

He's All Right!

Mr. Gladstone Showed No Signs of a Breakdown.

St. Paul's, London, the Scene of Considerable Rioting.

Eighteen Men Devoured by Wolves in the Caucasus.

Conference of the Independent Labor Party at Manchester—Not in Touch With Anarchists—Moslems Lynched at Crete.

A Monument to Bismarck.

BERLIN, Feb. 4.—The movement to erect a monument in honor of Prince Bismarck in front of the new Reichstag buildings is being pushed forward, and it is hoped that the cornerstone will be laid on April 1.

Victory for the Insurgents.

BUENOS AYRES, Feb. 4.—A dispatch from Brazil confirms the report that the insurgents have captured the Government transport Itapu. The insurgent cruiser Republica compelled her to surrender and to haul down her flag. Admiral Goncalves, who was aboard the Itapu, was made a prisoner.

Balmacedas Worsted.

BUENOS AYRES, Feb. 4.—A dispatch from Santiago, Chili, says that a number of Chileans who served as officers under the late President Balmaceda made an attack the other day on the artillery quarters in Santiago. The attack was repelled and five of the assailants killed. Many arrests were made.

Almost a Duel.

BERLIN, Feb. 4.—The report is widely circulated in Parliamentary circles that a duel was near at hand between Count Herbert von Bismarck and Count von Holstein, of the Foreign Office, and that it was only prevented by the mediation of prominent men, who pointed out that this was not the time to create a new excitement.

Devoured by Wolves.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—A dispatch to the Standard from Odessa says: The weather in the Caucasus for several days has been fearfully cold. The principal ports on the Caspian Sea are ice-bound. The wolves have become unusually fierce as the result of the cold, and eighteen men have been overthrown and devoured by these animals near Erivan.

Probably Lost With All on Board.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Feb. 4.—Three weeks ago a vessel that had been purchased in the United States to be used as a warship by Gen. Mangat in his proposed attempt to overthrow President Hippius of Haiti, sailed from an American port. Since that time she has not been heard of, and it is believed she has been lost at sea, probably with all on board of her.

The Power of the Pope.

ROME, Feb. 4.—Count Soderini, privy chamberlain of the Pope, is about to publish a pamphlet entitled "Rome and the Government During 25 Years." His argument is based on the lines followed by the Pope's address of Jan. 28 concerning the recent disturbances in Sicily and Italy. He urges that it is essential to the real liberty of the people that the Pope recover the temporal power over Rome.

Discount Rates.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—Rates of discount last week were 2 for three months, and 1½ for 30 days. The foreign demand for gold was dormant. Silver was in small demand, and the tendency of prices was downward. Business on the Stock Exchange decreased in volume, although prices were fairly maintained, as there was no pressure to sell. Consols rose ½. Prices of American railroad securities were little improved by the passage of the Wilson tariff bill, but there is a general expectation of permanent betterment.

Prince Bismarck and Herbert Are Out.

BERLIN, Feb. 4.—Count Herbert Bismarck is in discord with his father as regards the attitude of friendly neutrality just adopted by the Prince toward the Government. Count Herbert's special organ is the Munich Allgemeine Zeitung, which the Hamburger Nachrichten (the Prince's organ) yesterday accused of making statements injurious to the old Chancellor. There has been no rupture between father and son, but Count Herbert is known to feel bitterly that the Emperor has gained much by the reconciliation, while the Prince's influence has been lessened.

Rioting in London.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—A sharp encounter took place yesterday in front of St. Paul's Cathedral between the police and a body of unemployed Hebrews. About 250 idle Hebrews marched to the cathedral and attempted to enter. The police drove them back, the crowd resisting. The police were compelled to use their batons, and twelve of the riotous crowd were injured to such an extent it was deemed best to send them to hospitals for treatment. Repulsed at the cathedral, the crowd proceeded to Trafalgar Square, where an impromptu meeting was held. Three of the speakers who addressed the crowd had blood-stained bandages about their heads.

Moslems Lynched.

ATHENS, Feb. 4.—The execution of four Christians for various crimes in the Island of Crete has incensed the Christians in the island against the Government.

Their indignation is increased by the fact that several Musselmans who were convicted of capital charges have been reprieved.

Two Musselmans were found hanging to the trees near Salin recently, and it is thought they were executed by Christians who were enraged at the treatment accorded to their comrades.

The lynching of these two men led to wholesale arrests, and the fanaticism of both sexes has been aroused. All the

foreign consuls in Canes, except the Russian representative, have protested against the execution of the Christians.

The British Labor Party.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—The conference of the Independent Labor party ended in Manchester yesterday. James Keir Hardie, M.P., presided over the final session. A motion that the conference repudiate all sympathy and relations with the Anarchists was the beginning of a heated discussion. Keir Hardie participated in it to say that it would not do to call on another names, and that while Anarchist and Socialist methods differed, it might be that the Anarchists were more zealous than other reformers. Eventually the motion was amended so as to declare that inasmuch as constitutional methods were remedying the condition of the working-men, the Independent Labor party would not ally itself with any party adopting other methods.

Anarchist Vaillant's Doom.

PARIS, Feb. 4.—Persons living near the Prison de la Roquette watched eagerly all day for signs of the approaching execution of Auguste Vaillant, the Anarchist who threw a bomb in the Chamber of Deputies on Dec. 9.

At 9 o'clock a mounted messenger from the Ministry of Justice delivered a sealed packet to Chief Warden Buu of the Roquette Prison. Just after midnight a messenger from the prefecture of police entered the prison office and told the group of newspaper men chatting there that the execution would take place at daybreak.

At 1:45 o'clock 500 policemen entered the Place de la Roquette by two routes. They placed the barriers to keep back the expected mob. At 2:40 o'clock two battalions of Republican guards preceded by a drum corps marched to the prison. They were followed by a company of mounted guards, and soon afterward by another battalion of infantry. All took positions in the square.

No Sign of Decay.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—The British Medical Journal publishes notes of an interview held in 1893 with the late Sir Andrew Clark, who was Mr. Gladstone's physician, which notes, the paper says, it has not hitherto thought desirable to disclose. The occasion of the interview was the former report that Mr. Gladstone was about to retire from office. Sir Andrew said Mr. Gladstone displayed no signs whatever of a breakdown; he still had the freshness, elasticity and vigor of youth. His muscular and arterial systems were extraordinary. He possessed well-preserved force of energy and versatility of nervous powers far beyond that of an ordinary man in the prime of life. Above all he had inestimable power, acquired partly by habit and partly the result of the admirable balance of his nervous system, of sleeping long and well throughout the night, however agitating the events of the day may have been. To Mr. Gladstone, Sir Andrew added, work is not exhausting but is restorative. It is his true stimulus and keeps him young and vigorous. Sir Andrew further said he would never advise Mr. Gladstone to retire from office. It would not prolong his life, but would rather have the opposite effect.

THE WIND'S WORK.

A Church Blown Down and Many People Hurt.

The Steamer Gallia's Rough Experience—Tornado at Columbus, Miss.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—The Gallia, of the Cunard Line, arrived at her dock yesterday morning after an extremely tempestuous voyage. On Jan. 21 she broke a spindle and had to lay to for repairs. On Jan. 30 she met a cyclone accompanied by tremendous seas, and while no serious damage occurred further than the loss of a lifeboat or two the ship labored heavily, and several of her crew were injured.

COLUMBUS, Miss., Feb. 4.—The most disastrous storm that has ever visited this section swept over this city at 5 o'clock last evening. In the immediate vicinity scarcely a fence is left standing, and the sidewalks are blockaded with fallen trees. A large portion of the roof of the cotton factory was blown away.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Feb. 4.—A wind and rain storm which passed over Birmingham last night blew down the Congregational Church at Gate City, six miles from here. The Christian Endeavor Society, composed of 30 women and children, was holding a meeting at the time. The roof crashed in on them, burying them beneath the debris. Nearly every person in the building was more or less hurt. The serious casualties were: Mrs. R. S. Pritchett, leg broken and internally injured; wife of Mrs. James Niles, internally injured; Will die; Charles Olson, thigh broken, probably fatally. The others are not seriously hurt. The building was a small frame structure or many would have been killed.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Feb. 4.—Further details of last night's storm, which swept over this section of North Alabama, show the damage to have been far greater than at first supposed.

At North Birmingham a dozen houses were blown down. James Smith, a railroad section foreman, was fatally wounded by the roof of his house falling in. His wife and children escaped with less serious injury.

At Eastlake road three houses were blown down. The worst damage was at Galathea, where the Congregational church was blown down. The Christian Endeavor Society, with 50 persons in attendance, was holding a meeting, and not one of them escaped unhurt. Mrs. R. H. Pritchard was crushed by falling beams and died at midnight. She was the wife of the superintendent of the Alabama rolling mills, and her home was at Ironton, Ohio. A young man named Williams died to-day from his injuries.

The Congressional Programme.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The Tariff Bill having been for a time retired to the seclusion of a Senate committee room, the features of the week in Congress will be votes on the bill to repeal the federal election laws, the McCarty Hawaiian resolution, and perhaps the Stewart resolution declaring against the proposed treasury bond issue.

Steamships Arrived.

From	At	From	At
Wassland	London	New York	Feb. 4.
Taurina	New York	Hamburg	Feb. 4.
Eden	New York	Bremen	Feb. 4.

The Brave Old Man

Wanted His Physician to Remove a Cataract from His Eye.

The Foolish Lords Sealing Their Own Fate

By Distranchising the Rural Laborers—England Not Satisfied with the Khedive's Apology—A Strange Mistake—The Czar's Wish—Cable Sparks.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—Just after Mr. Gladstone left London for Biarritz, he, or perhaps one of the family, sent for Dr. Granger, of Chester, a physician who is also an oculist. It was Dr. Granger who attended him at the time when the gingerbread nut was thrown at him and struck and slightly injured one eye. Now that Sir Andrew Clark is gone, Dr. Granger probably knows more of Mr. Gladstone's constitutional peculiarities than anybody else. He saw him at his house in Downing street the day before he started. He told Mr. Gladstone, not, I suppose, for the first time, that a cataract had entirely obliterated the sight of one eye, and that another cataract had begun to form on the other eye. This last statement was perhaps new to the Prime Minister. He reflected a moment and said: "I wish you to remove the cataract at once."

Dr. Granger told him it was not yet far enough advanced for an operation.

"You do not understand me," replied his illustrious patient. "It is the old cataract I wish removed. If that is out of the way, I shall still have one good eye when the new cataract impairs the sight of the other."

Dr. Granger hesitated. Mr. Gladstone continued: "You still seem not to understand me. I want you to perform the operation, here and now, while I am sitting in this chair." Dr. Granger still objected. "It might not be successful," said he.

"That is a risk I accept," retorted the gallant old man.

In the end Dr. Granger, saying that the responsibility must be his as a medical man, declined, giving such reasons as he could. The true reason probably was that such an operation on a patient of Mr. Gladstone's age was too dangerous. It was not performed, but who could be more admirable than the courage and resolution he showed?

The Khedive's Penitence Insufficient.

English public opinion is but ill-satisfied with the Khedive's apology for his conduct upon British officers, and still less with what is now called the palace version of the incident. If there be anything satisfactory in the matter, it is that the French seem to have had no share in the Khedive's indiscretion. The whole European population of Egypt recognizes the danger involved in an attack upon the army by the ruler of Egypt. It is a direct instigation to mutiny, and nobody wants another Arabi episode. Probably Lord Cromer's illness is responsible for the rather prolonged uncertainty as to what is to be the upshot of the whole matter. The Khedive, though mildly apologetic, is clearly not penitent. Clearly, also, he has a temper, and gives way to it. He is resentful under English control. He is angry with his Minister, because they are in submission. His mind is saturated with the notion that Egypt is the Khedive, and that he himself can govern. He even shows impatience of the Sultan's suzerainty, and tolerates but moodily the continued presence of Muehtar Pacha in Cairo. Altogether it is probably true that the eventual necessity of deposing him has been seriously considered.

The Foolish Lords.

In dealing with the Parish Councils' Bills the House of Lords has destroyed in two nights the constructive labors of the House of Commons in 40 sittings. The measure is now so mangled that it is impossible for the Government to accept it. Nor is there any hope of a compromise, unless the Tory peers abandon their leading amendment—a course which would brand them with greater imbecility and vacillation than they have yet shown. Lord Salisbury has been described as a lath painted so as to look like iron, but he would show himself to be a mere reed if he should bow to the Government, which will not accede to any one of the principal Conservative amendments. The peers seem bound to a fate which their incessant provocation of trouble with the Commons must eventually prepare for them. Some Unionist journals express astonishment at the fatuity of the Upper House. The only gleam of common sense shown in that body came from the Liberal-Unionist leader, the Duke of Devonshire, and a few of his colleagues, who voted with the Government against the proposal to deprive the bulk of agricultural laborers of their franchise. The most discreditable exhibition in the debate was made by the bishops, 32 of whom voted to exclude parish meetings from schoolrooms, in the face of proof that such a course would drive the men to the public houses on all political occasions. The Liberals will make this action of the Lords their most effective weapon in the campaign to come.

The Czar's Wish.

Not long ago there was a discussion before the Czar and his courtiers on the distinctive name which it would be proper to give him. It was remarked that his father was known as "The Liberator" and "The Martyr." A courtier proposed to call Alexander III. "The Just." "Oh, no," the Czar exclaimed, "I am and shall remain the peasant emperor. Some of my nobility have styled me so in derision, scoffing for my affection for the moujik. But I accept the title as an honor. I have tried to procure for the humble the means of livelihood, and this, I think, is the best and only means of keeping the world going. After all, I believe that only two men have really known what socialism is—Henry IV., who dreamed of giving every peasant a poule a pot, and perhaps myself, whose greatest ambition is to save the Russian peasant

from dying of hunger. For when people understand that they run no danger of starvation they begin to bless God and end by loving the sovereign who represents him on earth. I am not among those who believe that the only way of ruling easily is to make the people powerless by privation and fear of the morrow, and my greatest ambition is to deserve to bear to the last the title of the Peasant Czar."

Sixty Miles of Locusts.

The African Steamship Company's steamer "Winnebago," which recently arrived from West Africa at Liverpool, had a most unusual experience when steaming between the latitudes of Cape Verde and St. Louis, Senegal. For 60 miles the vessel steamed through locusts, which were so thickly packed together on the top of the water that they completely covered the surface for miles around; indeed, they appeared to be lying on the sea as far as the eye could reach. The locusts had, no doubt, been blown from the Morocco coast into the sea. They resembled gigantic grasshoppers, and one which was secured was five inches in length and of course all of the locusts had been drowned.

A Biography of Thackeray.

The death of Mrs. Thackeray has re-awakened the public desire for a proper biography of the novelist. Those which have hitherto appeared are merely sketches of his life, unsatisfying, and only whetting the appetite for more. The few reminiscences of her father which Mrs. Richmond Ritchie recently published almost seem to imply that the difficulties hitherto standing in the way might now be easily overcome. The story, however, has always been more or less in circulation that he forbade his family to write a life of him, and if so, the parental wish will be sacred to his surviving relatives. But the life of Thackeray will one day be written, and it will be a misfortune to literature if it is not written until all his intimate friends have passed away.

Buddhism in Paris.

A fresh propaganda of Buddhism is being undertaken in Paris. It is asserted that 30,000 Parisians now profess the ancient religion. Many well-known women describe themselves as eclectic Buddhists. A little volume giving a summary of the doctrine of the new creed has just been printed, and large numbers have been bought by wealthy neophytes and will be distributed next week among all classes. Converts are not expected to desert the churches of which they are members. Copies of the book have been bound in black morocco and gilded to resemble prayer books used in the Roman Catholic churches. The converts will use the books for the general edification during the services.

A Strange Mistake.

One of the strangest mistakes of official red tape was told in a London district court this week. A man who was unable to support his invalid wife at home secured her admission into an infirmary seven years ago. He paid 5 shillings weekly for her maintenance till a few weeks ago when he learned that the woman died a few days after entering, and he had been a widower for seven years. Instead of punishing his conjugal neglect by the loss of seven years of contributions the magistrate ordered the authorities to repay the full sum.

Cable Notes.

Sir Henry Ponsonby, the Queen's private secretary and general right-hand man, is seriously ill. The Queen is deeply concerned for his condition, and visits him daily at Osborne Cottage.

Americans who know the terrors of the English Channel will sympathize with the fate of five elephants which were taken across in rough weather on Thursday. All the animals were violently seasick. The biggest died in mid-channel. Another expired on landing.

Frenchmen are alarmed to discover the sharp decline in thrift of their country. The savings bank deposits have shrunk more than 16 per cent. in two years. Inquiries are being made, and the officers of the bank say that the withdrawal of deposits express feelings, not of insecurity, but of discontent.

The birth of a son to Prince Ferdinand of Sofia has caused an outburst of extravagant jubilation in the country. The palace yard has been thronged night and day by his singing, dancing, electioneering subjects. His royal daddy, in spite of the nurse's protests, has persisted in dangling him at the window several times a day to the frantic delight of the cheering crowds. The whole municipality has taken a week's holiday and the rejoicing has been so spontaneous and unrestrained that the nation found the spectacle a welcome relief from the solemn croakings about war.

CUPID'S QUICK WORK.

Leaves a Would-Be Bride and Marries Another.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., Feb. 4.—Giles Corey, head clerk at the Michigan Central freight office, and Miss Allie Westbrook, daughter of Dr. M. Westbrook, were married by Rev. R. R. Claiborne yesterday morning. She procured a marriage license and went with a hack to his office and they were married.

The bride, it is alleged, stole a march on Miss Emilie Harrigan, an accomplished elocutionist, to whom Cory was to be wedded at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

ALL MEN

Young, old or middle-aged, who find themselves nervous, weak and exhausted, who are broken down from excess or overwork, resulting in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, times of night palpitation of the heart, emissions, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, headaches, pimples on the face and body, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eyelids and elsewhere, backfulness, deposits in the urine, loss of will power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, fullness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes, surrounded with LEADEN CIRCLES, oily looking skin, etc., are all symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity unless cured. The spring of vital force having lost its tension every function wanes in consequence. Those who through abuse committed in ignorance, may be permanently cured. Send your address and 10c in stamps for book on diseases peculiar to man, sent sealed. Address M. V. LUDON, 24 Macdonnell Avenue, Toronto, Ont., Canada.

Please mention this paper.

People can't account for the strange turn of affairs.

The preparations for the Corey-Harrigan wedding had all been made. Miss Harrigan is a Catholic, and the special dispensation for her marriage to a Protestant had been received from Bishop Foley. Corey had even sent his wedding suit to the Harrigan house.

Corey's friends claim that Miss Westbrook obtained some influence over him by Christian Science, but this may be mere rumor. Not long ago, when Corey was calling on Miss Harrigan, Miss Westbrook appeared at the door, declaring Corey had been engaged to her, and she would not be deserted. Corey fled out of the back door, and both young ladies fainted.

GUILLOTINED!

Vaillant, the Bomb-Thrower, Pays the Penalty.

He Died Crying "Long Live Anarchy"—The Executioner Threatened.

PARIS, Feb. 5.—With the cry of "Death to the Bourgeoisie, long live Anarchy!" Vaillant, the Anarchist whose name has been on the lips of Parisians ever since Dec. 9, when he threw the bomb in the Chamber of Deputies, paid this morning the penalty of his crime. The precautions taken by the authorities to prevent any Anarchist demonstration at the guillotine were perfect and many of the crowd that had gathered to witness the execution, finding that the guards prevented them from seeing anything of the guillotine, left the vicinity of the Roquette prison in which Vaillant was awaiting the coming of the headman before the time the expected execution would take place.

At 7 o'clock Head Warden Brun, Judge L. Rappin, Registrar Horich and District Police Commissioner Lejeune entered Vaillant's cell to inform him that his time had come. The condemned man was sleeping when they arrived. He was awakened and told to prepare himself for death. He appeared to be surprised, and began to reiterate the theories he advocated before the assize court. He declared that though it was easy to suppress him it was impossible to suppress Anarchist ideas. "My body is nothing," he added, "compared with the progress of my principles. I shall be revenged." Vaillant was perfectly calm and displayed no fear whatever.

The warden asked him if he would like to see the chaplain. "No," replied Vaillant; "I will not see him."

"Will you have something to drink?" asked the warden. "No," Vaillant replied; "I shall have enough courage without that."

Vaillant advanced steadily to the guillotine. When about 80 yards outside the prison he sprang forward a little to shout: "Death to the Bourgeoisie! long live Anarchy!" As he shouted his last cry his voice resounded over the whole square. It has been customary for the executioner's assistant to push the condemned criminals against the plank, but as Vaillant reached it he sprang forward and placed himself against it. The plank dropped, and in a short time Vaillant's neck slipped under the glistening knife, and the executioner was in position. Diebler touched the spring. There was a flash as the heavy blade descended, and then the spectators saw a head and a bleeding stump of a neck drop into the basket behind the guillotine.

Between the time of Vaillant's arrival at the guillotine and the closing of the baskets containing his remains, scarcely more than twenty seconds elapsed. There were about 1,200 people present. Diebler who has received many letters threatening him with death if he executed Vaillant, and who at one time wished to resign his position rather than to put the Anarchist to death, appeared paler and more nervous than Vaillant.

CONCISE CULLINGS.

President Carnot is suffering from an attack of rheumatism, but his illness is not serious.

Prof. Edmond Fremy, the well-known French chemist and member of the institute, died on Saturday. He was 80 years old.

The Emperor William will return Prince Bismarck's visit when he goes to Kiel on Feb. 17 for the purpose of swearing in the new marines.

The carnival festivities at New Orleans will be opened on Monday with the arrival of the king, and the city is rapidly filling up with visitors from all sections of the country.

Mr. Fred M. Sommers, a saloon passenger on the American line steamer New York, which arrived at Southampton on Thursday from New York, died Friday night from pneumonia.

It is announced that William Dillon, brother of the famous Irish leader, John Dillon, is about to assume editorial control of the New World, the recognized organ of the Catholic Church in Chicago.

The Secretary of the United States Treasury has considered the proposals submitted for the new 5 per cent. loan of \$20,000,000 and has accepted all bids, naming a higher price than 117.225.

IN LABOR'S REALM.

Non-Union Men Worked During a Strike and Got No Pay.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 4.—Frank B. DeLand and George H. Carls, of Detroit, are plaintiffs in an action against the Buffalo Creek Railroad, before Judge Hatch in the Superior Court.

They are suing for \$980.25, claims assigned them by 25 Detroit men, who claim that this amount is due for work done in the railroad strikers' places, in this city, in 1892. Sixteen allege to have been employed as switchmen, and the rest to fill jobs as brakemen, etc.

The claims are for \$82.50 for thirteen of the men, \$23.25 for three, \$43 for two and \$56 for each of the others.

The sum of \$9.25 to three of the men employed as switchmen, it is alleged, is all that has ever been paid to any of the men.

To Fight For \$10,000.

CHICAGO, Feb. 4.—George Dixon, champion of the world, and young Griffo, of Australia, were matched this morning to fight to a finish for the feather-weight championship, the best purse offered and stakes of \$10,000. The date was fixed as between June 1 and 25.

—WHOLESALE BY—
Cairncross & Lawrence
LONDON, ONT.

CITY ELECTRIC LIGHTING.

Ald. Parnell on the Immediate Future of the Question.

Public Illumination Should Be a Monopoly Controlled by the People.

To the Editor of the ADVERTISER:

I see by an editorial in your issue of Friday that under the head of "Municipal Ownership of Monopolies" you ask the question: "Is the proposal to grant a lease of the London street lighting to a company an abandonment of municipal control in connection with the lighting of this city?" In reply, I beg to say that as one who has been and is to-day a firm believer in municipal ownership of all monopolies I would answer firmly "No." My reason for it is that I believe that all such monopolies should be operated in the interest of the masses and for the masses, with a view to making the burden of taxation lighter. In other words, that the dividends which now go into the already rich company's pockets should go into the city coffers instead; or, which would be much better, to operate them so as to make them pay for themselves, and then give the whole people the benefit of cheaper rates, so that all rich and poor alike could enjoy them. And further, I shall not be satisfied till I see the principle carried out to its fullest extent. But you say, why then call for tenders for lighting at the present time? I answer as follows: The recent bylaw being defeated (and, by the way, it is not necessary for me here to state why I think it was defeated), and as the Municipal Act under which money bylaws come says that for a period of two years it shall not again be submitted to the ratepayers, I submit that under the debenture plan it would be very nearly three years before a plant could be got into operation, as after the bylaw had been passed the contract for plant would have to be let and the necessary time given to complete the same, which would waste the best part of a year; and as our present contract for lighting expires in December next you can readily see that two years at least of contract lighting would be absolutely necessary.

Now, sir, the claim has been set up that any company getting a longer period than say two years could do the work cheaper. We think that by asking for tenders for say one, three, five or eight years we can find out what the difference is and whether any material advantage could be gained to the city thereby; for remember the only object that No. 3 committee has is to try and save every dollar they can on the already large amount we have to pay for street lighting, and at the same time not too well lighted either.

Again, it would be next to impossible to get outside competition for a shorter period than say five years, as no company would care to build a plant which would involve an expenditure of from \$50,000 to \$65,000 for a shorter contract; but I believe there are companies who would be glad to tender and also to put in a clause in their agreement that the city should have the option of purchasing if they so desired for a period of that length. But, sir, at the last meeting of the R. E. O. Association an idea was thrown out which seems to me might be a way out of the difficulty and one which would make it an easy way of paying for a plant. That is, we now have to raise about \$21,000 for lighting purposes (and the way that applications are coming in it will be \$25,000 before long). The proposition I refer to is to buy your plant and extend the time of payment over a period of five or more years, making the sum that you would have to pay for lighting purposes under contract system pay the operating expenses and pay the yearly amount on plant as well, so the company agreeing that the plant shall be in first-class running condition at the end of the time. However, as this idea is somewhat new it would be well to have it more fully developed before saying too much about it.

In conclusion let me say that I am pleased to see the R. E. O. Association appoint a committee to investigate this matter, as I believe it will bear investigation. Let them go on with their work and the council with theirs, in calling for tenders, and I think by the time we both get through that the whole matter will be so well understood that no mistake can possibly be made in any action that may be taken thereon. Hoping that I have not trespassed too much on your valuable space, I remain yours truly,

EDWARD PARNELL, JUN.
London, Feb. 3, 1894.

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 street, Gloucester. ALEX. STUART, DUNCAN
 STUART.

**D. TENNENT, BARRISTER, SOLI-
 CITOR, notary public, 78 Dundas street,**
 London. Private funds to lend at lowest rates.

J. D. O'NEILL—SOLICITOR, ETC.
 Removed to 110 Dundas street.

ALBERT O. JEFFERY, LL.B., D.C.L.
 and J. Edgar Jeffery, Barristers, Solicitors,
 Notaries, Offices, Ontario Loan Buildings,
 Market Lane, London.

M. CLOVOY & WILSON—BARRISTERS
 and solicitors, 402 Dundas street, opposite
 court house. Telephone 979. Money to loan.
 W. A. WILSON, B.A., LL.B., J. M. CLOVOY,
 B.A., LL.B.

MAGEE, MCKILLOP & MURPHY—
 Barristers, solicitors, notaries, etc.,
 Offices, corner Richmond and Dundas, London.
 JAMES MAGEE, Q.C., JAMES B. MCKILLOP,
 THOMAS J. MURPHY.

PARK & PURDOM—BARRISTERS—
 Offices, opposite City Hall, Richmond
 street, E. J. PARK, Q.C., T. H. PURDOM,
 T. PARK, ALEXANDER PURDOM.

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 to loan. 49 Dundas street, London.

T. W. SCANDRETT—BARRISTER—
 Solicitor, etc., 38 Dundas street, Lon-
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W. H. BARRAM—BARRISTER—
 Solicitor, notary public, conveyancer.
 Money to loan on real estate at lowest rates.
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LOVE & DIGNAN—BARRISTERS, ETC.—
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 LOVE, R. H. DIGNAN.

**GIBBONS, McNAB & MULKERN—BAR-
 RISTERS, etc., London. Office, corner**
 Dundas and Carling streets. GIBBONS,
 McNAB, Q.C.; G. McNAB, P. MULKERN,
 FRED. F. HARPER.

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 LICITOR, notary, etc., 180 Dundas**
 street east of Richmond, London.

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 Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

INSURE IN THE PHOENIX INSURANCE
 Company, Hartford, Conn. Cash capital
 \$3,000,000. Assets, \$1,000,000. EDWARD
 TOWNE, agent. Office over Bank of Commerce,
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SHORTHAND QUICKLY LEARNED.
 New system of teaching Pitman's method.
 Evening class. Private lessons. W. S. RAY
 CARD, 408 Dufferin avenue.

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MR. WILLIAM MCKON, STUDENT IN
 Germany and Cambridge University.
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 vocal and instrumental music, at 381 Princess
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MR. J. W. FETHERSTON, ORGANIST
 Queen's Avenue Church. Teacher of
 piano, organ, theory, singing and voice cul-
 ture a specialty. 383 Colborne street.

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 Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

L. McDONALD—DENTIST—
 Office—1854 Dundas street, London,
 Telephone 702.

**W. H. WILKINSON, D.D.S., PHILA-
 DELPHIA, PA., Toronto, Specialty**
 in preservation of natural teeth by method
 used in modern dentistry. 215 Dundas street,
 corner Clarence; up stairs. Telephone 897.

T. J. WHITE, DENTIST, GOLD
 crowns and fillings at low prices. 11 H.
 NELLES, D.D.S., over Fitzgerald's grocery.

DR. GEO. C. DAVIS—DENTIST—
 Graduate of U. C. of D. S., Toronto, 1899;
 graduate of Philadelphia Dental College, 1901.
 Specialties: Preservation of the natural teeth,
 crown, porcelain and bridge work. 170 Dun-
 das street, London, Ont. Telephone 979.

S. WOOLVERTON—SURGEON DENTIST—
 216 Dundas street; entrance, second door
 west of Clarence, next to Edy Bros., photo
 artists, London, Ont. Telephone 824.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.
 Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

**J. H. TENNENT—VETERINARY SUR-
 GEON—Office, King street, opposite**
 Mart House; residence, corner King and
 Wellington. Telephone.

H. WILSON & SON—OFFICE, 94 KING
 street, London; residence, 840 Richmond
 street. Telephone.

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Not less than 15 words. 1c. word
**PLANS—A FINE ASSORTMENT OF AD-
 VERTISING PLANS, nice designs, with full**
 handles. ADVERTISER Job Department.
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SHIPPING TAGS—AT CLOSE PRICES—
 ADVERTISER Job Department.

ENVELOPES—PLAIN OR PRINTED—AT
 ADVERTISER Job Department.

**LATEST NEW YORK STYLES IN WED-
 DING INVITATIONS.** ADVERTISER Job
 Department.

COMMITTEES FROM THE VARIOUS
 societies should get their printing at the
 ADVERTISER Job Department.

**BILLHEADS, NOTEDHEADS, LETTER-
 HEADS, on short notice, at ADVERTISER**
 Job Department.

PHOTOGRAPH WRAPPERS ON TIGHT
 stock, at ADVERTISER Job Depart-
 ment.

**PAMPHLET WORK OF EVERY DE-
 SCRPTION, clean and quick, at ADVER-**
 TISER Job Department.

SHIPPING TAGS AT BOTTOM PRICES
 —ADVERTISER Job Department.

PLACE YOUR ORDER NOW FOR
 the magnificent Catalogue for 1904. The AD-
 VERTISER Job Department can show you an
 immense variety. Call and see them.

YOU MAKE THE SALE EVERY TIME
 and the cost is only 1 cent a word under
 the usual price.

POSTERS—ALL STYLES, HANGERS
 and codgers. ADVERTISER Job Depart-
 ment.

BUSINESS CARDS.
 Advertisements under this head a cent a word

TYPEWRITERS—PURCHASERS ARE
 warned against cheaply made and cheaply
 sold machines. The Smith Premier is the best.
 It is and remains the best for business pur-
 poses. Call and see them.

STOCKWELL'S STEAM DYE WORKS—
 239 Dundas street. Specialties, ostrich
 feather and garment dyeing and cleaning.
 Garments called for and delivered. Telephone
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FOR A NICE BEDROOM SUITE FOR \$10
 and upwards see George Parish's display
 at 357 Talbot street, just south of King.

D. C. HUNTER, THE LIVERYMAN,
 buys and sells driving and saddle horses;
 good ones always in demand.

INVENTIONS WORKED OUT—WM.
 PUGSLEY, developer of mechanical ideas;
 patterns, models and specialties generally. 78
 York street, London.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF FINISHED
 granite and marble monuments of im-
 perial design, ready for shipment. Swede
 red, Swede, Galloway and black granites, Peter-
 head, Hill of Fair and Aberdeen. Statuary in
 Italian marble. Carving and sculpture. 1 em-
 poria; call and see stock; inquire price.
 JOHN H. CARR, Richmond street, opposite
 Catholic Cathedral.

PRINTING TYPE, INKS, PRESSES—
 Supplies of all kinds; new outfits our
 specialty. TORONTO TYPE FOUNDRY, 41 Win-
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 nipeg.

BYRKS & SONS—STEAM DYE WORKS
 —231 Dundas street, London. Specialties,
 ostrich feathers, garments, dyeing and clean-
 ing.

GEO. ROUGHLEY—FELT AND GRAVEL
 roof repairs, gutters, etc., 100 Dundas
 street, London. Telephone 888.

T. C. CORP—PAINTING, GLAZING,
 paper-hanging and house decorating.
 183 Oxford street. Telephone 158.

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 Advertisements under this head a cent a word

THE ALBION RESTAURANT—NO. 137
 Dundas street. Dining-room on the
 European plan. Finest oysters in the market.
 Imported wines, liquors and cigars.
 Telephone No. 535. D. DEWAR, proprietor.

**THE ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL, MON-
 TREAL—Centrally situated and first-**
 class in every respect. D. HOGAN, proprietor.

ONTARIO HOUSE—KING STREET—
 Opposite Market House; remodelled and
 refurnished; good standing. JERRY MCNEAL.

OFFICE RESTAURANT—RICHMOND
 street. 118 Talbot street. Specialties,
 kinds of liquors and cigars. Meals at all
 hours. The best brand of oysters. D. SARR,
 proprietor.

"VICTORIA" THE POPULAR \$1 A
 day house—large dining room, corner
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J. H. GARDNER, M.D., L.R.C.P., LONDON
 Eng. office and residence, corner Will-
 son and Carling streets. Careful attention
 paid to specific and skin diseases. 237

DR. EDGAR MACKLIN—OFFICE, 201
 Wellington street. Telephone 740.

DRS. JOHN D. WILSON, AND JAS. D.
 Wilson—Office and residence, 200 Queen's
 avenue, second door from Wellington street.

DR. BIERMEYER, 39 BLOOR STREET
 East, Toronto. Specialty—Deformities,
 joint and spinal diseases.

DR. PINGEL—OFFICE, QUEEN'S
 avenue and Wellington streets. Special-
 ize, lung diseases.

DR. ECOLES—CORNER QUEEN'S
 avenue and Wellington. Specialty,
 diseases of women. Hours from 10 to 2.
 Other hours by appointment.

DR. C. P. JENTO—518 RICHMOND
 street. Office hours: 9 to 11, 2 to 4 and
 after 7 o'clock.

DR. A. MACLAREN, CORONER, NORTH
 OCEAN corner Park and Queen's avenues.
 Office hours 11 to 5 and 8 to 9 p.m. Telephone
 809.

DR. WOODRUFF, EYE, EAR, NOSE
 and throat. Hours, 12 to 4, 7 to 10 p.m.
 Queen's avenue.

**DR. GRAHAM—OFFICE AND RESI-
 DENCE, 200 Queen's avenue. Special**
 attention to the lungs and diseases of children.

DR. JARVIS—HOMOEOPATHIC—534
 Dundas street. Hours, 9 to 10, 2 to 4, 7 to 8.

**DR. BEEK, QUEEN'S AVENUE, LON-
 DON. Eng. office, 200 Queen's avenue. Special**
 attention to the lungs and diseases of children.

DR. GEORGE H. WILSON, YORK
 street, near Talbot. Specialty, nose,
 throat and lungs.

DR. CAMPBELL, M.D., M.C.P.S.—
 Office and residence, 37 Queen's avenue,
 London. Office hours, 9 to 12 a.m., 1 to 2 p.m.
 and 7 to 9 p.m. Skin diseases a specialty.

**DR. ENGLISH—OFFICE AND RESI-
 DENCE, 488 Dundas street. Telephone**

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 Advertisements under this head a cent a word

ALFRED A. BOOKER, ACCOUNTANT,
 118 Elmwood avenue, London South.
 Telephone 1600.

ARTISTS.
 Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

MISS BELING'S STUDIO, 213 DUNDAS
 street—Open to new pupils in painting.
 Finest work done in enlarging photos in oil
 and water colors. Visitors welcome.

MONEY TO LOAN.
 PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN ON REAL
 estate at lowest rates. J. H. A. BEATTIE,
 barrister, etc., 874 Dundas street.

G. W. FRANCIS, VALUATOR—
 Private funds on first and second
 mortgages at low rates; notes cashed. 724
 Dundas street.

We are clearing out balances of fancy
 rookers regardless of cost and are giving a
 life-size India ink portrait free to all cash
 purchasers of \$10. Come and get one at
 KEENE BROS., 127 King street, opposite
 Market House.

MASSAGE TREATMENT.

"SWEDISH MASSAGE"—MRS. RAY
 Gaddy, 23 York street, graduate of
 Walker's Park Sanatorium, Rocks county, Pa.
 Swedish massage and electric treatment
 given. Removal of facial blemishes a specialty.

GOLD CURE SANITARIUM.
ALCOHOL AND MORPHINE HABITS
 cured privately at Lake Hurst Sanatorium
 gold cure, Oakville. Treatment invariably
 successful; luxurious accommodations, pic-
 niques and surroundings. Address the medical
 superintendent, Oakville, or office No. 10, 101-
 field block, London, for full particulars.

TENDERS.
For Steam Pumping Machinery and
Boilers London Waterworks.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIV-
 ED at the Waterworks Office, City Hall,
 London, until 5 p.m., Saturday, Feb. 10th, 1894,
 for the furnishing of steam pumping machin-
 ery and boilers for the waterworks depart-
 ment. Plans and specifications may be seen at
 the office of MOORE & HENRY, Albion Build-
 ing. The board reserve the right to reject any
 or all tenders.

WILLIAM JONES, JOHN M. MOORE,
 General Managers. Eng. and Archt.
 Commissioners. 81 tygwz

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
 Annual Engagement: of London's
 favorite

IDA VAN CORTLAND
 Supported by Tavernier's Stock Company.
 One would wonder, opening Monday, Feb. 5, in
 the laughable American comedy,
THE BLACKSMITH'S DAUGHTER.
 Matinees Wednesday and Saturday. Prices
 10c, 25c, 50c. Special musical features intro-
 duced every night. Seats now on sale.

Offers will be received
 For purchase of frame building,
 Nos. 347 and 349 Richmond St.
 The building must be removed at
 once. Apply

91a ROBINSON, LITTLE & CO.

WILL BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION
 by J. W. Jones, Esq., at his rooms, Dun-
 das street, London, on Wednesday, the 7th day
 of February, at 2:30 p.m., the stock of F. R.
 Webb, Petrol:

Staple drygoods \$ 2,856 68
 Dress goods 3,001 81
 Silks and velvets 702 31
 Gent's furnishings 835 81
 Hats, caps and furs 453 32
 Ready-made clothing 535 53
 House furnishings 189 41
 Shop furniture 244 25

Total \$12,101 77
 Terms—One-quarter down, balance 20
 four, six and eight months, with interest at
 four per cent. per annum, approved papers. List
 of premises and with Messrs. Gibbons, Mc-
 NAB & MULKERN, C. A. L. SMITH, R.O.G.
 E-Q, trustee.

Drug Stock at Sheriff's Sale.

WILL BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION
 on the premises, 208 Talbot street, Lon-
 don, south of Dundas street, east side, on Mon-
 day, Feb. 5, 1894, at 3 p.m., a stock of Drugs,
 Oils, Chemicals, Patent Medicines and Grocers'
 Sundries, Shop Furniture, etc., amounting to
 \$4,371 88. The quantity of Shop Furniture is small.
 Stock sheets may be seen and stock viewed on
 application at the sheriff's office. As to terms,
 part of the purchase money may be arranged
 for with the plaintiffs. DONALD M. CAMERON,
 Sheriff of County of Middlesex. Court House,
 London, Jan. 27, 1894. 80K zxtz

New Residence for Sale
BY TENDER
 No. 554 Richmond Street North.

Six Bedrooms and Closets, Bath, Por-
 ches, Library, Dining room, Kitchen,
 Scullery, Pantries, Furnace, 3 Dump
 Grates, Hot and Cold Water, Lot 6' x
 220, double frontage. Tenders for the
 above will be received till the 10th
 February. Apply

W. H. SMITH,
 No. 26 Alma St., north.

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AP-
 PPLICATION will be made to the Parlia-**
 ment at the next session of the House of
 Commons to amend the act incorporating "The
 Steam Boiler and Plate Glass Insurance Com-
 pany of Canada," enabling that company to
 insure against loss of life or injury to person
 of engineers and firemen in charge of boilers,
 and to repeal part of section 3 of the said
 act commencing with "provided that" and all
 the words following in said section and for
 other purposes. PARK & BROWN,
 Solicitors for applicants.

Dated, 5th December, 1893. 77a z

IMPORTANT!
Government
School of Art.

WAS REOPENED WEDNESDAY, JAN. 3.
 Students Can Now Join.

Classes Monday, Wednesday and Friday
 from 7 to 9 p.m. in Freehand, Model and
 Mechanical Drawing. Fees for 36 lessons, 25c.
 Extra classes for china, oil and water color
 painting on Monday, Friday and Saturday from
 2:30 to 4:30 p.m.

Mechanics' Institute, Dundas Street.
 Send for circulars and particulars to
 JOHN H. GRIFFITHS,
 Principal.

HINTON & RUMBALL,
THE UNDERTAKERS,
 202 King St., next to Firemen's Hall
 Private residence, 436 King St.
 Telephone, store 440; house 428. zxy

HEALTH FOR ALL!!!
 Purify the Blood, correct
 all Disorders of the
 LIVER, STOMACH,
 KIDNEYS,
 and
 BOWELS.

They
 invigorate
 and restore
 to health Debili-
 tated Constitutions,
 and are invaluable in
 all Complaints incidental to
 Females of all ages. For children
 and the aged they are priceless.

Manufactured only at 75, New Oxford Street (late
 24, Oxford Street), London, and sold by all
 Medicine Vendors throughout the World.
 Purchasers should look to the Label on the
 Bottle and Pot. If the address is not 75,
 Oxford Street, London, they are spurious.

Colony's Pills

NAVIGATION AND RAILWAYS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

PEOPLE'S

POPULAR

ONE-WAY

PARTIES

TO—

BRITISH COLUMBIA,

WASHINGTON,

OREGON, CALIFORNIA.

NAVIGATION AND RAILWAYS.

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PEOPLE'S

POPULAR

ONE-WAY

PARTIES

TO—

BRITISH COLUMBIA,

WASHINGTON,

OREGON, CALIFORNIA.

IN TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, TORONTO
 TO SEATTLE WITHOUT CHANGE,
 LEAVING TORONTO EVERY FRIDAY
 AT 10:15 P.M. UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.
 APPLY TO ANY AGENT OF THE

WHISKARD'S

Just Received

PER IMPORT

New Veilings

In all the new styles and shades.

Our new lines of

PRINTS

are coming to hand. We can
offer you a nice line of
Prints at

8c yard.

In spot and fancy colors. New goods.

In Silk Ribbons

we have a large stock, and we
believe the best value in the
city. We carry all the most
desirable colors.

SEE OUR

Black Alpaca Quilted Skirts

At 50c Each.

In Ribbon Velvet

We have all the different
widths.

In Laces

We have a large stock to
choose from. Call and see
them.

Children's White Fur Collarettes

—ONLY—

25c each.

—SEE OUR—

Honeycomb Shawls

—AT—

25c each.

Just received special bargain in

TWEEDS!

Heavy-weight, only

25c yard.

3 Large Cakes of

BROWN

WINDSOR

SOAP

FOR 50

—AT—

Whiskard's

232 Dundas St.

SEPARATE SCHOOL ELECTIONS.

Archbishop Cleary on Antagonistic
Interference by Outsiders.The Ballot for Trustees Only Demanded
by Enemies.

KINGSTON, Feb. 3.—A Toronto paper having declared that the Roman Catholic laity wanted the ballot, and that Mr. Fraser threatened to resign if the school laws were interfered with, Archbishop Cleary has been interviewed by a Whig reporter.

Referring to the allegations that Mr. Harty, M.P.P., had consulted him, his Grace said:

"Mr. Harty has not interviewed me at any time on the matter. I have not met him for several months, and, to the best of my recollection, I have never had any conversation with him regarding separate school matters."

"Would you express an opinion as to the introduction of the ballot into separate school elections?"

"I will speak clearly. We regard as aggressive and unjust the efforts made by men who have openly declared themselves our enemies to enforce the privilege of the ballot upon us in the election of our school trustees. I use the word 'privilege' purposely. Under Confederation the elections for trustees, both for public and separate schools, for municipal councillors and for the Local and Federal Parliaments, were conducted by open and public voting. It was only when the constituents petitioned Parliament to substitute the ballot for public voting that it was granted to the Legislature, afterwards to the municipalities, and finally, on similar petitions presented by public school supporters in the Province, legislation was passed giving them the option of voting by ballot."

"It is a rule of Parliamentary action fully recognized in Great Britain, and I believe in the Federal and Local Legislatures of Canada, that the status quo or established methods of organic action of any body or section of persons in the community is not to be disturbed by new legislation or anyone's petition unless the measure be called for by those directly concerned. I have seen numerous instances of this in the reports of the British House of Commons, where I regard it as an effort to impose on us exceptional treatment when outsiders, who ought not to interfere in our purely domestic affairs, clamor for the imposition of a new rule on us in the form of a privilege which we do not want and never have asked for."

"The source from which this clamor proceeds on the eve of every election are such as to set us on our guard and make us cherish more fully the right we enjoy under the constitution to have our elections of school trustees, who are in reality the elected representatives of the Roman Catholic parents of the separate school sections, to be conducted in an open and responsible manner. At all events it is our right, and we are not willing to concede it in compliance with the demands issuing from parties professedly hostile to our schools. Even if we had not antecedently plain, obvious reasons for upholding this constitutional right, the desperate efforts of our enemies to take it from us would suffice to make us cling to it with great tenacity."

"PUBLIC SCHOOL OPEN VOTING.
"I will add that the privilege granted by the Provincial Legislature to the public school supporters to substitute the ballot for open and responsible voting on the election of trustees has not been accepted by all nor by any large majority of the public school supporters of the Province. Fully one-half of the constituents declined to accept the privilege and still cling to the open voting system. Furthermore, many of those who heretofore accepted the ballot system have signified their desire to return to the open and responsible system of voting."

"THE TORONTO AGITATION.
"The sentiment of the great mass of the Roman Catholics of Ontario has been manifest by recent occurrences. Five years ago eight or nine of the separate school trustees in the city of Toronto joined with the Meredith party in asking for the ballot for separate school trustee elections. This clique were extremely noisy, and persisted in giving trouble at every meeting of the separate school board, and took care to have their little speeches and bitter words published in the daily journals in the hope of spreading their disaffection among the separate school trustees all over the Province. It is remarkable that not one board of trustees from end to end of Ontario sympathized with that little faction in the city of Toronto. Again, as soon as the term of the trustees' office expired, earnest efforts were made by them and their partisans to make their ideas prevail at the ensuing elections. There were contests for the offices of trustees in all the wards represented by those gentlemen, and it is very significant that each and every one of them were defeated by overwhelming majorities at the polls and honest Catholics substituted for them to maintain the right we had under the constitution to select our separate school trustees in spite of all the world."

"We are a small minority in the Province; we are very much at the mercy of the local press in the towns and villages; we are, with frequent and persistent violence, attacked in all our rights by political demagogues of one party or the other. Our schools are made the object of special hostility. Under these circumstances we have good reason to apprehend that were the election of trustees to be made by secret voting the noisy politicians who desire to undermine, and gradually destroy our school system, would employ all their resources for disunion amongst Catholics on occasions of such elections, and try to make our school board representatives not so much of religion, which is the primary and distinctive object of our separate school system, as of the governing influence of one political party or the other."

"Then our schools would in reality become secularized by degrees under the management of political trustees and their main purpose frustrated. Were the political demagogues to relinquish their persistent attacks upon us and our schools we would not be so tenacious of this right. In a word, when they cease to attack we will cease to defend."

Rupture, pile tumors, fistula and all diseases of the lower bowel (except cancer), radically cured. Send 10 cents in stamps for book. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, 603 Main street, Buffalo, N. Y.

You always make more enemies than money talking politics on the street corner. The great lung healer is found in the excellent medicine sold as Pickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It soothes and diminishes the sensibility of the membrane of the throat and air passages and is a sovereign remedy for all coughs, colds, hoarseness, pain or soreness in the chest, bronchitis, etc. It has cured many when supposed to be far advanced in consumption.

WESTERN ONTARIO.

BRANT.

Councillor George B. Angus, of Paris, was stricken with paralysis and died Thursday, aged 63. He was a prominent contractor, and a staunch Liberal. He came from Scotland.

BRUCE.

The Lucknow Sentinel says: "At the Masonic 'at Home' in the town hall on Tuesday evening last, Mr. W. S. Holmes, of this village, had on a Masonic apron that is over 400 years old. It was originally used in Germany, and has been handed down through five generations. It is made of lamb or deer skin, and is still in a good state of preservation. All the mysterious emblems known only to the members of the mystic craft are beautifully executed, and the painting was certainly the work of a master hand. It is undoubtedly the oldest Masonic apron in the Dominion."

ESSEX.

Windsor is puzzled over the mysterious death of little Annie Campbell, 3 years old, who was taken ill in school Friday afternoon and died at 8 o'clock. A post-mortem was held and the doctors found the brain and heart were in a healthy condition and there was not the slightest indication of what caused the child's death. Dr. Samson said that the child undoubtedly died of poison, but not of common poison. He thought the child may have taken it without telling anybody. What the poison was will never be known, as the funeral of the child took place Sunday. The same child was nearly killed two years ago by getting run over by a delivery wagon. Her head was badly cut and her life was despaired of for days.

A number of Windsorites will attend the prohibition convention in Toronto next week.

ELGIN.

Barney Barnes, who has been a well known figure on the trotting track for over 40 years, has moved from St. Thomas to Alton, where he will train a stable of good ones this season.

East Elgin Conservatives have elected the following officers: A. H. Backhouse, Aylmer, president; J. G. Munro, St. Thomas, first vice-president; Capt. John Edson, Port Stanley, second vice-president; E. A. Blower, Aylmer, secretary-treasurer. C. A. Blower, of Yarmouth, is the candidate for the Local House.

HURON.

A curiosity was brought to Brussels the other day by Mr. Forbes, of McKillop, in the shape of a pig with three tails. [Blyth Standard.]

David McLaren, who died the other day in Saugeen, had an eventful life. He entered the service of the Hudson's Bay Fur Company at the age of 16, and labored in Labrador most of his life. His commission as major of militia was signed by Sir Edmund Head. He was 80 years of age at the time of his death.

At the annual meeting of the Exeter Crossmen Association the following officers were elected for the coming year: President, A. Bishop; vice-president, William Northcott; directors, Messrs. P. Madge, A. Q. Bohrer, W. G. Bisset and Dr. Lutz. C. D. McEggart has disposed of his 200 acre farm on the north side of the Elgin, for the sum of \$6,500. He has also sold lot 14, con. 4, Stanley, 100 acres, to W. Makins for \$3,300.

The work on the new piers at Goderich has been started. A large quantity of timber has been drawn to the dock. About 50 feet of the bottom of the crib work has been laid inside the harbor, close to the check-water.

KENT.

Chatham Council will submit by-laws to the ratepayers increasing tavern licenses to \$500; tavern licenses without the necessary accommodation, \$300, and shop licenses to \$250; also by-laws to repeal the by-law establishing a free library.

LAMBTON.

J. F. Lister, M.P., is having a medal struck off for competition among the Sarnia curriers. There will be a keen contest for it.

Robert Thexton, of the 4th line, Warwick, is dead. He came from England and settled in London township, going thence to Warwick in 1866. He was very successful. The death of the late Wendell Brown, of Moore township, the age of 79, removes an old and esteemed settler. He came from Bavaria over 50 years ago and made dairying a special study.

The north half of lot No. 20, con. 10, Brooke, 100 acres, was sold under mortgage on Tuesday to J. C. Campbell, of Euphemia, for \$3,150.

MIDDLESEX.

The residence of P. Portsmouth, of Carleton Place, was the scene of a gay gathering of guests on Wednesday, who assembled to witness the marriage of his fourth daughter, Titlie, to Ernest Pulling, of Delaware. Guests were present from London, Delaware, Lambeth, St. Thomas and other places.

The officers of the Lebo Agricultural Society for 1894 are: Dr. Glass, president; J. N. Gray, vice-president; Alex. G. secretary-treasurer; directors, Edward McLurg, Malcolm Paul and Wm. Moore. Messrs. Wm. Stewart & Son, the well-known breeders of Polled Angus cattle, have sold their best bull, Lord Forest, 13,152, to James Buchanan, of Napier, Metcalfe township, for \$200. Lord Forest was the champion bull at the Ottawa, Toronto and London exhibitions.

At the last meeting of the Elfrid town council the clerk, H. McFarlane, presented a statement of the municipality's indebtedness as follows: Statement of the debentures, Government drains and the drainage debts of the township of Elfrid, unpaid Jan. 1, 1894, chargeable to assessment, \$6,345 10; school section and debenture debt (\$78 46 to be recovered by township of Moss), \$846 71; re: tie drains, \$3,085 35; re: Government drains (payable), \$721 30; \$750 25 in 1895, \$780 26 in 1896 and \$212 1897, \$2,463 90; total indebtedness, \$12,727 15.

OXFORD.

Maud Gracey, of Currie's, was bitten on the face by a supposed mad dog the other day. Dr. McLurg, of Woodstock, cauterized the wound.

Charles H. Deekens, a former resident of Oxford, died on Jan. 30 at Federalburg, Md., where he was training for the ministry. He had been ill for about two years. His illness originated in the rupture of a small blood vessel while playing football at college.

WELLINGTON.

The customs collections for the month of January, 1894, at the Guelph office were \$6,468 26. For the same month of 1893 the amount was \$5,098 50. Increase for January, 1894, \$1,369 76.

WAT' LOO.

Chas. Battenberg, a drug clerk in the employ of Dr. Cluyot, Emira, has absconded, taking with him a small amount of money belonging to the G. E. ticket agency, also a ticket to Chicago and return, and a somewhat larger sum out of his employer's cash box. In a letter left behind he blames strong drink for his downfall.

Ask Your Friends

Who have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla what they think of it, and the replies will be positive in its favor. Simply what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story of its merit. One has been cured of indigestion or dyspepsia, another of biliousness, while others report remarkable cures of scrofula, catarrh, rheumatism, salt rheum, etc.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable. Directness of aim is of more importance than loudness of report.

Bronchitis Cured.

Dear Sirs.—Having suffered for months from bronchitis, I concluded to try Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla. I was entirely free from the trouble and feel that I am cured. C. C. WRIGHT, Toronto Junction, Ont.

THE
WHITE
CITYAttracts
the WorldLIKE A NEW STAR IN THE HEAVENS ATTRACTING THE ATTENTION
OF THE ASTRONOMERS OURPortfolio of Photographs
of the World's Fair

IS ATTRACTING THE NOTICE OF THE WHOLE COUNTRY.

This has been received with such extreme approbation on the part of the people that it can be considered no less than a perfect blaze of glory. It is not in the least surprising this work has had such a reception. Nothing like such photographic views have ever been produced. The artists labored diligently to secure the best that could be obtained, and

SUCCEEDED

BEYOND
OURMOST SANGUINE
EXPECTATIONS.

AND WE ARE OFFERING OUR PATRONS

The Very Highest Artistic Results Ever Secured by the Camera

OUR MAGNIFICENT COLLECTION OF WORLD'S FAIR PHOTOGRAPHS EMBRACE
ALL THE INTERESTING FEATURES OF THE GREAT EXPOSITION.THE GRAND BUILDINGS With bits taken here and there showing
all the superb ornamentation, the cornices, the friezes, the bas-reliefs and all the delicate tracery which goes to make up the artistic decorations adorning these structures.THE MAGNIFICENT GROUNDS With the broad promenades
bordered with grass plots and beds of flowers, the lagoons covered with the picturesque gondolas and the swift shooting steam launches.

The groups and single figures of statuary so profusely decorating the structures and the grounds also form a prominent feature of these portfolios, and with the other interesting details constitute a

MAGNIFICENT WORK OF ART.

The photographs in this collection are 11x13 inches in size and are in cabinets of sixteen each. It is only necessary to cut out the coupons and bring or send them to this office with 10 cents to secure a cabinet of sixteen views.

CLIP NOW.
PORTFOLIO STILL ON DECK!This SUPERB WORK WILL NOT BE COMPLETE until sixteen
parts have been issued.

YOU SHOULD NOT FAIL TO GET THE FIRST NUMBERS

In order that you may have a complete set. You cannot afford to miss any of them. The full sixteen parts, nicely bound, will make the handsomest collection of photographs of noted and interesting scenes and places ever produced.

16-GET EVERY ONE-16

HOW YOU CAN GET THEM.

Send or bring THREE of the COUPONS, which are printed on Page 2 of the DAILY ADVERTISER, and TEN CENTS, and you will receive Cabinet No. 3, containing sixteen photographic reproductions.

COUPON FOR PORTFOLIO NO. 4 WILL COMMENCE MONDAY, FEB. 12

ADDRESS—

Art Portfolio Department,

Advertiser Printing Company, London, Ont.

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founded by John Cameron in 1863.

THE DAILY ADVERTISER.

Daily by mail, per year (\$ to 16 pages).....\$4 00
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JOHN CAMERON, President and Manager.

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all communications to
ADVERTISER PRINTING CO.,
LONDON, - CANADA.

God's in his heaven,
All's right with the world.
—[BROWNING.]

If you trust in God and yourself
you can surmount every obstacle. Do
not yield to restless anxiety. One
must not always be asking what may
happen to one in life, but one must
advance fearlessly and bravely.
—[PRINCE BISMARCK.]

London, Monday Feb. 5.

THE LONDON ADVERTISER, with its morning
and evening editions, covers the ground.
With one exception, it is the ONLY EARLY
MORNING DAILY IN ONTARIO, outside of To-
ronto.

—Only those communications to which the
writers are willing to have their names ap-
pended in print will be published in these
columns. Neither the writing nor the pub-
lication of anonymous letters can be justified.

TWO STANDARDS INADMISSIBLE.

Some people make funny distinctions. Our esteemed contemporary, the Ottawa Journal, explains for our benefit that when Sir John Macdonald, shortly before he died, said "Sir Oliver Mowat is an honest man," he "referred to Sir Oliver's character as an individual, not to his politics." And it adds, "There is considerable of a practical distinction between the two." We do not recognize it. A dishonest politician is certainly a dishonest man and vice versa. When Sir John Macdonald paid a strong tribute to the honesty of Ontario's Grand Old Man he made no such distinctions as our contemporary sets up. The circumstances afforded no warrant for such a reservation. It is an evil day for a country when a line of conduct is tolerated in public life that would not be condoned in private. Sir Oliver may have erred in some things—all flesh is fallible—but his public conduct is as defensible as his private walk and conversation.

—When a London cricketer died recently a post mortem investigation revealed the fact that the heart was rent in such manner as to cause surprise that he could have survived the rupture. Indeed, many have believed that wounds of the heart, by whatever caused, were always fatal. Recent investigations, however, show that a fair proportion of these cases is amenable to cure. Dr. Lumnitzer has reported five cases of wounds of the heart and pericardium, only one of which terminated fatally, and Dr. Peebles (Omaha Clinic) reports a case of bullet wound of the heart with recovery. Dr. Heine Marks (Medical Fortnightly) has treated two cases of stab wounds, in one of which recovery ensued in spite of the fact that examination with the finger revealed the presence of lesions of the diaphragm, pleura, pericardium and apex of the heart. Medical literature contains records of many similar cases.

IS YOUR NAME THERE?

The Ontario voters' lists are now ready for inspection at the Young Liberal rooms, Oddfellows' Block.

Every male British subject, 21 years of age, who now resides here, is entitled to have his name placed on the lists for this city. No property qualification is required, and it does not cost a cent. Fathers should see that their sons' names are on the lists. Neighbor should help neighbor to make the lists complete. Let every elector call at the rooms and inspect the lists. Any good name can be added now without any trouble.

Two weeks from to-day, it will be impossible to get any change made unless through appearance before Judge Elliot. Avoid that by attending to the duty now.

—Sir John Thompson has again been wounded in the house of his friends. At the recent convention in West Simcoe, a resolution congratulating the Dominion Conservative leaders and endorsing Mr. Meredith was proposed. An amendment to strike out all reference to Sir John Thompson was only lost by 52 to 48, 26 delegates refusing to vote either way. Then several delegates refused to sit in the convention, and made for the door, when the mover, amid much disorder, withdrew the motion and order was restored. Thus the convention neither voted congratulations to Sir John Thompson nor confidence in our former fellow-townsmen. What a happy family!

PROPOSED NEW INSOLVENCY LAW.

If the outline of the new insolvency bill, which is telegraphed from Ottawa, is correct, and if the measure is passed at the coming session of Parliament, it will be a good thing to keep out of debt in future. The penalties for not conducting a straight business are most severe. People go into debt with too light a heart as it is. They are aided in this very often by traders anxious to extend their business, who in many cases trust men already deeply involved in the hope that, some way or other, they may get paid for their goods. Thus the two most prolific sources of bad debts and insolvency to-day are (1) the disposition of some wholesalers to aid in establishing stores in competition with old dealers who are barely making ends meet; and (2) the readiness of retailers to sell goods on credit to those who are not specially in need of them. As the losses by bad debts are not wholly made up by the merchants who lose, but are largely taken into account by them when they come to figure out the prices at which they can afford to sell, we are all, whether accustomed to ask for credit or able to pay cash at all times, much interested in promoting any legislation that may have a tendency to promote cash payments. We all share in the losses that occur through bad debts, either directly or indirectly.

Cash payments are always best, but it is a difficult thing to make even many well-to-do persons believe this. These people get into the habit of buying on credit, and in many instances they believe that the longer they can keep the storekeeper out of his money the better off they are. We have known of farmers who had money in a country savings bank, drawing interest at 4 per cent., buying their summer clothing from the storekeeper on credit and delaying the payment for it till the fall, chuckling over their own smartness. They imagined that they were getting ahead of the dealer by keeping him out of his money, while he on his part was rejoicing that he had sold the goods at the usual retail price, plus interest at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum! He knew that the farmers could and would pay, and had property unencumbered to levy on if they did not, and he preferred to let them have the goods on credit so advantageous to him rather than to keep them on his shelves till they were out of season. But what shall be said of the financing of these debtors? They were most short sighted, or they could have easily discovered that by keeping their money in the bank and buying on credit they were losing more than 3 per cent. per annum!

If the insolvency bill has the effect of restraining men from entering on business without proper equipment and from living riotously by the agency of other people's money; and if it insures speedy, equitable and inexpensive winding up for insolvent estates, it will be of much benefit to the country. Before the new measure is passed, however, it will doubtless be submitted to keen scrutiny, as there is certain to be considerable opposition to many of its provisions.

—The Liberals of West Kent meet in convention next Saturday to select a candidate for the Local Legislature. It is likely that a representative farmer will be chosen.

PROGRESS IN BRITAIN AND NEW ZEALAND.

Our cablegrams to-day contain the information that the British labor convention has repudiated the policy of the Anarchists, and has wisely resolved that all the evils from which the workers suffer can be removed by constitutional methods. This is an attitude that does credit to the English workingmen's organizations, though only such as was to be expected of hard-headed men of sense.

In the past many an English reform has been delayed by the violence of false friends of the workers. The revolution in France, excusable only because the long-suffering people were goaded into it, was used as a scarecrow by the privileged ones to keep back the changes for the benefit of the masses long advocated by the Liberals. When that outbreak no longer had its terrors for the British electors, the men who were interested in retarding reforms and in maintaining abuses that had come down from feudal days, set the people quarreling about their respective religions, and we all know that when religious bigotry and prejudice are aroused in a community it is next to impossible to promote any effective measure of reform.

To-day the opponents of progress endeavor to retard the redressing of evils by raising an outcry about the Socialistic or Anarchist tendencies of the advanced wing of political economists. They endeavor to make it appear that the two terms are interchangeable, with the object of maintaining the privileges to which, in equity, they are not entitled. The British workers rightly distinguish between the destructive and the reformatory in the methods that are brought forward to improve conditions. They have nothing in common with the Anarchists. Nor have their brethren at the antipodes who seem, in New Zealand, at any rate, to be in possession of the confidence of the whole people. The radical course of legislation pursued by the

Government of New Zealand has been marked by financial success in a time when distress prevailed in neighboring Australasian colonies. New Zealand last year had a surplus of \$2,500,000 in its treasury; and the Administration, which gave woman the franchise for the first time in the recent general elections, have been returned to power with a majority of over three to one. Here is the platform upon which the Liberal Government was given another four years' lease of power:

1. A land tax exempting improvements, but graduated so that the larger the area owned the heavier the ratio of taxation.
2. An income tax to catch all incomes (not derived from land) over £300 (\$1,500) per annum.
3. State railways, State telegraphs and telephones; State insurance.
4. Acts to protect the working classes. A strict factory act regulating hours, sanitation, etc. A workmen's lien act (giving claim on property worked at), a workman's wages act, by which he may attach moneys in the employer's hands, if he is unpaid 24 hours after demand; a truck act, whereby the worker may not be paid in goods, etc.; a registry office license act, to provide for honest usage in information supplied, etc.
5. Complete woman suffrage.
6. State farms and artisans' villages established by the public authorities.

But this is not all. When the Ministers went to the country they promised to introduce legislation directly in line with the single tax on land values, to which they had previously been only partially committed.

New Zealand offers a good illustration to the electors of the Motherland, as well as to Canadians, of how comparatively easy it is to promote great reforms by means exactly the opposite of those advocated by the Anarchists. Let workingmen make a note of the fact, too, that in the first election where women had the right to vote in New Zealand, they indorsed a strongly radical programme. Woman is not afraid of change if she is convinced that it will be for the benefit of common humanity.

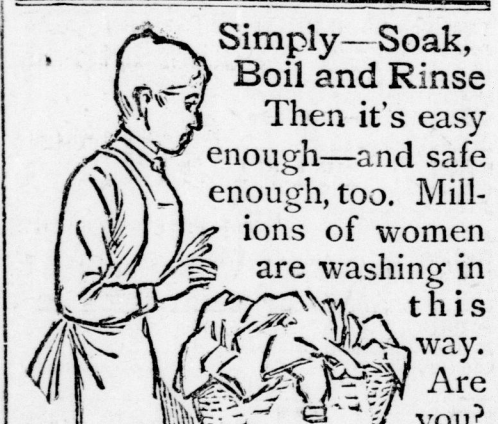
—The Buffalo Express, which is an independent outlooker, says that if the people of Ontario are wise they will be satisfied with the present method of selecting public officials, which on the whole, as we all know, has worked successfully.

—DANGEROUS APPEALS.

(Rev. E. D. McLaren, Presbyterian, Vancouver, B. C.)
Neither Protestants nor Roman Catholics as such, neither Presbyterians nor Methodists as such, neither Congregationalists nor Baptists nor Episcopalians as such, have any right to any public office. The question of the denominational associations of candidates for any public position should be rigidly excluded from the discussion of their respective merits, and power and influence should be intrusted to men solely on the ground of character and ability. To appeal to sectarian feeling in order to secure some advantage that could not otherwise be obtained is to play with the most dangerous kind of two-edged weapon. Our country is composed not of sects, but of citizens, and the more fully this truth is recognized and acted on the pleasure will be the relations of the citizens to one another, and the stronger and more prosperous will our country become.

THERE WOULD BE ODD DOINGS.

(Fergus Record.)
If the principle that those who pay should elect were to be rigidly adhered to, it would lead to a curious state of affairs. The debtors would elect our sheriffs and bailiffs, heirs would name the surrogate registrars, litigants the judges, while registrars of deeds would be voted for by the borrowers of the country and the money lenders of the Province.



Simply—Soak,
Boil and Rinse
Then it's easy
enough—and safe
enough, too. Mill-
ions of women
are washing in this
way. Are you?

Soak your clothes in Pearlina and water (over night is best); boil them in Pearlina and water twenty minutes; rinse them—and they will be clean.

When you think what you save by doing away with the rubbing, the saving of health, the saving of clothes, the saving of hard work, time and money—then isn't it time to think about washing with Pearlina?

Beware of imitations. 335 JAMES CYLE, N. Y.

LOST OR FAILING MANHOOD,

General and Nervous Debility,



Weakness of Body and Mind. Effects of Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble Manhood fully Restored. How to enlarge and Strengthen Weak, Undeveloped Organs and Parts of Body. Absolutely unfailing Home Treatment—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

RADWAY'S PILLS,

Always Reliable.

Purely Vegetable.

The Great Liver and Stomach Remedy

An Excellent and Mild Cathartic.

PERFECTLY TASTELESS

Over Forty Years in Use and

Never Known to Fail.

Possess properties the most extraordinary in restoring health. They stimulate to healthy action the various organs, the natural conditions of which are necessary for health, grapple with and neutralize the impurities, driving them completely out of the system.

RADWAY'S IS A COMPOUND PILL.

One of their ingredients will attack the LIVER, another will rouse up the BOWELS, another will attack the SKIN, and still another hurry up the KIDNEYS. This is the beauty of their effective operation; whilst they have a specific action on the Liver, they have a reflex or reflective action on the other organs of the system; whilst they force with the one hand, they persuade with the other, till all the organs are brought to harmonious action, and perform their required functions.

RADWAY'S PILLS

Drive out all diseases, from whatever cause they may be making inroads on your system; delay no longer, the remedy is at hand; a dose or two will convince you of the truth.

To thousands now suffering, we say, you have the remedy in your own hands. Radway's is a well-known pill, containing the choicest of extracts taken from the VEGETABLE KINGDOM ONLY, compounded in the most scientific proportions, which were found by Dr. Radway to be the best adapted to stimulate and restore to healthy action the disordered organs. They contain no minerals or metals or their salts—nothing poisonous enters into their composition, and they are perfectly safe to take.

To those who are looking for a Health Restorer
We cannot too strongly recommend a well-tried, safe and efficient remedy such as is presented in Radway's Pills



—FOR—
Sick Headache, Female Complaints, Indigestion, Biliousness, Constipation, Dyspepsia and all Disorders of the Liver.

Full printed directions in each box 25 cents a box. Sold by all druggists or mailed on receipt of price.

DR. RADWAY & CO.,
419 St. James Street, Montreal.

FOR INVALIDS
whose system needs toning up and whose appetites are failing, a quick and pleasant remedy will be found in
CAMPBELL'S QUININE WINE.
Prepared only by K. CAMPBELL & CO.,
Beware of Imitations. MONTREAL.

THE ONTARIO Loan & Debenture COMPANY.

Subscribed capital.....\$2,000,000
Paid-up capital.....1,200,000
Reserve fund.....416,000

DIRECTORS:

Joseph Jeffery, Esq., President; John McClary, Esq., Vice-President; William Bowman, Esq., William McDonough, Esq., W. R. Hobbs, Esq.

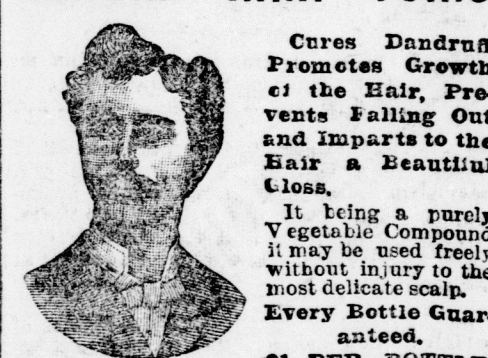
SAVINGS BANK BRANCH.

Interest allowed on deposits at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, compounded half yearly.

DEBENTURES
Issued for three years and upwards. Interest payable half-yearly.

WILLIAM F. BULLEN,
MANAGER.
Office—Corner Dundas street and Market Lane, London.

KEARNEY'S HERBAL HAIR TONIC



Cures Dandruff Promotes Growth of the Hair, Prevents Falling Out and Imparts to the Hair a Beautiful Gloss.

It being a purely Vegetable Compound it may be used freely without injury to the most delicate scalp. Every Bottle Guaranteed.

\$1 PER BOTTLE.

R. J. KEARNEY,
383 Richmond street, London, sole proprietor and manufacturer, London, Ont. All orders by mail are promptly attended to.

Ask your druggist for it, all the leading druggists in London keep it.

CURES

BAD BLOOD.

This complaint often arises from Dyspepsia as well as from Constipation, Hereditary Taint, etc. Good blood cannot be made by the Dyspeptic, and Bad Blood is a most prolific source of suffering, causing

BOILS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES,

Eruptions, Sores, Skin Diseases, Scrofula, etc. Burdock Blood Bitters really cures bad blood and drives out every vestige of impure matter from a common impure to the worst scrofulous sore. H. M. Lockwood, of Lindsay, Ont., had 13 Boils in 8 months, but was entirely cured by 3 bottles of B.B.B., and is now strong and well. Write to him.

OVERCOATS.

Do You Want an Overcoat?

If so, we are going to make it interesting for you. We have at the present time over 300 Overcoats in stock, comprising:

Worsted Overcoats,
Beaver Overcoats,
Diagonal Stripe Overcoats,
Melton Overcoats,
Frieze Overcoats,
Nap Overcoats,
Tweed Overcoats,
(WITH CAPE OR HOOD)
Felt Overcoats.

These Overcoats are all new, fresh goods, but we are determined to clear them out.

SOME	WERE	\$14,
SOME	WERE	\$13,
SOME	WERE	\$12,
SOME	WERE	\$11,
SOME	WERE	\$10,
SOME	WERE	\$9.

Wednesday Morning

Feb. 7, at 9 o'clock, we will offer your choice of the entire lot for

\$6 50.

This is going to be the Greatest Sale of Overcoats ever held in the city. We have them in all sizes, so do not think we cannot fit you. We have them in all styles, so do not think we cannot suit you. Come early before the range is broken. Remember the date, Wednesday morning, Feb. 9, at 9 o'clock.

Any \$5 Overcoat in the house for \$3 95.

CHAPMAN'S

126 and 128 Dundas street, London.

Eyesight Saved

After Scarlet Fever, Diphtheria, Pneumonia and other prostrating diseases, Hood's Sarsaparilla is unequalled to thoroughly purify the blood and give needed strength. Read this:

My boy had Scarlet Fever when 4 years old, leaving him very weak and with blood poisoned with canker. His eyes became inflamed, his sufferings were intense, and for 7 weeks he could not even open his eyes. I took him to the Eye and Ear Infirmary, but their remedies did him no good. I began giving him

Hood's Sarsaparilla which soon cured him. I know it saved his sight, it not his very life." ARBIE E. BLACKMAN, 2838 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner pills, assist digestion, cure headache and biliousness.

Seasonable Sport.

Skating Records Smashed by A. D. Smith at St. Paul.

Johnson Makes Speedy Time at Montreal.

Standing of Hockey Clubs in the London District—Ives Comes to the Front With His Cue at Cincinnati.

SKATING.

JOHNSON WAS THE HERO. MONTREAL, Feb. 4.—Nearly 7,000 attended the annual race meeting of the Canadian Skating Association yesterday afternoon. The track was a quarter of a mile and the ice was perfect.

Johnson was the hero of the day, although the crowd was partial to Donoghue. However, when Johnson showed them what he could do he was applauded to the echo. He commenced by nipping circles off in the 220 yards, which he won in 20.3 seconds, the best previous time for this distance being 21.3 seconds. The following is a summary of the events.

220 yards—J. S. Johnson, Minneapolis, 1; Joe F. Donoghue, Newburg, 2; H. Dawson, St. Paul, 3; time, 20.3 seconds. Half-mile—J. S. Johnson, 1; J. F. Donoghue, 2; H. Dawson, 3; time, 1:41. One mile—J. S. Johnson, 1; J. F. Donoghue, 2; J. K. McCulloch, Winnipeg, 3; A. Norseng, Christchurch, 4; time, 3:03. Five miles—J. F. Donoghue, 1; J. K. McCulloch, 2; J. S. Johnson, 3; A. Norseng, 4; time, 16:11.

Half mile backward—R. T. R. Holcomb, Montreal, 1; R. J. Smart, Montreal, 2; time, 1:46. Hurdle race, 220 yards—W. P. Irwin, Montreal, 1; R. T. Holcomb, 2; time 28.5 seconds.

A RECORD-BREAKER.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 4.—A. D. Smith, of this city, has reduced the amateur and professional skating records for all distances from 6 to 20 miles at the Egerton street rink in this city this week. Smith's time will stand as the world's record. The 10-mile American record was previously held by Joe F. Donoghue, and Smith lowered it by 5 minutes and 27.4 seconds. The world's record was held by Adolf Norseng and this was broken by about 12 seconds. At 15 miles the American record was held by Axel Paulsen, which was also the world's record, was cut 5 minutes 51.2 seconds, and 20 miles, the best previous records, were reduced 6 minutes 31.2 seconds, being formerly held by Joe F. Donoghue. The average speed for the first ten miles was 3.14 per mile, and for the entire 20 miles about 3.19 per mile.

CHAMPION CAMPAIGN will run a man named Jacob, 100 yards race at New Orleans on Feb. 10, for \$50 a side.

DICK MOORE and Dan Creedon are to fight in Boston shortly for the middle-weight championship of America.

PUGILISTS GATHERED IN BY THE POLICE. RICHMOND, Va., Feb. 3.—The first prize fight that has occurred here in years took place very early Friday morning. The pugilists were Edward Murphy and John Monaghan, both of New York. The latter was knocked out in the second round. The men then got together and pounded each other savagely, paying no attention to the referee or seconds. Just after the mill all the principals were arrested.

NOT FOR POINTS, BUT "SWEET CHARITY." NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—Corbett and Mitchell having settled their differences and become good friends have volunteered to box four rounds at the Grand Central Palace Monday night, Feb. 10, for charity's sake. It is intended to make this as near as possible an exact representation of the scene in the ring of the Duval Athletic Club at Jacksonville on Jan. 25. All the men who figured as referee, seconds, bottle holders and time keepers will be on hand.

THE WHEEL. ALBERT SHOCK, the champion, has issued a challenge to any English rider on earth for a race of 142 hours for \$2,500 or \$5,000. He will take expenses to ride in England, or allow expenses to any English aspirant to ride in this country.

THE CUE. JAMES BEATS SCHAEFER. CINCINNATI, Feb. 4.—The billiard tournament closed last night. The purse of \$1,500 and the gate receipts were divided among the contestants. The receipts (clear of all expenses) equaled \$1,500. This will give Ives \$1,500, Schaefer \$900, and Slosson \$600.

FOOTBALL. O. Feb. 4.—The Ohio excitement here continues with increasing fury. The Lambricht well is still throwing out 2,000 barrels a day, even with the tools yet in the well.

QUEBEC TO HAVE A WOMAN'S COUNCIL. QUEBEC, Que., Feb. 3.—A meeting of Quebec ladies took place this afternoon at the Frontenac Hotel, presided over by Lady Abredeen, looking towards forming a council of women as a branch of the institution now existing for the advancement of women. There were some 200 ladies present, including the wife of the bishop of Quebec.

GLOSE OF THE QUEBEC CARNIVAL. QUEBEC, Feb. 4.—Last night's hockey match closed the carnival festivities. Lady Aberdeen, accompanied by Lord Aberdeen, distributed the prizes won by the champions of the different sports during carnival week. Her Excellency pinned on the breasts of the happy winners the medals awarded them, and each victor was cheered by the immense crowd as they walked away with their trophies. The carnival has been a pronounced success.

AN APPEAL TO ODDFELLOWS. COLUMBUS, Ohio, Feb. 4.—C. H. Linan, secretary of the Ohio Grand Lodge of Oddfellows, has received a letter from Mrs. Jennie Heck, of Albany, Ind., a well-known member of the Rebekah degree, in which she calls on the Oddfellows of Ohio to lead in the effort to make the widow of the late Vice-President, Schuyler Colfax comfortable in her declining years. By reason of the failure of an Indianapolis bank Mrs. Colfax is practically penniless. Mr. Colfax was a prominent Oddfellow and the founder of the degree of Rebekah.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

\$600. Schaefer last night accepted an offer of \$4,000 to make a three-months foreign tour. Schaefer and Ives leave at once for Boston, where they will meet Slosson, who preceded them Friday. Following is the score of last night's game:

Ives 8, 0, 58, 87, 4, 32, 2, 0, 33, 58, 42, 19, 1, 0, 11, 5, 2, 6, 49, 4, 163; total, 600.

Schaefer—2, 3, 22, 16, 41, 59, 8, 68, 41, 0, 6, 1, 0, 8, 65, 40, 0, 5, 37, 12; total, 434.

Highest run—Ives, 163; Schaefer, 68. Average—Ives, 28.37; Schaefer, 21.7-10.

HOCKEY. The following is the standing of the three clubs in the London district for the championship finals:

London played 3 games, won 3, lost none, and 1 to play.

Petrolia played 2 games, won none, lost 2, and 2 to play.

St. Thomas played 1 game, won none, lost 1, and 4 to play.

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They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

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TONS OF SILVER MUST BE COUNTED

Immense Amount of Work Made Necessary by a Boy's Petty Peculations.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The peculations of James Anderson, of Indiana, a well-connected lad, 18 years of age, employed as a messenger in the treasury vaults, who was arrested last night for stealing silver from the vaults, prove more serious than was supposed. They amount to \$794, as far as has been ascertained, and the inquiry is still in progress. When the theft was first discovered it was supposed to amount only to a few dollars, and at the request of the treasury officials publication of the fact was suppressed. The method of his theft was somewhat similar, though on a much smaller scale, to that pursued by Cochran with the gold in the Philadelphia mint.

Whether his peculations will amount to more than the \$700 or \$800 thus far found out can only be ascertained by a recount of the silver. There are 7,000,000 or 8,000,000 silver dollars in the vaults. Each \$1,000,000 of silver weighs, in round figures, 30 tons, so that the amount of money to be handled is 240 tons. This will necessitate a force of ten or twelve men to work for two weeks or more counting and weighing the silver.

The cost of this additional labor—thousands of dollars or more—will be the only loss the United States will sustain, as the law makes the treasurer responsible under his bond for all losses through the dishonesty of employees, and gives him no voice in the selection.

BERLIN VS. AYE. AYE, Ont., Feb. 4.—The hockey match, Berlin vs. Aye, for the championship of group No. 2, was played here last night and won by Aye—15 goals to 2.

QUEBEC VS. MONTREAL. QUEBEC, Feb. 4.—A hockey match was played here last night between the M. A. A. and Q. A. A. for the championship. Fully 3,000 persons were present, Lord and Lady Aberdeen watching with keen interest the tournament. Quebec won by a score of 3 to 2.

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Liberal Tariff Platform.

We, the Liberal party of Canada, in convention assembled declare:

That the customs tariff of the Dominion should be based, not as it now is, upon the protective principle, but upon the requirements of the public service.

That the existing tariff, founded upon an unsound principle and used as it has been by the Government as a corrupting agency, whereby to keep themselves in office, has developed monopolies, trusts and combinations;

It has decreased the value of farm and other landed property;

It has oppressed the masses to the enrichment of the few;

It has checked immigration;

It has caused great loss of population;

It has impeded commerce;

It has discriminated against Great Britain.

In these, and in many other ways, it has occasioned great public and private injury, all of which evils must continue to grow in intensity so long as the present tariff system remains in force.

That the highest interests of Canada demand a removal of this obstacle to our country's progress, by the adoption of a sound fiscal policy, which, while not doing injustice to any class, will promote domestic and foreign trade and hasten the return of prosperity to our people.

That to that end, the tariff should be reduced to the needs of honest, economical and efficient government.

That it could be so adjusted as to make free, or to be as lightly as possible upon the necessities of life and should be so arranged as to promote freer trade with the whole world, more particularly Great Britain and the United States.

We believe that the results of the protective system have grievously disappointed thousands of persons who honestly supported it, and that the country in the light of experience is now prepared to declare for a sound fiscal policy.

The issue between the two political parties on this great question is now clearly defined.

The Government themselves admit the failure of their fiscal policy, and now profess their willingness to make some changes, but they say that such changes must be based only on the principle of protection.

We denounce the principle of protection as radically unsound and unjust to the masses of the people, and we declare our conviction that any tariff changes based on that principle must fail to afford any substantial relief from the burdens under which the country labors.

This issue we unhesitatingly accept and upon it we await with the fullest confidence the verdict of the electors of Canada.

OTAWA, Feb. 4.—The Dominion Government has prepared an Insolvency Bill which will be submitted to Parliament next season. At present there is no Insolvency Act in the Dominion. The matter of bankruptcy is dealt with in various ways by the different Provinces, and a great deal of conflict as to jurisdiction is the result.

The new Dominion bill contains 128 clauses. Power is given to appoint official receivers, who, however, must hold no political positions in the country, and who must provide bonds for not more than \$20,000 and not less than \$2,000. The court to which the case has been referred will appoint a liquidator, and the receiver shall hand over all the books, accounts, and papers to the former. If the debtor fails to make a clear and specific account of his indebtedness he may be imprisoned for six months. If it be shown that a debtor is about to abscond he can be arrested. All his letters, etc., can be ordered at the post-office by the liquidator for three months. If the debtor is guilty of any fraud his discharge is held for five years. If he is found guilty of presenting a false balance sheet a penalty of two years' imprisonment is provided and he is liable to three years' imprisonment.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRES. HEPWORTH, Ont., Wilmington, Del., and Omaha, Neb., Lose Heavily.

HEPWORTH, Ont., Feb. 4.—J. W. Phillips' general store and the adjacent hotel, occupied by H. Brown, were burned yesterday with most of the contents.

WILMINGTON, Del., Feb. 3.—The flour mills of Wm. Lee & Sons, known as the Brandywine Mills, were destroyed by fire this morning. Loss \$150,000 to \$175,000. Insured three-fourths.

OMAHA, Neb., Feb. 4.—At 7 o'clock last evening while the Boston store, one of the largest drygoods houses in the city, was crowded with customers, a slight flame made its appearance in the front part of the store and in a minute the entire front of the building was a mass of flame, and the structure was destroyed. Other buildings burned were the Los Angeles liquor and cigar store, the St. Mary Magdalene Catholic Church, the priest's residence and the sisters' school attached to the church, little being saved from the church or convent. The loss will reach at least \$350,000.

THE "IRISH-AMERICAN VOLUNTEERS." ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 4.—The Irish-American Volunteers of the State of New York were incorporated yesterday. The object of the organization is stated to be to "promote and advance the laws of the country among its members, encourage athletic exercises, and to maintain, form and organize companies of men for the purpose of studying military drill in all its branches, and to issue certificates and authorizing companies in other countries and cities of the State to use the name of 'The Irish-American Volunteers of the State of New York.'" The principal offices of the union will be in New York city.

POISONED WITH PARIS GREEN. WILKESBARRE, Pa., Feb. 4.—Michael Dike, a Hungarian, was arrested in Sugar Notch, charged with poisoning Michael Malachi, his wife and three children. Dike boarded with Malachi, who ordered him to leave the house for insulting the latter's wife. After eating the entire family became suddenly ill, and Paris green was found in their food. Two physicians, after ten hours, pronounced Malachi and his wife out of danger, but the three children are still in a critical condition. When Dike was about to be locked up he drew a knife and stabbed himself.

NEW CANAL SCHEME. CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 4.—A special from West Superior, Wis., says: The Lake St. Clair and Erie Ship Canal Company was organized in this city yesterday. Preliminary organization was arranged in Duluth several weeks ago, but the incorporation was in Wisconsin as the company expects to have headquarters in Milwaukee. The capital stock was placed at \$250,000. The idea of the company is to build a canal from Lake St. Clair to Lake Erie, thus avoiding Lime Kiln crossing and other dangerous places, and shortening the route to Buffalo 100 miles.

A heart full of love will make a life full of joy. Better to lead time than to be driven by it.

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PIANOS AND ORGANS

Heintzman & Co. are offering at their Warerooms, "Colwell's Popular Music House," 189 Dundas street, great bargains in Second-hand Pianos and Organs at prices ranging from \$25 upwards, on easy terms of payment. Also a fine selection of new genuine Heintzman Pianos, unequalled in tone and finish. See us and try these instruments before buying.

H. W. BURNETT, Manager Piano Department.

Canadian General Electric Company

(LIMITED)

Head Office, 65 to 71 Front St. W., Toronto, Ont.

THE DEVIL'S OWN.

By Lillias Campbell Davidson.

"Oh, papa, papa! don't break my heart! You know—every one can tell you—how steady Harry is!"

"That was my earnest belief, or I should never have agreed to your engagement. But Richard tells me there have been some strange stories about him, late—no strange that I have been asking Maylands, as we walked part of the way home together, whether there was any mental weakness in the family. But Maylands declares there was never anything of the kind, and he is in a position to speak with confidence."

"But oh, we may all do wrong once, papa dearest; and if everyone turns from us, how can we ever atone for it?"

"Heaven forbid I should deny any one a chance, little girl. Harry Curzon is young, and there is ample time to amend. But your future must not be risked. We will wait and see how matters stand before I can let things proceed further. Meanwhile, I cannot let you see too much of each other."

"At least I may write?" I implored.

"I prefer you should not do so. I will see him on Tuesday evening at the barracks, when I am with Col. Maylands, and will explain my reasons to him for insisting on at least a fortnight's probation. What—does that seem too hard? A fortnight is not a lifetime, little girl—it is soon past."

But oh, that fortnight never came to its end, for Tuesday evening saw the shipwreck of all my future life.

My dear father came home from the barracks looking ten years older; and when he told me that all was over, his voice broke so that in my agony I failed to understand, and it was long before I could clearly gather all that had taken place.

It seems that he and Col. Maylands were sitting in the ante-room after mess, and talking it all over. Col. Maylands had told my father of his severe reprimand to Harry for the affair on Sunday, and how Harry had seemed overwhelmed with shame and bewilderment, but had annoyed him by obstinately declaring that he had not touched a drop of anything stronger than coffee that morning, when he heard a noise of furious voices from the mess-room, and throwing open the door they found Harry engaged in a violent quarrel with Mr. Vyvian. It seems they had been sitting smoking, when Mr. Vyvian, who is only a boy, and hadn't heard of Harry's and my engagement, began remarking on my cousin Dick's foolish behavior about me, which all the world could see. Harry grew very angry, and told Mr. Vyvian to hold his tongue, and Mr. Vyvian laughed, and very foolishly and impudently said something about my preference for Dick, and the probability of my marrying him. Harry with a dreadful exclamation caught him by the throat, and just as my father opened the door he had seized a knife from the mess-table and would have stabbed Mr. Vyvian with it, had not Col. Maylands just grasped his arm in time.

My poor, poor Harry! he seemed utterly stunned and bewildered, and stood staring at him, flushed and horrified at what he had been about to do. Mr. Vyvian and I were firm friends, and Harry could not have hurt a fly when he was sober—and yet he had hardly touched a glass of sauterne at dinner that night.

Ah, it could not be passed over! I knew it, I knew it! Col. Maylands's affection for Harry, and the desire of every one to spare a son of their old commanding officer, could not hush up a thing like this. Mr. Vyvian, terribly shocked at what had happened, most generously begged the colonel to overlook it; but the mess-writers had seen it, and it could not be hidden. All Col. Maylands could do was to desire Harry to retire from the service before any steps could be taken against him, poor Harry, who loved his profession so, and took such pride in it!

I think I was too heart-broken to resist. I let papa pack up all my little treasures—the ruby ring, the few short notes, the curly lock of raven hair; only I took the glove he kissed that night we parted at the rectory gate, and a few withered flowers, and the dancing card of the militia ball, where the "Henry Curzon" stood out boldly and firmly so many, many times.

They would not let me write a single line of farewell; and when a note came from me from Harry, bottled and sealed—my poor, poor fellow!—mamma put it in the fire, and never told me. She did not mean to be cruel, I'm sure; but mothers never tell of their daughters' quite as much as fathers do, somehow, it seems to me. That night, Dick, coming in, met Harry hanging about the gate, in the darkness and the rain, looking as the groom told mamma's maid afterwards, "more like a ghost than himself."

Oh, my poor boy! He demanded to see me, and that brute Dick ordered him off the grounds. Harry tried to push past him, and Dick, who thinks he's the strongest man in the county, dared to catch my poor boy by the collar. In an instant Harry had knocked him down, and had him by the throat. Dick screamed and ran away, and the stableman and gardeners ran out and dragged Harry off. He just stood looking at them for a moment, in that same bewildered way, and then he turned and disappeared into the night. And I, sitting by the fire in my dressing-room, weeping bitter tears for him, and never knowing! Ah, how glad I was that Dick's coat was torn, and his face cut, and that he couldn't walk without limping for a week!

And save for a week that fell on the newspaper paragraph, where "Lieutenant Henry Curzon resigns his commission in the Second Wiltshire Regiment," I heard no word of my Harry for many a weary month to come.

Oh, that year that followed! how did I ever live it through? I could not be so weak and wicked as to let life be spoilt because its happiness had gone; but oh, how utterly the taste had gone out of everything! I tried to be a good daughter, since I might never be a wife; but sometimes I looked at the little churchyard, and sighed to think how long it might be before I found rest and peace within its moss-grown walls. Some- where during that winter Dick asked me to marry him. I was glad he did, for it gave me a chance of telling him how I despised him for all his conduct about Harry, and how I should love my boy, and him only, to the end of my days, even though we never met on earth again. Dick went away in a passion, and I was anything but sorry that he did.

It was in the last days of the next March that my dear father died. There was little suffering—a sort of gentle, but a most like a child falling asleep. I think neither mamma nor I realized what was coming till the blow was just about to fall. I was sitting by the sofa that evening, his dear hand clasped in mine when he opened his eyes all at once and said:

"Forgive me, little girl, if ever I seemed hard to you. Tell Curzon I grieved sorely; give the boy my love; if ever you should meet him. Kiss me, Kathleen."

And as I stooped to lay my lips on his, his gentle spirit passed away to the country

which had always been its home.

When I began to recover from the shock of this grievous loss and blow, there began to be borne in upon me a new, vague impulse. I had a great longing to find out Harry, and to give him my father's message. The desire was very strong upon me, and his face once more—to try if a hand held out to help might not even yet have power to save.

Col. Maylands, when he came to my dear father's funeral, had given my mother some small news of him.

"He's gone to the dogs about as fast as any fellow I ever knew," he said. "That tidy little fortune his father left him has all gone, in a year—hardly a few hundreds left, I'm told. Heaven knows how or where he's spent it; I've seen his name in the police courts half a dozen times for street brawls, and disreputable things of that sort. He's too decent-minded a fellow to go in for dissipations of the worst sort, but when he's not racing, he's card-playing. Extraordinary thing! when while he was in the regiment he hated cards—couldn't get him to take a hand at whist—and he hardly ever made a bet. I can only fancy there's some bad stratagem somewhere in the family, though I never knew of it; and it's come out all at once in him. Drink's done most of it, of course; though how a man can keep perfectly the worse for liquor for some nine months, and not suffer in his general health, I can't understand."

Where he was, or how he lived, no one seemed to know. I made up my mind I would go and try to find out. When I told my mother my decision, she was utterly shocked.

"It's altogether impossible, Kathleen!" she said; "you must be mad to suggest it. If womanly feeling on your part doesn't prevent it, your common sense ought to. Don't dream of such a thing."

But I persisted.

(To be Continued.)

Very Hard Indeed.

There are so many things that appear unnecessary, and which for the life of us we can see neither purpose nor end of. It may be corns are just one of those things in the flesh which the why and the wherefore of which we cannot see. Nevertheless they are the kind that are easily removed. Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor makes short work of them. Try it and see how nicely it coaxes them out. Use none other than Putnam's Corn Extractor. Sold by all druggists.

Plant a crop of good books in your home as regularly as you do seeds in your soil, and when you get old you will not regret it.

Nothing impure or injurious contaminates the popular antidote to pain, throat and lung remedy and general expectorant, Dr. Thomas's Electric Oil. It may be used without the slightest apprehension of any other than salutary consequences. Coughs, rheumatism, earache, bruises, cuts and sores succumb to its action.

If the grumbler would only straighten himself out he would find a great deal less to complain of.

Cures Wind Colic and Diarrhea.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEething, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHEA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

The real happiness of life cannot be bought with money, and the poor may have it as well as the rich.

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Expeller is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

The man who considers buying on credit an easy way to get things is not a safe man to trust.

That Pale Face.

For Nervous Prostration and Anæmia there is no medicine that will so promptly and infallibly restore vigor and strength as Scott's Emulsion.

Opportunities are bald behind. You must catch them by the forelock.

Piles, one of the most disagreeable and painful of disorders, are generally produced by sedentary habits, indigestion, costiveness or intemperance. This disease should be promptly treated by proper remedies. There is nothing more reliable, by its wonderful curative action, than Pond's Extract Ointment, in which the medicinal virtues of Pond's Extract, very valuable in this complaint, are highly concentrated. It is best, however, to use both the Extract and Ointment. Ask your druggist for it, and be sure you get the genuine.

He who is big in his own eyes is small in other people's.

An Excellent Remedy.

Gentlemen,—We have used Howard's Pectoral Balsam in our house for over three years, and find it an excellent remedy for all forms of Croup, Coughs, Colds, and all the troubles it affords instant relief.

JOHN BRONX, Columbus, Ont.

Cured His Boils in a Week.

Dear Sirs,—I was covered with pimples and small boils until one Sunday I was given three-fourths of a bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters, by the use of which the sores were sent flying in about one week's time.

FRED CARTER, Haney, B. C.

I can answer for the truth of the above.

T. C. CHRISTIAN, Haney, B. C.

Stinginess and economy are not akin to each other.

Untold Misery—What a Well-Known Commercial Traveler Suffered, and How He Was Cured!

About five years ago I began to be troubled with dyspepsia, and for three years suffered untold misery from this terrible complaint. I was at that time traveling for Messrs. Walter Woods & Co., Hamilton, and was treated by some of the best physicians in the country, but all to no purpose. I continued to grow worse, one day I was induced to try a bottle of Northrop & Lyman's VEGETABLE DISCOVERY, and to my great surprise and joy, I soon began to improve. I continued using this medicine, and when the third bottle was finished I found I was entirely cured; and as a year has elapsed since then, I feel confident that the cure is complete and permanent. To all afflicted with this distressing complaint I heartily recommend Northrop & Lyman's VEGETABLE DISCOVERY, believing that the persistent use of it will cure any case of dyspepsia. (Signed.) T. S. MCINTRE.

Another consignment of \$1 oak finished rockers just arrived, also great bargains in sideboards, at TRAFFORD'S Popular Furniture House, 95 and 97 King street. Phone 864.

OBJECTIONS TO PROTECTION.

[By Enos Carter, Toronto.]

Advantages draw, protection drives, fertility, abundance, suitability of location, the best route all attract; men seek their advantage just as naturally as water runs down hill. Men required no coercion to drive them to the gold field of California, to the coal mines of Pennsylvania, to the prairies of the west. Even the buffalo sought the richest pastures and an unerring instinct teaches the bird whither to migrate. Surely man has as much judgment as the beasts of the field or the fowls of the air. Protection says nay, man must be driven to the right place for his supplies. Protection appeals to one motive only, the fear of a penalty or an injury. It imposes an infliction.

My first objection, therefore, to protection is that

IT IS A SYSTEM OF COERCION.

When I raise a crop of grain, to whom does that crop belong? By every instinct of the moral judgment, it belongs to me. To procure that grain I give my toil, my energy, my time, a part of my life. Therefore, if I am to own myself, that crop belongs to me. Now, when I work I want the best pay, the highest wages. I offer that when, in exchange for drygoods, hardware or groceries, a man in Manchester offers so much, another in Boston so much, another in Montreal so much. Shall I be at liberty to accept the highest bid? "No," say protectionists. Accept the offer only where we prescribe or we will inflict a punishment. What would have been profitable we will make unprofitable.

My second objection to protection is that

IT REFUSES TO ALLOW ME TO ACCEPT THE HIGHEST BID.

What is trade, genuine trade? When I am raising cattle, I am not raising them for myself. I expect by these cattle to procure furnishings for my home, comforts for my family, books for my library, and implements of my trade. I am one of the social organisms. I fulfill one function—raising food for myself and for my customers. Why do I not do everything else for myself? Work out my own philosophy, organize my own postal service, work my own telegraph, build my own roads and railroads? Why not? Could I live if I raised myself? Let each man follow his own trade and let his neighbor follow his, and humanity is inestimably richer. Protection means starvation. Co-operation through division of labor and exchange, means civilization. This trade is an ineffable blessing. Where is it a curse? No-where. It is universally a blessing. It is on this trade that the existence of civilization depends. Protection tries to prevent this co-operation, this exchange of benefits.

My third objection to protection is that

IT CALLS A BLESSING A CURSE.

Where shall I get my supplies? Where nature and other conditions conspire to make the most advantageous. Am I doing anything wrong? Am I committing any crime when I seek oil from the best wells, coal from the most convenient mines, lumber from the most convenient forests, goods from the factory that suits me best? Is it any crime to resort to the locality best suited to my circumstances, or must I consult my neighbors, and ask their consent? When thus following my best judgment, when thus acting according to my common sense, I am simply following out the impulses and instincts implanted in me by the Creator. Against all this protection imposes penalties.

My fourth objection to protection is that

IT INFLECTS PUNISHMENTS ON THAT WHICH IS NO CRIME.

What is government, and why does it exist? It is unquestionably it is to do for the citizen that which he is unable to do for himself. As a citizen I can call on the aid of the government to prevent the imposition of wrong, oppression and injustice. I have raised a crop. I want to exchange it to my greatest advantage. For that purpose I submit to taxation to build roads, bonus railroads, subsidize steamships, dredge harbors and maintain light-houses. Having paid for these facilities, shall I be at liberty to trade them as my advantage and best judgment clearly indicate? "No," says protection, "we will use the power of government to prevent you procuring your greatest advantage."

My fifth objection to protection is that IT THOROUGHLY PERVERTS THE VERY PURPOSE FOR WHICH GOVERNMENT EXISTS.

To my neighbor I owe certain duties. As a part of a community I have a right to say something as to the method of government. But I must be exceedingly cautious that I do not extend this power beyond the limits that righteousness would prescribe. Shall I interfere with my neighbor when he goes to trade? If he desires to trade with Jones rather than Brown, shall I impose a penalty to prevent him dealing with Brown, shall I tell him if he deals with Brown I will deprive him of 20 per cent, or 30 per cent, of his crop, or that I will aid the government to do that? Not by any means. I may have something to say as to the side of the road he shall drive on to prevent collisions, but I have no right to drive him from the road which he knows is the best for his purpose.

My sixth objection to protection is that

IT ASKS ME TO INTERFERE IN THAT WHICH IS NONE OF MY BUSINESS.

Religion is first or it is nothing. It must be uppermost or beneath my feet. Seek first the Kingdom of God and his righteousness. That means the brotherhood of humanity. The pater noster, the "Our Father," means for humanity, the brethren. "Dearly beloved brethren," is a reality or religion is a hoax, a farce, a very delusion. Protection teaches that nations are not mutually beneficent parts of one great family, each tolling for the weal of the others. It depicts the beneficence of one nation to another as an "imposition," a "slaughter," a "cut-throat competition," an act of hostility, to be suppressed by penal laws, that nations must be separated by impediments to prevent their commercial intercourse.

My seventh objection to protection is that

IT IS UTTERLY HOSTILE TO THE TEACHINGS OF CHRISTIANITY, AND INDUCES RELIGION TO A FARCE.

Shall we secure to every young man beginning life the chance that God intended he should have—equal access to the bounties of the Creator? And shall we then leave him to depend on his native energy, his muscle, his brain, his thrift, his manly self-dependence? Shall we teach him to be nobly heroic in his struggle to gain his highest attainments in intellectual power, physical energy, moral tone? Or shall we teach him that he cannot compete with his fellows, that he needs the culling and nursing of a protective government? Or worse yet, shall we let him see that by combining with his fellows to pervert the government to his own selfish purposes, he can gain advantages by crushing his fellows?

A bottle of Angostura Bitters to flavor your lemonade or any other cold drink will keep you free from Dyspepsia, Colic, Diarrhea, and all diseases originating from the digestive organs. Be sure to get the genuine Angostura, manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrup, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

Dr. G. C. Osason,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

Dr. J. F. KINCHLOE,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.

The Centaur Company, 71 Murray Street, New York City.



ESTABLISHED 1874.

R. G. Macfie & Co.,
LONDON.

HATS and FURS.

We make a specialty of Waterproof Clothing and guarantee all garments we sell to be waterproof, not to go hard or rip.

We carry in stock a large variety of Men's, Ladies', Boys' and Girls' Coats and Mantles with large capes.

Men's Black Oiled Coats, Pants and Hats, Wagon Covers, Horse Covers, Carriage Rugs, Dash Covers.

Call in and see our goods, or write for what you want.

RAW FURS WANTED.

HELLO! WHAT IS IT?

25c Scarfs and Ties for 20c. 50c Scarfs and Ties for 45c. 75c Scarfs and Ties for 65c. \$1 Scarfs, Handkerchiefs and Gloves for 85c. A genuine reduction of prices and no clap-trap.

PETHICK & McDONALD,
393 RICHMOND STREET.

ADVERTISING

Fans,
Cards and
Novelties

FOR THE SPRING TRADE.

New Designs Will Be Ready in a Short Time.

DO NOT ORDER UNTIL YOU SEE OUR SAMPLES.

Advertiser Printing Company

LONDON, ONTARIO.

SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA FOR THE CALVERT LITHOGRAPHING COMPANY OF DETROIT.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK—Southern Division
CORRECTED Dec. 18, 1903.

MAIN LINE—Going East.

LEIGH EXPRESS	ARRIVE	DEPART
Wabash Express (A)	8:15 a.m.	8:30 a.m.
Wabash Express (B)	4:15 a.m.	4:30 a.m.
Atlantic Express (A)	12:10 p.m.	12:20 p.m.
Day Express	10:50 a.m.	11:00 a.m.
Wabash Express (A) (D)	4:20 p.m.	4:35 p.m.
Mixed (C)	5:50 p.m.	6:00 p.m.
Eric Limited (A)	11:20 p.m.	11:40 p.m.

MAIN LINE—Going West.

CHICAGO EXPRESS (A)	ARRIVE	DEPART
Wabash Express (A)	6:55 a.m.	7:10 a.m.
Wabash Express (B)	8:30 a.m.	8:45 a.m.
Atlantic Express (B)	11:35 a.m.	11:45 a.m.
Accommodation	12:15 p.m.	12:30 p.m.
Pacific Express (A)	1:35 p.m.	1:50 p.m.
Mail	8:30 p.m.	8:45 p.m.
Accommodation	9:30 p.m.	9:45 p.m.

Sarnia Branch.

LEIGH EXPRESS (B)	ARRIVE	DEPART
Accommodation	8:15 a.m.	8:30 a.m.
Atlantic Express (B)	11:35 a.m.	11:45 a.m.
Accommodation	12:15 p.m.	12:30 p.m.
Mixed	5:35 p.m.	5:50 p.m.
Accommodation	8:15 p.m.	8:30 p.m.
Eric Limited (B)	11:35 p.m.	11:50 p.m.

Sarnia Branch.

CHICAGO EXPRESS (B)	ARRIVE	DEPART
Accommodation	6:40 a.m.	6:55 a.m.
Lehigh Express (B)	7:40 a.m.	7:55 a.m.
Eric Limited (B)	12:20 p.m.	12:35 p.m.
Accommodation	1:20 p.m.	1:35 p.m.
Pacific Express (B)	2:30 p.m.	2:45 p.m.

London, Huron and Bruce.

EXPRESS	ARRIVE	DEPART
Express	8:55 a.m.	9:10 a.m.
Mail	6:40 p.m.	6:55 p.m.

St. Marys and Stratford Branch.

MIXED-MAIL	ARRIVE	DEPART
Express	11:15 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Express	2:05 p.m.	2:20 p.m.
Express-Mixed	6:40 p.m.	6:55 p.m.
Express-Mixed	8:15 p.m.	8:30 p.m.

Toronto Branch.

HAMILTON-DETROIT	ARRIVE	DEPART
Express	8:15 a.m.	8:30 a.m.
Express	11:20 a.m.	11:35 a.m.
Express	1:10 p.m.	1:25 p.m.
Express	4:10 p.m.	4:25 p.m.
Express	6:10 p.m.	6:25 p.m.
Express	8:15 p.m.	8:30 p.m.

* These trains for Montreal.
† These trains from Montreal.
(a) Runs daily, Sundays included.
(b) Runs daily, Sundays included, but makes no intermediate stops on Sundays.
(c) Carries passengers between London and Paris only.
Go this train connects at Toronto for all points in Manitoba, the Northwest and British Columbia via North Bay and Winnipeg.

E. DE LA HOCHE, City Passenger and Ticket Agent, the "Clock" corner Richmond and Dundas streets.

ERIE AND HURON RAILWAY.

STATIONS	EXP	EXP	EXP	MIX
Sarnia (G. T. R.)	8:15 a.m.	8:30 a.m.	8:45 a.m.	8:55 a.m.
Courtright	8:15 a.m.	8:30 a.m.	8:45 a.m.	8:55 a.m.
M. C. R. Junction	8:15 a.m.	8:30 a.m.	8:45 a.m.	8:55 a.m.
Chatham (C. P. R.)	8:15 a.m.	8:30 a.m.	8:45 a.m.	8:55 a.m.
Fargo	8:15 a.m.	8:30 a.m.	8:45 a.m.	8:55 a.m.
Blenheim	8:15 a.m.	8:30 a.m.	8:45 a.m.	8:55 a.m.

Trains North.

STATIONS	EXP	EXP	EXP	MIX
Blenheim	8:10 a.m.	8:25 a.m.	8:40 a.m.	8:55 a.m.
Fargo (M. C. R.)	8:10 a.m.	8:25 a.m.	8:40 a.m.	8:55 a.m.
Chatham (C. P. R.)	8:10 a.m.	8:25 a.m.	8:40 a.m.	8:55 a.m.
M. C. R. Junction	8:10 a.m.	8:25 a.m.	8:40 a.m.	8:55 a.m.
Courtright	8:10 a.m.	8:25 a.m.	8:40 a.m.	8:55 a.m.
Sarnia (G. T. R.)	8:10 a.m.	8:25 a.m.	8:40 a.m.	8:55 a.m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

ART STORE

We shall be glad to show you our new goods for the holiday trade, especially our

ETCHINGS, ENGRAVINGS, PHOTOGRAPHS, ART PRINTS, EASELS AND MIRRORS, ONYX TABLES.

Our stock of Picture Frame Mouldings is larger and finer than ever.

O. B. GRAVES,
222 Dundas Street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

LICENSES ISSUED BY WM. H. WESTON, 1 Grocer, Stanley street. No bond required.

MARRIAGE LICENSES AT SHUFF'S drug store, 659 Dundas street east, residence, Dundas street, corner William, Lake Dundas street car. No witnesses required.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED AT CHAS. F. COLWELL'S Popular Music House, 139 Dundas street, and 439 Princess avenue.

LICENSES ISSUED BY THOS. GILLEAN, jeweller, 422 Richmond street.

Births, Marriages and Deaths

MARRIED.

RICHARDS-DAY—On Dec. 29, 1922, at the residence of the bride's mother, St. James street, by the Rev. J. C. Ansell, D.D., Mr. John O. Richards, to Miss Ethel C. L. D. Day, both of this city.

DIED.

MURRAY—Hughes Wilson, only daughter of the late H. S. Murray, aged 18 years and 8 months.

Funeral from her mother's residence (Mrs. D. A. Denham), 830 Talbot street, to-morrow (Tuesday), Feb. 6, at 2:30 p.m.

COCKELL—In this city, on Feb. 5, 1894, at 435 Colborne street, John H. Cockell, a native of Wiltshire, Eng., aged 77 years.

Funeral private on Wednesday.



This Brand of Flour

Always makes the

BEST BREAD

OR PASTRY.

USE NO OTHER.

J. D. SAUNBY

407 York Street.

TELEPHONE 113.

Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes receive the utmost care at **BOYLE'S DRUG STORE,** 652 Dundas street.

R.K. Cowan
Barrister, etc., over Bank of Commerce London.

EXTRA FINE

Pure Coal.

DELIVERED IN SACKS.
Very Choice Coal for cooking ranges, base-burners and furnaces. Bright and clean.

BOWMAN & CO.

246 Bathurst Street.
City Office, 416 Richmond, Branch Office, 514 Dundas.



P. J. EDMUNDS, Solicitor of Patents.
MECHANICAL AND PATENT LAW EXPERT.
200-61 Richmond, corner King, London, Ont.
Telephone 501 B.

City Wood Yard

CHEAP WOOD!

Owing to increasing business I have to remove to larger premises. I will sell my present large stock of first-class Maple and Beech Wood at a reduction of 50c per cord.

JAMES CAMPBELL.

Talbot Street and G. T. Ry.
Telephone 347.

WINTER SALE.

BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, OVERSHOES, TRUNKS, VALISES, ETC.
Trade with us and you won't notice the hard times. \$5 worth of goods sold for \$3.

Women's Feet Slippers, leather foxed, 43c, worth 75c.
Ladies' Fine Dongola Kid Button Boots, \$1, worth \$1.40.
Workmen's Shoes, high laced, \$1, worth \$1.25.
Children's Solid Leather Shoes, 20c.
Women's Cloth Slippers, 15c.

We are Skilled Buyers with the elegant cash, hence our advantages. It pays to look for

POCOCK BROTHERS
ONE PRICE SHOE STORE.

New Goods!

CARPETS

CURTAINS

Priddis Bros.

153 Dundas Street.

CONFEDERATION LIFE,

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.

AN ENDOWMENT POLICY. Under this form of policy with us IMMEDIATE and COMPLETE provision is made for the dependent ones in the event of death of the insured, and at the same time CAPITAL is built up from year to year to be used by the insured later in life. "Make hay while the sun shines." Information cheerfully furnished.

FRED. H. HEATH, General Agent.

GEO. FRITCHARD, City Agent.

Office, 436 Richmond Street.

N.B.—Ladies, See our Endowment Policy

STOVES. STOVES.

We will close out the balance of our stock of heating stoves at and below cost. We are offering Coal-burning, Wrought-iron, Cast-iron and General House Furnishings at very low prices.

STEVELY'S,
RICHMOND STREET.

PHONE 452.

FAIR, TURNING MILD.

Toronto, Feb. 4—11 p.m.—Since Saturday an area of high pressure has moved to the lake region from the westward, bringing decidedly low temperature in Ontario and Quebec. In the Northwest the pressure is low and weather comparatively mild.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Esquimaux, 38°—48°; Edmonton, 22°—42°; Calgary, 26°—42°; Prince Albert, 6° below—24°; Qu'Appelle, 4°—22°; Winnipeg, zero—18°; Toronto, 4°—9°; Montreal, zero—6°; Quebec, 2° below—6°; Halifax, 24°—30°.

TODAY'S PROBABILITIES.
Toronto, Feb. 5—1 a.m.—Probabilities for the next 24 hours for the lower lakes region (covering the peninsula and as far east as Belleville) are: Winds, mostly south and southwest; fair, turning milder.

G. W. KENT

Confectioner and Caterer,

209 Dundas street. Phone 996.

The best of everything in Confectionery. Choicest Creams and Taffies. Always fresh—always pure.

We make a specialty of catering for wedding and parties, and have the finest lunch parlor in the city.

DOES IT PAY TO ADVERTISE?

Is one of the topics of the day, and in answer to that question, you will find many convincing answers; but no matter where you go or who you ask, you will always be told that the **Giant Extra** is the best make for a nickel. Kick if you don't get it.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

King Bolt Segar Co.

LONDON.

J. Gammage & Sons

GROW THE BEST

CUT FLOWERS

IN LONDON. SEE THE DISPLAY

IN THEIR WINDOW.

213 DUNDAS ST., ZVV

KOFF NO MORE!

WATSON'S COUGH DROPS

WILL GIVE POSITIVE AND INSTANT

RELIEF TO THOSE SUFFERING

FROM COLDS, HOARSENESS, SORE

THROAT, ETC., AND ARE INVALU-

ABLE TO ORATORS AND VOCAL-

ISTS. R.T.W. STAMPED ON EACH

DROP. TRY THEM.

33V

London Advertiser.

Telephone Numbers.

107.....BUSINESS OFFICE

134.....EDITORIAL ROOMS

175.....JOB DEPARTMENT

LONDON AND ENVIRONS.

Daisy, Daisy, where is that answer true?

We're half crazy, hearing these songs of you.

We've waited for months and holed.

In your bicycle wake we've "holed."

You sent it, we fear,

Like a foolish deer.

By a messenger boy in blue.

—Mr. L. G. Jarvis, city, is a judge at the great poultry show in New York this week.

—A chimney fire at J. Jones', Horton street, required the services of a couple of firemen Sunday afternoon.

—Miss M. Boomer, of London, is the guest of her cousin, the Misses Boomer, of Berlin. (Berlin Record.)

—Rev. Mr. Redman, pastor of Birr Methodist Church, and Joseph Mitchell, sen., of London, are conducting revival services with great success at present in Birr.

—The Minister of Education has announced that a pupil's record in the high school and collegiate institute weekly examinations will be a factor in his departmental examination.

—The following donations to the Women's Christian Association are thankfully acknowledged: From Mrs. J. N. McKinnon, \$5; B. R. Mitchell, \$2; Mrs. Barus, round of beef; First Presbyterian Church, cake.

—Franklin McLeay, the young Canadian actor, has taken Pittsburgh by storm as Iago. The critic of the Pittsburgh Post is most enthusiastic in praise of his work, and says his Iago is the most truly Shakespearean and artistic performance seen for some time.

—The police commissioners met on Saturday. They awarded the tender for overcoats and capes to J. & D. Ryall at \$21 and \$5 respectively. M. J. Denton, M.P., the work of making undercoats at \$14.50, and trousers at \$6.50. The estimates for the year were passed. They are the same as last year—over \$26,000.

—Friday was Candlemas Day. It was clear and fair, and the bear saw his own shadow. The Scottish rhyme will be remembered by some:

If Candlemas Day be dry and fair,

The half-winter comes to come and fair,

If Candlemas Day be wet and foul,

The half-winter comes to come and foul.

—A dispatch from Toronto says: The Taverne Stock Company, which has been playing during the past week at the Auditorium Music hall, on Saturday afternoon gave a splendid production of "Michael Strogoff," the great Russian play, with the talented actress Ida Van Cortland in the leading role. The company goes to the London Opera House on Monday, and theater-goers in that city should not miss an opportunity of hearing one of the best dramatic companies now on the road.

—Tomorrow night's reception in the Masonic Temple of this city to Hon. J. M. Gibson, M.P., grand master of the Grand Lodge of Canada in the Province of Ontario, promises to be largely attended.

It is just made known that Edwin Booth bequeathed \$5,000 to the Utica, N. Y. Home for Aged Free Masons.

The L. E. and D. R.

Detroit Free Press: There is a rumor going the rounds that the Lake Erie and Detroit River Railroad will be given a curve that will bring it to the river at a point above the town of Walkerville, and that ship docks will be built so that cars may be taken across the river. This is giving renewed effect to the rumor that the Lackawanna is to reach the Detroit River over this road.

Women in Art.

The Women's Art Club has at last become completely and comfortably ensconced in its new studio. On Saturday afternoon the members were at home to their friends for the first time. Fully 200 representative ladies were present. Mrs. Charles Leonard, president of the club, graciously extended a hearty welcome to all. The pretty compartment is now tastefully decorated, and about the walls were to be seen many indications of the work being pursued by the one-year-old society. Light refreshments were served to the guests, with an orchestral accompaniment of music.

Musical Rehearsal.

The Conservatory of Music gave the following rehearsal Saturday afternoon:

Overture, "Aha Hassan" (two pianos), Weber

Misses Proudfoot, Patterson, Steele and Matthews.

Kleine Preludium (two pianos), Bach

Miss Ethel Weldon.

Cradle song, Miss Alma Reid.

Forest Rustic dance, Miss Mabel Richter.

Etude, Miss Mabel Richter.

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CITY CHURCH CIRCLES.

Interesting Events in the Different Religious Institutions.

Hon. David Mills Speaks—Endeavor

Sunday the World Over—Elevating the Candles—Bishop

Hawkins—Special Singing, Etc.

Yesterday was "Endeavor" Sunday throughout the civilized world, and in every country Christian tongues were celebrating the thirtieth anniversary of the Y. P. S. C. E. In that short time the society has grown in size and importance until it is now a recognized adjunct in almost every church, and its influence for good is felt everywhere among the young.

The fact was generally mentioned throughout the city churches.

Victoria Hall was well filled on Sunday afternoon with young men to hear an address by Hon. David Mills, M.P. Prof. Harrison occupied the chair, and at the conclusion of the speech delivered a few well appreciated remarks. Secretary Sayer offered a prayer, and the Black Jennie Lind (Miss Bishop) sang effectively. Mr. Mills' address was on "Character Building." The honorable gentleman handled his subject with his usual ability and with profit to his hearers.

Since the Rev. Thomas Cullen assumed the pastorate of the Askin Street Methodist Church there has been great progress both in its temporal and spiritual affairs. Thirty-six new members were added yesterday morning as a result of the revival services in progress there. The celebrated Bishop Hawkins preached two powerful sermons.

Hundreds of candles, contributed by the members of the church, were blessed yesterday at St. Peter's Cathedral, by the Bishop of London. This is the usual ceremony of Candlemas Day and was witnessed by a large congregation.

Bishop Hawkins, of Chatham, will give the thrilling story of his slave, life at the Askin Street Methodist Church to-night.

At Adelaide Street Baptist Church special services were commenced last evening, led by the pastor, Rev. D. M. Miles, aided by prominent members. It is the intention to continue these meetings (Saturday excepted) throughout the week, beginning with a song service each evening at 7:45.

The musical service in the Queen's Avenue Methodist Church last night was one of the finest heard there for years, the chorus being all well balanced, while the solo singing of the Misses Harrison and Fowler was exceptionally good. Mr. Fetherston is to be congratulated on the success of these young ladies, who are all his pupils.

The Bishop of Huron preached at All Saints and Epiphany churches, Toronto, yesterday. To-night he lectures at All Saints' school room, on his trip to the Holy Land, and to-morrow night delivers a missionary address at the annual open meeting of the Wycliffe College Mission Society on Tuesday evening.

The missionary work among the French in the Province of Quebec was dwelt upon at St. Paul's Cathedral on Sunday evening by Rev. R. F. Taylor, of Montreal. He related many interesting incidents in connection with the work, and stated that there were at present 50,000 English-speaking French in that Province. The funds which Mr. Taylor is collecting were not, he said, to send missionaries into the various fields, but to supply accommodation for those who had voluntarily become members of the Anglican Church.

The new Christian Mission on Wellington street south was opened yesterday afternoon by Rev. T. G. Fowler, M.A. This branch of the denomination here promises to flourish exceedingly.

A series of evangelistic services, commencing to-night, will be held all this week at the Talbot Street Baptist Church.

The First Congregational Church was crowded at both services yesterday. Rev. Dr. Wild of Toronto occupied the pulpit, in the morning speaking on "The Blind Miller and His Mill" and in the evening "Can a Man Die Before His Time?" The choir sang special music on both occasions.

Rev. M. P. Talling preached an instructive sermon to his flock in the St. James' Presbyterian Church last night from St. Matthew, xvi, 13 to 16. A feature of the service was the delightful singing of "Throw Out the Life-Line" by Mrs. (Rev.) W. Patterson, Toronto. On Wednesday night next Mr. Talling will continue his progressive series of lectures on "The Pilgrim's Progress," dealing with his subject from Vanity Fair to the silver mine. On Thursday night a concert will be given in the church, in which Mrs. Patterson will be the leading singer. Other good talent has also been secured.

The good result of the special evangelistic services now being conducted in the Centennial Methodist Church by the pastor, Rev. Joseph Philip, and Evangelist Patrick and wife, was shown Sunday when about 40 adult converts and about many professing juveniles were received into church membership. The meetings will be continued on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday evenings of this week, and next Sunday evening another reception service will be held. In the morning the rite of baptism will be administered. On Tuesday afternoon the recently organized Women's Auxiliary Missionary Society in connection with the church will hold its first meeting.

The Memorial Church was crowded at both services Sunday. In the morning the pulpit was occupied by Rev. R. F. Taylor, of the Sabrevois Mission, Montreal. His sermon was very interesting. In the evening Rev. Principal Miller, of Huron College, preached a scholarly discourse.

Next Sunday Rev. J. P. Rice, of Alma College, St. Thomas, will conduct the services in Dundas Street Central Methodist Church.

Miss Carrie Chambers, a respected member of Dundas Street Methodist Church choir, who was recently very ill in Toronto, has returned to the city, but she is not yet able to take her former place.

Sunday morning the ordinance of the Lord's Supper was administered in Dundas Street Methodist Church. A large number of young converts—the result of the recent revival in the congregation—participated in the service for the first time.

The confirmation class at St. James' Church, South London, is being largely attended. The rite will probably be administered by the bishop on Palm Sunday.

Rev. W. S. Rainsford, D. D., the widely known Protestant Episcopal clergyman of New York, who at one time was connected with St. Paul's Cathedral of this city, has had his portrait painted by W. M. Hyde. It is a three-quarter length and represents the doctor in an easy, natural position, wearing a velvet smoking jacket.

Forty-five new members have been received into Queen's Avenue Church during the last quarter; 29 of these coming in by letter and sixteen on profession of faith.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

The appearance among us this winter again of grip is a source of great alarm, not so much for the severity of the disease in itself or fatal, although the latter is a source of much alarm; but the greatest danger seems to lie in the fact that the greatest medical authorities state, in the cases that have never recovered from previous attacks, and have re-appeared disturbances consequent upon the after-effect of a gripe and the frequent changes of the weather. When this condition prevails we cannot too strongly impress upon our readers the great necessity of keeping open the excretory system of glands, and at the same time considering thoroughly the rheumatic feature that accompanies these cases. The remedy that most promptly suggests itself to my mind, and of most lasting benefit, and one that physicians are not only prescribing, but taking themselves, is Williams' Royal Crown Remedy—two teaspoonfuls four times a day—and a couple of Royal Crown