

Worse Than Cholera!

How the Black Death Hurries Off Its Victims.

Cream-Neill Respired for One Week.

A British Vessel Burned and Several Lives Lost.

Loss of the Stranded British Warship Howe—Funeral of the Dowager Queen of Wurttemberg—Rapid Progress of the Congo Railway.

Gene Down. MARRIED, Nov. 4.—The stranded British warship Howe sank to-day. Loss, \$5,000,000.

Disaster in the Seine. NORTHERN, Nov. 4.—The British bark Northern, which was lying in the Seine off this port, has been burned. The captain, his wife, steward and four sailors were burned to death and seven others are missing.

The Home Rule Bill. LONDON, Nov. 4.—Supporters of the Ministry in a position to possess information upon the subject say that the Cabinet are discussing favorably a clause to retain an Irish representation in Parliament, but to reduce the number of the members entitled to vote on Imperial questions only from 102 to 78.

Cream-Neill Respired. LONDON, Nov. 4.—Thomas Cream-Neill, the woman prisoner, convicted of murder and under sentence of death, who was to be hanged on Tuesday next, has been respired for one week. Home Secretary Asquith intimates that the respite is solely to give time for the receipt of certain documents from America, supposed to have a material bearing on the case. Should, however, the result of the inquiry be adverse to the prisoner, the law must be its course. The respite has imparted renewed confidence to Neill.

Good Progress of the Congo Railway. BRUSSELS, Nov. 4.—The mails just received from the Congo announce the completion of the Congo Railroad as far as Palabala, about ten miles from the starting place at Matadi, on the river. This news is significant from the fact that the engineers considered that the entire work would be more than one-third achieved when they had carried the road to the plateau at Palabala. The road has been building for over a year and a half, and every inch of it has been blasted out of the toughest sort of granite. It is seldom that a stretch of railroad is built under more difficult conditions in any part of the world. The completed portion of the line starts at the bank of Matadi for several miles and then turns up the Leopold ravine, where a bridge 200 feet long, built of steel, has been thrown across the Apoko River. The 200 white men and nearly 2,000 black men who are engaged in building the road are jubilant over the fact that they have finally reached the top of the plateau, and they now expect to make rapid progress to Stanley Pool. No considerable engineering difficulties will now be met. Six more bridges must be built. It is expected that the railroad will be completed in a little over a year more.

The Black Death. LONDON, Nov. 4.—A report of the Government-General of Turkey states that the epidemic of "black death" which followed the cholera in that region last September, killed in six days 1,363 out of a population of 20,000 in Askas. The bodies of the dead decayed so rapidly that it was impracticable to perform satisfactory post-mortem examinations, by which the nature of the disease might have been ascertained. In this terrible disease the attack begins with rigors of intense severity, coming on at intervals of five minutes for about an hour. These are followed by an unendurable sensation of heat. The arteries become tense, the pulse increases in rapidity and the temperature of the body also steadily rises. There is no diarrhea, but vomiting is frequent, alternating with convulsions and syncope attacks. The patient suffers great pain. Suddenly the extremities become cold and cold. In from 10 to 20 minutes from the time the patient falls into a comatose condition, and death usually supervenes. As soon as the black oozes large black spots form on the chest and soon cover the whole surface of the body. Decomposition sets in within a few minutes.

Lockett—North. LONDON, Nov. 4.—The only daughter of Col. North, the nitrate king, has been married to Mr. Lockett, a merchant of Liverpool, at Egham, Kent, Col. North's residence. The people of Egham and the neighborhood had a feast at the expense of the bride.

Europe's Next War. LONDON, Nov. 5.—Dr. Bum recently had an interview with Bismarck, who spoke on the military bill and Germany's relations with France and Russia. He decided that he had planned to attack France in 1875, countering that, on the contrary, he intended to support William to force the general staff, and especially Count von Moltke, who was anxious to provoke a war, to interfere with foreign politics. Bismarck dissented entirely from the Government's support of the military bill. He said that he thought that the German army was quite strong enough to even a war on two fronts. He believes that neither France nor Russia desires war, and that no war is likely to break out for at least a few years to come. Moreover, the Franco-Prussian war will rest with that power which was the first to battle, and that battle will be fought, not with millions of men, but with a few hundred thousands. "The main thing," he concluded, "is that they will be well led." The military bill has the greatest effect in its inadequate provision for conscription and non-commissioned officers. He condemned the proposal to raise the third year of service solely for those who have incurred penalties, believing that provision would destroy all respect for third-year men. He quoted

Emperor William I., Count von Moltke and Gen. von Roon as against the two-year system. He thought that the best thing the Reichstag could do was not to reject the bill as a whole, but to declare itself ready to remedy the real defects when the Government has shown how to cover the increased expense. With regard to Russia, Prince Bismarck said that only newspapers, Poles and Hebrews desired war between the Russians and the Germans.

Is Josef Hofmann Insane? LONDON, Nov. 5.—The Globe publishes details from a private source confirming the story told by the Bombay Gazette in regard to the adventures of Josef Hofmann, the bohemian pianist, as a stowaway on a voyage to Bombay. The Globe says that a lady well known in Bombay society heard of young Hofmann's arrival in that city and took him to her home, where he now is. The Globe adds that Hofmann refuses to return to his parents because he is averse to resuming his musical studies. His behavior is such as to lead to the belief that his mind has been affected by overwork.

The Canadian Cattle Difficulty. LONDON, Nov. 4.—An influential deputa-tion representing all the leading councils of agriculture throughout the country headed by the Duke of Westminster, waited on Mr. Gardner, chairman of the Board of Agriculture, and urged the exportation of Canadian cattle on the present conditions be stopped. The recent suspected cases of pleuro in imported Canadian cattle were made the theme of the principal argument, and in addition it was claimed that there is a great risk of cattle diseases reaching Great Britain from Canada not enforcing rigid regulations against the admission of American cattle into the Dominion.

Mr. Gardner, in reply, said that after a most anxious inquiry and careful consideration of the question the board had concluded the facts of the recent outbreak among cattle were inconsistent with the reasonable security contemplated by the law which exempted Canadian cattle from the provisions of the quarantine law. In consequence of this decision the board had decided to allow the importation of Canadian cattle but to withdraw the privilege of the importation of stock or grazing cattle from Canada. The order to that effect has already been signed.

Russia Withdraws Gold. LONDON, Nov. 5.—The Saturday Review publishes an alarming article on the withdrawal of gold on Russian account. According to a semi-official statement issued at St. Petersburg early in the week, the Russian Government has in that city and with its agents abroad about \$96,000,000 yet for some time past it has been withdrawing immense sums of gold from its foreign agents, especially from Reichelder, in Berlin. The question why this course should be pursued is puzzling every observer and causing unexpressed but very real anxiety among the most judicious. It seems perfectly certain that Russia has no means of her own to meet all her payments to foreign countries for interest, stores, war material, political purposes, famine relief, etc., unless she sends gold, but instead of sending gold, she is actually taking gold from London and Berlin. No coin circulates in Russia. The Government can pay for whatever purposes simply by printing new notes. Taking all these facts into consideration, the natural reply to the question why Russia accumulates gold is that she is preparing for war. Therefore it is a matter of little wonder that there is an appreciation in every money market of Europe. But whatever the explanation of the fact may be, it is disappointing all the calculations of bankers and merchants, and creating a very uncomfortable feeling. If Russia continues the policy she is now pursuing, concludes the Review, it is quite possible that there will be a 5 per cent rate before the year is out, and possibly even that will be insufficient to check the movement.

UNDER THE SEMAPHORE. Important Improvement in the N. Y. Central Railroad—C. P. R. Earnings.

C. P. R. traffic for the week ending Oct. 31, \$600,000; same week last year, \$650,000.

The City Council of St. John, N. B., yesterday practically accepted the C. P. R.'s terms for the construction of a grain elevator of 300,000 bushels capacity.

An important improvement is being made in the roadbed of the New York Central by which the safety and symmetry of the road will be increased. Iron pipes are being substituted for openings of masonry at points where streams run across the tracks; that is, streams that can be carried in pipes. When it is found that pipes 48 inches in diameter are being used for that purpose, it becomes evident that quite a large stream can hereafter be carried under the track in pipes rather than in the hitherto open way, which is a menace to the roadbed. The company is using 24, 30 and 48 inch pipes, according to the amount of water they wish to convey.

Chicago Transcript: The usual fog has occurred at the crossing of the Gen-ee-Kingston extension with the C. P. R., and the latter company has forbidden G. & K. construction trains to cross their line the construction train has been laid off and the construction officials of the two lines come to some understanding. It is said that when Chief Engineer Holson went over the new line with his private car last week, the semaphores was up against the driver of the engine, who thereupon could not proceed without breaking the rules of the company. The chief engineer, taking in the situation, left his car, and seizing the throttle of the locomotive, put on all steam and carried his train across the opposition line in the face of signals and semaphores. Yesterday the construction gang could not go to work without making the distance of several miles, and spent the day in town.

A Legacy Well Applied. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 5.—The will of the late Wm. C. Leach, who died recently, was admitted to probate yesterday. It devised \$140,000 to local charities, including \$25,000 each to the Penn Hospital, Wills Eye Hospital, Episcopal Hospital and the Apprentices' Library.

Nothing impure or injurious contaminates the popular antidote to pain, throat and lung remedy and general corrective, Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. It may be used without the slightest apprehension of any other than salutary consequences. Coughs, rheumatism, earache, bruises, cuts and sores succumb to its action.

THE SON OF A MILLIONAIRE

Found Drunk and Demented on the Street in New York.

New York, Nov. 4.—A rough-looking man who said he was James Raymond, 35 years old, of 200 West Twelfth street, was arrested at Jefferson Market Court for being drunk and demented. Police Officer Rutledge arrested Raymond. He was singing and acting strangely. As the prisoner, who had been leaning over the railing gazing stupidly about, rushed around toward the spectators in the court room he was recognized by a well-dressed man, who arose and, making his way to the bar, said to Justice Ryan:

"Your Honor, I know this man. His father, Mr. Raymond, was one of the best known and wealthiest men in the Ninth ward. He left a large fortune. I have heard it estimated at \$1,000,000. This young man, after he came into his property, got to drinking so heavily that finally he lost his mind, and was sent by his friends to an asylum in Long Island. I think he must have escaped from there, and if your Honor will have him locked up for a time his friends, or the asylum people, will probably be here to inquire after him." Justice Ryan held Raymond, who was too drunk to make a statement, in \$500 bail.

POLITICAL POINTS.

Mr. Hetherington, M.P. for Queen's county, N. B., has agreed to retire in favor of A. G. Blair, who was defeated at the recent Provincial election.

Sir John Abbott went to England with the avowed intention of consulting London specialists regarding his health, promising to cable the result to his colleagues in Ottawa. Surprise is felt that so far no information has been received on this vital question.

The Reform party loses a prominent worker by the death of T. W. Hoeker at Welland on Thursday. Deceased had lived there nearly 40 years, and acted as a school and trustee for a number of years. He leaves a wife and eight children.

At the annual meeting on Thursday of the Hamilton Reform Association the officers elected were as follows: Ex-ltd, James Dixon, president; Mr. McPherson, John E. Brown, James O'Brien and Ald. G. McGill, vice-presidents; A. Zimmerman, treasurer; George Fred Jelts, secretary. Mr. Carswell was pressed to accept the presidency for the fourth year, but he declined, on the ground that the office should not be held so long by one man.

Mr. Normand was elected in Three Rivers on Thursday by 19 majority. This is a defeat for the de Boucherville and Casta branch of the Quebec party.

According to the latest reports Mr. Roulay, Conservative, has 12 majority in Matane.

Giants Married.

St. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 5.—Miss Emma Mesman, six feet two, and Colonel James Gilbert, seven feet eleven inches, have been married at the home of the bride's parents. Colonel Gilbert is a Mexican. Miss Mesman is well known in social circles here.

An Inhuman Mother.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 5.—Mrs. Kate Lorenz, No. 1011 South Clinton avenue, has been held for the grand jury, charged with having hanged her 3-year-old child up by the thumbs for an hour. During that time, it is said, she frequently struck the child with a stick. The child's arms were hoarse by neighbors, who informed the police, and an officer cut it down.

Set a Hyena's Broken Leg.

CLARKSVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 5.—The hazardous task of entering a den of hyenas to attend a wounded wild animal was performed by Veterinary Surgeon Stanton. Two hyenas, one of which was a female, were engaged in a fierce fight, and before separating one of them had broken the other's leg in two places. Dr. Stanton was called and entered the hyena cage while the beasts were howling hideously, tied the child with a stick. The child's arms were hoarse by neighbors, who informed the police, and an officer cut it down.

An Alleged Fraud.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—Judge Bookstaver, of the Court of Common Pleas, signed an order yesterday afternoon directing the seizure of the assets of the C. P. R. The assets of the C. P. R. were valued at \$30,000 of the assets of C. P. R. & Co., were fraudulently disposed of, also that the fraud was consummated after midnight by highly respectable parties. The total amount of liabilities was \$700,000. The work of the Irving National Bank while Charles Barkholder, a sick, broken-down man was waiting in the hotel to sign the death warrant of the honorable firm formed by the C. P. R. in 1891, is one of the most dramatic in the history of New York commerce.

Crookedness in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Nov. 5.—Edward J. Dwyer, superintendent of the water department, and Francis J. Brokowski, a clerk, have been suspended by Mayor Washburne for malfeasance in office. It is charged that the city has been defrauded by many thousands of dollars through relates to favored individuals. The chief clerk of the water department has made alterations in the books and manipulated certain accounts to the city's detriment. In certain cases parties were required to pay less than one-half the amount charged to them on the books, and then the figures on the books were changed to correspond with the alleged improper reduction. This was done without authority, it is charged, and in direct violation of the ordinances and the regulations of the office. The mayor has ordered a thorough investigation.

Over One Hundred Poisoned.

St. MARYS, Ohio, Nov. 5.—Poisoned soup broke up a large number of Dunkards at Puttysburg, in Vauke county, and more than 100 members of the faith are now entirely ill. It is customary with the Dunkards at these meetings to board themselves, and soup holds a prominent place in the bill of fare. The soup was made in a large kettle and many of those present helped themselves from it. Shortly afterwards all those who had partaken of the soup were seized with convulsions and cramps in the stomach. The meeting broke up in a hurry, and those who were not able to reach their homes were cared for by neighbors. In each case the symptoms resembled those of arsenical poisoning. It is supposed that the poison was placed in the soup by someone having a grudge against the Dunkards. It is believed that arsenic of lead was also used. Word has reached here that one of the victims had died and that others were in a dangerous condition.

Late Canadian News

Fatal Accident to a C. P. R. Conductor—A Crooked Fishery Overseer—Suicide at Hamilton.

Mr. John King, of Hickson, the other evening lost a check for \$848.66. At Harrisonburg burglars broke into the G. T. R. station Thursday night, blew the safe open and secured \$20 in cash.

John Munn, 52 years of age, committed suicide Friday morning at Hamilton by taking a dose of "Rough on Rats."

On Tuesday night five inches of snow fell at Renfrew, and yesterday cutters were in service and ran very easily.

Mrs. Harry Douglass of Winnipeg, stepped on a rusty nail last week and died from blood poisoning Thursday. She was but recently married.

In the graveyard insurance case at St. John, N. B., Gideon Reid, one of the conspirators, turned Queen's evidence on his associates and made some damaging statements.

G. Brooks, Kingston, said he would never work, and broke into a store Wednesday night in order that he might be sentenced to penitentiary. He was captured and sentenced to prison for two years.

A freight conductor named Harris Beach was killed on the C. P. R. on Thursday near Chalk River. It is supposed he was leaning over and struck against a bridge.

He was a married man with three children. The Canadian Order of Oddfellows at St. George have concluded to do away with the method of having a lodge physician. They have increased their weekly sick benefit to \$4, each member paying for his own physician's services.

Thos. A. Keefe is charged with having collected \$275 in fines and fees when acting as fishery overseer for the Lake Superior division, and has only paid over \$69.46 of the amount. Action is brought by the Government to recover the balance.

On Thanksgiving Day and the two following days the Canadian Inter-Collegiate Athletic Alliance held their annual meeting at Woodstock College, when Chancellor Rand will deliver an address of welcome to the assembled delegates in the evening.

The late Dr. Hugh Nichol, of Listowel, left an estate valued at \$81,553.

A number of residents of the town of Berlin are seeking incorporation as the Long Tanning Company.

John Salsbury was arrested at Buffalo Friday and taken to Brantford, where he is wanted on a charge of bringing stolen goods into Canada.

The Mount Forest, Markdale and Meaford Railway will apply to Parliament next session for an extension of time in which to construct the road.

The Department of Militia has taken the unusual step of expelling from the Royal Military College at Kingston a third year cadet who had disgraced himself.

The Lachine Canal will be closed from Nov. 1 to April 1 next, because 6,000 and 8,000 employees of factories deriving their power from the canal will be thrown out of work for that length of time.

THE TORONTO LIBEL CASE.

Mrs. Obernier Gets a Verdict Against John Ross Robertson for \$4,000.

TORONTO, Nov. 4.—The action for libel brought by Mrs. Obernier against John Ross Robertson, publisher of the Evening Telegram, was concluded today, and the jury returned with a verdict for the plaintiff, damages being placed at \$4,000 without costs. Mrs. Obernier took a prominent part in a charitable performance at the Grand Opera House on behalf of the Sick Children's Hospital, with which Mr. John Ross Robertson is so prominently identified. There was a dispute in the adjustment of accounts which caused Mrs. Robertson to sue Mrs. Obernier in the Division Court. It was on account of the manner in which this division case was reported in Mr. Robertson's paper that Mrs. Obernier brought the action for libel. Mr. Robertson had B. B. Osler and H. S. Blake on his behalf, and Mrs. Obernier was represented by Mr. Lount. Judge MacMahon tried the case.

LABOR MATTERS.

It is announced that all the collieries in the anthracite coal combination will be worked but four days a week during the present month.

The Dayton Coal and Iron Company, operating blast furnaces and coal mines at Dayton, Tenn., has given notice of a 5 per cent. reduction in wages, being a reduction of 15 per cent. since Jan. 1.

The Toronto Trades and Labor Council on Friday passed a resolution emphatically endorsing the action of the Typographical Union in its contest with the Evening News.

The Snow Has Come.

KINGSTON, Nov. 4.—Severe snow storm here to-night.

At Harrisonburg a heavy snow storm is raging here to-night.

Abandoned With \$15,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 5.—Herman Waldeck, bookkeeper for J. Kahn & Co., tobacco merchants, has abandoned with \$15,000 of his employer's money. He was accompanied by a young woman named Annie Smith.

The report that Hamburg has been declared free from cholera is incorrect.

It is expected that the betrothal of the Duke of York will be announced in January.

At Buda-Pesth sixteen new cases of cholera and eleven deaths were reported on Friday.

President Harrison has issued a proclamation setting apart Thursday, the 24th inst., as a day of national thanksgiving.

John Ruskin is the latest to be spoken of in connection with the vacant laureateship. Mr. Gladstone is known to admire his writings greatly.

Fitzsimmons has decided to fight Hall at New Orleans for \$40,000. The Coney Island Club had up to \$45,000, but Fitzsimmons refused to fight at the island.

Fox, of Philadelphia, and Corcoran, of Manchester, engaged in a wrestling bout at Dundee (Scotland) on Friday night for a purse of £100 and the championship of the world. Ross won by one point.

MERCIER EXONERATED!

The Jury Take Ten Minutes to Find Him "Not Guilty."

A Scene of Wild Excitement—Enthusiastic Demonstrations by the Ex-Premier's Friends.

QUEBEC, Nov. 4.—Judge Wurtel today gave his decision denying the application of Mr. Fitzpatrick, one of the counsel for the defense, that the cases of Mercier and Pacaud be not given to the jury, but be dismissed.

After counsel on both sides and the judge had addressed the jury, the large crowd present became turbulent with impatience. The jury retired at 5:45 and remained out only ten minutes, returning with a verdict of "not guilty."

Upon the announcement Mr. Mercier's friends crowded around him, showering congratulations upon him, while thousands outside the court took up the cry. The ex-Premier was lifted on the shoulders of four stalwart countrymen, and the procession marched to the ex-Premier's residence, where Mr. Mercier made a speech, in which he said: "I thank you, gentlemen, infinitely, for this spontaneous movement of friendship. Thank you, moreover, for saving me from my persecutions and my persecutors." During his speech the cheering was kept up incessantly, while cries of "Hurrah for Mercier!" "Down with the tyrants!" etc., came from every direction.

J. A. Tarte, editor of Le Canadien, Hon. Mr. Langeleur and Messrs. Greenhalghs and Lemieux addressed the multitude. A great demonstration in honor of Mr. Mercier will be held to-morrow night.

Ex-Premier Mercier's Montreal friends are arranging to give him a big reception on his return to Montreal. His friends here are so sanguine as to predict his return to power.

KILLED BY A YARD ENGINE.

Andrew Dart, of Winnipeg, Formerly of This City, Meets a Macabre Death—A Tragic Biography.

The following special dispatch to the Advertiser from Winnipeg, was received last night: "Andrew Dart, a resident of London for several years, but for the last ten years in this city in the employ of the C. P. R. shops department, was run over by a yard engine here last evening and instantly killed. With his brother he had one time carried on a carriage factory in London. He is a brother-in-law of Mr. Stevens, of Stevens & Burns."

About the year 1881 deceased came here from Devonshire, Eng., and for about twenty years he resided chiefly in this city. While here he was employed on the Great Western Railroad, and also worked with his brother Roger, who now keeps a wagon and carriage shop at 321 Dundas street. About eleven years ago he went to Winnipeg, and ever since then his principal occupation has been that of repairing cars at the C. P. R. shops and in the C. P. R. yards. His brother here has received no particulars of the accident.

Deceased was 46 years of age and leaves a wife and a family of nine children—eight of the latter being at home. While in this city he was a prominent member of Queen's Avenue Church, and was also a Free Mason. James Dart, G. T. R. station master at Ridgewood, is a nephew of deceased, whose wife is a sister of Mrs. Thos. A. Stevens of this city. The remains will be interred in Winnipeg.

AFTERNOON DISPATCHES

The Pope is very ill.

Edward O'Valley Grassier, the distinguished French statesman, is dead.

A Valparaiso dispatch says Eduardo Goller, head of the clearing house, has abandoned with \$2,000,000.

A Liverpool cable says 15,000,000 cotton spindles have stopped. The duration is doubtful and employers are disheartened.

The Department of South Dakota, having failed to fuse with the frontiers, have withdrawn their ticket from the field.

A correspondent at Buenos Ayres telegraphs that Gen. Roca has told the Government that unless the support was given Governor Rojas' civil war would begin in all the interior provinces.

A New Jersey Affray.

MONTECLAIR, N. J., Nov. 5.—N. W. Williams, private secretary to Chess Player William Steinitz, shot Ernest Treidel, a young Poleander, at Mr. Steinitz's home. They had quarreled because Mr. Steinitz had brought Treidel to his house to take Williams' place. Williams had been Steinitz's secretary for five years, but the men have never got along well together. The secretary refused to leave until a settlement had been made by his employer.

Unable to Secure Work. St. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 5.—Two or three hundred mechanics have arrived in St. Louis during the past week, and some of them tell a sad story of their experiences. A warning was issued sometime ago from Chicago stating that there were 30,000 idle men there seeking employment on the World's Fair buildings. From all accounts it appears that men are still applying there in large numbers. Those who have arrived here say not one in ten of the new arrivals in Chicago get work, and a large majority of them are destitute or will soon become so. The unions of the various trades are severely taxed to care for the men.

Perils of the Sea.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—The steamship Africa, which arrived yesterday from Bremen, came in with her upper passage-way and the chief officer's room completely gutted by fire. A swinging lamp was overturned in the chief officer's room during a gale on Oct. 28 and the blazing oil ran on the carpet. The flames, fanned by the hurricane, spread with rapidity, and in fifteen minutes all of the upper passages and woodwork were on fire. The fire lit up the breakers for a radius of twenty yards. The whole crew and all the pumps were put to work. After an hour's hard work the flames were extinguished.

The steamship Sparholm arrived yesterday, and the chief officer's room was gutted by fire. A swinging lamp was overturned in the chief officer's room during a gale on Oct. 28 and the blazing oil ran on the carpet. The flames, fanned by the hurricane, spread with rapidity, and in fifteen minutes all of the upper passages and woodwork were on fire. The fire lit up the breakers for a radius of twenty yards. The whole crew and all the pumps were put to work. After an hour's hard work the flames were extinguished.

Never saw so many hurricanes following each other in my life," said Captain Boneyer, "as I did on this voyage, and that is saying a good deal, for I have been at sea since beyond the tremendous breakers on a dozen occasions."

Steamship Arrived.

Nov. 4. At Lake Ontario. From Point.

Nov. 4. At Lake Ontario. From Point.

Nov. 4. At Lake Ontario. From Point.

Nov. 4. At Lake Ontario. From Point.

Nov. 4. At Lake Ontario. From Point.

Nov. 4. At Lake Ontario. From Point.

Nov. 4. At Lake Ontario. From Point.

Nov. 4. At Lake Ontario. From Point.

Nov. 4. At Lake Ontario. From Point.

Nov. 4. At Lake Ontario. From Point.

Nov. 4. At Lake Ontario. From Point.

Nov. 4. At Lake Ontario. From Point.

Nov. 4. At Lake Ontario. From Point.

CAMERON & LAWRENCE,

DISPENSING CHEMISTS,

256 DUNDAS STREET.

(TELEPHONE 215)

Branch Corner Richmond and

Piccadilly Sts. (Phone 495)

LONDON, - - ONTARIO.

Sunday Hours—Morning, 10 to 11;

afternoon, 2 to 4; evening, 5 to 9.

Dispensing Physicians' Prescriptions a Specialty.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

To the Editor of the ADVERTISER:

Reading your issue of Nov. 3.

A and B hire with C for three months

and leave before the time on account of

the board, it was impossible for A and B

to do their work. Can they collect the amount

due to them? By answering you will

greatly oblige. One business.

[If they are prepared to prove the board

was as stated they were legally justified in

leaving and I can collect wages for the time

they worked.—EDITOR ADVERTISER.]

FIXING THE SALARIES.

A Scale for Collegiate Institute Teachers Recommended.

The arrangement of a salary scale for the

Collegiate Institute teachers (the principal

excepted) occupied the attention of No. 1

MARRIED THE CABMAN.

Mystery Surrounding the Disappearance of a Young Woman Explained.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—The mystery surrounding the alleged abduction, by a cabman, of Miss Fannie Miller, who arrived in the city last Sunday evening from Memphis, Tenn., was explained Tuesday night by the cabman himself, who walked into the central station and unhesitatingly identified himself as the man who had abducted her.

"I understand the police want me," said the happy groom. "Well, I've married the girl. Everything is all right and here is the marriage certificate."

Sergeant Cadmore took the certificate, which stated that "on Nov. 1 H. B. Green, a justice of the peace at Hammond, Ind., united in the holy bonds of wedlock Taylor Protou and Fannie Miller according to the laws of the State of Indiana."

"Where is your wife now?" asked the sergeant.

"She's at Ashley Hotel, Harmon Court and State street," answered Protou.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

A Provincial Plebiscite in Ontario.

To the Editor of the ADVERTISER:

You are aware that the executive of the Ontario Alliance has been consulting the

clergy of the various temperance societies, and the clergymen of Ontario, as to the desirability of having a provincial vote, at next election, as in Manitoba, on the question of prohibition.

The postal cards have been sent to come in pretty thickly, and to day I picked up the lot that have arrived within 48 hours, numbering 155, and sorted them into affirmative, negative, and undecided. The main question was:

"Do you think it would be well to have a vote of the electors taken on the question of the desirability of the enactment of a prohibitory law?"

To this, 135 answered "yes" or "certainly," or "decidedly so," or "best possible thing to do," or "the only proper thing." The nays were 16, and four were qualified by "ifs." The balance of the card might be construed either for or against.

Most of the sixteen negatives were from Church of England clergymen. Most of the yeses were from the Presbyterian, Methodist and Baptist clergymen, and members of the W. C. T. U. and Sons of Temperance, these six bodies have been the first to whom the circulars were mailed.

Some of the parties say that prohibition would carry in their localities "three to one," and others "five to one." Others say it would be defeated.

WILLIAM H. ORR.

Toronto, Nov. 3, 1892.

The New Street Pavement.

To the Editor of the ADVERTISER:

I see by your paper that the Hamilton city engineer has reported in favor of replacing the cedar block pavement with brick pavement. I long ago came to the conclusion that our city fathers had made a great mistake in tearing up the macadamized streets and replacing them with cedar blocks, and have since that time expressed my disapproval through the press and to the engineer, who said he was not in love with the system. I have made malaria and its causes and cure a study for over 30 years, and believe it may yet in many instances be traced to the cedar block pavement.

For the last few weeks I have paid considerable attention to the kind of pavement most in favor in different cities in Central and Western New York. Last year the run was on asphalt, this year it is on brick, a fire brick about one third smaller than our building brick. In Dunkirk, Buffalo, Rochester and Syracuse they are busy putting down brick pavement. In Syracuse they are going to pave one street with a large-sized brick as an experiment. A committee was appointed to examine the bricks made by different firms and decide upon their adaptability. The firm chosen was a Pennsylvania firm. I have forgotten their address. John K. Patterson, of Dunkirk, is their agent. The mode of putting down is to grade the street with a little more room than is done for our cedar blocks, next roll with steam roller, probably one-half as heavy as our

J. W. KENS.

LONDON, Nov. 4, 1892.

THE NEGLECTED BABY.

We have all seen the neglected baby and

know well how it acts and looks. Such babies are to be found in homes surrounded with all modern comforts, as well as in the homes of the poor.

The neglected baby is usually cross, peevish and restless; its sleep is never sound and sweet, as the sleep of the healthy infant should be.

The whole trouble arises from the food with which the little one is fed from day to day. Improper foods cause serious disturbances in the stomach and digestive organs and the weak machinery becomes deranged and clogged.

No wonder that baby is cross and sleepless, weak and peevish. No wonder that so many babies die before they are a year old.

There is a happy remedy for all such infantile troubles—a food that will save the little darlings from the cold and dark grave. It is Lactated Food, now so universally popular, and so well recommended by our best physicians.

Lactated Food, possessing all the nourishing elements of pure breast milk, is suited for the weakest digestion.

Weak and puny babies soon become strong, hearty and happy; they sleep well and grow fast, and always escape the ills and troubles which beset the infants who are fed with poorly prepared foods.

We strongly advise every mother to give Lactated Food a trial, if baby is not strong and healthy. When Lactated Food is not fed to baby for a month, you will be surprised at the results.

A Liberal Truth.

Read—What a beautiful new gown Jane is wearing. Did she bring it from abroad?

Clara—No, it's her last season's dress; the dressmaker turned it inside out, and now she says it's from the other side.

A SPIRITUALISTIC FRAUD.

He is Posing as a Ghost When the Lights Are Suddenly Turned On.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 4.—A spiritualistic exposure has occurred here and as a result "Dr." Fred W. Courtney left the city suddenly and at an unseasonable hour.

He has been giving seances for the last two months, and has done quite a business. William Cox, a street foreman in the employ of the city, heard of it and made up his mind to expose the swindle.

He saw Courtney some days ago at a private residence and says he could see through it then, but preferred to wait his chance. He was one of the supposed dupes who paid \$1 each to see the manifestations.

Several spirits had floated before the party when Courtney was in the act of impersonating a female shade called Mamie. He drifted near Cox, and the latter, jumping up suddenly, grabbed him and yelled: "Turn on the light!"

His request was followed, and the crowd saw the sight of their lives. Cox was fighting with Courtney, who wore only his trousers and a shirt and was covered with a white robe daubed with phosphorescent paint so that it showed color. Courtney struggled like a madman, but Cox had the better of it until Courtney called "Birdie, quick."

In an instant a woman darted into the room and put a revolver to Cox's head. Timidly interference alone saved him, and Courtney gave up. Mrs. Courtney and several other women fainted. Courtney begged to be let off, saying he would leave on the first train, and Cox released him.

Spiritualists all over the city are much stirred up over the exposure, and many have threatened to kill Courtney on sight. He is a pal of Harry Archer, who was driven out of Grand Rapids about two years ago, and came near being tarred and feathered for swindling the public.

A SCATHING ARRANGEMENT.

[From Canada Farmers' Sun.]

It has been openly charged in the American press that the Republican party intends to perpetrate the system of protection in the States by using \$1,000,000 supplied by the combines to corrupt the electorate in New York city and Brooklyn. Pittable, indeed, must be the condition of working men who will accept any portion of this blood money and become the serfs of selfish men.

Wayne MacVeigh, a prominent American who supported Harrison for President in 1888, announced in an address in Philadelphia a few days ago that the notorious corruption by which that election was carried, and the course of the Republican party since that time, had caused him to break away from lifelong associations and resolve to vote for Mr. Cleveland. Upon the question which now takes precedence of all others—Shall the Presidency be bought—he said:

"During the last twenty years, by very slow approaches, large numbers of wealthy men in this country have persuaded themselves that they are at liberty to pervert Government from its noble and lofty functions to the securing of the greatest good to the greatest number into the base and degraded function of taxing the majority in order to hand over those taxes as bounties to such persons as, in return for those favors, will contribute large sums of money to carry elections."

"I distinctly allege that they are now making themselves parties to a systematic corruption of the ballot in the hands of the American voter, and that whoever collects or contributes money for such a purpose is morally guilty of treason and is a traitor to the nation founded, and upon whose continuance in their strength and purity the welfare of our children depends."

"I declare to these gentlemen who contribute the money for the corruption of our politics that as between the two crimes I would much rather place money in the hands of a burglar to bribe a watchman to allow him to rob a bank of some of its surplus wealth than to contribute money to be used in 'politics' by politicians."

"The one hateful crime now more in danger of prevailing than any other among respectable members of American society is the crime of corrupting our politics."

"As to the past I am quite willing there shall be not only forgiveness and silence, but the simplest clarity, and if the men now engaged in this work will stop I promise never again to allude to it."

"On the other hand, if they persist in continuing their evil work as they are continuing it to-day, then, while life and strength are spared me, I will continue to denounce them. If they profess religion I will denounce them as the enemies of the religion they dishonor by their hypocrisy, and if they do not profess religion I will denounce them as enemies of the nation they are destroying by other crimes."

Unique Cemetery Illumination.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 4.—For two days

and nights past the cemetery of the Most Holy Redeemer has been the scene of a unique illumination. The cemetery is used by the congregations of St. Michael's and St. James' Catholic churches, and have celebrated All Souls' Day, decorating the graves and placing on each of them the glowing candles. During the night the pale glow of the candles has given the graveyard a weird appearance. The celebration is a survival of the old custom that prevailed in European cities of praying for the liberation of souls from purgatory.

It is a singular fact that the cheapness of an article should even temporarily retard its sale, and yet that was the experience of Messrs. Tucker & Son in the introduction of their new famous "Myrtle Navy" tobacco. People who had been in the habit of smoking the finest Virginia tobacco could not for a time be made to believe that they were offered the same article at about one-half the old price, and it was only by slow degrees that they were induced to put the question to the test of an actual trial. When they did adopt that test, however, it never failed to satisfy them.

California Excursion.

On Nov. 16 a personally conducted and

select party for California points will leave London in one of the latest family apartment sleeping cars. This excursion will combine all the comforts of Pullman travel at the lowest second-class rate, with \$5 additional on each ticket for double berth. The route will be via Detroit and Kansas City. Parties desirous of joining this party should apply early for berths. Full particulars at Washburn Railway new offices northeast corner King and York streets, Toronto. J. A. Richardson, Canadian passenger agent. 100-4-yt.

A Ticket Free.

To every purchaser of bulbs to the value

of \$1.00 we will for the next ten days present a free ticket of admission to the chrysanthemum exhibition to be held in the Princess rink on the 9th, 10th and 11th of this month. This is a very liberal offer, and the exhibition will be well worth seeing. JOHN S. PEACE & Co., 119 Dundas street.

A SOLSVILLE MIRACLE.

Another Great Triumph for a Canadian Remedy.

An Account of the Sufferings and Restoration of Philander Hyde—Helpless, Bed-ridden and Lame for Years—His Recovery From This Painless Condition—A Remarkable Narrative.

[From the Syracuse Standard.]

During the past few months there have appeared in the columns of the Standard the particulars of a number of cures so remarkable as to justify the term miraculous. These cases were investigated and vouched for by the Albany Journal, the Detroit News, Albany Express and other papers whose reputation is a guarantee that the facts were just as stated. That the term miraculous was justified will be admitted when it is remembered that each of the cases referred to the sufferer had been pronounced incurable by leading physicians, and at least one of the cases was treated by men whose reputation has placed them among the leaders of the world's medical scientists, but without avail, and the patient was sent to his home with the verdict that there was no hope for him, and that only death could intervene to relieve his sufferings. When some months later the restoration to health and strength of the former sufferer was announced it is little wonder that the case created a great sensation throughout the country. Recently the following letter, which indicated an equally remarkable cure, came under the notice of the Standard:

SOLSVILLE, N. Y., June 25, 1892.

"Five weeks ago, father (Philander Hyde) was very low, and not expected to live but a short time. He was in such agony that we had to give him morphine to relieve the terrible pain from which he was suffering. The doctors had given him up. They said there was no help for him, and my dear father longed for death as being the only certain relief from his sufferings. One day he saw in the Albany Journal an account of how a man by the name of Quant, living in Galway, Saratoga county, and who was afflicted with father with locomotor ataxia, had been very greatly benefited and hoped for permanent cure from the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. On learning that these pills could be had of the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., and Schenectady, and they were not expensive, my husband sent \$2.50 for six boxes of them. And what a blessing they have been! Father has taken but four boxes of the Pink Pills. He is no longer confined to his bed, but is able to get up without assistance and with the aid only of a cane to walk about the house and all around doors. He has a good hearty appetite, his food agrees with him, and the pain in the back from which he has suffered so long has left him. He is now more cheerful than he has been for years, and feels like a new man. The doctors had pronounced his disease to be creeping paralysis and said he could not be cured. How glad we are that we heard about these wonderful Pink Pills, and how thankful we are for what they have done for father, indeed they have done wonders, yes, even a miracle for him. Respectfully yours,

MRS. WILLIAM JOHNSON.

The above letter indicated a cure so remarkable as to be worthy of the attention of the public, and it is therefore determined to place the facts, if correctly stated, before the public for the benefit of other sufferers or if unfounded, to let the public know it. With this end in view a reporter was given the facts of the case as he found them. With these instructions he went to Solville and on Tuesday, Aug. 2, 1892, called upon Philander Hyde and learned from him and from his relatives and neighbors and friends the whole story of his sickness and of his terrible suffering, of his having been given up by the doctors, and of his cure and rapid convalescence by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

It may be of interest to the reader to know that Solville is a postoffice village in Madison county, N. Y., about 30 miles from Utica, on the line of the New York, Ontario and Western Railroad. It is the station at which to get off to go to Madison Lake, the charming and attractive objective point of a great many picnic and excursion parties. On reaching Solville the reporter inquired of the station agent, who is also agent there of the National Express Company, if he knew a man by the name of Philander Hyde, and where he lived, and also if he knew a man by the name of William Johnson, who said he was a farmer, and Philander Hyde, who is his wife's father, lives with him in that white house over there on the side hill; that's his sitting on the piazza."

When told that your reporter's errand was to interview Mr. Hyde and to learn about his sickness and alleged cure, Mr. Johnson said: "That's all right; you go right over to the house and see Mr. Hyde and my wife. I will come over pretty soon, and we will be only too happy to tell you the whole story."

"Will you walk in?" said Mrs. Johnson. "Those children (who are playing about the piazza) are my twins, and this is my father, Philander Hyde."

Mr. Hyde walked into the sitting-room, and taking a seat said he would willingly tell the story of his sickness and cure, and had no objection to its being published, as it might be the means of helping to relieve others whose sufferings were the same or similar to what his had been.

His story was as follows:

"My name is Philander Hyde. I am nearly 70 years old—will be 70 in September. I was born in Brookfield, Madison county, where all my life was spent until recently, when, becoming helpless, my son-in-law was kind enough to take me into his home, and from him and my daughter I have had the kindest care. My life occupation has been that of a farmer. I was always prosperous and well and strong and rugged until the grip, when I had it, which gradually grew to be stiff at the joints and very painful. I felt the stiffness in my feet first, and the pain and stiffness extended to my knees and stomach and pre-vented digestion. To move the bowels I was compelled to take great quantities of castor oil."

"While I was in this condition, cold feelings would begin in my back and creep up my legs to my back and would follow the whole length of my backbone. These spells, which occurred daily, would last from two to four hours, and were excruciatingly painful. I could not sleep, I had no appetite, I became helpless, and I had such a burden that I prayed for death. Why, my dear sir, the pain I suffered was more to be dreaded than a thousand deaths."

"While in this condition I was treated by Dr. Green, of Poolville, and Dr. Nelson, of Solville, and Dr. Weed, of Utica. They did me no good. I was

BARGAINS

—IN—

TRUSSES

—AT—

McCallum's

Drug Store.

Large Assortment.

become perfectly helpless and lost all power of motion even in my bed."

"On the 24th of February last," said Mrs. Johnson, "we had him brought to our home. He had to be carried all the way in bed. He was so helpless and such a sufferer the doctors gave him up. They said he could not be cured. They stopped giving him medicine and said they could only relieve the pain a day for three months and morphine in great quantities."

"It was while father was in this dreadful condition that we saw in the Albany Journal the story of the miraculous cure of a Mr. Quant in Galway, Saratoga county, by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. We didn't much faith, but we felt that it was our duty to try them, and so we sent to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company and got six boxes of the pills. We read the directions carefully, and resolved to comply with them as fully as possible. We stopped giving him morphine or any other medicine, cut off all stimulants, and gave him the Pink Pills and treatment according to directions in which each box is wrapped. The effect was wonderful and almost immediate. In ten days after father began taking the pills he could get out of bed and walked without assistance, and has continued to improve until now he walks about the house and the streets by the aid of a cane only."

"Yes," said Mr. Hyde, "and the pain has gone out of my back and the numbness out of my legs. I have no more chills, my digestion is good and I have an excellent appetite," and then after a pause, "at last, I am an old man; I have seen my best days and cannot hope to recover my old vigor as a younger man might, but I am so thankful to have the use of my limbs and to be relieved of those dreadful pains."

Mr. Hyde has continued to take the pills regularly since he began their use, and was on his tenth box at the time he told his story.

Besides Mr. and Mrs. Johnson, other people in Solville confirm the accounts of the sickness of Mr. Hyde and of his most remarkable recovery, and a number of others for various ailments are using the Pink Pills. The mother of Abel Curtis is using them with satisfactory effects for rheumatism, and Mrs. Lippitt, wife of ex-Senator Lippitt, is using the Pills with much benefit for nervous debility.

A further investigation revealed the fact that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are not a patent medicine in the sense in which that term is usually understood, but a scientific preparation successfully used in general practice for many years before being offered to the public generally. They contain in a condensed form all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an antidote specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of a gripper, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexion and the tired feeling resulting from nervous prostration; all diseases depending upon vitiated humors in the blood. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppression, irregularities and all forms of weakness. They build up the blood and restore the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. In case of men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature.

The pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., and Schenectady, N. Y., and are sold in boxes bearing the firm's trade mark and wrapper, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50. Bear in mind that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are never sold in bulk, or by the dozen or hundred and any dealer who offers substitutes in this form is trying to defraud you and should be avoided. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company from either address. The price at which these pills are sold make a course of treatment comparatively inexpensive as compared with other remedies or medical treatment.

Professor Henry Preserved Smith, who is to be tried for heresy soon by the Cincinnati Presbytery, admits that the chances are against him. He is a man of independent means.

Rebecca Wilkinson, of Brownsville, Ind., says: "I had been in a distressed condition for three years from Nervousness, Weakness of the Stomach, Dyspepsia and Indigestion until my health was gone. I bought one bottle of South American Nerve, which did me more good than any I had ever used. I would advise every weakly person to use this valuable and lovely remedy. I consider it the greatest medicine in the world." A trial bottle will convince you. Warranted by John Collier.

"Which do you like best pie or pudding?" asked the caller. "Pie and pudding," replied Mollie.

Minard's Liniment cures Distemper. "Uncle Jack," said Little Nell to her uncle who is raising a mustache, "doesn't it hurt to have all those splinters in your upper lip?"

Where there is no indignation there will be no choicest—K. D. C. will cure your indignation and fortify you against choicest.

The Empire of Japan comprises nearly 13,000 cities, towns and villages, in which 40,000,000 people live.

Worms cause feverishness, meaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Expeller is pleasant, sure and effective. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

A magnet at Willet's Point, Long Island is considered the largest and strongest in the world. It is made of two 15-inch Dahlgren guns, wound around with eight miles of cable charged with electricity.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

While in this condition I was treated by Dr. Green, of Poolville, and Dr. Nelson, of Solville, and Dr. Weed, of Utica. They did me no good. I was

J. & D. ROSS

(THE ONE-PRICE HOUSE.)

HATS AND CAPS.

Latest in Soft and Stiff Felt Hats. Splendid range of FUR CAPS. The best value money can procure. SEE THE GOODS.

Gents' Furnishings.

Woolen Underwear in all sizes at prices that none can undersell. Fresh range of NECKWEAR and GLOVES just to hand. Our stock of Hosiery, Shirts, Umbrellas, etc., now complete.

Ready-Made Clothing

AT CLEARING PRICES.

Merchant Tailoring

A specialty. Every garment guaranteed.

386 Richmond St.,

Opposite City Hall.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR

The Celebrated

CHOCOLAT MENIER

Annual Sales Exceed 33 MILLION Lbs.

For Samples sent Free write to C. ALFRED CHOUILLON, MONTREAL.

TO MEET the demand for a DOLLAR CORSET the Featherbone Company make an All-Featherbone Corset with side steels, which is acknowledged to be

THE BEST

\$1 CORSET

IN THE WORLD.

These Corsets are much cheaper at \$1 than other Corsets at 50 cents. Try a pair and see.

\$600 PER YEAR TO START

A tree is known by its fruit. Do not be misled by windy advertisements. If you desire a knowledge of

SHORTHAND & TYPEWRITING

The Western Ontario Shorthand Academy, 76 Dundas St., is the proper place to go. This school is wholly devoted to the teaching of this art, and is conducted by a professional stenographer of acknowledged standing, chartered by the Ontario Government to practice his profession, and is not a quack institution. During the present week we placed Mr. Tracy O'Brien, of this city, with a firm in Michigan at \$800 per year; and Miss H. Lyman as corresponding secretary at Academy of Music and Eloquence, this city.

WM. C. COO C.S.R., Principal.

Men's Suits

—AND—

Overcoats.

The largest and most attractive stock in the West awaits your inspection in our MEN'S DEPARTMENT.

Working & Dress Suits & Overcoats

EXTRA PANTS.

Suits range in price from \$7.50 (all-wool) up to the Best Clay Worsted at \$16 and \$18.

GIVE Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

While in this condition I was treated by Dr. Green, of Poolville, and Dr. Nelson, of Solville, and Dr. Weed, of Utica. They did me no good. I was

While in this condition I was treated by Dr. Green, of Poolville, and Dr. Nelson, of Solville, and Dr. Weed, of Utica. They did me no good. I was

While in this condition I was treated by Dr. Green, of Poolville, and Dr. Nelson, of Solville, and Dr. Weed, of Utica. They did me no good. I was

While in this condition I was treated by Dr. Green, of Poolville, and Dr. Nelson, of Solville, and Dr. Weed, of Utica. They did me no good. I was

While in this condition I was treated by Dr. Green, of Poolville, and Dr. Nelson, of Solville, and Dr. Weed, of Utica. They did me no good. I was

While in this condition I was treated by Dr. Green, of Poolville, and Dr. Nelson, of Solville, and Dr. Weed, of Utica. They did me no good. I was

While in this condition I was treated by Dr. Green, of Poolville, and Dr. Nelson, of Solville, and Dr. Weed, of Utica. They did me no good. I was

Scrofula in the Neck

The following is from Mrs. J. W. Tillbrook, wife of the Mayor of McKeesport, Penn.:



"My little boy Willie, now six years old, two years ago had a bunch under one ear which the doctor said was Scrofula. We again gave him Hood's Sarsaparilla with most excellent results and he has had no further trouble. His cure is due to Hood's Sarsaparilla. He has never been very robust, but now seems healthy and daily growing stronger."

HOOD'S PILLS do not weaken, but aid digestion and tone the stomach. Try them. 25c.

BIG MONEY FOR A BATTLE.

A Purse of \$33,000 Can Be Had by Hall or Fitzsimmons.

New York Lady Cyclists Propose to Organize a Club.

ATHLETICS.

The Coney Island Athletic Club, through Judge Newton, has offered a purse of \$35,000 to Bob Fitzsimmons to meet Jim Hall in its arena next April. This is the largest amount of money ever offered in any part of the world to do battle for. Fitzsimmons is undecided what course he will take, owing to a request from President Noel, of the Crescent City Athletic Club, to hold off until he can communicate with his club mates in New Orleans for advice.

Godfrey was badly used up by Choyne. So were his Boston backers to the tune of \$30,000.

THE WHEEL.

Windle has a two-mile record against time of 4:28 4/5. Zimmerman of 4:37 2/5, and Johnson's record in competition is 4:41. Johnson, it is reported, has now ridden a wheel geared to 65, with round sprocket wheel. His former gear was 72.

The efforts of a number of prominent lady riders to organize a club in New York will likely meet with success. There are at present over 500 women in New York who ride bicycles, and the women of a club house have been riding for the past year.

Mrs. M. L. Peck, who had charge of the ladies' division in the recent wheelmen's parade, has been chosen president of the new club, and she is confident of making a success of the new venture. Mrs. Peck proposes to secure quarters convenient to Central Park. It is intended that weekly runs to surrounding points shall be held each week if the weather permits, and during the winter months to hold several entertainments. Men will be admitted to membership in the club.

THE TURF. One of the Duke of Portland's champion trotting stallions that cost \$1,000 was found dead in the stable Friday morning.

At the auction sale of boxes for the coming horse show at the Madison Square Garden, New York, society was well represented, and the prices received were the highest on record, no less than \$52,585 being taken. Last year the income from the boxes was \$34,960, and it was thought then that this record would stand for years.

Of the 113 trainers in the United Kingdom licensed by the Jockey Club, more than one-third of the number live at the racing metropolis (Newmarket), and prepare their charges (aggregating something like 1,600) over the Jockey Club training grounds.

THE GUE. Ives is planning a big handicap billiard tournament and will offer about \$1,000 in prizes. The scratch entries will pay 300 points. Among those who will compete will be Anson, Thotter, Hasall and Gallagher, of Chicago; Maggoli, of Kansas City; Harrison, of Portland, Ore.; and Capron, of Galt, Ont.

The latest billiard phenomenon is Harrison, a Portland, Ore., boy. He was discovered by Eddie Foy, the comedian. Harrison has done all his playing on 4-8 tables, which are the largest to be found in Oregon and the eastern players expect him to find playing on 10-10 tables quite difficult. Ives will coach him.

He Wanted His Stew. Customer (to waiter) - I was at this restaurant one day last week and ordered an oyster stew.

Waiter - Yes sir. Customer - I came in to-day to see if it was ready yet.

Ich on humans or animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Warranted by John Callard, druggist.

Chrysanthemum Exhibition. The third annual exhibition is announced to take place in the Princess Rink, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, Nov. 9, 10 and 11. The Gardeners' and Florists' Society have spared neither pains nor expense to make this floral exhibition the finest ever held in Western Ontario. Arrangements have been made to place on exhibition and compete for the many costly prizes offered, a vast number of rare and beautiful plants, in excellence and quality far surpassing any former exhibitions. The rink will be handsomely decorated, thoroughly heated and brilliantly illuminated with electric lights. During the exhibition, as a special feature every afternoon and evening, a full orchestra specially engaged for the occasion, will discourse a programme of the most fashionable overtures and selections, which, in combination with the magnificent display, will form a grand triumphal concert.

Will they come! What? Tillmon's (thousands of smokers) over the land, appearing in the highest terms of the worth of the Tillmon cigar. The popularity of this brand is something remarkable, and it is the only one in London, a firm, possessing one of the best and best equipped establishments in Canada.

A Good Garment is the Cheapest. Harry Lenox has just received his Fall and Winter Stock of Fine Woollen. The newest colors and weaves. Call and see them. Leading with me means that your clothes will be comfortable, durable and at every detail.

HARRY LENOX

has just received his Fall and Winter Stock of Fine Woollen. The newest colors and weaves. Call and see them. Leading with me means that your clothes will be comfortable, durable and at every detail.

HARRY LENOX

has just received his Fall and Winter Stock of Fine Woollen. The newest colors and weaves. Call and see them. Leading with me means that your clothes will be comfortable, durable and at every detail.

HARRY LENOX

has just received his Fall and Winter Stock of Fine Woollen. The newest colors and weaves. Call and see them. Leading with me means that your clothes will be comfortable, durable and at every detail.

HARRY LENOX

has just received his Fall and Winter Stock of Fine Woollen. The newest colors and weaves. Call and see them. Leading with me means that your clothes will be comfortable, durable and at every detail.

HARRY LENOX

has just received his Fall and Winter Stock of Fine Woollen. The newest colors and weaves. Call and see them. Leading with me means that your clothes will be comfortable, durable and at every detail.

HARRY LENOX

has just received his Fall and Winter Stock of Fine Woollen. The newest colors and weaves. Call and see them. Leading with me means that your clothes will be comfortable, durable and at every detail.

HARRY LENOX

has just received his Fall and Winter Stock of Fine Woollen. The newest colors and weaves. Call and see them. Leading with me means that your clothes will be comfortable, durable and at every detail.

HARRY LENOX

has just received his Fall and Winter Stock of Fine Woollen. The newest colors and weaves. Call and see them. Leading with me means that your clothes will be comfortable, durable and at every detail.

HARRY LENOX

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

Success of the Perennial Primrose and West Troupe.

The Next Attraction at the Grand-Arrival of Stranded Artists in New York.

PRIMROSE & WEST'S MINSTRELS. Primrose & West's minstrels performed before a full house at the Grand last evening. Their new "Mikado" first part was a creditable alteration since their appearance here last season. The singing of Joseph Natus, J. M. Janson, Wm. Thompson, Billy Van, J. Fielding and F. W. Oakland was so well appreciated that they were recalled, some of them two or three times. Due to his artistic specialty, rendered popular selections on the Swiss hand bells and the English concertina. His rendition of "The Nightingale" on strings of sleigh bells made a hit. Abach and Masaud did some clever acrobatic feats. Billy Van, "the leader of unconventional originalities," was decidedly funny, and kept the audience in a continual roar of laughter. Morris Cronin's exhibition with Indian clubs was received with great applause. The entertainment concluded with a laughable exhibition, "The Monkey and the Farmer," by Johnson, Riano and Bentley. The performance from beginning to end was good, and such as could not but delight all lovers of minstrelsy.

UNDER THE LION'S PAW. This heavy melodramatic production will be given on Monday at the Grand with the original cast, comprising Col. E. D. Boone and Mili Carletta, the king and queen of lion tamers; Olive Gates, Mrs. Grace Gayler, Sophie Hunter, Mrs. Helen Lee, W. P. Granger, Charles P. Rice, Dave H. Woods, Chas. O'Brien, James H. Griffin and others. The production is under the management of Mr. Geo. Peck, an able and experienced manager, who has taken great care, in the selection of his company, to engage actors and actresses who were capable of bringing out all the strong points in this powerful melodrama. The piece is built on entirely new lines, differing entirely from the so-called circus dramas. Nothing like it has ever been presented and it occupies a distinct field of its own.

A NARROW ESCAPE. Miss Griswold, the pretty sonnette of Aaron H. Woodhall's company, was badly frightened by the boiler explosion in act 2 in "Uncle Hiram" a few nights ago. Too large a charge of powder was used in the battery. It burst and one of the flying pieces struck Miss Griswold, inflicting a deep wound. She was badly singed by the powder, but pluckily finished the performance. They'll kill a man after a while for the sake of realism. "Uncle Hiram" will be the attraction at the Grand Opera House Thanksgiving matinee and night.

THE NEW YORK WORLD says: Tidings of more theatrical disasters have reached the Rialto within the past few days. The Jeanie Winston Opera Troupe, which had arranged to play a long engagement in Cincinnati, where it was to open a new theater, has gone to the wall. This failure has surprised the professional people in town, because Miss Winston has been on the road a long time and was generally thought to be in comfortable circumstances. Her action in closing throws out of employment a good-sized chorus and about a dozen well-known singers and actors.

Members of the "Leaves of Shamrock" Company reached "Actors' Alley" yesterday in a rather discouraged mood. They reported that their tour had suddenly ended in Peoria, Ill. The star was J. P. Sullivan, who also claimed to have written the play.

Several actors, late of the Brown Comedy Company, also came back to town to tell the conventional tale of woe. They asserted that they had been treated with especial harshness. They were stranded in Salem, O., and not only received no salaries but were left in debt for their hotel and baggage bills.

In addition to the disbanded troupes there are at least 75 theatrical companies "resting" in town this week as a precautionary measure. They fear the anti-election influences.

REMYNY NO. 9. It is the personality of the man that charms. His quaint, strong individualism colors every cadence, and makes his selections more his own creations than those of the composers. His triumph lies in his wonderful power of expression. He is without a rival in his ability to interpret music in a realistic, tangible way that appeals to everyone. His violin scolds, sings, weeps and laughs. The sudden, unexpected change of sentiment gives brilliant piquancy to his execution. At one moment the speaking instrument is all tenderness; at the next it breaks into a wretched and laughs in trills of contagious mirth. At times his touch is so delicate that the bow seems only to hover like a magic wand above the responsive strings. Every shade of feeling he expresses. (Minneapolis, Minn., Times, April 14, 1892.) On account of the great throng that always crowds to hear Remy, wherever he appears it would be advisable for those desiring good seats to secure them early. The plan opens at the box office on Monday next, Nov. 7, at 10 a.m. Balcony seats only 50 cents.

Remember Tuesday evening's concert at Knex Church, South London.

A Supposed Dead Man Comes Back. Norfolk, Va., Nov. 4. - James L. Kemper, son of ex-Governor Kemper, six or seven years ago went out West. Suddenly he disappeared, and not being heard from for such a long time he was given up for dead, an administrator was appointed for his estate, a policy of insurance on his life paid up and his estate settled. Tuesday night he reappeared at his home in Orange county as suddenly as he had disappeared. His sister Jessie fell into ill-health because of her grieving over his supposed death. The news of her death induced him to come home.

A Henkey's Revue. The following anecdote clearly illustrates the reasoning powers of the monkey tribe: One was kept tied to a stake in the suburbs of Havana, in a place where he was repeatedly robbed of his food by crows. One day he lay still on the ground, pretending to be dead. The crows were allowed to steal to their heart's content until the artful simian was sure they were within reach. Instantly he grabbed one by the leg, and plucked every feather from the luckless bird and then flung it towards the screaming companions. (St. Louis Republic.)

Metaphor in Court. It was a famous judge who once interrupted a lawyer in the midst of a speech by saying: "Mr. D., I wish you would take a few feathers from the wing of your imagination and put them in the tail of your judgment." (Exchange.)

THE PEOPLE WILL VOTE

On the Question of a Free Library for London.

Ways and Means Discussed-The Mechanics' Institute Can Be Put in Shape for \$4000-The Library Boards Will Co-operate-No Gates at the C. R. F. Adelaide Street Crossing.

In compliance with the invitation representatives of the Mechanics' Institute and Workingmen's Free Library Boards met No. 1 committee last night to discuss plans for a general free library for the city. The committee present were: Ald. Gartshore (chairman), Ald. Leonard, Ald. Dreaney, Ald. Yates, Mayor Spencer and City Treasurer Pope; Messrs. Talbot Macbeth, A. O. Jeffery, E. T. Eassey, Geo. Taylor, Alex. Harvey, Wm. Scarrow representing the Mechanics' Institute, and President Smith and Joseph T. Marks the Workingmen's Board.

Mr. Eassey said a petition was being circulated asking that a bylaw be established for the Mechanics' Institute to be a free library to be submitted to the vote of the people at the municipal elections. Over 100 ratepayers had signed it, and more names would be procured so that it would be handed in Monday.

President Smith said the workingmen were ready to hand over their library for the purpose, retaining only a few mechanical works necessary to their trade discussions. They would do anything in their power to further the establishment of a public library.

Mr. Scarrow, acting president of the Mechanics' Institute Board, said they would do everything they could to assist. London should have had a free library long ago. They always thought it a farce for a city of 35,000 to keep up an institution that cost only to about 400 patrons. The majority of the citizens desired a good free library in the city. Since the council's grant which threw the institute open, the result was surprising; the reading room was thronged day and night with readers. The institute building would suit the city's purpose. The hall now occupied by the Salvation Army was large enough to hold the necessary books for many years to come. They had a library there of 4,000 volumes, valued at from \$4,000 to \$8,000, which would form a splendid nucleus for a free library together with the workingmen's library. The citizens would get it rent free as the revenue from the rental of stores, etc., paid running expenses.

Ald. Gartshore-What would be the cost of putting it in shape for a free library?

Mr. Scarrow-It could be started for \$4,000 or \$5,000.

Ald. Gartshore-The city would have to take over the building as well?

Mr. Scarrow-Yes, there is a mortgage of \$16,000 or \$18,000. The building gives a return of 6 per cent. through the rent of offices and stores. Then there is a Government grant of \$300 or \$400, which would be a great help.

Ald. Gartshore-What would be the annual cost of purchasing new books and keeping the library in running order?

Mr. Scarrow calculated that on the present basis a person assessed for \$1,000 would have to pay 25 cents.

Mr. Eassey explained that if the people passed the library bylaw the rate for free library purposes thereafter could not exceed one-half of a mill on the dollar, though they could make it as much less as possible. The Mechanics' Institute Board could have a building for a wash house to the Parish Laundry Company, but they didn't intend to let the Ontario Government take over the library by so doing. He thought it was a disgrace that London had no free library; every progressive city had one.

The committee decided to report to the council that both boards were in favor of a free library. The petition, as stated, will be handed in on Monday, asking that the question be submitted to the people.

The library delegations then filed out, and general business was taken up.

The application of Joseph T. Marks for a further grant of \$100 to the Workingmen's Free Library Board was referred to the council.

The London Humane Society asked the council to pay the salary of its inspector, \$400 per year. Laid over.

Mr. R. Dennis asked for a fixed assessment on his new wire industry on King street. Referred to commissioner.

As the C. P. R. want the city to pay half the cost the committee will recommend that he give the building for a wash house to the Parish Laundry Company, but they didn't intend to let the Ontario Government take over the library by so doing. He thought it was a disgrace that London had no free library; every progressive city had one.

The committee decided to report to the council that both boards were in favor of a free library. The petition, as stated, will be handed in on Monday, asking that the question be submitted to the people.

The library delegations then filed out, and general business was taken up.

The application of Joseph T. Marks for a further grant of \$100 to the Workingmen's Free Library Board was referred to the council.

The London Humane Society asked the council to pay the salary of its inspector, \$400 per year. Laid over.

Mr. R. Dennis asked for a fixed assessment on his new wire industry on King street. Referred to commissioner.

As the C. P. R. want the city to pay half the cost the committee will recommend that he give the building for a wash house to the Parish Laundry Company, but they didn't intend to let the Ontario Government take over the library by so doing. He thought it was a disgrace that London had no free library; every progressive city had one.

The committee decided to report to the council that both boards were in favor of a free library. The petition, as stated, will be handed in on Monday, asking that the question be submitted to the people.

The library delegations then filed out, and general business was taken up.

The application of Joseph T. Marks for a further grant of \$100 to the Workingmen's Free Library Board was referred to the council.

The London Humane Society asked the council to pay the salary of its inspector, \$400 per year. Laid over.

Mr. R. Dennis asked for a fixed assessment on his new wire industry on King street. Referred to commissioner.

As the C. P. R. want the city to pay half the cost the committee will recommend that he give the building for a wash house to the Parish Laundry Company, but they didn't intend to let the Ontario Government take over the library by so doing. He thought it was a disgrace that London had no free library; every progressive city had one.

The committee decided to report to the council that both boards were in favor of a free library. The petition, as stated, will be handed in on Monday, asking that the question be submitted to the people.

The library delegations then filed out, and general business was taken up.

The application of Joseph T. Marks for a further grant of \$100 to the Workingmen's Free Library Board was referred to the council.

The London Humane Society asked the council to pay the salary of its inspector, \$400 per year. Laid over.

Mr. R. Dennis asked for a fixed assessment on his new wire industry on King street. Referred to commissioner.

As the C. P. R. want the city to pay half the cost the committee will recommend that he give the building for a wash house to the Parish Laundry Company, but they didn't intend to let the Ontario Government take over the library by so doing. He thought it was a disgrace that London had no free library; every progressive city had one.

The committee decided to report to the council that both boards were in favor of a free library. The petition, as stated, will be handed in on Monday, asking that the question be submitted to the people.

The library delegations then filed out, and general business was taken up.

The application of Joseph T. Marks for a further grant of \$100 to the Workingmen's Free Library Board was referred to the council.

INTERESTING LAW SUITS

Disposed of at Brantford Assizes-A Slander Case Falls Through-\$90,000 Settles Another Suit.

BRANTFORD, Nov. 4.-At Brantford Assizes the case of Beal vs. Wilcox came up for trial. The parties, Mrs. Arthur Beal and David Wilcox, live in Bealton. Plaintiff charges that the defendant slandered her character and defamed her good name by stating that he had been unfaithful to her with her frequently, in the absence of her husband. The jury failed to agree and were discharged.

Ingletton vs. Trull was a suit for \$10,000 damages for alleged false and malicious arrest. Defendant, it was claimed, had plaintiff arrested for the removal of a machine, knowing that plaintiff was not guilty of any malpractice. The matter was settled this morning out of court. Mr. Trull gives Mr. Ingletton a clear receipt for \$125, already paid, and \$60.

The case of Wilks et al. vs. Osborne was on the docket. The plaintiffs in this action were: George H. Wilks, Alanson Harris, James W. Digby, Robert S. Schell, Wm. Watt, sr., Frederick Chalcraft, George D. C. Edwards, Thomas M. Harris, George Foster, Samuel Tapscott, Saml A. Howish and Andrew Chittenden. The action, which was commenced about a year ago, was brought for the purpose of declaring the defendant, James Kerr Osborne, a trustee for the plaintiffs of certain profits alleged to have been realized from the sale of the Brantford Cordage Company, limited. The stock of this company originally amounted to \$74,000, and plaintiffs had received from defendant 130 shares of the stock. The plaintiffs alleged that the defendant had represented that he was selling his own stock with theirs to an English syndicate at 130. After the English syndicate had fallen through, the defendant assumed to deal with this stock as his own, and sold the stock to Edward M. Foulton, representing the Consumers' Cordage Company, of Montreal. The profits realized upon the transaction were exceedingly large. All the plaintiffs and the defendant were examined in March last, before W. Rubidge, special examiner. The defendant denied being an agent. After lengthened negotiations between counsel yesterday the matter was settled out of court. The amount paid by the defendant is said to be \$90,000 and costs of litigation.

Selfish of a Wealthy Brantford Farmer. BRANTFORD, Nov. 4.-The death of Mr. Charles Biggar, of Mount Pleasant, one of the best known farmers of Brant county, took place last evening under sad circumstances, which point to a suicide while in a state of mental aberration. Shortly after 2 o'clock he left his house, as had been his custom for many years, and walked in the direction of the fields. Some little time later Mr. Sayles, one of the neighbors, saw him go in the direction of the millpond, about a mile from his farm. As he did not return, search was made, and his body was found in the millpond. It bore no marks of violence, and there is no doubt he committed suicide. Mr. Biggar, who was 61 years of age, belonged to the Biggar family, among the earliest pioneers in this part of Canada. He possessed two large farms, well stocked and cultivated, and was in a reasonable sense a wealthy man. Full of enterprise and sagacity, he was a liberal-minded and progressive farmer.

BRANTFORD, Nov. 4.-The death of Mr. Charles Biggar, of Mount Pleasant, one of the best known farmers of Brant county, took place last evening under sad circumstances, which point to a suicide while in a state of mental aberration. Shortly after 2 o'clock he left his house, as had been his custom for many years, and walked in the direction of the fields. Some little time later Mr. Sayles, one of the neighbors, saw him go in the direction of the millpond, about a mile from his farm. As he did not return, search was made, and his body was found in the millpond. It bore no marks of violence, and there is no doubt he committed suicide. Mr. Biggar, who was 61 years of age, belonged to the Biggar family, among the earliest pioneers in this part of Canada. He possessed two large farms, well stocked and cultivated, and was in a reasonable sense a wealthy man. Full of enterprise and sagacity, he was a liberal-minded and progressive farmer.

BRANTFORD, Nov. 4.-The death of Mr. Charles Biggar, of Mount Pleasant, one of the best known farmers of Brant county, took place last evening under sad circumstances, which point to a suicide while in a state of mental aberration. Shortly after 2 o'clock he left his house, as had been his custom for many years, and walked in the direction of the fields. Some little time later Mr. Sayles, one of the neighbors, saw him go in the direction of the millpond, about a mile from his farm. As he did not return, search was made, and his body was found in the millpond. It bore no marks of violence, and there is no doubt he committed suicide. Mr. Biggar, who was 61 years of age, belonged to the Biggar family, among the earliest pioneers in this part of Canada. He possessed two large farms, well stocked and cultivated, and was in a reasonable sense a wealthy man. Full of enterprise and sagacity, he was a liberal-minded and progressive farmer.

BRANTFORD, Nov. 4.-The death of Mr. Charles Biggar, of Mount Pleasant, one of the best known farmers of Brant county, took place last evening under sad circumstances, which point to a suicide while in a state of mental aberration. Shortly after 2 o'clock he left his house, as had been his custom for many years, and walked in the direction of the fields. Some little time later Mr. Sayles, one of the neighbors, saw him go in the direction of the millpond, about a mile from his farm. As he did not return, search was made, and his body was found in the millpond. It bore no marks of violence, and there is no doubt he committed suicide. Mr. Biggar, who was 61 years of age, belonged to the Biggar family, among the earliest pioneers in this part of Canada. He possessed two large farms, well stocked and cultivated, and was in a reasonable sense a wealthy man. Full of enterprise and sagacity, he was a liberal-minded and progressive farmer.

BRANTFORD, Nov. 4.-The death of Mr. Charles Biggar, of Mount Pleasant, one of the best known farmers of Brant county, took place last evening under sad circumstances, which point to a suicide while in a state of mental aberration. Shortly after 2 o'clock he left his house, as had been his custom for many years, and walked in the direction of the fields. Some little time later Mr. Sayles, one of the neighbors, saw him go in the direction of the millpond, about a mile from his farm. As he did not return, search was made, and his body was found in the millpond. It bore no marks of violence, and there is no doubt he committed suicide. Mr. Biggar, who was 61 years of age, belonged to the Biggar family, among the earliest pioneers in this part of Canada. He possessed two large farms, well stocked and cultivated, and was in a reasonable sense a wealthy man. Full of enterprise and sagacity, he was a liberal-minded and progressive farmer.

BRANTFORD, Nov. 4.-The death of Mr. Charles Biggar, of Mount Pleasant, one of the best known farmers of Brant county, took place last evening under sad circumstances, which point to a suicide while in a state of mental aberration. Shortly after 2 o'clock he left his house, as had been his custom for many years, and walked in the direction of the fields. Some little time later Mr. Sayles, one of the neighbors, saw him go in the direction of the millpond, about a mile from his farm. As he did not return, search was made, and his body was found in the millpond. It bore no marks of violence, and there is no doubt he committed suicide. Mr. Biggar, who was 61 years of age, belonged to the Biggar family, among the earliest pioneers in this part of Canada. He possessed two large farms, well stocked and cultivated, and was in a reasonable sense a wealthy man. Full of enterprise and sagacity, he was a liberal-minded and progressive farmer.

BRANTFORD, Nov. 4.-The death of Mr. Charles Biggar, of Mount Pleasant, one of the best known farmers of Brant county, took place last evening under sad circumstances, which point to a suicide while in a state of mental aberration. Shortly after 2 o'clock he left his house, as had been his custom for many years, and walked in the direction of the fields. Some little time later Mr. Sayles, one of the neighbors, saw him go in the direction of the millpond, about a mile from his farm. As he did not return, search was made, and his body was found in the millpond. It bore no marks of violence, and there is no doubt he committed suicide. Mr. Biggar, who was 61 years of age, belonged to the Biggar family, among the earliest pioneers in this part of Canada. He possessed two large farms, well stocked and cultivated, and was in a reasonable sense a wealthy man. Full of enterprise and sagacity, he was a liberal-minded and progressive farmer.

BRANTFORD, Nov. 4.-The death of Mr. Charles Biggar, of Mount Pleasant, one of the best known farmers of Brant county, took place last evening under sad circumstances, which point to a suicide while in a state of mental aberration. Shortly after 2 o'clock he left his house, as had been his custom for many years, and walked in the direction of the fields. Some little time later Mr. Sayles, one of the neighbors, saw him go in the direction of the millpond, about a mile from his farm. As he did not return, search was made, and his body was found in the millpond. It bore no marks of violence, and there is no doubt he committed suicide. Mr. Biggar, who was 61 years of age, belonged to the Biggar family, among the earliest pioneers in this part of Canada. He possessed two large farms, well stocked and cultivated, and was in a reasonable sense a wealthy man. Full of enterprise and sagacity, he was a liberal-minded and progressive farmer.

BRANTFORD, Nov. 4.-The death of Mr. Charles Biggar, of Mount Pleasant, one of the best known farmers of Brant county, took place last evening under sad circumstances, which point to a suicide while in a state of mental aberration. Shortly after 2 o'clock he left his house, as had been his custom for many years, and walked in the direction of the fields. Some little time later Mr. Sayles, one of the neighbors, saw him go in the direction of the millpond, about a mile from his farm. As he did not return, search was made, and his body was found in the millpond. It bore no marks of violence, and there is no doubt he committed suicide. Mr. Biggar, who was 61 years of age, belonged to the Biggar family, among the earliest pioneers in this part of Canada. He possessed two large farms, well stocked and cultivated, and was in a reasonable sense a wealthy man. Full of enterprise and sagacity, he was a liberal-minded and progressive farmer.

BRANTFORD, Nov. 4.-The death of Mr. Charles Biggar, of Mount Pleasant, one of the best known farmers of Brant county, took place last evening under sad circumstances, which point to a suicide while in a state of mental aberration. Shortly after 2 o'clock he left his house, as had been his custom for many years, and walked in the direction of the fields. Some little time later Mr. Sayles, one of the neighbors, saw him go in the direction of the millpond, about a mile from his farm. As he did not return, search was made, and his body was found in the millpond. It bore no marks of violence, and there is no doubt he committed suicide. Mr. Biggar, who was 61 years of age, belonged to the Biggar family, among the earliest pioneers in this part of Canada. He possessed two large farms, well stocked and cultivated, and was in a reasonable sense a wealthy man. Full of enterprise and sagacity, he was a liberal-minded and progressive farmer.

BRANTFORD, Nov. 4.-The death of Mr. Charles Biggar, of Mount Pleasant, one of the best known farmers of Brant county, took place last evening under sad circumstances, which point to a suicide while in a state of mental aberration. Shortly after 2 o'clock he left his house, as had been his custom for many years, and walked in the direction of the fields. Some little time later Mr. Sayles, one of the neighbors, saw him go in the direction of the millpond, about a mile from his farm. As he did not return, search was made, and his body was found in the millpond. It bore no marks of violence, and there is no doubt he committed suicide. Mr. Biggar, who was 61 years of age, belonged to the Biggar family, among the earliest pioneers in this part of Canada. He possessed two large farms, well stocked and cultivated, and was in a reasonable sense a wealthy man. Full of enterprise and sagacity, he was a liberal-minded and progressive farmer.

BRANTFORD, Nov. 4.-The death of Mr. Charles Biggar, of Mount Pleasant, one of the best known farmers of Brant county, took place last evening under sad circumstances, which point to a suicide while in a state of mental aberration. Shortly after 2 o'clock he left his house, as had been his custom for many years, and walked in the direction of the fields. Some little time later Mr. Sayles, one of the neighbors, saw him go in the direction of the millpond, about a mile from his farm. As he did not return, search was made, and his body was found in the millpond. It bore no marks of violence, and there is no doubt he committed suicide. Mr. Biggar, who was 61 years of age, belonged to the Biggar family, among the earliest pioneers in this part of Canada. He possessed two large farms, well stocked and cultivated, and was in a reasonable sense a wealthy man. Full of enterprise and sagacity, he was a liberal-minded and progressive farmer.

BRANTFORD, Nov. 4.-The death of Mr. Charles Biggar, of Mount Pleasant, one of the best known farmers of Brant county, took place last evening under sad circumstances, which point to a suicide while in a state of mental aberration. Shortly after 2 o'clock he left his house, as had been his custom for many years, and walked in the direction of the fields. Some little time later Mr. Sayles, one of the neighbors, saw him go in the direction of the millpond, about a mile from his farm. As he did not return, search was made, and his body was found in the millpond. It bore no marks of violence, and there is no doubt he committed suicide. Mr. Biggar, who was 61 years of age, belonged to the Biggar family, among the earliest pioneers in this part of Canada. He possessed two large farms, well stocked and cultivated, and was in a reasonable sense a wealthy man. Full of enterprise and sagacity, he was a liberal

ICE : CREAM.
Soda Water.
(Direct Fruit Flavors.)
FINE CONFECTIONERY
—AT—
HEWITT FISH & CO.'S
250 DUNDAS STREET.
French at Masonic Temple, corner Richmond
and King streets. ywt

IRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.
MARRIED.
LARG — EDWARDS — In this city, on
Wednesday, Oct. 23, 1923, by the Rev. Mr.
Hill, at the residence of the bride's parents,
Oxford street, Mr. Frank Lutz to Louise,
youngest daughter of Philip Edwards.

WINTER IS COMING
GET A BOTTLE OF
WITCH-HAZEL CREAM
For chapped hands, face, etc., or
ITALIAN CREAM
The cream of all preparations for keeping
the skin soft and white.
Sold in 25c Bottles by
ANDERSON & NELLES,
249 Dundas Street, Opposite
Mechanic's Institute.

Boutelleau & Co.'s
COGNAC
IS THE BEST.

Scandrett's
177 DUNDAS STREET. ywt

W. J. SAUNDERS
This Brand of Flour
Always makes the
BEST BREAD
OR PASTRY.
USE NO OTHER.
J. D. SAUNDERS
277 York Street.
TELEPHONE 118.

PERRINS' COUGH DROPS
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
TRY THEM.

NEW
Fall Overcoatings
—AND—
SUITINGS
JUST ARRIVED AT
JOHN E. AVANN'S
INSTALLMENT STORE,
348 RIDOUT STREET.
NOTE—CASH OR CREDIT.

JOHN A. NELLIS
INSURANCE,
422 Richmond St.
TELEPHONE 343. ywt
Geo. McNeil,
—DEALER IN—
COAL and WOOD

All kinds of Coal and Wood on hand.
Perrins Coal, Chestnut and Steve,
\$6.50 per ton. Hick wood, for box
stoves, \$4 per cord.

Office and Yards—Corner Richmond
street and C. P. R. track.
Branch Office—657 Richmond street.
Telephone 363.

R.K. Cowan
Barrister, etc., over Bank of Commerce,
London.

YES,
We are to blame for cutting
profits down to 12½ per
cent. on

Boots and Shoes
And it is appreciated by
the public.

Yes, the Patrons of Industry
selected Pocock Bros. as the
most reliable firm to trade with,
and they have always found per-
fect satisfaction. Why can Pocock
Bros. sell at 12½ per cent.
profit? Because we save all dis-
counts by buying for cash, so our
competitors can say good-bye to
big profits. Sell at 12½ per
cent. and only one price.

Trunks and Valises at Cost.
POCOCK BROS.
TELEPHONE 309.

NEW
FALL GOODS.

Newest Designs in Dress Fabrics.
Latest Novelties in Art Silks.
Special Selection of Furs.

A French manufacturer's sam-
ples of Ladies' Box-made Coats,
Fur-lined Cloaks, etc. Your in-
spection invited.

Priddis Bros.
Southcott's
361 RICHMOND STREET,
MERCHANT TAILORS.
FALL STOCK TO HAND.
SATISFACTION ASSURED.

—A FEW FIRST-CLASS—
English Breech - Loading Guns
Left, which we are closing off at reduced
prices. Also several second-hand Breech-
Loading Guns in good order cheap.

WM. GURD & CO., 185 Dundas St.
TELEPHONE 303.

J. PRITH JEFFERS,
—AGENT FOR—
The Guardian (Citizens), London
and **Lancashire, Atlas, National**
and **Quebec Fire Companies,**

Office, Allion Buildings. Telephone 735.
Ground floor, No. 457 Richmond street.
707.

THE WEATHER.
TORONTO, Ont., Nov. 4—11 p.m.—The
area of low pressure is quickly moving east-
ward and is now over Eastern Canada. It
is being succeeded by high pressure from the
north, and lower temperature over
Ontario and Quebec. In the Northwest
low pressure and moderate temperatures
prevail.

Minimum and maximum temperatures:
Victoria, 48°—52°; Calgary, 48°—68°; Prince
Albert, 20°—48°; Qu'Appelle, 36°—46°;
Winnipeg, 20°—34°; Port Arthur, 18°—34°;
Toronto, 29°—47°; Kingston, 34°—44°; Que-
bec, 30°—33°.

30-DAY'S PROBABILITIES.
TORONTO, Nov. 3—1 a.m.—Probabil-
ities for the next 24 hours for the lower
lakes region (covering the peninsula and
as far east as Belleville) are: Decreasing
north to northeast winds, shifting to
southeast to-morrow; fair and cold; local
snow flurries.

BELTZ'S
HUR
COLLARS
CAPES.

E. BELTZ,
London's Leading Furrier.

Physicians state: "A healthy stomach
is the basis of health." K. D. C. restores the
stomach to healthy action. 98a.

Hæmorrhagic Hospital
For umbrellas. Having a skilful surgeon,
we are enabled to set all kinds of fractures,
rings, bruises and sprains incident to um-
brellas. Office hours, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. and
7 p.m. to 9 p.m. Note the address, A. Ivis,
308½ Dundas street. ywt

Monthly Prizes for Boys and Girls.
The "Sunlight" Soap Company, Toronto,
offer the following prizes every month, till
further notice, to boys and girls under 16,
residing in the Province of Ontario, who
send the greatest number of "Sunlight"
wrappers: First, \$10; 2nd, \$6; 3rd, \$3; 4th,
\$1.50; 5th, a Handmade Book; and a
pretty picture to those who send not less
than twelve wrappers. Send wrappers to
"Sunlight" Soap Office, 43 Scott street,
Toronto, not later than 29th of each
month, and marked "Competition" (also give
full name, address, age and number of
wrappers. Winners' names will be pub-
lished in Toronto Mail on first Saturday in
each month.

A lady's gold watch valued at \$25 given
away. A chance to every purchaser of \$3
worth of photos at WATKINS' photo
studio, 201 Dundas street. ywt

Pictures Given Away.—Every cash pur-
chaser of \$1 worth or more of wall paper,
window shades, cornice poles, pictures,
frames, artists' materials, etc., will be pre-
sented with a handsome picture or the
chance of securing one of our special prizes,
valued at \$1 to \$20. Large stock,
low prices. E. N. HUNT, 100 Dundas
street ywt

E. J. MacRobert & Bro.
District and General Agents
for Western Ontario.

Representing the Following Companies:
ECONOMICAL Mutual Fire Ins. Co. of Berlin.
F.N. Fire Assurance Co. of London, Eng.
NATIONAL Fire Assurance Co. of Ireland.
PRINCE OF WALES Fire Assurance Co. of London.
PRINCE OF WALES Fire Assurance Co. of London.
PRINCE OF WALES Fire Assurance Co. of London.

TELEPHONE 449.
Offices—Edge Block, cor. Richmond
and Dundas Sts., London, Ont.

London Advertiser.
Telephone Numbers.
137.....Business Office.
138.....Editorial Rooms.
139.....Job Department.

LONDON AND ENVIRONS.
—It is necessary that copy for changes
of advertisements (to be sure of insertion)
must be handed in on the day previous to
that on which their appearance is desired.

—The Bishop of Huron will visit Holy
Trinity Church, London, on Sunday.
—Sir Oliver Mowat will arrive by G. T.
R. at 5:40 p.m. on Thanksgiving Day.
—Rev. J. W. Annis, of Chatham, has
received a call to Queen's Avenue Church,
London.

—Mr. S. H. Clark, the popular election-
ist, left yesterday for Chicago to enter upon
his new sphere of labor.

—A Windsor telegram says that E. J.
O'Neill has been nominated for trial on a
charge of seducing Lulu Twiss.

—The vacant pulpit of Adelaide Street
Baptist Church will be occupied to-morrow
by Rev. D. M. Mibell, of Parkdale.

—Do you want an estimate as to how
much an advertisement will cost you? If
you send inquiry on a postal card and you will
be answered by return mail.

—Col. Smith, D. A. G., and Hon.
A. Aymer, brigade major, were in Lon-
don yesterday inspecting the drill shed and
accounts of the Twenty-eighth Battalion.

—Tom Kirby, John Hamilton and Amos
George were taken to the Central Prison
yesterday by bailiffs, who also had in
custody four others from Chatham and
Sandwich.

—To-morrow evening the second of Rev.
W. J. Clark's course on "The Sermon on
the Mount" will be given in the First
Presbyterian Church. Last Sabbath even-
ing the church was crowded to the doors.

—The pastor of Ashkenazi Street Methodist
Church, London, has been "called" by the
Park Street congregation of this city. He
is Rev. C. E. McIntyre, and is said to be a
gifted preacher and a man of many fine
qualities. [Chatham Planet.]

—The Masonic fraternity of London and
the West will be glad to learn that R.
W. Bro. A. W. Forté of this city was
elected to the 33rd or last degree in Scot-
tish rite Masonry at the recent session of
the Supreme Council in Montreal.

—Messrs. Dayton & McCormick have
changed the meeting of their ladies' class
from Wednesday to Tuesday evening. The
advanced class for ladies and gentlemen will
commence Thursday evening, Nov. 17. See
advertisement in amusement column.

—Next week R. W. Bro. Hess, D. D. G.
M. for the London Masonic district, will
visit the following lodges: Nov. 7, Tuscan
Lodge, No. 105, London; Nov. 8, St. Mark's
Lodge, No. 84, W. York; Nov. 9, King
Solomon Lodge, No. 394, Thamesford.

—Mr. Carl Deal, son of Mr. C. J. Deal,
leaves on Monday to accept a position with
the Grip Printing Company, Toronto. He
is a young man of great promise in his
profession, and has already at his early age
developed a considerable degree of talent.
He will doubtless be successful in all
he undertakes. Dundas street
Center Methodist circles lose a valued
member and one who was a great favorite
with all.

—A stereoscopic limelight exhibition
was given in the Central Church school room
last night by Mr. W. R. Pate, of this city,
for the benefit of the Band of Hope and
Mercy. The views were taken from vari-
ous parts of the world, and were of an in-
teresting character and the light was beau-
tifully clear. There was a large attendance
of parents and friends, and several pieces
were rendered by members of the band in-
cluding a solo by Miss Zaida Taylor and a
duologue and song by a class of little boys
and girls. The rector, Rev. Canon Smith,
presided.

Col. Lewis, Mayor Spencer, Trustees
Gilman and Complin and Medical Super-
intendent Balfour were present at a meet-
ing of the hospital trust yesterday. In-
spector Robb reported the hospital boiler
to be in a good condition.

The amount of \$735.37 were found correct
and ordered to be paid. Medical Superin-
tendent Balfour's usual reports showed a
total of 47 patients in the hospital, 24
males and 23 females. Seventeen patients
were discharged as cured in the past two
weeks. One case each of diphtheria,
typhoid and scarlet fever were admitted,
with other cases, in the same time.

—Rev. Alex. Alison, D. D., Alexander
Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia, who is
well known in London, where he was a
hard church worker when a young man
sixteen or seventeen years ago, has received
a call to the First Presbyterian Church of
Seattle, Washington, at a salary of \$4,000
a year. Dr. Alison has accepted the call,
and he expects to leave Philadelphia about
the middle of November for his new
charge. Seattle is the leading city of the
State of Washington, and the church to
which Dr. Alison is called is one of con-
siderable influence. It has a membership
of 600. Dr. Alison has been six years in
his present charge, during which time the
membership has more than doubled.

A Youthful Vagrant.

A young lad giving his name as John
Hammond and his age as 11 years was the
only prisoner at the police court this morn-
ing. He was very poorly clad and said
that his object in coming to London was to
gain admittance into some of the charitable
homes. A man named John Cameron,
living at Thorndale, had advised him to
come here and the lad boarded the train.
Shortly after arrival he was handed over
to the police as a vagrant. The magistrate
remanded him for a week.

An Indifferent Horse Thief.

Two horses belonging to Leonard Brooks,
of London West, were stolen from their
pasture field on Thursday night. A county
constable at once started in pursuit and
drove to Lebo village, where he obtained a
clue. From there he hastened to Tilton,
and then to con. 4, London township.
Here he found the animals in a barn
belonging to a farmer named Davin-
son. The constable brought the horses to
their owner and returned to London
township, where he arrested Joseph Jerry,
a former resident of London West. The
constable says that Jerry acknowledged the

theft of the horses, and said he intended
selling them and then going to Chicago.
He added that he did not care how the case
went. Jerry is about 45 years of age and
of medium stature. He was remanded
until Monday.

AT Osgoode Hall.
Smith vs. Smith.—Judgment on petition
by the Toronto General Trusts Company,
for construction of the judgment in this
action and a declaration as to the person or
persons entitled to the moneys now in the
petitioners' hands pursuant to judgment
made by the court in the case of Smith vs.
Smith, the action concerned certain moneys
belonging to the estate of the deceased
certain money belonging to the estate of the
deceased mother. The plaintiff is
now dead, leaving a widow, and the con-
test is between the widow and the defend-
ent. The learned chief justice holds that
the balance in the hands of the petitioners
became payable to the defendant on the
death of her brother. Order accordingly.
Petitioners to have their costs out of the
estate. No costs to the other parties. E.
R. Cameron (London) for the petitioners.
Middleton for the defendant. Hoyle, Q.
C., for the widow.

Hill vs. Miller.—Judgment on motion by
the defendant T. L. Rogers to set aside an
order adding him as a party to the action
made by Galt, C. J., on an appeal had ex-
parte from a decision of the master. Per-
gerson, J. is of opinion that whether the
applicant relies on a contention that he was
entitled to security on the lands in ques-
tion before the commencement of the action,
or claims title as purchaser pendente lite as
holder of certain warehouse receipts, he is
in either case properly a party and was
properly added in the master's office. Mo-
tion accordingly dismissed with costs,
including costs of the day of Oct. 18, then
reserved, and costs of a motion was an in-
junction to be continued, and N. W.
Rogell for the plaintiff. E. R. Cameron
(London) for the defendant Rogers.

Celebrating the Gunpowder Plot.
Hackett Lodge, No. 805, L. O. L., cele-
brated the anniversary of the Gunpowder
Plot by a ball given in the City Hall
last evening. About 40 couples partook of
the latter, at which E. T. Esary
presided, and speeches were made by
R. A. Smith, Charles Perrin and Joseph
Murray. Loyal Orange Lodges Nos. 705,
208 and 380 were present, as were
Ladies Victoria Lodge, No. 2, and
Ladies Stanley, No. 4. Hackett Band
marched from the lodge rooms to the
City Hall prior to the supper. The com-
mittee was composed of Bros. Murray,
Perrin, Clark and C. Fletcher. Bro. Thom.
McMullen was leader of the orchestra,
which provided good music for a lengthy
programme of dances. The proceeds were
in aid of the benevolent fund of Hackett
Lodge.

The Flower Show.
The pupils of the Ashkenazi street school
held a flower show in the kindergarten
school on the Wharncliffe road yesterday
afternoon. The display was very creditable
—both large and well selected. None but
school children were allowed to exhibit and
prizes were given to the successful exhibitors.
Some of the classes of the winners were as
follows: Chrysanthemums, Miss Wildern's
room—1, H. Hunt; 2, Harry Fawcett; 3,
Percy Stinson. Miss McArthur's room—1,
Lettie McLaren; 2, E. Pritchett; 3, Oliver
Gidley. Miss Watt's room—1, Gordon
McIntyre; 2, Edna Mayne; 3, Elsie Harding.
Principal McQueen's room—1, O. Pontey;
2, A. Wilkins; 3, Minnie Hill. Cactus,
Geo. Lewis; fuchsia, Minnie Hill; flowers,
Maud Hill; leopard lily, George Moore;
tobacco plant, Geo. Moore; wax plant,
Whitely Hill; geraniums, Ethel Cannon;
scented geraniums and lily, Bryden Cam-
bell. Many of the friends and parents of
the pupils patronized the flower show, and
expressed much pleasure at what they saw.

Muscle from a piano entered the proceedings.
The committee have the affair in charge
Misses Alice Wilkins, Lylia McVoy,
Nettie Fewings and Ethel Cannon and
Masters Geo. Moore, Geo. Northcott, Geo.
Lewis, Fred Gidley and Will Fawcett.

WESTERN ONTARIO.

BRANT.
Paris talks of holding a poultry show
about Christmas.

Hundreds of barrels of apples are being
shipped from Paris station almost every
day, also carloads of turnips.

Paris now indulges in the luxury of
street letter boxes and one of the town
papers hints for a free delivery.

Fire broke out in the farm house belong-
ing to Wm. Lapierre, South Dumfries, the
other evening, but was extinguished before
it did any great damage. One hundred
dollars will cover the loss.

Burford people are beginning to talk
council matters and discuss the position of
the different candidates. It is announced
that P. Kelly, the present reeve, will offer
himself for re-election. A. McIrvine, present
first deputy reeve, an old faithful servant
of the township, intends to retire and Mr.
Van Horne will run for first deputy reeve.
E. McIrvine for second deputy reeve and
Adam Crozier for councillor. This leaves
one vacancy to fill. The names of W. D.
Barnett, Samuel Parkhill and James Sitt
are mentioned as candidates.

BRUCE.
Lucknowites are talking of a new skating
rink.

These Anderson, Duncannon, who was
pored by a bull at the fall show at Luck-
now, is still in a critical condition at the
residence of James Lindsay, Lucknow.
Two of his ribs were broken, and it is
internally, and from the effects of which in-
flammation may set in.

Diphtheria is still raging in Kincardine,
there being about 50 or 60 cases at present.
The schools have been closed, and every-
thing possible is being done to stamp out
the disease.

The other evening a large straw stack on
the farm of James Carlton, lot 20, third
range south of the Durham road, Kin-
cardine, was covered with five cows beneath its
weight. Two of the animals were dead
when found and a third one was badly in-
jured.

While out shooting recently Geo. Ewart,
Walkerton, killed a snake five feet in
length.

ELGIN.
Government Inspector Dr. May visited
Sparta Mechanics' Institute recently and
found everything in splendid working
order. He will send the Government
grant of \$104 in a few days, which will at
once be invested in a new stock of books.

The schooner H. P. Murray (Capt. Mark
Berry) received such injuries from pound-
ing on the beach, while loading wood at
Pompey Hollow, that it became necessary
to discharge her cargo of 75 cords of wood,
which John Price, Port Stanley, has pur-
chased.

The nets on the Port Stanley shore are
badly torn, while east of there several have
been lost.

Dr. Evelyn V.S., inspected a number of
herds of cattle in North Yarmouth on
Thursday, and found no traces of pleuro-
pneumonia. Friday he was working in South-
west. It is said that a cow shipped by Mr.
Cusack three months ago was found to be
suffering from pleuro-pneumonia on arriv-
ing in Great Britain. It is thought there

Royal Crown Remedy
—THE—
KING OF BLOOD PURIFIERS

Prepared by Isaac Williams Company.
Is a Remedy Composed of Extra-
ordinary Medical Properties.

essential to purify, heal, repair and invigorate
the broken down and wasted body, no matter
by what name the complaint may be desig-
nated—whether it be Scrofula, Syphilis, Uterine
Sore, Tumors, Boils, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum,
Diseases of the Lungs, Kidney, Bladder,
Womb, Skin, Liver, Stomach or Bowels, either
chronic or constitutional. The disease is in
the blood, which attacks the waste, and
builds end repairs these organs and wasted
tissues of the system.

REX WHEAT.
University Marmalade, C. and B. Mar-
melade, Keeler's Marmalade, Red Raspberry
Jam, White Raspberry Jam, Apricot Jam,
Strawberry Jam, Plum Jam—in 1 pound bot-
tles. (Caveco Socie'te' Tea Blends, Spice Water, Salt
Water, Ginger Nuts and other Fancy Biscuits,
Canned Meat, Fish and Tinned Paste for
Sandwiches.

General assortment Choix Groceries.
Coupes D. & M. E. Company's received on
all above goods at

J. L. FITZGERALD'S
153 Dundas Street. ywt

must be some mistake, as no pleuro-
pneumonia has been known to exist in the
country. However, a thorough inspection
is being made.

ESSEX.
Robert W. Elliott's store in Essex was
entered by burglars Thursday morning and
\$150 worth of goods taken.

Windsor's inland revenue collections for
October amount to \$41,990.80.

A Windsor dispatch says: Two months
ago John Smalley, of Staples, was arrested
charged with breach of promise. The com-
plaint was Mrs. Bushby, but it seems that
John has, since his incarceration, repented
and expressed his willingness to do what is
right. Thursday Mrs. Bushby called at the
jail with Rev. Mr. Hind and wanted to
have the knot tied. Sheriff Hill said that
he would be willing to do most anything to
be accommodating, but there were costs
amounting to \$15 that had to be paid.
This Mrs. Bushby did not have and she is
now working at the Stuart House until she
can get the necessary amount.

As No. 3 Grand Trunk Railway express
was passing through Walkerville Thursday
a passenger named Eaton, from Belleville,
who was standing on the platform, fell off.
He was picked up in an inauspicious condition
and taken to the Hotel Hotel. Eaton was
badly bruised, but no bones were broken.

Willis Chipman, Toronto, the sanitary
engineer who has been engaged by
Windsor's water commissioners to prepare
a scheme for the purification of the
Windsor water supply, is in that city get-
ting some more information. He says his
report will not be ready for a week yet. He
had a meeting with the water commissioners
Thursday night.

HURON.
Judge Toms, of Goderich, has been
granted a leave of absence for four months
on account of ill health.

A sad accident occurred to a son, aged
5 years, of Donald Patterson, living two
miles north of Auburn. It appears he was
walking along a beam in the barn, which
was covered with straw, and which slid off,
causing him to fall a distance of 20 feet on
the bare floor, breaking both arms above
the wrists and bruising himself generally.

KENT.
Chatham will have a public night school.
Engineer Slagg, of the Chatham water-
works, who was so severely burned at the
Raleigh station the other night, is slowly
recovering.

MIDDLESEX.
What might have proved a serious ac-
cident befell two young ladies of Gran-
ville while out driving recently. The cart in
which they were riding gave way in the
bottom, letting the occupants down to the
ground. The horse ran about a mile,
making a wreck of the cart.

Mrs. Middlemiss, widow of the late Mr.
Middlemiss, after whom the village of
Middlemiss is named, died in Ridgeway
the other day. She had recently resided
in Brantford, and six weeks ago went on
a visit to relatives in Ridgeway, where she
contracted her fatal illness. She was
about 60 years of age and leaves a grown-up
family.

The many friends of Mr. Wm. Bryant,
editor of the Lucan Record, will hear with
regret of his continued serious illness.

Rev. John Currie was given a pleasant
reception by the Presbyterians of Belmont
the other evening. After partaking of
supper all adjourned to the auditorium,
where Rev. E. H. Savers took the chair
and presided over the meeting in a most
satisfactory manner. The choir rendered
a number of popular selections, which
were well received. Rev. Messrs. Mc-
Intyre and McDonald, of St. Thomas;
Sutherland, of Fingal; Racey, Muxworthy
and Currie, of Belmont, and Brown, of
Agincourt, all delivered splendid addresses,
which proved very entertaining to the
audience. The edifying service was
concluded.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

New Vestibule Train Between New York
and Chicago via Erie Railway
and C. T. R.

This is without exception the finest train
that ever passed through Canada for New
York. Not a single change between Lon-
don and New York. Magnificent dining
cars attached to all trains for meals. This
train is called the Erie Flyer, and leaves
London daily at 11:40 p.m., which will give
you a daylight ride over this picturesque
route. 36 ft

W. SEYMOUR
PHRENOLOGIST

Accumuch Estab.
London, Ont., for 6 days only. Call
and see what you are best fitted for in life,
and what kind of a man or woman you
should marry. Office, room 100, Tecumseh
House. 87 ft

For fine styles and low prices of all kinds
of furniture go to Wm. Traford, 95 and 97
King street. Upholstering and repairing
by skilled workmen.

John Friend, People's Confectioner.—Re-
modelled store and lunch room; business
on more extensive scale. Everything best
quality. Cooked ham always on hands
117 Dundas street. ywt

T. C. Thornhill, optician, jeweler, watch
maker and engraver; lawn mower
sharpened and repaired. A call solicited
402 Talbot street.

R. S. Williams & Son
Piano Warerooms.

SPECIAL TO-DAY:
CABINET UPRIGHTS

NEW DESIGNS.

ROSEWOOD—Finely finished
on natural wood.

MAHOGANY—Genuine, an-
tique finish.

WALNUT—Fancy figured
French burl.

EBONY—Finely finished.

Doherty Organs
IN EVERY STYLE.

Terms to Suit All Purchasers

R. S. Williams & Son
229 Dundas Street.

LADIES,
See the elegant line of SPATS

OVER-GAITERS
—IN—
Hubert Ashplant's

Dundas Street

HERE AND THERE

THE PHANTOM COACH.

[Dublin Correspondence.]

Some years ago I received and accepted an invitation to spend a few weeks with some friends at their residence, Mount Limerick, in the county of Limerick. I arrived one evening just as that function known as "evening tea" was taking place, and was in the full enjoyment of a cup of the beverage and an accompaniment of hot cakes when I heard a carriage approaching the house at a rapid rate and finally drew up at the front door. Thinking that I was in no condition to meet strangers, for my hostess had insisted on my sitting down to tea in my travelling suit, which was a rough tweed, I said:

"Mrs. Rogers, if you will permit me to escape before your visitors come in I would like to go and change."

"They don't disturb yourself," she answered, "that is only the 'phantom coach.'"

"The 'phantom coach,'" I repeated, thinking it was a joke, not being aware that she was not.

"Yes, the 'phantom coach,'" I assure you there is nothing there."

"But," I stammered, "I can hear the horses pawing the ground and clamping their bits," and moreover, the door bell has just rung."

"Well," she said, "if you won't believe me, go and look for yourself," and taking advantage of her permission, for I was thoroughly mystified and equally incredulous, I went and opened the front door. Sure enough, as Mrs. Rogers had told me, there was nothing to be seen, and all the while the sounds of jingling harness were distinctly audible. I closed the door and returned to the parlor. My hostess, no doubt amused at my startled expression, asked me if I was satisfied. I admitted that in a sense I was; but, as far as the correctness of her assertion was concerned, I said:

"Surely you don't believe in a phantom coach driving up to your door?"

"Believe it? Of course I do. Why, every one in the neighborhood knows all about it, and you see that the servants are so accustomed to the circumstance that they never even trouble to answer the door."

Shortly afterward her husband came in, and on being told of it laughed heartily at my discomfiture, adding: "Oh, don't let that worry you. You will soon get accustomed to it."

I soon did get accustomed to it, but nevertheless the matter worried me very considerably. I puzzled over it again and again, and thought that I had solved the matter by the theory of an echo, but investigation proved me no one for miles around was possessed of anything more pretentious than a one horse trap, far, far from the fact of the matter, none of their owners could afford to keep anything better. Moreover, the fact of the door bell being rung remained.

The same thing occurred at irregular intervals, but always at the same time, between 5 and 6 p.m., and so real and unmistakable were the sounds that, in spite of previous demonstration to the contrary, I could not persuade myself that a carriage would not occasionally come to the door, and would repeatedly open it to assure myself of the fact, my eyes being always rewarded with the same empty space and my ears greeted with sounds which apparently proceeded from nothing at all. In this story I have quoted the actual names of the leaves and grasses as they are charged with a recuperative energy, affecting every fiber of the plant. Under a flash of mental excitement the pulse is accelerated, or the shock may be so great as to stop the pulse, causing instant death.

As the blood is the commerce of life, the very qualitative constituency of it, modified by brain action, is paralyzed in the body like to like, and thence is evolved character as the express image of blood conditions. This fearful yet beautiful law of our being should prompt us to consider that we are responsible then for our thoughts. "To the pure all things are pure."

EFFECTS OF THOUGHT.

Did you ever consider how your thought affects the blood in your body? The brain with its concavities of nerves, ramifying every part, answers to, and is, in fact, an electric battery. Every emotional play of mind imparts its tinge to the blood. An analogous comparison may help in understanding this delicate relation. When the sun rises in the morning, and its electric rays fall upon the landscape, everything is quickened into new life. Even the rain-bow in the dew on the tips of the leaves and grasses are thus charged with a recuperative energy, affecting every fiber of the plant. Under a flash of mental excitement the pulse is accelerated, or the shock may be so great as to stop the pulse, causing instant death.

WAKING THE DEAD.

Said a well-known embalmer of this city, speaking of waking the dead: "The custom is almost a universal one, and in some form is observed by every race and tribe whether civilized or barbarous. In this country we are apt to associate wakes with the Catholic people, but the sitting up and the dead of dear friends and relatives at leaving the bodies of their loved ones alone over night, and to prevent any injury to the body, watchers were selected or appointed who sat up all night and took turns in looking after the condition of the body. Then the doubts in many people's minds that their loved ones are not really dead is another reason for the custom."

SCAGGS' MARE POLLY.

They were talking about horses, and more particularly about Nancy Hanke's wonderful record of 2:55.4. Everyone seemed more or less impressed with the swiftness of this record except old Mr. Scaggs, a retired farmer. "But I once owned a mare up the farm as could beat her. That mare was lightning on legs. Polly was her name—named her after Mrs. Scaggs' mother, and a finer woman you never met. She could take all around any other woman in the county, and when it came to me being sick, she'd nurse me tenderly than as if I wasn't a son-in-law at all, but her own boy. My, how she could trot!"

"Your mother-in-law?" asked one of the circle.

"No," the hostess, snapped Scaggs, with fire in his eye. "I'm talking about the horse. I bought her when she was 8 years old from old Mrs. Tompkins. She wasn't much of a looker, Mrs. Tompkins wasn't, but she was business all through. When her husband died she took charge of the grocery, and added a millinery department to it, and by Joe! inside of a year she was able to close up the grocery and do nothing but make hats. Tompkins used to hitch her up to the delivery wagon, you know, but of course—"

"You don't mean to say that any man

WITH THE FAIR SEX.

STAINED GLASS SCREENS.

Stained glass screens mounted in brass or wrought iron makes the most beautiful of fire screens, their rich colors being glowingly brought out by the dancing flames.

SHE WEARIES NOT.

Rosa Bonheur is still a busy worker, notwithstanding her advanced age. She has just completed three small pictures, studies of animals, as usual, not lacking in the vigor and strength which characterize her earlier work.

A NOVEL DISH.

Chrysanthemums are now cultivated to such a pitch of beauty that it seems cruel to suggest converting the lovely flowers into an article of diet. "Chrysanthemum salad," however, is a favorite dish with the Japanese, from its delicate aromatic flavor.

WHAT IS THE STANDARD?

A Southern preacher who lectured in Boston the other night advised women to beware of men with small ears, small noses, small eyes and small hands and feet, as they would be apt to turn out small potatoes. But the question as to how small is small the girls must settle for themselves.

EMERSON'S ADVICE TO A DAUGHTER.

Finish every day and be done with it. For manners and for wise living it is a vice to remember. You have done what you could, some blunders and absurdities no doubt crept in; forget them as soon as you can. To-morrow is a new day; you shall begin it well and serenely and with too high a spirit to be cumbered with your old nonsense. This day for all that is good and fair, is too dear, with its hopes and its visions, to waste a moment on the rotten yesterday.

DISTINGUISHED AS STUDENTS.

The women students at Oxford have since '84 obtained several first-class honors in modern history. This year, for the first time, a woman has achieved the distinction of a first class in the final classical school. And at the same time a French student, Miss Sorajji, has accomplished the more remarkable feat of taking a third class in the examinations for the B. C. L., the most difficult law examination of the university. Of 25 men with whom this woman student had to compete, two failed, two obtained second, and not one a first.

CLAN TARTANS.

Next to the music hall craze in London comes the pursuit of the clan tartan for home and street costume. It is sometimes almost terrifying to meet London women in the street, clothed as they are in enormous plaids, which accentuate all their worst points and are most aggressively loud. To be sure, London is a gloomy place at this season, and, seen through a fog, the tartan is not so repulsive to the nerves, but even the prettiest women, and of the best form, have their dark cloth tailor-made gowns, with huge sleeves of the Murray, Argyle and occasionally even of the Royal Stuart plaid.

The Princess Marie of Edinburgh, who is just now preparing her trousseau, has been studying tartan costumes of Scottish manufacture; but this will hardly give them the catch of good taste, as every royal bride is compelled to have a poplin from Ireland and a tartan from Scotland, out of compliment to the shamrock and the thistle.

SUPERSTITIONS ABOUT BRIDES.

One of these is expressed in an old rhyme which is familiar to us all: Change the name and you change the letter. You change for the worse and not for the better. Another is that the day must be fine, in accordance with an old-time saying: Happy is the bride that the rain shines on; Blessed are the dead that the rain rains on. There is still another superstition poetically rendered that a bride's wardrobe must contain

WOMAN'S ADVANCEMENT.

During the past decade woman's progress has been wonderful. While man has retrograded woman has advanced. Though she is exhibiting a strength of character and ability to endure suffering, both physical and mental, which man is a stranger to. One of the most encouraging evidences of advancement is found in the fact that she is casting off the mask of convention, and enlightened individual judgment is taking its place. The coming woman will be none the less sweet, loving creature, the happy mother, the light of earth, because she possesses the privileges which are her birthright.

HOMEMADE THINGS.

"There is a charm about homemade things that does not belong to purchased stuff, no matter how beautiful or expensive it may be. You can buy no bread like that your wife bakes, granting that she is a home queen and not a society butterfly, and that she is not one of those who used to sneak out of your mother's cupboard. You sleep better under quilts that have been put together at home out of the scraps of clothing worn by those dear to you. There is a charm about a homemade rug that makes you want to lie down and roll on it like you used to on the rag carpet of your grandmother.

Singer Cycles

Drop a card for prices to W. M. PAYNE, London, Ont.

WITH THE FAIR SEX.

STAINED GLASS SCREENS.

Stained glass screens mounted in brass or wrought iron makes the most beautiful of fire screens, their rich colors being glowingly brought out by the dancing flames.

SHE WEARIES NOT.

Rosa Bonheur is still a busy worker, notwithstanding her advanced age. She has just completed three small pictures, studies of animals, as usual, not lacking in the vigor and strength which characterize her earlier work.

A NOVEL DISH.

Chrysanthemums are now cultivated to such a pitch of beauty that it seems cruel to suggest converting the lovely flowers into an article of diet. "Chrysanthemum salad," however, is a favorite dish with the Japanese, from its delicate aromatic flavor.

WHAT IS THE STANDARD?

A Southern preacher who lectured in Boston the other night advised women to beware of men with small ears, small noses, small eyes and small hands and feet, as they would be apt to turn out small potatoes. But the question as to how small is small the girls must settle for themselves.

EMERSON'S ADVICE TO A DAUGHTER.

Finish every day and be done with it. For manners and for wise living it is a vice to remember. You have done what you could, some blunders and absurdities no doubt crept in; forget them as soon as you can. To-morrow is a new day; you shall begin it well and serenely and with too high a spirit to be cumbered with your old nonsense. This day for all that is good and fair, is too dear, with its hopes and its visions, to waste a moment on the rotten yesterday.

DISTINGUISHED AS STUDENTS.

The women students at Oxford have since '84 obtained several first-class honors in modern history. This year, for the first time, a woman has achieved the distinction of a first class in the final classical school. And at the same time a French student, Miss Sorajji, has accomplished the more remarkable feat of taking a third class in the examinations for the B. C. L., the most difficult law examination of the university. Of 25 men with whom this woman student had to compete, two failed, two obtained second, and not one a first.

CLAN TARTANS.

Next to the music hall craze in London comes the pursuit of the clan tartan for home and street costume. It is sometimes almost terrifying to meet London women in the street, clothed as they are in enormous plaids, which accentuate all their worst points and are most aggressively loud. To be sure, London is a gloomy place at this season, and, seen through a fog, the tartan is not so repulsive to the nerves, but even the prettiest women, and of the best form, have their dark cloth tailor-made gowns, with huge sleeves of the Murray, Argyle and occasionally even of the Royal Stuart plaid.

The Princess Marie of Edinburgh, who is just now preparing her trousseau, has been studying tartan costumes of Scottish manufacture; but this will hardly give them the catch of good taste, as every royal bride is compelled to have a poplin from Ireland and a tartan from Scotland, out of compliment to the shamrock and the thistle.

SUPERSTITIONS ABOUT BRIDES.

One of these is expressed in an old rhyme which is familiar to us all: Change the name and you change the letter. You change for the worse and not for the better. Another is that the day must be fine, in accordance with an old-time saying: Happy is the bride that the rain shines on; Blessed are the dead that the rain rains on. There is still another superstition poetically rendered that a bride's wardrobe must contain

WOMAN'S ADVANCEMENT.

During the past decade woman's progress has been wonderful. While man has retrograded woman has advanced. Though she is exhibiting a strength of character and ability to endure suffering, both physical and mental, which man is a stranger to. One of the most encouraging evidences of advancement is found in the fact that she is casting off the mask of convention, and enlightened individual judgment is taking its place. The coming woman will be none the less sweet, loving creature, the happy mother, the light of earth, because she possesses the privileges which are her birthright.

HOMEMADE THINGS.

"There is a charm about homemade things that does not belong to purchased stuff, no matter how beautiful or expensive it may be. You can buy no bread like that your wife bakes, granting that she is a home queen and not a society butterfly, and that she is not one of those who used to sneak out of your mother's cupboard. You sleep better under quilts that have been put together at home out of the scraps of clothing worn by those dear to you. There is a charm about a homemade rug that makes you want to lie down and roll on it like you used to on the rag carpet of your grandmother.

Singer Cycles

Drop a card for prices to W. M. PAYNE, London, Ont.

WITH THE FAIR SEX.

STAINED GLASS SCREENS.

Stained glass screens mounted in brass or wrought iron makes the most beautiful of fire screens, their rich colors being glowingly brought out by the dancing flames.

SHE WEARIES NOT.

Rosa Bonheur is still a busy worker, notwithstanding her advanced age. She has just completed three small pictures, studies of animals, as usual, not lacking in the vigor and strength which characterize her earlier work.

A NOVEL DISH.

Chrysanthemums are now cultivated to such a pitch of beauty that it seems cruel to suggest converting the lovely flowers into an article of diet. "Chrysanthemum salad," however, is a favorite dish with the Japanese, from its delicate aromatic flavor.

WHAT IS THE STANDARD?

A Southern preacher who lectured in Boston the other night advised women to beware of men with small ears, small noses, small eyes and small hands and feet, as they would be apt to turn out small potatoes. But the question as to how small is small the girls must settle for themselves.

EMERSON'S ADVICE TO A DAUGHTER.

Finish every day and be done with it. For manners and for wise living it is a vice to remember. You have done what you could, some blunders and absurdities no doubt crept in; forget them as soon as you can. To-morrow is a new day; you shall begin it well and serenely and with too high a spirit to be cumbered with your old nonsense. This day for all that is good and fair, is too dear, with its hopes and its visions, to waste a moment on the rotten yesterday.

DISTINGUISHED AS STUDENTS.

The women students at Oxford have since '84 obtained several first-class honors in modern history. This year, for the first time, a woman has achieved the distinction of a first class in the final classical school. And at the same time a French student, Miss Sorajji, has accomplished the more remarkable feat of taking a third class in the examinations for the B. C. L., the most difficult law examination of the university. Of 25 men with whom this woman student had to compete, two failed, two obtained second, and not one a first.

CLAN TARTANS.

Next to the music hall craze in London comes the pursuit of the clan tartan for home and street costume. It is sometimes almost terrifying to meet London women in the street, clothed as they are in enormous plaids, which accentuate all their worst points and are most aggressively loud. To be sure, London is a gloomy place at this season, and, seen through a fog, the tartan is not so repulsive to the nerves, but even the prettiest women, and of the best form, have their dark cloth tailor-made gowns, with huge sleeves of the Murray, Argyle and occasionally even of the Royal Stuart plaid.

The Princess Marie of Edinburgh, who is just now preparing her trousseau, has been studying tartan costumes of Scottish manufacture; but this will hardly give them the catch of good taste, as every royal bride is compelled to have a poplin from Ireland and a tartan from Scotland, out of compliment to the shamrock and the thistle.

SUPERSTITIONS ABOUT BRIDES.

One of these is expressed in an old rhyme which is familiar to us all: Change the name and you change the letter. You change for the worse and not for the better. Another is that the day must be fine, in accordance with an old-time saying: Happy is the bride that the rain shines on; Blessed are the dead that the rain rains on. There is still another superstition poetically rendered that a bride's wardrobe must contain

WOMAN'S ADVANCEMENT.

During the past decade woman's progress has been wonderful. While man has retrograded woman has advanced. Though she is exhibiting a strength of character and ability to endure suffering, both physical and mental, which man is a stranger to. One of the most encouraging evidences of advancement is found in the fact that she is casting off the mask of convention, and enlightened individual judgment is taking its place. The coming woman will be none the less sweet, loving creature, the happy mother, the light of earth, because she possesses the privileges which are her birthright.

HOMEMADE THINGS.

"There is a charm about homemade things that does not belong to purchased stuff, no matter how beautiful or expensive it may be. You can buy no bread like that your wife bakes, granting that she is a home queen and not a society butterfly, and that she is not one of those who used to sneak out of your mother's cupboard. You sleep better under quilts that have been put together at home out of the scraps of clothing worn by those dear to you. There is a charm about a homemade rug that makes you want to lie down and roll on it like you used to on the rag carpet of your grandmother.

Singer Cycles

Drop a card for prices to W. M. PAYNE, London, Ont.

"German Syrup"

Here is an incident from the South—Mississippi, written in April, 1890, just after the Grippe had visited that country.

"I am a farmer, one of those who have to rise early and work late. At the beginning of last Winter I was on a trip to the City of Vicksburg, Miss., where I got well drenched in a shower of rain. I went home and was soon after seized with a dry, hacking cough. This grew worse every day, until I had to seek relief. I consulted Dr. Dixon who has since died, and he told me to get a bottle of Boschee's German Syrup. Meantime my cough grew worse and worse and then the Grippe came along and I caught that also very severely. My condition then compelled me to do something. I got two bottles of German Syrup. I began using them, and before taking much of the second bottle, I was entirely clear of the Cough that had hung to me so long, the Grippe, and all its bad effects. I felt tip-top and have felt that way ever since."

PETER J. BRIALS, Jr., Cayuga, Hines Co., Miss.

CAUTION!

EACH FLUG OF THE

MYRTLE NAVY

T. & B.

IN BRONZE LETTERS.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

Caligraph Typewriter

Special No. 3

STANDS AT THE HEAD

Very simple in construction. Adjustable for wear. Easy to operate. Powerful magnifier. Great speed. Best for manuscript work. Send for circulars and price lists.

GENERAL AGENTS—

BROWN BROS

Stationers, Account Book Makers, etc.

64-68 King Street East, Toronto.

Liawood, Ont.

C. C. RICHARDS & Co.

My son George has suffered with neuralgia round the heart since 1882, but by the application of MINARD'S LINIMENT 1884 it completely disappeared and has not troubled him since.

JAS. MCKEE.

Liawood, Ont.

GREAT BIBLE COMPETITION.

Thousands of Dollars in Rewards for Bible Readers.

THE LADIES HOME MAGAZINE presents its great Fall Competition to the public of America. The first grand prize is \$10,000 in cash; the second, \$500 cash; the third, \$250 cash; the fourth, \$100 cash; the fifth, \$50 cash; the sixth, \$25 cash; the seventh, \$10 cash; the eighth, \$5 cash; the ninth, \$2 cash; the tenth, \$1 cash; the eleventh, \$500 in goods; the twelfth, \$250 in goods; the thirteenth, \$100 in goods; the fourteenth, \$50 in goods; the fifteenth, \$25 in goods; the sixteenth, \$10 in goods; the seventeenth, \$5 in goods; the eighteenth, \$2 in goods; the nineteenth, \$1 in goods; the twentieth, \$500 in goods; the twenty-first, \$250 in goods; the twenty-second, \$100 in goods; the twenty-third, \$50 in goods; the twenty-fourth, \$25 in goods; the twenty-fifth, \$10 in goods; the twenty-sixth, \$5 in goods; the twenty-seventh, \$2 in goods; the twenty-eighth, \$1 in goods; the twenty-ninth, \$500 in goods; the thirtieth, \$250 in goods; the thirty-first, \$100 in goods; the thirty-second, \$50 in goods; the thirty-third, \$25 in goods; the thirty-fourth, \$10 in goods; the thirty-fifth, \$5 in goods; the thirty-sixth, \$2 in goods; the thirty-seventh, \$1 in goods; the thirty-eighth, \$500 in goods; the thirty-ninth, \$250 in goods; the fortieth, \$100 in goods; the forty-first, \$50 in goods; the forty-second, \$25 in goods; the forty-third, \$10 in goods; the forty-fourth, \$5 in goods; the forty-fifth, \$2 in goods; the forty-sixth, \$1 in goods; the forty-seventh, \$500 in goods; the forty-eighth, \$250 in goods; the forty-ninth, \$100 in goods; the fiftieth, \$50 in goods; the fifty-first, \$25 in goods; the fifty-second, \$10 in goods; the fifty-third, \$5 in goods; the fifty-fourth, \$2 in goods; the fifty-fifth, \$1 in goods; the fifty-sixth, \$500 in goods; the fifty-seventh, \$250 in goods; the fifty-eighth, \$100 in goods; the fifty-ninth, \$50 in goods; the sixtieth, \$25 in goods; the sixty-first, \$10 in goods; the sixty-second, \$5 in goods; the sixty-third, \$2 in goods; the sixty-fourth, \$1 in goods; the sixty-fifth, \$500 in goods; the sixty-sixth, \$250 in goods; the sixty-seventh, \$100 in goods; the sixty-eighth, \$50 in goods; the sixty-ninth, \$25 in goods; the seventieth, \$10 in goods; the seventy-first, \$5 in goods; the seventy-second, \$2 in goods; the seventy-third, \$1 in goods; the seventy-fourth, \$500 in goods; the seventy-fifth, \$250 in goods; the seventy-sixth, \$100 in goods; the seventy-seventh, \$50 in goods; the seventy-eighth, \$25 in goods; the seventy-ninth, \$10 in goods; the eightieth, \$5 in goods; the eighty-first, \$2 in goods; the eighty-second, \$1 in goods; the eighty-third, \$500 in goods; the eighty-fourth, \$250 in goods; the eighty-fifth, \$100 in goods; the eighty-sixth, \$50 in goods; the eighty-seventh, \$25 in goods; the eighty-eighth, \$10 in goods; the eighty-ninth, \$5 in goods; the ninetieth, \$2 in goods; the ninety-first, \$1 in goods; the ninety-second, \$500 in goods; the ninety-third, \$250 in goods; the ninety-fourth, \$100 in goods; the ninety-fifth, \$50 in goods; the ninety-sixth, \$25 in goods; the ninety-seventh, \$10 in goods; the ninety-eighth, \$5 in goods; the ninety-ninth, \$2 in goods; the one hundredth, \$1 in goods.

ONLY PURE CREAM TARTAR

and Bi-Carb. Soda

Used in It.

Pure Gold

HAS NO EQUAL

TRY IT

BAKING POWDER

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

Singer Cycles

Drop a card for prices to W. M. PAYNE, London, Ont.

NEW WILLIAMS

Fessenden Bros.

AGENTS,

233 DUNDAS STREET.

HAVE YOU

BACKACHE

DOOD'S KIDNEY PILLS

WILL PURE YOU

"Backache means the kidneys are in trouble. Dood's Kidney Pills give prompt relief."

"75 per cent. of disease is first caused by disordered kidneys."

"Might as well try to have a healthy city without sewerage, as good health when the kidneys are clogged, they are."

Sold by all dealers or sent by mail on receipt of price in cents, per box or six for \$2.50. Dr. L. A. Smith & Co., Toronto. Write for book called Kidney Talk.

TO BUILDERS & THE TRADE

An opportunity is solicited to quote for prices for all kinds of interior finish and for machine work of every description. Turning of any design done in the neatest manner. Boulevard gates and rails, blinds and screens, bath doors and frames in all styles. Prices right. Respectfully yours,

J. C. DODD & SON,

Cor. Wellington & Bathurst Sts., City

TELEPHONE NO. 371.

Foot Balls.

JOHN MILLS,

Bookseller and News Agent,

404 Richmond Street, London, Ont.

D. Daly & Son

WILL SELL YOU

Scranton Coal at \$7 per ton.

Bernice Coal at \$6 50 per ton.

Best Soft, for grates, etc., at \$6 per ton.

All orders receive prompt attention

19 YORK ST. TELEPHONE 348.

SEE OUR LARGE ASSORTMENT

BUTCHERS' TOOLS.

Wood Saws and Axes, Saw-

bucks, Stove Pipe Var-

nishes, Ash Sifters, Oil Cloth

Bindings, Lanterns and

Builders' Hardware.

A. WESTMAN

111 Dundas Street, London—Branch

Store 654 Dundas Street.

Reid's Hardware

Butcher and Family Meat

Cutters, Sausage

Stuffers.

Butchers' Knives, Steels, Scales, etc.,

in great variety, all at bottom prices.

JAMES REID & CO.,

No. 118 (north side) Dundas Street.

LONDON, ONTARIO.

Frank

CANADA'S FUTURE.

Pronunciamento of the Continental Union Association of Toronto.

This association is formed to co-operate with the Provincial and all similar organizations in the effort to secure a free, equal and honorable union in commercial and political matters between Canada and the United States.

The more effectually to accomplish our objects, the following, among other changes, are recommended:

1. One federal, or national government, for the whole of North America, the same to consist of a Senate and House of Representatives. Representation in the House to be according to population, the unit of which shall be one member for every 200,000 people, thus giving Canada 25 members, and the entire Union about 350.

2. For the purposes of this union, Canada to be divided into eight Provinces or States, each of which shall be entitled to two Senators, the same proportion as the American States of the Union.

3. The system of government to be federal in character, such as that now prevailing in Canada; but to be also strictly Republican, thereby insuring the election by the people of all presidents, governors or rulers. No title of nobility to be granted either by the national, provincial or state governments; and all persons holding any office of profit or trust under them to be prohibited from accepting any present, emolument, office or title of any kind whatever from any king, prince or foreign state.

4. The jurisdiction of the national government to be limited to the following matters: War and peace; treaties and foreign relations generally; the army and navy, federal courts of justice, commerce, foreign and domestic, currency, copyright and patents; the postoffice and post roads; taxation for the foregoing purposes, and for the general support of the government.

5. The national government to be prohibited from establishing any religion, or from interfering with the free exercise thereof.

6. The powers of our Provincial Legislatures, as defined by the British North America Act, to be enlarged so as to embrace marriage and divorce, criminal law, criminal law, in addition to their present jurisdiction.

7. The Provincial Legislatures to have jurisdiction in all matters not expressly assigned to the national government, including the franchise in such federal and Provincial elections, and the method of its exercise, by ballot or otherwise; the appointment of Provincial judges, whether by act of the governor or legislature, or by popular vote; all matters relating to education, property and civil rights, marriage and divorce, criminal law, and generally, all internal affairs.

8. Each Province and State to have full and absolute control within its own boundaries in all matters of religion or conscience.

9. Each State or Province to devise its own system of government, subject only to the limitation that it must be Republican.

10. Each Province or State can invoke the whole power of the confederacy to secure protection against foreign invasion or domestic violence, and the method of its exercise, by ballot or otherwise; the appointment of Provincial judges, whether by act of the governor or legislature, or by popular vote; all matters relating to education, property and civil rights, marriage and divorce, criminal law, and generally, all internal affairs.

11. There shall be two sets of judges, the former to be appointed by the president or governor, and with the advice of the Senate and House of Representatives, to administer the laws of the United States, and the latter to administer the laws of the Province or State, and during good behavior. Provincial and State judges to be appointed in such manner and for such term as the State may, in its wisdom, determine. Provincial judges to administer the Provincial laws, the Federal judges to have jurisdiction only over the following matters:

(a) Cases in law and equity, arising under the constitution and laws of the Union, and treaties made under their authority.

(b) Cases affecting ambassadors and other public ministers and consuls.

(c) Cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction.

(d) Controversies to which the confederation shall be a party.

(e) Controversies between two or more States and Provinces.

(f) All matters not above enumerated to be exclusively assigned to the State courts; each Province to be at liberty to regulate the number of State courts, either of original or appellate jurisdiction.

12. There shall be one supreme and final court of appeal for the nation, the same to consist of nine judges, and no appeal shall be allowed to her Majesty in Privy Council.

13. It is proposed that writs and acts of Parliament shall run in the name of the people, instead of in that of her Majesty, and that no queen's counsel be appointed, or any patent of precedence issued for any court.

14. Once every four years a president or governor shall be elected by the people for the purpose of checking the national legislature. This officer to have no seat in the House, and to be removable only for crime; and to further secure his independence, it is recommended that his salary be neither increased nor diminished during his term. He shall be the chief executive officer of the confederacy, and shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the Senators present concur, and shall appoint ambassadors, judges and other public officers. His signature shall also be necessary to the validity of any bill, unless the same be passed by two-thirds of both Houses, thus giving him the power to veto corrupt or unwise legislation.

15. The present offices of Governor-General of Canada, commander-in-chief of the land and naval militia, and high commissioner in London to be abolished.

16. Absolute freedom of trade to be guaranteed and secured throughout the Union, and between its several States for all time to come, and the citizens of each State or Province to be entitled to all the privileges and immunities of free citizens in every State of the Union, and to have free ingress and egress to and from any other state, and to enjoy therein all the privileges of trade and commerce, subject to the same duties, impositions and restrictions as the inhabitants thereof, respectively.

17. There shall be one uniform system of banking and currency throughout the confederation.

18. Provinces or States shall be empowered to resort to direct taxation as a new provision by the British North America Act. The revenue required for national purposes to be raised either by the direct or indirect method as may be most advisable. Customs houses between the two countries, as well as consular offices, to be abolished.

19. The national debt of Canada and of the several Provinces to be added to the existing national debt of the Republic, and the whole to be assumed by the new confederation.

20. The people thus united to form a sovereign and independent nation, without any duty of allegiance to any other power.

21. The changes herein proposed to take effect after adoption by both countries, and

final ratification by the Imperial Parliament.

The members of this association pledge themselves to use all lawful and honorable means to promote the cause of continental unity as herein described. Our aim is to form a perfect union among the people of this continent; to promote trade and commerce, and the development of our vast natural resources; to simplify and improve the system of government; to lighten the burdens of taxation and give the amplest rewards to labor; to secure the blessings of freedom to ourselves and our posterity; to insure peace; to provide for the common defence; to promote the general welfare, and to make the federated States of North America, with their 70,000,000 people, the most powerful, progressive and wealthy nation in the world.

NOVEL AND WONDERFUL.

According to M. Rosset, the eminent artist in photography, beautiful blue transparencies may be produced by means of a very simple process. In carrying this out, commercial cyanotype paper is exposed beneath a negative until the image will be very intensely visible, when it is thoroughly washed and placed for fifteen minutes in 10 per cent. solution of bichromate of potash. After the print has again been well washed it is allowed to dry, and then rendered transparent by placing it on a warm glass plate and treating it carefully with paraffine. The print is now framed between two glass plates. The cyanotype paper employed in this case, giving white lines on a blue ground, is very easily prepared; that is, plain photograph paper is placed in a solution of 25 grams of potassium ferricyanide in 150 c. c. of water, and then drying it in the dark.

Another engine fitted with liquid fuel has been running on the Great Eastern Railway, England—one of a class of ten similar express engines—and, as compared with the other nine engines doing the same round of duty, is reported as doing efficient service; that is, the oil burner has consumed about one-third the weight of coal per mile, and about as much oil as coal in weight, her total fuel being thus about twenty times by weight what it would be if all coal, and the liquid practically giving an efficiency of double its weight of coal. The engineer's account is interesting in relation to this engine when burning mixtures of plain gas tar and creosote residues, warmed up in the tank, which is placed at the rear of the tender, to a liquidity sufficient to cause it to flow finely through the injector pipes, and to destroy its viscosity so that it would spray freely from the nozzles. Its behavior in the furnace has been satisfactory, filling the fire box with white flame, the air rings also admitting of the most delicate adjustment of the supply of air for effecting combustion without air excess.

Attention is called by a writer in the Textile Mercury to the fact that wool which has been treated with chlorine acquires a stronger affinity for mordants and dyes, and, in consequence, is dyed much deeper shades than untreated wool. In this case, care should be taken in so treating wool, that too much bleaching powder be not used, from two to two and one-half per cent. of the weight of the wool being quite sufficient, this to be made into a clear solution, acidified with sulphuric acid, the wool being worked in this for 30 minutes, rinsed in water, and then dyed in the usual manner. It is also remarked that, for dying mordant dyeing coloring matter, a preliminary treatment with chlorine is a great improvement; that is, much deeper shades can be obtained, due to the simple fact that the wool takes up the mordant very much better than untreated wool—with the exception of those dyestuffs which require copper for a mordant, as is the case with the gamboges, where, instead of a green, a brown is obtained, and the same may be said of logwood.

Some new ideas have lately attracted attention in the matter of pavements. Among these is the paving of a bridge by a German engineer with India rubber, the result having been so satisfactory as to induce its application on a much larger scale, a point in its favor being that it is more durable than asphalt, and not slippery. In London a section of roadway under the gate leading to the departure platform of the St. Pancras terminus has for some time past been paved with this material, with the effect of deadening the sound made when being passed over on wheels, besides the comfortable elasticity afforded to foot passengers.

Another material which is being satisfactorily introduced for this purpose is composed of granulated cork and bitumen pressed into blocks, and which are laid like bricks or wood paving, the special advantage secured in this case being that of elasticity; in roadways it furnishes a fine foothold for horses, and at the same time does away to a great degree with the noise which commonly accompanies city traffic in Australia this method has been resorted to with excellent results.

The welding and spinning of brass and other metals by what is known as the Bevington process has been introduced by the Franklin Institute of Philadelphia, to the extent of granting one of the only three medals issued by the society during the year 1900. This medal consists of a small piece of metal, the welding of which is effected by forcing them into rapidly revolving dies, where they are softened by frictional heat and united end to end as in ordinary welding, or forced into one homogeneous mass, as solid as if cast into one piece. Brass and copper may thus be welded, which has heretofore been considered impossible. In this manner tubes of all kinds and of any length or thickness can be readily formed, and the ends of short tubes be as neatly joined as if they had been made in one piece.

It is found that a photograph can easily be made luminous in the dark by taking a white mount, and, after coating it with starch paste, sprinkle over it luminous powder, and press it down firmly to make it adhere. All that is now necessary is to make the unmounted silver print as luminous as possible by coating it on the back with castor oil, and wiping away the surplus oil. By placing this over the prepared mounting card and exposing it to daylight a luminous positive is obtained.

French ingenuity has succeeded in dyeing most attractive alizarine reds on piece goods by a simple process. The pieces are prepared for the dying in the usual manner, and are then passed through an acetate of lime bath in the cold. This bath is now heated to 150 degrees Fahrenheit, and about one-quarter to one-half the required amount of alizarine, dissolved in water with the aid of ammonia, is added; the bath is heated to the boil, and the pieces are run through and through in the ordinary way.

The remainder of the alizarine is now added, and the dyeing continued for some ten or fifteen minutes longer, when it will be completed. The pieces being finished according to the usual practice. By this alizarine solution is made from ten kilos of ordinary 20 per cent. paste alizarine mixed with 40 litres of water and one kilo of ammonia. The color which is obtained by this novel and ingenious method is said to be brighter and fuller than any that results from the process commonly in vogue, and a smaller quantity of alizarine is required.

SOME COMPARATIVE FIGURES.

What Continental Unionists Say the Canadian Farmer Loses by Separation from the States.

The statement made by Sir Oliver Mowat in his Niagara speech in opposition to political union with the States, that the Canadian farmer is better off than the American farmer, has roused the annexationists, or, as they prefer to call themselves, the continental union party and put them on their mettle. In countervailing the statement of Sir Oliver, the secretary of the association writes as follows to the Seaforth Examiner:

Dear Examiner—Would you permit me to draw the attention of your numerous readers to the great question of continental union, and to point out particularly an immediate advantage that would result to the Canadian farmer.

On looking over recent copies of the London Free Press and Detroit Free Press I found that a fair idea could be obtained from the market prices as to the respective financial positions of the Canadian and American farmers. Taking the market prices as found in these papers, I was able to construct the following statement:

The Canadian farmer takes a load of produce to market and sells it as follows:

100 lbs. coarse wool, at 16¢ per lb. \$16.00
100 bushels barley, at 45¢..... 45.00
20 dozen eggs, at 12¢..... 2.40

Total \$63.40

The Canadian farmer takes the same load to Detroit or Buffalo and sells for the following:

100 lbs. coarse wool, at 34¢..... 34.00
100 bushels barley, at 80¢..... 80.00
20 dozen eggs, at 15¢..... 3.00

Total for American load..... \$117.30

Total for Canadian load..... 63.40

This shows the American sells his load for \$53.90 more than the Canadian gets in Canada.

Both have purchases to make of household and farm necessities. The Canadian purchases the following at prices given:

50 gallons American oil at 40¢..... \$20.00
20 gallons syrup, at 40¢..... 8.00
200 lbs. wire nails 3¢ each..... 6.00
200 lbs. barbed wire fencing at 4¢..... 8.00
10¢ gallons linseed oil, at 70¢..... 7.35

Total \$63.35

He has still 5 cents left.

The American purchases the following:

50 gallons oil, at 41¢..... \$20.50
20 gallons syrup, at 41¢..... 8.20
200 lbs. wire nails, at 3¢..... 6.00
200 lbs. barbed wire fencing, at 4¢..... 8.00
10¢ gallons linseed oil at 44¢..... 4.40

Total \$66.70

He has purchased exactly the same articles as the Canadian farmer who has 5 cents left on his load of produce. But as the American received \$117.30, he has \$50.83 cash left, while the Canadian farmer has 5 cents left. This is the advantage the American farmer has over the Canadian farmer on but one load of produce.

What must it be in a year? Yet there are people who say that the Canadian farmer is better off than the American. It simply cannot be true. Those who say so shut their eyes to facts like the above, and forget that the Canadian farmer has since the war reduced the national, State and municipal debt from several hundred to \$28 a head. For all this continental union is a cure.

LEGAL QUERIES.

GIRL—Is a girl of age at 18 years? Ans.—No, not till she is 21 years of age.

EXPLOS.—Are railway companies liable for loss or injury to household goods shipped to the United States arising from collisions or other accidents on the route? Ans.—The railway companies are liable, and it is not absolutely necessary to insure such shipments.

FABRIC.—Can a parent legally strike his grown-up daughter who is not 21 years of age? Ans.—No. While a parent may legally inflict corporal punishment on his children for proper cause while they are children, yet when a girl is practically a woman such corporal punishment would then become legally an assault for which the parent might be convicted. Under any exceptional circumstances a blow might be justified, but not as a general rule.

INTESTATE.—A man dies without a will, can any of the children put it into chancery as they come of age and have the whole property sold, and the widow hold her share of the land, and what part or what share must be taken to hold the homestead from being sold? Ans.—The widow is entitled to one-third of the personal estate, and also to one-third of the real estate if the husband died intestate. If the wife is a widow, she is entitled to have a partition which might involve a sale of the homestead, and her only course would be to buy it in. Until the children are of age the property can only be sold under the direction of the High Court. She would be appointed administrator and act under advice of her solicitor.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused Lumps and Blisters from horses, Blood Spavins, Carbs, Spindles, Ring Bones, Swellings, Stiffles, Sprains, Sore and Swollen Throats, Coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted by John Callard, druggist. t

Rev. Samuel F. Smith, author of "America" ("My Country, 'Tis of Thee"), who lives at New York, Mass., and does not look over 50, though really 85 years old, has in his possession the original draft of that song. It is on a piece of waste paper.

Minard's Liniment cures Cuts, etc. A Baptist church in England, in order to induce cyclists to visit it, has provided a safe shelter for bicycles. Others have set apart a "cyclist's pew."

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles. SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors become often bleed and secrete, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia, Pa. Sons & Co., Montreal, wholesale agents.



HAVE BEEN APPOINTED BY SPECIAL ROYAL WARRANT SOAPMAKERS

TO Her Majesty The Queen

SUNLIGHT SOAP HAS BEEN IN USE IN Windsor Castle

FOR OVER THREE YEARS

Costs You a Cent. A WATCH FREE TO EVERY PERSON

AWAY. Correctly answering this Word Puzzle.

The six letters designated by stars above must be supplied by the guesser, and when complete gives the name of a prominent and well-known place in Ontario. The name is familiar to every intelligent person in Canada. So is the name of the largest city in Ontario. Guess it. The correct answer to this puzzle has been sealed in an envelope and same deposited with The Trusts Corporation of Ontario, which will be held by them and opened in the presence of witnesses on December 31st, 1892. To the first correct answer will be awarded a Mason & Rich (\$50) Upright Piano. Second, a \$100. Third, a magnificent Lady's Secretary. Fourth, a beautiful Dressing Case, mounted in silver. Fifth, a Silver Tea Set. The next ten (should) be that number sending correct answers, each a Gold Pen with pearl handle; and to the last twenty-five (contest closes Dec. 30th next) each a pair of Imported Opera Glasses, and many other valuable prizes.

This CANADIAN QUEEN is under entirely new management. It has the largest circulation of any publication in Canada, and to-day is the most successful financially and otherwise of any publishing house in the Dominion. There are thousands of well-to-do families in Canada who do not know THE QUEEN, and this prize contest is offered to attract their attention to it. No family should be without a first-class magazine. It is entertaining and instructive to both old and young, and prize winners subscribe and introduce it to their friends thus rewarding us for our liberality. As every person from whom we receive a correct answer receives a watch, you should not fail to try it. It is not necessary to send a postal card. It costs but one cent. Answer promptly, and address THE CANADIAN QUEEN, Toronto, Ont.

Only one answer from the same person will be considered.

OLD FOR GENTLEMEN! All those suffering from Nervous Debility, Weakness, and having been unsuccessfully treated, will find this famous remedy a certain and speedy cure for Lost Manhood, Impotency, Irritability, Lack of Confidence, Mental Depression, Painful Erection, Heart, Weak Memory, Exhausted Vitality, Errors of Youth, Secret Diseases, Evil Dreams, etc. Price \$1 per box, or six boxes, which will cure most cases, for \$5. Postpaid. All correspondence confidential. Write for circular. Address QUEEN MEDICINE COMPANY, Montreal. For sale by Cairnes & Lawrence.

G.F. MORRIS BUTCHER MARKET HOUSE

Having added two more stalls to my shop, I will make a specialty of SAUSAGE. We use the English best casings only.

HAMS, BACON AND LARD. Wholesale and retail orders from a distance promptly attended to.

TELEPHONE 467. LONDON, - ONT.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused Lumps and Blisters from horses, Blood Spavins, Carbs, Spindles, Ring Bones, Swellings, Stiffles, Sprains, Sore and Swollen Throats, Coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted by John Callard, druggist. t

Rev. Samuel F. Smith, author of "America" ("My Country, 'Tis of Thee"), who lives at New York, Mass., and does not look over 50, though really 85 years old, has in his possession the original draft of that song. It is on a piece of waste paper.

Minard's Liniment cures Cuts, etc. A Baptist church in England, in order to induce cyclists to visit it, has provided a safe shelter for bicycles. Others have set apart a "cyclist's pew."

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles. SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors become often bleed and secrete, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia, Pa. Sons & Co., Montreal, wholesale agents.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused Lumps and Blisters from horses, Blood Spavins, Carbs, Spindles, Ring Bones, Swellings, Stiffles, Sprains, Sore and Swollen Throats, Coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted by John Callard, druggist. t

Rev. Samuel F. Smith, author of "America" ("My Country, 'Tis of Thee"), who lives at New York, Mass., and does not look over 50, though really 85 years old, has in his possession the original draft of that song. It is on a piece of waste paper.

Minard's Liniment cures Cuts, etc. A Baptist church in England, in order to induce cyclists to visit it, has provided a safe shelter for bicycles. Others have set apart a "cyclist's pew."

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles. SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors become often bleed and secrete, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia, Pa. Sons & Co., Montreal, wholesale agents.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused Lumps and Blisters from horses, Blood Spavins, Carbs, Spindles, Ring Bones, Swellings, Stiffles, Sprains, Sore and Swollen Throats, Coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted by John Callard, druggist. t

Rev. Samuel F. Smith, author of "America" ("My Country, 'Tis of Thee"), who lives at New York, Mass., and does not look over 50, though really 85 years old, has in his possession the original draft of that song. It is on a piece of waste paper.

Minard's Liniment cures Cuts, etc. A Baptist church in England, in order to induce cyclists to visit it, has provided a safe shelter for bicycles. Others have set apart a "cyclist's pew."

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles. SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors become often bleed and secrete, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia, Pa. Sons & Co., Montreal, wholesale agents.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused Lumps and Blisters from horses, Blood Spavins, Carbs, Spindles, Ring Bones, Swellings, Stiffles, Sprains, Sore and Swollen Throats, Coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted by John Callard, druggist. t

Rev. Samuel F. Smith, author of "America" ("My Country, 'Tis of Thee"), who lives at New York, Mass., and does not look over 50, though really 85 years old, has in his possession the original draft of that song. It is on a piece of waste paper.

Minard's Liniment cures Cuts, etc. A Baptist church in England, in order to induce cyclists to visit it, has provided a safe shelter for bicycles. Others have set apart a "cyclist's pew."

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles. SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors become often bleed and secrete, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia, Pa. Sons & Co., Montreal, wholesale agents.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused Lumps and Blisters from horses, Blood Spavins, Carbs, Spindles, Ring Bones, Swellings, Stiffles, Sprains, Sore and Swollen Throats, Coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted by John Callard, druggist. t

Rev. Samuel F. Smith, author of "America" ("My Country, 'Tis of Thee"), who lives at New York, Mass., and does not look over 50, though really 85 years old, has in his possession the original draft of that song. It is on a piece of waste paper.

Minard's Liniment cures Cuts, etc. A Baptist church in England, in order to induce cyclists to visit it, has provided a safe shelter for bicycles. Others have set apart a "cyclist's pew."

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles. SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors become often bleed and secrete, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia, Pa. Sons & Co., Montreal, wholesale agents.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused Lumps and Blisters from horses, Blood Spavins, Carbs, Spindles, Ring Bones, Swellings, Stiffles, Sprains, Sore and Swollen Throats, Coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted by John Callard, druggist. t

Rev. Samuel F. Smith, author of "America" ("My Country, 'Tis of Thee"), who lives at New York, Mass., and does not look over 50, though really 85 years old, has in his possession the original draft of that song. It is on a piece of waste paper.

Minard's Liniment cures Cuts, etc. A Baptist church in England, in order to induce cyclists to visit it, has provided a safe shelter for bicycles. Others have set apart a "cyclist's pew."

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles. SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors become often bleed and secrete, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia, Pa. Sons & Co., Montreal, wholesale agents.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused Lumps and Blisters from horses, Blood Spavins, Carbs, Spindles, Ring Bones, Swellings, Stiffles, Sprains, Sore and Swollen Throats, Coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted by John Callard, druggist. t

Rev. Samuel F. Smith, author of "America" ("My Country, 'Tis of Thee"), who lives at New York, Mass., and does not look over 50, though really 85 years old, has in his possession the original draft of that song. It is on a piece of waste paper.

Education Is the Corner Stone of a Successful Career.

THE Very Best Business College.

TORONTO AND STRATFORD.

These institutions stand in the very front rank of the commercial schools of this country. The success of every young man depends mainly upon his preparation. These colleges afford unequalled facilities for qualifying young men and young women for the active duties of business life. The Toronto school is, without doubt, the largest and best equipped business college in Canada. The Stratford school is the largest and best west of Toronto. New business practice, latest and most modern methods, shorthand taught by experts, students assisted in securing lucrative employment. Write for catalogue. SHAW & ELIOTT, Principals.

Drawing-Room Furniture.

NEW SILK BROCADELLES Just Arrived for Fall and Christmas Trade.

We show you the largest assortment, give you the best value, and our workmanship cannot be equaled.

The London Furniture Mfg. Co.

RETAIL WAREHOUSES, 184 to 198 King Street, London, Ont.

NAVIGATION AND RAILWAYS. CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

People's Popular ONE-WAY PARTIES

British Columbia, Washington, Oregon, California,

In Tourist Sleeping Cars, Toronto to Seattle, without change, leaving TORONTO EVERY FRIDAY AT 11:20 P.M.

OCT. 28, 1892. NOV. 4, 11, 18, 25, 28. DEC. 2, 9, 16, 23, 30.

Apply to any C.P.R. Ticket Agent for full particulars.

THOS. R. PARKER, City Passenger Agent, No. 1 Masonic Temple, next door to City Hall. City Office open 7:30 a.m.

Through Tickets

NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, WASHINGTON, NEW ORLEANS, DENVER, SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND

And all other points via the MICHIGAN CENTRAL

The Niagara Falls Route.

Time tables, maps and all other information given at the City Office, 325 Richmond Street, or depot, corner Clarence and Bathurst Streets. O. W. RUGGLES, Gen. Passenger Agent. JOHN G. LAYEN, Can. Pass.

TOPICS OF TO-DAY.

The Earl of Rosebery has consented to preside on St. Andrew's Day next at the 25th anniversary of the Scottish Corporation, London.

Dr. Adler, chief rabbi, has presented a scroll of the law and a shofar to a number of Jews who have settled in York and held divine service for the first time since the expulsion of the Jews from that city in the 15th century.

In the same line as Miss Jordan's "College for Women," published in the last number of the Atlantic Monthly, there is the November number a most able article by Samuel W. Dike, LL.D., entitled "Education in the Higher Education of Women."

It is poor economy to save the remnants of medicine. Nine times out of ten one forgets what complaint it was intended for, and if no mistake is made in that way many troubles have the same symptoms, and the sufferer is not quite safe in dallying with doubtful drugs.

The November number of the North American Review is an exceedingly varied one. Among the distinguished people who contribute to it are the Hon. James G. Blaine, the Hon. W. F. Harry, Professor H. H. Boyesen, T. V. Powderly, President Andrews, of Brown University; Mr. O'Reilly, Colonel R. G. Ingersoll and Lord Rayleigh.

Details from Porto Novo of the first engagement with the Dahomians show the immense amount of execution done by the Lebel rifle, and accounts for the extraordinary slaughter of the natives as contrasted with slight loss to the French. Even the largest trees appear to have afforded no protection to those who sought shelter behind them. After the bodies of the dead natives were buried in huge pyres.

A discussion has been going on in the Society for Physical Research as to the existence and the nature of the power by which so many people manage to wake themselves precisely at the hour at which they had resolved to awake on the previous night. It might be of even greater interest if the society should explain how it is that after a man has thus awakened himself, and decided on taking "five minutes more," some power compels him to sleep an hour longer.

Marshal MacMahon, who was reported recently to be in ill health, was found out shooting by a correspondent who hunted him up to confirm the rumor. The Marshal and a servant had started out after a 6 o'clock breakfast to trudge through stable and along lanes and returned at nightfall with a full bag. The ex-President of France is still, despite his age (he is 84) a good shot. His hand is steady and his aim sure. He lives at Laforêt in an unpretentious country house, the most attractive feature of which, externally at least, is the veranda overgrown with vines.

A royal lady who has aged terribly of late is the Princess of Wales, who is dependent to a greater extent than most people believe upon the assistance of postiches of one kind and another. Her hair is not hers, neither is her figure, nor yet her complexion, and the contrast between her artificial appearance in public and her natural appearance when in the privacy of her own apartments must be very sad. For her own apartments must be very sad. For it is always sad to see a woman's beauty fade, especially when the fruitless attempts to conceal the ravages of time deprive old age of the many charms and attractions which it otherwise possesses.

There was a curious Moslem religious ceremony at the opening of the Jaffa and Jerusalem railway for traffic. The Jerusalem terminus of the road was decorated with palms, and when the Mohammedan priest had offered prayer, three sheep with snow-white fleeces and gilded horns were dragged upon the rails and slaughtered. They were left there until the blood had run from their veins and reddened the ties, and then the locomotive, freed by this sacrifice from the machinations of evil geni, went puffing out of the Holy City. These are some of the exclamations uttered by the Arabs when they saw the first locomotive enter the Holy City: "What is the great God doing? 'This is the work of Satan!'"

The English Admiralty recently disposed of what was left of the hull of the glorious old Poudreyant, the vessel so closely associated in the public mind with the triumphs of Lord Nelson at Trafalgar. A thrifty German was the purchaser, and with an eye to business, he intended to have it cut up into thousands of pieces of English historic curiosities. A number of Englishmen were so shocked at the idea of this silent witness of British valor being sold to a German and chopped to pieces to be hawked about the world, that they proposed to raise a purse with which to buy it back. The German fixed the price at £5,000. At last accounts the £300 pounds had been subscribed, and the Teuton will carry out his original intention.

Experiments with cyclists and carrier-pigeons for transmitting messages are being made by the gymnastic society of Rome in the interest of the Italian army. The rider carries a small cage attached to his machine, in which are several well-trained pigeons. When important observations have been taken and jotted down, they are placed in envelopes and affixed to the birds, which are liberated. In every instance thus far the birds have flown promptly and in a straight line back to headquarters over distances of from ten to twenty kilometers. It is thought that this combination of bicycle and pigeon service can be very profitably used in military observations, and the Italian army office proposes to continue the experiments.

The United States consular agent at Norfolk Island says that the descendants of the Pitcairn Islanders now living there number 574 souls. As about 200 offspring of the mutineers are now living on Pitcairn, the total descendants of the nine sailors of the Bounty and the twelve Tahiti women they took with them to the little rock of Pitcairn are about 774; and it is only a little over a century since the mutineers who made Pitcairn famous took refuge on the little island. Some of these people, to be sure, are pure descendants from new-comers whom the islanders admitted to their community after they had been discovered. They have, however, rarely permitted outsiders to settle among them, and

it is believed that the names of Nobbs and Evans were the only new names added to those of the original mutineers until a part of the colony removed permanently to Norfolk Island, where some of the young women married outside the community.

It affords at first a pleasurable shock, as when one hears an Irish bull, to find the Grand Canal of Venice described in Scribner's Magazine for November as one of the "Great Streets of the World;" but the canal really is the great street of Venice, and Henry James describes it effectively and entertainingly. The most important article in the magazine is Octave Thane's, on the "Conversations and Opinions of Victor Hugo," from unpublished papers. Mr. Brownell continues his study of French Art, Octave Thane's "Stories of a Western Town" gives us "Mother Emeritus," and there are popular articles on horse racing in Australia and the spongers of Florida by Sydney Dickinson and Kirk Munroe respectively. The poems of the number are excellent, and Thomas Nelson Page's short story, like his other stories, is fascinating.

CO-OPERATION.

Some co-operators get the idea that the main and chief thing in co-operation is the dividend. They look upon it as a kind of goose laying a golden egg periodically. Co-operation among the farmers, laboring and all poor people generally, says the Texas Farmer, should aim to mutually improve their financial conditions. The want of money is impossible for poor people to enjoy the good things of our times. We are thus compelled to live in a kind of semi-barbarous state and look on while the wealthy spend the profits they make on our patronage. To enjoy the pleasures of this life we must have more money. We must get up a kind of sub-treasury to draw from. Co-operation is our sub-treasury. By consistently and persistently adhering to co-operation we can so better our financial condition that we can more fully enjoy the pleasures of our civilization.

More money, more wealth, is what we need. Hard work will not get it for us. The rich never made their wealth by hard labor. By following some kind of profitable business they become rich. Many of the able business men of our country, who started poor, with a small capital, they soon made their fortune. This is our sub-treasury. This is the example for us to follow. Let 100 or more families start a business co-operative association on a small capital at first. Let them capitalize all the profits until they have sufficient money to do all their business. After that they can pay the profits to the stockholder. This is the way all honest paying capital is accumulated. These same poor families are now donating their profits to someone else's capital. Why not keep it themselves? Small capital is all that is needed at first. Patrons are what makes the business a success. Faithful support and influence is the source of profit to any business. It is thus that the laboring and poor people can become capitalists. But they must be faithful to their business. They must be true and active. Cold support, more interest in some other business of the same kind, drawing out all profits, will soon kill a growing co-operative business.

No man can succeed in a private business if he does his best to draw all patronage away from it; no more can a lot of co-operators. A dollar saved in a co-operative business is a dollar made. If a co-operator gives his trade to some other business, then he simply robs his own business and donates his profits to the other business. There are some people who think they cannot pay cash for what they buy. This is contrary to all ideas of freedom; contrary to all ideas of liberty. No man can go in debt and be free. He simply acknowledges debt and is unable to support himself, and must beg someone to do it for him for a short time—even for 30 or 60 days. The man who buys on credit is simply a bondman. He cannot be a true co-operator. He cannot accumulate any capital until he becomes self-sustaining. Pay cash for what you buy and do without what you cannot pay for. This is the first requisite necessary to become a capitalist. This is the exponent of prosperity. This is the key to the sub-treasury that will lead beyond want and poverty. This is the guide-post that points from dependence to independence. In the progress, wealth, prosperity and profits of the world.

PRESS AND PEOPLE.

JUSTICE FOR THE SOLDIER.

At the beginning of the war the American Government needed money, and in order to raise it issued bonds, which it sold to the money classes at a little over 60 cents on the dollar, and when the war was over it was decided that the honor of the Government would require that these bonds should not only be paid in full but should be paid in gold, and I say that if the honor of the Government required that those rich men who had loaned the Government money with which to prosecute the war should be paid nearly \$2 for each \$1 they loaned, and should be paid that in gold, then the honor of the Government as well as good faith and justice and equity required that those men who had left their homes and imperiled their lives in order that the Government might be saved should have at least dollar for dollar. (Judge Altgeld's address to old soldiers at Olney.)

AT A MILLIONAIRE'S BAPTISM.

I never shall forget, as long as memory holds its grip on anything, a picture once presented in an uptown church, when a little bald-headed millionaire, robed in the \$200,000 worth of a congregation representing presence of a congregation representing \$300,000,000, and where, during the prayer, 30 men stood, representing in the aggregate \$250,000,000, while God's bright sun shone through the part-colored glass full upon a pile of gilt-edged Bibles and hymn books resting on the crimson-covered pulpit desk and glanced down upon the diamonds in the mother's ears, absolutely flooding the sanctuary with a golden flush, suggestive, sickeningly belittling also a ceremony which ought to mean something hereafter, even if here it was but a symbol of pride and pomp and offensive show. —[Joe Howard in New York Recorder.]

Wouldn't Be Without It.

Mr. Alfred Roberts, Manager of the Dominion Railway Advertising Agency, 79 King St. W., Toronto, Ont., June 1, 1888, writes as follows: "I desire to testify to the efficacy of St. Jacobs Oil as a sure remedy for sprains, bruises, rheumatism, etc., having had occasion to use it in my family for some time past. In fact I would not be without a bottle of the Oil in my house for double the amount charged." Customer (who has lost his teeth, to landlord who had served him with a very tough steak)—Landlord, you are a flatterer. Disordered Liver set right with BERNARD'S PILLS. An Irish friend insists that the chief pleasure in kissing a pretty girl is when she won't let you. Minard's Lignum cure Garget in Cows

FREE TO ALL!

VALUABLE GOLD WATCH, FIRST-CLASS ROAD CART, HANDSOME CHINA TEA SET.

The above articles, fully guaranteed, will be given away FREE in connection with THE WEEKLY GLOBE during the present month.

In order to stimulate and encourage Club Workers to greater exertions in looking up new subscribers for THE WEEKLY GLOBE, we offer the following Handsome Prizes FREE. ANYONE CAN COMPETE.

Prize No. 1.

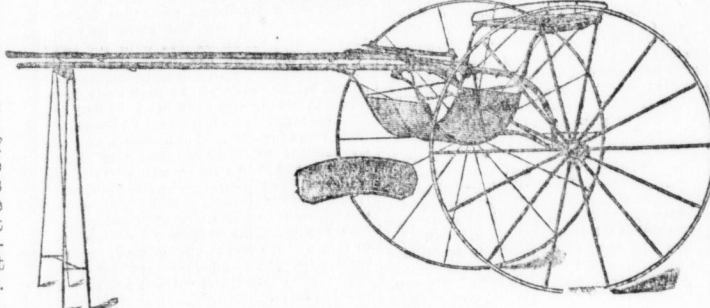


The agent sending us the largest list of new subscribers to THE WEEKLY GLOBE for 1893, between 1st and 30th November will receive a Handsome Gold Hunting Case Watch from the firm of Frank S. Taggart & Co. of this City. The watch is a gentlemen's 18 size hunting case

DUEBER-HAMPDEN 14 KT. GOLD.

The case is richly chased and hand-engraved, stem-wind, guaranteed by Jno. C. Dueber to wear and give entire satisfaction for 25 years. The movement is a celebrated 17 ruby jewelled Jno. C. Dueber, replete with all modern improvements, patent regulator adjusted to heat, cold and isochronism, ruby jewels in raised gold settings, braquet hair spring, compensation balance with double sunk dial, guaranteed an accurate time-keeper. For durability, perfectness of design, elegance of finish and engraving it is unexcelled. Value \$75.00.

PRIZE NO. 2.



The agent sending us the second largest list of new subscribers to THE WEEKLY GLOBE for 1893, between 1st and 30th November, will receive one of the Gananoque Carriage Co's Road Carts. The accompanying cut is a true representation of cart. It is valued at \$25.

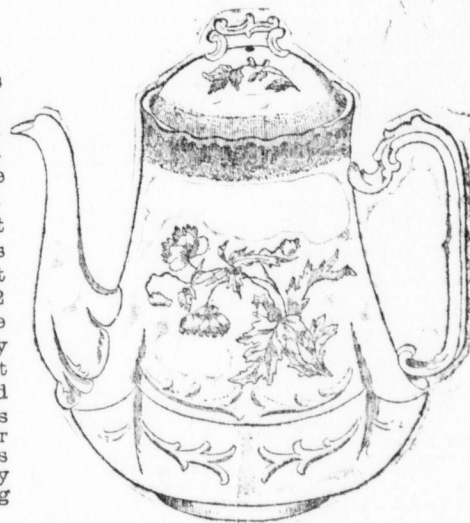
This cart is easy and comfortable

THE GANANOQUE ROAD CART.

to ride in, free from horse motion and made of the best seasoned material; finished in natural wood color and varnished and fully guaranteed by the manufacturers, who claim it to be "the best cart on wheels in the Dominion for the money. Manufactured by the Gananoque Carriage Co., Gananoque, Ont.

PRIZE No. 3.

The agent sending us the third largest list of new subscribers to THE WEEKLY GLOBE for 1893, between 1st and 30th November, will receive a very HANDSOME CHINA TEA SET, OF 44 PIECES, valued at \$12.75. Supplied by Gowans, Kent & Co., Toronto. The accompanying cut is a good representation of the set which is one of the finest French china tea-sets in the market to-day. It is made of the very finest Limoges china. The shapes are very fine throughout the entire set which consists of 1 teapot as shown in the cut, 1 sugar bowl, 1 cream jug, 1 slop bowl, 2 cake plates, 12 tea plates, and 12 cups and saucers. In the majority of sets at this price the cups and saucers are very thick and clumsy, but in this they are as fine as the very best of French manufacture. The decoration consists of shaded color from the top of each piece vanishing into white. This shading is very delicately done, and you have the color in either blue, pink or salmon, as you prefer. In combination with this blue, pink or salmon of the piece is a floral spray which is very nicely and delicately tinted in French style, the whole being finished and traced in gold.



The Above Three Articles Have Been Carefully Selected From Responsible Firms, and Can be Relied Upon as Being Exactly as Represented.

CONDITIONS OF COMPETITION.

The competition will open November 1st and close November 30th, 1892, and applies to new subscribers only for THE WEEKLY GLOBE for 1893, sent within those dates. (Renewal subscription will not count.) Ten days will be allowed after November 30th for receipt of letters from a distance, but orders to enter the competition must bear the postoffice stamp of the despatching office not earlier than the 1st and not later than the 30th of November.

Clubbing of clubs or the grouping of a number of different agents' lists for the purpose of working up a large club will not be permitted. Any agent, however, is at liberty to engage canvassers to assist him. Orders may be sent by post or left at this office.

It is optional with the agent whether he remits us full price or net rate. If full rate of One Dollar, however, is sent with each order, agents so sending can compete for regular prizes in addition to the above. Send for outfit and full particulars.

THE GLOBE, Toronto.

**TRY
BALA
LICORICE**
FOR THE VOICE.

**W. Chapman,
BUTCHER.**
Fresh and Salt Meats, Beef, Mutton, Fowls, etc. Goods delivered to any part of the city.
269 DUNDAS STREET.

**LEE HING
Chinese Laundry,**
467 RICHMOND STREET
(Next to Western Hotel.)
Best work in the city done on shortest notice. Parcels called for & delivered to any part of the city.

MONEY LOANED
On real estate and notes; also on household furniture, pianos, horses and all kinds of chattels, by
J. & J. R. MILNE
DUNDAS STREET, LONDON, IND. house and insurance agents.



Sustaining, Strength-giving,
Invigorating.

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF

IS A PERFECT FOOD FOR

Invalids and Convalescents.

Supplying all the nutritious properties of Prime Beef in an easily-digested form.

