

LONDON DOCKS ARE INADEQUATE

Old-Fashioned and Out of Date, While Approaches Are Poor and Shallow.

London, July 22.—Shipping interests have been encouraged to hope that something definite is about to be done to settle the difficult problem of the shipping in London. Nominally the first port in the world, it is notoriously behind many others of Great Britain and abroad and, indeed, has been disturbed by irritated seafarers as the first and worst. Its channels are shallow and difficult and its docks inadequate. All the arrangements for the transshipment of goods are cumbersome and old-fashioned.

Repeated, but futile, attempts have been made to place the port in control of a single authority with a view of reforming conditions. A committee of shipowners, dock directors and merchants which has been sitting to devise a new unification scheme has at length agreed to recommend the appointment of a controlling body in the form of a trust similar to the Mersey dock and harbor board, which would acquire all the docks, deepen the channels and generally modernize the port and the methods now in use. The board would represent mainly the shipowners and merchants who pay harbor dues, the various dock companies being represented on it only until arrangements for transferring their property to the trust are completed.

Details of the scheme have not been elaborated up to the present, but it will be submitted to the board of trade as it stands in the hope that the Government will incorporate it in a bill which it proposes to introduce in Parliament at the next session. Prices to be paid for the docks are not dealt with, but it must in any case be enormous, as the capital of the company, which is estimated to be between £15,000,000 and £20,000,000.

Even if the Government adopts the scheme the trouble will in nowise be over. The scheme inevitably will be opposed, especially by the county council members who are ambitious to control the port themselves and in one of their past unrealistic plans proposed to allocate £2,500,000 from the rates for deepening the channels. These various bodies now having a finger in the controlling pie have been figured at a total of 54. There are, however, actually only six effective authorities, but this is quite enough to produce a chaotic conflict.

The prime object of the new scheme is to centralize control and harmonize divergent interests.

FIND MOTIVE FOR WHITE'S MURDER

Dead Mad Was Only Person Who Knew Thaw Had Not Married.

New York, July 22.—Motive for the murder of Stanford White is indicated in a series of letters written by Mrs. C. J. Holman, mother of Mrs. Evelyn Nesbitt Thaw, to Mr. White, and after the latter's death, found among his effects.

Abraham H. Hummel, of Howa & Hummel, who was counsel for Mrs. Thaw, and also for Stanford White, was consulted by the architect regarding the letters. In them Mrs. Nesbitt-Holman complains bitterly of the conduct of Harry K. Thaw toward her daughter, now his wife, and implores Mr. White to do all in his power to bring her back to her mother's control.

In her letters Mrs. Holman refers to Thaw as a scoundrel, a villain and a man with murderous intent. In his heart, she tells of an interview she had with Thaw, while they were in Paris, and declares that Thaw wanted her, Mrs. Holman, to sign an affidavit to the effect that he, Thaw, had never intended to make Evelyn his wife.

It appears that Thaw became aware of the fact that White had been appealed to by Mrs. Nesbitt, now Mrs. Holman, and that the architect knew of the quarrel between Thaw and his present wife; also that Evelyn had told her step-father that she was not married to Harry Thaw at the time they arrived from Europe, and were driven out of the Hotel Cumberland.

Thaw at that time had given a statement which was afterwards corroborated from Pittsburgh that he and Evelyn had been married while in Europe. They knew that White was the only person not of his family who knew that this statement was false, and that Thaw did not marry his present wife until months later, in Pittsburgh.

Much has been said since the night Harry Thaw killed White about an affidavit which Evelyn Nesbitt is said to have made in the office of Mr. Hummel, and in which she is reported to have stated things concerning the man now her husband. It is known positively that the original affidavit in existence and that it was drawn in Mr. Hummel's office at the instance of Mr. White, who had taken the girl to the lawyer. It is believed that this affidavit, the contents of which are known to Thaw, had much to do with the murder.

THAT AWFUL RAID OF GIANT LOCUSTS

Here's Another Version of the Terrible Plague That Fell Upon Elgin.

Union, July 22.—Elgin County had a plague of locusts yesterday, the like of which has never been seen in Canada. The insects were as big as a man's hand. The heads resembled the nose of a tiny kitten with its eyes closed, and the legs were from two to three inches long.

A reliable informant declares that first one locust came along and carried off a cherry, and another locust came along and carried off another cherry. Another locust came along and carried off another cherry.

This continued for an hour and there were still lots of cherries on the trees when another locust came along and carried off another cherry, and another locust came along and carried off another cherry, and another locust came along and carried off another cherry, and another locust came along and carried off another cherry.

The farmers throughout the district became wildly excited over the ravages, and the housekeepers fought them from the house until the sight of the dead locusts was sickening.

But that didn't deter another locust from coming along and carrying off another cherry. And still another locust came along and carried off another cherry.

The children joined with the parents in the battle against the intruders, but to no avail.

The locusts after some hours' work had managed to clear many trees, but there were still thousands of cherries remaining, when another locust came along and carried off another cherry, and another locust came along and carried off another cherry, and another locust came along and carried off another cherry.

Then the citizens of St. Thomas were notified, and together with the surrounding villages sent men and boys to assist the Union farmers in the battle against the foe.

But another locust bravely came along and carried off another cherry, and another locust came along and carried off another cherry, and another locust came along and carried off another cherry, and another locust came along and carried off another cherry.

Then, after an hour, another locust came along and carried off another cherry, the last one left.—Toronto World.

SHIP CUT DOWN AND NINE PERISH

Collision Between Oyster Boat and Passenger Steamer Off Vancouver Harbor.

Vancouver, B. C., July 22.—Nine persons lost their lives Saturday afternoon by an accident which occurred on Burrard Inlet, Vancouver Harbor.

The steamer Chehalis was run down and out in two by the steel steamer Princess Victoria, leaving this part for Seattle and Victoria. The Chehalis had on board a party of fifteen bound for oyster beds at Blunden Harbor on the northern coast of British Columbia.

The party included the owners of the beds and representatives of the British syndicate which contemplated purchasing the oyster beds.

The Princess Victoria is an express steamer plying between Victoria and Vancouver. Her usual speed is about twenty knots an hour. When she struck the Chehalis she was traveling at reduced speed, owing to the fog in the sound.

The Chehalis was a fishing steamer made of wood, and the shock of the collision cut clean through her. The boat sank in less than a minute. The Princess Victoria stood by and launched a boat, which succeeded in picking up six of those on board the Chehalis. It has been impossible to find out the names of those drowned.

This is the second fatal accident in the sound within the last year, the last being the stranding of the coast steamer Valencia, by which more than a hundred persons lost their lives.

CHAMBERLAIN, JR., WEDS

Brilliant Society Function at St. Margaret's, Westminster, London.

London, July 22.—At St. Margaret's Church, Westminster, this afternoon, Austin Chamberlain, son of Joseph Chamberlain, the former colonial secretary was married to Miss Ivy Dundas.

Few society functions in the past had attracted so much popular attention. Enormous crowds thronged the approaches to the church and gave the bride and bridegroom a rousing reception.

Joseph Chamberlain was not present, being confined to his residence by a bad attack of gout.

Both Houses of Parliament were unusually numerous and costly. King Edward, Queen Alexandra, and the Prince and Princess of Wales being among the donors.

"VERITAS" ON POWER QUESTION

Montreal Gazette Comments on His Letter in an Editorial.

[Toronto Globe.]

The Montreal Gazette of Wednesday, July 18th, contains the following editorial dealing with a letter signed Veritas, which appeared in The Toronto News some days ago. This letter, which The News certified editorially to be written by a well-known expert, has added considerably to the interest of the present discussion on the Niagara power question. The Gazette editorial is as follows:

THE PRICE OF POWER.

Like The Montreal Herald, the Toronto News has been one of the newspapers enthusiastic over the report of the Ontario Power Commission unable to understand that the 24-hour rate quoted in that report was not really as cheap as it appeared, in fact, was not as cheap as a \$50 per horsepower measured service. The News has now been put right by a correspondent, who signs himself "Veritas," and whom the newspaper says is "an engineer of wide professional experience in the United States, and so far as we can ascertain, has no connection with any of the power development companies at Niagara." An engineer connected with one of the Niagara development companies could have given currency to the same established facts, but as The News recognizes, no one except the friends of the corporations would have placed the slightest faith in them were it not established that they came from an independent and unprejudiced source. This is the result of the methods of the public ownership campaign, which, being founded upon a fallacy, naturally requires to be defended from the assaults of those in a position to know the real facts. It is a great deal easier to call a man a distorter, or a prevaricator, or a liar, than it is to supply an answer to his argument. That is the reason why it is necessary, when endeavoring to force an honest argument upon those smitten with the public ownership idea, to establish, not that it is true, but that it comes from an unbiased source.

The letter of Veritas is printed in full in another column. It is there printed because it can be offered to our municipal ownership friends as something which they can believe, having been endorsed by the Toronto News. It is also printed because it bears out the argument which has so frequently appeared in these columns, that the usual basis for municipal ownership charges for electric light and power is a wrong one, and wrong because it entirely ignores what the public language is known as the "load-factor."

It is also printed because it plainly shows a desire on the part of those connected with the public ownership agitation to lead the public astray. Here these people have been talking about electric power at \$16, \$17, and \$20 per year. As Veritas shows, the price mentioned in the report at the factory switchboard is \$25 40. Placing the supply taken by the city at 36,272 horsepower, he points out that there is never a time in the whole day when all this power will be in use. His estimate, based on experience, is that from only 30 to 50 per cent of the capacity of a station is in use at one time. As The News sums up the argument:

"The city will be paying \$25 40 to deliver power at the factory, whether the current is used or not. If only half the current is used by individual consumers, the city must charge twice as much per horsepower as it does now. On this basis, therefore, metered electricity would be worth about \$52 80 per horsepower per annum."

Veritas might have gone still further, and shown that it would have been cheaper for the average power user to pay more than \$52 80 per metre horsepower than \$25 40 per metre horsepower on a flat rate. If the communication of Veritas convinces some people that it is misleading to compare the price of electrical horsepower sold by a flat rate and that sold by metre as it is to compare the price of beef on the hoof and in the quarter, he will have hunched the misapprehension upon which the public ownership of electrical power agitation is waxing fat.

SHOT THEIR PRISONERS

San Salvador Accuses the Guatemalans of Awful Ferocity.

San Salvador, July 22.—The Salvadoran newspapers indignantly accuse the Guatemalan troops of having killed the Salvadoran horsemen as soon as they were captured. They say that Gen. Cristales, when the armistice was signed, returned to the Guatemalan army all the imprisoned officers and soldiers of Guatemala, but the Guatemalans were unable to take a corresponding step because all the prisoners they had captured had been shot.

The newspapers of this republic call the attention of the civilized world to this violation of The Hague convention of 1893, which established that prisoners remain in the hands of the Government of the enemy, and not in the hands of individuals or of the troops capturing them, and that they should always be treated humanely.

Guatemala and Salvador adhered to The Hague convention and to the regulations of the Pan-American Congress of 1903.

Among the articles of the peace treaty signed yesterday Salvador proposed a clause providing for the freedom of all native and foreign political prisoners now in the war penitentiary of Guatemala.

BELLEVILLE OLD BOYS.

Belleville, July 22.—There was a gala day in the city owing to the fact that this morning about 800 old Belleville boys and girls, now resident in Toronto, arrived by special train to spend three days in the city. A reception committee and the city council met the visitors at the depot.

'FRISCO REFUGEES AFTER PHELAN

Tars and Feathers Promised to Leaders of the Relief Committees.

San Francisco, Cal., July 22.—James D. Phelan, chairman of the relief finance committee; Allan Pollock, member of the same committee, and Dr. Edward T. Devine, at the head of the Red Cross Association, and President Roosevelt's special representative in the local relief work, are attacked as traitors in a printed circular, copies of which are scattered in the streets and refugee camps. The resignation of Dr. Devine is demanded, and it is intimated that unless Phelan and Pollock sever their connection with the finance committee they will be tarred and feathered. The documents are signed "The Committee of the Whole," an organization of refugees, of which Joseph M. Clark, who lives in tent No. 708, Jefferson Square, is secretary. He denies all knowledge of the circular, but states that its tone is too mild to suit him.

Phelan says Clark came to him on Friday and attempted to sell out the committee of the whole, and later Devine, who was blackmailed by Clark, who saw Clark at relief headquarters, asserts that the man came there twice before he was permitted to enter Phelan's office.

"The circular is true," Clark said when seen. "These men should be forced to resign. But the statements contained in it are not strong enough for us. In a few days we shall issue an eight-page pamphlet which will be such a broadside, that even Roosevelt, at Oyster Bay, will sit up and take notice of it."

Clark admitted going to see Phelan, but did not go there to sell information concerning the meetings of the committee of the whole. On the contrary I went there for transportation east for my wife.

Associated with Clark in the committee Alva Udell, an attorney. He has petitioned President Roosevelt, Secretary of War Taft and others high in authority to remove the rations funds from the custody of the finance committee and place them in the hands of the refugees. These petitions, some of which contained violent attacks on finance committee, were referred to the finance committee by the President and Secretary of War.

Two cars containing shoes and wearing apparel for refugees in this city have been lost en route from Chicago, according to Col. Peppy, chief of the relief board. Col. Peppy stated yesterday that the consignment was started from Chicago over a month ago and that no record of it was obtainable from the railroad company, which had been unable to locate it.

TORNADO IN DAKOTA

Sweeps Through a Railway Construction Camp Killing and Maiming.

St. Paul, Minn., July 22.—A special from Valley City, N. D., says: A tornado passed to the northwest of this city this evening, doing considerable damage.

It destroyed the camp of a Northern Pacific Railroad contractor, probably fatally injuring four men and slightly injuring a score more. The tornado started in a barnyard, seven miles north of Valley City, and, after wrecking a barn, went into the air. It traveled six or seven miles and struck the ground just before it got to the railroad camp at Alta, where 200 men were at supper. The buildings were all blown to pieces, and the men were tumbled about with the debris.

A relief train went to care for the wounded. The tracks and the poles are all gone for half a mile at Alta.

DIAMONDS RUNNING OUT

Soon Only the Richest of the Rich Can Purchase Them.

London, July 22.—It is no exaggeration to say that in 25 years there will be as much locked-up capital in a diamond necklace as there is in the average industrial concern today, and these stones will be as such a fabulous price as to be beyond the reach of any but the richest of the rich, says the London Daily Mail.

During the past two years the price of diamonds has jumped up 25 per cent. During the same period the price has risen 10 per cent, and in another two years diamonds will be another 20 per cent dearer.

Two years ago 2-grain (¼-carat) stones could be purchased for £15 per carat. Now they are £22 10s, while 4-carat stones have gone up from £21 a carat to £33 or £34.

Several of the largest firms, with sufficient foresight and capital, have for the last two years been steadily buying up the diamonds of the world, and are safeguarding themselves against this rise.

"Our stock of diamonds is worth now between £250,000 and £400,000," said Mr. H. Smith, of the Association of Diamond Merchants, Jewelers and Silversmiths, Limited, to a Daily Mail representative, "and we are still buying."

But it is exceedingly difficult to buy diamonds at all. First of all, as an introduction to the price of diamonds is that the mines are becoming less productive, although producing finer stones—white and more brilliant.

Emerals have gone up 50 per cent, and there has also been a big increase in the price of pearls and rubies.

MOTHER GRAVES' Worm Exterminator has no equal in destroying worms in children and adults. See that you get the genuine when purchasing.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM

THE WEATHER TODAY Fair and cooler. THE SATISFACTORY STORE

Midsummer Upholstery Sale

Starts tomorrow and continues for two weeks: Big Reductions

Tomorrow ushers in a very important event—the Midsummer Upholstery Sale. This sale affords opportunities to renew or recover the furniture, that needs brightening up to make it in harmony with the rest of the household fixtures, at surprisingly generous reductions.

If you intend to build a cosy corner, hall or window seat, in the near future, it will more than pay you to purchase the necessary materials while this sale is in progress. UPHOLSTERERS requiring goods for fall will do well to look over our goods. In many cases the SALE PRICES are below the jobbers' prices. And we'll cut lengths any size to suit you—which is a very decided advantage, isn't it?

These goods are high-grade in every way. Qualities are reliable. Patterns are new and handsome. Colorings are harmoniously blended and desirable. Come tomorrow and look for the following price temptations:

- 50c Satin Russe Tapestry. 50 inches wide. Neat floral design in three combinations. Red and green, green and gold, brown and green. Midsummer Sale price, yd...**39c**
- 85c American Tapestry. 50 inches wide. Rich finish. Two colors red, also brown. Fine for cosy corners, window seats, etc. Midsummer Sale price...**67c**
- \$1.00 Repp Tapestry. A serviceable material. Small, neat pattern, in pretty combinations of green and blue, green and rose, red and tan. Sale price...**78c**
- \$1.25 Repp Tapestry, in four good combinations of brown, green, red and Nile. Much favored material for easy and Turkish chairs. Also one piece Kashgar Tapestry and two pieces of soft, reversible tapestry in blue or green, for cosy corners, window seats, etc. Midsummer Sale price...**95c**
- \$1.50 Heavy Mercerized Tapestry. Hand-some design in rich dark green and red. Will wear splendidly. Midsummer Sale price...**\$1.13**
- \$1.65 Satin-Finished Damask. 50 inches wide. Peacock blue, brown and green. Makes handsome coverings for parlor suites. Midsummer Sale Price...**\$1.27**
- \$2.00 Fine Satin-Finished Damasks. 50 inches wide. Green, rose, Nile and red grounds. Very effective. Midsummer Sale price...**\$1.47**
- \$4.50 Satin Damask. Beautiful appearance. Two serviceable color harmonies. Will give excellent wear. Midsummer Sale price...**\$3.50**

Full range of FURNITURE GIMPS and Cords to match.

See Window Display Goods sold in Drapery Dept.—Second Floor.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM, 149, 151, 153 and 155 Dundas Street

BOOTH NO GRAFTER

Head of Salvation Army Replies to Harsh American Critics.

New York, July 22.—The New York Herald has the following special cable from London today:

"If the statement of Mayor Dempsey, of Cincinnati, in expressing his opinion on the alleged shortcoming of the Salvation Army has created a stir in America, it can readily be imagined what a furnace it has caused in England, the home of the organization. No words of the friends of General Booth fully describe the indignation which is felt over the accusation that the leader has not been disinterested in his work and is making a good living out of it.

"Of course, the natural result of the charges has been to draw from General Booth a denial that he is receiving any pecuniary benefit from his position as the head of the army. He brands the assertion as 'An absolute and ridiculous falsehood,' and says that instead of gaining anything he has given everything he possesses to the work of the army.

"General Booth lives at Hadley Wood, in a house built for him by the Salvation Army. It is not an imposing structure, nor is it furnished in a manner which would suggest extravagance.

"General Booth supplements this denial with a statement that he is only enabled to live in the house in question through the kindness of friends. He says he does not make enough from his work to keep him in shoe-leather."

HIS HOLINESS UNWELL.

Rome, July 22.—It is feared that the Pope has contracted blood poisoning. A few days ago he pierced his thumb with a steel pen with which he had been writing.

Little or no attention was given to the injury, which at first was believed to be trifling.

Now, however, His Holiness has taken to his bed and the thumb has swollen to abnormal size. It throbs painfully and complications are believed to have developed. The Pope, however, has no fever.

GOING TO ENGLAND.

London, July 22.—The London newspapers report that a number of Chicago meat packers contemplate opening packing houses and warehouses in this country. No names are mentioned. Local authorities know nothing of such a move.

Rheumatism

Does not let go of you when you apply lotions or liniments. It simply loosens its hold for a while. Why? Because to get rid of it you must correct the acid condition of the blood on which it depends. Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured thousands.

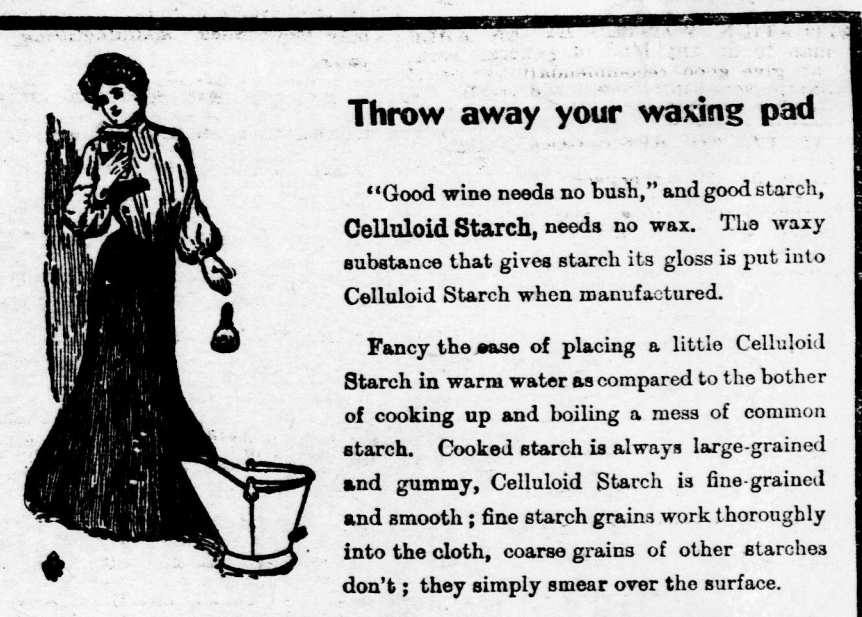
See our art room this week.

DEATH OF ROBT. CARTNER.

Mt. Brydges, July 22.—The death of Mr. Robert Cartner occurred at Mt. Brydges, Tuesday, July 17. Mr. Cartner was 68 years of age, was born in Cumberland, England, and for the past 18 years has been a resident of Mt. Brydges.

He leaves to mourn his loss a widow and eight children—Robert, John Samuel and William, of Saskatchewan; Mrs. Nettleton, of Glen Oak; Mrs. Schmidt and Miss Agnes, of Cleveland, Ohio; and Edith, at home.

ARE YOU a sufferer with corns? If you are get a bottle of E.B. White's Corn Cure. It has never been known to fail.



If you want perfect ironing, stiff, pliable, snow-white linen and home work equal to the finest laundry work, the one sure way is to use

CELLULOSE STARCH NEVER STICKS NO COOKING

THE BRANTFORD STARCH WORKS, LIMITED, BRANTFORD, CANADA

Woods' Fair

Best White Metal Tea Spoons, 3 for 5c.

\$1.25 Granite Preserve Kettles for 89c on Tuesday.

We have about 2 dozen very large Granite Preserving Kettles—the size every lady likes at preserving time. If we had to buy this lot now in the regular way we could not set them for less than \$1 25 each, but we are, as usual, satisfied with a small profit, and will sell these kettles on Tuesday, at, each...**89c**

Come down into our basement and visit the art room. New, elegant china just pouring in, and our bargain tables are loaded with good things.

\$15.00 Dinner Sets on Tuesday at \$8.75.

We have just three Dinner Sets that are short a few pieces, but anyone that wants a good set for their own use, they are just the thing; the regular price was \$15, but to clear them quickly, we place the price at, for Tuesday...**\$8 75**

On Tuesday we give you your choice of two sizes of Granite Tea Pots, 15c and 25c each. You usually pay that much for the common tin ones.

WOODS' FAIR Bargains in our basement all this week.

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London Advertiser.

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don, Ont.

LONDON, MONDAY, JULY 23.

THE GAME OF BOWLS.

The fact that several hundred worthy citizens of Ontario, very few of whom are gentlemen of leisure, find it worth their while to annually spend a week in this city in rolling bowls on the green, illustrates the great vogue which the game has attained in this country. Its popularity is a recent thing in Canada, though the pastime is one of the most ancient in the old land. It can be traced back to the twelfth century. William Fitzstephens in his "Survey of London," written during the last quarter of that century, states that in the summer holidays youth took exercise "in jactu lapidum"—"in throwing of stones." Stone spheres were used, and it is a matter of speculation whether bowling was first practiced in the open air on turf, or under cover in alleys. Fitzstephens states that citizens went outside the city walls into the suburbs to witness these games, but the alleys were within the walls.

In a record of the reign of King Edward III., dated 1366, "Jactus lapidum" is mentioned as one of the games "alike dishonorable, useless and unprofitable," but the King was concerned lest the practice of archery, so much more important to the military spirit of the kingdom, should suffer through the popularity of bowling. In the reign of Richard II., servants, artificers and laborers were forbidden to play bowls, as the practice of archery was becoming lax. Nearly a century later a statute of the reign of Edward IV., dated 1477, showed that bowling—or "half-bowls" as it was then called—was still in disrepute. It was included among the "many new imagined plays which were followed by all classes to their own impoverishment, and by their ungracious procurement and encouraging do induce others into such plays till they be utterly undone and impoverished of their goods." Accordingly it was enacted that any one playing at half-bowls after the following Easter, or the occupier or governor of any house, tenement, garden or other place where such games were permitted, should be punished by fine and imprisonment.

By Henry VIII., cap 3 (1511-12) the game was still deemed an illegal pursuit and the word "bowls" was used for the first time. Owing to the impossibility of following the outdoor game except during the summer, public alleys continued to flourish, and legislation against them in 1535 and again in 1541 was very severe. It was enacted also that no one could at any time "play at any bowle or bowls in open place out of his garden or orchard." Such was the popularity of the game, however, that it could not be suppressed. Stephen Gosson, writing in 1579, says that shopkeepers were so absorbed in it that their wives and children cried out for bread, and go to bed supperless often in the year. In 1728 power was given to commit offenders to prison. From this date alleys were rigorously repressed, whilst greens began to increase rapidly. During the eighteenth century no country gentleman's mansion was considered complete without one. It was a royal game, since Stow states that bowling alleys were among the additions made by Henry VIII. to Whitehall, and the unfortunate Charles I. was an enthusiastic player.

The earliest delineation extant of the game shows two players with a ball each, but no jack or mark to bowl at. It is presumed that the first cast his bowl to constitute a mark for the second to play at and knock from its position. It was soon found expedient to introduce some definite mark, and in a thirteenth century manuscript there is a picture of a game of bowls being played with a small cone erected at each end. The small white ball superseded the cone, and bowls of lignum vitae have replaced the round stones. Formerly the bowls were perfect spheres, and a bias was given them by loading one side with lead. The bowls today are more or less oval, and a bias is accorded by the simple method of turning one-half of the oval smaller or larger than the other half.

The Encyclopedia Britannica says of the game that "in the present era of violent athletics its principal votaries are middle-aged and elderly persons, to whom it affords a pleasant and not too vehement exercise during summer evenings." This description scarcely applies to bowling in Canada. Here its votaries are of all ages. It is true, however, that the game has been a special providence to gentlemen who have passed the risky period of life. The average man is prone to forget that he needs physical exercise after he has lost the capacity for the vigorous

pastimes of his youth. Lawn bowling fits his case exactly. It imposes no great strain on the muscles or the temper; it may be played with dignity and decorum, and it is a game of skill. It has put a hinge in the back of many a man who was getting too stiff for his health and comfort. It has induced a multitude to regularly disport themselves in the open air who otherwise have dozed off in their chairs after the evening meal. Verily, lawn bowling is one of the greatest benefactors of this day and generation.

THE POWER QUESTION.

The Ontario Hydro-Electric Commission has asked the Niagara power companies for a figure on a block of 10,000-horsepower. The power companies cannot very well refuse the request. Not only would they prejudice their case in public opinion by non-compliance, but it is probable that the commission could demand the "quotation" under the legislation of the late Government which obliges the companies to reserve a block of 60,000-horsepower for the exclusive use of the municipalities should the latter require it.

The interests of the public were much better protected by that legislation than is generally supposed. It required the power companies to sell electrical energy in Canada at a rate not exceeding the lowest figure at which they sold power in the United States. It is understood that power is being sent across the river at \$11 or \$12 per horsepower, and that the commission will be satisfied with a similar quotation for Canadian purposes.

This week representatives of the municipalities will meet at Galt to talk over the situation. Apparently the practical course will be for each interested municipality to ascertain how much electrical power is consumed within its limits, and what can be done to distribute the consumption as evenly as possible over the whole 24 hours of the day so as to ease off the load factor. Then a group of these municipalities may apply to the hydro-electric commission for figures as to the cost of transmission and local distribution. This will at least help to clear up the fog which now surrounds the whole question of the cost of power. The people of London and elsewhere must know exactly what electricity for light and power generated at Niagara will cost them before they can be expected to say yes or no to any scheme of municipal ownership. At present nobody has any assurance on that point. The people of Toronto have been under the delusion that power would be delivered at their doors at \$17 or \$20 per horsepower per annum, and now they are told, on what is supposed to be the best authority, that the figure is \$55. It is the duty of the hydro-electric commission to set the public right. Give the people facts and not theories.

THE LORD'S DAY ACT.

"Having discovered late in the day that the sanction of the Provincial Attorney-General is demanded if the act is to be enforced, will The Advertiser have the nerve longer to defend an act that by its own admission is of non-effect?"—London Free Press.

The Advertiser has not admitted that the Lord's Day Act is rendered of no effect by the proviso that the consent of the Attorney-General is necessary to any prosecution. There is nothing in what has been said in these columns to justify so sweeping an inference. The Free Press quoted approvingly from its Detroit namesake a paragraph heaping contumely on Sir Wilfrid Laurier, because the operation of the bill in any province was made dependent upon the sanction of the provincial attorney-general. This comment was based upon what The Advertiser supposed was a misreading of the statute, but such was not the case. The Advertiser, like the Toronto Globe, and many other newspapers, had been misled by a printer's error at Ottawa which changed the meaning of the section of the act covering the point in dispute. The Advertiser acknowledged its error instead of running away from the subject. But it is ridiculous to argue that this journal has conceded that because the Detroit Free Press was right in its law it was right in its deductions. The chief promoter of the Lord's Day legislation, the secretary of the Lord's Day Alliance, describes the act as a very great gain to the cause of Sabbath observance, and says that it could not have been achieved without the aid of Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Journals like the London Free Press, which have derided Sunday legislation, are perhaps consistent in snarling at his heels, but the friends of the cause are grateful to him. The bill is not all they hoped it would be, but it is a vast improvement on the old order of things.

The Toronto Telegram says that the place on the Toronto Hospital Board offered by the Ontario Government to Rev. D. C. Hossack was "not an overabundant recognition of his public services." Mr. Hossack has "thrown the sop back," and the Telegram adds: "It is to be hoped that if the Whitney Government had offered Mr. Hossack a still greater place, he would have refused the offer." There is nothing in Mr. Hossack's record to indicate that he would reject a greater place if he has lost the capacity for the vigorous

ENGLISH WORKINGMEN AS TRAVELERS.

[New York Post.]
One development of English railroad travel is as well worth attention as the Salisbury catastrophe. What is known as the "day cheap trip" is more popular than ever, and the railway companies are competing for the patronage of the great public that likes to travel a long distance for a comparatively small sum. The Great Western Railway Company, for instance, issues return tickets between London and Weston-super-Mare (113 miles) for one dollar, and carries passengers each way in about two hours without a stop. Places like Brighton, Margate, Hastings, Skegness, Yarmouth, Blackpool, Southampton and Morecambe are visited every day by thousands of people who have been conveyed from city to sea in well-appointed trains at low rates; indeed, Blackpool, by far the most popular seaside resort in Great Britain, depends very largely upon the "cheap-tripper." On the last Saturday in April, 60,000 people journeyed from Lancashire and Newcastle district to London to see a football match, at return fares ranging from 10 to 15 shillings. An excursion of this kind means two nights in the train and about 18 hours of sightseeing. But the "cheap-tripper" has a tendency to favor excursions which entail a tax upon the powers of endurance. Not long ago 700 workmen of Burnley participated in a "day-trip" to Paris. During the 43 hours they were away from home, they traveled 1,000 miles by land and sea, kept continually on the move while in the French capital, and paraded four deep before the President. And these noble 700 have the satisfaction of knowing that for the rest of their days they will be regarded by friends and acquaintances as men who have traveled and seen "foreign parts."

FOUND CANNON BALL OF 1634.

[London Globe.]
A cannon ball which had lain buried since 1634 was yesterday recovered from a field on the farm of Mr. Hampson, of Acton, Nantwich. The ancient town of Nantwich played a considerable part in the civil war, as the headquarters in Cheshire of the forces of the House of Fairfax and Breton, and much fighting took place at Acton, where during a portion of the siege of Nantwich the royalists were located.

On some of the masonry of both Acton and Nantwich, the cannon ball still visible marks caused by cannon shot. THE TRAGEDIES OF ONE SUNDAY. [Toronto Telegram.] Windsor—Intoxicated husband murdered his wife in presence of their children. Orillia—Ten-year-old boy found a bottle of whisky, drank it, and is dead. Hamilton—Intoxicated man fell out of a third-story window and was killed. These three tragedies are the partial results from one day's activity on the part of the whisky habit.

Whisky does not take a Sunday off or go on its summer holidays. Whisky is doing business every day in the year, and the sort of business it does is indicated in yesterday's items from three points affected by the habit last Sunday.

THE REAL IDIOT.

[Puck.]
Most any man can make a fool of himself. It is where he wants an elegant job and doesn't care for the expense that he gets some woman to help him.

THE CLOCK STUTTERED.

[Pittsburg Press.]
Soon after 4 in the morning the husband returned home in the usual state of intoxication. He was lucky in getting the key to fit the lock at the front door, but as he literally climbed the stairs an unfortunate side step aroused his wife. When he reached the top of the stairs, whose tongue was fond of exercise, gave a prolonged exhibition of shrewish oratory. In conclusion he said: "You one that had tied her to a man who came home at 4 in the morning. 'My dear,' ex postulated the husband, 'it's only one o'clock. Just now I heard it strike one several times moist distinctly.'"

EVIDENCE.

[Philadelphia Inquirer.]
"Is yer little bruvver in, Mary?"
"Course 'e is. Can't you see 'is shirt 'anging on the line?"

UNCLE ALLEN.

[Chicago Tribune.]
"Always be careful when you move your chair in a restaurant," advised Uncle Allen Sparks. "You never know whose wad of gum is stuck on the under side of the seat."

METHOD IN HIS MADNESS.

[Cleveland Plain Dealer.]
"Yes, Billings was knocked down by the automobile and had a suit of clothes ruined."
"He must have been very angry."
"Angry!" He said if he had a gun he'd shoot the chauffeur."
"Of course he didn't shoot him."
"No, but he ran around the auto and kicked holes in each of the tires."
"Did that relieve him?"
"Yes, he felt all right after that. He's in the tire business, you know."

ONE CONSOLATION.

[Milwaukee Sentinel.]
Knicker—Did that graduate ask you if her hat was on straight?
Bocker—Yes, it was the only thing on earth she didn't know.

THE HEIGHTS OF GRANDEUR.

[Cleveland Leader.]
Teacher—Johnny, for what is Switzerland famous?
Scholar—Why—m'm—Swiss cheese.
Teacher—Oh, something grander, more impressive, more tremendous.
Johnny—Limberger?

A ROLAND FOR AN OLIVER.

[New York Sun.]
Mrs. Givemint—"I don't believe you are starving."
Weary Willie—"Lady, your neighbor next door said I must be or I wouldn't risk your cooking."

MARY AND THE HOGS.

[London Tribune.]
Last summer a well-known professor went with his family to a small seaside resort on the east coast, and boarded with a farmer who was in the habit of taking paying guests. The year he went to the farmer and in his letter said: "There are several little matters that I desire changed should I decide to pass my holidays at your house. We don't like the maid Mary; moreover, we do not think a sty so near the house is sanitary." The farmer replied: "Mary 'e went, and we 'ave n't 'ad no hogs since you went away last August."

BUFFALO BULLS
FIGHT TO DEATHTwo Great Beasts Battle Furi-
ously for an Hour.

ONEFALLS DYING AFTER CHARGE

The Victor, Giving Vicious Finishing
Hook, Drops Exhausted—
He May Survive.

New York, July 23.—Practically un-
witnessed, the greatest sporting event
of the year occurred early yesterday
morning at Bronx Zoological Park,
when two great bison bulls looked horns
in the dark and fog and fought roar-
ing. At the end one went down in
death, and the other bellowing a weak
triumph, dropped gasping beside him.
Heine had been the outlaw bull of the
Bronx herd for a long time. He is an
enormous brute of great strength and
fierce habits. He is so ugly that he
is kept in a pen alone. He is the hand-
somest specimen of the specie in cap-
tivity.

About a month ago T. G. M. Cardeza,
of Philadelphia, presented to this city
a bull named Jud, three bison
cows, together with several elks and
antelope.

The Cardeza buffaloes were placed by
themselves in an inclosure adjoining
that of the redoubtable Heine.

Heine Goes To Training.
The two bulls "nosed" each other
through the wire fence, but offered no
hostilities. Two days ago Heine took
a look at his rival and then walked in
a large circle for 48 hours. The keepers
now say he was training.

Yesterday just before dawn there was
the sound of a heavy body crashing
against wire. It was three repeated.
The keepers got out just in time to see
Heine charge the fence a fourth time,
break through it and make for his
rival. Jud was waiting, head on, his tail
flicking his flanks.

After the first double bellow as the
two met the battle was almost sound-
less; there was only the click-click of
horns and the trample of feet. Now
and then turf-clods and stones would
be cast spinning against the wire.
Jud, a mature bull, with good bone
and plenty of substance, was no calf
to be tossed easily aside. He got a
good foothold and stayed fast. Head to
head the two great creatures bore
against each other. Slaver and blood
pattered to the ground with a steady
drip.

Keepers with short forks prodded and
rained blows. Padlocks of water, too
hot for comfort, were dashed at the
shaggy heads. A red-hot iron was
brought and applied to straining
flanks. To all the combatants paid the
same heed that they might pay to
gnats.

Could Not Be Parted.

The three cows who made up Jud's
household were driven up as a di-
version, but they turned on the keep-
ers. After that they were left alone.
The fight had raged for an hour and
both beasts were sobbing in agony.
Jud, who was not up to his antagonist
in weight, began to give way.

Every time he backed or side-stepped
a gash was ripped in his hide by the
impetuous Heine.
With a tremendous effort he executed
a final back bound, charged once again
with his last remaining strength, mis-
sed and went down with a thud. Blood
formed around him in a pool.

Head down still, Heine rushed once
more, ripped off a piece of the thin
underbody skin so large that he ex-
posed his enemy's vitals, backed away,
tattered and fell. The fight was over.
Daylight had broken and one glance
showed the terrified keepers that Jud
had not long to live. What could be
done was done for him. His gaping
side wound was bandaged and his
minor hurts washed, but his best blood
was spent, and in his eyes was
dimmed death. His brute strength
kept him alive until 4 o'clock yester-
day afternoon, when he rolled on his
side and expired.

Half an hour after the fight Heine
staggered to his feet and picked his
way back to his own pen. No one dares
to approach him, but he does not
bleed profusely and it is believed he is
not mortally hurt.

THE NEW C. P. R. LINE.

Orillia, Ont., July 21.—The Toronto
Construction Company, Limited, has
been awarded the contract for the
construction of the Georgian Bay
branch of the C. P. R., which is to run
from Victoria Harbor to Peterboro via
Orillia. The line will be about 100 miles
long and the company has the contract
for the whole line complete. Work will
be begun within a month.

FIRE BY LIGHTNING.

Moscow, Ont., July 21.—The Moscow
cheese factory was burned to the
ground early this morning. It con-
tained about \$700 worth of cheese,
there being \$950 worth shipped out
yesterday. The factory was owned by
Vanluven Bros., and was partly covered
by insurance. Lightning is supposed
to have caused the fire.

WHY THUNDER SOURS MILK.

To many persons the curdling of milk
in a thunderstorm is a mysterious and un-
intelligible phenomenon. Yet the whole
process is simple and natural.

Milk, like most other substances, con-
tains millions of bacteria. The milk bac-
teria that in a day or two, under natural
conditions, would cause the fluid to sour
are particularly susceptible to electricity.
Electricity inspires and invigorates them,
heading them on as abductees, cocaine or
strong tea affects men. Under the cur-
rent's influence they fall to work with
amazing energy, and instead of taking a
couple of days to sour the milk, they ac-
complish the task completely in half an
hour.

It is not the thunder in a storm that
does it, it is the electricity in the air
that does it. With an electric battery it
is easy, on the same principle, to sour the
freshest milk. A strong current excites
the microbes to super-microbic exertions,
and in a few minutes they do a job that
under ordinary conditions would take
them a couple of days.—New Orleans
Times-Democrat.

J. H. CHAPMAN & CO

Greatest Bargains
Ever Offered in Our
Women's Suit Section

Closing out all our broken lines together with the
balance of that great purchase which created such a
furore last week. An aggregation of values never before
equaled in any previous clearing sale. Opportunity to
secure fashionable summer suits at less than cost of
material and making.

75 Women's \$4 Shirtwaist Suits, \$2.50

Can't say that this is the greatest value in this sale, for there
are too many other styles at prices equally remarkably; but it is a
surprisingly timely offering—one that appeals to such a large number
of women at this time of year—that we give it special prominence.
Beautiful Shirtwaist Suits made of pretty dyed linens, percales, duck
and chambray, well made and prettily trimmed, in best colorings.
Regular \$4.00, to be closed out at.....

\$2.50

Clearing Women's \$3 Muslin Suits at \$2

Just 35 in this lot, and you acknowledge them good \$3.00 values. They have the style
and the finish of high-grade suits. Made of fine hair cord and dimity muslins in black and
white and light effects, beautifully made and trimmed on waist and skirt panels
with lace applique. To be closed out this week at.....

\$2.00

White Linen Skirts Clearing at \$2.50

Women's Dress Skirts of fine quality white linen, tailor-made style, trimmed with self-
strapping and small pearl buttons; very easily laundered. This is the most stylish and service-
able outing skirt we know of. And white linen being so fashionable makes this
offering all the more important. Price for this sale only.....

\$2.50

Women's \$1.35 and \$1.75 Petticoats
Clearing at 98c

For a Going-Away Skirt this is an ideal garment; saves laundry bills, while they look
equally cool and stylish. They are made of fine English percale, in neat black and white
checks, finished at foot with deep knife-pleated flounce; trimmed with ruching of black
mercoline. Usual prices \$1.35 and \$1.75, closing out at.....

98c

Our Ladies' Tailoring Department
opened today for the fall season.
Wouldn't this be a good time to consult about your fall suit?
The new materials are ready.

J. H. Chapman & Co., 126, 128, 128½ Dundas St.

HAWAIIAN SWIMS
FOR 30 MILESThe Remarkable Life and Death
Struggle of a South Sea
Islander.

Honolulu, H. I., July 23. — Edward
Duvauchoelle, of Molokai, is the
hero of a remarkable story of human
courage and endurance and of a mar-
velous escape from death. The fact
that he was one of the team that re-
presented the National Guard of Hawaii
at the rifle shooting at Sea Girt, N. J.,
last fall will perhaps add some interest
to the tale of his thrilling experience.

Monday night, May 28, Duvau-
choelle, who is a fisherman, living at
Pukoo, on the southern coast of
Molokai, with three native Hawai-
ians as companions, left home in a
whaleboat with a load of fish for La-
haina, Maui, about 12 miles away. They
arrived safely, sold their fish, and
about 8 o'clock started in a dead calm
to row back. A light breeze sprang
up and they hoisted sail, making the
sheet fast. A sudden squall capsized
them before they could ease off the
sheet. The boat became waterlogged
and began drifting out to sea. They
were at the time a mile or two from
Kaanapali landing, Maui. They made
a float with four oars and the mast, and
with this to help them, two of the na-
tives, at their own request, started to
swim ashore to get help.

After awaiting their return for three
hours in vain, Duvauchoelle and his
remaining companion, Dan Pawaa,
came to the conclusion that the two
men had failed to reach shore, and as
the whale boat was drifting still far-
ther out to sea they decided that they
should themselves attempt to reach the
shore by swimming. They made a float
of the boom and gaff and all that was
left of the boat's gear and started. The
current carried them in the direction
of Napili and they were able to gradu-
ally make their way toward the shore.
When within half a mile of it they dis-
covered, to their consternation, that the
current was setting against them, and
that in spite of all their efforts they
were drifting farther away—this time
in the direction of Molokai, which
seemed to them to be about ten miles
distant. They therefore, made up their
minds to swim toward the shore of that
island. They seemed to be making
considerable headway, and by sunset
were, as near as they could judge by
the line of breakers on the reef, four or
five miles from the shore.

They had moonlight until nearly mid-
night, when the moon set. By this
time Dan Pawaa was becoming ex-
hausted and could barely keep himself
afloat. Thereupon Duvauchoelle gave
up the float to him entirely, placing

Diamond Wheatlets

Is not only the purest and most nutritious breakfast food in
the market, but it is the most easily prepared, cooked
to perfection in two minutes.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT.

Manufactured by
HUNT BROS., - CITY MILLS.

ASK FOR
Labatt's
(LONDON)
INDIA PALE ALE

The barley and hops used are the finest that
money can secure. It is a prime favorite.
10 MEDALS—12 DIPLOMAS.

Going Out of Town
For the Summer?

If you are, why not arrange to have the Daily
Advertiser sent to you by mail? The address
may be changed as often as desired and your
orders will receive prompt attention. Phone
107 or write The Advertiser, London, Ont.

him in the middle of it, and he himself
swam without the assisting buoyancy
of the float. When about 500 yards
from the shore of a little rocky islet,
about a mile from the Molokai coast,
Duvauchoelle was overcome with ex-
haustion, bidding Duvauchoelle good-
bye, dropped from the float, sank and never rose.
Duvauchoelle succeeded about an hour
later in reaching the rock and dragged
himself, wounded and bleeding, be-
yond reach of the waves, where he fell
asleep from exhaustion, not awakening
until past noon the next day. Then he
swam to the Molokai shore, a mile
away, and made his way home.

When he started on his swim he had
taken off his shirt, as it was a hin-
drance in swimming, but had kept his
trousers on, so that the white skin of

TANGLED THREADS

Upon their arrival in New York, the Waldorf-Astoria became their temporary abiding-place, whence they sent cables to the friends whom they were anxious to meet.

Helen's and her mother's first visit was made to Mary Wadleigh, who was still keeping house for "Mr. Smith" in the small suite which they had formerly occupied.

The girl was overjoyed to see them, her face beamed with happiness as she welcomed and led them into the pretty parlor, which was as bright and neat as a new pin.

"Oh, Mrs. Seymour and Miss Helen, I cannot begin to tell you how happy I am, for, will you believe it? I was married to Hubert a week ago last Wednesday," she cried, as she wiped the glad tears from her cheeks.

"Why, mama!" exclaimed Helen, astonished at the strange coincidence, for that had been her own wedding-day.

"It is singular, dear," Mrs. Lancaster returned, "then addressing Mary again, she remarked: 'You must tell me how the baby is, and then we shall want to hear about the important event.'"

"Oh, Katherine—we have called her for my mother—is well and getting to be a great girl, and she was christened on the day that we were married. Hubert is really getting to be fond of her, too," said Mary, with shining eyes. "Mr. Smith was the one who brought it about," she went on, in grateful tone; "he has been as kind a father to me. He had not been long before he got my whole story, and then, right away, although I did not dream of any such thing, he began to make friends with Hubert, without letting him suspect his object, at least until he gained his confidence, and made him think there was no one in the world like him. Of course, Hubert never knew here, so he did not know that Mr. Smith knew anything special about him or his history. When he finally told him that he knew all my story, Hubert was at first inclined to be obstinate and resentful; but there came a day when he owned up, like a man, that he had done me a great wrong and was willing to make all the reparation in his power. Mr. Smith didn't give him any time to change his mind, but arranged at once for a quiet wedding here, and made us some very handsome and useful presents to give us a start. The man is always hunting around for people to be good to; he has hired the

"We are going to Boston next Saturday, to make our visit, and my heart is full of joy, in spite of the sorrow and regret from which I never expect to be fully free," she observed, with emotion. "And, Miss Helen," she went on, turning to her with tearful eyes, "if it had not been for your exceeding kindness, I believe I should never have been where I am today; I shall love you and your mother as long as I live."

Mrs. Lancaster and Helen then told her something of their own experiences since leaving New York, and Mary was both astonished and delighted over the romance of their story and their flattering prospects for the future. They sat chatting with her for more than an hour, admiring and petting Katherine, when she woke from her nap, and who was really a beautiful and interesting child.

Then Mary showed them over the other suite, which was truly a very pretty and homelike place for those whom it was intended to benefit, and both Mrs. Lancaster and Helen experienced a deep admiration for and interest in the gentleman who was doing so much good for others.

Then they went back to the other apartment, for they had left their wraps in Mary's parlor, and while they were standing in the hall exchanging a few last words, a latchkey was inserted in the lock of the outer door, and the next moment "Mr. Smith" stood before them.

He glanced in surprise at the strangers, then he suddenly lost every atom of color.

"Margaret!" he faltered, as his glance met the eyes of the astonished woman.

"John!" she involuntarily exclaimed; then, after a moment of hesitation, took a step forward and held out her hand to him.

He took it mechanically, but seemed unable to utter a word, and she, with her quick woman's wit and to cover his confusion, exclaimed:

"Well, I am surprised! Mary," turning to the young woman, who was regarding them with wondering eyes, "your 'good Mr. Smith' proves to be my own cousin, John Smith Wilton, and it seems that he has been hiding both himself and his generous deeds under his very common middle name. Helen, your remembrance Mr. Wilton? You met him in the Adirondacks two summers ago."

And Helen, following her mother's example, cordially greeted the man, realizing that he was the cousin who had played such a conspicuous part in that sad drama of her early life.

"Now, John, Helen and I thought we had some business that must be attended to; but they can wait," Mrs. Lancaster continued. "Come with me into the parlor, for I have some things that I wish to say to you. I am sure Mary will excuse us, for we have not taken the place of a bath robe. The mental silks are most popular for me, but chaffie, French flannel or any may serve as well. This one is simple to make, having three or four full flowing sleeves, the edges be- placed with a plain silk, which pro- duces a pretty finish for the gown. The ment may be made full or short length, and some serve the purpose of dressing such if they are less than three or four yards of 27-inch mat- erial for the long kimono, and two yards for the short one. Four sizes, 10 to 16 years.

Many mothers do not realize that a girl becomes tired with the day's duties and would enjoy also a loose kimono quite as much as her brother. Every girl should have a dressing sack to slip on while she is attending to the various little tasks attendant upon dressing, and a kimono of this kind may take the place of a bath robe. The mental silks are most popular for me, but chaffie, French flannel or any may serve as well. This one is simple to make, having three or four full flowing sleeves, the edges be- placed with a plain silk, which pro- duces a pretty finish for the gown. The ment may be made full or short length, and some serve the purpose of dressing such if they are less than three or four yards of 27-inch mat- erial for the long kimono, and two yards for the short one. Four sizes, 10 to 16 years.

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suite opposite this and fitted it up beautifully to make a home for eight poor girls, who were not able to earn enough to pay their way. I take care of them and supply their table with paying just enough to cover expenses, while I get a nice little sum for what I do. Hubert told me yesterday that I need not do the work any longer, for his salary is sufficient to support us; but I am fond of the girls and I like it. Hubert, Mr. Smith, and I occupy this apartment by ourselves now, and we are really very happy."

"This is truly welcome news," said Mrs. Lancaster, in a tone of hearty sympathy, "and I am sure the gentleman has shown himself a good friend to you."

Indeed he has, and to others as well," Mrs. Lancaster returned. "He is in the city most of the time now, for he is going to build a large home for poor girls; the foundation is already laid. He says that I may be matron of it, if I like, when it is done. I told him I thought I was too young, but he says I have managed so nicely here, and really seem older than I am, I think I would make a good one. I haven't quite made up my mind, but I'm inclined to take the position, for I believe that such girls should have some one over them who can sympathize with them in their hardships and give them a helping word now and then," she concluded, with a great dignity and womanliness which indicated that she had developed greatly in character during the last year.

Yes, she had heard from her father, she said in reply to Mrs. Lancaster's inquiry. She had written him all about herself as soon as she was married, and he had replied at once, saying that she was freely forgiven all the past, that he had been ill for several months and very anxious about her. He invited her to come home whenever she ever wished, and let the past be forgotten.

"Margaret, what has changed you so?" To what do I owe this return of friendliness and kindness?" interposed her cousin, as he held her hand in his trembling grasp and searched her face with eager eyes.

[To be Continued.]

FISH FOR SHIP
SUNK 30 YEARS

Tugs Are at Work Trying to Get Hold of the Old Michigan.

Muskegon, Mich., July 22.—Like hunting for a needle in a haystack is the search in 150 feet of water off the harbor, for the fine steamer Michigan, which was sunk nearly 30 years ago. The job is under the direction of the Crosby Transportation Company of Muskegon. The steamer cost \$250,000, is an iron boat and was handily furnished throughout.

It was sunk as the result of an ice jam, the crew escaping after a perilous trip. Until a few weeks ago no one had given the long sunk boat a thought. Then a Holland fisherman happened to foul his nets on the bottom of Lake Michigan, and in grappling for them picked up a piece of the upper works or cabin of the Michigan.

Now two tugs, the Trio of Muskegon and the Crouse of Grand Haven, are at the scene, and Charles F. Glew, an expert on deep-sea matters, is supervising the work. The boat is believed to be too far down for divers, so the only hope is to catch the chains with lines and then send a diver down in a diving bell. The job is hazardous, and mariners are watching the work with interest. Once the divers get a line on the boat one of the two Crosby steamers now running into Muskegon will pull the boat into shallow water, the hatches will be closed and the hole in her side fattened up ready for pumping out.

The Michigan was an exact counterpart of the Wisconsin, now the Naom, and both steamers were then owned by the Detroit, Grand Haven and Milwaukee Railroad.

JUMPED TO FRIEND'S ARM
Remarkable Escape of Engineer from a Railroad Wreck.

Cincinnati, July 22.—George Simpson, engineer on the Big Four Twenty-first Century Limited, running between this city and New York, had a remarkable escape from death when his engine collided head-on with a freight locomotive in the railroad yards at Ivorydale. He stuck to his cab until the last moment, and then leaped. As if fate ruled him, his friend and chum, Jack McQueen, another veteran engineer, was near the track and caught Simpson as he bounded. Locked in each other's arms, the two men rolled down a steep embankment out of harm's way. For five minutes the old engineers stood hugging each other and weeping for joy over Simpson's escape.

Passengers on the limited were considerably shaken up, but none of them hurt. The accident was caused by an open switch, thrown by an inexperienced man, just as the fast train came up. Simpson threw on the emergency brake, but his engine reared off the center pin as it struck the switch, and the front trucks slipped out of place. A second later it crashed into the freight engine and turned turtle. It was at this moment that Simpson jumped and was caught by McQueen, who happened to be standing near Andrew Hoey, the fireman, and was injured by jumping.

Both engines and one freight car were wrecked, but none of the passenger coaches left the track.

It is said that since an English nun in Madrid gave King Alfonso his first taste of gingerbread he can't get enough of that particular dainty.

\$1,000 Pile Cure.
A Thousand Dollar Guarantee goes with every bottle of Dr. Leonard's Hem-Roid—the only certain cure for every form of Piles.

George Cook, St. Thomas, Ont., writes: "Dr. Leonard's Hem-Roid cured me of a very bad case of Piles of over ten years' standing. I had tried everything, but got no permanent cure until I used Hem-Roid. I had Blind and Bleeding Piles, and suffered everything. Ointments and local treatments failed, but Dr. Leonard's Hem-Roid cured me perfectly."

Hem-Roid is a tablet taken internally, which removes the cause of Piles. One dollar at all druggists, or The Wilson-Pyle Company, Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont.

room, the afternoon that your daughter called and confided to him the trouble you were in, and of course I heard all that was said. Perhaps—"

"And so you seized the opportunity to pour some of your wealth, which I had rejected the year before, into my unwilling hands. You have not only given me back my life and health, but inexpressible happiness as well," interposed Mrs. Lancaster, with emotion. "I should have died if we had not secured that much-needed money just at that time, and then—and then—Oh, John! I owe you more than you can dream of!"

She broke down utterly here, buried her face in her handkerchief, and cried softly for several minutes.

John Wilton regarded her with increasing wonder, but presently he observed huskily:

"I don't think I quite understand you, Margaret."

She lifted her head and dashed the tears from her cheeks. Then, springing to her feet, she approached him with both hands extended.

"Oh, you good, generous-hearted fellow! You shall understand," she said, with tremulous lips, "and I need to ask your forgiveness, for I have wronged you deeply. I have been proud, selfish, and unkind; I have thought only of myself, and never paused to consider that others were the victims of circumstances as well as myself, and that I was increasing their sufferings through my mistakes and willfulness."

"Margaret, what has changed you so?" To what do I owe this return of friendliness and kindness?" interposed her cousin, as he held her hand in his trembling grasp and searched her face with eager eyes.

[To be Continued.]

NATIVE REVOLT
FOR SOUTH AFRICA?

Transvaal Residents Are Taking Precautions Against General Uprising.

Johannesburg, July 22.—The Transvaal Government is fully alive to the possibility of a widespread native revolt in South Africa. High officials admit that the situation could hardly be more serious than it is today. A general rising is feared.

Everywhere the natives are showing symptoms of insolence unprecedented in the history of the Rand. Perhaps the most significant development in the situation has been the seizure of 500 assegais and knobkerries in the mine compounds. One hundred reliable native policemen were detailed to mingle with the mine workers and ascertain the general feeling. The discovery of these weapons is the result.

It is also significant that the Kaffir "house boys," as native domestic servants are called, are almost without exception imploring their mistresses to hurry to the coast, although refusing to give any reason for the warning.

Colonists know that the natives are bound by the penalty of death to obey the orders of the chief indunas. The wildest rumors are current regarding the imminence of a general outbreak. In consequence, the general nervousness and alarm in Johannesburg has interfered seriously with the normal life of the city. The native union is the sole topic of conversation in the clubs, restaurants and homes. A number of men are arranging to send their wives and families to Durban or Cape Town without delay.

A certain section of the population inclined to ignore the possibilities of an uprising on the ground that a manifestation of alarm would seriously injure the prestige of the whites. Commenting on this fact, the Critic warns Europeans not to copy the conspicuous indifference to warnings which preceded the Indian mutiny, but to prepare for eventualities.

The arming of the residents proceeds rapidly. There are few men or women in Johannesburg who have not become expert revolver or rifle shots. Many of them are practicing daily. A common incident in the daily life of the men is the comparison of various makes of rifles, and debating the "man-stopping" qualities of each.

The troops at Pretoria are practically on a war footing and prepared for any emergency. Large quantities of supplies have been received from the coast.

The Kaffirs undoubtedly possess means of communication with the Natal rebels.

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BIG CELTIC FESTIVAL
Legends of Bardic Age and That of Chivalry To Be Illustrated.

Paris, July 22.—Great preparations are being made by the Breton brotherhood to revive on a grand scale the great historic bardic religious festivities which have been practiced since French Brittany famous. Ancient records and traditions have been carefully studied so as to make the present reproduction as historically accurate as possible. In representing with an absolute care for truth the ancient traditions and the religious customs which were formerly the legitimate pride of our ancestors.

The city of St. Brieux, where the celebration will take place on July 23, was founded in the sixth century by a Welshman. In honor of that fact, and for the purpose of emphasizing the recently cemented reunion of the Celtic nationalities, the Breton committee has invited the Archdruid of Wales, with his entourage, to take a leading part in the ceremonies. With true Old World Celtic hospitality the Breton bards and gentry will entertain the Welsh deputation as their guests during their stay in Brittany.

It is interesting to recall the fact that a great congress was held in St. Brieux in 1864, when a number of the leading Welsh literary men of the day took part.

BUMPED THEIR CRANIUMS
A Peculiar Street Accident That May Result Fatally.

New York, July 22.—Rev. William C. Hall, of Chatham, N. Y., is in a serious condition in the Kings County Hospital, as a result of an unusual accident which befell him recently while spending his vacation in Brooklyn.

While alighting from a moving trolley car, he bumped his head into another man, who was in the act of jumping on the car. Their heads came together with much force, and both were sent sprawling to the roadway. The other man was not hurt, but the minister was picked up unconscious and removed to the hospital, where he was found to be suffering from a dangerous hemorrhage of the brain. Mr. Hall had not regained consciousness last night, and there was grave fear that he would not recover.

DOG CARRIES IDAHO MAIL.
Lucifer, the big St. Bernard dog employed in carrying mail from Hailey, Idaho, to Corral, an inland town, is 6 years old, and it seems likely that he will have a steady job in coming winters drawing his sled over the snow on the 28-mile round trip he is making daily between the points mentioned.

Mr. Floyd's contract provides penalty in case mails are not delivered on time each day. Lucifer has saved many dollars by aiding his master in transportation of the mails in a sled fitted up with suitable harness. The faithful St. Bernard has no difficulty in drawing the sled, and often has more than a hundred pounds of mail on the load—Walla Walla Statesman.

Recently the postage on domestic letters in France was reduced from 3 cents to 2. Postal cards, however, will cost 2 cents.

You Can Save On Every One

These bargains may look impossible, but every one is genuine, and on every one you can save money. First in the smallwares department are these three specials:

Tan Hose, a broken line in sizes 5, 5½, 6, 7½, to clear, 8c or 2 pairs 15c

Black Fancy Hose, an extra good bargain in Persian striped, clearing at per pair 25c

For the very warm weather we have a special vest, 4 for. .25c

IN THE STAPLE DEPARTMENT ARE THREE MORE

A Tray Cloth that you will be surprised at; we have a limited quantity for sale. Each 25c

Table Linen, 2 yards wide, unbleached. Regular 60c, for 49c

Towels are always useful. We have a line to clear. Size 62 inches by 20 inches. Clearing price, each 10c

Bargains in Dress Goods and Remnants

Peau de Soie Silk, in black, 2 pieces, just arrived; will be cleared at, per yard 55c

Colored Silk Remnants, worth up to 85c yard. Clearing price 39c

Colored Dress Remnants, an extra good range, in all colors and lengths up to 6 yds. Don't fail to see them when you are in.

Black Dress Goods, extra good value, something that will give extra wear. Only 4 pieces of this line. Clearing at, per yd. .49c

150 Dundas and Carling.

GRAY & PARKER

150 Dundas and Carling.



Why Worry?

watch and fret over a hot oven trying to make good bread and pastry with an inferior flour? The easy way to bake is to use "FIVE ROSES" FLOUR, as this brand never gets lumpy or hardens, and never needs any special preparation for use.

Its uniformity is such that, unlike ordinary brands, the same methods—all of them simple—can be used with every bag of flour. "FIVE ROSES" FLOUR, an oven, some water, a little yeast and common sense will give you a whiter and sweeter loaf, and lighter and flakier pastry, with less trouble, than any ordinary brands on the market.

Users of it save time, temper and money. "FIVE ROSES" is, in fact, the flour that satisfies.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT.

Lake of The Woods Milling Co.

MONTREAL.

Limited.

Local Office, Canadian Bank of Commerce Chambers, London, Ont.

For a Good Complexion

FOR Clear Eyes
—Sweet Breath
—Clean Tongue
—Calm Nerves
—Good Temper and
—Poise

Eat a Cascaret whenever you suspect you need it. Carry a little 10c Emergency box constantly with you, in your Purse or Pocket.

When do you need one?

—When your Tongue is coated
—When you have Heartburn, Belching, Acid Risings in Throat.
—When Pimples begin to peep out.
—When your stomach Gnaws and Burns.

That's the time to check coming Constipation, Indigestion and Dyspepsia. That's the time to take a Cascaret.

One candy tablet night and morning, taken regularly for a short time, is warranted to cure the worst case of Constipation or Indigestion that walks the earth.

One tablet taken whenever you suspect you need it will insure you against 90 per cent of all other ills likely to attack you. Because 90 per cent of these ills begin in the Bowels, or exist through poor Nutrition.

Cascarets don't purge, don't weaken, don't irritate, nor upset your stomach. They don't act like "Physio" that flush out the Bowels with a waste of precious Digestive Juice needed for tomorrow's Bowel-work.

No, they act like Exercise, on the Bowels, instead.

At the Harvard commencement the oldest graduate in attendance was Rev. Robert H. Harlow, of Quincy, Mass., who is 114 his ninetieth year and who graduated sixty-five years ago.

They stimulate the Bowel Muscles to contract and propel the Food naturally past the little valves that mix Digestive Juices with Food.

They strengthen these Bowel-Muscles by exercising them.

This stronger action, producing greater nutrition from food, brings back to the Bowel-Muscles greater strength for self-operation.

The Bowel-Muscles can thus, in a short time, dispense with any Drug assistance whatever.

Cascarets are safe to

WENT TO THE BAD FOR DEAR JAPAN

Officer Became Dissipated in
Order to Fulfill Mission.

WAS DEGRADED AND DISOWNED

Achieved Work He Had Been Appointed
To—Fell in Love and Finally
Vanished.

London, July 22.—"I require of you," said the chief of the staff, in polished Japanese, "that you should leave your present mode of living, and become, on the contrary, dissipated. You must leave your studies and your books, and instead have for your haunts tea houses and your companions geisha."

The young lieutenant was sad, for he was healthy-minded and detested dissipation, but being a Japanese fond of his country, he set his teeth and obeyed orders. He was to become dissipated in order to prosecute some secret service mission, the nature and object of which he could not surmise.

At first he found that it is not so easy for the good to fall. He neither liked the gay-costumed girls nor the warm sake they naively served to the accompaniment of many sweet smiles.

At last the day of evil came, the lieutenant, after a long and arduous struggle, succumbed. He actually fell head over heels in love with a geisha, says the Tokyo correspondent of the London Telegraph, in writing of the Japanese secret service.

From that day he ceased to be sombre and silent, and went boisterously to the devil. His superiors at headquarters dismissed him from the service, and with ignominy his father forbade him the house, his relatives politely declined to see him, and his acquaintances, many of them themselves military men, knew him not. He was an outcast.

"Now," said the chief of staff, "you have reached the condition that I earnestly desired, and you will receive your reward. I am about to send you on a mission of high importance to the state. Tonight, telling nobody—not even your father—you will proceed to Nagasaki. There you will open the box which I will give you. It is of lacquer, and inside are complete instructions as to your future."

Those instructions were that he was to go to a certain country where a first-class power was at war with the natives. Here he joined the staff of the native chief, and his bravery, no less than his military genius, soon acquired for him a fame not altogether unmingled with notoriety. As a matter of fact, his presence counted so much in the campaign that the first-class power opened diplomatic negotiations with Japan, contending seriously that a military officer was serving a high position on the rebel chief's staff. Of course, the Japanese Government knew nothing about the matter, nor was it likely to, seeing that no military officer had been officially dispatched on such a curious mission.

He was nominally a rebel under the rebel's banner. In this way he secured the needed and valuable information about the topography of the country, the enemy's plans and scheme of operation, his tactics and his strategy, his fortifications and his defense works, all of which were of the utmost value to Japan.

Then the young officer, after many adventures made his way back to Japan, only to find that the chief of the staff was dead and another occupied his place.

He was disowned by the army, but told privately that work like that he had just accomplished would be sent for him in Manchuria. Possibly he thought he had done enough for his country, however. He has disappeared, and strangely enough, the geisha with whom he fell in love has disappeared also. Together, far from the maddening crowd, the young lieutenant and the beauty of the tea shop are living happy ever after.

HAD MARRYING BUG

Prosecution by Hamilton Woman in
Detroit Courts Postponed.

Detroit, July 22.—Mrs. Edith Marcey, who was Edith Callias, of Morristown, Ont., and married Theodore Marcey in Hamilton, Ont., was on hand today to prosecute her husband on a charge of bigamy, but the prosecution was not ready, and the case was postponed until next Tuesday.

Marcey admits marrying another Hamilton woman, Ella Mount, in 1905, two years after he married Miss Callias. He claims that his first wife knew of his marriage to the second Mrs. Marcey at the time, and that both lived with him in the same house in Detroit for a time, but the first woman, now prosecuting him, claims she knew nothing about the second marriage.

At the time of his arrest, Marcey had as housekeeper a Mrs. Marshall, also a Hamilton woman, the third from that city. The latter says they were to be married as soon as Marcey had freed himself from the first two wives.

John Philip Sousa, the conductor, has been gazetted officer de l'estructure publique of France. This distinction gives Mr. Sousa the golden palms and rosette of the French academy. He is the only American who has received this decoration. He is also a member of the Royal Victorian Order of England, having been decorated by his majesty five years ago.

When a man gets stuck on himself may be said to have made a bad bargain.

SLAP AT ROOSEVELT

District Attorney Jerome Criticises the
President's Remarks.

Warm Springs, Ga., July 22.—District Attorney Jerome delivered an address on "Public Opinion, Its Power, Some of Its Evils and Injustices, and on Duty as Lawyers to It," before the Georgia Bar Association tonight.

In the course of his address Mr. Jerome referred to President Roosevelt's criticism of a United States court judge, saying: "There is one injustice which public opinion not infrequently does, and it is one which lawyers can do much to correct, and that is the criticism of judges for decisions which they could not avoid making if they obeyed the law. The recent spectacle of the nation's chief executive, himself not a lawyer, criticising in a public document a federal judge for his decision on a point of law, has not, I believe, commended itself to our profession. The laws are our laws, and every citizen has a right to criticise them and seek their amendment or repeal, but while they are our laws we want our judges to obey them and not substitute for them something they deem in accord with a thing so mutable and so difficult to ascertain as public opinion."

"The man who declares he is indifferent to public opinion," said Mr. Jerome, "if he be not a fanatic is too often something of a fool and a knave—a knave to lie and a fool to think you believe him."

FOSTER CHIVALRY KNIGHT'S OBJECT

Roman Catholics of Australia
Start Organization With
Splendid Programme.

Melbourne, July 22.—The Roman Catholics in Australia are always fertile in picturesque notions for binding their people in societies, guilds and orders. Their latest device is the establishment of a new order of knighthood by Archbishop Carr, to be entitled "The Order of the Knights of Our Lady of the Southern Cross."

It is to appeal to the imagination of young Australian Romanists and to have for its objects: (1) To advance the honor due to women; (2) to promote the faithful fulfilment of the Christian duties of marriage; (3) to shield and preserve as far as might lie in their power female innocence; (4) to suppress indecency in words and actions; (5) to advance the cause of Christian chivalry by preserving women from being treated with open disrespect.

The entire scheme was warmly regarded by the Roman lady all over the Commonwealth.

WHEN CUPID'S EYES OPEN

'Tis Like This—Hugo Kisses His Wife
No More.

New York, July 22.—He hasn't eaten at home for a year.

He hasn't kissed her for four years. He hasn't taken her to the theater in five years.

He doesn't care for his children. He has a Dutch (i. e., thick) head. He goes out and plays pinocchio every night.

He always looks sour. She can't cook and her cooking gives him indigestion. She is a crank. She has a lot of gossiping women for chums.

She gets to dances. She hasn't sewed on a button for him for four years.

She goes away to the country every summer and leaves him to shift for himself.

He is so displeasing to him, in short, that he would hang himself before he would return to their early marital relations.

This is the list of grievances against each other which Hugo Rogers, a contractor, of 19 West One Hundred and Eighteenth street, and his wife offered to Magistrate Baker today.

Mrs. Rogers had summoned her husband to the Harlem court to compel him to pay for her support. He agreed to contribute \$8 a week and pay her rent.

The wife, who was accompanied by three pretty children, 6, 4, and 2 years old, said that she had been married for seven years and that Rogers didn't love the children any more, but he denied that. The first three years of their life were happy, she said, but the last four had been the reverse. Then she recited off his list of faults.

"She's a crank," said Rogers, when his turn came. "She has a lot of fool gossiping women in the house all the time, and I'll have nothing to do with her until she cuts them out. As for not eating at home, there's good reason for it. I'd have indigestion if I ate her stuff. She can't cook." Then he told the rest of the faults he found with his wife. Mrs. Rogers denied all his charges.

WHO OWNS THE AIR?

Ballooning Worried Over the Ethics of
Trespassing.

London, July 22.—Aeronauts are agitated over the question of the ownership of the air, and are discussing the ethics of trespassing as applied to the position of a balloon when it is above private property. Aeronaut Butler says that the idea that a balloon is trespassing when it is 5,000 feet above property, though it is in strict accordance with the law, is not likely to give much trouble. Aeronauts are always ready to compensate owners for damage to property caused by descending.

An interesting point involves the liability of insurance companies for mishaps of this nature. So far, complaints have been few, but a general insurance company is now issuing policies against damages done by balloons. The first claim was paid today for damage done to a window frame, caused by a balloon thrown out of a balloon when close to the ground breaking the glass.

Leader of Movement Unknown.

Who the real leader of the agitation is, is impossible to say. \$5 for as I have been able to ascertain, it is headed

NO GRATITUDE TO WHITE MAN: ISLAM

Take All You Can Get, Then
Kill, Is Slogan.

TALK OF THE HOUR ABROAD

Situation in Egypt Renews Discussion
of Possible Rising of
Asiatics.

London, July 22.—Egypt furnishes to such an extent an object lesson to the United States in the way of administration of an oriental dependency by a western power that the condition of affairs now prevailing in the valley of the Nile is worthy of close study and of earnest consideration by the people of America. That the situation is a serious one indeed has been publicly announced by Sir Edward Grey in the House of Commons, and it may be safely taken for granted that the secretary of state for foreign affairs, who is perhaps the most level-headed and least emotional member of the entire cabinet, would not have been uttering so solemn a warning as that which he delivered in Parliament last week unless the matter was of the utmost gravity. It arises, according to him, from the religious fanaticism of the Moslem population of Egypt, a fanaticism which is sufficient to blind them to all the advantages which they have derived from British control, and to obliterate every spark of gratitude for all the innumerable benefits which they have received at the hands of the English.

Only those who, like myself, have lived in Egypt during the reign of the late Khedive Ismail, that is to say, prior to the intervention of England and France, are able to form any notion of the immensity of these benefits which the native Egyptians owe to the British in general, and more especially to Lord Cromer, to whom belongs nearly if not all the credit for the entire country, Egypt, and for the revival of its former prosperity.

Benefits of English Rule.

Today, thanks to the English and to Lord Cromer, taxation has been reduced by about 60 per cent, and the dues are only collected after the crops have been harvested. Forced labor has been abolished. Life and property are secure, and the rich land owner and officials of high and low degree have no longer the power of monopolizing the water supply for purposes of irrigation at the expense of the peasant. Moreover, the only flogging that is ever administered is for crimes of violence, and then only on the back instead of on the soles of the feet. Prosperity reigns on all sides. Yet with all that, the people, especially the lower classes, are imbued with sentiments of intense aversion for their benefactors, hate them worse than they ever did in 1882, when Arab and Persian countries were driven to the sea and in one word, prefer the barbarous tyranny of the rule of their former sovereigns, unrestrained by English control, to all the advantages which they have derived from the beneficent and admirable administration of Lord Cromer.

It is the same in all oriental countries, especially in those where the people profess the Mohammedan religion, and are consequently fanatical. There is no comparison between the India of today and the India of 100 and 200 years ago. That England has endowed the huge empire of Hindustan with a perfectly wonderful system of government, and even her most ungenerous critics are forced to admit. Yet the Indians are not grateful, least of all the 90,000,000 of Moslems. They have no vestige of love for their white masters, while the fear which they entertain towards them, and which constituted the principal basis of British rule in the Decan, has considerably declined since the overwhelming defeat of Russia by Japan; that is to say, the overthrow of one of the greatest military powers of Europe by a relatively small Asiatic nation.

No Gratitude.

In the Philippine situation is confronted by much the same situation. No matter what she may do to endow the natives with all the advantages of a good government, no matter how much American life and treasure is expended in the effort to accomplish that object, there will never be any sentiment of gratitude or of affection on the part of the Filipinos for their benefactors. Like other Asiatics they appreciate nothing that is done for them by any foreigner.

During the Arabi insurrection in 1882 in Egypt, the foreigners most abominably used by the natives were precisely those European physicians who had furnished the largest amount of medical treatment to the various classes of Egyptians, and in almost every instance the assassins and the bands of rebels who looted their houses and smashed their instruments were led by former patients.

All Orientals have this hatred of the white man deep rooted in their hearts. Sometimes it boils over. In other cases it is latent; but it is always present; especially among those Asiatics who are Moslems. There is something in Islam that invites and promotes fanaticism to a greater degree than any other creed, and moreover, there is a species of solidarity of faith among the various sects of Mohammedanism which is assuredly not to be found among the rival denominations of Christianity. Pan-Islamism has developed into a reality, while not even the most enthusiastic Utopian has ever conceived such a thing as Pan-Christianity. Pan-Islamism has for its ostensible object the bringing about of the uniformity in teaching and interpretation of the sacred law; but the political aim of the movement is to establish a common accord among the Moslems of all countries and races, whether under sovereigns and rulers of their own faith or subject to foreign rule, for mutual protection.

Leader of Movement Unknown.

Who the real leader of the agitation is, is impossible to say. \$5 for as I have been able to ascertain, it is headed

by what may be described as the generals of the great religious orders of Islam, most notable among which, of course, is that of the Senoussia, an order which has sometimes been described as the Moslem counterpart of the Society of Jesus, by reason of its wealth and the extent of its power, which reaches from the Pacific coast of China, and from the Philippines, to the Atlantic coast of Morocco, embracing Central Africa, the Sudan, and that mysterious land of Arabia the Blest, which is to such an extent, a terra incognita that no one can speak with a certainty of its character, of its resources, or of its population, which is estimated at about 15,000,000.

The Senoussia number about 9,000,000 members, all bound by vows to the most absolute and blind obedience to the general of the order, the son of its founder, and who, known as the veiled prophet of the Sudan, no longer has headquarters at Djibouti, but 500 miles further south, at the oasis of Koush, where three years ago he established his stronghold. He has his emissaries at Pex, at Teheran, in Java, China, India, Zanzibar, and of course, at Constantinople, where the Sultan, indeed, is understood to have become affiliated with the order. The rules of the latter provide that no faith need be kept up with a Christian, that the mahber, and even slaying of the latter, are pleasing in the eyes of Allah, and that intercourse with the unbelievers is of a nature to defile the orthodox Moslem. Such is the spirit of the Pan-Islam movement, which is in the act of uniting by bonds of a common faith 200,000,000 of the human race.

put into commission to draw the through trains.

It is expected that the electric system will be in full operation the first week in October. The coaches will be of steel construction, and on the multiple unit system, with some trailers.

A man looks good to you when he looks profitable.

While it is never too late to mend, it is sometimes too late to unmend.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine
Carter's
Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of
Dr. Wood

See Pac-Man Wrapper Below.

Very small and so easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. FOR HEADACHE, FOR DIZZINESS, FOR BRUISES, FOR CONSTIPATION, FOR SLOW BOWEL, FOR THE COMPLEXION.

WAR ON GAMBLING
IN AUSTRALIA

Magazine Editor in Relentless
Crusade Against the Great
National Vice.

Melbourne, July 21.—A tremendous struggle has been proceeding for weeks between the gambling gang centering round Jack Wren, the wealthy proprietor of the illegal totalizer, and numerous racecourses, and the Puritan editor of the Australian edition of the Review of Reviews. The latter has conducted such a relentless campaign that organized bands of roughs break up his meetings, necessitating police protection to prevent physical violence.

The struggle has forced the Bent Government to promise drastic legislation, and has rallied the forces of good government to the side of Mr. Jenkins.

Mr. Wren recently adopted Tammany tactics by distributing money among the unemployed and giving a number of work on the race courses.

The general opinion is that the gang is making its final stand against the outraged community, which realizes that the time has come when Australia's national vice must be exterminated.

GIANT SCOTCH PIPER

Roderick Bain MacKenzie Earns Living
on Coney Island.

Brooklyn, N. Y., July 22.—One of the most conspicuous figures of the war between Britain and the South African Republic, and one of the most successful, was Major Roderick Bain MacKenzie, of the Gordon's, the crack Highland regiment, and who, during the war, was one of the most strenuous fighting that was known during the entire unpopularity of the Boers.

Major MacKenzie, who led a band of bagpipers that marched at the head of the Gordon's, and who was later in the military service of his Majesty King Edward VII. He stands 7 feet 2½ inches in height, weighs 275 pounds, and is as "braw" a lad as ever came out of Old Scotia. His clear blue eyes, frank, smiling face and his comely show of his living playing bagpipes in a side-show on Coney Island, two years of the season in the military service of his Majesty King Edward VII. He stands 7 feet 2½ inches in height, weighs 275 pounds, and is as "braw" a lad as ever came out of Old Scotia. His clear blue eyes, frank, smiling face and his comely show of his living playing bagpipes in a side-show on Coney Island, two years of the season in the military service of his Majesty King Edward VII. He stands 7 feet 2½ inches in height, weighs 275 pounds, and is as "braw" a lad as ever came out of Old Scotia. 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SNAP-SHOTS AT VARIOUS SPORTS

Golf has now reached the select stage, since a new ailment has been discovered that only affects golfers. Acute bilfite sometimes tackles ball players, but the disease is somewhat scarce of late.

The English accuse the Americans of not producing any real first-class golf players. What's the difference as long as the Yankees supply a fine line of heiresses?

Canadians are very strong in pacers this year, with The Broncho, Hazel Patch, Maud Keswick, Texas Rooker, Jubilee, and several very fast green ones in training. That bunch of wiggles ought to take down most of the records, and all the coin.

Steeplechase racing is under a deep dark cloud at Brighton Beach, and it is possible the leppers will be given skidoo papers. It's a nice quiet game—yet.

A Chicago golfer was nearly scared to death at a golf tournament when a horse neighed as he was making a stroke. If the bray had been sounded he certainly would have felt at home.

The auto races are on at Detroit, but as the drivers were a little shy of work they butted down only one fence. They expect to do better with practice.

The Cillas of St. Louis will start another racing plant at Detroit, it is said. What's the use? Keep Windsor going. That will save the breeding industry.

Tongorder won another race. Hoorsay!

E. Barrow is still signing players. Every ball player that has not been approached by Barrow is now feeling slighted.

Mr. Joe Seagram is now president of the O. J. C., and will host around with kings and things now. The appointment is a good one, and Mr. Seagram is worthy of the honor.

The Toronto papers knock that ball team until they are blue in the face—not yet. They are the funny bunch. When a man comes out and criticises a team they immediately get together and jump all over the luckless critic, when the fellow is telling the absolute unvarnished truth about the matter. Wilkinson is right when he objects to that outfit being called the Maple Leafs. Great guns, that collection would not know a maple leaf from one of Wagner's selections. One real good knock would do that bunch of bogus ball players a lot of good. Get busy.

A rural visitor went to Toronto the other day, but when he had seen that Toronto ball team play a couple of games, and having gone over to the island to forget, he was greeted by the Black Dill Band playing Hiawatha. He murmured softly words to the effect that the country had joys far truer than are found where importations shake all the tin out of one's linen duster.

Barrow wants several plugs for his team. He should make a raid on the Windsor race track. They are about fast enough.

Since Eason has pitched a no-hit game, Rube Waddell is about ready to bite holes in a fish's ear to get in the lime light again.

Pittsburg Dispatch: President Dreyfuss yesterday received a telegram from Manager Barrow, of the Toronto club, asking for the lowest cash price demanded for Catcher Gibson. "We are not selling players these days," commented the Pirate owner, as he finished reading the message. "I cannot imagine how Barrow ever got the idea that Gibson was on the market. We need him here."

Ain't E. Barrow the awfulest kiddier?

The Toronto World received this query the other day: Sporting Editor World: Early this summer a dear friend of mine wagered \$5,000 (nearly all he has in the world), that the Toronto team would finish first in the race for the Eastern League pennant. He has been brooding a great deal lately and I think he is losing his mind. What can I do to save him?—Benevolent.

Answer—Most likely your friend was losing his mind when he made the bet. The only thing we can suggest that might cheer him up is to hand him the standing of the clubs upside down. Ordinarily this plan might not work, but a man who will take such a wager as the one you mention isn't likely to know the difference.

COVERPOINT.

Ranblers Out of Cellar; Foundrymen Fall Into It

Steady Work Saved Former from Losing Game in the East End League.

A very large audience saw the ball game at Queen's Park on Saturday afternoon. The Somervilles nine outplayed the Tigers at all points, winning handsily by a score of 15 to 4. Clark, for Somervilles, was on his mettle, allowing only four scattered hits. Lunny retired thirteen men behind the bat and also caught a perfect game. A fine throw from left field by Wagner, cutting off Gowen's run in the fifth, was a great play. The Tigers bled poorly. Angles at second base was away below his average, having five errors. Duncan and Gowen, however, played good ball, the former batting well. The score:

	A.	B.	R.	H.	P.	O.	A.	E.
Somervilles	15	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tigers	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gowen, s.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Duncan, c.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Angles, i. b.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pritchett, i. b.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Palmer, i. b.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Angles, 2. b.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lewis, p.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mason, c.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Morrison, r. f.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	31	4	0	0	0	0	0	0

Runs by innings: Somervilles 2 4 0 1 0 8 4 15 Tigers 0 0 0 0 2 0 2 4 Summary: Struck out—By Lewis 6, by Clark 3. Stolen bases—Maxwell, Wagner 2, Donohue, Lunny, Lewis. Three-base hit—Patrick. Two-base hits—Duncan 2, Penwarden, Lunny. Umpire, George Pierce. Score, Charles G. Moorhead.

One for Ranblers. The second game was a remarkable contest between the Ranblers and the Wortman & Ward nine, and was in marked contrast to the first match, the cellar position in the league being the lot of the losers. The Ranblers were in the game to get the cellar if possible, and they succeeded in doing so in one of the most exciting

London Rinks Have Hard Propositions to Meet at Opening of Big Tournament

Are Drawn Against Some of Best of Visiting Skips—99 Rinks Entered.

Now for the greatest of the lawn bowling tournaments!

This afternoon, at 2 o'clock, the annual tournament of the Western Ontario Association will open on the greens of the London Rowing Club, with no less than 99 rinks on hand. From Toronto on the east, Windsor on the west, Owen Sound on the north, and St. Thomas and Tilsonburg on the south, the cream of the bowling clubs have come to play for the Labatt trophy, and failing to win that, to try their hands in the consolation or association matches, the singles or doubles.

An even hundred rinks were entered, but at the last moment one was compelled to withdraw. This is five rinks in excess of last year, and will tax the greens of the Rowing Club during the entire week. All of the "old reliables" are on hand again, and fine matches will be the rule.

Mayor Judd will deliver an address

of welcome to the bowlers.

On Saturday night a sub-committee of the bowling association arranged the draw for the trophy match. Dr. Jeff Wood, Ed. Ward and Jim Tiedler were on the committee. Jim McDougall was also to have acted, but he was called away from the city on business. Some of the London rinks are up against real hard propositions at the outset, and will have to work every inch of the way to remain in the game. In the preliminary round, no less than three of the local rinks are to meet Ridgetown rinks. Charley Graham has to meet no other than Dr. Del Marr, the present holder of the Labatt trophy, but even at that it will not be at all surprising if the Londoners should have an easy time. It has happened before that rinks of which much was expected have been bowled out at the start. Dr. Jeff Wood has to meet A. Schindler, of Ridgetown, and Lou Wal-

ker is pitted against W. C. Newman, of the same place. Three London rinks are drawn with Aylmer, Jim McDougall, meeting Dr. Stachels, Thomas Al-Raid against W. W. White. A Tillmann has to meet J. S. Willison, of Toronto, who was runner-up in the trophy match at Niagara. The draws, the name of the rink skip being given in each case:

Preliminary Round.
John Pritchard, London, vs. Dr. D. Duntun, Paris.
C. H. Nelles, Guelph, vs. W. D. Euler, Berlin.
R. T. Mussen, Dunnville, vs. C. E. German, London.
Dr. Fear, Aylmer, vs. W. M. McAlister, Guelph.
F. Smok, Paris, vs. Dr. G. Beacom, Mount Forest.
James Angus, London, vs. Wm. Rosin, Wyoming.
W. R. Cole, Mitchell, vs. H. Lenden, Leamington.
Dr. D. E. Hawke, Toronto, vs. H. W. Ricketts, London.
K. F. Dewar, Orangeville, vs. T. McCurdy, Stratford.
W. S. Smith, Mount Forest, vs. E. A. Coughell, Aylmer.
Dr. Marr, Ridgetown, vs. C. M. R. Graham, London.
R. Hiscor, Brampton, vs. John Ramsford, London.
W. G. Finlay, St. Catharines, vs. R. L. Gosnell, Blenheim.
Dr. J. N. Wood, London, vs. A. Schindler, Ridgetown.
H. H. Phelps, St. Catharines, vs. J. M. Clarke, Tillsonburg.
W. H. Phelps, London, vs. A. McDermid, Petrolia.
H. L. Phelps, St. Catharines, vs. J. S. Scarff, Woodstock.
H. H. Phelps, Toronto, vs. W. D. St. John, Leamington.
George Zillmax, Orangeville, vs. J. R. Minnick, Bothwell.
M. K. Cornwall, Thamesville, vs. R. G. Fleming, Chatham.
J. Walker, London.
W. H. Leeson, Berlin, vs. Dr. L. Robertson, Stratford.
A. E. Horton, St. Thomas, vs. J. C. Greig, Seaford.

H. C. Pope, Strathroy, vs. A. E. Barbour, London.
Thomas Thorburn, Brampton, vs. J. B. Hutchins, Toronto.
W. J. Clarke, Petrolia, vs. W. E. Buckingham, Guelph.
Thomas Alexander, London, vs. W. Christie, Aylmer.
E. F. Seagram, Waterloo, vs. J. M. Best, Seaford.
Mr. Shultz, Hespeler, vs. J. B. Hoover, Clinton.
W. A. Strouger, Toronto, vs. Ed. McAlpine, Aylmer.
D. C. Ross, Brussels, vs. D. W. Karn, Woodstock.
James Maxwell, St. Marys, vs. John Richardson, London.
J. S. McDougall, London, vs. Dr. Sinclair, Aylmer.
W. H. MacMackon, Ridgetown, vs. George Geddes, St. Thomas.
W. T. Cox, London, vs. F. Kibler, Listowel.

First Round.
F. G. Anderson, Q.C., Toronto, vs. Joseph Aspinall, Tillsonburg.
D. E. Macdonald, Guelph, vs. Dr. Roberts, Brampton.
John Crotty, Bothwell, vs. W. P. Spaulding, Clinton.
J. S. Willison, Toronto, vs. A. Tillmann, London.
J. A. Adams, St. Marys, vs. H. W. Thompson, Goderich.
George Nightingale, London, vs. Dr. Russell, Berlin.
J. A. Bingham, Aylmer, vs. H. Martin, Toronto.
Winner of Cox vs. Kibler vs. Mr. Vonington, Aylmer, vs. Mr. McPherson, Parkdale.
Dr. English, London, vs. A. M. Hare, vs. Tillsonburg.
C. W. Humdall, Orangeville, vs. A. M. Crawford, Wingham.
James Field, London, vs. W. W. Wile, Aylmer.
A. Hewitt, Toronto, vs. C. Myers, St. Marys.
W. B. Smith, Toronto, vs. S. D. Swift, London.
Dr. Burrett, Mitchell, vs. J. Lochead, London.

Rockets' Ragged Fielding Lost Game to Champions

Meeting of Stars and Stein's Sojers Was a Battle of the Left-handers.

The ball games at Tecumseh Park on Saturday were just fair, although some very good work was done in both games. The exhibition of how not to field, and the Champions won the eye-opener by a score of 8 to 3. The Stars played faster ball than the Sojers, and won a good game by a score of 5 to 1. There was a large crowd present.

The first game was a battle of the left-handers, and Clark came off with the honors. He pitched first-class ball all the way, and would have had a shut-out, but for one outfielder badly misjudged a couple of flies in the opening round. After that the Khaki boys had no chance. Phillips pitched much better ball than the score shows, and several hits were registered against him. It was over. At that the Rockets did some very nice work. Devan and Gatecliffe captured some real good flies and Hoesle got one with two fingers and an eyebrow that was a real beauty. He got a double play out of it, and a good throw by his partner in crime would have made it a triple play.

W. Fat Earley was on the mound for the Stars, and his work was much like that of the Earley of old. He had his curves breaking right and left, and used good judgment. The Rockets got to him in one inning, but with perfect support he would have got out of it without so much damage. He was supported in fine style on the whole. Maies' work in the sun garden was the feature. He made two small tosses from away back and nailed men at the plate. Two assists from the center field to the plate is fairly good work for one short afternoon. McHugh, Jackson and Costello also contributed to the good feeling of the Champions supporters.

The Champions scored the opener in the third spasm. With two in the morgue, W. Gibson boomed a hit to left, going to second on a wild pitch. Earley hit to Maies, who juggled the ball. Gibson making the play. Earley was tossed out at second. A cluster of five was amassed in the fourth on three hits and several unmentionable plays. The last one was garnered in the seventh on an error, a wild pitch and a hit.

The Rockets could not do a thing with Earley until the sixth, when five hits and a stolen base or two netted three runs. They went out in order in the seventh.

The score:

	A.	B.	R.	H.	P.	O.	A.	E.
Rockets	8	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stars	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gates, s.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hoesle, c.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Devan, i. b.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gatecliffe, i. b.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Phillips, i. b.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Maies, c. f.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
W. Arthur, 3. b.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Phillips, 2. b.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Costello, i. b.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
McHugh, 1. b.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Males, c. f.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Steele, c. f.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reckston, i. b.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	35	3	0	0	0	0	0	0

Barley: Devan, G. Arthur, 2. Wilson, Sippi, off Wilson; J. Steele, Ball, Gibson, Struck out—By Earley: Gatecliffe, Maies, Wilson, 3. b. 3. Time of game, 1:40. Umpire, J. A. Jeffries.

Battle of Left-handers.

The second game was the Stars' nearly all the way. The game had several features, a particularly brilliant catch by Gillett being perhaps the best piece of fielding of the season. C. Jeffries also did some of his good work, and Fleming pulled off a couple of real sizzling stops. B. Jeffries caught well. The Soldiers did not field as well as customary, and a "Who's Who" have been hits by the team.

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Stars	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
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Devan, i. b.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gatecliffe, i. b.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Phillips, i. b.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Maies, c. f.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
W. Arthur, 3. b.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Phillips, 2. b.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Costello, i. b.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
McHugh, 1. b.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Males, c. f.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Steele, c. f.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reckston, i. b.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	35	3	0	0	0	0	0	0

MILDMAY WON JUNIOR HONORS

Guelph, July 21.—Mildmay won the Junior O. F. A. championship by defeating All Saints' of Toronto, here today. It was one of the prettiest games of football that has been seen here for some time. The Mildmay team had the best of the game throughout with the exception of the first few minutes when Toronto pressed hard. The score was 4 to 0, and all the goals were gained on good combination play, in which the winners showed up particularly strong. The score at the end of the first half was 2 to 0, and Mildmay got two more in the second. Heinsperger scored 3 and La France 1 of the goals. Mildmay has played 25 games this season, and has scored 60 goals against their opponents 12. This is a most creditable record. They are a big, husky bunch, understand the game well and play a pretty and effective combination. Harry Brown, of Berlin, refereed today's game most satisfactorily.

FOOTBALL

QUEBEC SENIOR OFFICERS. Montreal, July 22.—At the annual meeting of the Quebec Rugby Football Union, held on Saturday night, the election of officers of the senior team resulted as follows: President, E. M. O'Brien; first vice-president, W. Muir; second vice-president, L. J. Edwards; one of the principal items of interest at this meeting was the resignation of E. H. Brown, the secretary of the union, which position he has occupied since 1898. John Davidson was elected his successor.

DISHABILLE BEAT OUT TOKALON

Crooklyn Handicap Winner Lost at Brighton Beach in a Hard Drive.

New York, July 21.—Dishabille, played down from 2 to 1 to 8 to 5 favorite, won the Islip Handicap, 1 1/8 miles, at Brighton Beach today, defeating Tokalon, winner of the Brooklyn Handicap, with Von Tromp third.

Considering the bad condition of the track, which was sloppy owing to the heavy rain, the time, 1:54, was good. Dishabille, a gelding, was ridden by Ramon Cederstrom, rushed into the lead and showed the way for a quarter of a mile, when Coy Maid took the lead, attended by Dishabille and Tokalon. This was the order to the far turn, Coy Maid maintaining a slight advantage to the stretch, where Tokalon and Dishabille drew away and in a driving finish the favorite won by half a length. Tokalon was second, five lengths in front of Von Tromp.

Ballot, a receding favorite, won the \$7,500 Neptune Stakes, six furlongs. Althous and Don Enrique made the pace to the stretch, when Radke brought Ballot up and won by one length. Ballot carried 125 pounds and conceded eighteen pounds to each of his rivals.

Flying Virginian, played down from 15 to 1 to 8 to 1 at the close, easily won the Curragh Stakes, a steeplechase. He went to the front at the start and making the pace won easily by five lengths. Phantom was second and the odds-on favorite, Patagonian, was third. Gold Coin, Miller up, finished first in the fifth race, but was disqualified for fouling Voladay.

Miller was fined \$100 and suspended for two days by the stewards for rough and reckless riding.

CRICKET.

GAME AT BERLIN. Berlin, July 22.—Berlin beat Galt cricketers on Saturday by 51 to 77 and an inning.

Stars Now Lead

The Stars have now a clear lead in the second City League series, with the Champions and Rockets tied for second position. Manager Graham's team are playing consistently good ball, and the other teams will have to get into their stride soon to head them off. The Rockets have a chance to tie the leaders next Saturday when the two teams clash.

The Somervilles have a good lead in the East End league and are going strong. The Ranblers have struck their gait, and are climbing rapidly. They may yet have considerable to say about the disposition of the flag. The Wortmans have slid into the cellar.

The standing of the two leagues is as follows:

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Stars	2	0	100
Champions	1	1	500
Rockets	1	1	500
Seventh Regt.	0	2	500

East End League.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Somervilles	8	3	711
Tigers	5	6	454
Ranblers	4	6	400
Wortmans	3	5	375

KING'S CUP ARRIVES

New York, July 21.—The King's Cup, the blue ribbon of the year's yachting trophies, presented by King Edward VII. to the New York Yacht Club, will be raced for annually by American yachts, open to the enrolled fleets of all American clubs, arrived at the New York Yacht Club yesterday from England. The cup is of solid gold and valued at over 1,000 guineas. It is finely chased with symbolic figures, emblazoned with a shield bearing its inscription and purpose. It stands fully 10 inches high, exclusive of its base, and measures about twenty inches in diameter.

The cup was received on behalf of the club by Secretary George M. Cornack. Its ownership will be determined in a race off Newport on Aug. 8 in conjunction with the New York Yacht Club cruise.

There promises to be an entry of fully 25 yachts in the race. The largest of these will be the cup defender Vigilant, now converted into a yawl and owned by William B. Iselin.

LACROSSE.

MONTREAL TRIMS NATIONALS.

Montreal, July 22.—Montreal defeated the Nationals in the N. L. U. series on Saturday afternoon by a score of 14 to 6.

A FAST GAME.

Chatsworth, July 21.—In an exhibition game of lacrosse here last night Chatsworth defeated Owen Sound by 6 to 1. The game was fast and exciting from start to finish.

PORT HOPE TAKES ONE.

Port Hope, July 22.—Port Hope defeated Peterboro yesterday by a score of 4 to 1 in the C. L. A. junior series.

THE TURF.

TONGORDER WON HANDICAP.

Salem, N. Y., July 21.—Tongorder won the Exeter handicap, the feature event at Rockingham Park today. Grapple made a gallop fight for victory, but was crowded into the fence in the first turn. Sperling, who rode Grapple, claimed a foul, but the stewards refused to allow it. Today was the closing day of the meeting and all the finishes were exciting.

SATURDAY'S WINNERS.

At Fort Erie—Phirock 2 to 1, Charlie Gilbert 1 to 3, Allegiance 30 to 1, Peter Sterling 1 to 5, Moonshine 25 to 1, Cobmosa 7 to 1, Attilla 4 to 5.

BOTH PROTESTS WERE DISALLOWED

Eastern League Directors Turn Down Claims of Rochester and Montreal.

Rochester, July 21.—The Eastern League board of directors unanimously decided not to sustain Rochester's protest of the first Rochester-Providence game, played in Providence April 26. Rochester based her protest on the fact that Providence men batted out of order and later returned to the order of the official line-up.

The next case considered by the directors was the protest on the game between Montreal and Jersey City, on April 27, at Jersey City. Montreal protested that Jersey City had a player returned from the game by the umpire and allowed to return to the game and finish it, which Montreal considered unfair, and left the field. The board of directors disallowed the claim.

In deciding the case of the game between Montreal and Rochester that was to have been played on June 1, but was awarded Rochester by Umpires Conahan and Campau, because, owing to trouble over a stolen base, Ramon Cederstrom did not arrive on the field until after time was called, the board of directors decided that the game should go to Montreal, they having won the exhibition game played to take the place of the one forfeited.

GAMBLING CHARGE WAS DISMISSED

Were Playing Cribbage, But Not for Drinks—Motor Bikers Summoned.

John H. Cook and William Cook, of the Richmond House, appeared this morning to answer a charge of permitting gambling on licensed premises. Several witnesses were present, and while they admitted that they had been playing cribbage in a room adjoining the bar, they stated that the game had not been played to see who would buy the drinks, as had been alleged.

On the morning of the alleged gambling, a policeman had been called to the hotel by an unknown man, who complained that he had been flim-flammed by some card sharps, who were playing cards for money and for the drinks. The policeman summoned a police sergeant, and together they went to the scene of the alleged gambling, where they found a number of men playing cribbage. There was nothing seen about the premises to indicate that gambling had been going on, and when the man who laid the information was looked for it was found that he had gone, without leaving his name.

As the informant was not known, nothing more could be done, except to summon the players and the proprietors to court and hold an investigation. The result was that all concerned were honorably discharged, as there was no evidence against them. John Smart and Gordon Fraser got into a mixup in front of a King street hotel the other day, and had to answer to a charge of disorderly conduct this morning. From the evidence of the policeman, who stopped them, it was apparent that Smart was the aggressor. Fraser had been standing outside of the hotel when Smart came out and struck him. Fraser was discharged and Smart was fined \$5 or ten days.

L. Moffatt and C. Towe had each been summoned to appear on charges of running motor-cycles without licenses. Towe appeared and paid his fine, but Moffatt did not show up, and if he does not appear tomorrow morning a warrant will be issued for his arrest.

After a lapse of many days, Richard Scott has again appeared to pay the regulation booze consumers' tariff, \$2 or five days.

A new name was added to the first-timers' list of London's boozers this morning. The offender was let go.

AHEAD OF LAST YEAR

Assessment of Ward Three Complete—Work on Ward Four Begun.

The assessment of No. 3 ward for 1907 has been completed, and the assessors this afternoon paid their first attentions to No. 4 ward. This will mean about eight weeks' work, and will bring the close of the assessors' outside duties into September.

While no figures are yet available for No. 3 ward, it is assumed that the total assessment will be considerably in advance of that of a year ago.

Owing to the change in the time for the return of the roll to the city clerk, the work was started about two months earlier this year, and it will be completed about a month sooner. This will mean a month more occupied by the assessors, which, however, is due to the growth of the city and the workings of the new assessment act, which makes the duties of the staff considerably slower.

LOST IN LONDON

Carless Farmer Doesn't Know Where He Stabled His Horse.

A well-dressed farmer, about 50 years of age, who drove to London on Saturday with his wife, found that life in a great city is not all that it may sometimes be cracked up to be.

This particular individual came from a place not many miles west of the city, and his object was to pay a visit to some relatives in the east end. He came in via Dundas street bridge, and after climbing the hill at the court house, he turned south, and left his horse and rig at a hotel stable, intending to call for them later in the day. He was a careless kind of a chap, evidently, for he did not take the trouble to make a note of the name of the hotel, and when he came down town to get his horse he was completely at sea. All he could remember was that the hotel was between Dundas street and the Grand Trunk track, that it was red brick, and that it was a pretty tidy-looking place. He went the round and a number of the hostesses, without success, and finally sought the aid of the police.

The search was continued yesterday, and with the aid of a directory of the hotels it is altogether likely that before the day was past he was once more on his way home.

PILES

Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and guaranteed cure for hemorrhoids, piles, itching, bleeding, and a protruding prolapse. See testimonials in our "outlet" box. You can use it and get your money back if not satisfied. Get it at all drug stores or by mail from Dr. Chase's Ointment, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

LOST ON RIDOUT, DUNDAS OR RICHMOND STREET, ST. PETER'S CATHEDRAL, LONDON OR KILGORE, BARRIS & CO. TORONTO. Return to Advertiser Office.

DEATHS.

McNAUGHTON—In this city, at the Asylum, Thomas McNaughton, only and dearly beloved son of Dr. and Mrs. McNaughton, aged 12 years, Tuesday (Asylum depot), interment at Peacetown.

FARMERS PUZZLED TO FIND HELP

Crying Need of the Present Hour—Why Farm Hands Are So Scarce.

The harvesting season is now on, and the farmers throughout this section of the province find themselves up against the same problem that has been worrying the whole agricultural part of Canada, and especially Ontario, namely, where is the farm help to come from? At present many of the farmers are having to club together and exchange work in order to get their crops harvested. They have searched everywhere. There is only a limited supply of help and the man who can afford to pay the highest wages is the man who gets it. At present wages range from \$20 to \$30 per month. That is, during the harvesting months, and where a man is hired by the year he gets about \$200. When it is considered that the employer has to board and provide sleeping accommodation for his help as well as to pay them these wages, it is easy to see that the hired man on the farm is an expensive necessity.

The great westward rush is to a certain extent responsible for this shortage. A great many of the young men have gone west. There is also a tendency among the young men to leave the farms and go to the city. This is to some extent caused by increased educational facilities which have something to do with this distaste for farming. When a young man finds he has an education that will enable him to fill a responsible office or professional position, he feels that he is wasting his opportunities by staying on the farm, and endeavors to find some less strenuous occupation.

THE RIGHT HAND TRACKS HEREAFTER

A New Rule in Force for Operation of Trains Over Grand Trunk.

At 9 o'clock yesterday morning a rule went in to force on the Grand Trunk which provides for the operation of all trains on the right hand track.

The rule affects a large portion of the system, and as it is a very important move the company issued circulars to the trainmen and all others concerned dealing with the matter very fully.

Up to the present time, trains have been running on the left hand track on all of the double track sections except that from Sarnia Tunnel to Hamilton. Under this system, which is used on the railways, the engineers meet on the same side, and it is claimed that this is an advantage. Under the new rule, the firemen will be on the inside of the train.

The change will mean quite an outlay to the company, but it will mean that throughout the entire system the same rule will apply. Where the trains are to run on the opposite track from that heretofore occupied by them it will mean the moving of all the signals and also changing of numerous switches. The cost of this work will be fully \$25,000, and possibly more.

The adoption of the new rule was attended with more or less danger, and it was to avoid the possibility of the slightest accident that the lengthy circular was issued. That no employee might in the event of a mishap be able to say that he was not aware of the contemplated change, he was required to sign a receipt for the same, and he was given ample time to study it fully before it went into force. At the hour of the change many trains were on the road, and to avoid any accident these were compelled to wait at the nearest station until the hour arrived, when they took the new track. In some cases it meant the loss of a few minutes, but this would easily be made up before the trains reached their destination.

LATE WM. ATKINS' FUNERAL

Remains Interred in Woodland—Was a Pioneer Manufacturer.

The funeral of the late Wm. Atkins, who died on Saturday, took place this afternoon at 3 o'clock from the family residence to Woodland Cemetery. The service was conducted by Rev. Dyson Hague. Deceased is survived by his wife and a grown-up family, including two sons and two daughters—Edwin R. and Mrs. H. L. Milligan, abroad, and Fannie D. and Clarence J., at home.

The late William Atkins was born in Lunenburg, Cornwall County, England, on July 20, 1844. With his parents, the late Moses and Mary Atkins, he came to this city in 1853. He received his education here, and after attending the old grammar school, he obtained a position with the Great Western Railway Company. After spending a few years in the service of the company he went into business for himself as a cigar manufacturer, his being one of the first cigar factories to be started in this city. In the year 1866 he married Mary Jane, daughter of Henry Donnelly, a Grand Trunk Engineer.

Mr. Atkins, besides being a Mason, was a member of the I. O. F., I. O. O. F., the A. O. U. W., and was a life member of St. George's Society. He was also a veteran fireman.

A MEDICINE CHEST IN ITSELF—Only the well-to-do can afford to possess a medicine chest, but Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, which is a medicine chest in itself, being a remedy for rheumatism, lumbago, sore throat, colds, coughs, catarrh, asthma, and a potent healer of wounds, cuts, bruises, sprains, etc., is within the reach of the poorest, owing to its cheapness. It should be in every house.

OFFICERS HAD TO PAY FOR SUPPER

Beaten by Sergeants of Seventh in a Match at Cove Ranges on Saturday.

The officers of the Seventh Regiment had a rifle match with the sergeants at the cove ranges on Saturday afternoon. The stake was a supper for all of the contestants, and the officers had the pleasure of paying for it. The sergeants beat them by 49 shots. The conditions were not at all favorable for shooting, a thick haze with a bad and uncertain light having its effect. Some of the officers showed lack of practice. At the conclusion of the match the supper was served at the club house. Another match is contemplated, as the officers have the idea that they can yet defeat the sergeants.

Saturday's scores:

Officers	Sergeants	Total
Capt. McCrimmon	21	21
Capt. Little	23	27
Capt. Becher	20	20
Major Spry	20	30
Capt. Murphy	26	23
Capt. Taylor	23	20
Major Cronyn	23	20
Lieut. Bentley	24	23
Capt. Spittal	11	24
Major Hayes	23	21
Total	203	203

MORE RUMORS RE THE GRAND TRUNK

City Hall Gossip Says Another Effort Being Made to Arrange Conference.

There were rumors at the city hall today that an effort was again being made to bring the railway committee of the council and the Grand Trunk together to further talk over the question of the elevation of their tracks through the city. The rumors, however, could not be verified.

It was stated, however, that the railway is arranging for the purchase of a strip of land on the south side of the street railway company's tracks west of the Grand Trunk, in order that the tracks of the London street railway's Springfield line at that point might be moved over. The great question to be decided is whether the Grand Trunk will mean that the earth will extend on to the street railway property, and that provision must be made to move the trolley tracks over quite a distance. This will not be detrimental in any way to the street railway, but it will mean a benefit, as it will mean the wiping out of a curve.

The owner of one piece of land has already been approached by the Grand Trunk and a price agreed upon. The money may be paid over in a few days.

A strip about 2,000 feet long is to be purchased, although only about 800 feet of the electric line is to be shifted.

CONDENSED LOCAL NEWS

—Thomas, the only son of Dr. and Mrs. McNaughton, of the London Asylum, died this morning very suddenly. The child was 12 years of age.

—Alfred Pelne, a young vocalist of great promise, sang to a large congregation in the Askin Street Methodist Church last evening. Mr. Pelne's voice is a basso of ponderous weight and depth, of which great things are expected.

—Miss Ada Twohey, Mus. Bac., organist of St. Paul's Presbyterian Church, Hamilton, took charge of the musical service at the First Presbyterian Church last night. Miss Twohey is a young organist of extra ability, and accompanied the service with the taste and good feeling of experience.

—A special meeting of St. Andrew's Society will be held at Somerset this evening, for the joint purpose of discussing matters pertaining to the Scotch people, to be held on Thursday, July 26, at Port Stanley, and of questions in connection with the formation of the Canadian Club.

DEATH OF MR. R. REILLY.

The death has occurred of Mr. Richard Reilly, 804 Lorne avenue, city, late of Metcalfe, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Ferg. Huston, Ekfrid.

The funeral will take place on Tuesday, July 24, to Bethel Church, Metcalfe. Burial in Strathroy Cemetery.

DOG CATCHERS TO START.

The dog catchers will start on their rounds this week, Inspector McCallum announced today. The dog owners of London are not calling on the inspector as rapidly as they might, and the starting of the men with the net may stir them up a bit. Should this fail to have the desired effect, police court summonses will be resorted to. This generally makes the slow ones toe the mark.

BOYD-JOHNSON.

A very quiet but pretty wedding took place at St. Thomas recently, when Dr. W. Boyd, formerly of London, was united in marriage to Miss Jessie Johnson of Parkhill. After the ceremony the happy couple left for Tilbury, Detroit and other points. The young couple will be at home to their friends in Cayuga after Aug. 1. Dr. W. Boyd's young bride is visiting the doctor's parents, Wortley road.

Dr. T. H. Boyd, of Palmerston, is visiting his brother, Dr. H. Boyd, of Tilbury.

TEETHING TIME

is a critical period in baby's life, but it can be passed over with much greater safety if a little special attention is given to his diet. If there are any symptoms of digestive disorder you can quickly correct it with STRONG'S CARMINATIVE. Promptly relieves colic, prevents white mouth, regulates the bowels and is absolutely safe and harmless. Indorsed by the medical profession. Price, 25 cents.

Strong's Drug Store

184 DUNDAS STREET.

Strong's Baking Powder—used once, used always. Try it.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—Mrs. A. Anderson is at Thamesville, the guest of Mr. Wm. Anderson. Miss Rosabell Allen, of Rectory street, is holidaying with friends in Ingersoll.

—Master Tobie Gauld, has returned from Toronto, after a very pleasant week's stay.

—Miss Vera Shooethorn and Miss Mary Ball are the guests of friends in Stratford.

—Dr. R. D. Jarvis, dentist has returned after a two weeks' yachting trip on Lake Ontario.

—Dr. Melville A. Hudson, of Chicago, is the guest of Mrs. Hudson, of 233 Hyman street.

—Miss Mildred Cox, of the city, is at Glenworth, where she will spend the summer months.

—Miss Edna Lieter, of Winnipeg, is the guest of Miss Winnifred Woolat, of Colborne street.

—Miss Gertrude Finch and Miss Routledge, of this city, are the guests of friends at Thamesville.

—Miss Rosale Pittpatrick and Miss Lizette Avery, of this city, are spending a few days at Kincaidline.

—Master J. Leo Perkin, of 639 Dufferin avenue, has gone to Detroit to spend a visit with relatives and friends.

—Mrs. McTurk and daughter Isabel, of Lucan, have left for a six weeks' vacation to visit friends and relatives in Northern Michigan.

—Professor Henry Clark, of the West Side Musical College, Cleveland, is the guest of Mrs. Anderson, of Alexander street. Professor Clark is one of America's few bass viol soloists.

—Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ulrich, of Port Huron, are visiting friends in this city. Mrs. John Young of this city, is spending a few weeks in Port Stanley.

—Rev. C. Pilkey and wife, of Florence, have been here visiting their daughter, Mrs. Jack, and family.

—A. N. Doupe and L. Coombs, of the Craig Company staff, Ridgetown, will spend their holidays in London.

—Dr. H. Boyd, Government Inspector, has returned home, after spending a few days with his parents on Wortley road.

—Mr. C. H. Bapty and daughter Gertrude, of this city, have taken rooms at Grantham Cottage, Erie Rest, with Miss M. F. Hanson.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Thompson, and Miss L. Holmes, of Dundas street east, left today for a two weeks' trip up the lakes as far as Duluth.

—Dr. S. G. Gibson, of Langdon, North Dakota, is on a visit to the city. He notices many improvements in the appearance of the city since his last visit six years ago.

—Mrs. S. J. Staples, of Carman, Man., is visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Eccleston, 649 Dufferin avenue, after an absence of nine years in the west.

OPPOSITION AS A UNIT

Continued from Page One.

tionary congresses. It is quite likely that this authority was conferred in anticipation of the present contingency.

Rioting Commences.

Although minor rioting continued in the outskirts throughout the night, the city is superficially quiet this morning, but ominous forebodings of a coming storm are apparent on every hand. A correspondent of the city daily this morning, at every block he encountered reinforced patrols and met half a dozen squads of gendarmes with drawn swords, escorting little bands of arrested persons to prison. During the night made a tour of the city, and the rioting led out of the city have been placed under martial law and the gendarmes search the passengers and baggage on all trains for arms and political documents. Systematic military perquisitions for political agitators and especially members of the proletarian organizations are in full swing. Not only the Lauride Palace, but the gates of the park leading to it are closed and the surrounding streets are alive with gendarmes and secret police. With the regular garrison there are now more than 60,000 troops massed in the city.

LATER.

Viborg, July 23, 5:30 p.m.—The Governor of Viborg has just announced that he has been ordered by the Governor-General of Finland immediately to close the meeting of the members of Parliament, by military force if necessary. He informed M. Mourontseff that such meetings would not be allowed to be held anywhere in Finland.

London, July 23.—Israel Zangwill, president of the Jewish Territorial Organization, has received a telegram from Russian to the effect that the country is on the eve of new massacres of Jews which have been fixed for July 23, the anniversary of Russia's conversion to Christianity. Arms, it is stated, are being distributed, and leaflets are being scattered, inciting massacres in the name of religion. The message concludes with imploring the assistance of Jews who have been fixed for July 23, the anniversary of Russia's conversion to Christianity. Arms, it is stated, are being distributed, and leaflets are being scattered, inciting massacres in the name of religion. The message concludes with imploring the assistance of Jews who have been fixed for July 23, the anniversary of Russia's conversion to Christianity.

R. J. YOUNG & CO. | R. J. YOUNG & CO.

Made in Japan, Dyed and Finished in France

White Marseilles Quilts

On Sale Monday, 89c each. Exactly 34 of these to sell at the price quoted. Regular value \$1.25. Good full sizes.

Producing a silk unequalled for wear or appearance. Owing to the sharp advance in Jap Silks we do not expect to be able to continue our 75-inch silk at the special price 39c

Same quality, worth today 50c yard. The last shipment on old contract is now in stock, and while they last the price to you will be the same as all season, per yard 39c

Included in this lot is a range of Fancy Jap Silks, in cream, at same price. These are sold at 50c regularly in any store in Canada.

American Prints

Selling at 7½c for Light Ground, 8½c for Dark

Several cases of these washable cloths, mostly neat patterns and hair-line stripes. Extra quality cambric and absolutely fast colors.

CREAM WORSTED VESTINGS---The First of the New Fall Goods

All distinctly new patterns and more attractive than any previously shown at the price. Twenty-seven inches wide; wash like cotton stuffs; make elegant shirtwaist suits; would be splendid value at 50c. 43c Special, per yard

BLACK SILK RUCHING Worth 10c per yard. Sale price 50c per dozen yards.

NEW WHITE PETTICOATS ARRIVED TODAY Embroidery trimmed, lawn frills. Selling at \$1.00 to \$3.50.

HE WAS LOADED

And When Car Hit Curve Went Overboard and Was Badly Wounded.

A good-sized jag and the sudden turning of a trolley at the corner of Richmond and York streets were the cause of an accident to a street car patron on Saturday evening.

Needless to say it was a man who had accumulated the jag. In addition to his load taken over the bars, he had half a dozen bottles of ale wrapped up into these with no uncertain grip when the car struck the curve at York and Richmond. The man was thrown out on the back of the head which rendered him unconscious for a short time. The bottles were scattered broadcast, but only one of them was broken. A nearby doctor dressed the man's injuries and in a short time he was able to walk home, carrying his jag and his ale with him.

TAXES FLOWING IN

First Installment Due July 31—Pay Now and Get Discount.

The first installment of 1906 taxes is due on July 31, and already the office of Collector Hayes is beginning to prepare a busy appearance. Many taxpayers are already calling and paying the installment, while in numerous cases citizens have already squared themselves in full, thus getting the advantage of the discount.

The total taxes for the year amount to \$580,000, of which one-third falls due at the close of the month. But if the results of other years are experienced again, fully 60 per cent of the total amount will be in the city treasury on Aug. 1.

JAW WAS BROKEN

Serious Accident to a Five-Year-Old Girl on Rectory Street.

An accident of a very serious nature happened early this afternoon to a 5-year-old girl named Julia Ulla, who lives on Rectory street south. The child was crossing the road intending to visit a neighbor when she was struck by a horse and rig owned by Mr. Summers, a grocer, of the Hamilton road, and driven by a boy named Coppens.

The child was trampled upon, the injuries being chiefly to the face and head. She sustained a broken jaw, and was removed to the hospital.

A PIONEER PASSED AWAY

Death of Thomas S. Keays, of Hyde Park, in His 87th Year.

On the 20th inst., at his late residence in Hyde Park, Mr. Thomas S. Keays passed away at the advanced age of nearly 87 years. The funeral was one of the largest seen in that section for many years, as friends from miles around attended to pay their tributes of respect to the honored dead. Mr. Keays was born in 1819, about three miles south of St. Thomas, and for nearly 60 years resided near Hyde Park.

The services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Matthews, Methodist minister, of Arva, as Mr. Keays had been for many years a member and prominent worker of that church. He leaves a widow and eight children. Living in various parts of this country and the United States.

LONDON SIZZLES

Heat Troubles Aggravated by an Epidemic of Caterpillars.

London, July 23.—London has been sweeter under the most oppressive heat during the greater part of the week, the thermometer rising as high as 83 degrees in the shade and 123 in the sun. Even when the sun went down and darkness appeared the heat continued oppressive until last Thursday.

With hardly a breath stirring everybody sought the coolest place he could find, but the passerby in Hyde Park who didn't know the reason would be surprised at the spectacle he saw there.

Those who wanted to rest did so on open benches and chairs, under trees not be held on the same day, May 1, being deserted because Hyde Park is not a severe epidemic of when the people have not yet begun to leave Paris and the heat is not so intense as to prevent a review from being held in the afternoon.

RUSSELL SAGE

NOT A MEAN MAN

Henry Clews Certain There Will Be Substantial Bequests to Charity.

New York, July 23.—Dr. J. Carl Schmuck, the local physician attending Mr. Sage, said last night that, going by what he heard from Mr. Sage, on various occasions, he felt positive that Mr. Sage had left everything in his wife's control.

"I am practically sure of it," said Dr. Schmuck. "Although Mr. Sage is 76 years old, she is wonderfully well preserved, mentally and physically. Mr. Sage had often commented on this fact, and said that she would be quite capable of handling his property when he had gone."

Dr. Schmuck said that Mr. Sage had been very feeble mentally for several months.

There is probably no person in the financial world who was better acquainted with Mr. Sage than Henry Clews. The latter said last night: "Mr. Sage was undoubtedly the wealthiest man on the street. His fortune can be conservatively estimated at from \$5,000,000 to \$10,000,000."

"As to the disposition of his wealth I have no idea what provisions Mr. Sage made. I have no doubt, however, that there will be some charitable bequests. Mr. Sage was not a mean man, nor was he a miser. Like other wealthy men who have been in the value of economy, Mr. Sage began by saving his pennies, and the policy had been a part of his nature."

Financial disturbances which might possibly follow the removal from life of so important a factor in the great affairs of business have long been discounted, and every contract Mr. Sage had made in the lending of money in the last two years, has it is said, contained a clause stipulating that in the event of his death, the payment of the entire amount should then be demanded from that account. For his death, as in his life, Mr. Sage had provided against every human contingency which might injuriously affect the enterprises in which he was so active for a lifetime extraordinary in its length.

FRENCH ARMY REVIEW

Reported by C. N. Spencer, stockbroker, Market Lane, for The Advertiser.

New York, July 23.—The market opened active though somewhat lower with declines ranging from one quarter to one point. The heavy selling was largely due to room traders who were bearish in view of the early demoralized. After the first few minutes traders discovered their offerings were being well absorbed and in the standard issues there was evidence of buying by strong interests. Towards the noon hour the tone became slightly



Cleanliness our motto. If you want clean, wholesome meats, patronize our stores, Richmond street, next to post-office and Market Square.

THE CANADIAN PACKING COY.

LOCAL MARKET.
London, Monday, July 23.
There was a fairly active demand for the 15 days of hay offered; sales were made at \$2.40 and \$2.50 per ton. Straw sold at \$5.50 per ton; there were two loads on the stand.

DAIRY MARKETS.
LONDON.
London, July 23.—Business was at a standstill at the meeting of the London Dairymen's Exchange today. Eleven factories were represented, with a total of 1,744 boxes. Eleven cents was the prevailing bid, and as this was three-quarters of a cent lower than a week ago, factory-men preferred to wait until the market improved. The offerings were:

Boxes.	Price.
Blanshard and Massey's	120
Farmers' Union	120
Yarmouth Central	120
North Branch	120
Flinty	120
Arline	120
Malahide	120
Dunbyrne	120
West St. Louis	120
Ballymore	120
Belmont and Westminster	120

Total 1,744 boxes.
LIVERPOOL DAIRY REPORT, WEEK ENDING JULY 14, 1906.
(Hudson Bros. Letter.)

Cheese—Demand ruled good, and the market is to be 10d dearer. Notwithstanding the liberal arrivals, the stocks were well cleared, and the market is to be 10d dearer. Notwithstanding the liberal arrivals, the stocks were well cleared, and the market is to be 10d dearer. Notwithstanding the liberal arrivals, the stocks were well cleared, and the market is to be 10d dearer.

STOCK MARKETS.
TORONTO, July 23, 12:34 p.m.
Bank of Montreal, 100, 100 1/2; Bank of Toronto, 100, 100 1/2; Bank of Nova Scotia, 100, 100 1/2; Bank of Commerce, 100, 100 1/2; Bank of Montreal, 100, 100 1/2; Bank of Toronto, 100, 100 1/2; Bank of Nova Scotia, 100, 100 1/2; Bank of Commerce, 100, 100 1/2.

NEW YORK.
New York, July 23.—Butter—Steady and unchanged; receipts, 5,500 packages in price. Irish butter also in demand, where quality has improved. The market is to be 10d dearer. Notwithstanding the liberal arrivals, the stocks were well cleared, and the market is to be 10d dearer.

BROCKVILLE.
Brockville, July 23.—Six thousand three hundred and thirty boxes of cheese were offered on the board today; the sales were 800 white and 1,000 colored at 11 1/2c for both kinds.

WATERLOO.
Waterloo, July 23.—Cheese—Steady and unchanged; receipts, 5,500 packages in price. Irish butter also in demand, where quality has improved. The market is to be 10d dearer. Notwithstanding the liberal arrivals, the stocks were well cleared, and the market is to be 10d dearer.

YANKLEEK HILL.
Yankleek Hill, July 23.—There were 1,970 boxes of cheese offered and sold on the board today; the sales were 800 white and 1,000 colored at 11 1/2c for both kinds.

KEMPVILLE.
Kempville, Ont., July 23.—Cheese—Bidding at 11 1/2c; no sales.

ALEXANDRIA.
Alexandria, Ont., July 23.—At the cheese board meeting tonight, 37 boxes white and 123 colored, all sold; all sold; white, 11 1/2c; colored, 11 1/2c.

BELLEVILLE.
Belleville, Ont., July 23.—At the cheese board today offerings of 2,347 white and 600 colored; 600 sold at 11 1/2c; 750 at 11 1/2c, and 1,350 at 11 1/2c; balance sold on the curb at 11 1/2c.

RUSSELL.
Russell, Ont., July 23.—At the cheese board tonight, 37 boxes white and 123 colored, all sold; all sold; white, 11 1/2c; colored, 11 1/2c.

PRODUCE MARKETS.
TORONTO.
Toronto, July 23.—Wheat—Ontario easy, at 77c to 77 1/2c; spring, 77c to 77 1/2c; winter, 77c to 77 1/2c; Manitoba, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 1 northern and No. 2, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 3, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 4, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 5, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 6, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 7, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 8, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 9, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 10, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 11, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 12, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 13, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 14, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 15, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 16, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 17, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 18, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 19, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 20, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 21, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 22, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 23, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 24, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 25, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 26, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 27, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 28, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 29, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 30, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 31, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 32, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 33, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 34, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 35, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 36, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 37, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 38, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 39, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 40, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 41, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 42, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 43, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 44, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 45, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 46, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 47, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 48, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 49, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 50, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 51, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 52, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 53, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 54, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 55, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 56, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 57, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 58, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 59, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 60, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 61, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 62, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 63, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 64, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 65, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 66, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 67, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 68, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 69, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 70, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 71, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 72, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 73, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 74, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 75, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 76, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 77, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 78, 77c to 77 1/2c; No. 79, 77c to 77 1/2c; 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Wideawake People

are having their wall papering done this month. Be wise and do yours and be ready for the opening of the social season in the fall. Consult us today.

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Dymont-Baker Lumber Company.

ECONOMY

For the same amount of light the Nernst lamp requires only one-half the current taken by ordinary incandescent lamps. This means the running cost of electric lights has been reduced about 50 per cent by the introduction of the Nernst lamp.

LONDON ELECTRIC CO.
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Highest Grades of

BURNING OIL, LUBRICATING OIL

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should interest every scholar who is anxious to succeed. We give individual instruction in all branches. Pupils' new short course can be mastered in forty lessons.

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WALL PAPER

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES THIS MONTH

COLERICK BROS.

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Are Your Eyes

receiving the care and attention they deserve, or are you laying up trouble for yourself in the future?

Good glasses (Marshall's) will cure headaches, pains in and about the eyes, squinting, burning of print, feeling like sand in the eyes, and will straighten crooked eyes in children.

Examination free. Glasses from \$1.00 up

MARSHALL

The Experienced Optician,
264 DUNDAS STREET
Four Doors West From Wellington.
Look for the Name.

At the Miami University commencement at Hamilton, O., Senator Deliver, of Iowa, appeared as the principal speaker in the academic gown of a doctor of laws. The senator remarked that he felt as if he were in a bathing suit and peekaboo bonnet. When the audience laughed Senator Deliver turned to President Benson and said: "I have said nothing funny. I believe the people are laughing at my clothes." He then took off the gown and dropped it upon the floor, where it remained until he had finished.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

has been used for over THIRTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's."

Romance is like a play with it you are liable to be burned.

There is too little attention given to two mighty important words, "Don't tell."

It is a bad plan to seek to make a good impression by following every statement with an apology.

THE DEMON DYSPPEPSIA.—In olden times it was a popular belief that demons moved invisibly through the ambient air, to enter into men and trouble them. At the present day the demon seeking habitation in those who by careless or unwise living invite him. And once he enters, it is difficult to dislodge him. He that finds himself so possessed should know that a valiant foe to do battle for him with the unwinning foe is Farmstead's Vegetable Pills, which are ever ready for the trial.

Canada Trust Co.

Managed in connection with Huron and Erie L. and S. Company.

acts as EXECUTOR and TRUSTEE under wills or ADMINISTERS the Estates of those WHO HAVE DIED WITHOUT MAKING A WILL at the same rate of compensation as private persons receive. Family solicitor retained. No bond from relatives required. Correspondence and personal interviews invited.

G. A. SOMERVILLE
MANAGING DIRECTOR
HURON AND ERIE BUILDING,
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DR. JARVIS, Dentist
Dundas Street, London.

In Dorchester Every Wednesday

QUALITY STORE

closed all day

Wednesday—

Grocers' Picnic

to Detroit.

HARRY RANAHAN

Pearl Necklets

are very much in vogue just now. They are very pretty and tidy, and show off to excellent advantage when worn with a low neck dress. Our stock is sure to please you. Prices 40c to \$3.50.

W. G. YOUNG

DIAMOND HALL,
214 Dundas. 674 Dundas.

LONDON AND DISTRICT

—The annual picnic of All Saints' Sunday school will be held at Port Stanley tomorrow. The scholars and teachers go to the lakeside on the 9:30 a.m. train.

SWELLED UNION RANKS

Ten New Members Received by Local Branch of Bricklayers and Masons.

An open meeting of the local branch of the International Bricklayers' and Masons' Union was held on Saturday afternoon, when ten new members were received. This means that practically all of the bricklayers and masons of the city are now identified with the union.

The meeting was the result of the visit to the city of Fourth Vice-President Iard, of the International Union, and it was stated today that the chief aim of the local union in taking in the new members is to abolish what is known as the open shop. There is no question of wages between the union and the employers. It appears that in the past bricklayers have come to the city to work and have not joined the union simply because it was not necessary, and the organization now feels that it is in a position to get every man in the ranks and secure the same wages for all.

The union charges same of the contractors with discouraging men from joining the union in the past and paying them less than the union scale.

MANAGER WILL HEAR MEN

Dismissed Street Railway Employees To Be Given Another Hearing.

The street railway situation remains unchanged. On Saturday afternoon Manager King met a committee of the employees, and further discussed the recent dismissal of the three men whose reinstatement is being sought. The result of the meeting was that by Manager King to hear the men personally, and if they had any new reasons to advance why they should again be taken into the service of the company.

At a meeting of the union motormen and conductors on Saturday night, the result of the interview was announced, and it was agreed to defer action until tomorrow night, when another meeting of the men will be held. In the meantime the dismissed employees will wait on the street railway manager.

Mr. Mangus Sinclair, the International Street Railway Union officer, of Toronto, stated to the Advertiser yesterday that the union was still hopeful of a settlement being reached.

Lame Joints Quickly Limbered.

All they need is rubbing with Nervine. It takes out stiffness and rheumatism in the worst cases. Powerful, penetrating and safe, you can't get a Poison's Nervine. Sold in 25c bottles.

These are delightful evenings for a drive in Hueston's carriages.

An Easy Worker

That's our silver polish. No fuss about it either. Sells at a quarter and guaranteed satisfaction.

SUMNER

THE JEWELER

387 Richmond Street

FRUIT FROM LAWSON'S

means the best. Tea and Coffee from Lawson's means the best and the cheapest.

JOHN LAWSON

Grocer, Etc.
Phone 565. 251 Dundas Street

Good Grooming Of the Hands.

To have nice finger nails does not mean that you must have them attended to each time they need it by an expert. There is a lot of manouring you can do yourself. Go to an expert every now and then, and the balance of the time take care of your finger nails yourself.

You can buy all the necessary implements from us. We carry a full line of nail brushes—curved or straight; files of all sizes, also buffers, pomades—in fact, everything that is needed. Come and examine them.

Ask for a free sample of our Nail Polish.

Cairncross & Lawrence

Chemists and Druggists,
216 Dundas Street, London, Ont.

Summer Hats

FOR THE SUMMER MAN

Straws and Light Felts.

BELTZ'S

FURS STORED FOR SUMMER.

LUNGS PIERCED; M'LEOD MAY DIE

Thrown from the Rig by Horse, Which Bolted at an Automobile.

Caesar McLeod, of 484 St. James street was very badly injured last night on Queen's avenue, in a runaway. His chest was crushed and he received internal injuries.

McLeod was driving a colt along Queen's avenue, near Waterloo, when an automobile approached. The horse gave no signs of fright as the machine came up, and the chauffeur did not stop as is usually done in cases of this kind. When the car got close to the animal, the latter shied very quickly and reared madly to the curb. McLeod had no time to check the horse and when the rig crashed into the curb he was thrown out and became entangled in the wheels. The horse was stopped and McLeod was taken out of the wreckage.

Dr. Stevenson was called and the injured man was removed to his home. His condition was found to be serious. His chest was crushed and a couple of his upper ribs were broken. The lungs were pierced and were considerably congested. It appears that the driver of the auto, as well as McLeod, was deceived by the action of the horse. It all happened in an instant.

PICNICKED AT LAMBETH

Ald. Gerry's Employees Spent Day at Alexandra, Near Lambeth.

The fifth annual picnic of the employees of Gerry's planing mill was held on Saturday afternoon at the new Alexandra Park at Lambeth, and a most enjoyable time was spent. After a splendid programme of sports was carried out dinner was served. In the evening the band of the Twenty-sixth Regiment gave a splendid concert, which was attended by a very large crowd.

Following are the names of the winners of the races:

Boys' and girls' race, under 6 years—1 Ernest Gerry, 2 Milton Clinger, 3 Geo. Parsons.

Boys under 9—1 Ernest Gerry, 2 Roy Stinson, 3 Ernest Chapman.

Girls under 9—1 Mildred Dingle, 2 Marjory Stinson, 3 Jessie Kipp.

Boys' race, under 12—1 Charles O'Rourke, 2 Wm. Bissle, 3 William O'Rourke, 4 William Dingle.

Girls' race, under 12—1 Jessie Kipp, 2 Eva Vernon, 3 Elsie Wallace, 4 Verna Barber.

Boys under 15—1 Ernest O'Rourke, 2 William O'Rourke, 3 Cliff Martin.

Girls under 15—1 Irene Stinson, 2 Eva Dingle, 3 Verna Barber.

Single ladies' and gentlemen's team race—1 E. Dingle and Miss Irene Stinson, 2 Walt Wallace and Miss Brown, 3 Tom Sleaman and Miss Lang.

Married men, under 35—1 Jack Bruce, 2 Tom Gerry, 3 John O'Rourke.

Married men, over 35—1 Alex. Wallace, 2 McLean Stinson.

Married ladies over 35—1 Mrs. O'Rourke, 2 Mrs. Herbert Alford, 3 Mrs. Walter Parsons.

Married ladies under 35—1 Mrs. Barber, 2 Mrs. Gerry, 3 Mrs. Clinger.

Ladies' and gentlemen's collar and tie race—1 Jack Bruce and Miss Brown, 2 Tom Gerry and Mrs. Clinger, 3 Fred Wallace and Myrtle Nugent.

Gentlemen's bun-eating contest—1 Fred Wallace, 2 Wm. O'Rourke.

Messrs. F. Ball, McLean Stinson and J. Boyce. There was nothing to mar the pleasure of the day, and all returned home tired and happy.

If you are wanting something new and novel in the souvenir postal line, something artistic, original and high-class, see our lines. Red Star News Company, 8 Market Lane, city.

Hot weather specialties at Smythe's. Cold bottled ham, chicken, turkey, olives, pickles, sardines, etc. Phone 1291. Hyman and Richmond.

NEW COMPANY ARRIVES

Change of Talent at the Springbank Summer Theater.

Patrons of the Springbank Theater will this week see performances by a new company of players, tonight and two succeeding nights, "A Wife's Honor," a society drama that has taken well in many of the large cities across the line, is to be presented, with the comedy-drama, "The Gambler's Sweetheart," the remainder of the week.

Between the acts extra specialties will be introduced, including moving pictures, illustrated songs, a dancing soubrette and a black-face comedian.

If the new company is as good as that which closed its engagement on Saturday night, it will be sure to please.

The management of the theater has placed a canvas canopy over the theater. This will mean that performances can be given every evening, regardless of the weather conditions.

LOCAL CHURCH NOTES

Rev. F. Cornish, curate of Trinity Church, St. Thomas, and a graduate of Huron College, conducted the services at St. Matthew's Church, East London, yesterday in the absence of the rector, Rev. Wm. Lowe, who is holidaying.

Wednesday will be the 35th anniversary of Rev. Canon Damm's ordination as deacon. The occasion will be marked by holy communion in St. Paul's at 10:30 a.m.

The choir of Knox Church, South London, was yesterday occupied by Rev. Mr. Henderson. The pastor, Rev. J. G. Stuart, is in Toronto.

The choir of St. James' Church, South London, under the direction of Mr. F. Willgoose, the new organist, is increasing in a satisfactory manner. There were 23 members of the choir present yesterday.

Rev. I. G. Perdue, the newly-appointed curate of St. Paul's Cathedral, occupied the pulpit at the cathedral last evening, and preached a very thoughtful and forceful sermon. Mr. Perdue is a comparatively young man, and a talented lecturer.

POUNDED BIG CHIEF

Micmac Squaw Nearly Kills Husband and Chief of Tribe.

Frederick N. B. July 21.—Chief Antony Sacobie is still titular head of the New Brunswick Micmacs, but practically he is dethroned, and his wife reigns in his stead. Incidentally it may be mentioned that Mrs. Sacobie weighs 220 pounds, and that the nominal chief is lying at death's door as a result of a terrible beating she gave him today.

Yesterday Mrs. Sacobie, who has opinions of her own, went to a picnic and left the old man at home. The chief followed later and tried to bring her home, but received a beating which nearly killed him. The big squaw picked up a club from the side of the road and pounded her lord and master over the head, shoulders and arms. Antony also says that she used a big knife, and his head was badly cut.

It was only the timely arrival of a couple of men that stopped the commission of a murder instead of an unmerciful assault. Mary Sacobie is now thought to be nearing St. John, on her way through to Nova Scotia, via the highway road.

It's Evils We I Know

The bane of the race is constipation, but its cure is easily accomplished by Dr. Hamilton's Pills. "Just the right thing," writes Mrs. W. Edith, of New York City. "They go to work at once, and I use only Dr. Hamilton's Pills." Price 25c per box, everywhere.

Reserving Accommodation in Sleeping and Parlor Cars.

A number of the railway companies, including the Grand Trunk Railway system and Canadian Pacific Railway, have decided to commence August 1 to adopt a new rule and ask the support of the public in carrying it out. Great difficulty has been experienced in the past by intending passengers making reservations, and not claiming same or giving any notice that they had changed their minds, and considerable loss has been sustained by railway companies in providing cars and even extra section for trains that were not required.

The new rule provides that sleeping and parlor car reservations made on verbal or city telephone applications unless paid for in advance will not be held later than two hours prior to the departure of train for cars scheduled to leave between 7 p.m. and 10 a.m.

As the companies will redeem tickets presented to agent from whom purchased or station ticket agent at some places prior to departure of train for which they were sold, any passenger who for some reason cannot make trip as intended will be protected against loss.

NEW YORK EXCURSIONS.

Aug. 15 is the date of the West Shore excursion from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo to New York. Rate \$8, round trip. Tickets good returning up to and including Aug. 30.

There is a round trip, from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo, to New York, via Albany and New York, without extra charge. New York Central, "America's Greatest Railroad," will run a 15-day excursion on Aug. 28, rate \$10, round trip, from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo. Full particulars from L. Drago, Canadian Passenger Agent, 60% Yonge street, Toronto.

Buy your picnic supplies from Smythe, Hyman and Richmond streets. Phone 1291.

A firm in Wichita, Kas., which handles many eggs and consequently has many broken, has hit upon a novel plan of carrying these broken. They are put up in ten-pound tin cans and kept frozen until used. They are sold principally to bakers and candy manufacturers.

WE HAVE THE GREATEST ASSORTMENT OF NICE THINGS FOR PICNICS

Peanut Butter, glass . . . 15c and 25c
Ham and Tongue Paste (pure), 2 tins 25c
Condensed Milk and Cream, tin 15c
Olives and Pickles, picnic sizes, bottle 15c
Biscuits (packages and by the pound).
Fruit Syrups (assorted flavors).
Telephones 317 and 1866.

T. A. ROWAT & CO.

234 Dundas Street.

THE GIANTS DROP STILL ANOTHER

Champions Now in Third Place in the National League Race.

IN THE NATIONAL Saturday's Games.

At Pittsburgh—R. H. E.
New York 000 010 000—2 6 0
Pittsburgh 000 000 000—0 0 0

Batteries—Taylor and Bresnahan; Lynch and Gibson. Umpires, O'Day and Emmelle.

At Cincinnati—
Cincinnati 000 000 100 00—1 5 0
Cincinnati 000 000 001—2 5 0

Batteries—Sparks and Dootin; Fraser and Schell. Umpires, Carpenter and Conway.

At Chicago—
Brooklyn 000 000 000 00—3 7 1
Chicago 000 000 000—0 0 0

Batteries—Stricklett and Bergen; Brown and Kling. Umpire, Klem.

At St. Louis—
Boston 001 000 000 00—1 6 2
St. Louis 101 000 000—6 7 1

Batteries—Pfeffer and O'Neill; Brown and Grady. Umpire, Johnston.

Sunday's Games.

At Chicago—
Chicago 010 000 000—4 5 3
Brooklyn 000 000 000—3 7 1

Batteries—Pfeffer and O'Neill; Brown and Grady. Umpire, Johnston.

At St. Louis—
St. Louis 001 000 000—1 6 2
Boston 101 000 000—6 7 1

Batteries—Pfeffer and O'Neill; Brown and Grady. Umpire, Johnston.

At Cincinnati (first game)—
Cincinnati 011 101 017—13 18 2
Philadelphia 000 000 000—2 5 3

Batteries—Weimer and Schell; Ritchie and Dootin.

At Cincinnati (second game)—
Cincinnati 033 010 014—10 11 1
Philadelphia 000 000 000—3 7 1

Batteries—Ewing and Schell; Pittinger, Roy and Donovan. Umpires, Conway and Carpenter.

NATIONAL STANDING.

Won. Lost. P.C.

Chicago 51 26 .704

Pittsburgh 50 29 .633

New York 52 30 .633

Philadelphia 42 46 .477

Cincinnati 40 46 .465

Brooklyn 33 45 .423

St. Louis 34 55 .382

Boston 28 57 .329

IN THE EASTERN.

Saturday's Games.

At Rochester—R. H. E.
Newark 000 000 000—3 7 2
Rochester 000 000 000—0 0 0

Batteries—Fertich and McAuley; Case and Carrish. Umpire, Moran.

At Montreal—
Montreal 000 000 000—1 4 10 0
Montreal 000 000 000—0 5 3

Batteries—Akins and Barton; Pappalau and Dillie. Umpire, Joe Page.

At Buffalo (first game)—
Buffalo 200 013 000—6 11 2
Buffalo 200 013 000—0 0 0

Batteries—Hardy and Barton; Brockett and McAllister. Umpires, Kerins and Conahan.

At Toronto—
Jersey City 101 102 000—6 15 4
Toronto 000 000 010—2 7 0

Batteries—McCann and Butler; McGinley, Mitchell and Wood.

Sunday's Games.

At Montreal—Montreal 6, Baltimore 2.