight and kept along well in range of the enemy. She was the chief factor in destroying the Colon. The brunt of the fight was done by the Oregon, the Texas and the Iowa.

The police outpost at Grand Rapids has been closed for the season and will not re-open until commencement of navigation in the spring. Sergt. Anderson, Const. Duchesnay and special Const. Rowland, returned to Fort Saskatchewan last week.

Countess Adeline Schimmelmann, of Copenhagen, Denmark, accompanied by her two sons and seven interpreters has arrived in Cleveland. The countess is doing missionary work among sailors and especially those of her own nationality and expects to encircle the earth in her travels.

Jos. Gould, formerly Indian trader and farmer, was murdered on Saturday night near Leech Lake dam. It is believed the crime was perpetrated by hostile Indians, whose ill-will Gould has incurred in his operations. He claims to be a cousin of Jay Gould.

Five laborers left Ogdensburg, N.Y., Sunday morning in a row boat to go to the Canadian canal works. All were intoxicated and the boat drifted into the Galop rapids and capsized and three of the men were drowned, the other two being rescued in an exhausted condition. Two of the lost men were known as Paquette and O'Hugh. Their residence is unknown. One of the survivors was Jos. Jobin, of Montreal.

PARTED AT THE ALTAR.

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY.

CHAPTER VI.—A FATAL BETROTHAL.

"Will you not welcome me, Vivian?" he exclaimed, eagerly "One word from you will go nearer my heart than whole volumes of warmest greeting any one else could speak."

"You know how glad I am to see you, Frederick," she replied, in a low voice, disengaging herself from his clinging arms.

"My conscience smote me as I looked at you, and noted the paleness and great change in you; for I realize that I am the cause of your accident But for the foolish note I wrote you to come on and go to the ball you would never have taken that horrid trip to Beech Grove. I shall regret it all my life."

"Think no more about it, Vivian " he exclaimed, persistently detaining the little white hand in his clasp. "The pleasure of being with you again, and to hear you say you have missed me, amply atones for it all."

"How strange it is that you should have completely lost all remembrance of what transpired from the moment you stepped off the train at Beech Grove," mused Vivian. "I wonder if the note was delivered to you which I left with one of the girls."

"I wish I could answer you, Vivian, but, alas! I cannot. It is of slight consequence, however, now that it is past, and I am with you again," he answered, lightly. "But, tell me, Vivian," he went on in a lower tone, "are you still of the same opinion that I must not ask your father for you yet? You are cruel to me, Vivian; how can I wait?"

"What are we to do, Frederick?" she answered, raising her great, dark velvety eyes to his eager face. "Both papa and mamma declare I am by far too young to give one thought to love or lovers."

"You do not think so, Vivian?" he asked, quickly.

"No," she confessed, shyly, adding, laughingly: "It is rather a difficult position—that of an only child. If my father and mother had five or six daughters, they would not think so much of me."

"No wonder your parents look askance at your lovers, Vivian. No, they do not want to part with you. They treat our love for each other lightly, declaring you are only a child of seventeen, and that it is simply ridiculous asking the hand of a school girl in marriage. Still I do not despair, Vivian. I am sure all will come out right in the end. When they see, despite all our trials and rebuffs, we are true and steadfast to each other, they must be touched—they must be pleased—and consent to give you to me. Heaven intended us for each other, Vivian; have I not loved you all my life?"

"Yes," she assented, eagerly, "from childhood, Frederick."

"And I will love you, and only you, Vivian, until the day I die," he whispered, covering the little white hand he held with passionate kisses. "If I could not win you, life would never hold one hour's hapiness for me."

Further conversation was interrupted by the entrance of his sister, Trixy, and he had barely time to add:—

"I am determined to plead my cause again with your parents—this very day, Vivian. Hope for me—pray for me."

"Ah, here you are, Fred!" cried a merry voice, roguish and piquant, yet sweet as a silver bell. "I guessed that I should find you here, because this is Vivian's retreat. Wherever she is, you are sure to be. We have long since dubbed you 'Vivy's shadow.' "

And, long before the sentence was finished, two white arms were flung about his neck with such a hearty hug it almost took his breath away.

"Trixy?" exclaimed Mrs. Thornton, entering the room just in time to overhear this remark, "you must not tease your brother and Vivian!"

"Then he must not be holding Vivy's hand and looking supremely ridiculous when I come upon them suddenly!" she cried, with a rollicking laugh and a saucy toss of her head, as she sprang through the low French window out on the rose-bordered terrace.

"You must not mind her, Vivian, dear," said Gwendolin Thornton, hastily crossing the room. "If she finds out that anything she says plagues you, the little torment will keep it up."

Vivian blushed. She did not look very unhappy over the matter, nor did her handsome stalwart companion. They had been bantered about each other ever since they were children, and were, as a consequence, quite used to it by this time.

"I want you both to come to the library and settle a very important decision," continued Gwendolin.

"We intend to commemorate Frederick's home coming by some festivity. Balls are old; lawn fetes not much better. Shall we have an archery party, a yachting party, a carnival, or charades on a platform built on the lawn, and dancing afterward?"

"Let us have nothing with dancing connected with it," interposed Frederick, quickly. "I have taken such a strong aversion to it. I cannot tell why."

"Nonsense!" laughed Gwendolin. "Any evening gathering loses half its charm if there's no dancing. Why, it would be outrageously dull. No, no! There must be dancing, at all events."

"Then I will leave you to arrange the matter between yourselves," declared Frederick, turning away and sauntering out on the proch.

resently his mother joined him.

"Do you notice how pale Vivian has grown?" she asked, keenly watching her son's handsome, indolent face. "Worrying over your illness did that Frederick."

"Dear little Vivian," he murmured, gaing dreamily off toward the white sails skimming up and down the river.

"The dream of my life would be realized if I could see you safely married to her, my boy," his mother went on, gently. "Forgive me, but I often entertain strange doubts and fears over your future. Falling in love with every pretty face that crosses your path seems to be your rock ahead, Frederick, and—"

"Mother," he interrupted, reproachfully, "I cannot help being what you have often quaintly phrased it—a beauty worshiper; but I could never care for any one as I care for Vivian. I mean to act upon your advice at once—marry Vivian as soon as I can gain her parents' consent."

Mrs. Thornton's face brightened.

"I was much afraid you had some other love-affair on hand," she said, in a low voice. "You know you are heir to a million; many people know that, and unscrupulous young women might set traps for you. You are romantic by nature, easily influenced and persuaded. I have always had a strange presentiment over your future. It will be the happiest day of my life when I see Vivian your bride."

"And that you shall see as soon as I can win her consent," he replied, gallantly, raising his hat.

Long after his mother had left him, Frederick Thornton continued to pace slowly up and down the porch, thoughtfully blowing the rings of cigar smoke away from his handsome face.

"How strange it is! Ever since my illness I have been haunted by some indefinable, vague sensation, as though there was something important on my mind, which has escaped my memory, and which I am ever vainly trying to recall," he muttered.

He always attributed it to some vanished fancy during his illness, and at length he ceased troubling himself about this vague fancy; which was no doubt the idle coinage of a delirious brain.

Ah, heaven pity him! How little he dreamed that it was the memory of his bride, from whom fate had parted him so strangely, that he was ever vainly endeavoring to recall.

There was more than one difficulty in his wooing. A pretty, willful, defiant little beauty like Vivian was sure to have plenty of lovers. One of her admirers, more bold than the rest openly declared himself the bitter rival of any man who should sue for lovely Vivian's hand. Thus, for some time past, Frederick Thornton and Gerald Marston had been rivals—bitter foes; and when at length Vivian's engagement to Frederick Thornton was announced, it was a terrible blow to at least one heart.

Gerald Marston sat with the newspaper clutched tightly in his hands, gazing with a death white face at the printed paragraph. Slowly and deliberately he read the closing lines through for the twentieth time:—

"The marriage will take place on the tenth of September, at the residence of the bride's parents."

Then he tore the paper into a thousand fragments, and set his heel upon them, while the bitterest laugh that was ever heard fell from his lips.

"If I had been the son of a millionaire, instead of a poor devil of an artist, old Colonel Courtney and his haughty wife would have looked upon me with more favor. They have persuaded Vivian into this. There was a time when I could have sworn she loved me best."

His face grew haggard and stern, and the light died from his eyes.

"I have staked my life, my love, my hope, on a girl's heart, and I have lost," he cried, despairingly.

He flung his brush from him, and the paintings that had been the dearest dreams of his ambition he dashed from him with a shaking hand.

"Good-bye, life, love and fame," he muttered, catching his breath hard.

"If my darling is happy with Thornton, God knows I will try to bear up like a man. I cannot stay here to witness my rival's triumph. I will go away. I will put the whole width of the world between us."

The next day Vivian Courtney received the following letter:—

"Dear Little Vivian—Dear to me still, although I have lost you—and with you vanish all the bright dreams of a happy future—I am going away. I leave the city to-day to be gone long years, perhaps forever. I shall never return until I can look calmly upon you as another man's wife. If I can never do this, I will never return. Even though I do not, always remember this, Vivian—that one lives somewhere in the great, wide world who would lay down his life for you. I shall seek forgetfulness on sandy deserts, on burning plains, in dark forests, on trackless seas.

"You gave me a simple geranium at the garden gate one moonlit night. No doubt it was a thoughtless act, and one which, even in that moment, you forgot. But I—oh, Vivian!—I have treasured that simple leaf as a miser treasures his gold. Countless kisses and burning tears have fallen upon it, because once it rested in your dear hands. When I die, that geranium leaf will be found upon my heart. Good-bye, and God bless you, peerless Vivian.

"I leave for Baltimore on the noon train. Farewell, my beautiful, whom I have lost.

"Yours in life and in death,

"GERALD."

(To be Continued.)

The Size of the Sea.

Here are a few facts about the sea for your scrapbook:

The Pacific covers 68,000,000, the Atlantic 30,000,000 and the Indian Ocean, Arctic and Antarctic 42,000,000 square miles.

To stow away the contents of the Pacific it would be necessary to fill a tank one mile long, one mile wide and one mile deep every day for 440 years. Put in figures, the Pacific holds in weight 948,000,000,000,000,000,000 tons. It would take about 1,000,000 years for all its water to pass over the falls of Niagara.

The average depth of the Atlantic is not quite three miles. Its waters weigh 325,000,000,000,000,000 tons, and a tank to contain it would have each of its six sides 430 miles long. The figures of the other oceans are in the same startling proportions. It would take all the sea water in the world about 2,000,000 years to flow over Niagara. A tank to hold it all would have to measure nearly 1,000 miles along each of its sides.

"Over to Port."

To the visitor from the shore who sees its working (on an English ship) for the first time the rule of the starboard side—to give it a name—has as odd appearance. One does not know why everybody swarms over to port when a certain cap with gold on the peak emerges through a hatchway. It may even be unpleasantly enforced. Thus it chanced once to me to be a guest in the gunroom mess of a ship which was out for target practice.

I was walking with the paymaster, both of us void of any intention of offense, on the sacred starboard side, when a midshipman came up with a message from the captain, who was on deck, though not on the quarter deck, that we must confine ourselves to the port. There was a plentiful lack of humor on the part of that officer, and no sufficiency of politeness, but rules there must be, or else a man-of-war would speedily become a regular built privateer. —Blackwood's Magazine.

The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited

TEST ITS SAFETY. This suggestion is not for the many who know by experience how safe, how economical, how satisfying it is to order by mail. It is for those who will try it this week for the first time. Just to satisfy yourself ask any agent of the Dominion Express Company, any minister or any banker as to the value of the following

GUARANTEE.

All goods are guaranteed equal to the Catalogue representation and description and if unsatisfactory will be cheerfully exchanged for other articles or refund the purchase price. We know the only drawback to ordering from out Catalogue is that you cannot actually see the goods. What we say about them is truthful and accurate, and we know you will not continue to order from us unless we save you money on the prices you get at home. Every order is filled by careful, intelligent, experienced buyers, whose object is to please you and so induce you to order often.

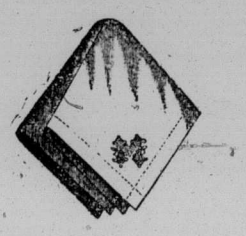
The above is reprinted from our Fall and Winter Catalogue, a copy of which will be sent you if you write for it. Here are a few items for which we will get and fill accurately thousands of orders this week:

DRESS GOODS BARGAIN

For all-round wear what is better than a good piece of Serge? Here is one of our specials:

52-in. all wool English Coating Twill or fine Cheviot Serge, will not shrink or spot; special value at .....50c.

LADIES' HANDKERCHIEFS



Ladies' Irish Linen hemstitched Initial Handkerchiefs, 15c each, or per doz..$1.65

LADIES' FLANNELETTE UNDERWEAR

Ladies' Flannelette Gown, good quality, full sizes, as cut, or with turnover collar, trimmed with frill of self, in pink and green stripes 45c

POTATO BAGS

No. A, 20x40, 90 pounds, each 6
No. I, 20x40, 90 pounds, each 6½
No. L, 20x40, 90 pounds, each 7
No. R, 20x40, 90 pounds, each 7½

GRAIN BAGS

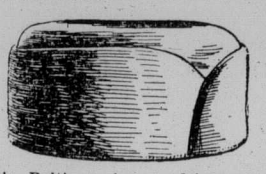
We can save you money on Grain Bags. These we tell of are best Hochelaga make, a guarantee of quality.

2 bushel bags, No. X, per doz. $1.82
2 " " SB, " 2.04
2 " " EB, " 2.28
2 " " A, " 2.52
2½ " " H, " 2.76

CORDUROYS

28 in. English Corduroy in drab shades, fast colors, suitable for boys' and men's wear, per yard 35, 45, 55, 65c
28-in. English Corduroy in brown shades, fast colrs, per yard 40, 50, 60, 75c

MEN'S SEAL CAPS



Men's Baltic seal cap, driver shape, fine quality skins, well lined and finished, slip band $3.50

MEN'S MITS

Men's natural tanned dogskin mitts, dark brown shade, lined heavy, Iceland lamb, good leather palms, splendid to wear $2.50

MEN'S SUITS

Men's All Wool Frieze Suits, in plain black, navy blue and heather mixture, in double breasted sacque style, lined with good farmer's satin, well trimmed and stayed, finished with deep facings and linings, left open at the bottom $7.00.

Address Orders Exactly as Below

The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited

SECTION 52, TORONTO.

Removing Rust From Iron.

The accumulation of rust on iron articles is so annoying that any simple process of removing it will be received with great satisfaction by a large number of persons. The following directions are given: Attach a piece of ordinary zinc to the articles and then let them lie in water to which a little sulphuric acid is added. They should be left immersed for several days or a week, until the rust has entirely disappeared, the time depending on how deeply they were rusted. If there is much rust, a little sulphuric acid should be added occasionally. The essential part of the process is that the zinc must be in good electrical contact with the iron. A good way is to twist an iron wire tightly around the object and connect this with the zinc, for which a remnant of a battery zinc is suitable, as it has a binding post.

Besides the simplicity of this process, it has the great advantage that the iron itself is not attacked in the least as long as the zinc is in good electrical contact with it. Delicate pieces of mechanism which have become badly rusted can be cleaned by wrapping a galvanized wire around them instead of the zinc, in which case the acid should not be too strong. When the rust is all cut off, the articles will appear dark gray or black. They must then be thoroughly washed and oiled. It is well to warm them slightly when dry so that the oil may the more easily sink into the surface. Where there are sharp edges and fine work this process is said to be eminently satisfactory.—New York Ledger.

Grant's Court Suit.

"Just before Grant started on his famous trip around the world—in fact, just three days before he left—he walked into a store in Philadelphia and very quietly, just as if he was asking nothing unusual, said that he wanted a full dress uniform of the general's grade finished for him before he left. As he expressed it, he couldn't appear in civilian's dress at the various courts which he would visit, and he didn't like the idea of the knickerbockers and silk stockings of the regulation court costume.

"It was a rush order," said the merchant who received it, "and we had to furnish everything except the sword, but we managed to finish it in time and made what Grant considered the best fitting uniform he ever wore. The epaulets hadn't arrived when the day for trying on occurred, and our fitter told Grant, adding that he was sorry, but that he would have to come in again. Then Grant made a remark which showed his great good sense, one of his predominant characteristics. 'There must be somebody here,' he said, 'who is about my build. Just put the coat on him and fit the epaulets that way.' And so it was done."—New York Times.

Big Bets.

The late Mr. Davis, the biggest bookmaker of his time in England, probably laid the largest bet ever recorded when he wagered $500,000 to $5,000 against three horses owned by a Mr. Clark and entered in the Derby of 1896.

There is also a bet recorded of $450,000 to $150,000, the big amount being laid by Lord Glasgow and the smaller by Lord George Bentinck, who lost.

In 1885 a young lordling bet $15,000 to $150 that St. Simon, a very celebrated race horse, would win a race in which but one other animal was to start. St. Simon was so hot a favorite that 100 to 1 was laid on his chance, such odds, of course, being very unusual and meaning that there is hardly any betting being done. That lord, however, actually bet his $15,000 against a bookmaker's $150 as coolly as if he had been accepting and not laying tremendous odds. St. Simon won in a canter.

A Finished Rebuke.

Hon. George Russell, in his "Recollections and Collections," tells the following story of Jewett, the famous master of Balliol college:

"The scene was the master's own dining room, and the moment that the ladies had left the room one of the guests began a most outrageous conversation. Every one sat flabbergasted. The master winced with annoyance, and then, bending down the table toward the offender, said in his shrillest tone, 'Shall we continue this conversation in the drawing room?' and rose from his chair. It was really a stroke of genius thus both to terminate and to rebuke the impropriety without violating the decorum due from host to guest."

Gladstone and Ireland.

Only a stern sense of duty induced Mr. Gladstone in his seventy-seventh year to endeavor to bring about the pacification of Ireland. "I shall win," he said when he appealed to the country, "or be hunted out of public life." "What do you think of Mr. Gladstone now?" asked a Liberal M. P. of Mr. Healy at the close of Mr. Gladstone's speech introducing home rule. "I think," replied Mr. Healy, "that he has elected to be crucified for Ireland." —Birmingham (England) Post.

The Age of Niagara.

The truth of the adage about constant dripping wearing away a stone is strikingly illustrated in the fact that the Niagara river has been 36,000 years cutting its channel 200 feet deep, 2,000 feet wide and 7 miles long through solid rock. Evidence is conclusive that the falls were formerly at Queenstone, seven miles below the present situation. It has been proved that they have not receded more than one foot a year for the last half a century.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

ART IN PAPER MONEY

THE DELICATE WORK DONE BY UNCLE SAM'S ARTISTS.

Care and Caution That Prevail In the Bureau of Engraving and Printing—The Paper That Is Used For All Government Issues—A Complicated Process.

The making of the artistic green and black notes is more complicated than might be imagined from a casual glance at their gracefully lined surface. The lengthy process is most unique and interesting, and a visit to the bureau of engraving and printing in Washington, where it may be seen, is a very entertaining one. There is a great deal of work accomplished here, as this bureau issues the government bonds, legal tenders, silver certificates, bank notes and internal revenue and postage stamps. The largest face value of any issue is a registered bond of $50,000 and the smallest a 1 cent stamp.

All of the engravers are specialists in their particular department, and the delicate figures and intricate designs of their work are often marvels of artistic skill. Portraits of living persons are never put on the notes, and all the figures, vignettes, borders, etc., are engraved separately before they they are put on the plates.

The engravers sit, each one below a window, with a screen of ground glass around them, and another of white linen above their heads. Their work is so fine and delicate that the greatest precision and care are required, and the room in which they work is not open to visitors. First the engraver works out his design of face or figure, and after transferring it by hand to a plate of soft steel the plate is hardened and a soft steel roller takes the impression from it. After this roll is chilled another impression is taken upon another steel plate, and after this latter has been hardened it is ready for use.

The geometric lathe which makes the borders is so complete and wonderful a piece of mechanism as to seem almost alive. The graceful lines for the borders, backs and other conventional designs seen on the notes are made by this machine, if indeed it may be called one. After a calculation the machinery is set in motion by steam power, the tiny diamond and steel points begin their work, and the result of this mathematical calculation shows on the small section of steel an intricate border of the undulating, circular lines, with their strange effect of light and shade. This lathe work is one of the surest guards against counterfeiting, for each bit of work represents an abstruse problem.

In the engraving room are two large vaults, in which are kept all the plates, rolls and other implements, the position of head of the department being a very important and trustworthy one, as it is one of the few offices where great confidence is placed in the honesty of one man.

The paper for all the issues is manufactured at Dalton, Mass., under the supervision of government officials, and that used for the bank notes, silver certificates, etc., is sent cut in sheets large enough to contain four notes. In appearance it is like any other very heavy linen paper, except that it has two perpendicular lines of short, uneven silk threads running through it.

On being received it is taken with the blue and white papers for the internal revenue and postage stamps (both water marked) to the "wetting department," as it is called, where it is counted and recounted, and a receipt given for it. Then it is put between wet cloths and pressed, being shifted about every six hours to insure each sheet an equal amount of moisture. This process lasts about three days; then, after another counting, it is delivered to the printer, who must give a receipt for the sheets given him. At the end of the day he returns another check, stating the quantity received, the number of notes he has printed and the blank or spoiled sheets to be returned.

The printing room is a scene of great activity, with its many presses and workers. Here the paper is again moistened by applying it to a wet board, then it is laid on a steel plate that has been carefully prepared with the ink, which also is made on the premises. There are two workers at each press, usually a man and a woman. The man fills the plate with ink from a roller, then wipes it off and finally, after dusting his hands with chalk, he gives it a last polishing. Then, after wetting the paper, the woman lays it on the plate, the press is applied, and behold the clear, clean back of the notes, which must be carefully examined before they leave the printer's hands. This process is repeated each time. The press is a self registering one, and the employees are allowed to spoil a certain percentage of their work, but if they exceed it their labor is deducted.

Then the notes are sent down stairs, and for 12 hours are subject to great heat in an airtight room. In the room adjoining they are again examined, assorted and sent back to receive their "face value" from the plates prepared, showing the denomination and the facsimiles of the signatures of the proper officers.

Then comes the "wet count," as it is called, and after being dried the notes are put in a solution of sizing, which gives a greater durability to the paper. After this short process they are again sent to the numbering room, where the edges are trimmed, and the number is put on by a machine whose every revolution automatically throws the figures one digit higher. In this room they are given the last count and are then sent to the treasury department, where the red seal of the United States treasury is affixed and the single sheet cut into four notes.

Near this room is a great vault with a double time lock, where all the work, no matter what its stage of development, is sent for the night. It must all be in and all the accounts must balance or no one is allowed to leave the building. The supply in this vault is always a little in advance of the demand of the treasury, and once in there is no getting it out, except on the requisition of the chief of the division. One man is never allowed alone in the vault. There must always be two or more in at the same time.—Philadelphia Times.

Salaries of Army Officers.

Salaries of United States army officers are as follows: General, $13,000; lieutenant general, $11,000; major general, $7,500; brigadier general, $5,000; colonel, $3,500; lieutenant colonel, $3,000; major, $2,500; captain, mounted, $2,000; captain, not mounted, $1,800; regimental adjutant, $1,800; regimental quartermaster, $1,800; first lieutenant, mounted, $1,600; first lieutenant, not mounted, $1,500; second lieutenant, mounted, $1,500; second lieutenant, not mounted, $1,400; chaplain, $1,500.

Never pass counterfeit money unless it is lying on the sidewalk.—Somerville Journal.

PEN, CHISEL AND BRUSH.

Sardou, who is now at Marly, France, has nothing on hand for production next year in Paris, but is busily at work on the play which he has promised Sir Henry Irving.

I. Zangwill, the novelist, sets forth the causes of America's greatness to an interviewer as follows: "What a great country it is! Columbus discovered America, but America discovered me!"

Thomas George of Wales has just published a volume which purports to prove that the great explorer, Henry M. Stanley, is really a Howell Jones, son of Joshua Jones, a farmer of Carmarthenshire.

Mr. Walter Crane, who has been appointed to the principalship of the Royal College of Art in London, is a self taught artist and had his first picture hung in the Royal academy when he was but 16 years old.

The death is announced at Rome of the young Dutch sculptor, Johan Hendrik Philip Wortman. Two years ago, at the early age of 24, he won the prize which at The Hague Academy of Fine Arts corresponds to the French Prix de Rome.

POPULAR SCIENCE.

Scientists have discovered that the memory is stronger in summer than in winter.

If the sun was to be divided into smaller planets, it would make 1,310 each the size of the earth.

Matter weighing one pound on the moon's surface if transferred to the earth would weigh six pounds.

Among the worst foes of the memory are too much food, too much physical exercise and, strangely enough, too much education.

The number of asteroids known to astronomers is 423. Some of them have not been observed since their discovery and are practically lost.

The beautiful colors seen in the soap bubble arise from the fact that the bubble, being very thin, reflects light from both the outer and inner surfaces of the film.

BUGLE CALLS.

Afghanistan has a regular army of about 60,000 men.

The Haitian government is very considerate of the comfort of soldiers. Every picket is supplied with a chair.

Retired chief gunners in the British navy who have received advantageous offers of service in the Argentina fleet have been forbidden by the admiralty to accept the positions.

A French army surgeon claims several advantages for a bullet of compressed paper covered with polished aluminium, the chief being that the wounds are surgically clean, healing with little risk of blood poisoning.

A Novelist's Family.

Robert Barr, the novelist, when asked a few questions about himself and his family said: "My wife is a Canadian of English descent. My daughter is a Kankee, born in Detroit. My son is an Englishman, born in London I am an American citizen, made one in Detroit."

Newfoundland has at times a peculiar visitor. The occasional grounding of an immense iceberg a short distance from the shore produces an astonishing local climatic change during its stay, preventing the ripening of crops and garden fruits, but presenting at sunset magnificent prismatic or iridescent effects.

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To men suffering from any Weakness I have a little book which is sent sealed, Free. Every young, middle-aged and old man should read it. Address:

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AN ENGINEER'S STORY.

SUFFERED THE PANGS OF RHEUMATISM FOR YEARS.

Was Reduced in Weight From 180 to 130 Pounds—His Friends Feared That Recovery Was Impossible—Now Actively Attending to His Duties.

From the Midland Free Press.

Alexander McKenzie is one of the well known residents of Brookholm, Ont., where he has lived for many years. A few years ago it was thought that an early grave would be his; on the contrary, however, he is now stout and strong, and the story of his recovery is on the lips of almost all the citizens of that burgh. The writer, while visiting in the village, could not fail to hear of his recovery, and with the reporter's proverbial nose for news decided to put to the proof the gossip of the village. The reporter visited Mr. McKenzie's home and was introduced to Mrs. McKenzie. Enquiry elicited the information that Mr. McKenzie was not at home, but when informed as to his mission the lady freely consented to tell the reporter of her husband's case. Her story runs like this: "Mr. McKenzie is 40 years of age, an engineer by profession, and is now on a boat on the lakes. About five years ago he began to feel twinges of rheumatism in different parts of his body and limbs. For a time he did not think much of it, but it gradually got worse until the pain was such that he was unable to work, and could not get rest at nights. I would have to get up two or three times of a night." said Mrs. McKenzie to try and relieve this intense suffering. Of course he consulted a physician who pronounced his trouble sciatic rheumatism. The doctor did what he could for him, but without giving any permanent relief. This went on for several years sometimes he would be some better and try to work, then the trouble would come on again and be as bad as ever.

He was pulled down from being a stout man of 180 pounds to aobut 130. And was so thin and miserable that all who knew him thought it would be only a matter of a short time until he would be in his grave. For four years did he thus drag along a miserable existence, until in the beginning of 1897 some one recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Tired of medicine, with some reluctance he procured a box and gave them a trial. Almost at once a change was percetible and as he kept on taking them, the improvement continued, and he was soon able to be about. By the time he had taken about a dozen boxes he was free from the slightest twinge of rheumatism, and as stout and strong as he had been before his affliction. So great is his faith in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills that when he left home recently to go up the lake for the summer, he took three boxes with him as a preventive against a possible recurrence of the trouble. Mrs. McKenzie was quite willing that this story should be made pulbic, and believes that she owes her husband's life to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

Rheumatism, sciatica, neuralgia, partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia, nervous headache, nervous prostration, and diseases depending upon humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc., all disappear before a fair treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They give a healthy glow to pale and sallow complexions. Sold by all dealers and post paid at 50c a box or six boxes for $2.50 by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont. Do not be persuaded to take some substitute.

Mr. Asbury Peppers.

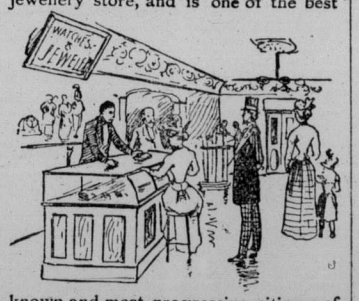
"Oh, yes," said the medical student boarder. "I have read of several cases where rheumatism shifted from the limbs to the heart."

"I know a still stranger case," said Asbury Peppers. "I know a young man who had a broken finger, and when they would not let him enlist he was heartbroken."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

A Dunnville Jeweller's Wife

CURED OF PALPITATION OF THE HEART AND SMOTHERING SPELLS BY MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS.

Mrs. D. E. Lasalle, Canal Street, Dunnville, Ont., whose husband keeps a jewellery store, and is one of the best



known and most progressive citizens of Dunnville, Ont., gives the following description of her recent experience in the use of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills:

"I took Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills for weak nerves, dizziness, palpitation of the heart, smothering spells at night and sleeplessness. Before I used them I could not get restful sleep, and my nerves were often so unstrung that I would start in alarm at the least noise, and easily worried.

"Last February I commenced taking this valuable medicine, and it proved the right remedy for my weak and shattered nervous system. Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills restored my nerves to a strong and healthy condition, gave regular and normal action of the heart.

"I sleep well now, and am better in every way, and I recommend them heartily to all who suffer as I did."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, 50c. a box, or 3 for $1.25, at all druggists. T. MILBURN & CO., Toronto, Ont.

Laxa-Liver Pills cure Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Dyspepsia. Every pill guaranteed perfect, and to work without a gripe or pain. Price 25c., all druggists.

Raw From Ear To Jaw.

"I have been for years more or less subject to eruptions on my skin. The left side of my face from the top of my ear to half way down my jaw was in a very bad state—being almost raw, making shaving very painful. I was advised to try Burdock Blood Bitters. One bottle perfectly cured me. I can honestly recommend B.B.B. to all who suffer from any skin disease." G. WHITE, Carievale, N.W.T.

B.B.B. cures Salt Rheum, Eczema, Tetter, Shingles, Boils, Pimples, Sores, Ulcers, and all forms of Skin Diseases and Eruptions, from the smallest pimple to the worst scrofulous sore.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

He Knew.

Of course it happened when there was company present.

"Mother," said Willie's elder sister, who had been reading a nautical story, "what is a spanker boom?"

"You bet I know," broke in Willie vociferously.

Then they all made haste to change the subject, not because Willie knew, but because he thought he knew.—Chicago Post.

"Willful Man Will Have His Way."

Mr. Sawson (having given his order for a ton of coal)—By the bye, I should like to warn you that I am by nature a willful man.

Coal Merchant—What of that, sir?

Mr. Sawson—Oh, nothing much; only it implies that I must have my weigh, you know.—Nuggets.

Very Lucid.

Overheard in the recent heat wave:

Chawley—I say, 'Arry, ain't I 'ot!

'Arry—So am I. I wish I was hotter.

Chawley—Wish you was 'otter?

'Arry—Yus, not 'otter with 'eat, but the hotter wot they 'unts, so I could live in a pool.—Judy.

Similar and Different.

"After all," remarked the sentimental wife, "home is the dearest spot on earth."

"That's what," replied the practical head of the family, as he finished auditing last month's grocery bill.—Chicago News.

Why He Wept.

His Mother—Why, Mary, what's the matter with the child?

Mary—Sure, ma'am, he's been cryin all the way home because the man as sells fruit told him he never kept star spangled bananas.—New York Truth.

Her Name For Them.

"Mertie has a score of men in love with her, and she is engaged to most of them."

"Yes. Isn't it awful? She calls them her reconcentrados." — Butte Inter Mountain.

A Model of Excellence.

"What a diligent wife you have! She seems to be busy from early until late."

"Yes, indeed. Why, she cuts the buttons from my clothes just so she can sew them on again."—Meggendorfer Blatter.

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Through Any Physical Strain

And is equally valuable to those requiring to use

GREAT MENTAL STRAIN.

It has no equal for giving

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And it will agree with the weakest stomachs. Get it from your druggist or grocer and test its value.

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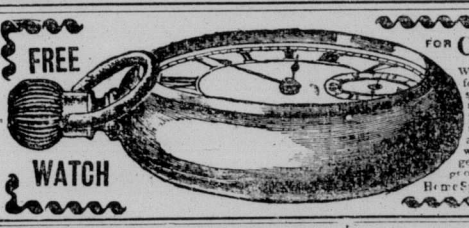

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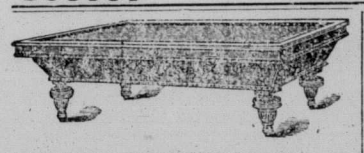

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Quebec Fire Insurance Company.
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British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co.
Lloyd's Glass Insurance Company.

W. R. ALLAN, General Agent, WINNIPEG.

CARDSTON RECORD.

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Wednesday at Cardston.

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Editor and Proprietor.

Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

THE EDITOR does not assume responsibility for the views or statements expressed by any of THE RECORD'S contributors.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance.
Advertising Rates on application.
In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisments they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisments will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

In case a subscriber does not receive THE RECORD weekly, notice should be sent to the publication office, Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta, when the complaint will be thoroughly investigated.

Cardston, November 2,.1898.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Snowing to-day.

The Lee's Creek bridge is about completed.

A book of notes only 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

Bert. Tolbot was seen rustling around town this week.

Miss Ella Nelson is now working in THE RECORD office.

A. J. Gay & M. Spencer were down to Lethbribge last week on business.

C. McCarty, of Spring Coulee, was in town on business one day last week.

W. W. Sheffield is in town working on the Kearl Hotel.

L. G. DeVeber will probably be our next member of the Legislative Assembly.

The Weekly Globe, Toronto, $1.00 a year. THE RECORD has agency.

Hansen & Taylor, merchants of Ætna, expect to open up their store about 7th inst.

Homer Woolf is having an addition built to his house on his ranch.

Fifteen cents pays for the Toronto Weekly Globe to the end of the year. Bring your 15 cts to THE RECORD Office.

It is now almost a certainty that Cardston will have another general mercantile store very soon, and also a grocery store.

Rumor has it that the contract for the railroad from Blackfoot to Macleod via. Cardston has been signed. Hope it's true.

Was Cardston represented at the nomination meeting for candidates at Lethbridge on the 28th? Was Cardston invited to participate in said meeting?

The Patricolos, Lenis and Isabella, gave entertainments on Wednesday and Thursday evenings to good houses. Isabella, a thirteen year old girl, is a captivating little creature, and she dances and sings very well.

On the front page of today's RECORD is an advertisment of S. H. Horner, who announces his intention of opening up a harness and saddlery establishment in Cardston about Dec. 1st. Mr. Horner was formerly a partner of H. Hutchinson of Lethbridge. Cardston has long needed just such an enterprise as Mr. Horner is soon to give us. He will do a good business as there is a splendid opening here for a harness shop.

The Cardston Co., Ltd., are going to abolish the "script" businessand we are heartily glad of it. "Script" will do no town any good and it has done many a town much harm. This enterprising firm will use the coupon system of exchange, and by so doing will maintain an uniformity of value between the cash and the coupon, accepting the latter on the cash basis.

People now adays are so prone to ask for bids from the different printing offices whenever they want even the smallest bit of printing done that a brother editor was constrained to publish the following advertisement: The publisher of this paper is soon to buy a shirt. Strange and extravagant as this may seem, we are determined so to do, and with this end in view we wish the dealers to submit sealed bids, so that the job may be given to the lowest bidder.

The RECORD & Montreal Family Herald & Weekly Star, one year for $2.75.

Lovely weather last week.

Eleven new subscribers last week.

THE CARDSTON RECORD is here to stay.

Alberta beats the world for many good things.

There is a good opening in Cardston for a shoemaker.

Sam. Stoddard was in from the McIntyre Ranch, Sunday.

Are our friends in Lethbridge treating us just right in this election business?

Don't send away for your printing. We will do it for you and save you money.

Copy for change of advertisments MUST not be in later than Saturday noon.

Mr. Jenkins of Nephi, Utah, arrived in Cardston last week with the intention of locating here.

D. Dovenport, agent for the Mutual Life Insurance Co., was in Cardston on Friday.

Last week THE RECORD man was shown the plans for the Kearl Hotel by Contractor Wolsey.

NOTICE.—Parties owing Lundberg & Neilson are hereby notified to call at THE RECORD office and settle their accounts.

The Robt. Simpson Co., Ltd., of Toronto, have a large advertisment in today's RECORD. Read it.

THE RECORD received several hundred dollars worth of printing stationery this week. We can print anything from a quarter inch card to a 40 foot poster.

Up-to the present time, there have been published by other newspapers 34 articles which originated in THE RECORD. This goes to show what is being done by THE RECORD in the way of advertising this section of Alberta.

According to all accounts sickness is very prevalent in Macleod this fall. Typhoid fever and diptheria are rife there now, nearly every other house having an occupant laid up.—Lethbridge News.

THE RECORD printing department has turned out six jobs since we last greeted the public. Bring 'em along; we like work and are not afraid of it. Our prices for printing envelopes, letter-heads, etc., are as low as the lowest. We will NOT take a back seat for any one.

For one dollar per annum you can have your house insured against loss by fire to the amount of $100. C. E. Snow is Agent for the Western Fire Assurance, the Queens and the British American Assurance Companys whose aggergate assets is $5,000,000.†

The Cardston RECORD and the Toronto Daily Globe $3.00 a year. The Globe is Canada's greatest newspaper, containing all the news of the world and is issued every 24 hours, 365 times a year. Free sample copies can be had for the asking at the RECORD office. If you see it we know you will subscribe for it.

When you want receipt or note Books call at THE RECORD Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts. You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

Cards.

Blanks.

Tickets.

Posters.

Receipts.

Programs.

Statements.

Bill Heads.

Letter Heads.

Wedding Invitations.

At the Lowest Prices.

Call and see us.

THE RECORD

W. R. Clark was in town, Monday.

Joseph Pilling was in from Aetna Monday.

The Cardston Co., Ltd., have changed their advertisment today.

Ezra Hansen returned on Tuesday from a business trip to Lethbridge.

A girl's kid glove has been left at this office. Owner may have same by calling.

Robert Ibey, agent for the Singer Sewing Machine Co., has a change of ad in today's RECORD.

Mr. S. H. Horner has decided on opening up a harness shop at Cardston, and has ordered a stock of goods for that purpose. He expects to commence operations out there about the 1st December.—Lethbridge News.

The nominations for candidates for member of the Legislative Assembly take place in the Building Co.'s hall tomorrow. So far as known at present only the one candidate—Dr. L. Geo. DeVeber is on the boards, and it looks as though he would go in by acclamation.—Lethbridge News.

THE announcement that Mr. C. A. Magrath, of Lethbridge, has decided to retire from active work in the Northwest Assembly, will be received with regret throughout the Territories. Mr. Magrath has represented the district of Lethbridge for a number of years in the Assembly in a capable manner, and has been an active man in the public affairs of the Northwest. He always impressed us as a thoroughgoing, active, unassuming, and useful figure in N. W. T. public life, and his retirement will be a distinct loss to the country at large and more particularly to the constituency of Lethbridge. In his address to the electors on retiring he cites as reasons for his actions that business arrangement have interfered with the proper fulfilments of his duties; and the Lethbridge News says that he will devote his time to the work connected with the irrigatin canal works in that neighborhood; so that although retired from active political affairs he still remains in a sphere of usefulness to the great and growing West.—Medicine Hat News.

HIS DRESS.

I found his little dress to-day,
The crumpled, dirty dress he wore;
The one I'd kissed and hung away
Behind the garret door.

He was a blue-eyed baby then,
And all our household's happiness;
Ah! well do I remember when
He wore this little dress.

The imprint of a sprawling hand
Is stamped upon its crumpled folds;
And pebbles gathered from the sand
It's tiny pocket holds.

And as I kiss each faded stain,
I would that he were here to night;
But baby for long years has lain
Beneath the poppies white.

—A. P. McKishnie.

ALBERTA IS ALRIGHT.

"The Cardston (Canada) RECORD tells of an onion raised there this summer that weighs 18 ounces, and a turnip that tips the scales at 15 pounds. Who says Alberta is not all right?"

That comment is taken from the Brigham City (Utah) Bugler, the acknowledged leading country newspaper published in that State.

Since the foregoing article regarding the turnip was written, we have received at this office one weighing exactly 21½ pounds.

We repeat, Alberta is alright.

==Subscribe==
=.=·=.=for=.=·=.=
THE
Record.
The Record
$2.00

CARDSTON HAS A

Shoe shop.
Restaurant.
Barber shop.
Meat market.
Good schools.
Livery stables.
Skillful physician.
Blacksmith shops.
A flourishing bank.
The best cereal-raising soil in the world.
Many tributary settlements which act as feeders.
Clear, pure and palatable drinking water fresh from the mountain brooks.
Numerous comfortable residences, commodious dancing hall and private business houses.
Numerous flourishing business houses such as banking and general merchandise and stationery stores.
Leo's creek, affording excellent and almost unlimited water power for all kinds of manufacturing establishments.
THE RECORD, a local newspaper which will always be found bright, progressive, and a friend to Southern Alberta in particular and Western Canada in general.

ALBERTA

presents a diversified and picturesque appearance. The surface rolling from undulating open prairie on the east to the partially timbered foothills and peaks of the Rocky Mountains on the west.

Numerous streams of pure water abounding in fish, rise in the mountains and foothills and run east and north through this territory.

Pine and spruce timber, suitable for houses, stables etc., is easily obtainable in the foothills and mountain valleys on western limit of tract.

Coal, the fuel of the future in this as in other countries is found cropping out in seams from two to twelve feet thick or nearly all streams. And this, coupled with the fact that coal in car lots shipped from the big mines can be obtained at railway stations, insures settlers a good supply of cheap fuel.

The soil is a rich loam, with a clay subsoil that will grow anything suitable to the climate.

The grass is luxuriant up to the crown of the highest foothills, and during the bright autumn weather it gradually cures and furnishes splendid feed during the winter. It is practically well cured hay standing upon end.

Cattle graze out all the year round. The fact that cattle, which have never been under cover of any kind, are shipped direct from these ranges to the English market, where they command the highest prices current, proves conclusively that the condition of climate, pasturage, water, etc., must be exceptionally good. It is an undisputed fact that Alberta is the finest stock raising country in the world.

Owing to the varied nature of the surface of this territory, the intending settler or investor can select land to suit his own ideas. If he inclines to grain farming he can homestead and buy even and oddnumbered sections, and have a field two miles north and south, by one mile east and west, with a sixty-six foot road allowance all round, every foot of it can be ploughed in furrows one or two miles long to suit his fancy.

If he inclines to mixed farming he can locate in some of the numerous valleys among the foothills where he can get bottom or valley land for cultivation, and upland ranges in the surrounding hills for horses, cattle or sheep.

ALBERTA IS GOING AHEAD.

The crops in 1897 were most satisfactory; the yield per acre being very heavy and prices good.

Cattle also did well, and there was a demand for them, at prices that pleased the ranchmen and the farmer, for all obtainable.

Dairying is becoming a leading feature of the district, settlers being greatly benefitted by government creameries and by those erected by private enterprise.

Settlers have a market for all they can raise.

Deseret News
and
The Record
one year
for $3.50

Subscribe for THE RECORD.

LETHBRRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.

Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7:30 o'clock, a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $3.00: Round trip, $5.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.

MERCER & McCARTY PROP'S.

Fire and Life Insurance.

Equitable Life. (Assets $200,000,000.)
British America Fire Assurance Co.
Western Fire Assurance Co.
Agency, RECORD Office.

Singer Sewing Machine and Extras.
Best in the world.
Robert Ibey, Agent.

Get your HAIR cut
AT
Campbell's
- Tonsorial Parlors. -

BERT TALBOT.
Lumber, Shingle and Planing Mills.
Mill on Belly River.
Cardston, - - - Alberta.

R. C. BECK.
Contractor & Builder.
All work neatly executed, and Satisfaction Guaranteed.
CABINET WORK A SPECIALTY.

Livery, Feed & Sale Stables
Kearl & Sharp, Props.

Good outfits furnished at all hours.
Rates Reasonable.

Restaurant
North of Stable.
MEALS ON SHORT ORDERS.
Kearl & Sharp.

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.
All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.
Cardston . . . . . Alberta.

NOTICE.

The undersigned gives notice to all whose accounts have not been settled for about a year, passed, that all such accounts must be settled within 30 days or they will be placed in the hand of a collector.
Oct. 5, 1898. WM. WOOD.

NOTICE—Parties owing THE RECORD for advertisments and subscriptions will confer a favor by settling their accounts this month as we have bills of our own which must be paid at once.

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

THE RECORD is for sale at G. W Robinson & Co.'s at Lethbridge.

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50 *

The Bank opens at ten o'clock a. m. and closes at three o'clock p. m.*

Insure your home. C. E. Snow has the agency for several fire insurance companies. †

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends. 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

FOR SALE: Four room house Good well water. Nice location. Enquire at RECORD office, next to Bank. ‡

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

Are you interested in this country? Are you interested in Cardston? Do you care anything for Canada? If you do, you will subscribe for your home paper—THE RECORD.*

Remember that THE RECORD is now published on Wednesdays instead of Saturdays as formerly.

FOR SALE—Model 1 Improved Hand Printing Press. Chase 5x8. At RECORD Office.*

If you owe us anything, come settle like men; don't make us begin useing the courts so early in our career.

C. O. CARD,
SUB AGENT
FOR
DOMINION LANDS.
ALSO AGENT FOR
RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY
. . . AND . . .
PRIVATE LANDS.
Office Hours: 9 to 4.

I pay cash for BEEF CATTLE. See me before completing a sale.
J.W.Woolf.

J. G. GOLD
Mountain View. - - - - - - Alta.
Has LIME for Sale.

Gay & Wight,
Contractors & Builders.
Estimates given on all kinds of work free. We have expert workmen, that we send out in the country to do work at short notice.
Don't forget our black smith and wagon shop. We have the best material money can buy, and we guarantee our workmanship. Only shop in town where you can get An 1 Steel Buggie tires.
Machinery Repaired and Refitted.
Thanking the public for their past patronage and asking the continuation of the same.
Yours respectfully,
Gay & Wight.

Samuel Cox,
Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting,
& Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
CARDSTON. . . ALBERTA.

BLACKSMITH SHOP.
The undersigned wishes to inform the public that he is opening a shoeing shop in his old stand.
HORSE SHOEING A SPECIALTY.
L. F. Bonnell.

Read THE RECORD
THE
CARDSTON RECORD
2.00 per year.

The Record
one year
$ 2.00

ADVERTISE.
HERE.

For 15 cts. you can get the Weekly Globe of Toronto for the balance of this year. It is a 16 page paper containing 112 columns of interesting news. Bring your 15 cts. to the RECORD office at once.

The weekly Globe, Toronto, only $1.00 per annum. THE RECORD has the exclusive agency for THE GLOBE, which is Canada's leading newspaper.

TELL US ABOUT IT.

The question is often asked: "Why didn't the editor write up this or that social gathering, wedding, etc?" Why, bless your souls, how could he write up what he didn't know? He wasn't there, didn't have an invitation, is no mind reader, no one told him anything about it, maybe he thought you didn't want it known. When you have a social gathering or anything else, and the editor is not present, give him the particulars and he will heartily appreciate the favor.—Brigham (Ut.) Bugler.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1898. NO. 15

Announcement.

Hansen & Taylor

wish to inform the people of Ætna and surrounding district that they will begin business in Ætna on

Wednesday, Nov. 9th.

We will carry a full stock of GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Our prices will be as low as can be bought for anywhere.

Produce taken in exchange.

Hansen & Taylor.

THE N. W. T. ELECTIONS.

The general elections for the Northwest Territories will be held on Nov. 4, and a warm campaign is under way. As there are no important questions of administrative policy dividing the Government from the Opposition, purely personal contests have developed exceptional strength and vigor. We hear of "vulgar abuse," "breaches of decency," "unseemly conduct," urfflanly words" and other personal campaign epithets, which go to show the lack of any great dividing question. These phrases, wrenched from their context and from the open, breezy background of the Territories, are apt to give an unfair impression of our fellow-citizens in the west, who are struggling in the heat of a campaign regarded with indifference by the rest of the Dominion. The Territories have at a generous estimate about 90,000 population, distributed over a vast area from Manitoba to Alaska, and their public affairs consequently partake of the nature of municipal rather than Provincial administration. Federal party lines have no place in election contests or in legislative divisions. The leader of the Government, Mr. Haultain, is a Conservative in Federal politics, while his Minister of Public Works, Mr. Ross, is a Liberal. But although Federal issues are warmly contested in all the Territories, no municipal Council is more exempt from party influence than the Territorial Legislature. The advance of the Territories to full Provincial standing will be the next big question for their decision, or rather the next big event in their political history, for they have already decided with remarkable unanimity in favor of the change, Ministry and Opposition being of one mind. The Territories obtained virtual establishment of responsible government by the amendments to the Northwest Territories act introduced by Mr. Sifton in 1897, but the financial administration is still a measure under the control of the Dominion. For the current fiscal year the Dominion appropriation for the government of the Territories was $357,859. Of this amount $15,000 paid the registrars of land titles and $50,000 for the care of the insane will be spent, as usual by the Interior Department. The Lieutenant-Governor directly controls the expenditure of $9,880 which includes the outlay connected with his office, the schools in unorganized districts, and incidental expenditure on the administration of justice. This leaves $282,977 for school grants and general administration to be paid to the Territorial Government and expended by departmental heads, in accordance with appropriation votes of the Assembly.

In addition to the direct Federal appropriation for the Territorial government there are many other expenditures that would have to be borne by the Territories if elevated to Provincial status. The administration of justice will cost the Dominion $40,000 and the jails at Prince Albert and Regina $15,800 during the current year. Votes for the maintenance of court houses lock-ups and other public buildings aggregated $23,000. Aids to agricultural societies and creameries amounted to $12,000. The salaries of Sheriffs were in all $2,500. The vote for the Northwest Mounted Police was $353,750, and although it may not all be charged against the Territories, a Provincial establishment would entail local or Provincial expenditures for the preservation of order and other services now rendered by the Dominion. There would also be expenditures on immigration, and doubtless on the encouragement of the dairying and other interests. It is estimated by The Regina Leader that the necessary Provincial expenditures would require a revenue of $550,000. Estimates as to the subsidy to which the prospective Province would be entitled vary widely. They are based on the subsidy of 80 cents per capita, a yearly allowance for government, an allowance in lieu of lands and interest on capital account. Some have declared the Territories to be entitled, on the same basis as Manitoba, to $600,000 a year, but the more carefully itemized estimates run from $450,000 to $475,000. Political institutions which grow are always more substantial than those which are manufactured. Let municipal organizations develop naturally, claiming their rights and assuming ther responsibilities. When the work naturally devolving on local Councils is done by a Province it is likely to be done badly. Municipal development is in the right direction and its good influences more immediately apparent. The prospects are that the Haultain Ministry will be easily sustained. There is no question dividing the electorate, and no prospect of a successful combination against the Premier. Toronto Globe.

COMMUNICATION.

Cardston, Nov. 7.st 1898.

EDITOR RECORD:

In last week's issue of the RECORD appeared rather an invidious criticism of the Cardston Orchestra by some local "quill-driver" who hides behind the nom-de-plume of "Critic."

The individual may merit the title he has assumed but it is evident he knows nothing about the history of said "Orchestra" or he would know that organization has received little or no encouragement whatever from any source, hence the members are not very much enthused.

When there is no encouragement for a thing like that, interest wanes and improvement ceases. Until a few weeks ago they were never invited to play except it were to do so gratuitously; and if I am correctly informed the home dramatic, for which they played last winter, did not even proffer them a complimentory ticket; it is needless to add, of course, they got nothing for their services. It may also be needless to inform Mr. "Critic," that out of their own pockets has come the money with which they have bought instruments, music and other paraphernalia. It is presumable the gentlemen of the orchestra are aware that they make some mistakes but that is due simply to the fact that they do not practice, and in the language of the bard "what's the use."

The writer does not mean to say that the treatment accorded the orchestra is the sentiment of the public by any means, for the public wants improvement, but it is due to a few jealous, ignorant, egotistical individuals who are afraid to allow progression freedom lest their own prestage might suffer.

Observer.

ANOTHER.

Provo Papers:

"We see that Prof. S. E. Hinkley who has been giving instructions in Canada has again returned home."

As for his instructionship while in Canada, we of Cardston, his place of sojourn, are not aware of any course of instructions given by the Prof. while here. We are aware that he wrote for examination but failed to secure even a certificate to instruct a kindergarten class, yet claimed that he was no forty dollar man. Now, as for a Land of Desolation; the supreme ruler being the devil, we admit our country to appear rather desolate to one who has been reared under College walls, however, when there is need for a liberal subscription to aid some unfortunate sojourne's on their way home, we have the cash, and it is liberally and cheerfully forth-coming and conveyance welcomely furnished for the first fifty miles. Cardstonite.

MORMONISM.

(Carberry, Manitoba, News.)

Carberry, Oct., 12th 1898.

While accepting with good grace your criticisms of the Latter Day Saint's meeting held here on Oct. 2nd., and while we are painfully aware of all deficiencies on our part, still there are some points to which we would like to call the attention of your readers.

We think we are safe in stating that there are few Christians to day who are willing to give their time, their means, and all the ability they have for the spreading of the truth, few who have sufficient stamina of character, in the face of full knowledge of their own weakness and lack of educational advantages, to go fourth with the Gospel sound out of the love for their fellowmen, and with no hope for earthly remuneration, (i. e.) without purse or scrip. Knowing that the "Gosple of the Kingdom" has been restored, the Latter Day Saint Elders go fourth in their humility to fulfil Christ's saying: "And this Gospel of the Kingdom shall be preached in all the world for witness unto all nations, and then shall the end come" (Matt. 24 Chap., 14th verse) "Judge not that ye be not Judged" (Matt 7. Chap., 1st verse.)

Consider the followers of the Saviour, the humble fishermen of Galilee, as well as Paul's statement, (1 Cor. Chap 26 and 29). "For ye see your calling brethern, how that not many wise men after the flesh, not many mighty, not many noble are called.

But God hath chosen the foolish things of the world, to confound the wise and God hath chosen the weak things of the world to confound the things which are mighty: And base things of the world and things which are despised, hath God chosen, yea, and things which are not, to bring to naught things that are.

"That no flesh should glory in his presence." History repeats itself and it is not always the part of wisdom to despise with out investigation, beliefs which may seem "crude" in this enlightend age when the true Gospel plan as of yore is not popular, nor its followers numbered by the million.

The first article of our faith reads, "We believe in God the Eternal Father, and in his Son Jesus Christ, and in the Holy Ghost. As some might have received a wrong impression permit the statement please, that we belive the God head one in knowledge, power and attributes, but separate and distinct as to idenitty, man being created in the image of his Maker.

We also believe in Faith, Repentance, Baptism by immersion, and the Laying on of hands for the Gift of the Holy Ghost, the first principles of the Gospel as taught by Christ and his Apostles.

We do not hold that one principle or ordinance is all that is necessary for salvation, but a full compliance with the Gospel plan as given to the Primitive Church (whose organization we follow strictly) is absolutely essential for the exaltation of man.

For the information of all let us state too, that we do not teach or practice Polygamy, formal action having been taken by the church on that point Oct. 7th 1890. In conclusion we would remind all your readers that Paul states that there is "One Lord, one faith, one Baptism" (Eph., 4 Chap. 5th verse) and that in these the last days the sayings of Christ should be borne in mind that "straight is the gate, and narrow is the way, which leadeth unto life, and few there be that find it." Good to all our fellow beings and harm to none is the sincere desire which we have, and such also is the reason for our presence in your midst. We invite full investigation of our beliefs.

A. M. Merkley.
C. F. Jensen, Jr.
Elders of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints.

The Record

$2.00.

BRIEF RESUME

= of =

CANADIAN HISTORY

From 1497 to 1898.

Very Short and to the Point.

FAMILIARIZE YOURSELF WITH ALL THAT APPEARS IN THIS COLUMN EACH WEEK.

Having lived in this district more than three years, we are acquainted with the majority of inhabitants, and to a greater or less degree, have a knowledge respecting their uninformed condition as to the laws and history of Canada. We, therefore, purpose publishing, serially, in a portion of this column, each week, a Short History of Canada from 1497 to 1898, together with Statistical Items of general interest.

1876. Opening of the Intercolonial Railway from Quebec to Halifax. Forts Carleton and Pitt Indian Treaty (No. 6) signed. Canadians awarded 300 prizes at Exhibition in Philadelphia U. S. A.
June 5. Supreme Court of Canada first session.
February. Legislative Council of Manitoba abolished. District of Keewatin created by Act of Parliament.

1877. May. Medical Council of Great Britain decided to recognize Canadian degrees.
June 20. Great fire in St. John. New Brunswick.
September. First convention of Dom. Y. M. C. Association in Quebec.
October. First exportation of wheat from Manitoba to Great Britain.
November 23. Award by Halifax Fisheries Commission of the sum of $5,5000,000 to be paid by the United States to the Imperial Government. Treaty with the Blackfeet Indians (No. 7) signed by Hon. David Laird.

1878. Conservatives win in General Election. Canadians awarded 225 prizes at Paris Exhibition. Canada Temperance Act passed by Federal Parliament. Marquis of Lorne appointed Governor-General of Canada.

1879. Adoption of a protective tariff, otherwise called the "National Policy."

1880. Death of Hon. George Brown.
All British possessions on North American continent (excepting Newfoundland) annexed to Canada by Imperial Order-in-Council from 1st September, 1880. The Arctic Archipelago transferred to Canada by Imperial Order-in-Council.
Royal Canadian Academy of Arts founded by the Marquis of Lore October 21. Contract signed for the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway. This contract was subsequently ratified by 44 Vic., chap. 1 (1881).

1881. March 21. Act passed extending the boundaries of Manitoab, chap. 14.
April 4. Population of the Dominion, 4,324,810. Royal Society of Canada founded.
May 2. First sod turned by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company.

1882. May 8. Provisional districts of Assiniboia, Saskatchewan, Alberta, and Athabaska, created.
May 25. First meeting of the Royal Society of Canada in Ottawa.
June 22. Constitutionality of the Canada Temperance Act confirmed by the Privy Council.
August 23. The new seat of Government for the Northwest Territories received the name of Regina.

1883. Methodist Churches in Canada formed into one body—The Methodist Church in Canada
First Congress of the Church of England in Canada opened in Hamilton. Standard time adopted.

1884. Boundary between Ontario and Manitoba settled by decision of Judicial Committee of the English Privy Council and confirmed by her Majesty in Council, August 11 1884.

1885. March 26. Outbreak of rebellion in the Northwest: commencement of hostilities at Duck Lake.

(CONTINUED NEXT WEEK.)

Ladies

Go to **H. S. Allen & Co.**

For Capes & Jackets; Children's & Misses Wraps; Dress Goods; (A fine line.) General Dry Goods. Largest and Best assorted stock ever shown in Cardston.

Gentlemen

Go to **H. S. Allen & Co.**

For Dress Suits; Working Suits; Waterproof overcoats; Pea Jackets; Gent's Furnishings & Fall & Winter goods. Double the quantity ever shown before. Our values are up, our prices down.

C. Edgar Snow, Banker,

Cardston, - - - Alberta.

1895 1898

A general banking business transacted.

FIRE! FIRE!! FIRE!!!

The CARDSTON CO., Ltd., are pleased to announce to their patrons that a Bonfire will be lighted on "Guy Faulk's" day, the material for the fire to consist of the COMPANY'S old "Scrip" or Merchandise Orders. In order to make the conflagration more complete the COMPANY desire all who hold their "scrip" to bring it in before the 5th. of Nov. so that ONE fire will serve our purposes.

We desire also to say:

The ABUSE of our Due-Bills—not their USE has compelled us to take this step. Our intent is to install as soon as possible the CASH system of doing business and discontinue pour old "TRUST" who has served his day.

The help of our patrons will soon effect a most pleasing change and profitable trade to all.

ALL CREDIT CEASES —except upon SPECIAL arrangement with the Management.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 26.

A violent gale is raging at Chicago.

Two British cruisers arrived at Halifax.

Western Wisconsin reports a blizzard.

A Peace river prospector was killed by a bear.

A case of small-pox is reported at Coburg, Ont.

General Chanoine, French minister of war, resigned.

The Cuban assembly—Insurgent—met at Santa Cruz del Sur.

The Jamaica land question has assumed a serious aspect.

The editor of the Dawson City Miner eulogises Mr. Ogilvie.

The evacuation of Cuba has been extended to January 1st.

J. C. Roddillard, of Montreal, died suddenly in New York.

Three men were drowned by a ferry accident at Arundel, Que.

M. Ribot is named as a possible successor to Premier Brisson.

Great Britain navy is said to be invincible against a single foe.

In the Stuartburn murder cases suspicion now falls upon Indians.

There were numerous street demonstrations in Paris last night.

It is rumored that "B" Squadron, R. C. D., may be removed to Toronto.

The propeller Porter was sunk in collision with the steamer Turret Age.

A Montreal broker tells a thrilling story of adventure in the far north.

Hon. John Dryden and Mr. Charles Calder were nominated in South Ontario.

No charges were submitted to the commission appointed to investigate Morden hospital.

The French government were defeated in the chamber of deputies and resigned.

The case of Hobbs vs. Esquimalt and Nanaimo railway company is before the supreme court.

Montreal millers estimate Manitoba's wheat crop at from thirty-one to forty million bushels.

Conductor Rutherford, of the Manitoba Southeastern railway, was killed while breaking.

J. K. McInnis has retired from the contest in North Regina, and William Trant from South Regina.

Montreal hockey players are pleased at the prospects of playing Winnipeg for the Stanley cup.

The capias in the case of Gault Brothers vs. Cloutier was sustained by the Quebec court of appeal.

The election for Cannington, Assa., has been postponed till five days after the general Territorial elections.

Edith Cole, of Ottawa, is thought to have been abducted; she has returned to her home in a dazed condition.

English shareholders of the C. P. R. and G. T. R. are trying to settle the disputes between the companies.

The London correspondent of the Globe counsels Winnipeg to settle with the Waterworks company for £55,000.

TUESDAY, OCT. 25.

The phonograph was used in a church at Nanaimo.

Anarchists were arrested at Haifa and Alexandria.

The petition in the West Victoria election was dismissed.

The Victoria Hockey team will challenge for the Stanley cup.

Ten negroes were killed in a fight with whites at Meridan, Miss.

It is reported that France will evacuate Fashoda forthwith.

The steam tug Walker and two barges foundered in Lake Ontario.

The British government have published another blue book on Fashoda.

War vessels are being prepared for active service at Esquimalt.

Ferdinand Cloutier has sued a Montreal firm for malicious prosecution.

A German bark was lost in the North Sea and nine of her crew drowned.

A Swede named John B. Anderson, murdered his wife near Adams, Minn.

Toronto's export trade increased $8,497.34 during the first quarter of 1898.

The Porto Rican cabinet took the oath of allegiance to the United States.

Chinese soldiers attacked the English engineers on the Pekin-Hankow railway.

Two thousand head of cattle were shipped east over the C. P. R. on Monday.

The Protestant Episcopal church will establish a mission at Ponce, Porto Rico.

A one hundred stamp battery will be installed on the Hammond Gold Reef, Saw Bill district.

It is reported that the U. S. peace commissioners will make concessions on the Cuban question.

A device for preventing collisions has been successfully tested on the C. P. R., between Winnipeg and Ignace.

The Winnipeg electric light plant by-law was introduced and read a first time at Monday's council meeting.

General Merritt, U. S. A., was married in London to Miss Laura Williams, of Chicago.

MONDAY, OCT. 24.

Winter has set in in Yukon.

France is making active preparations for war.

Rossland mines shipped 3,833 tons of ore last week.

Robert Perry, of Tweed, Ont., was shot by a tramp.

Another death from bubonic plague occurred at Vienna.

Crop reports from many provincial points are more reassuring.

The French yellow book on the Fashoda question is published.

British Columbians feel elated over prospects of war with France.

Quebec city is preparing a grand reception for Lord and Lady Minto.

Menelek has taken the field with 40,000 troops against Ras Mangascia.

The streets of Havana were converted into torrents by excessive rains.

Reports of gold and copper discoveries in Atlin Lake district are confirmed.

European diplomats anticipate a peaceful settlement of the Fashoda dispute.

The Transvaal troops defeated the Kaffirs and drove them into the mountains.

It is estimated that Manitoba's wheat surplus of 1898 will exceed that of 1897.

Philippine insurgents have assumed a menacing attitude against the United States.

A rich gold lode has been discovered on Lake Elizabeth, Lake of the Woods district.

The rebellious Leech Lake, Minn., Indians were sentenced to fine and imprisonment.

Belgian printers have struck on account of the introduction of type-setting machines.

SATURDAY, OCT. 22.

Mr. Tarte was banqueted at Sorel.

Thanksgiving Day will be observed on November 24th.

Yorkton, Assiniboia, is making remarkable progress.

The Fashoda question has assumed a very serious aspect.

A Montreal judge decided that dealing in futures is legal.

An inquest is being held into the death of Harold Frederic.

Two men were killed and much damage caused by a storm in Texas.

The borings for petroleum will be continued at Athabaska Landing.

Howay and Benner's music store at Brandon, was destroyed by fire.

A Toronto woman killed her three children while suffering from melancholia.

Galician settlers at Stuarburn are reported to be progressing satisfactorily.

The city finance committee recommend the holding of a tax sale on November 10th.

Many candidates are already in the field for the Northwest general election.

A new comet was discovered by William R. Brooke, of the Smith observatory.

The Dominion lands office reports a great demand for farming and mineral lands.

Hon. J. M. Gibson, Liberal, and Dr. J. B. Coughlin, Conservative, were nominated in East Wellington.

FRIDAY, OCT. 21.

London fire brigade has adopted improved appliances.

Fifteen thousand Spanish soldiers in Cuba have applied for discharge.

It is reported that Captain Dreyfus has arrived in Paris.

The southern Philippines are in a state of anarchy.

Several steamboats are frozen in on the Yukon river.

The Rat Portage lumber mills are working to their full capacity.

Mounted Police supplies have arrived at Dawson City.

An attempt was made to wreck a G. T. R. express train near Brockville.

London newspapers have assumed a more peaceful tone towards France.

The Paris municipal council urge the government to avoid a conflict with Great Britain.

Mr. Ogilvie has enforced several reforms in Dawson City.

Menier offers the Quebec government $100,000 for the shore rights in Anticosti.

Captain Baratier, Marchand's messenger, has arrived at Cairo from Fashoda.

Extensive mining operations are reported in the New Klondike, near Wabigoon.

The leaders in the recent Indian outbreak at Leech Lake, Minn., have surrendered.

Plebiscite returns received at Ottawa are published in this morning's Free Press.

British Columbia fishermen and canners will ask for modifications of the new regulations.

The Newfoundland royal commissioners have nearly completed their investigations.

Seven men were killed by an explosion on the United States torpedo boat Davis.

The first week's transactions of Vancouver's new clearing house aggregated $580,801.

The National Council of Women propose having a Canadian Women's section at the Paris exhibition in 1900.

THURSDAY, OCT. 20.

Warlike preparations are in progress at the Toulon arsenal.

A heavy snow is falling in portions of South Dakota.

Harold Frederick, author and correspondent, is dead.

Newfoundland reports serious damage and loss of life from storms.

Sir Casimir Gzowski's estate is estimated at $645,413.

The Russians have taken possession of New Chwang.

Thirty lives were lost in the recent storm on the English coast.

No arrests have been made in connection with the Stuartburn murders.

M. Brisson, premier of France, may retire on account of ill health.

The betrothal of Queen Wilhelmina to Prince William of Wied, is announced.

The C. P. R. have built a magnificent grain drying and cleaning plant at Port Arthur.

The body found recently in Portage Creek is identified as that of Patrick Seir.

It is thought Dr. Ireland, supposed to have suicided, at Montreal, is in hiding.

A German bactoriologist died of leubonic plague contracted in his laboratory.

Twenty-five children died from disease contracted from sewer gas at Scranton, Pa.

The continued wet weather is causing much uneasiness among farmers and grain dealers.

A conflict between Admiral Dewey and Philippine insurgents is reported at Madrid.

Canadian sealers will protest against a sale of the industry to the United States.

Dan Murphy of Winnipeg, won the sculling race with McDonald, of Ottawa, at Fort William.

It is expected that the construction of the Winnipeg waterworks will be undertaken immediately.

The Burrell Tragedy.

Toronto, Oct. 23.—The inquest on the three children of Mrs. Burrell, murdered by their insane mother on Friday afternoon, was held yesterday. Formal evidence was given showing that the terrible deed was committed as outlined in the report to the Free Press. The medical men explained that death was clearly attributable to strangulation, though there were no finger marks. Dr. H. B. Aikens, who had seen much of Mrs. Burrell at the General Hospital, said she was troubled with brooding and was suffering, he believed, from acute melancholia at the time of the deed. The husband said that very often lately his wife had become sullen and would gaze intently at objects and would tell the children she would seen have them little angels. She was always very fond of them. The jury was out fe wminutes only when they returned with a verdict stating formally that the three children, Stanley, Harold and Ethel Burrell, came to their death by being strangled by their mother, Isabella Burrell.

RUSSIA FAVORS PEACE.

Berlin, Oct. 23.—The National Zeitung says it learns that Count Muravieff, the Russian foreign minister, has recommended to the French government a peaceful settlement of the Fashoda question, as Russia does not consider war will serve the interests of France.

New Westminster fire losses aggregated $1,250,000.

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Order by Mail and you get your goods close to manufacturers' price, without the extra profit to middlemen. You have an immense variety to choose from. The catalogue does no talking; no persuasion is used to induce you to buy what the salesman wants to sell. The goods come promptly and safely, and you may have your money back if they do not please you. These are sample items of what the catalogue contains. Order now and get a catalogue in the parcel.

OVERCOATS—

We want to emphasize our value in Overcoats, and particularly our—$8.50 special Overcoat. The coat is equal to any $10 overcoat we've ever seen. This is the description:

An All-Wool English Beaver Overcoat, guaranteed fast colors—blue, black, and brown, made in single and double breast styles, lined with double warp Italian cloth, finished with silk velvet collar, lining left open at the bottom, sewn throughout with good strong silk, sizes 34 to 46 ..... **$8.50**

DRESS GOODS These are new season goods. You have our guarantee of quality—and prices are long way below what you've been in the habit of paying—

47 inch French Princess Twill Dress Serge makes a very pretty costume for better wear. The value is 75c. Simpson's special price..... **49c**

52 inch English Coating Twill Dress Serge—one of the most durable lines woven and guaranteed unspottable and unshrinkable. Would be cheap at 75c per yd. Simpson's special price **50c**

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Ladies' Astrachan Jacket 36 inch long, best German dyed skins—small glossy curl—lined best black quilted Satin lining, silk frog fastenings, high storm collar, **$35.**

Ladies' cape, fur lined throughout—best squirrel lining, high storm collar of Thibet fur and Thibet trimming down both fronts, full sweep—interlined and wadded, plain colors and fancy—**$25**

Ladies' Curl Cloth Jacket, extra heavy, lined fancy farmers satin, sexpanel bottom, high storm collar, all sizes—**7.50**

Men's Gold Filled Watch—case guaranteed for five years' wear, all handsomely engraved, open faced, cases have screw bezel and back, perfectly dust proof, fitted with stem wind and set movement; price with 7 jewel, American century movement, open face, $6.30, hunting case, $7.10; 7 jewel Waltham movement, gilded, open face, $7.45, hunting case, $8.25; 17 jewel Waltham, P. S. Bartlett movement, open face $12.35, hunting case, $13.15.

LADIES' FLANNELETTE UNDERWEAR.....

Ladies' Flannelette Gown, good quality, full sizes, as cut, or with turnover collar, trimmed with frill of self in pink and green stripes..45

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PARTED. AT THE ALTAR.

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY.

CHAPTER VII.—DRIVEN OUT INTO THE WORLD.

When Doris opened her eyes she found herself lying upon her white couch and the kindly face of the old housekeeper bending over her.

"Where am I? What is the matter?" she exclaimed, struggling up to a sitting posture and pushing back the heavy mass of golden curls from her face with her little white hand; but in a flash memory returned to her, and she remembered all; and a bitter cry echoed through the room as she fell back on her pillow, turning her face to the wall.

"My poor child, you must not take on like this," said the housekeeper, pityingly. "You will force yourself into brain fever."

"I wish I could!" cried Doris, bitterly. "Would to heaven I could die and end it all. Oh, yes, yes, I wish I had fallen dead in my wedding clothes at his feet—at the altar."

"My poor child," said the housekeeper, soothingly, "that is a horrible prayer to fall from the lips of one so young. Be brave and strong; look your trouble in the face calmly, and pray God for strength to bear it. You are not the first young wife who has been cruelly abandoned by the man she loved and trusted—the man who, at the altar, vowed to love, cherish and protect her while life lasted."

"I loved him so!" moaned Doris. "Oh, heaven help me to bear it, or I must die. Where shall I turn, where shall I go?"

"I would advise you to go back to your mother," said the housekeeper. "She could comfort you best."

"I have no mother," sobbed Doris. "I am alone in the great, cruel world."

"You must have friends," said the housekeeper.

Doris shook her golden head.

"Not one on earth," she sobbed.

The good housekeeper looked at the fair young girl in wonder.

No friend!—not one on the wide earth! It was almost incredible.

"Are you sure the marriage you believe in so fully was a legal one?" asked Mrs. Lane, in perplexity. "A man who deserts a young girl deliberately in this fashion is capable of any villainy."

Doris raised her great, childish blue eyes to her face.

"I am sure it was legal," she answered. "I remember he was very particular that it should be so. Oh, how can I think he has willfully, deliberately deserted me! Some day he will return here for me. I feel sure of it; I feel it in my heart. I cannot live without him, any more than the flowers could live without the sunshine. Oh, he must return to me!"

How the next day passed Doris could never remember. It seemed as though the torture of a lifetime was crowded into it. Then it suddenly dawned upon her she must leave the hotel. She could not remain there forever. There was but one place she knew of to go to, and that was—back to Madame Delmar's seminary.

Ah, what a desolate ride back it was to Beech Grove! The train whirled past beautiful stretches of country, thrifty villages and peaceful homes, but Doris looked out of the windows without seeing. It was dusk when the train stopped at the station.

For an hour or more a terrible storm had been raging, but Doris stepped from the train and made her way up the steep path, all unmindful of the bitter storm.

Her wedding-ring fell from her finger in the long grass by the wayside, but she did not heed its loss.

Stealing in through the great arched gate-way, she made her way around to the western wing of the building. This had been set apart for Madame Delmar's use during vacation.

The crimson hangings were looped back, and a bright flood of light shone out through the darkness like a beacon light. Noiselessly Doris approached the window and peered into the room. Ah, what a contrast to the cheerfulness within was the driving, pitiless storm without. Drawing the rose vines aside, Doris pressed her white face still closer to the pane.

At the table, engaged on some trifling fancy work, sat Madame Delmar, and near her stood her brother John, a plain, sturdy farmer, whom madame was always particular to ignore in public.

John's farm adjoined the seminary grounds on the left, and the awkward bachelor brother made his home in the western wing of the seminary; but few of madame's dainty, aristocratic pupils ever knew this, or even dreamed of the existence of such a person.

On this particular evening madame and her brother John were discussing Doris's sudden disappearance of a few days before. Ah, how plainly every word was heard by the little figure crouching out there in the pitiful storm!

"I always thought no good would come of Doris roaming round like a wild gypsy for hours at a time," declared madame, stitching vigorously at her embroidery. "And now she has run away at last. I have always said no good ever comes of taking in waifs left on one's doorstep. She always wanted to play the fine lady. Doris Brandon was too romantic. Too much love-dreaming and nonsense go with these pretty faces."

"I can't think where the child could possibly have gone, Cynthy," interposed honest John, dejectedly. "I always thought we were doing our clear duty by little Doris in providing her such a good home. I never dreamed she was unhappy here. I miss the child so!"

"Don't make an old fool of yourself, John Delmar!" exclaimed his sister, energetically. (She never wasted any of the little elegancies of speech or grammar upon plain, honest John.) "It was that miserable girl's own fault if she was not happy here. She was always too fond of decking herself out in finery, to look nicer than my pupils, and they rich men's daughters, every one of 'em. And as to missing her the Lord knows I am glad to be rid of her!" she added with spiteful emphasis.

A twig snapped beneath the window, and—was it only their fancy?—a white face, framed in tangled, golden, wet hair, peered wistfully into the room from among the climbing red roses. A moment later a shadow crept across the threshold, and a voice, faltering piteously, broke out brokenly:—

"Oh, madame! I have come back to you! Oh, pity and forgive! If you scold me I shall fall down and die at your feet!"

"It's Doris's spirit!" gasped madame, in terror. "Look at that tangled hair and white, horrible face!"

"I am no spirit, madame!" sobbed Doris, advancing toward the center of the room, near where the horror-stricken woman stood. "I'm your unhappy ward, Doris."

"So you are really Doris in the flesh!" retorted the irate madame, her rising anger taking the place of her momentary fright. "Where have you been for the last two days? I want to know where you have been, I say. Your dress is bedraggled with mud. We would be disgraced for life if any one hereabouts saw you. I ask you again, Doris Brandon, what's the meaning of all this?"

"I—I cannot tell you, madame!" sighed Doris, bitterly. "Only be kind to me and forget that I ever went away."

"Do you hear that miserable girl? Do you hear her, John?" cried madame, furiously exasperated. "This is the creature you would waste your pity on! She slips off in the night, heaven only knows where, and I dragging the bay and scouring the whole country for her; and now, after two days, she comes coolly back, and asks me to forget the disgrace she has brought on us and most of all, insults us by telling us not to ask where she has been. I never struck the girl in my life yet, but I declare I can scarcely restrain myself from beating the truth out of her. I shall investigate this matter thoroughly; depend upon that, ungrateful girl."

"You may kill me, if you choose, madame," sighed poor Doris, with a gasping, tearless sob, as she sank down on the floor in a little, dark heap, "but I will not—oh, I cannot reveal to you the dark secret of the past two days."

"Is there a lover at the bottom of it?" cried madame, shrilly, fairly shrieking the words in the girl's startled ear. "Answer me? Has love anything to do with this disgraceful affair?"

"No. No one loves me," muttered Doris, faintly. "My poor heart is bruised so sorely. Oh, no, no; God never intended any one to love me!" she added, wearily.

"You cannot deceive me. There's a lover at the bottom of it," declared madame, suspiciously. "It's just such pink and white baby faces as yours that make all the mischief in the world. You cannot remain under this roof till you make a clean breast of it."

The beautiful, young golden head was bent low before her.

Doris turned her great blue eyes piteously to honest John Delmar, who stood by, regarding the scene in dazed, dumfounded helplessness.

"Forgive me, oh, won't you, please, and take me back!" sobbed Doris, distractedly, holding out her little white hands toward him. "You have been kind to me all my life. Don't desert me now, for I have no one but you to look to. If you turn from me I shall surely die."

"It would be the best thing you could do," returned madame, curtly. "You may as well go back where you have been for the past two days if you persist in refusing to confide in me."

"Do be merciful and forgive me," cried the poor, tortured child. "I have nowhere to go, madame. God has shut me entirely from His mercy, and forgotten me, too!"

"Well, that's just what I intend to do," cried madame, heartlessly, fiercely grasping Doris by the shoulder, and forcing her to her feet. "I want you to leave this house the same way you came. Go where you've been the past two days," she repeated, tauntingly "and if you have one spark of decency or pride left, you will keep out of the neighbors' sight, or there will be worse stories afloat than there are now. For the last time I say, clear this mystery up straightway, or go."

"Oh, how can I tell her? How dare I tell her," thought Doris, wildly, "that I am a victim to love's cruel curse—that he whom I wedded and trusted so blindly, deceived me more cruelly than death; cast me adrift on the great ocean of life without the least pity for my youth, my innocent, broken heart, or my blasted hopes!

"Surely, you don't mean to drive me from the shelter of your roof out into the bitter storm, madame?" gasped Doris. "Surely, you cannot mean it," she cried, a death-like chill creeping over her

"I do mean it!" cried madame, sharply. "Go—without delay!"

"Now, Cynthy, sister, don't be too hard upon poor little Doris," interposed John Delmar, in an unsteady voice. "You've gone far enough. You must remember, Cynthy, little Doris is only a young, thoughtless child. I do not believe she's done anything wrong. Have you, child?" he asked, with intense earnestness.

Doris tried to answer, but the words died away on her white lips, making no sound; and she gazed at him with a world of pitiful entreaty in her childish, blue eyes, like a hunted deer suddenly brought to bay.

"There!" cried madame, shrilly and triumphantly. "Don't you see she dare not deny it? I say again, you waste your pity."

John Delmar, poor Doris's only friend, turned away, sick at heart, and abruptly left the room, to hide the great tears that were welling down his honest face.

CHAPTER VIII.—OUT IN THE DARKNESS.

With a bitter cry, Doris sank on her knees at madame's feet, her beautiful, tangled, golden hair falling in reckless abandon about her like a golden veil, her lovely young face white with fear.

Poor child! She might have known better by past experience than to appeal to John Delmar, when his sister "laid down the law," as he called it.

"It is night now, madame. You will at least let me stay under the shelter of your roof until morning. Listen to the terrific storm, hear how it thunders, and see the blinding lightning. Oh, madame, I am so afraid of the darkness and the terrible storm. In the morning I will go quietly away, and you shall never look upon my face again; and I shall always remember that you did not drive me out into the fury of the bitter night."

Madame's cutting, sarcastic laugh answered her.

"Afraid of the storm and the darkness!" she sneered, maliciously. "You were not afraid to steal out of the house at night, and remain out of it for two consecutive nights. You did not care whether you disgraced me or not."

"I never meant to disgrace you," sighed Doris, humbly.

"Depend upon it, you shall not have the opportunity of disgracing me any more," replied Madame Delmar, grimly. "Go!" she cried, pointing to the door. "And never let me look upon that pink-and-white baby face of yours again. If you persist in staying around here, I shall have you arrested, and then you will be forced by the law to clear up this mystery. The secret as to where you have been will be wrung from your lips, whether you are willing or no."

Madame Delmar never forgot the wild startled cry that broke from Doris's lips.

"Madame," she sobbed, struggling up from her knees, and turning to the woman who had shown her so little mercy in the hour of her bitterest need, "you have not been kind. You have driven me forth into the cold, bitter world to live or to die as God sees fit; but I forgive you. Some day you may regret this action. When any one mentions the name of Doris, the unhappy waif fate thrust upon your hands, and who has been unwittingly such a cross to you, it is my prayer that you will always try to think of me kindly and at my best."

Without another word, Doris turned and fled out into the darkness of the night. In the distance she could hear the plaintive murmur of the waves as they beat against the shore.

"I wish I had flung myself into the dark water when I intended to, that night, when those fatal words bound me to him—his wedded wife.

"His wife! Oh, dear heaven!" she cried, bitterly, struggling on through the terrible storm and the darkness. "May God forgive him for the falsehood that stained his lips!"

She flung herself down in all the storm, and hid her white, despairing face in the long, daisy-studded grass, weeping for the overthrow of her hope and her love, and the desolate young life that lay in ruins around her, as she had never wept before.

The rain, like angel's tears, fell pityingly down upon that golden head buried among the silent daisies; but Doris did not even heed it.

She stretched out her white hands through the darkness, crying out to her lost love. Life was too hard to bear without him.

But such a passionate burst of grief is the soonest over. She did not cry out for heaven to wreak its vengeance on this handsome young husband, who had deserted her at the altar, as it were, as many another might have done.

"I will learn to forget him," she cried, raising her white face to the dark sky. "I will cast him out of my poor, shattered heart, as he cast me out of his, without one regret. Oh, the madness, the folly of trusting too blindly to love!" Was it fancy, or did some one call her name? Doris raised her head from the long, wet, daisy-studded grass and listened.

(To be continued.)

A Wise Answer.

It takes but an ordinary man to return an angry answer to an insult. The extraordinary man is he who, under such circumstances, holds himself so well under control that he controls his adversary also.

Persia once possessed such a man and was clear sighted enough to make him a judge. He was the chief judge of Bagdad in the reign of Caliph Hadee and his name was Aboo Yusuph. He was a very wise man, for he knew his own deficiencies and was actually sometimes in doubt as to whether he possessed sufficient wisdom to give a just decision in cases peculiarly shrouded in mystery.

It is related of him that on one occasion, after patient investigation of facts, he decided that he had not sufficient knowledge to pronounce on the case before him. There was in his presence a pert courtier, one of those men who take long to learn that wisdom and impudence are not closely related.

"Pray, do you expect that the caliph is to pay you for ignorance?" he asked, hoping to place the judge at a disadvantage.

"I do not," was the mild reply. "The caliph pays me—and pays me well—for what I do know. Were he to attempt to pay me for what I do not know the treasures of his empire would not suffice."—Youth's Companion.

A Fascinating Stranger.

"A Worcester man," says the Worcester Gazette, "who makes frequent trips to Europe fell in with a fascinating stranger the last time he was across. The stranger, who may be designated as Ferguson because that does not sound at all like his real name, was an American, his manners were those of a gentleman, and he seemed to be well supplied with money and to know a great many people worth knowing. In conversation with the Worcester man one day Ferguson said: 'Worcester is a charming city, and I have some very dear friends there. I presume you know Colonel E. J. Russell? He is an old and highly esteemed friend, to whom I am deeply indebted for many favors.'

"When the Worcester man returned home, he met Colonel Russell one day and in course of conversation remarked that he had met a man in Europe who said that he was an old friend. Colonel Russell thought for a moment, and then he replied: 'Oh, yes, I remember Ferguson very well! I ought to, for he lived with me for seven years once. It was when I was warden of the state prison at Charlestown, and I will say that Ferguson was one of the quietest and best behaved prisoners that I ever had.'"

The Firecracker.

The firecracker so extensively used by Americans in celebrating Independence day is a Chinese invention and is supposed to have been used in China in prehistoric times as universally as it is now used in the Flowery Kingdom upon nearly all ceremonious occasions. Its original use is supposed to have been to frighten away evil spirits, and in some parts of the Celestial empire it is still regarded as an effective weapon against ghosts and hobgoblins.

Home Influences.

Each one of us is bound to make the little circle in which he lives better and happier; each of us is bound to see that out of that small circle the widest good may flow; each of us may have fixed in his mind the thought that out of a single household may flow influences which shall stimulate the whole commonwealth and the whole civilized world.—Dean Stanley.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

SHOULD HAVE BEEN A BOY.

A Pathetic Story From the "Recollections" of Elizabeth Cady Stanton.

A pathetic little story comes from the "Recollections" of Elizabeth Cady Stanton. She says that when her brother died she climbed upon her father's knee, wondering what could be said or done to fill the empty place in his heart.

"Oh, my daughter," he sighed, "I wish you were a boy!"

I threw my arms about his neck and said, "I will try to be all my brother was."

All that day and far into the night I pondered the problem of boyhood. I thought the chief thing to be done to equal boys was to be learned and courageous, so I decided to study Greek and learn to manage a horse.

As soon as I was dressed I hurried to our good pastor, the Rev. Simon Hosack, who was always early at work in his garden.

"Doctor," said I, "which do you like best, boys or girls?"

"Why, girls, to be sure! I wouldn't give you for all the boys in Christendom."

"My father," said I, "prefers boys. He wishes I were one, and I intend to be as like one as possible. I am going to ride on horseback and study Greek. Will you give me a Greek lesson now, doctor? I want to begin at once."

"Yes, child," he said, throwing down his hoe. "Come into my library, and we will begin without delay."

I kept up my lessons at the parsonage and made rapid progress. I surprised even my teacher, who thought me capable of doing anything. I learned to drive and to leap a fence and ditch on horseback. I taxed every power, hoping some day to hear my father say:

"Well, a girl is as good as a boy, after all."

But he never said it.

I began to study Latin, Greek and mathematics with a class of boys in the academy, many of whom were much older than I. Two prizes were offered in Greek. I strove for one and took the second.

"Now," said I, "my father will be satisfied with me."

I rushed breathless into his office, laid my prize, a new Greek Testament, on the table and exclaimed:

"There! I got it!"

He took up the book and asked me some questions. Then he kissed me on the forehead and exclaimed, with a sigh:

"Ah, you should have been a boy!"

No "Sights" Allowed.

One of the first things I did the morning after my arrival at Gibraltar, says Professor Simon Newcomb in The Atlantic, was to choose a convenient point on one of the stone parapets for "taking the sun," in order to test the running of my chronometer. I had some suspicion as to the result, but was willing to be amused. A sentinel speedily informed me that no sights were allowed to be taken on the fortification. I told him I was not taking sights on the fortification, but on the sun. But he was inexorable. The rule was that no sights of any sort could be taken without a permit. I soon learned from Mr. Sprague, the American consul, who the proper officer was to issue the permit, which I was assured would be granted without the slightest difficulty.

The consul presented me to the military governor of the place, General Sir Fenwick Williams of Kars. He was a man whom it was very interesting to meet. There was no need of troubling him with such a detail as that of a permit to take sights, but the consul ventured to relate my experience of the morning. He took the information in a way which showed that England in making him a general had lost a first class diplomatist. Instead of treating the matter seriously, he professed to be greatly amused and said it reminded him of the case of an old lady in Punch who had to pass a surveyor in the street behind a theodolite. "Please, sir, don't shoot till I get past," she begged.

Neander's "One Work."

Doctors, when they send away a busy man for several weeks of rest, do not consider that to one accustomed to work an enforced rest is both irritating and depressing.

Neander, the famous church historian, had promised his physician on being ordered to Carlsbad to drink its famous waters that he would take no books with him except one work, which the doctor with reluctance allowed. On the morning of the historian's departure the doctor, wishing to say goodby to his patient, called at his door and saw a cart laden with heavy folios.

"But, dear professor," said the physician, with the emphasis of displeasure, "you promised me to take no books with you."

"Yes, doctor," replied the childlike professor, "but you allowed me one work, so I thought I might take the fathers with me to Carlsbad."

The "one work" included three or four score volumes.—Youth's Companion.

Delirium Tremens.

The familiar symptoms of delirium tremens, known as "snakes," have been made the subject of study with some interesting results. It appears that what have been supposed to be hallucinations have a certain sort of evidence in fact. Certain blood vessels in the eyes become congested and assume a dark color. These, when they appear on the retina, which is ordinarily transparent, suggest to the nervous and overwrought patient the presence of some moving, living creature. Imagination of course increases the nervousness, and finally the mind becomes so disordered that the form of an offensive creature is suggested. As these fancies grow by what they feed on, it is easy to see how creeping and crawling things may fill the soul of the victim with the most horrible sensations. — New York Ledger.

What Becomes of Them?

The announcement that 2,000,000 glass eyes are manufactured every year in Germany alone has set the London Lancet and other authorities speculating on what becomes of them all. Is it possible that there are 2,000,000 one eyed men in the civilized world, with the other eye made in Germany? And does the other eye only last a year? It is only one eyed men, as The Lancet reminds us, who use glass eyes. Nobody ever heard of a man who was totally blind indulging in this forlorn vanity. On reflection, however, The Lancet comes to the conclusion that glass eyes probably include eyes for stuffed beasts, eyes for waxworks and eyes for dolls, and no doubt this is the explanation.

Only One of a Kind.

"Why do you think he is such a remarkable man?"

"He's the only one I ever knew who had nerve enough to make the responses in the marriage service loud enough so that any one could hear him."—Chicago Post.

TWO SHARK STORIES.

Horrible Encounters Under the Water With Man Eating Monsters.

"One of the most horrible predicaments a diver was ever placed in," said Mr. Sully, the famous Newport diver, "must have been that of one of whom I once heard who had to investigate a wreck that had carried to the bottom with her a number of cattle. When he blew off the hatches, the bodies floated up, and with a rush a school of hungry sharks attacked them. They were all around the diver, fighting and struggling, and he was in mortal terror lest his air pipe should be bitten in two in the midst of the fearful struggle that was going on. At length, unable to bear the suspense any longer, he signaled to be drawn up, notwithstanding that he would have to pass through the thick of the fierce monsters. In his passage to the surface he brushed close past the sharks, and one of them made a vicious grab at him. It missed his arm, but caught his fingers, and his hand was badly mangled. Perhaps, however, he was glad to get off as cheaply as he did.

"An American diver once told me a blood curdling story of a fight with a shark waged by a man named Hallett. The latter, it is said, was working in one of the old fashioned bells, and while he was being lowered one day he saw below him a black object. In a second or two he recognized that it was a shark, and, to his horror, the bell trapped the monster, so that man and shark were rubbing against each other in the closest possible proximity. The shark grew alarmed, and in swinging viciously around knocked Hallett from his seat. The diver had in his hand a small sharp saw, and, fearing that the shark would make short work of him, he seized one of its fins and plunged his saw deep into its body.

"Then a terrible struggle began. In the confined space the shark could not get at the diver without shaking off the hold that the latter had got, and the latter, seeing that his only hope was to retain his hold, clung on desperately, all the time driving his saw time after time into the body of the maddened sea tiger. Hallett had contrived to make a signal, and just as his senses were leaving him he felt himself rising. When the bell was dragged out of the water, man and shark rolled out in a blood stained heap, but the man had conquered. When he came to his senses, he found that a torn and wounded hand was all the injury he had received in the awful encounter, but the shark was dead." —Chums.

A Startling Signal.

When Bismarck was Prussian delegate to the federal diet at Frankfort, he took apartments in the house of a patrician who held the Prussians in great repugnance, and when Bismarck applied to him to have a bell fixed up in his servant's room, he answered that if Bismarck wanted a bell he must get it fixed himself. A few days later a loud report of firearms was heard to proceed from the delegate's room. The landlord rushed up to his lodger's apartments, and, bursting into Bismarck's study, found him seated at his desk before a great pile of documents calmly smoking his pipe. There was a pistol lying on the table, still smoking at the barrel.

"For the love of heaven, what has happened?" asked the frightened landlord.

"Nothing, nothing," answered Bismarck quietly. "Don't disturb yourself. I was only calling my servant. It is a very harmless signal, to which you will have to accustom yourself, for no doubt I shall want oftentimes to use it again."

The bell was fixed up next day.

HOW A SORE HEALS.

WHEN THE BLOOD IS PURE AND RICH IT WILL HEAL RAPIDLY.

This Fact Demonstrated in the Case of Chestor Gawley, Who Had Been Troubled With a Running Sore for More Than a Year.

From the Times, Owen Sound.

In the township of Sarawak, Grey county, there is probably no better known or respected farmer than Thos. Gawley, of East Linton P. O. Learning that his nephew, a young lad now about ten years of age, had been cured of a disease of his leg, which threatened not only the loss of the limb, but also of the life of the little fellow, a reporter of the Times made enquiry, and we are convinced that the wonder working powers of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People have not exhausted themselves. Meeting Mr. Gawley in one of the drug stores of the town, he was asked if the reported cure was a fact. His face lighted up with a smile as he said, "Indeed it is, sir. I was afraid we were going to lose the lad, but he is now as well as ever, hearty and strong." Asked for particulars, Mr. Gawley did the most natural thing in the world, referred the reporter to his wife, who in telling the case said:—"In the month of September, 1897, my nephew, Chester Gawley, who lives with us, became afflicted with a severe pain in his left leg. In a few days the limb became badly swollen and painful, and the family physician was called in. The case was a perplexing one, but it was decided after a few days to lance the leg. This was done, but the wound inflicted would not heal up, but became a running sore. The little fellow soon was reduced to almost a skeleton. This continued through the winter months, and we thought he would never get off his bed again. In April two of the best physicians of Owen Sound operated on the leg for disease of the bone, resorting to scraping the bone. In spite of this treatment the wound continued to run, and we were in despair. In August a friend residing in Manitou, Manitoba, advised us to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. We commenced to use them at once, and in a short time several pieces of the bone came out of the sore, and before the boy had taken four boxes the leg was completely cured. This was over a year ago, and Chester is now well and as strong in the left leg, which caused the trouble, as in the other. Of course I recommend highly the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Such is the story of the fourth cure which it has been our pleasure to report from Owen Sound. Chester Gawley is growing up into a strong healthy lad, and it is but adding another tribute to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to say that they were the instrument in his restoration to bodily vigor.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills create new blood, and in this way drive disease from the system. A fair trial will convince the most skeptical. Sold only in boxes the wrapper around which bears the full trade mark "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." If your dealer does not have them they will be sent post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

English Farmers Fifty Years Ago.

Gigs would be got ready soon after the early dinner, arrival being timed for 3 or 4 o'clock. The gentlemen would take a farming survey, the ladies chat over needlework, at 5 o'clock tea, if tea it could be called, awaiting hosts and guests. The first course of this elaborate regale consisted of home cured ham, that incomparable Suffolk ham pickled in spice, and harvest beer—harvest beer, itself clear as sherry and twice as strong—was drunk with this dish. Next came the strongest of tea and the richest of cream with rusks, also a Suffolk specialty, and cakes equally unrivaled. The tea things removed, hot water and spirit decanter would be brought out, pipes smoked, thereby apparently digestion being restored. Seldom did any one seem the worse for such prolonged eating and drinking.—"Reminiscences of Bentham Edwards."

HEART PAINS

The Heart and Nerves are Often Affected and Cause Prostration of the Entire System.

A Kingston Lady Testifies to Her Experience in the Use of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

People who suffer from any disease or disorder of the heart nervous system, such as Palpitation, Skip Beats, Smothering or Sinking Sensations, Sleeplessness, Weakness, Pain in the Head, etc., cannot afford to waste time trying various remedies, which have nothing more to back up their claims than the bold assertions of their proprietors.

These diseases are too serious to permit of your experimenting with untried remedies. When you buy Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, you know you have behind them the testimony of thousands of Canadians who have been cured by their use. One of these is Mrs. A. W. Irish, 92 Queen Street, Kingston, Ont., who writes as follows:

"I have suffered for some years with a smothering sensation caused by heart disease. The severity of the pains in my heart caused me much suffering. I was also very nervous, and my whole system was run down and debilitated.

"Hearing of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills being a specific for these troubles, I thought I would try them, and therefore got a box at McLeod's Drug Store.

"They afforded me great relief, having toned up my system and removed the distressing symptoms from which I suffered. I can heartily recommend these wonderful pills to all sufferers from heart trouble."

Laxa-Liver Pills cure Biliousness, Dyspepsia and Constipation. Every pill perfect.

Sores Healed.

Nothing like B.B.B. for healing sores and ulcers, no matter how large or how chronic they may be. B. B. B. applied externally and taken internally according to directions will soon effect a cure. It sends rich, pure blood to the part, so that healthy flesh soon takes the place of the decaying tissue.

"I had been troubled with sore fingers and sore toes around the nails. The salve I was using did not help me and I was getting worse. I was advised to try Burdock Blood Bitters, and after using nearly two bottles my sores were all healed up. I consider B.B.B. a wonderful blood purifier." ENOCH G. HORST, Bloomingdale, Ont.

Burdock Blood Bitters.

Many a man who has no artistic taste is able to paint the town.

Dear Sirs,—I was for seven years a sufferer from Bronchial trouble, and would be so hoarse at times that I could scarcely speak above a whisper. I got no relief from anything till I tried your MINARD'S HONEY BALSAM. Two bottles gave relief and six bottles made a complete cure. I would heartily recommend it to any one suffering from throat or lung trouble.

J. F. VANBUSKIRK.

Fredericton.

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Minard's Liniment the Lumberman's Friend.

It is some consolation to a man when a girl refuses him in a hesitating manner. It's the negative produced by the instantaneous process that hurts.

Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians.

The only kind of fruit Noah had in the ark was preserved pairs.

Ask for Minard's Liniment and take no other.

There is more profit in smoking herring than cigarettes.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.

FISHING DON'TS.

Don't forget the bait.

Don't carry hooks in your trousers pocket.

Don't yell "I've got one" until you've landed him.

Don't despise a faint nibble. It may be the biggest fish.

Don't try to slip the landing net over a fish tail foremost.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

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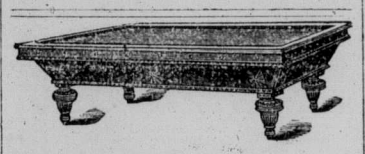

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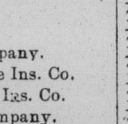

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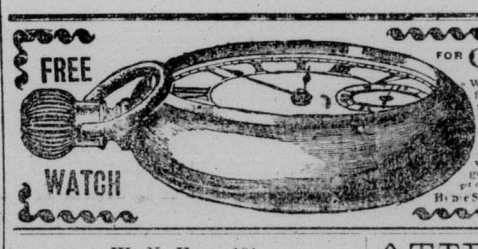

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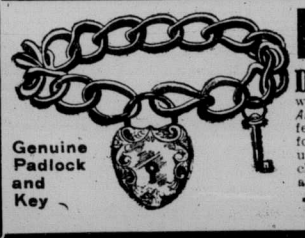

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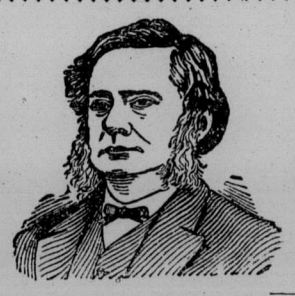

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CARDSTON RECORD.

:o:

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Wednesday at Cardston.

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Editor and Proprietor.
Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

THE EDITOR does not assume responsibility for the views or statements expressed by any of THE RECORD'S contributors.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance.
Advertising Rates on application.
In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisments they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisments will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

In case a subscriber does not receive THE RECORD weekly, notice should be sent to the publication office, Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta, when the complaint will be thoroughly investigated.

Copy for change of advertisments MUST not be in later than Saturday noon.

Cardston, November 9, 1898.

The RECORD & Montreal Family Herald & Weekly Star, one year for $2.75.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Nice weather to-day.

A book of notes only 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

J. A. Layton is bulding a dwelling just south of Lee's Creek.

Bishop R. Pilling, of Ætna, was in town on business one day this week.

T. Kenney was in town the other day from the Spring Coulee country.

Samuel Cox, contractor and painter, is busy painting J. P. Low's house.

The Weekly Globe, Toronto, $1.00 a year. THE RECORD has agency.

Mr. and Mrs. L. F. Bonnell's little girl has an attack of scarlet fever.

The Primary Assn. had a dance in Kearl's hall on Saturday afternoon.

It looks very much as though war cannot be averted between England and France.

Mr. Wright, of Manitoba, the new school teacher, arrived in Cardston on Wednesday's stage.

Victor Gay, the lad so seriously injured by a threshing machine, is, says Dr. Brant, progressing splendidly.

Fifteen cents pays for the Toronto Weekly Globe to the end of the year. Bring your 15 cts to THE RECORD Office.

Saturday morning Mr. and Mrs. James D. Pitcher left here for Utah, the illness of Mrs. Pitcher's mother is the cause of their sudden departure.

H. W. Savory, of Boundry Creek, was in town on business the other day. His ad in today's Record, informs our readers that he has saddle and harness horses for sale.

You can have THE CARDSTON RECORD FREE for the balance of 1898 by paying $2.00 in advance for subscription to the end of 1899. One year and two months for only $2.00. Now is the time to subscribe.

A preacher recently advertised that he would discuss a family scandal from his pulpit, and as a result the church was crowded long before time for the services. The preacher then proceeded to discourse on Adam and Eve and the serpent. But the full house must have convinced him of the value of advertising.

Some people do not seem to have a very clear understanding regarding Canadian quarantine law, and, therefore, it may not be unopportune to inform our readers that when a place is quarantined, no person can enter the house or leave it without the consent of those in authority, and by violating the law one is liable to a fine of $100.00.

A pile-up occurred on Main street Saturday morning. A wagon loaded with grain and pulled by two lively horses found a resting place in the ditch being dug for drainage purposes by the Cardston Co., Ltd. The team started on a run from Gay & Wight's blacksmith shop, or somewhere thereabouts, and tore down the street until they suddenly came to the before mentioned ditch, into which they plunged; the wagon upon the horses. As the trench is six or eight feet deep, it is a wonder the horses were not killed outright. However, the damage was slight.

Are you reading "Parted at the Altar?" It is a good story.

Thomas Duce will move into his new dewelling house in a few days.

Two counties in Ontario produced about seven million pounds of tobacco this season.

The Hotel de Woolf, Cardston, has an advertisment in today's RECORD.

Cardston is in need of a good drug story. Who will give it to us?

$2.00 will pay for THE RECORD to the end of the century January 1st, 1900.

In China the publication of newspapers has been prohibited.

To all new subscribers for 1899 we will send THE RECORD free for the balance of 1898.

United States peace commissioners have demanded the absolute surrender of the Philippines.

Gustave Peterson, having finished his carpenter work on A. J. Gay's house, has gone to Leavitt to build a dewelling for Mr. Glen.

When you want receipt or note Books call at THE RECORD Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts. You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

For one dollar per annum you can have your house insured against loss by fire to the amount of $100. C. E. Snow is Agent for the Western Fire Assurance, the Queens and the British American Assurance Companys whose aggregate assets is $5,000,000.

Last week a party was up before G. P. Ashe, Esq., J. P., for breaking the Sabbath. The defendant thought, in view of the small fines lately inflicted in like cases that the affair was a huge joke. The court decided otherwise, fined the defendant $10. costs and remarked that it might have been $100.00.

There was an enjoyable party given in honor of S. H. Thomas, who will soon depart on a mission to Manitoba, at the Assembly Rooms on Friday evening. A programme of songs, recitations etc., was followed by a nice lunch served by the Y. L. M. I. A. after which merry ones participated in the dance.

At the Hotel de Woolf: Owen King, O. S. Main, H. McGivern, Pearl Stock, Scott Scott, all of St. Mary's Lake; A. Cardwell, Mr. Wellman and wife, Joseph and Parley Allen, all of Mt. View; C. Furman, Josephburg; Mrs. H. Cook and Mrs. J. MacArthor, Boundary Creek; Mr. Millet, and Mr. Dickson, Macleod; Mr. Kirkpatrick and George Stockand, Montreal; Geo. Houck, Lethbridge.

The Cardston RECORD and the Toronto Daily Globe $3.00 a year. The Globe is Canada's greatest newspaper, containing all the news of the world and is issued every 24 hours, 365 times a year. Free sample copies can be had for the asking at the RECORD office. If you see it we know you will subscribe for it.

When tenders are wanted for any public work, whether school or other department, it is the proper and only usual way for the trustee to advertise their wants in the local newspaper and not post chirographical intricacies in the past office and other public places. It will be our painful duty, gentlemen, to put our editoral foot down upon you in case you persist in ignoring the local newspaper. We sincerely trust that "a hint to the wise" will be sufficient in this matter.

Wheat is steadily advancing.

13,884 is the majority for prohibition.

A. J. Gay's house is about ready for occupancy.

Levi Harker is in from his sheep ranch.

Lord and Lady Minto have arrived in Canada.

The addition to the meeting house is completed.

Ring Cardston in under "The Village Ordinance."

That was quite a big prairie fire north of town one day last week.

Mr. Thos. Duce can probably tell you something about the temperature of the water in Lee's Creek.

Three of G. F. Lamb's children are ill with what is feared to be scarlet fever or diphtheria.

Mr. Houck was in Cardston on Monday. He came to secure teams for the hauling of coal from his mine to certain customers.

We are glad to see that Mr. Eph. Harker is so far recovered from the injury received by a horse having kicked him on the leg one day last week, as to be out again.

THE CARDSTON RECORD FREE for two months. You pay for subscription now and we will send you this paper absolutely free for two months. Subscribe now.

Hansen & Taylor, general merchents, have an announcement in this issue. Their store at Ætna is now completed, and they commence business today. Success to you, gentlemen.

On Saturday last a young man named Pixton was summoned for leaving a camp fire lit which created a lively prairie fire just west of town on Friday. Pixton fined $2.50 and costs, this being first offence.

The funeral services of Mrs. King, of Leavitt, who died Friday, were held on Monday morning. Mrs King, was W. G. Reed's mother-in-law. Mr. and Mrs. Reed has the sympathy of numerous friends.

Quite a number of Cardston teams are coming into town daily now bringing in produce. From all accounts good crops of grain and roots have prevailed in that district, and the farmers are prosperous and contented.—Lethbridge News.

The nomination took place on Friday last, when Dr. L. Geo. DeVeber was the only candidate nominated, and he was therefore declared elected by acclamation by the returning officer, C. B. Bowman.—Lethbridge News.

The winds which usually prevail at this season of the year are again dispensing gratuitously those invigorating Pacific breezes that play with our hats and skirts in a most provokingly sportive manner. Providence is wise in its arrangement of all things, especially so in the case of these nice breezes, as they come with the fall and take away out no-more-needed-straw-headgear: rolling and tossing the feathery "straw pile" and conveying it eastward at a rate of speed that would cause the professional bicycle "scorcher" to turn green with envy.

Cards.

Blanks.

Tickets.

Posters.

Receipts.

Programs.

Statements.

Bill Heads.

Letter Heads.

Wedding Invitations.

At the Lowest Prices.

Call and see us.

THE RECORD.

Deseret News and The Record one year for $3.50

CARDSTON HAS A

Shoe shop.
Restaurant.
Barber shop.
Meat market.
Good schools.
Livery stables.
Skillful physician.
Blacksmith shops.
A flourishing bank.
The best cereal-raising soil in the world.
Many tributary settlements, which act as feeders.
Clear, pure and palatable drinking water fresh from the mountain brooks.
Numerous comfortable residences, commodious dancing hall and private business houses.
Numerous flourishing business houses such as banking and general merchandise and stationery stores.
Lee's creek, affording excellent and almost unlimited water power for all kinds of manufacturing establishments.
THE RECORD, a local newspaper which will always be found right, progressive, and a friend to Southern Alberta in particular and Western Canada in general.

NEW Pieces for the Graphophone RECEIVED

THIS = Week COME and Hear = THEM at Snow's Store.

LETHBRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.

Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7:30 o'clock, a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $3.00; Round Trip, $5.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.
MERCER & McCARTY PROPS.

HOTEL DE WOOLF
RATES, $1.50 PER DAY.
Livery & Feed Stable.
Cardston, - Alberta.

H. W. SAVORY,
Boundary Creek (Cardston P. O.) Alta.
Saddle & Work Horses For Sale.

Fire and Life Insurance.
Equitable Life. (Assets $200,000,000.)
British America Fire Assurance Co.
Western Fire Assurance Co.
Agency, RECORD Office.

Singer Sewing Machine and Extras.
Best in the world.
Robert Ibey, Agent.

Get your HAIR cut AT
Campbell's
= Tonsorial Parlors. =

BERT TALBOT.
Lumber, Shingle and Planing Mills.
Mill on Belly River.
Cardston, - - - Alberta.

R. C. BECK.
Contractor & Builder.
All work neatly executed, and Satisfaction Guaranteed.
CABINET WORK A SPECIALTY.

Livery, Feed & Sale Stables
Kearl & Sharp, Props.
Good outfits furnished at all hours.
Rates Reasonable.

Restaurant
North of Stable.
MEALS ON SHORT ORDERS.
Kearl & Sharp.

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.
All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.
Cardston, - - - - - Alberta.

NOTICE.

The undersigned gives notice to all whose accounts have not been settled for about a year passed, that all such accounts must be settled within 30 days or they will be placed in the hand of a collector.
Oct. 5, 1898. WM. WOOD.

NOTICE—Parties owing THE RECORD for advertisments and subscriptions will confer a favor by settling their accounts this month as we have bills of our own which must be paid at once.

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends, 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

FOR SALE: Four room house Good well water. Nice location. Enquire at RECORD office, next to Bank.*

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

FOR SALE—Model 1 Improved Hand Printing Press. Chase 5x8. At RECORD Office.*

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, both one year for $2.50.

NOTICE.—Parties owing Lundberg & Neilson are hereby notified to call at THE RECORD office and settle their accounts.

Subscribe for THE RECORD.

Getting into Harness!
on or about
Dec. 1st

I propose to open up a shop in Cardston, for the purpose of carrying on a general **Harness & Saddlery** business, a full & complete stock will be carried, and repairing of all kinds promptly and efficiently done.
Quality first & Prices right.
S. H. HORNER

C. O. CARD,
SUB AGENT
FOR
DOMINION LANDS.
ALSO AGENT FOR
RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY
. . . AND . . .
PRIVATE LANDS.
Office Hours: 9 to 4.

J. G. GOLD
Mountain View, - - - - - - Alta.
Has **LIME** for Sale.

Gay & Wight,
Contractors & Builders.
Estimates given on all kinds of work free. We have expert workmen that we send out in the country to do work at short notice.
Don't forget our Black Smith and wagon shop. We have the best material money can buy, and we guarantee our workmanship. Only shop in town where you can get An I Steel Buggie tires.
Machinery Repaired and Refitted.
Thanking the public for their past patronage and asking the continuation of the same.
Yours respectfully,
Gay & Wight.

Samuel Cox,
Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting, & Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
CARDSTON, - - - ALBERTA.

BLACKSMITH SHOP.
The undersigned wishes to inform the public that he is opening a shoeing shop in his old stand.
HORSESHOEING A SPECIALTY.
L. F. Bonnell.

Read THE RECORD
THE
CARDSTON RECORD
$2.00 per year

The Record one year $2.00

ADVERTISE. HERE.

For 15 cts. you can get the Weekly Globe of Toronto for the balance of this year. It is a 16 page paper containing 112 columns of interesting news. Bring your 15 cts. to the RECORD office at once.

The weekly Globe, Toronto, only $1.00 per annum. THE RECORD has the exclusive agency for THE GLOBE, which is Canada's leading newspaper.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1898. NO. 16

NOTICE.

The RECORD has received a supply of Stationery fresh from Winnipeg.

Our prices speak for themselves.

Good White Envelopes (25 in bunch) per bunch—5c.

Note Tablet, Nice White Paper, per Tablet—5c.

Drawing Slates—10c.

Indelible Pencils—10c.

Large Exercise Books—5c.

We have all kinds of printing Stationery, such as:

Wedding Cards, Ball Programs, Note Heads, Cards, Memos., Letter Heads, Statements, Bill Heads, etc., etc.

If you want good goods at low prices you will buy your Stationery at THE Record Office.

Following is a list of the publications for sale at RECORD OFFICE:

Puck
Judge
Strand
Argosy
Quaker
Nickell
Tit Bits
Success
Puritan
Squibbs
Vanity Fair
N. Y. World
Wide World
Metropolitan
Cosmopolitan
Munsey Maga.
New Illustrated
McClures Maga.
Canadian Maga.
Broadway Maga.
Review of Reviews (Eng)
Review of Reviews (Am.)
Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly.

AN ORDINANCE FOR THE PREVENTION OF PRAIRIE AND FOREST FIRES.

The Lieutenant Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly of the Territories, enacts as follows:

1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Prairie Fire Ordinance."

2. Any person who shall, either directly or indirectly, personally or through any servant, employee or agent.

(a) Kindle a fire and let it run at large on any land not his own property:

(b) Permit any fire to pass from his own land, or

(c) Allow any fire under his charge, custody or control or under the charge, custody or control of any servant, employee or agent to run at large, shall be guilty of an offence and shall on summary conviction thereof be liable to a penalty of not less than $25 and not more than $200 and in addition to such penalty shall be liable to civil action for damages at the suit of any person whose property has been injured or destroyed by any such fire.

3. Any person who kindles or is a party to kindling a fire in the open air for camping or branding purposes and who leaves the same without having extinguished it, shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction thereof to a penalty not exceeding $100.

4. No person shall directly or indirectly, personally or by any servant, agent or employee, kindle on any land a fire for the purpose of guarding property, burning stubble or bursh or clearing land unless the land on which the fire was started was at the time it was started completely surrounded by a fire guard not less than twenty feet in width consisting of land covered with snow or water or so worn, graded, ploughed, burned over or covered with water as to be free of inflammable matter, and any person kindling a fire for such purpose shall during the whole period of its continuance cause it to be guarded by three adult persons provided with proper appliances for extinguishing prairie fire.

(2) Any person contravening this section shall be guilty of an offence and be liable on summary conviction therefor to a penalty not exceeding $100.

5. Nothing in this Ordinance shall prevent any railway company or its employees from buring over the land held by it under its right of way and the land adjoining the same to an extent not exceeding three hundred feet in width on each side of the centre line of the railway.

(2) Every person causing, commencing or in charge of such burning shall cause the same during the whole period of its continuance to be watched and guarded by at least four men provided with suitable appliances for extinguishing prairia fire and in default thereof shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction thereof to a penalty not exceeding $100.

(3) This section shall not relieve any person from liability under this Ordinance if any fire so started shall escape or run at large.

6. Nothing herein contained shall prevent any person from kindling fire before the seventh day of May in any year for the purpose of clearing any area of land not exceeding three hundred and twenty acres if such land is completely surrounded by a fire guard not less than ten feet in width consisting of land covered with snow or water or being so worn, graded, ploughed, burned over or covered with water as to be free of inflammable matter.

(2) Any person so kindling a fire shall cause it to be guarded during the whole period of its continuance by three adult persons provided with proper appliances for extinguishing prairie fire and should such fire be left without being so guarded or be allowed to escape such person shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction there of to a penalty not exceeding $100.

7. Nothing in this Ordinance contained shall prevent the overseer of any statute labour district from kindling a fire in his district for the purpose of making a fire guard therein but the area which it is proposed to burn must be completely enclosed by fireguard at least fifteen feet in width such as is described in section 6 hereof and such fire so kindled must during the whole period of its burning be guarded by number of men provided with proper appliances for extinguishing prairie fire, not being less than four men, as will be reasonably sufficient to control such fire and if the precautions hereby required are not taken or if such fire should escape and run at large such overseer shall be deemed guilty of an offence and be liable on summary conviction thereof to a penalty not exceeding $100.

8. On the trial or hearing of informations or complaints for offences against this Ordinance the burden of proving that any property upon which a fire has taken place belonged at the time of the alleged offence to the person accused or that any land upon which a fire was kindled or permitted to burn was within an area upon which it was lawful for such fire to be kindled or permitted to burn, shall be upon the person accused.

9. Nothing in this Ordinance shall bar or prevent any person from bringing any action against any person to which he may be otherwise entitled.

10. The Commissioner of Agriculture may appoint fire guardians having the powers of constables to enforce the provisions of this Ordinance, and all justices of the peace, all members of the North West Mounted Police force and all overseers of statute labor districts shall be ex efficio fire guardians.

11. Any fire guardian may order any grown-up male person under sixty years of age (other than postmasters, railway station agents, members of the medical profession, telegraph operators, conductors, engineers, brakesmen, firemen or trainmen) residing or then being within ten miles of a prairie fire or within fifteen miles of a bush fire to proceed at once to the locality of such fire and assist in extinguishing it; and any person neglecting or refusing without lawful excuse to obey any such order shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction therefor to a penalty not exceeding $5.

12. A large metal pan shall be placed under every engine used for threshing as a receptacle for cinders and ashes and the contents of the same shall be thoroughly extinguished before they are emptied or the engine is removed from one station to another.

(2) A barrel of water and two buckets shall be provided and placed conveniently to the stacks while being threshed.

(3) A spark arrester in good repair shall be attached to every threshing engine and shall not be opened to give draught while in operation.

(4) Any person failing to comply with any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction therefor to a penalty not exceeding $5.

13. Ordinance No. 24 of 1897 is hereby repealed.

RECOGNITION.

Our eastern friends, the press, makers of maps, etc., are extremely slow in recognising Cardston, Whether it is on account of ignorance or negligence we are not prepared to say; but that such a lack of recognition is about universal no one will deny.

Cardston has had a bank for some considerable time; but until the present month of November we have failed to see that institution mentioned in any list of banks.

However, the error is at last rectified, as in Stovel's Pocket Directory (Winnipeg) under the heading "Banks" is published, "Cardston—C. E. Snow."

The Record one year $2.00

BRIEF RESUME of CANADIAN HISTORY From 1497 to 1898.

Very Short and to the Point.

FAMILIARIZE YOURSELF WITH ALL THAT APPEARS IN THIS COLUMN EACH WEEK.

Having lived in this district more than three years, we are acquainted with the majority of inhabitants, and to a greater or less degree, have a knowledge respecting their uninformed condition as to the laws and history of Canada. We, therefore, purpose publishing, serially, in a portion of this column, each week, a Short History of Canada from 1497 to 1898, together with Statistical Items of general interest.

April 2. Massacre at Frog Lake
April 14. Fort Pitt abandoned.
April 24. Engagement at Fish Creek.
May 12. Battle of Batoche, and defeat of the rebels.
May 26. Surrender of Poundmaker.
Julg 1. Termination of the fishery clauses of the Washington Treaty by the United States.
July 2. Capture of Big Bear, and final suppression of the rebellion. Total loss of militia and volunteers under fire: killed, 38; wounded, 115. The rebel loss could not be ascertained.
November 7. Driving of the last spike of the Canadian Pacific Railway.
November 16. Hanging of Riel.

1886. May 4. Opening of the Indian and Colonial Exhibition in London.
June. 13. Town of Vancouver totally destroyed by fire; 4 houses left standing; 50 lives lost. First through train, Canadian Pacific Railway, left Montreal for Vancouver. First Canadian Cardinal, Archbishop Taschereau.

1887. Interprovincial Conference held at Quebec. At this conference Sir Oliver Mowat was President. Twenty-one fundamental resolutions were passed.
April 4. Important conference in London between representatives of the principal colonies and the Imperial Government. Canada was represented by Sir Alexander Campbell and Mr. Sandford Fleming.
June 14. First C. P. R. steamship arrived at Vancouver from Yokohama.
November 15. Meeting of the Fisheries Commission at Washington.

1888. February 15. Signing of the Fishery Treaty at Washington.
August. Rejection of the Fishery Treaty by the United States Senate.

1889. September 19. Landslide (second) from Citadel Rock, Quebec; 45 persons killed. Boundaries of Ontario confirmed by Imperial statute.

1890. May 6. Longue Pointe Lunatic Asylum, near Montreal, destroyed by fire; over 70 lives lost. The buildings had been erected at a cost of $1,123,232. Sub-marine cable communication completed between Halifax and Bermuda. Manitoba School Act passed. Federal Parliament grant Responsible Government to Northwest Territories.
October 6. McKinley Tariff Bill came into operation in the United States.

1891. Spring Hill mining explosion.
April 6. Population of the Dominion, 4,833,239.
Power given by Parliament to the Government to refer to the Supreme Court of Canada for its opinion on important questions of law or fact touching provincial legislation or the appellate jurisdiction as to education and any other matters.
April 29. The first of the new C. P. R. steamers arrived at Vancouver from Yokohama, beating the record by over two days. The mails were landed in Montreal in three days and 17 hours from Vancouver.
June 6. The Right Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald, G. C. B., Premier of the Dominion, died.

(CONTINUED NEXT WEEK.)

Ladies

Go to **H. S. Allen & Co.**

For Capes & Jackets; Children's & Misses Wraps; Dress Goods; (A fine line.) General Dry Goods. Largest and Best assorted stock ever shown in Cardston.

Gentlemen

Go to **H. S. Allen & Co.**

For Dress Suits; Working Suits; Waterproof overcoats; Pea Jackets; Gent's Furnishings & Fall & Winter goods. Double the quantity ever shown before. Our values are up, our prices down.

C. Edgar Snow, Banker,

Cardston, - - - Alberta.

1895 1898

A general banking business transacted.

LETHBRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.

Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7:30 o'clock, a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
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MERCER & McCARTY PROPS.

Getting into Harness!

on or about

Dec. 1st

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S. H. HORNER

HOTEL DE WOOLF

RATES, $1.50 PER DAY.

Livery & Feed Stable.

Cardston, - Alberta.

H. W. SAVORY,

Boundary Creek (Cardston P. O.) Alta.

Saddle & Work Horses For Sale.

Fire and Life Insurance.

Equitable Life. (Assets $200,000,000.)
British America Fire Assurance Co.
Western Fire Assurance Co.

Agency, RECORD Office.

C. O. CARD,

SUB AGENT FOR DOMINION LANDS.

ALSO AGENT FOR RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY ... AND ... PRIVATE LANDS.

Singer Sewing Machine and Extras.

PIANOS & ORGANS.

Robert Ibey, Agent.

Get your HAIR cut AT

Campbell's

- Tonsorial Parlors. -

BERT TALBOT.

Lumber, Shingle and Planing Mills.

Mill on Belly River.

Cardston, - - - Alberta.

Hansen & Taylor

wish to inform the people of Ætna and surrounding district that they will begin business in Ætna on

Wednesday, Nov. 9th.

We will carry a full stock of GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Our prices will be as low as can be bought for anywhere.

Produce taken in exchange.

Hansen & Taylor.

J. G. GOLD

Mountain View, - - - Alta.

Has **LIME** for Sale.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 2.

Lord Minto is created a K. C. M. G.

Small-pox is prevalent in western New York.

The Dupuy cabinet has formulated a policy.

The London street car strike is still unsettled.

A rebellion has broken out in the Viscayas Islands.

Lord Aberdeen was banqueted by Ottawa citizens.

The Gloucester fishing season has proved disastrous.

Deliveries of wheat are increasing in Southern Manitoba.

Work is being pushed on the new Isbister school house.

It is reported that the Sultana mine is sold for $1,250,000.

London newspapers endorse the United States Philippine policy.

An unknown tramp was killed on the C. P. R., near Qu'Appelle.

Hon. John Dryden was elected in South Ontario by 124 majority.

The publication of newspapers has been prohibited in China.

The bye-election in Lennox will take place on November 18th.

Vancouver Scotchmen offer to raise a regiment for imperial defence.

Rich placers have been discovered between Dease and Atlin Lakes.

France will abandon all pretensions in the Nile valley and evacuate Fashoda.

Emperor William presented the home of the Virgin Mary to German Catholics.

The majority for prohibition, according to complete official returns, is 13,884.

Twenty-six election trials have been fixed for November 16th, at Victoria, B. C.

The Ontario W. C. T. U. are opposed to the proposed Montgomery statue at Quebec.

The funeral of the marine apprentices, killed near Margach, has been fixed for to-day.

Preparations for war are being actively made in Great Britain and France.

The international commissioners met at Washington and adjourned till November 10th.

The Toronto Globe's London correspondent urges Winnipeg to purchase the waterworks.

Steerage passengers from Austria, bound for New York, have been stopped at Hamburg.

Nicaragua, Salvador and Honduras have federated as the United States of Central America.

Mr. Sifton's speech before the Bankers' association is published in this morning's Free Press.

Essex and Kent counties, Ont., produced between five and seven million pounds of tobacco this season.

The flagship of the British Pacific squadron has sailed from Victoria, B. C., under sealed orders; other ships of the fleet are to follow.

TUESDAY, NOV. 1.

Polouski, Russian poet, is dead.

The Japanese cabinet have resigned.

Woolwich arsenal is working overtime.

The channel squadron is anchored off Gibraltar.

A Russian spy was arrested at Harwich, Eng.

Wheat advanced two cents a bushel on Monday.

General Lugard, an old British general, is dead.

The defences of Dover were manned experimentally.

During October 914 immigrants arrived in Winnipeg.

An Egyptian battalion has been ordered to Fashoda.

Mason's general store at Sintaiuta was burned; loss $6,000.

A general renewal of business is reported at Brandon.

Rich silver deposits were discovered on Umuk River, B. C.

Queen Victoria has taken a decided stand against divorce.

The Winnipeg Coffee House was opened on Monday evening.

Several steamers are reported wrecked on the Yukon river.

Dr. Brett and A. L. Sifton were nominated for Banff, Alberta.

Several "saw-offs" have been arranged in Ontario election cases.

M. Dupuy has completed the formation of the French cabinet.

Premier Haultain announced the government's policy at Saltcoats.

A conference has been arranged in the London street car strike.

The Winnipeg Street Railway company offer to light the streets.

The extension of the Stonewall branch is nearly completed to Balmoral.

Albin Pecha, a young hospital nurse, died of bubonic plague at Vienna.

The annual meeting of the Children's Aid Society was held on Monday.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier pays a high tribute to Mr. Sifton's executive ability.

The Maria Teresa, one of Cervera's ships, is en route to Hampton Roads.

Lord and Lady Minto are making their farewell visits before sailing for Canada.

Germany proposes that the Powers shall occupy the Pekin-Shanghai railway.

British volunteers, militia and reserves are to be called out and mobilized.

The Emperor and Empress of Germany will curtail their visit in the Holy Land.

Mr. Cox has retired in Macleod, securing Premier Haultain's return unopposed.

It is reported that London and Paris may embarrass Germany by calling in their loans.

U. S. peace commissioners have demanded the complete surrender of the Philippines.

The application of the Manitoba A. O. U. W. to do business in Ontario has been refused.

It is reported that the C. P. R. Pacific liners will be commissioned as auxiliary cruisers.

The international high joint commissions will resume sessions in Washington on Nov. 10th.

The Cuban assembly is said to favor unconditional acquiescence in U. S. plans of government.

The British war office asks the press to publish nothing that might prove useful to a possible enemy.

The first passenger train on the Southeastern railway will run from St. Boniface to St. Anne to-day.

The Nicaraguan congress approved an agreement for the Nicaraguan Canal with Messrs. Cragin and Eyre.

The C. P. R. military special ran off the track near Margach, killing two boys and injuring three men.

Mr. Smart, deputy minister of the interior, reviews the year's immigration work in a Free Press interview.

The bye-election in South Ontario takes place to-day. The candidates are Hon. John Dryden and Charles Calder.

The apprentices killed in the C. P. R. railway accident will be buried at Brookside to-day with military honors.

PARTED. AT THE ALTAR.

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY.

Was some one calling her name, or was it only the wind sighing among the branches of the trees overhead, or perhaps some night bird's cry?

She sprang to her feet, listening intently. It was no delusion; footsteps were hurriedly approaching, and she heard John Delmar's voice calling:—

"Doris—little Doris—are you here?"

"I am here," she answered; and a moment more he was standing beside her.

It had been all so sudden, so unexpected, the whole affair was over, and Doris was gone, before John Delmar fairly realized what had occurred.

"Come back, little Doris," he cried, in a voice husky with emotion. "I will be responsible to Cynthy. Thank God you are here, when it comes to that I have as much right on these premises as she has. She shall not turn you away."

Doris shrank back from his outstretched hand.

"I shall never enter your door, Mr. Delmar," she sobbed, piteously—"no, never again."

All his entreaties proved unavailing; no inducement would prevail upon Doris to enter the house from whence she had been so rudely and cruelly repulsed.

"But what will you do, child? Where will you go?" asked John Delmar, in the greatest perplexity.

"I don't know," sobbed Doris—"unless you shall tell me some place."

"What had come over pretty, defiant, willful little Doris?" thought John, in sheer astonishment. "Was this crouching, timid little creature the romping, mischevious, dimpled face of pretty Doris, who had but one short week ago been the very sunshine of the old seminary, despite madame's crossness?"

"Tell me where I can go, Mr. Delmar," she pleaded. "I cannot—oh! I cannot remain here! You have always been kind to me; be kind to me now, and tell me where I can go."

"Do you really mean it, child?" he asked, slowly.

"Yes," she sobbed. "I want to go where no one who has ever known me can look upon my face."

A sudden thought flitted through John Delmar's brain.

"Perhaps, after all, it would be best for little Doris to go away somewhere until Cynthy's wrath had time to cool," he thought.

"If you are in earnest, and wish to go away for a spell, I think I can manage it," he said, slowly.

Doris seized his hand, covering it with passionate, grateful kisses

"There is a family in New York—the Granvilles—who would receive you into their household for a month or so, if I were to request it. Do you think you would like that? You are not used to the ways of city life, child. Mrs. Granville would be kind to you."

"It does not matter much where I go; one place is the same as another to me," answered Doris, drearily.

How little John Delmar thought, as he went back to the house and penned that fatal letter, that that one incident was the turning point of poor, hapless Doris's eventful young life. He wrote it with a smile on his lips, little dreaming of the terrible consequences that would accrue from it.

He took her down to the depot, and purchased her ticket. The train was just starting, and with a hasty "Good-by," little Doris drifted out of his life forever, and on to her fate.

"Have I done right in sending the child to New York?" he pondered, as he stood on the platform of the little station in the down-pouring rain and watched the train out of sight, as the bright light disappeared in the impenetrable darkness. "New York is a great, cruel, wicked city. I almost wish I had sent Doris to some quiet little village hereabouts. Somehow I have a vague, troubled sensation about it. I should have taken time to consider the matter well. I do not know that I have ever done anything like this on the impulse of the moment before. I hope Doris will write as soon as she reaches there."

Carefully placing John Delmar's letter of introduction in her pocket, Doris leaned back in her seat, giving herself up to her own thoughts. Wedded and cruelly deserted in the space of one short week, was ever a young girl's fate more pitiful? And yet, for all this, Doris could not quite hate the handsome young husband she had met and married so romantically.

The sun was high in the heavens when the train steamed into the Grand Central depot. The confusion, the stir, the rush of the great throngs of people confused Doris wonderfully.

"It is worse than Baltimore," she thought, in alarm.

"Cab! carriage! hack!" cried a dozen voices, as many cabmen closed in around the timid, shrinking little figure, and Doris was almost thrust into the nearest vehicle.

A short ride brought her to her destination, No. — West 32nd street. Timidly ascending, the brown stone steps, Doris rang the bell, and a servant soon appeared in answer to the summons.

"If you please, I should like to see Mrs. Granville. I bring a letter from Mr. John Delmar, of Beech Grove. Tell her—"

"Mrs. Granville!" repeated the man. "Why, that's the name of the family that used to live here. They moved away—left the city over a year ago."

"Gone!" echoed Doris, turning deadly pale. "Gone! did you say?"

"Yes," replied the man, impatiently, "that's what I said, Miss."

A deadly faintness seized Doris; she stood in the marble vestibule dazed, bewildered by this terrible stroke of fate. Where was she to go? What was she to do? She turned and walked down the steps clutching her little hands tightly over her heart.

Alone, friendless, and with less than a dollar in her purse, in the streets of New York! Ah, what should she do? That was the piteous prayer that fell from her white lips, as she moved down the street.

"New York!" she murmured, with a sudden start. "It is here his parents live. How strange it is that I could have forgotten that, even for one moment." Should she go to his mother—the cold, proud, haughty lady he had described, and tell her all? Oh, no, no—a thousand times No! She would rejoice that her son had left her; she would find no mercy there.

She had scarcely proceeded a dozen rods ere she saw a phaeton, drawn by two mettlesome ponies, rapidly approaching her. One fleeting glance at the young girl reclining among the cushions, and she recognized her at once. It was Vivian Courtney, dashing, piquant, dazzling Vivian, in pink mull—her dark beauty enhanced by the crimson, lace-edged umbrella she carried, and the coquettish pink plumes which waved from her dainty straw hat that rested on her dark curls.

Little Doris's glance lingered but a moment on Vivian's proud face, then turned to the gentleman handling the reins. Every drop of blood seemed suddenly to leave her heart. The very air seemed to stifle her, and the light of the sun to grow dark around her; the gentleman was Frederick Thornton—her husband!

His dark, handsome face was bent eagerly toward his companion, with a rapt look of love and admiration in his passionate, eloquent eyes that made poor little Doris almost faint to witness it lavished upon another.

CHAPTER IX.—A FINE LOOKING COUPE.

Doris, almost fainting from excitement, stood fairly rooted to the pavement while the phaeton whirled past.

A lady and gentleman, walking directly in front of her turned and looked admiringly after the natty equipage and its handsome occupants.

"A remarkably fine-looking couple," she heard the gentleman remark. And in answer to the lady's question if he knew them he replied: "There are very few New Yorkers who do not. She is the daughter of a wealthy gentleman who lives somewhere in the suburbs. She's only a school-girl as yet. Home just now on a vacation from boarding-school, I understand. Her companion is Banker Thornton's son. I had it from his own lips yesterday that the rumor floating about is perfectly true. He is soon to marry Miss Courtney."

Without pausing to hear another word, Doris turned like one who had been dealt a sudden death-blow, and fled precipitately down the street. There was a small park at the end of it, which she entered, and flinging herself down on one of the benches, sobbed as though her heart would break. Then she dashed the pearly tear-drops from her blue eyes, and laughed aloud, and the sound of that wild laughter startled her.

"He is soon to marry Miss Courtney! That is what the gentleman said!" she cried, putting the shining hair back from her flushed, tear-stained face. "For one little minute I almost believed it. It is utterly impossible, absurd! Why, he could not marry her, for he is married to me. No one else could claim him. No one else has a right by his side."

She wondered if she should have called out to him. All her pride rose up and answered, "No!"

"What do other wives do when their husbands forsake them?" she muttered, below her breath. "I have heard of such things, but I never quite believed a husband who took the trouble to marry a young girl would heartlessly, deliberately desert her. I never dreamed that would be my fate. I never thought what those wives did. Oh! if I had a mother to go to—a sister to sympathize with me. It is more bitter than death to be all alone in the cold, cruel world."

Sitting there, listening to the falling, splashing water of the fountain, the thought occurred to her again as to what she should do—where she should go. She could not sit in the park much longer—already the policeman patroling the grounds was commencing to eye her sharply. She might walk through the crowded streets until night set in—but where could she go after that? She was quite too dazed to think. Slowly she arose and moved toward the entrance gate.

For long hours Doris paced the streets of New York until the dusk began to gather and the great electric lights were lighted. At length the strength of her limbs seemed to fail her; glancing up, she found herself standing before the entrance of the same park in which she had sat that morning.

She tried to reach the bench by the fountain. She took one step within the enclosure; then, with a little faint cry, she threw up her hands and fell, face downward, on the gravel walk in a dead faint.

In a moment the same policeman who had watched her so furtively that morning hurried to her side.

"Poor child," he muttered, "so young and so fair. I am sure she is a stranger in New York. It would be a deed of mercy to take her home with me and let Ellen attend to her." And without further ado Doris was conveyed across the way to the patrolman's humble home.

When Doris opened her eyes she found herself lying on a chintz covered settee, and a kind, motherly face bending over her, and the look of puzzled wonder deepened in Doris's pansy blue eyes.

"You fainted, my dear, at the park gate, and my husband brought you here," explained the little woman. "You have been here all night. Your friends will be greatly worried over you, I fear."

"Friends!" repeated Doris, drearily. 'I have no friends here; not one."

"Where are you stopping?" asked the patrolman's wife, gently.

"I am a stranger in the city; I just came here," answered Doris.

"Did you come to New York to find work, poor child?" asked the woman.

Doris raised her eyes to the plain, kindly face.

"I—I have had a great trouble," she said—'so great that it has blotted everything else out of my mind. I quite forgot to think out the great problem of life—what I am to do."

"Poor child," sighed the woman, "you have had a great trouble, and you so young. You can't be much over seventeen, I'm sure."

"Just a few months past," said Doris, wearily.

"I have a daugheter, my dear, so much like you, fair of face, with shining golden hair. She has married and gone away out West, far away from us, and you touch my heart because you are like her."

"Married!" repeated Doris, bitterly. "If you loved her why did you let her marry?—"

The patrolman's wife laughed a cheerful little laugh.

"Why did she marry, my dear? Why, because she loved her husband. Heaven intended them for each other, or they would not have wed."

"Does heaven always intend the two who marry for each other?" asked Doris, breathlessly.

"To be sure, my dear," replied the woman, wondering at the question.

"But supposing, by any chance people find out they have made a mistake in marriage—that they have married the wrong person—what do they do then?"

"Do, my dear?" replied the good woman in wonder. "How do you mean?"

"How do they remedy the mistake?" Doris asked. "Do many men desert their wives?"

"Oh, dear no," was the quick reply. "Once married, married forever. There is no help for such a mistake. If people are dissatisfied after marriage they rarely complain. They sensibly make the best of it."

Doris turned her white face to the wall.

"Oh, my God!" she thought, in the bitterness of her own thoughts, "I cannot understand the problem of my own life. If he meant to marry me, why did he desert me?" That was the burden of her passionate cry.

Doris drank a cup of tea that was brought her, but she could take no food.

"I am sorry," she said; "you are very kind to me, but I cannot eat. Let me thank you before I go."

"Are you going out to try to find work, my dear?" asked the good woman, wistfully.

"Yes," said Doris, bravely.

"Then I should advise you to buy a thick veil for yourself the first thing you did. I say it only in kindness. Beauty like yours is a dangerous and fatal gift often to a young girl. You will remember my words when you are older. They will come back to you many a time through life. I would advise you to get a veil at once to hide such a face as that from the gaze of men. A pretty face often brings misery when its owner is unprotected and innocent, as you appear to be."

A few minutes later Doris was out on the crowded street again.

At the first notion store she passed Doris went in to purchase a veil. A gentleman, tall, dark and handsome, stood at the counter, looking over an assortment of kid gloves. He glanced up as Doris entered, and the glove he held dropped to the showcase.

"What an exquisite face?" he muttered, glancing furtively at the lovely face, fair and dainty as a flower, crowned in its sheen of curling golden hair, the great, childish, pansy-blue eyes, and the lovely rosebud mouth.

"I would like to look at some veiling," said Doris, timidly approaching the counter.

"We do not keep veiling here," responded the dapper young clerk, mentally wondering why young girls with such pretty faces could be induced to wear a veil at any price. "You'll probably get what you want at Kellogg & King's."

"I do not know where that is," said Doris. "I—I—am a stranger. I have just come to New York."

As she spoke, as though attracted by a magnet, Doris glanced up, and encountered the fixed gaze of a pair of burning dark eyes.

Blushing crimson, she knew not why, Doris dropped the sweeping lashes over her eyes, turned hurriedly, and left the store.

"No doubt she has come to New York to look for work," said the clerk, turning to his other customer. "It's a sad pity young girls will come to this overcrowded city. It's a shame to see such a pretty little creature adrift on the world."

Making some casual reply to the clerk, the gentlemanly-appearing, handsome young man walked out of the store, quickening his pace as he reached the pavement, hurrying after the retreating little figure up the street.

Doris had purchased the veil, and only the long golden curls were visible, and the prettiest dimpled chin imaginable.

"I must buy a paper and look it over," thought Doris.

And acting upon the thought, she bought a paper, and the first line that met her eye was the advertisement of an agency that furnished employment to women.

Doris made her way there without delay. There was a lady superintendent in attendance, who looked curiously at the fair young face as Doris paid her fee.

"Your name?" she said, posing the pen in her white fingers.

"Miss Thorne," Doris replied.

And it almost seemed to Doris other lips than her own must have framed that answer when she looked back at that memorable scene in the bitter, tragic after years which followed.

She gave her age as seventeen, adding, earnestly, she should like to get a position as governess, if she could.

"That is very young," returned the lady. "A governess of seventeen stands but a slim chance. Of course you have good references?" she added.

"No," replied Doris, in a low voice. "I am an utter stranger to the city."

The gentlemanly stranger had entered the agency, standing unobserved behind Doris while this conversation was going on, and now he retreated to the door.

"No references!" said the manageress, raising her eyebrows. "Surely you must know some one who can vouch for your respectability. Requiring a reference is customary," she explained, seeing Doris draw back with wounded pride and blush to the roots of her lovely, golden hair.

"I can give none," she answered, simply.

"Then I am obliged to return your fee and take your name from our books," returned the lady.

And faint and dizzy, Doris walked out of the agency.

As she reached the pavement, her eyes blinded by tears, some one touched her arm, and, glancing up, Doris found the dark-eyed stranger she had met in the notion store bowing low before her.

(To Be Continued.)

Cuban Assembly.

Santiago de Cuba, Oct. 25. — The first session of the Cuban assembly was held yesterday at Santa Cruz del Sur. A majority of the delegates are military delegates, each of the six army corps being represented by eight. The sensation of the army was the appearance of General Calixto Garcia as one of the delegates from the Fifth army corps, a fact which practically renders him supreme at the assembly's session. His election to preside over the proceedings is considered a foregone conclusion.

STEAMSHIP DISABLED.

Plymouth, Oct. 24.—The new British steamer Gloriana, from Antwerp, Oct. 21, for Montreal, has put in her with steampipes damaged.

The United States does not wish Aguinaldo ill, but it would enter no objections if some one introduced him to the Empress Dowager of China.—Kansas City World.

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Order by Mail and you get your goods close to manufacturers' price, without the extra profit to middlemen. You have an immense variety to choose from. The catalogue does no talking; no persuasion is used to induce you to buy what the salesman wants to sell. The goods come promptly and safely, and you may have your money back if they do not please you. These are sample items of what the catalogue contains. Order now and get a catalogue in the parcel.

OVERCOATS—

We want to emphasize our value in Overcoats, and particularly our—$8.50 special Overcoat. The coat is equal to any $10 overcoat we've ever seen. This is the description:

An All-Wool English Beaver Overcoat, guaranteed fast colors—blue, black, and brown, made in single and double breast styles, lined with double warp Italian cloth, finished with silk velvet collar, lining left open at the bottom, sewn throughout with good strong silk, sizes 34 to 46 ..... **$8.50**

DRESS GOODS These are new season goods. You have our guarantee of quality—and prices are long way below what you've been in the habit of paying—

47 **inch French Princess Twill Dress Serge** makes a very pretty costume for better wear. The value is 75c. Simpson's special price..... **49c**

52 **inch English Coating Twill Dress Serge**—one of the most durable lines woven and guaranteed unspottable and unshrinkable. Would be cheap at 75c per yd. Simpson's special price **50c**

FURS and MANTLES.

Ladies' Astrachan Jacket 36 inch long, best German dyed skins—small glossy curl—lined best black quilted Satin lining, silk frog fastenings, high storm collar, **$35.**

Ladies' cape, fur lined throughout—best squirrel lining, high storm collar of Thibet fur and Thibet trimming down both fronts, full sweep—interlined and wadded, plain colors and fancy—**$25**

Ladies' Curl Cloth Jacket, extra heavy, lined fancy farmers satin, six pearl buttons, high storm collar, all sizes—**7.50**

Men's Gold Filled Watch—Case guaranteed for five years' wear, all handsomely engraved, open faced, cases have screwn bezel and back, perfectly dust proof, fitted with stem wind and set movements; price with 7 jewel, American century movement, open face, $6.30, hunting case, $7.10; 7 jewel Waltham movement, gilded, open face, $7.45, hunting case, $8.25; 17 jewel Waltham, P. S. Bartlett movement, open face $12.35, hunting case, $13.15.

LADIES' FLANNELETTE UNDERWEAR....

Ladies' Flannelette Gown, good quality, full sizes, as cut, or with turnover collar, trimmed with frill of self in pink and green stripes..45

MEN'S 14k GOLD FILLED WATCH.

Address Orders Exactly as Below:—

The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited

SECTION 52, TORONTO.

Their Kismet.

Proverbs, like grammatical rules, are liable to exceptions. For instance, the familiar saying, "Lightning does not strike twice in the same place," had its exception during the bombardment of Widin by the Russian batteries of Kalafat on the opposite shore of the Danube. The incident is described by Dr. Ryan in his book, "Under the Red Crescent," the Turkish equivalent for the Red Cross society.

The shells from the heavy siege guns at Kalafat were dropping incessantly within the fortress. One of them as it exploded tore a great hole in the ground large enough to contain a horse. A Turkish woman, who was cowering with her three children under the shadow of the wall, took refuge in the hole.

According to the law of chances, it was the least likely spot to be again hit by a shell. But scarcely had she crept in and drawn the three children after her when another shell, leaving the cannon's mouth at Kalafat, nearly two miles away, dropped into the same hole and blew mother and children to atoms. To the Turks the grim exception was a vivid illustration of their doctrine of kismet, or fate. The woman's hour had come; kismet led her into that hole; it was the place assigned for her departure from earth.

Another shell struck the angle of a house, tore down the walls and reduced one half of a room to ruins. In the other half of the room were a Turkish woman and two children. They were not even hurt. Their kismet, according to Turkish ideas, saved them.

Embraced by a Devil Fish.

A diver engaged in Moyne river in Australia had a terrible experience with a sea devil. Having fired off a charge of dynamite and displaced a large quantity of stones he went to the bottom of the river and while engaged in rolling over a large stone he saw something moving about in front of him. This object quickly came in contact with him and coiled about his arm. The diver walked slowly and painfully along with the sea devil's feelers twined about his body and legs. He made tracks for the ladder and gained the boat, a curious looking object indeed, with this huge ugly thing entangled about his body. With the help of the sailors he was in time freed from his submarine companion. The body of the octopus was only about the size of a large soup plate, with eyes like a sheep's, but it possessed nine arms, each four feet in length, at the butt as thick as a man's wrist and tapering off at the end like a penknife. All along the under part of the feelers of this strange sea creature are suckers every quarter of an inch, giving it immense power.

A Policeman.

The Golden Penny tells an amusing story—some readers may think it improbable—concerning the examination of a young man who desired to be appointed a member of the Hampshire county (England) police.

He put in an appearance one morning, accompanied by his mother and was taken in hand for examination by the inspector. This progressed satisfactorily until the inspector observed:

"Of course you're aware you'll have a lot of night work to do? You are not afraid of being out late, I suppose?"

Before the candidate could reply his mother electrified the amazed official with the statement:

"That'll be all right, sir. His grandmother's going round with him the first two or three nights until he gets used to it!"

Matrimonial Exports.

In the early days of Virginia, when the adventurers were mostly unmarried men, it was deemed necessary to export such women as could be prevailed upon to leave England as wives for the planters. A letter accompanying one of the matrimonial ships, dated London, Aug. 12, 1621, says:

"We send you in the ship a widow and 11 maids as wives for the people of Virginia. There hath been especial care taken in the choice of them, for there hath not one of them been received but upon good recommendations. There are 50 more that are ready to go. For the reimbursing of charges it is ordered that every man that marries them give 100 pounds of best leaf tobacco for each of them."

The British Empire.

At the present moment the British empire is 53 times the size of France, 52 times that of Germany, 3½ times that of the United States of America, twice the size of Europe, with treble the population of all the Russias. It extends over 11,000,000 square miles, occupies one-fifth of the globe, contains one-fifth of the human race, or 350,000,000 people, embraces four continents, 10,000 islands, 500 promontories and 2,000 rivers.

Almost Ready to Quit.

When the dog licenses were collected by the collector of queen's taxes a few years ago, a Sussex farmer was written to to pay, and among other charges was one for a dog. He wrote back, "Now, Mr. Brown, I've paid this tax for two years and have not had a dog, and I pay it this time, but if you don't find me a dog at once I will not pay it again."—London Telegraph.

What It Was For.

Mr. Green—Now, I'm going to tell you something, Ethel. Do you know that last night, at your party, your sister promised to marry me? I hope you'll forgive me for taking her away!

Little Ethel—Forgive you, Mr. Green! Of course I will. Why, that's what the party was for!—Punch.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

WHAT DID HE DO?

Jones Dislodged His Obnoxious Tenant, but How Did He Do It?

When Jones hired the front room at Mrs. Doolan's select boarding house, he was assured that he would have absolute quiet during the nights and evenings he would stay there. Imagine, then, his disgust when just a week after he had transferred his goods and chattels to his new abiding place another man moved in next door—a man with a literary tendency and a typewriter.

He was a business man of some kind during the day, but at night he would bring in a dyspeptic young man, take off his coat, light a very big and very strong pipe and then allow his imagination to run riot far into the night, while poor Jones would lie there, tossing from side to side, stuffing cotton in his long suffering ears and saying things that were much more forcible than proper.

He had just made up his mind to move again, when one night his offensive neighbor yelled out a sociable "good evening" and invited Jones into the room of torture.

Jones came, and suddenly his wan face lighted up into an almost joyful smile.

The next day he did not go to business quite as early as usual and was found by an astonished chambermaid doing something to the gas in the literary gentleman's room, and after he had decamped she was quite sure she heard a chuckle from his own quarters.

That night Jones was unusually gay at supper and retired early to his room. So did the aspiring author. The dyspeptic young man arrived, and soon the prance of the gifted feet and the drone of the gifted voice were heard upon the evening breezes.

On and on they went, till the clock struck 10. But no sooner had the last stroke sounded, then there was a sudden and astonished lull in the dictation, followed by sounds of scraping matches and wondering voices. The gas had mysteriously gone out. However, up it blazed again, and things began to go on all right again, when once more there was a sudden flare, followed by darkness.

When appealed to the next day, the landlady was astonished too. The gas man was astonished, and above all Jones was astonished. That night the same thing occurred, and for a week later, at the end of which time the unhappy tenant moved. Whenever the mystery is told in awestruck tones at the boarding house table, Jones is apt to be seized with peculiar quaking symptoms. Mrs. Doolan, who has brains of her own, is beginning to think he may have known more than he seemed, but the question is how?

When she asks the question, Jones looks at his own gas jet, as it protrudes from the wall exactly opposite the mysterious one, puffs out his cheeks and laughs, but answers never a word.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Sympathy.

The kron prinz up and spake to his father.

"And now about Bismarck, papachen," he inquired, "are we sorry?"

"We are, mein zon," replied the German emperor, playfully catching the lad a terrific blow with the horsewhip which he always carries.

The noble boy immediately burst into a flood of tears.

Such is the perfect sympathy existing between the imperial father and son.—Pick Me Up.

Embarrassed.

"I was really very much worried about Henrietta while we were at the seashore," said Mr. Meekton confidentially to his sister-in-law. "She would insist on swimming a good way out."

"Well, you are perfectly at home in the water. You could have saved her."

"Yes. But it would have taken the rest of my life to convince her that I didn't do it merely to show off and humiliate her."—Washington Star.

His Experience.

Meeks—Let us come to an agreement of some kind and put it in black and white. Talk is cheap, you know.

Weeks—Yes, but ink is expensive.

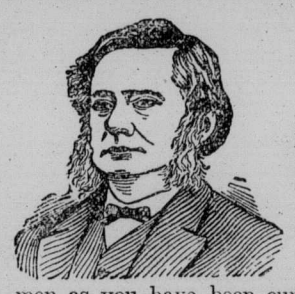
Meeks—What do you mean?

Weeks—I let a drop of it scatter over the back of a friend's note about a year ago, and I'm still making payments on it.—Chicago News.

Repartee.

Jones—If I were you, old fellow, I wouldn't be a fool.

Brown—Quite true. Still you should not let it make you dissatisfied with your lot, Jones.—New York Truth.



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RESULTS FOR 1897.

LIFE INSURANCE

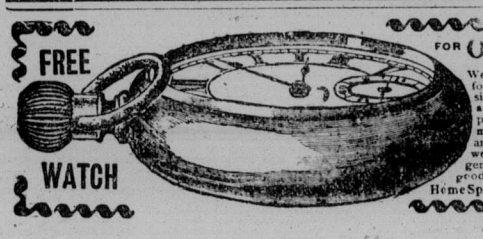
CANADIAN BUSINESS.

The following is compiled from figures of 1897 furnished the INSURANCE AND FINANCE CHRONICLE by the several companies:

Name of company.	Business written.	Gain in business.	Percentage.
Great West Life.	**$2,206,300**	**$1,405,830**	**64**
Ontario Mutual	3,031,900	1,485,719	49
Dominion Life	593,700	56,596	43
North American	3,431,524	469,208	43
Sun Life	4,317,292	1,256,173	29
Temperance and General	1,790,650	501,075	28
Canada Life	3,627,652	1,003,529	28
Confederation	3,132,072	714,649	23
Federal	2,003,850	85,105	4

As great emphasis is—very properly—given by all the companies to the percentage of "gain in business" to business written," it is gratifying to find that, as in so many other respects, its friends will still have reason to be proud of

THE GREAT WEST LIFE ASSURANCE CO.



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Home Specialty Co 60 Victoria St. Toronto

CAUSE OF RHEUMATISM.

HOW THE DISEASE IS DEVELOPED AND CAN BE AVOIDED.

For Years This Trouble Baffled Physicians' Skill—Now Understood and Easily Cured—The Result of Scientific Research.

From the Advance, Kemptville, Ont.

There is a popular idea that rheumatism is caused by exposure to cold, and that some localities are infected with it more than others. Scientists say that such conditions frequently promote disease, but from the fact that this ailment runs in certain families, it is shown to be hereditary, and consequenty a disease of the blood.

Frequently an individual in whose family rheumatism has not occurred, develops the disease, and when diagnosis of the case is made, it is generally found that the ailment is due to a derangement of the blood.

One such sufferer who has been cured is Capt. D. W. Becket, who lives in the township of Oxford, Grenville County. Capt Becket is the owner of 275 acres, and lives in a beautiful farm home on the banks of the Rideau, some three miles from Kemptville. In addition to being a thrifty farmer, Mr Becket has taken an enthusiastic interest in our volunteer force, and has graduated from the military college at Toronto with a first class certificate, which entitled him to the rank of Major. To a reporter of the Kemptville Advance, Capt. Becket made the following statement:—"Four years ago I was taken suddenly with rheumatism in both by elbows and thigh joints. The pain at times was something terrible. I took medicine and doctored for over six months, but continued to grow worse and worse. My arms from the elbow joints to the tips of the fingers became numb and had a prickly sensation, and I was unable to do any work; in fact I could not lift my hand to my head. The pain I suffered in my hips was also almost unbearable and my legs were nearly as useless as my arms. I had frequently read testimonials where Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had cured this disease, and at last I thought I would try them as an experiment. Before I had completed the first box I felt they were helping me, and after I had taken the pills a little more than a month, the pain had entirely left me, and I felt an altogether different man. I feel satisfied there is no other medicine could have wrought such a speedy cure, and I can truthfully say I met the enemy and defeated him through the aid of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a specific for all diseases arising from an impoverished condition of the blood or a shattered condition of the nervous forces, such as St. Vitus dance, locomotor ataxia, rheumatism, paralysis, sciatica, the after effects of la grippe, loss of appetite, headache, dizziness, chronic erysipelas, scrofula, etc. They are also a specific for the troubles peculiar to the female system, correcting irregularities, suppressions and all forms of female weakness, building anew the blood and restoring the glow of health to pale and shallow cheeks. In the case of men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of any nature.

Protect yourself against imitations by insisting that every box you purchase bears the full name Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

Mingle folly with your wisdom, or nobody will associate with you.

Elderberry Pie.

Elderberry pies may be made so that they are hardly distinguishable from blueberry. The following is an excellent recipe:

Scald the berries thoroughly and turn off the water. To one heaping teacupful of fruit add one teacupful of granulated sugar, butter the size of a walnut, a tablespoonful of vinegar (or lemon juice) and one egg. Bake with two crusts.

These pies may be made in the winter with canned elderberries which are put up by first scalding the berries, turning off the water, adding more water and heating ready for the cans. No sugar is required.—Josephine Detmar in Good Housekeeping.

A BRITISH SOLDIER

Tells how Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills Conquer Disease.

Like the conquering armies of Britain, which are marching to victory in every quarter of the globe, Milburn's Heart

and Nerve Pills are everywhere triumphing over sickness, weakness and suffering.

Mr. David Walsh, of Carleton Place, Ont., a man who has served with distinction and credit in the British army, and is now an employee of the C. P. Railway, says, "While in the army I got broken down, and my nervous system was completely shattered.

"I was much troubled with liver complaint, loss of appetite, etc. My rest became broken and was disturbed by vivid dreams. This had been going on for 14 years, although I took a great many remedies to escape from the troubles which afflicted me.

"However, I got no relief until I started to take Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, which I used together with Laxa-Liver Pills, and now after having used a few boxes, I am better than I have been for years. My nerves are restored to full force and vigor, I eat and sleep well, and my entire system has been toned and strengthened."

"Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, 50c. a box, or 3 for $1.25, at all druggists.

"Laxa-Liver Pills," says John Doherty, 35 North Street, St. John, N.B., "cured me of Constipation and distress after eating. Their action is natural and effective."

JUST A BAD COLD.

A sharp stinging pain in the back—you think it doesn't amount to anything—be all right in a few days—but it doesn't get all right—kidneys are not doing their duty, and the poisonous matter that they ought to remove is going all through the system—causing rheumatism, gout, dyspepsia, headaches, backaches—all sorts of ills.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Cure the disease by removing the cause.

W. D. Popham, Talbot St., St. Thomas, Ont., says: "I have for a long time had serious back and kidney trouble. My back was so stiff and painful that when I sat down I had to have something to assist me to get up. I have taken four boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills, and they have taken the stiffness and pain from my back and enabled me to straighten up without pain or difficulty."

Price 50c. a box, 3 for $1.25, all druggists. The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

First Rate Excuse.

Manager—The parachute man says he isn't going up in such an awful downpour of rain as this, but the people are all waiting. What excuse shall I make?

Proprietor—Oh, say that in consequence of the number of umbrellas going up there's no room for the balloon.—Ally Sloper.

A Prouder Record.

Norah (reading)—In England servants are proud of growin gray in th' sarvice of wan family.

Bridget—Huh! Thot's joost loike thim Sassenach! What'd they t'ink o' th' loikes o' me what's made more'n a hoondered misthresses grow gray in th' same toime?—Town Topics.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure 25c.

A Distinction.

"Isn't that new neighbor of yours rather eccentric?" inquired the commercial traveler.

"No," answered one of the village's prominent citizens. "He ain't rich enough to be called 'eccentric.' He's just a plain crank."—Washington Star.

Cash For Antiques.

"Sagasta wants us to pay for the forts and Morros we captured."

"Say, he'd be glad to have us come over to Spain and capture a lot more under the same arrangement."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Not In His Line.

"No," said the retired pugilist, sitting down ponderously and sighing heavily, "I'm too fat to ever fight again. Bill Shafter put up a good scrap at 300, but it is beyond me."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Chalk as a Coal Saver.

To make half a ton of coal go as 15 hundredweight place a quantity of chalk in the grates. Once heated this is practically inexhaustible from combustion and gives out great heat. Place the chalk at the back of each of your fires in nearly equal proportions with the coal. Full satisfaction will be felt both as to the cheerfulness and as to the warmth of the fire, and the saving throughout the winter will be at the rate of 25 per cent.—Exchange.

Baddeck, June 11, 1897.

C. C. Richards & Co.

Dear Sirs,—Minard's Liniment is my remedy for NEURALGIA.

It relieves at once.

A. S. McDONALD.

Paper made from seaweed is a growing industry in France. It is so transparent that it has been used in place of glass.

Minard's Liniment the best hair restorer.

When a girl's clever tongue keeps her from marrying it is because she has not met her equal among men.

Minard's Liniment for Rheumatism.

Originality consists mainly in not saying the things which everybody else says.

Minard's Liniment is the best.

As we must account for every idle word, so we must for every idle silence.—Franklin.

Minard's Liniment Cures LaGrippe.

Every unkind treatment to the cow poisons the milk—even talking unkindly to her.

Justifiable Indignation.

One evening John Scott (Lord Eldon) had been sipping rather too freely of the convivial bowl with a friend in Edinburgh, and upon emerging into the air his intellect became considerably confused. Not being able to distinguish objects with any degree of certainty he felt himself quite capable of losing his way to his own home. While in this perplexity he saw some one coming toward him whom he asked, "D'ye ken whaur John Scott bides?"

"Whaur's the use of your speering that question? You're John Scott himsel'."

"I ken that," answered John indignantly, "but it's no himsel' that's wanted—it's his house."

All teas are alike to the teapot. The *first difference* you will notice between **Monsoon** Indo-Ceylon **Tea** and any other you have been using is the riper flavor and the clearer, richer brown of the drawing in the cup. *In the first sip* of Monsoon Tea you will discover its matchless quality---and *you will know* "it's the best."

Monsoon

TEA TEA TEA TEA TEA TEA

BABY'S OWN SOAP

I Must have the genuine, The imitations look very nice, but they hurt my delicate SKIN.

THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO'Y.

25 per Cent. off Duty on British Goods

We get it but we don't keep it.
Our customers profit.
They also reap the benefit of big cuts from manufacturers.
See samples and be convinced.

MYRON M'BRIDE & CO.

WHOLESALE MEN'S FURNISHERS

WINNIPEG.

BOVRIL LIMITED

MANUFACTURERS OF

BOVRIL In Tins and Bottles

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF,

Dessicated and Dried Potatoes and other Vegetables.

SOUP NODULES

And other preparations of condensed food specially suited for prospectors, surveyors and explorers, and for

KLONDIKE OUTFITS

London, ENGLAND. and 27 St. Peter St., MONTREAL.

ATTENTION

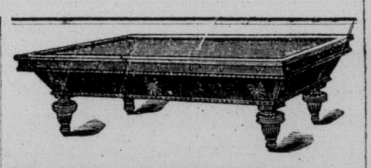
Difference between Paper and Wool Roofing: Paper dries and becomes brittle. The Wool is elastic and tough. Has never been known to crack; 8 years has established its reliability—wind and water proof.

Write for samples to

W. G. FONSECA,

705 Main St., Winnipeg.

When Getting a New COOK STOVE Buy a **"GRAND JEWEL."** and you will be delighted with the results.



BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES, NEW AND SECOND-HAND. BOWLING ALLEYS AND SUPPLIES. Large catalogue free.

THE REID BROS., 257 King West, Toronto

FREE

We give this fine watch, chain and charm, for selling two doz. LEVER COLLAR BUTTONS, at ten cts. each. Send your address and we forward the Buttons, postpaid, and our Premium List. No money required. Sell the Buttons among your friends, return the money, and we send the watch, prepaid. A genuine American watch, guaranteed, for a few hours work. Mention this paper when writing.

LEVER BUTTON CO., 20 Adelaide St. E. Toronto, Ont.

Sun Insurance office.
Eastern Assurance Co.
Quebec Fire Insurance Company.
London and Lancashire Life Ins. Co.
British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co.
Lloyd's Glass Insurance Company.

W. R. ALLAN,
General Agent,
WINNIPEG.

W. N. U. 192

HAVE YOUR FALL STOCK WELL ASSORTED WITH

BOECKH'S BRUSHES BROOMS AND WOODENWARE

Manufactured by BOECKH BROS. & Co. Toronto, Ont.

"I drink no more than a sponge."—Rabelais.

'Tis no wonder, if he didn't have

..HEALTH COFFEY..

the most healthful, invigorating drink of the times.

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER

Too well known to need description.

TRY IT. . . .

THE DYSON-GIBSON CO.

PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO'Y —OF— LONDON ENG.

First British Fire Insurance Office Established in Canada, A. D., 1804.

The above Company is desirous of opening agencies in all towns throughout Manitoba and the North-west Territories where they are not at present represented, and will be pleased to receive applications for same.

PATERSON & SON,
Montreal, Que.
Chief Agents for the Dominion of Canada

The Manitoba Assurance Co.

IS A HOME FIRE COMPANY.

KEEP YOUR MONEY AT HOME BY INSURING IN IT.

DIRECTORS:

HON. HUGH JOHN MACDONALD, President.

JOHN RUSSELL, H. S. CROTTY, W. J. TUPPER,
A. M. PATTON, ROBT. HALL,

H. H. BECK, Vice President and Manager.

CROTTY & CROSS, Agents, Winnipeg.

AGENTS WANTED IN UNREPRESENTED TOWNS AND DISTRICTS.

CARDSTON RECORD.

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Wednesday at Cardston.

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Editor and Proprietor.

Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

THE EDITOR does not assume responsibility for the views or statements expressed by any of THE RECORD'S contributors.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance.
Advertising Rates on application.
In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisements they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisements will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

In case a subscriber does not receive THE RECORD weekly, notice should be sent to the publication office, Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta, when the complaint will be thoroughly investigated.

Copy for change of advertisments MUST not be in later than Saturday noon.

Cardston, November 16, 1898.

The RECORD & Montreal Family Herald & Weekly Star, one year for $2.75.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

A book of notes only 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

November Munsey now in at RECORD office.

H. W. Taylor was in town the other day.

We welcome the Macleod Gazette to our X table.

Mr. W. Needham went out to Etna the other day.

Typhoid fever is still very prevalent at Macleod.

Review of Reviews, (Am) for sale at this office.

WANTED.—Party to haul coal. Enquire at RECORD office.

The Weekly Globe, Toronto, $1.00 a year. THE RECORD has agency.

Mr. Hyrum Hansen, of Etna, passed through town with a load of merchandise one day last week.

Mr. G. W. Robinson, of Lethbridge, came in town on Wednesday evening's stage, and went on to Mt. View next day.

When you want to sell or buy anything, place a notice in THE RECORD, and you will be pleased with the result.

Fifteen cents pays for the Toronto Weekly Globe to the end of the year. Bring your 15 cts to THE RECORD Office.

Beginning 4th. Dec. and running for four nights, local talent will present the Pirates of Penzance, an opera, at Lethbridge.

Don't get married unless you can afford to have some nice wedding cards. We will print you some neatly and at prices that will surprise you.

In our next issue will be published the last instalment of a "Brief Resume of Canadian History," which has been running serially for sixteen weeks.

NOTICE.—Parties owing Lundburg & Neilson, blacksmiths, will save themselves trouble and expense by calling and settling their accounts AT ONCE at RECORD Office.

There is some talk of moving the N. W. M. P. from Cardston to St. Mary's. Such a thing should not be done. Instead of moving the police to St. Mary's, the move ought to be made from that point to Cardston.

"The prestige of a place depends very largely on the prestige of its principal newspaper," says the Edmonton Bulletin. And the prestige of a newspaper depends very largely on what the support of the business public enables its publishers to make it.—Calgary Herald.

In justic to ourselves it is necessary to state that we handed in the Mountain View and Colles bundles of RECORDS to the postmaster at Cardston on Wednesday, 9th. November. The mail for Mt. View and Colles leaves Cardston post office Thursday, 10th. Nov. So it will be seen that twenty-four hours passed during which THE RECORDS were lying in the Cardston post office, a sufficient time, it appears to us, for proper distribution of those two bundles of papers.

Word comes to us from Mt. View and Colles that those two bundles of papers were not received with Thursday's mail. Wherin does the blame lie?

Subscribe for THE RECORD.

See the Cardston Co., Ltd., change of ad on this page.

There should be a post office established at Etna.

Many people would regret the departure of Crop. E. H. Bolderson.

The love of money and the love of earning rarely meet.

Pres. C. O. Card will leave here for Utah sometime next month.

Bishop Stewart of Mt. View, was in Cardston one day last week.

Lee's Creek bridge is completed, and while not a beauty will answer the purpose.

J. A. Young was in here from his ranch on Monday.

The street just south of Lee's Creek bridge is in an awful condition.

Develope the Clarke Mine and give us $5.00 coal.

W. H. Manning was in town the other day.

W. R. Clarke, of Mt. View, was in Cardston on Saturdry.

Wm. Wood our butcher, has a change of adveritsment in today's RECORD.

D. H. Caldwell Jr., of Mt. View, wos in town transacting business yesterday.

The post office will likely be moved to its new quarters this week. Postmaster Allen has fitted up.

Bert Talbot was kicked on the leg by a horse a day or two ago, and in consequence is compelled to perambulate with a decided halt in his gate.

Robert Ibey now has the agency for pianos and organs, together with the Singer sewing machine. See his ad in this number of the RECORD.

A half dozen or more houses have been erected south of Lee's Creek during the last few months.

A disastrous fire in the National Capital building, Washington D. C., destroyed the library, works of art and the building was almost ruined.

Coal is $8.00 per ton in Cardston. This is a great draw-back to our growth. It takes all an average man's earnings during the Winter months to pay for fuel.

The station at Spring Coulee is about completed. A telephone connection with Lethbridge and Cardston will be a feature of the new station.

$2.00 will pay for THE RECORD to the end of the century—January 1st. 1900.

To all new subscribers for 1899, we will send THE RECORD free for the balance of 1898.

When you want receipt or note Books call at THE RECORD Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts. You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

For one dollar per annum you can have your house insured against loss by fire to the amount of $100. C. E. Snow is Agent for the Western Fire Assurance, the Queens and the British American Assurance Companys whose aggregate assets is $5,000,000.

The Cardston RECORD and the Toronto Daily Globe $3.00 a year. The Globe is Canada's greatest newspaper, containing all the news of the world and is issued every 24 hours, 365 times a year. Free sample copies can be had for the asking at the RECORD office. If you see it we know you will subscribe for it.

Deseret News and The Record one year for $3.50

Thos. Duce has moved his family into their new dwelling house.

The devil never assails a man except he finds him either void of knowledge or of the fear of God.

That house of Farrell's, which is about in the center of Main street, ought to be removed.

Mark Spencer is having some grading done around his house and on his lot, which greatly improves the premises.

THE RECORD has just received a large shipment of stationery which we are going to sell at prices never before known in Cardston.

Main street has been torn up for several days past in front of the Cardston Co's store, where drainage pipes are put in.

Don't continually promise a thing and never fulfil your given word. A man who promises and never keeps his word is little better than a thief.

THE CARDSTON RECORD FREE for two months. You pay for subscription now and we will send you this paper absolutely free for two months. Subscribe now.

It seems that as a rule public servants such as post office clerks, revenue collectors, etc., are not noted for their politeness; they are slow to recognize the fact that they are nothing more or less than servants of the people; to do the people's bidding without question or hesitation.

Numerous are the stories told of delays which happen to letters enroute to their destination, but we heard of almost a record breaker this week. Two letters which were posted in Winnipeg, adressed to one of our townmen in March, 1896, only finally reached their destination here on Wednesday last, Nov. 2nd.—Macleod Gazette.

Several parties enquired at this office as to whether their was going to be a dance Friday night last. Our answer was to the effect that we supposed there was to be no party as no notice had been handed in when another county spoke up, saying: "I have seen some awful chirographical contortions, Chinese presumably, in some of the stores, and on inquiring of a clerk, who got it from the individual that tacked 'em up, learned that they were notices which read, "Party Friday evening."

Chicago, Nov. 4.—The Chicago Tribune says: The Great Northern, it is reported, intends to make application to the next session of the Canadian parliament for a franchise to extend the Spokane Falls & Northern through Southern British Columbia. The franchise desired by the Great Northern is believed to be for a more ambitious enterprise than has yet been revealed. The real object is represented to be the parellelling of the Canadian Pacific Crow's Nest line, through Southern British Columbia in addition to the Kettle river road.—Lethbridge News.

That Cardston will soon be organized under "The Village Ordinance" is now almost a certainty. When Cardston has been established a village, there will be some marked changes in order. In the Ordinance under the heading, 'Precautions for prevention of disease," appears the following: (1) Privy pits shall be emptied and disinfected with lime between the first day of April and the fifteenth, day of November in each year. (7) No stable yard shall be allowed to become offensive at any time because of decaying animal or vegetable matter. (8) No swine shall be kept except in pens at least one hundred feet distant from any occupied house or place of business. (10) Foul water shall not be allowed to accumulate on any property.

The ordinance is a lengthy one, but we will publish it as soon as possible in order that the people may have a copie in their homes.

For 15 cts. you can get the Weekly Globe of Toronto for the balance of this year. It is a 16 page paper containing 112 columns of interesting news. Bring your 15 cts. to the RECORD office at once.

The weekly Globe, Toronto, only $1.00 per annum. THE RECORD has the exclusive agency for THE GLOBE, which is Canada's leading newspaper.

Born.—To the wife of Robt. Nelson a fine boy. Nov. 11. Mother and baby are doing well.

THE "CRITIC" AGAIN.

Cardston Nov. 10th. 1898.
To the Editor Cardston RECORD.

After reading "Observer's" tale of woe, I can only conclude that he wishes to pose, on behalf of the Cardston Orchestra of which he is no doubt a member, as an injured public benefactor, who, finding the role does not pay, wishes to announce that he is "out for the dough." He remarks the public want improvement and to that astonishing announcement let me add the public is willing to pay for it in music, as in other things.

Observer! If you wish to benefit financially, and receive a pat on the back:

Firstly: Improve your "tempo."

Secondly: Appoint a business manager who is progressive enough to advertise in and thereby help support the local paper.

Thirdly: Hustle engagements and keep on hustling.

As a matter of fact "Observer," really, with your stupendous supply of adjectives you should leave music alone, and engage as a compositor of hair raising advertisements for a traveling circus.

Thanking you Mr. Editor for valuable space, in which, on this subject, I will not again intrude

Respectfully yours,
CRITIC.

IMMIGRATION BUILDING.

In case the Government decides to have an immigration building in this part of the country, Cardston is the proper place for it, and the people here should take the necessary steps for the procurement of the purposed building. Cardston is the natural headquarters for the country south of Lethbridge to the boundary line, and Cardston is entitled to the recognition.

That a suitable location, etc., for an immigration building could be had here goes without saying. The people will do all in their power to aid any such laudable enterprise.

Cardston is only fourteen miles from the international line, surely near enough for immigration purposes; this is the largest place south of Lethbridge and Cardston is steadily growing.

There is no place better an none as good as Cardston in which to erect an immigration building.

The Record.

$2.00

CARDSTON HAS A

Shoe shop.
Restaurant.
Barber shop.
Meat market.
Good schools.
Livery stables.
Skillful physician.
Blacksmith shops.
A flourishing bank.
The best cereal-raising soil in the world.
Many tributary settlements which act as feeders.
Clear, pure and palatable drinking water fresh from the mountain brooks.
Numerous comfortable residences, commodious dancing hall and private business houses.
Numerous flourishing business houses such as banking and general merchandise and stationery stores.
Lee's creek, affording excellent and almost unlimited water power for all kinds of manufacturing establishments.
THE RECORD, a local newspaper which will always be found bright, progressive, and a friend to Southern Alberta in particular and Western Canada in general.

Friday a more than ordinarily serious prairie fire was raging south of the railroad track, it appeared to to have started in the neighborhood of High river and to have run eastalongside of the track towards Gleichen. The flames travelled at railway speed and are described by an eye witness as being as high as the Alberta hotel. For 80 miles the country is burned up. No account of any loss of life has been reported however. The Circle ranch lost 200 tons of hay and McHugh brothers 100 tons. It is reported that there will be legal proceedings over the origin of the fire, which is one of the worst that has occured in recent years.—Calgary Herald.

NOTICE.—Parties owing Lundberg & Neilson are hereby notified to call at THE RECORD office and settle their accounts.

Cold Weather

makes us look for

Underwear, German Sox, Over-shoes and Fur Coats.

First Snow Fall

wil require Bob-sleds and Snow Packs.

All these you can get at lowest Prices from

The Cardston Co. Ltd

Get a Suit of All Wool Underwear for $1.00.

Gay & Wight,

Contractors & Builders.

Estimates given on all kinds of work free. We have expert workmen, that we send out in the country to do work at short notice.

Don't forget our black smith and wagon shop. We have the best material money can buy, and we guarantee our workmanship. Only shop in town where you can get An I Steel Buggie tires.

Machinery Repaired and Refitted.

Thanking the public for their past patronage and asking the continuation of the same.

Yours respectfully.

Gay & Wight.

R. C. BECK.

Contractor & Builder.

All work neatly executed, and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

CABINET WORK A SPECIALTY.

NOTICE—Parties owing THE RECORD for advertisments and subscriptions will confer a favor by settling their accounts this month as we have bills of our own which must be paid at once.

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends, 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

FOR SALE: Four room house Good well water. Nice location. Enquire at RECORD office, next to Bank.*

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

FOR SALE—Model 1 Improved Haad Printing Press. Chase 5x8. At RECORD Office.*

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, both one year for 2.50.

The Record

$2.00

Meat Market.

Wm. Wood.

Fresh Meats of all kinds constantly on hand.

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.

All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.

Cardston . . . . . Alberta.

Samuel Cox,

Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting, & Paper Hanging.
Orders may be left at Record Office.

CARDSTON. . . ALBERT

BLACKSMITH SHOP.

The undersigned wishes to inform the public that he is opening a shoeing shop in his old stand.

HORSE SHOEING A SPECIALTY.

L. F. Bonnell.

Read THE RECORD
THE
CARDSTON RECORD
2.00 per year.

ADVERTISE.

HERE.

Livery, Feed & Sale Stables

Kearl & Sharp, Props.

Good outfits furnished at all hours.
Rates Reasonable.

Restaurant

North of Stable.

MEALS ON SHORT ORDERS.

Kearl & Sharp.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1898. NO. 17.

Photograph = Gallery

at the Residence of
S. LOW.
Open on clear days from 12 to 2 pm
Cardston, - - - Alberta.

You Know

Wolsey & Evans,
Contractors & Builders,
W. M. Wolsey. James Evans.
Cardston, - - Alberta.

NOTICE.

The RECORD has received a supply of Stationery fresh from Winnipeg.

Our prices speak for themselves.

Good White Envelopes (25 in bunch) per bunch—5c.

Note Tablet, Nice White, Paper, per Tablet—5c.

Drawing Slates—10c.

Indelible Pencils—10c.

Large Exercise Books—5c.

We have all kinds of printing Stationery, such as:

Wedding Cards, Ball Programs, Note Heads, Cards, Memos., Letter Heads, Statements, Bill Heads, etc., etc.

If you want good goods at low prices you will buy your Stationery at THE Record Office.

The Record one year $2.00

MANITOBA MISSION.

The following letter was written by Elder Frank May to his sister Minnie, through whose courtesy we are permitted to publish it for our readers:

Dear Sister.—

Yours of Oct. 24th. came to hand some days ago, but I haven't had time to answer before. I am well and hope this may find all of you enjoying the same good blessing. Our first snow fell Sunday night, (about 4 inches), and I think we are through threshing here for this winter (or summer).

It will be better for those who are to remain any length of time when we are sent to a new town as there is no work here in line of tracting, Brandon having been canvassed from house to house three different times and our tracts presented. This work was done principally by Elders Hansen, Leavitt, Baxter and Stewart. Elder Leavitt and myself canvassed the greater part of town last March and April for the third time, and since then Elders Williams, Jensen and Ellison have taken a turn, so that now none can say they had no chance to read our tracts or converse with us upon the Gospel. On many occassions we have appointed meetings but none have come to hear us.

On Oct. 21st J. G. Stewart and myself left Brandon and walked to Wanawsa, a distance of 30 miles. Oct. 24th we were joined by Elders J. J. Head and Alex. Leishman. Elder Head and myself went by rail to Belmont (21 miles) in which town we visited every house leaving tracts and had a few good gospel conversations. We were refused the use of the School House, Halls, Churches and every place where the people could gather. We were abused by several of the people but felt to say as Christ did "Father, forgive them, they know not what they do." We called on the Ministers at their homes, but were not received in a very Christ like Spirit. However, we bore our testimony to them that if they were not willing to listen to the teachings of humble Mormon Elders now they would be glad to before they reached that Happy Home prepared for those who are willing to listen to and live the Gospel of Christ.

We went to Bolder and were received by the so called "Christians" in the same manner as in Belmont. The editor of a lively little paper of that place said, if we were refused the use of the pulpit we were not of the press, and we gladly accepted his kind offer to use a portion of his paper to present to its readers some of the principals of the Gospel; and I say, God bless that editor for his fair-mindedness. He is in for fair play and according to the words of Christ has laid up a blessing for himself where time, moth nor rust can take it from him.

Belmont and Boldur are towns of about 200 inhabitants each and are on the Northern Pacific R. R. south east of Brandon. We left Boldur Nov. 2nd and went to Glenfew, a nice little town of about 600 inhabitants, as we could not get a hall here and our tracts were almost exhausted, we left a few of them and went north to Carbury, expecting to find Elders Merkley and Jensen; but they had gone to Portage La Prairie so we took the midnight train and arrived in Brandon on the 5th.

We enjoyed ourselves very much and found several people who were glad to see us and asked us back again. One lady was so pleased with the way we explained the Gospel that tears ran down her cheeks and she gave us a few dimes.

I know there will be many honest hearted people embrace the Gospel in the course of time and I pray God that he will hasten the day when darkness will be taken from the earth and man will be able to see his true standing before his Maker.

We are all well and trying in our weakness to do our Father's will.

NOTICE.—Parties owing Lundberg & Neilson are hereby notified to call at THE RECORD office and settle their accounts.

THE RECORD has just received a large shipment of stationery which we are going to sell at prices never before known in Cardston.

THE CARDSTON RECORD FREE for two months. You pay for subscription now and we will send you this paper absolutely free for two months. Subscribe now.

BRIEF RESUME

= of =

CANADIAN HISTORY

From 1497 to 1898.

Very Short and to the Point.

FAMILIARIZE YOURSELF WITH ALL THAT APPEARS IN THIS COLUMN EACH WEEK.

Having lived in this district more than three years, we are acquainted with the majority of inhabitants, and to a greater or less degree, have a knowledge respecting their uninformed condition as to the laws and history of Canada. We, therefore, purpose publishing, serially, in a portion of this column, each week, a Short History of Canada from 1497 to 1898, together with Statistical Items of general interest.

1892. April 17. Death of Hon. Alexander Mackenzie.
May 24. Death of Sir Alexander Campbell, Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario.
September 28. Legislative Council of Newbrunswick abolished.
1892. December 5. Resignation (from ill-health) of Sir J. J. C. Abbott, K. C. M. G., Premier of the Dominion. Sir John S. D. Thompson called upon to form a Government.
1893. Legislative Council and Assembly of Prince Edward Island merged into one body.
April 4. The Court of Arbitration, respecting the seal fisheries in Behring Sea, which met formerly on 23rd March, began its sesion. Arbitrators: Baron de Courcel (Belgium), Lord Hannen (Great Britain), Sir John Thompson (Canada), John M. Harlan and J. P. Morgan (United States), Marquis Visconti Venesta (Italy), and M. Gram (Norway and Sweden.
October 30. Death of Hon. Sir J. J. C. Aabbott.
June 8. First steamer of the new Australia-Canada line arrived at Victoria, B. C.
Title "Honourable," as conferred by the Queen in the Duke of Buckingham's despatch, No. 164, of 24th July, 1868, explained by Earl Ripon to extend to all parts of Her Majesty's Dominions. See Official Gazette (Canada) August 5. 1893.
Canadians awarded 2,126 prizes at Chicago Exhibitoin.
1894. June 28. Opening at Ottawa of the Colonial Conference to discuss matters of interests to the empire. The Imperial Government, New South Wales, Cape Colony, New Zealand Victoria, Queensland and Canada were represented.
July 23. Canadian readjusted Customs Tariff assented to by Governor-General.
August 27. United States Congress Tariff became law without the signature of President Cleveland.
December 12. Death of Right Hon. Sir John Thompson in Windsor Castle.
December 21. Hon. Sir Mackenzie Bowell became Premier of Canada and formed a new Ministry.
1895. March 21. Remedial Order relating to Manitoba Schools passed.
September 10. Sault Ste. Marie Canal opened.
October 2. Proclamation giving to the unorganized and unnamed portions of the Northwest the following names: Ungava, Franklin, Mackenzie and Yukon districts.
1896. January 2. Six Ministers resigned during debate on address. Sir Mackenzie Bowell reformed his Cabinet.
April 27. Resignation of Hon. Sir Mackenzie Bowell as Premier. Governor-General sent for Hon. Sir Charles Tupper, Bart., who formed a Ministry.
June 23. General election. The Liberals won.
July 6. Order-in-Council enlarging the boundaries of the Province of Quebec to the shores of Hudson Bay, and adding 118,450 square milles of territory to the province.
July 11. Hon. W. Laurier accepted position as Premier.
July 13. Liberal Ministry sworn in.
1897. Febuary 11. Fire in the Parliament Buildings Ottawa. Loss estimated at a quafter of a million.
March 25. Opening of the second session of the Eighth Parliament of Canada.
May 11. Provincial Election in Quebec. The Flynn Government (Conservative) overthrown.
May 22. Hon. E. J. Flynn. Premier of Quebec, tenders his resignation to Lieut.-Gov. Chapleau.
May 24. Hon. Mr. March is entrusted by the Lieut.-Gov. of Quebec with the task of forming a ministry.
May 31. The preferential clause in the Canadian Tariff, providing for the admission of British Products at a Twenty-five per cent reduction in the rate of duty, is finally adopted by the Dominion Parliament.
June 5. Departure of the Canadian Jubilee contingent from Quebec.
Aug. 11. The Canadian Cabinet decides to extend the minimum tariff to France.
Aug. 18. Meeting of the British Association for the Advancement of Science in Toronto.
Aug. 25. Announcement that the Dominion Government extends the preferential tariff to the Argentine Republic, Austria-Hungary, Bolivia, Columbia, Denmark, Persia, Russia, Sweden, Tunis, Venezuela, and Switzerland.
October 21. Meeting of the World's W. C. T. U. open in Toronto.
October 27. Premier Peters of P. E. I. resigns; Mr. A. B. Warburton forms a new administration.
October 29. Premier Mitchell of New Brunswick resigns, and Hon. H. R. Emmerson forms new administration.

THE ALLEN BUILDING.

H. S. Allen & Co. have their new store ready for occupancy. Their entire building as it now stands is 100x100 feet, the largest in Cardston.

The opost ffice has been moved into conmfortable quarters in the north-east end of the addition. It is nicely fitted-up with boxes, and is a credit to the town.

The company will move their large stock of dry goods and shoes to the north building, leaving the south for groceries, hardware, etc., while in the rear of the addition will be stored wagons and farm implements, and the back room of the south building will be used as formerly.

NOR'-WEST FARMER.

The Nor'-West Farmer for November just to hand is a sixty-page edition, with its various departments of Live stock, Veterinary, Dairy, Poultry, Field, Garden and Forestry, Among the Farmers, Correspondence, Household, etc., brim full of useful and timely articles. Besides the contribution of its own staff, we notice articles from several well-known agriculturists, such as S. A. Bedford, of the Brandon Experimental Farm; A. P. Stevenson, of Nelson, and Max D. Major, of Winnipeg. It also contains a number of excellent illustrations of farm views and scenes at various fall fairs. The publishers make the announcement in this issue that, commencing with January next, the journal will be issued twice a month, instead of monthly as at present. The enterprise of the publishers deserves the support of the farming community, as they are putting up one of the best farm journals on the continent.

Not satisfied with putting all the country round about to flight with its "show down" on big vegetables, the invincible Cardston Record now ends the contest for good by trotting out a turnip that weighs 21½ pounds. In the same issue is a letter from a Cardston resident visiting in Utah who lauds that northern climate, much to the disparagement of our sunny Utah. There must be a good many natural attractions up there, or the people could not be talking it up so much.—Brigham City (Utah) Bugler.

Ladies

Go to **H. S. Allen & Co.**

For Capes & Jackets; Children's & Misses Wraps; Dress Goods; (A fine line.) General Dry Goods. Largest and Best assorted stock ever shown in Cardston.

Gentlemen

Go to **H. S. Allen & Co.**

For Dress Suits; Working Suits; Waterproof overcoats; Pea Jackets; Gent's Furnishings & Fall & Winter goods. Double the quantity ever shown before. Our values are up, our prices down.

C. Edgar Snow, Banker,

Cardston, - - - Alberta.

1898 1898

A general banking business transacted.

LETHBRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.

Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7:30 o'clock, a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $3.00; Round trip, $5.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.
MERCER & McCARTY PROPS.

Getting into Harness!

on or about

Dec. 1st

Propose to open up a shop in Cardston, for the purpose of carrying on a general **Harness & Saddlery** business, a full & complete stock will be carried, and repairing of all kinds promptly and efficiently done.
Quality first & Prices right.

S. H. HORNER

HOTEL DE WOOLF

RATES, $ 1.50 PER DAY.
Livery & Feed Stable.
Cardston, - Alberta.

H. W. SAVORY,

Boundary Creek (Cardston P. O.) Alta.
Saddle & Work Horses For Sale.

Fire and Life Insurance.

Equitable Life. (Assets $200,000,000.)
British America Fire Assurance Co.
Western Fire Assurance Co.
Agency, RECORD Office.

C. O. CARD,

SUB AGENT
FOR
DOMINION LANDS:
ALSO AGENT FOR
RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY
... AND ...
PRIVATE LANDS.

Singer Sewing Machine and Extras.
PIANOS & ORGANS.
Robert Ibey, Agent.

Get your HAIR cut
AT
Campbell's
- Tonsorial Parlors. -

BERT TALBOT.

Lumber, Shingle and Planing Mills.
Mill on Belly River.
Cardston, - - - Alberta.

Hansen & Taylor

wish to inform the people of Ætna and surrounding district that they will begin business in Ætna on

Wednesday, Nov. 9th.

We will carry a full stock of GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
Our prices will be as low as can be bought for anywhere.
Produce taken in exchange.

Hansen & Taylor.

J. G. GOLD

Mountain View, - - - - - Alta.
Has **LIME** for Sale.

RUSSIA IS IRRITATED.

THE KHALIFA IS HARD PRESSED ON THE FRONTIER.

London Papers Urge the United States to Sieze the Philippines and Preserve the Peace of the World.

St. Petersburgh, Nov. 7.—The St. Petersburgh newspapers show great irritation at England over the settlement of the Fashoda affair and agree in the declaration that her conduct will arouse the powers interested in the Suez Canal to open a discussion of the best means of preventing the final establishment of England in Egypt.

THE KHALIFA'S FLIGHT.

Cairo, Nov. 7.—Khalifa Abdullah, the defeated Dervish leader, is hard pressed on the frontier southwest of Khartoum by natives friendly to the Anglo-Egyptian expedition and it is believed that his capture is imminent. Ali Sheroof, his son-in-law, is already a prisoner and is being brought to Khartoum.

THE PHILIPPINES.

London, Nov. 8.—The Standard says editorially this morning: "We can see no alternative. Spain must accept as inevitable the loss of the Philippines. No doubt the United States will assume a heavy and serious responsibility, but it augurs well for the future that the public men of America appreciate and are ready to meet it. England will watch the experiment with every wish for a favorable issue."

The Daily News wonders whether trouble is brewing in the Philippines arising from German opposition to annexation.

London, Nov. 8.—The Daily Mail this morning urges the American people to pronounce boldly in favor of retaining the Philippines, "for otherwise there will be a scramble for coaling stations that will endanger the peace of the world."

DEFECTIVE TRANSPORTS.

Halifax, Nov. 7.—Lord Seymour, commander-in-chief of the forces in British North America, created a sensation on Saturday night, when he announced that the military transport service in Halifax was defective. He was surprised to learn that the facilities for the transportation of troops in case of trouble arising were of the meanest character in this respect. The imperial authorities have sadly neglected Halifax. There are no suitable vessels in Halifax, and those supplied by the imperial authorities are little better than worthless. The reason the warships Pelican and Cordelia were loaded with ammunition and dispatched from Halifax is this: About this time of year the British and French vessels on the Newfoundland coast, on the fisheries protection service, retire, but the Frenchmen have remained on the Newfoundland coast, and in case of hostilities arising, the Cordelia and Pelican can slip across from Sydney to Newfoundland, at short notice. The British war vessels will also keep a watch on the Frenchmen coaling at Sydney in case of trouble.

SENSATIONAL REPORT.

St. John's, Nfld., Nov. 7.—The British government telegraphed the colonial minister to-day asking the number, tonnage, and capacity of steamers available at this port to convey coal from Sydney for the use of British warships. The cruisers Cordelia and Pelican will be held at Sydney to capture St. Pierre and protect St. John's in the event of war being declared. The cruisers are also instructed to break the French cable between St. Pierre and Brest, France.

SPAIN AND UNITED STATES

The Times on the Philippine Question—Le Gaulois Hopes for the Best.

London, Nov. 9.—The Times says this morning: "Whatever may be the result of the elections in the United States, the administration has gone too far to retreat on the Philippine question. The American reply may perhaps modify the original proposals, but there is no doubt the main demand will be pressed to a successful conclusion. It is impossible not to feel sympathy with Spain, and we trust that, on the financial side, the Americans will show themselves generous toward a fallen enemy." After expressing satisfaction that "future misunderstanding will be avoided by the immediate adoption of a solution which was ultimately inevitable," the Times says: "We trust that America has learned to appreciate the fact that commercial restitution and imperial expansion do not thrive together. But it must be confessed that our sympathy with the Americans in their new course suffers a great strain by such blunders as the order for the regulation of trade at Porto Rico, which reads as if borrowed from the British navigation acts which the Americans found so oppressive."

Paris, Nov. 8.—Le Gaulois, this morning, referring to to-day's sitting of the peace commission, says it will in no way modify the Spanish-American situation, "as the American commissioners have orders to await further instructions from Washington." Le Gaulois then says those instructions will depend upon the results of the elections, which, the paper mentioned thinks, will be favorable to the Republicans, adding: "The American government will eventually recognize that pecuniary compensation is due to Spain for the evacuation of the Philippine islands, and the negotiations will continue and be brought to a satisfactory conclusion in a friendly spirit."

The editorial concludes by expressing the opinion that the new policy and the promising economic situation will prevent a recurrence of any acute currency crisis.

Insurance Pool.

Cincinnati, O., Nov. 8.—The grand jury of Kenton county, Ky., sitting in Covington, Ky., today returned indictments against fifty-three of the leading fire insurance companies of the United States, Canada and England. The indictments charged that the companies have formed an unlawful pool to prevent free competition among all insurance companies and their agents doing business in Covington, and thus extort a greater premium rate than otherwise would have to be paid.

MARCHAND DEFIANT.

The French Adventurer Makes a Remarkable Speech.

MARCHAND'S BOLD SPEECH.

Cairo, Nov. 8.—Major Marchand, in a speech delivered at the French club last night, expressed great sorrow over the abandonments of Fashoda. His expedition, he said, had started "to carry the French hand grip across French Africa to the French of Egypt, who, if few to-day, would be numerous to-morrow, forgetting nothing and abandoning nothing."

TO GUARD THE BANKS.

St. John, Nfld., Nov. 8.—The British cruiser Cordelia, it is understood, will be ordered to this port to remain here during the winter. She will hold herself in readiness to scour the Grand Banks for the enemy's shipping if war should be declared.

Tribute to the Czar.

London, Nov. 8.—W. T. Stead, writing to the Daily News from Sebastopol, after having had an interview with the Czar at Livadia, reiterates his conviction of the earnestness and sincerity of the Czar's purpose in proposing disarmament. Mr. Stead says it is impossible to repeat the conversation, but he adds: "But my opinion is summed up in a remark, which I made to a princess of the court, who, meeting me as I was leaving, asked me: 'Well, what is your opinion?' I replied simply: 'I thank God for him, if he is spared to Russia that young man will go far.'" Mr. Stead adds that he found the Czar possessed of exceptional rapidity of perception, united with a remarkable memory and a very wide grasp of an immense range of facts.

A Miner Killed.

Koochiching, Minn., Nov. 8.—An accident happened at the Golden Star mine at Mine Centre, Ont., last Saturday night by which a miner named Talbot was instantly killed. Some of the miners of the night shift were coming up on the bucket, which stopped at the second level. Talbot stepped off for a moment, and in attempting to step on again missed his hold and fell to the third level, a distance of about 80 feet. When picked up it was found that his neck was broken and his arms and legs in several places. Talbot was an Englishman and a new man at the mine, having worked only three shifts up to the time he was killed.

Army and Navy.

Huntsville, Ala., Nov. 6.—Major-General Chaffee has assumed command of the First division. Fourth corps, with quarters east of Huntsville.—A squadron of the Fifth cavalry will go to Savannah Thursday and embark for Porto Rico.—Lieutenant Colonel Whitside of the Fifth cavalry was promoted to a colonelcy and is now in command of the Tenth cavalry.

THE NEW REPUBLIC.

The Birth of the United States of Central America Changes Geography.

Washington, Nov. 4.—A complete transformation of the geography of Central America, occurred on November 1, by the birth of a new republic, the United States of Central America, and the disappearance of the republics of Nicaragua, Salvador and Honduras, except as states of the new union.

Senor Corea, charge d' affaires of these republics during their transition stage, has received detailed information of the changes effected, and the form of government of the new republic. As indicating the dignity and importance of the United States of Central America, Mr. Corea points out it has a poulation of about 2,000,000, and area of about 110,000 square miles, a great stretch of sea coast on the Atlantic and Pacific and the site of the Nicaragua canal through which commerce will ultimately pass from ocean to ocean.

The movement to form a new republic began on June 20, 1895, when the three presidents, Zelaya, of Nicaragua; Gutierez, of Salvador, and Bonilla, of Honduras, formed the treaty of Amapala. This provide for union on the foreign affairs of the three countries, and created a diet which directed these foreign affairs. On August 27 last a constitution for the new republic was finally drawn up and signed with due formality.

The general character of the new government is shown in a communication received by Senor Corea from the secretary of the assembly.

It states that the new order of things goes into force on November 1, the name of the republic being the United States of Central America formed of Nicaragua, Salvador and Honduras. Provision is made for the admission of Guatemala and Costarica if they elect to enter the new union. A federal form of government is adopted, the boundary line of the states being continued as heretofore, except as changed by each ceding one department to form a federal district similar to the district of Columbia where the seat of federal government is to be located.

This ceded district surrounds the gulf of Fonseca on the Pacific side, and the capital is located temporarily at Amapals, on the Tigro islands, lying in the Gulf of Fonseca. The capital will remain here until the congress of the new republic selects a permanent site for it.

The London Strike.

London, Nov. 8.—The street railway company and men have ceased negotiations, and Mr. Everett has gone home. The company refuses to accede to the men's demands re wages, and the men remain immovable on the point. Several cars ran to-day, but none had any passengers.

The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited

WIDE-SPREAD INTEREST. We welcome the crowds that come to see and select what we tell about in the papers, but if there's any more hearty appreciation it is reserved for those who, like the many in the North-west Territories, without opportunity of seeing the goods, are ordering in such gratifying numbers every week.

We supply the same goods for less money and better goods for the same money than are to be found anywhere else.

Money back if not satisfied. See guarantee in Fall and Winter Catalog, which is yours for the asking.

DRESS LENGTH SPECIAL.

52-inch Navy or Black English Serge, very pretty twill, guaranteed to neither spot nor shrink, made of the purest serge wool, and a quality which for wear cannot be superseded.
Full dress length of 5 yds. for $2.50
The value of this dress length is $3.75.

LADIES' JACKETS.

Ladies' Astrachan Jacket, best Leipsic Dyes, lined with best satin and wadded, high storm collar, 36 inch long, all sizes, $30.00.

Ladies' Curl Cloth Jacket, Double Breasted, high storm collar, six pearl buttons, lined with fancy sateen, blk. only. $7.50.

FUR-LINED CAPES.

Silk Brocade Covering, full sweep, lined best squirrell lock, large collar of Thibet fur, with fronts trimmed to match, interlined and wadded, black ground, with green, blue, white pattern, or all black $24.50

LACE AND TAPESTRY CURTAINS.

Nottingham Lace Curtains, in handsome artistic designs, 3 1-2 yds. long, 53 in. wide, white or navy, with taped or colbert edge —special $1.25

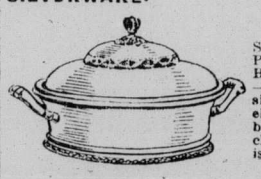
Tapestry Curtains, in all the latest colors and designs, all-over patterns, with heavy knotted fringed ends —very useful for door or archway — special..... ....$4.50

BLANKET SPECIALS.

Super Wool Grey Union Blanket, soft finish, with neat combination borders, standard sizes:
5 lbs. ....$1.25 a pair.
6 lbs. ....$1.50 a pair.
7 lbs. ....$1.75 a pair.
8 lbs. ....$2.00 a pair.

Extra Super Wool Grey Union Blankets, soft, lofty finish, with neat combination colored borders, standard sizes:
6 lbs. ....$2.10 a pair.
7 lbs. ....$2.45 a pair.
8 lbs. ....$2.80 a pair.

SILVERWARE.



Quadruple Silver Plate Pudding or Baking Dish — with inside enamelled - ware baker, satin chased finish....$3 50

Quadruple Plate Sugar Bowl and Spoon Holder — to hold one dozen spoons — satin finish, with beaded edge.....$2.70

LADIES' WATCHES.

Ladies' Sterling Silver, open-face Watch, handsomely engraved case, fitted with fine imported movement.

Every one warranted. Special at $2.75. With fancy dial and second hand, $3.50.

A post-card request will bring you copy of our store paper, containing nine pages of Xmas suggestions—lists of goods for Xmas presents that can be sent anywhere to mail customers.

Address exactly as below:

The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited
TORONTO.
(Section 52)

PARTED AT THE ALTAR.

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY.

CHAPTER X—PRAYER ANSWERED.

Dori drew back with a little startled cry. The handsome, dark-eyed stranger she had first encountered in the notion store was standing before her, bowing most profoundly, as she stepped out of the employment agency, discouraged and sick at heart.

"I beg your pardon, Miss," he said, respectfully lifting his hat. "I was standing in the doorway of the agency a moment since, and could not help hearing all that passed between the manageress and yourself. I am in search of some trustworthy young lady to fill a position recently and unexpectedly vacated. You are in search of a situation; suppose you try the one I have to offer."

Poor little Doris stood dumb and transfixed with joy before him. Surely God must have heard the prayer that had just gone up to heaven to direct her to some way by which she could earn her daily bread.

It never occurred to her guileless, unsophisticated heart to mistrust him. She implicitly believed God had sent him in answer to her prayer. That this was simply an excuse to speak to her she had never once dreamed. She had not come to that knowledge of the world which teaches that men's lips often speak one thing and their hearts another.

She never suspected there was anything unusual in this procedure, or that the handsome stranger would not have asked the same question of any other young girl whom he chanced to meet on the steps of the employment bureau.

Doris clasped her tiny white hands supplicatingly before her as she replied, with trembling eagerness, straight from the depths of her heart:—

"I think God must have sent you to me, sir, for I was just praying that I might find some position at once. I—I do not know very much—but I should try, oh! so hard to please you, sir, if you would only trust me with the position. I am so glad you met me instead of some one else. I did not know which way to turn. I am a stranger in New York."

"Any one could readily see that," he answered, with a light laugh, that somehow jarred harshly upon Doris.

"What is the position, sir?" she asked, timidly.

"As clerk in a retail dry goods store up town," he answered. "Remain just where you are until I summon a cab," he said, turning away. "I won't be long."

He had barely stepped to the edge of the pavement ere the manageress of the agency, with a white, anxious face, called to Doris.

"My child," she said, leaning over her desk, "would you mind telling me what that gentleman was saying to you? My motive for asking you you shall know hereafter."

In a few brief words Doris related the conversation verbatim.

"I thought as much," replied the manageress, her face dark with anger. "Would to heaven we could find a law to punish such wretches. That man is a well-known rone; a greater rascal does not walk the streets of New York. Young girls should never speak to strangers," she went on, as she gazed at the lovely young face. "Many a trap is set for the feet of the innocent and unwary in a great, wicked city like New York. You must leave here at once," she said, thoughtfully, "before he comes back, and remember—I give you my best advice when I say, flee from that man as though he were accursed. He is not a man for you to know or trust. I almost ask it as a prayer—for your sake, mind."

"I will," replied Doris, sobbing out her gratitude.

"I think I will break from our general rule, in this one instance, and help you to a situation, child."

As she spoke she hurriedly wrote down the addresses of three or four ladies whose names were on her books, in want of a governess for children.

"I sincerely hope you will be successful with some one of these," she said, handing the card to Doris.

A moment later, dazed and bewildered Doris found herself on the street again. She had scarcely proceeded half a block ere she found herself face to face with the handsome stranger again.

"Where now, my pretty one? Where are you going, I say?" he asked, laying a detaining hand on her arm. "You did not wait for me to return."

For one moment Doris's heart almost ceased beating as she gazed up into the dark, angry face, lit up by the bold black eyes that were regarding her so intently.

"I—I have changed my mind," she said, desperately, as she shook off the touch of that white hand from her arm; "I do not want the position."

"Some one has been putting nonsense into your head!" he exclaimed, angrily. "I won't be trifled with in this way. Come!"

"Sir!" cried Doris, haughtily, "how dare you speak so to me? I am young, but I am no coward, sir!" she retorted, spiritedly. "You cannot compel me, and you have no right to urge me to accept a situation I do not wish. Let go my arm instantly and let me pass!" she panted.

"Dear me!" he cried, "what a little whirlwind! By George, now, whenever a man tells me women lose their beauty when they are thoroughly angry, that man and I will have a subject to argue on worthy of the eloquence of a politician."

In a flash Doris flew past him, hurrying down the thoroughfare like a panting, storm-driven swallow. The thrilling event which had just transpired had, at least, taught her a severe lesson; she must have nothing to say to strangers.

"There seems to be so little faith that can be placed in any one in this world," she sobbed, drawing her thick veil closer over her tear-stained face.

Doris read the three names on the card.

"I will go to the one whose name is on the list first. No doubt that is the nearest."

She had some difficulty in making out the right car which she was to take; but at length she reached Mrs. Longworth's elegant mansion on Fifth avenue.

She might well open her eyes in wonder at the magnificence displayed in this luxuriant home.

"Applying for position of governess? Ah, yes you're the fifth one this morning so far," said the footman. "You will step this way to my lady's boudoir."

Doris followed him through the hall, with its crimson velvet carpets and handsome chairs, up the broad staircase where the flowers and statues gave the place an aspect of fairyland. She saw before her a long, broad corridor, where hung some superb pictures. The man drew aside a heavy velvet curtain, and she was in Mrs. Longworth's boudoir, in the presence of that lady herself.

"Miss Brandon, who wishes to apply for the governess's position," announced the footman.

Doris stepped timidly forward, her face flushing under the sharp scrutiny of the keen, cold gray eyes bent upon her.

"Really," said Mrs. Longworth, indicating a seat with a haughty wave of her jeweled hand. "Can it be possible you are applying for my situation?"

Doris modestly answered:—

"Yes, madame."

"You are so young to teach my child—scarcely more than a child yourself."

"I am seventeen," replied Doris, in a low sweet voice.

"What are your accomplishments, young lady? I suppose you have a thorough knowledge of the languages, music, drawing, etc. I should like to hear you read. Ah, here is a French novel, and in French. This will do."

Doris took up the book, and her clear, well-modulated accents rather pleased the lady.

"I have but one child—a little daughter," she said; "and as she is destined to be more than ordinarily plain-looking I should like her to be clever and accomplished. Will you read me a little Italian? Then you may sit down at the piano and play a few bars of something."

And Doris read again, the sweet, soft Italian falling like clear notes from her lips. Doris confessed to not being very well accomplished in music.

"That will do. And now about the remuneration expected. Taking into consideration the fact that I shall have to pay expensive masters for the branches in which you are deficient, I thought of offering you one hundred dollars a year."

Less—much less—than she paid to the humblest servant in her house. The cook would have laughed at such a sum; the housemaids have indignantly refused it; the footmen have considered themselves insulted at such an offer; but Doris, ignorant of all this, thought it a magnificent sum, indeed.

"A hundred dollars a year!" she repeated.

Mrs. Longworth, whose conscience was not quite dead, thought she was reproaching her.

"We would begin with that," she said "If I found my child improved under your care, I would increase it. Can you come to me soon?"

"At once, if you would like," replied Doris, gratefully.

"There remains only one thing, and that is references. Of course, having come from the bureau, you have good ones."

"I have none," replied Doris, simply. "I have no one to whom I could refer."

"In that case," replied Mrs. Longworth, "please consider our interview ended; and I shall not fail to express my indignation to the manager of the bureau for having dared to send me a person who had no reference to offer. Good morning." And with a cold bow, she turned to her book, as though to intimate she had nothing further to say.

There was a burning flush on Doris's face as she passed out of the elegant mansion.

"I must not lose heart," she said to herself. "I will try Mrs. Heath next."

Again Doris found herself mounting the steps of a magnificent mansion in the fashionable portion of the city.

Mrs. Heath looked up in wonder at the fair young girl ushered into her presence. Briefly Doris stated her errand

"I may as well state, in the first place, that I have no references to offer," thought Doris; and she acted on the impulse of the moment.

"In that case it is a pity you troubled yourself by coming here," said Mrs. Heath, curtly. "You will not suit me."

Doris brushed back the tears in her blue eyes, and sought the third address on the list.

"Yes, Mrs. Dorchester is at home, Miss," said the servant, ushering Doris into a superb drawing-room. "Be seated."

It seemed to Doris she must have been seated in the drawing-room quite half an hour, waiting patiently, when suddenly she heard footsteps and the rustle of a silken robe. The next moment the door opened, and an elegantly dressed lady swept into the room. She started violently as her eyes fell upon Doris's face.

CHAPTER XI—MRS. DORCHESTER'S COMPANION.

Like one fascinated, the lady stood motionless in the doorway, gazing at the rare beauty of the flower-like, girlish face before her.

In a moment she recovered herself and stepped forward.

"I am Mrs. Dorchester," she said, in a voice that was thoroughly refined and musical—"what can I do for you?"

"I am Miss Brandon," said Doris, timidly. "I have called from the registry office in response to your application for a governess."

"A governess!" repeated the lady. "There has been a mistake. I want a companion."

"I should like that quite as much as being a governess," said Doris, eagerly, "if I could only please you."

Mrs. Dorchester looked at her anxiously.

"Do you know," she said—and Doris was struck with the bitterness in her voice—"that you have a very beautiful face?"

"No one ever told me so before," said Doris, honestly. "Yet even were that the case, that fact could give me no pleasure."

"No pleasure," repeated the lady; and again Doris was struck by the exceeding bitterness of her voice. "Ah, if I had a face like yours, I would give the world, and everything else in it; and yet you—to whom God has been so good—you do not prize it."

"No," said Doris.

"Then you are not vain," replied Mrs. Dorchester, looking pleased. "If you came to me, I should want you to dress exceedingly plain — severely, strictly plain. I should want all that beautiful golden hair brushed tightly back from your face, and done up in a small knot at the back of your head. You would not like that."

"It would not matter to me, madame, if you were pleased with me," replied Doris; and again the lady looked gratified. She was glad to be assured that the lovely young stranger did not care about being attractive.

"Your duties would be very light," she pursued. "I would want you to sit with me and talk to me. Sing to me that I could close my eyes and forget for a brief while. I am very lonely. I should like you to clasp my hands, and soothe me with gentle words, much as you would a tired child. I am very lonely. I would want you to cheer me."

"I would do my best," replied Doris, wondering greatly what manner of woman this was, who, surrounded by every luxury that the heart could desire, appeared so sad and lonely in all this splendor.

As if reading her very thoughts, the lady went on, sharply:—

"I do not care much for society. I have found it fickle and unstable. I have a horror of being courted and flattered for my wealth. I might have been happier had I been poor like you. My money will not buy me that which I crave above everything else in this world. If I had a beautiful face I might win my heart's desire," she went on, wistfully, tears filling her eyes, and her bosom heaving convulsively. "If I had been offered my choice of all the gifts that heaven gives to men and women, I should have chosen beauty."

Doris looked up into the plain, homely face of the unhappy lady in wonder. If Doris had but known the pitiful story of her life, she could have understood that bitter longing.

"I want some one near me who is very sympathetic," she said, earnestly. "You please me better than any one else whom they have sent from the agency. You will not complain at the stipulation. I am sure we can agree as to terms."

"Oh, yes, madame. I am sure of that," responded Doris.

Suddenly a thought seemed to flit through Mrs. Dorchester's brain. Rising hurriedly, she crossed to the mantel and took from it a cabinet photograph, which was inclosed in a closed velvet case.

"This is my husband's portrait," she said, opening the case and handing it to Doris. "Although he married me—a plain woman—he is a great beauty-worshiper," she said, eyeing Doris keenly as she spoke.

One glance at the pictured face, and Doris turned pale and red by turns, almost falling to the floor in a deep swoon.

The pictured face, smiling up at her from the crimson velvet frame, was the dark, handsome, wicked face of the stranger who had accosted her on the agency steps.

Before Doris could utter the cry of astonishment and dismay that rose to her lips, there was the sound of approaching footsteps, the door was thrown open, and handsome, dashing Lawrence Dorchester, the merchant prince, stood on the threshold. Yes, there was no mistake. Her persecutor of the morning was the original of the portrait she still held clutched in her trembling hand.

His wife, watching him intently, noted the start of surprise, and heard the exclamation that he crushed back as his eyes fell upon Doris.

"This young lady, Miss Brandon, has applied for the position of companion to me, Lawrence," explained Mrs. Dorchester.

A perfect rapture of delight shone in his black eyes.

"She is admirably suited for it, I am sure—most admirably. You cannot do better than engage this very charming young lady at once. She will be a capital acquisition to our household, which has been dull beyond all endurance."

No more embarrassing situation could be imagined. Mrs. Dorchester drew herself up with a proud, stately air. She grew white to the lips.

It pained her to the very heart's core to have the secret sorrow of her life thus rudely laid bare before this young stranger.

"Engage this pretty girl, by all means, my dear," he said, turning to his wife with a low bow. "I am glad to see you are overcoming your prejudice. My wife has always had a constitutional horror of pretty faces, as I have a constitutional liking for them," he said, with a laugh, turning to Doris. "I leave you to make your own arrangements. I shall be pleased to see you installed in my house."

With a very elaborate bow to both, he quitted the room, smiling to Doris as he closed the door.

"My husband does not mean anything by his flowery manner of speech," said Mrs. Dorchester, forcing a painful smile to her white, trembling lips. And Doris saw the effort she made to control herself. Then, after a pause, the unhappy lady looked up at her.

"I am very sorry," she said, "very sorry; but you are too young. I—I need some one older than you. I cannot engage you."

(To Be Continued.)

High Grade the Cheapest.

Recent efficient tests have shown that the loss of power from the bearings of a good bicycle is very small, and that the loss due to the chain is exceedingly small when the best chain is used, while, with the poorer sort the loss from bearings and chain is considerable—in other words, nearly all the energy applied to a thoroughly good bicycle is actually used in propelling it, the friction of bearings and chain being too small to consider in the best machines.

Has Its Compensations.

"I notice there's a good deal of ague in this part of the country," said the tourist, who had stopped at the farmhouse for a drink of water. "That's a great drawback. It unfits a man for work entirely, does it not?"

"Gener'ly it does," said the sallow woman who had handed him a tin cup. "Still, when John has a right hard fit of the shakes we fasten the churn dasher to him, and he brings the butter inside of 15 minutes."—Chicago Tribune.

Another Lyric Gem.

Many queer things come an editor's way in "the poetry line," but if there were prizes for poetry the following, from the prolific state of Tennessee, would certainly be entitled to consideration:

I was born in the state of Tennessee
In eighteen hundred and sixty-three.
I pray the Lord to have mercy on me!

went and fought for my country free,
Losing one leg as slick as could be.
Now I pray the Lord to have mercy on me!

I marched with Jackson, I followed Lee
When the night was so dark that you couldn't see,
Asking the Lord to have mercy on me!

Now the war's over: I cannot see
To follow Jackson or Robert Lee,
And the Lord and the state don't have mercy on me!

—Atlanta Constitution.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

Funny Toothache Cures.

Before the days of dentists, and when people generally believed in the value of charms, there were ever so many mysterious ways of preventing toothache.

One of these was to dress the right side of the body first—right stocking, right shoe, right sleeve, right glove. A favorite plan in Scotland was to draw a tooth, salt it well and burn it in full view on glowing coals. In Cornwall many save their teeth by biting the first young ferns that appear.

The custom of catching a common ground mole, cutting off the paws while the little creature still lives, and wearing them, is traced to Staffordshire, England. Some people who are fond of exercise believe that walking 12 miles—no more, no less—to get a splinter of the toothache tree that grows particularly well in Canada and Virginia will drive away the worst ache and pain that ever tortured a poor tooth.

The belief that toothache is caused by a worm at the roots is prevalent in many parts of the world; hence this cure: Reduce several different kinds of herbs—the greater variety the better—to a powder. Put a glowing cinder into this powder and inhale the incense. Afterward breathe into a cup of water and the worm will be gone forever.

Extraordinary Drinks.

Of the many extraordinary drinks regularly consumed the blood of live horses may perhaps be considered the most so. Marco Polo and Carpini were the first to tell the world of the practice of the Tartars and Mongols opening the vein in their horses' necks, taking a drink and closing the wound again. As far as can be seen this has been the practice from time immemorial.

There is a wine habitually consumed in China which is made from the flesh of lambs reduced to paste with milk or bruised into pulp with rice and then fermented. It is exceptionally strong and nutritious and powerfully stimulating to the physical organism.

The Laplanders drink a great deal of smoked snow water, and one of the national drinks of the Tonquinese is arrack flavored with chickens' blood. The list would scarcely be complete without mention of absinthe, which may be called the national spirituous drink of France. It is a horrible compound of alcohol, anise, coriander, fennel, wormwood, indigo and sulphate of copper. It is strong, nasty and a moral and physical poison.

They Will Say It.

Mrs. Peck—Henry, when I married you—

Mr. Peck—There, I'm glad you've made up your mind to admit it at last.

A moment later the neighbors saw him running down the street without his hat.—Chicago News.

Origin of the Proverb.

Hungry Higgins—I don't see how these proverb guys make it out that time is money.

Weary Watkins—Jist listen at you! As if you'd never heard the judge make it so many dollars or so many days.—Indianapolis Journal.

Home Ways.

The Soldier's Mother—I got a letter from George today, and he is grumbling about the victuals in the army.

The Soldier's Wife—I am glad to hear that he is making himself at home.—Indianapolis Journal.

Snow Trade In Sicily.

The principal export from Catania is snow, in which a most lucrative trade is carried on in Malta and parts of southern Italy. It is collected during the winter in hollows in the mountains and covered with ashes to prevent its thawing. It is brought down in panniers on mules to the coast at night. The revenue derived from this source is immense and renders the Prince of Paterno one of the richest men in Sicily. Snow is the universal luxury from the highest to the lowest rank and is sold at the rate of 4 cents for 30 ounces. The poorest cobbler there would rather deprive himself of his dinner than of his glass of "aqua gelata."

It is extensively used in hospitals and a scarcity of it would be considered almost as great a misfortune as a famine and would occasion popular tumult. To guard against such accidents the government at Naples has made the providing of it a monopoly, the contractors being required to give security to the amount of 60,000 ducats, which sum is forfeited if it can be proved that for one hour the supply has not been equal to the demand.

The Savage and the Birdcage.

A gentleman who went out with Stanley to Africa took with him a number of birdcages, in which he hoped to bring back some specimens of the rarer birds of the interior. Owing to the death of his carriers he was obliged to throw away the birdcages with a number of other articles. These were seized by the natives in great glee, though they did not know what to do with them, but they eventually decided that the small circular cages were a kind of headgear, and, knocking off the bottom, the chiefs strutted about in them with evident pride. One chief, thinking himself more wise than the others and having seen the white men eat at table out of dishes, thought they were receptacles for food and took his meals from one, ceremoniously opening and shutting the door between each mouthful.

A Fair Question.

Cabman (to distracted old lady, who, after much search, has produced a threepenny bit and nine pennies in payment for a drive of two miles)—I say, missus, 'ow long 'ave yer been a savin up for this 'ere fare?"—Judy.

CONSUMPTION.

What a Well-Known Medical Journal Says About This King of Disease.

"This is essentially an age of scientific progress. Science and invention go hand in hand. Thanks to a distinguished chemist consumption is robbed of its terrors, deprived of its destructiveness, and this insidious disease can first be relieved and then cured. But to accomplish a cure that is final and effective there must be constant persistency in treatment and right living. The sufferer must take the right medical relief, rightly administered. By the labor, skill and research of an eminent chemist, T. A. Slocum, consumption can be both relieved and cured."—Medical Tribune.

Three free sample bottles of the Slocum Cure will be sent to any sufferer from consumption, lung or throat troubles or general debility, if name address and express office are sent to The T. A. Slocum Chemical Co., Limited, 177 King street west, Toronto, Ont. This is a genuine offer, and if the reader is—or knows a friend who is—a sufferer, send at once for the free samples and mention this paper.

The geniality of some people amounts to a positive blemish in character.

AN EPILEPTIC SUFFERER.

A FENLON FARMER TELLS OF HIS REMARKABLE CURE.

At Regular Intervals He Was Subject to Fits, and Doctors Told Him the Trouble Was Incurable—Now Free From the Malady.

From the wardner, Lindsay, Ont.

Mr. Robert McGee, of the 9th concession of Fenlon, Victoria county, says in speaking of his cure from this terrible malady:—"I am 35 years of age and live on the old homestead where I was born and have lived always since, and where my own little family were born. This part of Fenlon is known as McGee's Settlement, there are so many of that name living in the vicinity. Never in my life did I know what a day's sickness was until March, 1895, when without any known cause and without any warning I was stricken down with an epileptic fit. It came on in the night, causing great consternation in the household, as my wife, who never saw anything of the kind before, thought it was my end: as for myself I neither felt nor knew anything that was going on about me. After coming out of the convulsion, which they tell me usually lasted from fifteen to thirty minutes, I would fall into a heavy sleep from which I would awake with a dull, heavy feeling, and all the muscles of my body would be sore. This would pass away and in a day or two after the attack I would be able to attend to my farm work, but strange to say every four months after as regular as a clock I would be seized with a fit, which always came on in the night. Various doctors and specialists were consulted and I took several different medicines, but without effecting a cure. Several doctors said the disease was incurable. I read of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in the newspapers and was advised by friends who had experienced cures from other seemingly incurable ailments, to try them. In November 1896 I commenced and kept on taking them regularly for a year. The dreaded period passed and passed again and again without a repetition of my trouble, and I felt that I was at last released from this terrible malady. I am now in the best of health, and I attribute my cure to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. In conversation with Mrs. McGee she said that her husband's trouble was the cause of most seriously affecting her nerves and general health, as she was always living in dread, and could never enjoy a night's rest. The slightest noise would startle her, and if it had not been for the kindness of a neighbor who always came and stayed at the house over night, she believes she would have broken down altogether. She also is thankful for the great change that has been wrought, and is only too glad to let others with similar afflictions know that there is a remedy for this terrible disease.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure by going to the root of the disease. They renew and build up the blood, and strengthen the nerves, thus driving disease from the system. Avoid imitations by insisting that every box you purchase is enclosed in a wrapper bearing the full trade mark, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. If your dealer does not keep them they will be sent post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Jack Tar at a Christening.

A sailor went up to the font to have his baby baptized. Sailors as a class claim little stock in babies, and, naturally enough, this one presented the infant feet foremost.

"The other way," said the minister, and, accordingly, Jack turned the infant upside down.

"Excuse me," said the clergyman, "I mean the other way." So back came the embryo foretopman to the first position, to the discouragement of everybody.

"Wind it, Jack," said the nautical assistant, and with an "Aye, aye, sir," Jack promptly turned the baby end for end, and it was duly christened head first—"On a Man-of-war."

DON'T CHIDE THE CHILDREN.

Don't scold the little ones if the bed is wet in the morning. It isn't the child's fault. Weak kidneys need strengthening—that's all. You can't afford to risk delay. Neglect may entail a lifetime of suffering.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Strengthen the Kidneys and Bladder, then all trouble ceases.

Mr. John Carson, employed at M. S. Bradt & Co.'s store, Hamilton, Ont., says: "My little boy seven years of age has been troubled with his kidneys since birth and could not hold his water. We spent hundreds of dollars doctoring and tried many different remedies, but they were of no avail. One box of Doan's Kidney Pills completely cured him."

HUMOR

A SUDDEN CHANGE.

What Caused the Thermometer to Drop In Mr. Roxtoburn's Office.

The weather was very warm, and Mr. Roxtoburn was very fat. Consequently Mr. Roxtoburn was not happy. He sat in his luxuriously furnished private office mopping the perspiration from his brow and abusing the weather bureau. He knew very well that losing his temper would not tend to make him cooler, but he lost his temper just the same.

Presently the door opened softly, and the head clerk entered. "Good morning, Mr. Roxtoburn," he said with an apologetic cough.

"Well, what is it?" growled his employer. "Don't waste my time in senseless greetings. What do you want?"

"I merely wished to ask," replied the clerk timidly, "if you thought it was hot enough"—

"Hot enough!" interrupted Mr. Roxtoburn. "What do you mean? Hot enough! Can't you see I'm on the verge of prostration? How dare you bother me with such fool questions? Another such impertinence from you will cost you your place."

"I beg your pardon, sir," ventured the trembling clerk when his employer paused to gasp for breath. "I am afraid I did not make my meaning quite clear. I only wanted to ask if you thought the heat was great enough to make it necessary to start the electric fans in the clerks' office."

"Start the electric fans!" exclaimed Mr. Roxtoburn. "What on earth do you want of fans on a nice cool day like this? Do you think I am going to pay my money for electricity just because a lot of sap headed clerks like to see the wheels go round. Go back to your work, Legers, and don't bother me again unless you have something of importance to tell me."—New York World.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure 25c.

To bear disappointment bravely is to disconcert the fates.

Baddeck, June 11, 1897.

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Dear Sirs,—Minard's Liniment is my remedy for NEURALGIA.

It relieves at once.

A. S. McDONALD.

All women are pleased with the judgment of Paris—when he comes to fashions.

Minard's Liniment the Lumberman's Friend.

Whenever a bachelor begins to investigate a girl's cooking he means business.

Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians.

A driving rein is all right for the horseman, but a light shower satisfies the cyclist.

Ask for Minard's Liniment and take no other.

Keeping up appearances often means a frugal diet in order to give an occasional dinner.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.

First Cat—Why so sad tonight, Thomas? Second Cat—I feel so lonely and neglected. I've been weeping and wailing for an hour and nobody has thrown anything at me."

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

The only sure thing about life is the end thereof.

People who drown their troubles usually preserve them in alcohol.

Some novels are bound in a uniform style of the fatigue stripe.

The less heart a man puts into a task the more labor it requires.

The cup of happiness usually springs a leak before it begins to run over.

Some girls set their caps for husbands, and others set their capital for titles.

The joke you play on another fellow is a mean trick when he plays it on you.

Tannin teas are always highly flavored. Chemicals *are needed to cover* the bitter tannin taste which comes out of these teas in the steeping. But they are vile brews *after they are cooled* and their false flavors have fled. **MONSOON** Indo-Ceylon **TEA** at 25c is an imperial quality compared with any of these tannin teas sold at 40c. But *try Monsoon Tea* in the pound packets at 40c.

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Through Any Physical Strain

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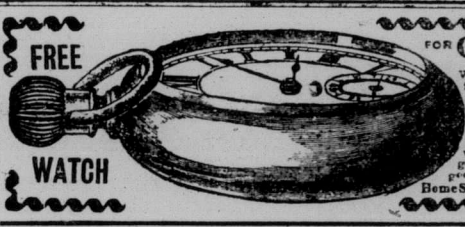

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Earn this valuable Watch, Chain and Charm by selling twenty **Topaz Scarf Pins**, at 15 cents each. Send your address and we forward the Pins and our Premium List, postpaid. No money required. These Pins will almost sell themselves, for the Topaz has all the brilliance of the best diamonds, and has never before been offered at anything like this price. The Watch is neat in appearance, thoroughly well made, and fully guaranteed. Unsold Pins may be returned. Mention this paper when writing.

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PUT YOUR FINGER ON YOUR PULSE.

If It is Weak or Irregular don't Hesitate to Start the use of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills at once.

With a strong, steady, regular pulse we may expect vigorous health.

With a weak, irregular, intermittent pulse we can tell at once the vitality is low—that Dizzy and Faint Spells, Smothering and Sinking Sensations and similar conditions are bound to ensue.

By their action in strengthening the heart, toning the nerves and enriching the blood, Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills relieve and cure all those distressing conditions just enumerated.

Mrs. B. Croft, residing on Waterloo Street, St. John, N.B., says:

"For some time past I have suffered from pallor, weakness and nervous prostration, I had palpitation and irregular beating of the heart so severe as to cause me great alarm. I was treated by physicians, but got no permanent relief.

"I am glad to say that from Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills I derived the first real benefit that I ever got from any medicine. My appetite is improved, my entire system toned up, and I can do no less than cheerfully recommend these pills to all requiring a reliable heart and nerve tonic."

Miss Mary E. Hicks, South Bay, Ont., says Laxa-Liver Pills cured her of Sick Headache, from which she had suffered for a year.

TWO NUISANCES THAT CAN'T BE -BROOKED-

You've met them both I think.

BISCUIT AND BREAD that is n't cooked and

STUFF you cannot drink.

IF you want to get rid of both

USE

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER

-AND-

WHITE STAR --- --- HEALTH COFFEY

The most refreshing drink of modern times.

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Difference between Paper and Wool Roofing: Paper dries and becomes brittle. The Wool is elastic and tough. Has never been known to crack: 8 years has established its reliability—wind and water proof.

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You Pay Nothing. SIMPLY SEND YOUR NAME **and ADDRESS ON A POST CARD** and we will send you 12 packages of Petal Perfume to sell for us, if you can; at 10 cents each. When sold send us our money, and we will send you **FREE** both prizes. (To each month is dedicated a precious stone. Anyone wearing the stone of their birth-month insures them great and unfailing good luck.) These Birthday Rings surpass in beauty any **FREE** premium ever offered. Send address on Post Card. No money required. Perfume returnable if not sold. Mention this paper. **Petal Perfume Co.** 9½ Adelaide St. E., TORONTO, ONT.

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We give this fine watch, chain and charm, for selling two doz. LEVER COLLAR BUTTONS, at ten cts. each. Send your address and we forward the Buttons, postpaid, and our Premium List. No money required. Sell the Buttons among your friends, return the money, and we send the watch, prepaid. A genuine American watch, guaranteed, for a few hours' work. Mention this paper when writing.

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IF NOT SATISFIED, MONEY REFUNDED.

CARDSTON RECORD.

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An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Wednesday at Cardston.

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Editor and Proprietor.

Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

THE EDITOR does not assume responsibility for the views or statements expressed by any of THE RECORD'S contributors.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance.

Advertising Rates on application.

In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisments they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisments will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

In case a subscriber does not receive THE RECORD weekly, notice should be sent to the publication office, Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta, when the complaint will be thoroughly investigated.

Copy for change of advertisments MUST not be in later than Saturday noon.

Cardston, November 23, 1898.

EDITORIAL CYNICISM,

Editors are said to be cynical. Is it any wonder? What other profession meet with such constant and universal ingratitude? Through what other man's life does this black sin so persistently drag its slimy form? No other vocation is so full of unselfishness, helps so many people, builds so many fortunes, makes so many reputations. No other is so given to expressions of kindness and sympathy and benevolence. The editor has a word of encouragement for every work of enterprise and philanthropy, has words of approval for every deserving public act, sends sunshine and and happiness into thousands of lives. The nepswaper is never printed which has not something to help some one. Scientists, scholars, divines, politicians, tradesmen, statesmen, by the million, owe their fame and prosperity to the editor. Nor does he help only those whom the world calls great. He ia a friend to the friendless, and a constant benefactor to all classes. And his kindness stops not with the grave. His is the hand which pays the last tribute of affection, often to an enemy. And yet how rarely is he thanked. How few manifest any appreciation of what he does for them. His benevolence is accepted as a matter of course. How many repay him with the basest ingratitude. Is it any wonder that he is full of cynicism and even bitterness when he thus continually encounters the coldness, the meanness, the emptiness of human nature.—The Country Editor.

Deseret News
and
The Record
one year
for $3.50

A simple remedy against "catching cold" is said to be to inhale three or four deep breaths of fresh air, expand the lungs to their full capacity, holding the inhaled air as long as possible and then slowly exhaling it through the nostrils. The remedy has been tried successfully by men on sentinel duty who are exposed to cold weather. The explanation is that a cold is the result of a stoppage somewhere of the free circulation of the blood, brought about by the sudden lowering of the temperature. The question, therefore, is to restore the quick flow of warm blood through every vein and by natural heat counteract the chill. The inflation of the lungs sets the heart into such quick motion that the blood is driven with unusual force along its channels into the smallest veins.

The RECORD & Montreal Family Herald & Weekly Star, one year for $2.75.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

15 below zero.

Very cold weather.

The Kearl Hotel is assuming shape. It will be one of Cardston's largest buildings, and a credit to the place.

R. A. Pilling and family arrived home from Cranbrook, B. C. on Sunday evening. Mr. Pilling will return to B. C.

On account of the extremely cold weather, few ranchers were in attendance at the conference of the Later Day Saints Sunday and Monday.

R. Burton Deane, Supt. Commanding N. W. M. Police in Macleod and Lethbridge districts, was in Cardston one day last week.

Const. Edwards had a finger amputated this week.—Macleod Gazette.

Wheat and oats taken on subscription at this office.

The Nor'-West Farmer, Winnipeg, will now be issued semi-monthly. It is a paper which every farmer should have in his house.

The Leishman Bros. threshed 32,325 bushels of grain this season. There were three other threshers kept constantly busy hereabouts.

We have received at this office the Ordinances of the N. W. T., passed in the fourth session of the third Legislative Assembly.

Our latest exchange is the Cardston Record. It is printed at Cardston, Alberta, Canada, by a son of President Lorenzo Snow, and is a first class home paper.—Tooele (Utah) Transcript.

Born—To the wife of Mr. Edward Caldwell of Mountain View, a daughter Nov. 17th, mother and daughter doing well. Ed. recovering slowly.

Because we work hard for our money is no sign that we should spend it recklessly. It is most embarrasing to be taken ill and have nothing laid aside for the rainy day. It should be a humiliation to be cared for by charity when one should have laid aside a sum for emergencies.—Nor'-West Farmer.

A month—and then Christmas.

Wood taken on subscription at this office.

Friday night was the coldest of the Winter.

J. O. Young came down from the Talbot lumber mill one day last week.

Victar Gay can now walk around fairly well. The boy's rapid mend is a very pleasant surprise to all.

S. Low is now prepared to do work in the photographic line. See his card in today's RECORD, on front page.

A book of notes only 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

Review of Reviews, (Am) for sale at this office.

The Weekly Globe, Toronto, $1.00 a year. THE RECORD has agency.

When you want to sell or buy anything, place a notice in THE RECORD, and you will be pleased with the result.

Fifteen cents pays for the Toronto Weekly Globe to the end of the year. Bring your 15 cts to THE RECORD Office.

NOTICE,—Parties oweing Lundburg & Neilson, blacksmiths, will save themselves trouble and expense by calling and settling their accounts AT ONCE at RECORD Office.

$2.00 will pay for THE RECORD to the end of the century—January 1st, 1900.

To all new subscribers for 1899, we will send THE RECORD free for the balance of 1898.

When you want receipt or note Books call at THE RECORD Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts. You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

For one dollar per annum you can have your house insured against loss by fire to the amount of $100. C. E. Snow is Agent for the Western Fire Assurance, the Queens and the British American Assurance Companys whose aggregate assets is $5,000,000.

PEOPLING OUR PRAIRIES.

One of the pleasing features of present situation is the improved outlook for securing good settlers for our rich agricultural lands. Settlement has been gradually on the increase during the past two years, as has been shown by the steady increase in the demands for farms throughout the country. During the month of October it is estimated that 1,000 new settlers arrived in the west, which is a large number for a fall month. Free grant lands, which was passed over by the first rush of settlers some years ago, are now being homesteaded by the later arrivals, while others are passing on to new districts being opened up by railway extension, etc. While foreigners from European countries are coming in in large parties and settling in colonies, new settlers from the United States are coming individually or in small parties, and locating here and there all over the country. These later are mostly used to prairie farming and they should make desirable settlers. Great hopes for the near future may be based on this growing tide of immigration from the United States. It is one of the most pleasing developments of the last few years. It is estimated that 6,000 settlers have come in from the United States so far this year compared with only a few hundred at most in previous years. The work which the government has undertaken in the western States is therefore already bearing good fruit. Immigration fron Great Britain has also largely increased this year.

From Europe we have received a number of Galacians. As to the desirablity of encouraging this class of immigration there has been considerable discussion, for which there has no doubt been good reason. Judging from the appearance of these people The Commercial would not regard them as desirable settlers. Appearances however, are sometimes deceptive, and they may turn out all right. Care should be taken not to settle too many together in one district. The more they can be scattered the more quickly will they become assimilated.

A large immigration of an entirely new class of settlers is now about to begin. These are the Doukhobors, or Quakers, of southern Russia, who are leaving that country on account of their objection to military service. They are agriculturists and may prove valuable settlers. The first party will arrive this fall and about 7,000 are expected within the coming year.—Winnipeg Commercial.

SABBATH BREAKING.

Whereas it is expedient to enact a Law against the Profanation of the Lord's Day, commonly called Sunday, which day ought to be duly observed and kept holy: Her majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council Assembly of Canada enacts as follows:

Clause 4. It is not lawful for any person on that day to go out hunting or shooting or in quest of, or to take, kill or destroy any deer, or other game, or any wild animal, or any wild fowl or bird, or to use any dog, gun, rifle, or other engine, net or trap, for the above mentioned purpose.

Clause 5. It is not lawful for any person on that day to go out fishing or to take kill, or destroy any fish.

Penalty: Any person convicted before a justic of the Peace of any act hereinbefore declared to be unlawful upon the oath or affirmation of one or more than one reliable witness, shall be fined in a sum not exceeding forty dollars, nor less than one dollar.

Latter-Day Saints: this law is to be enforced in Cardston, the first one convicted will have an example made of him, and the informer will be

A Latter Day Saint.

Subscribe for THE RECORD.

The weekly Globe, Toronto, only $1,00 per annum. THE RECORD has the exclusive agency for THE GLOBE, which is Canada's leading newspaper.

For 15 cts. you can get the Weekly Globe of Toronto for the balance of this year. It is a 16 page paper containing 112 columns of interesting news. Bring your 15 cts. to the Record office at once.

The Record.
$2.00

CARDSTON HAS A

Shoe shop.
Restaurant.
Barber shop.
Meat market.
Good schools.
Livery stables.
Skillful physician.
Blacksmith shops.
A flourishing bank.
The best cereal-raising soil in the world.
Many tributary settlements which act as feeders.
Clear, pure and palatable drinking watter fresh from the mountain brooks.
Numerous comfortable residences, commodious dancing hall and private business houses.
Numerous flourishing business houses such as banking and general merchandise and stationery stores.
Lee's creek, affording excellent and almost unlimited water power for all kinds of manufacturing establishments.
THE RECORD, a local newspaper which will always be found bright, progressive, and a friend to Southern Alberta in particular and Western Canada in general.

Following is a list of the publications for sale at the RECORD OFFICE:

Puck
Judge
Strand
Argosy
Quaker
Nickell
Tit Bits
Success
Puritan
Squibbs
Vanity Fair
N. Y. World
Wide World
Metropolitan
Cosmopolitan
Munsey Maga.
New Illustrated
McClures Maga.
Canadian Maga.
Broadway Maga.
Review of Reviews (Eng)
Review of Reviews (Am.)
Frank Leslie's Popular Mon'ly.

James Evans is building a house on the south of Lee's Creek.

Wolsey & Evans, Contractors and Builders, have their card in this number of THE RECORD.

W. M. Wolsey went out to the Kootaney on Monday morning. He is superintending the building of the bridge across the river.

Mr. Burns, while stepping on a ladder, fell and sustained injuries which have compelled him to remain from work on the Kearl Hotel.

Our job press has been busy all the week past printing wedding invitations for Mr. Edward Leavitt; statements and envelopes for Gay & Wight Co; letter heads, statements and envelopes for Mr. Bert Talbot; dodgers for Mr. S. Low, etc.

Mr. R. C. Laurie, district engineer, with his party arrived from Cardston on Saturday, having completed the survey of trails in that district. His party have now gone on to Medcine Hat, and Mr. Laurie has gone over to Pace's crossing of the Kootenai river to lay out the work for the contractor, Mr. J. B. Bright, who has secured the contract for the erection of the substructure of the bridge across the river at that point.—Lethbridge News.

The Cardston RECORD and the Toronto Daily Globe $3.00 a year. The Globe is Canada's greatest newspaper, containing all the news of the world and is issued every 24 hours, 365 times a year. Free sample copies can be had for the asking at the RECORD office. If you see it we know you will subscribe for it.

Mr. S. H. Thomas, departed for a two year's mission to Manitoba Saturday morning. He will proceed direct to Winnipeg, remain there a few days and then return to Brandon, in which city he will labor for the present. Friday evening there was given an enjoyable party in the Kearl Hall in Elder Thomas' honor. The best wishes of his scores of friends go with him and THE RECORD hopes to receive communication from the gentleman's gifted pen.

Cold Weather
makes us look for
Underwear, German Sox,
Over-shoes and Fur Coats.

First Snow Fall
will require Bob-sleds and
Snow Packs.

All these you can get at
lowest Prices from
The Cardston Co. Ltd

Get a Suit of All Wool
Underwear for $1.00.

Gay & Wight,
Contractors & Builders.

Estimates given on all kinds of work free. We have expert workmen, that we send out in the country to do work at short notice.

Don't forget our black smith and wagon shop. We have the best material money can buy, and we guarantee our workmanship. Only shop in town where you can get An 1 Steel Buggie tires.

Machinery Repaired and Refitted.

Thanking the public for their past patronage and asking the continuation of the same.

Yours respectfully,

Gay & Wight.

R. C. BECK.
Contractor & Builder.
All work neatly executed, and Satisfaction Guaranteed.
CABINET WORK A SPECIALTY.

NOTICE—Parties owing THE RECORD for advertisments and subscriptions will confer a favor by settling their accounts this month as we have bills of our own which must be paid at once.

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends, 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

FOR SALE: Four room house Good well water. Nice location. Enquire at RECORD office, next to Bank.*

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

FOR SALE—Model 1 Improved Hand Printing Press, Chase 5x8. At RECORD Office.*

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, both one year for $2.50.

The Record
$2.00

Public Thanksgiving Service will be held at the Presbyterian Hall Cardston Here on Thursday

Meat Market.
Wm. Wood.
Fresh Meats of all kinds constantly on hand.

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.
All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.
Cardston. . . . . Alberta.

Samuel Cox,
Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting, & Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
CARDSTON. . . ALBERTA.

BLACKSMITH SHOP.
The undersigned wishes to inform the public that he is opening a shoeing shop in his old stand.
HORSE SHOEING A SPECIALTY.
L. F. Bonnell.

Read THE RECORD
THE
CARDSTON RECORD
2.00 per year.

ADVERTISE.
HERE.

Livery, Feed & Sale Stables
Kearl & Sharp, Props.

Good outfits furnished at all hours.

Rates Reasonable.

Kearl & Sharp.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1898. NO. 18.

READ ALL OF THIS.

Of the scores of exchanges received at this office, the Brigham City, Utah, BUGLER is one of the best. Following are a few interesting items we clipped from the last number received:

A wise old head says take in all the enjoyment you can now with the expectation of being a long time dead.

A writer says just when you are beginning to think that after all you know one man who is a true, unselfish friend he comes around and tries to borrow money.

A writer says it takes a lot of rain to keep this old earth in proper condition. A scientific calculation shows that every year 28,000 cubic miles of water fall on the land part of the globe.

In church or in state, it is rule or be ruled; in courtship or marriage, it is fool or be fooled; in logic or in law, it is nick or be nicked; in gambling or trade, it is trick or be tricked; in treaty or in war, it's beat or be beaten; in the struggle of life, it is eat or be eaten; in politics, it is crow or eat crow; in newspaper life, it is hoe your own row.

No half-hearted business goes nowadays. If you would succeed get into some business which is perfectly congenial to your nature — then take off your coat and go to work, tooth and nail. Be ready to grasp all opportunities and "get there" before the other fellow. You don't necessarily have to whoop and yell all the time, but you have some means of letting the world know that you are awake, and the Bugler is that means.

It is a sad story which a western edior tells in mourning the loss of two subscribers. One wanted to know how to rear twins safely, while the other wanted to know how to rid his orchard of grasshoppers. The answer went forward by mail, but by accident transposed the envelopes, so that the man with the twins received this answer: Cover them with straw and set fire to them and the little pests will speedily settle, while the man plagued with grasshoppers was told to give castor oil and rub their gums with a bone.

A fakir billed a town in Oklahoma with these words: "I am coming," and the people wondered what it meant. It was the talk of the town, and in a week or so again appeared the words, "I am here —opera house tonight." The billing had been so mysteriously done that the people flocked to see what it meant. The admission was only 25 cents. The house was filled. When no one else could get in, the fakir had a boy raise the curtain, displaying on an easel a placard on which these words were written in the same bold hand, "I am gone." And he was gone. And he was gone forever.

A western paper says that in the beginning God created the heavens and the earth, then he made the editor, the liberal advertiser and the prompt paying subscriber, and it was good. The next day a blizzard set in and he created the man who did not believe in advertising and another who did not take his home paper, then he rested. Then the devil got into the moulding room and he created the fellow who takes the paper for years and then fails to pay for it. After completing that sorry job and having a few lumps of mouldy mud left he made the excuse for a man who settles his subscription by instructing the postmaster to mark his paper "refused" and he felt so mean about it that he has been kicking himself ever since.

H. C. Colles, of Co'le, was transacting business in Cardston on Friday.

The past week was cold. At times the thermometer registered twenty below zero.

J. G. Gold was down from Mt. View one day this week.

Andrew Gregson and Mr. Tyler were down from Mounsell Bro's. ranch one day last week.

Mr. Thompson, the Inspector of Dominion Lands is paying this district an official visit.

Thanksgiving services were held in the Presbyterian Hall Thursday forenoon, the Rev. C. Hamilton presiding.

SAMPSON OWNS THE MORMONS' MT. SINAI

The tide of freshly awakened interest in Mormonism occasioned by the death of Wilford Woodruff and the succession of Lorenzo Snow to the leadership of the Church brings to light the fact that the "Mount Sinai" of Mormonism is situated on Admiral Sampson's farm near Palmyra, N. Y.

Gold Bible Hill, as the mound is known, is the spot where Joseph Smith, the originator of the faith, claimed under celestial direction to have dug up the gold plates, from the translation of whose graven characters the Mormon Bible resulted.

The place, formerly in the possession of Randall Robinson, passed into the hands of Admiral Sampson while he was still a captain in the navy. His brother, George, with his wife and family, lives in the pretty and commodious white farmhouse and keeps the hundred or more acres under cultivation. Gold Bible Hill itself is fenced off from the main property, and the curiosity of sightseers in regard to it is satisfied at the expense of a small fee. The farm itself, in one of the loveliest bits of that picturesque region, lies midway between Palmyra and Manchester on the main Canandaigua road.

TRIED TO BUY FROM SAMPSON.

In 1893, when a great Mormon revival swept over the land, a syndicate of Latter-Day Saints visited the holy site and made brilliant offers for its purchase. It was their intention to build a memorial chapel to Joseph Smith where the faithful might hold an annual reunion and to which devotees might make pilgrimages.

Admiral Sampson was deaf to all overtures. Nothing could tempt him to part with the historic spot, and after repeated efforts the Mormons were fain to relinquish all hope of gaining possession of their Mecca. Sampson's fear of flooding the country with Mormons was said to have largely influenced his decision.

The story of the finding of the plates of the Prophet Joseph is still one of the cherished traditions of the neighborhood. It was in 1823 when the founder of Mormonism was a youthful, unkempt and shiftless, ne'er-do-well, that he began what he termed his gold-seeking operations on the farms of Wayne County. Smith, at that time, had never been known to do an honest day's work, save on compulsion.

HOW THE PLATES WERE FOUND.

One night in September, according to his version, he went upon the hill to dig for gold, and an angel appeared to him in a vision and pointed out the spot where under a flat stone the gold tablets were discovered, "shining with a Heavenly radiance."

The spectacles, which were part of the "find," by the use of which the prophet afterward "miraculously" translated the inscription were uncommonly like those in every-day use. Smith's description of the celestial music and the chanting of the heavenly host as he drew the golden plates from the earth drew many followers to his banner.

The subsequent growth of the movement and the printing of the Mormon Bible is well known. The feeling in the country against polygamy was very strong, most of the converts were cast off by their families.

The partly filled hole from which the plates were taken is still shown in the hillside.

SETTLERS FOR CARDSTON, CANADA.

Through corespondence received at President Snow's office from President Charles O. Card of Cardston, Canada, it is learned that six hundred new settlers have been added to the Cardston Stake this year, and that work is being pushed by these new-comers on the Alberta irrigation canal, and that there is still plenty of room for many others who contemplate settling in that country in the spring.—Deseret (Ut.) News.

About the tamest thing in Canada is an average election.

War may be resumed between Spain and the United States.

G. P. Ash, J. P., was in town Thursday.

IMMIGRATION HALL.

The writer has interviewed a number of our most prominent townsmen, and without an exception they expressed themselves in favor of the Government locating an immigration building in the town of Cardston.

Six hundred new settlers came in here during the present year, and the indications are that 1899 will be remembered as an "immigration year." Scores of inquiries come to people here from all quarters. Parties want to know about the country, climate, resources, etc., and we think the Government should have a building here for the accommodation of new-comers who cannot secure immediate quarters or locations.

At the present time it is absolutely impossible to obtain any kind of a building in Cardston. Such a state of affairs is not one to encourage immigration. In case we could say, "There is a building in Cardston which will accommodate new-comers until they can build homes for themselves," what a difference it would make!

By all means the Government should take immediate steps toward supplying this sorely needed building.

VILLAGE OF CARDSTON.

THE RECORD predicted in its initial number that Cardston would be organized under some legal form at no distant day. Now the prognostication is all but fulfiled: within twenty days after the publication of this, Cardston will be established, by order of the Lieutenant Governor in Council, as a village, and a day fixed for the election of on overseer.

We will here draw to the attention of those interested in this matter a little Clause in the village Ordinance that is of importance to not only ourselves, but also the public:

"Any notice required by this Ordinance for calling meetings may be published in any newspaper published in such villiage instead of being posted as elsewhere provided herein."

You will please peruse those lines gentlemen, until you have their significance thoroughly imprinted upon your memory.

Already this newspaper has been slighted in this matter in a manner which does little credit to certain individuals who appear vastly interested in the establishment of Cardston as a village.

Deputy Commissioner Dennis has, we chanced to hear, forwarded "notices to be posted up in three conspicuous places within such area (one of which shall be the post office) therein that it is proposed to establish the same as a village after the expiration of thirty days from such posting."

As we are like the majority of the citizens of Cardston, being too busy to look for those "three conspicuous places," we have not read the said notices, but we take it for granted that they were posted up somewhere, notwithstanding the fact that no such notice is to be found in THE RECORD office, the bank or other public (and we believe "conspicuous," places) which we have visited.

Does the individual who posted them up know that a newspaper is published in the Village of Cardston?

There are some things in the Village Ordinance that will work hardships upon the people who reside within the area of the proposed village, one of which is the following:

"No person shall have any stack of grain, hay or straw on any premises within two hundred feet of any building."

That will be of great detriment to any of our people, and proper steps should at once be taken in order to obtain some concessions from the Lieutenant Governor in his matter prior to the establishment of Cardston as a village.

A few miles from the old sight of Ætna is another town rapidly forming. Some distance from Mt. View a settlement is growing. In the Mt. View township all of the homestead quarters have been taken up. Around Cardston a person can find no land for free entry. So it will be seen how rapidly the country is becoming settled.

Photograph Gallery
at the Residence of
S. LOW.
Open on clear days from 12 to 2 pm
Cardston, - - - Alberta.

You Know
Wolsey & Evans,
Contractors & Builders,
W. M. Wolsey. James Evans.
Cardston. - - Alberta.

NOTICE.

The RECORD has received a supply of Stationery fresh from Winnipeg.

Our prices speak for themselves.

Good White Envelopes (25 in bunch) per bunch—5c.
Note Tablet, Nice White, Paper, per Tablet—5c.
Drawing Slates—10c.
Indelible Pencils—10c.
Large Exercise Books—5c.
We have all kinds of printing Stationery, such as:
Wedding Cards, Ball Programs, Note Heads, Cards, Memos., Letter Heads, Statements, Bill Heads, etc., etc.

If you want good goods at low prices you will buy your Stationery at THE Record Office.

The Record one year $2.00

Ladies
Go to **H. S. Allen & Co.**
For Capes & Jackets; Children's & Misses Wraps; Dress Goods; (A fine line.) General Dry Goods. Largest and Best assorted stock ever shown in Cardston.

Gentlemen
Go to **H. S. Allen & Co.**
For Dress Suits; Working Suits; Waterproof overcoats; Pea Jackets; Gent's Furnishings & Fall & Winter goods. Double the quantity ever shown before. Our values are up, our prices down.

C. Edgar Snow, Banker,
Cardston, - - - Alberta.
1898 1898
A general banking business transacted.

LETHBRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.
Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7:30 o'clock, a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $5.00; Round trip, $8.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.
MERCER & McCARTY PROPS.

Getting into Harness!
on or about
Dec. 1st
Propose to open up a shop in Cardston, for the purpose of carrying on a general **Harness & Saddlery** business, a full & complete stock will be carried, and repairing of all kinds promptly and efficiently done.
Quality first & Prices right.
S.H.HORNER

HOTEL DE WOOLF
RATES, $1.50 PER DAY.
Livery & Feed Stable.
Cardston, - Alberta.

H.W.SAVORY,
Boundary Creek (Cardston P.O.) Alta.
Saddle & Work Horses For Sale.

Fire and Life Insurance.
Equitable Life. (Assets $200,000,000.)
British America Fire Assurance Co.
Western Fire Assurance Co.
Agency, RECORD Office.

C. O. CARD,
SUB AGENT
FOR
DOMINION LANDS,
ALSO AGENT FOR
RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY
... AND ...
PRIVATE LANDS.

Singer Sewing Machine and Extras.
PIANOS & ORGANS.
Robert Ibey, Agent.

Get your HAIR cut
AT
Campbell's
- Tonsorial Parlors. -

BERT TALBOT.
Lumber, Shingle and Planing Mills.
Mill on Belly River.
Cardston, - - - Alberta.

Hansen & Taylor
wish to inform the people of Ætna and surrounding district that they will begin business in Ætna on
Wednesday, Nov. 9th.
We will carry a full stock of GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
Our prices will be as low as can be bought for anywhere.
Produce taken in exchange.
Hansen & Taylor.

J. G. GOLD
Mountain View, - - - - - - Alta.
Has **LIME** for Sale.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

WEDNESDAY, NOV 16.

Margaret Davis died at Jordan, Ont., aged 110.

John Shanley was murdered at St. Paul, Minn.

A Grand Trunk train was wrecked near Bowmanville.

A C. P. R. train ran off the track at Havelock, Ont.

British Columbia is importing bananas from Fiji.

Lord and Lady Minto arrived at Ottawa on Tuesday.

The sixteenth annual Baptist congress opened at Buffalo.

Dreyfus is to be notified of the revision of his case.

The annual convention of the K. of L. opened at Chicago.

The international commission held a full session on Tuesday.

The Toronto banquet to Mr. Hardy was an immense success.

United States volunteers at Manila are asking to be brought home.

The trial of Ponton, the alleged bank burglar, will reopen on Monday.

The betrothal of Adelina Patti and Baron Cederstrom is announced.

Mrs. Lilian M. Stevens was elected president of the U. S. W. C. T. U.

Burglars blew open the municipal safe at Altona, Man., and stole $2,500.

W. H. Bullen was unseated for Esquimalt on a scrutiny of the ballots.

Albert Knowles was killed by choke damp in the Porto Rico mine, B. C.

Spain will refuse to sign a treaty of peace relinquishing the Philippines.

Winnipeg business men urge the continuance of the vacant lands agency.

The American Refining company raised the price of sugar a cent a pound.

Hopes are expressed of securing a large immigration of Belgians to Canada.

La Patrie says the Dominion bye-elections will be be held before Christmas.

Thirteen persons were killed in a railway wreck at Murray Hill, near Trenton, Ont.

Twenty persons broke through the ice at Velictusting, Russia, and were drowned.

William Murray, of Beaverton, Ont., was murdered—a boy of fourteen is suspected.

Six cars of war material intended for Esquimalt were sent to St. John, N. B., by mistake.

Trans-Atlantic steamship companies have decided on the winter courses to and from Europe.

Mr. Chamberlain denounced French unfriendliness to Great Britain in a speech at Manchester.

London is greatly excited at rumors of a resumption of hostilities between Spain and United States.

The Christian population of Canea, Crete, held a jubilation on the departure of the Turkish troops.

It is reported that Lt. Gov. Patterson will resign and be replaced by Mr. James McMullen, M. P., for North Wellington.

TUESDAY, NOV. 15.

Lord Minto will arrive in Ottawa to-day.

La Minerve criticises certain of Lord Aberdeen's acts.

Two Galician students have entered at Manitoba college.

Vancouver complains of a lack of business premises.

Two large United States coal companies have failed.

Dawson City miners ask for representation in the commons.

Fire at Dawson City destroyed $503,000 worth of property.

The Doukhobors delegates have selected land north of Yorkton.

Jane Shields, of Toronto, bequeathed large amounts to charities.

Aragon demands the decentralization of the Spanish government.

Campos Salles will be installed as President of Brazil to-day.

Germany is expelling Danes, Austrians, Jews and Dutchmen.

A car of Winnipeg flour arrived at Victoria without breaking bulk.

The Pillow and Hersey works, Montreal, were damaged $40,000 by fire.

The new postal regulations, taking effect on January 1st, are published.

Mr. Moscrip will appeal from the election court's decision in South Perth.

Collingwood Schreiber and Miss Gwynne were married at Ottawa on Monday.

The Canadian Society of New York sent a farewell telegram to Lord Aberdeen.

An express train was wrecked at Briarton, Ont., and several persons were injured.

General Calixto Garcia is en route to Washington to interview President McKinley.

The meeting of the Paris peace commission is postponed till Wednesday, 16th inst.

Montreal volunteers are preparing a grand military entertainment to be held in January.

The propaganda at Rome has issued a decree governing the burial of Catholic Free Masons.

London papers declare that Spain must yield to the United States Philippine demands.

Hamilton is supplied with electric power from Drew's Falls, thirty-four miles distant.

"Why Ireland Is Not Free," a remarkable pamphlet by Mr. Healy, is published in London.

Father Zuricher's "Monks and Their Decline," has been placed under the ban of the church.

Alexander Hamilton was found guilty at Brandon of a criminal operation on Louise Walker.

A German prince appeals to his peers for redress against Emperor William, who slighted him.

An interchange of postal money orders has been arranged between Canada and Japan and Corea.

The Filipinos address a petition to Washington accusing U. S. officials and hinting at trouble.

East Lambton, North Middlesex, West Middlesex and South Grey election petitions have been dismissed.

Another twenty-five miles of the Swan River extension of the L. M. R. & C. Co., will be completed at once.

The Winnipeg Liberal association adopted resolutions endorsing the government policy and giving praise to Mr. Sifton.

MONDAY, NOV. 14.

Mr. Sifton's majority in Banff is 20.

McDairmid is elected in Cannington Manor.

Victoria, B. C., has a surplus of $33,223.

A report of Dreyfus' death is current in Paris.

Rossland mines shipped 4,635 tons of ore last week.

Brown, the convicted murderer tells a new story of his life.

The United States has determined to keep the Philippines.

Li Hung Chang has been practically banished from Pekin.

Lord and Lady Aberdeen sailed for England on Saturday.

A branch of the Hoo-Hoos has been established in Winnipeg.

Empress Frederick visited General Kitchener at Aberdeen.

Sennet is elected in West Calgary and Wallace in High River.

Mr. Moscrip was unseated in South Perth on disputed ballots.

A man named Lamb is accused of murder at Cascade City, B. C.

Great Britain and Italy have an understanding regarding Africa.

Attention will be given to oyster culture in British Columbia.

"Colonel" Rourke gives an interesting account of affairs in Yukon.

The hearing in the Queen vs. Hamilton case is proceeding at Brandon.

British Columbia will likedly adopt the Torrens' system of registration.

The captain of the steamship Westmeath thinks the vessel is sunk.

A Paris syndicate propose leasing the Philippines for twenty-five years.

Mr. Morley will receive $10,000 yearly for five years for his "Life of Gladstone."

The United States' policy of colonial expansion is endorsed by English newspapers.

Several miners were injured by an explosion of gas in the New Vancouver coal mine.

On the recount A. E. Cross was declared elected for East Calgary instead of James Rielly.

The Trades and Labor council discussed the question of trades labels at Saturday's meeting.

Reeve Breland, of St. Francois Xavier, was injured by a street car on Main street on Saturday.

Lord Minto arrived at Quebec on Saturday and took the oath of office as Governor General of Canada.

Inspector McMichael is investigating alleged irregularities by Canadian customs officials on the boundary.

The Companie Generale Trans-Atlantique are suing the owners of the Cromartyshire for $2,500,000 for the loss of La Bourgogne.

SATURDAY, NOV 12.

The Presbyterian synod closed on Friday.

The West York election trial was postponed.

The South Perth election trial is proceeding.

Snow has fallen throughout Ontario and Quebec.

Negroes are creating a reign of terror at Pana, Ill.

The Minnesota train robbers were arrested at Moorhead.

Etienne Blanchard, M. P. P., for Vercheres, was unseated.

A meeting to promote Christian unity was held at Toronto.

A destructive fire occurred at Delorraine, loss over $20,000.

Winnipeg's bonspiel of 1899 has been fixed for February 13th.

Lord Minto and staff passed Father Point inward at midnight.

The trial of the Esquimalt election petition began at Victoria.

Armed white mobs are terrorizing negroes in North Carolina.

The Turks have left Crete except four officers and forty-four men.

Emperor William will visit Cadiz, but will not land on Spanish soil.

Thirteen murderers of missionaries were hanged in Sierre Leone.

Stewart, tried at Brandon for killing Charles Henry, was acquitted.

Telegraph wires are down and trains delayed by storms in Ontario.

An elevator foreman at Midland, Ont., was fined for working on Sunday.

Large quantities of British Columbia salmon are being shipped to Japan.

An application to postpone the North Toronto election trial was refused.

Sister Mary, of the Kilborne orphanage, arrived from England on Friday.

General Merritt, U. S. A., favors United States possession of the Philippines.

A warrant was issued against Andrew Carnagie for refusing to serve on a jury.

The compressor plant at the Wellington, B. C., coal mine was destroyed by fire.

The C. P. R. and G. T. R. have arranged a conference to settle their disputes.

Michigan farmers who recently visited the Canadian west testify to its fertility.

Robert Brown murdered his father, mother and sister at Glasgow, Kentucky.

Lord Salisbury's speech is still hotly discussed by the continental newspapers.

Parliament will be asked to charter a local Yukon railway; also an express company.

The international commission held a short session and adjourned till Tuesday, Nov. 15.

Mr. James Smart inspected the timber lands of Moose Mountain and southern Manitoba.

The Republicans claim 13 majority over all opposition in the house of representatives.

More men and supplies are being shipped for work on the Ontario and Rainy River railway.

Mr. David Mills says a redistribution bill may be introduced at next session of parliament.

The Ontario Trade and Labor council criticise Lord Aberdeen's speech on judge's salaries.

Dreyfus writes that he is ill and dying and asks his country to rehabilitate his memory.

Liberals of West Huron nominated J. F. Garrow for the legislature, and Robert Holmes for the commons.

FRIDAY, NOV. 11.

The London street car strike is settled.

The Olive mine paid a dividend for October.

The East Simcoe election protest was dismissed.

A Montreal branch post office was burglarized.

Snow falls are reported at Toronto and Ottawa.

Eight negroes were killed by whites at Wilmington, S. C.

It is reported that Dreyfus will be brought back to France.

A Great Northern train was robbed robbed near Fergus Falls.

Forty-six pianos were shipped from Toronto to western points.

Russia will pay the claims of Canadian sealers seized in 1892.

Five million salmon eggs were placed in the Fraser River hatchery.

Lord Aberdeen was presented with farewell addresses at Montreal.

Jamaica declines to enter the proposed West Indian confederation.

The inquiry into the wreck of the Mohegan was begun at London, Eng.

The Edna Brydges was injured by ice in Falcon Narrows, Lake of the Woods.

The international commission resumed its sittings at Washington on Thursday.

Petitioners in the Centre Simcoe election protest insist upon going to trial.

In the Cannington election McDermott is 67 ahead with several polls to hear from.

Republicans claim a majority of 80 in the senate and 20 in the lower house.

The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited

WIDE-SPREAD INTEREST. We welcome the crowds that come to see and select what we tell about in the papers, but if there's any more hearty appreciation it is reserved for those who, like the many in the Northwest Territories, without opportunity of seeing the goods, are ordering in such gratifying numbers every week.

We supply the same goods for less money and better goods for the same money than are to be found anywhere else.

Money back if not satisfied. See guarantee in Fall and Winter Catalog, which is yours for the asking.

DRESS LENGTH SPECIAL.

52-inch Navy or Black English Serge, very pretty twill, guaranteed to neither spot nor shrink, made of the purest serge wool, and a quality which for wear cannot be superseded.
Full dress length of 5 yds. for $2.50
The value of this dress length is $3.75.

LADIES' JACKETS.

Ladies' Astrachan Jacket, best Leipsic Dyes, lined with best satin and wadded, high storm collar, 36 inch long, all sizes, $30.00.

Ladies' Curl Cloth Jacket, Double Breasted, high storm collar, six pearl buttons, lined with fancy sateen, blk. only. $7.50.

FUR-LINED CAPES.

Silk Brocade Covering, full sweep, lined best squirrell lock, large collar of Thibet fur, with fronts trimmed to match, interlined and wadded, black ground, with green, blue, white pattern, or all black $24.50

LACE AND TAPESTRY CURTAINS.

Nottingham Lace Curtains, in handsome artistic designs, 3 1-2 yds. long, 53 in. wide, white or navy, with taped or colbert edge —special $1.25

Tapestry Curtains, in all the latest colors and designs, all-over patterns, with heavy knotted fringed ends —very useful for door or archway — special..... ....$4.50

BLANKET SPECIALS.

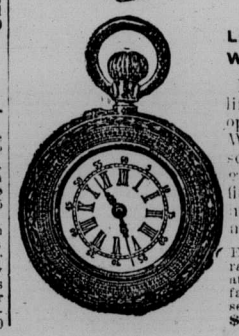
Super Wool Grey Union Blanket, soft finish, with neat combination borders, standard sizes:
5 lbs. ....$1.25 a pair.
6 lbs. ....$1.50 a pair.
7 lbs. ....$1.75 a pair.
8 lbs. ....*. ....$2.00 a pair.

Extra Super Wool Grey Union Blankets, soft, lofty finish, with neat combination colored borders, standard sizes:
6 lbs. ....$2.10 a pair.
7 lbs. ....$2.45 a pair.
8 lbs. ....$2.80 a pair.

SILVERWARE.

Quadruple Silver Plate Pudding or Baking Dish — with inside enamelled - ware baker, satin chased finish....$3.50

Quadruple Plate Sugar Bowl and Spoon Holder — to hold one dozen spoons — satin finish, with beaded edge.....$2.70



LADIES' WATCHES.

Ladies' Sterling Silver, open-face Watch, handsomely engraved case, fitted with fine imported movement.

Every one warranted. Special at $2.75. With fancy dial and second hand, $3.50.

A post-card request will bring you copy of our store paper, containing nine pages of Xmas suggestions—lists of goods for Xmas presents that can be sent anywhere to mail customers.

Address exactly as below:

The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited

(Section 52) TORONTO.

PARTED AT THE ALTAR.

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY.

Doris understood perfectly why the unhappy lady had changed her mind so suddenly. She was but an innocent child, yet she was rapidly learning many of life's hard lessons.

"I am sorry," said Doris, gently.

"You would not have been in peace here," sighed the lady. "I—I—was mad, I think, not to have thought of this before. I am sorry I have detained you. Good morning, child. I wish you well."

Doris quitted the grand mansion that held so much splendid misery, feeling as though one of the gates of life had been closed behind her.

She must try again and again: it was useless to give up. She knew very well that she must find work or—starve.

She wondered, vaguely, why the manageress of the agency had sent her to the very house of the man against whom she had warned her.

It had been a mistake. While speaking of him the manageress had unintentionally jotted down that address.

There was but one remaining place to go to, and, wearily enough, Doris wended her way there.

Again Doris was ushered into a sumptuous drawing-room, and the little serving-maid announced to the mistress, Mrs. Vane, that a very pretty young woman had been sent from the agency this time.

"I hope she will suit," sighed Mrs. Vane, descending to the drawing-room. She was quite pleased with Doris. "I will see what my daughter thinks about engaging you for her younger sister. I usually consult her in everything. Send Miss Isabel here," she said to the servant who responded to the touch of the bell.

"Dear me! what can she want?" cried a petulant voice in the upper corridor, and a moment later a young lady, with her hair still in curl papers, and a rather soiled blue silk wrapper, entered the room.

"My dear," said the mother humbly, "this young girl has come to apply for the position of governess to your little sister, Daisy. Do you think she would suit us?"

Isabel Vane stared haughtily at the lovely, flower-like face, and after a few remarks, rose and quitted the room, calling her mother to join her for a moment.

"You will excuse me for a few moments," said Mrs. Vane, anxious to make up in kindness for her daughter's lack of courtesy.

Doris bowed.

She soon heard the daughter in a high dispute with the mother in an adjoining room.

"I really believe you have taken leave of your senses to even think of bringing a girl like that into the house for Captain Alden to see and fall in love with."

"She seems like such a nice, modest young person, Isabel," said the mother—"really the nicest who has applied yet. She could be kept well in the background when the captain is here. I could manage that, I am sure."

"If she knew there was a handsome young man coming to the house whom your daughter wished to marry, rest assured the artful minx would contrive to put herself in his way. No, no, she must not, she shall not come. I won't have her, I say. You ought to have known she wouldn't suit the moment you looked at her. A pretty governess in the house to try to outwit me with my lover! I say it isn't to be thought of! He's coming to call for me this forenoon to go riding in the park; get her out of the house before he comes," she cried, shrilly.

Isabel Vane flounced upstairs, and her mother returned to Doris, never dreaming she had heard all.

"I am sorry. You are a little too inexperienced, I fear," she said, kindly. "I am sorry, but I cannot engage you." Tears sprang to Doris's pretty blue eyes, and that quite distressed the gentle, tender-hearted lady. She arose quickly to depart.

"Stay a moment, my good girl," said Mrs. Vane, laying a kindly hand on her arm "Perhaps I can put you in the way of obtaining a good position. Now that I think of it, I remember Mrs. Thornton, the banker's wife, wants a companion. I will give you a note to her."

The words had hardly left her lips ere Doris threw up her hands, and fell in a dead faint upon the floor.

CHAPTER XII.—IN THE SERVANTS' HALL.

When Doris opened her eyes, she found Mrs. Vane bending over her in the greatest consternation. Out in the corridor Miss Isabel's voice could be heard, shrilly giving orders that the girl must be taken from the drawing-room down to the servants' hall, without delay.

"It will not be necessary," said Doris, struggling to her feet. "I am going now, madame."

"Was it the closeness of the room that made you faint, my poor child? or—or did you faint from want of—of food, or anything of that kind? Pardon me, I could not send you away so, if it was," said Mrs. Vane, pitying the sweet, death white face.

Doris flushed.

"It was only a sudden faintness that seized me, madame—a sharp pain at my heart," she answered, truthfully; but she did not add that it was the mention of her handsome, faithless young husband's mother's name that brought that terrible pain there.

Frederick's mother wanted a companion. Dare she—the forsaken bride, the injured young wife—go to her? The very thought almost took her breath away, and bewildered her. Her head was in a whirl; her heart beat so loud and so fast, she was sure the lady must hear it.

"I hope you will be successful, my child," said Mrs. Vane, bowing her out of the drawing-room.

"Too pretty to suit," whispered the maid to Doris as she led the way to the front door. "If you went to Lamartine, and got him to paint a few wrinkles on your face, you would not find it half as hard too get a place."

"Who is Lamartine?" asked Doris, scarcely knowing herself why she asked the question.

"He is the man to whom every one in New York goes for disguises," laughed the maid. "He can change any one so completely that one can hardly recognize one's self. Why, a forger who had taken a great amount of money lately, stayed near the scene of the robbery for weeks. He was so cleverly disguised, his own brother did not know him. When the affair leaked out, it was found he had been to Lamartine."

Doris's every nerve thrilled as she listened. A sudden idea flashed through her brain—Why should she not go to Lamartine? If he could disguise her in perfect safety, she would dare to enter her husband's home.

Different characters yield to different temptations. The temptation to enter the home of Frederick's mother—look upon the face of the husband who had so ruthlessly deserted her, almost at the very altar—was so sweet, so subtle, she could not resist it, for, heaven help her, in spite of all, she loved her handsome young husband still.

"Loved him with a bitter yearning that
would never pass away;
Loved him with a ceaseless passion that
would never know decay."

Yes, she would go to Lamartine. It must have been fate that caused the maid at Mrs. Vane's to utter those words to her.

She found the place with but little difficulty. It was noon hour, and Monsieur's parlors were for the time deserted.

Doris entered timidly, and a moment later the dapper little "artist," as he chose to call himself, appeared.

"You wish to see me, madame?" he said. "In what can I be of service to you?"

"I want—a disguise," she answered, "so complete—so perfect—I could not be recognized by any one who ever saw me before."

"It will be difficult to find one like that," he said, looking at the lovely young face in intense surprise. "A mystery, a romance; perhaps an elopement will be the outcome of this affair," he thought.

"I see a way to meet your wishes, madame," he said aloud, "but it will be a sad pity to change such a face—for any reason; still, if you desire it to be done, I shall comply, of course."

"I want it done," said Doris.

He gave her a hand basin containing a dark, clear liquid and a sponge, and bade her sponge her face lightly with the mixture; and though she had come there purposely for the disguise, now that she was on the point of acquiring it, her whole soul rose in rebellion against it.

Monsieur Lamartine saw her hesitation, and fancied that she was anxious about her clear, white, delicate skin.

"You need not fear it," he said; "the liquid is quite harmless. All trace of it will disappear if you use this," showing her a bottle of clear amber liquid. "Three drops of this, put into cold water will, at any time, remove the stain Bathe your face well with the sponge."

She obeyed him shrinkingly.

Then, indicating another seat before a table covered with toilet articles and innumerable labeled bottles, he bade her unbind her lovely golden curls.

For quite half an hour he busied himself over the long, shining tresses. Then he asked her to look in the glass. Doris looked, and sat staring in wonder at the strange face the mirror reflected. She would never have recognized her own self. She saw a dark-brown face, dark arched eyebrows and lashes, a low forehead half revealed, half concealed by a mass of dark, wavy hair.

"If those blue eyes were but black you would be a perfect brunette, and the change in your appearance complete. Are you satisfied?"

Doris bowed her head in assent. When she paid Monsieur Lamartine his charges, she found she had not one cent left.

"I hope whatever object this has to serve is an honorable one, and may therefore help your purpose," he said, bowing Doris out of the parlor.

Out on the street Doris shrank from the gaze of passersby. It almost seemed to her they must know she was not what she represented herself to be. Though she had adopted this measure for looking again upon her husband's face, hearing his voice, remaining unrecognized herself, there was something so false and deceptive about it that her sweet, candid nature rebelled against it; yet the one passionate, craving desire to enter the home of the husband who had deserted her led her on.

By patient inquiry Doris found that the home of the Thorntons was in the suburbs of the metropolis. She was obliged to walk the distance. At length she reached the villa. Ah! what a magnificent place it was!—on the brow of the hill that sloped gently to the glittering Hudson.

Her heart gave a great bound. This was Frederick's home!

Timidly she entered the great arched gateway and walked up the long, paved walk to the house.

Green, velvety, close-shaven lawns, brilliant with beds of rare flowers, dotted here and there, stretched out on either side. Marble statues gleamed amid the green foliage, and fountains rippled in the sunshine. Gorgeous peacocks strutted over the greensward, and song-birds swung gayly to and fro in their gilded cages on the verandas of the grand stone house.

"Ah me!" sobbed Doris, bitterly, "was there ever such a bitter fate as mine? I should be coming her to-day as Frederick's happy bride, instead of creeping up to these doors, applying for the position of paid companion to his haughty lady mother."

Suddenly from around the corner of the building sprang a large, ferocious blood-hound, and at his heels was a tall slip of a girl, in a fluttering white dress, her red, tangled hair flying in the breeze, her cheeks glowing, and her eyes bright with the excitement.

Doris's heart beat fast. Intuitively, she knew this must be Frederick's youngest sister—"Trixy, the Romp," as he had designated her. Before she could take but that first fleeting glance, the dog had observed the stranger, and sprang toward her with a loud, savage growl.

Doris recoiled in terror, uttering a piteous cry of dismay.

"Down, Tiger, down," cried Trixy Thornton, seizing the dog by the collar as she gained his side quite out of breath. "For shame, frightening a stranger so.

"He won't harm you," she said, turning to Doris. "He looks big and ferocious, but he's only an overgrown puppy. Who did you wish to see?" she asked, coming closer to Doris, and looking curiously into the sweet, sad, dark face.

"Mrs. Thornton," replied Doris. "I have brought a letter from Mrs. Vane. I have come to apply for the position of companion to Mrs. Thornton."

"My gracious! you'd make a much better companion for me," laughed Trixy, shaking back her mane of tangled red curls, and whistling for the dog to follow. "Come this way, please. You shall see mamma at once. I hope she will engage you."

Doris's heart warmed to the impulsive girl at once. She could have knelt down beside her, and kissed her pretty white hands.

Trixy led Doris directly to her mother's boudoir.

"Mamma," she said, "here is a young lady who brings you a letter from Mrs. Vane."

Mrs. Thornton glanced up languidly from her book, and motioning Doris to a seat, carefully perused the letter.

"Mrs. Vane has omitted mentioning your name. May I inquire what it is?" she asked at length.

"Doris Carlisle," replied Doris, faintly, and she shuddered, recalling the old trite and true lines:—

"Oh, what a tangled web we weave
When first we practice to deceive."

No one ever yet practiced a deception but what she found herself entangled in many more to escape the consequences of the first.

It was so with poor Doris.

"You are quite young, Miss Carlisle," replied Mrs. Thornton, turning a pair of dark eyes on her, that reminded her so much of Frederick's. "Still, you could have no better recommendation than a letter from Mrs. Vane. Dear me, Miss Carlisle, what are you gazing at so intently?"

It was a portrait in crayon of Frederick Thornton. Doris was gazing at the pictured, smiling face with her heart in her eyes.

Mrs. Thornton's remark, and the haughty wonder of her voice, recalled Doris's scattered senses.

"The portrait is—is—so like your face, madame," stammered Doris, confusedly.

"It is the portrait of my son," replied Mrs. Thornton, the frown clearing from her face once more. She was always pleased when any one spoke of a resemblance between her handsome son and herself.

This proud, cold woman loved her daughters after her own stately fashion, but she fairly idiolized her son.

To Doris's intense delight, after answering the usual questions, Mrs. Thornton decided to engage her as companion.

"When can you come, Miss Carlisle?" she asked.

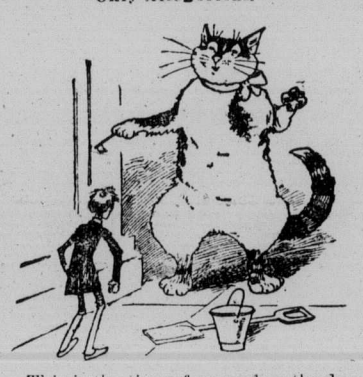
"At once," replied Doris, fearing to leave her lest she should change her mind.

"That will please me," said Mrs. Thornton. "Your luggage can be sent for to-morrow."

Thus it was that poor, hapless Doris, the deserted young bride, gained an entrance into the household of her mother-in-law. Only heaven could have foretold where this rash step was to lead. It would have been better for Doris had death claimed her then and there.

(To Be Continued.)

Only Allegorical.



This is the time of year when the domestic feline indulges in that happy knack of coming home, well fed and happy, from the seaside, to find her poor, miserable master starving on the doorstep.—Ally Sloper.

Helping Him Along.

He—Would you consider it a liberty if I offered to kiss you?

She—It would not be liberty, but license. You can procure it at the office of the city registrar.—Boston Transcript.

A Pessimist.

"Did you enjoy your vacation?"

"Not much. It made me miserable thinking that with the passage of each day the time for return to town drew nearer."—Philadelphia North American.

Way Up.

"Ma, I'm at the head of my class."

"How's that, Dick?"

"Teacher says I'm the worst of all the bad boys in school."—Chicago Record.

DREYFUS IS DYING.

Madame Dreyfus Applies to President Faure for Permission to Communicate With Her Husband.

Paris, Nov. 11.—Madame Dreyfus, it is said, applied at the office of the colonial minister today to send her husband some warm clothing for his return home. Her request was refused on the ground that the government would do whatever was necessary. At the same time the authorities read to her a letter from her husband to the effect that having for five months addressed appeals for revision to General de Boisdeffre without getting any reply and being worried and exhausted by his useless appeals, he would write no more to his family or to anybody. He described himself as ill and dying and bequeathed "to the generosity of my country the care of rehabilitating my memory."

Madame Dreyfus then asked permission to telegraph her husband the decision of the court of cassation. This request also was refused. Then, through a friend, she appealed to President Faure, but with no better result. Her counsel will bring the matter before the court of cassation

London, Nov. 11.—The Morning Post's Paris correspondent says it has been decided to bring Dreyfus back from the Isle du Diable and confront him with the witnesses of his alleged confession.

A dispatch from Paris says the case of Lieut.-Colonel Picquart, who is confined in the Cherche Midi military prison on the charge of forgery, and using forged documents in connection with the Dreyfus case, will be decided on to-morrow. His unconditional release seems to be assured.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

BREVITIES

PERSONAL CHATS.

Russell Sage, though he has just celebrated his eighty-second birthday, is still regularly attending to his business duties and looks little over 60 years old.

Midshipman Morres of the Vizcaya mourns the loss of a collection of nearly 2,500 postage stamps, including many rare European varieties, which were destroyed in the Spanish ship.

Thomas C. Le Valley, the first of the New York naval reserves to die in the war, was the descendant of a Huguenot family that in this country sent sons to the Revolutionary, Mexican and civil wars.

G. de W. Colt of Bristol, R. I., has had his coat of arms tattooed upon his full blooded fox terrier Trixy. The operation was performed in New York under the direction of Surgeon Edward N. Leavy.

Colonel Frank J. Queen, who recently died in Birmingham, Ala., aged 92 years, married the daughter of Daniel Boone. She died ten years ago. Colonel Queen assisted Boone in driving Indians out of Kentucky.

James J. Corbett, the pugilist, says in a signed article in the New York Tribune that the day is not far distant when the popularity of boxing as a sport will be as great as that of football, polo, cycling or golf.

Mayor Harrison rapped a recent meeting of the Chicago city council to order with a Spanish machete, explaining as he did so that the weapon had been presented to him by a returned soldier who captured it from a Spaniard in Cuba.

President McKinley, having been asked by Joseph Garezyuski of Ripon, Wis., to stand as godfather to a seventh son, has acceded to the request, with the careful proviso, however, that nothing further is implied than the use of his name.

James Fisk of Tioga, Pa., lives to tell of his experience with lightning. His clothing was stripped from the left side of his body and cut into strings; he was rendered unconscious and paralyzed in the left arm and leg and scorched on the back.

Mrs. Campbell, a dressmaker in Wichita, Kan., is a first cousin of Admiral Camara. She was born in Granada, Spain, and while living in this country with her father she eloped with a young Pennsylvanian and has never been forgiven by her family.

While the fact that Lieutenant Sears deftly caught the brick hurled at him by a Spaniard in Porto Rico may tend to destroy the Spanish reputation of always shooting wide of the mark, it may be said in extenuation that the lieutenant is an old baseball player.

The coincident deaths of Eugene Boudin, the marine painter, and Charles Garnier, the architect of the Opera House in Paris, recall the fact that both men started life as poor boys. The former was originally a sailor and the son of a Honfleur pilot. The mother of the latter was a vender of vegetables.

STAGE GLINTS.

Murray Carson has arranged to write a play with Max Beerbohm.

Miss Ada Rehan has arrived in New York after a summer in England.

Mrs. Fiske is to present a one act play by Horace B. Fry, entitled "Little Italy."

"Rough Riders" was produced for copyright purposes in Hoboken, N. J., lately.

George Bancroft has written a play called "What Will the World Say?" It is for Edward Terry.

Minnie Palmer is to produce a new musical comedy in London called "A Showman's Sweetheart."

James O'Neil's new play for this season is "When Greek Meets Greek," dramatized by Joseph Hatton from his novel of that name.

Mme. Jeanne Granier has promised Emile Simon of the Varietes theatre in Marseilles that she will go there in December for a short season.

Julie Opp will have a prominent role in the play by Walter Frith, called "A Man of Forty," which will be produced at the St. James theater, London, this fall.

The German play "Heisses Blut," which Sydney Rosenfeld is adapting for Lederer & McLellan and which will be produced about Nov. 1, has been named "A Dangerous Maid."

Mr. and Mrs. Kendal commenced their season at the St. James theater in London with the comedy in three acts by Ernest Hendrie and Metcalfe Wood, entitled "The Elder Miss Blossom."

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

Professional etiquette prevents French judges and judicial officials from riding in omnibuses.

Private bullfights are occasionally given by the very rich people in Madrid, and guests are invited to them as they would be to a dinner.

The music sung in St. Peter's at Rome is entirely in manuscript. No vocalist or musician is permitted to have his part in his hand unless he is actually performing it.

Bones of long deceased Indians have been taken out of the ground near Providence, and it is now recalled that the place was an Indian burying ground over 100 years ago.

Switzerland's greatest industry, the entertainment of tourists, has been officially computed to bring in 115,000,000 francs a year, 35,000,000 more than the whole revenue of the confederacy.

Miss Florence Nightingale, who has never recovered from the effects of her labors during the Crimean war, presents in this respect a strong contrast to Miss Clara Barton, who, in the midst of her Red Cross work, is nearly as old as her English prototype and who says she feels as well as she ever did in her life.

HEALTHY, HAPPY WOMEN.

Pain and Weakness Banished through the use of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

It's sad to think that so many women suffer from pain, Weak Spells, Heart Palpitation, Sinking Sensations,

Nervousness, Sleeplessness—who could be restored to the full enjoyment of perfect health by a few boxes of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

There can be no question about the efficacy of this remedy. Thousands of women, have found it do all that is claimed for it. Here is the testimony of Mrs. Gillen, Wesley Street, Moncton, N.B.

"Before taking Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills I used to suffer untold agony from violent headaches, irregular action of the heart, together with pains or spasms in various parts of my body.

"Sometimes I felt so weak that I was unable to look after my domestic duties. However, I had to endure this worry and trouble, because all the remedies I tried failed to give me relief, until happily I heard of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I had only been taking them a short time when I felt greatly benefited. This encouraged me to continue their use until a complete cure was effected.

"I have not been troubled with a headache since taking these pills. They increased my appetite, invigorated my entire system, and gave me back my old time strength and vigor."

Take a Laxa-Liver Pill before retiring. 'Twill work while you sleep without a grip or gripe, and make you feel better in the morning. Price 25c. Sold by all druggists.

A Much Mourned Mother.

When Shafter was senior colonel of the army, he was temporarily in charge of some western post and numbered in his command an exceedingly bright, capable fellow whose cleverness was continually getting him the noncommission stripes and whose escapades were just as frequently getting him reduced to the ranks. One day this soldier turned up at Shafter's quarters with a long face and applied for leave to attend the funeral of his mother, who had died the previous night, he said, in the town. The request was granted, but later on, in looking over the same records, the colonel discovered that the same man had been granted leave the month before on the identical pretext. Shafter said nothing, but a couple of days afterward encountered the bereaved warrior on parade ground. "Look here, my man," said Pecos Bill solemnly, "I want to ask you a question. Were you good to that mother of yours while she was alive?"

"Well, sir—yes, sir—that is, I hope so," stammered the culprit, not knowing what was coming.

"I hope so, too," replied the colonel. "I've heard of mothers dying for their sons, but never of one dying twice in 30 days for one. You may go in mourning for a month—at the guardhouse."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Eye Massage.

Whenever your organs of sight feel weak, do not claw at them with the knuckles, so to express it. You must not massage your eyes the same way you would the stronger parts of the body. They need help from the hands, but this help must be administered in a very gentle and delicate method.

John Quincy Adams had a way of treating his eyes, which, it is said, preserved their vision to old age, without the help of spectacles.

This was to place his thumb and forefinger each upon an eyelid and gently rub them toward the nose a number of times each day. The action encourages circulation of blood in that locality, does away with the tiny spots that sometimes float before the vision and prevents that flattening of the lenses which causes dimness of sight at a certain focus.

It is wonderful how much good can be done the eyes of people of all ages by using this simple exercise 10 or 15 minutes each day.

If you are where it may not be convenient to measure time, as in the dark, it is well to count the number of passes made by the fingers over the eyes until you have reached the number that you have demonstrated by experiment that time will allow.—New York Ledger.

Her First Order.

She was newly married and did not know a little bit about either housekeeping or shopping, and she was giving her very first order. It was a crusher, but the grocer was a clever man and was used to all kinds of orders and could interpret them easily.

"I want ten pounds of paralyzed sugar," she began, with a businesslike air.

"Yes'm. Anything else?"

"Two cans of condensed milk."

"Yes'm."

He set down "pulverized sugar" and "condensed milk."

"Anything more, ma'am?"

"A bag of fresh salt. Be sure it's fresh."

"Yes'm. What next?"

"A pound of desecrated codfish."

He wrote glibly "desiccated cod."

"Nothing more, ma'am? We have some nice horse radish just in."

"No," she said. "It would be of no use to us. We don't keep a horse."

Then the grocer sat down and fanned himself with a patent washboard, although the temperature was nearly zero.—New York World.

Kirmess.

In some portions of Germany the kirmess, or church mass, formerly danced in honor of the dedication of a church, is now observed with the special character of a harvest home. It marks the close of the year's labors and is celebrated by three days of music, feasting and dancing with partners chosen or allotted, according to degrees of comeliness, at the preceding May festival.

In southern Germany the end of the harvest is marked by the sickle feast. The last sheaf is carried in triumph to the barn and placed on the floor, while the younger couples dance around it. One half of it is then decked with ribbons and hung aloft, while the other half is burned. Its ashes are treasured as a remedy for rheumatism and are sometimes used in making amulets or charms. The peasants leave for Wodan, or "the old one," a few ears of corn and a small number of apples, it being considered unlucky to strip either field or tree entirely bare.—Lippincott's.

Letters and Trade.

The London Daily News notes the affinity between letters and trade. Charles Lamb and Mill used to adorn the old India House. Austin Dobson, Gosse and Cosmo Monkhouse are in the board of trade. Benjamin Kidd and W. M. Rossetti used to be at Somerset House. Dante Gabriel Rossetti narrowly escaped at one crisis in his career being a telegraph clerk instead of an artist. The postoffice absorbed for many years the superfluous energies of Anthony Trollope.

His Last Chance.

"Did you ever notice," said Mrs. N. Peck, "that about half of the pictures in the photographers' windows are of bridal couples? I wonder why they always rush off to a photographer as soon as the knot is tied?"

"I fancy the husband is responsible for it," said Mr. Peck. "He realizes that it is about his last chance to ever look pleasant."—Pearson's Weekly.

Twenty-nine sheep introduced into the Australian colonies in 1788 are now represented by 120,000,000 of the finest wool sheep in the world.

IMPOVERISHED BLOOD.

A CONDITION THAT FREQUENTLY CAUSES MUCH SUFFERING.

Mrs. Henry Gifford, of Kentville, Proves the Value of Dr Williams' Pink Pills in This Condition.

From the Acadien, Wolfville, N.S.

The case of Mrs. Henry Gifford, of Kentville, who some time ago was cured of a distressing malady through the medium of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, is of peculiar value as illustrating the rapidity with which this remarkable medicine operates. A representative of the Acadien who called upon Mrs. Gifford the other day to elicit information concerning her cure, found her to be a very intelligent lady, and a hearty advocate of the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Upon learning the object of his call Mrs. Gifford expressed herself as pleased at the prospect of having an opportunity to give publicity to her remarkable cure. "I have told all my friends about it," she said, "but have often felt that it was my duty to have a statement of my case published in the papers." Three years ago this spring my system was in a badly run down state. In this condition I was attacked by a heavy cold and an enlarged tonsil of great size and extreme painfulness was the result. For nine weary months I was unable to turn my head and my health became such that I could not exert myself in the least. Several physicians were consulted, but without the slightest benefit. The swelling was finally lanced but the operation only aggravated the matter as my blood was so impoverished that the incision did not heal but developed into a running sore. Despondency seized me and at times I almost wished that I was dead. At last by a happy chance I was advised to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. After using a few boxes the swelling disappeared and perfect health and buoyancy of spirits returned. Since that time Mrs. Gifford has had implicit confidence in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and has used them for any physical disorder of herself or children with the same happy results.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills create new blood, build up the nerves, and thus drive disease from the system. In hundreds of cases they have cured after all other medicines had failed, thus establishing the claim that they are a marvel among the triumphs of modern medical science. The genuine Pink Pills are sold only in boxes, bearing the full trade mark, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." Protect yourself from imposition by refusing any pill that does not bear the registered trade mark around the box. If in doubt send direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and they will be mailed to you post paid at 50c. a box, or six boxes for $2.50.

No Distinguishing Marks.

"Were there any marks about him by which he could be described?" asked the detective.

"Yes," eagerly replied the father of the runaway boy, "his trousers were nearly worn through at the knees, and he had in one of his pockets, as I heard my wife say a day or two ago, a knife with a broken blade, a pistol cartridge that had been fired off, a match, some of the wheels of an old watch, a leather shoestring, a broken key, a bunch of twine, two or three white pebbles, a piece of lead, some buttons from the last bicycle show, a stump of a lead pencil and a bit of red chalk."

And the detective wrote in his memorandum book, "No distinguishing marks."—Chicago Tribune.

In studying our election returns for comfort Spain may run across the names of Wheeler and Roosevelt, both of which she will recognize.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure 25c.

General "Joe" Wheeler was asked to name the bravest deed which he had observed during the fighting in Cuba. He gallantly replied that it was the readiness of each and every soldier in doing and daring anything and everything he was commanded to do. To this veteran general of two wars, this universal courage was more admirable than the exploits of any individual soldier.

AS TO EPILEPSY AND FITS.

Liebig's Fit Cure for Epilepsy and kindred affections is the only successful remedy, and is now used by the best physicians and hospitals in Europe an America. It is confidently recommended to the afflicted. If you suffer from Epilepsy, Fits, St. Vitus Dance, or have children or relatives that do so, or know a friend that is afflicted, then send for a free trial bottle and try it. It will be sent by mail, prepaid. It has cured where everything else has failed.

When writing mention this paper and give full address to The Liebig Co., 177 King street west, Toronto.

THE ILLINOIS.

A Chicago paper suggests that the battleship Illinois be christened with water from the Chicago river. Bust a chunk of it over her bow, eh?—Denver Post.

Chicago women insist that the battleship Illinois shall be christened with water, but are considerate enough not to specify Chicago river water.—Lafayette (Ind.) Call.

Illinois is all tangled up over the question of what liquid shall be used in christening the battleship that is named after it. Either Chicago river water or Peoria whisky will do. There is not much difference in their killing power.—Kansas City Times.

THE CURE OF ASTHMA.

Liebig's Asthma Cure will cure Asthma, Hay Asthma or Hay Fever. Hundreds of people in four continents will say so. It is a high class medicine, endorsed by medical men, and used by the best people in all parts of the civilized world.

A free trial bottle will be sent to any sufferer by mail prepaid. If you are afflicted, send your name and address to The Liebig Co., 177 King street west, Toronto, and say you saw this free offer in this paper.

BAD BLOOD.

You can't be healthy if your blood is impure or watery,—if poison is circulating through your arteries instead of rich, pure, life-giving blood.

If you feel drowsy, languid,—are constipated, have pimples or blotches breaking out on your body the remedy for you is Burdock Blood Bitters.

"I have been using B.B.B., also my brother and sister-in-law, and we find it a most reliable and efficacious blood purifier, and most cordially recommend it. We purchased it from J. R. Ault & Sons of this town." MISS C. M. WATSON, Aultsville, Ont.

B.B.B. is a highly concentrated blood purifying vegetable remedy,—only 1 teaspoonful at a dose,—you add the water yourself.

FOR THE BLOOD B B B

IT PAYS TO USE

White Star Baking Powder

BECAUSE
It does its work well.
It is pure.
It is of first quality.
It is low in price.

White Star Health Coffey

Is a drink of exquisite flavor and of great benefit to the NERVOUS SYSTEM.

THE DYSON-GIBSON CO.

A difference of ten cents *in the value* of a pound of tea makes a world of difference to the taste. MONSOON Indo-Ceylon TEA, *coming direct from grower to consumer at 40c*, is the peer of any tea packed by tea brokers to sell for 50c and 60c--because the Monsoon quality is not tapped to yield a broker's profit.

TEA TEA TEA TEA TEA TEA Monsoon

BOVRIL

Is pure beef cooked ready for use, and in the most CONDENSED FORM.

Not a mere extract or essence. It strengthens both body and brain.

PREPARED BY
BOVRIL, LIMITED,
LONDON, ENGLAND.

Canadian Branch:—
27 PETER STREET MONTREAL.

HOCKEY. BEFORE THE HARK YE!

season opens we shall have received a stock of

- HOCKEY SUITS. -

Samples are here.

White Duck Knickers, well padded. Vest of same material has overlapping fly and eyelets for lacing.

IT LOOKS IMPOSSIBLE to make them for what we're asking.

WHOLESALE FURNISHERS. MYRON M'BRIDE & CO. WINNIPEG.

"What a lovely new coiffure Miss Oldtimer has. Where did she get the style?" "That comes with the hair."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Baddeck, June 11, 1897.

C. C. Richards & Co.

Dear Sirs,—Minard's Liniment is my remedy for NEURALGIA.

It relieves at once.

A. S. McDONALD.

All women are pleased with the judgment of Paris—when he comes to fashions.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Whenever a bachelor begins to investigate a girl's cooking he means business.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

A driving rein is all right for the horseman, but a light shower satisfies the cyclist.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Keeping up appearances often means a frugal diet in order to give an occasional dinner.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns etc.

GET READY

to take a course in the WINNIPEG BUSINESS COLLEGE this winter. It pays to EDUCATE for BUSINESS. A greater demand for office help than we could fill during the past six months shows why you should take such a course.

G. W. DONALD, Sec.

TO PUBLISHERS

We take pleasure in informing you that we have put in a complete

PAPER STOCK Printers' Stationery of all kinds.

Our motto in this department is "Prompt delivery and right prices."

EVERYTHING FOR THE PRINTER.

Toronto Type Foundry CO. LIMITED.

175 Owen Street, WINNIPEG.

Sun Insurance Office.
Eastern Assurance Co.
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General Agent,
Winnipeg

W. N. U. 194

5,000 Cured

Last year with my Famous

ELECTRIC BELT

KNOWN THE WORLD OVER.

To men suffering from any Weakness, Rheumatism, Varicocele, Nervousness, etc., send for my book which is ***Sent Sealed Free.*** It tells how I can cure the most stubborn cases without the use of ***Drugs.***

Call and consult me ***Free***—or if you do not live near enough write for the book to-day. Address

DR. D. T. SANDEN,

132 St. James Street, - Montreal.

Mrs. Curzon in her new place will bow only to Queen Victoria.

The late Miss Julia Demuth of York, Pa., made the two missionary societies of the Presbyterian church residuary legatees of her estate.

Dr. Catherina de Farsenbroeck, who has attained fame as a gynecologist, has been appointed by the Dutch government as a member of the medical examining commission.

Mrs. Hanna Clark has given to Elkhart, Ind., the Clark Homeopathic Hospital and Training School For Nurses and Surgeons, the main building of which is valued at $15,000.

Miss Anna Bouligny of New Orleans, who assisted Miss Chanler as a nurse in Porto Rico, is the great-great-granddaughter of the Lieutenant Bienville who founded her native city.

The name of Mme. Adele Maria Juana Patti Nicolini of Craig-y-Nos castle appears in a recent London Gazette among the aliens to whom certificates of British naturalization have been granted.

Look before you leap; otherwise you won't recognize yourself afterward.

EARN A WATCH

Earn this valuable Watch, Chain and Charm by selling twenty **Topaz Scarf Pins**, at 15 cents each. Send your address and we forward the Pins and our Premium List, postpaid. No money required. These Pins will almost sell themselves, for the Topaz has all the brilliance of the best diamonds, and has never before been offered at anything like this price. The Watch is neat in appearance, thoroughly well made, and fully guaranteed. Unsold Pins may be returned. Mention this paper when writing.

THE GEM PIN CO., Freehold Building, Toronto, Ont.

CARDSTON RECORD.

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Wednesday at Cardston.

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Editor and Proprietor.

Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

THE EDITOR does not assume responsibility for the views or statements expressed by any of THE RECORD'S contributors.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance.
Advertising Rates on application.
In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisements they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisments will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

In case a subscriber does not receive THE RECORD weekly, notice should be sent to the publication office, Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta, when the complaint will be thoroughly investigated.

Copy for change of advertisments MUST not be in later than Saturday noon.

Cardston, November 30, 1898.

The RECORD & Montreal Family Herald & Weekly Star, one year for $2.75.

The Record. $2.00

MARRIAGE BELLS.

On Thursday, Thanksgiving Day, November 24th, at the residence of Andrew Archibald, Mr. Edward Leavitt and Miss Nellie Leishman were united in the holy bonds of matrimony. Mr. Leavitt is a highly respected young man of Cardston, while his bride is one of the most popular young ladies of the town. The couple have a host of friends who wish them a long and prosperous married life, in which good wish THE RECORD heartily joines.

CLOSED (?) ON THANKSGIVING DAY.

It was an agreement that the stores were to be closed on Thanksgiving Day, but the acting-manager of the Allen store thought he would let some few customers in "on the side," but the Co-op managment "got on to him" and the result was that both the Allen and Co-op stores were open most of the day.

Low layed low for Steed who is not a "horse of high metal," and now all is not peace in the camp of the merchant.

ZEST.

LORD MINTO AT QUEBEC.

In his address of welcome to Lord Minto, Lord Aberdeen, who was in the Windsor uniform and wore his many handsome decorations, arose and said in a loud, clear voice,—"Cordial welcome is offered to Lord Minto on his assumption of the high office which he is to fill as the representative of her Majesty the Queen in this fair and widespread Dominion. The greeting which he will receive in this historic City of Quebec will be only the forerunner of similar manifestations throughout the country, for his experience will be the same as that of his immediate predecessor and former predecessors, namely, that he has come amongst a loyal, a law-abiding and a high-minded people, actuated also by a firm and buoyant confidence in the resources and future of their country, which forms so splendid a portion of the British Empire. Again I offer congratulations and all good wishes for the new Governor-General and the Countess of Minto and all their family." (Applause.)

Deseret News

and

The Record

one year

for $3.50

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

H. S. Allen left here one day last week for Utah.

Thanksgiving day passed off quietly in Cardston.

Enoch Jensen, of Ætna, was here one day last week.

John A. Carlson, of Leavitt, was in town on Friday.

The N. W. M. Police have rented the Taylor place.

Pres. C. O. Card went down to Lethbridge on Wednesday and returned Saturday.

Pres. C. O. Card will have an addition built on the rear of his office.

Thos. Duce has taken charge of the farm impliment department of the Cardston Co., Ltd

FOR SALE.—Ranch, 160 acres, ½ mile from Ætna. House, barn, well. 40 acres broke. Enquire at THE RECORD Office.

Christmas number on sale at THE RECORD Office of the Graphic, Art Annual, Illustrated London News, etc.

J. P. Low, Mgr., Cardston Co., Ltd., left here for Vancouver yesterday morning.

Bert Talbot has sold his lumber mill to Jarden & Terry.

Mr. and Mrs. Pitcher returned from Utah, Saturday.

Saturday evening Mrs. Bert Talbot arrived home from her visit to Utah, and now Bert is all smiles.

Annual Meeting of the Cardston Relief Society Thursday Dec. 1st at 2 p. m. S. B. Daines.

Mr. Robt. Ramsbottom has been appointed Sub. Agent for Dominion Lands in the absence of Sub. Agent C. O. Card.

Bishop J. A. Hammer performed the ceremony that made Thomas Noble Wats and Iva Ann Stevans man and wife, at the home of the bride's parents, on the 22rd inst.

Mercer & McCarty, proprietors of the Lethbridge & Cardston Stage line, have a station at Dry and at Spring Coulee completed. They will be of great convenience to travelers and the driver of the stage.

Tuesday, while on his way from Mt. View to Cardston, Henry Phipps had a load of logs upset, burying him underneath, resulting in the fracture of the pelvic bone. Dr. Brant, who has charge of the case, says it will be some time before the patient is recovered, as the injury is one of a serious nature.

Samuel Cox, contractor, is erecting, in the rear of the bank, a building which will be used by THE RECORD. It is to be well lighted, and as it will be built for the purpose will have all the conveniences of the modern printing establishment.

Wm Wood, our genial butcher, killed twenty big hogs on Tuesday of last week. Some of them weighed 500 pounds each. They were shipped to Macleod. Chicago will have to look out for her reputation as a hog packing centre: Cardston has a chance of sometime riveling the "Windy City" in this branch of business.

Wheat and oats taken on subscription at this office.

A book of notes only 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

Review of Reviews, (Am) for sale at this office.

The Weekly Globe, Toronto, $1.00 a year. THE RECORD has agency.

When you want to sell or buy anything, place a notice in THE RECORD, and you will be pleased with the result.

NOTICE.—Parties oweing Lundburg & Neilson, blacksmiths, will save themselves trouble and expense by calling and settling their accounts AT ONCE at RECORD Office.

$2.00 will pay for THE RECORD to the end of the century—January 1st. 1900.

To all new subscribers for 1899, we will send THE RECORD free for the balance of 1898

When you want receipt or note Books call at THE RECORD Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts. You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

Taxes, taxes, taxes!

Who will be overseer?

Sharkay won the fight with Corbett.

The overseer's salary is $100 a year.

Spain is threatened with civil war.

School tax, road tax, village tax; Next!

The RECORD will move to its new quarters about 15th. Dec.

S. Cox has been painting the interior of Mr. Robt. Ibey's house.

The Bishopric of the Cardston ward have leaced the Kearl Hall for one year.

Does Deputy Commissioner Dennis know that a newspaper is published in Cardston?

Born: To the wife of Jessie L. Smith of a daughter, wife and daughter doing well.

Dr. Brant and W. M. Wolsey went into Macleod on Monday, returning Tuesday.

If the overseer sticks to his job he will soon be a millionaire; for is not his stipend $100 a year?

Dance at the Kearl Hall Friday night, Dec. 2nd. under the management of the Bishopric of the ward.

Judge Hammond intends staying in Cardston for some time, and will return to Utah with President Card.

Kill or give away your dog. The dog will be taxed when Cardston, under the ordinance, is a full-fledged "village."

Miss Johnston, of Brandon, came in with Mr. C. O. Card on Saturday afternoon. Miss Johnston intends residing in this place.

Commencing Monday next, and continuing for the winter months, the schools will open at 9.30 a. m. instead of 9.—Lethbridge News.

In our first number, we said, "I know who would make a good mayor." Our knowlege has not left us. We know who would make a good overseer.

The weather for the past week has been clear and cold, in fact the coldest of the year, as on Monday morning the themometer went down to 13° below.—Lethbridge News.

The beginning of next year will develop new changes in the management and editorial department of the Deseret News. Cannon & Son's lease of the plant has nearly expired and we have learned that C. W. Penrose and H. G. Whitney will be the publishers.—Manti (Ut) Messenger.

The date of Thanksgiving day is again being too late in the season. The bleakest end of the bleakest month of the year is also, in some senses, not the best time for what should be a festival of gladness. The churches do these things better as a rule. They have their festivals while the harvest fruits are fresh in evidence, proof of the bounty of the earth to those who till it.—Lethbridge News.

A Kansas man has discovered the reason why an engine is always called "she," and his argument is that it wears a jacket, an apron, wears shoes, hoes, and drags a train behind it. It has a lap, needs guides, rides wheels, will not turn out for pedestrians, sometimes foams and refuses to work, it attracts men, is very contrary, and it always takes a man to manage it.—Lethbridge News.

The unknown author of the following bit of advice is almost worthy to be president: If you have a little farm or business and are out of debt, don't fret and work yourself and wife into the grave for the sake of making money. You have but one life to live and it is very brief at best. Take a little pleasure and comfort as you go along day by day and do a little good to others. A morbid, insatiate longing to possess the earth, to grab every thing in sight is the foundation of more misery than any other one thing.

For 15 cts. you can get the Weekly Globe of Toronto for the balance of this year. It is a 16 page paper containing 112 columns of interesting news. Bring your 15 cts. to the RECORD office at once.

NOTICE.—Parties owing Lundberg & Neilson are hereby notified to call at THE RECORD office and settle their accounts.

CARDSTON HAS A

Shoe shop.
Resfaurant.
Barber shop.
Meat market.
Good schools.
Livery stables.
Skillful physician.
Blacksmith shops.
A flourishing bank.
The best cereal-raising soil in the world.
Many tributary settlements which act as feeders.
Clear, pure and palatable drinking water fresh from the mountain brooks.
Numerous comfortable residences, commodious dancing hall and private business houses.
Numerous flourishing business houses such as banking and general merchandise and stationery stores.
Lee's creek, affording excellent and almost unlimited water power for all kinds of manufacturing establishments.
THE RECORD, a local newspaper which will always be found bright, progressive, and a friend to Southern Alberta in particular and Western Canada in general.

Following is a list of the publications for sale at the RECORD OFFICE:

Puck
Judge
Strand
Argosy
Quaker
Nickell
Tit Bits
Success
Puritan
Squibbs
Vanity Fair
N. Y. World
Wide World
Metropolitan
Cosmopolitan
Munsey Maga.
New Illustrated
McClures Maga.
Canadian Maga.
Broadway Maga.
Review of Reviews (Eng)
Review of Reviews (Am.)
Frank Leslie's Popular Mon'ly.

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MT. VIEW NEWS.

Mt. View, Nov. 23, 1898.

EDITOR RECORD:

We had a sad, but not fatal accident happen to one of our good citizens yesterday while J. H. Gold and Henery C. Phipp were on their way to Cardston, and while crossing a coulee near J. Workman's ranch in Leavitt, Mr. Phipp's horses stopped on the hill going out of the coulee and let the wagon run back down the hill, with the result that wagon and load of logs tipped over, catching Mr. Phipps under their heavy weight. Mr. Gold was to the rescue at once and succeeded in extracting the unfortunate man, who was in a most critical condition. Mr. Gold procured a buggy as soon as possible and the unconscious man was brought back here, in an almost frozen conditon. His left hip bone was broken in the joint and he was otherwise badly injured. Dr. Brant was sent for, and he soon had the patient resting easily.

The young people had a basket party last Friday night. The baskets were sold by auction, bringing prices all the way from 35 cents to $3.25 each. The new comers are to give a sociable tomorrow night in the Later Day Saint's Hall.

The health of the people is generally good.

I understand that about 170 newcommers have settled in Mt. View this year.

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L. F. Bonnell.

NOTICE.—Parties owing THE RECORD for advertisments and subscriptions will confer a favor by settling their accounts this month as we have bills of our own which must be paid at once.

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The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1898. NO. 19

THE VILLAGE ORDINANCE.

(Assented to Sept. 19th, 1898.)

The Lieutenant Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly of the Territories, enacts as follows:

1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Village Ordinance."

2 In this Ordinance—

(1) The expression "voter" means any man, unmarried woman or widow of the full age of twenty-one years who permanently resides within any village created or existing hereunder and who possesses, holds or occupies any land therein under any title.

(2) The expression "village" means and includes any village or unincorported town organized as such at the date of the passing of this Ordinance and any village hereafter organized under the provisions of this Ordinance.

3 Whenever the Territorial Secretary is satisfied by such proof as he may require that any portion of the Territories (no part of which is within the limits of any incorporated city or town ro rural minicipalty) contains not less than ten dwelling houses he may cause notices to be posted up in three conspicuous places within such area (one of which shall be the post office therein) that it is proposed to establish the same as a village after the expiration of thirty days from such posting.

4. After the expiration of the said thirty days the Lieutenant Governor in Council, unless a majority of the voters within the area aforesaid, by petition addressed to him, object, may by order establish the said area as a village under the name of the post office therein, and shall define its boundaries, fix a day for the election of an overseer, and appoint one of the voters of the said village to act as returning officer at the election of such overseer.

5. The first election of overseer and all later elections shall be conducted as follows:

(1) The returning officer shall, by public notice posted in the post office and two other conspicuous places in the village at least one week before the election, call a meeting of the voters for the election of an overseer to be held on the day fixed therefor.

(2) Election meetings shall be called to commence at the hour of seven of the clock in the evening of the day appointed, or if such day be a Sunday or a holiday, on the next following day which is not a Sunday or holiday.

(3) Nominations may be mad during the first half hour of the meeting.

(4) Male voters and no other persons shall be eligible for election as overseer.

(5) When the time for nomination has closed—

(a) If only one person has been nominated the returning officer shall declare such person to be elected overseer.

(b) If more than one person has been nominated the returning officer shall at once proceed to take the vote of the meeting, which shall be by open voting.

(6) Every person tendering his vote shall before his vote is received make and sign before the returning officer a declaration in the form A in the schedule hereto.

(7) The returning officer shall declare elected the nominee having the largest number of votes.

(8) In case of an equality of votes the returning officer shall have a casting vote.

6. Any person wilfully making a false declaration as a voter shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a penalty of $5.

7. The returning officer shall make a return to the Territorial Secretary showing the result of the election and shall send therewith the declarations signed by the voters and his own declaration in the form B in the schedule hereto.

8. The person elected as overseer shall within five days of the declaration of his election deliver to the returning officer the bond of sufficient sureties in the form C in the schedule hereto with an affidavit of justification endorsed thereon.

9. Until such bond is furnished the person elected shall not act as overseer.

10 If such bond is not delivered to the returning officer within such time he shall proceed to hold another election as soon as may be consistently with the giving of notice as herein provided.

(2) At the election so to be held the person making default in delivering such bond shall not be eligible for such election.

(3) The previous election shall become void on the election of another person under this section.

(4) If the person previously elected furnishes the necessary bond before such substitutional election is held, his election shall stand and another election shall not be held.

(5) Immediately on receipt of the bond the returning officer shall transmit it to the Com. of Public Works.

(6) If a person is elected overseer in the place of one who has failed ot furnish a bond the provisions of this and the two preceding sections shall be observed and followed as in the first instance.

11. The first overseer elected in any village shall enter on his duties at once after furnishing his bond and shall hold office for the remainder of the calendar vear in which he was elected and until his successor has furnished his bond.

(2) The overseer elected at elections subsequent to the first election shall hold office for the calendar year ensuing the day on which the election is required to be held hereunder and until his successor has furnished his bond.

(3) In case of a vacancy occuring in the office of overseer the Lieutenant Governor in Council may order another election or appoint an overseer for the unexpired term, in which latter case the Lieutenant Governor in Council may dispense with the overseer's bond otherwise required.

12. The Lieutenant Governor in Council may if he sees fit remove any overseer from his office and appoint a Commissioner in his stead and any such Commissioner shall have all the powers of the overseer and such other powers in regard to the conduct of the village affairs as may by the Lieutenat Governor in Council be deemed proper and necessary.

13. The election for overseer shall be held in each village on the second Monday in December in each year and for the purpose of such election the overseer shall appoint in writing before the first day of November in each year a returning officer; and should the person so appointed decline or be or become unable to act the overseer shall forthwith appoint another in his stead.

[2] The returning officer shall receive a fee of $3.

[3] The overseers now in office shall continue to hold office until the first day of January, 1899.

[CONTUNED NEXT WEEK.]

COMMUNICATION.

[We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by our correspondents.—ED.

EDITOR RECORD:

Mr. James May was up before P. Ash, Esq., J. P., for infringing the ordinance relative to Prevention of Prairie and Forest Fires. Had it not been for the clemency of the justice, Mr. May would have had to pay a fine of one hundred dollars; as it was, he was mulct to the tune of twenty five dollars and costs and was glad he got off with such a light penalty.

It is surprising that after all the advice given to this people, they will be foolish enough to leave themselves liable to heavy penalties and also imprisonment. Our Editor has printed and reprinted the law in this matter and it is to be hoped that the salutary lesson received by our friend Mr. May will be an object lesson for the rest of the community. Woe! unto the next offender who is brought before justice Ash for the like offence as he intends from now on to prosecute all offenders with the utmost rigor of the law.

A copy of last weeks RECORD should be in every house in Cardston as it contains the Fire Ordinance, and if the readers are in the habit of throwing the paper aside after reading the locals, cut the copy of the Ordinance out, and paste it in your hat if you will not take the trouble to impress it on your brains.

A Latter-Day Saint

Subscribe for THE RECORD.

GOOD BREEDING PAYS.

As the close of the shipping season approaches, the observant stock yard men notice a great change in the quality of the cattle offered. The percentage of "tops" is greatly lessened. The first beef roundups ordinarily include the best beef of the range product for any given year. Successive shipment commonly show more or less falling off in weight or quality until October or November, when shippers may "chance" the beef market somwhat and if that be found unfavorable the steers are given over to the feeder buyers for the best prices obtainable in the feeder market. Until a few years past, this feeder market as compared with the beef market was considered "pie" for those who had "any old breed" of cattle, including natives or scrubs, for sale. The reason for this was in the fact that many buyers for the dry feed lots were farmers who raised large quantities of hay and corn which could not readily be sold at remunerative prices and these men were in the market for feeders and could and would pay good prices. Sometimes these unsophisticated buyers proceeded upon the governing idea that the cheapest stock afforded the best promise of certain profit because by this method the original outlay represented the least output of cash. If a profit was realized at all, the net proceeds would be greater than with the high priced stock, and if losses resulted from the venture then again net results would be less disastrous than if larger money were originally invested. For a few years big-headed, long horned, long legged, cat hammed range excerpts were carefully fed (after they were tamed) and sometimes yielded a profit, but later experience and especially that of the season of 1896-7 demonstrated the fact that no prudent feed buyer would invest in native cattle, especially if margins promised to be close in the spring markets.

There is an old saying "good stock makes its own market" and that maxim may be suppilmented by another quite as true, viz: Fed scrubs and good beef are distant relatives, if not aliens. This brings one up against the old, much debated necessity in the West, the need of improvement in the quality of the stock and it must be said and urged once more that while much has already been done to improve cattle by introducing well bred bulls into the Western ranges, a visit to the stock yards of any large market will convince a good judge of what constitutes excellence in feeder stock, that only a beginning has been made in this direction. A very large majority of Western cattle exhibit little or no evidence of having the best strains of blood in their ancestry. A few show plainly the marks indicative of the fact that they are descended from a standard breed, but modern up to date buyers, who are out seeking recruits for the feeder pens in the corn states, either turn back without making their intended purchases or they accept the best they can get and take home with them some undesirable animals. The feeders know before hand that many of these cattle will not promptly respond to good care and feed, and if ever finished properly for the market, it will take much longer to accomplish the work than is profitable. Long feeding turns are expensive in provinder and labor, and there is another consideration of no small importance which is that no farmer takes the interest in feeding a scrubby herd that he would have in caring for a bunch of high grade steers. He gains no enthusiasm in the business and most kinds of business thrives best when the managers are not only workers but enthusiastic in their work as well. Feeding a scrubby lot of native cattle is a monotonous if not a solemn business. It is a comparative pleasure to feed and care for a herd of high bred Durhams, Devons and Whitefaces and to note the prompt and constant response of excellent animals to the care and feed given them. This latter class begets enthusiasm in the business, and ardent enthusiastic zeal lightens labor.—Miles City Live Stock Journal.

The Record

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Our prices speak for themselves.

Good White Envelopes (25 in bunch) per bunch—5c.

Note Tablet, Nice White, Paper, per Tablet—5c.

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wish to inform the people of Ætna and surrounding district that they will begin business in Ætna on

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Our prices will be as low as can be bought for anywhere.

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CABINET WORK A SPECIALTY.

PARTED AT THE ALTAR.

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY.

CHAPTER XIII.

"I hope I have not done an imprudent thing in engaging this young girl," thought Mrs. Thornton, laying down her book, and gazing thoughtfully out of the window. "There seems something strange about her—something I cannot quite comprehend. If ever there was a tragedy in a human face, there is one written in hers."

Then she dismissed the subject from her thoughts. She had sent for Doris to come to her boudoir as soon as she felt herself sufficiently rested; and in a short time Doris returned to her.

It was quite noticeable to Mrs. Thornton how strange and ill at ease Miss Carlisle was in her presence.

"I must set her at ease," she thought. "Dear me, this shyness is most uncomfortable."

So she talked easily and kindly to Doris, until the white, startled face grew calm and still.

"You shall write some letters for me after luncheon, Miss Carlisle," she said. "The first, and by far the most important of them all, is to my son. He left home only this morning to be gone a fortnight, and it almost seems to me that he has been gone a week."

In all her life, Doris never experienced more conflicting emotions than when she wrote that letter which Frederick's mother dictated.

The white hands trembled so over the words "My darling Frederick," that she could scarcely hold the pen; but with a great effort she controlled herself, knowing that the eyes of his mother were regarding her curiously.

"Your hand trembles, Miss Carlisle," she said, frowning. "Are you of a nervous temperament? I have a horror of nervous people."

"I am not nervous," replied Doris, in a low voice. "Oh, I hope I have not annoyed you. I—I was anxious to write the letter as nicely as I could."

"One should always take the greatest pains with every duty one has to perform," said Mrs. Thornton. "Well, now that you have fairly commenced, go on to say the house seems more than lonely to me without him; that I shall expect him home sooner than a fortnight, if he can adjust matters satisfactorily.

"Say that the ball which we had arranged to take place on the 20th of this month, we shall set for the eighteenth. And last—and by far the most pleasant news to him—say that Vivian, his sweetheart, is coming to spend a few days at the villa. That will bring him home quickly, if anything can."

Of course, it was only her fancy, but Mrs. Thornton quite imagined that she heard a little, gasping cry. The dark head bent lower over the white page. She could not see Miss Carlisle's face.

"Heaven help me! how can I write that!" thought Doris, crushing back the bitter tears that threatened to fall from her long lashes and blot the page. "Oh, God! how can I, his wife—who love him so—write those words!"

She had not thought of facing such bitter heart pangs as this, when she entered her husband's home in disguise, accepting the position of companion to his haughty mother.

"You write slowly, Miss Carlisle," said Mrs. Thornton, frowning impatiently. "You heard what I dictated last, did you not? The sentence was, Miss Courtney, his fiancee, is to spend a few days with us."

Making a desperate effort at self-control, Doris penned the words, and they seemed to dance in a blood-red mist before her eyes. She longed, with a bitter longing she could hardly repress, to cry out:—

"Vivian Courtney can never marry your son, cold, proud lady, for he is already wedded, and to me."

What would Mrs. Thornton have said had she known that this young girl sitting so quietly by her side was her idolized son's young wife—bride to her brilliant, handsome young heir—whom she loved as she loved no one else on earth, and who had been parted from her bridegroom at the very altar, as it were.

At last the letter was finished, sealed and directed. Doris could have bent her head and kissed the envelope, for she knew it would rest in his hands; those dear, strong, white hands, that had thrilled her heart to the very core as they had clasped hers on that memorable wedding night, as she stood with him, so cold and awed and frightened, before the altar.

"The rest of the letters can remain until after luncheon."

Doris had not heard the remark; she was thinking how fortunate it was that Frederick Thornton had never seen her writing.

Mrs. Thornton was just about to speak again, when she was interrupted by the sudden entrance of Isabel and Gwendolin Thornton.

Doris raised her eyes in breathless anxiety to see what Frederick's sisters were like. Cold and proud, like their haughty mother. She saw that at a glance; but despite this, her heart gave a strange thrill as Isabel Thornton glanced toward her with eyes so startlingly like her brother's.

"My daughters, this is Miss Carlisle, my new companion," said the mother, languidly.

Both young ladies bowed coldly to Doris, then seemed to ignore her presence completely. Doris rose to leave the room.

"You need not go," said Mrs. Thornton; and Doris resumed her seat. Their whole conversation was about the coming ball, and about their brother.

"I shall be so glad to see Frederick settled in life at last," murmured his mother. "I have always been in great fear lest he should fall in love with some girl—a nobody wtih a pretty face—and marry her on the impulse of the moment, he is so very impulsive."

"I believe, even in that case, you would have forgiven him, mamma," laughed Gwendolin, lightly; "you idolize him so."

Mrs Thornton drew herself up to her fullest height.

"Knowing my principles as well as you do, you surprise me by uttering such a remark, Gwendolin," she said, severely. "Much as I love him, that is the one thing that I could never have forgiven my son—marrying beneath him. I would disown him in the moment I heard of such an act of folly. He should never inherit one dollar of the Thornton estate. I would rather see him lying dead at my feet than married beneath him."

"You are pleased with Vivian," smiled Gwendolin.

"The desire of my heart will be gratified when my son marries Vivian Courtney," replied her mother. "She is beautiful, an heiress to a million in her own right, and is a lady by birth and education. She is in every way fitted to become Frederick's bride. Why should I not be pleased?"

Doris's heart turned cold as she listened. Every word cut her heart like the thrust of a dagger. She could have cried aloud as the words fell, clear, distinct and cruel, from those cold, proud lips.

She had treasured the wild hope in her poor, hungry heart that she might be able by a world of patience and endurance to win her way at last to Frederick's mother's heart; now she saw how futile had been that wild fancy. It could never be done—never while the sun shone or the grass grew. How little hope there was for her, after all.

Her bowed head dropped lower and lower. Mrs. Thornton noticed it.

"You look tired, Miss Carlisle," she said. "Perhaps you would like to walk out into the grounds; the air is refreshing."

Doris gladly availed herself of the opportunity.

Out in the solitude of the grounds, when quite shut out from the view of the open windows by the interlacing trees, Doris threw up her white arms with a bitter cry to heaven:—

"Oh, I can never endure it!" she cried. "It would drive me mad!—yes, mad. I thought I was stronger, but, no, my heart is breaking. After I have looked upon Frederick's false, handsome face I will go quietly away."

The words had scarcely died away on her lips ere she beheld a sight which made her catch her breath with a startled cry.

A young girl in a white mull dress, carrying a white parasol in her hand edged with Oriental lace, came swiftly up the path. It was Vivian Courtney.

Would Vivian recognize her, despite the dark, disguising stain on her fair face and golden hair?

It was a moment of intense suspense to Doris. Her heart beat in great stifling throbs, and terror deepened in her blue eyes. With desperate hands she clung tightly to the marble railing that surrounded the fountain.

Nearer, nearer Vivian approached, eyeing intently the slender, girlish figure standing by the fountain. There was something strangely familiar about her, yet, looking into the dark face, Vivian did not recognize her.

With quick steps she passed Doris by and went on to the house.

"I am safe!" muttered Doris, drawing her breath hard. "She does not know me."

She looked after Vivian, the graceful, haughty beauty, the belle of the seminary in that other life which seemed so far behind her, whom Frederick Thornton loved.

Young, an heiress, the idol of both parents' and lover's heart—ah, what more had life to offer her? So much had been given to Vivian, while to her had been given—nothing. She asked herself why God had distributed His gifts so unfairly. Even the love that would have crowned her life and made this poor earth a heaven to her, had been taken from her and given to Vivian, the beauty.

And, standing there in the red glow of the sunlight, the words of the poet came to her:—

"No one could tell, for nobody knew,
Why love was made to gladden a few;
And hearts that would forever be true
Go lone and starved the whole way through."

"But for her he might have loved me," sobbed Doris, and the pangs of jealousy, more bitter to endure than death, swept through the girl's heart.

Slowly she walked back to the house, and up to Mrs. Thornton's boudoir; that lady was in the best of spirits.

"I am gald you are here, Miss Carlisle," she said. "I want you to go to the apartments that have been set apart for Miss Courtney's use, and see that they are in readiness for her. See that fresh flowers are put in the vases, and this portrait of my son Frederick placed on the mantel."

CHAPTER XIV—LIFE IS TOO HARD TO BEAR.

Doris took the portrait and turned away. Mrs. Thornton must not see the deadly pallor that stole over her as her eyes rested on that handsome face.

Out in the corridor, beyond the gaze of his mother's stern eyes, poor, hapless Doris gave full vent to her pent-up feelings.

"He was hers," she cried out, covering the portrait with passionate kisses. "No one else had a right to love him. The picture belonged to her room—not Vivian's."

Doris carried out Mrs. Thornton's instructions faithfully—all save placing Frederick Thornton's porrtrait on Vivian's mantel. That she carried to her own room and hid it securely from all prying eyes (never dreaming of the cruel consequences that would accrue from that rash act), there to worship it in secret.

Poor Doris! Despite the fact that she believed her young husband had willfully and deliberately deserted her, she still loved him with a wonderful, noble love; there was something half divine in its intensity. Only a noble girl could be capable of such a love. The fire of passion does not touch ignoble souls; they are incapable of it.

During the next few days of Vivian's stay at Thornton Villa Doris avoided her as much as possible. A bitter pang of jealousy shot through her heart that she could neither subdue nor control, as her eye rested upon her rival. It seemed to Doris that Vivian was growing more beautiful each day. It was little wonder that Frederick Thornton loved her. Gay, piquant Vivian could count lovers by the score.

They were all so fond of Vivian at Thornton Villa it made Doris's heart ache to see it. She had had such wild, vain hopes of coming to Frederick's home and winning her way to the hearts of his mother and sister! Before she had been in that aristocratic household a week she knew her dream would never be realized.

One afternoon, while she was reading to Mrs. Thornton, a telegram came.

"It is from my son," said his mother, laying it down with a pleased smile. "Will you oblige me, Miss Carlisle, by going to find Isabel and Vivian, and telling them Frederick will be with us this evening? I think you will find them in Vivian's room. They were there reading not half an hour since. Why, how white you look, Miss Carlisle! Are you ill?" she asked, in wonder. "You seem dazed!"

(To Be Continued.)

Castilian Cuisine.

Oil and pepper are the two things that especially characterize the Castilian cuisine. One of the favorite dishes in Cuba is "tasajo," which is simply dried meat, cooked with tomatoes, red peppers and onions. "Tripa a la Andaluza" is another preparation frequently seen. As the name indicates, the basis is boiled tripe, which is cooked with beans and potatoes, and always served with the small red Spanish sausage known as "Butafarra Catalina." A similar sausage, only black, is known as "Butafarra Astoriana."

"Chile con carne," which everybody eats, is nothing more than a thick stew of beef (carne) and beans seasoned with chiles. Spanish "tortillas" are corn cakes flavored with red peppers, and differ from the Mexican tortilla in that the latter, when properly made, are rolled in chopped vegetables. A salad a la Espanola is prepared of lettuce and celery, with a few sliced tomatoes and peppers. Served with French dressing it is very good.

The Spanish soups are as a rule a little too heavy for the American taste, which runs more toward the consomme. They are thick decoctions, full of vegetables, and look frightfully greasy. Soup, however, does not have the important role among the Spaniards that it plays in French domestic economy, and is an article of secondary importance. The dishes named are pretty apt to appear ere long on home menus, and it is interesting to know in advance what they are composed of.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Books Rather Than Food.

Success gives an interesting anecdote told by Agassiz of his visit when a young man to the great German naturalist, Professor Lorenz Oken.

The professor received his guest with warm enthusiasm, but apparent embarrassment. He showed his visitor the laboratory and the students at work, also his cabinet, and lastly his splendid library of books pertaining to zoological science, a collection worth some $7,000, and well deserving the glow of pride which the owner manifested as he expiated on its excellence. The dinner hour came, and then the embarrassment of the great German reached its maximum point. "M. Agassiz," he said, with perturbation, "to gather and keep up this library exacts the utmost husbandry of my pecuniary means. To accomplish this I allow myself no luxury whatever. Hence my table is restricted to the plainest fare. Thrice a week our table boasts of meat, the other days we have only potatoes and salt. I very much regret that your visit has occurred upon a potato day." And so the splendid Switzer and the great German, with his students, dined together on potatoes and salt. And what must those students have enjoyed in the conversation of those remarkable men!

Telling Him the Truth.

"I think Willie is learning to smoke," said his mother. "I wish you to speak to him about it."

"What shall I say to him?" asked his father.

"Why, tell him the truth, of course."

And so Willie was duly called up, and his father put on a severe look and said:

"Willie, I understand you are learning to smoke. Now, before it goes any further, I want to tell you what the result may be. You may die in a year, and then again you may live to be 100 years old."

"Why, John," expostulated the boy's mother.

"You told me to tell him the truth," returned the father, "and there's hardly a week goes by that I don't hear of some one close to the century mark who has smoked ever since he was 14 years old, while people who never smoked at all die in infancy with great frequency."

It is sometimes difficult to get a man who smokes to look at the subject from the right point of view.—Chicago Post.

Going Without Sleep.

It is an interesting question to studious people how long a man can go without sleep. A physician asserts that no healthy man can overwork because eventually nature will compel him to fall asleep at his task. A journalist recently claimed to have worked 72 hours without sleeping. Humboldt said that when a young man he required only two hours sleep each night, but that in his old age he found he really needed as many as three or four. Victims subjected to the Chinese torture of being kept continually awake die on or before the fifth day. By far the most inspiring example, however, is that of one of the saints, who is related to have lived 19 years without sleep and to have remained standing a large portion of that time. —San Francisco Argonaut.

Irascible Carlyle.

A lady who lived near Thomas Carlyle kept Cochin China fowls, and their crowing was such a nuisance that the philosopher sent a complaint to her. The owner was indignant upon hearing the appeal.

"Why," said she, "they crow only four times a day, and how can Mr. Carlyle be seriously annoyed at that?"

Upon hearing of her attitude upon the subject, Carlyle replied, "The lady forgets the pain I suffer in waiting for those four crows."

Rather Mean.

"Did the old skinflint give you a reward for returning his pocketbook?" asked the policeman of the little newsboy who helps support his mother.

"Naw, he tried ter make me pay fur de advertisin 'cause I didn' return de stuff 'fore I knowed who it b'longed ter."—Detroit Free Press.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 23.

Fierce gales are raging on Lake Superior.

The Spanish evacuation of Cuba is in progress.

Burglars secured over $3,000 from a Montreal grocery.

General Brooks denies reports of disorders in Porto Rico.

J. F. Alexander, collector of customs at Deloraine, has resigned.

The White Pass railway management have work for 2,000 men.

Colonel Panet, deputy minister of militia and defence, is dead.

Sharkey won the fight with Corbett, in the ninth round, on a foul.

Antediluvian remains of animals have been found on Sulphur Creek, Yukon.

The Cariboo Hydraulic Mining company's clean up amounts to $110,000.

Severe cold and storms are reported in Kansas and other Western States.

Temperance people of Winnipeg made a presentation to Rev. J. M. A. Spence.

The Behring Sea question is under discussion by the high joint commission.

The differences between the C. P. R. and G. T. R. are in process of settlement.

Winnipeg's offer of $237,500 for the waterworks has been accepted by the company.

Spain is said to be helpless to resist the United States demands in the Philippines.

The mutilated body of Leon Charbonneau was found in the Lachine Canal, at Montreal.

Writs have been issued for federal elections in Bagot and Montmagny on December 7-14.

Mr. Powderly, U. S. immigration commissioner, expresses liberal views on the alien labor law.

Mounted police posts, thirty miles apart, are now established from Bennet to Dawson City.

It is reported that Holden, one of the Napanee bank robbers, has turned Queen's evidence.

The I. O. F., of Quebec, won in the suit brought against them by E. Mercier for damages.

The magistrate has decided to commit the defendant in the case of Hughes vs. Montreal Herald.

Senor Castillo, Spanish ambassador to France, was thrown from his carriage and seriously injured.

TUESDAY, NOV. 22.

Sir John Fowler, engineer, is dead.

Sharkey and Corbett will fight at New York to-night.

A window blind factory is to be established in Winnipeg.

Macomb, Mo., is threatened with destruction from bush fires.

A Kansas blizzard is causing much suffering to ranch cattle.

Writs are issued for Dominion by-elections in West Huron and Halton.

A blizzard is raging in Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, Texas and Minnesota.

Senator Quay, of Pennsylvania, has been indicted for appropriating state funds.

Winnipeg offers the Waterworks company $237,500 for their plant and franchise.

The Elder-Dempster company are adding six new steamships to their Montreal fleet.

Mr. Sifton's speech at the Hardy banquet is published in this morning's Free Press.

La Normanie arrived at New York from Havre with two cases of small-pox aboard.

J. D. Edgar suggests that New Hampshire be exchanged for the British West Indies.

A branch of Bertram's Toronto shipbuilding business will be established at Vancouver, B. C.

Officers of the Winnipeg Presbyterian congregations have formed an Elders' Association.

The United States commission demanded the entire Philippines offering Spain $20,000,000 indemnity.

The second trial of Ponton, and others, for the Napanee bank robbery is in progress at Napanee.

Eighteen locomotives and a number of cars of the C. A. and P. S. railway were seized by the customs authorities.

MONDAY, NOV. 21.

The Earl of Lathom is dead.

Rossland mines shipped 4,683 tons of ore last week.

The Empress mine, Jack Fish Bay, will be reopened.

A smuggling plot has been discovered at Malone, N. Y.

The C. P. R. Christmas excursions will begin on December 5th.

The settlers of Gilbert Plains are agitating for a railway.

Eighty Russian students were exiled to Siberia for socialism.

The C. P. R. station at Virden was totally destroyed by fire.

The czar has ordered an investigation of the reports of famine.

Some of the Spanish cruisers sunk at Manila have been refloated.

The Filipinos declare they will have absolute independence or fight.

Two attempts to kill ex-King Milan, of Servia, were made recently.

It is reported at Madrid that terms of peace have been agreed upon.

John W. Parsons was elected grand master Workman of the K. of L.

Three murders and seven suicides occurred in New York city on Sunday.

Ontario apples infected with codlin moth were destroyed at Vancouver.

The B. C. Wood Oil company's works at Port Moody, were destroyed by fire.

Advance sheets of Esterhazy's book on the Dreyfus case are published in Paris.

Great Britain's war preparations are not to guard against France but Russia.

A movement against annexation of the Philippines has been inaugurated at Boston.

Only the two Elgins remain to be tried of all the Ontario election protests.

Bankers and financial agents protest against the proposed special assessment of Brandon.

It is reported that the Queen Regent will leave Spain and Don Carlos succeed to the throne.

Major Talbot's discharge by General Hutton has been reconsidered and he returns to duty.

The Gubbins children, Winnipeg street Arabs, have been taken in charge by the C. A. Society.

The late Lt. Gov. Cameron left a bequest to Queen's university to found a Gaelic scholarship.

United States peace commissioners will present their final decision regarding the Philippines to-day.

Dr. Nancy Gulford, arrested for murder in London, Eng., has been brought back to the United States.

SATURDAY, NOV 19.

Keeley, the "motor" man, is dead.

Spain is threatened with civil war.

The Portage la Prairie assizes closed on Friday.

A Galician school is to be established at Sifton.

Ten people were burned to death at St. Petersburg.

Porto Rico is reported to be in a state of anarchy.

A steady improvement is reported in Canadian business.

The German press favors an alliance with Great Britain.

A new post office is opened at Menteith, near Brandon.

Cross' election for Calgary was confirmed by the recount.

Operations have been resumed on the Bad Mine, Rat Portage.

Two of the Rat Portage saw mills will be removed to Winnipeg.

Eleven workmen were killed by a train on the Pennsylvania railway.

Several appointments have been made to the Winnipeg customs staff.

B. E. Aylesworth, Liberal, was elected in Lennox by 109 majority.

An inquiry will be made into the abandonment at sea of the Westmeath.

Jesse F. Oates has been awarded the first U. S. pension for the Spanish war.

Colonel Hughes, chief of police of Montreal, has sued the Herald for libel.

The steamer Briardene put to sea and escaped from sheriff's officers at Queenston.

The report of United States opposition to Canada's imperial tariff is denied.

It is reported that supplies and reinforcements for Marchand have arrived at Fashoda.

The annual meeting and election of officers of the Methodist S. S. A. was held on Friday.

Elliott, accused of murdering William Murray, at Beaverton, was found guilty by the coroner's jury.

New forms of oaths and declarations for importers have been introduced by the customs department.

Canada's contribution of $25,000 to West Indian hurricane sufferers has been thankfully acknowledged.

Inspector Moody, N. W. M. P., has arrived at Victoria, B. C., after a trip from Edmonton to Fort Selkirk, Yukon.

FRIDAY, NOV. 18.

The Firemen's ball was a great success.

The stallion, Royal Standard, sold for $7,000.

There is a street car strike in Syracuse, N. Y.

Three persons were burned to death at Manila.

Britain's home defences are being reorganized.

H. M. S. Formidable was launched at Portsmouth.

Twb men were drowned in the Yukon at Fifty Mile.

Revolution has broken out in Salvador, U. S. C. A.

Morden district proposes to raise a rifle battalion.

A squad of N. W. M. P. left Victoria for Dawson City.

The Portage la Prairie assizes will likely close to-day.

The inquest in the Beaverton murder case is proceeding.

The Winnipeg branch of the Dominion Alliance elected officers.

Ontario has received $140,000 in succession duties this year.

Canadian officials seized U. S. fishermen's nets in Lake Erie.

The Crow's Nest Pass railway has been taken over by the C. P. R.

Uniform and free primary text books will be adopted in Quebec schools.

The election petitions in Haldimand and North Renfrew were dismissed.

The Doukhobors will be housed in the old railway buildings at East Selkirk.

A battalion of Chinese, under British officers, will be enlisted at Wei-HaiWei.

Canadian trade for four months ending October 31st, aggregated $119,375,023.

Judge Osler condemned the prevailing practice of "sawing off" election protests.

The jury on the Murray Hill railway accident censured the dead engineer and the G. T. R.

Chinese mobs burnt a Catholic mission in the interior and stoned missionaries at Pekin.

The Marchand government are inducing French Canadians to return to Quebec from the States.

It is reported that Esterhazy received 80,000 francs for forging the bordereau in the Dreyfus case.

Germany is to acquire Angola from Portugal, and Great Britain will secure additional African territory.

It is reported that the U. S. will consent to reciprocity if Canada repeals the imperial preferential tariff.

The Trades and Labor council decided to interrogate aldermanic candidates on several matters affecting labor.

THURSDAY, NOV. 17.

Small pox is epidemic at Manila.

Emperor William will visit Spain incognito.

Jamaica proposes to ask for annexation to Canada.

There is a shortage of carbide of calcium in Manitoba.

The Toronto Mail says parliament will not meet till March.

King Humbert opened the Italian parliament on Wednesday.

The high joint commission held a short session on Wednesday.

One thousand people were killed by a fire at Hankow, China.

Winnipeg customs collections for October aggregated $91,604.64.

The report of the U. S. Alaskan coast survey has been completed.

The W. C. T. U. convention at St. Paul, Minn., closed on Wednesday.

Lord Herschell was banqueted by the New York Chamber of Commerce.

The Treasure mine, Lake of the Woods, produced $529 from 33 tons of ore.

British Columbia salmon canners ask for amendments in the regulations.

Recent arrivals at Ottawa from Yukon speak highly of the Dominion officials.

Twenty-eight election petitions were dismissed by consent at Victoria, B. C.

The Brandon school board will import a classical teacher from Ontario.

Wolseley, Assa., elected its first mayor—R. A. Magee—and council on Tuesday.

Icelanders in the United States and Iceland are anxious to settle in Manitoba.

Over 15,000 postal notes have been issued in the first three months of the system.

Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal sailed from Liverpool for Canada on Wednesday.

The Murray Hill railway disaster was caused by carelessness of the driver of the express.

The United States will probably buy the Philippines and one of the Caroline Islands.

The K. of L. convention denounced the U. S. judiciary and endorsed the expansion policy.

Efforts are being made by Montreal and Quebec societies to preserve the Plains of Abraham.

French officials are favoring an alliance with Germany against Great Britain and United States.

The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited

GLAD THINGS FOR XMAS.

Our plans are all Christmas-ward—Our thoughts tuned to making the season one of completest enjoyment. Our stocks are very large and varied. We cannot in the newspaper space at our disposal do more than enumerate a very few of them, but if you drop postal we'll send you our store paper containing, besides other good matter, nine pages of items, with illustrations, selected specially for Xmas presents.

HANDKERCHIEFS.

1,000 dozen Ladies' Swiss Embroidered Handkerchiefs, button-hole and scalloped edges, also hemstitched, positively worth 15c and 20c each, very special ... 5 for 25c

Ladies' extra fine sheer Swiss Handkerchiefs, "dainty patterns," scalloped, hemstitch and Valenciennes lace edges (15 different patterns) ..each 18c, or 3 for 50c

Ladies' sheer lawn linen Handkerchiefs, scalloped and hemstitch edges (6 different patterns) ..each 25c, or per dozen $2.75

FINE TABLE LINENS.

Hemstitched Table Cloth, of finest German damask, satin finish, pure linen and newest designs:
Sizes 2 x 2 yards, each $4.75
Sizes 2 x 2 1-2 yards, each 7.50
Sizes 2 1-2 x 3 yards each 10.00
Hemstitched Napkins to match the above table cloths in pattern and quality, size 21 x 24 inches, per dozen $10.00
A fine pure linen Double Damask Table Cloth, size 2 x 2 1-2 yards, with border all around, best quality and finish, Irish manufacture, in newest scroll and floral designs, and one dozen 25 x 25 inch napkins to match the above cloth in quality and patterns, special for the set ...$4.00
Size 25x25 inches warranted all pure linen double damask and satin finish, in newest designs, special, per dozen $2.50

FOR THE TABLE.

Three-piece Carving Sets, knife, fork and steel, Sheffield steel blades, stag-horn handles, extra quality, in satin-lined case $2.25
Cut Glass Knife Rests, dumb-bell shape, each 40c
Tea Cosy, hand embroidered in silk, pretty designs, or hand-made Renaissance lace, made up with three silk puffs, filled with imported down. $4.00 to $5.00
Covers for Hot Rolls, Muffins, Cakes, etc., embroidered in wash silks, dainty designs $1.75
Carving Cloth, size 20 x 27, extra quality, full bleached damask, hemstitched, 75c
One dozen Teaspoons, Rogers' best A1 plate, fancy pattern, in satin-lined leather case $3.95
Quadruple Plate Butter Knife and Sugar Spoon, with gilt bowl; this pair in nice satin-lined case $2.30

CHILDREN'S PICTURE BOOKS.

A large selection of Children's Picture Books, in board covers, full-page illustrations and colored frontispiece, for 10c and 15c, containing fairy tales, nursery tales, Bible stories, and animal stories and pictures. Post 4c extra.
Large Quarto Books, fancy colored board covers, 100 pages, profusely illustrated, special at 25c. "Mirth and Merriment," "Storyland Treasures," "Nursery Sketches," "Holiday Joys," and "Delightful Times," are some of the titles of these books. Postage 8c extra.
"Young People's Classics" in bright, fancy board covers, profusely illustrated, contains "Grimes Fairy Tales," "Aesop's Fables," "The Pilgrim's Progress," "Gulliver's Travels," "Anderson's Fairy Tales," "Wood's Natural History," 35c. Postage 8c extra.

HOSIERY.

Gents' Fine Quality Black Cashmere Hose, with colored embroidered fronts, neat designs in white, red and pale blue, spliced heels and toes, fashioned, special value, 3 pairs for $1.00
Ladies' Fancy Plaid Cashmere Hose, in the very newest designs, spliced heels and toes, full fashioned; also Fancy Plaid Lisle, in diagonal plaid and small checks, spliced heels and toes, full fashioned, extra value, 2 pairs for $1.25
Ladies' Winter Weight Black Cashmere Hose, in plain or rib, extra heavy double soles, fashioned, made of nice soft yarn, and very warm, all sizes, at 50c, or 3 for $1.00

MEN'S AND BOYS' SLIPPERS.

Men's Velvet Vamp Everett Slipper, embroidered front and patent backs, special at 75c
Men's Velvet Vamp Opera Slipper, embroidered front and patent leather backs, special at $1.00
Men's Imitation Alligator Everett Slipper, chocolate color, special at $1.00
Men's Dongola Everett Slipper, American made, hand turned, special at.. $1.25
Men's Dongola Opera Slipper, extra fine, chocolate or black, hand turned, special at $1.50
Men's Fine Dongola Romeo Slipper, hand made, chocolate or black, very choice, special at $2.00
Men's Vici Kid Jester Slippr, coin toes, elastic gore at ankle, coffee or black, hand made, special at $2.00
Boys' Fine Dongola Opera Slipper, hand turned soles—Sizes, 11 to 2, special at..$1.00
Sizes 2 1-2 to 5, special at 1.15

MUFFLERS.

Men's White Figured Hemstitched Japanese Silk Mufflers, extra quality, large size, choice patterns, special $1.00

MEN'S SUSPENDERS.

Men's Plain Satin Suspenders, for embroidering, in white, sky blue, pink, cardinal, peacock and black, special per pair 50c, 75c, $1.00

Address mail orders or requests for catalogs exactly as below

The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited

SECTION 52. TORONTO.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

HUMOR

DIDN'T REMIND HIM.

And the Butcher's Kindness Only Became a Boomerang.

Perhaps the story of the entire incident will relieve the strained relations now existing between the parties in interest. They are a certain down town merchant, his wife and his butcher, all prosperous and highly respected personages, the merchant and the butcher being decidedly chummy until of late.

One forenoon recently the butcher's wagon stopped in front of the merchant's residence on Second avenue, the driver proceeding to carry in a big fat turkey, a pair of ducks, a leg of mutton and a whole sirloin of pork.

"Some mistake," said the woman of the house as her attention was called to the wholesale stock piled up on the kitchen table.

"No, it's all right, mum. The boss told me to leave 'em and say nothin. Number's on the basket, and he spoke to me perticaler 'bout these goods."

"Oh, he did? Told you to leave them and say nothing, did he? Well, you just pack those things out to your wagon again, take them, every one, back and tell the butcher that we don't run a hotel or boarding house; that when we want things we'll order them, and that it will probably be a long while before we'll again want anything from him. 'Just leave them!' The impertinence of the man."

All this was faithfully reported, the butcher was so mad that he forgot and cut the bone out of the next order before weighing it, and he and the merchant have not spoken since. The truth is that it was the merchant's birthday when the things were sent, they being a slight token of the butcher's esteem. He had incidentally learned of what in many families is a festival occasion, but neither the merchant nor his wife so much as remembered that it was his birthday.—Detroit Free Press.

Answered by the Parrot.

A parrot owned by an Arch street physician gave signs of possessing "almost human intelligence" the other night. A party of young folks were on the lawn and were spending an hour in guessing riddles. Finally a young lady asked, "Why does a dog turn around twice before he lies down?"

Before anybody could answer the parrot croaked, "One good turn deserves another."—Philadelphia Call.

She Used Her Eyes.

Miss Chatter—I knew you would be here today to see sister.

Mr. Cudler (interrogatively)—Intuition?

Miss Chatter—No. Observation. You always appear on the same day that Ethel refuses onions at dinner.—Metropolitan.

The Cumminsville Sage.

"It is a little and an easy thing," said the Cumminsville sage, "to give a sunny smile and a cheerful word to the downtrodden and unfortunate. The only drawback is the danger that it may encourage him to try to borrow money from you."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Revised Answer.

"Is life worth living?" was at one time a much quoted question, to which the most popular answer was that "it depended on the liver." Nowadays a poorly paid and hardworked clergyman replies that "it depends on 'the living.'"—Punch.

Retort Courteous.

"The new boarder has not said a word about the meals yet," said the boarding house mistress.

"No, I believe he's a very religious man," replied one of the victims.—Yonkers Statesman.

A Paternal Wail.

I'm weak and worn and weary, I am frazzled to a thread,
I never get a breath of peace till Dick is safe in bed;
At morn, at night, I growl and bite; I charge, I pitch and tear;
I have to be those animals he saw at the county fair.

—Chicago Record.

Should Be Easy.

Crimsonbeak—Microbes are not hard to lick.

Yeast—Why so?

"Because it is said 250,000,000 can be got on a single postage stamp."—Yonkers Statesman.

The Soldier's Return.

They greeted him with smiles and tears,
Filled him with beef and mutton—
And carried away for souvenirs
His last remaining button.

—Indianapolis Journal.

No. 1. of Course.

Parson—Even the hairs of your little head are numbered, Freddie.

Freddie (pulling out a hair)—What number is this? — Philadelphia North American.

CONSUMPTION.

What a Well-Known Medical Journal Says About This King of Disease.

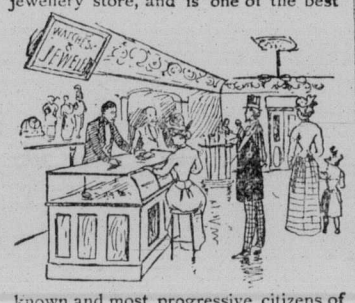
"This is essentially an age of scientific progress. Science and invention go hand in hand. Thanks to a distinguished chemist consumption is robbed of its terrors, deprived of its destructiveness, and this insidious disease can first be relieved and then cured. But to accomplish a cure that is final and effective there must be constant persistency in treatment and right living. The sufferer must take the right medical relief, rightly administered. By the labor, skill and research of an eminnt chemist, T. A. Slocum, consumption can be both relieved and cured."—Medical Tribune.

Three free sample bottles of the Slocum Cure will be sent to any sufferer from consumption, lung or throat troubles or general debility, if name, address and express office are sent to The T. A. Slocum Chemical Co., Limited, 177 King street west, Toronto, Ont. This is a genuine offer, and if the reader is—or knows a friend who is—a sufferer, send at once for the free samples and mention this paper.

A Dunnville Jeweller's Wife

CURED OF PALPITATION OF THE HEART AND SMOTHERING SPELLS BY MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS.

Mrs. D. E. Lasalle, Canal Street, Dunnville, Ont., whose husband keeps a jewellery store, and is one of the best



known and most progressive citizens of Dunnville, Ont., gives the following description of her recent experience in the use of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills:

"I took Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills for weak nerves, dizziness, palpitation of the heart, smothering spells at night and sleeplessness. Before I used them I could not get restful sleep, and my nerves were often so unstrung that I would start in alarm at the least noise, and easily worried.

"Last February I commenced taking this valuable medicine, and it proved the right remedy for my weak and shattered nervous system. Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills restored my nerves to a strong and healthy condition, gave regular and normal action of the heart.

"I sleep well now, and am better in every way, and I recommend them heartily to all who suffer as I did."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, 50c. a box, or 3 for $1.25, at all druggists. T. MILBURN & Co., Toronto, Ont.

Laxa-Liver Pills cure Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Dyspepsia. Every pill guaranteed perfect, and to work without a gripe or pain. Price 25c., all druggists.

TOLD BY THE EDITOR.

DURING A HOLIDAY RAMBLE HE VISITS THE OLD HOMESTEAD.

He Found Changes That Astonished Him, One of Which Deserves the Widest Publication for the Benefit It May Prove to Others.

From the Leader and Recorder, Toronto Junction.

The editor of the Leader and Recorder, during a recent holiday trip through the counties of York, Peel, Dufferin and Grey, spent a few days at the old parental homestead, where he was born and spent many happy years. The old homestead is in the township of Euphrasia, Grey county, about one and a half miles south of the village of Heathcote, and about ten miles from the town of Meaford. It is occupied by the writer's youngest brother, George J. Fawcett. The latter was the picture of health, and remembering that when he came from Detroit, where he had been living for several years, and took possession of the homestead, he was in such feeble health that his life was despaired of, the writer suggested that the bracing climate of the northern regions must be the best medicine in the world for a shattered constitution. The reply made contained statements so remarkable that we consider it a pleasure as well as a duty to give them as wide publicity as possible through the columns of the Leader and Recorder. A severe attack of malaria, contracted whilst in Detroit, brought the writer's brother to death's door, from which he recovered only to find himself the victim of a complication of troubles which unfitted him for work. He was attended by some of the most eminent physicians in Detroit, but he received little or no benefit from their treatment. Change of air was finally recommended and he removed with his family to the county of Grey. A slight change for the better was noticable at first, but he soon relapsed into the old condition and again sought help from the leading doctors of the district in turn. Sleeplessness took possession of him and soon he was wasted away to a mere skeleton. Then the doctors declared they could do nothing more for him, and advised him to go to California. During all these weary months he read in the papers from time to time and laughed at what he termed the "miracles" wrought by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. He had no faith in such remedies, and it was only when the physicians told him that they could do no more for him that, like the drowning man who catches at a straw, he would try a box of the pills. To his great astonishment his sleeplessness had vanished before he had been using the pills a week, and he slept like an infant. Gradually his strength returned and his appetite improved, and soon he felt like a new man. A few months after taking the first dose he was as well as ever. For more than two years past he has not taken any medicine whatever, and today you will not find a sturdier specimen of mankind in Grey than Geo. J. Fawcett. "What do I think of Pink Pills?" he queried with a smile; "why I think there is nothing like them on earth for building up the system; but for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I do not think I would be alive today."

The experience of years has proved that there is absolutely no disease due to a vitiated condition of the blood or shattered nerves that Dr Williams' Pink Pills will not promptly cure, and those who are suffering from such troubles would avoid much misery and save money by promptly resorting to this treatment. Get the genuine Pink Pills every time and do not be persuaded to take an imitation or some other remedy from a dealer who for the sake of the extra profit to himself may say is "just as good." Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure when other medicines fail.

Two Kinds of a Hug.

A little boat is seen afloat
Upon the moonlit water,
In which a youth does sit, forsooth,
With his neighbor's daughter;
He hugs the shore a mile or more,
Along the laughing water,
Then leaves the boat serenely float
And hugs his neighbor's daughter.

—Chicago News.

Time to Open.

The President—Is the list of football players thoroughly advertised?

The Dean—It is.

The President—Then I guess we might as well open up the college.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

CHRISTMAS EXCURSIONS.

The C. P. R. Will Start Running Them on December 5th.

The Canadian Pacific railway are advertising their twelfth annual excursions to the east, commencing on the 5th December and continuing during the month. Judging by the inquiries which are being received there is likely to be a greater number take advantage of them than in any previous year. For accommodation of the excursionists, twenty new tourist cars and ten new first-class cars, all vestibuled, are being sent form the shops at Perth and Montreal. These cars will be run through to Toronto, Montreal and east, so that a passenger need not leave the car from the time of starting on the journey from the west until this destination is reached, and as the cars are supplied with every requisite found in a modern house the time is passed with all possible comfort.

Special arrangements are also being made to old country passengers, a tourist car leaving Winnipeg every Sunday morning for St. John, where connection is made with the mail steamer which sails immediately on arrival of the C. P. R. train.

Karl K. Albert, general agent for the Victor safes, is introducing a small household safe, which costs only $12. Those needing safes could not do better than get a Victor safe, which is as good as any made and cheaper than anywhere else in Canada.

TO THE FARMERS

Of Manitoba and the Northwest Territories.

The unfavorable weather which has prevailed in many parts of the Canadian Northwest during the harvest season has, no doubt, in many instances injured the germinating power of the grain, and rendered it unfit for seed. Under the circumstances, no farmer should undertake so costly an experiment as the sowing of any doubtful seed. In every case the proportion which will germinate should be ascertained, as this can be done without cost to the farmer.

Samples for test may be sent now, or at any time during the winter, in any number desired, addressed to the Director of the Experimental Farms, Ottawa. An ounce of the grain is sufficient, which can be enclosed in an envelope and sent free through the mail. The germinating power of the samples sent will be ascertained and a report of the test forwarded to the sender as promptly as possible.

WM. SAUNDERS,
Director.

Maddening.

'Twas in a dream; he'll ne'er forget;
He made ten thousand dollars net,
And he awoke to swear a bit
And find he had ten thousand—nit!

—Up to Date.

A Good Plan.

"I wonder why artists are always so careful to sign their pictures?"

"Possibly so's the public can tell the top from the bottom."—Metropolitan.

When Getting a New COOK STOVE
Buy a "GRAND JEWEL,"
and you will be delighted with the results.
IF NOT SATISFIED, MONEY REFUNDED.

SAFES **VICTOR** SAFES
KARL K. ALBERT, GEN. AGT.
407 MAIN ST., WINNIPEG,
Next door to P. O.

SNAPS FOR CASH.

Household Safes, small size, - - $12.00
Household Safes, large size, - - 30.00

Just the thing for a Christmas present. Both useful and ornamental.

Merchants' Safes, all sizes and prices; on easy terms or cash. Come and see them or write for quotations. Special prices during November and December.

Yale Man's Little Joke.

Professor Tracy Peck used to tell a story of how a Yale man saved his life. He was about to be hung in Texas for horse stealing and said:

"Hold on, gentlemen! Do you know who you are hanging? I am a graduate of Yale college, and here is my diploma."

It being printed on vellum in Latin, no one could read it, and, thinking he must be an important personage, they let him go free.—Green Bag.

"What a lovely new coiffure Miss Oldtimer has. Where did she get the style?" "That comes with the hair."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Baddeck, June 11, 1897.

C. C. Richards & Co.

Dear Sirs,—Minard's Liniment is my remedy for NEURALGIA.

It relieves at once.

A. S. McDONALD.

All women are pleased with the judgment of Paris—when he comes to fashions.

Minard's Liniment the best hair resterer.

Whenever a bachelor begins to investigate a girl's cooking he means business.

Minard's Liniment for Rheumatism.

A driving rein is all right for the horseman, but a light shower satisfies the cyclist.

Minard's Liniment is the best.

Keeping up appearances often means a frugal diet in order to give an occasional dinner.

Minard's Liniment Cures LaGrippe.

England carries about 5 8 per cent. of the sea-borne merchandise of the world.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure 25c.

Raw From Ear To Jaw.

"I have been for years more or less subject to eruptions on my skin. The left side of my face from the top of my ear to half way down my jaw was in a very bad state—being almost raw, making shaving very painful. I was advised to try Burdock Blood Bitters. One bottle perfectly cured me. I can honestly recommend B.B.B. to all who suffer from any skin disease." G. WHITE, Carievale, N.W.T.

B.B.B. cures Salt Rheum, Eczema, Tetter, Shingles, Boils, Pimples, Sores, Ulcers, and all forms of Skin Diseases and Eruptions, from the smallest pimple to the worst scrofulous sore.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

IT PAYS TO USE

White Star Baking Powder

BECAUSE
It does its work well.
It is pure.
It is of first quality.
It is low in price.

White Star Health Coffey

Is a drink of exquisite flavor and of great benefit to the NERVOUS SYSTEM.

THE DYSON-GIBSON CO.

In MONSOON Indo-Ceylon TEA you have the perfect product of Ceylon's fairest gardens. And you have it *direct* from the famous old British tea house which grows, picks, cures and packs Monsoon tea. It is *always* the same *unexceptional*--perfect tea---because it is always grown, picked, cured and packed in the same *particular* way, by the same *particular* people.

TEA TEA TEA TEA TEA TEA
Monsoon

BOVRIL, LIMITED
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOVRIL In Tins and Bottles

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF,
Dessicated and Dried Potatoes and other Vegetables.
SOUP NODULES
And other preparations of condensed food specially suited for prospectors, surveyors and explorers, and for
KLONDIKE OUTFITS

London, ENGLAND. and 27 St. Peter St., MONTREAL.

TIES

There are friendly ties and marriage ties,
And social ties as well;
There are business ties and railroad ties
Of which the actors tell;
There are kindred ties and racing ties
And the ties in a game of ball,
But the numerous ties we advertise
Are the prettiest ties of all.

MYRON M'BRIDE & CO., WHOLESALE MEN'S FURNISHERS, WINNIPEG

PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO'Y -OF- LONDON ENG.

First British Fire Insurance Office Established in Canada, A. D., 1804.

The above company is desirous of opening agencies in all towns throughout Manitoba and the Northwest Territories where they are not at present represented and will be pleased to receive applications for same.

PATERSON & SON,
Chief Agents for the Dominion of Canada,
Montreal, Que.

GET READY

to take a course in the WINNIPEG BUSINESS COLLEGE this winter. It pays to EDUCATE for BUSINESS. A greater demand for office help than we could fill during the past six months shows why you should take such a course.

G. W. DONALD, Sec.

W. N. U. 195

W. R. ALLAN,
General Insurance Agent,
FIRE Companies Represented:
Quebec Fire Assurance Co.
Royal Insurance Co.
Sun Insurance Office
Union Assurance Society
All classes of Insurances transacted and losses promptly and satisfactorily settled.

... DON'T BE A WEAK MAN!

Don't let your past errors wreck the happiness of your life. You can be cured. Over 5,000 such men as you have been cured during the past year by

DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT.

This is the only sure, permanent way to regain vigor. It has taken the place of drugs, which never cure. Electricity is life and restores life to men who have lost it. Send for the book,

"THREE CLASSES OF MEN" FREE.

Or call at the office and test the Belt free of charge. It means health and happiness to you.

DR. D. T. SANDEN,
132 St. James St., Montreal.

EARN A WATCH

Earn this valuable Watch, Chain and Charm by selling twenty Topaz Scarf Pins, at 15 cents each. Send your address and we forward the Pins and our Premium List, postpaid. No money required. These Pins will almost sell themselves, for the Topaz has all the brilliance of the best diamonds, and has never before been offered at anything like this price. The Watch is neat in appearance, thoroughly well made, and fully guaranteed. Unsold Pins may be returned. Mention this paper when writing.

THE GEM PIN CO., Freehold Building, Toronto, Ont.

A good Coffee at last!

Value Coffee

"Nothing better" "nothing cheaper"
Sold in 1/2 lb. lead packets
hermetically sealed.
Ask your grocer for "Value" Coffee
15 cents per packet.

CARDSTON RECORD.

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Wednesday at Cardston.

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Editor and Proprietor.
Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

THE EDITOR does not assume responsibility for the views or statements expressed by any of THE RECORD'S contributors.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance.
Advertising Rates on application.
In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisments they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisments will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

In case a subscriber does not receive THE RECORD weekly, notice should be sent to the publication office, Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta, when the complaint will be thoroughly investigated.

Copy for change of advertisments MUST not be in later than Saturday noon.

Cardston, December 7, 1898.

From the Brigham (Ut.) Bugler:

It is now time for the married women to ask their husbands, sweethearts to ask their beaux and mothers to ask their sons: "What are you going to give me for Christmas?"

In an Idaho hotel the following is posted up: "If your room gets too warm, raise the window and see the fire escape. If you are fond of athletics and like good jumping, lift the mattress and see the bed spring. If your lamp goes out, take a feather out of your pillow it is light enough for any room. Don't worry about paying your bill—the house is supported by its foundation."

Here's a pointer for the boys and girls who take up school life this winter—your teacher is your best friend. Whatever they ask you to do, try to do it promptly and cheerfully. Going to school is business for you just the same as a regular trade is business for the old folks, and if you neglect your business now, where and how will you finish your life work? Think of these things, boys and girls.

A thoughtful writer says when you see a youth who will do any sort of work, no matter how mental it may be, rather than be idle, you can make up your mind that he amounts to something. The young man who would starve before he would do anything beneath what he conceives to be his dignity, is not made of the right kind of stuff to cut much of a figure in life. All honest toil is honorable. There is nothing so morally degrading as that aversion to manual labor which is usually a combination of laziness and bad conduct.

Walt Mason, the humorous editor of the Up-To-Date Farmer, presents this wail: I save and slave and save to pile up paltry dimes; all day I sit here grinding prose, all night I'm grinding rhymes; I dig and delve and feed the hogs, and milk 400 cows, and wrestle in the wintry wind with idiotic sows; I gather eggs and sell old junk and sweat from spring till fall; and when I have some dimes saved up, the coal man gets them all. I wear old clothes and last year's hats, and eat skimmed milk and pone; six days a week I dine on soup made from the same old bone; I'm smoking mullen weed cigars; my soul is filled with gall; for when I have some dimes saved up, the coal man gets them all.

A REPLY TO "MR. ZEST".

The Acting Mgr. of the Allen & Co. Store truthfully acknowledges that he did break the said agreement, but shortly after, (personally) made it known to the management of the Co-op, who said, "all is up." and threw open his doors.

It would be well if my friend, Mr. Zest, had a little better quality and not so high a metal. Perhaps he would give it a second thought and make more truthful assertions before placing them before the public for perusal. Friend Zest, never write anything you are ashamed to put your name to.

Act. Mgr.

Homer Woolf has purchased a portion of Robt. Ibey's lot, and will erect a dwelling thereon before very long.

Contractor Wolsey, having completed a four room house for D. H. Caldwell Jr. at the new town fo Caldwell, has returned home.

The RECORD & Montreal Family Herald & Weekly Star, one year for $2.75.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Overseer Hammer.

The Kearl Hotel is closed in.

The post office is an improvement.

C. McCarty was in town the other day.

Ray Kimball was in town one day last week.

The schools were not in session Friday afternoon.

Born,—The wife of D. W. Rollins, of a daughter. Nov. 28th.

J. F. Allen, of Mt. View, was in town on Saturday.

S. H. Horner will be ready for business next Monday.

Mr. S. H. Horner came in on Wednesday's stage.

Last week the weather was almost spring-like.

The Baldwin hotel at San Francisco has been destroyed by fire.

Gay & Wight Co. have a change of advertisment in today's RECORD.

H. Richards was in town transacting business one day last week.

Cahoon Bros. are building a house on the east of Lee's Creek for Frank Bevans.

Born,—To the wife of Walter Pitcher, a daughter, on Nov. 29th. Mother and baby doing nicely.

The funeral services over the remains of Mrs. Pratt were held at the Ward Meeting House on Friday afternoon.

Last week we printed some business cards and envelops for S. H. Horner; tickets and notices for the Bishopric of the Ward; cards for Mercer & McCarty.

S. H. Horner will begin business in the building just north of the Kearl livery stable as soon as Mr. Kearl moves out this or next week. A harness and saddlery is what the town needed, and Mr. Horner will do well here.

Elder Frank May returned home from Manitoba on Wednesday. He has been laboring as a missionary for two years in and around Brandon. Elder May enjoyed his labors, and is glad to be back home again.

For Rent.— In Snow Block.

Room 16x30. Two rooms in second story. Suitable for business. Main street. Enquire at the Bank, or address Mr. Snow, Cardston.

Mercer & McCarty, props. of the Lethbridge & Cardston Stage Line, have had printed at this office some neat cards on which is given the days the stage leaves Lethbridge and Cardston, the fare, etc. They will have them distributed in Utah and other places.

MT. VIEW NEWS.

Mr. Neils Nelson's new house is a credit to the town.

There is to be a birthday party Dec. 2nd in honor of Miss Elizabeth Clarke.

Mt. View has a new blacksmith shop and several new buildings. Our town is growing slow but sure.

Mr. C. A. Terry Jr., our blacksmith, is thinking of going up to the saw mill to work; if he does there will be a good opening here for a blacksmith shop.

Mr. H. C. Phipps, the man who had his hip broken by being caught under a load of logs, is doing nicely, and the good people are doing all they can for his comfort.

Some of our Mt. View people have purchased the saw mill from Mr. Bert Talbot, and will go to loging shortly. Good luck to the new firm—Messers C. A. Terry and J. P. Jardon.

The boys are all busy getting material for building; they must mean business. so say the girls, and a few weddings will help to make times lively and help to build up the country.

Subscriber

The Record.

$ 2.00

Theater Saturday night.

Neils Hanson was in town. Monday.

Bishop Leavitt was in town on Saturday.

F. Broadbent paid our town a visit on Saturday.

Chas. Quinton, of Leavitt, was in Cardston. Saturday.

H. S. Allen returned from his trip to Utah on Saturday.

Subscribe for your home paper don't borrow it.

Letter postage to the Old Country, after Dec. 25th., will be 2c.

Corp. Fife was in town on Monday.

Bert Talbot returned on Monday from Mt. View.

Public servants can, occasionally, be quite accommodating.

Spain has consented to relinquish Cuba and to cede Porto Rico, Guana and the Philippine archipelago.

James S. Parker, of Mt. View, was a visitor to our town on Saturday.

Mr. Woolford, of Smithfield, Utah, is paying Cardston a visit, and is a guest of Bp. J. A. Hammer.

Some excitement was caused by a cry of "fire" on Thursday afternoon. The "smoke" was apprrently coming from Pres. C. O. Card's hay stack; but on envestigation it was neither more nor less thans eam from the turning over of hay by the "hired-man."

The Home Dramatic Company will present to the public a five act drama entitled, "Under the Laurels," Saturday evening, December 10th. Tickets: Reserved seats. 35c General admission, 25c.

Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock a blizzard struck the town. Accompanied by snow, a cold wind blew from the north, and soon the ground was covered with the "beautiful."

In this number on the front page we begin the publication of "The Village Ordinance." Every family should have a copy in the house.

H. S. Allen & Co. have moved their dry goods into the new department. The change is one that will be of convenience to the clerks, and now goods can be displayed to much better advantage than before.

There is quite an energetic "kick" in a certain quarter against the establishment of Cardston as a village. "Kicking" will do no good as the adoption of the ordinance is obligatory. There are however some things in the ordinance upon which we do not look with any degree of complacency. It is, of course, necessary in this case to take the evil with the good, and the less said about it the better.

Monday evening, at the Ward Meeting House, was held a meeting of the voters of Cardston, and at times it was a very lively meeting, too. We did not think there was so much life in la affairs Canadian. It was decided to appoint a committee of five, whose duty was the formulation of a petition to be sent to Deputy Com. Dennis, asking for some concession, as suggested in our last number. The committee consisted of R. Ibey, R. Ramsbottom, J. A. Woolf, H. L. Hinman, C. E. Snow. After a lively skermish, J. A. Hammer was chosen as candidate for Overseer of the Village of Cardston, and his election is assured.

Brigham City, Nov. 27.—A. H. Snow, Brigham's leading orchardist and nurseryman, has lately been disposing of considerable quantities of home-grown and home-dried prunes to the local merchants, which, in appearance and flavor of taste, are pronounced equal to the California prune. Mr. Snow has a large orchard of this kind of fruit and the past season succeeded, by a comparatively new process, in drying the fruit and preparing it in such excellent condition that it readily finds a market at from 6 to 8 cents per pound. It is expected that evaporators will be established next year by many of the leading fruit growers and this will greatly facilitate the curing and marketing of the fruits of this region.

Send THE RECORD for a year to your friend as a Xmas present.

Corp. E. H. Bolderson has been spending the greater part of the past week at St. Mary's.

Following is a list of the publications for sale at the RECORD OFFICE:

Puck
Judge
Strand
Argosy
Quaker
Nickell
Tit Bits
Success
Puritan
Squibbs
Vanity Fair
N. Y. World
Wide World
Metropolitan
Cosmopolitan
Munsey Maga,
New Illustrated
McClures Maga,
Canadian Maga,
Broadway Maga,
Review of Reviews (Eng)
Review of Reviews (Am,)
Frank Leslie's Popular Mon'ly,

LETTER FROM ENGLAND.

Exeter, England, Nov. 7th, 1898.

EDITOR RECORD:—

I write just a few lines to let you know how I am getting along and how I got here.

I left Lethbridge on the 4th of Oct. and while on the train going to Brandon I had some conversation with a gentleman on the subject of the Mt. Meadow Massacre, and having previously read a book on this subject I was able, through the help of God, to correct much misunderstanding and prejudice. We parted good friends and he invited me to call at his home near Montrael.

I found the Elders laboring in Manitoba, looking and feeling well. After a short visit with them, Elder W. W. Cooper and myself started on our way East.

The view of Lake Superior as we passed was grand, only to be fully appreciated by those who have seen it. We arrived at Montreal on the 10th. and spent a day visiting some of the prominent buildings there; among them the St. James Cathedral and the great Notre Dame Cathedral which is said to be one of the largest and best in the Cathedral line in the world.

We boarded the steamer "Lake Superior" on the evening of the 13th. and next morning started on our ocean voyage. We stopped at several important towns for the mails and passed through the dangerous straights of Belle Isle and out to sea during a heavy fog. We saw 5 large ice burgs, something unusual for this time of the year. The first half of the voyage was very rough a strong head wind blowing continually. Many of the passengers were sick, among them my companion, Elder Cooper, who was very sick most of the way. We had on board 340 head of cattle which were in a very bad condition. washed on top of each other and up to their heads in water and manure, and had finally, to be put over board. Many of the passengers thought they would never see land again, so we were all thankful when the wind changed. The later part of our voyage was much pleasanter and we reached Liverpool on the 24th. We felt impressed to go at once to London and report ourselves at head quarters. We knew nothing of this large city nor did we have the address of the Elders. The next morning we met four of the Elders who directed us to Pres. Wells. We found him just preparing to return to Utah as he had been released. We felt that God had blessed us infinding these brethern so soon and in seeing them before they left England.

Oct. 27th. we arrived at Netley where Bro. Cooper's friends live. I visited a large Government Hospital. At present there are fourteen hundred sick and wounded here, mostly from Egypt where England had her late war.

We also visited Her Majestys Man of War the "Australia." She is a fine ship with many of the latest improved guns and manned with 500 sailors. We looked at the search light which is said to show distinctly for 10 or 12 miles. And she is only called a second class battleship. I don't know what the first class can be like. They are all ready for war at a moment's notice. A general preperation for war is going on.

Trusting that this may be of some interest to your readers. I am, your Bro. in the Gospel,

Wm. Blackmore.

No. 13 Belgrave Road,
Summerland St.,
Exeter, Eng.

Subscribe for THE RECORD.

Cold Weather

makes us look for Underwear, German Sox, Over-shoes and Fur Coats.

First Snow Fall

will require Bob-sleds and Snow Packs.

All these you can get at lowest Prices from

The Cardston Co. Ltd

Get a Suit of All Wool Underwear for $1.00.

The Record one year $ 2.00

NOTICE—Parties owing THE RECORD for advertisments and subscriptions will confer a favor by settling their accounts this month as we have bills of our own which must be paid at once.

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50 *

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends. 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

FOR SALE: Four room house Good well water. Nice location. Enquire at RECORD office, next to Bank. ‡

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

FOR SALE—Model 1 Improved Hand Printing Press. Chase 5x8. At RECORD Office.*

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, both one year for $2.50.

FOR SALE.—Ranch, 160 acres, ½ mile from Ætna. House, barn, well. 40 acres broke. Enquire at THE RECORD Office.

Christmas number on sale at THE RECORD Office of the Graphic, Art Annual, Illustrated London News, etc.

Wheat and oats taken on subscription at this office.

A book of notes only 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

Review of Reviews, (Am) for sale at this office.

The Weekly Globe, Toronto, $1.00 a year. THE RECORD has agency.

When you want to sell or buy anything, place a notice in THE RECORD, and you will be pleased with the result.

Meat Market.

Wm. Wood.

Fresh Meats of all kinds constantly on hand.

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.

All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.

Cardston. . . . . Alberta.

Samuel Cox,

Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting,
& Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
CARDSTON. . . ALBERTA.

Read THE RECORD
THE
CARDSTON RECORD
2.00 per year.

Livery, Feed & Sale Stables

Kearl & Sharp, Props.

Good outfits furnished at all hours.

Rates Reasonable.

Kearl & Sharp.

NOTICE.—Parties oweing Lundburg & Neilson, blacksmiths, will save themselves trouble and expense by calling and settling their accounts AT ONCE at RECORD Office.

When you want receipt or note Books call at THE RECORD Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts, You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

For 15 cts. you can get the Weekly Globe of Toronto for the balance of this year. It is a 16 page paper containing 112 columns of interesting news. Bring your 15 cts. to the RECORD office at once.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1898. NO. 20.

THE VILLAGE ORDINANCE.

(Continued from last week.)

14. Whenever the due election of a person to be overseer or the sufficiency of the bond furnished by him is disputed, any voter may on depositing, within one month after declaration of the election, with the Clerk of the Supreme Court for the Judicial District wherein the village is situated [or the Deputy Clerk if the village is within a Deputy Clerk's District] the sum of $50 as security for such costs as a Judge may order him to pay and on alleging reasonable grounds therefor, obtain a rule nisi calling on the person elected to show cause why he should not be removed from the said office.

The Judge may on the return of such rule dispose of the same summarily or direct that it be set down for trial of the questions raised thereby as an action in Court.

Upon such summary disposal or trial the Judge may order that the overseer be removed from the office and that another person be admitted thereto or another election held as justice may require and the Judge may make such orders as are necessary for the carrying out of the Judgment or order. Costs of the proceeding shall be in the discretion of the Judge.

15. An annual business meeting of the voters shall be held in the village before the 15th day of April in each year which meeting shall be called by the overseer who shall give notice thereof for the period and in the manner required for election meetings.

16. The overseer shall at the annual village meeting submit to the voters a statement of the estimated total expenditure of the village for the current year, which shall include.

(a) The amount payable in auch year on any debt contracted hereunder.

(b) Drainage and street improvements.

(c) Construction of sidewalks.

(d) Fire protection and water supply.

(e) Purchase of property for village purposes.

(f) Scavenging.

(g) Contingencies.

(h) Remuneration of overseer.

17. At the annual meeting the order of business shall as nearly as possible be as follows:

(1) The election of a chairman and secretary.

(2) The reading and dealing with

(a) The minutes of last annual meeting.

(b) The overseer's return provided for in section 40 hereof and the auditor's report.

(3) The consideration of the overseer's statement of estimated expenditure and deciding thereon.

(4) The election of an auditor and fixing his remuneration.

(5) Such other general business as may concern the village but not exceeding the powers given herein.

18. The voters may at the annual meeting or at a special meeting duly called for the purpose, in addition to their other powers, make regulations further than those herein contained for the general cleanliness of and prevention of disease in the village, including the employment and remuneration of a scavenger, and also for the protection of property from fire.

19. The overseer may whenever he deems fit call a special meeting of the voters. On being requested so to do, by writing giving the object of the meeting, by any five voters, the overseer shall call a special meeting of voters. Notice shall be given of all special meetings as in case of the annual meeting but also stating the purpose of the meetings.

20. The necessary revenue of the village shall be raised by the levy of a yearly rate upon the property therein not exceeding ten mills on the dollar of the assessed value there of in addition to such rate as may be necessary for the payment of such portion of any debt incurred under section 36 hereof as may be payable in each year.

21. The overseer shall forthwith after annual meeting, assess all real and personal property in the village not exempt from taxation under the School Ordiance, and shall prepare an assessment list shewing name of each person assessed, the property in respect of which he is assessed and the assessed value.

22. The overseer shall thereupon mail to or leave at the usual or last known place of abode of each person assessed written notice of the property in respect of which he is assessed and the amount, and shall make a note on the assessment list opposite the name of each person stating the manner and date of giving the notice.

23. The overseer shall forthwith after the assessment make oath that such assessment was truly and honestly made and that the notices were given as stated in the assessment list. Such oath shall be endorsed on the assessment list and shall be prima facie evidence that the assessment was duly made and that the notices were duly given.

24. Any voter or person assessed may within one month after the mailing or delivery of the notice appeal to a justice of the peace from such assessment. The justice shall fix a place and a time within two weeks from the last day for giving notice at which he will hear appeals. All appeals shall be determined within one week after the time fixed for hearing them. The overseer shall amend his assessment in accordance with the decision of the Justice. Notice of appeal, statnig the grounds thereof, and the time and place fixed by the Justice for hearing the same shall be given in writing by the appellant to the overseer and any other person affected.

25. After the assessment has been completed and the appeals, if any, disposed of, the overseer shall strike such a rate not exceeding the amount mentioned in Section 20 hereof as shall be sufficient to raise the amount of the estimated expenditure, making allowance for losses which may occur in the collection of taxes on the lands of non-residents.

26. The overseer shall then prepare a tax list in which he shall set down the name of every person assessed, the assessed value of his property and the taxes payable by him as computed at the rate arrived at as herinbefore provided. He shall then mail to or leave at the usual or last known place of abode of each person a notice stating the amount due by him and property in respect of which it is due. The overseer shall make a note on the tax list opposite the name of each person stating the manner and date of giving the notice and shall make oath that the tax list is correct and that the notices were given as therein stated. Such oath shall be endorsed on the tax list and shall be prima facie evidence of the truth of the statments contined in it.

27. If the owners of any property in the village are not known to and cannot be ascertained by the overseer the notices of assessment and taxes shall be posted securely in a conspicuous place in the village and such posting shall be deemed due service.

28. In case any person neglects to pay his taxes for thirty days after such notice as aforesaid the overseer shall by himself or his agent levy the same with costs by distress of the goods and chattels of the person who ought to pay the same or of any goods or chattels in his possession wherever the same may be found in the village or any goods or chattels found on the premises the property of or in the possession of any other occupant of the premises and may impound the same on the premises where distrained and no claim of property lien or privilege shall be available to prevent the sale or the payment of the taxes and costs out of the proceeds of the sale thereof.

29. Taxes may be recovered with costs as a debt due to the overseer in which case the production of the tax list shall be prima facie evidence of the debt.

30. The taxes accruing upon or in respect of any land in the village shall be a special lien upon such land having priority over any claim, lien, privilege or encumbrance thereon and such special lien may, after the taxes for two years have become in arrear, be enforced and all accrued taxes realised by sale of the lands by the overseer under and subject to the direction of a Judge of the Supreme Court.

31. Except members of the North-West Mounted Police Force or of a fire company duly organised in the village every male inhabitant thereof of the age of eighteen years or over who has resided in the village for a period of three months and is not assessed for property in the village shall be taxed $1.25 yearly which shall be payable on demand of the overseer and may be recovered in such of the modes provided for collection of the other taxes in the village, as may be applicable. Any person refusing or neglecting to pay such tax shall, on summary conviction thereof, be liable to a penalty of $2.

32. Every person who keeps or harbours any dog or bitch shll pay a yearly tax of $1 for each dog and $2 for each bitch so kept or harboured. Such tax shall be payable on demand of the overseer and may be recovered in such mode herein provided for the collection taxes as may be applicable. If the tax is not payed after demanb of the overseer he may cause the dog ro biech to be destroyed. Any person refusing or neglecting to pay such tax shall on summary conviction thereof be liable to a penalty of $2.

33. No person shall follow the calling of a hawker or pedler in any village without first having obtained the written permission of the overseer and having paid to such overseer the sum of $5 to from part of the village fund.

[2] Such sum shall be in addition to any Territorial licence fee and shall entitle the person paying the fee to follow the business of a hawker and pedler in such village for the six months next ensuing the date of such written permission.

34. The funds of the village may from time to time be expended by the overseer for the purposes and in accordance with the estimates as passed at the annual meeting and subject to such further directtions as may at any special meeting be made regarding the same.

35. The overseer may incur any debt not exceeding $100 for village purposes pending the collection of taxes. All debts shall, sudject to the provisions herein contained, be paid before the thirty-first day of December in each yaer.

36. The overseer may, subject to the vote of twothirds of the voters present at the annual meeting or at a special meeting called for the purpose of considering the same and after receiving the approval of the Commissioner of Public Works, incur a debt on behalf of the village not exceeding $500, payable at a date not later than five years from the incurring of the obligation, for fire appliances or permanent improvements in the village. The moneys payable in each year of any such debt shall be a first charge on the taxes collected in the village in such year.

37. Suits by or against the village may be brought by or against the overseer as representing the village.

38 In the event of judgment being obtained against the overseer for any liability of the village it may be enforced by execution rate levied by the sheriff in the manner provided for like cases in The Municipal Ordinance.

39. The overseer shall have the following duties and powers:

1. He shall carry out the orders of the voters as expressed at the annual or any special meeting of the voters in respect of public works and expenditure of village funds and such general orders as may be given upon matters concerning the village;

2. He shall enforce the provisions of this Ordinance and all regulations made thereunder;

3. He shall make such regular inspection of premises in the village as may be necessary to carry out the provisions herein respecting nuisances and the prevention of disease and of fire;

4. He shall have charge of all village property;

5. He shall keep a record of all taxes levied and collected and of all moneys received and expenditures made by him, and give and take receipts for all moneys received or paid out by him, as the case may be;

6. He shall keep or cause to be kept full and accurate minutes of each village meeting other than election meetings, which minutes shall record by whom all motions were moved and seconded and the result of them;

7. He shall have the public improvements estimated in each year completed before the first day of November in each year;

8. He shall on application in reasonable hours produce for inspection all books, accounts, minutes, lists, and records of the village to the auditor;

9. He shall impound or cause to be impounded animals running at large.

40. The overseer shall on or before the first day of Dececmber in each year render to the Commissioner of Public Works a return in writing shewing—

(Continued on page 4)

Photograph Gallery

at the Residence of S. LOW.

Open on clear days from 12 to 2 pm.

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Contractors & Builders,

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Our prices speak for themselves.

Good White Envelopes (25 in bunch) per bunch—5c.

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We have all kinds of printing Stationery, such as:

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CAR OF FURNITURE just in.

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Full line of

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Hooked up at last.

HARNESS & SADDLERY.

Give us a call and examine stock. We have dandy

HORSE BLANKETS.

REPAIRING A SPECIALITY.

Quality first. Prices right.

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CARDSTON, Next Kearl's Livery Stable

Singer Sewing Machine and Extras.

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Get your HAIR cut AT

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Lumber, Shingle and Planing Mills.

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wish to inform the people of Ætna and surrounding district that they will begin business in Ætna on

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We will carry a full stock of GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Our prices will be as low as can be bought for anywhere.

Produce taken in exchange.

Hansen & Taylor.

R. C. BECK.

Contractor & Builder.

All work neatly executed, and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

CABINET WORK A SPECIALTY.

PARTED AT THE ALTAR.

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY.

"No! no!" murmured Doris, striving to hide her intense excitement and piteous confusion. "The room is so warm!"

"And I think it extremely cold for this season of the year," replied Mrs. Thornton, impatiently.

Doris never knew how she left the room. The ceiling, the floor, the cold, proud face of Frederick's haughty lady-mother, seemed to whirl around her. She remembered nothing until she found herself in the broad corridor.

She could not go to Vivian's room yet. She must sit down and try to collect her scattered senses—try to still the trembling that had seized her.

Frederick was coming home. In a few short hours he would be there, and beneath his mother's roof he would meet the poor, helpless little bride he had so cruelly deserted almost at the very altar. Yet her disguise was so perfect he would not recognize her; Vivian had not.

"I am growing dazed, as Mrs. Thornton says," she murmured. "I had almost forgotten to deliver her message."

Still trembling pitifully, she moved on down the corridor, and standing at the western window, she saw Isabel Thornton and Vivian. She walked up to them like one in a dream.

Vivian turned her head haughtily, and looked at the slim, dark figure who had stopped beside her, in surprise. Evidently she was not pleased with this interruption of the conversation she was having with Isabel.

Then poor Doris made the first fatal mistake of her life.

"Frederick is coming here," she said. "He will be here this evening."

The sound of her own voice seemed so hoarse and unnatural Doris could never have recognized it herself.

Isabel Thornton gazed at her in astonishment, not unmixed with dismay. The familiar way in which her mother's paid companion spoke of her brother Frederick amazed her.

In that instant Doris saw her almost fatal mistake, and hastened to repair the great error.

"These were your mother's words," she said, shrinking back confusedly. "I repeated her message in her own words."

And turning away before Isabel Thornton could find her voice, she fled like a startled doe down the corridor again.

"A droll creature," laughed Isabel, turning to her companion. "There seems to be something so mysterious and strange about her."

"I have been thinking the same thing myself," returned Vivian, with a merry laugh.

"She reminds me of some one whom I have seen; but I cannot think who, to save my life. She is pretty, too, with a strange, weird sort of gypsyish beauty. I never remember seeing before such deep blue eyes, with such a brune complexion and jetty hair. Do you know the fancy comes to me that I have seen that girl before?"

"She is hardly worth discussing, my dear Vivian," said Isabel, yawning, "yet, strange to say, our Trixy is quite fond of her."

That afternoon, an hour later, Doris suddenly encountered Vivian at the door of her room, as she was passing by.

"I was just wishing that I could see you," said Vivian. "I have a little favor to ask of you. Would you mind coming into my room and helping me a little with my toilet? I—I wish to look particularly nice this afternoon."

A fierce, bitter pang shot through Doris's jealous heart. She knew but too well why Vivian Courtney desired to look so particularly nice on this eventful evening; it was because Frederick Thornton was expected home.

Silently she followed Vivian into her room, half a dozen of the beauty's prettiest dresses were lying across the bed; she had evidently been inspecting them.

"Not one of them seems to please me to-day," declared Vivan. "I would like you to exercise your good taste by judging for me. Do you think this cream lace, with great clusters of deep-red passion roses at the belt, would be most becoming? or do you fancy I would look best in that rose-pink mull? or the Nile green silk, with the white lace, on the back of that chair by the window?"

"There seems to be little choice between the three, Miss Vivian," said Doris, in a hard, constrained voice.

"I think the cream lace will be more attractive," said Vivian, reflectively. "Will you kindly assist me a little with the looping on the left side—it has come out."

Doris bowed her head and took up the dress. Ah, how beautiful Vivian would look in it she well knew. How admiringly the eyes of Frederick Thornton would rest on her—she would wear it to be attractive to him—and the thought was bitter as death to Doris.

How radiant Vivian looked when she stood before the mirror dressed! The cream lace dress, which showed every line of her exquisitely slender, graceful figure to the fullest advantage; the round white arms, bare to the elbows, were encircled by ruby bands that sparkled like coals of fire, whichever way she turned; a necklace of rubies encircled her fair, white throat, and a dazzling butterfly, with gold and ruby wings, caught back her jetty curls. Her cheeks were flushed, and her dark eyes glowed.

"You have a wonderful tact for arranging one's toilet, Miss Carlise," said Vivian, critically surveying the effect in the mirror, and smiling pleasedly—"you have missed your vocation, I think. You ought to have been a lady's maid instead of a companion."

How Doris longed to turn to her and cry out:—

"You are mistaken. Heaven never intended me for the one or the other—but for what I am—Frederick Thornton's wife."

"I shall remember your kindness in assisting me," said Vivian, loftily, "and to-morrow I will look over my wardrobe and see if I can pick up something for you, Miss Carisle; you are very clever—very."

"Do not trouble yourself, I beg of you," said Doris, stiffly. "I would accept nothing—nothing whatever from your hands."

A sudden thought seemed to strike the petted young heiress.

"Perhaps you would not be averse to a little spending money, then, Miss Carlisle. I wish to show my appreciation in some substantial manner."

Doris recoiled quickly.

"No, no," she answered, huskily. "I could not accept a penny from you. I want nothing at your hands. Nothing."

And she hurriedly quitted the room ere Vivian could reply.

"Was there ever such an odd, strange little creature?" murmured the heiress. "Yet, there is something about her that quite fascinates me in site of myself."

She went down to the drawing-room to join Isabel and Gwendolin, and thought no more of the little companion with the brune face and dark hair.

Meanwhile, Doris was in her own room, sobbing as though her heart would break.

How she wished that she had never come to this stately, cold, proud home. It was too late to undo it now. She must live through it, let it be what it might.

Oh, if heaven would help her! The only wish just at that moment in her heart was, that she could turn her face to the wall and die—die, even though he would be there in a few short hours, and the desire of her heart—to look once more on his face—be granted.

She would like to kneel, with the portrait clasped close to her heart, by her white bed and die there.

It mattered little to her what they would think or say when they came and found her dead.

Frederick would hear of it. And perhaps he would come and look upon her face, understand it all, and recognize her and feel sorry; and, in his sorrow bend and kiss her death-cold lips. He would know she died because she could not live without him.

CHAPTER XV.—A TORTURED HEART.

Frederick was coming home. In a few hours from now she should see him.

The idea seemed almost more than she could grasp. What would he say when he found her there? That question began to assume a terrible form to poor Doris. Would there be a scene?

She knelt there, in the red glow of the sunlight, trying in vain to drive the terrible doubts and fears away. Perhaps it was some faint foreshadowing of the sorrow to come that made her tremble as she knelt there—the thrilll of that strange tragedy which was to cross her life.

There came a tap at the door.

"Mrs. Thornton would be glad to have Miss Carlisle come to her boudoir."

And with a slow, hesitating step, Doris went.

"I want you to read to me, Miss Carlisle," she said. "I never remembered an afternoon to pass so slowly."

Mechanically, Doris picked up the book. The lines on the page seemed to waver before her eyes. The dusk crept up, and the stars came out. Long since one of the little maids had entered and lighted the chandelier. Still Doris read on. It was better than talking. Doris felt that she should go mad if Mrs. Thornton were to talk to her about Frederick and Vivian—her favorite subject.

Suddenly there was a sound of carriage wheels stopping before the porch, and the next moment voices were heard in the lower hall.

"My son has arrived," said Mrs. Thornton.

Doris spoke no word. Her face grew pale as marble, even under the brune tint. She could count the great, gasping heart throbs. She clung with cold, trembling hands to the table lest she should fall, praying, with white lips and shadowed eyes, that she might not die when her eyes fell upon his face.

Some minutes passed—how many Doris never knew. Then came the sound of footsteps that Doris knew so well. She pressed her hand on her heart, for its wild beating frightened her as each step fell on her ear. She could have cried aloud in agony with the terrible tension of her nerves; but her white lips could form no sound.

The next minute he had entered the room. Handsome, laughing Frederick Thornton stood before her. She never understood why the sight did not kill her. Why, when her eyes rested upon him, she did not fall dead.

Oh, how kindly he greeted his mother, laughing heartily when she told him the days he had spent away from her seemed like so many months.

How strange it was that he could laugh, Doris thought when the sin of breaking a heart lay at his door.

Doris shrank back among the shadows of the heavy silken curtains, but Mrs. Thornton spoke her name, and Doris rose.

"Frederick, my son, this is my companion, Miss Carlisle," she heard his mother say; what else was uttered Doris never knew.

Frederick Thornton looked carelessly in the direction she indicated. He saw a small, slim, dark-faced little creature, who seemed to be trembling with confusion, he thought. His eyes rested on her only an instant. Then with a low bow he turned away.

Doris stood rooted to the spot. Silent, motionless all the tragedy and passion of her love shining in her face, her arms fell helplessly to her side. She could not have moved to have saved her life. She had expected, despite the change in her, that he, the handsome young husband, who had wedded her, would recognize her; that he would cry out either in anger or emotion. But no; he turned away, knowing her not. Oh, the pity of it!—the cruel pity of it!

She remembered how they had parted in the sunny hotel parlor.

"I shall be back within an hour," he had said, as he tossed the well-filled purse into her lap to refurnish her wardrobe; then, with a smile and a nod without a farewell kiss, he had turned and walked out of the room, leaving her to her fate.

She remembered the horrible nights and the days that had followed—how she nearly went mad with watching for him and calling wildly upon him to come back to her.

And she remembered the crowning blow of all—when the good old housekeeper had taken her in her arms, attempting to soothe her as though she had been a little child, as she whispered the pitiful words in her ear:—

"Do not grieve and weep for him, child; in my opinion he is not worth a tear. He will never come back; he has deserted you."

Doris lived over again that horrible scene, as, quite unnoticed, she gazed at the handsome face of her faithless young husband. Oh! why had he married her if he had intended to desert her?

Of the terrible accident that had occurred, nearly costing Frederick Thornton his life, and the loss of memory as to the late events which had transpired, sweeping away all remembrance of a bride who awaited him, of course Doris knew nothing; and thus fate continued to play at cross-purposes with these two. It was to end in a tragedy so pitiful that the angels would weep for Doris, the helpless child-bride whose young life had all gone wrong.

In the evening the ladies assembled in the drawing-room, where Frederick and his father awaited them. Doris would have given much to absent herself, but Mrs. Thornton insisted that she should be present. There seemed no loophole of escape for her.

Frederick and Vivian were standing by one of the lace-draped windows as she entered; his handsome face bent over her, and he was talking to her in so low a tone Doris could not catch the words he uttered.

What was he saying to her that brought that lovely flush to Vivian's cheeks and the bright light to her eyes? Was he complimenting her on her beauty? Was he, who was bound to another by every tie that heaven holds sacred—daring to speak to her of—love?

The banker and his wife watched them, and nodded and smiled to each other. Gwendolin and Isabel sat at the piano discussing some pieces of music, and Beatrix sat curled up in an arm-chair watching the anguished face of her mother's young companionion with much curiosity.

"Dear me, what a tragical expression!" thought Trixy, shuddering. "How she watches my brother and Vivian, and—can it be possible?—there are tears in her eyes. Poor girl! why is she so unhappy? I wonder if mamma has been scolding her or threatening to discharge her."

All unconscious of this intense scrutiny, Doris still sat watching the two, standing by the moonlit window.

"How beautiful Vivian is!" thought Doris, sick at heart. "No wonder he regrets that on the impulse of the moment he married me instead of Vivian, the beauty. Ah, who could resist her? Was she not the very queen of love?"

(To Be Continued.)

NEWS IN BRIEF.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 30.

A Canadian club is proposed in London, Eng.

The defence in the Ponton case is proceeding.

The East Elgin election trial is proceeding slowly.

The ratepayers of Ward 6 held a meeting last night.

The Czar assured an interviewer of his sincere desire for peace.

Forty people were drowned during a storm in Boston harbor.

The Republic of Ecuador has proclaimed a state of siege.

The Salvation Army will build new headquarters in Winnipeg.

Austria protests against the expulsion of Austrians from Prussia.

Judge Dugas, of Yukon, may have to retire on account of ill health.

A mountain near Atlin Lake is reported to be in active eruption.

Lord and Lady Aberdeen were guests of Her Majesty at Windsor recently.

The provincial bye-election in Beauharnois, Que., will be held on December 19th.

The steamer Detroit was wrecked near Skagway—the crew and passengers were saved.

British capitalists will undertake the revival of the West Indies sugar industry.

The steamer Portland was lost off Highland Light with her crew and passengers.

A protest has been filed against the election of Mr. Gibson, in East Wellington.

The first lot of Doukhobors for Manitoba will sail from Batoum on December 16th.

It is said that a good deal of smuggling is being carried on in Southern Manitoba.

Lord Kitchener asks for subscriptions to found a Gordon Memorial College at Khartoum.

A. J. Demuies, known as "Turquoise King Jarillas," was murdered near El Paso, N. M.

The Czar assures the Sultan that Turkish sovereignty will be safeguarded in Crete.

Great loss of life and damage to shipping are reported on the coast of New England.

Some Arabs attacked a caravan and killed several travellers near Chat, in the Sahara.

The high joint commission discussed questions regarding the Great Lakes at Tuesday's session.

Mortimer Baker, farm instructor on the Blood reserve, was killed by the caving in of a cellar.

The Filipinos are establishing republics and fighting is going on in many parts of the Philippines.

It is expected that the United States congress will be asked to sanction a standing army of 100,000.

D. E. Brown, C. P. R. agent in China and Japan, reports a wonderful expansion of trade in those countries.

TUESDAY, NOV. 29.

The East Elgin election trial is proceeding.

The recount in East Calgary gives Cross the seat.

Winnipeg's bonspiel of '99 will open on February 6th.

France is taking precautions against the San Jose scale.

The Mad Mullah defeated the Dir tribesmen in Swat.

Sympathy with Colonel Picquart is increasing in Paris.

Indications of petroleum have been found at Bird's Hill.

Thirty-eight persons were killed by an explosion at Havana.

Mr. Sifton will be unable to attend the St. Andrew's dinner.

Spain accepts the United States peace ultimatum under protest.

An order for ox harness has reached Winnipeg from South Africa.

Australia and New Zealand are shipping butter to British Columbia.

The United States will propose a fisheries treaty with Newfoundland.

Aldermanic candidates discussed municipal questions at a meeting last night.

The C. P. R. will resume the North Bay service on Thursday, December 1st.

The Sealing schooner Otto was fined $1,000 for trespassing in Behring Sea.

The International deep waterways scheme has been revived at Washington.

Kansas City suffered a loss of $240,000 by fire, and Hancock, Mich., $150,000.

Some of the Duchess of Sutherland's stolen jewels have been recovered in London.

Monday's session of the high joint commission was devoted to the Behring Sea question.

Several vessels foundered in a storm off the New England coast and many lives were lost.

C. P. R. earnings fell off in October but increased during the first ten months of 1898.

The Winnipeg city electrician estimates the cost of an electric lighting plant at $50,000.

An English syndicate proposes to invest $2,000,000 in a paper pulp plant in Saguenay, Que.

Destructive floods and a tidal wave caused loss of life and damage to property in Austria.

The Winnipeg Property Owners' Association will take an active part in the civic elections.

Mayor Shaw and Ald. McMurrich are candidates for the Toronto mayoralty and E. F. Clarke may also run.

MONDAY, NOV. 28.

A. J. McMillan, D. L. S., of Calgary, is dead.

C. W. Couldock, the well known actor, is dead.

Lieut.-Governer Forget has returned to Regina.

The British have taken Ting-Hai, capital of Chusan.

London club men are accused of selling memberships.

Lord Minto gave his first official dinner on Saturday.

Napanee people are still convinced of Ponton's innocence.

The Rossland mines shipped 3,500 tons of ore last week.

The Picquart case is likely to cause a revolution in France.

S. W. Farrell, injured by an electric car on Saturday, is dead.

Lord Mount Stephen is distributing $2,800,000 among his relatives.

Mrs. Wynn, of Brooklyn, Ill., was murdered by persons unknown.

The U. S. cruiser Wisconsin was launched at San Francisco.

The Prince of Wales has recovered from the injury to his knee.

A Yukon nugget valued at $50,000 will be exhibited in London, Eng.

A Frenchman has been kept in a French African prison for thirty years.

A. B. Thompson, M. P. P. for Centre Simcoe, is confirmed in his seat.

Three buffaloes are reported to have been seen in Swan River district.

La Minerve, Montreal, urges France to cede her claims in Newfoundland.

The commercial treaty between France and Italy causes surprise in Europe.

A Chinaman in San Francisco died of what is supposed to be bubonic plague.

A California river steamer exploded killing five people and injuring several.

Rev. Hilton Pedley reports great progress in Japan during the past thirty years.

Frank Knaak, of New York, was arrested for lese majeste in Berlin, Germany.

Forty-eight ships will be added to the French navy in 1899 and twenty-one in 1900.

Don Carlos is equipped with men and money and will shortly take the field in Spain.

Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal is in Washington conferring with Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

Emperor Menelek is reported to be marching on Bahr-el-Ghazal with an army of 100,000.

The Spanish peace commissioners are still undecided as to their answer to the United States.

Inquiry into the loss of the Mohegan is finished—the commission praised the bravery of the crew.

Bondholders of the M. and N. W. railway will continue litigation over the transfer of the road.

Proceedings are being taken against parties charged with attempting to bribe Yukon officials.

The new arrangement between the C. P. R. and G. T. R. will keep business from the United States roads.

The report of the Newfoundland commission is likely to cause serious difficulty between Great Britain and France.

Philippine insurgents are preparing to resist annexation to the United States.

SATURDAY, NOV. 26.

Cold weather has revived Canadian business.

Nisbet Academy, Prince Albert, is to be closed.

The Dynevor Indian hospital is in need of funds.

Medicine Hat elected a mayor and council on Friday.

Forty girls were injured in a panic in a church at Paris.

The Chatham Evaporator Works was again damaged by fire.

Colonel Picquart's trial is causing great excitement in Paris.

The election protests in Muskoka and North Essex were dismissed.

John Yeo, of Prince Edward Island, has been appointed senator.

Several persons were injured in a train wreck near Burlington, Iowa.

Lord Mount Stephen will distribute $500,000 among his relatives.

The Winnipeg Property Owners' association has been reorganized.

Two men were killed and six wounded in the riot at Anniston, Ala.

Alfred Laird, postmaster of Epsworth, B. C., dropped dead on the street.

The city will take possession of the waterworks in about two months.

The deaths of five persons in the Baldwin hotel fire are confirmed.

Holden, one of the Napanee bank robbers, has turned Queen's evidence.

Queen Wilhelmina of Holland is betrothed to Prince William of Weid.

A treaty of extradition has been signed between Great Britain and Chili.

Spain is not expected to answer the United States ultimatum on Monday.

The Lake Superior steamer Arthur Orra was wrecked at Baptiste River.

Rev. Dr. Warran has published a statement of the Presbyterian church fund.

Nova Scotia has shipped 100,000 barrels of apples to England this season.

A provincial bye-election will take place in East Northumberland on Dec. 14th.

Expert evidence before the high joint commission on the sealing question is concluded.

The Montrose, the last of this season's cattle fleet, sailed from Montreal on Friday.

It is rumored that the Great Northern will bridge the Fraser River at New Westminster.

Dr. Chestnut will succeed Dr. Moody as house surgeon of the Winnipeg general hospital.

R. D. Bryan, publisher of Montreal Town Topics, was sentenced to a month's imprisonment.

The manager and editor of the Victoria Colonist are charged with contempt of court.

The M. S. E., L. M. and R., and the E. D. railway companies will ask for legislation at Ottawa.

Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal is in Ottawa on business connected with the high commissionership.

Major General Hutton paid a marked compliment to the Yukon troops, at the Toronto military banquet.

Mrs. Druce has received permission to open the coffin alleged to contain the remains of Thomas C. Druce.

The C. P. R. is said to have secured a large block of property on McDermot, Rorie and Bannatyne streets.

The anti-imperial league of the United States presented a protest against expansion to President McKinley.

The $25,000 given to the West Indies sufferers will be divided between Barbadoes and the Windward Islands.

The Manitoba Grain company have sold thirty-seven elevators to the Northern Elevator company and others.

The annual report of the U. S. secretary of the navy recommends the construction of fifteen new warships.

FRIDAY, NOV. 25.

Italy has a deficit of 14,500,000 lire.

Destructive floods are reported in Ireland.

Mabel Davidson, fancy skater, died at St. Paul.

The anti-anarchist convention assembled at Rome.

J. L. McInnis, of the Winnipeg customs, is dead.

John S. Barber, Liberal, was nominated for Halton.

John Loughlin, Liberal, was nominated for Nipissing.

Thanksgiving Day was suitably observed in Winnipeg.

The Toronto Thanksgiving sham fight was a great success.

A branch of the Bank of Hamilton was opened at Plum Coulee.

Several vessels were wrecked off the coast of Normandy.

In the Ponton case Pare repeated his story of the bank robbery.

L. C. McCoskill has been appointed a legislative councillor for Quebec.

Two passengers were killed in a railway accident at Burlington, Iowa.

Thomas McDougall, a Hamilton printer, was accidentally shot and killed.

A provincial bye-election will be held in Missisquoi, Que., on December 19.

A fatal fight between white and negro troops occurred at Anniston, Alabama.

Great Britain's export trade has decreased £2,000,000 during the past year.

The world's gold coinage for 1897 was the largest on record—$437,719,343.

Great Britain will take action to settle the Newfoundland French shore difficulty.

Spain has not yet framed an answer to the United States Philippine demands.

The All People's Mission gave a Thanksgiving dinner to bootblacks and newsboys.

Four men are reported dead and three missing as a result of the Baldwin hotel fire.

A big gold brick swindle was frustrated by secret service officials at Lachute, Que.

Captain John J. Healy speaks in flattering terms of the efficiency of Yukon officials.

British Columbia sealers are uneasy regarding the proposed purchase of the industry by the U. S.

Hugh Brown, of Trenton, Ont., is charged with robbing the corpse of one of the Murray Hill victims.

The new Canadian imperial postage stamp will bear a map of the world showing the British empire.

THURSDAY, NOV. 24.

A bank at Utica, Mo., was robbed of $13,200.

The C. P. R.-G. T. R. rate war has been settled.

Mining operations in the Dryden district are active.

Frank Gouin, a well known citizen of Winnipeg, is dead.

Madame Dreyfus has received a letter from her husband.

Capt. Gen. Blanco has resigned the governorship of Cuba.

An attempt was made in Germany to wreck the Czar's train.

More infected Ontario apples have been destroyed at Vancouver.

Lord Kitchener is reported to be engaged to Miss Evelyn Moreton.

The high joint commission are still discussing the Behring Sea question.

Hawaii will be granted territorial government with a limited franchise.

A fatal fight between whites and negroes took place at Black Rock, Ark.

Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal has arrived at New York from London.

The Baldwin hotel, San Francisco, was destroyed by fire. Two lives were lost.

Col. Ruttan denies that the city supply well affects the water level of other wells.

Severe gales and snow storms are reported from Great Britain, Holland and Belgium.

Ontario politicians are busy preparing for the federal and provincial bye-elections.

Mr. Fortune has resigned as swamp land commissioner and Mr. Ducker succeeds him.

The Winnipeg board of trade passed strong resolutions regarding quarantine regulations.

Spain has obtained a further postponement of the meeting of the peace commission.

Rev. Mr. Webber and the crew of the steamer Jesse were murdered by Alaskan Indians.

Thousands of cattle have been killed by storms in Texas, Oklahoma and Indian Territory.

A Japanese treaty regulating the treatment of foreigners will come into force next year.

The Consolidated Cariboo Hydraulic Mining company has now the largest plant in the world.

Great damage and loss of life were caused by the explosion of powder works at Auburn, Mo.

The municipal commissioner decides that he has no power to appoint a special assessor for Brandon.

The running time on the C. P. R. between Toronto and Winnipeg will be shortened by probably five hours.

What Le Temps Thinks.

Paris, Nov. 28.—The leading article in Le Temps today, a column long, is devoted to a severe arraignment of the United States' attitude toward Spain, in which the United States is made to appear as a merciless conqueror, imposing Draconian conditions on a helpless foe, and exacting the signature of a treaty at the point of the bayonet. Le Temps adds: "The Spanish commissioners should submit a protest to the civilized world against the spoilation of the weak by the strong."

FATAL ACCIDENT.

Oshawa, Nov. 27.— Fred MacLean and George Mallett went out rabbit shooting yesterday. Each had a shotgun. Mallett says as they were standing together on the lake shore, when McLean turned, and his gun hit the hammer of Mallet's, discharging it. The contents lodged in MacLean's left thigh, causing a terrible wound. They were a long distance from assistance, and Mallet had to leave MacLean lying in the snow, first wrapping him in an overcoat while he ran for help. A doctor arrived quickly, but MacLean died in an hour. He was aged 26.

"He says that his life was ruined by two women." "How was that?" "One did not marry him; one did."—New York Journal.

The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited

GLAD THINGS FOR XMAS.

Our plans are all Christmas ward—Our thoughts tuned to making the season one of completest enjoyment. Our stocks are very large and varied. We cannot in the newspaper space at our disposal do more than enumerate a very few of them, but if you drop postal we'll send you our store paper containing, besides other good matter, nine pages of items, with illustrations, selected specially for Xmas presents.

HANDKERCHIEFS.

1,000 dozen Ladies' Swiss Embroidered Handkerchiefs, button-hole and scalloped edges, also hemstitched, positively worth 15c and 20c each, very special..3 for 25c

Ladies' extra fine sheer Swiss Handkerchiefs, "dainty patterns," scalloped, hemstitch and Valenciennes lace edges (15 different patterns)..each 18c, or 3 for 50c

Ladies' sheer lawn linen Handkerchiefs, scalloped and hemstitch edges (6 different patterns) ..each 25c, or per dozen $2.45

FINE TABLE LINENS.

Hemstitched Table Cloth, of finest German damask, satin finish, pure linen and newest designs:

Sizes 2 x 2 yards, each $4.75
Sizes 2 x 2 1-2 yards, each 7.50
Sizes 2 1-2 x 3 yards each 10.00

Hemstitched Napkins to match the above table cloths in pattern and quality, size 24 x 24 inches, per dozen $10.00

A fine pure linen Double Damask Table Cloth, size 2 x 2 1-2 yards, with border all around, best quality and finish, Irish manufacture, in newest scroll and floral designs, and one dozen 25 x 25 inch napkins to match the above cloth in quality and patterns, special for the set ...$4.00

Size 25x25 inches, warranted all pure linen double damask and satin finish, in newest designs, special, per dozen $2.50

FOR THE TABLE.

Three-piece Carving Sets, knife, fork and steel, Sheffield steel blades, stag-horn handles, extra quality, in satin-lined case $2.25

Cut Glass Knife Rests, dumb-bell shape, each 40c

Tea Cosy, hand embroidered in silk, pretty designs, or hand-made Rennaissance lace, made up with three silk puffs, filled with imported down..$4.00 to $5.00

Covers for Hot Rolls, Muffins, Cakes, etc., embroidered in wash silks, dainty designs $1.75

Carving Cloth, size 20 x 27, extra quality, full bleached damask, hemstitched.75c

One dozen Teaspoons, Rogers' best A1 plate, fancy pattern, in satin-lined leather case $3.95

Quadruple Plate Butter Knife and Sugar Spoon, with gilt bowl; this pair in nice satin-lined case $2.30

CHILDREN'S PICTURE BOOKS.

A large selection of Children's Picture Books, in board covers, full-page illustrations and colored frontispiece, for 10c and 15c, containing fairy tales, nursery tales, Bible stories, and animal stories and pictures. Post 4c extra.

Large Quarto Books, fancy colored board covers, 100 pages, profusely illustrated, special at 25c. "Mirth and Merriment," "Storyland Treasures," "Nursery Sketches," "Holiday Joys," and "Delightful Times," are some of the titles of these books. Postage 8c extra.

"Young People's Classics" in bright, fancy board covers, profusely illustrated, contains "Grimes Fairy Tales," "Aesop's Fables," "The Pilgrim's Progress," "Gulliver's Travels," "Anderson's Fairy Tales," "Wood's Natural History," 35c. Postage 8c extra.

HOSIERY.

Gents' Fine Quality Black Cashmere Hose, with colored embroidered fronts, neat designs in white, red and pale blue, spliced heels and toes, fashioned, special value, 3 pairs for $1.00

Ladies' Fancy Plaid Cashmere Hose, in the very newest designs, spliced heels and toes, full fashioned; also Fancy Plaid Lisle, in diagonal plaid and small checks, spliced heels and toes, full fashioned, extra value, 2 pairs for $1.25

Ladies' Winter Weight Black Cashmere Hose, in plain or rib, extra heavy double soles, fashioned, made of nice soft yarn, and very warm, all sizes, at 50c, or 3 for $1.00

MEN'S AND BOYS' SLIPPERS.

Men's Velvet Vamp Everett Slipper, embroidered front and patent back, special at 75c

Men's Velvet Vamp Opera Slipper, embroidered front and patent leather backs, special at .....$ 00

Men's Imitation Alligator Everett Slipper, chocolate color, special at ...$1.00

Men's Dongola Everett Slipper, American made, hand turned, special at..$1.25

Men's Dongola Opera Slipper, extra fine chocolate or black, hand turned, special at $1.50

Men's Fine Dongola Romeo Slipper, hand made, chocolate or black, very choice, special at $2.00

Men's Vici Kid Jester Slippr, coin toes, elastic gore at ankle, coffee or black, hand made, special at $2.00

Boys' Fine Dongola Opera Slipper, hand turned soles—Sizes 11 to 2, special at $1.00

Sizes 2 1-2 to 5, special at 1.15

MUFFLERS.

Men's White Figured Hemstitched Japanese Silk Mufflers, extra quality, large size, choice patterns, special $1.00

MEN'S SUSPENDERS.

Men's Plain Satin Suspenders, for embroidering, in white, sky blue, pink, cardinal, peacock and black, special per pair 50c, 75c, $1.00

Address mail orders or requests for catalogs exactly as below.

The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited

SECTION 52. TORONTO.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

WAITING FOR DEATH.

Some of General Greely's Awful Experiences In the Arctic.

"The new year of 1884 was only 19 days old when death came for the first time," writes General A. W. Greely in The Ladies' Home Journal, telling the awful experiences of his arctic exploring party at Cape Sabine. "For 90 days we had all lived and kept together, but death was inevitable. Its coming was sure to some, if not to all. Our only wonder was it had not come sooner. Only the day before was our comrade at work. We said little. Only one man so far forgot that he was a soldier as to make the faintest sign.

"But the nearness of the end touched us all. Speech became lower, actions gentler, determined faces grew softer, and conciliation was the spirit of the hour. Who would go next? was the question written on each face. Not a man ventured to say to his fellow, 'This is the end.' How that eternal question, always so unanswerable, seemed to be even more of a mystery to us! The Easter sun had hardly set before the second fell before death. A day after, and the third succumbed. Then the fourth. One by one they were dropping at our side. The fifth followed quickly to solve the problem of futurity. Then the sixth comrade passed.

And now we felt that we were all awaiting the summons, one by one. We scarcely looked at each other. Doubt and wretchedness were allied against us. But the fortunes of war sometimes change at the most critical moment. Strive and do, do and strive until death, were the mottoes of our hunters, and one day nearly 500 pounds of bear and seal meat came just as all food had almost failed. Oh, the joy which that meat brought to us! Who can tell but those in that hut? Something to eat—something to keep life!"

BERLIN'S DRUG STORES.

Curious Names Bestowed by Apothecaries on Their Shops.

The German drug store is always a mystery to the American when he first becomes one of its customers. It is not nearly so comprehensive as the American institution of the same kind. The apothecary's department, which is only one feature of the American drug store, is an independent establishment in Germany and is devoted to the filling of prescriptions and the duties of the apothecary. The "droguerie," quite a separate place, provides half the articles customarily found here in the drug store. It is to the droguerie that one must go for soap, toothbrushes, drugs in the pure and all of the articles not dealt in by the apothecary. The division may be a convenient one after the mysteries have been mastered, but it is confusing at first.

Another peculiarity of the apothecaries is that most of them have names displayed. That custom dates from the earliest days of their history. The old names of the shops have survived to some extent, although the purely fantastic names have given place to others better suited to the commercial exigencies of modern times. The city today possesses 164 shops of apothecaries, and many have adopted names taken from the street, square or region in which they are situated. There are 56 of these, and 19 are known only by the names of their proprietors. Nineteen are named after birds, the eagle having ten named in its honor. There are all sorts of eagles among these ten—black, red and white. Other names include wild animals, mythological names, such as Minerva and Flora, and royal titles like Friedrich and Augusta Victoria. Most curious are those called after famous historical personages, such as Arminius, Roland and Siegfried.—Exchange.

The Kaiser as a Humorist.

We went up to the Kiel Yacht club to see the presentation of prizes by his majesty. He was in particularly jolly humor, and his speeches of presentation were most happily spoken. One prize winner, a little German officer, fully realized the importance of the occasion and was the more easily embarrassed when with cap in one hand and sword in the other he stood ready to receive his prize—a pair of large vases.

At the close of the kaiser's speech he handed the vases to the little officer, who hurriedly put cap under one arm, sword under the other and received them, whereupon the kaiser insisted upon shaking hands in congratulation, much to the embarrassment, chagrin and bliss of the winner and the shouts of laughter from every one else, led by his majesty.

The next winner was given a liqueur set and received orders not to drink from all 12 glasses alone.—Outing.

ENCOURAGED IN HIS MUSIC.

The Hardworking Amateur Sent to the Barn and Finds Appreciation.

"I'll tell you of the only encouragement I ever received since I began to play the violin, and that's many years," said a hardworking amateur the other night as he stretched his neck toward his music stand to make out a difficult movement which he was trying to play.

"Let's hear it," said his friend, for it was a blessing to have him stop playing.

"Well, it was this way: I was spending my vacation at my music teacher's house in the Adirondacks. One day after practicing some hours on the same piece that you heard me playing now my teacher came to my room and suggested that there was a nice place to practice in the barn, and by doing so I would oblige her and her mother, who was sick in the adjacent room. Well, of course, I felt somewhat hurt, but was not going to lose my daily practice and went to the barn. I got into the hayloft and began to play. In about half an hour I was surrounded by rats that squealed and cut up all sorts of capers. I often heard of animals being charmed by music, but nothing could make me believe it until now.

"Well, do you know, I never was so happy in my life, to think that all my time was not wasted in trying to be a musician? I always like rats since then, and I was tempted to trap my barn audience for future use. I was pleased to see that I had at last charmed some one with my music. I felt like catching them all and bringing them home for future encouragement."—New York Tribune.

The Worst Mistake.

"Every man is likely to make mistakes in public as in private life," said the charitable man.

"Yes," answered Senator Sorghum. "But there are some mistakes for which there is no excuse."

"For example?"

"Well, about the worst is owning up after you have made one."—Washington Star.

On a Wet Footing.

"What's making that jarring noise in the room overhead?"

"It's a meeting of strikers. They're kicking for higher wages."

The questioner was silent a moment. Then he sighed dismally.

"Another revenue stamp," he said, as the applause seemed to break loose again.—Chicago Tribune.

PUT YOUR FINGER ON YOUR PULSE.

If it is Weak or Irregular don't Hesitate to Start the use of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills at once.

With a strong, steady, regular pulse we may expect vigorous health.

With a weak, irregular, intermittent pulse we can tell at once the vitality is low—that Dizzy and Faint Spells, Smothering and Sinking Sensations and similar conditions are bound to ensue.

By their action in strengthening the heart, toning the nerves and enriching the blood, Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills relieve and cure all those distressing conditions just enumerated.

Mrs. B. Croft, residing on Waterloo Street, St. John, N.B., says:

"For some time past I have suffered from pallor, weakness and nervous prostration, I had palpitation and irregular beating of the heart so severe as to cause me great alarm. I was treated by physicians, but got no permanent relief.

"I am glad to say that from Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills I derived the first real benefit that I ever got from any medicine. My appetite is improved, my entire system toned up, and I can do no less than cheerfully recommend these pills to all requiring a reliable heart and nerve tonic."

Miss Mary E. Hicks, South Bay, Ont., says Laxa-Liver Pills cured her of Sick Headache, from which she had suffered for a year.

HEALTH, STRENGTH AND VIGOR

CAN BE OBTAINED BY THE USE OF

DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT.

To men suffering from any Weakness I have a little book which is sent sealed, Free. Every young, middle-aged and old man should read it. Address:

DR. D. T. SANDEN,

132 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL.

EARN A WATCH

Earn this valuable Watch, Chain and Charm by selling twenty **Topaz Scarf Pins**, at 15 cents each. Send your address and we forward the Pins and our Premium List, postpaid. No money required. These Pins will almost sell themselves, for the Topaz has all the brilliance of the best diamonds, and has never before been offered at anything like this price. The Watch is neat in appearance, thoroughly well made, and fully guaranteed. Unsold Pins may be returned. Mention this paper when writing.

THE GEM PIN CO., Freehold Building, Toronto, Ont.

A NOVA SCOTIA FARMER

TELLS HOW HE WAS CURED OF SALT RHEUM.

His Fingers, Hands and Wrists Were a Mass of Cracks and Sores by Reason of Which He Was Unable to Work.

To the Editor of the Enterprise:

I have read from week to week in your paper, testimonials from those who have been cured through using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and as I have experienced much benefit from the use of that medicine, I believe it my duty to let others know they can be relieved from a very painful malady. I am now 75 years of age, and am at the present time, and in fact ever since I took a course of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills about two years ago, have been enjoying excellent health. Before that time I had been ailing for some months, finally I was attacked with salt rheum, which came out mostly on my hands. It was not long after its first appearance before I was unable to do any work at all with my hands. I resorted to all the domestic cures I could hear of, but the disease kept on its course, getting worse and worse, until the palms of my hands and my fingers were a mass of cracks, open sores and hideous scabs. I then got medicine from the doctor, which I used for several weeks, with no benefit whatever,—my hands still becoming more and more crippled with the disease. My general health, too, at this time was poor and I got discouraged altogether, believing there was no help for the terrible complaint that was gradually spreading over my hands and up my wrists towards my arms. It happened one day in conversation with an acquaintance that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were mentioned in connection with some other case in the neighborhood, and it was suggested that I try them for salt rheum. I had not much faith in the trial, but concluded to get a box and see what good they might do. To my great delight, after using the box I found an improvement in the condition of my hands, and I got six boxes more. I did not use all these, for before they were gone the disease had vanished and my hands were as sound as ever. The new skin came on as smooth and fresh as if nothing had been the matter. I took no other medicine while using the pills and the whole praise of the cure is due to them. My general health was also greatly benefitted by their use and I attended to my work with more energy and in better spirits than I had done for a number of years. I have been in excellent health ever since for a man of my years, and no sign of salt rheum has since appeared. The box or two of Pink Pills which I left unused were taken by my wife and did her much good. I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and am pleased to give my testimony to their merit, hoping others may thereby be induced to use them in cases like my own. HENRY CHESLEY.

The editor of the Enterprise can add that Mr. Chesley is a representative farmer living about three miles from the town of Bridgewater, N.S., and the utmost reliance can be placed on his statement.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills create new blood and in this way drive disease from the system. A fair trial will convince the most skeptical. Sold only in boxes the wrapper around which bears the full trade mark "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." If your dealer does not have them they will be sent post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Hawthorne as a Student.

A correspondent of the Brunswick (Me.) Telegraph says: "Hawthorne, when a student in college, boarded with the mother of the writer, and we often went fishing for trout in what is now known as Mall brook. At that time the students called it Hawthorne's brook. He was rather reserved in manner, and had but few associates. When in college, he was not over 5 feet 8 inches in height. It was the custom at that time for the students when they met President Allen to raise their hats. Hawthorne and John Hodgdon, it was said, were brought up among the Friends, and they did not raise their hats when passing the president. Hawthorne was summoned before the president for this neglect, and I have forgotten whether he was suspended or escaped with only a reprimand."

A Financier.

"Briggins makes money by establishing creameries in country towns, does he? I thought it was a notorious fact that little creameries don't pay."

"That's it. His agent works up a creamery enterprise in some small town, and Briggins goes there the next year, buys up the machinery for a song and sells it to some village where they have never had a creamery."—Chicago Tribune.

Took the Hint.

"Just by way of a hint, you know, I told her she looked sweet enough to kiss."

"Well?"

"Well, she said that was the way she intended to look."

"And so"—

"Precisely."—Chicago Post.

THE CURE OF ASTHMA.

Liebig's Asthma Cure will cure Asthma, Hay Asthma or Hay Fever. Hundreds of people in four continents will say so. It is a high class medicine, endorsed by medical men, and used by the best people in all parts of the civilized world.

A free trial bottle will be sent to any sufferer by mail prepaid. If you are afflicted, send your name and address to The Liebig Co., 177 King street west, Toronto, and say you saw this free offer in this paper.

AS TO EPILEPSY AND FITS.

Liebig's Fit Cure for Epilepsy and kindred affections is the only successful remedy, and is now used by the best physicians and hospitals in Europe an America. It is confidently recommended to the afflicted. If you suffer from Epilepsy, Fits, St. Vitus Dance, or have children or relatives that do so, or know a friend that is afflicted, then send for a free trial bottle and try it. It will be sent by mail, prepaid. It has cured where everything else has failed.

When writing mention this paper and give full address to The Liebig Co., 177 King street west, Toronto.

Proverb Revised.

Watts—Why don't you save your money?

Yabsley—Somehow, I can't. With me, a penny made is a penny burned.—Indianapolis Journal.

Good Reason.

Author—But why do you charge me more for printing this time than usual?

Publisher—Because the compositors were constantly falling asleep over your novel.—Metropolitan.

Decidedly.

Blinks—Is there anything worse than to attempt to be witty and fail?

Winks—Yes—to attempt to be dishonest and not succeed.—Up to Date.

We believe MINARD'S LINIMENT is the best.

Matthias Foley, Oil City, Ont.
Joseph Snow, Norway, Me.
Chas. Whooten, Mulgrave, N. S.
Rev. R. O. Armstrong, Mulgrave, N. S.
Pierre Landry, senr., Pokemouche, N. B.
Thomas Wasson, Sheffield, N. B.

All women are pleased with the judgment of Paris—when he comes to fashions.

Ask for Minard's Liniment and take no other.

Whenever a bachelor begins to investigate a girl's cooking he means business.

Minard's Liniment the Lumberman's Friend.

A driving rein is all right for the horseman, but a light shower satisfies the cyclist.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

Keeping up appearances often means a frugal diet in order to give an occasional dinner.

Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians.

England carries about 5 8 per cent. of the sea-borne merchandise of the world.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

J. M'VICAR
GRAIN & COMMISSION MERCHANT
GRAIN EXCHANGE, WINNIPEG.

All kinds of Grain bought and sold. Liberal advances on consignments. Prompt returns. Send Samples. Write or wire for Prices. Box 574.

GET READY

to take a course in the WINNIPEG BUSINESS COLLEGE this winter. It pays to EDUCATE for BUSINESS. A greater demand for office help than we could fill during the past six months shows why you should take such a course.

G. W. DONALD, Sec.

W. N. U. 196

W. R. ALLAN,
General Insurance Agent,

FIRE Companies Represented:
Quebec Fire Assurance Co.
Royal Insurance Co.
Sun Insurance Office
Union Assurance Society

All classes of Insurances transacted and losses promptly and satisfactorily settled.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS
ROSES • CARNATIONS
CUT FLOWERS in season
AT H. E. PHILPOTT
GREENHOUSES:
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SAFES **VICTOR** SAFES
KARL K. ALBERT, GEN. AGT.
407 MAIN ST., WINNIPEG,
Next door to P. O.

SNAPS FOR CASH.

Household Safes, small size, - - $12.00
Household Safes, large size, - - 30.00

Just the thing for a Christmas present. Both useful and ornamental.

Merchants' Safes, all sizes and prices: on easy terms or cash. Come and see them or write for quotations. Special prices during November and December.

DON'T CHIDE THE CHILDREN.

Don't scold the little ones if the bed is wet in the morning. It isn't the child's fault. Weak kidneys need strengthening—that's all. You can't afford to risk delay. Neglect may entail a lifetime of suffering.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Strengthen the Kidneys and Bladder, then all trouble ceases.

John Carson, employed at W. S. Bradt & Co.'s store, Hamilton, Ont., says:

"My little boy seven years of age has been troubled with his kidneys since birth and could not hold his water. We spent hundreds of dollars doctoring and tried many different remedies, but they were of no avail. One box of Doan's Kidney Pills completely cured him."

TWINS.

PURITY AND QUALITY.

And these are the things that are ALWAYS present in OUR GOODS and in nothing are they more evident than in our

WHITE STAR HEALTH COFFEY
....AND....
WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER.

The Dyson Gibson Co.

It's the tannin in most teas which plays the mischief with the digestion, and you *can detect the tannin* in these teas by the stale, bitter, puckery taste when the infusion grows cold. *In this test* MONSOON Indo-Ceylon TEA shows *its perfect purity.* Its ripe flavor and mellow richness are as refreshing when Monsoon Tea is cold *as when hot from the pot.*

Monsoon TEA TEA TEA TEA TEA TEA

BOVRIL

Is a condensed food, capable of preserving physical strength

Through Any Physical Strain

And is equally valuable to those requiring to use

GREAT MENTAL STRAIN.

It has no equal for giving

Strength to the Invalid

And it will agree with the weakest stomachs. Get it from your druggist or grocer and test its value.

AMONG THE SPRING SAMPLES

Our Travelers show are the Largest Range and Best Value in

COLORED SHIRTS AND BALBRIGGAN UNDERWEAR

that you will see.

MYRON M'BRIDE & CO.,

WHOLESALE MENS' FURNISHERS,

WINNIPEG.

The Odorless Crematory Closet

Awarded Diplomas at Toronto, London and Other Exhibitions, 1898.

IS ALREADY REVOLUTIONIZING THE SANITARY CONDITION OF THE COUNTRY.

Is adapted to Private Residences, Public Buildings, Hotels, School Houses and Summer Resorts. Can be placed in attic or cellar, bath room or outside kitchen, or in any place where there is a flue or chimney. The price being low places it within reach of all. A post card will secure Illustrated Pamphlet. Address

THE ODORLESS CREMATORY CLOSET and GENERAL HEATING CO., LIMITED, Hamilton, Ontario.

A good Coffee at last!

Value Coffee

"Nothing better" "nothing cheaper"
Sold in 1/2 lb. lead packets
hermetically sealed.
Ask your grocer for "Value" Coffee
15 cents per packet.

CARDSTON RECORD.

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Wednesday at Cardston.

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Editor and Proprietor.

Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

THE EDITOR does not assume responsibility for the views or statements expressed by any of THE RECORD'S contributors.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance.
Advertising Rates on application.
In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisments they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisments will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

In case a subscriber does not receive THE RECORD weekly, notice should be sent to the publication office, Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta, when the complaint will be thoroughly investigated.

Copy for change of advertisments MUST not be in later than Saturday noon.

Cardston, December 14, 1898.

The RECORD & Montreal Family Herald & Weekly Star, one year for $2.75.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

There are many kinds of asses.

A blustering night, a fair day.

Say a little, and news will find you.

Dance in Kearl Hall Friday night.

Xmas cards for sale at RECORD Office.

There was a party at the Kearl Hall Friday night.

J. P. Low returned home from Vancouver, Sunday night.

Send THE RECORD for a year to your friend as a Xmas present.

Mr. J. Laugheed, of the Brown Ranch, was in Cardston on Monday.

A baby boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. A. Hendry Saturday morning, Dec. 10.

The Home Dramatic Co. played "Under the Laurels" to a crowded house Saturday evening.

Send a Xmas card to your friend. Buy the card at THE RECORD Office 5c, 10c, 15c, 20c each.

THE RECORD'S circulation in this part of the country is now larger than all other newspapers combined.

There is not a man, women or child in this country in whom THE RECORD has not some interest and would like to help in some way.

On account of the Village Ordinance requiring so much space, considerable interesting matter is unavoidably held over till next issue.

Vol. 1, No. 1 of the Alberta Independent has reached this office. It is a newsy paper published by W. L. Bernard, who also publishes the Alberta Tribune.

If you want to make the poor old editor's life easier, just tell him all the little happenings of which you chance to know. We have several friends who do this, and their favors are freely appreciated and don't you forget it.

THE RECORD newspaper plant has been moved to the new quarters in the rear of the Bank and is now very comfortably located. Business connected with the paper will in the future be transacted by the editor in the Bank. Don't be afraid to "drop in" at anytime during office hours—10 to 4.

There is likely to be some excitement in Southern Alberta, owing to the discovery of an oil belt not far from the Crow's Nest Pass coalfields, supposed to have its origin in the coal beds. It is important as the only oil deposit in Western Canada. Oil found floating on the creeks is said to be of first class quality. Experts report favorably on the formation.—Alberta Independent.

There are more than two thousand Mormons in this district of Alberta, and they are doing a great deal in the way of building-up the country. Already the following named settlements have been added during the past eleven years to the great and growing Dominion of Canada by the Mormons: Cardston, Ætna, Mountain View, Leavitt, Caldwell, and hundreds of ranches dot the country from the Blood Reserve on the North to the International Line on the South and from the Milk River Ridge on the East to the Rocky Mountains on the West.

Durning next summer at least two settlements of 250 people each will be established on the Alberta Irrigration Co's cannal. The Mormon Church, or some of its members, have entered a contract to settle 500 people upon that company's lands in 1899.

It is a nice custom that of sending a friend or relative a beautiful card with appropriate language as a Christmas reminder of your thoughtfulness. The RECORD received this week 500 lovely Xmas cards which we are selling from 5 cents to 20 cents each.

Bp. Hammer and his good wife gave a little social Friday evening and all had an enjoyable time. Yet all was not over: a couple of the gentleman were rather the worse for wear; dreamed of upsets, night parades, etc. Moral: Boys, govern your appatites; have no upsets or night parades.

The other night one of our good citizens heard a rattling in the neighborhood of his coal bin, and in less time than it takes to tell it, the good eitizen was out with his shot gun. The game was a man and the g. s. took aim and pulled the trigger; but the beastly old firearm failed to "go off" which was a mighty lucky thing for the thief. We hope the g. s. will have better luck next time he sees the thief interrupting the midnight tranquility of his coal "pile".

On the sixth of this month Henry Caldwell Esq. of Caldwell, had an old time house wraming on the occasion of the completin of his new residence. All the Mountain View people were invited and a very enjoyable time was spent, in spite of the fact that Bishop V. I. Stewart, followed by his flock, got lost in the snow storm and reached Mr. Coldwell's at all hours of the night. Better luck next time, Joe! How did the train look next morning?

It would be a good thing for the people of Cardston to draw the attention of our member, Dr De Veber, to the fact that this village needs some permanent concessions in regard to the clause concerning the distance that hay or straw stacks shall be from any building. Two hundred feet is too far, and not one in a dozen can possibly comply with that clause unless they build barns and not one in a hundred can afford to do that. It should be changed to one hundred or one hundred and fifty feet.

As Christmas dawns near, we should endeavor to purify our hearts and ponder over things that do not have any connection with this but the other life. Think well of your fellowmen; look with a forgiving spirit upon the faults of others; and always keep in mind the fact that life is very, very short, and little acts of kindness will go a long way in bettering our chances for commiseration from one to whom we owe all and without whose pity and forgiveness we cannot enter in to that Eternity of Glorious Progression.

SLANDER.

It is much easier to start an evil report than to stop it. Even after a rumour has been proved false, the harm it has done cannot always be undone. Before repeating a bit of gossip it would be well to ask ourselves three questions. First, is it true?; second, is it kind?; third, is it necessary? This practice would be sure to save us many bitter memories and regrets. The pious Philip of Neri was once visited by a lady who accused herself of slander. He bade her go to the market, buy a chichen, just killed and still covered with feathers, and walk a certain distance, plucking the feathers as she went. The women did as she was directed, and returned anxious to know the meaning of the injunction.

"Retrace your steps," said Philip, "and gather up, one by one, all the feathers you have scattered."

"I cast the feathers carelessly away," said the woman; "and the wind carried them in all directions."

"Well, my child," replied Philip, "so it is with slander; like the feathers which the wind has scattered, they have been wafted in many directions. Call them back now, if you can."

The Record $2.00

VILLAGE ORDINANCE.

(Continued From Page 1)

(a) Amount of money collected;
(b) The amount expended and for what purposes, showing balance on hand;
(c) The outstanding liabilities, if any, of the village;
(d) The names of all those who have been convicted for a breach of this Ordinance or of any regulation made hereunder in his village stating penalty imposed and the name of the convicting justice;
(e) A list of taxes unpaid, giving names of persons in default.

(2) The overseer shall submit a copy of such account to the voters at the annual business meeting.

41. The voters may at any meeting resolve that animals shall not be permitted to run at large in the village or in any part thereof in or during any period of the year.

(1) Whenever the voters have so resolved no horse, mule jack, cattle, sheep, swine, goat goose or other poultry shall be permitted in or during such period to run at large in the village or such part thereof and it shall be the duty of the overseer to appoint a pound-keeper whose duty it shall be to keep and maintain a pound in the village for the impounding of estray animals of the decription aforesaid. In so far as they are not inconsistent herewith the provisions of The Pound District Ordinance shall apply and be followed and observed in all respects as if such village were a pound district under said Ordinance.

(2) The overseer shall when any resolution is passed as provided in this section notify the Commissioner of Agriculture of the same.

42. For the prevention of disease the following regulations shall be observed in each village:

1. Privy pits shall be emptied and disinfected with lime between the first day of April and the fifteenth day of November in each year;
2. No privy pit shall be allowed to become offensive at any time;
3. No privy pit shall be within fifty feet of any well;
4. Where dry earth closets are ordered by resolution of a village meeting no privy pit shall be used;
5. No person shall deposit or cause to be deposited in any place other than in a stable yard, any manure, filth, rubbish, or decaying animal or vegetable matter;
6. Stable yards shall be cleaned during the first week of every month from the first day of May until the seventh day of November in each year;
7. All garbage, swill, slops and other rubbish shall be placed in suitable receptacles and removed regularly every week between the first day of May and the first day of November in each year.
8. No stable yard shall be allowed to become offensive at any time because of decaying animal or vegetable matter;
9. No swine shall be kept except in pens at least one hundred feet distant from any occupied house or place of business;
10. Swine pens shall be kept dry and free of offensive odor;
11. Foul water shall not be allowed to accumulate on any property;
12. Any person contravening any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction thereof to a penalty not exceeding $10.

43. For the prevention of fire the following regulations shall be observed in each year:

1. No person shall keep on any premises a larger quantity of gunpowder or other explosive than twenty-five pounds. Quantities greater than twenty-five pounds shall be stored at least one hundred feet from any building.
2. No person shall keep on any premises a greater quantity of kerosene than three barrels thereof, except it be stored at least sixty-six feet from any building;
3. No person shall have or erect on any premises any building built in whole or in part of manure, hay or straw or place on the roof of any building any manure, hay or straw unless such building is at least one hundred feet distant from any other building;
4. No person shall have any stack of grain, hay or straw on any premises within two hundred feet of any building;
5. No person shall enter any stable or barn with any candle or lamp not enclosed in a lantern, nor with a lighted pipe, cigar or cigarette;
6. No person shall set out fire within fifty feet of any building:

Provided that any blacksmith may build a fire within fifty feet of his shop for the purposes of his trade;

7. No person shall deposit any ashes in any wooden container unless it be lined with metal;
8. All ovens and furnaces shall be properly connected with a chimney of brick, stone or concrete at least three feet higher than the building in which such oven or furnace is built;
9. There shall be a space of at least nine inches between any stove pipe and any partition or floor through which it passes unless such stove pipe be surrounded in such partition or floor by a thimble of brick, cement or concrete at least two inches in width and of full thickness of such partition or floor and every such stovepipe shall be inserted into a chimney of brick, stone or concrete;
10. At least twelve inches shall intervene between any stove in use and the partition or wall nearest thereto;
11. Every proprietor of any house more than one storey high with a roof having a pitch greater than one foot in three shall keep a ladder on such roof near the chimney thereof;
12. Any person contravening any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction thereof to a penalty not exceeding $10.

44. The remuneration of the overseer shall be fixed at the annual meeting but shall not be more than $100 nor less than $15 together with 2½ per centum of all taxes collected by him; and the overseer may retain his said remuneration at the expiration of his term of office out of the moneys then in his hands.

45. At the expiration of the term of office of any overseer or upon his ceasing to hold office for any cause all books, accounts, records, lists, vouchers, moneys and other property of the village shall be examined by the auditor and handed over to the successor in office of such overseer. The auditor shall make a full report thereon to the next meeting of the voters.

46. Any overseer neglecting or refusing to render a true correct account as and when required herein, or refusing or neglecting to hand over to his successor in office any property of the village as directed by the foregoing section shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction thereof to a penalty not exceeding $50.

(2) Any overseer neglecting or refusing to discharge any other duties under this Ordinance shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a penalty not exceeding $25.

(3) Any person contravening any provision of this Ordinance for which contravention no penalty is therein provided or any judgment, order or regulation given or made under this Ordinance shall be liable on summary conviction thereof to a penalty not exceeding $25.

[4] Fines imposed for the infraction of this Ordinance or of any regulation made hereunder shall be paid to the overseer to form part of the village funds.

47. The provisions of this Ordinance respecting prevention of fire and disease shall, as well as to villages existing hereunder, apply to every place in which five or more occupied dwelling are within any area not exceeding half square mile and which is not included within the limits of an incorporated town or city.

48. The title of any real estate owned or purchased or otherwise acquired by any village shall be vested in the Lieutenant Governor who shall hold the same for the purposes of the village.

49. The Lieutenant Governor in Council may alter the boundaries of any village and add or take from the area of the same.

50. Any notice required by this Ordinance for calling meetings may be published in any newspaper published in such village instead of being posted as elsewhere provided herein.

51. Ordinance No. 9 of 1897 is hereby repealed.

A LITTLE MIXED.

At the licensing sessions held in a certain west country city recently, the Chairman, dealing with the statutory limit for bona fide travellers, and getting his expressions a little mixed, referred to it as being "three miles as the flew cries." Whereupon some one engaged in the case ventured to correct his worship. With a deferential smile, this exponent tried to amend the phrase, but could get no nearer than "your worship means as the fly crows—or, rather," he added, hastily, "as the cry flows." No one was sufficiently rash to make a further attempt.

Cold Weather

makes us look for Underwear, German Sox, Over-shoes and Fur Coats.

First Snow Fall

will require Bob-sleds and Snow Packs.

All these you can get at lowest Prices from

The Cardston Co. Ltd

Get a Suit of All Wool Underwear for $1.00.

The Record one year $ 2.00

NOTICE—Parties owing THE RECORD for advertisments and subscriptions will confer a favor by settling their accounts this month as we have bills of our own which must be paid at once.

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends. 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

FOR SALE: Four room house Good well water. Nice location. Enquire at RECORD office, next to Bank. ‡

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

FOR SALE—Model 1 Improved Hand Printing Press. Chase 5x8. At RECORD Office.*

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, both one year for $2.50.

FOR SALE.—Ranch, 160 acres, ½ mile from Ætna. House, barn, well. 40 acres broke. Enquire at THE RECORD Office.

Christmas number on sale at THE RECORD Office of the Graphic, Art Annual, Illustrated London News, etc.

Wheat and oats taken on subscription at this office.

A book of notes only 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

Review of Reviews, (Am) for sale at this office.

The Weekly Globe, Toronto, $1.00 a year. THE RECORD has agency.

When you want to sell or buy anything, place a notice in THE RECORD, and you will be pleased with the result.

Meat Market.

Wm. Wood.

Fresh Meats of all kinds constantly on hand.
Hours from 9 to 3.

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.

All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.

Cardston. . . . . Alberta

- Samuel Cox, -

Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting.
& Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
CARDSTON. . . ALBERT.

Read THE RECORD
THE
CARDSTON RECORD
2.00 per year.

Livery, Feed & Sale Stables

Kearl & Sharp, Props.

Good outfits furnished at all hours.

Rates Reasonable.

Kearl & Sharp.

NOTICE.—Parties oweing Lundburg & Neilson, blacksmiths, will save themselves trouble and expense by calling and settling their accounts AT ONCE at RECORD Office.

When you want receipt or note Books call at THE RECORD Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts. You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

For 15 cts. you can get the Weekly Globe of Toronto for the balance of this year. It is a 16 page paper containing 112 columns of interesting news. Bring your 15 cts. to the Record office at once.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1898. NO. 21.

CROW'S NEST ROAD.

R. Balfour, the bridge maker, talking about the Crow's Nest Pass railway said its construction was a record in railway building, the rate being a mile a day through unexplored country. The bridge work was very heavy. East of the mountains they had something over 15,000,000 feet of lumber to put in. That was done in the face of the most inclement weather. The idea had never been thought of before that they could do bridge work in that climate in the winter time. not that it was such very bad weather had there not been such very high winds. A wind would come along and take up a heavy plank which was lying flat on the ground and carry it a long distance. They overcame the wind by machinery. They had two steam hoists on the heavy bridges, side by side. Besides that for framing the bridges they had machinery. Vancouver was the supply point for the timber and Montreal for the iron. Balfour mentioned that this was a thoroughly Canadian road, and the engineers were Canadians, and many of the workmen also.—Alberta Tribune.

WESTERN TOWNSITES.

Ottawa, Dec. 4- During his absence in the Northwest Mr. Smart, deputy minister of the Interior, looked into the division of the townsites of Virden, Qu'Appell, Regina and Moose Jaw. The government and the Canadian Pacific Railway company were joint owners of these townsites, and the question of taxation on the property thus owned is what is causing considerable agitation amongst the residents, the lands of the company being exempt. These lands have recently been administered by Mr. L. A. Hamilton land commissioner of the C. P. R. It is the intention of the government to make arrangements whereby the lands may be sold for taxes for the good of the municipalities concerned. The taxes of the municipalities are now levied on a small percentage of the total assessment. The municipalities wish to have all the lands in their respective limits rendered subject to taxation as soon as possible, and with that end in view the department will take immediate steps to carry out the views expressed by the municipalities.

$10. Reward.

Strayed from Alberta Railway & Coal Co'y Stables one Mare Mule; Color, Black; Branded triangle on right thigh and on right shoulder.

The above reward will be paid by the Alberta Railway & Coal Co'y for the return of the above described Mule. 21 & 22.

PARCEL POST PACKAGES.

The attention of Postmasters is further called to the fact that no parcel can be sent from Canada to any other country by parcel Post unless it bear a Customs Declaration setting forth the nature of its contents and its value: As the acceptance by a Postmaster of a parcel addressed to any other country, and not provided with a Customs Declaration, will result in its being sent to the Dead Letter Office, Postmasters are specially directed not to accept such parcels without the Customs Declaration.

A SMALL BLAZE. ✓

Wednesday night there was a fire in Mr. L. Bonnell's dwelling house. The lamp ignited some factory on the wall while the inmates were occupying another room. Before the fire was extinguished it destroyed a fur over-coat and some household goods of one kind and another.

Mr. Bonnell did not come out of the affair entirely free from the fire fiend's touch. Ask the gentleman to show you the effects of the fire on the top of his head, and you will be convinced that it is no laughing matter—for Mr. Bonnell.

Had the fire not been discovered before it got much headway, the house undoubtedly would have been entirely destroyed as the only means of obtaining water was from the well.

"A World of Chance,"

next week.

SALE OF THE NEWS.

A warranty deed was filed yesterday by the Deseret News company, conveying to Lorenzo Snow, trustee in trust for the Church of Jesus Christ of Later-day Saints, for the sum of $25,000, the lot at the corner of South and West Temple streets now occupied by the Deseret News Publishing House. This is the final step in the negotiations that have been pending for months past looking toward the church again obtaining absolute control of the paper, and the inauguration of the series of improvements and changes that have heretofore been published.—Salt Lake Tribune.

CAUGHT IN THE ACT. ✓

J. P. Low, the wide awake manager of the Cardston Company, noticed the slightly suspicious movements on the part of an Indian brave, and when that worthy deftly folded a pair of trousers and stored them away beneath his ample waistcoat, Mr. Low pounced down upon the I. b. and all his pleadings for clemency were very properly cast before the wind.

The Indian was taken into custody by Corp. Bolderson. On Thursday, before Justices Hinman and Ashe, the hearing was held, resulting in the Indian being sentenced to one month at hard labor.

SOME LIVELY KICKING. ✓

There was some very active horse kicking in front of the Bank on Saturday afternoon. Corp. Harris and Elias Adams drove up to the hitching-post that stands in front of the Bank and the buggy tongue struck the post with sufficient force to break it off and send it flying a couple rods over the horse's heads; then one of the horses got his legs over what remained of the broken tongue and the kicking began. Those horses kicked and kicked and turned and kicked again until they could kick no longer from utter exhaustion.

Corp. Harris and Mr. Adams escaped unharmed; and took the buggy to the blacksmith shop for repairs.

CARDSTON HAS A

Shoe shop.

Restaurant.

Barber shop.

Meat market.

Good schools.

Livery stables.

Skillful physician.

Blacksmith shops.

A flourishing bank.

The best cereal-raising soil in the world.

Many tributary settlements which act as feeders.

Clear, pure and palatable drinking water fresh from the mountain brooks.

Numerous comfortable residences, commodious dancing hall and private business houses.

Numerous flourishing business houses such as banking and general merchandise and stationery stores.

Lee's creek, affording excellent and almost unlimited water power for all kinds of manufacturing establishments.

THE RECORD, a local newspaper which will always be found bright, progressive, and a friend to Southern Alberta in particular and Western Canada in general.

The Record

$2.00

a year.

THE CROW'S NEST.

Dr. A. Wallace Mason of Mutual street has received a letter from his son, Mr. Charles Mason, who is now at Elko, B. C., and from which the extracts following are made. Mr. Mason has been employed in connection with the construction of the Crow's Nest Railway, and knows much of the newly-opened country:—"I think from Cranbrook to the end of the track, about 26 or 27 miles, is the crookedest road on earth. It is one constant succession of curves. There is not 100 yards of straight road in the whole distance. Goat River City is almost 25 miles from Kootenay Lake. It boasts a store, two hotels, a C.P.R. hospital and a few log shacks. The highest bridge along the road spans Goat River canyon, and is only abont 250 feet long, but is 160 high. The canyon in places is about five or six feet wide at the bottom and 12 to 15 feet at top, so the walls are almost perpendicular. The Goat River after leaving the canyon flows through a very level valley. On the far side is Kootenay River, which empties into the Kootenay Lake, a few miles further on. The railway follows the Goat River along the hillsides untill the lower end of the Kootenay River is reached.

A BRIDGE ON PILES.

"The bridge across the lake here is 2 1-4 miles long, and is built on piles. A slip is being constructed at the west end, for the loading of cars on boats and transporting them to Nelson. There is a great deal of doubt up here as to whether the road will ever be completed to Nelson. The Bannus Ferry road, a Great Northern branch, will cross the C.N.R. near the bridge. Its terminus, I understand, will be Kuskanook, two miles north of the bridge on the lake. I hear that work will be started on it this winter.

"We had a narrow escape on the Goat River bridge about two months ago. We were crossing it about 1 o'clock in the morning, when one of the cars jumped the track. The front trucks went over the ends of the ties, but luckily there were long ties in the centre, and as the engineer could not stop quickly the car was pulled on to the long ties again. If the ties had all been short the car would most assuredly have gone over and pulled the rest with them to the bottom of the canyon.

"Cranbrook is experiencing quite a boom at present. I understand there will be smelters built very soon. The North Star mine at Kimberly is about 20 miles north of Cranbrook, and is said to be the largest mine in East Kootenay. It is to have a branch constructed to it first thing next spring. There will be another branch to Fort Steele, 12 miles from Cranbrook. Fort Steele is quite an old town. It was started in the early sixties, at the time of the gold excitement on the Wild Horse River, in the Wild Horse Mountains, just back of the town. It is on the bank of the Kootenay River. Steamers on the river run up to it from Bonnus Ferry. It is claimed there are some very rich mines near the town.

EAST KOOTENAY TOWNS.

"There is a glorious future predicted for Moyce City by those who ought to know, and, indeed, things seem to point that way at present. There are very rich mining properties all around Moyce Lake. The C.P.R is clearing a town site two miles from the original town. Wardner is dead. The town has been gradually going down since the track was laid. Although it was the best built place along the line, and one of the most prosperous before the track was laid, a house can be bought for a mere song now. Elko has not gone ahead any in spite of all the advertising it has had. It is no bigger than it was in August—two log taverns and one store. But it might make a spurt some time, as there are unquestionably some very valuable mines in the vicinity. Coal Creek, or Fernie, is becoming quite a town. The coal mines are in operation, and about 25 coke ovens have been started, while 50 more will be completed soon. The big C.P.R. mill, two miles from Fernie, has been in operation for about three weeks, turning out abbut 10,000 feet per day. Bull Head now is only a name. The place is absolutely deserted, although it was one of the best towns along the line when the track was laid.

"The road was taken over by the C.P.R. on the 15th, as you no doubt know. Haney and Turnbull are out of it, but no great change has been made otherwise as yet. There has been a great deal of sickness and many deaths on the road during the summer. The road is being surfaced as rapidly as possible, but slow progress only is made on account of the frost and snow. Everything in the way of food and clothing is very high, and by no means of the best quality."—Toronto Globe.

ALBERTA

presents a diversified and picturesque appearance. The surface rolling from undulating open prairie on the east to the partially timbered foothills and peaks of the Rocky Mountains on the west.

Numerous streams of pure water abounding in fish, rise in the mountains and foothills and run east and north through this territory.

Pine and spruce timber, suitable for houses, stables etc., is easily obtainable in the foothills and mountain valleys on western limit of tract.

Coal, the fuel of the future in this as in other countries is found cropping out in seams from two to twelve feet thick on nearly all streams. And this, coupled with the fact that coal in car lots shipped from the big mines can be obtained at railway stations, insures settlers a good supply of cheap fuel.

The soil is a rich loam, with a clay subsoil that will grow anything suitable to the climate.

The grass is luxuriant up to the crown of the highest foothills, and during the bright autumn weather it gradually cures and furnishes splendid feed during the winter. It is practically well cured hay standing up on end.

Cattle graze out all the year round. The fact that cattle, which have never been under cover of any kind, are shipped direct from these ranges to the English market, where they command the highest prices current, proves conclusively that the condition of climate, pasturage, water, etc., must be exceptionally good. It is an undisputed fact that Alberta is the finest stock raising country in the world.

Owing to the varied nature of the surface of this territory, the intending settler or investor can select land to suit his own ideas. If he inclines to grain farming he can homestead and buy even and oddnumbered sections, and have a field two miles north and south, by one mile east and west, with a sixty-six foot road allowance all round, every foot of it can be ploughed in furrows one or two miles long to suit his fancy.

If he inclines to mixed farming he can locate in some of the numerous valleys among the foothills where he can get bottom or valley land for cultivation, and upland ranges in the surrounding hills for horses, cattle or sheep.

ALBERTA IS GOING AHEAD.

The crops in 1897 were most satisfactory, the yield per acre being very heavy and prices good.

Cattle also did well, and there was a demand for them, at prices that pleased the ranchmen and the farmer, for all obtainable.

Dairying is becoming a leading feature of the district, settlers being greatly benefitted by government creameries and by those erected by private enterprise.

Settlers have a market for all they can raise.

Cards.

Blanks.

Tickets.

Posters.

Receipts.

Programs.

Statements.

Bill Heads.

Letter Heads.

Wedding Invitations.

At the Lowest Prices.

Call and see us.

THE RECORD

At H. S. Allen & Co's

Best and largest assortment of

Holiday Goods

ever brought to Cardston.

CAR OF FURNITURE

just in.

Prices lower than ever.

Full line of

Xmas Groceries

in stock.

C. Edgar Snow, Banker,

Cardston, - - - Alberta.

1895 1898

A general banking business transacted.

LETHBRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.

Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7:30 o'clock, a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $3.00; Round trip, $5.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.

MERCER & McCARTY PROPS.

Photograph Gallery

at the Residence of S. LOW.

Open on clear days from 12 to 2 pm

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All work neatly executed, and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

CABINET WORK A SPECIALTY.

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and

The Record

one year

for $3.50

PARTED AT THE ALTAR.

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY.

Women have suffered much and will suffer again; they have endured the pangs of death with a smile; they have listened to words which were their death warrant, and have answered with a bright laugh; they have stood still, firm and undismayed, while the sharpest sword has pierced their hearts; but perhaps no woman ever suffered more keenly than Doris as she sat watching Frederick Thornton and Vivian. She saw him offer Vivian his arm, and together they stepped from the long French window out on the porch, and down into the rose garden beyond.

How tenderly he had drawn the light scarf over Vivian's shoulders, fearful lest the night wind should blow upon her too roughly.

Oh, how Doris longed to follow them! —follow and confront them in the path, crying out! "He is mine! Do not take him from me! You have every blessing the world holds dear, while I have only him! I am alone in the world but for him! Send him from you! Do not smile upon him! And heaven may let his estranged heart drift back to me. I alone have the right to his love!"

She rose from her seat with that wild, rash intention; then she remembered where she was.

"What is the matter, Miss Carlisle?" said Frederick's mother. "There is a look in your eyes which startles me. Are you tired?"

"Yes," replied Doris, faintly.

"Then you had better retire to your own room," said Mrs. Thornton.

Doris gladly availed herself of this permission. Her window looked out on the rose garden and the fountain. She could watch them unobserved. When she reached her room and stole breathlessly to the window, she found they were not there. They must have passed to some other portion of the grounds.

Poor Doris stood by the window, her hands closely locked together, the bitter tears falling from her eyes. She had had her heart's desire. She had looked upon Frederick Thornton's face again. She had heard his voice. For this she had borne the almost intolerable restraint of her disguise, and had dared enter his home. She had believed that looking upon his face just once more would still and calm the fever that was burning her heart away. She believed after that the terrible pain of longing would die away.

Instead of that it was redoubled; it was intensified a thousand times. That first glance at her husband's handsome, laughing face had roused her love into full and active life again.

She had said to herself she would look at him just once, and go away. Was she ready to go now? Oh, no, no!—a thousand times no!

What should she do, then? Live on in this way beneath his mother's roof, a paid companion, or should she go and seek her husband, when the house was still and dark, and beg of him to tell her why he had married her and spoiled her life if he meant to desert her?

She would tell him the cruel rumors that they were circulating—that beautiful Vivian was his sweetheart, and that he was soon to marry her—and beg him to refute those stories, for it could never be true while she, his wife, lived. He had deserted her, it was true, but for all that she was his wedded wife. No act of man's could ever part the two whom God himself had joined together by the solemn ties of marriage. She would tell him that.

The long hours dragged themselves slowly by as she sat at the moonlit window. At length the house was still. Darkness wrapped it in a mantle of gloom. The midnight hour sounded from some far-off belfry.

Doris rose to her feet, glided to her chamber door, and softly opened it, stepping out into the corridor.

"May heaven help me!" she moaned. "This action is the turning point of my life."

Then she walked swiftly down the dark corridor without one glance behind her.

CHAPTER XVI.—"ONLY KEEP MY SECRET."

Stealthily as a shadow Doris flitted out into the dimly lighted corridor. Her face flushed, her hands burned, her heart beat wildly, her brain seemed on fire. She must know the truth. She could bear sorrow and this cruel despair no longer. She must know the worst.

Her slippered feet made no sound on the thick, velvet carpet as she hurried along. Suddenly a hand was laid on her shoulder, and the voice of Beatrix Thornton exclaimed in astonishment:—

"Why, Miss Carlisle, what are you doing here so late?"

And as she spoke, Trixy threw open the library door before which they stood, and a flood of light streamed out upon Doris's white, startled face.

Trixy's question had been so abrupt it almost took her breath away; but she recovered something like composure almost the next moment, however.

"I was restless; I could not sleep; so I came down to the library for a book," she faltered. She did not add that she knew it was Frederick Thornton's custom to spend long hours here after the family had retired, and she expected to find him here to-night.

"That is my case exactly," laughed Trixy. "Come in, and I will help you select a good book."

Trembling with suppressed excitement, Doris followed her into the library, casting her eyes eagerly about the room as she crossed the threshold. She saw that he whom she was in search of was not there.

"You should not sit up reading and loose your beauty sleep to-night, above all other nights, for to-morrow night is our ball, you know. Some of the handsomest young gentlemen in New York will be present. Take care some of them do not carry away your heart, Miss Carlisle. If I were a handsome young man, instead of a girl, I should fall straightway in love with you. Why, what are you blushing so for?" cried Trixy. "Don't you like to talk about love and lovers?"

"No," replied Doris, in a low, distressed voice, tears filling her deep blue eyes. "If you please, Trixy, I'd rather not talk of such things."

"You are certainly an odd girl," laughed Trixy, heartily. "Why, do you know, all the handsome young gentlemen hereabouts have fallen deeply in love with you, and have just been besieging both Isabel and Gwendolin for an introduction to you? Every one takes you for a guest of the house, instead of mamma's companion."

No laughing rejonder came from Doris's lips. There was an anxious look in her eyes. Ah! this, then, accounted for the growing coldness with which the two sisters greeted her.

"You do not seem enough interested to even ask who they are" said Trixy, disappointedly.

How little she knew that the girl's heart and soul were bound up in her own handsome brother Frederick.

Ah, how poor Doris's heart longed for sympathy and consolation. Oh, if she only dared tell Beatrix Thornton the great hidden sorrow that seemed eating her heart away! She felt that she must unburden her heart to some one, or it must surely break.

"Trixy," she said, faintly, locking and unlocking her little hands nervously, "I could never love any one in this world again. I loved once. It was the sweetest, yet the most bitter experience of my life. The one who vowed always to love me, cruelly cast me from him. Yet I love him still with all my heart. Do not talk to me of love or lovers, Trixy. I cannot bear it. The world will never hold but one face for me; and that is the face of him who is lost to me forever."

"Oh, how delightfully romantic!" cried Beatrix. "I said to myself over and over again that there was some mystery in your life. I have seen such strange shadows in your eyes; and your voice often has the sound of tears in it.

"I do wish I could help you in some way," said Beatrix, thoughtfully. "I'd give the world to set the matter straight for you. What's his name and where does he live?"

"I cannot tell you," faltered Doris, catching her breath with a little dry sob. "Oh, dear! Then I do not see how I can help you," cried Trixy.

"You cannot," replied Doris. "Only keep my secret for me."

"I will," answered Beatrix, earnestly.

And as they parted Trixy resolved in her own mind to bring this truant lover back to Doris; but the first and most important step was to discover his name.

While she stood in the doorway of the library, by a sudden impulse Doris turned and glided back to her side.

"Every one is so cold and cruel to me. I think I should die, if I were to lose your friendship, Beatrix," she said, pantingly.

"You will never die, then, if you wait for that event to transpire," laughed Trixy. "When I like a person I like them for all time. I never could pretend a friendship I did not feel. Why the first moment I saw you I felt strangely attracted toward you; I could not tell why."

She wondered why Doris caught her hands in her own and kissed them passionately, while burning tears fell from her eyes.

Poor Doris! If she had only confided in Beatrix—reckless, impulsive, warm-hearted Bee—it might have been better for her.

"Beatrix," she whispered, wistfully, "no matter what you might hear of me in the future—no matter what fate might tempt me to do—promise me, Bee, you of all the world will believe in me; you will not lose your faith in me." Oh, how hollow and unnatural the sweet voice sounded! "There are pitiful secrets in many lives," she went on, "that drive those who are forced to keep them locked in their breasts, to the very verge of madness in their woe. If there is any pity in your heart for me, Beatrix, pray for me. My feet are on the edge of a terrible precipice."

In after years Beatrix Thornton, in recalling that incident, never forgot the haunted look of despair that crossed poor, hapless Doris's face as the words broke from her lips in a piteous cry.

"I will see Frederick to-morrow," thought Doris, as she hurried back to her own room.

But when the morrow came there was so much going on at the villa she could find no opportunity. A dozen times or more Frederick Thornton passed the slight girlish figure with the dark face and the haunting blue eyes, with a careless nod, a smile, or a pleasant word. He did not look ciosely at her, or he would have observed that she clutched her little hands tightly over her heart, and swayed slightly from side to side, as though she were about to faint.

That afternoon there was a long and anxious consultation between Mrs. Thornton and her two daughters as to the propriety of allowing Miss Carlisle—the paid companion—to attend the ball.

"She has worked so hard for it," said Mrs. Thornton, "I do not see how we can refuse. She will naturally expect it."

"No matter what she expects, mamma," returned Gwendolin, flushing angrily. "We are not obliged to consult her wishes. Why, with a face like hers she would be the belle of the ball. It is not once in a lifetime one comes across such a startling face—so rare in style, so perfect in contour."

"If mamma cares to see a paid companion outshine her own daughters, she will allow her to be present; if she studies our interest, she will decline," cut in Isabel. "There is no denying the fact that she would eclipse us if we were foolish enough to allow her to appear. All of my gentlemen acquaintances are beginning to rave over her already. I wish to the bottom of my heart that girl had never entered this house. I fear she will bring trouble in the end."

A little later Doris entered the boudoir. Mrs. Thornton turned to her with a forced smile.

"You do not know how sorry we are; there will be such a crowd at the ball I find it impossible to ask you, Miss Carlisle."

"I did not expect it," said Doris, quietly; but for the first time she felt like rebelling bitterly against her fate—against the lot that condemned her to obscurity where she should have shone.

Her handsome young husband would be there; so would Vivian. Ah! if she could but have sat in the ball-room and watched them—could have kept them apart by any strategy. Doris was in her room when the carriages commenced to roll up to the broad piazza and deposit their loads of youth and beauty. A ball at Thornton Villa was always a success, the rooms were so superb, long and lofty. What would have been a crowd in other places was only a pleasant number there; and this ball promised to be one of the best given.

Doris told herself at first that she would remain in her own room while the grand ball was in progress; then the great curiosity to see how Vivian Courtney looked, and to see, if possible, if she danced with Frederick Thornton, urged her to go down.

With her heart in a whirl, Doris stole down the broad stairway to the corridor below, where she would have a good view of the ball-room beyond, being herself unseen. How her heart throbbed and her face flushed as she listened to the music, as she took up her position behind a marble Clytie which stood behind a pedestal of blush-red roses. The grand ball room, the reception room, the drawing rooms and parlors were thronged with a gay and brilliant assemblage. Ah, what a picture it made! — beautiful faces, flashing jewels, the gleam of satin and silks, tall men and fair-faced women! How the light fell on them! how the warm, perfumed air stirred gently as they passed!

Suddenly the air seemed to stifle Doris. Passing so near her that she could have put out her hand and touched them from her place of concealment, she beheld Frederick Thornton and Vivian—Vivian radiant in white lace and blush roses, leaning upon his arm. He was escorting her to the ball room.

"You will remember, Vivian," she heard him say, as he bent his dark, handsome head nearer the beauty, "you are to save most of the waltzes for me; promise me beforehand."

"That would be unfair," she declared. "It would be just and kind," he answered, eagerly. "I could not endure to see any one else waltzing with you, dear; I should be tempted to take you from him."

The next instant there was a loud crash. The marble Clytie had fallen from the pedestal to the floor; the crimson roses that had been twined about it were scattered in all directions, and amid the debris of roses lay a young girl.

'Why, it is Miss Carlisle, your mother's companion!" cried Vivian, in dismay. "Look, she has fainted."

"Step into the drawing-room while I take her up to mother's apartments," he said to Vivian; and without waiting to summon a servant, he raised the slight figure in his strong arms and bore her rapidly up the broad stairway.

Then for the first time—in the bright, glowing light of the chandeliers—he looked curiously down into the dark, dimpled face lying against his arm—looked—then came to a sudden halt, a cold perspiration starting out in great beads on his forehead.

(To Be Continued.)

NEWS IN BRIEF.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 7.

Two negroes were lynched in Iowa.

Emperor William opened the reichstag on Tuesday.

A draft of the treaty of peace has been agreed upon.

Two members of the Hungarian cabinet have resigned.

The Kingston Grand Opera house was burned on Tuesday.

A fire at Manitou destroyed $35,000 worth of property.

Hedley R. Chapman, of Vancouver, is applying for divorce.

Ratepayers of Ward 3 held a meeting on Tuesday night.

The imperial budget was submitted in the German reichstag.

Municipal nominations were held throughout Manitoba on Tuesday.

The Ottawa St. Andrew's society presented an address to Lord Minto.

Three Chinamen were murdered by fellow countrymen at Quesnelle, B. C.

G. T. R. telegraphers have a serious dispute with the railway company.

London newspapers comment favorably on President McKinley's message.

It is said that some stolen Molson's Bank bills have been found in Vancouver.

France will invade She-Choun, China, unless a missionary held prisoner is released.

News of the massacre of Lieutenants Keating and Gale have been received in London.

Isidore Prevost is on trial at Port Arethur for the murder of Corrier and Daubin.

A burglary of the Bank of British North America, at Vancouver, was prevented by one of the clerks.

A Paris paper states that Col. Henry committed the crime for which Dreyfus was punished.

The General Trusts company and the Trust Corporation of Ontario have amalgamated.

Several changes are announced in the lands offices in Manitoba and the Territories.

The Dominion claims $10,000 from the United States for damages caused to La Canadienne by the U. S. S. Yantic.

Sir Edmond Monson, British ambassador to France, made a remarkable speech at Paris warning the French to cease irritating Great Britain.

TUESDAY, DEC. 6.

Sixteen inches of snow fell at Toronto.

Mr. Sifton is en route from Ottawa to Winnipeg.

The Fort William waterworks are nearly completed.

Train wrecking is becoming alarmingly frequent in England.

P. A. Macdonald will report on the Winnipeg special audit.

Municipal elections were held in the Territories on Monday.

European capital is being attracted to the Yukon gold fields.

The C. P. R. will build a smelter in the Boundary Creek district.

Rev. Hugh Pedley replies to Rev. Mr. Jacobs' letter of resignation.

Mr. Haggart answers recent rumors regarding Lt.-Gov. Patterson.

The Paris peace commission held a four hours' session on Monday.

Great interest is manifested in England in Don Carlos' movements.

The Port Arthur assizes opened on Monday, Judge Armour presiding.

The pope will co-operate with the United States in the Philippines.

Bankers and merchants report commercial paper being met promptly.

The city council decide that the tax sale shall take place on Dec. 9th.

President McKinley's message to congress is not imperialistic in tone.

Over four hundred German school children committed suicide in ten years.

The twenty-fifth congress of the United States reassembled on Monday.

A subscription to defray Ponton's legal expenses has been started in Napanee.

Napanee town council passed a resolution denouncing the reading of the riot act.

The Winnipeg Electric Railway company will be asked to fit their cars with fenders.

The Tycoon gold property, Lake of the Woods, shows splendid results from recent assays.

Kate Lyon, accused of manslaughter, in the case of Harold Frederick, has been discharged.

T. A. Howard, captain of the Victoria hockey club, has joined the New York Athletic club

The election petitions in London and Brockville were dismissed, the Liberal respondents retaining their seats.

The eastern portion of America is suffering from snow storms. Much damage has been done at many points.

The C. P. R. steamer Manitoba reports splendid weather on her last trip from Fort William to Owen Sound.

MONDAY, DEC. 5.

The Earl of Buchan—Lord Erskine—is dead.

Heavy snow falls impeded traffic in Ontario.

Rossland mines shipped 2,800 tons of ore last week.

George Foulds, an old resident of Winnipeg, is dead.

The Children's Aid Society has secured a temporary home.

There was an anti-German demonstration at Pilsen, Bohemia.

Two cases of small pox have been discovered in Toronto.

Pierre Lauzon shot Mrs. Ritchot and himself died at Montreal.

The alleged shortage of grain cars is said to have been exaggerated.

The Mad Mullah was checked by the forces of the Khan of Robat.

Six men were scalded to death on the steamship Alamo, at New York.

A fierce gale is blowing on Lake Erie and fears are felt for the shipping.

Emperor William was accorded a cool reception by the people of Berlin.

The new imperial penny postage stamp is now ready for distribution.

Rev. D. H. Jacobs, of Maple Street Congregational church, has resigned.

Two murder cases will be tried at the Port Arthur assizes, which open to-day.

Lord Strathcona subscribed £1,000 to Lord Kitchener's Gordon memorial fund.

The Commercial Travellers' Association of Canada elected officers at Toronto.

Further particulars of the Ryder shooting case are received from Winnipegosis.

A scheme has been started in France establish colleges at Khartoum and Fashoda.

The C. P. R. will shorten the running time between Winnipeg and the east on December 12th.

London newspapers express satisfaction with the outcome of the Paris peace negotiations.

Storms prevail throughout the Western States and telegraph communication is interrupted.

The names of several district Dominion land offices have been changed by order of Mr. Sifton.

Rogers, Pect & Co., the New York Life and other New York business blocks were burned. Loss $1,500,000.

A gold headed cane engraved, "Toronto, Nov. 27, 1887," was washed ashore from the wreck of the Portland.

The jury in the Ponton case disagreed and he is out on bail. Mackie was found guilty and sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary.

SATURDAY, DEC. 3.

Cubans are buying arms and ammunition.

Mr. Sifton will leave Ottawa for the west on Monday.

Louis Albert, of Montreal, is dead, aged 105 years.

Turkish troops were defeated by rebels in Ontario.

Ten men were drowned near New York in Sunday's storm.

A 10-stamp mill will be built on S. V. 105, Lake Minnetakie.

Militia general orders regarding the R. C. A. are published.

The grain standards board fixed the grades for dried wheat.

The international commission held a short session on Friday.

Tests of Winnipeg's supply well are progressing satisfactorily.

Fourteen Minnesota Indians resisted arrest by a game guardian.

General Kitchener was put to flight by a crowd of London admirers.

Major Lessard, of Toronto, inspected B Squadron, R. C. D., on Friday.

Large shipments of raw tobacco are being made to Japan from Vancouver.

A meeting of Winnipeg property owners discussed civic affairs last night.

It is proposed to make the French senate elective by universal suffrage.

McGill university will confer the honorary degree of LL. D. on Lord Minto.

General Miles has prepared a bill to increase the U. S. army to 100,000 men.

British Columbia miners commend the new Yukon hydraulic mining regulations.

It is proposed to establish a national-provincial reference library at Toronto.

Two persons were killed and several injured in a railway accident in Newfoundland.

The U. S. naval authorities found $75,000 in coin on the Spanish cruiser Maria Teresa.

The Paris peace commissioners are waiting instructions from their respective governments.

Quebec offers exemption from harbor dues to a trans-Atlantic line sailing to and from the city.

Provincial bye-elections will be held in Nipissing and North Hastings on December 20 and 27.

Great Britain claims redress for outrages perpetrated by the Hawaiian republican government.

The jury in the Ponton case were locked up for the night. Intense excitement prevails in Napanee.

The imperial government will give Barbadoes $125,000; St. Vincent, $115,000, and lend them each $250,000.

The Emperor Francis Joseph celebrated the fiftieth year of his accession to the throne of Austria on Friday.

Twenty-three persons were drowned by the foundering of the steamship Clan Drummond, in the Bay of Biscay.

Sir Sanford Fleming proposes a system of imperial government cables to cost between $25,000,000 and $30,000,000.

Judge Wurtele, of Montreal, who sentenced Mann to death for murder, recommends the prisoner to executive clemency.

Messrs. Brierly and MacKay, of the Montreal Herald, were committed for trial for libelling Colonel Hughes, chief of police.

FRIDAY, DEC. 2.

The Filipinos demand absolute independence.

The evidence in the Ponton case is concluded.

Two British regiments have been ordered to Swat.

An infantry company is being organized at Manitou.

John Partridge, of Victoria, B. C., committed suicide.

Judgment in the East Elgin election case was reserved.

The Mad Mullah is gaining strength in the Swat Valley.

Turkey will be allowed to occupy the Island of Suda, Crete.

Two thousand Spanish soldiers sailed from Havana for Spain.

Deaths in Winnipeg during November numbered 73; births, 86.

Bubonic plague has broken out in Madagascar and at Suez.

Brandon Liberals will tender Mr. Sifton a public reception.

The United States of Central America have dissolved the union.

The imperial government will grant £40,000 to the West Indies.

Austria and Japan have concluded a trade and navigation treaty.

The Academy of Music, Rochester, N. Y., was burned—loss $100,000.

The Spanish government are preparing to resist a Carlist rising.

The Quebec legislature has been called to meet on January 12th.

One hundred and fifty lives were lost by the wreck of the Portland.

Eight vessels are sunk and eighteen stranded near Vineyard Haven.

The question of the University site will be referred to legal counsel.

Germany is negotiating with Spain for the purchase of the Carolines.

Cargoes of United States corn arriving at Copenhagen are condemned.

Frank McCall is accused of murdering his father at Ste. Brigide, Que.

The Dominion revenue increased $2,083,124 during the past five months.

The Rat Portage Lumber Company will build a saw mill at Point Douglas.

Regulations governing hydraulic mining Yukon have been published at Ottawa.

Spain will resist the settlement of matters not included in the peace protocol.

Donald Terrier is under arrest at New Westminster for the murder of Jennie Rodgers.

A committee of Winnipeg citizens is appointed to manage the affairs of the Doukhobors.

Ponton was examined in his own defence and contradicted the evidence of crown witnesses.

An order-in-council, passed at Ottawa, grants $10,000 towards the Edmonton-Yukon wagon road.

The Ontario Board of Health makes it obligatory on doctors to report cases of tuberculosis.

Nominations for the provincial bye-elections in Halton and West Huron were held on Thursday.

Governor Brady, of Alaska, says it is impossible to prevent the smuggling of whiskey into the territory.

Brown, the negro murderer, is said to be insane, and a commutation of his sentence will be applied for.

Knaak, the New Yorker arrested in Berlin for lese majeste, called Emperor Emperor William, "calf's head."

THURSDAY, DEC. 1.

St. Andrew's dinner was a great success.

Gold has been discovered near Quyon, Quebec.

James McPhail was murdered near Ste. Brigide, Que.

The Conservatives will not contest East Simcoe.

The ice on Lake of the Woods is strong enough for travel.

Peace negotiations at Paris are proceeding satisfactorily.

The N. P. and M. railway will extend their system next year.

Pana, Ill., is in a state of siege and guarded by state troops.

The Mad Mullah has defeated the forces of the Nadir of Dir.

Don Jaime, son of Don Carlos, is to marry a Baravian princess.

The evidence for the defence in the Ponton case is in progress.

The Birtle Farmers' Institute held a successful reunion and banquet.

An attempted train robbery was successfully resisted at Sedalia, Mo.

The steamship Scottish King is a total wreck near Cape Race, Nfld.

A plot to murder Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria was discovered at Sofia.

Montreal grain exports increased nearly 20,000,000 bushels this season.

Aguinaldo demands $1,500,000 ransom for the release of imprisoned friars.

Shipbuilding business on the Clyde this year was the best for ten years.

Charles Walker, a Canadian, was arrested in Paris for attempted robbery.

The season's catch of the Atlantic fisheries is reported exceptionally light.

There is trouble between Germany and Congo Free State over a boundary question.

During the ten months ending October 31st, 26,065 immigrants arrived in Winnipeg.

Of thirteen articles submitted to the Paris peace commission three have been agreed to.

The last steamships of the season passed Father Point, outward bound, on Wednesday.

Portage avenue property owners oppose the purchase by the city of an asphalt plant.

Reports of wrecks and marine casualties are received from many widely separated points.

General Jose Gomez appealed to the Red Cross society at New York for aid for starving Cubans.

A contract for widening the outlet of Lake Manitoba has been awarded to L. Lemoine, of Montreal.

Dead bodies and wreckage from the steamer Portland continue to be washed ashore along Cape Cod.

The relations between Sweden and and Norway are strained, and possibilities of war are discussed.

Lord Strathcona is in Washington conferring with Sir Wilfrid Laurier on the fast Atlantic and Pacific cable schemes.

The C. P. R. land department sold 27,000 acres of land during November. Northwest land company's sales were 6,920 acres.

The steamer Ainsworth foundered in Kootenay Lake. Nine men were drowned, including John Gurn, a former resident of Winnipeg.

Norway and Sweden.

Christiania, Dec. 1.—The tension between Norway and Sweden is increasing. Bitter feeling between the countries was caused by Norway's removal of the emblem of the Swedish union from her flag. War is openly suggested by newspapers which print the comparative armaments of the two nations. There has been a notable increase of forts on both sides of the boundary. The Norwegians claim they must assert their independence.

A Brutal Murder.

St. John's, Que., Dec. 1.—Coroner Pelletier was telephoned for last evening in connection with a supposed murder in the neighboring village of St. Brigide. The dead man is James McPhail, a retired farmer. He was found on the road seven miles from home, with several wounds in his head and side. One looks as if made by a knife. A relative of the old man is mentioned in connection with the crime but there is no direct evidence against him. The suspect has not borne the best character, and it is said has been driven away from home on several occasions. The victim was 78 years of age. The inquest is proceeding.

The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited

GLAD THINGS FOR XMAS.

Our plans are all Christmas-ward—Our thoughts tuned to making the season one of completest enjoyment. Our stocks are very large and varied. We cannot in the newspaper space at our disposal do more than enumerate a very few of them, but if you drop postal we'll send you our store paper containing, besides other good matter, nine pages of items, with illustrations, selected specially for Xmas presents.

HANDKERCHIEFS.

1,000 dozen Ladies' Swiss Embroidered Handkerchiefs, button-hole and scalloped edges, also hemstitched, positively worth 15c and 20c each, very special..3 for 25c

Ladies' extra fine sheer Swiss Handkerchiefs, "dainty patterns," scalloped, hemstitch and Valenciennes lace edges (15 different patterns)..each 18c, or 3 for 50c

Ladies' sheer lawn linen Handkerchiefs, scalloped and hemstitch edges (6 different patterns) ..each 25c, or per dozen $2.75

FINE TABLE LINENS.

Hemstitched Table Cloth, of finest German damask, satin finish, pure linen and newest designs:
Sizes 2 x 2 yards, each $4.75
Sizes 2 x 2 1-2 yards, each 7.50
Sizes 2 1-2 x 3 yards each 10.00

Hemstitched Napkins, to match the above table cloths in pattern and quality, size 24 x 24 inches, per dozen $10.00

A fine pure linen Double Damask Table Cloth, size 2 x 2 1-2 yards, with border all around, best quality and finish, Irish manufacture, in newest scroll and floral designs, and one dozen 25 x 25 inch napkins to match the above cloth in quality and patterns, special for the set ...$4.00

Size 25x25 inches, warranted all pure linen double damask and satin finish, in newest designs, special, per dozen $2.50

FOR THE TABLE.

Three-piece Carving Sets, knife, fork and steel, Sheffield steel blades, stag-horn handles, extra quality, in satin-lined case $2.25

Cut Glass Knife Rests, dumb-bell shape, each 40c

Tea Cosy, hand embroidered in silk, pretty designs, or hand-made Rennaissance lace, made up with three silk puffs, filled with imported down..$4.00 to $5.00

Covers for Hot Rolls, Muffins, Cakes, etc., embroidered in wash silks, dainty designs $1.75

Carving Cloth, size 20 x 27, extra quality, full bleached damask, hemstitched..75c

One dozen Teaspoons, Rogers' best A1 plate, fancy pattern, in satin-lined leather case $3.95

Quadruple Plate Butter Knife and Sugar Spoon, with gilt bowl; this pair in nice satin-lined case $2.30

CHILDREN'S PICTURE BOOKS.

A large selection of Children's Picture Books, in board covers, full-page illustrations and colored frontispiece, for 10c and 15c, containing fairy tales, nursery tales, Bible stories, and animal stories and pictures. Post 4c extra.

Large Quarto Books, fancy colored board covers, 160 pages, profusely illustrated, special at 25c. "Mirth and Merriment," "Storyland Treasures," "Nursery Sketches," "Holiday Joys," and "Delightful Times," are some of the titles of these books. Postage 8c extra.

"Young People's Classics" in bright, fancy board covers, profusely illustrated, contains "Grimes Fairy Tales," "Aesop's Fables," "The Pilgrim's Progress," "Gulliver's Travels," "Anderson's Fairy Tales," "Wood's Natural History," 35c. Postage 8c extra.

HOSIERY.

Gents' Fine Quality Black Cashmere Hose, with colored embroidered fronts, neat designs in white, red and pale blue, spliced heels and toes, fashioned, special value, 3 pairs for $1.00

Ladies' Fancy Plaid Cashmere Hose, in the very newest designs, spliced heels and toes, full fashioned; also Fancy Plaid Lisle, in diagonal plaid and small checks, spliced heels and toes, full fashioned, extra value, 2 pairs for $1.25

Ladies' Winter Weight Black Cashmere Hose, in plain or rib, extra heavy double soles, fashioned, made of nice soft yarn, and very warm, all sizes, at 50c, or 3 for $1.00

MEN'S AND BOYS' SLIPPERS.

Men's Velvet Vamp Everett Slipper, embroidered front and patent backs, special at 75c

Men's Velvet Vamp Opera Slipper, embroidered front and patent leather backs, special at $1.00

Men's Imitation Alligator Everett Slipper, chocolate color, special at $1.00

Men's Dongola Everett Slipper, American made, hand turned, special at..$1.25

Men's Dongola Opera Slipper, extra fine, chocolate or black, hand turned, special at $1.50

Men's Fine Dongola Romeo Slipper, hand made, chocolate or black, very choice, special at $2.00

Men's Vici Kid Jester Slippr, coin toes, elastic gore at ankle, coffee or black, hand made, special at $2.00

Boys' Fine Dongola Opera Slipper, hand turned soles—Sizes 11 to 2, special at..$1.00

Sizes 2 1-2 to 5, special at 1.15

MUFFLERS.

Men's White Figured Hemstitched Japanese Silk Mufflers, extra quality, large size, choice patterns, special $1.00

MEN'S SUSPENDERS.

Men's Plain Satin Suspenders, for embroidering, in white, sky blue, pink, cardinal, peacock and black, special per pair 50c, 75c, $1.00

Address mail orders or requests for catalogs exactly as below

The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited

SECTION 52. TORONTO.

CARDSTON RECORD,

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

THE GIRL I LEFT BEHIND.

They sat in their tent at the close of day
In confiding state of mind
And talked in a confidential way
Of the girlies they left behind.
The light of the stars in the realms above,
Those gems of the arching skies,
Was not as soft as the light of love
That glowed in the warriors' eyes
As each one told of the beauties rare
Of his own particular maiden fair.

"My girl," said Tom, "is a pretty queen
And true as the tempered steel,
Has the loveliest eyes that were ever seen—
She's a stunner from head to heel.
'Twas in a letter I asked her hand
In a passionate sort of way,
An eloquent declaration, and
Her answer just came today.
She says she loves me and will be glad
To share the life of her soldier lad."

"My darling is worth her weight in gold!"
Said Jack, with a love drawn tear.
"There isn't an angel above could hold
Her own with the little dear!
That last sweet night when we kissed goodby
She promised to be my wife,
To love me faithful and true till I
Got back from my soldier life,
And her letters tell me in every line
She's mine forever, and only mine."

"And I," said Harry, "have won a girl
Who is waiting for me at home—
The sweetest and prettiest maiden pearl
'Neath heaven's o'erhanging dome;
She wears my ring on her lovely hand,
In my heart is her image divine.
But tell me the names of your dear ones and
I'll tell you the name of mine."
"Kate Lott!"
"Great Scott!"
Then the brains of the trio began to whirl.
They were all engaged to the same old girl!

—Denver Post.

The Proper Reference.

The lady who presided at the desk at which the "Answers to Female Correspondents" were written was indisposed, and the sporting editor, who thought he knew it all, boldly undertook to write out the answers correctly. The first one stumped him, and he appeared at the city editor's desk with a troubled expression upon his face and the query slip in his hand.

"I'm out in the first round," he announced. "Here's a female who wants to know what the coming winter style of boas will be."

"Boas?" answered the city editor. "Don't know anything about 'em. Ask the snake editor."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Farseeing.

"What are you making so much disturbance for?" inquired Aguinaldo's friend.

"My dear fellow, you are not keeping up with the pace of civilization. You don't appreciate the value of advertising. I don't propose to go into the United States along with the bunch as merely one of the natives. I'm going to be a deposed potentate, who can hold his own in society with any ex-queen who-ever emigrated."—Washington Star.

Altogether Too Short.

They were discussing the clubwoman of advanced ideas.

"I suppose," said one, "that you regard her as the woman of the hour."

"The woman of the hour!" exclaimed the other. "Why, my dear sir, if you had ever heard her talk you would realize that 'woman of the hour' doesn't give her half enough latitude. She is nothing less than the woman of the day."—Chicago Post.

Thought It Was a Tip.

The Policeman—Your honor, I caught this guy—I mean, this gent—swipin a pocketbook.

The Prisoner—You told me to do it.

"Me?"

"Yes, you. You come along up to the crowd an said it was time to disperse, so I dis-pursed the first man I could."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Similar, but Different.

Weeks—Young Brokleigh certainly deserves a great deal of credit for keeping up appearances on such a small income.

Meeks—Well, don't you think for a minute that he isn't getting it. He owes nearly every man in town.—Chicago News.

Victims of Gambling.

The list of persons who have killed themselves because they have been ruined by the Vienna Municipal Lottery is a long one. The other day a woman who had spent all her money in buying tickets and had never won a prize hanged herself. Nevertheless the citizens of Vienna look with favor on the lottery, as it keeps down taxes.

The Latest Out.

Easton West—Wot makes yer so happy?

Nosey Straggles—Me up ter date beauty, podner. Yer strictly in it now when yer has de face of a Cyrano de Bergerac.—New York Journal.

No Ambition.

"Funny about Joblin. He hasn't a particle of ambition. Never seems to care to be at the front in anything."

"What's the matter now?"

"They buried him this afternoon, and there were four carriages ahead of the hearse."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The Faithful Servitor.

"You Americans never seem to have any old family servants, as we do in England."

"As a rule we do not, but there are exceptions. Our cook has been with us nearly three weeks."—New York Truth.

Never Fenzed Him.

Inquisitive One—So you really didn't mind the hard tack?

The Volunteer—Nope, my wife was just learning to cook when I enlisted.—Syracuse Herald.

When He Was Inspired.

Bilkins—Who was it wrote "Actions speak louder than words?"

Harper—I don't know, but I'll bet the thought occurred to him while he was trying to sneak up stairs at 5 o'clock in the morning.—Chicago News.

Blue Penciled.

Guest—How is it that most of the things on your bill of fare are stricken out?

Waiter (confidingly)—Our manager used to be an editor.—Fliegende Blatter.

Her Fears.

He—If your head aches, my dear, I wouldn't go to the sewing circle this evening.

She—Then the other women will be sure to talk about me.—Town Topics.

HEART PAINS

The Heart and Nerves are Often Affected and Cause Prostration of the Entire System.

A Kingston Lady Testifies to Her Experience in the Use of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

People who suffer from any disease or disorder of the heart nervous system, such as Palpitation, Skip Beats, Smothering or Sinking Sensations, Sleeplessness, Weakness, Pain in the Head, etc., cannot afford to waste time trying various remedies, which have nothing more to back up their claims than the bold assertions of their proprietors.

These diseases are too serious to permit of your experimenting with untried remedies. When you buy Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, you know you have behind them the testimony of thousands of Canadians who have been cured by their use. One of these is Mrs. A. W. Irish, 92 Queen Street, Kingston, Ont., who writes as follows:

"I have suffered for some years with a smothering sensation caused by heart disease. The severity of the pains in my heart caused me much suffering. I was also very nervous, and my whole system was run down and debilitated.

"Hearing of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills being a specific for these troubles, I thought I would try them, and therefore got a box at McLeod's Drug Store.

"They afforded me great relief, having toned up my system and removed the distressing symptoms from which I suffered. I can heartily recommend these wonderful pills to all sufferers from heart trouble."

Laxa-Liver Pills cure Biliousness, Dyspepsia and Constipation. Every pill perfect.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

ST. VITUS DANCE.

A TROUBLE THAT CAUSES ITS VICTIMS MUCH INCONVENIENCE.

Winfred Schofield, of Gaspereau, N. S., Tells How He Obtained a Speedy and Permanent Cure.

From the Acadien, Wolfville, N. S.

The many cases brought to his notice of residents in this vicinity being cured from physical disorders through the agency of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, have created in the mind of the Acadien representative a sincere belief in the healing powers of this remedy. Yet withal he was a little incredulous the other day when told of a young man who had been cured of a very serious and deplorable disease by the use of only some two boxes of these little miracle workers. It seemed impossible that such a remarkable healing could be wrought even by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in such short order. Accordingly he was possessed of a strong desire to investigate. Mr. Winfred Schofield, of Gaspereau, was the address given us by our informant, and were not long in hunting him up. We found Mr. Schofield to be a bright young man of about twenty years of age and of more than ordinary intelligence. His air of candor and straightforwardness dispelled any doubts we may have had. In a very few words he stated to us his case. "Two years ago," he said, "I was taken with an attack of St. Vitus Dance. Sometimes when at work I found that my fingers would all at once straighten out and I would be compelled to drop anything I was holding. One day I was using an axe when seized with one of these attacks. The axe slipped from my hands and in falling struck my foot and gave it a nasty cut. After that you can depend upon it I left axes alone, and it was not long before I had to give up using any kind of tool. My complaint rapidly grew worse and I was soon unfitted for any sort of work. Everything possible was tried by my in order to get relief, but I got no better. At last one day a neighbor of mine, Mr. Fred Fielding, who had been cured by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, advised me to give them a trial, offering to pay for them himself if they did not help me. As it turned out he was safe enough in making the offer. I followed his advice, but had scarcely begun to use them when I began to feel very much better. After using two boxes I was perfectly cured and have never been troubled with the complaint since. I am confident that to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills alone I owe my cure.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills create new blood, build up the nerves, and thus drive disease from the system. In hundreds of cases they have cured after all other medicines have failed, thus establishing the claim that they are a marvel among the triumphs of modern medical science. The genuine Pink Pills are sold only in boxes, bearing the full trademark "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." Protect yourself from imposition by refusing any pill that does not bear the registered trade mark around the box. If in doubt send direct to Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and they will be mailed to you post paid at 50c a box, or six boxes for $2.50.

Inopportune Deaths.

Julius Cæsar was assassinated when he had almost completed the task of consolidating the administration and dominion of the Roman empire, and his death opened the way to that despotism and corruption which ultimately undid his work. Henry of Navarre was killed when he had almost healed the differences between Catholic and Protestant, which subsequently rent not only France, but Europe, and William the Silent also fell when he was on the point of uniting the Netherland provinces into a compact barrier against the encroachments of Spain.

In English history Lord Clive died at the moment when he was the one man who could have saved the American colonies and kept the Anglo-Saxon race united, but there is the case of Mirabeau. He was literally the one man in France who could have averted the horrors of the revolution, saved and reformed the monarchy and so spared Europe the murderous career of Napoleon and all the devastation it brought. If he had lived ten or even five years longer, the history not only of France, but of Europe and the world, would have been different. It is in fact sufficient to say that he would have made both Robespierre and Napoleon impossible.—Strand Magazine.

CONSUMPTION.

What a Well-Known Medical Journal Says About the King of Disease.

"This is essentially an age of scientific progress, Science and invention go hand in hand. Thanks to a distinguished chemist consumption is robbed of its terrors, deprived of its destructiveness, and this insidious disease can first be relieved and then cured. But to accomplish a cure that is final and effective there must be constant persistency in treatment and right living. The sufferer must take the right medical relief, rightly administered. By the labor, skill and research of an eminent chemist, T. A. Slocum, consumption can be both relieved and cured."—Medical Tribune.

Three free sample bottles of the Slocum Cure will be sent to any sufferer from consumption, lung or throat troubles or general debility, if name, address and express office are sent to The T. A. Slocum Co., Limited, 176 King street west, Toronto, Ont. This is a genuine offer, and if the reader is—or knows a friend who is—a sufferer, send at once for the free samples and mention this paper.

A Spoiled Child.

"What are you crying about now, dearie?" asked the fond mother. "Is there something mamma's sweetest wants?"

"Yes."

"What is it?"

"I—I don't know! That's what I'm crying about!"—Indianapolis Journal.

The Morning Meal.

"Now, children," said the teacher, "what do you call the meal that you eat in the morning?"

"Oatmeal," promptly responded a number of the class.—What to Eat.

Ask for Minard's Liniment and take no other.

Loving Cup Proprieties.

I have not seen any loving cup passed that is true to its name. The loving cup originated as a matter of precaution in olden times, when apparent friends had an unpleasant method of killing a friend who was a rival while he was drinking. So an immense heavy cup was made with a heavy cover. The method of using it can still be witnessed at banquets at the Mansion House in London.

The person receiving it stands and turns to his neighbor, who also rises and takes the cover with both hands. The first person then raises the heavy cup to his lips with both hands, and, having sipped of the contents, holds it while the friend at his side replaces the cover and takes the cup, repeating the same process in turn with his next neighbor. Thus, both hands being occupied, there is no possibility of one friend stabbing another.

In our time the custom has degenerated, and the cover, as a rule, disappeared. Nevertheless if both hands were occupied that would not prevent tongues from wagging later, and words are sometimes sharper than swords.—Philadelphia Times.

We believe MINARD'S LINIMENT is the best.
Matthias Foley, Oil City, Ont.
Joseph Snow, Norway, Me.
Chas. Whooten, Mulgrave, N. S.
Rev. R. O. Armstrong, Mulgrave, N. S.
Pierre Landry, senr., Pokemouche, N. B.
Thomas Wasson, Sheffield, N. B

Smoking In Korea.

In Korea all men and women smoke. They begin early. The pipe is a brass bowl, with a reed stem four feet long and a brass, amber or glass mouthpiece. Accidents often occur from persons falling with a long pipe in the mouth, the stem of which is driven down the throat through the cheek or into the palate. During the "reform period," after the Japan-China war, long pipes were forbidden to the common people, and they turned to cigarettes, which have become rooted in the popular affection. Native cigarettes, which are of poor quality, sell for 1 cent gold for 20. Little cigars of cigarette size sell for 14 cents gold per 100.

American cigarettes are used exclusively in the palace, and thousands of them are smoked there. This makes them popular with the upper classes, and the consumption of them is very great. The best of them cost 1 cent gold each. The import duty on cigars and cigarettes is 20 per cent ad valorem; but, in spite of this, the American manufacturers are gradually coming into control of the market.—Chicago Times-Herald.

A Good Spurgeon Story.

Here is a story about Spurgeon. He once passed a stonemason who, after each stroke of his hammer, cursed and swore. Mr. Spurgeon laid his hand on his shoulder and, looking kindly at him, said: "You are an adept at swearing. Can you also pray?"

With another oath he replied, "Not very likely."

Holding up 5 shillings, Mr. Spurgeon said if he would promise never to pray he would give him that.

"That is easily earned," said the man, with a fresh oath, and put it in his pocket. When Spurgeon left, the man began to feel a little queer. When he went home, his wife asked him what ailed him, and he told her. "It is Judas' money!" said the man, and on a sudden impulse he threw it into the fire. The wife found it and took it out and discovered who had given it to him. The man took it back to Spurgeon, who conversed long with him, warning him, and at length was the means of saving him. He became an attached member of his flock.

Minard's Liniment is the best.

England carries about 58 per cent. of the sea-borne merchandise of the world.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure 25c.

W. R. ALLAN,
General Insurance Agent,
FIRE Companies Represented:
Quebec Fire Assurance Co.
Royal Insurance Co.
Sun Insurance Office
Union Assurance Society
All classes of Insurances transacted and losses promptly and satisfactorily settled.

Sores Healed.

Nothing like B.B.B. for healing sores and ulcers, no matter how large or how chronic they may be. B. B. B. applied externally and taken internally according to directions will soon effect a cure. It sends rich, pure blood to the part, so that healthy flesh soon takes the place of the decaying tissue.

"I had been troubled with sore fingers and sore toes around the nails. The salve I was using did not help me and I was getting worse. I was advised to try Burdock Blood Bitters, and after using nearly two bottles my sores were all healed up. I consider B.B.B. a wonderful blood purifier." ENOCH G. HORST, Bloomingdale, Ont.

Burdock Blood Bitters.

SAFES **VICTOR** SAFES
KARL K. ALBERT, GEN. AGT.
407 MAIN ST., WINNIPEG,
Next door to P. O.

SNAPS FOR CASH.

Household Safes, small size, - - $12.00
Household Safes, large size, - - 30.00
Just the thing for a Christmas present. Both useful and ornamental.
Merchants' Safes, all sizes and prices; on easy terms or cash. Come and see them or write for quotations. Special prices during November and December.

W. N. U. 197

When a man jumps at conclusions he doesn't always light where he expected to.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

TWINS.

PURITY AND QUALITY.

And these are the things that are ALWAYS present in OUR GOODS and in nothing are they more evident than in our

WHITE STAR HEALTH COFFEY
....AND....
WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER.

The Dyson Gibson Co.

J. M'VICAR
GRAIN & COMMISSION MERCHANT
GRAIN EXCHANGE, WINNIPEG.
All kinds of Grain bought and sold. Liberal advances on consignments. Prompt returns. Send Samples.
Write or wire for Prices, Box 574.

GET READY

to take a course in the WINNIPEG BUSINESS COLLEGE this winter. It pays to EDUCATE for BUSINESS. A greater demand for office help than we could fill during the past six months shows why you should take such a course.
G. W. DONALD, Sec.

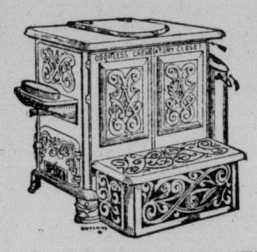
CHRYSANTHEMUMS
ROSES • CARNATIONS
CUT FLOWERS in season
AT **H. E. PHILPOTT**
GREENHOUSES:
336 Portage Avenue, WINNIPEG.

BOVRIL

Is pure beef cooked ready for use, and in the most
CONDENSED FORM.
Not a mere extract or essence. It strengthens both body and brain.
PREPARED BY
BOVRIL, LIMITED
LONDON, ENGLAND.
Canadian Branch:—
27 PETER STREET MONTREAL.

EARN A WATCH

Earn this valuable Watch, Chain and Charm by selling twenty **Topaz Scarf Pins**, at 15 cents each. Send your address and we forward the Pins and our Premium List, postpaid. No money required. These Pins will almost sell themselves, for the Topaz has all the brilliance of the best diamonds, and has never before been offered at anything like this price. The Watch is neat in appearance, thoroughly well made, and fully guaranteed. Unsold Pins may be returned. Mention this paper when writing.
THE GEM PIN CO., Freehold Building, Toronto, Ont.



The Odorless Crematory Closet

Awarded Diplomas at Toronto, London and Other Exhibitions, 1898.

IS ALREADY REVOLUTIONIZING THE SANITARY CONDITION OF THE COUNTRY.

Is adapted to Private Residences, Public Buildings, Hotels, School Houses and Summer Resorts, Can be placed in attic or cellar, bath room or outside kitchen, or in any place where there is a flue or chimney. The price being low places it within reach of all. A post card will secure Illustrated Pamphlet. Address

THE ODORLESS CREMATORY CLOSET and GENERAL HEATING CO., LIMITED, Hamilton, Ontario.

5,000 Cured

Last year with my Famous

ELECTRIC BELT

KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

To men suffering from any Weakness, Rheumatism, Varicocele, Nervousness, etc., send for my book which is ***Sent Sealed Free.*** It tells how I can cure the most stubborn cases without the use of ***Drugs.***

Call and consult me ***Free***—or if you do not live near enough write for the book to-day. Address

DR. D. T. SANDEN,
132 St. James Street, - Montreal.

A good Coffee at last!

Value Coffee

"Nothing better" "nothing cheaper"
Sold in 1/2 lb. lead packets
hermetically sealed.
Ask your grocer for "Value" Coffee
15 cents per packet.

CARDSTON RECORD.

—:o:—

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Wednesday at Cardston.

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Editor and Proprietor.

Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

THE EDITOR does not assume responsibility for the views or statements expressed by any of THE RECORD'S contributors.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance.
Advertising Rates on application.
In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisments they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisments will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

In case a subscriber does not receive THE RECORD weekly, notice should be sent to the publication office, Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta, when the complaint will be thoroughly investigated.

Copy for change of advertisments MUST not be in later than Saturday noon.

Cardston, December 21, 1898.

From the Brigham, (Ut.) Bugler:

If advertising does not pay, why is it that the Youth's Companion gets over $800 a year for a one inch space in each issue?

The dust flying in the air this week is liable to set disease germs scattering broadcast over the town. Dust is a ready agent in conveying microbes. Keep your mouth shut.

Occasionally you hear of a man being driven to drink; but the majority walk right up to the trough voluntarily. With a good many it would take a yoke of oxen to hold them back.

Do you now recollect how only a few weeks ago, as it were, you wiped your burning brow and prayed for months for cold weather? Now you want warmer weather. The average man is a hard critter to please.

In a famous lecture, Henry Ward Beecher once said: The thoughtless farmer permits his potatoes to rot in the cellar. The rising miasma finds its way through the floor and permeates the carpets and furniture and beds. Baby falls sick of a fever, and presently is carried away to its tiny mound in the cemetery. Its parents, grief stricken, mourn for a season and finally become reconciled with the consoling thought that it is all some how a providence of God. It is no such thing. God has had nothing to do with it. It is all due to rotten potatoes.

Following is a list of the publications for sale at the RECORD OFFICE:

Puck
Judge
Strand
Argosy
Quaker
Nickell
Tit Bits
Success
Puritan
Squibbs
Vanity Fair
N. Y. World
Wide World
Metropolitan
Cosmopolitan
Munsey Maga.
New Illustrated
McClures Maga.
Canadian Maga.
Broadway Maga.
Review of Reviews (Eng)
Review of Reviews (Am.)
Frank Leslie's Popular Mon'ly.

Deseret News and The Record one year for $3.50

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Glorious weather.

MERRY CHRISTMAS TO ALL.

"A World of Chance," next week.

Edward Leavitt has built a barn.

Paul Nelson came to town on Saturday.

G. Petterson was down from Leavitt on Saturday.

R. M. Leishman was in town on Saturday.

Hyrum Hansen, of Ætna, was in town, Friday.

A. Gregson came in from the West, Thursday.

J. M. Dunn paid our village a visit on Thursday.

Albert Filleup was a visitor to Cardston on Saturday.

J. A. Taylor was in here from Ætna on Saturday.

R. C. Beck is erecting a frame house for Mr. J. Myres.

P. P. Skriver, of Ætna, was in town one day last week.

Mr. Aldridge has made some big improvements on his house.

Niels Hansen has been appointed bishop of Ætna.

L. Harker is building a barn on his lot in Cardston.

There will be a grand ball in the Kearl Hall next Monday evening.

The Home Dramatic Company are busily engaged on a new play.

H. S. Horner is now fitted up and ready for business.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Colles, of Colles, were in Cardston on Wednesday.

James May, and his son Frank, departed for Utah on Friday morning.

The post office will be closed on Monday next, it being a legal holiday.

There should be a tri-weekly mail service between Cardston and Lethbidge.

Bp. R. Pilling, of Ætna, was transacting business in Cardston last Friday.

There are many log buildings in course of erection in the western part of Cardston.

Mr. Robt. Ramsbottom is acting as agent for Pres. C. O. Card in the latter's absence.

Send a Xmas card to your friend. Buy the card at THE RECORD Office 5c, 10c, 15c, 20c each.

Miss Virgie Caldwell and Miss Jordan, of Mt. View, were in town Friday purchasing Xmas presents.

We will print your name and address on 250 nice XXX White Laid Envelopes for $1.50. The Envelopes alone would cots you $1. at any of the stores.

In our Christmas number, which will be published next Wednesday, appears "A World of Chance," by a local author.

Extra copies of our Xmas number, published next Wednesday, can be bought for 10 cents each at this office.

"A World of Chance," is an uncommonly interesting story, just the thing for Holiday reading. It will be published in The Record next week.

"A World of Chance," next week.

This week we printed statements and envelopes for S. J. Layton, Merchant of Mt. View; envelope for the Cardston Co. Ltd. and some for J. A. Hammer. That's right, gentlemen, patronize your home paper and thereby keep the money in Cardston.

President C. O. Card left on Friday last on a business trip to Salt Lake, in the intrest of immigration. He will be absent about six weeks. Judge Hammond accompanied him and may return to this place in the early spring.

Gus Austin was summoned to appear next Friday before the J. P. for assulting an Indian. The row occurred in the Co-op last Saturday afternoon. The Indian, as we heard the story, pushed a small brother of Austin's, and he, Austin, immediately began "fixing-up" the Indian's countenance.

Another communication, besides the one published today, from "Zest" has been left at this office. It is a "daisy," too; but for reasons which ought to be obvious to Mr. "Zest," we refrain from publishing his tirade; while, at the same time, we declare that it coincides exactly with our opinions, if that is any satisfaction to Mr. "Zest."

COAL, COAL, COAL!

Clarke Mine, - - - - - - Belly River.

$2.25 per ton at the Mine.

Delivered in Cardston for $5.00 per ton.

Orders may be left at Co-op or Allen store.

"A world of Chance."

Christmas next Sunday.

Advertise in THE RECORD.

John Good, of Mt. View, was in town yesterday.

Niels Hansen was seen on our streets, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Woolf were in Cardston yesterday.

Miss Faith Holmes is the latest addition to The Record force.

James Evans has moved his family and his dwelling, which is just completed.

A large stable has been built on the Taylor Block for the accomadation of the police.

THE RECORD has three new advertisers this issue. We still have room for others.

Next Friday evening, at the Ward Meeting House, the schools will give a free entertainment.

The Cahoon Bros., Mr. Peacock, Mr. C. Kimble, and Mr. T. Archibald and wife, have gone below.

Wm. Wood has a change in his ad in this issue of the home paper, in which he announces, "Cash paid for hides."

S. J. Layton, the Mt. View merchant, paid Cardston a flying visit one day this week, and was a caller at this office.

Born.—To the wife of Mr. Lucius F. Hardyman, of Bull Horn School, Blood Reserve, a ten pound boy, Dec. 17th.

Why is the Acting Mgr. in reference to whom Mr. Zest is, like the Cardston post office on mail night? Because he is in the dark.

The Canal company paid off their hands on Saturday, and consequently money was so plentiful many people had it to burn.

There is a rumor current that the Hudson's Bay Co. will open up a store in Cardston. Many people here would welcome them heartily.

Alex. Campbell has put in a stock of tobaccos and confectionery, and will in the future carry on that in connection with his barber business.

That wind, Friday, was a "tearer" from the word "go." It beat anything we have had the pleasure (?) of witnessing in the "windy" line for many moons.

Several teams passed through Cardston, Monday, from Mt. View bound for Lethbridge, where they will get a car of furniture belonging to the Caldwells.

We are requested to announce that the Cardston Company and H. S. Allen & Co. will keep their stores closed Monday next and also Jan. 2nd.

W. R. Clark, of Mt. View, has an ad. under the heading, "Clarke Mine" in today's RECORD. We are very glad that the coal mine on Belly River is again turning out fuel, and Mr. Clarke will sell all the coal he can get out.

We hope our local merchants had a look at the Dec. 9th. issue of the Macleod Gazette, as it contains an excellent lesson in advertising. The store that uses the greatest quantity of printer's ink will inverably get the lion's share of trade.

RANCH FOR SALE.—320 acres. Good dewelling house. Good stables & corrals. Over 100 head of cattle; 70 head of horses; wagons, farm machinery, etc.—Will be sold reasonably. Apply to Postmaster, Colles Alta. 21, 22, 23.

MR. "ZEST" AGAIN.

Dear Mr. Editor.—Thanks for space. I know what space is worth,—I have advertised. Space in The Record costs more and is worth more than space on our Canadian prairies. But I wander.

As I was not within the portentous confines of the City of Cardston when that number which contained an answer from Act. Mgr. was issued for public perusal, I could not, as you will readily see, give to the Act. Mgr. that attention which his exalted position, you must admit, rightly merits.

In my little article I said the A. M. of the Allen store did not keep his word with the Co-op management, and I repeat it here and can prove it. In fact, the Act. Mgr. says, "I acknowledge that I did break the said agreement."

Is not that just what I said?

Subscribe for THE RECORD

Hooked up at last.

HARNESS & SADDLERY.

Give us a call and examine stock. We have dandy HORSE BLANKETS.

REPAIRING A SPECIALITY.

Quality first. Prices right.

S. H. Horner,

CARDSTON, Next Kearl's Livery Stable

You Know

Wolsey & Evans,

Contractors & Builders,

W. M. Wolsey. James Evans.

Cardston, - - Alberta.

Gay & Wight & Co.

General Blacksmiths & Wagon Makers.

All kinds of work done at short notice, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Give us your order for a new Buggy or Democrat.

H. R. Sloan. A. J. Gay.
Victor Frank. J. M. Wight.

Gay & Wight & Co.

The RECORD has received a supply of Stationery fresh from Winnipeg.

Our prices speak for themselves.

Good White Envelopes (25 in bunch) per bunch—5c.

Note Tablet, Nice White Paper, per Tablet—5c.

Drawing Slates—10c.

Indelible Pencils—10c.

Large Exercise Books—5c.

We have all kinds of printing Stationery, such as:

Wedding Cards, Ball Programs, Note Heads, Cards, Memos, Letter Heads, Statements, Bill Heads, etc., etc.

If you want good goods at low prices you will buy your Stationery at THE Record Office.

Cold Weather

makes us look for Underwear, German Sox, Over-shoes and Fur Coats.

First Snow Fall

will require Bob-sleds and Snow Packs.

All these you can get at lowest Prices from

The Cardston Co. Ltd

Get a Suit of All Wool Underwear for $1.00.

The Record one year $2.00

NOTICE—Parties owing THE RECORD for advertisments and subscriptions will confer a favor by settling their accounts this month as we have bills of our own which must be paid at once.

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends; 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

FOR SALE: Four room house. Good well water. Nice location. Enquire at RECORD office, next to Bank.*

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

FOR SALE—Model 1 Improved Hand Printing Press. Chase 5x8. At RECORD Office.*

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, both one year for $2.50.

FOR SALE.—Ranch, 160 acres, ½ mile from Ætna. House, barn, well. 40 acres broke. Enquire at THE RECORD Office.

Christmas number on sale at THE RECORD Office of the Graphic, Art Annual, Illustrated London News, etc.

Wheat and oats taken on subscription at this office.

A book of notes only 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

Review of Reviews, (Am) for sale at this office.

The Weekly Globe, Toronto, $1.00 a year. THE RECORD has agency.

When you want to sell or buy anything, place a notice in THE RECORD, and you will be pleased with the result.

Meat Market.

Wm. Wood.

Fresh Meats of all kinds constantly on hand.

Cash paid for hides

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.

All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.

Cardston. . . . . Alberta.

Samuel Cox,

Contractor & Builder.

Sign, General Painting, & Paper Hanging.

Orders can be left at Record Office.

CARDSTON. . . ALBERTA.

Read THE RECORD
The
CARDSTON RECORD
2.00 per year.

Livery, Feed & Sale Stables

Kearl & Sharp, Props.

Good outfits furnished at all hours.

Rates Reasonable.

Kearl & Sharp.

NOTICE.—Parties oweing Lundburg & Neilson, blacksmiths, will save themselves trouble and expense by calling and settling their accounts AT ONCE at RECORD Office.

When you want receipt or note Books call at THE RECORD Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts. You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

For 15 cts. you can get the Weekly Globe of Toronto for the balance of this year. It is a 16 page paper containing 112 columns of interesting news. Bring your 15 cts. to the RECORD office at once.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1898. NO. 22

A World of Chance

BY A LOCAL AUTHOR.

In a little cottage, nestled among poplar, locust and boxelder trees, in the environs of a small town of Occidental America, was a mother and daughter.

On the west wall of the main room in the cottage hung a picture representing peace and love. It showed a face of tenderest kindness.—a mother gazing in rapturas love upon the infant lying in peaceful repose.

Similar and still not alike were the two pictures: the one on the wall portrayed mother and infant; the other was a dejected parent and a beautiful child.

Sadness of a compliant nature was traceable in every line on the kind face of Mrs. Ray. Having lost her husband, who went down with a wrecked steamer in the Atlantic, she left New York City for the west with her daughter, Nina, who, since a child, studied under the watchful care of her father, an author of considerable renown. In this way she acquired a certain kind of knowledge mostly bearing directly or remotely on literature.

The room in which mother and daughter were seated was furnished with a rickety table, small cupboard, three chairs and an old stove.

Nina was sitting opposite her mother by the side of the rickety table. She wore a calico dress and her shoes were in holes.

"How long has it been, Nina, since you sent your story to New York?" Mrs. Ray asked, with an anxious expression on her careworn face.

"Three weeks," replied Nina, crossing over to the window, and with delicate fingers plucking a dried leaf from a geranium plant. "I should hear from them soon. And, mamma, if they don't accept and pay for my story, I must do something to earn some money. The rent, you know, was due yesterday, and if it isn't paid this week we must move out and go to the alm's-house. I could go away and work for our living; but, dearest mamma, I cannot leave you alone."

Nina went to her mother's side, and, affectionately kissing her passed two arms around her neck.

"God will open up their hearts," Mrs. Ray predicted, "and they will publish your story and pay you well for it. How nice it will be," she went on, slightly smiling, "for you to remain home with me and write stories for great magazines. I remember your dear father saying—"

There was a knock no the door. Nina opened it.

"Mr. Barns says you must pay the rent or vacate the house," declared the man, who stood on the threshold.

"Tell Mr. Barns we will pay him next week," said Nina, a ting of acerbity in her tone of voice.

The man, having delivered his nuncupative order, departed.

"Oh mamma," cried Nina, throwing her arms around her mother's neck, "oh, mamma, what will we do if my story is not paid for? And to think that you have not had a drink of milk since old Bess was sold, makes my heart ache. It seems we are fated to misfortune. Why did God take poor papa from us? It is awful. I sometimes think God is—"

"My darling Nina" the mother interrupted, taking her daughter's hands in her own, "don't blame God for our misfortune. He does all for the best."

"I hope so," said Nina, as she with assiduity began preparing the scanty supper.

* * * * * * * * *

In one of those offices in the American metropolis, busily engaged in writing, the editor of a New York magazine was seated in his revolving chair. Sitting at a desk near the south wall was Ray, the "reader."

A pile of mail was brought in by a man with a mammoth mouth, mammoth nose and the same word adjectively used will suitably describe the size of his ears. His name was Smith.

"Say, Smith, how many manuscripts by this mail?" inquired the "reader."

"Only eight," was the reply.

"The number, thank heaven, is decreasing," remarked Ray.

A few minutes of rapid work relieved the MSS. of their covers.

"This one is not written plain enough," the "reader" mentally declared, putting the story aside. "And this one is too long." Another story was un-read. "Too short," was the compendious complaint against others. "Chirography too scraggy," against others. At last he came to one fastened together with red ribbon. "I'll read this one after while."

Thereupon Ray left his chair for a walk up and down the hall which extended from one to the other end of the large building.

An inevitable destiny was watching over the future of that particular manuscript tied with red ribbon.

* * * * * * * * *

Nina's mother was very ill; her strength gradually diminished day by day for want of proper food and a cooler climate.

"Why do I not hear from the magazine publishers?" Nina asked herself. "If I only had a little money I could take dearest mamma away."

Two more days elapsed. Mrs. Ray suddenly grew much worse.

"Oh!" moaned Nina, covering her face with her hands, "oh! if I only had a little money! If I would receive some pay for my story, then I could take poor mamma from this hot place. It has been a month since I sent my story. Will I never hear from the publishers?"

In her spring beauty, she walked to the window and gazed out into the street. The weather was very warm; not a breeze to cool the heated atmosphere. As she peered out of the window, her thoughts were discursive.

"On every side there is evidence of chance—nothing but chance," she murmured, while her beautiful face was framed by masses of golden tresses. "At this very moment I see one man leading an innocent little lamb to the slaughter, and I hear another man giving vent to terrible words of acrimony as he unmercifully beats his poor old horse. And there," pushing the ragged blind aside, "and there the wheel of a wagon crushes the bone of a dog's leg! Poor little doggie! Oh!" she suddenly exclaimed, her face turning pale and tears coming to her eyes, "oh! and there a beautiful robin falls dead!—killed by a missile from a boy's flipper. Did you call, mamma?"

And in answer to her invalid mother's feeble call, Nina went to her parent's side.

* * * * * * * * *

"Hello! Smith," called Ray, reentering the office of the New York magazine, "why didn't you take this manuscript with the others?" Picking up the story tied with red ribbon.

"I thought you were reading it," replied Smith.

"No; I was not reading; but I'll do so now."

He sat down at his desk, and carelessly turning the MS. over his eyes caught sight of the name "Nina Ray."

"Great God!" he gasped, springing up, "HER name."

In a few moments he was his usual calm self. Turning to Smith, he asked.

"Is there a letter here with the name 'Nina Ray' signed thereto?"

"Yes. Do you want it?" inquired the mammoth mouth.

"I'll look at it."

The letter was handed to Ray.

"Poor; mother to support; renumeration wanted," the "reader" mused hastily glancing over the letter. "I will start west tonight. But I'll read HER story."

It did not take long to peruse it. "Common story; but unusally well written," the "reader" said, handing the MS. to the editor of the magazine, who, SANS CEREMONIE, put the story aside, remarking, Haven't time now."

The next day his attention was called to the MS., not, however, by Ray, for he had gone west. The editor read the manuscript rapidly.

"I'll take it SUB JUDICE," he said.

The afternoon of the following day the editor, handing to his associate the MS. tied with red ribbon, said, "If you've got time, read it."

The associate-editor perused the MS., after which he dictated following brief note:

"YOUR STORY IS UNAVAILABLE. RETURN SAME TODAY"

* * * * * * * * *

The day Mrs. Ray grew so much worse a neighbor came in, and Nina went to the post office, where she received the brief note, which she read with avidity.

"Oh, God!" she cried, an illimitable anguish expressed in her large eyes, "oh, God! my last hope is crushed!"

She turned to leave the post office and found herself facing her father!

"Merciful heavens!" she gasped, reeling into his out-stretched arms. "You alive!"

"Alive and well," he replied, straining her to his breast.

And on their way to what Nina called "home," Mr. Ray told how he was rescued: how, on reaching New York, he found the home sold and wife and child gone, and how he had searched for them, but vainly until by chance he learned of their whereabout by reading her manuscript.

"Then," said Nina, "after all my story was a success."

"The greatest success of the year," he declared.

Next day the re-united family departed for California.

NOTICE TO PARENTS & OTHERS

All Births, Marriages and Deaths must be reported to the Registrar of Vital Statistics at Lethbridge, within thirty days from the time of the event taking place.

Forms for the purpose can be obtained at THE RECORD Office, or by writing to C. B. Bowman, Registrar, Lethbridge

$10. Reward.

Strayed from Alberta Railway & Coal Co'y Stables one Mare Mule; Color, Black; Branded Triangle on right thigh and on right shoulder.

The above reward will be paid by the Alberta Railway & Coal Co'y for the return of the above described Mule. 21 & 22.

APPLICATION will be made at the next session of Parliament of Canada for an Act to amend the Act of Incorporation of the Alberta Irrigation Company by changing the name of the Company to The Canadian North West Irrigation Company; changing the place of head office to London, England; authorizing directors to vote by proxy; increasing capital stock to one million dollars; changing date of annual meeting to last Tuesday in October; and in other respects and for other purposes.

A. Ferguson
Solicitor for applicants.

16th December 1898. [22—30]

FACTS ABOUT CARDSTON

The following interesting communication to the Logan (Utah) Journal written by Mr. Thos. H. Woolford, who is now visiting Cardston, will be perused by our readers with concern as it is not one of the usual run of misrepresenting articles which have been published in Utah papers. We endorse all that Mr. Woodford says.

"Editor Journal:—As per agreement with a Journal reporter, I pen you a few items from this far off land.

I see by the locals of the Journal of Nov. 26th, that I was to start for Canada on that night to see if I could find Paradise, and to visit J. P. Low.

I will say in reply that I have found the Paradise I was hunting, and it has never gone Republican either. But as for J. P. Low I have not seen him as yet. He has gone to British Columbia upon a business trip, and is not expected home for a few days. I have visited his family. They are all well and express themselves as being satisfied with the country.

Since being here I have stayed at the home of Bishop Josiah Hammer. I expect to ride out over the range in the near future with the view of finding a suitable place to locate a home for either myself or boys, and perhaps both About the only trouble I expect to meet in this regard is that there is too much land to select from.

I am happily surprised in this part of the country both as to climatic conditions and the lay of the country. Dry grass and fat stock abound everywhere.

The weather here has been perfect for this time of the year, similar to that which we had in Cache the latter part of October. Last night there was a little snow fell, but not near enough for sleighing, and the natives tell me that this is liable to go in short notice.

Cardston is building up very fast, houses springing up almost like mushrooms. You can see a pile of lumber placed upon the ground, and in a day or two a good sized house is up to the square.

I will send you more anon.

Wishing the Journal and its readers a merry Christmas and a happy New Year, I am.

Respectfully,
Thos. H. Woolford.

Cardston, Alberta, Canada, Dec. 5th. 1898."

The conduct of a certain party whose name would not grace these columns, at the pulling match was disgusting in the extreme. To attack a man and refer to his religion in the manner that individual did, excites only a loathing for the vilifier.

RING OUT, YE MERRY BELLS!

Ring out, ye merry bells! Welcome icicles!
Welcome, old holly-crowned Christmas again!
Blithe as a child at play, keeping his holidays,
Welcome him back from the snow peak and plain.
Up with the holly bough, green from the winter's brow,
Lock up your ledgers and cares for a day!
Up to the forest go, gather the mistletoe,
Old and young, rich and poor, up and away.
Crown with the holly bough, ay, and the laurel now;
In with the yule log, and brighten the hearth;
Quick here he is again, come with his joyous train,
Laughter and music, and friendship and mirth.
Up with the holly bough, high in each manor house,
Garnish the antlers that hang in the hall;
Yes, and the "neck" of corn with a gay wreath adorn,
Rich as the bloom on the cottager's wall.
Wealth has its duties now, Christmas, you will allow;
Think, then, ye rich, whilst your tables are spread,
Think of those wretched ones, Poverty's stricken sons,
Weeping whilst children are asking for bread.
Ring out, ye merry bells! ring, tell your music swell,
Out o'er the mountain, and far on the main;
Ring till those cheerless ones catch up your merry tones,
Singing, "Come Christmas, again and again."

—Ex.

ANOTHER DEATH.

Saturday, Dec 24th, the eighteen month old child of Mr. and Mrs. James Pitcher, passed to the great beyond. They recently returned from a visit to Utah, and since they arrived home the child has not been well. The cause of death was throat trouble.

The funeral services were held on Monday. The parents have the sympathy of the entire community.

CANADA'S SETTLERS.

One of the things which will mark 1898 as one of the most important years of our history is the immense impetus given to immigration by the active policy of the Dominion Government.

Settlers have been brought in by thousands from Europe, but not only that, at last the tide has begun to set in from the States, no less than 3,533 persons having come in through Winnipeg the first ten months of the year. These are all that are actually recorded, hundreds come across the boundary line in wagons who are not recorded in any official statements.

While the large number of settlers brought in from Europe is gratifying, still the fact that Americans are coming over in number is still more so. They speak our language, our laws are not strange to them, they assimilate with us and are in no way to be treated as strangers. It is safe to say that a settler from the States becomes a Canadian far more easily and with less regrets, than does a foreigner, who scarcely able to speak our language requires years of education to bring himself into the same lines of thought, even of living as we live.

But it is not at all fair to do as some of the Canadian press has been doing, to decry and abuse the Galician. Doukhoborskian and other settlers brought in. They are honest and industrious, good farmers and willing to learn. The testimony of those who have resided near the Galicians goes to prove that they will be as valuable citizens of Canada as are the Mennonities now.

One class of immigrants which our government should pay the greatest attention to, although their efforts in that behalf are already considerable, that is, the repatriation of the French Canadians of the New England States. Some 3,000 French Canadians are settled at St. Albert, Morinville and Edmonton. The name Morinville bears testimony to the great work done by Abbe Morin in bringing to the Northwest his exiled compatriots. These are not foreigners, not even Americans, they are Canadians, who although under another flag, preserve the tenderest memories of their Canadian homes. Honest, sober and industrious, Alberta would be lucky indeed to have as many more as can be accommodated with homesteads as settlers.—Alberta Tribune.

A very pleasant Christmas dinner party was given by Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Duce on Monday afternoon in their newly erected residence. A jolly party of relatives and friends partook of the bounteous repast prepared by the hostess, and one and all enjoyed the dinner and the social spirit which pervaded every one present.

At H. S. Allen & Co's

Best and largest assortment of

Holiday Goods

ever brought to Cardston.

CAR OF FURNITURE

just in.

Prices lower than ever.

Full line of

Xmas Groceries

in stock.

C. Edgar Snow, Banker,

Cardston, - - - Alberta.

1895 1898

A general banking business transacted.

LETHBRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.

Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7:30 o'clock, a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $8.00; Round trip, $15.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.

MERCER & McCARTY PROPS.

Photograph Gallery

at the Residence of
S. LOW.
Open on clear days from 12 to 2 pm
Cardston, - - - Alberta.

HOTEL DE WOOLF

RATES, $ 1.50 PER DAY.
Livery & Feed Stable.
Cardston, - Alberta.

H. W. SAVORY,

Boundary Creek (Cardston P. O.) Alta.
Saddle & Work Horses For Sale.

Fire and Life Insurance.

Equitable Life (Assets $200,000,000.)
British America Fire Assurance Co.
Western Fire Assurance Co.
Agency, RECORD Office.

C. O. CARD,
SUB AGENT
DOMINION LANDS.
ALSO AGENT FOR
RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY
. . . AND . . .
PRIVATE LANDS.
Office Hours: 9 to 4.

BLACKSMITH SHOP.

The undersigned wishes to inform the public that he is opening a shoeing shop in his old stand.
HORSE SHOEING A SPECIALTY.
L. F. Bonnell.

The Record
$2.00

Singer Sewing Machines and Extras.
PIANOS & ORGANS.
Robert Ibey, Agent.

Get your HAIR cut
AT
Campbell's
- Tonsorial Parlors. -

BERT TALBOT.

Lumber, Shingle and Planing Mills.
Mill on Belly River.
Cardston, - - - Alberta.

Subscribe for THE RECORD.

Following is a list of the publications for sale at the RECORD OFFICE:

Puck
Judge
Strand
Argosy
Quaker
Nickell
Tit Bits
Success
Puritan
Squibbs
Vanity Fair
N. Y. World
Wide World
Metropolitan
Cosmopolitan
Munsey Maga.
New Illustrated
McClures Maga.
Canadian Maga.
Broadway Maga.
Review of Reviews (En.
Review of Reviews (Am.)
Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly.

PARTED AT THE ALTAR.

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY.

CHAPTER XVII.—THE PANGS OF JEALOUSY.

Frederick Thornton gazed with painful intensity into the girl's beautiful face.

"Just such a face has haunted me in my dreams," he muttered, hoarsely. "I have a dim recollection of having seen such a face before, but where I cannot imagine. Since that accident, which nearly cost me my life, there seem to be strange leaks in my brain.

"It must be only fancy that I have seen this girl before. How strangely my heart thrilled as I touched her hand, like an electric shock. She is a beautiful little creature. If my heart were not already Vivian's, I—I should be in danger of losing it. My mother's young companion is certainly charming."

He laid his lovely burden down upon the velvet divan in his mother's boudoir, and rang the bell for one of the servants.

"Miss Carlisle has fainted, Patty," he said to the maid who soon made her appearance in answer to his summons. "I will leave her in your charge."

He had scarcely closed the door behind him ere Doris's blue eyes fluttered open.

"Leave me, Patty," she cried, as she raised her eyes to the anxious face bending over her. "You can do nothing for me. Nothing."

And when she was left alone, she turned her face to the wall with moans piteous to hear.

It never occurred to her to inquire how she came there.

She quite believed one of the servants had brought her here when they found her lying in a dead faint in the corridor below.

The sweet, joyous strains of the dance music and gay laughter floated up to her as she lay there, with her face buried in the pillow. Should she lie there in such wretched abandon while Vivian, the beauty, and Frederick danced and laughed the hours away so gayly down below in the rose-embowered ball-room?

No, no; she could not. It would drive her mad.

Silently Doris rose from the divan and crept down into the corridor again. As she passed the conservatory, glancing in, she saw the two for whom she was searching standing by the fountain.

"Should she turn away, or walk in and face them?" Doris asked herself.

She could not; she would not bear it. She was deadly sick and faint with the bitterest pain of jealousy that could burn or stab a human heart. She could not endure to see Frederick Thornton bend his handsome head over Vivian.

He was hers—her husband—not Vivian's. It was hard and cruel. Her face flushed hotly, and her lips quivered.

She felt that she must cry out to them, that she must say:—

"Oh, Frederick, my love, leave her and come and comfort me, or I shall go mad!"

Should she cross over to Vivian's side, and cry out, bitterly:—

"He is not yours! Do not look at him or smile at him! Cease to try to win him! He is mine, not yours! He can never be yours, for he has married me!"

The impulse was so strong to utter the words that Doris bit her lips until the pain became insupportable.

She saw on the face of her lovely rival a look Vivian's face had never worn before. What was he saying to her that brought those blushes to her cheeks and the glad, swift smile into her dazzling dark eyes? Dare he—who was not free to woo and win Vivian—dare he breathe to her one word of love?

Doris knew that she ought to go; that it was an intrusion on her part to remain, but she could not tear herself away. The blood was boiling in her veins, her heart was beating fast.

At that moment a waltz struck up again, and with a smile Frederick drew Vivian's little gloved hand through his arm and led her back to the ball-room by another door.

And Doris crept close to a great branching magnolia near the entrance and watched them. Vivian seemed to float through the mazes of the graceful waltz like a veritable fairy.

Doris did not take her eyes from her husband and Vivian, her beautiful rival, no matter in what part of the ball-room they happened to be.

She saw Frederick hold close to his heart his fair partner, and it seemed to Doris's distorted imagination that he held her more closely than the occasion demanded.

At last—oh! deliverance from torture! —the music ceased; the waltz was over, Frederick offered Vivian his arm then, and they promenaded around the room.

"I should go away from here," muttered Doris, as she watched them. "Ah! my curse is that I love him. I could not live away from him. I love him with the bitterest love—a thousand times more cruel than hate."

While she stood there Mrs. Thornton approached. She saw Doris and stopped short. The pallor on the girl's face startled her.

"You do not look well, Miss Carlisle," she said, gently. "Had you not better go into the grounds and walk awhile in the cool air, or go up to your room and rest? I shall not need you any more to-night; you look tired."

Then Mrs. Thornton caught sight of her son and Vivian. She turned to Doris with a pleased smile.

"What a handsome couple they make," she said—"my son and Vivian—do they not, Miss Carlisle?"

Doris tried to murmur some answer, but her voice died away on her white lips.

"The dearest wish of my heart will be gratified when I see them married," Mrs. Thornton went on.

A sudden impulse, an irresistible, mad longing, urged her to turn to Frederick's mother, and say: "He can never marry that proud beauty; he is already married. I am his wife." But this was neither the time nor the place for such revelation.

Without waiting for Doris to reply, Mrs. Thornton moved on, and Doris resumed her patient watch again.

Some one had claimed Vivian for a quadrille, and Doris noticed with bitter pain that Frederick did not attempt to seek another partner. He stood quite alone where she had left him. Of what was he thinking that he looked so dreamily at the programme he held? Was he thinking of that other ball, and the young girl who had accompanied him there to her bitter cost? Was he thinking of the pitiful sequel that had followed on the heels of it? Doris imagined he was, and again that old perplexing question recurred to her: Why had he wedded her, if he meant to desert her? Would any one, looking into his dark, handsome face, believe he could be guilty of so cruelly deserting the bride he had married, almost at the very altar? She remembered the words of the great poet, who has said:—

"That one may smile, and smile, and be villain."

Did he have no thought of the young heart he had broken, the young life he had blasted?

"If he could have but loved her, how different life might have been for her," she told herself. "He does not love me; he cares only for Vivian," she murmured. "If I died to-morrow," she cried, with a bitter moan, "who would grieve for me? Not Frederick Thornton. If he heard I was dead, it would be a great relief to him. He could look up calmly, and say: 'She is out of my way forever.' If he did not say it, that is the thought that would flit through his mind.

"God forgive me! I do not want to be wicked, but I think heaven has laid a great curse upon my life. I am cursed by fate. I was so lonely, my childhood and girlhood were so unhappy; my one prayer to heaven was to send me some one who would love me. I had no gentle mother, no loving sister, no kind father —no kindred on the great, wide, cruel earth. I was so desolate I craved love—only love—and it has been denied me. What is there left to live for? He will never, never love me!"

As she watched, she saw Frederick cross to where Vivian sat, and bend over her a moment. Then she rose, took his arm, and together they passed out of the ball-room into the moonlit, rose-bordered terrace.

The poor wretched young wife stood motionless beside the crimson clove carnations, her hands pressed tightly over her heart. Should she follow them or not?

The temptation was more than she could resist. Silently as a shadow Doris stole after them, gaining the terrace by another door. They had wandered down the beach-walk to the river's brink. Doris could see the glimmer of Vivian's white dress through the trees as the patches of moonlight fell upon it. There was such a deep silence among the trees, as she went swiftly along, that it seemed to Doris that they were waiting, silent, motionless, for the pitiful scene which was to follow. Sometimes the low, musical laughter of Vivian reached her, and then the rich ring of her husband's voice would sound cheerily through the still, white starlight; and all the time she, his wife, was slowly threading her way after him like the shadow of fate.

Doris had a dim idea that what she was doing was a wrong, undignified, ungenerous action; but her great, hopeless, pitiful love, and the cruel smart of jealousy, more bitter to bear than the pangs of death, outweighed every other feeling.

"I shall see for myself whether it is true or not that he is Vivian's lover, that he contemplates marrying her."

She had a faint remembrance of reading once of a man who had applied to the law to free him from his wife. What the cause was she did not recollect; and it seemed strange to Doris, at the time, that the law freed him; that the law of man could set at defiance the law of God, that those joined together in hold wedlock should never be put asunder.

Had Frederick Thornton availed himself of any such means to free himself from her that he might wed Vivian, whom he loved?

"If it is so, let me hear it from his own lips," she murmured, hoarsely; better that he should slay her with the truth at once than that she should die by this most slow and cruel torture.

Silently Doris drew near the two standing on the sands together, all unconscious of her presence, and the tragedy which was to follow. Only a group of trees separate her from them, but Doris crept still closer, with bated breath and a heart of fire.

CHAPTER XVIII.—DORIS AND FREDERICK MEET.

Nearer, still nearer, crept the little dark figure to the two who stood by the river's brink, gazing far out on the moonlit waves.

What were they saying? Was Frederick telling his beautiful companion the story of that other ball, and the fatal marriage that had resulted from it?

Was he saying that, on the impulse of the moment, he had encumbered himself with a wife he did not love? No, no; he had not told her yet; for, crouching there in the dense shadow, she heard Vivian say:—

"There seems to be some secret you are trying to keep back from me, Frederick. You are changed of late; how, or why, I cannot tell. Sometimes, when I am talking to you, you do not hear me. Where are your thoughts—of whom are you thinking? I ask myself. If I thought you cared for any one else, Frederick, I—"

The sentence never was finished. Frederick Thornton bent his dark, handsome face with a light, happy, careless laugh.

"My dear Vivian," he cried, "is it possible you are growing jealous?" In the next instant he had changed his light, bantering tone. "It is all your imagination about the change in me, as you call it. When you see me distrait, it is when I am trying to recall some vague thought that seems to have escaped my mind, and which is ever eluding my memory. As for caring for any one else —ah, no, Vivian, you are my first and only love. I have never cared for any one but you. I have never held any one else's hands clasped in mine as I am holding yours now. I have never breathed one word—nay—never given one thought to another."

Was it a moan from human lips that startled them, or only the wind sighing through the trees, dying away in a low wail over the water? The words Doris had heard had driven her mad. Oh, God, how could he utter words as false as these? How dared he? It was a wonder that the rod of the angels did not strike him dead.

With a bitter cry Doris sprang from her place of concealment and confronted him. There was a shriek from Vivian, and a cry of surprise from Frederick.

"Miss Carlisle!" they both echoed in a breath.

"No—not—Miss Carlisle!" Doris panted, with the most broken-hearted cry that ever fell from human lips—"not Miss Carlisle, but Doris Thornton, the wretched, unhappy wife of this man who dares to speak to you of love, Vivian Courtney:—the unhappy bride whom Frederick Thornton wedded, and then deserted at the very altar almost!"

Another shriek fell from Vivian's lips. Frederick Thornton stood still in the path like one turned to stone. Speech and action seemed suddenly to have left him. He could not have moved a muscle, uttered one word if his life had depended upon it; the shock he had received was so terrible—so appalling.

"It is false! Who are you who dare utter such words? Why do you not deny it, Frederick?" screamed Vivian, turning to him, and eagerly scanning his pale, handsome face in the white, cold moonlight.

"Because he dare not, in the presence of God and the listening angels who witnessed our marriage," replied Doris, solemnly, lifting her white right hand to the star-gemmed heavens, and answering Vivian's last question first. "As to who I am, your woman's penetration might have told you that I am the unhappy girl whom you once knew as Doris Brandon, in those old days at Madame Delmar's seminary."

"You Doris Brandon! Why, you are certainly mad!" exclaimed Vivian Courtney, hoarsely. "She was fair of face, and hair like golden sunshine. You are dark—"

"Hush! Listen to me for but one moment, and I will explain. Let Frederick Thornton deny me, his deserted bride, then, if he will. In the register of the old gray stone church where that weird, fatal midnight marriage was solemnized you will find our names signed. There you will find proof.

"You yourself, Vivian, know how and where I first met Frederick Thornton. It was a dark and bitter hour for me in which you put that note into my hands on the day you were leaving the seminary, and bade me wait for the young man who would come to the old south gate at four that afternoon, and place it in his hands."

Breathless with excitement, Vivian sprang forward.

"It is all false!" she cried, stormily. "Some cruel trick to frighten me!" she went on, vehemently.

Yet, for all that, she noted with dim horror that Frederick did not contradict the horrible assertion.

(To be continued.)

The Mystery of the Razor.

It is a matter of common experience that a razor left for awhile unused becomes blunt. A writer in Chambers' Journal says that rust caused by the moisture in the atmosphere is quite enough to account for this. Shearers, for instance, who have to use particularly sharp instruments, never set their shears till just before using. What is not so generally known is that a razor which will not cut will become sharper sometimes by being left aside for some time. The only explanation of this is that the electrical properties of the metal in the edge become changed.

A "wire edge" is commonly put on a tool by amateurs. The steel turns and folds back on itself. It is owing to the edge being made too long and thin, or the metal being too soft. The only cure for a wire edge is to break off the bent portion and grind and set again.

"A knife that cuts butter when it is hot" (and under no other circumstances) we sometimes meet with. We have been going into the reasons of things, and the reason of this is easily explained. Heat expands metal, and in proportion to the amount of metal which is heated. There is more metal in the breadth of a blade than in its thickness, and the former, therefore, is expanded immensely more than the latter. In other words, the wedgelike shape is lengthened, and the tool becomes "sharp."

The Fall of Just Pride.

One day soon after the Mulberry Bend park was laid out in the Italian quarter of New York the man who had had more to do with the good work than any one else was passing there. As he strode happily along, thinking of the tenements that used to stand there, the fresh, clean earth attracted him and he walked out upon it. Stamping joyously about, he exclaimed:

"Fine, fine! They have planted the seed and soon the green grass will spring up under the warm sunshine. It is my proudest"—

Just then a park policeman who had slipped up behind him landed two vigorous whacks on the good man's back.

"Git off'n th' grass, ye looney old crank!" he said. "Be off wid ye, quick now, an don't let me ketch ye 'round here ag'in or I'll ran ye in. See? G'wan, now."

The philanthropist had leaped wildly to the walk and his fist doubled up with anger, but a second thought, that the "sparrow cop" was right, caused his hand to relax, and the maker of the park "moved on," sore but wise as ever.

Sandy and the Mare.

A Scottish paper tells a story of Sandy Mc——, a Forfarshire farmer who had been spending an hour or two in the evening with a friend a couple of miles away. It was a moonlight night, and Sandy, after partaking freely of his friend's hospitality, was riding quietly home across the sheep pastures on his "guid auld mare," when they came to an open ditch, which his mare refused to cross.

"Hoot awa, Maggie," said the rider, "this winna dae. Ye maun jist gang ower."

He turned back about a hundred yards, wheeled round and gave the mare a touch of his whip. On she went at a brisk canter, but as they reached the edge of the ditch she stopped dead and shot Sandy clean over to the other side.

Gathering himself up, Sandy looked his mare straight in the face and said:

"Vera weel pitched indeed, ma lass. Bit hoo are ye goin to get ower yersel', eh?"

And a Swim, Maybe.

Each girl tied her sash in a bow,
And they went in a boat for a row;
But all wished to sit in the bow.
And the row ended up in a row.
—Up to Date.

Forced to Do It.

"I had to let my French lessons go."

"Why was that?"

"They were simply ruining my golf account."—Exchange.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 14.

Several vessels are fast in the ice in Lake Erie.

French Imperialists held a meeting at Marseilles.

Baron de Longueuil died suddenly in New York.

It was 23 below zero at West Superior on Monday.

Two French deputies fought a duel—neither hurt.

Philippine insurgents are torturing friars and nuns.

The G. T. R. telegraphers are on the verge of a strike.

A plot to kill Dreyfus has been discovered in Paris.

Robert Balmer, postmaster of Oakville, Ont., is dead.

President Kruger will go to Europe to consult an oculist.

Three Winnipeg boys were arrested for stealing yesterday.

The investigation of Dochester penitentiary is proceeding.

Winnipeg St. Andrew's Society appointed committees for the year.

Government reserved mining claims in Yukon will be sold at auction.

Fifteen Belgian traders were killed and eaten by African cannibals.

The contract for St. John harbor improvements has been awarded.

The American Federation of Labor is in convention at Kansas City.

The Winnipeg school board decided not to investigate the sinking fund.

Eight laborers were killed by a train on the New York Central railway.

Annie Walker, of Hamilton, is suing J. A. Goldman for breach of promise.

Joseph N. Choate, of New York, will be U. S. ambassador to Great Britain.

Trains are again crossing the reconstructed Victoria Bridge at Montreal.

Several workmen were killed by an explosion in a Pennsylvania powder mill.

Ore worth $20,000 a ton has been struck in the Mikado Mine, Lake of the Woods.

The St. Regis Indians wish to revert to their tribal methods of electing councillors.

Nominations for mayor, aldermen and school trustees for Winnipeg were held yesterday.

A majority of Democratic senators will support W. J. Bryan for president in 1900.

Mr. William McGregor, M. P., is mentioned as the next Lieut. Governor of Manitoba.

Several vessels which sailed from Philadelphia are believed to be lost with their crews.

A fortnightly steamship service will be established next year between Antwerp and Montreal.

Russia hopes to secure Japanese warships by having China delay payment of the war indemnity.

Great Britain has forwarded the Newfoundland commission's report to the French government.

Marsh, the defaulting president of the Philadelphia Keystone Bank, was sentenced to twelve years imprisonment.

The most important point in dispute before the international commission is the lumber duties. A treaty on other questions is considered certain.

TUESDAY, DEC. 13.

Mr. Garrow's majority in West Huron was 45.

Three men were killed in a riot at Havana.

Small pox is epidemic at Nebraska City, Neb.

Sir William Jenner, the Queen's physician, is dead.

John W. Nelson committed suicide near Whitewood, Assa.

The campaign in North Simcoe is proceeding quietly.

Brandon Liberals will banquet Mr. Sifton on Wednesday.

Canada was awarded several medals at the Omaha exhibition.

Municipal elections were held in the Territories on Monday.

Customs officials will in future have to furnish fidelity bonds.

A seat on the Montreal Stock Exchange is held at $10,000.

Work on the White Pass and Yukon railway is being expedited.

A moose was killed by an Intercolonial train near Newcastle, N. S.

Four men were asphyxiated by fumes from a smelter at Butte, Montana.

The steamer Aurora caught fire and was scuttled and sunk in Lake Erie.

It is hoped in Europe that the Czar's peace proposal may have good results.

The rumor is revived that Mr. Harty will retire from the Ontario cabinet.

The feeling of hostility between Sweden and Norway is said to be increasing.

A lumberman named Simpson was killed by a falling tree near Rat Portage.

An unsuccessful attempt was made to rob the safe in a city hotel on Monday night.

Mayoralty and Aldermanic candidates addressed a meeting of citizens last night.

Dr. Rutherford, M. P. for Macdonald, addressed the Winnipeg Liberal association last night.

There were free fights in the French chamber of deputies during a debate on the Dreyfus case.

Two hundred families will remove from Minnesota and Wisconsin to Manitoba next spring.

Dr. R. Rogers is appointed house surgeon of the Winnipeg General Hospital from January 1st, 1899.

Philippine insurgents claim to have captured Iloilo and the Spaniards report the insurgents repulsed with heavy loss.

The illegality of Judge Martin's appointment was pleaded for the defence in the Victoria Colonist's contempt of court case.

MONDAY, DEC. 12.

General Calixto Garcia is dead.

William Black, novelist, is dead.

Andrew Walsh died suddenly at Rat Portage.

The new C. P. R. time table took effect last night.

Thomas Callop, a Chatham hotel keeper, suicided.

The peace treaty was signed at Paris on Saturday.

The United States navy is short of men and ships.

A fire at Hnausa, Lake Winnipeg, did $5,000 damage.

The Canadian cruiser Petrel is going into winter quarters.

The United States flag was raised over Havana on Saturday.

The Brunswick hotel, at Wabigoon, was destroyed by fire.

A marine of H. M. S. Icarus was drowned at Union, B. C.

The Crown Prince of Germany will visit the United States.

There is great distress on the French shore of Newfoundland.

Brandon has arranged a settlement with the Imperial bank.

Captain Carruthers has organized for the mayoralty campaign.

Several vessels were damaged in a gale off the coast of England.

A supposed anarchist was found hidden in the Bank of England.

It is hoped that Ontario's revenue will come up to the estimates.

Miller, of Chicago, won the six days' bicycle race, making 2,007 miles.

The C. P. R. propose building a railway from Fort Steele to Golden.

Ore shipments from Rossland mines amounted to 2,460 tons last week.

It is feared that the Paris exposition of 1900 will have to be postponed.

G. T. R. telegraphers have formulated their grievances against the company.

The International conference will likely adjourn till after the session of congress.

The C. P. R. and N. P. and M. have a dispute over putting in switches at Methven.

A new steamship line is opened between Milford Haven, Wales, and Paspebiac, Que.

The British naval authorities invite Newfoundland fishermen to join the navy reserve.

SATURDAY, DEC. 10.

The Rat Portage assizes closed on Friday.

The bubonic plague is spreading in Madagascar.

John Anderson was executed for murder at Norfolk, Va.

Mayor Andrews is organizing for the mayoralty campaign.

Extreme cold is reported in Colorado, Nebraska and Wyoming.

An Armenian missionary in Toronto is charged with fraud.

Prince George of Wales may visit this country next summer.

Montreal doctors disagree on the question of typhoid contagion.

General Joubert, of Transvaal, was defeated by Chief Mpefu.

The Washington commissioners are still discussing reciprocity.

It is proposed to establish a sanitarium for consumptives at Toronto.

Retail trade is good and wholesale orders and payments satisfactory.

Mr. Sifton declares himself in favor of improving the St. Andrew's Rapids.

A United States volunteer was fined $500 for kissing a Savannah woman.

United States senators are divided on the question of the lumber duties with Canada.

Colonel Picquart will likely be liberated pending the outcome of the Dreyfus trial.

Four men were killed by an explosion in the Dupont Powder Works, at Wilmington, Del.

It is reported that the Dauphin railway will be extended to Hudson Bay within four years.

The new Cuban tariff will probably show a reduction of fifty per cent. from the Spanish tariff.

Lieutenant Wark, of the Royal Artillery, was sentenced to death for the murder of Jane Yates.

Ponton, the alleged bank burglar, has been engaged as traveller by a Kingston cigar manufacturer.

Admiral Dewey may have to use force with the Philippine insurgents to liberate Spanish prisoners.

Spanish peace commissioners protest against President McKinley's reference to the Maine explosion in his message.

It is reported that the British parliament will take vigorous steps to settle the Newfoundland French shore question.

FRIDAY, DEC. 9.

Small pox is epidemic at Huntingdon, Penn.

Brantford's trade shows a gratifying increase.

Adams Bros. store, at Virden, was destroyed by fire.

A fire at Souris seriously damaged a boarding house.

The Paris peace commissioners have concluded the treaty.

Noisy scenes occurred in the lower house of the Hungarian diet.

Capt. George F. Carruthers will contest the Winnipeg mayoralty.

The joint high commission will likely adjourn about December 27th.

Capt. J. H. Mason, of Philadelphia, was drowned in the Nelson river.

Mackie, sentenced for complicity in the Napanee bank robbery, will appeal.

Street cars will be utilized in some Canadian cities for mail distribution.

The Winnipeg Labor party will submit questions to aldermanic candidates.

The work of widening the outlet of Lake Manitoba may be begun this winter.

J. B. Johnston, a C. P. R. brakeman, was killed by an engine at North Portal.

The N. P. & M. coal sheds and engine house at Belmont were destroyed by fire.

Mr. Joseph Chamberlain spoke on the imperial policy at Wakefield, Yorkshire.

Waterloo county, Ont., has paid off $41,000 deficit and has a surplus of $1,800.

A bill was introduced in the U. S. senate to provide for investigating war scandals.

Donald Ferrier was committed at New Westminster for the murder of Jennie Anderson.

Permanent Canadian corps will be brigaded at Ottawa next summer for instruction.

D. A. Snell, of Brockville, disappeared at Depot Harbor under suspicious circumstances.

Mr. Dobell is examining docking facilities for the Atlantic fast line at Cardiff, Wales.

Four men were killed by the collapse of a West Superior coal dock. The coal is burning.

Hon. J. P. Garrow carried the bye-election in West Huron by from 60 to 30 majority.

The court of cassation has ordered a stay of proceedings in the Picquart court martial.

Mr. R. R. Dobell urged the need of a Hudson Bay route at the dinner of the Canada club, in London.

Barber, Liberal, was elected to the Ontario legislature at the bye-election in Halton, by 160 majority.

The Farmers' Binder Twine company, of Brantford, paid a dividend of sixty per cent. on the capital stock.

Sir Charles Rivers Wilson, speaking at London, Eng., appealed for greater attention to Canadian immigration.

The steamship Londonian was abandoned at sea. Forty-five of her crew were saved and twenty-five drowned.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Lord Herschell and other high joint commissioners visited the U. S. house of representatives.

THURSDAY DEC. 8.

Kingston, Jamaica, is to be strongly fortified.

Two women were fatally injured in a Toronto fire.

Major Pinault is appointed deputy minister of melita.

Ward 4 candidates addressed their constituents last night.

A boy shot the city marshall and suicided at Clarksville, Tenn.

Mr. D. C. Fraser was entertained by the Liberals of Vancouver.

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8 lbs. ..... 3.75 a pair.
9 lbs. ..... 4.25 a pair.
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SECTION 52. TORONTO.

CARDSTON RECORD.

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HUSBAND AND WIFE.

The Pathetic Story of a Tragedy on the Alps.

Many years ago I read a pathetic story, which is constantly recalled to mind as the duties of this compilation compel me to read the records of past years and reperuse the long closed letters of my beloved and live over again the happy days when we were all in all to each other. I do not remember all the details of the incident which so impressed me, but the chief facts were these:

A married couple were crossing one of the great glaciers of the Alpine regions, when a fatal accident occurred. The husband fell down one of the huge crevasses which abound on all glaciers—the rope broke, and the depth of the chasm was so great that no help could be rendered, nor could the body be recovered. Over the wife's anguish at her loss we must draw the veil of silence. Forty years afterward saw her, with the guide who had accompanied them at the time of the accident, staying at the nearest hotel at the foot of the glacier, waiting for the sea of ice to give up its dead, for by the well known law of glacier progression the form of her long lost husband might be expected to appear, expelled from the mouth of the torrent about that date. Patiently and with unfailing constancy they watched and waited, and their hopes were at last rewarded.

One day the body was released from its prison in the ice, and the wife looked again on the features of him who had been so long parted from her. But the pathos of the story lay in the fact that she was then an old woman, while the newly rescued body was that of quite a young and robust man, so faithfully had the crystal casket preserved the jewel which it held so long. The 40 years had left no wrinkles on that marble brow. Time's withering fingers could not touch him in that tomb, and so for a few brief moments the aged lady saw the husband of her youth as he was in the days which were gone forever. —C. H. Spurgeon's "Autobiography."

TO WEAR NEXT THE SKIN.

Comparative Merits of Several Materials From a Hygienic Standpoint.

What are the comparative merits of silk and flannel for wear next the skin? Some say flannel in winter, but not in warm summer weather. Flannel, we are told, is apt to engender the eruption known as "prickly heat." Nevertheless it is probably a question of the personal constitution In any case, those who wear flannel in winter should be careful about leaving it off in summer, as it prevents chills. The nonconductor of heat in clothing is chiefly the air in its pores, and a thick, heavy clothing is not necessarily so warm as a light but porous vestment which incloses a layer of air in its tissues. This last protects the body against cold in winter and heat in summer.

Perspiration, by evaporating the liquid of the body, tends to cool it and counteract the heating effect of sunshine, but if it is excessive a chill may ensue, for instance, by suddenly going into a cool place, and flannel tends to prevent this result, by absorbing the perspiration as in a reservoir, and checking the excessive action of the skin. A thin cloth would not act as a regulator, and it is probable that many escape colds or worse by wearing flannel and woolen undervests. Recent experiments of M. Leo Vignon, a well known chemist of Lyons, however, show that silk is even more absorbent of water than flannel.

He finds, in fact, that 100 grains of cotton, flannel and silk absorb respectively 495,561 and 571 grains of water in the same time.

The "specific heat" or quantity of heat required by a body to raise its temperature one degree, which makes a body feel warm or cool to the touch, has also to be considered in this connection, and here flannel, especially old flannel, is preferable to silk, which is more sensitive to variations of temperature. Wool is therefore recommendable to those who are weak or sensitive to changes of temperature, but porous or spongy silk is also good.—London Globe

Fascinating Power of Snakes.

Dr. A. J. Harrison, chairman of the Bristol and Clifton Zoological society, read some observations on the so called fascination of snakes before the recent meeting of the British association. His observations had extended over many years, he said, and he had come to the conclusion—confirmed by others—that there was no fascination exercised by snakes over their prey. Ducks, hens, rabbits and rats placed in the cages of snakes on feed played about, hopped on the snakes, pecked at them and showed no signs of fascination or alarm even when they saw their colleagues swallowed or crushed to death. Much of the popular belief about snakes—their size and their powers of fascination—was due to the myths of ancient history and poetic literature. The largest snake now in existence, or that probably ever existed, was only 25 feet long.—London Times.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns etc.

THE LISTENER.

William Conway of Hagerstown, Ind., 82 years of age, is the oldest man engaged in horse racing.

Justice Harlan gets up at 6 o'clock in the morning in order to find time to play golf, of which he is very fond.

General Kitchener was named Horatio after his father, who was born on the day that Horatio Nelson fought at Trafalgar.

The Rev. T. H. Small of Marion, Or., 88 years old, was one of the first clergymen to preach in that state, whither he made his way in 1852.

Bog-Ahe-Me-Go-Shik, the leader of the Indian uprising, is described as an insignificant little old man, physically one of the weakest in his tribe.

Captain Charles E. Clark, the former commander of the Oregon, is visiting his brother, Lloyd Clark, at St. Joseph, Mich., and is reported to be much improved in health.

Brigadier General John M. Bacon, the officer who at Bear island fought with his soldiers in the fighting line, had his photograph taken at Walker, Minn., the other day. It was the first time he had faced a camera for 12 years.

Henry William McNab, a poverty stricken billiard marker, who has just died in a London hospital, was a grandson of Canada's ablest premier, Sir Allan Napier McNab, and a first cousin of the Earl of Albemarle, who figured in the Hooley disclosures.

The re-election of the venerable William M. Evarts to the chairmanship of the board of trustees of the Peabody educational fund is a reminder of the fact that although no longer a participant in the world's activities he still lives and is the only surviving member of the original board.

Horace J. Wickham, who, after a service of 24 years, has left the government envelope works at Hartford, designed the intricate machine that cuts the envelope, impresses the stamp, prints the return request, folds and gums the paper and counts, bunches and wraps the completed envelopes.

John Hays, who discovered the rich copper deposits along the south shore of Lake Superior, celebrated his ninety-fourth birthday in Cleveland the other day. In the early forties he landed at Copper harbor, and with two Indians as guides went on foot to Milwaukee, prospecting as he went. It was in 1847 that he opened the first mines.

Howard Gould, who, according to his father's will, has just given up $5,000,000 in marrying Miss Katherine Clemmons, the actress, is the third son of the late Jay Gould and the second of them to take a bride from the theatrical profession. He is 28 years old and a keen business man, so that, having still some $5,000,000 left, he will probably be able to worry along.

Sentiment and Poker.

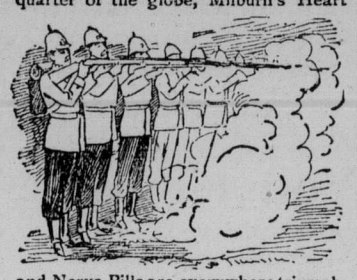
She—Cold hands and a warm heart, you know.

He—I have also observed that a succession of good hot hands is apt to give a fellow cold feet.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

A BRITISH SOLDIER

Tells how Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills Conquer Disease.

Like the conquering armies of Britain, which are marching to victory in every quarter of the globe, Milburn's Heart



and Nerve Pills are everywhere triumphing over sickness, weakness and suffering.

Mr. David Walsh, of Carleton Place, Ont., a man who has served with distinction and credit in the British army, and is now an employee of the C. P. Railway, says, "While in the army I got broken down, and my nervous system was completely shattered.

"I was much troubled with liver complaint, loss of appetite, etc. My rest became broken and was disturbed by vivid dreams. This had been going on for 14 years, although I took a great many remedies to escape from the troubles which afflicted me.

"However, I got no relief until I started to take Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, which I used together with Laxa-Liver Pills, and now after having used a few boxes, I am better than I have been for years. My nerves are restored to full force and vigor, I eat and sleep well, and my entire system has been toned and strengthened."

"Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, 50c. a box, or 3 for $1.25, at all druggists.

"Laxa-Liver Pills," says John Doherty, 35 North Street, St. John, N.B., "cured me of Constipation and Distress after eating. Their action is natural and effective."

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

ST. VITUS DANCE.

A TROUBLE THAT CAUSES ITS VICTIMS MUCH INCONVENIENCE.

Winfred Schofield, of Gaspereau, N. S., Tells How He Obtained a Speedy and Permanent Cure.

From the Acadien, Wolfville, N. S.

The many cases brought to his notice of residents in this vicinity being cured from physical disorders through the agency of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, have created in the mind of the Acadien representative a sincere belief in the healing powers of this remedy. Yet withal he was a little incredulous the other day when told of a young man who had been cured of a very serious and deplorable disease by the use of only some two boxes of these little miracle workers. It seemed impossible that such a remarkable healing could be wrought even by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in such short order. Accordingly he was possessed of a strong desire to investigate. Mr. Winfred Schofield, of Gaspereau, was the address given us by our informant, and were not long in hunting him up. We found Mr. Schofield to be a bright yonug man of about twenty years of age and of more than ordinary intelligence. His air of candor and straightforwardness dispelled any doubts we may have had. In a very few words he stated to us his case. "Two years ago," he said, "I was taken with an attack of St. Vitus Dance. Sometimes when at work I found that my fingers would all at once straighten out and I would be compelled to drop anything I was holding. One day I was using an axe when seized with one of these attacks. The axe slipped from my hands and in falling struck my foot and gave it a nasty cut. After that you can depend upon it I left axes alone, and it was not long before I had to give up using any kind of tool. My complaint rapidly grew worse and I was soon unfitted for any sort of work. Everything possible was tried by my in order to get relief, but I got no better. At last one day a neighbor of mine, Mr. Fred Fielding, who had been cured by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, advised me to give them a trial, offering to pay for them himself if they did not help me. As it turned out he was safe enough in making the offer. I followed his advice, but had scarcely begun to use them when I began to feel very much better. After using two boxes I was perfectly cured and have never been troubled with the complaint since. I am confident that to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills alone I owe my cure.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills create new blood, build up the nerves, and thus drive disease from the system. In hundreds of cases they have cured after all other medicines have failed, thus establishing the claim that they are a marvel among the triumphs of modern medical science. The genuine Pink Pills are sold only in boxes, bearing the full trademark "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." Protect yourself from imposition by refusing any pill that does not bear the registered trade mark around the box. If in doubt send direct to Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and they will be mailed to you post paid at 50c a box, or six boxes for $2.50.

Inopportune Deaths.

Julius Cæsar was assassinated when he had almost completed the task of consolidating the administration and dominion of the Roman empire, and his death opened the way to that despotism and corruption which ultimately undid his work. Henry of Navarre was killed when he had almost healed the differences between Catholic and Protestant, which subsequently rent not only France, but Europe, and William the Silent also fell when he was on the point of uniting the Netherland provinces into a compact barrier against the encroachments of Spain.

In English history Lord Clive died at the moment when he was the one man who could have saved the American colonies and kept the Anglo-Saxon race united, but there is the case of Mirabeau. He was literally the one man in France who could have averted the horrors of the revolution, saved and reformed the monarchy and so spared Europe the murderous career of Napoleon and all the devastation it brought. If he had lived ten or even five years longer, the history not only of France, but of Europe and the world, would have been different. It is in fact sufficient to say that he would have made both Robespierre and Napoleon impossible.—Strand Magazine.

AS TO EPILEPSY AND FITS.

Liebig's Fit Cure for Epilepsy and kindred affections is the only successful remedy, and is now used by the best physicians and hospitals in Europe and America. It is confidently recommended to the afflicted. If you suffer from Epilepsy, Fits, St. Vitus Dance, or have children or relatives that do so, or know a friend that is afflicted, then send for a free trial bottle and try it. It will be sent by mail, prepaid. It has cured where everything else has failed.

When writing mention this paper and give full address to The Liebig Co., 177 King street west, Toronto.

THE CURE OF ASTHMA.

Liebig's Asthma Cure will cure Asthma, Hay Asthma or Hay Fever. Hundreds of people in four continents will say so. It is a high-class medicine, endorsed by medical men, and used by the best people in all parts of the civilized world.

A free trial bottle will be sent to any sufferer by mail prepaid. If you are afflicted, send your name and address to The Liebig Co., 177 King street west, Toronto, and say you saw this free offer in this paper.

A driving rein is all right for the horseman, but a light shower satisfies the cyclist.

Whenever a bachelor begins to investigate a girl's cooking he means business.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

No Musician He.

Some one played a mean joke on a Chicago detective. He was sent to a house where lived a girl who was much given to practicing on the piano. He met the girl and asked her what she knew about "the affair." "I don't understand," she replied. "Why, you see," rejoined the detective, "we got a tip from the boarding house next door that somebody here has been murdering Wagner, and the authorities have sent me here to follow up the case."—Chicago Journal.

The Doctor.

A patient worker, he. In calm
And stormy weather, too,
The faithful doctor hurries forth
Our ills to try subdue.
No one has ever said of him,
"The doctor is a shirker!"
No—rather, as his bills came due,
"He is a patient worker!"
—Up to Date.

Historic.

"I suppose," said the frequently disappointed politician, "that I may refer to my latest experience as 'a historic defeat.'"

"Yes," answered the somewhat satirical friend, "in the sense that history repeats itself." Washington Star.

We believe MINARD'S LINIMENT is the best.

Matthias Foley, Oil City, Ont.
Joseph Snow, Norway, Me.
Chas. Whooten, Mulgrave, N. S.
Rev. R. O. Armstrong, Mulgrave, N. S.
Pierre Landry, senr., Pokemouche, N. B.
Thomas Wasson, Sheffield, N. B.

Smoking In Korea.

In Korea all men and women smoke. They begin early. The pipe is a brass bowl, with a reed stem four feet long and a brass, amber or glass mouthpiece. Accidents often occur from persons falling with a long pipe in the mouth, the stem of which is driven down the throat through the cheek or into the palate. During the "reform period," after the Japan-China war, long pipes were forbidden to the common people, and they turned to cigarettes, which have become rooted in the popular affection. Native cigarettes, which are of poor quality, sell for 1 cent gold for 20. Little cigars of cigarette size sell for 14 cents gold per 100.

American cigarettes are used exclusively in the palace, and thousands of them are smoked there. This makes them popular with the upper classes, and the consumption of them is very great. The best of them cost 1 cent gold each. The import duty on cigars and cigarettes is 20 per cent ad valorem; but, in spite of this, the American manufacturers are gradually coming into control of the market.—Chicago Times-Herald.

A Good Spurgeon Story.

Here is a story about Spurgeon. He once passed a stonemason who, after each stroke of his hammer, cursed and swore. Mr. Spurgeon laid his hand on his shoulder and, looking kindly at him, said: "You are an adept at swearing. Can you also pray?"

With another oath he replied, "Not very likely."

Holding up 5 shillings, Mr. Spurgeon said if he would promise never to pray he would give him that.

"That is easily earned," said the man, with a fresh oath, and put it in his pocket. When Spurgeon left, the man began to feel a little queer. When he went home, his wife asked him what ailed him, and he told her. "It is Judas' money!" said the man, and on a sudden impulse he threw it into the fire. The wife found it and took it out and discovered who had given it to him. The man took it back to Spurgeon, who conversed long with him, warning him, and at length was the means of saving him. He became an attached member of his flock.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

England carries about 58 per cent. of the sea-borne merchandise of the world.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure 25c.

W. R. ALLAN,

General Insurance Agent,

FIRE Companies Represented:
Quebec Fire Assurance Co.
Royal Insurance Co.
Sun Insurance Office
Union Assurance Society

All classes of Insurances transacted and losses promptly and satisfactorily settled.

JUST A BAD COLD.

A sharp stinging pain in the back—you think it doesn't amount to anything—be all right in a few days—but it doesn't get all right—kidneys are not doing their duty, and the poisonous matter that they ought to remove is going all through the system—causing rheumatism, gout, dyspepsia, headaches, backaches—all sorts of ills.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Cure the disease by removing the cause.

W. D. Popham, Talbot St., St. Thomas, Ont., says: "I have for a long time had serious back and kidney trouble. My back was so stiff and painful that when I sat down I had to have something to assist me to get up. I have taken four boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills, and they have taken the stiffness and pain from my back and enabled me to straighten up without pain or difficulty."

Price 50c. a box, 3 for $1.25, The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont. druggists.

ODORLESS CREMATORY CLOSET.

The best and most sensible invention of the age. Endorsed and recommended by MEDICAL men all over the country. PRICE SO REASONABLE that no home should be without one. Write for circular to

The Odorless Crematory and General Heating Co.,
HAMILTON, ONT.

P. O. Drawer 1287. Tel. 1137.

J. D. O'BRIEN,
Grain and Stock Broker,
WINNIPEG.

Grain and securities carried on margins. Private wire connection with all markets

ATTENTION

Difference between Paper and Wool Roofing: Paper dries and becomes brittle. The Wool is elastic and tough. Has never been known to crack; 8 years has established its reliability—wind and water proof.

Write for samples to
W. G. FONSECA.
705 Main Street, Winnipeg.

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PURITY AND QUALITY.

And these are the things that are ALWAYS present in OUR GOODS and in nothing are they more evident than in our

WHITE STAR HEALTH COFFEY
....AND....
WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER.

The Dyson Gibson Co.

J. M'VICAR
GRAIN & COMMISSION MERCHANT
GRAIN EXCHANGE, WINNIPEG.

All kinds of Grain bought and sold. Liberal advances on consignments. Prompt returns. Send Samples.
Write or wire for Prices, Box 574.

GET READY

to take a course in the WINNIPEG BUSINESS COLLEGE this winter. It pays to EDUCATE for BUSINESS. A greater demand for office help than we could fill during the past six months shows why you should take such a course.

G. W. DONALD, Sec.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS
ROSES • CARNATIONS
CUT FLOWERS in season
AT **H. E. PHILPOTT**
GREENHOUSES:
336 Portage Avenue, WINNIPEG.

SAFES VICTOR SAFES

KARL K. ALBERT, GEN. AGT.
407 MAIN ST., WINNIPEG,
Next door to P. O.

SNAPS FOR CASH.

Household Safes, small size, - - $12.00
Household Safes, large size, - - 30.00

Just the thing for a Christmas present. Both useful and ornamental.

Merchants' Safes, all sizes and prices, on easy terms or cash. Come and see them or write for quotations. Special prices during November and December.

W. N. U. 198

BOVRIL, LIMITED

MANUFACTURERS OF
BOVRIL In Tins and Bottles

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF.

Dessicated and Dried Potatoes and other Vegetables.

SOUP NODULES.

And other preparations of condensed food specially suited for prospectors, surveyors and explorers, and for

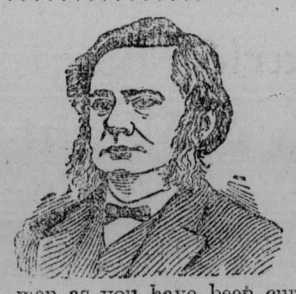
KLONDIKE OUTFITS

London, ENGLAND. and 27 St. Peter St., MONTREAL.

EARN A WATCH

Earn this valuable Watch, Chain and Charm by selling twenty **Topaz Scarf Pins**, at 15 cents each. Send your address and we forward the Pins and our Premium List, postpaid. No money required. These Pins will almost sell themselves, for the Topaz has all the brilliance of the best diamonds, and has never before been off red at anything like this price. The Watch is neat in appearance, thoroughly well made, and fully guaranteed. Unsold Pins may be returned. Mention this paper when writing.

THE GEM PIN CO., Freehold Building, Toronto, Ont.



... DON'T BE A WEAK MAN!

Don't let your past errors wreck the happiness of your life. You can be cured. Over 5,000 such men as you have been cured during the past year by

DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT.

This is the only sure, permanent way to regain vigor. It has taken the place of drugs, which never cure. Electricity is life and restores life to men who have lost it. Send for the book,

"THREE CLASSES OF MEN" FREE.

Or call at the office and test the Belt free of charge. It means health and happiness to you

DR. D. T. SANDEN,
132 St. James St., Montreal.

A good Coffee at last!

Value Coffee

"Nothing better". "nothing cheaper"
Sold in 1/2 lb. lead packets
hermetically sealed.
Ask your grocer for "Value" Coffee
15 cents per packet.

CARDSTON RECORD.

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Wednesday at Cardston.

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Editor and Proprietor.

Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

THE EDITOR does not assume responsibility for the views or statements expressed by any of THE RECORD'S contributors.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance.

Advertising Rates on application.

In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisements, they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisements will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

In case a subscriber does not receive THE RECORD weekly, notice should be sent to the publication office, Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta, when the complaint will be thoroughly investigated.

Copy for change of advertisments MUST not be in later than Saturday noon.

Cardston, December 28, 1898.

DEATH OF SISTER LAYNE.

A gloom has been cast over our peaceful viliage by the death of Sister Anna Layne who departed this life Dec. 23rd 1898.

Deceased was born Feb. 22nd 1849, at Stow on the Wolds, Glostershire, England. Is the daughter of E. A. and Maria Sweetlove Langhurst. Moved to Utah in 1878. Married to J. E. Layne 16 Sept. 1879 at Salt Lake City Utah. Came to Cardston, Canada, 29th Sept. 1887.

When the Relief Society was first organized she was chosen as councillor to the President and acted in that capacity for five years.

Sister Layne was the mother of 10 children all of whom survive her. In her testimony of the Gospel of Christ she never wavere i. Her ifes desire was to comfort and bless others, and she was devoted to her religion.

Her death coming so suddenly was a shock to all. She passed away surrounded by her children and relatives confident in the hope of a glorious resurrestion.

Funeral services were held on Dec 24th. at the Meeting House. Consoling remarks were made by Elder H. L. Hinman. J.A. Woolf. J. P. Low and Bishop J.A. Hammer. "Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord."

COMMUNICATION.

A deep gloom is cast over the small town of Cardston and places round about at the sudden departure of a true and devoted sister, Sister Anna Layne. She was one of the first settlers that came here with her husband and children.

She has been a faithful and an active worker in the Relief Society here for a number of years. And a more faithful hand never was to administer to the wants of the sick than she; indeed we may say she has laid her life down for the sake of her family and friends here. She was indeed a loved companion and a helpmate to her husband who feels her loss very keenly. But cheer up dear ones your mother is now at rest and has gone to prepare a place for you all if you remain faithful. What a glorious future it will be when we all meet again never more to be torn apart with sickness and death. And may we all be as near ready to answer to the call as our dear sister who has gone before us.

A noble woman, a woman of worth,
A mother and a friend,
Has left the narrow sphere of earth
Her upward course to wend.

Firm as the hills she was a stay
A bulwark and a shield;
Like a strong pillar moved away,
To Zions broader field.

From understandings deepest wells
Unmeasured draughts she drew,
The light that with Jehovah dwells
Inspired her wisdom too.

With dignity she filled the sphere;
Alloted her below.
Her presence seemed an impulse here
To wisdoms genial flow.

But now her noble form must lay
And slumber in the dust;
While she with honor joins the high
Assemblies of the just.

With fondly cherished memory
Her name will be beloved
While virthe and integrity
Are by the saints approved.

The stroke is with a heavy rod
But while our hearts deplore
Her loss, will own the hand of God,
That God whom we adore.

NELLIE PITCHER.

CARD OF THANKS.

J. E. Layne and Family wish to thank all who kindly assisted in waiting and nrusing in sickness and after the demise and in preparing for the funeral services of the late lamented Anna Longhurst Layne.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

1899.

Happy New Year!

Three more days in 1898.

The price of wheat is advancing.

It snowed a little on Thursday.

The Record is an 8 page paper today.

London has experienced a cold snap.

It was 36 below zero in Maine last week.

The clerks in the stores are kept busy these days.

Hyrum Thomsen was in town one day last week.

A woman burglar has been arrested in New York City.

His Excellency, Lord Minto, dined with the Toronto Club, Friday night.

One day last week Staff Sargt. Farr. V. S., of Macleod, visited the N. W. M. P. at St. Mary's.

The High Joint Commission has taken a recess for the Christmas holidays.

Since the death of Gladstone, the British Liberal Party has been practactlly without a head.

Sir Vernon Harcourt has retired from the leadership of the Liberal party in the Imperial House of Commons.

Counterfeit coin, especially an American 50ct. piece, is being circulated in Toronto. Two Italians have been arrested charged with uttering counterieit coin.

The supposition that Mr. J. P. Low is "Zest" is erroneous. So far as we can recollect Mr. Low has never written an article for publication in the Record.

Wednesday morning, Dec. 21st Mrs. Robert Ibey presented her husband with a fine boy. Robt. says his son can talk already, and we do not question the ascertion.

The amount of school taxes collected in School District No. 457 (Cardston) for the year 1898, was $1,203.26. The District received from the Council of Public Instruction, $535:35.

The Regesteration of Births, Marriages and Deaths is an important thing which should be attended to promptly by the people in this District. Blanks for the purpose may be had free at this office, or by writing the C. B. Bowman, Registrar, Lethbridge.

The Mormon settlement at Cardston is prospering and on the increase also. President Card has informed the Immigration Department that some 560 persons have come into the settlment this year and prospects for next year bringing in a larger number, are favorable.—Alberta Independent.

In the December issue of The Nor'-West Farmer there are articles on "The Sheep Industry" and "The Chemistry of Wheat and Its Products," also the results of tests at Indian Head Experimental Farm, all of which are of special interest to farmers in the west. There is also in this issue an index to Volume 17. Commencing with the next number, this journal will be issued twice a month.

In his last report, J. Hewgill, Inspector of Schools, in refering to the adequacy of accommodation of our school building, said in part: "The church building is for many reasons very unsatisfactory for school purposes and as the accomodation will have to be increased before long, I hope you will take steps to erect suitable school buildings. The present attendance of 109, a considerable increase, renders it necessary to consider the above remarks."

A foreigner may enter land for a free homestead, but he must become naturalized before he can obtain a patent for it. If not already a British subject he must reside three years in the country to become naturalized. To become a British subject a settler of foreign birth should make application to a Commissioner authorized to administer oaths in any Court of Record in Canada; Judge of a Court of Record in Canada; a Commissioner authorized by the Governor General to take oaths under the Naturalization Act; a Notary Public; a Justice of the Peace of the county or district where the alien resides; a Stipendiary Magistrate or a Police Magistrate. There is sure to be one or other of these officials in the neighborhood of every settlement. The settler will receive a certificate of application and be instructed where to present it to obtain his certificate of naturalization.

COAL, COAL, COAL!

Clarke Mine, - - - - - - Belly River.

$2.25 per ton at the Mine,

Delivered in Cardston for $3.00 per ton.

Orders may be left at Co-op or Allen store.

Advertise in THE RECORD.

Subscribe for THE RECORD.

O. E. Bates is erecting an addition to his home in town.

Henry Tanner was run over by a wagon one day last week and as a result is compelled to use crutches.

Samuel Cox is painting Thos. Duce's residence, which is one of the nicest in Cardston and a credit to the owner and the town.

If you want something nice in the calander line, call at this office and get one. They do not, of course, cost you anything.

The Cardston Co. Ltd., and H. S. Allen & Co. had their stores nicely arranged and decorated for the holidays.

R. W. Reader's wife gave birth to a girl baby, Friday Dec. 23rd. Mother and babe doing nicely.

The Mormon church is issuing bonds to the amount of $500,000, at 6 per cent.

"Pilgrim's Progress" has been translated into two hundred and three languages and dialects.

Thus for the total output from the Klondike aggregates about $11,000,000.

It takes thirty seven fuel equiped steamers to keep the submarine cables of the world in repair.

The average wage in Paris of workingmen is $1.25 per week, and of women sixty cents.

A pulling-match on Monday afternoon drew a large crowd to the southern part of town. The match was between a horse owned by Mr. Austin and one of Mr. Kearl's. Mr. Austin's proved the best puller.

Elders Willard Baxter and James Stewart of Wellsville, returned Tuesday from Manitoba, Canada where they have spent the last two years in missionary work. They report a successful and pleasant mission.—Logan Journal.

Thos. H. Woolford of Smithfield, Utah, left here for home yesterday morning. Mr. Woolford will sell out and return here in the spring, he being more than satisfied with this country and the opportunities it offers.

There was a double wedding at Leavitt on Wednesday last. The couples were, M. Allen and Miss Maud Broadbent; and Samuel Haslem and Miss Eliza Broadbent. Patriarch H. L. Hinman preformed the marriage ceremonies.

The Toronto Globe, says:

"It is reported from Winnipeg that a company is organized to expend half a million dollars in irrigating half a million acres of land in southern Alberta. There is a great extent of arid land in an exceptionally good climate, with the Rocky Mountains and their lingering snow for an abundant supply of water. The scheme should not present any serious engineering difficulties."

This probably refers to the Alberta Irrigation Co.

THE ENTERTAINMENT.

The school teachers, Miss Martin, Mr. Ross and Mr. Wright, are deserving of great praise for the splendid entertainment given Friday evening. That their efforts were appreciated by the public the large audience attested.

The program was rendered as follows:

PART—1—

God preserve our Native Land.

Chairman's Address	by Levi Harker
Song	Beatrice Perritt
Song	Agnes and Eunice May
Recitation	Etta Dowdle
Chorus	Lonie Evans and Company
Recitation	Minnie May
Duet	Aggie Sloan and Mr. Wright
Recitation	Amon Mercer
Chorus	Miss Martin's Pupils
Song	Maralda and Viola Allen
Dialogue	Amy Hammer and Willie Biglow
Song	Milton Woolf

PART—2—

Chorus	God Bless our Broad Dominion
Recitation	Zina Woolf
Song	Woolsey Girls
Recitation	Owen Brant
Recitation	Miss Martin's Class
Song	Mr. Wright
Recitation	Lathella Kearl
Song	Susie Wardle and Jennie Young
Song	Julia, Amy and Alta Hammer
Song	Parley Leishman
Chorus	Miss Martin's Pupils
Recitation	Julius Neilson
Song	Maralda Allen and Grace Woolf
Chorus	Mr. Ross's Class
God save the Queen	By all

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

A book of notes only 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

Wheat and oats taken on subscription at this office.

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, both one year for $2.50.

The Weekly Globe, Toronto, $1.00 a year. THE RECORD has agency.

FOR SALE—Model 1 Improved Hand Printing Press. Chase 5x8. At RECORD Office.*

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends. 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

FOR SALE: Four room house Good well water. Nice location. Enquire at RECORD office, next to Bank.*

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FOR SALE.—Ranch, 160 acres, ½ mile from Aetna. House, barn, well. 40 acres broke. Enquire at THE RECORD Office.

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

We will print your name and address on 250 nice XXX White Laid Envelopes for $1.50. The Envelopes alone would cots you $1. at any of the stores.

NOTICE.—Parties owing Lundburg & Neilson, blacksmiths, will save themselves trouble and expense by calling and settling their accounts AT ONCE at RECORD Office.

When you want receipt or note Books call at THE RECORD Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts. You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

RANCH FOR SALE.—320 acres. Good dwelling house. Good stables & corrals. Over 100 head of cattle; 70 head of horses; wagons, farm machinery etc.—Will be sold reasonably. Apply to Postmaster, Colles Alta, 21, 22, 23.

CHRISTMAS IN FRANCE.

The habits and customs of the Parisians differ greatly from those of our own large cities, but at no time more than at this festive season. A stranger in Paris would not know Christmas Day from any other from the appearance of the capital. It is, indeed, set down as a jour de fete in the calendar, but all the ordinary business of life is transacted, the streets are, as usual, crowded with wagons and coaches; the shops, with few exceptions, are open, although on fete days the order for closing them is rigorously enforced, and if not attended to, a fine levied; and at the churches nothing extraordinary is to be observed. All this is surprising in a Catholic country which professes to pay such attention to the outward rites of religion. On Christmas Eve, indeed, there is some bustle for a midnight Mass, to which immense numbers flock. The altars are dressed with flowers, and the churches decorated profusely.

The French listen to the church music and to the singing of their choirs, which are generally excellent, but they know nothing of the origin of the day, and the duties which it imposes. The English and American residents in Paris, do not, however, forget to carry out their good old customs, and the best English cooks in Paris are busily employed at this festive season. But the French have a strong prejudice against plum pudding.

A FAMILY REUNION

Mr. and Mrs. Pilling had a regular old English home gathering at their residence on Xmas day. For the first time in nine years the whole family sat down to dinner together without one vacant chair. Three generations sat at the table, sixty-five persons in all. The day was spent in a ceaseless round of pleasure. Long may Mr. and Mrs. Pilling be spared to their family and may they enjoy many such times.

Cold Weather

makes us look for

Underwear, German Sox,
Over-shoes and Fur Coats.

First Snow Fall

will require Bob-sleds and Snow Packs.

All these you can get at lowest Prices from

The Cardston Co. Ltd

Get a Suit of All Wool Underwear for $1.00.

Hooked up at last.
HARNESS & SADDLERY.

Give us a call and examine stock. We have dandy HORSE BLANKETS.

REPAIRING A SPECIALITY.
Quality first. Prices right.

S. H. Horner,
CARDSTON, Next Kearl's Livery Stable

You Know
Wolsey & Evans,
Contractors & Builders,
W. M. Wolsey. James Evans.
Cardston, - - Alberta.

The Record
one year
$2.00
Deseret News
and
The Record
one year
for $3.50

Mr. Ramsbottom spent Xmas with Mr. and Mrs. R. Pilling, at Ætna.

The "sports" of the town had a great time Monday afternoon in front of Kearl's livery stable, indulging in various kinds of athletic exercise.

Gus Austin was fined $5 and costs amounting to $9. for attacking an Indian, particulars of which appeared in a previous issue.

Meat Market.
Wm. Wood.
Fresh Meats of all kinds constantly on hand.
Cash paid for hides

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.
All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.
Cardston. . . . . Alberta.

Samuel Cox,
Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting, & Paper Hanging.
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Livery, Feed & Sale Stables
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Good outfits furnished at all hours.

Rates Reasonable.

Kearl & Sharp.

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General Blacksmiths
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Wagon Makers.
All kinds of work done at short notice, and satisfaction guaranteed.
Give us your order for a new Buggy or Democrat.
H. R. Sloan. A. J. Gay.
Victor Frank. J. M. Wight.
Gay & Wight & Co.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 4, 1899. NO. 23

"WHAT'S THE MATTER WITH ALBERTA?"

What's the matter with Alberta? And from the 49th parallel even to the banks of the Peace nature answers through many voices: "Alberta is all right. She's all right!"

From the middle and southern portions where

THE GREAT PLAINS

rule the answer comes clear and loud: "We are the pasture lands of this Dominion for ages. We bred and fed those countless herds of buffalo. Winter and summer our grass and climate were their food and shelter. In million herds these roamed. They are gone, but our capability to breed and feed has not changed. Nay, with the help of careful men we can do much better than ever in the past, with the blessing of the Lord we can furnish beef and mutton and hides, and butter and cheese for the large markets of the world. Alberta is all right!" Thus these plains have truly answered.

And from the north the great farm lands where

WOOD AND PLAIN

alternate reign, there comes the cry: "We are many. Our soil is rich. Snow and rain and dew, combines to make our moisture sure, our sun is hot and clear. Where men have tickled us with steel, and we have smiled in turn with grain and crops of many kinds. Let man but tickle more and some day we will laugh out loud and strong and lands afar will feel our mirth. We are large and broad. There is room for millions on our breast. Alberta, we are part of her. She's all right!"

And while we have been listening to these agricultural strains, another also full toned and liquid in its notes takes up the song. These are the many

RIVERS SMALL AND BIG

which are mountain fed and perennial in their flow: "We will vouch for Alberta. She is our mother. We are her many voiced children, with rill and rapid and fall and flood. We gush down her slopes and make all that has life within her, either sad or glad, (more often glad) We saturate and sanitate, and irrgate, and evaporate all through the land. We are always fresh and young and strong. We can be dammed and turned and handled and won and made stronger. Our power may be localised and multiplied. We can with the help of man's brain make land that is dear at a dollar per acre, cheap at one hundred. We can be lifted and shifted and trickled until great regions are damp with our sweat. Oh yes we rivers with our golden sands and constant flow belive in Alberta. She is all right."

And while Alberta's myriad rivers rush on we look up

TO THE HEIGHTS

from whence they come, and lofty foot hills and grander mountains in high keyed notes sound forth their faith in Alberta: "She is sound. We are here to give her weigh and strength. We will furnish grass, and timber, and lime and coal and mica and copper and iron and silver and gold. We are as yet so far as man is concerned great unknown quantities. In us are hidden wondrous stores of power and plenty. Moreover, we are her reservoirs of moisture. We wring the clouds and they drop fatness. We will furnish for all time to come scenes of changeful beauty and grandeur and glory. We will lift Alberta's people heavenward and thus bless both mind and soul. Nay, verily, we will belive in Him who created us for mighty purpose, therfore we will beleve in Alberta. She's all right!"

A TRIO OF FORCES

And now there comes a trio of heavenly and terrestrial forces—sun, and air and climate. The sun says "Alberta she is the gem province in your grand Dominion. She stands highest in my esteem, she comes to meet me a long way up. She welcomes my glances, and is glad of my smile, therefore I reveal myself to her as to none other. I drop haloes on her mountain peaks and soft caresses on her foothill summits. I glide through her valleys and spread myself over her broad prairies. I shine into her forest glens. I quicken her rich soils. I multiply her grasses, I harden her grains. I raise large portions of the waters of her many rivers and lakes, and send them to her mountain basins to again and again overflow and continue without rest their lifegiving work. Oh! Alberta is one of my queens, on her broad and lofty expanse I have free course and am glorified."

And now comes air, that wondrous force which fills high Heaven and fain would penetrate all the earth. "Alberta, she's all right. She gives me a fair field. Seated on the summit of the continent her altitude allows me full swing. I oscillate east, and west, north and south, I catch nowhere, I go every where. Alberta's position is such that I seldom need to rest. In her my normal state is movement. Therefore I am not spasmodic nor yet revolutionary. Here I do not need to become a blizzard, or tornado or cyclone, Alberta keeps no corsets ready made for me, in her I am free and more, am happy. She's alright! Alberta is alright!"

And last but not least comes dame climate. "Alberta is my home, she is my favorite in her I have full opprtunity for full development. Her conditions are most favorable to my well being. A northern land free from ague and miasma, and equitorial heat. A lofty land lifted far above the scum mists of lower earths. A land full of flowing streams. A land rich in great floods of glorious sunshine, gifted with pure air in constant circulation, having such variety in longtitude and latitude and altitude that she becomes as nature's laboratory to produce me. "Dame Climate", in such quality do I come forth that I cannot help but bless all who come within the scope of my embrace. Alberta is alright!"

May she gang her gait.
The Lord, He kens her fate.
May millions come.
She'll make their home.
God bless Alberta.

John McDougall.

Morley, December 21, 1898.—Calgary Herald.

GROWING CARDSTON.

The town was first settled some twelve years since by half a dozen families; now Cardston has about one thousand inhabitants. It is beautifully situated on the banks of Lee's Creek, a fresh, pure stream that flows rapidly from the Rocky Mountains, thirty miles to the west.

Cardston is surrounded by one of the best ranching districts on this Hemisphere. Cattle, sheep and horses do well upon these ranges at all times of the year, and ranching in all its branches is carried on here with the most gratifying results. Coal deposits are numerous and close to town, and coal is delivered for $5 a ton. Those troubled with pulmonary affections will find this district very desirable on account of the dryness of the atmosphere. The town contains good schools which are aided by grants from the Government. Most every line of business is represented. A portion of the town is under an irrigation system that has demonstrated the value of the soil for the raising of all kinds of cereals, etc. The town has a bank, post-office, close connection with the express office at Lethbridge, schools, churches, dance-hall, hotels, fine stores, numerous comfortable residences, etc., etc., Parties possessed of small capital will find the district one of exceptional worth as offering inducements to engage in ranching. There is an opening here for a brick kiln, and, in fact, an industrious man with a small capital can engage in most any kind of legitimate business in Cardston and by doing so better his financial condition.

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THE CARDSTON RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News, both one year for .....$3.50.

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THE CARDSTON RECORD

CARDSTON, ALBERTA.

The Record

$2. a year.

WHAT CARDSTON NEEDS.

A lime kiln.
A railroad.
A shoe shop.
A drug store.
A tailor shop.
A brick kiln.
Graded streets.
A lumber yard.
A roller flour mill.
An amusement hall.
An immigration building.
A tri-weekly mail service.
A commodious school house.
Board of trade, or chamber of commerce.
Ten thousand more good citizens added to the thousand already here.

ABOUT BUSINESS.

At the close of 1898 it is a suitable time to briefly review the progress made during the year by our business men.

The Cardston Company, Limited, has undergone a change in management. Mr. Sterling Williams retiring and Mr. James P. Low assuming charge. The Company has begun building, and 1899 will be an important year in the history of Cardston's oldest mercantile institutions.

H. S. Allen & Company have just moved into the large addition erected in the past few months. The Company now has the largest building in Cardston, and they carry a full line of general merchandise and are doing a large business.

The Cardston Meat Market, under the able management of William Wood, is an 1898 industry, and Mr. Wood is doing a profitable business.

Gay & Wight & Co. is also an 1898 enterprise. The Company is composed of the following well known business men: A. J. Gay, H. R. Sloan, J. M. Wight and Victor Frank. They carry on a general blacksmith and wagon making business.

Kearl & Sharp, in their livery stable business, have been doing well, now they will soon launch out into the hotel business, their building being nearly completed.

M. Spencer, manager of the Cardston Tin Shop, is constantly busy turning out first class work in his line.

S. H. Horner began a harness and saddlery business only a few weeks ago; but in that short time has made many friends and customers.

L. F. Bonnell, after an adsence of several months, returned and again began work in his blacksmith shop. He is making a specialty of horseshoing, and it goes without saying that he has all he can possibly do.

The Hotel de Woolf is continuing the popular resort for commercial men and travelers in general, and business has been good during 1898.

In the absence of Pres. C. O. Card, sub agent for Dominion lands, Mr. Robt. Ramsbottom does the work in the office.

Mr. Robt. Ibey, agent for the Singer Sewing Machine, also pianos and organs, is laying the foundation for a large and profitable business.

Alex. Campbell can always be found at his Tonsorial Parlors.

S. Low recently opened a Photograph Gallery at his residence in Cardston. He informs us that he has all that he can do.

Samuel Cox, if not busy painting, is busy in carpentry. He gives satisfaction wherever he works.

Wolsey & Evans, contractors & builders, have erected more than a dozen new houses in the past few months.

Mercer & Mc Carty, props. of the Lethbridge & Cardston Stage Line are always up to time, or a little in advance.

H. W. Savory is selling many horses, and has more for sale.

The Clarke Mine, on Belle River, is once more to the front with good coal. They deliver it in Cardston for $5. per ton.

C. E. Snow, having sold out his store, now devotes all his time to the Banking Business and the editing of THE RECORD.

R. C. Beck is always adding to the number of Cardston's buildings, and no doubt 1899 will not be an exception.

Washing the eyes morning and night in water as hot as it can be borne is a wonderful tonic for those useful servants which are so easily injured.

At H. S. Allen & Co's

Best and largest assortment of

Holiday Goods

ever brought to Cardston.

CAR OF FURNITURE just in.

Prices lower than ever.

Full line of

Xmas Groceries

in stock.

C. Edgar Snow, Banker,

Cardston, - - - Alberta.

1895 1899

A general banking business transacted.

LETHBRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.

Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7:30 o'clock, a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $3.00; Round trip, $5.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.

MERCER & McCARTY PROPS.

Photograph Gallery

at the Residence of S. LOW.

Open on clear days from 12 to 2 p.m.

Cardston, - - - Alberta.

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RATES, $1.50 PER DAY.

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The Record $2.00

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SUB AGENT
DOMINION LANDS.
ALSO AGENT FOR
RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY
. . . AND . . .
PRIVATE LANDS.

Office Hours: 9 to 4.

BLACKSMITH SHOP.

The undersigned wishes to inform the public that he is opening a shoeing shop in his old stand.

HORSE SHOEING A SPECIALTY.

L. F. Bonnell.

Singer Sewing Machine and Extras.
PIANOS & ORGANS.
Robert Ibey, Agent.

Get your HAIR cut AT

Campbell's

- Tonsorial Parlors. -

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Squibbs
Vanity Fair
N. Y. World
Wide World
Metropolitan
Cosmopolitan
Munsey Maga.
New Illustrated
McClures Maga.
Canadian Maga.
Broadway Maga.
Review of Reviews (En.)
Review of Reviews (Am.)
Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly.

PARTED AT THE ALTAR.

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY.

In a few brief words Doris had panted out her pitiful story of her meeting with Frederick that day, and of the pleasant meetings and rambles through the summer wood that followed. How he had persuaded her to steal out of the seminary and go to the grand ball, and the ill-starred hasty marriage that had resulted from it. How he had taken her to Baltimore, and leaving her at the hotel, had then and there heartlessly deserted her. Of her search for a situation as companion; and of the temptation to enter her husband's home and look once more upon his face that had tempted her to disguise herself and come to his mother.

As he listened, like a shock the past returned to Frederick Thornton. He tried to speak, but the words died away on his lips, making no sound. The veins stood out like cords on his forehead, and great drops of perspiration stood out in heavy beads on his white face.

Like a flash he remembered all now; —the marriage; leaving Doris, his young bride, at the hotel, and sauntering out into the street to smoke a cigar while she rested; and the accident which had followed that had nearly cost him his life, and which, when he recovered, had left such a strange blank in his mind as to some event or events that had transpired just prior to it, which he had ever since been vainly endeavoring to call to mind. Oh! and this was it! No wonder he was struck dumb with horror as his brain took in the terrible truth.

"Is it true, Frederick?" cried out Vivian, sharply "Oh, my love! my love! tell me that it is not true, or I shall go mad."

"It is true, Vivian," he murmured, hoarsely; and it almost seemed to him another voice had spoken, it seemed so strange and unnatural. "I married her, as she says. She is my wife."

He tried to say more, but the words refused to leave his lips. He was like a man bewildered—stunned by a swift, terrible, unexpected blow.

"I see it all now," screamed Vivian, with a wild, eldritch, shrill laugh that made both of their listeners' blood turn cold. "It was a daring scheme for a husband—a most daring plot to win my love from me by stealth," she went on, with stinging sarcasm "I should never have intrusted my note to you. A beggar like yourself—a nameless nobody—a waif on Madame Delmar's charity— I might have known would manoeuvre for a wealthy husband, just as you have done."

She sprang nearer to Doris, white with wrath, her eyes blazing as they rested on the girl who had come between her and Frederick Thornton's love.

"Let it be one bitter drop of disappointment in your cup of triumph to know that the man you have so cunningly entrapped does not nor never will love you, for his heart is mine. Do you hear, Doris Brandon? His heart is mine!"

Her eyes glittered, her cheeks and lips flushed scarlet with excitement.

Frederick Thornton's presence alone saved her from raising her clenched, jewelled hand and striking Doris down at her feet.

Frederick Thornton himself seemed incapable of action. To him Doris turned, holding up her little hands as if to ward off Vivian's scathing accusations.

"Frederick," she cried out, "oh, believe me, all that she accuses me of is false—all terribly false I—I—would have died sooner than—than try to entrap you into—marrying me."

There was a piteous quiver in the sweet, childish voice, and the soft blue, appealing eyes raised to Frederick Thornton's pale, disturbed, handsome face were drowned in tears. He would have interrupted her, but she held up her hand with a quick gesture.

"Hear me out," she cried. "I have only a few words more to say, but they must be said to you alone, Frederick. I could not speak before her."

Vivian expected that Frederick would put out his hand to her, crying out that she might remain and hear all that was to be said. But he did not; and with a derisive, sneering laugh, she gathered up her silken skirts in her dainty hand and fairly flew up the rose-bordered path to the house, and up to Mrs. Thornton's boudoir, to tell her the horrible story.

It was the most awkward moment of Frederick Thornton's life when he found himself standing alone face to face with Doris.

He meant to tell her that he had never willfully deserted her, and of the frightful accident which had stricken him down, separating him in so strange a manner from his watching, waiting bride, when she had ceased speaking. First, he must hear what she had to say to him.

"Oh, Mr. Thornton—Frederick!" she faltered, piteously, "you must believe that I never—never—thought of marrying you ten minutes before you spoke of it—proposed it, or I shall die here at your feet, or go mad with very shame. I thought you wished me to marry you—oh, heaven pity me!—I thought you wished me to marry you because you loved me just as dearly as I had learned to love you; yes, I believed that with all my heart."

The words she had uttered had fallen upon Frederick Thornton like a thunderbolt; they were a startling revelation to him. He looked into the beautiful, childish face aghast. Doris loved him!—Doris whom he had married in a moment of impulse, to save her from being cast adrift on the cold, pitiless world, she feared so much.

He had considered her but a beautiful, willful, capricious child. He was amazed to hear from her lips that revelation she had uttered in her intense excitement—she loved him.

"Oh, if you had but left me to die at the hall," she moaned, "for it was then that my heart went out to you. Oh, if I had but known you did not love me, I would have died sooner than have gone to the altar with you. I never thought that lips could breathe vows the heart was far from feeling. Heaven forgive you for pledging yourself at the altar to love me, when you knew it was false—all false, for your heart was as far from mine as the sky is from the earth. You loved another."

"Doris, poor little Doris, listen to me!" he cried, eagerly; but she held up that little hand again enjoining silence.

"Those solemn vows bind us to each other until the death of one sets the other free. I am going to give you back your freedom which you bartered away. I will not spoil your life and Vivian's."

She turned and attempted to pass him, but he put out his hand and caught the slender, girlish figure.

"How could you set me free, Doris?" he demanded. "What are you intending to do, my poor child?"

"I am going out into the bitterness of death," she sobbed, freeing herself, with a shudder, from his detaining clasp. "I am going to set you free. When you remember that, you will not quite hate me."

And with the swiftness of a storm-driven swallow, she sprang from his grasp down the path, and on to the dark flowing river that lay but a few rods beyond.

CHAPTER XIX.—A DESPAIRING GIRL.

The whole affair had been so sudden, the shock which had followed Doris's startling revelation so terrible, that for an instant Frederick Thornton was dazed and in that instant, the little figure had eluded his grasp, and with the fleetness of a tempest-tossed swallow, flew down the path that led to the river.

"Doris!" he called out, sharply. "Come back! What would you do?"

Only a heart-broken sob floated back to him.

The words she had uttered came to his memory with awful horror:—

"Only death could break the bonds that bind you to me, Mr. Thornton. I will not come between you and Vivian. I am going to set you free."

Surely poor, beautiful little Doris did not intend to court death in the dark, rapid river. The thought brought him to his senses as nothing else could have done, and with fleet footsteps he followed that flying figure, calling upon her to stop.

But if Doris heard those passionate cries she did not heed them. Pausing an instant on the brink of the moonlit water, she held up her white hands to the night-sky.

"It was all a cruel mistake," she murmured, with gasping sobs. "He did not love me. It was Vivian whom he loved. He hates me because I came between them and parted them, and I couldn't bear that. I must die and set him free.

Poor Doris! Her great sorrow had driven her mad with despair. With a quivering, piteous cry that pierced Frederick Thornton's heart like an arrow, as it floated back to him, little Doris flung herself from the rock on which she stood, down into the curling waves; and in an instant they closed over her head.

The next moment Frederick Thornton reached the spot. He stood there as if turned to stone, looking down into the rippling waters, sparkling under the pale light of the moon—the waters that had but a moment before closed over that beautiful, dark head and childish, despairing face.

Horror had almost robbed him of his voice, deprived him of his strength. With an awful cry he staggered back from the brink, and rushed toward the house, crying loudly for help, for she had not risen again.

Poor Doris. Her fair young bride he had wedded, and from whom the hand of fate had parted him, almost at the very altar, in so strange a manner, lying cold in death, and for his sake. She had not given him time to tell her how strangely fate had been playing at cross-purposes with them. She believed he had willfully, cruelly deserted her, and it was this that had driven her to her doom. She had sought death ere the startling truth could be revealed to her. Oh, the pity, the horror, and the cruel shame of it!

"Help! help!" he cried, hoarsely, wildly rushing up the broad, marble porch two steps at a time. To the servants, who rushed out in answer to their young master's wild cries, he explained in a few gasping words what had happened.

There would be no question of saving her now, they told him. They could only get drags, and search for the body. This was quickly done. Steady hands bent to the oars. Rigid and still, and ghastly white, Frederick Thornton sat in the boat beside them, watching it all; sat like a figure wrought in marble; sat with the ghastly, white, despairing face of a man whose thoughts were torturing him to madness. Every rush of the waves that beat against the boat—every stroke of the oars, as they struck against the water, seemed to cry out to him:—

"She sought death because she could not live without you. How the poor child loved you!"

The drags were dipped, splashed, and trailed through the shimmering water, only to come up tangled with weeds and river drift. No set, white, childish face, framed in rings of wet hair clinging to it—no slender, girlish figure came up with the drags from the river's depths.

An hour passed in useless search. They were obliged at length to abandon it. The swift under-current must have carried her away before they had reached the spot.

And all this time the merry ball was going on. Music, laughter and dancing made the night air echo with revelry, and not one among them knew of the tragedy which had taken place so near them.

Frederick Thornton could not go back to the scene of festivity. He could not endure it. Like one mad, he paced the river's brink, gazing with horror and remorse too great for words at the fair, false, smiling, treacherous waves.

Suddenly a light, quick step came hurriedly down the path. He knew before he raised his white, haggard, pain-drawn face that it was Vivian.

"Have you learned what has happened, Vivian?" he asked. "Poor Doris has flung herself into the river. I was powerless to save her, for she never rose again. There was not even a ripple to mark the spot where she went down. She is drowned. Poor pretty Doris! She did it to set me free. Oh, the pity of it, Vivian; the pity of it!"

To the last day of his life Frederick Thornton never forgot the shock it gave him to hear the triumphant cry that broke from Vivian's red lips:—

"Dead, is she, Frederick? Was there ever such a fortunate stroke of fate for you and me? I thought I should go mad when I listened to her story and heard it confirmed by your lips. And now she is out of our path forever!"

Frederick Thornton recoiled from Vivian in horror too great for words. Could it be that he had heard aright? Great heaven! had this girl, whom he had idiolized as little less than an angel, a heart of marble, and a breast so dead to human pity that she could speak of poor little Doris's untimely death like this?

"Vivian!" he cried, sternly, "do you realize that you are speaking of that poor child's death as though you were glad?"

"And so I am," assented Vivian Courtney. "Are you not, Frederick?"

"Heaven forbid!" he groaned, shudderingly. "If I could put life into that still heart again and brightness into those dim eyes, I would suffer a lifetime of pain to do it."

Vivian came a step nearer to him and laid her little white hand—on which his engagement ring still sparkled—on his arm. Only a few short hours before that touch would have thrilled him to the heart's core. Now he shook it off with a shudder.

"You have forgotten that, if she lived, she would have come between you and me—and happiness," she murumred.

And the voice that had always sounded like the sweetest music to Frederick Thornton's ears now seemed strangely discordant to him, and the vague thought drifted across his mind, was it possible he had ever loved this girl? Heretofore he had seen only the sweet side of Vivian's nature. Now she stood revealed to him in quite a different light—a vindictive woman; one capable of the most desperate, relentless hate; one who could glory in an innocent rival's death—the loss of a human life—if it removed an obstacle from her path. He was amazed —cruelly disappointed in Vivian Courtney.

The chances are, if Vivian had not given utterance to her real sentiments, the whole course of her after life would have been different. A slight incident, a word, a look, have often been known to turn the mightiest love into abhorrence. Love comes to the heart swiftly, and it may take wing just as swiftly, and is often but a transient guest. But, feeling so sure of Frederick's love, Vivian went on:—

"Yes, I am glad Doris has made away with herself. How we would have hated her if she had lived to spoil our lives. She was always a designing, artful minx when she was at school. Of course she purposely remained until past the hour for the gates to be locked, to entrap you into marrying her—the crafty—"

"Vivian!—Miss Courtney!—remember you are speaking of the dead!" exclaimed Frederick Thornton, sternly. "Do not speak another disparaging word of that poor child if you would have me retain the respect in which I have always held you. Remember—she was—my —wife."

Vivian took a step backward, and looked at his pale, angry face.

"One would almost imagine that you were as much in love with the pretty little beggar as she was with you," she cried; "and that you had just discovered that smoldering love existed in your heart when her unexpected taking off awakened it into life."

She had put the idea into his head, and he caught at the thought with strange eagerness. Was the great pain at his heart the quivering, mighty throb of love? He covered his face with his hands with a deep groan.

The consciousness of the truth came home to Frederick Thornton too late. He loved little Doris, the pretty, trembling young bride whom he had wedded, and from whom fate had parted him so strangely.

(To be continued.)

Why Not?

The other day, as a little Utica girl was being dressed to attend a child's party given at a neighbor's, her grandmother told her to be very sure and not forget, when she was about to come home, to say to the mother of the little girl giving the party, "Mrs. ——, I have had a very pleasant time."

The child looked up inquiringly and innocently asked, "Well, grandma, won't it do just as well if I tell her when I first get there before I forget it?" —Utica Observer.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Queries as They Are Editorially Answered In Coyote Gulch.

As stated in last week's issue we publish in the present copy of The Mercury our first column of answers to correspondents. Queries can be submitted at any time by our subscribers, and, although we do not claim to be authority on every subject under the sun, we will endeavor to answer them. We have in our library a "Hoyle on Games," a copy of "Quo Vadis," Bill Hank's manuscript speech, which he delivered when running for the mayoralty of Red Dog, and a barrelful of agricultural reports, from which we expect to be able to cull all the information desired by those who send us queries.

Q. In your obituary of One Eyed Jenkins you state he "died in harness." What does that mean? AL FRESCO.

A. It means Jenkins was hung with a hitching strap.

Q. What is the name used by scientific perfessers for grizzlies and all such varmints that hibernate all winter?

BALDY BILL.

A. Hibernians.

Q. Could a live business man make a fortune in the west at the present time?

EASTERN SPECULATOR.

A. We don't know. We are pretty sure a dead business man couldn't.

Q. I was going to experiment and try the Kneipp cure on the prairie in the early morning, but am told it is dangerous. Do you think so? Why?

MRS. J. S.

A. We do! Rattlers!

Q. If I am out walking with a gentleman and another gentleman comes along and wants to speak to the gentleman I am with, how far would it be polite for me to walk away while they interview each other?

MOSS ROSEBUD.

A. If the gentleman that wants to speak to your gentleman has a gun in his hand, it would be the height of politeness for you to walk away a couple of miles. If you can't make it, fall flat on the ground and trust to luck.

We have in the pigeonholes of our desk several hundred of these here questions, but we haven't space to print all the answers in this issue. Some of the answers we find in Hoyle, some in the agricultural reports, and if we are stuck and can't find an answer to a question we open up "Quo Vadis." We are ready to anwer them at any and all times for paid up subscribers. So send them in, boys!

NEWS IN BRIEF.

WEDNESDAY, DEC 21.

A tramp shot and killed another at Paris, Ontario.

Lieutenant-Governor Forget was banqueted at Wolseley.

Six persons were killed in a landslide on the Chilkoot Pass.

Municipal elections were held throughout Manitoba on Tuesday.

W. C. McDonald, the Montreal philanthropist, has been knighted.

One man was killed and several injured in a fire at Terre Haute.

It is proposed to bring several thousand Armenians to Canada.

Samuel Gompers was unanimously re-elected President of the A. F. L.

McGill College, Montreal, conferred the degree of LL. D. on Lord Minto.

The chemistry and mining wing of McGill College, was opened on Tuesday.

Three thousand Chinese soldiers were killed by an explosion at Hang-Chow.

A report of the assassination of President Heureux, of St. Domingo, is denied.

An important find of gold is reported from O'Donnell River, near Allin Lake.

Donald McNish was nominated for the legislature by the Liberals of West Elgin.

The Greenshields' block at Montreal was destroyed by fire; loss about $1,000,000.

Queen Lilioukalani protests to the U. S. congress against the seizure of her crown lands.

The customs revenue of the Dominion increased largely during the first ten days of December.

More negro miners arrived at Pana, Ill., and were disarmed by the troops guarding the mines.

English locomotive works are unable to fill their orders, and are working to their full capacity.

Mr. Blair addressed a Halifax deputation, explaining the government's policy regarding the I. C. R.

TUESDAY, DEC. 20.

Justice Hawkins, H. C. J., has resigned.

La grippe is epidemic in Greater New York.

Gold has been discovered in Lanark county, Ont.

The Argentine wheat crop was injured by frost.

Major Marchand evacuated Fashoda on December 11th.

Queen Victoria expresses her earnest desire for peace.

Spaniards at Iloilo are surrounded by the insurgents.

It is reported that the Sagasta cabinet will resign.

Ontario rinks will take part in the Winnipeg bonspiel.

The high joint commission has adjourned till January 5th.

The weather is mild and the bay open at Port Arthur.

The United States peace commissioners have sailed for home.

Prince Victor Napoleon's visit to Paris may lead to a coup d' etat.

President Alonzo, of Bolivia, has taken the field against the rebels.

The Merchants' Bank of Halifax will establish branches in Yukon.

Owen Sound's trade increased considerably during the past season.

Czuby, the confessed Galician murderer, attempted to commit suicide.

The Hammond Reef produced 98 ounces of gold from 396 tons of ore.

Chinese rebels massacred a French priest and a hundred Christians.

Peru and United States have failed to negotiate a reciprocity treaty.

The Havana police force will be modelled after that of New York.

The Winnipeg Children's Aid Society shelter home was opened on Monday.

Western Ontario gold mines produced $37,400 in the first ten days of December.

The charges against Rev. H. S. Jenamyan, Armenian missionary, are not proven.

Mr. Phepoe, manager of Molson's Bank, has been transferred to Trenton, Ont.

The St. Regis Indians desire an independent form of government on their reserve.

Drafts for the Leincesters, Royal Engineers and Royal Artillery arrived at Halifax.

A number of sheep, alleged to have been smuggled, were seized in North Dakota.

The Canadian commissioners gave a farewell banquet at Washington on Monday.

Prince George of Greece sailed for Canea, Crete, to assume his duties as governor.

Large quantities of ammunition and guns for Halifax and Esquimalt arrived at Halifax.

Mr. Conmee, M. P. P., for West Algoma, is mentioned as a successor to Mr. Harty.

Seligman Brothers, of New York, declined to undertake the floating of a Russian loan.

W. C. McDonald, of Montreal, has settled an annuity on the widow Kingsford, the historian.

In the Quebec provincial bye-elections three Liberals and one Conservative were returned.

Major McDonald has established British posts in Africa from Uganda to Lake Rudolph.

The French government will not allow the Dreyfus defence access to the secret documents in the case.

MONDAY, DEC. 19.

King Oscar of Sweden is ill.

Madame Dreyfus is seriously ill.

Leprosy is on the increase in Russia.

Baron Ferdinand de Rothschild is dead.

Several Russian provinces are suffering from famine.

Two Ohio boys, aged 10 and 13, were convicted of murder.

There is no change in the G. T. R. telegraphers' difficulty.

Hartland P. Harley, author, known as "Old Sleuth," is dead.

A French expedition is moving up the Yang-Tse-Kiang River.

General Shafter declares Cubans are unfit for self government.

The International commission will reassemble on January 5th.

Russian agents are trying to float a loan in the United States.

Ore shipments from Rossland aggregated 1,833 tons last week.

C. P. R. traffic receipts for last week show an increase of $21,000.

Great progress is being made in Portage la Prairie and vicinity.

Unknown parties stole $1,000 from J. Watkin's store at Forrest, Man.

A thousand Italians are en route to work on the White Pass railway.

Simeon Czuby has confessed to the murder of the Galicians at Stuartburn.

An unconfirmed report of the death of General Gomez is current in Madrid.

Russia is anxious to arrange a friendly understanding with Great Britain.

Canada has received 31,000 feet of space at the Paris exhibition of 1900.

English Liberal papers criticise Sir William Vernon Harcourt and Mr. Morley.

Senor Montero Rios severely criticises the United States' policy towards Spain.

Jarnegan, the extractor of gold from sea water, has sent $70,000 to his dupes.

The Northwest Commercial Travellers' Association elected officers on Saturday.

The new steamer Gaspesia arrived at Paspebiac, Q., from Milford Haven, on Sunday.

Development of the Crow's Nest coal measures will insure cheaper fuel to Manitoba.

Gold ore worth $25,000 per ton has been struck in the Mikado Mine, Lake of the Woods.

The Duke of Connaught will lay the foundation stone of the Gordon memorial at Khartoum.

Canadian commissioners hope to have a draft treaty with the U. S. ready by the end of January.

The attorney general of Ontario declares marriages in Ontario by a foreign minister illegal.

A Sintaluta farmer writes an interest account of his progress in ten years. He is worth $75,000.

Grand Duke Nicholas, of Russia, unveiled a monument to soldiers who fell in the Russo-Turkish war.

Ultra religious people in England are opposing Lord Kitchener's scheme for a Gordon memorial college.

The Newfoundland French shore difficulty may cause serious complications between Great Britain and France.

Paul Brown, sentenced to death for the murder of Wilbur E. Burton, at Winnipeg, has been respited till February 23rd.

J. C. Foley, of the Foley mine, Rainy Lake, urges western boards of trade to advertise Western Ontario's mineral resources.

SATURDAY, DEC. 17.

H. M. S. Irresistible was launched at Chatham.

The new hydraulic mining regulations are gazetted.

The U. S. peace commissioners sail for home to-day.

Pleas Goin, a Kentucky outlaw, was lynched by a mob.

A canal from Lake Michigan to Lake Superior is projected.

Canadian trade for five months past aggregated $130,266,000.

Alfred Head was killed at Calgary by an explosion of acetylene gas.

Mahdi Dinin, an Arabian chief, is leading a serious rebellion in Yamen.

Alexander Grant, registrar of the Ontario court of appeals, is dead.

Minneapolis flour mills will not enter McIntyre's proposed flour combine.

Montreal has started a subscription for Lord Kitchener's Gordon memorial.

The Waterworks bondholders have accepted Winnipeg's offer for the works.

The high joint commission will probably adjourn for the holidays on Monday.

A new town on the C. N. P. railway is called Sirdar, in honor of Lord Kitchener.

The ashes of Julius Caesar are reported of having been found in the Forum at Rome.

A proposal to tunnel Manhattan Island for transit purposes is taking definite shape.

The names of successful Winnipeg candidates in the civil service examinations are gazetted.

George H. Maxwell and D. H. Rowan, of the Winnipeg customs' staff, have been dismissed.

An insane man attacked the British embassy at Washington with bricks, doing $700 damage.

The Olive Gold mine, Seine River, has declared monthly dividends of one per cent. for December and January.

The question of dividing the Territories into provinces will be considered at the coming session of the Northwest legislature.

FRIDAY, DEC. 16.

There is a grain blockade at Buffalo.

A revolution has broken out in Bolivia.

Baron Newton, a Crimean veteran, is dead.

Dreyfus is said to be en route to France.

The Indian mints will not be reopened.

Count Talstoi is to be expelled from Russia.

Algeria is threatened with anti-Semitic riots.

Spain hopes to pay all her debts within eight years.

Gold has been discovered in a new district near Glenora.

Henry A. Rice, ex-Governor of Massachussetts, is dead.

Lord Curzon, viceroy of India, has sailed for Calcutta.

M. Mueller, of Berne, is elected president of Switzerland.

Spain asks Italy to watch the movements of Don Carlos.

A "Jack the Ripper" murder is reported from Brussels.

The Victoria Colonist contempt of court case was dismissed.

Lord Minto was entertained at dinner by the Toronto club.

Canada's mineral output for 1898 is estimated at $40,000,000.

Several men are reported frozen to death on the Yukon trail.

Lord and Lady Minto were given a civic reception in Toronto.

The Emperor of China is afflicted with abnormal melancholia.

Edmonton farmers ask a revision of freight rates to Kootenay.

The U. S. National Board of Trade favors reciprocity with Canada.

A new manager has been appointed to the Winnipeg branch of Molson's Bank.

The Winnipeg Trades and Labor Council endorse Mayor Andrews' candidature.

Germany will insist upon the "open door" policy in Central and South America.

Railway statistics show rapid development in central and northwestern Manitoba.

British Liberals desire Lord Rosebery and Mr. Asquith as leaders of their party.

Russia is building a powerful ice-breaking steamer for winter navigation.

The M. S. association held their annual dinner at the Manitoba Hotel last night.

The Niger protocol expired on Tuesday without a treaty having been framed.

The N. W. Commercial Travellers' Association report a considerable increase in membership.

Grand Trunk stock fell three points in London owing to the impending telegraphers' strike.

Russia has opened negotiations with Great Britain for a settlement of the Chinese question.

It is hoped that the international commission may agree upon a treaty before December 23rd.

A steamer, supposed to be the Dominion Liner New England, is in distress off Baltimore, Ireland.

The government candidate in the bye-election in Alberni, B. C., is 23 ahead according to returns received.

Dr. Frank J. Goulding, formerly of Winnipeg, died at Grafton, N. D., from the effects of accidental poisoning.

The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited

MEETING EVERY WANT.

The perfect manner in which this store meets shoppers' wants everywhere, whether in Toronto or off in the far Northwest, is, perhaps, its strongest point. Our friends, who read these lines away in the Prairie Province, appreciate this thought, and back it up by daily orders through the mails. Money back if goods are not satisfactory is the best guarantee of a complete service.

BLANKETS.

Super White Wool Blankets, soft finish, full bleach, with fancy borders, standard sizes:
5 lbs. ..... $1.25 a pair.
6 lbs. ..... 1.50 a pair.
7 lbs. ..... 1.75 a pair.
8 lbs. ..... 2.00 a pair.

Fine Super Wool White Blankets, fine lofty finish, with neat self-colored borders, standard sizes:
6 lbs. ..... $1.80 a pair.
7 lbs. ..... 2.10 a pair.
8 lbs. ..... 2.40 a pair.
9 lbs. ..... 2.70 a pair.

Extra Super White Wool Blankets, special lofty finish, thoroughly scoured and cleaned, with neat borders, standard sizes:
5 lbs. ..... $1.88 a pair.
6 lbs. ..... 2.25 a pair.
8 lbs. ..... 3.00 a pair.
9 lbs. ..... 3.38 a pair.

Fine Unshrinkable White Wool Blankets, extra soft lofty finish, thoroughly cleaned and scoured, with fancy combination colored borders, standard sizes:
6 lbs. ..... $2.75 a pair.
7 lbs. ..... 3.25 a pair.
8 lbs. ..... 3.75 a pair.
9 lbs. ..... 4.25 a pair.
10 lbs. ..... 4.75 a pair.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Misses' Chocolate Color Pebble Skating Boots, self-tip, sizes 11 to 2 ..... 1.25

Boys' Whole Foxed Lace School Boots, fair stitch, riveted soles, sizes 1 to 5 ..... 1.00

Girls' Oil Pebble Button Boots, spring heel, self-tip, sizes 8 to 10½ ..... .90

Women's Black Box Calf Lace Skating Boots, flannel lined 2.00

Women's Dongola Kid Button or Lace Boots, with patent leather tips, fair stitch, McKay sewn soles 1.50

Men's Black or Chocolate Color Box Calf Lace Boot Goodyear welt soles, coin and half-dollar toes 2.50

RE GOODS.

54-in. High Finish Broadcloths, very fine texture, guaranteed neither to spot nor shrink, in all the newest colors, good value at $1.65 per yard, sale price 1.25

47-in. All-Wool Princess Twill, extra fine make, warranted not to spot with water, in the leading shades of brown, new blues, greens, black, extra value at 65c. per yard, our price ..... .49

52-in. Scotch Tweed Suiting, stylish and very dressy effects, our regular price per yard 85c., sale price ..... .49

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

Men's Heavy All-Wool Frieze Reefers, in navy, brown and black, made with deep storm collar, also tab for the throat, lined with fancy plaid linings, well tailored and perfect fitting, sizes 36 to 44, great value at 3.75

Men's Ulsters, in brown, dark grey and heather mixture, heavyweight, all-wool frieze, made with large storm collar, half belt on back, cross or slash pockets, lined with warm wool lining, sizes 35 to 46, sale price 6.50

Youths' Fine Beaver Overcoats, in blue and black, single or double breasted style, lined with fine Italian lining, mohair sleeve lining, finished with deep velvet collar and silk-stitched edges, sizes 32 to 35, sale price 4.75

Boys' All-Wool Canadian and Scotch Tweed 2-Piece Suits, in brown and grey small pin checks and mixtures, neatly pleated back and front, good farmer satin linings, well made, good trimmings, sizes 22 to 28 ..... 2.50

MEN'S CAPS AND FURS.

Men's Prussian Dog Fur Coats, full 50 inches long, deep roll collar, lined heavy quilted farmers' satin, very durable and dressy coat, special 17.00

Men's Extra Fine Sealette Caps, in Manitoba or wedge shape, lined fancy sateen, nicely finished, special ..... .65

Men's Fine Beaver Cloth Caps, in black brown or navy colors, sliding bands, lined black sateen, special ..... .50

Black Goat Carriage Robes, extra well lined imported English plush, deep felt trimmings, fine silky fur and very heavy, large size, special 8.00

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The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited

SECTION 52. TORONTO.

CARDSTON RECORD.

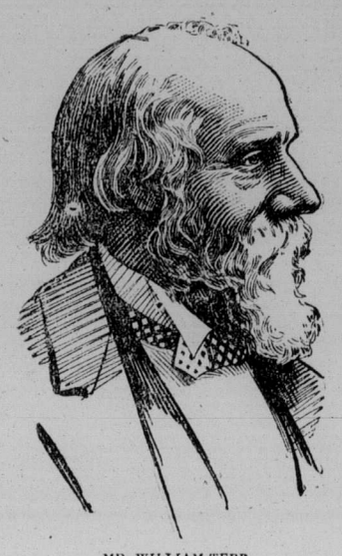
CARDSTON, N. W. T.

AGAINST VACCINATION.

Mr. Tebb Will Try to Duplicate Here His Victory In England.

Mr. William Tebb, founder of the Anti-vaccination League of England, having succeeded in securing a revision of the compulsory vaccination law in Great Britain, is now in this country for the purpose of starting a similar campaign.

Mr. Tebb is anything but a physical giant, and his personal appearance gives no indication of the perseverance which marked the fight he made for years against what he considered a violation of personal liberty as well as a direct interference with parental authority. His figure is slight,



MR. WILLIAM TEBB.

his body is frail, and his eyes are mild and blue. His head, however, is massive and well shaped, and his long white hair and beard give him the appearance of a patriarch.

For nearly 30 years he labored with tongue and pen to have set aside the provisions of the law which compelled all English parents to have their children vaccinated, and on Aug. 12 he saw his labors crowned with success, for on that day the queen signed the measure allowing conscientious parents to make a declaration of objection to vaccination before a magistrate and thus free themselves from what they consider persecution. This victory was not won without a mighty struggle and a vast outlay of money and energy. It is estimated that the antivaccinists spent $5,000,000 in the cause. It is known that Mr. Tebb alone contributed a fortune—how much he is too modest to say.

During the antivaccination agitation Mr. Tebb circled the earth several times seeking information to aid him in the fight. For 24 years he devoted a considerable part of his time to traveling in Great Britain, the various states of Europe, America and the English colonies to inquire into the methods and results of vaccination. The amount of information he acquired on the subject was enormous, and he spread it broadcast by means of public lectures and letters to the press.

Although the antivaccinists have won their victory in England, Mr. Tebb says that the league will not be disbanded. It is the intention of the members to push the crusade against compulsory vaccination in other countries, particularly in Germany, where the law is very stringent. It is the intention of the league also to start an agitation in this country against regulations of boards of health which make it necessary for children to be vaccinated before they can enter the public schools and also against the federal law requiring all immigrants to be vaccinated.

Too Much Study.

M. Berthelot, the famous French scientist, says that children in school should have twice as much play as they have now, with a radical change in the character of their studies.

In an address before a scientific body in Paris M. Berthelot said millions of francs are wasted every year in pouring learning into sieves.

"According to the educational method in vogue," said Berthelot, "most of the education goes in at one ear and out at the other without leaving any other impression than mental disgust for further education. What educators need to do is to cast aside at once that iniquitous institution called 'weekly examination,' which compels the pupil to cram, cram, cram.

"In its place should be established a system of interesting each pupil's mind in particular studies by pointing out to him how he individually has a permanent interest in pursuing them and then giving the pupil plenty of leisure to think over what has been told him.

"There are entirely too many subjects being taught," says Berthelot in conclusion. "Reduce the number of subjects of study, shorten the hours, and if we are to have examinations let them be as brief and as far apart as possible."

TURF TOPICS.

When a 2-year-old, John Nolan could pace a mile in 2:18½.

Sulfono, 2:29¼, by Sulfonal, 2:16¾, is the first standard performer for his sire.

John Nolan was named in honor of a big hearted Irishman of Cripple Creek, Colo.

For creating new track records Democracy is the "whole thing." This season he has made 16.

In the first heat of the 2:20 pace at Columbus Starter Lehman sent the field of 17 away the first time down.

The pacing stallion Concillio, 2:12½, by Delineator, will be out as a trotter next season. He is now 10 years old.

Hans McGregor, by his performance at Columbus, now holds the 2 mile record for guideless wonders to harness.

Gray Dawn, the trotting bred cob that has been winning blue ribbons in the east, was bred in Iowa, where he was known as David Belmont. His sire is Davenant, 2:26¼.

The government report for 1897 says that the improvement in horses in Arizona has been far more rapid and permanent in the past few years than is known to the casual observer.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diptheria.

AN ODD MONUMENT.

White Marble Lighthouse Which Stands In a Cemetery.

Some odd conceits have been given form in the making of monuments, but probably the only lighthouse monument in the world has just been erected in an English cemetery. It is a full sized lighthouse, not a miniature, and it stands on a base of white Italian marble 25 feet in circumference. On this base is carved a representation of waves, just as if the shaft stood out at sea. Around the base is strewn white sea sand, and the idea is further carried out by having a real signal light burning in the tower. This unique monument has been erected to the memory of the late Dr. T. W. Wilson by his daughter and is located in the cemetery at Ulverston, Lancashire. It stands in a prominent position only 20 yards from the main road and attracts much attention.

THE LIGHTHOUSE MONUMENT.

There are 13 steps leading to the door of the lighthouse, the door to which and the 12 windows being represented in every detail. On a shield above the doorway is carved the letter "W," the initial letter of the deceased's name, the whole being surmounted by a carved white marble dome, supported on four pillars, and between these is a lantern, with radiating lights. Above are four arms supporting a white marble globe.

From the ground to the apex the height is some 23 feet. The gas main has been laid to it from a distance of about 400 yards. The light is 40 candle power and will be kept burning all the year round. The light is so powerful that mica will have to give place to glass.

Over two years were required to build the monument, and 75 tons of marble were used. The total cost of the lighthouse was over $10,000, while the gas will cost about $100 per year.

Real Joke From England.

"You are wasting your time, old man," said Ted to George. "You're courting the wrong girl."

"No, she's the right girl. I'm afraid the trouble is that I'm the wrong man."—Punch.

The War In Vain.

"I do wish the United States could get possession of the Canary islands."

"Why?"

"Because it would make good singers cheap, wouldn't it?".

APHORISMS.

Be not merely good; be good for something.—Thoreau.

Evil is wrought by want of thought as well as by want of heart.—Hood.

Our ancestors have traveled the iron age. The golden is before us.—St. Pierre.

We are indebted to Christianity for gentleness, especially toward women.—C. Simmons.

God governs the world, and we have only to do our duty wisely and leave the issue to him.—John Jay.

Good taste rejects excessive nicety. It treats little things as little things and is not hurt by them.—Feulton.

No man was ever so completely skilled in the conduct of life as not to receive new information from age and experience.—Terence.

Our lives by acts exemplary not only win ourselves good names, but do to others give matter for virtuous deeds, by which we live.—Chapman.

Narrow minded and ignorant persons talk about persons and not things, hence gossip is the bane and disgrace of so large a portion of society.—Sheridan.

HEALTHY, HAPPY WOMEN.

Pain and Weakness Banished through the use of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

It's sad to think that so many women suffer from pain, Weak Spells, Heart Palpitation, Sinking Sensations,

Nervousness, Sleeplessness—who could be restored to the full enjoyment of perfect health by a few boxes of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

There can be no question about the efficacy of this remedy. Thousands of women, have found it do all that is claimed for it. Here is the testimony of Mrs. Gillen, Wesley Street, Moncton, N.B.

"Before taking Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills I used to suffer untold agony from violent headaches, irregular action of the heart, together with pains or spasms in various parts of my body.

"Sometimes I felt so weak that I was unable to look after my domestic duties. However, I had to endure this worry and trouble, because all the remedies I tried failed to give me relief, until happily I heard of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I had only been taking them a short time when I felt greatly benefited." This encouraged me to continue their use until a complete cure was effected.

"I have not been troubled with a headache since taking these pills. They increased my appetite, invigorated my entire system, and gave me back my old time strength and vigor."

Take a Laxa-Liver Pill before retiring. 'Twill work while you sleep without a grip or gripe, and make you feel better in the morning. Price 25c. Sold by all druggists.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

ST. VITUS DANCE.

A TROUBLE THAT CAUSES ITS VICTIMS MUCH INCONVENIENCE.

Winfred Schofield, of Gaspereau. N. S., Tells How He Obtained a Speedy and Permanent Cure.

From the Acadien, Wolfville, N. S.

The many cases brought to his notice of residents in this vicinity being cured from physical disorders through the agency of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, have created in the mind of the Acadien representative a sincere belief in the healing powers of this remedy. Yet withal he was a little incredulous the other day when told of a young man who had been cured of a very serious and deplorable disease by the use of only some two boxes of these little miracle workers. It seemed impossible that such a remarkable healing could be wrought even by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in such short order. Accordingly he was possessed of a strong desire to investigate. Mr. Winfred Schofield, of Gaspereau, was the address given us by our informant, and were not long in hunting him up. We found Mr. Schofield to be a bright young man of about twenty years of age and of more than ordinary intelligence. His air of candor and straightforwardness dispelled any doubts we may have had. In a very few words he stated to us his case. "Two years ago," he said, "I was taken with an attack of St. Vitus Dance. Sometimes when at work I found that my fingers would all at once straighten out and I would be compelled to drop anything I was holding. One day I was using an axe when seized with one of these attacks. The axe slipped from my hands and in falling struck my foot and gave it a nasty cut. After that you can depend upon it I left axes alone, and it was not long before I had to give up using any kind of tool. My complaint rapidly grew worse and I was soon unfitted for any sort of work. Everything possible was tried by my in order to get relief, but I got no better. At last one day a neighbor of mine, Mr. Fred Fielding, who had been cured by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, advised me to give them a trial, offering to pay for them himself if they did not help me. As it turned out he was safe enough in making the offer. I followed his advice, but had scarcely begun to use them when I began to feel very much better. After using two boxes I was perfectly cured and have never been troubled with the complaint since. I am confident that to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills alone I owe my cure.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills create new blood, build up the nerves, and thus drive disease from the system. In hundreds of cases they have cured after all other medicines have failed, thus establishing the claim that they are a marvel among the triumphs of modern medical science. The genuine Pink Pills are sold only in boxes, bearing the full trademark "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." Protect yourself from imposition by refusing any pill that does not bear the registered trade mark around the box. If in doubt send direct to Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and they will be mailed to you post paid at 50c a box, or six boxes for $2.50.

The Last Execution at Tyburn.

The last execution at Tyburn took place on Friday, Nov. 7, 1783, in the person of John Austin, convicted on the preceding Saturday of robbing John Spicer and cutting and wounding him in a cruel manner. In Walford's "Old and New London" it is erroneously said that "the last criminal executed here was one Ryland, who was hung (sic) for forgery in 1783." William Ryland was executed on Aug. 29, two months before the date of Austin's conviction, and many a poor wretch made the fatal pilgrimage to Tyburn in the interval, hanging by wholesale being the rule in those days.

The long procession westward had been attended by such disgraceful scenes that the authorities resolved to hang criminals henceforth outside Newgate prison, straight from the condemned cell. Accordingly on Dec. 3, 1783, the recorder ordered the erection of a scaffold in front of the jail, of which a notice and descriptive engraving appear in The Gentleman's Magazine for the same month, and on the 10th the new hanging place was inaugurated by the execution of ten malefactors.—Notes and Queries.

Bismarck as an Escort.

A Stockholm newspaper tells a story about Bismarck, for which an aged Swedish lady is the authority. Nearly 60 years ago, when a girl, she went to Berlin, where she expected to meet a cousin, then studying at the university there. This cousin appeared and proved to be a fascinating youth. For several days he was a constant escort and a charming companion. It was only when she was on the eve of departure that he made the explanation: "You see, my dear cousin, I am not your cousin. My friend, your cousin, is so very busy preparing for an examination that he has asked me to take his place. My name is Otto von Bismarck." In 1886, when the lady made her next visit to Berlin, she called on the chancellor, who remarked: "I have to thank you that I once succeeded in seeing the Berlin museums. I have never seen them again."—London Chronicle.

CONSUMPTION.

What a Well-Known Medical Journal Says About the King of Disease.

"This is essentially an age of scientific progress, Science and invention go hand in hand. Thanks to a distinguished chemist consumption is robbed of its terrors, deprived of its destructiveness, and this insidious disease can first be relieved and then cured. But to accomplish a cure that is final and effective there must be constant persistency in treatment and right living. The sufferer must take the right medical relief, rightly administered. By the labor, skill and research of an eminent chemist, T. A. Slocum, consumption can be both relieved and cured."—Medical Tribune.

Three free sample bottles of the Slocum Cure will be sent to any sufferer from consumption, lung or throat troubles or general debility, if name, address and express office are sent to The T. A. Slocum Co., Limited, 176 King street west, Toronto, Ont. This is a genuine offer, and if the reader is—or knows a friend who is—a sufferer, send at once for the free samples and mention this paper.

Minard's Liniment the Lumberman's Friend.

HUMAN NATURE.

When some people are not hungry, they are sleepy.

So many people become silly in trying to be funny.

After a case is lost a client does as much talking as his attorney.

A man never knows how well posted his wife is on church affairs until she entertains her minister at supper.

A woman likes a man to remember what ache she had last the same as he likes her to remember how he likes his coffee.

As people grow older they begin to throw all the clothes they take off at night across their beds to keep their feet warm.

When some people gossip, they regard their indignation at the wickedness going on in the world as a sort of reform work.

You can pick up a boy's schoolbook and find instantly where he is studying. Every page he has passed over is full of marks and dirt.

We believe MINARD'S LINIMENT is the best.
Matthias Foley, Oil City, Ont.
Joseph Snow, Norway, Me.
Chas. Whooten, Mulgrave, N. S.
Rev. R. O. Armstrong, Mulgrave, N. S.
Pierre Landry, senr., Pokemouche, N. B.
Thomas Wasson, Sheffield, N. B

The Age of an Oyster.

It is just as easy to tell the age of an oyster by looking at its shell as it is to ascertain the age of a horse by examining its teeth, or a tree by inspecting the circles revealed by the ax or saw when it is laid low. When the oyster is 6 months old, it is as big as a dime; when 1 year old, it will cover a silver half dollar, and when 2 years old, will be about the circumference of a silver dollar.

The oyster, unlike the crab, is not obliged to seek new quarters or build a new house every time he grows appreciably. The extensions that he puts on his house are clearly marked by a well defined ridge.

Oysters are esteemed to be at their best when between 4 and 5 years of age, and the planters endeavor to protect the beds for that length of time. Conscientious oyster men—that is, men who are not inclined to kill the goose that lays the golden egg—always return to the bed oysters that are too young, but in case a patriarch is brought up, over whose shell the tides of from 8 to 12 winters and summers have ebbed and flowed, he is sent to market, where he is put at the bottom of the heap and sold with his younger and more luscious companions.—Pearson's Weekly.

Pressure of the Ocean.

There are spots in the ocean where the water is five miles deep. If it is true that the pressure of water on any body in the water is one pound to the square inch for every two feet of the depth anything at the bottom of one of the "five-mile-holes" would have a pressure about it of 13,200 pounds to every square inch. There is nothing of human manufacture that would resist such a pressure.

That it exists there is no doubt. It is known that the pressure of a well-corked glass bottle at the depth of 300 feet is so great that the water will force its way through the pores of the glass. It is also said that pieces of wood have been weighted and sunk in the sea to such a depth that the tissues have become so condensed that the wood has lost its buoyancy and would never float again. It could not even be made to burn when dry.

Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians.

Antiworry Pads.

Among sure preventives for gray hairs and crow's feet a certain busy woman sets down what she calls an antiworry pad. She keeps an ordinary note size writing pad on her dressing table, and on this she jots down a list of engagements, letters to be answered, business to be attended to, articles needed for house or for personal use, conveniences, charities, and all the other interests that enter into a busy life, as they come to her mind. By this means she relieves herself of the worrying sense of something forgotten, which is apt to haunt the woman or man whose days are filled with a multiplicity of demands, and who has no secretary to keep him or her remembering details. For such the antiworry pad is recommended as a nerve and temper tonic.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

BAD BLOOD.

You can't be healthy if your blood is impure or watery,—if poison is circulating through your arteries instead of rich, pure, life-giving blood.

If you feel drowsy, languid,—are constipated, have pimples or blotches breaking out on your body the remedy for you is Burdock Blood Bitters.

"I have been using B.B.B., also my brother and sister-in-law, and we find it a most reliable and efficacious blood purifier, and most cordially recommend it. We purchased it from J. R. Ault & Sons of this town." MISS C. M. WATSON, Aultsville, Ont.

B.B.B. is a highly concentrated blood purifying vegetable remedy,—only 1 teaspoonful at a dose,—you add the water yourself.

FOR THE BLOOD BBB

ODORLESS THE CREMATORY

CLOSET.

Tilsonburg, Ont. Feb. 21st. 1898.
The Odorless Crematory Closet Co., Hamilton.
Gentlemen: I have used your Odorless closet in my bath-room for some time, and have much pleasure in recommending it to the public. Neither before, during or after burning out, you cannot detect the slightest odor, and would not be without it for double the cost. Yours truly, W. R. HOBBS.
It requires no fire while in use and with a family of from 4 to 6 members, a fire once in two weeks is sufficient.

The Odorless Crematory and General Heating Co.,
HAMILTON, ONT.

P. O. Drawer 1287. Tel. 1137.
J. D. O'BRIEN,
Grain and Stock Broker,
WINNIPEG.
Grain and securities carried on margins. Private wire connection with all markets.

60 SONGS 30c.
All the latest New York 1898 successes. Words and music for piano. Positively the biggest music offer ever made in Canada. Send today. Offer open for 2 months, The Travers Music Co., World Building, Toronto. Stamps taken.

EVERYBODY CAN HAVE

A Good and Healthful Drink if they will use

WHITE STAR HEALTH COFFEY

Made according to directions, and you will have a drink of exquisite flavor and definite benefit to the nervous system.

THE DYSON-GIBSON CO.

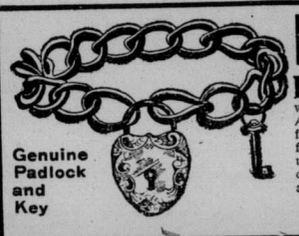
J. M'VICAR
GRAIN & COMMISSION MERCHANT
GRAIN EXCHANGE, WINNIPEG.
All kinds of Grain bought and sold. Liberal advances on consignments. Prompt returns. Send Samples.
Write or wire for Prices, Box 574.

HOLLY FOR XMAS.
WREATHING AND MISTLETOE.
A large stock of Cut Flowers of all description. Large collection of Flowering and Foliage Plants.
AT H. E. PHILPOTT
GREENHOUSES:
336 Portage Avenue, WINNIPEG.

SAFES VICTOR SAFES
KARL K. ALBERT, GEN. AGT.
407 MAIN ST., WINNIPEG,
Next door to P. O.
SNAPS FOR CASH.
Household Safes, small size, - - $12.00
Household Safes, large size, - - 30.00
Just the thing for a Christmas present. Both useful and ornamental.
Merchants' Safes, all sizes and prices; on easy terms or cash. Come and see them or write for quotations. Special prices during November and December.

W. N. U. 199

W. R. ALLAN,
General Insurance Agent,
FIRE Companies Represented:
Quebec Fire Assurance Co.
Royal Insurance Co.
Sun Insurance Office
Union Assurance Society
All classes of Insurances transacted and losses promptly and satisfactorily settled.



Genuine Padlock and Key

FREE! A Solid Gold Shell Ring or Curb Chain Bracelet

DON'T send money. Just your name and address on a POST CARD, and we will send you 20 packages of AROMATIC CACHOUS, a delicious confection to perfume the breath, to sell for us, if you can, at 5 cents per package. When sold send us our money, $1.00, and we will send you FREE your choice of the beautiful prizes illustrated. Goods returnable if not sold. Mention this paper.

SNOWDON CHAMBERS
TISDALL SUPPLY CO., TORONTO, ONT.

BOVRIL

Is a condensed food, capable of preserving physical strength

Through Any Physical Strain

And is equally valuable to those requiring to use

GREAT MENTAL STRAIN.

It has no equal for giving

Strength to the Invalid

And it will agree with the weakest stomachs. Get it from your druggist or grocer and test its value.

A good Coffee at last!

Value Coffee

"Nothing better" "nothing cheaper"
Sold in 1/2 lb. lead packets
hermetically sealed.
Ask your grocer for "Value" Coffee
15 cents per packet.

CARDSTON RECORD.

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Wednesday at Cardston

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Editor and Proprietor.

Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

THE EDITOR does not assume responsibility for the views or statements expressed by any of THE RECORD'S contributors.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance.
Advertising Rates on application.
In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisements they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisements will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

In case a subscriber does not receive THE RECORD weekly, notice should be sent to the publication office, Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta, when the complaint will be thoroughly investigated.

Copy for change of advertisments MUST not be in later than Saturday noon.

Cardston, January 4, 1899.

WEDDED TO THE WEST.

A FEW days ago the News ran across a man who had been in Western Canada for seventeen years, and who was on his way east to pay the scenes of his boyhood a visit after an absence of so many years. He had switched cars for the C. P. R. at Emerson in 1882, followed the road west, been through the ups and downs of Western life generally, and had wound up by settling down in the hotel business in one of our neighboring towns. Conversation turned to the fascination and freedom of Western life, and we remarked to this typical westerner that he could not go "down east" and content himself to live there permanently. "No," he said, "I feel as if I would just like to go down there and stay over night." This answer, although given in a jocular manner, was calculated to show that the broad Western ideas were so firmly rooted as to exclude all possibility of this gentleman rehabilitating himself among the environments of his youth. There is an enticing freedom and inexplainable charm about Western life, particularly in the range country, which seems to enchain its votaries in a lifelong enthralment. The western life generally is devoid of the superfluous and supercilious conventionalities of the eastern and older countries. Here the demeaning influences of caste are thrown aside, and "Jack is as good as his master;" the demotic and dominant sentiment is one of "hale fellow, well met." Life on the broad and unlimited plains—"away from the maddening throng" and not entramelled with the effects of labor competition and the accustomed narrownesses which follow in the wake of congested population—seems to be conducive to sociability and contentment, unless one is altogether given over to pessimism. Liberties appear broader, restrictions fewer, life comes easier, advancement more rapidly, progress quicker, opportunities abound, the top round seems nearer, conditions generally are such that it is no wonder that the charm of the life so attaches itself upon the people that they become wedded to the West. The poet sings of the freedom of "Life upon the Ocean Wave." Life upon the bosom of the broad expanse of prairie must have considerable of the same style of freedom.—Medicine Hat News.

It's now 1899.

Good Sleighing.

Cold enough for you?

Geo. Duce drew a thirty-five dollar saddle at a raffle at Kearl's this week.

Sam Stoddard spent a few days during the holidays with relations and friends in Cardston.

Monday, some of the young men tried the kicking act with the dear old foot ball. No one killed.

James Layton's family have been quarantined on account of the scarlet fever.

The fast driving on Main Street, which was indulged in by a young man last Sunday afternoon, was a direct violation of law.

The Record
one year
$ 2.00

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

"With all thy getting get understanding."

Wonder what caused that black eye across the street?

There was a dance in the Kearl Hall Friday evening, as usual.

Don't fail to read every line in the advertisment "Great Bargains."

We printed a lot of letter-heads this week for the Cardston Co., Ltd

R. A. Pilling, of Ætna, was in town on Monday.

Penny postage to the Old Country has been proclaimed.

There is entirely too much shooting in Cardston. Isn't there a law prohibiting the firing of guns with in the town?

The thermometer registered 30 below zero, Friday morning.

About the middle of January parliament will be called for a two month's session.

Monday was a bank holiday, and was generally observed as a holiday by the business houses in town.

Language was given to us that we might say pleasant things to each other.—Boyce.

Mr. Fife and Mr. Armor, of the N. W. M. P., have been promoted and will be moved to other districts.

On Thursday there was a decided change in the weather. Friday was extremely cold, and sleighing was fairly good.

The Cardston Co. Ltd., have a change of advertisment in this issue. There are things stated therein that will interest you. Read it.

C. McCarty, manager of the Alberta Stock & Land Company, left here on his way to Utah, Friday. He will return in about thirty days.

If a newspaper man knew how many knocks he received behind his back, he would adopt another calling, remarked a citizen the other day. The citizen was mistaken. The newspaper man who succeeds, expects to be maligned by every lawbreaker and hypocrite, every harping critic and every lover of notoriety who has been ignored, and in fact by all persons who do not agree with him on public and private questions. The newspaper man who expects to go through life without being misrepresented and censured, should make arrangements to die young.—Alvia Sun.

An exchange says any small blaze started by coal oil, clothing, carpets and wool can be quickly smothered out by dashing a few handfuls of flour on it. It often happens that there is no water handy when fire breaks out in the kitchen or some other part of the dwelling. But that don't make so much difference if the flour chest is handy. Just experiment with flour and light a fire out of doors with coal oil or shavings and dash a few handfuls on it and you will be surprised how quickly you can extinguish the flames.

Edward Bok, in the Ladies' Home Journal, says: "No undergarment worn during the day should be worn at night when one is sleeping. Few things are more unwise than to sleep in any garment which for twelve or eighteen hours has received the excretions of the body, which during sleep are liable to be reabsorbed by the system. All clothing worn during the day should be thoroughly aired at night, just as the clothing worn at night should be aired during the day."

Keeping constantly at it is the key to successful advertising. You cannot spurt much and win. A business career that goes by fits and starts will not pay so well in the long run as a business that follows a course mapped out for it and keeps increasing advertising as the business demands it until the maximum is reached. There is a maximum for a small business beyond which it is not economy or policy to go. Have you advertised from policy because someone else did, or because you mean to get something out of it?—Brooklyn Chronicle.

"Wanted, in one hundred thousand households in America a willing, sunshiny daughter, who will not fret when asked to wipe the dishes, or sigh when requested to take care of the baby; a daughter whose chief delight is to smooth her mother's wrinkles and who is quite as willing to listen to her father's care as his pocket; a girl who thinks her own brother quite as fine a fellow as some other girl's brother. Constant love, high esteem, and a more honored place in the home guaranteed. Employment assured to all qualified applicants. Address "Mother Home Office." Ex.

COAL, COAL, COAL!

Clarke Mine, - - - - - - Belly River.

$2.25 per ton at the Mine.

Delivered in Cardston for $3.00 per ton.

Orders may be left at Co-op or Allen store.

Advertise in THE RECORD.

Subscribe for THE RECORD.

Packages coming from the Western U. S. must go to Calgary for Customs inspection, in this way delaying the matter more than a week. A change should at once be made by the post office department. Lethbridge is the natural and proper place for such inspection.

The Western Assurance Company, of Toronto, whose capital is $2,000,000, is one of the strongest of the fire insurance companies in Canada. The Editor of the Record has the agency for the Western. It pays to have your buildings insured against loss by fire. Call at at THE RECORD office and get a nice calendar for 1899.

The first American billionaire has appeared upon the horizon. John D. Rockfeller is expected to be worth that sum by 1920; when he will be 65 years of age if alive. To-day he is worth $320,000,000. A billion is $1,000,000,000, and it is equal to all the gold coin of the U. S. with almost all the silver added to it.

In Cardston, the holidays passed off very quietly. Two deaths occuring at this time did much to dampen the spirit of merry-making which usually predominates at this particular period of the year. There was, however, the customary visiting, dinners and parties, especially the latter. Dancing is the only diversion indulged in here by the young folks; it should, however, be otherwise. Cardston is sorely in need of an amusement hall and a good, live, home dramatic association.

NOTICE TO PARENTS & OTHERS

All Births, Marriages and Deaths must be reported to the Registrar of Vital Statistics at Lethbridge, within thirty days from the time of the event taking place.

Forms for the purpose can be obtained at THE RECORD Office, or by writing to C. B. Bowman, Registrar, Lethbridge

APPLICATION will be made at the next session of Parliament of Canada, for an Act to amend the Act of Incorporation of the Alberta Irrigation Company by changing the name of the Company to The Canadian North West Irrigation Company; changing the place of head office to London, England; authorizing directors to vote by proxy; increasing capital stock to one million dollars; changing date of annual meeting to last Tuesday in October; and in other respects and for other purposes.

A. FERGUSON,
Solicitor for applicants.
16th December 1898. [22—30]

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore subsisting between us as General Merchants, at the Village of Ætna, in the District of Alberta, has this day been dissolved by mutal consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be paid to Hyrum Hansen of Ætna aforesaid, and all claims against the said partnership are to be presented to the said Hyrum Hansen, by whom the same will be settled.

Dated at Ætna this 29th day of December, A. D. 1898.

HYRUM HANSEN.
J. H. TAYLOR.
Witness, Geo. M. Hudson.

STORE DONT'S

Don't make a practice of coming late to business. It's more to your interest to be a few minutes early.

Don't dress dowdily, gaudily or dudishly, but cleanly, neatly and nicely.

Don't wait upon customers with your hands dirty or your fingers in mourning.

Don't forget that it does not cost a cent to be a mannerly man or a womanly woman.

Don't address a customer as "Lady." Madam is the proper term; or say, "Gents' goods." "Men's goods" is better.

Don't leave your department except in the interest of the business, unless necessary.

Don't allow dirt or disorder in your stock. Keep store as a good house keeper would keep house.

Don't allow a customer to look in vain for somebody to wait upon her while you are engaged in talking to your fellow clerk about last evening's experiences.

Don't get excited in times of a rush or any other time, it shows the customers that you are inexperienced and unaccustomed to an active business.

Don't chase customers! wait till they stop and show that they are interested in goods or some department, then approach them in a business-like manner.

Don't greet your customer with a beer, tobacco or onion breath. It hastens them to move on to more fragrant surroundings. No danger if you don't indulge during business hours. Ex.

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

A book of notes only 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

Wheat and oats taken on subscription at this office.

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, both one year for $2.50.

The Weekly Globe, Toronto, $1.00 a year. THE RECORD has agency.

FOR SALE—Model 1 Improved Hand Printing Press. Chase 5x8. At RECORD Office.*

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends. 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

FOR SALE: Four room house. Good well water. Nice location. Enquire at RECORD office, next to Bank.*

When you want to sell or buy anything, place a notice in THE RECORD, and you will be pleased with the result.

FOR SALE. Ranch, 160 acres, ½ mile from Ætna. House, barn, well, 40 acres broke. Enquire at THE RECORD Office.

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

We will print your name and address on 250 nice XXX White Laid Envelopes for $1.50. The Envelopes alone would cots you $1, at any of the stores.

NOTICE. Parties owning Lundburg & Neilson, blacksmiths, will save themselves trouble and expense by calling and settling their accounts AT ONCE at RECORD Office.

When you want receipt or note Books call at THE RECORD Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts. You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

RANCH FOR SALE. 320 acres. Good dewelling house. Good stables & corrals. Over 100 head of cattle; 70 head of horses; wagons, farm machinery, etc. Will be sold reasonably. Apply to Postmaster, Colles Alta. 21. 22. 23.

What shall we say of the North west, the land of our adoption. We have not stood still. It would be unreasonable that the fairest, most inviting section of the whole of Canada should not have felt the throb of present progress and the thrill of future expectancy. No land in the world presents more opportunities to home seekers, no land offers more inducements to the investor, and it is not surprising at all that each year closes down upon a great amount of go-ahead work being pertormed. Sir John McDonald's prediction that "you can't check the west" is being fulfilled. Medicine Hat News.

Cards.

Blanks.

Tickets.

Posters.

Receipts.

Programs.

Statements.

Bill Heads.

Letter Heads.

Wedding Invitations.

At the Lowest Prices.

Call and see us.

THE RECORD

"The People's Store."

New Year's Bargains.

For 30 days we will sell at Wholesale Prices. Ladies Fur & Cloth Capes & Coats and many other odd lines, in order to make room for our spring goods. Come & see for yourself.

Produce taken in exchange.

We take pleasure in announcing to the public that we are: The Sole Agents for the Celebrated Bain & Cooper Wagons; two carloads will be here about the last of February. Also a car of the Cockshutt Plows & Farming Implements. Call early & get Prices & Terms; Sure to please you. It will save you money to leave your orders now for any of the above.

A Car of Furniture now on the way. Prices equal to T. Eaton's of Toronto.

Shilling's Best Teas and Baking Powder.

WANTED.

Men and teams to haul lumber.

Higest Prices Paid for Beef Hides and Furs of all kinds.

The Cardston Co. Ltd

The Record Meat Market.

Wm. Wood.

Fresh Meats of all kinds constantly on hand.

Cash paid for hides

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.

All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.

Cardston, ... Alberta

- Samuel Cox, -

Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting,
& Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
CARDSTON, . . ALBERTA.

Read THE RECORD
THE
CARDSTON RECORD
$2.00 per year.

Livery, Feed & Sale Stable

Kearl & Sharp, Props.

Good outfits furnished at all hours.

Rates Reasonable.

Kearl & Sharp.

Gay & Wight = = & Co.

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The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 11, 1899. NO. 24.

TWO-CENT POSTAGE.

The very important announcement comes from Ottawa that New Year's Day the rate of postage for letters within the Dominion is reduced from three to two cents. By the terms of the postal arrangement with the United States the reduction will apply to letters from Canada to that country.—Toronto Globe.

MANITOBA MISSION.

Brandon, Man. Dec. 30, 1898.
Editor Record: I remember promising before I left Cardston to write a letter to the Record and have thought of that promise many times but have been so busy that I really could not find time to do so before.

I left Lethbridge at 6.30 P. M. Nov. 20th and went through to Winnipeg without any stops making the journey in about 42 hrs. I remained there a day or so and then came back here.

Winnipeg is a typical western city containing 48,000 inhabitants. It is built upon a level site on the banks of the Assinaboine and Red Rivers about one half mile above where these streams run together. The former is probably larger than St. Mary's while the latter is many times larger.

Winnipeg is a great shipping point for grain and beef. Gordon & Ironsides own large stock yards and handle thousands of head of cattle both for the local and foreign market, shipping many to England each year.

Capacious elevators are built there into which the grain of the surrounding country finds its way. Perhaps it is worthy of mention that all along the line of the C. P. R. R. as far as I travelled at almost every station elevators are built which of course enhances the price of grain and makes farming an emoluments business.

* * * *

Eastern Canada no longer furnishes work for all her sons, and the advice of Horace Greely: "Go west, young man" to the rising generation of Eastern United States in his time, seems applicable and is being followed out by the rising generation of Eastern Canada at the present time.

When I was at Winnipeg the city was full of this element; good, honest young fellows who had come west last spring and summer to seek their fortunes, but now the harvest was over, the farmer no longer needed them; they had received their wages and were in the city undecided whether to go back to their old homes or remain in the west and hew out for themselves a home and a reputation.

In the waiting room at the C. P. R. R. depot several hundred of these sturdy young fellows were congregated.

Already that worst of all diseases, homesickness, had fastened its iron grip upon some of them and they sat there with tickets in their pockets waiting for the train. Others stoutly declaimed their intention to remain but when the word "home" was mentioned by their returning cousins there was a slight quiver of the lip and a tear lurked dangerously near the surface.

I confess all this had its effect upon me and "in a way" I considered myself one of them. But experience long since taught me that a Mormon elder must not have such an attribute as "feeling" when applied to home and friends; such words must not be in his vocabulary. I felt a strong desire to "mount a bench" and tell them all to "go west" to Alberta and aid in reclaiming those broad acres under the great canal now under construction by the Alberta Irrigation Co. but, then, I felt also another strong desire. I could easily have became the most prominent character there by simply disclosing my ecclesiastical identity but as I have never courted popularity I refrained on the above occasion.

* * * *

The Dorothy Morton Opera Company was in the city while I was there and of course the temptation was too strong, I had to go.

Most of the company were no better than many stock companys who do not pretend nor attempt so much but Miss Morton herself was simply divine. Those who have heard Madame Melba, Nordica and other queens of song perhaps would not think so but I sat there spell-bound dreaming all sorts of romantic things as I listened to strains more like the trilling of feathered warblers than the human voice.

* * * *

I arrived here from Winnipeg at 2 a. m. Nov. 24th and was met at the depot by President Baxter and elders May and Head.

Several of the brethren were out of town at that time but came in a few days later and we have all been here together since.

Brandon is a pretty little place containing about 5000 inhabitants, situated on the south side of the Assinaboine River and is 133 miles west of Winnipeg.

I am favorably impressed with the people here so far as my short acquaintance permits me to form an opinion. They are intelligent and industrious. They appear to have much reverence for God and sacred things.

One can see more wickedness in a city of the United States of the same size in an hour than will be seen here in a day. They keep the Sabbath Day, apparantly not because the civil law makes it a misdemeaner to break it, but they have respect for it.

To witness the crowds who throng the sidewalks on Sunday en route to the various churches reminds one very much of Sunday in our Mormon communities. They are fairly well acquainted with the bible and manifest considerable interest in the faith they have espoused. Who shall say they are not sincere? Of course they do not interpret the scriptures as the L. D. S. do but to be sure we do not wish to proscribe them for that. I believe most of them are sincere and are living as near to God as they can with the light and knowledge they possess, what I blame them most for is because they will not heed the injunction of Paul to "prove all things." The elders are accorded about four degrees of treatment which may be classified in the following manner: Civility, Coolness, Silent Contempt and Coolness right off the ice. My readers may infer from this that Mormonism is not very popular down here.

* * * *

From my earliest childhood I have heard of Canada's skating parties and skating rinks, but never had the privilage of seeing them untill I came down here. It is a very popular sport and is indulged in by almost everybody. I have witnessed several games of what is called "Hockey" between the young men and also the young ladies of the town. The game resembles very much that of foot-ball except that it is played on ice, is more exciting and perhaps more dangerous. The players dart hither and thither with the grace and speed of so many swallows after a little wheel, or flat peice of wood they call "puck" battling it about with crooked sticks made for the purpose.

On the 26 inst. the two fastest skaters in the world, Mr. Jack Mc Cullauch and Mr. Bellefuille, the former champian of the world and the latter champian of Ontario gave an exibition at the Brandon rink and it was well worth seeing. Mr. Mc Cullauch first went through series of fancy skating, cutting all sorts of figures, etc. He spun around like a top on one foot holding out both arms untill he looked like some automatic myth, if you can conceive of anything like that. He than rode a skating bicycle and from that he mounted stilts and skated on them, in fact he skated about every way except on his ear.

He darted down to the other end of the rink and came flying back leaping over a barrel that had been placed in a convenient spot upon the ice. He made another turn this time leaping over seven barrels that had been placed for him clearing about 30 feet in the vault. He than concluded the evening's entertainment by beating the other gentlemen about 550 feet in a two mile race.

As the skating rink is so popular that even the clergy patronize it the friends of the Manitoba elders will please not think we committed a breech of clerical etiquette in witnessing the above.

S. Hadland Thomas.

Advertise in THE RECORD.

GROWING TIME IN THE WEST.

In a three column article under the above heading, the Toronto Globe gives its tens of thousands of readers a very comprehensive survey of the progress made in the West during 1898. The article being so long it is thought best to give our readers only extracts therefrom, as follows:

Winnipeg, Dec. 19.—The year just closing has been a "growing time," and no mistake in Manitoba and the Territories. The principal causes of the growth have been the rise in the price of wheat and beef, railway construction in British Columbia and the opening of new markets there as a result of the mineral development, the new energy displayed by the Immigration Department, and, last, but not least, the reduction of the tariff and the lowering of railway rates as part and parcel of the Crow's Nest arrangement.

* * * *

Out west in the ranching country between Swift Current and the Rocky Mountains signs of the "growing time" abound on every hand. The towns along the Canadian Pacific are doing well, without exception. During the two years they have had a heavier rainfall than usual which has given them plenty of feed, and prices have gone up. A steer that used to bring $32 at Medicine Hat has been worth $40 this year so that ranching has become a lucrative business. An immense quantity of beef and mutton has been shipped to British Columbia from Maple Creek, Medicine Hat, Calgary, Edmonton, Lethbridge and Macleod, together with flour, oats, eggs, butter, hay and vegetables. Now that the Crow's Nest Pass road has been opened, this traffic is bound to grow. Cattle buyers say the English market "went back on them" towards the close of the shipping season and talk of offering lower prices next year, but the ranchers expect the British Columbia demand to help them out. All over this region, indeed, one hears of nothing but trade with British Columbia. The Alberta Irrigation Company, in which there is a good deal of English money, is building a canal 60 miles long south of Lethbridge, whilst hundreds of ranchmen and settlers are irrigating on a small scale in order to raise hay, grains and vegetables for that market.

* * * *

This year 3,000 persons (including 500 Mormons) from the western States have settled in Manitoba and the Territories. They were all, or nearly all, farmers, who had little or nothing to learn on their arrival. Inquiries pour in every day from Michigan, Wisconsin, Kansas and Dakota, and the department believes twice as many will come next year. It is the beginning of a movement that promises great things. If you ask them why they have crossed the line they reply: "We want land for our children, and in the States land is getting scarce and dear. We like your laws; you get just as good prices for your produce, and the cost and quality of implements and other goods are about the same on one side of the border as on the other. While Americans are thus coming in with their superabundance of grit and energy, the exodus from Manitoba to the United States, once so great a scourge, has ceased. This is one of the most hopeful signs of the new prosperity.

The Mormon colony at Cardston, below Lethbridge, is of American origin. From Cardston it is branched out all over that part of southern Alberta, with good-sized settlements at Ætna, Mountain View, Leavitt and Caldwell. The entire communities now numbers 2,000 people, about 500 of whom came from the United States this year. "The Mormon Church," says The Cardston Record of this week, "has contracted to settle 500 people on the Alberta Irrigation Company's lands in 1899." These transplanted Mormons do not practise polygamy. They belive in Joe Smith and other strange prophets, but one has only to visit their settlements and note their industry, thrift and sobriety, with the resulting prosperity, to reach the same conclusion as the poet:

Children of men! the unseen Power, whose eye
For ever doth accompany mankind,
Hath looked on no religion scornfully
That men did ever find.

The Cardston farmers and ranchmen come chiefly from Utah, Wyoming and southern Missouri. All of them speak highly of their prospects here. The building of the Crow's Nest line has given them such comparatively easy access to the British Columbia mines that they are going in extensively for dairying.

* * * *

The Northwest, in short, has settled down to business, and with reasonable luck during the next few years, is probably destined to fulfil the highest expectations ever formed of its future.

RATEPAYERS' MEETING.

The Annual Meeting of the ratepayers of the Cardston Public School District No 457 was held Saturday, Jan. 7th in the Cardston School House, a fair proportion of those interested being present.

Satisfactory reports were given by the Trustees, Teachers, Treasurer, and Auditor; and the Inspector's report (given last September) was read; all of which showed a necessity for contin d diligence in providing for the accommodation of our fast increasing school population.

Mr. R. Ibey whose term as Trustee, had expired was re-elected to that position for the ensuing three years.

Mr. Albert Gay was appointed auditor for the ensuing year, in place of Mr. C. E. Snow whose term had expired.

The necessity of building a school house, or school houses for the District was spoken of at considerable length, but no action taken.

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Organs from $75 00 up to $175 00
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P. P. Skriver, of Ætna, was in Cardston, Friday.

For 30 days only
At H. S. Allen & Co's

Snaps in Clothings & Caps.

Men's	Suits	worth $4 25	for $3 25
"	"	" 6 25	" 4 75
"	"	" 8 00	" 6 00
"	"	" 10 50	" 8 00
"	"	" 12 00	" 9 00
"	"	" 14 00	" 10 50
Men's	Fur Caps	" 1 20	" 1 15
"	"	" 2 25	" 1 50
Men's	Caps	" 75	" 50

Rare Bargains in Ladies' goods.

25 per cent off on all Mantel Clothes.
20 " " " " " Dress Goods.
15c Flannelettes for 9c.

$3 50	Capes and Jackets for	$2 50
6 25	" " " "	4 25
8 00	" " " "	6 00
12 50	" " " "	9 00

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A general banking business transacted.

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Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $3.00; Round trip, $5.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.
MERCER & McCARTY PROPS.

Great Bargains
For Newspaper Readers
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CARDSTON, ALBERTA.

FROM THE PHILIPPINES.

THE FILIPINO CABINET HAS JUST RESIGNED.

Filipinos Congress Adjourned—Aguinaldo's Movements—Christmas Among the Troops.

Manila, Dec. 26.—The so-called congress of the revolutionary government of the Filipinos, which has been in session for some time at Malolos, has unexpectedly adjourned, owing to the difficulty of formulating a constitution. The cabinet of President Aguinaldo, appointed at Bacoor on July 15, last and named in the Bacoor proclamation issued that day, has resigned. General Aguinaldo, who had been at Malolos, came from there to Santa Anna, a suburb of Manila. He then visited Paterno, and now, it is reported, he has gone to Cavite Vieja, the old town of Cavite. Reliable advices say that while he was at Paterno he was indefatigable in his efforts to overcome the policy of the militant factions which is hostile to the United States. It is probable that his influence will avail to avert trouble.

Manila, Dec. 26.—Christmas was generally observed among the United States troops here with special religious services by Protestants and Catholics alike. The services for the Colorado and Pennsylvania regiments were conducted by Chaplain Harris.

CASTELAR ILL.

Madrid, Dec. 26.— Senor Don Emilio Castelar, the distinguished Republican statesman, orator and scholar, is prostrated with a serious attack of pulmonary catarrh.

TROUBLE IN PANNAY.

United States Troops and Cruiser Baltimore Sent to Iloilo.

Washington, Dec. 26.— The administration has taken steps to safeguard United States interests at Iloilo, in the island of Panay, one of the Philippine archipelago, and a military and naval expedition is now on its way there from Manila. Cable advices were received here to-day from General Otis, commanding the military forces in the Philippines, and Admiral Dewey, commanding the naval forces there, showing that they are acting in concert in the matter. General Otis reported that he had dispatched two regiments and a battery of artillery to Iloilo on army transports and Admiral Dewey notified the navy department that the cruiser Baltimore had sailed from Manila for the same place. It is explained that these officers are acting upon their own discretion in the matter, and that no official advices have been received here to indicate that there is any unusual lawlessness at Iloilo. Several days ago it was reported, by way of Madrid, that the Spanish forces in Iloilo had been attacked by the insurgents and had driven them back with heavy loss, but this report lacks official confirmation. The United States expedition is more in the nature of a precaution but will take active measures for the suppression of lawlessness in case the condition of affairs requires it.

FRENCH MILITARY PLOT.

Letters Discovered Compromising the French Army.

London, Dec. 26.—The Rome correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "The conference based upon the disarmament proposals of Emperor Nicholas has been fixed for St. Petersburg about the beginning of May next, prior to which the Russian government will submit officially to the powers a definite plan of disarmament in order to enable them to formulate modifications or counter suggestions."

London, Dec. 27.—The Paris correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says: "It is asserted that the French police have seized several bundles of letters whose contents prove that a military plot is already in thorough working order."

London, Dec. 27.—The Paris correspondent of the Times gives an interesting account this morning of the way in which M. Emile Zola escaped to London after the sentences imposed upon him last July in the trial on the charge of libel brought against him and M. Perreux, managing editor of the L'Aurore, by the officers of the Esterhazy court martial. According to M. de Blowitz, M. Zola has lived at various country places in England quietly ever since. It appears that his Paris friends had the greatest difficulty to persuade him to seek refuge in England, the course they considered best for the interests of the Dreyfus revision.

Sentences at Hull.

Ottawa, Dec. 27.—Benjamin S. Stackhouse, a dentist, at the Hull assizes got three years in penitentiary for giving drugs to Victoria Taylor to procure abortion.

Dr. Eugene McKay, of Papineauville, got one year in penitentiary for indecent assault on Mrs. Parisien, of the same place.

Andre Riopelle was sentenced to four years in the penitentiary for manslaughter.

Two Frenchmen Fight a Duel.

New York, Dec. 27.—A dispatch to the Herald from Paris says: The duel with swords between Max Regis, mayor of Algiera, and M. Lepic, one of the editors of the Les Droits De L'Homme, took place at 5 o'clock this morning at Hueaux. Max Regis attacked his opponent with fury and M. Lepic defended himself with energy. Six rounds were fought and then the two combatants were so played out that the duel had to be brought to an end.

Montreal, Dec. 22.—A. Palascio, hardware merchant, 390 St. James street, has assigned at the instance of E. H. Lemay, with liabilities of $228,000. A large portion of the liabilities are mortgages held on real estate, of which Palascio owns a quantity in the city and suburbs.

PARTED AT THE ALTAR.

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY.

The mighty thrill that had stirred his pulses as he saw her kneeling, with her golden head bowed, on the cold, hard stones outside of the closed gates, crying out she would rather die than face the pitiless world—the mighty thrill that had stirred his pulses and bade him care for her—instead of pity, as he thought it then, was love. Love, too, that had prompted him to follow her tonight down to the river, to give his life, if need be, to save her. Love that bemoaned her loss, and cried out to him that his life was ruined and blasted, now that Doris was no more; and the bitterest drop in his cup of woe was the knowledge that Doris loved him so well, and that she had died because she could not live without him, and had died, too, believing he had willfully deserted her.

Ah! if she had but known just how that terrible affair came about.

Again Vivian broke in upon his perturbed thoughts.

"You do not speak! You do not attempt to deny it!" she cried, shrilly. "I believe you did love the girl, or you would never, never have asked her to marry you that night of the ball; and if that be true, I glory in the fact that you are parted from her—that she is dead!"

Great heaven! how the cruel words smote him! and in that moment he loathed Vivian more intensely than he had ever loved her.

"As the case now stands, Vivian," he said, coldly, "I release you from your engagement, realizing under what circumstances it was made."

"But supposing I do not wish to be released," she said, slowly.

"We can never be anything to each other in the future," he answered, firmly. "All is over between us, Vivian; we must part forever."

CHAPTER XX.—A HUSBAND'S FAULT.

Mrs. Thornton's dismay upon hearing the startling story Vivian related so incoherently to her can better be imagined than described.

She sought out her son at once. He was still pacing to and fro under the beeches in the garden.

"Frederick," she whispered approaching him and taking his cold hands in her own, "you must not give way to grief like this. Under the circumstances, you are blameless." That accident, and the delirious fever which followed it, completely obliterated all knowledge of your waiting bride from your mind. The fault lay with Doris herself. When she came here, why did she not tell me all, instead of creeping into the house by stealth, and in disguise? Or why did she not confront you, and demand to know why you deserted her? Then matters could have been righted."

"She was so young, mother, she did not know what to do under the complicated circumstances. She believed, of course, that I was false to her," he groaned.

"There is another matter of which I wish to speak, Frederick," said his mother, timidly. "This is scarcely the time and place, still it must be said, sooner or later, and the subject may as well be gotten over with first as last.

"You married this girl on the spur of the moment, my boy, even at the time you did not love her—you loved Vivian. Believing yourself afterward free to woo and win Vivian you became engaged in marriage to her. The wedding day is set; she wears your ring upon her finger. You cannot bring Doris back; therefore it is best to keep all knowledge of this tragedy from the public, and let your marriage with Vivian go on."

She was puzzled by the strange look that crossed his face, leaving it paler than ever.

"I will keep this pitiful affair from the world's knowledge for my poor, unhappy Doris's sake, if you think best, mother," he answered, huskily; "but as for marrying Vivian now, mother, I cannot. Do not urge me. I cannot."

Mrs. Thornton looked into her son's white, handsome, stormy face with dismay, not unmixed with fear. Was this terrible affair driving him mad? Was he losing his reason? He was evincing an unaccountable, strange dislike toward Vivian whom he had fairly idiolized. Surely this was a sign of it. Those struggling on the verge of madness usually turn against the one they love best—first.

"Do not talk about it any more, mother," he went on, huskily. "I cannot bear it."

Every effort was made to find poor Doris's body, but to no avail.

If she lay beneath the water, the sunlit waves kept their own secret well. The disappearance of Mrs. Thornton's companion created no excitement whatever. No one missed her, no one took any interest to know what had become of her; and thus days lengthened into weary months. At last society was beginning to wonder why the marriage between Vivian Courtney, the heiress, and Frederick Thornton, the banker's son, did not take place.

Since the night of the ball many had noticed a sudden and growing coldness between the lovers.

No one knew that, seeing Vivian in her true light—on that fatal night she had boldly declared her hatred of poor, hapless little Doris—the last remnant of Frederick Thornton's love for her had been turned into loathing.

He no longer sought Vivian's society; he rather avoided it. Whole hours he spent by the deep, dark, treacherous water, his face buried in his hands, groaning aloud. It was too late now for vain regrets. His heart had gone out to poor little Doris too late.

No one knew how he mourned in secret for the bride he had lost so strangely.

To Vivian Courtney this strange revulsion on the part of her lover was maddening. In vain she tried to woo him back to his allegiance; but the golden spell of love was broken. He shrank from her. The dead coals of the old love were never again to be re-kindled in his heart.

Yet Vivian Courtney would not be discouraged. Even to herself she would not admit the alarming truth that Frederick Thornton's heart had grown cold to her.

One afternoon matters came to a crisis. Vivian drove up to the villa in her village-cart and called for Frederick.

"I should like you to ride a little way with me, Frederick," she said. "I have something to say to you."

Very reluctantly he complied, rather dreading a tete-a-tete with the willful beauty, and a shade of annoyance crossed his face which she was not slow in perceiving. For some distance they rode in silence—a silence broken only by the twittering of the birds in the trees overhead, or the drowsy hum of the bees amid the sweet pink clover.

At length the silence became irksome to Vivian. She clutched the reins tightly with her little, white, ungloved hands; and looking down he noticed that she still wore his engagement ring.

She saw the glance, and a deep flush, followed by a quick pallor, spread over her face.

"Frederick," she said, in a low, vibrating voice, "it is about this ring I wish to speak to you. Do you still mean what you said on the night of the ball?"

It hurt her pride cruelly to utter those words, but she must know. Her love—her whole future—was at stake.

He tried to overcome his embarrassment at the question, but it was a failure. He looked greatly distressed. He was a thorough gentleman in word and deed. How could he tell her that his heart had changed toward her since the evening she had expressed herself so freely in regard to poor little Doris's death? How he hated the ungracious words he must speak; yet it must be done. He must speak plainly to her. The words he must utter: "I have ceased to love you," seemed to him most unmanly; yet the sooner they understood each other the better it would be for them both.

In the gentlest words he could command, he told her that the engagement they had entered into should never have existed, owing to the fact that at that time, he was not free to woo and win any young girl's heart, and he begged her to remember the accident which had befallen him, followed by brain fever, which had obliterated from his mind all knowledge of his bride, who awaited his return.

"No, no, Vivian," he went on, "do not consider your promise binding, for I do not. You are as free as air."

The words died away on his lips as he saw the marble white pallor of the girl's face. Her eyes glowed like purple fires, and her breast heaved convulsively.

"You have no heart, or you would not break with me!" she sobbed. "All the world will know that I am a victim to the fickleness of a man's love!" she cried "You did love me once, Frederick," she went on, pathetically, "and you would have been mine but for that girl who came between us, and I hate her for it; yes, hate her in her grave, for I believe in one mad moment, as she stood before you, pleading her cause that night, your love turned from me to her. Is it not so?" she panted.

He was too honorable to deny the truth, and he bowed his head in assent.

Again Vivian laid aside her pride, and turned to him.

"Is it too late, now that she is dead, to care—for me—again?" she faltered.

He could not help feeling touched with pity and distress for the humiliation it must have cost this proud girl to speak such words as these.

"If you ever marry I—I shall despise the woman who wins your love," she cried, bitterly; "I will be her cruelest enemy, and yours, till the day I die."

"Calm yourself, Vivian," he answered, gently, taking her burning hands in his; "I shall never marry—never."

"You will wreck your life and mine for a foolish vagary," she cried, bitterly. "Doris is dead—why can you not forget her, Frederick?" she cried, with a spasm of pain in her voice. "Pause and think before you give up such a deathless love as mine."

He shook his head with a sad gesture.

"I am grieved, pained to tell you, Vivian," he said, "that it can never be; the memory of my fair young bride comes between us. My heart has gone out to Doris, and is buried with her in her grave."

"Shall we turn back?" she asked, in a cold, constrained voice, that sounded scarcely human.

"Yes," he answered, gently.

Not a word was uttered during that long drive homeward. Vivian's face was white as death, but with a firm hand she held the reins.

Before alighting from the vehicle, he held out his hand to her:—

"We can at least be friends, Vivian," he said, appealingly.

She uttered a bitter laugh that was half a sob, recoiling from his outstretched hand.

"After breaking my heart, and placing me in a very sorry light before the public, do not talk of being friends with me; do not ask me to touch your hand."

"As you think best, Vivian," he said, humbly.

Vivian Courtney never saw the green, waving fields, the white, pebbled road, and the daisy-starred meadows as she drove slowly homeward. Vivian was in a whirl of emotion; she was trying to picture what life would be without him.

"Oh my love!" she sobbed, "will you never care for me? Shall I wait for you all my life long? Shall I call, and hear but the echo of my own voice? Shall I love you year after year, and be no nearer to you than I am now? Oh, Frederick, if it be in the power of woman to win you, I will win you—I will devote my life to the task."

And then and there she made this vow which influenced her future life, and [illegible] of it one long tragedy.

She vowed that she would win his love—or no other woman should—that her beauty, and the gifts nature had lavished upon her, should all be used for this one purpose. Even as she had had undying love, so she would have undying patience. She would never weary; she would bear all his coldness with gentleness, but she would win him in the end; it might be long years, but she would win his love, or no other woman should.

Over and over she repeated those words vehemently to herself, until that one idea was the one purpose of her life. The next day society was considerably shocked by the announcement that the engagement between handsome Frederick Thornton and Vivian Courtney, the beautiful heiress, was broken.

Vivian's father heard the report confirmed by his daughter's lips, with a face white with rage.

"He has gone too far with this matter to draw back now, Vivian," he cried. "He must—he shall live up to every letter of his agreement, or he will answer to me, your father, for it."

In all her life Vivian had never seen her father so terribly moved, or worked up into such a terrible passion.

He strode toward the door and flung it open, taking something bright and gleaming from his desk as he passed it, and thrust it into his breast-pocket.

"What would you do, father?" cried Vivian, springing toward him and catching his arm in the wildest alarm.

"I am going to see that he marries you this very day, according to contract—or gives me satisfaction!" he thundered.

CHAPTER XXI.—DISOWNED.

We must now return to Doris and the fatal moment in which she plunged madly from the rocks down into the swirling water below.

The contact with the water brought Doris to her senses and the realization that she had no right to take the life God had given her. When she rose to the surface, it was in the dark, dense shadows of the willows that fringed the bank.

Clutching the long branches that drooped to the water's edge, Doris succeeded in drawing herself into safety.

"May God forgive me," she murmured again, falling upon her knes, "I think for the moment I must have been mad—yes, driven mad by my terrible woe."

Kneeling there, she heard Frederick Chornton wildly calling upon her name. A low, bitter laugh that was half a sob fell from her lips, then she knew no more.

For long hours Doris lay among the daisy studded grass in the dense shadow of the trees, her white stark face upturned to the night sky. Surely the pitying moonbeams, drifting down through the swaying branches, never looked upon a sadder sight in all their rounds.

At length consciousness returned to her. For a moment she was stunned, bewildered. Then the low wash of the river as it laved the banks brought a remembrance of what had transpired to her and how she came to be lying there.

Doris struggled to her feet and stood irresolute for a mom nt in the path. Where should she go? Which way should she turn? "It does not matter much," she murmured, and again she turned her white, despairing face to the great city.

"Cast adrift again on the streets of New York," she moaned. "Ah! well, I will look my cruel fate bravely in the face. I will teach my heart to forget him. I will tear his image out of my heart, though it take a lifetime. I shall never cross his path again—never! From this hour I leave the old life behind me."

The light broke, the sun rose, and another day was begun in the bustling city of New York, toward which poor, beautiful, hapless Doris, the child of fate, had turned her steps.

The same sun which had crossed the zenith was shining just then upon a strange scene which was transpiring in the far-off village of Beech Grove on the Chesapeake.

An hour before, a magnificent equipage had entered the village, and the driver had stopped one of the pedestrians, and inquired the way to Madame Delmar's seminary.

The carriage contained a lady and gentleman. Both were greatly agitated, though the gentleman did his best to soothe his companion.

"As we draw near the seminary gates, my heart beats so tumultuously, I almost fear it will break, Hulbert," she said, smiling through her tears.

"Joy never kills, my dear Dora," he replied. "Calm yourself, darling."

"How can you talk of being calm, Hulbert," she cried, "when I have been looking forward to this moment for nearly eighteen years? It has haunted me in my dreams, been ever present in my waking hours. My one prayer to heaven has been, heaven hasten the hour in which I am to meet my child, and clasp her once more in her mother's loving arms."

"Doris must have grown into a beautiful young girl," said the gentleman, thoughtfully. "She has your features, my dear."

"Will she meet me with a glad cry of love, or with coldness, I wonder?" murmured the lady. "It must have been a great cross to her never to have known her parents; and the knowledge that she had been forsaken in her infancy by those who should have been her protectors. Poor little Doris!—my pretty little, golden-haired baby!" And the lady commenced to weep afresh.

"You forget, Dora, it was done for the best—the very best," said Hulbert Brandon, a look of pain crossing his noble face. "You forget that our history—our past—has been no common one—our romantic meeting and hasty, secret marriage, and our dismay at finding out there had been the bitterest kind of a feud existing between our families for years. You were obliged to keep the birth of our child, as well as our marriage, a secret from them, telling them you were visiting friends during those months.

(To be Continued.)

JINGLES AND JESTS.

Slightly Bewildered.

Our town of Pawpaw-on-the-Crick set
out to stir the nation
By celebratin peace. We planned a monster demonstration,
But presently black eyes was scattered
through the hull committee
Because the chairman made remarks that
wan't exackly pretty.
Wives sided with their husbands, as
they'll do in outside matters;
School children took it up, tore one another's books to tatters,
The neighborin townships all mixed in,
the row's been gettin thicker
Till life insurance comp'nies dodge a Pawpaw-oh-the-Cricker.

It's what he calls a paradox, my friend,
the wise perfesser.
I take his word fur it, 'cause he's a most
accomplished guesser.
It's jes' the same way with the czar. He
starts a peace petition,
An all the world gits up an says the aimiable condition
Which he suggests is what we need, an
then the bayonets rattle,
An all the monarchs put themselves in
readiness fur battle.
It beats my time to see the funny way
that things'll happen,
With everybody yellin "Peace!" an everybody scrappin!

—Washington Star.

How It Helps Business.

"I found your location by reading the sign on your front window," said the bill collector, entering one of the front rooms on the fourteenth floor. "But it gave me a crick in the neck."

"Ah!" pleasantly observed Dr. Rybold, the celebrated patent medicinal compounder. "You have come to the right place. This little mixture will cure that, my friend, or the money will be cheerfully refunded. Only 25 cents. Take according to instructions on the bottle. Thanks."

And he bowed the astonished young man out.

The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited

GOODS TO THE SEASON.

IT'S not enough that this store should give you goods at a price that makes it a money object for you to buy here. We do that, or else you would not, in such large numbers, take the trouble to mail us your orders this long distance. We make it a feature of this store news that it shall tell of goods you want at the time—goods in season—timely goods. That's the spirit of the lists that follow—prices right—goods timely.

PRINT SECTION.

200 DRESS LENGTHS Finest Qualities Percales and Nap Back Wrapperettes, latest styles and choice colorings, our regular price 12 1-2 per yard, put up neatly with bands, each length contains 10 yards. Special for..... 1.00

LADIES' WOOL UNDERWEAR.

Ladies' Fine Ribbed Natural All-Wool Vests, shaped waists, high neck, long sleeves, open fronts, silk lace in neck ..... .5[illegible]

Ladies' Plain Unshrinkable Natural Wool Vests, buttoned across shoulder or down front and long sleeves. Drawers ankle length to match ..... .75

CHILDREN'S HOSE.

Boys' Extra Heavy 2-1 Ribb Wool Hose, with special heel and toe, made of a fine soft pure wool yarn, size 6 to 10 in special value at..... .25

Children's 8-Fold Knee Ribbed Cashmere Hose, with double sole, heel and toe, made very elastic and heavy, of good pure wool, suitable for boys or girls, special, pair..... .25

Children's Fancy Silk Embroidered Cashmere Hose, full fashioned, double heel and toe, embroidered in small neat design, size 5 to 8 1-2, price, according to size, 35c to..... .55

Boys' Extra Heavy 2-1 Ribb English Worsted Hose, made of best 4-ply yarn, full fashioned, just the thing for winter weather, a hose that would be good value at 65c, our special price, pair ..... .50

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

Men's Fine Blue and Black Imported English Beaver Overcoats, in single or double breasted style, lined with fine farmer's satin and pullars sleeve linings, finished with deep velvet collar and silk stitched edges, regular $7 sizes 34 to 44, Saturday..... 5.00

Men's Heavy All-Wool Frieze Ulsters, in black, brown and dark grey, lined with heavy wool tweed lining, made heavy lapped seams, double stitched, half belt on back, large storm collar, with tab for throat, sizes 35 to 46, a warm, dressy coat for..... 7.50

Men's Extra Heavy Wool Frieze Ulster, in blue, black and heather mixtures, lined with fancy plaid wool lining, with satin saddle back, made with deep French facings, extending under the arm and over the shoulder, deep storm collar, with tab this coat is also guaranteed waterproof, sizes 36 to 44, regular $10.50, special 8.50

Boys' Red River Overcoats, in blue and black Mackinac cloth, made with capot, lined with red flannel, seams piped and trimmed, some with blue and some with red, sizes 2 to 7 years, at ..... a 3.75

TABLE LINENS.

2 x 2 1-2 yards Tablecloth, with border all around, guaranteed superior quality and grass bleach, double damask and satin finish, in the newest dot and floral patterns Irish manufacture, special, each 1.75

One dozen Table napkins to match the above cloth in quality and design, size 25x25 inch, special for 1.75

MEN'S AND BOYS' FURS.

Boys' Choice Grey Lamb Caps, heavy and evenly furred, nice even curls, in dark, medium or light shades, silk and sateen linings, very special.. 2.50

Men's and Boys' Imitation Persian Lamb Caps, wedge or Dominion shapes, high glossy and even curls, specially well lined and finished, special .50

Men's and Boys' Canadian Beaver Caps, wedge shape, even, heavy and dark fur, lined with best quality brown satin, sizes 7 to 7 3 8, special..... 6.50

Men's Fur Coats, in Australian Wallaby lined, special quality, quilted Italian, deep storm collars, fur heavy and even, full 50 in. long, regular $20, special 16.00

Men's Choice Quality Baltic Sea Driving Caps, adjustable peaks and sliding bands, lined fancy satin, regular $5 cap, special 3.50

Grey Goat Carriage Robes, made from selected grey goat skins, full large size, lined with specially imported fancy figured plush, deep felt trimmings, special 6.50

BIBLES AND HYMN BOOKS.

A special line of Bibles, leather bound, clear print, red, gold edges, maps, handy size ..... .50

Hymns, ancient and modern, with music, good, clear print, on fine paper, leather binding, special value 1.00

CATHOLIC PRAYER BOOKS.

A large variety of Catholic Prayer Books at all prices. Our dollar line represents some choice books. Key of Heaven, Garden of the Soul, Catholic Piety and Vest Pocket Prayer Books, in Morocco, calf and other bindings, yapped or plain edge, clear print, good paper, extra value ..... .100

CURTAINS & WINDOW SHADES.

Nottingham Lace Curtains, in handsome design white or ivory, 3 1-2 yards long, in floral and artistic effects, 53 inches wide, taped or colbert edges, special 1.25

Swiss Curtains in handsome applique work, 3 1-2 yards long, 50 in. wide (white only), very effective designs special 3.25

Chenille Curtains in handsome colors and combinations, dado top and bottom, heavy fringed ends, in green, gold, terra cotta, crimson, blue, etc., special 2.50

Curtain Poles, in assorted color woods with wood or brass trimmings, size 1 1-2 x 5 0, in walnut, oak cherry and mahogany finish, special..... .21

Opaque Window Shades, in cream or green, size 37 x 70, mounted on Hartshorn spring roller, complete with pull, special ..... .30

Address your orders exactly as below.

The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited

SECTION 52. TORONTO.

THE TATTLER.

Mrs. Evangelina Cisneros Carbonell is back in Havana.

Mrs. Sloane never shops. Goods are sent to her house for approval.

Emma Eames takes great care of her voice and says she "lives by the thermometer as most people do by the clock."

Mrs. Russell Sage is interested in her husband's many business projects and has for many years made a careful study of the "street" and its stocks.

Miss Jennie Revert, who has a stock farm on Long Island, has invaded a new field for women by graduating from the veterinary school in Alfort, France.

Mrs. Eliza Hendricks, widow of the former vice president, is managing her husband's estate so well as to earn the title of "the best business woman in Indiana."

Mrs. William C. Whitney's charities in Washington, Mass., have not been forgotten by the townspeople, and at the Methodist church there recently prayers were offered for her speedy recovery.

Mrs. Jefferson Davis, though in the seventies, is a well preserved woman and a fine type of the old school southern lady. The routine of her life has for years remained unchanged, but her once famous wit is as brilliant as ever.

Lady Alice Montagu, who will spend this winter in New York, is one of the twin daughters of Consuelo, duchess of Manchester. She was the most admired of all the belles of the past London season and is noted for her beauty.

Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt is one of the few wives of political notabilities who share their husbands' enjoyment of cartoons. Mrs. Thomas Platt has said that she sometimes fears to open a paper; so, too, Mrs. Russell Sage. But Mrs. Roosevelt has made quite a collection of the multitudinous representations of the rough rider.

PEN, CHISEL AND BRUSH.

Benjamin Constant, the French painter, has just finished a portrait of Mme. Calve. It will be exhibited at the next salon.

One of the first things that Israel Zangwill did when he arrived in Chicago was to go to the Jewish quarter and visit his old friend and playmate, Abraham Halprin.

Lady Butler, the artist, whose "Roll Call" made her famous, sums up the early vicissitudes of that picture thus: "Rejected and damaged; rejected; accepted and skied."

Hall Caine says in a Boston interview: "I have read criticisms on myself for having uttered opinions of my own work, 'The Christian,' where really I have maintained an absolute silence. I have never given my views on the subject, nor can I do so consistently."

Sir Walter Besant celebrated his sixtieth birthday on Nov. 1. The event calls to mind that he has never suffered any of the hardships which were the lot of so many of his contemporaries in fiction. From the very beginning he has found a ready market for his work.

Frederick Macmonnies, the sculptor, in speaking of the group of "War" which he is at work on for Prospect park, Brooklyn, said, "Whatever the war has done for the country, it has done me undoubted good and given me fresh inspirations and impressions for a lifetime."

James Whitcomb Riley thinks the lot of a poet a hard one. In a recent interview he said: "If you're called as witness in a lawsuit, some little attorney squares himself off and says with withering scorn: 'Let me see, you're a poet, are you not? H'm, yes. Gentlemen of the jury, the witness is a poet'—and your testimony is killed dead as a door nail."

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

The trying yellow spots frequently left by sewing machine oil on white goods may be removed by rubbing the stain with a cloth wet with ammonia before washing with soap.

In buying ginghams for kitchen aprons or for other purposes where wear is a first consideration avoid the browns. There is something about the dye that rots the goods. The blues that border on the indigo wear best and wash best.

A simple expedient to alleviate the fly nuisance is to sponge the window and sills with a strong solution of carbolic acid. Do this while the sun is shining and the flies are most plentiful. They will, it is said, die at once and in numbers. The brushing may be repeated several times.

A correspondent of Farm and Fireside recommends salt—dry, coarse salt—free from lumps for cleaning unpainted floors. Sprinkle a couple cups of salt on the floor, then sweep the floor in one direction. The broom may be slightly dampened. This method will not remove grease spots, but it will dispose of dust as if by magic.

POULTRY POINTERS.

Millet seed is an excellent feed for little chickens.

Do not get pullets too fat. Keep them growing, bony and muscular.

In nearly all cases the more active the breed the less liability to fatten.

Under ordinary conditions a pullet that matures so as to begin laying in November can be depended upon for a good sitter in the spring.

One decided advantage in buying and breeding stock in the fall is that there is a better chance of getting the best selections at lower prices.

So far as is possible, give a good variety of feed. Frequent change of diet is the best way of getting the chickens to grow rapidly and mature early.

Peking ducks are preferable both as market fowls and egg producers. With good treatment they will lay 10 or 12 dozen eggs yearly, and by good feeding can be made to weigh five pounds when 10 weeks old.—Exchange.

OVER THE OCEAN.

The chip on France's shoulder appears to have been securely tied to prevent accidents.

The champions of Norwegian independence are gaining ground rapidly, and their dream of separate nationality may be realized in the near future.—Buffalo Courier.

Spain asks damages of the Clyde shipbuilders because the torpedo destroyers did not come up to expectation. The defense will be that the men to run them were not in the contract.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

HE WAS REMINISCENT.

And In an Absentminded Way He Had a Cheap Treat.

The sack of chestnuts in front of the fruit store attracted the attention of the dyspeptic looking man who was strolling along, and he stopped to inspect them.

"These are pretty fair specimens," he said, picking one out of the sack, opening it with his knife, and eating it leisurely.

"They're the best Ohio nuts," replied the man in the door. "Got 'em fresh this morning."

"How much are they a pound?"

"Twenty cents."

"There's a great difference in chestnuts," rejoined the dyspeptic looking man, eating another one, "and the best ones nearly always come from Ohio. I was raised in Ohio."

"Yes?"

"You'll get hold of some chestnuts that look all right, but when you come to test them they are good for nothing. They haven't got any taste. A good chestnut is sweet. You don't have to roast it to bring out the sweetness."

"That's right. How many"—

"On the farm where I was raised there was a chestnut tree that must have been 50 years old. It was bigger around than that barrel. I never knew it to fail of having a crop. Some years, you know, it wouldn't bear as well as it did other years, but it never absolutely failed. The nuts were just like these—good sized, rich colored and sweet."

And he sampled another.

"How many of these would you like to"—

"I give you my word that when I came away from Ohio I missed that old chestnut tree more than everything else put together. There's a good deal in the color of a chestnut. Some of them have a dull kind of look. Now the chestnuts that grew on that old tree had a rich, glossy shine about them, like a dark chestnut sorrel horse. Ever live in Ohio?"

"No."

"Great state. If it wasn't that I can do better in my business in Illinois, I'd go right back there to live. Ohio fruit tastes better than any other fruit. You take apples, for instance"—

"How many of these nuts would you like to have?"

"Me? Oh, I don't want to buy any! I don't dare to eat them nowadays. Well, I must be going."—Chicago Tribune.

Suspicious of His Role.

Deadeye Dan—Be sure and turn up at our lynching bee tonight, Bill. You're the M. C.

Bilgewater Bill (cautiously)—What's the M. C.?

Deadeye Dan—Master of ceremonies.

Bilgewater Bill (relieved)—All right, pard. Thought mebbe 'twas "my choke."—Comic Cuts.

She Had the Price.

In vain they protested that the duke was an adventurer or worse.

"What," they finally exclaimed, "if there were a price upon his head?"

Beryl Aus der Wabash, the willful heiress, only smiled.

"I have the price!" she answered them, in all confidence.—Detroit Journal.

Unconscious Satire.

"What is yo' keepin dat lame duck roun so long foh?" inquired Mr. Erastus Pinkley.

"Yo' see," answered Miss Miama Brown, "de white folks at my service place has cake walk pahties. I'ze tryin to learn some er de steps dey uses, an I'ze keepin dis bird foh a model."—Washington Star.

Masculine Intuition.

Mr. Simkins—Our new neighbor, Mrs. Lamkins, is not a very neat housekeeper, is she?

Mrs. Simkins—Indeed she isn't. She lets things lay around every which way. How did you know?

Mr. Simkins—Oh, her husband looks so jolly!

Cause For Alarm.

She—Mrs. Grunt is an awful nuisance. I wonder she doesn't try to keep her tongue between her teeth!

He—Perhaps she is afraid of being arrested for carrying concealed weapons.—Judy.

A Sensible Suggestion.

Now as the prudent family man
For winter makes his preparation
He sees 'twould be a first rate plan
For folks to have a coaling station.
—L. A. W. Bulletin.

Minard's Liniment for Rheumatism.

An Anecdote of Admiral Dewey.

One afternoon Mr. Dewey came down to my table on the gun deck. With an easy air he sat down on a camp stool and said quietly:

"So you're the ship's writer?"

"Yes, Mr. Dewey."

"And these, I presume, are the ship's books?"

"Yes, sir."

"This is your liberty book. Let me see." And Mr. Dewey turned over leaf after leaf, glancing down the list with a grim smile.

"Mr. Kimberley tells me that you are a conscientious bookkeeper," he said after a pause.

"The men think that I'm too much so, sir."

Dewey regarded me with a searching look.

"Why, what do they say?" he asked.

Boylike, impetuously anxious to learn what manner of man I had to deal with, I blurted out:

"They say they want less book and more executive officer."

Mr. Dewey's face darkened and his square set jaw closed hard.

"If they mean by that that they expect me to sail ship on sweet words and fair promises in spite of past experiences, they will be badly out of reckoning," he said slowly.—Harper's Round Table.

The Coin Comes Back.

The large sums that are carried away from Monte Carlo are very few and far between. Generally what is won in one day is lost the next. There are no amusements of any kind. The administration looks after this detail with admirable judgment. Everything is absolutely concentrated in the casino. This is the magnet pur et simple. You have delightful concerts free of charge, theatrical performances with the very best of talent at extremely moderate prices, but all within the walls of the all absorbing casino.

Very few can resist the magnetism of play. If you win even a small sum, you feel obliged to continue; if you lose, you wish to regain, and so it goes on until in the end you have dropped more than you can well afford and are obliged to retire a sadder but wiser man or woman, with the option of applying to the casino authorities for the wherewithal to return home. This request is never refused a player who has lost.—Ludgate Magazine.

The Birdlike Love.

"Now, there's the people that buy canaries," said the bird dealer. "Queer people they are. The canary has no more love in it than a cat—not so much as a cat has for a canary. It loves nothing but feed, and it can't make believe as much affection as a cat can when it wants something. But hundreds buy canaries and love them—queer people. lonely people mostly. Some have friends, but that makes no difference about their being lonely. Nobody loves them, just the same.

"But the worst is nobody wants their love either. They are humblelike, though. They don't expect love. All they want is something to love—not much of anything, just anything. So the canary does.

"Yes, I sell lots of 'em canaries, and I can tell every time a customer comes in the door if he wants a canary or canary feed."—New York Commercial.

He Was Doing It.

A gentleman going into his stable one day found his little son astride of one of the horses, with a slate and pencil in his hand. "Why, Harry," he exclaimed, "what are you doing?"

"Writing a composition," was the reply.

"Well, why don't you write it in the library?" asked the father.

"Because," answered the little fellow, "the teacher told me to write a composition on a horse."—Chicago News.

Punishment.

Captain—Sergeant, note down Private Dobbs three days on bread and water for slovenly turning out on parade.

Sergeant—Beg pardon, captain, that won't make the slightest difference to him. He's a vegetarian.

Captain—What! Then put him for three days on meat and soup.—London Judy.

The Color of Calcium.

Calcium is usually described as a yellow metal, but Moissan has recently shown that when pure it is of a brilliant white, crystallizing in six sided figures, which are got by dissolving the metal in liquid sodium at a low red heat and removing the sodium by the use of absolute alcohol.—London Globe.

The skins of boa constrictors fetch a large sum in South America, as they are after they have been tanned almost indestructible.

Minard's Liniment the best hair restorer

HE DOESN'T PLAY POKER.

The Startling Incident That Ended His Interest in the Game.

"I can't tell any story of big sums staked and lost, nor of any great hands made on freak draws, but I can tell you a true story of why I haven't touched a card in the past 14 years, and why, if I should live to be as old as Methusaleh, I will never play again," said Mr. George O Summers. "You often hear men say they are going to quit, but they never do. I took no vow, made no promise to abstain, but ever since a certain evening in the year 1884 card playing has had no charm for me.

"A party of us had gathered in a friend's room, and the expectation was that it would be a long session, for most of us were poker fiends and, win or lose, would stay till the game broke up. In the crowd was a delicate young fellow, and it happened that along about 3 o'clock a. m. he was a couple of hundred dollars winner. We had started in at 6 the previous evening, and it was evident that nine hours' of play had tired him completely out; but, being dead game, he didn't want to quit, especially as he was ahead. Seeing he was undergoing punishment, I suggested that it was time to quit. A vigorous protest at once came from the losers.

" 'But our friend here is fagged out,' I said, 'and as it is almost day we can adjourn and resume another time.'

"Then the others appealed to the young fellow, and with great cheerfulness he answered: 'Yes, I'm willing to play on as long as I can sit in my chair. In fact, I'm willing to agree to play till somebody drops dead.'

"He meant it as a jest, but scarcely had he uttered the words than I saw him turn ghastly pale. His head fell forward, and before any one could reach out to catch him he had fallen to the floor insensible The whole party was for a moment overcome with terror, and then we set to work to revive him. He had only fainted from weakness, and yet the incident was so tragic in its nature that I could not have been more impressed by it if he had actually dropped dead. And that is why all the fascination of poker completely left me."

ALSO A HERO.

Peace Presents Opportunities No Less Than War.

The sharp October air had brought the crimson to the leaves and had brought back to the city again the fair maid that Algernon George Towne had paid court to on Valentine's day ere she had flown to Old Point, there to preen her wings for northern flight when summer had come.

He had permitted her to be in town for two days before he called upon her.

"Ah, Mr. Towne!" she uttered and twittered when he appeared before her. "Really, I am delighted to see you."

"Thank you," he said, with a wild beating at his heart. "What is a delight to you is an ecstasy, a rhapsody, to me."

"How lovely of you to say so, Mr. Towne! Of course you have been heaping up glory all summer for yourself in the war. I do so wish I were a man, to go forth at my country's call and shed my blood gloriously on her altars. Every person owes it to his land to do at least that much, and how grand you must have felt as you swept up the hill at San Juan and drove the foe to his lair!"

She would have said more, but he stopped her.

"Pardon me," he said proudly. "You are mistaken in your location. I was not at San Juan Hill."

"Not at San Juan?" she exclaimed in dismay.

"No."

"At Manila, then?"

"No."

She could not speak.

"No," he went on; "no, but I lived all summer in a Washington boarding house, and, what is more, I rooted unfalteringly for the Washington baseball team." As he stood before her she realized there are things in this life that call for more courage and self denial even than war, and she bowed her head and pleaded for forgiveness.—Washington Star.

A Dunnville Jeweller's Wife

CURED OF PALPITATION OF THE HEART AND SMOTHERING SPELLS BY MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS.

Mrs. D. E. Lasalle, Canal Street, Dunnville, Ont., whose husband keeps a jewellery store, and is one of the best

known and most progressive citizens of Dunnville, Ont., gives the following description of her recent experience in the use of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills:

"I took Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills for weak nerves, dizziness, palpitation of the heart, smothering spells at night and sleeplessness. Before I used them I could not get restful sleep, and my nerves were often so unstrung that I would start in alarm at the least noise, and easily worried.

"Last February I commenced taking this valuable medicine, and it proved the right remedy for my weak and shattered nervous system. Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills restored my nerves to a strong and healthy condition, gave regular and normal action of the heart.

"I sleep well now, and am better in every way, and I recommend them heartily to all who suffer as I did."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, 50c. a box, or 3 for $1.25, at all druggists. T. MILBURN & Co., Toronto, Ont.

Laxa-Liver Pills cure Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Dyspepsia. Every pill guaranteed perfect, and to work without a gripe or pain. Price 25c., all druggists.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Reade's Eccentric English.

Reade's use of the English language, too, was eccentric, not to say ludicrous. In "A Simpleton," when he wished to signify that two people turned their backs on each other in a fit of temper, he wrote, "They showed napes." Describing the complexion of the New Haven fishwives in "Christie Johnstone," he says, "It is a race of women that the northern sun peachifies instead of rosewoodizing." In "Readiana" he describes a gentleman giving a lunch to two ladies at a railway restaurant as follows: "He souped them, he tough chickened them, he brandied and cochinealed one, and he brandied and burnt sugared the other" (brandy and cochineal and brandy and burnt sugar being Reade's euphemisms for port and sherry respectively). While he was preparing his series of articles on Old Testament characters he read what he had written to John Coleman on one occasion and came to this startling passage in his argument:

"Having now arrived at this conclusion, we must go the whole hog or none."

Coleman objected to this phrase.

"You don't like the hog, I see," said Reade. "Well, it's a strong figure of speech and it's understanded of the people; but—yes, you are right. It's scarcely Scriptural. So out it goes."—Gentleman's Magazine.

We believe MINARD'S LINIMENT is the best.
Matthias Foley, Oil City, Ont.
Joseph Snow, Norway, Me.
Chas. Whooten, Mulgrave, N. S.
Rev. R. O. Armstrong, Mulgrave, N. S.
Pierre Landry, senr., Pokemouche, N. B.
Thomas Wasson, Sheffield, N. B

Why He Married.

In the north of England, where rabbit coursing is much in vogue, swift, well trained dogs often win large sums in prizes. It is therefore little to be wondered at that the owners of these animals should bestow so much attention upon them.

An old Yorkshire collier well known for his success in the coursing field recently surprised all his mates by marrying a very unprepossessing woman. He had always been reckoned a confirmed hater of the other sex.

"Why has ta gone and got spliced, lad, at thy age?" one of his friends asked him.

"Oh, that's not much of a tale," answered the old man stolidly. "I agree wi' 'at Betsy yonder is no beauty—if she had been, I shouldn't have wed her. But there dog o' mine, he was simply pinin for somebody to look after him while I was away at t' pit. I couldn't bear to leave him in the house by hissen, so I hit on the idea of marryin Betsy. She's not handsome, but she's mighty good company for the dog!"—London Tit-Bits.

Nut Foods.

Several physicians in different parts of Europe have been making experiments as to the nutritive and medicinal qualities of all kinds of nuts and have advanced views favoring their use as food under certain conditions for special diseases. Nuts contain a special kind of salt especially adapted for lubricating or softening the muscles of the arteries. Some practitioners claim that elderly people would be benefited by a more extensive nut diet. The only evil to be overcome is that the nut meats should be thoroughly masticated, so that no hard pieces may enter the digestive organs

THE CURE OF ASTHMA.

Liebig's Asthma Cure will cure Asthma, Hay Asthma or Hay Fever. Hundreds of people in four continents will say so. It is a high class medicine, endorsed by medical men, and used by the best people in all parts of the civilized world.

A free trial bottle will be sent to any sufferer by mail prepaid. If you are afflicted, send your name and address to The Liebig Co., 177 King street west, Toronto, and say you saw this free offer in this paper.

AS TO EPILEPSY AND FITS.

Liebig's Fit Cure for Epilepsy and kindred affections is the only successful remedy, and is now used by the best physicians and hospitals in Europe an America. It is confidently recommended to the afflicted. If you suffer from Epilepsy, Fits, St. Vitus Dance, or have children or relatives that do so, or know a friend that is afflicted, then send for a free trial bottle and try it. It will be sent by mail, prepaid. It has cured where everything else has failed.

When writing mention this paper and give full address to The Liebig Co., 177 King street west, Toronto

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure 25c.

Education.

Mistress (angrily)—See, Bridget! I can write my name in the dust on this mantelpiece.

Bridget (admiringly)—There's nothin like eddication after all, is there, mum?—Roxbury Gazette.

Practical Grief.

When Phyllis jilted Corydon,
His state of grief was something quite intense.
He wrote a quatrain thereupon
And sold it for $1.80.
—Indianapolis Journal.

Who Dick Is Now.

Mr. Bainbridge—Daughter, who is this Richard Waddington Grimes I hear you talking about so much?

Miss Bainbridge—He is the little Dick Grimes you used to know, papa. He writes poetry now.

A Rare Instance.

Upon his rounds the letter carrier ran,
And to ponder in this manner he began:
"Here's another case, by jing!
Of that often heard of thing,
The office that's a-seeking of the man."
—L. A. W. Bulletin.

Signs Multiply.

"Here's another sign of a hard winter."

"What is it?"

"The holes in the doughnuts are smaller than usual."

A Tribute.

The man whose jibbing motor car
Since noon hath blocked the way
Admits between his curses
Motors have "come to stay."
—Judy.

Nothing but a Title.

"Suppose," suggested the editor of the woman's page, "that I write an article on 'The Logic of the Heart?' "

Raw From Ear To Jaw.

"I have been for years more or less subject to eruptions on my skin. The left side of my face from the top of my ear to half way down my jaw was in a very bad state—being almost raw, making shaving very painful. I was advised to try Burdock Blood Bitters. One bottle perfectly cured me. I can honestly recommend B.B.B. to all who suffer from any skin disease." G. WHITE, Carievale, N.W.T.

B.B.B. cures Salt Rheum, Eczema, Tetter, Shingles, Boils, Pimples, Sores, Ulcers, and all forms of Skin Diseases and Eruptions, from the smallest pimple to the worst scrofulous sore.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

P. O. Drawer 1287. Tel. 1137.

J. D. O'BRIEN,
Grain and Stock Broker,
WINNIPEG.

Grain and securities carried on margins. Private wire connection with all markets

J. M'VICAR
GRAIN & COMMISSION MERCHANT
GRAIN EXCHANGE, WINNIPEG.

All kinds of Grain bought and sold. Liberal advances on consignments. Prompt returns. Send Samples.
Write or wire for Prices. Box 574.

HOLLY FOR XMAS.
WREATHING AND MISTLETOE.

A large stock of Cut Flowers of all description. Large collection of Flowering and Foliage Plants.

AT H. E. PHILPOTT
GREENHOUSES:
336 Portage Avenue, WINNIPEG.

SAFES VICTOR SAFES
KARL K. ALBERT, GEN. AGT.
407 MAIN ST., WINNIPEG,
Next door to P. O.

SNAPS FOR CASH.

Household Safes, small size, - - $12.00
Household Safes, large size, - - 30.00

Just the thing for a Christmas present. Both useful and ornamental.

Merchants' Safes, all sizes and prices; on easy terms or cash. Come and see them or write for quotations. Special prices during November and December.

EVERYBODY CAN HAVE

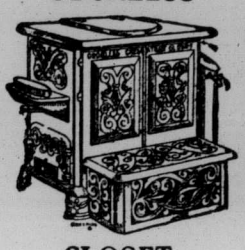
A Good and Healthful Drink if they will use

WHITE STAR HEALTH COFFEY

Made according to directions, and you will have a drink of exquisite flavor and definite benefit to the nervous system.

THE DYSON-GIBSON CO.

ODORLESS CREMATORY CLOSET.



Features Connected With This Closet Which Make it Superior to anything IN THE MARKET.

ADAPTABILITY—It is adapted to private residences, public buildings, hotels, school houses and summer resorts.

PORTABILITY—It can be placed in attic or cellar, bath-room or outside kitchen, or in any place where there is a flue or chimney.

ECONOMICAL—It requires no disinfectant. The strong current of air passing through it, during accumulation, carries off all odors.

FIRE—Is only necessary once in fifteen or twenty days, when used by a family of from four to six members, to burn it out.

APPLICATION — For villages or towns, where there is no sewerage, it ends the career of the filthy, unhealthy, uncomfortable, out-door affair, which more than any other single agent has been responsible for disease and death.

The Odorless Crematory and General Heating Co., Hamilton, Ont.

Indian Head, Nov. 21, 1898.
Messrs. Cremate Closet Co.,
P. O. Box 1282,
Winnipeg, Man.

About a year ago I purchased one of your Crematory Closets and have used it in my Hotel ever Since. It has given entire satisfaction. Could I not replace it, I would not sell it for couble its cost. Yours truly,
A. DAVIDSON.

Sold by
CREMATE CLOSET CO.,
P. O. BOX 1282, WINNIPEG.

W. N. U. 100

W. R. ALLAN,
General Insurance Agent,

FIRE Companies Represented:
Quebec Fire Assurance Co.
Royal Insurance Co.
Sun Insurance Office
Union Assurance Society

All classes of Insurances transacted and losses promptly and satisfactorily settled.

SILLIARD AND POOL TABLES, NEW AND SECOND-HAND. BOWLING ALLEYS AND SUPPLIES. Large catalogue free.
THE REID BROS., 527 King West, Toronto

ROYAL CROWN SOAP
GRAND WEEKLY FREE SEWING MACHINE COMPETITION
3 New Williams No. 6
Drop Head, Sewing Machines
Value $65 Each
GIVEN AWAY WEEKLY FOR ROYAL CROWN WRAPPERS & COUPONS, Viz:
WINNIPEG, - - - 1 each week
MANITOBA, outside of Winnipeg, - - - 1 each week
N. W. T. and ONTARIO, east to Schrieber, - 1 each week

Cut of Machine in Next Week's Paper

Ask your Grocer for a Coupon with every five bars of wrapped ROYAL CROWN SOAP. Full instructions on each Coupon.

First Drawing Monday, Jan. 16, and each week thereafter until further notice.

Large List of Books and Beautiful Pictures still given away for ROYAL CROWN SOAP WRAPPERS to those who do not compete for the Sewing Machines. List mailed free on application.

THE ROYAL SOAP CO., WINNIPEG.

A good Coffee at last!

Value Coffee

"Nothing better" "nothing cheaper"
Sold in 1/2 lb. lead packets
hermetically sealed.
Ask your grocer for "Value" Coffee.
15 cents per packet.

CARDSTON RECORD.

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Wednesday at Cardston.

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Editor and Proprietor.

Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

THE EDITOR does not assume responsibility for the views or statements expressed by any of THE RECORD'S contributors.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance.
Advertising Rates on application.
In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisements they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisements will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

In case a subscriber does not receive THE RECORD weekly, notice should be sent to the publication office, Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta, when the complaint will be thoroughly investigated.

Copy for change of advertisments MUST not be in later than Saturday noon.

Cardston, January 11, 1899.

GROWING CARDSTON.

The town was first settled some twelve years since by half a dozen families; now Cardston has about one thousand inhabitants. It is beautifully situated on the banks of Lee's Creek, a fresh, pure stream that flows rapidly from the Rocky Mountains, thirty miles to the west.

Cardston is surrounded by one of the best ranching districts on this Hemisphere. Cattle, sheep and horses do well upon these ranges at all times of the year, and ranching in all its branches is carried on here with the most gratifying results. Coal deposits are numerous and close to town, and coal is delivered for $5 a ton. Those troubled with pulmonary affections will find this district very desirable on account of the dryness of the atmosphere. The town contains good schools which are aided by grants from the Government. Most every line of business is represented. A portion of the town is under an irrigation system that has demonstrated the value of the soil for the raising of all kinds of cereals, etc. The town has a bank, post-office, close connection with the express office at Lethbridge, schools, churches, dance-hall, hotels, fine stores, numerous comfortable residences, etc., etc.. Parties possessed of small capital will find the district one of exceptional worth as offering inducements to engage in ranching. There is an opening here for a brick kiln, and, in fact, an industrious man with a small capital can engage in most any kind of legitimate business in Cardston and by doing so better his financial condition.

Following is a list of the publications for sale at the RECORD OFFICE:

Puck
Judge
Strand
Argosy
Quaker
Nickell
Tit Bits
Success
Puritan
Squibbs
Vanity Fair
N. Y. World
Wide World
Metropolitan
Cosmopolitan
Munsey Maga.
New Illustrated
McClures Maga.
Canadian Maga.
Broadway Maga.
Review of Reviews (Eng)
Review of Reviews (Am.)
Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly.

"God bless our enemies," exclaimed Sam Jones. "The man who has enemies is a man to be admired. He amounts to something in this world. He has grit push and nerve, and is some good to the world and the pushing element in which he lives. The man of no enemies, the timid, harmless, innocent creature who has a yes for everything he hears; who has no idea of his own, but is a cuckoo to his bosses and everything else, the nice, rub-your-hands-afraid-to express-himself fellow, exists and passes away. God bless oua enemies." Ex.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Nice weather.

H. Williams was in town, Monday.

The Record is six month's old today.

Gay & Wight & Co. have dissolved partnership.

The wind on Saturday took off the snow rapidly.

The Cardston Co's clerks have been busy taking stock.

Mr. and Mrs Homer Woolf came down to town on Saturday.

J. Furman, the horseman, came to Cardston on business, Monday.

Friday, the weather considerably moderated, and people began moving about again.

The report for 1897 on Agriculture and Dairing has been recived at this office.

Dr. H. W. Brant has gone to Calgary on business. The Doctor will return in about ten days.

Monday, a large number of men and teams began work on the Alberta Irrigation Co's 60 mile canal.

The January Munsey has for a frontispiece a splendid portrait of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Premier of Canada.

Mrs Hradyman, who has been staying in Cardston several weeks returned to her home at Bull Horn on Sunday.

W. R. Clarke was in town one day last week. He informs us that they have lots of good coal at the mine on Belly River.

It was a very cold week, that which we just passed through. At St. Mary's it registered 32 below zero, In Cardston, 30 below.

The Record has received a beautiful calendar, representing our Western "Soldiers of our Queen," from Elward L. Drewry, of Winnipeg.

H. S. Allen & Co. are having a cheap sale which will continue for 30 days. See their ad in this paper. They offer some bargains in clothing etc.

J. M. Dunn, of Ætna, begun work on the Alberta Irrigation Co's, canal last Monday, with several teams, They will, if posible, continue work during the winter.

A man who took a paper because he could get more reading matter than in his home paper, read an advertisment of a pocket fire escape. He sent a dollar and in a few days recived a New Testament.—Ex.

James C. and Edward Cahoon of Cardston Canada are in Manti visiting relatives and friends. They report prospects good in that vicinity for new settlers and advises all not having homes here to locate there. The boys are both looking well and hearty and reported to be in a prosperous condition.—Manti Messenger.

It has been decided that, the three-cent stamp no longer being required, there will be no more issues of it after the present supply is exhausted. The color of the domestic postage stamp, according to the suggestion of the Postal Union, being red, it well be necessary when the supply of the ordinary two-cent stamp, which is green, is exhausted, to change the color to that of the three-cent domestic stamps.—The Globe.

President Lorenzo Snow, the head of the Mormon church, has given an interview to the New York World, in the course of which he positively asserts that, "Polygamous marriags in the Mormon church have entirely ceased." * * * "There have been no polygamous marriages since 1890." All fair-minded men, in Europe and America, will accept this statment of the venerable President as conclusive, and excitement across the line will forthwith ease.

T. H. Woolford has another highly complimentary article regarding Cardston in the Logan, Utah Journal. Among other things he says: "Cardston can boast of a local newspaper, clean and up to date. The people of this and surrounding country patronize it quite liberally, both by subscription and advertising, and job-printing. * * * Again, I would not advise those whohave good homes to pull up and leave them, but for those who have little or no land and no chances of getting any down there, there is a golden opportunity for any ablebodied man to make him a home by working on the canal, that I have before spoken of. The company pays one half in as good land as can be found anywhere, and the other half cash; the land at $3 per acre. A man and team can make from three to four dollars a day. This is a chance of a lifetime."

COAL, COAL, COAL!

Clarke Mine, - - - - - Belly River.

$2.25 per ton at the Mine.

Delivered in Cardston for $3.00 per ton.

Orders may be left at Co-op. or Allen store.

NOTICE TO PARENTS & OTHERS

All Births, Marriages and Deaths must be reported to the Registrar of Vital Statistics at Lethbridge, within thirty days from the time of the event taking place.

Forms for the purpose can be obtained at THE RECORD Office, or by writing to C. B. Bowman, Registrar, Lethbridge

APPLICATION will be made at the next session of Parliament of Canada for an Act to amend the Act of Incorporation of the Alberta Irrigation Company by changing the name of the Company to The Canadian North West Irrigation Company; changing the place of head office to London, England; authorizing directors to vote by proxy; increasing capital stock to one million dollars; changing date of annual meeting to last Tuesday in October; and in other respects and for other purposes.

A. FERGUSON,
Solicitor for applicants.
16th December 1898. [22—30]

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore subsisting between us as General Merchants, at the Village of Ætna, in the District of Alberta, has this day been dissolved by mutal consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be paid to Hyrum Hansen, of Ætna aforesaid, and all claims against the said partnership are to be presented to the said Hyrum Hansen, by whom the same will be settled.

Dated at Ætna this 29th day of December, A. D. 1898.

HYRUM HANSEN.
J. H. TAYLOR.
Witness, Geo. M. Hudson.

Two successful surgical operations performed by Dr. Brant last week, were the removal of a ranular tumor from W. G. Reed's infant and a growth from M. L. Stoddarp's eye.

It is right and proper to build school houses, but the trustees of this district should go very slow in the matter. Taxes are already too high. Last year the people were taxed 12 mills, the law not allowing a higher tax. It should be 6 or 8 mills this year.

Remember that a paper run on wind and kind wishes is a good deal like the house in holy writ that was built upon the sand. It was all right so long as the weather was fine, but when the "rain descended and the wind blew it fell". And now in this year of plenty, with cribs and bins bursting with ripened grain, and prices good, you can easily afford to blow in a dollar for a good cause and never miss it—we need the dollar.—Ex.

Signs of progress. The number of homestead entries in the Lethbridge district increased from 88 entries in 1897 to 315 entries in 1898. The bulk of entries were made in the Medicine Hat and Cardston neighborhoods. The C. P. R. land department sold 351,780 acres in 1888 for $1,133,993. The Canada N. W. Land Co., sold 82,067 acres for $371,010.

CANADIAN PRODUCE

The following interesting items are extracts taken from a letter written by a leading provision and produce broker of Liverpool to a friend in Cardston, by whose courtesy we are permitted to publish them:

You can tell any of your leading intelligent friends that there is, and will be in the future, an unlimited demand for Canadian produce and the point is raise the BEST BEEF cattle. Breed hogs LONG LEAN and not short and fat.

I have the authority of a leading Irish curer (Stephen O' Mara of Limerick) for stating that the Canadian bacon coming forward bids fair to equal the Irish cure.

Canadian creamery butter is making progress. I have seen some quite equal to Danish I feel very sanguine as to the future of Canadian produce.

TWO-CENT POSTAGE.

Beginnig with January 1st. the newspapers of Canada pay post age To some of the large dailies this will mean an expenditure of no small amount each day, but the country weeklies, of which The Record is one, will scarcely feel this addition of ½ of a cent per pound postage. The announcement on Dec. 30. that the rate of postage for letters within the Dominion was to be reduiced from three to two cents on New Year's Day, was indeed a splendid new year's gift from Postmaster General Mulock to the Canadian people. The present Goverment is alright. Three cheers for the Liberal Party!

The Record

$2.00

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

A book of notes only 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

Wheat and oats taken on subscription at this office.

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, both one year for $2.50.

The Weekly Globe, Toronto, $1.00 a year. THE RECORD has agency.

FOR SALE—Model 1 Improved Hand Printing Press, Chase 5x8. At RECORD Office.*

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends, 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

FOR SALE: Four room house Good well water. Nice location. Enquire at RECORD office, next to Bank.

When you want to sell or buy anything, place a notice in THE RECORD, and you will be pleased with the result.

FOR SALE.—Ranch, 160 acres, ½ mile from Ætna. House, barn, well. 40 acres broke. Enquire at THE RECORD Office.

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

We will print your name and address on 250 nice XXX White Laid Envelopes for $1.50. The Envelopes alone would cots you $1. at any of the stores.

NOTICE.—Parties owning Lundburg & Neilson, blacksmiths, will save themselves trouble and expense by calling and settling their accounts AT ONCE at RECORD Office.

When you want receipt or note Books call at THE RECORD Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts. You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

RANCH FOR SALE.—320 acres. Good dewelling house. Good stables & corrals. Over 100 head of cattle; 70 head of horses; wagons, farm machinery, etc.—Will be sold reasonably. Apply to Postmaster. Colles Alta. 21, 22, 23.

The Western Assurance Company, of Toronto, whose capital is $2,000,000, is one of the strongest of the fire insurance companies in Canada. The Editor of the Record has the agency for the Western. it pays to have your buildings insured aginst loss by fire. Call at at THE RECORD office and get a nice calendar for 1899.

Cards.

FROM PRAIRIE TO MOUNTAIN.

Under the heading, "From Prairie to Mountain," P. A. O'Farrell recounts, in the Toronto Globe, of Dec. 31, an interesting incident of cowboy and Cossack. In the course of his lengthy article, Mr. O'Farrell say: "I find a colony of Mormons settled in Alberta. They have taken a contract for the building of a big irrigation ditch, and this colony is doing much to promote regular farm life and settlement in the district. The cowboy and the cattleman have little use for Mormon industry. But the Mormon is bent on achieving here what he achieved in Utah, that is, bent on transforming a wilderness into a garden of delight."

The editor can always write more cheerily on the business interests of a town when his columns are liberally filled up with advertisements of the business houses. No editor can advocate the doctrine of buying from home merchants usless the home merchants show they are interested in catering to the home trade by advertising in the columns of the local paper. It is depressing to the editor to find business men patronizing every advertising fake that comes along, and at the same time the names of those business men are rarely, if ever, seen in the advertising columns of the local newspaper.—Ex.

H. W. SAVORY,
Boundary Creek (Cardston P. O.) Alta.
Saddle & Work Horses For Sale.

"The People's Store."

New Year's Bargains.

For 30 days we will sell at Wholesale Prices. Ladies Fur & Cloth Caps & Coats and many other odd lines, in order to make room for our spring goods. Come & see for yourself.

Produce taken in exchange.

We take pleasure in announcing to the public that we are: The Sole Agents for the Celebrated Bain & Cooper Wagons; two carloads will be here about the last of February. Also a car of the Cockshutt Plows & Farming Implements. Call early & get Prices & Terms; Sure to please you. It will save you money to leave your orders now for any of the above.

A Car of Furniture now on the way. Prices equal to T. Eaton's of Toronto.

Shilling's Best Teas and Baking Powder.

WANTED.

Men and teams to haul lumber.

Higest Prices Paid for Beef Hides and Furs of = all kinds. =

The Cardston Co. Ltd

The Record one year $2.00

Hooked up at last.
HARNESS & SADDLERY.
Give us a call and examine stock. We have dandy
HORSE BLANKETS.
REPAIRING A SPECIALITY.
Quality first. Prices right.
S. H. Horner,
CARDSTON, Next Kearl's Livery Stable

You Know
Wolsey & Evans,
Contractors & Builders,
W. M. Wolsey. James Evans.
Cardston. - - Alberta.

Deseret News and The Record one year for $3.50

Mr. Thos. H. Woolford, of Smithfield, returned from his trip to the Alberta (Canada) colony on Saturday. He thinks very well of that country and may locate there. J. P. Low, who moved up there last spring, he says, has a store, and is building up a good business.—Logan Journal

Meat Market.

Wm. Wood.
Smoked Tongue, Hams and Bacon.
My own cure.
Cash paid for hides

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.
All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.
Cardston. . . . . Alberta.

Samuel Cox,
Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting,
& Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
CARDSTON. . . ALBERTA.

Read THE RECORD
THE
CARDSTON RECORD
2.00 per year.

Gay & Wight
= = & Co.
General Blacksmiths
&
Wagon Makers.
All kinds of work done at short notice, and satisfaction guaranteed.
Give us your order for a new Buggy or Democrat.
H. R. Sloan. A. J. Gay.
Victor Frank. J. M. Wight.
Gay & Wight & Co.

Livery, Feed & Sale Stables
Kearl & Sharp, Props.

Good outfits furnished at all hours.

Rates Reasonable.

Kearl & Sharp.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 18, 1899. NO. 25.

TO THE CHILDREN

FROM

"Aunt Zina."

Salt Lake City, Jan. 1st 1899
An Open Letter to the Children of Alberta Stake of Zion.

Dear Children:

Accept of a "Happy New Year" from Grandma Young, Aunt Zina, and her children; to you all, may our "New Year" be spent in an effort to improve on the old one.

Your prompt and intelligent letters written in answer to my daughter's letters to you, have been a great comfort to us all, and we want to thank you for your kind and respectful efforts in this direction. It is always the mark of a lady or gentleman to answer letters either of friendship, or business, promptly. Well! Christmas has gone, and we have wished many times our dear young friends could take a promenade with us, as we saunter down Main Street viewing the lovely sights on every hand. Candy in every conceivable design, from 10 cts. per lb. to 50 cts. In one window a panorama of returning Soldiers, marching past, with beautiful scenery arrainged to look so natural. The sea, ships, and artillery all sparkling with frost. A doll dressed like an old lady sat rocking and kniting by a fire place. These were all kept in motion by electricity.

In another window a beautiful doll, three feet tall, could dance and not fall, and that was not all, she could turn her head, and ne'er went to bed, but danced instead, to please the children.

In another, a live Santa Claus took the names of children who send letters to him, and a life size Rein Deer was loaded with presents the little ones could select from, if papa and mamma were willing. Some show windows representing ice caves, others had dolls in every kind of dress and attitude, holding ribbon, etc. In one window a representation of the Salt palace to be built here next summar, was seen and admired by all. Every thing good to eat you can imagine was to be had if one only had the money. Relief Socities and many other charitable friends were busy giving to the poor, and there are many of them here, for so many have to depend on a days work given by those who have means, for a living. Ah! dear boys we are far better off in our Canadian homes, than thousands who live in big cities, for the farmer is the most independent man on earth.

Sleigh bells are ringing every where, for the weather has been bitter cold, making the boys and girls who have skates and sleds rejoice, as it is very fashionable here for boys and girls to skate, and slide down hill.

We spent our Christmas in Logan with Mrs Card, had a most delightful time. We hope you will all be kind to our little Ora and his dear mamma, and be assured, when the time comes for our return we will all greet with joy our dear young friends at home. Kind love to your parents from

Your loving
Grandma and Aunt Zina.

PUT RIGHT.

The Cardston Record of Dec. 28 contained a story "by a local writer" entitled "A World of Chance." The story is a right good one. From an ear mark or two, we believe we detect the author. It's o. k., Ed. Brigham City, Utah, Bugler.

THE ELECTION.

Tuesday, Jan. 10th. at 7 p m at the Ward House was held a meeting of the voters of Cardston for the purpose of electing an overseer.

John A. Woolf, returning officer, took charge of the meeting, which throughout was a very tame affair.

J. A. Hammar was elected overseer by acclamation, and the choice of the people is a good one.

A committee of five was appointed to draft a petition asking for certain changes in the Village Ordinance, and the meeting came to a quiet close.

Const. Edwards has been promoted to a Corporal.

CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES.

The anti-annexationists in Canada must be in a dilemma nowadays. Their ideal of Government is Great Britain, and they have never sought to conceal their contempt for the Government and people of the United States. But during the past week we suspect that they have received ten thousand postal cards with the British and American flags blended, and they must have seen enough during the past six months to realize that if a young woman were to exhibit the same sentiments toward her lover that England has toward the United States, the marriage day would be announced within a week. Now to say any more mean things about the United States or the people of this country, is to impeach the wisdom and the sense of right of the parent country. What can they do? Compromise by saying, "O, yes, we could bear an alliance, but a union, never?" Still, an alliance is a partnership which often leads up to more serious relations. When a young lady says to a question, "O, I cannot; but do not permit this to estrange our friendship: I will always be a sister to you; pray let our intimate friendship be continued," the chances are ten to one that before a year she will have to marry the man to get rid of him. Then there are the troublesome trade relations. Commissioners have been trying to patch up contendiug claims between the Dominion and the United States for months, and have not yet succeeded. Then there is the sore question of the tariff, which levies duties upon Canadian lumber and fish and coal and a thousand other articles: then, when men find it necessary, in the United States, to seek another climate for certain reasons, how natural it is for them to try Canada, and that class does not much help society over there. Then there is clashing about the mining tax on the Klondike, and the constant effort of United States railroads to discriminate against the Canadian Pacific. Finally, the United States is filled with children who are stretching out their arms toward their grandparents across the border, and that is hard to get around sure enough. This continues, too, all the time. The brightest of Canadian young men drift this way: the prettiest of Canadian girls are prone to follow them, and the spectacle is presented of two people of common origin speaking the same language, moved by the same impulses, cherishing the same hopes, but still separated by an imaginary line 3000 miles long, and permitting that line to interdict trade, to breed jealousies, to arrest and confuse needed interdependent relations, and all for what? The question will be a harder and harder one to answer every year of the future.—Salt Lake (Utah) Tribune.

USEFUL BITS OF KNOWLEDGE.

We are all familiar with the child ish word "dad" for father but it is not generally known that it is pure Welsh word, the Lord's prayer in Welsh beginning with "Ein Dad."

* * *

It is estimated that there are three thousand marriages a day in the different parts of the world. The suicides average one hundred and eighty thousand a year, it is estimated, the greatest number occurring in June.

HOW TO GET RICH.

The way to get rich is to trust nobody, befriend no one, get all you can get, stint yourself and every thing that belongs to you, be a friend to no man, let no man be a friend of yours, heap up interest, be mean, miserly and despised for some thirty years and riches will come to you assure as disease, disappointment and death, and when pretty near enough wealth has been accumulated by a disregard of charities of the human heart and at the expense of every enjoyment, death will finish the work, and the body is buried, the heirs dance and fight over what you have left, and the spirit goes where? By all means get rich. It will pay—the devil says so.—Ex.

Mr. John W. Woolf, accompanied by his wife will leave here for Winnipeg next Friday. Elder Woolf will labor as a missionary for two years in Manitoba. The best wishes of the community go with them.

STORE DON'TS.

Don't chew gum or tobacco.

Don't be disloyal to your employer.

Don't indulge in gossip.

Don't be discourteous to customers. It's a fault which cannot be excused.

Don't stand and stare at customers, or make remarks or criticisms in regard to the style or color of their dress.

Don't laugh loudly or use slang phrases.

Don't congregate and visit.

Don't stand in a listless manner while customers are examining goods; be attentive, and show an interest in your employer's business.

Don't forget that being absent from your department in the basement or elsewhere decreases the amount of your sales.

Don't always show the cheapest goods first. Sales are often lost that way.

Don't fail to remember that it is for your interest as well as your employer's, for you to take short lunch hours on busy days.

Don't fail to remember that customers frequently hand you a two-dollar bill, and when you hand them the change declare they gave you a five-dollar bill. Call back the amount every time. It's easy, when you get used to it.

Don't borrow lead pencils or scissors from one another.

Don't lose your checkbooks for one minute.

Don't make out a sales check without fully itemizing, and writing plainly.

SEASONABLE.

Shut the door!

It is no longer popular to kick the bed clothes off.

Mosquitoes has stopped presenting their bills.

Perspiration has gone out of style.

The icicle has taken the place of the lawn mower.

Shut the door!

The garden spade has been knocked out by the snow shovel.

The storm door is coming to the front.

The man with the red nose now blames the weather.

The gate and the moonlight have swapped places with the sofa and firelight.

Shut the door!

Mortgage your salary for a sleigh.

Take a charcoal stove in swimming with you.

Fans are no longer de rigueur.

Shut the door! —[Marchant Traveler.

COLDS.

Many persons take cold by having cold feet, and to these the cold douche to the feet is a most effective cure. It stimulates the nerves and arteries of the feet and produces a brisk reaction of warmth. A single application will sometimes set cold feet glowing that have not been warm for a whole winter. Often it will entirely cure the lifelong affliction of cold feet. The colder the winter the better; and if one has not the convenience of a douche it will serve fairly well to stand in a tub or basin, filled to six inches deep with the coldest water at command. The warm reaction is essential.—[Harper's Bazar.

SURE.

Country publishers receive subscriptions now and then from city firms who have no interest in the local news of the paper. This paragraph in the New York Times may explain the reason for these foreign subscriptions:—"A wholesale grocer in the city, who has become rich at the business, says that his rule is that when he sells a bill of goods on credit to immediately subscribe for the local paper of his debtor. So long as his customer advertised liberally he rested, but as soon as he began to contract his advertising space he took the fact as evidence that there was trouble ahead. Said he: The man who is too poor to make his business known is too poor to do business. The withdrawal of an advertisment is evidence of weakness that the business men are not slow to act upon. There is nothing like it."

Corp. B. H. Bolderson went in to Macleod on Thursday and returned Saturday.

NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the stockholders of the Cardston Co. Ltd. will be held in the Co's store Monday evening Feb. 6th. commencing at 7.30 p m. All stockholders are requsted to be present.

J. A. Woolf.
Vice-Pres.

NOTICE.

Gay & Wight & Co., blacksmiths, have placed in my hand for collection all accounts outstanding at the time of dissolution of partnership.

Parties having accounts with said Firm will kindly settle same and save expenses.

C. E. Snow.

Kearl Hotel

Kearl & Sharp, Props.

First Class in all Appointments.

$1.50 per day and upwards.

Meals, 40 Cents.

Livery, Feed & Sale Stables

Good outfits furnished at all hours.

Rates Reasonable.

Robert Ibey, Agent for
PIANOS & ORGANS.
Organs from $75 00 up to $175 00
Pianos " $250 00 " " 700 00
Sewing Machine
From $25 00 to $80 00.

Fire and Life Insurance.

Equitable Life (Assets $200,000,000)
British America Fire Assurance Co.
Western Fire Assurance Co.
Agency, RECORD Office.

C. O. CARD.

SUB AGENT
DOMINION LANDS.
ALSO AGENT FOR
RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY
. . . AND . . .
PRIVATE LANDS.
Office Hours: 9 to 4.

BLACKSMITH SHOP.

The undersigned wishes to inform the public that he is opening a shoeing shop in his old stand.
HORSE SHOEING A SPECIALTY.
L. F. Bonnell.

Photograph Gallery

at the Residence of
S. LOW.
Open on clear days from 12 to 2 pm
Cardston, - - - Alberta.

HOTEL DE WOOLF

RATES: $ 1.50 PER DAY.
Livery & Feed Stable.
Cardston, - Alberta.

Get your Hair cut
AT
Campbell's
Tonsorial Parlors.

Meat Market.

Wm. Wood.

Smoked Tonuge, Hams and Bacon.
My own cure.
Cash paid for hides

Sargt. Fife was in town yesterday.

The Salt Lake Tribune continues its fight on Roberts.

The Kearl Hotel is now opened and ready for business. See their ad on first page.

If you subscribed for The Record for only six months, you should now renew.

Dr. H. W. Brant returned from Calgary, Saturday night.

For 30 days only
At H. S. Allen & Co's

Snaps in Clothings & Caps.

Men's Suits	worth $4 25	for	$3 25
" " "	6 25	"	4 75
" " "	8 00	"	6 00
" " "	10 50	"	8 00
" " "	12 00	"	9 00
" " "	14 00	"	10 50
Men's Fur Caps	" 1 50	"	1 15
" " " "	2 25	"	1 50
Men's Caps	" 75	"	50

Rare Bargains in Ladies' goods.

25 per cent off on all Mantel Clothes.
20 " " " " " Dress Goods.
15c Flannelettes for 9c.

$3 50	Capes and Jackets	for	$2 50
6 25	" " " "		4 25
8 00	" " " "		6 00
12 50	" " " "		9 00

The Store for the People.

C. Edgar Snow, Banker,

Cardston, - - - Alberta.

1895 1899

A general banking business transacted.

LETHBRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.

Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7.30 o'clock, a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $8.00; Round trip, $5.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.

MERCER & McCALTY PROPS.

Great Bargains
For Newspaper Readers
CLUB OFFERS

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News, both one year for .....$3.50.

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Montreal Family Herald and Weekly Star, both for....$2.75

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, for.....$2.50

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Toronto Weekly Globe both one year for.....2.50

Don't send away for your Printing.

The RECORD Job Department does good Printing at fair prices.

Subscribe for The Record,

don't borrow it. Support your home paper, and get the news. The Cardston Record gives the local happenings and the news of the world. The subscription price is $2 a year.

Remittances to be sent to the publisher of

THE CARDSTON RECORD

CARDSTON, ALBERTA.

A BIG STORM.

THE IRISH CHANNEL SWEPT BY A HOWLING GALE.

Many Wrecks Reported—Paris Flooded by the Bursting of a Main Sewer.

London, Jan. 2.—A fearful gale is sweeping the Irish Channel, and the seas are terrific. The Holyhead harbor is full of shipping, and some of the vessels have dragged their anchors and gone ashore. There are numerous wrecks along the coast. At midnight, says a dispatch from Holyhead, the storm continues to rage. The Holyhead lifeboat has rescued the crew of three small vessels.

Paris, Jan. 2.—The heavy rains of the past thirty-six hours burst the main sewer at Bievres, five miles south of Versailles to-day, causing a landslide and flooding the new works of the Orleans Railway terminus. The workmen fortunately escaped, but their carts suddenly disappeared under six feet of water, while the engine and foundations collapsed. Much alarm is felt throughout Paris this evening, because the disaster reveals the overflow of the subterranean river Bievre, an affluent of the Seine. In the Avenue De l'Opera the water has risen to the level of the pavement, and it is feared that the foundations of the exposition buildings are endangered. The gale has caused much damage in Paris, destroying palisadings and fragile structures.

Zola and Dreyfus.

London, Jan. 2.—The Daily News says this morning: "In a roundabout manner we hear that the British authorities, at the request of the French government, have issued a warrant for the arrest of M. Emile Zola, now known to be in England."

Paris, Jan. 2.—L'Intransigeante, edited by M. Henri Rochefort, a violent opponent of Dreyfus revision, is responsible for the statement that the court of cassation has waived its intention to bring Dreyfus back on the government's representation of the danger of lynching and riots, and of the necessity for a large military force to protect him.

MR. DINGLEY IMPROVING.

Washington, Jan. 2. — The slight improvement in the condition of Representative Dingley, of Maine, noted this morning, continued during the day and to-night his family are hopeful that the change for the better is permanent. The fever has been slightly reduced and the pulse is a little stronger. One of the attending physicians said to-night he believed the patient now had a chance to recover. His condition, however, remains critical.

A Dying Race.

Vancouver, Jan. 2. —Just as some people say the North American Indians are a doomed race so in Australia they declare that the aboriginals are fast disappearing off the face of the earth. Latest census returns show how quickly the Blacks are falling off. There are 3,230 full bloods, and 3,661 half castes, and each represents a total decrease for this last year of 194, of which only two represent the decrease in half castes, the full bloods being fewer by 192. Deaths of the latter exceed the births by 67, while the half castes show 105 more births than deaths, the total births being, full bloods, 77, half castes, 160, respectively. Comparing the figures with those for the year 1882, when the first census was taken, the return showed that there were then 6,540 full bloods as against 3,230 now, while the half castes have increased from 2,379 to 3,681, making an average annual decrease of 206 of the first named and an average annual increase of 80 half castes.

A court martial was held at Sydney recently to inquire into the grounding of H. M. S. Mildra at New Hebrides. The accused were Captain Leah commander of the cruiser, and Lieut T. J. Oldham, who was acting as navigating officer at the time of the accident. According to the evidence it appears that the Mildra was anchored off Mai Island and when the anchor was tripped a strong current carried her on to a reef before there was sufficient steerage way on. The finding of the court was that Captain Leah be reprimanded and that Lieut. Oldham be acquitted.

The ladies still demand woman's suffrage in the colony of Victoria. They have the sympathy of the premier, but the legislative council refuses to pass the necessary bills which the popular chamber favors. The premier was approached the other day in Melbourne by a deputation from the Women's Suffrage League, who asked the intentions of the government regarding the women's franchise bill. The premier counselled patience. He urged them to press their arguments on the legislative council and reason would ultimately prevail. The government would reintroduce the measure and keep sending it to the upper house. If the latter place continued to reject the bill the government would make it a test question at the next general elections.

Plymouth Church.

Chicago, Jan. 3.—News was received here late last night that Rev. Dr. Newall Dwight Hillis, pastor of the Central church in this city, is to be called to the pastorate of the famous Plymouth church of Brooklyn, as the successor of Dr. Lyman Abbott. Dr. Hillis, like his predecessors of Plymouth and Central churches, is a writer. The four books he had published are "Foretokens of Immortality," "How the Inner Light Failed," "A Man's Value to Society," and "The Investment of Influence."

ROOSEVELT INAUGURATED.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 2.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, was inaugurated as governor of New York state at noon to-day. Despite the bitterly cold weather an enormous crowd of people were present to witness the ceremony.

PARTED AT THE ALTAR.

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY.

"I will never forget how we met in secret at the park gate one night; how they discovered us standing there together, and tore you from my arms. They took you abroad, keeping you abroad long years; and in disguise I followed and was always near you. We would have been happy even under these disadvantages if we had but had our child with us.

"You felt more contented when the nurse wrote you that she had placed the child at Madame Delmar's, and you received her letters regularly for years that she was watching the child faithfully from afar; and that Doris, who was known as madame's ward, was growing up into a beautiful young girl.

"Now, after all these years, death has dissolved these bonds which bound us to secrecy, and we can acknowledge the marriage which was solemnized eighteen years ago at last."

"And, hurrying here, we find the old nurse passed away two months ago," sighed Mrs. Brandon. "That is why her letters ceased to come. But we will speak no more of the sad topic. What a joyful future we will have, Hulbert. We will take our daughter to our beautiful home, and surround her with every luxury wealth can purchase and love lavish upon her. How well we shall love her to make up for these long years of enforced separation. Little Doris will be quite an heiress, too—heiress to a million. I hope it will not make the child proud."

Hulbert Brandon pressed his wife's hand. At that moment the carriage turned an abrupt curve in the steep road, and the towers and gables of the grim stone building, with the gilt letters, "Madame Delmar's Seminary," burst upon their view.

The lady trembled with agitation as her husband assisted her to alight, and led her through the great arched gateway up the lilac-bordered path that led to the broad marble steps of the entrance.

A tidy maid answered the summons and showed the visitors into the reception room.

"They preferred not to send you their card," said the girl to madame, in delivering their message. "They said—"

Madame cut the maid short.

"No cards! Humph! Inferior people most likely." And a drawn frown settled on her face at being awakened from her mid-day siesta.

"Indeed, they're not, madame," declared the maid. "The lady is a real lady, with a silk dress on as stiff as a board and diamonds on as big as partridge eggs."

Madame Delmar walked down the stairs with a feeling of curiosity.

"Why did they not send up their cards?" she wondered.

Opening the door and entering with a stately mien, she found herself in the presence of her visitors.

She took in at a glance the elegance and quality of the lady's apparel—the diamonds that sparkled like suns, that depended from her shell-like ears and on her dainty white hands. Madame Delmar saw that the gentleman was stately and of commanding presence—evidently a thorough gentleman, and wealthy.

The wife was looking into madame's face, her own face turning from red to white.

There never was a grimmer sight than Madame Delmar presented as she advanced to greet them. She was rigidly upright, as one encased in strong whalebone; there was not one bend in her. Her hair was iron-gray, drawn straight back from her temples into a little knot at the back of her head; her dress was iron-gray, ill made, ill fitting, with big horn buttons down the terribly long, straight waist that ended in a welting cord just where the too ample skirt began.

A sudden fear filled Mrs. Brandon's anxious heart. Did her beautiful little Doris have a happy life of it here with this grim, austere madame?

In a few, brief words Hulbert Brandon told his story—the story that seemed more like a weird romance than reality to madame's astounded ears.

"My dear Hulbert, ask madame to send for Doris to come to us at once!" cried Mrs. Brandon, excitedly. "Don't you see the moments are like hours to me? I must see my child."

And, with a heart throbbing almost as painfully as his wife's, Mr. Brandon asked that Doris might be brought to them without a moment's unnecessary delay.

"I am a wealthy man," he said, with emotion. "I will make you a rich woman for life for the care you have bestowed upon our little Doris."

They both saw Madame Delmar's face turn from red to white, then deepen into a dull gray. How could she tell them? How dare she face them and tell them that, less than two months ago, she had driven the poor, homeless, friendless girl from her door—driven her forth in the storm and darkness of the terrible night, to live or to die, as God saw fit? Closed her doors against poor, helpless, hapless Doris, and forced her to face the cruel world? She had the grace to feel ashamed. A terrible fear seized her as to the punishment that might be inflicted upon her when they discovered what she had done.

Warring and tyrannizing over a helpless, lone girl was one thing, and answering to a stern, outraged father for those offences was quite another matter. Words seemed to die on her lips.

"You do not answer, madame," cried Hulbert Brandon, springing forward. "Is Doris ill? Has anything befallen our child? For the love of heaven, speak, I implore you! See, my wife is almost fainting with anxiety!"

"I—I suppose I must speak sooner or later," faltered madame, huskily, hiding her ghastly face in her shaking hands. "Try and be prepared for a bitter blow."

Mrs. Brandon reeled and fell backward unconscious in her husband's arms. Thus she was saved from hearing the cruel falsehood that fell so glibly from Madame Delmar's lips.

"In heaven's name speak!' cried Mr. Brandon, hoarsely. "Suspense is killing me. I cannot endure it. What of Doris?"

"She is not here. She is gone!" muttered madame.

"Gone!" he repeated hoarsely. "I—I do not understand."

"She left the seminary two months ago, stole away at midnight under the cover of darkness. She eloped with some one. Whom, or where they met or went, I know not. That is all I can tell you. I am sorry for you, sir. I always loved Doris, dear—sweet little Doris."

"Oh, my God! my God!" groaned the unhappy father, "have we returned for this! It will kill my poor wife. It would be better if the girl had died in her infancy. From this hour I disown her. Henceforth I have no daughter. I will not search for her. Let the girl follow the path she has chosen."

CHAPTER XXII.—AN ADVENTURE.

Madame Delmar, the dignified principal of the young ladies' seminary, felt considerably perturbed at the strange turn affairs were taking. After her visitors had taken their leave she quickly sought her brother and told him the whole story.

"If the girl had been here they might have settled a handsome annuity on me for life for providing for her," she groaned. "Yes, by sending her away I have lost a little fortune. Was there ever such an unlucky contretemps?"

"It serves you right, I should say," replied John Delmar, "for turning poor little Doris away from home in the bitter storm that night."

"Who would have supposed, after all these long years, her parents would have claimed her, and that the creature I had always looked upon as a dependent and a burden—born to be my especial cross—was, in reality, a millionaire's daughter, heiress to a million of money? Oh, dear, if I had but known that! I would give the world to find Doris again, the poor, dear girl! I—I—am afraid I was a little too harsh with her, John. I never meant to turn her from our door out into the cold world that stormy night. I only meant to frighten her into explaining where she had been. I never thought she would take me at my word and go. Oh, dear! oh, dear! if I could but find her."

"You can never tell when you are entertaining an angel unawares," said John, bluntly. "The poor child had a hard enough life of it here. She was a girl of spirit. I wonder little Doris did not rebel long before; you were so cross, so cruel, with the child."

"I meant only to discipline the girl properly," faltered madame, her florid face flushed guiltily. "One must be very strict to keep up the reputation of a fashionable seminary for young ladies."

"There ought to be a line drawn somewhere between severity and strictness," declared John, emphatically.

"Would you really care to see little Doris again?" he asked, abruptly, eying madame curiously.

She started to her feet, forgetting her usual calm demeanor, her face turning from white to red in her great excitement.

"Do you know where she is, John?" she asked, quickly. "There is something you are trying to keep back from me—something you are trying to hide from me," she declared. "I see it in your face."

"It is fortunate that I do know where she is, that I may restore her to her parents," answered John Delmar, gravely.

Madame Delmar was too astonished—too amazed—for words. She listened like one dumbfounded while her brother related that pitiful story of how he had followed poor little Doris out into the storm, begging her to return, and how she had persistently refused.

"Madame has turned me from her door," she sobbed, "and never again will I willingly cross her threshold." And, finding all remonstrance useless, how he had at length given Doris a letter to the Granvilles in New York, and she had gone on there.

"I shall go to New York at once and fetch her back," declared madame; and, without delay, she put her decision into execution.

To her dismay, she learned, as Doris had learned before her, that they had left the city long since. What, then, had become of hapless Doris?

Cast adrift, homeless, friendless, on the great desolate streets of New York, where had she gone? What had become of her? If ill had befallen poor, pretty, pansy-eyed Doris, the guilty, heartless woman felt that heaven would hold her accountable for it.

Meanwhile, Mr. Brandon and his heart-sick wife had returned to their elegant villa, on the banks of the St. Lawrence. But, from the hour in which they turned from Madame Delmar's seminary, Mrs. Brandon had grown rapidly ill—a brain fever had resulted from the horrible shock, and the deep, keen, bitter disappointment she had sustained in learning of the flight of her beautiful daughter from the seminary while she was on her way to claim her, after long years of separation.

Her distracted cries for Doris—only for Doris—were pitiful to hear. This was her one dream by day and by night. The bereaved father asked God to pardon him for the rash vow he had uttered against his fair young daughter in the bitter anger of the moment.

He made strenuous efforts to find her; still it was all to no purpose; if the earth had opened and swallowed her, she could not have been more completely lost to the world. And, lying on her sick bed, the poor mother turned her face to the wall, refusing to be comforted.

Mr. Brandon was in despair.

He quite believed they would never be able to find Doris; but he never expressed [illegible] to his wife. Her dream was never to be realized. She died with the name of "Doris" on her cold, stiffening lips. In a few months' time her husband was called upon to join her. He was a victim to an accident; a train on which he was a passenger had been hurled down an embankment. He was picked up in a fatal condition, and was barely able to make his will in favor of his long lost and missing daughter Doris before death claimed him. Then it was discovered that the gentleman, known as plain Mr. Hulbert Brandon, was, in reality, Hulbert Brandon Fielding, son of the late Lord Fielding, of Loam Abbey, England.

Dr. Lancaster, of New York city, was named executor of the will. It was well the doctor knew the sad history of Lord Fielding's son; how he had returned with his wife, after long years of absence, to find his child, and the hard experience he had met with.

"Of course, I will do my best to find Miss Fielding, the missing heiress," said the doctor, thoughtfully, as he strolled leisurely down Broadway one morning, "but I fear very much it will be a patient work of years."

"It would be very fortunate if the young girl is modest and well-mannered," said the doctor's wife to her husband one day, "and more fortunate still if our son Karl would fall in love with her."

"Heaven forbid!" groaned the doctor. "By all I can learn of her history from Madame Delmar, the very estimable principal of the seminary where she passed her early life, she is a regular tartar, quite a barbarian, in fact, and she capped the climax by willfully eloping with some one from boarding-school. No doubt it is some shiftlesss vagabond whom the girl has fallen in love with and married."

"She is heiress to a million!" sighed the doctor's wife, "and I should have liked our Karl to marry an heiress."

"There's time enough yet," declared the doctor. "He is only twenty-four now. Men would be better off if they did not marry until thirty."

Meanwhile, fate had destined long since that the doctor's handsome son and Doris should meet. In explaining how it occurred, we must go back to Doris, and that night on which she had left Thornton Villa forever turning her face toward the crowded streets of New York.

Hour after hour Doris traversed the sunlit streets sick at heart, and discouraged, as many a young girl has been before her. Suddenly a thought struck Doris.

Why not go to the lady at the agency, who once before, in her time of need, had come to her rescue?

Doris remembered the address, but it was so far up town that she would have to take a car to reach it.

As she stepped upon the platform the car gave a sudden lurch forward, precipitating Doris to the crosswalk. The great iron wheel would have passed over the tiny foot that fell within a hair's breadth of it, and crushed it, if it had not been for the timely assistance of a young man, fortunately close at hand, who sprang forward as in an instant of time, that seemed an eternity to the horror-stricken, paralyzed spectators, and succeeded in rescuing the lovely young girl from her perilous position.

For a moment Doris was quite stunned by what had transpired.

"I hope you are not hurt," said her rescuer, kindly, as he assisted her to her feet.

A sharp exclamation broke from Doris's lips, and she would have fallen to the pavement again had he not put out his strong arm and caught her.

"I—I am afraid my foot is sprained by the fall," she faltered. "I—I cannot stand."

"Let me call a carriage for you, and take you to your home," said the young man, eagerly. "You are not able to stand."

"No, no," faltered Doris, hiding her face in her hands, and bursting into tears.

"Surely you may trust me; I am a gentleman," he said, courteously. "I am Karl Lancaster, son of Dr. Lancaster, of No. — Lexington Avenue. I also am a doctor and a surgeon. Believe me, if, as you fear, your foot or ankle is sprained, I can be of assistance to you; I beg of you do not hesitate."

And he called a passing cab as he spoke, and despite Doris's incoherent protestations, lifted her in his strong arms as easily as though she were a little child, placed her on the soft cushion, and took his seat beside her.

"Now, if you will give the driver your number, please," he said, "we will soon have you with your friends."

"I—I tried to explain before, but, sir, you would not listen," sobbed Doris, in the keenest of embarrassment. "I—I am a stranger in New York. I have no relatives, no friends here. I was just on my way up-town to the employment agency, to apply for a position; and now—oh, heaven help me!—if my foot is sprained what shall I do?" she moaned.

This was certainly an extraordinary dilemma, but Mr. Lancaster was equal to the emergency.

"In that case I may still hope of being of service to you," he answered. "You must put yourself entirely under my charge; will you?"

"I have no right to be a burden upon the kindness of a stranger," sobbed Doris, piteously. "No, no; I could not."

"But, under the circumstances, you must allow me to act for you," said Karl. "Believe me, it will be a pleasure to aid you," he added, earnestly; and as he looked down into the fair, girlish face, he told himself never, in all his life, had he beheld a being so gloriously fair.

(To be continued.)

A Simple Sunshine Recorder.

Procure an empty quarter plate cardboard box, and in the top of the lid cut a hole about half an inch in diameter close to the edge of one side. Then paste a bit of stiff brown paper over this hole, and when dry prick a hole in the brown paper with a pin.

To use the sunshine recorder place a piece of paper in the bottom of the box, but sensitive side uppermost, and on this place a glass plate to keep the paper flat. Now put the lid on containing the pin hole, and stand the whole thing flat on a window ledge, the pin hole side facing the south and make a pencil mark all round the box, so that you always place it in the same position, and change the paper once a day, when a very clear record of every peep of sunshine will be found.

His Brain Bell.

"You know," said a man who writes things for a living, "there's a bell rings on the typewriter when you get to the end of the line to warn the operator that the end has been reached, and he must stop and take a fresh start. I have no bell in my brain, but I have something there that tells me with no less certainty when I have done my stint, and it is time for me to stop for the day. And I sometimes wonder if the gentle reader doesn't think that my brain bell ought to ring earlier."—New York Sun.

The Heiress.

Askey—Where's the rich heiress you're engaged to?

Tellum—You see that lovely girl in pink at the other side of the room?

Askey—Yes. I say, old man, what a superb—

Tellum—Well, it isn't she. It's that grand old ruin in yellow sitting next her.—London Tit-Bits.

Too Much Interest.

Wright—I believe a good deal of human interest could be put in a play with the scenes laid in a pawnshop.

Reed—My dear boy, the interest in a pawnshop is something absolutely inhuman.

The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited

GOODS TO THE SEASON.

IT'S not enough that this store should give you goods at a price that makes it a money object for you to buy here. We do that, or else you would not, in such large numbers, take the trouble to mail us your orders this long distance. We make it a feature of this store news that it shall tell of goods you want at the time—goods in season—timely goods. That's the spirit of the lists that follow—prices right—goods timely.

PRINT SECTION.

200 DRESS LENGTHS Finest Qualities Percales and Nap Back Wrapperettes, latest styles and choice colorings, our regular price 12 1-2 per yard, put up neatly with bands, each length contains 10 yards. Special for..... 1.00

LADIES' WOOL UNDERWEAR.

Ladies' Fine Ribbed Natural All-Wool Vests, shaped waists, high neck, long sleeves, open fronts, silk lace in neck ..... .50

Ladies' Plain Unshrinkable Natural Wool Vests, buttoned across shoulder or down front and long sleeves. Drawers ankle length to match ..... .75

CHILDREN'S HOSE.

Boys' Extra Heavy 2-1 Ribb Wool Hose, with special heel and toe, made of a fine soft pure wool yarn, size 6 to 10 in special value at..... .25

Children's 8-Fold Knee Ribbed Cashmere Hose, with double sole, heel and toe, made very elastic and heavy, of good pure wool, suitable for boys or girls, special, pair..... .25

Children's Fancy Silk Embroidered Cashmere Hose, full fashioned, double heel and toe, embroidered in small neat design, size 5 to 8 1-2, price, according to size, 35c to..... .55

Boys' Extra Heavy 2-1 Ribb English Worsted Hose, made of best 4-ply yarn, full fashioned, just the thing for winter weather, a hose that would be good value at 65c, our special price, pair..... .50

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

Men's Fine Blue and Black Imported English Beaver Overcoats, in single or double breasted style, lined with fine farmer's satin and pullars sleeve linings, finished with deep velvet collar and silk stitched edges, regular $7 sizes 34 to 44, Saturday..... 5.00

Men's Heavy All-Wool Frieze Ulsters, in black, brown and dark grey, lined with heavy wool tweed lining, made heavy lapped seams, double stitched, half belt on back, large storm collar, with tab for throat, sizes 35 to 46, a warm, dressy coat for..... 7.50

Men's Extra Heavy Wool Frieze Ulster, in blue, black and heather mixtures, lined with fancy plaid wool lining, with satin saddle back, made with deep French facings, extending under the arm and over the shoulder, deep storm collar, with tab this coat is also guaranteed waterproof, sizes 36 to 44, regular $10.50, special..... 8.50

Boys' Red River Overcoats, in blue and black Mackinac cloth, made with capot, lined with red flannel, seams piped and trimmed, some with blue and some with red, sizes 2 to 7 years, at..... 3.75

TABLE LINENS.

2 x 2 1-2 yards Tablecloth, with border all around, guaranteed superior quality and grass bleach, double damask and satin finish, in the newest dot and floral patterns Irish manufacture, special, each..... 1.75

One dozen Table napkins to match the above cloth in quality and design, size 23x25 inch, special for..... 1.75

MEN'S AND BOYS' FURS.

Boys' Choice Grey Lamb Caps, heavy and evenly furred, nice even curls, in dark, medium or light shades, silk and sateen linings, very special..... 2.50

Men's and Boys' Imitation Persian Lamb Caps, wedge or Dominion shapes, rich, glossy and even curls, special..... .50

Men's Fur Coats, in Australian Wallaby lined, special quality, quilted Italian, deep storm collars, fur heavy and even, full 50 in. long, regular $20, special..... 16.00

Men's Choice Quality Baltic Sea Driving Caps, adjustable peaks and sliding bands, lined fancy satin, regular $5 cap, special..... 3.50

Grey Goat Carriage Robes, made from selected grey goat skins, full large size, lined with specially imported fancy figured plush, deep felt trimmings, special..... 6.50

BIBLES AND HYMN BOOKS.

A special line of Bibles, leather bound, clear print, red, gold edges, maps, handy size..... .50

Hymns, ancient and modern, with music, good, clear print, on fine paper, leather binding, special value..... 1.00

CATHOLIC PRAYER BOOKS.

A large variety of Catholic Prayer Books at all prices. Our dollar line represents some choice books. Key of Heaven, Garden of the Soul, Catholic Piety and Vest Pocket Prayer Books, in Morocco, calf and other bindings, yapped or plain edge, clear print, good paper, extra value..... .100

CURTAINS & WINDOW SHADES.

Nottingham Lace Curtains, in handsome design white or ivory, 3 1-2 yards long, in floral and artistic effects, 53 inches wide, taped or colbert edges, special..... 1.25

Swiss Curtains in handsome applique work, 3 1-2 yards long, 59 in. wide (white only), very effective designs special..... 3.25

Chenille Curtains in handsome colors and combinations, dado top and bottom, heavy fringed ends, in green, gold, terra cotta, crimson, blue, etc., special..... 2.50

Curtain Poles, in assorted color woods, with wood or brass trimmings, size 1 1-2 x 5 0, in walnut, oak, cherry and mahogany finish, special..... .21

Opaque Window Shades, in cream or green, size 37 x 70, mounted on Hartshorn spring roller, complete with pull, special..... .30

Address your orders exactly as below.

The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited

SECTION 52. TORONTO.

BETTER THAN MEDICINE.

An Experience That Nerved One Woman to Cheat Death.

The experience of those who have engaged in hospitals is happily not with the tragedy of human suffering alone. There are times when they get glimpses of the comedy of life and when laughter holding both his sides takes the place of gloom and sorrow. A woman had been brought to the hospital in a very weak state. We could do nothing for her. She seemed to have lost all hold on life and gradually got worse and worse. The husband, who had often been to see her, and who was kindness itself to her, was sent for to take the last sad leave.

He came, this time accompanied. His companion was a buxom young woman of the Moll and Poll type, who seemed to delight in parading the fact that she intended to succeed the dying woman in the affections of her kind but too easily consoled lord. I was in a fever of anxiety lest the shock should hasten my patient's end. But I didn't know the power of rebound in human nature, especially obstinate feminine human nature. "Well, old woman," the man began, slouching up to the bed with an apologetic air which he had never worn before, "you're got to go this time. The young woman (pointing to me) says there ain't no hope. You have been a good wife to me, and I shan't forget you."

But he didn't get any further in his declarations of undying approval. The woman, who a minute ago had lain weak and listless, was alive—and very much alive too. Her eyes gleamed as she made an effort to get a good look at the other visitor, who was standing unabashed by the widower presumptive. I had to get the husband and his new found love out of the ward as quickly as possible.

"I ain't dead yet, nurse," my patient gasped out as I came back.

What all the doctors, tonics, wine and beef tea could not do the sight of an existent rival and possible successor had done and "soon a wonder came to light," for the woman did not die. She mended from that day. We all took an interest in her. She had got a new reason for living, and I honestly admit we helped in her great effort with all the nourishment we could make her take. Before very long she went home, strong and well enough, I hope, to rout the enemy and reassert her rule.—London Telegraph.

FEARLESS BISMARCK.

The Iron Chancellor Was a Man of Undaunted Courage.

Motley pays Bismarck the tribute among others, in a letter to Lady William Russell, of possessing the most undaunted courage. When the Prussians entered Paris, Bismarck saw that when the men in the mob recognized him they scowled at him furiously. He at once rode up to the wickedest looking one, asked him civilly for a light for his cigar, thanked him and received a polite bow in return.

When the late John Morrissey saw a "bad man," a gambler who had threatened to shoot him on sight, standing at the bar of the Grand Union in Saratoga, he walked up to the bar quite close to him, poured out a tumbler of ice water, drank it and walked out without once looking at the man. "In a case of that kind," said John in the hoarse whisper peculiar to him, "I always think it best to come straight to the front."

So it was with Bismarck, and John was a bit of a Bismarck in his way, while the prince in his younger days was gifted with tremendous physique and a readiness to "box without the muffle." He gave a fearful thrashing once in a Berlin beer hall to a man who wantonly insulted him. He himself told me that he received a queer compliment near St. Petersburg from a Russian istvochik, or cabman, a very rough fellow indeed, as they all are.

The prince hired him to take him out of town to a village near by, paid him with a handsome gratuity and dismissed him. The man, however, was dissatisfied, remonstrated and finally became insolent and even threatening. Bismarck seized him, turned him around and with one vigorous kick sent him flying down the entire flight of stairs. The man got up and, while rubbing himself, glanced at him not without admiration. "Is naschi" (One of us), he said.—J. P. Grund in North American Review.

Derivation of Anaconda.

It is simply "henakandaya," the Cinhalese name for the whipsnake, Passerita (Dryophis) mycterizans, the first portion of the name, hena, meaning "lightning," and the second, kanda, "stem, trunk" (ya being the masculine nominal termination). But, though the origin of the word "anaconda" is thus made evident, there remains to be explained how the name of the graceful whipsnake came (by some extraordinary blunder) to be misapplied to the monstrous rock snake, Python molurus.

This mystery unfortunately I am unable to solve, and I am quite at a loss to understand how the error originated. It is all the more inexplicable in that the veracious Captain Robert Knox, in his "Historical Relation of the Island Ceylon," published in 1681, gives on page 29 a description of the python, under its proper name of pimberah (Cinhalese pimbura, from pimb, to hiss or blow). As a Dutch translation of Knox's work appeared at Utrecht in 1692 and seems to have had a wide circulation, the error should have been easily detected and corrected.—Notes and Queries.

Mr. O'Fidgetty Jests.

"Shut that tater trap," growled Mr. O'Fidgetty.

"You used to say that my mouth was like a rosebud," said Mrs. O'Fidgetty indignantly.

"Very like, but it's opened since then, and it's full blown now," and Mr. O'Fidgetty dodged the flatiron and went on to read in his favorite paper, "Should husbands work for their living?"—Pick Me Up.

A Lovely Advertisement.

Fair Friend—So you have decided not to sell that house of yours?

Fair Hostess—Yes. You see, we placed the matter in the hands of an estate agent, but after reading his lovely advertisement of our property neither John nor myself could think of parting with such a wonderful and perfect home.—Comic Cuts.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

PERSONAL CHATS.

Admiral Walker is one of the few sailors fond of land sports. He is said to have lately taken up the bicycle.

The mother of the lamented Dave Foutz of the Brooklyn baseball team is building a fine monument over his grave at Baltimore.

General Longstreet has returned from Mexico, but likes that country so well that he will probably spend his winters there hereafter.

James Havlick is the tallest man of the Oregon's crew, which averages the tallest tars in the navy. Havlick is nearly 7 feet in height.

Switzerland's best known chamois hunter, Balthasar Zinsli, died some time ago at Sebaran, aged 70 years. His record included over 1,300 chamois and deer.

James Ingraham Peck, the biologist of Williams college, who died the other day, could reconstruct an animal from fewer of its relics than any American scientist.

The late Colonel Waring's first public lecture was delivered in the hall of the house of representatives, Montpelier, Vt., in 1856, on the subject of farm drainage.

Julius Goldschmidt, United States consul general in Berlin, was a native of Germany, and when he first came to this country at the age of 14 learned English in two months.

Count Shigenebu Okuma, the new premier of Japan, began life as a poor boy and is now a proof that the "self made" man can be manufactured even in the despotic east.

The death of Colonel Amos Webster of Washington leaves General Horace Porter, now embassador at Paris, the only surviving member of General U. S. Grant's personal staff.

Colonel Edmund Rice of the Sixth Massachusetts, which lately returned from Porto Rico, has a unique distinction. He returned from two wars at the head of Massachusetts regiments.

Rolf Moerck, a New York musical prodigy, has applied to the courts to have his name changed to Brandt Rantzau, saying his real name is too plebeian for one contemplating an artistic career.

Mrs. Dudley Smith, daughter of the late George Kynoch, member of parliament for Ashton, has made her debut as a professional in the arena of the Birmingham circus. She has been known as a dashing equestrienne for some time, having ridden at agricultural shows and races.

Piper Findlater, the "hero of Dargai," has again sprung into notoriety, this time in a suit for breach of promise, in which he is defendant. The plaintiff is Miss Mary Gellatly of Dundee, who wants $5,000. In the meantime she is in a rival music hall in Dundee, dancing in her wedding dress, with the wedding cake displayed on the stage.

STAGE GLINTS.

Massenet is at present writing an opera on "The Three Musketeers."

"The Maneuvers of Jane," Henry Arthur Jones' latest, has been produced in London.

Hauptman's religious play, "Christus," is nearing completion and will soon be produced in Berlin.

The French Dramatic Authors' society has boycotted Augustin Daly because of his treatment of Rostand.

J. H. Stoddart has been engaged to play the part of a naval chaplain in a new patriotic play called "Red, White and Blue."

Mierzwinsky, the Russian tenor, who appeared in this country some years ago, is said to have become the porter at a hotel in Cannes.

Ibsen's daughter, Bergliot, appears as a singer in concerts in Hamburg, Dresden, Vienna, Prague and Budapest before she goes to Rome.

American singers are not without honor in England. For the recent Gloucester festival a local wagon company built a special state carriage for Mme. Albani.

Coquelin has returned to the Theatre Francais and "Cyrano de Bergerac" goes with him. Its performance there will be worth seeing, for it will be perfectly produced.

"When a Man's In Love," the new play by Anthony Hope and Edward Rose, produced in the London Court theater the other day, opens well, but ends very feebly.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

CANADA'S PRODUCTS.

Figures From the Dominion Statistical Year Book for 1897—Exports and Products of the Mines.

Canada last year produced 239,691 tons of gypsum valued at $244,531.

The limestone for flux produced in Canada last year was valued at $40,000.

The value of the mica produced in Canada in 1897 was $75,000.

Canada produced last year 3,905 tons of ochres valued at $23,560.

Mineral water to the value of $140,000 was produced in Canada in 1897.

The moulding sand found in Canada last year totalled 5,485 tons, valued at $10,931.

The value of the natural gas produced in Canada last year was $325,873.

Canada produced last year 3,609,857 barrels of petroleum valued at $1,011,546.

Phosphates amounting to 908 tons were produced in Canada last year, the value being $3,984.

In 1897 Canada produced 38,910 tons of pyrites valued at $116,730.

Last year's salt output in Canada was valued at $190,000.

Canada produced last year 205,213 barrels of cement valued at $275,273.

Flag stones to the value of $7,190 were produced in Canada last year.

The slate product in Canada last year reached a value of $42,800.

Canada's miscellaneous mineral product last year reached a value of $14,542,939.

The value of the export of domestic asbestos by Canada last year was $510,916.

Canada last year exported $3,330,017 worth of domestic coal.

The domestic copper exported by Canada last year was $550,462.

Canada's domestic gold exported last year was valued at $2,804,101.

The gypsum, domestic, exported by Canada last year was valued at $183,376.

The iron ore of Canada exported last year was valued at $26,979

Canada last year exported domestic iron and steel valued at $522,988.

The value of the domestic mica exported last year by Canada was $61,948.

The nickel exported by Canada last year was valued at $498,510.

Canada exported in domestic phosphates value amounting to $275.

The domestic silver exported by Canada last year reached $2,613,173 in value.

In 1896 Canada eported $47,771 worth of stone and marble. Miscellaneous articles to the value of $756,347 were also exported.

The total value of the exports of Canada's mineral production last year was $11,906,918. Of this Great Britain's portion was $582,579.

The United States took minerals valued at $10,701,824.

British possessions took Canadian minerals amounting to $325,573.

Germany took $97,191 worth.

The coal areas of Canada are estimated at 97,200 square miles, not including areas known but as yet undeveloped, in the far north.

The coal areas of Nova Scotia cover about 4635 square miles. They are divided into the Cape Breton, the Pictou and the Cumberland basins. It is estimated that Nova Scotia contains 7,000,00,000 tons of coal.

Anthracite in 3-feet and 6-feet seams comparing favorably with that from Pennsylvania, has been found in Queen Charlotte Island.

Nova Scotia last year produced 2,465,387 tons of coal.

British Columbia, in 1897, produced 988,796 tons of coal.

Manitoba and Northwest Territories in 1896 produced 225,868 tons of coal.

New Brunswick in 1896 produced 7,500 tons of coal.

The total coal product of Canada for 1897 was $3,876,201, the highest on record.

Of the coal product of Nova Scotia, 2,555,031 tons was sold, and 210,356 tons used in colliery consumption.

Of the coal product of British Columbia last year, 679,751 tons were sold for export and 309,045 tons used at home.

In British Columbia, the only collieries at present in operation are on Vancouver Island, and are situated at Nanaimo, Wellington Union, and West Wellington, and are four in number.

Canada last year imported 1,457,295 tons of free anthracite coal valued at $5,695,160.

The quantity of dutiable bituminous coal imported last year was 1,503,476 tons, valued at $3,254,217.

Canada last year exported 1,102,06 tons of coal, valued at $3,330,017.

The quantity of coal dust imported into Canada last year was 225,562 tons, valued at $59,609.

The imports of gas coke for use in Canadian manufactures only last year was 83,330 tons, valued at $267,540.

Canada produced last year 78,811 tons of coke, valued at $209,920.

The consumption of coal in Canada in 1897 was 5,974,556 tons, an average of 1.152 tons per head.

Nova Scotia last year exported 38,138 tons of coal.

The Northwest Territories exported 8,774,081 tons.

New Brunswick exported 167,389 tons.

Ontario imported last year for home consumption 2,364,391 tons of coal.

Quebec imported and consumed 489,382 tons.

Nova Scotia imported for consumption 45,341 tons.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diptheria.

LIVING ON WATERMELONS.

Strange Malady of a Nebraskan Who Was Sunstruck.

Robert Frazier of Nebraska can eat nothing but watermelons. He says:

"While out on my father's farm in the summer of 1897 I was overcome with dizziness. I fell in a faint to the ground and was unconscious for several hours. I was convalescent in a day or two and thoughtlessly I went out in the heat again. The temperature was, if I remember rightly, 110 degrees. After a mile walk I was stricken down and lay in the cornfield for nearly two hours before being discovered.

"For a week I hovered between life and death. Then I got better, but a relapse set in, and I became totally helpless.

"In two months my right side was entirely paralyzed, and it was believed I would surely die. The paralysis extended to both feet, and I reckoned it was my prayers and those of my dear mother that saved me from death. The doctors ordered that I discontinue eating meat and vegetables. Gradually I became utterly without an appetite and would shun food for days.

"My weight was decreasing at an alarming rate, and the physicians seemed powerless to help me. We had a fine watermelon patch on our farm, and it was suggested by the doctor that I try melons as a last resort. I did, and I began to get flesh again. Then I was permitted to suck the juices from tender meats and was also treated with emulsions. But these three ingredients, in addition to a little milk, constitute my meals and my remedies.

"The doctors say the sunstroke had gone to my brain and had extended through my nerves, threatening absolute paralysis. If I were to swallow the tiniest piece of meat, it would cut my stomach. I am told it is the most peculiar case of stomach affection on record, but it is due solely to the sunstroke.

"I ate four watermelons a day for three months and stopped only when the season ended. Then I dropped weight and was fast turning to a skeleton, when it was decided to send me down to my uncle's plantation in Florida. It is some distance below the frost line, and watermelons are grown there all the year round.

"The medical properties of the watermelon have surely proved wonderful in my case, and besides I love the melons like a southern darky."

PAID THE BET.

Though He Won It, He Might as Well Have Not.

"It is the first time that I ever paid a bet that I won," said Smith, "and it will be the last time.

"My wife and I agree on everything but politics. I am a stanch supporter of my party, and my wife is always ready to uphold hers.

"We always have several warm arguments before an election, and I dread to see one draw nigh, as it is sure to cause bad feelings and end in my being called a heartless brute because I stand up for my own party.

"Shortly before the last election we were in the midst of one of our arguments when my wife dared me to make a wager on the outcome. I was not anxious to bet, but she badgered me so much that finally I told her what I would do. I knew that her party didn't stand the ghost of a show, so I told her if her party was successful I would buy her the finest gown to be had in the city. That seemed to satisfy her, and we agreed to drop politics and talk of something else.

"Well, the election went just as I expected it would, and I got a certain amount of satisfaction from watching the look of indignation on my wife's face as she read the returns.

"I waited three days before I thought it safe to laugh over my promise, and when I did my wife calmly reached in her workbasket and handed me over a bill.

"It was a bill for the gown that I had promised her in case her party was successful. She had felt so sure that her party was going to win that she had ordered the gown beforehand, so she would have it to wear at a swell affair soon to come off."

Birthdays Celebrated in Egypt.

The custom of keeping birthdays is many thousand years old. Pharaoh's birthday festivities are mentioned in the Pentateuch.

PUT YOUR FINGER ON YOUR PULSE.

If It Is Weak or Irregular don't Hesitate to Start the use of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills at once.

With a strong, steady, regular pulse we may expect vigorous health.

With a weak, irregular, intermittent pulse we can tell at once the vitality is low—that Dizzy and Faint Spells, Smothering and Sinking Sensations and similar conditions are bound to ensue.

By their action in strengthening the heart, toning the nerves and enriching the blood, Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills relieve and cure all those distressing conditions just enumerated.

Mrs. B. Croft, residing on Waterloo Street, St. John, N.B., says:

"For some time past I have suffered from pallor, weakness and nervous prostration, I had palpitation and irregular beating of the heart so severe as to cause me great alarm. I was treated by physicians, but got no permanent relief.

"I am glad to say that from Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills I derived the first real benefit that I ever got from any medicine. My appetite is improved, my entire system toned up, and I can do no less than cheerfully recommend these pills to all requiring a reliable heart and nerve tonic."

Miss Mary E. Hicks, South Bay, Ont., says Laxa-Liver Pills cured her of Sick Headache, from which she had suffered for a year.

Minards Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

THE HORSE SHOW.

Much Better, 2:07¼, is reported to have lost 200 pounds in flesh since her campaign began about five months ago.

It is said that Peter the Great is the first winner of the Kentucky Futurity destitute of the blood of George Wilkes.

Although Bumps, 2:04¼, did not win a race this season, he earned $3,000, more than his entrance money. He was a first class second.

Hon. Fred C. Sayles, owner of Alix 2:03¾, has given $200,000 to the city of his residence, Pawtucket, R. I., for a library building.

A full brother of Lesa Wilkes, 2:09, by Guy Wilkes, owned at Fernciiff stock farm, Providence, has been named Lieutenant Hobson.

It is said that Dr. H. W. Lobb of Philadelphia will transfer his allegiance to the running turf and dispose of all his trotting and pacing stock.

Bow Bells, 2:19¼, will stay in Kentucky again next year. He is one of the most popular sires ever kept in the blue grass and his fame grows steadily.

Frank Frazier, ex-owner of Chehalis 2:04¼, is quoted as saying that he believes Rubinstein can step down to the half faster than any other pacer living.

La Garda, 2:24¼, who has been credited to Jack Daw, is now said to be by Jay Hawker, 2:14¾, and the only one of the latter horse's get that has ever taken the word.

It cost between $500 and $600 to send Directina (3), 2:16¾, by Direct, 2:05½, dam Stemwinder, dam of Directum, 2:05¼ through by express from Dublin, Cal., to New York city.

The 2-year-old chestnut gelding, Billy Abshire, 2:30½, by Haxall, dam Sally Abshire, by Vatican, has been purchased by Captain Tuttle of Orange county from I. B. White of Richmond, Ky. The price reported is $1,700.

TAKE NOTICE.

During the year the space devoted to advertising MINARD'S LINIMENT will contain expressions of no uncertain sound from people who speak from personal experience as to the merits of this best of Household Remedies.

APHORISMS.

Blessed is the influence of one true, loving human soul on another.—George Eliot.

He is but the counterfeit of a man who has not the life of a man.—Shakespeare.

One ungrateful man does an injury to all who stand in need of aid.—Publius Syrus.

The more we do the more we can do; the more busy we are the more leisure we have.—Hazlitt.

A true and genuine impudence is ever the effect of ignorance without the least sense of it.—Steele.

There is certainly something of exquisite kindness and thoughtful benevolence in that rarest of gifts—fine breeding.—Bulwer.

Good intentions are very mortal and perishable things. Like very mellow and choice fruit, they are difficult to keep.—Simmons.

Kind words prevent a good deal of that perverseness which rough and imperious usage often produces in generous minds.—Locke.

None so little enjoy themselves and are such burdens to themselves as those who have nothing to do. Only the active have the true relish of life.—Jay.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

A Somerset (Me.) farmer claims to have Benedict Arnold's sword belt.

The original birch bark deed given by the chief of the Androscoggins to the farmers of Lewiston, Me., of Haymarket square, is shown in a Lewiston store window.

Sweden is Europe's great timber field. Russia has larger forests, but they are much less accessible than those of Sweden, which are usually near rivers or the coast.

DON'TS.

Don't forget that the darkest hour is only 60 minutes.

Don't think that an apology always wipes out an offense.

Don't kick an infuriated dog when you have slippers on.

Don't attempt to judge a girl's love for you by what she says.

Don't act the fool. There are too many people doing that naturally.

Don't sacrifice the certainties of today for the uncertainties of tomorrow

DON'T CHIDE THE CHILDREN.

Don't scold the little ones if the bed is wet in the morning. It isn't the child's fault. Weak kidneys need strengthening—that's all. You can't afford to risk delay. Neglect may entail a lifetime of suffering.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Strengthen the Kidneys and Bladder, then all trouble ceases.

Mr. John Carson, employed at M. S. Bradt & Co.'s store, Hamilton, Ont., says:

"My little boy seven years of age has been troubled with his kidneys since birth and could not hold his water. We spent hundreds of dollars doctoring and tried many different remedies, but they were of no avail. One box of Doan's Kidney Pills completely cured him."

Vim Vigor Vitality

DEWARD'S BLOOD & NERVE PILLS

VIM—to work and to win—to keep a sane mind in a sound body—to laugh at worry.

VIGOR—to ward off disease—to conquer obstacles—to transmit health and strength to your posterity.

VITALITY—to resist the fearful strain and tension of modern life to make up for the constant drains of overwork. Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills confer all these essential qualities on the user.

THIS EVIDENCE IS AMPLE PROOF.

Before using Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills I felt weak, nervous and run down. I had lost weight steadily for some time; my circulation was poor; hands, feet and limbs were cold. I always felt weak and my muscles trembled. Now, after the use of one box of Dr. Ward's Pills, I feel like my old self. I have gained five pounds in weight and 100 per cent. in cheerfulness. I now walk firmly, my muscular system is strong and my blood circulates vigorously. I have more comfort than I have experienced in years. Dr. Ward's Pills have done more for me than any medicine I ever took.

PETER CARMICHAEL,
13 Bright St., Toronto, Ont.

All good druggists can supply you. If they won't, we will by mail. Price 50c. per box, or 5 boxes for $2.00. THE DOCTOR WARD CO., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

It is some consolation to a man when a girl refuses him in a hesitating manner. It's the negative produced by the instantaneous process that hurts.

We beg to call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills in this paper. The firm have also placed on the market Dr. Ward's Liver Pills, which have already proved to be a most excellent family medicine as a cure for constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, etc. They are sold at 25c per vial, or 5 for $1, or mailed on receipt of price by the Dr. Ward Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

CONSUMPTION.

What a Well-Known Medical Journal Says About This King of Disease.

"This is essentially an age of scientific progress. Science and invention go hand in hand. Thanks to a distinguished chemist consumption is robbed of its terrors, deprived of its destructiveness, and this insidious disease can first be relieved and then cured. But to accomplish a cure that is final and effective there must be constant persistency in treatment and right living. The sufferer must take the right medical relief, rightly administered. By the labor, skill and research of an eminent chemist, T. A. Slocum, consumption can be both relieved and cured."—Medical Tribune.

Three free sample bottles of the Slocum Cure will be sent to any sufferer from consumption, lung or throat troubles or general debility. If name, address and express office are sent to The T. A. Slocum Chemical Co., Limited, 177 King street west, Toronto, Ont. This is a genuine offer, and if the reader is—or knows a friend who is—a sufferer, send at once for the free samples and mention this paper.

P. O. Drawer 1287. Tel. 1137.

J. D. O'BRIEN,
Grain and Stock Broker,
WINNIPEG.

Grain and securities carried on margins. Private wire connection with all markets

EVERYBODY CAN HAVE

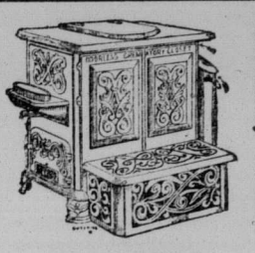
A Good and Healthful Drink if they will use

WHITE STAR HEALTH COFFEY

Made according to directions, and you will have a drink of exquisite flavor and definite benefit to the nervous system.

THE DYSON-GIBSON CO.

The Odorless Crematory Closet.



HUNDREDS

of these closets are now in use. They are

Absolutely Odorless.

Fire only required once in two weeks. For circulars write to

The Odorless Crematory Closet Co.,
HAMILTON, ONT.

Indian Head, Nov. 21, 1898.
Messrs. Merrick, Anderson & Co.,
P. O. Box 1282,
Winnipeg, Man.

Dear Sirs—I purchased one of your crematory closets last year, and have used it in my hotel ever since. It has given me every satisfaction, and could I not replace it, would not sell it for double its cost. Yours truly,

A. DAVIDSON.

Sold by
CREMATE CLOSET CO.,
P. O. BOX 1282, WINNIPEG.

W. R. ALLAN,
General Insurance Agent,

FIRE Companies Represented:
Quebec Fire Assurance Co.
Royal Insurance Co.
Sun Insurance Office
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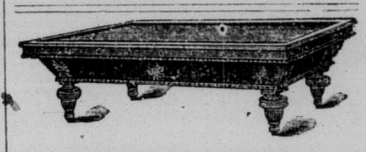
All classes of Insurances transacted and losses promptly and satisfactorily settled.



BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES, NEW AND SECOND-HAND. BOWLING ALLEYS AND SUPPLIES. Large catalogue free.

THE REID BROS. 257 King West, Toronto

SAFES VICTOR SAFES

KARL K. ALBERT, GEN. AGT.
407 MAIN ST., WINNIPEG,
Next door to P. O.

SNAPS FOR CASH.

Household Safes, small size, - - $12.00
Household Safes, large size, - - 30.00

Just the thing for a Christmas present. Both useful and ornamental.

Merchants' Safes, all sizes and prices; on easy terms or cash. Come and see them or write for quotations. Special prices during November and December.

W. N. U. 201

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Royal Crown Soap

Grand Weekly Free Sewing Machine Competition

3 New Williams, No. 6

Drop Head, Sewing Machines,

Value $65, Each

Given away weekly for Royal Crown Wrappers and Coupons, viz:

WINNIPEG, 1 each week.
MANITOBA, outside of Winnipeg, 1 each week.
N. W. T. and ONTARIO, east to Schrieber, 1 each week.

Ask your Grocer for a Coupon with every five bars of wrapped ROYAL CROWN SOAP. Full instructions on each Coupon.

First Drawing Monday, January 16, and each week thereafter until further notice.

Large List of Books and Beautiful Pictures still given away for ROYAL CROWN SOAP WRAPPERS to those who do not compete for the Sewing Machines. List mailed free on application.

THE ROYAL SOAP CO., Winnipeg.

Tastes differ about most things, but there are no two opinions about *Blue Ribbon Tea*

All who have tried it know that in strength, richness and every quality that makes a Tea perfect *Blue Ribbon* is far superior to all others.

CARDSTON RECORD.

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Wednesday at Cardston.

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Editor and Proprietor.

Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

THE EDITOR does not assume responsibility for the views or statements expressed by any of THE RECORD'S contributors.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance.
Advertising Rates on application.
In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisments they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisments will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

In case a subscriber does not receive THE RECORD weekly, notice should be sent to the publication office, Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta, when the complaint will be thoroughly investigated.

Copy for change of advertisments MUST not be in later than Saturday noon.

Cardston, January 18, 1899.

GROWING CARDSTON.

The town was first settled some twelve years since by half a dozen families; now Cardston has about one thousand inhabitants. It is beautifully situated on the banks of Lee's Creek, a fresh, pure stream that flows rapidly from the Rocky Mountains, thirty miles to the west.

Cardston is surrounded by one of the best ranching districts on this Hemisphere. Cattle, sheep and horses do well upon these ranges at all times of the year, and ranching in all its branches is carried on here with the most gratifying results. Coal deposits are numerous and close to town, and coal is delivered for $5 a ton. Those troubled with pulmonary affections will find this district very desirable on account of the dryness of the atmosphere. The town contains good schools which are aided by grants from the Government. Most every line of business is represented. A portion of the town is under an irrigation system that has demonstrated the value of the soil for the raising of all kinds of cereals, etc. The town has a bank, post-office, close connection with the express office at Lethbridge, schools, churches, dance-hall, hotels, fine stores, numerous comfortable residences, etc., etc.. Parties possessed of small capital will find the district one of exceptional worth as offering inducements to engage in ranching. There is an opening here for a brick kiln, and, in fact, an industrious man with a small capital can engage in most any kind of legitimate business in Cardston and by doing so better his financial condition.

Following is a list of the publications for sale at the RECORD OFFICE:

Puck
Judge
Strand
Argosy
Quaker
Nickell
Tit Bits
Success
Puritan
Squibbs
Vanity Fair
N. Y. World
Wide World
Metropolitan
Cosmopolitan
Munsey Maga.
New Illustrated
McClures Maga.
Canadian Maga.
Broadway Maga.
Review of Reviews (Eng)
Review of Reviews (Am.)
Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly.

A WARNIG.

R. E. Pillings and E. T. Margan were on 9th inst charged befor J. P. Ashe J. P., with hunting prairie chicken out of season.

Defendants were fined $15. 00 & Costs each.

This was indeed an expensive expedition especially as the gentlemen in question were only shooting at chicken but failed to obtain any birds.

Subscribe for THE RECORD.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Village of Cardston.

Overseer J. A. Hammer.

There is now a tax on dogs.

WANTED—30 good hens. Addres M. this office.*

Strictly on the quiet the show last week.

The weather during all of last week was delightful.

A book of notes only 25 cts, at THE RECORD Office.

The Alberta Independent has dropped out of sight.

Const. Harris expects to leave for England in a few days.

Will the Americans have trouble with the Filipinos?

Mrs. Sarah Hinman's little girls have been down with the scarletina.

There are about 200,000 Mormons in Utah and the contiguous States and Territories.

Make Overseer Hammer's work easy by complying with the Village Ordinance.

Rev. Hamilton visited his parishioners in the vicinity of Etna on Thursday.

On Thursday night in Kearl's Hall there was given a dance for the deacons.

News to everybody—there were two theatrical performances in the village last week.

J. P. Low, on receiving a telegram that his mother was very ill hurriedly left for Utah, Thursday.

Wm. Wood, butcher, is selling lots of smoked tongue, ham and bacon, all home cured, and very nice eating, too.

Mrs. Dr. Brant has been considerably troubled with an attack of rheumatism for several days, but is now improving.

Did you know there was a dramatic show or two last week? Of course not; no one knew anything about it untill they were over.

Scarletina is very prevalent at present among the children of Cardston. Read over the "precautions for prevention of diseases" in the Village Ordinance, and observe the law.

The Deseret News (Utah) comes to hand this week much improved in every way. C. W. Penrose is editor, and H. G. Whitney business manager. We wish The News every success.

The Cardston Co. are going right ahead with their building which begins to assume shape and form. When completed, if according to present plans, they will have the largest building in Cardston and probably the largest store in Alberta.

Last week The Record Job Department printed some very nice business cards for Mr. Robert Ibey, who has the agency for the Singer Sewing Machines, also pianos and organs.

The country papers, which are sometimes sneered at by the city press, are the salvation of journalism in Canada. As a rule, they are clean, patriotic, and independent, in marked contrast with the slavish toadyism of the great organs which toil under the lash of party and monopoly. The people of this country should stand by their locol papers.

A copy of that splendid story entitled "Overcoming the World," by Charles M. Sheldon, author of "In His Steps," "The Redemption of Freetown," etc., has been sent to us by The Poole Printing Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont. This story is interesting alike to old and young, and has a powerful influence in the moulding of character. Dr. Herrick Johnston, who stands among the very foremost of religious leaders, says: "I have read 'Overcoming the World' with genuine interest. It is a bit of moral heroism that the world wants more of. By the side of realistic stuff that vaunts its fidelity to nature by stirring up moral cess-pools, this little story like a star out of the darkness. It will pull tears up into many eyes, and put moral heroism into many hearts." This makes eight books of Sheldon's published by The Poole Printing Company, Limited, the extra fine cloth edition of which makes a splendid set of books for Sunday school libraries. They are undoubtedly the best library books published this year. In paper covers, 25c; extra fine cloth binding, 50c. For sale by all dealers, or sent by the publishers postpaid on receipt of price. Or any six books in paper covers will be sent postpaid for $1.00, by sending to The Poole Printing Co., Limited, 28 and 30 Melinda Street, Toronto, Ont.

COAL, COAL, COAL!

Clarke Mine, - - - - - - Belly River.

$2.25 per ton at the Mine.

Delivered in Cardston for $5.00 per ton.

Orders may be left at Co-op or Allen store.

J. Hunt, of Leavitt was in town on Friday.

Bishop Niels Hansen was in Cardston, Saturday.

Robt. Hoy is having his house nicely painted by S. Cox.

Mr. R. Pilling was a visitor to our town, Saturday.

M. and Parley Allen, of Mt. View were in Cardston one day last week.

Sargt. Armor will go to Regina and Sargt. Fife to Prince Albert.

J. A Woolf is accumulating material for the erection of a building near his hotel.

"The Bugler is the only newspaper printed in Boxelder County." Isn't one good paper enough for any county of 8,000 inhabitants?

If you will send away for your goods, patronize The Robt. Simpson Co., Ltd. of Toronto. See their ad on second page.

Mr. Ross and Mr. Wright, with a few of their pupils, defeated the town at a game of football on Saturday afternoon.

One day last week there was a surprise party at the Hotel de Woolf. Mrs. Lucinda Woolf was the surprised and the Primary children were the surprisers. As a token of their esteem they presented Mrs. Woolf with a gold ring.

THE MERRY MICROBES

Although it is to be hoped that this cold snap, 31 below this morning, will make the microbes hunt their holes, and give the poor hospital patients a rest we have after all to admit the fact that we cannot seemingly get along without them. We are, more or less full of microbes all the time, and if by drinking impure water one may be accumulating a few millions more, yet the little microbe is not so black as he is painted. No doubt there are many ornery cusses amongst the microbe family the same as amongst the human, who, when they turn themselves loose, beget an ugly brood of children known as typhoid, cholera, consumption and so on, but as a class they are hard to bar out. They come anyhow, and, like the poor, are always with us.

What amuses us more than anything else about the merry little microbe is the unconcerned way in which he upsets illusions. Milk is notoriously a favorite breeding place with them, and ordinary water, unless boiled, is for them a seaside resort of the utmost popularity, more densely thronged than Coney Island or Ramsgate. And that lovely bloom we all admire so much in a ripe peach, that poets rave over and to which the complexions of lovely woman are likened, is, as has been proved by scientists, nothing more nor less than a luxuriant growth of microbes. This is an awful knocker.

And take cheese. Mr. Marker will tell you, if you ask him, that cheese cannot be made from boiled or sterilised milk, the reason being simply that the germs or microbes are killed. Let the poor little things live, however and you will get your cheese right on time. These germs give rise to the so-called "ripening" of cheese. It is thus evident that the "ripening" as applied to cheese is but another name for decaying. The germs of diphtheria and tyhoid are not infrequently formed in milk. Even though milk is perfectly pure when it comes from the cow, it has the unfortunate property of attracting to itself within an hour or two all sorts of impurities. With whiskey, it is different. The only thing that this liquid attracts to itself is man, and the only objectionable thing he has as yet found it to contain by most careful and constant analysis is fish hooks.

Doctors must study the dispositions of the microbes with which they have to deal, for there are microbes and microbes, and then we may be able to contend against the inroads of typhoid.—Calgary Herald.

The Record

$2. a year.

"The People's Store."

New Year's Bargains.

For 30 days we will sell at Wholesale Prices. Ladies Fur & Cloth Capes & Coats and many other odd lines, in order to make room for our spring goods. Come & see for yourself.

Produce taken in exchange.

We take pleasure in announcing to the public that we are: The Sole Agents for the Celebrated Bain & Cooper Wagons; two carloads will be here about the last of February. Also a car of the Cockshutt Plows & Farming Implements. Call early & get Prices & Terms; Sure to please you. It will save you money to leave your orders now for any of the above.

A Car of Furniture now on the way. Prices equal to T. Eaton's of Toronto.

Shilling's Best Teas and Baking Powder.

WANTED.

Men and teams to haul lumber.

Higest Prices Paid for Beef Hides and Furs of - all kinds. -

The Cardston Co. Ltd

The Record one year

$ 2.00

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.

All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.

Cardston. . . . . Alberta

Hooked up at last.

HARNESS & SADDLERY.

Give us a call and examine stock. We have dandy

HORSE BLANKETS.

REPAIRING A SPECIALITY.

Quality first. Prices right.

S. H. Horner,

CARDSTON, Next Kearl's Livery Stable

You Know Wolsey & Evans,

Contractors & Builders,

W. M. Wolsey. James Evans.

Cardston. - - Alberta.

Deseret News and The Record one year for $3.50

- Samuel Cox, -

Contractor & Builder,

Sign, General Painting, & Paper Hanging.

Orders can be left at Record Office.

CARDSTON. . . ALBERTA.

Read THE RECORD
THE
CARDSTON RECORD
2.00 per year.

The Record $2.00

H. W. SAVORY,

Boundary Creek (Cardston P.O.) Alta.

Saddle & Work Horses For Sale.

APPLICATION.

APPLICATION will be made at the next session of Parliament of Canada for an Act to amend the Act of Incorporation of the Alberta Irrigation Company by changing the name of the Company to The Canadian North West Irrigation Company; changing the place of head office to London, England; authorizing directors to vote by proxy; increasing capital stock to one million dollars; changing date of annual meeting to last Tuesday in October; and in other respects and for other purposes.

A. FERGUSON,
Solicitor for Applicants.

16th December 1898. [22-30]

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore subsisting between us as General Merchants, at the Village of Etna, in the District of Alberta, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be paid to Hyrum Hansen, of Etna aforesaid, and all claims against the said partnership are to be presented to the said Hyrum Hansen, by whom the same will be settled.

Dated at Etna this 20th day of December, A. D. 1898.

HYRUM HANSEN.
J. H. TAYLOR.

Witness, Geo. M. Hudson.

HASTEN THE DAY.

Winnipeg Free Press: "The question of dividing Alberta into two constituencies and giving it a second representative in the House of Commons is discussed by the Medicine Hat News and the Lethbridge News. Both apparently favor the change. The Medicine Hat News says tha police census for 1896 evidently did not show that the population was sufficient to warrant the divisions of Alberta into two constituencies. The population of Alberta as found by the census of 1891 was 25,277. The special census of 1896 revealed a population of about 40,000. The unit of representation in the house of Commons is 21,000 in round numbers so that on the dasis of population Alberta would be entitled to another member. Southern Alberta undoubtedly divides itself naturally from Northern Alberta, and the Dominion Parliament would be doing a very proper thing to divide that enormous territory into two constituencies, giving the great ranching country a representative. It is well-knoww that such was the intention of the late Dominion government, but the present government has given no intimation as to whether or not they approve of the proposal."

WHAT CARDSTON NEEDS.

A lime kiln.
A railroad.
Shoe shop.
A drug store.
A tailor shop.
A brick kiln.
Graded streets.
A lumber yard.
A roller flour mill.
An amusement hall.
An immigration building.
Tri-weekly mail service.
Commodious school house.
Board of trade, or chamber of commerce.
Ten thousand more good citizens added to the thousand already here.

Subscribe for THE RECORD.

The Record $2.00

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 25, 1899. NO. 26

THE MORMON COLONY

In its Saturday, January 7th. issue, The Toronto Globe has an highly interesting article by "Viator", which principally treats of the new freight route, the town-booming art, the British Columbia market, on this side of the Rockies and the Mormon Colony.

We give our readers the following very interesting clipping from the article:

Cranbrook, B. C., Dec. 24.—The Crow's Nest Railway, now opened for freight and passenger traffic, has ushered in a "growing time" for the Territories and southern British Columbia. Coming from the east it is reached by Medicine Hat to Lethbridge, the initial point. Medicine Hat, a smart town of 1,800 inhabitants, has just built a fine hotel, the Assiniboia, and is making ready in other ways for the rush. Over 4,000 head of cattle and 6,000 sheep have been shipped this year from the Medicine Hat district, which extends to Stair on the west and Walsh on the east: and a considerable German colony has been founded at Josephsburg in the Cypress Hills. Lethbridge is also "booming." The Galt colliery is turning out 1,000 tons a day, the demand in Manitoba and Montana having increased. It is not uncommon to see a hundred farmers' teams in town at one time hauling away wares supplied from Winnipeg and eastern Canada. The Alberta Irrigation Company is constructing a canal 60 miles long in the direction of Cardston, the Mormon settlement, and 500 Mormons from Utah and Wyoming will settle along it in the spring. The ranches have done well of late, much of their beef and mutton having been shipped into British Columbia for miners and navvies.

The Mormon Colony.

By June there will be a Mormon population at Cardston and its offshoots of 2,500 souls. To tell the truth, the Gentile settler is not fond of the Mormons. Like those of Israel who sealed the covenant, the Mormons have "entered into a curse and into an oath to walk in God's law," as they understand it, and make up their minds "not to give our daughters unto the people of the land, nor take their daughters for our sons." That they do not intermarry with the Gentiles is not regarded as a grievance by the Gentiles. What the latter complain of chiefly is that the Mormons contribute to the church in Utah, which means that a lot of money is sent out of the country, and keep themselves to themselves, so that they are a community within the community but not of it. They do not practise polygamy in this country, are thrifty and temperate, and have done wonders in a short time in the way of irrigating and raising cattle and dairy products. As far as I can learn, they work on the co-operative principle and are thus enabled to buy land and every other commodity they require in large quantities at first cost. Co-operation is taking root among the non-Mormons. There is a co-operative company at Medicine Hat, formed principally among the railroad men stationed there, who are also about establishing a co-operative ranche: and another co-operative trading company at Lethbridge, the stockholders being railroad men and colliery hands.

An Anglican clergyman, who does not like Mr. Sifton's politics, said to me:—"I think Mr. Sifton is acting wisely in encouraging the Mormons to settle here. They are not polygamists on this side of the line; indeed, on the score of morality they are a superior people. In a few years they will abandon their exclusiveness and become like the rest of us." Mr. Card, Mr. J. W. Taylor, Mr. Snow and the other Mormon leaders generally, are highly intelligent men, but the rank and file appear dull by comparison with the hustling Gentile settler. It is difficult to ascertain from the average Mormon layman just what his creed is. If you ply him with questions he dodges, like the charcoal burner who was being heckled by the devil in the French story, by saying that he believes exactly what the church believes.

200 MEN WANTED.

Under the heading "200 men wanted" the Alberta Irrigation company have an ad. in the Deseret News (Utah).

Following are a few clippings from the ad:

I will here add we have in Cardston a newspaper, a cheese factory, grist mill, three stores, two blacksmith shops, two carpenter shops, one tin shop, shoe shop and a meat market. (Cardston also has a bank, harness shop and two hotels. —Ed.)

In Ætna a store, cheese factory and creamery; in Mountain View, one store, one creamery, carpenter shop and one smithy.

* * *

The class of people that succeed in these parts best are those people who are filled with the spirit of contentment and are sober and industrious and wide awake. "Good luck is getting up at five o'clock in the morning."

Parties coming into a new country like Alberta and locating on unimproved lands must make up their minds that they have to face at least five years of good, honest toil. When we take a piece of this virgin soil we should remember we have only "a place to make a place" which always requires attention and willing muscle and continuity.

Parties that are inexperienced in frontier life would do well to join their efforts with experienced men that are accustomed to getting their living from tilling the soil, and avoid failures.

Those going overland will find the best time to start is about the first of May, although many people have gone a month earlier. The country through which you pass is settled, and hay, grain and provisions can be purchased nearly every day, if desired.

Those going there this season with a view to laboring on the Alberta Irrigation company's canal, I would advise to ship their teams and outfits by rail, that their teams may be fresh for their labors when they arrive. Work on the canal will open between the middle and last of March.

* * *

The district of Alberta has a total length from north to south of 430 miles, and an average width of 230 miles, and contains an area of 100,100 square miles.

It is more particularly of southern Alberta I propose writing with a view of answering the questions I so often have to answer.

The southern part is an open rolling country "devoid of timber, except a limited quantity along the streams and in the foothills of the Rocky Mountains" in sufficient quantities, however, to improve our homesteads and aid the Home-seekers to make a start in life.

These undulated prairies are covered with a luxuriant growth of nutritious grasses, chief among them which is the "far-famed prairie bunch grass," on which our cattle, horses and sheep graze during the whole year.

The soil of the district is mostly a good rich, dark, clay loam, slightly intermingled with sand, and from six to eighteen inches deep underlaid with a heavy strata of clay, adapted well for farming and stock raising.

Our experience assures us that mixed farming pays the best. Our Mormon colonies that had their beginning here in the spring of 1887 have proved we can raise very good crops without irrigation. However we need it as an assurance fund, and are trying to gain this needful advantage as fast as our strength will allow without contracting with that cruel master—debt.

Our climate will rank well with that of Cache valley, Utah, but not so dry in summer with but little snow in the winter. In fact, we use wagons at least eleven months in the year. We can never depend upon the sleighing only a few days at a time, for the "Chinook" winds melt the snow every few days during the winter. Our summers are not unusually warm, for we are often visited by the breezes from the great Pacific ocean, which not only modify the heat in summer, but temper the elements in winter to that extent that our cold spells are of brief duration.

Fuel. Our country abounds with coal that crops out of the ground in many places.

We raise excellent crops of wheat oats, barley, rye, potatoes, and all of the hardy vegetables.

As to fruit, our country is not so well adapted, in consequence of our open winters and the frequent thawing and freezing. The smaller fruits, such as strawberries, gooseberries, currants, and raspberries, can be successfully raised, but if we make a success of the larger fruits we must protect them by wind-breaks composed of hedges of trees, etc.

Cardston is the center of our settlements, of which we have five, namely, Cardston, Leavitt, Mountain View, Ætna, and also several other smaller ones, covering enough territory for a small kingdom. We have about 2,000 people in these settlements and room for thousands more.

IS CANADA ALRIGHT?

Following are a few extracts from a letter recieved by the editor last mail. It illustrates the interest that is being manifest in our country by Utah people.

* * * Please excuse the liberty I am taking in writing a few lines to you. I am determined to get something for myself. I was out in Wyo. for eight months doing fine and perhaps may go back within the next sixty days. But I would like to hear from you if you will please answer by return mail what I wish to know as I am thinking of going up there, but knowing nothing of the place and of the prospects I thought I would drop you a few lines to find out; knowing that you were there and could tell me. Is there plenty of work? What kind of workmen are most in demand? There are five or six young men contemplating going there and want to get some idea of the place. So hoping you will give the desired information, we remain, "etc., etc.

CLAUSES FROM "THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES ORDINANCE."

Whenever the master of any house has reason to belive that such house is infected he shall forthwith affixed, and shall during the whole period of such infection keep affix, to the outside of every outer door of such house a written notice of a size not less than four inches by six inches bearing the name of the disease with which such house is infected.

Any person refusing or neglecting to comply with the provision of this section shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine not exceeding $10 and costs of suspection.

THE KEARL HOTEL.

The new Kearl Hotel has thrown open its doors to the public. About three months ago the first sod was turned. During the course of construction the hotel has been watched by an interested public and when its doors were opened many of the townspeople visited and inspected it and all were pleased with the building, equipment and general arrangements. Kearl & Sharp, the proprietors, have a comfortable, commodious and home like hotel and the community is proud of their enterprise and push.

The building is 40 x 60 ft. three stores, and the higest in Cardston. The groud floor is divided into following apartments; sitting room, drawing-room, kitchen, office, corridor and rotunda. The second floor is entirely devoted to bed-rooms, all of which are not finished, but soon will be. Those which are finished are furnished in elegant style and reflect much credit on the proprietors.

It is just such confidence as this shown by Kearl & Sharp in the future of our town that will bring Cardston rapidly into the front rank of Alberta's progressing towns; and Kearl & Sharp have and deserve the best wishes of the townspeople for their success and prosperity.

CONFERENCE NOTICE.

The Ward Conferences will be held as follows:

Mountain View, Sunday, Jan. 29th.

Leavitt, Sunday, Feb. 5th.

Ætna, Sunday, Feb. 12th.

The Weekly Globe, Toronto, $1.00 a year. THE RECORD has agency.

NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the stockholders of the Cardston Co. Ltd. will be held in the Co's store Monday evening Feb. 6th, commencing at 7:30 p.m. All stockholders are requsted to be present.

J. A. Woolf.
Vice-Pres.

NOTICE.

Gay & Wight & Co., blacksmiths, have placed in my hand for collection all accounts outstanding at the time of dissolution of partnership.

Parties having accounts with said Firm will kindly settle same and save expenses.

C. E. Snow.

APPLICATION will be made at the next session of Parliament of Canada for an Act to amend the Act of Incorporation of the Alberta Irrigation Company by changing the name of the Company to The Canadian North West Irrigation Company; changing the place of head office to London, England; authorizing directors to vote by proxy; increasing capital stock to one million dollars; changing date of annual meeting to last Tuesday in October; and in other respects and for other purposes.

A. FERGUSON,
Solicitor for Applicants.
16th December 1898. [22-49]

Kearl Hotel

Kearl & Sharp, Props.

First Class in all Appointments.

$1.50 per day and upwards.

Meals, 40 Cents.

Livery, Feed & Sale Stables

Good outfits furnished at all hours.

Rates Reasonable.

Robert Ibey, Agent for
PIANOS & ORGANS.
Organs from $75 00 up to $175 00
Pianos " $250 00 " " 700 00
Sewing Machine
From $25 00 to $80 00.

Fire and Life Insurance.

Equitable Life. (Assets $200,000,000.)
British America Fire Assurance Co.
Western Fire Assurance Co.
Agency, RECORD Office.

C. O. CARD,
SUB AGENT
DOMINION LANDS,
ALSO AGENT FOR
RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY
. . . AND . . .
PRIVATE LANDS.
Office Hours: 9 to 4.

BLACKSMITH SHOP.

The undersigned wishes to inform the public that he is opening a shoeing shop in his old stand.
HORSE SHOEING A SPECIALTY.
L. F. Bonnell.

Photograph Gallery
at the Residence of
S. LOW,
Open on clear days from 12 to 2 pm
Cardston, - - - Alberta.

HOTEL DE WOOLF
RATES, $1.50 PER DAY.
Livery & Feed Stable.
Cardston, - Alberta.

Get your HAIR cut
AT
Campbell's
- Tonsorial Parlors. -

Meat Market.
Wm. Wood.
Smoked Tongue, Hams and Bacon.
My own cure.
Cash paid for hides.

ENVELOPES.
Comply with the postal requirements by using your envelopes printed by THE RECORD.

For 30 days only
At **H. S. Allen & Co's**

Snaps in Clothings & Caps.

Men's	Suits	worth	$4 25	for	$3 25
"	"	"	6 25	"	4 75
"	"	"	8 00	"	6 00
"	"	"	10 50	"	8 00
"	"	"	12 00	"	9 00
"	"	"	14 00	"	10 50
Men's Fur Caps		"	1 50	"	1 15
" " "		"	2 25	"	1 50
Men's Caps		"	75	"	50

Rare Bargains in Ladies' goods.

25 per cent off on all Mantel Clothes.
20 " " " " " Dress Goods.
15c Flannelettes for 9c.
$3 50 Capes and Jackets for $2 50
6 25 " " " " 4 25
8 00 " " " " 6 00
12 50 " " " " 9 00

The Store for the People.

C. Edgar Snow, Banker,
Cardston, - - - Alberta.
1895 1899
A general banking business transacted.

LETHBRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.

Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7:30 o'clock, a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $5.00; Round trip, $5.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.
MERCER & McCARTY PROPS.

Great Bargains
For Newspaper Readers
CLUB OFFERS

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News, both one year for .....$3.50.

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Montreal Family Herald and Weekly Star, both for....$2.75

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, for.....$2.50

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Toronto Weekly Globe both one year for.....$2.50

Don't send away for your Printing. The RECORD Job Department does good Printing at fair prices.

Subscribe for The Record,

don't borrow it. Support your home paper, and get the news. The Cardston Record gives the local happenings and the news of the world. The subscription price is $2. a year.

Remittances to be sent to the publisher of

THE CARDSTON RECORD

CARDSTON, ALBERTA.

PARTED AT THE ALTAR

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY.

CHAPTER XXIII. — THE MISSING HEIRESS.

"No, no," repeated Doris, vehemently, "I cannot accept any favor from a stranger's hands. It would not be right."

Fate decreed that it should be otherwise, however; for at that moment overcome by the pain of the swollen ankle, Doris suddenly fell backward against the cushions in a deep swoon.

Mr. Lancaster immediately gave the order to No.— West Twenty-third street. This was a fashionable up-town boarding-house, and to the landlady, Mrs. Morgan, Dr. Lancaster's son was well known.

She was sitting at the window when the coach stopped before her door. She looked with amazement as the door of the vehicle was suddenly flung open, and Mr. Lancaster stepped to the pavement bearing the unconscious figure of a young girl in his arms. What could it possibly mean? She admitted him herself.

In a few brief words, as he laid his unconscious burden down upon the sofa, Karl told Mrs. Morgan how he had met the lovely young stranger, and rescued her from being crippled for life—but that the violent fall to the pavement had injured her ankle, however.

With Mrs. Morgan's assistance, the swollen ankle was soon attended to.

It was not as bad as he had at first supposed; still it would necessitate the fair patient's keeping her room for a fortnight at least.

"And you want me to keep her here until she is able to be about?" asked Mrs. Morgan, dubiously. "I would do anything in the world for you or your family, Karl, for your father's skill saved my child's life once—I never forget that; but I feel a little reluctant about taking in this stranger. You should have taken her to the hospital."

Karl could not bear the thought, somehow.

"She is so fair, so fragile and delicate, it seems a pity to send her there."

While they had been speaking, Mrs. Morgan had been vigorously applying cold water, to which a few drops of ammonia had been added, to the patient's face to revive her from her protracted swoon. Her face, hands and hair were bathed and rubbed briskly to start the circulation of blood, when lo! a strange thing happened under the strong action of the ammonia.

The dark stain commenced to quickly disappear from both face and hair.

Mrs. Morgan called Karl to her side with a cry of dismay.

"Look, Mr. Lancaster!" she cried. "The girl is disguised! She is fair as a lily—not dark!"

Karl's amazement was certainly as great as her own. They looked at each other in silence and dismay.

"There is some dark mystery here, depend upon it," declared Mrs. Morgan, emphatically. "No young woman who lives an honest, straightforward life has anything to conceal. This girl may be a thief, an impostor, or worse. I am sorry I took her in. I shall never know a moment's peace, with watching her night and day, while she is under this roof. She must be taken away."

"I cannot bring myself to believe that there is anything wrong about her," declared Karl, impulsively. "I really can not."

Mrs. Morgan looked at him sharply.

"I should say her pretty face has bewitched you, Mr. Lancaster."

She little dreamed how near the truth these words were.

"As I said before, out of the house she goes to-morrow, Mr. Karl. I am sorry for her; but I cannot have her here. She must be taken to the hospital."

"I will call to-morrow, then, and see about effecting the change, if you must have it so," said Karl, disappointedly and coldly.

When the morrow came, Doris could not be moved. A high fever set in, and her condition was quite alarming. In a week's time, however, the fever had abated, and the danger was past.

But in those few days Karl had been a daily visitor at the house. Whole hours he spent at his patient's bedside, skillfully battling with the fatal fever, until at last it was under control.

And in those days Karl had learned to love the beautiful stranger with all the ardor of his nature. She was his first and only love—and first love is the sweetest dream of life.

At the end of the week, again Mrs. Morgan insisted upon having the lovely young stranger removed.

Though weak, Doris was conscious. She had refused to divulge her name to Mrs. Morgan, saying simply, "Call me Doris; only that. More I cannot tell you. I am very unhappy. No young girl has suffered more than I have in this world, and more unjustly."

One day, when Karl called, he found Doris's eyes heavy with unshed tears, and he felt then that Mrs. Morgan must have spoken to Doris about wanting her apartment.

"I am going to leave you to-day, Mr. Lancaster," she said, holding out a mite of a slim, white hand to him. "You have been very kind to me. I shall never forget what you have done for me. I can never repay you for it, save by my most heartfelt gratitude."

"But where are you going?" he asked, earnestly. "You are too weak and ill to face the world. What will you do?"

"I do not know," responded Doris, drearily.

In a moment handsome, impulsive Karl was beside her.

"Let me tell you what to do," he cried, eagerly. "Marry me. I love you. When I first looked upon your face I said to myself: She, and no other, shall be my bride if I can win her. Our acquaintance has not been long, still, it has been long enough for me to know. If I lost you, life would not be worth the living. Yes, I love you with all the deep, earnest affection of a heart that has never throbbed with love for any woman before. Marry me, and let me take you to my father's home, and present you to him and to my mother as my cherished bride. My life will be devoted to you. You shall never know one wish unfulfilled."

"Stop! stop!" gasped Doris, incoherently, as she endeavored to check the torrent of his impassioned words. "Do not, I pray you, speak so to me. It can never be. I—I am sorry, for you have been so kind to me. While I am most grateful to you, I repeat that I can ever, never marry you."

The young man started to his feet, dropped the little hand he held, and looked at her. Never had she appeared so fatally lovely to him, as in this moment in which she told him she never could be his.

"Tell me," he cried, approaching a step nearer to her, his face paling, "is my cause hopeless? Do you love any one else?"

"Yes," she said, simply, "I love another, and love as hopelessly as you love me. For that reason my heart aches with the keenest sympathy for you. You must learn to forget me, Mr. Lancaster."

"It will be hard for me," he said, gently. "I have learned to love you so well. If you were to ask me for my life at this moment I would give it to you; and if you ever want a friend, remember my words. I will give my life to serve you."

"Thank you," she faltered. "If the time should come when I want you, I shall not forget."

"You will, at least, give me your full name?" he said, sadly. "It is cruel to know you only as Doris."

"Then know me as Doris Brandon," she murmured.

The name had a strangely familiar sound to it, but he was too much perturbed just then to think of it.

"If I knew you were going to home and friends I could feel happier," he said.

And he never forgot the sad voice in which she replied:—

"On the whole face of the earth I have neither home nor kindred. I am alone in the world! Alone!"

Those were the words which haunted him as he left the house and walked slowly toward his home.

His father was in the library. Karl paused on the threshold as his father called his name.

"Still poring over those papers, father?" he asked, as he drew up a chair to the table. "I have advised you, in my opinion, the only way to find this long-lost heiress, Miss Fielding, is to advertise in all the leading papers for information concerning her."

"Many an adventuress, tempted by so magnificent a fortune, might respond,' declared the doctor. 'No; I prefer to go about it in a more methodical way, by tracing Miss Fielding, or Miss Brandon—Miss Doris Brandon, the name she was called there by—from the school she—"

In a flash Karl Lancaster had sprung to his feet.

"Doris Brandon!" he gasped. "Great heaven! am I mad, or do I dream?"

In an instant he had seized his hat and rushed from the house.

Dr. Lancaster stared after his son's rapidly vanishing form in the greatest astonishment.

"I cannot think what is getting over the boy of late," he mused. "Now, why should he start off in that abrupt fashion?"

Meanwhile Karl had hailed a passing coupe and sprang into it.

"To Number — West Twenty-third street!" he cried. "Make it as quick as you can, driver."

The man whipped up his horses, and the vehicle fairly flew down the avenue, but to the impatient young man it seemed to fairly creep along.

"Doris Brandon!" he cried, hoarsely. "Heaven! how strange it is that the name did not strike me as the one by which Mr. Hulbert Brandon Fielding's long-lost heiress was known by while at boarding-school! And her face! Ah! there could be no mistaking the lovely childish face, framed in its rings of soft golden curls, so like the face of Mr. Brandon's wife, only younger, sweeter, fairer."

There remained no doubt in his mind but what Doris was the long-lost heiress for whom his father was searching so diligently.

A moment later the coach drew up in front of Mrs. Morgan's boarding-house.

In a flash Karl was up the steps, and the vigorous peal of the bell brought the landlady herself to the door.

"What! Is it you back so soon again, Mr. Lancaster?" she said, looking curiously into the flushed, eager, handsome face.

"Yes!" he answered, impetuously. "I must see Doris at once, please. Tell her it is a matter of the greatest importance."

"You are too late, Mr. Lancaster," she replied. "Doris is gone. She left the house about twenty minutes ago."

Gone! The word smote him like a blow. Gone! He could scarcely believe he had heard aright.

CHAPTER XXIV.—THE GYPSY GIRL.

Since the night of the sad tragedy Frederick Thornton was a changed man. He grew morose and silent, spending his time shut up in the library, or whole hours by the river bank, gazing thoughtfully, and with bitter regret, on the sunlit water, beneath which he believed Doris lay in all her sweet, young beauty.

The discovery of Vivian's true disposition, beneath that mask of smiles, had been a severe shock to him; his whole soul revolted at the thought of marrying her now.

He concluded to leave home for awhile, and seek such solace as a life of travel would bring him, and forget, as far as he could, the sweet, fair face of the lovely young bride whom he had won only to lose on their bridal day.

One morning, coming down to breakfast a little earlier than usual, Mrs. Thornton saw her son standing, buried in deep thought, by the lace-draped window.

"Mother," he called, wheeling suddenly about, "will you see that a few necessary articles are packed up in my valise with as little delay as possible? I am going away for a few months."

Mrs. Thornton trembled. This was an unlooked-for procedure. In vain she pleaded, coaxed and argued with her handsome son. He was inexorable.

"I must go away for a time, mother," he said. "Do not oppose me."

"But Vivian!" she said. "Your going will break her heart."

A scornful smile curled his cynical lips. He was just about to reply: "You are mistaken there, mother; she has no heart," but he checked the impetuous words.

His mother had scarcely quitted the morning-room ere he saw a small lad approaching the house in a hesitating manner. Frederick drew back the heavy lace curtain, and called to the boy.

"I want to see Mr. Frederick Thornton," said the lad. "Can you tell me where I can find him, sir?"

"Right here, my boy. I am Frederick Thornton. What can I do for you?"

"I am to place this letter in your hand, sir, and wait for a reply," he said, touching his cap. "The gentleman who gave it to me is pacing up and down the ravine yonder, waiting for the answer."

"I will not keep you waiting long," said Frederick.

He had noticed that the envelope bore Mr. Courtney's chirography, and was written in pencil.

He tore open the envelope, and ran his eyes over the note it contained, his handsome face turning strangely pale as he read.

It was brief, to the point, and read as follows:—

"Mr. Frederick Thornton—Sir: The announcement of the dissolution of the engagement of marriage which has existed between my daughter Vivian and yourself has just reached me. You have annulled that bond coolly and deliberately, it seems, without just cause or provocation (as there is no barrier between you and Vivian), exposing her to the comment of the whole social world by this outrageous conduct. I, as her father and protector, demand that the marriage shall go on. She must be your wife ere the sun sets, or I shall demand, on your refusal to comply with so perfectly reasonable a request, the only satisfaction one gentleman can accord another—a duel. And within the hour in the deep ravine that skirts the cliff down the road, there I await your answer. Will you marry Vivian, or shall the duel go on? COLONEL COURTNEY."

Not a muscle of Frederick Thornton's face changed. A stern expression crept into the grave, dark eyes and around his mouth. He knew that the colonel was perfectly well aware of the conditions under which that engagement with Vivian was contracted; that, owing to that fatal accident, all memory of a bride waiting for him, or all trace of her presence, had been obliterated completely from his mind. In all truth and honor, he had believed himself free to woo and win the old soldier's daughter.

It was quite true, since Doris's death (as he believed her to be dead), no barrier rose between himself and Vivian, save his own inclination

He was too honorable to wed Vivian without love, and love her he did not. He had no heart to offer her. His heart was buried in poor little Doris's grave.

He would not be coerced into marrying Vivian. He would be true to poor little Doris's memory while his life lasted.

He tore a leaf from his memorandum book and penciled the following words upon it:—

"Let the duel go on. I will be upon the ground at the appointed time.

"FREDERICK THORNTON."

This he hastily folded up and handed to the lad, who quickly disappeared with the fatal message.

Five—ten—minutes passed. Frederick Thornton still stood by the window, motionless, gazing out into the brilliant sunshine; then he turned away with a sigh, and set about making his preparations for the coming event. The time was short, but he completed his business arrangements, and wrote out the directions for the distribution of his effects.

The whole earth looked so peaceful, so smiling, under the light of the summer's sun, that poor Frederick told himself it would be hard, indeed, to leave it.

Mrs. Thornton never forgot how pale her handsome son looked as he came into the room, took her in his arms and kissed her, saying that he was going to stroll down the road a little way, the morning was so fine.

Was it instinct, a forewarning of some dread calamity, that caused his mother to follow him to the porch, refusing to be comforted?

"I don't feel right about your going out this morning, Frederick, my son," she sobbed. "Something tells me I shall never see you as I see you now. Something tells me you should not go."

"Nonsense, mother. I will come back to you in an hour's time, if my life is spared," he said, with stiff, white lips.

Would to heaven she could have understood how fatally true those words were.

He tore himself from her clinging clasp, and kissing the white hands that would have held him back from ruin and destruction, with swift footsteps walked rapidly down the paved walk, and out of the grounds.

He stopped a moment on the brow of the hill and looked around him. When that same sun rose again, he might never see it, or if he lived, his hands would be dyed with a fellow-creature's life-blood. Frederick Thornton shuddered, then a reckless sort of laugh broke from his lips

(To be continued.)

Influencing the Judge.

"Dennis Halligan, you are charged with beating your wife. What have you to say for yourself?"

"Av yer honor plaze, Oi don't t'ink Oi bate her at all, at all."

"Don't think you beat her?"

"No, sor. Ef Oi'd be'n riffereein the schrap mesilf, Oi'd called it a draw."—Boston Courier.

Saved His Life and Kicked Him.

Perk and Quirk were walking along the crowded street, feeling very kindly toward themselves and the rest of humanity. Just as they reached the middle of a crossing one of those aggravating individuals who walk one way and look another stepped directly in front of a cable car which was rounding the corner. Of course the car had no fender on it. Nearly everybody in the vicinity yelled, and naturally the bewildered man looked in the wrong direction.

Quirk didn't yell, though. He jumped to the side of the track, grabbed the man by the collar and yanked him clear of the tracks and almost out of his shoes. Then he gave him another ferocious jerk to get him out of the way of an express wagon, and, getting him at proper range at the same time, he gave the poor man a kick that must have driven his spine up into his hat. And with the kick Quirk roared:

"Confound you, keep your eyes open when you are on the street."

Quirk looked unutterably savage, but Perk tottered to the curb, sat down and laughed until the tears came. Then he said:

"You are the only big enough idiot on earth to save a man's life and then kick him for it."—Chicago Times-Herald.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

San Francisco, Jan. 10.—The gunboat Yorktown sailed today for Manila via Honolulu. She will go all the way under a head of steam and should make the run in three weeks. She is the bearer of full instructions to Admiral Dewey and General Otis regarding the situation in the Philippines.

Berlin, Jan. 10.—The Paris Figaro was confiscated by the police throughout Germany on Sunday, on account of a caricature which it contained, copied from Puck, presenting Emperor William, of Germany in the guise of a "despised animal."

Arichat, C. B., July 10.—Schooner Florence Abbott, Capt. Mosher, coal laden, from North Sydney for Halifax, went ashore on Madame Island, on Friday night during a severe snowstorm and is a total wreck. The crew were saved after being in a yawl boat all night and enduring great hardships.

Halifax, Jan. 10.—Captain Nicholson Curry, of Avondale, aged fifty-five years, was killed at a railway crossing just outside Windsor Sunday last. He was driving across the track in a wagon when he was struck by an express and instantly killed. He leaves a widow and three children.

Hamilton, Jan. 10.—The list of alleged stock holders in the defunct Templar Publishing company will be filed before Judge Snider. It is likely that some of those who are not on the list will be proceeded against, they not having paid the second call of 10 per cent for winding up the concern.

Toronto, Jan. 10.—The grand jury brought in a true bill for murder this morning in the case of Robert Taggart charged with killing his wife. The murder occurred a few weeks ago when early one morning Taggart met his wife, from him he had been for some time separated, and knocked out her brains with a hammer. A plea of insanity will be urged on his behalf.

Montreal, Jan. 10.—The western cold wave has arrived in the east. It was 20 degrees below zero here this morning. Reports from Quebec and Ontario points indicate temperature ranges from 15 to 40 degrees below zero.

Toronto, Jan. 10.—Two blocks of timber lands for which tenders were called were disposed of by the government yesterday. Block one, covering an area of six miles in the district Hanmer West, and north of Sudbury was sold to J. R. Booth for $15,500 The other block near Pogomasing station, C.P.R., larger in extent and covered with damaged pine, was sold for $33,575, to Alex. Barnet, of Renfrew.

Halifax, Jan. 10.—The steamer Keenan, from Glasgow, for St. John, N. B., is reported ashore at Cape Sable Island.

Montreal, Jan. 10.—C.P.R. officials here confirm the report that there is a likelihood of the rate war being renewed. It is claimed that the Great Northern has broken away from the arrangement recently arrived at. The result may be the renewal of the state of affairs which existed previous to Nov. 27.

Halifax, Jan. 10.—A dispatch received announces the sudden death of W. R. Campbell, general manager of the Dominion Atlantic railway, in London.

Troops for Manila.

Washington, Jan. 8.—Secretary Alger has decided to send four regiments of infantry to the Philippines. The 4th, 12th and 17th have been designated and in addition the 3rd Infantry, now at Fort Snelling, Minn., will go by the same route, namely, across the Atlantic.

Besides the Solace, which was ordered earlier in the day to proceed at once to Manila, Secretary Long has ordered the gunboats Princeton and Yorktown to the same point. The Princeton is now at New York and will go via Suez. The Yorktown is at San Francisco and will cross the Pacific.

Prince Hilkoff.

Ottawa, Jan. 9.—Prince D. A. Hilkoff, of Russia, is again in the city in connecton with the expected arrival of 2,000 Doukhobors. Prince Hilkoff expects them along in a few days, and has with him two Russians who were sent on as advance agents. The 2,000 Doukhobors who were expected will be followed in a few weeks by 2,500 others and by spring 5,000 more will arrive and settle in Manitoba and the Northwest Territories.

Death of Mr. A. S. Wink.

Port Arthur, Jan. 9.—Mr. Alexander Stronach Wink, a leading barrister and resident of Port Arthur for the last fifteen years, died quite suddenly today. Mr. Wink has been ailing for about a year, but nothing fatal was anticipated. He was a long time in partnership with Messrs. Osler and Gwynne of Dundas, and afterwards practised in the county of Bruce from whence he came to Port Arthur. He leaves a widow, a daughter of the late Rev James Herald, formerly of Dundas and Port Arthur, two sons and a daughter Mr. Wink was town solicitor for Port Arthur from its incorporation in 1884 until December, 1897, and during that time had charge of many important suits in connection with the affairs of the town, in all of which he was successful. He was considered one of the best municipal lawyers in Canada.

Rio Janeiro, Jan. 8.—A decree has been issued abolishing two of the naval and three of the military arsenals of the country. This step has been taken with a view of retrenchment of expenditure.

A treaty between Canada and United States will be arranged when the international commission meets on January 5th.

The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited

GOODS TO THE SEASON.

IT'S not enough **that this** store should give you goods at a price that makes it a money object for you to buy here, We do that, or else you would not, in such large numbers, take the trouble to mail us your orders this long distance. We make it a feature of this store news that it shall tell of goods you want at the time—goods in season—timely goods. That's the spirit of the lists that follow—prices right—goods timely.

PRINT SECTION.

200 DRESS LENGTHS Finest Qualities Percales and Nap Back Wrapperettes, latest styles and choice colorings, our regular price 12 1-2 per yard, put up neatly with bands, each length contains 10 yards. Special for..... 1.00

LADIES' WOOL UNDERWEAR.

Ladies' Fine Ribbed Natural All-Wool Vests, shaped waists, high neck, long sleeves, open fronts, silk lace in neck ..... .50

Ladies' Plain Unshrinkable Natural Wool Vests, buttoned across shoulder or down front and long sleeves. Drawers ankle length to match ..... .75

CHILDREN'S HOSE.

Boys' Extra Heavy 2-1 Ribb Wool Hose, with special heel and toe, made of a fine soft pure wool yarn, size 6 to 10 in special value at..... .25

Children's 8-Fold Knee Ribbed Cashmere Hose, with double sole, heel and toe, made very elastic and heavy, of good pure wool, suitable for boys or girls, special, pair..... .25

Children's Fancy Silk Embroidered Cashmere Hose, full fashioned, double heel and toe, embroidered in small neat design, size 5 to 8 1-2, price, according to size, 35c to..... .55

Boys' Extra Heavy 2-1 Ribb English Worsted Hose, made of best 4-ply yarn, full fashioned, just the thing for winter weather, a hose that would be good value at 65c, our special price, pair ..... .50

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

Men's Fine Blue and Black Imported English Beaver Overcoats, in single or double breasted style, lined with fine farmer's satin and pillars sleeve linings, finished with deep velvet collar and silk stitched edges, regular $7 sizes 34 to 44, Saturday..... 5.00

Men's Heavy All-Wool Frieze Ulsters, in black, brown and dark grey, lined with heavy wool tweed lining, made heavy lapped seams, double stitched, half belt on back, large storm collar, with tab for throat, sizes 35 to 46, a warm, dressy coat for..... 1.50

Men's Extra Heavy Wool Frieze Ulster, in blue, black and heather mixtures, lined with fancy plaid wool lining, with satin saddle back, made with deep French facings, extending under the arm and over the shoulder, deep storm collar, with tab this coat is also guaranteed waterproof, sizes 36 to 44, regular $10.50, special 8.50

Boys' Red River Overcoats, in blue and black Mackinac cloth, made with capot, lined with red flannel, seams piped and trimmed, some with blue and some with red, sizes 2 to 7 years, at 3.75

TABLE LINENS.

2 x 2 1-2 yards Tablecloth, with border all around, guaranteed superior quality and grass bleach, double damask and satin finish, in the newest dot and floral patterns Irish manufacture, special, each 1.75

One dozen Table napkins to match the above cloth in quality and design, size 25x25 inch, special for 1.75

MEN'S AND BOYS' FURS.

Boys' Choice Grey Lamb Caps, heavy and evenly furred, nice even curls, in dark, medium or light shades, silk and sateen linings, very special.. 2.50

Men's and Boys' Imitation Persian Lamb Caps, wedge or Dominion shapes, heavily glossy and even curls, specially well lined and finished, special .50

Men's Choice Canadian Beaver Caps, wedge shape, even, heavy and dark fur, lined with best quality brown satin, sizes 7 to 7 3-8, special..... 6.50

Men's Fur Coats, in Australian Wallaby lined, special quality, quilted Italian, deep storm collars, fur heavy and even, full 50 in. long, regular $20, special 16.00

Men's Choice Quality Baltic Sea Driving Caps, adjustable peaks and sliding bands, lined fancy satin, regular $5 cap, special 3.50

Grey Goat Carriage Robes, made from selected grey goat skins, full large size, lined with specially imported fancy figured plush, deep felt trimmings, special 6.50

BIBLES AND HYMN BOOKS.

A special line of Bibles, leather bound, clear print, red, gold edges, maps, handy size ..... .50

Hymns, ancient and modern, with music, good, clear print, on fine paper, leather binding, special value 1.00

CATHOLIC PRAYER BOOKS.

A large variety of Catholic Prayer Books at all prices. Our dollar line represents some choice books, Key of Heaven, Garden of the Soul, Catholic Piety and Vest Pocket Prayer Books, in Morocco, calf and other bindings, yapped or plain edge, clear print, good paper, extra value ..... .100

CURTAINS & WINDOW SHADES.

Nottingham Lace Curtains, in handsome design white or ivory, 3 1-2 yards long, in floral and artistic effects, 53 inches wide, taped or colbert edges, special 1.25

Swiss Curtains in handsome applique work, 3 1-2 yards long, 50 in. wide (white only), very effective designs special 3.25

Chenille Curtains in handsome colors and combinations, dado top and bottom, heavy fringed ends, in green, gold, terra cotta, crimson, blue, etc., special 2.50

Curtain Poles, in assorted color woods with wood or brass trimmings, size 1 1-2 x 5-0, in walnut, oak, cherry and mahogany finish, special ..... .21

Opaque Window Shades, in cream or green, size 37 x 70, mounted on Hartshorn spring roller, complete with pull, special ..... .30

Address your orders exactly as below.

The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited

SECTION 52. TORONTO.

A Bad Break.

"Well, they all break," said the bride of a few weeks, "and I don't know what you are going to do about it."

"But why don't you get a better brand?" said young husband, not any too sweetly! "It seems strange, Marian, that every time I sit down to read this lamp chimney breaks into a thousand pieces!"

Next night he came home with a small package under his arm.

"Mariah," said he, in a tone of superiority, "I have bought a chimney that will last."

"How much did you pay for it, dear?"

"Fifteen cents. I don't want any more of your 5 cent things in the house. You see you women haven't a right understanding of the word economy. You think just because you get things cheap that you are saving money—where"—And he continued the effusion all the time he was putting the chimney in place.

"There!" said he, turning up the light. "There is a chim—confound the—!—! Well, I wish all the glass blowers and grocers in seven counties were tied up and hung over a clothesline to fight it out. You can bet I'd be there to coach the scrap!"—Detroit Free Press.

Seeing a Bullet In Flight.

"As every sportsman knows," said an enthusiastic New Orleans hunter, "it is easy to see a rifle bullet in the air, and those fired from the new high power guns are very curious to look at. Stand a dozen yards at one side of the mark and let a friend blaze away at any range with a small caliber weapon using smokeless powder, and you'll see a strange, bluish white streak the instant the bullet strikes home. The streak is apparently a couple of inches wide and several feet long and is more like a flash of light than anything else I can think of.

"With the old fashioned Remington or Springfield carbine the bullet has the appearance of a long black rod, and I don't know why there should be such a difference in the optical illusion produced by the smaller caliber. I have heard some people deny that the bullet can be seen, but they are very much in error. It all depends on getting the right viewpoint. A few feet either way will render the missile invisible, but the right spot is soon found by experiment, and after that the thing is as plain as day."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Big Men and Big Noses.

Cyrano de Bergerac is remembered because of his large nose. Few know that he was a poet, and fewer still know his poetry. The nose is a conspicuous feature of history. The length of Cleopatra's is said to have figured in Roman politics, and a scandal grew out of it which ended in the ruin and death of Antony and the establishment of an empire which lasted a thousand years. Napoleon would not promote a man who had not a large nose. He himself was well favored in this respect. Cæsar was "the hook nosed Roman."

All American statesmen have been noted for this feature. Old men tell of our own Benton, who used to shake his nose like an elephant's proboscis when he got excited. It seems to be the law that all great men have great noses, but let no one think that the converse of this is true, that all men who have great noses are great men. Such a conclusion would lead to confusion and needless pain and disappointment.—St Louis Post-Dispatch.

Evening Dress In Kansas City.

The dress suit is the most democratic raiment in the world. It meets the requirements of good form, whether it was made six years ago or last month. Attired in evening costume, whether the swallowtails are long or short, narrow or wide, all men look, practically speaking, alike, whether they are wage earners or millionaires. The dress suit levels all distinctions and illustrates the potentiality of a correct style. The young man who has made a good selection in his rented broadcloth serenely greets his wealthy rival who has paid for his London clothes a price like $250. How the fame of this world grows small when wrapped in a swallowtail coat among many others of the same cut! When the dress suit becomes the regular evening calling and theater dress for Kansas City men, as it should be, the poor chaps will profit by it a full cubit of serenity and self respect —Kansas City Star.

Birds and Their Claws.

The reason given that birds do not fall off their perch is because they cannot open the foot when the leg is bent. Thus a hen while walking will close its toes as it raises the foot and open them as it touches the ground.

Mourning by Proxy.

Our ways of showing respect to the dead would surely be past the comprehension of the Martians or of anybody else whom custom has not blinded to the absurdity of some of the things we do. For example, a funeral procession went out Fourteenth street one sunny afternoon recently, and in the train I recognized the carriage of a woman I know. A little surprised at her presence, I glanced at the carriage windows, but the shades were down. I pictured her within, so overcome with grief at her friend's death that she could not bear the curious eyes of chance passers. That same afternoon I met her coming out of a theater—gay, rosy, laughing. She had been to the matinee, while her empty carriage, in token of her sorrow, followed her dead friend to the grave.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

GOLF STRIKES MUDVILLE.

Us folks down here in Mudville are excited some of late,
All owin to a brand new game that's foreign to our state.
Society has taken to the game I mention, and
They're playin of it now to beat a hull dern circus band!

The most important part about the game, I guess, is clothes.
The trousers must be cut in two, so's all your stockin shows,
An then you got to wear a coat that's painted burnin red
An pull a milk pan made of wool down crossways on your head.

Then, next to clothes, you got to go an learn some language such
As never yet was equaled by the lowest kind of Dutch!
The strangest kind of talk, by jinks, that mortals ever heerd!
It sounds jest like a Scotchman when he's burrin through his beard!

Your clothes an conversation fixed, then you must go an git
Some shinny sticks, which same are made on purpose fer to hit
A pesky little rubber ball, crab apple like in size
An dark complected, so's you can locate it as it flies.

That's all—b'gosh, excuse me, fer it ain't all, jest the same!
I clean fergot the most excitin thing that's in the game,
Which is a kid with dirty face an freckles you employ
To carry round your shinny sticks an be your caddie boy.

Now, havin all your fixin's, you approach what's called the tee,
Dip down your hand into a can, draw out some mud an see
You mold it so's the rubber ball sits nicely on its crest,
Then swing your shinny stick an let your muscles do the rest.

This done, you pose a bit an say: "That driver foozled me,
Or else I would have niblicked out to two in less than three!
I'll take that water hazard, with some brassie shots between,
Unless that bunker gobbles an I lay dead on the green!"

Keep up this language an proceed to walk an walk an walk
Until your voice is tired an you run clean out of talk,
An when at last your gutty gets in whins an throws you off
Ten miles from home you smile an say, "There ain't no game like goff!"

—Baltimore American.

The Damage Was Slight.

"Did de doctors examine Grimsy?"

"Yes, dey punched and dey t'umped him all over."

"What! Punched Grimsy? Say, I guess not. Grimsy wouldn't let no sawbones t'ump him."

"Why, dere was t'ree nurses a-holdin him down, and all big fellers."

"Dat's a shame. I'll bet Grimsy could o' licked any two of 'em to once. Did dey find anyt'ing broke?"

"Nuthin but a pack o' cigaroots in his vest pocket." — Cleveland Plain Dealer.

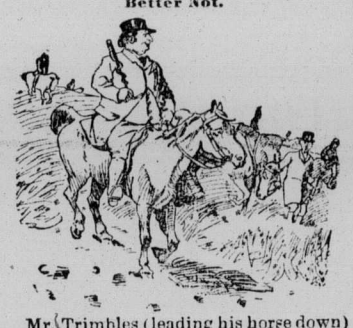
Evolution of Man.

Mrs. Grout—Husbands are so different from other men!

Mrs. Snapper—I know it. I said to John last evening, "How the wind blows!" and he grunted and said, "Did you ever know the wind to do anything else?"

Mrs. Grout—That's just it. Before you were married to him he probably would have had no end of nice things to say in reply.

Better Not.



Mr. Trimbles (leading his horse down)—Ain't you very much afraid of your pony falling with you, Lambertson, among all these rabbit holes and things?

Lambertson—Fall, sir! Lor' bless ye what, he daren't! I should smother him!—Punch.

Force of Character.

"He is the most notable rich man in this section of the west."

"Ah!"

"Yes, we have plenty of rich men who come here without a cent, but he is the only rich man who came here rich. I tell you, he is to be credited with a great force of character."—Detroit Journal.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

CARDINAL VAUGHAN.

Head of the Roman Catholic Church in England Is Friendly to the United States.

Cardinal Vaughan, head of the Catholic Church in England, has rendered himself open to criticism by the frank manner in which he expresses his partiality toward the United States in the disposition of the Philippine Islands. The Cardinal speaks in most laudatory terms of the United States Peace Commission in Paris, and is reported to have remarked that under the protection of American guns the Filipinos will experience a feel-

CARDINAL VAUGHAN.

ing of security to which they have long been strangers.

Cardinal Vaughan is the accredited representative of the church at the Court of St. James, and is a close personal friend and advisor of Pope Leo XIII. Of late there has been a constant stream of correspondence between His Holiness and the Cardinal, and it is said that during the Pope's most feeble days his business is given entirely into the charge of Cardinal Rampolla, secretary to Leo XIII., and Cardinal Vaughan.

Cardinal Vaughan has made an exhaustive study of the religious question in the Philippines, and is undoubtedly the greatest diplomat in the church. He is called the "dean of the diplomatic corps." He devotes a great portion of his time to the organization of charitable institutions and the other part he spends in writing. The throne room of the Cardinal is in Westminster palace, and just across the hall is the library where the brilliant productions of the Vatican's pen find their birth. Cardinal Vaughan takes next rank to the Pope in temporal power.

Benefit of Peerage.

Everyone may not know what the term "benefit of peerage" implies. A peer can demand a private audience of the sovereign to represent his views on matters of public welfare. For treason or felony he can demand to be tried by his peers; he cannot be outlawed in any civil action, nor can he be arrested unless for an indictable offense, and he is exempt from serving on juries. He may sit with his hat on in courts of justice, and should he be liable to the last penalty of the law, he can demand a silken cord instead of a hempen rope.

Divorce Law in Siberia.

In Siberia if a man is dissatisfied with the most trifling acts of his wife, he tears a cap or veil from her face, and that constitutes a divorce.

With a Difference.

"My friends have often told me I look like the Prince of Wales."

"Well, yes, you look as the Prince of Wales might have looked by this time if he had never been restrained by regard for the dignity of his position."—Chicago Tribune.

Severe colds are easily cured by the use of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, a medicine of extraordinary penetrating and healing properties. It is acknowledged by those who have used it as being the best medicine sold for coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs, and all affections of the throat and chest. Its agreeableness to the taste makes it a favorite with ladies and children.

THE CURE OF ASTHMA.

Liebig's Asthma Cure will cure Asthma, Hay Asthma or Hay Fever. Hundreds of people in four continents will say so. It is a high class medicine, endorsed by medical men, and used by the best people in all parts of the civilized world.

A free trial bottle will be sent to any sufferer by mail prepaid. If you are afflicted, send your name and address to The Liebig Co., 177 King street west, Toronto, and say you saw this free offer in this paper.

AS TO EPILEPSY AND FITS.

Liebig's Fit Cure for Epilepsy and kindred affections is the only successful remedy, and is now used by the best physicians and hospitals in Europe an America. It is confidently recommended to the afflicted. If you suffer from Epilepsy, Fits, St. Vitus Dance, or have children or relatives that do so, or know a friend that is afflicted, then send for a free trial bottle and try it. It will be sent by mail, prepaid. It has cured where everything else has failed.

When writing mention this paper and give full address to The Liebig Co., 177 King street west, Toronto.

NEW FRENCH PREMIER.

Charles Alexandre Dupuy Once More at the Head of Government Affairs in France.

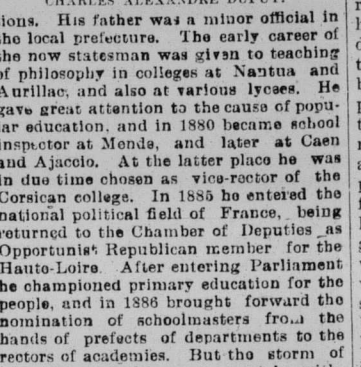
Charles Alexandre Dupuy, the head of the new Ministry of France, is not new to the office of Premier and Minister of the Interior—the two being associated together in the French Cabinet. M. Ribot, who has just declined to build a new structure on the Brisson wreckage, was succeeded as Premier in 1893 by Dupuy, who held the office until the early part of 1895, when he retired with high honors. He stands so high in the estimation of political Frenchmen that his candidacy for the Presidency of the Republic was looked upon with great favor. M. Dupuy is 47 years old. His people were poor and held humble posi-

CHARLES ALEXANDRE DUPUY.

tions. His father was a minor official in the local prefecture. The early career of the new statesman was given to teaching of philosophy in colleges at Nantua and Aurillac, and also at various lycees. He gave great attention to the cause of popular education, and in 1880 became school inspector at Mende, and later at Caen and Ajaccio. At the latter place he was in due time chosen as vice-rector of the Corsican college. In 1885 he entered the national political field of France, being returned to the Chamber of Deputies as Opportunist Republican member for the Haute-Loire. After entering Parliament he championed primary education for the people, and in 1886 brought forward the nomination of schoolmasters from the hands of prefects of departments to the rectors of academies. But the storm of opposition raised was so great he withdrew his proposal. The elections of 1889 found him more in favor with the people than he had ever been before. His majority over his monarchist opponent was a phenomenally large one. Three years later he took office under the then Ministry of M. Ribot and succeeded him six months later. He is a man of broad mind and great physical courage. This latter quality was marked at the time of the bomb explosion in the Chambers, when he displayed no fear. He ceased to be Premier in 1895, and was succeeded by M. Ribot, who now declined to act again.

A Quaint Little Affair.

This is the season when people are puzzling themselves about economical Christmas presents, and the following suggestion from the New York Tribune will furnish at least one article of the kind wanted. A dainty and inexpensive penwiper is made with the aid of a lit-



LITTLE CHINESE PENWIPER.

tle Chinese doll. Find a small kneeling one, about 2½ inches high, and make a pretty little coat for it out of some bright bit of velvet. Gather a pretty contrasting color of silk beneath this for a blouse, and then let the little figure rest on a few circles of felt, nicely pinked around. Fasten these in the center of the circle and then glue the man upon them.

HEART PAINS

The Heart and Nerves are Often Affected and Cause Prostration of the Entire System.

A Kingston Lady Testifies to Her Experience in the Use of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

People who suffer from any disease or disorder of the heart nervous system, such as Palpitation, Skip Beats, Smothering or Sinking Sensations, Sleeplessness, Weakness, Pain in the Head, etc., cannot afford to waste time trying various remedies, which have nothing more to back up their claims than the bold assertions of their proprietors.

These diseases are too serious to permit of your experimenting with untried remedies. When you buy Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, you know you have behind them the testimony of thousands of Canadians who have been cured by their use. One of these is Mrs. A. W. Irish, 92 Queen Street, Kingston, Ont., who writes as follows:

"I have suffered for some years with a smothering sensation caused by heart disease. The severity of the pains in my heart caused me much suffering. I was also very nervous, and my whole system was run down and debilitated.

"Hearing of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills being a specific for these troubles, I thought I would try them, and therefore got a box at McLeod's Drug Store.

"They afforded me great relief, having toned up my system and removed the distressing symptoms from which I suffered. I can heartily recommend these wonderful pills to all sufferers from heart trouble."

Laxa-Liver Pills cure Biliousness, Dyspepsia and Constipation. Every pill perfect.

Minards Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

A THRILLING EXPERIENCE.

A STORY TOLD BY A WELL-KNOWN SALVATION ARMY CAPTAIN.

His Body Racked From Head to Foot With Rheumatic and Neuralgic Pains—Would Prefer Death to Undergoing Such Suffering Again.

From the Post, Lindsay, Ont.

It is not the lot of but a limited number of people to enjoy the confidence of such an exceedingly large circle of friends and comrades as does Capt. John A. Brokenshire, who was recently interviewed by a Post reporter at the home of his parents at Rosedale, a pretty hamlet situated at the head of Balsam river in Victoria county, where the elder Mr. Brokenshire, who has reached the three-score years and ten, has held the position of lockmaster for the past twenty-two years. Capt. Brokenshire, the subject of this article is 34 years of age, is well-known and highly respected throughout many of the leading cities and towns of Ontario, where, during his seven years service in Salvation Army work he has come in contact with a large number of people. He has been stationed at Toronto, Montreal, Peterboro, Ottawa, Morrisburg and minor places, and at one time was a member of a travelling S. A. string band. The following is Capt. Brokenshire's own statement:—"I had been slightly troubled with rheumatic pains for several years, and had to give up the Army work on different occasions on account of my trouble. When stationed in Morrisburg, four years ago, I became completely unfitted for work, as I suffered terribly with pains in the back of my neck, down my shoulders and arms and through my body. In fact I had pains of a stinging muscular nature from the back of my head to my toes. I could not bend my head forward if I got the whole of Canada to do so, and when in bed the only slight rest I got was with a large pillow under my shoulder, this letting my head hang backwards. I could not get up, but had to roll or twist myself out of bed, as my spine seemed to be affected. My medical adviser pronounced my trouble neuralgia and rheumatism combined which he said had gone through my whole system. He prescribed for me but the medicine gave me no relief. I tried various other remedies but they were of no avail. Believing my case to be hopeless I determined to start for my home in Rosedale, but the jarring of the train caused such terrible agony I was compelled to abandon the trip at Peterboro, where I was laid up for three weeks, when I finally made a herculean effort and reached home. As my mother says, "I looked like an old man of 90 years of age when she saw me struggling with the aid of two heavy canes to walk from the carriage to the house." At home I received every possible attention and all the treatment that kind friends suggested, but I was constantly going from bad to worse. In January, 1896, after many months of untold agony, I determined to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, having read so much in the newspapers of the great benefits received by others from their use. To make sure of getting the genuine article I sent direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., at Brockville, for the pills. After taking two boxes I noticed a slight improvement in my condition which gave me some encouragement and I kept on until I had taken twelve boxes, although before I got through with the sixth I could go to bed and enjoy a good night's rest such as I had not done for years. I never at any time enjoyed better health than I am doing at present. Since my recovery I have induced several friends to take Pink Pills for various troubles and in each case they have effected cures.

The above is a voluntary and correct statement of the facts of my case and I trust that many others may by reading this, receive the blessing that I have. If necessary I would make an affidavit to the above facts at any time.

C. C. RICHARDS & CO.

Dear Sirs,—Your MINARD'S LINIMENT is our remedy for sore throat, colds and all ordinary ailments.

It never fails to relieve and cure promptly.

CHARLES WHOOTEN.

Port Mulgrave.

There never was, and never will be, a universal panacea, in one remedy, for all ills to which flesh is heir, the very nature of many curatives being such that were the germs of other and differently seated diseases rooted in the system of the patient—what would relieve one ill in turn would aggravate the other. We have, however, in Quinine Wine, when obtainable in a sound unadulterated state, a remedy for many and grevious ills. By its gradual and judicious use, the frailest systems are led into convalescence and strength by the influence which Quinine exerts on Nature's own restoratives. It relieves the drooping spirits of those with whom a chronic state of morbid despondency and lack of interest in life is a disease, and, by tranquilizing the nerves, disposes to sound and refreshing sleep—imparts vigor to the action of the blood, which, being stimulated, courses throughout the veins, strengthening the healthy animal functions of the system, thereby making activity a necessary result, strengthening the frame, and giving life to the digestive organs, which naturally demand increased substance—result, improved appetite. Northrop & Lyman of Toronto, have given to the public their superior Quinine Wine at the usual rate, and, ganged by the opinion of scientists, this wine approaches nearest perfection of any in the market. All druggists sell it.

The Country Clergyman.

An old clergyman who had held a cure in the depths of the country for the greater part of his life had occasion to consult his bishop on a certain matter, and, in answer to his letter, received an invitation to sleep the night at the palace. For 40 or 50 years he had practically led the life of a recluse, and it was after many cogitations that he decided to take the journey to the other end of the diocese, where the bishop lived. He arrived just in time for 5 o'clock tea, a meal to which he was a complete stranger.

After tea the bishop asked him to accompany him to evensong. When they returned to the house, the bishop, remarking that it was quite time they went up stairs, lit a candle and showed his guest to his room. It was then just 7 o'clock, and, though the old clergyman thought it was rather early to retire, still, admiring the bishop for such simple habits, he prepared for bed. He had just put out the light and lain down to sleep, wishing he had drunk a little more tea, when a booming noise rang through the house and smote upon his ear.

Quick as thought he sprang from his bed and, shouting "Fire!" at the top of his voice, rushed out on to the landing just in time to meet the bishop, with a lady on his arm, going down to dinner. The sequel to the story has never been divulged.—Cornhill Magazine.

Many of the vegetables we daily use on our dinner tables were in use in Bible times. It is known, for instance, that asparagus was grown 200 years before the birth of Chrust, while lettuce was cultivated so far back as 550 B. C.

There are more spoiled men and women than spoiled children—only we do not hear so much about them.—Boston Transcript.

To Those of Sedentary Occupation.—Men who follow sedentary occupations, which deprive them of fresh air and exercise, are more prone to disorders of the liver and kidneys than those who lead active, outdoor lives. The former will find in Parmelee's Vegetable Pills a restorative without question the most efficacious on the market. They are easily procurable, easily taken, act expeditiously, and they are surprisingly cheap considering their excellence.

INCALCULABLE GOOD,

AN EXPRESSION OF FAITH.

Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills have done me an incalculable amount of good. I think they are the best, surest and quickest acting cure for nervousness, unhealthy action of the heart, insomnia or sleeplessness, anemia or impoverished blood, loss of appetite, general debility and ill-health. For nine years, before I commenced taking Dr. Ward's Blood and nerve Pills, my heart was weak and in an unhealthy state. Its action was so much impaired that I could not walk across the street without suffering great distress, my heart fluttering and beating so rapidly that I could scarcely breathe, causing faintness, loss of strength, and leaving my nerves all unstrung. My sleep was very much disturbed, I had no appetite and there was little strength or vitality in my blood; I was always excessively nervous.

I have now taken three boxes of Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills and since taking them I have not been away from my business an hour. Before taking these pills it was a frequent occurrence for me to be away from business. As a result of taking Dr. Ward's Pills my heart is perfectly healthy and strong and gives me no distress or trouble whatever. They removed all nerve trouble, made my nerves strong and gave me healthy sleep. These pills also made my blood rich and strong and gave me a healthy appetite. Dr. Ward's Pills have given me perfect health, restoring my lost strength, in place of continual ill-health, weakness, heart trouble and nervousness. In justice I cannot speak too highly of this wonderful medicine. Signed, Miss N. Millward, Walton St., Port Hope, Ont.

Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills are sold at 50c. per box, 5 boxes for $2.00 at druggists, or mailed on receipt of price by THE DOCTOR WARD CO. Limited, 71 Victoria Street, Toronto. Book of information free.

A Sure Cure for Headache.—Billious headache, to which women are more subject than men, becomes so acute in some subjects that they are utterly prostrated. The stomach refuses food, and there is a constant and distressing effort to free the stomach from bile which has become unduly secreted there. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are a speedy alternative, and in neutralizing the effects of the intruding bile relieves the pressure on the nerves which cause the headache. Try them.

Keeping up appearances often means a frugal diet in order to give an occasional dinner.

"It is a Great Public Benefit."—These significant words were used in relation to Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil by a gentleman who had thoroughly rested its merits in his own case—having been cured by it of lameness of the knee, of three or four years' standing. It never fails to remove soreness as well as lameness, and is an incomparable patronic and corrective.

We beg to call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills in this paper. The firm have also placed on the market Dr. Ward's Liver Pills which have already proved to be a most excellent family medicine as a cure or constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, etc. They are sold at 25c per vial, or 5 for $1, or mailed on receipt of price by the Dr. Ward Co., Limited Toronto, Ont.

$50 to $10,000 INVESTED CAN be doubled within one year. We do not invest it in Bucket shops or mining stocks, but in railroad shares selling at low prices, that we know are going to advance; we buy the scrip out and register it in the purchaser's name and send it to him. Twelve years established. Bank references and the most reputable people in Vermont. References throughout Canada. We have the largest business of the class in the United States. **KNOTT & CLOSSON**, Bankers and Brokers, Burlington, Vt., U. S. A.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diptheria.

Sores Healed.

Nothing like B.B.B. for healing sores and ulcers, no matter how large or how chronic they may be. B. B. B. applied externally and taken internally according to directions will soon effect a cure. It sends rich, pure blood to the part, so that healthy flesh soon takes the place of the decaying tissue.

"I had been troubled with sore fingers and sore toes around the nails. The salve I was using did not help me and I was getting worse. I was advised to try Burdock Blood Bitters, and after using nearly two bottles my sores were all healed up. I consider B.B.B. a wonderful blood purifier." ENOCH G. HORST, Bloomingdale, Ont.

Burdock Blood Bitters.

WHITE STAR

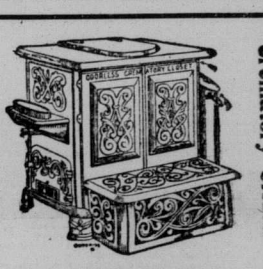
Is now a household word, and stands as a guarantee of pure goods, high quality and low price.

White Star Baking Powder

Is Absolutely Pure, keeps Fresh and Full Strength till used. . . . Try it.

THE DYSON-GIBSON CO.

The Odorless



Crematory Closet.

HUNDREDS

of these closets are now in use. They are

Absolutely Odorless.

Fire only required once in two weeks. For circulars write to

The Odorless Crematory Closet Co.,

HAMILTON, ONT.

REID'S PIANOS

In touch, tone and finish they have no equal.

Correspondents wanted in every town to act as agents.

REID BROS., 157 King St. West, Toronto

W. R. ALLAN,

General Insurance Agent,

FIRE Companies Represented:

Quebec Fire Assurance Co.
Royal Insurance Co.
Sun Insurance Office
Union Assurance Society

All classes of Insurances transacted and losses promptly and satisfactorily settled.

SAFES **VICTOR** SAFES

KARL K. ALBERT, GEN. AGT.

407 MAIN ST., WINNIPEG,

Next door to P. O.

SNAPS FOR CASH.

Household Safes, small size, - - $12.00
Household Safes, large size, - - 30.00

Just the thing for a Christmas present. Both useful and ornamental.

Merchants' Safes, all sizes and prices; on easy terms or cash. Come and see them or write for quotations. Special prices during November and December.

P. O. Drawer 1287. Tel. 1131.

J. D. O'BRIEN,

Grain and Stock Broker,

WINNIPEG.

Grain and securities carried on margins. Private wire connection with all markets.

RAW FURS.

I AM IN A POSITION TO PAY you highest London market prices for all raw furs shipped direct to me. Small or large consignments, attended to promptly and cheque or money order sent by return. Write for our tags. M. F. St. John, Buyer of Raw Furs for M. Axelrad & Co., London, England, 230 William street, Winnipeg, Man.

W N U. 202

Minard's Liniment Cures Distem

Royal Crown Soap

Grand Weekly Free Sewing Machine Competition

3 New Williams, No. 6

Drop Head, Sewing Machines,

Value $65, Each

Given away weekly for Royal Crown Wrappers and Coupons, viz:

WINNIPEG, 1 each week.
MANITOBA, outside of Winnipeg, 1 each week.
N. W. T. and ONTARIO, east to Schrieber, 1 each week.

Ask your Grocer for a Coupon with every five bars of wrapped ROYAL CROWN SOAP. Full instructions on each Coupon.

First Drawing Monday, January 16, and each week thereafter until further notice.

Large List of Books and Beautiful Pictures still given away for ROYAL CROWN SOAP WRAPPERS to those who do not compete for the Sewing Machines. List mailed free on application.

THE ROYAL SOAP CO., Winnipeg.

CARDSTON RECORD.

—:o:—

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Wednesday at Cardston.

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Editor and Proprietor.

Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

THE EDITOR does not assume responsibility for the views or statements expressed by any of THE RECORD'S contributors.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance.
Advertising Rates on application.
In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisements they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisements will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

In case a subscriber does not receive THE RECORD weekly, notice should be sent to the publication office, Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta, when the complaint will be thoroughly investigated.

Copy for change of advertisments MUST not be in later than Saturday noon.

Cardston, January 25, 1899.

GROWING CARDSTON.

The town was first settled some twelve years since by half a dozen families; now, Cardston has about one thousand inhabitants. It is beautifully situated on the banks of Lee's Creek, a fresh, pure stream that flows rapidly from the Rocky Mountains, thirty miles to the west.

Cardston is surrounded by one of the best ranching districts on this Hemisphere. Cattle, sheep and horses do well upon these ranges at all times of the year, and ranching in all its branches is carried on here with the most gratifying results. Coal deposits are numerous and close to town, and coal is delivered for $5 a ton. Those troubled with pulmonary affections will find this district very desirable on account of the dryness of the atmosphere. The town contains good schools which are aided by grants from the Government. Most every line of business is represented. A portion of the town is under an irrigation system that has demonstrated the value of the soil for the raising of all kinds of cereals, etc. The town has a bank, post-office, close connection with the express office at Lethbridge, schools, churches, dance-hall, hotels, fine stores, numerous comfortable residences, etc., etc., Parties possessed of small capital will find the district one of exceptional worth as offering inducements to engage in ranching. There is an opening here for a brick kiln, and, in fact, an industrious man with a small capital can engage in most any kind of legitimate business in Cardston and by doing so better his financial condition.

Following is a list of the publications for sale at the RECORD OFFICE:

Puck
Judge
Strand
Argosy
Quiker
Nickell
Tit Bits
Success
Puritan
Squibbs
Vanity Fair
N. Y. World
Wide World
Metropolitan
Cosmopolitan
Munsey Maga:
New Illustrated
McClures Maga:
Canadian Maga:
Broadway Maga:
Review of Reviews (Eng)
Review of Reviews (Am:)
Frank Leslie's Popular Mon'ly.

The Record

$2. a year.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

D. K. Green was in Cardston the other day.

Rev. Gavin Hamilton went to Macleod on Wednesday.

Don Hyde paid our town a visit a few days ago, and was a caller at this office.

The wind blew at the rate of at least one hundred miles an hour on Wednesday.

Dr. De Veber, M. L. A. should pay this part of his constituency a visit.

You never hear the poor man who has lost a fortune say anything about riches being a curse.

James May, a former resident of Call's Fort, but now residing in Canada, was in Brigham City, yesterday. Salt Lake, Utah, Herald.

The rate of school tax per dollar is five mills in Calgary. That's about right. Twelve mills is too much. It ought to be five mills in Cardston this year.

Our Job department has been busy printing for Kearl & Sharp, proprietors of the Kearl Hotel. We printed them some business cards, meal tickets, letter-heads, bill-heads and envelopes.

There are scores of teams at work on the Alberta Irrigation Co's 60 mile canal. This Company will spend a half millon dollars in the construction of their great ditch, and the laborer will reap the reward.

Mr. Cowie has been collecting donations for a poor blind man, and the townspeople and ranchers have contributed quiet liberally towards the worthy object originated and put into execution by Mr. Cowie.

John O. Carlson came down to town from Leavitt a day or two ago. Mr. Carlson is one of the "new settlers." When asked how he liked the country, he said: "The country is alright. I like it very much."

Alex. J. Thomas of the N. W. M. P., was pretty badly cut on the head one day last week by being thrown from a buggy while breaking a young horse. Mr. Thomas says he has had enough "bronchoe busting."

The weather during the past two weeks has been just like spring weather, and we actually got the "spring-fever" and had it for days. How is that for your cold (?) Canadian country? Pretty good for the middle of January, eh?

Through the post office we recived a communication signed "F. C." This paper will not publish artcles to which are not signed the full names of the writers, and under no circumstances whatever would this paper publish the kind of stuff "F. C." so kindly (?) forwarded to The Record Office.

People who feel hurt that notices of births, accidents, etc., in their families do not appear in this paper must consider that it is impossible for our reporter to learn all of these things unless he is told. We are pleased at all times to get such notices, and request our readers to send a note to this office, or tell our reporter when he is seen on the streets.

Said a man to us the other day: "I was talking to Mr.—I said I did not care to subscribe for the The Record as I heard all the news anyway. He took me to task at once and said I ought to support the home paper. Well, come to find out, that fellow does not take The Record himself, and I have taken it ever since it first started. There are some queer people in this world."

Mr. and Mrs John W. Woolf left here for Winnipeg on Friday morning. As mentioned in our last issue, Elder Woolf goes as a "Mormon" missionary to promulgate the principals of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints. At present the church has 1,400 missionaries laboring in the different countries throughout the world. A pleasant mission and safe return, is our wish for Mr. and Mrs. Woolf.

Wm. Wood showed us some of the finest fat beef we have ever seen. It was rolling in fat. Mr. Wood has been in the butcher business for twenty-five years, and during that whole time he never killed a fatter critter; not even when they had been fed everything in order to make them the very best for beef. The meat shown us last week was covered with fat one and a half inches in thickness, and, mind you, this beef had recived only ordinary attention. Mr. Wood says he has a dozen or more steers in just as good condition. Southern Alberta is truly a wonderful country for cattle.

COAL, COAL, COAL!

Clarke Mine, - - - - - - Belly River.

$2.25 per ton at the Mine.

Delivered in Cardston for $5.00 per ton.

Orders may be left at Co-op or Allen store.

Mr. J. P. Low is expected home tonight.

Were the repairs made in the upper story?

Wm. Wood went down to Lethbridge on Monday.

Samuel Matkin was in town on Monday.

Monday, Frank Brown was a caller at this office.

There was an unusually hard wind on Monday afternoon.

A number of teams went to Lethbridge on Monday.

R. M. Leishman was transacting business in Cardston on Monday.

At Manila the situation is serious.

Sergeant Fife came in from Boundary Creek on Sunday.

France is looking toward an alliance with Germany.

We welcome the Manitoba Free Press to our exchange table.

Columbus' remains have arrived at Cadiz, Spain, from Havana.

There was a good attendance at the meetings on Sunday, it being Ward conference.

The Mormon colony here is receiving considerable attention at the hands of the Eastern press.

Mr. and Mrs Andrew Archibald left here for Utah yesterday morning. They will return in a month or six weeks.

Our old friend Mr. 'Sam' Horner, is now doing a good business in the harness and saddlery line at Cardston.—Macleod Gazette.

Mr. H. C. Colles, came down from his home on Wednesday last and is now in the Galt Hospital.—Lethbridge News.

W. R. Clarke has bought a lot south of Lee's Creek from J. A. Woolf, and will begin building at once.

Several people have asked us; "Why are not the home missionary appointments published in your paper?" We were unable to answer the query.

Quite a number of settlers' teams came in from Cardston and vicinity on Tuesday and Wednesday loaded with grain and dairy produce. They returned this morning.—Lethbridge News.

A party of young men went up to Pike Lake last week on a fishing trip. Their success was good.

The average attendance at the three schools at present is 167, surely a very good showing for Cardston.

Friday night at Kearl's hall there was a "weigh" ball.

A. J. Gay's and Levi Harker's families are quaranted on account of scarlet fever.

In Cardston, according to the Church statistical report for the year ending 31 Dec. 1898, there are 746 souls, 126 families. During the year 1898 in Cardston there were 23 births, males and 16 births, femals. There were only 5 marriages and 8 deaths during the year.

Among every 1,000 bachelors there are 38 criminals; among married men the rate is only 10 per 1,000.—Ex. This is the boss stock argument in favor of marriage. Now why does not some bright young celibate bob up and quote as a sort of cansellation argument the statistics on how many married men among every 1,000 beat their wives, and how many unmarried men don't.—Brigham City Bugler.

To that little one line local "30 hens wanted" which appeared in our previous issue, there have been three replies from parties having chickens for sale. It always pays to advertise your wants.

We ordered an increase in our weekly supply of paper for The Record the other day. This shows that our subscription list is steadily growing.

Two thousand emigrants from Russia are expected to arrive in Canada in a few days, and will be taken care of by the emigration authorities until spring, when they will settle on lands in the Northwest. They will be followed in a few weeks by 2,500 more; and in the spring 5,000 will follow. They are leaving Russia on account of religious persecution.

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

Wheat and oats taken on subscription at this office.

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50 *

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, both one year for $2.50.

FOR SALE—Model 1 Improved Hand Printing Press. Chase 5x8. At RECORD Office.*

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends. 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

FOR SALE: Four room house Good well water. Nice location. Enquire at RECORD office, next to Bank. *

When you want to sell or buy anything, place a notice in THE RECORD, and you will be pleased with the result.

FOR SALE.—Ranch, 160 acres, ½ mile from Ætna. House, barn, well, 40 acres broke. Enquire at THE RECORD Office.

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

We will print your name and address on 250 nice XXX White Laid Envelopes for $1.50. The Envelopes alone would cots you $1. at any of the stores.

When you want receipt or note Books call at THE RECORD Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts. You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

The Western Assurance Company, of Toronto, whose capital is $2,000,000, is one of the strongest of the fire insurance companies in Canada. The Editor of the Record has the agency for the Western. It pays to have your buildings insured aginst loss by fire.

MT. VIEW NOTES.

The holidays passed off quietly. On the night of the 11th, inst. the good people got up a surprise on Bishop Stewart. There were about 200 people present. It was a grand succ ess as the Bishop did not know or suspicion anything, as he had called a meeting for that night. When he entered the house the chior began singing. During the evening there were speeches, songs and recitations until 10 o' clock, at which hour the guests enjoyed picnic. The young danced until 2 o' clock.

The people are taking steps towards building a 30 x 55 ft. meeting house.

The Bishop is going to have a tithing granary erected which will be 22 x 44 ft. Subscriber.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Lolo Talbot Austin, the wife of A. E. Austin, and daughter of J. A. and Mary Talbot, died on Sunday, January 22, 1899, at the home of her husband's parents, of puerpural eclempsia, after a short illness. She leaves a baby boy a few days old.

The funeral obsequies were held at the Ward Meeting House, on Monday at 4 p. m., the 23 inst. Coun. Levi Harker presided, and appropriate remarks were made by Patriarch Henry L. Hinman.

The funeral was well attended with a host of kind and sympathetic friends. The sympathy of the entire community goes out to the young husband and parents of the deceased.

TEN GOOD RULES.

Take things always by the smooth handle.

Pride costs more than hunger, thirst and cold.

We seldom repent of having eaten too little.

Nothing is troublesome that we do willingly.

Never spend your money before you have earned it.

Never buy what you don't want because it is cheap.

Never trouble another for what you can do yourself.

Never put off until to-morrow what you can do to-day.

How much pain the evils have cost us that have never happened.

When angry, count ten befor you speak, if every angry count a hundred.

Subscribe for THE RECORD.

"The People's Store."

New Year's Bargains.

For 30 days we will sell at Wholesale Prices. Ladies Fur & Cloth Capes & Coats and many other odd lines, in order to make room for our spring goods. Come & see for yourself.

Produce taken in exchange.

We take pleasure in announcing to the public that we are: The Sole Agents for the Celebrated Bain & Cooper Wagons; two carloads will be here about the last of February. Also a car of the Cockshutt Plows & Farming Implements. Call early & get Prices & Terms: Sure to please you. It will save you money to leave your orders now for any of the above.

A Car of Furniture now on the way. Prices equal to T. Eaton's of Toronto.

Shilling's Best Teas and Baking Powder.

WANTED.

Men and teams to haul lumber.

Higest Prices Paid for Beef Hides and Furs of - all kinds. -

The Cardston Co. Ltd

The Record one year $ 2.00

Hooked up at last.
HARNESS & SADDLERY.
Give us a call and examine stock. We have dandy HORSE BLANKETS.
REPAIRING A SPECIALITY.
Quality first. Prices right.
S. H. Horner,
CARDSTON, Next Kearl's Livery Stable

You Know
Wolsey & Evans,
Contractors & Builders,
W. M. Wolsey. James Evans.
Cardston. Alberta.

Deseret News and The Record one year for $3.50

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.
All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.
Cardston. . . . . Alberta.

- Samuel Cox, -
Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting, & Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
CARDSTON. . . ALBERTA

Read THE RECORD
THE
CARDSTON RECORD
2.00 per year.

The Record $2.00

H. W. SAVORY,
Boundary Creek (Cardston P. O.) Alta.
Saddle & Work Horses For Sale.

WHAT CARDSTON NEEDS.

A lime kiln.
A railroad.
Shoe shop.
A drug store.
A tailor shop.
A brick kiln.
Graded streets.
A lumber yard.
A roller flour mill.
An amusement hall.
An immigration building.
Tri-weekly mail service.
Commodious school house.
Board of trade, or chamber of commerce.
Ten thousand more good citizens added to the thousand already here.

Subscribe for THE RECORD.

The Record $ 2.00

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1899. NO. 27.

In a Few Weeks

We will begin the publication of

RUTH, THE YOUNG JEWESS

BY C. EDGAR SNOW, AUTHOR OF

"Sister Gratia"

The story will be published as a serial. You should subscribe for THE RECORD previous to the publication of the opening chapters of "Ruth" in order to follow her through an interesting story.

When we have received the necessary number of subscribers, we will begin the publication of "RUTH, THE YOUNG JEWESS".

IRRIGATION IN ALBERTA

The soil and climate of Southern Alberta are of well-known excellence, and the Mormon colony of Cardston has made a very promising start in combined farming and stock raising. Drouth in the growing season has up to this date been a severe check, and in view of this several schemes for irrigation have been propounded, and, as has been the case immediately to the south of Calgary, carried out thus far with decided success. The hay crops raised under the Calgary scheme have been heavy, and of rare good quality, and within time and experience on their side the projectors are pretty certain to have very satisfactory returns.

For years the Alberta Railway & Canal Co. have had a plan under consideration for a more extensive area of irrigation that is now likely to be brought into operation without undue delay. The district to be opertated on lies to the south of Lethbridge, and it is proposed to take water from the St. Mary's river, near Cardston, and carry a canal a distance of 60 miles in a northeasterly direction to Stirling on the Lethbridge & Great Falls railroad track. A government survey was made some years ago, but the company have now engaged an experienced irrigation engineer, who has executed large works of the same kind in Colorado. Detailed surveys have been going on since last July, and a partial commencement of work has already been made. It is expected that the work, when completed, will turn to good profit 500,000 acres of land, which will be gradully sold to intending settlers at a moderate annual rental. Thoes settlers who come in early will find employment for all their spare time in the work of construction, and the opening to the western markets, through the Crow's Nest Pass, will ensure a profitable return for all they can produce. There can be no question of the productive capacity of most of the lands to be operated on, and this new and important departure will furnish practical demonstration of the value to Canada of these huge stretches of now comparatively useless pasture.—The Nor' West Farmer.

"There is nobody whom Fortune does not visit once in his life," said a great cardinal; "but when she finds he is not ready to receive her, she goes in at the door and out at the window!"

WHAT EMERSON SAID.

Six years or more ago there were published in the Century Magazine some letters of Emerson's "To a College Boy" (age n ot specified). In one of these occurred the Concord philosopher's opinion of newspapers. It was written many years ago. Today you can take it for what it is worth. But is Saul also among the prophets? "Newspapers," that, says Emerson, "have done much to abbreviate expression and so to improve style. They are to occupy during your generation a large share of attention, and the most studious and engaged man can neglect them only at his cost. But have little to do with them. Learn how to get their best, too, without their getting yours. Do not read when the mind is creative. And do not read them thoroughly, column by column. Remember, they are made for everybody, don't try to get what isn't meant for you. The miscellany, for instance, should not receive your attention. There is a great secret in knowing what to keep out of the mind as well as what to put in it. You can't quote from a newspaper. Like some insects it died the day it was born."

CLAUSES FROM "THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES ORDINANCE."

15 Where any quarantine district is established a health officer or sanitary inspector shall have power to prevent—

(a) The departure or removal of persons or conveyance from or into any such locality;

(b) To detain persons or conveyances who or which have been exposed to infection or contagion for inspection; and may order the cleansing, purifying and disinfecting thereof and anything contained therein at the expense of the owner, occupier or the person having the care and control thereof, and may order the detention for this purpose of any steam boat, railway carriage or car and any public conveyance and anything contained therein and any person travelling thereby as long as may be necessary to ensure that all danger of infection is past.

27 Any person who neglects or refuses to obey any order given to him by a health officer, medical practitioner or sanitary inspector in pursuance, of the provisions of this Ordinance, upon conviction thereof before any justice of the peace, shall forfiet and pay such sum, not exceeding $100 with costs of prosecution, as such justice may impose; and, upon failure of payment thereof, be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months.

9 Any person wilfully defacing, destroying or removing any notice provided for by this Ordinance before the disinfection herein provided for has been done shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a penalty not exceeding $10 and costs.

10 Every medical practitioner attending any person ill of typhoid fever not within the limits of any city or town shall inspect the premises where such person resides and if he should have reason to believe that the water supply thereof has become contaminated by reason of any cesspool or privy pits being adjacent thereto he shall forthwith notify the owner or occupant of such premises to cause immediate removal of the contents thereof and the subsequent disinfection and filling up with earth of such cesspool or privy pit!

Provided that any medical practitioner refusing or neglecting to comply with the provisions of this section shall be guilty of an offence, and liable to a penelty not exceeding $10 and costs of prosecution.

(2) Every person r efusing or neglecting to obay any order or notice given pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a penalty not exceeding $10 and costs.

Men are measured in this world by what they do; not by what they possess.

The end of life is to be like God; and the soul following Him will be like Him.—Socrates.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Gregson are happy over the arrival on Thursday 26th. inst., of a fourteen pound boy

SPLENDID TRUTHS.

[NOR' WEST FARMER]

Water alone has been known to sustain life for fifty-five days.

* * *

Live on what you can earn and don't buy what you can't pay for.

* * *

Milk, like flesh, fish and eggs, contains all the constituent elements necessary to support life.

* * *

Only about two minutes are required for the blood to course through the heart, thence to the lungs, back to the heart, and then through the entire body and return to the heart.

* * *

The settlers on the south side of the Cypress Hills complain bitterly of the encroachments of range stock from the American side, and allege that unless protection is afforded them by the Dominion government they will have to abandon the district altogether.

* * *

Some mothers make neatness and order an idol and unconsciously, perhaps, sacrifice to it not only their own best energies, but also the comfort of the family. They put their heart into their housework so completely that other and more important duties are crowded out. A mother's duty lies not only in the "washing and the baking and the brewing," but in the cultivation of the higher virtues.

* * *

The secret of good, healthy development for children is to keep them busy whether it be at work or play or a happy mixture of the two. And men it must be remembered, are only children grown tall. Idleness will make trouble for old or young, but to get the most good out of life one mut not forget that wholesome play and recreation does not come under the head of idleness. Some people think that unless they are continually in the business grind they are idle, but they do not realize how much strength for work can be stored up in a little play.

* * *

Let kindness and consideration for others be one of the first things taught to a child. The little one in his mother's arms is not too young for such a lesson, and a thorough training of the child in this respect will save much regret in after life, and will help to elevate the sentiments and raise the standard of the home. In place of the patient, self-sacrificing mother, with selfish, thoughtless children will found a hopeful, helpful, happy family, with parents and children alike on the same footing of unselfish good comradeship.

* * *

The farm is the best place on which to bring up a family of children, first of all, and above all else, for the reason that all surroundings and all conditions are healthful; and, secondly, that there they may be early and continually trained to habaits of industry. On the farm there is always something they can do, some responsibility that can be placed upon them. They are thus trained to work, and a power of self-reliance becomes a part of themselves—they grow up good for something in their own individuality. Wise parents recognize these facts and act accordingly.

CHEESE FACTORIES AND CREAMERIES.

The bulletin of the department of Agriculture shows that in the 1,161 cheese factories, 1,455,937,148 pounds of milk were used, and 137,362,916 pounds of cheese were made. There were 66,104 patrons, and the value of cheese produced was $11,719,468. This is about $3,000,000 more the amount for 1898. The amount paid to patrons for milk supplied was $9,709,004, as compared with $7,040,927 the previous year. The quantity of butter produced was 7,708,256 pounds, and the value was 1,403,-y 609, the production being nearly three times as much as in 1895

It is estimated that the deficit caused by the reduction of the letter postage from 3c to 2c will be over $200,000.

Eighty one new lawyers have recently been sworn in to the New York Bar. Oh, pity the people!

NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the stockholders of the Cardston Co. Ltd. will be held in the Co's store Monday evening Feb. 6th, commencing at 7 30 p m. All stockholders are requsted to be present.

J. A. Woolf.
Vice-Pres.

NOTICE.

Gay & Wight & Co., blacksmiths, have placed in my hand for collection all accounts outstanding at the time of dissolution of partnership.

Parties having accounts with said Firm will kindly settle same and save expenses.

C. E. Snow.

APPLICATION will be made at the next session of Parliament of Canada for an Act to amend the Act of Incorporation of the Alberta Irrigation Company by changing the name of the Company to The Canadian North West Irrigation Company; changing the place of head office to London, England; authorizing directors to vote by proxy; increasing capital stock to one million dollars; changing date of annual meeting to last Tuesday in October; and in other respects and for other purposes.

A. FERGUSON,
Solicitor for Applicants.
16th December 1898. [22—30]

Graphophone For Sale.

Columbia Graphophone, 26-inch horn, with folding stand, two-way hearing tube, and 85 records, all in perfect condition. Come and see it at this office.

Kearl Hotel

Kearl & Sharp, Props.

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CARDSTON, ALBERTA.

PARTED AT THE ALTAR

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY.

How green the sloping hillside looked, dotted here and there with brilliant wild flowers and spreading beech trees. The river danced in the sunlight beyond and its music sounded like a dirge in his ears.

Toward the right of the stream the greensward was dotted here and there with gypsy tents; swarthy men and maidens making the air ring with their rollicksome songs. Quite apart from the rest, and directly in the path before Frederick, a young girl sat. A tambourine, decked with bright, gay ribbons, lay on the grass beside her, and her gaudy, picturesque dress, her long dark hair, and bright, black, glancing eyes betokened her race.

A gay, dashing song broke from her crimson lips, and Frederick Thornton stopped short in the path, his arms folded across his chest, his head drooping upon his breast, and listened.

The gypsy girl raised her eyes suddenly, and saw the stranger standing in the daisy-studded path.

She bounded to her feet with the agility of a graceful young gazelle, and courtesied low before him.

"Have you come to us to have your fortune told, handsome youth?" she asked, raising her dark, lustrous eyes to his face. "I can tell you all the mysteries that lie in the future, and the dark shadows that have gathered in the back ground of the past."

Although he knew better, Frederick stood for a moment irresolute. At any other time in life he would have scorned the proffered offer; but now, when life and death hung in the balance, a feverish unrest possessed him to hear what she would tell him.

Long and earnestly the gypsy girl gazed into the palm of the white, shapely hand she held in her own small dusk ones.

"You are unhappy in your love," she said, slowly.

Frederick Thornton laughed a mirthless, reckless laugh but a strange, brooding shadow crept into his eyes, and a flush rose to his pale, handsome face, which told the crafty maiden that her shaft had struck home, as it usually did.

"Do you see a long life or a speedy death for me?" he questioned, curiously.

And although he spoke carelessly, his lips whitened perceptibly.

"Death," she said, in a whisper.

"Let it come—I have courted it," returned Frederick, impatiently. "I have nothing to live for, any how."

Although he spoke bravely, he could realize how hard it was to die in the spring time of youth; to bid farewell to the green earth and fair, smiling heavens; to be rushed, all unprepared—where? He could hear no more. Hurriedly tossing a handful of bright silver coin into her lap he moved on.

For some minutes the gypsy girl stood staring after the tall, manly figure hurrying so rapidly away.

"Can it be that he is the one they are waiting for down in the glen?" she muttered, under her breath. "He is handsome as a prince. They must not fight the duel I heard them talking about."

Swiftly as a shadow the gypsy girl glided after him.

"Where are you going, Zetta?" cried a gruff voice in the girl's ear, and a heavy hand was laid on her shoulder; and looking up she saw her father standing before her.

"Let me go," she cried, struggling to free herself from his grasp. "Let me go quick—I must!"

"I want you in the tent. Where is the silver you had just now—come, where is it?"

She threw the handful of coins on the ground.

"There—it is all there," she cried. "Let me go."

"And I say there is more hidden in your pocket. Come into the tent and we shall see," he declared, gruffly.

Ten minutes later Zetta was speeding like a storm-driven swallow down the path. Would she be too late to carry out her daring plan to stop the duel, if one was intended? Ten minutes! Many a life has been jeopardized and lost in one half of that time. As she reached the summit of the hill she gave a piercing cry. Ah, she was too late! She had heard no sound of shot or sabre, yet a group of men were gathered around a prostrate figure lying prone on its face upon the ground.

CHAPTER XXV.—COLD, LOVELESS AND DREARY.

For one instant Karl Lancaster stood quite still like one stricken dumb. Doris was gone! Gone! How the words smote upon his ear!

"Why, how white you look, Mr. Lancaster!" said Mrs Morgan, looking curiously into the young man's white, handsome face.

He turned abruptly away and flung open the door. Mrs. Morgan was at his side in an instant, laying a detaining hand on his arm.

"What are you about to do, Mr. Lancaster?" she cried, anxiously.

"I am going to search for her until I find her," answered Karl, hoarsely. "I will search the whole world over for her, if needs be." And with these words he rushed from the room and out of the house.

"The poor fellow has gone clear daft," sighed Mrs. Morgan. "It was well th t I sent the girl away before he returned. Why, he would actually marry that girl if he could find her. And, oh! what a stormy scene there would be under the old doctor's roof! I am sure his father would disinherit him on the spot. He would never forgive him for making a mesalliance. Never!"

Meanwhile Karl Lancaster, with his heart on fire and his brain in a whirl, was threading his way swiftly along the crowded thoroughfare.

Which way had poor, pretty Doris gone? Where should he find her? Suddenly a thought occurred to him that almost took his breath away. He remembered Doris had been on her way to an employment agency on that day the accident had occurred which had so nearly proven fatal. What more natural or probable than that she had bent her steps in that direction now? He remembered the number, and lost no time in making his way there at once. And the first person whom his eyes rested upon as he opened the door was Doris herself.

She started in surprise as she saw him. What! had he followed her there! And, like Mrs. Morgan, she was struck by the strange pallor of his face.

"Doris—Miss Brandon!" he said, coming up to her and catching one of the little white hands that lay so idly in her lap. "Thank God, I have found you!

"I have much that is of the greatest importance to say to you, Doris," he went on, "but I cannot speak here."

The reception-room beyond was almost deserted at this hour of the day. Karl pointed toward it.

"Come there with me, Doris," he said; "I have that to tell you which will sound more like the pages of romance than reality; but it only serves to illustrate the old adage that truth is indeed stranger than fiction."

Doris shrank back from him, with the memory of that scene, in which he had madly declared his love for her, beseeching her to marry him, rushing over her mind.

Had he followed her to repeat that scene? she wondered.

Karl saw her hesitancy, and read her thoughts and dread aright.

"It is not of myself I wish to speak—not one word," he said, flushing deeply. "That which I have to say concerns you, and you alone, Doris. Come!"

In wonder and dismay, Doris followed him to the reception-room beyond. He placed a chair for her, and stood leaning against the mantel, seemingly in no hurry to begin.

Doris sat twisting her little white hands nervously together, wondering what new calamity was about to befall her now.

"It was fate that led you to me, Doris," began Karl Lancaster, huskily. "But before I proceed I must be sure that I am on the right track—beyond any possible shadow of a doubt ere I raise your hopes.

"In the first place, are you the Doris Brandon whose life, up to a few weeks ago, was passed at Madame Delmar's seminary at Beech Grove?"

He scarcely breathed in his intensity to catch her answer.

"Yes, I am that most unhappy girl!" breathed Doris, faintly. "But why do you ask? How could you have found out that?"

Like one in a confused dream, Doris listened while he told her the wonderful story—of her father and mother's return, after long years, to reclaim their child, only to find her gone, none knew whither; of their grief, her mother's death, and the fatal accident which caused her father to follow her soon after, having barely time to make his will, leaving his vast wealth to his daughter, with the earnest prayer she should be sought for, night and day, until she was found.

"This fortune was to be kept in trust for Mr. Hulbert Brandon Fielding's daughter until she is eighteen. My father has been searching for the lost heiress ever since.

"I thought when I heard the name, 'Doris Brandon,' it had a strangely familiar sound; but not [illegible] hour since—did the astounding revelation occur to me that the young girl fate had drifted across my path, and the lost heiress my father was searching for, were one and the same. Allow me to be the first, Miss Fielding, to congratulate you upon the good fortune that has befallen you."

The beautiful, dreamy, blue eyes were expanded in the greatest amazement. All the color had faded from the fair young face, leaving it paler than the petals of a white lily. He believed she had not comprehended what he had said, and he repeated:—

"You are an heiress, Miss Fielding—heiress to a million of dollars in your own right, which my father, as your guardian, is to hold in trust for you until you are eighteen."

"Oh, Mr. Lancaster, do you really believe it?" cried Doris, breathlessly. "Is there no mistake? Surely there must be. Fate has been so unkind to me all my life it must be playing some trick on me now," she declared.

"If you are the Doris Brandon who has lived with Madame Delmar up to a short time ago, there can be no possible mistake."

Doris sprang to her feet, trembling with emotion.

"I can scarcely believe that I, Doris Brandon, whom the world has used so cruelly, am indeed an heiress," she cried, pushing back the rings of golden curls from her flushed face in a bewildered sort of way. "I am only a poor dependent, whom nobody has ever cared for," she went on, piteously. "I have never had any money." I am unused to wealth and luxury. My life has been hard, lone and dreary. I should not know what to do with money."

"After you have seen a little more of the world, you won't say that," smiled Karl. "Why, ladies know how to make money fairly fly. I am not surprised at your agitation. A disclosure such as I have made to you would turn almost any young lady's head. No wonder you are bewildered. Perhaps no young girl ever had more cause. But you must bear prosperity as you have borne adversity. From this time out your whole life will be changed. Your future will be brilliant; for, with wealth and beauty combined, life is full of golden promise."

A dazzling smile parted the girl's beautiful crimson lips, and the color surged back to the sweet young face in a burning tide. In her great excitement, she forgot what Karl was saying to her. She did not hear one word. Doris's thoughts had drifted back to Frederick Thornton, and her heart was crying out:—

"Would he have turned from me had he known I was one day to become a great heiress—quite as much of an heiress as Vivian, whom he loved?

"Oh, Frederick," she moaned out in the bitterness of her own heart, "what would all the wealth in the world be worth to me without your love?"

Doris offered no resistance when Karl proposed that she should accompany him home at once.

Dr. Lancaster was more than amazed when, a little later, a cab stopped before his palatial residence, and from it stepped his son, leading by the hand a young girl, plainly dressed, almost to shabbiness, but with a face as gloriously beautiful as an angel's.

It had been the one secret fear of his life that some day his son might marry on the impulse of the moment, attracted by the pretty face of some lovely working-girl chance might throw in his way. And he meant that this handsome son of his should marry an heiress, or not marry at all. Like his wife, he had the secret hope that the heiress, Miss Fielding, might be found, and that she and his son might be mutually attracted toward each other.

His brow grew dark and stormy as the quick footsteps drew near the library. As the door opened he rose to his feet coldly confronting the two who stood on the threshold.

He expected to hear the words:—

"Father, bid us welcome. I have brought you home a daughter. Welcome my bride, father."

Instead, his son stepped foward, leading the pretty, timid, shrinking young girl by the hand, saying, hurriedly:—

"Father, behold Miss Doris Brandon Fielding! I have discovered the long-lost heiress—at last! Bid her welcome, father."

"What!" cried the old gentleman, quite believing his ears had deceived him—"do I hear aright?"

"I hope so father," said Karl, smiling. "I said I had found Miss Fielding, for whom you have been searching so long and patiently. Bid her welcome."

"I—do not—compehend," exclaimed the old gentleman. "How and where did you meet this young lady, and what reason have you for believing her to be the child of my poor friend Fielding and his heart-broken wife?"

"Her face—in which the resemblance to both is so strongly marked—might answer that question—even if I did not," laughed Karl, and in a few brief words he explained to his father, and his mother also, who had been summoned, the story of his meeting with Doris. Then there was no lack of warmth in the doctor's hearty greeting.

"Why, it sounds just like a romance, my dear," declared Mrs. Lancaster, taking the lovely young orphan in her arms and kissing her delightedly. "Welcome—a thousand times welcome—Doris! You will permit me to call you that, will you not? It does sound so cold and formal to say Miss Fielding, and you are to be one of the family, for at least a year yet, dear, until my husband's guardianship of you expires."

"Call me Doris, by all means," the girl replied. "I should like that best. I—I am afraid I can never get used to being addressed as Miss Fielding; even now, I am afraid I shall wake up and find all this but a dream," said Doris, piteously.

CHAPTER XXVI.—DORIS IN LUXURY.

The sudden change from earning her own living to the luxury in which Doris found herself, would have dazzled almost any young girl older and wiser than Doris, and she wondered how she had ever lived through that cold, dark past—that desolate past, which was left behind her forevermore.

Mrs. Lancaster made all possible haste in attending to Doris's wardrobe.

"You must discard that blue merino dress of yours at once, my dear. The neighbors would never forget it if they saw you in that," declared the lady.

So the next fortnight was spent in daily excursions to the dry goods emporiums and establishments of the leading modistes.

Doris could scarcely realize that the radiant little figure which her mirror reflected, robed in shimmering silk—in whose tiny, shell-like ears, and on whose small white hands costly diamonds glittered like stars, was the same Doris who had sobbed herself to sleep, many and many a night, with Madame Delmar's cruel, taunting words ringing in her ears:—

"You are a miserable, dependent creature; you ought to be thankful for a crust of bread, and a roof to cover your head—content with my cast-off dresses and that you have been given any education whatever."

Now all the world was changed for Doris. She was courted, petted and flattered; a widely different personage from the timid young girl we first introduced to our readers.

"I am proud of you, Doris," said Mrs. Lancaster, complacently, one day. "Your beauty will create quite a commotion in society; you will turn the heads of all the marriageable young fellows. Young girls of your age generally have some ideal hero pictured in their minds. But when your Prince Charming comes along, you must not be in a hurry to marry. A year or so will be plenty of time for that."

"I shall never marry," said Doris, paling to the very lips, and a look of keen distress in her dark blue eyes. "Please do not mention marriage to me again, Mrs. Lancaster. I shall never marry."

"Fie, fie, my dear. No one but old maids whom nobody wants, or some creature who has been crossed in love, ever make such a remark as that. It sounds ridiculous on the lips of a pretty girl. You cannot rule your own heart, my dear Doris. Love goes where heaven intended it should go, and when the right one comes along you will say to yourself, 'I can never be happy without him,' and it will end as it should—in a marriage."

(To be Continued.)

A Divided Answer.

The country mind sometimes works slowly, although with an enviable weight and accuracy, but the country mode of expression is usually to the point Even its pauses serve their turn They are always of rhetorical value

An old fisherman sat by the sea wall skinning eels, which were that forenoon to be packed in ice and sent to a city market A young woman, a visitor in town stood by watching the unusual occupation and quite fascinated by the ease and dexterity with which it was carried on At length she felt the necessity of "making talk."

"What do you get for eels?" she asked

"Nothin," returned the old man emphatically stripping off a skin Then with the same precision and lightning like haste he "peeled" another and another leaving his visitor to wonder at the eccentricity which prompted him to take so much trouble unrewarded It was only after she had given up the question as a bad job that he calmly finished his sentence, "—to what I'd ought to"—Youth's Companion

A Tender Hearted Girl.

Softer than swans down was her heart—more tender than spring tints in the sky

She could not bear to give pain to any living thing

As they walked through the woods such was his love that he went first and brushed away the spider webs with his face

"See!" he cried pointing to a forest giant "See!"

And on it she saw a graven heart with their names cut inside it

"Oh, cruel, cruel!" she wept "Our engagement is broken I would not marry a monster who thus inflicts pain on"—

"What!" he cried "What have I done that is so cruel?"

"You have cut a live oak tree!"—Pearson's Weekly

Nineteen Lives Lost.

Tacoma, Wn., Jan. 15.—The British ship Andelina, which arrived last night in ballast, capsized and sank in 22 fathoms of water early this morning. Capt. G. W. Slating and a crew of eighteen are lost. Eleven sailors were discharged yesterday and came ashore. The Andelina was a 2400 ton, four-masted barkentine from Annapolis, N. S., and came from Shanghai for wheat. The captain leaves a wife and three children in Nova Scotia. The vessel capsized in a terrible squall. She had a boom log on each side and one got adrift, causing the other to upset the vessel. The cargo has been discharged. The vessel capsized last night, but the accident was not discovered until today.

A Brutal Conductor.

New York, Jan. 15.—Wilton P. Marchbank, of Green Point, L.I., was killed at Second avenue and Thirty-fourth street last night, in a fight with Michael McGowan, a conductor on a Thirty-fourth street station. A policeman, who witnessed the fight and arrested McGowan, says he saw the conductor push the man off the car and deliberately kick him in the neck. This statement is corroborated by several others. An ambulance surgeon from Bellevue found that the man's neck had been broken and that he had died almost instantly. McGowan states that he had to put him off the car, and Marchbank, he says, fell to the pavement, striking his chin and was killed by this blow.

George Gould'r Taxes.

New York, Jan. 15.—President Feitner, of the tax department, is quoted today as having made a statement that discloses an interesting situation.

It reads: "George Gould, I think, is coming back to New York as a resident on a $5,000,000 property basis, that is, he will pay taxes on that sum, about $12,500 a year. If we tried to collect taxes on $10,000,000 we should not get a cent, for he would stay away. Mr. Gould, I understand, wishes to live in New York for several reasons. If he had been on the board when the difficulty occurred with George Gould over his personal property, he would never have gone to live in New Jersey, and this state would not have lost his taxes."

Died in Hawaii.

Vancouver, Jan. 15.—News has just been received from Honolulu that J. W. Gallagher, proprietor and editor of the Commercial Journal of that place, died at his home at Waikiki on January 3rd. Gallagher was one of the pioneer newspaper men of Vancouver. He was born in Aurora, Ont., and before he came west published a newspaper in Pembroke, Ont. He leaves a widow, a native of Mitchell, Ont., and four children.

Cecil Rhodes in London.

London, Jan. 14.—Mr. Cecil Rhodes the former premier of Cape Colony and managing director of the British Chartered South Africa company, arrived in London from Cape Town today. There is considerable interest in his visit, which is connected with the scheme of joining Cairo and Cape Town by railroad. He will endeavor to get the government to guarantee the interest on the bonds of a railroad from Buluwayo to Lake Tanganyika.

The Glasgow Exhibition.

New York, Jan. 15.—There arrived today on the American Liner St. Louis three commissioners from Glasgow, who have come to this country to lay before President McKinley and his cabinet particulars regarding the Glasgow exhibition to be held in 1901. They are: R. C. Sawford, Thomas Mason and Michael Simons, and they are going to Washington in order to insure adequate United States representation at the exhibition. They are all former members of the corporation of Glasgow, and they were appointed as commissioners by the Lord Provost of that city. They are accompanied by J. M. Smith, editor of the Glasgow Evening News. He comes here to study United States journalism.

What We Eat and Drink.

Ottawa, Jan. 15.—The annual report on the adulteration of food, issued by the inland revenue department, has been distributed. During the year 879 samples were analyzed. Of those 702 were found to be genuine, 87 adulterated, 61 doubtful, 6 sold as a compound, 19 not classed, and five sold illegally. Out of 76 samples of malt liquor only one was adulterated: all the others were genuine. Of 179 samples of milk, 133 were genuine, 22 adulterated and 24 doubtful. In 121 samples of aerated waters, four were adulterated, one doubtful and the remainder genuine. There were 66 samples of condensed milk, 54 being genuine, 5 adulterated, and 9 doubtful. Of the five samples of proprietary medicines, four were adulterated, and one doubtful; there were none of them genuine. About half only of the coffee samples examined were genuine; there were 34 genuine, 17 adulterated, 1 doubtful, 6 sold as compound and 4 not classed on 62 samples in all. In butter 57 were genuine, 6 adulterated and 4 doubtful. Of the 106 samples of flour examined 1 were genuine.

Four Persons Killed.

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 11.—Four persons were run down and instantly killed last night by an express train near Larimer station on the Pennsylvania railroad, two miles east of Pittsburg. The list of dead is as follows: Mary Miller, Thomas Miller, Albert Wilson, Walter Brown. The train running at full speed and the bodies were terribly mangled.

The Filipinos are prepared to burn Iloilo in case of a bombardment by United States ships.

The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited

JANUARY WHITE GOODS SELLING

A feature of business in this big store in January is the selling of White Goods—Cotton Underwear, Cottons, Sheetings, Quilts, Muslins, Embroideries, etc. We've prepared a 20-page catalogue, showing the values offered and that'll be sent free on receipt of name and address. Some items from the catalogue are given below, and also specials in other departments for January—

Ladies' Gown, good cotton, made on yoke of insertion and tucks, embroidered collar and cuffs, insertion placquet edged with embroidery..... 95

Ladies' Chemise, English cotton cambric, frill around neck, sleeves and bottom, insertion front, with frill of cambric, full size..... 28

Half-bleach Loom Damasks, superior quality, pure finish, Irish manufacture, in
58 inch ..... .25
60 inch ..... .37½
66 inch ..... .40
69 inch ..... .45
70 inch ..... .50
63 inch ..... .65
72 inch ..... .80

Full-bleach Table Linen, guaranteed all pure linen and Irish manufacture, special fine make and finish, in a full assortment of floral designs.
58 inch ..... .30
58 inch ..... .35
68 inch ..... .45
68 inch ..... .50
68 inch ..... .60

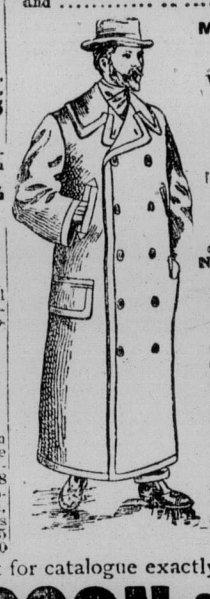
22 x 22 inch, warranted all pure linen and superior satin finish, in a choice range of new paterns, extra fine quality, special per dozen ..... .98
22 x 22 inch, Fine Bleached Damask Napkins, Irish manufacture, all pure linen, in a new range of patterns, soft grass bleach, satin finish, per dozen..... 1.25
Size 20 x 20, per dozen, $1.50, $2.. 5.20

WHITE COTTONS
30 inch white cotton, yard..... .4½
36 inch soft finished cotton, yard.. .5
36 inch extra fine quality, soft finish, with round even thread, yard..... .6, 7 .8
36 inch American cottons, pure finish, free from filling, standard brands, yard..7½, 8, 9, 10..... .12½
36 inch Horrockses English cotton in either soft or linen finish, yard 9, 10, 11½, 12½, 15..... 17½

FACTORY COTTONS
34 inch factory cotton yard..... .3
34 inch factory cotton yard..... .4½
34 inch fine quality, yard..... .5
36 inch pure round even thread yard .5
36 inch heavy quality, free from specks and filling, yard..6½, 7½ .8½

UNBLEACHED SHEETING
7-4 or 63 inch plain sheeting..... .10
8-4 or 72 inch plain sheeting ..12½ and..... .16
9-4 or 80 inch plain sheeting....15 and ..... .17½
10-4 or 90 inch plain sheeting..17½ and ..... .20
8-4 or 72 inch twilled sheeting..15. and..... .20
9-4 or 80 inch twilled sheeting..17½ and ..... .22½
10-4 or 90 inch twilled sheeting..20 and ..... .25
8-4 or 72 inch heavy twill sheeting 13½ and..... .20

BLEACHED SHEETING
8-4 or 72 inch plain sheeting..16 and ..... .17½
9-4 or 80 inch plain sheeting..18 and ..... .20
10-4 or 90 inch plain sheeting..20 and ..... .22½
8-4 or 72 inch twilled sheeting..18 and ..... .20
9-4 or 80 inch twilled sheeting..20 and ..... .25
10-4 or 90 inch twilled sheeting..22½ and ..... .27½



MEN'S CLOTHING.

Men's Fine all-Wool Frieze Ulsters, in brown and black, good heavy fancy check tweed linings, good buttonmoulds and trimmings, high storm collar, tab for throat, half belt on back, size 36 to 40 in. .. 4.00

Men's Fine all-wool Tweed Suits, single and double breasted, in grey and black, brown small check, with over-pleats and plain heather mixture, best of farmer satin linings, silk stitched edges, cut and tailored in latest style, 33 to 44 in. .. 6.00

Address mail orders or request for catalogue exactly as below.

The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited

SECTION 52. TORONTO.

LEAVES.

A low wind tossed the plumage all one way,
Rippled the gold feathers, and green and gray
A low wind that in moving sang one song
All day and all night long

Sweet honey in the leafage and cool dew
A roof of stars, a tent of gold and blue;
Silence and sound at once and dim green light
To turn the gold day night

Some trees hung lanterns out and some had stars,
Silver as Hesper, and rose red as Mars;
A low wind flung the lanterns low and high—
A low wind like a sigh.

—"The Wind in the Trees," by Katherine Tynan

THE DRUNKEN MAN.

And the Mystery of How He Steers Clear of Danger.

"Drunken men, of course, do fall down cellarways and that sort of thing," said Mr Nozzleby "We read about it occasionally in the papers, but still such mishaps are comparatively rare Men seem to stagger up to the very verge of such places and then sheer off in safety Probably everybody that has lived in a city has at one time or another followed some drunken man with his eye and seen him as he pursued his zigzag course along the sidewalk, lurch up to and fairly lean over the top step of some basement stairs, seem him still leaning, as though he must inevitably topple over and go smashing down to the bottom, only to observe him finally sway back, away from the steps to start again on his devious course and bring up a moment later on the curbstone hanging in the same manner and in the same danger of falling now into the gutter

"But he doesn't fall, and one wonders what preserves him He staggers on his way and stumbles sometimes, but recovers himself and never quite goes down Again he skims smooth and straight along the very edge of some danger spot but keeps right on into safety And so he pursues his crooked and dangerous way with a dip or a dive now and then that brings the heart into the mouth of some passerby who chances upon him suddenly and at times it seems as though he must go down, but something keeps him up and some instinct, apparently independent of himself, turns him back from the brink With such glimmering of sense as he has left, if he has any he struggles hard to keep up He may not realize it himself but instinct makes known to him that if once he goes down he can't get up

"Pursuing a straight course you soon come up with and pass the staggerer going crisscross, steering out perhaps as you pass to avoid collision with him"—New York Sun

To Church on Sunday In a Boat.

One of the most characteristic and most charming incidents in rural Norwegian life is still, as it must always have been, to go to church on Sunday in a boat The parishes are of enormous extent, and it is a common thing for one old priest to have charge of three or four remote churches Early in the morning at distant points the congregation puts out upon the fiord, and nothing is more picturesque than at the close of the voyage to see the little flotilla of red brown sails collecting toward the point of worship. When service is held but once in three or four weeks, a short sermon would defraud the congregation I sat out one of 50 minutes the other day in a great bare church that was all a-flutter with the enormous white headdresses (or skout) of peasant women

This sermon seemed lengthy yet it was only an incident in the service, which lasted four hours. After three of them, however, a stranger may slip out and will have done wisely if he brings some sandwiches with him to eat under the birch trees by the shore The churches in these secluded havens, where never a tourist comes, are marvelously large Behind the church if we stroll about, we see a crowd of carriols, and many plump white ponies eating their heads off, the mothers with their foals beside them These people think nothing of coming 30 miles to service, by sea or land, and throughout the interminable office they preserve an earnest and hushed decorum.—North American Review

The Last Days of Carlyle.

He generally spends his mornings till about half past 2 o'clock between lying on the sofa reading in his easy chair and smoking an occasional pipe, writes Carlyle's niece Mary to his sister Mrs Hanning in The Atlantic At half past 2 he goes out to drive for two or two and a half hours, sleeps on the sofa till dinner time (half past 6) then after dinner sleeps again, at 9 has tea, reads or smokes or talks or lies on the sofa till bedtime, which is usually about midnight, and so ends the day He looks very well in the face, has a fine, fresh, ruddy complexion and an immense quantity of white hair, his voice is clear and strong, he sees and hears quite well But for the rest, as I have said, he is not good at moving about In general he is wonderfully good humored and contented, and, on the whole, carries his 84 years well He desires me to send you his kind love and his good wishes As you know, he writes to nobody at all I do not think he has written a letter even dictated one, for over a year

Minnesota's Ancient Rocks.

Professor Winchell of Minneapolis considers the greenstone of Minnesota the oldest known rock and as representing the original crust of the earth The lower series of it is purely igneous, the upper or 'clastic' series consists of greenstone, more silicious rocks and conglomerates, more or less altered by heat Hitherto it has been supposed that the Laurentian granite and igneous rocks of Canada were the oldest rocks The silica and potash of the upper greenstones of Minnesota bespeak he thinks a primeval alkaline ocean with silica in solution From this ocean comes the great stock of the world's potash in the archaean rocks.—London Globe

Why He Was Interested.

"Every time you come here," said the waiter at the oyster house, "I notice that your eyes follow me all over the room. Do I remind you of somebody you used to know?"

"No, that isn't the reason," replied the guest "I've been here a hundred times, I reckon, and I never saw you when you didn't have a three days' growth of beard on your face. Excuse me for asking, but how do you manage it? Do you shave yourself with a barber's clippers?"

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

HIS GREAT LOSS.

How the Mean Man Suffered In the Cyclone.

"I was in your town when you had that cyclone two or three years ago," he said to his fellow traveler when he learned that he was from St. Louis.

"Oh, you were?"

"Yes, and I haven't got things rightly settled in my mind yet. I was stopping with my cousin, and his was one of the first houses wrecked. I wasn't in the house at the time. I had the backache and had gone to the drug store for a porous plaster. I got the plaster and had started back when the cyclone struck."

"And were you injured?" was asked.

"Had an arm broken and was all banged up. I got out from under a telegraph pole and staggered along to the house, but there wasn't any house there. I was looking around when my cousin comes up and says:

"'Jim, where's the house?'

"'Dunno,' I said.

"'Where's my wife?'

"'Dunno.'

"'Where's my children?'

"'Dunno.'

"'But you went out for a porous plaster, Jim, and where is that?'

"And it was gone!" exclaimed the old man as he threw up his hands—"clean gone and never could be found. My cousin's wife and children turned up all right, being only scared and bruised, but that porous plaster is missing to this day and probably always will be."

"That was rather tough," consolingly replied the St. Louisan.

"I should remark that it was! That plaster cost me 25 cents in cold cash, and I hadn't even pulled the cloth off!"—A. B. Lewis in New York World.

"The Die Is Cast."

It was in a voice strangely calm that he uttered the words, and even the most careful observer would have failed to detect in the smooth, even tones the faintest note of hopelessness or despair.

Yet he was no fatalist looking forward philosophically to the fulfillment of destiny, no superstitious believer in the irrevocable.

No, he was simply an assistant in a firm of stationers.

"The die is cast," he said, "but it will be another day before we can finish the printing."

And the customer, who had ordered a ream of addressed note paper, said very well, he'd call in again tomorrow. —Ally Sloper.

Smacks of the Emerald Isle.

Mrs. Brownjohn—Good gracious, Bridget! What is that dreadful patch of oil on the carpet?

Bridget—Shure, ma'am, an it's that baste of a lamp!

Mrs. Brownjohn—Did you upset it, then?

Bridget—That I didn't, ma'am. I just turned it down, as you told me, ma'am, before blowin it out, an shure there must have been somethin gone quare with the top av it, for the oil came pouring out on the floor, just as you see it, ma'am!—Nuggets.

Defined.

There is a boy now in an academic grade at the "Poly" who, because of his acumen, will probably become either a lawyer or a newspaper man. At the close of a lesson in grammar a few days since the teacher was explaining the new work for the next day, a study of word forms in gender. Turning to this boy, he said, "Now, what would you call the feminine of stag?"

Like a flash came the reply, "An afternoon tea."

Obliged to Point.

"How did those people get the impression that I was a deaf mute?" said Willie Wishington.

"I guess they must have seen you ordering your dinner from that French bill of fare," answered Miss Cayenne. —Washington Star.

Going Too Far.

Pilgarlic—My wife promised ever to be true to me.

Stiffins—Well, so she is, isn't she?

Pilgarlic—Yes, but she goes too far. This morning she told me I hadn't the sense of a yaller dog.—Boston Transcript.

With All Improvements.

First Tramp—I hear they are building a new jail with all modern improvements.

Second Tramp—That won't do us no good. You'll need a pull to get in there. —Fliegende Blatter.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

Her Idea of It.

Marian, 4 years old, is a little Mount Vernon girl who attends Sunday school. Not long ago the golden text of the week chanced to be the verse from Matthew commencing, "Let your light so shine." The verse was rather long for Marian, though her mamma tried throughout the week to instill into the child's mind not only the words, but their meaning.

When Sunday came, the little maid trotted off to Sunday school with her older brothers and sisters, and when the teacher asked her for the golden text she promptly slid from her seat and convulsed the class by repeating gravely:

"Keep your gas burnin."—New York Truth.

Greater Agility.

The Pug—You and your tramp master share and share alike, don't you?

The Cur—Not always. You see, I kin dodge kicks better'n he kin.—New York Journal.

Sleeplessness.—When the nerves are unstrung and the whole body given up to wretchedness, when the mind is filled with gloom and dismal forebodings, the result of derangement of the digestive organs, sleeplessness comes to add to the distress. If only the subject could sleep, there would be oblivion for a while and temporary relief. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will not only induce sleep, but will act so beneficially that the subject will wake refreshed and restored to happiness.

Inconnyto.

Oh, Willie, Kaiser Willie,
Is it honest what they say?
They tell me that you're going
Far across the briny way.
They tell me that to Cadiz
Oh, my Willie, you will go,
And stranger yet they whisper
That it is inconnyto!

Oh, Willie, Kaiser Willie,
I am filled with wild surprise,
To think of you as hiding
'Neath a commonplace disguise.
You surely cannot do it,
For your vanity, I know,
Would burst the stoutest buttons
Of the blamed inconnyto.
—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Pale sickly children should use Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. Worms are one of the principal causes of suffering in children and should be expelled from the system.

The New Play.

The play was dull from end to end.
The dramatist addressed his friend:
"If not a hit, 'twas not a miss;
I did not hear a single hiss."
"True," said his friend, "but tell me whether
A man can hiss and gape together?"
—Brooklyn Life

Street Car Accident.—Mr. Thomas Sabin, says: "My eleven year-old boy had his foot badly injured by being run over by a car on the street railway. We at once commenced bathing the foot with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, when the discoloration and swelling was removed, and in nine days he could use his foot. We always keep a bottle in the house ready for any emergency."

Busy.

"Do you find the cares of state fatiguing?" inquired the interviwer.

"Fatiguing!" echoed Li Hung Chang. "I should say so. It keeps me busy seeing how many Russian rubles there are in an English pound and then getting the result in Chinese taels, so as to make sure who is offering the most money."—Washington Star.

CONSUMPTION.

What a Well-Known Medical Journal Says About the King of Disease.

"This is essentially an age of scientific progress, Science and invention go hand in hand. Thanks to a distinguished chemist consumption is robbed of its terrors, deprived of its destructiveness, and this insidious disease can first be relieved and then cured. But to accomplish a cure that is final and effective there must be constant persistency in treatment and right living. The sufferer must take the right medical relief, rightly administered. By the labor, skill and research of an eminent chemist, T. A. Slocum, consumption can be both relieved and cured."—Medical Tribune.

Three free sample bottles of the Slocum Cure will be sent to any sufferer from consumption, lung or throat troubles or general debility, if name, address and express office are sent to The T. A. Slocum Co., Limited, 176 King street west, Toronto, Ont. This is a genuine offer, and if the reader is—or knows a friend who is—a sufferer, send at once for the free samples and mention this paper.

Thanks!

John—The doctor says there's nothing much the matter with you. You want change.

Mary—I've wanted it for long; that's what's pulled me down. Give me all the change you've got in your purse now, John, for a start, and I'll soon get better.—Pick Me Up.

Creepy.

Fanny—Do you ever have a creepy sensation?

Sally—Not since Jack shaved off his whiskers.—Comic Cuts.

Horticultural.

Daisy (to her father's gardener)—What do you call those flowers, William?

William—Them be 'ollyoxes, missie.

Daisy—No, William, not hollyoxes, hollyoxen.—Punch.

Sadly Changed.

Dasherly—A good beginning makes a bad ending.

Downtrod—That's so! I didn't tremble a bit during my marriage ceremony. —New York Journal.

A Chilly Undertaking.

If the north pole is discovered—
But it won't be, so we're told—
No one will dare to climb it where
The climate is so cold.
—L. A. W. Bulletin.

The Law of Approximation.

Blinks—Do you suppose it's ever possible to come anywhere near the size of a man's income?

Jinks—Yes: just take the figure he gives to the assessor, add it to the figure he tells his friends, and then divide the result by two, and you'll have it near enough.—Town Topics.

Her Reply.

Softleigh—Bobby, did you—aw—tell yonah sister that I am waiting?

Bobby—Sure.

Softleigh—And what did she—aw—say?

Bobby—She said you ought to get a job like that in a restaurant.—Chicago News.

A Believer.

"Senator Googie believes in expansion, doesn't he?" asked the common voter.

"I think he does," replied the reporter. "At any rate he blew me up when I awakened him at 2 a. m. to find out about it."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Finishing Touch.

Contract Builder—Got that house done?

Assistant—Yes, just finished it.

Builder—All right. Now measure it and see if it's in accordance with the architect's plans.—New York Weekly.

A Judicial Opinion.

Cholly—How do you know she won't marry you, deah boy?

Chappie—Precedent, me deah fellah. She nevah has married any one.

Cholly—That's so, by Jove!—New York World.

A Proposal.

Molly—You are only an apology for a man.

Cholly (unabashed)—Will you—aw—accept the apology, Miss Molly?—New York Journal.

Does Just as Well.

"My employer is so queer; I can't tell when he's pleased."

"Well, you can tell when he's displeased, can't you?"—Chicago Record.

A BRITISH SOLDIER

Tells how Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills Conquer Disease.

Like the conquering armies of Britain, which are marching to victory in every quarter of the globe, Milburn's Heart

and Nerve Pills are everywhere triumphing over sickness, weakness and suffering.

Mr. David Walsh, of Carleton Place, Ont., a man who has served with distinction and credit in the British army, and is now an employee of the C. P. Railway, says, "While in the army I got broken down, and my nervous system was completely shattered.

"I was much troubled with liver complaint, loss of appetite, etc. My rest became broken and was disturbed by vivid dreams. This had been going on for 14 years, although I took a great many remedies to escape from the troubles which afflicted me.

"However, I got no relief until I started to take Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, which I used together with Laxa-Liver Pills, and now after having used a few boxes, I am better than I have been for years. My nerves are restored to full force and vigor, I eat and sleep well, and my entire system has been toned and strengthened."

"Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, 50c. a box, or 3 for $1.25, at all druggists.

"Laxa-Liver Pills," says John Doherty, 35 North Street, St. John, N.B., "cured me of Constipation and distress after eating. Their action is natural and effective."

Minards Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

OUT OF DEATH'S SHADOW.

THE EXPERIENCE OF A LADY WHO HAD GIVEN UP HOPE.

Tortured With Pains in the Stomach for Four Years—Doctors and Hospital Treatment Failed to Help Her—In Her Extremity Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Restored Her to Health.

From the Pembroke Observer.

Wherever man is to be found there also, side by side with him, is disease and suffering. Those who have devoted their lives to the alleviation of the suffering and bodily weakness of human organization are surely benefactors of their kind, and deserve the praise of all mankind. For special honors in this line may be pointed out the discoverer of that wonderful remedy, Dr. Wiliams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Recently the case of Mrs. Maggie Brunette, of Chichester, Que., came prominently under the notice of the Observer reporter. He felt it to be his duty, on hearing of Mrs. Brunette's restoration from prostrate illness to health, to interview the lady and record her experience for the benefit of others who may need the healing influences of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, Mrs. Brunette's farm house was found to be very comfortable and even elegant, located near the base of an immense hill, an outguard of the Laurentian Mountains. The reporter was warmly welcomed and Mrs. Brunette said she was very glad to have an opportunity to testify to the great benefit Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had conferred upon her. She is 42 years of age now. Her husband, the late Chas. Brunette, died 14 years ago, and after his death she worked very hard for some years, with the result that she became completely run down, so much so that, although quite tall, she weighed only about 90 pounds. After taking the slightest food she felt such distress that she was compelled to lie down for hours, being so weak that she was unable to sit up. At last she thought she must have been attacked by cancer of the stomach, so violent were the pains that constantly harassed her. She consulted the best physicians and spent more than a hundred dollars in treatment and medicine, in addition to which she spent nine weeks in the hospital at Pembroke. But withal she was ill four years and despaired of ever being well. Finally she decided to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a trial, and accordingly she procured six boxes. Although they benefited her almost from the time she began taking them, she kept on taking the pills until she had taken sixteen boxes, and then felt that she was completely cured, the pills accomplishing in three months what four years of Medical treatment had failed to do. From that time, nearly three years ago, Mrs. Brunette has been in good health, needing no medicine. "You can see," said Mrs. Brunette, as the reporter was departing, "that I am in perfect health, I attend to all my household work and the dairy and poultry, and have a large number of cows to milk. I never fail to say a good word for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills when I have an opportunity, for they did wonderful things for me." Mrs. Brunette is a well educated lady, speaking French and English fluently.

Why buy imitations of doubtful merit when the Genuine can be purchased as easily.

The proprietors of MINARD'S LINIMENT inform us that their sales the last year still entitle their preparation to be considered the BEST and FIRST in the hearts of their countrymen.

The Silly Poet.

A poet is a stupid duffer,
Videlicet, that old buffer
Who, in tripping meter, said,
"Tell me where is fancy bred?"

Why was he not, by some bumpkin,
With a noddle like a pumpkin,
Some dense, modern Tony Lumpkin,
To the baker's window led
And told, "There is fancy bre(a)d!"
—Ally Sloper.

The Flagging Energies Revived.—Constant application to business is a tax upon the energies, and if there be not relaxation, lassitude and depression are sure to intervene. The same comes from stomachic troubles. The want of exercise brings on nervous irregularities, and the stomach ceases to assimilate food properly. In this condition Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will be found a recuperative of rare power restoring the organs to healthful action dispelling depression, and reviving the flagging energies.

JUST A BAD COLD.

A sharp stinging pain in the back—you think it doesn't amount to anything—be all right in a few days—but it doesn't get all right—kidneys are not doing their duty, and the poisonous matter that they ought to remove is going all through the system—causing rheumatism, gout, dyspepsia, headaches, backaches—all sorts of ills.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Cure the disease by removing the cause.

W. D. Popham, Talbot St., St. Thomas, Ont., says: "I have for a long time had serious back and kidney trouble. My back was so stiff and painful that when I sat down I had to have something to assist me to get up. I have taken four boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills, and they have taken the stiffness and pain from my back and enabled me to straighten up without pain or difficulty."

Price 50c. a box, 3 for $1.25, all druggists. The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

A Real Blow.

"Winter is full of sad memories to me."

"Why so?"

"I once fed a girl on expensive ice cream all summer and she broke our engagement just as the chafing dish season set in."—Exchange.

Wasted Energy.

Oh, something to deplore is
That wasted hour when
We tell hair raising stories
To stark baldheaded men!
—L. A. W. Bulletin.

So rapidly does lung irritation spread and deepen, that often in a few weeks simple cough culminates in tubercular consumption. Give heed to a cough, there is always danger in delay, get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and cure yourself. It is a medicine unsurpassed for all throat and lung troubles. It is compounded from several herbs, each one of which stands at the head of the list as exerting a wonderful influence in curing consumption and all lung diseases.

England carries about 58 per cent. of the sea-borne merchandise of the world

SNAP For the Brain Worker.

STRENGTH For the Physical Worker.

STAMINA For Men, Women and Children.

DR. WARD'S BLOOD & NERVE PILLS — DR. WARD'S BLOOD & NERVE PILLS

READ THE PROOF!

GENTLEMEN,—I have for a long time needed something to make blood and build up my system. My blood was watery and thin, lacking strength and vitality. Last January a friend said:—"Why not try Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills? They will supply the oxygen your blood needs and give you health and strength." I told him I was very skeptical as to any benefit that could be derived from any proprietary medicine and had no faith in them. There the matter rested until four months ago, when reading so much about what Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills have done for so many people with impoverished blood, I concluded to give them a trial. I have taken four boxes and my unbelief so far as Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills are concerned has been entirely removed. They are a splendid blood builder and strength restorer, and an invaluable medicine for weak, enervated people. This has been my experience, they having given me strength of body and strong healthy blood.

(Signed), PETER LAWRENCE WHYTE,
988 Queen St. West, Toronto, Ont.

All good druggists can supply you. If they won't, we will by mail. Price 50c. per box; 5 boxes for $2.00. THE DOCTOR WARD COMPANY, Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Business Scheme.

"Yes," said the business man, "in my youthful days I lived a year on a $500 bill and had the bill left at the end of the year."

"How did you do that?" asked the young man.

"I would show the bill and then borrow $10 or $20 because I did not want to break it."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

We beg to call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills in this paper. The firm have also placed on the market Dr. Ward's Liver Pills which have already proved to be a most excellent family medicine as a cure for constipation dyspepsia, biliousness, etc. They are sold at 25c per vial, or 5 for 1, or mailed on receipt of price by the Dr. Ward Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diptheria.

FILE UP!

WHY don't you use the best fyling system in the world, when you can get - - -

The Genuine Shannon Fyle

For 50c.

Don't miss this offer. Write for prices on Stationery, School Supplies, Law Forms, etc.

The Ford Stationery Co.,
407 Main St. Winnipeg, Man.

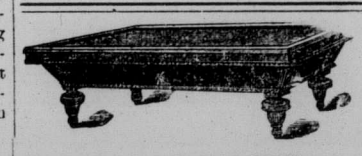
WHITE STAR

Is now a Household word, and stands as a guarantee of PURE GOODS, HIGH QUALITY and LOW PRICE.

White Star Baking Powder

Is Absolutely Pure, keeps Fresh and Full Strength till used. . . . Try it.

THE DYSON-GIBSON CO



BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES, NEW AND SECOND-HAND. BOWLING ALLEY AND SUPPLIES. Large catalogue free. THE REID BROS., 257 King West, Toronto.

W. R. ALLAN,
General Insurance Agent,

FIRE Companies Represented:
Quebec Fire Assurance Co.
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All classes of Insurances transacted and losses promptly and satisfactorily settled.

SAFES **VICTOR** SAFES
KARL K. ALBERT, GEN. AGT.
407 MAIN ST., WINNIPEG,
Next door to P. O.

SNAPS FOR CASH.

Household Safes, small size, - - $12.00
Household Safes, large size, - - 30.00

Just the thing for a Christmas present. Both useful and ornamental.

Merchants' Safes, all sizes and prices; on easy terms or cash. Come and see them or write for quotations. Special prices during November and December.

ELECTRO PLATING.

Gold, Silver, Nickle, Brass, Copper, etc.
Oxydizing and Lacquering.
ANYTHING AND EVERYTHING.
WINNIPEG PLATING CO.
331 Notre Dame Street.

W N U. 26

$50 to $10,000 INVESTED CAN be doubled within one year. We do not invest it in Bucket shops or mining stocks, but in railroad shares selling at low prices, that we know are going to advance; we buy the scrip out and register it in the purchaser's name and send it to him. Twelve years established. Bank references and the most reputable people in Vermont. References throughout Canada. We have the largest business of the class in the United States. KNOTT & CLOSSON, Bankers and Brokers, Burlington, Vt., U. S. A.

Holloway's Corn Cure is a specific for the removal of corns and warts. We have never heard of its failing to remove even the worst kind.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Royal Crown Soap

Grand Weekly Free Sewing Machine Competition

3 New Williams, No. 6

Drop Head, Sewing Machines,
Value $65, Each
Given away weekly for Royal Crown Wrappers and Coupons, viz:

WINNIPEG, 1 each week.
MANITOBA, outside of Winnipeg, 1 each week.
N. W. T. and ONTARIO, east to Schrieber, 1 each week.

Ask your Grocer for a Coupon with every five bars of wrapped ROYAL CROWN SOAP. Full instructions on each Coupon.

First Drawing Monday, January 16, and each week thereafter until further notice.

Large List of Books and Beautiful Pictures still given away for ROYAL CROWN SOAP WRAPPERS to those who do not compete for the Sewing Machines. List mailed free on application.

THE ROYAL SOAP CO., Winnipeg.

Tastes differ about most things, but there are no two opinions about

Blue Ribbon Tea

All who have tried it know that in strength, richness and every quality that makes a Tea perfect Blue Ribbon is far superior to all others.

CARDSTON RECORD.

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Wednesday at Cardston.

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Editor and Proprietor.

Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance.
Advertising Rates on application.
In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisments they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisments will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

In case a subscriber does not receive THE RECORD weekly, notice should be sent to the publication office, Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta, when the complaint will be thoroughly investigated.

Copy for change of advertisments MUST not be in later than Saturday noon.

Cardston, February 1, 1899.

YOUNG FOLKS PARTY.

Master Willie Woolf has gone to Manitoba with his parents on their mission; before leaving he gave a party to some of his little friends, and having spent such a pleasant time, he wished his Mamma to have it published in our Cardston Record. She consented at once and prepared a nice little article, laid it by and was so very busy it was forgotten. Although a little tardy Willie shall have his wishes granted.

The afternoon, being very pleasant, the little folks had their sports in the open air which brought the rosey tinge to their cheeks and the healthful mirth to their eyes. At Mamma's call they came rushing into the house, and were served with cake, lemonade, nuts and candy, after which an hour or so was spent in songs and recitations, as follows:

First all sang, "God preserve our native land." Rec. by Maudie Mc Carty. Song by Maralda Allen and Grace Woolf. Closed by singing "God save the Queen."

The good-byes to Willie were said and the happy faces turned homeward.

May our Father in heaven bless the dear children that not one may stray from the path of rectitude and virtue. And may He bless and preserve our dear Willie that he may grow up as valiant and willing as his dear parents, to go forth and proclaim the everlasting Gospel to our Father's children on the earth. And as the power of God increases with His people may Willie be worthy of a share with the faithful, is the prayer of.

GRANDMA.

Mrs. Sarah Hinman and daughters have been spending several days at Pp. N. Hansen's ranch on the river.

A few people were at the Meeting House Monday night to hear a petition read. Very little interest was taken in the matter.

A Mr. Aldrid at Mt. View, while cutting wood, unfortunately amputated two of his toes. The accident happened on Saturday. Dr. Brant says his patient was resting easy when he left Mt. View on Sunday.

Mr. R. A. Pilling was in town Monday evening. He told of an accident which occurred last week to Mrs Pilling and children. While driving down hill in a carriage near their home, a bridle came off one of the horses and they dashed down the large hill, overturning the carriage as they passed through the gate. One of the children had a collar bone broken, while all received bruises and slight injuries. Had the horses not been caught by one of Mr. Pilling's sons just as the carriage was upset, very serious consequences would undoubtedly have resulted from the runaway.

Thursday it snowed all day; Friday was nice and warm with sun shining brightly; on Saturday there was a slight snow fall most of the day, while on Sunday a very heavy fall of the "beautiful" continued throughout the day and night; Monday it again snowed all day and as we go to press this Tuesday afternoon the ground is covered by a foot of the "beautiful", and an extremely cold blizzard is blowing from the north. The mail did not go out this morning.

80,000 feet of lumber from British Columbia has arrived. It is being hauled to the head of the Alberta Irrigation company's canal where it will be used in the construction of head-gates, flumes, etc.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

On Wednesday occurred a decided change in the weather.

C. F. Jensen, rancher, was in town this week.

It looks as though the United States will soon adopt the gold standard.

Some people pay so much attention to their reputation that they lose their character.

Manager J. P. Low, of the Cardston Company, Ltd., returned home from Utah on Wednesday evening.

The report published in our last week's paper that Levi Harker's family had been quarantined on account of scarlet fever was erroneous.

J.P. Low is down from Alberta, Canada, having been called to his former home by the illness of his mother.—Logan Journal.

The people that have no faith in the North-West, are as exceptional and as sceptical as the old lady who put mucilage on the back of every postage stamp she used.

THE RECORD begins its second six month's existance with a good sized subscribers' list; with healthy advertising columns and without owing a dollar to any man.

Rev. Gavin Hamilton, of Cardston, who with his wife and child are in town, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Hudson, will conduct the service, morning and evening, on Sunday next, in the Presbyterian church.—Macleod Gazette.

THE RECORD has the agency for CLEVELAND BICYCLES. Can sell you a good one for $40, or a better one for $90. Ladies' Bicycles from $40, up to $80. Now is the time to order your Bicycle. The Cleveland Bicycle is the BEST made.

The publisher who neglects to identify his paper with his town, by omitting the name of the latter from running heads and the card over the editorial column, fails to do his duty to his town and loses no small benefit himself.—Newspaperdom.

In his Message Gov. Wells recommended an appropriation of $500 for the Leper hospital in Skull Valley. Three patients are confined there, and since their confinement there have been no new cases of leprosy reported.—Tooele (Ut.) Transcript.

As for everything else this has so far been a splendid winter for sheep. Mr. Levi Harker, one of the principal sheep-owners in this district, says he has not lost any and that prospects for sheep are unusually good. At no distant day the sheep industry in this district will rival the great cattle business of Alberta.

A striking illustration of the indispensibility of local newspapers to the success of local merchants is afforded by the suspension of the Chicago newspapers. During the four days the papers were not published the volume of the business of Chicago's advertising merchants fell off one-half as a direct result of there having no medium of communication with the buying public.

We have it from the very best authority that Dr. L. G. De Veber, M. L. A. will visit this part of the district before the meeting of the Legislative Assembly. This will be the opportunity for the people here to bring to the attention of Our Member those clauses in the Village Ordinance which it is to the interest of the townspeople to have amended, viz: regarding haystacks and stovepipes.

An advertisement should offer something that the people want, and something which they cannot get everywhere on equally good terms; there must be some element of superiority or novelty. A baker might advertise "good bread at the market price" and attract no customers, but if he advertises "bread made by an improved process" "better bread" or "larger loaves," these announcements would be noticed.—Printers' Ink.

It is surprising the amount of lumber that is hauled into Cardston every week. Thousands of dollars could be kept in the district if only there was a good lumber mill close at hand; there is a splendid opening here for such an enterprise. Only twenty miles or so from Cardston in the Rocky Mountains, there are millions of large trees waiting for the lumberman's axe. A good lumber mill is one of the crying needs of Cardston. The Alberta Irrigation company alone will use about a million feet of lumber during the present year. All of this is to be shipped in as we have no lumber mill to supply the million feet.

COAL, COAL, COAL!

Clarke Mine, - - - - - - Belly River.

$2.25 per ton at the Mine.

Delivered in Cardston for $5.00 per ton.

Orders may be left at Co-op or Allen store.

There is a rebellion in Samoa.

Mr. Thos. Gregson of Ætna was in town on Monday.

Mr. Peter Allen was transacting business in town on Saturday.

D. H. Caldwell Jr. was in here from Mt. View one day last week.

Our Job Department this week printed some bill-heads for Mr. Hyrum Hansen, merchant of Ætna.

The usual after holiday reaction it now felt in our business circles; the stores are doing very little business just now.

Even if we never have an opportunity to perform a famous deed, we always have a good chance to perform a noble one.

The reason there are so many ignorant people in this world is that they spend to much of their time talking about nothing.

Sleep cures more diseases then all the medicine that ever was taken. And sleep drowns more sorrow than all tender words of affection.

Judging from the numerous newspaper notices received by Pres. C. O. Card in Utah he is surely doing a great deal of missionary work in oider to interest the people down there in our country.

President Charles O. Card of the Alberta mission, Canada, has paid us a visit, and is talking up Alberta as a good place for people who are not permanently situated to make good homes.—Salt Lake Herald Manti Corr.

Don't wait idly for your opportunity, with folded hands, or for some gift of the gods to fall into your lap. Go and turn something up. Make your opportunity, as all leaders in life's battle,—men or women.—must.

C. O. Card and wife, Zina Y. Card, of Canada, are in Provo visiting friends and relatives. During their present stay in Utah they are trying to interest their friends in taking up land in the Alberta country.—Salt Lake Herald.

Logan, Jan. 18.—J. P. Low, formerly of Smithfield, but now located in Alberta, Canada, came down from that place this morning to attend the bedside of his mother, who is critically ill at her home in the former city.—Salt Lake Herald.

Of a total area of 39,725,130 acres of land in Manitoba and the Territories set apart as bonuses to railways 28,561,354 acres have been earned by construction. Of this amount only 2,093,707 have been patented and thereby become subject to local taxation.

What an ass that fool Hearst is making of himself in his New York Journal and San. Francisco Examiner over the question of polygamy. Because the idiot has a few millions he thinks it is his right to run the world, all of the planet Mars and most of Jupiter.

G. H. V. Bulyea, M. L. A., for south Qu'Appelle, is now Commissioner of Agriculture and Territorial Treasurer. Hitherto Messrs. Haultain and Ross have each borne three portfolios, the former being Attorney General, Territorial Treasurer and head of the Education department, and Mr. Ross Commissioner of Public Works and Agriculture and Territorial Secretary. Mr. Haultain retains the Education and Attorney General's departments, and Mr. Ross the Public Works and Secretary's departments.

SOCIAL GATHERING.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Duce gave a pleasant party Thursday evening, Jan. 26th. The party was given on the completion of their new residence and during the evening dedicatory services were held and prayer offered by Patriarch Henry L. Hinman.

The guests partook of an excellent supper and a pleasant social evening was spent.

Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Hinman; Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Woolf; Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Allen; Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Low; Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Hammer; Mr. and Mrs. Levi Harker; Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Ibey; Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Bates; Mr. and Mrs. N. H. Wardle; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Duce; Mrs. Sarah B. Daines, Mrs. Attena Williams; Messrs. Robt. Ramsbottom, Orson Daines George Duce and Edgar Duce.

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

Wheat and oats taken on subscription at this office.

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50 *

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, both one year for $2.50.

FOR SALE—Model 1 Improved Hand Printing Press. Chase 5x8. At RECORD Office.*

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends. 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

FOR SALE: Four room house Good well water. Nice location. Enquire at RECORD office, next to Bank. *

When you want to sell or buy anything, place a notice in THE RECORD, and you will be pleased with the result.

FOR SALE.—Ranch, 160 acres, ½ mile from Ætna. House, barn, well, 40 acres broke. Enquire at THE RECORD Office.

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

We will print your name and address on 250 nice XXX White Laid Envelopes for $1.50. The Envelopes alone would cots you $1. at any of the stores.

When you want receipt or note Books call at THE RECORD Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts. You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

The Western Assurance Company, of Toronto, whose capital is $2,000,000, is one of the strongest of the fire insurance companies in Canada. The Editor of the Record has the agency for the Western. It pays to have your buildings insured aginst loss by fire.

People who feel hurt that notices of births, accidents, etc., in their families do not appear in this paper must consider that it is impossible for our reporter to learn all of these things unless he is told. We are pleased at all times to get such notices, and request our readers to send a note to this office, or tell our reporter when he is seen on the streets.

Subscribe for THE RECORD.

CONFERENCE NOTICE.

The Ward Conferences will be held as follows:

Mountain View, Sunday, Jan. 29th.

Leavitt, Sunday, Feb. 5th.

Ætna, Sunday, Feb. 12th.

The Weekly Globe, Toronto, $1.00 a year. THE RECORD has agency.

THE CHINOOK.

"The chinook that has been prevailing for the past three days is one of the wonders of the Pacific coast," says the Rossland Miner. "In the present instance it has performed the titantic task of removing two or three feet of snow from a vast area of country. It is a warm, dry, westerly wind that prevails in the winter from California as far north as the Peace River. It brings with it a vernal mildness of temperature that makes one almost forget it is winter. It is paralleled by the winds called the fohn in Switzerland, and similar winds that prevail in Greenland, New Zealand and some other portions of the world."

* * *

"The fact that the Japan current pleys an important part in the climate of the entire Pacific coast is well understood by weather experts. The Pacific coast papers are now discussing a plan by which the Japanese current and the important part it plays in making our climate may be better understood to the end that the weather may be forecast. It is claimed by the coast papers and particularly those of Oregon and Washington, where the rainfall is always large, that with an appropriation of $25,000 observations can be taken of the current that will enable them to predict several months ahead whether the season will be mild or hard, early or late, hot or cold."

This chinook wind has been sweeping over Cardston and surrounding country for weeks past. It makes winter rival summer in warmth and mildness.

"The People's Store."

New Year's Bargains.

For 30 days we will sell at Wholesale Prices. Ladies Fur & Cloth Capes & Coats and many other odd lines, in order to make room for our spring goods. Come & see for yourself.

Produce taken in exchange.

We take pleasure in announcing to the public that we are: The Sole Agents for the Celebrated Bain & Cooper Wagons; two carloads will be here about the last of February. Also a car of the Cockshutt Plows & Farming Implements. Call early & get Prices & Terms: Sure to please you. It will save you money to leave your orders now for any of the above.

A Car of Furniture now on the way. Prices equal to T. Eaton's of Toronto.

Shilling's Best Teas and Baking Powder.

WANTED.

Men and teams to haul lumber.

Higest Prices Paid for Beef Hides and Furs of - all kinds. -

The Cardston Co. Ltd

The Record one year $ 2.00

Hooked up at last.
HARNESS & SADDLERY.
Give us a call and examine stock. We have dandy
HORSE BLANKETS.
REPAIRING A SPECIALITY.
Quality first. Prices right.
S. H. Horner,
CARDSTON, Next Kearl's Livery Stable

You Know
Wolsey & Evans,
Contractors & Builders,
W. M. Wolsey. James Evans.
Cardston, - - Alberta.

MR. THOS. DUCE'S HOME.

Although several weeks have elapsed since Mr. and Mrs. Thos Duce moved into their new residence, it has just been finished by paper-hanger and painter. The building is a large frame two story cottage, double boarded with paper between, sided and lath and plastered, which will surely insure a warm, comfortable home. The first floor is divided off into a hall and stairway, on one side of which is a drawing room and on the opposite side sitting room, kitchen and pantry. The second floor is divided between bedrooms and hallway. Clothes closets are off the bedrooms and under the stairway is a closet for rubbers, etc. All of the rooms are nicely papered and painted, and the whole house is nicely laid out and conveniently arranged with the object being that of comfort. The location is a good one and from the front room in the second story a splendid view of Cardston can be had. The woodwork was done by R. C. Beck and the painting by Samuel Cox.

Henry O. Phipps, the gentleman who was so seriously hurt by having a load of logs fall upon him a month or two ago, was in Cardston on Thursday.

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.
All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.
Cardston, ... Alberta.

- Samuel Cox, -
Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting, & Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
CARDSTON. . . ALBERTA.

Read THE RECORD
THE
CARDSTON RECORD
2.00 per year.

The Record $2.00

H. W. SAVORY,
Boundary Creek (Cardston P. O.) Alta.
Saddle & Work Horses For Sale.

WHAT CARDSTON NEEDS.

A lime kiln.
A railroad.
Shoe shop.
A drug store.
A tailor shop.
A brick kiln.
Graded streets.
A lumber yard.
A roller flour mill.
An amusement hall.
An immigration building.
Tri-weekly mail service.
Commodious school house.
Board of trade, or chamber of commerce.
Ten thousand more good citizens added to the thousand already here.

Subscribe for THE RECORD.

The Record $ 2.00

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1899. NO. 28.

THE PETITION.

Following is the petition to be presented to the Legislative Assembly at its next meeting, which explains itself.

To the Honerable,

The House of Assembly North West Territories now assembled.

The petition of the undersigned residents of Cardston and surrounding District, humbly showeth.

That the people of this District are looking forward in the hope and expectation that an amendment of Clause four and nine Sec. forty-three of the Village Ordinance be introduced at this presant Session.

Our record for success as a colonizing people is recognised and universally cenceded, we have subdued deserts, made the wilderness fruitful, and filled sterile valleys with towns, villages, and fruitful fields. Our success has been largely due to the mode of colonization, we have always believed, and proved by actual demonstration, that the cultivation of as small an area of land for the support of one family is much better than trying to cultivate too much, therefore our people do not scatter out, but centralize their efforts. Every owner of a farm is a property holder in our villages or hamlets, and in the winter they remove from their ranches into said villages for educational, religious and social advantages, this has been customary with us ever since we became a people and if we cannot centralize, emmigration to this country, so far as we are concerned, will be retarded.

Under the Village Ordiance, in its entirety, we cannot comply and remain in Cardston, as our lots are not large enough to allow us to have our hay stacks the prescribed distance requird, this will be detrimental to our building up this part of the country. We have several plots for villages mapped out but are remainig inactive owing to that part of the village ordinance which is detrimental to our interests.

Should Clause 4. read as amended "Stacks one hundred feet from any building containing fire" and Clause 9. Sec. 43. read "also tin thimbles, and chimneys as passed by insurance companies" we can comply with the law and push forward the colonization of this part of Southern Alberta.

And your petitioners as in duty bound will ever pray.

TEACHING THE CHILD.

A child of six can concentrate its mind for seven minutes; at eight its attention may be held for ten minutes; at twelve sevbateen minutes is as long as the mind should be directed to one theme—so say men whose study has been the education of the child-brain. Granting this, it is very evident that most children are taxed beyond their strength. The rule should be never to allow work after the brain and nerves have become fatigued. Children are chided for restlessness and inattention, when too often the fault is entirely on the side of their teachers. A bright ambitious boy or girl will always try and respond to the demands made upon his or her intelligence, and under the spur of emulation may go so far as to work their nervous systems into a condition from which they may never entirely recover. Many of the confirmed neurotics of today may blame their ill-advised parents and over-zealous teachers for broken down health.

It should be known that the brain of a boy of 14 weighs actually less than that of one of 12; no wonder if he be lazy and careless, his body is building at a rate that taxes all his strength, and at such a time any forcing of his intellectual powers must be a grave mistake. From 16 years until 20, however, education may be pushed, because then the receptive powers are greatest, while the lad's strength is usually enough to permit him to tax it without any serious results to his health.

Little children are brightest between 8.30 and 11:30 in the morning, and their most difficult tasks should always be set them between those hours. Afternoon studies ought to be light, while any evening work is merely cruelty, and might with advantage be forbidden by the law.—Free Press.

Subscribe for THE RECORD.

GO SLOW AT FIRST.

Quite a large percentage of the failures in advertising are due to the fact that the advertiser started in too heavy and got out of his debth before he had learned how to swim. All the big advertisers of today began cautiously and worked their way up gradually to the top.—Printer's Ink.

Possibilities for Western Farmers.

The begining of the new year is always a time for taking stock and making good resolutions for the future. It would be well for the farmer to take stock of the prospects that lie before him. What are the possibilities which the coming year and the ones follow to present to him? What new avenues of work and profit do they open up? In this connection we would call the attention of our numerous readers to the letter on "Manitoba Farm Produce" by "Dairyman," in the Correspondence column. It is a thoughtful letter, and should be carefully read by every farmer. There are suggestions in this letter to set any farmer thinking seriously as to whether he is embracing as fully as it is possible for him to do the possibilities that lie before him.

It must not be forgotton, of course, that the great majority of the settlers of this country started with small means and had to adopt a line of work most suitable to their conditions. Wheat growing requires the smallest outlay of capital, and by it many farmers have gained a good home and acquired a competence for old age. It has been found so successful that farmers are loth to change from it, and perhaps no wonder, for they cannot at present see how they can make as much money any other way or make it as easily, either. There is another aspect of this subject which we wish the farmers to consider. No shrewd capitalist would invest his money in a business whose plant lays idle six months in the year. If he did, it would have to pay dividends in six months large enough to make a good one when spread over 12 months in the yeer. No matter how good the dividends, it would not be long, however, before such a capitalist would look up some side business to keep his plant going the other six months and in fact all the year, even though it curtailed his other business a little.

Wheat growing affords work for less than half the year. The dividends are generally good for six months, but when spread over twelve months they frequently are very small, often irregular and not to be depended upon. The question comes, then, what can be added as a side line which can be taken up during the remainder of the year, or, better still, continued through the whole year even, if it curtailed somewhat the amount of wheat grown. New lines of work, with good returns for each, present themselve for choice, stock raising hog raisng, dairying, poultry rasing and fattening, all of which present good openings. Any one of them, or several combined, could be taken up with advantage by the farmer. Study the tables given in cornection with the crop bulletin, the letter by "Dairyman" in lastand issue. Manitoba has not consumed all of the amount of products imported. Winnipeg business men are doing a business in the west which requires them to import these amounts of goods, which they would only be too pleased to buy from Manitoba farmers if they could.

Wheat growing is one of the lowest rounds in the ladder of agriculture, for the raw products of the soil are sold direct from the farm, carrying with them their fertility. It does not offer the scrope for the employment of skill in manufacturing the raw products of the farm into finished ones, that is presented by several other lines of work. As our farmers gain a better footing, it will be well for them to launch out into higher and more advanced systems of work. The possibilites before the farmer are very large and promising. We hope in the new year to see greater effort made to supply those markets that lie at our doors, and which can be supplied without materially reducing the present returns from grain growing, and thus greatly increase the total receipts of the farm. Nor' West Farmer.

The Weekly Globe, Toronto, $1.00 a year. THE RECORD has agency.

DIARY OF THE WEATHER.

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday were the three coldest days we have experienced this winter, and it was cold, too; especially on Tuesday, during which day a strong north wind, the blizzard in its worse form, came down in icey blasts which froze everything that was "freezable." When one tried to cut meat it would fly to pieces like glass, and everything was frozen in the same manner.

Wednesday was a cold day, but that bitting north wind had somewhat spent itself and a few of the bravest townspeople ventured to move from the immediate vicinity of the red-hot stove.

Thursday was another very cold day, not, however, so cold as Tuesday. So far the lowest the thermometer has registered is thirty-two below zero. The stage has not left here for Lethbridge yet, but they will try to get through tomorrow.

Friday, although very cold, was the mildest day of the week. The sky was clear, allowing the sun to shine brightly. The wind changed from north to west, and the indications are that we will have warmer weather tomorrow. The stage left here for Lethbridge this morning.

Saturday a cold wind from the west was the main feature.

Sunday, Monday and today, Tuesday, have been comparatively mild.

WOMEN NOT GOOD TO EAT.

"Woman is not good to eat."

That is one of the maxims laid down by the only American cannibal tribe, the Chunchos, who live in the mountainous border lands on the eastern verge of Peru.

These Chunchos are justly feared and hated by the Peruvians of the foothills and plains. They have been cannibals from the time of the Incas, and always, as now, fierce, wild and unapproachable.

The Chunchos, of whom the fiercest tribes are called Antes and Cascibaes, regard woman as a creature altogether of lower nature than man. Her duty is to till the fields and look after the children. Her flesh is poisonous, they say, because she is an impure being.—Ex.

VERY IMPORTANT.

There are a number of people in this vicinity who have built their houses on the line dividing the two homesteads. Such a thing is contrary to law, and those who have erected their houses on the line had better rectify their mistake before it is too late.

Following is the law:

"A settler should remember that 'residence' on the land means his own residence on it; not merely that of his family or of some one working for him. One house will not do for two homesteads, even when built on the line dividing the two homesteads; each settler must have a house of his own."

In a Few Weeks

We will begin the publication of

RUTH,

THE YOUNG JEWESS

BY C. EDGAR SNOW, AUTHOR OF

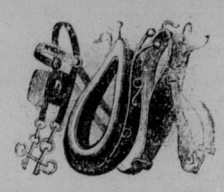
"Sister Gratia"

The story will be published as a serial. You should subscribe for THE RECORD previous to the publication of the opening chapters of "Ruth" in order to follow her through an interesting story.

When we have received the necessary number of subscribers, we will begin the publication of "RUTH, THE YOUNG JEWESS".

Hooked up at last.

HARNESS & SADDLERY.



Quality first. Prices right.

S. H. Horner,

CARDSTON, Next Kearl's Livery Stable

NOTICE.

Gay & Wight & Co., blacksmiths, have placed in my hand for collection all accounts outstanding at the time of dissolution of partnership.

Parties having accounts with said Firm will kindly settle same and save expenses.

C. E. Snow.

APPLICATION will be made at the next session of Parliament of Canada for an Act to amend the Act of Incorporation of the Alberta Irrigation Company by changing the name of the Company to The Canadian North West Irrigation Company; changing the place of head office to London, England; authorizing directors to vote by proxy; increasing capital stock to one million dollars; changing date of annual meeting to last Tuesday in October; and in other respects and for other purposes.

A. FERGUSON,
Solicitor for Applicants.

16th December 1898. [22—30]

Graphophone For Sale.

Columbia Graphophone, 26-inch horn, with folding stand, two-way hearing tube, and 85 records, all in perfect condition. Come and see it at this office.

Kearl Hotel

Kearl & Sharp, Props.

First Class in all Appointments.

$1.50 per day and upwards.

Meals, 40 Cents.

Livery, Feed & Sale Stables

Good outfits furnished at all hours.

Rates Reasonable.

Robert Ibey, Agent for

PIANOS & ORGANS.

Organs from $75 00 up to $175 00
Pianos " $250 00 " " 700 00

Sewing Machine
From $25 00 to $80 00.

Fire and Life Insurance.

Equitable Life (Assets $200,000,000.)
British America Fire Assurance Co.
Western Fire Assurance Co.

Agency, RECORD Office.

C. O. CARD,
SUB AGENT
DOMINION LANDS.
ALSO AGENT FOR
RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY
. . . AND . . .
PRIVATE LANDS.
Office Hours: 9 to 4.

Photograph Gallery

at the Residence of
S. LOW.
Open on clear days from 12 to 2 pm
Cardston, - - - Alberta.

HOTEL DE WOOLF

RATES, $1.50 PER DAY.
Livery & Feed Stable.
Cardston, - Alberta.

Meat Market.

Wm. Wood.

Smoked Tongue, Hams and Bacon.
My own cure.
Cash paid for hides.

For 30 days only

At H. S. Allen & Co's

Snaps in Clothings & Caps.

Men's	Suits	worth	$4 25	for	$3 25
"	"	"	6 25	"	4 75
"	"	"	8 00	"	6 00
"	"	"	10 50	"	8 00
"	"	"	12 00	"	9 00
"	"	"	14 00	"	10 50
Men's Fur Caps		"	1 50	"	1 15
"	"	"	2 25	"	1 50
Men's Caps		"	75	"	50

Rare Bargains in Ladies' goods.

25 per cent off on all Mantel Clothes.
20 " " " " " Dress Goods.
15c Flannelettes for 9c.
$3 50 Capes and Jackets for $2 50
6 25 " " " " 4 25
8 00 " " " " 6 00
12 50 " " " " 9 00

The Store for the People.

C. Edgar Snow, Banker,

Cardston, - - - Alberta.

1895 1899

A general banking business transacted.

LETHBRRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.

Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7:30 o'clock, a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $3.00; Round trip, $5.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.

MERCER & McCARTY PROPS.

Great Bargains

For Newspaper Readers

CLUB OFFERS

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News, both one year for .....$3.50.

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Montreal Family Herald and Weekly Star, both for....$2.75

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, for.....$2.50

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Toronto Weekly Globe both one year for.....$2.50

Don't send away for your Printing.

The RECORD Job Department does good Printing at fair prices.

Subscribe for The Record,

don't borrow it. Support your home paper, and get the news. The Cardston Record gives the local happenings and the news of the world. The subscription price is $2. a year.

Remittances to be sent to the publisher of

THE CARDSTON RECORD

CARDSTON, ALBERTA.

PARTED AT THE ALTAR.

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY.

But Doris shook her curly head with a dreary sigh.

That night Dr. Lancaster and his wife held quite a lengthy debate in their own apartments in reference to Doris, and, as usual, the determined little lady carried the point.

"Doris is pretty, and is graceful as a wild flower is graceful, I grant—but she lacks the culture that fits one for society, declared Mrs. Lancaster, energetically, "and it must be attended to without delay. Her education in music and the higher branches has been sadly neglected. We must engage competent persons to remedy this defect at once."

And so they settled the matter. Doris was an apt pupil, and progressed wonderfully with her studies. There was one incentive above all others that urged Doris on in her desire to fit herself for the social world that lay before her—she would be sure to meet Frederick Thornton there; that was the beginning and the end, the goal of her ambition.

She told herself she must see him just once; then she would be willing to shut herself away from the gay world forever after that one hour of triumph.

No timid young girl likes to discuss those vague, sweet heart-thoughts to a matter of fact old lady, and Doris shrank from even mentioning that pitiful, broken love-dream to practical Mrs. Lancaster.

Remembering Madame Delmar had declared Doris had eloped from the seminary, Mrs. Lancaster broached very carefully whether or not Doris had ever had a lover, and how she happened to leave the seminary to seek a position of governess in New York.

"I will speak of this matter just once," Doris replied, with a little sob in her voice. "I do not like to think of it. It is like opening an old wound. Madame Delmar turned me from the seminary door, because she was tired of keeping the penniless girl—who was dependent on her bounty—under her roof longer. I was forced to go out into the world And as for a lover—ah, Mrs. Lancaster, I had no lover. No one loved me; no one."

The time came at last when Miss Fielding, Doctor Lancaster's lovely ward, was finally launched upon the tidal wave of society. As Mrs. Lancaster had foreseen, she created quite a furore Receptions, parties, balls, followed each other in rapid succession, and pretty Doris was queen of them all. Yet she always came home with the same piteous pain in her lovely, childish eyes. It had been another evening lost out of her life, for she had not met Frederick Thornton.

Believing her dead, had he married Vivian and taken her abroad? From the moment this idea occurred to her, Doris had a feverish desire to go abroad.

An opportunity soon presented itself. Dr. Lancaster received a letter one day, urging his immediate presence in London, and it was arranged that his wife and Doris should accompany him on this flying trip.

The next steamer brought Karl.

"I though father might need me, perhaps," he said; but his mother knew better. She was sure Doris's bright eyes had been the magnet.

As time rolled on, Mrs. Lancaster began to grow anxious over her son; his deep adoring love for Doris was so marked, while she, in return, gave him only a sister's kindly friendship—nothing more.

All in vain pretty young girls gazed at the tall, handsome, fair-haired young American; he had no eyes for them; his whole thought, night and day, was of Doris—only of her.

"My patient love, my great devotion, must win love in return. I can wait for it," he told himself over and over again.

Three long years passed, and it seemed to Karl Lancaster he was further than ever from Doris's love. If ever a woman had been born without a heart, or it had turned to marble in her breast, that woman was Doris.

The three years spent abroad had done much for Doris; it had expanded her from the bud of girlhood into the bloom of perfect womanhood. She had been pretty as the child of seventeen. At twenty, taller by almost half a head, she had grown into the full, dazzling beauty of perfect womanhood.

Suitors sought her hand, laying love, fame and fortune at her feet; but to one and all she gave the same gracious answer:—

"I thank you for the kind compliment you pay me in asking me to be your wife. I am sorry you love me. I shall never marry—never."

When Mrs. Lancaster saw Doris dismiss one lover after another, a strange smile came to her lips.

"She must really like Karl. I am beginning to believe," she told herself.

She did not know that long since her handsome son had declared his love for Doris, only to be kindly but firmly refused. And he knew that which his mother never dreamed of—long since, in the shadowy past, Doris had given her heart to one who had not returned her love.

"It was only a girl's foolish, romantic love-dream," he told himself. "In time it will fade away from her memory; then I may stand some chance of winning her."

He was true to his promise. He never breathed one word of love to her; yet Doris could read it in his face, if she spoke one kind word to him, in the wistful expression of his eyes as they followed her about, and the trembling of his hand as it clasped hers in greeting.

"I am sorry for poor Karl!" she often murmured, when she was alone with her thoughts. "I, of all others in the world, know how to pity a person who loves one who cannot return that love. He is so patient, so kind; I am sorry for him—so sorry. Poor Karl!"

Leaving Doris for a little while, we must return to Frederick Thornton, and to that critical moment when he turned from the narrow path into the open glade, where Mr. Courtney awaited him, in company with the gentlemen who had been selected to act as seconds in the duel which was to take place.

He had barely reached the opening ere a strange sight burst upon his view. Scarcely a rod from where he stood riveted to the spot in amazement and dismay, he beheld the prostrate form of his would-be opponent stretched, face downward, on the greensward, with his friends bending over him with grave, white faces.

"Had foul play been done here? If so, he of all others would be suspected," Frederick told himself.

But he was no coward. Boldly he made his way up to the group standing around his prostrate foe.

They made way for him.

"There will be no duel, Mr. Thornton," explained one of the colonel's friends. "It seems that Colonel Courtney worked himself into such a passion of fury that he has been attacked by a very severe apoplectic stroke. We are about to improvise a stretcher and convey him home at once."

Deep and sincere was the regret Frederick felt for the colonel's affliction.

"I should never have aimed my revolver at him, gentlemen," he said. "I had intended to fire into the air."

As the duel was thus far practically abandoned, Frederick retraced his steps homeward.

That night he carried out his original intention of leaving Thornton Villa, taking care to send his address to the colonel.

His sisters wept, and his mother, clinging to the neck of this handsome, manly son, refused to be comforted.

"You are going abroad, Frederick," she said. "You may be gone long years. Perhaps I shall never see you again."

"Nonsense, mother," he declared. "I shall not be gone longer than three years—four at farthest. The time will soon slip around."

"And is it quite true you and Vivian have parted forever, my son?" she asked, wistfully. "Are you quite sure you do not love Vivian?"

"Never speak to me of love again, mother," he answered, huskily. "My heart is buried in little Doris' grave."

CHAPTER XXVII.—DORIS AND FREDERICK MEET AGAIN.

For three long and weary years Frederick Thornton traveled incessantly; but his great effort to forget Doris was all in vain. The sweet, dimpled, girlish face was between him and the sunshine—filled his thoughts—made his life one long regret.

"How strange it was," he often told himself, "that he had discovered his love for poor, pretty Doris in the very hour that he had lost her so cruelly!"

Three years had made little change in Frederick Thornton. He was the same handsome Frederick as of old; all save the gay, laughing sparkle in the dark, expressive eyes. That had died out of them forever, leaving them thoughtful and gloomy, with a look of brooding melancholy in them that never left them.

Pretty young girls sighed and smiled at the handsome American in vain. He seemed to be oblivious to the charms of fair women, or else marble-hearted, they often declared.

After three years of incessant traveling, fate brought him, one sunlit June morning, to the little village of Kent, lying among the Kentish hills. He was delighted to find there was a party of Americans stopping at the villa across the way. Strolling out upon the piazza of the hostelry, the first person whom his eyes rested upon was his old college chum, Karl Lancaster.

"Well, by all that's wonderful, if it isn't Fred Thornton!" exclaimed Karl, cheerily, as he wrung his old friend's hand in the greatest delight. "This is, indeed, a surprise. Where in the world did you drop from?"

"I came up from London for a few weeks' quiet," exclaimed Frederick, adding: "I return to New York at the end of the month."

"The deuce you do!" exclaimed Karl, impulsively. "Do you think I shall consent to lose my old chum so easily? No, indeed! You will make a valuable acquisition to our little party."

"Who is there among your party'?" inquired Frederick.

"Only my mother and father, father's ward—Miss Fielding—and myself. We have just got rid of two noble lords and an earl who persisted in following us about from place to place, having been smitten with father's ward; but finding their suit useless, one by one gave up in despair, and went his way."

Frederick smiled.

"You must come over and dine with us to-day, and I will present you to Miss Fielding; but I warn you beforehand, do not attempt to fall in love with her."

"No doubt you have hopes in that direction," smiled Thornton. "But you need not fear a rival in me. I have gotten over being a beauty worshiper. I always avoid women, when I can."

"I hope you are not going to turn out a cynical woman hater," declared Karl. "That would never do. Never!

"I shall expect you to dine with us to-day, and I shall not take 'No' for an answer," said Karl again, at parting.

"In that case, it would be useless to give any other answer than one in the affirmative," smiled Frederick; "so I shall probably put in an appearance some time during the afternoon. Kindly remember me to your father and mother."

After a little the friends parted, Karl going toward the villa, and Frederick Thornton strolling leisurely down the flower-strewn path that led toward the river that lay smiling beyond. How long he stood there, in a dreamy reverie, on the primrose bordered bank he never knew. He was aroused at length by the sound of hurried footsteps, and turning his head slightly, a sight met his view that he never forgot until his dying day. From an abrupt curve in the path—seemingly from out of the very heart of a thicket of roses—stepped a young girl, a tall, slim, lovely creature, graceful as a fawn, with a face so radiantly lovely in its fair, dimpled, girlish beauty as to almost take his breath away at the first fatal glance. Surely the summer sunlight had never fallen upon a fairer picture than this beautiful, golden-haired young girl.

She was hurrying along so swiftly, she did not perceive the tall, handsome stranger leaning against the trunk of a tree, gazing at her so intently.

She passed so near Frederick, he could have put out his hand and touched her dress; and suddenly, in that instant, a passing, sportive breeze caught the broad sun-hat that was tilted down over her curls, lifted it from her head, and hurled it directly at Frederick Thornton's feet.

Quickly he stooped to recover it.

"Permit me," he said, extending the hat by its blue ribbon with one hand, and raising his own with a courteous bow with the other.

The young girl started back with a low cry of terror, and looked into his face, clutching one hand tightly over her heart. As the reader has already imagined, it was Doris.

After three long years she stood face to face with Frederick Thornton again. And she saw, too, that he did not recognzie her, so great was the change in her. Ah, it was little wonder he did not, believing Doris to be lying cold in her grave on the other side of the blue, rolling Atlantic. He heard the low, gasping cry, and saw the blanching of the lovely dimpled cheeks.

"I beg a thousand pardons if I have startled you," he said, eagerly. "I fancied you must have seen me standing here as you came down the path."

Doris received the hat from his hand with a little nervous bow. She could not trust herself to answer him, so great was her emotion; she almost fancied she would fall down dead at his feet in the long, primrose-studded grass.

What reply she made, she never knew. Turning away, she hurried swiftly down the path.

"Frederick Thornton!" she murmured, pantingly, when she was quite out of sight and hearing—"Ah, heaven, what can he be doing here?"

She was so strangely excited, flushing and paling by turns, that she quite alarmed Mrs. Lancaster when she returned to the villa.

"Why, what is the matter, my dear Doris?" she exclaimed, in dismay. "Really, you look as though you had seen a ghost." Before Doris could reply she went on quickly: "I want you to look your best this evening, Doris dear, for Karl brings an old friend to dine with us—a Mr. Thornton. He was a great friend of Karl's at college. I have known his family intimately for years."

"You will have to excuse me this evening, Mrs. Lancaster," pleaded Doris. "I have the most severe headache I have ever had in all my life."

Looking into the flushed face and unnaturally brilliant eyes, who could doubt it?

"Lie down and take a short rest, my dear," suggested Mrs. Lancaster. "You will be all right by evening."

Still Doris lingered.

How she longed to ask if Vivian was with him, but pride forbade. Of course, believing himself free, he had married Vivian long since.

Frederick Thornton had stood gazing after that slim, girlish figure with the strangest sensation at his heart that he had ever experienced.

"Pshaw!" he muttered, impatiently, striking a match on the sole of his boot, and proceeding to light a cigar. "Somehow the features of that young girl's face remind me strangely of poor little Doris. Perhaps Doris would have grown into just such a superb creature if she had lived. Can that be Miss Fielding, I wonder?" he mused.

He presented himself punctually at the villa. The doctor and his good wife, and Karl, welcomed him cordially; but the face he longed to see (if, indeed, the pretty young girl he had met was Miss Fielding) was not there.

"I am sorry Miss Fielding has a headache, and cannot be presented to you," said Mrs. Lancaster, smilingly. "However, this is not to be your last visit to the villa; we shall expect to see a great deal of you while you are staying in the village."

"Perhaps I have met Miss Fielding already," repiled Frederick, smiling; and he proceeded to recount the adventure of the morning, minutely describing the young girl.

"Yes, that is my husband's ward," declared Mrs. Lancaster. "How shrewd you are at guessing, my dear Mr. Thornton."

From that day Frederick Thornton found an opportunity to call every day at the villa, but by some strange chance he was never able to find the doctor's lovely young ward there. Once he fancied he saw the flutter of a white dress leaving the library by one door as he entered by another.

At last he surprised her one day by entering quite unobserved, with Mrs. Lancaster, an hour earlier than he usually called. For a single instant the room seemed whirling around Doris. As in a dream she heard Mrs. Lancaster go through the formula of the introduction. She heard Frederick Thornton say, "I am happy to meet you, Miss Fielding," then to her dismay, Mrs. Lancaster was called away, and they were left alone together.

(To Be Continued.)

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Dr. Nancy.

Bridgeport, Conn., Jan. 23.—In the superior court, before Judge George W. Wheeler, J. B. Klean, counsel for Dr. Nancy A. Guilford, made his argument today for quashing the indictment charging his client with murder in the second degree in connection with the recent death of Emma Gill, of Southington. He said he objected particularly to Judge Robinson's charge to the grand jury by which the indictment was found, alleging that the grand jury had no other option than to find an indictment charging murder in the second degree on the face of the judge's charge.

State Attorney Fessender said the proceedings had been brought in accordance with custom and that such a motion as made by counsel for the defense should not be entertained by the court.

Against Polygamists.

Washington, Jan. 23.—Representative Clark of Iowa today introduced a bill providing that no polygamist shall be a senator or representative. It provides that no person living in or practicing polygamy shall be eligible as a member of either house of congress of the United States, nor shall such person be permitted to hold a seat therein. It is further provided that the evidences of polygamy shall be of whatever nature establishes the fact.

Hostilities Threatened.

Madrid, Jan. 23.—A private dispatch from Manila says: "The time in which the insurgents have allowed the United States to recognize their independence expires tomorrow, and hostilities are expected to reopen. Aguinalgdo has requested the Vatican to send a commission to negotiate for the release of the Clericals.

Anglo-American Commission.

Washington, Jan. 23.—The high joint Anglo-American commission did not meet today, but the different subcommittees hold sessions in the forenoon. The commission will hold a session tomorrow.

DEATH OF EARL POULETTE.

An English Nobleman, Who Was a Gay Lothario, Dies in London.

London, Jan. 23.—William Henry, Earl Paulette, died in this city today in his 72nd year. The deceased earl was thrice married. According to gossip, when a harum-scarum youth and travelling about, he made a wager that he would marry the first woman he met on landing in England. Accordingly, at Portsea, in 1849, he married Miss Elizabeth Virginia Newan, daughter of a landport pilot. Within a few months she gave birth to a son, whose paternity her husband denied. The couple from that time lived apart, the wife dying in 1871. The child, who now calls himself Viscount Hinton, and claims the succession, has long been living on the streets of London as an organ grinder; his pretensions were always sternly repudiated by the deceased earl. About six weeks after the death of his first wife Lord Poulette married Miss Emma Sonphia Johnson, who died in 1876, without issue surviving. In 1879 he married Miss Rosa de Melville, daughter of Mr. Alfred Hugh De Milville, and their son is generally recognized as the rightful heir. The long standing quarrel between the late Earl Poulette and the organ grinding viscount has furnished the material for many a London sensation. Only a month ago the claimant to the succession issued an appeal to the public to take a philanthropic interest in the condition of the poor among whom he has lived and earns his own living.

Alaska Bill Reported.

Washington, Jan. 23.—The Carter bill, relating to the government of Alaska, was favorably reported to the house today. It preserves the general plan of the senate bill, but makes numerous changes. An important amendment provides that "whenever practicable the secretary of the interior shall require that all children between the ages of 6 and 15 years shall attend public or private schools, where the instruction shall be in English, at least three months in each year." Another amendment gives a term of the United States district court at Skagway in August each year. Other conditions give appointment of notaries to the governor, increases the governor's salary from $4,000 to $5,000, and decreases the judge's salary from $6,000 to $5,000

Colonial Commission Appointed.

Washington, Jan. 23.—The secretary of war has completed the organization of a colonial commission to undertake the administration here in Washington of all matters of detail respecting the government of the territories acquired during the war or occupied by the United States forces. The personnel of the commission will be General Robert P. Kennedy, Bellefontaine, Ohio; Curtis Guild, of Massachusetts, and George W. Watkins, of Grand Rapids, Mich. This commission will deal with the bestowal of franchises and concessions, the distribution of monies to be spent in public improvements and all the troublesome issues that have arisen and are likely to arise in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines.

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JANUARY WHITE GOODS SELLING

A feature of business in this big store in January is the selling of White Goods—Cotton Underwear, Cottons, Sheetings, Quilts, Muslins, Embroideries, etc. We've prepared a 20-page catalogue, showing the values offered and that'll be sent free on receipt of name and address. Some items from the catalogue are given below, and also specials in other departments for January—

Ladies' Gown, good cotton, made on yoke of insertion and tucks, embroidered collar and cuffs, insertion placquet edged with embroidery..... .95

Ladies' Chemise, English cotton cambric, frill around neck, sleeves and bottom, insertion front, with frill of cambric, full size..... .78

WHITE COTTONS

30 inch white cotton, yard..... .4½
36 inch soft finished cotton, yard.. .5
36 inch extra fine quality soft finish, with round even thread, yard..... .6, 7 .8
36 inch American cottons, pure finish, free from filling, standard brands, yard..7½, 8, 9, 10..... .12½
36 inch Horrockses English cotton in either soft or linen finish, yard 9, 10, 11½, 12½, 15..... 17½

FACTORY COTTONS

34 inch factory cotton yard..... .3
34 inch factory cotton yard..... .4½
34 inch fine quality, yard..... .5
36 inch pure round even thread yard .5
36 inch heavy quality, free from specks and filling, yard..6½, 7½ .8½

LINENS

7-4 or 68 inch plain sheeting..... .10
8-4 or 72 inch plain sheeting ..12½ and..... .13
9-4 or 80 inch plain sheeting....15 and..... .17½
10-4 or 90 inch plain sheeting..17½ and..... .20
8-4 or 72 inch twilled sheeting..15 and..... .20
9-4 or 80 inch twilled sheeting..17½ and..... .22½
10-4 or 90 inch twilled sheeting..20 and..... .25
8-4 or 72 inch heavy twill sheeting 12½ and..... .20

PLAIN SHEETING

8-4 or 72 inch plain sheeting..16 and..... .17½
9-4 or 80 inch plain sheeting..18 and..... .20
10-4 or 90 inch plain sheeting..20 and..... .22½
8-4 or 72 inch twilled sheeting..18 and..... .20
9-4 or 80 inch twilled sheeting..20 and..... .25
10-4 or 90 inch twilled sheeting.22½ and..... .27½

Half-bleach Loom Damasks, superior quality, pure finish, Irish manufacture, in
58 inch..... .25
60 inch..... .37½
66 inch..... .40
69 inch..... .45
76 inch..... .50
63 inch..... .65
72 inch..... .80

TABLE LINEN

Full-bleach Table Linen, guaranteed all pure linen and Irish manufacture, special fine make and finish, in a full assortment of floral designs.
58 inch..... .30
58 inch..... .35
68 inch..... .45
68 inch..... .50
68 inch..... .60

NAPKINS

22 x 22 inch, warranted all pure linen and superior satin finish, in a choice range of new paterns, extra fine quality, special per dozen..... .98
22 x 22 inch, Fine Bleached Damask Napkins, Irish manufacture, all pure linen, in a new range of patterns, soft grass bleach satin finish, per dozen.... 1.25
Size 20 x 20, per dozen, $1.50, $2.. 5.20

MEN'S CLOTHING.

Men's Fine all-Wool Frieze Ulsters, in brown and black, good heavy fancy check tweed linings, good finish, deep cape and trimmings, high storm collar, tab for throat, half belt on back, sizes 36 to 40 in. .. 4.00

Men's Fine all-wool Tweed Suits, single and double breasted, in grey and black, brown small check, with over-plaids and plain heather mixture, best of farmer satin linings, silk stitched edges, cut and tailored in latest style, to 44 ... 6.00

Address mail orders or request for catalogue exactly as below.

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SECTION 52. TORONTO.

A Wartime Hiding Place.

J. H. Gore writes an article for St Nicholas describing some peculiar "Hiding Places In Wartimes." Those he tells about were all in one house in Virginia, near a town which changed hands, under fire, 82 times during the war. Mr. Gore says:

With fall came the "fattening time" for the hogs. They were then brought in from the distant fields, where they had passed the summer, and put in a pen by the side of the road. And, although within ten feet of the soldiers as they marched by, they were never seen, for the pen was completely covered by the winter's wood pile, except at the back, where there was a board fence through whose cracks the corn was thrown in. Whenever the passing advance guard told us that an army was approaching the hogs were hurriedly fed, so that the army might go by while they were taking their after dinner nap and thus not reveal their presence by an escaped grunt or squeal Fortunately the house was situated in a narrow valley, where the opportunities for bushwhacking were so great that the soldiers did not tarry long enough to search suspected wood piles

On one occasion we thought the hogs doomed. A wagon broke down near the house, and the soldier went to the wood pile for a pole to be used in mending the break. Luckily he found a stick to his liking without tearing the pile to pieces. This suggested that some nice straight pieces be always left conveniently near for such an emergency, in case it should occur again.

Available Testimony.

The following story was told by Major Mensis of a Vincennes lawyer who appeared for the defendant in a trial by jury and put on the witness stand a boy from whose testimony he expected to gain a great deal. To the confusion of the attorney, the story told by the boy was greatly to the detriment of the defendant, and the attorney set to work to show that the boy was "worthless."

"What is your occupation?" he asked the boy.

"I work on my father's farm," the witness replied.

"You don't do much but sit around, do you?"

"Well, I help my father."

"But you're worthless, aren't you?" was the attorney's decisive question.

"I don't know whether I am or not," retorted the witness warmly.

Then the attorney took another tack. "Your father's a worthless man, isn't he?"

"Well, he works about the farm."

The attorney here fastened an eye which gleamed with triumph on the jury and nailed the boy with a glance from the other and said, "Isn't it true that your father doesn't do enough work to prevent his being called worthless?"

The boy had chafed under these unpleasant questions, and, summoning his courage, he said loudly: "If you want to know so bad whether my father's worthless, ask him. There he is on the jury."—Indianapolis Journal.

The Marrying Age.

At what age do people marry? The most popular time for a woman to get married is from her twenty-first to her twenty-fifth year inclusive. More than one-half of the women who marry at all marry in these five years of their life, and another quarter marry between the ages of 20 and 25, and not more than a third between the ages of 25 and 30. The average age of marrying is just over 26 for women and just under 28 for men. These figures include remarriages. For spinsters only the average age is 25, and for bachelors 26½.

It is a noticeable fact that in the last ten years the average age of marrying has, for men and women alike, gone up half a year. Taking the complete quarters ending on the last days of March, June, September and December respectively, the December quarter is most prolific in marriages, and the spring and summer quarters come next, about equal, with the March quarter a long way behind.—New York Home Journal.

"Poi" Cocktails.

Every visitor to Hawaii is expected to become acquainted with "poi," the Kanaka's staff of life. The taste for this national dish is undoubtedly acquired, and even after many trials often fails to come at all. This thick, pastelike mixture is made from the taro plant (Colocasia antiquorum), from which originates the "poi" cocktail. In name it is quite as deceiving as the "oyster" cocktail, and those desiring it merely for the name are sadly disappointed on finding that the only liquid it contains is milk.

The "poi" cocktail is prepared by diluting the paste with milk, then adding sugar or salt and serving ice cold. This drink is found very beneficial to dyspeptics and those recovering from fever.—Leslie's Weekly.

ORCHARD AND GARDEN.

Small fruit plants that are set out late should be well mulched.

Pear trees are much inclined to grow too thick in the center. Trim out well.

Pruning may be done at any time during the winter, when the trees are not frozen.

After the trees have been in bearing for two or three years the orchard may be seeded down to clover.

If you dwarf the top of a young, newly set tree that is making a rapid growth, you are dwarfing the roots.

When trees are set out late in the fall, particular care should be taken to firm the soil well around the roots.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

FASHION AND FABRIC.

Half low necks and long transparent mousquetaire sleeves, much wrinkled from shoulder to wrist frills, appear among many of the evening bodices for the winter.

The graceful, classic, gem set chatelaine has come into favor again among the accessories of artistic evening attire, and the smartest of these are of fine gold filigree, set with many colored real gems.

There is no dressy wardrobe complete this season without at least one handsome gown of black silk dotted net, mousseline de soie, velvet or satin striped etamine or plain brussels net over a satin or silk slip.

Tweeds, cheviots, camel's hair and bouretto materials, the smooth kid finished venetians and French broadcloths are employed in the construction of the most elegant fur trimmed dress costumes of the winter.

There seems to be no end to the variety of long slender chains used this winter, from which is suspended or to which is attached the muff, purse, lorgnette, lavender salts bottle, watch, shopping tablet or cardcase.

Demitrained princess dresses are in great vogue. These are of white or pink India silk, Marie Antoinette satin, faille in plain colors or striped with chenille or velvet, silk dotted henrietta cloth or drap d'ete with velvet accessories matching the color of the tiny dot.

White India cashmere and cream tinted drap d'alma form simple yet elegant toilets, trimmed with very narrow satin ribbon to match; gathered on one edge and applied to bodice, skirt and flounces in showy arabesque designs in applique effects, or in Grecian patterns as borderings to panels, skirt fronts, ruffles, jacket edges, etc.

The new clinging dress skirt so much the rage both here and abroad reaches its climax of sheathiness and slender, willowy grace among the lovely evening dresses formed of soft transparent materials, and the considerable length added to the skirt likewise enhances this long, sweeping effect and imparts not a little additional height to the wearer.

POULTRY POINTERS.

Roup is produced by neglecting a bad cold.

Do not feed sulphur to fowls in damp weather.

Do not pack dressed poultry until all animal heat is cooled out.

Clean earth is a first class disinfectant and purifier. As long as it is dry it can hardly be used to excess.

Give a variety of both dry and cooked food—a mixture of meat and vegetables. In this way better health and thrift can be maintained.

If the fowls have the run of the farm they find the kind and variety of food best suited to them, and the exercise helps to keep them healthy.

Plenty of clover will serve to keep the hens in good laying condition, as it does not fatten so readily as grain. Chop it fine and scald it in winter.

Dead leaves make a good material to scatter over the floor of the poultry house for the fowls to scratch over. Scatter a little grain among them.

The proper way to raise pullets is to feed them a ration that does not contain too much starch and to give them full opportunities for exercise. Pullets should not be too fat.

ORCHARD AND GARDEN.

Now is a good time to prune the grapevines.

If the lawn needs manuring, now is the time to give it.

In mulching, use material that is free as possible from weed seeds.

Rhubarb starts to grow so early in the spring that fall setting will nearly always be found advisable.

In keeping apples, all ventilation is injurious which causes any considerable alteration in the temperature.

While lilies and gladiolas are injured by manuring, tulips, hyacinths and crocuses are benefited by a liberal allowance.

A good tree well taken up and well planted will do equally well whether transplanted in the spring or in the fall.

One decided advantage in fall planting is that the tree is in place ready to grow as soon as the season opens in the spring.

Nearly or quite all kinds of fruits and vegetables keep much better if the temperature in the place where they are stored can be kept even.—Exchange.

PERT PERSONALS.

If "The Peach" goes to the United States senate, we wonder with whom he will "pair."—Ridgewood (N. J.) News.

In view of all that has happened, it seems that Spain's unlucky Day is William R. of Ohio.—New York Mail and Express.

The Philippines are full of palms. Aguinaldo's is not the tallest, but it can beat all the others itching.—St. Louis Republic.

Mrs. Dominis is going to have considerable difficulty in finding the lost throne department of the administration.—Washington Post.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

The winners of the Sewing Machines in the Royal Crown Soap competition are, viz.: Winnipeg, Mrs. G. K. Kirkland, 638 McDermott Ave.: Manitoba, Mrs. W. B. Corock, Greenway; Northwest Territories, Minnie B. Goodfellow, Prince Albert. The Royal Crown Soap company will continue this competition, giving away three machines each Monday until further notice.

WANDERING WILLIE.

Everything indicates that Emperor William is having a good time. He is in the Midway plaisance of Europe.—Chicago Post.

Possibly the kaiser is taking a run through the Holy Land with the purpose of looking after his divine right.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

The kaiser's journey to Jerusalem promises to be almost as interesting an event as Mark Twain's visit to the tomb of Adam.—Boston Herald.

The kaiser refrained from his usual custom of kissing in the case of the sultan. He doubtless concluded that his illustrious host was a little blase in that line.—Pittsburg Times.

This Jerusalem visit of the Emperor William may arise from his territorial expansion fever. He felt he had to take something, so he takes a journey.—Philadelphia Times.

For Inflammation of the Eyes.—Among the many good qualities which Parmelee's Vegetable Pills possess, besides regulating the digestive organs is their efficacy in reducing inflammation of the eyes. It has called forth many letters of recommendation from those who were afflicted with this complaint and found a cure in the pills. They affect the nerve centres and the blood in a surprisingly active way, and the result is almost immediately seen.

A Determined Widow.

The sultan of Muscat for some weeks past has been making a tour of his possessions. He determined to appropriate the house of a widow and lodge a guard in it. He therefore gave the widow notice to vacate her house and hand it over to his men, but the widow was made of sterner stuff and absolutely refused to move for the sultan or his army. The woman, moreover, hired ten men and armed them with Martinis and then defied the sultan to combat, which was declined, and the widow still holds possession.—Penang Gazette.

Free and easy expectoration immediately relieves and frees the throat and lungs from viscid phlegm, and a medicine that promotes this is the best medicine to use for coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs and all affections of the throat and chest. This is precisely what Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup is a specific for, and wherever used it has given unbounded satisfaction. Children like it because it relieves and cures the disease.

POULTRY POINTERS.

Buckwheat is a good egg producer.

Do not stint young, growing fowls.

A dust bath cleanses the feathers and skin.

Sunflower seeds add to the luster of the plumage.

The nest must occasionally be renewed and kept clean.

If for any reason the hens stop laying now, try a complete change of feed.

Eggs stored in a damp place will often taste musty, even though the test show clear.

There never was, and never will be a universal panacea, in one remedy, for all ills to which flesh is heir, the very nature of many curatives being such that were the germs of other and differently seated diseases rooted in the system of the patient—what would relieve one ill in turn would aggravate the other. We have, however, in Quinine Wine, when obtainable in a sound unadulterated state, a remedy for many and grevious ills. By its gradual and judicious use, the frailest systems are led into convalescence and streugth, by the influence which Quinine exerts on Nature's own restoratives. It relieves the drooping spirits of those with whom a chronic state of morbid despondency and lack of interest in life is a disease, and, by tranquilizing the nerves, disposes to sound and refreshing sleep—imparts vigor to the action of the blood, which, being stimulated courses throughout the veins, strengthening the healthy animal functions of the system, thereby making activity a necessary result, strengthening the frame, and giving life to the digestive organs, which naturally demand increased substance—result, improved appetite. Northrop & Lyman of Toronto, have given to the public their superior Quinine Wine at the usual rate, and, gauged by the opinion of scientists, this wine approaches nearest perfection of any in the market. All druggists sell it.

NO MORE CHICKENS.

This Butcher Handles Meat, but No Live Stock, Thank You.

One market day not long ago a certain butcher who has a stall in the West Side market house sold a lot of meat to a woman, who immediately turned about and requested that he keep her baskets and bundles for a bit, while she went out on some other business.

Now, one of those baskets contained four respectable and much excited fowls, very much alive and very much disgusted with their present surroundings, and the butcher looked at them rather doubtfully.

But his customer gave him little time to decide. "They're all tied up," she announced and then flounced away into the crowd, leaving the butcher and her squawking property far behind.

She had shoved the basket well under the stall, and the butcher could not see it, but he felt a trifle nervous all the same. He was used to handling eatables, but not in such a perfect state of nature as this.

Pretty soon he saw a woman advancing slowly toward him, eying the ground with more interest and amusement than he thought necessary or usual.

"What are you looking at?" he demanded, rather tartly.

The woman looked up and smiled. 'I'm looking at a chicken," she said. The butcher started, said something under his breath and then looked too. There was one of those chickens scuttling up the street as fast as it could go, while the others—ah, where were they? They had vanished every one, and the basket was empty save for four little useless loops of twine from which the clever fowls had wriggled out.

Well, there were exciting times around that neighborhood for the next few seconds, and a certain respectable butcher was seen flying about in a most unrespectable way after certain lively fowls, but at last all were captured, securely tied this time and packed safely away just as their smiling owner returned to claim them.

It is not recorded what the butcher told her, but it is known through all the market now that that certain man will in the future utterly and entirely refuse to store the live stock of his lady customers, no matter how enticing said ladies may be.

TURF TOPICS.

Airship, 2:11¼, is said to be registered under the name The Airship.

Russell Frisby, 2:24¼, by Allie Russell, is a new 1898 trotter for Kansas.

Little Brown Jug, 2:11¾, Johnston's predecessor, is still living, being 23 years old.

Three thousand dollars was recently refused for Del Norte, 2:04¼, the guideless pacer.

In the last free for all at Augusta, Me., three of the get of Nelson finished first, second and third.

C. S. Orr, owner of Charles Sumner, 2:14¼, by Era Chimes, is an employee in the Buffalo postoffice.

A prospective winner for next season is a colt by Gamrel, 2:10½, out of the dam of Pinewood, 2:11½.

It is said that V. B. Strong, New Paltz, N. Y., contemplates making a guideless wonder of Cute, 2:15¼.

Jeska, 2:14¼, won five races and was inside the money in the other three out of eight starts this season.

John A. McKerron, 2:12½, will not be raced next year, so it is said, but saved for a try at the stallion record in 1900.

Still In Abeyance.

Tommy (showing drawings to a visitor)—These are my worst drawings, Mr. Smith.

Mr. Smith—Indeed, Tommy! And where are your other ones?

Tommy—Oh, I haven't drawed them yet!—New York Truth.

HEALTHY, HAPPY WOMEN.

Pain and Weakness Banished through the use of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

It's sad to think that so many women suffer from pain, Weak Spells, Heart Palpitation, Sinking Sensations,

Nervousness, Sleeplessness—who could be restored to the full enjoyment of perfect health by a few boxes of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

There can be no question about the efficacy of this remedy. Thousands of women, have found it do all that is claimed for it. Here is the testimony of Mrs. Gillen, Wesley Street, Moncton, N.B.

"Before taking Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills I used to suffer untold agony from violent headaches, irregular action of the heart, together with pains or spasms in various parts of my body.

"Sometimes I felt so weak that I was unable to look after my domestic duties. However, I had to endure this worry and trouble, because all the remedies I tried failed to give me relief, until happily I heard of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I had only been taking them a short time when I felt greatly benefited. This encouraged me to continue their use until a complete cure was effected.

"I have not been troubled with a headache since taking these pills. They increased my appetite, invigorated my entire system, and gave me back my old time strength and vigor."

Take a Laxa-Liver Pill before retiring. You'll work while you sleep without a grip or gripe, and make you feel better in the morning. Price 25c. Sold by all druggists.

Minards Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

GRIPPE EPIDEMIC

AGAIN SWEEPING OVER CANADA WITH UNUSAL VIRULENCE.

The Most Violent Attack Since 1890, Leaving Behind a Host of After Effects That Make Life Miserable — Prompt and Effective Means Should Be Taken to Strengthe the System.

La grippe, now sweeping over thi country in one of its periodic epidemics, is one of the most treacherous and difficult diseases with which medical science has to cope. It is in its after effects that it is particularly disastrous, and these assume many forms, prominent among which may be mentioned heart weakness, bronchial and lung troubles, nervous prostration, alternate chills and fever, a feeling of constant lassitude and an indisposition to either mental or physical exertion. Often the sufferer does not recover from the after effects of la grippe for months, and in cases of previously enfeebled constitutions and among those of advanced age, the number of cases terminating fatally is appalling.

Even after a mild attack of la grippe it is imperative that the system should be thoroughly toned up, the nerves strengthened and the blood enriched. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is the only medicine that can be depended upon for promptness and thoroughness in this emergency. These pills are a true blood feeder, bringing to the vital fluid the constituents that give it richness, redness and strength, thus driving out disease and acting as a tonic and bracer to the whole system.

Mr. Harry Dagg, a well known farmer living near Ninga, bears testimony to the great value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in removing the after effects of la grippe. The disease left him a victim to cold chills, violent headaches, dizziness and severe palpitation of the heart. Mr. Dagg says:—"I finally went to Boissevain and consulted a doctor who stated that the trouble was likely to develop into consumption. I was under his care for about three months, but was gradually growing weaker and unable to do any work. At this stage one of my neighbors advised me to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a trial, and as my case was critical I determined to give them a fair trial, and purchased a dozen boxes. Before the third was used there was good evidence that they were helping me, and before the dozen boxes were used I was as strong and vigorous as I had ever been, and I can heartily recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for the manifold troubles that follow an attack of la grippe.

If you have suffered from an attack of la grippe procure a supply of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills at once, and they will put you right. Insist upon getting the genuine, as imitations never cured anyone. If your dealer does not keep them, send direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and they will be mailed postpaid, at 50c a box or six boxes for $2.50.

New York is to put rubber tires on her fire engines. We may get to that in Chicago in time, but we will have to begin by putting down the asphalt pavements that are necessary as the first feature of such an improvement.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

New pans and kettles should be boiled out in soda water before being put into use.

Sofa pillows should be beaten and hung out in the sunshine at least once a month to keep the down dry and prevent any possible mustiness.

Mix a few drops of sweet oil with an equal quantity of black ink and apply the mixture to black kid gloves where the outer surface is rubbed off.

In opening a bottle of olives bear in mind that those remaining over will quickly mold and become worthless unless at once replaced in the liquor in the bottle and corked. If the liquor gets thrown away by mistake, a fresh brine of salt and water may replace it.

I know MINARD'S LINIMENT will cure Diphtheria.
JOHN D. BOUTILLIER.
French Village.

I know MINARD'S LINIMENT will cure Croup.
J. F. CUNNINGHAM.
Cape Island.

I know MINARD'S LINIMENT is the best remedy on earth
JOSEPH A. SNOW.
Norway, Me.

A Singular Accident.

A singular accident has been reported from a chemical factory, where a workman's clothes became saturated with dust from the grinding of chlorate of potassium. A spark from the workman's pipe fell on the clothes, when the entire suit instantly flashed into flame, producing fatal burns.

THE CURE OF ASTHMA.

Liebig's Asthma Cure will cure Asthma, Hay Asthma or Hay Fever. Hundreds of people in our continents will say so. It is a high class medicine, endorsed by medical men, and used by the best people in all parts of the civilized world.

A free trial bottle will be sent to any sufferer by mail prepaid. If you are afflicted, send your name and address to The Liebig Co., 177 King street west, Toronto, and say you saw this free offer in this paper.

AS TO EPILEPSY AND FITS.

Liebig's Fit Cure for Epilepsy and kindred affections is the only successful remedy, and is now used by the best physicians and hospitals in Europe and America. It is confidently recommended to the afflicted. If you suffer from Epilepsy, Fits, St. Virus Dance, or have children or relatives that do so, or know a friend that is afflicted, then send for a free trial bottle and try it. It will be sent by mail, prepaid. It is cured where everything else has failed. When writing mention this paper and give address to The Liebig Co., 177 King street West, Toronto.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

BAD BLOOD.

You can't be healthy if your blood is impure or watery,—if poison is circulating through your arteries instead of rich, pure, life-giving blood.

If you feel drowsy, languid,—are constipated, have pimples or blotches breaking out on your body the remedy for you is Burdock Blood Bitters.

"I have been using B.B.B., also my brother and sister-in-law, and we find it a most reliable and efficacious blood purifier, and most cordially recommend it. We purchased it from J. R. Ault & Sons of this town." MISS C. M. WATSON, Aultsville, Ont.

B.B.B. is a highly concentrated blood purifying vegetable remedy,—only 1 teaspoonful at a dose,—you add the water yourself.

FOR THE BLOOD B B B

Muddled.

"The deaf mutes," said the muddled one, "talk a great deal with their fingers, but yet I have to see one talk with his fingers through his hat."—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Solus Cum Sola.

Hingso—He's a queer fellow.

Jingso—You bet! He told me yesterday that he didn't like solitude unless he had a girl with him.—Syracuse Herald.

The Brightest Flowers must fade, but young lives endangered by severe coughs and colds may be preserved by Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Croup, whooping cough, bronchitis, in short all affections of the throat and lungs, are relieved by this sterling preparation, which also remedies rheumatic pains, sores, bruises, piles, kidney difficulty, and is most economic.

The Simple Minded Duke.

The Duke of Wellington was largely endowed with that modesty or simplicity which makes a great man almost unconscious of his greatness. He met a lady friend, who was going to see a model of the battle of Waterloo, relates a writer in The Cornhill Magazine, and remarked to her: "Ah, you're going to see Waterloo. It's a very good model. I was at the battle, you know." Surveying a field of battle he could detect almost at a glance the weak points in the disposition of the contending forces, but he could never tell whether his dinner was cooked well or ill.

We beg to call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills in this paper. The firm have also placed on the market Dr. Ward's Liver Pills which have already proved to be a most excellent family medicine as a cure for constipation dyspepsia, biliousness, etc. They are sold at 25c per vial, or 5 for $1, mailed on receipt of price by the Dr. Ward Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

They Drove Pimples Away.— A face covered with pimples is unsightly. It tells of internal irregularities which should long since have been corrected. The liver and the kidneys are not performing their functions in the healthy way they should, and these pimples are to let you know that the blood protests. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will drive them all away and will leave the skin clear and clean. Try them, and there will be another witness to their excellence.

THE DONS.

The Spanish peace commission is still struggling to send home some news that will be allowed to get past the press censor.—Washington Star.

As the situation now looks at Paris Spanish honor is a far less important factor than Spanish poverty. Spain is poorer than she is proud.—Indianapolis Journal.

Spain has more blind men than any other nation in Europe. The proportion is nearly 15 in every 10,000. Some of them appear to have secured jobs on the peace commission.

THE NIGHT CLERK'S STORY

A FACE LIKE CHALK.

A very bad attack of the Grippe one year ago last winter left my system in a very weak state and my nervous system completely unstrung. After getting over the dangerous stage of the disease I naturally expected to gain strength, but, unfortunately, did not do so. On the contrary, my blood became weaker. I daily lost strength and vitality, and my nervous system became so weak that it was a constant source of suffering both day and night. I lost appetite, the sight of food nauseated me, the weak state of my system caused shortness of breath and unnatural action of the heart, such as fluttering and violent palpitation, and my face was like chalk. I was in this condition and constantly getting weaker when I began taking Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills. I had read the book they distributed and their advertisement in the papers, and thought, "Well, I have taken so much medicine without benefit it is useless to spend any more money. However, I finally made up my mind. It is a forlorn hope; I can but try. If I am not benefited I will not be hurt. So I bought one box and received great benefit therefrom, so continued their use and to-day am a well man in consequence. my blood is strong, my face has the ruddy hue of health, my appetite has returned, I sleep well, I have not the slightest indications of nervousness or heart trouble and from a sick, weak, nervous man Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills have transformed me in six weeks to full health and strength." I am yours very truly,
(Signed) WILLIAM WILLARD,
Night Clerk Grand Central Hotel,
Peterboro

Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills are sold at 50c. per box, 5 boxes for $2.00 at druggists, or mailed on receipt of price by THE DOCTOR WARD CO., Limited, 71 Victoria Street, Toronto. Book on examination free.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diptheria.

FILE UP!

WHY don't you use the best fyling system in the world, when you can get - - -

The Genuine Shannon Fyle

For 50c.

Don't miss this offer Write for prices on Stationery, School Supplies, Law Forms, etc

The Ford Stationery Co.,
407 Main St. Winnipeg, Man.

WHITE STAR

Is now a Household word, and stands as a guarantee of PURE GOODS, HIGH QUALITY and LOW PRICE.

White Star Baking Powder

Is Absolutely Pure, keeps Fresh and Full Strength till used. . . . Try it.

THE DYSON-GIBSON CO.

REID'S PIANOS

In touch, tone and finish they have no equal.
Correspondents wanted in every town to act as agents.
REID BROS., 157 King St. West, Toronto

W. R. ALLAN,

General Insurance Agent,

FIRE Companies Represented:
Quebec Fire Assurance Co.
Royal Insurance Co.
Sun Insurance Office
Union Assurance Society

All classes of Insurances transacted and losses promptly and satisfactorily settled.

SAFES VICTOR SAFES

KARL KLAB-RT, GEN. AGT.
407 MAIN ST., WINNIPEG,
Next door to P. O.

SNAPS FOR CASH.

Household Safes, small size, - - $12.00
Household Safes, large size, - - 30.00

Just the thing for a Christmas present. Both useful and ornamental.

Merchants' Safes, all sizes and prices; on easy terms or cash. Come and see them or write for quotations. Special prices during November and December.

ELECTRO PLATING.

Gold, Silver, Nickle, Brass, Copper, etc.
Oxydizing and Lacquering.
ANYTHING AND EVERYTHING.
WINNIPEG PLATING CO.
331 Notre Dame Street.

W. N. U. 204

$50 to $10,000

INVESTED CAN be doubled within one year. We do not invest it in Bucket shops or mining stocks, but in railroad shares selling at low prices, that we know are going to advance; we buy the scrip out and register it in the purchaser's name and send it to him. Twelve years established. Bank references and the most reputable people in Vermont. References throughout Canada. We have the largest business of the class in the United States. KNOTT & CLOSSON, Bankers and Brokers, Burlington, Vt., U. S. A.

SEEDS.

TRY J. M. PERKINS,

the great SEEDSMAN of the NORTHWEST, for your SEEDS for 1899, as he keeps the LARGEST Stock of Garden, Field and Flower Seeds in this country to select from; also Seed Drills and Cultivators. You can have our large illustrated catalogue FREE by sending your name and address to J. M. PERKINS, 71 Market St., Winnipeg.

Royal Crown Soap

Grand Weekly Free Sewing Machine Competition

3 New Williams, No. 6
Drop Head, Sewing Machines,
Value $65, Each
Given away weekly for Royal Crown Wrappers and Coupons, viz:
WINNIPEG, 1 each week.
MANITOBA, outside of Winnipeg, 1 each week.
N. W. T. and ONTARIO, east to Schrieber, 1 each week.

Ask your Grocer for a Coupon with every five bars of wrapped ROYAL CROWN SOAP. Full instructions on each Coupon.

First Drawing Monday, January 16, and each week thereafter until further notice.

Large List of Books and Beautiful Pictures still given away for ROYAL CROWN SOAP WRAPPERS to those who do not compete for the Sewing Machines. List mailed free on application.

THE ROYAL SOAP

The Odorless Crematory Closet.

HUNDREDS

of these closets are in use, giving entire satisfaction.

Parties using them would not be without them for twice their cost. They can be placed in Cellar, Attic or Bath Room, or in any place where there is a flue or chimney.

Fire required only once in two weeks. For circular and price write

THE ODORLESS CREMATORY CLOSET COMPANY.
Hamilton, Ont.

CARDSTON RECORD.

—:o:—

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Wednesday at Cardston.

Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance. Advertising Rates on application.

In every instance where specific instructions do not accom any advertisements they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisments will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

Copy for change of advertisments MUST not be in later than Saturday noon.

ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Managing Editor,
CARDSTON, N. W. T.,
DRAWER 72. CANADA.

Cardston, February 8, 1899.

IRRIGATION IN ALBERTA.

The soil and climate of Southern Alberta are of well-known excellence, and the Mormon colony of Cardston has made a very promising start in combined farming and stock raising. Drouth in the growing season has up to this date been a severe check, and in view of this several schemes for irrigation have been propounded, and, as has been the case immediately to the south of Calgary, carried out thus far with decided success. The hay crops raised under the Calgary scheme have been heavy, and of rare good quality, and within time and experience on their side the projectors are pretty certain to have very satisfactory returns.

For years the Alberta Railway & Canal Co. have had a plan under consideration for a more extensive area of irrigation that is now likely to be brought into operation without undue delay. The district to be opertated on lies to the south of Lethbridge, and it is proposed to take water from the St. Mary's river, near Cardston, and carry a canal a distance of 60 miles in a northeasterly direction to Stirling on the Lethbridge & Great Falls railroad track. A government survey was made some years ago, but the company have now engaged an experienced irrigation engineer, who has executed large works of the same kind in Colorado. Detailed surveys have been going on since last July, and a partial commencement of work has already been made. It is expected that the work, when completed, will turn to good profit 500,000 acres of land, which will be gradually sold to intending settlers at a moderate annual rental. Thoes settlers who come in early will find employment for all their spare time in the work of construction, and the opening to the western markets, through the Crow's Nest Pass, will ensure a profitable return for all they can produce. There can be no question of the productive capacity of most of the lands to be operated on, and this new and important departure will furnish practical demonstration of the value to Canada of these huge stretches of now comparatively useless pasture.—The Nor' West Farmer.

WHAT CARDSTON NEEDS.

A lime kiln.
A railroad.
Shoe shop.
A drug store.
A tailor shop.
A brick kiln.
Graded streets.
A lumber yard.
A roller flour mill.
An amusement hall.
An immigration building.
Tri-weekly mail service.
Commodious school house.
Board of trade, or chamber of commerce.
Ten thousand more good citizens added to the thousand already here.

The Record one year $2.00

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Marian Woolf, rancher, was in town on Friday.

It was a hard trial to live through the whole week without mail.

WANTED—Some coal hauled on account at this office, at once.

Robt Ramsbottom has been under the weather for several days.

Mr. Ed. Kenney, Manager of the Mc Intyer Ranch, was a visitor to Cardston last week.

Our Job Department has been kept from freezing up this week by an order for printing from the Cardston Co., Ltd.

In our next issue we will publish a long article on the Mormons and what they are doing in Southern Alberta.

During March the Dominion Parliament will meet and the Territorial Legislature will convene this month.

Newspaper advertising is the best kind of advertising, because it will carry the information to more people for less cost than any other kind.

An exchange very truthfully remarks that:

"The work of publishing and running a newspaper is certainly not a bed of roses, and like all other vocation, it has its ups and downs; the downs, however, being the largely predominating feature."

Reliable authority states it as a fact that if common powdered sulphur be sprinkled occasionally in the shoes that it will ward off epidemics such as la grippe, cholera, etc. As it costs practically nothing and is a perfectly harmless experiment, it is at least worth a trial.

The settlers on the south side of the Cypress Hills complain bitterly of the encroachments of range stock from the American side, and allege that unless protection is afforded them by the Dominion government they will have to abandon the district altogether.

Some mothers make neatness and order an idol and unconsciously, perhaps, sacrifice to it not only their own best energies, but also the comfort of the family. They put their heart into their housework so completely that other and more important duties are crowded out. A mother's duty lies not only in the "washing and the baking and the brewing," but in the cultivation of the higher virtues.

The wolf pest of Manitoba and the Northwest seems on the increase of late; the animals being able to obtain more feed at the expense of the incoming settlers. Sheep and poultry are suffering severely, and it is proposed to pay a higher bounty for the destruction of the wolves. It is a peculiarity of the west that while the buffalo have been killed off with the advance of settlement, the wolf, the coyote, and the prairie hen have fared better and have increased in numbers.—Toronto Globe.

John M. Dunn, of Ætna, began work on the Alberta Irrigation Co's canal last Monday with several teams. They will if possible continue work during the wintess—The Cardston, Canada, Record, Jan. 11th. "The Canadian winter cannot be so very severe when they propose to work all winter on an irrigation canal. The John M. Dunn mentioned is a Tooele boy, and that should encourage some of our Tooele boys to settle in that country. It is a good country and plenty of opportunities for go-a-head men with all its drawbacks." Right you are, Bro. Dunn.

A settler taking up a quarter section of land in Manitoba or the Northwest Territories may bring in free of duty the following stock, viz: If horses only are brought in (1 to each 10 acres) 16 are allowed: If cattle only are brought in (1 to each 10 acres) 16 allowed; if sheep only are brought in (1 to each acre) 160; if swine only are brought in (1 to each acre) 160; if horses and cattle are brought together, 160. If horses, cattle, sheep and swine are brought in together, the same proportions as above are to be observed.

The following is going the rounds of the press: The newspaper man is a public benefactor. He helps to make his neighbor rich and dies poor. He helps to elect candidates to fat salaries, gets a little patronage at starvation prices and waits until doom's day for his money. He builds up churches, schools and other public institutions, contributes his mite to their support. He credits a man two years for the paper, and when he sends in a bill the man gets mad and quits. That is why so many newspaper men go to heaven and why so many others miss connections with the gospel train.

The Record $2.00 a year.

COAL, COAL, COAL!

Clarke Mine, - - - - - - Belly River.

$2.25 per ton at the Mine.

Delivered in Cardston for $5.00 per ton.

Orders may be left at Co-op or Allen store.

Water alone has been known to sustain life for fifty-five days.

Live on what you can earn and don't buy what you can't pay for.

Milk, like flesh, fish and eggs, contains all the constituent elements necessary to support life.

Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Sloan are happy over the arrival of a fine boy. The event occurred on the 11th inst.

Prest. C. O. Card of Alberta, Canada was visiting in town the middle of the week.—Logan (Ut.) Journal.

Only about two minutes are required for the blood to course through the heart, thence to the lungs, back to the heart, and then through the entire body and return to the heart.

The Cardston Company, Ltd. have a change of advt. today. Read very word of it. They will sell at every low prices during their removal sale.—the balance of February.

There was some kind of a short skirt show in Kearl's hall on Tuesday night. They probably drew a large crowd as they were advertised from the stand at the meeting on Sunday evening.

John Furman, the horseman, came in town from his ranch on Thursday, one of the coldest days of the year. Mr. Furman is making arrangements to ship a car-load of blooded horses for the eastern market. He will leave about the 15th. inst.

American Fork, Jan. 26.—Charles and Maud Mc Carty from Cardston, Alberta, Canada, are visiting here at present. Mr. McCarty is working in favor of the big irrigation scheme of which Mr. Card is at the head. Two hundred settlers with teams are wanted.—Salt Lake Herald.

FROZEN POTATOES.

One of our readers has had part of his potatoes frozen, and is at a loss to account for its having happened. He put them in the cow stable, the warmest place he had. It is only a boarded erection, but he covered the boards with thick carpet paper and built a hay stack against it. He cannot see how the frost got through that solid hay stack.

The frost did not get through the hay stack, and is easily accounted for. Boards are not rapid conductors of heat or cold, but frost coming on wood for six weeks running would gradually crawl down the boards and so reach the potatoes lying close to the boards. Supposing there is a wooden post supporting a roof over a potato cellar frost would gradually creep down it and affect the potatoes touching it. But it much more likely the frost came through high up, where the hay gave no protection, and crawled down the face of the boards. This any one may demonstrate any day. Cold air does not rush through a room so much as it creeps down to the floor, because being cold it is heavier. If there had been a space between the wall and the potatoes the risk would have been small. The best plan in any such case is to store the roots such as potatoes or turnips in a bin near the centre and cover them with a few inches of dry hay.

So long as the air inside is kept fit for the stock the roots are safe. In this wet fall many cellars in flat districts are unfit to store roots in, but a bin inside a stable and away from the walls makes a good substitute. Roots stored close to stone walls are almost certain to freeze in time, but the air space recommended makes all correct so long as wind is kept out.

HOME MISSIONARY APPOINTMENTS.

H. Mercer and O. E. Bates.
Sunday, Feb. 12th. West Ætan.
Sunday, Feb. 26th. Leavitt.

Stewart and J. P. Jorden
Sunday, Feb. 12th. Callwell.
Sunday, Feb. 26th. Cardston.

Leavitt and Jonathan Hunt.
Sunday, Feb. 12th. Cardston
Sunday, Feb. 26th. Ætna.

Elder Thomas Duce will visit the different Wards in connection with the other elders.

Thomas Duce,
President of Home Missionaries.

ENVELOPES.

Comply with the postal requirements by using your envelopes printed by THE RECORD.

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

Wheat and oats taken on subscription at this office.

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, both one year for $2.50.

FOR SALE—Model 1 Improved Hand Printing Press, Chase 5x8. At RECORD Office.*

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends, 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

FOR SALE: Four room house Good well water. Nice location. Enquire at RECORD office, next to Bank.*

When you want to sell or buy anything, place a notice in THE RECORD, and you will be pleased with the result.

FOR SALE.—Ranch, 160 acres, ½ mile from Ætna. House, barn, well, 40 acres broke. Enquire at THE RECORD Office.

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

We will print your name and address on 250 nice XXX White Laid Envelopes for $1.50. The Envelopes alone would cots you $1. at any of the stores.

When you want receipt or note Books call at THE RECORD Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts. You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

THE RECORD has the agency for CLEVELAND BICYCLES. Can sell you a good one for $40, or a better one for $90. Ladies' Bicycles from $40. up to $80. Now is the time to order your Bicycle. The Cleveland Bicycle is the BEST made.

The Western Assurance Company, of Toronto, whose capital is $2,000,000, is one of the strongest of the fire insurance companies in Canada. The Editor of the Record has the agency for the Western. It pays to have your buildings insured aginst loss by fire.

People who feel hurt that notices of births, accidents, etc., in their families do not appear in this paper must consider that it is impossible for our reporter to learn all of these things unless he is told. We are pleased at all times to get such notices, and request our readers to send a note to this office, or tell our reporter when he is seen on the streets.

GROWING CARDSTON.

The town was first settled some twelve years since by half a dozen families; now Cardston has about one thousand inhabitants. It is beautifully situated on the banks of Lee's Creek, a fresh, pure stream that flows rapidly from the Rocky Mountains, thirty miles to the west.

Cardston is surrounded by one of the best ranching districts on this Hemisphere. Cattle, sheep and horses do well upon these ranges at all times of the year, and ranching in all its branches is carried on here with the most gratifying results. Coal deposits are numerous and close to town, and coal is delivered for $5 a ton. Those troubled with pulmonary affections will find this district very desirable on account of the dryness of the atmosphere. The town contains good schools which are aided by grants from the Government. Most every line of business is represented. A portion of the town is under an irrigation system that has demonstrated the value of the soil for the raising of all kinds of cereals, etc. The town has a bank, post-office, close connection with the express office at Lethbridge, schools, churches, dance-hall, hotels, fine stores, numerous comfortable residences, etc., etc., Parties possessed of small capital will find the district one of exceptional worth as offering inducements to engage in ranching. There is an opening here for a brick kiln, and, in fact, an industrious man with a small capital can engage in most any kind of legitimate business in Cardston and by doing so better his financial condition.

Subscribe for THE RECORD.

Notice.

FROM

February 1st. to March 1st.

The CARDSTON CO. Ltd.,

WILL HAVE A

Removal Sale in every Department.

A few more Ladies, Misses & Childrens Coats at cost; they must go.
Now is your time to buy a nice dress Silk & trimming to match.

Gents Furnishings

Ties	Ties	Ties	Ties	Ties
	25c worth 40-50 and 60c.			
Hats	Hats	Hats	Hats	Hats
50c	75c	85c	1.00	1.25

Worth Double.

Shoe Department.

	Shoes	Shoes	Shoes	Shoes	Shoes	
Gents	90c	$1.00	$1.25	$1.50	$1.75	& up.
Ladies	65	75	1.00	1.25	1.50	& up.
Misses	50	65	75	85	90	& up.
Baby	25	35	40	45	50	& up.

These Goods Must Go

to make room for our large stock that is on the road and we invite the public to inspect and you will sure be satisfied.

There is a Carload of Furniture, Carpets, Curtains, and our stock will be complete so it will pay you to see ours before you buy elsewhere.

Highest Price paid for Produce.

The Cardston Co. Ltd

Get your HAIR cut
AT
Campbell's
- Tonsorial Parlors. -

CONFERENCE NOTICE.

The Ward Conferences will be held as follows:

Mountain View, Sunday, Jan. 29th.
Leavitt, Sunday, Feb. 5th.
Ætna, Sunday, Feb. 12th.

You Know
Wolsey & Evans,
Contractors & Builders,
W. M. Wolsey. James Evans.
Cardston, - - Alberta.

PROFESSIONS OF WOMEN.

The Paris newspapers are astonished at the professions and industries in the United States now occupied by women. They declare that the day is not distant when all positions save those involving arduous toil will be filled with women. There were no women acting as accountants or secretaries of firms and companies. There are now 43,071. In 1878 there were only 527 female doctors and surgeons; they now number 6,882, while in 1870 there were only seven women stenographers and typewriters. The number today is 52,000.

The secret of good, healthy development for children is to keep them busy whether it be at work or play or a happy mixture of the two. And men it must be remembered, are only children grown tall. Idleness will make trouble for old or young, but to get the most good out of life one mut not forget that wholesome play and recreation does not come under the head of idleness. Some people think that unless they are continually in the business grind they are idle, but they do not realize how much strength for work can be stored up in a little play.

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.

All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.

Cardston. . . . . Alberta.

- Samuel Cox, -
Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting,
& Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
CARDSTON. . . ALBERTA.

Read THE RECORD
THE
CARDSTON RECORD
2.00 per year.

The Record $2.00

H. W. SAVORY,
Boundary Creek (Cardston P. O.) Alta.
Saddle & Work Horses For Sale.

The farm is the best place on which to bring up a family of children, first of all, and above all else for the reason that all surroundings and all conditions are healthful; and, secondly, that there they may be early and continually trained to habaits of industry. On the farm there is always something they can do, some responsibility that can be placed upon them. They are thus trained to work, and a power of self-reliance becomes a part of themselves—they grow up good for something in their own individuality. Wise parents recognize these facts and act accordingly.

Let kindness and consideration for others be one of the first things taught to a child. The little one in his mother's arms is not too young for such a lesson, and a thorough training of the child in this respect will save much regret in after life, and will help to elevate the sentiments and raise the standard of the home. In place of the patient, self-sacrificing mother, with selfish, thoughtless children will found a hopeful, helpful, happy family, with parents and children alike on the same footing of unselfish good comradeship.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1899. NO. 29

WAKE UP!

The people here in Cardston should arouse themselves at once and petition the Government to establish an immigration building in our town. That such a building is going to be erected in our part of the district, there is little or no doubt. Some wide awake parties living over on the St. Mary's near the Custom House are working like troopers to induce the Commission of Immigration to erect the proposed building at or near the Customs House. If the people here do not at once take a hand in the matter in all probability the immigration hall WILL be built on St. Mary's.

We ask the Overseer to call a meeting of the townspeople, and at said meeting a committee should be appointed to draft some resolutions. THE RECORD will publish them free of charge and see that copies of the paper are placed in the hands of the members of the Commission of Immigration. The result, we are confident, will be favorable to Cardston.

WAKING UP.

Since the foregoing article under the heading "Wake Up." was set up, some of the leading townspeople held an informal meeting, at which a resolution was adopted as follows:

Resolved that in the best interest of immigration to Southern Alberta, the buildings to accomodate the incoming settlers should be located at Cardston for the following reasons:

1st. The immigration is principally from the State of Utah. The people bearing letters of recommend to the leading citizens of this place.

2nd. In order to be identified incoming settlers, the majority are compelled to come to Cardston and receive letters of identification from the authorities here before they are able to make entry at the Customs.

3rd. Cardston is the center of the immigration movement.

4th. It is the town nearest to the line, and has all facilities to handle the influx of settlers.

JOHN E. LAYNE DIES.

(Communicated.)

Johnathan Ellis Layne, second son of David Layne and Lucinda Bybee, born Jan. 13, 1835, near Burlingreen, Clay County, Indiana.

In the fall and winter of 1838, Phenas Young and A. W. Babbit came through Clay County preaching the gospel and his father died before he joined the church, but his mother, with all of her family in 1844, left their home in Indiana together with the saints to Nauvoo, Hancock County, Illinois. He passed through the hardships while there and helped build the Nauvoo Temple. He left Nauvoo with his sisters and one brother. He arrived in Salt Lake 1 o'clock Sept. 27, 1852. He left Salt Lake City and went to Ogden and there stayed the next winter. He and his wife were reabtized at Millereek Jan 12, 1853. His first son was born in Ogden, whom they named Charles Ellis. In 1855 they moved to Bountiful; he took a recmomend with him to South Weber Ward from Bountiful and was soon after placed as acting teacher of the ward and given charge of the entire city plot; had charge of this as long as he lived in Bountiful.

In 1858 he worked on the tabernacle in Bountiful. Sept. 25, when Johnson's army approached Utah and began to boast of what they could do, a company of thirty or more men from Bountiful volunteered to go and meet them. They went to Salt Lake City and there met a company from Provo and with a company from Salt Lake, left for Fort Bridger with about one hundred and fifty men under Horton Haight as commander. They were not very well armed or equipped and had very scant clothing and not half enough bedding. They travelled all the way from Bountiful to Fort Bridger, a distance of 125 miles, without sleep.

He lived in Utah untill twelve years ago when he came to Canada. His wife, Anne, died two months ago. He was taken sick on the 26th. of Jan. the day his daughter, Lucinda, left for Manitoba.

The sickness began with pluresy and then changed into pneumonia.

After an illness of three weeks and one day he passed quietly away at twelve o' clock Sunday, surrounded by most of his family, at the age of 64. He leaves fifteen children to morn his loss, he being the father of seventeen.

[On account of our going to press before the funeral services were held, they do not appear in this issue.]

The canal company will pay off their hands today, so we are informed.

Commercial men who have lately visited Cardston are loud in their praises of the new hotel recently opened by Kearl & Sharp, and state it is one of the best which they have come in contact with in the Northwest. The hotel is three stories high, well furnished, heated throughout by hot air, and the cuisine is of the best.—Lethbridge News.

THE MORMONS IN CANADA.

Irrigation Colony Which is Prospering in Southern Alberta.

NO POLYGAMY.

Southern British Columbia the Only Market for Southern Alberta—The Mormon Creed.

[TORONTO GLOBE.]

Cardston, Southern Alberta, Jan. 14.—This is the Mormon settlement, but it may be well to say, before the reader has time to grow indignant, that the Mormonism which flourishes here is Mormonism minus polygamy. Polygamy—plurality the Mormons call it—was no part of the deposit of Mormonism originally delivered by Joseph Smith; it was not established until near the close of Smith's career, and was abandoned in Utah and elsewhere in the United States, so at least, one is assured, when the Supreme Court at Washington pronounced it illegal. Here in Canada it has never been established at all.

The first amendment to the United States constitution provides that "Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof." When Joseph Smith introduced ploygamy—as said, it was not one of the original articles of faith, though the Book of Mormon permitted and expressed approval of it—the Mormons held that it was protected as an integral part of their religion by this section. The alleged advantages of polygamy were that it provided homes for the preponderating number of young women who flocked to the Mormon standard; did away with the social evil, the damnosa hereditas of Christian communities; and furnished population for their Promised Land, then a wilderness, just as it had been found useful for the same purpose in the days of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob, when the earth was young. The Mormon leaders fought for years for what they regarded their constitutional right to practise polygamy, but finally gave up the institution when the Supreme Court went against them. The agitation for the expulsion of Brigham H. Roberts from Congress not for being a Mormon, but for being a polygamist, makes it clear that Americans do not belive polygamy has been abandoned to this day. However that may be, it is not practised among the Mormons of Southern Alberta. I cannot even find evidence for the assertion, freely made by the Gentiles of Lethbridge and Pincher Creek, that some of the richer Cardston Mormons have one wife here, and a second, third or fourth in Utah or Wyoming.

A SKETCH OF MORMONISM.

The Mormons hereabouts hail principally from Utah, Missouri and Wyoming, with a sprinking of recruits from eastern Canada and the United Kingdom, and number 2,000 souls. Next year 1,000 more are coming. They hope to found a "nation of righteousness unto the Lord," that shall occupy the foothills of the Rocky Mountains from the international boundary as far north as Calgary, and eastward to the Cypress Valley, and without doubt they are making a promising start.

The Book of Mormon is their Bible. Away back in Old Testament times one Nephi built a ship and sailed across the Atlantic to America, which he peopled. Some time afterwards a portion of the people, the Lamanites or dark-skins, rose against the Nephites proper. After the Resurrection in Palestine, Jesus appeared to the Nephites taught them many things. Ultimately the Lamanites overcame the Nephites and exterminated them, but not before the Nephite prophet, Mormon, had written his Book on plates of gold and buried it, about A. D., 420, along with the divination or interpretation crystals, Urim and Thummim, in the Hill of Cumorah, near Rochestes, where it was miraculously found by Joseph Smith and given to the world in English dress in 1830.

The Book is supposed to be a supplement to the Old and New Testaments, and treats, in a somewhat dreary way, of faith, original sin, the work of Christ, marriage, the dead, eternal life, the organization of the Church of Latter Day Saints, and so on. It teaches that God reveals Himself to-day, as in days of old, through the mouth of prophets, through sacred ordinances, the promptings of conscience and the works of nature; all the dead, whether they die in the Lord or not, have a chance of eternal happiness, and there is a living communion of saints, which seems to include a belief in spiritualism and communication with the dead. Such, in a few words, is the Mormon creed, that is to say, what they are expected and suppose to belive.

A PRACTICAL CREED.

But I fancy their practical religion, the thing which keeps them Mormons, is conviction that the Mormon Church is a first-rate agency for enabling a man to get on in this world. The practical side of faith, in short, is the inculcation of sobriety, industry and thrift, with the help which the organization extends to those who join it. A Welsh miner, earning a pound a week, most of it spent in the beerhouse, joins the Mormons, is transplanted to Southern Alberta and placed on a farm, encouraged to work, save money and abstain from drink, supplied with funds to give him a start, given the benfit of the commodities he needs and of the experience of others in selling to the best advantage, as well as in turning his land to the best account—this man soon becomes rich by comparison with his former squalor and is prepared to assert in the face of all mankind that Mormonism is divine; at any rate it has done for him what, under the conditions of Gentile life in England or Wales, would have been simply impossible. The inference is that the Christian churches might possibly get a firmer hold of the people if it were in their power to take the mechanic poor from cities and transform them in to farmers. Only it is essential to the success of the experiment that those who undertake it should be, not mere fabbists and dreamers, but, like the Mormon leaders, shrewd, hard-headed, practical men who understand their business, and know no such word as fail.

No religion is wholly lacking in good:

Which has not taught weak wills how much they can?
Which has not fallen on the dry heart like rain?
Which has not cried to sunk, self-weary man,
"Thou must be born again!"

Without entering further upon the religious aspect of Mormonism, it is enough to say that, judged by its material fruits, it must be a tolerably good religion. Of course, that is a low standard whereby to judge of any religion, since all have for their end, not the material but the spiritual well-being of men. At all events the Mormons are among the very best settlers in the Northwest. This will not be disputed by anyone who has been at Cardston and seen the high average of comfort that already prevails, and the bright promise for the future.

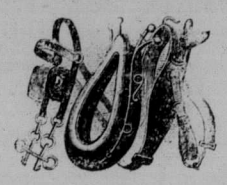
SCIENTIFIC IRRIGATION.

They are farmers who do not want rain, who regard rain along with thunder and lightening, as something to be dreaded. They farm by irrigation. The drier the season the better, since their calculations of the quantity of water requisite for producing a good crop of hay or coarse grains are not interfered with. Rain may easily spoil a crop, as well as burst their ditches, whereas if there is no rain they can regulate growth to a nicety. In Utah they have reduced irrigation to a science, and the experience acquired there stands them in good stead in this part of Canada, where the rainfall is light, but rivers and streams plentiful.

The Alberta Railway and Coal Company, better known as the Galt Comany, has sold 100,000 acres of land to the Alberta Irrigation Company, with the right to purchase 150,000 acres more, and the latter has commenced operations, the main task being the construction of a canal 60 miles in length, running from a point near Lethbridge into the Cardston or Lee's Creek

CONTINUED ON PAGE FOUR.

Hooked up at last.
HARNESS & SADDLERY.



Quality first. Prices right.
S. H. Horner,
CARDSTON, Next Kearl's Livery Stable

NOTICE.

Gay & Wight & Co., blacksmiths, have placed in my hand for collection all accounts outstanding at the time of dissolution of partnership.

Parties having accounts with said Firm will kindly settle same and save expenses.

C. E. Snow.

APPLICATION will be made at the next session of Parliament of Canada for an Act to amend the Act of Incorporation of the Alberta Irrigation Company by changing the name of the Company to The Canadian North West Irrigation Company; changing the place of head office to London, England; authorizing directors to vote by proxy; increasing capital stock to one million dollars; changing date of annual meeting to last Tuesday in October; and in other respects and for other purposes.

A. FERGUSON,
Solicitor for Applicants.
16th December 1898. [22—30]

Graphophone For Sale.

Columbia Graphophone, 26-inch horn, with folding stand, two-way hearing tube, and 85 records, all in perfect condition. Come and see it at this office.

Kearl Hotel

Kearl & Sharp, Props.

First Class in all Appointments.

$1.50 per day and upwards.

Meals, 40 Cents.

Livery, Feed & Sale Stables

Good outfits furnished at all hours.

Rates Reasonable.

Robert Ibey, Agent for
PIANOS & ORGANS.
Organs from $75 00 up to $175 00
Pianos " $250 00 " " 700 00
Sewing Machine
From $25 00 to $80 00.

Fire and Life Insurance.

Equitable Life. (Assets $200,000,000.)
British America Fire Assurance Co.
Western Fire Assurance Co.
Agency, RECORD Office.

C. O. CARD.
SUB AGENT
DOMINION LANDS.
ALSO AGENT FOR
RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY
. . . AND . . .
PRIVATE LANDS.
Office Hours: 9 to 4.

Photograph Gallery

at the Residence of
S. LOW.
Open on clear days from 12 to 2 pm
Cardston, - - - Alberta.

HOTEL DE WOOLF

RATES, $1.50 PER DAY.
Livery & Feed Stable.
Cardston, - Alberta.

Meat Market.

Wm. Wood.
Smoked Tongue, Hams and Bacon.
My own cure.
Cash paid for hides

For 30 days only
At **H. S. Allen & Co's**

Snaps in Clothings & Caps.

Men's	Suits	worth	$4 25	for	$3 25
"	"	"	6 25	"	4 75
"	"	"	8 00	"	6 00
"	"	"	10 50	"	8 00
"	"	"	12 00	"	9 00
"	"	"	14 00	"	10 50
Men's Fur Caps		"	1 50	"	1 15
"	"	"	2 25	"	1 50
Men's Caps		"	75	"	50

Rare Bargains in Ladies' goods.

25 per cent off on all Mantel Clothes.
20 " " " " " Dress Goods.
15c Flannelettes for 9c.

$3 50	Capes and Jackets		for	$2 50
6 25	"	"	"	4 25
8 00	"	"	"	6 00
12 50	"	"	"	9 00

The Store for the People.

C. Edgar Snow, Banker,

Cardston, - - - Alberta.

1895 1899

A general banking business transacted.

LETHBRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.

Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7:30 o'clock, a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $3.50; Round trip, $5.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.

MERCER & McCARTY PROPS.

Great Bargains
For Newspaper Readers
CLUB OFFERS

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News, both one year for .....$3.50.

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Montreal Family Herald and Weekly Star, both for....$2.75

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, for.....$2.00

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Toronto Weekly Globe both one year for.....$2.00

Don't send away for your Printing. The RECORD Job Department does good Printing at fair prices.

Subscribe for The Record,

don't borrow it. Support your home paper, and get the news. The Cardston Record gives the local happenings and the news of the world. The subscription price is $2. a year.

Remittances to be sent to the publisher of

THE CARDSTON RECORD

CARDSTON, ALBERTA.

TWENTY ARE INJURED

A SKATING RINK GALLERY FALLS DURING A HOCKEY MATCH.

Over Thirty Spectators Were Precipitated to the Ice Below—Several Ladies Injured.

Sudbury, Ont., Jan. 31.—At a hockey match here on Monday night the rink gallery was crowded with men, women and young people, every available inch along the railing in front being occupied—principally by ladies, and others packed in close behind them. About 9.45, when the excitement was at its height, the puck having been thrown at the Mattawa goal, immediately below the gallery, and the Sudbury players coming down with a rush, a sound was heard at the centre of the railing as of the breaking of timber. This was instantly followed by total darkness (the electric light wire being broken), and a crash as nearly the whole railing and over thirty persons fell over to the ice below and on the heads of those beneath, among whom were Messrs. D. Balkie, Chas. Lamarche, W. P. Martin, Dr. Struthers, F. Cochrane, Dr Mulligan, W. C. Kilpatrick, Dr. Arthur, Wm. McCracken, M. Munns, A. Quesnell, J. A. Orr and others.

Nearly all these were either struck by the railing or by some of those who fell over, and doubtless were the means of saving the lives of several by breaking their fall. There was deep silence for a few moments, which was broken by the moans of the injured and the voices of those calling for lights. When the lanters were brought several were found lying unconscious. They were at once carried to the waiting rooms, the drug store nearby, and to their homes. Many of those below were knocked down by the railing striking them, or some one falling on them; in fact there were very few who escaped injury of some kind, either cuts or bruises. It was certainly a miracle that no one was killed, or the injuries even more serious than they are.

CRIPPLE CREEK EXCITED.

A Boby of Ore Discovered Similar to the Recent Strike at the Mikado.

Denver, Jan. 31.—In regard to the recent strike in Isabella Ground, Cripple Creek, Manager Kilburn says: "I do not like anything that will excite the people any more than they are at present. The metallic ore body has doubled in size, and both ways since yesterday morning. Some of the pieces of ore are 80 per cent. gold. I never saw such mineral, and I do not believe that its like was ever mined in this or any other camp in the world. We have had no assays taken on the rock, but a ton of it could be picked out that would run anywhere from $50,000 to $200,000 per ton. Armed guards are watching the property. The strike was made in a new ore body at a depth of 820 feet below the surface The chute has been out at the seventh level 200 feet above, and also at the fifth. At the latter place an assay was obtained in the breast of the dirft in two feet of ore that went better than $1,000 per ton. There is blocked out in the one level between the ninth and seventh levels, at least $5,000,000 worth of ore."

S. S. Convention.

Atlanta, Ga., Jan. 31.—A local committee, having in charge the arrangements for the ninth triennial international Sunday-school convention to be held here in April, met in the Y. M. C. A. parlor yesterday and took up the work for caring for the big gathering and looking into other details. The convention will meet April 27th, 28th and 29th, and about 2,000 delegates from all parts of the United States, several South American countries, Canada, Mexico, England, and possibly India, will be here. Several days before the convention the international lesson committee, Rev. J. D. Potts, D. D., of Toronto, Ont., chairman, will meet in Atlanta to map out the Sunday-school lessons for the next six years.

At yesterday's meeting it was decided to open the convention with a monster meeting and chorus of 10,000 voices at the Auditorium in the exposition park. The convention will represent thirty million Sunday-school scholars and about 200,000 schools. The largest gathering in the history of the international association is expected.

Undecipherable.

Eminent Egyptologist—Have you deciphered that rare document we found in the pyramid?

Associate—No; it will never be deciphered, but we know what it is. It's a doctor's prescription, evidently dropped by an American tourist.—Philadelphia Record.

The tunnels of the world are estimated to number about 1,142, with a total length of 514 miles. There are about 1,000 railroad tunnels, 12 subaqueous tunnels, 90 canal tunnels and 40 conduit tunnels, with aggregate lengths of about 350 miles.

Some Hindoos wear mustaches and beards, but all wear whiskers, which are shaved off at once when an adult relation dies The shaving off of whiskers is thus a sign of mourning.

What's in a Name.

London, Jan. 30.—It is announced that Queen Victoria has been pleased at the desire of Mr. Leander J. McCormack, of Chicago, to grant a license for Mr. Frederick E. Goodhardt, of Hadlow Castle, Tonbridge, to assume the name of McCormick

The Morning Post says: "We believe this is the first occasion upon which a Britisher has added his American wife's maiden name to his own. Mr. Goodhardt is the Conservative candidate for Devonport.

Adelina Patti Married.

London, Jan. 25.—Adelina Patti, the singer, was married this morning at Bracon, Wales, to Baron Cederstrom, director of the health gymnastic institute here. Madame Patti took a train from Craig-y-Nos, her residence, to Bracon, which was prettily decorated for the occasion. The band of the South Wales Borderers met the party at the station and with the fire brigade, the police, headed by the town banner, and the mace bearers, escorted the wedding party in five landaus, to the Roman Catholic church which has been specially decorated. Sir George Faudel Philips, former lord mayor of London, gave Patti away. The service was very short.

The Baron and Baroness Cederstrom emerged from the church at eleven o'clock and entered a carriage. The procession was re-formed and the bride and bridegroom proceeded to the railway station and started for London. They received an ovation. The wedding breakfast was served on board the train which was composed of the special corridor cars built for the Prince of Wales.

Samoan Difficulty.

London, Jan. 25.—The Berlin correspondent of the Times, dealing with the Samoan difficulty, says: No proposal has yet been made for a conference as to Samoa, and I have reason to believe that there is a pause in the interchange of views. The governments concerned are awaiting fuller information.

The Standard's Berlin correspondent says: Mr. White, United States ambassador, informs me that the reports of conferences between him, Sir Frank Lascelles, the British ambassador, and Herr Von Buelow, German foreign secretary, are mere newspaper inventions. He seems annoyed at the continuance of the newspaper allusions to the alleged strained relations between Germany and the United States.

Romance in High Life.

London, Jan. 25.—The romance of the Earldom of Perth has been revived by an inquiry for Lady Drummond, in connection with certain property by her second cousin, Mrs. Powdrig, of Peabody avenue, West London. Lady Drummond, now Mrs. Masters, was a governess in Viscount Fort's family, when she eloped with a son of Lord Drummond, who was heir to the Earldom of Perth. They went to New York city where young Drummond was employed at manual labor. A daughter was born there. When the father died Lady Drummond was a waitress in an ice cream saloon on Eighth avenue. The widow married a Mr. Masters, and when last heard from they intended to go south or to California.

Will Carry Exhibits Free.

Ottawa, Jan. 25.—The government proposes to arrange for representation in certain classes of exhibits at Paris in 1900, but will depend on local organizations and private individuals to supply specimens. For instance, in the mineral, agricultural, fishery or forestry exhibits, which will ensure a fair representation of all sections of the country, the government has decided that it will undertake at the public expense the transportation of all exhibits from ports of the Dominion across the ocean and to Paris and that the unpacking, setting up, and care of the exhibits, and repacking and return to the shore of the Dominion of such exhibitions as are not disposed of at Paris will also be managed at the public expense.

In the White Sea.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 25.—The Moscow engineers, Oldendorf and Tokarioff, who were supposed to have perished while exploring the polar coasts, have returned to Moscow. They were sent out by the managers of the Moscow and Archangel railway with a view of discovering a place for extended navigation. While exploring the coasts of Mezon bay, in the White Sea, about 150 miles northeast of Archangel, they found not only a place where navigation is open for more than four months of the year, but also discovered that the flow of the Kuloi river into Mezon bay is ice free throughout the year. The seal fishers have long availed themselves of this fact to reach the Polar sea.

Death in the Woods.

Brandon, Jan. 25.—Arch. McPhail, a prominent farmer north of Brandon, received word this morning that his brother-in-law, George Hart, was killed, and that the body was then at Dauphin. The deceased left here to work in the woods some time ago, and this is the first tidings his relatives had from him. Although a young man he leaves a wife and family in Ontario. He was a Forester, and his body will be taken charge of by that society.

City Engineer Dismissed.

Vancouver, Jan. 25.—The city council have decided to dismiss the present city engineer, E. A. Wilmot, and applications for the position will be advertised for. Wilmot is an important witness in the suits pending against the city, arising out of the Point Ellice bridge disaster, and a strong feeling prevails that it is unwise to remove him. The salary is $1,800 per annum.

Steamer Runs Aground.

New York, Jan. 25.—The Norwich line steamer Rhode Island, bound from New York for Norwich, Conn., went aground in the East river, opposite 133rd street, at 8 o'clock last night during a thick fog. There was some confusion among the passengers at first. About midnight the steamer New Hampshire, of the same line, went alongside, took off the passengers and carried them up the sound to their destination. The Rhode Island was dragged off the rock this morning.

DAMP AND TOUGH WHEAT.

It all depends on how it is handled. You may loose it all, or you may get a good figure for it, by placing it in experienced hands. Load it in cars, ship to your own order Fort William; advise H. S. Paterson, Winnipeg; endorse bill of lading and send it to any chartered bank in Winnipeg with instructions to hand to H. S. Paterson on payment of the sale price, less one cent a bushel for handling charges. I will handle this wheat for direct export and obtain the very highest possible values. Correspondence solicited.

H. S. PATERSON - Grain Dealer.
202 Grain Exchange - WINNIPEG.

THE MARKETS.

New York, Jan. 31.—Wheat receipts, 126,480 bushels; exports, 66,996 bushels.

Chicago, Jan. 31.—Futures closed as follows:

Wheat—May 74 3-4; July 72 3-8.
Corn—Jan. ——; May 37¾; July 37 7-8.
Oats—Jan. 26 3-8; May 26 3-4; July 26 1-4.
Ribs—Jan. $5.00; May $5.12.
Lard—Jan. $5.60; May $5.80.
Pork—Jan. $10 10; May $10.35.

WINNIPEG MARKETS.

Wheat—No. 1 hard, Fort William, 70½c.

Flour—Patent, $1.95; strong bakers $1.75; Manitoba bakers, $1.55; XXXX, per sack of 98 lbs., $1.05.

Millfeed—Bran, $10, and shorts $12 per ton in bulk; large lots, $1 per ton less.

Ground Feed—Oat chop, $15 to $16 per ton; mixed barley and oats, $13 to $14; and wheat mixtures, $7 to $10

Oil cake, $23 per ton

Oatmeal—Car lots of rolled about $1.90 for 80 lb. sacks.

Oats—25c per bushel.

Barley—Feed, 24 to 25c per bushel of 48 lbs.; malting, 27 to 30c.

Flax seed—70 to 80c per bushel.

Butter—Creamery, 22 to 23c; dairy, 13½ to 14½c.

Cheese—Large, 9½c; small, 10c.

Eggs—Fresh, 20c; limed, 16 to 17c.

Dressed Meats—Beef, 5½c; mutton, 7 to 8c; lambs, 8 to 9c; hogs, 5¾ to 6c; veal, 6 to 7c.

Poultry — Spring chickens 10c per lb, turkeys 10 to 12c, ducks and geese 9 to 10c.

Game—Rabbits, 8½c each, or three for 25c; pigeons, 20c per pair; wild ducks, 25c per pair.

Vegetables—Potatoes, 35c per bushel turnips, 20c per bushel; parsnips 1½c per lb; carrots, 40c; beets, 40c per bushel; celery, 40c per dozen; cabbage, 1 per pound; onions, to 2c 2½ per lb.

Hides—No. 1, 6½c; No. 2, 5½c. Kip, 6 to 6½c; calf, 8c; sheepskins and lambskins, 50 to 65c; horse hides, 75c to $1.50 each colts, 25c to 50c each.

Wool—Nominal, at 8 to 8½c.

Tallow—No. 1, 3½c; No. 2, 2½ to 3c.

Seneca Root—21c per pound.

Hay—Baled, $7.50 to $8 on tack here

Cattle—Butchers' cattle nominal at 3 to 3½c; stockers, 2½ to 2¾c.

Hogs—Good bacon hogs at 4¾ on cars here.

Cows—Readily bring from $25 to $40.

Horses—Good carriage from $125 up. Work horses from $175 a team up.

A Literary Coincidence.

Plagiarism is a literary crime the charge of which should not be made too freely, especially where a very eminent person is concerned. Retentive memories seem to be responsible for much that in an outburst of indignant emotion we would lay to plagiarism. This however, can hardly explain the following, which can merely be called a remarkable coincidence. We have never heard that the genial autocrat, Oliver Wendell Holmes, was ever accused of stealing from Whittier, nor do we ever remember that any one has said that the Quaker poet borrowed from the physician. Nor do the circumstances of the present case raise either issue.

We picked up the other day at a second hand bookstore a copy of The Atlantic Monthly of January, 1870 In it we found that the two eminent poets above mentioned while writing on totally different themes gave two lines that are strikingly alike. Mr. Whittier's is "Never by lover my lips be kissed, and Dr. Holmes wrote, "Lips that lover has never kissed." It is rather an extraordinary coincidence, as we have said How curiously and scientifically and mystically the doctor must have explained it all if his attention were ever called to it!—New York Times.

His Fighting Name.

An army officer here in town tells a story which throws a side light on the ways of recruiting officers. In his command during the Cuban campaign was a private who came every day to ask for letters. Joseph Murphy was his name on the roll, but the tang of his tongue did not suggest even remotely the Emerald Isle. Day after day and no letter came Murphy's face grew longer and his query more pathetic every time he appeared.

"No letter," said the officer one morning "No letter for you. There is only one addressed to—let me see—t Giovanni Paladini Castellazzia—or something like that; none for you."

Murphy's face beamed with delight "That-a one for me," he said. "My name lika that I go to the recruiting office. I am wanting to go fight. Officer say, 'What your name?' I say, 'Giovanni Paladini Castellazzia,' and he say: 'Oh, beiladam, that no name for you You not fight with name. You fight with gun All that name trip you up You be Joseph Murphy.' I be Joseph Murphy now, and that is my letter." Washington Post.

PARTED AT THE ALTAR.

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY.

He had looked into her eyes, heard her voice, and had not recognized her; and she told herself, with a bitter smile, that she would never betray her identity to him—never! He should never know that she was the same Doris to whom he had been bound by that fatal midnight marriage, and who had deserted her so cruelly at the very altar almost. He had not grieved to have the fetters that bound him to herself snapped asunder by her death, she felt sure. Of course, he was Vivian's husband long since, and could, therefore, be nothing to her now—less than nothing—and quite unconsciously her face grew cold, hard and haughty with superb scorn as he gazed at her.

At that moment Karl entered the drawing-room, and Doris took the opportunity to escape from his presence instantly.

Frederick Thornton looked after Miss Fielding in wonder not unmixed with pique. Why did this lovely young girl take such an aversion to him at first sight? Why did she avoid him so persistently? he asked himself, vexedly. He could not understand, yet, despite this knowledge, he seemed drawn as by a magnet each day to the villa.

CHAPTER XXVIII.—A SHADOW.

That one glance at the dark, handsome face of Frederick Thornton awakened all the old bitter-sweet memories in Doris's heart again.

She tried to avoid him, but from that hour Frederick Thornton followed Doris about like a shadow.

One evening they met at a grand ball. Doris had heard them say he would not be there. Therefore she much surprised to see him standing by her side.

"Are you engaged for the next waltz, Miss Fielding?" he asked, taking the pearl and gold tablet from her hand.

Doris drew back, her lovely face paling. Even her lips lost their color. Waltz with him! Ah, no! She could not.

How could she feel his breath upon her cheek, the clasp of his strong arm around her, and know that he was another's—that he had lost her forevermore?

"I should prefer dancing any other than a waltz with you, Mr. Thornton," she said. He certainly felt piqued. Any other young lady in that grand, glittering ball room would have been pleased to have waltzed with him, he well knew.

"May I put my name down for the next quadrille, then?" he asked, with charming grace; and as Doris could find no reasonable excuse for refusing him, she bowed a cold assent.

To her horror, she found it was, after all, a waltz-quadrille. She could not escaped from him when they were out on the floor together. She was obliged to go through the dance with him. Yet Frederick Thornton could not help but notice how she shrank from the touch of his hand and the clasp of his arm.

And again he asked himself in the deepest wonder, why had this young girl taken such an aversion to him.

That one waltz-quadrille undid the work of years. Doris had thought that she had schooled her heart against him; but love was not to be disciplined thus easily. She realized that the Doris of twenty loved handsome Frederick Thornton a thousand times more deeply than the Doris of seventeen had done. That was childish, beautiful love; this was the full, passionate strength of a woman's love—the love that blesses or curses human hearts.

From that hour Frederick Thornton followde Doris about like a shadow. He took great care to place himself in every set with her. If she strolled out on the balcony, on looking up she was sure to find him near her. If she seated herself at the piano in the grand drawing-room, she would find him at her side, ready to turn the music for her.

She curled her crimson lips in the deepest scorn as she looked at him. He had been untrue to the memory of poor hapless Doris. Now he would be untrue to Vivian's memory by sunning himself in another's smiles, she told herself.

"Why was Vivian not with him?" she wondered. Then she remembered it was not unusual for gentlemen to go abroad without their wives. No doubt Vivian had not chosen to come.

There was one who looked on with darkening brow as Frederick Thornton hovered at Doris's side; one who turned away as though the sight were bitter pain to him, although he had noticed Doris did not encourage these attentions. Karl Lancaster could not endure the thought of Doris smiling upon another.

A sudden coldness sprang up between the two young men, and Karl was pleased when his father announced his intention of returning home.

A fortnight later, the Lancasters took up their summer quarters at the Ocean Beach Hotel, Newport, and Doris was at once proclaimed the beauty and belle of the season. To Doris's dismay, Frederick Thornton followed them.

Again he sought and improved every opportunity of cultivating beautiful Miss Fielding's acquaintance. There was a certain dash of romance about it, owing to the fact the girl seemed to detest and avoid him so.

Frederick Thornton was by no means vain. Yet he was not blind to his own accomplishments, and the favor in which he was held by the charming belles who graced the beach.

It was quite useless for bewitching young girls to single him out as the handsomest and best catch of the season. He was proof against all their pretty arts of coquetry, their coy blushes and blandishments. It was soon whispered about that he had no eyes nor ears for any one save the beauty and belle, Miss Fielding. He was not to be won, that was evident

"Why does he follow me about so persistently, I wonder?" Doris often thought to herself. It often occurred to her to warn those pretty girls that the idol they were so eager to worship was married; that he had no right to give to the world the impression that he was single—free to woo and win them.

Mrs. Lancaster watched young Mr. Thornton's persistent wooing with anxiety for her own son's sake. Once she attempted to discover the state of Doris's heart by close questioning in regard to her ardent admirer, but Doris turned such a pale, pained face toward her that she cried out in alarm.

"Do not mention Frederick Thornton's name to me. I hate him," she said, in a quick, stifled voice; and before Mrs. Lancaster could recover from the astonishment of witnessing this vehement outburst of passion from the usually quiet Doris, the girl had quitted the room.

That day a strange, reckless resolve came to Doris. She would cease avoiding Frederick Thornton so. She would learn to control herself better than this, that the sound of his voice, the touch of his hand, the glance of his eyes agitated her so. It almost seemed to Doris that the whole world must read her secret. She loved him!

That afternoon, when Frederick Thornton joined a group of young girls on the sea shore, among whom was Doris, he noticed with a thrill of pleasure that she did not turn and walk abruptly away as usual; and he flattered himself that the willful beauty, who had taken such an aversion to him, was beginning to look upon him more kindly.

The group of chattering young girls made way for him. He flung himself down on the white beach at Doris's feet; but the graceful, golden head, after a slight inclination, was turned proudly away from the face gazing up into her own.

"I want you to settle a dispute for us, Mr. Thornton, if you will," said a bewitching little brunette, laying a little mite of a hand, in a half-careless, half-caressing way, on his arm. "I am trying to induce these timid girls to take a dip in the sea waves with me I have already half persuaded Miss Fielding. If she goes, the rest will follow. Now, add your entreaties to mine, and tell them the sea waves will be delightful, this terribly warm afternoon."

Frederick Thornton looked up in swift alarm.

"I think Miss Fielding was quite right in hesitating to trust the water to-day; there is danger in its wooing. Do you see how high the breakers dash on the shore I have been told that it betoken a swift, treacherous undercurrent."

"Oh, how cruel of you to say that Mr. Thornton!" pouted the little brunette, who was quite an expert swimmer among the breakers and longed to show her dexterity in battling with the huge waves. "Of course your opinion will decide Miss Fielding, and my eloquent arguing of an hour's duration has been all in vain."

"I think not," returned Doris, very quietly. "I have made up my mind to go into the surf with you."

The little brunette looked delighted; Frederick Thornton looked as he felt—much annoyed.

"Why do you wish to court danger, Miss Fielding?" he asked, in a low voice. "You can see for yourself how heavy the sea is. I beg of you do not be tempted into the surf."

Doris crested her beautiful golden head, looking down at him with cold, proud eyes. She would have gone now, even if death itself stared her in the face, just to show him how lightly she valued his opinion.

"Why do you take so much interest in this matter?" asked Doris, sharply.

The words, "Because I love you so madly" sprang to his lips; but he forced them back. This was neither the time nor the place to utter them.

He smiled, and a tender look came into his fine, dark eyes.

"Would I not lift my voice, stretch out my hands, to save a rash child from rushing headlong into danger? or turn aside from its course a bird that was seemingly bent upon fluttering straight into a trap? You are like the child and the bird; you must be saved from the fruits of your own folly."

With a haughty toss of her golden, curly head, Doris picked up her book and lace sunshade, and walked away.

Frederick looked thoughtfully out over the water. In that moment his mind had flown back to the hapless girl-bride who had found death in the cold, cruel waves. The impulse came to him to follow Miss Fielding, and tell her the story of poor, hapless little Doris. It was strange that, in the presence of this beautiful girl, whom he had learned to love so passionately, his mind always went back to poor little Doris, who had loved him so well; Miss Fielding, in some vague way, reminded him so much, at times, of Doris, although Miss Fielding was a beauty and belle, surrounded by wealth, luxury and admirers; and little Doris was only a timid school-girl, whose girlish heart he had won unknowingly.

A half hour later, as he paced the veranda of the hotel, looking out seaward, he saw a group of bathers battling with the breakers.

His heart almost stood still. He recognized the foremost one, upon whose golden head the sunlight fell; it was Miss Fielding.

How madly the huge waves dashed over the four young girls who clung to the ropes with their slender white hands.

"They have found the water much too rough for them; just as I predicted," he mused, strolling mechanically down the beach.

Doris saw him coming toward them, and a reckless, defiant light flamed into her blue eyes.

"I will show him how little I think of his warning," she thought, striking out fully a rod ahead of her companions.

Alas! for willful defiant, Doris, it was a fatal move. All in an instant she realized it. The great waves carried her far out of the reach of the protecting ropes, and in a single instant more the treacherous undercurrent dragged her down.

Hoarse cries echoed from hundreds of throats as the horrified spectators realized what had happened. Before a lifeboat could be put out the girl would be swept out to sea.

But in that moment of horror a young man had torn off his coat, and sprang into the waves to her rescue.

"Courage!" he shouted. "I will save you, or die!"

The young man was Frederick Thornton.

CHAPTER XXIX—SAVED BY LOVE.

In an instant the greatest excitement prevailed. Was the young man mad, to risk his life so recklessly among the wild, dashing breakers? they asked themselves, breathlessly.

They strained their eyes and held their breath. It certainly looked as though two lives would be lost instead of one. Prayers went up from women's hearts; men muttered, hoarsely, "God strenghen his arm!" and through the moments that followed they watched with bated breath, the intense silence broken only by the loud, hoarse murmurs of the breaker.

Frederick Thornton was young and strong, and an expert swimmer, but the odds were fearfully against him. He struck out bravely for the shining mark that was drifting out so swiftly to sea.

"Courage! courage!" he shouted to her again. "I will save you or die with you!"

Doris heard him, and the words inspired her with new life. She held out her white arms to him with a wild, piteous cry, and then a huge wave dashed over her, completely concealing her.

The mad water, hissing, boiling and churning around him, seemed to laugh in wild glee at his efforts to cheat them of their prey.

Down, down he struck after her, swifter than arrow-flight, drenched, choked, blinded by wave and spray, and an instant later he turned and struck boldly for the shore, holding the form of Doris in his arms. But reaching the shore was no easy task. The great waves beat him back, and his herculean efforts seemed to prove futile, as, sure as fate, he realized they were drifting out to sea.

He saw the life-boat that was put out, but could it reach them? Could his strength last that long? He was strong and sinewy, yet it was no light task to hold that heavy burden with his left arm, striking boldly out with the right.

All this occurred to the girl who clung to him in pale bravery.

"Leave me, Frederick," she gasped, piteously. "It will be all you can do to save yourself."

"You think I am coward enough for that?" he cried out, with a sharp accent of pain. "You think I would save myself and let you perish?" And she answered, simply:—

"Why not? It is all you can do. The life-boat can never reach us."

"I'll never leave you while I have life! You would be swept down in a minute. We will live or die together!" he cried, holding her fast, and battling heroically with the mad waves.

"Go!—leave me to my fate!" she panted, wildly. "Go—for my sake, Frederick—because I—love—you!"

And with those words she fell back in his arms in a dead faint.

Perhaps it was those words that imbued him with new life, and buoyed him up until the life-boat reached him.

Five minutes later, amid lusty cheers and glad cries of women, Frederick Thornton laid Doris down on the white sand among the motley throng that had assembled there. From that hour handsome Frederick Thornton was the hero and idol of the belles of Newport.

It was a week before Doris was sufficiently recovered to venture down to the parlor to thank him for saving her life.

It was evening; the chandeliers were lighted, throwing a soft, mellow light over the marble halls and vast parlors, and out upon the stretch of beach beyond, lying so white in the clear, bright starlight.

Doris saw him out on the veranda, pacing to and fro, smoking a cigar. Silently she crossed the veranda and stood before him, like a vision in her clinging dress of soft, fleecy white.

"I am come to thank you for what you have done for me, Mr. Thornton," she said, with an unconscious flutter in her voice, extending both her hands. "I thank you so much words will not express my indebtedness. Why did you do it? It might have cost you your own life. Oh, why did you do so much for me, Mr. Thornton?"

He took both her trembling hands.

"We will walk down on the beach together, and I will tell you why," he answered.

How smooth the treacherous, smiling sea looked under the brilliant starlight. How clear the silver moon looked, coyly hiding her sweet face behind the soft, white clouds, like a blushing bride behind her white veil. What a glamor there was over land and sea as they walked silently along under the mellow moonbeams, listening to the musical murmur of the sighing waves.

Suddenly Frederick Thornton stood still, looking down into the lovely face, his hand involuntarily closing and holding prisoner the little trembling one that lay on his arm.

"You asked me why I risked my life to save yours. I will answer you now. It was because I love you with all the strength of my heart, with all the strength of my soul. Without you, life would be a blank; with you, it would be a paradise. I love you with the mightiest love man ever felt for woman—a love that would brave all the dangers of earth and sea to win you. You told me out on the water that you—"

The sentence never was finished. Doris turned upon him like a flash.

(To Be Continued.)

RECENT INVENTIONS.

A Delaware inventor has designed a bell attachment for cyclometers which is fastened to the underside of the casing, with a spring clapper running up to connect with a pin on one of the wheels of the cyclometer to ring the bell at every mile

Furnace doors can be easily opened without touching with the hands by the use of a new improvement, a lever being pivoted on the floor to be stepped on at one end and lift the opposite end, raising an upright rod attached to the door to swing it open.

Elastic webbing for suspenders is replaced by a new invention, consisting of a spiral spring flattened on two sides and inclosed in a casing, with the ends attached to the stiff webbing, so that a pull on the suspenders partially closes the spring.

The hair can be shampooed by a new machine without touching the hands to the head and the dust or lather is gathered up and prevented from getting on the clothing, a hood being placed over the head, with a flexible casing at the top which is moved over all parts of the head.

OUR FRIEND THE ENEMY.

The Spanish government would probably be in favor of a peace jubilee if Don Carlos would consent to participate.—Washington Star.

Spain declines to cede us a coaling station in the Carolines. This may oblige Uncle Sam to invite young Alfonso to an interview in the wood shed.—Albany Argus.

Spain, in its continued protests against alleged injustice and oppression of the weak, exhibits a cheerful willingness to forget all about the reconcentrados.—Exchange.

If the $20,000,000 we paid for the Philippines should be divided among the people of Spain each would receive $1. And most of them badly need the dollar.—Syracuse Herald.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

DON CARLOS.

A Camera Fiend Gets a Snapshot of the Spanish Pretender and Tells How He Looks and Acts.

Don Carlos is a familiar figure among the campos, calles and canals of Venice, says Charles King Wood, a Philadelphia camerist, in The Press of that city.

Every afternoon about 4 o'clock, be the day fair or foul, his commanding form, accompanied by his young wife, the Princess of Rohan, may be seen crossing the Plazza or threading the busy Merceria, he walking with great manly strides and she pitter-patter with tiny steps, clinging to his arm as if trying to "keep up."

The Princess is sweet to look upon, but oftentimes with a shade of sadness in her expression. She rarely raises her eyes from the ground as she walks holding confidently and proudly to her husband's strong arm with an air at once shy and charmingly feminine.

Don Carlos looks "every inch a king," handsome, dark, tall and broad-shouldered. Familiar gossip in Venice whispers stories gallant of the irresistible Don and maids of low degree, but if these tales have foundation in verity they must surely antedate the reign of this lovely second wife.

At the Fenice (the great Venetian theatre opened only upon special occasions), the night after Christmas the "Boheme of Puccini" was sung for the first time in Venice, and all society was there.

Don Carlos and his wife often during the evening sat hand in hand in the most affectionate manner, evidently entirely oblivious to other eyes.

The Pretender has been magnanimous in sparing poor Spain a revolution and civil strife at this, for him, most opportune hour, with the United States besetting her from without, the riots within. It is confidently stated by Carlists that their leader is both prepared and able at any moment to place himself upon the throne of his fathers.

A bulldog accompanies the Don in his daily walks. The beast usually contrives to stray into the shops or lose himself among the crowds in the Merceria, and then his royal master and mistress must wait, or search until he is found, the Don whistling fiercely just as you or I might.

It is the custom for a gondola to meet them at the Piazelta or at the Giardenetto Reale after the promenade. Then with the bulldog mounted on the prova, our interesting friends are rowed swiftly away by two gondoliers in blue and yellow.

Don Carlos lives in a fine old palace on the Grand Canal, between the votive Church of Santa Maria della Salute and l'Academia, with great pali for the gondolas bearing the fleur-de-lis of the Bourbons.

The coat-of-arms of the family graces the entrance hall, where one may now and then see flitting by the blue and yellow of the servants of the house.

A certain state is kept and the royal adherents address their master as "Your Majesty" with as much fervor as if in reality he were their reigning sovereign. For their quality they are said to be very impoverished and entertain but little. But whom may a throneless monarch welcome to his house? No royal heads, except perhaps an Empress Eugenie, an Orleanist pretender or such in like plight with themselves, and commoners, of course, are quite without the pale.

PERSONAL CHATS.

Ex-Secretary Carlisle's favorite color is gray, and he rarely wears a suit of any other shade.

Senator Foraker is a lover of modern art and is said to have one of the best amateur collections in the middle west.

Ten natives of Ohio will be in the next senate: Foraker, Hanna, Baker, Carter, Allen, Kyle, Elkins, Fairbanks, Turpie and Allison.

Cornelius Vanderbilt receives an average of 300 letters a day. Most of these are answered by his secretary, but about 50 he must himself attend to.

M. Paul Cambon, the new French embassador to England, was in his youth devoted to theatricals. He was highly successful in private performances.

Mr. Philip Sheridan, a nephew of the general and a member of the Montreal bar, is reported to have a fortune in the Klondike, where he went last summer.

William Waldorf Astor has donated $25,000 toward the fund being raised at the instance of General Lord Kitchener to found the Gordon Memorial college at Khartum.

Before joining his command in the Spanish war General "Joe" Wheeler had his name stricken off the congressional pay roll, and his salary was turned into the surplus.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

MUMPS.

How to Treat This Painful but Not Usually Dangerous Disease.

This is a very painful but usually not dangerous contagious disease affecting chiefly the young, though not sparing the middle aged or even the old who may have escaped exposure in earlier life.

Usually one who has had the disease is safe from another attack, but this is not always so, and medical books tell us of unfortunate individuals who have suffered four or five attacks at intervals of a few years, seeming to catch the disease every time they were exposed to it.

Mumps is very contagious, and one who has never had it is almost sure to contract it on the first opportunity. A short time spent with a patient suffering from it will generally suffice, but at the same time the contagion does not extend far from the sick, so that it is easy to prevent the spread of the disease by keeping the other members of the family away.

Mumps usually occurs in small epidemics in schools, armies, factories and wherever many persons are brought into close relations with each other daily.

Mumps is a general disease, similar in its nature to scarlet fever or measles, but the swelling of the salivary glands is such a striking feature that the other symptoms, mild fever, loss of appetite, etc., are apt to be forced into the background and overlooked.

The glands affected are generally the parotid glands, and the swelling appears beneath the ear just behind the jaw. The enlargement may be very great, and when both sides are affected the poor sufferer is so transformed as hardly to be recognizable. At the same time the glands are exceedingly painful. The other salivary glands may be affected together with the parotids or alone.

A peculiarity of mumps is that it is very prone to leave the parts attacked and invade other glands in the body. This is a serious danger, almost the only one, and can be prevented best by keeping the patient in bed or at least in the room, even if he feels perfectly well, for several days after the swelling has gone down.

This is about the only treatment called for, except perhaps soothing applications, such as soap liniment, for instance, to the skin over the swelling. The diet should be liquid, and indeed it must be, for chewing is so painful that solids are out of the question.—Youth's Companion.

TOMORROW'S BIRTHPLACE.

The Line In the Pacific Where It Shakes Hands With Yesterday.

Most people who have read Jules Verne's "Around the World In Eighty Days" will remember how narrowly the traveler missed his bet, having forgotten that, in following the sun from east to west, he had gained one day.

When one crosses the Atlantic from London to New York, he gains rather more than half an hour each day. From New York to Chicago another hour is gained, another to Denver, another to San Francisco, which is reckoning time eight hours later than London, and of course the best part of a day later than Shanghai and Yokohama. In crossing the Pacific there comes a time when the day begins, where yesterday and tomorrow shake hands, and where the traveler is cheated out of a day in his life.

In mid-Pacific, going west, one skips from Sunday to Tuesday. Going east he has one day of the week repeated—two Sundays or Tuesdays, as the case may be.

The line of the changing day is not a straight one. The islands in the Pacific take their time from the continent with which they trade and from which they were discovered. Thus the line of the change zigzags down the Pacific from south to north, dodging between the islands.

Hence it might easily happen that a ship which has already skipped a day would reach an island which clings to San Francisco time. In such a case it would be Monday on shore and Tuesday on the ship.

If the ship's jolly boat were lying at a wharf, it would be Monday on the wharf and Tuesday on the boat.

And if a person lives somewhere near the line he can get a sailboat and visit yesterday and tomorrow in the most delightful fashion.—New York World.

Squared the Circle.

Arithmeticians have been vainly trying for centuries to solve the problem known as the "squaring of the circle." It has remained for the little city of Aiken, S. C., to accomplish what the mathematicians have failed to do, for no better term than "squaring the circle" could be found to exactly describe what it has done in the matter of fixing its boundaries.

Aiken became a city in 1890, and its charter specifies that "its corporate limits shall include all the area embraced in a circle whose center is the intersection of Park avenue and Union street, and whose radius is one mile." So here we have a circular city, the only one in modern times I have ever known. But in 1891 the city charter was amended by special act of the legislature, and here follows the exact language of the amended article: "The limits of said city shall be held and deemed to be in the form of a circle and a square upon that circle, with the sides of the square touching the circumference of that circle north, east, south and west, the said circle to describe a circumference one mile in all directions from the central point of the intersection of Park avenue and Union street, as the center of said city."

If this isn't "squaring the circle," what is it?—Boston Transcript.

It may be only a trifling cold, but neglect it and it will fasten its fangs in your lungs, and you will soon be carried to an untimely grave. In this country we have sudden changes and must expect to have coughs and colds. We cannot avoid them, but we can effect a cure by using Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the medicine that has never been konwn to fail in curing coughs, colds, bronchitis and all affections of the throat, lungs and chest.

Familiar Expression.

"JUST LOST THE TRAIN."

—Nuggets.

The Difference.

Though summer's gone, the horse chews on;
He must be housed and fed.
He hasn't a thing to do till spring
But just eat off his head.
But the cycle, while the roads are vile
And paths are robed in white,
Just stands on a shelf and cares for itself
And never eats a mite.

—L. A. W. Bulletin.

Dear Sirs,—I cannot speak too strongly of the excellence of MINARD'S LINIMENT. It is THE remedy in my household for burns, sprains, etc., and we would not be without it. It is truly a wonderful medicine.

JOHN A. MACDONALD,
Publisher Arnprior Chronicle.

An Easy Promise.

In her heart love and duty strove for mastery, and duty won.

"No man shall wed me," she exclaimed, with suffused eyes and quivering lips, "who does not promise me that if he is ever president of the United States he will use his influence to have battleships christened with water!"

Such was the ardor of his passion that Algernon hesitated not a moment.

"I promise!" he cried, and fell upon his knees.—Detroit Journal.

A Fine Phrasing.

There are some classes of people, says The Cornhill Magazine, who seem to think that when they speak to a person they must use certain peculiar phrases, wholly strange to them under ordinary circumstances, as, for instance, the famous reply of the laborer to the minister's words of praise concerning a fine fat pig which he saw in his sty, grunting with satisfaction and repletion, "Oh, sir, if only we was all as fit to die as my old sow be!"

And Won.

"Didn't the bride get a fine lot of presents?"

"Yes, indeed. She played her cards well."—Providence Journal.

What Inference?

"Mrs. Barbles is getting up a club for the study of theosophy."

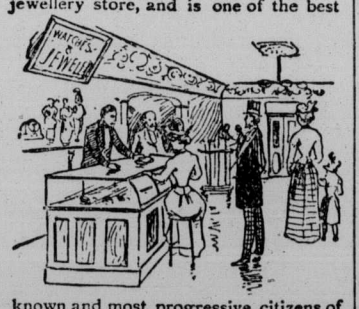
"You don't tell me! Is she intellectual, then?"

"Didn't I just tell you she was taking up theosophy."—Indianapolis Journal.

A Dunnville Jeweller's Wife

CURED OF PALPITATION OF THE HEART AND SMOTHERING SPELLS BY MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS.

Mrs. D. E. Lasalle, Canal Street, Dunnville, Ont., whose husband keeps a jewellery store, and is one of the best



known and most progressive citizens of Dunnville, Ont., gives the following description of her recent experience in the use of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

"I took Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills for weak nerves, dizziness, palpitation of the heart, smothering spells at night and sleeplessness. Before I used them I could not get restful sleep and my nerves were often so unstrung that I would start in alarm at the least noise, and easily worried.

"Last February I commenced taking this valuable medicine, and it proved the right remedy for my weak and shattered nervous system. Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills restored my nerves to a strong and healthy condition, gave regular and normal action of the heart.

"I sleep well now, and am better in every way, and I recommend them heartily to all who suffer as I did."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, 50c. a box, or 3 for $1.25, at all druggists. T. MILBURN & Co., Toronto, Ont.

Laxa-Liver Pills cure Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Dyspepsia. Every pill guaranteed perfect, and to work without a gripe or pain. Price 25c., all druggists.

Minards Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

PARTIAL PARALYSIS.

A SEVERE COLD BRINGS A WIFE AND MOTHER LOW.

Partial Paralysis Accompanied by Fainting Fits Follow—Doctors Fail to Bring Relief—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Restore Health.

Brookholm, a suburb of Owen Sound, is fairly vibrating with interest in the wonderful cures effected in that place by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. A newspaper man of Toronto, spending some time in the vicinity, was directed to a house on a hill overlooking Owen Sound's beautiful bay, and was told that there he would learn something about a cure effected by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The hill was climbed and it is to Mr. J. F. Goodfellow, the genial owner and occupant of that pleasant home, that he is indebted for the following facts:—"My wife owes her good measure of health today to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills," said Mr. Goodfellow. "On the 12th of July, 1895, Mrs Goodfellow went on an excursion to Collingwood by boat and came home with a severe cold, which developed into a partial or slight attack of paralysis in the left side and limb. In addition, at times she would be seized with a dizziness which often resulted in sudden and severe falls. The paralysis made her unable to lift any weight with her left hand. She called in medical aid and for some months followed the advice and took the medicines prescribed. But it was only money wasted as she did not get any better. As Mrs. Goodfellow has three children and her husband to care for it was a deep trouble to the family for her to be so afflicted. For eight months these dizzy spells and the paralysis continued. Then some friend asked her to try a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. To please the friend she consented to purchase a few boxes. When these had been taken she felt decidedly better. The fainting spells came less frequent, her strength returned to her side and arm and she was deilghted with the result. After taking about six boxes, and feeling quite well again, she discontinued the use of the pills for a time, but later felt some of the old symptoms returning. She again procured a supply and recommenced their use, and was overjoyed to find that these valuable little pellets again gave relief. She continued taking them until she felt that she must certainly be over the effects of the trouble when she again ceased to take the pills. That is over a year and a half ago, and only once or twice since has she had any slight symptoms of the old trouble, and then a few doses of the pills would give full relief. Mrs. Goodfellow is decidedly of the opinion that she owes her present health to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and is most enthusiastic in her recommendation of them to her friends and acquaintances.

A Highly Intelligent Councilman.

At a meeting of the town council of a North Lincolnshire town a question arose as to the advisability of consecrating a new portion of the cemetery. A member suggested that "it would be best to consecrate it, as he had had his back yard done with it and 'it wore well.'"—English Exchange.

Trinidad is perhaps the principal breeding place for sea birds in the south Atlantic. The deposit of guano is consequently great. There are traces of abundant extinct vegetation.

A Clear, Healthy Skin—Eruptions of the skin and the blotches which blemish beauty are the result of impure blood caused by unhealthy action of the Liver and Kidneys. In correcting this unhealthy action and restoring the organs to their normal condition, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will at the same time cleanse the blood, and the blotches and eruptions will disappear without leaving any trace.

A Good Thing Indeed.

"Even in geography the beneficent plans of nature appear," remarked Mr Poindexter.

"Do they?" asked Mr. Perkasie.

"Well, consider for yourself the result if the Canaries were near Cat island."—Detroit Free Press.

Be there a Will, Wisdom Points the Way.—The sick man pines for relief but he dislikes sending for the doctor which means bottles of drugs never consumed. He has not the resolution to load his stomach with compound which smell villainously and taste worse. But if he have the will to deal himself with his ailment, wisdom will direct his attention to Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, which, as a specific for indigestion and disorders of the digestive organs, have no equal.

A Warm Time.

Visitor (in state prison)—What brought you here, my friend?

Convict—I got up a house warming and—

"Why, that is not a crime!"

"But, you see, I happened to burn it part of the family at the same time."—New York World.

CONSUMPTION.

What a Well-Known Medical Journal Says About the King of Disease.

"This is essentially an age of scientific progress. Science and invention go hand in hand. Thanks to a distinguished chemist consumption is robbed of its terrors, deprived of its destructiveness, and this insidious disease can first be prevented and then cured. "But to accomplish a cure that is final and effective there must be constant persistency in treatment and right living. The sufferer must take the right medical relief, rightly administered. By the labor, skill and research of an eminent chemist, T. A. Slocum, consumption can be both relieved and cured."—Medical Tribune.

Three free sample bottles of the Slocum Cure will be sent to any sufferer from consumption, lung or throat troubles or general debility, if name, address and express office are sent to The T. A. Slocum Co., Limited, 176 King street west, Toronto, Ont. This is a genuine offer, and if the reader is—or knows a friend who is—a sufferer, send at once for the free samples and mention this paper.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Raw From Ear To Jaw.

"I have been for years more or less subject to eruptions on my skin. The left side of my face from the top of my ear to half way down my jaw was in a very bad state—being almost raw, making shaving very painful. I was advised to try Burdock Blood Bitters. One bottle perfectly cured me. I can honestly recommend B.B.B. to all who suffer from any skin disease." G. WHITE, Carievale, N.W.T.

B.B.B. cures Salt Rheum, Eczema, Tetter, Shingles, Boils, Pimples, Sores, Ulcers, and all forms of Skin Diseases and Eruptions, from the smallest pimple to the worst scrofulous sore.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

The Social Whirl.

Trotler—What has become of Struckle? When I left, he was making desperate efforts to get into the first society.

Homer—By the time he got in the people who then composed the best society had bursted up, so he is now as badly off as he was before.—New York Weekly.

The winners of the Sewing machines in the Royal Crown soap competition are as follows: Winnipeg, M. J. McGillivray, 270 Ellis Ave.; Manitoba, Miss Minnie Wilson, Portage la Prairie: Northwest Territories, Mrs. D. Paterson, Maple Creek. The Royal Crown Soap Co. will continue this competition, giving away three machines each week until further notice.

A Roundabout Way.

"You wish to see me, Mr. Spooner?"

"Yes, sir. I have a question to ask—a question upon the answer to which, to a great extent, the future happiness of my life depends. Will you—will you be my father-in-law?"—Pick Me Up.

We beg to call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills in this paper. The firm have also placed on the market Dr. Ward's Liver Pills which have already proved to be a most excellent family medicine as a cure for constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, etc. They are sold at 25c. per vial, or 5 for 1, or mailed on receipt of price by the Dr. Ward Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Explanatory Details.

"The first night of our engagement," remarked Mr. Stormington Barnes tragedian, "we turned people away."

"That was gratifying," replied the friend.

"I can't say that it was. You see, the local papers got the advertisement mixed, and the impression went abroad that our theater was giving the minstrel show."—Comic Cuts.

Ill-fitting boots and shoes cause corns. Holloway's Corn Cure is the article to use. Get a bottle at once and cure your corns.

The Dear Things.

Mrs. Lynx—Loss of sleep, you know, means loss of beauty.

Mrs. Mynx—You've never been much of a sleeper, I believe?—Yonkers Statesman.

Still Another Triumph—Mr. Thomas S. Bullen, Sunderland, writes: "For fourteen years I was afflicted with Piles; and frequently I was unable to walk or sit, but four years ago I was cured by using Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. I have also been subject to Quinsy for over forty years but Eclectric Oil cured it, and it was a permanent cure in both cases, as neither the Piles nor Quinsy have troubled me since."

Energy Easily Earned.

DR. WARD'S BLOOD & NERVE PILLS TRADE MARK

Wasted energy must be made up or the body will weaken and perhaps perish.

For a long time prior to taking Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills my nerve system was greatly deranged and I was terribly nervous, so much so that in my business (Linesman of the Kingston Electric Light Co.,) my extreme nervousness naturally made the following of my business extremely hazardous. Before taking Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills my kidneys had been affected for some time. I had constant soreness and stiffness across my loins and the small of my back. My appetite was variable and very poor. I also suffered greatly with constant headaches. I am glad to be able to inform you that Dr. Ward's Pills completely cured me of all the above ailments and made me a well man. I have found no medicine like Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills, although I have tried many different kinds. They acted quickly and effectually on my nerve system, making my nerves strong and removing all indications of nervousness. These valuable pills also removed all kidney and back trouble and restored to me a healthy vigorous appetite. I have had no headache since five months ago and feel justified in saying that they are a wonderful remedy. They not only removed nervousness, but gave me healthy kidneys, removed all soreness and stiffness from my back and loins, cured me of headache and gave me a good appetite, consequently I am highly pleased. I know of no medicine that equals Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills for nervousness, chronic headache, sore kidneys and back and loss of appetite. Yours truly, John McCutcheon, 522 Princess St., Kingston, Ont.

All good druggists sell them. If they won't, we will supply you by mail on receipt of price, 50c. per box, or 5 boxes for $2.00. The Doctor Ward Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diptheria.

EVERYTHING FOR THE PRINTER

INKS Made by the celebrated firm of Ault & Wiborg.

TYPE The latest and best.

PLATES News, Miscellany, Serials, etc. Best in the world.

ROLLERS Cast by the "Gatling" Process. The only plant of the kind in Canada.

PRESSES Of all makes and kinds—new and second hand.

READY-PRINTS Unequalled by any other in Canada, in matter, paper and presswork.

PAPER AND CARD STOCK All Kinds for Printers

TORONTO TYPE FOUNDRY CO.
(LIMITED)
175 OWEN STREET,
WINNIPEG.

Head Office: Toronto.
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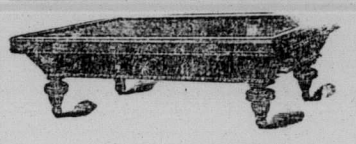
Why Do so Many People Use White Star Baking Powder?

1. Because of its **Leavening Power.**
2. Because it keeps **fresh** and **full strength** till used.
3. Because it is **pure.**
4. Because it gives a **fine flavor.**
5. Because it is **low in price** and **high in quality.**

The Dyson-Gibson Co.



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NEW AND SECOND-HAND.
BOWLING ALLEY
AND SUPPLIES. Large catalogue free.
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General Insurance Agent,

FIRE Companies Represented:
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All classes of Insurances transacted and losses promptly and satisfactorily settled.

SAFES VICTOR SAFES
KARL K. ALBERT, GEN AGT.
407 MAIN ST., WINNIPEG.
Next door to P. O.

SNAPS FOR CASH.

Household Safes, small size, - - $12.00
Household Safes, large size, - - 30.00

Just the thing for a Christmas present. Both useful and ornamental.

Merchants' Safes, all sizes and prices; on easy terms or cash. Come and see them or write for quotations. Special prices during November and December.

$50 to $10,000 INVESTED CAN be doubled within one year. We do not invest it in Bucket shops or mining stocks, but in railroad shares selling at low prices, that we know are going to advance; we buy the scrip out and register it in the purchaser's name and send it to him. Twelve years established. Bank references and the most reputable people in Vermont. References throughout Canada. We have the largest business of the class in the United States. KNOTT & OLOSSON, Bankers and Brokers, Burlington, Vt., U. S. A.

W. N. U. 95

If your children are troubled with worms, give them Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator; safe, sure, and effectual. Try it, and mark the improvement in your child.

A Possibility.

Old Nancy Doane was noted for the striking originality of some of her expressions. One day she was talking about the utter inanity of another old woman in the neighborhood, and she said:

"I never see her beat! She'll lop down 'n a cheer, an there she'll set an' set an' set, doin absolutely nothin fer hours an hours day after day. 'Pon my soul, I sh'd think she'd mildew!"—Harper's Bazar.

Royal Crown Soap

Grand Weekly Free Sewing Machine Competition

3 New Williams, No. 6
Drop Head, Sewing Machines,
Value $65, Each
Given away weekly for Royal Crown Wrappers and Coupons, viz:

WINNIPEG, 1 each week.
MANITOBA, outside of Winnipeg, 1 each week.
N. W. T. and ONTARIO, east to Schrieber, 1 each week.

Ask your Grocer for a Coupon with every five bars of wrapped ROYAL CROWN SOAP. Full instructions on each Coupon.

First Drawing Monday, January 16, and each week thereafter until further notice.

Large List of Books and Beautiful Pictures still given away for ROYAL CROWN SOAP WRAPPERS to those who do not compete for the Sewing Machines. List mailed free on application.

THE ROYAL SOAP CO., Winnipeg.

CARDSTON RECORD.

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Wednesday at Cardston,

Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance. Advertising Rates on application.

In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisments they will be inserted till ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisments will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

Copy for change of advertisments MUST not be in later than Saturday noon.

ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Managing Editor,
CARDSTON, N. W. T.,
DRAWER 72. CANADA.

Cardston, February 15, 1899.

James May returned from Utah on Friday evening.

The Mormon church is to call 1,500 more missionaries, making a total of 3,000 in the field.

And the U. S. has another war on its hands. Fighting at Manila goes on at a lively pace.

James C. and Edward Cahoon, accompanied by two Manti boys, came up from Utah last Friday.

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

Wheat and oats taken on subscription at this office.

The Record and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

The Cardston Record and Alberta Tribune, both one year for $2.50.

For Sale—Model 1 Improved Hand Printing Press. Chase 5x8. At Record Office.*

Buy extra copies of The Record and send them to your friends, 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

FOR SALE: Four-room house Good well water. Nice location. Enquire at Record office, next to Bank.

When you want to sell or buy anything, place a notice in The Record, and you will be pleased with the result.

For Sale.—Ranch, 160 acres, ½ mile from Aetna. House, barn, well, 40 acres broke. Enquire at The Record Office.

By paying in advance, you can get The Record one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

We will print your name and address on 250 nice XXX White Laid Envelopes for $1.50. The Envelopes alone would cots you $1. at any of the stores.

When you want receipt or note Books call at The Record Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts. You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at The Record Office.

The Record has the agency for Cleveland Bicycles. Can sell you a good one for $40. or a better one for $90. Ladies' Bicycles from $40. up to $80. Now is the time to order your Bicycle. The Cleveland Bicycle is the best made.

The Western Assurance Company, of Toronto, whose capital is $2,000,000, is one of the strongest of the fire insurance companies in Canada. The Editor of the Record has the agency for the Western. It pays to have your buildings insured aginst loss by fire.

Among your' 99 resolutions resolve to train up your children in the way they should go; and don't forget to venture upon the route yourself occasionally.—Ex.

The canal company is having quite a "time" getting men and teams to haul their lumber from Big Bend. What is the matter, boys, won't they pay you enough? Too much land and too little cash, eh?

Robt. Ramsbottom went down to Lethbridge on Tuesday to meet Judge Hammond, who comes up from Utah to take charge of the construction work on the Alberta Irrigation co's canal.

Don't reel it off about there not being taxes in Canada. The taxes here are becoming as bad as they are in the States. It is only a queston of a short time before we will be taxed as much or more than we were in America. School tax, village tax, dog tax, and there will soon, no doubt, be a cat tax. Assessor Duce is around in the interest of the School tax. Will it be 12 milles on the dollar this year?

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The past week has been cold.

Frank Hyde was in town on Tuesday.

Sergt. Macleod, formely of Macleod, is now located at Big Bend.

This week our Job Department turned-out a lot of printing for H. S. Allen & Co.

The Cardston stage came in on runners on Tuesday last.—Lethbridge News.

Some people cannot afford (?) to subscribe for the home paper, but they can build houses alright.

Quarterly Stake Conference will be held at the Meeting house on Sunday and Monday, 19th, and 20th, inst.

Corp. Beyts is now stationed at Boundary Creek in place of Sergt. Fife, who has been moved to Prince Albert.

The greatest wheat field in the world is in California. It covers 25,000 acres, taken 200 men and 1,000 horses to plant it.

A week ago today, the Hotel Manitoba, the largest hotel between Montreal and the Pacific coast, was completly destroyed by fire.

T. H. Woolford was in town during the week. He expects to leave for Alberta, Canada, in about a month.—Logan (Ut.) Journal.

The fore part of last week a horrible railroad accident occurred at Medicine Hat in which the engineer and fireman were killed and several others seriously injured.

A large number of teams came in from Cardston on Tuesday and after loading up with machinery, fence wire and other supplies pulled out for home on Wednesday morning.—Lethbridge News.

The Police throughout the Territories have received instructions to call the attention of sportsmen and others to the fact that the Game Ordinance has been amended so as to prohibit duck shooting in the spring.

Pres. C. O. Card will remain in Utah three or four months yet. He is working in the interest of immigration. Between one and two thousand immigrants will come in here from Utah in the spring.

James Anderson, eldest son of J. A. Anderson, while playing football Tuesday afternoon, had the misfortune to break his leg just below the knee. Dr. Brant reduced the fracture, and the young man is progressing favorably.

The Great West Magazine will publish an illustrated article on the Mormons of Cardston in a forthcoming number. Bring ten cents to this office and your name will be put down for a copy of the magazine. Every family should procure a copy and preserve it.

An exchange observes: A man who does not advertise simply because his grandfather did not, ought to wear knee pants and a queue. The man who does not advertise because it costs money should quit paying rent for the same reason. The man who does not advertise because he tried it once and failed, should throw his cigar away because the light went out. The man who does not advertise because he does not know how himself, should stop eating because he doesn't know how to cook.

District 56 has been reduced by the withdrawal of that portion of Section 9 Township 3 Range 25 west Fourth Meridian which has been subdivided into town lots as shown by two plans of the same numbered 1793E signed by Charles Alexander Magrath, D. L. S., and 2247G signed by John Stewart, D. L. S., both plans being registered in the Registry Office in and for Southern Alberta, and the area in question having been established as the Village of Cardston under the provisions of the Village Ordiance.—N. W. T. Gazette.

"William Pearce, inspector of mines for the Dominion government is now largely interested in land in the West. Alberta and he reports sales and improvements to be brisk. He stated that the most important immigration scheme now before the public of that district is the one promoted by the Galt company which proposed to cut off the water at a point on the St. Mary's river and run a canal south-east to Lethbridge and through the boundary," says the Calgary Herald.

The foregoing refers to the Alberta Irrigation company's canal. It is expected that between two and three thousand people will come in in the spring, most of whom will probably locate along the 60 mile canal.

COAL, COAL, COAL!

Clarke Mine, - - - - - - Belly River.

$2.25 per ton at the Mine.

Delivered in Cardston for $5.00 per ton.

Orders may be left at Co-op or Allen store.

settlements, which is to be the feeder of innumerable ditches traversing the prairie on each side. Mr. Sifton has given the enterprise a lift, not by bonusing it, but by cancelling the cost of surveys, amounting to a considerable sum, which the Galt Company owed the Government. The Irrigation Company gets the land for that much less than the ordinary price. The Mormons who are coming in the spring will find employment at navvying and teaming, and will ultimately settle above the canal: in fact, Mormons will occupy the entire region before long. There is a good deal of Mormon money in the canal project. The leaders are well-to-do and able to draw on Utah when necessary. All hands, leaders as well as followers, pay so much of their earnings into a common fund, which is used for the common benifit. It is alleged by Gentiles that they pay tribute to the church in Utah which means that a lot of money is lost to Canada. This, I am assured, is an error. No money is sent to Utah, except to repay loans advanced to the Canadian colony.

CO-OPERATIVE INDUSTRY.

When they reached Great Salt Lake in 1847, the Mormons, in the words of Orson Pratt, saint and apostle, found there could be "no agriculture without irrigation and no irrigation without combination." A stream was dammed by the joint exertions of a number of families, each of which had its portion of the land thus irrigated, and the cattle were tended in a common herd. A somewhat similar system exists in all their colonies, in Utah, Arizona, New Mexico, Wyoming, Missouri, and Southern Alberta. But they are not Socialists or Communists; the results of each man's industry constitute his individual property. They have no hotels or saloons; they do not drink intoxicants, and when they go on a journey carry provisions with them, and camp on the prairie. They are organizing Public Schools under the education act of the Territories, and have obtained a municipal charter for Cardston, the civic government being vested largely in an official known as the overseer. They are great believers in drainage, clean streets and clean houses; when they can afford it they are going to erect public baths. They also believe in dancing as an "amusement"; the Cardston paper, a robust weekly, frequently describes the prowess of Bishop This and Elder So-and-So in tripping it till daylight. An hour ago a number of young folks driving to a ball made night ring with the old Salt Lake hymn:—

Let the chorous still be sung,
Long live Brother Brigham Young,
And blessed be the vale of Deseret
ret ret.
And blessed be the Vale of Deseret!

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA MARKET.

The Mormons raise hay, oats, horses, cattle, sheep, butter, cheese and eggs. The construction of the Crow's Nest Railway gave some of them work as teamsters, and furnished all a market for their produce. The fact should not be lost sight of that the settlement of Southern Alberta has been rendered possible by the building of this road and the opening of British Columbia to the farmers and ranchmen. The British market is too far off ever to be a lucrative market for the bulky products, hay and butter, second-grade cattle and sheep, grown here. The United States market is close by, but the United States tariff excludes the Canadian settler. The Galt Railway carries coal from Lethbridge to Great Falls, Montana, but the farmers cannot surmount the barricade of the Dingley duties—on hay four dollars a ton, potatoes twenty five cents a bushel, eggs five cents a dozen, butter six cents a pound, cattle of first quality 27 1-2 per cent. ad val., oats fifteen cents a bushel, etc. Between the distant British market and the barred American market, the settler is between the devil and the deep sea. The only market he has is that of southern British Columbia, with which he is now connected by rail.

"I am a free trader," said a leading Mormon to me yesterday, "but facts are ugly things. Take sheep. Montana shipped 515,000 sheep in 1898, that is exported them beyond her boundaries. We cannot raise sheep for the wool in Alberta. The only market for the wool is the United States market, but the duty is 11 and 12 cents per pound, according to class, which is prohibitory. We cannot send live sheep to England, or even dead mutton; the distance is too great. If we send them to the States, the sheep as lambs have to pay 75 cents and as yearlings $1.50 per head in duty, whilst as dead mutton they have to pay two cents a pound. We can raise sheep with considerable profit, however, as the mutton for the British Columbia market. But if that market is to be relegated to the farmers of Idaho and Washington, what is to become of us? You may say, What about the British Columbia miner; isn't it to be allowed to buy in the cheapest market? But please remember this is a question which Americans never ask themselves. If you were to put it to them that they were wronging the miners of Butte by maintaining such crushing duties on Canadian mutton and other commodities, they would set you down as a dangerous type of cosmopolitan. They rigorously shut us out of their markets, and if we are not permitted to enjoy the Canadian market, small as it is, we shall return, I fear, to our old homes in the United States, and southern Alberta will remain a desert."

I am offering no opinion of my own, one way or the other, but merely recording public opinion as I find it here at Lethbridge, Medicine Hat, Calgary and Edmonton.

ARE GOOD SETTLERS.

The Mormons, like all other Northwest settlers, speak highly of the Department of the Interior under the management of Mr. Sifton and his deputy, Mr. Smart. Their letters receive prompt attention and their wants are understood; himself a Northwest man, the Minister is in full sympathy with the settler, simply because he knows all about life and the trials of pioneering on the plains.

Some persons fear that the Mormons will become and remain an exclusive community in Canada just as they have done in Utah. There does not appear to be much danger of that. The exclusiveness in Utah arose from the practise of polygamy, which formed a great gulf between them and their Gentile neighbors, and led to fears of fighting and lynching, or, as a Mormon would say, of persecution and martyrdom. Joseph Smith was lynched. Here, where polygamy does not exist, there is no dividing wall, non at least sufficiently powerful to resist the forces that make for homogeneousness in every society of men. The establishment of the Public School system among the Mormons is a hopeful sign. The Public School is the hopper into which the foreign elemens in the United States pass, and a good American emerges. It will be so, no doubt, with the Mormons here. They will be good Canadians before long. Meanwhile, as said before, they are among the very best settlers in the Northwest.

WHAT OF IT?

"The Morden Empire in its last issue charged Mr. Sifton with the crime of established a colony of Mormons at Cardston, where they were located twelve years ago under a Conservative administration. It is now announced that the editor has resigned. Doubtless the Morden people discovered something wrong about the management which made the egregious error of placing Cardston in British Columbia and of finding fault with Mr. Sifton for what a Conservative minister of the interor did twelve years ago." says the Manitoba Free Press.

And is there anything about the matter of which the Conservative or Liberal party ought to be ashamed? The Mormons are as good a class of settlers as any that ever entered the Dominion. They mind their own business, which it might be well for the erst-while editor of the Morden "Empire" to emulate.

A little information about the Mormons and what they are doing in Canada will be found in this issue of The Record. We advise such ignoramouses as the ex-editor of the "Empire" to peruse the article carefully

---

—The Weekly Globe, Toronto, $1.00 a year. The Record has agency.

Notice.

FROM

February 1st. to March 1st.

The CARDSTON CO. Ltd.,

WILL HAVE A

Removal Sale in every Department.

A few more Ladies, Misses & Childrens Coats at cost; they must go.
Now is your time to buy a nice dress Silk & trimming to match.

Gents Furnishings

Ties	Ties	Ties	Ties	Ties
	25c worth 40-50 and 60c.			
Hats	Hats	Hats	Hats	Hats
50c	75c	85c	1.00	1.2

Worth Double.

Shoe Department.

	Shoes	Shoes	Shoes	Shoes	Shoes	
Gents	90c	$1.00	$1.25	$1.50	$1.75	& up.
Ladies	65	75	1.00	1.25	1.50	& up.
Misses	50	65	75	85	90	& up.
Baby	25	35	40	45	50	& up.

These Goods Must Go

to make room for our large stock that is on the road and we invite the public to inspect and you will sure be satisfied.

There is a Carload of Furniture Carpets, Curtains, and our stock will be complete so it will pay you to see ours before you buy elsewhere.

Highest Price paid for Produce.

The Cardston Co. Ltd

HOME MISSIONARY APPOINTMENTS.

H. Mercer and O. E. Bates, Sunday, Feb. 12th. West Elan.
Sunday, Feb. 26th. Leavitt.
Bishop Stewart and J. F. Jorden Sunday, Feb. 12th. Caldwell.
Sunday, Feb. 26th. Cardston.
Bishop Leavitt and Jonathan Hunt. Sunday, Feb. 12th. Cardston
Sunday, Feb. 26th. Aetna.

Elder Thomas Duce will visit the different Wards in connection with the other elders.

Thomas Duce,
President of Home Missionaries.

ENVELOPES.

Comply with the postal requirements by using your envelopes printed by The Record.

Wanted—Some coal hauled on account at this office, at once.

Newspaper advertising is the best kind of advertising, because it will carry the information to more people for less cost than any other kind.

Subscribe for The Record.

Cardston is greatly in need of a shoe-shop.

In a Few = Weeks

We will begin the publication of

RUTH,

THE YOUNG JEWESS

BY C. EDGAR SNOW, AUTHOR OF

"Sister Gratia"

The story will be published as a serial. You should subscribe for THE RECORD previous to the publication of the opening chapters of "Ruth" in order to follow her through an interesting story.

When we have received the necessary number of subscribers, we will begin the publication of "RUTH, THE YOUNG JEWESS."

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.

All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.

Cardston. . . . . Alberta.

- Samuel Cox, -

Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting, & Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
CARDSTON. . . ALBERTA.

Read The Record
The
Cardston Record
$2.00 per year.

The Record

$2.00

H. W. SAVORY,

Boundary Creek (Cardston P. O.) Alta.
Saddle & Work Horses For Sale.

Get your Hair cut
AT
Campbell's
- Tonsorial Parlors. -

You Know Wolsey & Evans,

Contractors & Builders,
W. M. Wolsey. - James Evans.
Cardston. - - Alberta.

A worm west wind began to blow on Friday.

Come pay up your subscriptions, gentlemen.

There is a lot of sickness the grip mostly—in town.

James C. and Edward Cahoon left for their home in Canada yesterday. They took with them two of our young men, Lakey Tuttle and A. O. Peterson, Jr. from this place. The young men intend remaining there to find employment. Young men leaving their homes to find work deserve meeting with success.—Manti (Ut.) Messenger.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1899. NO. 30.

Local & General.

Wonder if we will have an early spring.

Soon that old dog of yours will be taxed.

J. O. Carlson of Leavitt was in town the other day.

What's the matter with our Mt. View correspondent; got the grip?

A town of 1000 inhabitants is Cardston, and there is not a shoe-shop in it.

W. S. Needham is having a dwelling erected on his lot south of Lee's Creek.

Don't be a newspaper borrower. If this paper is worth reading it is worth paying for. Only $2,00.

The Cardston Co., Ltd., at their annual stockholders meeting Monday evening, declared a dividend of twelve per cent.

Will the Commission decide to have an immigration building in Cardston? is the question which is upper-most in people's minds.

Cardston will have a building-boom this coming summer. It is a pitty there is no lumber in the country here to supply the thousands of feet that will be used. Why don't some one start a mill up in the Rocky's? There is money in it.

The Liberal Government has shown that it understands the kind of settlers wanted in Canada, says the Alberta Tribune. It has brought them in, and will bring them in No thought of expenditure should be taken in filling up our vacant lands with desirable immigrants it will all be recouped shortly by the hundred fold. The Liberal Government, while prepared to expend largely may be trusted to expend carefully, and all trus wishers of our country wish it success in its good work.

Mr. Robert Kerr, C. P. R. traffic manager, yesterday informed a reporter that the company is the possessor of an interesting relic in the shape of what was once the private car of Brigham Young, the patron saint of every devout Mormon. Those who remember the history of the celebrated founder of Mormonism will remember that, in addition to his zeal in propagating the tenets of his religion, Brigham was actively engaged in promoting industrail enterprises of every description, and among these was the Utah Northern railroad, a narrow guage road, which was built almost entirely by members of the faithful. On this road Brigham Youny was accustomed to travel in state in his private car. After Young's death this car was used for awhile, and then retired from active service, untill the Columbia & Western railroad, also narrow guage, was being built between Trail and Rossland. The contractors for this road needed a private car, and obtained one from the Utah Northern Co., which, when it arrived, was found to be the identical one in which Young and a few of his wives were wont to take pleasure jaunts.—Manitoba Free Press.

The gigantic strides which Canada is making towards greater prosperity, the rapid expansion in trade, the fast increasing population, all point to a time when Canada will become an important factor among the nations of the earth. The Spanish-American war drew the eyes of all Europe to this hemisphere. The people of the old world realized for the first time that there was a world power in North America—the United States—while at the same time Great Britain awoke to the full importance of our Dominion as the greatest colony in her possession. Great Britain expects Canada to follow in the footsteps of the States. That is to become a great nation, thought the subject of independence is not as yet approached. When the time comes for Canada to step forth as an independent nation there will be no opposition on the part of Great Britain; in the words of one of England's leading stetesmen, the old country will be the first to wish Canada Godspeed. But in the meantime Canada must grow; and she is growing fast. Under the Government's energetic immigration policy emigrants are flocking to Canada; and emigrants of the right sort too.—Alberta Tribune.

That young man who promised to act as our correspondent at Ætna has not pelted us with locals from that growing village.

The Department of Public Works, as will be seen by an advertisement in today's Record, is asking for tenders for the repairing of St. Mary's bridge.

Judging from present indications but a short time will elapse before Cardston, in point of population, business transacted, etc., will be so far ahead of Lethbridge that that town will by comparison fade into oblivion.

The good people in the State of Utah are having a right lively time over the election of a senator to represent them in Congress. Not much like our election of a M. L. A. Wonder why Cardston did not have a finger in that business, anyway. Who can explain?

Irrigation receives a great deal of attention in India, where a large amount of the work is under the direct control of the government. In all there are 41,000 miles of main canals and distributories in the country. Wheat and rice are the crops to which the water is generally applied.

The Calgarians, we are pained to note, exhibit a tendency to emulate the example set by the Chicagoians; ie, "We are THE people. we have THE city," etc., etc. Calgary may be alright, and we do not doubt but that she is; however, she is not the only desirable place on earth or even in Alberta or even in Southern Alberta. Cardston will, in a very few years, have a greater population than Calgary has ever known.

Any homesteader having no timber on his homestead may, on application to the local Agent of Dominion Lands, get a permit to cut what he requires for building timber, fencing and fuel for use on his homestead, not exceeding as follows:—

(a) 3,000 lineal feet building timber not exceeding 12 inches at the butt end.

(b) 400 roof poles.

(c) 2,000 popular fence rails, no rail to exceed 5 inches at the butt end.

(d) 30 cords of dry wood.

Burnt or fallen timber up to 7 inches in diameter, for fuel or fencing, and of any diameter for building.

The office fee for the above permit it 25 cents; and any quantity cut in excess or for other purposes is liable to seizure, and double dues.—Hints to Settlers.

When all is said upon the proper foods to eat, enough has not been said until the necessity for sufficient chewing or mastication has been impressed upon the mind. The saliva is such an invaluable aid to digestion that it is of the highest importance to chew the food long enough to not only thoroughly crush it but to incorporate with it as much of the salvia as possible. Especially is this necessary when eating bread or cake. We are told that the stomach can take care of meat swallowed with little mastication much easier than bread that has not been chewed long enough. But it is safest to chew or thoroughly masticate all of our food. The only objection to the use of mushes, the form of which all of the cereal breakfast foods is served, is that we are apt to swallow them with very little chewing, and to insure against this practice it is well to eat crackers and bread with them.—Ex.

Some settlers are apt to delay making application for their patents, for various reasons, one of which is to escape the supposed liability to taxation, judgments and executions to which the land might become subject after the issue of the Crown patent. From this cause a difficulty sometimes arose in securing satisfactory evidence that the settlement duties had been performed; and it is now necessary for the home-steader to make application within five years from the date of his entry. If he fails to do so his entry is liable to forfeiture. In the case of entries obtained before the 30th September, 1891, the entry may be cancelled if application for patent is not made before the 30th September, 1898. In no case, however, is cancellation effected under this provision until the settler has been given at least three months' warning in writing.—Hints to Settlers.

A PRINCE IN CARDSTON.

The results that come from newspaper advertising were exemplfied very nicly during the past week. In last week's NEWS, issued on Thursday, there appeared a note to the effect that there were at the immigration office several letters waiting for "Zoltain von Rajes." This item came to the notice of this gentleman at Mcleod on Friday and on Saturday we had the pleasure of a call from him at THE NEWS, in company with W. Gruner, of Calgary, acting as interpreter, and the local immigration agent. Von Rajes turns out to be an Austrian prince and occupies a high position in the literary field in his own country. He is looking over the Northwest and will "write up" his impressions of it for the benfit of his countrymen. The prince stopped at the Assiniboia on Saturday and met a number of the townspeople. This illustrates a quick return for an advertisement.—Medicine Hat News.

The Austrin prince refered to in the foregoing artical spent several days in Cardston recently. He liked our country and people.

THE CARE OF HARNESS.

The winter is a good time to overhaul the harness and get it in good shape for the spring. For this work many good farmers have a repair kit with which they can do a greatdeal of the work themselves. Such an outfit saves its cost many times a year. Go carefully over all your harness, a set at a time, make all the repairs you can yourself, then take what you cannot repair to a saddler. Replace all worn out pieces with new ones. Now, if not apart, separate each piece of the harness so that it can be handled easily. Soak the pieces in good soapsuds, made by dissolving a small quantity of hard soap in just enough water to cover the harness. As soon as the dirt has softened, remove every particle of dirt with a stiff brush, and then rinse well in lukewarm water. Hang up to dry, and when all the water has dried off but while the leather is still soft and pliable give a good dressing of harness oil. When the oil has dried in, carefully wipe every piece so as to remove any surplus oil that may not have been absorbed in any place, for this only catches dirt, which in time becomes hard to remove. Harness thus treated once a year will last much longer than if never oiled: it would be better if oiled more frequently, but even once a year will add greatly to the lifetime of a set of harness. It is good management and wise economy to take time to oil the harness and keep it in firstclass repair.—Nor' West Farmer.

CARD OF THANKS.

We wish to thank all who assisted us during the illness of our departed father, Johnathan E. Layne, and also those who aided us in preparing for and during the funeral services.

FAMILY OF DECEASED.

The Minister of the Interior regulates the settlement of the Dominion Lands in accordance with the spirit and intent of the law, and sees that the settlers, as well as being required for their part to do their homestead buties, are afforded every possible facility in complying with the provisions of the Act. But the Minister of the Interior is bound by that Act, and has no power whatever to either add to or take away from any of its conditions and provisions.

A settler therefore must not plead some exceptional circumstances, and expect the Minister to break the law on his behafe. His power is strictly limited to the authority granted to him under the clauses of the Dominion Lands Act, and while he frequently goes to the utmost extent to which by the law he is permitted to go to help the bona fide settler, he is not permitted to break that law.

A settler who has relations or friends in other countries will be benefiting himself as well as the country at large by telling them how he himself has prospered, and pointing out the chances for them of making independent and comfortable homes in the great Canadian North-west.—Hints ot Setlers.

Last week was warm and springlike.

NOTICE.

Tenders for Repairs to St. Mary's River Bridge.

TENDERS will be received, addressed to the Commissioner of Public Works, Regina, and marked "Tender for Repair of St. Mary's Bridge," up to March 1st next for the construction of a new pier at east end of bridge over St. Mary's River near Cardston.

Plan and specification can be seen at offices of M. McKenzie, Esq., Barrister, Macleod, and C. O. Card, Esq., Cardston.

Tenders must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque payable to the Department for five per cent. of the amount of the tender, which amount will be forfieted if the successful tenderer refuses to sign the contract or fails to complete the work.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

J. S. DENNIS,
Deputy Commissioner.

Department Public Works,

Regina, February 10th, 1899.

NOTICE.

Gay & Wight & Co., blacksmiths, have placed in my hand for collection all accounts outstanding at the time of dissolution of partnership.

Parties having accounts with said Firm will kindly settle same and save expenses.

C. E. Snow.

APPLICATION will be made at the next session of Parliament of Canada for an Act to amend the Act of Incorporation of the Alberta Irrigation Company by changing the name of the Company to The Canadian North West Irrigation Company; changing the place of head office to London, England; authorizing directors to vote by proxy; increasing capital stock to one million dollars; changing date of annual meeting to last Tuesday in October; and in other respects and for other purposes.

A. FERGUSON,
Solicitor for Applicants.

16th December 1898. [22—30]

Graphophone For Sale.

Columbia Graphophone, 26-inch horn, with folding stand, two-way hearing tube, and 85 records, all in perfect condition. Come and see it at this office.

Kearl Hotel

Kearl & Sharp, Props.

First Class in all Appointments.

$1.50 per day and upwards.

Meals, 40 Cents.

Livery, Feed & Sale Stables

Good outfits furnished at all hours.

Rates Reasonable.

Robert Ibey, Agent for
PIANOS & ORGANS.
Organs from $75 00 up to $175 00
Pianos " $250 00 " " 700 00
Sewing Machine
From $25 00 to $80 00.

Fire and Life Insurance.

Equitable Life. (Assets $200,000,000.)
British America Fire Assurance Co.
Western Fire Assurance Co.
Agency, RECORD Office.

Meat Market.

Wm. Wood.

Smoked Tongue, Hams and Bacon.
My own cure.
Cash paid for hides

Hooked up at last.
HARNESS & SADDLERY.

Quality first. Prices right.

S. H. Horner,

CARDSTON, Next Kearl's Livery Stable

HOTEL DE WOOLF

RATES, $1.50 PER DAY.

Livery & Feed Stable.

Cardston, - Alberta.

For 30 days only

At H. S. Allen & Co's

Snaps in Clothings & Caps.

Men's	Suits	worth	$4 25	for	$3 25
"	"	"	6 25	"	4 75
"	"	"	8 00	"	6 00
"	"	"	10 50	"	8 00
"	"	"	12 00	"	9 00
"	"	"	14 00	"	10 50
Men's Fur Caps		"	1 50	"	1 15
"	"	"	2 25	"	1 50
Men's Caps		"	75	"	50

Rare Bargains in Ladies' goods.

25 per cent off on all Mantel Clothes.
20 " " " " " Dress Goods.
15c Flannelettes for 9c.

$3 50	Capes and Jackets	for	$2 50
6 25	" "	"	4 25
8 00	" "	"	6 00
12 50	" "	"	9 00

The Store for the People.

C. Edgar Snow, Banker,

Cardston, - - - Alberta.

1895 1899

A general banking business transacted.

LETHBRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.

Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7:30 o'clock, a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $8.00; Round trip, $5.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.

MERCER & McCARTY PROPS.

Great Bargains

For Newspaper Readers

CLUB OFFERS

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News, both one year for .....$3.50.

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Montreal Family Herald and Weekly Star, both for....$2.75

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, for.....$2.50

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Toronto Weekly Globe both one year for.....2.00

Don't send away for your Printing.

The RECORD Job Department does good Printing at fair prices.

Subscribe for The Record,

don't borrow it. Support your home paper, and get the news. The Cardston Record gives the local happenings and the news of the world. The subscription price is $2 a year.

Remittances to be sent to the publisher of

THE CARDSTON RECORD

CARDSTON, ALBERTA.

PARTED AT THE ALTAR.

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY

"Your love!" she panted. "Heaven help the woman who believes in it. It is as false and cruel as death itself. Hush! Not another word. I will not hear it. Never speak to me again. I would put the whole world between us if I could. In daring to speak to me of love, you have cancelled the debt of gratitude I owed you."

Before Frederick Thornton could find his voice to reply, she had fled. He found himself standing alone, lost in a maze of bewilderment on the beach.

"Am I mad, or do I dream?" he cried, hoarsely. "My love—an insult! What can she mean?"

Then suddenly a strange light seemed to break in upon him. He was Banker Thornton's son, and heir to a million at his father's death; but in his own right at present he had but a moderate allowance, while Miss Fielding was already an heiress in her own right.

"Did she think I meant to woo and win her for the sake of her wealth?"

Anger and wounded pride came to his rescue, blunting the sting of her stormy words. If there was one class of men he had always detested above others it was fortune-hunters. And the thought that he should be classed as one of those despicable creatures cut to his heart like the sharp thrust of a dagger.

The next morning the deplorable news was circulated among the young ladies that Mr. Thornton had left the hotel the night before.

"Oh, how provoking!" they chorused in a breath. "And the season at its height, too. How we shall miss him at the hops! He was a charming gallant. How provoking that the attraction was not strong enough to keep him here to the end of the season."

And more than one glance was maliciously turned toward Doris.

Doris turned quietly to the pretty blonde who had made the remark.

"Perhaps he went because the attraction elsewhere was strongest—as it should be in his case. I believe Mr. Thornton to—be—married."

"Married!" echoed the little group, in amazement. "Surely that cannot be, Miss Fielding. What reason have you for thinking so, and who is the lady?"

"Some three years ago he was betrothed to Miss Vivian Courtney. He loved her—and I have every reason to believe—married her," returned Doris, in a low, faint voice.

"Indeed you are mistaken," declared one of the group, briskly. "He was engaged to Miss Courtney, it is quite true, but for some unexplained reason, the marriage was broken off. He went abroad, and about that time her father died of a fit of apoplexy. A year later, after waiting in vain for her handsome lover to return and make up their quarrel, pretty, dark-eyed Vivian married a wealthy sea captain for his gold. They had anything but a happy life of it, and at last he died, and his young widow is spending the money as fast as she can. I read in one of the society journals she was expected here this season. No doubt she has heard that her old lover is here, and is following him up. And, learning that handsome Frederick Thornton has taken French leave, taking to himself the friendly warning to 'beware of viders.' A wise man knows better than to encourage them."

Doris listened like one turned suddenly to stone. The long porch with its groups of promenaders, the white beach and the long stretch of restless sea beyond, seemed to whirl around her. Ah, heaven! had she heard aright, or was this a cruel mockery of the senses? Vivian and Frederick had parted—three—years—ago? Ah, surely it could not have been! They loved each other too well for that. And believing himself free to woo and win Vivian, what had come between them?

Could it be that his conscience had smitten him when he came face to face that night with the poor child-bride whom he had married only to desert, and did remorse overcome him with the knowledge she had sought death to set him free?

And was it heaven's retribution upon him, she wondered, that he should meet her again, and knowing her not—she was so change in name, face and fortune—fall desperately in love with her?

That he did love her now, she could not doubt! Had he not periled his life for hers? Was there ever stronger test of love than that? And she had sent him away—oh, cruel, cruel!

And yet, the spirit of that other Doris called out to her for vengeance! He must suffer as she had suffered. He must feel, pang for pang, the cruel torture of unrequited love, such as she had felt in the horror of that never-to-be forgotten hour when kindly strangers, pitying her youth and her friendlessness, had broken the heart-rending truth to her—that he had forsaken her.

CHAPTER XXX.—PARTED AGA N.

"When I forget the past, then I will forgive him—never until then," Doris thought, bitterly.

She tried to take up the old life again, tried to be as happy as she was before Frederick Thornton crossed her path for the second time. But it was a task beyond her accomplishment. A voice was forever crying out to her:—

"You have won his love at last. Why did you break his heart and your own too, by sending him away from you?"

The thought that poor, hapless Doris of the past was avenged brought her no comfort. Should she write to him and recall him? He was still her husband; yes, her husband! Her heart gave a great, sudden thrill at the thought.

"No, no, she would not recall him. Her pride rebelled against this. He should not have gone away so hastily.

The following week, among the new arrivals, came the charming young widow, Vivian Carsdale. That evening, for the first time since that cruel event, which had happened three long years before, Vivian and Doris met again, face to face. Vivian turned a ghastly white, even under her plentiful supply of pearl rouge.

"Who is that young girl?" she cried, incoherently, turning to one of the ladies standing near, and indicating Doris.

"That? Why, Miss Fielding—the belle of Newport!" returned her companion, gazing admiringly after Doris's tall, slim, graceful figure. "Why, how white you look, Mrs. Carsdale! What can be the matter? You look as if you had seen a ghost."

"I almost imagine I have," retorted Vivian, turning abruptly away.

"Was there ever a face so like?" muttered Vivian, when she found herself alone in her own boudoir. "If I did not know that Doris was sleeping under the waves, I should say that the girl is Doris, older, and grown taller, with the same features, yet a thousand times more beautful."

She took great care to place herself near Doris the next day, where she could listen to her voice, observe every play of those mobile features; and again it struck Vivian as to how like this girl's voice was to that of Doris.

In that same hour these two, whose paths had crossed each other so strangely, were presented to each other.

"You remind me so strangely of one whom I used to know," said Vivian, sweetly, "that, do you know, I am almost lost in wonder sometimes, the similarity is so striking."

She was watching Doris narrowly, and saw the flash and the look of confusion that crossed her lovely face.

The more Vivian talked to Miss Fielding, the more a certain wild idea that had taken possession of her became strengthened in her mind.

Very ingeniously Vivian led the conversation around to education.

"Where were you educated, Miss Fielding?" she asked, suddenly.

And almost instantly, without stopping to think, Doris had uttered the fatal words that sprang to her lips:—

"At Madame Delmar's seminary, Beech Grove, Maryland."

Vivian uttered a little stifling scream. All her doubts now verged into assurances. With lightning-like rapidity, she turned upon the shrinking girl before her. No change of appearance, nothing in this world, could have veiled Doris's identity from the rival who had hated her with such a bitter hatred three long years ago

"I know you. You cannot deceive me," she cried, shrilly. "You are Doris Brandon, the girl who stole my lover from me, because I trusted you to deliver a letter to him. You are not dead, then. You have risen from the grave to come between us again. Now that I think of it, the body supposed to have been drowned was never found. Why are you here sailing under false colors? Miss Fielding, indeed! You shall be denounced as an impostor before to-morrow's sun rises."

Like a whirlwind, she turned and left Doris standing stunned, dazed, bewildered, on the sunlit veranda. Like one suddenly stricken blind, she slowly groped her way to her own room.

"What did Vivian intend to do?" she asked herself, with a great gasping sob. Had it been such a terrible sin, when—

"Mad from life's history,
Glad to death's mystery,"

in a frantic moment she had flung herself into the water?

She knew how bitterly such an action would be condemned—that the verdict of the world would be—No matter how hard she had found life, she should have taken up her cross with patience and resignation.

This, then, was what Vivian meant and more, having been saved from a watery grave, she should have let that fact become known. What if, believing her dead, Frederick Thornton had married again? He would have been innocent of all wrong intent before the Great White Throne, and she—yes, she—would have to answer for it before an offended God. She could see now that it had been all wrong, keeping the fact that she lived from her husband.

That he did not love her was no excuse. She saw it all now in quite a different light from what she had ever thought of it before.

What a sensation there would be on the morrow, when Vivian revealed all. All the world would know that she was a forsaken bride; that the man she had married had deserted her at the very altar almost. And they would say, too, that, in after years, when the child-bride (whom he had married so hastily, repenting of the rash deed even while the solemn marriage service was being uttered) was changed beyond recognition, she threw herself in his way under an assumed name, won his love, and trampled it under her feet. This had been her plan of vengeance, and a most ignoble vengeance it had been.

"Yes, they would say all that to me!" moaned Doris, "and I could never endure that."

Sooner or later the story would reach Frederick Thornton's ears, and, oh, how shocked he would be.

"Better that he should hear this from me than from the lips of a stranger," muttered Doris, pacing excitedly up and down her room, wringing her little white jeweled hands, then pressing them tightly over her throbbing heart. "Yes, yes, I will write to him, confessing all; then I will go away so far he can never find me."

Seating herself before her writing-desk, with trembling hand and face as white as death, she began her letter to Frederick Thornton.

It was a long, closely-written letter, blotted with heavy, splashing tears.

In it, she went back to the fatal night when she followed him and Vivian through the grounds of the villa, and had suddenly sprung out before them, throwing off her disguise, crying out that she, his mother's companion, was the bride he had wedded, only to cruelly desert.

And how, in the intense excitement of the moment, she had turned from him, without waiting to hear one word of defence, if he had any to make for such an action, and had flung herself headlong into the waves. How she had been saved from death, and had made her way to the great, cruel city of New York, where the accident befell her from which Karl Lancaster was instrumental in rescuing her.

She al o told him of the great discovery that had ensued—that she, the poor little dependent, who had suffered all the pangs of poverty, was an heiress—the daughter of Hulbert Brandon Fielding, an English milord.

She told how the impulse to confess who she was had been strong upon her when, after an absence of three long years, she had suddenly met him abroad that day. And how, seeing he did not recognize her, because she had changed so greatly during the length of time that had intervened, she had made up her mind never to reveal her identity, come what might. Also of the idea that had taken possession of her that, loving Vivian as he had loved her in the past, and believing himself free, no doubt he had wedded her. She had been of this opinion when they were talking together out on the sands on that night he left Newport so suddenly.

She then told of her subsequent discovery that he had parted from Vivian forever on that fatal night three years ago; and of Vivian's arrival at the hotel, and how she had recognized her, declaring that on the morrow the whole world should know her story.

"I could never endure that," she wrote, piteously, "and so I am going away—going so far that no one who has ever looked upon my face will ever behold me again.

"Vivian accuses me of endeavoring to come between you and her again. This I earnestly, solemnly declare is untrue. It is this which sends me into exile.

"Knowing that I am the same Doris whom you once so despised, I know you will cease to think kindly of her whom you knew as Miss Fielding.

"When we were out breasting the mad waves together—when you were periling your life to save mine—again the impulse was strong within me to cry out that I was Doris—poor, unhappy Doris; but, with the words on my lips, I fell back into a deep swoon. Death must have ensued had not your strong arms borne me to safety.

"Forget and forgive me if you can. We shall never meet again. The world is wide. I wrecked your life once. I cannot wreck it a second time.

"Farewell forever.

"Your unhappy, DORIS."

With hands as cold as death Doris sealed her letter, addressed it, and took it down to the mail box in the office.

"Now," she said, as she stood again in her own room, "nothing is left for me to do but go quietly away, secretly and alone. When Vivian tells her story, they will not find me here."

CHAPTER XXXI.—A STRANGE REVELATION.

Great was Mrs. Lancaster's surprise to receive a hurriedly-written note from Doris the next morning stating she had been called suddenly away, and would write to her when she reached her destination.

"I cannot understand this strange freak of Doris," exclaimed Mrs. Lancaster, in amazement, as she passed the note over to her husband.

"Where do you suppose Doris has gone?" she cried. "It seems almost incredible to believe. Left Newport—and the season at its height—without one word as to why or where she was going. I really cannot comprehend it; can you?"

"I never attempt to comprehend a woman's motives," returned her husband, laconically. "It would be a useless waste of time and thought."

Vivian Carsdale heard of Doris's departure with a strange smile on her lips. She, and she alone, understood her sudden flight. She did not make known poor Doris' story as she had threatened to do. She had merely meant to frighten the girl into acknowledging her identity. Now that her rival was vanquished, she could afford to hold her peace.

There was great disappointment among the young ladies over Doris's sudden departure, for she was a general favorite, and this piqued Vivian exceedingly.

Very adroitly she set herself to the task of unraveling what seemed to her a wonderful mystery—as to how poor, dependent Doris had become a great heiress, and was known as Miss Fielding. Little by little she drew from Mrs. Lancaster the story of her son Karl's adventure and his romantic meeting with Doris, and their discovery subsequently that she was the long-lost heiress whom they had been seeking. She had been identified, beyond a doubt, as the daughter of Hulbert Brandon Fielding.

"But her past life?" said Vivian, eagerly. "Did she ever—"

"She told me very little of her past life," interrupted Mrs. Lancaster. "Doris did not like to talk about it."

Vivian knew, when she heard that, that Doris had never revealed, then, that strange chapter in her past life.

"It is a wonder that Mr. Thornton, the banker's son, who left the hotel recently, and Miss Fielding, did not make a match," laughed Vivian. "I hear that he was so much in love with her."

"Doris took a strange dislike to him," responded Mrs. Lancaster. "He was all that was gallant and handsome, following her around like a shadow. Yet she avoided him whenever it was possible."

"I should not have thought that would have pleased your son, Mrs. Lancaster," laughed Vivian roguishly; 'for, if report speaks truly, he has hopes in that direction."

"Doris always declares she will never marry, so all hope would be useless in that direction," said Karl's mother.

(To be continued.)

A Fine Prospect.

The Recruiting Sergeant—Why don't ye join? It's a fine profession, and promotion for all as ask for it. Why, Lord Kitchener was on'y your age once, and look what he is now.—Pick Me Up.

Rough on the Doctor.

Mrs. Bright—Johnny, did the doctor come while I was out?

Johnny (suspending his play)—Yes, ma. He felt my pulse, looked at my tongue, and shook his head, and said it was a serious case, and he left a prescription and said he'd call again this evening.

Mrs. Bright—Gracious me! It wasn't you I sent him to see. It was the baby.—Ally Sloper.

BUY SCHOONERS

U. S. TO PURCHASE CANADA'S PELAGIC INDUSTRY.

The Offer of $337,000 Accepted by the Representative of the British Columbia Sealers.

Victoria, Feb. 7.—News has been received here from the representative of the British Columbia sealers, who is watching affairs at the sittings of the intercolonial commission at Washington, that the commission have offered to buy out the sealing schooners at $125 a ton. There are forty-one vessels in the fleet, of a total tonnage of 2,700 tons, so that this offer amounts in a lump sum to $337,000. A sum of $300,000 was mentioned when the conference was sitting at Quebec.

Victoria, Feb. 7.—News has just reached here that the sealing dispute has at length reached a settlement and if the United States senate ratify the decision arrived at by the commmissioners the business is to be a thing of the past. The United States government offers to buy out the schooners engaged in the industry at $125 a ton, but not to become the owner of the vessels. They are to revert to their owners, the payment being made as it were for the stoppage of the pelagic industry. According to a letter received from a Victorian now at Washington, the representative of the sealers, Capt. J. G. Cox, made this offer to the commissioners, who accepted it subject to the ratification of the United States senate. The business will then be at an end as far as Canada is concerned and the Dominion governn ent, it is understood, will be asked to prosecute any vessel coming in with skins.

After the Battle.

Washington, Feb. 7.—The important news in Washington today was the ratification of the peace treaty, and the receipt of tne lists of casualties from General Otis. Prompted by General Otis' promise of last night to send along the list of casualties at the earliest possible moment, the friends of the soldiers at Manila besieged the war department today by telegram and word of mouth for information from the scene of the battle in the Philippines. The list was long in coming, a fact explained by the cutting of the wires along the United States front, which prevented early reports from the division commanders. In the meantime came a short cablegram from Admiral Dewey that caused some temporary commotion by creating the impression that hostilities had been renewed by the insurgents. Up to the close of office hours, however, nothing had come from General Otis to confirm this inference, and such cablegrams as did come from him touched upon other matters entirely, so it was assumed there was no foundation in fact for apprehension.

Terrible Suffering a Missionary's Lot.

Seattle, Feb. 7.—Advices from the orient say that a Canadian woman who joined the China inland mission as the wife of Rev. Rynhart, a Belgian missionary, has just reached Tachienlu with a terrible story of cruelty and suffering among the fierce mountain tribes at Thibet. Her husband was brutally murdered, after their son had died from exhaustion. She was chased like a hunted deer for two months through the mountains on the lower border of China and Thibet. She was shot at time and again, and pelted with boulders from the cliffs overhead, but finally succeeded in reaching a mission. She and her husband were attacked while attempting to cross the Thibet.

W. C. Wells Elected.

Vancouver, Feb. 7.—W. C. Wells was elected by acclamation today to fill the vacancy in the provincial legislature caused by the death of the late Mr. Neilson in Ontario. The opposition entered a strong protest, claiming that the returning officer did not arrive with the writ until after the nomination was closed. This is a government gain.

Weekly Province's Libel Suit.

Victoria, Feb. 7.—The adjourned trial of the criminal suit instituted by Messrs. J. H. Turner and C. E. Pooley against W.C. Nichol, editor of the Province, commenced today before Chief Justice McColl and a jury. The article appeared on December 11, 1897, in the Weekly Province, published at Victoria. The trial was again adjourned till tomorrow.

Bismark's Successor Dead.

Frankfort, Feb. 7.—General Count Von Caprivi, the former chancellor of the German empire, died this morning at Skyrene, near Crossen, thirty-two miles from here. The general died peacefully at 10 a. m. He had been ill for some time.

To Repeal the Alien Bill.

Victoria, Feb. 7.—In the house today Mr. McPhillips has given notice of a bill to repeal the bill passed the other day excluding aliens from placer mining.

Right to Cut Cables.

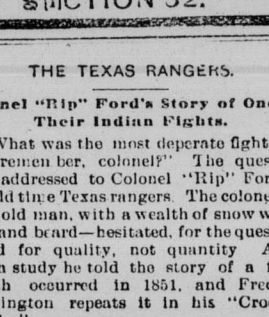
Washington, Feb. 7.—Attorney-General Griggs in a decision rendered Saturday upheld the right of a military commmander to cut a cable within the territorial waters of an enemy without making his country liable for damages. The question rose on the cutting by Admiral Dewey at Manila, of the British eastern extension of the Australasian, Asia and China Telegraph company, who filed a claim with the state department for $36,000 damages. Attorney-General Griggs finds that under the law of nations there is no ground for claim of indemnity.

The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited

JANUARY WHITE GOODS SELLING

A feature of business in this big store in January is the selling of White Goods—Cotton Underwear, Cottons, Sheetings, Quilts, Muslins, Embroideries, etc. We've prepared a 20-page catalogue, showing the values offered and that'll be sent free on receipt of name and address. Some items from the catalogue are given below, and also specials in other departments for January—

Ladies' Gown, good cotton, made on yoke of insertion and tucks, embroidered collar and cuffs, insertion plaquet edged with embroidery..... .50



Ladies' Chemise, English cotton cambric, frill around neck, sleeves and bottom, insertion front, with frill of cambric, full size..... .28

Half-bleach Loom Damasks, superior quality, pure finish, Irish manufacture, in
58 inch ..... .25
60 inch ..... .37½
66 inch ..... .40
69 inch ..... .45
76 inch ..... .50
63 inch ..... .65
72 inch ..... .80

Full-bleach Table Linen, guaranteed all pure linen and Irish manufacture, special fine make and finish, in a full assortment of floral designs.
58 inch ..... .30
58 inch ..... .35
68 inch ..... .45
68 inch ..... .50
68 inch ..... .60

22 x 22 inch, warranted all pure linen and superior satin finish, in a choice range of new paterns, extra fine quality, special per doz n..... .98
22 x 22 inch Fine Bleached Damask Napkins, Irish manufacture, all pure linen, in a new range of patterns, soft grass bleach satin finish, per dozen.... 1.25
Size 20 x 20, per dozen, $1.50, $2.. 5.20

WHITE COTTONS
30 inch white cotton, yard..... .4½
36 inch soft finished cotton, yard.. .5
36 inch extra fine quality soft finish, with round even thread, yard..... .6, 7 .8
36 inch American cottons, pure finish, free from filling, standard brands, yard. 7½, 8, 9, 10..... .12½
36 inch Horrockses English cotton in either soft or linen finish, yard 9, 10, 11½, 12½, 15..... 17½

FACTORY COTTONS
34 inch factory cotton yard..... .3
34 inch factory cotton yard..... .4½
34 inch fine quality, yard..... .5
36 inch pure round even thread yard .5
36 inch heavy quality, free from specks and filling, yard..6½ 7½ .8½

PLAIN SHEETING
7-4 or 63 inch plain sheeting..... .10
8-4 or 72 inch plain sheeting..12½ and..... .16
9-4 or 80 inch plain sheeting....15 and..... .17½
10-4 or 90 inch plain sheeting..17½ and..... .20
8-4 or 72 inch twilled sheeting..15 and..... .20
9-4 or 80 inch twilled sheeting..17½ and..... .22½
10-4 or 90 inch twilled sheeting..20 and..... .25
8-4 or 72 inch heavy twill sheeting 13½ and..... .20

PILLOW SHEETING
8-4 or 72 inch plain sheeting..16 and..... .17½
9-4 or 80 inch plain sheeting..18 and..... .20
10-4 or 90 inch plain sheeting..20 and..... .22½
8-4 or 72 inch twilled sheeting..18 and..... .20
9-4 or 80 inch twilled sheeting..20 and..... .25
10-4 or 90 inch twilled sheeting.22½ and..... .27½

MEN'S CLOTHING.

Men's Fine all-Wool Frieze Ulsters, in brown and black, good heavy fancy check tweed linings, good linings and trimmings, high storm collar, tab for throat, half belt on back, sizes 36 to 44 in. .. 4.00

Men's Fine all-wool Tweed Suits, single and double-breasted, in grey and black brown small check, with over-pleats and plain heather mixture, best of farmer satin linings, silk stitched edges and tailored in latest style, 33 to 44 ... 6.00

Address mail orders or request for catalogue exactly as below.

The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited
SECTION 52. TORONTO.

THE TEXAS RANGERS.

Colonel "Rip" Ford's Story of One of Their Indian Fights.

"What was the most deperate fight you can remember, colonel?" The question was addressed to Colonel "Rip" Ford of the old time Texas rangers. The colonel—a very old man, with a wealth of snow white hair and beard—hesitated, for the question asked for quality, not quantity. After much study he told the story of a fight which occurred in 1851, and Frederic Remington repeats it in his "Crooked Trails:"

"My lieutenant, Ed Burleson, was ordered to carry to San Antonio an Indian prisoner we had taken. On his return, while nearing the Nueces river, he espied two Indians. Taking seven men, he ordered the rest to continue along the road. The two Indians proved to be 14, and they charged Burleson up to the teeth. Dismounting his men, he poured it into them from his Colt's six shooting rifles. All but two of the Indians were killed or wounded, some of them dying so near the rangers that they could put their hands on their boots.

"All but one of Burleson's men were wounded—himself shot in the head with an arrow. One man had four 'dogwood switches' (arrows) in his body, one of which was in his bowels. This man told me that every time he raised his gun to fire the Indians would stick an arrow into him, but he said he didn't care a cent. One Indian was lying right up close, and while dying tried to shoot an arrow, but his strength failed so fast that the arrow barely left the bowstring.

"One of the rangers in that fight was a curious fellow. When young, he had been captured by Indians and had lived with them so long that he had acquired Indian habits. In that fight he kept jumping around while loading, so as to be a bad target, the same as an Indian would under the circumstances, and he told Burleson he wished he had his boots off, so he could get around good."

Here the colonel paused quizzically. "Would you call that a good fight?" he asked.

LOST IN THE MOUNTAINS.

When This Happens, You Keep Cool and Make a Smoke.

In the first place, one should carry a general idea in one's head of the main streams, mountains and gulches. In a new or strange country this knowledge should be obtained at once. On the first day out of a new camp keep on high ground as much as possible; look back frequently, so that the country will not appear strange when you turn back, and do not try to burden your mind with too many small details.

Simply remember, for instance, that if you turn to the left from the divide on which you are you will come into the valley of the stream on which you are camped, but if you turn to the right you will come down on to a stream that flows in another direction. Also remember that your camp is near such and such a looking hill, or, better still, that it is in range with two mountain peaks. It is always better on the first day or two not to get out of the valley in which your camp is located, but if you should do so, go back the way that you came. Short cuts in a new country lose many a hunter.

Always carry a compass, as there is no way of telling the points of the compass by means of bark or branches that can be relied upon. Remember the direction in which your camp is, and then if you get really lost, sit down, build a fire and make a big smoke. This is supposing that you have companions, as no greenhorn should be alone in camp. They will look you up the next day, and it is better to sit by a fire and take it easy than it is to run all over the country. Every year men are lost in the mountains who, if they had kept cool and sat down and made a smoke, would have been in camp by noon the next day. Instead of this they lose their heads, travel clear out of the vicinity of the camp, and sometimes suffer terribly or die of starvation before being found.—Forest and Stream.

A Prized Guinea.

Sir William Jenner, the queen's physician, wore at his watch chain a guinea piece which bore a pleasant little history. One day he found among his patients in his consulting room a humble carpenter. On remarking to the man that his disease had through neglect of treatment made great progress, he received the following reply:

"I have been waiting to see you for three years, sir." "Why, my man?" queried the physician. "Couldn't afford to come sooner?" "Oh, yes," answered the carpenter, "but I could not get a gold-piece anywhere, and I heard that you'd take nothing else."

Sir William wore that guinea on his chain, but though he completely cured the patient in the course of eight months he never took another fee from the poor fellow who had tried so hard to find that guinea and had waited so patiently to consult him.

His Apology.

Two leading teetotal lights of the "lang toun" of Kirkcaldy were returning home one night after attending a highly successful temperance meeting, when they managed to get spilled out of their trap, receiving some damage. A local editor, after giving full details of the accident, added with grim humor, "Fortunately both gentlemen were sober at the time." The veiled suggestion that they were not customarily sober greatly irritated the temperate couple, and a strong letter was written to the editor demanding an apology. The apology duly appeared. It ran "Messrs. —— and —— demand an apology for our having stated that at the time of their accident they were both sober. We have pleasure in withdrawing our observation."—London Chronicle.

Weeds.

Old Folger—I've got a letter from my son out west.

Golfin—So? What's Tom doing now?

Old Folger—That's what I can't make out. He says he is engaged in the destruction of weeds. Now, that may mean he's smoking a good many cigars or that he is trying to induce some widow to make a second venture or it may simply mean that he is doing farm work.—Boston Transcript.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

The God of Murderers.

In a certain mountain village called Laituk, on the northwest frontier of Burma, is a sacred pool, in which is said to live a nat—i. e., a demon—called Shearpanlai, who is the guardian spirit of murderers.

When a murder is committed anywhere in these hills, the water of this pool is reported to turn blood red.

Now, when this happens it is a warning sign to the villagers, who are the wardens of the pool, to be on their guard lest the murderer, whoever he may be and from whatever village he may come, unobserved, succeed in reaching the pool, for the Chin law or custom is that if a murderer manages to elude the "avengers of blood" (who are usually some near blood relations of the victim) and the vigilance of the guardians of the pool and succeeds in gaining it and washes his hands in its blood red water, which, as soon as this occurs, resumes its usual appearance, testifying that the god of murder is appeased, he is absolved from his blood guiltiness and is thereafter a free man, and no one may henceforth molest him.

On the other hand, if he were overtaken by his pursuers or were he prevented by the village guardians from reaching the well he would speedily pay the penalty of his crime with his life.—London Answers.

Bismarck and the Pope.

On another occasion—it was in 1893—Eugen Wolf, the well known traveler and writer, came on a visit to the prince, after having passed through Rome and having had an audience with the pope. "The pope asked me where I was going to on leaving Rome. I told him that I was going back home to Germany and that my first object would be to pay my respects to Prince Bismarck, who had hitherto always received me. The pope thereupon said: 'Il Principe di Bismarck! Do not forget to greet him from me.' So, when I arrived at Friedrichsruh, I told the prince that I had greetings from Rome to deliver to him.

"'Oh, indeed!' said Bismarck. 'I suppose you have paid a visit to the pope. How fares the health of the holy father? I must tell you that I always got on very well indeed with him. He even gave me his highest decoration, mounted in brilliants. It was only that confounded (verflixte) little excellency (Windthorst) whom I could not manage to get along with.'"—Sidney Whitman in Harper's Magazine.

The Editor on Carelessness.

"Yes," said the editor as he put his gum brush into the ink bottle and tried to paste on a clipping with his pen, "yes, the great fault of newspaper contributors is carelessness.

"Indeed," he continued as he dropped the copy he had been writing into the wastebasket and marked "Editorial" across the corner of a poem entitled "An Ode to Death," "contributors are terribly careless.

"You would be surprised," said he as he clipped out a column of fashion notes and labeled them "Farm," "to see the slipshod writing that comes into the editorial sanctum.

"Misspelled, unpunctuated, written on both sides of the sheet, illegible, ungrammatical stuff. Contributors are terribly careless. They are"—

Just then the office boy came in with that dictatorial and autocratic manner he has and demanded more copy, and the editor handed him the love letter he had just written to his sweetheart.—London Globe.

Private Butter.

I am reminded of an incident on one of the Atlantic steamers which took place not long ago and in which a married member of a family, to whom it is not necessary to allude, was a party. The husband and wife appeared at all meals, flanked on either side by a large dish of butter.

As it was an English ship and butter was not served at many of the meals, some who were neighbors were delighted to see that the hors d'oeuvre had at last a place on the table. They helped themselves bountifully at luncheon.

At dinner they were surprised to see little sticks in the middle of the mound of butter with a pasteboard card attached. The card read, "Private Butter; Keep Off the Grass."

It is needless to say that the hint was taken.—New York Journal.

A German Bull.

Author (after completing a new book)—There, that will make me more immortal than ever.—Fliegende Blatter.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Early Accidents

Cause Lifelong Suffering.

A Case that is Causing Talk.

When a lad about eight years of age I fell into a cellar a distance of ten feet, striking on my head, and causing concussion of the brain. I was taken to a London, Eng., Hospital, the first seven days not recovering consciousness. I am now 35 years old and from the time of my accident until I began taking Dr. Ward's Pills five months ago I had been subject to fainting spells, never being more than two weeks without an attack of fainting. As I grew older these spells became more frequent, lasted longer, and left me with less vitality. I was weak, had no strength or stamina, always very low-spirited and down-hearted; imagined that every thing and every person was going against me, and life only had a dark side for me. My appetite was poor most of the time, but I am now happy to say that, since taking Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills, I have only had one fainting spell, shortly after I began taking them, so I have no hesitation in saying that Dr. Ward's Pills cured me. Before taking these pills I always looked for a fainting spell not more than two weeks apart; now, I would be greatly surprised at a recurrence of these spells. Life is now bright—the constant, morbid, down-hearted feeling is gone, being replaced by a contented, hopeful feeling. I feel like working. My appetite is good, and in every respect I have experienced the health and strength restoring properties of Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills. They certainly have proved a great blessing to me. Yours truly, (Signed), Thomas Stanton, Brighton, Ont.

Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills are sold at 50c. per box, 5 boxes for $2.00 at druggists, or mailed on receipt of price by The Doctor Ward Co., Limited, Toronto.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

Glue mixed with skimmilk will resist water after drying. Heat the knife before trying to cut new bread.

The Country Gentleman is authority for the statement that silverware immersed in strong borax water and left there several hours will not tarnish as readily as before. The water should be boiling hot when they are put in.

A good use for an old pair of chenille portieres is to cut them into strips and have them woven into a rug. They should make two rugs a yard and a half or a yard and a quarter long, a good way to get more wear out of them.

If there is any doubt about the perfect and absolute dryness of a cellar floor, tar should be spread over the entire surface and then covered with concrete. A damp or foul cellar is the root of numberless household evils. There can be no pure air in the house if the cellar is impure.

You need not cough all night and disturb your friends; there is no occasion for you running the risk of contracting inflammation of the lungs or consumption, while you can get Bickle Anti-Consumptive Syrup. This medicine cures coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs and all throat and chest troubles It promotes a free and easy expectoration. which immediately relieves the throat and lungs from viscid phlegm.

A Matter of Aim.

The Maid—Whose fault is it if women lead aimless existences?

The Man—Women's, of course! They ought to practice throwing.—New York Journal.

There never was, and never will be, a universal panacea, in one remedy, for all ills to which flesh is heir, the very nature of many curatives being such that were the germs of other and differently seated diseases rooted in the system of the patient—what would relieve one ill in turn would aggravate the other. We have, however, in Quinine Wine, when obtainable in a sound unadulterated state, a remedy for many and grevious ills. By its gradual and judicious use, the frailest systems are led into convalescence and strength by the influence which Quinine exerts on Nature's own restoratives. It relieves the drooping spirits of those with whom a chronic state of morbid despondency and lack of interest in life is a disease, and, by tranquilizing the nerves, disposes to sound and refreshing sleep—imparts vigor to the action of the blood, which, being stimulated, courses throughout the veins, strengthening the healthy animal functions of the system, thereby making activity a necessary result, strengthening the frame, and giving life to the digestive organs, which naturally demand increased substance—result, improved appetite. Northrop & Lyman of Toronto, have given to the public their superior Quinine Wine at the usual rate, and, gauged by the opinion of scientists, this wine approaches nearest perfection of any in the market. All druggists sell it.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Do Not Delay.—When through debilitated digestive organs, poison finds its way into the blood, the prime consideration is to get the poison out as rapidly and as thoroughly as possible. Delay may mean disaster. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will be found a most valuable and effective medicine to assail the intruder with. They never fail. They go at once to the seat of the trouble and work a permanent cure.

Punctures.

With more or less fighting going on in many of the Philippines we can hardly speak of them as our "Pacific" islands.

We are assured that none but fresh dates were used in concocting the new 1899 almanacs. But not so with the chestnuts.

The first two figures of 1899 when added equal either of the last two, and the last two when added equal the first two. Well, what of it?

If, as the Poet Wither says, "care will kill a cat," it might be well to hang a little of it over the back fence where felines most do congregate.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

His Art Failed Him.

"Son," asked a Grand River avenue resident, "what's the matter with the professor across the way? I understand that he's all broken up and liable to be in bed for some time."

"You mean the perfessor what hypnertizes people?"

"That's the one."

"Oh, he went out to the stockyard Friday and tried ter mesmerize a bull."—Detroit Free Press.

Dear Sir,—I was for seven years a sufferer from Bronchial trouble, and would be so hoarse at times that I could scarcely speak above a whisper. I got no relief from anything till I tried your MINARD'S HONEY BALSAM. Two bottles gave relief and six bottles made a complete cure. I would heartily recommend it to any one suffering from throat or lung trouble.

J. F. VANBUSKIRK.

Fredericton.

His Signature.

An elderly man stepped into a big Lotel the other day, accompanied by his wife, and asked for a room. When the polite clerk gave him a pen and placed the register before him, he looked visibly embarrassed, but he took the pen and bent over the book as though he had nerved himself to some desperate task.

He started to write and then stopped and began to think. The clerk, of course, didn't know what the trouble was or else he would have volunteered his services. After a painful pause the ruralist started in to scratching some more.

After the expiration of fully five minutes the farmer threw down his pen with a sigh of relief, wiped the perspiration from his brow and rejoined his better half, who had been waiting in the lobby during the ordeal. The clerk was curious to see a signature that required such an unusual length of time to execute. The clerk is a solemn man, but he nearly went off into a fit when he saw, in big, round script, this legend:

"Me and Maria."—London Tit-Bits.

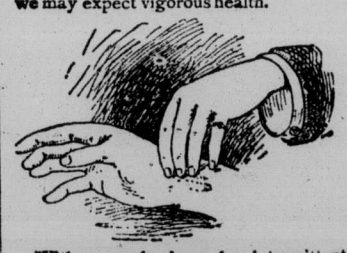
Society as a Reformer.

"Swearing is growing less, decidedly so," writes Edward Bok in The Ladies' Home Journal. "All students of men agree in this view, just as excessive alcoholic drinking is falling into disuse. The principal reason for the decline of both excessive swearing and drinking is that men are getting more and more careful to refrain from any habit which places their self control in peril Society is constantly growing more impatient with a man who lacks equipoise, while the keener demands of business necessitates men being more moderate in all things. The basis of the change may be more material than spiritual, but the change is taking place irrespective of the character of the basis or motive."

PUT YOUR FINGER ON YOUR PULSE.

If It Is Weak or Irregular don't Hesitate to Start the use of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills at once.

With a strong, steady, regular pulse we may expect vigorous health.



With a weak, irregular, intermittent pulse we can tell at once the vitality is low—that Dizzy and Faint Spells, Smothering and Sinking Sensations and similar conditions are bound to ensue.

By their action in strengthening the heart, toning the nerves and enriching the blood, Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills relieve and cure all those distressing conditions just enumerated.

Mrs. B. Croft, residing on Waterloo Street, St. John, N.B., says:

"For some time past I have suffered from pallor, weakness and nervous prostration, I had palpitation and irregular beating of the heart so severe as to cause me great alarm. I was treated by physicians, but got no permanent relief.

"I am glad to say that from Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills I derived the first real benefit that I ever got from any medicine. My appetite is improved, my entire system toned up, and I can do no less than cheerfully recommend these pills to all requiring a reliable heart and nerve tonic."

Miss Mary E Hicks, South Bay, Ont., says Laxa-Liver Pills cured her of Sick Headache, from which she had suffered for a year.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

A VICTIM OF NEURALGIA.

MRS. ROBERTS, OF MONTREAL, TELLS A WONDERFUL STORY.

She Was a Sufferer For Some Seven Years, and Medical Treatment Failed to Give Her More Than Temporary Relief—A Herald Reporter Investigates the Case.

From the Herald, Montreal.

"I thought it was something wonderful when I went three days without being sick," said Mrs. Annie Roberts to a representative of the Montreal Herald, referring to her remarkable recovery from an illness of over seven long years. Mr. and Mrs. Roberts reside at 34 Wolfe street, Montreal, and the reporter was cordially welcomed when he went to enquire as to the truth of the report that Mrs. Roberts had been restored to health through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Mr. and Mrs. Roberts came to Canada from England a little more than five years ago, and Mrs. Roberts' illness began while still in the Old Country. "I was really the victim of a combination of troubles," says Mrs. Roberts. "For seven years, neuralgia, with all its excruciating pains, has been my almost constant attendant. Added to this I was attacked with rheumatism and palpitation of the heart, and for the last five years, was not able to get out of doors during the winter months. Sometimes I felt as though those terrible pains in my head would drive me mad; my nerves were all unstrung and a knock at the door would send me nearly crazy. I was treated at different times by four doctors since coming to Montreal, but without any lasting good, and I had given up hope of ever being better on this side of the grave. A friend of mine whose father had been helpless for two years, but was restored by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, urged me to try them. My husband asked the doctor who was attending me what he thought of them, and the doctor replied that he believed them to be a good medicine. This pursuaded me to begin their use. No one who sees me now can form any idea of my condition when I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I had only taken three boxes when I began to recover. But seven years of pain had nearly shattered my constitution and I did not look for a speedy recovery, and I was more than gratified to find that after I had used I think about a dozen and a half boxes, I was fully restored to health. It seemed all the more wonderful because the doctors both in England and here never done more than give me temporary relief, and their treatment was much more expensive. The past summer was the first in years that I really enjoyed life, and I was able to go on a visit to Radnor Forges. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have also been of much benefit to my daughter Violet. She is just nine years old, but she suffered a great deal from pains in the back and sick headache but the pills have made her feel all right again."

"I never fail to recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills when any of my friends are ill," said Mrs. Roberts. "While visiting at Radnor Forges, I urged a young lady friend who has long been a sufferer from curvature of the spine, and obstinate consipation to try them, and they have done her a vast amount of good."

The reporter confesses that Mrs. Roberts' story is a wonderful one. That she is now thoroughly well is clear from her face, her manner and her happy spirit. Mr. and Mrs. Roberts are intelligent and reliable people. Mr. Roberts is head engineer in the biscuit works of Vian & Frere, the wealthiest firm in this line in the Dominion, and he fully endorses the good words his wife has to say in favor of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. In fact he says the speedy cure they wrought in his wife's case has saved him many dollars.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have no purgative action, and so do not weaken the body. They build up the blood by supplying it with the elements which enrich it, and strengthen the nerves. In this way they cure all diseases having their origin in poor and watery blood. Always refuse the Pink colored imitations which some dealers offer. See that the full name Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People is on every package you buy. If in doubt, send direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and they will be mailed post paid at 50c. a box or six boxes for $2.50.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns etc.

DON'T CHIDE THE CHILDREN.

Don't scold the little ones if the bed is wet in the morning. It isn't the child's fault. Weak kidneys need strengthening—that's all. You can't afford to risk delay. Neglect may entail a lifetime of suffering.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Strengthen the Kidneys and Bladder, then all trouble ceases.

Mr. John Carson, employed at M. S. Bradt & Co.'s store, Hamilton, Ont., says:

"My little boy seven years of age has been troubled with his kidneys since birth and could not hold his water. We spent hundreds of dollars doctoring and tried many different remedies, but they were of no avail. One box of Doan's Kidney Pills completely cured him."

An Echo of Christmas.

One is perfectly justified in obliterating the cost mark on the present he is to give to a friend, but nobody but a conscienceless person will go so far as to change the mark so that the recipient of the article will be made to think that it cost 15 or 20 per cent more than its actual price.

Prevent Disorder.—At the first symptoms of internal disorder, Permelee's Vegetable Pills should be resorted to immediately. Two or three of these salutary pellets, taken before going to bed, followed by doses of one or two pills for two or three nights in succession, will serve as a preventive of attacks of dyspepsia and all the discomforts which follow in the train of that fell disorder. The means are simple when the way is known.

Fatal Blunder.

Squallop (who has just received his commission as a justice of the peace)—Miss Wellup, when you make up your mind it is not good for woman to be alone I want the job of marrying you.

Miss Wellup—La, Mr. Squallop, how unconventional you are! Well, go and ask papa.—Chicago Tribune.

We beg to call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills in this paper. The firm have also placed on the market Dr. Ward's Liver Pills which have already proved to be a most excellent family medicine as a cure for constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, etc. They are sold at 25c per vial, or 5 for 1, or mailed on receipt of price by the Dr. Ward Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Confirmed.

"Do you have any faith in this idea that maladies can be transmitted by kissing?" asked one of Detroit's young society men of another.

"Well, sir, I was mighty skeptical till the other night. I kissed my best girl for the first time in my life and I've had palpitation of the heart ever since."

Not For Tiny Ears.

Mrs. Screecham—You were not at the musicale?

Mrs. Beecham—No, I couldn't go. My husband was there.

"What did he say about my singing?"

"Wait until the children go out of the room and I'll tell you."—Yonkers Statesman.

The winners of the sewing machines in the Royal Crown Soap competition, for the week ending Jan. 30th are as follows: Winnipeg, Mrs. T. H. Oxley, 297 Gunnell street; Manitoba, Mrs. Joseph Downie, Elva, Northwest Territories, Mrs. Fred Jackson, Edmonton. Th Royal Crown Soap company will continue this competition, giving away three machines each Monday until further notice.

Not Taking It, Perhaps.

Customer (handing over the money)—This mixture will cure the grip, will it?

Druggist—It will knock it every time, ma'am. We sell more of this stuff to grip patients than all other kinds put together.

Customer—You're a new prescription clerk, aren't you? What has become of the young man who generally stands behind this counter?

Druggist—He's down with the grip, ma'am.

Royal Crown Soap

Grand Weekly Free Sewing Machine Competition

3 New Williams, No. 6 Drop Head, Sewing Machines, Value $65, Each Given away weekly for Royal Crown Wrappers and Coupons, viz:

WINNIPEG, 1 each week.
MANITOBA, outside of Winnipeg, 1 each week.
N. W. T. and ONTARIO, east to Schrieber, 1 each week.

Ask your Grocer for a Coupon with every five bars of wrapped ROYAL CROWN SOAP. Full instructions on each Coupon.

First Drawing Monday, January 16, and each week thereafter until further notice.

Large List of Books and Beautiful Pictures still given away for ROYAL CROWN SOAP WRAPPERS to those who do not compete for the Sewing Machines. List mailed free on application.

THE ROYAL SOAP CO., Winnipeg.

TRY SEEDS. J. M. PERKINS.

The great SEEDSMAN of the NORTHWEST. Try your SEEDS for 1899, as he keeps the LARGEST Stock of Garden, Field and Flower Seeds in this country to select from; also Seed Drills and Cultivators. You can have our large illustrated catalogue FREE by sending your name and address to J. M. PERKINS, 221 Market St., Winnipeg.

REID'S PIANOS

In touch, tone and finish they have no equal.

Correspondents wanted in every town to act as agents.

REID BROS., 157 King St. West, Toronto

Why Do so Many People Use White Star Baking Powder?

1. Because of its Leavening Power.
2. Because it keeps fresh and full strength till used.
3. Because it is pure.
4. Because it gives a fine flavor.
5. Because it is low in price and high in quality.

The Dyson-Gibson Co.

W. R. ALLAN,

General Insurance Agent,

FIRE Companies Represented:
Quebec Fire Assurance Co
Royal Insurance Co.
Sun Insurance Office
Union Assurance Society

All classes of Insurances transacted and losses promptly and satisfactorily settled.

THE ONLY PRINTERS' SUPPLY HOUSE IN THE NORTHWEST

We keep a large stock always on hand of TYPE, PRINTERS' MATERIAL and PRINTERS' MACHINERY; can fit out Daily or Weekly Papers or Job Outfits on few hours' notice. We also supply READY-PRINTS; STEREO-PLATES, and PAPER and CARD STOCK.

EVERYTHING FOR THE PRINTER

Toronto Type Foundry Co., Limited.

175 Owen St., Winnipeg.

SAFES VICTOR SAFES

KARL K. ALBERT, GEN AGT
407 MAIN ST., WINNIPEG,
Next door to P. O.

SNAPS FOR CASH.

Household Safes, small size, - - $12.00
Household Safes, large size, - - 30.00

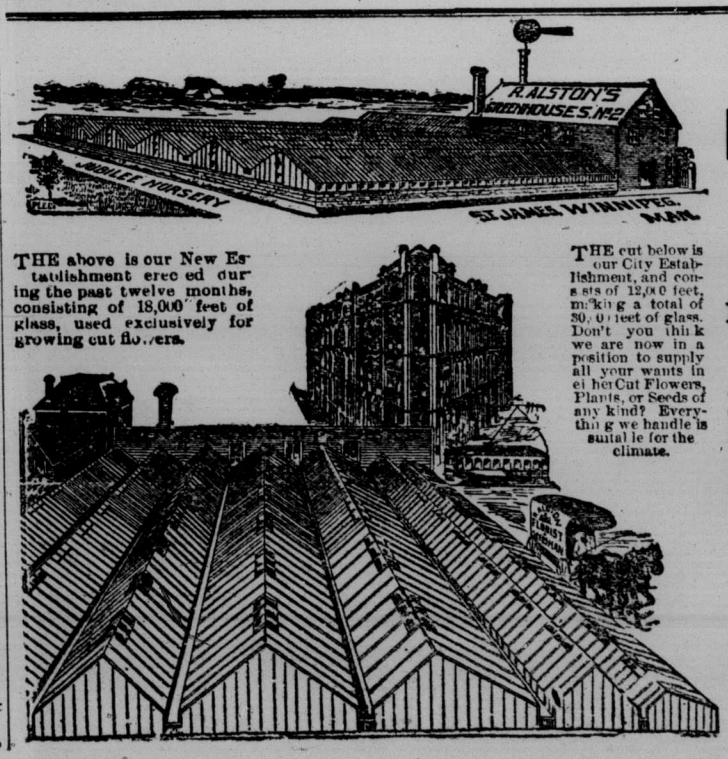
Just the thing for a Christmas present. Both useful and ornamental.

Merchants' Safes, all sizes and prices; on easy terms or cash. Come and see them or write for quotations Special prices during November and December.

$50 to $10,000 INVESTED CAN be doubled within one year. We do not invest it in Bucket shops or mining stocks, but in railroad shares selling at low prices, that we know are going to advance; we buy the scrip out and register it in the purchaser's name and send it to him. Twelve years established Bank references and the most reputable people in Vermont. References throughout Canada. We have the largest business of the class in the United States. KNOTT & OLOSSON, Bankers and Brokers, Burlington, Vt., U. S. A.

W. N. U. 26

Skepticism.—This is unhappily an age of skepticism, but there is one point upon which persons acquainted with the subject agree, namely, that Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil is a medicine which can be relied upon to cure a cough, remove pain, heal sores of various kinds, and benefit any inflamed portion of the body to which it is applied.



THE above is our New Establishment erected during the past twelve months, consisting of 18,000 feet of glass, used exclusively for growing cut flowers.

THE cut below is our City Establishment, and consists of 12,000 feet, making a total of 30,000 feet of glass. Don't you think we are now in a position to supply all your wants in either Cut Flowers, Plants, or Seeds of any kind? Everything we handle is suitable for the climate.

This Is the Greatest HORTICULTURAL ESTABLISHMENT

in WESTERN CANADA, and without doubt Headquarters for everything you may need in either

PLANTS, FLOWERS, BULBS or SEEDS.

If you are using or likely to use, any of the above, it will certainly pay you to secure our Catalogue for 1899—a handsome illustrated book of 60 pages, brimful of useful information pertaining to this country. We make it a study to work to the interest of our patrons, and our extensive trial grounds enable us to do this to good advantage.

OUR CATALOGUE IS MAILED FREE TO ANY ADDRESS.

R. ALSTON Royal Greenhouses Jubilee Nursery and Seed Establishment.

WINNIPEG, MAN.

CARDSTON RECORD.

—o:—

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Wednesday at Cardston.

Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance.
Advertising Rates on application.

In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisements they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisements will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

Copy for change of advertisments MUST not be in later than Saturday noon.

ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Managing Editor,
CARDSTON, N. W. T.,
DRAWER 72. CANADA.

Cardston, February 22, 1899.

OBLIGATIONS OF EDITORSHIP.

In all walks of life there is no profession or occupation that carries with it more responsibilities than that of an editor. From the metropolitan daily to the humble country weekly the occupant of the editorial chair has confronting him constantly the duty of inciting interest in public affairs; of purveying without prejudice or favor the news of the day in the field which he elects to cover.

A paper in its editorial utterances may print whatever its prescribed policy dictates, but in the news department there should be no discrimination. The people buy a paper with the expectation that its news matter will not be biassed, and in decency should never be malignant. When a paper is conducted on such narrow lines that it leans throughout to some party or clique, and suppresses almost everything in the way of news that may go to the credit of the opposition it is practicing deception and misleading the public. That this is done cannot be denied and more than that personal abuse and sometimes unbridled vituperation, find their way into journalism.

A most excellent rule for the exercise of the editorial function is the well worn one that nothing shall be printed about a man that preclude the editor from meeting him the following day with the assurance of a respectful salutation. But fortunately, where there is one paper edited reprehensibly, there are hundreds that command with confidence, that are liberal, broad and helpful.

However wise and discreet an editor may be whatever nicety he may feel the people's pulse, there will be dissentions and crities. Every public servant—and an editor serves the public—subjects himself to criticism, but if his experience and integrity of purpose point in the direction he is pursuing, he is a craven indeed who swerves from the course.—Ex.

OFFICIAL INFORMATION.

Earl of Minto,.....Governor-General of Canada.
Sir Wilfrid Laurier.....Premier of Canada.
A. E. Forget,....Lieutenant-Governor of N. W. T.
L. G. De Veber,....M. L. A. for Lethbridge District
Horace Harvey,..Registrar for Dist. of So. Alberta.
W. F. McCreary,..Commr. of Immig'r, Winnipeg.
J. A. Hammer,....Overseer, Village of Cardston.

We print

Cards.
Blanks.
Tickets.
Posters.
Receipts.
Programs.
Statements.
Bill Heads.
Letter Heads.
Wedding Invitations.
At the Lowest Prices.
Call and see us.

Deseret News and The Record one year for $3.50

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Snowing.

The wind now blows night and day.

Aolian harp was invented in 1653.

H. W. Taylor was in town on Friday.

Washington left an estate valued at over $80,000.

Ezra Hansen paid Cardston a business visit last week.

There was a valentine ball on Friday night in Kearl's hall.

The painters are at work on the Cardston Co's new building.

The Saskatchewan and Nelson rivers are 1,900 miles in length.

The hill near the flour mill should be graded and made fit for travel.

L. F. Bonnell is having an addition built to his blacksmith shop.

A young man with a slender salary should marry a girl with a small waste.

There was a terrific storm in England last week which did very much damage.

The Olympian Zeus, a famous statue by Phidias, is one of the seven wonders of the world.

There are 100,000,000 acres of land reserved for settlement in Manitoba and the North-West Territories.

There are two hard things in the life of a newspaper in Cardston First, collections; second, getting news.

Carpenters are at work removing the small buildings in the rear of the Cardston Co's store to make room for the large addition which is to be erected in their place. And in this way Cardston is steadily growing and constantly improving.

The Ætna dairy will be run during the coming season by agents of the Government, and cash will be paid for milk. This will prove a good thing for farmers and ranchers in that neighborhood. A family with a dozen cows can do pretty well over there this summer.

We don't hear much nowadays in the way of complaint as to the post office and its management. Postmaster Allen made the proper move at the right time, and we think the majority of the townspeople are now satisfied with the location of the post office and its mangaement.

Hyrum Hansen, the Ætna merchant, was in Cardston on Friday. He said it was a question of only a short time when they would have a post office established at Ætna. We are pleased to here this for the people over their are entitled, by population, etc., to a post office and the Government should not delay in the matter.

The press despatches this week announce that orders have been placed in Chicago for 10,000 light draught horses for the British market. The Canadian trade returns show that the breeders in the Dominion are giving attention to this trade but nothing like to the extent that its possibilities warrant, for in spite of the way in which electricity is being utilized as a locomotive power the demand for both coach and bus horses in the countries of Europe will long exceed native supply. Canada can turn out the article the market demands, and that too at a price that will make handsome return. It is to be hoped that the fact that Chicago is now handling an order for 10,000 horses at prices ranging from $150 to $500 for best coach horses and $100 to $250 for bus horses, will give an impetus to the industry throughout the Dominion.—Ex.

There are always those who will kick. For instance, if you publish jokes with whiskers on them some will say you ought to be in a lunatic joint. If you don't print something to smile at, they say you are a pessimistic fossil. If you spread yourself and write a good, original article they say it is stolen. If you reprint an article they say you can't write. If you say a deserving word for a man; you are partial; if you compliment the women the men are jealous and if you don't, the verdict of the women is to the effect that your paper is not fit to use in the construction of a bustle. If you stay in your office, you are afraid to stay on the streets; if you do not, you are lazy; if you look seedy you are squandering your money; if you wear good clothes, you are a dude and don't pay for them. If you play a social game of any kind and get stuck, you are a fish: if you win you are a tinhorn; and so it goes through one continual round of pleasant complications.—Ex.

COAL, COAL, COAL!

Clarke Mine, - - - - - - Belly River.
$2.25 per ton at the Mine.
Delivered in Cardston for $5.00 per ton.
Orders may be left at Co-op or Allen store.

Ed. Ivins has gone to Oregon on business and pleasure. He will return in about a month.

WANTED.—A lot near business part of town. Will pay spot cash. If you have one to sell, call at this office.

The canal company will now pay $7.00 cash per thousand feet for the hauling of lumber from the railway to their lands. This is not an ad., they don't advertise.

Miss Lileth Nelson is again at the type case in the Record office. Her sister, Ella, is taking a vacation.

To those who subscribe for the Record during the present month we will send it for the balance of 1899—ten months—for only $1.50.

The buildings immediately north of the Co-op store have been surrounded by water for some time. There is work needed there.

Judge Hammond, of Utah, who is to take charge of the construction work on the A. I. Co's canal, arrived here on Saturday evening's stage.

A communication from Mrs. Zina Y. Card, who is in Washington, D. C., came too late for this issue; it will be published in our next number.

There were a great many ranchers in town Sunday and Monday in attendance at the Stake Conference meetings on those two days. We will try to get the report of the meetings for our next issue.

FOR SALE: Four room house Good well water. Nice location. Enquire at RECORD office, next to Bank. ‡

When you want to sell or buy anything, place a notice in THE RECORD, and you will be pleased with the result.

FOR SALE.—Ranch, 160 acres. ½ mile from Ætna. House, barn, well, 40 acres broke. Enquire at THE RECORD Office.

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

We will print your name and address on 250 nice XXX White Laid Envelopes for $1.50. The Envelopes alone would cots you $1. at any of the stores.

When you want receipt or note Books call at THE RECORD Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts. You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

THE RECORD has the agency for CLEVELAND BICYCLES. Can sell you a good one for $40, or a better one for $90. Ladies' Bicycles from $40, up to $80. Now is the time to order your Bicycle. The Cleveland Bicycle is the BEST made.

The Western Assurance Company, of Toronto, whose capital is $2,000,000, is one of the strongest of the fire insurance companies in Canada. The Editor of the Record has the agency for the Western. It pays to have your buildings insured aginst loss by fire.

The Weekly Globe, Toronto, $1.00 a year. THE RECORD has agency.

The Great West Magazine will publish an illustrated article on the Mormons of Cardston in a forthcoming number. Bring ten cents to this office and your name will be put down for a copy of the magazine. Every family should procure a copy and preserve it.

C. O. CARD,
SUB AGENT
DOMINION LANDS.
ALSO AGENT FOR
RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY
. . . AND . . .
PRIVATE LANDS.
Office Hours: 9 to 4.

Photograph = Gallery

at the Residence of
S. LOW.
Open on clear days from 12 to 2 pm
Cardston, - - - Alberta.

H. W. SAVORY,
Boundary Creek (Cardston P. O.) Alta.
Saddle & Work Horses For Sale.

Dobbs. "What do you generally give your wife for a birthday present?"

Bobbs. "A five dollar bill with which to buy me a present as my birthday comes on the day after hers."

The Calgary Herald takes the cake when it comes to the writing of "heads" for telegraphic news. Some of them are worthy of Puck.

We see by the N. W. T. Gazette that V. S. Shaw has been appointed fire guardian for Cardston. Let's see, does Mr. Shaw live ten or twenty miles from Cardston?

The Toronto Globe is doing a great deal in the way of advertising the resources of the North-West Territories. In every Saturday edition it has communications from parties in Western Canada.

In today's Record will be found an advt. of the W. A. Murry & Co., the great drygoohs house of Toronto. Send youf name and address to them on a post card and they will forward to you their new catalogue.

Patronize our advertisers. A man so lacking in public spirit that he will not recognize the good offices of a home paper is unworthy your patronage and should not receive it. If a man has not the politeness to ask you to trade at his counter, do not take the chances of meeting with further impoliteness by intruding yourself upon him. When a man gets it into his head that necessity or duty will lead you into his clutches without invitation, rest assured that he will treat you accordingly.—Ex.

We have heard a lot of complaint from parties to whom the canal company have owed accounts for several months past. They will not make many friends unless they become more prompt in meeting their bills. Men do not care to work on a ditch and be compelled to wait two or three months for their pay. It was given out here by one who should have known what he was talking about that the men would be paid last Wednesday the 15th. inst., but up to the time of our going to press, nothing has been paid the men. So, naturally, the complaints are loud. Just who is to blame for such a deplorable state of affairs we, not knowing anything whatever about the canal company's private affairs, cannot say; but we can suggest a change in the present financial arrangement of the concern in case they want men to work for them in the future.

WHAT CARDSTON NEEDS.

A lime kiln.
A railroad.
Shoe shop.
A drug store.
A tailor shop.
A brick kiln.
Graded streets.
A lumber yard.
A roller flour mill.
An amusement hall.
An immigration building.
Tri-weekly mail service.
Commodious school house.
Board of trade, or chamber of commerce.
Ten thousand more good citizens added to the thousand already here.

Following is a list of the publications for sale at the RECORD OFFICE:

Puck
Judge
Strand
Argosy
Quaker
Nickell
Tit Bits
Success
Puritan
Squibbs
Vanity Fair
N. Y. World
Wide World
Metropolitan
Cosmopolitan
Munsey Maga.
New Illustrated
McClures Maga.
Canadian Maga.
Broadway Maga.
Review of Reviews (Eng)
Review of Reviews (Am.)
Frank Leslie's Popular Mon'ly.

Notice.

FROM

February 1st. to March 1st.

The CARDSTON CO. Ltd.,

WILL HAVE A

Removal Sale in every Department.

A few more Ladies, Misses & Childrens Coats at cost; they must go.
Now is your time to buy a nice dress Silk & trimming to match.

Gents Furnishings

Ties	Ties	Ties	Ties	Ties
	25c worth 40-50 and 60c.			
Hats	Hats	Hats	Hats	Hats
50c	75c	85c	1.00	1.25

Worth Double.

Shoe Department.

	Shoes	Shoes	Shoes	Shoes	Shoes	
Gents	90c	$1.00	$1.25	$1.50	$1.75	& up.
Ladies	65	75	1.00	1.25	1.50	& up.
Misses	50	65	75	85	90	& up.
Baby	25	35	40	45	50	& up.

These Goods Must Go

to make room for our large stock that is on the road and we invite the public to inspect and you will sure be satisfied.

There is a Carload of Furniture, Carpets, Curtains, and our stock will be complete so it will pay you to see ours before you buy elsewhere.

Highest Price paid for Produce.

The Cardston Co. Ltd

READY MARCH 5th

SPRING & SUMMER CATALOGUE

OF

W. A. MURRAY & CO., LIMITED, TORONTO

The Largest Drygo ds House in the Dominion of Canada.

Send your name and address and a copy will be mailed you free when it comes from press. Every lady in Canada should have a copy of this catalogue. It contains interesting reading on new styles, also information and prices of strictly High-class Drygoods. Address Mail Order Department.

The W. A. Murray & Co., Toronto. Ont.

HOME MISSIONARY APPOINTMENTS.

H. Mercer and O. E. Bates.
Sunday, Feb. 12th. West Ætna.
Sunday, Feb. 26th. Leavitt.
Bishop Stewart and J. P. Jorden
Sunday, Feb. 12th. Callwell.
Sunday, Feb. 26th. Cardston.
Bishop Leavitt and Jonathan Hunt.
Sunday, Feb. 12th. Cardston
Sunday, Feb. 26th. Ætna.

Elder Thomas Duce will visit the different Wards in connection with the other elders.

Thomas Duce,
President of Home Missionaries.

ENVELOPES.

Comply with the postal requirements by using your envelopes printed, by THE RECORD.

WANTED—Some coal hauled on account at this office, at once.

Newspaper advertising is the best kind of advertising, because it will carry the information to more people for less cost than any other kind.

Subscribe for THE RECORD.

Cardston is greatly in need of a shoe-shop.

Get your HAIR cut
AT
Campbell's
- Tonsorial Parlors. -

You Know
Wolsey & Evans,
Contractors & Builders,
W. M. Wolsey. James Evans.
Cardston. Alberta.

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

Wheat and oats taken on subscription at this office.

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, both one year for $2.50.

FOR SALE—Model 1 Improved Hand Printing Press. Chase 5x8. At RECORD Office.*

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends. 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.

All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.
Cardston. . . . . Alberta.

- Samuel Cox, -
Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting,
& Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
CARDSTON. . . ALBERTA.

Read THE RECORD
THE
CARDSTON RECORD
2.00 per year.

The Record one year $2.00

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1, 1899. NO 31

CHANGE IN MAIL SERVICE.

The mail now leaves Cardston on Mondays and Thursdays. The change is most unsatisfactory. No notice whatever was given that the change was contemplated by the post office department. The people of Cardston were not consulted; they were utterly ignored. A RECORD reporter has interviewed all of the business men of the place and without an exception they are opposed to the change. Why did not the post office department, in other words, why did not Inspector W. W. McLeod consult the business interests of the town before instituting the change? The mail went out yesterday, Monday, morning and not a half a dozen men knew of the capricious character of our mail service until many hours after the stage had departed.

To say the least, the affair is an outrage.

"WENLOCK OF WENLOCK."

The Home Dramatic Co. presented "Wenlock of Wenlock" at the Assembly Rooms Feb. 24th. and 25th. The presentation of the play, to sum it up in a few words, was certainly creditable and deserving of no little praise. The audience was a good-natured one, and the play was run through with promptness and dispatch.

As a whole the characters were well cast and the actors seemed filled with their spirit. D. C. Merriett, as "Hubert Lyle," did very well. W. H. Steed, "Wolf-a Mostrooper," looked the character, and his acting was good. In his sword fight with W. M. Wolsey. "Wild Wenlock," a lack of practice was very evident, while with the same exception, and also at times a want of necessary fire. Mr. Wolsey was a typical Border Baron; large, fierce in appearance and a deep voice. The two comic characters, "Nicholas," a village tailor, and "Wittol Wattle," a jester, were very well cast in the persons of Robt. Ramsbottom and N. H. Wardle; indeed it is a question as to which evocted greatest mirth: both, however, in appearance and acting was "alright," and we hope to see them on the boards again. "Osrick", a farmer, was played by Wm. Sheffield in a satisfactory manner. Miss Dorah Hinman made a lovely "Lady Rowena," the Baron's mistress, and she acted the part with tact and feeling. Her costume was striking and she looked the character she assumed. Miss Susie Wood, as "Elva," had a hard part to play, but she proved herself capable and won the sympathy of the audience. As "Rose Alison," Mrs. Wolsey had little opportunity to do a great deal, but she made the most of the character. "Ossa," a serf, was acted by Mr. Rollins and "Hugh," the seneschal, by H. Smith.

The play as a whole was one of the best ever produced in Cardston.

MAGA EST VERITAS.

Cardston, Feby. 25th. 1899.

I, the undersigned business manager of the Home Dramatic Company, declare that said Company has paid The Record $2.40 for printing and advertising, and that that amount is all which has ever been paid to The Record by said Company.

(Signed.) W. H. STEED.

A LITTLE LIGHT.

A certain individual, whose identity we at present refrain from disclosing, has been telling people that the Dramatic company, of which he is a member, paid The Record $5.00 for advertising purposes and that we failed to advertise them. To put it very mildly, the individual is a fabricator. The local Dramatic company paid The Record $1.50 for 125 dodgers and 90 cents for advertisment in our local columns, making a total of $2.40 which is every cent The Record has ever received from the Home Dramatic Co. What have you to say now, Mr. Individual? Have you the manhood to retract your false statements? Our columns are open to you.

Maga est veritas (truth is great) indeed.

Lethbridge has been made a customs port. St. Mary's and Coutts become outpost of Lethbridge instead of Calgary.

Ed. Kenney was in Cardston Saturday.

QUARTERLY CONFERENCE.

Conference opened Sunday morning in the ward meeting house at 11 o'clock. President John A. Woolf presiding.

After the opening exercises, Prest. Woolf made the opening remarks; reminding the Saints of the duties and the obligations devolving upon them and exhorting all to live according to the light given them.

Bishop J. A. Hammer reported the Cardston Ward favorably.

Mrs. Mary L. Woolf gave a statement as to the splendid working condition of the Relief Society of the Stake.

Bp. V. I. Stewart reported the Mountain View Ward favorably.

Elder Niels Hansen was set apart as the bishop of Ætna Ward. Bishop Hansen reported Ætna favorably. The organizations being complete.

Elder S. Low reported the High Priests of the Stake as being a body of diligent workers; striving with their energies to assist in the great work of the Lord.

Elder Thos. Duce reported the labors of the Home Missionaries in the Stake. Endorsed the reports of the bishops in regard to the good spirit prevailing among the Saints.

Bishop F. Leavitt reported the Leavitt Ward favorably. Said the spirit of the Lord was with the Saints in that Ward as well as in the different parts of the Stake as he had found in his labors as a Home Missionary.

The choir sang an anthem. Elder R. Pilling pronounced the benediction.

SUNDAY AFTERNOON.

After the usual opening hymn, and prayer by Elder James P. Low, the sacrament was administered by the Cardston Ward Bishopric.

Bp. W. D. Hammond from Cache Stake, Utah, addressed the conference. Said the Saints should walk up to the line of their duties at all times and rely upon the Lord for guidance and protection.

Elder H. S. Allen reported the Sunday Schools of the Stake. Total number enrolled, 612. Said two new schools had been organized in the past three months, one at Caldwell and one at East Ætna.

The Statistical report of the Stake was then read.

Elder Robert Ibey, in the absence of the president, reported the Y. M. M. I. A. in a thriving condition.

Elder Ammon Mercer testified to the truth of the Gospel. Spoke of the fulfillment of ancient prophecy as it is transpiring in our midst from time to time. Rehersed the teachings of the Saviour to his disciples and the people while here upon the earth. Spoke upon faith, repentance and baptism. Exhorted the Saints to faithfulness and diligence in good words and works.

Elder Peter Allen reported the Caldwell branch of the Mt. View ward to be in a thriving condition.

Elder D. W. Rollins reported the labors of himself and compaunion in their labors in behalf of the Y. M. M. I. A.

Bishop Hammer reported the labors of the Saints in Cardston in regard to sustaining the Manitoba mission. Showed the good feelings and substantial aid (in means) to that end.

Anthem by choir. Benediction by Elder Thos. Duce.

SUNDAY EVENING.

At a short evening service, Elder P. P. Thomas spoke of the history of the Church in this dispensation, especially pertaining to the persecutions heaped upon the Saints and the spirit actuating the wicked and ungodly in the bitterness manifested.

Elder James P. Low refered to the recent ward conferences held in this Stake. Testified to the evidences given in these conferences that the spirit of the Lord was indeed shed abroad among the people. Appealed to the youth in regard to the use of misuse of their time, especially in the winter season. Spoke of the force of habit and the care necessary to exercise in the formation of habits. Gave some beneficial instructions to the youth who may be called to go to the nations of the earth as missionaries of the Gospel.

The choir sang and Elder J. A. Anderson dismissed.

MONDAY, A. M.

Elder James May was the first speaker. Dwelt on the importance of giving head to the principles of charity and forgiveness, as we are all mortal and subject to weakness. Exhorted the people to refrain from finding fault with each other and to live that we might have a living faith, as the giving way to weakness tends to blind our faculties.

Elder John Dunn reported the East Ætna branch containing 21 families. Said everything was moving along as well as could be expected under the circumstances.

M. E. Beazer spoke upon the law of tithing.

Elder Homer Woolf reported the West Ætna branch.

Elder Edward Leavitt related some of his missionary experiences.

Elder Robert Leishman spoke of the principle of "Obedience."

Elder S. J. Layton reviewed the teachings given during conference.

Elder S. Matkin refered to the sickness in our midst and exhorted the Saints to exercise their faith and the blessings of the Lord would certainly follow.

MONDAY AFTERNOON.

After the usual opening exercises, Elder Wm. Wood spoke at length upon the different beliefs in the sectarian world. Spoke of the promises of the Lord unto those who do His will. Related some of the parables of the Saviour, applying the same to the Saints in this generation.

Mrs. Attena Williams gave a short statement as to the splendid working condition of the Y. L. M. I. A.

Elder Stewart, late of the Manitoba mission, bore testimoney to the truths of the Gospel. Gave a sketch of the condition and circumstances of the Manitoba mission.

Mrs. Amy Allen reported the Primary Associations as being in full working order.

Elder Thomas Duce reviewed the teachings and matter brought up through the conference, and testified to the good works of the Saints in Alberta.

Pres. Woolf made the closing remarks, expressing satisfaction with the reports given and the general spirit of the conference.

After the closing exercises, the conference adjourned for three months.

THOSE HORRID MORMONS.

"We live in days when men and women are easily drawn away by strange doctrines, says the Presbyterian Review. The Mormons spread their nets warily, and so capture many who, were they aware of the doctrines of Joseph Smith and Brigham Young, in all their detail, would hesitate before accepting Mormonism as their religious faith. The settlements springing up in Western Canada are worth the watching. Mormons from Utah may be good farmers, but their creed is not good for Canada. Yet, it is bound to spread; it is already spreading while the sentinel on the wall is asleep. Mormonism is making its grand effort throughout the world. In England street riots are caused by its proselytism; in Canada it has free, uninterrupted course."

Yes, "in Canada it has free uninterrupted course!" but in case that certain Individual who wrote the foregoing words and had them published in the Presbyterian Review had his way the street riots that are disgracing England would be repeated in Canada to her dishonor.

Would that Individual be pleased to hear of street riots caused by Presbyterian proselytism at their foreign missions in the New Hebrides, Trinidad, Demerara, Japan, China and Central India? We think not.

That Individual is perfectly right when he says; "The settlements springing up in Western Canada are worth the watching." Indeed, those who watch "those settlements springing up" will see a splendid example of Western "push", an example all may advantagously emulate. A good thing it is for fair Canada that she is not governed by narrow minded men of such a stamp as that Individual who penned the article for the Presbyterian Review.

Again that Individual is wrong when he says; "Mormons from Utah may be good farmers," only he should have left out the words "may be" and substituted therefor the word "are."

Samuel Cox has been ill for some time and unable to attend to his work. We hope to see him around again soon.

But that Individual is wrong when he says: "Their (the Mormon) creed is not good for Canada." We feel certain that if that Individual will take the trouble to enlighten himself upon the principles of the Gospel of the Church of Jesus Christ (commonly called "Mormons") he will agree with us in that, "their (the Mormon) creed is good for Canada."

NOTICE.

Lumber hauling will not be permitted on the Sabbath. Those parties hauling will govern themselves accordingly.

(31-34) M. D. HAMMOND.

NOTICE.

Tenders for Repairs to St. Mary's River Bridge.

TENDERS will be received, addressed to the Commissioner of Public Works, Regina, and marked "Tender for Repair of St. Mary's Bridge," up to March 1st next for the construction of a new pier at east end of bridge over St. Mary's River near Cardston.

Plan and specification can be seen at offices of M. McKenzie, Esq., Barrister, Macleod, and C. O. Card, Esq., Cardston.

Tenders must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque payable to the Department for five per cent. of the amount of the tender, which amount will be forfeited if the successful tenderer refuses to sign the contract or fails to complete the work.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

J. S. DENNIS,
Deputy Commissioner,
Department Public Works.

Regina, February 10th, 1899.

NOTICE.

Gay & Wight & Co., blacksmiths, have placed in my hand for collection all accounts outstanding at the time of dissolution of partnership.

Parties having accounts with said Firm will kindly settle same and save expenses.

C. E. Snow.

Graphophone For Sale.

Columbia Graphophone, 26-inch horn, with folding stand, two-way hearing tube, and 85 records, all in perfect condition. Come and see it at this office.

1

Photograph Gallery

at the Residence of
S. LOW.
Open on clear days from 12 to 2 pm
Cardston, - - - Alberta.

C. O. CARD.

SUB AGENT
DOMINION LANDS.
ALSO AGENT FOR
RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY
. . . AND . . .
PRIVATE LANDS.
Office Hours: 9 to 4.

Robert Ibey, Agent for
PIANOS & ORGANS.
Organs from $75 00 up to $175 00
Pianos " $250 00 " " 700 00
Sewing Machine
From $25 00 to $80 00.

Fire and Life Insurance.

Equitable Life (Assets $200,000,000.)
British America Fire Assurance Co.
Western Fire Assurance Co.
Agency, RECORD Office.

Meat Market.

Wm. Wood.

Smoked Tongue, Hams and Bacon.
My own cure.
Cash paid for hides

Hooked up at last.
HARNESS & SADDLERY.

Quality first. Prices right.

S. H. Horner,

CARDSTON, Next Knight's Livery Stable.

THIS SPACE

Belongs To

H. S. Allen & Co.

The Store for the People.

C. Edgar Snow, Banker,

Cardston, - - - Alberta.

1895 1899

A general banking business transacted.

LETHBRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.

Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7:30 o'clock, a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $3.00; Round trip, $5.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.

MERCER & McCARTY PROPS.

Great Bargains

For Newspaper Readers

CLUB OFFERS

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News, both one year for .....$3.50.

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, for $2.50

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Montreal Family Herald and Weekly Star, both for $2.75

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Toronto Weekly Globe both one year for $2.50

Don't send away for your Printing.

The RECORD Job Department does good Printing at fair prices.

Subscribe for The Record,

don't borrow it. Support your home paper, and get the news. The Cardston Record gives the local happenings and the news of the world. The subscription price is $2. a year.

Remittances to be sent to the publisher of

THE CARDSTON RECORD

CARDSTON, ALBERTA.

FILIPINO VERSION.

CABLES RECEIVED BY THE FILIPINO JUNTA.

U. S. Soldiers Provoked the Attack—Only 7,000 Natives Engaged—Slaughter of the Ygorotes.

London, Feb. 13.—The European Filipino junta received today a long telegram from Agoncillo, the agent of Aguinaldo, dated from Montreal and declaring that he left Washington in consequence of a telegram received on February 4, from Aguinaldo, urging him to cable the Malolos government the result of the vote of the United States senate on the peace treaty. Aguinaldo, it appears, added: "It is of the most urgent importance that we should at once be acquainted with the decision, as we are negotiating with General Otis, and the vote will vitally affect the negotiations." Agoncillo further declares that, as he is closely shadowed by United States authorities, to dispatch this telegram has been impossible, and he therefore proceeded to British territory. The agent of Aguinaldo again expressed his conviction that the outbreak was "provoked by Americans, for this very purpose." The telegram concludes: "The Filipinos were anxious to maintain friendship with the Americans, and had formally decided never to be the aggressors." Several dispatches have also been received here from Filipinos' sources, dated from Manila, via Hong Kong, and giving the rebel version of the outbreak of hostilities. A Filipinos dispatch dated from Manila on February 7, says: "On Sunday a force of United States soldiers attacked simultaneously Caloocan and Santa Mesa. Two United States warships were off Malante, and a smaller gunboat was in the Passig river, to protect the United States flank.

The ships destroyed all the villages between the shore and the Passig river within an area between Malate Paraneque, San Pedro and Mocati. Crossing the river the soldiers advanced to San Juan del Monte, capturing the waterworks after a severe fight. They proceeded to Singalon, establishing themselves on the river dam. They tore up a mile of the rails of the Caloocan-Malolos line, and cut the telegraph in order to stop communication with Aguinaldo. The Filipino forces engaged numbered only 7,000 men, including 1,000 Ygorotes, acting upon instructions from Malolos. The Filipinos remained strictly on the defensive, and finally retired in good order, without any loss of arms or ammunition. Two old Krupps of an obsolete pattern, mounted on the fortress of San Antonio, were captured. The fighting was very stubborn, and lasted continuously from Saturday to Tuesday. General indignation has been occasioned by the treachery of the Americans' surprise. The Filipinos believe that the Yankee administration is only favored by a minority of Americans, and only abstain from taking the offensive in order to show their gratitude to the United States nation for helping them to get rid of Spanish rule. Hence they will only fight when attacked, and their future action depends upon the decision of the United States. Aguinaldo declares that the real enemies of peace are the United States officers in the Philippine Islands. The Filipino's loss to date is 1,050 killed and wounded, including 600 Ygorotes, who were barbarously mowed down even when the United States saw them only armed with bows and arrows. They fought with heroic courage.

The Americans are now fixing the limits of their sphere of occupation. It will extend out along the coast from Paranaque to Malabon on the shore, and from Caloocan to Mainbunga and Caiate. There is much apprehension among the U. S. soldiers who are searching all houses, confiscating all weapons, including table cutlery, and summarily shooting in the streets all possessors of arms. These actions have resulted in street fights at San Palo, Lemar and Manila, caused by the hatred of the American soldiers. The latter are imprisoning non-combatants as prisoners of war and in revenge the Filipinos will kill the Americans in the streets, but are respecting other foreigners. Inform the U. S. senate and congress of these events and tell them the Filipinos are friends of America but will fight against military despotism. Agoncillo, the Filipino delegate, will ask for European intervention in the interest of peace. In the meantime the Filipinos will fight. A schooner laden with ammunition has been captured but two others have arrived safely and have discharged their cargo. Aguinaldo is on his way here. He will recapture th lost positions, organize a guerilla warfare and commence a general attack. The government and congress of Malolos are acting as usual and have passed a vote of confidence in Aguinaldo."

A wrecked baloon and the bodies of three aeronauts, supposed to be of Andree's party, have been found in Siberia.

Problems to Be Considered.

London, Feb. 12.—The president of the chamber of shipping, at the annual meeting of that body today, referred to the excellent relations between Great Britain and the United States, but said there were certain questions which must be faced, for instance that of the neutrality of the Nicaragua canal. He trusted that the foreign office would not agree to the abrogation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty unless the neutrality of the canal and non-preferential rates in its use were guaranteed.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Montreal, Feb. 14.—Hugh Brodie, a leading notary, is dead.

Montreal, Feb. 14.—The waterworks committee is asking for nearly a million dollars to spend in improving the system.

Toronto, Feb. 14.—Mrs. Harrison, widow of the late Major Harrison and daughter of Sir Frank Smith, died very suddenly last evening at Sir Frank Smish's residence.

Picton, Feb. 14.—The Bank of Montreal building here was gutted by fire this morning. The bank books and valuables were saved. The loss is covered by insurance.

Toronto, Feb. 14.—The death of Mrs. Harrison, daughter of Sir Frank Smith, has had a bad effect on her father. He was very low tonight. Sir Frank has been ill for some months.

Duntron, Feb. 14.—Saturday morning Nathan Devine, while engaged chopping wood two miles from here, was instantly killed by a falling tree. Deceased leaves a widow and three children.

Toronto, Feb. 14.—Hugh Ryan, a well-known contractor, died early this morning, aged 66. He had been ill some months of angina pectoris, but his strong constitution fought hard against death.

Nelson, B. C., Feb. 14.—The Bank of Montreal has reported another gold brick from the Athabasca mine. The brick was consigned to the United States assay office at Helena, Montana, and was valued at $4,500.

Toronto, Feb. 14.—Half a dozen horseless carriages have arrived in this city. They are operated on the electric storage principle. E. Ames, H. H. Fudger, J. W. Flavelle, and other Toronto capitalists, will endeavor to have carriages manufactured in Toronto.

Vancouver, Feb. 14.—It is said Mr. F. T. Hamshaw, who is in the east, has sold his Summit Creek and Six-Mile Creek placers to eastern people for $38,000. It is impossible to verify the rumor at this time, but it is generally believed here.

St. Johns, Nfld., Feb. 14.—The British steamer Dahome, which left Halifax on the 9th inst., for this port and Liverpool, arrived here yesterday. She reports coming through a field of ice three hundred miles long. This is something unprecedented at this season.

Port Arthur, Feb. 14.—Mr. Roy Sweeny, a prominent West Algoma mining man, was married at St. John's church today to Mrs. Ault, of London, England. Mr. and Mrs. Sweney left by tonight's express for the Roy mine, in the Sawbill district, which he is operating.

Ottawa, Feb. 14.—Assistant City Engineer Perrault was today suspended by Engineer Galt pending an investigation into the circumstances under which the former allowed overpayments to be made to the Warren-Scharf and Ottawa Granite companies for pavement works.

Toronto, Feb. 14.—John B. Keir, who leaves here on Wednesday for Rossland to take editorial charge of the Rossland Miner, was banqueted on Saturday night by his fellow-members of the Globe staff, who said many kind things of him. Robert Jaffray presided. Mr. Kerr was formerly editor of the Calgary Tribune, and the Vancouver Telegram.

Amend the Act.

Vancouver, Feb. 14.—James Lambert, who has returned from Atlin, intends to suggest to the government some further alterations in the placer mining act. He states that speculators, practically Americans, have staked out many placer claims in the Atlin district, but have not recorded them. A newcomer does not know this. When he arrives in the district he sees the stakes and is about to pass on when he is accosted by a man who says that for $50 he can get the newcomer one of the staked out claims. The new arrival may not have $50 to spare and has to go further afield. He cannot waste time to make a two days' journey to see if the claims are recorded. The present placer mining act, Mr. Lambert says, should be amended so that all locators be obliged to place their names and the number of their mines' licenses on the stake just in the same way as is provided by the quartz mining act. If this was done, Americans and others would not, Mr. Lambert thinks, be so easily able to speculate at the expense of legitimate miners.

Much Suffering in New York.

New York, Feb. 14.—Storms are still raging throughout the East and on the ocean. Much suffering is being experienced throughout the city. The charitable societies were busy throughout the day in caring for the needy of the city. The Salvation Army, too, exerted itself in caring for the poor. There were also many instances where private persons made donations to alleviate the sufferings Mayor VanWyck today notified Commissioner John W Keller, of the department of charities, that he had $20,000 subject to the commissioner's draft for the purpose of relieving the poor. Tammany Hall gave half the amount, while Richard Croker and James R. Keene, the financier, contributed $5,000 each.

An Aged Lady Burned.

London, Ont., Feb. 14.—Mrs. Daniel O'Hearn was sitting beside a coal stove Saturday morning, when her dress caught fire, and before the flames could be extinguished she was fatally burned. Her clothing was almost wholly consumed and she was terribly burned about the face, neck and arms. Her husband and daughter were near by and smothered the fire with blankets. Mrs. O'Hearn was 76 years of age, and for many years a resident of London.

MIDNIGHT BLAZE

THE MANITOBA HOTEL IS COMPLETELY WIPED OUT.

No Lives Lost—Loss on Building is Over $500,000—A Toronto Firm Loses $60,000.

Winnipeg, Man., Feb. 8.—With the thermometer registering at about 40 below and a brisk breeze blowing over the city, Winnipeg has witnessed another conflagration which outrivalled the one of a year ago. The beautiful Hotel Manitoba, erected at a cost of half a million dollars, and all its effects are now a complete loss. The Northern Pacific depot is in conjunction with the hotel, and it, too, is lost. The hotel was owned by the Northern Pacific railroad.

At five minutes after twelve last night, Fred E. Hanson, chief clerk in the Manitoba hotel, awoke and remarked to his room mate, Mr. Joseph Carter, that he thought he smelled smoke. Less than two hours afterward the Manitoba hotel, by all odds the best hotel between Montreal and the Pacific coast, and probably one of the best conducted on the American continent, was in ruins. Mr. Hanson had no sooner beome thoroughly awakened than the whole hotel was alarmed by the sudden ringing of the electric bells. He and his room mate dressed themselves instantly, and not knowing of the extent of the fire at that time, descended immediately to the ground floor, with two or three hundred others, who were, like themselves, awakened by the alarm.

At one o'clock it was still a problem as to how much of the immense structure could be saved, and still excited individuals were feverishly removing salvage from what they, as it happened, believed rightly, was a doomed building. Curiers from all parts of Manitoba, from St. Paul, Duluth and from Lindsay, were everywhere scattered through the crowds, clad in most picturesque dishabille. One gentleman from St. Paul had no coat or hat; a second had no overcoat, and a third unfortunate was seen going around in pyjamas slippers and a night shirt. This gentleman subsequently was enabled, by the kindness of friends, to add to his scanty wardrobe a pair of rubbers and a raccoon coat.

At twenty minutes after one o'clock the flames broke through the roof of the east wing, and to those on the outside the scene was wierdly grand. The flames shot out into the cold, frosty air as though eager to mount still higher, and at the same time they insidiously worked towards the west, on the protection of which depended the saving of even a remnant of the hotel. As soon as this became known those, who hoping to the last, had kept their effects piled in heaps in the rotunda, abandoned all hope and a wild retreat was at once commenced. Elderly gentlemen were seen running briskly along with cheap lithographs in their hands, while valuable bundles were left unheeded in the general confusion.

Every one was now ordered to leave the hotel, and the magnificent spectacle of $500,000 going up in smoke was viewed by a throng of at least two thousand spectators, who braved forty degrees below zero to witness so unusual a sight.

HOW THE FIRE STARTED.

The fire broke out in the dining room, catching a light from a spark from the large open fireplace at the east end of that wing. It spread rapidly and by the time the firemen reached the spot it had broken into the bedrooms above the dining room and on the third floor. At this stage the presence of the fire was indicated in the rotunda and main corridor by steam with but little smoke. Soon, however, a reflection of flame could be seen on the white snow-covered roof of the N. P. station, and from the windows of the southern wing the flames could be seen pouring out of the two most westerly windows on the third floor. Firemen were stationed on the fire-escapes that ran up the east end of the building and a few well directed streams of water soon drove the flames back, and in a few minutes where flames had been a moment before smoking blackness only remained.

The building destroyed was acknowledged by travellers to be one of the finest in Canada. It was erected in 1891 under the supervision of Mr. John Woodman, C. E., Messrs. Rourke & Cass, of this city, were the contractors. Its frontage was 216 feet on Main street and 212 feet on water street. The architect was Mr. C. E. Joy of St. Paul, and it was formally opened with a grand ball on January 1, 1892. The hotel was built and owned by the Northern Pacific Railway company. It was a seven story building, with accommodation for over 300 guests. It was built of St. Louis pressed brick, with handsome redstone facings.

The heaviest looser of all is probably the J. E. Ellis Co., of Toronto, it being estimated that $60,000 will not cover the amount which they have lost. Mr. J. F. Ellis, one of the firm, had in room 416, probably $40 000 worth of diamonds, and Mr. Fred Westhern, a representative of the company, had nearly $20,000 worth of jewelry, all of which is a complete loss.

Shot a Sunday School Teacher.

Biddenden, Kent, Feb. 8.—Bertha Peterson, the daughter of the rector of this parish, on Sunday shot and killed John Wibley, a teacher in the church Sunday school. The shooting took place in the Sunday school room just after the regular service, during which Miss Peterson played the organ and also took holy communion. It is supposed to have been the result of a quarrel with Wibley, who had been attentive to the girl. The affair has caused an extraordinary sensation.

PARTED AT THE ALTAR.

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY

And at that moment the entrance of Karl himself put a stop to all further conversation on that topic.

Newport, even in all its gayety, would not have attracted Vivian thither had it not been for the hope of seeing Frederick Thornton again, and the wild delusion of fanning the old love into flame. The shock of coming face to face with Doris, whom she believed to be dead, had been a great and terrible blow to her, and she had realized, with this living barrier between them, that Frederick was indeed lost to her forever.

Yet it was with a feeling of intense satisfaction she had realized that owing to the great and surprising change in Doris, he had failed to recognize her. It was no wonder.

The Doris he had known in the past was but a timid slip of a school-girl; the Miss Fielding he had met in later years was a society belle and a beauty.

What strange fate had brought them together again, and parted them more widely than before?

"This is the second time that girl has come between me and Frederick Thornton's love!" groaned Vivian, desperately, as she paced the floor of her room excitedly.

Meanwhile the days dragged slowly by; the weeks lengthened into a month, and as yet not a line had been received from Doris.

Karl Lancaster and his mother were growing uneasy over the matter, while the old doctor declared that his capricious young ward was abundantly able to take care of herself. No need of anxiety; Doris must return soon, for her supply of pocket money, which she had taken with her, would not last forever. Buoyed up with this hope, they waited patiently; but not so much as a line, revealing Doris's whereabouts, reached them.

But let us follow Doris's letter written that night to Frederick Thornton, and see what became of it. Traveling about from place to place as he was, it was a difficult matter for mail to reach him It was quite six weeks ere Doris's letter fell into his hands.

He looked at the square white envelope, which, by its many crossed-out directions, seemed to have followed him about so persistently, with curious eyes, wondering who his new correspondent could be.

"The best way to find out would be to open and see," he thought, suiting the action to the word.

He saw it was a long, closely-written letter, blotted by tears.

"It looks like Miss Fielding's writing," he cried, quickly turning over the page. "Why, it is from Miss Fielding," he muttered, catching his breath hard.

Like a man in a dazed, bewildered dream, Frederick Thornton read the startling letter through from beginning to end. What was it this letter told him? Was he mad or dreaming? Doris, his little, neglected bride, whom he had mourned as dead, and Miss Felding were one and the same! Oh, impossible! There was some terrible mistake!

Again and again he read the letter through. Yes, here it was, in black and white, as plain as written words could make it, every incident brought up and lucidly explained. Great drops of perspiration stood out on his face, and his hands trembled, strong man though he was. But one thought filled heart and brain. He could claim Doris Fielding; she was his wife. Now he realized why he had been so strangely attracted toward her from the first.

Had he been blind that he had not noticed her great resemblance to the young bride from whom fate had parted him so strangely in that bitter past?

The revelation was wonderful to him.

He would lose no time in hurrying back to Newport to see Doris, and explain to her that which she had not given him time to explain on that fatal night—the innocent cause that had parted them, wrecking two lives.

How he would kneel at her feet, and tell her how he had mourned the young bride whom he had lost so cruelly—mourned for her, refusing to be comforted; and how the first sight of her face, which had reminded him so strangely of Doris, had thrilled anew the heart he had believed dead.

Despite her coldness and aversion (and heaven knows, under the cruel mistake she was laboring under, he well knew she had reason to abhor him, innocent though he had been of any thought of deserting his poor little bride), he believed she still loved him.

Through his brain flashed the desperate cry that had fallen from her lips when they had faced death together in the mad surf:—

"Save yourself, Frederick! Never mind me! You must not give up your life uselessly for me! Oh, save yourself for my sake—because I love you!"

Six long weeks the letter—this precious letter—had been following him about.

What must Doris think because she had received no reply? Should he telegraph her that it had only been received within the hour?

No, no! It would be better to go on and see her in person. No telegram could tell one-half of what he had to say to her.

But one eastward-bound express stopped at the little village where he was staying, and that was at six in the evening. It was not yet noon. How should he pass the intervening hours? Frederick Thornton asked himself.

One heart in that quiet village was fiery and restless enough as the hours rolled by. One man paced its streets with impatience, because the warm day would not go more quickly. He counted the hours. There were still two to pass; then the train would arrive.

It seemed to him the sun was slow in setting; his watch was behind time; the train must be an hour late. He must do something to while away the hours until then. He could do nothing. It was impossible to detach his mind from her. He could think of nothing but the strange revelation contained in Doris's letter.

Like one dazed, he paced up and down the streets. The sun or moon might be shining; the earth be green or brown beneath his feet; the trees be bare or full of leaf. He knew nothing, saw nothing, understood nothing but this:—

He was going to see Doris again—his beautiful, peerless Doris, that had blossomed from such a frail bud into such a magnificent flower—and claim her as his wife.

Men and women and children looked curiously at him as he passed along with his handsome, absorbed face. They were nothing to him—the whole world was nothing—for he was going back to claim his beautiful young bride.

The two hours must be lived through somehow.

At last the longed-for whistle of the incoming train from afar off fell upon his ear.

"Thank heaven!" muttered Frederick. "This has been the longest day I have ever experienced in my life."

How slow the train seemed creeping along.

It almost seemed to Frederick Thornton that he could walk as swiftly.

The night waned at last, and the golden sun rose on a new-born day.

It was fully nine in the morning ere the train steamed into the Newport depot.

Frederick took a cab, and as no time in reaching the Ocean Beach Hotel.

"Were the Lancasters here yet, and their ward?" he asked eagerly of the hotel clerk.

Karl Lancaster, who had entered the office unperceived, stepped forward in person to answer his queries.

"We—that is, my father and mother and I—are still here; but Miss Fielding has gone," he said, slowly.

"Gone!" echoed Frederick; and he gasped out the word as though it was the last he should ever speak. "Where has she gone, Karl?"

A strange flush passed over Karl Lancaster's face.

"You must tell me!" Frederick cried. "I must see her!"

Karl Lancaster looked into his friend's pale, excited face without replying.

"I have the right to know, Karl," he went on, huskily. "I may as well tell you what all the world must soon know. Doris is my wife!"

And, in a few brief words, he told Karl all, finishing by putting Doris's letter in his hand.

Karl Lancaster's amazement can better be imagined than described.

"Now you will tell me where Doris has gone, Karl," he cried, hoarsely. "I cannot rest night or day until I have seen her."

"Heaven help you to bear what I must tell you, Frederick," said Karl; "but you must bear it bravely like a man.

"Doris has gone," he went on, huskily. "We do not know where to. She went away suddenly six weeks ago without saying where she was going, leaving no address behind her. She left a note, merely saying, when she arrived at her destination she would write. We have not heard from her since. We have written to all her friends, but we could not trace her whereabouts."

A cry that was hardly human in its anguish fell from Frederick Thornton's lips.

"Gone!" he repeated. "Gone! Oh, heaven!"

How dark the sky looked. How the light seemed to fade from the sun. He stood before Karl panting, gasping, dismayed. Karl could see the strong, troubled heart-beats in his cheeks and his neck. He could see the strong hands tremble like leaves in the wind.

Something like the truth flashed over Frederick Thornton. After writing that letter, which she knew full well would bring him at once to Newport, she had gone hurriedly away to avoid him, leaving no address behind her by which she could be traced.

"How she must abhor me to have done that," he thought, bitterly.

The blow Karl Lancaster had received in the knowledge that Doris belonged to another was a heavy and sore one; but he bravely put all thought of self from him and strove to comfort his friend.

"The season here is drawing to a close. We would have been away two weeks ago, had it not been for the vain hope that Doris might return," said Karl. "We leave here for New York today. Will you come with us?"

Most of the summer guests had gone; there was nothing to stay for, and Frederick sorrowfully consented.

Great was the consternation of both Dr. Lancaster and his wife when they heard Frederick Thornton's strange story—more pitiful than the most pathetic romance could have been.

He told them everything—omitting no detail—of how he had first met pretty, timid Doris by accident in the seminary grounds; how their acquaintance had ripened into friendship in the days that followed, and through pity for the lonely life of the beautiful, desolate child (for he was little more than that), he had invited her to the grand ball.

He described the sternness of Madame Delmar toward poor Doris, and Doris's fear lest the madame would refuse to allow her to go.

"'Then do not ask her,' I rejoined," continued Frederick. "I said, 'Why refuse yourself two hours of pleasure? You, who have had so little enjoyment in your young life? Come, it would be a decided lark to cheat madame.' I counseled with all a young fellow's impulsive thoughtlessness, and poor little Doris listened.

"'The gates of the seminary close at ten; could I get back by that time, do you think, Mr. Frederick?' questioned Doris, dubiously, yet with all a young girl's eagerness and love of mischief, raising her laughing blue eyes to mine.

"I assured her, on my honor as a gentleman, she should be back by ten. The gates should never be closed against her; I would hold myself responsible for that," continued Frederick, brushing his white hand over his damp forehead.

"Well, the upshot of the matter was, that little Doris and I went that night to the grand ball, Mrs. Lancaster. It was her first ball, and you know with what keen zest a young girl always enjoys her first ball. It seemed like a glimpse of heaven to her.

"The hours flew by unheeded, and to make a long story short, we returned to the seminary just in time to see the heavy gates closed in our faces.

"I shall never forget the poignant grief of poor little Doris," said Frederick huskily; "how she wept, laying her pretty face down against the cold stones, and wringing her little white hands, declaring that madame would turn her away from the institute on the morrow for what she had done—just as sure as fate. And, oh, how piteously the poor child cried out that she could never—never face the great cold, cruel world, and she wished she had died before she ever consented to go to the ball.

"I said, 'Little Doris, it was all my fault. With me rests the responsibility of the affair. You shall not be thrown on the mercy of the cold world. There is one way of preventing it, and that is to marry me, Doris.'

"'Are you really in earnest, Mr. Frederick?' she gasped, looking up in dismay at me through her tears.

"'Of course I am, Doris,' I replied. 'You shall be my bride within an hour, if you will.'

"There had been no wooing, no courtship. I never kissed the pretty white face until I stood beside Doris that night at the altar, and she was pronounced my bride.

"We took the midnight train for Baltimore, arriving there late the next forenoon. And now I am coming to the most pitiful part of my story, Mrs. Lancaster. When you know it all it will be easier for you to try to reconcile Doris and me—when she is found—if you will undertake so difficult a task."

"Of course I will," she replied, heartily; "you may be quite sure of that."

Now that she knew that Doris was lost to her own son Karl forever, her next thought was to see her husband's ward happy; for she loved Doris with a true, motherly affection.

"I had reached the climax of my story when I told you that on the wedding trip Doris and I went to Baltimore, arriving there at about noon.

"Leaving her by herself to rest the short hour before luncheon, I left her, strolling out into the street for the ostensible purpose of smoking a cigar, smiling as I recalled poor little Doris's words:—

"'Don't be quite an hour, please, Mr. Frederick, for I shall be so lonely until you return.'

"It sounded to me more like a child's speech than a woman's; but, then, my little bride was but a child, after all—she was only seventeen.

"I had not walked far—I was just crossing the walk—when suddenly I felt a terrible blow from behind on my head. One terrible groan of agony burst from my lips, and I knew no more.

"When I regained consciousness I found myself lying upon a cot bed in the hospital.

"With consciousness—it was found my memory was completely shattered—all remembrance of Doris, the bride who must have waited for me in such terror and agony, was completely obliterated from my mind. I had forgotten all about my sudden marriage—forgotten Doris completely."

CHAPTER XXXII.—BREAKING THE NEWS.

A cry of compassion broke from Mrs. Lancaster's lips; great tears stood in her eyes which she vainly endeavored to control. Her heart was moved to its very depths by Frederick Thornton's pathetic story.

"I had my father telegraphed for at once, when I discovered where I was," continued Frederick, "and I was removed to my home, and there nursed back to health and strength; but through it all there always existed a strange blank in my mind. There seemed to be some thought always struggling in my brain, of something important which I had forgotten; but try hard as I would, I could not recall whatever it was that had eluded my memory.

"A length, being thrown in contact with an old sweetheart of mine, I formed an attachment for her, and asked her to be my wife, little dreaming that I was not free to woo and win her. The wedding-day as set, and the arrangements for the marriage went steadily on."

"Oh, Mr. Thornton," cried Mrs. Lancaster, with a gasp of horror, "surely heaven intervened to save you from such an awful step as this second marriage would have been."

"Heaven did interfere to save me, and save all concerned in that step," replied Frederick, reverently; "and it happened in a most uncommon manner.

"My mother had engaged the services of a young companion, a timid creature, dark of skin, whose features were almost concealed by a pair of glasses.

"I cannot explain to you the strange sensation that passed over me as I first gazed at this young girl; then an uncomfortable idea took possession of me. It seemed to me this strange creature was continually dogging my footsteps, especially whenever I was with my fiancee.

"One starlight evening, while we were walking in the grounds, I bent my head to kiss my fiancee, when suddenly, like an electric shot, this creature sprang from the screening bushes out into the path before us, and dashing the glasses from her eyes, cried out wildly:—

(To be continued.)

Defending His Profession.

"Now," said the attorney for the defense, "let us take up the bill presented by the plaintiff in this case for alleged services rendered to my client. I say alleged services, gentlemen of the jury, because these figures show every indication of having been doctored."

"Would it not be better to say lawyered?" asked an indignant physician who was serving as one of the jurors.—Chicago Tribune.

Scotland's Strange Birds.

From the small island of St. Kilda, off Scotland, 20,000 young gannets and an immense number of eggs are annually collected, and although this bird lays only one egg per annum and is four years in obtaining its maturity its numbers do not diminish. Obviously such birds must reach a great age, or they would long ago have been exterminated.

The deserts of Arabia are specially remarkable for their pillars of sand, which are raised by whirlwinds and have a very close resemblance in their appearance to waterspouts.

It is said that so difficult is the art of cutting gloves that most of the principal cutters are known to the trade by name and by fame.

THE WRITERS.

Rudyard Kipling has again refused to sell his Vermont residence.

James Whitcomb Riley recently won the championship for checker playing in his native county.

Louis N. Parker, the English playwright, began his career as a composer. His compositions include cantatas, a setting of Psalm xxiii, instrumental pieces and songs. He is one of the most zealous apostles of Wagner in England.

Dr. Charles Neufeld, the German explorer who was rescued at Omdurman by the forces of the sirdar, is now in Cairo, hard at work upon a book in which he will recount the story of his years of imprisonment among the dervishes.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

FARRAGUT'S BOBTAILED NAG.

Bullseye Hit by a Connecticut Bandmaster In a Review In 1864.

In the spring of 1864, when General Banks was in command at New Orleans, three brigades were encamped at Baton Rouge, and the raw recruits were getting into trim for the following campaign, and incidentally becoming familiar with army tactics. Finally a review was ordered, and Admiral Farragut was to be the guest of the occasion. With so distinguished a visitor, the bandmaster of each regiment strove to have a better programme than any other. Besides the regular stock music, "Star Spangled Banner," "Red, White and Blue," "Yankee Doodle" and "Dixie," the band of the Twenty-fourth Connecticut had a dozen of the catchy airs of the day, and the leader took pride in calling for anything he wanted without notice and was sure that it would be well played.

For the occasion General Banks and his staff were handsomely dressed and superbly mounted. General Grover and the other general officers, each with his staff, were also equipped in style. The uniforms of Admiral Farragut and his staff were resplendent, but their mounts were such as could be secured on short notice and were not only poor in flesh, but also lacked drill. A large white horse was furnished to the naval chief. It was bony and minus a large part of its tail, the remainder of which was nervously kept in constant motion.

The bugle sounded and the column passed, marching in splendid form to the music of the various bands, each doing its best. Of course the marching men could not see what kind of horses had been provided for the guests, and as the Twenty-fourth Connecticut approached the bandmaster gave a peculiar sign and the band struck merrily into "I bet my money on the bob tailed nag, duda, duda day." Generals Banks and Grover were chagrined and were about to order a change of music when they observed that the admiral was laughing heartily, and with hat in hand was bowing low to the men from the Nutmeg State. He appeared to take it as a compliment from the regiment to him on his recent passage of New Orleans and probably as a prophecy of his future achievements, and was enjoying it thoroughly.

The generals were relieved and what at first seemed an awkward predicament proved to be one of the funniest incidents of the day. A Yankee's whim to play something different from his rivals at an inopportune moment and a badly used up coach horse made a combination that Farragut often referred to as a good joke on himself.

African Logic.

It would surely require an African mind to discover the justice of a claim made by a native some years ago. The story is told by Dr Good, and printed in The Watchman.

A leopard was the cause of the trouble. The savage beast killed a fine calf belonging to the Rev William Walker of the American mission in Gaboon. Luckily for the missionary, he succeeded in driving away the thief before it had time to devour or to carry off its prey. It was in doing this that he acted "unjustly," as the sequel showed.

On that same night the chief man of one of the little towns that make up Gaboon had a pig taken by a leopard. It was natural to suppose that the thief was the same animal which the missionary had sent away hungry. Had the missionary allowed his calf to be eaten, the chief man's pig would have been saved. To the African mind the obligation was plain. The man came the next morning to Mr. Walker asking for payment for his pig and declaring that the missionary was directly responsible for its death.

His Reason.

"Why do you always ride in the smoking car? You don't smoke."

"I ride in the smoking car," replied the man to whom the question was addressed, "to escape from the effusive gratitude of the young women to whom I always have to give up my seat when I ride in any of the other cars."

But there was a hard, metallic, ironical sort of ring in his voice.—Chicago Tribune.

A Mystery Explained.

He (reading)—"Of love that never found his earthly close"—

She (interrupting)—Isn't Tennyson just great? You can always learn something from him. Now I understand why Cupid is always represented without any. But please go on.

A statistician affirms that the majority of people who attain old age have kept late hours. Eight out of ten who reach the age of 80 have never gone to bed till after 12 at night.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Vim Vigor Vitality

DR. WARD'S BLOOD & NERVE PILLS

VIM—to work and to win—to keep a sane mind in a sound body—to laugh at worry.

VIGOR—to ward off disease—to conquer obstacles—to transmit health and strength to your posterity.

VITALITY—to resist the fearful strain and tension of modern life—to make up for the constant drains of overwork. Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills confer all these essential qualities on the user.

THIS EVIDENCE IS AMPLE PROOF.

Before using Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills I felt weak, nervous and run down. I had lost weight steadily for some time; my circulation was poor; hands, feet and limbs were cold. I always felt weak and my muscles trembled. Now, after the use of one box of Dr. Ward's Pills, I feel like my old self. I have gained five pounds in weight and 100 per cent. in cheerfulness. I now walk firmly, my muscular system is strong and my blood circulates vigorously. I have more comfort than I have experienced in years. Dr. Ward's Pills have done more for me than any medicine I ever took.

PETER CARMICHAEL,
13 Bright St., Toronto, Ont.

All good druggists can supply you. If they won't, we will by mail. Price 50c. per box, or 5 boxes for $2.00. THE DOCTOR WARD CO., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

WAITING.

With rosy, flushing ear and cheeks that wear
The soft, auroral hues that garment her,
She waits, nor doth one slender gold beam stir
Of all the floating sunshine of her hair.
One sigh's waft vex the tense and listening air,
One bosom's heave the tender hope aver
That parts the lips where late her arch smiles were—
Where they will break anon. Hark! On the stair
She hears—e'en now she hears—thrice tranced thereby.
The whisper of light feet that come anear
And nearer, and the spirit of a sigh
Hovers, the while her hope becomes a fear,
And yet fulfillment lingers—nigh, so nigh—
Nor may she breathe till all her bliss is here!

—E. Whitmore in Atlantic.

It is only necessary to read the testimonials to be convinced that Holloway's Corn Cure is unequalled for the removal of corns, warts, etc. It is a complete extinguisher.

A Minister With the Queen.

At the beginning of Queen Victoria's reign it was the rule that either Lord Melbourne or one of the Secretaries of State should be in attendance upon Her Majesty, except when the Court was at Buckingham Palace, or at Claremont. This custom prevailed during the first 16 years of the reign. Then it was conceded that Windsor Castle was within such close touch of London that the personal attendance of a Minister might be dispensed with. As railways advanced in speed and the telegraph wire spread cobweb like over the land, Osborne was placed in the same category. But the Queen has always had a Minister in attendance at Balmoral.

SIGNALS OF DANGER—Have you lost your appetite? Have you a coated tongue? Have you an unpleasant taste in the mouth? Does your head ache and have you dizziness? If so, your stomach is out of order and you need medicine. But you do not like medicine. He that prefers sickness to medicine must suffer, but under the circumstances a wise man would procure a box of Parmalee's Vegetable Pills and speedily get himself in health, and strive to keep so.

The Boy Gatling.

Mr. Richard Gatling, the inventor of the famous gun which bears his name, was a dabbler in science at the age of 12. At that time his father was puzzling over a machine for sowing cotton seeds, but, try as much as he would, he could not perfect it, and at last, in a fit of despair, he called in young Richard to his aid. The lad listened attentively to the details of the proposed invention, fully grasped the difficulties, shut himself up in a room to think, and in a little while suggested a way out of them. This was eagerly adopted by the elder Gatling, with the result that the machine was perfected and became a great success.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Royal Crown Soap

Grand Weekly Free Sewing Machine Competition

3 New Williams, No. 6

Drop Head, Sewing Machines,

Value $65, Each

Given away weekly for Royal Crown Wrappers and Coupons, viz:

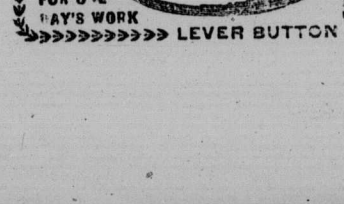
WINNIPEG, 1 each week.
MANITOBA, outside of Winnipeg, 1 each week.
N. W. T. and ONTARIO, east to Schrieber, 1 each week.

Ask your Grocer for a Coupon with every five bars of wrapped ROYAL CROWN SOAP. Full instructions on each Coupon.

First Drawing Monday, January 16, and each week thereafter until further notice.

Large List of Books and Beautiful Pictures still given away for ROYAL CROWN SOAP WRAPPERS to those who do not compete for the Sewing Machines. List mailed free on application.

THE ROYAL SOAP CO., Winnipeg.



WE GIVE this fine WATCH, with a chain and charm, for selling 2 dozen gold-topped, enamel-backed Lever Collar Buttons at 10c. each, or a lady's watch and guard for selling 3 doz. *No Money Required.* You risk no risk. Write and we send the Buttons, postpaid, with our big Premium List. Sell the Buttons, return money and we send watch, *free of all charge.* Unsold buttons returnable. Liberal commission if preferred. Be the first in your field. Send your name and address today. *In writing, mention this paper.*

LEVER BUTTON CO., TORONTO, ONT.

A SUCCESSFUL FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.

NORTH AMERICAN LIFE.

The annual meeting of this Company was held in the Company's building, Toronto, on Thursday, Feb. 2, 1899, when Mr. John L. Blaikie was appointed Chairman, and Mr. William McCabe, Secretary.

The Directors' report, presented at the meeting showed continued and marked proofs of the great progress and solid prosperity of the Company in every branch of its business.

Summary of the financial statement and balance sheet for the year ended Dec. 31, 1898:

Cash income	$785,130 81
Expenditure, including death claims, endowments, matured investment policies, profits and all other payments to policyholders	442,019 07
Assets	3,133,858 61
Reserve Fund	2,586,947 00
Net surplus for policyholders	474,029 08

Audited and found correct.

JAMES CARLYLE, M. D
Auditor

WM. McCABE,
Managing Director.

Some of the leading features of the year's business, as mentioned by the President, were the following:

(1) Looking at the Company from every standpoint, the report submitted shows financial strength, productive assets, solid growth and large relative surplus, which is the supreme point to policy-holders, as it is from this source alone that satisfactory returns can be made to them.

(2) The new business for the year exceeded that of any previous year.

(3) Another marked feature of this Company is the relative large amount of its net surplus to liabilities, when contrasted with that of its leading competitors. The President showed that this ratio was one of the best tests by which to judge of the relative merits of the different Companies.

(4) The following marked increases were made during the year:

	Per cent.
In Premium Income	1.56
In Interest Income	13.11
In Insurance in force	13.15
In Assets	1.01
In Net Surplus	10.73
In Insurance Reserve	15.18

The President stated that gentlemen representing the United States Insurance Departments had been in the city during part of last month, and had made a thorough and most searching investigation into the affairs of the Company, with a view to its admission to do business in their respective States, and that these experts were extremely well satisfied with the soundness of the Company, and expressed themselves as gratified with every aspect of affairs.

The Hon. Mr. Allan, in seconding the adoption of the report, called especial attention to the excellent character of the investments of the Company; of these over 37 per cent. are in first mortgage securities, nearly 20 per cent. in debentures, nearly 14 per cent. in stocks and bonds, loans on policies about 6 1/2 per cent., the balance consisting of cash in banks, interest accrued, etc.

He also called special attention to the fact that although the assets had increased very largely, the outstanding and accrued interest had been very materially decreased, which is a proof of the excellent character of the investments of the Company, and the promptness with which the interest there on has been paid.

James Thorburn, M. D., Medical Director, presented a full and interesting report of the mortality experience of the Company from its organization, which showed that great care had been exercised in the selection of the Company's business.

The Consulting Actuary reported that he had made an independent examination of the affairs of the Company as at Dec. 31st, 1898, having examined the books, securities and balance sheet, also a detailed copy of the annual report to the Insurance Department, and stated that he was very much gratified with the result of such examination, also with the thorough system of the work of every department throughout the office. He commended the Company for closing its books promptly at the end of the year, as had been its custom from organization, and stated that, notwithstanding the large amount paid to policy-holders during the year, another substantial gain had been made in the net surplus, now amounting to $474,029.08, on a basis made up on the same basis as that generally used, viz., by adding the difference between the cost and market value of debentures, etc., owned by the Company, such surplus would be $522,634 83. He referred to the great difficulty which had been experienced of late years in securing satisfactory investments, and pointed out the great decline in the rate of interest which gilt-edge securities yielded. In view of this he stated that the settlement of the Company's Investment Policies should be highly satisfactory to the holders thereof as they compare favorably with those of the leading and best managed companies on this continent.

A special vote of thanks was unanimously tendered to the Company's Provincial Managers, Inspectors and Agency Staff for their splendid work of the past year, during which the largest business ever done by the Company had been recorded, largely exceeding that of any other home company at the same age in its history.

After the usual vote of thanks had been passed, the election of Directors took place, whereupon the newly-elected Board met, and Mr. John L. Blaikie was unanimously re-elected President, and the Honorable G. W. Allan and Sir Frank Smith, Vice-Presidents.

Dangers of Laughter.

It is surprising to learn from the highest medical authority in England that laughter may be injurious.

Laughter in itself, says the British Medical Journal, cannot very well kill, but it may do harm. Hysterical girls and boys with kindred nervous affections are often given to immoderate laughter, which tends to increase nervous exhaustion.

Dr. Feilchenfeld relates an instructive case in which a little girl suffered from very definite cardiac symptoms after immoderate laughter. The patient was 13 years old and had previously been free from any sign of heart disease. After laughing on and off for nearly an hour with some companions she suddenly felt stabbing pains in the chest and was seized with fits of coughing, followed by cardiac dyspnœa, very well marked. Feilchenfeld believes that the cardiac disease directly resulted from immoderate laughing.

LA GRIPPE'S VICTIMS.

THE AFTER EFFECTS MORE DANGEROUS THAN THE DISEASE.

A Well Known Quebec Farmer Suffered Untold Misery for Three Years Before He Found Relief.

The epidemic of la grippe which has swept over Canada like a scourge this winter, has left thousands of weak and despairing sufferers in all parts of the land. Grippe is a treacherous disease. You think you are cured, yet the slightest cold brings on a relapse. Its victims are left in a weakened condition and fall an easy prey to its manifold complications. The blood is left impure and impoverished; the nerves shattered, and heart trouble and nervous prostration are too often the result.

The following statement made by Mr. Daniel Clossey, a well-known farmer near West Brome, Que., indicates the ravages made by the after effects of this scourge. Mr. Clossey says:—"Some five years ago I had an attack of la grippe. The earlier symptoms passed away yet I continued to fail in health, and suffered intense pain in my head. I was subject to attacks of dizziness, and unless I would grasp something would fall. I gradually grew so weak as to be unable to do my work. My legs and feet were as cold as ice even in the summer months. If I attempted the least exertion my heart would beat violently. For three years I was in this helpless condition, and although during that time I was attended by three different doctors, their treatment produced not the slightest benefit. At this time I read the statement of one who had suffered from similar trouble, who was cured by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I decided to try them. The result was simply marvelous. A dozen boxes did what three years of expensive medical treatment failed to accomplish—restored me to full health and vigor, and I am again able to do my work about the farm. I honestly believe Dr. Williams' Pink Pills saved my life, and I am glad to make this statement for the benefit it may bring to others.

After an attack of la grippe Dr Williams' Pink Pills is the only medicine that can promptly restore you to health. They drive every trace of the poisonous germs from the system, build up and enrich the blood and strengthen the nerves. Sold by all dealers or sent post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2 50 by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont. Always refuse imitations or substitutes.

Hats Were Once a Luxury.

In the reign of Elizabeth the wearing of hats was considered a sign of luxury. By an act of parliament every person above the age of 7 years and under a certain degree was obliged on Sundays and holidays to wear a woolen cap made in England and finished by some of the fraternity of cappers.

Feminine Compliments.

Anna—They say I have my mother's mouth and nose.

Hannah—Well, your mother was lucky to get rid of 'em.

I was cured of lame back, after suffering 15 years, by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

Two Rivers, N. S. Robert Ross.

I was cured of diphtheria, after doctors failed, by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

Antigonish. John A. Forey.

I was cured of contraction of muscles by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

Dalhousie. Mrs. Rachael Saunders.

Cheating a Hog.

A Denver man has discovered a plan to get a hog back into a pen through the aperture through which it passed out. His recipe in substance is: Get the nose at the hole in the pen, then pass around behind the hog carefully, get hold of its tail and pull back as hard as you can. The animal will think you want to prevent it from going in and will make a leap to its old place.

HEART PAINS

The Heart and Nerves are Often Affected and Cause Prostration of the Entire System.

A Kingston Lady Testifies to Her Experience in the Use of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

People who suffer from any disease or disorder of the heart nervous system, such as Palpitation, Skip Beats, Smothering or Sinking Sensations, Sleeplessness, Weakness, Pain in the Head, etc., cannot afford to waste time trying various remedies, which have nothing more to back up their claims than the bold assertions of their proprietors.

These diseases are too serious to permit of your experimenting with untried remedies. When you buy Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, you know you have behind them the testimony of thousands of Canadians who have been cured by their use. One of these is Mrs. A. W. Irish, 92 Queen Street, Kingston, Ont., who writes as follows:

"I have suffered for some years with a smothering sensation caused by heart disease. The severity of the pains in my heart caused me much suffering. I was also very nervous, and my whole system was run down and debilitated.

"Hearing of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills being a specific for these troubles, I thought I would try them, and therefore got a box at McLeod's Drug Store.

"They afforded me great relief, having toned up my system and removed the distressing symptoms from which I suffered. I can heartily recommend these wonderful pills to all sufferers from heart trouble."

Laxa-Liver Pills cure Biliousness, Dyspepsia and Constipation. Every pill perfect.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

Sores Healed.

Nothing like B.B.B. for healing sores and ulcers, no matter how large or how chronic they may be. B. B. B. applied externally and taken internally according to directions will soon effect a cure. It sends rich, pure blood to the part, so that healthy flesh soon takes the place of the decaying tissue.

"I had been troubled with sore fingers and sore toes around the nails. The salve I was using did not help me and I was getting worse. I was advised to try Burdock Blood Bitters, and after using nearly two bottles my sores were all healed up. I consider B.B.B. a wonderful blood purifier." ENOCH G. HORST, Bloomingdale, Ont.

Burdock Blood Bitters.

Smoothing a Wrinkled Front.

"I suppose," mused Miss Wellalong, gazing at herself in the mirror as she applied the first coat of putty to the creases in her cheeks, "this is what might be called prime my face—eh—evidence of an intent to deceive."—Detroit Tribune.

Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator has the largest sale of any similar preparation sold in Canada. It always gives satisfaction by restoring health to the little folks.

Reasons.

First Lawyer—I thought you were retained to defend Gory Dick, the wife murderer.

Second Lawyer—I was asked to, but my conscience wouldn't let me. It was such a brutal crime. And, besides that, he has no money.—Harlem Life.

There are cases of consumption so far advanced that Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup will not cure, but none so bad that it will not give relief. For coughs, colds and all affections of the throat, lungs and chest, it is a specific which has never been known to fail. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, thereby removing the phlegm, and gives the diseased parts a chance to heal.

One of Many.

She—Were you wounded at Santiago?

He—No, I was wounded at Washington.

She—Why, how could that be?

He—I was wounded in my vanity. You see, I failed to get the promotion I expected.—Chicago News.

THE MOST POPULAR PILL—The pill is the most popular of all forms of medicine and of pills the most popular are Parmalee's Vegetable Pills, because they do what it is asserted they can do, and are not put forward on any fictitious claims to excellence. They are compact and portable, they are easily taken, and they do not nauseate nor gripe, and they give relief in the most stubborn cases.

Good For Nothing.

"What did you do with your puzzle editor?" asked the friend of the editor of the new magazine.

"Discharged him," replied the editor. "He couldn't guess where his salary was to come from."—Philadelphia North American.

TELL THE DEAF.—Mr. J. F. Kellock, druggist, Perth, writes, "A customer of mine, having been cured of deafness by the use of Dr. THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL, came to Ireland telling his friends of the cure. In consequence I received an order to send half a gross by express to Wexford, Ireland."

A Difference.

Dauber—I confess that I have no ulterior interests. I live for my art.

Friend—You'd find it much less agreeable to live by it.—Town Topics.

We beg to call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills in this paper. The firm have already placed on the market Dr. Ward's Liver Pills which have already proved to be a most excellent family medicine as a cure for constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, etc. They are sold at 25c. per vial or 5 for $1, or mailed on receipt of price by the Dr. Ward Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

In Operation.

"That motor you are interested in never worked, did it?"

"Of course it worked," was the indignant reply. "It never pulled any cars or moved any machinery, but it made money for its owners, and that's more than most inventions do."—Washington Star.

The winners of the sewing machines in the Royal Crown Soap Competition for the week ending Feb. 4th, are as follows: Winnipeg, Mrs. Mahoney, 22 Hargrave Street; Manitoba, Robbie McIntosh, Manitou; North West Territories, Mrs. H. Kennedy, Whitewood. The Royal Soap Company will continue this competition, giving away three machines each Monday until further notice.

Did You Ever Examine

The Odorless

Crematory Closet.

No home should be without one.

Hundreds Are Now in Use

giving entire satisfaction.

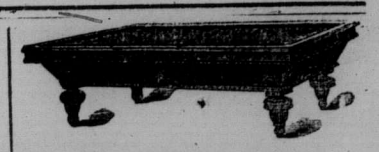
--ABSOLUTELY ODORLESS--

Fire only required once in two weeks. For circular write

THE ODORLESS CREMATORY CLOSET CO.

Hamilton, Ont.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns etc.



BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES, NEW AND SECOND-HAND. BOWLING ALLEY AND SUPPLIES. Large catalogue free. THE REID BROS., 257 King West, Toronto.

Why Do so Many People Use White Star Baking Powder?

1. Because of its Leavening Power.
2. Because it keeps fresh and full strength till used.
3. Because it is pure.
4. Because it gives a fine flavor.
5. Because it is low in price and high in quality.

The Dyson-Gibson Co.

W. R. ALLAN,
General Insurance Agent,

FIRE Companies Represented:
Quebec Fire Assurance Co.
Royal Insurance Co.
Sun Insurance Office
Union Assurance Society

All classes of Insurances transacted and losses promptly and satisfactorily settled.

THE ONLY PRINTERS' SUPPLY HOUSE IN THE NORTHWEST

We keep a large stock always on hand of TYPE, PRINTERS' MATERIAL and PRINTERS' MACHINERY; can fit out Daily or Weekly Papers or Job Outfits on few hours' notice. We also supply READY-PRINTS; STEREO-PLATES, and PAPER and CARD STOCK.

EVERYTHING FOR THE PRINTER

Toronto Type Foundry Co., Limited.

175 Owen St., Winnipeg.

SAFES VICTOR SAFES

KARL K. ALBERT, GEN. AGT.
407 MAIN ST., WINNIPEG,
Next door to P. O.

SNAPS FOR CASH.

Household Safes, small size, - - $12.00
Household Safes, large size, - - 30.00

Just the thing for a Christmas present. Both useful and ornamental.

Merchants' Safes, all sizes and prices; on easy terms or cash. Come and see them or write for quotations. Special prices during November and December.

W. N. U. 207

FREE We give this fine WATCH with chain and charm, for selling two doz. Whitelight Wicks at ten cents each. *No Money Required.* Write, and we will send the Wicks, postpaid, and our big Premium List. When you have sold the Wicks, return the money, and we will at once send your watch free of all charge. Hundreds have earned fine watches working for us, why not you? *In writing, mention this paper.*

WHITELIGHT WICK CO., TORONTO, CAN.

Chase & Sanborn's SEAL BRAND JAVA AND MOCHA

THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE

CARDSTON RECORD.

—o:—

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Wednesday at Cardston.

Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance. Advertising Rates on application.

In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisments they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisements will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

Copy for change of advertisments MUST not be in later than Saturday noon.

ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Managing Editor,
CARDSTON, N. W. T.,
DRAWER 72. CANADA.

Cardston, March 1, 1899.

COMMUNICATED.

On Train, Feb. 8, 1899.

D. & R. G. Blockaded at Leadville.

EDITOR RECORD:

Off for Washington, and here we are. Mrs. Gates and myself left the evening of the 5th. to meet an appointment in New York where we were due to lecture to a select audience in the parlors of a popular hotel. Thence to Washington to attend the National Convention, my sister as Chairman of the Press Clubs, myself as Delegate of the N. Relief Society. We have been on the road since the 5th and no prospect of getting away for hours to come. A storm of several days duration and great violence has made drifts and snow slides the rules of the road.

We passed a few miles from Glenwood Springs an immense wreck, four men killed, cars and engines in splinters, and piles and piles of snow. There are many passengers. Two sweet little girls on our sleeper make it bearable. "Oh the blessed children! how could we live without them?" All are kind and we try to entertain and be entertained as patiently as possible. It was a question if our food supplies would hold out, but word comes we can count on our dinners at a station some miles distance. It is very romantic. Scenery so grand it makes you dizzy to gaze at the mountains towering above us.

The pleasures(?) of a trip in the winter will long be stamped on our minds, but our duty can be done, no matter how trying, and we are anxious to get to the Convention and prove our loyalty to our Societies who have so honored us.

What a study of human nature we constantly come in contact with upon life's journey. Travel surely broadens our views and makes us feel we are all God's children "And only need a touch of nature to make us all akin," I shall write you at the capitol, and be assured I am always in full sympathy with all our home enterprises, and Canada is the home of

Yours truly,
Zina Y. Card.

OFFICIAL INFORMATION.

Earl of Minto,....Governor-General of Canada.
Sir Wilfrid Laurier.....Prethier of Canada.
A. E. Forget,....Lieutenant-Governor of N. W. T.
L. G. De Veber,....M. L. A. for Lethbridge District
Horace Harvey,..Registrar for Dist. of So. Alberta.
W. F. McCreary,..Commr. of Immig'n, Winnipeg.
J. A. Hammer,....Overseer, Village of Cardston.

HOTEL DE WOOLF

RATES, $ 1.50 PER DAY.

Livery & Feed Stable.

Cardston, - Alberta.

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.

All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.

Cardston. . . . . Alberta.

Cardston will have a drug store.

W. G. Reed was in town on Saturday.

Saturday, R. M. Leishman came into town on business.

Bishop Neils Hansen of Ætna was in town yesterday.

Dandy horse blankets at cost at S. H. Horner's.*

Mr. M. Spencer has made some improvements in his tinshop in the way of shelves, etc., adding greatly to the convenience and appearance of his store.

Mrs. Wm. Sharp is spending a few days with friends in Lethbridge.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Call on S. H. Horner and see his sample scraper and team harness.*

Mr. Mercer had quite a time in driving the stage to Lethbridge on a blizzardly day last week.

Dr H. W. Brant has received the informaton of his successful examination before the Medical Board. Our hearty congratulations, Doctor.

An exchange tells of a man who to be good for once, got up and strated the fire and then affectionately went and called his wife but found her dead. The shock was more than she would stand, and her convulsedc spirit passedaway.

Section 41 of "The Village Ordinance" reads: "The voters may at any meeting resolve that animals shall not be permitted to run at large in the village or in any part thereof in or during any period of the year" At the next meeting of the voters of the Village of Cardston the resolution should be adopted prohibiting animals from running at large in Cardston.

We hear that on account of snow, etc., the engineer thought it to the interest of sub-contractors on the canal to delay measurement until the snow had disappeared, and for this reason the men did not receive their money. It is understood that payment will be made this month of Feby. Hereafter the canal company will, so we are informed, pay contractors on the 15th. of each month, which is a good arrangement and one that will give general satisfaction.

The settler is required to put in not less than six month's residence either on the old or new homestead in each of the three years after making entry for the second homestead, and to have about 15 acres under cultivation, or failing that, to have at least one acre of the land under cultivation in each of the three years: to have the whole area so cultivated, substantially fenced at date of application for patent, and to have at least 40 head of cattle on the land, and the necessary stables and outhouses for wintering them either on the land or on land owned by him in the vicinity.

There are always those who will kick. For instance, if you publish jokes with whiskers on them some will say you ought to be in a lunatic joint. If you don't print something to smile at, they say you are a pessimistic fossil. If you spread yourself and write a good, original article they say it is stolen. If you reprint an article they say you can't write. If you say a deserving word for a man; you are partial; if you compliment the women the men are jealous, and if you don't, the verdict of the women is to the effect that your paper is not fit to use in the construction of a bustle. If you stay in your office, you are afraid to stay on the streets; if you do not, you are lazy; if you look seedy you are squandering your money; if you wear good clothes, you are a dude and don't pay for them. If you play a social game of any kind and get stuck, you are a fish: if you win you are a tinhorn; and so it goes through one continual round of pleasant complications.—Ex.

The Morden Empire returns the attention it has received for placing Cardston in British Columbia by publishing some scurrilous abuse of the Free Press of a kind intended to be personal to a member of the Free Press staff. If the Free Press were to descend to personal allusions very many presumptuous people could be made to squirm. Take the presant case for example. The Morden Empire is chiefly owned by a local bank manager in that town, and as the paper has no responsible editor, it would be quite proper to hold Mr. Dunsford responsible for allowing acurrility in the editorial columns of his paper. The editorials have been and are written by the principal of the high school in that town, Mr. W. J. Cram by name, and instead of being grateful for the little lesson in geography, which, it is to be hoped, his pupils would not require, he is guilty of using impertinent and offensive language towards the Free Press, instead of apologizing for putting a prosperous Alberta town out of the Territories into British Columbia, and for trying to hold the Liberal government responsible for the Mormon colony established at Cardston twelve years ago. The newspaper business is degraded by the system of establishing political papers for party purposes and placing their management in the hands of untrained and inexperienced persons whose vanity leads them to assess their labor as no value in current coin.—Manitoba Free Press.

COAL, COAL, COAL!

Clarke Mine, - - - - - - Belly River.

$2.25 per ton at the Mine.

Delivered in Cardston for $5.00 per ton.

Orders may be left at Co-op or Allen store.

Appoint a poundkeeper.

The village is over-run by cows.

Prohibit the running at large of animals.

S. H. Horner has a change in his ad. today

See the change in the W. A. Murray & Co. advt. in this issue.

WANTED.—A lot near business part of town. Will pay spot cash. If you have one to sell, call at this office.

An editor is but human so it would be folly to expect him to put himself out much to eulogize a person who does not so much as subscribe for his paper.

We are both glad and sorry to learn of Editor M. L. Snow's decision to leave Brigham City and the "Bugler;" but we trust that he will favor us with an X of his Ogden newspaper.

On account of the change in the arrival and departure of the mail, THE RECORD is published one day earlier, on Tuesday, so as to be delivered with the evening mail. In all likelihood it will be necessary to change our publication day but of this more later.

There was a government official in Cardston one day last week. He was here in the interest of immigration. We did not meet the gentleman, so know little of the object of his visit.

Really it is a bad condition for a village to have imposed upon its inhabitants taxes to a sufficient amount that people will say: "Oh, no, I don't want to buy a place in Cardston for I don't like to be taxed. That is one reason which I left Utah for. You folks in Cardston, if you continue imposing taxes upon yourselves, will have to move out on ranches in order to make both ends meet. No, you can't sell me a lot in Cardston."

To those who subscribe for the Record during the present month we will send it for the balance of 1899—ten months—for only $1.50.

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

When you want receipt or note Books call at THE RECORD Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts. You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

THE RECORD has the agency for CLEVELAND BICYCLES. Can sell you a good one for $40, or a better one for $90. Ladies' Bicycles from $40, up to $80. Now is the time to order your Bicycle. The Cleveland Bicycle is the BEST made.

Some settlers are apt to delay making application for their patents, for various reasons, one of which is to escape the supposed liability to taxation, judgments and executions to which the land might become subject after the issue of the Crown patent. From this cause a difficulty sometimes arose in securing satisfactory evidence that the settlement duties had been performed; and it is now necessary for the home-steader to make application within five years from the date of his entry. If he fails to do so his entry is liable to forfeiture. In the case of entries obtained before the 30th September, 1891, the entry may be cancelled if application for patent is not made before the 30th September, 1898. In no case, however, is cancellation effected under this provision until the settler has been given at least three months' warning in writing.—Hints to Settlers.

Any homesteader having no timber on his homestead may, on application to the local Agent of Dominion Lands, get a permit to cut what he requires for building timber, fencing and fuel for use on his homestead, not exceeding as follows:—

(a) 3,000 lineal feet building timber not exceeding 12 inches at the butt end.

(b) 400 roof poles.

(c) 2,000 popular fence rails, no rail to exceed 5 inches at the butt end.

(d) 30 cords of dry wood.

Burnt or fallen timber up to 7 inches in diameter, for fuel or fencing, and of any diameter for building.

The Weekly Globe, Toronto, $1.00 a year. THE RECORD has agency.

Wheat and oats taken on subscription at this office.

We will print your name and address on 250 nice XXX White Laid Envelopes for $1.50. The Envelopes alone would cots you $1. at any of the stores.

It is not surprising that the towns of Ætna, Leavitt and Mt. View are securing the lion's share of settlers when one takes into consideration the enormous prices asked for lots in Cardston. Think of paying $75.00 for a little lot a mile from the centre of town; that is what certain parties are holding land at. Until those who own land come down from the clouds with their prices, Mt. View, Leavitt and Ætna will continue to get the desirable settler, for in those towns lots sell at from $10.00 to $20.00, and usually it is much better land than that for which Cardston "landholders" ask $75.00.

In this world one lives along in a tolerably happy condition until that great sorrow, which comes to all, strikes you down, dumb and bleeding. Life is thereafter a continual round of events more or less of a nature that excites no happyness, no misery. Nothing can make the heart thrill with that exquisit happyness which was no uncommon thing in youth, in days before that one great sorrow came to make all dull, all uninteresting; but, then, nothing can now make the heart bleed with deepest anguish, for the heart is forever benumbed.

The Minister of the Interior regulates the settlement of the Dominion Lands in accordance with the spirit and intent of the law, and sees that the settlers, as well as being required for their part to do their homestead buties, are afforded every possible facility in complying with the provisions of the Act. But the Minister of the Interior is bound by that Act, and has no power whatever to either add to or take away from any of its conditions and provisions.

A settler therefore must not plead some exceptional circumstances, and expect the Minister to break the law on his behafe. His power is strictly limited to the authority granted to him under the clauses of the Dominion Lands Act, and while he frequently goes to the utmost extent to which by the law he is permitted to go to help the bona fide settler, he is not permitted to break that law.

A settler who has relations or friends in other countries will be benefiting himself as well as the country at large by telling them how he himself has prospered, and pointing out the chances for them of making independent and comfortable homes in the great Canadian North-west.—Hints ot Settlers.

Don't be a newspaper borrower. If this paper is worth reading it is worth paying for. Only $2.00.

Patronize our advertisers. A man so lacking in public spirit that he will not recognize the good offices of a home paper is unworthy your patronage and should not receive it. If a man has not the politeness to ask you to trade at his counter, do not take the chances of meeting with further impoliteness by intruding yourself upon him. When a man gets it into his head that necessity or duty will lead you into his clutches without invitation, rest assured that he will treat you accordingly.—Ex.

Cardston has 746 inhabitants; Ætna 381; Mt. View 271; Leavitt 199. Cardston has 126 families; Ætna 61; Mt. View 47; Leavitt 30. During 1898 the population of Cardston increased 191; Ætna 21; Mt. View 162; Leavitt 29. Total increase, 403. It will be seen by this statistical report that Mt. View increased its population to an extent nearly equal to Cardston. It is a very good showing for that growing village.

Dr. Brant has been appointed local physician for the canal company.

Now that Mexico, through its representative, J. C. Petterson, of Colonia Juarez, has entered the field for securing settlers from Utah, Canada will take a back seat. The newspapers are giving considerable space to the Mexico immigration project, one of which, the Manti (Ut.) Messenger, says: "We believe it far ahead of Oregon or Canada, and we are of the opinion that the south is far ahead of the north in many respects when considering the mild temperature there, which is one great advantage." In the face of all this will 2,000 people come up here during the summer? It is doubtful.

Notice.

FROM

February 1st. to March 1st.

The CARDSTON CO. Ltd.,

WILL HAVE A

Removal Sale in every Department.

A few more Ladies, Misses & Childrens Coats at cost; they must go.
Now is your time to buy a nice dress Silk & trimming to match.

Gents Furnishings

Ties	Ties	Ties	Ties	Ties
	25c worth 40-50 and 60c.			
Hats	Hats	Hats	Hats	Hats
50c	75c	85c	1.00	1.25

Worth Double.

Shoe Department.

	Shoes	Shoes	Shoes	Shoes	Shoes	
Gents	90c	$1.00	$1.25	$1.50	$1.75	& up.
Ladies	65	75	1.00	1.25	1.50	& up.
Misses	50	65	75	85	90	& up.
Baby	25	35	40	45	50	& up.

These Goods Must Go

to make room for our large stock that is on the road and we invite the public to inspect and you will sure be satisfied.

There is a Carload of Furniture, Carpets, Curtains, and our stock will be complete so it will pay you to see ours before you buy elsewhere.

Highest Price paid for Produce.

The Cardston Co. Ltd

Samples Now Ready.

W. A. MURRAY & CO., LIMITED, TORONTO

Largest Dry Goods House in the Dominion of Canada, now ready with Spring Samples of New Dress Goods, Silks, Wash Fabrics and other Dry Goods needs. A complete Range will be sent to any address. Write for Catalogue. Address Mail Order Dept.

The W. A. Murray & Co., Toronto, Ont.

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Saddle & Work Horses For Sale.

You Know Wolsey & Evans,

Contractors & Builders,
W. M. Wolsey. James Evans.
Cardston, - - Alberta.

SOCIAL GATHERING.

Dr. and Mrs. Brant gave a pleasant little party to a number of their most intimate friends, Saturday after the theater. Lunch was enjoyed, and all spent a delightful few hours.

Those present besides the host and hostess were: Mr. and Mrs. Wolsey; Mr. and Mrs. Spencer; Mrs. Sarah Hinman and Mr. Du Wilton Card.

J. W. Harrington, when coming down from the timber in the blizzard a week ago today, had his ears and a portion of his face quite badly frozen.

As the curtain was going down on a particularly exciting act at the theater the other night, a little boy, just able to talk, cried out: "Head it, head it!" Evidently he has the making of a rancher in him.

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, both one year for $2.50.

FOR SALE—Model 1 Improved Hand Printing Press, Chase 5x8. At RECORD Office.*

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends, 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

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CARDSTON. . . ALBERTA.

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Good outfits furnished at all hours.

Rates Reasonable.

The Great West Magazine will publish an illustrated article on the Mormons of Cardston in a forthcoming number. Bring ten cents to this office and your name will be put down for a copy of the magazine. Every family should procure a copy and preserve it.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, MARCH 3, 1899. NO. 32

THE LONDON TIMES ON RANCHING IN ALBERTA.

The Rocky Mountains form a natural boundary dividing the rich mining districts of Western Canada from the future food supply of the Dominion. While on the eastern side of the mountains men are busy engaged in digging gold and silver and coal from the rocky fastnesses untamable to the plow, on the eastern side the conditions are such that other men are no less profitably employed in the production of meat and corn. The mining camp on one side of the wall finds its natural pendent in the ranch and the farm upon the other. The gates of communication are the various passes—the Crow's Nest pass, the Kootenay pass, the Kicking Horse, the Yellow Head, and others less known but easier of passage further north. The main line of the Canadian Pacific railway runs through the Kicking Horse pass. A new line still partly in course of construction (though open for use,) runs through the Crow's Nest pass on the south. If the developement of the north is such as to justify further construction other branch lines will doubtless be carried through the more northern passes of the ranges. Already through the existing channels the produce of the prairies and mines is passing in exchange, and the two markets growing side by side bid fair to nourish and sustain each other in the establishment of their broader position as centres of production for the world.

Thus it happens that the first step eastward over the British Columbian frontier is into the pastoral districts of the North West Territories. The foothills of the Rocky mountains, watered on their eastern exposure by innumerable streams, and covered with sweet, short growing grass, offers an admirably well adapted field for rearing cattle, and the best ranches in Canada are situated in this district. Calgary may be taken as the headquarters of the ranching industry. It is a little town happily situated at an altitude of something less than 4,000 feet above sea level, on a sweep of the prairies as they roll upwards under the lee of the Rocky mountains. Ranch homesteads are dotted all round Calgary, and the chain may be followed north across the pastures of the Red Deer River and through park-like, softly-timbered country as far as Edmonton, a distance of nearly 200 miles. But the district which is most exclusively devoted to ranching runs south from Calgary and the Bow River to the international boundary, and east from the foothills of the Rockies through the southern portion of the province of Alberta and part of Assiniboia to the neighborhood of the Cypress Hills and the Current River. It comprises, roughly speaking, an area of about 200 miles from south to north and 200 miles from east to west. Two sides of this area are watered by streams from the Porcupine and other foothills upon the east and the Cypress hills further upon the south. The other two sides draw water from the Red Deer River, the Bow and the South Saskatchewan. The fortunate distribution of the water supply is one of the causes which contribute to make this a specially favored district for cattle raising, but another and very important element in the situation is the prevalence in winter of the mild Chinook winds which find free passage from the Pacific Ocean through the Crow's Nest and Kootenay passes, and not only modify the cold, but tend to keep the grass free from snow, thus rendering it possible for hardy cattle to remain out all winter. Further north, where these winds have less effect, it is necessary to give more winter shelter, and at Edmonton all cattle are winter fed. North of Calgary the methods pursued in the ranching industry undergo modifications imposed by the exigencies of climate. In the district to the south of Calgary, of which the limits have been roughly indicated, the system adopted is practically uniform, and here the industry can be most affectively studied as a whole. The standard of comparison which naturally suggests itself is the pastoral industry of Australia. The object of both industries is the same, but the conditions under which the object must be attained in the two countries are so widely different that the contrast presented by the two systems is no less interesting than it is striking. At first glance Australia would seem to possess in her climate an advantage so great as to render Canadian competition in the markets of the world practically hopeless of success, and the only definate advantage which Canada can appear to claim in compensation would be her better geographical advantage in relation to these markets. Against 10 months of Australian summer the Canadian has but five: against six weeks of the Australian voyage to Europe the Canadian voyage can count six days. These are, rightly enough, regarded as the two main facts which have governed the developement of the industries of the countries. The differences springing from them have been sufficient to determine the divergence of the whole social and economic system which has in each country founded itself upon this natural source of wealth. The difference of climate ranks first, of course, in importance. It is as a consequence of the Australian climate that the first element of success in the pastoral industry of that country has hitherto been held to be the possession by the stockowner of a very large tract of ground, upon which in seasons of drouth, involving scarcity of grass as well as water, he may be sure of reserve pastures for his herds. The extent of these tracts is measured in hundreds of square miles. The owner of cattle in Australia fences his pastures at his own expense and does not consider that he has efficiently provided for the safety of his valuable herds until he has also supplemented the naturally poor distribution of the water supply by sinking a sufficient number of artesian wells or constructing tanks and water holes. These precautions cannot be taken over a large extent of land without involving a very heavy expense. When they have been taken it is well that the profit should be reaped from the largest possible number of cattle.

Hence, in Australia, where the pastoral industry has now flourished for 100 years, the raising of cattle is carried on upon a very large scale, almost entirely by capitalists, who invest sums so considerable in the purchase of a station and its stock as very generally to require co-operation in the form of a limited company. The wool clip of Australia is much more than twice as valuable as her gold output, and a well managed station is worked like a mine on a strictly commercial basis for the benifit of the shareholders. The effect of the system on the lives of those engaged in the industry is not agreeable, as it necessitates for each manager of a station and his limited staff complete isolation in the centres of areas sometimes extending to 2000 square miles.

The Canadian industry in the extension to the North West Territories is less than 20 years old. It cannot be compared in extent or total value with the Australian industry. The entire cattle stock of the Canadian North West might be carried upon one Australian station; indeed the total number of sheep in the country would not form more than a quarter of the Australian station. The industry in Canada must therefore be regarded as being as yet in its infancy, and it is with its actual developement that general interest is concerned.

The first intention of Canadian administrators in opening the lands of the North West for grazing purposes was to follow in the steps of Australia. Leases of large tracts of land were issued on the Australian pattern in the province of Alberta in May 1881. But the difference between climatic conditions of Canada and Australia asserted itself immediately. In Canada with an exposure of wind swept prairie stretching northwards toward the Arctic Circle, winter storms, not summer droughts, ar the dangers to be feared. The instinct of cattle exposed to a storm is to drift before the weather, taking advantage of such natural shelter as can be found in wooded river bottoms, the lee side of bluffs or any accidental features of the ground. Sometimes, in search of shelter, herds will stray for several hundred miles, driving all the time before the wind.

(To be Continued.)

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Hereafter THE RECORD will be published on Fridays. Cardston subscribers will get their papers with the Friday evening mail. This change in our publication day is made necessary on account of the alteration in the mail service instituted by the Post Office Department.

C. E. SNOW,
MANAGING EDITOR.

BINDER TWINE AND THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

The Philippine Islands are just now in a state of war and as Manila Hemp comes from these islands our farmer readers are interested in the outcome, as it may mean a very high price for their binder twine next harvest. On another page of this paper will be found an advertisement of National binder twine, guaranteed the best in Canada, made entirely of pure Manila hemp. The editor of this paper recommends the National Farmers Co., their responsibility being fully guaranteed.

The postmaster at a neighboring town has posted up the following notice in the office: "No letters are delivered until they are received. If you don't get a letter or paper on the day you expect it, have the postmaster look through all the boxes and down cellar also. It ought to be there somewhere, and he likes to hunt for it just to please you. If your friends don't write, cuss the postmaster. He is to blame. If he tells you there is no mail for you, put on a grieved expression and say, "There ought to be some." He is probably hiding your mail for the pleasure of having you call for it three times a day. Ask him to "look again."

The Depatment, however, will give a leave of absence from his homestead, and during such authorized absence his homestead cannot be cancelled on application by any one else, but the time during which he is away will not be counted as residence. Thus, if absent for over six months he would be unable to do six months' residence in that year, and that year would not therefore be counted. As absence over six month without the Department's permission would risk the loss of the homestead, a settler should be careful to avoid it.

The Land Commissioner's Office, formerly at Winnipeg, having been removed to Ottawa, the settler must give notice to the Department at Ottawa, six months previously that he intends to apply for his patent. This is to permit the Homestead Inspector to make his visit and report as to compliance with the regulations. In the last year if the six month's residence has been in the first half, the settler can give notice at once of his intention to apply for patent, and he will thereby save six months in getting it.—Hints to Settlers.

If you have any friends that desire to take up homesteads in your neighbourhood, but who are not in a position to go immediately to the Land Office and make entries on their own behalf, get each friend to make a separate application over his own signature to the Commissioner of Immigration at Winnipeg, or to the Department at Ottawa, or any other person named by the Minister for the purpose asking that you may be authorized to make entries in advance on their behalf, and the requisite authority will be sent to them or to yourself direct. This authority will enable you to select the different quarter-sections as homesteads for your friends and to make entries at the Dominion Lands Office on their behalf; and they will have the usual six months' grace in which to perfect their entries just the same as if they had made the entries for themselves This enables a settler to secure homesteads for his friends near himself before they are all taken up in his immediate vicinity and before his friends can make their arrangements to go to the North-west. No agent or other officer of the Government is permitted to act as agent or attorney to make homestead entry in advance for an intending settler.—Hints to Settlers.

We will print your name and address on 250 nice XXX White Laid Envelopes for $1.50. The Envelopes alone would cots you $1, at any of the stores.

NOTICE.

Lumber hauling will not be permitted on the Sabbath. Those parties hauling will govern themselves accordingly.

(31-34) M. D. HAMMOND.

NOTICE.

Tenders for BEEF.

SEALED Tenders will be received addressed to M. D. Hammond, Cardston, Alta., and marked "Tender for supplying Beef to Canal Contractors." Information will be given at the office of C. O. Card. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Tenders received up to the 18th. of March.

M. D. HAMMOND,
(32-33) Agent for Contractors

NOTICE.

Gay & Wight & Co., blacksmiths, have placed in my hand for collection all accounts outstanding at the time of dissolution of partnership.

Parties having accounts with said Firm will kindly settle same and save expenses.

C. E. Snow.

H. W. Brant, M.D.
Graduate and qualified Physician and Surgeon.
Offers his services to the people of Cardston and vicinity.

Graphophone For Sale.

Columbia Graphophone, 26-inch horn, with folding stand, two-way hearing tube, and 85 records, all in perfect condition. Come and see it at this office.

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Organs from $75 00 up to $175 00
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From $25 00 to $80 00.

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Wm. Wood.
Smoked Tongue, Hams and Bacon.
My own cure.
Cash paid for hides

Hooked up at last.
HARNESS & SADDLERY.

Quality first. Prices right.
S. H. Horner,
CARDSTON, Next Kearl's Livery Stable

Deseret News and The Record one year for $3.50

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C. Edgar Snow, Banker,
Cardston, - - - - Alberta.
1895 1899
A general banking business transacted.

LETHBRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.

Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7:30 o'clock, a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $3.00; Round trip, $5.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.
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THE CARDSTON RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News, both one year for .....$3.50.

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Montreal Family Herald and Weekly Star, both for $2.75

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, for.....$2.50

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Toronto Weekly Globe both one year for.....$2.50

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Subscribe for The Record, don't borrow it. Support your home paper, and get the news. The Cardston Record gives the local happenings and the news of the world. The subscription price is $2. a year.

Remittances to be sent to the publisher of
THE CARDSTON RECORD
CARDSTON, ALBERTA.

PARTED AT THE ALTAR.

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY

" 'I cannot endure this longer. I shall go mad—yes, mad. Look into my face, and, despite the disguise that I have assumed, know that I am Doris the bride whom you wedded and deserted at the very altar almost. You could never marry another while I, your neglected, deserted bride, lived, for in the sight of God's laws and man's you are mine—my husband. But I am not going to live to be a barrier between you and happiness!' she cried out, in a sudden wail of frenzy. 'I am going to die, to set you free!'

"All in a moment, while she was making this horrible charge, memory returned to me like a flash. Heaven help me! I remembered all; and the suddenness of the horrible shock, and the crumbling precipice upon which I stood, held me spell-bound—speechless—dazed.

"Those wild words recalled my scattered senses. 'What would you do, Doris?' I gasped. Only a faint cry of bitter agony answered me, and before I had time to utter one word of explanation—before I could say that I was an innocent man, upon whom disease had left the fatal mark of complete loss of memory as to the past—she had turned like a flash in the path, and sped toward the glittering river that lay beyond. I saw her disappear. I thought I heard a splash. But when, in agony too great for words, I reached the river brink, there was no trace of my poor Doris.

"I was like a man driven mad. I had the river dagged. I did everything to recover the body; but all to no avail

"To my own family and the family of my fiancee the pitiful story was known. It went no further, as secrecy under the existing circumstances was deemed advisable. Of course the intended marriage was broken off, the public never knew why.

"I went abroad for three long and weary years, traveled incessantly—seeking only to forget. Never was a young man's life blighted by so pitiful a tragedy. And the bitterest drop in my cup of woe was my belief that poor Doris went to her death believing I had cruelly, wilfully deserted her; bear in mind she had given me no time to explain.

"For three long years I mourned for Doris, telling myself my heart was buried in her grave. And this brings me back to the time, Mrs. Lancaster, when I met you and your husband's ward abroad.

"You will not wonder that I did not recognize in Miss Fielding my lost Doris, when you remember that I had every reason to believe my poor Doris dead.

"The great change in her personal appearance (for she had grown from a childish little creature to a beautiful young woman), taller, perhaps, by half a head, and the change in name, would have deceived any man.

"Even under these circumstances my heart was drawn irresistibly towards her again. My very soul seemed to go forward to meet her. She seemed to fill an empty place in my life.

"In the depths of my heart I still loved my poor lost Doris as devotedly as ever—but still another thought was continually striving for supremacy in heart and brain, and that thought was—life in the future would not be worth living if it could not be shared with Miss Fielding for my wife. What troubled me most was her apparent dislike—nay, abhorrence of me; it piqued, annoyed, surprised me.

"Despite her coldness, her anger, I followed her to Newport, as you know, and each day my love for her grew more intense. On the night I saved her from death in the surf, I asked her to be my wife, and confessed my love for her.

"But as the words fell from my lips, she turned on me like a flash.

" 'Your love!' she cried, vehemently. 'There is nothing so false under the light of heaven as your love. God pity the woman who puts faith in your love, Frederick Thornton. It would end in a broken heart.'

"And ere I could recover my voice to utter one word of protest, she was gone.

"For an hour or more I stood motionless on the white sands, trying to look my future in the face, and attempting to solve the problem as to why she should utter those words. Did she know the story of my poor, lost Doris from Doris's point of view? I asked myself, in the greatest bewilderment.

"That night I left Newport, determined to never look upon her face again And after six weeks of wandering about from place to place, the letter written by Doris, and which you have just read, reached me.

"My great agitation and unspeakable joy at the revelation it made you can better imagine that I can describe, Mrs. Lancaster," said Frederick, with tears that were no shame to his noble manhood, standing in his eyes. "Miss Fielding and Doris one and the same! I thought I had suddenly gone mad. I must be dreaming.

"I could not rest until I should see Doris again and explain all, and claim my darling bride, dearer now than ever to me.

"When I came here and found her gone, none knew whither, the bitter anguish, the sorrow, the despair of it was more than I could bear. I must find Doris; I will move heaven and earth but what I shall find her."

"You have my warmest sympathy, Mr. Thornton," replied Mrs. Lancaster "It would give me the greatest pleasure to see two hearts that heaven intended for each other reunited—it would indeed. Sooner or later Doris will communicate with us, and, rest assured, dear Frederick, no time shall be lost in restoring her to your arms."

How little either of them knew of the tragic event that was to happen ere they looked again on poor, hapless Doris's face. It was well for Frederick Thornton he did not know what the future held in store for him.

The next day saw the Lancaster party en route for their New York home, Frederick accompanying them. Two days later he arrived at Thornton Villa.

There was great rejoicing at the return of the handsome son of the house. Tilly, his younger sister, had fairly smothered him with kisses.

"I hope you have come home to stay now, my son," said Mrs. Thornton. "Ah! my boy, the happiest day of my life would be on the day I could see you married and settled down. Are you still faithful to little Doris's memory?"

"Hush, mother!" warned Trixy, in a whisper. "Don't break the startling news to him too soon."

CHAPTER XXXIII.—THE HAND OF FATE.

When Doris fled precipitately from the hotel, she took the first outgoing train, heeding not, caring not, in which direction she went.

Long hours passed by, and on through the sunlight whirled the New York express. Doris sat at the window, gazing fixedly out at the changing landscape, yet seeing nothing. It was like one long dream to her. She could hardly collect her thoughts. She could hardly realize what had happened, or where she was going. Her brain whirled. Her eyes burned so that she could hardly close them. Her thoughts were all tangled and unreal.

At last the train steamed into the Grand Central depot, and the next moment Doris stood on the crowded platform quite alone.

"Cab, Miss?" said the porters, as they hurried by.

More than one passenger stood still to look curiously at the white, beautiful face, with the vague and frightened eyes.

"Cab, Miss?" repeated the man. "Take you to any part of the city."

Doris tried to answer him. What was this strange, deathly sensation that was stealing over her? The man's voice seemed far off and indistinct. Dense darkness shut out his face from her view. She threw her hands with a little cry, and staggered forward, and would have fallen to the platform if the man had not caught her in his arms just in times.

"Great Moses! Give us a hand here," he cried out to one of his companions. "A young woman here has fainted. Some one come and take her off my hands." he bawled. "I've a whole coach-load of passengers waitin' for me. Come here, somebody, and attend to this gal."

It was one of the railroad officials who responded. What followed immediately after, Doris never knew. Long week afterward she awoke to consciousness in the hospital to which she had been taken, nameless, friendless, sick unto death, utterly desolate—she, the petted heiress, the caressed darling of wealth and luxury.

She looked up in wonder at the kindly face bending over her.

"Where am I?" she asked, in wonder, gazing blankly around her, "and who are you?"

The nurse laid her cool hand on the feverish brow.

"You are in the hospital, my dear,' she answered. "I am your nurse. You have been very ill, indeed."

"In the hospital!" echoed Doris. "Is it possible I have been ill? Did they bring me here when I fainted away yesterday?"

The nurse laughed.

"It was a good many yesterdays ago," she answered. "I have attended you for quite six weeks, my dear."

Doris fell back on her pillow with a gasp of the most intense surprise.

"You are not to talk now, my child," the nurse went on, decisively. "It wouldn't take much to have a relapse of brain fever again. Here, take this medicine, and you will have a nice, long, refreshing sleep; and after you wake up you shall tell me who you are, and where your relatives live, that they may be communicated with."

Doris turned her face to the wall with a hard, dry sob.

"I have no relatives on the face of the earth," she answered, drearily; "no, not one."

The old nurse looked shocked.

"So young and so utterly friendless! Can it be possible?" she thought, pityingly.

All efforts on the following day to learn the address of Doris's friends proved futile.

"I do not wish them to know where I am," she answered. "I am never going back to the old life again."

"Every life has its own secrets," responded the old nurse. "You know best, child, if your action is right or wrong."

"Yes; I know best," replied Doris, wearily.

She was young and strong, and during the fortnight that followed the work of convalescence went on rapidly.

"You will soon be quite your old self again," declared the old nurse, encouragingly. "But you seem to have lost all heart. That is not right. I have seen in my experience as hospital nurse many a young girl who was brought in to us, and who was not half as ill as you were, die."

"If life had as little charm for them as it has for me, perhaps they were not sorry to go," said Doris.

"Oh, my dear! my dear! those are hard words to hear from the lips of a young girl," said the nurse, shaking her head solemnly. "To youth the world should be gay and bright."

"It could never be gay and bright to one who has passed through so much as I have," sighed Doris. "No young girl ever had such a fate as mine."

"Every one thinks their own fate hardest to bear," said the nurse; "but if they only knew of the fate of others, they would think their own happy, indeed, compared to it. Why, if I should tell you some of the pitiful cases that came under my observation when I was nurse in the Baltimore hospital—before I came to New York—you would never make that remark again. Did you speak?"

Doris had dropped back on her pillow with a low, shuddering moan.

"You spoke— o —Baltimore," murmured Doris. "I—I never hear the name of that place mentioned without suffering the keenest pain. The greatest sorrow of my life came to me there."

"Try to forget it, my dear," advised the nurse, soothingly.

"I wish to heaven I could forget!" sobbed Doris, bitterly.

"I will tell you some little anecdotes of others that will help you to forget," said the nurse, drawing up her chair close by the couch. "You will get so interested in other people's woes that you will quite forget your own."

A sad smile hovered around Doris's lovely mouth.

"One of the saddest cases that ever came under my observation was that of a young man who was brought to the Baltimore hospital one morning. He was a victim to a street accident that had just occurred. A pair of runaway horses had nearly trampled him to death as he was crossing the walk."

"I do not want to hear about it," said Doris. "It would only make me sad. Tell me of something more cheerful. A touching, pitiful story always brings tears to my eyes."

"But this one is so strangely romantic," persisted the nurse, "so like the page of a novel, that you could not help feeling interested in it."

To gratify the old nurse, who seemed bent upon telling this story, Doris at last consented to listen.

"I shall at least forget the darkness and coldness of my own past, and the desolation of the future, while she is relating it," she thought, with a weary smile.

How little Doris dreamed, as she commenced her story, how vitally interested she was in it, and that this hour would be the turning point of her life.

"As I was saying," continued the nurse, "the young man who was brought into the Baltimore hospital that morning was suffering from a severe blow on the head, produced by a plunging, runaway horse. I remember it all quite as well as though it happened yesterday; and it was almost four years ago.

"The doctors all declared the poor fellow would not live. How sorry I felt for him. He was so young and so handsome; stricken down without warning in a single instant.

"He is some mother's idolized son—some young girl's lover," I sighed, as I bent over him, gently pushing the dark, damp curls back from his white forehead.

"There was not a line about him by which he could be identified.

"But, contrary to the doctors' expectations, he did live—though the terrible siege of brain fever through which he passed would have killed many another man less strongly constituted; yet, even with returning health, the danger was by no means past. It was feared his reason would be impaired, the blow over the base of the brain had been such a terrible one. The decision the doctors arrived at was quite correct—the poor fellow's reason was but partially restored. He could not recollect what brought him to Baltimore, or, indeed, events that had happened for some time back, otherwise his brain was clear enough.

" 'There seems to be some strange, undefined thought ever striving for recognition in my brain, nurse,' he would often say to me; 'something that I ought to do seems weighing on my mind, but I cannot think what it is.'

" 'Do not try,' I advised. 'It is probably only some sick fancy No doubt, if it is anything very important, it will come back to your memory sooner or later.'

" 'I wish I could throw off the weight of depression at will,' he answered, with a sad smile and a dreamy look in his dark eyes. 'I have often heard of men who have been haunted by some lost thought for long years, and I always laughed heartily at the notion. Now I am a victim to a phantom thought myself.'

"I never shall forget the day his father came for him to take him home There were tears in the eyes of the proud old banker as he extended his hand to me.

" 'You have nursed my son through a long and dangerous illness,' he said. 'I am more indebted to you than words can express. If I can be of service to you at any time in life, you have but to call upon me,' he added, warmly. 'Your careful nursing, I firmly believe, has been the direct cause of saving my son Frederick's life.'

"Why, are you ill?" cried the old nurse, springing to Doris's side.

(To be continued.)

MEN OF MARK.

Cornelius Vanderbilt owns an autograph copy of the first chapter of Grant's memoirs.

General Wheeler says that during the past war he used the same spurs he used in the civil war.

The Rev. Mr. Grundy has been vicar of Hey, in Lancashire, for 60 years. He is 92 years of age and read prayers before the Princess Victoria in William IV's time.

Lord Curzon of Kedleston attracted attention on leaving London for India by dressing "like an ordinary tourist, in a tweed suit, a blue overcoat and a pot hat."

Senator Allison, who has been in the senate for 25 years, was one of the secretaries of the Republican national convention of 1860, and as such it was he who announced the nomination of Lincoln.

Some one the other day asked Senator Simon of Oregon what he thought of the business opportunities of Alaska. "Carpet beating is the best business," he replied. "You can just beat the carpets and keep the dust."

Sir Edmund J. Monson, who publicly "warned" France at a banquet in Paris, succeeded the marquis of Dufferin at the French capital two years ago. His very first service in diplomacy was as an attache to the embassy of which he is now the head.

Piper Findlater, the hero of Dargai Ridge, who has been appearing in London music halls with his Victoria cross, has been offered $50 for the decoration by a Birmingham firm, with the advice to get rid of it at these terms and thus save himself and the order further degradation.

Senator Vest since his illness is hardly more than a shadow of his former self, and when he first came into the senate chamber a few days ago was not recognized by many of his colleagues. He appears as strong and vigorous mentally, however, as formerly, and the edge of his satire is as keen as ever.

Colonel Charles Marshall, a lawyer of Baltimore, is writing a life of General Robert E. Lee, upon whose staff he served during the whole civil war. Colonel Marshall wrote all the official reports of the Army of Northern Virginia and, with General Horace Porter, arranged the terms of surrender at Appomattox.

The late Senator Morrill, since his first year in Washington, always gave a reception on his birthday, April 14. Though he probably took up less space in the Congressional Record than any of his colleagues, he always made a speech early in the session, sent a copy bound in Russia leather to every senator and a paper bound copy to every voter in Vermont.

Russell Sage has been said to affirm that the giving to newly married people of expensive presents often starts them upon the road to extravagance, as the couple will usually feel that they must live up to the style of the gifts they receive. Following this sentiment, Mr. Sage would not send to a grandniece of his, who was recently married, any other gift than his best wishes.

Queer.

"It looks kinder queer, Malindy," said the new millionaire to his wife after the guest had departed, "that the count wouldn't take his coat off at dinner like the rest of us, don't it?"

"Maybe he didn't have no shirt," suggested the lady 'I've seen fellers fixed up thataway in the shows."

Thirty-Five Killed Outright.

Brussels, Feb. 20.—The express train from Calais for the place, carrying passengers from London, collided with a train, which was at a standstill at Foret, near this city. Thirty passengers were killed outright and fifty others were more or less severely injured.

The train left Tournal at 5:22 in the morning, and reached Foret at 8:24. Immediately afterwards the Mons express dashed at full speed into the station and ran into the Tournai train, which was standing at the platform. It is said that owing to the fog the engineer of the express train did not see the signals.

The collision was appalling, the express locomotive mounted on the top of the last of the carriages of the Tournai train, which was filled with passengers. These cars were smashed to pieces.

Riot in a Chicago Theatre.

Chicago, Feb. 20.—A riot in which 2,000 men, women and children took part occurred this afternoon at the Star theatre at the corner of Sedgwick and Davidson streets, and before the police arrived, the interior of the theatre had been badly damaged. Scenery which was to have been used in the presenation of the play had been tied up by legal proceedings, and after the audience had waited until 4.30 p. m. for the curtain to go up, many began to clamor for the return of their money. They were refused at the box-office, and two minutes afterwards chairs were broken in pieces and hurled at the stage, chandeliers were broken, carpets were torn up, and the theatre and sidewalk outside was one mass of fighting, yelling humanity. The clanging of the patrol wagon bells scattered the crowd in a hurry, however. Later in the afternoon the money was refunded to those who presented their coupons.

Buried Under Malt.

Waterloo, Feb. 20.—An accident occurred at Huether's Lion brewery here yesterday afternoon, Dan Kalbfische, a workman, being killed instantly. Kalbfische, William Hoffman and two others were at work shoveling malt on the second floor when the floor suddenly gave way at the south end with a mighty crash, and went through the first floor to the cellar, burying the two mentioned under four or five feet of malt. Hoffman was lucky enough to escape with his life, but Kalbfische, it is believed was stunned by falling timber and was unable to extricate himself, life being extinct when assistance arrived a few minutes later. He leaves a widow and five young children.

Situation at Washington.

Winnipeg, Feb. 20.—It is believed that the visit of Messrs. Laurier and Fielding to Washington at the invitation of Sir Wilfrid Laurier indicates a crisis in the negotiations. The Canadian commissioners, before presenting an ultimatum to the Americans, desire to confer with their colleagues, not only to have the benefit of their advice to ascertain more fully the opinion of the members of the government at Ottawa.

Miraculous Escape.

Galt, Feb. 20.—John Jackson, of this town, had a narrow escape from death last night. He is moving to Kirkwall and was riding with a friend on a load of household goods. In going down hill, a box on the load slid over on top the horses, throwing the riders to the ground. One of the wheels passed over Jackson's neck and shoulder, rendering him unconscious, but he is not very seriously injured.

Rossland Shipments.

Rossland, Feb. 20.—The shipments from the Rossland mines were phenomenally light during the past week. The War Eagle shipped but little owing to the alterations in the electrical compressor plant not being completed. The Le Roi is still being overhauled and made no shipments. The Iron Mask was the only other shipper. The shipments were as follows: War Eagle mine 234 tons, Iron Mask 54; total, 288 tons.

Thief Catches Thief.

London, Feb. 20.—Maud Richardson, who was the associate of "Harry, the Valet," the thief who stole the Duchess of Sutherland's jewels, wants the reward. She has threatened the duchess with legal proceedings for the $5,000 for giving the information leading to the recovery of a portion of the stolen valuables.

Doukhobors at Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 20.—Two train loads of Doukhobors passed through Ottawa tonight en route from St. John to Winnipeg. Mr J. A. Smart went down to the station to meet them and found all on board well and happy. The ladies of the W. C. T. U. made a distribution of fruit and confections that was appreciated.

Death of a Politician.

Ottawa, Feb. 20.—Word was received here tonight that Dr. Pierre Malcolm Guay, M. P., for Levis, Que., died at his home last evening. His death came unexpectedly to his many friends at the capital. He was a Liberal in politics.

Customs Officials Arrested.

Ottawa, Feb. 20.—Collector Milne, of Victoria, has written to the department of customs enclosing clippings from a Seattle newspaper giving an account of the arrest of two United States customs officers at Log Cabin, beyond the Summit of the White Pass. Milne says he has received no advice from Sub-Collector Peel. It appears to be the outcome of an old trouble of the American officals insisting upon conveying goods beyond the Summit.

The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited

JANUARY WHITE GOODS SELLING

A feature of business in this big store in January is the selling of White Goods—Cotton Underwear, Cottons, Sheetings, Quilts, Muslins, Embroideries, etc. We've prepared a 20-page catalogue, showing the values offered and that'll be sent free on receipt of name and address. Some items from the catalogue are given below, and also specials in other departments for January—

Ladies' Gown, good cotton, made on yoke of insertion and tucks, embroidered collar and cuffs, insertion placquet edged with embroidery..... .50

Ladies' Chemise, English cotton cambric, frill around neck, sleeves and bottom, insertion front, with frill of cambric, full size..... .48

Half-bleach Loom Damasks, superior quality, pure finish, Irish manufacture, in
58 inch ..... .25
60 inch ..... .37½
66 inch ..... .40
69 inch ..... .45
76 inch ..... .50
63 inch ..... .65
72 inch ..... .80

Full-bleach Table Linen, guaranteed all pure linen and Irish manufacture, special fine make and finish, in a full assortment of floral designs.
58 inch ..... .30
58 inch ..... .35
68 inch ..... .45
68 inch ..... .50
68 inch ..... .60

NAPKINS
22 x 22 inch, warranted all pure linen and superior satin finish, in a choice range of new patterns, extra fine quality, special per dozen..... .98
22 x 22 inch, Fine Bleached Damask Napkins, Irish manufacture, all pure linen, in a new range of patterns, soft grass bleach, satin finish, per dozen.... 1.25
Size 20 x 20, per dozen, $1.50, $2.. 5.20

WHITE COTTONS
30 inch white cotton, yard..... .4½
36 inch soft finished cotton, yard.. .5
36 inch extra fine quality, soft finish, with round even thread, yard..... 6, 7 .8
36 inch American cottons, pure finish, free from filling, standard brands, yard..7½, 8, 9, 10..... .12½
36 inch Horrockses English cotton in either soft or linen finish, yard 9, 10, 11½, 12½, 15..... 17½

FACTORY COTTONS
34 inch factory cotton yard..... .3
34 inch factory cotton yard..... .4½
34 inch fine quality, yard..... .5
36 inch pure round even thread yard .5
36 inch heavy quality, free from specks and filling, yard..6½, 7½ .8½

SHEETINGS
7-4 or 63 inch plain sheeting..... .10
8-4 or 72 inch plain sheeting ..12½ and..... .16
9-4 or 80 inch plain sheeting. ..15 and..... .17½
10-4 or 90 inch plain sheeting..17½ and..... .20
8-4 or 72 inch twilled sheeting..15 and..... .20
9-4 or 80 inch twilled sheeting..17½ and..... .22½
10-4 or 90 inch twilled sheeting..20 and..... .25
8-4 or 72 inch heavy twill sheeting 13½ and..... .20

PILLOW COTTONS
8-4 or 72 inch plain sheeting..16 and..... .17½
9-4 or 80 inch plain sheeting..18 and..... .20
10-4 or 90 inch plain sheeting..20 and..... .22½
8-4 or 72 inch twilled sheeting..18 and..... .20
9-4 or 80 inch twilled sheeting..20 and..... .25
10-4 or 90 inch twilled sheeting..22½ and..... .27½

MEN'S CLOTHING.

Men's Fine all-Wool Frieze Ulsters, in brown and black, good heavy fancy check tweed linings, good finishings and trimmings, high storm collar, tab for throat, half belt on back, size 36 to 40 in. ... 4.00

Men's Fine all-wool Tweed Suits, single and double-breasted, in grey and black, brown small check, with over-pleats and plain heather mixture, best of farmer satin linings, silk stitched edges, cut and tailored in latest style, 33 ... 6.00

Address mail orders or request for catalogue exactly as below.

The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited
SECTION 52. TORONTO.

TIPS ON OCEAN STEAMERS.

Devices by Which They Are Wooed From the Unwary.

The steamship hands of the ocean liners have a systematic game for drawing tips from the pockets of unsuspecting passengers that rivals anything ever perpetrated by the most expert hotel employees. The game is called "sea draughts" or "sea checkers," and consist of a number of clever "moves" well known to every sailor, steward, cabin boy and deckhand.

Those who know these "moves" the best are, however, very reluctant to reveal just how they are practiced, and they would still be dark secrets but for the information gathered by Dr. O'Laughlin, senior physician of the White Star line.

"Sea draughts," says the doctor, "is briefly the game, or rather a game, by which our men add to their wages by wooing money out of our patrons' pockets. It took me years to become acquainted with even the rudiments of the game, and but for the information received from a smoking room steward whom I treated through a serious illness I should still be in ignorance on the subject.

"To the experienced deckhand there are, I believe, 254 'moves' in sea draughts. Move No. 1 consists in 'spotting'—i. e., in carefully watching—the passengers on the deck or as they come aboard, so as to select those with liberal, kindly faces and to avoid those who have been too openly taken in on previous voyages.

"Move No. 2 is to approach a passenger in need of a match and, as if on the spur of the moment, to offer him a light. If the smoker be at all free with his money, he is pretty sure to fish out some small reward for this attention. The smoking room steward has special facilities for playing move No. 2. It lies within his power to let the smoking room stock of matches run down and then to dispatch a confederate in search of would be smokers along the deck. The confederate appears in the nick of time.

"Move 22 begins with the sly addition of some chalk, or even paint, to the favorite seat of a liberal passenger. The passenger in question returns to his pet spot, and all unconsciously sits down. Suddenly he is aroused by the exclamation of an apparently horrified deckhand. 'Lor', sir, you've been and sat in some paint. Never mind, though. I'll get it off for you. I never comes aboard without some benzine.' In the case of chalk a clothes brush is produced with equal readiness.

"Let the traveler ponder over his past experience upon the vast deep and recall whether he has ever yielded up his worldly wealth in response to some of the 254 'moves' of sea draughts."—New York Journal.

EARLY PHILADELPHIA SOCIETY.

The Imperious Madam Rush Materially Widened the Small Social Circle.

"In Philadelphia were certain streets or sections beyond which no man could take his family without danger of social exile," writes William Perrine of "The Most Aristocratic Social Event In America"—the Philadelphia "assembly"—in The Ladies' Home Journal. "Many a Philadelphian has been known to decline the comforts of a modern house and submit to the dreary inconvenience of an old one, rather than set up his household above Market street or below Pine street. In the code of the old 'assemblies,' 'nobody lived above Market street,' and Arch street was the dead line, the limit that looked far out on only the barbarians and rich plebeians of the modern Philadelphia. Within the boundaries of the 'assembly's' jurisdiction the mansions were long marked by a somber simplicity. After nightfall all external signs of occupancy or of cheerfulness vanished. The shutters were closed tight; no lights were to be seen, and it was not until foreign critics, as late as the centennial year, called attention to this nocturnal dismalness, that there began to be a change. As a rule, moderation in entertaining prevailed. It was seldom that there were lavish private functions outside of a very few families, and there was no disposition to enlarge the lines of society or to widen the doorway of admission until the imperious Madam Rush came upon the scene.

" 'I am going,' said the madam to Mrs. George Harrison of the old regime, 'to have a party at my house, and I want you to be there. I shall have 350 guests.'

" 'What!' exclaimed Mrs. Harrison. 'Impossible.'

" 'No; I mean what I say.'

" 'Well, then, my dear,' was the reply, 'I can only say that you must have a great many common people among your friends.' "

Gayest People In the World.

The population of Italy is 8,000,000 less than the population of France, but Italy has more theaters than France and twice as many as England, though the population of the United Kingdom is fully 5,000,000 larger than that of Italy. These figures, recently compiled, re-enforce the claim long ago made by Italian managers that there are more theaters in proportion to its population in Italy than elsewhere in the world. There are approximately 1,000 places of amusement in the United States. In Italy there are 448; in France, 437; in Germany, 390; in Great Britain 352, and in Spain, 210.

One explanation which has been offered for the very large number of theaters in Italy is that many of them are small affairs and unworthy of recognition as such. This view of the case, however, is inaccurate, as in respect to the seating capacity Italian theaters are rather larger than those of other countries. One explanation of the large number of theaters in Italy is to be found in the fact that the cultivation and appreciation of music are perhaps more general in Italy than in any other country, and many of the playhouses therefore are devoted not to the theatrical but to musical entertainments. What are called concert halls in England are theaters in Italy.

Source of the Niger.

An English officer thus describes the tiny source of the mighty river Niger: "Cutting our way through the undergrowth, we crept and clambered down the slippery slopes till we reached the bottom and came to a moss covered rock from which a tiny spring issues and has made a pool below. The foliage at this spot is green, most luxuriant and beautiful, and as one looks on the birthplace of the Niger it is easy to imagine oneself at a dripping well in some wood in England."

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

FASHION AND FABRIC.

The new jet and cut steel embroideries are quaint and elaborate in design, and the work on rich velvet or satin is very beautifully executed.

The new weaves of lustrous corded silks that are in such high vogue this season share with satin the honor of making special gowns of ceremony.

More and more svelt and clinging, if this be possible, grow the dress skirts, tunics, princess robes and long polonaise and tablier effects on the front and sides of the gown.

Very handsome ball dresses are this season made of chenille dotted net over satin, trimmed with very fluffy plaited ruffles of chiffon bordered with tiny lines of chenille the color of the dot in the net.

All sorts of quaintly flounced polonaises, redingotes, newmarkets, camisards and princess shaped cloak dresses, with loose, curved fronts and bishop sleeves, prevail among the unusual variety of winter wraps.

Among the gray furs zibelline, Persian lamb and chinchilla are the most fashionable used this winter. Chinchilla is one of the most expensive and certainly it is the least durable and less becoming than the other pelts.

Many of the new French demidress gowns are made with three or five overlapping flounces arranged upon a very closely fitting foundation skirt which expands very much on the lower portion. The round waist is joined, or else cut in one with the upper flounce.

Very novel and pretty effects are employed in decorating the tops of new winter sleeves that are as close fitting as they can comfortably be worn. Crescent shaped puffs of fur or velvet, vandykes covered with special pieces in passementerie, stitched straps and Queen Bess puffs slashed and laced across all are used.

Italian red, much like the tint of the heart of a Jack rose, is a marked favorite in the brilliant winter list of colors, and cloth gowns of this becoming shade, with sable, mink, otter or fox band collar and revers by way of trimming, are considered among the smartest of the winter styles for youthful wearers.

There never was, and never will be, a universal panacea, in one remedy, for all ills to which flesh is heir—the very nature of many curatives being such that were the germs of other and differently seated diseases rooted in the system of the patient—what would relieve one ill in turn would aggravate the other. We have, however, in Quinine Wine, when obtainable in a sound unadulterated state, a remedy for many and grievous ills. By its gradual and judicious use the frailest systems are led into convalescence and strength by the influence which Quinine exerts on Nature's own restoratives. It relieves the drooping spirits of those with whom a chronic state of morbid despondency and lack of interest in life is a disease, and, by tranquilizing the nerves, disposes to sound and refreshing sleep—imparts vigor to the action of the blood, which, being stimulated, courses throughout the veins, strengthening the healthy animal functions of the system, thereby making activity a necessary result, strengthening the frame, and giving life to the digestive organs, which naturally demand increased substance—result, improved appetite. Northrop & Lyman of Toronto, have given to the public their superior Quinine Wine at the usual rate, and, gauged by the opinion of scientists, this wine approaches nearest perfection of any in the market. All druggists sell it.

Shifting the Taxes.

"I suppose," said the clerk, "it is all right to leave the assessment of old Crœsus the same as last year."

"Well, hardly," replied the chief assessor. "He has succeeded in getting a man with a title to marry his homely daughter, and I have an idea about half of the taxes are now due from the son-in-law.'

The winners of the sewing machines in the Royal Crown Soap competition for the week ending Feb. 11th, are as follows: Winnipeg, Mrs. P. O'Donnell, 533 Pacific Ave; Manitoba, Jennie McKerchar, Burnside; North West Territories, Flossie Finlayson, Prince Albert. The Royal Crown Soap Co. will continue this competition, giving away three machines each week until further notice.

Pa's Definition.

Johnny—Pa, what is the difference between being deaf and being hard of hearing?

Pa—The man who is hard of hearing is supposed to have money.—Boston Transcript.

Soft Sawder.

"When I was discharged, my employer let me down easy."

"How so?"

"He said I could get work more readily than an inferior man."—Detroit Free Press.

Her Air of Ownership.

"What an air of ownership the bride assumes?"

"Yes; she went through the marriage ceremony as though it were her own patent rite.'

Dealer.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

INCALCULABLE GOOD,

AN EXPRESSION OF FAITH.

Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills have done me an incalculable amount of good. I think they are the best, surest and quickest acting cure for nervousness, unhealthy action of the heart, insomnia or sleeplessness, anemia or impoverished blood, loss of appetite, general debility and ill-health. For nine years, before I commenced taking Dr. Ward's Blood and nerve Pills, my heart was weak and in an unhealthy state. Its action was so much impaired that I could not walk across the street without suffering great distress, my heart fluttering and beating so rapidly that I could scarcely breathe, causing faintness, loss of strength, and leaving my nerves all unstrung. My sleep was very much disturbed, I had no appetite and there was little strength or vitality in my blood; I was always excessively nervous.

I have now taken three boxes of Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills and since taking them I have not been away from my business an hour. Before taking these pills it was a frequent occurrence for me to be away from business. As a result of taking Dr. Ward's Pills my heart is perfectly healthy and strong and gives me no distress or trouble whatever. They removed all nerve trouble, made my nerves strong and gave me healthy sleep. These pills also made my blood rich and strong and gave me a healthy appetite. Dr. Ward's Pills have given me perfect health, restoring my lost strength, in place of continual ill-health, weakness, heart trouble and nervousness. In justice I cannot speak too highly of this wonderful medicine. Signed, Miss N. Millward, Walton St., Port Hope, Ont.

Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills are sold at 50c. per box, 5 boxes for $2.00 at druggists, or mailed on receipt of price by THE DOCTOR WARD CO. Limited, 71 Victoria Street, Toronto. Book of information free.

Library Puzzles.

At the formal opening of the new London library building Harberg Wright told of some of the strange things in the way of books for which he had been asked. One application was for a book on the raising of Lazarus. He sent the Bible and also a book on Bible myths to show both sides of the question. He had been asked for a book "on the squaring of circles in all ages." Another applicant had wanted a book on the royal princess who had acted as a cook in London and made nice curries. And there was one other question which had been put to him—"Who was the Coptic saint who made a mummy talk in the third century?"

A SMALL PILL, BUT POWERFUL.—They that judge of the powers of a pill by its size, would consider Parmalee's Vegetable Pills to be lacking. It is a little wonder among pills. What it lacks in size it makes up in potency. The remedies which it carries are put up in these small doses, because they are so powerful that only small doses are required. The full strength of the extracts is secured in this form and do their work thoroughly.

Deserves a Medal.

Hooligan—Bedad, sorr, it's mesilf that had a narrow squake of drowning. It's skating Oi was, sorr, and, begorra. Oi wint clane through, and how Oi got out Oi can't tell at all, at all. But, sorr, Oi'm going to apply for the medal of the Royal society, and Oi make no doubt but they'll give it me.

Smith—But why? You saved no one.

Hooligan—Saved no one! Be the powers, sorr, and didn't I save mesilf?—Nuggets.

Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup stands at the head of the list for all diseases of the throat and lungs. It acts like magic in breaking up a cold. A cough is soon subdued, tightness of the chest is relieved, even the worst case of consumption is relieved, while in recent cases it may be said never to fail. It is a medicine prepared from the active principles or virtues of several medicinal herbs, and can be depended upon for all pulmonary complaints.

Question to Be Settled.

They had just reached the point in the story where the heroine entered cold as an iceberg and met the hero's burning glances.

"Now," exclaimed one of the readers excitedly, "it simply remains to be seen whether she will thaw or he will freeze. How do you want to bet?"

But, of course, the sentimental girl wouldn't bet. She would be a party to no such sacrilege.

THEY ARE CAREFULLY PREPARED.—Pills which dissipate themselves in the stomach cannot be expected to have much effect upon the intestines, and to overcome constiveness the medicine administered must influence the action of these canals. Parmalee's Vegetable Pills are so made, under the supervision of experts, that the substances in them intended to operate on the intestines are retarded in action until they pass through the stomach to the bowels.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

HEALTHY, HAPPY GIRLS

OFTEN BECOME LANGUID FROM NO APPARENT CAUSE.

The Blood is a Vital Element—It Must Be Kept Pure, Rich and Red—Only in This Way Can Young Girls Attain Perfect Health.

In the early days of her womanhood every girl—no matter what her station in life—should be bright, active, cheerful and happy; her step should be light, her eye bright and her cheeks rosy with the glow of health. But the reverse is the unfortunate condition of thousands of young girls throughout the Dominion. They drag along, always tired, never hungry, breathless and with a palpitating heart after slight exercise, so that merely to go up stairs is exhausting. If a doctor is consulted he tells them that they are anaemic—the plain English for which is they have too little blood—and unless a powerful blood enriching, nerve-restoring tonic such as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People is taken to restore health, decline and an early grave is only too likely to follow.

The benefit which follow the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in cases of this kind is amply illustrated by the following testimonial from Miss Ida Bookman, of Marksville, Ont. Miss Bookman says: "It gives me much pleasure to acknowledge the benefit I have derived from the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. My health was completely broken down; I became so weak I could scarcely walk across a room. I was very pale, had no appetite, and gradually lost flesh until I was merely a skeleton. I was subject to palpitation of the heart, dizziness and violent headaches. I was under treatment from two doctors, but neither seemed to benefit me and I went on in this way for about seven months. Having seen Dr. Williams' Pink Pills recommended I determined to try them. Before I finished the second box I began to improve, and by the time I had used eight boxes I was as well as ever I had been, and had gained 22 pounds in weight. I am grateful for what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done for me and freely give this testimony in the hope that it may benefit some other girl suffering as I was."

More pale and bloodless girls have been made bright, active and strong by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills than by any other means. Mothers should see that their daughters entering womanhood are strengthened and invigorated by the use of this great blood making tonic. Sold by all dealers or sent post paid at 50c a box or six boxes for $2.50 by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Not the Time For It.

He shivered.

"I can readily see," he said, turning sharply on his caller, "that you are a consistent advocate of the open door policy."

He shivered again.

However, his words were not lost, for the caller went back and shut it.—Chicago Post.

TRY IT.—It would be a gross injustice to confound that standard healing agent—DR. THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL—with the ordinary unguents, lotions and salves. They are oftentimes inflammatory and astringent. This Oil is, on the contrary, eminently cooling and soothing when applied externally to relieve pain, and powerfully remedial when swallowed.

Easy Critics.

"I am going to sing at the Frobishers'."

"How lucky you are!"

"Why so?"

"They don't know one tune from another."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Sometimes Goes by Contraries.

After ten years' courting Brown married.
And soon he was discontented,
But Robinson married in haste,
And he has never repented.
—Chicago Tribune.

LEGS ENTIRELY RAW

From his feet to his body, and ran a blood tinged, irritating water.

Mrs. A. Keirstead, Snider Mt., N.B., tells how her little boy suffered, and how B.B.B. cured him permanently.

FREDDY KEIRSTEAD.

There is not a mother in this land who has a child suffering from skin disease in any form but will thank Mrs. Keirstead, of Snider Mt., N.B., for telling of the remarkable manner in which her boy, Freddy, was cured of one of the severest and most torturing of skin diseases by the use of Burdock Blood Bitters; and not only relieved and cured for the time being, but, mark you, *after eight years the disease has shown no sign of returning.*

The following is Mrs. Keirstead's letter:—

"With gratitude I can testify to the wonderful curative powers of Burdock Blood Bitters. Eight years ago our little son, Freddy, was afflicted with salt rheum and was in a dreadful condition. His legs, from the soles of his feet to his body, were entirely raw, and ran a bloody water, which appeared to burn and itch until he was often in great agony.

"After trying several remedies, we resolved to give B.B.B. a trial.

"You can imagine with what delight and gratitude we saw our boy entirely cured after using one bottle and part of the second. We gave him the remainder of the second bottle, and from that time till the present he has never had a sign of salt rheum or a sick day. You need not wonder that I think there is no other medicine can equal Burdock Blood Bitters to purify the blood and build up the health and strength."

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

They Reach The Kidneys.

Mr. Conrad Beyer's opinion

—OF—

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS.

No one can be healthy with the kidneys in a diseased or disordered state. The poisonous Uric Acid which it is their duty to filter out of the blood, is carried into the system and produces Rheumatism, Headaches, Backaches and hundreds of ills and ailments.

Any one who has the slightest suspicion that the kidneys are not acting right should take Doan's Kidney Pills. They are the most effective kidney remedy known. Mr. Conrad Beyer, at E. K. Snyder's Shoe Store, Berlin, Ont., bears this out when he says:

"Anyone suffering with kidney troubles cannot do better than take Doan's Kidney Pills, for they cured my wife who has been afflicted with pain in the back and other kidney troubles for a long time. They have helped a great many of my acquaintances in this town, and I must say they are the medicine that reach the kidneys with the best effects."

Ancient Glassmaking.

When the council of ten ruled Venice, they issued a decree regarding the art of glassmaking. It runs "If a workman carry his art beyond the limits of his country to the detriment of the republic, he shall be desired to return. If he disobey, his nearest relatives shall be imprisoned. If, in spite of their imprisonment, he remain obstinate in his wish to live abroad, an emissary shall be told off to kill him."

French Humor.

Madame (to her chambermaid)—Justine, the doorbell rang.

"Is madame sure it wasn't the clock?"

"Couldn't be—it is only quarter of 10."

"Yes, but madame knows the clock is fast!"—Echo de Paris.

The little Japs are about as free from the vice of drunkenness as any people in the world. In fact, it is the rarest thing in the world to see an inebriate subject of the mikado. The native drink, "saki," is used about as tea in this country, and it is but little more intoxicating.

We believe MINARD'S LINIMENT is the best.

Matthias Foley, Oil City, Ont.
Joseph Snow, Norway, Me.
Chas. Whooten, Mulgrave, N. S.
Rev. R.O. rmstrong, Mulgrave, N.S.
Pierre Landry, senr., Pokemouche, N. B.
Thomas Wasson, Sheffield, N. B.

W. R. ALLAN,

General Insurance Agent,

FIRE Companies Represented:
Quebec Fire Assurance Co.
Royal Insurance Co.
Sun Insurance Office
Union Assurance Society

All classes of Insurances transacted and losses promptly and satisfactorily settled.

REID'S PIANOS

In touch, tone and finish they have no equal.

Correspondents wanted in every town to act as agents.

REID BROS., 157 King St. West, Toronto.

---

is the kind that housekeepers who want only the best always buy. Packed in pound and two-pound tin cans, it comes into the home with all its natural aroma and strength. **Protected by our Seal,** the consumer knows that its purity and strength have been untampered with. Your grocer sells this kind, but be sure our seal and name is on the can you buy.

Chase & Sanborn.

W. N. U. 208

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

SEEDS. TRY J. M. PERKINS.

the great SEEDSMAN of the NORTHWEST for your SEEDS for 1899, as he keeps the LARGEST Stock of Garden, Field and Flower Seeds in this country to select from. Also Seed Drills and Cultivators. You can have our large illustrated catalogue FREE, by sending your name and address to J. M. PERKINS 221 Market St., Winnipeg.

We beg to call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills in this paper. The firm have also placed on the market Dr. Ward's Liver Pills, which have already proved to be a most excellent family medicine as a cure for constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, etc. They are sold at 25c per vial, or 5 for 1, or mailed on receipt of price by the Dr. Ward Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

SAFES **VICTOR** SAFES

KARL K. ALBERT, GEN. AGT.
407 MAIN ST., WINNIPEG,
Next door to P. O.

SNAPS FOR CASH.

Household Safes, small size, - - $15.00
Household Safes, large size, - - 30.00

Just the thing for a Christmas present. Both useful and ornamental.

Merchants' Safes, all sizes and prices; on easy terms or cash. Come and see them or write for quotations. Special prices during [illegible]

You can upset this man, but you can't upset the **FACT** that

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER

Is the best Baking Powder to use. Because it is **HIGH IN QUALITY** while it is **LOW IN PRICE.**

WHITE STAR is everywhere in this country

TRY IT!

—o—

THE DYSON-GIBSON CO.

"When buying, why not get the best?"

Stephens' PURE READY MIXED PAINTS

May cost you a little more at first than the cheap trash with which Eastern makers are flooding the market, but are they not well worth the difference in price?

REMEMBER we use MANITOBA PURE BOILED LINSEED OIL

In ALL our HOUSE, FLOOR and ELEVATOR Paints, and as everybody knows, the QUALITY of the OIL is the LIFE of the PAINT. Sold by leading HARDWARE dealers between the Great Lakes and Pacific Ocean.

MANUFACTURED BY . . . . .

G. F. STEPHENS & CO., WINNIPEG.

NATIONAL FARMERS COMPANY

NATIONAL BINDER TWINE

Trade Mark.

Full strength: over 75 lbs breaking strain. Full length: 600 feet to the pound. Full weight: 80 lbs to each bale. No clogging in the binder—compactly wound.

NATIONAL Binder Twine is made entirely of pure Manilla Hemp without adulterant of any kind and is absolutely the best ever offered the Canadian farmer. **NATIONAL Binder Twine** will cost you no more than inferior grades, will give better satisfaction in the field than any you have ever used, and besides you will receive a valuable premium with each EIGHTY-POUND BALE, FOR $12.00 CASH.

PREMIUMS:

80 lbs NATIONAL BINDER TWINE FOR $12 CASH with any one of the following valuable and useful premiums:

14-Karat GOLD-PLATED WATCH, stem-winding and stem setting, guaranteed reliable time-keeper—lady's or gentleman's size—maker's guarantee with each watch.

SOLID GOLD RING set with genuine Garnet and Opal gems—stamped and warranted—with maker's Trade Mark and guarantee.

MUSICAL CLOCK, glass sides, in Nickel Silver and Gilt—a handsome ornament and accurate time-piece. A never-ending pleasure in the home.

$12 Cash for any one of the above Premiums and 80lb Bale of NATIONAL BINDER TWINE.

HOW IT IS DONE: The National Farmers Co. sells direct to practical bona fide **Farmers;** employs no middle men or agents, does business only for cash, makes no losses—every dollar does its full duty. We have a lot of **NATIONAL Binder Twine** on hand—so much that the bank rate of interest until after harvest, on the money locked up, will amount to many thousand dollars. We want to save that interest and give it to the farmer in return for cash. That is where the premium comes in.

This Company reserves the right to refund your money if the price of Hemp advances by reason of the Philippine war or other causes. Manilla Hemp comes from the Philippine Islands.

ORDER AT ONCE and make certain of your season's supply before Hemp advances.

Remit money to us only by Postal Note, Post Office Order, Express Order or Registered Letter. Write your name plainly, give your post office address and also the railway station to which we are to ship the Twine. You pay freight on the Twine from WINNIPEG, we send you the premium prepaid by mail or express from Toronto.

Observe above directions carefully so we cannot make any mistake in forwarding your goods. Say whether you want a Gentleman's or a Lady's Watch, a Musical Clock or a Ring—if the latter, send a piece of string or paper size required.

We want the good will of all Canadian farmers for **NATIONAL Binder Twine.** Our business will fail if we deceive you—we cannot afford to be dishonest with you even if we were so inclined. You will be highly gratified with the quality of **NATIONAL Binder Twine** and surprised at the excellence and elegance of the premiums we give. Every promise we make will be performed to the letter. Address all letters and make all remittances payable to

NATIONAL FARMERS COMPANY, TORONTO.

Enquirers are referred to Bradstreets and R. G. Dun & Co's Mercantile Agencies and to the Editor of this paper as to our responsibility.

Royal Crown Soap

Grand Weekly Free Sewing Machine Competition

3 New Williams, No. 6

Drop Head, Sewing Machines,

Value $65, Each

Given away weekly for Royal Crown Wrappers and Coupons, viz:

WINNIPEG, 1 each week.
MANITOBA, outside of Winnipeg, 1 each week.
N. W. T. and ONTARIO, east to Schrieber, 1 each week.

Ask your Grocer for a Coupon with every five bars of wrapped ROYAL CROWN SOAP. Full instructions on each Coupon.

First Drawing Monday, January 16, and each week thereafter until further notice.

Large List of Books and Beautiful Pictures still given away for ROYAL CROWN SOAP WRAPPERS to those who do not compete for the Sewing Machines. List mailed free on application.

THE ROYAL SOAP CO., Winnipeg

CARDSTON RECORD.

:o:

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Friday at Cardston.

Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance. Advertising Rates on application.

In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisments they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisments will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

Copy for change of advertisments MUST not be in later than Monday noon.

ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Managing Editor,
CARDSTON, N. W. T.,
DRAWER 72. CANADA.

Cardston, March 3, 1899.

OFFICIAL INFORMATION.

Earl of Minto,....Governor-General of Canada.
Sir Wilfrid Laurier.....Premier of Canada.
A. E. Forget.....Lieutenant-Governor of N. W. T.
L. G. De Veber,....M. L. A. for Lethbridge District
Horace Harvey,..Registrar for Dist. of So. Alberta.
W. F. McCreary,...Commr. of Immig'r, Winnipeg.
J. A. Hammer,....Overseer, Village of Cardston.

HOTEL DE WOOLF

RATES, $1.50 PER DAY.

Livery & Feed Stable.

Cardston, - Alberta.

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.

All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.

Cardston. . . . . Alberta.

"We live in days when men and women are easily drawn away by strange doctrines, says the Presbyterian Review. The Mormons spread their nets warily, and so capture many who, were they aware of the doctrines of Joseph Smith and Brigham Young, in all their detail, would hesitate before accepting Mormonism as their religious faith. The settlements springing up in Western Canada are worth the watching. Mormons from Utah may be good farmers, but their creed is not good for Canada. Yet, it is bound to spread; it is already spreading while the sentinel on the wall is asleep. Mormonism is making its grand effort throughout the world. In England street riots are caused by its proselytism; in Canada it has free, uninterrupted course."

Yes, "in Canada it has free uninterrupted course;" but in case that certain Individual who wrote the foregoing words and had them published in the Presbyterian Review had his way the street riots that are disgracing England would be repeated in Canada to her dishonor.

Would that Individual be pleaed to hear of street riots caused by Presbyterian proselytism at their foreign missions in the New Hebrides, Trinidad, Dhecora, Japan, China and Cenral India? We think not.

That Individual is perfectly right when he says: "The settlements springing up in Western Canada are worth the watching." Indeed, those who watch "those settlements springing up" will see a splendid example of Western "push", an example all may advantagously emulate. A good thing it is for fair Canada that she is not governed by narrow minded men of such a stamp as that Individual who penned the article for the Presbyterian Review.

Again that Individual is right when he says; "Mormons from Utah may be good farmers," only he should have left out the words "may be" and substituted therefor the word "are."

But that Individual is wrong when he says: "Their (the Mormon) creed is not good for Canada." We feel certain that if that Individual will take the trouble to enlighten himself upon the principles of the Gospel of the Church of Jesus Christ (commonly called "Mormons") he will agree with us in that, "their (the Mormon) creed is good for Canada."

You Know

Wolsey & Evans,

Contractors & Builders,

W. M. Wolsey. James Evans.

Cardston, . . Alberta.

The Weekly Globe, Toronto, $1.00 a year. THE RECORD has a club.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Dr. Brant has a professional card in today's Record.

Brandon will hold a summer fair between July 8th. and 21st.

The second contingent of Doukhobors have arrived at Winnipeg, 1993. in all.

There was a welcomed visitor came to the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Head last week—a fine son.

The Liberal Candidate was elected in West Huron by a Majority of 118 over his Conservative opponent.

The Cardston Dramatic Association, O. E. Bates manager, expect to produce a play in the near future.

W. M. Wolsey is having lumber hauled from Macleod, which will be used in the construction of a dwelling on his lot about a block west of the mill site.

Elders Frank H. Snow and C. W. Burnham came in last Sunday to take their turn in promulgating the Gospel to the world. Elder Snow is a son of President Snow and they are both assigned to the new Chattanooga conference.—Southern Star.

It is said that the C. P. R. can get all the unsettled land between Calgary and Medicine Hat east of the Bow River if the Co. will construct an irrigation canal between those points at an expence of about $500,000 for which a survey has been made by Mr. Dennis

One step won't take you very far—you've got to keep on walking; one word won't tell folks what you are—you've got to keep on talking; one inch won't make you very tall—you've got to keep on growing; one little "ad" won't do it all—you've got to keep 'em going.

A meeting of merchants and clerks of the city was held at the office of Tempest and Smith on Tuesday evening when it was resolved to make an effort to have Wednesday afternoon a half holiday during the summer months, says the Alberta Tribune. That is an example our merchants might follow.

The little boy baby of Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Sloan passed to its home in the beyond Wednesday morning. The little one has been sick for some time, having contracted a bad cold. The funeral was held Thursday afternoon. The bereaved parents have the heart felt sympathy of their many friends.

Section 41 of "The Village Ordinance" reads: "The voters may at any meeting resolve that animals shall not be permitted to run at large in the village or in any part thereof in or during any period of the year" At the next meeting of the voters of the Village of Cardston the resolution should be adopted prohibiting animals from running at large in Cardston.

It must not be supposed that it matters little whether a settler puts in his residence on his entered homestead or on an adjoining quarter section which he may have pre-empted. It makes all the difference, for he is required when applying for patent to make affidavit that he has resided on the homestead. Therefore, when he holds the two, and desires to reside on the pre-empted quarter section instead of the homestead he should apply to the Commissioner of Lands at Ottawa, who will probably give the permission, though another homestead entry fee will be charged for interchanging the entries.

The settler is required to put in not less than six month's residence either on the old or new homestead in each of the three years after making entry for the second homestead, and to have about 15 acres under cultivation, or failing that, to have at least one acre of the land under cultivation in each of the three years; to have the whole area so cultivated, substantially fenced at date of application for patent, and to have at least 40 head of cattle on the land, and the necessary stables and outhouses for wintering them either on the land or on land owned by him in the vicinity.

Do not let your child acquire the habit of grumbling. Stop the first beginnings and it will never become a habit. If there is just cause of complaint, try to remedy it; if there is no possibility of improvement, teach that silent endurance is the best way to meet the inevitable. It is never wise to stay in a place and grumble. If the things you dislike cannot be altered, change your environment. If on reflection you decide that, balancing one thing with another you would rather bear the ills you know than fly to others that you know not of, bear them in silence—February Ladies' Home Journal.

COAL, COAL, COAL!

Clarke Mine, - - - - - - Belly River.

$2.25 per ton at the Mine.

Delivered in Cardston for $5.00 per ton.

Orders may be left at Co-op or Allen store.

Spring sure.

Get out your straw hat.

Looks like a spell of fine weather.

P. P. Skriver was in town yesterday.

Would you not like to have a copy of the first "Mormon" newspaper published in Canada? The Record still has a few copies of No. 1 Vol. 1 for sale at 10 cents.

The Ameer of Afghanistan is dead.

The steamship Bulgaria arrived safe at the Azore Islands.

Hundreds of deaths from influenza are reported at the capitals of Norway and Sweden.

Rudyard Kipling is very ill.

Thursday, March 16th., Parliament will meet at Ottawa.

Appoint a poundkeeper.

The village is over-run by cows.

Prohibit the running at large of animals.

WANTED.—A lot near business part of town. Will pay spot cash. If you have one to sell, call at this office.

An editor is but human so it would be folly to expect him to put himself out much to eulogize a person who does not so much as subscribe for his paper.

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

When you want receipt or note Books call at THE RECORD Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts. You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

THE RECORD has the agency for CLEVELAND BICYCLES. Can sell you a good one for $40. or a better one for $90. Ladies' Bicycles from $40. up to $80. Now is the time to order your Bicycle. The Cleveland Bicycle is the BEST made.

Wheat and oats taken on subscription at this office.

One of the surest illiustrations of the substantial progress made in the settlement of the country is shown by the great increase of sales of land by Osler, Hammond & Nanton during the past year. This firm withlands throughout Maintoba and the north west, and their many financial interests, is in a peculiarly good position to feel the general pulse of prosperity. The firm reports having more than doubled their previous year's land sales and reached the substantial figures of 102,868 acres sold for 1898.—Free Press.

Cardston has 746 inhabitants; Ætna 381; Mt. View 271; Leavitt 199. Cardston has 126 families; Ætna 61; Mt. View 47; Leavitt 30. During 1898 the population of Cardston increased 191; Ætna 21; Mt. View 162; Leavitt 29. Total increase, 403. It will be seen by this statistical report that Mt. View increased its population to an extent nearly equal to Cardston. It is a very good showing for that growing village.

Dr. Brant has been appointed local physician for the canal company.

In this world one lives along in a tolerably happy condition until that great sorrow, which comes to all, strikes you down, dumb and bleeding. Life is thereafter a continual round of events more or less of a nature that excites no happiness, no misery. Nothing can make the heart thrill with that esquisit happiness which was no uncommon thing in youth, in days before that one great sorrow came to make all dull, all uninteresting; but, then, nothing can now make the heart bleed with deepest anguish, for the heart is forever benumbed.

The Record

$2. a year.

The weather for a week past has been very cold.

As we issued The Record only three days ago, our local columns are not over-crowded with news. Remember that The Record is now pulished on Friday.

Contractor R. C. Beck has finished building a dwelling for Eph. Myers.

There was a fire this morning in Jos. Smith's house. Before much headway was gained, the occupants extinguished it. A defective flue was the cause. Damage was slight.

Born to the wife of Mr. J. Hunt of Leavitt a girl on the 16th. Feby.

Don't be a newspaper borrower. If this paper is worth reading it is worth paying for. Only $2.00.

We received an invitation to the annual meeting of the Western Canadian Press Association to be held today, March 3rd. in Winnipeg, and are sorry that circumstances prevent our acceptance of the invitation. As it reached us on the 1st. it was impossible to make connections. Send out your invitations earlier, gentlemen.

WHAT CARDSTON NEEDS.

A lime kiln.
A railroad.
Shoe shop.
A drug store.
A tailor shop.
A brick kiln.
Graded streets.
A lumber yard.
A roller flour mill.
An amusement hall.
An immigration building.
Tri-weekly mail service.
Commodious school house.
Board of trade, or chamber of commerce.
Ten thousand more good citizens added to the thousand already here.

We print

Cards.
Blanks.
Tickets.
Posters.
Receipts.
Programs.
Statements.
Bill Heads.
Letter Heads.
Wedding Invitations.
At the Lowest Prices.
Call and see us.

The Record

one year

$ 2.00

Following is a list of the publications for sale at the RECORD OFFICE:

Puck
Judge
Strand
Argosy
Quaker
Nickell
Tit Bits
Success
Puritan
Squibbs
Vanity Fair
N. Y. World
Wide World
Metropolitan
Cosmopolitan
Munsey Maga.
New Illustrated
McClures Maga.
Canadian Maga.
Broadway Maga.
Review of Reviews (Eng)
Review of Reviews (Am.)
Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly

The Record

$ 2.00

a year.

Notice.

FROM

February 1st. to March 1st.

The CARDSTON CO. Ltd.,

WILL HAVE A

Removal Sale in every Department.

A few more Ladies, Misses & Childrens Coats at cost; they must go.
Now is your time to buy a nice dress Silk & trimming to match.

Gents Furnishings

Ties	Ties	Ties	Ties	Ties
	25c worth 40-50 and 60c.			
Hats	Hats	Hats	Hats	Hats
50c	75c	85c	1.00	1.25

Worth Double.

Shoe Department.

	Shoes	Shoes	Shoes	Shoes	Shoes	
Gents	90c	$1.00	$1.25	$1.50	$1.75	& up.
Ladies	65	75	1.00	1.25	1.50	& up.
Misses	50	65	75	85	90	& up.
Baby	25	35	40	45	50	& up.

These Goods Must Go

to make room for our large stock that is on the road and we invite the public to inspect and you will sure be satisfied.

There is a Carload of Furniture, Carpets, Curtains, and our stock will be complete so it will pay you to see ours before you buy elsewhere.

Highest Price paid for Produce.

The Cardston Co. Ltd

Samples Now Ready.

W. A. MURRAY & CO., LIMITED, TORONTO

Largest Dry Goods House in the Dominion of Canada, now ready with Spring Samples of New Dress Goods, Silks, Wash Fabrics and other Dry Goods needs. A complete Range will be sent to any address. Write for Catalogue. Address Mail Order Dept.

The W. A. Murray & Co., Toronto, Ont.

ENVELOPES.
Comply with the postal requirements by using your envelopes printed, by THE RECORD.

Subscribe for THE RECORD.

Get your HAIR cut AT

Campbell's

- Tonsorial Parlors. -

H. W. SAVORY,
Boundary Creek (Cardston P. O.) Alta.
Saddle & Work Horses For Sale.

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, both one year for $2.50.

FOR SALE—Model 1 Improved Hand Printing Press, Chase 5x7. At RECORD Office.*

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends, 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

- Samuel Cox, -
Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting,
& Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
CARDSTON, . . ALBERTA.

Kearl Hotel

Kearl & Sharp, Props.

First Class in all Appointments.

$1.50 per day and upwards.

Meals, 40 Cents.

Livery, Feed & Sale Stables

Good outfits furnished at all hours.

Rates Reasonable.

The Great West Magazine will publish an illustrated article on the Mormons of Cardston in a forthcoming number. Bring ten cents to this office and your name will be put down for a copy of the magazine. Every family should procure a copy and preserve it.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, MARCH 10, 1899. NO. 33

THE LONDON TIMES ON RANCHING IN ALBERTA.

(Continued)

To interfere with this instinct is disastrous. A fence across the line of drift will in bad weather give sufficient cause for a large percentage of mortality. Fences necessarily disappeared under pressure of the local conditions, and upon the unfenced leaseholds cattle showed so fine a disregard for owner's rights that the attempt to assert them was abandoned. The herds were allowed to mix and a system of public ranges supplemented by a periodic system of collecting and sorting cattle evolved itself by a mere force of circumstances. In 1894 the leases already issued were formally cancelled. By a compromise with the lease holders the purchase was permitted of a percentage of the land at a low price, and the low result has been the establishment of the industry on the present basis of relatively small private homesteads and widely extended system of commonage for grazing purposes. Thus, as a direct result of climate, the industry has assumed in Canada from the beginning a shape very different from that originally contemplated. In Australia the pastoral system is built on the individual possession of extensive properties; in Canada it stands on the common use of land and water.

It should perhaps be added that, while this is the theory, some of the best of the public ranges in the Calgary district have as a matter of fact come to be regarded as the grazing grounds of certain well known ranches; and, as the grazing capacity of a given stretch of country is not unlimited, the intrusion at certain points of new herds in large numbers might very possibly be resented as and offense against the established amenities of neighborly usage. Good as is the water supply over the ground already occupied, a very large development of the industry must raise the question of the artificial irrigation of immense areas stretching eastwards from the favored districts. These areas lack only a wider distribution of water supply to render them equally valuable with those already used for grazing purposes. According to the statistics of the land department there exist in this neighborhood 63,000,000 acres of grass land, which under irrigation would become suitable for agriculture. The natural water supply is such as to furnish the means of irrigation at a low cost to about 60,000,000 acres, and the distribution as shown by the surveys would permit of the irrigation of this proportion of one-tenth to nine-tenths at fairly regular intervals. The object aimed at by the advocates of irrigation is that the distribution of water should be so governed as to give to every 50,000 acres of land a 5,000 lot of irrigated land upon which the hightest forms of farming can be cairied on. The soil needs nothing but water to render it highly productive. Under the proposed system if it can be realized, agricultural and pastoral communities can be interspersed througout the country and the lands intervening between the small irrigated areas will become all serviceable for grazing purposes. The realization of such a scheme on a wide scale belongs to the history of the future. The ranching industry, as it exists under present conditions, offer ample opportunities for expansion and is sufficiently interesting and attractive to private enterprise.

One immediate result of the difference indicated between the Canadian and Australian methods of ranching is that in Canada the industry is not reserved entirely for the operations of the rich. That the owner of many herds will be in a better position to carry on a profitable undertaking and to face the accidents of occasional loss than the owner of a few head of cattle is obvious. The rule must hold good in Canada as elsewhere. But where land and water are a public possession there is no need for the employment of the vast capital required by the system of private ownership. In the Canadian North West any man having earned enough money to buy a cow may turn her loose upon the range. If he can succeed in finding her and branding her calf in the following spring he will be the possessor of two animals instead of one, and may continue while he works for wages to add to the number of his herd until such time as he sees a chance of making profit enough to justify the establishment of a separate homestead. This is the poorest kind of rancher, and in this way beginnings are often made. The richest of Canadian ranchers own herds ranging up to about 15,000 head, and some of them have already established themselves in charming homesteads surrounded by the same kind of comfort and refinement which Englishmen associate with the life of an English country house. Between the two there is every grade and stage of development. Homesteads ranging in importance from the little lumber shack which may have cost less than $25 to build to the stone house spreading its red roofed verandahs in the midst of well kept lawns and flower gardens are scattered in sparse groups throughout the prairies. To them all the ranges are open. For all alike the creeks are running. In any one of the wooded hollows where the swelling hills shelve down to a fold of timber low growing at the water's edge, which from a reminiscence of early settlers is known in this country as a "coulee," the cattle of the shack or of the great ranche may be found. The richer kind of rancher makes provision that when the spring comes he shall be able to find his cows and brand their calves. He takes care also that his calves and weaklier animals are fed in winter, and these precautions which constitute his principal expense, at the same time ensure the increase of his wealth.

The difference between rich and poor, apart from the extent of their possessions, consists mainly in the difference which they are able to make watching his one or two cows as to in relation to provisions of this kind. For all alike it is necessary to find and to claim every year the unbranded increase of their flocks. The cattle will sometimes stray, under stress of weather, off the Canadian ranges and across the international boundary to the ranges of the neighboring State of Montana. Similarly cattle from the Montana ranges will drift on to the ranges of the Canadian North West. The poor man may succeed in preventing them from wandering far. The rich man makes no attemp to check the movements of his herds. Their instinct is the best guide to their advantage, and they will sometimes disperse and stray in different "bunches" to the four cardinal points. Except for a general endeavor to, as it is called, "wont" them to the home pastures in the summer time, they are left free, and the most active part of the business of the rancher is the work entailed by the necessity of collecting and sorting them at given periods.

For the purpose of a general "round up" the cattle owners of a district join together, contributing each in proportion to the extent of their herds, a number of riders and horses properly equipped, with the required wagons, tents and provisions for a prolonged expedition of several weeks. A common proportion is one rider for every thousand head of cattle to be claimed, but each rider must be provided with at least seven or eight horses. The owner of 15,000 head of cattle will consequently be called upon to furnish about 15 riders and 120 horses, with all the transport and attendants which such a party may require. The owner of 700 or 800 head will send one rider and his equipment, and the difficulty with which the owners of very much smaller herds are met is that the expense of rounding up 100 head of cattle is no less than the expense of rounding up 1,000. The difficulty can be met, however, by the further application of the prevailing system of co-operation, and 10 owners of herds averaging 100 each can combine to contribute one rider and his equipment to the public round up.

A day having been fixed by mutual agreement on which the round up is to begin, the riders of the various ranches place themselves on that day under the orders of the "captain" of the round up of their district. The limits of the district under each captain are clearly defined, and the position of captain in the district is no less honorably distinguished than that of the captain of a football team in a public school.

(To be continued)

TREES FOR THE PRAIRIE.

At the Indian Head experimental farm there are over 120,000 trees growing in shelter belts, hedges and plots, and at the Brandon farm there are close on 100,000. These plantings have changed the aspects of the farms vastly for the better. Every settler who sees them becmes impressed with the importance of the work, and, in consequence, the demand for proved trees, such as the Manitoba or ash-leaved maple, and the green ash, is greater than the supply. More than six tons of the seeds of these and other trees have been gathered during the past seven years, by Indians and half-breeds working at government expense. These seeds have been distributed far and wide, and in every district in the Northwest may be found plantations grown from seeds so supplied. The interest taken in this subject is immense; nothing tends to give birth to a love of home more than the picturesque comfort caused by an abundant growth of ornamental shade, or fruit trees.

The arboretums of the various experimental farms are proving of first rate importance. By a study of their successes and failures, a farmer need throw away little independent experiment upon trees and shrubs, too tender to stand this climate. Formerly many thousand dollars were wasted annually, through the planting of eastern fruit and ornamental trees, not sufficiently hardy for the Northwest. At Agassiz, B. C., where the climate is soft and equable, the opportunities for introducing exotic species are almost unlimited; but at Brandon, and more especially at Indian Head, the peculiarities of climate are so marked, that comparatively few species not indigenous to the soil succeed. For instance, at Indian Head, 200 species and varieties, and at Brandon an additional hundred, are about all that have been proved adapted to those localities.

At the Brandon farm, Mr. S. A. Bedford, superintendent, finds that for shelter belts, the green ash, balm of Gilead, native aspen, mossy-cupoak, white willow and American larch may be depended upon; while for hedges, white spruce, cottonwood, ashleaved maple, bercoleusis popular, sharpleaved willow, native rose, bush honeysuckle, Siberian pea tree, yellow willow, wild plum, Siberian southernwood Asiatic maple, wolf willow, red osier dogwood, common lilac, and old man (Artemesia abrotanum) have proved most satisfactory.

A prairie, or, in fact, any home, should be made a thing of beauty as far as possible. For this reason a little labor in planting ornamental shrubs is well spent, even though it never bring any concrete return in dollars and cents. A careful diposed collection of a few of the following shrubs will do much to add to the appearance of the farmer's grounds: Buffalo berry, Alberta hunnysuckle, common barberry, purple cytisus, native honeysuckle, Virginian creeper, and white virgin's bower. In addition, several of the plants already given as suitable for hedges will give a pleasing effect if set out, singly or in groups, for purely ornamental purposes.—Free Press.

TRI-WEEKLY MAIL.

Cardston should have a tri-weekly mail service, and at once. There are more than 3,000 people in this district who receive their mail through the Cardston post-office, and in a few months there will be 2,000 more who will depend upon this post office for their mail.

It now costs the Post Office Department $800.00 a year for a semi-weekly service: to make it a tri-weekly would cost only $400.00 additional, and think of the great conveniences gained for that $400. At present, on account of the connections at Lethbridge, the service is very little better than a weekly. The train from the south arrives on Saturday morning, and our stage leaves Friday morning! That is a connection for you. We men get all now southern mail on Tuesday. What better is it than a weekly service? There is little doubt but what a strong petition would accomplish the desired end. And there will be no better time than the present for the movement.

Who will take hold of this all important matter and see it through?

NOTICE.

Lumber hauling will not be permitted on the Sabbath. Those parties hauling will govern themselves accordingly.

(31-34) M. D. HAMMOND.

NOTICE.

Tenders for BEEF.

SEALED Tenders will be received addressed to M. D. Hammond, Cardston, Alta., and marked "Tender for supplying Beef to Canal Contractors." Information will be given at the office of C. O. Card. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Tenders received up to the 18th, of March.

M. D. HAMMOND,
(32-33) Agent for Contractors

NOTICE.

Gry & Wight & Co., blacksmiths, have placed in my hand for collection all accounts outstanding at the time of dissolution of partnership.

Parties having accounts with said Firm will kindly settle same and save expenses.

C. E. Snow.

H. W. Brant, M.D.
Graduate and qualified Physician and Surgeon.
Offers his services to the people of Cardston and vicinity.

Photograph Gallery
at the Residence of
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Open on clear days from 12 to 2 pm
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Office Hours: 9 to 4.

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PIANOS & ORGANS.
Organs from $75 00 up to $175 00
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From $25 00 to $80 00.

Graphophone For Sale.
Columbia Graphophone, 26-inch horn, with folding stand, two-way hearing tube, and 85 records, all in perfect condition. Come and see it at this office.

Fire and Life Insurance.
Equitable Life (Assets $200,000,000)
British America Fire Assurance Co.
Western Fire Assurance Co.
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Meat Market.
Wm. Wood.
Smoked Tongue, Hams and Bacon.
My own cure.
Cash paid for hides

Hooked up at last.
HARNESS & SADDLERY.

Quality first. Prices right.
S. H. Horner,
CARDSTON, Next Kearl's Livery Stable

Deseret News and The Record one year for $3.50

Get Ready for Spring
by buying your
Farm Implements
now and then you will not get disappointed. We are agents for the MASSEY HARRIS CO., the largest manufacturers of farm machinery in the British Empire. They make the best.

No better hand plows.

The CORBIN DISC has proven itself in this district to be worth double any other pitted against it.

The VICTORIA SULKY leads them all. Will not spring in the beam, and works perfectly.

Car of elegant Furniture just in. Dry Goods, Boots & Shoes, Clothing, Hardware, &c., &c.

Save money by buying from
H. S. Allen & Co.

C. Edgar Snow, Banker,
Cardston, - - - Alberta.
1895 1899
A general banking business transacted.

LETHBRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.

Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7:30 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Mondays and Thursdays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $8.00; Round trip, $15.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.
MERCER & McCARTY PROPS.

Great Bargains
For Newspaper Readers
CLUB OFFERS

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News, both one year for .....$3.50.

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Montreal Family Herald and Weekly Star, both for....$2.75

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, for.....$2.50

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Toronto Weekly Globe both one year for.....$2.50

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THE CARDSTON RECORD
CARDSTON, ALBERTA.

IN MANILA.

ALL WAS QUIET UP TILL NOON YESTERDAY.

Another Virulent Anti-American Decree Has Been Issued by the Filipinos—Officials are Anxious.

Manila, Feb. 27.—11.15 a. m.—Except for an occasional volley and some individual firing from the jungle near Caloocan along the river, and in the vicinity of San Pedro Macati, all was quiet along the entire line last night. The enemy's sharpshooters at Caloocan continue to annoy the American soldiers in daytime, but the Americans no longer pay much attention to them, reserving their fire until the rebels appear in the open in sufficient force to justify a volley or an occasional shell. During the night time the men are so accustomed to the enemy's salute that the majority of them remain undisturbed secured by the outposts and sentries.

In Manila absolute quiet prevails, the streets are deserted and the only sound to be heard after 7 o'clock in the evening is the tramp of the patrols and sentries and the occasional clatter of the hoofs of an officer's horse.

Insurance companies, after a conference, have decided to accept war risks at an additional premium of 5½ per cent per month.

4.55 p. m.—Two commissioners, who returned from Malolos under a flag of truce today, report that 800 rebels are anxious to surrender. They also express the belief that Aguinaldo is inclined to accept pacific overtures. Major General Otis did not receive the commissioners.

ANOTHER DECREE.

Hong Kong, Feb. 27.—The Filipino government has issued another virulent anti-American decree, in which the following passage occurs:

"The American guns respect neither honor nor property, but barbarouys massacre women and children.

"Manila has witnessed the most horrible outrages confiscating the properties and the savings of the people at the point of the bayonet and shooting the defenceless, accompanied by odious acts of abomination, repugnant barbarism and racial hatred worse than the doings in Carolina. Unless you conjure a holy war for independence you are only worthy to be slaves and pariahs. Proclaim before the civilized world that you will fight the death against American treachery and brute force. Even the women should fight if necessary.

American professions and promises are pure hypocrisy. They covet the spoils of this patrimony of our race, wishing to implant here a more irritating and barbarous dominion than in the past.

DEWEY'S REASONS.

New York, Feb. 27.—A Washington dispatch of the Herald says: "With the arrival of the German cruiser Kaiser in Augusta at Manila and the reports of filibustering expeditions from Japan in the interests of Aguinaldo, there is a well-defined suspicion in the public mind here that the "political reasons," of Admiral Dewey for desiring the Oregon must be interpreted in the broadest sense that her presence is desired as much for the moral effect in preventing foreign interference as in bringing the insurgents to terms.

"The anxiety of officials has reached such a point that there is no further doubt that Rear Admiral Dewey asked to submit an explanation. The meeting of foreign consuls yesterday, followed by Admiral Dewey's request for the Oregon, is regarded as highly significant, but in the official dispatches there is no connection of the two incidents and in fact the authorities declare they have not been advised that the foreign consuls still confer.

WALLA TONKA

The Notorious Choctaw Indian May Have Escaped the Gallows for the Third Time.

South McAllister, I. T., Feb. 27.—Walla Tonka, the Choctaw Indian who achieved national notoriety by touring the west with a baseball team while under sentence of death, is in peril for the third time. Unless the United States deputy sheriff, who started from here to serve a writ of habeas corpus, granted on Saturday afternoon by Judge Clayton, of the Indian territorial federal court, reaches the scene of execution in time to prevent it, Walla Tonka will be shot at noon today on Alikeni, Wolf county, in the heart of the Choctaw nation.

Twice before, Walla Tonka has been far nearer to death than he is now, but the roads were not so bad then, and the courier, who carried him his salvation, could make better time. The crime for which Walla Tonka is to die is the murder of his uncle, Lampson Young, who was an Indian deputy sheriff, a year ago last summer.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 27.—Tom Allen, an old-time prize fighter, and at one time champion heavy-weight of the world, is under arrest at the Four Courts, charged with murder. Tom Couprey, whom Allen shot in the course of a fracas in the ex-prize fighter's saloon, died at the city hospital shortly before midnight last night. Allen declares that he thought Couprey was going to shoot him and for that reason used his revolver.

Don't drop insulting remarks. A bigger man may pick them up.

BARON DE REUTER DEAD

His Death, Closes an Active Life—He Introduced Foreign Telegrams Into London Papers.

Nice, Feb. 26.—Baron De Reuter is dead.

Paul Julius de Reuter, baron of the Duchy of Saxe-Coburg and Gothsa, director and founder of Reuter's Telegram company, was born at Cassel Hesse-Nassau, on July 21, 1816. From 1849, as the various telegraph lines were opened, Baron De Reuter worked them into his great news agency and in 1851, when the cable was laid between England and France, he transferred his chief office to London. Previous to this there were no telegrams in London papers.

In 1865 the baron converted his business into a limited liability company and remained managing director until 1878. Baron De Reuter was remarkably vigorous and active, considering his age. Until recently he walked five miles every day. For years past he has not taken an active part in the business of the Reuter's Telegram company, of which his son, Herbert de Reuter, has long been the managing director.

FAMINE IN CHINA

An Appeal is Made to the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce for Corn.

San Francisco, Cal., Feb. 26.—The American residents in Cheefoo, China, have sent an appeal to the San Francisco chamber of commerce, requesting that a ship load of corn be sent for the relief of the 2 000,000 Chinese in Shang Tung province. The unprecedented floods of the Yello river have destroyed the crops, and the immense population along the great river is on the verge of starvation. The appeal, which is signed by John Fowler, Hunter Corbett, W. O. Elterich, George Cornwall and C. B. B. Downing, says the people of Shang Tung subsist upon corn, and continues: "We believe that if your grainmen will ship to the United States consul in Cheefoo direct from the Pacific slope a steamer loaded with corn, it will be the means, not only of saving thousands of lives, but also of opening up a market of 25,000,000 to 30,000,000 consumers later on."

The chamber will act at its next meeting.

THE LEAGUE OF MERCY

A New Order to be Instituted for the Purpose of Booming the Prince of Wales' Hospital Fund.

London, Feb. 26.—The Prince of Wales' hospital fund, which started off with such a flourish of trumpets, is now known to have proved more or less of a failure. Matinees, concerts, balls and every such excellent expedient have been tried, culminating in the ingenious hospital stamp idea, which is also admitted to be a fiasco. A new and extraordinary scheme is projected—the creation of a new order, to be entitled the League nof Mercy, in which those who collect and promote the collection of subscriptions for the hospital fund are enrolled members. The new order will be based on the Royal Victorian Order and will consist of five classes. The highest being knights of the grand cross. There will be a distinctive badge, ribbon and festival. The motto of the order will be "Christo Et Regina." The Prince of Wales will be grand master.

THE FUNERAL SHIP

Roumania Has Completed Her Task—The Remains of the American Soldiers Safely Landed.

Washington, Feb. 26.—The funeral ship Roumania, which is engaged in the sacred mission of bringing home the remains of the brave soldiers who lost their lives in Porto Rico and in Cuba, has completed its work so far as Porto Rico is concerned.

The number of American dead on the island was comparatively small, and their disinterment and removal to the transport occupied only about a week's time. A telegram received by Colonel Moore of the quarter-master general's office, says that the Roumania left yesterday for Santiago, where the principal work of the expedition will be done.

SCANDINAVIANS INDIGNANT.

London, Feb. 26.—Advices received here from Scandinavia say the czar's decree for the Russification of Finland has awakened a feeling of indignation and sympathy. The Swedish papers characterize the decree as a coup d'etat. It provides for an increase of the Russian forces, the extension of conscription, and makes Russian obligatory and the official language. The Swedish professors at Helsingfors university have been replaced by Russians. The prominent officers of Finland have sought an audience with the czar regarding these abuses, but their request has been refused.

A GENEROUS GIFT

Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan Will Bear the Cost of Installing Electric Lights in St. Pauls.

London, Feb. 26.—The representative of the Associated Press writes that Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan is to bear the entire cost, amounting to $25,000, for the installation of electric lights in St. Paul's cathedral.

PARTED AT THE ALTAR.

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY

CHAPTER XXXIV.—FREDERICK THORNTON'S WIFE.

"How foolish I am to be so agitated at the name—Frederick," thought Doris, recovering her composure by a violent effort. "Of course there is more than one 'Frederick' in the world."

Ah, how she loved the handsome young husband whom she was, even then, hiding from.

All her wealth seemed dross to her, because she had missed Frederick Thornton's love.

By a great effort Doris collected her scattered thoughts, and listened to what the old nurse was saying:—

"Are you ill, child? Why, you are as white as a ghost."

"No, I am not ill" replied Doris; "it was only a sudden pain at my heart. Pray go on; I am listening to your story."

And the old nurse did go on with the strange revelation that was to change the current of two lives.

"As I was saying," she continued, "the whole family of the rich banker was very grateful for the excellent care I had taken of handsome Mr. Frederick, and I grew to know them well—so well that when I was transferred from Baltimore to the New York hospital, I stopped a week at their beautiful home.

"And it was then that I heard the tragic story that has darkened poor Mr. Frederick's life ever since the hour of that fatal sickness."

Doris was beginning to feel strangely interested in the narrative. She could not tell why. She was listening intently, her little hands locked tightly together in her lap, her large blue eyes never leaving the old nurse's face.

"I told you of the blank in poor Mr. Frederick's mind when he left the hospital," she continued, "and of something which he felt had escaped from his memory, try hard as he would to recall it. He could not even remember what had brought him to Baltimore, or why he was there."

"Yes, you told that before," said Doris, impatient at the repetition.

"Upon that hangs the tragedy which followed," answered the nurse, wiping a tear from her eyes with her long white apron.

"Poor Mr. Frederick went back to his home, and his mother and sisters and his old sweetheart, who was visiting there, gave the idol of the family a royal welcome. It was almost like having him back from the grave—he had been so near the borders of eternity.

"This sweetheart was a pretty, dark-eyed girl, who thought a heap of Master Frederick, and the great fuss she made over his return flattered his vanity, of course. He never knew before quite how much she cared for him.

"When he asked her to marry him and she consented, nothing could have pleased his family more.

"The day was set for the wedding, the bride's trousseau was ordered, the invitations for the grand wedding were given out, and the day set for the marriage was fast drawing near.

"Then, suddenly, and without warning, the strangest event happened that ever happened in any young man's life.

"One evening, while walking with his sweetheart, he was suddenly confronted by a young and beautiful girl, who claimed him as her husband."

A great gasp broke from Doris's white lips; but the old nurse, not heeding it, went on, slowly:—

"The young girl claimed him, crying out that she had tracked him down at last—the young husband who had married her, and had deserted her almost at the very altar."

Again that horrible gasp broke from Doris's lips, and was unnoticed. Doris tried to speak, to cry out, but the words died away in her throat. The room, the green trees outside the window, and the face of the old nurse, seemed whirling around her; and through it all, as if shrieked out, trumpet-tongued, upon the still air, she could hear every word that was uttered.

"Then, in a flash—that which Mr. Frederick had tried so hard all in vain to recall when he recovered from his dangerous illness, came back to him. And it struck him dumb with horror.

"It was quite true. He had married the lovely young girl, bringing her to Baltimore on their wedding trip; and stepping out to get a cigar, the terrible accident had occurred which laid him up for long weeks in the hospital. And, oh, the pity of it! Think of it!—picture it! When he had recovered, it was with a strange blank in his mind. He had forgotten the existence of the fair young bride he had brought to Baltimore—forgot his marriage and all connected with it. And it was all the more pitiful, because it had been a secret one. Even his relatives knew nothing of it.

"Before he could find voice, in his horror, grief and amazement, to explain this to the young bride who believed herself so cruelly deserted, and had tracked him down, finding him about to wed another, she had fled, and—"

The rest of the sentence never was finished. With the wildest cry that ever was heard, Doris sprang from the couch, and sank down in a dead faint at the old nurse's feet. In an instant she had raised the slim, girlish figure in her strong arms, and laid her on the couch again.

"Dear me! who would have thought the story would have affected her so!" she muttered, brushing back the lovely, clinging golden curls from the marble white face. "I only meant to draw her thoughts away from her own troubles. I am afraid this will give the poor child a terrible back-set."

She lost no time in administering restoratives, and soon the lovely blue eyes flared open, and they rested on the old nurse's face; there was a gleam so strangely bright in them that Mrs. Linwood, the old nurse, was quite frightened.

With a great sob Doris struggled up to a sitting posture and caught eagerly at the old nurse's hands.

"Was it a dream?" she cried, incoherently. "Tell me—was it a dream?"

"Was what a dream, my dear?" asked the old nurse, in a puzzled wonder, looking in affright at the girl's flushed face.

"That it was fate that separated Frederick and me!" gasped Doris. "That he did not mean to desert me so heartlessly! Oh, there has been a most horrible mistake—a mistake that has wrecked two lives!" she cried out, incoherently.

"Listen, nurse;" she cried, vehemently. "I am that most unhappy bride who wedded Frederick Thornton secretly and came with him to Baltimore, and who had every reason to believe that he had wilfully deserted me."

"You!" cried the old nurse in the greatest amazement.

"Yes, I," repeated Doris, sobbing as though her heart would break. "It must have been the hand of fate that led me to you, nurse, and prompted you to reveal to me Frederick Thornton's story. And oh! the joy of knowing he never meant to be false to me! Oh, nurse, nurse, those words have made me well!"

Mrs. Linwood almost believed it as she looked at the girl's beautiful flushed face, and her eyes bright as stars.

Long and earnestly the old nurse and Doris talked the matter over; and Doris told her all of her pitiful story from beginning to end.

"Now that you know all, nurse," she sobbed faintly, "what would you advise me to do?"

Oh, how eagerly, wistfully the lovely blue eyes scanned the wrinkled face of the old nurse who had saved Frederick's life.

Mrs. Linwood took the little, white, trembling hands in her own, and smiled down into the eager, lovely young face.

"There is but one thing to say, my dear," she answered, slowly, "and that is—to go back to your husband."

Doris drew back with a sudden blush.

"Nay, nay; do not let false modesty stand between you now," she counseled. "You are his lawfully wedded wife; and a wife's place is by her husband's side."

"Oh, nurse, if you would but send for Frederick to come to me, telling him all," sobbed Doris, hiding her lovely face on the white, ruffled pillow.

"I know a better way," declared Mrs. Linwood. "As soon as you are strong enough to stand the little journey I will take you to him. He is now at Thornton Villa," she answered.

CHAPTER XXXV.—DORIS GOES TO FREDERICK'S HOME.

It has often been said that "Love works wonders." This was especially true in Doris's case. From that moment her rapid convalescence was most wonderful. In a week's time she was able to undertake the short journey to Thornton Villa.

"How strange it seems—going back to my—my—husband, after being so strangely parted from him three long years ago;" said Doris, clinging to her companion's arm, half laughing, half sobbing, as the coach rolled swiftly along the sunlit streets, then struck into the shady road that led out into the suburbs.

Oh, how joyously the birds warbled, looking at the lovely face in the carriage that whirled by with their bright little eyes, as much as to say: "We know where you are going; we hope you will have a royal welcome." Even the flowers seemed to nod gaily to Doris from the roadside as she passed them.

"Every mile brings me nearer to my love," murmured Doris, as she counted the mile-stones.

And yet, when the great turrets and towers of Thornton Villa loomed up in the distance before her, she grasped her companion's arm with nervous dread.

"I am coming to Frederick's home unbidden," she breathed, softly. "I wonder if his mother and sisters will be glad or sorry when they see me!"

Then she remembered under what widely different auspices she had crossed that threshold before. She blushed to remember it—in disguise, and as his mother's paid companion. Now her fortunes were strangely reversed. She was heiress to a million now; a courted, petted society belle—a different personage, indeed, from the little nobody, the poor little dependent whom Mrs. Thornton would have considered no match for her handsome, elegant son.

"Of course they will be glad to see you, my dear," declared the old nurse, warmly. "They know but too well how Mr. Frederick has mourned and grieved after you."

Trembling with excitement, she still clung to the old nurse's arm as the carriage swept up the long curved drive to the porch.

Mrs. Thornton and her three daughers, Isabel, Gwendolin and Trixy, were seated in the drawing-room engaged in quite a spirited discussion at that particular moment.

And it had all been brought about by a letter Gwendolin held in her hand. It was from Vivian Carsdale, and read in the postscript that she intended paying them a flying visit some time during the following week—"and had something wonderful to tell them—that is, if you have not learned all about it from Frederick ere this," she added.

And it was as to what this wonderful news could be they were just then discussing.

"I hope my brother has not married that artful Vivian at last," cried Trixy, "and I am almost sure it is that, for did not Frederick write us himself nearly six weeks ago, these identical words—'he had something wonderful to tell us, when he came home'?"

"I used to think so much of Vivian, three years ago," sighed Mrs. Thornton. "It was the one desire of my life to see her Frederick's wife—and now I am only too thankful that they drifted asunder."

"Perhaps the artful young widow has accomplished that which the young girl failed to do—caught Frederick in her toils after all," said Isabel.

"What if it should be about Gerald Marston, the old lover whom Vivian threw over for Frederick three years ago, would you care, Gwendolin?" asked Trixy, looking roguishly at her sister.

"She could say nothing about him that could affect me," said Gwendolin Thornton, proudly.

"She might say that she had met him again, and at sight of her dark eyes the old flame of love has been relighted in his breast, and he has laid his heart and fortune at her feet a second time."

"I should not believe it," returned Gwendolin, quickly. "All love for Vivian died out of Gerald's heart long ago. He told me so only the last time he called. Oh, mamma," she cried, turning her blushing face toward her mother, "shall I tell Isabel and Trixy what else he said?" she stammered, hiding her rosy face in her handkerchief.

"I will tell them for you, my dear. They may as well know first as last," smiled Mrs. Thornton. "Gerald asked your sister Gwendolin to become his wife my dears."

There was a perfect shower of ohs! and ahs! from two pairs of lips, and in a trice, Isabel and Trixy were by their sister's side, covering her blushing face with kisses, declaring the lovers had stolen a march on them. They had not even suspected such a tender state of affairs.

"Then it really must be our poor brother Frederick whom Vivian has caught in her toils," declared Trixy, despairingly.

"He does not write much like a happy lover," said Isabel, languidly. "There is certainly a tone of despondency running through his letters."

"Ah, mamma, you have almost forgotten to-day is Thursday," said Trixy. "You know Frederick is coming here to-day."

"How could I forget that, my dear?" smiled Mrs. Thornton. "I am counting the hours until he arrives. He will not be here until seven. It is only three now, my dear," consulting her jeweled watch.

"I hear carriage wheels now, mamma," declared Trixy, springing to the bay-window, from whence she had a very good view of the spiral drive that led to the front porch. "Yes, I see a carriage. The coachman is opening the door. It is not Frederick, mamma. Two ladies are alighting."

"Callers," commented Mrs. Thornton, settling herself down in her chair and awaiting the inevitable.

"Why, bless me, if it isn't old Nurse Linwood" cried Trixy, from her post of observation. "And there is a beautiful young lady with her, mamma; a young and very lovely lady, elegantly dressed."

Mrs. Thornton raised her eyebrows in well-bred surprise, but made no comment.

A moment later there was the sound of voices in the corridor without. Nurse Linwood and the butler, who had never been on good terms, were having a little altercation outside.

"No, ma'am, no; I cannot allow you and this lady to pass on to the drawing-room without being announced. My lady would be very angry, indeed!"

"But I will pass on without being announced!" declared Nurse Linwood, emphatically. "Mrs. Thornton will never consider it presumption on my part, be sure of that."

"Orders are orders, Mrs. Linwood," answered the man, sturdily. "All the ladies of the family are in the drawing-room, and perhaps they might not like to be intruded upon by your forcing your way into their presence. I ask you again to wait here until I see whether they will see you and this young woman or not."

"Fiddlesticks!" snapped Nurse Linwood. "Stand out of the way I say."

"Do let the man announce us, nurse," whispered Doris. "I would far rather do it than raise a scene"; but old Nurse Linwood was not to be shaken from her resolve.

"See what is the matter, Trixy, my love," said Mrs. Thornton, knitting her brows into a dark frown. "I cannot understand what those loud voices can mean. If Nurse Linwood is out there, bid her to come in, by all means. Ah, Trixy, I can never repay the debt of gratitude I owe her. Her great care of him saved my darling boy's life."

Trixy flew to the door and flung it open.

"Oh, it is you, is it, Nurse Linwood?" she called. "Come right into the drawing-room."

"Well, who has come out best now in the argument?" said the old nurse to the butler, as she drew Doris triumphantly past him.

But he was not to be outdone in this manner.

"Mrs. Linwood—and—a lady!" he announced, boldly, with a flourish of his hand.

A moment later the old nurse and her charge had gained the threshold of the drawing-room.

Instinctively Mrs. Thornton and the young ladies had risen to their feet at the entrance of the graceful, veiled stranger Mrs. Linwood held by the hand.

The next instant Doris had thrown up her veil. After three long years Frederick's mother and Doris stood face to face—at last!

For one instant a death-like silence reigned. Then Mrs. Thornton took a step forward, scanning breathlessly the lovely young face before her.

"Who are you?" she cried. "Your face is strangely familiar—and—yet—it is not!"

The answer nearly took her breath away. Doris came and knelt before her, bowing her lovely golden head as she replied:

"I am your son's wife! I am Doris!"

CHAPTER XXXVI.—AT LAST.

There had not been so much rejoicing at Thornton Villa for years as there was during the hour that followed Doris's return.

It seemed a wonderful story to Mrs. Thornton and her daughters, that the famous beauty and heiress of whom they had heard so much, was indeed Doris—Frederick's bride.

"Oh, if you had but made a confidant of me and told me all, how different everything would have been," cried Trixy, laughing and crying in a breath as she threw her arms around Doris's neck, giving her a real old-fashioned, girlish hug.

"You are here just in time for Gwendolin's marriage," Trixy went on eagerly; "and a very brilliant idea has occurred to me in connection with it. We will have a double marriage. You shall be married over again to Frederick, and that will be your real wedding day. I will not hear a word on the subject in the way of objection," declared Trixy. "I must have my way about this.

"You will have barely time to rest an hour before luncheon," Trixy went on, gayly. "Remember who is coming at seven. And when he finds his darling Doris is here—beneath this roof—he will not wait an instant until he sees you. These lovers are always impatient creatures. Great goodness! how you are blushing, Doris. But there! I must run away.

"Oh, dear! every one's love affair turns out happy but mine," murmured Trixy, with a little, half-suppressed sob. "Gwendolin and her lover are to marry. Doris and Frederick are to be happy at last. While Karl Lancaster, the young man I care for—Oh, dear, what a little goose I am for caring for a young man who does not dream of caring for me. But he does not know it and never shall. There's a great deal of consolation in that."

It was a very happy six o'clock dinner they sat down to; but Doris could not eat a morsel. But no one pretended to notice it. She was glad to escape to her room. She quite fancied they must hear the tumultuous throbbings of her heart as the hands of the ebony and bronze clock on the mantle traveled slowly—very slowly—toward the hour of seven.

Suddenly there was a quick, imperative tap on the door, accompanied by Trixy's shrill voice, crying out, impatiently:—

"Open the door, Doris, please. I have something for you."

Doris opened the door all in a flutter. Had Frederick come, and was Trixy bringing a message from him? But, no. There stood Trixy, with a pretty white mull dress, half smothered in lace flounces and knots of blue ribbon, on her arm.

"I'm going to convert you, in no time at all, into a veritable Cinderella, my dear Doris," she cried. "As your trunks are not here yet, you must accept the loan of one of my dresses for this once. I want you to look ever so pretty in 'somebody's' eyes. And I know that somebody will think you perfectly charming in this."

"Oh, how good you are, dear," said Doris, happy tears shining in her blue eyes.

"Don't mention it, or you will confuse me," declared Trixy, laconically. "Come now, Doris. You haven't much time to spare, I can tell you. See, it wants a quarter to seven now."

Then the work of transformation began. Doris was soon robed in the pretty white mull dress, and the pale blue sash knotted about the slender waist, with a cluster of blue bells as blue as her eyes, on her breast.

"There never was such a little fairy," Trixy declared, leading her up to the mirror. "True, you have not any diamonds on—and I haven't any to loan you; but who would miss such trifles, gazing at such a bewitching, blushing face, and eyes bright as stars? Oh, won't every young fellow around here envy Frederick though!"

"Please don't, Beatrix," cried Doris, blushing redder than ever. "I'm so happy, and you are trying to make me vain."

At that moment the sound of carriage wheels was heard rolling up the avenue.

"It's Frederick—at last!" cried Trixy, waltzing out of the room, but calling back with a saucy little roguish laugh: "Expect to be called very hurriedly in five minutes time."

And away she flew to allow Doris to recover her composure; but that was easier said than done. How her face flushed and paled as she heard that well remembered voice in the corridor below—heard the tender, cheerful greeting that passed between him and the family. Then she knew, by the faint sound of their voices, they had taken Frederick into the drawing-room.

How long would it be before they would send for her?

At the thought a sudden, girlish hesitancy crept over her, and she felt like running away from Thornton Villa again.

She went swiftly down the corridor into the conservatory, but the perfume of the rare exotics seemed to stifle her, and she passed into the garden.

How long she stood by the fountain she never knew, but a few minutes seemed to elapse; then she heard Trixy calling her name; but she did not move—did not stir. All power to move or to speak seemed suddenly to have left her, she was so agitated. Then there was a confused murmur of voices.

Trixy had burst into the drawing-room with a white, startled face, declared Doris had gone.

A low cry fell from Frederick's lips, but before he could utter a word his mother put her jeweled hand on his shoulder.

"I do not think there is any need for agitation, my dear boy," she said. "You must go into the conservatory and search for Doris, and take my word for it, you will find her; if not there, she will probably be in the rose-garden beyond, waiting for you."

Frederick Thornton needed no second bidding: in a flash he had gone from the room, and was hurrying toward the conservatory. He stood in the midst of the nodding blooms, glancing around him with eager, impatient scrutiny, calling, softly, "Doris! Doris!" But no slight form pushed aside the green leaves and sprang into his outstretched arms.

"She is not here," he said to himself. Then he went on into the rose-garden beyond.

"To be continued.

GINGER JAR POETRY.

Cousins.

We talk about relations, but in every family
One father and one mother is the usual lot we see.
Of brothers and of sisters we have five or six or so,
While aunts and uncles number just a pleasant, goodly row.

But that which runs the count up till we fairly lose our breath,
Which keeps the memory jumping from our birth unto our death,
Which meets us when we gather in groups of many dozen,
Is that good, beaming kinsman whom we salute as cousin.

It's Cousin Bab and Cousin May and Cousins Kit and Sue;
It's Cousin Blanche and Cousin Grace, with Cousins Nan and Lou;
It's Cousins Margaret and Nell, it's Cousins Jean and Beck,
Until the man who greets them all is kissed into a wreck.

Then Cousin Joe and Cousin Tom and Cousins Dick and Ed,
With Cousin George and Cousin Will and Cousins Bob and Fred,
And Cousins Arthur, Mart and Bert, backed up by Cousin Jake,
Quite floor the happy victim with the hearty cousins' shake.

Oh, things may go to pieces in all other bonds of life!
Health, friends, with home and fortune, may be swallowed in the strife,
All other loss may happen, all disasters be unfurled—
We shall still be rich in cousins, for 'tis cousins make the world.

If.

If men would cease to worry
And women cease to sigh,
Doctors would have to plod afoot
Instead of riding by.

If neighbor spoke to neighbor
As love demands of all,
Then lawyers would make kindling of
Their shingles on the wall.

Woman.

She vowed the silence of our souls
Was food for heart and mind,
Then struck a gait, and for three hours
She talked me dumb and blind.

An Old Story.

The old, old story he told me again—
No breathing of love's tender lay—
But his old romance to hold off the bill
He had promised so often to pay.

When Lights Are Low.

When lights are low, I sadly muse,
Around me breathes the night wind's sigh
And yet—and yet—my thoughts refuse
To live within a day gone by.
Though thronging memories near me flit,
I wave them back to lodgings damp
And merely wonder as I sit,
"Now, who forgot to fill that lamp?"

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

Only Two Men Know the Trick.

There is one expert in Philadelphia who, it is safe to say, stands entirely alone in his specialty. He is James Toughill, who has charge of the piling of coin bags at the subtreasury. Not only does he have charge of the piling of the bags, but he does it all himself, for there is a secret connected with this work that is known to only one man in the country besides the Philadelphia expert.

It does not seem at first glance to be a very difficult task, but those who have tried it and failed can be counted by hundreds, while the first man to do the work properly without a knowledge of the secret having been imparted to him is yet to be named. Not so many years ago there was only one person in the country who could do the work. Where he obtained his exclusive knowledge no one knows. On a trip to Philadelphia he met Toughill and the two became fast friends. As a mark of his esteem the original expert taught Toughill the art of piling up money securely, and that is as far as the knowledge has been extended.

The work consists of piling up bags containing 1,000 silver dollars each as high as the vault will permit. When built by the experts this silver wall is as solid and substantial as if built of bricks and mortar, and it is well this is so. If one of these walls should be constructed on wrong principles it would surely fall, and a fall usually means serious injury to some one. Many men have been hurt in attempting to learn the art, and now Toughill and his friend, who is in the west, occupy the field alone.—Philadelphia Record.

In Extremis.

Late one night a clergyman was called out to minister to an old man—a worker upon the adjacent railway—who was supposed to be dying. The summons was brought by another old man, the elder brother of the stricken one. While he was bustling about, making preparations for departure, the clergyman forgot momentarily the social status of his visitor and asked, "Is he in extremis?"

The old man was not going to be beaten. "Aye, she's right in, your reverence." After a pause he added as a clincher: "Clean in, poor chap. Right up to the neck, sir."—Cornhill Magazine.

The Sickle of the Sphinx.

The oldest piece of wrought iron in existence is believed to be a roughly fashioned sickle blade found by Belzoni in Karnak, near Thebes. It was imbedded in mortar under the base of the sphinx, and on that account is known as "the sickle of the sphinx." It is now in the British museum and is believed to be nearly 4,000 years old.

NOT A NAUSEATING PILL.—The excipient of a pill is the substance which enfolds the ingredients and makes up the pill-mass. That of Parmalee's Vegetable Pills is so compounded as to preserve their moisture, and they can be carried into any latitude without impairing their strength. Many pills, in order to keep them from adhering are rolled in powders, which prove nauseating to the taste. Parmalee's Vegetable Pills are so prepared that they are agreeable to the most delicate.

The Best of Proof.

"And you say you gave me no encouragement?"

"That is what I said."

"No encouragement? Why even your father thought it all settled."

"My father? What proof have you of your extraordinary statement?"

"Proof? The best of proof. He borrows money from me."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

He Was "On."

The Count—I haf lofed your daughtaire from ze fairst time we met.

Her Father—Who had told you that I was rich?—Chicago News.

Wood Tar.

It is curious to note that wood tar is prepared just as it was in the fourth century B. C. A bank is chosen and a hole dug, into which the wood is placed, covered with turf. A fire is lighted underneath, and the tar slowly drips into the barrels placed to receive it.

Betrayed.

"Yes, we went away and left the gas burning. Staid two weeks."

"Was your bill any higher?"

"Yes; the fool night watchman told the gas company about it."—Indianapolis Journal.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

SNAP For the Brain Worker.

STRENGTH For the Physical Worker.

STAMINA For Men, Women and Children.

DR. WARD'S BLOOD & NERVE PILLS

DR. WARD'S BLOOD & NERVE PILLS

READ THE PROOF!

GENTLEMEN,—I have for a long time needed something to make blood and build up my system. My blood was watery and thin, lacking strength and vitality. Last January a friend said:—"Why not try Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills? They will supply the oxygen your blood needs and give you health and strength." I told him I was very skeptical as to any benefit that could be derived from any proprietary medicine and had no faith in them. There the matter rested until four months ago, when reading so much about what Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills have done for so many people with impoverished blood, I concluded to give them a trial. I have taken four boxes and my unbelief so far as Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills are concerned has been entirely removed. They are a splendid blood builder and strength restorer, and an invaluable medicine for weak, enervated people. This has been my experience, they having given me strength of body and strong healthy blood.

(Signed), PETER LAWRENCE WHYTE,
988 Queen St. West, Toronto, Ont.

All good druggists can supply you. If they won't, we will by mail. Price 50c. per box; 5 boxes for $2.50. THE DOCTOR WARD COMPANY, Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Business Partnership of Matrimony.

The time to begin to learn from each other is when people are first married, when life is still a playground to them and when romantic love condones what in later years might seem nagging or carping criticism. We are all creatures of habit. If we get used to the business partnership of matrimony in our youth, it becomes second nature and not a hardship nor a disillusionment. If people would take time to understand each other and to cultivate mutual confidence, how much easier married life would become—in fact, all life! To be sure, we only hear of the unhappy marriages, while great numbers of people are plodding on together silently and happily. But there is enough friction to warrant this kind of consideration, because even those who are to all appearances contented might make more of life if they looked upon marriage as an equal partnership.—Frances Evans in Ladies' Home Journal.

There is danger in neglecting a cold. Many who have died of Consumption dated their troubles from exposure, followed by a cold which settled on their lungs, and in a short time they were beyond the skill of the best physician. Had they used Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, before it was too late, their lives would have been spared. This medicine has no equal for curing coughs, colds, and all affections of the throat and lungs.

Ellen Terry's Hobby.

Miss Ellen Terry's favorite hobby is one which is probably not followed by any other leading actress. She has quite a passion for collecting the eyeglasses of celebrities, and whenever she begs a pair she invariably gets the wearer of them to write his or her autograph upon them. Among others she has several of Sir Henry Irving's, Sir Arthur Sullivan's and the late Sir Morell Mackenzie's. The collection of celebrities' eyeglasses is kept in a special cabinet in her charming house at Barkston Gardens, South Kensington.

The superiority of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is shown by its good effects on the children. Purchase a bottle and give it a trial.

The Professional Burglar.

The professional burglars belong to a special class, stereotyped and exclusive, forming a community of their own. These men take a peculiar pride in their "profession," and a certain amount of union exists between its members. If a burglar is in trouble, his friends will pay for the defense, though they are not above betraying each other occasionally if circumstances require it. The receiver of stolen goods works hand in hand with these men, and without them the profits of the robberies would be small.

It is difficult to state as to how far the love of excitement and adventure instigates the burglar to crime; but that it plays an important part, of this there can be no doubt. To creep along house tops in the dark, to mount ladders and lay wire traps for the upsetting of inmates should they run out to give an alarm, to screw up the doors of dressing rooms and tamper with domestics, all these pursuits doubtless have their fascination to the criminal mind.—Gentleman's Magazine.

TUMORS

Our remedy is pleasant to use and the cure is permanent. Particulars free.

EPT. W. N. ABBOTT,
MYRON MASON MEDICAL CO.,
577 Sherbourne - TORONTO.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

A FISHERMAN'S TRIALS.

Exposure While at Sea Brought on an Attack of Sciatica Which Caused Him Most Excruciating Agony.

Mr. Geo. W. Shaw, of Sandford, N. S., follows the occupation of a fisherman, and like all who pursue this arduous calling, is exposed frequently to inclement weather. Some years ago, as a result of exposure, Mr. Shaw was attacked by sciatica, and for months suffered intensely. He says the pain he endured was something agonizing, and he was not able to do any work for some months. His hip was drawn out of shape by the trouble, and the doctor who attended him said that it had also affected the spine. After being under the care of a doctor for several months without getting relief, Mr. Shaw discontinued medical treatment, and resorted to the use of plasters and liniments, but with no better results. He was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and finally decided to do so. After using them for a couple of weeks, he found a decided relief, and in about two months' time every trace of the trouble had disappeared, and he has not since been troubled with any illness. Mr. Shaw says he occasionally takes a box of pills to ward off any possible recurrence of the trouble.

Those attacked with sciatica, rheumatism, and kindred troubles, will avoid much suffering and save money by taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills at the outset of the trouble. Sold by all dealers or sent postpaid at 50c a box or six boxes for $2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Egyptian Burials.

It has hitherto been supposed that in Egypt the practice of embalming the bodies of the dead and forming them into mummies was the most ancient method of sepulture, but Professor Flinders Petrie, the well known Egyptologist, has by recent excavations thrown quite a new light upon this question of the ancient method of disposing of the dead. At Deshasheh, a place about 50 miles south of Cairo, he has discovered a series of tombs, in the coffins of which he has found complete skeletons from which the flesh has been carefully dissected, evidently previous to burial. The coffins are of admirable workmanship, are made of sycamore and are in perfect preservation notwithstanding their 5,000 years' burial in the sand. It remains to be proved by further excavations whether the mutilation of the bodies was performed as a ceremonial rite or whether this removal of flesh from the bones points to cannibalism on the part of the ancient people.—Chambers' Journal.

SORE FEET.—Mrs. E. J. Neill, New Armagh, P. Q., writes: "For nearly six months I was troubled with burning aches and pains in my feet to such an extent that I could not sleep at night, and as my feet were badly swollen I could not wear my boots for weeks. At last I got a bottle of DR. THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL and resolved to try it, and to my astonishment I got almost instant relief, and the one bottle accomplished a perfect cure.

Relaxation.

There's nothin like goin to town now an then,
A-seein the sights an a-noticin men.
There's one that's especially comic to me—
I kin pick him as fur as I'm able to see,
A-lookin so fiercelike an swell n his chest
An actin important an doin his best
To be haughty an bein jes' curious an quaint—
The man that's a-tryin to seem what he ain't.

Sometimes he's a speaker that's pawin the air
With arguments landin him goodness knows where.
Sometimes he keeps talkin 'bout littery toor
When hams is the topic on which he'd be sure.
He comes in all styles, an I'm willin to skip
Some work now an then fur the sake of the trip
An a good, quiet laugh, free from any restraint,
At the man that's a-tryin to seem what he ain't.

—Washington Star.

Take B.B.B. This Spring.

"Twill purify the system—Give you strength and energy.

Very few people escape the enervating influence of spring weather.

There is a dullness, drowsiness and inaptitude for work on account of the whole system being clogged up with impurities accumulated during the winter months.

The liver is sluggish, the bowels inclined to be constipated, the blood impure, and the entire organism is in need of a thorough cleansing.

Of all "Spring Medicines," Burdock Blood Bitters is the best.

It stimulates the sluggish liver to activity, improves the appetite, acts on the bowels and kidneys, purifies and enriches the blood, removes all poisonous products, and imparts new life and vigor to those who are weak and debilitated.

7 Big Boils. Mr. Wm. J. Hepburn writes from Centralia, Ont.: "I can sincerely say that Burdock Blood Bitters is the best spring medicine on the market. Last spring my blood got out of order, and I had seven or eight good sized boils come out on my body, and the one on my leg was much larger than an egg. I got a bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters, and inside of six days, when only half the bottle was taken, there wasn't a boil to be seen. I have recommended B.B.B. to different people in our village, and all derived benefit from it. I wish B.B.B. every success, as it is indeed a great medicine for the blood."

B.B.B. is a highly concentrated vegetable compound - teaspoonful doses—add water yourself.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

GRIPPE'S LEGACY.

Shattered Nerves and Weakened Heart--A St. John Lady Tells About It.

Mrs. John Quigley, who resides at 30 Sheriff St., St. John, N.B., states: "Some time ago I was attacked by a severe cold, which ended up in a bad attack of La Grippe. Since that time I have never regained my health, being weak, nervous and run down.

"I suffered very much from Indigestion, accumulation of gas in the stomach, and was in almost constant distress. I doctored with some of the best physicians in this city; but got no relief until I began using Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and am pleased to say that they have completely cured me.

"My appetite is restored; my nervous system has been toned up to its old-time condition, and I have no more trouble from the Indigestion and can eat anything I choose.

"I am only too glad too testify to the merits of such a marvellous remedy as Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills for the cure of nervousness, heart trouble, Indigestion, etc. Price 50c. a box, all druggists.

His Diplomacy.

"How did you work father so beautifully?"

"With diplomacy, my dear, pure diplomacy. I told him I wanted to marry one of his daughters. He glared at me and asked which one of the six. I said Laura."

"You said Laura?"

"Yes; all diplomacy, my dear. He flew into an awful rage and said I couldn't have her. He said she was too good for me. I insisted. He grew madder. I still insisted. Then he roared out: 'You can't have Laura, you jackanapes! Mollie is plenty good enough for you!' And that's the way I got you, Mollie, dear. Wasn't it beautiful diplomacy?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Messrs. C. C. Richards & Co.,
Yarmouth, N. S.

Gentlemen,—In January last, Francis Leclair, one of the men employed by me, working in the lumber woods, had a tree fall on him, crushing him fearfully. He was, when found, placed on a sled and taken home, where grave fears were entertained for his recovery his hips being badly bruised and his body turned black from his ribs to his feet. We used MINARD'S LINIMENT on him freely to deaden the pain, and with the use of three bottles he was completely cured and able to return to his work. SAUVEUR DUVAL.

Elgin Road, L'Islet Co., Que
May 26th, 1893.

Llamas are the chief freight carriers in central Peru. The usual load for an animal is about 100 pounds. If you put upon his back more than he can easily carry, he quietly kneels and will not budge until the load is reduced.

It is said that there are, between Madagascar and the coast of India, about 10,000 islands which are not inhabited.

HOW TO CLEANSE THE SYSTEM.—Parmalee's Vegetable Pills are the result of scientific study of the effects of extracts of certain roots and herbs upon the digestive organs. Their use has demonstrated in many instances that they regulate the action of the Liver and the Kidneys, purify the blood and carry off all morbid accumulations from the system. They are easy to take, and their action is mild and beneficial.

A POOR UNFORTUNATE.

His hoss went dead an his mule went lame;
He lost six cows in a poker game;
A hurricane come on a summer's day
An carried the house whar he lived away;
Then a earthquake come when that was gone
An swallowed the land that the house stood on
An the tax collector, he come roun
An charged him up fer the hole in the groun
An the city marshal, he come in view
An said he wanted his street tax too!

Did he moan an sigh? Did he set an cry
An cuss the hurricane sweepin by?
Did he grieve that his ole friends failed to call
When the earthquake come an swallowed all?
Never a word of blame he said,
With all them troubles on top his head!
Not him! He climbed to the top of the hill,
Whar standin room was left him still,
An, barin his head, here's what he said,
'I reckon it's time to git up an git;
But, Lord, I hain't had the measles yit!"

—Frank L. Stanton in Atlanta Constitution.

Corns cause intolerable pain. Holloway's Corn Cure removes the trouble. Try it and see what an amount of pain is saved.

The winners of the sewing machines in the Royal Crown Soap Company's competition for the week ending Feb. 18th, are as follows: Winnipeg, Mrs. Lindstrom, 307 Nares Street; Manitoba, John Campbell, Manitou: North West Territories, Mrs. L. Robertson, Willowood, Assa. The Royal Crown Soap Co. will continue this competition, giving away three machines each Monday until further notice.

W. R. ALLAN,
General Insurance Agent,

FIRE Companies Represented:
Quebec Fire Assurance Co.
Royal Insurance Co.
Sun Insurance Office
Union Assurance Society

All classes of Insurances transacted and losses promptly and satisfactorily settled.

SAFES **VICTOR** SAFES
KARL K. ALBERT, GEN. AGT.
407 MAIN ST., WINNIPEG,
Next door to P. O.

SNAPS FOR CASH.

Household Safes, small size, - - $12.00
Household Safes, large size, - - 30.00

Just the thing for a Christmas present, Both useful and ornamental.

Merchants' Safes, all sizes and prices; on easy terms or cash. Come and see them or write for quotations. Special prices during November and December.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

It is Chase & Sanborn's Seal Brand Coffee, reason enough why it is popular.

W N. U. 209

You can upset this man, but you can't upset the FACT that

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER

is the best Baking Powder to use. Because it is HIGH IN QUALITY while it is LOW IN PRICE.

WHITE STAR is everywhere in this country

TRY IT!

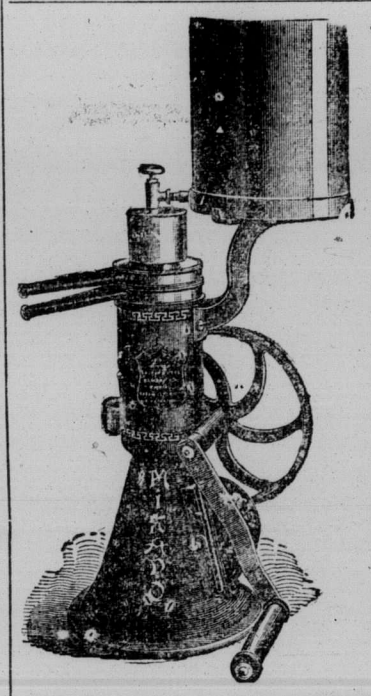
THE DYSON-GIBSON CO.

BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES, NEW AND SECOND-HAND, BOWLING ALLEYS AND SUPPLIES.

Large catalogue free.

THE REID BROS., 257 King West, Toronto.

We beg to call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills in this paper. The firm have a good thing on the market. Dr. Ward's Liver Pills, which have already proved to be a most excellent family medicine as a cure for constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness etc. They are sold at 25c per vial or 5 for $1, or mailed on receipt of price by the Dr. Ward Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.



When Buying, why not get the best?

MIKADO CREAM SEPARATORS

"There is nothing succeeds like success."

If this old proverb is a true one, we ought to have a bonanza year in 1899. It is just about a year since we accepted the agency for "Mikado Cream Separators" for Manitoba, Northwest Territories and British Columbia, and in that year we have sold 300, each one of which, as far as we can learn, giving perfect satisfaction. This is the best advertisement we can have.

Easiest Running, Cleanest Skimming, and all washed up and ready for next time in 3 minutes.

Interesting Terms and Prices for present buyers.

MANITOBA CREAM SEPARATOR AND SUPPLY CO.

147 Bannatyne St., Winnipeg.

NATIONAL FARMERS COMPANY

National Binder Twine

(TRADE MARK).

Full strength: over 75 lbs. breaking strain. Full length: 600 feet to the pound. Full weight: 80 lbs. to each bale. No clogging in the binder—compactly wound; made entirely of pure Manila Hemp without adulterant of any kind, absolutely the best ever offered the Canadian farmer.

80 lbs. NATIONAL BINDER TWINE FOR $12 CASH with any one of the following valuable and useful

PREMIUMS:

14-Karat GOLD-PLATED WATCH, stem-winding and stem setting, guaranteed reliable time-keeper—lady's or gentleman's size—maker's guarantee with each watch.

SOLID GOLD RING set with genuine Garnet and Opal gems—stamped and warranted—with maker's Trade Mark and guarantee.

MUSICAL CLOCK, glass sides, in Nickel Silver and Gilt—a handsome ornament and accurate time piece. A never ending pleasure in the home.

HOW IT IS DONE: The National Farmers Co. sells direct to practical bona fide **Farmers;** employs no middle men or agents, does business only for cash, makes no losses—every dollar does its full duty. We have a lot of **NATIONAL Binder Twine** on hand—so much that the bank rate of interest until after harvest, on the money locked up, will amount to many thousand dollars. We want to save that interest and give it to the farmer in return for cash. That is where the premium comes in.

This Company reserves the right to refund your money if the price of Hemp advances by reason of the Philippine war or other causes. Manila Hemp comes from the Philippine Islands. ORDER AT ONCE and make certain of your season's supply before Hemp advances.

Remit money to us only by Postal Note, Post Office Order, Express Order or Registered Letter. Write your name plainly, give your post office address and also the railway station to which we are to ship the Twine. You pay freight on the Twine from WINNIPEG, we send you the premium prepaid by mail or express from Toronto.

Observe above directions carefully so we cannot make any mistake in forwarding your goods. Say whether you want a Gentleman's or a Lady's Watch, a Musical Clock or a Ring—if the latter, send a piece of string or paper size required.

Address all letters and make all remittances payable to

NATIONAL FARMERS COMPANY,
TORONTO.

Enquirers are referred to any Mercantile Agency and to the Editor of this paper as to our responsibility.

Royal Crown Soap

Grand Weekly Free Sewing Machine Competition

3 New Williams, No. 6

Drop Head, Sewing Machines,
Value $65, Each
Given away weekly for Royal Crown Wrappers and Coupons, viz:

WINNIPEG, 1 each week.
MANITOBA, outside of Winnipeg, 1 each week.
N. W. T. and ONTARIO, east to Schrieber, 1 each week.

Ask your Grocer for a Coupon with every five bars of wrapped ROYAL CROWN SOAP. Full instructions on each Coupon.

First Drawing Monday, January 16, and each week thereafter until further notice.

Large List of Books and Beautiful Pictures still given away for ROYAL CROWN SOAP WRAPPERS to those who do not compete for the Sewing Machines. List mailed free on application.

THE ROYAL SOAP CO., Winnipeg

CARDSTON RECORD.

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Friday at Cardston.

Office—Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance. Advertising Rates on application.

In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisments they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisements will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

Copy for change of advertisments MUST not be in later than Monday noon.

ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Managing Editor,
CARDSTON, N. W. T.,
DRAWER 72. CANADA.

Cardston, March 10, 1899.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Hereafter THE RECORD will be published on Fridays. Cardston subscribers will get their papers with the Friday evening mail. This change in our publication day is made necessary on account of the alteration in the mail service instituted by the Post Office Department.

C. E. SNOW,
MANAGING EDITOR.

OFFICIAL INFORMATION.

Earl of Minto,....Governor-General of Canada.
Sir Wilfrid Laurier.....Premier of Canada.
A. E. Forget,....Lieutenant-Governor of N. W. T.
L. G. De Veber,....M. L. A. for Lethbridge District
Horace Harvey...Registrar for Dist. of So. Alberta.
W. F. McCreary...Commr. of Immig'r, Winnipeg.
J. A. Hammer,....Overseer, Village of Cardston.

HOTEL DE WOOLF

RATES, $1.50 PER DAY.
Livery & Feed Stable.
Cardston, - Alberta.

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.

All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.
Cardston. . . . . Alberta.

You Know
Wolsey & Evans,
Contractors & Builders,
W. M. Wolsey. James Evans.
Cardston, . - - Alberta.

Six Mormon missionaries have arrived in Winnipeg to prepare for missionary work in the province.—Free Press.

The Weekly Globe, Toronto, $1.00 a year. THE RECORD has agency.

We will print your name and address on 250 nice XXX White Lined Envelopes for $1.50. The Envelopes alone would cots you $1. at any of the stores.

Would you not like to have a copy of the first "Mormon" newspaper published in Canada? The Record still has a few copies of No. 1 Vol. 1 for sale at 10 cents.

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

When you want receipt or note Books call at THE RECORD Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts. You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

THE RECORD has the agency for CLEVELAND BICYCLES. Can sell you a good one for $40. or a better one for $90. Ladies' Bicycles from $40. up to $80. Now is the time to order your Bicycle. The Cleveland Bicycle is the BEST made.

HOME MISSIONARIES.

The Home Missionaries will visit the different wards in March as follows:

West Ætna, Mar. 12th.
Caldwell, Mar. 19th.
Ætna, Mar. 26th.
Elders A. Mercer and O. E. Bates.

Cardston, Mar. 12th.
Ætna, Mar. 19th.
Mt. View, Mar. 26th.
Elders Frank Leavitt and Jno. Hunt.

Caldwell, Mar. 12th.
Leavitt, Mar. 19th.
Cardston, Mar. 26th.
Elders V. Stewart and ——— Jordon.

THOS. DUCE,
Pres. of Home Missionaries.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Macleod is to have another newspaper.

D. H. Cox of Mt. View was in town on Monday.

Born—A son to the wife of A. J. Gay last week. All well.

Hansen, merchant, was in town on business this week.

A regular chinook prevailed all day Monday.

A Mr. Nelson has put-up a small house just north of Mr. Wood's place.

Saturday, Mr. C. Marker, of Calgary, Supt. of Government creameries was in town.

Sam Layne gave an oyster supper to a big crowd of jolly young folks on Friday evening.

Born—Twin boys to the wife of R. H. Wellman, of Mt. View, last week. All well.

Wm. Wood has between thirty and forty hogs that are "beauties." Mr. Wood is now busy fattening them for the spring market.

The Co-op have had the building they formerly used as a warehouse moved on to the cheese factory lot where it is being re-built.

The Home Dramatic Co. will present another play in the near future. That's right, boys, keep things moving; don't let the town die.

Patriarch H. L. Hinman is suffering from quite a siege of sickness. His host of friends hope to see him speedily recover.

A representative of the Manitoba Free Press, F. C. Potts, was in Cardston on Saturday. He is getting subscribers for his paper.

The Medicine Hat "News" has started out on its sixth year. It's a good newspaper and well represents the district in which it is published.

Our Job Department has been busy this week printing for M. D. Hammond, agent for the canal contractors, and S. H. Horner, dealer in saddles, harnesses, etc.

Mrs. Scott, aged 65 died on Saturday. She was the mother of Mrs. John Dunn and another daughter who lives in Mt. View, where the ramains were tenderly laid away to await the resurrection morn.

From the Department of Public Works we received a splendid map of the North West Territories per last mail. Cardston, Mt. View, and Colles are indicated, and the map will be of great value to the people of the N. W. T.

"C. Marker left on Saturday for Cardston, 40 miles south of Macleod, to attend to business in connection with the creamery at that point," says the Calgary Herald. "Carsdton, 40 miles south of Macleod." That is rich. We ask, where is Macleod?

Ex-mayor Grady informs us that in conversation with J. H. Ross, minister of public works, he learned that the two bridges over the Kootenay River, to the south of us, are to be pushed to completion without further delay. With the exception of two loads, the material is already on the ground. The benifit of these bridges to our town, opening up as they will the Mormon settlement to Macleod merchants, require no comment.

Mr. Grady goes on to say that the Bridge over Willow Creek, to our north, will be proceeded with as soon as the frost is out of the ground. New tenders for this may be asked for: but the material has already been procured, and it is probable that the job may be done by the day. The record of drownings at this ford is a dark one; and for this bridge, no less than for the other two, all may well be deeply grateful.—Gazette.

"The present irrigation work by means of which water is to be taken from the St. Mary's River, near Cardston, and carried to a town site near the boundary line, is expected to work great changes throughout the territory traversed. It is also proposed to run a branch to Lethbridge as a source of water supply for that town.

It is reasoned that irrigation will very materially affect the weather in the district. It is expected among other things to bring about a cessation of the high winds. This will mean that the ranchers of the district must abandon their present locations or turn their attention to the more laborious life of farming.

As a result of this present aspect of affairs a number of cattlemen within range of the proposed irrigation canal are considering the advisability of removing to the Macleod district before being driven out by climate changes."—Gazette.

COAL, COAL, COAL!

Clarke Mine, - - - - - - Belly River.
$2.25 per ton at the Mine.
Delivered in Cardston for $5.00 per ton.
Orders may be left at Co-op or Allen store.

Herschell is dead.

Czar of Russia is very ill.

Pope Leo is near to death.

Give us a tri-weekly mail.

Kipling is reported improving.

Cardston must have a tri-weekly mail.

"Deserve success and you shall command it"

It has been like spring for several days past.

J. P. Low went out to Lethbridge yesterday.

There was a light snow fall Wednesday night.

Samuel Cox is again about after his long spell of sickness.

The North West Legislative assembly will meet at the end of March.

Give us a tri-weekly mail service or restore the former time table.

Mrs. R. A. Pilling and Mr. and Mrs. Edwards have gone to Utah.

W. M. Wolsey and W. S. Needham are going ahead with their buildings.

Mr. Thos. Duce has been quite ill for a week. Hope to see you out soon, Uncle Tom.

Horses are advancing in price. One day this week Mr. Bert Talbot bought a team paying $150. for them. A Mr. Matkin sold a span for $130. Another team went for $75.

The presbytery of Calgary hold its half-yearly meeting last week at Macleod and elected Rev. Jas. Morrow of Medicine Hat as moderator for ensuing year.

There is a notice posted up in the stores which calls for tenders for putting up ice. The party who put 'em up is evidently a stranger here or he would know that our thriving town has a newspaper and that all such notices should be published therein as it is "a la mode."

A lot of matter is crowded out of this issue. A communication from Mrs. Zina Y. Card; a report of Mr. Speers' visit to Cardston as told to a Manitoba Free Press reporter; a long article in the Free Press about the six Mormon missionaries who are in Winnipeg, etc., etc.

The Cardston Record predicts that the population of the Mormon Metropolis will shortly exceed that of Calgary but that Journal forgets that when Cardston's population exceeds the present population of Calgary the latter city will probably have increased ten-fold.—Alberta Tribune.

Wednesday afternoon, Mrs. Jennie Peterson gave a reception in honor of the marriage of her daughter Hannah to Arthur Pitcher. In the evening a dance was given in the hall and all had a right good time. The young people have a large circle of friends who wish them joy and prosperity in their future life together.

SOCIAL PARTY.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Wolsey gave a very pleasant party to a number of their friends, Friday evening. Refreshments were served and a general good time enjoyed by the guests. Those present were:

Mr. and Mrs. Spencer; Mr. and Mrs. Turner; Mr. and Mrs. Seager; Mrs. Sarah Hinman; Messrs Bolderson, Yancey, Card and Campbell.

TO ATTAIN LONGEVITY.

A DAILY, thorough bath with mid soap and warm water, aided by a brush which leaves the body tingling and smooth; a nap or rest for twenty minutes every noon before the system has exhausted its supply of force: a long and rapid walk, which gradually extends in length; a warm room in winter, with ventilation day and night: a perpetual, open-air life in summer; a few but complete gymnastics for fifteen minutes a day to supply the muscles and tone the nerves; food composed principally of fruits and whole wheat, with meat once a day and abudant salads and nuts; and, lastly, nights of unbroken sleep for nine hours; these make up the regime.—Ex.

The Record
$ 2.00

LORD STRATHCONA'S LETTER.

The following letter from Lord Strathcona, high commissioner for Canada, was published in the London Times on Feb. 3.

EMIGRATION TO CANADA.

To the Editor of the Times:

Sir. May I be permitted, at the opening of another season, to again draw the attention of the public, through your columns, to the advantages Canada offers to those contemplating emigration?

The great need of Canada is population, and there is room for many millions of people in the different provinces. With a territory nearly as large as Europe, its inhabitants are not more numerous than those of London. Free farms of 160 acres are offered to settlers in Manitoba and the Northwest Territories, where thousands of square miles of fertile land remain unoccupied. This land is suitable for mixed farming, for the raising of cattle and dairying. Crown grants may be acquired in the other provinces, and improved farms at reasonable prices. I may mention also that the great mineral wealth of the Dominion, its fisheries, its forests of timber and its growing manufacturing industries, all of which are capable of great developement, if the necessary capital is forthcoming.

Canada seems to have entered upon an area of prosperity. The harvests of the past two years have been generally satisfactory. The other industries, as well as agriculture, have shown considerable expansion, and the export trade, notably in food products of all kinds, is rapidly increasing. The same remark applies to the import trade, especially from the Mother Country, which cannot fail to be benifited by the preferential tariff. The inauguration of penny postage will also certainly have the happiest results in cementing the bond of union between the different parts of the empire.

While it is not my intention to advise any person to emigrate to Canada who is already doing well at home, there are undoubtedly many who, from one cause or another, have the matter under consideration. The classes wanted in the Dominion are persons with capital, agriculturists, tenant farmers, young men desiring to learn farming, male and female farm servants, and domestic servants. Such persons often experience much difficulty in knowing to whom to apply for guidance, and I shall be glad if you will allow me to mention that the Dominion government have established agents in the United Kingdom, whose names and addresses may be found in a notice displayed in almost every post office, through the courtesy of the postmaster-general. From those agents and from my own department, advice, information, pamphlets and letters of introduction to the government agents in Canada may readily be obtained.

I will only add that those who go to Canada, ready and willing to aid in the developement of the country, will be assured of a cordial welcome. They will not find themselves in a strange land; but among a loyal and prosperous people, as proud of being subjects of the Queen as if their destiny had led them to reside in the United Kingdom.

STRATHCONA,
High Commissioner.

We print

Cards.
Blanks.
Tickets.
Posters.
Receipts.
Programs.
Statements.
Bill Heads.
Letter Heads.
Wedding Invitations.
At the Lowest Prices.
Call and see us.

C. Marker, Superintendant of Alberta Creameries visited Cardston this week.

Notice.

FROM

February 1st. to March 1st.
The CARDSTON CO. Ltd.,

WILL HAVE A

Removal Sale in every Department.

A few more Ladies, Misses & Childrens Coats at cost; they must go.
Now is your time to buy a nice dress Silk & trimming to match.

Gents Furnishings

Ties	Ties	Ties	Ties	Ties
	25c worth 40 50 and 60c.			
Hats	Hats	Hats	Hats	Hats
50c	75c	85c	1.00	1.25

Worth Double.

Shoe Department.

	Shoes	Shoes	Shoes	Shoes	Shoes	
Gents	90c	$1.00	$1.25	$1.50	$1.75	& up.
Ladies	65	75	1.00	1.25	1.50	& up.
Misses	50	65	75	85	90	& up.
Baby	25	35	40	45	50	& up.

These Goods Must Go

to make room for our large stock that is on the road and we invite the public to inspect and you will sure be satisfied.

There is a Carload of Furniture, Carpets, Curtains, and our stock will be complete so it will pay you to see ours before you buy elsewhere.

Highest Price paid for Produce.

The Cardston Co. Ltd

Samples Now Ready.

W. A. MURRAY & CO., LIMITED, TORONTO

Largest Dry Goods House in the Dominion of Canada, now ready with Spring Samples of New Dress Goods, Silks, Wash Fabrics and other Dry Goods needs. A complete Range will be sent to any address. Write for Catalogue. Address Mail Order Dept.

The W. A. Murray & Co., Toronto.Ont.

ENVELOPES.

Comply with the postal requirements by using your envelopes printed, by THE RECORD.

Subscribe for THE RECORD.

H. W. SAVORY,

Boundary Creek (Cardston P. O.) Alta.
Saddle & Work Horses For Sale.

Following is a list of the publications for sale at the RECORD OFFICE:

Puck
Judge
Strand
Argosy
Quaker
Nickell
Tit Bits
Success
Puritan
Squibbs
Vanity Fair
N. Y. World
Wide World
Metropolitan
Cosmopolitan
Munsey Maga.
New Illustrated
McClures Maga.
Canadian Maga.
Broadway Maga.
Review of Reviews (Eng)
Review of Reviews (Am.)
Frank Leslie's Popular Mon'ly.

Editor Journal:—During the past week Newton was favored with a visit from Pres. C. O. Card. A special meeting was held during his visit, at which he gave an interesting account of the Alberta Stake country.—Logan (Ut.) Journal.

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, both one year for $2.50.

FOR SALE—Model 1 Improved Hand Printing Press, Chase 5x7. At RECORD Office.*

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends, 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

- Samuel Cox, -

Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting,
& Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
CARDSTON. . . ALBERTA.

Kearl Hotel

Kearl & Sharp, Props.

First Class in all Appointments.

$1.50 per day and upwards.

Meals, 40 Cents.

Livery, Feed & Sale Stables

Good outfits furnished at all hours.

Rates Reasonable.

The Great West Magazine will publish an illustrated article on the Mormons of Cardston in a forthcoming number. Bring ten cents to this office and your name will be put down for a copy of the magazine. Every family should procure a copy and preserve it.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, MARCH 17, 1899. NO. 34

IN WASHINGTON, D.C.

Mrs. Zina Y. Card Writes of the National Council of Women.

EDITOR RECORD:—On the evening of the 4th. of Feb. Mrs. Gates and myself started for Washington by the D. & R. G. route; she going as Chairman of the Press Commitee and Salt Lake Herald reporter and my own mission as Delegate for the National Relief Society.

We were very joyous over the prospect of a trip together as we had always imagined it one of fulfilment of a contemplated mission our honored father had talked of just before his death for us.

We heard, incidently, that the trains had been blockaded, but on purchasing my ticket I was assured that the road would be open before our arrival at the place of detention.

All went merrily till we arrived at Colorado Springs, or Glenwood Springs, properly, a lovely summer resort, with a grand hotel, immense warm springs with covered and open plunge baths, and everything on the most approved modern plan: but, alas, it was in winter; a blinding snow storm had been raging, and we were informed that a snow slide had occurred about four miles beyond, killing four men, completely demolishing an engine and freight cars, and we must wait for the opening of the drift. It still snowed, and cold, ugh! Canada could not make a better record below zero!

Twenty-four hours of waiting, but having a good lunch basket, and falling in with some very nice ladies and two sweet children, we were not discouraged or unhappy.

Off at last! One hour's ride and we come to the terrible snow slide. The steep mountain side; walls of snow; battered cars, down! down! in the river where the poor men met their death. A shiver runs over us. With a silent prayer of thankfulness that we were not there at the fatal moment, and we dash through the canyon where mountains tower, rivers rush, and dame nature seems to defy the power of man to penetrate her fastnesses. Yet on we go, the mountains echoing the shrill whistle of the train, down to Leadville. Pikes Peak covered with snow; snow still flying, and stop. We ask how long. Don't know; trains can't pass; too cold and so much snow. Fourteen hours wear away. It is still intensely cold, which causes the trains to lose time, but we rejoice that all fear of trouble is over.

We landed in Washington Sunday night between 11 and 12. Find friends, and start Monday morning at 9 o'clock to get to the Council meetings. Never in the memory of the oldest inhabitants has such a storm raged in Washington. We succeeded, by paying two dollars each, to get to the council meeting.

Here we met the most cordial and noble ladies of the United States, and have been edified and instructed by the grandest and most soul inspiring articles, from the brain and pen of women who have devoted their lives for the betterment of their sex and the whole human family.

Miss Susan B. Anthony, Mrs. Mary Low Dickenson, Mrs. May Wright Sawall, Mrs. Rachel Foster Avery and Mrs. Annie Shaw: five of the most distinguished and intelligent ladies in the eye of England and America as reformers.

Susan B. Anthony stood as a tower of strength where many were clamoring for strenous measures to be passed against the much talked of B. H. Roberts. Not for a man, but for a principal, she stood, to make the moral standard reach all men who are violaters of U. S. laws, and with her Rev. Annie Garland Spencer, Mrs. J. E. Foster and many other women for a resolution of this nature to pass. This resolution was passed by a rousing majority. Those who were for the minority report on the resolution were lovely women who desired what they deemed the best good for the nation; but it was too narrow for the Council idea, which is to bring into a broad and sympathetic union the forces of woman's work on all organized lines for moral social, physical and financial reforms; to convert and bring the youth of the nation to see these great self evident truths and both sexes to work for their fulfillment.

Three sessions a day from 9 a.m. to 10 p. m. through storm and blizzard, assembled the ladies of this memorable assembly. The spirit of the Lord was there, and peace was the motto of all. The results are with God, but He will surely ripen such lovely seeds of truth as were sown on that glorious occasion to bring a harvest of peace to the human family.

In Washington we visited Mt. Vernon, the home of Pres. Washington, with the bedrooms just as they were left by himself and wife. Being built on a hill which slopes gently down to the Potomac River on two sides, one gets a fine view of hills and woods, with everything to make an ideal southern home.

A walk down the green hill side and we stand before the tomb of this good and great man and his estimable partner. Two plain marble coffins, in a fine red sand stone vault, with the whispering leaves of huge trees he planted, ever singing "Sleep on till the resurrection of the just." One thought came to me with force. The Father of our country would surely approve of the noble work done by that grand body of women workers known as the "Women's Council."

Our next most interesting visit was to the New Congressional Library, a building full of historic, artistic, and scientific, statuary painting and architecture, from the brightest and best of American talent as well as other nations.

It is impossible to give in an article like this a hundredth part of the fine things to see in the capital of this great nation.

We left Washington for a flying trip to Philidelphia. Mrs. Gates had an aunt living there whom we hunted up, and were received with open arms by her. We spoke to the Universal Peace Union, a powerful society having its head quarters in this City of "Brotherly Love." Sister spoke on the "Women of Hawaii," their political position and future privileges with regard to the annexation with the U. S. My subject was the "Pioneers of Utah," and application of the system of irrigation that has been imitated and applied by so many people since then.

We were thanked most warmly by the Pres., Mr. Love and by all present for our lectures and visit. We were received in the home of Mrs. Rachel Foster Avery as guests. Our visit to old Independence Hall, where hangs in state, the old cracked bell of national fame; pictures of all the signers of the Declaration of Independence, among whom is Samuel Huntington, one of my own direct ancestors, was a rare treat for us. Many things in this hall brings to mind similar experience in the history of our own and other people for all reforms, bring conflict and not more than a year ago the Universal Peace Union Society were turned out of Independence Hall, because they were for peace and had the flags of all nations as decorations in the room they had rented there.

I must not forget a brief interview with the talented and beautiful sister of our Editor, Miss Ida Snow, who is a most successful artist in Elocution and Literature (and has a charming studio) patronized by some of the leading families of Washington. She was much interested in everything about our own Canadian home in general, and her dear brother in particular.

Now we are homeward bound; through cities, over bridges, down grades, and up, up to the mountain tops through the Royal Gorge, and soon to see our lovely "City of the Saints," sleeping in matchless beauty in the arms of the Rocky Mountains.

With love to all, I am ever your devoted,

AUNT ZINA.

NOTICE.

Tenders for Building.

I WILL receive Tenders until April 1st, to lay 100 perch of Rock; and also 50,000 Brick, more or less; also for Carpenter work. See plans at my home.

EPH. HARKER.

Cardston, 15th. March, 1899.

The following explains itself: "I got a copy of your paper the other day from a neighbor. I am a blacksmith. I see by your paper that no blacksmith is advertised. Will you please let me know if Cardston has a blacksmith shop? If not, I may go there and start up in that business."

VILLAGE ESTABLISHED.

Under the provisions of The Village Ordinance, His Honour the Lieutenant Governor, by and with the advice of the Executive Council, has been pleased to Order that each of the areas described below be established as a Village, under the name immediately preceding each respective description, appoint the person whose name and post office address appears at the end of each description Returning Officer at the election of Overseer for each said Village, to be held on Tuesday, the tenth day of January, A. D., 1899:

Cardston—Being that portion of Section 9 Township 3 Range 25 west Fourth Meridian subdivided into town lots as shown by two plans of the same numbered respectively 1733E signed by Charles Alexander Magrath, D. L. S., and 2247G signed by John Stewart, D. L.S., both plans being registered in the Land Titles Office for the Southern Alberta Land Registration District; Returning Officer, John A. Woolf, of Cardston, Alberta. N. W. T. Gazette.

THE LONDON TIMES

ON RANCHING IN ALBERTA.

(Continued)

It is a position accorded only to high merit of the required kind, which includes intimate knowledge of the country and equestrian ability. The round up is sent in detachments a headquarter post, being assigned to each camp to the furtherest probable limits of straying cattle. The whole range is then scoured. Every head of cattle which is found upon it is driven together toward the home pastures, and eventually the representatives of each ranche cut out their own cattle and brand all calves which are running with their cows. It is evident that in a round up in which a poor man is not represented it is nobody's business to collect his cattle, and though they should be driven, as they probably would be in the general round up, towards the home pastures, it is not improbable that his unbranded calves should either be allowed to stray again unbranded or be branded with the cows of another herd. As a matter of fact the owners of a few head of cattle are often riders in the employment of large stock owners, and in such circumstances they would naturally take the opportunity to look after their own cattle, while they assist in the round up of their employers. The brand is the mark of ownership, and if it is not duly affixed the property is lost.

The first general round up of the year is the spring round up, which begins in the first week of June, and lasts for about six weeks, the riders camping out under canvass all the time. After this the energies of the rancher are devoted to cutting hay, which he has the right to do on the public ranges; or if he works on the more approved progressive system he probably grows green feed for the winter on his own irrigated farm land. The next great round up will be in the autumn. It is known as the beef round up and has for its principal object the cutting out of four year old steers for sale. This is the harvest of the year, and does not usually begin until the end of August or early September, when the grass being fully cured—that is, turned by the long dry weather into hay standing on its roots—the cattle are in their best condition. The price of a four year old steer of prime quality sold for shipping to England to be slaughtered on arrival is from $40 to $45, or from £8 to £9, and the market is continuous for as many as can be delivered at this price. The Kootenay mining market has in the last two years added a considerable local demand, but this is not yet sufficient to alter the price of cattle, which is fixed in England.

It is at this period of the year that the advantage possessed by Canada in her proximity to European markets is appreciated, the price of cattle which is shipped alive being nearly double that realized by Australian steers slaughtered for export as frozen meat. Thus, while as the result of his climate the Canadian rancher has less capital expenditure than the Australian to face in the beginning, he has before him as the result of his geographical position the prospect of a large profit. The relation of expenditure to profit, a knowledge of which is so essential to any practical consideration of the business position, is always difficult to ascertain with any reasonable approach to accuracy. It represents, of necessity, a fluctuating quantity, in which margin for management is very wide. To speak in general terms, it may be said that nearly the whole expense of Canadian ranching is chargeable to labor. The small man who gives his own labor has, therefore, less relative expense than the rancher on a large scale a circumstance which tells in favor of the beginner. The rancher on a large scale, working on a well established and properly organized ranche, should be able, in ordinary circumstances, to keep his expenditure within a limit of from 20 to 25 per cent of his gross profits, and with cattle at £8 a head it is his own fault if these are not considerable. With ranches maintained on the Canadian scale a yearly sale of 2,000 head of cattle is large. There are few ranches, if any, which do business on a greater scale than this, nor are there many which do so much. A yearly sale of 500 to 600 head will give comfortable returns and sufficient occupation to the owner who magages his own ranche, and the rancher who can count on selling 1,000 head of cattle a year is already in an independent position. The expenses of living on the prairie are so light that very happy lives are led, and cheerful homes established on a much more modest basis than this.

In addition to the two great general round ups the ranching year is diversified by other round ups of a more partial kind, carried out for various purposes by owners either singly or together. Different ranchers pursue different methods in the handling of their cattle, some liking to ride more or less constantly among them, some preferring to leave them with as little disturbance as possible upon the range. A general characteristic of Canadian riding, whether in the ordinary work of the round up or the more exciting moments of cutting out and roping, is that it is done quickly, with the smallest possible accompaniment of cracking of whips and shouting. The cattle being, as a result of the general system extremely wild and shy, the object is to frighten and harass them as little as possible. The riding required for the round ups, however, is of the best, and the lovers of horses gets plenty of exercise. The weather at the season of the summer and autumn round ups is usually perfect, dry, bracing and invigorating, and the health which is acquired during long days of galloping over the prairies must be counted as not least among the advantages of a rancher's life. The healthfulness of the Canadian prairie life, whether it be spent in ranching or farming, is one of the elements of the situation of which the importance cannot be over-estimated. To it and to the consequent good spirits which flow from it must, perhaps, be attributed the general sanguine view which every inhabitant of the country appears to take of the future that lies before him.

From what has been said it will be seen that the business of the Canadian rancher is carried on largely by a system of co-operation with his neighbors. In early days the associated round ups were a matter of friendly arrangement between two or three of the principal stock owners. Some of the lesser round ups, especially in portions of the country which lend themselves to the system, are still so managed. But as the industry has expanded the necessity for some more general administration of its interests has made itself felt, and the need has called into existence a body known as the Western Stock Association. The principal stock owners are members of the association, and the public business of the industry is now managed principally by its operation. The Stock Association, which obtained its charater of incorporation in 1896, has legal power to levy an assessment up to the limits of five cents per head on the cattle of its members. By this means it obtains funds for purposes of general interest, such as the destruction of wolves, precautions to be taken against the stealing of cattle, regulations for the interchange of strayed cattle with the American ranges, etc. The board of the association is composed of leading stock owners. The dates of the general round ups and the regulations to be observed are determined at its meetings, and all matters of local concern are open to its consideration. It forms, in fact, a nucleus of the same community of system in dealings with local affairs which characterizes English country life. Membership of the association is voluntary, but, as every rancher to some extent benefits by its operation, the habit of subscription among those who have any standing in the district is fairly general. In this, as in the system of small homesteads, which permits of settlement in groups and consequently of something approaching to social intercourse, the tendency of the Canadian industry towards a system of associated instead of purely individual interests is pleasantly marked.

Conditions combine in the Canadian North West to point to a development of the ranching industry on the basis rather of a large number of small herds than of a relatively small number of large herds. The drawbacks to which small owners are subject in the matter of collecting and sorting cattle are, as has been shown, easily met in a country where combination is the rule, and they are more than counterbalanced by the extra care which the owner of a small herd is able to bestow upon his stock. In a climate like that of Canada care counts for a great deal, and the increase obtainable in small herds is relatively much greater than that obtained under the system of the

(Continued on Page Four.)

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CARDSTON, ALBERTA.

THE DEATH PENALTY.

CORDELIA VIAU AND SAM PARSLOW TO HANG MARCH 10.

Cordelia Will Be the First Woman Hanged in Canada for Over a Quarter of a Century.

Ottawa, March 6.—Cordelia Viau and Sam Parsow will pay the death penalty for the murder of the former's husband at St. Canute, Quebec. The government has declined to grant the petition for a commutation of their sentences. They will be hanged at St. Scholastique Friday, March 10. This will be the first execution of a woman in Canada since the hanging of Phœbe Campbell at London in early seventies for the murder of her husband.

Montreal, March 6. — Archbishop Bruchesi paid a visit to Cordelia Viau and Sam Parslow, the condemned murderers, at St. Scholastique, yesterday. He celebrated mass in the gaol chapel and administered communion to the prisoners. He afterwards had a long talk with them and advised them to prepare for the worst.

A Fatal Collision.

Buffalo, N. Y., March 6.—Lake Shore train No. 10, the Chicago, New York and Boston special, while running at a speed of sixty miles an hour, struck a switch engine at West Seed, N. Y., last night, just before midnight. Both engineers and the fireman of the light engine were so badly injured that they may die, and all the postal clerks and several passengers were badly shaken up but not seriously injured. The engines were completely wrecked. The postal car went down a bank, the combination baggage and buffet car were overturned and some freight cars were smashed to pieces.

Following is a list of the injured: Harry Turner, an engineer of the Erie, Pa., broken arm and scalds; Jas. Kirtland, a foreman of Collingwood, Wood, Ohio, compound fracture of left leg. Gilbert Thompson, an engineer of Buffalo, severe head injuries; Frank Regan, of Buffalo, slight nervous shock; L. L. Griffin, a postal clerk of Cleveland, back injured; Asa Perrin, a postal clerk of Clyde, Ohio, right shoulder and arm seriously bruised. T. N. Mitchell chief postal clerk of Walworth, N. Y. side painfully bruised. John Tutterington of Cleveland, Ohio, left side of face and right arm bruised. R. S. Weiler of Erie, Pa., back injured. H. S. Hubbard, a baggage man, of Toledo, Ohio, right arm and severe nervous shock. Henry K. Hawley, a passenger, of New York, left hand bruised and skinned. Frank M. Jobson, a passenger of Philadelphia, Pa., shock. E. A. Foster a passenger, of Dunkirk, N. Y., shock. Geo. Shapper, of St. Louis, Mo., back and neck strained. The road was blocked for five hours.

Later—It is learned that Fireman Collins of the express, was also injured and died while being taken to Cleveland for treatment.

Brought to Time.

Montreal, March 6.—The city surveyor has decided to take eighteen actions against the Montreal Street Railway company for neglecting to provide a proper service on Ontario and Wellington and Craig and Centre street lines in Montreal, and three more for overcrowding their cars on the first above mentioned streets and on St. Lawrence and Windsor street lines. All these actions are now being prepared by the clerks of the recorder's court, and they are expected to be served in a bunch to-morrow.

The offences cover nine different dates, and are in connection with two different lines of cars, thereby making a total of eighteen. The street inspectors are now busy watching the St. Denis line, and as this service is also found irregular, there are more prosecutions sure to follow. There has been general complaint for a long time about this defective service, but the company claimed that this was due to the destruction of a large number of their cars by fire a few months ago, but it has lately transpired that the company is building and shipping cars for export to Jamaica instead of using them here.

Quebec Will Boom.

Quebec, March 6.—Two lines of steamers will make Quebec their terminal during the coming season of navigation. The Moss line of steamers will provide a weekly service between Quebec and Liverpool. The Morlay Ability company, of Glasgow, will provide a similar service from Quebec. Arrangements for this new double service have been completed. Harold Kennedy of this city has been in Great Britain making arrangements for this service in May next. It is the intention to provide two ten-day services, which will give one vessel every five days from England to Montreal. The expectation is that the local trade of this district will form a very substantial nucleus of the trade for the new lines.

Quebec Bridge.

Quebec, March 6.—Tenders were opened on Saturday for the Quebec bridge to which parliament is expected next session to give a $1,000,000. There are four tenderers—the Carnegie Steel company, of Pittsburg; the Dominion Bridge company of Montreal; the Phoenix Bridge company, of Pennsylvania; and the Union Bridge company, of New York. The tenderers submitted plans for both cantilever and suspension bridges. It was decided to appoint a committee of experts to decide which should the bridge should take before proceeding to award the contract.

The Climate of the Yukon.

Toronto, March 6.—The Globe contains a correspondence from Dawson City in which the writer argues against the idea that the climate in Yukon is severe. He says it is better in many respects than Toronto and as a proof of this fact Bartlett Bros., the largest firm of forwarders in Yukon, have no less than twenty-five horses turned out to grass all winter, wintering twenty-five miles up the Klondike river eating only what they can pick up. So far they have done well and look well.

Kipling's Child Dead.

New York, March 6.—Josephine Kipling, the six-year-old daughter of Rudyard Kipling and the oldest of his three children, died shortly after six o'clock this morning, from pneumonia. The child's death took place at the home of Miss Julie De Forest in this city. Miss De Forest is a friend of the Kiplings and Josephine had been taken to her home so that she could be nursed apart from her father.

The girl became ill the day after Mr Kipling took to his bed. The doctors soon discovered that the disease was the same as that which had brought her father to death's door. Every aid that attention and all the skill employed to save the life of the author, Dr. Conland, the Kipling family physician, and who has known the child from her birth, came down from Brattleboro, Vt., and with Dr. Janeway succeeded in warding off the evil effects of the disease until to-day. But, the little frame was not strong to withstand the onslaughts of the disease and while her father was slowly winning back his life, Josephine died.

Mrs. Kipling had paid daily visits to the girl, and it was for her in this multiplicity of her sorrow that the sympathy of many friends was most earnestly expressed. It was generally believed that Mr. Kipling's condition was such that the physicians would not tell him until he should be stronger of the loss he has sustained.

Elsie the three year old daughter of the author, who is sick in an out-of-the-way apartment in the hotel, was doing nicely, according to the morning's reports of Mr. Doubleday.

Rudyard Kipling continues to improve, having slept naturally the greater part of last night. He has taken no solid food and it may be a week before he is able to do so. He is subsisting on beef extract, milk and other fluid nutrients.

A Suspicious Affair.

New York, March 6.—Miss Magdalene Dorn, twenty years old, died last night in a room occupied by James J. Connolly, under circumstances so suspicious that Connolly is locked up in the police station pending an investigation by the coroner.

Connolly called Dr. Brickner and urged him to accompany him at once to his room to attend a young woman who, he said, had fallen seriously ill while visiting him. Dr. Brickner found Miss Dorn lying on a bed. Gas was flowing from two gas jets. Connolly was greatly agitated, and explained that the young woman had been visiting him and was suddenly taken ill. He left her to go for the doctor, and he says, she must have turned on the gas during his absence. Whether her death was caused by asphyxiation by gas the police would not say.

Connolly said he and Miss Dorn were soon to have been married, and he was showing her his undertaking establishment and the rooms overhead, which were to have been their home, when she was taken ill as told above.

Spain's New Cabinet.

Madrid, March 6.—The new cabinet has been well received by the Conservatives and the business world, but the Democrats and Republicans denounce it as representing the most ultra-montane reign of Conservatives. The Weylerites are violently opposed to the cabinet, and stormy times are predicted. Elections to the cortes will take place in April next.

A number of repatriated soldiers made a demonstration at Valencia yesterday evening. They marched through the streets headed by a banner inscribed. "Long live the army," and "We are hungry." The processionists were dispersed by the police, and there was no serious disorder.

Went Too Far.

New York, March 6.—A dispatch to the Herald from Montevideo, Uruguay, says: The press condemns severely the felicitation which the United States minister, William R. Finch sent to President Guestas, considering it as an intrusion into the interior politics of the country. In his note Minister Finch says, among other things: "You defeated the secret opposition of false friends and the combination of foes without employing unrighteous means."

Pay Off the Cuban Soldiers.

New York, March 6.—A dispatch to the Herald from Washington says: Paymaster-General Carey has perfected arrangements for going to Cuba next week to pay off the Cuban army. General Carey will take the entire appropriation of $3,000,000 to Cuba. He will leave New York on one of the government transports, to which the money will be transferred from the sub-treasury and upon his arrival at Havana he will report to General Brooke.

Belgium's Queen Sicking.

Brussels, March 6.—Queen Marie Henriette, of Belgium, who is suffering from bronchio-pneumonia passed a better night. She slept a little and the doctors are satisfied with her condition.

Later in the day, however, it was announced that the queen's strength was much diminished and a fatal termination of her illness is still feared and physicians are in permanent attendance upon her majesty.

U. S. Soldiers Sick.

New York, March 6.—A dispatch to the World from Gibraltar says: The United States transport Sheridan, which arrived here on Friday and was put into strict quarantine on account of contagion, left last night for Port Said without the quarantine being raised. She may have to go into quarantine again at the Suez canal. It is admitted that two of the men were down with the measles and it was reported that there was one case of small pox aboard though the United States surgeon denies the existence of small-pox. The official lists showed twenty-eight soldiers sick, but it was said only three of the cases were serious.

A. O. U. W. Grand Lodge.

Syracuse, N. Y., March 6.—A large number of delegates to the grand lodge of the A. O. U. W. have arrived here to-day. Four hundred and forty delegates are expected, and some important changes are to be considered for the constitution. The Grand Lodge of the Degree of Honor, Woman's organization, meets here during the convention.

The Pope's Condition.

Rome, March 6.—Another satisfactory bulletin regarding the health of the pope was issued this morning. No other bulletin will be issued until Tuesday evening.

PARTED AT THE ALTAR.

BY LAURA JEAN LIBBEY

The dusk had crept on, the golden stars had come out, and a young moon was set like a jewel in the night sky, shedding a soft, subdued light on the flowers and trees.

He saw the glimmer of a white dress through the branches of the lilacs. The flush deepened on his handsome face. Some one was standing by the fountain—he knew it must be Doris.

She was leaning over the fountain's brim, watching the stars that were reflected in the rippling water, and thinking of Frederick—wondering how she would greet him—what words she would use. She longed for, yet, girl-like, half dreaded the all-important moment when it drew nigh. Down the lawn strode a tall figure, his heart in his eyes, as he watched the beautiful picture under the blossoming boughs. He crossed over to where she stood, coming up behind her, his footsteps making no sound on the thick, green grass.

He bent over her so closely that his lips almost touched her golden curls.

Doris was looking dreamily over the roses, wondering why the moonlight falling upon them at that moment seemed to take a more golden hue; why the robins, singing their good-night songs in the branches of the beeches, seemed so joyous as they twittered and hopped from branch to branch; and why her heart commenced to beat with a rapture so keen it was almost pain.

Some subtle magnet caused her to turn her head—and then she saw him.

Frederick Thornton was standing close beside her with extended arms, and a light on his handsome face that thrilled her to the heart's core.

"Doris, my darling!" he whispered, with tremulous eagerness.

With a little quivering cry, she murmured:—

"Frederick! oh, Frederick!" and the next instant his arms enfolded her, just as they would hold her through life, pressed close to his throbbing heart, and love's passionate kisses were burning the fair, sweet face, the rosy mouth and rippling golden curls.

"You know all, Frederick? My terrible mistake?" she faltered.

"Yes, all, my darling," he answered, taking her white hands and clasping them round his neck and firmly folding them there. "It was a terrible, yet a very natural mistake, which any one would have made under the circumstances. We have been near being severed for life, my darling; but thank heaven, the past—is past. Yesterday at this time I thought I had lost you forever, Doris, and life looked dark and not worth living; for what is life worth unless shared by the one we love."

His handsome mustached lips dropped lower until they rested against the rosy, dimpled cheek.

"I am going to claim the little bride whom fate drifted so strangely from my arms on our bridal day as soon as possible," he declared. "We both know how dangerous are delays. I shall claim you this very hour. You will consent if you love me, Doris. Tell me—do you, Doris?"

A rosy flush surged from Doris's dainty white throat to her broad white brow for one little second, as she struggled to free herself once more from the strong clasp of those loving arms; and she shyly lifted those wondrous blue-bells of eyes to his face, with a glance so full of adoring love that it almost took his breath away for rapturous ecstasy, and he was answered.

Then followed for the re-united lovers half an hour in paradise, as they sat together on the garden bench among the roses, talking over the past and exchanging eager vows of constancy and love for the future.

"Oh, Frederick, we might have been happy long ago, if I had not thought you loved—Vivian, your first love, better than me," she murmured; "and I remembered, too, that you had wedded me on that fateful night of the ball, through pity's sake," she added, smiling.

"Pity is akin to love, dear," he answered, tenderly. "It is not always the love kindled at first sight that lasts longest, dear.

"I confess when I married you, it is as you say—I did not love you, Doris. Shall I tell you when I did commence to care for you dear?"

"Yes, tell me, Frederick," she whispered.

"It was on that weird bridal trip of ours, while we were on the train whirling toward Baltimore. You sat by the window, with your pretty face turned toward the outer darkness, looking so hopeless so forlorn and friendless that my heart smote me for not trying to make you happier.

"Then, again, the full knowledge of my love for you burst upon my heart in the night you stood under this very same beech trees and confessed your love for the husband whom you supposed had cruelly deserted you, crying out you loved me, but would die to set me free that I might marry Vivian. On that night, when I thought I had lost you forever, I knew the bitterest pangs of torture a man's heart can know. But we will talk of the dark past no more, love. The dark clouds have rolled away, and, thank heaven, the sunshine of love has illumined our lives at last.

"Come, dear, we will go into the house. They are sure to be tired of waiting for us."

"I should think they were tired of waiting for you," cried a saucy voice behind them.

It was Trixy, who had come up just in time to hear that last remark.

"They haven't the patience of Job, please understand; and they've waited so long for you two that patience has long since ceased to be a virtue. Mamma has sent for you both. There will be plenty of time for this billing and cooing in the future."

They followed Beatrix, laughingly, into the drawing room, where the whole family was gathered to receive them.

The girls would not hear to it that Frederick should claim his bride at once. It would be so romantic to go the wooing all over again, and have it end in a grand wedding. Besides, that course, and that course only, would prevent the startling story of the past from being given to the world, and causing a nine-days' sensation, they declared.

And, for the latter reason, impatient as he was to claim Doris, Frederick was forced to admit that plan was best.

That afternoon a telegram was sent to the Lancasters, informing them that Doris was at Thornton Villa.

"Of course, I am very glad to think Doris and Frederick Thornton are to be happy at last," said Mrs. Lancaster that night to her husband. "But oh! how sorry I am for our Karl! Doris has wrecked his life! He loved her so well! He—he—told me so," she sobbed.

"He is young; time will cure all that. His heart is very susceptible. The next pretty girl he meets is quite liable to catch his heart in the rebound."

"How can you imagine Karl so fickle as that?" cried his mother, warmly.

"It is not fickleness; it is the way of men; human nature, my dear."

The next afternoon the Lancasters, accompanied by Karl, presented themselves at Thornton Villa.

Doris flew to the door to welcome them, her face all smiles and blushes. They could scarcely recognize in the gay, happy girl who conducted them into the drawing-room the dreamy-eyed, pensive Doris who had always shrunk in such abhorrence from lovers, and the subject of love.

When Trixy heard that Karl Lancaster was coming that afternoon, any one might have guessed her secret, she blushed so hotly to the very roots of her bronze curly head. Doris noticed it at once. She noticed, too, how very particular Beatrix was over her dress that afternoon.

Even Karl Lancaster was bewildered by the lovely vision of girlish loveliness that danced into the drawing-room to greet him that afternoon, extending the prettiest mite of a little white, slim hand.

"Why, I declare, Trixy! how you do change!" cried Karl, flushing a little under the fire of the girl's bright, sparkling eyes.

"In what way?" asked Trixy, with a toss of her curls.

"You seem more beautiful each time I see you," he declared, honestly. "Indeed, you do, Trixy."

He expected some kind of a saucy reply or witty remark, but Trixy answered never a word; praise from him was bewildering to her. Karl was startled at the swift change that came over the girl's lovely face.

"I hope you are not angry with me for saying that, Trix," he added, earnestly. "I meant no flattery, upon my honor. We are such old friends, you know, that I may surely be pardoned for saying just what I think."

Trixy laughed, but somehow the laughter seemed slightly forced.

"Your mother promised me that you would show me the new clove carnations in the garden. Shall we go and look at them now?" he added, eager to change the subject, and Trixy agreed at once.

How pretty Trixy looked as she moved among the glowing roses, Karl told himself. Strange that he had never known how pretty she was before.

"I am glad you are here, Karl, that I may say in person that which I was just about to write to you to-day," said Trixy, looking up at him suddenly.

"What is that?" he asked, drawing nearer to her.

"I should like you to be 'best man' at Doris's and Gwendolin's wedding," she said. "I am to be first bridesmaid, and am to choose the best man. I should like it to be you, Karl, if you are willing."

"Do you think me more eligible than any other of your numerous acquaintances that you would confer such an honor upon me?" he asked, lightly, banteringly.

"Yes," she answered, seriously.

And again he saw that strange look cross her face, and her eyes fell before his searching gaze.

A strange sensation thrilled his heart. A sudden thought flashed through his brain. Trixy cared for him! Surely, it could not be egotistical fancy. The thought brought with it great pleasure.

He was young and impulsive, and, as his father had said, his heart was on the rebound.

He took a step nearer Trixy, and on the impulse of the moment whispered softly, as he caught her little white hand:—

"Don't you think I could fill a better position at that wedding than a 'best man,' Trixy?"

"Why there is no better position, unless you were one of the two bridegrooms," she declared.

"Why couldn't there be three bridegrooms?" he asked, coolly.

"I'm sure I don't know," stammered Trixy, wishing meanwhile that she were back in the drawing-room with the rest of the family.

"I think I could fill the position of bridegroom much better, making it a triple wedding, if I could but find a bride," he persisted. "Do you think I could find one, Trixy?"

"Perhaps you might find some girl foolish enough to have you," she replied, blushing furiously as she turned away from the audacious young fellow, and attempted to fly past him over the lawn; but he held her hands fast.

"Would you be willing to try the experiment, Trixy?" he replied; "it might not be so very foolish."

Half an hour afterward, when the lovers re-entered the drawing-room, Doris knew by the happy light on their faces that Karl had found consolation at last.

She crossed over to Frederick's side and laid her little white hand on his arm.

"Do you see how happy Trixy is?" she murmured. "I am afraid we are soon to lose her, Frederick."

"If by losing her I shall gain so noble a young man as Karl for a brother-in-law, I would be quite content. There was a time when I felt quite bitter towards him, Doris, and that was in those old days when I looked upon him as my rival in love's warfare. He was madly in love with my Doris then, and I half fear is so still. I hope he may not wish to marry poor Trixy through pique," he added, anxiously.

"Oh, Frederick, you must not think that," cried Doris. "Karl is too noble for that, I—I—refused his love twice," she whispered, dropping her sweet blushing face, "and the last time, knowing his love was all in vain, he promised me that he would try his best to forget me. Nothing but a deep, reverential, brotherly love remains in his heart for me now."

"I am very glad to think that," said Frederick, so heartily that Doris could not help but laugh

"Are congratulations in order?" whispered Doris to Karl, as she bade him good-night.

"Yes," he answered; "I know you will wish me all happiness, Doris. I have won for my promised bride the dearest and sweetest girl in the whole wide world, present company excepted," he added, gallantly.

"I am glad for your sake, Karl," smiled Doris. "Is it to be a triple wedding?"

"If you are all agreed," he replied.

"Of course, we will all be agreed upon that question," said Doris, heartily. "you know that, Karl."

Mrs. Lancaster could find no fault with her son's choice. True, the one desire of her heart was that he should marry Doris, but seeing that was out of the question, she was quite willing to receive dark-eyed Beatrix as a daughter.

The marriages were set for a month from that day, Frederick declaring that he would not wait twenty-four hours longer, and that he had waited too long already to claim lovely Doris.

Gwendolin's and Trixy's lovers were equally anxious that the marriages should take place as soon as possible.

The long looked-for day arrived at last and a sunnier, brighter day could never have been wished for.

CHAPTER XXXVII.—WEDDING JOY BELLS.

Preparations for the weddings had been going on at Thornton Villa on a grand scale for over a fortnight past, and on this eventful morning the house and the grounds presented a veritable fairy-land appearance.

The grounds were a bewildering mass of glowing roses; the fountains, with their tinted waters, sparkled like rainbows in the sun; wherever the eye turned it was greeted by banks of delicate blooms.

Long ere the sun had set the guests began to arrive, and a gayer, merrier throng never made the grim old wall of Thornton Villa echo with their laughter. One by one the marriages were solemnized. First, Gwendolin and Gerald Marston's, then Beatrix and Karl's, then, last of all, Doris and Frederick took their places beneath the great horseshoe of white lilies, and the words were spoken which gave Frederick, for the second time, sweet Doris for his bride.

The congratulations and the grand collation were over at last, and the carriages rolled up to the door to bear the brides and happy grooms away and as the carriages whirled down the avenue again they were followed by showers of rice and slippers and the best of wishes of the merry throng that remained at the villa, keeping up the joy and mirth with dancing and revelry far into the "wee sma' hours."

"My darling—my bride — mine —at last!" whispered Frederick, as he found himself alone with Doris. "Now, from this hour, love, shall our real honeymoon begin," he declared. "I will devote the remainder of my life to make you as happy as a little queen."

They had taken passage on the Servia for Europe, and among the first names of the passengers booked they read Vivian's name.

There was an angry exclamation of annoyance on Frederick's face as he came back to their state room and told Doris this.

Two white arms stole round his neck, and a lovely, dimpled cheek was pressed close to his.

"Do not feel hard against Vivian, Frederick, dear," she said, smiling. "Heaven made her our good angel from the very first. If you had not imagined yourself in love with Vivian, and come up to Madame Delmar's seminary, that eventful day, to see about taking her to that ball, I should never have met you, dear."

"Why, I declare, that's so!" he said. "I never thought of that, I'm sure."

"And if it had not been for Vivian's coming to Newport, and discovering my identity, I should never have been so desperate as to write that letter to you revealing the truth that I was Doris, whom you mourned as dead."

"By George!—pray pardon the expression—but that's true, too, Doris. After all, we do owe a great deal to Vivian."

Great was Vivian's consternation to find that Frederick and his bride were on the same steamer with her, but with the natural polish society gives to the woman of the world she smothered her chagrin, and stepped forward, greeting Doris gracefully. She had been a little fearful lest Doris might give her the cut direct, but she risked it, and was more than surprised at Doris's sweet, cordial manner toward her.

"You took me at my word that night at Newport, Doris," she said. "I declare to you I never meant one-half I said."

"Do not let that trouble you, Vivian," answered Doris, with a grateful smile. "It proved the blessing of my life. It re-united me with—my husband."

Vivian murmured and smiled and turned away, for she saw Frederick approaching, and she could not bear to witness the little tendernesses that would pass between Doris and her adoring husband.

"My plotting and planning to keep them apart from first to last has all been in vain," she muttered. "Heaven's will was stronger than the will of woman. It seems they were intended for each other."

And standing lonely and alone on the deck, the words of the poet occurred to her. Ah! how true they were—how true!

"Two shall be born the whole wide world apart,
And speaking different tongues, and have no thought
Each of the other's being, and no heed;
And these o'er unknown seas to unknown lands
Shall cross, escaping wreck, defying death;
And all unconsciously shape every act
And bend each wandering step to this one end—
That one day, out of darkness, they shall meet
And read life's meaning in each other's eyes."

Vivian avoided them as much as possible on that trip going over, but that, too, was quite a blessing in disguise. What need had a happy bride and groom for the presence of a third party to interrupt their tender love-making?

When the steamer landed on the other side they lost sight of Vivian. Not long afterward they read of her marriage to a duke. The society papers often spoke of her after that—of her dresses, her diamonds, and her cold, proud beauty. She gained for herself the title of "the beautiful icicle." By that they knew Vivian was not happy. And in truth she was not—she had not married for love.

Two years Doris and Frederick spent abroad, and at the end of that time, as Doris declared, Frederick was more of a lover than ever

One sunny morning saw them on board the steamer, bound for "home, sweet home."

They spent a week at Thornton Villa, then went on to the charming home that had been prepared for them by Frederick's forethought at Cornwall-on-the-Hudson. And there they now live—the happiest couple the sun ever shone on.

One of the kindest and noblest acts Doris ever did was, when she heard one day of Madame Delmar's pecuniary troubles, to send her a check for an amount which covered her indebtedness. A letter accompanied it, telling Madame Delmar all.

The check fell from madame's trembling hands to the floor, and her face turned from red to white as she read the letter through, then passed it to her brother John.

"If there was ever a case of heaping coals of fire on one's head, here it is," cried madame, with a burst of tears. "I am glad she bears no ill will towards me."

"There are few young girls who would have forgiven you for the way you treated little Doris, and she has repaid you, like the angel she is," said John Delmar, huskily.

"Who ever thought in those days that Doris was destined for a great lady?" she said, slowly.

"Treat every one kindly, and you will never come amiss," replied John. "Are you intending to accept the check?"

"I suppose I must," sobbed madame; 'but I shall try to repay Doris some day."

Ten years have passed since then; but it does not seem to have added a day to Doris's appearance, except to expand the girl into a most gloriously beautiful woman. She is the same Doris as of yore, only her eyes are a deeper blue, the sweet mouth a little more resolute, and her hair has taken on a deeper and more golden sheen, and is done up now in a coil more becoming to a wife than the fluffy, golden curls waving about the pretty, dimpled face when we first introduced her to our readers as a school-girl.

Mrs. Thornton loves Frederick's wife quite as dearly as her own daughters, all of whom are married now, and are living around her.

Madame Delmar still keeps the seminary at Beech Grove for young ladies and misses, and there is a room set apart for little lads as well as little lassies. One summer morning a lovely child of, perhaps some eight years stands on the seminary steps, with a roguish pout on her saucy, red lips, because she has been kept in half of the recess to do her lessons.

If you ask her what her name is she will raise two lovely blue-bells of eyes, and shake back her sunny curls as she answers:—

"Papa calls me 'pet' and 'little sunshine,' but my mamma calls me 'Doris Vivian Thornton.' Do you see that little boy over yonder, with the wide sailor collar and dark curls? Well, that is my little brother Karl. He is named after my aunt Trixy's husband."

Sunshine and shadows cross every household more or less; but, taken all in all, it would be difficult to find a happier family than that of Doris and Frederick.

What is there to add when those whom we have followed through trials and adversity reach the acme of earthly happiness at last?

Re-united after many days, heart to heart and soul to soul, we will leave them, dear reader, these two who were so curelly parted, almost at the altar.

"Oh, love, if life should be
Merely the golden key
To love more vast;
If there should be a place
Where spirts can embrace,
And kisses last."

THE END.

THE OPEN PURSE.

During the year 1898 23 persons gave $11,176,000 to public institutions as follows:

W. E. Hale, Chicago, to charity, $300,000.

J. P. Bradlee, Boston, to charity, $225,000.

Edward Austin, Boston, to colleges, $960,000.

Amos R. Eno, New York, to charity, $203,000.

Felix R. Brunot, Pittsburg, to charity, $200,000.

Mercy Gray, Oakland, Cal., to churches, $200,000.

Lucien Moss, Philadelphia, to charity, $200,000.

Calista M. Palbot, New York, to charity, $300,000.

George P. Smith, Philadelphia, to charity, $345,000.

P. D. Armour, Chicago, to Armour institute, $500,000.

P. H. Mast, Springfield, O., to Wesleyan college, $375,000.

Solomon Mead, Greenwich, Conn., to churches, $268,000.

O. H. Payne, New York, to Cornell university, $1,500,000.

Susan M. Ransom, Cambridge, Mass., to charity, $200,000.

J. M. Davis, Cincinnati, O., to Garfield university, $200,000.

Moody Currier, Manchester, N. H., for art gallery, $300,000.

David L. Snyder, Springfield, O., for a public park, $200,000.

G. A. Pillsbury, Minneapolis, to Pillsbury academy, $250,000.

Joseph F. Loubat, New York, to Columbia college, $1,100,000.

J. D. Rockefeller, New York, to University of Chicago, $200,000.

Albert A. Munger, Chicago, to Art institute and charity, $500,000.

J. M. Bennett, Philadelphia, to University of Pennsylvania, $400,000.

Cora J. Flood, San Francisco, to University of California, $2,250,000.—New York Tribune.

Undisturbed.

I wonder at the crocus
An various grains an flowers
That's busy gettin ready
To respond to warmer showers.
They go ahead so peaceful,
Without no worryin
About "imperialism"
An all that sort o' thing.

In spite of this excitement
That bothers people so
They're makin preparations
To go right ahead an grow.
Though you'd think in all this clamor
The very birds 'ud sing
About "imperialism'
An all that sort o' thing.

It's a comfortin reminder
That, no matter what they say,
This earth'll keep a-spinnin
In the good old fashioned way.
It'll never stop to listen
To these arguments we bring
About "imperialism"
An all that sort o' thing.

—Washington Star.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

MATRON AND MAID.

Lily, duchess of Marlborough, has accepted the office of president of the new Cat club established by Lady Marcus Beresford.

Mrs. Deacon, who now lives under the name of Mrs. Baldwin, is in Paris, and she was given a theater party there recently by Count de la Houssaye.

Mrs. Caroline L. Macy of New York, who has bequeathed $200,000 to the Teachers' college, was the same woman who six years ago gave to it the Macy School of Manual Arts.

Mlle. Lucie Faure, the only daughter of President Faure, whose engagement to M. Georges Chiris is announced, understands Latin, Greek and English and has written a book of travels.

Miss Douglas Quarrier of Louisville, who has won renown by refusing to be kissed by Hobson, is a gifted violinist, of commanding presence and a very charming girl altogether.

Mrs. Tan Jiok Kim, late of Singapore, is buried in a $20,000 coffin. It was decorated with silk, gold and precious stones and was the most costly coffin ever constructed in the Straits Settlements.

It may safely be said that the youngest law student in the University of New York is Mrs. Franceska Haidee, who is 17 years old, but has graduated from a college at Berlin, been married a year and taken a trip around the world.

Mme. Nordica's husband went up in a balloon and was never seen or heard of again. By the law of France the wife could not touch her husband's property for a period of seven years, and that time did Mme. Nordica have to wait before she came into her fortune.

Mrs. George Weldon, who has buried herself in the seclusion of a French convent for the past ten years after numerous exploits as a public redresser of private wrongs, is again up in arms in behalf of Dreyfus and proposes to bring revelations of Spiritualism to his aid.

Elena Sanz, the Spanish contralto, who sang for many years at the Paris Grand Opera, died recently at Nice at the age of 48 years. Her retirement from the stage was said at the time to have been due to the attachment that the late King Alfonso XII of Spain showed for her.

Mrs. Langtry recently sold to the emperor of Germany a number of blooded horses which she had bred and trained herself. She also sold a mare to the French government for $12,000, so that it would seem that the ex-actress is doing distinctly better as a breeder of horses than on the stage.

OVER THE OCEAN.

Germany is fighting American wheels. The Germans are riding for a "spill."—Philadelphia North American.

Owing to a few internal disarrangements, France is not at the present time making other nations presents of "Liberty Enlightening the World" statues.—Washington Post.

The empress dowager of China is out with an edict commanding reforms. If all reports are true, one of the first reforms the Chinese need is the suppression of the dowager empress.—Troy Record.

The czar of late has been quietly building a railroad that will give him a fresh grip on Afghanistan. These little preliminaries to universal peace are not neglected at St. Petersburg.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Now they claim to have discovered the grave of Romulus in Rome. But as Romulus saved the bother and expense of a funeral by being transmogrified into a god the discovery looks somewhat diaphanous.—Boston Herald.

Prince Victor Napoleon has issued a manifesto telling what great feats he proposes to accomplish. One of the striking differences between the present Bonapartes and the founder of the first empire is the fact that the original Napoleon did things and published his manifestoes afterward.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

THE POULTERER.

Milk fed to poultry is one of the best egg producers.

Every warm mess fed to the fowls should be salted.

Provide plenty of fresh warm water twice daily in winter.

Wash the roosts and the bottom of the nests with limewater.

When the weather is cold, the eggs should be gathered up frequently, or they cannot be depended upon to hatch.

As the ducks will begin to lay soon, care must be taken in feeding them. Too much grain is bad. They must have some bulky food.

One reason why corn is a bad feed for fowls is that the grains being large and fed shelled the fowls eat so fast that they eat too much for their own good.

Too much stimulating food causes egg overproduction. The result from such treatment will be poor hatching, weak chickens and inferior fowls. A good variety of sound, nourishing food is much better.—St. Louis Republic.

Don't pick quarrels before they are ripe.

Ask for Minard's Liniment and take no other

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.

THE NIGHT CLERK'S STORY.

A FACE LIKE CHALK.

A very bad attack of the Grippe one year ago last winter left my system in a very weak state and my nervous system completely unstrung. After getting over the dangerous stage of the disease I naturally expected to gain strength, but, unfortunately, did not do so. On the contrary, my blood became weaker. I daily lost strength and vitality, and my nervous system became so weak that it was a constant source of suffering both day and night. I lost appetite, the sight of food nauseated me, the weak state of my system caused shortness of breath and unnatural action of the heart, such as fluttering and violent palpitation, and my face was like chalk. I was in this condition and constantly getting weaker when I began taking Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills. I had read the books they distributed and their advertisements in the papers, and thought, "Well, I have taken so much medicine without benefit it is useless to spend any more money. However, I finally made up my mind. It is a forlorn hope; I can but try. If I am not benefited I will not be hurt. So I bought one box and received great benefit therefrom, so continued their use, and to-day am a well man in consequence; my blood is strong, my face has the ruddy hue of health, my appetite has returned, I sleep well, I have not the slightest indications of nervousness or heart trouble, and from a sick, weak, nervous man Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills have transformed me in six weeks to full health and strength." I am yours very truly,

(Signed) WILLIAM WILLARD,
Night Clerk Grand Central Hotel,
Peterboro.

Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills are sold at 50c. per box, 5 boxes for $2.00 at druggists, or mailed on receipt of price by THE DOCTOR WARD CO., Limited, 71 Victoria Street, Toronto. Book of information free.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

The son-in-law is often the child of sorrow.

The finger of destiny is undoubtedly on the hand of fate.

The man who forgets a favor seldom forgives an injury.

It's a wise pedagogue that pours whale oil on the troubled waters.

A close student of human nature never lends money to his friends.

There is no earthly love so true and inexpensive as mother's love.

The way of the transgressor is oftimes the shortest route to Canada.

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE.—Every one wishes to be successful in any undertaking in which he may engage. It is, therefore, extremely gratifying to the proprietors of Parmalee's Vegetable Pills to know that their efforts to compound a medicine which would prove a blessing to mankind have been successful beyond their expectations. The endorsation of these Pills by the public is a guarantee that a pill has been produced which will fulfil everything claimed for it

No; One on Dynamite.

Yeast—Fogg's new book will make some stir in the world.

Crimsonbeak—What is it? A cook book?—Yonkers Statesman.

An Incumbrance Lifted.

Casey—Shure, Biddy, an phwa would yez do if Oi were to die?

Mrs. Casey—Oi'd sthart a bank account.—New York Journal.

There never was, and never will be, a universal panacea, in one remedy, for all ills to which flesh is heir—the very nature of many curatives being such that were the germs of other and differently seated diseases rooted in the system of the patient—what would relieve one ill in turn would aggravate the other. We have, however, in Quinine Wine, when obtainable in a sound unadulterated state, a remedy for many and grievous ills. By its gradual and judicious use the frail systems are led into convalescence and strength by the influence which Quinine exerts on Nature's own restoratives. It relieves the drooping spirits of those with whom a chronic state of morbid despondency and lack of interest in life is a disease, and, by tranquilizing the nerves, disposes to sound and refreshing sleep—imparts vigor to the action of the blood, which, being stimulated, courses through out the veins, strengthening the healthy animal functions of the system, thereby making activity a necessary result strengthening the frame, and giving life to the digestive organs, which naturally demand increased substance—result, improved appetite. Northrop & Lyman of Toronto, have given to the public their superior Quinine Wine at the usual rate, and, gauged by the opinion of scientists, this wine approaches nearest perfection of any in the market. All druggists sell it.

DO YOU THINK CANCER

Can not be Cured? We can send you the addresses of a great many whose cases were given up as helpless, but who are now loud in their praises of our painless home treatment as they have been positively and permanently cured without knife or blister.

Send 6 cents for book and mention this paper.

DEPT. W. N. ABBOTT,
MYRON MASON MEDICAL CO.,
577 Sherbourne - TORONTO.

Women Need Not Suffer

From those terrible side aches, back aches, headaches and the thousand and one other ills which make life full of misery.

Most of these troubles are due to impure, imperfectly filtered blood—the Kidneys are not acting right and in consequence the system is being poisoned with impurities.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

are daily proving themselves woman's greatest friend and benefactor.

Here is an instance:

Mrs. Harry Fleming, St. Mary's, N.B., says: "The use of Doan's Kidney Pills restored me to complete health. The first symptoms I noticed in my case were severe pains in the small of my back and around the loins, together with general weakness and loss of appetite.

I gradually became worse, until, hearing of Doan's Kidney Pills, I got a box from our druggist.

I am pleased to testify to their effectiveness in correcting the troubles from which I suffered.

A Libel.

Constituent—You'll pardon me for repeating it, but they say you are indebted to your private secretary for your speeches that appear in The Congressional Record.

Congressman—It is an outrageous lie. I don't owe the fellow a cent. Ask him if you don't believe me.—Boston Transcript.

A CAREFULLY PREPARED PILL—Much time and attention were expended in the experimenting with the ingredients that enter into the composition of Parmalee's Vegetable Pills before they were brought to the state in which they were first offered to the public. Whatever other pills may be, Parmalee's Vegetable Pills are the result of much expert study, and all persons suffering from dyspepsia or disordered liver and kidneys may confidently accept them as being what they are represented to be

Don't drop insulting remarks. A bigger man may pick them up.

REID'S PIANOS

in touch, tone and finish they have no equal

Correspondents wanted in every town to act as agents.

REID BROS., 157 King St. West Toronto

SAFES VICTOR SAFES

KARL K. ALBERT, GEN. AGT.
407 MAIN ST., WINNIPEG,
Next door to P. O.

SNAPS FOR CASH.

Household Safes, small size, - - $12.00
Household Safes, large size, - - 30.00

Just the thing for a Christmas present. Both useful and ornamental.

Merchants' Safes, all sizes and prices; on easy terms or cash. Come and see them or write for quotations. Special prices during November and December.

SIX OILS.—The most conclusive testimony, repeatedly laid before the public in the columns of the daily press, proves that DR. THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL—an absolutely pure combination of six of the finest remedial oils in existence—remedies rheumatic pain, eradicates affections of the throat and lungs, and cures piles, wounds, sores, lameness, tumors, burns, and injuries of horses and cattle.

THREE OF A KIND.

With Mr. Choate in London, Mr. Porter in Paris and Mr. Depew in Washington, the field in New York seems to offer unrivaled opportunities for young men struggling to get a foothold as accomplished diners out.—Chicago Record.

America's three great after dinner speakers are now pretty near the head of the table. Chauncey M. Depew is selected for United States senator, Joseph H. Choate will be embassador to Great Britain, and Horace Porter is embassador to France.—Troy Times.

POPULAR SCIENCE.

Experts say the electricty in a lightning flash is not very great, but the voltage is enormous.

Sir Robert Ball, the eminent astronomer, thinks the earth may be blown to atoms by the water of the ocean getting down through a crack into the central fire.

A Viennese meteorologist has proved by experiments that rainbows are conditioned by the size of the raindrops and that, while we ordinarily see only two rainbows side by side, there are as many as 20.

We beg to call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills in this paper. The firm have also placed on the market Dr. Ward's Liver Pills which may already proved to be a most excellent family medicine as a cure for constipation dyspepsia, biliousness, etc. They are sold at 25c per vial, or 5 for 1; or mailed on receipt of price by the Dr. Ward Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

The great demand for a pleasant, safe and reliable antidote for all affections of the throat and lungs is fully met with in Bickle's Anti Consumptive Syrup. It is a purely Vegetable Compound, and acts promptly and magically in subduing all coughs, colds, bronchites, inflammation of the lungs, etc. It is so palatable that a child will not refuse it, and is put at a price that will not exclude the poor from its benefits.

THE COOKBOOK.

Sharpen all kinds of fish sauce with lemon juice.

All broiled meats should be served as soon as they are cooked.

Egging and breading should be done 15 minutes and flouring immediately before frying.

Remember the crust of bread is more digestible than the soft part and that coarse grained breads are better than smooth flour ones

Minard's Liniment the Lumberman's Friend.

THE CYNIC.

In an emergency the average person does the very worst thing.

Half the knowledge people acquire by experience they never use.

Anybody can get credit unless it is the man who is actually hungry.

In real old fashioned families the onion is venerated next to the Bible.

Some people's virtues are harder to get along with than other people's vices.

A man who never makes a kick should not get the worst of it, but he always does.

Some people refuse to work today because they expect to draw a prize in a lottery tomorrow.

PAINS IN THE BACK

Are Usually the Result of Imperfect Working of the Kidneys—These Can Only be Restored to Their Normal Condition by a Fair Use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Mr. Albert Mintie, of Woodstock, Ont., now engaged in the insurance business, is well known in that city and surrounding country. Some three years ago Mr. Mintie was living at South River, Parry Sound District, and while there was attacked with severe pains in the back. At first he paid but little attention to them, thinking that the trouble would pass away, but as it did not he consulted a local physician, and was told that his kidneys were affected. Medicine was prescribed, but beyond a trifling alleviation of the pain it had no effect. In addition to the pain in the back Mr. Mintie was troubled with headaches and a feeling of lassitude. He was forced to quit work, and while in this condition, weak and despondent, he decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. He purchased a half dozen boxes and was not disappointed with the result. Before they were all used Mr. Mintie was feeling almost as well as ever he had done. The pain in the back had almost disappeared, the headaches were gone, and he felt greatly improved in strength. Two more boxes completed the cure, and he returned to work hale and hearty as ever. Mr. Mintie asserts that his return to health is due entirely to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and he still occasionally uses a box if he feels in any way "out of sorts."

The kidneys, like other organs of the body, are dependent upon rich, red blood and strong nerves for healthy action, and it is because Dr. Williams' Pink Pills supply these conditions that they cure kidney troubles, as well as other ills which have their origin in watery blood, or a shattered nervous system. Sold by all dealers or sent postpaid at 50c a box or six boxes for $2.50 by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont. If you value your health do not take a substitute.

MINARD'S LINIMENT is the only Liniment asked for at my store and the only one we keep for sale.

All the people use it.

HARLIN FULTON.
Pleasant Bay, C. B.

The winners of the sewing machines in the Royal Crown Soap Co.'s competition for the week ending February 25th, are as follows: Winnipeg, Mrs. John T. Shaw, 394 Henry Ave.; Manitoba, J. P. O Alaire, St. Boniface; North West Territories, Mrs. James Wilson, Calgary. The Royal Crown Soap Co. will continue this competition, giving away three machines each Monday until further notice.

Birds of Significance.

"Peace is represented by a dove, isn't it?" asked the man who was looking over some allegorical pictures.

"Well," answered the official who had been to a diplomatic banquet, "doves used to figure in that connection. But quail on toast appears to be more popular."

Permanent Cure of Salt Rheum.

The permanent cure after permanent cure that is being published week by week has placed Burdock Blood Bitters far above all other remedies in the estimation of the sick and suffering.

Even the severest and most chronic diseases that other remedies fail to relieve yield to the blood purifying, blood enriching properties of B.B.B.

Salt Rheum or Eczema—that most stubborn of skin diseases, which causes such torture and is so difficult to cure with ordinary remedies—cannot withstand B. B. B.'s healing, soothing power.

The case of Mrs. Jas. Sanderson, Emerson, Man., shows how effective B.B.B. is in curing Salt Rheum at its worst, and curing it to stay cured.

This is what she wrote:

"Burdock Blood Bitters cured me of a bad attack of Salt Rheum three years ago. It was so severe that my finger nails came off. I can truly say that I know of no more valuable medicine in the world than B.B.B. It **cured me completely and permanently**, as I have never had a touch of Salt Rheum since."

Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians.

He knows,
His patron knows,
and everybody knows that this can contains the purest, best, and most delicious Coffee that expert buyers can procure. It's

Chase & Sanborn's Seal Brand Coffee,

that's the reason.

W. N. U. 210

You can upset this man, but you can't upset the FACT that

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER

Is the best Baking Powder to use. Because it is HIGH IN QUALITY while it is LOW IN PRICE.

WHITE STAR is everywhere in this country

TRY IT!

THE DYSON-GIBSON CO.

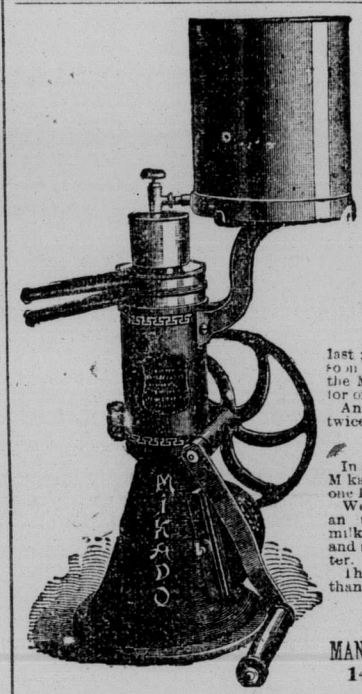
TRY SEEDS. J. M. PERKINS,

the great SEEDSMAN of the NORTHWEST, for your SEEDS for 1899, as he keeps the LARGEST Stock of Garden, Field and Flower Seeds in this country to select from; also Seed Drills and Cultivators. You can have our large illustrated catalogue FREE by sending your name and address to J. M. PERKINS, 221 Market St., Winnipeg.

W. R. ALLAN,
General Insurance Agent,

FIRE Companies Represented:
Quebec Fire Assurance Co.
Royal Insurance Co.
Sun Insurance Office
Union Assurance Society

All classes of Insurances transacted and losses promptly and satisfactorily settled.



When Buying, why not get the best?

MIKADO CREAM SEPARATORS

Out of the many testimonials received we print the last two which have come in.

BRIGHTSIDE FARM.

Strathewen P. O., Man., 25th Feb. 1899.

I wish to certify that I am thoroughly satisfied with the Mikado cream separator. I purchased it last Summer after a trial of two other much lauded machines, and I found the Mikado the easiest to operate, the easiest to clean, and by far the simplest, and cleanest skimmer.

As to durability, I am satisfied that it will last as long as any one can expect a machine to last; with the other machines the operator would soon wear out. My little boy of six can easily run the Mikado, a strong at least man would be required for one of its rivals. HENRY NEWMARCH.

Any child can run the Mikado, and it has been run twice a day since I have had it.—H. N.

Woodlands, Man., Feb. '99.

In answer to your inquiry as to how I like the Mikado separator, I would say if they are all like the one I got they are just the thing.

We tried 100 pounds of milk by the gravity process, and received 4 lbs. of butter, then I weighed 100 lbs. of milk, and put it through the Mikado hand separator, and received 4¾ lbs. of butter, a gain of 1½ lbs. of butter.

They are very easily cleaned, and make less noise than the Alexandria.

Yours truly, MRS. GEORGE BROADFOOT.

MANITOBA CREAM SEPARATOR & SUPPLY CO.
147 Bannatyne St. Winnipeg.

National Farmers Company

National Binder Twine

(TRADE MARK).

Full strength: over 75 lbs. breaking strain. Full length: 600 feet to the pound. Full weight: 80 lbs. to each bale. No clogging in the binder—compactly wound; made entirely of pure Manila Hemp without adulterant of any kind, absolutely the best ever offered the Canadian farmer.

80 lbs. NATIONAL BINDER TWINE FOR $12 CASH with any one of the following valuable and useful

PREMIUMS:

14-Karat GOLD-PLATED WATCH, stem-winding and stem setting, guaranteed reliable time-keeper—lady's or gentleman's size—maker's guarantee with each watch.

SOLID GOLD RING set with genuine Garnet and Opal gems—stamped and warranted—with maker's Trade Mark and guarantee.

MUSICAL CLOCK, glass sides, in Nickel Silver and Gilt—a handsome ornament and accurate time-piece. A never ending pleasure in the home.

HOW IT IS DONE: The National Farmers Co. sells direct to practical bona fide Farmers; employs no middle men or agents, does business only for cash, makes no losses—every dollar does its full duty. We have a lot of NATIONAL Binder Twine on hand—so much that the bank rate of interest until after harvest, on the money locked up, will amount to many thousand dollars. We want to save that interest and give it to the farmer in return for cash. That is where the premium comes in.

This Company reserves the right to refund your money if the price of Hemp advances by reason of the Philippine war or other causes. Manila Hemp comes from the Philippine Islands. ORDER AT ONCE and make certain of your season's supply before Hemp advances.

Remit money to us only by Postal Note, Post Office Order, Express Order or Registered Letter. Write your name plainly, give your post office address and also the railway station to which we are to ship the Twine. You pay freight on the Twine from WINNIPEG, we send you the premium prepaid by mail or express from Toronto.

Observe above directions carefully so we cannot make any mistake in forwarding your goods. Say whether you want a Gentleman's or a Lady's Watch, a Musical Clock or a Ring—if the latter, send a piece of string or paper size required.

Address all letters and make all remittances payable to

NATIONAL FARMERS COMPANY,
TORONTO.

Enquirers are referred to any Mercantile Agency and to the Editor of this paper as to our responsibility.

Royal Crown Soap

Grand Weekly Free Sewing Machine Competition

3 New Williams, No. 6
Drop Head, Sewing Machines,
Value $65, Each
Given away weekly for Royal Crown Wrappers and Coupons, viz:

WINNIPEG, 1 each week.
MANITOBA, outside of Winnipeg, 1 each week.
N. W. T. and ONTARIO, east to Schrieber, 1 each week.

Ask your Grocer for a Coupon with every five bars of wrapped ROYAL CROWN SOAP. Full instructions on each Coupon.

First Drawing Monday, January 16, and each week thereafter until further notice.

Large List of Books and Beautiful Pictures still given away for ROYAL CROWN SOAP WRAPPERS to those who do not compete for the Sewing Machines. List mailed free on application.

THE ROYAL SOAP CO., Winnipeg.

CARDSTON RECORD.

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Friday at Cardston.

Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance.
Advertising Rates on application.

In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisements they will be inserted until ordered out in letter or by letter, and advertisements will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

Copy for change of advertisments MUST not be in later than Monday noon.

ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO
C. EDGAR SNOW,
Managing Editor,
CARDSTON, N. W. T.,
DRAWER 72. CANADA.

Cardston, March 17, 1899.

(Continued from page one.)

large ranches. The cattle which are best liked are Shorthorns, crossed lightly with Herefords. North of Calgary, where the cattle are winter fed, small herds are almost universal, and when kept in conjunction with mixed farming form the most profitable development of the industry. In Australia, where climate renders the cattle almost independent of individual attention the greatest profit is held to accrue from the largest herds. The divergence imposed upon the two systems by natural conditions has been accentuated by local practice until the sharp contrast now observable between them has been reached. Ranching in Australia represents a great industrial system of production in which there is no room for consideration of the human element. Ranching in Canada represents a natural occupation which a certain number of men will always follow for choice, and from which the amenities of civilized existence are not excluded. The ideal of an Australian station is a place of business; the ideal of a Canadian ranche is a home. In the Australian pastoral industry there are advantageous opportunities for the investment of British capital. It is to the Canadian industry that British parents should look for the more delicate and difficult investment of their sons.

The practical considerations raised by this aspect of the question shall be dealt with in detail in another letter, after the conditions of the agricultural industry on the prairies have been examined. In the meantime it may be interesting to note that the openings which are presented by the very remarkable development now taking place in Central Canada are not of necessity limited to young men. The conclusion offers itself that, if some care devoted to the initiation of the movement, English girls of picked quality might be very profitably associated with their brothers in the creation of centres of remunerative farming upon the prairies. The incidental conditions offered by this country are favorable to the experiment, and daring as the suggestion may appear, it seems not altogether improbable that British fathers may be asked to consider the Canadian prairies as a possible field of settlement in some cases for their daughters as well as for their sons.

UNSATISFACTORY SERVICE

The present mail service is wholly unsatisfactory to the people of Cardston. Now the mail arrives on Friday evening. Saturday is the busiest day in the week for business men and for most of the people: yet, if one desires to answer letters, it must be seen to on this the busiest of days in order that they will go out with Monday morning's mail. Why is it possible that a half dozen ranchers, whose combined mail does not amount to that received by one of our business men, can by sending in a petition to the Post Office Department, have a change made that does not suit a single business man in Cardston? We have interviewed the following mentioned gentlemen, not one of whom is in favor of the change: John A. Woolf, J. A. Hammer, J. P. Low, H. S. Allen, Wm. Wood, S. H. Horner, Mark Spencer, H. W. Brant, A. J. Gay, Robt. Ramsbottom, W. M. Wolsey, and many others. In justice to these men and to the people of Cardston the old time table should be immediately restored or, better still, we should have a tri-weekly mail service.

The Weekly Globe, Toronto. $1.00 a year. THE RECORD has agency.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Where's spring?

Good sleighing.

Nice March we've had.

Incorporate Cardston.

Miss May Mercer is very ill.

The Record has a number of new advertisers today.

Some people will come up from Utah today.

H. Taylor was in town the other day.

Don't turn your cows on the streets.

S. Cox will paint the new co-op building.

Henry Ness of Mt. View was in town on Saturday.

J. A. Hammer has built an addition to his granary.

Several loads of furniture came in the other day for H. S. Allen & Co.

BORN—To the wife of Mr. Frank Hyde, a girl on Tuesday, Mar. 7th. All well.

The Cardston Co. are moving their goods into the new department.

J. A. Nelson's family have moved to their ranch, about three miles south of Cardston.

Bp. Frank Leavitt is building a fine new house at Leavitt. G. Petterson is doing the carpenter work.

O. E. Bate's dwelling now presents a nice appearance, it having been covered with rustic and an addition put up.

James Anderson, the young man who broke his leg while playing foot ball, is now able to move about by the aid of crutches.

Next Monday John Furman will leave here with a bunch of pure bred horses, which he will sell in Manitoba. They will be put on the train at Lethbridge and shipped to a point this side of Brandon.

Mr. H. C. Colles, who has been confined to the hospital here for the past seven weeks, was discharged from that institution on Monday and returned to his home on Tuesday.—Lethbridge News.

C. F. P. Conybeare, Q. C. of Lethbridge has a card in today's Record. Mr. Conybeare is a most successful barrister and any of Cardston's people desiring legal advice or help cannot do better than consult him.

Cliff Clarke, of the Indian Agency, was in town the other day to see M. D. Hammond regarding the hauling of lumber for the canal. Mr. Clarke made an offer of a hundred teams. The proposition was accepted, we understand.

A company of Pleasant Grove, Utah, people are arranging to charter a train from that point to Lethbridge. They will leave Utah the first week in April. All their horses, stock, and household furniture etc, will be shipped by rail.

Olof Olson and C. Anderson Jr. of Boxelder Co., Utah, arrived in Cardston on Friday evening's stage. They are here to look at the country and if it suits them they will move here with several others from Boxelder Co.

There are one hundred teams at work hauling lumber for the canal. They are "manned" by Indians. They will haul a quarter of a million feet this week. The contractors claim that they could not get white men to haul lumber, hence Indians were resorted to.

The business men of Cardston have sent a petition to the Post Office Department asking for the restoration of the old time table. It is the right move and we will now see whether or not the 1000 people of Cardston are to be ignored for the half dozen ranchers who signed the former petition.

Of the 126 families in Cardston, The Record has secured 100 subscribers. It is safe to say that the remaining 26 families borrow the paper; so we reach every family in Cardston. Now in order to save those 26 families the trouble of borrowing this paper the Manager will send it FREE (for $2.00 a year.) to new subscribers who live in Cardston. Don't miss this opportunity. It is a bargain.

Mr. Woolford, of Cache Co., Utah, with a company of friends, will arrive in Lethbridge sometime this month. They bring with them all their horses, wagons, etc. on the train. This will be the first considerable company of settlers to Cardston this spring. Hundreds more will come in during April and by May companies will begin to arrive that make the journey in wagons.

COAL, COAL, COAL!

Clarke Mine, - - - - - - - - Belly River.
$2.25 per ton at the Mine.
Delivered in Cardston for $3.00 per ton.
Orders may be left at Co-op or Allen store.

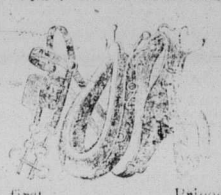
HOTEL DE WOOLF

RATES, $1.50 PER DAY.
Livery & Feed Stable.
Cardston, - Alberta.

You Know
Wolsey & Evans,
Contractors & Builders,
W. M. Wolsey. James Evans.
Cardston. - - Alberta.

Samuel Cox,
Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting,
& Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
CARDSTON. . . ALBERTA.

Hooked up at last.
HARNESS & SADDLERY.



Quality first. Prices right.
S. H. Horner,
CARDSTON, Next Kearl's Livery Stable

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.
All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.
Cardston. . . . . Alberta.

For Sale.
Columbia Graphophone, 26-inch horn, with folding stand, two-way hearing tube, and 55 records, all in perfect condition. Come and see it at this office.

Fire and Life Insurance.
Equitable Life (Assets $200,000,000.)
British America Fire Assurance Co.
Western Fire Assurance Co.
Agency, RECORD Office.

Meat Market.
Wm. Wood.
Smoked Tongue, Hams and Bacon.
My own cure.
Cash paid for hides

H. W. Brant, M.D.
Graduate and qualified Physician and Surgeon.
Offers his services to the people of Cardston and vicinity.

Photograph = Gallery
at the Residence of
S. LOW.
Open on clear days from 12 to 2 pm
Cardston, - - - Alberta.

C. O. CARD,
SUB AGENT
DOMINION LANDS.
ALSO AGENT FOR
RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY
. . . AND . . .
PRIVATE LANDS.
Office Hours: 9 to 4.

Robert Ibey, Agent for
PIANOS & ORGANS.
Organs from $75 00 up to $175 00
Pianos " $250 00 " " 700 00
Sewing Machine
From $25 00 to $80 00.

Deseret News and The Record one year for $3.50

C. F. P. CONYBEARE, Q.C.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
LETHBRIDGE, - ALBERTA.
Office Next door to "News" Office.

Space = Reserved for
Cardston Drug Co.

OFFICIAL INFORMATION.

Earl of Minto.....Governor General of Canada.
Sir Wilfrid Laurier.....Premier of Canada.
A. E. Forget.....Lieutenant Governor of N. W. T.
L. G. DeVeber.....M. L. A. for Lethbridge District
Horace Harvey.....Registrar for Dist. of So. Alberta.
W. F. McCreary.....Commr. of Immigr. Winnipeg.
J. A. Hammer.....Overseer, Village of Cardston.

HOME MISSIONARIES.

The Home Missionaries will visit the different wards in March as follows:

West Etna, Mar. 12th.
Caldwell, Mar. 19th.
Etna, Mar. 26th.
Elders A. Mercer and O. E. Bates.

Cardston, Mar. 12th.
Etna, Mar. 19th.
Mt. View, Mar. 26th.
Elders Frank Leavitt and Jno. Hunt.

Caldwell, Mar. 12th.
Leavitt, Mar. 19th.
Cardston, Mar. 26th.
Elders V. Stewart and Jordon.

THOS. DUCE,
Pres. of Home Missionaries.

The Home Dramatic Co. will present a military drama on the evenings of Mar. 31st. and Apl. 1st.

The conclusion of the Government is that the expression of public opinion at the polls does not justify the introduction of a prohibitory law against liquor traffic.

C. W. Spears, of the immigration department states 1000 Mormons will leave Utah this year to join the prosperous Cardston colony in Southern Alberta, where there are now 2,000 settlers.—Calgary Herald.

President C. O. Card and Elder Jacobson of Alberta, Canada, talked to the people in the First Ward meeting house Thursday evening on Canada, and Alberta in particular, as a desirable place to take up homes.—Brigham City (Utah) Bugler.

Ottawa, Mar. 3.—No less than one thousand Mormons are expected to take up farms in the Canadian West this coming summer. They will remove from Utah.—Mail and Empire.

H. W. Brant, M. D. has received his certificate from the College of Physicians and Surgeons of the N. W. T. and, therefore, the Doctor has now complied with all the requirements of the North-West Territories Medical Act, and has been duly registered.

Mr. Eph. Harker has an advertisement in today's Record in which he asks for tenders for laying rock and brick and carpenter work. Mr. Harker is going to build a handsome residence: the foundation will be about 40x60 feet. When completed it will be the largest and most expensive residence in Cardston.

CARD OF THANKS.

The children of Mrs. Scott, deceased, wish to return their sincere thanks to their numerous friends who showed so much kindness and sympathy at their recent bereavement.

JOHN M. DUNN
In behalf of the children.

When you want receipt or note Books call at THE RECORD Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts. You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

THE RECORD has the agency for CLEVELAND BICYCLES. Can sell you a good one for $40, or a better one for $90. Ladies' Bicycles from $40, up to $80. Now is the time to order your Bicycle. The Cleveland Bicycle is the BEST made.

Notice.

FROM
February 1st. to March 1st.
The CARDSTON CO. Ltd.,
WILL HAVE A
Removal Sale in every Department.

A few more Ladies, Misses & Childrens Coats at cost; they must go.
Now is your time to buy a nice dress Silk & trimming to match.

Gents Furnishings

Ties	Ties	Ties	Ties	Ties
		25c worth 40 50 and 60c.		
Hats	Hats	Hats	Hats	Hats
50c	75c	85c	1.00	1.25

Worth Double.

Shoe Department.

	Shoes	Shoes	Shoes	Shoes	Shoes	
Gents	90c	$1.00	$1.25	$1.50	$1.75	& up.
Ladies	65	75	1.00	1.25	1.50	& up.
Misses	50	65	75	85	90	& up.
Baby	25	35	40	45	50	& up.

These Goods Must Go
to make room for our large stock that is on the road and we invite the public to inspect and you will sure be satisfied.
There is a Carload of Furniture, Carpets, Curtains, and our stock will be complete so it will pay you to see ours before you buy elsewhere.

Highest Price paid for Produce.
The Cardston Co. Ltd

Samples Now Ready.
W. A. MURRAY & CO., LIMITED, TORONTO

Largest Dry Goods House in the Dominion of Canada, now ready with Spring Samples of New Dress Goods, Silks, Wash Fabrics and other Dry Goods needs. A complete Range will be sent to any address. Write for Catalogue. Address Mail Order Dept.
The W. A. Murray & Co., Toronto, Ont.

MT. VIEW NOTES.

~~Editor Record~~: Emigration has started to arrive already this spring. Two have arrived at the home of Mr. R. H. Wellman, his wife having presented him with twin boys, one weighing 8 and the other 9 pounds. Mr. R. H. is all smiles.

It is reported that as soon as the snow has gone sufficiently a party of surveyers of the C. & E. R. R. will run a preliminary survey for that road through or near Mt. View. If the report is true of which there is little doubt, it will be nearer for Cardston than Lethbridge is.

The funeral rites of Mrs. Marian Scott, an old and respected citizen of Mt. View, were held here on the 9th. inst. The deceased came from Scotland to Idaho a number of years ago and from there to Mt. View.

Your correspondent does not see much material on the ground for the new Meeting House and Tithing granary but suppose they will come as the season advances.

There is a good opening here for a blacksmith. A shop and tools are all ready and prospect is good for plenty of work in fixing up implements for the use of the farmers.

We are pleased to see Mr. Isaac W. Allred who had his toes cut off some time ago, around at his work again.

Messrs. Jordon and Terry have commenced shipping lumber from their mill.

The health of the people is good except slight colds among the children.

S. J. Layton, ~~your correspond ent~~ is getting over the "grip."

~~SUBSCRIBER.~~

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, both one year for $2.50.

FOR SALE—Model 1 Improved Hand Printing Press, Chase 5x8. At RECORD Office.*

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends, 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

ENVELOPES.

Comply with the postal requirements by using your envelops printed by THE RECORD.

Kearl Hotel
Kearl & Sharp, Props.

First Class in all Appointments.

$1.50 per day and upwards.

Meals, 40 Cents.

Livery, Feed & Sale Stables

Good outfits furnished at all hours.

Rates Reasonable.

The Great West Magazine will publish an illustrated article on the Mormons of Cardston in a forthcoming number. Bring ten cents to this office and your name will be put down for a copy of the magazine. Every family should procure a copy and preserve it.

H. W. SAVORY.
Boundary Creek (Cardston P. O.) Alta.
Saddle & Work Horses For Sale.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, MARCH 24, 1899. NO. 35.

COLONISTS FOR CANADA.

Kaysville, March 7.—S. Jacobs was in Kaysville on Sunday, and has been visiting other parts of the country since that time, endeavoring to induce people to leave Utah and make their homes in the Canadian northwest territority. He announces in his public discourses and private conversations on the subject that he has been called upon by the Mormon church authorities to travel among the people and seek colonizers for the Canadian country.

Mr. Jacobs gives a glowing account of the district of Alberta, which contains 100,000 square miles of land, in the southern part of which is an open, rolling country, covered with an abundance of nutritious grasses, that furnishes grazing during the entire year.

The soil is rich and produces good crops. The climate is not so dry as in Utah, but compares favorably for mildness with the northern sections of this state. Timber is found in abundance in the foothills of the Rocky mountains, and coal for fuel has been discovered in many places. The principal cereal crops thrive well in Alberta, but fruits sometimes suffer during the winter.

Mr. Jacobs says the Mormon people have contracted to construct fifty miles of a canal that is being made to convey water onto thousands of acres of land, and it is for the purpose of getting men and teams to work on this canal that an effort to get colonizers in being made.

It is not known whether Mr. Jacobs' visit to Kaysville will induce any persons to go north, but two families had already made preparations to go. They are James L. Taylor and Harvey B. Edwards and their families. They will go by team and expect to leave shortly. Mr. Taylor disposed of a good farm here recently, having been impressed with the Alberta country, when he visited it last year.—Salt Lake, (Utah) Herald.

ONLY ONE WIFE.

General Immigration Agent Speers returned on Wednesday from a visit to the Mormon colony at Cardston, 45 miles south of Macleod. Cardston, he says, is a most flourishing town, two stores there did a business of $140,000 last year.

The colony has a population of 2,000. It has a Presbyterian church, a Mormon church, with several missions and no fewer than five bishops. The school is a secular one and has an average attendance of 150 pupils.

The Mormons have taken the contract for construction of the irrigation canal which commences southeast of Cardston, running to Stirling, distance of about fifty miles.

In April 500 more Mormons will arrive, and an additional 500 will come later in the spring. They will be from Utah. The "stake" as they call their colony is named after Mr. Card, one of the principal sons-in-law of the late Brigham Young, who is its president.

These Mormons are allowed only one wife each, and they are said to be endeavoring to live respectable lives like their surrounding christian friends—Winnipeg Tribune.

Ottawa, March 10.—The regulations governing the granting of yearly licenses and permits to cut timber on Dominion lands in Manitoba, the Territories and within twenty miles on either side of the C. P. R. in British Columbia, established in July last, are amended by specifying that the homesteader may have a free permit to cut 2,000 fence rails to be used on his own land. The provision for payment by actual settlers of the dues at the rate of 12 1-1 cents per cord for cordwood and rails made from dry standing timber is rescinded. Section 24, which gives homesteaders and all bona fide settlers whose farms may not have thereon a supply of timber, a free permit to cut dry fallen timber for their own use on their farms as fuel and fencing, amended by leaving out the word "fallen."—Free Press.

The following notice once appeared in a rural journal: "If any subscriber finds a line in his paper that he does not like, and can't agree with, if he will bring his paper to the office and point out the offending line, the editor will take his scissors and cut it out for him."

ÆTNA.

Editor Record:—

In response to your desire, for a "Pelting of Ætna Locals," and agreeable to my own promise to supply same, I will tell you of some of the happenings of our "growing village."

I noticed by your report of Cardston Conference that Ætna is fully organized, allow me to correct this error.

It is true that Neils Hansen was sustained as Bishop in our Ward Conference on Feb. 12th. but no councillors have as yet, been chosen. And, relative to the number of souls in this ward, your report read 381. This, too, is an error which should read 308.

The meeting house has been re-erected on the new town site. Some further improvements are being made, the stand will extend across the whole building, and will be made 12 feet wide.

This improvement will be appreciated by the people generally. Theatricals can now be indulged in, without the interference of the panelled stand as heretofore.

The meeting house now faces the south instead of the east as on the old site.

D. K. Greene is building a house, nearly completed. on new town site, and expects to move his family there in the near future.

A commodious residence has already been built by Joseph Ellison.

Bishop Neils Hansen is now hauling lumber and collecting other building material. A handsome dwelling house will be built by him the ensuing spring.

Our Ætna merchant feels a little blue. Trade is somewhat slack; but when spring comes with its sun and flowers, brighter times will come also.

We are all anxiously waiting for our Post Office.

Messrs. Elias Pilling and E. Percival are putting up ice for the Ætna Creamery.

Considerable sickness has prevailed during the past three month The "Grippe, affecting both old and young

The boys camped along the river here, are anxiously awaiting spring. They have had considerable rest, and want to get to work on the canal. They complain, though, that they have received but one payment in four months. They say they are incurring debts to keep their teams in order, and that the company, not paying then regularly, is causing them trouble with their creditors. If the Company does not keep their contract with their men, how can they expect the men to adhere strictly to theirs.

Hay is getting quite scarce here selling in the stack at from $4 to $5 per ton.

A new coal mine has been found and opened on Willow Creek and is said to be of a good quality.

"TOMMY TOD."

WHAT IT DOES.

The Graphophone is the talking machine up to-date. In it appear the latest improvements that inventive skill has devised to secure accurate records of sound and to reproduce them faithfully. The Graphophone is remarkable for its simplicity of construction and operation, and for its clear and distinct reproductions.

One of these wonderful machines is for sale at The Record Office. Call and see it if you intend buying.

Theatre.

"The Confederate Spy"

A Military Drama in Five Acts.

BY THE

HOME DRAMATIC CO.

1899 - Mar. 31 and Apl. 1. - 1899

Admission 25 & 35

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Wilton, Conn., March 10.—Robert N. Benedict, aged 27, one of the best known young men of this place, is dead as a result of blood poisoning, caused, according to the physicians, by a habit of frequently putting a lead pencil in his mouth.

Business in all branches will likely be good this coming summer. A large influx of settlers is assured; the canal will supply labor for there immigrants and some money in the this manner be put in circulation.

ARE MORMONS = = POLYGAMISTS?

A recent issue of the Manitoba Free Press contained a communication signed by one (Rev.) H. Bearham, Killorney Man. in which he wildly attacks the Mormons and everything that in any way is connected with them or their religion. It is not the intention of The Record to reply to the tirade of the gentleman, but it is our intention to correct some of the mis-statements and errors of the article.

Any one who is familiar with this class of anti-Mormon attacks will readily grasp the spirit in which the article was written when we state that in the first sentence occurs the word "Mormonites." He, the writer of the attack, has learned "that a company of Mormonites have planted themselves in Winnipeg for the purpose of teaching the doctrines of their church and procuring converts." That is right, only the gentleman should have explained himself a little more respectfully.

The impression of the gentleman was very proper, as he says, "that Mormonism with polygamy was almost a thing of the past." Only he should have dropped the word "almost," for Mormonism with polygamy is entirely dead. It died about ten years ago, and President Lorenzo Snow, the head of the Mormon church, in an interview a month or two ago with "Annie Laurie," of the New York Journal and San Francisco Examiner, said: "Polygamy, the doctrine to which the Gentiles take so much exception, is not practiced today."

Mr. B. gives the Free Press readers the wonderful (?) information "that Mormonism has spread to other states, notably, to Arizona, Nevada and Mexico." Yes, and he might have truthfully added, Idaho, Oregon, Canada and numerous other places, for, as he says, Mormonism was never stronger than it is today."

The gentleman drops a spark of ignorance when he says, "Mormonism has grown out of the 'Book of Mormonism.'" The writer never before heard of the "Book of Mormonism." He goes on to cast slurs regarding the "Origin of Mormonism" which we will not waste space in noticing. A very amusing part of his tirade is at that point where he quotes from the "Journal of Discoveries." Has a Latter-Day Saint ever heard of the "Discoveries?" The writer will gladly give a hundred dollars for a copy of the "Discoveries" for we are convinced by the gentleman of its interesting character.

Mr. B. calls the Mormon Church "idolatorous, polytheistic," etc. He refers to babtism for the dead as a heathen custom." He quotes very extensively from that notorious gentlemen, Dr. Iliff, Dr. Rankin and other "docs;" but he contents himself by subsequently quoting from that now notorious Manti (Utah) Presbyterian synod, which sweepingly declared that: "More than two thousand (Why did they not put it at two hundred thousand?) cases of polygamy have come to our notice." That is "sal atticum" for you. They knew of two thousand cases and yet they did not have the offenders punished according to law which would have been the proper course. There has not been a single arrest and prosecution for polygamy in the State of Utah in years past.

Again Mr. B. is off the track when he quotes from the "Improvement Era" and declares that that publication is the official organ of the Mormon Church. The Deseret News is the official organ of the Church, and there are not two "official organs," the Rev. gentlemen not withstanding.

Now hear the spleen.

"What do our Mormon 'saints' (meaning the missionaries in Winnipeg) say to this? I presume they thought themselves too far from the scene of their polluted practices for them to be known, and they are putting into practice the general principal of the Mormon church—giving the 'milk' of the word first, afterwards when our digestive organs have become stronger, the 'meat!' It is perhaps well that the public should know the exact food they will be required to swallow."

One swallow does not make spring.

This is the way the dear man end up his tirade:

"There is so much more I should like to say on this subject, but I fear I have already occupied too much space. How should these Mormon missionaries be treated? Is it necessary for me to answer this question? How should we treat men infected with a deadly plague? Purge the country of them. These men who dare to come into a community of intelligent and Christian people carrying a gospel which, when unwashed, reveals a condition almost too monstrous and hideous to behold. Men who would pollute the hearths of our happy homes by teaching the vile tenets of their so-called "religion" should be treated as persons tainted with the deadliest disease known to medical science. They should be given to understand that although Canada is a land of 'free religion' she is not a land of 'free love.'"

Now we have but this to say: Inasmuch as the Rev. gentleman takes so kindly to quoting from the Presbyterian synod of Utah, we, also, will adduce from the same body of men. And here you have it:

The following is the answer to President Snow's statement about polygamy in the New York World, prepared at the request of the Salt Lake Ministers' association, Dr. R. G. McNiece, and, by unanimous vote, ordered to be published as expressing the general sentiment of the association:

"The second statement about polygamy is that there have been no polygamous marriages in Utah since President Woodruff's manifesto in September, 1890. And President Snow declarer it to be his intention to stand by that manifesto, and not permit any polygamous marriages to take place under the sanction of the Church. He says: "Holding the keys of the Church over which I am called to preside, no such ceremony can be performed and recognized without my consent. * * * Polygamous marriages in the Mormon Church have entirely ceased."

"Now, we are glad to know that President Snow intends to stand by the manifesto of 1890 and to permit no plural marriage with the sanction of the Church. And we are not disposed to call in question this statement that the Church is not giving its formal and official sanction to plural marriage in the Church through the president."

You should give both sides of a question equal rights to consideration, Mr. B., and we are certain that all right minded people will accept the foregoing statement of President Lorenzo Snow, backed by the approval of the Salt Lake Ministers' Association as conclusive evidence that polygamous marriages in the Mormon Church have entirely ceased."

IMMIGRATION.

Farmington, Utah, Mar. 6th 1899.

Editor Cardston Record:—

Knowing our friends in that part feel an interest in the settlement of southern Alberta, Canada, I pencil you a brief note I am impressed to do this knowing I have just visited Brigham City (the place of the Editor's birth) a visit, where I received a royal welcome from all the leading men of that beautiful city and famed place of orchards and vineyards, as well as the varied industries of this noted city which was founded by your father, President Lorenzo Snow.

I have already visited several counties in this state and during the last three weeks delivered twenty lectures on the advantages that Southern Alberta affords to the settlers. The fruits of my labors in this direction will be realized in the near future, by an influx of a few hundred people who are practical farmers and who fully understand irrigation.

I trust our farmers and gardeners in our colonies there will take great pains in tilling the soil and increasing the acreage of grain and vegetables that those who seek homes in that lovely country may find ample to subsist upon while they also prepare the soil for a more extensive crop in the year 1900.

The prospects are excellent for the gathering of men and teams to complete the Alberta Irrigation Company's canal during this season.

With best wishes to all my near and dear friends in those parts, I am, as ever your devoted friend,

CHARLES ORA CARD.

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THE CARDSTON RECORD

CARDSTON, ALBERTA.

A G. T. R. COLLISION.

A TORONTO LADY AMONG THE INJURED.

A Westbound Passenger and an Eastbound Freight Meet—The Switch Was Probably Tampered With.

Granger, Ind., March 11. — Two Grand Trunk engines collided here last night as a result of which the following persons were injured:

Downey, engineer, badly hurt.

James Elliott, of Erie, Pa., thought to be fatally hurt.

Mrs. Fred W. Emslie, of Toronto, Ont., injuries probably fatal.

Henderson, laborer, stealing a ride, fatally hurt.

Lynch, fireman, serious.

The collision occurred near the intersection of the Grand Trunk and the Big Four tracks. A westbound passenger and an eastbound freight met on the Grand Trunk, the freight having a signal to sidetrack. The switch was thrown, but seems to have been tampered with, and at this juncture the rear brakes refused to operate and the collision followed. A score of passengers were bruised somewhat, but only those named above were seriously wounded.

The Samoan Situation.

Chicago, March 10.—A special to the Chronicle from Honolulu, via San Francisco, says, concerning the Samoan situation, a startling report was given out by an officer of the cruiser Philadelphia to a friend here just prior to the sailing of the flagship for Apia.

According to the officer, Admiral Kautz is instructed to uphold all of the recent decisions of Chief Justice Chambers respecting the election of the king in Samoa, and matters growing out of it. He is to co-operate at once with the American and British consuls and declare Malieota Tanus rightful and legal king. Malieota will be placed in authority under the protection of American and British marines. Mataafa, who also has now a military ascendancy, will be called upon to surrender. Should he refuse to do so Admiral Kautz is instructed to "proceed, by force if necessary, to establish the authority of the duly elected king, Malieota Tanus."

It is believed there will be a struggle, Mataafa is brave, he has the endorsement of and will be supported by Germany. It is not believed that Admiral Kautz will attempt to follow him farther than his present stronghold, some six miles from Apia, in which case American sailors would not be endangered except from bushwhackers. But Mataafa himself may be the aggressor.

British Budget.

New York, March 11.—The London correspondent of the Tribune writes: "Unless all signs fail, there will be important debates on official problems after the chancellor of the exchequer lays his budget before the commons. One of these signs is the ominous warning from Sir Michael Hicks-Beach that the balance of revenue and expenditure may be on the wrong side and measures may be required for meeting a considerable deficit. Another straw which shows the direction of the wind is Mr. Morley's protest against the alarming increase of national expenditures. The most remarkable indication, however, of the transition stage in national finance is the candor of the leading English journal in recommending the re-imposition of duties which were abolished when free trade was established as the permanent fiscal policy of the United Kingdom. That great organ of English opinion has been publishing a series of important articles by an expert on finances of the last twenty years and this week it virtually adopts his conclusion that the time has come for reconsidering and revising the entire system of taxation in a bold and comprehensive way.'

Navigation at Montreal.

Montreal, March 11.—The grain merchants of Montreal are already looking forward to the opening of navigation. It seems, however, now pretty certain that the canals will not be opened until May 1 or after. Last year the canals were opened about the middle of April and grain was able to middle of April and grain was able to load some of the first boats, but this year the barges will not be able to get into port until May 5th or 6th. Steamers will leave Great Britain for Montreal about April 15th, arriving here about April 25th, so there may be ten days between the arrival of the ships and the avent of the grain laden barge unless the date of the opening is advanced.

Smallpox in Mexico.

Austin, Texas, March 11.—Governor Sayers has declared a quarantine against the city of Laredo and the counties of Webb and Encona! on account of an alarming prevalence of small-pox there. About five hundred cases of small-pox have been officially reported in Laredo county since the outbreak of the disease some weeks ago. Quarantine will not interfere with through freight and passenger business from Mexico if the trains carry clean bills of health.

Victoria Goes to France.

London, March 11.—Queen Victoria started for the continent to-day. The sea was calm. The Princess of Wales, Princess Victoria of Wales and Prince Charles of Denmark also left England this morning by way of Dover and Calais, on their way to Paris, where they will spend two days. They will then go to Marseilles and embark on the royal yacht Osborne for a mediterranean cruise.

Now It Is a Demand.

Pekin, March 11.—The Italian minister here, Signor Martine, addressed a note to the foreign office yesterday evening, making a request to take back the Italian dispatch asking for a concession and notifying the foreign office to accept it as a demand, adding that he was willing to enter into friendly negotiations as to the details but insisting upon an answer within four days. This note was couched in courteous terms, but the Chinese regard it in the nature of an ultimatum to which they will probably yield.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Dr. Scott, of Hull, Que., is dead.

The Manitoba A. O. U. W. elected officers.

Levis bye-election will take place on March 29th.

The grand Orange lodge of Ontari elected officers.

R. H. Dunbar, of the Thistles, won the Drewry finals.

Citizens of Port Wrangel desire to be annexed to Canada.

Prince Henry of Prussia will visit United States in 1900.

Neil Burgess, the actor, has declared himself a bankrupt.

The peace congress of nations will meet in Holland May 18.

B. Moore was burned to death on the Crow's Nest Pass line.

The Winnipeg dairymen organized a union and elected officers.

Several new Queen's Counsel were appointed in British Columbia.

An elevator and 25,000 bushels of grain were burned at Gananoque, Que.

Wheat advanced sharply yesterday on disquieting rumors from Europe.

Thirteen men were fatally injured in a colliery explosion in Pennsylvania.

An offer to establish a central milk depot in Winnipeg has been made.

Right Hon. Geo. Goschen introduced Britain's naval estimates to the commons.

Eleven people were killed in a Spanish village by the fall of an overhanging rock.

Dr. S. O. Pope has resigned as superintendent of education in British Columbia.

Dr. Prieto has been granted 33,000,000 acres of land by the Mexican government.

An alleged doctor and his assistant were arrested in Brandon on a charge of theft.

Mrs. Cody, who alleged she was Jay Gould's daughter, was found guilty of blackmail.

Six prisoners were taken from a Missouri jail and publicly whipped for vagrancy.

A coach on the Morris-Brandon passenger train turned over. Two men only were injured.

Parslow, confined at St. Scholastique, Que., for murder, made an unsuccessful dash for liberty.

E. F. Bogart, postmaster of Wilkesbarre, Pa., was caught in the act of opening letters.

C. P. Trevelyan, Liberal, was elected for the West Riding of Yorkshire, by 984 majority.

The U. S. smelting companies, with one exception, have united, with a capital of $65,000,000.

Two thousand U. S. soldiers on their way to Manila were inspected by the governor of Malta.

Requiem mass in honor of the late President Faure was held in St. Mary's church, Winnipeg.

The assizes at Winnipeg and Portage la Prairie open next Tuesday, and at Brandon a week later.

President Hill, of the Great Northern railway, has postponed his new Pacific steamship line project.

Rev. Dr. Talmage has resigned the pastorate of the First Presbyterian church, Washington.

Jno. Smith and Geo. Bates quarrelled in a Pembina saloon Wednesday night, Bates receiving fatal injuries.

Two hundred and three cases of opium smuggled from the Dominion, were seized by U. S. officers in New York.

£2,800,000 will be expended on Wei Hai-Wei by the British government to make it a secondary naval base.

Premier Laurier sent the government's answer on the question of prohibition to the Dominion alliance.

Many changes were made in the Ontario revenue measures owing to representations made by certain interests.

The vicar of Carleston, Eng., was found guilty of assaulting the members present at an anti-ritualist meeting.

In the house of commons the foreign secretary reiterated Britain's position towards any country encroaching on China.

The millers of Western Ontario have sent a petition to the government asking that the harbor of Goderich be deepened.

A regiment of U. S. negroes, who were mustered out, fired at citizens of Atlanta, Ga., from the trains conveying them south.

Two German scientists, Prof. Flutterer and Dr. Holterer, travelled from Tibet to Shanghai, meeting with many adventures.

Valade Dudinsky, who was arrested in Winnipeg for embezzlement, will not be extradited for some time, awaiting evidence from Russia.

David Pelkier, of Lethbridge, who was arrested, accused of setting fire to buildings in Montana, will not be extradited, Judge Rouleau dismissing the case.

An investigation into the wreck of the steamer, Ainsworth, at Nelson, B. C., proved that lives were lost because the crew were in a hurry to leave the vessel.

The British press discussed the situation in China and requested Lord Salisbury to declare the nation's policy towards that country.

Solid Growth.

The annual statement of the British American Assurance Co., published in another column of this issue, shows that the past year has been "a growing time" with this company. The British American Assurance Co. continues to show solid growth from whatever standpoint the business is measured. Their report is interesting reading.

Signs of Prosperity.

Barb wire advanced three quarters of a cent since last November.

Nails advanced half a dollar a keg

And all kinds of foundry material, including stoves and furnaces, have advanced.

Driven to Suicide.

Reading, Pa., March 10.—Harry Kintzer, a prosperous farmer, aged 55 years, living near Womelsdorf, this county, eloped with Miss Beidler, daughter of a neighbor, Wednesday night, and their whereabouts are unknown. When Mrs. Kintzer, the deserted wife, learned of the elopement she took a dose of paris green and died within a few minutes. The neighbors promise to make it hot for Kintzer, who had apparently lived happily with his wife.

Sir Douglas Calton Dead.

London March 10.—Sir Douglas Calton, a former president of the British Association and a high authority on sanitation, is dead.

Sir Douglas Calton, K. C. B., L. L. D., F. R. S., was born in Worcestershire in 1822 and was educated at the Royal Military Academy, Woolwich Shire He passed the highest examination on record and took the first prize in every subject. He held several important offices under the government, holding those of inspector of fortifications, assistant secretary of state for war and director of public works and buildings.

BAD COLORED SOLDIERS

DISBANDED IMMUNES FIRE FROM A TRAIN ON PASSERS BY.

Citizens Fired a Volley Into a Train Which Awed the Negroes and Injured a Train Hand.

Atlanta, Ga., March 9.—The Tenth Immunes (negroes), Colonel Jones, who were mustered out at Macon yesterday, began to show their ill-temper as soon as the train bearing them home began to move out of Macon. Producing revolvers and other arms which they in some way managed to keep with them they began firing from the windows, bullets flew in every direction as the train sped on and passersby were compelled to seek safety. Luckily only one person was shot at Macon. Will Goodyear, a 16 year old white boy, whose arm was fractured by a ball. As the train passed the various stations on the road the rioting was renewed, shots being fired from the train at the people on the platforms to see the train go by.

At Griffin, Ga., where the first section of the train stopped, about 2.30 p.m., occurred the most serious trouble of the day. The regiment came over the Central of Georgia railroad in three sections. When the train stopped at Griffin the negroes, who by this time had filled up on whiskey, began firing their pistols and yelling like Indians. Over 200 shots were fired and the police were powerless to resist. The city was at the mercy of the negroes, who kept up a fusillade of shots until the train carried them beyond the city limits.

News of this outrageous conduct spread rapidly over Griffin and it was determined that the next section of the regiment should be held in check. Mayor Davis telephoned to Governor Candler asking him to order out the Griffin Rifles. The governor sent him word that he would consult authorities and instruct him in a few minutes. Mayor Davis then ordered out a company on his own responsibility as there was no time to lose. The men were given five rounds of ammunition and under command of Lieut Patid marched to the depot. In addition to the militia the mayor and Sheriff Morris deputized nearly 100 citizens to assist the officers in preserving the peace and protecting the city.

About 5.15 p. m., the second section came in sight and above the roar of the train could be heard the rattle of fire-arms which were being discharged indiscriminately. When this train came to a stand-still the negroes saw 200 heavily armed men, who command ed them to keep quiet. The negroes were awed and with a few exceptions were as docile as lambs. To those fractious, cracked heads were administered.

When the train pulled out from the depot the negroes thought they were out of the reach of the citizens and they began firing at houses. At the first shot a volley was poured into the train by the citizens and militia. Geo Agee, a trainman, was fatally shot in the abdomen and one negro slightly wounded. There was no trouble in Atlanta, as the police were prepared for them.

The Queen's Trip.

London, March 9.—The Queen has postponed her departure to the south of France until Saturday next, in consequence of the storm in the channel. The postponement of her majesty's departure is a striking illustration of the extreme care and of the precautions with which she is surrounded.

Instead of going in her own yacht to Cherbourg, as usual, she decided to avoid the long sea trip and go from Folkestone to Boulogne-Sur-Mer in a special passenger boat, which has been changed for its eighty minutes' trip. All sorts of staging and platforms had been erected at Folkestone, where Rear Admiral John Fulerton aide-de-camp of the Queen, who has been in command of the royal yacht Victoria and Albert since 1884, and a host of court officials have been superintending the arrangements. Two trial trips have already been made and everything was in readiness to-day.

At Boulogne-Sur-Mur, in addition to a large force of gendarmes and custom house officials, two battalions of infantry were in readiness, while the entire railroad line to Nice was guarded by soldiers, posted at intervals, supplementing the usual force of railroad employees detailed for duty in such emergencies. The French government is taking unusual precaution on account of the supposed hostility of a portion of the people to the Queen. All these arrangements in France were upset by a dispatch from Rear Admiral Fullerton postponing the journey on account of the weather prevailing in the channel, classed as a "storm," whereas only a moderate sea was running.

Jumped to Death.

Albany, N. Y., March 6.—A prisoner in charge of a deputy sheriff, who boarded the fast mail at Poughkeepsie jumped from the window of the car just north of Hudson, and it is believed he was killed. The train was stopped to allow the officer to go back in search of the man, but proceeded to this city without awaiting his return.

Black Sea Hurricane.

St. Petersburg, March 9.—A hurricane passed over the Black Sea for the past four days, and numerous casualities among shipping have been reported. Two English steamers are ashore near Poti, a Turkish steamer has been wrecked and a sailing ship bound for Theodosia has been sunk, the crew of the latter perished.

A Dash for Life.

St. Scholastique, P. Q., March 9.—Preparations are about complete for the double execution of Cordelia Viau and Sam Parslow for the murder in November, 1897, of Isidore Poirier the husband of the woman. They will hang to-morrow morning and Radcliffe will be the executioner.

A sensation was caused this morning when it became known that Parslow had succeeded at midnight in getting out of his cell in an attempt to make his escape. He was searched to see that he had nothing concealed about his clothing and was then returned to confinement.

THE MARKETS.

New York, March 11.— Wheat receipts, 296,00 bushels; sales, 1,395,000 bushels.

Chicago, Mar. 11.—Futures closed as follows:

Wheat—May 69 1-4; July 68 1-4.

Corn—May 34 7-9; July 35 1-2; Sept. 36 1-8.

Oats—May 26 1-8; July 24 5-8.

Pork—May $9.10; July $9.3.

WINNIPEG MARKETS.

Wheat—No. 1 hard, Fort William, 69 1 2c.

Flour—Patent, $1.85; strong bakers, $1 65; Glenora, 1 75; Manitoba bakers, $1.45; Algoma, $1.20; Imperial XXXX $1.10; XXXX, per sack of 98 lbs., $1.05. Discount of 5 per cent. for cash.

Millfeed—Bran, $10, and shorts $12 per ton in bulk; large lots, $1 per ton less.

Ground Feed—Best Oat chop, $20 per ton; mixed barley and oats, $16 to $18; and wheat mixtures, $10 to $14 Oil cake, $24 per ton; ground corn, $18 to $20 per ton.

Oatmeal—Car lots of rolled about $1.90 for 80 lb. sacks.

Oats—33c per bushel.

Barley—Feed, 28 to 32c per bushel of 48 lbs.; malting, 30 to 32c.

Corn—Car lots on track here, 42 to 43c.

Flax seed—70 to 80c per bushel.

Butter—Creamery, 22 to 23c; dairy, 14 to 17c.

Cheese—Large, 10c; small, 10½c.

Eggs—Fresh, 20c; limed, 14 to 16c

Dressed Meats—Beef, 7c; mutton, 7 to 8c; lambs, 8 to 9c; hogs 5¾ to 6c; veal, 6 to 7½c.

Poultry — Chickens, 10c to 12c per lb; turkeys 10 to 12c, ducks and geese 9 to 10c.

Vegetables—Potatoes, 40c per bushel; turnips, 20 to 25c per bushel; parsnips, 1¼c per lb; carrots, 35c to 40c; beets, 35 to 40c per bushel; celery, 50 to 75c per dozen; cabbage, 1½ to 2c per pound; onions, 2 to 2½c per lb.

Hides — No. 1, 7c; No. 2, 6c. Kip, 6 to 6½c; calf, 8c. Sheepskins and lambskins, 40 to 65c; horse hides, 50c to $1.00 each.

Wool—Nominal, at 8 to 8½c

Tallow—No. 1, 3½c; No. 2, 2½ to 3c.

Seneca Root—21c per pound.

Hay—Baled, $6.50 to $7.50 on track here.

Cattle—Butchers' cattle nominal at 3¾ to 4c.

Hogs—For selected weights, 4¾c off cars here.

Cows—Readily bring from $25 to $40 per head for new milkers.

Horses—Suitable for farm work at $150 to $175 per team.

Extradition Proceedings.

Lethbridge, N. W. T., March 9.—An interesting case was concluded here to-day. David Pelkier, a former citizen of Lethbridge, was arrested recently charged with burning in April last in Belt, Montana, a building which cost a quarter of a million dollars belonging to the Anconda Copper Mining company. The object of the arrest was to extradite the prisoner, and the case was argued before Judge Rouleau and an extradition commissioner, Mr. Germley appearing for the state of Montana together with Mr Conybeare, Q. C., of Lethbridge, Mr. Harris, of Macleod, defending the prisoner. The commissioner gave a lengthy summary of the case and finally discharged the prisoner, chiefly upon the following grounds: The prosecution failed to show that the charge was laid by the state of Montana, no delecti was proved, and there was a lack of important evidence to show that there was good probable cause of his guilt. The most damaging evidence having been given by a woman of no acknowledged religion and not corroborated.

A Change in Flags.

Seattle, Wash., March 9.—The citizens of Port Wrangel, Alaska, are said by late arrivals from the north, to be drawing a petition asking the high joint commission to cede their town to Canada. This is one of the oldest settlements in Alaska. They desire to be the centre of Canadian travel to the mines of the interior and think a change of flags would help their business chances. The only excuse they offer for their desire to get from under the American flag is that principles and laws for which that flag stands are not in effect in Alaska. They claim that the territory has been abused and neglected.

Victoria, B. C., March 9.—Following the example of Dyea which sent a petition asking to become a British town about a week ago, Wrangel is now petition to the joint high commission and the Washington government as well as Ottawa, asking that the town be made a British port.

Wrangle is the strating point for the interior by the Stikeen route, or the all-Canadian trail, and has about 500 people.

Rioting Continued.

Kaleigh, N. C., March 10.—The tour of the Tenth Immunes through this state yesterday was marked by drunken rioting and shooting at people, houses and cattle along the railroad. During the few minutes that the train stopped here, there was drinking and disorder amongst the men. Several shots were fired at the ground or into the air. All along the route their conduct was the same.

A dispatch from Henderson says: "The Tenth Immunes, negro troops, passed over the Seaboard Air line. They shot at private houses and school children. Several men were wounded. The officers of the regiment seemed to have no control over the men." Similar reports come from other points between here and Weldon

Lord Beresford on arriving in London, reiterated his opinions on the "open door" policy.

Don't think your sins won't call again if they find you out.

A DOUBLE EXECUTION.

CORDELIA VIAU AND SAM PARSLOW PAY THE PENALTY.

The Police Fired Their Revolvers to Intimidate the Crowd Outside the Jail Yard.

St. Scholastique, Que., March 10.—Cordelia Viau and Sam Parslow were hanged this morning for the murder of the former's husband. The drop fell at 8.04.

The condemned prisoners spent a fairly good night. They slept for a little while, and then engaged in devotional exercises. At 5 o'clock low mass was celebrated by Fathers Meloche and Collin. The families of both the criminals were present. After mass they partook of some food, and had a last interview with their friends. Long before the time fixed for their execution great crowds surrounded the walls and the prison opening to get a view of the execution.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

Montreal, March 10.—At St. Scholastique, near this city, the murder of Isadore Poirier at St. Canute in November last was avenged this morning by the death of the perpetrators, Cordelia Viau and Sam Parslow upon the gallows in the prison yard in the presence of a vast crowd of people. Both met their fate with resignation. Their necks were immediately broken by the fall and the execution was without a hitch. Radcliffe remarked after the pulses of both had ceased to beat: "I came to make a good job of it, and I have kept my word."

There was no unnecessary delay. The procession started for the scaffold sharp at 8. The drop was sprung at four minutes past, and in 6 1-3 minutes Cordelia Viau was dead. Parslow's pulse ceased to beat twelve minutes after the bolt was withdrawn.

DISGRACEFUL SCENES.

A determined effort was made by the mob to batter down the prison gate. Fortunately it had been strengthened the day before. Just before the procession started several pistol shots were fired outside the wall The police on the scaffold returned the in the air to intimidate those without.

A disgusting feature of the execution was the conduct of those present. Immediately after the drop fell they rushed forward and tore the black cloth away which screened the bodies from view. Father Meloche from the scaffold had to pray them to desist. This was of no avail and the spectators pushed and jostled in their eagerness to get a view of the bodies. There was no movement visible, however, after the drop fell.

The Canada Life.

Nothing succeeds like success, is still true of the business and sound financial position of the Canada Life Assurance Company. This company is now over half a century old, and has become a great national institution, and it must therefore be managed on national business principles and not as a mere local company. Hence the shareholders, by a majority of about 400 shares, decided at its recent annual meeting to remove its head office to a large financial centre, Toronto. This decision is meeting with the approval of the financial press, and of financiers generally, and is opposed chiefly by Hamilton sentiment and a few of the local men who are endeavoring to gain sympathy from others on all sorts of statements and insinuations. Policyholders will do well to let such agitation severely alone and allow President Ramsey (who has for forty years managed the company) and his able co-adjutors to continue the successful management of this splendid company.

President Ramsey and the Board of Directors are respected and influential business men, and they know best what is in the future interests of this great company. Side issues and agitators should be left severely alone.

Port Arthur Murder.

Ottawa, March 10.—Dr. Burgess, of Montreal, and Dr. Phelan, of Kingston, were here to-day on their way to Port Arthur to examine into the mental condition of Provost, waiting execution there for murder. The question of the prisoner's sanity was raised at his trial and the jury, on the information presented, concluded that he was sane at the time that the murder was committed, two years ago. It is understood that new evidence bearing upon this question has been discovered. If Provost is insane it would be contrary to all precedent to send him to the gallows. Much will depend on the report of the doctors.

A CANARD.

The Ottawa Citizen publishes a statement this morning that an order-in-council has been passed providing for the purchase of the Canada Eastern railway. The report is without foundation.

A CUSTOMS' APPOINTMENT.

William Newcombe has been dismissed from the customs' service at Fort William and F. Perry appointed in his place.

The Bear Weakens.

Pekin, March 10.—The Chinese foreign office has received a despatch from St. Petersburg saying that as a result of negotiations between Russia and Great Britain the Russian minister will withdraw his protest against the Hong Kong contract.

The Hong Kong contract is identical with the Niu Chwang contract.

Kipling's Request.

New York, March 10.—Rudyard Kipling passed a restless night. Mr. Doubleday said this morning that the author was a shade better than yesterday. Mr. Kipling has asked for his children several times, but the doctors have refused his request. He does not yet know of Josephine's death. He will not be told of it for a couple of days, or longer. The child Elsie is said to be doing well.

Mrs. Kipling is maintaining that heroic fortitude she has displayed to such a wonderful extent since the great sickness fell upon the Kipling family.

CONDENSED NEWS

A $75,000 fire visited Sorel, Que.,

Baron Truro, of England, is dead.

Lord Strathcona is ill in London.

Princess Kaulani, of Honolulu, is on her death bed.

A Catholic missionary was eaten by Chinese cannibals.

U. S. publishers will build a paper mill near Ottawa.

The funeral of Rev. Principal King was largely attended.

The soldiers at Manila are suffering greatly from the heat.

The five victims of the Sarnia oil tank will all recover.

The exports from the Dominion increased during February.

A recount has been demanded by the Liberals in South Perth.

The Imperial bank refused to honor the city of Brandon's checks.

Robert A. Johnson, managing editor of the Brooklyn Times, is dead.

A freight steamer at Nanaimo was destroyed by fire with its cargo.

Rev. John Semmens resigned as principal of the Brandon Indian school.

Acting Mayor Mathers welcomed the A. O. U. W. grand lodge to Winnipeg.

The condition of Queen Marie Henrietta, of Belgium, is growing worse.

The annual budget debate on the army bill took place in the French chamber.

Lord Salisbury will visit Paris to settle existing Anglo-French difficulties.

Mayor Andrews, of Winnipeg, signed the $500,000 waterworks bonds in Montreal.

The first fire to visit Killarney destroyed a business house and a residence.

The U. S. government will send revenue cutters to Behring Sea to protect her sealers.

Thos. Donaldson dived from Madison Square Gardens and received fatal injuries.

In a Portland, Me., city election, only 167 votes were cast for the Prohibition candidate.

A veterinary surgeon at Cypress River, Man., was fined for not being registered in Manitoba.

The advance sale of tickets for the Melba concerts in San Francisco aggregated $65,000.

A bill granting Sunday street cars to Ottawa passed the committee in the Ontario house.

The senate resolution in the Nova Scotia legislature passed the house by a vote of 30 to 2.

A movement is on foot in New York state to prevent departmental stores dealing in drugs.

All the great eastern coal companies are to be consolidated with a capital of $889,000,000.

China will send an apology to Italy through Sir Claud Macdonald, in the San Mun Bay dispute.

Twenty-five thousand of the U. S. volunteers will be ordered home from active service in Cuba.

Several changes in the prize list and the entry regulations of the Winnipeg Industrial exhibition were made.

Radcliffe, the hangman, cannot find accommodation in St. Scholastique, Que., owing to the feeling against him.

The Port Arthur-Fort William deputation addressed a large gathering in Toronto in the interests of "new Ontario."

B. E. Williams, bookkeeper for Buntin, Gillies & Co., Toronto, who disappeared six years ago, has been found dead in Japan.

All is quiet at Samoa, but the natives are anxiously awaiting the decision of the three powers as to who should be king.

Welsh settlers in Argentine complain bitterly of their treatment in that country, and they may remove to Canada.

The grand masters of the Ontario and Quebec Orange lodge associations delivered annual addresses at Barrie and Montreal.

The Emperor of China is still alive, but is only kept on earth through the influence of the British and U. S. ministers at Pekin.

The A. O. U. W. grand lodge of the U. S. elected officers and decided to exclude waiters who serve liquor in restaurants from the order.

The relations between Russia and Servia are strained, the king of the latter country refusing to pay his father's debts owing to the former.

The evidence in the coroner's inquest on the death of Mrs. Whaley, of Neepawa, has all been taken. The verdict will, no doubt, be suicide.

The Russian ambassador to the United States discussed the Chinese situation and thinks America should have a voice in deciding the fate of China.

Capt. Fraser, of the Imperial forces, who has returned from Japan, states Admiral Dewey is raging under the strain forced upon him by the Filipinos.

Madam Bianchini was sentenced to five years' imprisonment on a charge of attempting to poison her husband. She tried to commit suicide in the court.

Cure For Vagrancy.

Missouri City, Mo., March 9.—This morning 60 masked men battered down the jail door and seized Odit Summers, who was locked up on a charge of vagrancy. They took him to the public school ground, stripped him, and tied him to a tree and lashed him forty times with a twisted grass rope. He was then released and warned to leave Clay county and never to return. The mob afterwards secured Jim Jackson, Jesse Yates, Jr., Jos. Asbury, Dennis Stevens and Ben Noakers. The five prisoners were taken to a stone quarry, stripped, whipped, and admonished to leave Clay county. The victims declare that they don't know why they were punished.

International Courtesies.

Valetta, Island of Malta, March 9.—The United States transport Sheridan, from New York, on February 29, for Manila, arrived here yesterday. By permission of the governor of Malta, General Sir Arthur James Lyon Fremantle, the American troops, consisting of two thousand men, landed to-day and the governor, attended by his staff, inspected them on the Florin parade ground. Subsequently the American marched past and created a splendid impression.

Admiral Sir John O. Hopkins, commander-in-chief of the Mediterranean station, and Major General Lord Congleton, commanding the infantry brigade, with their staffs, were present. There was also a large attendance of naval and military men and an immense concourse of people, as spectators.

Mr. Kipling's Condition.

New York, March 9.—Rudyard Kipling continues to make steady progress toward recovery. His sleep is better and more refreshing, lasting several hours at a time. His brain power is still impaired, but that is only a temporary condition resulting from extreme physical weakness. Only one nurse remained in Mr. Kipling's room last night and there were no calls for her services.

Russia is pouring troops into Port Arthur, and has now about 60,000 men on the peninsula.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

MR. JUSTWED'S DIARY.

Life Was a Dream Until His Wife's Mother Came.

July 15, 1897.—Life is a perfect dream. How sweet to have a little woman whom you love and who loves you! Oh, bliss, bliss! The love I—

July 16.—The whole world must envy me. How sweet, how sweet! She delights me every hour. This morning she said something about her mother coming to visit us some time. What a little tease she is! Oh, peace, peace, thou—

July 17.—Say, that thing about her mother coming is no joke. Let her come. I will be respectable.

July 18.—The old woman will be here at 9. Oh, well, I shall treat her well for Mary's sake.

July 19.—She isn't so bad after all. Been acting very decently all day. The mother-in-law joke—

July 20.—Have seen Mary but very little today. Wonder what the deuce the old lady talks about to her so much?

July 21.—Mrs. Smith must remember that I am 21 years old and know a few things. If she thinks—

July 22.—I'd like to know whose house this is. I'd like to know who is boss. Mary, too, can be so confoundedly contrary. If that old woman can't keep her beak out of my affairs, she can go home. She's got to let me alone.

July 23.—Oh, it's awful!

July 24.—I am going stark mad! How am I going to get rid of the old—

July 25.—I will kill her if it is the last—

July 26.—I have it. I will teach her how to ride a bicycle! Oh, fool friend, I—

July 27.—Ha, ha! Fourteen falls. Hurrah for—

July 28.—Twenty-six falls! Glory! Whoop—

July 29.—Ten falls! My life is one continual round of wild pleasure.

July 30.—Sprained ankle! Whee!

July 31.—Able to mount. The pain she feels gives me exquisite pleasure.

Aug. 1.—Mother-in-law went out alone this morning and was killed at 11:20 by a cable car. They brought her home all afternoon. How sad! How sad to be cut down in the bloom of—in maturity of old age. How we shall miss her, particularly me. She took such an interest in me. How often I used to think about her when she was away from us and hope she was happy in her little home. Ah, me—

Aug. 2.—Remains shipped today. I had to stay at home with Mary. Ah-h-h!

Aug. 3.—Confound her old meddlesome soul! Instead of taking her own wheel that morning she had my brand new 1897 model, and you can't tell it from a railroad wreck!—New York Sunday Journal.

A CURE FOR COSTIVENESS.—Costiveness comes from the refusal of the excretory organs to perform their duties regularly from contributing causes, usually disordered digestion. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, prepared on scientific principles, are so compounded that certain ingredients in them pass through the stomach and act upon the bowels so as to remove their torpor and arouse them to proper action. Many thousands are prepared to bear testimony to their power in this respect.

A Consistent Suggestion.

"They ought to change the name of that club of yours," said Mr. Bibbles' wife at the breakfast table.

"In what way?"

"They ought to call it the Klondike."

"I—I must say that I don't see why."

"For the reason that when a man starts out to go there there's no telling when he'll get home again."—Washington Star.

Where can I get some of Holloway's Corn Cure? I was entirely cured of my corns by this remedy and I wish some more of it for my friends. So writes Mr. J. W. Brown, Chicago.

Easier Than Saving Up $100.

Widson—I wonder what induced Jumkins to marry his typewriter.

Booler—Why, didn't you know that he'd been trying for years to get a typewriter of his own?—Roxbury Gazette.

A Pleasant Occasion.

I watched dear Polly making pies—
Such pies! The world can't beat them.
And then, as you perchance surmise,
Dear Polly watched me eat them.
—Chicago Record.

Parents buy Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator because they know it is a safe medicine for their children and an effectual expeller of worms.

Ask for Minard's Liniment and take no other.

Energy Easily Earned.

DR. WARD'S BLOOD & NERVE PILLS TRADE MARK

Wasted energy must be made up or the body will weaken and perhaps perish.

For a long time prior to taking Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills my nerve system was greatly deranged and I was terribly nervous, so much so that in my business (Linesman of the Kingston Electric Light Co.,) my extreme nervousness naturally made the following of my business extremely hazardous. Before taking Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills my kidneys had been affected for some time. I had constant soreness and stiffnese across my loins and the small of my back. My appetite was variable and very poor. I also suffered greatly with constant headaches. I am glad to be able to inform you that Dr. Ward's Pills completely cured me of all the above ailments and made me a well man. I have found no medicine like Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills, although I have tried many different kinds. They acted quickly and effectually on my nerve system, making my nerves strong and removing all indications of nervousness. These valuable pills also removed all kidney and back trouble and restored to me a healthy vigorous appetite. I have had no headache since five months ago and feel justified in saying that they are a wonderful remedy. They not only removed nervousness, but gave me healthy kidneys, removed all soreness and stiffness from my back and loins, cured me of headache and gave me a good appetite, consequently I am highly pleased. I know of no medicine that equals Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills for nervousness, chronic headache, sore kidneys and back and loss of appetite. Yours truly, John McCutcheon, 522 Princess St., Kingston, Ont.

All good druggists sell them. If they won't, we will supply you by mail on receipt of price, 50c. per box, or 5 boxes for $2.00. The Doctor Ward Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

The editor of an Omaha paper headed a ponderous editorial "Multum in Parvo." This is the way it appeared in print: "Mutton in Fargo."

CAN RECOMMEND IT.—Mr. Enos Bornberry, Tuscarora, writes: "I am pleased to say that DR. THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL is all that you claim it to be, as we have been using it for years, both internally and externally, and have always received benefit from its use. It is our family medicine, and I take great pleasure in recommending it."

The Trump of Fame.

America has produced many women who have exhibited those qualities of heroism in public and private life which entitle them to a place of honor on the rolls of fame. Some have been so honored. Others—doubtless the greater number of true heroines—have gone to their graves, if not unwept, at least unsung. But of those whom the public has recognized as worthy a place and name in history there are so many with so varied claims that no philosopher or historian is able to select the half score destined to live the longest in the memories of mankind. The attempt to make such a selection is an interesting but hopeless task, for the trump of fame is an instrument of many stops, and much depends upon the Plutarch or Boswell who blows it. Every Ulysses has not his Homer.—Womankind.

The winners of the sewing machines in the Royal Crown Soap Co.'s competition for the week ending March 6th, are as follows: Winnipeg, Mrs. McDonald, 56 Dagmar St.; Manitoba, Mrs. John Mills, Portage la Prairie; North West Territories, Mrs. G. Neilson, Prince Albert. The Royal Crown Soap Co. will continue this competition, giving away three machines each Monday until further notice.

Mere Ballast.

Skipper—Did ye get the proveesions, Angus?

Angus—Aye, aye! A half loaf an fouer bottles o' whisky.

Skipper—An what in the woarld will ye be doin wi' aal that bread?—Punch.

Her First View of It.

"Mamma, is this a cocoanut?"

"Yes, dear."

"Has it got milk in it?"

"Yes."

(Turning it about in her hand) "How do you milk it?"—Chicago Tribune.

IF YOU HAVE **CANCER**

Send 6c. in stamps for Treatise. Home Treatment. No knife or plaster is used.

DEPT. W. N. ABBOTT,
MYRON MASON MEDICAL CO.,
577 Sherbourne St, - TORONTO.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.

Swimming Soldiers.

In the Dutch army a man must be able to swim as well as to fight. Moreover, if he is in the cavalry, he must have a horse which will take a river as easily as a hunter takes a fence. Swimming maneuvers are part of the regular drill there. Collapsible canvas boats, manned by a few oarsmen, lead the horses so that they do not attempt to land on stone quays and other difficult points. The men swim across with their horses and on them. They do it in swimming costume and in all the accouterments of war. There are few nautical emergencies for which the Dutch army is not prepared. Some of the officers have even reached such a degree of proficiency that not only their horses and kits cross the river with them, but their pet dogs sit upon their shoulders and are borne over, almost without wetting.—Chicago Times-Herald.

DISEASE OF THE SPINE

A Malady That Makes Life Almost Unbearable—A Nova Scotia Lady Tells How to Cure It.

Mrs. Frank Minard, of Milton, N.S., is a lady who possesses the confidence of a large circle of friends. Mrs. Minard has been a sufferer from spinal disease and attendant complications, and to a reporter she recently gave the particulars of her cure. She said: "As a result of the trouble I suffered terribly. At times the pain would be confined to my back, and at other times it seemed to affect every nerve in my body, from the top of my head to my toes. As a result I was reduced greatly in strength, and was unable to stand upon my feet long enough to attend to my household work. When doing any kind of work which required a standing position I had to provide myself with a high chair as a means of support. The medicine which the doctor prescribed for me did not seem to afford me more than temporary relief from the pain, and I was gradually growing weaker and weaker. Finally the doctor suggested that I should use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and acting on his advice I began to take them. I had only used a few boxes when the agony I had suffered for months began to abate, and I began to regain my strength. I continued using the pills for a short time longer, and was again in full possession of my health and strength, and able to do my household work. I have never enjoyed better health than I am doing at present.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure because they supply the blood with its life-giving properties and strengthen weak nerves. All diseases due to either of these causes are speedily cured by the use of this medicine. Sold by all dealers or sent by mail, post paid, at 50c. a box or six boxes for $2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Unholy Joy.

"The first thing I shall do when I get rich," said the man who lives in an apartment house, "is to buy a piano."

"You?" exclaimed his friend.

"Yes, me, and then I shall buy an ax and be revenged for years of torment."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

We beg to call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills in this paper. The firm have also placed on the market Dr. Ward's Liver Pills which have already proved to be a most excellent family medicine as a cure for constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, etc. They are sold at 25c per vial, or 5 for $1, or mailed on receipt of price by the Dr. Ward Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

An Open Confession.

If you have goods to sell, don't let
The public blindly guess it,
But have some real "get up and get"
And in an ad. confess it.
—L. A. W. Bulletin.

Way Behind.

"A Massachusetts man has had his name changed from Tomaszewekelmer to Bennett," says the Cleveland Leader. He is away behind the hero procession. Why didn't he have it made Dewey or Sharkey?—Denver Post.

The Proper Term.

"To call me 'politician,'"
Quoth he, "would be amiss.
I've been defeated. I must be
A statesman after this."

B.B.B. Makes Rich Red Blood.

The Best Remedy for Spring Weather Weakness.

The Blood is the very essence of life. As it courses through the system it carries with it, if pure and rich, nutrition to every cell in the body. If impure, it spreads disease. If thin and watery, it fails to nourish, hence we have weakness, debility and decay.

It is the wonderful power B.B.B. has in purifying impure blood, making thin, watery blood rich and red, that is at the bottom of its marvellous success in curing disease.

Those who are pale, thin, weak, troubled with blotches, pimples or eruptions of any kind should take B.B.B.

It makes the pale cheek rosy, the skin clear and smooth, and infuses new energy into weak, worn, run down, shattered constitutions.

Skin Clear. "I beg to state I have used Burdock Blood Bitters for impure blood, pimples on the face, &c., and derived great benefit from it. My skin is now very clear and free from all eruptions. I only used four bottles of the B.B.B. and can strongly recommend it to any person suffering from impurities in the blood or eruptions of the skin."
MRS. G. B. HELMORE,
Spence's Bridge, B.C.

Every Spring. "I have taken B.B.B. every spring now for some years, to purify my blood and keep my system in good order, and can honestly say that I do not know of its equal anywhere." MRS. AGGIE BARNES,
Lunenburg, N.S.

Minard's Liniment the Lumberman's Friend.

Refreshing Sleep COMES WHEN Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills ARE USED.

Miss Margaret Brown, 627 Colborne St., London, Ont., says:—"My mother has been afflicted with nervousness and general debility for a long time. She suffered a great deal with insomnia, and found it almost impossible to sleep.

"I went to W. T. Strong's drug store and got a box of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, which she took, and derived so much benefit from them that I bought another box for her. They have done her a wonderful lot of good, making her nervous system much stronger, giving her restful sleep, and removing many other symptoms which previously distressed her.

"I can truly say that these pills are a great remedy for any one suffering from weak nerves, general debility, sleeplessness or heart trouble."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50c. a box or 3 for $1.25, at all druggists.

THE PEACE CONGRESS.

A Prophetic Statement as to What It Will Accomplish.

Present—The czar, in the chair, and the representatives of the powers.

The Czar (concluding his speech)—And so, gentlemen, I leave you to settle the matter. Mr. Stead wants me now.

(Enter Mr. Stead.)

Stead—Don't move, and I'll take the opportunity of speaking to all concerned. No, I will not be silenced. What I have to say is that I am ashamed of my own countrymen; they won't disarm, but I know that you will all set them a good example. Now, czar, you speak first.

Czar—I agree.

Stead—Hear, hear!

Czar—After the other nations, I will turn my army into peaceful police, and the navy into custom house cruisers.

Stead—But they will be available for war just the same.

Czar—Exactly; that is my idea of peace. But I trust the other nations will surrender all weapons, and I will store them free of charge.

Omnes—Certainly.

Stead—Hear, hear!

Omnes—When Russia and England are wiped out of the map, and not before. (Stead faints. Curtain.)—Pick Me Up.

IN NATURE'S STOREHOUSE THERE ARE CURES.—Medical experiments have shown conclusively that there are medicinal virtues in even ordinary plants growing up around us which give them a value that cannot be estimated. It is held by some that Nature provides a cure for every disease which neglect and ignorance have visited upon man. However, this may be, it is well known that Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, distilled from roots and herbs, are a sovereign remedy in curing all disorders of the digestion.

Foolish Man.

"Why do you think him such a fool?"

"He asked me to marry him, and of course I refused the first time, and he didn't have sense enough to ask me again."—Chicago Post.

Dear Sirs,—I have been a great sufferer from rheumatism, and lately have been confined to my bed. Seeing your MINARD'S LINIMENT advertised, I tried it and got immediate relief. I ascribe my restoration to health to the wonderful power of your medicine. LEWIS S. BUTLER.
Burin, Nfld.

The Bigger Half.

"I cannot understand," said the bachelor clerk, "why a man's wife is called the 'better half.'"

"You would," said the married clerk, "if you had to divide your salary with one."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

A Capital Reflection.

Mrs. Crimsonbeak—Do you believe that a horse can eat his head off?

Mr. Crimsonbeak—I don't know, but I wish to gracious a man could drink his head off.—Yonkers Statesman.

There are so many cough medicines in the market, that it is sometimes difficult to tell which to buy; but if we had a cough, a cold or any affliction of the throat or lungs, we would try Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. Those who have used it think it is far ahead of all other preparations recommended for such complaints. The little folks like it as it is as pleasant as syrup.

Delayed by a Washout.

"You're getting in pretty late," said the Klondiker.

"Yes," said his partner; "I was delayed by a big washout."

Having thus spoken, he exhibited 625 ounces of gold, the result of the washout aforementioned.—Indianapolis Journal.

Approval.

"Did you know," said the man who affects erudition, "that 'Klondike' means 'deer river?'"

"No," was the reply. "I didn't know it. But with eggs selling at $1.50 apiece I should say that was an appropriate name."—Washington Star.

BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES, NEW AND SECOND-HAND, BOWLING ALLEYS AND SUPPLIES.
Large catalogue free.
THE REID BROS., 257 King West, Toronto.

Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians.

NATIONAL FARMERS COMPANY

NATIONAL BINDER TWINE

Full strength: over 75 lbs. breaking strain. Full length: 600 feet to the pound. Full weight: 80 lbs. to each bale. No clogging in the binder—compactly wound; made entirely of pure Manilla Hemp without adulterant of any kind, absolutely the best ever offered the Canadian farmer. **80 lbs. NATIONAL BINDER TWINE FOR $12 CASH** with any one of the following valuable and useful

PREMIUMS:

14-Karat GOLD-PLATED WATCH, stem-winding and stem-setting, guaranteed reliable time-keeper—lady's or gentleman's size—maker's guarantee with each watch.

SOLID GOLD RING set with genuine Garnet and Opal gems—stamped and warranted—with maker's Trade Mark and guarantee.

MUSICAL CLOCK, glass sides, in Nickel Silver and Gilt—a handsome ornament and accurate time-piece. A never ending pleasure in the home.

HOW IT IS DONE: The National Farmers Co. sells direct to practical bona fide **Farmers;** employs no middle men or agents, does business only for cash, makes no losses—Every dollar does its full duty. We have a lot of **NATIONAL BINDER TWINE** on hand—so much that the bank rate of interest until harvest, on the money locked up, will amount to many thousand dollars. We want to save that interest and give it to the farmer in return for cash. That is where the premium comes in.

This Company reserves the right to refund your money if the price of Hemp advances by reason of the Philippine war or other causes. Manila Hemp comes from the Philippine Islands. ORDER AT ONCE and make certain of your season's supply before Hemp advances.

Remit money to us only by Postal Note, Post Office Order, Express Order or Registered Letter. Write your name plainly, give your post office address and also the railway station to which we are to ship the Twine. You pay freight on the Twine from WINNIPEG, we send you the premium prepaid by mail or express from Toronto. Observe above directions carefully so we cannot make any mistake in forwarding your goods. Say whether you want a Gentleman's or a Lady's Watch, a Musical Clock or a Ring—if the latter, send a piece of string or paper size required.

Address all letters and make all remittances payable to

NATIONAL FARMERS COMPANY,
TORONTO.

Enquirers are referred to any Mercantile Agency and to the Editor of this paper as to our responsibility.

THE CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

SOUND AND PROSPEROUS.

SAME OFFICERS RE-ELECTED.

The Fifty-second Annual Meeting of the Canada Life Assurance Company was held at Hamilton on the 14th inst., and the report shows that the company is in a most sound and prosperous financial condition, and that it still continues to hold its place as the leading life assurance company of the Dominion. The following is a short synopsis of the report:

During 1898, 2089 applications for $6,152,764 of insurance were received. Omitting the declined and deferred applications, the actual issue of the year was 2649 policies for $5,473,319. This amount is an advance upon the business of the past two years.

The total business in force at 31st December last was $75,256,241 of assurances, under nearly 35,000 policies, upon over 25,000 lives. The payments of the policyholders amounted to about $1,300,000.

The sum of $225,000 was set aside as a special provision towards a higher reserve basis, to which the lower rates of interest now obtainable makes it a prudent look forward. After making the provision for the reserve upon policies and all other liabilities, there is left a surplus over all liabilities amounting to $1,818,747.

FINANCIAL ABSTRACT FOR YEAR 1898.

Premium Income (net)	$2,167,488 72	
Interest, Rents, Etc.	868,960 72	
		$3,036,449 44
Paid Policyholders	$1,295,370 45	
Expenses, Taxes, Etc	438,304 76	
Balance	1,302, 74 23	
		$3,036,449 44

ASSETS, JAN. 1st, 1899.

Ledger Assets	$19,225,630 01
Other Assets	813,157 32
Total Assets	$20,038,817 33

LIABILITIES.

Assurance Reserve Fund (4 per cent)	$17,621,216 00
Special Reserve towards higher standard	225,000 00
All other Liabilities	373,853 44
	$18,220,069 44
Surplus over all Liabilities	1,818,747 89
	$20,038,817 33

The President, Mr. A. G. Ramsay, in moving the adoption of the report, said:

"It is the twenty-fourth year in which I have had the honor, as President, of submitting a report to you, and it is with the same satisfaction and confidence as I have happily had upon all these occasions, and indeed, during all the forty years of my connection with the company, that I am able to point to the success and the sound position which the company occupies.

The new business during the year was in excess of that of the previous year. Such a result speaks well for the public confidence which the company enjoys. Our new business has been obtained without undue expense and with a scrupulous care not to mislead applicants."

Mr. Ramsay pointed out that it is possible to injure a Life office by giving it too much new business, obtained at too great cost. He pointed out that there is too great a disposition for companies to congratulate themselves upon a big new business and being in an apparently prosperous condition, when, as a matter of fact their reserve may be inadequate, funds badly invested, expense of management ruinous, and profits infinitesmal. The big new business is like charity in covering a multitude of sins, but a big new business is not so much a matter of merit as a matter of price. Mr. Ramsay also pointed out that there are already indications that companies that have been unduly expanded and differently conducted from the Canada Life, are suffering the effects of their different course, and that the great companies whose business is of the largest amount, and whose enormous growth makes them apparently of the most progressive and prosperous character, are just those who have been the most conspicuous in the decline of the profits which they have been able to give their policyholders.

The ratio of the Canada Life's expenses to income was 13.61 per cent. in 1898, and Mr. Ramsey invited those present to compare that with the corresponding ratio of any other company doing business in Canada, pointing out that "mere magnitude of business without regard to cost, is a distinct and direct injury and an injustice to our older policyholders, whose advantage and security should be our first care."

President Ramsay also called attention to the continued decline in the rate of interest obtainable on satisfactory investments, and looking to the fact that a life assurance company's obligations are based upon an assumption of interest to be obtained during very long periods, up to say fifty years, it is a matter of prudent regard to the solidity and safety of the company and its policyholders that the company should prepare to still further strengthen the reserves upon policies. With that in view, a sum of $225,000 has been set aside as a special fund towards a higher valuation standard. The wisdom and prudence of this course will commend itself to all interested in the company.

The Vice-President, Mr. F. W. Gates, seconded the adoption of the report, which was unanimously carried. By a vote of 1373 shares to 954, it was resolved that it would be in the interests of the company that its chief place of business shoul hereafter be in the city of Toronto.

The following Directors were elected to fill the place of those retiring:

Mr. A. G. Ramsay, Adam Brown, Wm. Gibson, M. P., J. W. Flavelle, John Hoskin, Q. C., and Z. A. Lash, Q. C.

At a subsequent meeting of the directors Mr. A. G. Ramsay and Mr. F. W. Gates were unanimously re-elected President and Vice-President respectively.

PHAKTS

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER

IS LOW IN PRICE
PURE
RICH IN LEAVENING STRENGTH

and keeps its FRESHNESS and FULL STRENGTH till used.

WHY NOT TRY IT?

THE DYSON-GIBSON CO.

W. R. ALLAN,

General Insurance Agent,

FIRE Companies Represented:
Quebec Fire Assurance Co.
Royal Insurance Co.
Sun Insurance Office.
Union Assurance Society

All classes of Insurances transacted and losses promptly and satisfactorily settled.

Guess what it is

It is the coffee that never fails to give absolute satisfaction.

The seal which it bears is a guarantee that its purity and strength have not been tampered with, and that it surely is

Chase & Sanborn's Seal Brand Coffee

VICTOR SAFES

Can you afford to be without a Safe when you can get one from $15.00 up.

WILSON'S COMPUTING SCALES,
ALSO
BAKERS' AND BUTCHERS' SUPPLIES.

WATT & ALBERT,
General Agents,
P. O. Box 589. Winnipeg, Man.

Royal Crown Soap

Grand Weekly Free Sewing Machine Competition

3 New Williams, No. 6 Drop Head, Sewing Machines, Value $65, Each Given away weekly for Royal Crown Wrappers and Coupons, viz:

WINNIPEG, 1 each week.
MANITOBA, outside of Winnipeg, 1 each week.
N. W. T. and ONTARIO, east to Schrieber, 1 each week.

Ask your Grocer for a Coupon with every five bars of wrapped ROYAL CROWN SOAP. Full instructions on each Coupon.

First Drawing Monday, January 16, and each week thereafter until further notice.

Large List of Books and Beautiful Pictures still given away for ROYAL CROWN SOAP WRAPPERS to those who do not compete for the Sewing Machines. List mailed free on application.

THE ROYAL SOAP CO., Winnipeg.

CARDSTON RECORD.

:o:

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Friday at Cardston,

Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance. Advertising Rates on application.

In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisements they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisements will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

Copy for change of advertisments MUST not be in later than Monday noon.

ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Managing Editor,
CARDSTON, N. W. T.,
DRAWER 72. CANADA.

Cardston, March 24, 1899.

How do you like this weather, ye prospective settlers?

The Cardston Drug Co. will be ready for business in a week or two. They have rented Mr. Snow's building north of the Bank; and their large stock of drugs, medicines, etc., will soon arrive. We wish the new enterprise every success.

Mr. T. H. Woolford, a well known resident of Smithfield, is making preparations to depart shortly for Albetra, Canada, where he will make his future home. With him will go several other families from different parts of the county; in fact, it appears that there will be quite an exodus ef people from Cache, this spring, to the prosperous Canadian colony.—Deseret News.

President Card of Cardston, Canada, gave an interesting talk at the First ward meeting house last Friday on the advantages of Canada for homeseekers, and as a result quite a number of young men of this city are contemplating a trip up there to see how they would like it for a home. In the Alberta country President Card says the climate is no colder than in Cache valley with less snow in winter and more rain in summer—than is the rule in Utah.—Boxelder (Ut.) News.

The Canadian West is threatened with a Mormon invasion next summer, when one thousand of Brigham Young's disciples from Utah will take up farms on the prairies. Of course they will bring with them their religion and their proselytising tendencies, and if they become politicaly useful and important, the marriage laws may be jeopardized. We welcome all classes of good citizens to Canada—the home of the free—and we believe, in religious freedom, but 'tis hard indeed to swallow a bigamous Mormon.—Presbyterian Review. Yes, and 'tis hard indeed to swallow what emanates from the Presbyterian Review.

NOTICE.

Tenders for Building.

I WILL receive Tenders until April 1st. to lay 100 perch of Rock; and also 50,000 Brick, more or less; also for Carpenter work. See plans at my home.

EPH. HARKER.

Cardston, 15th. March, 1899.

CHURCH NOTICE.

Divine Service in the Presbyterian Church, every Sabbath evening at 7 p. m.

HOME MISSIONARIES.

The Home Missionaries will visit the different wards in March as follows:

West Ætna, Mar. 12th.
Caldwell, Mar. 19th.
Ætna, Mar. 26th.
Elders A. Mercer and O. E. Bates.

Cardston, Mar. 12th.
Ætna, Mar. 19th.
Mt. View, Mar. 26th.
Elders Frank Leavitt and Jno. Hunt.

Caldwell, Mar. 12th.
Leavitt, Mar. 19th.
Cardston, Mar. 26th.
Elders V. Stewart and ——— Jordon.

THOS. DUCE,
Pres. of Home Missionaries.

Many people are in favor of the mail for Cardston coming from Macleod so soon as the bridges over the rivers are completed. The trip from Macleod to Cardston can easily be made in seven hours. A tri-weekly or even a daily mail service via Macleod would not be out of the question.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Car lston—Cowstown.

Oh, what a nice spring!

Where is the poundkeeper?

And the town is still over-run by cows.

Sunday was unpleasantly cool.

The air gun was invented in 1652.

Monday was a very cold day.

It was cold and snowing on Tuesday.

Wednesday was clear and quite pleasant.

Advertising in The Cardston Record pays.

Who has the loudest mouth in Cardston?

Bells were introduced in Europe in the year 400

Mrs. Louie Taylor was a visitor in Cardston this week.

What about the immigration building for Cardston?

The Canal Company paid out some money this week.

Look out for carpet-baggers: there are some in Cardston already.

The Missouri (the largest river in the world) is 4,200 miles long.

A. J. Gay was a visitor to our northern neighbor, Lethbridge, this week.

It doesn't look as though the fur-overcoat will be superseded by the duster yet.

Excavation for the Cardston Co's. cellar is going merrily on. Frost was down two feet.

The body of a person weighing 140 lb. produces 3 lb s. ashes; time for burning, 55 minutes.

President Brigham Young once; said "Every time you kick Mormonism you kick it uptsairs."

Bert Talbot has taken a contract for the hauling of a hundred thousand feet of lumber for the canal.

One of Walter Glenn's little boy's has been very sick; but Dr. Brant reports an improvement in his condition.

"Old-timer" say that this cold and stormy weather we have had this week is alright, for it will be followed by sprinp weather in April.

Robert Ramsbottom, the official Organizer for the North-west Ancient Ordor of Foresters, paid Lethbridge a flying visit last week.

Rev. Gavin Hamilton gave an interesting discourse on early bibical events to a large congregation at the Presbyterian Church on Sunday evening.

Tuesday afternoon, Mr. John Furman passed through Cardston with a band of fine horses. He will sell them in Manitoba, and they will likely bring handsome prices for their breed is firstclass. There are few things nicer in this world than a right good horse, and it pays big to raise only the best.

Mr. C. W. Speers, general agent of the Dominion immigration department, arrived in the city Wednesday evening from the west, where he has been on a tour of inspection. Mr. Speers visited the Mormon colony at Cardston, forty-five miles southeast of Fort Macleod, and found that community in a prosperous condition. There are already five centres of population and the total number of persons settled in the district is over 2,000. It is expected that this year over 1,000 more will leave Utah and journey to Canada, 500 of whom will come in the early spring; probably the first of April. The country which has been taken up would without irrigation be of little value from an agricultural standpoint, but a private enterprise, the Irrigation and Canal company will this year put in 50 miles of irrigating canals. The Mormons have taken a large part of the contract, as they are very expert at this class of work. The social condition of these people is very good. They have utterly given up the practice of polygamy and speak in the highest terms of Canada, its laws and institutions. They are also loud in their appreciation of the treatment which they have received at the hands of the government.

Since they have been in the country they have accomplished great results. Cardston, their principal village, has a population of nearly one thousand souls; its residences are substantial and handsome. A fine system of irrgation has been introduced and everything goes to indicate that at no distant date it will be a flourishing town. Although, of course, conservative in regard to religion, Mr. Speers considers that they will make the very finest class of settlers.

COAL, COAL, COAL!

Clarke Mine, - - - - - - Belly River.

$2.25 per ton at the Mine.

Delivered in Cardston for $5.00 per ton.

Orders may be left at Co-op or Allen store.

Mr. C. McCarty came up from Utah on Friday.

The ice on the rivers is unually late this year in breaking-up

Wm. Wood secured the contract for supplying beef for canal contractors.

The Cardston Company is having a wagon shed erected on the west of their implement house.

It is expected that 50,000 new settlers will take-up homes in the West this season.

Eight prospective settlers arrived in Cardston from Utah on Friday last.

Several car loads of wagons and farm implements came in last week for the Cardston Company.

The creamery at Cardston is to be operated as part of the government creamery system.—Alberta Tribune.

RANCH FOR SALE, 160 acres; good house; good water; 20 acres broke. Will sell cheap for cash. Apply to C. E. Snow.

Subject for next Sunday evening at the Presbyterain Church, "The Kingdom of God." Service 7 P. M.

The Legislative Assembly for the North West Territories has been convened for Tuesday, the fourth day of April.

Mr. L. B. Cochran, of Medicine Hat, spent a couple of days in town this week. He went on to Pincher Creek yesterday morning.—Leth. News.

In the last few months The Record has doubled its circulation, and no wonder when we publish the best country weekly in the Canadian West.

Mr. C. A. Magrath, superintendent of the Alberta Irrigation Co., went to Salt Lake City on Thursday night's train and is expected backsoon.—News.

Corp. Bolderson informs us that he has received instructions to the effect that all the bodies of all animals having died of glanders must be burned not buried.

Adam Hendry, while engaged in shoeing a horse one day last week, got his hand severely cut on a nail which he was clinching. A quick movemnent of the horse caused the sharp point of the nail to tear his hand open quite badly.

Never enter a sick room in a state of perspiration, as the minute you become cold your pores absorb. Do not approach contagious diseases with an empty stomach, nor sit between the sick and the fire, because heat attracts the vapor.

Dr. DeVeber, M. L. A., went up to Macleod on Monday morning, returning the same day. He informs us that the Northwest Territories Legislative Assembly has been called to assemble on Tuesday, April 4th, and it is quite propable ee will leave for Regina on Monday, the 3rd.—Leth. News.

Mrs. Zina Y. Card returned home on Friday evening from a five months sojourn in Utah. While absent Mrs. Card visited some of the important American cities, and she was a delegate to the National Council of Women recently held in Washington, D. C. Her numerous friends are glad to welcome her back.

We are pleased to hear that F. W. Downer Esq., the genial proprietor of the Lethbridge Hotel, has been appointed United States Consular Agent with head quarters at his hotel. This is a good thing for Cardston and incoming settlers from Utah as they will find the officer a man who will give them all information they require when they arrive.

Some idiots (we do not care to use milder language) seem to think that THE RECORD is working against the Canal Co. and its enterprise. Anyone who is not a fool can see the imbecility of such an idea. The Record is heart and soul in favor of the very laudable undertaking and it will always be found ready and willing to add its little mite to the successful consummation of the project. The promoters of the Alberta Irrigation Company are men in whom the people can place the utmost confidence, and we feel sure the canal will do more toward the settlement and therefore the developement of Southern Alberta than a combination of all previous enterprises have done.

C. F. P. CONYBEARE, Q.C.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
LETHBRIDGE, - ALBERTA.
Office Next door to "News" Office.

Space = Reserved for

Cardston Drug Co.

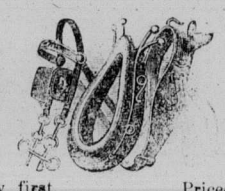
OFFICIAL INFORMATION.

Earl of Minto,.....Governor-General of Canada.
Sir Wilfrid Laurier.....Premier of Canada.
A. E. Forget,.....Lieutenant-Governor of N. W. T.
L. G. DeVeber,.....M. L. A. for Lethbridge District
Horace Harvey,..Registrar for Dist. of So. Alberta.
W. F. McCreary,..Commr. of Immig'r, Winnipeg.
J. A. Hammer,.....Overseer, Village of Cardston.

HOTEL DE WOOLF
RATES, $1.50 PER DAY.
Livery & Feed Stable.
Cardston, - Alberta.

You Know
Wolsey & Evans,
Contractors & Builders,
W. M. Wolsey. James Evans.
Cardston, - - Alberta.

Samuel Cox,
Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting,
& Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
CARDSTON. . . ALBERTA.

Hooked up at last,
HARNESS & SADDLERY.


Quality first. Prices right.
S. H. Horner,
CARDSTON, Next Kearl's Livery Stable

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.
All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.
Cardston. . . . . Alberta.

Meat Market.
Wm. Wood.
Smoked Tongue, Hams and Bacon.
My own cure.
Cash paid for hides

H. W. Brant, M.D.
Graduate and qualified Physician and Surgeon.
Offers his services to the people of Cardston and vicinity.

Photograph = Gallery
at the Residence of
S. LOW.
Open on clear days from 12 to 2 pm
Cardston, - - - Alberta.

C. O. CARD,
SUB AGENT
DOMINION LANDS.
ALSO AGENT FOR
RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY
. . . AND . . .
PRIVATE LANDS.
Office Hours: 9 to 4.

Robert Ibey, Agent for
PIANOS & ORGANS.
Organs from $75 00 up to $175 00
Pianos " $250 00 " " 700 00
Sewing Machine
From $25 00 to $60 00.

Notice.
FROM
February 1st. to March 1st.
The CARDSTON CO. Ltd.,
WILL HAVE A
Removal Sale in every Department.

A few more Ladies, Misses & Childrens Coats at cost; they must go.
Now is your time to buy a nice dress Silk & trimming to match.

Gents Furnishings

Ties	Ties	Ties	Ties	Ties
	25c worth 40-50 and 60c.			
Hats	Hats	Hats	Hats	Hats
50c	75c	85c	1.00	1.25

Worth Double.

Shoe Department.

	Shoes	Shoes	Shoes	Shoes	Shoes	
Gents	90c	$1.00	$1.25	$1.50	$1.75	& up.
Ladies	65	75	1.00	1.25	1.50	& up.
Misses	50	65	75	85	90	& up.
Baby	25	35	40	45	50	& up.

These Goods Must Go
to make room for our large stock that is on the road and we invite the public to inspect and you will sure be satisfied.
There is a Carload of Furniture, Carpets, Curtains, and our stock will be complete so it will pay you to see ours before you buy elsewhere.

Highest Price paid for Produce.
The Cardston Co. Ltd

Samples Now Ready.
W. A. MURRAY & CO., LIMITED, TORONTO
Largest Dry Goods House in the Dominion of Canada, now ready with Spring Samples of New Dress Goods, Silks, Wash Fabrics and other Dry Goods needs. A complete Range will be sent to any address. Write for Catalogue. Address Mail Order Dept.
The W. A. Murray & Co., Toronto, Ont.

When you want receipt or note Books call at THE RECORD Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts. You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

THE RECORD has the agency for CLEVELAND BICYCLES. Can sell you a good one for $40, or a better one for $90. Ladies' Bicycles from $40, up to $80. Now is the time to order your Bicycle. The Cleveland Bicycle is the BEST made.

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, both one year for $2.50.

FOR SALE—Model 1 Improved Hand Printing Press, Chase 5x8. At RECORD Office.*

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends, 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

ENVELOPES.
Comply with the postal requirements by using your envelopes printed by THE RECORD.

Deseret News and The Record one year for $3.50

For Sale.
Columbia Graphophone, 26-inch horn, with folding stand, two-way hearing tube, and 85 records, all in perfect condition. Come and see it at this office.

Fire and Life Insurance.
Equitable Life. (Assets $200,000,000.)
British America Fire Assurance Co.
Western Fire Assurance Co.
Agency, RECORD Office.

The Weekly Globe, Toronto, $1.00 a year. THE RECORD has agency.

Kearl Hotel
Kearl & Sharp, Props.
First Class in all Appointments.
$1.50 per day and upwards.
Meals, 40 Cents.
Livery, Feed & Sale Stables
Good outfits furnished at all hours.
Rates Reasonable.

The Great West Magazine will publish an illustrated article on the Mormons of Cardston in a forthcoming number. Bring ten cents to this office and your name will be put down for a copy of the magazine. Every family should procure a copy and preserve it.

H. W. SAVORY
Boundary Creek (Cardston P. O.) Alta.
Saddle & Work Horses For Sale.

The Cardston Record

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, MARCH 31, 1899. NO. 36

LETTER FROM ENGLAND.

Exeter, England, Feb, 28th 1899.
EDITOR RECORD:—

Dear Bro:—I write to you a brief account of my labors and travels here since I last wrote (in October) trusting it may be of interest to your readers.

Elder W. W. Cooper and myself left Netley about the 1st of Nov. for Southampton, a lovely sea port town on the south coast of England, where a great many American Ocean liners put in from sea. We had to pay six pence before going on the Pier where we wished to take a steam boat to the Isle of Wight—the greatest imposition we have met with since we landed in England. We stopped at Cowes near which is Osborn House a lovely mansion of the Queen's where she and the Royal family live while on the Isle of Wight. We also saw here a fine Danish Man-of-War with a great number of sailors going to and from the shore. We landed at Ryde and there took train for Sandown. This latter place is noted for its high cliffs, some 200 feet high, and one gets a fine view of the ocean, and sees large ships traveling back and forth. It is one of the greatest pleasure resorts in England and one can enjoy the most lovely walks on earth. We visited the little town of Shanklin also noted for its high cliffs, sea views and bathing resort. We attend service in a little Methodist Chapel where Bro. Cooper used to attend when a boy, we met a number of Bro. Cooper's friends. Next day we visited the ancient place Roman Villa where we saw works done in the first century after Christ; and even a well that they claim was dug at that time. We walked to Cowes, saw Osborn House and went on board a yacht belonging to Baron Rothchild.

Nov. 5th being my birthday (36 years old) I thought I would present myself to my mother, so took train for Exeter where my people live. I will not attempt to tell you the joy and satisfaction of that meeting after an absence of about 14 years. It was good to see them again, but, oh! how changed the old folks are. They look worn out and stricken with years almost ready for the grave which Our Father knows will soon come.

I have had many interesting gospel conversations with my relatives and they seem deeply interested, I take pleasure in reading to them a little book by Ben E. Rich, it is very convincing and all truth, and would be of great benefit to many at home if they would read it. I feel thankful for the privilege of bearing my testimony to the truthfulness of the gospel of Christ, and I thank God for His spirit which has helped me to answer their many questions and that they are so interested. A brother-in-law of mine had read some of our tracts and he took them to a night school which he attends for the purpose of studying the Bible. He read the tracts and all were very much interested and thought them Bible doctrines until they found they were by the Latter Day saints. Their teacher then warned them against "Brigham Young's doctrine."

I visited the Prince Albert museum and walked out to the Exminister Asyulm where Mr. Jarman, once a Latter Day saint but now a bitter enemy of the church, was once confined as a lunatic. There is a large steam loundry connected with the establishment.

Nov. 21st I met with two Elders who have been laboring in Devonshire for the past 9 months but there are not many who listen to their testimony and none who have embraced it yet. We held a meeting that night; there were not many present, but we had a good time especially myself as it was the first meeting I had attended since leaving home.

I traveled with Elder Tarter and we visited the Monument of Wellington which is 185 feet high and from the top of which we had a fine view of the surrounding country.

I had occasion to visit some of my relatives on my fathers side but did not find them so anxious to hear the gospel.

I attended Conference at Bristol and met several Elders who are well acquainted with some of Cardston's people and were anxious to hear of them

If all goes well I expect to be home some time in April and will bring 3 or 4 of my people with me. I hope that I will find you all well. With best wishes for your success, I remain, your brother in the gospel,

WM. BLACKMORE.

BUILDING A 60-MILE CANAL.

Geo. Anderson, consulting engineer of the Alberta Irrigation company, who is in Salt Lake on business, made the "News" a call today. Mr. Anderson speaks very highly of the north country and its possibilities in an agricultural way.

In referring to the canal he said that it would water about 500,000 acres of land. Two miles of ditch was built last year, and this year the company intended to expend $200,000, and construct one-third of the forty miles of canal that will have to be built to complete the construction work. Mr. Anderson says that the entire length of the waterway will be sixty miles, but that the builders have taken advantage of natural waterways along the course which saves twenty miles of earthwork. The water supply will be drawn from St. Mary's river, six miles north of the international boundary line. Two hundred teams will be put to work on the ditch when the season opens. Mr. Anderson returns to Alberta in a few days.—Deseret (Utah) News.

BOIL IT DOWN.

The tendency of unskilled advertisement writer is to say too much. They lay on the praise in such a thick coat that it nauseates the public. Did you every eat too much candy Mr. Advertiser? If you did then you know how a reader feels who has perused an advertisement too well filled with self praise. Write your advertisement three times as long as you intend to have it. Don't put in a single word to "fill up." Then go to work and boil it down to the right size. Cut out obscure sentences; cut out the praise; cut out every word which detracts from or mentions your opponent's goods. Select some prominent merit of your article and burn it deeply into the public mind. The matter of beginning an advertisement properly is especially of importance to the new man at the business. Chop off all of the introduction and get right down to the meat of the subject. Don't repeat yourself. Take the sentence, "we guarantee satisfaction and send you away satisfied." The whole story is told in the first three words, the balance is nothing more than repetition and a waste of space. Take the word "very" out of your adverment. It only weakens the assertion that it precedes. When you have gone through this pruning process sufficiently you will find the ad reduced near to its proper size.—Free Press.

NO EDITORS THERE.

An editor died, says an annonymous writer, and slowly wended his way down to where he supposed a warm reception awaited him The devil met him and said. "For many years thou hast borne the blame of the spelling that the printers have gotten off in thy paper. Thy paper has gone for one dollar and also the dollar bas failed to come in. The printer has bedeivled thee for wages when thou hadn't a farthing to thy name. People have taken thy paper without paying for it and cursed thee for not getting out a better sheet. Thou hast been called a deadbeat by the railroad conductors when thou hast shown thy pass to their envious gaze. All these wrongs thou hast borne in silence. Thou shalt never enter here." And as the editor turns and walks away, Satan muttered. Heaven is his home and besides, if I should let him in here he would have been dunning his delinquent subscribers and thus created discord in my kingdom.—Merrill (Iowa) Record.

The religion that makes people pay their debts; the religion that keeps people from speaking ill of their neighbors; the religion that makes no distinction between wealth and poverty; the religion that makes people honest and upright; the religion that makes men manly and women womanly; the religion that is a part of people's every day life, exemplified in kind deeds, loving acts, cheering words, is the religion that is needed in the world today.—Ex.

Subscribe for THE RECORD.

MORMON MISSIONARIES.

A recent issue of the Manitoba Free Press contained an article about the Mormon missionaries in Winnipeg. Following are some reproductions from the piece:

In a modest little cottage, 475 St. Mary's Street, six regularly ordained elders of the Mormon church are quietly living in this city, making preparations for a vigorous missionary effort with a view to converting the people of this city to the doctrines of the church of Mormon. They are modest and unpretentious and apparently realize that they have some hard work before them.

A Free Press reporter called at their residence on Monday afternoon and found the elders busily engaged in Bible study, using by the way, the King James authorized version. The little band has been in Winnipeg since January 3rd and consists of Messrs. A. M. Merkely, J. J. Head, J. W. Woolf, Chas. Broadbent, A. D. Leishman, and S. H. Thomas. They received the reporter cordially and Mr. Thomas acted as the spokesman for the rest. "It is the privilige of every relgious denomination," he began, in answer to a question, "to endeavor to gain proselytes and in common with other Christian denominations we are here to endeavor to spread our views among the people in your city and province. We fully realize that we shall have to contend with much prejudice, much of which is based on misunderstanding and ignorance of the tenets of our church. There has been much written against us, chiefly because anything of an anti-Mormon nature commanded a ready market in the east where prejudice against us is very strong. However, in spite of this prejudice the Mormon church is gaining in strength all the time and from statistics furnished at our general conference held in Salt Lake City last October, we are convinced that Mormonism is growing faster than any other Christian denomination."

* * * * * * * * *

"Are you engaged in any missionary work at present?"

"Very little; we shall, however, soon secure a hall and hold meetings, at which we shall fully explain the doctrines of our church. All of us are ordained elders and we shall not confine our efforts to the city, but shall also work through the province. It is a custom of our church to call its missionaries from almost every vocation in life, from the bank, desk, plow or anything else. A true Mormon never disregards the summons and it is also a rule that while acting as missionaries that the members pay all their own expenses. It involves a sacrifice, certainly, but we take the view that if salvation is worth anything, it is worth devoting a few years of our lives towards helping others and we are cheerfully willing to give as much of our time to the work as the church may require." * * * The articles of faith are then published.

WELL, WELL, WELL.

"C. Marker left on Saturday for Cardston, 40 miles south of Macleod, to attend to business in connection with the creamery at that point," says the Calgary Herald.

"Cardston, 40 miles south of Macleod." That is rich. We ask, where is Macleod?—Cardston Record.

"This considering its source, is not half bad. In a recent issue Bro. Snow prophesied that Cardstonites would soon be taxed as much as they had been in America. The man who does not know where Canada is may be excused for asking: "Where is Macleod?"—Gazette.

So Macleod is 40 miles north of Cardston. Well, well.

The Alberta Irrigation Co. are making active preparations for construction work as soon as the snow goes. Large quantities of telephone poles and wire are being unloaded at Sterling, and quantities of lumber and timber for gates and flumes are arriving from Cranbrook, B. C., to the siding on the Crow's Nest south of Six Mile Coulee, and being hauled to the scene of operations.—Lethbridge News.

The Record, $2.00

WHAT IT DOES.

The Graphophone is the talking machine up to-date. In it appear the latest improvements that inventive skill has devised to secure accurate records of sound and to reproduce them faithfully. The Graphophone is remarkable for its simplicity of construction and operation, and for its clear and distinct reproductions.

One of these wonderful machines is for sale at The Record Office. Call and see it if you intend buying.

THEATRE.

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A Military Drama in Five Acts.

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NOTICE.

An annual business meeting of the voters of the Village of Cardston will be held in the Assembly Hall April 10th, 1899.

J. A. HAMMER,
Overseer.

NOTICE.

A meeting of the residents of the Local Improvement district will be held in the Kearl Hall APRIL 5th 1899 for the purpose of electing an Overseer and AUDITOR and deciding where the labor will be put the present year.

J. A. HAMMER,
Overseer.

MARRIAGE BELLS.

At the home of Mr. and Mrs. John A. Nelson, on Thursday, March 23rd, at three o'clock p. m., President John A. Woolf performed the ceremony which made Mr. Joseph F. Allen of Mountain View and Miss Ella Nelson of Cardston, husband and wife.

Both are popular young people and their host of friends wish them joy and prosperity galore.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen will reside in their new home at Caldwell.

COMMUNICATION.

EDITOR RECORD:—The Creamery located at Ætna has been leased by the Department of agriculture from the Proprietors, and operations will commence this spring. I have decided to go down and attend a meeting with the Farmers of the District, to discuss with them the prospect and to arrange various matters in connection with the work. Mr. Jno. Pilling is arranging for date and place of meeting, to take place some time in the early part of the first week in April.

At the meeting I shall outline the work done in the Govt. creameries elsewhere during the past season, as well as give practical information on the subject of Dairying, with particular reference to the conditions which prevail in your District.

I shall be glad if you will make mention of this matter in your Journal in order that it may reach as many as possible who are interested in Dairying. Mr. Pilling will doubtless advise you of the particulars of the meeting.

Faithfully yours,
C. MARKER,
Supt.

Dr. G. L. De Veber, M. L. A. came in on the stage from Lethbridge on Tuesday evening. A committee waited upon the gentleman at the Hotel De Woolf, and presented certain matters of importance. Unfortunately Dr. De Veber contracted a cold on the trip out here, on which account he, to put it in his own words, "was not in the best of trim." He returned to Lethbridge on Thursday morning, and will leave there for Regina on the 3rd of April.

Get Ready for Spring

by buying your

Farm Implements

now and then you will not get disappointed. We are agents for the MASSEY HARRIS CO., the largest manufacturers of farm machinery in the British Empire. They make the best.

No better hand plows.

The CORBIN DISC has proven itself in this district to be worth double any other pitted against it.

The VICTORIA SULKY leads them all. Will not spring in the beam, and works perfectly.

Car of elegant Furniture just in. Dry Goods, Boots & Shoes, Clothing, Hardware, &c., &c.

Save money by buying from

H. S. Allen & Co.

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Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Mondays and Thursdays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $3.00; Round trip, $5.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.

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Remittances to be sent to the publisher of

THE CARDSTON RECORD

CARDSTON, ALBERTA.

A NEW YORK FIRE.

SO FAR AS KNOWN 14 TO 15 PERSONS BURNED.

The Fire Spread Rapidly—Firemen Almost Helpless—List of the Dead and Injured.

New York, March 17.—Flames which originated from the igniting of a lace curtain, burst forth from the second floor of the Windsor hotel at 47th street and Fifth avenue, shortly after 3 o'clock this afternoon, just as the St. Patrick's day parade was passing the building, and in a few moments they had leaped up to the roof and enveloped the entire Fifth avenue and 47th street fronts of the hotel. Ten minutes later the flames were roaring through the interior of the hotel and all means of escape by way of stairways and elevators were cut off and there was the wildest scene of excitement within and without the building.

The most complete list of casualties at the Windsor hotel fire shows that fourteen persons were killed and possibly fifteen, without attempting to speculate on the bodies in the ruins. Forty persons are missing. Fifty-two names are in the list of injured whose whereabouts are known. Three fire engines and a hundred policemen remained all night about the burning building. These engines poured six large streams of water on the flames, which would start up at intervals in spite of the firemen. Little explosions occurred frequently from escaping gas, the popes having been smashed all over the lower part of the building, the only portion that was left. Citizens were kept a block away from the ruins, as pieces of the walls were falling now and then and there was danger that the wall at the back of the building and that on the 46th street side might fall at any time. A bit of the wall on 46th street side tapered to a point and still held two chimneys in place. It will be pulled down during the day. The wall on the rear side, seven stories high, was still standing but it looked as though it might fall with the first stiff breeze.

The wall on the 47th street side was about two stories high and that in front of Fifth avenue about the same height. The walls had breaks in them and their jagged tops heightened to the hideous appearance of the ruins behind them which smoked and steamed and emitted a bad stench.

Fifth avenue and 46th and 47th streets were impassable. They were filled with debris and in many instances the flagstones had been broken by the great crash of stone and brick. Gangs of men were kept all the night at the ruins, ready to begin the search for the bodies at the earliest moment such work should be possible. It was said that it might be noon before the continual outbursts of flame would cease and the heat leave the tangled debris. At about 8 o'clock men were set to work on the 46th street side tearing down the threatening wall.

Edward Killen, a milkman, said today that he saw the inception of the fire. He was watching the St. Patrick's day parade when he saw a curtain take fire. He ran into the hotel and tried to send in an alarm by means of the hotel automatic box, but it would not work. Then he ran into the street, sending in an alarm there, and returned to the hotel. He said that a corporal and a private of the Astor battery ran in with him. They found the fire burning up through the shaft. He and the other two men got down the hotel fire hose and played streams on the main stairway, which had caught fire and which they flooded with water. Their efforts were unavailing and had to give it up when the flames came up to them.

Bicycle Policeman Charles Leibold says he rescued five persons from the fire. He got four men out from one of the lower floors and carried a fifth man down on his shoulders. He heard a woman on the fifth floor, but though he tried to get to her he was unable to do so, and he had to hurry out of the burning building.

REVISED LIST OF THE DEAD

John Connolly, employee of hotel, died at the Flower hospital.

Mrs. Addie Gibson, 35, Cincinnati, Ohio, shock died at the Murray Hill hotel.

Eleanor Louise Goodman, 17, daughter of Samuel Goodman, of this city, died at Bellevue hospital.

Miss Laselles Grandy, of Elizabeth City, N. C., burned to death.

Mrs. Morris P. Henry, of this city, died at Roosevelt hospital this morning from burns and injuries.

Nancy Ann Kirk, widow of James S. Kirk, soap manufacturer, of Chicago, died at Bellevue hospital.

Mrs. Warren Leland, wife of the proprietor of the hotel, burns on body, died at Flower hospital.

Miss Helen Leland, daughter of the proprietor of the hotel, found dead.

Amelia Paddock, of Irvington, N. Y., died at the fire.

Mary Sullivan, of this city, died at Bellevue hospital.

Unknown man jumped from the roof in rear of the hotel.

Unknown woman jumped from Fifth avenue window, died at Helen Gould's house.

Unknown child, thrown from the window by its mother.

Unknown woman, mother of the child, jumped from the hotel window.

Unknown woman, jumped from the window, died at 19 East Forty-sixth street.

Warren Leland is at the Grenoble hotel, and is lying in the rooms just vacated by Rudyard Kipling. Mr. Leland's mental condition is reported this forenoon to be considerably improved.

Rathwell, Man., March 17.—Thomas Woolway, a farmer living two miles south of Rathwell, while carrying a log of wood on his shoulder, slipped on a piece of ice, and falling, broke his neck; he died two hours later. The accident occurred about 7 p. m. on the 16th.

London, March 17.—In the election yesterday in the north division of Norfolk, for a successor in parliament to Mr. H. H. Cozens-Hardy, recently made a judge, Sir W. Brampton Gurdon, Liberal, was elected by a majority of 1,165. At the last election Mr. Cozens-Hardy, who was a home ruler, had a majority of 508.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Prevost was hanged at Port Arthur.

The price of refined sugar was lowered.

The pope will have to undergo another operation.

A fire did $15,000 damage to Colborne, Que.

Princess Kalu'ani, of Hawaii, is dead, at the age of 23.

The funeral of the late J. F. Wood was held in Brockville.

Wesley college hockey team defeated Morden 7 goals to 5.

M. Cosgrove, an old resident of Rat Portage, died suddenly.

Heavy rains have visited the parched grain counties of California.

Dr. L. B. Clemens, a prominent Liberal of Waterloo, Ont., is dead.

Henry Cole was convicted of manslaughter at the Portage assizes.

Thos. Woolway, a farmer of Rathwell, slipped on the ice and broke his neck.

Octave Howe fell from the Norman, Ont., railway bridge and was drowned.

The British government decided not to create a Catholic university in Ireland.

The grand lodge of the Sons of England decided to increase their insurance rates.

J. J. Mount, of the Chicago dental college, received serious injuries from "hazing."

Albertine Berahant, of Montreal, wife of Edward Keernan, is applying for divorce.

Chas. Wells, who broke the bank at Monte Carlo, was released from a London prison.

Sir W. Brampton, Liberal, was elected to the British commons for the north division of Norfolk.

The trade reviews of Dun & Co. and Bradstreet's show an improved condition throughout Canada.

Brandon and Portage la Prairie hockey teams play for the intermediate championship in Winnipeg.

Great development in the gold, silver and iron bearing properties is reported from the Port Arthur district.

Guszczak, one of the alleged Stuartburn murderers, repudiated his former confession at the Winnipeg assizes.

The grand jury at the Winnipeg assizes were discharged. They urged more severe penalties for deeds of violence.

A reported fight between Canadians and U. S. citizens at Atlin Mines turns out to be a fake of the worst kind.

W. W. Buchanan, general manager of the Royal Templars of Temperance, will remove from Hamilton to Winnipeg.

Manitoba will soon be a competitor in the pulp wood market; the introduction of the industry is in contemplation.

G. Limprocht, clerk of Rhineland municipality, who was short in his funds, shot himself. The wound proved fatal one hour later.

The Dominion trade returns show an increase of over eleven million dollars for the past eight months, compared with last year.

There is a puzzling situation in the Philippines, the U. S. being unable to estimate the resources or the numbers of the insurgents.

The annual report of the Indian department was issued at Ottawa. The population increased 729, and 117,600 acres were cultivated last year.

The Windsor, a New York Fifth avenue hotel, was destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. The hotel was filled with guests, and 41 persons are unaccounted for, and are believed to have perished in the flames.

France Now Prepared.

Paris, March 18.—In the chamber of deputies yesterday, during the debate on the naval estimates, M. Lockroy sketched the government programme and gave a curious insight into the unpreparedness of the navy during the recent Anglo-French crisis. M. Lockroy said he regarded the defence of the maritime frontier quite as important as the defence of the Vosges frontier and that while France desires peace and would earnestly strive to preserve it, a strong navy must be in readiness to repel aggression.

The minister of marine then proceeded to reveal a number of startling facts relating to the condition of the French arsenals at a critical juncture in the relations between France and Great Britain some months ago. He quoted from a letter written by Gen. DesBordes last year, declaring that "not one of our naval bases is able to fulfil the functions for which it was established or capable of making a defence to save the honor of the French armies. To-day, however, our coast defences are so much improved that we can speak of the conditions of nine months ago as of the distant past. The difficulty at that time was an almost absolute lack of men. At our principal ports only one-third of the batteries could be manned on the first day of the mobilization, and most of the shells had no fuses." M. Lockroy declared he would never hold back the truth from the chamber. These facts have been obtained after painful inquiries, but there are men behind the guns everywhere now."

Regina Standard Burned Out.

Regina, N. W. T., March 18.—Shortly after seven this morning a fire was discovered in the Standard printing office. The Brigade was promptly on the spot but as the structure was entirely of wood and the whole of the interior was quickly enveloped in flames and all that could be done was to save the adjoining building of Child & Lander and prevent injury to the Regina Trading company's store. The Standard office was completely gutted and everything destroyed. The plant was worth $3,000; stock, including library, $1,000, and the building, $1,000. The insurance is $4,000, divided between the Guardian and Lancashire. One press and a quantity of type were quite new. Much sympathy is felt for Mayor McInnis, who feels his loss keenly, but has determined to re-establish the Standard immediately.

The first fire to visit Killarney destroyed a business house and a residence.

Released at Last.

Cheyenne, Wyo., March 18.—The passenger train on the Cheyenne and Northern, which was stalled for a month near Iron Mountain, and which came near proving a death trap to a number of passengers, was finally released from its prison in the snow, pushed by three engines, opened the road, and the first train to leave Cheyenne, over the Cheyenne and Northern for thirty days, will depart to-day. Snowslides reported in Platte canon, 100 miles north of Cheyenne, but it is believed that the fifty laborers who accompanied the rotary, will have no trouble in clearing the tracks there.

WOMAN AGAINST WOMAN

BY MRS. MARY E. HOLMES.

Author of "A Woman's Love," "The Wife's Secret," "Her Fatal Sin," "A Heartless Woman," "A Wife's Peril," "A Desperate Woman," Etc.

CHAPTER I.

Alice! Alice! Alice!

The shrill tones resounded through the chill evening air. They reached the ears of a girl reading, curled up in a corner of a deserted old barn.

At the angry tones, she closed her book with a sigh, and rising slowly, made her way to the step-ladder that led from the barn to the yard.

A woman stood here—a coarse, stout woman, with arms akimbo.

"Where 'ave you been, idle vagrant that you are!" she cried loudly, as the girl crept down the ladder.

"In the barn," Alice answered.

"In the barn, indeed! I'll have that door locked—that I will, or else I'll know the reason why. Do you think I've got nothing to do but keep you in food and drink—to let you idle your days through as you like? If you do, you'er mistaken dinely, I can tell you."

Alice stood silent as the angry woman scolded on; her small hands were clasped tightly together, a taunt look was on her pale face.

"What do you want me for?" she asked at last.

The woman ceased. Never before in her remembrance had Alice taken her scolding so quietly.

"Get on your hat, and carry me this basket up to Mrs. Grey at the Castle; it ought to have been there this hour past."

"To the Castle," faltered Alice shrinking back, "to-night? Oh, Aunt Martha!"

"What, are you frightened?" said Mrs. Martha Brown with an angry laugh. "What are you fit for, Alice? Your head's just stuffed with all the nonsense you can get out of books. Off with you! Here's the basket."

"It is so dark," murmured the girl, letting her great eyes wander from the yard to the deserted country lane, "and then there's 'Madman's Drift' to pass."

"Well, what of it?" asked the other, fastening down the basket-lid vigorously. "A place where a madman put an end to his life. Dead men do no harm, you poor fool!"

Alice shuddered, but there was no sign of mercy in her aunt's face.

"Give me the basket," she said suddenly. "Any message?"

"No; unless you ask Mrs. Grey when she wants the next lot of eggs. Now don't stay long; there's the boy's supper to get, and I'm worked to death."

Alice turned away without a word. She pulled her thin cotton jacket close round her supple young figure, for the autumn night struck chilly, and stepped into the lane.

Her thoughts were a tangled mass as she hurried along; anger and weariness of spirit, as her mind turned to her aunt, under whose care she had lived ever since she could remember; disappointment at leaving the beautiful story in her book, and fright of the dark, lonely path which grew greater at every step she took.

"Oh, if Sam were only here!" she said to herself as she hurried on, not daring to glance to the right or the left for fear of seeing phantom forms her vivid imagination supplied.

Sam was one of the farm-helps.

Under any other circumstances Alice shunned him, but now she would have welcomed him with open arms."

She left the lane, and approached an open waste of land.

It was the dreaded Madman's Drift.

A sudden break in the road at one side, showed a steep incline and chasm, down which the unfortunate man who gave his name to the spot had sought his death.

Alice crept towards the dreaded place, quivering with fear.

Although grown out of her childhood, she still lived in a world of fairies, evil spirits, and phantoms.

As she stole through the dusk, with her pale face peeping from beneath the mass of golden curls, her small hand clutching the basket as if for support, she looked almost a fairy herself—a strange frail flower to belong to so coarse and common a woman as the farmer's wife she called aunt.

All the village girls regarded this pale, slender creature with contempt. She was so white and poor-looking beside their buxom charms—fit for nothing but books.

Alice heeded not their contempt. She would have been happy with her beloved books, but she had a hard life—nothing but scoldings from Martha Brown, jeers from the boys and maids about the farm for her strange quiet ways, and heavy work for her young hands, which brought the tears often to her beautiful eyes and a sob from her lonely heart.

When work was over and she was alone in bed, she turned once more to her beloved books, and her mind was crammed with weird stories of knights and chivalry that pleased and excited her.

She crept past the Madman's Drift with closed eyes, and gave a sigh of gladness when she was once safe away from it.

Her arms ached, her limbs trembled with her excitement and exertion, and her steps grew slower as she entered the wood which led to the back of the Castle.

Suddenly, as her heart was growing more settled, it gave one leap into her mouth; she clutched her basket, staggered to a tree, and then waited and listened.

The rapid thump, thump, of her heart was the only sound in her ears at first; then came more terrible ones—muffled groans and confused noises, then just

His lips moved, and she could hear him murmur from time to time:

"Murder! A Darrell hanged for murder! Oh, that I could have died before I brought this shame on your head, mother! For me life henceforth will be death, for there is blood on my hands, but for you, mother, it is different, and there is no escape."

He glanced round in the agony of his mind, and a sudden thought seemed to come to him; he moved to her so rapidly that Alice shrank back.

"Do not shrink from me," he muttered passionately; "but speak to me. Let me know the worst at once. Were you before her she saw two men, one uttering faint cries, while the other's arms were wound round him, grasping him till he sank to the ground and lay motionless.

Alice, leaning against a tree, saw all this, yet it seemed to her like a hideous dream; she was cold and sick almost to death. Her basket slipped from her arm—she had no power to stop it—and fell with a crash, causing the man who was stooping over the body to start, utter a loud curse, then stride towards her.

She had only time to catch a fleeting glimpse of a dark face, with cruel eyes, hot with anger, a torn collar, and marks of blood on his cheek, to hear his low hurried words, 'A girl, by all that's execrable!" and she lost all remembrance, her eyes closed, her head dropped, and she fell into his arms in a swoon.

"Good," muttered the man as he placed her gently on the ground; "she will know nothing, as for you, poor fool," moving back to the prostrate form of the man, "you have served my purpose—revenge for which I have waited so long has come at last. Ah, you move."

He bent over the man and listened to the muttered words from between the pale lips.

"Eustace—give—me—your hand; I—do not believe it. You will not take—my hand! What—she is false—you say—you villain—you black-hearted scoundrel—that that! Good God!—he is dead! Eustace—speak to me—speak—he is dead—I—have murdered him."

The listener rose; there was a curious light on his face.

"What!" he whispered to himself; "he thinks it was his hand. Could anything be better? He does not even remember me. Stay, let me think—this is delirium; it may pass when he wakes to his senses. I must impress this belief on his brain by stronger evidence. The girl does not move. Good—in one moment more."

He glanced round, and stole through the hedge. In a few seconds, a curious sound might have reached the ears of the two silent forms, but they were dim.

The man emerged again, he was dragging something with difficulty; it was a body, the misty light of the moon shone on a dead face—on a limp inanimate form.

"Now," muttered the worker, "now all is complete. Eustace Rivers is dead—dead by the hand of his friend Roy Darrell; there is evidence enough to damn an angel, and he will die for it. Now I must be gone; he moves again, and the girl will awaken. So, Bruce Gardyne, your revenge is complete."

He stole gently away, and gradually the form of the man he had called Roy Darrell moved from the ground, with trembling hands he raised his weak body to a kneeling position, then let his eyes, dazed with faintness and horror, wander round.

They rested on the figure of Alice with wonder and scarce comprehension; then they moved slowly on till they rested on the dead man, and with a shudder of horror he covered his face with his hands and groaned aloud.

"It is no dream; it is the horrible truth! Oh, Eustace, my friend, my almost brother, dead, and by my hand!"

His hoarse whisper fell on Alice's ears. She was recovering.

She helped herself to rise by the aid of the tree, then learned against it, faint and weak, to try and think.

Her basket lay unheeded at her feet. She seemed yet to be living in a hideous nightmare, till looking round, her eyes fell on the kneeling man and the dead body.

She uttered a faint shriek, and in another moment Roy Darrell was standing before her, glaring into her face.

"Who are you?" he asked, hoarsely. "Where do you come from? Answer at once!"

"I am Alice Dornton," gasped rather than spoke the girl. "Oh, do not hurt me, sir! I was on my way to the Castle for my aunt, when, when——" Her voice faltered.

He grasped her hand.

"What?" he demanded huskily.

He would know the truth.

For a moment a flash of joy went through his mind. This girl might have seen the fatal blow struck, the hand that took the life of his friend Eustace. She might have seen that phantom third form that haunted his memory.

"I saw you struggling with that man," Alice said, speaking almost with difficulty; "your arms were round him; you threw him to the ground. Then you came to me, you said something to me, and I don't remember what else. I must have fainted."

The man released her arm with a groan. He moved with slow steps to the dead body.

"Eustace," he said in tones of acute agony, "my friend—forgive me. God have mercy! I was mad—mad with your words. You tried me so bitterly—but I would give all that I hold dear to listen to them from your lips again, for then you would live; now"—he rose slowly, still gazing at the dead man. "Now, you will never speak again—you are dead—and I have killed you!"—he drew back and leaned against a tree, then started suddenly—"and they will trace this back to me, and I shall be—be hanged as a common murderer! A Darrell on the scaffold! Oh, mother, forgive your son!"

Alice stood in silence.

It was night-time now; the moon had risen, and was shining down in silver rays on the strange scene.

The girl forgot everything in the flood of pity that came over her as she watched the remorse of the man.

The lateness of the hour, the fallen basket, her mission, her aunt's anger—all were swept away as she let her eyes rest on him standing with hands clasped together, and white haggard face.

alone when—when—death came to him, or—were there others with you?"

"I was alone."

"You swear it?"

"I swear it," Alice said, meeting his eyes bravely; "few people would come this way by night," she added softly, touched by the misery in his face. "They fear the path too much."

"But you?"

"I was sent on a message to the housekeeper at the Castle."

"Ah! Do they know you are coming?"

Alice shook her head.

"I think not."

Roy Darrell stood immovable, his face blanched with the burden of his sorrow. Cold perspiration trickled down his haggard cheeks. Watching him thus, the memory of that other face that had been before her just as she fainted came to Alice.

"You are not dark," she said almost involuntarily.

He turned.

"What do you mean?" he gasped hurriedly.

A ray of moonlight touched him glinting his warm brown hair and golden moustache.

"You looked so dark before," the girl said slowly; "and—yes, I am sure of it, there was blood on your cheek; you have none now."

Roy grasped her hand.

"God bless you!" he murmured faintly; "whoever you are, you have done me the greatest blessing a human creature can do for another—you have taken a load from my heart, a weight of deadly pain from my head. I was right, there was another, but how did he come? Where is he now? Tell me again," he cried, turning to her swiftly, "it was not my face you saw."

Alice looked at him steadfastly; she was growing faint and ill with the horror of the scene, but she forced herself to speak.

"It was not you," she answered with a shudder of remembrance; "it was a dark, cruel face, with eyes that looked like a beast's, and blood on his cheek. I can see him plainly now."

Roy released her hand, and covered his face with his own.

"What can I do? He is gone, and I must bear the penalty of this crime. They know we left the Castle together; they will find his body; they will bring this murder home to me, and she will swear me to death!"

Alice started, and pressed her small cold fingers on her heart.

"What will they do to me?" she whispered.

"To you, child? Nothing; but your word will go against me. There is nothing to save me. I shall die a disgraced, dishonored man!"

"Die!" cried the girl. "Oh, no, no. You must not. They will not do this, I will not speak."

"They will make you. Your friends know of your walk through the wood. You must speak."

"But," murmured Alice, white with horror—poor child! her strength seemed fast going—"but that other; I will tell of him."

"It will be useless. Where is he? No; he," pointing to the still, dead form, and sinking his voice to a whisper—"he and I were friends. We had quarrelled. Everyone knew there was a coldness between us. You saw a struggle. He lies murdered. I shall be convicted."

Alice sank back against a tree.

She had no thought, no remembrance of aught but the horror of the moment. The faint sound of a clock striking roused her.

"It is getting late," she said, glancing at him, standing with sunken head. "If I do not go, they will send to look for me. Oh, what can I do? Do not let them make me speak. I cannot bear to think of it; it is so terrible!"

Roy Darrell looked at her thin, pale face, out of which her great eyes shone like stars.

"Poor child! you can do nothing—nothing," he said slowly; then, as if a ray of light had come to him, he checked himself, and drew a deep breath. Yes, there is one way," he said thickly—"one way you can help me—not for myself, but for my mother. I am innocent of this crime. I know—I feel it. Oh, for one instant's clear memory! But all is dense and misty. I must have been stunned, for I can recollect nothing, save that I know the death blow did not come from me. But all is dark against me. I shall be convicted. My mother will sink beneath the horror and the disgrace. You are the only witness. You can save me if——"

He grasped her slender left hand.

"You are free," he murmured. "It is a great thing, but——"

"Whatever it is, I will do it," Alice said in a dream. "I am in your hands."

"A wife can give no evidence against her husband. Will you become my wife?"

Alice staggered back, a blush gathered for an instant on her cheek, then her eyes fell on his haggard, anxious face, on the still, dead body, and terror banished all other feelings.

"I will," she answered swiftly.

Roy Darrell bent and kissed the girl's hand; she had spoken the words that gave him hope and life.

"Let me think," he said, hurriedly; "we—we were going to Nestley; I must push on there now. Can you join me early? We will be married at the registry office, before—before this secret may be discovered; it is a hard thing to ask you, but life or death hangs in the balance. Will you be there?"

"I will be there," repeated the girl, "early."

"Now we will part for a time," he said, slowly, "and God bless you for your promise!"

Alice turned away; something urged her to look back as she left the wood with faltering steps.

Roy Darrell was kneeling by the body of his dead friend; and the girl who had promised to become his wife, pushed bravely on—on to face the long dreary road with all its dark night terrors; on to face the wrath of her aunt; on to sit and watch till morning came, bringing work for her slender hand and gentle heart in its golden sunbeam.

To be continued.

Many a man loses a job trying to support the dignity he thinks ought to go with it.—Chicago Journal.

Solid Growth.

The annual statement of the British American Assurance Co., published in another column of this issue, shows that the past year has been "a growing time" with this company. The British American Assurance Co. continues to show solid growth from whatever standpoint the business is measured. Their report is interesting reading.

THE MARKETS.

New York, March 18.—Wheat receipts, 71,200 bushels; exports, 6,810 bushels.

Chicago, Mar. 18.—Futures closed as follows:

Wheat—May 67 5-8; July 66 5-8.

Corn—May 347-8; July 35 5-8; Sept. 35 5-8.

Oats—May 25 3-4; July 24 1 8

Pork—May $8.97 1-2; July $9.17.

WINNIPEG MARKETS.

Wheat—No 1 hard, Fort William, 66 1 2c.

Flour—Patent, $1.85; strong bakers, $1.65; Glenora, 1 75; Manitoba bakers, $1.45; Algoma, $1.20; Imperial XXXX $1.10; XXXX, per sack of 98 lbs., $1.05. Discount of 5 per cent. for cash.

Millfeed—Bran, $11, and shorts $13 per ton in bulk; large lots, $1 per ton less.

Ground Feed—Best Oat chop, $20 per ton; mixed barley and oats, $16 to $18; and wheat mixtures, $10 to $14.

Oil cake, $24 per ton; ground corn, $18 to $20 per ton.

Oatmeal—Car lots of rolled about $1.95 for 80 lb. sacks.

Oats—33c per bushel.

Barley—Feed, 28 to 32c per bushel of 48 lbs.; malting, 30 to 32c.

Corn—Car lots on track here, 42 to 43c.

Flax seed—70 to 80c per bushel.

Butter—Creamery, 22 to 23c; dairy, 14 to 15c.

Cheese—Large, 10c; small, 10½c.

Eggs—Fresh, 20c; limed, 14 to 16c.

Dressed Meats—Beef, 7c; mutton, 7 to 8c; lambs, 8 to 9c; hogs, 5¼ to 5½c; veal, 6 to 7½c.

Poultry — Chickens, 10c to 12c per lb; turkeys 10 to 12c, ducks and geese 9 to 10c.

Vegetables—Potatoes, 40c per bushel; turnips, 20 to 25c per bushel; parsnips, 1½c per lb; carrots, 35c to 40c; beets, 35 to 40c per bushel; celery, 50 to 75c per dozen; cabbage, 1½ to 2c per pound; onions, 2 to 2½c per lb.

Hides — No. 1, 7c; No. 2, 6c, Kip, 6 to 6½c; calf, 8c; sheepskins and lambskins, 40 to 65c; horse hides, 50c to $1.00 each.

Wool—Nominal, at 8 to 8½c

Tallow—No. 1, 3½c; No. 2, 2½ to 3c.

Seneca Root—21c per pound.

Hay—Baled, $6.50 to $7.50 on track here.

Cattle—Butchers' cattle nominal at 3¾ to 4c.

Hogs—For selected weights, 4¾c off cars here.

Cows—Readily bring from $25 to $40 per head for new milkers.

Horses—Suitable for farm work at $150 to $175 per team.

The Prohibition Question.

Montreal, March 14.—The Quebec provincial executive of the Dominion Alliance yesterday considered the refusal of the government to introduce a prohibitory measure, and adopted the following resolutions:

"That the Quebec provincial executive of the Dominion Alliance has learned with deep regret the decision of Premier Laurier to refuse to grant the mandate of the Canadian people as expressed in the recent plebiscite, to prohibite the manufacture, importation and sale of intoxicating liquors. The interpretation put by the premier upon the plebiscite is, we consider, manifestly erroneous. From the assurance given by the premier in parliament and elsewhere, we had a right to expect that a majority of the electors voting in the plebiscite would be accepted as an expression of the will of the people in this instance, as in all others; that we do not regard this decision as final; there is yet an appeal to people's representatives in parliament, a large number of whose constituencies have declared in favor of prohibition. Therefore, resolved, that we recommend the council of the alliance to secure the introduction in parliament of a resolution declaring in favor of prohibition, and endeavor to secure a vote which shall be free from political party influence, and if parliament accepts such a resolution and it is carried, the government may be asked to introduce such legislation. We declare it to be the purpose of this alliance and the duty of temperance elector to use every legal means available to defeat any member voting against such a resolution, and elect any who shall vote in its favor; that temperance electors should take immediate steps to interview their federal representatives and secure their promise to support a prohibitory resolution during the present session. Where personal interviews cannot be had their letters should be sent to the member at Ottawa, urging such action. Churches and other bodies favorable to prohibition are requested to take similar action.

Dickens Was "Loud."

In the memoir of the late J. H. Friswell there is a glimpse of Dickens which will seem familiar to those Americans who remember the somewhat flamboyant dress of the novelist. "On one occasion," wrote the author of the "Gentle Life," "we were walking down Wellington street and just passing the office of Household Words when a hansom cab stopped and out stepped a gayly dressed gentleman. His bright green waistcoat and vivid scarlet tie any one would have noticed, but the size of the nosegay in his buttonhole riveted my attention. My father introduced me, and I, who had only seen engravings of the Maclise portrait and photographs, was astonished to find myself face to face with Charles Dickens."

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

Molly's Church Manners.

Parson—"Well, Molly did, you like my sermon this morning?"

Molly—"Oh, yis, your rivirence, 'twas mighty improvin'."

Parson—"And what part of it did you like best, Molly?"

Molly—"In troth, plase your rivirence, I don't remember any part exactly, but altogether it was mighty improvin'."

Parson—"Now, Molly, if you don't remember it, how could it be improving?"

Molly—"Now, does your rivirence see that linin I have been washing and dhrying on that hedge there?"

Parson—"Certainly, Molly."

Molly—"And isn't the linin all the better for the cla'nin?"

Parson—"No doubt, Molly."

Molly—"But not a dhrop of the soap and wather stays in it. Well, sir, it's the same thing wid me. Not a word of the sarmint stays in me. But I am all the better and cl'aner for it, for all that."

THE DEMON, DYSPEPSIA.—In olden time it was a popular belief that demons moved invisibly through the ambient air, seeking to enter into men and trouble them. At the present day the demon, dyspepsia, is at large in the same way, seeking habitation in those who by careless or unwise living invite him. And once he enters a man it is difficult to dislodge him. He that finds himself so possessed should know that a valiant friend to do battle for him with the unseen foe is Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, which are ever ready for the trial.

Unreasonable Goose.

The man in the street car affirmed that it was a true story, but the Cleveland Leader does not vouch for it, although giving it in the narrator's own words:

I was up at the market house night before last, buying stuff for over Sunday, and I saw an Irishman up there with a live goose under his arm. Pretty soon the goose looked up at the Irishman kind of pitiful and says:

"Quawk, quawk, quawk," in that coaxing way a goose has sometimes.

The Irishman didn't say anything at first, but after a bit the goose looks up and says, "Quawk, quawk, quawk," again. Then the Irishman cocked his head over on one side, looked the goose in the eye and says:

"Phat's the matter wid yez, onyway? Phwy do yez want to walk whin Oi'm willin to carry yez?"

The winners of the sewing machines in the Royal Crown Soap Co.'s competition for the week ending March 11th, are as follows: Winnipeg, Mrs. Cullingford, 37 Argyle street; Manitoba, Melina Payment, St. Jean Baptiste; Northwest Territories, Mrs. Thomas Huckerby, Jr., Sunnymeade. The Royal Crown Soap Co. will continue this competition, giving away three machines each Monday, until further notice.

The Reason.

Why do the night birds lend their song
To mournful numbers the whole night long?
List to their songs and the words they trill—
Though "Katie did it" they "whip-poor-Will."
—New York Sunday Journal.

DOLLS FROM SAXONY.

Makers of the Celebrated "French" Ones an Interesting Community.

In the forests of Saxony, Germany, are thousands of thatched huts in which dwell the makers of the celebrated "French" dolls. Not many years ago a traveler riding through these noble forests might have seen drying in the sun before the queer houses thousands upon thousands—whole acres—of doll heads. That was in the day of "composition" heads, but now the doll heads are manufactured of bisque in the factories of Dresden and other cities, whither the peasant dollmakers trudge each Saturday with big baskets piled full of beautiful new dolls, taking back to their pitifully poor homes the blank heads, wigs, kids for the bodies, hands and feet and other parts to be used in the next week's work.

The father works daily in the forests, and all the rest of the family engage heartily in the work of dollmaking. The good wife tints the cheeks, paints the eyebrows, adjusts the wig and makes the tiny shoes. The boys fasten the jointed limbs together, stuff and cover the body and get it ready for dressing, while little Gretchen makes the wee stockings and the prim muslin skirt in which the lady dolls cross the great ocean to the shops in the big cities of America, where Santa Claus goes each year to buy his dolls.

All through the rainy season the father also sits about the fireside working with his family. On Friday night the faithful frau packs the dolls in large shallow baskets and prepares a lunch of bread and cheese, for the Saturday's journey is long, and Hans may have to carry his basket 20 miles or more before he reaches the village or town where the commission merchant lives who is to buy his wares. Hans is very proud if he is paid at the rate of 1 mark a day (about 25 cents) for his dolls, but if he be paid at the rate of 1½ marks a day (37 cents) on account of having brought in some especially fine dolls his heart is so light and his hopes so high that he sings all the way home as he carries his basket of "blanks," kids and curled hair.—Gentlewoman.

Ask for Minard's Liniment and take no other

She Was Superstitious.

There was about her a poise that comes only from litigation.

She was not born yesterday, obviously.

"George," she faltered, and her rich, mellow voice awakened a responsive thrill in the heart which was pumping blood into the arm about her wrist, "I'm afraid to marry you."

He was only human.

"Why, my darling?" he demanded insistently.

She shaded her magnificent eyes with her curved lashes, she had been taught to do years previous at the boarding-school.

"Because, George," she murmured, "you are the thirteenth, and I am so superstitious.

But in time he convinced her there was really nothing to fear.

Why will you allow a cough to lacerate your throat or lungs and run the risk of filling a consumptive's grave, when, by the timely use of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup the pain can be allayed and the danger avoided. This syrup is pleasant to the taste, and unsurpassed for relieving, healing and curing all affections of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds, bronchitis, etc. etc.

Not So to His.

Jack—She is generous to a fault.

Tom—Must be a mistake. I told her that I had a great many faults, and she said she knew it and hoped that I would refrain from calling on her in the future.—Somerville Journal.

Thirty-six vehicles pass the London Mansion House in a minute at noon, the busiest time of the day. A reporter counted 1,942 passing east and west in a single hour. Of these 648 were buses, capable of carrying 16,848 persons, and 504 were drays, capable of hauling 1,000 tons.

THE HORSE—noblest of the brute creation—when suffering from a cut, abrasion, or sore derives as much benefit as its master in a like predicament, from the healing, soothing action of DR THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL. Lameness, swelling of the neck, stiffness of the joints, throat and lungs, are relieved by it.

So, in the opinion of Emperor William, Great Britain should whip France in six days, but about whipping Germany the emperor is wise enough to maintain a very discreet silence.—Baltimore American.

We beg to call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills in this paper. The firm have also placed on the market Dr. Ward's Liver Pills which have already proved to be a most excellent family medicine as a cure for constipation dyspepsia, biliousness, etc. They are sold at 25c per vial, or 5 for $1, or mailed on receipt of price by the Dr. Ward Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Tit For Tat.

Brothers and sisters ought to be glad to give and receive mutual assistance.

"You show such bad taste in the selection of your neckties, Horace," said the elder sister of a youth in his teens. "They always look so wrinkled and shapeless too. You ought to let me buy them and tie them for you."

"I'm willing, sis," he answered, looking at her pinched waist, "if you'll let me buy your belts and fasten them around you."—Youth's Companion.

A MAGIC PILL.—Dyspepsia is a foe with which men are constantly grappling but cannot exterminate. Subdued, and to all appearances vanquished in one, it makes its appearance in another direction. In many the digestive apparatus is as delicate as the mechanism of a watch or a scientific instrument in which even a breath of air will make a variation. With such persons disorders of the stomach ensue from the most trivial causes and cause much suffering. To these Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are recommended as mild and sure.

Poor Chance For Poets.

A poet is cross with me because I decline firmly to read his manuscripts and advise him as to the desirableness of taking to verse with all his young energy. Other poets may take a statistical view of their case. Let them consider the estimated population of the globe. How many of them have justified their conduct in being poets? At this hour is there one such being anywhere? Suppose, for the sake of argument, that there are six. How many millions to one is it against the success of the neophyte? But, if versify he must, let him send his work to all the editors. If they think his poems worth printing (and paying for), then let him make friends with certain young critics, who will blow his trumpet before him. But do not let him bother busy old men, who, by reason of their age, are no longer good judges.—Andrew Lang in Longman's Magazine.

IF YOU HAVE **CANCER**

Send 6c. in stamps for Treatise. Home Treatment. No knife or plaster is used.

DEPT. W. N. ABBOTT,
MYRON MASON MEDICAL CO.,
577 Sherbourne St, - TORONTO.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.

A SHORT STORY

In London Life Containing Condensed Wisdom for Thousands.

A baker
Living at
257 Dundas Street,
London, Ont.,
Geo. Roberts by name,
Recommends
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
Because
They cured him.
He had
Pain in the Back;
His Urine
Was red-colored
And painful
In passage.
The cure through
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
Was quick and complete.
That's how they always act,
Because they're
For kidneys only.
If you have
Sick kidneys
Don't experiment
With an unknown remedy.
Take no substitute for
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS.

Why It Was Named Rubber.

A recent report from a British consul in one of the Central American states gives the following as the origin of the name rubber, as applied to caoutchouc: An English artist discovered in 1770 that the new gum was admirably adapted for rubbing out pencil marks. He wrote a paper on the subject and informed his contemporaries that a cubic inch of this substance, costing only 3 shillings, would last for years. It was used for no other purpose in England than effacing lead pencil marks for about half a century after this discovery; hence the name "rubber."

After the introduction of the raw material and the scientific description of the plant by Frenchmen it was first manufactured into waterproof clothing in France toward the end of the eighteenth century. Later on the firm of McIntosh of Manchester greatly improved on the French idea and manufactured waterproofs on a large scale, and "mackintosh" is the name by which waterproofs have been known since that time.—Philadelphia Record.

Early Accidents

Cause Lifelong Suffering.

A Case that is Causing Talk.

When a lad about eight years of age I fell into a cellar a distance of ten feet, striking on my head, and causing concussion of the brain. I was taken to a London, Eng., Hospital, the first seven days not recovering consciousness. I am now 35 years old and from the time of my accident until I began taking Dr. Ward's Pills five months ago I had been subject to fainting spells, never being more than two weeks without an attack of fainting. As I grew older these spells became more frequent, lasted longer, and left me with less vitality. I was weak; had no strength or stamina, always very low-spirited and down-hearted; imagined that every thing and every person was going against me, and life only had a dark side for me. My appetite was poor most of the time, but I am now happy to say that, since taking Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills, I have only had one fainting spell, shortly after I began taking them, so I have no hesitation in saying that Dr. Ward's Pills cured me. Before taking these pills I always looked for a fainting spell not more than two weeks apart; now, I would be greatly surprised at a recurrence of these spells. Life is now bright—the constant, morbid, down-hearted feeling is gone, being replaced by a contented, hopeful feeling. **I feel like working. My appetite is good, and in every respect I have experienced the health and strength restoring properties of Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills. They certainly have proved a great blessing to me. Yours truly, (Signed), Thomas Stanton, Brighton, Ont.**

Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills are sold at 50c. per box, 5 boxes for $2.00 at druggists, or mailed on receipt of price by The Doctor Ward Co., Limited, Toronto.

London has a resident population of nearly 1,000 professional orchestral instrumentalists.

The eggs of the silkworm are about the size of mustard seeds.

Divided Up.

Sweet Girl (with many admirers)—I've been taken out sleigh riding 23 times this winter.

Practical Father (meditatively)—Twenty-three times—$230, if a cent! My dear, do you really think you are worth all that expenditure?

Sweet Girl—Oh, it wasn't much for each one, you know! There were 23 of them.

Many well dressed London dandies have contracts with west end florists for the supply of buttonhole bouquets. As a rule the charge is about $5 a week, and this includes two buttonholes daily, one for wear during the day and the other for the evening.

If all the cabs in London were placed in a line, there would be a total length of 44 miles.

There never was, and never will be, a universal panacea, in one remedy, for all ills to which flesh is heir—the very nature of many curatives being such that were the germs of other and differently seated diseases rooted in the system of the patient—what would relieve one ill in turn would aggravate the other. We have, however, in Quinine Wine, when obtainable in a sound unanulterated state, a remedy for many and grievous ills. By its gradual and judicious use the frailest systems are led into convalescence and strength by the influence which Quinine exerts on Nature's own restoratives. It relieves the drooping spirits of those with whom a chronic state of morbid despondency and lack of interest in life is a disease, and, by tranquilizing the nerves, disposes to sound and refreshing sleep—imparts vigor to the action of the blood, which, being stimulated, courses throughout the veins, strengthening the healthy animal functions of the system, thereby making activity a necessary result, strengthening the frame, and giving life to the digestive organs, which naturally demand increased substance—result, improved appetite. Northrop & Lyman, of Toronto, have given to the public their superior Quinine Wine at the usual rate, and, gauged by the opinion of scientists, this wine approaches nearest perfection of any in the market. All druggists sell it.

In the Moonshine District.

"I want to get you," said the book agent, "to take 'The Life of Burns.'"

"Stranger," said the old moonshiner. "I never took the life of any man, 'cept a revenue detective, an that don't count. I'm law abidin, I am!"—Atlanta Constitution

COMPLETELY PROSTRATED.

A Quebec Farmer Tells How He Was Restored From Almost Hopeless Suffering to Complete Health.

Mr. Wm. Goodard, a well-known farmer, living near Knowlton, Que., says:—"A few years ago my health gave way and I was completely prostrated. The least exertion would use me up and make it difficult for me to breathe. I suffered from headaches, and had no appetite, and fell off in weight until I was reduced to 130 pounds. Finally I grew so bad that I was forced to keep my bed, and remained there for several months. I was under the care of a doctor, but he did not seem to help me. One day a friend urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I procured two boxes.

When I had finished them I could not see much improvement and would have stopped taking them but for the urging of my friend, who said that in my condition I could not expect to see immediate results. I continued taking the pills, and by the time I had taken a couple more boxes there was no doubt that they were helping me, and it needed no further persuasion to induce me to continue them. In the course of a few months I not only regained my health, but increased in weight fifty pounds. These results certainly justify the faith I have in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I strongly urge those who are weak and broken down to give them a fair trial.

More weak and ailing people have been made strong, active and energetic by using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills than by any other means. They fill the veins with new, vigorous blood, and strengthen every nerve in the body. Sold by all dealers at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2 50, or sent by mail by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Never Hasty.

"I am glad to say," remarked Mr. Meekton, "that I never spoke a hasty word to you."

"No, Leonidas," answered his wife rather gently, "I am willing to give you credit for not hurrying about anything."—Washington Star.

I cured a horse of the mange with MINARD'S LINIMENT
CHRISTOPHER SAUNDERS.
Dalhousie.

I cured a horse badly torn by a pitch fork, with MINARD'S LINIMENT.
EDWARD LINLIEF.
St. Peters, C. B.

I cured a horse of a bad swelling with MINARD'S LINIMENT.
THOS. W. PAYNE.
Bathurst, N. B.

Swift Reaction.

"Now, thank goodness, I'm done with you forever. When you meet me again, George Billmore, I don't want you to speak to me."

"I won't, Miss Bingo."

"If you don't, you're the meanest man that ever lived."—Chicago Tribune.

Permanent Cure of Chronic Constipation.

Perhaps you've suffered with constipation for years, tried all the pills and purgatives you ever heard or read of, without getting any more relief than the one dose of the medicine afforded.

Then you were left worse than before, bowels bound harder than ever, the constipation aggravated instead of cured. All the miseries of constipation—Headache, Sick Stomach, Biliousness, Pimples, Eruptions, Blood Humors, Blotches, Piles, and a thousand and one other ills crowded back on you again with redoubled severity.

Wouldn't you consider it a blessing to be cured of your constipation so that it would stay cured? So that a repetition of all the suffering you have endured would never come again? Burdock Blood Bitters can cure you—cure so that the cure will be permanent.

That's where it differs from all other remedies. It makes a thorough renovation of the whole intestinal tract, tones the bowel wall, acts on the liver and stomach, and causes all the digestive and secretory organs to so work harmoniously and perform their functions properly and perfectly that constipation, with all its attendant sickness, suffering and ill health, become a thing of the past.

Miss Arabella Jolie, living at 99 Carrière Street, Montreal, Que., bears out all we say in regard to the efficacy of Burdock Blood Bitters in curing constipation permanently. This is her statement:

"For over a year I suffered a great deal from persistent constipation and could only get temporary relief from the various remedies I tried until I started using Burdock Blood Bitters. I am thankful to say that this remedy has completely and permanently cured me and *I have had no return of the constipation.*"

BBB

REID'S PIANOS

In touch, tone and finish they have no equal.

Correspondents wanted in every town to act as agents.

REID BROS., 157 King St. West Toronto.

Minard's Liniment the Lumberman's Friend.

Royal Crown Soap

Grand Weekly Free Sewing Machine Competition

3 New Williams, No. 6

Drop Head, Sewing Machines, Value $65, Each

Given away weekly for Royal Crown Wrappers and Coupons, viz:

WINNIPEG, 1 each week.
MANITOBA, outside of Winnipeg, 1 each week.
N. W. T. and ONTARIO, east to Schrieber, 1 each week.

Ask your Grocer for a Coupon with ROYAL CROWN SOAP. Full instructions on each Coupon.

First Drawing Monday, January 16, and each week thereafter until further notice.

Large List of Books and Beautiful Pictures still given away for ROYAL CROWN SOAP WRAPPERS to those who do not compete for the Sewing Machines. List mailed free on application.

THE ROYAL SOAP CO., Winnipeg.

CREAM SEPARATORS.

"ALEXANDRA" AND "MELOTTE."

You naturally want to buy the best, but how are you to know? Watch the smoke of the successful man and keep in the same channel. Do not be misled by testimonials written a few days after delivery of a machine, while the new-fangled fit is on the purchaser. If he has bought one of the Waterbury watch "warranted to run a year" kind of Cream Separators his trouble is coming. Be guided by those who have had most experience. D. W. Willson, Lecturer on Dairy Subjects for the Dominion Government season 1898, in N. W. T., says in the "Elgin Dairy Report" under date Aug. 1st 1898: "At Innisfail Creamery an Alexandra was in use. The buttermaker said that he had tried nearly all of the other makes, but he found the Alexandra the best of them all." Correspondence solicited.

R. A. LISTER & CO., LTD.

Dairy Outfitters, Steam Engines, Gasoline Engines, Horse Powers, Etc.,

232 KING STREET, WINNIPEG.

"When buying, why not get the best?"

Stephens'

PURE READY MIXED **PAINTS**

MADE WITH MANITOBA LINSEED OIL.

STEPHENS' ELEVATOR AND ROOFING PAINT.

OXIDE No. 10, EGYPTIAN RED and GRAPHITE. Specially recommended for painting farm buildings. Put up in 40 gal. barrels and 5 gal. buckets. One gallon will cover on shingles about 100 square feet and on planed siding about 250 square feet, 2 coats. Price in Winnipeg $1.00 to $1.10 per gal. in barrels and 15c per gal. more in 5 gal. buckets. Sample cards, showing colors can be had from your nearest Hardware Dealer or will be mailed on request by the manufacturers.

G. F. STEPHENS & CO., WINNIPEG.

BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY

ANNUAL MEETING.

The sixty-fifth annual meeting of the shareholders of this company was held at its offices, Toronto, at noon, Thursday, February 16.

The President, Hon. Geo. A. Cox, occupied the chair; and Mr. P. H. Sims, who was appointed to act as secretary, read the following

ANNUAL REPORT.

The directors beg to submit the 65th annual report of the company, embracing the transactions for the year ending December 31st last, and a statement of assets and liabilities at the close of the year.

In the Fire Branch, while there has been a slight reduction in the premium income, the results as a whole have been fairly satisfactory, showing a moderate margin of profit, notwithstanding the fact that there were some serious conflagrations during the year, in which the company was involved for considerable amounts—notably the almost total destruction of the city of New Westminster in September last.

The closing months of the year were marked by a succession of exceptionally disastrous storms both on the ocean and on the great lakes, which resulted in an unprecedented loss of life and property. As a consequence all companies engaged in the business of Marine insurance show a heavy loss on the transactions of the year, and in its comparatively limited operations in this branch this Company has shared in the generally unfavorable experience. It is encouraging, however, in considering the future prospects of this business, to observe that the heavy losses incurred during the past year, coupled with the unprofitable results of some preceding years, have led to a general movement among marine underwriters for materially advancing rates and bringing about other reforms which the directors feel assured will place the business on a much more satisfactory footing than for several years past.

The directors feel that there is cause for congratulation in the fact that the company has passed through a year which, in many respects, has been a trying one to those engaged in Fire and Marine Insurance business, and paid its usual dividend to shareholders without making any material reduction in its Reserve Fund:

Summary of financial statement:

Total cash income	$1,472,307 33
Total expenditure, including appropriation for losses under adjustment	1,442,412 84
Balance	$29,894 52
Dividends declared	52,500 00
Total assets	$1,739,164 18
Total liabilities	198,152 30
Surplus to policyholders	$1,521,011 88

The following gentlemen were elected to serve as Directors for the ensuing year: Hon. George A. Cox, J. J. Kenny, Hon. S. C. Wood, S. F. McKinnon, John Hoskin, Q. C., LL. D., H. M. Pellatt, R. Jaffray, F. A. Myers.

At a meeting of the board held subsequently, Hon. George A. Cox was elected President and Mr. J. J. Kenny Vice-President.

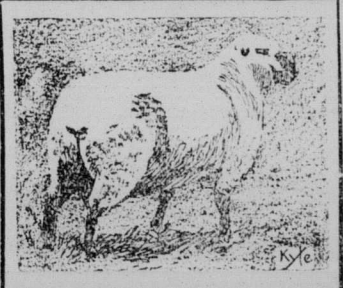
USE ULRICH'S

ENSILAGE CORN,

MAMMOTH WHITE,
GIANT PROLIFIC,
YELLOW DENT,
IMPROVED LEAMING.

E. R. ULRICH & SONS, Springfield, Ill.

Ask your dealer for samples and testimonials.



PERSIATIC SHEEP DIP and ANIMAL WASH.

The most highly concentrated and effective Dip in the market. Put up under the supervision of skilled chemists and guaranteed to contain nothing injurious or harmful in the least degree. Proves invaluable for all Skin Diseases in Sheep and Cattle and for destroying Vermin. Cures:

Ticks, Maggots, Gangrene, Shear Cuts, Red Lice, Wounds, Bruises, Ringworm, and Scab.

Full directions on every can—cures the worst cases and produces a fine coat or growth of wool. Take no substitute—it pays to buy the best.

We invite correspondence.

The Pickhardt-Renfrew Co., Limited,
Box A STOUFFVILLE, ONT.

P R Co Trad Mark

SEEDS. TRY J. M. PERKINS,

the great SEEDSMAN of the NORTHWEST, for your SEEDS for 1899, as he keeps the LARGEST Stock of Garden, Field and Flower Seeds in this country to select from; also Seed Drills and Cultivators. You can have our large illustrated catalogue FREE by sending your name and address to J. M. PERKINS, 221 Market St., Winnipeg.

Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians.

PHAKTS

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER

IS LOW IN PRICE
PURE
RICH IN LEAVENING STRENGTH

and keeps its FRESHNESS and FULL STRENGTH till used.

WHY NOT TRY IT?

THE DYSON-GIBSON CO.

W. R. ALLAN,

General Insurance Agent,

FIRE Companies Represented:
Quebec Fire Assurance Co.
Royal Insurance Co.
Sun Insurance Office
Union Assurance Society

All classes of Insurances transacted and losses promptly and satisfactorily settled.

Chase & Sanborn's SEAL BRAND JAVA AND MOCHA

THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE

VICTOR SAFES

Can you afford to be without a Safe when you can get one from $15.00 up.

WILSON'S COMPUTING SCALES,

ALSO

BAKERS' AND BUTCHERS' SUPPLIES.

WATT & ALBERT,
General Agents,
P. O. Box 589. Winnipeg, Man.

SEEDS OF ALL VARIETIES

SEND TO.... **KEITH & CO.**

P. O. Address: 294 Main St., Opp. Manitoba Hotel. Box 333.

WINNIPEG.

Catalogue on application.

CARDSTON RECORD.

—:o:—

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Friday at Cardston.

Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance. Advertising Rates on application.

In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisements they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisements will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

Copy for change of advertisements MUST not be in later than Monday noon.

ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Managing Editor,
CARDSTON, N. W. T.,
DRAWER 72. CANADA.

Cardston, March 31, 1899.

RANCH FOR SALE. 160 acres: good house; good water: 20 acres broke. Will sell cheap for cash. Apply to C. E. Snow.

Following is a list of the publications for sale at the RECORD OFFICE:

Puck
Judge
Strand
Argosy
Quaker
Nickell
Tit Bits
Success
Puritan
Squibbs
Vanity Fair
N. Y. World
Wide World
Metropolitan
Cosmopolitan
Munsey Maga.
New Illustrated
McClures Maga.
Canadian Maga.
Broadway Maga.
Review of Reviews (Eng)
Review of Reviews (Am.)
Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly.

WHAT CARDSTON NEEDS.

A lime kiln.
A railroad.
Shoe shop.
A drug store.
A tailor shop.
A brick kiln.
Graded streets.
A lumber yard.
A roller flour mill.
An amusement hall.
An immigration building.
Tri-weekly mail service.
Commodious school house.
Board of trade, or chamber of commerce.
Ten thousand more good citizens added to the thousand already here.

We print

Cards.
Blanks.
Tickets.
Posters.
Receipts.
Programs.
Statements.
Bill Heads.
Letter Heads.
Wedding Invitations.
At the Lowest Prices.
Call and see us.

We will print your name and address on 250 nice XXX White Laid Envelopes for $1.50. The Envelopes alone would cost you $1 at any of the stores.

Would you not like to have a copy of the first "Mormon" newspaper published in Canada? The Record still has a few copies of No. 1 Vol. 1 for sale at 10 cents.

The Record

$2. a year.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Theatre.
Theatre to-night.
Get ready for spring.
Today is Good Friday.
"Woman Against Woman."
The 2nd. is Easter Sunday.
"Speak peace and pursue it"
"The Confederate Spy" to-night.

Norway even now uses corn for coin.

The Legislature meets next Tuesday.

Medicine Hat has a population of 1212.

R. W. Reeder is building a home on his ranch.

Andrew Archibald has returned from a visit to Utah.

W. M. Wolsey's house is about ready for occupancy.

A new serial story begins in this number of THE RECORD.

Justice and Mrs. Ashe, of St. Mary's were in town on Monday.

W. S. Neeeham's family is quarantined on account of scarlet fever.

On April 10th. their will be a meeting of the rate payers of this district held at the Assembly Hall.

Men are at work on the foundation of the addition which is to be erected by Mr. J. A. Woolf to his hotel.

There will be an annual business meeting of the voters of the Village of Carddton held in the Assembly Hall on April 10th.

Be sure and read the opening chapter of "Woman Against Woman," by Mrs. Mary E. Holmes, which is published in today's Record.

The Home Dramatic Co. will present the military drama entitled "A Confederate Spy" at the Assembly Rooms tonight, and tomorrow night.

The Record Job Department has printed wedding invatations for four different couples this month. April is evidently THE month for weddings.

An interested congregation listened to Rev. G. Hamilton's discourse on "The Kingdom of God" at the Presbyterian Church last Sunday evening.

The annual report of the British America Insurance Co. will be found on the third page of today's Record. C. E. Snow has local agency for the British America.

On April 3rd. at the Holy Family Mission in Browning, Mont., will be celebrated the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Robinson's daughter, Mary, to Mr. H. W. Main. The Record extends congratulations.

It is said that provision will be made next session for increasing the mounted police to 1,000 men. This has been necessary on account of the large number sent from the Territories to the Yukon.

Give us a tri-weekly mail service, or restore the old time table, or take off one of the stage trips, and thereby save a few hundred dollars to the Post Office Department, as the present service is no better than a weekly.

President C. O. Card of Alberta, Canada, and Elder Jacobs, will speak on "The Advantages of Alberta for Settlers," in the following places this week: Lehi, Tuesday evening; Provo, Wednesday and Thursday evenings; Springville, Friday evening; Payson, Saturday evening.—Salt Lake (Ut.) Herald.

There will be a meeting of the voters of Cardston on April 10th. Quite a number of important questions will come up for consideration, in consequence of which there should be a good attendance. The clause prohibiting the running at large of animals will likely be decided upon, and a poundkeeper ought to be appointed by the Overseer.

President C. O. Card, of the Alberta Stake, and Elder H. C. Jacobs spoke in the Tabernacle last evening and gave much interesting and valuable information in regard to the advantages offered settlers in Canada. They will speak in Spanish Fork this (Thursday) evening, and Springville and Payson as previously announced in the "News."—Deseret (Ut.) News.

Ex-County Commissioner Martin Woolf is preparing to leave Cache this spring. He has disposed of most of his property here, and will make his future home in Alberta, Canada. Messrs. Thomas Woolford and J. V. Allen of Smithfield, both prominent residents of the county, will also take up their residence in the Canadian colony this spring.—Salt Lake (Ut) Herald.

COAL, COAL, COAL!

Clarke Mine, - - - - - - Belly River.

$2.25 per ton at the Mine.

Delivered in Cardston for $5.00 per ton.

Orders may be left at Co-op or Allen store.

Now for house-cleaning.

John M. Dunn of Ætna was in Cardston, Tuesday.

There was a concert last Saturday evening.

Monday, J. P. Jordan of Mt. View was in town.

Joseph Pilling of Ætna gave this office a call on Tuesday.

S. J. Layton, merchant of Mt. View was in Cardston yesterday.

Mr. E. H. Bolderson went into Macleod on Tuesday and returned, Friday.

A gentleman was summoned on Monday for disobeying the quarantine law.

Hyrum Hansn, merchant, of Ætna was transacting business in town yesterday.

Dr. H. W. Brant has purchased a lot east of Lee's Creek, and will begin building at once.

Mrs. Zina Y. Card is having some interior improvements made in her home by S. Cox, paper-hanger, etc.

Bp. J. A. Hammer went down to Lethbridge on Tuesday to meet some of his relatives from Utah.

There was a small fire, which did little damage, in the residence of Mr. R. A. Pilling at Ætna on Wednesday morning.

Mrs. Maria H. Thomas and her daughter, Lettie, will leave for Utah on Monday. The ladies will return in about two months.

The subject for next Sabbath evening at the Presbyterian Church is "The Resurrection of Christ and its Consequences." Services at 7 p. m.

The Cardston Co. has a very interesting change of advertisement in today's Record. Read it; they are offering a nice choice of general merchandise, farm machinary, etc. During the past week this company has received six cars of merchandise.

All day Wednesday the snow came down thick and fast. It was the worst day we have seen so late in March. Today, as we go to press, the sun is shinning and the atmosphere is clear and cool. When WILL we have warm weather? The stockmen are growing anxious, as feed it becoming scarce. Hay sells for $5.00 a ton.

C. O. Card, president of the Alberta stake in Canada, held a meeting in the tabernacle this week for the purpose of obtaining settlers for Cardston and the surrounding villages. He gave a very interesting and glowing account of that part of her majesty's domain, stating that lands could be obtained for the small sum of $3 per acre. He made some impression on some of the young men of our city and it is expected that a number of those who have no farms here will perhaps make a venture in that part of the queen's domain.—Salt Lake (Utah) Herald.

It is no discrebit to a man to have enemies and opposition. Many men hesitate to take any course that will call forth the opposition of any person; because they do not want to have enemies. The world is full of envious people. Some people hate a man because he is successful in business or occupies a prominent position in a community. The world has no animosity toward the quiet citizens who affend no one; get in nobody's way. It is the live men, the men of push and energy, who incur enmity. Every man who is fearless in the discharge of his obligation in any station of life has enemies.—Ex.

Around nearly every town will be found some young men who spend their time from one year's end to another on the lookout for a soft place. They have the swelled head to bad to go to work at anything that will soil their cuffs, or raise a sweat and no one has confidence enough in their willingness to work to trust them in positions of responsibility. On the other hand we see young men start out by taking any kind of work that comes along. If they fail to find positions in the store or office they go to the farms or shops. In a short time these young men are found occupying the best places to be found. A willingness to do an honest day's work at any kind of labor is better recommendation to a young man in the eyes of business men than all the high collars and tight fitting trousers he can ever wear.—Ex.

CHURCH NOTICE.
Divine Service in the Presbyterian Church, every Sabbath evening at 7 P. M.

OFFICIAL INFORMATION.

Earl of Minto,....Governor-General of Canada.
Sir Wilfrid Laurier.....Premier of Canada.
A. E. Forget,....Lieutenant-Governor of N. W. T.
L. G. DeVeber,....M. L. A. for Lethbridge District
Horace Harvey,...Registrar for Dist. of So. Alberta.
W. F. McCreary,...Commr. of Immig'r, Winnipeg.
J. A. Hammer,....Overseer, Village of Cardston.

C. F. P. CONYBEARE, Q.C.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
LETHBRIDGE, - ALBERTA.
Office Next door to "News" Office.

H. W. Brant, M.D.
Graduate and qualified Physician and Surgeon.
Offers his services to the people of Cardston and vicinity.

C. O. CARD,
SUB AGENT
DOMINION LANDS.
ALSO AGENT FOR
RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY
. . . AND . . .
PRIVATE LANDS.
Office Hours: 9 to 4.

Robert Ibey, Agent for
PIANOS & ORGANS.
Organs from $75 00 up to $175 00
Pianos " $250 00 " " 700 00
Sewing Machine
From $25 00 to $80 00.

Advertising in The Cardston Record pays.

Space Reserved for Cardston Drug Co.

HOTEL DE WOOLF

RATES, $ 1.50 PER DAY.
Livery & Feed Stable.
Cardston, - Alberta.

Samuel Cox,
Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting, & Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
CARDSTON. . . ALBERTA.

Hooked up at last.
HARNESS & SADDLERY.

Quality first. Prices right.
S. H. Horner,
CARDSTON, Next Kearl's Livery Stable

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.
All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.
Cardston. . . . . Alberta.

Meat Market.

Wm. Wood.
Smoked Tongue, Hams and Bacon. My own cure.
Cash paid for hides

Photograph Gallery

at the Residence of
S. LOW.
Open on clear days from 12 to 2 pm
Cardston, - - - Alberta.

The Best is always cheapest.

Cockshutt } Hay Rakes, Plows, Harrows etc. etc., Drill, Disc Harrows

McClary Stoves.
McCormick Mowers & Binders.

Wagons } "Bain" American. "Cooper" " "Abams" Paris—Canadian.

Fence Wire } "Baker" Painted. "Glidden" Galv'zd

SHOES—"Harvey-Van-Norman"—brands.
Are THE BEST and are sold by the
The Cardston Co. Ltd

Largest and best stock of General Merchandise ever brought to Cardston.

Samples Now Ready.

W. A. MURRAY & CO., LIMITED, TORONTO

Largest Dry Goods House in the Dominion of Canada, now ready with Spring Samples of New Dress Goods, Silks, Wash Fabrics and other Dry Goods needs. A complete Range will be sent to any address. Write for Catalogue. Address Mail Order Dept.

The W. A. Murray & Co., Toronto. Ont.

When you want receipt or note Books call at THE RECORD Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts. You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

THE RECORD has the agency for CLEVELAND BICYCLES. Can sell you a good one for $40, or a better one for $60. Ladies' Bicycles from $40, up to $80. Now is the time to order your Bicycle. The Cleveland Bicycle is the BEST made.

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

Deseret News and The Record one year for $3.50

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, both one year for $2.50.

FOR SALE—Model 1 Improved Hand Printing Press. Chase 5x . At RECORD Office.*

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends. 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

ENVELOPES.
Comply with the postal requirments by using your envelops printed by THE RECORD.

For Sale.

Columbia Graphophone, 26-inch horn, with folding stand, two-way hearing tube, and 85 records, all in perfect condition. Come and see it at this office.

Fire and Life Insurance.

Equitable Life (Assets $200,000,000.)
British America Fire Assurance Co.
Western Fire Assurance Co.
Agency, RECORD Office.

The Weekly Globe, Toronto, $1.00 a year. THE RECORD has agency.

Kearl Hotel

Kearl & Sharp, Props.

First Class in all Appointments.

$1.50 per day and upwards.

Meals, 40 Cents.

Livery, Feed & Sale Stables

Good outfits furnished at all hours.

Rates Reasonable.

The Great West Magazine will publish an illustrated article on the Mormons of Cardston in a forthcoming number. Bring ten cents to this office and your name will be put down for a copy of the magazine. Every family should procure a copy and preserve it.

H. W. SAVORY,
Boundary Creek (Cardston P. O.) Alta.
Saddle & Work Horses For Sale.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, APRIL 7, 1899. NO. 37.

REPORT OF CARDSTON PUBLIC SCHOOL FOR TERM ENDING MARCH 31, 1899.

SENIOR DEPT. J. ROSS' ROOM.

FIFTH CLASS TOTAL NO. MARKS 860.

1.	Jared Mercer	805.
2.	Edna Cook	752.
3.	Chas. McCarty	719.
4.	Marie Hyde	690.
5.	Lisla Barton	688.
6.	Orson Anderson	360.

SENIOR FORTH CLASS. TOTAL 770.

1.	Zina Woolf	708.
2.	Ammon Mercer	704.
3.	Annie Anderson	673.
4.	Lizzie Head.	644.
5.	Frank Smith	615.
6.	Wilson McCarty	592.
7.	Rhoda Stoddard	592.
8.	Arvin Stoddard	573.
9.	Mishie May	572.
10.	Quincy Kearl	523.
11.	Louella Evens	502.

THIRD CLASS. TOTAL 700.

1.	May Peterson	578.
2.	Addie Smith	573.
3.	Julia Hammer	561.
4.	Agnes May	557.
5.	Percy Wynder	526.
6.	Eunice May	525.
7.	Amy Hammer	520.
8.	Nephi Harker	519.
9.	Levi Harker	512.
10.	Susie Wardle	505.
11.	Joseph Peterson	463.
12.	Jennie Young	462.
13.	David Spencer	408.
14.	Clyde Brown	293.
15.	Mable West	205.
*16.	Florence Gay	202.
*17.	Duane Low	169.

The two last have only taken a few papers.

MR. F. W. WRIGHT'S ROOM.

JUNIOR FORTH TOTAL 810.

1.	Maude West	631.
2.	Afton Harrison	618.
3.	Roy Beazer	
4.	Mary Anderson	601.
5.	Attena Archibald	526.
6.	Alice Hinman	422.
7.	Laura Beazer	321

SENIOR SECOND CLASS TOTAL 720.

1.	Ben May	543.
2.	Ollie Law	523.
3.	Fanny Harrisson	513.
4.	Maralda Allen	505.
5.	Katie Jensen	495.
6.	Frank Bannerman	455.
7.	Lathella Kearl	438.
8.	Alvin Baezer	404.
9.	Rose Harker	385.
10.	Grace Woolf	378.
11.	Leon Young	376.
12.	Victor Spencer	361.
13.	Arvilla West	357.
14.	Leo Stoddard	297.
15.	Jasper Head	273.
16.	James Norton	216.
17.	Jesse Smith	147.
18.	Beatrice Perrett	119.

JUNIOR SECOND TOTAL 720.

1.	Edith Wynder	554.
2.	Hans Wight	443.
3.	George Stoddard	389.
4.	Maudell Wolsey	364.
5.	David Peterson	355.
6.	Ida Smith	347.
7.	George Leavitt	319.
8.	John Pitcher	308.
9.	Ina Wight	305.
10.	Julia Bevens	303.
11.	Alvin Wardle	288.
12.	Mary Aldrich	275.
13.	Etta Dowdle	271.
14.	Lillian Marsden	217.
15.	Zina Card	213.
16.	Julius Neilson	124.
17.	Dewey Smith	64.

WEDNESDAY'S WEDDING.

There was an interesting wedding in Cardston on Wednesday evening, April 5th. when Mrs. Sarah Hinman became Mrs. DeWilton B. Card. Both are highly respected young people, the former is president of the Primary Association of Cardston, and she has always taken an active part in matters connected with that and other associations of a like nature. Mr. DeWilton Card is a brother of President C. O. Card, and during his residence here has made many friends.

With Mr. and Mrs. Card's numbrous friends, The Record joins in wishing them a very happy voyage through life.

SETTLERS FOR CANADA.

St. George, Utah, March 20.—President C. O. Card of Alberta stake, Canada, is here endeavoring to secure settlers for the Canadian mission. He is distributing tracts among the brethren showing up the advantages of the country. He held a meeting in the Tabernacle last night, lecturing on the country in general, urging home-seekers to go into Canada.—Salt Lake, (Ut.) Tribune.

FROM NOR'-WEST FARMER.

Prof. Goff has discovered that the first growth of spring is at the tips of the main roots before the undershoots. This is a reason for taking up trees for transplanting very early, before this growth starts.

* * *

Don't be tempted by a good price to sell a good cow. Sell the poorest, but keep the best. If she is worth the good price offered she should be worth the same to you. Keep her and raise her stock to take the place of poorer ones. It is a shortsighted policy as a rule to sell the best cow.

* * *

Premier Haultain recently held a conference at Calgary with the Western Ranchers' Association with reference to the working of the recently passed brand ordinance. The difficulties arising out of the inspection system were gone over in detail and changes suggested that will enable the law to be more easily and successfully enforced.

* * *

The first year of a steer's existence is the time when the maximum gain is made for the food consumed. If there is any money in the cattle business the first year is the time you should get ready to take out your share of the profits. Smooth, well fatted youngsters nearly always bring higher prices per pound than older animals, therefore shove along the young things. There is always a good market for them.

THE CONFEDERATE SPY.

Friday, Saturday, and Monday nights, the Dramatic Co., presented "The Confederate Spy" in the Assembly Hall to crowded houses. Taking into consideration the cramped stage, limited scenery, fixtures, etc., the play was very well presented. As the people are just now served much reading matter through the newspapers of war and battles, the military drama, "Confederate Spy" "touched the right spot" as "Scokery Schneidlebecker" would say.

Among the characters, W. M. Wolsey was right at home in the best part of the play, the drafted Dutchman with the unpronounceable cognomen, "Schneidlebecker." He was the life of the play, and one could not even look at him without experiencing an awakening of the risibilities. W. W Sheffield, the young Unionist, had a part suitable to him in every respect, and he looked the lover. R. Ramsbottom must have surprised his friends in his fine representation of Philip Bradley, especially when disguised as an old man, the most difficult character to assume in dramatic art. Personally, however, we think his fort is comedy. W. H. Steed as Fred Ainsley handled his part with his usual histrionic talent. E. H. Bolderson was perfectly natural as Major General Banks, and no wonder when the character struck so near "home." His make-up left nothing to be desired. W. H. Wardle carried the part of the Colonel all right. D. C. Merriett as Officer Mulgarry was as funny as a bushel of monkeys, and "be garry" he looked as ugly as any bloody Irishman,—with his red hair and whiskers. Wm. Lamb did tolerably well as Clay, "the gemman of color." Mrs. Wolsey was quite motherly as Mrs. Waterman, and in the scene with Maud Bradley, caused some people in the audience to place their handkerchiefs to their eyes. Miss Dora Hinman acted with her usual grace and tact in the part of Maud Bradley. Miss Susie Wood not only sang sweetly but played nicely as the bonny lass from Old Ireland.

The company expects to appear on the boards again in a new play before a great while and we hope they will not disappoint the people.

The music furnished by Mrs. Merriett and Mr. Campbell, the former with the piano the latter the violin, was excellent and in itself was a rare treat to those present who could appreciate good music.

The city council of Vancouver has voted $500 for the entertainment of the Western Canadian Press Ass'n on their excursion next summer. Tacoma citizens have also promised to obtain an appropriation for the same purpose.

MORMON INTEGRITY.

The following letter was published in the Manitoba Free Pree. It is a fair article and the people of whom it treats should peruse it.

To the Editor of the Free Press.

Sir,—Noticing you are giving considerable prominence to the question of Mormonism in your columns I venture to give you my impressions of the settlement of Mormons in Southern Alberta, at Cardston. First as people trying to live Christian lives according to their light they set other communities a good example. Sunday is kept holy and given to God. Such a thing as trading in the stores is unknown. Family worship is a rule of their daily life, also grace before meals. They are also strong temperance advocates. There are two good hotels in Cardston without bars, and they both pay, which proves that to run a hotel successfully it is not necessary to have a bar attached. They are also most hospitable to all who happen to pass their threshold, and this is a very good quality in this vast country. Then another very good point I have noticed is the fair treatment they have given the Indians, who trade with them; in fact they have not two prices, one for the white man, and one for Poor Lo. In the two general stores there it is the custom to allow 10 cents discount for cash, and it has surprised and pleased the Indians very much when trading there to be handed back 10 cents when they spend a dollar. People who are in sympathy with Indians will be glad to hear this, and the consequence is the stores in Cardston do a large business with the Indians of the neighboring reserves.

I think to criticise a people one ought really to come in contact with them. When I was a youth I was told to believe nothing you hear, and only half what you see. As far as polygamy is concerned I believe it is a dead letter, certainly with the rising generation. There are some who had more than one wife prior to the prohibitory law, but they only live with one, the other lives in the States and is supporting the children also, but nothing more. There is one very strong point which I do not like in their religion and that is, they have a greater faith in the Book of Mormon than the bible. The reason they give for this, the Book of Mormon came first hand to them per Joseph Smith, whereas the Bible has passed through so many translations. I do not think anyone who lives in this vicinity would agree with the Rev. H. Beacham, B. A., when he says "they should be treated as persons tainted with the deadliest diseases known to medical science." Let us rather treat them as neighbours and we are more likely to "Let our lights so shine, and glorify our Father which is in heaven."

Lucius F. Hardyman.
Blood Reserve, Macleod, March 20.

HOME MISSIONARIES.

The Home missionaries will visit the different wards in April as follows:

Mountain View, April 9th
Leavitt, April 16th.
West Ætna, April 23rd.
Ætna, April 30th.
Elders A. Mercer and O. E. Bates.

Leavitt Ward April 9th.
Ætna April, 16th.
Caldwell, April 23rd.
Cardston, April 30th.
Elders V. Stewart and J. P. Jordon.

Cardston Ward April 9th.
Mountain View April 16th.
Ætna April 23rd.
Caldwell, April 30th
Elders Frank Leavitt and Jno. Hunt.

Thos. Duce,
Pres. of Home Missionaries.

THE REUNION.

In the Kearl Hall, on Wednesday evening, April 5th. the Seventies of the Alberta Stake gave a grand reunion, at which interesting exercises were given, and a pionic enjoyed by all present.

The gentlemen on the committee were, James Evens, P. P. Thomas, J. S. Farrell, D. K. Green, and F. Broadbent.

The Manitoba Free Press, in a recent issue, contained a few stale locals evidently culled from our columns, but dished-out to its readers in slightly altered phraseology.

DON'T WORRY.

By Bluebell, Oakville, Man.

The woman who looks well to the ways of her household has no slight task to perform. Many a plan has to be thought of to keep the machinery of home in running order, without jar of discord. But, oh, how many of our mothers are worrying themselves into an early grave, with the neverceasing round of fret and worry, I may say useless worry. Life is too short for us to spend our time in useless worry. It is worry, worry over every trifle. If it rains the mud tracks in on the floor, worry because it rained and the floor is dirty. If the bread happens to be heavy or sour, worry until the next batch is baked, and if that too should happen to be bad, oh dear! If visitors come in unexpected worry because you do not happen to have two or three kinds of cake for tea. (If that is all they came for, you are much better without such visitors). It also makes your freinds' visit unpleasant, for they cannot help seeing that you are worried. There are numerous other trifles with which the reader is familiar and need not be mentioned.

Why does she worry?" some one asks. "Because she cannot help it," some one replies. Can you help being ill-natured? Can you help being a scold? Yes," I answer, for those are bad habits, and bad habits can be broken. A little care and watchfulness, and when you find yourself worrying over some trifle, stop and think of something pleasant. It does you no good to worry, and your work will go on a great deal faster without it. You cannot worry 365 days without leaving the traces of it in your counteance. You all know the old saying, "Every worry draws a line." And how much nicer it would be to cultivate cheerfulness and look pleasant. How disagreeable it must for be a man to hear nothing from his wife but a grumble over something that has gone astray. As for your children, they will soon lose their respect for you and will not care whether they give you cause for worry or not. It would very likely be as I once heard one boy say to another, who was trying to persuade him not to do something, say his mother would not like it, "What's the different, she would worry anyway."

Would it not be better for your children when they grow up and leave the home nest, to look back on home and mother as the most pleasant recollections of childhood, but which would be impossible if you render their home life unpleasant with your constant worry. The average woman who worries soon manages to become a scold into the bargain.—Nor' West Farmer.

NOTICE.

An annual business meeting of the voters of the Village of Cardston will be held in the Assembly Hall April 10th. 1899, at 7 p m

J. A. HAMMER,
Overseer.

THEATRE.

On Saturday evening, April 15th. the Cardston Dramatic Association will present the thrilling three act drama by Baker, entitled "Nevada or The Lost Mine."

All of the parties having parts are well known local actors, and no doubt the play will prove a signal success.

CAST OF CHARACTERS.

Nevada, the Wanderer	W. H. Steed
Vermont, an Old Miner,	Alex. Campbell
Tom Carew / Young Miners,	Nath Tanner
Dandy Dick / Young Miners,	E. H. Bolderson
Lilas Steele, Missionary of Health,	N. H. Wardle
Jerden, a Dectective,	Robt. Ibey
Jule, a Black Miner,	O. E. Bates
Win-Kye, a Chinaman,	Wm. Sheffield
Mother Weston,	Mrs. Merriett
Agnes Fairlee,	Mrs. Nellie Leavitt
Moselle, a Waif,	Susie Wood

The performance will be given for the benifit of the missionaries.

Doors open at 7.30. Curtain at 8.30.

WHAT IT DOES.

The Graphophone is the talking machine up to-date. In it appear the latest improvements that inventive skill has devised to secure accurate records of sound and to reproduce them faithfully. The Graphophone is remarkable for its simplicity of construction and operation, and for its clear and distinct reproductions.

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All anyone can get out of this life is contentment, **as a proof** that you will be contented with one of our Spring suits, you will find **Shorey's Guarantee Card** in the pocket which says

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1895 1899

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Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 8 o'clock, a. m. Mondays and Thursdays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $3.00; Round trip, $5.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.

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THE CARDSTON RECORD and Montreal Family Herald and Weekly Star, both for $2.75

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, for $2.50

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Toronto Weekly Globe both one year for $2.50

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THE CARDSTON RECORD

CARDSTON, ALBERTA.

CAMBRIDGE IS WINNER

OXFORD BEATEN BY FOUR BOAT LENGTHS.

Fifty-Sixth Annual Aquatic Contest—Cambridge Won for the First Time in Ten Years.

Putney, Eng., March 25.—The fifty-sixth annual boat race between crews representing the universities of Oxford and Cambridge was rowed to-day over the usual course from Putney to Mortlake, a distance of about four and one-quarter miles and was won by Cambridge for the first time in ten years. The official was twenty-one minutes four seconds.

Cambridge now has 24 out of the 56 races rowed to her credit. The light blues were the favorites in betting, the odds being 11 to 4 on Cambridge, though this was regarded as extravagant.

The crews were sent off at 12.58 p. m. Cambridge winning the toss took the Surrey side of the river, which with a fresh wind blowing, gave the light blues a decided advantage. Cambridge at once assumed a slight lead, which was increased to 1 1-4 lengths at Craven Steps, five furlongs from the start. Just beyond that point, however, Oxford began crawling up, at at the Crabtree wharf, one mile 320 yards from the starting point, was on a level with Cambridge. Crabtree wharf was passed at 103. At Hammersmith bridge, one mile, five furlongs and one hundred yards from the starting line Cambridge had again assumed the lead by half a length, which it increased to two and a half lengths at Thorny-Crofts, some three miles from the start. Thence Cambridge continued her position rowing a fine steady stroke, while Oxford splashed badly and was evidently distressed.

When the light blues reached Barnes bridge, three miles, four furlongs and thirty yards from the start they were four lengths ahead and the race was practically over for the dark blues of Oxford were going to pieces and rowing anyhow. The Cambridge crew finished strong, four lengths ahead of Oxford. Two of the Oxford crew fainted as the boat crossed the line.

To Invade Great Britain.

London, March 25.—In spite of the Anglo-French agreement regarding Africa, one of the leading topics of the week on both sides of the channel, has been an article published in La Revue des Deux Mondes, seriously outlining a fresh scheme for the invasion of Great Britain. It proposes that 15,000 steam pinnaces be built and collected in the canals and rivers leading to the French coast, that each be armed with two quick firing guns, and that they convey an army of 170,000 men, and 500 cannon with the necessary ammunition, stores, etc. The cost of construction is estimated at 150,000,000 francs and the pinnaces are to be provided with torpedoes to keep off hostile ships, while the quick-firing guns are to repulse torpedo boat attacks. The writer of the article says there would be no difficulty in getting the boats across, pointing out that Napoleon had a more difficult task at Wagram, where he crossed the Danube in the face of the Austrian army. The English coast defences are classed as being a negligible quantity and the operation is looked upon by the writer as being merely a matter of a few hours. Three divisions of 14,500 men each are to be landed in Ireland and the Irish are to be armed with old Gras rifles. The English papers pooh pooh the scheme, but French newspapers discuss it as being a perfectly sound proposition.

Le Petit Journal praises the plan, declaring its chief merit is its simplicity and unity, and points to the success of the Roman, Saxon, Danish and Norman invasions as proving the feasibility of the project.

Insane Murderers.

Worcester, Mass., March 25.—Patrick Hassett was beaten over the head with an iron bar by Mrs. Thomas Carey, at 9 Harding street, this morning, and killed. At 2 o'clock she attacked Hassett and Michael Sullivan, who were asleep in the bed. Sullivan went to the police station with severe injuries and was taken to the hospital. He said that Hassett was injured and the police were sent to look for him and Mrs. Carey. Before they arrived, however, the woman again attacked Hassett and killed him.

Peg-Leg Brown.

London, March 26.—There is much interest in the trial of Brown, the wooden-legged man, charged with killing Policeman Twohey about a year ago. The evidence turned mainly on identification, and was by no means satisfactory.

Snow in Nice.

Nice, March 26.—9 a. m.—A snowstorm accompanied by hail and sleet, visited this city and vicinity early this morning. At this hour it is raining, but the roofs and trees are still covered with snow. Much damage has been done throughout the department.

Telegraphic Briefs.

The Winnipeg assizes has closed.

Hamilton, charged with abortion at the Brandon assizes, disappeared and his bail was estreated.

A man was murdered in South Carolina and his body shipped in a refrigerator car to Chicago.

The British government has decided not to send an expedition against the Khalifa, as they do not consider his forces dangerous.

London, Ont. March 26.—Rev. Ira Smith has resigned the pastorate of Talbot Street Baptist Church.

Port Arthur Man Dead.

Port Arthur, Ont., March 26.—M. Dwyer, a resident of Port Arthur for twenty-five years, and an old railway contractor on the C. P. R., and afterwards road commissioner for the Ontario government for this district, died yesterday after only two days' illness. Mr. Dweyer was on his way out to inspect some government bridges in the Kaministiqua valley before the freshets commenced. He took suddenly ill and had to be sent back to town. He, however, was so bad that he could not be brought to his own home, and died at an hotel at Fort William.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Mme. Dreyfus was fined by the court of cassation.

Virden's hockey team won the Territorial championship.

The Oxford-Cambridge boat race will be rowed this morning.

The Anglo-Russian negotiations are being satisfactorily settled.

Lord Dunraven is running as a Unionist candidate in Limerick.

A sweeping victory was won by the U. S. forces in the Philippines.

The U. S. government has taken the duty off Canadian binder twine.

Rev. Samuel Niven has been called to the Harmney Presbyterian church.

Digby Bell, the actor, is bankrupt, and is $27,000 behind on his last play.

A strange story is told by a refugee who was wrecked in the Antarctics.

The New Ontario mining bill was introduced to the house by Mr. Gibson.

Prof. Wood, of Wisconsin, has succeeded in photographing sound waves of air.

The grand jury made their presentment to the judge at the Brandon assizes.

An English journal speaks out on the reported desecration of the Plains of Abraham.

Judge Cochrane, of Dallas, Texas, was probably fatally shot by a lawyer in the court room.

R. S. Johnson has been arrested in Niagara Falls, N. Y., charged with wholesale smuggling.

The contract for the construction of the Great Northern railway of Quebec has been signed.

Geo. Nofield, an Assyrian peddler, was frozen to death on the prairie, near Wetaskiwin, N. W. T.

E. W. Morrison, editor of the Ottawa Citizen, is on trial charged with assaulting a journalist.

In the Ontario house the bill to prohibit officials taking part in elections, introduced by Mr. Tucker, was defeated by 10 majority.

Kid McCoy got the decision over Joe Choynski in the fight in San Francisco.

Sir Arthur Sullivan is composing a new opera for Augustin Daly.

The German press is very bitter against the U. S. over the Samoan affair, and the government has decided not to remove the consul, Mr Ross.

The Presbyterian home mission committee is in need of more funds to prosecute the work in Yukon. The committee is now $13,000 short of their estimates.

Hartney citizens desire the Belmont extension of the N. P. railway to pass through their town, and a delegation waited on the local government to secure their assistance.

The French government has spent $60,000,000 in keeping alive the cod fishery in their waters near Newfoundland. The total value of the catch in the last 50 years was only $2,000,000.

MANITOBA LEGISLATURE.

Friday, March 24.

On resuming the debate on the speech, Friday afternoon, Mr. Sirett held the floor. He upheld the record of Lord Aberdeen. The federal government should receive full credit for their tariff reductions, which were in the right direction, though not such as were wished in this country. The present government had done a great deal towards railway communication. The N. P. bargain was especially good. He was sorry the government could not have built the Dauphin road itself. He favored the abolition of the senate, especially now, when this country should get aid for school purposes. The terms of the school lands sales were not favorable enough. He favored the American system of handling these lands. Our government should be given full control. He was surprised that they had not heard more about the prohibition question. The government should introduce a bill to give prohibition. As to elevators the privileges should be given to the farmers of building by private enterprise and handling grain through elevators of their own or through flat warehouses.

Mr. Lauzon blamed the government for not calling the house together before March 16. As to immigration, the bringing of the Mennonites was a good investment; not so the Galicians. We have enough poor people here. There are first-class people in Dakota. The half-breeds should be given a helping hand. He was glad the Yukon bill had been thrown out. He would like to know what they were going to do with the $300,000. He thought, out of regard for Premier Laurier this house should return to the custom of having its printing done and the speech from the throne delivered in French as well as English.

Mr. Riddell credited the development of the Dauphin district to the assistance given by the government. While the exodus of young cattle was to be deplored the farmers could hardly be expected to refuse the prices offered. The farmers in his county were protecting themselves by building their own elevators. He wanted to see a railroad built at once into the country east of Carman, and the anomaly of the division of Carman into two for electoral purposes, done away with.

Mr. Jackson referred to the railway extension into Rockwood. He spoke favorably of the Galician immigration. Though poor, they were buying oxen as fast as they could and they kept their stock in first-class condition. They were picking up English very fast. The country might be congratulated on the addition of 1,000 to its fighting force; each man had served three years in the army.

Mr. Dickie moved the adjournment of the debate.

The following bills were introduced and read the first time: Hon. Mr. Cameron, To amend the surrogate court act; To amend the public schools act; To amend an act respecting livery-stable keepers; Respecting a portion of the proceeds arising from the sale of school lands in the province of Manitoba; A bill to amend the church lands act. Hon. Mr. McMillan—A bill to amend the provincial lands act. Mr. Riddell—A bill to amend the wolf bounty act. Mr. Dickie—A bill to amend the Manitoba building societies act. Mr. Roblin—A bill to amend the municipal act. Mr. Sirett—A bill for the insurance of standing grain against damage by hail.

Notices were given as follows: Hon. Mr. Cameron, on Tuesday next,— To amend the children's protection act of Manitoba; To amend the sales of food act, 1896; To amend the county courts act respecting the study of anatomy. Hon. Mr. Mickle on Tuesday next—To further amend the joint stock companies act.

Petitions were read as follows: Mr. Fowler—Of Wm. Martin et al., praying for an act incorporating the Portage Northwestern Railway Co. John McKechnie et al., praying for the incorporation of the Manitoba Midland & Western Railway Co. Mr. Robbin—From Hugh E. Jones and twenty-seven others, residents of St. Eustache, asking for a prohibitory liquor law.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

A determined attempt was made yesterday to burn down the La Fayette hotel, in Philadelphia.

Sir Frank Smith, of Toronto, is slowly recovering from an illness that has kept him in bed for over six months.

J. D. Grahame, the newly appointed gold commissioner to Atlin, believes the district will rival Dawson this year.

The wholesale lynchings of negroes continued in Arkansas, but the colored men who are fleeing into Texas vow vengeance.

A royal commission to inquire into the falling off of United Kingdom trade to the States is not considered necessary.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Jockey Epherson was stabbed to death in 'Frisco.

Brandon hockey team defeated Regina 7 goals to 2.

A peace jubilee will be held in Washington in May.

Bishop O'Connor, of London, will be the new archbishop of Toronto.

The Canadian authorities assisted in forwarding American Yukon mails.

A large party of Europeans were slaughtered by Arabs in the Sahara.

H. Blaylock, at one time the premier jockey of America, died in Toronto.

Rev. Jas. A. Spurgeon, of London, Eng., was found dead in a railway carriage.

The U. S. government sent out a party to explore the Copper River country.

Commodore Clifford assumed command of the British fleet in Newfoundland waters.

R. Ironsides blew out the gas in a Sarnia hotel and died from asphyxiation.

Dr. Nancy Guilford's trial for the murder of Emma Gill, opened in Bridgeport, Conn.

C. P. R. officials decided to meet the Great Northern cut to the Pacific coast.

The insurgents of Peru were victorious in their uprising, and the president is hemmed in.

Douglass Bros., and Elliott and Brooks' establishments, Toronto, were burnt out. Loss, $50,000.

Spanish planters in the island of Negros are threatened with extinction by the insurgents.

An eloping minister and companion from Oregon were captured in New Westminster, B. C.

The Victoria, B. C., board of trade has endorsed B. C. Corbin's proposed Boundary Creek railway.

A hockey tournament opened at Calgary; the first game resulted: Calgary, 11, Medicine Hat, 5.

There are 49 persons still unaccounted for who were in the Windsor hotel fire. Fifteen victims are dead.

The U. S. has offered the Filipinos peace terms—self-government under U. S. control and protection.

A young man employed in a Rosthern, N. W. T., mill was caught in the machinery and badly crippled.

Governor Brady, of Alaska, said Canadians must fight if an attempt be made to move northern boundary lines.

L. J. Demers, Liberal, was elected by acclamation to represent Levis in the house of commons, succeeding Dr. Guay.

The Grand Trunk railway purchased the Central Vermont line, the principal road in Vermont state, for $7,000,000.

R. J. Jones and W. Griffiths, two officials of the Winnipeg customs house, were suspended for alleged irregularities.

The Port Arthur-Fort William delegation addressed the Quebec board of trade on the advantages of New Ontario.

The Erie "limited" express was wrecked near Akron, Ohio. Two trainmen were killed and many passengers injured.

The French premier, M. Dupuy, denied allegations against Russia, arising out of the Dreyfus case, circulated by the press.

The Winnipeg industrial exhibition directors waited on the local government and asked for a continuation of the annual grant.

The Presbyterian home mission committee passed the half yearly grants in Toronto; $38,000 was paid for Klondike mission work.

General Ballington Booth was insulted by members of the Salvation Army in Chicago and a clash occurred between rival factions.

Three thousand pounds of smokeless powder exploded in a works in New Jersey, killing three workmen and injuring several others.

Two boys of Evansville, Ind., fought in a school, one with a knife and the other with a pistol, until one was literally cut to pieces.

The Germans of Samoa petitioned that Chief Justice Chambers and the British consul be dismissed; otherwise they will take up arms.

A Tammany alderman introduced a resolution to the New York council that flags be hoisted on the public buildings on the Queen's birthday.

The Khalifa is said to be out of food and ammunition, and has only 6,000 soldiers. He is hampered by an enormous following of women and children.

The high commissioner cabled Hon. Mr. Sifton that there was a hopeful prospect of securing the dissatisfied Finlanders for the Canadian west.

There is a crisis in Jamaica; the assembly refused to pass the tariff measure and the governor brought in four officials to outvote the members.

Albert Price, who shot Richard Bolton, was found guilty of attempted murder at the Winnipeg assizes, and was sentenced to three years' imprisonment.

J. M. Gibson's annual report as minister of crown lands in Ontario, states that there is a shortage of cut saw logs, but the lumber trade is flourishing.

Colquhoun, charged at the Brandon assizes with shooting with intent to do bodily harm, was set free. Judgment was reserved in Masson vs. G. N. C. railway.

The speaker notified the Ottawa senate that Senator Sutherland, of Winnipeg, had absented himself for two consecutive sessions, which means he forfeits his seat.

Cost of Shipbuilding.

Glasgow, March 23.—A statement by Charles Cramp, of Philadelphia, a member of the well-known shipbuilding firm, now here, to the effect that on account of lower wages ships were built here thirty per cent cheaper than in the United States, has aroused a vigorous denial. It is stated in opposition to Mr. Cramp's views that American workmen accomplish twice as much as Clyde workmen in the same time, and three cargoes of American steel just received here show that building material is cheaper in the United States. The increased cost of shipbuilding in the United States, the Scotchmen maintain, is due to the inordinate profits expected by the American builders, who wish to become millionaires in a few years. The profit to Clyde builders is set down more as from three to ten per cent.

Centenarian Dead.

Cornwall, March 23.—Mrs. Catherine Barkley, of Matilda township, is dead at the advanced age of 102. She was the daughter of a U. E. Loyalist settler. She was married eighty years ago and had twelve children, eight are still living.

Increased Wages.

Hamilton, March 23.—The stove manufacturers of Hamilton will increase the pay of the employees ten per cent on May 1st.

London, March 23.—The McClary Manufacturing company have advanced the wages of their stove hands ten per cent.

Guszczak and Czuby, the Galician murderers, were sentenced to be hanged on May 26th, in Winnipeg.

The cruiser, Amphion, has returned to Esquimault from a six months' cruise in the southern Pacific.

WOMAN AGAINST WOMAN

BY MRS. MARY E. HOLMES.

Author of "A Woman's Love," "The Wife's Secret," "Her Fatal Sin," "A Heartless Woman," "A Wife's Peril," "A Desperate Woman," Etc.

CHAPTER II.

"Valerie, you will not leave me, dear?"

The question was put in a loving, tender tone.

Valerie Ross turned her proud, imperious head. She was standing at one of the windows in the lofty morning-room of Darrell Castle.

An old lady was seated at the table, glittering with silver and costly china for the early meal; her hair was white, her face gentle, yet proud; she smiled as she met Valerie's dark eyes.

"I shall be so lonely," she continued.

"Then I will remain, dear Lady Darrell. To tell you the truth, I was beginning to fear I had extended my visit too long, and that you were tired of me."

Lady Darrell stretched out her slender white hand, and the tall, beautiful form left the window and knelt at the elder woman's feet.

"Now, I shall scold you, Valerie. How often have I begged for this visit and you would not come. Do you think I shall let you curtail it just when you like? No, no, my dear; I mean to have my way."

Valerie bent and put her warm red lips to the white hand.

"It is dull here, I fear, Valerie," Lady Darrell said after a pause; "especially these two next days while Roy and Eustace are away, but they will soon pass."

Valerie's face had flushed crimson; now it was very white as she said, simply:

"I am perfectly happy; I want no one but you."

Lady Darrell patted the soft coils of hair that crowned the girl's head. It was glorious hair, of a warm, ruddy brown shade, that matched her eyes almost in color.

The skin was exquisitely fair, tinted with a delicate warmth of rose on the cheeks, and rivalling the fairest marble by its purity.

"You flatter me, Valerie; but now to breakfast. I hope, during the day, to have some line from Roy, and I hope also that by this time they have settled their little quarrel. Do you know, Valerie, this is the first time that I can ever recollect a coldness between Roy and Eustace, their friendship has been beautiful in its strength and warmth."

Valerie rose from her knees abruptly; her back was towards her hostess.

"Does Captain Rivers ever stay with his mother?" she asked, speaking in a hard, dry tone.

Lady Darrell did not seem to notice it; she laughed slightly.

"Well, no, dear; I cannot say that he does see much of her. Roy will have him here. Eustace, of course, has to leave us frequently to join his regiment at the different towns in which it is garrisoned, but beyond that, this is his home."

Valerie drew a sharp breath.

"I often laugh at Roy, and tell him one of these days Eustace will marry, and then they must be separated; but Roy does not seem to think Eustace will ever take a wife, nor do I for the matter of that."

"Why?" asked Miss Rose quietly, taking her place at the table."

"Well, because he is too selfish. Understand me, my dear. I am fond of Eustace Rivers. His father was my cousin and friend, and I cherish the son for his sake, apart from his own. But a man to marry must give up so much, and Eustace will give up nothing."

She was opening her letters as she spoke, and did not see the look of pain that crept over her guest's beautiful face.

"Ah, here is a letter from Lord William; he is coming down to-day. I must telegraph to Roy at once. How tiresome! What induced them to go to Nestley? I cannot understand it at all."

"Lord Roy said something about new harness for your ponies," observed Miss Rose, pouring some chocolate into a priceless china cup.

"Ah," smiled Lady Darrell, "then I see what it is. Roy has made that an excuse for cementing the friendship afresh. He thinks no one knows anything about horses but Eustace."

"Are you not jealous of this great affection?" asked Valerie suddenly.

Lady Darrell's face grew grave.

"Roy is so precious to me, you know, Valerie. I might be jealous, dear, if I did not love him so much; to see—to know he is happy is to me the height of all earthly bliss."

"Oh, that I had had you for my mother!" cried the girl; involuntarily her pale, beautiful head was bent.

Lady Darrell rose softly and kissed the young face.

"Look on me as such, dear Valerie," she whispered; "who knows, perhaps—"

Her sentence was not finished, for the door was opened, and the butler advanced into the room.

"My lady there's a park-keeper in the servant's-hall begging to see you. We've told him it is impossible; but he will not go."

Lady Darrell seated herself at the table again.

"A park-keeper, Chelmick!" she repeated. "What can he want?"

"I don't know, your ladyship; but he'll tell none of us anything—only asks to see you, my lady."

Miss Ross looked at her hostess, who smiled.

"Some begging petition, I suppose. Well, Chelmick, I will break through my rules for once, and see the man. Perhaps," continued Lady Darrell as the butler withdrew, "poor fellow, he has got into trouble of some sort."

"He evidently knows where to apply for consolation," remarked Miss Ross.

In a few seconds the butler returned, and ushered in a man dressed in the ordinary fustian worn by keepers, a look of trouble on his honest, comely face.

"Ah, Miles, so you want to see me? Well, speak out, I am quite ready."

The man hesitated.

"I beg pardon, my lady, but if I can speak to you alone——"

Valerie rose.

"I will go into the next room," she said, and swept away.

"Now, Miles," said Lady Darrell quietly, though a vague sense of coming ill seemed to have fallen on her.

"My lady, I have bad news to tell you. I came straight to you, for I thought it best."

"Go on," said the lady quickly, as he hesitated.

"My lady, this morning on my way through the woods, I found—I found Captain Rivers lying on the ground; at first I thought him asleep, but on moving his body I found his dead!"

A broken sob came from the next room, it fell unheeded on Lady Darrell's ears; she had risen and was grasping her chair with her slender white hands for support.

"Dead," she repeated blankly; "Eustace Rivers dead!"

"There had evidently been a scuffle; it was out of the ordinary path, on the way to Madman's Drift. Poor Captain Rivers must have been stabbed, for there is blood about; but though I searched everywhere, I found no weapon—only a basket containing broken eggs, which must have been dropped by some market man or woman in their fright, and—and this."

Lady Darrell looked up. Her eyes, distraught with anguish, fell on a silver cigar-case with delicate initials and crest engraved on it.

"That!" she murmured hoarsely.

"I brought it straight to you, my lady," the parkkeeper said gently, laying it down. "I know it as belonging to—to his lordship; it must have fallen from Captain River's pocket as he sank down to the ground."

There was a moment's silence.

"What have you—you done?" whispered Lady Darrell, still standing motionless.

"I have carried the body to my hut—you know I live quite alone my lady—and I came to you to know what I had better do next."

"Saddle a horse and ride to Nestley. You must fetch the police. We must find the murderer."

The words dropped like agony from the white lips.

"Shall I summon Lord Roy?" said Miles eagerly, seeing the agitation on the worn face opposite. "I would not go to him first, for I know how much he loved Captain Rivers, and knew the blow would fall so heavily. Forgive me, my lady; you are always so brave! I forgot you were a woman. I ought to have gone to his lordship."

"The blow has fallen heavily indeed," whispered the white lips; then rousing herself with an effort, Lady Darrell passed her handkerchief over her face.

"You are right, Miles, to come to me, and I thank you with all my heart. I—I will tell Lord Roy."

She put out one of her slender hands, and the keeper took it within his own brown, hard ones with reverence and awe.

"We must act now, not think," went on Lady Darrell hurriedly. "Yes, the police must come, nothing can be done till then. Go, Miles, at once. Send Chelmick to me. I must break the news to the household. What have you done with the basket you found."

"It is at my cottage, my lady."

"Good, leave it there. Wait an instant; I will write a note."

She moved to the bell and rang it, then stood with her hands locked together as silent as a marble statue till the butler came.

Miles gazed at her in admiration. He knew what an agony of shame and pain was in that breaking heart, yet no cry came from the lips, no womanly weakness was betrayed in face or limb.

As the butler entered, Lady Darrell in brief, quiet words, told of the discovery of Captain River's dead body, and the supposed murder; then, as the old servant withdrew in fear and horror she wrote a few lines on a card and handed it to Miles.

"To the police-station, Nestley; go at once."

Miles bowed and withdrew; as he went the door of the inner room opened, and Valerie Ross came out. Her hair was pushed from her brows, her face ghastly white, a fixed look of anguish in her glorious eyes.

Lady Darrell advanced to meet her.

"Ah, my poor child," she murmured, "you have heard—you have heard all?"

"All!" repeated Valerie blankly. "Is it true?" she asked after a moment's pause. "Is it true? Is he dead—murdered?"

"He is dead," answered the older woman almost mechanically. "Yes."

"And you can stand there so calm! Oh, Eustace—Eustace; gone, my——"

Valerie threw her hands up to her face, swayed to and fro for an instant, then she lay stretched prostrate on the floor.

With the same set face, Lady Darrell bent over the inanimate girl, and pressed her cold lips to the senseless ones; then ringing the bell again, she directed the servants to carry the still form to her room.

"Leave me alone," she said as they went through the door—"quite alone."

She stood silent as the small cortege disappeared, then her calmness went. Lady Darrell flung herself down on her knees and gave way to her feelings.

"They went away together," she whispered, a crimson wave of color dyeing her gentle face—"together in anger; now Eustace lies dead, and Roy, my angel, my prince, my son Roy! No. Oh, God, keep the thought from my mind, or I shall go mad! Let me think clearly. They were angry; they may have parted friends. Eustace may have met his death alone. Oh, God, pray that it may be so! Roy, my darling, my precious Roy, can there be blood on your hands, on your soul! Oh, what sin have we done that this awful curse should come? It is too much—too much!"

The agony of her thoughts overpowered her. Lady Darrell sank forward on to the chair, and buried her face in her hands.

A few seconds after the door was opened, a figure entered. In two strides Roy Darrell was beside his mother, had lifted her to her feet, and clasped her to his heart.

"Roy!" she gasped, fearfully. "Thank God! And yet, oh, my son, my son!"

"Mother," said the young man, "you know all. Hear me now, though I may never prove it. I know, I feel, I swear I am innocent of this crime!"

(To be continued.)

MEN OF MARK.

William A. Clark, the new senator from Montana, was once a clockmaker.

Patrick O'Brien, a member of the British house of commons, is only 4 feet 3 inches tall.

Senator Vest once took lessons in boxing and, like Governor Roosevelt, is an expert at "the manly art."

Mr. Rockefeller is quoted as saying that he will give a salary of $1,000,000 to any man who can take charge of his business and conduct it intelligently.

Nathan Bay Scott, the new senator from West Virginia, rarely writes his full name, and many, even among his most intimate friends, have always supposed him named for Napoleon.

Judge Ross, the new senator from Vermont, paid his way through Dartmouth college by teaching for several years previous in the roadside schools among the Green mountains.

Porter J. McCumber, the new senator from North Dakota, to succeed Senator Roach, is a native of Rochester, Minn., and is 43 years of age. He is of Scotch parentage and his parents were poor farmers.

Governor J. G. Brady of Alaska was once a homeless boy in New York. He was sent to an Iowa farmer by the Children's Aid society, which later assisted him through college. He first went to Alaska as a missionary.

General Russell Hastings, who has just been appointed director of the bureau of American republics, is a native of Greenfield, Mass., and is a personal friend of President McKinley, having served in his regiment in the civil war.

Senator Elect Kean of New Jersey is president of a national bank, vice president of the Manhattan Trust company of New York, president of a gaslight company and a water company and heavily interested in an electric street railway.

Congressman James A. Tawney of Minnesota owns the last communication in writing made by the late Representative Dingley. It is the original of a telegram written before congress reassembled after the holidays, when Mr. Dingley was seriously ill.

Judge William Butler of Philadelphia, who has resigned from the bench of the United States district court, learned the trade of a printer in the office of the West Chester (Pa.) Village Record. Among the other boys in the office at the same time was Bayard Taylor.

Embassador Choate, while in the Harvard Law school in 1853, was one of three men appointed to debate against three others, when his colleagues both fell ill. Mr. Choate took the debate in hand alone and won it. Oddly enough, the subject was "The Success of the War of 1812."

Francis M. Cockrell, who has been elected to his fifth term in the senate, is only the second Missourian to be so honored. The first was Thomas Benton. Only two men now in the chamber have served longer continuously than Mr. Cockrell—John P. Jones of Nevada and William D. Allison.

THE HONEY MAKERS.

We cannot expect straight combs to be built in hives that are not plumb.

Combs should be handled with care during the winter, as they are easily broken.

Combs that are crooked may be warmed up and pressed into shape, and when cold will remain so.

Use all the old comb that can be made into straight combs in the frames and fill out with full sheets of foundation.

If the hives are resting directly on the ground, it will produce dampness, which is against the best welfare of the bees at this time.

Early in the spring is one of the very best times for moving the bees. The combs then are light and the colony the smallest of any time of the year.

Hives should be made of well seasoned pine. If well painted on the outside, it will add much to their durability, besides improving their appearance.

In cutting out a queen cell a very sharp and thin bladed knife should be used. Cut around the cell at the sides and bottom a little distance from the cell.

Cells should be inserted near the center of the frame of comb, especially if the colony of bees is weak or the weather cool. If not properly done, the bees will cut around them.—St. Louis Republic.

THE COOKBOOK.

The same broiler must not be used for meats and fish.

When boiling an old fowl, add a good pinch of carbonate of soda to the water, which will help to make it tender.

Flour should be kept where it is dry. Dry flour gives better results in baking than damp. For this reason keep the flour barrel anywhere except in a damp room.

Leeks should be boiled in plenty of salted water, to be changed twice. Then drain the vegetable very carefully and serve on toast like asparagus, with melted butter poured over.

Don't put hot food into cold dishes. Boiled potatoes, for instance, put into a cold dish will absorb the water formed by the condensation of their steam on the cold surface as if they were sponges. It is but a moment's thought and act to put the dish into the warmer before it is needed.

FRENCH FRILLS.

It looks as though the French were scheming to prolong the Dreyfus agitation so as to make it one of the attractions of the exposition.—Detroit Free Press.

At the present pace of the court of cassation the trial of Warren Hastings, which was begun in one generation and concluded in the next, will stand out as a marvel of judicial celerity when compared to the Dreyfus case.—Omaha Bee.

When France had a kingdom, she wanted a republic. Having the republic, she sought an empire. Since that time she has tried them all without success. The proper thing now would be to annex her to Germany, and the volatile messieurs would be relieved of further responsibility in the governing line.—Syracuse Post-Standard.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

An Empress' Pen.

I heard an interesting fact regarding the former empress of the French the other night which shows in what direction her thoughts run. Whenever she has occasion to write anything about her lamented husband, she always uses the diamond pen which signed the treaty of Paris. All those who participated in this historical occasion wanted the pen as a memento. But so keen was the empress on possessing it that she begged that only one pen should be used, which she thought she had a right to retain as a souvenir. This was agreed to. The pen takes the form of a quill plucked from a golden eagle's wing and richly mounted with diamonds and gold.—Woman's Life.

A PURELY VEGETABLE PILL—Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are compounded from roots, herbs and solid extracts of known virtue in the treatment of liver and kidney complaints and in giving tone to the system whether enfeebled by overwork or deranged through excess in living. They require no testimonial. Their excellent qualities are well known to all those who have used them and they commend themselves to dyspeptics and those subject to bilious ness who are in quest of a beneficial medicine.

The Collies and Amen.

I once witnessed a phase of prompt evolution of practical and of devotional religion in Scotch sheepdogs on a communion Sabbath among the mountains.

The churchyard was crowded with shepherds, accompanied by their dogs, which lay quietly asleep at the feet of their masters. The sermon was finished, the psalm had been sung, the final prayer was being offered, and there was no sign of impatience, but the moment the benediction commenced the devotional doggies all roused themselves, and before the "Amen" they were in marching order.—"Newman Hall," an Autobiography.

Preparing For the Feast.

Lieutenant (to his orderly)—John, go to the restaurant and bring me a beefsteak with onions.

Orderly—Lieutenant, I take the liberty of reminding you that you are invited out to dinner today.

"Where have I been invited out to dinner?"

"You have been invited to dine with Mr. Holdfast."

"So I have to dine with the old miser? I must not go there unprepared. John, go to the restaurant and bring me two beefsteaks with onions."—London Tit-Bits.

From a quarry of soft redstone in southern Minnesota, the only stone probably of its kind in the world, the Indians for centuries obtained materials for the pipes, which were probably articles of commerce, as they are found in Indian graves from the gulf to Canada

We beg to call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills in this paper. The firm have also placed on the market Dr. Ward's Liver Pills which have already proved to be a most excellent family medicine as a cure for constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, etc. They are sold at 25c per vial, or 5 for $1, or mailed on receipt of price by the Dr. Ward Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

They Don't Like Dawgs.

Footsore Freddy—Can you spare a trifle for a pore man, marm, wot ain't tasted no grub for three whole days? Just a drink and a bite is all I arsks.

Housewife—Then you've come to the right place for both, my man, because the pump there will give you drink and as for a bite I've only got to unchain the dog, and—

But Frederick had flitted.—Ally Sloper.

All Kinds.

It is only the same old story,
This life, so the cynics declare,
With its tales of adventure and glory
And its chapters of hoping and care.

But a story depends on the telling,
And each must strive on as he may
With his narrative, carefully dwelling
On its incidents day after day.

Some toil with an epic completeness,
Some are tragic and stately and slow,
And some give a lyrical sweetness
To the hours as they greet us and go.

And the world coldly pauses to edit
The efforts brought forth from the ranks,
And some achieve lucre and credit,
And the rest are declined without thanks.

—Washington Star.

CANCER ROOTS

Can only be removed by our perfect system. No knife, no plaster. Particulars free.

DEPT. W. N. ABBOTT,
MYRON MASON MEDICAL CO.,
577 Sherbourne St., - Toronto.

A Prisoner's Release.

A Bright Youth of Eighteen Suffered so Badly from Asthma and Bronchitis that he was Forced to Remain in an Air-tight Room for Months at a Time. Dr. Clarke's Kola Compound Cured.

Mr. L. O. Lemienes, C. P. R. Engineer, 556 Alexander Street, Winnipeg, writes:—"My son, who is just eighteen years of age has been a terrible sufferer from asthma and bronchitis during eight years. I have spent hundreds of dollars with doctors and many remedies, but he became worse each year. Many times he became so weak and the attacks so severe, that we thought each would be his last. For months at a time he has been confined to the house in an air-tight room, and continually treated with mustard plasters and poultices to keep him from choking. About the first of September we heard of Clarke's Kola Compound, and purchased in all seven bottles. While taking the first four the change was very slight, but shortly after taking the fifth he gradually became better, and could soon go out any day, and since completing the treatment has been completely cured. He goes out in the severest Manitoba weather and exposes himself to severe tests, and the attacks have not returned. It certainly has been a blessing to him, and I feel it my duty to highly recommend it to any person troubled with this disease."

Clarke's Kola Compound is the only permanent cure for asthma yet discovered, and it has cured over 800 cases in Canada alone. Sold by all druggists. Sample sent to any address. Enclose 5 cent stamp. Address the Griffiths & Macpherson Co., 121 Church Street, Toronto.

Rat Prognosticators.

The old superstition, which has grown into an adage, that rats desert a ship which is no longer seaworthy, is still an article of faith with the fresh water sailors of the great lakes. Sundry well authenticated instances seem to justify this belief. Here is one. The Vernon was a three master which did a tramp business. Built in Buffalo in 1850, she was for many years regarded as one of the best craft on the lakes.

Late in the fall, about 15 years ago, she unloaded a cargo of grain in Buffalo, and reloaded with package freight for Chicago. She was about to sail one rough November night. Just before the lines were let off one of the seamen saw a rat run over the hawsers to the wharf. In a moment another was seen. The seamen called others of the crew to see the unusual sight. Between 50 and 75 rats poured out of the ship and took refuge along the wharf. The crew refused to sail, but the captain was obstinate, shipped a fresh crew and sailed forthwith. The ship was lost with all hands.—Household Words.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.

A New Political Feature.

A new feature is noticeable in Georgia politics. In a certain county there were two candidates for ordinary. The first candidate made this unique announcement:

"If I am elected to the office, I promise to issue all marriage licenses—to white and black—for 50 cents apiece."

But his opponent floored him when he made this counter announcement:

"I'll see to it that all who vote for me are licensed to marry for 25 cents, and, furthermore, I'll help 'em pay for their furniture!"—Atlanta Constitution.

Vim Vigor Vitality

DR. WARD'S BLOOD & NERVE PILLS

VIM—to work and to win—to keep a sane mind in a sound body—to laugh at worry.

VIGOR—to ward off disease—to conquer obstacles—to transmit health and strength to your posterity.

VITALITY—to resist the fearful strain and tension of modern life—to make up for the constant drains of overwork. Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills confer all these essential qualities on the user.

THIS EVIDENCE IS AMPLE PROOF.

Before using Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills I felt weak, nervous and run down. I had lost weight steadily for some time; my circulation was poor; hands, feet and limbs were cold. I always felt weak and my muscles trembled. Now, after the use of one box of Dr. Ward's Pills, I feel like my old self. I have gained five pounds in weight and 100 per cent. in cheerfulness. I now walk firmly, my muscular system is strong and my blood circulates vigorously. I have more comfort than I have experienced in years. Dr. Ward's Pills have done more for me than any medicine I ever took.

PETER CARMICHAEL,
13 Bright St., Toronto, Ont.

All good druggists can supply you. If they won't, we will by mail. Price 50c. per box, or 5 boxes for $2.00. THE DOCTOR WARD CO., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Unpleasant For the Duchess.

Philanthropic Duchess (who has taken several tickets for amateur concert, to two young ladies)—Would you like these tickets? I am not going myself, and I'm afraid you'll be awfully bored.

First Young Lady—I thank you so much, duchess, but my sister and I are going there—to sing!—Punch.

The great lung healer is found in that excellent medicine sold as Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It soothes and diminishes the sensibility of the membrane of the throat and air passages, and is a sovereign remedy for all coughs, colds, hoarseness, pain or soreness in the chest, bronchitis, etc. It has cured many when supposed to be far advanced in consumption.

A Remarkable Letter.

A young lady of very extraordinary capacity lately addressed the following letter to her cousin: "We is all well, and mother's got his Terrix, brother Tom is got the Hupin Kaugh, and sister Ann has got a babee, and I hope these few lines will find you the same. Rite sune. Your aphectionate kuzzen."—London Fun.

THOUSANDS LIKE HER.—Tena McLeod, Severn Bridge, writes: "I owe a debt of gratitude to DR. THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL for curing me of a severe cold that troubled me nearly all last winter." In order to give a quietus to a hacking cough, take a dose of DR. THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL thrice a day, or oftener if the cough spells render it necessary.

Satisfactorily Explained.

"It is called high society," said the corn fed philosopher, "because the man who is short cannot reach it."—Indianapolis Journal.

Piscatorial Note.

Musical fish are among the oddities of nature. They are great at running the scales.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

Why go limping and whining about your corns, when a 25 cent bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure will remove them? Give it a trial and you will not regret it.

A Resourceful Bride.

"Can we afford," he faltered sadly, "to have a skeleton in our closet?"

As for the woman, she wept, for they were indeed wretchedly poor, but she was not therefore altogether unresourceful.

"We might keep it in the hall and use it for a hatrack!" exclaimed the bride, for her mind was giving way under the constant effort to practice economy.—Detroit Journal.

Dear Sirs,—This is to certify that I have been troubled with a lame back for fifteen years.

I have used three bottles of your MINARD'S LINIMENT and am completely cured.

It gives me great plasure to recommend it and you are at liberty to use this in any way to further the use of your valuable medicine.

Two Rivers. ROBERT ROSS.

The Unkindest Cut of All.

"Dr. Jones cut his wealthiest patient dead the other day!"

"No; in a public place?"

"No; at the post mortem."—Judy.

He Had Experience.

Yeast—Do you believe married people always quarrel?

Crimsonbeak—No; sometimes they fight.—Yonkers Statesman.

THEY NEVER KNEW FAILURE.—Careful observation of the effects of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills has shown that they act immediately on the diseased organs of the system and stimulate them to healthy action. There may be cases in which the disease has been long seated and does not easily yield to medicine, but even in such cases these pills have been known to bring relief when all other so-called remedies have failed. These assertions can be substantiated by many who have used the Pills, and medical men speak highly of their qualities.

Ask for Minard's Liniment and take no other

Just Temporary.

Jones—I'm going to marry my next cook, by Jove!

Johnson—Bless you, even that doesn't make 'em stay. Divorces are cheap nowadays.—New York Journal.

Discouraging.

It frequently happens when a girl imagines she is wearing a sad and interesting expression some one will ask her what she is looking so cross about.—Atchison Globe.

Family Pride.

"My pa's a vestryman, my ma jus tol me," boasted Willie Andrews.

"Huh," sneered Tommy Erskine, "that ain't nuffin. I jes' heard my ma tell the hired girl that my pa's a confirmed repro bate."—Detroit Free Press.

They Reach The Kidneys.

Mr. Conrad Beyer's opinion

—OF—

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS.

No one can be healthy with the kidneys in a diseased or disordered state. The poisonous Uric Acid which it is their duty to filter out of the blood, is carried into the system and produces Rheumatism, Headaches, Backaches and hundreds of ills and ailments.

Any one who has the slightest suspicion that the kidneys are not acting right should take Doan's Kidney Pills. They are the most effective kidney remedy known. Mr. Conrad Beyer, at E. K. Snyder's Shoe Store, Berlin, Ont., bears this out when he says:

"Anyone suffering with kidney troubles cannot do better than take Doan's Kidney Pills, for they cured my wife who has been afflicted with pain in the back and other kidney troubles for a long time. They have helped a great many of my acquaintances in this town, and I must say they are the medicine that reach the kidneys with the best effects."

LEGS ENTIRELY RAW

From his feet to his body, and ran a blood tinged, irritating water.

Mrs. A. Keirstead, Snider Mt., N.B., tells how her little boy suffered, and how B.B.B. cured him permanently.

FREDDY KEIRSTEAD.

There is not a mother in this land who has a child suffering from skin disease in any form but will thank Mrs. Keirstead, of Snider Mt., N.B., for telling of the remarkable manner in which her boy, Freddy, was cured of one of the severest and most torturing of skin diseases by the use of Burdock Blood Bitters; and not only relieved and cured for the time being, but, mark you, *after eight years the disease has shown no sign of returning.*

The following is Mrs. Keirstead's letter:—

"With gratitude I can testify to the wonderful curative powers of Burdock Blood Bitters. Eight years ago our little son, Freddy, was afflicted with salt rheum and was in a dreadful condition. His legs, from the soles of his feet to his body, were entirely raw, and ran a bloody water, which appeared to burn and itch until he was often in great agony.

"After trying several remedies, we resolved to give B.B.B. a trial.

"You can imagine with what delight and gratitude we saw our boy entirely cured after using one bottle and part of the second. We gave him the remainder of the second bottle, and from that time till the present he has never had a sign of salt rheum or a sick day. You need not wonder that I think there is no other medicine can equal Burdock Blood Bitters to purify the blood and build up the health and strength."

So Have Others.

Frank—Some genius in Birmingham has invented a buttonless shirt.

Billy—Why, that's old. I've worn them ever since my wife learned to ride a bike.—Tit-Bits.

A DYSPEPTIC'S RELEASE.

Suffering From This Distressing Malady for Many Months—Found Only One Medicine to Help Him.

The farming community at Port Robinson, and many miles around, are intimately acquainted with Mr. Harvey Horton. He is a young man, only 23 years of age, who farms in summer and follows a steam thresher in autumn and winter. While yet so young he has had his share of pain and sickness. Our reporter hearing of Mr. Horton's affliction sought an interview with him. When he learned the reporter's errand he readily consented to impart full details, which are given practically in his own words: "I do not court newspaper notoriety," said he, "yet I am not afraid to say a kind word for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. In the summer of 1897 I was sadly afflicted with stomach trouble, a deranged liver and general debility. My entire system was in a morbid condition. I felt as though I had an oppressive weight on my stomach and eating was sometimes followed by nausea. My nights were made hideous by unpleasant dreams. I tried a good physician. He doctored me for liver trouble and dyspepsia, but without avail, and for a year I could find no remedy that could cure me. I felt perfectly worn out, had no strength, appetite or energy. I was prevailed upon by a friend from a distance to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I purchased two boxes in June, 1898. Although I thought myself beyond cure, yet the first box had such a surprising effect that I took courage as my stength began gradually to return. I continued taking the pills and now, after using nine boxes, I feel as good a man as ever and am in splendid flesh. I can eat, digest and sleep well, while before all food soured on my stomach and caused awful distress. I can now enjoy life and am satisfied that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have saved me from untold suffering.

Proper Resentment.

"No, Miss Petherbridge," said the young man, folding his arms and looking sternly at her, "you can't be a 'sister to me.' If I'm not good enough to get into your family, you can't get into mine."

Saying which, and picking up his hat and gloves, he walked away with his head held stiffly erect.—Chicago Tribune.

Minard's Liniment the Lumberman's Friend.

Out of Their Element There.

Mrs. Snaggs—Isn't it odd that fortune tellers are not able to predict and avoid dangers which threaten theem?

Mr. Snaggs—Not at all. As I understand it, they do not pretend to be misfortune tellers.—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant to take; sure and effectual in destroying worms. Many have tried it with best results.

All Colors Alike to Him.

Mutual Friend—Madam, allow me to present my friend, Mr. Green.

"Excuse me, my name is Brown!"

Mutual Friend—That makes no difference. Madam is aware that I'm color blind!—Der Floh.

"When buying, why not get the best?"

Stephens' PURE READY MIXED PAINTS

Made With MANITOBA LINSEED OIL.

For Inside and Outside House Painting, Floors, Walls, Ceilings, Roofs.

There is nothing superior to "STEPHENS' HOUSE PAINTS" for inside plaster walls. Get sample shade card from your nearest, Up-to-date Hardware Dealer, who should have a full stock on hand; as well as Stephens' Roofing and Elevator Paint, Stephens' Oil and Varnish Stains, Ready Mixed Gloss Coach Paints, Etc.

Remember "STEPHENS' PAINTS" are the only ones mixed with MANITOBA LINSEED OIL; and the "Quality of the Oil is the life of the Paint."

Manufactured by G. F. STEPHENS & CO., WINNIPEG.

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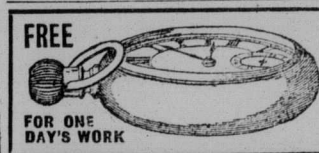


FOR ONE DAY'S WORK

You can earn this valuable WATCH, with a chain and charm, by selling twenty Topaz Scarf Pins at 15 cents each, or a lady's Watch and Guard by selling twenty-four. Send your address, and we forward the Pins, postpaid, with our Premium List. *No Money Required.* These Pins will almost sell themselves, for the Topaz has all the brilliancy of the best diamonds, and has never before been offered at anything like this price. Our watches are very neat in appearance, thoroughly well made and fully guaranteed. Unsold Pins may be returned. *Mention this paper.*

THE GEM PIN CO., TORONTO, CAN.

Do You Use Insecticides?

Persiatic Sheep Dip
Persiatic Plant Spray
Persiatic Horse Wash
Persiatic Dog Wash
Persiatic Pig Wash
Persiatic Poultry Powder
Persiatic Hen House Spray
Etc., Etc., Etc.

You need the strongest, the purest and the most reliable. In the Persiatic goods you are getting the tried and proven products of our own extensive Laboratories at Stouffville, Ont.,—prepared from the latest formulæ, and guaranteed to do their work in a way unapproached by any other preparation in the market. Reliability in insecticides may mean a matter of life to your stock, you cannot afford to experiment—the Persiatic specialties never fail.

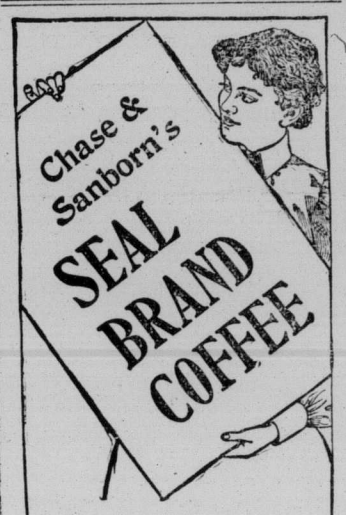
THE PICKHARDT-RENFREW CO., LIMITED,
Box A, STOUFFVILLE, ONT.
GEO. LENNON, WINNIPEG, AGENT FOR MANITOBA.

VICTOR SAFES

Can you afford to be without a Safe when you can get one from $15.00 up.

WILSON'S COMPUTING SCALES,
ALSO
BAKERS' AND BUTCHERS' SUPPLIES.

WATT & ALBERT,
General Agents,
P. O. Box 589. Winnipeg, Man.



is the kind that housekeepers who want only the best always buy. Packed in pound and two-pound tin cans, it comes into the home with all its natural aroma and strength. **Protected by our Seal,** the consumer knows that its purity and strength have been untampered with. Your grocer sells this kind, but be sure our seal and name is on the can you buy.

Chase & Sanborn.

10c 25c 40c

If ure **prowed** u'll pa 40c.
If ure **meen** u'll pa 10c.
If ure **sencibul** u'll pa 25c.
for a lb. package of

White Star Baking Powder

Because it's PURE and of the BEST QUALITY.

THE DYSON-GIBSON CO.

W. R. ALLAN,
General Insurance Agent,

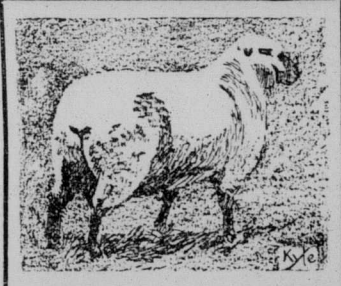
FIRE Companies Represented:
Quebec Fire Assurance Co.
Royal Insurance Co.
Sun Insurance Office
Union Assurance Society

All classes of Insurances transacted and losses promptly and satisfactorily settled.

JUBILEE BRAND BUILDING PAPER.
Plain and Tarred.

It costs a little more than some others, but as it is the toughest and warmest, it is the cheapest. It is the best in the world. Compare it with others before buying. Write for free samples.

MERRICK, ANDERSON & CO., WINNIPEG



PERSIATIC SHEEP DIP and ANIMAL WASH.

The most highly concentrated and effectiv Dip in the market. Put up under the supervision of skilled chemists and guaranteed to contain nothing injurious or harmful in the least degree. Proves invaluable for all Skin Diseases in Sheep and Cattle and for destroying Vermin. Cures:

Ticks, Red Lice,
Maggots, Wounds,
Gangrene, Bruises,
Shear Cuts, Ringworm,
and Scab.

Full directions on every can—cures the worst cases and produces a fine coat or growth of wool. Take no substitute—it pays to buy the best.
We invite correspondence.

The Pickhardt-Renfrew Co., Limited,
Box A STOUFFVILLE, ONT.
P R Co
Trad Mark

LUCAS, STEELE & BRISTOL, Importers of Groceries, Write us. Hamilton, Ont.
Circle Teas
L. S. & B. Coffees
L. S. & B. Extracts
L. S. & B. Spices

PURE BREAD from PURE HOPS
Wholesome, Healthful, Appetizing
BEAVER BRAND HOPS
For Sale Everywhere.
Wholesale only C. D. Proctor & Co., Montreal.

FREE.

We give this fine Watch with a chain and charm for selling 2 dozen packets of our exquisite Perfume at 10 cents each, or a lady's Watch and guard for selling 3 dozen. *No Money Required.* You run no risk. Write and we will send the Perfume postpaid and our Premium List. Sell the Perfume, return the money, and your Watch will be forwarded at once, all charges paid. Unsold Perfume may be returned. Hundreds have already earned valuable Watches selling our goods, why not you? Mention this paper when writing.
The Home Specialty Co.
TORONTO, ONT.

Royal Crown Soap

Grand Weekly Free Sewing Machine Competition

3 New Williams, No. 6 Drop Head, Sewing Machines, Value $65, Each Given away weekly for Royal Crown Wrappers and Coupons, viz:

WINNIPEG, 1 each week.
MANITOBA, outside of Winnipeg, 1 each week.
N. W. T. and ONTARIO, east to Schrieber, 1 each week.

Ask your Grocer for a Coupon with ROYAL CROWN SOAP. Full instructions on each Coupon.

First Drawing Monday, January 16, and each week thereafter until further notice.

Large List of Books and Beautiful Pictures still given away for ROYAL CROWN SOAP WRAPPERS to those who do not compete for the Sewing Machines. List mailed free on application.

THE ROYAL SOAP CO., Winnipeg

The winners of the sewing machines in the Royal Crown Soap Co.'s competition, for the week ending March 18th, are as follows: Winnipeg, Mrs. G. J. Timms, 411 Henry Avenue; Manitoba, Theophile Rosset, St. Claude; Northwest Territories, Mrs. Charles Nivins, Prince Albert. The Royal Crown Soap Co. will continue this competition, giving away three machines each Monday, until further notice.

Don't drop insulting remarks. A bigger man may pick them up.

Canada's Greatest Liniment.

Griffith's Menthol Liniment is the greatest curative discovery of the age. A liniment which penetrates muscle, membrane and tissue to the very bone, banishes pains and aches with a power impossible with any other remedy. Use it for rheumatism, neuralgia, headache and all soreness, swelling and inflammation. All druggists, 25cts.

Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians.

CARDSTON RECORD.

—:o:—

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Friday at Cardston.

Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance. Advertising Rates on application.

In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisments they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisments will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

Copy for change of advertisments MUST not be in later than Monday noon.

ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Managing Editor,
CARDSTON, N. W. T.,
DRAWER 72. CANADA.

Cardston, April 7, 1899.

RANCH FOR SALE. 160 acres; good house; good water; 20 acres broke. Will sell cheap for cash. Apply to C. E. Snow.

Following is a list of the publications for sale at the RECORD OFFICE:

Puck
Judge
Strand
Argosy
Quaker
Nickell
Tit Bits
Success
Puritan
Squibbs
Vanity Fair
N. Y. World
Wide World
Metropolitan
Cosmopolitan
Munsey Maga.
New Illustrated
McClures Maga.
Canadian Maga.
Broadway Maga.
Review of Reviews (Eng)
Review of Reviews (Am.)
Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly.

WHAT CARDSTON NEEDS.

A lime kiln.
A railroad.
Shoe shop.
A drug store.
A tailor shop.
A brick kiln.
Graded streets.
A lumber yard.
A roller flour mill.
An amusement hall.
An immigration building.
Tri-weekly mail service.
Commodious school house.
Board of trade, or chamber of commerce.
Ten thousand more good citizens added to the thousand already here.

We print

Cards.
Blanks.
Tickets.
Posters.
Receipts.
Programs.
Statements.
Bill Heads.
Letter Heads.
Wedding Invitations.
At the Lowest Prices.
Call and see us.

We will print your name and address on 250 nice XXX White Laid Envelopes for $1.50. The Envelopes alone would cots you $1. at any of the stores.

Would you not like to have a copy of the first "Mormon" newspaper published in Canada? The Record still has a few copies of No. 1 Vol. 1 for sale at 10 cents.

The Record

$2. a year.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Spring.

Mud, mud, mud!

Many strangers are about town these days.

Bp. Neils Hansen of Ætna was here, Monday.

Richard Pilling was over from Ætna on Monday.

Salt is selling at $15. per ton in St. George, Utah. Here it sells at 15cts. per pound.

Dr. L. G. DeVeber, of Lethbridge, has been appointed a Justice of the Peace.

Mr. C. Marker, Supt. of Govt. Creameries, was in Cardston several days this week.

Have you noticed the changes in the ads. of the Cardston Co. Ltd. and H. S. Allen & Co. in this issue?

The Cardston Drug Co. is having its quarters north of the Bank fitted-up for the arrival of goods which will come in today.

Sheridan Jocobs was here this week talking up Canada. Some people will go there as also to Oregon in quest of homes.—Salt Lake Herald.

A. E. Brown, formerly of Brigham City, Utah, arrived in Cardston on Sunday. He will remain here and work on the canal this summer.

T. H. Woolford, with a company of friends, came up from Cache Co., Utah, and will make permanant homes in Alberta. All such settlers are welcome.

The annual report of the British America Insurance Co. will be found on the third page of today's Record. C. E. Snow has local agency for the British America.

Dr. DeVeber, M. L. A., leaves for Regina on Monday night's train to attend the session of the Territorial Lesialative Assembly called to assemble on Tuesday.—The News.

Again we have increased our standing order for paper on which to print The Record. Its subscription list is growing longer and longer as the weeks and months go by.

President C. O. Card of the Alberta Stake held forth at the tabernacle last night on the desirability of his location for settlement by the young and enterprising men of St. George.—Deseret (Ut.) News.

A company of thirty prospective settlers arrived in Cardston this week, bringing with them several carloads of horses, house-hold furniture, etc. They came from Utah. Most of the horses are large and are all in a good condition.

There will be a meeting of the voters of Cardston on April 10th. Quite a number of important questions will come up for consideration, in consequence of which there should be a good attendance. The clause prohibiting the running at large of animals will likely be decided upon, and a poundkeeper ought to be appointed by the Overseer.

Carl Poulson came down from Salt Lake Tuesday last on a visit before taking his departure for Canada, where he intends locating. He leaves Salt Lake about the first of the coming month, having given up his position in the metropolis and believes he can make better progress in the newly settled country in Canada. Our best wishes for success go with him. He will leave Manti some time next week.—Manti (Ut.) Messenger.

Medicine Hat, N. W. T, Feb. 11.—Weather clear and cold. Mercury registers 160 below to-day. People can't open their mouths for fear of freezing their teeth. A man opened the door this morning and immediately fell out and broke. Breath is the shortest thing here. A man at Duck Lake froze his wooden leg in bed by thoughtlessly leaving it on a chair. A man who shot another for staring at him found that the poor fellow's eyes were froze open. The bullet flattened against the frozen eyed man's frozen undershirt and as he began to laugh the frost froze the smile and cracked it. Every word that comes over the wire is froze solid and it is necessary to thaw out the ticks to see what is said. People who have cows milk them by lancing their udders and taking out the chunk. Hens lay frozen eggs and when they ascend to the perch to crow they have extreme difficulty in emisting the familiar cock-a-doodle-doo, as the tones freeze in their throats and they invariably have a bad fit of vomiting icicles of peculiar shape.—Ex.

COAL, COAL, COAL!

Clarke Mine, - - - - - Belly River.

$2.25 per ton at the Mine.

Delivered in Cardston for $5.00 per ton.

Orders may be left at Co-op or Allen store.

Our streets are in an awful condition.

R. A. Pilling came in from his ranch on Wednesday.

Another company of immigrants arrived in Lethbridge yesterday.

W. T. Ainscough, of Smithfield, Utah, arrived in Cardston on Saturday.

George Pitcher, of Cache Co., Utah, came up to look at the country this week.

Villages in the Somonan Islands were bombarded by British and U. S. cruisers.

Fifty persons were drowned by the explosion of a steamer on the Mississippi River.

Paul Hinman of Farmington, Utah, will make his home in Alberta, and is expected to arrive soon.

The Subject for next Sunday evening at the Presbyterian Church is "The need of Revelation." Services at 7.30 P. M.

No. 1 Vol. 1 of the Advance, Macleod's new paper, read our X table this number and we wish the Clarke Bros. every success.

At the district ratepayers meeting on Wednesday morning, James Quinton was elected overseer and Robert Ibey auditor.

In our mention last issue of a fire having occured in Ætna, the compositor made it read "R. A. Pilling" it should have been "R. Pilling."

Mr. and Mrs. Edward T. Morgan of Layton have returned home from Alberta, Canada, where they have spent the winter visiting relatives and renewing acquaintances formed while they were residents of the locality.—S. L. (Ut.) Herald.

The Record has the agency for the Deseret Semi-Weekly News, and all persons whose subscriptions have expired should call at this office and renew at once. Remember, THE RECORD and Semi-Weekly News will be sent to you one year for only $3.50.

Yesterday Bert Brown, son of C. D. Brown, left for Cardston, Canada, which will be his home. Next week Mr. Lawrence Johnson, the principal typo on the Box Elder County News, will start for the same place.—Brigham Corr. S. L. Herald.

Richfield, March 20.—There is some stir in political and ecclesiastical circles in Richfield over the election of a mayor and also a bishop to succeed Theodore Brandley, who will resign both these positions in a few days, previous to his departure for Alberta, Canada* * * S. L. (Ut.) Herald.

The religion that makes people pay their debts; the religion that keeps people from speaking ill of their neighbors; the religion that makes no distinction between wealth and poverty; the religion that makes people honest and upright; the religion that makes men manly and women womanly; the religion that is a part of people's every day life, exemplified in kind deeds, loving acts, cheering words, is the religion that is needed in the world today.—Ex.

Rev. Mr. Beacham, of Killarney, urges the exclusion of Mormon missionaries from the country. He alleges polygamous practices among them. This the Mormons deny; and they should know. But whether each has one wife or many, the Mormons as a community seem to build up and improve rapidly every section in which they settle. Matrimonially they may or may not be too enterprising; but with regard to well directed and profitable industry in other respects the Mormons are a very desirable class of colonists.—Macleod Gazette.

IT PAYS TO TRADE IN CARDSTON.

Stand by the home merchant, says an exchange. He is the man who helps to pay for the streets upon which you walk, for the school in which your children, or perhaps you were educated; he helps to keep up the church in which you worship. He is the man who built a home which enhances the value of your properity. Every subscription paper that is passed has his name on it; he is the one who cannot afford to swindle you, self-terest if nothing else, would prevent this; he bears his share of the burden of the town's government; stays right with you in sunshine and in darkness, in days of prosperity and adversity.

CHURCH NOTICE.

Divine Service in the Presbyterian Church, every Sabbath evening at 7 P. M.

OFFICIAL INFORMATION.

Earl of Minto.....Governor General of Canada.
Sir Wilfrid Laurier.....Premier of Canada.
A. E. Forget.....Lieutenant Governor of N. W. T.
L. G. DeVeber.....M. L. A. for Lethbrigde District
Horace Harvey...Registrar for Dist. of So. Alberta.
W. F. McCréary...Commr. of Immig'r, Winnipeg.
J. A. Hammer.....Overseer, Village of Cardston.

C. F. P. CONYBEARE, Q.C.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
LETHBRIDGE, - ALBERTA.
Office Next door to "News" Office.

H. W. Brant, M.D.
Graduate and qualified Physician and Surgeon.
Offers his services to the people of Cardston and vicinity.

C. O. CARD,
SUB AGENT
DOMINION LANDS.
ALSO AGENT FOR
RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY
. . . AND . . .
PRIVATE LANDS.
Office Hours: 9 to 4.

Robert Ibey, Agent for
PIANOS & ORGANS.
Organs from $75 00 up to $175.00
Pianos " $250 00 " " 700 00
Sewing Machine
From $25 00 to $80 00.

Advertising in The Cardston Record pays.

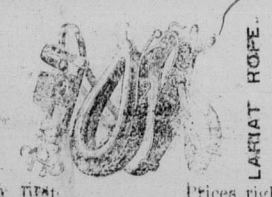
Space - Reserved for

Cardston Drug Co.

HOTEL DE WOOLF
RATES, $1.50 PER DAY.
Livery & Feed Stable.
Cardston, - Alberta.

- Samuel Cox, -
Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting,
& Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
CARDSTON. . . ALBERTA.

Hooked up at last.
HARNESS & SADDLERY.



Quality first. Prices right.
S. H. Horner,
CARDSTON, Next Kearl's Livery Stable

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.
All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.
Cardston. . . . . Alberta.

Meat Market.
Wm. Wood.
Smoked Tongue, Hams and Bacon. My own cure.
Cash paid for hides

Photograph - Gallery
at the Residence of
S. LOW.
Open on clear days from 12 to 2 pm
Cardston, - - - Alberta.

The Best
is always cheapest.

Fence Wire { "Baker" Painted. "Glidden" Galv'zd
Mc Clary Stoves.
Mc Cormick { Mowers & Binders.
Cockshutt { Hay Rakes, Plows, Harrows etc. etc. Drill, Disc Harrows

Wagons { "Bain"—American. "Cooper" " "Adams" Paris—Canadian.

SHOES—"Harvey-Van-Norman"—brands.
Are THE BEST and are sold by the
The Cardston Co. Ltd

Largest and best stock of General Merchandise ever brought to Cardston.

Samples Now Ready.
W. A. MURRAY & CO., LIMITED, TORONTO

Largest Dry Goods House in the Dominion of Canada, now ready with Spring Samples of New Dress Goods, Silks, Wash Fabrics and other Dry Goods needs. A complete Range will be sent to any address. Write for Catalogue. Address" Mail Order Dept.
The W. A. Murray & Co., Toronto. Ont.

When you want receipt or note Books call at THE RECORD Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts. You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

THE RECORD has the agency for CLEVELAND BICYCLES. Can sell you a good one for $40, or a better one for $60. Ladies' Bicycles from $40. up to $80. Now is the time to order your Bicycle. The Cleveland Bicycle is the BEST made.

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

Deseret News and The Record one year for $3.50

For Sale.

Columbia Graphophone, 26-inch horn, with folding stand, two-way hearing tube, and 85 records, all in perfect condition. Come and see it at this office.

Fire and Life Insurance.

Equitable Life. (Assets $200,000,000.)
British America Fire Assurance Co.
Western Fire Assurance Co.
Agency, RECORD Office.

The Weekly Globe, Toronto, $1.00 a year. THE RECORD has a-gency.

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, both one year for $2.50.

FOR SALE—Model 1 Improved Hand Printing Press, Chase 5x8. At RECORD Office.*

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends, 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

ENVELOPES.

Comply with the postal requirements by using your envelopes printed, by THE RECORD.

Kearl Hotel
Kearl & Sharp, Props.

First Class in all Appointments.

$1.50 per day and upwards.

Meals, 40 Cents.

Livery, Feed & Sale Stables

Good outfits furnished at all hours.

Rates Reasonable.

The Great West Magazine will publish an illustrated article on the Mormons of Cardston in a forthcoming number. Bring ten cents to this office and your name will be put down for a copy of the magazine. Every family should procure a copy and preserve it.

H. W. SAVORY,
Boundary Creek (Cardston P. O.) Alta.
Saddle & Work Horses For Sale.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, APRIL 14, 1899. NO. 38.

DAIRYING.

A meeting for the discussion of dairying matters was held at Ætna on the 4th. inst. The attendance of farmers was large.

The meeting was called to order by Bishop Pilling who introduced the speaker of the day, Mr. C. Marker, Supt. of Govt. Dairy Stations at Calgary. In the course of his remarks Mr. Marker stated that arrangements had been made between the management of the Ætna Creamery and the Dominion Department of Agriculture, whereby the latter will assume control of the operations of the creamery for a period of two years, and manufacture the butter from milk or cream, delivered by the farmers at the creamery for a charge of 4 (four) cents quart. This charge covers the cost of all supplies, labor, fuel, rent, etc. required in connection with the manufacturing process.

As to the method of payment the Department makes monthly advance payments of 10c per lb. of butter manufactured during each month. At the close of each season when all sales have been made and the books balanced a cheque will be issued to each patron for the amount of the balance due him.

In speaking of prices realized during last season for Alberta Creamery butter, Mr. Marker said that the arranged price rec'd was 20c lb. netting the patrons 16c, or 10c lb. each month and 6c at the close of the season. The Dept. however does not guarantee any certain price for milk or cream, but agrees to manufacture a fine quality of butter and find the best possible market for it. The butter maker is authorized to reject any milk or cream deliverd which, in his judgment, is not of the proper quality for making first class butter.

Both milk and cream will be received at the creamery during the summer. Those who send milk will receive their share of skimmed milk free of charge for feeding to growing stock. Those who find the distance too long for hauling milk every day, may separate the cream themselves and take it to the creamery twice per week as the butter maker in charge may direct.

For separating the cream at home Mr. Marker recommended the use of individual hand separators, which can be had now on favorable terms from the manufacturers stating that such machines would recover from the milk practically all the butter fat, or at least 10 per cent more than could be obtained by the setting or gravity systems, whether deep or shallow setting.

Each dairyman should put up a supply of ice for cooling purposes during the summer, whether he intended patronizing the creamery or not, any outlay or work required would be fully repaid during the warm weather, it is almost impossible to keep milk or cream properly without ice or at any rate a good supply of cold water. We must use all the facilities within our reach, for producing and preserving milk, cream and butter in the best possible way as we all expect to get the highest price possible for our goods.

In order to put up a supply of ice for the summer's use, it is not absolutely necessary to erect expensive ice houses, any log shack will answer the purpose as long as the ice is packed closely and well insulated by a layer of dry hay, straw or sawdust. The latter is preferable but if it cannot be had conveniently, hay or straw closely packed between the ice, the walls and floor of the ice house will answer the purpose.

In handling milk or cream for the creamery, cleanliness should be strictly observed. And the milk or cream aired, cooled and kept at a low temperature until delivered at the creamery where the butter maker will take it in hand and attend to the rest of the process.

One of our first essentials to success in dairying and any other business in which more than one is interested is co-operation, individual sense of responsibility for the way and manner in which the work is done. The persons of a co-operative establishment reap to the fullest extent the advantages which such institutions offer, therefore they should also realize, each one, his individual responsibily doing his part of the common work faithfully and well. No individual or company can make a success of a creamery without the hearty co-operation of the farmers, so we ask you, who are interested financially, or rather engaged in mixed farming and dairying to assist us in making a great success of the Ætna creamery as we are doing elsewhere in the Territories where the people realize the advantages accruing from co-operation dairying.

After the address a great many questions were asked and answered to the satisfaction of all concerned and judging from the interest displayed by the audience the Ætna creamery will be well patronized during the coming season.

Votes of thanks were passed to the Chairman and Speaker and suitably acknowlged after which the meeting was adjourned.

MAIL VIA MACLEOD.

Petitions were circulated this week here for signatures, praying for mail service between Cardston and Macleod tri-weekly. We are in favour of the movement so long as it does not interfere with the present system between Cardston and Lethbridge; but we will strongly oppose any movement that might lead to the abandonment of the present mail route. All of our immigration comes from the south; most of our mail comes from the south and we want a service which will most directly connect us with the Western States. On the other hand, however, if the P. O. D. case to run two mail services into Cardston, we will most heartily commend the department.

Notice of Dissolution.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership, heretofore subsisting between us a Contractors and Builders, at the Village of Cardston, in the District of Alberta, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be paid to James Evans of Cardston aforesaid, and all claims against the said partnership are to be presented to the said James Evans, by whom the same will be settled.

Dated at Cardston this 10th. day of April, A. D., 1899.

(Sd) W. H. Woolsey.
(Sd) James Evans.

Witness: C. E. Snow.

WEDDING BELLS.

A very pretty wedding took place on Tuesday afternoon at the Layne residence, the contracting parties being Miss Emma Layne and Mr. Henry Smith. President Woolf officiated. There was a large crowd present, and after partaking of a bountiful repast, adjournment was taken, after which all met at the Kearl Hall and enjoyed themselves in the dance.

The happy couple have a hoste of friends who are most sincere in their congratulations.

HOME MISSIONARIES.

The Home missionaries will visit the different wards in April as follows:

Mountain View, April 9th
Leavitt, April 16th.
West Ætna, April 23rd.
Ætna, April 30th.
Elders A. Mercer and O. E. Bates.

Leavitt Ward April 9th.
Ætna April, 16th.
Caldwell, April 23rd.
Cardston, April 30th.
Elders V. Stewart and J. F. Jordon.

Cardston Ward April 9th.
Mountain View April 16th.
Ætna April 23rd.
Caldwell, April 30th.
Elders Frank Leavitt and Jno. Hunt.

Thos. Duce,
Pres. of Home Missionaries.

Mr. Mott, of Mott, Son & Co., lumber dealers of Macleod, was in Cardston on business yesterday.

The town council on Tuesday evening decided to act with Cardston to secure mail service via Macleod rather than by Lethbridge as at present. Cardston and Macleod will find such arrangement to our mutual advantage, and the co-operation of the Board of Trade at its meeting called for to-night would be to the best interests of all concerned.—Gazette.

The good Rev. S. E. Wishard, D. D. etc., etc., of Utah, etc., has written a wild article about the "Mormons" for the Free Press of Winnipeg. The little man jumps about in a really lively manner and reminds us of a "jack" we once owned when a boy. In the entire article Bro. Wishard does not substantiate by proof a single allegation; in short, the irritated gentleman has only produced an article which goes to swell the mammoth pile of such stuff that has preceded it.

THE SPEECH.

His honour, Lieutenant Governor Forget, read the following speech at the opening of the Assembly at Regina on Tuesday, 4th. April.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

In meeting you at the opening of the First Session of the Fourth Legislative Assembly of the Territories, the occasion being also the first time that I have had the opportunity of meeting this Assembly since entering upon the duties of my office, I find much to congratulate you upon in the ever-increasing prosperity of the Territories. After a residence of nearly a quarter of a century in the Territories, I am not unacquainted with earlier conditions of life in this country and am well pleased to note that, even at this comparatively earily period in their political history, the people of the Territories are assured of their future welfare, of which fact there are many evidences to be seen.

There are some matters which have particularly affected the Territories during the short period that has elapsed since the dissolution of the Third Legislative Assembly, which it seems to me but proper to here briefly recall.

On the twenty-sixth day of September last, within three months of his arrival in the Territories, Lieutenat Govenor Cameron died at London in the Province of Ontario. My lamented predecessor fittingly closed a long life, of which a considerable part was actively spent in the service of Canada, in the administration of these Territories, and his unique personality will long remain a warm memory amongst those who knew him. Though the period of his actual residence in the Territories was but brief, he had abundantly shown that his heart and sympathies were with our country and our people.

I am sure that the regret which was generally expressed throughout the Dominion upon the departure of the Earl and Countess of Aberdeen was heartily joined in by you and the people of the Territories. Their many estimable qualities made Their Excellencies deservedly popular in the country at large, and the deep interest they felt in all matters affecting the Territories was continually being made manifest.

I feel confident that you will heartily join in the loyal welcome given to the Earl of Minto, the new Governor General, for His Excellency is not unknown to the Territories; and his acquaintance with the North-West will be valuable to him in the discharge of the duties of his exalted office.

Owing to the unprecedented increase in the work of Departmental administration I found it necessary at the beginning of this year to call to my aid the continuous services of a third Member of the Executive Council, and to make such a distribution of the various offices provided for by law as permitted the duties devolving upon the members of my Government to receive closer and more detailed attention than was previously found to be possible. Much benefit to the public service has resulted from this change.

The Consolidation of the Ordinances of the Territories has been completed since the close of the last Session of the Legislative Assembly, and the printed volumes will shortly be available. This work will prove of advantage to all who are charged with the administration of the law.

The work of organising the country under The Local Improvement Ordinance has been nearly completed. There are now 450 districts ready to commence their work with the opening of spring. The operation of the Ordinance has shown that its provisions cannot be made to apply in certain portions of the country where the settlement is not close or continuous, and a measure will be submitted to you dealing with this phase of the question without violating the principal underlying the Ordinance.

The question of the supply of water for general purposes in certain parts of the Territories is one to which considerable attention has been given by my Government. The work carried on by the Public Works Department during the past season, in seeking to establish the extent of the disabilities in this respect under which those parts of the country labour, has met with gratifying results, and has shown that the difficulty—hitherto deemed almost insurmountable—is one that in nearly every instance can be removed. You will be asked to provide the necessary means for extending this work and prosecuting it with vigour.

The initiatory work of the Department of Agriculture has already been attended with a considerable amount of success. A number of stock owners in various parts of the Territories are availing themselves of the opportunity afforded to improve their herds by the introduction of thoroughbred animals under the supervision of the Department, and arrangements have been completed, under the authority given at the last Session of the Legislative Assembly, for the operation this year of an experimental station near Calgary, at which demonstrations of agricultural possibilities under local conditions will be afforded. Arrangements for the establishment of other similar stations in other parts of the Territories are receiving attention.

The practical test to which the election law of the Territories has recently been subjected, has indicated the directions in which the procedure may be improved: and a measure having that end in view will be brought down at an early date.

The Public Accounts for the sixteen months ending with the close of the calendar year, together with the estimates for the current year, will be laid before you.

Among the measures to be submitted to you are Bills declaring the law of Partnership, to provide facilities for winding-up Joint Stock Companies, for dealing more comprehensively with Noxious Weeds, to settle various matters connected with the organisation of Villages, to establish a more complete system for the Inspection of Stock, as well as a number of minor measures. To these, and to such other matters as may appear to you to be for the public good, I invite your earnest consideration, in full confidence that your deliberations will result in the promotion of the interests and welfare of the Territories.

ANNUAL MEETING.

At the annual meeting of the Village of Cardston, held in the Assembly Rooms at 8 o'clock Monday evening, there was a good attendance.

J. A. Hammer was elected chairman and C. E. Snow, secretary. Appropriations amounting to $635.00 were voted for improvement of streets, overseer's remuneration, etc. James Evans was elected auditor.

Some little stir was occasioned when Section 41 of the Village Ordinance, regarding the running at large of animals, was put before the voters for their consideration. The section reads as follows:

The voters may at any meeting resolve that animals shall not be permitted to run at large in the village or in any part thereof in or during any period of the year.

Whenever the voters have so resolved no horse, mule, jack, cattle, sheep, swine, goat, goose or other poultry shall be permitted in or during such period to run at large in the village or such part thereof and it shall be the duty of the overseer to appoint a pound-keeper whose duty it shall be to keep and maintain a pound in the village for the impounding of estray animals of the description aforesaid. In so far as they are not inconsistent herewith the provisions of The Pound District Ordidance shall apply and be followed and observed in all respects as if such village were a pound district under said Ordinance.

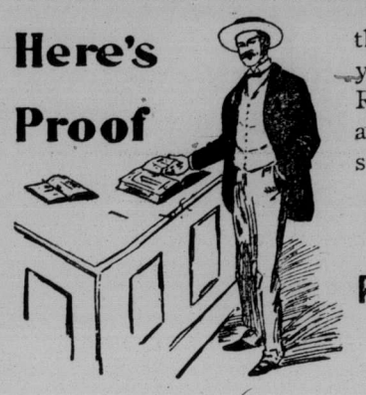
The result of the vote was 8 for and 15 against the passing of the resolution. And so Cardston will continue to be free public stable yard for Cochrane and other cattle which make this village their winter camping-ground.

After the vote, meeting adjourned.

The freight wagons were stuck in the mud at Pot Hole several days last week. Travellers say they never tried to pass over a worse place. Why is not a bridge put in about four miles up the coulee? The cost would be slight in comparison to the benifits which would result from the outlay.

The Customers on our Books are a Proof that

Here's Proof



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SHOREY'S

Ready Tailored

Fully Guaranteed Goods.

All anyone can get out of this life is contentment, **as a proof** that you will be contented with one of our Spring suits, you will find **Shorey's Guarantee Card** in the pocket which says

"Satisfaction or your Money Back."

Does this appeal to you?

For sale by

H. S. Allen & Co.

Headquarters for Dry Goods, Boots & Shoes, Stoves, Furniture, &c.

C. Edgar Snow, Banker,

Cardston, - - - Alberta.

1895 **1899**

A general banking business transacted.

LETHBRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.

Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7:30 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Mondays and Thursdays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $3.00; Round trip, $5.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.

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Great Bargains

For Newspaper Readers

CLUB OFFERS

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News, both one year for .....$3.50.

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Montreal Family Herald and Weekly Star, both for $2.75

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, for.....$2.50

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Toronto Weekly Globe both one year for.....$2.50

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don't borrow it. Support your home paper, and get the news. The Cardston Record gives the local happenings and the news of the world. The subscription price is $2 a year.

Remittances to be sent to the publisher of

THE CARDSTON RECORD

CARDSTON, ALBERTA.

CHANNEL WRECKS.

SOUTHWESTERN GOES ASHORE WHILE DOING RESCUE WORK.

The German Steamer Pontas Also Wrecked by a Collision With the British Steamer Star.

Southampton, April 2.—The London and Southwestern Railway company's steamer Southwestern, which was sent as a searcher for the bodies of the victims of the wreck of the same company's steamer Stella, which sank after running on the Casquet rocks Thursday afternoon, went ashore last night.

The news of the disaster to the Southwestern was received in a dispatch from the signal station at Cape La Hague, on the coast of Normandy, opposite Aurigny Island, in the same district as the Casquet rocks. The message said the Southwestern was ashore in that vicinity with her hull stove in. The crew remained on board.

Dover Eng., April 1.—The German steamer Pontos, from Rosario, about Feb 24 has been sunk in the channel after being in collision with the British steamer Star of New Zealand, which arrived in London, Feb 28, from Wellington N Z. and which was outward bound. The boats of the Star of New Zealand were stove in and she is returning to London. The Pontos had on board a cargo of cattle, 1,000 sheep and a quantity of wool.

It appears that the Star of New Zealand ran into the Pontos during the darkness of early morning, striking her amidships. Twelve seamen who left the German steamer in a boat were picked up exhausted and have been landed here. The captain and nineteen of the crew have been landed at Hastings. A large up-channel steamer has signalled that she has rescued twelve of the crew and six passengers of the Pontos. Thus, all the crew, numbering fifty men, and all the passengers of the sunken steamer have been rescued.

From the Capital.

Ottawa, April 2.—While nothing definite has been done in regard to a commandant for this year's Bisley team, it is as good as settled that Lieut.-Col. McLean, of the 62nd, St. John, N. B., will be appointed to the position. The official announcement of the appointment will not be made until the D. R. A. meeting here Thursday next. Capt. Helmer, of the 43rd battalion will likely be the adjutant.

It is well understood that the government has under consideration the withdrawing of the greater part of the troops from the Yukon. There are 203 officers and men in the contingent. About seventy-five will likely be left at Dawson and the remainder will be recalled.

The department of agriculture will take charge of all food products intended for the universal exhibition at Paris and will make them a part of a grand Dominion exhibit. Several exhibitors who furnish exhibits which are accepted will each have a chance to receive an award on the merits of his production.

The Law Union and Crown Insurance Co. of London, has been licensed to do business in Canada. Incorporation has been granted to Wadsworth Bready, John Love, and Charles Robert Tyron of Winnipeg, elevator owners; James Carruthers and Charles Walter Band, of Toronto, as the Winnipeg Elevator company.

Want the Harbor Deepened.

Montreal April 2.—A memorial signed by representatives of all the ocean steamship companies coming to this port has been forwarded to Ministers Blair and Tarte urging that Fort Colborne, at the head of Welland canal, be included among the harbors to be deepened to twenty feet, thus placing it on a level with Buffalo at the head of the Erie canal and enabling grain to be transferred from 7,500 ton vessels which would pass through fourteen canals to Montreal and Quebec, connecting there with ocean steamers. The memorial says that unless the large lake vessels are given facilities to connect with the largest canal craft at the head of Welland it will be impossible that the full benefits of the recent canal enlargement can accrue to the country or that the St Lawrence route can successfully compete with the Erie route via Buffalo.

Windsor Hotel Disaster.

New York, April 2.—At about 1:30 o'clock this morning the workmen in the ruins discovered the body of a woman, which was almost intact. When the body was partly raised a gold watch and chain was seen to fall from it. On the outside of the watch case was the word "Dora." The maker's name on the watch was "L. F. Dantte, Geneva." The number of the time piece is 7,514. It is believed the body is that of Miss Dora Hoffman, of Baltimore. Shortly after another body, which to all appearances is that of an old woman, was discovered. It is well preserved and is supposed to be that of the woman who lived with Miss Hoffman. The total dead of the Windsor hotel fire now number 43. Of these 32 are unidentified bodies.

San Francisco Fire.

San Francisco, April 2.—The wholesale hardware house of Miller, Sciloss & Scott was almost entirely destroyed by fire last night, the total loss being estimated at about $400,000. The firm occupied a four story and basement brick building at 18-22 Front street, near the market, and carried one of the largest and finest stocks of hardware on the Pacific coast. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Serious Charge.

Cornwall, April 2.—George Hearn, a conveyancer and general insurance and financial agent, of Alexandria, has entered action against the estate of the late Angus McIntosh, of Alexandria. The administrator of the estate, John McCuaig, called at Mr. Hearn's house and wanted him to sign a settlement, and upon his refusing McCuaig, it is alleged, drew a revolver. Hearn grappled with him and got possession of the weapon. McCuaig is said to have turned and drawn another pistol and fired two shots, neither of which took effect. Hearn clinched with him and forced him out of doors. McCuaig was arrested.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Navigation on Lake Ontario has opened.

Socialism is on the increase in Russia.

Half a million dollar fire visited San Francisco.

A great mass of rock fell from the cliff at Niagara Falls.

A longshoremen's strike on the great lakes is imminent.

Trade was bad in Canadian cattle in Glasgow this week.

J. G. Dagg was appointed principal of St. Paul's Indian school.

A large increase in the revenue of Great Britain is reported.

An ice-breaking tug offered to release the Gaspia for $100,000.

The Marechal Launer, a French bark, was wrecked on the English coast.

Germany has proposed a modus vivendi as a solution of the Samoan troubles.

Brandon's bondholders discussed the city's recent action, at a London meeting.

A member of a Winnipeg bank hockey team was seriously injured while at play.

The German's landed an armed force at a Chinese coast town to protect their countrymen.

The Pure Bred Cattle association of Manitoba passed a resolution on disease in cattle.

The Ontario house passed a number of important railway subsidies. The legislature will prorogue to-day.

The Canadian syndicate who were after the Havana street railway have lost their appeal case in the courts.

The Manitoba Football association met at Portage la Prairie and adjourned till May 24th, without electing officers.

A report on the deep sea fisheries of Canada estimates the total value of the trade for the year at $22,783,546.

A party of scientists from the Smithsonian Institute lost their boat and tropical specimens off the California coast.

The campaign in the Philippines will be suspended in the rainy season. Natives will be employed to fight the rebels.

The Samoan difficulties will be solved by a joint high commission of the three governments, with King Oscar of Sweden as umpire.

Prof. Hesse received a verdict of $25,000 for the loss of his foot by a jury. The case was against the St. John, N. B., street railway.

Jas. Murray, the telegraph operator, who through carelessness caused the death of 12 persons, was not convicted of manslaughter.

MANITOBA LEGISLATURE.

Thursday, March 30.

The important event of the session took place on Thursday afternoon, when the delivery of the budget speech took place. The Hon. Mr. McMillan announced a message from the lieutenant-governor, accompanied by the estimates for the current fiscal year. Following a motion referring these to committee of supply, he moved the house into committee and proceeded with his budget speech. He referred to it as his tenth annual statement and congratulated the house and province on the satisfactory nature of the statements of these years. Before dealing with last year's operations, he gave a retrospect over the financial administration for the past ten years. He referred to the previous administration in order to show in what condition the present administration found the finances. He gave his opinion as to what is a successful administration of finances. During the last year of the former government the ordinary expenditure was $483,996.57, made up as follows; Civil government $259,728.62; cash grants $15,250.98, public service $208,467.09. The first year of the present government the expenditure was $511,196.48, as follows: Civil government $139,191.87; cash grants $14,805.99; public service $157,193.62. Thus the cost of civil government was cut in two; cash grants increased over $99,000; public service $48,726.53 more than the previous year. For 1898 the ordinary expenditure was $823,961.66; civil government $176,789.88; cash grants $9,853.52; public service $353,318.23, showing that in ten years the cost of civil government had increased $87,598.01, but was still less than in 1887 by $82,938.74. Cash grants increased $79,047.53 over 1889, and $178,202.54 over 1887. The expenditure for civil government increased $37,598.01 in ten years, which was credited to the doubling of the population. While in other provinces the increase in expenditure for civil government had increased from 12 to 124 per cent, in Manitoba the increase had only been 6 per cent. The cash grants of the ten years handed over for the benefit of the people, he claimed, amounted to $2,389,979.34, more than half being for education. As to resources, he said, "it has given us much concern in endeavoring to make our inelastic revenue meet the ever increasing demands for larger cash grants, larger expenditure for maintenance of public institutions, large public works, more railway facilities." Nevertheless the administration had kept within its revenue. It was hoped that the province would soon be able to derive some benefit from its asset of $15,000,000 worth of school lands. A number of heavy liabilities had been incurred by the former government, which had to be met. He presented figures, claiming to show that the province had been rescued from financial embarrassment and placed on a sound financial basis. The two bond issues were explained. The results of the railway policy were considered a vindication of pledges—1,024 miles had been built. A strong claim was made for the $300,000 school funds. The budget concluded with a glowing tribute to Hon. Thos. Greenway. The speech lasted an hour and forty minutes.

Four petitions were received and a couple of bills received their second reading.

A summary of the estimates is as follows: Legislature $36,495; executive council $17,300; treasury department $35,750; provincial secretary's department, $8,030; grants $79,999.39; attorney-general's department $132,258.45; provincial lands department $7,800; railway commissioner's department $65,100; public works department $201,040; municipal commissioner, $4,500; total $924,272.84; specially authorized $11,703.69; estimated revenue $1,070,137.06.

Sad Accident.

Montreal, April 2.—Mr George H. Mills who is in charge of the western end branch of G. H. Robertson's coal yards here, was instantly killed at the Windsor street station yesterday by the Boston express. Mr. Mills was 38 years of age, and was greatly respected.

Assistance Offered.

Wellington, N.Z. April 2.—Believing that the imperial authorities might need prompt communication with Samoa, the premier, Mr. R. Sidcon, has cabled that the steamer Tutanekai will hold herself in readiness at Auckland to carry dispatches, and has offered to send a battalion of troops and volunteers to assist the British warships. The volunteers, who are encamped at Auckland for the Easter manoeuvres, promptly offered their services.

SAMOAN DIFFICULTY.

TO BE SETTLED THROUGH A JOINT HIGH COMMISSION.

The United States, British and German Governments Practically Approve of the Plan—King Oscar Umpire.

Washington, April 1.—A joint high commission to settle the entire Samoan trouble has been practically agreed upon by the United States, British and German governments. Lord Salisbury's absence from London alone delays the formal acceptance by Great Britain, though in his absence Sir Thomas Sanderson, and Mr Villiers, who are understood to be specially familiar with the Samoan question, have approved the plan for a commission. The United States has informally expressed its approval and the formal acceptance, it is learned from the highest quarter, will follow speedily.

As the proposition emanates with Germany her approval of the course is assured. This high joint commission, it is felt, affords a pacific solution to the whole trouble at the moment when Samoan affairs began to look the most threatening.

Still another important provision under consideration is that King Oscar of Norway and Sweden shall be the umpire in case the three high joint commissioners should fail to reach a determination.

Mass of Rock Falls.

Niagara Falls, N. Y. April 1.—This morning about five o'clock, a great mass of rock, estimated to weigh over 100,000 tons, fell from the cliff on the south side of the Buttery Whirlpool Rapids elevator, and plunged down into the gorge and road, tracks and the buildings at the foot of the elevator shaft.

These buildings had just been repaired owing to the fall of an old elevator shaft a few weeks ago, and this morning they were again wrecked being crushed by the falling mass of rock. A portion of the lower part of the elevator shaft was also torn away.

One large boulder, weighing many tons, rests on the Gorge road trucks, while between it and the cliff there is a mountainous mass of shale torn from the cliff by the huge limestone boulder. At the top of the bluff there is an immense rock gradually breaking away from the cliff and probably will fall before many hours, the seam having opened up about three inches since early morning.

This rock is many feet wide, long and thick and weighs hundreds of tons. When it makes the plunge it will fall on the Gorge road, which is not in operation. The cars of the Buttery elevator are not running.

CONDENSED NEWS.

The Nova Scotia legislature was prorogued.

Mr. Cochrane, M. P., was married in Ottawa.

Mrs. Malone and son, of Montreal, were killed by a C. P. R. express.

The Portage la Prairie fire limits' by-law was quashed by the courts.

Thos. Forster, speaker of the B. C. house, was married in Vancouver.

Foreign military attaches have been sent to the Philippines to observe the fighting.

The results of the Manitou and Winnipeg normal school examinations have been announced.

A U. S. revenue cutter has gone to Siberia to secure reindeer to carry mails in Alaska.

A million bushel elevator will be erected at Montreal in connection with the Intercolonial railway.

Jas. Reed, a 22-year-old colored man, was executed in Kansas City for the murder of Mrs. Blakesley.

J. M. Riley, of Campbellford, Ont., dropped dead while on his way to a Sunday School convention.

D. J. Tallant, has been appointed an immigration inspector in western Canada by the U. S. government.

E. Bates Sopar was hanged at Harrisonville, Mo., for the murder of his wife and two little daughters.

William Waldorf Astor returned to New York, but states he is a resident of Great Britain and a foreigner.

U. S. troops entered Malolos, the seat of the insurgent government. The rebels burned the city and fled north.

Chinese attacked three Germans in the interior of China and many of the former were killed. The Germans escaped.

A Paris dispatch states that a plot has been unearthed in Copenhagen to remove the czar of Russia from his throne.

Ex-Gold Commissioner Fawcett was cleared of the charge of malfeasance of office by Commissioner Ogilvie's investigation.

Chas. Foley was sentenced in Winnipeg to the penitentiary for five years for stealing the contents of trunks left in his charge.

Constables arrested at Elko, B. C., an Italian and his companion, who murdered Terrance Ryan at Cranbrook, B. C., a few days ago.

A deputation of Portage Plains' farmers waited on the local government in regard to railway extension northeast of their town.

Only Canadian and U. S. newspapers will be sold by postmasters if uncalled for; all from other countries go to the dead letter office.

The annual meeting of the C. W. A. was held in Toronto; the election of officers resulted in Rubenstein, president, and Prescott, vice-president.

The pleasure steamer, Stella, of the Channel Isles fleet, went on the rocks and was lost: 102 out of 148 passengers have been accounted for. The crew numbered 42, all of whom were lost.

The Ottawa cabinet was in session all day yesterday. A writ for an election in Brockville was issued and an order in council passed bearing on liquor in bond.

A Big Fire in Frisco.

San Francisco, April 1.—A fire which started to-night in the engine room of the Pacific Folding Paper box factory at 14 and 16 Tremont street spread to the adjoining five story building, occupied by Miller, Sloss and Scott, wholesale warehouse dealers, totally destroying the factory and gutting the hardware warehouse. The printing office of Hicks & Co., at 23 First street, was also damaged by fire and water. The loss will probably amount to half a million dollars. Miller, Sloss and Scott estimate their loss at that amount, but the sum quoted will probably cover all the losses.

WOMAN AGAINST WOMAN

BY MRS. MARY E. HOLMES.

Author of "A Woman's Love," "The Wife's Secret" "Her Fatal Sin," "A Heartless Woman," "A Wife's Peril," "A Desperate Woman," Etc.

CHAPTER III.

"Answer me at once—at once, do you hear! Tell me what took you creeping out of the house at day-break, and why you was home so late last night."

"Let her be, Martha," grumbled Farmer Brown, who was trying to spell through the newspaper, after eating a hearty mid-day meal.

"I shall not let her be," retorted the angry woman. "She shall know who's mistress here, I can tell her. Taking advantage of my being wanted at Mrs. Dixon's farm last night, she must needs go trolloping about till any hour. I don't believe she went nigh the castle. Answer me! What kept you so late, and what took you to the town this morning, sneaking out when we were fast asleep?"

"I cannot tell you, Aunt Martha," the girl answered quietly—not sullenly, but firmly.

"Cannot tell me, indeed, you hussy! Well, we'll see whether I can make you. Do you think me and your uncle have got nothing to do but keep you in shoe leather—a great, idle, good-for-nothing girl that eats us out of house and home?"

Alice was silent, while her uncle stirred uneasily in his chair.

"There, Martha—that'ull do."

"No, it won't. I mean to make her tell me all. Where were you last night and this morning, where is the basket, and what message did Mrs. Grey send?"

"I cannot answer," said Alice, again very quietly.

"Then I'll make you!" cried Mrs. Brown furiously, taking up a farmer's whip that hung on a nail.

"Martha!" exclaimed her husband.

"Let her strike me, uncle," said the girl with flashing eyes. "If she does I will appeal to the Castle for protection."

Something in Alice's look checked the angry woman. She dropped her hand.

"The Castle?" she muttered sullenly. "A fine thing——"

A loud knocking at the door interrupted her words. She stared for an instant, while Alice grew cold and still. She knew the summons was come for her.

Mrs. Brown flung open the door, then courtesied respectfully as she saw before her, on horseback, the chief magistrate of the neighborhood, and three or four policemen.

"Good-morning, Mrs. Brown," said the magistrate, Sir Robert Carlyle. "I wish to ask you a few questions. Sergeant, hand Mrs. Brown the basket. Mrs. Brown, does that belong to you?"

Mrs. Brown took it, and recognized it at once as the one she had filled with eggs the night before.

"Yes, your honor," she said with another courtesy. "It is mine, but," glancing around rather fearfully at the policeman, "may I ask——"

"When did you see that basket last?" enquired Sir Robert.

"Last night, your honor. I packed it with eggs for Mrs. Grey, at the Castle, and gave it to our Alice to carry."

The farmer had risen, and was starting at the proceedings in alarm.

"Where is Alice?" enquired the magistrate next.

"Just behind. Here, Alice, you're wanted. Now, you'll find, miss," in a low whisper to the girl, "what it is to be rude to me; your punishment's come."

Alice took no notice. She moved forward into the doorway.

"What is your name?" asked Sir Robert.

"Margaret Dornton, sir, but I am always called Alice."

"Then, Miss Dornton, please will you answer me this question? Were you carrying that basket through the woods to the Castle last night?"

Alice looked at him straight.

"Yes, sir, I was," she answered.

"Then you must accompany me, please, at once to the Castle; you will be wanted."

Alice tied on her cotton sun-bonnet without another word, while her aunt stared, silent through amazement; at last she found her tongue:

"What has Alice done? Tell me, your honor. Is she going to be punished for——"

"There is an inquest up at the Castle, Mrs. Brown. Captain Rivers was murdered in the woods last night, and Miss Dornton is chief witness against the suspected murderer, Lord Roy Darrell."

"Mercy sakes!" ejaculated Mrs. Brown, as Alice walked quietly down the courtyard into the village fly that was waiting.

The girl sat back in her corner very quiet and silent, as she was bowled along the wide country lane that led by the longest route to the Castle.

She was thinking, wondering if she still dreamt, whether the horrors of the past night, the strange, hurried marriage of the morning, the knowledge that she was no longer a free, lonely maiden, but a wedded wife, were after all but visions that would float away in mist.

She had had a great strain put on her young mind during the last few hours, but she was strong, firm to herself, knowing that she had done all she could, that a man's life had been in her hands, and she had saved him.

She had Darrell's image always before her, careworn, haggard, his handsome face lined with agony; she could still see the look of gratitude that lived in his eyes as they separated this morning in the early sunshine, man and wife.

A strange sense of gladness was creeping into her heart, amid all the horror and fear that had nearly frozen it—a sense of happiness that she was linked to this man, that she had served him well.

The fly drove up to a side-door of the Castle, and Alice, dismounting, was led by the housekeeper to an empty sitting-room off the servant's quarters.

Here she was left without a word, Sir Robert Carlyle had forbidden anyone to speak to her.

The moments passed, and then she was summoned to leave the room.

She walked down many passages, ignorant of all she passed—of the beauty of the walls, of the grandeur of the house, ignorant of all but that the moment had come when she must act.

She was led into a large apartment; as in a dream she saw Roy Darrell standing alone, one hand leaning on a chair, behind him three or four policemen.

At the table was seated Sir Robert Carlyle, one or two other gentlemen; and Miles, the keeper, had evidently just given his evidence.

"Margeret Dornton," said Sir Robert Carlyle, speaking distinctly, "approach. Do not be frightened. Have you ever seen that gentleman before?"

Alice turned her eyes toward the silent form.

"Yes," she said, faintly yet clearly.

"Who is it?"

"Lord Roy Darrell; and—and my husband."

The clear tones rang through the still room like a bell.

The pen dropped from Sir Robert Carlyle's hand; he rose to his feet.

"Your husband!" he repeated blankly. "Lord Roy, is this true?"

Roy met his glance full.

"It is quite true," he said.

"But since when has this marriage taken place?"

"We were married this morning, at Nestley, by the registrar."

"Good Heavens!"

Sir Robert took out his handkerchief and wiped his brow, then he waved the policemen away. The other gentlemen had risen, and were whispering together.

Sir Robert advanced to the young man.

"What made you do this?" he asked, much agitated. "Don't you see you condemn yourself?"

"I did it for my mother's sake," replied Lord Roy. "I was mad last night, I thought only of her misery—her agony, if—if my innocence could not be proved, and——"

"But the disgrace now will be heavier," murmured the other. "Cannot you understand what the world will say?"

"I am innocent—I swear it!" cried Lord Roy. "Oh, what a cruel fate, is mine! Speak!" he cried again; "tell them of that other."

Alice gave him one swift sad look, and then clearly and decisively told of the man's face that had approached her just before she fainted.

She described it minutely, and Sir Robert hurriedly wrote down what she said.

"Thank you," he murmured as she finished. "Now please sign this."

Alice took the pen, hesitated a moment, then wrote her name, "Margaret Darrell".

"And you, my poor friend," went on Sir Robert, touching Lord Roy on the shoulder, "cannot remember this man?"

"I can remember nothing clearly, Captain Rivers and I were arguing (we—we had quarrelled two days ago, when suddenly we seemed to struggle; and yet I have a sense of feeling it was not with him that I struggled; then I must have fainted. I only remember recovering and seeing that poor child standing before me nearly dead with fright.

"Then you cannot recollect striking the blow with this dagger?" asked Sir Robert.

"I can remember nothing. I never saw that dagger before. Where was it found?"

"Away from the body, through the bushes."

"I know nothing of it. If only my brain would clear!"

Sir Robert looked at him sadly.

"Your life is saved," he said gently, "but——"

"But dishonor remains," added Lord Roy bitterly. "Yes, I see. I know now what you mean."

The door opened at this instant, and Lady Darrell appeared leaning on Valerie Ross' arm. Roy's mother looked suddenly wan and worn. Valerie seemed scarce alive.

"Forgive me, gentlemen," began Lady Darrell weakly; "I should not intrude at such a moment, but the suspense was so terrible it would have killed me had I remained another——"

She was interrupted by the sudden entrance of Chelmick, the butler.

"Oh, my lady—sirs—my lord—pardon me!" gasped rather than spoke the old servant. "I have great good news! He has confessed! They are bringing him here!"

"He! Who? Speak, man!" were the hurried cries, while above them all rose the mother's voice:

"Oh, God, I thank thee!"

Alice stood rooted to the spot, while Lord Roy, who had grown deadly white at sight of his mother, and the pale, beautiful face beside her, now grasped the chair he held as in a vice, all thoughts pushed aside but the one that said his burden was about to be lifted from him.

"They found him in Madman's Drift, sir," continued the servant, wild with excitement, trembling all over. "Some men from Dixon's were passing along, and they heard his cries. They are bringing him here straight, my lady. He's almost dead. A thin, dark man."

"Dark!" whispered Alice to herself, but she did not move, and in another moment it seemed the room was filled with a crowd of people, and her eyes rested, as through a mist, on the face that had glared at her so horribly before her senses faded away. Lord Roy gazed at it too, but not for long. He turned involuntarily to look at her. He approached her swiftly.

"Is it the man?" he asked almost inaudibly from emotion.

"Yes, it is he," answered Alice faintly.

Lord Roy covered his face with his hands, while a great cry of thankfulness went up from his heart. He read the joy in his mother's eyes, and he went towards her, clasping her frail hands tenderly, as Sir Robert Carlyle bent over the deathlike form that was carried in on a mattress.

"I must take a statement," he said quickly. "Clear the room of the servants."

The group of people passed away slowly, while Alice stood on alone, grasping a chair, and feeling suddenly weak. Valerie Ross seemed to turn to stone or marble, no touch of life was there in her white set face.

The mother and son stood together. All waited for the first faint words from the pallid lips.

The dying man looked round on their anxious countenances and a smile seemed to hover round his mouth. It died away in a second.

"It would have answered well," he murmured, "but fate was too strong."

Sir Robert listened eagerly.

"You killed Eustace Rivers?" he asked, as the man paused and breathed heavily.

A lurid light beamed in the sunken eyes.

"Yes, I killed Eustace Rivers—I stabbed him to death. My name is Bruce Gardyne. I——"

"Why?" a voice clear and hard rang through the room—"why did you kill him?"

It was Valerine Ross who spoke, but all were listening to the confession, and forgot their surprise that she questioned him.

The man shot a glance at her.

"Another," he whispered; "poor soul! I killed him because I hated him—because he stole my wife. On her broken-hearted dead body—I swore to—be revenged. It came—last night—I have waited so long. Fate seemed to help me—they were quarrelling;" his voice sank.

Sir Robert was writing rapidly; one of the gentlemen lifted up the dying man's head, and moistened his lips with brandy. He struggled and went on.

"In the dark I listened—I stole after them—stabbed him in the back—then flung myself on—the other—and overcame him; I thought—to throw the murder—on him—and dragged the body—to his side. But I was mistaken. That black break in the path—the awful fall—the misery of the night. My revenge was complete—but——"

A gentle tender voice came to his ear.

"Now let revenge be forgotten," murmured Lady Darrell as she knelt beside him. "You have done good. You have given me back my son, restored his honor; turn now to God. Pray that this terrible sin may be pardoned. It is not too late—pray."

A sob broke from his throat, and a whisper went out on the stillness.

All were silent, till he motioned Sir Robert to give him the pen.

With cold, nervous fingers he grasped it, was raised up, and his hand guided; the next instant the cold hue of death settled on his face, there was a momentary struggle, and Bruce Gardyne fell back silent for evermore.

Sir Robert lifted Lady Darrell from her knees.

"Let me conduct you away; this is no place for you, nor for Miss Ross, Come."

Valerie moved out of the room alone, still as silent and set as a statue. She seemed to walk mechanically.

Lady Darrell was about to follow her, when her eyes fell on Alice.

"And this poor girl is the one who saw it all—was the chief witness. How terribly she must have suffered," she murmured, grasping Roy's hand, and approaching Alice, while the servants lifted the dead man and carried him away.

Alice felt a sudden pang and a sense of pain steal over her. She had given all she could to help Roy Darrell, and yet it had availed nothing. And now—

"We must look after you, my child," said Lady Darrell gently, touched by the youthful pale face framed with its masses of dead-gold hair. "Mrs. Grey must give you some refreshment. You are tired, too, and want rest.

Roy had grown deathly white; he realised now for the first time what he had done. He was tied for ever to this village girl, while he had sundered himself for ever from the woman he loved, Valerie Ross. Then the memory of what this girl had done for him came back.

"Mother," he said slowly, almost painfully, "we must do more for this child. You have yet to learn what she has done when all was blackest. When my innocence could never have been cleared as we thought, when Heaven itself seemed to have deserted me, she consented to say my life. Her words must have condemned me. Mother, take her hand—this is henceforth your daughter, and my wife, Margaret Darrell."

To be continued.

Speed of Birds.

Audubon, the naturalist, once shot in Louisiana some pigeons in whose crops he found rice of a kind which couldn't have been eaten nearer than South Carolina, 350 miles away. From the state of digestion of the rice he concluded that it had been eaten six hours earlier. Hence he figured out a speed of a mile a minute for the whole distance, though manifestly such computations cannot be very reliable. He placed the speed of wild ducks at 45 miles an hour.

In general it is not proved that any bird ever flew more than 100 miles an hour, though it may be true. The swifter birds can certainly do from 60 to 90 miles, perhaps more, and almost any bird 40 to 50 miles an hour. A frequent source of error in estimating bird flight is the fact that at an even rate of speed a small bird seems to be going much faster than a big one.

The carrier pigeon, the frigate bird, the falcon and the eagle are the champions among big birds. The swallow is not particularly fast, but seems swift because he is so little.

An Ancient Egyptian.

The ancient Egyptian beat his breast and loudly lamented his poverty, for he had a call to write poetry.

"A person can't be literary these days," the unhappy man exclaimed. "unless he has the rocks!"

While he had direct reference, doubtless, to the custom then prevailing of writing upon tablets of stone we are nevertheless permitted to conjecture that here was the beginning of the metaphoric conception that rocks and money are one.—Detroit Journal.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

Where Coleridge Was Wanting.

Coleridge has a lamentable want of voluntary power. If he is excited by a remark in company he will pour forth in an evening, without apparent effort, what would furnish matter for a hundred essays. But the moment that he is to write not from present impulse but from preordained deliberation his powers fail him, and I believe that there are times when he could not pen the commonest notes. He is one of those minds who, except in inspired moods, can do nothing, and his inspirations are all oral and not scriptural. And when he is inspired he surpasses, in my opinion, all that could be thought or imagined of a human being.—"Charles Lamb and the Lloyds," by E. V. Lucas.

DIFFERENCES OF OPINION regarding the popular internal and external remedy, DR. THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL—do not, so far as known, exist. The testimony is positive and concurrent that the article relieves physical pain, cures lameness, checks a cough, is an excellent remedy for pains and rheumatic complaints, and it has no nauseating or other unpleasant effect when taken internally.

Hard Work.

Boys, do not shun hard work. Go at it, rejoice in it. It is a blessing to you. And understand us. By real hard work we do not mean study, or sticking closely to keeping books, keeping store or teaching school, or any of the professional pursuits. These are all honorable and when followed closely exhaust the nervous energy and make men tired too. But by hard work we mean work that requires a great deal of muscular force, such as chopping, rolling logs, quarrying rock, doing carpenter work, laying brick, carrying the hod, and working in the forges, furnaces, rolling mills, mines and car shops. This kind of work develops muscular strength, the power of physical endurance, grit, courage and good health.

Said an old man, now up in the eighties, to me a year ago, "When I was fifteen years old I was a weak, spindly kind of a boy, and went into a blacksmith shop, learned the trade, worked at it eighteen years, and forged out a constitution worth a million dollars." He has ever since been a healthy, vigorous man, and old as he is, still walks the streets, pert, cheerful and straight as an Indian's arrow.

Hard work is good medicine for boys, and especially for young men.

We beg to call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills in this paper. The firm have also placed on the market Dr. Ward's Liver Pills, which have already proved to be a most excellent family medicine as a cure for constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, etc. They are sold at 25c per vial, or 5 for $1, or mailed on receipt of price by the Dr. Ward Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

A Suicide Machine.

Had the gentle art of advertising flourished in India during the early sixties, the dead walls and fences of that country would have undoubtedly borne the legend: "Decapitation made easy; or, every man his own headsman," for it is said that a machine existed then, constructed solely for the use of would-be suicides, whereby they could cut off their own heads. It was in the shape of a half moon, with a sharp edge, and was fastened at the back of the neck, chains being attached to the ends. The man who donned this instrument of death put his feet in the chains, gave a sharp jerk downward, and thus severed his head from his body.

There never was, and never will be, a universal panacea, in one remedy, for all ills to which flesh is heir—the very nature of many curatives being such that were the germs of other and differently seated diseases rooted in the system of the patient—what would relieve one ill in turn would aggravate the other. We have, however, in Quinine Wine, when obtainable in a sound unadulterated state, a remedy for many and grievous ills. By its gradual and judicious use the frailest systems are led into convalescence and strength by the influence which Quinine exerts on Nature's own restoratives. It relieves the drooping spirits of those with whom a chronic state of morbid despondency and lack of interest in life is a disease, and, by tranquilizing the nerves, disposes to sound and refreshing sleep—imparts vigor to the action of the blood, which, being stimulated, courses throughout the veins, strengthening the healthy animal functions of the system, thereby making activity a necessary result, strengthening the frame, and giving life to the digestive organs, which naturally demand increased substance—result, improved appetite. Northrop & Lyman, of Toronto, have given to the public their superior Quinine Wine at the usual rate, and, gauged by the opinion of scientists, this wine approaches nearest perfection of any in the market. All druggists sell it.

Modern Warfare.

Yeast—I see by this paper that American pies are being sold in Cavite.

Crimsonbeak—Well, that's a good move. Those old fashioned rifles are altogether too slow and uncertain in their work of destruction.—Yonkers Statesman.

At Last!

A Remedy has been Discovered that will Permanently Cure Catarrh.

JAPANESE CATARRH CURE CURES.

This is not merely the words of the makers of this remedy, but the assertion is backed up by leading physicians and the honorable testimonies of hundreds of cured ones. And more, there is an absolute guarantee to cure in every package or money will be refunded. We will also send a two weeks' trial quantity free to any person suffering from this dangerous disease. Japanese Catarrh Cure is a new discovery, being a prescription perfected by one of America's most successful specialists in treating this disease. It is a soothing, penetrating and healing pomade, prepared from stainless compounds of Iodine and Essential oils, to be inserted up the nostrils. The heat of the body melts it, and the very act of breathing carries it to the diseased parts. It reaches, soothes and heals every part of the mucous membrane, curing invariably all forms of catarrh of the nose and throat, and all forms of catarrhal deafness. Mr. Joseph Little, the well known mill owner of Port Essington, B. C., writes: "Japanese Catarrh Cure completely cured me of catarrh, which had troubled me for 25 years, during which time I had spent over $1,000 on remedies and specialists in Toronto and San Francisco. About two years ago I procured six boxes of Japanese Catarrh Cure, and since completing this treatment have not felt the slightest symptoms of my former trouble. I can highly recommend it. Relief came from the first application. We always keep a supply in the mill for cuts and burns, and consider it superior to any other remedy for healing."

Sold by all druggists. 50 cents. Sample free. Enclose 5 cent stamp. Address, The Griffiths & Macpherson Co., 121 Church Street, Toronto.

Silk From Spider Webs.

In spite of the fact that the manufacturers of Great Britain have for years offered $10,000 to anyone who could devise a means of using spiders' webs for weaving silk, no one could solve the difficulty till M. Cachot, a Frenchman, stepped into the arena. He has discovered the process by which a silk finer and softer than any we have dreamed of may be made from the web of the common spider. He designed a machine with diminutive bobbins kept constantly revolving. The end of the web is caught when a spider begins to weave and attached to the bobbin. As the spider pulls to get away the web is wound on the bobbin. Then the spider is petted and fed until it is ready to weave another web. M. Cachot has advertised for spiders and says he will buy all supplied. Naturally, women will be hard to find who will work in his factory.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.

The Same Old Sorrow.

"What's the matter with Aguinaldo?" inquired one of the servants. "Has something gone wrong with the government?"

"S-s-h!" said the other. "Don't disturb him. It's worse than that. The rivet of his gold collar has rolled under the dressing case, and he's looking for it."—Washington Star.

Intelligent Opinion.

The Professor—That's a ringing poem Kipling has just written, isn't it? It goes straight to the mark, like a rifle shot. Have you seen it?

Cholly—Yes, I've read it. It's great. By the way—aw—what does he mean by the "white man's burden?"—Chicago Tribune.

INCALCULABLE GOOD,

AN EXPRESSION OF FAITH.

Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills have done me an incalculable amount of good. I think they are the best, surest and quickest acting cure for nervousness, unhealthy action of the heart, insomnia or sleeplessness, anemia or impoverished blood, loss of appetite, general debility and ill-health. For nine years, before I commenced taking Dr. Ward's Blood and nerve Pills, my heart was weak and in an unhealthy state. Its action was so much impaired that I could not walk across the street without suffering great distress, my heart fluttering and beating so rapidly that I could scarcely breathe, causing faintness, loss of strength, and leaving my nerves all unstrung. My sleep was very much disturbed, I had no appetite and there was little strength or vitality in my blood; I was always excessively nervous.

I have now taken three boxes of Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills and since taking them I have not been away from my business an hour. Before taking these pills it was a frequent occurrence for me to be away from business. As a result of taking Dr. Ward's Pills my heart is perfectly healthy and strong and gives me no distress or trouble whatever. They removed all nerve trouble, made my nerves strong and gave me healthy sleep. These pills also made my blood rich and strong and gave me a healthy appetite. Dr. Ward's Pills have given me perfect health, restoring my lost strength, in place of continual ill-health, weakness, heart trouble and nervousness. In justice I cannot speak too highly of this wonderful medicine. Signed, Miss N. Millward, Walton St., Port Hope, Ont.

Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills are sold at 50c. per box, 5 boxes for $2.00 at druggists, or mailed on receipt of price by THE DOCTOR WARD CO. Limited, 71 Victoria Street, Toronto. Book of information free.

Royal Crown Soap

Grand Weekly Free Sewing Machine Competition

3 New Williams, No. 6

Drop Head, Sewing Machines,

Value $65, Each

Given away weekly for Royal Crown Wrappers and Coupons, viz:

WINNIPEG, 1 each week.
MANITOBA, outside of Winnipeg, 1 each week.
N. W. T. and ONTARIO, east to Schrieber, 1 each week.

Ask your Grocer for a Coupon with ROYAL CROWN SOAP. Full instructions on each Coupon.

First Drawing Monday, January 16, and each week thereafter until further notice.

Large List of Books and Beautiful Pictures still given away for ROYAL CROWN SOAP WRAPPERS to those who do not compete for the Sewing Machines. List mailed free on application.

THE ROYAL SOAP CO., Winnipeg.

'Ark, the 'Erald Angels Sing."

Two turns brought me from the crowded highway along which cab and omnibus were speeding toward London's center of attraction to the quiet street in which fire and food awaited me. As I made the second turn I saw, through the murk of a mid-December evening, three figures pressed close against the area railings—surely my own area railings. And through the murk came in a treble bawl the sound of "Peace on earth, good 'ill ter men."

The area door opened with a clatter.

"Now, then, be off with yer! I'd smack yer 'eds if I could get near yer. Makin that noise! Now, then!"

"Garn! Want yer airy window broke?" said the biggest of the trio, pulling himself up by the railings and resting his chin between the spikes.

As I entered at the gate they scurried away in fear and trembling, and cook, distracted, slammed the area door. A minute later a want of discord came down the street:

"'Ark, the 'erald angels sing."

—Academy.

GREAT THINGS FROM LITTLE CAUSES GROW.—It takes very little to derange the stomach. The cause may be slight, a cold, something eaten or drunk, anxiety, worry, or some other simple cause. But if precautions be not taken, this simple cause may have most serious consequences. Many a chronically debilitated constitution today owes its destruction to simple causes not dealt with in time. Keep the digestive apparatus in healthy condition and all will be well. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are better than any other for the purpose.

Two Discouraging Letters.

Hoax—How are you getting along in your wooing of Miss Goldrox?

Joax—Well, she wrote me two letters today.

"You don't say so!"

"Yes, they were 'n' and 'o.'"—Philadelphia Record.

Severe colds are easily cured by the use of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, a medicine of extraordinary penetrating and healing properties. It is acknowledged by those who have used it as being the best medicine sold for coughs, colds, and all affections of the throat and chest. Its agreeableness to the taste makes it a favorite with ladies and children.

A New Commodity.

"John has 5 oranges, James gave him 11, and he gives Peter 7; how many has he left?"

Before this problem the class recoiled.

"Please, sir," said a young lad, "we always does our sums in apples."—London Tit-Bits.

Gentlemen,—While driving down a very steep hill last August my horse stumbled and fell, cutting himself fearfully about the head and body. I used MINARD'S LINIMENT freely on him and in a few days he was as well as ever. J. B. A. BEAUCHEMIN.

Sherbrooke.

Explained.

Gunner (to his next neighbor, referring to sportsman with a squint, who never misses)—Can't make out how Harris ever manages to hit anything; he squints so dreadfully.

Friend—Oh, he fires both barrels at once. So the bird comes in for a cross fire.—Punch.

A PLEASANT MEDICINE.—There are some pills which have no other purpose evidently than to beget painful internal disturbances in the patient, adding to his troubles and perplexities rather than diminishing them. One might as well swallow some corrosive material. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills have not this disagreeable and injurious property. They are easy to take, are not unpleasant to the taste, and their action is mild and soothing. A trial of them will prove this. They offer peace to the dyspeptic.

Ask for Minard's Liniment and take no other

Scotty Collapses.

In a certain regiment, an Irishman and a Scotchman being in company, their conversation turned to feats of strength. Says Scotty to Pat: "Scotland can boast of the strongest man in the world." "How's that?" said Pat. "Well, says Scotty, "we have a man in Scotland that can put his arms around the biggest tree and pull it up by the roots." "Pshaw!" said Pat, "that's nothing. In Ould Ireland we have a man that can get into a boat and pull up the river." (Collapse of Scotty.)

GRIPPE'S LEGACY.

Shattered Nerves and Weakened Heart--A St. John Lady Tells About It.

Mrs. John Quigley, who resides at 30 Sheriff St., St. John, N.B., states: "Some time ago I was attacked by a severe cold, which ended up in a bad attack of La Grippe. Since that time I have never regained my health, being weak, nervous and run down.

"I suffered very much from Indigestion, accumulation of gas in the stomach, and was in almost constant distress. I doctored with some of the best physicians in this city; but got no relief until I began using Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and am pleased to say that they have completely cured me.

"My appetite is restored; my nervous system has been toned up to its old-time condition, and I have no more trouble from the Indigestion and can eat anything I choose.

"I am only too glad too testify to the merits of such a marvellous remedy as Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills for the cure of nervousness, heart trouble, Indigestion, etc. Price 50c. a box, all druggists.

Take B.B.B. This Spring.

'Twill purify the system—Give you strength and energy.

Very few people escape the enervating influence of spring weather.

There is a dullness, drowsiness and inaptitude for work on account of the whole system being clogged up with impurities accumulated during the winter months.

The liver is sluggish, the bowels inclined to be constipated, the blood impure, and the entire organism is in need of a thorough cleansing.

Of all "Spring Medicines," Burdock Blood Bitters is the best.

It stimulates the sluggish liver to activity, improves the appetite, acts on the bowels and kidneys, purifies and enriches the blood, removes all poisonous products, and imparts new life and vigor to those who are weak and debilitated.

7 Big Boils. Mr. Wm. J. Hepburn writes from Centralia, Ont.: "I can sincerely say that Burdock Blood Bitters is the best spring medicine on the market. Last spring my blood got out of order, and I had seven or eight good sized boils come out on my body, and the one on my leg was much larger than an egg. I got a bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters, and inside of six days, when only half the bottle was taken, there wasn't a boil to be seen. I have recommended B.B.B. to different people in our village, and all derived benefit from it. I wish B.B.B. every success, as it is indeed a great medicine for the blood."

B.B.B. is a highly concentrated vegetable compound—teaspoonful doses—add water yourself.

The Bridge of Lions.

The largest bridge in existence is not, as one would imagine, the work of some famous English or French engineer. This bridge, comparatively little known, was constructed long ago, in China, in the reign of the Emperor Keing Long.

It is situated near to Sangang and the Yellow sea, and measures not less than eight miles and a half.

The Bridge of Lions, as it is called, is supported by 300 immense arches and its foundation is 21 meters under water. On each pile of this wonderful bridge is a marble statue of a lion, three times larger than life size. The coup d'œil of these 300 enormous lions, each one supporting an arch, is stupendous in its magnificance.

HOW TO GET STRONG.

Nature Should Be Assisted to Throw off the Poisons That Accumulate in the System During the Winter Months.

Thousands of people not really ill require a tonic at this season. Close confinement in badly ventilated houses, shops and school-rooms during the winter months makes people feel depressed, languid and "out of sorts."

Nature must be assisted in throwing off the poison that has accumulated in the system during these months, else people fall an easy prey to disease. A tonic is needed and Dr. William's Pink Pills for Pale People is the greatest tonic medicine in the world. These pills make rich, red blood; strengthen tired nerves, and make dull, listless men, women and children feel bright, active and strong.

Mr. John Siddons, London, Ont., says: "I can speak most favorably of the virtue of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They prove invaluable in strengthening and toning up the system when debilitated. Having used them for some time past, I can speak most favorably of their beneficial results. As an invigorator of the constitution they are all they claim to be."

But you must get the genuine Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Imitations never cured anyone, and there are numerous pink colored imitations against which the public is cautioned. The genuine are sold only in boxes, the wrapper around which bears the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." If your dealer does not keep them send to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and they will be mailed post paid at 50c a box or six boxes for $2.50.

The winners of the sewing machines in the Royal Crown Soap Co.'s competition for the week ending March 25th are as follows: Winnipeg, Miss Stewart, 166 James st.; Manitoba, Alphonse Toupin, Ste. Agathe; Northwest Territories, Mrs. C. W. Hamilton, Prince Albert (P. O. Box 45). The Royal Crown Soap Co. will continue this competition, giving away three machines each Monday until further notice.

Minard's Liniment the Lumberman's Friend.

The Other End.

Barney (on the floor above, angrily)—Begorra, Mike, I wish you wuddent call me the whole lingth of the room ag'in to ax sich a question.

"Ting-a-ling-a-ling."

Mike (who comes from the other end of the room again to answer the call)—Hello!

Barney—Where are yez at, Mike?

Mike—I'm at the other ind of the room, Barney.

Barney—When yez comes this way ag'in, Mike, I have something I want to say to yez.—Boston Transcript.

Don't drop insulting remarks. A bigger man may pick them up.

Important to Cyclists and Lacrosse Boys.

Mr. Mack White, the well-known trainer of the Toronto Lacrosse Club and Osgoods Hall Football Club, writes: I consider Griffith's Menthol Liniment unequalled for athletes or those training. I have used it with the best success, and can heartily recommend it for stiffness, soreness, sprains and all forms of swelling and inflammation. All druggists, 25cts.

Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians.

"When buying, why not get the best?"

Stephens' PAINTS

PURE READY MIXED

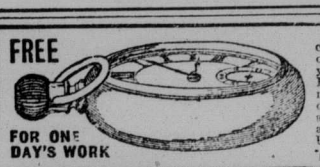
Made With MANITOBA LINSEED OIL.

For Inside and Outside House Painting, Floors, Walls, Ceilings, Roofs.

Sample cards showing sixty Artistic Shades of PAINTS, STAINS and ENAMELS, to be had from "UP-TO-DATE" Hardware dealers between the Great Lakes and Pacific Ocean.

Manufactured by G. F. STEPHENS & CO., WINNIPEG.

FREE



FOR ONE DAY'S WORK

You can earn this valuable WATCH, with a chain and charm, by selling twenty Topaz Scarf Pins at 15 cents each, or a lady's Watch and Guard by selling twenty-four. Send your address, and we forward the Pins, postpaid, with our Premium List. *No Money Required.* These Pins will almost sell themselves, for the Topaz has all the brilliancy of the best diamonds, and has never before been offered at anything like this price. Our watches are very neat in appearance, thoroughly well made and fully guaranteed. Unsold Pins may be returned. *Mention this paper.*

THE GEM PIN CO., TORONTO, CAN.

REPUBLIC MINING STOCKS.

I invite the intending purchaser to write for "*Republic Mining Camp*" a copy of my recent publication, entitled

This is a little effort of mine dealing with one of the richest gold-producing areas in the world. I am exceptionally well informed as to progress of events at Republic, and I can post any enquirer and advise any intending purchaser. At present I can recommend Lone Pine, Butte and Boston, Princess Maud, Reindeer and Jumbo.

E. GARTLY PARKER, Mining Broker, 12 Adelaide St. E., Toronto.

BABY'S OWN SOAP

I Must have the genuine, The imitations look very nice, but they hurt my delicate SKIN.

THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO'Y.

NATIONAL

POWDERED PHOSPHATE

THE BEST FERTILIZER KNOWN

RESUSCITATES worn out Lands, IMPROVES Good Lands and makes the Best Lands BETTER. IMPROVES the QUALITY of the Crop and Increases the QUANTITY.

AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY DISTRICT IN CANADA.

NATIONAL FARMERS' CO'Y, TORONTO, ONT.

It is Chase & Sanborn's Seal Brand Coffee, reason enough why it is popular.

JUBILEE BRAND BUILDING PAPER.

Plain and Tarred.

It costs a little more than some others, but as it is the toughest and warmest, it is the cheapest. It is the best in the world. Compare it with others before buying. Write for free samples.

MERRICK, ANDERSON & CO., WINNIPEG

Something Learned.

"As regards pride going before a fall," observed Uncle Allen Sparks, who had made a brave attempt to leap across a ditch and had landed in the middle of it, "I find it sometimes goes before a spring too."—Chicago Tribune.

Shattered Ideals.

Oh, Hooley, Terence Hooley,
Will we never hear the last
Of the methods so unruly
You adopted in the past?
Used to designate "our betters"
Which so frequently we see
Used to designate "our letters"
You have made additions free.

Oh, Hooley, Terence Hooley,
You aroused both grief and ire
Carelessly and I-O-U-ly!
Faith is but a punctured tire,
When we see a proud name wearing
Its "K. G." or "K. C. B.,"
Now we look with eyes despairing
Likewise for its "C. O. D."

—Washington Star.

10c 25c 40c

If ure **prowed** u'll pa 40c.
If ure **meen** u'll pa 10c.
If ure **sencibul** u'll pa 25c.
for a lb. package of

White Star Baking Powder

Because it's PURE and of the BEST QUALITY.

THE DYSON-GIBSON CO.

HIGH GRADE PLOWS, SEEDING MACHINES
Carriages, Wagons, Harrows, Windmills, &c
COCKSHUTT PLOW CO., Winnipeg.

W. N. U. 214

W. R. ALLAN

General Insurance Agent

FIRE Companies Represented:
Quebec Fire Assurance Co.
Royal Insurance Co.
Sun Insurance Office
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☞All classes of Insurance transacted, and losses promptly and satisfactorily settled.

VICTOR SAFES

Can you afford to be without a Safe when you can get one from $15.00 up.

WILSON'S COMPUTING SCALES,

ALSO

BAKERS' AND BUTCHERS' SUPPLIES.

WATT & ALBERT,
General Agents,
P. O. Box 589. Winnipeg, Man.

FREE.

We give this fine Watch with a chain and charm for selling 2 dozen packets of our exquisite Perfume at 10 cents each, or a lady's Watch and guard for selling 3 dozen. *No Money Required.* You run no risk. Write and we will send the Perfume postpaid and our Premium List. Sell the Perfume, return the money, and your Watch will be forwarded at once, all charges paid. Unsold Perfume may be returned. Hundreds have already obtained valuable Watches selling our goods, why not you? Mention this paper when writing.

The Home Specialty Co.
TORONTO, ONT.

CARDSTON RECORD.

—:o:—

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Friday at Cardston.

Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance. Advertising Rates on application.

In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisements they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisements will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

Copy for change of advertisments MUST not be in later than Monday noon.

ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Managing Editor,
CARDSTON, N. W. T.,
DRAWER 72. CANADA.

Cardston, April 14, 1899.

RANCH FOR SALE. 160 acres; good house; good water; 20 acres broke. Will sell cheap for cash. Apply to C. E. Snow.

Following is a list of the publications for sale at the RECORD OFFICE:

Puck
Judge
Strand
Argosy
Quaker
Nickell
Tit Bits
Success
Puritan
Squibbs
Vanity Fair
N. Y. World
Wide World
Metropolitan
Cosmopolitan
Munsey Maga.
New Illustrated
McClures Maga.
Canadian Maga.
Broadway Maga.
Review of Reviews (Eng)
Review of Reviews (Am.)
Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly.

WHAT CARDSTON NEEDS.

A lime kiln.
A railroad.
Shoe shop.
A drug store.
A tailor shop.
A brick kiln.
Graded streets.
A lumber yard.
A roller flour mill.
An amusement hall.
An immigration building.
Tri-weekly mail service.
Commodious School house.
Board of trade, or chamber of Commerce.
Ten thousand more good citizens added to the thousand already here.

WHAT IT DOES.

The Graphophone is the talking machine up to-date. In it appear the latest improvements that inventive skill has devised to secure accurate records of sound and to reproduce them faithfully. The Graphophone is remarkable for its simplicity of construction and operation, and for its clear and distinct reproductions.

One of these wonderful machines is for sale at The Record Office. Call and see it if you intend buying.

THEATRE.

On Friday and Saturday evenings, April 21st. and 22nd. the Cardston Dramatic Association will present the thrilling three act drama by Baker, entitled "Nevada; or The Lost Mine."

All of the parties having parts are well known local actors, and no doubt the play will prove a signal success.

CAST OF CHARACTERS.

Nevada, the Wanderer	W. H. Steed
Vermont, an Old Miner,	Alex. Campbell
Tom Carew } Young Miners,	Nath Tanner
Dandy Dick }	S. H. Bolderson
Lilas Steele, Missionary of Health,	N. H. Wardle
Jerden, a Dectective,	Robt. Ibey
Jule, a Black Miner,	O. E. Bates
Win-Kye, a Chinaman,	Wm. Sheffield
Mother Weston,	Mrs. Merriett
Agnes Fairlee,	Mrs. Nellie Leavitt
Moselle, a Waif,	Susie Wood

The performance will be given for the benifit of the missionaries.

Doors open at 7.30. Curtain at 8.30.

The subject for next Sunday evening at the Presbyterian Church is "Revelation and Inspiration." Services 7.30 P. M.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Fine weather.

Now for village taxes.

C. McCarty went down to Lethbridge, Monday.

Corp. Edwards is now stationed at Cardston.

W. R. Clarke was in town on Saturday.

The ice went out of Lee's Creek on Friday.

The weather was spring-like all of last week.

John Good of Mt. View was in town on Monday.

This year the Queen's birthday comes on Wednesday.

A nice light buggy came in town last week for Dr. Brant.

Divorces are scarcely ever known to occur in modern Greece.

Thos. Gregson of Ætna was a visitor to Cardston, Tuesday.

Victor Frank and John Sloan were in Cardston on Monday.

On Monday Const. T. Dowler came in from Boundary Creek.

The warm wind on Sunday did much toward drying-up the streets.

Will there not be a change in the departure and arrival of mail?

"Popular Sciene" says that the wealth of Canada is $4,180,000,000.

N. W. Macleod, of Salt Lake City, arrived in Cardston on Thursday.

C. E. Snow purchased two town lots from Prest. J. A. Woolf this week.

A carload of wheel scrapers, etc., arrived this week for the Cardston Co., Ltd.

A thirteen pound baby girl arrived at the home of W. S. Needham Friday last.

There is some talk of bonding the district and buying or building a school house.

J. P. Low, Manager Cardston Co., Ltd., went into Macleod on business, Tuesday.

W. M. Wolsey and family have moved into their residence, which was just completed.

A prospective settler had the misfortune to drown one of his horses in Pot Hole last week.

Bishop Neils Hansen will erect a residence on the new Ætna townsite, and work will be begun at once.

The people of Lethbridge showed their confidence in irrigation by voting $30,000 bonds for the scheme.

Is there corruption in our present administration? If so, then what the people want is publicity, publicity, publicity!

The high water of the past week took away the foot bridge which spanned Lee's Creek just east of J. P. Low's place.

The freight teams pulled into Cardston Monday afternoon, three days over due on account of having been delayed at Pot Hole.

H. S. Allen and Co. are having the front of their store covered with a new coat of paint, which greatly improves its appearance.

Yesterday, Mrs. Zina Y. Card, Mrs. Attena Williams, Mrs. Rhoda Duce and Mrs. C. E. Snow went over to Aetna to attend a meeting of the Y. L. M. I. A.

A local in our previous number said that salt was sold in Cardston for 15c per pound. The one should not have appeared in print, and then it would have read "5cts per pound."

The gentleman who was summoned before a J. P. for disobeying the quarantine law, was mulcted $5.00 and costs. It is to be hoped that this will prove a lesson to others. If we have laws, then they should be enforced.

Is the Liberal party working toward the weakening of the British tie? If so, we want none of it. Great Britain has always shown a marked friendship for Canada and everything Canadian, and we say: Strengthen the British tie!

The following ladies and gentlemen came in from Utah this week: N. W. Macleod; Geo. Triplet and wife; Ed. Hannon and wife; J. S. Cahoon; John and James Elliot: Geo. Romeril; W. W. Maude; Alex. Murphy; Andrew and Wm Rhinearson.

It is reported that 4000 Mormons are heading Albertawards, having left the State of Utah for good some time ago. It is supposed they will locate in the vicinity of Cardston.—The Advance. 400 would strike nearer the mark, to think.

COAL, COAL, COAL!

Clarke Mine, - - - - - - Belly River.

$2.25 per ton at the Mine.

Delivered in Cardston for $5.00 per ton.

Orders may be left at Co-op or Allen store.

Arthur Laycock of Mt. View was in town yesterday.

Ætna's merchant, Hyrum Hansen, was in town this morning.

Under Mr. Marker's supervision work on the St. Mary's bridge is progressing satisfactorily.

Now that $450.00 is to be expended for road improvements, the street north of the flour mill should be graded and put in shape for travel.

Mr Mercer had a hard time getting through from Lethbridge last Friday. He was two hour's late on account of the very bad condition of the roads.

The Cardston Dramatic Ass'n. have posponed their play for one week as some of the company were obliged to be out of town tonight and tomorrow night. They will perform one week from tonight. 21st. and 22nd. inst.

In the April Cosmopolitan the opening chapters of Count Tolstoy's new novel, "The Awakening" are published. "At Ninety Miles an Hour" is the title of an interesting article on railroading in McClure's for April.

Mott, Son & Co., the largest dealers in lumber, doors, sash, shingles, etc., in Macleod, have an advt. in today's Record. Six teams left here this morning for lumber, which they will purchase from this enterprising firm.

Lee's Creek over-flowed its banks on Sunday night. The high water was the result of a warm wind which had been blowing all day. Jim Layton's home was surrounded by a foot of water and other houses along the south of the creek had their foundations lapped by the waves. Little or no damage was done.

Last week Wm. Wood purchased ten acres of good land from Eph. Harker. Mr. Wood will use the ground as a stock yard. During the coming summer many cattle will "pass in their checks" on those ten acres, as Mr. Wood will do all his killing there, and the beef will be distributed to the canal contractors from the stock yard.

At the Hotel de Woolf:

Joseph Marks, Missouri;
F. J. Banahauer, Missouri;
Henry Smith, Ogden;
Carl Lee, Ætna;
Mr. Hewitt, Mountain View;
Mr. Clark and wife, Mountain View;
Orson Kimball, St. Mary's;
Mr. Potter; St. Mary's;
Jeff Willcox, Aetna;
Victor Frank, St. Mary's
John Sloan, St. Mary.s;
Mr. Romeril, Utah;
Mr. White, Winnipeg;
John Dunn, St. Mary's;
Hyruman Taylor, Sheep Ranch;
Mr. Neas, Mountain View;
Mr. Fullerton, Winnipeg;

If you have a friend or relative visiting you, says an exchange or know of any news item that would be of interest to the average newspaper reader, just keep the item or items from the editor and when the paper comes out look eagerly for the very news you neglected to mention to the editor or send to the office and failing to find the items you wanted to see in print, throw down the paper, abuse the editor, tell your neighbors that he is indolent and prejudiced and that there is no news in the paper this week. This is the proper way to make your local paper newsy, attractive and popular.

IT PAYS TO TRADE IN CARDSTON.

Stand by the home merchant, says an exchange. He is the man who helps to pay for the streets upon which you walk; for the school in which your children, or perhaps you were educated; he helps to keep up the church in which you worship. He is the man who built a home which enhances the value of your properity. Every subscription paper that is passed has his name on it; he is the one who cannot afford to swindle you, selfterest if nothing else, would prevent this; he bears his share of the burden of the town's government; stays right with you in sunshine and in darkness, in days of prosperity and adversity.

We will print your name and address on 250 nice XXX White Laid Envelopes for $1.50. The Envelopes alone would cots you $1. at any of the stores.

The Record

$2. a year.

CHURCH NOTICE.

Divine Service in the Presbyterian Church, every Sabbath evening at 7 P. M.

OFFICIAL INFORMATION.

Earl of Minto,.... Governor-General of Canada.
Sir Wilfrid Laurier.....Premier of Canada.
A. E. Forget,....Lieutenant Governor of N. W. T.
L. G. De Veber,.... M. L. A. for Lethbridge District
Horace Harvey,..Registrar for Dist. of So. Alberta.
W. F. McCreary,...Commr. of Immig'r, Winnipeg.
J. A. Hammer,....Overseer, Village of Cardston.

C. F. P. CONYBEARE, Q.C.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
LETHBRIDGE, - ALBERTA.
Office Next door to "News" Office.

H. W. Brant, M.D.
Graduate and qualified Physician and Surgeon.
Offers his services to the people of Cardston and vicinity.

C. O. CARD,
SUB AGENT
DOMINION LANDS.
ALSO AGENT FOR
RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY
. . . AND . . .
PRIVATE LANDS.
Office Hours: 9 to 4.

Robert Ibey, Agent for
PIANOS & ORGANS.
Organs from $75 00 up to $175 00
Pianos " $250 00 " " 700 00
Sewing Machine
From $25 00 to $60 00.

Advertising in The Cardston Record pays.

Space - Reserved for
Cardston Drug Co.

HOTEL DE WOOLF
RATES, $ 1.50 PER DAY.
Livery & Feed Stable.
Cardston, - Alberta.

Samuel Cox,
Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting,
& Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
CARDSTON. . . ALBERTA.

Hooked up at last.
HARNESS & SADDLERY.

Quality first. Prices right.
S. H. Horner,
CARDSTON, Next Kearl's Livery Stable

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.
All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.
Cardston. . . . . Alberta.

Meat Market.
Wm. Wood.
Smoked Tongue, Hams and Bacon.
My own cure.
Cash paid for hides

Photograph Gallery
at the Residence of
S. LOW.
Open on clear days from 12 to 2 pm
Cardston, - - - Alberta.

The Best
is always cheapest.

Fence Wire ("Baker") Painted ("Glidden") Galv'zd

McClary **Stoves.**

McCormick { Mowers & Binders.

Cockshutt { Hay Rakes, Plows, Harrows e c. etc. Drill, Disc Harrows

Wagons { "Bain" American. "Cooper" " "Adams" Paris Canadian.

SHOES—"Harvey-Van-Norman"—brands.
Are THE BEST and are sold by the
The Cardston Co. Ltd

Largest and best stock of General Merchandise ever brought to Cardston.

Mott, Son & Co.,
Macleod.
DEALERS IN
Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Doors, Windows, etc.

We have purchased ¼ million feet of well seasoned lumber which we can sell at reasonable prices.

We invite the people of Cardston to come and see our stock.

When you want receipt or note Books call at THE RECORD Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts. You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

THE RECORD has the agency for CLEVELAND BICYCLES. Can sell you a good one for $40. or a better one for $60. Ladies' Bicycles from $40. up to $80. Now is the time to order your Bicycle. The Cleveland Bicycle is the BEST made.

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, both one year for $2.50.

FOR SALE—Model 1 Improved Hand Printing Press. Chase 5x7. At RECORD Office.*

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends, 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

ENVELOPES.

Comply with the postal requirements by using your envelopes printed, by THE RECORD.

Deseret News and The Record one year for $3.50

For Sale.

Columbia Graphophone, 26-inch horn, with folding stand, two-way hearing tube, and 85 records, all in perfect condition. Come and see it at this office.

Fire and Life Insurance.

Equitable Life. (Assets $200,000,000.)
British America Fire Assurance Co.
Western Fire Assurance Co.
Agency, RECORD Office.

The Weekly Globe, Toronto, $1.00 a year. THE RECORD has agency.

Kearl Hotel
Kearl & Sharp, Props.

First Class in all Appointments.

$1.50 per day and upwards.

Meals, 40 Cents.

Livery, Feed & Sale Stables

Good outfits furnished at all hours.

Rates Reasonable.

The Great West Magazine will publish an illustrated article on the Mormons of Cardston in a forthcoming number. Bring ten cents to this office and your name will be put down for a copy of the magazine. Every family should procure a copy and preserve it.

H. W. SAVORY.
Boundary Creek (Cardston P. O.) Alta.
Saddle & Work Horses For Sale.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, APRIL 21, 1899. NO. 39

CANADA FOREVER.

MISS A. M. MACHAR, ("FIDELIS"), KINGSTON.

Our Canada, strong, fair and free,
Whose sceptre stretches far,
Whose hills look down on either sea,
And front the polar star;
Not for thy greatness—hardly known—
Wide plains, or mountains grand,
But as we claim thee for our own,
We love our native land.

God bless our mighty forest land
Of mountain, lake and river:
Thy loyal sons from strand to strand
Sing, "Canada Forever."

Wrapped in thy dazzling robe of snow,
We proudly call thee ours,
We crown thee when the south winds blow.
"Our Lady of the Flowers!"
We love thy rainbow-tinted skies—
The glamour of thy Spring—
For us thine Autumn's gorgeous dyes,
For us thy song-birds sing.

God bless our fair Canadian land,
Of mountain, lake, and river;
Thy loyal sons from strand to strand
Sing, "Canada Forever."

For us thy brooding Summer wakes
The corn-fields' waving gold,
The quiet pastures, azure lakes,
For us their treasures hold;
To us each hill and dale is dear,
Each rock and stream and glen,
Thy scattered homes of kindly cheer,
Thy busy haunts of men.

God bless our own Canadian land
Of mountain, lake and river;
Thy loyal sons from strand to strand
Sing, "Canada Forever."

Our sires their old traditions brought,
Their lives of faithful toil,
For home and liberty they fought,
On our Canadian soil.
Quebec to us is sacred still,
Nor less is Lundy's Lane—
Long may a loyal people fill
The land they fought to gain.

God bless our own Canadian land
Of mountain, lake and river;
Thy loyal sons from strand to strand
Sing, "Canada Forevr."

Saxon and Celt and Norman we:
Each race its memory keeps;
Yet o'er us all from sea to sea
One Red Cross Banner sweeps.
Long may our "Greater Britain" stand
The bulwark of the free;
But Canada, our own dear land,
Our first love is for thee.

God bless our own Canadian land
Of mountain, lake and river;
The chorus ring from strand to strand
Of "Canada Forever."

The above poem was selected by the Marquis of Dufferin as the best of ten poems submitted to him for his decision as to merit. The ten had been selected by a committee of Canadian judges from amoung seven hundred received by The Montreal Witness in a prize competition for a Canadian national song.

IN A RAGING TORRENT.

Andrew Gregson came very near losing his life while attemtping to cross the Waterton River last week during high water. As it is he lost a good wagon, and a lot of vegetables, carpenter tools, bedding, etc., in fact everthing the wagon contained went down the raging river. After four hours of hard labor, with the icy water up to his waist, he managed to save the six horses that were with him. Mr. Gregson estimates his loss at $150 but considers himself very lucky in succeeding in coming out alive and saving the horses. He says the river rose ten feet in less than the same number of hours.

Judge M. D. Hammond, agent for the canal contractors, now has his office conveniently located just west of the Cardston Co., store, in the building recently used by Pres. C. O. Card.

Word was received here on Monday of the illness, at Regina, of Dr. De Veber, M. L. A. Mrs. De Veber, who was visiting her mother in Macleod, was telegraphed for and came down on that evening's train. On her arrival here she was handed another telegram telling her to come on to Regina as her husband's illness was of a serious nature and she continued on by that evening's train. Up to the time of going to press no further news had been received, although a telegram had been sent asking as to his condition.—News.

The Bugler's toot will attract the attention of the public but few times more, and then will say goodby. Mrs. Snow, the editor's wife, has filled the editorial chair of late in the absence of her husband, and has displayed much ability in giving the news. Mr. Snow has of late been canvassing Weber county in the interest of his new paper, and states that he has been quite successful in his work. He expects to start out with a subscription list of from 1,000 to 1,200. A few days ago Mr. Snow sold his neat residence here in the Second Ward to Mr. Nels Jensen of Park Valley, the amount of the purchase price being $1,000.—Salt Lake (Utah) Herald.

MORMONS IN UTAH.

The following letter was published in the Manitoba Free Press of 8th. April.

"During the past few weeks there has been written and published in all parts of the country many articles on the subject of polygamy among the Latter-day Saints or Mormons. For some time I have felt it my duty to give the world a few facts on this subject. As I am not, nor ever have been a "Mormon," I feel that I can do so in a fair and unbiassed manner. Having resided here among this people the past four years, I have learned, by close observation and study, much of the teaching and practices of this people.

This valley is one of the most beautiful and thrifty places on the globe, and is inhabited by about 30,000 people, 95 per cent of whom are so called "Mormons." During my residence I have had much to do with the general public both in business and socially; hence what I shall say here is known by me to be the truth.

The people are one of the most progressive, virtuous, industrious and thrifty classes of citizens it has ever been my privilege to live among, and I was born and lived in New England till I was past 25 years of age. There is no place on the globe where brotherly love and kind assistance in times of need are practiced to a greater extent than among those people. The members of the faith are encouraged to give a tithe of their increase to the support of the church. This tithing is used to defray the necessary expenses of the church and to supply the wants of the poor and needy. There are no alms houses in this part of the country, but the poor of each ward are cared for by those in charge of the different branches of the church.

Cliques and clans are unknown and the poor stand just as high in the community, socially and religiously, as the rich.

Having been closely connected with these people, and also having studied to some extent, the belief and teachings of the Latter-day Saints, I am prepared to say that their faith will compare favorably with that of the Methodists, Presbyterians, or any of the numerous other denominations and religious sects. They believe in God the Father, His Son Jesus Christ and the Holy Ghost, these being three distinct persons. They also believe and teach repentence and baptism for the remission of sins by immersion.

Educationally, Utah is the third state in the union, and the so-called "Mormons" are far in advance of our other citizens, as a class, in this. Thrift, virtue, honor, are all taught to be of the highest importance and no class of people under the sun possess these attributes to a fuller extent than do the "Mormons."

The Bible teaches that in olden times such men as David and Solomon practised plural marriage, yet they were not damned by the Lord for it; so it was with these people. Polygamy was deemed to be in keeping with the teachings of the Bible, and a very few of the people entered into plural matriages, and families were reared. The offsprings of these people are as dear to them as are the children of any father and mother. After a while it was declared by the government to be a crime for a man to have more than one wife at a time, and the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, in compliance with the law, issued a manifesto against further polygamous marriages. Since that time it is safe to state that no plural marriages have been solemnized in or by the sanction of the church. In fact, it is against the laws of the state and the rules of the church to enter into plural marriage. The state imposes a punishment of five years in jail and a fine of $500 for the crime. Most of this agitation about polygamy comes from cranks and fanatics of other religious denominations, who deem it a sin for a man to believe differently from them on matters of religion. If these good (?) people know of so many cases of polygamy, why do they not bring them to light and furnish evidence to convict them?

The election of B. H. Roberts to congress is the immediate cause for this voluminous outburst of slander. The "Mormon" church is said to have desired his election and to have worked to that end. Now, I am in a position to know that the Church of the Latter-day Saints is not in politics, and does not try officially to further any one for office. Mr. Roberts was elected to congress as a Democrat and not as a "Mormon." It is a fact that he received the largest majorities in the districts where the percentage of "Mormon" voters was smallest. He was elected by the people. To be sure, Mr. Roberts has been engaged in religious work to a great extent for a number of years, but is it just to say that the church of his choice is running politics in Utah any more than it is to say the same of any other church, one of whose influential members happens to be elected to some public office? I answer, No.

Again I ask, Would it be right and honorable for the men who have in times past taken plural wives, to now turn part of them with their families, out into the world unprotected? Again I answer, No.

GEORGE L. MARION.
Richmond, Cache Co., Utah."

MAIL SERVICE.

A tri-weekly mail service via Macleod would be preferable to the present unsatisfactory semi-weekly service. Already the mail is carried from Macleod to Stand Off, a distance of 20 miles.

A bridge has been built over the Kootenay River and another is now in course of construction over Belly River. The distance from Cardston to Macleod is 40 miles; from Cardston to Lethbridge is 50 miles. A saving of 10 miles would be a great advantage, especially during the winter months, both to the drivers of the stage and the people who receive mail. The petitions which were circulated for signatures in Cardston praying for a tri-weekly mail service via Macleod, received the names of a large majority of those to whom they were presented. However, most of the people who signed the petition did so with the distinct understanding that the proposed mail service via Macleod would in no way interfere with the present service via Lethbridge, and we are confident that the people of Cardston and surrounding settlements will not quietly submit to the discontinuence of the existing route in case a tri-weekly service can be had in place of the present unsatisfactory semi-weekly.

In consideration of the already large and rapidly growing business interests between Macleod and Cardston people, a mail service should be run over the route.

It now requires a week's time for a letter to go or come from Macleod,—a distance of only 40 miles.

We sincerely trust that the post office department will consider favorably the petitions sent to it by the people of Macleod and will at once establish a tri-weekly mail service between the two points.

UTAH PEOPLE IN CANADA.

C. O. Card is down from the Stake of Alberta of which he is president. He says that there are about two thousand Latter-day Saints in that Stake, and that they are all prosperous; and that the population is being rapidly increased by imigration from Utah and surrounding states. A big irrigation canal is in process of construction by a private company. It will cost, when completed, about $250,000; of this amount $100,000 will be taken by the "Mormon" settlers who get half land at $3 an acre and remainder in cash.

The distance to Alberta by railroad is eight hundred and five miles by the following route: Salt Lake to Butte, over the Oregon Short Line, 434 miles; from Butte to Great Falls over the Great Northern, 171 miles; from Great Falls to Lethbridge, 200 miles. The distance by wagon road is seven hundred miles, and the trip can easily be made in a month to six weeks. The roads are good as any in Utah, he says, and the streams well bridged. The feeding and supply stations are not more than twenty-five miles apart. Alberta, he says, is a large and rapidly growing Stake, and the opportunities for homebuilding there are among the very best.—Deseret (Ut.) News.

PATRIOTISM.

EDITOR DAILY WITNESS,—

I think the very best thing we can do to make boys and girls patriotic is to give them a good conceit of themselves and their country. Add to a love of Canada a knowledge of her political, social and physical advantages, and bring them up in such a way that they will be fitted to develop her resources, when the time comes for them to earn a living. There is a common quality characteristic of both John Bull and Uncle Sam. Each one firmly believes there is no one like himself, no nation like his own. Foreigners may not find this agreeable, but, backed with pluck, brains, and work, it has taken them both where they are. Neither of them ever knows when he is beaten. There is no enterprise too big for them to undertake. Why shouldn't Canadians be equally sure of themselves? We get on wherever we go, why should n't we stay at home and do better?

I maintain that efficient as our schools and colleges are, the training and schooling Canadians get does not tend to make our boys and girls eager for the work the country has to offer the majority. We forget that we cannot supply clerical situations, professional openings and mercantile enterprises for the number we are educating for such positions, and that the great physical riches of the country lie largely idle for the want of laborers. We don't want only stupid boys and dull girls to take to farming as a last resource, but we want the educated, alert man with healthy body who will know best how to make our land yield up its treasures, and he needs the educated, quick-witted, domestic girl of sound physique to bear him company. People will avoid the tilling of the ground until the intelligent man of the future with capital makes farming what it should be, a healthy, happy, remunerative, co-operative occupation, giving occupation to himself and others, and managed in such a way that the woman does not sink into the over-worked drudge she often is to-day. If philantropists would only spend their money in making country-life as attractive as they do the city, I believe our country would be vastly improved and our people happier. Teach our boys and girls that the men and women who are going to build up our country must be sound of brain and muscle, and put them in the way of getting work when they are properly equipped for it, and they won't want to leave the country. Why don't parents see that they patronize Canadian and British magazines? If we feed our own and our children's minds with those of the United States, which never loose an opportunity to praise the republic, how is it possible to go on believing in the superior beauty and strength of our own government and country? What stronger agent can there be to cultivate proper patriotism than reading? Why can't we make up our minds to support better the magazines that belong to ourselves and the Mother Country?

J. M. LOES.

Every patriotic family should read Cardston Record. Per Annum, $2.00.

RELIEF SOCIETY CONFERENCE.

The Relief Society Conference of the Alberta Stake, will be held in the Cardston Meeting House Saturday 29th. commencing at 10 o'clock A. M. All are cordially invited.

Mary L. Woolf,
Rheda C. Hinman,
Jane Hinman.

Notice of Dissolution.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership, heretofore subsisting between us as Contractors and Builders, at the Village of Cardston, in the District of Alberta, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be paid to James Evans of Cardston aforesaid, and all claims against the said partnership are to be presented to the said James Evans, by whom the same will be settled.

Dated at Cardston this 11th. day of April, A. D., 1899.

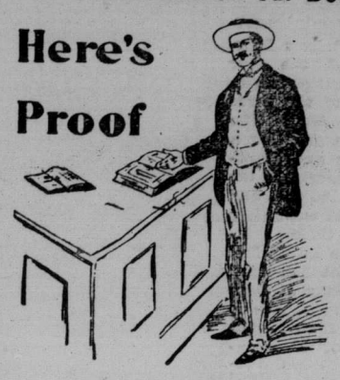
(Sd) W. M. Wolsey.
(Sd) James Evans.

Witness: C. E. Snow.

The Brigham City, (Utah,) Bugler has been consolidated with the Bimetalist and the Weber County Times. Our hearty congratulations, Mansfield, on your great advancement, and we sincerely wish you every success in your new field.

The Customers on our Books are a Proof that

Here's Proof



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Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Mondays and Thursdays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $5.00; Round trip, $9.00.
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THE CARDSTON RECORD

CARDSTON, ALBERTA.

TWO OF THEM DEAD

HENDERSON NOT EXPECTED TO LIVE TILL AUGUST 2ND.

It is Doubted if the Remaining Indian Will Hang.—Report of the Auditor-General.

Ottawa, April 9.—The Dominion government has been advised from Dawson City that two out of the four murderers waiting execution there have died. The oldest of the three Indians and the boy are dead. The decision of the cabinet in granting a commutation to the boy and allowing the law to take its course in the case of the other two Indians, and Henderson had not arrived until after the date appointed for their execution and, therefore, Judge Dugas had them respited until August 2nd next. It is not expected that either of them will be living at that time. This is the third respite. The first respite was for one day because of the execution going to take place on Ash Wednesday. When the next day arrived the legal objections were such that a respite was granted until March and now a further respite is given. Henderson is dying of consumption.

THE AUDITOR OVER-RULED.

The auditor-general's annual report was presented to parliament last night. There is considerable correspondence between the auditor and the justice department over the payment of an account of $350 to Archibald & Howell, Winnipeg, for their services in connection with the commission for the investigation of Manitoba penitentiary. In the opinion of the auditor it ought to have been a personal matter between the warden and the lawyers, but the end of it all was that the auditor's objections were over-ruled by the treasury board and a cheque issued to Archibald & Howell for the amount. The auditor also objected to the payment of $10 per day to Joseph Pope, R. N. Newing, W. S. Parmelee and W. F. King at the Quebec conference, instead of their outlay as per account rendered, but after some correspondence on the subject the amount to each was allowed by the treasury board, the auditor's objections being over-ruled.

The Crow's Nest Pass railway commission cost $5,748. Of this amount $2,367 went to John Appleton, of Winnipeg, and $2,483 to Judge Dugas.

Interesting Ceremony.

Washington, April 9 —A notable ceremony occurred in the blue room of the executive mansion at 11 o'clock to-day when the French ambassador, M. Cambon, presented to the government and the American people, as represented through President McKinley, two magnificent sevres vases from the national pottery works at Sevres. The gift is from the president of the French Republic, Felix Faure, and commemorated the opening of the new Franco-American cable August 17 last, [illegible] and President Faure exchanged the first message on the new line between the white house and the palace elysee. The vases and pedestals stand six or eight feet high, are of a deep blue, and characteristic of the finest Sevres ware as well as in happy accord with the prevailing colors of the blue room. The presentation was the occasion for a happy exchange of international greetings. M. Cambon made an address and the president responded.

Pope's Successor.

Paris, April 9.—The London correspondent of Le Matin saysthat the successor of Leo XIII will be Cardinal Vaughan, Archbishop of Westminster. It is declared that his eminence was approached recently on the subject, but has not yet given his answer. English Catholic circles are assured that the election of an English prelate is certain.

Germany is said to be the prime mover in this new movement. When the Kaiser found it impossible to have his favorite cardinal named, he is said to have turned in and worked for Cardinal Vaughan. Fully one-third of the Italian cardinals are said to be favorable to his candidacy. Three French members of the Sacred College are also laboring to bring over the other French cardinals to support Vaughan.

The reports which reach Paris as to the pontiff's halth continue to be contradictory, but the best informed circles here are perfectly convinced that His Holiness is slowly passing away.

C. N. P. Railway.

Montrerl. April 9.—Sir William Van Horne, president of the Canadian Pacific railway, was asked by a correspondent if he had read the Rossland miners' charges regarding old rails on the Crow's Nest Pass. Sir William's reply was as follows: "When the Crow's Nest line is fully completed it will be just as good as the best sections of the main line, but we have learned better than to put our heaviest rails on new earthworks where they would be damaged during the construction and early operation. On a great part of the Crow's Nest line the heaviest rails are already laid and the rest will follow in due course, as soon as we deem it wise to put them down."

CITY MARSHAL SUICIDES.

Kirksville, Mo., April 9 —City Marshal John N. Scott committed suicide as a result of worrying over his defeat in the recent election, He was the Republican candidate for re-election.

Britain's Commissioner.

Washington, April 9.—The British government has chosen C. N. Eliot, C. B., as British high commissioner to Samoa.

Mr. Eliot is a member of the British embassy staff here and has had a distinguished career in diplomacy. The British ambassador has notified the state department of Mr. Eliot's election.

FIRE AT LUCKNOW.

Lucknow, Ont., April 9 —The Caledonian Hall and the adjoining building, used for an apple evaporator, were burned this morning.

WOMAN AGAINST WOMAN

BY MRS. MARY E. HOLMES.

Author of "A Woman's Love," "The Wife's Secret" "Her Fatal Sin," "A Heartless Woman," "A Wife's Peril," "A Desperate Woman." Etc.

CHAPTER IV.

In a large solitary room, sitting by a window that took in the magnificent vista of park, grounds, and woods comprising Darrell Castle estate, was a young girl.

She wore a dress of soft grey made very simple, fitting her young body to perfection with its clinging folds; her hair of pale gold was gathered in a large knot at the back of her small well shaped head.

Her skin was pure white, like the lily on the narcissus in its waxen purity; her eyes, framed with heavy long dark lashes, shone like great lustrous grey stars in their ivory setting.

She had a book open on her knee, yet it did not seem to attract her much; her gaze was bent out of the window across the country scene, at the moving trees scattering their shriveled brown leaves at every soft gust.

It was Margaret, Lady Darrell.

A sigh escaped her lips as she sat silent, but she did not move. The room seemed to strike the beholder as gloomy and lonely; even the firelight failed to light up its solitude.

The furniture and hangings were rich, but their tone was sombre, and spoke of a bygone fashion. The girl alone was young and fresh; she looked strangely beautiful in her dark setting.

The door opened and a maid entered bearing a lamp.

"What is the time, Davis?" asked Lady Darrell, waking from her thoughts.

"Nigh halfpast five, my lady," answered the maid.

"How dark; it is almost night."

The young figure left the window.

"Will you ring, my lady, when you want me?"

"Yes."

The maid went slowly from the room, and her young mistress walked towards the fire; her face was subdued and her eyes gazed into the glowing coals quietly, almost sadly.

"Two months," she murmured; "it seems like two years! Am I the same flesh and blood as the girl who, two months ago, was in rags, and worked on the farm like the ploughboys? It seems like a dream! Perhaps I shall wake some day and find myself back in the farm—find all this gloomy splendor melted into mist, and hear Aunt Martha's voice scolding me as she used to do.

She moved from the fire, and walked up and down the room.

I wonder if I shall [illegible] woke to find it all [illegible] once more in the old life? No, no; I could not do it. And yet"—she stopped—"it is terribly lonely here. All is so grand; but I grow oppressed with it. If only his mother would speak to me kindly! She is always so cold and courteous. But I know she scorns me in her heart; she loves Valerie Ross. She should have been his wife not a farm-girl, lowly born, like me. Alice,—my Lady Alice, the name condemns me; it will cling to me for ever. And he, what does he think of me now? All danger is gone, and he only remembers he is tied to me for ever—tied to a low-born girl, whose very presence drives him from his home."

She paused an instant, her lips compressed as if with pain, then, with a sigh, she drew up a chair to the table and took up a book.

She was pondering over the words thoughtfully, when a tap came to the door.

"Come in!" she said absently.

The door opened, and a woman advanced into the room, a tall elegant figure in robes of trailing black satin, cut low round the beautiful snowy shoulders. On the masses of red-brown hair gleamed stars of rubies and diamonds; a slender chain supported a glowing star of the same jewels round the swan-like throat.

It was Valerie Ross. She came in drawing on her long tan gloves slowly. Her face was pale, but her eyes flashed dark and glorious, and there was a strange half-contemptuous smile on her lips.

"My Lady Alice," she observed playfully, "still buried in your books? What a store of learning will be in that pretty golden head when your lord returns!"

Alice flushed slightly.

"I was not studying. I was reading for amusement," she answered.

Valerie walked to the window with her swift graceful carriage. The curtains were still undrawn, and out in the darkness the trees seemed like moving phantoms.

"Amusement?" repeated Valerie with half a shudder. "Indeed you want some! I wonder you are not dead of ennui and melancholia already!"

"I am quite content," said Alice slowly; then suddenly remembering her duties: "But will you not sit by the fire, Miss Ross? This chair is most comfortable."

"Thanks."

Valerie turned indifferently toward the fire. She did not take the chair, but stood buttoning her gloves, with one slender foot on the fender.

"You don't seem surprised to see me," she observed after a moment's silence.

"No," answered Alice.

She did not add that she had grown used to Valerie's strange erratic visits during the last two months, and had ceased to wonder at them.

"Have you heard from those worthy people your aunt and uncle since they left the village?" next queried Miss Ross very lightly.

"No," said Alice again, this time with a crimson flush on her cheeks.

There was a something in Valerie's tones that always made her wretched—brought her low origin in glaring painfulness before her eyes.

"They are not considerate for their neice's welfare," observed Miss Ross.

Her gloves were buttoned; she let her hands drop, and gazed at the young troubled face before her indifferently.

Alice roused herself, she tried to smile.

"Aunt Martha is only too glad to get rid of me. She always looked on me as a burden, and——"

"And was glad to see you happily and well married," finished the other; "of course that was natural, was it not?"

Alice's face was white now; her hands clasped together, were cold with the humiliation she was enduring.

She knew how cruel was the woman opposite, and how powerless she was to fight her. The shame which sometimes overcame her fell on her heart now like a heavy weight.

She saw herself as Valerie thought her—a vulgar, common girl, the relative of people who were bought out of the village, out of the home they had lived in for years, so that their presence should not shock the eyes of the Castle, nor recall how low its master had sunk in mating with one of their number.

None knew—none could ever know—what an agony of pain and shame lived in the young heart of Roy Darrell's wife.

She was utterly—completely alone!

The man for whose sake she bartered her freedom left his home two days after the funeral of his murdered friend.

His mother still inhabited her rooms in the Castle, but there was a chasm between her and her son's wife.

She treated the girl with ceremony and courtesy, her wishes was consulted in every way, but the older woman—the proud descendant of an ancient race—refused to eat or be familiar with a girl who, a few days before, had consorted with farm-help and laborers.

Occasionally the two Lady Darrells met, and the elder woman would always drop a deep courtesy to the shrinking, timid form of the younger, but they exchanged no word.

Valerie Ross alone appeared to notice the girl thrown so suddenly into this strange life, but though to the world her overtures of friendship seemed the essence of kindness and good nature, Alice knew to the contrary, and always suffered torture during the visits she received from the beautiful woman.

About a month after Roy's departure, news reached the Castle that the Earl of Darrell, his elder brother, a man who had been a wanderer from his home for many years, was dead, leaving no heir, and Roy Darrell succeeded to the title and the estates.

The tidings were communicated to Alice in the most ceremonious manner, but the fact that now she was a countess and moreover, entire mistress of the Castle, did not appear to touch her.

She was growing day by day more wretched as she saw how great a mistake it had all been, and how wrecked her life must be, henceforth passed in the gloomy solitude that appeared to be her lot.

Valerie Ross, standing by the fire, watched her face blanch with pain, and the smile on her lips deepened.

It was almost a pleasure to her to make this young heart suffer. She had gone through such tortures herself when her faithless lover died, that it seemed to have killed all the tenderness and womanliness in her. [illegible] she

Alice roused herself a[illegible]

"Have you anything particular to tell me?" she asked hurriedly, turning to open her book with trembling hands.

"I bring an invitation from the Dowager Lady Darrell, to Margaret, Countess of Darrell—an invitation to dine in the Blue Chamber. You will refuse, of course my Lady Alice. Anchorities like you never dine out, you know."

Alice met the merciless glance of those golden-brown eyes.

"I accept with pleasure," she replied, quietly. "Pray convey my thanks to Lady Darrell. At what hour does she dine?"

Valerie drew herself up and frowned. She had come to torment and trouble this low-born girl, and now found herself treated with almost as much hauteur and indifference as she herself could assume.

Where did this girl get her manners and ways of speech? queried Valerie angrily. She was no ordinary common creature, but bore herself with a grace and ease that might well have become a queen.

"There will be guests," she observed coldly, smoothing an imaginary wrinkle in her glove. "And you will pardon me, perhaps, but Lady Darrell is very particular about one's garments, so if I—"

"Thank you," answered the young countess quietly; "I have my maid, Davis; she will assist me. I could not think of giving you so much trouble on my behalf."

Valerie's brows met again. It was the first time Alice had shown her spirit of determination, and Miss Ross resented it now most bitterly.

Hitherto she had looked on Alice as a plaything, as amusement, an object on which she could pour out the overflowing bitterness of her heart; but now she saw before her a woman, as beautiful as herself, and every whit as proud.

"As you like," she observed indifferently; "I thought I might have been able to give you some hints. The dinner-hour is eight, it is usually half-past seven, but Lady Darrell has it later tonight, on account of the earl's arrival. I forgot what train he is to come by, but of course he wrote to tell you."

Alice's right hand grasped a chair for support; a mist clouded her eyes. One thought was alone in her mind—the earl was coming—the earl, her husband. All else was forgotten; Valerie, her stings, the long lonely months—all but the one thought, she should see once more that handsome face, hear that deep, manly voice, clasp that strong hand.

A joy seemed to come to her so swift and sudden that it illuminated her countenance as with glorious sunshine.

Valerie saw the transient gleam pass over her pale face, and her heart grew still more bitter towards this girl—bitter, and then triumphant, for in that glance she had read Alice's secret, the secret that Alice herself as yet did not comprehend, that Roy Darrell's low-born wife loved him.

"He has not written to you?" she broke in. "Ah, that was remiss! I thought he would have fixed to dine with you instead of his mother. But I expect he forgot all about that—at least, he said nothing touching it in the letter I received from him this morning."

Alice's joy died so suddenly as it had been born. She flinched as though a blow had been struck her, but she said nothing, and Valerie Ross walked gracefully from the room, feeling that she had triumphed easily.

Left alone, Alice flung herself down by the chair, and buried her face in her hands.

"Forget me!" she whispered. "Yes, that is what she says; and she is right. He can do nothing but hate me. And I—oh, what shame is on me!—I cannot help him. I must remain for ever a burden and a tie."

She rose and paced the room.

"How cruel she is! What shall I do? If I remain away she will triumph, and if I go—— But I must go." She stood silent, her arms crossed over her breast; a struggle was tearing her young heart. "I will go. I must be brave, better her stinging words than her contempt. If she thinks me afraid, she will taunt me for ever with it, and that would kill me. No; I will—I must do this, whatever happens."

She rang the bell quickly, and Davis appeared.

"Light the candles in my room, Davis, and unpack those dresses that came the other day from London. I dine with the earl and his mother to-night, and I must look well."

The maid bowed and left the room with a mind full of wonder and admiration. Never had she seen the young countess look so beautiful, yet she was changed.

There was something different, something that told she had passed from a girl into a woman, that life had begun with all its storms and joys, its trials and happiness.

* * * * *

In the Dowager Lady Darrell's apartment, the waxen lights glimmered in profusion from their silver stands, and shed a soft roseate hue from beneath their silken shades.

Valerie Ross was alone, she was walking to and fro the whole length of the room, her long train trailing on the carpet, her rubies and diamonds gleaming on her neck and hair like fireflies in their brilliancy.

She had a frown on her brow, and her beautiful mouth was set and hard.

She was thinking of Alice, and the thought brought vexation.

"But for her," she muttered, "how changed it would be. How blind I was. But Eustace wove the veil round my eyes. Fool that I was to believe him and lose my chance with Roy. Roy did love me, but does he still? Two months are not a lifetime. We shall see. And that puny creature shall yet learn the extent of my power.

The dowager came in slowly while she was still musing. Valerie smoothed the frown from her face as she advanced to meet the older woman.

"I have not heard the wheels on the gravel," said Roy's mother as she sank into her chair; "it is getting late—nearly eight, and he has not come."

"You are over-anxious, dear," replied Valerie. "Does Roy bring anyone with him? I fancy I heard you mention something about guests."

"Yes; he will be accompanied by two gentlemen—one, Lord Radine. I think you know him. The other is a man he met in Italy, a Count Jura—from Roy's letters, a most delightful companion. I am glad, Valerie, he has brought guests, otherwise the life here at first might prove too trying."

Valerie turned at the last words.

The doors had opened, and a soft rustle told that someone had entered. It was the young countess. She had heard the last sentence from her husband's mother's lips, and her face whitened a little as she put her own construction on it.

Lady Darrell had been thinking of Captain Rivers, his terrible death, and the maddening anxiety that had come to Roy, when she spoke. She rose from her chair, and bent low before the girlish figure.

"Welcome, countess," she said haughtily and coldly.

Alice courtesied low, while Valerie gazed at her in speechless vexation.

Roy, before he took his departure, had given his wife to understand she was expected to comply to society's laws, and had left instructions with Davis, a most experienced lady's maid, to have everything obtained as befitted her mistress' position.

The woman had obeyed him well. Dresses and many numerous things were sent down from London, though, until this evening, Alice had seen none of their marvels, contenting herself with wearing none but the simplest and most inexpensive garments made by Davis's own fingers.

To-night she had abandoned her Cinderella robes, and stood before the cold unappreciative eyes of the two women, a perfect vision of loveliness, draped from head to foot in black gossamer material and rich lace.

Her masses of dead-gold hair were coiled and gathered in picturesque profusion on her dainty head; her shoulders rose white, fresh, and round from her black gown, her fair young throat was encircled by gems.

Once again the question rushed to Valerie's mind: Where had this girl inherited her grace, her natural refinement, her pure beauty? She was no farm-girl, as she stood before them, her figure drawn up to its graceful height, her tiny, well-gloved hands holding her plumed fan; she was a lady, every whit as dainty, as beautiful, and as proud as one of their own favored class.

Valerie bit her lip, and turned her back on the young countess.

Alice took no notice of this coldness; she was listening, listening, yet dreading the first sound of that step, the first glimpse of that tall, well-built form and handsome debonair face.

"Will you not sit down?" asked Roy's mother of her son's wife.

Alice moved towards the chair she indicated, and sank into it, while Lady Darrell gazed at the girl with astonishment and admiration.

Valerie was beautiful, but the girl was peerless in her strange young loveliness.

In all her long life Lady Darrell never recollected a more purely patrician face, and she marvelled at it.

"Have you any recollection of your childhood?" she asked, suddenly and involuntarily. "Did you always live with your aunt? Which side are your relations?"

Alice looked up, strangely surprised.

"I can remember nothing clearly," she replied; "but I have a dim recollection of a large house, and a beautiful face that seemed to bend over me; then came the long years with Aunt Martha, and all her angry words."

"What a pity you cannot remember anything!" drawled Valerie, who was watching the older woman's interest with jealous eyes. "We might have discovered a secret, or lost father—you might have developed into a queen; as it is——"

"As it is, I am only Alice—Alice, the farm-girl," the young countess finished quietly.

Lady Darrell's face clouded at the name.

"Roy is late," she said again.

"He is here," announced Valerie, and at that moment the door was thrown open, and Alice saw once more the man who had stood beside her that bygone morning and vowed his life to hers.

Roy kissed his mother and introduced the two guests, then turned to Valerie, and the girl standing by so quietly saw his eyes dilate as with a glow of unrestrained passion and happiness, and noticed their hands lingered as they were clasped.

Alices heart seemed suddenly to grow cold, but there was no sign on her fair face, and the next moment, Roy, Earl of Darrell, was before her, greeting her with a low, ceremonious bow.

Valerie was radiant, she was laughing and chatting to Lord Radine, but she was watching the husband and wife, and knew her triumph was yet to come.

Roy uttered no word to Alice. After his bow he turned from her to his mother and began to converse about his journey.

The other guest joined in the chat, but while he talked his dark, glowing eyes were fixed on the girlish figure in the rich black dress, standing so lone and deserted.

He turned to Roy.

"I crave, milord, that I may have the honor of presentation to your beautiful countess."

The earl started, his face flushed.

"I beg your pardon; of course. Countess, permit me to introduce to you the Count of Jura."

Alice bowed again, and scarcely glanced at the man before her. She was suffering an agony of shame and pain.

"He wishes me dead," said her heart over and over again; "dead, so that he may be free. Oh, why did I come? Why can I not leave it all? It is too much for me. Their scorn and cold contempt will kill me!"

Count Jura watched her expression deepen into sadness with a strange interest in his dark eyes.

"So this is the young wife," he mused. "But, mon Dieu, how beautiful! And he has no eyes for anyone save Valerie—how dangerous she looks, her eyes flash like daggers! Poor Lady Alice! She is your deadly enemy—a foiled, jealous woman is Valerie Ross. Beware!"

So ran his thoughts as he spoke easily to the girl, and led her in to dinner.

Roy followed with Valerie, and a sigh reached Alice's ear, telling plainer than words how bitter was his sorrow, and how great a burden was she to his life and happiness.

(To be continued.)

QUEER ANIMAL AGREEMENTS.

Unlike Creatures That Get Along Very Well In Common Quarters.

An intimate connection subsisting between different animals is known as commensalism, commensals being creatures which may be said to sit at the same table, but which do not prey upon one another. Of late years naturalists have become acquainted with numerous examples of this form of animal partnership. In one of the Chicken islands, off the New Zealand coast, a curious lizard known as the tuatara and certain species of the petrels were found inhabiting the same burrows, apparently on the best of terms. In rare cases the burrow, which consists of a passage two or three feet long, ending in a chamber a foot and a half long, one foot broad and six inches high, is the work of the bird. As a rule, however, the lizard is the excavator. Each builds its nest on opposite sides of the chamber, the lizard almost invariably choosing the left and the petrel the right side. The lizard feeds partly on worms and beetles and partly on the remnants of fishes brought to their common table by the petrel, both animals being thus benefited by the partnership. This is probably more than can be said of the prairie dog, whose underground home is frequently shared by the rattlesnake and the burrowing owl. These were at one time supposed to form a "happy family," but considerable doubt has been cast on the point by the discovery of young prairie dogs in the stomach of the rattlesnake, which seems to indicate that commensalism in this particular case has been a one sided affair so far as the benefits were concerned.

It is among marine animals, however, that the most striking examples of commensalism have been observed. A feeble fish called the remora owes its success in life to the powerful alliances it forms. One of its fins has been transformed into a sucker placed right on top of its head, by means of which it attaches itself firmly to any passing shark, whale or even ship, no doubt mistaking the latter for some huge sea monster. By these it is transported without any exertion on its own part over great distances, meanwhile picking up such food as may come in its way.

Several small fishes have been found, also, to habitually lodge in the mouth cavity of a Brazilian catfish, sharing such food as the latter succeeds in capturing. The enemies of the smaller fishes are so numerous that it is only by retreating to places inaccessible to their foes that they have a chance of survival. A favorite shelter for many small fishes is the round disk of the larger sea jellies, the stinging properties of which probably cause them to be avoided by the other denizens of the deep. As many as 20 fishes have been counted swimming within the fringed margin of one of these pulsating umbrellas. The sea cucumbers are another lowly group of marine forms which afford shelter to fishes.

Other instances might be given, such as that of the little pea crab, found in mussels and other bivalve shells, which in return for the protection given them by the molluskan shell gives its host a share of the food it captures.

Alimentary Value of Fish.

The alimentary value of fish is indisputable. It is wholesome and nutritious and in its wide range of quality and flavor affords gratification to the coarsest as well as the most refined palate. Moreover, in primary cost it is the cheapest of flesh foods and should, therefore, be the universal aliment, everywhere a staple dish upon the family board. To most, however, it is substantially a luxury. In many localities it is not obtainable fresh, and so falls into public disfavor. But even where presented in acceptable condition the accommodation is usually effected with difficulty and expense, involving a corresponding limitation of sale.

Thus it is that the consumer is dissatisfied, the dealer is not content, and the producer, the poor fisherman, rightly bewails his lot, for he profits least. It can be truthfully said that there is no branch of civilized effort wherein the producer receives so small a proportion of the ultimate or consumer's price as does the toiler of the sea for the unchanged product of his labor. —A. H. Gouraud in North American Review.

A Minor Victory.

Surveying a field of battle, the Duke of Wellington could detect almost at a glance the weak points in the disposition of the forces, and when the weakness was on his own side he promptly and resolutely caused it to be made strong. An English magazine tells this story of him which ought to be true:

One day, when some small visitors happened to be in the nursery at Strathfieldsage, he walked up to the top of the house and found the youngsters at tea. He gazed grimly around as if the room were a field of battle and noticed that there was no jam on the table.

Without a word he rang the bell violently. A footman appeared and stood petrified.

"Have the goodness to understand," said the duke in a voice of thunder, "that when children are invited to my house to tea they are to have jam."

Then he departed, and before he was out of earshot a shout went up that must have reminded him of Waterloo.

Youthful Pessimist.

A New England schoolteacher preserves among her treasures the composition of a former pupil, a boy of 12. It has its pathetic side, as the meagerness of the boy's life may be conjectured from his words.

The subject given was: "Anticipation. Do you enjoy it as much as realization?"

Dictionaries were diligently consulted, and the general vote placed anticipation on a high plane of delight. Not so wrote the solemn faced boy of 12:

Anticipation is when you think about things beforehand. If it's having your teeth out, that isn't much fun, and if it's Sunday school picnics you can't help worrying about the weather.

Realization is when the things you've thought about beforehand happen. Having your teeth out is a little worse than thinking about it. Sunday school picnics would be nice if it didn't rain, but when it rains they put them off, and then the day they have them generally you can't go. JAMES BROWN.

—Youth's Companion.

THE NEW TREATMENT

For nervous disorders, discovered by the world-famous DR. A. W. CHASE, has proven its wonderful merit throughout the United States and Canada, and is rapidly taking the place of strong drugs, which only deaden the nerves, or stimulants which wear out the nerves by over-exertion. For nervous Headaches, Nervous Dyspepsia, Pale, Sallow Complexion, Thin, Watery Blood and all

NERVOUS DISEASES

DR. A. W. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD is a prompt and certain restorative. It cannot fail to produce the most satisfactory results because it contains in condensed form the very ingredients that go to make the blood pure, rich and healthy, and create new brain and nerve tissue. For pale, weak women, and the ills peculiar to their sex, there is no treatment to be compared to

DR. A. W. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD.

50 cents a box, at all dealers, or by mail, along with a copy of Dr. Chase's new book, "The Ills of Life and How to Cure Them," on receipt of price, by EDMUNDSON BATES & CO., TORONTO.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

Silencing Hubby.

Young Father (in the future)—Great snakes! Can't you do something to quiet that baby? Its eternal squalling just drives me wild.

Young Mother (calmly to servant)—Marie, bring in my husband's mother's phonograph and put in the cylinder "At Ten Months." I want him to hear how his voice sounded when he was young

His Last Proud Right.

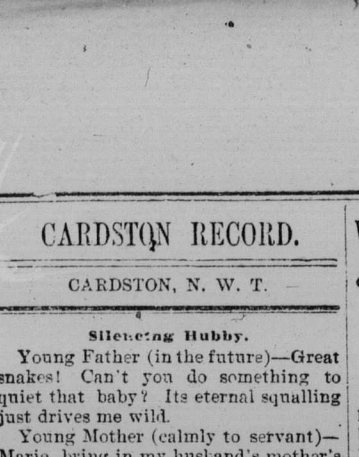
Mrs. Henpeck—Do you dare to look me in the face and say that?

Mr. Henpeck—Not on your life. I propose to always reserve the right to dodge whenever I make a remark to you.

The rolling pin struck a corner of the mantel and fell harmlessly to the floor.—Cleveland Leader.

THEY ARE NOT VIOLENT IN ACTION—Some persons, when they wish to cleanse the stomach, resort to epsom and other purgative salts. These are speedy in their action, but serve no permanent good. Their use produces incipient chills, and if persisted in they injure the stomach. Nor do they act upon the intestines in a beneficial way. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills answer all purposes in this respect, and have no superior.

Guessed Again.



"What did you pay for that suit of clothes?'

"Didn't pay anthing."

"How was that?'

"I beat my tailor guessing. He guessed I would pay, but I guessed I wouldn't."—New York World.

We beg to call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills in this paper. The firm have also placed on the market Dr. Ward's Liver Pills, which have already proved to be a most excellent family medicine as a cure for constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, etc. They are sold at 25c per vial, or 5 for $1, or mailed on receipt of price by the Dr. Ward Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Perfectly Safe.

Old Gentleman (who is afraid to cross the trolley tracks)—Tell me, is it dangerous to touch the electric car rails with your foot?

Inspector—Oh, no, not unless you put your other foot on trolley wire, up there!—Fliegende Blatter

Anxious to Serve.

Mamma—Have you decided what to do in that matter?

Papa—I'm waiting to see which way the cat will jump.

Johnny (eagerly)—I'll make her jump!—Tit-Bits.

ALWAYS ON HAND.—Mr. Thomas H. Porter, Lower Ireland, P. Q., writes: "My son, 18 months old had croup so bad that nothing gave him relief until a neighbor brought me some of DR. THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL, which I gave him, and in six hours he was cured. It is the best medicine I ever used and I would not be without a bottle of it in my house."

His Impression.

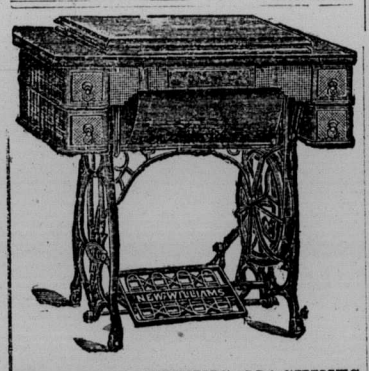
"I wonder why it is," said the young woman, "that so many people lose their enthusiasm about keeping an autograph album after they reach mature years."

"Well," answered the young man, unconsciously assuming an air of superior knowledge, "you see, a book like that opens a great temptation to everybody from whom you have borrowed money to write, 'When this you see remember me.'"

Anticipation.

"Now," said the man who had administered the knockout drops, "we might as well relieve him of his watch and chain and diamond pin and his cash."

"Yes," replied his companion. "When he wakes up, he ought to feel greatly relieved."—New York World.



FREE SEWING MACHINES —FOR— ROYAL CROWN SOAP Wrappers and Coupons.

3 NEW WILLIAMS DROP HEAD

VALUE $65.00 EACH.

Given Away Weekly, Viz:

WINNIPEG ..... ONE
MANITOBA, Outside of Winnipeg... ONE
N. W. Territories and Ontario, points east to Schrieber..... ONE

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR A COUPON.

No employee of the Soap Works allowed to compete.

WONDERFUL ASTHMA RECOVERIES.

Clarke's Kola Compound Officially Tested by the British Columbia Government at the Home for Incurables, Kamloops, B. C., the Medical Superintendent Pronounced Long standing Cases Cured.

Many temporary relief asthma remedies have during the past few years been placed before the public, but until the introduction to the medical profession of Clarke's Kola Compound, nothing has been found to have any effect on preventing future attacks. The Medical Superintendent for the home for incurables in Kamloops, B. C., has had, probably the best chance in Canada to thoroughly test this wonderful remedy for asthma. He reports that on the three cases of asthma where Clarke's Kola Compound has been tried, in not a single instance did it fail to cure, and on one particular case a lady had been confined to her bed most of the time for nearly a year previous to taking this remedy, and less than three bottles have completely cured her. Over one year has now passed, and there has not been the slightest indication of asthma returning. Three bottles of Clarke's Kola Compound are guaranteed to cure any case of asthma. Over 500 case have already been cured in Canada alone by this remedy. Sold by all druggists. Free sample bottle sent to any person mention this paper. Address the Griffiths & Macpherson Co. 121 Church Street Toronto, or Vancouver, B. C., sole Canadian agents.

What They Do Not Say.

He—Your father must be worth at least a million, and you will enable me to go through life in a style I could never hope for without you. I do not love you, it is true, but—one cannot expect everything. If your father fails, I can crawl out of it somehow.

She—Very well. You will never amount to much, but you are good enough as far as you go. I have trifled with so many men that most of them hate me, and I may not get a better offer. If I do, I can break the engagement.—Harlem Life.

Terrible.

Husband (at breakfast)—I had an awful dream last night.

Wife—What was it, John?

Husband—I dreamed that your mother was out riding and the horses ran away. Just as they approached a frightful precipice, with a sheer declivity of 500 feet—

Wife (pale faced)—Oh, John, that was awful!

Husband—I woke up and found it was all a dream. It was simply terrible.—Tit-Bits.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

Services In Demand.

Distinguished Tragedian—You say that you are a universal provider.

Distinguished Tradesman—Yes, sir; walk this way.

Distinguished Tragedian—Then find me—er—a properly appreciative audience, and, egad, you shall have 10 per cent of the receipts.—Pick Me Up.

There can be a difference of opinion on most subjects, but there is only one opinion as to the reliability of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. It is safe, sure and effectual.

WAS NERVY.

And That's Why He Got a Cheap Dinner.

The longer I live the more convinced am I that it is just as fortunate to be born with presence of mind as to be born with presence of wealth, though it isn't always quite so handy in an emergency. I know, for example, a young man in the town, whose ready wit and a carefully cultivated habit of dining out practically multiply his slender salary by two. He went into a cafe one day at luncheon time and ordered roast duck. The duck was a good sized fowl, and the young man ate just about half of it. The bill was $1.

"Good heavens!" exclaimed the young man. "A dollar for a duck! Outrageous!"

"That's the price," said the waiter, pointing out the thing on the bill of fare.

"Ah," said the young man, "that's for a whole duck. I've eaten only half of that one."

The attendant looked puzzled. The young man called the head waiter.

"See here," said he. "Isn't this a European plan cafe? Isn't a man expected to pay for just what he eats?"

"Yes, sir," said the head waiter.

"Well," the young man went on, "this waiter wants to charge me $1 for a whole duck, when I've eaten only half a duck. It's absurd. You might just as well have an American plan place and be done with it."

"But you ordered duck?" remarked the head waiter.

The young man appeared to relent.

"I'll tell you what I'll do," he said. "I'm disposed to deal fairly with you, even if you have been trying to gouge me, and this is what I'll do. I'll pay you right now for the half duck I have eaten. That's perfectly fair and square, and I'll do more. You just put away that other half there, and I'll come in this evening and eat it. Then I'll pay you for it, but I don't propose to pay for any half duck that I haven't had. When I've eaten it I'll pay for it, and I won't pay for it till then. That's fair, isn't it?"

The head waiter had arrived at the stage when he couldn't have told a half duck from a quartered humming bird. He gasped acquiescence. The young man stalked out. An untouched half duck still remains at that cafe to be served C. O. D. to a young man who cometh not, and the head waiter hasn't quite figured it out yet.—Washington Post.

IMPRESSED.

Colonel Stillwell Realized the Truth of the Verse.

The young woman who recites poetry had just been breathing a few soulful stanzas into the ear of Colonel Stillwell. The colonel's ear was not used to it, and he betrayed symptoms of uneasiness.

"You see," he exclaimed apologetically, "I can't really appreciate poetry. I get so busy keeping time to the lines with my feet that I forget to look out for the sense. And when my curiosity gets aroused concerning the sense I forget to keep time. So I may as well confess that it's rather wasted. It might just as well have been done in prose."

"But you surely cannot fail to appreciate the significance of such lines as

"The nights shall be filled with music, and the cares which infest the day
Shall fold up their tents like the Arabs and silently steal away?"

The colonel looked thoughtful. Then he exclaimed:

"No; those lines are all right. They show great knowledge of human nature. I have traveled in the east, and I know all about Arabs. And his character is suggested in that stanza with great delicacy and, at the same time, with accuracy. An Arab will steal anything. You may argue and entreat, and he may apologize and promise, but it won't make any difference. He will go right ahead in his old custom and keep stealing away."—Washington Star.

AN END TO BILIOUS HEADACHE—Biliousness which is caused by excessive bile in the stomach, has a marked effect upon the nerves, and often manifests itself by severe headache. This is the most distressing headache one can have. There are headaches from cold, from fever and from other causes, but the most excruciation of all is the bilious headache. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will cure it—cure it almost immediately It will disappear as soon as the Pill operate. There is nothing surer in the treatment of Bilious headache.

In the Milky Way.

A dispatch just received from Judy's special commissioner in Armenia states that the hopes of reform are hourly diminishing He explains this fact by the dairying assertion that there are Kurds in the whey.—Judy

C. C. Richards & Co.

Dear Sirs,—For some years I have had only partial use of my arm, caused by a sudden strain. I have used every remedy without effect, until I got a sample bottle of MINARD'S LINIMENT. The benefit I received from it caused me to continue its use, and now I am happy to say my arm is completely restored. R. W. HARRISON.

Glamis, Ont.

Are you a sufferer with corns? If you are get a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It has never been known to fail.

Trials of Sudden Wealth.

Mrs. Gaswell—It just makes me mad. Here I go out shopping in my $5,000 Worth dress and just loaded with diamonds, yet folks think I'm poor

Mr Gaswell—They does?

Mrs. Gaswell—Yes, they do. I went into Antigue, Design & Co.'s grand store today to get some furniture for the new house, and at first they didn't show me anything but a lot of old second hand stuff that looked as ef it nd come over in the ark.—New York Weekly

A Social Economist.

"Do you mean to tell me that man wrote a whole book on how to relieve the necessities of the poor?"

"Yes, sir."

"Well, it does seem strange! The idea of taking up a whole book to find out that the only reliable way under present conditions is to go down into your pocket and take out a few dollars—what? Didn't say anything about that method! Well, I declare!"—Washington Star.

So rapidly does lung irritation spread and deepen, that often in a few weeks a simple cough culminates in tubercular consumption. Give heed to a cough, there is always danger in delay. get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and cure yourself. It is a medicine unsurpassed for all throat and lung troubles. It is compounded from several herbs, each one of which stands at the head of the list as exerting a wonderful influence in curing consumption and all lung diseases.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia

Women Need Not Suffer

From those terrible side aches, back aches, headaches and the thousand and one other ills which make life full of misery.

Most of these troubles are due to impure, imperfectly filtered blood—the Kidneys are not acting right and in consequence the system is being poisoned with impurities.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

are daily proving themselves woman's greatest friend and benefactor.

Here is an instance:

Mrs. Harry Fleming, St. Mary's, N.B., says: "The use of Doan's Kidney Pills restored me to complete health. The first symptoms I noticed in my case were severe pains in the small of my back and around the loins, together with general weakness and loss of appetite.

I gradually became worse, until, hearing of Doan's Kidney Pills, I got a box from our druggist.

I am pleased to testify to their effectiveness in correcting the troubles from which I suffered.

Permanent Cure of Salt Rheum.

The permanent cure after permanent cure that is being published week by week has placed Burdock Blood Bitters far above all other remedies in the estimation of the sick and suffering.

Even the severest and most chronic diseases that other remedies fail to relieve yield to the blood purifying, blood enriching properties of B.B.B.

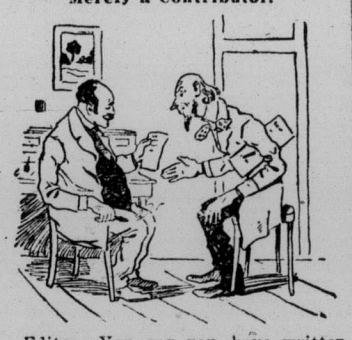
Salt Rheum or Eczema—that most stubborn of skin diseases, which causes such torture and is so difficult to cure with ordinary remedies—cannot withstand B. B. B.'s healing, soothing power.

The case of Mrs. Jas. Sanderson, Emerson, Man., shows how effective B.B.B. is in curing Salt Rheum at its worst, and curing it to stay cured.

This is what she wrote:

"Burdock Blood Bitters cured me of a bad attack of Salt Rheum three years ago. It was so severe that my finger nails came off. I can truly say that I know of no more valuable medicine in the world than B.B.B. It **cured me completely and permanently**, as I have never had a touch of Salt Rheum since."

Merely a Contributor.



Editor—You say you have written for all the leading periodicals, but I don't seem to remember seeing your name.

Contributor—Yes, I've written for them all, but, to tell the truth, they haven't accepted any of my work!—Humoristische Blatter

A DEPRESSING SEASON.

It Is Just Now People Feel Most the Effect of Long Months of Indoor Confinement.

Winter is the most trying season of the year so far as the health is concerned. Confinement indoors and overheated and impure air, makes even usually strong people feel dull, languid and generally run down.

A tonic is needed to assist nature in regaining lost energy. April is the month of all months when a tonic is of the most service. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People is the only true tonic medicine. They do not purge and thus further weaken the already enfeebled constitution. These pills make rich, red, energy-giving blood, and transform listless, tired and worn-out men and women into smiling, healthy, happy work-loving people.

E. Sims, of the Salvation Army, Kingston, writes: "At the time I ordered some of your Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I was physically run down.

I felt a lack of energy, and always had a tired feeling. After using your pills for a time I felt as well as ever I did."

Thousands — some of them your neighbors—have been made well by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, but you must get the genuine, which are sold only in boxes, the wrapper around which bears the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." Sold by all dealers or direct from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50.

The winners of the sewing machines in the Royal Crown Soap Co's. competition for the week ending April 1st are as follows: Winnipeg, Mrs. S. Pritchard, 63 Edward St.; Manitoba, Mrs. W. Lunn, Austin; North West Territories, Charles Davis, Jr., Whitewood. The Royal Crown Soap Co. will continue this competition, giving away three machines each Monday until further notice.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Sensations Said to Be Similar.

"What a strange expression on the face of the gentleman at the foot of the table!"

"Yes; he has either committed a murder or he expects to be called on for a speech."—Stray Stories.

Twin Nightmares.

"Would you have sandwiches and coffee for your opera luncheon?"

"No; Welsh rabbit is the only thing to go with Wagner."—Chicago Record.

Freely Translated.

"What does savoir faire mean?"

"That's French for knowing enough to come in when it rains."—Nuggets.

Don't drop insulting remarks. A bigger man may pick them up.

Remedy for Burns and Scalds.

Accidents are liable to occur at any time. Your child or yourself may become scalded or burned at the most unexpected moment. That is why Griffiths' Menthol Liniment should be kept in every house. Its soothing effect is felt the minute applied, and is unequalled by any other remedy. Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

REPUBLIC MINING STOCKS.

I invite the intending purchaser to write for "Republic Mining Camp" a copy of my recent publication, entitled This is a little effort of mine dealing with one of the richest gold-producing areas in the world. I am exceptionally well informed as to progress of events at Republic, and I can post any enquirer and advise any intending purchaser. At present I can recommend Lone Pine, Butte and Boston, Princess Maud, Reindeer and Jumbo.

E. GARTLY PARKER, Mining Broker, 12 Adelaide St. E., Toronto.

USE ALBERT SOAP.

If your fancy is for a Tar Soap you will find the best in our

MASTER MECHANIC'S EXTRAORDINARY.

(Trade-Mark.) Sold at all Drug Stores.

NATIONAL

POWDERED PHOSPHATE

THE BEST FERTILIZER KNOWN

RESUSCITATES worn out Lands, IMPROVES Good Lands and makes the Best Lands BETTER. IMPROVES the QUALITY of the Crop and Increases the QUANTITY.

AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY DISTRICT IN CANADA.

NATIONAL FARMERS' CO'Y, TORONTO, ONT.

He knows,
His patron knows,
and everybody knows
that this can contains
the purest, best, and
most delicious Coffee
that expert buyers can
procure. It's
Chase & Sanborn's
Seal Brand Coffee,
that's the reason.

FARMS FOR SALE

In every Municipality in the Province of Manitoba.

LOW PRICES. EASY TERMS.

Write for List to

NARES & ROBINSON
Bank of Hamilton Building
Box 1265 WINNIPEG, MAN.

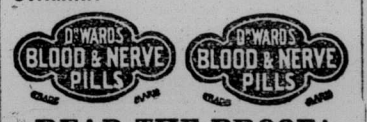
Weight of Newborn Child.

If the cry is loud and the breathing regular, then the child is well For, be it remembered, the average weight of a new born child is only 7 pounds. And while there are many splendidly developed perfect human creatures who press down the scale to 11 and even 12 pounds such excess is exceedingly rare, and there are many that are exquisite in their daintiness, yet fall to weigh more than 4 pounds But these, both alike, if healthy show a skin smooth and delicately mottled when exposed to the air, flesh firm and elastic to the touch, the bones even, and arms and legs moving easily in their sockets.—Dr. Julia H. Smith in New York Ledger

SNAP For the Brain Worker.

STRENGTH For the Physical Worker.

STAMINA For Men, Women and Children.



READ THE PROOF!

GENTLEMEN,—I have for a long time needed something to make blood and build up my system. My blood was watery and thin, lacking strength and vitality. Last January a friend said:—"Why not try Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills? They will supply the oxygen your blood needs and give you health and strength." I told him I was very skeptical as to any benefit that could be derived from any proprietary medicine and had no faith in them. There the matter rested until four months ago, when reading so much about what Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills have done for so many people with impoverished blood, I concluded to give them a trial. I have taken four boxes and my unbelief so far as Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills are concerned has been entirely removed. They are a splendid blood builder and strength restorer, and an invaluable medicine for weak, enervated people. This has been my experience, they having given me strength of body and strong healthy blood.

(Signed), PETER LAWRENCE WHYTE,
988 Queen St. West, Toronto, Ont.

All good druggists can supply you. If they won't, we will by mail. Price 50c. per box; 5 boxes for $2.00. THE DOCTOR WARD COMPANY, Limited, Toronto, Ont.

10c 25c 40c

Iff ure **prowed** u'll pa 40c.
Iff ure **meen** u'll pa 10c.
Iff ure **sencibul** u'll pa 25c.
for a lb. package of

White Star Baking Powder

Because it's PURE
and of the BEST QUALITY.

THE DYSON-GIBSON CO.

HIGH GRADE PLOWS, SEEDING MACHINES, Carriages, Wagons, Harrows, Windmills, &c. COCKSHUTT PLOW CO., Winnipeg.

W. N. U. 215.

W. R. ALLAN
General Insurance Agent

FIRE Companies Represented:
Quebec Fire Assurance Co.
Royal Insurance Co.
Sun Insurance Office
Union Assurance Society

All classes of Insurance transacted, and losses promptly and satisfactorily settled.

VICTOR SAFES

Can you afford to be without a Safe when you can get one from $15.00 up.

WILSON'S COMPUTING SCALES,
ALSO
BAKERS' AND BUTCHERS' SUPPLIES.

WATT & ALBERT,
General Agents,
P. O. Box 589. Winnipeg, Man.

BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES, NEW AND SECOND-HAND, BOWLING ALLEYS AND SUPPLIES.
Large catalogue free.
THE REID BROS., 257 King West, Toronto.

HOME STUDY

Instruction in Shorthand, Book-keeping, Arithmetic, Writing, Business Correspondence, Practical Grammar, Commercial Law, Etc., given at home. If you cannot afford the time or money to attend a regular College to prepare for the duties of life, why waste your evenings when thorough instruction can be given you by mail. Full particulars on application.

Address G. W. DONALD, Sec'y, Winnipeg School of Correspondence. Affiliated with Winnipeg Business College, Winnipeg, Man.

LUCAS, STEELE & BRISTOL, Importers of Groceries, Write us, Hamilton, Ont.
Circle Teas
L. S. & B. Coffees
L. S. & B. Extracts
L. S. & B. Spices

PURE BREAD from PURE HOPS

Wholesome, Healthful, Appetizing

BEAVER BRAND HOPS

For Sale Everywhere.

Wholesale only C. D. PROCTOR & CO Montreal.

JUBILEE BRAND BUILDING PAPER.

Plain and Tarred.

It costs a little more than some others, but as it is the toughest and warmest, it is the cheapest. It is the best in the world. Compare it with others before buying.

Write for free samples.

MERRICK, ANDERSON & CO., WINNIPEG

CARDSTON RECORD.

—:o:—

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Friday at Cardston.

Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance. Advertising Rates on application.

In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisments they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisments will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

Copy for change of advertisments MUST not be in later than Monday noon.

ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Managing Editor,
CARDSTON, N. W. T.,
DRAWER 72. CANADA.

Cardston, April 21, 1899.

HOME MISSIONARIES.

The Home missionaries will visit the different wards in April as follows:

Mountain View, April 9th
Leavitt, April 16th.
West Ætna. April 23rd.
Ætna, April 30th.
Elders A. Mercer and O. E. Bates.

Leavitt Ward April 9th.
Ætna April, 16th.
Caldwell, April 23rd.
Cardston, April 30th.
Elders V. Stewart and J. P. Jordon.

Cardston Ward April 9th.
Mountain View April 16th.
Ætna April 23rd.
Caldwell, April 30th.
Elders Frank Leavitt and Jno. Hunt.

Thos. Duce,
Pres. of Home Missionaries.

C. Marker reports the dairy outlook in the Cardston district to be first class.—Alta. Tribune.

"Nevada, or the Lost Mine" will be presented by the Cardston Dramatic Ass'n, Friday and Saturday nights.

Dr. M. W. Snow is enjoying himself in Chicago, where he is completing a post-graduate course.—Logan (Utah) Journal.

The subject for next Sunday evening at the Presbyterian Church is "The essentials of true Worship." Services 7.30 P. M.

Hyrum Hansen, merchant of Ætna, is collecting building material upon his premises, and will erect an addition to his residence.

L. B. Cochran, immigration agent, went to Lethbridge on Sunday night on business connected with the department. There is a big outfit of settlers going into southern Alberta this spring.—Medicine Hat News.

It is reported in usually well informed circles that James Hill, manager of the Great Northern Ry., proposes to run a branch of that line from Macleod to the international boundary, following the route for which the C. & E. secured a charter. This would give a competing line to British Columbia and the coast.—Macleod Gazette.

Mrs. Sally Hyde has sold out. It is her intention to locate permanently in Canada. Sister Hyde was one of the first settlers in Hyde Park; relict of William Hyde, deceased; the first bishop of this place. The majority of her children have moved there, hence it is only natural she should wish to be with them.—Logan (Ut.) Journal.

Cardston is making an effort to have more direct mail communication via Macleod in place of Lethbridge. This would place the Mormon metropolis in a better position to secure the advantages of Calgary for many purposes. An electric tramway between Macleod and Cardston will be in operation it is believed in the near future.—Alberta Tribune.

Last week as the ranchers from Cardston who were in to town were on their way home, they met with a difficulty at the mouth of the Pot Hole. During their stay in town getting their loads ready, the snow melted rapidly, and by the time they got back to Pot Hole, the creek was a raging torrent. One of the teamsters attempted to cross and, we understand, lost both of his leaders and had some difficulty in getting the balance of his outfit back. The whole party had to camp there for two or three days, by which time the waters had subsided and they were enabled to continue on their journey. In the summer months this creek is entirely dry, excepting in some deep holes here and there.—News

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Tax the dogs.

Farmers are busy plowing.

Many teams are at work on the canal.

Cardston should have a board of trade.

Erastus Olsen was in town on Monday.

Samuel Cox is painting the Ætna meeting house.

A good photographer would do well in Cardston.

Ed. Blazer is again at his post in the grist mill.

There will be two weddings in Ætna next month.

Dr. Brant went to Lethbridge on Sunday and returned Tuesday.

Jens Pearson has gone over to Ætna to work for Mr. R. Pilling.

Wm. H. Alston of Boundary Creek was in Cardston, Saturday.

That was quite a snow storm for so late in the season on Sunday night.

The southern slopes of hills are beginning to put on their green attire.

The strong wind Sunday blew down some of the fence east of the tithing office.

If you want your property insured against loss by fire, call at The Record Office.

John E. Alston came in last week from Nauvoo, Ill. He will make this his future home.

W. M. Sheffield went down to Lethbridge this week and met his wife who returned from a visit.

Mr. John Love, traveling for the Consolidated Stationery Co., of Winnipeg, was in Cardston on Monday.

LOST.—A cape between H. S. Allen & Co. and the Cardston Co. Finder will please leave it at J. A. Anderson's.

Robt. Ramabottom is having material hauled on his lot north of Thos. Duce's, preparatory to the erection of a dwelling.

Mrs. C. O. Card and Mrs. C. E. Snow went to Leavitt on Tuesday for the purpose of attending a meeting of the Y. L. M. I. A.

The men at work on the Cardston Co's cellar are experiencing some difficulty on account of the presence of considerable water.

Mr. Chas Romeril of Cache Co., Utah, who came up last week, returned home on Monday to make final arrangements for moving his family to Alberta.

The overseer will have a bridge built across Lee's Creek on the street between Mrs. Daines' and Mr. Anderson's. Men began work on Tuesday.

There was a very large attendance at the sixty-ninth-annual conference of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints held in Salt Lake City on the 6th. inst.

The Toronto Globe has installed a new Hoe press in their office. It has a speed of 24,000 twelve page papers per hour. It is the most up-to-date newspaper press in Canada.

A large number of settlers arrived in town this week. Their is seldom a day passes without adding a number of arrivals to the rapidly increasing population of Cardston.

It is rumored around town that Ephraim Harker, J. E. Farshee and A. Smith will form a partnership for the purpose of erecting and operating a roller flour mill in Cardston. We trust their is some foundation to the report.

Events in the Territorial Assembly so far are not of especial interest. The members will probably get down to work soon. Premier Haultain has presented a bill to declare and amend the law of partnership, which if assented to will simplify the matter.

The little seven month's old boy baby of Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Allen died at 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon and was buried Monday. The little boy died of pneumonia. This bereavement falls very hard on the parents and all sympathize with them in their great sorrow.

C. Marker, Superintendent of Dairying in Alberta, reports that "the prospects for dairying for the season of 1899 are very good in this district. Our department has arranged to take over and operate in addition to the already established stations, the creameries at Olds and Cardston. Arrangements have also been made to establish cream receiving stations at Ponoko and Leduc. We look for a substantial increase in the output of butter this season."—Nor' West Farmer

COAL, COAL, COAL!

Clarke Mine, - - - - - - Belly River.

$2.25 per ton at the Mine.

Delivered in Cardston for $5.00 per ton.

Orders may be left at Co-op or Allen store.

Theatre to-night.

Where is the immigration building?

R. A. Pilling was in from Ætna on Tuesday.

Pres. C. O. Card is expected home this week.

Born,—a boy to the wife of J. Williams on the 16th. inst.

From July 10th. to 15th., Winnipeg will hold a great industrial fair.

The Cardston Drug Co. will probably be ready for business next week.

W. W. Sheffield purchased a town lot from Prest. J. A. Woolf the other day.

Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Merriett have moved into a portion of A. J. Gay's residence.

Eph. Harker's wife presented her husband with a boy baby this week. All well.

We are reliably informed that there is no doubt whatever but that a tri-weekly mail service will at once be established between Cardston and Macleod.

Mrs. Bert Talbot presented her husband with a fine girl baby on Sunday night. This is Bert's third girl; but judging from his happy mood one would imagine it was his first.

Diphtheria, typhoid fever, etc., are making themselves obnoxious to the people of Macleod. Last week a child died in that town of diphtheria and a gentleman died of typhoid fever.

Do you consider it honest or gentlemanly for a man to permit his advertisement to run in a newspaper five months and then come around to the office and order the advertisement out and refuse to pay a cent for it? Such action is a deliberate theft of valuable space.

The people who make up the majority of Cardston's inhabitants are not in a condition for a special school tax, and the Trustees should at present neither purchase nor build a school house. In the course of a year or two the people will be in a position to better stand additional taxation.

Work on the irrigation ditch will be in full blast in a few days now. On Wednesday morning Mr. Forse, of the irrigation survey, with a staff of eight men, left for the scene of operations, and this morning Mr. Grace and Mr. Vickery, with equally large outfits pulled out.—News.

In conversation with Canal Contractor John M. Dunn, who was in Cardston the other day employing men to work for him, we ascertained the following facts: They pay $1.75 for single hands, without board, or $1.25 with board; $3.50 is paid men with teams. Mr. Dunn commenced work with quite a number of teams this week.

The postal revenue of Cardston for the past financial year amounted to $572. Not much in comparison to the following: Calgary $12,349; Regina $7,753; Edmonton $5,325; Macleod $4,958; Lethbridge $3,399; Innisfail $1,174; Red Deer $1,107; Banff $1,185; South Edmonton $1,065; Olds $593; Medicine Hat $2,822; Prince Albert $2,630; Wetaskiwin $1,111 and Battleford $815.

It is really too bad that an immigraion bulding is not at once erected in Cardston. Hundreds of families are arriving but there is not proper accomodation in Cardston at present for a half dozen additional families. However, in case they consider it too late to build this spring, then purchase a suitable place. The editor knows of just the proper building in a convenient location which can be bought at a reasonable figure.

If you have a friend or relative visiting you, says an exchange or know of any news item that would be of interest to the average newspaper reader, just keep the item or items from the editor and when the paper comes out look eagerly for the very news you neglected to mention to the editor, or send to the office and failing to find the items you wanted to see in print, throw down the paper, abuse the editor, tell your neighbors that he is indolent and prejudiced and that there is no news in the paper this week. This is the proper way to make your local paper newsy, attractive and popular.

CHURCH NOTICE.

Divine Service in the Presbyterian Church, every Sabbath evening at 7:30 P. M.

OFFICIAL INFORMATION.

Earl of Minto,.... Governor-General of Canada.
Sir Wilfrid Laurier,.... Premier of Canada.
A. E. Forget,.. Lieutenant Governor of N. W. T.
L. G. De Veber,.... M. L. A. for Lethbridge District
Horace Harvey,.. Registrar for Dist. of So. Alberta.
W. F. McCreery,.. Commr. of Immig'r, Winnipeg.
J. A. Hammer,.... Overseer, Village of Cardston.

C. F. P. CONYBEARE, Q.C.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
LETHBRIDGE, - ALBERTA.
Office Next door to "News" Office.

H. W. Brant, M.D.
Graduate and qualified Physician and Surgeon.
Offers his services to the people of Cardston and vicinity.

C. O. CARD,
SUB AGENT
DOMINION LANDS.
ALSO AGENT FOR
RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY
. . . AND . . .
PRIVATE LANDS.
Office Hours: 9 to 4.

Robert Ibey, Agent for
PIANOS & ORGANS.
Organs from $75 00 up to $175 00
Pianos " $250 00 " " 700 00
Sewing Machine
From $25 00 to $80 00.

Advertising in The Cardston Record pays.

Space - Reserved for Cardston Drug Co.

HOTEL DE WOOLF
RATES, $ 1.50 PER DAY.
Livery & Feed Stable.
Cardston, - Alberta.

Samuel Cox,
Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting,
& Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
CARDSTON. . . ALBERTA.

Hooked up at last.
HARNESS & SADDLERY.

Quality first Prices right.
S. H. Horner,
CARDSTON, Next Kearl's Livery Stable

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.
All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.
Cardston. . . . . Alberta.

Meat Market.
Wm. Wood.
Smoked Tongue, Hams and Bacon.
My own cure.
Cash paid for hides

The Best is always cheapest.

Fence Wire { "Baker" Painted. "Glidden" alv'zd
McClary **Stoves.**
McCormick { Mowers & Binders
Cockshutt { Hay Rakes, Plows, Harrows etc. etc. Drill, Disc Harrows
Wagons { "Bain" American. "Cooper" " "Adams" Paris Canadian.

SHOES—"Harvey-Van-Norman"—brands.
Are THE BEST and are sold by the
The Cardston Co. Ltd
Largest and best stock of General Merchandise ever brought to Cardston.

Mott, Son & Co.,
Macleod.
DEALERS IN
Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Doors, Windows, etc.

We have purchased ¼ million feet of well seasoned lumber which we can sell at reasonable prices.

We invite the people of Cardston to come and see our stock.

When you want receipt or note Books call at THE RECORD Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts. You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

THE RECORD has the agency for CLEVELAND BICYCLES. Can sell you a good one for $40, or a better one for $90. Ladies' Bicycles from $40, up to $80. Now is the time to order your Bicycle. The Cleveland Bicycle is the BEST made.

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

For Sale.

Columbia Graphophone, 26-inch horn, with folding stand, two-way hearing tube, and 85 records, all in perfect condition. Come and see it at this office.

Fire and Life Insurance.

Equitable Life. (Assets $200,000,000.)
British America Fire Assurance Co.
Western Fire Assurance Co.
Agency, RECORD Office.

The Weekly Globe, Toronto, $1.00 a year. THE RECORD has agency.

At the Kearl Hotel.—G. G. Anderson, Lethbridge; Mr. Pearce, Calgary; Charles Savory, Lethbridge; Thos. Brown, Brown and Ross Ranch; G. D. West, California; M. Oliet, Idaho; John Love, Winnipeg; Mr. Freeman, Lethbridge; Mr. and Mrs. Merriott, Ed. Ivans, Howard Messenger, Jas. Austin, Lee, Austin, Gus. Austin, Joseph Pushez; W. M. Maude, Provo; J. A. Daryerfield, Calgary; Jas. Cook, Boundary; W. W. Sheffield, Cardston;

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, both one year for $2.50.

FOR SALE—Model 1 Improved Hand Printing Press. Chase 5x7. At RECORD Office.*

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends. 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

ENVELOPES.

Comply with the postal requirements by using your envelopes printed by THE RECORD.

Kearl Hotel
Kearl & Sharp, Props.

First Class in all Appointments.

$1.50 per day and upwards.

Meals, 40 Cents.

Livery, Feed & Sale Stables

Good outfits furnished at all hours.

Rates Reasonable.

The Great West Magazine will publish an illustrated article on the Mormons of Cardston in a forthcoming number. Bring ten cents to this office and your name will be put down for a copy of the magazine. Every family should procure a copy and preserve it.

H. W. SAVORY
Boundary Creek (Cardston P. O.) Alta.
Saddle & Work Horses For Sale.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, APRIL 28, 1899. NO. 40.

VISIT TO SALT LAKE CITY.

Salt Lake City, April 9, 1899.
To the Editor of the Cardston Record.

Dear Sir:—Presuming upon your interest in news and the interest of some of your readers in the beautiful city of the saints, I have written a few of my observations while a visitor within its gates.

Upon arriving in Salt Lake valley we found the snow had given way before the warm rays of the sun, and farmer and gardener were busily plying their trade. As the speed slackened and we started to leave the train, we were almost carried off our feet by the crowd leaving the cars and those thronging the platform, in eager expectation of meeting dear ones coming in to conference.

Nor were we forgotten by our friends, the "cabbies," each seemed to have gotten his conference voice in excellent condition to the bewilderment and confusion of "the country cousin."

After reaching our hotel and eating breakfast, we were glad to rest after our long journey of some 997 miles.

The following morning, Friday the 7th, we directed our steps toward the tabernacle where the conference of the saints was to be held.

This building is a most wonderful structure. It is built in an oblong shape and resembles a huge turtle shell. The walls are composed of pillars and doors. The roof is self supporting. The building has a seating capacity of 12,000 and contains the great organ, which is in itsself is one of the wonders of the American continent.

The organ was built by Joseph Ridges. Almost entirely of native wood is 48 ft. high 33 wide 30 ft. deep and contains 2,648 pipes.

Upon reaching the tabernacle we were fortunate enough to secure a seat near the stand where we could hear all that was said.

To sit among that vast throng and hear the words of inspiration as they fell from the lips of those great and good men, our leaders, was to me a great joy.

In the afternoon the people flocked to the south gate, where happy greeting and hearty hand shaking was the order of the day.

Here we met many of my old friends and we were pleased to note that two years had not affaced from their hearts kind remembrance of us.

Now, wending our way toward the business part of the city it was interesting to see the different types of humanity that thronged the streets. The picture was one not to pass by without note.

The many different costumes contrasted strangly with the shop windows, which were decorated with every color and device to catch the eye and stray nickles of the sight seeing public.

In the evening we attended a concert in the tabernacle under the direction of Even Stevens. The chorusous consisted of three by the young ladies choir of 700, and one by the young men's choir of 500 voices making in all 1,200 voices when altogether.

When that great number arose and sang with one accord, one was reminded of the song of the ocean, so great was the sound as it echoed and re-echoed through that vast building.

The choirs were aided by some of the best artists of the inter-mountain region, making in all a most enjoyable evening.

After returning to our rooms and talking over the events of the day we felt repaid already for our long, tiresome journey.

With kind regards to all our friends in that far off land, we are, yours sincerely,

L. H. T.

A lady riding a bicycle was killed by a runaway team in Winnipeg last week.

Since the first of the year the mortality in Toronto has exceeded the birth rate.

The Canadian boom has struck bur berg (Heber). There are quite a number of our young men up there now and are writing flattering reports back to their parents and comrades. Several families have moved up there already, and many more are talking of going this summer.—Deseret (Ut.) News.

AMATEUR THEATRICALS.

Nevada, or The Lost Mine, was presented by the Missionary Dramatic Association of Cardston last Friday and Saturday evenings to appreciative audiences. Though old and frazzled, the play is nevertheless replete with human interest, the warp and woop of the story being woven with threads of love and gold. The villain, too, is in evidence and like all villains should, gets off the earth in rapid style. Nevada, the wanderer, who had the fortune to find a gold mine of untold wealth and the misfortune to lose it, becomes a monomaniac on the subject of the mine and forms the central figure of the play. The camp in which he lives and near which is located his lost bonanza, is the scene of the story, and here an old miner, a waif and a widow seem to comprise the elite of the camp's society. A dark and yellow streak of cosmopolitanism is contributed to the make-up of the community in the presence of a "nigger" and a chinaman, while, for the nonce, a visitor from fakirland in the person of a pill peddler posing as a missionary of health, with a pot of paint and prolific vocabulary, makes things lively all around. In the evolution of the play family affairs are unravelled, love and virtue triumph, the lost mine is found, everybody is supposed to live happily ever after, but in the language of the fakir "for further particulars see small bills and look out for paint."

In critizing such a performance as this with the existing disadvantages of meager stage paraphernalia and lack of training, it would be cruel to condemn. Not only that, it would be unjust; for undeniably there was much talent shown and much more latent and available if it were given proper direction for development. Will Steed, as Nevada, had a thorough conception of his part and played it well. It throbs with interest and appeals strongly to the emotions of both player and people. Mr. Stead made the hit of the evening and with a little less stultiness and staginess in his walk there would not be much left to improve. Miss Susie Wood, as Moselle, the waif, was a sparkling bit of color and vivacity, but a little forced at first in her show of merriment. Otherwise, she was clever, natural and precocious. The lack of naturalness was noticeable in all of the characters with the exception of Messrs. R. Ramsbottom and E. H. Bolderson and Madames Merriett and Leavitt who acquitted themselves with credit. Mrs. Merriett was so exceedingly realistic that she drew Ramsbottom's blood with her broom. The need of the prompter was painful at times, especially on the first night, and as a consequence the play dragged wearily.

Messrs. Bates and Sheffield, as the "nigger" and chinaman, respectively, were more or less connundrums. Neither succeeded very well in mastering the dialect, but their antics were amusing, if they did descend at times from comedy to horseplay. Had they exchanged characters the result would doubtless have been more fitting.

With less immobility of countenance on proper occasion Robt. Ibey would have made a better villain (this is not paradoxical, though all villains are deemed to be bad) but otherwise he had his part well in hand and his eye on the prompter's box, while Mr. Bolderson as Dandy Dick, evinced both study and ability in the performance of his role.

N. Tanner as Tom Carew, had his part quite well in hand, and though new to the "business" of the stage he had a good conception of the proper requirements. He was, however, rather brusque as a lover, rough miner though he was. Mr. Ramsbottom, as the Missionary of health, was the life of the play and was admirably suited to the part. He has evidently mistaken his vocation in life. Altogether the production was a creditable one, and the participants deserve every commendation and encouragement. With the amount of talent displayed and the necessary attention given to detail and general developemnt, practice should make perfect. M.

This has not so far been an ideal spring.

The brass band discoursed music on the streets last Sunday.

SOUTHERN ALBERTA.

Comparitively few residents of Alberta outside of the district immediately concerned have any idea of the magnitude of the irrigation work which is now being carried on in Southern Alberta, says the Calgary Herald. A main ditch 60 miles long is being constructed for the irrigation of a tract of land a half a million acres in area. The water supply will be taken from the St. Mary's river at a point near the mountains and six miles north of the international boundary. The St. Mary's is a strong and swift flowing stream capable of supplying sufficient force and volume of water to make the canal itself a good sized stream. The ditch will open up and make available for agricultural purposes an enormous tract of land which has hitherto been practically of no value. The irrigation company, which is composed of members of the Mormon colony at Cardston, proposes to construct the work by Bormon labor, and it is said that no less than 4000 Mormons are coming in from Utah for the purpose. The workers will be rewarded for their service with grants of land in the area to be irrigated by the ditch a fact which should be a great inducement to intending settlers.

The action of the town of Lethbridge in granting a bonus of $30,000 to the company will be generally approved. Construction of this ditch in the district tributary to the town means to Lethbridge all the difference between rapid progress and stolid stagnation, and it is safe to say that in the near future the tax payers whose vote on the bylaw was practically unanimous will find this $30,000 an extremely profitable investment. Now that the town has added to its magnificent tract of coal fields an enormous area of land suitable for agriculture, the material prosperity of Lethbridge will shortly become an established fact.

AN OPPOSITION.

The following editoral from the Medicine Hat "News" voices our sentiments:

"An opposition is developing in our House of Assembly. It will depend much upon the platform it advocates whether or not it will be welcomed by the people. If it is to be an opposition drawn up on Federal party lines—which seems out of the question—it will not meet with approval. If it is to be an opposition formed out of the Calgary and Alberta members and such following as they can get, to boom Calgary for the capital, and incidentally to tack on Alberta autonomy or Territorial division, that policy will not find general support. If, however, it is an opposition formed on broad and general principles, free from narrownesses and sectional and personal motives, it might not be an unmixed blessing. Generally speaking the Haultain-Ross Government has continued to enjoy the confidence and support of the people of the West. The formation of an opposition in the new Assembly will soon show whether or not that confidence continues. The present movement probably comes nearer developing into a clearly-out-lined opposition than anything we have yet had in the House. It would seem almost impossible, and a unique position, if the Government could continue on from session to session, in the confidence of the people, and with all the peoples' representatives of practically the mind on the main public questions. Opposition would naturally develop some day or other. If an opposition party is now going into business, let them hang up their platform and let the people see wherein it differs from that of the well-tried government which has been at the head of affairs for the past number of years."

Fur over-coats have not gone out of fashion.

"It's a good country; but the climate, ugh;"

We wish Commissioner McCreary would pay a visit to Cardston and surrounding settlements.

The Wetaskiwin "Free Lance" has gracefully dropped out of sight. The Calgary "Herald" absorded the plant, goodwill, etc.

If you want your property insured against loss by fire, call at The Record Office.

NOTICE.

The LIQUOR LICENSE Ordinance North-West Territories.

The following application for a License has been made and will be considered by the Board of License Commissioners for License District No. 6, at Macleod, on Friday the 26th. day of May, 1899, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Kerr and Sharp.....The Kearl Hotel, Cardston. Hotel License.

Dated at Regina, this 18th. day of April, 1899.

VICTOR DODD,
Chief License Inspector.

RELIEF SOCIETY CONFERENCE.

The Relief Society Conference of the Alberta Stake, will be held in the Cardston Meeting House Saturday 29th. commencing at 10 o'clock A. M. All are cordially invited.

Mary L. Woolf,
Rhoda C. Hinman,
Jane Hinman.

Notice of Dissolution.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership, heretofore subsisting between us as Contractors and Builders, at the Village of Cardston, in the District of Alberta, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be paid to James Evans of Cardston aforesaid, and all claims against the said partnership are to be presented to the said James Evans, by whom the same will be settled.

Dated at Cardston this 11th. day of April, A. D., 1899.

(Sd) W. M. Wolsey.
(Sd) James Evans.

Witness: C. E. Snow.

NOTICE.

An Officers meeting of the Stake Board of the Y. L. M. I. A. will be held on the first Wednesday of every month at the home of Prest. C. O. Card.

ZINA Y. CARD,
Prest.

CLIPPINGS.

FROM LETHBRIDGE NEWS:

Several teams loaded with scrapers and plows to be used on the irrigation ditch, passed through town on Monday. The contractor evidently intend having a large gang of men and teams at work shortly.

* * *

Mr. G. P. Ashe, of the St. Mary's, was in town Monday. Mr. Ashe is moving his cattle over to the Milk River country, the country around Cardston getting too thickly settled now for stockraising.

* * *

Mr. H. C. Colles and family, of Colles, Alta., rancher, having disposed of his horses, cattle and implements, left by Monday night's train for Council Bluffs, Iowa. Mr. Colles was an old timer in this section, being about the first to start ranching in the Cardston district, where now the country is thickly settled. The NEWS wishes them prosperity in their new home.

FROM MACLEOD ADVANCE:

Mr. Mott paid Cardston a flying visit last week.

* * *

The people of Cardston are asking for a tri-weekly mail service between that place and Macleod.

* * *

A number of teams came in from Cardston, last week. They loaded up with lumber to be used in making the necessary repairs to the St. Mary's river bridge.

* * *

It is more than probable that before very long the bulk of the supplies used at Cardston will come to Macleod and be hauled from this point out to that settlement. These supplies have hitherto been shipped to Lethbridge and freighted from there out to Cardston, but since the building of the bridge over the Kootenai river, south of Macleod, the men engaged in hauling this freight would prefer to haul from Macleod, as the trail between here and Cardston is a better one, besides being several miles the shorter.

FROM SALT LAKE HERALD:

Fred Blumell and family expect to leave Farmington for Canada in about a week.

* * *

Howard Hinman will leave for Alberta, Canada, next week.

A lot of new printing material arrived at this office last week.

Prest. Card went down to Lethbridge on Tuesday.

The Customers on our Books are a Proof that

Here's Proof

the clothing we offer you for Spring is not Ready-made Clothing as is generally understood, **but**

SHOREY'S

Ready Tailored

Fully Guaranteed Goods.

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YUKON LAWYERS' ACT

THE ORDINANCE REGARDING THE PROFESSION IS STRUCK OUT.

I. B. Taylor, a Member of the Staff of the House of Commons, Died in His 70th Year.

Ottawa, April 16 —The Dominion government has disallowed an ordinance regarding the legal profession in the Yukon, and has passed another amending the same. The ordiance disallowed, provided that a barrister or advocate had to practice six months in the office of a legal firm in the Yukon before he was entitled to be admitted to practice in the courts. There were certain fees to be paid in addition to the producing of evidence that the applicant was a member of the profession in one of the provinces of Canada or the Northwest Territories. In addition to the ordinance being recast, the principal part, preventing a barrister from practising before being six months in the Yukon, has been struck out.

I. B. TAYLOR DEAD.

I. B. Taylor, of the house of commons staff, died at his residence here this morning. He was in his seventieth year and has been in the service for the past fifteen years. Mr. Taylor was proprietor of the Ottawa citizen at one time and also had the contract for the parliamentary and departmental printing. He afterwards, in 1876, purchased the Ottawa Times, which was a Liberal newspaper, but Mr. Taylor made it Conservative. It only survived the change for a few months it became defunct. Mr. Taylor was only a few days sick.

Alms House Horror.

Chatham, N. B. April 16.—The county alms house here was destroyed by fire early this morning, four aged inmates were burned to death. The flames broke out at midnight. Thirty paupers were sleeping in the building besides the keeper and matron, Mr. and Mrs. Templeton, with their servant. The fire came so suddenly and spread so rapidly that nothing could be done to save the poorhouse, which, with several outbuildings, were entirely destroyed. The bodies of three men have been found and the fourth, who is believed to have met the same fate as the others, is missing.

The names of the lost are: Owen McLean, Henry Hobb, John McIntyre and Thos. Black. Nearly all the other inmates had a narrow escape from death and were burned and bruised.

Story is Discredited.

Victoria, April 16 —In reference to a report from Halifax that troops just arrived there were being rushed across the continent to a transport awaiting at Esquimalt presumably to take them to Samoa, Col. Grant, the Royal Engineer officer in charge here, said that he had received no intimation whatever of such a movement and thought it very unlikely that it would be decided upon without notifying him. He was inclined to discredit the whole story as being one of many sensational reports of a similar character which proved unfounded.

In the suit of Cannessa vs. Nicol, the action in which an order was made that plaintiff execute a certain deed or on refusing be committed to gaol for contempt of court. Yesterday morning an application was made to Mr. Justice Martin for his release on the ground that at the time of his commitment no warrant had been issued. Since then however, a warrant has been issued and the application was dismissed without costs. Cannessa is in the Westminster gaol.

The libel suit of Frank S. Taggart against the Mining Record and H. Mortimer Lamb its editor, was heard yesterday. Taggart is agent of Downing, Hopkins & Co., of Seattle, Portland, and a member of the Chicago Stock exchange. Lamb in the Mining Record, which is practically owned by Hewitt Bostock M. P., said that Taggart ran "a bucket shop in Vancouver" and the latter sued for libel. The jury awarded Taggart $50 and costs.

Strange Prayer.

Philadelphia, Pa., April 16.—Frank Stephens, of this city, who remarked at the single tax dinner in New York on Thursday night that he hoped "the God of battles will smite our soldiers in the Philippines with fearful and overwhelming defeat," has reiterated his remarks here to reporters. He said: "The statement was not a hasty or chance one, but one that is the result of much thought and consideration. Every word I uttered I intended should be taken absolutely as it was spoken. I maintain that the United States has no right in the Philippines and I again state that I sincerely hope that the God of vengeance will overwhelmingly defeat our troops."

Mr. Stephens is a well known single tax advocate and was imprisoned in Delaware for a week for delivering single tax speeches in that state.

Hong Kong Rebellion.

Hong Kong, April 16.—The villagers of Tai Poo Su, one of the newly acquired places of British territory on the Hong Kong mainland, rebelled yesterday and burned some British matsheds They are now armed and occupy the hills. Troops have been sent to quell the disturbances.

Buried in Snow.

Seattle, April 16.—A special from Wellington says: While a rotary snow plow was clearing the Great Northern track on this side of Madison it was struck by an avalanche and dashed a thousand feet down the canyon. There were seven persons on the engine in addition to the regular crew, all been dug out of the snow but one. Four men were injured, three fatally, probably. About 170 men are searching for the missing man. The injured were taken to Everett. It is expected the track will be clear in twelve hours.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Saturday, April 15.

A car of settlers' effects were burned at Rosser, Man.

Anna Nichol, of Ottawa, was killed by a falling icicle.

The British dailies gave the budget a lukewarm reception.

A fire at Carman destroyed $20,000 worth of property.

The international Y. W. C. As elected officers in Milwaukee.

An addition to St. Boniface hospital will be built this year.

Changes in the Winnipeg Industrial prize list are announced.

The western grain delegates will meet the government on Tuesday.

Fatalities are reported in connection with Nebraska prairie fires.

It is rumored the Dominion government will abolish the canal tolls.

W. W. Carter, proprietor of the Clifton house, Winnipeg, is dead.

Lord Minto laid the corner stone of St. Hilda's college, Toronto, Ont.

Marine underwriters will advance the St. Lawrence steamboat risks.

Britain and Germany have agreed on the terms of the Samoan commission.

The Regina assembly discussed the partnership law and the new election act.

The Manitoba Liberals will hold a convention in Winnipeg in June or July.

Ex-Queen Kapiolani, of Hawaii, is stricken with another stroke of apoplexy.

The Western Canada Lacrosse association held their annual meeting in Winnipeg.

The Brandon board of trade endorsed the Manitoba Grain Standards board's action.

The collector of customs at Bathurst, N. S., was arrested for being short in accounts.

Maitland and Grand river overflows are doing great damage to property in western Ontario.

The body of Sir Arthur Curtis, who was lost on the Ashcroft trail, was found by Indians.

The minister of the interior spoke at Brockville, in the interests of the Liberal candidate.

The U. S. troops have captured the towns of Longes and Paete in the Philippines with five killed.

The representatives of the Winnipeg grain exchange interviewed the commissioner of the inland revenue department.

The president of the Dominion Travellers' association waited on the minister of justice with regard to alleged grievances.

Premier Greenway and Provincial Treasurer McMillan will leave for Ottawa next week in connection with the school lands.

The lumbermen of the States state that the government will retaliate against the Ontario lumber act. Mr. J. M. Gibson states they can go ahead.

A Wife's Heroic Deed.

Chicago, Apirl 16.—At Highwood, a town several miles north of this city, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Becker were fatally burned by a gasoline stove explosion. Mrs. Becker while out of doors heard the explosion and rushed to the kitchen where she found it in flames, her husband lay unconscious on the floor with his clothes on fire. The house was practically ruined. The couple are about 33 years old and three small children, frantic with fright, stood helplessly by while their parents battled vainly against the flames that enveloped them from head to foot. The victims, yelling with pain, were carried to a neighboring house where they lingered until death stopped their suffering.

New York, April 15.—Fire destroyed a stable on West Sixty-seventh street this morning and a young man, Wm. Marshall, who had permission to sleep there until he could secure work, was burned to death. Above the roaring flames and the neighing of horses could be heard the cries and groans of Marshall as he tried to force the doors. Bars were secured and an effmade to beat in the wood or break the locks, but it was unavailing, As the flames increased in volume the cries gradually died away and when the firemen arrived they heard only faint groans.

Fire Captain Cosgrove burst open the door of the upper story with an axe and dived into the smoke and flames. Presently he returned with Marshal in his arms. The young man's face was scorched and burned. His clothing ablaze, but still alive. Before the fireman reached the ground however, he died. When the lower floors were opened, seven horses ran out and two were left in and burned to death.

Morine Recalled.

Halifax, April 16.—A dispatch from St. John's, Nfld., says: Hon. Mr. Morine has been appointed to the executive council, taking the portfolio of minister of marine and fisheries. Sir Hugh McCallum, the governor, has given to the press a copy of the letter in which he recalls Mr Morine to the ministry. In the course of it, the governor says he has investigated Mr. Morine's connection with Mr. Reid, the railway contractor for whom Mr. Morine is general counsel, and found the same an honest and honorable man. He gives Mr. Morine a high certificate of character and condemns the press for inuendos against the ministry, Mr. Morine and Mr. Reid, expressing his happiness at being able to right the wrong done Mr. Morine.

Sensational Story.

New York, April 16 —A Washington dispatch to the Brooklyn Eagle says: From inside official naval circles comes a report that before long the country may be treated to another sensational story in connection with the late war with Spain. It is said that proof will be forthcoming to show that at the battle of Cardenas the shot that struck the Winslow and killed Ensign Bagley, was fired, not from the Spanish forts, but from the United States gunboat Wilmington. The fire of the latter being too low to reach the shore. The correspondent of the Eagle is unable to obtain any detailed statement but his information is from a reliable source.

The Raleigh Welcome.

New York, April 16.—From localities to the east and west of the city this morning the jagged skyline of Manhattan presented a gala appearance under a long line of flags fluttering a welcome to the United States ship Raleigh. The shipping in the bay and the liners at the river docks showed dressed tops and the low buildings along the water front were gay with flags and bunting. The Raleigh is expected to reach New York this afternoon.

ABOLISH THE TOLLS.

QUESTION UNDER REVISION.—TO BE ABOLISHED PERHAPS.

The Dominion Travellers' Association Grievance.—Collector of Customs Arrested.

Ottawa, April 14.—The premier told a delegation from Port Colborne that waited on him, Sir Richard Cartwright and Messrs. Blair and Fielding, that the question of canal tolls was under revision. This means that they will be largely reduced if not abolished.

TRAVELLERS' GRIEVANCES.

Mr. Murdock, president of the Dominion Travellers' association, of Montreal, and Mr. Rolland, ex-president, had an interview with Hon. David Mills in regard to an act passed by the Prince Edward Island legislature. About five years ago the island legislature passed an act making it compulsory for all commercial travellers who visited the province on business having to take out a license of $15 each. Last session this act was amended by providing that all sales made by travellers and goods delivered on the island under such sales cannot be protected in the courts, in other words, payment cannot be sued for in such cases. Mr. Mills promised to consider the matter.

A COLLECTOR ARRESTED.

Mr. Baldwin, collector of customs at Bathurst, N. B., has been placed under arrest by the inland revenue department for being short in his collections. Mr. Baldwin made collections for the inland revenue on commission and he is said to be about $2,000 behind. As far as the customs department is concerned the officials here do not know of any shortages. Mr. Baldwin was appointed in 1894.

DEADMAN'S ISLAND LEASE.

Mr. Ludgate expects to return to the coast this evening with the lease of Deadman's island in his possession.

MURDERED HER FATHER.

Mrs. Dora Jeffries Kills Her Father With an Axe in New York.

New York, April 14.—Suspected of having murdered her aged father by battering his skull with an axe, Mrs. Dora Jeffries is locked up to-day at Liberty avenue police station, Brooklyn. It required four policemen to place her in the patrol wagon and to take her to the station. She and her father, Thomas Hannon, lived at 2544 Atlantic avenue and it was there he was assaulted. He died at St. Mary's hospital shortly after midnight.

Late yesterday afternoon Mrs. Jeffries ran into a barber shop nearby and cried out that something was the matter with her father. A policeman was summoned and an examination made. He was lying across a bed with the whole of the left side of his head crushed in the bed was saturated with blood and lying beside the wounded man was an axe, covered with blood and hair. There were marks of several distinct blows on the old man's skull. He was very nearly dead when Policeman Carroll went up to him.

Mrs. Jeffries is extremely nervous about the entire matter, and all that could be elicited from her was that there had been no one in their rooms all day except herself and her father and he must have inflicted the injuries upon himself. She said also in her excitement that her father must have fallen. Finally the officer placed the woman under arrest, she became infuriated and struck the policeman several in the face, then she creamed and struggled and fought and it required the efforts of four officers to subdue her.

Hannon died at the hospital without regaining consciousness. Mrs. Jeffries raved and fought at the station house and screamed hysterically that she could not tell how her father had been killed if she were to be put into the electric chair for it. Mrs. Jeffries is 26 years old, and her father 60.

Floods in Ontario.

Gorrie, April 14.—James Perkins, M. P., grain merchant and treasurer of the township of Howick, was drowned last night while endeavoring to save his property which the overflow of the Maitland river had endangered.

Elora, April 14.—The ice in the Grand river, above here, gave way last night causing the water in the river to rise to a great height. Industrial institutions situated along the river banks here sustained great damage by the flooding of the lower flats and the carrying away of property by the ice.

The Dominion Brussels Carpet company were the chief losers, but the Richardson saw mill, Howards' flour mills and Mundell & company's furniture factory all suffered severely. The total loss will run up into the thousands.

Six People Drowned.

Denver, Col., April 14.—A special to the News from Cheyenne, Wyo. says: Word has reached here of a terrible accident at Sheridan, in which six persons lost their lives. Melted snow caused both Big and Little Goose creeks to overflow their banks and flood the town. Into the raging torrent a Burlington train plunged and six passengers were drowned. Further particulars are unobtainable.

Sentenced to Hang.

Vancouver, B. C., April 14.—Donald Perrier has been found guilty of the murder of Jennie Rogers, alias Anderson, at New Westminster, and will hang on May 30th.

Large Steamer.

Lorain, O., April 14.—The steamer Henry W. Oliver, built for the Wilson Transit company, was launched from the yards of the Cleveland Ship Building company yesterday afternoon. It is claimed the steamer will carry a greater cargo than any vessel afloat. Her dimensions are: Length, 464 feet; beam, 50; depth 28 1-2 feet.

WOMAN AGAINST WOMAN

BY MRS. MARY E. HOLMES.

Author of "A Woman's Love," "The Wife's Secret" "Her Fatal Sin," "A Heartless Woman," "A Wife's Peril," "A Desperate Woman," Etc.

CHAPTER V.

Alice awoke early the next morning. She had indeed slept but little. Her wounded pride and aching heart proved veritable thorns in her pillow.

She was haunted all night by the vision of Roy's fair, handsome face bending over Valerie's head, gazing into her eyes with an eternity of love.

She did not like Valerie, yet she was just.

"It is I who keep them apart. What can I do—what can I do?" was the thought that raged in her mind, and to this she could find no answer.

She rose and took her bath, then robed herself in her simple grey gown, and wrapping a mantle round her, for the morning was chilly, she left her apartments and stole through the silent corridor to the gardens and grounds.

Through the two months that had elapsed since the strange and terrible episode that had changed her whole life, the girl had lived entirely alone.

She gave herself up to study, and books, and for recreation walked a while in the park, till she knew every nook and corner by heart.

No thought of pride or joy that she was part owner of this proud estate came to her mind as she passed through the avenues of leafless trees, and caught glimpses of the Castle, standing like a grey sentinel in the background. Instead, she wished now, day and night, for something that should free her from her husband, and take away the shame that hung over her.

She walked on quietly. The wind was sighing in the trees, sounding mournful and weird to the ear.

At last she reached a spot she frequented most. It was thickly wooded, and even now, though autumn was at hand, the leaves were scarcely thinned. It was quiet and secluded, and Alice loved it.

She flung herself down on an old trunk, and gave way to her thoughts.

She heeded not the chill wind or the mournful rustle of the trees, but after she had sat some time, she became conscious of the approach of some person or persons—and roused herself to listen.

The voices came on the air.

"I tell you, Paul, I can do no more; I have nothing—nothing now but my few jewels, and you know I must keep them, even if they were worth much, which they are not."

"Can't you ask the old lady?" spoke the deep tones of a man.

"Impossible—utterly impossible, Paul."

"Then the devil knows what is to become of me, Valerie."

Alice grew uncomfortable, she did not care to listen to more, yet disliked even still greater to rise and discover herself to Valerie.

She was surprised, and a little alarmed, but thought it wiser to sit still and perhaps the speakers would pass.

"You know," went on the man surlily —"you know how I am situated. I consented to wait while you came here, but time has gone, and now it is two months, and you have done nothing for me."

"Have you forgotten how I am placed?" asked Valerie angrily. "Have you forgotten the murder?"

The man laughed.

"No, I forget nothing, but I, none the less, am angry. Why did you not grasp Roy Darrell when you had your chance? What fool's nonsense was in your head?"

"What? Love," said Valerie quietly.

The man laughed again.

"Pooh and bah! You, Valerie Ross, stayed by love. No, no, my sister; some other tale—not that."

"It is the truth, nevertheless," broke in Valerie's voice, broken, harsh and agitated. "I loved Eustace Rivers. Ah, you may shake your head; you did not see, you were blind as to what was going on in your little cottage home in Everleigh, when Eustace's regiment was quartered near; you little thought of the dreams that came to me for one brief moment of my great happiness."

Alice sat motionless; she heard the man strike a match against a tree as if to light a cigar.

"If I had known it I should have ended it pretty soon," he said quietly.

"When I came to the Castle," said Valerie, "you thought I did so to please you. It was to follow Eustace. I had grown jealous, he was altering to me. Lady Darrell had written often pressing me for a visit, so I embraced the opportunity. Roy did at once what you prophesied he would—fell in love with me, but I was blind to it then. I cared only for Eustace. All my life was for him. Roy haunted my footsteps, yet I gave him no encouragement. Then Eustace and I quarrelled. I pressed for our marriage, he demurred again and again, and a coolness arose between the two men over me. I know not how, but—God forgive me—I believe now Eustace maligned me to his friend, and that Roy in his love for me resented the affront. But let that pass. I shall never know the truth now. The day before the murder Roy sought me, begged for my love; he asked no questions, but gave me two days to consider. I wanted no time, I was bound to Eustace for ever. Then—then came his death, and my eyes were opened. I was no longer a fool; I knew that what I had thought love was a pastime to him—that I had thrown my heart's best before the feet of one unworthy."

"If you had confided in your brother you would have known in good time what class of man was Eustace Rivers; but——"

"But I did not," answered Valerie's voice; "and now let the past go, it is dead and buried, and with it my fool's nonsense as you call it. You must be quick or someone may see us, and it will do me no good to let the servants observe me walking in the early morning with a most questionable-looking scoundrel like you!"

"True sisterly affection, upon my word. But you do not keep to the truth. You do not mind the servants; you fear Roy Darrell. What would he say to see you walking with a man—a questionable-looking scoundrel?"

"Paul, you are absurd! Do you forget he has a wife."

"No," answered Paul very slowly; "but I fancy you will be tempted to do so before long."

"What do you want?" broke in Valerine sharply. "Money is scarce with me. I cannot keep on this constant supply."

"You have a good banker to go to—Roy."

"Paul!"

"Well—well, Valerie, desperate cases need desperate ends. I tell you money I must have to get me away from here. Dalton is on my track. Only fifty pounds."

"Only fifty pounds!" repeated Valerie in alarm. "I have not half that sum about me, nor in my possession. It is impossible."

"Twenty then."

"I will give you fifteen pounds, and that will leave me just ten pounds to get to the end of my visit."

"The end of your visit!" laughed the man scornfully; "why, if you play your cards well you will visit here for ever."

"Leave me alone to play my cards," Valerie exclaimed passionately. "I wish you were separated from me by worlds—I wish we might never meet again—I wish——"

"I were dead—exactly," sneered her brother.

"You have debased and degraded me," went on Valerie. "I am alone in the world but for you, and you are the very scourge of my existence."

"Get me this fifty pounds and I will go. I will leave you for ever. Curse it all, the sum is a trifle! You can get it in a second if you will."

"You mean borrow it from Lady Darrell? I will not do it, Paul; she would be surprised, might question me, and that would never do. They do not know of your existence—they shall never know it if I can prevent it."

"You are quite right, ma chere. Valerie Ross, beautiful, gifted, patrician, would look ill-classed with Paul Ross, No. 29, Con——"

"Hush!"

There was a sound as of something put over his mouth, then Alice heard him laugh outright.

"You think these trees have ears, my sister?"

"I do not know what I think, but take care, Paul—breathe but once again your shameful disgrace, and I will never——"

"Help me again. Well, that is just what I don't want, so trot away, my dear; the secret is safe. Be quick with that money. I am due at Nestley in an hour's time."

"Stay here, and I will bring it to you."

Alice heard a light step pass away, and she sat on undecided what to do.

She was in a corner, hidden well from sight. Anyone peering round would scarcely have distinguished her grey dress and cloak from the tree-trunks, but she could see a little way out on to the wider pathway, and as Valerie disappeared, she heard the man laugh softly to himself, and saunter to and fro while he waited.

Alice drew herself back as she saw his figure cross the small space at the opening of her hiding-place, and as he turned and strolled back she glanced nervously at him.

He was like Valerie, but coarser and harder, and his cheek was disfigured with the scar of a wound that gave a sinister look to his face.

He was humming to himself, and did not glance up or down, and Alice drew a deep breath of relief as he passed.

Something about the man gave Lady Alice a sense of alarm, and she was glad when after some moments she heard Valerie's fleet footsteps returning, and heard her panting voice say:

"Here, Paul! And now go. There is no use in hanging about. I must return to the house."

"Thanks, my sweet sister. Yes, I will go. That is my address should you desire to hear from me. I shall know where to find you."

"Leave me in peace for a while," Valerie said abruptly.

"Give me fifty pounds, and I will leave you altogether."

"I cannot, Paul. I have not the money; if I had, you——"

"Should not have it," finished the man.

"Paul, you are ungenerous; but I am a fool to do as much as I do for you!"

"You are no fool, Valerie! You don't want to have me come boldly up to the Castle, and ask for my sister—eh?"

Alice heard Valerie's sudden exclamation, and then she heard the man kiss his sister, and leisurely depart.

She waited to let them both pass away, then, rising, made her way slowly back to the Castle.

Paul Ross strolled leisurely through the woods, until he came to a pathway that led to the village, and past the dreaded Madman's Drift.

Here he stopped and uttered a soft, low whistle.

In an instant a man had crept from beneath some bushes, and stood upright.

Paul Ross moved towards him.

"Well," said the other man, "how much?"

"Fifteen pounds!"

"Fifteen pounds!" repeated the other. "Your sister is not generous."

"Valerie swears she has only ten pounds more, and I believe her."

"She may have no more, but——"

"Have you examined the entrances well?" queried Paul Ross.

"Not all; but they are not difficult to manage."

"Where do you sleep?"

The man laughed.

"In the guest's corridor—a most noble apartment, my friend. The earl knows how to lodge his company."

"Much valuables about?" asked Paul Ross eagerly.

"Much?" echoed the other. "The Castle is a veritable gold mine! By Jove, Ross, that was a good notion of yours, the trip abroad."

"Yes; I flatter myself I am not so stupid as Valerie thinks me. She is the fool in this case."

"You mean in not snatching the earl before the murder and the row?"

Paul nodded.

"Well, it was a mistake; she has lost her chance now."

Paul Ross looked up suddenly.

"What is the girl like?"

"Who?"

"Why, 'my Lady Alice,' as Valerie calls her," laughed Paul.

"Like?" repeated the other. "She is most lovely. Paul, can it be true about her lowly birth? I have never seen a more beautiful creature among all——"

"All the ladies of family and fortune with whom you are on such very intimate terms—eh mon garcon?"

Paul leisurely puffed away a cloud of smoke.

"Well, she is plebeian for all that, merely a farm-wench; her people were bought off the estate and sent away, but my Lady Alice is part of them for all that."

"Sent away!" repeated the other man as if she were thinking; "then she is alone here—quite alone."

"Except for the earl, her husband; but mind, George," added Paul Ross, with his expression changing suddenly and darkening, "no fooling; we are here for work not play—you understand?"

"Perfectly, my good Paul: now au revoir. I must go back—there is the gong for breakfast. The plans shall reach you to-morrow or next day, and we must meet once more before——"

Paul nodded, slouched his hat over his eyes, and walked away quickly.

The man called George dived back into the bushes, crept along for a time, then emerged into one of the avenues leading to the Castle.

Then he overtook a slight, girlish form in grey, hurrying towards a side entrance.

"Good-morning, Lady Darrell," he said, softly.

Alice turned and blushed slightly.

"Good-morning, Count Jura. I did not hear you coming. You have been for a walk. I, too, like the early morning best."

"Will you not enter this way?" asked George, otherwise Count Jura.

Alice shook her head.

"I always breakfast in my own apartment."

She bowed and turned away.

"Alone, Paul said," muttered Count Jura as he stood watching her graceful form vanish. "alone. What a fate is hers! And how beautiful! Pshaw! Paul is right. I am here for work, not play; and now to breakfast with my friend the earl."

To be Continued.

Pleased the Reverend.

"And why would you like to be a parson when you grow up?"

"Well, you see, sir, I don't like hard work."—Ally Sloper

A SWEET REVENGE.

When my boy Reuben, 'long las' spring,
teased me ter buy a bike
Fer him ter ride, I didn't kick—good exercise I like.
This bicyclin does young folks good, an
it's all well enough,
Pervided they don't want ter fix the roads
er no sich stuff.
So I says, "Rube, my son, I'll see." An
later on I bought
A slap up, nickel plated rig—good purchase, too, I thought.
But land! I didn't know my biz when I
put through that deal.
I've had ter run the hull blamed farm
sence Reuben got a wheel!

When he was learnin fust along, he'd come
home bruised an sore
An so used up I couldn't ask the boy ter
do a chore,
An so I done 'em all myself, but arter
quite a spell
I sickened of it, 'cause I see it suited him
too well,
An then he jined a "Centchry club" an
useter go away
Ter ride a hundred miles, b'gosh! an not
be home all day,
An all the work he done about the place
wa'n't wuth a meal
Of good cold vittles fer a dog sence Reuben got a wheel.

In hayin time I'd go with him, an we'd
start in ter mow,
An he'd leave off ter git a drink, an then,
fust thing yer know,
I wouldn't see him comin back, an when
I'd hunt him up
I'd find he'd gone off on his wheel, the
shiftless, idle pup!
He got ter be a "scorcher," too, an raced
aroun' the town,
All bent up like a jumpin jack, a-runnin
people down;
Took all the cash fer damages that I
could make er steal,
It's cost me forty dollars clean sence
Reuben got a wheel.

All summer long I let him ride an never
opened head,
But when 'twas winter then I set that
wheel up in the shed
An rigged a belt aroun it tight an hitched
it so 'twould draw
Across the room an turn a shaft that
worked a crosscut saw,
An then I says: "My son," says I, "I know
ye like ter ride,
So git up on that wheel an hump, or else
I'll tan yer hide!
Ye're quite a 'scorcher,' ain't ye? Well,
then, scorch right off the reel!"
I've sawed up thirty cord er wood sence
Reuben got a wheel!

—L. A. W. Bulletin.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

The Infinitesimal.

There is another universe which is equally beyond the human understanding. It is the universe of the infinitesimal, no less wonderful and stupefying than the infinite is stupendous. Scientists have told us of the atoms and molecules of which they say material things are composed, so small that although instruments have been perfected to bring into view remote stars, nothing has as yet been devised to make visible these infinitesimal bodies. Were a drop of water, say they, magnified to the size of the earth, one of the molecules therein would appear of the magnitude of an ordinary apple. Whirling about in their universe these numberless things are miniature what the stars and planets are in their magnitude. What they are and how they act no one has seen. Some of their forces have been made evident, that is all. The mind is at sea when it attempts to think of particles and spaces and forces so minute. Everything else appears gigantic and enormous and man himself is a titan. His words are as thunder and his walking as the quaking of the earth; his thoughts are beyond conception and his motives as the stirring of unknown winds. He is a being of dignity and consequence and what he does must affect countless small universes. He directs great forces and controls them, making them do his bidding. His work is wonderful and on a scale of grandeur that to the beings of the smaller creation must be tremendous. And in this there is the lesson of man's importance and dignity. He is great and mighty and his ideals must comport with his place in creation. The smallest things must engage his attention and care, for the least important of them is of great consequence. Every detail of his character must be kept clear, every word be sympathetic and careful, every act be free from harm and full of help to his fellows.

FOR THE OVERWORKED.—What are the causes of despondency and melancholy? A disordered liver is one cause and a prime one. A disordered liver means a disordered stomach, and a disordered stomach means disturbance of the nervous system. This brings the whole body into subjection and the victim feels sick all over. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are a recognized remedy in this state and relief will follow their use.

He Was There.

One of the pleasant ways of Kindergarten teachers is to read a story or poem and have the children draw a picture illustrating it. "The other day," said a kindergarten teacher, "I read my little folks the famous poem of 'Little Boy Blue,' which begins,

"Little Boy Blue, come blow your horn,
The sheep's in the meadow, the cow's in the corn.

and closes with

"Where's the little boy that tends the sheep?
He's under the haycock fast asleep.

"One little girl finished her picture in a twinkling and brought it to me. 'Why Minnie,' said I, 'you have drawn a very nice haycock, but where is Little Boy Blue?'

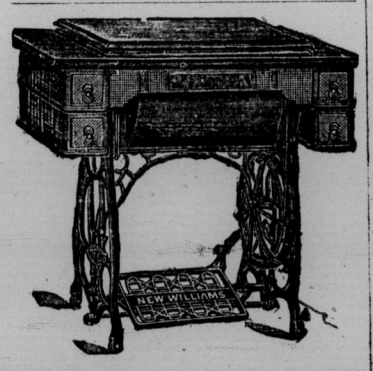
"'He's under the haycock!' said Minnie."—Harper's Bazar.

Cruelty to the Tortoise.

The London humane societies are agitating against tortoise shell ornaments be cause of the torture the animals are subjected to in depriving them of the shell They are first semiboiled over a red ember fire until the flesh that secures the shell to the body is softened. The animal is then shelled clean, and, though the suffering must be intense, one rarely dies, but in a few months grows another shell, of which he is deprived in the same manner. The largest of the shells are obtained in the islands near Ceylon and are a large part of the industry of the natives.

There never was, and never will be, a universal panacea, in one remedy, for all ills to which flesh is heir—the very nature of many curatives being such that were the germs of other and differently seated diseases rooted in the system of the patient—what would relieve one ill in turn would aggravate the other. We have, however, in Quinine Wine, when obtainable in a sound, unadulterated state, a remedy for many and grievous ills. By its gradual and judicious use the frailest systems are led into convalescence and strength by the influence which Quinine exerts on Nature's own restoratives. It relieves the drooping spirits of those with whom a chronic state of morbid despondency and lack of interest in life is a disease, and, by tranquilizing the nerves, disposes to sound and refreshing sleep—imparts vigor to the action of the blood, which, being stimulated, courses throughout the veins, strengthening the healthy animal functions of the system, thereby making activity a necessary result, strengthening the frame, and giving life to the digestive organs, which naturally demand increased substance—result, improved appetite. Northrop and Lyman, of Toronto, have given to the public their superior Quinine Wine at the usual rate, and, gauged by the opinion of scientists, this wine approaches nearest perfection of any in the market. All druggists sell it.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.



FREE SEWING MACHINES —FOR— ROYAL CROWN SOAP Wrappers and Coupons.

3 NEW WILLIAMS DROP HEAD

VALUE $65.00 EACH.

Given Away Weekly, Viz:

WINNIPEG ..... ONE
MANITOBA, Outside of Winnipeg... ONE
N. W. Territories and Ontario, points east to Schrieber..... ONE

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR A COUPON.

No employee of the Soap Works allowed to compete.

A Vancouver Policeman

—Permanently Cured of Catarrh —After 12 Years' Suffering.

JAPANESE CATARRH CURE CURES.

Mr. Thos. Crawford, Sargeant Vancouver Police Force, writes: "I have been a great sufferer from catarrh, which I contracted over 17 years ago in Winnipeg. I tried many so-called catarrh cures, consulted physicians, catarrh specialists, and not one of them gave me more than a little temporary relief. About two years ago I tried Japanese Catarrh Cure, and since completing this treatment I have been permanently cured. I can highly recommend it—the first application relieved."

Sold by all druggists. 50 cents. Six boxes, guaranteed to cure any case of nasal catarrh, for $2.50. A free sample sent to any person suffering from catarrh. Enclose 5 cent stamp. Address the Griffiths & Macpherson Co., 121 Church Street, Toronto.

The Strength of a Bear.

Few people know that a grizzly bear can give points to any other carnivorous animal in point of strength. A grizzly bear weighing just 400 pounds has been watched carrying a heifer two-thirds its own weight for two miles up the most steep and rugged mountain side, and this without pausing for one instant for rest.

The big white polar bear, though not really so dangerous a customer, is capable of performing the most extraordinary feats of strength. A polar bear has been seen to move with his paw a bowlder six men had with difficulty put in position to guard a cache of provisions.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

Aimless Efforts.

"I believe," said Trusser "that Blowit aims to tell the truth."

"You may be right," retorted Jokeley; "but, if so, he is certainly the worst marksman I ever saw—or heard."—Judy

SPRING MEDICINE.

It Is Absolutely Necessary to Give Some Attention to the Blood at This Season.

In the springtime the blood needs attention. The change of the year produces in everyone, whether conscious of it or not, some little heating of the blood.

Some people have pimples, a little eczema, or irritation of the skin; others feel easily tired and depressed and have a poor appetite. A tonic is needed, and the best tonic—the best spring medicine for man, woman or child is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. These pills do not purge and weaken like other medicines. They make rich, red blood, build up the nerves and make weak, depressed and easily tired people feel cheerful, active and strong. No other medicine in the world has offered such undoubted proof of merit, and what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done for others they will do for you if given a fair trial.

Miss Ella M. Kelly, North-West Harbor, N.S., says: "I can cheerfully recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to any person suffering from any form of weakness, as I have proved their worth in my own case."

Remember that pink colored pills in glass jars, or in any loose form or in boxes that do not bear the full name ("Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People" are not Dr. Williams'. No one was ever cured by a substitute. Sold by all dealers or direct from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., at 50c. a box or six boxes for $2.50.

What She Needed.

"The man I marry," she said, "must have no bad habits. He must be handsome, manly, loving, generous, liberal, thoughtful"—

"Miss Frieze," he interrupted coldly, "you should marry a department store."—Philadelphia North American.

Practical Remedy.

Justin Tyme—The Filipinos will never become shining examples of American citizenship. They lack polish.

Hardleigh Uptodate—Well, we can send them some more files of soldiers, can't we?—Chicago Tribune.

Croup Promptly Relieved.

Mrs. J. Simms, Mt. Pleasant, Vancouver, B. C., writes: "One of our children has been subject to croup almost since its birth. We find Griffith's Menthol Liniment always to give prompt relief, and would not be without it in our home. As a liniment we do not think it has any equal. All druggists, 25cts.

In His Midst.

"An when I'm 6," said the 5-year-old, pursuing a tour of mental investigation entirely upon his own hook, "Marjorie she'll be 9 or 10, an Paul, he'll be 4, an when Marjorie's grown up Paul will be mos' 7, an I—well, I guess I'll be in heaven."

But here his mother, who is of a practical turn of mind, interrupted. "Heaven, my dear boy," she said, "you can reach at any time. It lies within yourself."

"Does it?" replied the 5-year-old, who also is practical. "All right. Then all I've got to do is to turn myself inside out."

Canadian Patentees.

Toronto, April 17th, 1899.—The following Canadians, as reported by Charles H. Riches, Patent Attorney, of the Canada Life Building, Toronto, have this week obtained patents:

I. K. Dancy, boot and shoe cleaner; R. Sparrow, slice box; A. G. Smith, medical composition; H. F. Forest, telephone desk and register; H. Aylmer, drill; G. Beacock, bicycle wheel rim; A. A. Dickson, manufacturing peat into blocks of fuel; J. Duncan, gas regulator; J. A. Hopewell, spike-puller; J R. Lavigueur, combined door stop and catch; W. Macdonald, duplicate design displayer; J. H. McCollum, air-valves; McCusker, snow-clearing machine; A. E. Hourd, game-board (design).

His Choice.

Rumsey—Mighty poor judgment that Tompkins has, eh?

Dumsey—What's the latest?

Rumsey—Went to a pound party the other night, and what you s'pose he took?

Dumsey—Give it up.

Rumsey—Pound of mustard. Said he thought it might come in handy for plasters—so much grip around.—New York World.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia

Ill Used.

Johnny—Have I ever had the measles, mamma?

Mamma—No, Johnny.

Johnny—Or the mumps?

Mamma—No, Johnny; you have never been sick.

Johnny—Not even the whooping cough?

Mamma—Not even that.

Johnny—Why can't I never have anything that other children have?—New York Journal.

SOMETHING MORE THAN A PURGATIVE.—To purge is the only effect of many pills now on the market. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are more than a purgative. They strengthen the stomach, where other pills only weaken it. They cleanse the blood by regulating the liver and kidneys, and they stimulate where other pill compounds depress. Nothing of an injurious nature, used for merely purgative powers, enters into their composition.

Shooting Stars.

When a shooting star breaks into flame in our atmosphere, the residuum of the combustion remains in the air and can be found in what is known as atmospheric dust. The virgin snow of the polar regions was often seen to be spotted with traces of dust which contained particles of iron. Like particles are found on church towers and elsewhere. Among the minute bodies that dance in the sun's rays there are certainly particles of shooting stars.

The sands of the African deserts when examined by a microscope present traces of very small iron particles which seem to have been subjected to a high temperature, and the Challenger on its remarkable trip in the Atlantic found, at times in its dragnet fragments of magnetic iron which we have every reason to believe fell from the sky. Sir William Thompson (Lord Kelvin) and Richter have even seen in the aerolites the disseminators of the germs of life throughout the universe.—Chautauquan.

I was cured of a bad case of Grip by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

Sydney, C. B. C. I. LAGUE.

I was cured of loss of voice by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

CHARLES PLUMMER.

Yarmouth.

I was cured of Sciatica Rheumatism by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

LEWIS S. BUTLER.

Burin, Nfld.

Foundation For Trouble.

"Oh, my head! My head!" groaned Rivers.

"If anything ails your head," suggested Brooks, "why not treat it homeopathically?"

"How's that?"

"Have it shingled."

It occurred to Rivers later on that Brooks meant to intimate he had a wooden head, but by that time Brooks was out of reach.—Chicago Tribune.

Rebuke.

A chill, dark, autumnal morning. A breakfast table with an overcrowded tribe of clamorous children. A worried mother and an irritable father muttering something about "no decent elbow room." A small child uplifts solemn eyes from his plate and says, "Hadn't one of us better die?"—Academy.

Free and easy expectaration immediately relieves and frees the throat and lungs from viscid phlegm, and a medicine that promotes this is the best medicine to use for coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs and all affections of the throat and chest. This is precisely what Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup is a specific for, and wherever used it has given unbounded satisfaction. Children like it because it is pleasant, adults like it because it relieves and cures the disease.

Yes, Indeed.

"Friend," said the mendicant, "I have seen better days."

"Great Scott! So have we all of us!" cried the approached. "This weather is very unusual!"—Philadelphia North American.

Refreshing Sleep COMES WHEN Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills ARE USED.

Miss Margaret Brown, 627 Colborne St., London, Ont., says:—"My mother has been afflicted with nervousness and general debility for a long time. She suffered a great deal with insomnia, and found it almost impossible to sleep.

"I went to W. T. Strong's drug store and got a box of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, which she took, and derived so much benefit from them that I bought another box for her. They have done her a wonderful lot of good, making her nervous system much stronger, giving her restful sleep, and removing many other symptoms which previously distressed her.

"I can truly say that these pills are a great remedy for any one suffering from weak nerves, general debility, sleeplessness or heart trouble."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50c. a box or 3 for $1.25, at all druggists.

B.B.B. Makes Rich Red Blood.

The Best Remedy for Spring Weather Weakness.

The Blood is the very essence of life. As it courses through the system it carries with it, if pure and rich, nutrition to every cell in the body. If impure, it spreads disease. If thin and watery, it fails to nourish, hence we have weakness, debility and decay.

It is the wonderful power B.B.B. has in purifying impure blood, making thin, watery blood rich and red, that is at the bottom of its marvellous success in curing disease.

Those who are pale, thin, weak, troubled with blotches, pimples or eruptions of any kind should take B.B.B.

It makes the pale cheek rosy, the skin clear and smooth, and infuses new energy into weak, worn, run down, shattered constitutions.

Skin Clear. "I beg to state I have used Burdock Blood Bitters for impure blood, pimples on the face, &c., and derived great benefit from it. My skin is now very clear and free from all eruptions. I only used four bottles of the B.B.B. and can strongly recommend it to any person suffering from impurities in the blood or eruptions of the skin."

MRS. G. B. HELMORE, Spence's Bridge, B.C.

Every Spring. "I have taken B.B.B. every spring now for some years, to purify my blood and keep my system in good order, and can honestly say that I do not know of its equal anywhere." MRS. AGGIE BARNES, Lunenburg, N.S.

POPULAR SCIENCE.

Space has a temperature of 200 degrees below zero.

Many scientists now believe that the atmosphere is not less than 100 miles deep.

A grain of fine sand would cover about 100 of the minute scales of the human skin. Each scale covers from 300 to 500 pores.

The heart of a vegetarian beats in an average 58 to the minute; that of a meat eater 72. This represents a difference of 20,000 beats in 24 hours.

The tensile strength of a wet rope is only one-third the strength of the rope when dry, while a rope saturated with grease or soap is weaker still.

MESSRS. NORTHROP & LYMAN CO. are the proprietors of DR. THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL, which is now being sold in immense quantities throughout the Dominion. It is welcomed by the suffering invalid everywhere with emotions of delight, because it banishes pain and gives instant relief. This valuable specific for almost "every ill that flesh is heir to," is valued by the sufferer as more precious than gold. It is the elixir of life to many a wasted frame. To the farmer it is indispensable and should be in every house.

One Room to Let.

The Boarding House Proprietor—I notice the boarders have all cleaned their plates pretty well.

One of Them—Goodness gracious! They needed cleaning bad enough.—Yonkers Statesman.

The winners of the sewing machines in the Royal Crown Soap Co's. competition for the week ending April 8th are as follows: Winnipeg, Miss H. Lyons, Fort Rouge; Manitoba, Mrs. R. Morgan, Portage la Prairie; North West Territories, Mrs. R. Pearce, Edmonton. The Royal Crown Soap Co. will continue this competition, giving away three machines each Monday until further notice.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

THE ONLY PRINTERS' SUPPLY HOUSE IN THE NORTHWEST

We keep a large stock always on hand of TYPE, PRINTERS' MATERIAL and PRINTERS' MACHINERY; can fit out Daily or Weekly Papers or Job Outfits on few hours' notice. We also supply READY-PRINTS; STEREO-PLATES, and PAPER and CARD STOCK.

EVERYTHING FOR THE PRINTER

Toronto Type Foundry Co., Limited.

175 Owen St., Winnipeg.

Guess what it is

It is the coffee that never fails to give absolute satisfaction.

The seal which it bears is a guarantee that its purity and strength have not been tampered with, and that it surely is

Chase & Sanborn's Seal Brand Coffee

"When buying, why not get the best?"

Stephens' PURE READY MIXED PAINTS

Made With MANITOBA LINSEED OIL.

For Inside and Outside House Painting, Floors, Walls, Ceilings, Roofs.

REMEMBER The Quality of the Oil is the Life of the Paint.

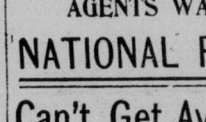
Sample cards showing sixty Artistic Shades of PAINTS, STAINS and ENAMELS, to be had from "UP-TO-DATE" Hardware dealers between the Great Lakes and Pacific Ocean.

Manufactured by G. F. STEPHENS & CO., WINNIPEG.

CUT THIS OFFER OUT.

WINNIPEG OPTICAL SPECIALISTS CO.

OFFICE, 492 MAIN STREET.



GLASSES SCIENTIFICALLY FITTED AND ONE WEEK TO TRY THEM

Give symptoms and duration of defect. How is general health; is distant vision good in each eye? At what time of life were you first affected? Our advertising prices defy competition. Gold, $3.52; Gold Plated, $2.52; Nickle, $1.52. These prices cover everything; all goods guaranteed as advertised. State kind and style of frame—straight temple or around ear or on nose. On receiving your order, enclosing 52c, we will send you your glasses safely packed, post paid, you remit balance in one week if satisfactory. 5 per cent off clubs of three or more.

REPUBLIC MINING STOCKS.

I invite the intending purchaser to write for "Republic Mining Camp" a copy of my recent publication, entitled This is a little effort of mine dealing with one of the richest gold-producing areas in the world. I am exceptionally well informed as to progress of events at Republic, and I can post any enquirer and advise any intending purchaser. At present I can recommend Lone Pine, Butte and Boston, Princess Maud, Reindeer and Jumbo. E. GARTLY PARKER, Mining Broker, 12 Adelaide St. E., Toronto.

NATIONAL POWDERED PHOSPHATE

THE BEST FERTILIZER KNOWN

RESUSCITATES worn out Lands, IMPROVES Good Lands and makes the Best Lands BETTER. IMPROVES the QUALITY of the Crop and Increases the QUANTITY.

AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY DISTRICT IN CANADA.

NATIONAL FARMERS' CO'Y, TORONTO, ONT.

Can't Get Away

And you Can't Get Away from the FACT that

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER

Is What You OUGHT to use BECAUSE of

IT'S PURITY
" STRENGTH
" CHEAPNESS.

25 CENTS PER LB. CAN.

THE DYSON-GIBSON CO.

HIGH GRADE PLOWS, SEEDING MACHINES, Carriages, Wagons, Barrows, Windmills, &c. COCKSHUTT PLOW CO., Winnipeg.

53 TO 59 ADELAIDE ST. W., TORONTO.

UNRESERVED AUCTION SALE OF THOROUGHBREDS

By instructions from Mr. Wm. Hendrie, Valley Farm, Hamilton, Ont., (the home of the Futurity winner Martimas) we will sell by Public Auction at Grand's Repository, Toronto, on

WEDNESDAY, MAY 10th,

AT 11 O'CLOCK,

A Valuable Consignment of

Thoroughbred Stallions, Brood Mares, Saddle Horses, Hunters and Steeplechasers.

This is an unusual opportunity for farmers to improve their breeding stock, as some of the best blood ever imported is included in this great sale.

Catalogues containing pedigrees and full particulars will be mailed to any address if requested.

WALTER HARLARD SMITH, Auctioneer and Proprietor, Grand's Repository, Toronto.

Auction sales of Horses, Carriages, Harness Etc., every Tuesday and Friday. Private sales every day.

LUCAS, STEELE & BRISTOL, Importers of Groceries, Write us, Hamilton, Ont. Circle Teas, L. S. & B. Coffees, L. S. & B. Extracts, L. S. & B. Spices

REID'S PIANOS

In touch, tone and finish they have no equal.

Correspondents wanted in every town to act as agents.

REID BROS., 257 King St., West, Toronto.

W. R. ALLAN General Insurance Agent

FIRE Companies Represented:
Quebec Fire Assurance Co.
Royal Insurance Co.
Sun Insurance Office
Union Assurance Society

All classes of Insurance transacted, and losses promptly and satisfactorily settled.

VICTOR SAFES

Can you afford to be without a Safe when you can get one from $15.00 up.

WILSON'S COMPUTING SCALES, ALSO BAKERS' AND BUTCHERS' SUPPLIES.

WATT & ALBERT, General Agents, P. O. Box 589. Winnipeg, Man.

HOME STUDY

Instruction in Shorthand, Book-keeping, Arithmetic, Writing, Business Correspondence, Practical Grammar, Commercial Law, Etc., given at home. If you cannot afford the time or money to attend a regular College to prepare for the duties of life, why waste your evenings when thorough instruction can be given you by mail. Full particulars on application.

Address G. W. DONALD, Sec'y, Winnipeg School of Correspondence Affiliated with Winnipeg Business College, Winnipeg, Man.

FARMS FOR SALE

In every Municipality in the Province of Manitoba.

LOW PRICES. EASY TERMS.

Write for List to

NARES & ROBINSON, Bank of Hamilton Building, Box 1265 WINNIPEG, MAN.

PURE BREAD from PURE HOPS

Wholesome, Healthful, Appetizing

BEAVER BRAND HOPS

For Sale Everywhere.

Wholesale only C. D. PROCTOR & CO. Montreal.

JUBILEE BRAND BUILDING PAPER.

Plain and Tarred.

It costs a little more than some others, but as it is the toughest and warmest, it is the cheapest. It is the best in the world. Compare it with others before buying.

Write for free samples.

MERRICK, ANDERSON & CO., WINNIPEG

CARDSTON RECORD.

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Friday at Cardston.

Office: Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance. Advertising Rates on application.

In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisements they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisements will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

Copy for change of advertisments MUST not be in later than Monday noon.

ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Managing Editor,
CARDSTON, N. W. T.,
DRAWER 72. CANADA.

Cardston, April 28, 1899.

HOME MISSIONARIES.

The Home missionaries will visit the different wards in April as follows:

Mountain View, April 9th
Leavitt, April 16th.
West Ætna, April 23rd.
Ætna, April 30th.
Elders A. Mercer and O. E. Bates.

Leavitt Ward April 9th.
Ætna April, 16th.
Caldwell, April 23rd.
Cardston, April 30th.
Elders V. Stewart and J. P. Jordon.

Cardston Ward April 9th.
Mountain View April 16th.
Ætna April 23rd.
Caldwell, April 30th.
Elders Frank Leavitt and Jno. Hunt.

Thos. Duce,
Pres. of Home Missionaries.

ANOTHER LESSON.

A great many people go into advertising with wrong ideas. Some think that all that is necessary to produce results is to insert an advertisement in a paper and then sit around and wait for the shekels to come in to them; others think that advertising is a species of blackmail levied by a newspaper publisher, and give the ad-solicitor the cold shoulder, and with as much zeal as if he were unfortunate enough to be a book-agent. There are others who say: "Oh, yes, advertising undoubtedly pays such a one because he uses a large space," never thinking of the side of the case—that if the other fellow could afford to take a large space because it made money for him, he himself could do the same thing with equal chance of success. The first trouble with advertisers is that they do not set out upon their work in the right way. Here are a few pointers, culled from years of experience: Take space on the same lines as you take goods—the best space you can afford for what you are led to believe you will receive in return. Fill the space taken with meaty advertising matter —"stuff" with life in it. Quote prices freely—prices are the only criterion between two advertisers, both of whom are unknown to readers. Indulge little in personalities about yourself—never mention a competitor. Tell what people would ask about your goods —tell it briefly, clearly, pointedly. Avoid mere talk for talk's sake, or "to fill up with," as you would avoid a sheriff's sale—space is to valuable a commodity to be wasted in such a way. Keep advertising all the time—buyers do not take vacations.—Manitoba Free Press.

Warren Gifford of Coalville, is making arrangements to sell out with the intention of going to Canada. Fine reports are received from that section of the country as to its value for grazing and farming industries.—Deseret, (Ut.) News.

The following amendment will be made to "The Village Ordinance:" Sect. 3. "For the encouragement of tree planting the voters in any village may at any meeting, duly called, make regulations providing for a rebate of taxes in consideration of the planting of trees in the village." The amendment ought to be passed by the voters of Cardston; but probably the people would do as they did about the passing of the section prohibiting the running at large of animals. Some people, you know, never want improvement; they are afraid of advancement,—of a change. And talking of a change,—that is just what we want and must have in a number of important matters in the very near future, too.

The Record, $2.00

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Lots of wind.

Thos. Till of Colles was in town yesterday.

Bridge Lee's Creek on Anderson street.

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE—Apply to C. F. Snow.

Horses are selling at $3.50 a head in Utah.

Bishop Leavitt is disposing of lots of lime these days.

The CARDSTON RECORD is for the whole people, not for any certain clique.

The school assessment notices are at last being sent out for the current year.

With this issue, THE RECORD is nine month's old. Soon it will be a "yearling."

Where is the scavenger? We call his attention to the carcass of an animal on Anderson street.

The Alberta Stake conference will be held at Cardston on May 28 and 29, and August 27 and 28.

James Mortin representing the Mutual Reserve Fund Life Ass'n. of New York, was in town Wednesday.

The subject for next Sunday evening at the Presbyterian Church is "The Golden Rule of Life." Services 7.30 P. M.

The bridge erected over the Kootenay River at Pace's Crossing cost the Govt. $6,600. It has two steel spans of 110 feet each.

W. J. White of the Dominion immigration department is about to visit Utah to arrange for the settlement of Mormons in Alberta.

Apostle J. W. Taylor of Salt Lake City, Utah, is in town. One object of his visit is to aid in laying out the plots for a number of new settlements.

Mrs. Samuel J. Layton of Cardston, Canada, is here (Kaysville) on a visit with relatives. She was at one time a resident of Kaysville. —S. L. Herald.

The number of letters which left Manitoba and the Territories last year was 10,350,000, post-cards, 1,250,000, registered letters 335,000, free letters 270,000.

W. M. Wolsey is building a 30 foot boat for Wm. Aldridge, who will use the boat on the Kootenay Lake to make it easier in catching fish for the market.

On April 25th. the seven month's old boy of Mr. and Mrs. Gustave Neilson passed to the spirit world. The parents have the sympathy of all in their bereavement.

C. H. Dudley, of Boxelder Co., Utah, reached Cardston a few days ago. Mr. Dudley brought horses, scrapers, etc., with him and he is now at work on the canal.

The annual report of the Territorial department of public works was received from Regina the other day. It is the first report issued by the department since its organization.

Prest. C. O. Card returned last week from Utah, where he has been telling the people of the advantage of Southern Alberta. He says several hundred settlers will come in this summer.

Undoubtedly the sending to Utah of an immigration agent will result in much good, and in all probability be the means of bringing to Southern Alberta a large number of settlers.

Messrs. George Nelson, John Hadfield and Mr. Albiston, with their respective families, left Smithfield for Alberta, Canada, on Monday, says the Logan (Ut.) Journal. Wonder if anybody is left in Smithfield.

John Barton, formerly of Coalville, but for the past year of Ogden, returned to his home a few days ago and contemplates going to Alberta, Can., in the near future with a view to settling there.—S. L. (Ut) Herald.

The first number of the Weber County Times reached our exchange table by last mail. It is just what we expected it would be,—bright, clean, and full of interest. All the success you may desire, Mansfield, will be yours in case you keep it up to Vol. 1 No. 1.

We have been asked to give the boundaries of the local district. Here they are: (District No. 56.) Secs. 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, and 32, in Tp. 2, Rg. 25; Secs. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12, parts N. St. Mary's river and E. Lee's creek of Secs. 13, 14, 23, and Sec. 24 in Tp. 3, Rg. 25; Secs. 25, 26, 35, and 36, in Tp. 2, Rg. 26; and Secs. 1, 12, in Tp. 3. Rg. 26, and W. 4 M. (except Village of Cardston.)

COAL, COAL, COAL!

Clarke Mine, - - - - - - Belly River.

$2.25 per ton at the Mine,

Delivered in Cardston for $5.00 per ton,

Orders may be left at Co-op or Allen store.

CARDSTON.

A visit to Cardston would be good medicine for many of our townspeople and we hope more of them will go out there and get acquainted with our neighbors. You can read enterprise in their stores, in their dwellings and in their fields. The people of that settlement are not of the dispondent, optimistic family and don't seem to have time to worry over what has been, or what is going to be. They are alive and active, ready to take advantage of every opportunity as it presents itself, and to turn it to advantage.

When Macleod was laid out by the wiseacres who founded it, land must have been extremely scarce, made so, no doubt by the prevalence of the squatters, and so the lots had to be squeezed down to sixty-six by ninety-nine feet in order that there would be a sufficient number to satisfy the demands of the real estate agents and speculators.

Down in Cardston the lots are big enough to admit of a dwelling and a hen house being built on one lot without the odor from the one interfering with the comfort of the other. It is a great pity that our locators did not select less valuable ground so that we could have had more of it in each parcel. The Cardston people seem to be utterly oblivious as to the money value of the earth's surface and have appropriated as much of it upon which to erect their dwellings as seemed necessary or desirable. The only way a Macleod man could secure a respectable place which to build a house would be to join three others buy a block, petition the town council to have the alley run the other way so forming four corners upon which to build. But we started out to talk about Cardston. One of our citizens went out there the other day and took along the petition for a mail route to run from here to that town three times a week.

Upon his arrival he handed it to one of the citizens of Cardston who volunteered to look after it and when our towsman was ready to leave the the next day he was handed the petition with all the space filled with signatures. Not only that but he found that the people at that end of the line are willing to do their share towards placing a well equipped stage line on the road between the two places, and it rests with the people of this town as to whether we are to have a good-four-horse stage service on this road or not. Such a line can be made to pay and would result in a great increase of business at both ends of the line. We hope that some of our business men will look into this matter at once.—Advance.

Cardston is much in need of a Government immigration agent in view of the great number of immigrants arriving almost daily. There are a number of capable men here one of whom should be a paid government official stationed at Cardston and always on hand to impart information and make the immigrants feel that the government has a little interest in their welfare. It depends a great deal upon the first impressions the newcomers form of the country as to their being the means of additional immigration by writing home to friends who await their report prior to moving here, and we know of no better way of aiding the matter than by having a man attend to them on their arrival.

Who weeps with you when you are sad, and laughs with you when you are glad, and swears with you when you are mad? The editor. Who has to be both kind and wise, and never (hardly ever) lies, and when he does, creates surprise? The editor. Who owns a heart as well as cheek, is possessed of a spirit proud but meek, and lives on 40 cents a week? The editor. Who rarely what he says recants, but wears a liver pad in his pants, when mad subscribers kick and prance? The editor. Who bears a patient, gentle way the man who "just drops in" to say "your paper's doggoned poor today?" The editor. Who loves the cuss who will not balk but comes at 10 o'clock to talk and stays till 4 and will not walk? The editor. Who when he gets to heaven will look on men delinquent on his book, and smile when they're by Peter shook? The editor. Ex.—

Subscribe for THE RECORD.

CHURCH NOTICE.

Divine Service in the Presbyterian Church, every Sabbath evening at 7:30 P. M.

OFFICIAL INFORMATION.

Earl of Minto,.....Governor-General of Canada.
Sir Wilfrid Laurier.....Premier of Canada.
A. E. Forget,...Lieutenant-Governor of N. W. T.
L. G. DeVeber,...M. L. A. for Lethbridge District
Horace Harvey,..Registrar for Dist. of So. Alberta.
W. F. McCreary,..Commr. of Immig'n, Winnipeg.
J. A. Hammer,....Overseer, Village of Cardston.

C. F. P. CONYBEARE, Q.C.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
LETHBRIDGE, - ALBERTA.
Office Next door to "News" Office.

H. W. Brant, M.D.
Graduate and qualified Physician and Surgeon.
Offers his services to the people of Cardston and vicinity.

C. O. CARD,
SUB AGENT
DOMINION LANDS.
ALSO AGENT FOR
RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY
. . . AND . . .
PRIVATE LANDS.
Office Hours: 9 to 4.

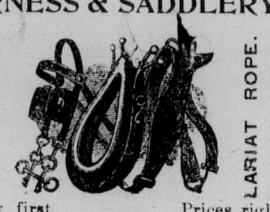
Robert Ibey, Agent for
PIANOS & ORGANS.
Organs from $75 00 up to $175 00
Pianos " $250 00 " " 700 00
Sewing Machine
From $25 00 to $50 00.

Advertising in The Cardston Record pays.

Space - Reserved for Cardston Drug Co.

HOTEL DE WOOLF
RATES, $ 1.50 PER DAY.
Livery & Feed Stable.
Cardston, - Alberta.

Hooked up at last.
HARNESS & SADDLERY.



Quality first. Prices right.
S. H. Horner,
CARDSTON, Next Kearl's Livery Stable

C. Marker on his return from the Cardston district reports the outlook for the season's work in dairy matters, as good. A combined butter and cheese factory was built at Ætna a few years ago at a considerable cost by private enterprise, and it was anticipated that the settlers would avail themselves of the advantages which such establishments offer their patrons. Now the building and premises have been leased by the Dominion of agriculture from the proprieiors for a term of two years. So the creamery will be conducted on a plan similiar to the others now operated by the department in the North West. Mr. Marker attended and addressed a large meeting of settlers at Aetna on Tuesday last and he thinks, judging from the interest manifested by those present, that a large quantity of butter will be manufactured in this district.—Herald.

To those poor people who are contemplating leaving Utah and Idaho (in which states THE RECORD has many subscribers) on account of excessive taxation, we say: DO NOT COME TO CARDSTON, for it would be like jumping from the frying-pan into the fire: District taxes; road taxes; school taxes, (twelve (12) mills on the dollar!) village taxes, etc.

The Best is always cheapest.

Fence Wire { "Baker" Painted, "Glidden" Galv'zd

Mc Clary **Stoves.**

Mc Cormick { Mowers & Binders.

Cockshutt { Hay Rakes, Plows, Harrows etc. etc, Drill, Disc Harrows

Wagons { "Bain"—American. "Cooper"— " "Adams" Paris—Canadian.

SHOES—"Harvey-Van-Norman"—brands.

Are THE BEST and are sold by the

The Cardston Co. Ltd

Largest and best stock of General Merchandise ever brought to Cardston.

Mott, Son & Co.,

Macleod.
DEALERS IN
Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Doors, Windows, etc.

We have purchased ¼ million feet of well seasoned lumber which we can sell at reasonable prices.

We invite the people of Cardston to come and see our stock.

The Weekly Globe, Toronto, $1.00 a year. THE RECORD has agency.

When you want receipt or note Books call at THE RECORD Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts. You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

THE RECORD has the agency for CLEVELAND BICYCLES. Can sell you a good one for $40, or a better one for $90. Ladies' Bicycles from $40. up to $80. Now is the time to order your Bicycle. The Cleveland Bicycle is the BEST made.

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

For Sale.

Columbia Graphophone, 26-inch horn, with folding stand, two-way hearing tube, and 85 records, all in perfect condition. Come and see it at this office.

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.

All kinds of Repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.
Cardston. . . . . Alberta.

Meat Market.

Wm. Wood.
Smoked Tongue, Hams and Bacon. My own cure.
Cash paid for hides

- Samuel Cox, -
Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting, & Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
CARDSTON. . . ALBERTA.

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, both one year for $2.50.

FOR SALE—Model 1 Improved Hand Printing Press. Chase 5x8. At RECORD Office.*

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends. 5 cts. a copy at the Printing Office.*

ENVELOPES.

Comply with the postal requirements by using your envelopes printed, by THE RECORD.

Fire and Life Insurance.

Equitable Life. (Assets $200,000,000.)
British America Fire Assurance Co.
Western Fire Assurance Co.
Agency, RECORD Office.

Kearl Hotel
Kearl & Sharp, Props.
First Class in all Appointments.
$1.50 per day and upwards.
Meals, 40 Cents.
Livery, Feed & Sale Stables
Good outfits furnished at all hours.
Rates Reasonable.

H. W. SAVORY,
Boundary Creek (Cardston P. O.) Alta.
Saddle & Work Horses For Sale.

The Cardston Record.

VOL. 1. CARDSTON, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, MAY 5, 1899. NO. 41.

RELIEF SOCIETY CONFERENCE.

The Relief Society conference of the Alberta Stake was held in the Cardston meeting house according to appointment, April 29th. President Mary L. Woolf presiding. After singing, prayer was offered by Sarah B. Daines. A hymn was then sung and roll called showing seven officers present, who answered with sentiments. Minutes of previous conference were read and approved.

Prest. Woolf made opening remarks. Mothers make some sacrifice, she said, to get to meeting, but they are rewarded and strengthened by the Spirit of God in so doing. We have a number of sick in our midst; let us fast and pray for them; also visit and comfort them. She knew, she said, that the sisters could do a great deal for their recovery and urged them to cultivate faith.

Pres. C. Pilling, of Etha, reported the society as being in a prosperous condition and spoke on the necessity of being united, also making other good remarks.

Sisters Sarah H. Card and Ella Nelson spoke on the duties of mothers and gave other valuable instructions.

Another hymn was sung, after which Counsellor Jane Hinman gave a lecture from the Doctrine and Covenants and spoke on the necessity of becoming more acquainted with eternal truth.

Prest. Sarah B. Daines gave a favorable report of the Relief Society of Cardston. She rejoiced because of the good instructions that had been received and said if those who felt despondent would attend their meetings and partake of the spirit there enjoyed, she was confident they would be comforted and blessed.

Meeting then adjourned till 2 p. m.

Benediction by Sister Elnora Wight.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

After the usual exercises the statistical and financial report was read, showing a good condition. The secretary presented the officers of the general board, also the stake officers, all being unanimously sustained:

Coun. Rhoda C. Hinman said she felt the Spirit of the Lord was in the meeting. She had never doubted the divinity of this work, nor the divine mission of the Prophet Joseph Smith, and knew the doctrines he taught are true.

Sister Zina Y. Card addressed the meeting. She spoke of the organizations of the women of the world that she had visited the past winter. They were very numerous and she explained the origin of many of them. Some of them are to bring out from places of sin young girls who are anxious to lead honorable lives and redeem them. She related the origin of the Crittenden Home, as she heard it from the founder himself. The leaders of these women's societies, Sister Card said, were honorable and noble women of the earth.

Prest. C. O. Card said the sisters had spoken on the subject of contentment. He welcomed the newcomers. Let us cultivate, he said, the spirit of contentment, and be helpmeets unto our husbands, use our influence by subscribing for our newspapers and church periodicals. Spoke of the Temples and the great work being done for the dead and stated that the Lord had inspired the first presidency to colonize in this land. He also knew the canal was being built under the same influence. New settlements are being built and Zion is spreading.

Conference then adjourned for three months. Benediction by Secretary Jane D. Bates.

THE CARDSTON MAIL.

D. V. Mott visited Cardston last week. During his short stay a copy of the petition asking that Cardston be given mail service via Macleod was circulated. It was taken from him upon his arrival, and returned to him with four pages of signatures. The good work was just nicely under way when Mr. Mott had to hustle for Lethbridge, and home. A second copy of the petition has been sent out and, it also, is being numerously signed. The following, from the Lethbridge News, partly explains the eagerness of our Cardston neighbors for direct connection with Macleod.

"Last week as the ranchers from Cardston who were in town were on their way home, they met with a difficulty at the mouth of the Pot Hole. During their stay in town getting their loads ready, the snow melted rapidly and by the time they got back to Pot Hole, the creek was a raging torrent. One of the teamsters attempted to cross and, we understand, lost both of his leaders and had some difficulty in getting the balance of his outfit back. The whole party had to camp there for two or three days, by which time the waters had subsided and they were enabled to continue on their journey."

Mr. Mott, under the inconvenience of his trip, suggested to Mr. Kearl, proprietor of Cardston's new hotel, the expediency of a Macleod Cardston four horse stage to make the trip each way tri-weekly. Mr. Kearl entered heartily upon the project, and the stage will soon be established. Teams will leave Cardston and Macleod at the same time—a Macleod man co-operating—and will either pull clear through or exchange when they meet half way. The trip will be made in about five hours."

In the clipping reprinted above, the News modestly refrains from stating that two loads being hauled to Cardston, for H. S. Allen, were stuck in the Hole, one of them being upset and completely submerged; but such was the situation when Mr. Mott drove out.—Gazette.

PATRIOTISM OF THE MORMONS.

The Mormon people did themselves proud a few months ago in raising a contribution of $4,500 toward the erection of the national monument to the martyrs of the battleship Maine and American heroes of Cuban battlefields, and when the time comes for unveiling the memorial, the splendid contribution from the members of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints will be publicly acknowledged in a proper manner.

Such was the announcement made by Paul Latzke, secretary of the national monument committee, in a letter received yesterday by President Lorenzo Snow in response to a remittance by President Snow of a balance of $90.24 to the monument fund, $4,500 having been forwarded previously by the president.

The special acknowledgment received recently by President Snow reads as follows:

"Dear Sir—On behalf of this committee, please permit me to express our very warm thanks for your letter of March 13, enclosing $90.24 for the national monument fund.

"I have some difficulty in acknowledging the deep gratitude of this committee for the wonderful showing that you and your associates in the church have made. It shows how thoroughly the spirit of patriotism is awake among the Mormon people.

"It may interest you to know that the fund now in the hands of our treasurer amounts to $102,000 net. This will convey to you a better idea than anything else I can say of the magnitude of the proportionate offering of your people.

"I beg you to convey to your people our sincere appreciation of their noble work, and to accept the assurance that when the time comes for the unveiling of the monument, proper public acknowledgment will be made of the splendid contribution offered by the members of the church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, to the memory of the brave men who died in the service of their country.

"Very sincerely yours,

"PAUL LATZKE,
"Secy. National Monument Committee."

POSTPONED.

This morning at 10 o'clock the Cardston School District Trustees met as a Board of Revision; but on account ill-gality in the call postponement was taken for 25 days.

PRESIDENT FOR ALBERTA.

Richfield, April 27.—Theodore Brandley departed this morning for Alberta, Canada, to assume the position of stake presidency to which he has been assigned by the Mormon church for the Alberta colony.

During his residence of thirty-five years among the people of Richfield and Sevier county, he has earned the respect of all classes. For more than twenty years he has held many important executive, social and political positions, and by his sincerity, honesty and integrity, has won the complete confidence of the people.—Salt Lake (Ut.) Herald. No doubt the foregoing article is wrong in regard to the presidency of the Alberta Stake. Our reporter, in an endeavor to see Prest. Card, was unsuccessful; but we are quite sure there is no change contemplated in the presidency of the stake.

SETTLERS FROM ENGLAND.

Quite a number of immigrants are coming to Cardston from England. Among those already here, are the following:

Mr. and Mrs. Triggs, with four children; Mr. and Mrs. Sanders with two children; Mm. Blackmore (who returns from a mission) with a brother and sister; and W. Cooper, also a returning missionary, will arrive today (Wednesday) with a number of immigrants. Such settlers will do a great deal toward building up Cardston and district.

Rice thrown at weddings is gradually being [illegible] by the better element of people in the east. Carnations are substituted, or rose petals. But the daintiest new custom of all is the throwing of handfuls of violets as the bride leaves the house. These substitutes are pretty and picturesque, and they are now being generally adopted.

The News ventures to predict that when the big irrigation works are completed in Southern Alberta that a careful observer can glean more information on experimental irrigation farming in a week there than he could at the Calgary experimental station in a month. There seems to be something rather farcical in the following up of the Calgary proposition, on what Mr. Bunnett calls a gravel patch, of which the soil has all been blown long ago and this in the face of the fact that such stupendous work in the irrigation line is now being started in a district where it might bid fair to be successful.—Medicine Hat News.

We will print your name and address on 250 nice XXX White Laid Envelopes for $1.50. The Envelopes alone would cots you $1 at any of the stores.

Following is a list of the publications for sale at the RECORD OFFICE:

Puck
Judge
Strand
Argosy
Quaker
Nickell
Tit Bits
Squibbs
Vanity Fair
N. Y. World
Wide World
Metropolitan
Cosmopolitan
Munsey Maga.
New Illustrated
McClures Maga.
Canadian Maga.
Broadway Maga.
Review of Reviews (Eng)
Review of Reviews (Am.)
Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly

NOTICE.

An Officers meeting of the Stake Board of the Y. L. M. I. A. will be held on the first Wednesday of every month at the home of Prest. C. O. Card.

ZINA Y. CARD
Pres.

WHAT CARDSTON NEEDS.

A lime kiln.
A railroad.
Shoe shop.
A tailor shop.
A brick kiln.
Graded streets.
A lumber yard.
A roller flour mill.
An amusement hall.
An immigration building.
Tri-weekly mail service.
Commodious school house.
Board of trade, or chamber of commerce.
Ten thousand more good citizens added to the thousand already here.

Deseret News and The Record one year for $3.50

We print

Cards.
Blanks.
Tickets.
Posters.
Receipts.
Programs.
Statements.
Bill Heads.
Letter Heads.
Wedding Invitations.
At the Lowest Prices.
Call and see us.

Would you not like to have a copy of the first "Mormon" newspaper published in Canada? The Record still has a few copies of No. 1 Vol. 1 for sale at 10 cents.

Call on Cardston Drug Company for pure Drugs.

The Customers on our Books are a Proof that

Here's Proof

the clothing we offer you for Spring is not Ready-made Clothing as is generally understood, **but**

SHOREY'S

Ready Tailored

Fully Guaranteed Goods.

All anyone can get out of this life is contentment, **as a proof** that you will be contented with one of our Spring suits, you will find **Shorey's Guarantee Card** in the pocket which says

"Satisfaction or your Money Back."

Does this appeal to you?

For sale by

H. S. Allen & Co.

Headquarters for Dry Goods, Boots & Shoes, Stoves, Furniture, &c.

C. Edgar Snow, Banker,

Cardston, - - - - Alberta.

1895 1899

A general banking business transacted.

LETHBRIDGE AND CARDSTON STAGE LINE.

Stage leaves Lethbridge at 7:30 o'clock, a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.
Arrives in Cardston at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Stage leaves Cardston at 7 o'clock, a. m. Mondays and Thursdays.
Arrives in Lethbridge at 6 o'clock, p. m. Fare, $3.00; Round trip, $5.00.
Express and Freight at Reasonable Rates. Close Connection with all Trains at Lethbridge.

MERCER & McCARTY PROPS.

Great Bargains

For Newspaper Readers

CLUB OFFERS

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News, both one year for .....$3.50.

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Montreal Family Herald and Weekly Star, both for $2.75

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, for $2.50

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Toronto Weekly Globe both one year for $2.50

Don't send away for your Printing. The RECORD Job Department does good Printing at fair prices.

Subscribe for The Record,

don't borrow it. Support your home paper, and get the news. The Cardston Record gives the local happenings and the news of the world. The subscription price is $2. a year.

Remittances to be sent to the publisher of

THE CARDSTON RECORD

CARDSTON, ALBERTA.

GERMANY IN SAMOA.

GERMANY CLAIMS TO HAVE BEEN INSULTED BY BRITAIN.

Marquard Was Arrested by Captain Sturdee, of H. M. S. Porpoise and Imprisoned.

Perlin, April 23—The Lokal Anzeiger to-day publishes two letters from Samoa, dated March 23, one is from a special correspondent at Apia, Herr Marquardt, a prominent German resident of Apia, who under Tamasese, was military instructor, and lately under Mataafa and the provisional government, was a justice of the peace until he resigned on the departure of Dr. Raffell, the German president of the municipal government at Apia.

According to Herr Marquard's letter, it seems it was he, and not Herr Hufnagel, who was arrested by Capt. Sturdee, commander of the British warship Porpoise, as bearing arms against British sailors. He says he was taken on board the Porpoise, where he claims he was grossly insulted by Capt. Sturdee, and after fourteen hours captivity, during which no proof against him was advanced, he was transferred to the German warship Falke, with the condition that he did not leave her. Herr Hufnagel asserts that his property was stolen and destroyed by the Tanus hosts, and millions worth of other German property likewise destroyed. The writer asks who will pay the damages.

Herr Von Wolffersdorff asserts that the British consul, Maxsie, and Capt. Sturdee are both guilty of the grossest conduct, in exceeding their treaty powers. He claims they treated the Germans like captives, and continued an almost incessant shelling of German houses under various pretexts. He adds that the most intense indignation prevails among the Samoan Germans against British excesses. Otherwise, Herr Von Wolffersdorff's reports agree with German official reports.

AN OCEAN TRAGEDY.

Nine Men Perish Miserably in a Boat from Want of Water and Food.

San Francisco, April 22.—The steamer City of Para, from Central American ports, brings details of an ocean tragedy. While the vessel was at Corinto, an open boat containing the remains of nine men, who perished month ago, drifted ashore there. The bodies were horribly emaciated and the manner in which the limbs were contracted showed that they must have died in terrible agony. There was not a drop of water, not a particle of food in the boat.

In December last Louis W. Maslen, of El Triumfo Pier company, three port officials and five boatmen went to the mail company's steamer lying in the offing at El Triumfo. They boarded the mail boat and stayed until signs of an approaching storm warned them to return. The gale came up quickly, overtook the boat and soon after it got away from the steamer. It was never seen again until it floated into Corinto harbor. Louis W. Maslen was the son of E. W. Maslen, deputy naval officer of this port. The other victims names are not given.

Ravages of Death.

London, April 22.—Right Hon. Sir John Robert Mowbray, father of the house of commons since 1898, is dead.

Sir John Mowbray was the first baron of that name, the baronetcy being created in 1880. He was born June 3rd, 1815. He was a judge advocate-general in 1858-59 and 1866-68. He was a Conservative. On the death of the Right Hon. Charles Pelham Villiers, Jan. 16th, 1898, Sir John Mowbray became the oldest member of the house of commons, otherwise the father of the house.

New York, April 22.—Geo. W. Keil, for fifteen years business manager of the New York Clipper, is dead, at his home in this city. Mr. Keil was 56 years old, a veteran of the civil war, a prominent Mason, and widely known in theatrical circles.

Maniwaki, Que., April 22. — Xavier Guertin died at his home here last evening at the age of 108. He was one of the oldest settlers in the Gatineau valley.

International Courtesies.

Sassari, Island of Sardinia, April 22—The King and Queen of Italy arrived here yesterday evening on the royal yacht Savoie, which passed between the British and Italian fleets. All the warships were illuminated in honor of their majesties. The fleets this morning hoisted the Italian royal ensign preparatory to being reviewed. Crews manned the ship and hearty cheers were given for the king and queen and guns salvos of royal salutes. The spectacle was a grand one.

Long Riding Craze.

St. Louis, Mo., April 22.—Miss Erlie Bloss, a young girl riding a bicycle from Fort Worth, Texas to Washington, D. C., is in the city hospital here much fatigued, but declares she will continue after a rest. She says she made a wager with her betrothed, G. Main, of Fort Worth, to cover the distance in sixty days, and has travelled since March 21.

Fatally Injured.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 22.—Kid Laveile, of Chester, Pa., known as the "African Cyclone," is believed to be dying at his homestead from the effects of a knockout blow delivered by John Cavanaugh here during a prize fight.

Double Tragedy.

Edmonton, N. W. T., April 22.—Love, opposition and strychnine conspired to cause William Roland and Lottie Brunette to take their own lives at 16.30 last night. The young couple were highly respected, and their rash act has caused profound sorrow here.

THE AMUR INJURED.

Victoria, B. C., April 22.—The Amur, when about to sail, had a mishap in her engine room. She will be laid up for about ten days.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Saturday, April 22.

Ex-Mayor Cowan, of Galt, is dead.

Australia will compete at Bisley this year.

Germany sent more men-of-war to Samoa.

A test of wireless telegraphy will be made in Chicago.

Senator Quay was acquitted by a Pennsylvania jury.

Mrs. Henry T. Sloan denied she intended marrying P. Belmont.

British troops have completely routed the rebels in Heng Kong.

Andrew Stokes, of Goderich, Ont., was killed by a bicycle accident.

The wholesale trade in Canada has improved during the past week.

Dr. McKay, of Papineauville, Que., was liberated from the penitentiary.

The Winnipeg city clerk has declared the electric light by-law carried.

A New Zealand ship-wrecked crew spent five months on a barren island.

The Kettle River Valley railway will not be proceeded with this season.

The Winnipeg city council made a grant towards a life saving apparatus.

The National Cycling association was organized in opposition to the L. A. W.

The Allan liner, Manitoban, was sighted in distress off the coast of Newfoundland.

There will be a great scarcity of building material throughout Canada this season.

More trees and fewer flowers will be planted this season in the Winnipeg parks.

The bonds of the old waterworks company was handed over to the city of Winnipeg.

The Dominion government's Pacific cable resolution is highly regarded in Britain.

The Winnipeg tax collector reported $519,069.67 taxes collected in the past six months.

John Dixon, of Quebec, was sentenced to fourteen years' imprisonment for manslaughter.

Conferences on the Alaskan boundary modus vivendi were held, but no agreement was reached.

The Territorial assembly discussed the question of the right to build elevators at railway stations.

J. H. Plummer, general manager of the Bank of Commerce, will spend a part of the summer in Dawson.

The statement that H. A. Costigan, of Ottawa, is to be appointed an inspector of inland revenue, is denied.

The Radicals sustained a reverse in the house of commons in an effort to reduce the British troops at the Cape.

The second Sunday in October was set apart by the Methodist conference in connection with the million dollar fund.

The parliamentary prohibitionists have agreed on a line of action. A private member will introduce a prohibitor bill.

The Saturday Review said the U. S. was worthy of Lowell's brands, "Coward" and "Cain," if they retired from the Philippines.

The application of the Brandon and Southwestern railway to cross the C. P. R. branches was before the railway committee at Ottawa.

The railway committee at Ottawa granted running rights over a portion of the Crow's Ness Pass line to the Bedlington and Nelson promoters.

The Vanderbilts purchased the Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville railway.

West Australia declined to give the Salvation Army 15,000 acres of land.

DUTY ON WINES.

An Effort to Have the British Authorities Reduce Duty on Colonial Wine.

Toronto, April 23—A special cable to the Globe says: The chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, and the secretary of state for the colonies, Joseph Chamberlain, have consented to hear the protest laid by the colonial agent-general, headed by Lord Strathcona, against the proposed increase of wine duties. It is reported that Chamberlain inclines to a reduction favoring the colonial product, but it is improbable that he will be able to move them government to grant any direct preference to colonial wines. The tax, however, may be lightened upon cheap wines, thus indirectly favoring the colonies.

Two Tramps Killed.

Cornwall, Ont., April 27.—Four cars on the east bound Grand Trunk freight ran off the track at a switch west of here last night. Two men, tramps, were killed and two cars completely wrecked while two tanks containing oil were broken open and the contents lost. Fifteen tramps were riding on the oil tank car at the time of the accident, but all but two escaped.

To the Penitentiary.

Regina, N. W. T., April 22.—Jno. K. Welsh, real estate and insurance agent and an elder of the Presbyterian church, was to-day convicted of improper conduct with his stepdaughter on July 3rd last, and was sentenced by Judge Richardson to two years with hard labor.

Why We Are Right Handed.

A professor who has made a study of children says he has discovered why the majority of people are right handed. Infants use both hands until they begin to speak. The motor speech function controls the right side of the body, and the first right handed motions are expressive motions, tending to help out speech. As speech grows, so does right handedness.

The Place He Sought.

"Here's an item to the effect that the only thing a man can do in New York without money is to run into debt."

"Great mackerel! If a fellow can do that, I'm going to New York. They must be easier there than they are in Chicago."—Chicago Post.

Half and Half.

Of the people whose consciences trouble them one half worry because they are afraid they'll be caught, the other half because they are caught.

CURIOUS CULLINGS.

In Paraguay, a gentleman is enjoined by the laws of good society to kiss every lady to whom he is introduced.

A church in London still possesses an income originally given to it for the purpose of buying fagots for burning heretics.

An English burglar, who shammed insanity in order to escape trial, after keeping up the pretence for six months has become really mad.

The Swedish bride fills her pockets with bread, which she dispenses to every one she meets on her way to church, every piece she disposes of averting, as she believes, a misfortune.

WOMAN AGAINST WOMAN

BY MRS. MARY E. HOLMES.

Author of "A Woman's Love," "The Wife's Secret," "Her Fatal Sin," "A Heartless Woman," "A Wife's Peril," "A Desperate Woman." Etc.

CHAPTER VI.

Valerie reached the Castle in time for breakfast. She ran quickly to her room, threw off her long mantle, and after a few hurried touches to her magnificent hair, swept leisurely down the wide staircase, looking as if she had but just left her bedroom fresh from her maid's hands.

She met Count Jura at the door of the morning room, and smiled graciously to his courteous greetings, little thinking that as he bowed a look of amusement settled in his eyes as he recalled Paul, and her pride.

Roy hastened to meet the tall, beautiful woman, his eyes speaking the truth of his love as he approached her.

Lord Radine came in while they were speaking.

"I have been thinking all night, Roy, and I cannot remember who it is that I trace a resemblance to in your wife," he said as he sat down to the table.

"Does not milady the fair countess breakfast with us?" demanded Count Jura, as Roy made no answer.

Roy flushed, and Lady Darrell looked uncomfortable.

"The countess; or as I call her playfully, my Lady Alice, always breakfasts in her own room. She prefers it," answered Valerie.

Count Jura bowed.

"What are our plans for to-day, my lord?" continued Valerie easily to the earl.

"I thought a ride to the old Abbey," said Roy. "Radine, you would like that?"

"Very much," agreed Lord Radine.

"And you, Jura?"

"I regret I have important letters to write; you will pardon me?"

"Oh, of course," said Roy quickly; "I like everyone to do as they please here."

"Why not ask your wife to join us!" proposed Valerie.

The earl looked pained. The very sight of Alice seemed to him torture, recalled the agony he had endured, and the fact that he was separated from Valerie for ever.

"If you will ask her, I dare say she will come," he replied.

Valerie rose with a laugh.

"I shall be ready in ten minutes, and my Lady Alice also."

Count Jura held the door open for her, and she swept out; she mounted the stairs, and turned into the corridor that led to Alice's room.

"Get on your habit and dress quickly; your husband desires you will ride with us this morning!"

Alice rose from her books.

"I will be ready," she answered.

Valerie bit her lip. Again this girl foiled her. She thought to have triumphed over her ignorance in this case.

"Can you ride?" she asked insolently.

"Yes," answered Alice quietly.

"You are a paragon of perfection indeed," sneered the other woman as she withdrew.

Alice gazed after her sadly. She pitied Valerie now from her heart, and thought she knew what made her so bitter.

The interview in the grounds had shown Alice that Valerie had a trouble that was indeed very heavy, especially to a nature so proud as hers.

She called Davis and put on her habit. Ever since she could remember Alice had ridden, the only difference being that she had sat her steed without a saddle, and unencumbered by a long skirt, and now she was checked by society garments and ways.

She took her gauntlets and whip, and gathering her habit in hand, opened the door.

To her astonishement, in the corridor she came upon Count Jura walking slowly up it.

He turned with an exclamation as he perceived her, and Alice thought she saw him put a paper hastily into his pocket.

"I crave pardon, miladi; I mistake my way. Is this not the corridor to the guests' wing?"

"No, you are quite wrong; this leads only to my apartments."

Alice spoke coldly, indeed she felt annoyed.

"I am indeed distressed, countess," he observed courteously, "but I will take my departure at once."

He bowed again and turned towards a door which led into another chamber.

"Still you are wrong," said Alice, smiling and pointing with her whip. "Go straight along, and you will reach the big staircase, then you will soon find your way. That door leads to the empty part of the Castle—the 'treasure rooms,' as the servants call them. Yes, now you are right."

"Au revoir, miladi!"

Count Jura strode down the corridor.

"Treasure rooms!" he repeated to himself. "Paul was right, and yet among all the treasures of the castle she is to me the rarest."

Alice made her way slowly down the staircase to the central hall. She felt excited and almost happy. She always had that strange flutter at her heart when near her husband.

Valerie, looking like a goddess in her perfectly-cut habit, was standing in the doorway, beyond which the horses were waiting. A man's form was beside her, and Alice noticed with a cold, sickening sensation how low he was whispering and how eager was his look. She came slowly up to them, and caught a few words:

"When I think of it, Valerie, I am nearly mad to know what I have lost. My life is a misery to me, tied as I am to a——"

Valerie heard Alice's footsteps, and she drew her hand away from his.

"It is getting late, we had better start," she said quietly, giving him a look full of sympathy, and glancing another of triumph at Alice as she hurriedly went down the steps.

Lord Radine now joined them.

"May I put you up, countess?" he asked eagerly.

He was a young man, and Alice's fair loveliness had won his warmest admiration.

"If you please," she answered slowly.

She was still hearing her husband's voice, passion-laden, breathing his love and misery into Valerie's ear.

The earl assisted Valerie to mount, and then the four rode slowly away.

"We don't want grooms, Roy," said Valerie authoritatively.

So the earl waved the attendants back.

Lord Radine glanced every now and then at his companion's face.

"Who was it said Darrell had married a farm-girl?" he mused. "What a cruel scandal! This woman is peerless. Countess," he said aloud, "are you in any way connected with the Arnolds—you know who I mean; they are a very old family—the head is always called the Master of Arnold?"

Alice had blushed, but now she was pale.

"I have no aristocratic connections, Lord Radine," she answered quietly; "I am only a farmer's niece."

"But you have their face. The Arnolds are a strangely lovely family—forgive me for paying you so gauche a compliment; but you are fairer than was the Lady Enid Arnold, whose portrait hangs in my mother's room, and who died years ago, and she was supposed to have been the greatest beauty of her time."

"I have no family," repeated Alice. "I was only a farm girl. You will have heard how I came to—to—to marry the earl; before then I was neglected, ill-used, and miserable. I even taught myself—at least, the village schoolmaster helped me for some time, but he died two years ago, and then I had no one to assist me."

"I do not care what you were," cried Lord Radine, fervently, reaching for her small hand and carrying it to his lips; "but to me you are the embodiment of everything that is perfection."

Valerie turned at this instant, and the earl, looking back, also saw the young man's act of courtesy and admiration.

"My Lady Alice progresses," remarked Valerie with a sneer. "Roy, you must look after your wife."

Lord Darrell did not answer, he unconsciously tightened his hold on his reins, and his brows met in a frown.

Something in the sight he had just seen vexed him strangely, and for the first time since his return he beheld Alice's beauty in all its power.

Valerie saw the frown, and her heart leaped.

"He is angry with her," she said to herself.

She check[illegible]orse and the earl did so als[illegible]

"What[illegible]sked Lord Radine quickly.

"I fo[illegible]xact path," said Valerie, "[illegible] knows absolutely nothing [illegible]

"I, w[illegible] enquire," said the earl hurriedly.

"No, Darrell, let me," and Lord Radine rode rapidly down the path to the right.

Alice, whose cheeks were still flushed from modesty at Lord Radine's outspoken admiration, reined in her horse a few paces away.

Valerie chatted on, taking no notice of the young countess; but, strange to say, the earl was watching his wife with a feeling akin to amazement and admiration.

How well she sat her horse! How golden and beautiful was her hair! What dark, long lashes framed her eyes!

Last night he could see nothing but Valerie, the woman he loved; now his whole attention was turned on the woman he had married.

Alice was unconscious of his gaze, and when he moved his horse near to her, and rectified some fault in her reins, she woke from her dreams with a start, and turned pale and cold.

Valerie noticed Roy's change of expression, and jealousy burned in her breast.

"Come, Roy, Lord Radine is waving to us," she exclaimed, and, he moving to her side, they put their horses to the trot down the lane.

Alice felt a choking sensation in her throat. Without another thought, she wheeled her horse round and cantered wildly in the opposite direction.

She had lost all control of her feelings; sobs burst from her lips.

The poor young wife was utterly, terribly unhappy.

She knew not what to do or where to go, but she felt that something must end the torture she was enduring, or she must die.

She cantered on, unheeding and plunged in her thoughts till the trembling of her horse caused her to think of him, and as she came to a sort of thicket, she loosened her rein and let him stand.

She must have ridden some distance, for even to her, who knew the country well for miles around, having walked it in the bygone days, this place was strange.

She looked round at first in surprise; then, a little alarmed, she began to feel weary from her agitation and exercise, when the sound of a cheery whistle was born to her ears, and the next minute a footstep rustled over the dying leaves, and a tall, well-built young man came towards her.

He stopped amazed as he saw the lovely girl on horseback, her golden curls floating from their rough contact with the wind in picturesque confusion round her face and neck.

"I beg your pardon, can I help you?" he said suddenly, lifting his hat.

Alice hesitated, then meeting his frank, boyish face, she answered:

"If you will, please. I have lost my way."

"You are in the Abbey Woods; we are close to the old Abbey—the ruins are just beyond those trees."

"The Abbey!" exclaimed Alice in surprise. "I thought I was quite in the opposite direction—they have taken the wrong path."

"You have become separated from your friends?" asked the young man, glancing again and again at her.

"Yes."

"Well, perhaps I can assist you. Do you want to find the Abbey?"

"I think I had better go there, as they will in all probability make their way to it," replied Alice.

"Let me lead your horse. May I introduce myself? I am Frank Meredith at your service."

"And I—call me Alice," said the young countess quietly.

"Miss Alice!" what a pretty quaint name—so old-fashioned. Do you like this part of the country? I am staying down here with friends. I have been shooting, as you see, though the sport is not good. Nothing seems to live round the old Abbey—even the birds and insects desert it. It is dead, indeed."

Alice listened to Frank Meredith's easy chatter quietly. She agreed with him in his estimate of the spot. Never had she seen so weird and strange a place, and as they came in full sight of the ruins she could not repress a shudder which the young man noticed.

"Yes; is it not dismal? It looks like a great, grey ghost. I really don't think I should care to venture into its gloomy vaults, even in broad daylight."

"Who owns it?" asked Alice suddenly.

"My friends did tell me, but I have forgotten. I will ask them again when I go home. Now, Miss Alice, shall I leave you here alone, or will my presence annoy you if I remain?"

"Oh, stay, please," cried Alice, her nerves unstrung still by the terrible strain put on them at the time of Eustace Rivers' murder; "perhaps they will not be alone."

"I wonder if I shall see you again," said Frank Meredith, after a pause, while he stroked the horse's neck; "I am staying here another fortnight."

"You may, perhaps," answered Alice; she was drawn towards the young man by his frank ways.

He seemed little more than a boy to her, though he numbered over twenty years.

"It seems a strange thing to say," went on the young man quickly, "but if you want me to do anything for you, if I can, I will."

Alice blushed a little, then paled.

"Why do you say this?" she asked hurriedly.

"I cannot say. I only know I would give all I possess to be your friend. You don't look happy. I should like to help you."

Alice hesitated, then held out her hand.

"You shall," she said simply: "I have not one friend in the whole world. You shall be the first."

"Oh, thank you!" he cried. "If you want me, write to me there or there; be sure if I can I will always come," handing her two cards.

Alice took them quietly. Some curious intituition seemed to come over her that she should need his aid, but she said nothing, and the next instant the sound of voices came to their ears, and the earl, Valerie and Lord Radine appeared before them.

"What a fright you have given us, Lady Darrell!" exclaimed the latter as he rode quickly up.

Frank Meredith drew back.

Lady Darrell! This young lovely girl who had just accepted his friendship! Could it be true? he thought.

"We thought you were lost, my Lady Alice," observed Valerie with a drawl, glancing at her young rival with an expression that said: "We wished it, too."

"How did you miss us?" asked Roy coldly of his wife. "You have come much the longest way round."

"I enjoyed my ride," Alice replied, quietly and coldly, too.

"I am so sorry you did not see me beckon," continued Lord Radine. "But now let us explore the ruins."

"By all means," cried Valerie. Then in a lower tone: "Who is this gentleman?"

"This is Mr. Meredith, who was kind enough to show me my way, Lord Darrell," explained Alice quietly.

The earl spoke a few cold words of thanks to the young man; then, with an expressive glance at Alice, Frank Meredith bowed and took his leave, still plunged in amazement, yet strangely pleased to think he was her friend.

"A very pretty boy!" exclaimed Valerie. "Don't you think so, my Lady Alice?"

"He looks good and honest," Alice replied, speaking her thoughts.

Lord Radine looked sulky, and Valerie observed once more, in alarm, that Roy was gazing at his wife with an expression of strange interest.

Could it be possible he was beginning to admire her, after all?

She must work this away, at all hazards.

"Now for the ruins! Roy give me your hand."

The earl was beside her instandy, and she jumped to the ground. Lord Radine put up his hand to help Alice.

"I don't think I will come," she said drawing back.

"What, Lady Alice afraid!" observed Valerie with a sneer.

"If you are nervous! remain out in the air, by all means," said Roy almost contemptuously.

When he was not looking at Alice, he forgot her charms, and only remembered her as the blot on his life.

"I will stay with you," whispered Lord Radine.

"No, I will go," Alice said firmly, her face growing white beneath Valerie's sneers. "I am only tired, not frightened."

She slipped from her horse, and gathering her habit in her hand, hurried after the others.

Lord Radine tied the reins of the four horses to a stout branch and followed her.

At first Alice could see nothing, as she crept through the damp, mouldy ruins of what had once been noble halls, but the forms of those two on ahead so lost in one another's presence, but as they penetrated into the gloomy vaults, her strange sense of fear returned, and she shuddered again and again. But for her pride she would have turned back and fled into the open air, but Valerie's taunting voice came to her ears.

They climbed up the broken fragment of stone steps to what had been a tower. Roy tenderly helping Valerie over the rough stones.

Lord Radine went first up the steps, then bent to give his hand to Alice, when, glancing round nervously, she she thought she saw something glittering from a dark corner beneath an ancient archway.

She checked the cry that rose to her lips, and glanced again; this time she saw plainly the something that glittered were two dark eyes set in a pale, grim face.

She drew her hand swiftly from Lord Radine's hold.

"I can go no farther; I am tired," she said hurriedly, and turning, she fled white and trembling back to the entrance.

"My Lady Alice is frightened after all," sneered Valerie with a short laugh.

Roy glanced at his wife's pale face contemptuously, then turned a look of love and admiration on the proud, beautiful woman beside him.

Lord Radine hurried up to Alice.

"You are looking quite startled and ill, Lady Darrell," he said in consternation. "What was it—did you see a ghost?"

"Yes, I saw a ghost," Alice answered faintly.

She did not add that the ghost was a man of flesh and blood, with an ugly scar across his face; she was silent beneath Valerie's scoffs and cruel sneers, forbearing to answer them as she might have done, for in that ghost in the dark corner she had recognized Valerie's disgraced and hated brother, Paul Ross.

(To be continued.)

His Busy Year.

We hear of a distinguished author who said the other day

"This will be a busy year with me, I have $15,000 worth of work already contracted for, and besides, I want to do about $5 worth of writing outside of that."

"If you make all that money," said a friend, "you'll rest up for several years, will you?"

"No, indeed!" replied the author. "I promised that to my wife for pin money!"

Now, considering the unfavorable weather we are having in Georgia, doesn't this literary business pay better than cotton at 5 cents? We respectfully commend it to all plowing authors.—Atlanta Constitution.

Suspense.

"Whatever happens," said the German emperor, "you may rest assured that my voice will be heard in the world's affairs."

"How about this disarmament proposal?"

"That's what puzzles me. It is going to be hard to know exactly when to trade off my guns for 13 inch phonographs."

SPRING BLOOD

Spring blood is usually bad blood. It is weak and watery. It is frequently diseased and impure. It is the kind of blood which does not properly sustain the heart, the lungs, the kidneys, the liver, the stomach and the nerves. It is the kind of blood that invites the entrance of such diseases as consumption, catarrh, heart affections, nervous prostration, complicated ailments of the stomach, liver and kidneys, and diseases peculiar to women.

Almost everybody feels the ill-effects of bad blood in the spring. By means of headaches, backaches, sleeplessness, irritability and nervousness, the languid, exhausted body cries out for help—such help as can best be supplied by Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Food, because it supplies the very elements that make the blood pure, rich, and healthy.

DR. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD

Is the greatest of spring restoratives. It is prepared from the most famous prescription of America's greatest physician, DR. A. W. CHASE, and contains in condensed pill form the very elements which go to make pure, rich and healthy blood. It gently regulates the bowels and tones and invigorates every organ of the body. By building up the system it drives out disease and gives new vigor and energy to overcome the ills of spring.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD, 50 cents a box at all dealers, or by mail, along with a copy of Dr. Chase's new book, "The Ills of Life and How to Cure Them," on receipt of price by Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

CARDSTON RECORD.

CARDSTON, N. W. T.

A LOST SILVER MINE.

The Man That Owned It Died With the Secret of Its Location.

About half a century ago a rich silver vein was found on the copper range south of Houghton, and the silver excitement throughout Houghton county was at fever heat. Everybody had the craze, but there was only one man who knew the whereabouts of the vein. At the time above mentioned a trapper and hunter named Draper brought into Houghton a number of very rich silver specimens, but where they came from he never told, and the secret always remained a secret with him. He was known to be making his home in the vicinity of Penn mine, on the south range, with the Indians, who were very numerous in this part of the country.

It was not a great while after Draper made this trip to Houghton that he got into trouble with the Indians, shot one of them and escaped from the country He returned some years later, and, taking a partner, went into the woods again. The two remained there, coming to town for provisions from time to time and bringing as much silver in nuggets as they could carry. When the war broke out, Draper's partner enlisted in the first company that left Houghton and was killed in the battle of Bull Run. Draper remained in the woods and died there, carrying the secret of the big silver find with him to the other world.

A few years after Draper's death Ignatius Zeeber, who was conducting a tailoring establishment in L'Anse, having removed there from Houghton, got the silver craze and gave up his business to search for Draper's mine. During the 20 years that have passed since that time Zeeber, or as he is more familiarly known to those who frequent the woods, "Silver Fritz," has remained at the Penn mine, in the vicinity of which Draper was supposed to have located the silver, but whether he has succeeded in locating the coveted silver mine is not known. Some think he has, but the majority who know him say they are positive he has not. The old man, for he is now about 80 years of age, is often seen by landlookers, who say that he resembles a wild man very much, his hair and full beard being long and shaggy, his clothes old and torn and his person very poorly kept. A stranger would not have the nerve to pass him in the road, but to those who know him he is as meek as a lamb, and all say he would injure no one.

Besides Zeeber several parties have spent months at a time scouring the woods, but no one has obtained even a glimpse of anything that looks like silver, and all gave up the hunt in disgust.

With the opening up of the old mines as well as many new ones on the range between Houghton and Ontonagon the question is asked, "Is it not probable that Draper's find will be discovered?" It is a well known fact that the old Belt mine, which, together with the Penn mine, is now under option to Chicago capitalists, produced considerable silver when last worked, and it may be that the Chicago people or those owning this land in close proximity to theirs will have the good fortune to locate what is said to be one of the richest silver veins in the country —Detroit News.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

The Stars and Stripes.

Gazley—A great deal of fun is made of Delaware for retaining the whipping post, but there is something patriotic about it.

Snooper—Indeed! Please explain.

Gazley—Why, the culprit is made to see stars when the stripes are well laid on.—Harlem Life.

Invitation Accepted.

Mr. Saphead—I've got a fad, too, don't ye know. I collect old and rare violins. Come around and see 'em.

Musician—Do you blay?

Mr. Saphead—Bless you, no; not a note.

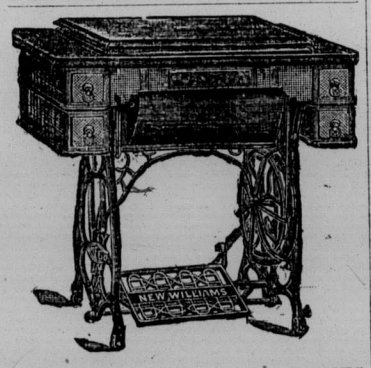
Musician (enthusiastically)—I vill come.—New York Weekly.

He Felt It Too.

"I hear your gettin fired from school raised a big breeze at your house," said Willie Spratt.

"Yes," replied Tommy Burns, shifting uncomfortably in his chair. "It was what the yacht fellers call a spanking breeze." — Philadelphia North American.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere



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ASK YOUR GROCER FOR A COUPON.

No employee of the Soap Works allowed to compete.

AN ESSAY ON BANKS.

SHY AIRS HIS VIEWS ON SAVINGS INSTITUTIONS.

Tells of the Trouble One Made For a Friend of His, and How He Finally Ventured to Open an Account In One.

Bank accounts are skittish things. Why, I know a fellow who had a bank account, and then he hadn't. He put something like umpty s'teen and six dollars in the grasping hand of a receiving teller. He was given a checkbook. He checked and checked on that account until he finally received official notice from a deputy sheriff that the account had long been drawn down to a vacuum. My friend insisted on checking on the vacuum, and now he is checked for a brief stay in the state institute for gentlemen who forget that all deeds should be good and not bad.

I have a bank account. I went into the savings institution at the corner of Blank and —— streets with money in my pocket and my hand on it. I approached the receiving teller.

"I'm Shy," I said in the nature of an introduction.

"Then you do not want to come around here," he responded. "We don't want any galoots coming in here that can't pay their way. We're shy enough ourselves. Why, the officers have not raised a salary in years, and what with coal bills and pork accounts we are always shy."

I explained to the dapper gentleman with the money colored countenance that my name was Shy. "Tell me something about deposits, will you?"

"The bank is the safest in the city," he commenced to warble. "Our capital stock is $1,000,000. We pay 3 per cent interest when we cannot get around doing otherwise. Every six months we figure interest on your smallest balance. We'll receive as little as a dollar from an applicant, and after the books are opened with you we'll take as much as a thousand."

"Oh, now, look here!" I returned with asperity. "I'm not going to give you a thousand of my hard earned plunks right on the spot. I've been thinking this thing over. I have exactly 151"—

"One hundred and fifty-one dollars makes a first rate start for any one," he interrupted.

"Who said anything about dollars?" I demanded. "I was about to remark that I had 151 cents that the children had saved, and I have concluded to trust it with you. If the money is here at the end of a year and you pay the 3 per cent interest, as you advertise, then I may be induced to double my deposit."

I made my deposit. I received the bankbook with the credit of $1.51. Every time I go down town I take a glance —a casual glance—at the corner of Blank and —— streets to see if my bank is still there. Up to this writing it has not moved an inch.

Since I started my bank account I've got to be a regular capitalist. I swell around with my overcoat buttoned up and carry my gloves in my left hand. I talk to everybody I meet about purchasing real estate, and I have no less than 27 deals on the string. One of these days I'll blossom out as a full fledged financier. If business keeps up, I think I'll take a run out to St. Louis in 1903 and run an opposition exposition.

Mistaken Identity.

Gran'ma—What on earth ails these 'ere shirt buttons, I wonder? Every time I puts the needle through 'em to sew 'em on they splits an flies all to bits.

Gladys Irene—Boo-o-o-oo! Them ain't shirt buttons. Them's my pepp'mint lozenges.—Ally Sloper.

A Clean Record.

In pleading for the release of her son, who had been taken in the toils of the law, a Georgia mother said:

"Thar's never been nuthin ag'in him, yer honor. He's allus shrunk from the public gaze. He never has run fer congress, he never wuz in the legislatur', an has allus worked fer his livin'!"

Why He Wouldn't Subscribe.

Jinks—How's this? Why are you not willing to subscribe something toward a monument to Columbus, the discoverer of America?

Winks (suffering from rheumatism, sore throat, catarrh, bronchitis and a touch of the grip)—Because if he hadn't discovered America I wouldn't have been born in this climate.—New York Weekly.

Magazine Work.

The Poet's Wife—Algernon, I wish you would—

The Poet—Please don't break my train of thought. I am writing a poem for the midsummer number of The Fiddlesticks Magazine, and the editor says unless I have it ready by 11 o'clock tomorrow he will have to close the forms without it.—Chicago News.

CANCER CAN BE CURED

NO KNIFE—NO PLASTER.

DEPT. W. N. ABBOTT,

MYRON MASON MEDICAL CO.

577 Sherbourne Street, Toronto.

TWO FAMOUS FRENCH CORPS.

A Contest of Nerve Between the Zouaves and the Chasseurs.

A famous corps, says a writer in Chums, is that of the French zouaves, whose picturesque uniform, consisting of baggy red trousers, short, blue braided jacket, gaiters and close fitting cap (a sort of fez) has been seen in many great battles. The zouaves gained their richest laurels during the Crimean war, at which time the corps, although supposed only to consist of Frenchmen, had attracted to its ranks many young men of other nations—English, Scotch, Irish, Germans and Italians. Many of these, no doubt, were soldiers of fortune, anxious to serve in a body the fame of which was worldwide.

But France was not to enjoy the monopoly of a zouave corps, for some ten years later, when the American civil war broke out, two bodies of American zouaves were formed, one by the Federals, the other by the Confederates. They were uniformed much after the French style and gained a great reputation for dash and courage. This was particularly the case with the Confederate zouaves, who were known as the Louisiana Tigers.

When the French zouaves were serving in Africa, they had one day to perform a long and terrible march in the blistering sun. The chasseurs a pied, a corps of famous marchers, were with them, but the soldiers of both corps were ready to sink with hunger, thirst and exhaustion. Toward evening they arrived at a town, and the colonel of the chasseurs appealed to his men to enter the place in a style worthy of French soldiers.

The men responded bravely, and with bugles sounding they marched in with a light, springy step, looking as little as possible like men who were half dead with fatigue. This was too much for the zouaves. They had suffered, if possible, worse than the chasseurs, but at the command of their colonel they braced themselves up and, although ready to drop, entered the town on the run, swinging their muskets round their heads, that being an evolution of the zouave drill. They had "gone one better" than the chasseurs.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia

Everything's Advancing.

"Have you forgotten, Bertie, that when I promised [illegible] your sweetheart you said you'd [illegible] dance with any other girl?"

"I know that [illegible] ough, but I was awfully youn[illegible]e, remember."—Ally Sloper.

His Phraseology.

"Do you think Russia and Great Britain will disarm?" asked the Anglo-Saxon caller.

"Really," answered Li Hung Chang, who of course does not understand elegant distinctions in English, "I don't know that it makes much difference to me what they do with their arms so long as their legs remain in pulling distance."—Washington Star.

C. C. Richards & Co.

Dear Sirs,—For some years I have had only partial use of my arm, caused by a sudden strain. I have used every remedy without effect, until I got a sample bottle of MINARD'S LINIMENT. The benefit I received from it caused me to continue its use, and now I am happy to say my arm is completely restored. R. W. HARRISON.

Glamis, Ont.

The winners of the sewing machines in the Royal Crown Soap Co's. competition for the week ending April 15th are as follows: Winnipeg, Mrs. Johnson, 294 Fountain St.; Manitoba, Mrs. Bray, Logoch; North West Territories, Miss H. J. Wrighton, Wapella. The Royal Crown Soap Co. will continue this competition, giving away three machines each Monday until further notice.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

HIGH GRADE PLOWS, SEEDING MACHINES, Carriages, Waggons, Barrows, Windmills, &c. COCKSHUTT PLOW CO., Winnipeg.

HOME STUDY

Instruction in Shorthand, Book-keeping, Arithmetic, Writing, Business Correspondence, Practical Grammar, Commercial Law, Etc., given at home. If you cannot afford the time or money to attend a regular College to prepare for the duties of life, why waste your evenings when thorough instruction can be given you by mail. Full particulars on application.

Address G. W. DONALD, Sec'y, Winnipeg School of Correspondence. Affiliated with Winnipeg Business College, Winnipeg, Man.

W. R. ALLAN

General Insurance Agent

FIRE Companies Represented:

Quebec Fire Assurance Co.
Royal Insurance Co.
Sun Insurance Office
Union Assurance Society

All classes of Insurance transacted, and losses promptly and satisfactorily settled.

GRAND JEWEL COOK STOVES

Buy and use them and you will be delighted with results. If not satisfied money refunded. Manufactured by Burrow, Stewart & Milne, Hamilton, Can.

MANITOBA DEPOT, 132 Princess St., Winnipeg
Ask your dealer for GRAND JEWELS.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

You might as well compare a Trunk Line Railway with a corduroy road as Blue Ribbon Ceylon with any other tea

REPUBLIC MINING STOCKS.

I invite the intending purchaser to write for *"Republic Mining Camp"* a copy of my recent publication, entitled This is a little effort of mine dealing with one of the richest gold-producing areas in the world. I am exceptionally well informed as to progress of events at Republic, and I can post any enquirer and advise any intending purchaser. At present I can recommend Lone Pine, Butte and Boston, Princess Maud, Reindeer and Jumbo.
E. GARTLY PARKER, Mining Broker, 12 Adelaide St. E., Toronto.

GLASSES SCIENTIFICALLY FITTED AND ONE WEEK TO TRY THEM

(Cut This Out.)

Give symptoms and duration of defect. How is general health; is distant vision good in each eye? At what time of life were you first affected? Our advertising prices defy competition. Gold, $3.52; Gold Plated, $2.52; Nickel, $1.52. These prices cover everything; all goods guaranteed as advertised. State kind and style of frame—straight temple or around ear or on nose. On receiving your order, enclosing 52c, we will send you your glasses safely packed, post paid, you remit balance in one week if satisfactory. 5 per cent off clubs of three or more.

WINNIPEG OPTICAL SPECIALISTS CO.

OFFICE: 492 MAIN STREET.

Can't Get Away

And you Can't Get Away from the FACT that

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER

Is What You OUGHT to use BECAUSE of

IT'S PURITY
" STRENGTH
" CHEAPNESS.

25 CENTS PER LB. CAN.

THE DYSON-GIBSON CO.

LUCAS, STEELE & BRISTOL, Importers of Groceries, Write us. Hamilton, Ont.
Circle Teas
L. S. & B. Coffees
L. S. & B. Extracts
L. S. & B. Spices

W. N. U. 217

VICTOR SAFES

Can you afford to be without a Safe when you can get one from $15.00 up.

WILSON'S COMPUTING SCALES,

ALSO

BAKERS' AND BUTCHERS' SUPPLIES.

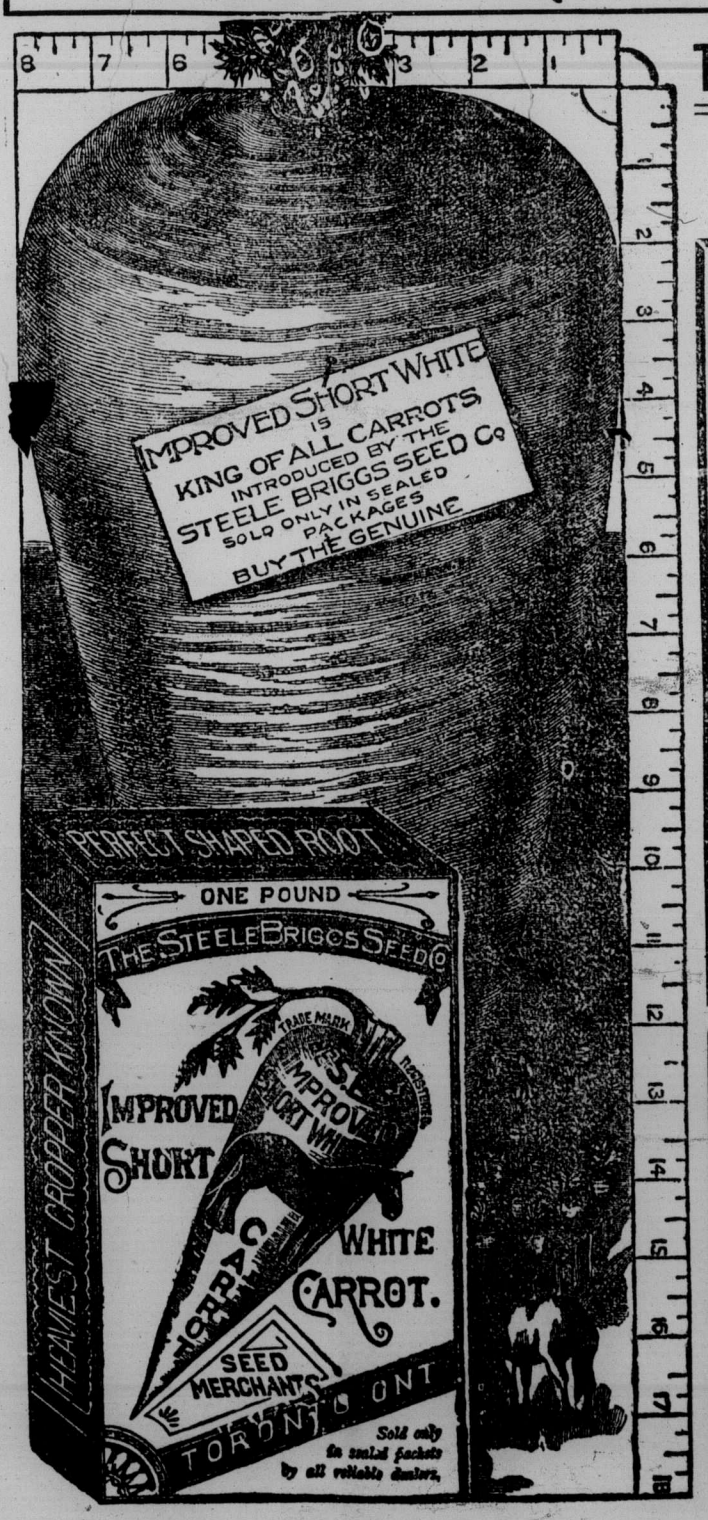
WATT & ALBERT,
General Agents,
P. O. Box 589. Winnipeg, Man.

BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES, NEW AND SECOND-HAND, BOWLING ALLEYS AND SUPPLIES.
Large catalogue free.
THE REID BROS., 257 King West, Toronto.

FARMS FOR SALE

In every Municipality in the Province of Manitoba.
LOW PRICES. EASY TERMS.
Write for List to
NARES & ROBINSON
Bank of Hamilton Building
Box 1265 WINNIPEG, MAN.

"CANADA'S GREATEST SEED HOUSE"



The Steele, Briggs Seed Co.'s

Enormous annual trade in Farm and Garden Seeds has been attained by 26 years of constant vigilance and care, and in supplying merchants and growers with the very highest standard of quality that can be procured, and at most favorable prices consistent with "Good Seeds," which is the first essential for a good crop.

Among our many introductions of merit

The Steele, Briggs' Improved Short White CARROT

It may be properly called "Little Giant." Seldom exceeds sixteen inches in length, and has been grown to measure twenty-seven inches in circumference; stands nearly one-fourth out of ground, with a strong, handsome top, broad and heavy at the shoulder, tapering evenly to a point, as perfect as if turned in a lathe. The color is pale green above ground, and a light creamy white under ground; flesh rich white, solid, sweet and very nutritious. Under good cultivation has yielded one thousand bushels per acre.

. . As an Exhibition Prize Winner it is the Peer

Is the . . .

World's Champion

Because it is the Surest Cropper
The Heaviest Yielder
Easiest Harvested
The Handsomest Shaped Roots
And the Very Best Field Carrot in existence

Price (post-paid) per lb., 45c.; ½ lb., 25c.; ¼ lb., 15c.; oz., 10c.

PLEASE NOTE.—As a safe-guard to growers, we supply the genuine "Improved Short White" Carrot in sealed packages only, printed in colors and bearing our name and trade mark as shown in the illustration. If your resident merchant cannot supply you, write to us for it. Refuse imitations of our packages and varieties said to be "just as good."

NEW...

Danish White Oats

A remarkably heavy-yielding variety, produces strong, stiff straw, large, plump, heavy, bright grain with thin hull, and adapted to a great diversity of soils; withstands stormy weather without lodging or shelling.

Price by mail (post-paid) per lb., 15c.; 4 lbs. for 50c., or by freight or express (purchaser paying carriage) peck 25c.; bush., 80c.; 10 bush. lots or over, 75c. per bush. Cotton bags, holding 2½ bush., at 15c. each.

Write for our Catalogue, contains descriptions and prices of the newest and best Field and Garden Seeds. Please mention this paper.

"Canada's Greatest Seed House"

The **STEELE, BRIGGS SEED CO.,** Limited

TORONTO, ONT.

CARDSTON RECORD.

—:o:—

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the interests of the North-West Territories of Canada.

Published Every Friday at Cardston.

Office Snow Block, Cardston, Alberta.

Subscriptions, $2.00 per year in advance.
Advertising Rates on application.

In every instance where specific instructions do not accompany advertisments they will be inserted until ordered out in person or by letter, and advertisments will be continued until satisfactory settlement is made for them.

Copy for change of advertisments MUST be in not later than Monday noon.

ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO

C. EDGAR SNOW,
Managing Editor,
CARDSTON, N. W. T.,
DRAWER 72 CANADA.

Cardston, May, 5, 1899.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

D. Packer is very ill at Dry Coulee.

The Territorial Legislature has been prorogated.

James P. Low has been confined to the house on account of a severe cold.

The Cardston Co., Ltd., will receive another carload of fence wire next week.

Miss Elsie Caldwell of Mt. View has been visiting Mrs. Dr. Brant the past two weeks

W. S. Needham and family now enjoy their new residence which was recently completed.

C. E. Bates has gone to Lethbridge where he will act as immigration agent for the Mormon Church.

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE.—For spot cash I will sell for $65.00 per lot; on time, $75.00 each. Apply to C. E. Snow.

Caldwell Base Ball 9 sends challenge to Cardston 9 for a match game May 24th., Her Majesty's birthday.

Cardston people are advocating for mail service by way of Macleod instead of Lethbridge.—Medicine Hat News.

L. V. Bonnell expects to put in a stock of wagons and farm machinery from the Minnesota Moline Plow Co., of Minneapolis, Minn.

G. A. Nuttlebury & Co., of Winnipeg, in a recent letter to the editor, said: "Many thanks for your paper 'The Record.' It is a credit to your town."

W. M. Wolsey has received his appointment as Local Inspector of Public Works, which position he will undoubtedly fill to the entire satisfaction of Govt. and people.

Prest. C. O. Card went over to Sterling on Wednesday to meet Bp. Brandley who is expected to arrive with a company of sixty immigrants from Utah. They will locate in and around Sterling.

We are sorry to record the death of Mr. and Mrs. Bert Talbot's two weeks' old baby girl. The little one passed away on Tuesday. The cause of death was pneumonia. All sympathize with the parents in their bereavement.

Fred'k Steel, of Steel & Co., Winnipeg, photographers, is in Cardston. Mr. Steel will probably open up a gallery here. He has taken a number of views of the town. By the way, Mr. Steel was The Record's first subscriber, and we hope to see him establish a business in Cardston.

Owing to some inadvertence the name of Alexander Campbell was omitted from mention in the criticism of the participants in the play recently presented by the Cardston Dramatic Company. Mr. Campbell took the part of Vermont, and performed it in good taste showing appreciation of the requirements of the role. As this was Mr. Campbell's first appearance on the stage he may be relied upon to make good progress if further opportunity presents itself.

The Macleod Gazette, after quoting our article on "Mail Service," which was published in The Record of Apr. 21st., says: "The present unsatisfactory service via Lethbridge will in any event be continued; but will be less direct in the future than in the past, settlements having formed which will make the present route less direct, longer and slower. Direct service we must have; but, while moving for the mail, the Cardston-Macleod stage project should be kept very much alive."

Nice weather.

Scavenger, wake up!

Small-pox is having an innings over the line.

Mrs. Attena Williams is visiting Mrs. Hyrum Taylor at Spring Coulee.

Mr. Kearl informs us it is probable that a stage will be run from this point to Macleod.

Spring Capes at the Cardston Co. for one week 20 per cent off.*

The Cardston Co. Ltd. has a change in their ad. to-day. It will pay you to read it and then act on it.

Spring coats at the Cardston Co. for one week 20 per cent off.*

In case the quarantine of Montana continues for any length of time, it will interfere seriously with overland immigration from Utah to Southern Alberta. It will not affect settlers coming by rail.

Mr. and Mrs. Ephriam Harker's little two weeks old baby died on Saturday night. The many friends of the parents deeply sympathize with them in their sad loss.

All our Spring capes and coats at a twenty per cent discount. Our room is limited and it is impossible for us to carry any over at the Cardston Co. Ltd.*

Thirty-eight cases of diphtheria originated in the Winnipeg general hospital during the past six months. So far, five deaths have resulted from that infectious disease.

The Board of Trustees for the Cardston School District will sit to-day as a Court of Revision. Probably there will be some interesting proceedings at the sitting.

It is all very well,—it sounds all very nicely to tell people who know nothing of the state of affairs that we Canadians are free from taxation; but, "oh, what a difference in the morning!"

The Cardston Drug Co. have their premises nicely fitted up and are now ready for business. H. W. Brant, M. D. and Dr. James T. Brown are the proprietors.

Canadian emigration as well as Canadian immigration is having a boom. Twenty thousand Quebec people have crossed the line this season. The exodus of Canadians to New England this spring is the heaviest for many years.

The rumors of the prevalence of small-pox in north-eastern Montana need not deter any immigrants from coming to Cardston. The affected districts are Forts Benton and Assiniboia, each being from 60 to 100 miles distant from the main route of travel to this locality. There is no quarantine raised on any parties coming by railroad to Canada from the states, and settlers continue to arrive here every day.

A 16-year-old girl imagines that she is an angel, and never gets over it. After a woman gets old she thinks of how she was admired and complimented in her youth and feels that some great wrong was done her because she did not remain as pretty as she was at 16. If she is married, she is apt to lay the blame on the brutality of her husband; if she is an old maid, she lays it on her father, who was poor, and thus forced her to work, which resulted in a stooping figure and harsh features. A man never has this experience. He is at his worst at 16 and does not reach his best until he is 26 to 30. By that time he has acquired a little sense and never mistakes a compliment for the truth.—Ex.

FURTHER POINTERS.

Write your advertisement so that there can be but one possible construction, and that the right one.

A furious shower does not soak in so well as a steady, rain. A double column advertisement once a year is not so good as a half-inch fifty-two times a year.

Advertising will enable a small manufacturer to compete successfully with a big one whose goods are known best to the trade perhaps, but not so well to the general public.

The reputation of being "the heaviest advertiser in town" is now very generally accepted by the public as indicating the possession of large capital. This may not always be the case, but in estimating the financial condition of a man the fact of his doing considerable advertising, and, necessarily, a considerable business, are universally regarded as points in his favor. This is only one of the many usually unconsidered trifles that go to make liberal, well-planned advertising a profitable investment.—Press.

This is Arbor Day.

Baroness Hirsch left $100,000,000.

Russia wants a loan of $60,000,000.

London now has Sunday newspapers.

Next Thursday is Ascension Day.

The Free Press last week issued a splendid mining supplement.

Evans and Rose will build Eph. Harker's residence.

Bishop Hansen's residence in Etna is rapidly nearing completion.

Adam Hendry recently erected a house in the western part of town.

Our Job Printing Department turned out several jobs this week.

The RECORD'S circulation is steadily on the increase.

Snow fell all day on Sunday and it was very cold that night.

W. M. Wolsey has secured the contract for the erection of the addition to the Cardston Co's store.

Mark Spencer, manager of the Cardston Tin Shop, will have an addition built to his place of business.

That Ferrill house MUST be taken off Main Street. It is a disgrace to the town.

The purposed cable which will connect Canada and Australia will cost our Government $2,100,000.

School tax 12 mills; Village tax 10 mills. Next!

Our columns are open to any person who thinks he can explain why taxes are NOT too high in Cardston.

Mr. Macleod and Mr. Ramsbottom went out to shoot geese the other day; but—oh, well, we'll not give them away.

H. S. Allen & Co. have their yard about filled up with new wagons, which they are selling at reasonable figures.

James Evans, of Evans & Rose, has gone over to Spring Coulee, where he will erect a half dozen houses for the canal contractors.

When Cardston was organized into a village, the majority of the townspeople believed such action compulsory; the supposition, however, was erroneous.

Government organs contain advertisements calling for tenders for Indian supplies, says the Calgary Herald. Yes, the Govt. organs always get the advertising, while the independent newspaper, which is the best kind of paper, receives,——nothing.

Evans & Rose, contractors and builders, have their card in to-day's Record. Both James Evans and W. T. Rose have shown to the people hereabouts that they are first class mechanics, and the fact of their having about twenty houses to build this summer is proof of the confidence the people place in them.

Ed. J. Wood, who recently returned from Samoa, has returned to his business at Eureka in which place he will make his future home.—Salt Lake Herald. He is a son of Wm. Wood of Cardston.

Several teams went in to Mott, Son & Co. of Macleod, for lumber this week. That enterprising firm is getting all of Cardston's trade, which is no surprise to those who have compared their prices with the prices of their competitors.

Everybody is signing the petition praying for the continuation of the present mail route from Lethbridge to Cardston. The petition is alright in all but one respect,—It does not ask for a triweekly service in place of the present very unsatisfactory semiweekly. Had such a request been inserted in the petition nothing would have been lacking to make it entirely satisfactory to everybody concerned.

After the foregoing was set up we learned that a request for a triweekly service had been inserted in the petition.

What do you think of the people who go to Lethbridge to buy their goods? We think they should be taken in hand by some small school boy and taught a lesson in "self help." People ought to patronize our home merchants, our home bank, and YOUR home newspaper. Don't go to Lethbridge, or any other place, and get your wedding cards printed, for, you know, your home paper cannot give you a nice, long "write-up" when you do such things, for, of course, newspaper men are, after all, but human, and, you know, or should know, "self preservation is the first law of nature;" "money makes the mare go," etc., etc.

CLARKE MINE,
Belly River, - - - - - - - - Alberta.
:: :: COAL :: ::
$2.25 per ton. Plenty on hand.

EVANS & ROSE,
CONTRACTORS and BUILDERS.
Estimates Furnished Free of Charge.

CHURCH NOTICE.
Divine Service in the Presbyterian Church, every Sabbath evening at 7:30 P. M.

OFFICIAL INFORMATION.

Earl of Minto,	Governor-General of Canada.
Sir Wilfrid Laurier,	Premier of Canada.
A. E. Forget,	Lieutenant-Governor of N. W. T.
L. G. DeVeber,	M. L. A. for Lethbridge District
Horace Harvey,	Registrar for Dist. of So. Alberta.
W. F. McCreary,	Commr. of Immig'r, Winnipeg.
J. A. Hammer,	Overseer, Village of Cardston.

C. F. P. CONYBEARE, Q.C.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
LETHBRIDGE, - ALBERTA.
Office Next door to "News" Office.

H. W. Brant, M.D.
Graduate and qualified Physician and Surgeon.
Offers his services to the people of Cardston and vicinity.

C. O. CARD,
SUB AGENT
DOMINION LANDS.
ALSO AGENT FOR
RAILWAY, HUDSON'S BAY
. . . AND . . .
PRIVATE LANDS.
Office Hours: 9 to 4.

Robert Ibey, Agent for
PIANOS & ORGANS.
Organs from $75.00 up to $175.00
Pianos " $250.00 " " 700.00
Sewing Machine
From $20.00 to $50.00.

Advertise in The Cardston Record.

[redacted] Drug Co.
New Stock now open.
ALL DRUGS FRESH AND PURE.
Fine Line of Liquors for Medicinal Purposes.
Toilet Articles and Fine French Perfumes.
PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY FILLED.
Give us a Call.
CARDSTON, ALBERTA.

HOTEL DE WOOLF
RATES, $1.50 PER DAY.
Livery & Feed Stable.
Cardston, - Alberta.

Hooked up at last.
HARNESS & SADDLERY.

Quality first. Prices right.
S. H. Horner,
CARDSTON, Next Kearl's Livery Stable

The Record will always be found on the side of TRUTH. In case it has a tendency to retard immigration to these parts, we will tell the truth. If any person can point out a single item which has been published in The Record during the past nine months (since it was established) that is not truthful in every particular, we will correct the same,—and rectify it in twenty-four point type, too. When we began writing about this taxation business, we did it in the very best spirit; and what is more, we have but stated facts. So in case facts are detrimental to a country, then we are guilty of—what? Our columns are open to any individual who can explain to our thousands of readers of what we are guilty. As we said before, we will tell the truth no matter who it hurts. The Record, as was stated last week, is not for any certain action of any certain clique,—The Record is for the people, the whole people whether they live in Canada, Utah, Idaho or China.

The Best
is always cheapest.

Fence Wire { "Baker" Painted. "Glidden" Galv'zd

Mc Clary Stoves.

Mc Cormick { Mowers & Binders.

Cockshutt { Hay Rakes, Plows, Harrows etc. etc., Drill, Disc Harrows

We do not claim to have better goods than can be had in the larger centres, but we carry the choicest that money can buy in the best markets. Our DRESS GOODS are of the latest patterns and full width. Come and look.

Wagons { "Bain" American. "Cooper" " "Adams" Paris—Canadian.

SHOES—"Harvey-Van-Norman"—brands.
Are THE BEST and are sold by
The Cardston Co. Ltd

Largest and best stock of General Merchandise ever brought to Cardston.

Mott, Son & Co.,
Macleod.
DEALERS IN
Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Doors, Windows, etc.

We have purchased ½ million feet of well seasoned lumber which we can sell at reasonable prices.

We invite the people of Cardston to come and see our stock.

The Weekly Globe, Toronto, $1.00 a year. THE RECORD has agency.

When you want receipt or note Books call at THE RECORD Office. We have just printed several thousand notes and receipts. You can get a book of either for 25 cts. at THE RECORD Office.

THE RECORD has the agency for CLEVELAND BICYCLES. Can sell you a good one for $40, or a better one for $50. Ladies' Bicycles from $40, up to $80. Now is the time to order your Bicycle. The Cleveland Bicycle is the BEST made.

By paying in advance, you can get THE RECORD one year and the Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

For Sale.

Columbia Graphophone, 26-inch horn, with folding stand, two-way hearing tube, and 85 records, all in perfect condition. Come and see it at this office.

CARDSTON TIN SHOP.
All kinds of repair work. Camp stoves, tinware, etc., at lowest prices.
Cardston. . . . . Alberta.

Meat Market.
Wm. Wood.
Smoked Tongue, Hams and Bacon. My own cure.
Cash paid for hides

Samuel Cox,
Contractor & Builder.
Sign, General Painting, & Paper Hanging.
Orders can be left at Record Office.
CARDSTON: : : ALBERTA.

Money to Loan at the Bank.*

THE RECORD and Deseret Semi-Weekly News one year for $3.50.*

THE CARDSTON RECORD and Alberta Tribune, both one year for $2.50.

FOR SALE Model I Improved Hand Printing Press. Chase 5x7. At RECORD Office.*

Buy extra copies of THE RECORD and send them to your friends. 5 cts a copy at the Printing Office.*

ENVELOPES.

Comply with the postal requirements by using your envelopes printed, by THE RECORD.

Fire and Life Insurance.

Equitable Life. (Assets $200,000,000.)
British America Fire Assurance Co.
Western Fire Assurance Co.
Agency, RECORD Office.

Kearl Hotel
Kearl & Sharp, Props.
First Class in all Appointments.
$1.50 per day and upwards.
Meals, 40 Cents.
Livery, Feed & Sale Stables
Good outfits furnished at all hours.
Rates Reasonable.
H. W. SAVORY,
Boundary Creek (Cardston P. O.) Alta.
Saddle & Work Horses For Sale.