

The Evening Advertiser

60TH YEAR. NO. 23504

LONDON, ONTARIO, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1922.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

SEEK TO BRING MANY PEOPLE TO AID CANADA

Hon. Charles Stewart Outlines Full Immigration Policy of Government.

WORK IN BRITAIN AND U.S. Would Secure Settlers From Two Countries by Publicity Campaign.

Ottawa, Nov. 27.—(By the Canadian Press).—A "pronounced forward step" in the immigration activities of the Canadian government is announced today by Hon. Charles Stewart, acting minister of immigration and colonization.

Aggressive publicity in Great Britain and the United States, and gradually extended into the Scandinavian countries, Holland, Belgium and France, supported by an effective agency follow up, is indicated. Special efforts will also be made toward the repatriation of ex-Canadians now in the United States, the securing of female domestic workers and the encouragement of immigration of children from Great Britain.

Hon. Mr. Stewart begins his announcement with a review of his own conditions in Canada, which he finds to be fairly satisfactory with respect to grain raising, dairying and hog raising, but disappointing in the beef and stocker cattle situation. He believes that the worst of this situation has passed and that the removal of the British embargo on live stock and prospects which exist for more favorable trade relations in this connection with the United States, give promise of a return in the almost immediate future to a healthy condition for Canada's agriculturists.

Facies Difficulties. After enumerating some of the difficulties which Canada has had to face during recent years in immigration matters, among which have been surpluses of certain kinds of labor in Canada, sudden deflation of land values in the United States and the discount of the capital of British settlers due to the depreciation in sterling exchange, the minister concludes that these conditions, too, are righting themselves, and that the time is ripe for active immigration propaganda.

Free homesteads will no longer be the chief magnet, but the efforts of the department will be directed toward settling up and making productive vacant lands convenient to railways. Efforts will be largely centralized upon settling in position to buy land, but a new departure will be taken in creating machinery through the immigration department for bringing settlers into direct contact with owners desiring to rent their lands. In this way it is hoped to place the tenant farmer in a position eventually to become a landowner in Canada.

Special efforts are to be directed toward the repatriation of ex-Canadians now in the United States. It is believed that many former Canadians who have been attracted to the industrial centers of New England would gladly return to their native land, and through co-operation with provincial governments it is hoped to repatriate a large number of such settlers.

Want Domestic Help. A vigorous advertising and publicity campaign will be immediately initiated. Increased efforts will be made to secure a much larger number of household workers, but it is intimated that there will be no lessening of the restrictions as to health and moral desirability of the immigrant.

The minister has not been able to consider favorably schemes for assisted land settlement that depend upon work out of a plan of close co-operation with organizations interested in immigration. Child immigration is looked upon with much favor, and activities in this connection will be extended by Great Britain. It is hoped to co-operate in bearing the cost of their transportation with the British emigration board.

"These," says Mr. Stewart, "are our proposals. We propose to initiate at once an active advertising and publicity campaign in Great Britain and the United States, and to extend it into the favored countries of Northern Europe as circumstances permit. We propose to make it known to the world that Canada wants settlers, but at the same time to select only such settlers as are worthy to share in our Canadian heritage.

We shall particularly seek settlers with some capital, and who are able to buy and cultivate the vacant lands now adjacent to our railways, but we shall also provide educational machinery to bring the tenant farmer into touch with rental opportunities which will give him a chance to make a start in Canada. We hope for the co-operation of public bodies who have the interest of Canada at heart. We realize that the development of Canada's resources by means of immigration is a big problem, and we are prepared to face it in a big way, but we feel that success can only be assured if the fullest degree of co-operation is forthcoming from the Canadian people.

TWO DIE IN BOAT COLLISION. Buenos Aires, Nov. 27.—Thirty-four lives were lost in a collision today between a launch and a ferryboat in the Parana River near Zarate, north-west of Buenos Aires.

FAILS TO TAKE LONDON IN ON PENSION PROBE

Royal Commission Omits Forest City in Dominion Itinerary.

INITIAL WORK ENDED Body Formed to Investigate Re-establishing of Soldiers.

Why has the royal commission, investigating the pension and re-establishment question failed to include London on its list of places where hearings will be conducted? Officers of Military District No. 1, as well as officials of the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment in this city are at a loss to know the reason why the commission will not visit the Forest City as they were given to understand that hearings would be held in the center of every military district in Canada.

In a statement handed out Saturday afternoon, November 25, Col. Ralston, chairman of the commission, announced the places on the itinerary would be Halifax, St. John's, Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Calgary, Regina and Vancouver. Some of the places at which the investigations will be conducted are not military centers, and the opinion is held by local military officials that the proper places for the commission to meet is the military district centers.

The royal commission was formed some time ago to give all ex-servicemen consideration and the right of looking after the needs of returned soldiers, the commission decided to make a tour of the Dominion, and in the middle of the month of January, 1923.

VETERAN SLAYS SELF WITH PISTOL

Fred Carter, Windsor, Takes Own Life When Depressed.

Windsor, Nov. 27.—Fred Carter, a veteran who served through the war with the 47th Machine Gun Company, was found dead in his bedroom, Sunday, having shot himself with a .38 calibre revolver.

Carter, according to members of his family, had remained in bed throughout the forenoon, and had evidently been dead several hours when he was found by his mother at 3:30 p.m. No one in the house heard the fatal shot which was fired from a .38-calibre revolver.

Since his return from overseas, members of the family state, Carter's whole personality has changed, and for some time he had been depressed in spirits. He was 37 years old.

No inquest will be held.

ROB STORE NEAR KERRWOOD OF \$100 WORTH OF GOODS

Thieves, Believed Amateurs, Smash Tank to Get Gasoline for Auto.

Kerrwood, Nov. 27.—Thieves, apparently amateurs, broke into the store of W. W. Parker of Kerrwood, and evidently secured \$100 worth of goods, including clothing, shoes and cigars. Entrance was effected by breaking the lock on a rear door. The whole store was ransacked.

In getting some gasoline for their auto the thieves smashed a tank in the store.

Police have been notified, but so far no arrests have been made.

CLAIMS HEARST AND KLAN MENACE UNITED STATES

James Morton Flays Two as Greatest Evils of U. S. Republic.

Montreal, Nov. 27.—Apart from the negro problem in the south and the Oriental question in the west, the two great evils which must be fought in the United States today are the Hearst press and the Ku Klux Klan, according to James Morton, Jun. of New York, who addressed the members of the Reform Club at their weekly luncheon on Saturday.

Mr. Morton's solution to the racial problem was the breakdown of the language barriers by the universal teaching of Esperanto.

PERSISTENT EFFORT OF LONDONER BRINGS ART TREASURE TO CITY



PAUL PEEL.

HOLDS KU KLUX KINDLED BLAZE

Roman Catholic Priest Charges Klan Burned St. Boniface College.

Winnipeg, Nov. 27.—Canadian Press.—With ten persons, nine students and infirmarian, Rev. Brother Stormont, still unaccounted for and believed to have perished in the fire which destroyed St. Boniface College Saturday morning, searchers continued their task of clearing away the debris in the hunt for bodies of victims throughout last night and this morning. Old pieces of human bones were found during the night and early Sunday evening sufficient bones were located in the ruins of the northwest tower to warrant the supposition that there were two bodies in the debris at that point. One body was found Saturday, but identification will be impossible, it is thought.

The origin of the fire, which resulted in so many deaths and property damage of \$500,000, is still a mystery. College and police officials scout the reports of incendiarism. An investigation will be started today by the provincial fire commissioner.

Of five boys still in the hospital, two were injured in making their escape from the burning building, only five are confined to the St. Boniface Hospital today. The other three were sent to the hospital, but after having their injuries attended to were able to leave for their homes. The five boys still in the hospital were painfully, but not seriously, injured, and they are reported as progressing favorably this morning.

The college authorities are making a roll call this morning to definitely check up the names and the number of persons missing.

WINNIPEG, Nov. 27.—"The Ku Klux Klan is responsible for the fire in St. Boniface College in the same manner as other Roman Catholic institutions on the North American continent," declared the recent one in a letter to the Ku Klux Klan. The letter was signed by one of the Jesuit fathers who distinguished himself by his speech during the fire Saturday morning.

He, however, made the earnest request that his name be withheld, partly because he did not wish to be marked for the special attentions of the "Invisible Empire," partly due to the natural diffidence of the men of his calling.

"An explosion that immediately preceded the fire," he continued, "occurred in a part of the building where there was no material of any kind stored that could have given rise to such an explosion."

Had this been the first fire in a Roman Catholic college, it would not be suspicious, but as it is one of a series, we are obliged to come to the conclusion that in the campaign of terror the Ku Klux Klan has taken a lot of ten, at least, innocent lives—lives of youths who never possibly could have done them any harm. In addition, priceless records of the early explorations of the western sections of Canada and the United States have been lost.

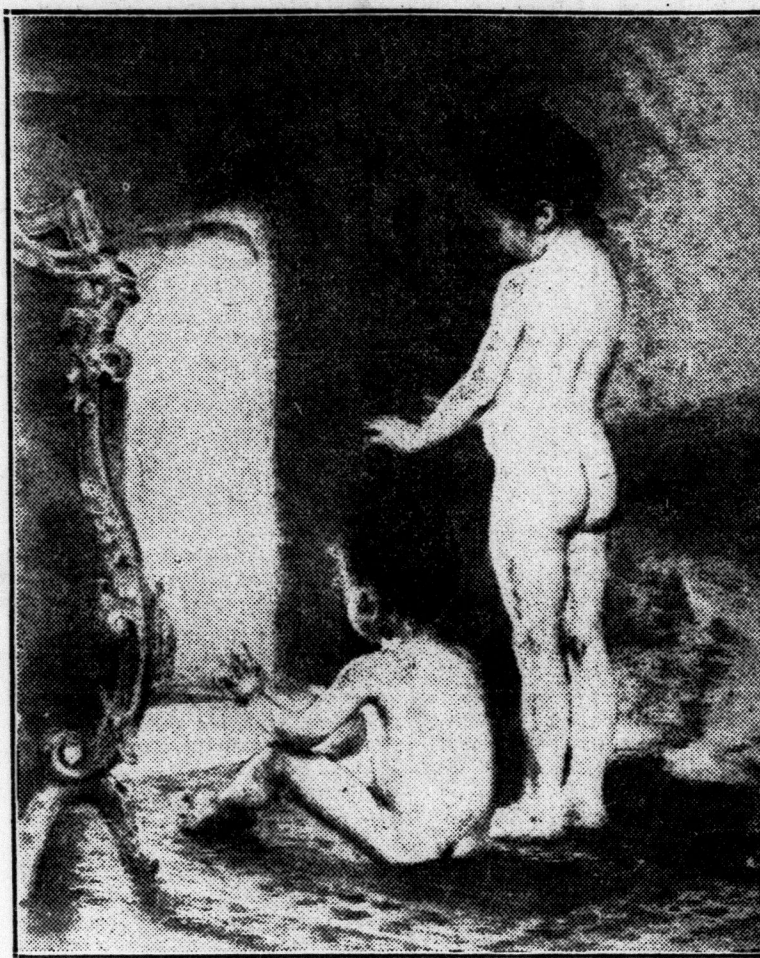
I can put no interpretation upon it other than murder by the Ku Klux Klan, or some fanatic, believing he was operating for them."

BRITAIN PAYS CANADA 50 MILLIONS ON DEBT

Ottawa, Nov. 27.—Great Britain has already paid to Canada fifty million dollars on account of her war debt to the Dominion.

The total amount of the debt incurred through advance for war materials, on March 31st last, \$117,859,630, under agreement reached by Hon. W. S. Fielding, minister of finance, the debt is being paid at the rate of \$5,000,000 per month in New York funds, and ten payments have been made.

The money is being utilized for the purpose of paying short term loans entered into by Canada.



"AFTER THE BATH."

Two years persistent effort on the part of James Colerick, well-known London art critic, has accomplished a result that will arouse the interest of art lovers in Europe and America—the purchase of Paul Peel's greatest masterpiece, "After the Bath," from the government of Hungary and the National Art Gallery of Budapest.

The negotiations carried on by Mr. Colerick since the completion of the work of the peace conference have been one of the closely kept secrets of art circles in London, but the deal has now been closed, the work has been authenticated in London, England, and it will soon reach this city.

The amount paid has not been disclosed, but because of the extreme conditions of exchange, the Hungarian national government will receive a sum computed high in the thousands of kronen.

A sentimental interest attaches to the purchase in London in view of the fact that Paul Peel was one of London's most distinguished sons.

He was born in this city on Nov. 4, 1860, the son of the late ex-Ald. John R. Peel, of this city, and a brother of the wife of Sir George Peel, former premier of Ontario. His father conducted a granite monument works on Richmond street, and first interested the lad in art and design. In 1877, Paul, who had then reached an unusual talent, was sent to the Academy of Fine Arts in Philadelphia, where he graduated and became demonstrator of anatomy to the life class. In 1880 he proceeded to London, Eng., where he studied in the British Museum and began to paint for the Royal Academy.

His health was unable to withstand the English winter, and after a stay of three or four months he crossed to Paris, where he remained to study under Lefevre, Boulanger, and Constant, the latter being his favorite master.

He was an industrious and rapid worker, and it is said, painted his masterpiece, "After the Bath," in less than two months. The work was executed in Paris in 1890 and exhibited in the salon there in the following year.

Representatives of the National Art Gallery of Budapest immediately became interested and when the painting was awarded the gold medal, Peel sprang into fame and keen competition for purchase of the work ensued. The Hungarian government had all but closed for "After the Bath" when Sara Bernhardt, then in the flush of her unusual success, became enthralled and offered Peel a larger sum. For professional reasons he preferred that the painting should be placed in the Hungarian National Gallery and after further negotiation the divine Sara's

price was met and the picture was taken to Budapest.

The picture was based on a sudden inspiration in his own domestic circle, Peel, in January, 1888, married a Danish artist, Isaura Verdena, and two children, a boy and girl, were born to them. One evening, one of the children appeared fresh from the bath and fell into a pretty pose before the open hearth. Placing the other child in the posture desired, he completed the study in his own imagination.

Called "Wonderful!" Edmund Jacques, the famous French master, at once acclaimed Peel in the salon. "Cite to you Paul Peel," he exclaimed in a critical review. "His naked children render a blazing fire-place, all blazing themselves with light, and so well arranged in their natural postures. Are they not wonders? They breathe. They blow. They warm themselves. They are exactly as nature has made them."

Mr. Colerick, who was a school mate of Peel's brother, Dr. A. J. Peel, has cherished for 15 years an ambition to own "After the Bath." Publication after the conclusion of peace, of the fact that the art treasures of the war-ravaged countries were being marketed to replenish depleted national treasuries brought Mr. Colerick to action, and for two years he has pursued this undertaking.

On the strength of his own wide reputation as an art critic, he has gauged the worth of Peel's masterpiece in comparison with Gainsborough's "Blue Boy," which sold long ago to a Californian for \$700,000, a price without precedent.

AIM TO CREATE EMPIRE TRADE

British Organization Calls On Local Chamber of Commerce for Aid.

Aware of the fact that every branch of industry and trade throughout the British Empire is today in the state of arrested development, and though their difficulties may appear different they call for a common solution, a firm economic policy for the Empire as a whole—the British Empire Producers' Organization, representative of the principal producing organizations of the Empire, has by letter entreated every member of the British Parliament to do all in their power to remedy the trouble and to take all practical steps to stimulate production, promote inter-empire trade and develop the Empire first of all for its own peoples.

In a communication from general secretary of the organization, H. P. Tooley, Monday morning, secretary Gordon P. Philip of the London Chamber of Commerce was acquainted with the plans of the organization to remedy the trouble and to take all practical steps to stimulate production, promote inter-empire trade and develop the Empire first of all for its own peoples.

"I am going to answer three questions before I am asked," he declared. "The first is that I was not born in your city. I had absolutely no control over that situation, but I did the next best thing. With my eyes closed I have lived in London 23 years ago. (Applause.)

"My second crime is that I have made a success of my personal business. But I want to say right here now so they can hear me that there are men on that committee that I would be ashamed to have on mine. (Applause and several voices 'we know who they are.')

Smacks of Hearst. "I do not want to go into personalities, but I will if I am pressed. This morning forced by my opponent, and today you have read the propaganda against me that smacks of the Hearst papers—the brand of material that you will read in the papers from the United States that were thrown into the river at Windsor a few days ago by returned soldiers—who would not allow themselves to be read. (Applause.)

When the applause greeting this declaration had subsided, a member of the audience shouted "Childs thinks he has a star-streak in Ward 4, but he is mistaken."

"When the last majority campaign opened," continued the speaker, "I agreed that there would be no personalities indulged in. The fight was to be fair and above board, but at the City Hall meeting in the East London town hall, he picked up my campaign sheet and ridiculed my criticisms in the audience, if it had been plain unvarnished contentionists or the truth."

During a warm spell, when one candidate got in a tight corner he demanded the removal of a persistent heckler who kept interrupting the speakers.

Ex-Ald. William Arthur Wilson effected a fervent appeal for election, and the speaker, who had previously pressed the frank opinion that there were "too many doctors on the present council who voted for an increase in the salary of the Mayor," pressed the salary increase for Dr. Downham.

After a lengthy resume of his stewardship as a councillor, he trained his guns in the general direction of Ald. Leonard Douglas. A smart debate then ensued, the speaker's remarks on the entertainment and gratification of the public being particularly pointed.

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THE WEATHER

FORECASTS. Today—Cloudy, with light snow or sleet.

Tuesday—Strong northerly winds and somewhat colder.

Since Saturday an area of low pressure has come to the Great Lakes from the northwest and has caused a snowfall throughout Ontario.

In Quebec and the Maritime Provinces the weather has been mostly cloudy and cold. In the Western Provinces it has been fair and quite mild.

Temperatures. The highest and lowest temperatures recorded in the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were:

Victoria ... 32 44
Calgary ... 64 30
Winnipeg ... 32 26
Edmonton ... 32 24
Toronto ... 37 27
Kingston ... 34 20
Ottawa ... 30 22
Montreal ... 30 26
Quebec ... 30 24
St. John's ... 24 34

LOCAL TEMPERATURES. The highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 29; lowest, 24.

Sunday—8 p.m. Today—8 a.m.

DID CHILDS SAY 19 CENTS ENOUGH FOR WORKERS?

Press Clipping Shown at Talbot Street Mass Meeting To Refute Denial of Mayoralty Candidate—Wenige Defends Self on Accusations Regarding Birth.

HECKLERS GIVE ASPIRANTS HOT TIME

"Did Ald. H. J. Childs, majority candidate, ever say or infer that 19 cents an hour was ample remuneration for a workman?" This was the chief topic of interest at Saturday night's mass meeting in the Talbot street public school, and while Ald. Childs devoted the greater portion of 20 minutes denying the statement or inference, there were many in the audience who still disputed his stand.

The session easily measured up to expectations and it became imperative to open up another classroom to accommodate the crowds. Feeling ran high and at one juncture, during the address by Ald. Childs, so loud and clamorous became the assembled electors that it appeared for a few minutes as though the meeting would break up in disorder.

"With Gloves Off." All candidates handled the situation "with gloves off," ex-Ald. George Wenige, another mayoralty candidate, adopting the initiative. Without preliminaries he picked up the challenge of his opponents as voiced at the ward 3 gathering the previous evening.

"I am going to answer three questions before I am asked," he declared. "The first is that I was not born in your city. I had absolutely no control over that situation, but I did the next best thing. With my eyes closed I have lived in London 23 years ago. (Applause.)

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RAVEN GETS ACCLAMATION AS MAYOR OF ST. THOMAS

Big List of Contestants Reported in Aldermanic Field.

St. Thomas, Nov. 27.—Mayor Charles E. Raven was this morning re-elected for 1923 by acclamation at the nomination meeting. The commissioners who are returned this year are all in the field again and have strong opposition.

The will also be a big field of aldermanic candidates.

TWO KILLED WHEN FREIGHT WRECKED

Andover, Mich., Nov. 27.—Two men were killed and a third painfully hurt when a Great Northern freight train, bound from Minneapolis to Superior, Wisconsin ran into an open switch near here yesterday and was derailed. The dead, Orville Euthis, brakeman, and August Furst, fireman, both of Superior.

When the latter moved up to the front near the platform and attempted to speak, a section of the audience, presumably Ald. Childs' backers, endeavored to drown him out. This aroused the others in the room, and pandemonium broke loose, and the air was filled with frenzied shouts, "Give the workers a chance." "Sit down. Go ahead. We'll put out out."

The disorder continued several minutes, and it looked for a time as though blows would eventually be struck and the meeting broken up in disorder. The presence of one constable had no apparent effect upon the opposing factions who freely

FEAR MANY DROWNED IN BARCELONA SHIP MISHAP

London, England, Nov. 26.—A Barcelona dispatch to Reuters' Agency says it is feared many persons were drowned today in the capsizing of a local passenger steamboat which was run into by a customs boat. Eighty passengers were thrown into the sea. Ten bodies had been recovered when the dispatch was filed, and seven injured survivors had been rescued. Divers were searching the wreckage.

BRITISH HOUSE OPEN ALL NIGHT

London, Nov. 27.—Announcement is made that the British House of Commons will stay all night in order to expedite the Irish constitution bill, which must be passed by Wednesday, the legal time for its adoption.

SOUL REQUIRES FOOD FROM GOD

Declared Rev. J. Agnew in Sermon at Ridout Street Methodist.

"Hail every one that thirsteth, come ye to the waters," formed the text of a sermon delivered by Rev. J. Agnew at the Ridout Street Methodist Church last night.

"Let us ask ourselves, in the words of the psalmist," Rev. Mr. Agnew said, "why am I east down? We will not be cast down in our souls if we seek the higher things of God. We may spend our money and energy in securing worldly things, but if we neglect our spiritual welfare our souls will still be longing for the spiritual food, which is God."

"There is a constant gnawing consciousness of an unrealized need in our souls and in order to satisfy this longing we must turn to our Creator. In worldly affairs we go from one feast to another without finding the bread of life; the things of this life allure and attract, but in the end prove unsatisfactory for our souls."

"We know from our own experience that there is a constant longing in our hearts for something better and better than ourselves and until we do realize this, we remain downcast in spirit. If man had been created on a smaller design his design his need for spiritual nourishment would be less, but since he has been made in the image and likeness of God he must have something of infinite worth to keep alive. Material things of the world are inadequately to satisfy the longing of his soul for higher things."

"Every man enjoys social intercourse, but a continual round of numbing pleasures will not appease the hunger of his soul. Science, art, music and literature are great things in themselves, but they are inadequate to appease man's longing for soul-satisfaction."

"Man is bigger than any of these lesser factors of existence, and there is something in his nature that calls for greater things, some thing that must be met by bigger and better things and as long as this is unanswered there is bound to be a disquiet in his soul."

"The psalmist says: 'What is man that thou art mindful of him?' Man is a creature born for companionship with God—this was the purpose of our creation—until we find this companionship our spiritual natures remain unsatisfied."

"We are purposed for a fellowship with a Divine Being, the plan of our life is that we should be in communion with God, and he who does not adhere to this rule will have a far more peaceful and contented life than one who is not in communion with God in our hearts. We are the 'Temple of the Holy Ghost,' and God has made us in his image that we might live in us and work through us. Our souls will never be at rest until we find God—this was the purpose of our creation—until we find this companionship our spiritual natures remain unsatisfied."

"We cannot appease with material things the soul that is longing for the eternal; to do this would be to hurt the same as offering money to the heart pining for love—it is not enough."

"We can never enter a higher plane of existence in this world until we find God, because only in communion with Almighty, who at all times is to requite his infinite love to his creatures."

"The coming to London of Hughston Johnson to reorganize Royal Templars in the city has resulted in new life being imparted to the local council, which held a most enthusiastic session in the Dowling Building recently, when sixteen young people were initiated into membership by A. H. Lyle of London, who presided throughout the meeting."

"Dr. C. Van Norman Emery, Dominion secretary, was also present, and occupied a seat on the platform. Both of these distinguished visitors addressed the gathering, deploring the apathy of the Christian Church toward the movement to protect the young life of the city from the dangers of intoxicating liquor and urging increased efforts to promote Royal Templars among those who place all young people under their wings."

"The following brethren, who have been in the order for over 25 years and testified to the good they had received from Fellowship in the R. O. of Templars, Messrs. Hadden and Armour, Messrs. Leah, Coward, Rosenberg and Jewell."

"Rev. J. N. Norton, secretary of the Western Ontario Brotherhood Federation, who is a member of the local council, also briefly addressed the brethren. A motion of thanks was accorded the sisters, who very kindly provided a bountiful supply of refreshments. Mrs. Hadden was responsible for a most interesting program of songs and recital."

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Obituaries

MRS. WM. TISDALE

The death of Gertrude Tisdale, wife of William Tisdale, occurred in this city, at Victoria Hospital, on Saturday, November 25. She is survived by her husband, two daughters, Irene and Dorothy, and an infant son, William.

Funeral services, conducted by the Rev. C. R. Gunne, will be held at the residence of Mrs. Boniface, 145 Maitland street, this afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Interment will take place in Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

JAMES SHAW

The death occurred at the family residence, 138 Worley road south, Sunday, Nov. 26, of James Shaw, in his 59th year. Mr. Shaw had been ill for about six weeks. He leaves his widow, one daughter Annie at home, and one son George, of Quebec.

Mr. Shaw had formerly conducted a provision shop in London. South, and at the time of his taking sick was connected with the St. Thomas Packing Company of this city.

He was a member of St. John's Lodge, and his funeral will be held under Masonic auspices, Tuesday, Nov. 28, from his late home to Woodland Cemetery at 2:30 o'clock. The interment services will be conducted by the Rev. T. A. Byrland.

LORNE R. BORNAND

Lorne R. Bornand, son of Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Bornand, of this city, passed away at Victoria Hospital on Saturday, in his fifth year. He had been sick but two days.

The funeral will be held this morning at 11 o'clock to Woodland Cemetery at 11 o'clock to Woodland Cemetery.

MRS. ELIZABETH HUNT

The death of Mrs. Elizabeth Hunt occurred at her home, 552 Elgin street, Saturday, after a lengthy illness.

Mrs. Hunt was in her 85th year, and had been a resident of this city for the last 20 years.

The funeral will be held on Tuesday, Nov. 28, from her late residence to Woodland Cemetery at 2 o'clock.

MRS. T. E. McNAMARA

Mrs. Elizabeth McNamara, wife of Thomas E. McNamara, 114 Clarence street, died Sunday, Nov. 24, at Victoria Hospital, this city, Sunday, Nov. 24, in her 58th year.

Mrs. McNamara had been ill a long time and had been in the hospital for a month past.

The funeral will be held from Logan's undertaking parlors at 10 o'clock, Tuesday, Nov. 28, and will be shipped to Dunbar, Ont., where interment will be made Tuesday afternoon.

MRS. EDWIN BUGLER

The death occurred at the family residence, 20 Horton street, City, Sunday, Nov. 26, of Mrs. Jessie Bugler, in her 54th year.

Mrs. Bugler leaves her husband, three daughters, Mrs. H. McGowan, Mrs. Nevalyn, and Miss Jessie; three sons, Richard, Fred and William, all of this city.

The funeral will be held from her late home Tuesday at 2 p.m., to Mount Pleasant Cemetery, and the interment will be conducted by Rev. Canon Tucker of St. Paul's Cathedral.

W. R. VANTASSEL

W. R. Vantassel, 259 Cheapside street, died Sunday last in his 54th year. Mr. Vantassel was a very well-known resident of the city for the last fifteen years, and connected with several fraternal organizations, having been until the time of his death an active organizer of the R. O. of Templars, and a member of the R. O. of the Canadian Home Circle Society.

His death will be regretted by a large number of friends in different parts of Canada and the United States.

He leaves his widow, Mrs. Elizabeth Vantassel, four daughters, Mrs. J. Strong, the Misses Elsie and Viola, and Mrs. A. A. Munn, and two sons, F. E. Vantassel of this city, and A. R. Vantassel of New York City.

The funeral service will be held at Mount Pleasant Cemetery on Tuesday, Nov. 28, and interment will be made in Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

ANGELICAN YOUNG PEOPLE CONVENT

Two Hundred Delegates From Two Counties Meet in City.

With at least five delegates expected from the forty parishes interested, an attendance of nearly two hundred is provided for, at the convention of the Anglican Young People's Association of the dioceses of East and West Middlesex, which commences Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock in All Saints' Church, with the rector, Rev. A. B. A. Bice, as chairman.

The convention comes as the result of a suggestion made by the former rural dean of East and West Middlesex, Rev. A. B. A. Bice, of All Saints, and Rev. A. Shore of Ilford, that a gathering of the sort might lead to greater interest in the activities of the young people of the church.

According to the Anglican clergy in charge of the affair it is hoped that the meeting would be an annual event, and that it will lead to the formation of the Anglican Young People's Association in connection with the Archdeaconry of London, formed along similar lines to that of the Diocese of A. Y. P. A.

Rev. Canon Appleyard, president of the Diocese of A. Y. P. A., is listed as one of the speakers and will be in attendance by T. H. Hollingsworth, president of the Dominion A. Y. P. A.

There is no doubt now but that property at the corner of Olive and Trafalgar streets is now owned by the city, according to W. A. Tanner, secretary of the board of education, who voiced the opinion Monday that the former owners probably have their money by this time.

The question of final settlement was left in the hands of the city solicitor last week. It is proposed to erect a new public school upon this locality of \$20,000, while the cost of the new structure is estimated at \$195,000.

Every time the average man makes a fool of himself he proceeds to advertise the fact.

NAGE WORLD'S GREATEST MAN

Rev. Dr. Lancelotti Claims Lloyd George Was Chosen by God.

To greet a pastor whose name has never been forgotten in the church where he preached for so many years, and of whose early pastors he is the only one left, Dundas Centre Methodist Church was filled Sunday morning and evening with those eager to hear Rev. Dr. Lancelotti, now of Toronto, but who officiated at Dundas Centre little more than ten years ago.

A striking feature of Dr. Lancelotti's sermon in the morning was his reference to David Lloyd George as the greatest man in the world, "called of God, if ever there was a man."

"There is Providence in his defeat," Dr. Lancelotti declared. "Providence, that he may obtain a rest from a struggle that required of him a human effort, the carrying of the burdens of the whole world upon his shoulders."

The reference to Lloyd George came as a result of the comparison drawn between the entry of the Lord into Jerusalem and the coming of Lloyd George to the city of London.

"The Jews threatened the death of Christ because He attempted to save their entire state. What are we doing today? Are we repeating the Great Refusal?"

"Christianity is not a religion alone for individuals. It acts on individuals, but it is the saving of the states, and thus again react on individuals. The works of Christ on the world today."

"And Christ holds to no hard and fast rule. In each age He adopts a different method of saving men. Just as He is expected to ride into Jerusalem on a wild, untrained colt, so may He choose a wild, untrained colt to be the means of saving the world today."

"The refusal to recognize the fact that Christ may choose one of a hundred to be the savior of the world is the holding fast to one denomination, and refusal to believe that any other may be just as good a means of getting to heaven."

"He is before us today, asking permission to heal souls and save civilization. He has performed his great works on individuals. He took a wild, untrained gypsy boy, and gave him the means of saving the world 'Billy Sunday.' And then He took a little Welsh village and gave the world David Lloyd George—the man who has striven endlessly for world peace."

"We cannot expect that before many months are past he will again be placed at the helm by popular acclaim."

"Christ has put in the hands of each of us the power to make of ourselves an instrument for the saving of the world as a whole. Are we to use that power, or are we to repeat the Great Refusal; or will we make it necessary for Christ to call a stranger to the rescue, as He did from our midst, and make of him the instrument to save our civilization?"

Herbert James Childs, 500 Adelaide street, recently retired from the drug business, and at present is chairman of the finance committee of the city council.

He has supported Mayor Wilson consistently throughout the year, in his effort to reduce the tax rate.

George Albert Wenige, 27 Erie avenue, well known as the proprietor of the Bicycle and Motor Sales Company. Was a member of the city council in 1921, as a representative of Ward 1. Attained prominence by his efforts which resulted in the seizure of the London street railway and the subsequent collection of debts from that corporation.

City Council, Ward 1. OSCAR I. CUNNINGHAM, 1 Belgrave place, dentist. He has been a member of the city council for several years and is of World's present representatives. He is a member of the board of health and a strong advocate of the milk bylaw just passed by the council.

JOHN ABRAHAM GREER, 99 York street, connected with his father in the carriage business, A. B. Greer & Son. He entered the city council for the first time. He is well known in hockey and other outdoor sports circles.

JOHN THOMAS MAY, 346 Ridout street, is a grocer, well known in Ward 1 and throughout the city. He is a present member of the board of works and achieved prominence in the city council this year in many ways, one being his opposition to the so-called "salary grab" for aldermen.

RAYMOND SMITH, 99 Front street, proprietor of The Advertiser, is well known in Ward 1 and throughout the city. He is a present member of the board of works and achieved prominence in the city council this year in many ways, one being his opposition to the so-called "salary grab" for aldermen.

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PETER JAMESON WATT, 49 Riverview avenue, also claims a large following in the ward and was a member of the council in 1921, retiring at the close of his term by reason of ill-health. He is a retired merchant.

City Council—Ward 2. LEONARD HUGH DOUGLASS, Parkview Apartments, is just completing his first term in public office as a member of the board of works of the city council. During the year he has been a devoted advocate of the establishment of a civic garage. He is a veteran of the great war.

ALBERT MEREDITH JUDD is another representative from this district who is completing his first year in the council. He was always regarded as a capable member of the committee with which he was connected through the year, the finance body.

WILLIAM TITE, 50 Mount Pleasant avenue, is one of Labor's two selections in this ward, and is a socialist delegate to the Trades and Labor Council. He is prominently identified with the local Labor movement, and was a delegate to the last to the Dominion Trades Congress at Montreal.

WILLIAM ARTHUR WILSON, 234 Hyman street, retired from business, has been a member of the city council for nine years until last election, when he went down to defeat by a small margin. He was twice chairman of the board of works.

SEE TODAY

EVERYBODY'S "spying!" Why not you, too? Keep your eyes open for news and win two tickets for the Grand Theatre.

Column will call at The Advertiser Office today or Tuesday, he will be given two tickets for the Grand Theatre Tuesday.

One of the numerous motor buses on London streets, loaded with passengers, being towed down Dundas street by a motor truck.

A wise youngster who, on leaving his bicycle at the curb, to go into a drug store, detach his lamp and carry it into the store with him, slyly remarking: "Safety first, you know."

Two women, having a tug-of-war on the Grand Trunk platform over the possession of a grip, one woman claiming the passenger owed her two dollars, while the other claimed she had gone on for twenty minutes, the station policeman decided to call it a draw.

When on a crowded street car, an old woman came in, and a young man got up and offered her a seat. But instead of taking it, the girl made the dear old lady comfortable, and stood—DORAS.

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ADVISE PACKING FOR BEE HIVES

Speakers at Meeting of Apiarists Urged Better Care of Colonies.

F. W. Crouse of Guelph, the well-known apiarist, addressed the Mid-dlesex Beekeepers' Association at their regular meeting Saturday afternoon in the County Buildings, taking as his subject "Permanent Packing."

Eight years of experimenting, Mr. Crouse said, had proved to him the value of this system of protecting the hives, the three chief benefits being a more even temperature, not so much swarming, and more honey.

The year 1914 was bad for bees, but he found that colonies which were packed with permanent packing gave on the average 35 pounds of honey, while the colonies that were unpacked averaged about ten pounds.

Again, the permanent packing saved a great deal of work and labor. There were no hives to carry into the cellar, and no need of packing and out again every spring.

He constructed outer cases of cedar, he said, as he found it the best material for the purpose, and most exposure to the weather. He used seven-eighths of an inch boards, and the packing between the outer and inner case was usually dried for six weeks.

Such shavings were ideal for this purpose, but the price had so much increased in late years as to render it unobtainable.

Last Year's Loss. The cost of these cases was about \$4 for each hive, but they lasted a long time, some of the cases on the lot being sixteen years old, and still remaining dry and serviceable.

During the last ten years, Mr. Crouse claimed he had a record of less than three percent of packing colonies in hives that were permanently packed, which had also averaged from five to ten pounds more honey than the colonies that were not packed.

The greatest enemy of bees were skunks, he asserted, and their presence irritated the bees, and prevented them from going out and working, and he had found that the bees were not so much attracted to the hives, then the bees invariably killed any skunks that were caught by the hives.

There was a great competition among the various makers of beekeeping appliances, Mr. Crouse said, and some of the largest makers introduced expensive and intricate equipment, which he believed was doing more harm than good.

Some of the very expensive contrivances were not of any great value to the average man. Bee-keepers, he said, should have more say in the matter of equipment, and should endeavor to standardize on a plain and workmanlike basis the appliances that they had to use in their daily work.

Then there were bee-keepers who were not getting the service they were entitled to, and that was in the quality of the wax that was supplied to them. The wax was second to none, and yet it was often advisable to buy the foreign product because of the very superior way in which it was refined.

Tells of Queens. Buying good-looking and high-priced queens was, in Mr. Crouse's opinion, rather a speculation. On one occasion he had bought 50 very handsome queens; they were wonderful layers, but their colonies had averaged about five dollars' worth less honey than the colonies of his own bees. He did not believe that a very prolific queen meant a strong, hard-working colony of bees.

As to the amount of winter feeding required by bees, his experience was that they should not have too much, and that they required very little, if any syrup, in winter, if he differed from Mr. Crouse, who believed in feeding his bees ten pounds of syrup to each hive apart altogether from the amount of honey remaining in the hive.

The two speakers both agreed, however, on the merits of permanent packing, both from the standpoint of economy of labor and because it tended to lower the percentage of swarming.

PROVIDE "GYM" FACILITIES FOR MANY ORGANIZATIONS. Western University, Oxford Street Building, Used by Several Churches.

Through a very effective arrangement, Colonel W. J. Brown, not only the students attending Western University, but a number of outside organizations, have been provided with gymnasium facilities this winter.

The Oxford street "gym" is being used by the girls and boys of the university as well as by the Y. W. C. A., and the young people of the following churches: Colborne Street Methodist, New St. James Presbyterian, First Methodist and Dundas Centre Methodist.

The students are using the new "meads" gymnasium for basketball and the Y. M. C. A. for physical training, over 150 taking this course. The Armories is being used by the O. C. T. parades, as well as for the garrison games, in which a number of the students participate.

It doesn't take a very bright woman to dazzle the average man. More men would learn if they could acquire knowledge without the humiliation of being taught.

Edmund Hayden, 410 Oxford street, is entering the municipal arena for the first time. He is the popular manager of the Hayden Press Company.

Lawrence Seale Holmes, 241 Queen's avenue, physician, is the only member of the present council from Ward 4 who is seeking reelection to that body.

Harry Kiebler, 644 Princess avenue, boiler-maker, is Labor's choice in this ward.

William John Nurnkins, 836 Queen's avenue, is well and favorably known throughout the city as a contractor.

Thomas Patterson, is a popular

London Advertiser

MORNING EDITION

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London, Ont., Monday, November 27.

Mr. Morrison Is Wrong.

It is hard to understand what J. J. Morrison hopes to gain by his attitude toward newspapers in general. He has prepared his report for the year covering the operations of the United Farmers' Co-operative Company, and that report will show that there can be no dividend paid because business conditions have not been favorable to such a desirable culmination of the year's activities. Then it is that Mr. Morrison goes on to say:

"All this has an effect upon the U. F. Co-operative Company, and it, like many others, cannot pay a dividend this year. Of course, this fact will receive great prominence in the press, that is, that portion of the press that has managed to survive its own financial troubles."
 "They will attack the U. F. Co-operative like crows attack a hawk, but no mention will be made of the fact that since 1914 twenty-eight Canadian publications out of the 154 have gone under, and ten more are amalgamated, or of the 15,799 business failures for the first ten months of this year in the United States and Canada."

As a matter of fact, newspapers know very well how many of their contemporaries have gone out of business. Every newspaper failure is recorded and reported and freely commented on. There is nothing covered up, and in the majority of cases the publisher freely admits that the cost of business has been too great for him to carry on, and he has been forced to drop out.

Business failures in other lines are all put in print, where they become public property. Financial critics pick the figures to pieces and declare the management to have been good, bad or indifferent according to their findings.

Newspapers find no joy in the fact that the United Farmers' Co-operative Society has not been able to make money this year. The farmers who put their money into the scheme did so with the idea that they could in this way buy and sell to better advantage than under the old order of doing business. With such a plan in fault can be found. Moreover, if the farmers can by this or any other means find a way in which they can retain more of the value of their produce without increasing costs to town and city consumers, there will be a general showing of hands for such a scheme.

Mr. Morrison's attitude is wrong, and we do not believe it is one generally subscribed to by the farmers of this district. He seems determined to build a high fence that will keep up an atmosphere of distrust between men on the farm and men in the cities.

The picture that newspapers are standing back, all set and ready, prepared to jump like crows after a hawk, on the co-operative movement because it has not paid a dividend in a very difficult year, is so biased and unfair that it can hardly be allowed to pass unchallenged.

If the management has not been efficient, we take it that the farmers themselves will do some criticizing, because they are, as a rule, about as keen on a matter of business and administration as any class in the community. If it is simply a case of the co-operative movement suffering in common with other interests during a period of business depression, then there is nothing to be said, except, perhaps, to extend a word of sympathy to those who counted on dividends that did not come.

We can assure Mr. Morrison that the press as a whole has no axe poised waiting for the release of the annual statement of the Farmers' Co-operative Company.

The Contest in Lanark.

One year ago, the Conservative party was broadcasting ominous warnings to voters of Canada. The Tory nominees of every constituency predicted the bluest of blue ruin if a Liberal government were returned to power, while painting a glowing picture of the proverbial land of milk and honey this country would become on the return of Hon. Arthur Meighen to the reins of government.

But the people refused to believe it. The overwhelming weight of public opinion crushed the light of Tory optimism as it has never been crushed before. Today their verdict has been amply vindicated. While other countries are suffering the constant misery of international misunderstandings, Canada remains comparatively prosperous. The Canadian dollar is now at par in the United States. Commercial conditions are relatively stable and a happy future is assured.

In contrast to the wallings about industrial stagnation uttered a year ago, it is interesting to observe the political battle-cry of staunch Conservatives conducting the campaign in the Lanark by-election. The once hysterically denounced low tariff bogey has been taboed. In its place our Conservative friends are reur-

recting the ghosts of Quebec domination. "Shall the people of Ontario be dominated by a solid Quebec?"

To accuse the Conservative party with intent to stir up religious strife would bring forth mighty denials. But if it does not suggest just that, what does it suggest? Hon. Rufus Pope, Hon. James Calder and Senator Robertson, shattered idols of the Tory regime, are the three wise men who have been transported to Lanark to tell the people how to vote. Lanark County has long been a stronghold of Toryism. Lanark has been great battling ground ever from the days of Confederation. The first contest in North Lanark went to the Liberals by acclamation, and it remained Liberal until 1882. When it changed to Conservative that year it remained so with one exception until 1917, when a supporter of the Union government was returned. The late Hon. J. A. Stewart won the contest in 1918 by acclamation, and in the last contest came back as a Conservative. The riding has been noted for small majorities, the Conservatives winning in 1900 by 7, and in 1908 by only 6 votes.

South Lanark never had a Liberal representative, and in the 12 elections and three by-elections from Confederation, Conservatives won every time. The two Lanarks were altered under the redistribution bill of 1914 and made into one riding.

Reports from that territory indicate that the trend of popular feeling is changing. Results in the four preceding by-elections show that the Conservative party has lost no inconsiderable amount of its old-time confidence. One election in Halifax found two Liberals running. In Quebec a similar situation existed. Prior to their defeat in 1921 the Conservatives would have contested these ridings to the last ditch.

Let Them Talk Business.

London has a system of holding meetings in the various wards of the city, where candidates for municipal office are allowed to address the ratepayers and give expression to their views on subjects that are supposed to constitute the issues before the people at the polls.

The attendance is increasing as the meetings progress, and it looks as if the municipal candidates would be playing to capacity houses before the series is wound up. To one who has not attended these meetings it might appear that such a condition indicates a healthy state of civic mind and a real and abiding interest in the business affairs of the city.

But not so fast. The attendance is increasing because personal issues and back-talk are coming to form a large part of the program provided for the audience.

It cannot be claimed at all times that the issues before the ratepayers are being discussed in a big way. Small things are taking up the major part of the discussion, and the word "liar" has been hurled around several times and tossed back on each occasion with equal or added force.

The big matter of governing the city so that the ratepayers shall have a good run for every dollar they pay out in taxes has not been the dominant note in the meetings.

For this the ratepayers themselves are as much to blame as the candidates who are lending their support to this sort of campaigning. From what has taken place this year it is doubtful if it would be necessary to hire a very large hall to hold all the people who would sit and listen to a fact and figure discussion of the street railway issue, of the financing that has been done in regard to the Federal Square or the Spencer block site for a city hall.

It is time municipal politics were brought to higher level. It may be very interesting from the standpoint of the spectator to see men who are aspiring to office indulge in small personal talk, and to excel in the fine art of interrupting an opponent who desires to speak, but there are larger issues which must be considered, and the candidates can do much to eliminate picaresque things by confining their remarks to the business of the city. If they cannot discuss that they should sit down.

Keeping Municipal Books.

A provincial auditor made an examination of the books of the town of Cobourg, and found loose methods in keeping record of the finances of that municipality.

There is a discrepancy between the balances in the books of the treasurer and those in the roll of the tax collector, and uncollected taxes were apparently looked after in a very lax manner.

The auditor does not make any charge that crooked work was being carried on under cover of municipal financing, but recommends that steps be taken to see that the system of bookkeeping practiced by municipalities in general should be thoroughly checked up, and that as much care be taken in inspection as is exercised over insurance and loan companies.

Would such an inspection reveal similar conditions in other centers? It seems probable that it would. There have been several instances in recent months where these audits have been conducted, and the result has been to unearth similar loose methods.

EVERYDAY MOVIES



"Going to the Charity Ball."

good understanding of market conditions for securities.

The experience of these places that have had snap audits made should not be lost on other municipalities in Ontario, where, perhaps, it has been taken for granted that things are all right.

It is much better to go ahead and put the house in shape than to wait until some outside agency comes along and demands that it be done, and that quickly.

Note and Comment.

It is easy for people to do the things they like to do.

Once more we have in our midst the man who shovels his snow by letting the people pack it down with their feet.

The Ottawa Journal says that a standard for gasoline is required. We hasten to mention the figure of 30 miles to the gallon.

In California they are starting all over again to regulate the sale of fire-arms. The fastest method of regulation is prohibition.

The Blenheim News-Tribune advertises an old-time dance that will last from 9 to 2 in the morning. An extra supply of resin has been ordered for the fiddler. Swing your partners.

It is to be hoped that our friend Andy Gump keeps his seat in Congress, for in these stirring days at Washington there must be a decided call for a man who can keep his shirt on and wear no man's collars.

The Financial Post figures out that newspapers pay their full share for forest fires, because the destruction of pulpwood lessens the supply. It is impossible to burn down thousands of acres without throwing things out of kilter in many lines.

The Owen Sound Sun-Times tells of a most outstanding revival in one of the churches near there, the whole work being carried on by the minister of the church. This puts a poser to those who hold that such a thing cannot be done without calling in a traveling evangelist and his assistants.

Hon. T. A. Crerar turned on his critics at a meeting in Calgary, and by the time he was through the audience had tuned up to sing "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow." Mr. Crerar is not the type to deliver many fighting speeches, but he has that quiet demeanor which, if once driven to it, can be artillery, machine gun section and infantry all in one.

The way in which votes were polled at the election of officers for the Liberal Club shows that there is real interest in the organization. With the winter season here it should be possible to have educational debates upon political and national problems. There is no better way to educate the young mind in political facts than to make him state his case under auspices where his opponents will be quick to check up his inaccuracies. Hyman Hall should be this winter the center for many such addresses and debates.

An Expert.
 Mrs. Gramercy—So your neighbor is a good financier?
 Mrs. Park—Splendid. When she finds money in her husband's pocket she can always tell how much to take without having him miss it.

And That Goes.
 Buck—Can you give a definition of an orator?
 Private—Sure. He's a fellow that's always ready to lay down your life for his country.

How Dreads Begin

By H. ADDINGTON BRUCE, Author of "The Riddle of Personality," "Self-Development," Etc. (Copyright, 1922, by The Associated Newspapers.)

TO English Baggie of Yale University I am indebted for knowledge of two typical cases of phobias, or irrational dreads, illustrating most impressively the curious way in which such dreads are linked with long-forgotten experiences of a distressing sort. Also these cases go to emphasize the beneficial results frequently obtained through nothing more than the recall of the experiences to conscious remembrance.

In the first of the two instances related by Mr. Baggie a young woman put the house in shape than to wait until some outside agency comes along and demands that it be done, and that quickly.

Now both the latter and the aunt had a good laugh over it. From that day, for no apparent reason, the dread of running water lessened, finally to disappear.

In the second case the fear which afflicted a middle-aged man was of being grasped from behind. This came from the fact that when he was a child he had been seized by the back of his chair against a wall. To go among crowds was agony to him.

All efforts to conquer this dread failed, and the unfortunate man seemed fated to be harassed by it to the day of his death. But if left him to his own accord when, during a visit to the village of his boyhood, he met an old man who formerly had kept the village general store.

"Well, I remember you," the old man told him. "You used to plague me by stealing apples and peanuts from the front of the store. But I had and asked you one day. You were so frightened you screamed and fainted."

The youthful delinquency and the fright to which it led had been long since forgotten. But clearly this dread had been the starting point of the dread of being grasped from behind. For now the dread departed, never to return.

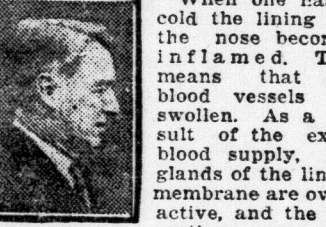
In both these cases, it will be noted, chance alone afforded a means of cure, through reviving the forgotten origins of the singular phobias. Fortunately, phobias as a class do not have to depend on chance for their recovery. Modern medical psychology offers means for reviving experiences that have been forgotten, and medical psychologists, accordingly, all afflicted with irrational dreads may hopefully turn in the event of failure to banish the dreads unaided.

Our Own Country.
 RURAL ONTARIO HYDRO PROGRESS
 Q.—What is the extent of government hydro progress in Ontario?
 A.—The Ontario run hydro lines are serving, in 1922, 8,000 customers in 70 townships; 508 miles on construction has been recently sanctioned.

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.
 Q.—When was the Hudson's Bay Company formed?
 A.—The Hudson's Bay Company was formed in 1670, and is therefore the oldest joint stock company in Canada.

Your Health

BY ROYAL S. COPELAND, M.D., Commissioner of Health, New York City.



When the cold has run its course the swelling disappears, the blood vessels resume their normal size, and the patient is well.

Suppose you have one cold after another. Before the first cold is ended you "catch" another. You can see what will happen:

The blood vessels lose their elasticity and remain swollen. As a result, the tissues in the nose become thickened. The glands are chronically overworked. There is so much mucus it runs out of the nose, requiring the frequent use of the handkerchief. Also, the mucus runs back into the throat, requiring coughing and hawking to remove it.

Opening into the nose are several cavities, called the nasal sinuses. These, also, are lined with mucous membrane.

The inflammation of the nasal lining extends to the sinuses. These fill up with mucus. The result is the amount of mucus is enormous, and endless numbers of handkerchiefs are required to clear the nose.

Bad as are the symptoms of catarrh, the trouble would not be so serious if it were to stop here. But the catarrhal condition extends to the throat and the throat. It affects the general health, it makes the victim unhappy, because he is a nuisance to others, and he is shunned by others because of his constant hawking and "perish the thought!"—spitting and blowing the nose.

What can be done for catarrh? In the first place, don't get it. Take care of every cold. Never neglect what is too often considered a matter of little consequence.

"Great oaks from little acorns grow"—great ills come from neglected colds.

Cleanliness of the nasal tissues is essential. To this end use an atomizer, not the douche. It makes the victim unhappy, because he is a nuisance to others, and he is shunned by others because of his constant hawking and "perish the thought!"—spitting and blowing the nose.

Using a douche is like stroking the hair of a cat the wrong way. The mucus of the nose are made up of cells which have hair-like coverings, and using the douche irritates them beyond reason.

The solution to be employed is a matter of individual choice. Any one of the flavored alkaline spray solutions is satisfactory. Or you may use one of baking soda or salt and water.

Spray the parts, pressing the bulb four or five times on each side of the nose, very gently, very gently, blow out the fluid. Do this night and morning.

If you do not respond to treatment and speedily improve, see your doctor. He will use argyrol tampons in the nasal cavities, or suggest such further treatment as may be indicated.

R. F. T. Q.—My 2-year-old daughter is very fond of salt. She takes the salt-cellar from the table and eats all the salt. Is this harmful?
 A.—Do not allow your daughter to eat so much salt. It is not good for her, and once the habit is formed it is very hard to break.

L. C. W. Q.—Will you please tell me the symptoms of tape-worm?
 A.—Increased appetite, loss of weight and irritability are some of the symptoms of tape-worm. For instructions on the treatment of tape-worm, restate your question and enclose a self-addressed stamped envelope.

S. Q.—I have liver spots on my face and suffer from dizziness and biliousness. Will you please tell me what to do for these conditions?
 A.—The liver spots are due to deposits of pigment in the skin. Very little can be done to remove these spots except to correct the constipation, which is apparently present, and is also causing the biliousness. For full particulars on the treatment of constipation, restate your question and enclose a self-addressed, stamped envelope.

The Evening Story

SUN PARLOR AND NO PANTRY.
 Joan gazed heavily out at the lake. Ordinarily the shining expanse of moonlight ripples would have given her a vast amount of pleasure, but tonight even a flight of snowy birds against the chill blue of the frosty sky left her unmoved. She had had her first quarrel with her fiancé, and she was experiencing the usual reaction after losing her temper.

"If he cared anything about me," she reflected, trying to justify herself, "he would want me to select our home. Even then, with the knowledge that they had broken the just culminated engagement, Joan flushed deeply at the magic words, 'our home.' The lonely girl had known nothing of home life, for she had spent her girlhood years in various institutions. Perhaps it was because of the bitter poverty that she had known; possibly it was merely the thoughtlessness of youth. Anyway, she had had distorted ideas of Gertrude's position in life. He earned only a fair salary as head bookkeeper, but already he had money invested in bonds. He planned to work hard and get along, so that when he became middle-aged he would own his own home and have a bank account. So when Joan had told him of the house she had set her heart upon, he had at first stared at her incredulously, and later, when she had clung to her idea heatedly, refused point blank to contemplate the purchase.

Gerald sat in his boarding-house room thinking. He longed to give in and make up, but he knew that if he started their married life in a boarding-house there would be scant pleasure for either of them. He had found a fine house—really a cottage of five rooms—that seemed to him the epitome of hominess. Low wide rooms, with an old-fashioned bay window in the dining-room. Railing verandas around half of the first floor and ample closet-room. The pantry was a spacious affair, with an outside window. Gerald had often heard his sisters, in moving from flat to flat after the migratory fashion of city people, remark upon the importance of pantries and ventilation for them: "If we bought that flimsy stucco affair we would have enormous monthly payments to make; there are street assessments coming due in six months, and there isn't a tree on the place. I know Joan would be fretted at the economies we would have to practice to keep up those payments, but all she can think about is the modern sun-parlor on the poorly-built house. The pantry is a mere niche in the wall and perfectly dark. I use said out in life in that it seems to me that it would be symbolical—all sun-parlor and no pantry. I thought we would have a real home. I wanted to entertain. Perhaps I am mistaken in Joan, after all. I thought her a lovely home-loving girl, but if she only cares for display, why—"

Restlessly unable to keep his mind on the book he held unseeing before him, Gerald snatched his hat and went for a walk. He and Joan boarded far out in the same block, and from long habit he paused in front of her boarding-house. Should he drop in or not? After all, he had spoken heatedly, and was almost as blamable as she.

"No, Miss Miller is out." The over-dressed young lady smiled at him mischievously. "I'm afraid somebody has cut you out. This is a lovely night to walk—such romantic moonlight." Coaxingly her voice trailed upward, and her rosy cheeks and blue eyes lingered on him hopefully.

Gerald backed down the steps hastily. A moment's hesitation would have given him a companion for his walk. She had not said that Joan had gone out with another man, but she most certainly implied it, and the young fellow stalked moodily down the quiet street. Certainly, she had lost no time.

The chill fall moon that turned the roughening lake into troubled silver shone bleakly on the bare trees. The house with the pretentious sun-parlor that Joan had set her heart upon. The trees in the park were still flaunting red and gold, but the crisp wind the summer had but barely merged into fall. It might have been winter, however, in the narrow lot that had no grass, shrubbery or trees. The contractor had not seeded the ground, and as the place had remained under the summer, the place was very unattractive, owing to the sun-baked earth that was now becoming strewn with rubbish from adjoining places.

The more Gerald stared at the pretentious little place that lacked a stable foundation, the more he decided to be "careful." This is her ideal of a home, we would not be congenial, he muttered, and went on to the house he had chosen.

Turning a corner quickly, he came upon a bird's nest that had fallen from a near-by tree. "They are through with it," he thought, whimsically. "I want a permanent home, and," he added, with a trace of stony-boredness, "a real pantry. The pantry is an important part of the home."

The little gate creaked with a jolly little homelike sound as he turned in. The maple leaves flaunted their warm golden leaves under the austere moonlight, and the huge lilac bushes on either side of the porch steps reminded him of his old home. "After all, Joan has never known a real home. How should she be able to choose?" he thought. Already the peaceful atmosphere of the pleasant old place was calming him. The lot was 60 feet in front, leaving room for a grape arbor and an old-fashioned flower garden. The house cost much less than the modern stucco and was solidly built. Taking the key lent him by the agent, Gerald went in through the still rooms. The low, wide rooms, lighted by the moonlight, struck him with a poignant sense of loss. This little home embodied his dreams, but he could fancy nobody but Joan as mistress. The set of her scarlet lips as she had refused to compromise on the pantry instead of the sun-parlor, the sweep of her glossy black hair as it waved back from her frank forehead, the disappointed expression in her dark eyes that he had caught before she had curtained them with swift white lids, all haunted him, and he regretted his quick temper, which had flared instantly in response.

Out through the wretched pantry that had started who wrangle and out into the back garden he went. There was a startled exclamation and the crash of a white sweater among the shrubs.

"Who's there?" demanded Gerald, abruptly; and then he came upon her, almost at bay. "Why, Joan, sweetheart," he cried, touching the soft sweater with eager hands; "did you come to look at the house again?"

A chill little bare hand silenced him. "I have been so unhappy, Gerald. I have walked past the sun-parlor stucco, and then came up here. I don't want a sun-parlor, Gerald." A sob intervened, but she continued bravely. Joan could acknowledge defeat gallantly. "I want you."

QUALITY IS FIRST.
 Winnipeg Free Press—Dr. J. H. Gridale, deputy minister of agriculture at Ottawa, who has just arrived home from England, says there is no limit to what Canada might yield in the old country if we would only wake up to the opportunity. To capture the British market, however, the Canadian producer and shipper must have more regard for quality than for quantity.

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 LIMITED
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Cut Out This Advertisement

It counts as a coupon taken from a packet of Minto Tea. Send it with the necessary number of one-pound or half-pound coupons taken from Minto Tea packets, and get the fine "Clinton" Pattern Silverplate which we are giving away as premiums to Minto Tea users. The list of premiums and the number of coupons required for each premium is shown in the packet.

Only one newspaper coupon accepted from a person. The balance of the coupons must be taken from Minto Tea packets.

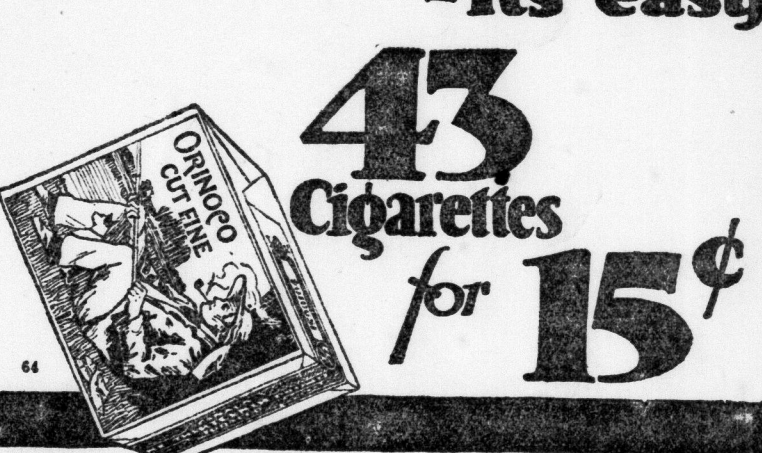
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You may start to Roll your own for economy's sake —

You'll stay with it, because of the delightful fragrance of a freshly rolled cigarette — because of the unusual quality of ORINOCO.... rich mellow Virginia.....

Roll your own with ORINOCO - It's easy



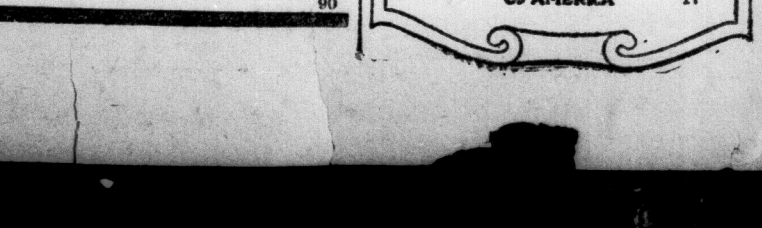
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STOP AT Prince Edward Hotel

HAVE your railway ticket read " Windsor." The Border Cities enjoy unexcelled hotel service. Every modern appointment for your comfort. United Hotels Company standards. Highest class dining and luncheon service.

250 rooms, \$2.50 and up.

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STATES RUSSIA STANDS BEHIND TURKISH NATION

takovsky Declares Soviet Will Support Neutral Waterways Demands.

MEETS WITH FAILURE

Lausanne, Nov. 26. — Christian Takovsky, president of the Ukrainian Republic, who was quite a dramatic figure of the Russian delegation at Geneva, reached Lausanne tonight.

"We are here to explain Russia's attitude on the freedom of the straits and perhaps other related subjects," he said. "We stand clearly behind Turkey in all she may ask for in open or neutral waterways which mean Bulgaria to Southern Russia. Tchikherin will come later."

TURKEY MEETS DEFEAT.

Lausanne, Nov. 26. — A review of the first week of the Near East conference shows that Turkey met signal defeat in her first demand, namely, a plebiscite in Western Thrace, which she maintains is overhanging a Turkish population. The Turks, however, have placed on the diplomatic board a proposal which is ordering great embarrassment to all the powers; they want a neutral belt marked out along the entire European frontier from the Black Sea to the Aegean and they want the powers to guarantee that it will be kept neutral. This unquestionably is a move calculated to secure peace in the Balkans, but Europe hesitates to take over direct responsibilities concerning Balkan territory where so many wars have been fought and where the "national aspirations" are still a powerful factor for discord.

Similarly, Turkey asks that the Aegean Islands, which are now in the Italian coast but were under Greek rule, be placed under the protection of the League of Nations. This is an extension to the sea of the neutral belt proposal, suggested for the Balkans.

When it comes to a settlement of the Straits controversy, Turkey has undoubtedly demanded unusually strong guarantees against aggression by Christian Europe. Ismet Insha appears to be looming up as a astute statesman.

The Bulgarians are angry over the refusal of the League of Nations to accept a free port instead of a sovereign commercial center. The Bulgarian delegation has issued a broadside to the press, condemning Greek and Turkish policy. It says that the Aegean Sea would only be effective if its access were assured through territory either Bulgarian or autonomous, and that any other solution would be palliative, ensuring dangerous consequences with respect to Bulgarian trade. It concludes:

"Bulgaria, though defeated and humiliated, has at least the right to submit this plea, which reminds her of the old tale of Danaos, or thoroughly in conformation with the Hellenic traditions of the days of Troy."

In other words, Dedeagach, without adequate protection, would be a left-angled present without value in the event of new Balkan conflicts or intrigues.

Lord Curzon made the point that Turkey was not within her rights in asking for the Straits. He said that he and warned the Ottoman government that others might demand a plebiscite in certain parts of Turkey. He said that the League of Nations would not be able to handle such a case.

"How would they appreciate a plebiscite in Constantinople?" he asked. "The League of Nations would not be able to handle such a case."

Mr. Nimitz, foreign minister of Yugoslavia, delivered a striking address on necessity of bringing permanent peace in the Balkans by establishing definite sovereignty in disputed districts without fanciful arrangements calculated to disturb peace anew.

At the regular weekly recital of students of the Institute of Musical Art held on Saturday afternoon, the following took part: Eddy James, Harold Dyson, Grace Shurtzworth, Margaret Wilson, Fred Unruh, Sylvia Hill, Mildred McDay, Judy Sharpe, Muriel Pegler, Adeline Rooney, Hazel Partridge and Della Foster.

The pupils received their instructions from the following teachers: Misses Jennie Steele, Ulah B. Kennedy, Irene Williams, Helen Taylor, Adele Simon, Ira Smith, Mary Irvine, Hilda McMillen, Gurli E. Lausch, Mrs. Nello McHardy-Smith and Charles E. Percy.

Winnipeg Youth Drowns When River Ice Breaks

Winnipeg, Nov. 26. — The first drowning of the winter season occurred on the Red River here Saturday afternoon, when Roy Mackay, 15, although the ice while skating and his life. His companion, Charles Moore, also went through, but was saved.

WEEK PROVINCIAL PROBE INTO FIRES IN ANCASTER

Hamilton, Nov. 26. — Residents of Ventworth, in Ancaster Township and district, are asking for a provincial investigation into the many fires which have occurred in that vicinity lately.

Recently P. O. Van Sickle's four arms and livestock, also important grain, were lost, and many smaller blazes have occurred.

MERRITTON MOTHER GRIEVES SELF TO DEATH

St. Catharines, Nov. 26. — Grief over the sudden death of her only surviving son caused the death yesterday of Mrs. Ellen Allan of Merritton, aged 69.

Chinaman, Slayer of Three, Assaults Warden of Penitentiary With Brick

St. Johns, Nfld., Nov. 26. — (By Canadian Press). — Wo Fen Game, local Chinese landrady, was found guilty of murder yesterday by a special jury of the supreme court and was sentenced to death at a date to be set by the executive council. On May 25 last, Wo Fen Game ran amuck for some reason that has never been fully explained. He shot up the door-to-door canvases for work but street laundry where he was himself employed, and then hustled

WENGE BRANDS CHARGE UNTRUE

Asserts He Did Not Try To Deprive One-Armed Man of Job.

"I have been charged with another crime by the self-styled 'citizens' committee' declared ex-Alderman George Wenge yesterday. I am not a car-shower, Monday noon, and I want to tell you about it. They say now that I wanted to deprive a one-armed man of his position. I brand that as an untruth."

The candidate read extracts from the city hall minutes of the meeting at which the Wenge charges against the engineer's department were considered.

"It reads," declared Mr. Wenge, "that this is no reflection whatever on the man who was unfortunate enough to be deprived of the loss of an arm. I did think, however, that it was not entirely befitting a city like London that no better work could be provided for a person in that predicament instead of compelling him to be shut in the street. Was that gratifying?"

"Surely there were other positions then occupied by men with two arms. I am not a car-shower, Monday noon, and I want to tell you about it. They say now that I wanted to deprive a one-armed man of his position. I brand that as an untruth."

The speaker's remarks were warmly applauded and there were cries of "Wenge has won!"

Dealing with the taxation problems of the city, the candidate asked his hearers if they had not been promised that the taxes would be reduced. They replied in the affirmative.

Mr. Wenge then asked for a show of hands, to ascertain how many had paid less this year than in 1921. No hands were elevated.

In his concluding remarks the speaker declared that there were men on the citizens' committee who he would be ashamed to have on his staff.

Hats, neckties, bags, scarfs, sashes and sofa pillows are being made of fur this season. Yet many of the loveliest evening wraps are entirely free from it.

Sergt. John Kay Receives Medals For Meritorious Service in Army

Rev. Dr. Sowerby presented Sergt. John Kay of the Canadian Forces Medical Service with two medals at the Matland Street Baptist Church last evening. The awards were made in recognition of Sergt. Kay's consistent, meritorious work during 23 years of service. One was for his conduct and the other for meritorious service.

CHILDS DID NOT SEE STATEMENT

Mayorality Candidate Replies to Accusation On Wage Question.

In connection with the charge voiced at the Talbot Street School mass meeting Saturday night that he had "said or inferred that he was an hour a week for any working man," Ald. H. J. Childs explained Monday that he did not wish to deny any press report of the city council meeting referred to, when the 10 per cent salary question was discussed.

"I said that I was not responsible for what may have appeared in the press," he said, "and as a matter of fact Saturday night was the first time that I ever saw the article referred to. I did not read the account of the meeting in particular. I do not always read the accounts in the press following the meetings."

A consideration of the extract referred to, being a report of the special salary committee of the council, shows that Mr. Childs' exact words were (according to the press): "What could they get if they were out of a job now. They could get work at 19 cents an hour."

During his address at the Talbot Street School, Saturday night, Mr. Childs dwelt at considerable length upon a vast saving that had been accomplished by the city by reason of the inauguration of city labor scheme with local improvements.

This saving has been noted, he said, despite the fact that the workmen were paid good wages, from 40 cents to 45 cents an hour, and not 19 cents an hour.

Cripple Seeks Refuge in Jail as Snow Impedes His Faltering Step

Because heavy snow of the last few days deprived Albert Progers, crippled and 62, of his livelihood, he is voluntarily spending three months in the county jail.

EXPLAIN STAND ON EDUCATION

Contestants in Civic Field Outline Platform at Saturday Meeting.

Whether the fact is generally known or not, there are eight candidates for seats in 1923 on the board of education, by far the greatest spending body in the city.

PLAN CREDIT TO AID EXPORTING

British Government Seeks to Build Up Trade by Novel Scheme.

At the present time the British government is bending every effort to stimulate export trade, and recently has installed an exports credit scheme whereby extended credits will be granted to assist export trade.

News to this effect reached the city Monday morning when Secretary Gordon Philip of the London Chamber of Commerce received a letter from the secretary of the department of overseas trade, board of trade, in London, England.

Special offices to deal with applications under the scheme will be opened in London and Birmingham immediately, and the secretary pointed out that the extent to which the credit scheme will assist business with British export firms will be great if Canadian manufacturers take advantage of the new plan. Information regarding the working of the scheme will be supplied to all interested by the British trade commissioner or the nearest British consulate.

COURT ACTION HOLDS UP COLLEGIATE SETTLEMENT

All negotiations relative to the impending settlement of the Central Collegiate problems are halted until Friday night at the latest, according to W. A. Tanner, secretary of the board of education.

It is expected that the case of the National Kitchen Construction Company will have been settled by that time. In the meanwhile two liens are still standing on the records against the company, one of the Nobbs company and one other firm, alleging non-payment of dues. On the other hand, the Kingston contractors, creators of the building, allege non-fulfillment of contract.

DISCOVER HORSES ORIENTALLY TREATED

Inspector Tustin Receives Many Complaints From County of Extreme Neglect.

Accounts of astonishingly inhuman treatment of horses are being brought in from the county by Human Society Inspector George Tustin, who was called out early Monday morning to investigate the case of three horses which were claimed to have been kept in the county for weeks ago and left on the highway.

THINKS POLICE PERSECUTE FARMERS WITH MOTORISTS

Magistrate Silences Archie Bateman as He Pays for Traffic Violation.

Archie Bateman, a farmer, protested so vigorously when he was convicted of parking too long in one place on Dundas street in police court today, that Magistrate Graydon told him he had heard enough of his talk.

"It was nothing short of persecution when farmers were fined for breaches of city bylaws of which they were ignorant," Bateman testified. He stated that he was not causing any inconvenience by parking his car where he did, as the immediate area had been clear for some time.

"Yes, but if all your neighbors did the same thing, it would cause congestion," the court pointed out.

"Well, if it is up to the place to be bare, farmers won't come to the city when they are fined for every little violation of these city bylaws."

"If that's a threat," began Magistrate Graydon.

"Well, it sounds like one," the court replied. "Two dollars."

"All right," remarked Bateman, as he reached for his money.

"That's about all I want to hear from you," the magistrate declared. And straightaway the next case was called.

ROBSON LEADS LIBERAL CLUB

Officials Report Record Balancing At Annual Hyman Hall Election.

More than double the number of votes last year were recorded at the annual election of officers of the Liberal Club held at Hyman Hall Saturday. Announcement was made Saturday evening by the district secretary, Charles Ferguson, that Andrew Robson was elected president.

DOUGLASS PROVES RIGHT TO OFFICE

Alderman Candidate Shows Work in Best Interest of Citizens.

As one of the members of the present board of works, Ald. Leonard Douglass, speaking at a public mass meeting Saturday night, submitted a clear-cut statement of the activities of that body in general throughout the term, dealing in particular with West London and other sections of the city.

DID CHILDS SAY 19 CENTS

Continued From Page One.

tion of the gathered voters, who acted as if they were "getting their money's worth." A few joined in the debate from time to time, and as the debate warmed up personal matters were introduced by the speaker.

Douglass defended Stand. "Ald. Douglass then 'took the stump' in his own defense and was positively allowed to hear about municipal affairs, Ald. Douglass reviewed the record of the board of works during the past year."

His report was received with appreciation and one man, who complained about the sewerage connection on Dundas street expressed his self-interest in the speaker's statement to rectify this condition if returned to office.

William Tite, Labor candidate from West London, also crossed bayonets with ex-Ald. Wilson, disputing the latter's charge that he had petitioned against a certain pavement in the district.

The speaker clashed during the evening with William Tite, the latter remarking that "it was a peculiar thing for a member of the council to say after a year in the harness, that he was not acquainted with all conditions."

Judd Challenges Tite. Ald. Judd challenged the name one instance where he has failed to safeguard the ward's interests. Mr. Tite replied that he was only "taking the speaker's word for it."

While Ald. S. J. T. Bean's name was sounded through the corridors,

CLAIMS PUBLIC OPINION FAVORS TRAM PURCHASE

Mayor Wilson Declares Imperative Ratepayer Vote on Issue, Dec. 4.

City Will Be Gainer

The pendulum is slowly but surely swinging back. Public opinion is turning and where, early in the municipal campaign, nine persons of the first ten encountered on any busy corner of the city were, without hesitation, against the purchase of the London Street Railway under any consideration, it seems to be a different tale at this moment.

While there was certain criticism when the proposal was first submitted in the city council, and even when the Bunnell report was presented to the public, even certain of the most ardent opponents of the scheme now agree with Mayor Wilson and his associates in the council that an expression of opinion must be sought from the ratepayers this December.

Clear Situation. The announcement of the estimated figures of what the actual value of the road would be in 1925, as submitted by expert engineers, has done much to clear away the doubts of hundreds of citizens who viewed askance any project that would mean dickering with the street railway under any consideration.

Information furnished to scores of electors who are attending the various civic mass meetings in all sections of the city has also meant that many persons have changed their minds and have concluded that the time has arrived when they must assume sole ownership and control of the local transportation services.

Mayor Wilson and the majority of the present members of the council are urging the passing of the bylaw, and will continue the fight for the necessary ratification of the purchase election day. On Saturday night next, Sir Adam Beck, chairman of the Hydro-Electric Power Commission, will deliver an address at a public mass meeting, called for it intends to Temple, to deal exclusively with the street railway situation.

"What alternatives have you," questions Mayor Wilson, who leads the vigorous fight for the purchase. "By the company's agreement with the city, bylaw 316, the city must give the year's notice for it intends to buy the line in March, 1925. If not, the contract automatically extends until 1930. There is no other alternative."

Vote Must Be Taken. "The vote must be taken this year in order that we shall have sufficient time at our disposal to obtain the necessary sanction for the project from the provincial government."

His worship points out that the city will be the gainer in many ways, and explains that it would be possible to save many thousands of dollars by co-ordination with the London and Port Stanley Railway.

He insists, however, that there should be two separate accounting systems, in short—one road would not be designed to carry the other.

"It would not be wise," he says, "to promise a 4-cent fare right at the start. That is quite possible, however, but we do believe, and we

PRESENTATION TO ORGANIST. To bid farewell to their organist and choir leader, Mr. Leslie Roberts, who is shortly leaving for Chatham, the members of the choir of King Street Presbyterian Church held a brief meeting in the church parlors following the Sunday evening service.

In token of appreciation of his three years' services, Mr. Roberts was made the recipient of a handsome silver cigarette case and holder.

In making the presentation, Thomas Ames, the president of the choir, spoke of the progress of the choir under Mr. Roberts' leadership, the excellence of his services, and the genuine regret of the choir members that he was leaving.

Refreshments were served and friends given an opportunity of wishing Mr. Roberts farewell at the close of the meeting.

PASTOR AT AVONBANK. Rev. W. R. McIntosh of King Street Presbyterian Church conducted anniversary services, Sunday morning and evening, at the Presbyterian Church at Avonbank, near Stratford. The minister, Rev. Neil Leckie, was in charge of services at King Street.

SUNDAY SCHOOL RECORD. A record in attendance was established at the morning and afternoon sessions of the Sunday school of St. Andrew's Church, when 367 pupils were present.

An special feature was the fact that every teacher and officer was in attendance.

MEN IN CHARGE AT ST. ANDREW'S. With the Men's Brotherhood in charge of the services, the financial statement for 1922 and the 1923 was announced to the congregation of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church on Sunday afternoon.

A full men's choir, under C. E. Wheeler, accompanied the service, rendering a splendid chorus number, "Who Is On The Lord's Side?"

A familiar duet, "Watchman, What of the Night?" was given by Ed. Webster and L. Christian.

With E. A. Currie officiating at the service, the financial progress of the church and the revenue and mission objective set for the coming year were outlined by A. E. Silverwood and A. E. Welsh spoke, in an eloquent address, of the moral and spiritual aspects of the year and the plans made for future advancement.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIAL HOUR. Growing success is attending the social hour held in the parlors of St. Andrew's Church, following the evening service.

At the third of the series held Sunday night G. Morley Adams presided as convener of the committee in charge.

A solo was given by Frank Ashplant, and F. W. Gladman gave an interesting address on the opportunities of youth in the church, and the attention necessary to the moral, spiritual and physical aspects of a young man's or woman's life.

CRADLE ROLL TEA PARTY. Gold and bronze trays formed pretty decorations at the tea party given Saturday afternoon in the parlors of St. Andrew's Church for the primary class and members of the cradle roll and the orphan-ership of Mrs. George, head of the primary department, and Mrs. McLaughlin, superintendent of the cradle roll department.

Interesting little guests of honor at the party were two sets of twins, Billy and Dick Dodd and Jean and Margaret Blaise.

There was an interesting program, in which Miss Flora Carson told a delightful story, and solos were given by Miss Kathleen Esterbrook and Miss Florence Wilson.

Responsible for the charming decorations were Mrs. George, assisted by Mrs. D. C. MacGregor, Miss Helen Mason, Miss Margaret Morrison and Jean MacArthur.

The staff of the primary class are Helen Gillespie, Helen MacArthur, Isabel Carson and Annie George.

NEWS FROM CITY CHURCHES

CHOIR ENTERTAINED. One of the season's happiest events at New St. James' Presbyterian Church was the banquet held in the Sunday school room Friday evening, when the choir were the guests of the members of the session and their wives.

The long tables, prettily decorated, about which over 80 people were seated, were looked after by a committee of ladies under the leadership of Mrs. Donald McAlpine.

The several after-dinner speakers were most complimentary of the work of the choir, under the able leadership of George Winterbottom. Among those who spoke were the pastor, Rev. James McKay, Dr. A. Murray and W. D. Beamer, chairman of the musical committee.

With James Gray as chairman, an excellent musical program was given by Mrs. Schofield, Miss Corbin, Frank McCutcheon and Chris Pink.

ALL SAINTS' VICTORS. The Men's Club of All Saints' Church were victorious over St. David's Men's Club in a basketball last week, when the score was 207-184.

SPECIAL MUSIC AT ST. JAMES'. Particularly lovely choral services accompanied the Sunday evening service in St. James' Church of England, South London.

With Miss Elsie Mitchener of Toronto as special soloist, and the regular choir of 65 voices, the choir, under the leadership of F. L. Willoughby, in attendance, the choruses and unaccompanied numbers were given with unusually fine style and distinctiveness.

The shading, especially, was worthy of the best choir in the city. The choir, under the leadership of F. L. Willoughby, in attendance, the choruses and unaccompanied numbers were given with unusually fine style and distinctiveness.

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OH, BOYS!

WANT A PAIR OF ADJUSTABLE STILTS?

Come in today and see the Circulation Manager of The Advertiser.

Bring your chums in too. It's easy to earn a pair of these dandy red 3-height Adjustable Turkey Strutters. There's a hint for old Santa, too, if he calls Circulation Manager of The Advertiser.

PHONE 3670

BASEBURNER SOLD

FOR SALE

BASEBURNER — Moffatt's King National, almost new.

The above advertiser said she could have sold the stove over a number of times.

What other service would bring you the same results as these little Classified Ads in The London Advertiser? Think it over!

PHONE 3670

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LONDON, ONTARIO, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1922.

SCORNS USE OF
SOFTER WORDS
SO NEAR GRAVEClemenceau Refuses To Use
Gentler Means to Win
United States.

FRIENDS FEAR TO OFFEND

But Tiger of France Declares
He Will Not Com-
promise.

BY FRANK GETTY.

Special to The Advertiser.

En Route with Georges Clemenceau, en route to Chicago to continue his battle to win America's heart and soul for France, declared today he was an old man, with one foot in the grave, and no time for compromise.

Advices in telegrams and letters from numerous influential friends of France in this country that the tenor of his speeches and interviews was giving offense needlessly, and was inexpedient, the Tiger bristled up and growled that he would never pull his punches.

"All my life I have been a fighter. Now I am an old man, with one foot in the grave. I came here in the last years of my life with a message. It is inside of me. I intend to deliver it. Expediency has no part in my scheme of things," he said.

Gets Telegrams.

Colonel House was one of the most prominent advisers to be rebuked by the Tiger. Telegrams from many parts of the country urging a policy of conciliation, to conform to American public opinion, Clemenceau waved aside such suggestions with a shrug.

"I am sorry if I give offense," he said, "but I certainly cannot change my ways at this time of life. I cannot say other than I have come to say. It is my way."

Friends, headed by Colonel House, who conferred with him in New York yesterday, explained to the veteran statesman how a mission of winning sympathy for France could be accomplished with less stirring up of senatorial antagonism.

Clemenceau patted them on the back, each in turn. "That's a very fine mission for you," he said. "Mine I must carry out my own way."

Clemenceau, as he talked, wagged his bristly, snowy brows up and down, and warmed to his subject.

Not for Expediency.

"I did not come here on an errand of expediency," he said. "I came here to tell the truth. I didn't come here to say pleasant things, but to tell America what, in my opinion, is valuable. I want to say the things which, in my opinion, will help the peace of the world."

"I have never been expedient. I will make no sacrifice to expediency now. I don't want the success of expediency and compromise. I must say what I have to say in my own way."

The war premier has been invited to visit the town of Clemenceau, Arizona. The mining company which owns it has offered to donate to any charity Clemenceau may name a day's run at the mines if he will go. This would amount to \$28,000.

REOPEN WORK ON
PINE LAWN TANGLELondon Housing Commission
Again Seek Settlement With
Contractors on New Basis.

The Pine Lawn tangle has developed a winning streak and commences to nose out the leaders for first place in the municipal arena. The entire problem is due for another "over-hauling," at a session of the London Housing Commission set for Monday.

Members of the latter body explain that while an award has been expected from the board of arbitration which recently met, such action has been deferred, indefinitely.

It is explained that the contractors, Hayman and Willis, who built the city's houses in the Pine Lawn area, have another proposition to offer for a settlement with the city and it is anticipated that this question will be considered Monday.

In the meanwhile, the commissioners are waiting they say, to see what action, if any, may be taken by H. C. McBride, architect for the houses in question, who demands a certain sum for his services in this connection. The commissioners decline to pay until he agrees to shoulder one-third of the cost of re-roofing the houses.

ASHPLANT NOT TO TOUCH
1922 ACCOUNTS AS AUDITORCity Clerk Explains Official Must
Not Do Work as Same Year as
in Council.

Ald. Henry B. Ashplant, who resigned from the city council to assume his duties as city auditor, will not undertake anything in connection with the accounts for 1922, City Clerk Sam Baker reports.

The question was asked Monday if a member of the city council could, within the meaning of the act governing the same, accept this position until a year or two had elapsed following his termination with the city council.

The city clerk explains this issue was carefully considered by the aldermen before the appointment was made. "The act is not at all clear to everyone," he says, "but it is specified that in such a case, the new auditor may not handle the accounts for the year that he has served in the council."

The two retiring temporary auditors will complete the year's work before Mr. Ashplant assumes duties.

SEES SELFISH MOTIVE IN
U.S. LAUSANNE ACTIONFrench Writer Declares Open-Door Policy in Turkey Is
To Safeguard Standard Oil Company's
Interests in Mosul Region.

AMERICA SEEKS SHARE WITHOUT RISK

BY HENRY SOMERVILLE.

(Special to The Advertiser).

London, Nov. 27.—British and French press comment very sarcastically on the American claim at Lausanne for the open door policy in Turkey. Put concretely, the claim is that the Standard Oil Company should be given twenty-five per cent of the oil in the Mosul region. The French writer, Auguste Gauvain, says in quoting the United States case that it amounts to this: "We will undertake no responsibility, and accept no sacrifice, but we mean to obtain the same advantages as those who take the risk." Gauvain refers to the American refusal of the mandate for Armenia.

The Daily Mail believes that there is no difference between the views of the British and the United States governments respecting the quality of opportunities in the near East. The Daily Telegraph's diplomatic expert declares that the assumption that ambassador Child referred especially to countries under British mandates is a misrepresentation. This newspaper asserts that provision has always been made for United States participation with Great Britain and France in the Mosul oil fields and that his intervention is related to territory actually under Turkish sovereignty of which is to be placed thereunder.

"The effect of Ambassador Child's statement," the Telegraph continues, "is to stop premature concession hunting by any civilized power at the expense of adequate safeguards for local Christian minorities. It should be warmly welcomed as being compounded of business acumen and practical altruism."

Hitting At Britain.

The Daily Chronicle apparently supposes that Mr. Child was hitting at Great Britain.

"Nothing is further from British diplomacy," this newspaper says, "than to steal marches upon the United States and if the latter had been willing to accept mandates in Mesopotamia and Palestine we should have been delighted. But she was not and now it is scarcely possible to detect any bling divorce between responsibility and economic status."

Mr. Child's speech is welcomed by the Westminster Gazette as "at least the beginning of a recognition that the United States cannot wholly disinterested herself from European problems."

United States Anxious.

This newspaper adopts the view of its Washington correspondent that the United States fears that other nations may be tempted to exploit the row possess in Turkey in exchange for commercial consideration, and that the United States having similar rights itself, is making it clear that they do not intend to bargain away

RALPH CONNOR TO
TALK AT CITY CLUBNoted Author to Address a
Gathering in Tecumseh
House Tuesday.

Members of the Men's Canadian Club are expecting an unusual treat at their annual dinner meeting in the Tecumseh House Tuesday evening, when "Ralph Connor" or, as Ernest Shipman is to be guests of the club.

Immediately after the dinner, a joint meeting of the Men's and Women's Canadian Clubs will be held in the auditorium of the Central Collegiate Institute, when the film, "The Man From Glengarry," produced from Ralph Connor's book of that name, under the supervision of Ernest Shipman, will be shown.

According to the announcement of the meeting the following statement with regard to "Ralph Connor," or Dr. C. W. Gordon:

"The author of 'The Man From Glengarry' is probably the best-known Canadian writer, not only in this country, but in all the English-speaking countries of the world. Several of his books have recently been successfully dramatized for the screen in addition to his great ability, Dr. C. W. Gordon is a public-spirited citizen, as instanced by his service as chaplain with the Canadian Expeditionary Forces."

Tickets for the meeting are available at the Canadian National Railroad ticket office.

GIRL'S RIDE ON DARE
TO FLORIDA STOPPED

New York, Nov. 26.—A horseback journey to Florida ended at Philadelphia on Monday when a young woman was sent back by her home at Irvington, N. J., by the police.

The young woman was secretary to the Irvington police judge. She said that on a dare made by a sister sorority member she had bought the horse and saddle and started on what was to be a long trip. She said she had clothing in her saddle bags, but no money, and had trusted to luck to provide food and shelter.

The officials of the Y. W. C. A. at Philadelphia notified the police.

HAD SMOTHERED UNDER GRAIN
LADY LOST, 21, Old Burns, N. S., was
smothered to death under a load of
grain Saturday.

New York, Nov. 27.—What appeared to be a tiny aeroplane was seen by many people yesterday afternoon hovering high above Riverside Drive, upon examination with field glasses, it turned out to be an eagle bearing in its claws a small terrier.

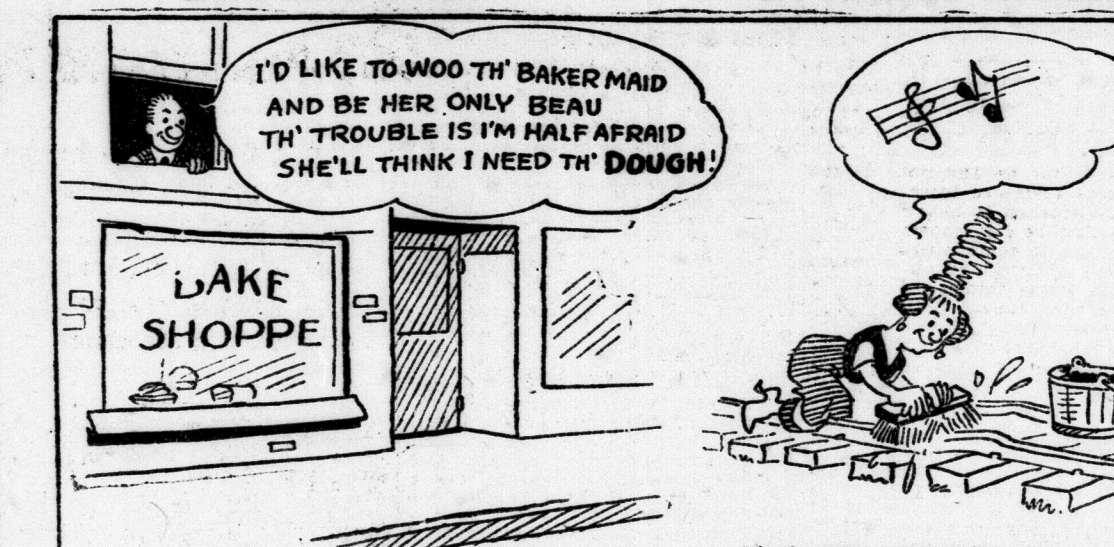
Washington, Nov. 26.—(By United Press).—A real Tom Thumb wedding was held here when 17-year-old Irene Udell Thompson, 3 feet 10 inches tall, became the bride of Giuseppe Bignola, Italian midget acrobat of Ringling Bros' circus, 3 feet in height. The brother of the bride, 6 feet high, towered above the doll-like principals.

MISTAKE EAGLE WITH DOG
FOR SMALL AEROPLANE

New York, Nov. 27.—What appeared to be a tiny aeroplane was seen by many people yesterday afternoon hovering high above Riverside Drive, upon examination with field glasses, it turned out to be an eagle bearing in its claws a small terrier.

DIBS AND DABS—

—BY HARRY MOYER

YOUNG LONG ISLAND BAKERESS
INHERITS \$25,000 PROVIDING SHE WEDSWOMEN BEING EMPLOYED EXTENSIVELY
ON RUSSIAN RAILROADSRUMMY RHYMES
BE CAREFUL OF YOUR TIME MY DEAR
TH' MUSIC TEACHER SAID
SO CUTIE PUT TH' CLOCK RIGHT NEAR
WHEN SHE HER MUSIC READ!BAH! MORE
EIGHTY MINUTES
T' PRACTICE!MONTREALER SEVERELY INJURED
LEG KICKING AT RATDENIES RULING
AFFECT G. T. P.Shareholders Declare Decision
of Privy Council Referred
to Grand Trunk Only.

London, Nov. 27.—Canadian Press Cable.—The committee of Grand Trunk Pacific Railway 4 per cent debenture holders, headed by Sir Francis Harrison Smith, who are disputing the terms under which the Grand Trunk Pacific was taken over by the Canadian government, have published a statement to the effect that the recent judgment of the Privy Council against the Grand Trunk Railway shareholders' appeal in the matter of the arbitrators' award, had nothing to do with the debentures in question.

The Privy Council's decision, the debenture holders say, had nothing whatever to do with the debentures, unless the saving of \$2,000,000 to Canada should be regarded by the Dominion government as a reason for generous treatment of the Grand Trunk Pacific debenture holders, whose total amount of security is only \$7,000,000.

The statement proceeds to announce that the debenture holders recently issued Hon. W. S. Fielding, Canadian minister of finance, in London with reference to the matter. He said that he had received more than 500 applications for membership in the Klan from residents of Canada and the British Isles during a four-week lecture tour of the state of Pennsylvania. He said the campaign here in Canada would be begun as soon as officers could find time to do it.

Today the officials of the Klan announced new plans for a drive for members in New York City, in bold defiance of police orders. Despite the mayor, the police and opposition from the press and public it is planned to turn the city into a stronghold of the Ku Klux Klan.

Societies opposed to the Klan continue to denounce it at meetings and through statements.

TO BE TRIED FOR DEATH
OF CALGARY COSTABLE

Calgary, Nov. 27.—The murder case against Emil Piccarillo and Florence Alessandra, his aged accomplice, is scheduled to commence in the criminal section of the supreme court here this morning, and is expected to last several days.

Piccarillo is charged with the murder of Constable S. O. Lawson of Alberta provincial police, who was shot to death at Coleman on the evening of Sept. 21 last.

ELECTED IN WINNIPEG.

Winnipeg, Nov. 27.—Herbert Gray, A. H. Palford, E. T. Leach and A. Heaps were the only aldermen declared elected in Friday's election under the system of proportional representation when counting ceased on Saturday night. Further results are expected today.

SELECT JURY AT HERRIN.

Marion, Ill., Nov. 27.—The tedious process of selecting a jury for the first Herring massacre trial was resumed here today.

Four jurors permanently selected, three more held tentatively, and more than 200 veniremen dismissed, was the score at the fourth week in the proceedings opened.

REPORTS 16 KILLED IN
U. S. WHILE OUT HUNTING

Albany, N. Y., Nov. 27.—Sixteen persons were killed and forty others injured during the hunting season, which closed Nov. 15, the conservation commission announced today.

Twenty-five hunters were shot accidentally by their own guns, injuries to eight proving fatal. Twenty-two were shot by companions, three of whom died. Nine others were shot when mistaken for game, and of them five died.

FIRE DESTROYS RADIO IN
COLLEGE AT BROOKLYN

New York, Nov. 27.—Fire early today destroyed the radio rooms and the chemical laboratory at St. John's College, Brooklyn. One hundred priests were driven from their quarters by the flames. The damage was estimated at \$100,000.

CLAIMS CABINET AGREED
OVER FAMOUS WAR CALLWinston Churchill Plays Lord Curzon for Deserting
Colleagues and of Breaking His Word To Find
Safety—Gives Reason for Message.

LORD GREY ATTACKS LLOYD GEORGE

BY STAFF CORRESPONDENT.

Special to The Advertiser.

Ottawa, Nov. 26.—English papers throw further interesting light upon the crisis of Sept. 16 and the famous message of the dominions. The Churchill-Curzon duel was not ended with the statements issued by the combatants on Nov. 10, for Mr. Churchill continued it the following day with another statement.

He claims Lord Curzon's reply shows there to be no dispute about three salient facts.

1. The cabinet as a whole, including Lord Curzon, decided to send a message to the dominions, informing them of the situation and asking if they would participate, should need arise, in measures to defend the empire.

2. Lord Curzon's absence from London was the sole reason why he was not consulted about the press communiqué.

3. The foreign secretary had promised his colleagues to co-operate in the policy of holding an election before the National Union of Conservative Associations met.

Explains Actions.

Mr. Churchill also gives an account of the genesis of the communiqué of Sept. 16. Lord Curzon being absent, Mr. Lloyd George had invited him to take a draft for his consideration. He then proceeds:

"As I felt strongly that the public had a right to be informed about the situation and ought not to be carried forward further in ignorance of its gravity, I consented to do so. I sent my draft to Mr. Lloyd George, who, after consulting with such of his colleagues as were accessible, made certain alterations and authorized its publication."

That is the whole story.

In regard to Lord Curzon's abandonment of his colleagues, Mr. Churchill makes these scathing comments:

"By an extraordinary somersault in the nick of time, and after those with whom he had been working were fully committed, he landed himself in the opposite camp and so emerged prosperously from the affair."

Should Be Content.

My suggestion is that he should rest content with this achievement, that he should not make reflections upon those colleagues and leaders who, no doubt, from the highest motives, he felt it his duty to abandon, but whom he, of all men, should let the past alone.

It was also his lordship's view there is no reason why this controversy should be prolonged.

Lord Grey of Falloden also discussed the episode in a speech delivered at Peebles on Nov. 11. His version was that after Mr. Lloyd George had had a conversation over the phone with Lord Curzon, Mr. Churchill arrived at Downing street with something which he had written after the cabinet parted on Friday.

Call to Dominion.

"It was a great call to arms addressed to the dominions and the small states of the East. Then Lord Grey proceeded:

"The prime minister was there, and two or three cabinet ministers. They read this manifesto, and all got excited about it. They all admired it. It was as full of perorations as are most of Mr. Churchill's documents. They came to the conclusion that it should be published immediately, and it was so published. It took the world by storm," added Lord Grey.

"It astonished the world, and it alarmed this country," continued Lord Grey. "It conveyed to us that we were on the point of embarking on a single-handed war. It was done without calling the cabinet together, and done apparently quite suddenly after Lord Curzon had had a telephone conversation with the prime minister in the morning, and everything had seemed settled."

In a grave crisis like that, with everything depending on action being cool, steady and reflective, three or four members of the cabinet got together and, without consulting the others, they issued this manifesto which alarms the world."

In the same speech, Lord Grey attacked Mr. Lloyd George for his apathy towards the League of Nations. The late premier, he said, had claimed to be one of the fathers of the league, but there was such a thing as neglect of children.

FACES STRATFORD
TRIAL FOR THEFTSt. Marys Youth Convicted in
London To Answer Second
Charge.

Sentence was not passed on Edward Hariton of St. Marys, who was convicted a week ago on a charge of stealing a club bag, when he appeared in police court this morning, as Provincial Officer K. J. Smith was waiting to take him back to Stratford to stand trial on a charge of breaking and entering a residence there and stealing 85 quarts of Scotch whisky. If a conviction is not registered against him in Stratford, Hariton will be brought back to London and sentenced.

Hariton is also wanted in St. Marys, authorities there claiming he violated the Ontario temperance act. The prisoner admitted he had been arrested in St. Marys, and was "slipped away" from the officers.

When Hariton faced Magistrate Graydon today he was suffering from a broken arm he met with the accident a few weeks before his arrest by Detective Thomas Bolton, he volunteered.

MESSAGE IN BOTTLE SAVES
SHIP ASHORE AT WESTPORTLumber Schooner Crew Without
Food for Four Days Before
Rescue.

New Bedford, Mass., Nov. 27.—A message, placed in a bottle and thrown into the surf by a member of the crew of the lumber-laden schooner Lizzie D. Small, ashore of Westport, was the means of saving the lives of Capt. S. H. Getchell and his crew of three men. The bottle was found by Frank Columbia of Westport Point.

The message read: "For God's sake, save us. We are starving."

The shipwrecked crew had been four days without food before the rescue crew, organized by Columbia, was able to get a line aboard the Small boat yesterday by means of an improvised raft with a piece of canvas fast to it. Capt. Getchell said that their only food had gone adrift before the vessel beached.

The Small is in danger of breaking up.

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REPUBLICANS THINK SHIP
BILL WILL PASS SAFELY

Washington, Nov. 27.—The first real test of strength for the administration shipping bill was looked for today, when the measure was laid before the house for amendment, with prospects that an avalanche of proposed changes would be offered and disposed of on final passage Wednesday night.

Republican leaders were confident, however, that the bill would go through not only by a safe margin, but without material modification. Opponents of the legislation, on the other hand, asserted administration leaders would have to marshal their full strength on Wednesday to avoid defeat.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES

GRAND NEW POLICY ALL THIS WEEK

THREE SHOWS DAILY—2 p.m., 7 and 9

MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY

VIOLA DANA

"SEEING'S BELIEVING."

HALL ROOM BOYS IN NEW COMEDY RELEASE

EXCELLENT VAUDEVILLE

CONNELLY AND RADCLIFF

VENTELLO AND NINA

SHEAN AND BEAUMONT

VINCENT AND DAVEY

GREAT ACTS

BLACK AND LYNN

GREAT ACTS

Note Common Sense Prices for the Greatest Show in the City.

MATS.—15c; EVENINGS—15c, 25c, 35c.

WINTER GARDENS

ALL THIS WEEK

BIGGEST HIT OF THE SEASON

Hear Carmen Lombardo, singing "Lover's Song" (The Sheik of Alabama).

(Star Record No. 9308A).

Mr. Gallagher and Mr. Shea.

(Star Record No. 9308A).

It Will Make You Dance.

Watch the Spasmodic Orchestra.

Lots of Fun.

Spotlight Gift Dances.

Lombardo's Irresistible Music.

BAZAAR

In the Dundas Center School Room,

on FRIDAY, DEC. 1, from 3 to 10 p.m.,

under auspices of the L. A. Fancy

work, aprons, dolls, children's clothing,

home cooking, candy and country stores.

Also tea room. Dutch supper from 6 to

8. Orchestra in attendance during the

evening.

MASQUERADE DANCE

TUESDAY EVENING,

under auspices of Forest City Chapter,

Flute Band, Cor. Dracena Ave. and

Laird St., Langemark Hall, 8 o'clock

sharp. ADMISSION 25c.

All eucure and dance tickets accepted.

Sons of England

LODGE BERESFORD, NO. 209,

Tuesday, Nov. 28,

Initiations and Social.

A large attendance of members and

visitors is requested.

Fred Chappell, President.

BAZAAR

Under the Auspices of Ladies' Guild of

St. Mark's Church,

TUESDAY, NOV. 28,

Afternoon and evening in Schoolroom

of the church.

MAJESTIC

BRING

FAMILY

Special Today—"The Sheik's Wife,"

Carmen Lombardo, singing "Lover's

Song" (The Sheik of Alabama).

(Star Record No. 9308A).

Mr. Gallagher and Mr. Shea.

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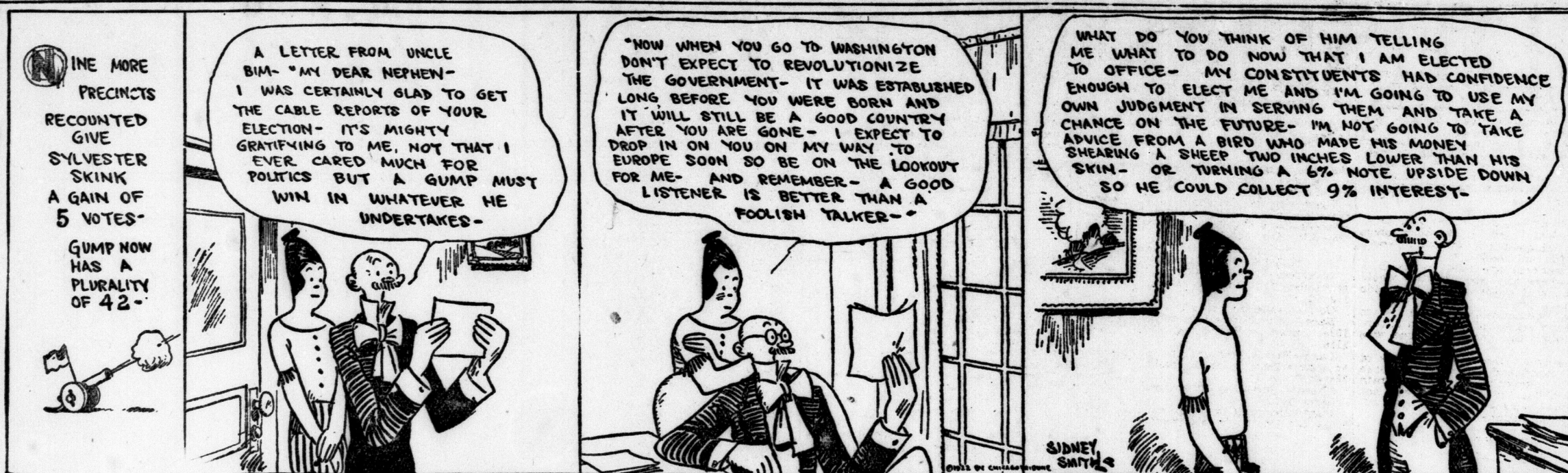
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THE GUMPS—TAKE A TIP FROM UNCLE



TAKEN FROM LIFE



Legs' Labor Lost

BY MARTIN

POLLY AND HER PALS

So Far Pa's Got the Best of It.

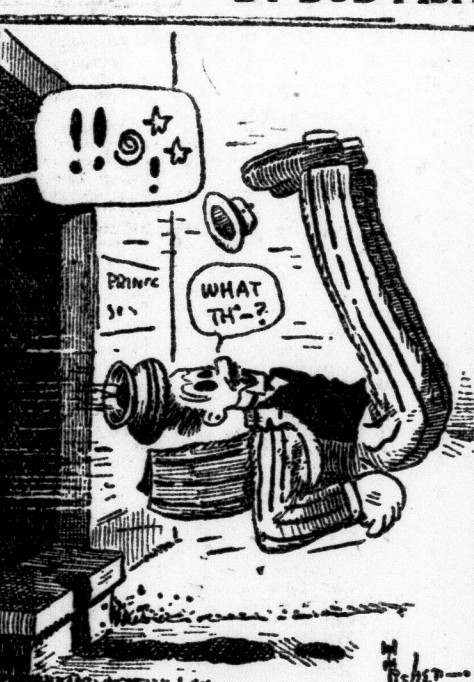
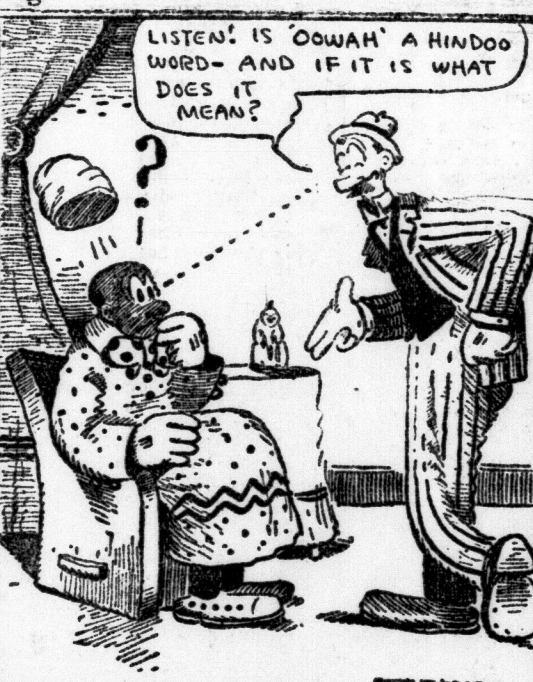
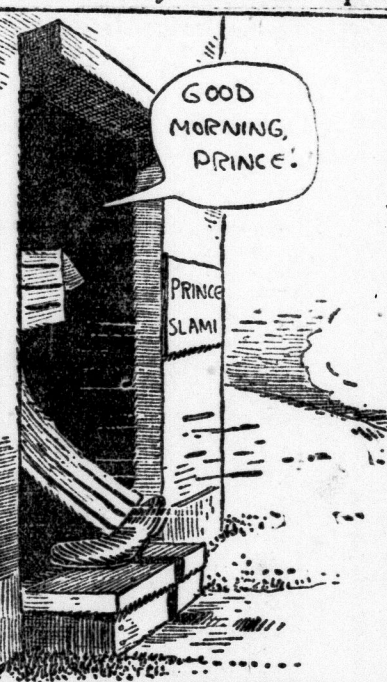
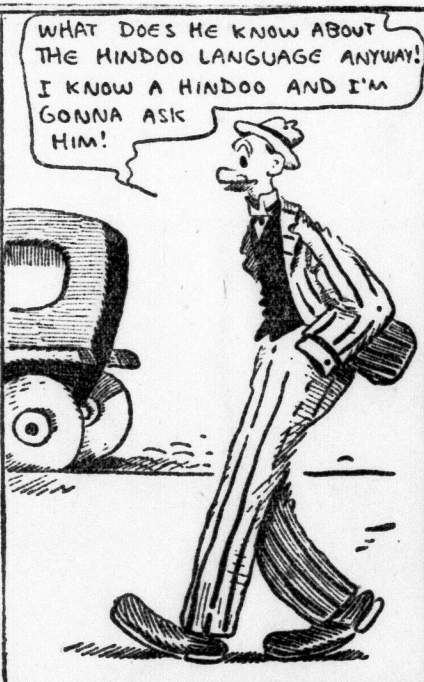
BY CLIFF STERRETT



MUTT AND JEFF.

Sir Sidney Must Be Spoofing.

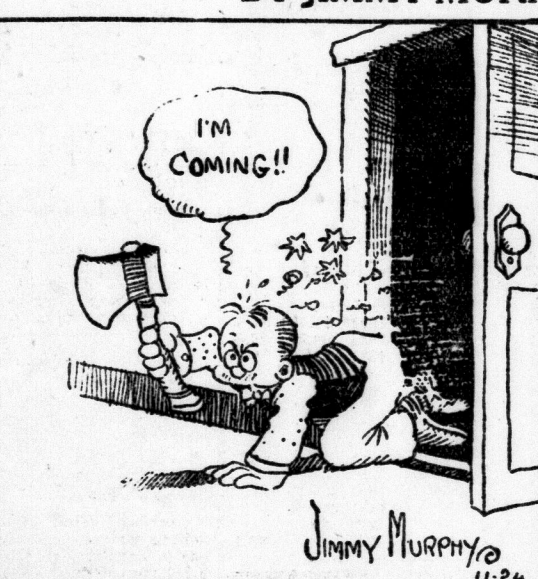
BY BUD FISHER.



TOOTS AND CASPER

If Casper Ever Meets That Doctor He's Going to "Cut Him Dead"

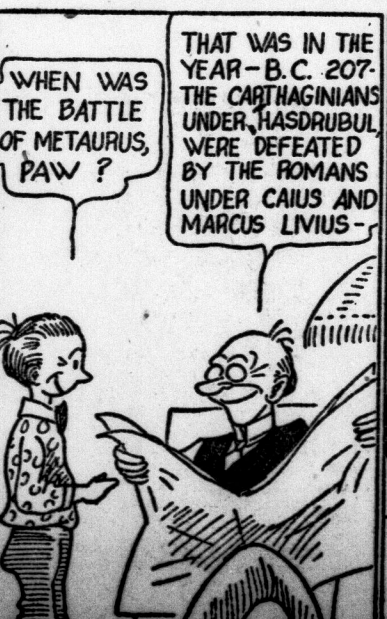
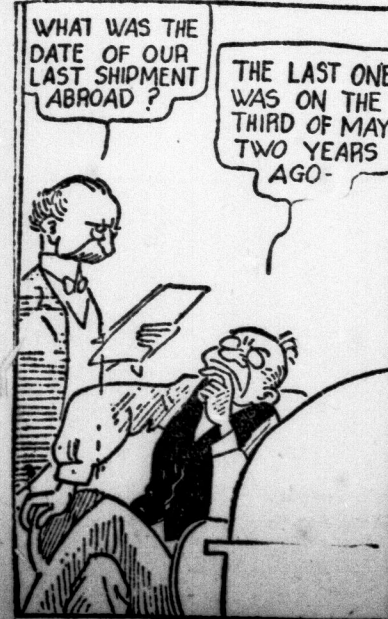
BY JIMMY MURPHY



GAS BUGGIES

The Fable of the Man With a Memory.

BY BECK



OXFORD COUNTY FARMERS DUPED

Agents For Atlas Secure Photograph Orders by Clever Ruse.

Woodstock, Nov. 26.—Some of the farmers of Oxford County are just now finding out they have been duped.

During the past summer months canvassers went through different parts of the county with a camera, taking photographs of the farmers' houses. Nothing was said at the time the photos were taken, but later on these men came back with nicely-colored pictures of the farm buildings and surroundings. Then followed the story that they were getting up a very up-to-date atlas of the county, in which pictures of the more important homes would appear in colors. At the same time they wanted to sell the farmers the colored photographs, the price ranging from \$15 to \$50, the price depending on the size of the pictures.

Many of the farmers told these men that they did not want pictures of their homes, but they were anxious to have them in the atlas. An order form was then produced which the farmers were asked to sign, and many did sign without taking the trouble to read the contract over. Later they found they had signed an order for the pictures, and there was no mention whatever of the atlas.

It would seem that the publishing of the atlas was merely a ruse to

induce the farmers to purchase the photographs.

The atlas was to have been published and out on Sept. 28 last, but so far nothing has been heard of it. Some of the farmers, not realizing that they had been duped, paid for the photographs, while others refused to pay, and they are now being intimidated by some collection agency.

INTERNATIONAL GLIDING MEET TO BE HELD IN U. S.

New York, Nov. 26.—An international motorless gliding and soaring flight competition, with a class for planes with motors of from two to seven horsepower, will be held in January at the Ormond or Daytona Beach, Florida, aero organization officials said.

Besides United States builders of motorless planes, entrants will come from Germany and Holland and maybe other countries, notably Anthony H. G. Fokker and Erich Meyer, who were prominent in the recent competitions abroad.

Three trophies, ranging from \$500 to \$2,000, already have been offered.

SENATOR PROUDFOOT IN CRITICAL CONDITION

Toronto, Nov. 27.—Senator William Proudfoot, former leader of the Liberal opposition in the Ontario Legislature and senior member of the law firm of Proudfoot, Duncan, Gilday and Tisdall, Toronto, underwent a serious operation at Wellfleet Hospital yesterday. Early this morning it was reported that the senator's condition was critical, and little hope is held out for his recovery.

Sensor Proudfoot is suffering from an extremely bad case of gangrenous appendix with spreading peritonitis and pyaemia.

Lots of Men Can't Get Life Insurance, Because They Are Not Physically Fit. Are You?

The London Life Insurance Company

"Policies Good as Gold"

HEAD OFFICES - LONDON, CANADA

Agencies in all principal cities

To Make Ice With Hydro

Excellent idea, but to get HEAT you must

USE GAS

GAS IS THE HOTTEST, QUICKEST AND CHEAPEST FUEL FOR COOKING.

Beautiful Porcelain-Trimmed Gas Ranges FROM \$28.00—\$4.00 DOWN; \$4.00 A MONTH.

CONNECTIONS FREE.

CITY GAS CO. of London COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT

213 DUNDAS STREET. PHONE 835.

ASPIRIN

UNLESS you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all



Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains directions and dose worked out by physicians during 22 years and proved safe by millions for

Colds Headache Rheumatism
Toothache Neuralgia Neuritis
Earache Lumbago Pain, Pain

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin is a Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

Beauty Hint for Women

For clear skin and bright eyes

When food is only imperfectly digested, it gives rise to fermentation, clogs the bowels, and renders the blood impure. This results in dull eyes, muddy skin, blotches, pimples and other disfiguring marks. Beecham's Pills act immediately on the stomach, liver and bowels; regulate them and keep them in a vigorous condition. They are mild, harmless and dependable. They are compounded of remedies of vegetable origin having great medicinal value.

Beecham's Pills

Sold everywhere in boxes 25c-40 pills 50c-90 pills

The ADVERTISER'S PICTORIAL PAGE



Chicago is to have a Methodist "meetin' house" 21 storeys high. Architects' drawing of the new First Methodist Episcopal Church, spire and all, in the heart of Chicago's business district.



William K. Vanderbilt of New York, son of the late Alfred G. Vanderbilt, who was lost with the Lusitania, has just come into the inheritance left him by his father, estimated at \$17,000,000. He's going into the banking business.



Signorina Rita Guarini was selected by a committee of artists and sculptors as the prettiest girl in Rome.



Monkey fur is prominent in this costume, on collars, cuffs and at the bottom. The hat is of black panne velvet with a lace crown effect.



Pearl Davies, leader of the "shouting sisters," of the University of Iowa, who cheer their men's football team at every match.



Scene from "The Love of a Student," the first motion picture made by the soviet government in Russia.



The Ninth Cavalry of colored troops, recently returned to the United States after having been stationed in the Philippines since 1916. Eighty of the soldiers married there. Here is Mrs. Emilio Jaranillo, wife of a musician in the band, and their baby, Ramon.



O. Lundberg, 78 years old, of the Odd Fellows' Home in Canon City, Colorado, is acknowledged to be the best fancy work artist in that community, surpassing even all women competitors. He has won many prizes at state fairs.



Gallib Pasha, reported as new military governor of Constantinople.



Start of the one-mile final in the freshmen's sports at Cambridge University, England.



Mrs. Wanda Helbig, a woman sailor, has just returned from Borneo where she declares she saw a tribe of natives, half monkey, half human.



Jo Davidson, famous American sculptor, has sailed for Europe for new ideas abroad.



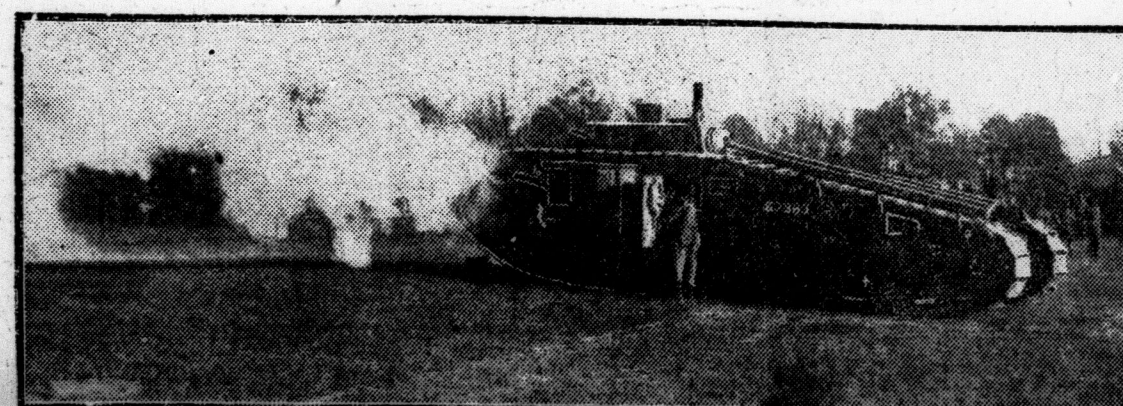
French soldiers, disabled in the war, brought to a point of vantage near the Arc De Triomphe in Paris to see the Armistice Day homage to the memory of their dead comrades.



Sergeant Louis Lutz (drill master of the Boston police department, showing officers how to wear a new gas mask and also how to throw new tear bombs that the Boston police will use in riots.



Arthur Slivinski, the new premier of Poland.



Tanks in action at the recent American review at Camp Meade.

OUTLINE OF HISTORY

By H. G. Wells.

THIS welding together of the Jews into one tradition cemented people in the course of the "seventy years" is the first instance in history of the new power of the written word in human affairs. It was a mental consolidation that did much more than unite the people who returned to Jerusalem.

This idea of belonging to a chosen race predestined to pre-eminence was a very attractive one. It possessed also those Jews who remained in Babylonia. Its literature reached the Jews now established in Egypt. It affected the mixed people who had been placed in Samaria, the old capital of the kings of Israel when the ten tribes were deported to Media. It inspired a great number of Babylonians and the like to claim Abraham as their father, and thrust their company upon the returning Jews. Ammonites and Moabites became adherents. The book of Nehemiah is full of the distress occasioned by the invasion of the privileges of the chosen.

The Jews were already a people dispersed in many lands and cities, when their minds and hopes were unified and they became an exclusive people. But at first their exclusiveness is merely to preserve soundness of doctrine and worship, warned by such lamentable lapses as those of King Solomon. To genuine proselytes of whatever race, Judaism long held out welcoming arms. To Phoenicians after the falls of Tyre and Carthage, conversion to Judaism may have been particularly easy and attractive. Their language was closely akin to Hebrew. It is possible that the great majority of African and Spanish Jews are really of Phoenician origin. There were also great Arabian accessions. In South Russia, as we shall note later, there were even Mongolian Jews.

A New Kind of Leadership.

The historical books from Genesis to Nehemiah, upon which the idea of the promise to the chosen people had been imposed later, were no doubt the backbone of Jewish mental unity. But they by no means complete the Hebrew literature from which finally the Bible was made up. Of such books as Job, said to be an imitation of Greek tragedy, and Ecclesiastes, the Psalms, Proverbs, and others, there is no time to write in this outline, but it is necessary to deal with the books known as "the Prophets" with some fullness. For those books are almost the earliest and certainly the best evidence of the appearance of a new kind of leadership in human affairs.

These prophets are not a new class in the community; they are of the most various origins—Ezekiel was of a priestly caste and of priestly sympathies, and Amos was a shepherd; but they have this in common, that they bring into life a religious force outside the sacrifices and formalities of priesthood and temple. The earlier prophets seem most like the earlier priests; they are oracular, they give advice and foretell events; it is quite possible that at first, in the days when there were many high places in the land and religious ideas were comparatively unsettled, there was no great distinction between priest and prophet.

The prophets danced, it would seem, somewhat after the Persian fashion, and uttered oracles. Generally they wore a distinctive mantle of rough goatskin. They kept up the nomadic tradition as against the "new ways" of the settlement. But after the building of the temple and the organization of the priestly prophetic type remains over and outside the formal religious scheme, or less of an annoyance to the priests. They become informal advisers upon public affairs, denouncers of sin and strange practices, "self-constituted," as we should say, having no sanction but an inner light. "Now the word of

the Lord came unto" so and so; that is the formula. In the latter and most troubled days of the kingdom of Judah, as Egypt, North Arabia, Assyria and then Babylonia closed like a vise upon the land, these prophets became very significant and powerful. Their appeal was to anxious and fearful minds, and at first their exhortation was chiefly toward repentance, the pulling down of this or that high place, the restoration of worship in Jerusalem or the like.

The Role of the Social Reformer. But through some of the prophecies there runs already a note like the note of what we call nowadays a "social reformer." The rich are "grinding the faces of the poor," the luxurious are consuming the children's bread; influential and wealthy people make friends with and imitate the splendors and vices of foreigners, and sacrifice the common people to these new fashions; and this is hateful to

Problems In History.

DO YOU KNOW— What ancient race, ages ago, spread over Great Britain, Ireland, France, Spain, North Africa and South Italy?

DO YOU KNOW— What great branch of humanity is called "The Forefathers of the Western World"?

DO YOU KNOW— Where the horse was first used for riding and warfare?

DO YOU KNOW— Where Sanskrit originated? Answers in tomorrow's installment of H. G. Wells' "Outline of History."

Jehovah, who will certainly punish the land.

But with the broadening of ideas that came with the captivity, the tenor of prophecy broadens and changes. The jealous pettiness that disfigures the earlier tribal ideas of God gives place to a new idea of a god of universal righteousness. It is clear that the increasing influence of prophets was not confined to the Jewish people; it was something that was going on in those days all over the Semitic world. The breaking down of nations and kingdoms to form the great and changing empires of that age, the smashing up of cults and priesthods, the mutual discrediting of temple by temple in their rivalries and disputes—all these influences were releasing men's minds to a freer and wider religious outlook. The temples had accumulated great stores of golden vessels and lost their hold upon the imaginations of men. It is difficult to estimate whether, amidst these constant wars, life had become more uncertain and unhappy than it had ever been before, but there can be no doubt that men had become more conscious of its miseries and insecurities. Except

CRANBERRY CONSERVE

BY BERTHA E. SHAPLEIGH.

4 cups cranberries 1½ cups English walnut meats
1 cup water (boiling) (cut in small pieces)
1 cup seeded raisins 3 cups sugar
2 small oranges

PICK over and wash berries. Place over the fire with one cup cold water and bring to boiling point, when skins of the berries break and oranges thinly sliced, with seeds removed, and sugar, remove from fire and rub through a sieve. Add boiling water, raisins, 30 minutes.

This will keep well and is a very good conserve to serve with cold meat, especially with chicken or turkey.

for the weak and the women, there remained little comfort or assurance in the sacrifices, ritual, and formal devotions of the temples.

Such was the world of which the later prophets of Israel began to talk of the One God, and of a promise that some day the world should come to peace and unity and happiness. This great God that men were now discovering lived in a temple "not made with hands, eternal in the heavens." There can be little doubt of a great body of such thought and utterance in Babylonia, Egypt, and throughout the Semitic east. The prophetic books of the Bible can be but specimens of the prophesies of that time.

We have already drawn attention to the gradual escape of writing and knowledge from their original limitation to the priest-hood and the temple precincts, from the shell in which they were first developed and cherished. We have taken Herodotus as an interesting specimen of what we have called the free intelligence of mankind. Now here we are dealing with a similar overflow of moral ideas into the general community.

The Great "Promises."

The Hebrew prophets and the steady expansion of their ideas toward one God in all the world, is a parallel development of the free conscience of mankind. From this time onward there runs through human thought, now weakly and obscurely, now gathering power, the idea of one rule in the world, and of a promise and possibility of an active and splendid peace and happiness in human affairs. From being a temple religion of the old type, the Jewish religion becomes to a large extent, a prophetic and creative religion of a new type. Prophet succeeds prophet. Later on, as we shall see, there was born a prophet of unprecedented power, Jesus, whose followers founded the great universal religion of Christianity.

Still later Muhammad, another prophet, appears in Arabia and founds Islam. In spite of very distinctive features of these two teachers do in a manner arise out of and in succession to the Jewish prophets. It is not the place of the historian to discuss the truth and falsity of religion, but it is his business to record the appearance of great constructive ideas.

Two thousand four hundred years ago, and six or seven or eight thousand years after the walls of the first Sumerian cities arose, the ideas of the moral unity of mankind and of a world peace had come into the world.

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"The Forefathers of the Western World."

FOR SPORTS WEAR.

A separate skirt that is unusually good-looking is of gray wool with a wrap-around effect at the side back and a wide woven border about six inches above the hem, done in the most vivid reds, blues and greens.

BLACK AND STEEL.

A smart hat of black patent velvet with a deep crown and small brim is trimmed with steel gray wings, placed at an interesting angle.

TRIUMPHS OF M. JONQUELLE

By Melville Davison Post.

THE WOMAN ON THE TERRACE. Begin Here Today. The strange woman in the invalid chair had been talking angrily with her companion when M. JONQUELLE, greatest of French detectives, entered the beautiful Italian terrace.

The woman introduced her companion as MARTIN DILLARD, an American. The American greeted the caller ungraciously. Jonquelle explained that he had come to inquire why the house in Paris, owned by Dillard and to which the woman had a key, burned to the ground.

Go On With the Story. CHAPTER II.

THE American broke in. His voice was no longer restrained. "I don't see what you've got to do with it," he said. Monsieur Jonquelle did not at once reply. He looked at his cigarette as though it were somehow unsatisfactory; puffed it a moment until the tip glowed; then he tossed it over the edge of the terrace into the bushes.

Almost immediately the bushes parted and two persons came up onto the terrace. They were footmen in a rather conspicuous foreign livery. They paid no attention to either Monsieur Jonquelle or the American. They addressed themselves with apologetic diffidence to the woman in the chair.

They explained that a parrot belonging to the Princess Kitzendorf, who occupied the great villa above, had escaped and was concealed somewhere in the thick shrubbery of madame's garden. Would they be permitted to search for it? The woman in the chair moved her head slowly in assent. Then she dismissed them with a gesture. They went down off the terrace and toward the rear of the villa in their search, and the woman in the chair addressed the American.

"You must believe," she said, "that Monsieur Jonquelle is an old acquaintance and that this explanation is not to be denied him. Neither are you to be denied it. You came here for it precisely as he has come for it."

You have followed me here, trailing out my flight, as he has followed. The two of you arrived nearly on the moment, and I shall be pleased to include the two of you in my explanation. We were demanding it as Monsieur Jonquelle arrived with some heat, if I correctly remember."

The American replied in his abrupt manner: "I don't understand this thing," he said. "But I do want to know how this house happened to burn while I was absent. You are the only person who had a key to it, and you must have burned it or you would not have run away and hid yourself—now, what's the real story?"

The woman had a bit of delicate lace in her fingers. She put it up a moment to her lips. Then she spoke, addressing her two guests. Her voice was slow, serene and detached, like one who speaks without interest, without emotion, and without any concern for effect. It was like a voice from a mechanical appliance, having intelligence, but no will to feel.

"I have been attached to Monsieur Dillard," she said. "There was a fortune before us, an immense, incredible fortune. The anticipation of it bound me to him, and so the burning of this house must have been an accident. The lure of a fortune is the only influence that does not loosen as one advances into life, in a world where presently every emotion falls. Therefore Monsieur Dillard had a right to feel that he could trust me, since my interest in this fortune was identical with his own."

She paused and seemed to address Monsieur Jonquelle directly.

"You will be concerned, monsieur, about the mystery of this fortune. It was not a dream, and depended upon no uncertain hazard of chance. Monsieur Dillard is an artist—an artist

with a genius for turning art to a practical use. There have been great artists than Monsieur Dillard in production, but not in methods by which art can be made to serve a practical purpose; that is to say, can be made to produce a fortune. It is the life-work of Monsieur Dillard not to produce art, but to bring the artistic skill of the masters of art to his practical purposes. And, in this department, he has no superior in any country. The house in the Faubourg St. Germain was, in fact, a masterpiece of his art, literally packed with masterpieces—beautiful works of art of an incredible value."

She did not move a step from her body in the chair. But she again vaguely touched her lips with the handkerchief in her fingers, a bit of filmy lace.

"Monsieur," she said, "there have been in the world three men who are supreme in what is perhaps the highest of all artistic production. I shall name them to you: Monsieur Whistler, the American, Monsieur Hellen of Paris, and Wagnerheim of Munich."

She moved a trifle in the chair. "The misfortune of producing a masterpiece in oil or in water-color is that one copy only of this masterpiece exists, and by any misfortune it is destroyed, every adequate evidence of its beauty has disappeared. This is the unfortunate feature attached to the work of all the great masters."

But it is a misfortune that does not attend the etchings of Monsieur Whistler, Monsieur Hellen and Monsieur Wagnerheim. The beautiful face of the lovely Americans preserved by the work of Monsieur Hellen can be reproduced in any number. That beauty does not depend upon the jeopardsy of a single picture."

Her voice seemed to advance, but not with the stimulus of any emotion. "It is not commonly known," she said, "that an extreme skill is required to obtain in the prints all the beauties of these etchings. The prints are commonly made by the use of the usual workman's skill, but it was always realized by the great masters that the extreme delicacy and beauty of their etchings could be produced only by an adequate skill, by a skill almost equal to that of the artist whose work they were to reproduce."

This skill constitutes the peculiar genius of Monsieur



THE FLAME OF THE CANDLE CAME IN CONTACT WITH THE SPIDER-WEBS.

Dillard—a skill which he has striven to perfect, and which he has finally brought to the highest excellence. She paused and looked at him in the Faubourg St. Germain for a long time and with an incredible patience, until he became the superior of any man living, and as I have said, was literally packed with the most beautiful and most valuable reproductions of this character in the world. This accumulated treasure represented the incredible fortune which was before Monsieur Dillard and myself.

"It was on the night that he had gone to Bordeaux in order to make some arrangement for the removal of the treasure that the unfortunate fire occurred that wiped out our fortune in an hour, leaving monsieur penniless and myself with but the ruin of another illusion. And it happened, monsieur, in the simplest fashion."

There was absolute silence on the terrace before the villa. The vaguely blue sea seemed to underlie a world of amethyst. Heavy odors were in the air. A little beyond the terrace the leaves of a flowering vine moved where the footmen of the Princess Kitzendorf searched as noiselessly as shadows for the foot of the man in the chair, and perhaps to Monsieur Jonquelle, but they were not visible to the American.

He sat like a tense figure in some organic medium, grim, rigid; always in that immobility which seemed to await the next word before it flashed into violent life; as though madame's words were to be the implement of a vivisectionist moving about a nerve which it never touched, but which it constantly menaced.

"It was the simplest accident," the woman repeated in her placid voice. "The original etchings of an immortal like one of the great masters I have already named are priceless—they cannot be replaced."

"Out of the fact that the house might be entered after the reproductions had been made, these originals were placed under some rubbish in the basement of the house."

"This basement had not been entered for a long time, and when these originals were concealed there, care was taken to disturb the appearance which this room presented of not having been opened for an incredible age."

"It was low with an earth floor. The ceiling was of wooden beams dried out and beginning to decay and as inflammable as tinder. The whole of this ceiling was hung with cobwebs, laced over them, hanging like veils in shreds."

On the night of the disaster, before leaving the house, I went into this basement to make sure that the originals stored there remained as we had placed them. It was late, and I took a candle. This was a fatal indiscretion.

"When I arose from an examination of the place where the etchings were concealed, the flame of the candle came in contact with the hanging spider-webs, and immediately the whole ceiling flashed into flame. In an instant it seemed to engulf the entire ceiling of the room was on fire. I had barely time to escape before the room was a furnace."

The final installment of "The Woman on the Terrace" will appear in our next issue.

SHORT FUR COATS.

Short coats of leopard fur, collared with dark fur, and worn with straight-line skirts, are much liked by school and college girls. They usually are unbelted.

SOFTER COLORS.

The use of softer colors has been started in Paris. Particularly the figured materials show less contrast and much more blending of colors.

BURGES BEDTIME STORIES

HOW PADDY'S NEW POND WAS USED. By Thornton W. Burgess.

The wisest of all the work today, that in the future he may play. —Paddy the Beaver.

Peter Rabbit was so interested in the new pond Paddy the Beaver and Mrs. Paddy were making by building a new dam that he spent most of his time where he could watch. Every day the dam was a little longer, and the pond above it was a little bigger.

So the water crept out in all directions, and Peter wondered when it would stop. At last there came an afternoon when as Peter drew near the pond he heard the crash of a falling tree. "It must be that Paddy and Mrs. Paddy have begun to cut their food supply," exclaimed Peter, and hurried faster.

When he reached the new dam his two brown-cloaked friends were nowhere to be seen. They were not working on the dam. Peter looked across to the upper end of the new pond. It looked to him as if a tree had fallen over there since his last visit. He suspected that it was the tree he had heard crash. Of course he hurried around as fast as he could go. When he got there he found Paddy and Mrs. Paddy cutting one limb. The smaller ones they would take off at a single bite. The bigger ones they had to cut in the same way that they had cut down the tree, that is, by biting out big chips.

Peter noticed now that that pond seemed no bigger than when he last saw it. He sat down close to the edge of it, and though he sat there for a long time his feet remained dry. "Is your pond big enough now?" he ventured to ask Paddy.

Paddy stopped long enough to nod, and replied, "Yes, it is big enough for the present. You see we will cut these poplar and birch trees nearest the water first. It may be that by and by we will have to make a pond bigger so as to reach some of those trees which are now too far away from the water. I hope you'll excuse

us, Peter, if we don't stop to talk now. We have too much to do to spend time gossiping."

Peter said that of course he would



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ARVA

Special to The Advertiser. Arva, Nov. 25.—The electric current was turned on Saturday evening and the residents along the Provincial highway from London to St. Johns, and one mile north and west now have the light. The Methodist Church is beautifully lighted. The monthly meeting of the Ladies Aid Society was held at the home of Mrs. (Dr.) McNeill on Wednesday last, and was very largely attended and a pleasant time spent. All arrangements are made for the bazaar which will be held in the Sunday school room of the Methodist Church on Wednesday afternoon next. Division court was held here on Thursday last before Judge Judd. Only a small docket was heard.

MIDDY BLOUSES.

New variations of the midday blouse show decorations of Czechoslovakian embroidery and gay cross-stitch patterns. Another style is banded about the hips and has a collar and cuffs of checked material.

Why Corns? Just say Blue-jay to your druggist

The simplest way to end a corn is Blue-jay. A touch stops the pain instantly. Then the corn loosens and comes out. Made in a colorless clear liquid (one drop does it) and in thin plaques. The action is the same.

Pain Stops Instantly

SHOE BUCKLES. Very

stone buckles are used on the new colonial pumps. The round or oblong ones are most popular at the moment. Cut steel is used on patent leather, while the satin pump seems to call for the jeweled ornament.

Christmas Suggestions

Baby's Wants

WOOLEN BOOTIES, in plain white and white with pink and blue trim, per pair... 29c, 35c, 48c, 59c

WOOLEN MITTS, in thumb and thumbless styles, in wool and silk and wool mixtures... 45c, 50c, 59c

BONNETS, in fine wool, in all white and white with pink and blue design; some with silk ribbons, 85c \$1.00 \$1.10 \$1.25

OVERALLS, in fine wool, in white, links and links stitch; size 2½, \$1.39 \$1.50 \$1.75

PULLOVER COATS, in white, blue, pink and two-color combinations, \$1.39, \$1.69, \$1.89, \$2.00, \$2.50

BIBS, at

25c 29c 35c 45c 65c

Christmas Handkerchiefs

Ladies' Initial Handkerchiefs, 3 in box... 75c

Ladies' Initial Handkerchiefs, 3 in box... \$1

Ladies' Initial Handkerchiefs, pure linen, 3 in box... \$1.50

Ladies' Handkerchiefs with lace corner, 39c 50c 65c

Ladies' Handkerchiefs, lace edge and corner, Swiss make... 50c, 75c

Ladies' Handkerchiefs, real handmade Buckingham lace, pure linen, each, \$1.25 \$1.50

Ladies' Handkerchiefs, boxed, 1, 2 and 3 in box, 25c to \$1.50

Children's Picture Handkerchiefs... 5c, 3 for 25c 10c and 2 for 25c

Ladies' Knit-To-Fit Underwear

LADIES' PURE WOOL VESTS, in fine rib, cream shade; three styles... \$2, \$2.25

LADIES' SILK AND WOOL VESTS, fine rib, in several styles... \$2.25, \$2.50

LADIES' "CEETEE" PURE WOOL VESTS AND DRAWERS... \$3.98

LADIES' COMBINATIONS, in pure wool, Harvey make, finest quality, several styles... \$6

LADIES' COMBINATIONS, in wool, colored crotch, style, with silk trimmings... \$5.00

Christmas Linens

SUPERB SHOWING of New Maderia Linen Hemstitched Serviettes, with embroidered corner; per dozen... \$5.00

SERVETTES, scallop edges, in lovely design; per dozen, \$8.25 \$8.75 \$10.00

36-INCH ROUND MADERIA CLOTH, special quality, in patterns that please... \$5.50

45-INCH MADERIA CLOTH, round, the quality and design are the best... \$7.25

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NEW EMBROIDERY RUNNERS, 50c, 75c, \$1.25

EMBROIDERED LINEN TRAY CLOTHS, scallop edge... \$1.25, \$1.50

GUEST TOWELS, hemstitched and scallop edge, pure linen, 75c 85c \$1.00

OLD BLEACH TOWELS—A full range PURE LINEN TABLE CLOTH, round pattern; size 70x70. This week, special... \$5.95

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THE REAL HENRY FORD.

Ford An Erratic Ball Player On the Diamond of Finance

Never Uses the Sacrifice Hit—Makes Sensational Plays
But Muffs and Fans on Occasions—Not
a Good Team Man.

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Likes to Give Game A Sporting Chance

BY OLD DETROITER.

"Did you ever go hunting?" Mr. Ford was asked.
"Sure," I did," answered Mr. Ford. "Many's the time I've gone out after rabbits with a rifle."
"Why a rifle?" asked the biographer. "I thought the shotgun was the standard rabbit-getter."
"It is for most folks," said Mr. Ford as he smiled, "but I like to give the rabbit a chance. With a shotgun even a very stupid marksman can bag his game. With a rifle it's different—the hunter has to show what he can do. It's a pretty good shot, and I like to feel that it was my sureness of aim matched against the nimbleness of the rabbit. When I shot at a rabbit on the run and got him I felt it was a legitimate catch. If he was too quick for me I was just as glad to see him get away, and got a good laugh at the way he made dust."

BY S. S. MARQUIS, D.D.,
Former Pastor of Henry Ford, and
for five years head of the Ford Wel-
fare Department.

CHAPTER V.
Some Elements of Success.
Henry Ford has built up a great fortune. He has paid labor a liberal wage; he has built a hospital; he has set in operation agencies which have in their day done a great deal of good. To human thought, to politics, to science, the arts, education, religion, his contribution—directly or indirectly—is yet to be made.
What he has done for others has been along lines that have as a rule brought a liberal return to himself. Seriously, and with credit, I would say that his most valuable contribution to humanity thus far has been his discovery of a couple of half-cent kinds of philanthropy. A good thing done for reward is good. Nobler and better things, however, are possible. I wish Henry Ford had more good to his credit that had cost him something. In actual service to humanity and in unselfish use of his wealth he has done more than most men.

Henry Ford plays a spectacular game. He is a pinch-hitter in finance, and the idol of the bleachers. But there are better all-round men in the game. He is as temperamental as an artist, and as erratic. He has been known to fan out. And he certainly muffed a couple of half-cent kinds of philanthropy. A good thing done for reward is good. Nobler and better things, however, are possible. I wish Henry Ford had more good to his credit that had cost him something. In actual service to humanity and in unselfish use of his wealth he has done more than most men.

Henry Ford has attained a remarkable prominence, but he has not attained it by being the essence of eminence in a man—in his mind and soul. Henry Ford is an unusual, a most remarkable man, but not a great man—not yet. There are in him neither that breadth nor depth of mind, nor that moral grandeur, which are the distinguishing marks of the truly great. Some men are born great, some achieve greatness, but no man ever had greatness thrust upon him. Shakespeare to the contrary. He may be thrust into prominence, but not into eminence, for eminence is reached by climbing an inward spiritual ascent.

If Henry Ford would quit watching the popular winds, take down his political lightning rod, and devote himself to the solution of those human problems which press upon him I think he could attain a great and enviable reputation. It is in that direction, I believe, that he will find the fulfillment of the wish which he expressed to me when he said, "I do not

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Mrs. J. Schellon, Bethany, Ont., writes: "I have used Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills for some time. I was troubled with a bad liver and headache, but since taking your Pills I am perfectly well again."
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want the things which can be bought with money. I want to live a life—to live so that the world will be better for my having lived in it." He has had the vision. He has the ability and the opportunity.
It is unfortunate that he has not manifested the same sustained interest in the work undertaken in behalf of his employees that he has shown in some other matters. In some things he reveals an indomitable will, an unflinching interest. In others things the will weakens and the interest dies. He sometimes springs at things with startling suddenness. And then he drops them as suddenly as he took them up. It requires a stronger will to be than to do.

Success No Accident.
In 1914 he entered with great enthusiasm a new path in the field of social justice. The work he then instituted gave promise of a notable contribution to human progress along industrial lines. It quickened the conscience of the employers, it roused hope in the ranks of labor. It promised the restoration of that which modern industry has lost and which would prove the greatest boon any man could restore to it, namely, a personal relation between employer and employee. That phase of the work, with some other distinguishing features of it, are for the present in eclipse—only in eclipse, it is to be hoped.
To Henry Ford's success in industry, it is no mere accident. You can not say that it is a matter of luck that a man's boat is floated by the rising tide, if he has carefully calculated the time the tide comes in and has built the boat where it would be caught and carried out to sea.

Mr. Ford anticipated the rising tide of the automobile industry. He must be given credit for that. Credit also is due him for the way in which he deliberately planned to take the fullest possible advantage of the tide when it came in. Standardization is his hobby. He would have all shoes fit, not be made to order, but made on one block, and all coats according to one pattern. It would not add to the beauty of life, but it would greatly reduce the cost of living.

When it came to automobiles Henry Ford decided to make them all alike and of a size that would fit not the greatest number of people but the largest number of pocketbooks. Keep your eye on the average pocketbook. That was his slogan. Only a few people can buy what they want. The vast majority buy what they can afford. No one was ever able to shake him in his decision to make one car the best of its kind that can be made for the money, suited to the bank roll of the greatest number of people, standardized as to admit of quantity production, and therefore of manufacture at minimum cost.

Once he got going he discovered and put into practice some very profitable ways of being generous. His division of profits with his employees paid in dollars and cents. That fact made him the less a boon to labor. His policy of sharing with his profits with the common laborer by cutting the price of the car also paid. It widened his market and won the confidence and good-will of the public. He did what he could. He has ever been able to do—touched the hearts of the people through their pocketbooks.

Knows Psychology of Money.
He never went to college, but he knows all the psychology there is to know in so far as it has to do with the dollar.
Most conspicuous among the things which have entered into his success are those of courage and tenacity. His courage was not always best guided by the best of judgment, but on the whole it has won him more than it has lost. His tenacity borders at times on obstinacy, and is coupled with a cool patience that seems to render him indifferent to the passing of time.
He seems to shrink from encounters in which it will be necessary for him to say unpleasant things. In other words, he hates a quarrel. He loves a good fight. He is of Irish descent. He keeps his eye on his opponent—many eyes on him, in fact. He is master in the art of waiting. This is one of the reasons why I think he enjoys lawsuits, of which he has a large share, and is usually so long drawn out. There are so many courts of appeal, and the more the merrier.

At times he wears of the Selden patent trial, but when the bell rang for a new round he always came back smiling and full of fight. The Dodge trial dragged a weary length. The Tribune trial was long drawn out. The Newbury trial is still on. These are illustrations of his bulldog grip, once he takes hold. He may consume a lot of time in the accomplishment of a thing that you think he has forgotten all about it, and he may stay in so many devious ways to reach his end that you think he has turned aside to other things, but he never forgets. The long years of struggle against poverty and ridicule in the development of his car is the evidence of the presence in him of a quality to be admired by his friends, but to be most seriously and fearfully contemplated by his enemies.

(Tomorrow's chapter: Mental Traits and Characteristics.)

IRISH EXPORTS SHOW BIG ADVANCE OVER IMPORTS
Washington, Nov. 26.—A marked increase of Irish exports over imports during the first three months of 1922, the latest for which figures are available, is the reverse side of the rather gloomy picture of the economy conditions in Ireland, the United States commerce department was advised today in a report from the United States consulate at Dublin.
A woman can keep an expense account almost as long as a man can keep a diary.

VOLSTEA ACT HERE TO STAY

Rev. B. Tope, D.D., Delivers
Toronto Address At Pro-
hibition Convention.

Toronto, Nov. 26.—More than 30 delegates to the world convention of the World League Against Alcoholism, most of them ministers, addressed Toronto congregations in different churches and places of worship today. In addition a convention meeting was held in Massey Hall this afternoon which was presided over by the Rev. M. P. Boynton, D.D., of Chicago.

The delegates wound up Saturday's heavy program with a banquet in the ballroom of the King Edward Hotel on Saturday night, at which 1,000 delegates to the World League Against Alcoholism were present. Brief toasts were proposed and responded to by a number of official representatives of national temperance societies of the several countries participating in the convention being held in Massey Hall.

Rev. Hon. L. L. Tope, president of the United Kingdom Alliance, was toastmaster.

Sessions of the convention will be held morning, afternoon and night until the final meeting on Wednesday night.

Was Clarion Call.
It was a clarion call to the forces of the church to enlist for the final onslaught on the liquor traffic in all countries of the world, which was made by Rev. W. Tope, D.D., superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League of Pennsylvania, sounded today in a sermon in Cooke's Presbyterian Church.

Reviewing the fight for prohibition in the States and the various steps that had led to the enactment of the Volstead law, the speaker said that the Eighteenth Amendment was there to stay.

"We are not going to turn our nation over into the hands of the boot-leggers, moonshiners and wet politicians," he declared.
Hon. W. E. Raney, attorney-general of Ontario, was one of the chief speakers at Saturday night's banquet. He was given a hearty reception.
Mr. Raney said he was ashamed of what Canada was doing in the way of an impediment to the enforcement of the prohibition law in the United States. Ontario had gone as far as the province could in temperance legislation and the rest would have to come from the Dominion government. He made special reference to the brewers and distillers as consciously contributing to the breaking of the law in the States. In this connection he said:
"I am convinced that nations will soon compel their subjects to respect the laws of other states." He warned them to attempt to reach shore in the Ontario temperance act, and not wait for it.

FREIGHTER ADESTE GROUNDS IN GALE

Sailors Seek Hazardous Trip
To Sake Aid For
Mates.

Ogdensburg, N. Y., Nov. 26.—The steel freighter Adeste, bound from Buffalo to Montreal with 72,000 bushels of wheat, went aground last night off Carleton Island at the foot of Lake Ontario during a blinding blizzard. Six of the crew of 30 volunteered to attempt to reach shore in a lifeboat. Their efforts were successful and aid was offered by the Donnelly Wrecking Company of Kingston.

The Adeste is a whaleback of steel construction, and little damage was expected. She is owned by the Cleveland Cliffs Steamship Company of Cleveland, O.
George Moore, a diver of the Cape Vincent harbor during the gale, while other harbors are filled with ice. Traffic on the St. Lawrence river is virtually closed. The ship was last night the City of New York and crew were lost on Lake Ontario, no trace of craft or crew ever being found.

THIEVING INVADERS CHATHAM DISTRICT

Police Receive Reports of
Robes, Wood and Glov-
ers Being Stolen.

Special to The Advertiser.
Chatham, Nov. 25.—Thieving on a large scale is again breaking out in the county, as is evidenced by complaints received by the county police. At an entertainment which took place at a church on the Lakeshore road Friday night twelve buffalo robes, protecting the hoods of as many cars, were stolen. The thieves made their getaway in one of the cars. The police believe that they will be able to identify the culprits from the descriptions of the stolen goods.

The high cost of fuel was probably the reason why some thieves visited the home of Peter Crawford in Dover Township last evening and stole several cords of wood. The wood had just been cut and piled for winter use. It is thought that motor trucks were used to haul the wood away.
A large quantity of clover seed was stolen from the granary of John Cameron, a farmer in Raleigh Township, some time during the night. The county police are busy investigating the numerous thefts.

George Moore, a diver of a Lamson Bread Company truck, of this city, is in the General Hospital, suffering from serious injuries to his back, as the result of an accident on the north townline Friday night.

Unconscious On Road.
Moore was found unconscious on the roadside beside his truck by a crew of the C. W. and L. E. Inter-urban car. He was brought to the city and transferred to the General Hospital. It was learned this morning that his condition is critical, as the upper part of his spine is injured.

Moore stated that something went wrong with the steering gear of the truck, and that the impact of the vehicle striking a telephone pole threw him through the windshield.

Fellow workmen of Albert Gander, 36 Lorne avenue, an employee of the Dominion Sugar Company, believe that he possesses a charmed life. While at work on the elevated railway at the plant this morning Gander lost his balance and fell a distance of 20 feet on a concrete roadway. He escaped with only abrasions on both knees.
Wood Hit Eye.
While chopping wood on his place

THE CHRISTMAS SPIRIT PERVADES THIS STORE

AND what a beautiful array of varied gift suggestions. It would remind one of those ancient shops, where everything is useful, artistic and beautiful, and so many out-of-the-ordinary things that make gift buying a pleasant task, seeing so many things you would never think of. On every floor from basement to the fourth the air is tinged with the Christmas spirit, and many shoppers already realize the advantage of coming out in the morning and avoiding the afternoon confusion in the aisles.



Men's and Women's Gift Umbrellas, with the very latest handles, in plain mounts or with gold or sterling silver mounts, suitable for engraving.

Do You Know?

that the Designer yearly subscription list is now open at this store? That by subscribing now you will get this monthly household and fashion magazine for twelve months for 7½c a copy—

90c a Year

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Subscriptions taken now at Pattern Counter. Have you subscribed?
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LOW NECK COMBINATION UNDERWEAR

Also V-neck and high neck, in Stanfield and other noted makers.
White Cotton Combinations, low neck, finished with plain hem, sleeveless or camisole top, also V neck, elbow sleeves, "New Mode" closed, ankle length. Prices \$2.25 and \$2.75
Cream Silk and Cotton Combinations, low neck, plain hem top, sleeveless, tight knee or ankle length, open style. Prices \$3.00 and \$3.25
Cream All-Wool Combinations, V neck, elbow sleeves, ankle length, closed crotch. Prices \$5.00 and \$5.75
Stanfield's Cream Wool Combinations, high neck, long sleeves or round neck, elbow sleeves, ankle length, open style. Prices \$3.50 and \$3.90
Stanfield's Cream Silk and Wool Combinations, round neck, elbow sleeves, ankle length, open style. Prices \$4.25 and \$5.00
Second Floor.

THE "DESIGNER"
Monthly For Year 1923.
90c at Pattern Counter
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near Bothwell Friday afternoon Joseph Randall received a serious injury to his right eye, when it was struck by a flying chip. On Randall being brought to the city Friday night it was found necessary to remove his eye, the sight having been destroyed. Dr. Shiley Holmes, eye specialist, performed the operation.
An old copy of the Chatham Tribune, dated November, 1880, was discovered in an old mirror in a local furniture store a few days ago. The paper was in an excellent state of preservation.
The Tribune was the predecessor of the Banner, the Banner-News and the present Chatham Daily News. Among the interesting items was one describing the sensations of a Tribune reporter in his first conversation over the telephone, and also plans for a ship canal through Kent County, which would connect Lake Erie with Lake St. Clair and thus avoid the long detour via Detroit and Windsor.

Reports Shoplifting.
With the advent of the Christmas shopping season and the scarcity of money for spending purposes, the city police are beginning to receive complaints about shoplifting in some of the city stores.
The first complaint came in Friday night from Weldon's fancygoods store on King street, where a woman who had taken a baby's bonnet put it back in an endeavor to exchange it. The proprietor accused her of taking it, whereupon the woman left the store, stating that she would bring her husband back to prove she did not take the article. She failed to return, whereupon the city police were given a description of the woman.

Charged with creating a disturbance on King street this evening Clifford Morris, a local man, who is alleged to have assaulted a young man named Courtney, together

with the latter, were compelled to be the guests of the city police over the week-end. They will come up for trial Monday.

WEEK'S MOVEMENT OF GRAIN DECREASES STOCKS

Fort William, Nov. 26.—With receipts of all grains practically the same as last week, shipments mounted up to a total of eight and a half million bushels greater, with the result that stocks in the elevators at the head of the lakes were diminished by nearly seven million bushels, stocks of all grains now standing at 23,761,703 bushels. Shipments were made up of nearly nine million bushels of wheat, nearly a million each of oats and rye, and over a million and a half of barley.

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THOUSANDS of Canadians have tried T.R.C.'s and found they do drive out rheumatism, and all similar pains. T.R.C.'s reach the seat of pain, for their medicinal powder is carried in the blood. \$1.00 at your druggist's. Free sample Templeton Co., Toronto.
Canada's Standard Remedy for Pain.

Maybe Father Just Won't Buy An Umbrella For Himself

Most men either neglect buying the needed umbrella, or think it is expense that can be postponed. An umbrella never seems tremendously important except when it is pouring rain. But, surely anyone will be delighted with a gift of an umbrella, father, mother, sister, brother, or best fellow.

Men's and Women's Gift Umbrellas, with the very latest handles, in plain mounts or with gold or sterling silver mounts, suitable for engraving.

Women's Colored Gift Umbrellas.

Colored Umbrellas have come to stay. They are so convenient for sun or rain; colors comprise navy, green, purple, brown and wine; very latest handles with cords and Baccalite rings, ivory tips and shank. . . . \$10.00, \$12.00, \$15.00 and \$18.00
Without ivory tips and shank, \$8.00
Children's Gift Umbrellas . . . \$1.25, \$1.50 to \$2.00

Men's Gift Umbrellas

Handles comprise the latest styles in gold, sterling silver or plain mounts. Coverings of silk and wool, also all silk, on close rolling frames. Prices \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$5.00, \$6.00, \$7.00, \$8.00, \$9.00, \$10.00, \$12.00 and \$15.00.
All Umbrellas or Canes engraved free with one or more initials.
SHOP EARLY.

Suggestions for Christmas Gifts

Warm Gloves are greatly in demand and seem to be replacing the muff. We have many cosy styles most suitable for gifts.

Ladies' Mocha Gloves, with fleece lining and strap wrist, in dark tan and gray. . . . \$3.00 pair
Ladies' Mocha Gloves, fleece-lined, two-dome, dark tan and gray. Price. . . . \$2.50 pair
Ladies' Mocha Glove, fleece-lined, one-dome, tan only. . . . \$2.00 pair
Ladies' Fleece-Lined Kid Gloves, two-dome, tan only. Prices. . . . \$2.25 and \$2.75 pair
Ladies' Fleece-Lined Kid Gloves, strap wrist, tan. Price. . . . \$3.25 pair

Children's Gloves

Fleece-Lined Kid Glove, good quality, tan only. . . . \$1.65 pair
Fleece-Lined Mocha Mitt, tan only. . . . 90c and \$1.15 pair
Good English Woolen Glove in gray and leather. . . . 75c pair
Woolen Glove in beaver shades. . . . 50c pair
Long Pure Wool Glove, plain knit, natural and brown. . . . \$1.10 pair

RADIO
See the Everyman Receiving Set,
Special, Complete, \$19.95.
Third Floor.

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