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London Advertiser

PRICE 2 CENTS

VOL. XL., NO. 133. LONDON, CANADA, THURSDAY, MARCH 6, 1902. WHOLE NO. 16524.

Births, Marriages, Deaths.

DIED.

FERGUSON—At his late residence, Rockside Farm, con. 15, London township, on Wednesday, March 5, 1902, Joseph W. Ferguson, aged 64 years.

Funeral on Friday, 7th inst., at 2 p.m., to Birr Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation. 23u

LECHMAN—In this city, at the Home of Incurables, Dundas street, on March 4, 1902, Elizabeth Lechman, in her 50th year.

Funeral on Friday afternoon, March 7, at 2:30; services at 2 o'clock, from W. J. Smith & Son's undertaking parlors, 113 Dundas street. Interment at Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

Advertisements under this heading 10c per line, or 2c per word each insertion.

NEXT SAT. **A RUNAWAY GIRL** **NEW GRAND** MAT. & WED.

Arthur Dunn and 50 others in the Augustin Daly production. Evening, $1 50, $1, 75c, 50c, 25c. Matinee, $1, 75c 50c, 25c. Seats ready this morning. b

Auditorium--Tonight.

Ellen Miriam Kurzenknable, reader; Alice Calder Stock, soloist; Thomas Martin, pianist; Maurice Poure, violinist. Plan at Nordheimer's. Tickets, 25c and 50c. b

JUBILEE RINK—UNION BAND TONIGHT. Ice in splendid condition. Skating every afternoon. b

WESTMINSTER RINK—FINAL HEAT of city championship Friday. Cortese's Orchestra. Admission, 15c. b

PRINCESS ICE PALACE—TONIGHT, band. Good skating. Excellent music. Skates to rent. b

W. C. T. U. RECEPTION TO BE GIVEN tonight at Somerset Hall postponed until Friday, 14th inst. b

GRAND CONCERT—KNOX CHURCH, London South. Friday, March 7, 8 p.m. Misses Leys, Greenlees, Moffatt and McEvoy; Messrs. Gardiner, Givens and Evans; concluding with tableaux of living pictures from classical scenes. Tickets: Single, 15c; double, 25c. 24u

THE CUNARD LINE SAILINGS ARE as follows: Umbria, Saturday, March 8; Lucania, Saturday, March 15; Etruria, Saturday, March 22. For tickets apply to F. B. Clarke, agent Cunard Line, Richmond street, next Advertiser.

PRIVATE LESSONS IN DANCING BY R. B. Millard, 345 Princess avenue. Special attention given to the waltz and two-step. Rapid teaching. Low rates. Lessons any hour.

DANCING—BEGINNERS' NEW TERM now open. Gentlemen, Monday; ladies, Tuesday evening; children, Saturday afternoon. Private tuition any hour. Dayton & McCormick.

MEETINGS.

A REGULAR MEETING OF ST. George's, 42, A., F. and A. M., G. R. C., will be held this Thursday, 6th inst., in Masonic Temple, 7:30 p.m. Conferring first degree. Visitors welcome. J. Harley Deeks, W. Master; A. Ellis, P.M., secretary. b

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

1c per word first insertion, and ½c per word each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

WANTED — TWO EXPERIENCED saleslades for the drygoods. Apply Whiskard's, Dundas street, London, Ont. 24k

COOK WANTED — APPLY QUEEN'S Hotel. 24c

LAUNDRESS WANTED — APPLY TO Matron, Victoria Hospital. 24c

GIRLS WANTED. PARISIAN STEAM Laundry, Limited, Dundas street. 24c

GIRLS WANTED. APPLY SUPERINTENDENT of D. S. Perrin & Co. 19tf

WANTED AT ONCE—COOK AND kitchen girl. Apply Central House. 18tf

MALE HELP WANTED.

1c per word first insertion, and ½c per word each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

WANTED—A COACHMAN; REFERENCES required. Apply George C. Gibbons, Albion buildings. 24u

WANTED—MARRIED MAN, TO WORK a 100-acre farm on shares or salary; none but practical farmer or dairyman need apply. Samuel Dart, Nilestown. 22c-ywt

PORTER WANTED. BRITANNIA House. 23c

WANTED—TWO GOOD CANVASSERS. State if experienced. Address Box 4, this office. 23c

BRASS MOLDERS WANTED—FEW first-class men. The James Morrison Brass Manufacturing Company, Toronto, Ont. 22c

DO YOU WRITE ADS?—SEND ADDRESS today on your business stationery for invaluable information free. Harper Syndicate, Columbus, Ohio. 22tf-wty

WANTED—TWO SOBER, INDUSTRIOUS men, to travel; good pay; light work; with an opportunity of rapid promotion to elegant position. A. H. Cobb, Morkin House, London, Ont. 22c

Sheet Music.

All the latest popular Songs and Music for teachers.

Instruction Books, Studies, Theoretical Works.

All Musical Instruments.

The Nordheimer Piano and Music Co.
Limited.

188 Dundas Street.
62 Years Established.

Boys' and Girls' New Shoes.

We Have a Variety of Styles and Qualities in Reliable Makes.

We're quite sure you would pay 15 cents on the $ more than our price outside of our store for the same qualities.

Prices Ranging From $1 to $1 50 With all the Style of $1 75 Shoes.

Pocock Bros.

All kinds Trunks, Valises, Satchels, etc., at lowest prices.

AGENTS WANTED.

$3 A DAY SURE—SEND US YOUR address and we will show you how to make $3 a day, absolutely sure; we furnish the work and teach you free; you work in the locality where you live. Send us your address and we will explain the business fully. Remember we guarantee a clear profit of $3 for every day's work; absolutely sure; don't fail to write today. Imperial Silverware Company, Box 504, Windsor, Ont. ywt

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL OUR Approval Sheet Stamps, at 50 per cent commission. A pocket stamp album, with 20 varieties of foreign stamps, given away free to each agent. Apply at once. The Dominion Stamp Company, 70 Elmwood avenue, London, Ont. 12n-zyz

AGENTS—GOOD LINE, STEADY DEMAND, large profits. Write today. Sample, 5 cents. Adams, Toronto, Ont. zxv

AGENTS—WE START YOU IN BUSINESS. You can easily make $25 per week. No capital required. Apply P. O. Drawer 531, London. 91tf

HELP WANTED.

1c per word first insertion, and ½c per word each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

POOREST WRITERS PAID 10 CENTS per hour copying testimonial letters at home. Send 10c (silver) for samples and particulars. Maritime Co., Moncton, N. B. 21bc-zxt

WANTED—MAN AND WIFE TO TAKE care of small farm, close to city. Address Box 2, Advertiser. 21c

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

1c per word first insertion, and ½c per word each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

CHEAP—GROCERY WAGON, GOOD brass scales, teas, plain 40-pound tea canisters, two coffee mills, office desk, cheese safe. Henry Branton, 103 King street. 24u-wt

A CHOICE LOT OF HOUSEHOLD goods; stoves of all kinds. Moving vans and good storage in connection. Joseph Brown, auctioneer and house furnisher, 398 Talbot street. 24c

TWO ENGINES AND BOILER FOR sale, and one Laird brick and tile mill combined. For particulars apply to Charles Hales, Northwood, Ont. 23h

FOR SALE—TELEPHONE TABLETS, at a big discount on former prices. They originally sold for $1 50 each, but now you can purchase one for $1, express prepaid, or two for $1 75. Apply at once for circulars etc., Box 5, Advertiser office. 23n-xvz

A RARE CHANCE—WE HAVE ON hand a number of Waggoner Extension Ladders, 24 feet and under, but slightly soiled in removing to our new premises, which we will, for one week, sell at a discount of 20 per cent. They are splendid for apple picking and general farm use, as well as for painters, etc. Factory, corner York and Colborne streets, London. 20n

"BEAUTIFUL IONE'S LOVER." FIVE cents copy. Opie Read's novels, 3 for 25 cents. Red Star News Company, 90 Dundas street.

F. S. ONN, DEALER IN ALL KINDS of fresh, salt and smoked fish. Your patronage solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed. 'Phone 1,296. zxw

THE NOBBIEST THING IN GO-CARTS and Baby Carriages ever seen in London, at Keene Bros., 127 King street.

$110 WILL BUY A SECOND-HAND GAS engine, in first-class order. D. McKenzie & Co., 298 Richmond street.

FIRST-CLASS RUBBER STAMPS, 10 cents per line. Send for list. G. M. Haldane, Strathroy, Ont.

THIS IS THE TIME OF THE YEAR that makes the people look for the best wood at the best prices. Ring up 1,512, and ask them about their different kinds of wood and prices. D. H. Gillies & Co., 673 Bathurst street.

HAVE YOU TRIED MIRACLE WASHING COMPOUND? It has no equal. Free sample at G. Marshall & Co.'s tea store. wt

EXTRA VALUE IN MEN'S WORKING Pants, $1, $1 25, $1 50; and Overalls and Smocks, 50c to $1, at Cunningham's, 662 Dundas street.

WE WILL SELL FOR TWO WEEKS only $4 trunks for $3, and $4 50 for $3 25. P. Hendershott & Co., 427 Park avenue. yw

PORK AND BEEF AT LOWEST prices. Pickled hams and bacon. Roast and boiling beef. Fresh pork and sausage. Wholesale and retail. 1 to 5 Market House. James A. Anderson. ywt

PRINTING BARGAIN HOUSE—THOUSAND statements, billheads, circulars, etc., $1. Write for prices. Adams, Toronto. ywt

STOVES—STOVES—STOVES—WE HAVE a large stock of stoves, comprising coal baseburners, hot blast and St. Lewis airtight. Very cheap, at Keene's, 141 King street.

SNAP—GOOD PIANO, ROSEWOOD case, 7 1-3 octaves; in first-class condition, and guaranteed for 5 years. Only $100, on easy terms of payment. Heintzman & Co., 217 Dundas street, corner Clarence.

FOR THE BEST HARD AND SOFT coal, steam coal and slack, or the best hard and soft wood, and good, dry sawmill slabs, at $1 20 per load, go to Green & Co., William street and G. T. R. 'Phone 1,391.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAME BAKER, CLAIRVOYANT—Seventh Daughter. Room 88, Bernard House. Hours, 9-12, 2-5 and 7-10 p.m. Fee, 50 cents. 22n

There's Plenty; Help Yourself.

Not a cash gift, but a cash saving. You will not fail to get the worth of your money if you select the Spring Overcoat or Suit of Clothes you need from among our very large imported stock.

Deeks & Munson,
Tailors and Drapers,
393 Richmond Street.

REAL ESTATE.

1c per word first insertion, and ½c per word each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

FOR SALE—FINE 50 ACRES, CLAY loam, good buildings, near Watford. 110 acres new land, 45 ready for crop; new buildings; only $35 per acre. J. F. Sangster, 112 Masonic Temple.

FRAME COTTAGE FOR SALE—TO BE moved off. Apply 771 King street. 24c

FOR SALE—BUILDING LOTS, NEAR new Normal School. Will sell cheap on easy terms. Apply 378 Ridout street. 16tf-ywt

FOR SALE IMMEDIATELY—THE RESIDENCE of the late E. N. Hunt, newly decorated; 9 rooms, furnace, hot and cold water, bath and every convenience; barn. Bargain. Move quick. Apply 356 Dundas street. 23n-xwtywt

711 QUEEN'S AVENUE—SUPERIOR built and planned brick cottage, in excellent repair, with large lot. Price low. Terms easy. J. H. McMechan, 368 King street.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A SNAP FOR YOUNG MAN—GROCERY business for sale; cash trade; stock, about $300. Rent, $12 per month. Can board on premises. Address Box 6, Advertiser office. 24l-wty bw

TO RENT—BLACKSMITH SHOP AND tools; doing good trade; country village stand; no opposition. Address Box 3, Advertiser. 23n

TO RENT—LARGE GROCERY STORE and dwelling. A good business stand. Apply J. W. G. Winnett, barrister, 420 Talbot street. ywt

TO LET—STORE AND DWELLING—Adjoining Jepson's drug store, corner Horton and Wellington streets, one of the finest business locations in city. Apply 404 King street. 30tf

GROCERY BUSINESS FOR SALE—Good chance. Address Box 90, Advertiser office. 13tf

BAKE SHOP FOR RENT. INQUIRE at St. James P. O., London South. 62tf

BUSINESS CARDS.

WILLIAM G. AUSTIN, BAKER, FORMERLY of 767 Dundas street, has removed to corner of Egerton and Hackett streets. He will deliver bread daily. 19r

HODGSON & HOWARD, PAINTERS, paper-hangers. Estimates free. 410 Horton street. Orders promptly done.

WATSON & CO., HOUSE MOVERS—Steam boilers and safes a specialty. 194 Hamilton road. Phone 1,231

MISCELLANEOUS.

TAKE NOTICE—I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE for any debts contracted by my wife, Louisa A. McIntyre, without my written order. James Cameron McIntyre. 24c

HOUSES, ETC., TO LET.

1c per word first insertion, and ½c per word each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

TO LET—NO. 631 CENTRAL AVENUE; comfortable cottage, 7 rooms. Apply 588 Adelaide street. 21c

TO RENT—A HUNDRED ACRE FARM, with dwelling house and barns, and well fenced; plenty of water; 12 acres fall wheat sown. Inquire T. Tambling, 200 Ridout street, South London. 87tf-12tf-wty

WAREHOUSE TO RENT—AFTER 1ST June next the large warehouse presently occupied by James Wright & Co., on Talbot street, in the rear of the Bernard House. For terms, etc., apply to Mr. W. Bernard, Bernard House. 22bl-ywt

TO LET—UNION FURNITURE VAN—Furniture carefully handled. John Biggs, Cathcart and Bruce, South London, late of London Furniture Company. 'Phone 310.

CALL UP FOREST CITY MOVING van. Residence, 46 Becher street. 'Phone 1,444. T. B. McKim, proprietor. 21bu

MOVING VANS—STORAGE WAREHOUSE, 97 Carling street. 'Phones 1,162 and 1,167.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE, cattle, horses, farming implements, etc.—Under instructions from Mrs. Gilbert W. Harris, the executrix of the last will and testament of the late George Vail Burwell, deceased, there will be offered for sale by public auction on the premises, on Thursday, the 20th day of March, A. D. 1902, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, by Mr. A. M. Hunt, auctioneer, the following property, namely: The northwesterly half of lot No. 18 in the fourth range, south of the Longwoods road, in the township of Caradoc, in the county of Middlesex, containing 100 acres, more or less; and the northwesterly 20 acres of the southeasterly half of said lot No. 18, the said 20 acres to extend to equal depth completely across the said half lot, and to be bounded on the northwesterly side by the northwesterly half of the said lot, and on the southeasterly side by a line parallel to the southeasterly limit of the said northwesterly half, to be drawn a sufficient distance therefrom in and completely across the said southeasterly half lot to make up the said 20 acres. This property is part of the well-known Burwell Estate, in Caradoc township, and is situate on the Burwell road, about two and one-half miles from the Longwoods road. There is upon the premises an apple, peach and pear orchard, bearing fruit, and an excellent sugar bush of very valuable timber. There is an abundance of water, supplied by never-failing wells. The buildings consist of a two-story brick house, with good cellar; two large barns and corn-crib. Terms for above: Ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale; balance, without interest, within one month thereafter. There will be offered for sale at the same time and place, the personal property of the late George Vail Burwell, comprising amongst other things the following: One very good general purpose mare, 1 good work team, 1 good brood mare, 1 2-year-old colt, 3 1-year-old heifers, 2 2-year-old heifers, 3 good cows, 18 sheep, 1 pig. Terms of sale: For chattel property, cash. For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the auctioneer; to MRS. GILBERT W. HARRIS, 359 Piccadilly street, London; or to the undersigned solicitors. Dated at London this 4th day of March, A. D. 1902. MEREDITH & FISHER, solicitors for the executrix. 23c-z

BROKERS.

WANTED — AGRICULTURAL AND Canadian loan companies' stocks. John Wright, stock broker, London. 'Phone 693.

WANTED.

1c per word first insertion, and ½c per word each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

COME AND SEE OUR NATURAL Pompadours. They are perfect. Combings wanted. Miller's Hair Store, 222 Dundas street.

AUCTION SALE, On Thursday, March 6,

IN STORE, NO. 145 DUNDAS STREET, Coote's block. Lot of new shelving and counters. Must be sold without any reserve. Sale at 11 o'clock.

22u NEIL COOPER, Auctioneer.

Mortgage Sale of City Property.

UNDER POWER OF SALE CONTAINED in four several mortgages, bearing date respectively the 12th February, 1900; 15th June, 1901; 25th June, 1901, and 12th July, 1901, made by William C. Kipp to the vendors, there will be sold by public auction by John W. Jones, auctioneer, at his auction rooms, No. 242 Dundas street, city of London, on Tuesday, the 18th day of March, 1902, at 2 o'clock p.m., the following property, viz.:

Lot 34, on the east side of Hellmuth avenue, and lots 48, 49 and 50, on the west side of Waterloo street, all according to registered plan No. 242.

On each of said lots 34, 49 and 50 there is a good solid brick house, stone cellar under whole of each house; 7 rooms in each house. The house of lot 34 is plastered, and the other houses are partly plastered. These houses can be finished at a small outlay. On lot 48 a cellar has been excavated and a stone foundation laid for a similar house to those above mentioned. The properties are in an excellent locality, and well worthy the attention of buyers. Each lot will be sold separately.

Terms of Sale: A payment of 10 per cent of the purchase money will be required at time of sale, and the balance within fourteen days thereafter. A portion of the purchase money may be secured by mortgage on the property.

For further particulars apply to A. GREENLEES, vendors' solicitor, London, Ont., or to JOHN W. JONES, Auctioneer. Dated 25th February, 1902. 17c-x

Fire Department Supplies.

SEALED TENDERS, ADDRESSED to the Secretary of No. 3 Committee, City Hall, London, Ont., will be received up to 5 o'clock p.m., on Wednesday, March 12 next, for the following supplies, viz.:

1,000 feet of 2½-inch 2-ply rubber-lined fabric fire hose, with couplings to fit our threads; full guarantees must accompany each tender. 100 feet of 4-ply 1-inch rubber hose, without couplings, fully guaranteed. Six firemen's rubber coats, double coated on duck, snap fastenings; 10 pairs of firemen's high knee pure gum boots; 3 M. C. rubber playpipes, tubes only, our couplings to be attached to them by the contractor; 6 hose straps; 4 tarpaulins, good quality, 8x14 feet; 6 2½-inch female couplings, to fit our threads; 1 aluminum helmet, white shield; 2 rubber buckets, spring bottoms; 2 Midget smoke protectors; 3 dozen 2½-inch rubber washers; 3 dozen 2½-inch expansion rings; 1 rotary 8-inch gong; 1 brass torch; 1 lawn mower; 1 set of thoroughly seasoned (woodwork only) Sarven B. wheels, 16 and 18 spokes, rims, 2¼x2½ inches, spokes 2½ inches; 1 set of Swede's iron long bed axles, welded, arms 2x9 inches.

Eighteen Le Clanche porous cups; 12 do. do. glass jars, 25 do. do. zincs; 6 Mescoe cells; 12 lbs sheet copper, No. 28, B. & S. gauge; 150 gravity battery zincs, about 4 lbs each, pure bar zinc. Gamewell pattern, and 50 binding posts or screws for do, 600 lbs No. 9 E. B. B. telegraph wire; 900 lbs pure clean sul. of copper; 50 lbs of pure granulated sal. ammoniac; 100 lbs bircar. of soda; 3 lbs ins. tape, black; 5 dozen chemical extinguisher acid bottles; 1 gross of rubber corks for do.

All above goods must be of first-class quality, and must be delivered f.o.b., at Central Fire Station here, on or before the 1st of April, 1902. Samples, properly labeled and numbered, must accompany each tender (at owner's risk) for hose, coats and boots. Further information may be obtained from the Chief of the Fire Department.

The Corporation reserves the right to reject the lowest or any tender, or any portion of any tender. By order,

JOHN A. ROE,
Chief of Department.

W. H. WINNETT, ESQ.,
Chairman No. 3 Committee. 22u-yw

London Waterworks.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at the Waterworks Office, London, Ont., up to 4 p.m., Monday, March 17, for the furnishing and installing Two Turbine Water Wheels, Two Duplex Power Pumps of a capacity of 3,500,000 Imperial gallons in 24 hours, against a head of two hundred and forty feet. Further information may be obtained at Moore & Henry's office, Albion building, London, Ont.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. JOHN M. MOORE,
Engineer and Superintendent.

WM. JONES, Chairman. 20n-tyw

Contractors

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED UP to Wednesday, 12th inst., up to 5 o'clock p.m., for

Street Watering

Specifications at this office.

A. O. GRAYDON,
City Engineer.

ALD. W. H. WINNETT,
Chairman No. 2 Committee. 22k-ywty

EXECUTRIX'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In the estate of George Vail Burwell, late of the township of Caradoc, in the county of Middlesex, yeoman, deceased: Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1897, Chapter 129, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said George Vail Burwell, who died on the 3rd day of February, A. D. 1902, are required on or before the 4th day of April, A. D. 1902, to send by post prepaid, or deliver to Messrs. Meredith & Fisher, the solicitors for the executrix, at London, Ontario, their full names and addresses, with a full statement of their claims, duly verified, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them. And notice is further given that after such last-mentioned date the said executrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which she shall then have notice, and the said executrix will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received by her. Dated at London this 4th day of March, A. D. 1902. MEREDITH & FISHER, solicitors for the executrix. 23c-x

At Belleville, Ont., the water main which crosses the river at the lower bridge was broken by an ice shove Wednesday. The city, however, has two other mains, thus preventing a water famine. Some damage was done to dams and outbuildings also, but it is thought that the worst is over.

PREMIER ROSS' REFERENDUM!

Brought Up for Its Second Reading in the Ontario Legislature.

Voting to Take Place in November---One-Half of the Vote Cast in the Election of 1898 (If a Majority) Is To Decide the Question---Objections to the Bill Refuted---Its Constitutionality and Fairness Fully Sustained.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, March 5.—Almost as soon as the house opened yesterday afternoon Premier Ross arose to move the second reading of the prohibition bill. There was a very large attendance of deeply interested listeners in the galleries, while very few of the members' seats were vacant.

The Prohibition Bill.

The premier, who was greeted with prolonged ministerial applause on rising to move the second reading of the prohibition bill, said: "I need not trouble the house at any great length in moving the second reading of this bill. I have no doubt that honorable members of this house have a very lively recollection as to the extent, almost to weariness, with which I occupied their time on the first reading. I think I may very properly say that the bill has been well received generally. There are three parties to the reception of this bill from whom we have heard. The very earnest temperance man, who has been so long looking for prohibition and wondering why its chariot wheels tarried so long, expressed some dissatisfaction that we did not bring in a more decided measure, as he says, and more heroic legislation dealing with this question; disposing of the liquor traffic there and then, and inaugurating

THE MILLENNIUM

which he looked for if prohibition became the law. We expected that that class, a certain number of them at least—and they are very good men, everybody will admit their earnestness, men with whom, some of them, I have been associated all my life—we expected that some of them would be disappointed. So they were. We expected also that those who were in the liquor trade would urge objections. What they wanted was no bill. They were satisfied with the present condition of things, and wanted no further restrictions upon the liquor traffic, at least not a bill so drastic as this appears to be. Between these two is a very large class, composed of temperance men and men who consider themselves temperance, though they do not go the length of being total abstainers. With that middle class, or from that middle class, the bill, on the whole, has met with

A CORDIAL RECEPTION.

that the government has gone as far as it ought to go in the direction of inaugurating such prohibition as is pro-

(Continued on page 2.)

WAR OFFICE PROPOSALS

Canada to Furnish Four Corps of Militia

For Imperial Defense in Case of an Exigency.

Italy Nearing a Crisis—Preferential Tariff Question to Come Up at Colonial Premiers' Conference.

London, March 6.—The war office scheme, mentioned by the war secretary, Mr. Brodrick, in the House of Commons, by which he hoped the colonial forces would become available in the event of a war involving the general interests of the empire, is said to contemplate India providing three army corps, South Africa two army corps, Australia two army corps, New Zealand one army corps and Canada four militia army corps. These, in addition to six British army corps, would constitute a force for imperial defense little inferior in number to the legions of the continental military powers.

Another cable says: The war office, the admiralty and the colonial office are considering a scheme for imperial defense, with the object of discussing the same with the colonial premiers, who will be the government's guests at the forthcoming coronation. Under Secretary of State for War Brodrick, in the house yesterday afternoon, expressed the hope that the house would give its support if an endeavor were made to establish some permanent connection between the war office and the horse breeders in Canada. One of the features of the scheme proposed is that Canada shall have four militia army corps.

PREFERENTIAL TARIFF.

The ministry is now definitely pledged to discuss the preferential tariff question with Sir Wilfrid Laurier and other colonials at the coronation conference, the idea being to give the preferentialists a full opportunity of proving their case. The resolutions of Canadian boards of trade regarding a preference for grain have been duly recorded here.

CANADIAN HORSES WANTED.

Mr. Brodrick's new army remount scheme definitely includes Canada as a permanent source of supply for army horses. During the latter stages of the war the war office purchased in Canada 180,000 tons of hay, 96,000 tons of oats, 3,600 tons of flour, 50,000 serge suits, 8,875 sets of saddles, and large quantities of other war material. This administrative preference for Canadian and Australasian goods is now accepted as the guiding principle of the British spending department.

On the other hand the British ministry this week pledged itself not to grant a tariff preference to colonial sugar, provided the continental governments abolish the bounties.

NEW AVONMOUTH DOCK.

The Prince of Wales yesterday turned the first sod of the new dock at Avonmouth, Gloucestershire, on which $10,000,000 is about to be spent, by which it is hoped to recover a portion of the American traffic formerly enjoyed by the port of Bristol. At the luncheon which followed the ceremony the Prince of Wales in a speech said the great enterprise just started will have the effect of strengthening the grip of hands across the sea. It would tend to increase the community of interest, mutual trust and sense of kinship, all of which would help to strengthen the empire.

TROUBLE IN ITALY.

The Rome correspondent of the Morning Post describes the political and social situation as being extremely complicated, and says it may at any moment develop in an unexpected manner. The possibility of a railway strike is still impending. More than six thousand railway employes have not been summoned to the colors, and they are practically free to strike if they wish. The government and the railway companies are unable to agree regarding the plan demanded by the employes, which involves better conditions.

A partial strike occurred at Napies owing to the railway employes misinterpreting the instructions of their leaders, who are now at Rome treating with the government. They may be able to persuade the men to resume work.

The troops have restored order in Casesano, where a mob rioted because they wanted a railroad constructed, but fresh disturbances are reported in the neighboring town of San Marco, owing to the agitation for railways.

CHINESE REBELLION GROWS.

The rebellion in Kwan Si Province is spreading rapidly. Signs of unrest are already apparent at Kwe Lin and Nan Ning, the newly-opened river treaty ports. The Canton viceroy has dispatched troops to the scene of the disturbance. The rebels are believed to be former soldiers of Marshal Su, who were disbanded on his promotion. Their propaganda, which has been spread far and wide, includes the overthrow of the Manchu dynasty, the founding of a Chinese dynasty, and helping the oppressed and needy Chinese. The French are said to be secretly supporting the rebels.

CONCESSIONS TO GERMANY.

A dispatch from Pekin to the Times, written by Dr. Morrison, says it is evident that the British-Japanese agreement has given the Chinese Government confidence in dealing with foreign questions and stiffened its back against German demands. Dr. Morrison says exclusive rights have been already granted to the Germans for ten miles on each side of the railway lines, covering an area of 15,000 square miles, yet the Germans send a consul to Si Nan Foo to extort from the governor further concessions. The Germans have also applied to the director-general of the northern railways for permission to continue the Si Nan Foo line, now under construction, to join the Pekin-Han Kow line at Cheng Ting Foo. This is not likely to be granted.

CHINESE LEARNING THINGS.

The correspondent says the Chinese are more resolute in dealing with Russian demands. They persist in requiring the evacuation of Manchuria to be effected by one year, in successive periods of four months each, while the Russians demand three years. The correspondent further says that the Chinese refuse to be prohibited from employing artillery in Manchuria.

In spite of the expressed disapproval of the proceedings at the recent imperial audience, Dr. Morrison says there is no doubt that the attention shown by the emperor and empress dowager to foreign ladies and children,

TRUSSES

A large assortment of new and improved styles to select from.

Satisfaction guaranteed or your money back.

Cairncross & Lawrence,
Chemists and Druggists.
216 Dundas St., Corner Park Ave.,
London, Ont.

has materially increased the Chinese respect for foreigners. The Chinese were never before so willing to meet foreigners, and the Chinese officials at Pekin were never before so friendly to aliens. He adds that the insurrection in Kwang Si causes uneasiness, because of the incompetent Chinese commander there. The Chinese fear that if the insurrection threatens the Tonquin border the French will interfere.

SECRETS OF SARA.

Paris, March 6.—All the secrets of Sara Barnhardt's life are laid bare by some sacrilegious wretch, who has obtained access to the life insurance examination papers of the actress, which were made out in Chicago when she insured herself for $100,000 in favor of Maurice Bernhardt, her son. Besides this insurance, her son, who is 35 years old and married, will inherit real estate in Paris worth $100,000, and much other property.

Mme. Bernhardt admitted she was born 57 years ago last October. She had two sisters, one of whom died of accidental poisoning.

She had been ill only once in her life.

She never wore corsets.

Her real name is Sara Bernhardt Damala.

She earns $10,000 a week when she's busy.

She is 5 feet 6½ inches tall and weighs 130 pounds.

She drinks one glass of champagne per diem; no other alcoholics.

Her principal food is beef juice made freshly.

She has six personal servants.

She rises about 11 a.m., takes a cold bath, is massaged, eats a light breakfast, goes driving, then studies, reads or talks.

She dines on beef juice, drinks her solitary glass of champagne, and is ready to thrill audiences at the theater at 8 o'clock.

The physician who made the examination certified that Madame Bernhardt was very affable, and he considered her to be the best risk he had ever examined.

DENSE FOGS IN LONDON.

London, March 6.—Dense fogs in the channels are causing numerous minor mishaps to shipping. A Holyhead steamer grounded today and her passengers were landed in the vessel's boats. Railroad and street traffic is impeded. The steamer St. Louis, from New York, Feb. 26, was docked at Southampton at 9:40 a.m. today, after having been detained by a fog in the Solent for nine hours.

KING'S SECOND LEVEE.

London, March 6.—The second levee held by King Edward since his accession to the throne occurred at St. James' Palace today. It was not so largely attended as the first of the King's levees, but it was surrounded by the same elaborate ceremonial. A dense fog marred the function from a speculative point of view, both within and without the palace. No Americans were presented, but the members of the United States embassy attended the ceremony.

MORMONISM IN DENMARK.

The Mormon missionaries' propaganda here has become so active that they are distributing literature even within the Danish churches, urging young girls to attend Mormon meetings. Statistics show that one out of every 22 Danish emigrants to the United States becomes a Mormon. The clergy, in connection with the government, are continuing their plans to put an end to the proselytizing.

CABLE NOTES.

The New York World announces that the Duke of Connaught will be raised to the rank of field marshal at King Edward's coronation.

The international sugar convention has been signed at Brussels.

New petitions are being circulated in Denmark by the opponents of the sale of the Danish West Indian Islands to the United States for presentation to the rigsdag. They will probably have no effect.

The British admiralty officials deny the report circulated in the United States of the sinking of a torpedo boat destroyer in the English Channel.

The viceroy of India, Lord Curzon of Kedleston, telegraphs that the rainfall has been light and scattered, and of no benefit to the affected districts. About 359,000 persons are now receiving relief.

A dispatch from Lahore says 3,000,000 acres of wheat in the Punjab are suffering from total drought.

INDORSES COL. LEYS' EFFORTS

New Angling Association Will Keep on Agitating.

The following resolution was adopted by the Thames River Angling Association at its inaugural meeting last night:

"Resolved, that this association heartily indorses the efforts made by Col. F. B. Leys, M.P.P., to have the Cashmere dam removed, and especially his vigorous opposition to the granting of licenses on the River Thames; and this association resolves to continue the agitation until the above objects be accomplished. The association regrets to learn that the government proposes to renew licenses for nets on River Thames after having promised our member, Col. Leys, that such would not be done; and this association desires to protest against the renewing of licenses on the River Thames, especially east of Chatham."

Copies of the resolution were ordered to be forwarded to Hon. F. R. Latchford and the press.

PREMIER ROSS' REFERENDUM!

[Continued from page 1.]

vided for, if it is to be effective in dealing with the trade. To those who hold that one sweep of the hand would dispose of it, then, of course, the bill does not go far enough. From the standpoint of the temperance man, who wishes to see legislation so soon, and no sooner than he believes it can be effective, the bill, in the opinion of a great many, goes as far as it is practicable to go. These are the three views that have come to me from the country, from gentlemen of good standing, from the press of both parties, and from the independent press; so I stand up today with greater confidence in moving the second reading than when I moved its first reading.

SOME WEIGHTY QUESTIONS.

I was able, on moving its first reading, to prepare the house with opinions of leading men in the church and state as to the powers by which a prohibitory liquor law would be effective. We have heard a second time from these men, and from the great multitude outside of those, I do not exactly say "the man on the street," but the many thousands whose minds are not keyed up to the same note as either of the extremists, and believe we have asked the house to agree to a bill which, if it becomes law, and is subsequently approved by the people, can be made effective for the purpose for which it is intended, and no other bill should be passed by this house. (Ministerial applause.) Let me refer briefly to a quotation from

THE MONTREAL WITNESS,

a paper that has supported prohibition for 30 years or more, through good and evil report. The quotation, which is from an editorial upon the liquor bill and the referendum, is as follows:

"Looking at the thing apart from our strong desire to see a prohibitory law passed, and in the character of a judge seeking abstract right, we could not see that it would have been easy to find a better way of fixing what would be a substantial majority of the voters than the one chosen by Mr. Ross. We concluded that, apart from predilections, the sense of the community would be that it was fair, and we therefore resolved to acept it heartily. There is one emotion which we cannot too often urge on our readers. Most of them are prohibitionists, and have been, like ourselves, working for a prohibition law all their lives. We have, perhaps, been at too close quarters in the fight for this definite aim to keep fully in mind that it is not a law that we are really fighting for, but to secure such a sentiment on the part of the people as will make the drink traffic accursed in all men's eyes. For ourselves, we

PUT LITTLE FAITH IN LAW,

except as the expression of such overwhelming opinion as will insist in its enforcement. This moral force, which is the real desideratum, can be developed almost as successfully under one plebiscite or referendum as under another. Under the referendum proposed by Mr. Ross we have at least the opportunity to demonstrate to all reasonable men whether Ontario does or does not want prohibition in the concrete form of a given law. Let us not get this referendum shelved for another seven years by kicking against it, and let us reserve our best powers to showing clearly when the referendum comes that Ontario wants and demands prohibitory legislation."

Mr. Whitney—Has my honorable friend got the date of that editorial?

The Premier—I have not got the exact date. It was some time in February.

THE GOVERNMENT'S STANDPOINT.

Now, that expression of opinion from a paper of the standing of the Montreal Witness is just in keeping with expressions which we have received from many hundreds of persons who have looked at this question, not alone from the standpoint of getting a prohibitory law on the statute-book, but a law that could be enforced, a law that was sustained by such a volume, or in Mr. Foster's words, such a preponderating public opinion as would make it effective when in operation. It is from this standpoint that the government viewed this legislation from the very outset. We think it would be a great

HARM TO PUBLIC MORALS,

and a great harm to the temperance movement, and to the best interests of the country, if, as in the case of the Scott act and of prohibitory legislation in the United States, we precipitated a law not acceptable to the people, and which public opinion would not assist in enforcing. (Ministerial applause.) We do not want to repeat, in connection with this law, the mistakes made in connection with any other prohibitory legislation. (Renewed Ministerial applause.)

Having disposed of that point I may refer to another. Some objection has been taken that the referendum is not constitutional. I do not intend to argue that; it may be argued later from this side of the house. I will quote

ONE OR TWO AUTHORITIES.

good temperance authorities, and the first is Dr. Maclaren, president of the Alliance, who was interviewed at Montreal on the question of the referendum. Dr. Maclaren said: "The referendum had been variously regarded. It was held to be un-British in some quarters. Again, there were those who said it was unconstitutional. He did not hold this view. The referendum was quite constitutional, but it, perhaps, hardly answered to our party system," and then he went on to speak of the party system. That authority on its constitutionality is of some importance. It has been said that instead of passing this measure and submitting it later to the people, we should have assumed the full responsibility ourselves.

SIR WILLIAM MEREDITH'S VIEWS.

I argued against this view, inasmuch as it is not the view or the basis upon which local option is passed nor the basis upon which the Scott act is passed, nor is it the basis upon which many bylaws are adopted by the people. The precedents are all in favor of our course. In support or that view I notice in one of the Toronto papers a quotation from the speech delivered by Sir William Meredith on May 21, 1894, in the city of London, which I will read, not simply because he is now chief justice of the court of which he is a member, but because he was at one time leader of the Conservative party. At this time he was speaking as leader of the Conservative party. No doubt he represented the

VIEW OF HIS PARTY THEN.

I am equally sure that he represents the view of the best men in his party now. (Hear, hear.) He was a leader of considerable foresight, who had the confidence of his party. He fought their battle and stood by them. He retired from active politics and now presides as a worthy chief justice in the high court. He goes on to say: "If it shall be determined that there is jurisdiction in the local legislature to deal with this question of the liquor traffic, then it will be the duty of any government which is in power in Ontario to bring in a bill and pass it for the purpose of carrying into effect what has been determined to be within the jurisdiction of the legislature." That is precisely what we are going to do. We have brought in the bill and we

ARE GOING TO PASS IT,

if we can pass it, and I think we can. "It seems to me that any such law as that," he went on, "should be an effective law, and should have no results that would be disastrous to the interests of temperance throughout the country."

That is looking at the law precisely from the same standpoint as I have looked at it, and as honorable gentlemen opposite will, I think, look at it. He does not want a law that will be disastrous to the interests of temperance. "And therefore I think it would be decidedly in the interests of the whole community that any measure such as that, before it should become law, should be again submitted to the people, in order that they should have an opportunity of pronouncing yea and nay upon it." Precisely what we are doing, and no doubt what he would do if he were in this house, and no doubt every thoughtful temperance man believes we should pass a law and submit that law to the people in order to ascertain what public opinion is in regard to it. Having done so, then the law has full force and effect. It has the ratification of the people.

OBJECTIONS CONSIDERED.

Now, I propose considering for a few moments some of the objections we have heard. The first objection is the basis of voting. It is held by a great many that the decisive vote should be a majority of the votes polled. That view, as I showed in my argument in introducing the bill, has no substantial support among the leading temperance men in public life, nor among many temperance men who in the church are supposed to represent the best sentiment of the various churches to which they belong. A bare majority of votes has not been advocated by any man of large experience in legislation, and is opposed by very many men of large experience in connection with religious and Christian work. The strongest authorities are against a

BARE MAJORITY OF VOTES.

We therefore are not disposed to submit the bill for ratification in that way. A bare majority may mean a small majority, as in the case of the Scott act vote, as in the case of the last plebiscite in Ontario; it may mean a small percentage of the whole vote. You would, therefore, have a minority of the people putting into operation and giving life and vitality to a bill in regard to which there had not been an adequate expression of public opinion. In ordinary legislation that merely affects a few; that may be good and well, but in legislation so far-reaching, touching so many, touching those who are in business, touching those who are in public life, touching the social relations of a large number of our people, one can readily see how a law like that, born in weakness and feebleness, would only exist in a sickly and ineffective condition for some time,

AND BE CAST ASIDE

by those who gave it their support. We therefore insist upon one-half of those who have voted at an election, who may vote to signify their opinion of this bill, and in obtaining one-half, if that one-half be a majority of the votes cast, then prohibition becomes effective. It is a very simple proposition indeed. If not one-half of the voters of this province say that the present balance of political parties shall continue, or if they say it shall be changed, then it is changed or continued accordingly. I cannot get away from that as one of the simplest and fairest propositions that could be submitted; a majority of those who on occasions such as a general election go out to express an opinion upon public questions affecting the province being asked to come out and express a public opinion on this question ought to be, in my judgment, conclusive as to the result. Nothing less should be taken, nothing more need be asked. It is the principle of equipoise which maintains our institutions in their present shape.

VOTE OF 1898 THE BASIS.

That vote is to be based on the elections of 1898, as we at present intend. In my opening speech I said it would be based upon the general elections that may take place some time during the coming summer. Objections were taken to that on two grounds. First, it was said that some would refrain from voting in order that the aggregate vote may be small, and thus make prohibition easy to carry. Others said: "We will force the vote, make it as large as possible, and make prohibition difficult to carry." Both proposals are objectionable, and, so far as the law is concerned, should be prevented.

IF LAW CAN PREVENT THEM.

In order to find a sure basis, and one that is already determined, we have taken the vote of 1898, and in taking the vote of 1898 we assume that the registered vote on the bill will be as near as may be the same as the vote which may be polled in 1902. For instance, I find in 1898 the registered vote was 582,345; that was in our last general election. In the last Dominion election, in 1900, the registered vote was 592,403, or only 58 greater than in 1898. And if the honorable gentlemen will notice this fact they will see that my inference from that is a sound one. The vote of 1898 was practically taken upon the lists of 1897, for the election was in March. The vote of 1900 was taken upon the list of 1900, for the vote was in November. In these three years the increase in the registration was only 58, so that since last election the presumption is reasonable that the increase in the registration is a matter of a very few hundred at the very most, even if it would amount up in the hundreds.

DATE CHANGED.

The premier went on to say that after careful consideration the government had decided to change the date of taking the referendum, and instead of Oct. 14, a day early in November had been decided upon. They had been urged to take the referendum at the same time as the general elections or the municipal elections, but the government was opposed to mixing of the question of prohibition with other questions. "If the question cannot stand alone it cannot stand at all." Temperance men owed it to their own manliness, after their years of work, to accept the opportunity of proving that there was an overwhelming majority in the province in favor of prohibition. It had been said that those who voted at the referendum would be marked men. Who was afraid of being marked? Did they want prohibitionists to be known as moral cowards? He doubted very much, too, whether any undue influence would be brought to bear by employers upon employes, as had been contended would be the case. If prohibition were carried the government would do all in its power to enforce it. The referendum would cost a great deal, he knew, but it would be worth much to the country—first, as an educational campaign; and, second, as settling one way or the other a question that had hung around the fringe of politics, sometimes projected into politics, and been a disturbing element for many years. He concluded by moving the second reading of the bill.

MR. WHITNEY'S REPLY.

Mr. Whitney, in rising to reply, spoke of the importance of the question and the far-reaching consequences of the proposed legislation. He then went on the accuse ministers of the crown of abrogating their responsibility. He stated that during the premier's whole public and political career he had had the support of the temperance element, and yet he had from time to time thwarted their efforts to secure prohibition. Mr. Whitney went on to condemn the referendum, and said: "For myself I have in parliament and through the columns of the press, opposed the principle not only of a referendum, but also of a plebiscite, as being schemes by which the ministers can evade responsibility which under our system of government it is their duty to assume. In this case the referendum is much worse than a plebiscite, because in the latter the government would assume the responsibility of the law, but in the former the responsibility is thrown upon the people. I know of no greater violation of responsible government than the course which is being taken by the Ross government on the question of prohibition. I am opposed to this bill on account of the unconstitutionality and impropriety of the so-called referendum, which is an illegitimate application of

A BASTARD PROPOSITION

to our governmental system, and also on account of the unjust and unfair conditions attached to it. Also that I am opposed to the bill on the merits of it outside of and without reference to the so-called referendum. We cannot have prohibition in a province, therefore it is idle to discuss the remedy. I believe the remedy lies rather in using the powers that we possess, namely, wholesome restriction, a decrease in the number of licenses, removing those charged with the administration of the law from political and party influence, and honestly enforcing the law. Therefore, I am prepared to support, to introduce and pass, should the opportunity offer, legislation to (1) decrease the number of licenses; (2) maintain intact and allow no relaxation of the restrictions; (3) remove the commissioners and inspectors from political and party influences; (4) enforce the license law honestly and with the whole power of the government. We of the opposition are here to criticise and

NOT TO PROPOSE,

and I might have refrained from thus announcing my position on this question and have declared that when the opportunity offered I would be ready to settle it in a constitutional way. I am, however, prepared to take the responsibility for my attitude on this question, and to face whatever the future may bring. I shall conclude by stating that I feel it my duty to vote against the second reading of this bill."

Mr. Gibson followed, in defense of the referendum.

Mr. Marter moved the adjournment of the debate.

BRONCHITIS

A SERIOUS DISEASE

Becomes Chronic and Returns Year by Year, or Develops Into Bronchial Pneumonia, Croupous Bronchitis, Asthma or Consumption.

The real dangers of Bronchitis are sometimes overlooked. It is too serious a disease to trifle with, and for that reason everybody should be familiar with the symptoms.

Children are most likely to contract bronchitis, and, if neglected, it becomes chronic, and returns year after year, until it wears the patient out or develops into some deadly lung disease.

The approach of bronchitis is marked by chills and fever, nasal or throat catarrh, quick pulse, loss of appetite, and feelings of fatigue and languor.

Bronchitis is also known by pain in the upper part of the chest, which is aggravated by deep breathing or coughing, until it seems to burn and tear the delicate linings of the bronchial tubes.

The cough is dry and harsh, and is accompanied by expectoration of a frothy nature, which gradually increases; is very stringy and tenacious, and is frequently streaked with blood.

There is pain, not unlike rheumatism, in limbs, joints and body, constipation and extreme depression and weakness. In some people the exhaustion amounts almost to nervous collapse, delirium follows, and in young children convulsions may follow.

Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is, we believe, the most effective treatment for bronchitis that money will buy. This fact has been proven time and time again in many thousands of cases.

It is the most effective remedy for bronchitic, because it is far-reaching in its effects on the whole system, not merely relieving the cough, but actually and thoroughly curing the disease. It loosens the cough, frees the chest of tightness and pain, aids expectoration and permanently cures.

There are other preparations of turpentine and linseed put up in imitation of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. To be sure you are getting the genuine, see the portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase on the box you buy. 25 cents a bottle; family size, three times as much, 60 cents. All dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto. 8

TOO GREAT EXPENSE.

Not the Reason.

It is not because Pyramid Pile Cure is so expensive that many people decline to give it a trial, but because they find it too great a tax on their credulity to believe that the published letters bearing testimony to the merit of this remedy are genuine and bona fide; especially to those who have realized the suffering incident to piles is it incredible that anyone who has been afflicted twenty-fire or thirty years with the worst form of protruding and bleeding piles should be cured by the application of a simple remedy, when their physician has assured them that the only relief is in a surgical operation. This is rightfully viewed with dread by all those afflicted, as it means at the least a great shock to the nervous system, with more than a possibility of utter collapse and death; in a majority of the cases, too, there is a return of the complaint, owing to the fact that the cause is not removed.

The proprietors of Pyramid Pile Cure agree to forfeit one thousand dollars to anyone who will show a single published testimonial to be genuine and unsolicited; this latter feature is most gratifying, inasmuch as these letters are written solely out of gratitude, and with the hope that those who are afflicted as the writers have been may learn that relief is at hand, at a comparatively trifling expense. Pyramid Pile Cure is for sale by druggists at 50 cents a package, or will be mailed by the makers to any address upon receipt of price.

Mr. Wm. Lichtenwalter, head of the largest printing house in Canton, Ohio, says: "It is with the utmost pleasure and satisfaction that I can say I believe I am cured of protuding and bleeding piles, after suffering more than twenty-five years. I have been in bed for two weeks at a time. I have not suffered in the least for over a year, and I used only three fifty-cent boxes of Pyramid Pile Cure. I advise every person suffering with this distressing and painful complaint to give this remedy a trial. I have every confidence in it." Write the Pyramid Drug Company, Marshall, Mich., for their book on the cause and cure of piles.

MUNYON'S DYSPEPSIA CURE

When Prof. Munyon says his **Dyspepsia Cure** will cure indigestion and all forms of stomach trouble he simply tells the truth. It will cure a stomach that has been abused by over-eating and over-drinking. It will cure a stomach that has been weakened by old-style drugs. It will do much toward making an old stomach act like a sound one. At all druggists, 25 cents. Fifty-six other cures. Munyon, New York and Philadelphia.

MUNYON'S INHALER CURES CATARRH.

SHE IS FREE NOW

Hamilton Lady, a Slave for Six Years to Dyspepsia and Headache, at Last Finds Deliverance in Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets.

What joy to be free again after years of tiresome bondage!

Miss Julianna Sandburgh, of 221 John street north, Hamilton, Ont., says:

"For over six years I have suffered with dyspepsia and headache which gave me little or no rest.

"I was hardly ever entirely free from pain. When I would eat anything, no matter what it was, I would suffer dreadfully afterward. Nothing I could find to eat seemed to agree with me.

"When my stomach distress would stop my head would begin to ache, and with both my life was hardly worth living.

"I tried a number of stomach medicines and pills, but nothing seemed to do me any good till a good friend of mine advised me to use Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets.

"I bought some at a drug store and began to use them. Very soon I found my headaches going away. They bothered me less and less every day and my stomach did not seem to give me as much trouble and distress as before.

"I kept on using the Tablets and now I am perfectly cured and as well as ever I was. I can eat anything I want to without any after trouble. My head hardly ever aches, and life is much happier and better for me than before.

"I cannot say too much for Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets for they have certainly done me a wonderful cure."

This is only a sample of many stories of illness and cures that are credited to Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Day by day they are reported from **all over** the country and all telling the same glad story of pain and sickness changed to joy and good health by Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Every dyspeptic may find relief from the cruel bonds that bind him.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure any stomach trouble.

Local Legal.

The following judgments in local legal cases have been handed down in Toronto:

Birkbeck Loan Company vs. Johnston—Judgment on appeal by defendant A. K. Johnston from judgment of MacMahon, J., in action tried at London, brought to foreclose the interest of appellant and defendant Amelia Johnston in twelve shares of the plaintiff's stock. It was contended for the appellant that the plaintiffs had no claim against six shares of the stock in question, because it was stock held in trust, and that it therefore could not be assigned as security for a loan; and also that she purchased these six shares without notice of the plaintiff's mortgage claim. Appeal allowed with costs, and action dismissed as against defendant Frank K. and Anna K. Johnston, with costs since the date of the payment into court, and the plaintiffs will be entitled to tax against the defendant Anna K. Johnston one-half of their costs of the action to that date, the action being treated for the purpose of such taxation as if it had been brought only against Amelia Johnston and Anna K. Johnston. Declared also that the plaintiffs have no right to consolidate. They are entitled to a personal order against Amelia Johnston for payment of the balance of the debt secured by the mortgage of July, 1897, and costs, and to the usual judgment for foreclosure in default of payment. The examination for discovery of Amelia Johnston is not evidence against Anna K. Johnston. P. H. Bartlett (London) for appellant; T. H. Luscombe (London) for plaintiffs.

Rose vs. Croden—An action arising out of an incident at the polls in the Dominion general elections of November, 1900. Croden was a deputy returning officer and Rose an elector, who asked for a ballot. A ballot was handed to Croden, who, he charges, maliciously destroyed it instead of putting it in the ballot box. Rose sued at common law, and then sought to take his action under the Dominion penalties act, which, in addition to giving damages, makes a person subject to imprisonment should he fail to pay any damages assessed against him. Croden appealed against this change and won. Rose appealed in the divisional court, which says now that he must go on with his action as he began it, under the common law.

CURES WEAK MEN FREE.

nsuresLove and a Happy Home for All.

How any man may quickly cure himself after years of suffering from sexual weakness, lost vitality, night losses, varicocele, etc., and enlarge small weak organs to full size and vigor. Simply send your name and address to Dr. Knapp Medical Co., 2909 Hull Blde., Detroit, Mich., and they will gladly send the free receipt with full directions so any man may easily cure himself at home. This is certainly a most generous offer, and the following extracts taken from their daily mail, show what men think of their generosity:

"Dear Sirs,—Please accept my sincere thanks for yours of recent date. I have given your treatment a thorough test and the benefit has been extraordinary. It has completely braced me up. I am just as vigorous as when a boy, and you cannot realize how happy I am."

"Dear Sirs,—Your method worked beautifully. Results were exactly what I needed. Strength and vigor have completely returned and enlargement is entirely satisfactory."

"Dear Sirs,—Yours was received and I had no trouble in making use of the receipt as directed, and can truthfully say it is a boon to weak men. I am greatly improved in size, strength and vigor."

All correspondence is strictly confidential, mailed in plain, sealed envelope. The receipt is free for the asking and they want every man to have it. w

An association of women has been formed in Berlin, whose object is to collect funds for the Boer widows and children.

For whooping cough and croup, Vapo-Cresolene is a simple and perfect remedy.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of London intends to undertake the following works or improvements and to assess and levy the cost thereof by means of a special rate, to be so assessed and levied as an annual rate according to the frontage thereof upon the real property immediately benefited by such works or improvements respectively, according to the provisions of the Municipal Act, namely: Cement sidewalks on the following portions of the following streets of the City of London.

IN NO. 1 WARD.

4. South side of Stanley street, between the Wortley road and the Wharncliffe Highway; width 6 feet.

5. North side of Riverview avenue, between the Wharncliffe Highway and a point opposite the westerly limit of lot 14 on the north side of Riverview avenue; width 5 feet.

6. South side of Riverview avenue, between the Wharncliffe Highway and a point opposite the westerly limit of lot 12, on the south side of Riverview avenue; width 5 feet.

7. North side of the Cove road, between the Wharncliffe road and Orchard street; width 4 feet.

8. East side of Orchard street, between the Pipe Line road and a point opposite the southerly limit of lot 23 on the east side of Orchard street; width 4 feet.

9. East side of the Wharncliffe Highway, between Victor street and the Ridgeway; width 5 feet.

10. West side of the Wharncliffe Highway, between Evergreen avenue and Riverview avenue; width 5 feet.

11. West side of the Wharncliffe Highway, between the Cove road and a point opposite the southerly limit of lot 13 on the west side of the Wharncliffe Highway; width 5 feet.

12. West side of Ridout street, between Craig street and Victoria bridge; width 6 feet.

13. North side of Front street, between Wellington street and a point opposite the easterly limit of lot 16 on the north side of Front street; width 4 feet.

14. West side of the Wortley road, between Briscoe street and Tecumseh avenue; width 5 feet.

15. North side of Byron avenue, between the Wharncliffe Highway and a point opposite the easterly limit of lot 7 on the north side of Byron avenue; width 5 feet.

16. West side of Cathcart street, between Langarth street and Wreay street; width 5 feet.

17. South side of Langarth street, between Edward street and the Wharncliffe Highway; width 5 feet.

18. North side of Briscoe street, between Cathcart street and a point opposite the westerly limit of lot 9 on the north side of Briscoe street; width 5 feet.

19. North side of Garfield avenue, between the Wortley road and Ridout street; width 5 feet.

20. South side of Emery street, between High street and Ridout street; width 5 feet.

21. North side of Grand avenue, between Ridout street and a point opposite the easterly limit of the school property on the north side of Grand avenue; width 5 feet.

22. South side of Grand avenue, between High street and a point opposite the center of lot 4 on the south side of Grand avenue; width 5 feet.

23. West side of Cynthia street, between Askin street and Bruce street; width 5 feet.

24. West side of the Wortley road, between Bruce street and Elmwood avenue; width 6 feet.

25. North side of Watson street, between the Wellington road and the easterly limit of Watson street; width 4 feet.

26. West side of Cathcart street, between Bruce street and Elmwood avenue; width 5 feet.

27. West side of Ridout street, between West avenue and Elmwood avenue; width 5 feet.

28. South side of Grey street, between Wellington and Richmond streets; width 5 feet.

29. South side of Simcoe street, between Wellington and Clarence streets; width 5 feet.

30. North side of Horton street, between Clarence and Talbot streets; width 5 feet.

31. North side of Bathurst street, between Thames and Ridout streets; width 5 feet.

32. South side of Bathurst street, between Thames and Ridout streets; width 5 feet.

33. North side of Bathurst street, between Talbot and Clarence streets; width 6 feet.

34. North side of Grey street, between Clarence and Richmond streets; width 5 feet.

35. South side of Bathurst street, between Clarence and Richmond streets; width 6 feet.

36. North side of York street, between Talbot and Ridout streets; width 6 feet.

37. South side of York street, between Ridout and Thames streets; width 6 feet.

38. West side of Thames street, between Dundas and York streets; width 5 feet.

39. East side of Thames street, between King street and the Grand Trunk Railway Company's bridge; width 5 feet.

40. East side of Thames street, between the Grand Trunk Railway Company's bridge and Horton street; width 5 feet.

41. West side of Thames street, between the Grand Trunk Railway Company's bridge and Horton street; width 5 feet.

42. West side of Ridout street, between King and Bathurst streets; width 6 feet.

43. East side of Talbot street, between Horton and Simcoe streets; width 6 feet.

44. West side of Richmond street, between Bathurst and Horton streets; width 6 feet.

45. North side of King street, between Wellington and Clarence streets; width 6 feet.

46. East side of Clarence street, between South and Nelson streets; width 4 feet.

IN NO. 2 WARD.

47. East side of Talbot street, between Carling and Dundas streets; width 8 feet.

48. South side of Kent street, between Talbot and Ridout streets; width 6 feet.

49. West side of Park avenue, between Central avenue and Kent street; width 6 feet.

50. East side of St. George street, between Mill and Ann streets; width 5 feet.

51. East side of Richmond street, between Oxford and Sydenham streets; width 6 feet.

52. East side of Richmond street, between Cheapside and Victoria streets; width 5 feet.

53. West side of Talbot street, between the Creek and Central avenue; width 6 feet.

54. East side of St. Andrew street, between Oxford and St. Patrick streets; width 5 feet.

55. South side of Kensington street, between Wilson avenue and the Wharncliffe Highway; width 4 feet.

56. East side of the Wharncliffe Highway, between Oxford and Saunby streets; width 5 feet.

57. East side of Edith street, between Mount Pleasant avenue and Charles street; width 4 feet.

58. North side of Oxford street, between the Wharncliffe Highway and Fernley street; width 4 feet.

59. East side of Richmond street, between Oxford and Piccadilly streets; width 6 feet.

IN NO. 3 WARD.

60. North side of Philip street, between William and Maitland streets; width 4 feet.

61. North side of Nelson street, between William and Maitland streets; width 4 feet.

62. South side of Nelson street, between William and Maitland streets; width 4 feet.

63. North side of South street, between Adelaide and Maitland streets; width 5 feet.

64. South side of Hill street, between Adelaide and Wellington streets; width 5 feet.

65. North side of Hill street, between Waterloo and Wellington streets; width 5 feet.

66. South side of Grey street, between Adelaide and Maitland streets; width 5 feet.

67. North side of Grey street, between Adelaide and William streets; width 5 feet.

68. South side of Simcoe street, between William and Colborne streets; width 5 feet.

69. North side of Horton street, between Adelaide street and the Hamilton road; width 5 feet.

70. South side of Horton street, between Maitland and Burwell streets; width 5 feet.

71. South side of Horton street, between Waterloo and Wellington streets; width 6 feet.

72. South side of Bathurst street, between Burwell and Colborne streets; width 5 feet.

73. North side of the Hamilton road, between William and Horton streets; width 5 feet.

74. South side of Bathurst street, between Adelaide and Maitland streets; width 5 feet.

75. North side of Bathurst street, between Adelaide and William streets; width 5 feet.

76. East side of William street, between York street and the Hamilton road; width 5 feet.

77. East side of William street, between South and Nelson streets; width 5 feet.

78. West side of William street, between Grey and Philip streets; width 5 feet.

79. East side of Maitland street, between the Grand Trunk Railway Company's tracks and the Hamilton road; width 5 feet.

80. East side of Maitland street, between South and Nelson streets; width 5 feet.

81. West side of Maitland street, between Hill street and Marshall Lane; width 5 feet.

82. East side of Colborne street, between King and York streets; width 6 feet.

83. East side of Colborne street, between Bathurst and Simcoe streets; width 6 feet.

84. East side of Waterloo street, between York and Simcoe streets; width 6 feet.

85. North side of South street, between Waterloo and Wellington streets; width 6 feet.

86. East side of Wellington street, between Horton and Grey streets; width 6 feet.

87. North side of Marshall street, between Adelaide street and a point opposite the easterly limit of lot 32 on the north side of Marshall street; width 4 feet.

88. West side of Lyle street, between King and York streets; width 6 feet.

89. North side of King street, between Lyle and Rectory streets; width 6 feet.

90. West side of Adelaide street, between York street and the Grand Trunk Railway Company's tracks; width 6 feet.

91. South side of York street, between Adelaide and Rectory streets; width 5 feet.

92. West side of Rectory street, between Grey and Simcoe streets; width 5 feet.

93. West side of Rectory street, between York street and the Grand Trunk Railway Company's tracks; width 5 feet.

94. East side of Rectory street, between Campbell street and the Grand Trunk Railway Company's tracks; width 5 feet.

95. East side of Egerton street, between Dundas street and the Grand Trunk Railway Company's track; width 5 feet.

96. South side of Dundas street, between Egerton street and the eastern boundary of the city; width 5 feet.

IN NO. 4 WARD.

97. East side of Peter street, between Queen's avenue and Dufferin avenue; width 5 feet.

98. East side of Palace street, between Princess avenue and Central avenue; width 5 feet.

99. West side of Palace street, between Princess avenue and Central avenue; width 5 feet.

100. East side of Miles street, between Pall Mall and Piccadilly streets; width 4 feet.

101. West side of Miles street, between Pall Mall and Piccadilly streets; width 4 feet.

102. North side of Regina street, between Maitland and Colborne streets; width 5 feet.

103. West side of Christie street, between Regent and Victoria streets; width 4 feet.

104. South side of Dufferin avenue, between Wellington and Picton streets; width 8 feet.

105. North side of Dufferin avenue, between Cartwright street and Prospect avenue; width 6 feet.

106. North side of Dufferin avenue, between Wellington and Waterloo streets; width 6 feet.

107. South side of Princess avenue, between Cartwright street and Prospect avenue; width 6 feet.

108. South side of Central avenue, between Colborne and Waterloo streets; width 6 feet.

110. South side of Central avenue, between Palace and William streets; width 5 feet.

111. South side of Pall Mall street, between Colborne and Maitland streets; width 5 feet.

112. North side of Pall Mall street, between William and Adelaide streets; width 5 feet.

113. South side of Piccadilly street, between Wellington and Waterloo streets; width 6 feet.

114. North side of Piccadilly street, between Waterloo and Maitland streets; width 5 feet.

115. North side of Oxford street, between Maitland and William streets; width 5 feet.

116. North side of St. James street, between Wellington and Waterloo streets; width 5 feet.

117. North side of St. James street, between Maitland and William streets; width 5 feet.

118. South side of Grosvenor street, between Maitland and William streets; width 5 feet.

119. East side of Wellington street, between Queen's avenue and Dufferin avenue, width 8 feet.

120. West side of Colborne street, between Dufferin avenue and Princess avenue; width 6 feet.

121. East side of Colborne street, between Princess avenue and Central avenue; width 6 feet.

122. East side of Colborne street, between Regina and Piccadilly streets; width 5 feet.

123. West side of Colborne street, between Piccadilly and Oxford streets; width 5 feet.

124. West side of Colborne street, between St. James and Grosvenor streets; width 5 feet.

125. West side of Maitland street, between Princess avenue and Central avenue; width 5 feet.

126. West side of Maitland street, between Pall Mall and Piccadilly streets; width 5 feet.

127. East side of Maitland street, between St. James and Grosvenor streets; width 5 feet.

128. East side of William street, between Pall Mall and Piccadilly streets; width 5 feet.

129. West side of William street; between Pall Mall and Piccadilly streets; width 5 feet.

130. East side of William street, between Oxford and St. James streets; width 5 feet.

131. East side of Colborne street between Dundas street and Queen's avenue; width 6 feet.

132. West side of Quebec street, between Dundas street and Dufferin avenue; width 5 feet.

133. South side of Dufferin avenue, between Quebec and Ontario streets; width 4 feet.

135. North side of Dundas street, between Quebec street and the eastern boundary of the city; width feet.

136. East side of Ontario street between Dufferin avenue and Elias street; width 5 feet.

137. North side of Elias street, between Ontario and Elizabeth streets; width 5 feet.

138. North side of Princess avenue, between English and Elizabeth streets; width 5 feet.

139. South side of Princess avenue, between English and Elizabeth streets; width 5 feet.

140. South side of Lorne avenue, between English and Ontario streets; width 5 feet.

141. East side of Adelaide street, between Central avenue and Rattle street; width 5 feet.

142. West side of Adelaide street, between Central avenue and Dundas street; width 6 feet.

143. West side of Adelaide street, between Pall Mall street and Central avenue; width 5 feet.

144. North side of Queen's avenue, between Adelaide and Elizabeth streets; width 6 feet.

145. North side of Lorne avenue, between Elizabeth and English streets; width 5 feet.

146. West side of Elizabeth street, between Queen's avenue and Elias street; width 5 feet.

147. East side of Elizabeth street, between Queen's avenue and Elias streets; width 5 feet.

148. West side of Ridout street, between Dundas and King streets; width 6 feet.

No. 1. A 10-inch tile sewer in Wellington street, between Hyman and Pall Mall streets.

No. 3. A bituminous macadam pavement on King street, between Wellington and Adelaide streets.

Each work or improvement as numbered above to be a separate work or improvement.

And take notice, that unless a majority of the owners of such real property to be benefited thereby (to be ascertained under the provisions of the Municipal Act. and Bylaw No. 780 of the City of London, passed on the 4th day of August, 1890, as amended), representing at least one-half in value thereof, petition the said Council against the same within one month after the last publication of this notice in The London Advertiser and The Echo, two public newspapers published in the City of London, the Council will undertake the said works or improvements, or such of them as are not petitioned against, or insufficiently petitioned against, and proceed with the same under the provisions of Section 669 and the other Sections of the Municipal Act relating to Local Improvements applicable thereto.

City Clerk's Office, 6th March, 1902, A. D. C. A. KINGSTON,
24u-w City Clerk.

SPECIAL NOTICES

Diseases of the Kidneys.

Dr. Albert Wesley Kahle, Specialist in Diseases of the Kidneys, No. 190 Delaware avenue, Buffalo, N. Y., will furnish information free regarding his treatment of Bright's Disease, Cystitis and Diabetes, upon application either in person or writing to the above address. tf

Mattress and Feather-Bed Cleaning Factory.

Notice—New goods. Brass and iron bedsteads, mattresses. Goose feather pillows and cushions from 50c each. Goose feathers sold by the pound. Upholstering and repairing. Cosey corner cushions made. Hunt & Sons, 593 Richmond street. Telephone, 997.

It Will Pay You to Make Inquiries

As a rule, people want all that's coming to them, and particularly is this the case in the matter of travel, when they would like a little more. The New York Central offers such splendid inducements in the way of train service, etc., any one should be satisfied. 23bh

The Indian and the Northwest.

A handsomely illustrated book just issued, and containing 115 pages of interesting historical data relating to the settlement of the great Northwest, with fine half-tone engravings of Black Hawk, Sitting Bull, Red Cloud and other noted chiefs; Custer's battle-ground and ten colored map plates, showing location of the various tribes dating back to 1600. A careful review of the book impresses one that it is a valued contribution to the history of these early pioneers, and a copy should be in every library. Price, 25 cents per copy. Mailed postage prepaid upon receipt of this amount by W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth avenue, Chicago, Ill. 6gw

Very Low Rates

During the months of March and April via Chicago and Northwestern Railway; $30 from Chicago to Helena, Butte, Anaconda, Ogden and Salt Lake City; $30 50 Spokane, $33 Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, Vancouver, Victoria and a large number of other points. Tourist Sleeping Cars every day from Chicago to the Pacific Coast. For maps and particulars apply to nearest ticket agent or address B. H. Bennett, 2 East King street, Toronto, Ont. 12 bb w

California Illustrated.

Copy of the illustrated monthly, The Chicago 400, a journal of travel and topics, reaches us by the courtesy of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway. It is one of the finest illustrated publications that we have ever seen. The tinted half-tones rival those of the finest magazines, and the letter-press of the whole edition is as perfect as that of any publication ever issued, pictorially and descriptively mirroring California's wonderful scenery. Copy delivered free on application, or mailed to any address upon receipt of 2 cents postage, by B. H. Bennett, 2 East King street, Toronto, Ont. 88g w

California-Oregon Excursions.

Every day in the year. The Chicago, Union Pacific and Northwestern Line runs through first-class Pullman and Tourist Sleeping Cars to points in California and Oregon daily. Personally conducted excursions from Chicago to San Francisco, Los Angeles and Portland, leaving Chicago on Tuesdays and Thursdays. Lowest rates. Shortest time on the road. Finest scenery. Inquire of your nearest ticket agent, or write B. H. Bennett, 2 East King street, Toronto, Ont. 88h w

Halladay's Black Marvel Polish

"Marvel Polish" is made on honor. The intelligent study of its use insures utmost benefit and satisfaction. It benefits all leather shoes and is proven best by every test. Marvel Polish is oil, and preserves shoes. It never injures them. Sold at the leading stores.

IF YOUR CHILDREN moan and are restless during sleep, coupled when awake with a loss of appetite, pale countenance, picking of the nose, etc., you may depend upon it that the primary cause of the trouble is worms. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator effectually removes these pests, at once relieving the little sufferers.

A new disease of the horse has appeared in the Darling River district, Australia. It makes the horses almost blind for a time, but recovery is usual.

WHISKARD'S

THREE BUSY STORES, 228, 230, 232 Dundas Street, London.

We understand there is a rumor in the city that we have sold out our business. We wish to say there is not a word of truth in it.

Signed, THOS. G. WHISKARD.

OUR SPECIAL SALE

Those who take advantage of this sale are getting extra value for their money.

Through the purchase of a noted jobber's entire stock of OPALWARE, we are enabled to sell these goods at half, and less than half, they are usually sold for. See our large window.
25c Fancy Plates, hand painted, sale price 10c each.
20c Fancy Plates, hand painted and finished, sale price 7c each.
25c Fancy Plates, beautifully marked and painted, sale price 8c and 10c each.
20c Easter Plates, motto, "No Easter Without Us," sale price 7c each.
Very large Easter Eggs, sale price 7c each.
Easter Eggs, ordinary size, sale price 3 for 12c.

Have You Been to Our Blanket Sale?

It will pay you to buy for next winter.
Heavy Blankets; worth $1 75, for $1 pair, sale price.
Fine Heavy Blankets, fancy pink border; regular $2 25, sale price $1 50. Come, we have only a few left.

Special Sale of New Flannelette Goods.

27-inch Red Flannelette, English goods, fine quality; regular 10c, sale price 5c yard.
36 inches wide Red Flannelette, English goods, regular 12½c, sale price 7c yard.
Very Heavy Flannelette, in cardinal; regular 15c, sale price 10c. You could not tell this line from 40c flannel. It's beautiful goods.

FULL LINES IN BALL AND HALF BALL PEARL BUTTONS, at sale prices; 10c, 12½c, 15c, 19c, 22c per dozen.

Roman Embroidery Pillow Shams.

ROMAN EMBROIDERY PILLOW SHAMS, ranging in price from 35c to 45c. All one price during this sale, 25c each.

SPECIAL LINE OF BATH TOWELS, 19 by 45 inches long, sale price 10c each.
Special line of Checked Muslin; regular 10c, sale price 6c a yard.
Fancy Mercerized Satana, for ladies' waists; regular 25c and 30c, sale price 20c yard.
Special line of Fine White Victoria Lawn, 45 inches wide; regular 12½c, sale price 10c yard.

Cut Prices in Soft Washing Net.

SOFT WASHING NET, in white, 36 inches wide; regular 20c, sale price 15c yard.
Soft Washing Net, white, 36 inches wide; regular 25c, sale price 20c yard.

Job line of Ladies' Underskirts, black, fancy cord trimming, lined with flannelette; regular $1, sale price 75c each.

Our Special Sale of White Cottons, Pillow Cottons and Sheeting

Is still the talk of the city. Just fancy buying Pillow Cotton at 8c a yard, and fine 36-inch Long Cloth for Ladies' Underwear for 8c and 9c a yard.

Our Bed Spread Sale

Has been remarkable for values, and many know it. $1 and $1 25 White Bed Spreads for 75c each.
$2 and $2 25 Beautiful White Spreads, for $1 25 and $1 50 each.

Special line of Ladies' Fine Swiss Embroidered Handkerchiefs; regular 25c, sale price 15c each.

Special line of COTTON TOWELS, small size, sale price, 3c and 4c each.

DON'T MISS THIS SALE.

RIGHTS OF EMPLOYES

Engaged on the Canadian Railways.

Mr. Hugh Guthrie's Scheme for Safeguarding Them.

Interesting Debate Re the Placing of Government Buildings in Different Constituencies.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, March 4.—The house again went into committee of supply this afternoon, but before taking up the estimates of the minister of public works, Mr. Hugh Guthrie, of Guelph, introduced a bill, in the success of which the railway men of London, in common with those of the Dominion in General, will be deeply interested. It is an act to amend the railway act, and will chiefly affect the employes of the Grand Trunk Railway Company. Mr. Guthrie's explanations of the purpose of his amendment included a detailed account of some

SPECIAL LEGISLATION

which, from time to time, since the early 70's, has been secured by this company, placing it before the courts upon a basis different to that of other Canadian lines. It has secured privileges in regard to the treatment of its employes which are not enjoyed by rival roads, and it is to offset the effect of these that the Guthrie amendment is urged. The Grand Trunk has secured the right to establish a superannuation society and subsequently an insurance society, which have since become one, and must be joined by every individual who enters the company's employ. Under the rules of the Grand Trunk Railway Insurance and Provident Society, every employe of the road must relinquish his right to damages in case of accident, and his relatives have no claim upon the company in the event of his death even though it be caused by an accident or the negligence of servants of the company. All that the company allows is

A SMALL COMPENSATION

in the way of weekly payments to the injured and gratuities to the survivors of the dead, and these, Mr. Guthrie said, do not compare with the sums granted by other fraternal or insurance companies. Mr. Guthrie said that he believed the higher courts would not allow such powers to the G. T. R. under the legislation that it has secured, but the lower courts, beyond which the ordinary interested person could not go, had declared that an individual is absolutely precluded from getting damages, even when death or injury is caused by negligence. The adoption of Mr. Guthrie's amendment means that the power of all companies operating under a Dominion charter shall be limited, so that employes who meet with accidents may be in a position to secure adequate damages.

TWO MINISTERS CONTRASTED.

Just as Hon. J. I. Tarte, the antithesis of Hon. James Sutherland in his manner of conducting his business in the house, so the debates upon the votes in their estimates differ most radically. The minister of marine and fisheries is never ruffled, always calm, ture seems to be imparted to the conimpertubable, collected; and his nasideration of his appropriations, which is usually quiet and dignified. The minister of public works, on the other hand, has the temperament of the Gaul, he is nervous, volatile, less cool, while more brilliant than his confrere, is less controlled, and the debates in which he leads are apt to be sharper and more pyrotechnical.

A DIFFERENCE.

Where the honorable minister from Oxford succeeded in getting nearly half his estimates passed at one sitting his colleague from Montreal, in the same time, had only a few votes put through. The opposition delights to fume and heckle when Tarte is on the floor, because, while not, perhaps always seriously in earnest in their criticisms, they sometimes provoke him beyond the normal, and his replies are quick, incisive, and never uninteresting. He is resourceful in argument, and knows his department thoroughly.

DEBATE ON THE ESTIMATES.

A characteristic debate on the estimates for public works was heard this afternoon. It was upon an old subject and brought out the older speakers. Sir Richard Cartwright was engaged for practically the first time this session. Mr. Borden, Sir Hibbert Tupper, Mr. Monk, Mr. Tarte and Mr. Clancy, besides Sir Richard, took a part in the cross-firing. It was upon the subject of the

DISTRIBUTION OF PUBLIC WORKS.

The opposition pressed the minister of public works for a statement of policy regarding his department. His answer was that work would be done where it was most needed. The charge was then made that some of the works projected were less needed than others that they could name. Each of the opposition members who spoke had apparently a constituency filled with places that need postoffices or some other building, and they thought that the government ought to construct them.

MR. CLANCY.

Mr. Clancy instanced his riding as one to which the minister might well direct his attention. He intimated that it was passed over because its representative was not a supporter of the government.

MR. TARTE.

Mr. Tarte replied that when Hon. David Mills represented that riding, the Conservative Government had passed it by, as it usually did if a riding sent a Liberal member to Ottawa.

SIR RICHARD CARTWRIGHT.

This remark was amplified by Sir Richard Cartwright, who told of the treatment that the Oxfords had received at Conservative hands. He said that for 40 years Woodstock and Ingersoll were neglected, while Cayuga, a place of 150 families, but in a Conservative riding, got public buildings. He said that this showed the difference between Conservative practice and the present Conservative precept, and was a fair sample of the principle followed by the late government.

A NATURAL COURSE.

Hon. Mr. Tarte acknowledged that the advice of private members on the government side had more weight with the government than that of the members of the opposition, and rightly so, he argued, since they represented the bulk of the public opinion of the country. The government must, to a certain extent, be guided by its supporters.

THE OPPOSITION LEADER.

This Mr. Borden took to be an enunciation of the policy, "To the victors belong the spoils," which he assailed as an iniquitous system, even while admitting that it was the system followed by the Conservatives when in power. But he said the question was not what the Conservatives had done in the past, but what should be done today.

TIME FOR A CHANGE.

Sir Richard Cartwright agreed with Mr. Borden's opinion that the public moneys should be distributed according to the public needs, but he said further that the Liberal ridings had been systematically and deliberately treated with injustice by the late government, and now that the Liberals are in power it was their first duty to rectify this long-standing wrong. He said that there was a remarkable difference in the principles followed by the Conservatives while in power and those suggested by them, "now that they are in the position in which they are likely to continue."

SIR C. H. TUPPER IS FUNNY.

Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper added facetiously that the opposition was indebted to the minister of public works for taking them into his confidence. He had recently said that the members of the cabinet were largely employed in fighting like blazes among themselves. He had also announced that to the victors belong the spoils, and as the government had no measures to bring before the house this year, they must infer that the members of the cabinet were fighting like blazes among themselves about the division of the spoils.

This was Sir Hibbert's first speech this session.

RE MANITOBA'S REFERENDUM.

Among the inquiries which will be heard on Thursday is the following, which will be put by Mr. Puttee, of Winnipeg: "Has the government received a petition from the Manitoba Prohibition Alliance, urging on constitutional grounds the disallowance of the referendum act of 1902? If so, has any decision been arrived at regarding it, and if so, what is it?" S.

About Catarrh Cures

The Reason Why Inhalers and Local Applications Are Useless.

For many years catarrh was considered to be a local disease, and was treated entirely by local remedies, salves, ointments, powders, sprays and inhalers, and nearly all of these gave a temporary relief, but a genuine, permanent cure was very rare.



It is true the most annoying symptoms, like stoppage of the nose and throat trouble, are purely local, but they are simply symptoms, and the real seat of the disease is far removed.

Catarrh is a constitutional disease, a blood disorder, complicated usually with disease of the liver and to suppose that local applications of sprays, powders, inhalers, could ever reach the real cause of the trouble is ridiculous.

The sensible and successful treatment is to remove the catarrhal poison from the system by regulating the liver and purifying the blood, and this can only be done by an internal remedy, which should consist of antiseptics and remedies to act vigorously on the blood and liver.

The best preparation of this kind which fills all the requirements of a safe constitutional treatment is Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, composed of Blood Root, Red Gum and similar wholesome antiseptics, which are absolutely safe to take into the stomach, and which act upon the liver, stomach and mucous membrane.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are large, pleasant-tasting lozenges to be slowly dissolved in the mouth, thus reaching the mucous membrane and wind-pipe and finally reaching the stomach.

Dr. Edmonson, in speaking of the new treatment for catarrh, says: "I have accomplished the most satisfactory results in all forms of catarrh of the head, throat bronchial tubes, as well as catarrh of the stomach and liver by using nothing else but Stuart's Catarrh Tablets. I long since threw aside sprays and inhalers as being inconvenient and at the best mere temporary make-shifts.

"Stuart's Catarrh Tablets act immediately upon the liver and blood and clear the whole system of catarrhal poison. They are pleasant and very convenient to use, and they are not only the latest, but I believe them to be the best and certainly the safest treatment for any kind of catarrh."

All druggists sell Stuart's Catarrh Tablets at 50 cents for full-sized package.

A little book of cause and cure of Catarrh mailed free by addressing F. A. Stuart & Co., Marshall, Mich.

THIS ADVERTISEMENT CHANGES EVERY DAY

176-178 Dundas Street,
London, Thursday, March 6, 1902.

WOODS' FAIR

The Last Day of the 5c and 10c Sale.

TOMORROW will be the last day of the 5c and 10c sale which has made this store such a busy and interesting place during the past week. Tomorrow will be positively your last opportunity for securing these wonderful 5c and 10c bargains. Many of our lines have been entirely cleared out and replaced by others just as good—some better. These are for Friday's selling:

BASEMENT BARGAINS.

5c.

50 only, Washboards, Friday.. 5c
25 only, Potato Mashers, Friday 5c
25 only, Bread and Butter Plates, blue and brown decorations, Friday 5c
50 only, Pressed Tin Pudding Pans, regular 8c, Friday .. 5c

From 8:30 to 9:30 Only.

25 only, Butter Crocks, regular 10c, between 8:30 and 9:30, Friday 5c

10c.

Granite Saucepans, regular 15c, Friday 10c
White Ironstone Sauceboats, regular 15c, Friday 10c
Pretty Cups and Saucers, Friday 10c
White Ironstone Pitchers, regular 20c, Friday 10c
Mustache Cups and Saucers, regular 15c, Friday 10c
Glass Berry Bowls, regular 15c, Friday 10c
Lamp Founts, regular 25c, Friday 10c

OUR EASTERN BUYER'S GREAT JEWELRY PURCHASE.

The big buyer is the man who gets goods the cheapest. Our Eastern buyer placed an order last week for 872 pieces of Ladies' Fine Jewelry. This is not cheap, trashy jewelry. It is the best that good Canadian money can buy. We cleared out the stock of one of the largest wholesale jewelers in America at a price that astonished us—when we saw the goods. Not more than 12 of each line. You can imagine the variety of patterns. In shapes of oval, heart, sunburst, triangle, horseshoe, etc. In settings of diamond-cut brilliants, opals, pearls, turquoise, Arabic sandstone and many others. You must see these goods to appreciate their beauty. The actual wholesale prices of these goods were 90c, $1 20, $1 40 and $1 50. We offer them to you on Friday and Saturday for..... .... **55c**

These goods will be displayed at specially-decorated booth near the door. Don't fail to see this beautiful display.

BARGAINS ON THE MAIN FLOOR.

5c.

4 dozen Towels, in crash and huckaback, with fancy fringed border and selvedge edges; 35 inches long, good width, Friday, each 5c
Shetland Floss, in black, white and colors, B. B. B. quality, Friday, skein 5c
Torchon and Valenciennes Laces, good patterns and widths, Friday, yard.. .. .. 5c
Pretty Handkerchiefs, Friday, 5c
Capsicum Vaseline, in tubes, for burns, scalds, etc., Friday 5c
200-page Ruled Writing Pad, regular 10c, Friday 5c
Playing Cards, enamel finish, Friday 5c
See Our Sheet Music, 300 different pieces, Friday 5c

10c.

Violets, large bunches, with pretty foliage, Friday 10c
Ribbons, wide widths and nice colors, Friday, yard 10c
Ladies' Stock Neckties, white P. K. collars, colored puff tie attached, fastens at back, Friday 3 for 10c
Fancy Laces, good widths, Friday, yard 10c
Triple Mirrors, picture backs, nickel frames, chain hanger, regular 25c, Friday 10c
Fancy Mirrors, pretty shapes, 5 styles, different sizes, Friday 10c
Ladies' and Boys' Heavy Ribbed Cotton Hose, fast black, regular 15c, and 18c, Friday, pair 10c
Stephens' Ink, in brown stone bottles, regular 15c, for 10c

See Our 10c Line of Jewelry.

THESE AT 2 FOR 5c.

Nonsuch Washing Compound, regular 5c, Friday 2 for 5c
Good-Sized Bottles of Vaseline, good quality, Friday 2 for 5c
Braid Combs, all colors, 6 styles, regular 20c, Friday 2 for 5c
Fancy Mirrors, for the pocket, 6 colors, Friday, 2 for 5c
Mending Yarn, 4 colors, Friday 2 for 5c
Scribblers, regular 5c, Friday 2 for 5c

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MONEY TO LOAN.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOWEST rates. Buchner, Campbell & Gunn, 83

PRIVATE INDIVIDUAL HAS MONEY to loan on farm property. Large loans preferred. Write Box 88, Advertiser. 10tf

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J. H. TENNANT, VETERINARY SURGEON—Office, 157 King street. Residence and infirmary, corner King and Wellington. Treatment of dogs a specialty. 'Phones 278 and 688.

PERSONAL.

LADIES' CONSULTATION PARLORS —Specialty, health and toilet remedies. Palmistry continued by request. Madame, 470 Ridout.

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STUART, STUART & BUCKE—BARRISTERS, solicitors etc. Office, room 117 Masonic Temple. Alex. Stuart, K.C.; Duncan Stuart; E. T. Bucke, B.A.

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LILLEY'S LIVERY—NO. 639 DUNDAS street, East London, Ont. Telephone 666.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED—OFFICE Adkins' Jewelry Store, East London. No witnesses required.

LICENSES ISSUED BY THOMAS GILLEAN, jeweler, 402 Richmond street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. H. Bartram, 99 Dundas street.

OFFICIAL ISSUER OF MARRIAGE licenses, C. D. Johnston, 198 Dundas street. Residence, 394 Dundas street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED AT Strong's Drug Store, 184 Dundas street. Residence, 289 Dufferin avenue.

MARRIAGE LICENSES — SHUFF'S Drug Store, 540 Dundas street, corner William. No witnesses. ywt

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY John J. Jepson, druggist, 249 Wellington street. Residence, 241 Pall Mall. 'Phone 379.

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THE RICHMOND—JOHN & WILLIAM COOK, proprietors. Transient guests and weekly boarders. Rates, $1 per day. Excellent accommodation. Fine wines and liquors.

ROYAL HOTEL—OPPOSITE G. T. R. depot, Central location. First-class in every respect. Louis Risk, proprietor.

THE ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL, MONTREAL—Centrally located and first-class in every respect. H. Hogan, proprietor.

HOTEL NORMANDY, 489 AND 491 Richmond street—Choice wines, liquors and cigars. T. F. Lewis, proprietor.

OFFICE RESTAURANT — CHOICE lager, liquors and cigars. Meals at all hours. D. Sare.

ALBION HOTEL, 157 DUNDAS STREET —Rates, $1 50 per day. Choicest wines, liquors and cigars. Jacob Obernesser, proprietor.

THE IROQUOIS, TORONTO, CANADA—Popular hotel. Popular prices. Newly fitted and refurnished. G. A. Graham, proprietor, late Imperial Hotel, Galt.

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CHARLES E. WHEELER (ORGANIST and choirmaster St. Andrew's Church) has resumed teaching. Piano, pipe organ, harmony and singing. Both advanced and elementary tuition given. New address, 640 Wellington street.

ALICE CALDER STOCK — SOLOIST First Methodist Church. Voice culture. 254 Queen's avenue. Concert engagements accepted. 23tf

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McDONALD & CUNNINGHAM—DENTISTS, 183½ Dundas street. 'Phone 702.

DR. W. S. WESTLAND, DENTIST—Post-graduate in crown and bridge work, Chicago. Edge Block, Richmond street. 'Phone 960. Residence, 237 Queen's avenue. 'Phone 420.

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DRESS-CUTTING SCHOOL—GARMENT cutting lessons daily. Pupils instructed until satisfied. Call or write for terms. 223½ Dundas street, London.

HE WAS NOT COLOR BLIND.

"Did you hear how Murphy spoiled his chance of getting an engine?" inquired one railroad man of another.

"No," was the reply. "How did it happen?"

"Why, they were testing Murphy's eyes to see if he would be all right on colors. Everything went along smoothly until they put on an orange-colored card. When the smoke cleared away, instead of having an engine, Murphy was in jail on seven different charges, ranging from assault with intent to kill, to willful destruction of property." — Syracuse Herald.

How One Million is Spent.

Not less than one million dollars is annually spent by people seeking an absolute cure for Catarrh, Bronchitis and Consumption. Numerous are the remedies, but the one standing pre-eminently above all others is Catarrhozone. It cures these diseases because it is sure to reach them. Catarrhozone is inhaled into the lungs, throat and nasal passages, and bathes every part of the diseased membrane with its germ-killing, healing vapor. You simply breathe Catarrhozone and it cures. Price 25 cents and $1, at druggists' or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

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DR. JOHN D. WILSON, OFFICE AND residence, 360 Queen's avenue. Special attention paid to diseases of women and children. Office house, 12:30 to 6 p.m.

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R. OVENS, M.D., 220 QUEEN'S AVENUE. Eye, ear, nose and throat.

R. W. SHAW, M.D., L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S., England. Office, 287 King street. Telephone 839.

DR. GRAHAM—OFFICE, 380 CLARENCE. Residence, 616 Richmond. Specialties, pulmonary affections, cancers, tumors, piles, diseases of women and children.

DR. E. PARDEE BUCKE, 209 QUEEN'S avenue, Kingsmill Terrace. Telephone 504.

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DR. N. R. HENDERSON, 238 QUEEN'S avenue. Eye, ear, throat and nose only.

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DR. ANGUS GRAHAM—OFFICE AND residence, 463 King street. 'Phone 609.

DR. McLELLAN, EYE AND EAR SURGEON, is in New York, attending special course. Will return April 1.

HADLEY WILLIAMS, M.D., F.R.C.S., England. Specialist (surgical diseases only). 439 Park avenue. 'Phone 824.

DR. BAYLY, 443 PARK AVENUE—Specialty, diseases of children. 'Phone 827.

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CITY PARCEL EXPRESS—OFFICE removed to 154 Carling street. Parcels called for and delivered to any part of city. Telephone 1,295. C. H. Anderson.

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Funds available for security of Queen policy holders, $54,000,000.
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422 Richmond Street.
'Phone 913. ywt

Dressmaker's Backache.



Women engaged in the arduous work of dressmaking frequently have trouble with their back and kidneys. Running a sewing machine, plying the needle in the never ceasing stitch, stitch, stitch, pressing seams—constant bending over—soon tells on the back, makes it ache and pain. No wonder these women often find their health fail. The kidneys get out of order, the back pains, and the whole system gets full of poisons which the sick kidneys are unable to eliminate.

No dressmaker should allow her health to slip away, and backache and kidney troubles keep her in misery, when such ease, comfort, freedom from pain and invigoration of the system can be obtained by using Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets.

ACTED SPLENDIDLY.

Miss A. Schwartz, 42 Water Street, Berlin, Ont., states her experience with Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets as follows: "I suffered from backache and kidney trouble for some years, which I think was due to sitting so close and bending over at my work. The trouble at times was quite severe, so I got a bottle of Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets at Roos' drug store. They certainly acted splendidly with me, for I had not finished the first bottle until I got complete relief."

Price 50c. a box, at all druggists or by mail, THE DR. ZINA PITCHER CO., Toronto.

A Few Strong Reasons Why You Should Use

Malt Breakfast Food

First—Because it is the most delicious and most palatable of all grain foods.

Second—Because it perfectly satisfies the appetite of weak as well as strong people and is relished at all times.

Third—It contains no insoluble starch, therefore aids digestion.

Fourth—It is the most noted flesh, bone and muscle builder.

Fifth—Because it is a brain strengthening food and contains all the important elements needed for the nutrition of the whole body.

Sixth—Because it is indorsed by physicians and government food experts as far as purity of manufacture is concerned.

Malt Breakfast Food is economical to use; one package makes from twenty-five to thirty meals. All grocers.

There is one wood much lighter than cork. This is the marsh anour, found in Brazil.

HOW TO CURE ALL SKIN DISEASES.

Simply apply Swayne's Ointment. No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, etc., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for Swayne's Ointment. ywt

The man who leaves church just as the collection plate starts around may have been taken suddenly ill, but he rarely gets credit for it.

TO MAKE MONEY it is necessary to have a clear, bright brain, a cool head and strong nerves. Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills invigorate and brighten the brain, strengthen the nerves, and remove all heart, nerve, and brain troubles. w

A Skin of Beauty Is a Joy Forever.

Dr. T. Felix Gouraud's Oriental Cream or Magical Beautifier.



Purifies as well as Beautifies the Skin. No other Cosmetic will do it.

Removes tan, pimples, freckles, moth patches, rash and skin diseases and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 54 years and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit or similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the skin preparations."

Also Poudre Subtile removes superfluous hair, without injury to the skin.

FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop., 37 Great Jones street, New York.

For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers throughout the United States, Canada and Europe.



DIABETES

is easily recognized. The symptoms are: dry, rough skin; furred tongue; voracious appetite; constant thirst; a sharp or heavy pain in the loins; rapid wasting of flesh; swelling of feet and legs, and troublesome costiveness.

Dr. Walton's English Kidney Pills

will positively cure this disease in any stage if they are taken regularly and according to directions.

Sold by C. McCallum & Co.
Druggists, London.
A. R. BREMER CO., Limited, Toronto.
Sole Agents for Canada.

MUTUAL BENEFIT.

Young Wife—I am all run down. I think I will hire a cook and husband my strength.

Husband, yes, do dear, and strengthen your husband.

London Advertiser.

[Established by JOHN CAMERON, in 1863.]

LEADING DAILY IN WESTERN ONTARIO.

Advertising and subscription rates furnished on application.

THE LONDON ADVERTISER COMPANY (Limited),
LONDON, ONTARIO

London, Thursday, March 6.

Mr. Chamberlain Again.

Sir Wemyss Reid dedicates a large share of his latest monthly chronique to the Colonial Secretary, and explains how once more the enemy has played into the hands of the honorable gentleman. He says: "Englishmen have long since learned to understand Mr. Chamberlain, and they know what to expect when he speaks on any controversial question in which he is himself interested. From his earliest days, when he appeared on public platforms as the exponent of Socialistic Radicalism, and poured out the vials of his wrath indifferently upon Conservatives like Lord Salisbury, and Liberals like Mr. Gladstone, he has always allowed himself a greater license in speech than that claimed by any other man of our time. Most of us probably dislike his strong language, his sweeping invective and the bitterness with which he assails those who differ from him. A more measured and decorous style in controversy suits us best." But the chronicler contends that the speech which caused the row in Germany had nothing in it of which any reasonable being had any right to complain. The real cause of the trouble was the wretched slanders that have been so persistently circulated in Germany. "In this condition of besotted ignorance and prejudice, they really seem to have believed that Mr. Chamberlain attributed to the German army of 1870 all the incredible atrocities which it has pleased the scribblers and caricaturists of the fatherland to ascribe to the British army in South Africa."

But the end, so far as Mr. Chamberlain's present position in British politics is concerned, may be summed up thus: "Of course, Count Von Buelow gave Mr. Chamberlain his opportunity, and the latter was not slow to avail himself of it. Hitherto the people of this country have been very strongly divided in opinion regarding the Colonial Secretary. The German Chancellor, by making him the object of an attack, which was at once clumsy and unjust, and by identifying his name with the honor of our army, naturally and inevitably made the nation, without regard to party, rally to his side. Its feeling that in this quarrel it must stand by him was increased by the blunt manner in which he responded to Count Von Buelow's words of censure, and flung back at him the sneers in which he had indulged. The net result is that for the moment Mr. Chamberlain is master of the situation, and has been made stronger as a member of the Government that he ever was before. To some of us this does not seem a good thing."

The Educational Campaign and Its Danger.

According to appearance the prohibition campaign has to be conducted as a non-party movement, and it will be a good thing if this question can be dealt with on its merits, the Government of the day having pledged itself to have the mind of the people fairly expressed, and to carry out as far as is possible the deliberately expressed will of the people. There will now be another season of lively discussion on "the temperance question," and this, as we have always maintained, has a certain educational value. One thing, however, needs to be remembered, viz., that while we are discussing the legal side of the liquor traffic, there are other sides which may be forgotten. At the present time we find the pulpit in many cases appealing strongly for external law, and in some cases talking as if the Prime Minister's function was to carry out all the demands of religion by aid of the policeman. We are not going now to discuss the legal side. The journals will be pretty well stocked with arguments on both sides during the next few months, but we would point out that on the confession of all there is another, a moral and personal side. The appeal of the pulpit should certainly be very strongly to the individual conscience. The preacher believes that living truth working in a man's spirit, is of infinitely more value than legal coercion; one creates new character, the other can only give outward conformity. There are great moral forces on the side of temperance; personal example and persuasion, social influence, public opinion. These must be kept quick and strong, whatever the legal forms may be. The young man, at least, does not need artificial stimulants, and he must learn to stand stiff no matter how strong the temptation may be. The struggle of life is now very keen, and only the sober man can succeed. Let the matter be put before our young men with increasing persistency and vigor; let it be shown to them that they cannot have real manhood, self-respect, commercial success, the respect of their fellow-men, or anything worth having and keeping, unless they are prepared to take life seriously, and deny themselves of those things which would sap their manhood and destroy their character. Let the political side of the discussion go on, but let not the personal and moral side be forgotten in the noise of the present controversy, or lasting harm will be the sure result.

An Important Drainage Bill.

The bill entitled "An act respecting drainage on and across the properties of railway companies," introduced into the House of Commons by Mr. Cowan, of South Essex, passed its second reading. The bill provides that municipalities and land owners shall have the right of drainage on and across the property of any railway company to the same extent and by the same proceedings as they have, by law, on and across the property of any other land owners. The subject of drainage is one of paramount importance to the farmers of the southwestern part of this Province, to those living on the peninsula formed by Lake St. Clair, and the western end of Lake Erie, which are joined by the Detroit River. The land in the Counties of Essex and Kent is comparatively level, so much so that the watershed is imperceptible to anything but the engineer's level. The law already provides that railway companies shall construct culverts, so as not to obstruct natural water courses. But the majority of aquaducts are not natural; they have been constructed by the farmers, by directly taxing themselves. The most important item of taxation is that for the purpose of constructing and maintaining drains.

In that section of the Province there are four railways, viz., the Grand Trunk, the Canadian Pacific Railway, the Michigan Central Railway and the Lake Erie and Detroit River Railway. all running east and west, to cross any drains running northward or southward to Lake Erie or Lake St. Clair, or to the River Thames. Under present conditions farmers have recourse to the Railway Committee of the Privy Council in the case of the railway companies refusing to build culverts to allow the water to pass under their lines. But to even the best informed agriculturist that tribunal is shrouded in mystery. It means to him considerable cost, and such an amount of uncertainty that he often suffers the loss of his crop rather than make the venture.

The bill places railway property on the same footing as other property. The expenses of putting a drain across railway property are to be borne by the company and the farmers concerned, all extra expenses to be borne by the company. By extra expenses, we mean those occasioned by the construction and operation of the railway. It will be seen that the measure is calculated to make railway drainage amenable to provincial jurisdiction. Disputes arising shall be decided by a county judge. This, on the face of it, greatly simplifies the drainage machinery by placing it all under the control of the Provincial Government.

But there is yet a difficulty not provided by Mr. Cowan's bill. Under its provisions there is nothing to prevent a railway company appealing from the decision of a judge in the instance of a dispute, and carrying the case from court to court until the highest judicial tribunal in the realm is reached. Railway companies being wealthy, there is nothing to prevent them gaining an advantage over the less wealthy farmer. At present the decision of the Railway Committee of the Privy Council is final.

The Railway Committee could doubtless be of greater service to the community if people better understood its working. This better understanding might be promoted by making use of the local press as a means of enlightening the public.

St. Joan of Arc.

The approaching canonization of Joan of Arc brings to the front a name famous in historic annals. The Maid of Orleans has, for nearly four centuries, received greater praise and credit from the people whom she was the means of defeating. Her name has always been "venerable" to the British people except perhaps to those to whom she was sold, and who regarded her as a sorceress and burnt her, according to the customs of the time. The London Spectator says that, "Rome may now order that the maid is to be called 'St. Joan,' but in England she has already been canonized by the romantic ardor of every boy who has read her fascinating and pathetic story." Landor, in his "Imaginary Conversations," makes Rousseau say: "Had Jeanne d'Arc been born in England and fought for England, the people at this hour, although no slaves to idolatry, would almost worship her. Every year would her festival be kept in every village of the land; but in France not a hymn is chanted to her, not a daisy is strewn on the ground throughout the whole kingdom she rescued."

It is a trait in the character of the Britisher to discern merit in his opponents and even in his enemies. Joan of Arc was at one time his enemy. So accustomed had the British become to gaining successes over the French that the latter race were completely discouraged. It remained for this French peasant girl to turn the tide in the fortunes of war in France's favor. The genuine admiration of Englishmen for Napoleon, even at the height of his rage against Britain herself, is another manifestation of the same national spirit, as is also much that has been said within recent years in regard to the bravery and sagacity of the Boers. Perhaps, though, it might be well not to overpraise the enemy until he has been defeated.

Victor Hugo.

One hundred years ago, near the end of February, Victor Hugo, the national poet of France, was born. The centenary of his birth is now being celebrated in France. The ceremonies are to continue for about five days and consist of eulogistic orations by eminent French statesmen, as well as in the public schools, lectures on the life and work of the great litterateur. Victor Hugo was a voluminous author of both prose and verse. As one writer puts it, "He was destined to touch with Ithuriel's spear, the sleeping spirit of French poetry, and to animate it with new life, vigor and enthusiasm."

He died in 1885. Thus it will be seen his career was coincident with the history of modern France during its stormiest periods. He was, during the earlier years, an intense royalist. During his later years his life was marked by an extreme humanitarianism. He advocated the cause of the criminal, and some of his most eloquent and impassioned pages are taken up with denunciations against capital punishment, which he considered an attribute of barbarism. In France his appeals more than once availed to procure a commutation of the death penalty, and he aided in securing the introduction of extenuating circumstances in the criminal laws of France.

On May 21, 1894, Sir William Meredith, then Mr. W. R. Meredith, leader of the Ontario Opposition, made a speech at London, setting forth his policy for the elections to be held in June of that year. In the municipal elections of 1894 a plebiscite had been taken, and a very large majority given for prohibition. On this subject Mr. Meredith said:

"If it shall be determined that there is jurisdiction in the Local Legislature to deal with this question of the liquor traffic, then it will be the duty of any Government which is in power in Ontario to bring in a bill and pass it for the purpose of carrying into effect what has been determined to be within the jurisdiction of the Legislature. But it seems to me that any such law as that should be an effective law, and should have no results that would be disastrous to the interests of temperance throughout the country. And therefore I think that it would be decidedly in the interests of the whole community that any measure such as that, before it should becomt law, should be again submitted to the people, in order that they should have an opportunity of pronouncing yea or nay upon it."

Sketches at the Capital.

III. THE PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS

"A city that is set upon a hill cannot be hid," so, the location of the Dominion Parliament buildings makes them, in a literal sense, the cynosure of many square miles of the adjacent counties. The desire to have them away from the United States boundary, and at the same time not too far from the middle of the northern half continent, led to the selection of a site at Ottawa, or By-town as it was formerly called. The site was happily chosen, and as a result we have, in the central portion of the city, the finest edifices in the Dominion and in America second only to the United States government buildings at Washington. The site on which the parliament buildings are built is nearly 30 acres in area, and rises to a bold bluff 150 feet in altitude, on the southern bank of the River Ottawa. The grounds, at one time rough, have been leveled and beautifully laid out in walks and drives.

The parliament buildings comprise what are known as the eastern, western and central blocks. The eastern and western sections contain the departmental offices; the central block contains the House of Commons and Senate chambers, and the library. The dispatch conveying her majesty's selection of the location was dated Dec. 31, 1857. It was not, however, until December, 1859, that operations began on the central block, and in September of the next year the corner stone was laid, bearing the following inscription:

"This corner's stone of the building
intended to receive
the Legislature of Canada
was laid by
ALBERT EDWARD PRINCE OF WALES
on the first day of September,
MDCCCLX."

Of nearly a score of applicants for the building contract, the successful tender was that of Thomas McGreevy. As with other extensive public works of the Dominion, the construction of the parliament buildings was not without its attendant evils. Those were days of political corruption, and to avoid stirring up party feeling it is left to you, gentle reader, to recall the party in power at the time, if your memory serves you; otherwise you must have recourse to your history. However, the buildings were finished about four years and a half after the time set for their completion.

The style of architecture of the buildings is a modified twelfth century gothic, and the bold outline they present—their numerous towers, high-pitched slate roofs pierced by dormers, surmounted by ornamental crestings and terminals—combine to produce an imposing and picturesque effect. The hard, cream-colored sandstone, the principal material of the structure, was quarried in the neighboring township. The dressings, stairs, gables and pinnacles are of Ohio freestone, and a pleasing effect is given to the whole by the presence of arches of red sandstone over the window and door openings. Almost every schoolboy even is familiar with pictures of the Canadian parliament buildings, so that a minute description of their contour is unnecessary here. The central tower of the main building is 220 feet high, and the ground floor covers an area of about one and one-tenth acres.

As one enters the main doorway, at the foot of the tower, he passes into a lofty vestibule supported by a colonade of granite pillars. Stone stairways to the right and left lead from the vestibule to the corridors of the Senate and House of Commons.

The first session was held in the new buildings in 1866, a year before the confederation of the provinces forming the Dominion. D.

DOMINION RIFLE ASSOCIATION MEETS

In Annual Session at Ottawa—London's Splendid New Rifle Range Evokes Comment.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, March 5.—Lieut.-Col. Henshaw, of Montreal, presided today at the annual meeting of the Dominion Rifle Association, in the absence of Col. Hon. J. M. Gibson, who was detained in Toronto by his parliamentary duties. Resolutions deploring the deaths of Lord Dufferin, the association's first patron; Hon. Mr. Dobell and "Gat" Howard were passed, and adequate recognition was made of the efforts of the minister of militia to promote the efficiency of the militia, notably by the construction of new ranges, the splendid new range at London being mentioned among others. The meeting was addressed by the governor-general and the minister of militia, who was elected the first honorary president of the association. S.

DIAMOND DYES

Are the Strongest, Brightest and Richest and Excel All Other Home Dyes.

A few years ago it was the opinion of many that the dyers of oriental lands produced the best colors in the world for the dyeing of all fabrics. Today, this idea will not be entertained or supported for a moment. The introduction of the celebrated Diamond Dyes has given to the civilized world colors that are unequaled. Diamond Dyes are far more durable and much brighter and fuller than the dyes produced by Oriental or European dye manufacturers. Users of the Diamond Dyes at all times obtain as good results in the home as professional dyers can produce in the large city dye house.

Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns are having a tremendous sale everywhere in Canada. If you would work one up in your home, send your address at once to The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain street, Montreal, P.Q., and they will mail you free of cost sheets of the newest designs to select from.

MILITIA ORDERS

Promotion of Majors Boulanger and Denison—Other Changes Announced—Married Establishment Abolished.

Ottawa, March 5.—Militia orders issued yesterday announce that Major Boulanger, Quebec, and Capt. and Brevet-Major S. J. A. Denison, have received the rank of lieutenant-colonel in recognition of their services in South Africa.

The following other changes are also announced:

Cavalry, 1st Hussars—To be second lieutenant, D. Douglas; to be second lieutenant provisionally, Sergt. Turville.

26th Regiment, Middlesex Light Infantry—To be major, Capt. B. Robson, vice D. E. M. Stuart seconded; to be captain, Lieut. L. J. McKay, vice B. Robson, promoted; to be lieutenant, Second Lieutenant J. Colerick, vice J. C. Niven, retired.

27th Lambton Regiment, St. Clair Borderers—To be paymaster with the honorary rank of captain, Paymaster Sergeant J. B. Watson, vice T. H. Cook, retired.

30th Regiment, Wellington Rifles—To be second lieutenant supernumerary, Sergt. G. E. Reynolds, T. E. Ball.

31st Grey Regiment—Provisional second lieutenant A. B. Rutherford resigns.

33rd Huron Regiment—To be captain, Lieut. J. R. Varcoe, vice W. H. Gundry, seconded; to be lieutenant, Second Lieuts. C. J. Johns, vice J. R. Varcoe, promoted; H. C. Dunlop, vice W. H. Gundry, promoted; to be second lieutenants, supernumerary, Second Lieut. J. C. S. Varcoe, vice T. C. Johns, promoted; supernumerary second lieutenant, L. K. Jordan, vice H. C. Dunlop, promoted.

Nursing service, to be a nursing sister, Miss Florence Cameron, London, Ont.

RADICAL CHANGE.

The militia department announces that (1) from this date the officers' married establishment is abolished. Those officers who are at present borne on the married roll of their unites will continue to occupy quarters or to receive lodging allowance in lieu at the rate they are at present in receipt of. With the exception of such subaltern officers as were married previous to the 1st of July, 1901, officers of the permanent corps below the regimental rank of captain will only hold their commissions so long as they remain unmarried, but this rule may be relaxed in the case of officers who have completed seven years' service in the rank of lieutenant, on the recommendation of the general officer commanding, who must satisfy himself that the officer's means are such that will enable him to maintain his family in a manner befitting his position as an officer. In future the only officers who will be recognized as having any claim to married quarters or allowance in lieu (except as provided in paragraph 1) will be field officers and captains in the order of seniority.

Strathroy Collegiate Institute Company—To be acting captain, Acting Lieutenant John Murray, vice L. G. Thompson; to be acting lieutenant, Acting Second Lieutenant D. Butler, vice J. Murray, promoted; to be acting second lieutenant, H. Lindsay, vice D. Butler, promoted.

The formation of the Kingsville Rifle Association, with headquarters at Kingsville, Ont., under the provisions of general order 150 of 1901, is authorized.

Distress after eating, belching and nausea between meals are symptoms of dyspepsia, which Hood's Sarsaparilla always cures.

By the census of 1900, only two states had more foreign-born than native-born male residents of voting age—Minnesota and South Dakota.

Weary Brainworkers

Fagged out, ideas come as slowly as molasses. You think of things just a minute or two too late. Snap's gone! The buoyancy that made work a pleasure—that's gone, too. The doctor would tell you that you are run down, not eating enough nor digesting enough. Your stomach needs aid, your digestion needs a bracer, too. Your blood requires Phosphorus and Iron that it may be formed readily. Now Ferrozone is a wonderful nerve bracer and blood maker. It's food for the blood and nerves; it will make you strong quickly and permanently. Sold by W. T. Strong & Co.

HOW SHE DID IT.

Jasper—Mrs. Rocksby seems to have married happily.

Jumpuppe—Yes, but that is because she is so clever. She has made her home so clublike that her husband never leaves it.

208, 210, 210½ and 212 Dundas St.

The Runians Larson McKee Co.

208, 210, 210½ and 212 Dundas St.

SOME PRICE INDUCERS

That Will Bring Many to This Store Friday and Saturday.

Bargain Counter

Special sale of Silk and Satin Ribbons in all colors and widths. Laces in Cream, White and Black. Fancy Stock Collars, Chiffons, Ruchings, Veilings and Frillings.

Friday and Saturday, Half Price.

Staple Department.

25 pairs large size Cotton Blankets, in white and gray, regular price $1 00, Friday and Saturday, per pair 78c

140 yards Linen Crash Toweling, regular price 9c, Friday and Saturday, per yard 6½c

8 pieces best standard Amoskeag Shirtings, regular price 12½c, Friday and Saturday, per yard.. 10c

98 yards Cottonade, heavy quality, good patterns, regular price 25c, Friday and Saturday, per yard.. 20c

10 dozen All-Linen Napkins, good size, regular $1 50 special, per dozen $1 25

Grocery Department.

22½ pounds Redpath's Standard Granulated Sugar for $1 00

120 7-pound pails of Jam—Plum strawberry, peach and raspberry, regular 75c, for, per pail..... 53c

1 large bottle Tomato Catsup..... 15c

2 pound tins Aylmer Tomato Catsup, 3 for 25c

6 pounds Redpath's Granulated Sugar for 25c

Our Imperial Blend 40c Black and Mixed Tea for 25c

4 pounds of best Japan Rice for.... 25c

3½ pounds choice Prunes for..... 25c

12 pounds best Family Flour for... 25c

6 pounds Bright Yellow Sugar for.. 25c

2 large bars of soap (6 pounds), and one package Gee Whiz Candy for 25c

2 dozen Valencia Oranges for..... 27c

300 dozen Messina Lemons, regular 15c per dozen, for 12c

1 tin each of Tomatoes, Corn and Peas for 25c

4-string 30c Brooms for..... 25c

Strictly Fresh-Laid Eggs, per dozen 20c

Choice Dairy Butter, per pound, in 1-pound rolls 20c

Blouses.

Ladies' Black Sateen Blouses, in all sizes and latest styles, regular $1 50, Friday, to clear 69c

Dress Goods.

BLACK CHEVIOT, 50c—56-inch, all wool Black Cheviot, heavy, for skirt or suit, regular 75c, Friday and Saturday, per yard 50c

FRENCH FLANNEL, 37½c—27-inch all wool French Flannel, newest Paisley and figured goods, regular 50c, Friday and Saturday, per yard 37½c

SILK MORINE, 39c—Silk Morine Skirting, 26-inch, black, with colored dots, regular 75c quality, Friday and Saturday 39c

SILK MORINE, 50c—Black Silk Morine Skirting, with heavy satin stripes, in pink, blue, etc., regular 75c and 85c quality, Friday and Saturday 50c

Skirts.

Ladies' Colored Sateen Underskirts, in pink, blue, yellow and mauve, regular price $2, Friday, and to clear 99c

Corsets.

P. N. Corsets, Line 900, all sizes, regular $2 00, Friday and to clear $1 00

Hosiery.

Sample lot of Ladies' Ribbed Cashmere Hose, assorted ribs, regular 35c, special, Friday and Saturday, per pair..... 25c

Smallwares.

Silver-Finished Orange Spoons, regular price 25c, Friday and Saturday, 3 for 25c

Fancy Hat Pins, regular price 15c, Friday and Saturday, each 5c

Fancy Sash Pins, regular price 25c, Friday and Saturday, each 15c

Gloves.

Ladies' Ringwood Gloves, regular 25c, Friday and to clear 15c

Ladies' Kid Gloves, all shades, regular price $1 00, Friday and to clear 49c

House Furnishings.

23 only Floor Rugs, large size, regular price $1 69, special to clear 97c

6 pieces Tapestry Carpets, good quality, specially suitable for bedrooms and halls, regular 60c and 65c, made and laid free of charge, for, per yard, Friday and Saturday 45c

All Carpets from 40c per yard up bought this week made and laid free of charge.

Gents' Furnishings.

Odd lines of Men's and Boys' Wool and Fleece-Lined Underwear, Friday and Saturday .. HALF-PRICE

Men's Wool-Lined Kid and Mocha Gloves, regular $1 00, for 75c

Men's Large Size Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, special, each 5c

Men's Pants, in good heavy wool tweed, regular $1 50 and $1 75, special Friday and Saturday $1 25

Crockery.

10-piece Printed Toilet Sets, choice of five colors, rolled edge basin, with gilt decorations, regular $4 50, for, per set..... $3 25

97-piece Printed, Illuminated and Gilt Edge Dinner Sets, regular $12 50, for $9 00

Plain Glass Goblets for 5c

Double Glass Egg Cups for 5c

Glass Lemon Squeezers for 5c

Printed Cups and Saucers, regular $1 00, for, per dozen 80c

No Substitute

There is nothing which takes the place of Rolled Oats as the staple breakfast dish though many things have tried to supplant it, without effect, and there is no Rolled Oats which is a substitute

For TILLSON'S

The Pan Dried kind for particular people.

Sold in good stores.

THE TILLSON CO'Y., LIMITED.

Omega Oil



OLD PEOPLE—After a man or woman has lived 50 or more years the machinery of the body is pretty well worn out. Stop a minute and think how many miles you have walked in all those years—how many thousands of pounds you have lifted—how many hours you have stood on your feet—how many times your joints have moved back and forth—how many times you have overdone things in work and pleasure. Do you wonder that you have pains and aches? Isn't it about time you did something for your poor body? Get a bottle of Omega Oil at once and rub it into every spot on your neck, shoulders, arms, back, hips, legs, knees and feet where there is an ache. Rub it in good and hard, and the first thing you know you'll feel at least ten years younger. Omega Oil is good for everything a liniment ought to be good for.

Your druggist sells Omega Oil, or can get it for you of any wholesale druggist. The Omega Chemical Co., 257 Broadway, New York, will mail a bottle, prepaid, for 50c. in cash, money order or stamps. 756

Angier's Petroleum Emulsion With Hypophosphites

FOR CHILDREN'S COUGHS

A bottle of Angier's Petroleum Emulsion is sometimes worth its weight in gold, especially when the little one awakens you in the middle of the night with its harsh, croupy cough,—That's the time when the supreme value of Angier's Petroleum Emulsion is emphasized by its quick action in relieving and effecting a cure. Read this letter:—

TONSILITIS AND NIGHT COUGH:—*My little girl has been troubled for some time with tonsilitis accompanied with a very severe hacking cough, being especially painful at night. We gave her several bottles of cod liver oil without giving her any relief at all. We then tried Angier's Petroleum Emulsion and Tablets and were agreeably surprised at the quick result, the first bottle curing her almost entirely.*
R. H. HOWARD, Toronto, Ontario.

The above letter is a sample of thousands we receive telling of great benefits derived through the use of Angier's Petroleum Emulsion.

All druggists sell it. Two sizes, 50 cts. and $1.00 a bottle. Be sure you get ANGIER'S.

YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS on a postal card will bring you a free copy of a valuable booklet entitled, "About Your Throat and Lungs." It tells how to care for the Throat, Lungs, and Digestive Organs. It gives good advice as to Diet and Hygiene, also Exercises, which are illustrated.

ANGIER CHEMICAL COMPANY BOSTON, MASS

No Gripe, Pain

Or discomfort, no irritation of the intestines—but gentle, prompt, thorough healthful cleansing, when you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

THE MARKETS.

THE LOCAL MARKET.

A. M. HAMILTON & SON'S REPORT.

London, Thursday, March 6.

Wheat, white, per bu	78c to 80c
Wheat, red, per bu	78c to 80c
Oats, per bu	41c to 42½c
Peas, per bu	70c to 85c
Corn, per bu	61½c to 62c
Barley, per bu	53c to 55c
Buckwheat per bu	55c to 58c

Wheat was quiet and unchanged at $1 30 per 100 lbs; supply light.

Oats came in more freely and sold off about 2c; the close was $1 21.

Corn brought $1 10 to $1 12; demand good.

No other kind of grain came in.

Hay was plentiful again; the last four days over 200 loads came in; the price today was $8 to $9 a ton.

Quotations:

GRAIN.			
Wheat, white, per 100 lbs.	1 30	@	1 33
Wheat, red, per 100 lbs.	1 30	@	1 31
Oats, per 100 lbs.	1 20	@	1 23
Peas, per 100 lbs.	1 15	@	1 35
Corn, per 100 lbs.	1 10	@	1 10
Barley, per 100 lbs.	1 10	@	1 15
Beans per bu.	80	@	1 00
Buckwheat, per 100 lbs.	1 10	@	1 20
Rye, per 100 lbs.	1 10	@	1 15
HAY AND SEEDS.			
Hay, per load	8 00	@	9 00
Straw, per ton	6 00	@	6 00
Timothy seed, per bu	2 00	@	3 00
Clover seed, red, bu	4 70	@	4 80
Clover seed, alsike, bu	7 50	@	8 00

FOR HOUSEKEEPERS.

The market today as far as attendance and supplies was concerned was a great improvement over those of the past few weeks.

Hay and Straw—There has been marketed during the past four days 190 loads of hay. The demand is fair, considering the quality offered. Today there was 50 loads on the stand, selling at $8 to $8 50 per ton. Straw was in fair supply at $6 per ton.

Butter and Eggs—Butter was in fair supply at prices quoted. Eggs took a drop in price at 18c to 20c per dozen by the basket lots.

Apples—Were plentiful; a couple of loads of medium grade apples sold at $3 per barrel; choice ones are held at $4 per barrel.

Vegetables—No change of price of any account from those quoted. The demand and supply is fair.

Poultry—Not a great deal in. Prices are unaltered.

Dressed Hogs—Quite a lot in and prices were easier, selling at $7 to $7 50 per cwt; $7 25 was most frequently paid.

Live Hogs—Prices could not be obtained for next shipment from here.

WHOLESALE DEALERS' PRICES.			
Eggs, store lots, doz	20	@	22
Butter, crock, per lb	17	@	18
Butter, creamery, lb rolls	20	@	21
Butter, store lots	15	@	17
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes, per bag	65	@	75
Onions, per bu	75	@	1 00
Celery, per doz	30	@	40
Savory and sage, doz	20	@	20
Mint, per doz	15	@	15
Parsley, per doz	15	@	25
LIVE HOGS.			
Hogs, small, per pair	4 00	@	6 00
Hogs, select, per cwt	5 75	@	5 75
Hogs, light, per 100 lbs	5 50	@	5 50
Hogs, singers, per 100 lbs	5 75	@	5 75
Hogs, heavy, per 100 lbs	2 00	@	4 00
DRESSED HOGS.			
Dressed hogs, light	7 50	@	8 00
Dressed, 100 lbs, selects	7 50	@	8 00
Dressed, 100 lbs, heavy	5 00	@	6 00
DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Butter lb rolls, baskets	17	@	19
Butter, crock, lb	17	@	18
Butter, creamery, lb	20	@	21
Butter, store lots	17	@	19
Eggs, doz, basket lots	20	@	22
Eggs, doz, new laid	22	@	23
Honey, per lb	10	@	12½
Cheese, per lb, retail	12	@	12½
Lard, per lb, wholesale	11	@	11½
POULTRY.			
Geese, per lb	7	@	7½
Turkeys, per pair	11	@	12
Turkeys, per lb	12	@	13
Ducks, per pair	60	@	90
Chickens, pair pair	75	@	90
Hens, per pair, live	40	@	50
MEATS, HIDES, ETC.			
Beef, per lb	5	@	7
Beef, carcases	5	@	7
Mutton, quarters, per lb	6	@	7
Lamb, quarters	6 50	@	7 50
Calfskins, green	7	@	8
Lambskins	20	@	25

Tomato Cabbage SEED

Should be started now, in a sunny window or hothouse.

Hamilton's 373 Talbot St near King St

TORONTO HAY MARKET.

Toronto, March 5.—Baled hay—The market is steady with a fair demand and light offerings; No. 1 timothy offers at $10 25 on track here. Baled straw—Is quiet with a good demand and fair offerings, at $5 50 on track here.

HIDES, SKINS AND TALLOW.

Toronto, March 4.—Hides—The offerings are more liberal, the demand is only fair, and the market is unchanged; No. 1 green cows are quoted at 7c, No. 2 at 6c, and No. 3 at 5c, and steers at 8c; cured cows, 7½c, and steers, 8½c. Sheepskins—The market is steady, at 75c to 80c. Calfskins—Steady; No. 1 are quoted at 9c and No. 2 at 8c. Tallow—Steady; local dealers are offering 5½c to 6c, and asking 6¼c to 6½c.

WOOL MARKET.

Toronto, March 4.—The demand here is rather slow for all kinds. There is an absence of export bids at anything near a level which would show a fair profit, or indeed any profit on purchases made some time ago. It is noticeable, however, that many lots have been taken at country points for export during the past six months, and the trade and navigation returns show that the exports for December amounted to 351,937 lbs, and that for the last six months of last year the total exports amounted to 905,000 lbs. It is figured by local dealers that, after allowing a fair quantity for January and February, the total stocks left in this province must be reduced to something in the neighborhood of 500,000 lbs. If these facts are correct, and there is no reason to doubt their accuracy, the remaining stocks will be held with increasing confidence. It is believed that much of the wool sold for export the past six months represents a considerable loss, and that little of it returned any profit to the sellers. A fact which is not generally known is that, so far as American mills are concerned, Ontario wools are now in direct competition with South American wools. An offer submitted to a big Yankee concern recently was carefully figured on by them, and the seller was informed that they had concluded to reject the offer and purchase South American wools. Pulled wools are dull. Fleece—The demand continues slow and the market is dull; local dealers are quoting 13c for washed fleece and 7½c for unwashed. Pulled wools—Quiet, the home mills taking only moderate lots; prices are steady, at 18c to 19c for extras and 14c to 15c for supers.

LEATHER MARKET.

Toronto, March 4.—The demand is very fair, and prices are unchanged and generally firm. We quote: Sole, slaughter, medium heavy, per lb, 30c to 32c; Spanish, No. 1 heavy, per lb, 29c to 30c; No. 2, 26c to 29c; No. 8, 26c to 28c; calfskin, Canadian, 70c to 82c; calfskin, French, $1 15 to $1 50; French kip, 80c to 90c; Canadian kip, 60c to 65c; upper light, medium, 40c to 45c; splits, 25c to 28c; buff, per foot, 13c to 16c; pebble, 14c to 16c; harness, union oak tanned, No. 1, 32c to 34c; No. 2, 30c to 32c; light, 29c to 31c; cod oil, per gallon, 40c to 45c; degras, per lb, 4c to 4½c; japonica, per lb, 6c to 7c; hemlock extract, 3¾c; lampblack, 20c to 25c; sumac, per ton, $70.

OIL MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 5.—Oil closed at $1 15.

OIL CITY, Pa., March 5.—Credit balances, $1 15; certificates, no bid or offer.

LONDON, March 5.—Petroleum, American refined, 6 15-16c; spirits, 6⅞d.

ANTWERP, March 5.—Petroleum, 17 francs 50 centimes.

BREMEN, March 5.—Petroleum, 6 marks 35 pfennings.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 6.—Oil opened at $1 15.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

MONTREAL, March 5.—Cheese, 10c to 11c. Butter—Townships, 21c to 22c; western, 15c to 17c.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 5.—Butter—Easy; creameries, 18c to 25c; dairies, 18c to 23c. Cheese—Steady, 10¾c to 12¼c. Eggs—Weak; fresh, 18c to 19c.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

CHICAGO, March 5.—Speculation on the board of trade was dull today. Fluctuations were over a narrow range, and though the tone ruled firm the greater part of the day on the bullish crop reports, the close showed May wheat and May corn only ⅛c to ¼c higher, and May oats ⅛c to ¼c lower; provisions closed 7½c to 10c lower. Local receipts of wheat were 37 cars, 3 of contract grade; Minneapolis and Duluth reported 123 cars, making a total for the three points of 250 cars, against 362 cars last week and 332 cars a year ago. Primary receipts were 405,000 bu, against 607,000 bu last year. Seaboard clearances in wheat and flour equaled 611,000 bu. Estimated receipts for tomorrow: Wheat, 30 cars; corn, 110 cars; oats, 70 cars; hogs, 40,000 head.

The leading futures closed: Wheat—No. 2, May, 76⅜c; July, 76¾c; Sept., 76⅛c. Corn—No. 2, May, 61⅝c to 62c; July, 61¼c to 61⅜c; Sept., 59¼c. Oats—No. 2, May, 44⅛c to 44¼c; July, 35½c; Sept., 30¼c. Mess pork—May, $15 10; July, $15 30. Lard—May, $9 27½; July, $9 40; Sept., $9 50. Short ribs—May, $8 27½; July, $8 40; Sept., $8 52½.

Cash quotations: Flour steady. No. 3 spring wheat, 75½c; No. 2 red, 81½c to 83c. No. 2 oats, 44⅝c to 44¾c; No. 2 white, 46c to 47c; No. 3 white, 44¾c to 46c. No. 2 rye, 58½c to 59c. Fair to choice malting barley, 59c to 62½c. No. 1 flaxseed, $1 66; No. 1 northwestern, $1 71. Prime timothy seed, $6 35. Mess pork, $15 to $15 10; lard, $9 12½ to $9 15; short ribs sides, $8 10 to $8 30; dry salted shoulders, 7⅛c to 7¼c; short clear sides, $8 55 to $8 65.

Receipts—Flour, 52,000 bbls; wheat, 85,000 bu; corn, 102,000 bu; oats, 155,000 bu; rye, 1,000 bu; barley, 26,000 bu.

Shipments—Flour, 32,000 bbls; wheat, 34,000 bu; corn, 31,000 bu; oats, 108,000 bu; rye, 7,600 bu; barley, 15,000 bu.

TOLEDO, March 5.—Wheat—Cash, 84c; May, 84¼c; July, 80⅝c. Corn—March, 60c; May, 62¾c; July, 62c. Oats—March, 44¼c; May, 44¼c; July, 36¾c. Clover seed—Dull but strong; March, $5 60; April, $5 55. Oil—North Lima, 85c; South Lima and Indiana, 80c.

DETROIT BEAN MARKET.

Detroit, March 6.—May beans were in demand, but prices did not change. Quotations: Cash, $1 51; May, 3 cars at $1 49; June, $1 48 asked.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, March 5.—Beeves—Receipts, 2,700; steers strong to 15c higher; bulls and cows opened strong, closed about same as Monday; all sold; steers, $5 40 to $6 80; oxen and stags, $4 10 to $5 75; bulls, $3 to $4 65; extra fat do, $4 75 to $5; cows, $2 25 to $4 40; extra heavy do, $4 90; cables steady; exports, 1,410 cattle, 1,281 sheep and 15,000 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts, 508; veals 50c higher; barnyard calves almost nominal; all sold; veals, $4 50 to $8 50; little calves, $3 50 to $4; city dressed veals, 8½c to 12c per lb; extra, 12½c. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 1,379; sheep and lambs both firm to 10c higher; about all sold; sheep, $4 to $5 62¼; culls, $2 50; lambs, $6 25 to $7 12½; culls, $5 50. Hogs—Receipts, 843 head; steady; state hogs, $6 60; a few fancy light do, $6 75; western hogs nominal.

CHICAGO, March 5.—Cattle—Receipts, 21,000, including 500 Texans; slow and 10c to 15c lower; good to prime steers, $6 50 to $7; poor to medium, $4 to $6 30; stockers and feeders, $2 25 to $5; cows, $1 25 to $5 25; heifers, $2 25 to $5 50; canners, $1 25 to $2 25; bulls, $2 25 to $4 50; calves, $2 50 to $6 25; Texas fed steers, $4 50 to $5 90. Hogs—Receipts today, 38,000; tomorrow, 33,000; left over, 4,000; slow and 5c to 10c lower; mixed and butchers, $5 85 to $6 35; good to choice heavy, $6 25 to $6 40; rough heavy, $5 90 to $6 15; light, $5 75 to $6; bulk of sales at $5 95 to $6 25. Sheep—Receipts, 16,000; sheep slow and lower; lambs, 10c to 15c lower; good to choice wethers, $4 60 to $5 25; western sheep and yearlings, $4 60 to $6; native lambs, $3 75 to $6 60; western lambs, $5 25 to $6 50.

EAST BUFFALO, March 5.—Cattle—Receipts, 160 head; steady at yesterday's advance of 10c to 15c on all grades, and all were sold; veals, choice, $7 to $7 50; common to good, $5 to $6 75. Hogs—Receipts, 3,000 head; very slow and generally 10c lower except for pigs, which were full steady; Yorkers, $6 25 to $6 30; light do, $6 05 to $6 20; mixed packers, $6 40 to $6 45; choice heavy, $6 55 to $6 60; pigs, $5 70 to $5 75; roughs, $5 75 to $6; stags, $4 25 to $4 75. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 7,000 head; sheep full firm; lambs in active demand and higher; choice lambs, $6 55 to $6 65; good to choice, $6 45 to $6 50; culls to fair, $5 40 to $6 40; sheep, choice handy wethers, $5 35 to $5 65; common to extra mixed, $4 60 to $5 25; culls and common, $3 50 to $4 50; choice to extra export wethers, $5 40 to $5 60; yearlings, good to choice, all wethers, $5 75 to $6.

OLD COUNTRY PRICES.

London, March 5.—Cattle are unchanged and steady at 12½c to 13¼c per lb, dressed weight; refrigerator beef is firmer at 10c to 10¼c per lb.

A PERMANENT CURE.

A Plattsville Lady Cured of a Very Severe Case Four Years Ago.

Plattsville, Ont., March 3.—Mrs. J. Barnett, whose remarkable case has been reported in nearly every newspaper in Canada, still continues in good health.

In the spring of 1898 she was a physical wreck and a few weeks' treatment of Dodd's Kidney Pills made her a well woman. Many people then believed that her improvement was only temporary, but all such have now been silenced, for she is today in the thankful enjoyment of a splendid health.

Her former symptoms have been described as follows:

Nervousness, rheumatism in the left arm, pains in the small of the back, up the spinal column, and back of the head through the eyes, the left side of the body and occasionally the right side as well, no appeptite and could not sleep at night."

Dodd's Kidney Pills cured her.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

March 5.	Reported at	From
Deutschland	New York	Hamburg
Teutonic	Queenstown	New York
Noordland	Queenstown	Philadelphia
Graf Waldersee	Plymouth	New York
St. Louis	Southampton	New York

PILES — ITCHING, BLIND OR BLEEDING.

Symptoms: Moisture; intense itching and stinging, most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists' or by mail, for 50 cents. For a free sample address Lyman Sons & Co., Montreal, wholesale agents.

puffing under eyes, frequent thirst, scanty, cloudy, highly colored urine, and all urinary troubles lead to Bright's disease, dropsy, diabetes, etc. Doan's Kidney Pills are a sure cure.

DECLINE TO INTERFERE

United States Will Do Nothing for the Boers.

Delegates Wolmarans and Wessels Interview the President.

Manitoba Troopers Come in Contact With the Enemy—Several of the Canadians Wounded.

Washington, March 6.—The Boer representatives, Messrs. Wolmarans and Wessels, who came to the United States from Europe for the purpose of conferring with the secretary of state, were received by Mr. Hay at 11 o'clock yesterday morning. It was distinctly understood that the Boers were to be received as private citizens, and not in any official capacity. The principal object of the delegates was to induce the United States government to do something to terminate the present bloody struggle in South Africa. They were not very specific as to what they wanted, and apparently would be satisfied with anything from intervention direct to a simple tender of the good offices on the part of the United States.

The secretary of state heard them attentively and promised to consider their representations and to do whatever he could to ameliorate the conditions in South Africa. But he pointed out that the president was the prime authority in such matters and he recommended that the Boers see Mr. Roosevelt and ascertain his views. This they agreed to do.

A matter of complaint by the delegates was the shipment of horses, mules and provisions from the United States for the British forces in South Africa. Secretary Hay went over the subject very carefully with them, citing authorities and precedents, which, he pointed out, conclusively established the lack of authority on the part of the general government to stop the American farmer from shipping his provisions and the stock raiser from selling his produce anywhere in the world where they could get the best price. He also pointed out that the government's attitude in this, as in other matters connected with the South African war, had been strictly neutral, and that the government had done nothing to prevent shipments of commodities to the Boer forces.

Later in the day Messrs. Wolmarans and Wessels, accompanied by Dr. Frederick Mueller, of the Orange Free State, called at the White House. They were received by President Roosevelt in the library, and remained with him about fifteen minutes. They called as private citizens, and not in their official capacity as Boer representatives, Mr. Roosevelt listened attentively to what they had to say, and then informed them that this government cannot and will not interfere in the struggle.

BOER LEADERS' CONFERENCE.

London, March 6.—In a dispatch dated Pretoria the correspondent of the Standard says that Mr. Steyn and Gen. Dewet have passed the Natal line, and, it is reported, are conferring with Gen. Botha in the Utrecht district.

THE NEW ZEALANDERS.

A dispatch to the London Times from Wellington, N. Z., says the Earl of Hopetoun and federal and state premiers have telegraphed warm messages in regard to the bravery of New Zealanders in the recent operations against Dewet. Hopetoun's message congratulates New Zealand on the magnificent bravery of her sons, and predicts their heroic work must end the war.

"IN TOUCH" WITH THE ENEMY.

Otawa, March 5.—The following interesting letter has been received by W. A. Coulson, of this city:

"Buffalo Dom. Gold Mines, near Klerksdorp, Transvaal, Jan. 18, 1902.—I am sending you a few items which may be of interest to you.

"The Manitoba contingent of the S. A. C. came in contact with the enemy about two weeks ago at a place called Withoortjeka Farm, situated about midway between Frederickstaad and Ventersdorp. They suffered quite heavily, the returns being three Canadians killed and five wounded, including Capt. McCloud, slightly. The Boer losses were 19 killed; number of wounded unknown. I cannot give our losses, as I have simply seen heliograph reports, no names being instituted. This is the troop formerly commanded by Capt. Billy Lawless. He left Krugersdorp to take over his command in the Scottish Horse about a month ago. I had a short conversation with him at that time. Apparently his relations with headquarters here were anything but pleasant. However, he was greatly liked by his men for his fighting qualities.

CANADIANS SCATTERED.

"No. 17 Troop (British Columbia) has been split into small parties of two and three, and sent to different troops in a division. The cause given was the insubordination of the troopers—a charge without the slightest foundation, and due, I think, to the utter inability of the British army officers to understand and sympathize with Canadian and other colonial characteristics. They have the idea, I think, that we Canadians came simply and solely for the purpose of earning the magnificent stipend of five shillings a day, which, to the average English trooper, represents more money than they ever saw before in their lives. No, sir, we didn't come out here for five shillings a day. But we did come out as a body of Canadian troops, willing and able to fight for nothing, if necessary, and keep up and maintain the good name Canada and the colonies have enjoyed during this campaign. However, as it is, a hundred Canadians from British Columbia, in place of fighting as a body under a Canadian officer, are simply a lot of Canadian adventurers, serving among the Scotch and English troops forming this division. Of course, as far as we men are concerned, the incident is closed. We have no recourse, and will have to grin and bear it. I imagine Canadian journals have heard something about this matter from other quarters.

THE SITUATION.

"Now, as to the war proper. People at home must understand that an occasional disaster, such as befell Col. Benson's column, can hardly be avoided. They make no material difference in the standing order of things, and do not affect the issue one iota. The situation is this: The enemy, what there is of them, are usually split up into small commandos of from 50 to 200 men. Each of these parties have one of our columns after them continually, usually from 500 to 1,000 men, with a few guns. Now, the Boers are utterly unable to attack from lack of numbers, so they gather up a dozen or so of these small parties, make a demonstration and immediately disband, each party going to a different direction, and in 24 hours are hundreds of miles from the place of attack.

MOBILITY OF THE BOERS.

"It is hard to understand how they can move so fast. But to us it is quite feasible. They usually have two horses apiece, carry no baggage, and where their food supply comes from is a standing mystery. We, on the other hand, burdened down with a heavy convoy of forage, ammunition and heavy guns, can move five miles an hour at the outside. As far as getting away is concerned, they have every advantage. All we can do is to keep them on the run. Every Boer now in the field is a past master at the game of hide and seek.

CRUELTY OF THE DUTCH.

"There are very few of the Dutch now in the field who have not a record of cruelty and atrocity behind them. Their treatment of our wounded when they fall into their hands is something horrible. Take, for instance, their conduct at Witpoortje, a few weeks ago. They rob every man of anything of value he possesses, and then strip him, wounded and bleeding as he is, of every particle of clothing on the body. The Manitoba fellows who were wounded the other day were treated in this manner, and in addition to the ordinary tortures of thirst and pain of wounds, had to suffer from the fierce heat pouring on their unprotected bodies for almost twelve hours. You can imagine the result. God help 'Brother Boer' when he runs into a Canadian from now on."

The letter closes with a defense of the refugee camps, and says the people are treated with every consideration.

STEPPED IN FRONT OF GRAND TRUNK TRAIN

Apparently Deliberate Suicide of a Man in the Vicinity of Chatham.

Chatham, Ont., March 6.—As Grand Trunk train No. 175, extra, westbound freight train, was approaching the L. E. and D. R. R. crossing yesterday morning about 10 o'clock the driver observed a man walking east on the north track. He pulled the whistle for the diamond, but did not deem it necessary to blow the whistle again, as the man was on the other track and was walking toward the approaching train. Just before the train reached the man the driver says he deliberately stepped on to the south track, and as he did so he waved his hand to the oncoming train.

Although the driver applied the air brakes immediately, the train was going 30 miles an hour when it struck the unfortunate man. The train was soon brought to a standstill, but by the time the train hands reached the body life was extinct. The remains were brought to the depot, and were viewed by Coroner Bray, after which they were removed to an undertaker's. The body was badly crushed and bruised, and the legs were badly broken.

Letters found on his person show that the unfortunate man's name was James W. Lane, an expert carver, and had been employed in Toronto and Peterboro.

KILLED BY NICKEL FUMES.

Copper Cliff, Ont., March 6.—A peculiar accident occurred at the Ontario smelting works, by which George Legault, an employe, lost his life. Contrary to orders, he remained in the dust-room when the hose was turned on, and the fumes caused by the water coming into contact with the hot nickel dust inflicted such severe burns that he succumbed soon after. Montrose Hayes, an employe of the Canadian Copper Company, at Creighton mines, whose duty it was to attend to the ore bins, accidentlly fell into one of the bins and was smothered to death. The remains were taken to him home, Pembroke, for burial.

PADEREWSKI'S SINCEREST COMPLIMENT.

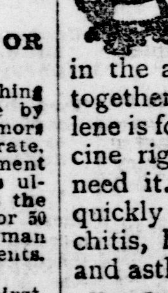
New York, March 6.—Recently Paderewski, the pianist, surprised and delighted the girls who sang in the chorus of the pianist's opera, "Manru," by causing to be placed in each of their pay envelopes a $10 gold piece, with compliments of the composer. The ballet girls added their cries of delight to the general acclamation when they found an extra $5 added to their weekly pay. Now the name of Paderewski is revered in that section of the land on which Metropolitan Opera House is located.

VICTIMS OF SNOWSLIDES.

Telluride, Col., March 6.—The bodies of Reddin Boughen and John Nixon were found yesterday in the ruins of their cabin, which had been crushed by a snowslide. The men were working a mine in Bear Creek basin, about five miles from Telluride. The basin is full of slides, and it is feared that other miners have been killed there. The body of James Kraul, who was killed by the first snowslide at the Liberty Bell mine, was found yesterday by a party which was preparing the boarding house for the use of the rescue parties. Fourteen bodies are known to be still in the snow.

DOMINION BOARD OF TRADE.

Ottawa, March 6.—The Dominion board of trade has been resuscitated. The new officers are: President, John P. Coates, Ottawa; vice-president, W. M. Jarvis, of St. John, representing New Brunswick; Williams, Three Rivers, for Quebec; Barker, of Hamilton, for Ontario; Thos. Earle, M.P., Victoria, for the West; Sir Sanford Fleming, of Ottawa, representing Nova Scotia. Council—R. A. Elliott, Toronto; Hale, Orillia; A. Foster, Pembroke; Arch. McNee, Windsor; Thos. MacFarlane, Ottawa; J. D. Flavelle, Lindsay; D. F. Bruce, M.P., Hamilton, G. A. Chapman, Toronto, honorary secretary. The following boards have affiliated: Vancouver, Victoria, Orillia, Windsor, Hamilton, London, Waterloo, Iroquois, Lindsay, Three Rivers, Pembroke, St. John, North Sydney, C. B., Collingwood, Nelson, B. C., and Oakville.



Your Throat.

Gargles can't go back far enough; sprays don't reach deep enough; but the air you breathe touches every part. Then why not put some healing medicine in the air and let them go along together? That is what Vapo-Cresolene is for. It puts the healing medicine right on the places that most need it. You now see why it so quickly cures sore throat, bronchitis, hoarseness, whooping-cough and asthma. 20

Vapo-Cresolene is sold by druggists everywhere. The Vaporizer and Lamp, which should last a lifetime, and a bottle of Cresolene complete, $1.50; extra supplies of Cresolene 25 cents and 50 cents. Illustrated booklet, containing physicians' testimonials free upon request. Vapo-Cresolene Co. 180 Fulton St., New York, U.S.A.

THE GOVERNMENT TO CONTROL THE RATES

Mr. Fitzpatrick's Telegraph and Telephone Bill Introduced—A Division in the House.

Ottawa, March 5.—Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick this afternoon introduced the telegraph and telephone bill, which gives the governor-in-council control of telegraph and telephone rates. The measure was prepared several months ago, the minister of justice said, and the intention was to have introduced it early in the session, but unavoidable delays prevented this from being done. He proposed, on the second reading, to ask for a reference to the railway committee in order to grant a hearing to all interests affected and secure all possible information, and thus make sure that the government was legislating for the general good without injuring any special interests. The bill is not retroactive in its provisions as regards the regulation of rates, but provides that a company shall, within a certain time, prepare a rate of tolls to be charged. Then these tolls are to be submitted to the governor-in-council and determined within a certain time. Afterwards they become applicable throughout the whole Dominion. Mr. Maclean congratulated the government upon introducing a good bill, although he thought the measure might have gone further.

MR. FITZPATRICK'S BILL.

Hon. Mr. Fitzpatrick, in explanation of his bill respecting telegraph and telephone companies, said: "As declared by the title of this bill, it is applicable to telegraph and telephone companies. So far as telegraph companies are concerned, it is a mere consolidation of law now in force with reference to these companies, and the only change with respect to telegraph companies, is a provision for the control of the rates of telegraph companies by the government or governor-in-council. This is a new feature in this bill. The bill, I may say, was prepared several months ago by my predecessor, and the intention was to introduce it in the early days of this session, but because of changes that took place it was necessary for me to have some consultation in order finally to fix the terms in which the bill is now introduced. In a word, the bill makes applicable several provisions of the railway act to telephone and telegraph companies, and it also makes applicable to telephone companies certain provisions of the existing telegraph bill. The new features of the bill are control by the governor-general-in-council of the rates to be charged both by telegraph and telephone companies, and also regulations for the exchange of business between the different companies.

"In order to make the bill one of general application it was necessary to make special reference to existing telephone companies; that is to say, as the law now stands there is but one telephone company in Canada that is at the present time under the legislative jurisdiction of the Federal Parliament, that is the Bell Telephone Company. My desire, as I said a moment ago, is to make this law one of general application, applicable, as far as possible to all telephone companies in Canada, and provision has been made in the bill for that purpose.

The bill was then read a first time.

CLAYTON-BULWER TREATY.

Mr. Monk made a speech in favor of the production of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty and the Alaskan boundary negotiations.

The premier refused the motion on the ground that imperial interests were concerned in the first case and in the second negotiations were still in progress and might soon be settled.

Sir Richard Cartwright added the plea that the premier will shortly discuss the whole subject with Mr. Chamberlain in London.

99 TO 53.

A motion by Mr. Charlton to have the auditor-general's report issued in sections before parliament meets was opposed by the government, and was defeated by 99 to 53.

The house adjourned at 8:15 p.m.

DEATH TO BE INVESTIGATED.

St. Thomas, March 6.—Crown Attorney Donahue has received a communication from the attorney-general's department instructing him to hold an inquest on the body of David Valentine, who was found frozen to death near Burleigh Falls, Peterboro county. Valentine had been absent from St. Thomas about three months. It was thought he had met death by being frozen and an inquest was deemed unnecessary. A few days ago his daughter and Chas. Bowright went to Peterboro, and from the stories they heard, decided to have an inquest held. The body in the meantime had been interred in the St. Thomas Cemetery.

IT NEEDS NO TESTIMONIAL.—It is a guarantee in itself. If testimonials were required they could be furnished in thousands from all sorts and conditions of men in widely different places. Many medicines are put forth every year which have but an ephemeral existence and then are heard of no more. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil has grown in reputation every day since it first made its appearance.

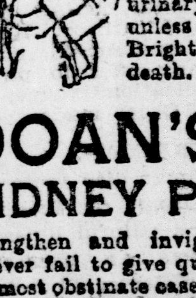
Gardenias are the fashionable flower of the season in New York.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c. yw

Trinidad will exhibit at the next Industrial Exhibition at Toronto.

Professional Men.



It's the constant strain and worry under which the professional man labors, the irregularity of habits and loss of rest that makes him peculiarly susceptible to kidney troubles. First it's backache, then urinary difficulties, then—unless it's attended to—Bright's Disease and—death.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Strengthen and invigorate the kidneys—never fail to give quick relief and cure the most obstinate cases.

Rev. M. P. Campbell, pastor of the Baptist Church, Essex, Ont., says: "From my personal use of Doan's Kidney Pills, which I got at Sharon's drug store, I can say they are a most excellent remedy for kidney troubles, and I recommend them to sufferers from such complaints."

"Always the Best of Everything for the Least Money."

GRAY & PARKER. GRAY & PARKER.

SPRING DRESS GOODS.

We are ready. The new Dress Goods are here. All the latest ideas of weave and finish are to be found in our Dress Goods Department. We can also help you in the making. We have opened a skirt making department (under the management of Mrs. Green), where you can have your skirt made—and made well—at 50c and 75c for making and fitting. Order early.

BEAUTIFUL CREPELINES—All wool, in cream, black, castor, old rose, light blue, reseda and gray, only, yard........50c

ALL-WOOL SATIN CLOTH—New blue, green, fawn and brown, for, yard........75c

ALL-WOOL BRIGHT FINISH HOMESPUNS—54 inches wide, suitable for rainy day skirts or suits, our usual price 69c per yard and 85c per yard, in all the shades of gray, and also in navy and black.

VOILE DRESS GOODS—All wool, nice light weight, full range of colors, yard........50c

CREPENETTE—All wool, in reseda, gray, castor, old rose and brown, per yard........75c

BLACK DRESS GOODS—Our stocks of Black Dress Goods are simply beautiful; must be seen to be appreciated; all prices, all kinds, from........25c up

We Pay Special Attention to Dress Goods.

Gray & Parker

150 Dundas Street — Phone 1182.

JOTTINGS FROM NEAR-BY PLACES

BRUSSELS.

Brussels, March 5.—Mr. Thomas Thompson, of Listowel, will move back to Brussels in the near future. Mr. Thompson will assist his brother, Robert Thompson, in the latter's business.

Missionary anniversary services were held in the Methodist Church last Sunday.

Miss Luella Holmes spent a few days in Wingham last week.

Mr. R. Leatherdale has recovered from an attack of la grippe.

Messrs. John Willbee and Will Good have been on the sick list for a few days.

Mrs. A. Bruce will leave for Manitoba on March 11.

There were fifteen interments in Brussels cemetery during the month of February.

Rev. R. S. G. Anderson, M.A., B.D., of Wroxeter, gave his illustrated lecture on the "Kingdom of Life" in the Presbyterian Church on the evening of March 3.

A quiet wedding was solemnized in town by Rev. John Holmes, of the Methodist Church, last week, when Mr. Thomas Barrows and Miss Ella Howlett were united.

Horse-Buyers Walker and Moore made a shipment of heavy horses to Manitoba last Thursday. Others may follow.

East Huron license board met at the Queen's Hotel here last Wednesday. Mr. George Fortune was re-elected chairman.

Messrs. Denbow have cut over 150 tons of ice for next summer's use.

Three cars of salt have been shipped from this station this week.

The late Postmaster Spence, of Ethel, was a member of Western Star Lodge, No. 149, I. O. O. F., Brussels. A beautifully worded resolution of sympathy was forwarded by the lodge to Mrs. Spence and family.

The remains of Mrs. D. F. Brennan (daughter of Mrs. Thuell, Alexander street), who died in a New York hospital last week, were brought to Brussels for interment.

There are at present over 5,000 volumes in the Brussels Public Library.

The new Cober Carriage Factory is booming.

A short time ago Mr. W. H. Kerr, editor of The Post, and secretary of East Huron Agricultural Society, made application to Hon. John Dryden, minister of agriculture, to have an experimental test made at or near Brussels to determine the rate of growth, etc., of the sugar beet. Mr. Dryden has replied in the affirmative, and the necessary arrangements will be made forthwith.

ARVA.

Arva, March 4.—The missionary tea held in the Arva Methodist Church on Thursday evening, Feb. 27, was a success, considering the state of the roads. Mrs. (Rev.) T. E. Harrison, of London, gave a very inspiring, instructive and interesting address on missionary work. Mrs. Wm. Guest, of London, West, and a former member of the Arva Auxiliary, W. M. S., gave a few encouraging words to the members of the auxiliary. Misses Lawrence, Mills, Webb and Marden rendered solos and duets very acceptable and efficiently. Miss Hager acted as accompanist. All present decided a very enjoyable time had been spent.

RANSOM NORTON'S CASE.

Toronto, March 6.—In the legislature, on Friday next, Mr. Whitney will inquire of the ministry:

Is the government aware that R. Norton, of the city of London, was, on the 29th of January, convicted of having at the last municipal elections, made additions and interlineations of names in poll book, and that Norton was sentenced to the Central Prison with hard labor for six months? If so, why is it that Norton has not been removed to the Central Prison in pursuance of his sentence?

Mr. Whitney will also move for an order of the house for copies of the information, conviction and commitment to the Central Prison in the case of Norton.

DO YOU FEEL SEEDY?

If You Are Nervous, Depressed, Sleepless, and Suffer From Sick Stomach, Headache, Constipation and Indigestion, You Need a Good Tonic Like Ferrozone to Build Up the System.

Thousands are in this dreadful condition, only half alive, unable to stand the strain of work and worry. There is no sense or reason in trying to be comfortable with the idea that it will pass off, and that you are going to be better soon. Unless the system is cleansed of the impurities that poison the blood, you will never be better.

The best remedy is Ferrozone. It achieves marvelous results in chronic wasting diseases, nervous prostration, faulty nutrition, heart disease and stomach troubles.

Ferrozone promotes healthy digestion, which results in all food being assimilated. Nutrition is vastly improved, the blood grows rich and red and gives stability to the entire system. The store of nerve energy and force increases daily by the use of Ferrozone. The process of waste is arrested, and in its place a rebuilding of the whole system takes place.

Diseased conditions cannot exist where Ferrozone is used. It attacks disease at its very foundation, and by keeping the body well nourished and supplied with strong blood and a powerful nervous organization prevents and keeps away all manner of sickness.

There is no blood builder, nerve tonic and strength producer that can equal Ferrozone, and few people are so well but they could derive great benefit from its use. It is valuable in Nervous Dyspepsia, Anaemia, Weakness, Impure Blood, Bronchitis, Neuralgia and Rheumatism. It is prepared in the form of a chocolate-coated tablet, and is both pleasant and convenient to use.

Ferrozone produces that high standard of health so much desired by everyone. It brings back the rosy tint to the pale cheeks of the Anaemic girls and women. It puts grace and elasticity into their movements, gives lustre and brightness to the eye, and symmetry and roundness to the form. It gives a man new strength and energy with which to pursue his daily toil, and can be relied upon at all times to benefit and give perfect satisfaction.

You can't invest half a dollar to better advantage than in a box of Ferrozone. Your druggist has it, or it will be mailed to your address if price is forwarded to N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Purely Vegetable

Putnam's Painless corn Extractor is purely vegetable in composition. Putnam's Corn Extractor makes no sore spots; don't lay a man up for a week. Beware of acid substitutes. By druggists.

THE great lung healer is found in that excellent medicine sold as Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It soothes and diminishes the sensibility of the membrane of the throat and air passages, and is a sovereign remedy for all coughs, colds, hoarseness, pain or soreness in the chest, bronchitis, etc. It has cured many when supposed to be far advanced in consumption.

March Snaps.

Four cans of Corn for 25c; Fresh Beets, per large can, 5c; Pork and Beans in Chili Sauce, large can, 10c. These are all bargains that are only good for a short time, as we can't always get them at such ridiculously low prices. Cash Bargain Grocery, 133 King Street; 'phone 968. Ring us up. Prompt delivery. Pay the man when he delivers the goods.

The 150th anniversary of Benjamin Franklin's kite-flying is near at hand.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHEA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's" Soothing Syrup.

Dr. Johnson's long association with the Strand, London, is to be renewed by placing a beautiful stained glass window in St. Clement Dane's Chapel.

NOTHING LOOKS more ugly than to see a person whose hands are covered over with warts. Why have these disfigurements on your person, when a sure remover of all warts, corns, etc., can be found in Holloway's Corn Cure?

No kissing ever occurs in Japan except between husband and wife, not even between a mother and child.

A TIME FOR EVERYTHING.—The time for Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil is when croupy conditions appear in the children; when rheumatic pains beset the old; when lumbago, asthma, coughs, colds, catarrh or earache attack either young or old; when burns, scalds, abrasions, contusions or sprains come to any member of the family. In any of these ailments it will give relief and work a cure.

F. H. BUTLER,

STOCK BROKER.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or on margin. Send for vest pocket manual. Long distance 'phone 1,278. OFFICES—Masonic Temple, London.

TO-DAY'S MARKETS

MONTREAL STOCKS.

MONTREAL, March 6.

	Ask.	Off.
Canadian Pacific Ry	110¾	110½
Duluth, com	15	13
Duluth, pref	28	25
Commercial Cable	155	150
Cable Coupon Bonds	..	..
Montreal Telegraph	170	169
Richelieu and Ontario	110	108
Montreal Street Railway	269	266
Montreal Street Railway, new	..	..
Toronto Street Railway	117	116¾
St. John Electric Railway	123	112½
Halifax Street Railway	115	110
Twin City Tram	113	112½
Montreal Heat and Power Co	97	95¼
Bell Telephone Company	169	167
Bank of Montreal	..	255
Ontario Bank	..	126
Molsons Bank	212	210
Bank of Toronto	240	230
Merchants Bank	..	147
Royal Bank	185	..
Quebec Bank	..	..
Union Bank	..	108
Bank of Commerce	..	..
Bank of Nova Scotia	..	..
Northwest Land, pref	..	..
Montreal Cotton Co	125	120
Canada Colored Cotton	64	57
Dominion Cotton	56	55

NEW YORK STOCKS.

New York, March 6.

Reported by F. H. Butler, stock broker, Masonic Temple, for The Advertiser.

	Yesterday's Close.	Open.	High.	Low.	2p.m.
Anaconda	32¼	32½	32½	32¼	32⅜
Amal. Copper	68⅜	67⅞	69¼	67⅞	69¼
Atcheson	75½	75½	75⅞	75½	75¾
Atcheson Pfd	96½	96⅛	96½	96⅛	96¼
B. & O	104¾	104¾	105	104¾	104¾
Brooklyn Tran	63⅝	64	64	63½	63¾
C. B. & Q	..	..	..	..	..
C. C. C	100⅜	100¾	101	101¼	101
C. F. I	88	88½	90¼	88	90¼
Erie	37	37¼	37¾	37½	37⅝
K. & T. Pfd	54½	..	..	..	..
L. & N	103½	103⅝	104	103⅝	104
Manhattan	131⅛	131⅛	131½	131½	131¼
Metropolitan St.	167½	167½	168	167½	168
Mo. P	98¾	99	99⅝	98¾	99⅛
N. Y. Central	162⅝	163	163½	162⅞	162⅞
Norfolk and W	57	57¼	57⅜	57¼	57⅜
N. Pacific, Pfd	..	..	..	..	..
Ont. and Western	33	33⅛	33¼	33	33⅛
Pacific Mail	45½	46	46½	46	46½
Pennsylvania	150⅛	150¾	151¼	150¾	151⅛
People's Gas	99¼	99¾	99¾	99⅛	99½
R. I	165⅛	165¼	165⅛	164⅝	164⅝
Reading	80	80¼	80⅜	80¼	80¼
St. Paul	163⅛	163¼	165⅛	163⅛	164⅝
Southern Ry. Pfd	95⅝	95¾	95⅞	95¾	95⅞
Southern Pacific	63¾	64	64⅜	64	64⅜
Texas	39½	39¾	39¾	39½	39⅝
T. C. I	68⅜	68⅝	70¼	68¾	70⅛
U. Pacific	99	99¼	99⅝	99	99⅜
W. U	90⅜	90⅝	90⅞	90⅜	90⅞
TRUSTS—					
Leather	81½	..	..	..	..
Sugar	127	127½	128	127½	127¾
U. S. Steel Com	42⅞	42⅞	43⅛	42⅞	42⅞
U. S. Steel Pfd	94¾	94¾	94⅞	94⅝	94⅞
Rubber	15¾	16¼	..	..	..

TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET.

Toronto, March 6.—Wheat—Dull, at 72½c to 73c for red and white, middle freights; goose, 68c to 68½c, low freights to New York; spring, 72c for No. 1 east; Manitoba, 88½c for No. 1 hard, 85c for No. 1 northern, and 82c for No. 2 northern, grinding in transit, Sarnia; No. 1 hard is quoted at 88½c, North Bay; No. 1 northern at 83½c, and No. 2 northern at 80c there. Flour—Not much inquiry; market dull; cars of 90 per cent patents, $2 85 in buyers' bags, middle freights; choice brands are 15c to 20c higher; Manitoba, $4 20 for cars of Hungarian patents and $4 for strong bakers in car lots, bags included, on the track, Toronto. Millfeed—Steady, at $13 50 for shorts and $16 50 for bran in bulk, middle freights. Barley—Quiet, at 57c for No. 1, 53½c for No. 2, and 50c for No. 3 extra and No. 3, middle freights. Buckwheat—Steady, at 50c, low freights to New York. Corn—Steady; No. 2 mixed, 56c; No. 2 yellow, 56c, west. Oats—Steady; No. 2 white, 42c east, with 41½c bid; offered at 41c, high freights. Peas—Steady, at 79c to 80c west. Butter—Steady; choice dairies do not offer very freely; good demand for creameries, and good grades sell readily; creamery prints, 22c to 23c; solids, 21c to 21½c; dairy pound rolls, choice, 16c to 18c; large rolls, choice, 16c to 17½c; tubs, 14c; medium and low grades, 10c to 12½c. Eggs—Lower; larger offerings; new-laid, 20c. Live hogs—Receipts today, 600; prices unchanged; choice bacon, 6c; heavy and light fat, 5¾c.

CHICAGO EXCHANGE.

Reported for The Advertiser by F. H. Butler, stock broker:

CHICAGO, March 6.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—May	76⅜	76¼	76⅛	76⅝
July	76⅜	77¼	76⅞	77
Corn—May	62	62⅛	61½	61¾
July	61¾	61½	60⅞	61¼
Oats—May	44⅛	44⅜	43⅞	44¾
July	35½	35⅜	35⅛	35⅜
Pork—May	15 05	15 25	15 05	15 25
Lard—May	9 27	9 37	9 27	9 37
Ribs—May	8 35	8 37	8 27	8 32

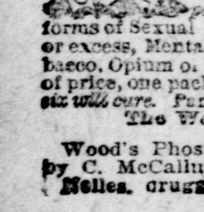
AMERICAN MARKETS.

NEW YORK, March 6.—Butter—Steady; receipts, 4,683 pkgs; creamery extras, per lb, 28c; do, firsts, 26½c to 27½c; do, seconds, 25c to 26c; do, lower grades, 22c to 24c; do, held fancy, 24c to 24½c; do, firsts, 22c to 23c; do, seconds, 20½c to 21½c; do, lower grades, 18c to 20c; state dairy tubs, fresh finest, 25c to 26c; do, fall-made best, 22c to 23c; do, fair to good, 20c to 21c; do, lower grades, 17c to 19c; western imitation creamery, fancy, 23c to 23½c; do, firsts, 20c to 22c; do, lower grades, 17c to 19c; western factory, fresh fancy, 21c; do, choice, 20c; do, fair to good, 18c to 19c; do, held choice, 18c to 18½c; do, fair to good, 17c to 17½c; rolls, fresh choice, 21c; do, common to prime, 16c to 20c; renovated butter, fancy, 23c to 23½c; do, common to choice, 16c to 22c; packing stock, 15c to 18c. Cheese—Firm; receipts, 2,934 boxes; state full cream, small fall-made colored or white, fancy, 12½c to 12¾c; do, fall-made, choice, 12¼c; do, good to prime, 11c to 12c; do, common to fair, 7c to 10½c; do, large fall-made, fancy, 11½c to 11¾c; do, choice, 11c to 11¼c; do, good to prime, 10c to 10¾c; do, common to fair, 7c to 9½c; light skims, small choice, 10c to 10½c; do, large choice, 9c to 9½c; part skims, prime, 8½c to 9c; do, fair to good, 6c to 8c; do, common, 4c to 5c; full skims, 3c to 3½c. Eggs—Firm; receipts, 4,993; state and Pennsylvania, uncandled, best, 28c; western and Kentucky, 28c; do, fair to good, 27½c; southern, 27½c to 28c; do, fair to good, 27c; dirties, 26c.

NEW YORK, March 6.—Flour—Receipts, 38,049 bbls; sales, 3,500 pkgs; state and western market was steady but not active. Rye flour—Steady; fair to good, $3 30 to $3 50. Wheat—Receipts, 5,700 bu; sales, 1,125,000 bu; wheat was steady but quiet through the morning on cables and reports of dry weather in the southwest; May, 82 3-16c to 82⅝c; July, 82¼c to 82½c; Sept., 81½c to 81⅝c. Rye—Dull; state, 60c to 61c, c.i.f., New York, car lots; No. 2 western, 66c, f.o.b., afloat. Corn—Receipts, 1,000 bu; sales, 40,000 bu; corn opened steadier on small receipts, but soon yielded to local realizing; May, 66⅞c to 67⅛c; July, 66c to 66⅛c. Oats—Receipts, 10,500 bu; oats were dull and barely steady. Sugar—Raw dull; fair refining, 3c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3½c; molasses sugar, 2¾c; refined quiet. Coffee—Easy and nominal; No. 7 Rio, 5⅞c. Lead—Steady. Wool—Firm. Hops—Quiet.

DETROIT, March 6.—Wheat—No. 1 white, cash, 86½c; No. 2 red, cash and March, 85c; May, 84½c; July, 80½c.

BUFFALO, March 6.—Spring wheat—No. 1 northern, 81¾c. Winter wheat—No. 2 red, 87½c; No. 1 white, 90½c, on track.



Wood's Phosphodine,

The Great English Remedy. Sold and recommended by all druggists in Canada. Only reliable medicine discovered. *Six packages guaranteed* to cure all forms of Sexual Weakness, all effects of abuse or excess, Mental Worry, Excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants. Mailed on receipt of price, one package $1, six, $5. *One will please, six will cure.* Pamphlets free to any address.

The Wood Company, Windsor, Ont.

Wood's Phosphodine is sold in London by C. McCallum & Co. and Anderson & Nelles, druggists. ywt

Corn—No. 2 yellow, 65½c; No. 3 yellow, 65c; No. 2 corn, 64¾c; No. 3 corn, 64½c, on track. Oats—No. 2 white, 49c; No. 3 white, 48½c; No. 2 mixed, 47c; No. 3 mixed, 46½c asked.

ENGLISH MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL.

The following table shows the quotations per cental yesterday for American products at Liverpool, as well as for the three previous market days. In each case highest prices are given:

	March 1.		March 3.		March 4.		March 5.	
WHEAT—								
Red Winter	6	0½	6	0½	6	1½	6	1
No. 1 Nor. Spring	6	1¾	6	1½	6	1⅛	6	1⅛
Walla	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
No. 1 Cal	6	4½	0	0	6	4½	6	4½
Dec	0	0	6	1¼	6	1⅜	6	1⅛
March	6	0⅞	6	0⅝	6	1⅛	6	0⅝
May	6	0⅝	6	0¼	6	0⅜	6	0⅜
CORN—								
New	5	1¾	0	0	5	1¾	5	1¾
Old	5	2¾	5	2¼	5	2¾	5	2¼
Oct	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nov	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dec	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Jan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Feb	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March	5	1¾	5	1¾	5	1¼	5	1⅜
May	5	2	5	1¾	5	1⅛	5	1⅝
Flour	20	0	19	3	20	0	20	0
Peas	6	0½	6	8	6	8	6	8
Pork, prime mess	72	7	72	0	72	0	72	0
Lard	47	3	47	0	47	6	47	3
Tallow	29	9	29	5	29	9	29	9
Bacon, light	45	0	45	0	45	0	45	0
Cheese, white	50	0	50	6	50	0	51	0
Cheese colored	50	6	51	0	51	0	51	6

LIVERPOOL, March 6—Closing.

Wheat—Spot, No. 2 red western winter steady, 5s 1d; No. 1 northern spring firm, 5s 1½d. Futures quiet; May, 6s ⅝d; July, 6s ¼d.

Corn—Spot steady; American mixed, new, 5s 1½d; do, old, 5s 2½d. Futures dull; March, 5s 1¼d; May, 5s 1½d.

Hops (at London)—Pacific coast firm, £3 10s to £4 5s.

Flour—St. Louis fancy winter firm, 8s.

Beef—Extra India mess firm, 79s.

Pork—Prime mess western firm, 72s.

Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs, quiet, 46s 6d.

Bacon—Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs, quiet, 40s 6d; short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs, quiet, 42s 6d; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs, quiet, 45s; long clear middles, heavy, 35s to 40 lbs, quiet, 44s 6d; short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs, steady, 45s; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs, quiet, 37s; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs, quiet, 34s.

Lard—Prime western, in tierces, steady, 47s; American refined, in pails, steady, 48s 3d.

Butter—Steady; finest United States, 95s; do, good, 72s.

Cheese—Firm; American finest white, 51s 6d; do, colored, 51s 6d.

Tallow—Prime city firm, 29s 9d; Australian (in London) firm, 31s 6d.

Cottonseed oil—Hull refined, spot dull, 24s 1½d.

Turpentine spirits—Steady, 31s.

Petroleum—Steady, 7⅛d.

Rosin—Common firm, 4s 1½d.

Linseed oil, 32s.

SUGAR.

London, March 5.—Raw sugar, Muscovado, 7s 6d; centrifugal, 7s 8d; beet sugar, March, 6s 6¾d.

DEFENSE OPENED IN RICE MURDER TRIAL

Grounds Upon Which Patrick's Counsel Asks for Acquittal of His Client.

New York, March 6.—The defense opened today in the trial of Albert T. Patrick, accused of the murder of Millionaire William Marsh Rice.

Recorder Goff declined to grant requests made by the defense to strike from the record the testimony of Dr. Witthaus, the chemist, and to compel the district attorney to indicate under which of the ten counts of the indictments against Patrick he asked conviction.

Fred B. House, counsel for Patrick, asked the recorder to direct the jury to acquit the defendant on the grounds that the evidence was insufficient to warrant a conviction; that there was no evidence upon which the jury could base a conviction; that the people had failed to prove the defendant guilty of crime; that no real evidence had been presented of a conspiracy betwen Patrick and Jones to kil Mr. Rice; that no evidence except the statement of Jones had been given as to a conspiracy to kill Mr. Rice; that the only evidence of any conspiracy was the evidence of the co-conspirator, Jones; and that no evidence had been submitted to support the allegations of the indictment.

The Death Record.

Baltimore, Md., March 6.—General Robert H. Carr, aged 80 years, died at his home here Tuesday night. General Carr gained prominence through his active participation in the capture of John Brown at Harper's Ferry.

London, March 5.—A dispatch from Sydney, N. S. W., announces the death of Edward Bulwer Lytton Dickens, youngest son of the late Charles Dickens.

London, March 5.—Leonard Lewisohn, the banker, of New York, formerly president of the United Metals Selling Company, is dead.

London, March 6.—Benjamin F. Stevens, the Bibliographer, died yesterday morning at his residence, The Sheaves, Surbiton, Surrey, after an illness which has lasted several years. Mr. Stevens was born at Barnet, Vermont, in 1883, and first came to London in 1860. For many years Mr. Stevens had been prominently known throughout Europe as United States dispatch agent in London, and purchasing agent for American libraries.

Windsor, March 6.—Wm. M. Boomer, a wealthy and prominent citizen of Windsor, who had been ill since last October, passed away at his residence on Sandwich street east last evening. Mr. Boomer was one of the best known and highly respected citizens of Windsor. He removed from Toronto to Windsor about 30 years ago, and was the first owner of the old street railway between Windsor and Walkerville. During his ownership of the line electricity was introduced, and his road was the first to be equipped with electric cars. Deceased was born at St. Catharines, Ont., about 56 years ago. He married a Miss Nellies, of Windsor, by whom he is survived. There are no children.

Oswego, N. Y., March 6.—Rev. Wm. Edgar, pastor of the Methodist Church here, died today.

Philadelphia, March 6.—Gen. J. William Hoffmann, a veteran of the civil war and a prominent citizen, died last night at his home here, aged 79 years.

Hot Springs, Ark., March 6.—James R. Wood, who drew the capital prize in the government land drawing at Lawton a few months ago, died near this city last night.

BERLIN'S SUGAR FACTORY.

Berlin, Ont., March 6.—The contract for the erection of the Ontario Sugar Company's six hundred ton beet sugar refinery in Berlin, has been awarded to E. H. Dyer & Co., Cleveland, Ohio. The refinery will be ready for operation on Oct. 1, this year.

IN A HURRY TO BE HANGED.

Ottawa, March 6.—Lacroix, the Montebello murderer, who is to be hanged in Hull on the 21st, says he is tired waiting for the day of execution. He has given up all idea of suicide, and has already given directions for the disposal of his body. He wants to be buried in Montebello, where he committed the two murders.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

March 6.	Reported at	From
Majestic	New York	Liverpool
Anchoria	New York	Glasgow

Balm-Zoin. Balm-Zoin.

Not everyone can be beautiful, but the plainest face is made attractive by a clear, pure skin.

BALM-ZOIN

a toilet lotion of great excellence, removes all blemishes caused by cold winds, hard water and exposure. Rough, red and hard skin made soft and white.

W. T. STRONG & CO.
CHEMISTS,
184 Dundas Street.

Balm-Zoin. Balm-Zoin. ywt

WEATHER BULLETIN

London, March 6—8 a.m.

STATIONS—	TEMPERATURE. 8 a.m.	Min.	WEATHER.
Calgary	6	6	Cloudy
Winnipeg	14	2	Cloudy
Parry Sound	16	10	Fair
Toronto	22	20	Clear
Ottawa	0	8	Clear
Montreal	14	12	Clear
Quebec	16	14	Cloudy
Father Point	16	14	Cloudy

FORECASTS.

Today—Fair and a little milder. Light local snow or sleet during the night or on Friday.

WEATHER NOTES.

The weather has remained fair and moderately cold in Ontario and Quebec. The cold wave which moved into the Northwest Territories yesterday has not transpired to be of much energy, and there is nothing of particular importance indicated for Ontario and Quebec.

Reporter's Notebook.

The public library board meets at 8 p.m.

The board of works meets tonight at the city hall.

Band at Princess, Westminster and Jubilee rinks tonight.

Miss Ellen Miriam Kurzenknabe's recital takes place at the Auditorium tonight.

The election inquiry will be resumed before Judge Edward Elliott at 3 p.m. tomorrow.

The ministers and officials of the local Methodist churches meet at Wesley Hall tonight.

Forest City Camp, No. 1, Canadian Order of Woodmen, is holding an "At Home" in the Duffield block.

A basketball tournament will be held in the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium tonight. It is the first of a series of games.

The annual reception of Alma Ladies' College, St. Thomas, takes place tonight. London guests return by special M. C. R. train.

LATE LOCAL ITEMS

—One case has been entered for Saturday's high court.

—Miss Margarite Loughnane, of St. Joseph's Hospital, is visiting in Stratford, the guest of Miss L. Quinlan.

—The companies of the 7th Regiment expect to begin company drill shortly. Some companies hope to be drilling by next week.

—Miss Georgina Grundy and Miss Agnes Fox, pupils of Mr. Thomas Martin, have succeeded in passing the second year piano examination recently held in Toronto, winning first-class honors.

—A Windsor dispatch says: Notice was received here today from Ottawa of the appointment of J. H. Kenning, collector of inland revenue, to the office of inspector of the Ontario division as far east as Brantford. He is succeeded by James McSween, of London.

FELL OFF LOAD OF HAY.

Mr. J. Husser, of Westminster, fell off his load of hay on the market this morning and was stunned by the fall. He was carried into the weigh scales office, where he recovered consciousness after some time.

"RUNAWAY GIRL" IN TOWN.

The members of the "Runaway Girl" Company passed through the city this morning on their way to Chatham, where they play tonight. The company numbers about 50 people.

MR. SMITH RECOVERING.

Mr. C. W. Smith, proprietor of the Jubilee Rink, who was so seriously hurt at Berlin recently, is improving nicely, and is now able to leave his room.

FUNERAL OF ANDREW KIRK.

The funeral of the late Andrew Kirk, of Westminster, took place this afternoon to Pond Mills Cemetery, Rev. Dr. McCrae, of Westminster, officiating. There was a large attendance.

WILL GO TO THE HOME.

Inspector McCallum has reported favorably upon the admission to the Aged People's Home of Mrs. Casey and Michael Carny, the former a previous inmate of the home, and the latter an ex-British soldier, who gives up his pension to the city in return for his keep.

DEATH OF W. M. BOOMER.

Mr. William M. Boomer, a wealthy and prominent citizen, who died last evening in Windsor, Ont., was a nephew of the late Dean Boomer, of this city. He leaves a widow, but no family. Mr. Boomer's death is referred to in another column under the heading "The Death Record."

AT OSGOODE HALL.

At Osgoode Hall, in Beckett vs. Stuart, J. B. McKillop (London) for defendant, moved for order for costs of abandoned motion for injunction to restrain defendant from acting as mayor of the town of Strathroy. Notice of abandonment was served, but it did not contain any offer to pay costs, and upon application payment thereof was refused. Order made.

DEATH OF MISS LECHMAN.

Miss Elizabeth Lechman died yesterday morning at the Home for Incurables, after a long and painful illness from cancer. She was an earnest worker in the Dundas Center Church, where her loss will be mourned. A number of ladies of the church will take charge of the funeral today. The remains will be interred in the burial plot of the church at Mount Pleasant Cemetery. Rev. C. T. Scott will conduct the services.

AN ANIMATED DISCUSSION

In the Legislature's Municipal Committee

On Col. Leys' Bill Re Transmission of Electrical Energy—Railway Subsidies Announced.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, Ont., March 6.—Lively discussion characterized the meeting of the municipal committee this morning, when Col. Leys' bill allowing persons and firms to transmit electrical energy under or over the streets of a municipality came up for consideration. The electric light interests fought the measure very stubbornly. When it was pointed out that the London city council had refused, by a vote of 6 to 4, to sanction the measure, Col. Leys asserted that the six aldermen who opposed it would not take a similar stand if it came to a public question.

The committee took no action regarding the act, but will discuss it later.

RAILWAY SUBSIDIES.

The Ontario Government announced the following railway subsidies this morning:

Thunder Bay, Nepigon and St. Joe Railway, $20,000 and 5,000 acres of land.

Lindsay, Bobcaygeon and Pontipool Railway, $48,000.

Pembroke Southern, $45,000.

Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa, $210,000, of which $30,000 is a revote.

Bay of Quinte, $150,000, of which $90,000 is a revote.

Lake Minetakie Railway, $45,000.

James Bay Railway, $95,000.

[Press Dispatch.]

Toronto, Ont., March 6.—The municipal committee of the legislature this morning, by a vote of 14 to 17, rejected a proposal by Mr. Carscallen, of Hamilton, providing that sale of lands for taxes in cities or towns shall not be invalidated by reason of their having been distress on the lands.

The railway committee this morning passed the two last bills before it, those incorporating the Huron and Bruce Railway, from Wiarton to Goderich, and through Southampton and Kincardine, and the Canada Central from the mouth of the French River to the Albany River.

END OF THE BLIZZARD

Two Feet of Snow Fell in Some Districts of Pennsylvania.

Saratoga, N. Y., March 6.—The blizzard here came to an end at midnight after twelve inches of snow had fallen. Country roads are badly drifted, but railway traffic is unimpeded.

Reading, Pa., March 6.—As the result of the extraordinary fall of snow, street railway traffic in this city is at a standstill, and not a line is running to the country districts. Great drifts were reported during the night along the lines of the steam railroads.

Philadelphia, March 6.—The snowfall which began in the state yesterday morning ceased during the night. Reports from the mountainous districts show as much as two feet of snow fell in some districts.

Easton, Pa., March 6.—The Lehigh Valley's Buffalo trains are over two hours' behind time. Not a train is being run on the Lehigh and Hudson road, and none will be run until after a thorough inspection has been made of the road.

Y. W. C. A. BUILDING FUND.

The following is a list of subscribers of $75 and over to the building fund of the Young Women's Christian Association; Mr. W. E. Saunders, 352 Clarence street, treasurer:

Thomas McCormick	$500
Edward Adams & Co	300
George Robinson	250
Dr. F. R. Eccles	200
W. E. Saunders	200
A. M. Hamilton	200
William Yeates	150
A friend in Dundas Center Church	150
M. D. Fraser	100
A. Screaton	100
C. E. German	100
F. W. Daly	100
G. F. Jewell	100
Thomas Bryan	100
J. W. Jones	75
Rev. Dean Innes	75

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT DEAD.

St. Catharines, Ont., March 6.—Wm. J. Davis, whose home was in Hamilton, and who had been visiting his brother-in-law, Stephen Furminger, farmer, near here, was accidentally killed today by the explosion of a gun.

ANGLO-AMERICAN AMITY.

London, March 6.—Lord Avebury (Sir John Lubbock) presided at the banquet here of the Associated Chambers of Commerce of the United Kingdom. Joseph H. Choate, the American ambassador to Great Britain, replied to the toast "The Ambassadors." Speaking of the relations between the United States and Great Britain, he said the feelings of his countrymen toward Great Britain were more cordial, friendly and sympathetic than ever.

BE THERE A WILL, WISDOM POINTS THE WAY.—The sick man pines for relief, but he dislikes sending for the doctor, which means bottles of drugs never consumed. He has not the resolution to load his stomach with compounds which smell villainously and taste worse. But if he have the will to deal himself with his ailment, wisdom will direct his attention to Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, which, as a specific for indigestion and disorders of the digestive organs, have no equal.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.
Children Cry for CASTORIA.
CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.
Children Cry for CASTORIA.

URGED THEM TO BE UNITED

Campbell-Bannermann's Plea Before National Club.

He Thought the Rosebery Faction Should Work With the Party—Home Rule Question Will Not Down

London, March 6.—Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, Liberal leader in the House of Commons, in speaking in London last night, before the National Liberal Club, made a plea for Liberal unity. Without extending the olive branch to Lord Rosebery in such a fashion as to presage a coalition of the two forces, Sir Henry began comparing Lord Rosebery's new league to an excellent army equipped with a general staff, but without recruits. He said no true friend of Liberalism would introduce discordant factions into the party and thus paralyze efficient action.

Under certain circumstances, he said, their duty would be to fight such a section with all power and energy. Sir Henry said that he had been assured, however, and that he was ready to believe that this new section of the party was working on parallel lines and for identical objects. But, if this were so, why in the name of common sense, Sir Henry asked, did it not work with the Liberal party?

Sir Henry denied that any personal differences were responsible for the split in the party.

In referring to South Africa the speaker said the war was only a transient interlude and that after the war the great question would come. Sir Henry concluded by declaring that the only solution of the South African and Irish questions would be government by assent of the governed.

THE HOME RULE QUESTION.

London, March 6.—John Redmond, chairman of the Irish parliamentary party, in speaking at a United Irish League demonstration at Finsbury, Middlesex, said that the Irish party was apparently the only party in parliament today which knew its own mind and was not torn by internal dissensions.

Every reference Mr. Redmond made to Lord Rosebery, the premier; Mr. Wyndham, the chief secretary for Ireland; Lord Rosebery and Mr. H. H. Asquith, M.P., was greeted with groans and hisses by his hearers. Mr. Redmond further said that the demands of those in favor of home rule were moderate and reasonable. Far from English legislators being able to pigeonhole home rule or wipe it off the slate, it would remain, the speaker said, to confound, confuse and divide English parties to wreck English governments, to ruin English statesmen, to paralyze English parliaments and to blast the moral influence of England before the world until it was settled by the concession of just, moderate and constitutional demands of the Irish people.

PUNISHED FOR TREASON.

Constantinople, Tuesday, March 4.—Osman Pasha, a son of the famous Kurdish chief, Bedrahan Pasha, whose trial on the charge of high treason began here Feb. 20, behind closed doors, has been sentenced to death, but the sentence will be commuted to perpetual imprisonment.

General Nazmi Pasha, a son-in-law of the former grand vizier, Ali Pasha, has been arrested.

Telegraphic Briefs.

Reports from various points in Pennsylvania say all danger from the floods is past.

A movement has been started in Belfast for the erection of a statue of the late Lord Dufferin.

A Dawson City telegram of today's date says: "So far the lowest temperature is 40 degrees below and the highest 9 degrees below."

The First National Bank of Montgomery, eight miles east of Washington, Ind., was burglarized last night, the vault blown by dynamite and $10,000 in cash and bonds stolen.

Henry Morand, treasurer of the county of Essex, was asked by the council for his resignation, and Michael McHugh, of Maidstone, was placed in the office pending the appointment of a treasurer. The council stood 7 to 5 for dismissal.

Ole Jenson, an Icelander, was smothered in a fire at his boarding-house at Winnipeg.

The Canadian Northern has just imported $350,000 worth of equipment, mostly rolling stock.

Dean Carmichael was elected coadjutor to Archbishop Bond by the Synod of Montreal.

The British House of Commons rejected the second reading of the eight-hour mines bill by a vote of 208 to 207.

A man named John Scholes, near Altamon station, on the Canadian Northern Brandon branch, was found dead.

Satisfaction is expressed by Toronto wholesalers at the way in which March paper is being met by their customers.

George A. Wintemute, of Maidstone township, was elected treasurer of Essex county, in place of Henry Morand, discharged.

Toronto civic contractors are much stirred up over the fact that a Chicago firm gets 19 out of 31 concrete pavement contracts.

Joseph Harris, jun., was fined $25 at the Hamilton Police Court for throwing Thomas Lovatt, a bailiff's officer out of a cigar factory.

Wednesday night fire completely destroyed the drug store of Ned B. Ostrom, at Frankfort, Ont. Contents partly saved. Loss $4,000.

The West Durham Reform Association met at Bowmanville and ratified the nomination of Mr. William Rykard for the Legislative Assembly.

The W. C. T. U. at Newark, N. J., will offer special prayer today for Bishop Potter that he may see the temperance and Sunday saloon question in a different light.

The Ohio River appears to have reached the limit of the present rise—50 feet and 9-10. The local forecaster says it will be practically stationary for the next 24 hours, and will fall slowly.

The Spanish treaty claims commission at Washington, has handed down a decision adverse to the claimants on account of death and injuries received on the battleship Maine, blown up in Havana harbor.

The noted Watts extradition case at Toronto is at an end. J. J. Watts, accused of stealing his own child from Mrs. Watts, who had obtained a divorce and the girl's custody, has gone back voluntarily to Springfield to stand trial.

The painters of Pittsburg and Allegheny have struck for an eight-hour day and 45 cents per hour, 10 cents more than the old scale.

The bodies of the Russians killed at Tien Tsin and Pekin during the year 1900 were reinterred at the former place in the Russian concession, with an imposing ceremony.

The national congress of French miners has passed a resolution by a vote of 124 to 105 to the effect that the miners must proceed to obtain an eight-hour day by an immediate general strike.

Whitelaw Reid, of the American delegation at the coronation ceremonies, will take Brook House in Park Lane for his stay in London during the coronation, and it is stated that Mr. Reid will pay $20,000 for six weeks.

A letter written by Abraham Lincoln a few months before his assassination has been found in some rubbish on Broadway, New York. It is to a Mrs. Bixby, Boston, and expresses sympathy with her in the loss of five sons who were killed in the war.

At Ottawa, on Wednesday, the Conservatives spent two hours in caucus this morning discussing tariff matters. A committee had been appointed to formulate a tariff resolution and the report of this committee was considered. No definite conclusions were reached.

Deputy Receiver-General Creighton says the 20-cent pieces in circulation about the country are mostly Newfoundland coinage, while a few come from the Straits Settlements. There are very few 20-cent pieces in circulation, as the majority of them have been burned and melted at the government mint.

It is taken for granted that Hon. William Mulock and Hon. W. S. Fielding will attend the colonial congress in London, England. The conference does not, however, take place until after the coronation ceremonies, so that the two ministers will hardly leave here until the end of June. The premier will, of course, start earlier in the month.

THOS. GILLEAN, 402 RICHMOND ST.

1/4 OFF PRICE CASH SALE.

This is what ¼ off means: It means that we are giving the public the best value in the Jewelry line ever offered in Canada.

IT MEANS:	Was	Now
Ladies' Gold-Filled Watch	$12.00	$ 9.00
Ladies' Solid Gold Watch	20.00	15.00
Boys' Watch	1.00	.75
Ladies' Silver Watch	3.00	2.25
Boys' Silver Watch	4.50	3.38
Ladies' Solid Gold Ring	1.00	.75
Ladies' Three-Stone Ring, Opal, Turquoise, etc	3.50	2.63
Ladies' Single Stone Ring, Opal, Turquoise, etc	2.00	1.50

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures. No Humbug. This is a Bona Fide Sale

THOS. GILLEAN, 402 Richmond St. London, Ont.

300 Gallons Burrell's Pure English Ready-Mixed Paints

To be cleared out at once, at less than cost, to make room for our large stock of First Quality Enameledware. . . . .

It takes so long to get paint from the old country, that we have decided to give up the agency and handle Sherwin-Williams' goods exclusively. If you want to paint a chair, a table, a cupboard, a floor, a wall, a ceiling, a house, a barn, anything—this is the place to come.

Cowan's Hardware, 127 Dundas Street

Coal. Phone, 58. F. D. MACFIE & CO., Office and Yard—Burwell street and G. T. R. crossing. Phone, 58. **Wood.**

M. C. R. SMASHUP

Nine Cars Destroyed in a Freight Wreck—No Person Hurt.

Monroe, Mich., March 5.—A freight wreck which demolished nine empty cars and delayed traffic for several hours occurred on the Michigan Central at Alexis at 1 o'clock this afternoon. A broken axle beam was the cause of the accident. It threw a flat car off the track and caused the train to break in two. The derailed car was shoved along the track for nearly a quarter of a mile before it jumped crosswise off the track and caused the pile-up.

The interlocking system at the railroad crossing was badly damager and will be out of commission for a few days. No one was hurt.

MARK HANNA'S LATEST DEAL.

Cleveland, March 6.—The Plaindealer says: "Terms have been agreed upon for the consolidation of the Cleveland Electric Railway Company and the Cleveland City Railway Company, the two roads to be under the presidency of Senator M. A. Hanna. The Consolidated Company will include every street car line in the city. Involved in the deal are arrangements for vast improvements



DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE ... 25c.

is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops droppings in the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. Blower free. All dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

A "DEMON" DISEASE

Doctors prescriptions and strongest Liniments had no effect on Mr. Humphreys' Rheumatism.

Two bottles South American Rheumatic Cure cured what he is pleased to call "this Demon from the Lower Regions."

Henry Humphrey, of London, Ont., expresses himself very strongly :—"I think Rheumatism is a demon from the lower regions, judging by my sufferings before I began using South American Rheumatic Cure. Doctors prescribed the strongest liniments with no more effect than water, but this great remedy had me up and about my work, and as well as ever, after taking only a couple of bottles." 44

For sale by C. McCallum & Co.

Lemon Orange Chocolate Walnut Fig Date **Layer Cakes, 25c Each**

Friend's 117 Dundas Street

KOAL TROUBLES

You will save yourself trouble, annoyance and expense by using............

DALY'S

heat-producing, comfort-giving

KOAL

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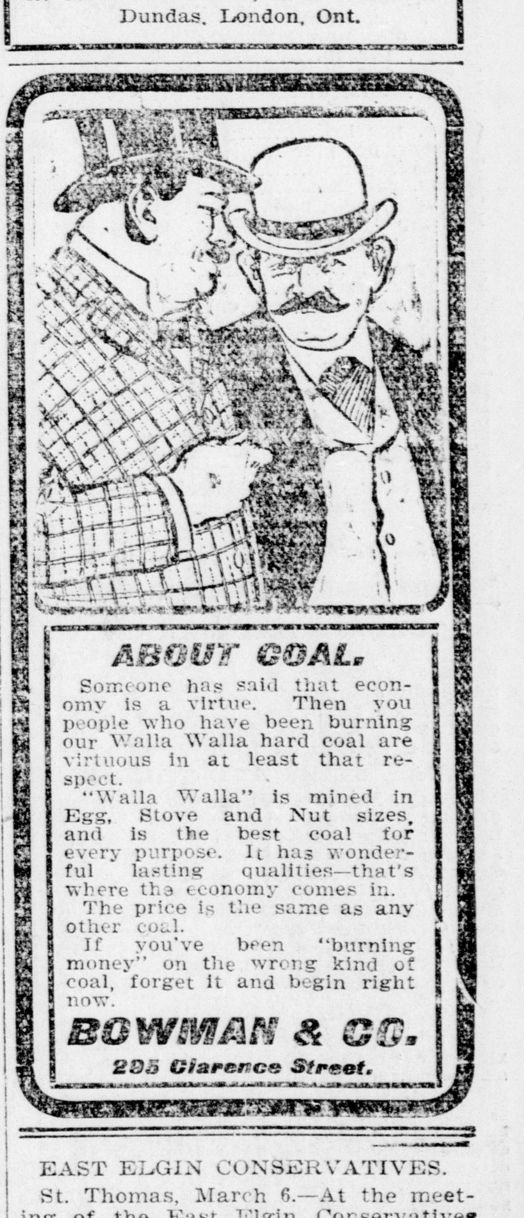
Last fall's lightweight overcoat

CAN BE CLEANED

to make it look like new again, if you send it to these works.

R. PARKER & CO.,

400 Richmond street, near corner of Dundas, London, Ont.



ABOUT COAL.

Someone has said that economy is a virtue. Then you people who have been burning our Walla Walla hard coal are virtuous in at least that respect.

"Walla Walla" is mined in Egg, Stove and Nut sizes, and is the best coal for every purpose. It has wonderful lasting qualities—that's where the economy comes in.

The price is the same as any other coal.

If you've been "burning money" on the wrong kind of coal, forget it and begin right now.

BOWMAN & CO.

295 Clarence Street.

EAST ELGIN CONSERVATIVES.

St. Thomas, March 6.—At the meeting of the East Elgin Conservatives the election of officers resulted as follows: J. B. Hambidge, Aylmer, president; Robt. McCully, St. Thomas, vice-president; E. A. Miller, Aylmer, secretary-treasurer. The chairmen for divisions—South Dorchester, J. H. Putnam; Yarmouth, W. H. Elliott; Port Stanley, John Ferguson; St. Thomas, John Price; Bayham, H. T. Godwin; Malahide, Alex. Marshall; Springfield, Fred Best; Vienna, John Bresser; Aylmer, James Wrong.

WHY will you allow a cough to lacerate your throat or lungs and run the risk of filling a consumptive's grave, when, by the timely use of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup the pain can be allayed and the danger avoided. This Syrup is pleasant to the taste and unsurpassed for relieving, healing and curing all affections of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds, bronchitis, etc., etc.

A CLEAR, HEALTHY SKIN.—Eruptions of the skin and the blotches which blemish beauty are the result of impure blood caused by unhealthy action of the Liver and Kidneys. In correcting this unhealthy action and restoring the organs to their normal condition, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will at the same time cleanse the blood, and the blotches and eruptions will disappear without leaving any trace.

PREJUDICE HABIT SOAP

Why Do so many women still use soap?

PEARLINE is so much better for every kind of washing and cleaning. One reason is *habit*. They're accustomed to it and don't *think* of anything better. Another reason is *prejudice*. Neither reason is good. PEARLINE is worth looking into. It saves labor, saves money and is *harmless*. 668

Proved by Millions

EARL'S DENE

"Mademoiselle Lefort."

Warden naturally thought of the election gossip about Lester and Marie. There must have been something in it, then, after all.

"The devil it is!" he exclaimed, but with a meaning very different from what Hugh supposed.

"And why not?" asked the latter, a little sharply.

"It is impossible you can be engaged to her."

"What do you mean? It is possible, because I am."

"Does Miss Lefort know?"

"How could I be engaged without?"

"But it is impossible. There must be some mistake."

"What in the world can you mean? How could I be mistaken about such a thing?"

"I mean that it cannot be."

"But why?"

"Because I happen to know; but I cannot tell you why—I can only tell you that you must most certainly be mistaken, though I grant it is strange that you should be. I know the Leforts well, and I assure you, as your friend and theirs, that it is quite impossible."

Of course, it was quite possible, he thought, that Hugh might have declared his passion, and that Marie, in her innocence and stupidity and shyness, and with the weight of her secret embarrassing her, might not have repulsed him in a manner that he had understood. How he wished that she had been free not to have repulsed him at all! He would have yielded her to Hugh, or to anyone else, with the best will in the world. Hugh, knowing what he knew, could only stare in blank amazement. If he thought anything, it was that Warden, as his friend, considered it a friendly thing to save him from a mesalliance.

"Really, Warden, I must know what you mean. Indeed, I have a right to an explanation—if you have any to give."

As he spoke, another thought suggested itself to him. Warden was an older acquaintance of the family than he, and had known Angelique from childhood. Was it not possible that he might be a rival?

Warden saw the thought show itself in his friend's face; and he also saw that he was himself in a difficult position. Of course, he supposed that he had his wife well enough to assume that Hugh must necessarily be mistaken in thinking what he did appear to think; but still, unfortunately, it would never do to allow him to remain in his error. Marie, in self-defense, might have her secret wrung from her; and so he was ready enough to tell himself that it was his duty to spare her from persecution, and Hugh from running his head against so hard a wall.

"My dear fellow," he said, "you cannot marry Miss Lefort. I will tell you why, if you will promise to respect their secret; and you will then see that you must be mistaken in thinking that she could have promised to be your wife."

Hugh turned pale.

"It must not be known on any account. There are good reasons why, which I am not bound to tell you, seeing that they affect other persons; nor will you therefore ask me. But I am bound to save you from an unprofitable pursuit; and I will therefore rely upon your honor not to let what I do say go farther than ourselves. Do you promise?"

Heaven knows what Hugh expected to hear; but he nerved himself as well as he could to hear his doom, whatever it might be. Of course, he was equally prepared not to believe any story that might reflect upon Angelique.

"If it is no scandal—if it is nothing that my speaking may remove," he answered.

"Oh, it is no scandal," Warden answered, "but the contrary. It is that she is the wife of another man."

Hugh started forward. "That she is married? No—that I cannot believe."

"But when I tell you that I know it—that it can be proved?"

"Prove it, then."

"Did I not say that I could tell you nothing that affects others? It is enough for you to know that I am bound in honor to say no more."

The word "honor" always acted upon Hugh Lester like a spell. "But I am not bound to make no inquiries," he answered. "I am not going to give her up for a word, especially as, if what you say is true—if you are not mistaken, I mean—I should have to believe that it is she who has deceived me. I will ask you nothing more; but I will go straight to her."

"What! and force her secret from her?"

"Yes. It seems to me that I have some right in it also."

Somehow Warden had not calculated upon this. Perhaps he had relied too much upon the power of managing Hugh which he supposed himself to have acquired.

"Indeed, you must do no such thing."

"What!"

Hugh spoke more in astonishment than in anger at being thus addressed by one to whom he was quite as much patron as friend.

"I mean that if you do——"

Hugh somehow felt that the advantage was with himself.

"Well—and if I do?"

"I think it very likely that she would deny it."

"And that I should have to decide upon her solemn word and your word, which you refuse to prove? So that is your reason for saying that I must not? Very well, then, I will not; for I should not dream of doubting her."

It did not suit Warden to quarrel with Hugh, otherwise the last speech gave him ample opportunity, and, had he been of warmer blood, would have had its effect, though, on Hugh's part, unintentionally. The latter had merely meant to say that he would take Angelique's word against that of all the world.

"Then," said Warden, not knowing exactly what to say, and speaking slowly to give himself time to consider, "if you to speak to Marie—to Miss——"

"To Marie?"

"To Miss Lefort, then. If——"

"But why did you say Marie?"

"Are we not speaking of her?"

"My dear fellow!" Hugh exclaimed, his face brightening, "do you mean to say you thought I meant Marie?"

Warden blushed scarlet, for about the first time in his life. "I did think so, certainly."

"How you frightened me! What! is Marie married?"

"You will surely respect her secret now?"

"Oh, I will be like the tomb. But what on earth made you think I meant Marie?"

"I suppose I was stupid. So you are engaged to Angelique?" he added, in a meditative tone.

"That is what I wanted to tell you," Hugh was beginning; but Warden scarcely heard him. His mind was flying off to other things.

"I see," he said at last. "And Miss Clare objects, I suppose—or would object if she knew."

"She objects very strongly indeed."

"And how can I advise you?"

"You see I don't want Angelique—Miss Lefort—to marry a beggar. And my aunt is set against it, that——"

"Then my advice would be to do nothing in a hurry. Has Miss Clare—if I may ask—talked to you about this—told you anything about what she means to do?"

"She is so set on my marrying Alice Raymond—who I don't suppose would have me if I asked her—that if I marry as I must and ought, Miss Raymond will take my place altogether; and you know my aunt, that she does not speak without meaning it. I don't care about that, you know, only for Angelique; and because I like my aunt too much, and am too grateful to her to want to quarrel with her if I can help it. It's very odd that she can't see the thing in the same way as I do."

"Well, certainly, one would think that marriage is a matter in which a man should judge for himself. And if I know Miss Clare, she likes you too well for things not to come all right."

"Ah, you don't know her as I do."

"Of course not. But look here, Lester. You know that Miss Clare is for some reason or other inclined to put some confidence in me?"

"Naturally, after what you have done for us."

"Well then, if I, a disinterested third person, were to put the thing calmly before her—I suppose you have quite made up your own mind on this matter?"

"Quite."

"And I congratulate you on your choice. Miss Lefort's only fault is want of fortune; and what is that to you? Then if, as I say, I spoke quietly to Miss Clare——"

"Would you really?"

"Of course I would; though of course I cannot tell what the result would be. By the way, does Miss Lefort herself know of Miss Clare's objection?"

"Why, no. There was no need, you see——"

"So much the better. There can be no reason why she should feel that there is any objection to her on the part of Miss Clare, if it can be avoided."

"You are the best fellow that ever lived, Warden."

"Oh, nonsense. I haven't done anything, and most likely never shall."

"And are you likely to be going down to Denethorp soon?" asked Hugh, with all the selfish impatience of a man in love.

"I daresay I may be, at Christmas."

"Not before?"

"How can I?"

"Well, I suppose not. Then you think I'd better not tell Angelique?"

"I should say certainly not. You really mean what you say, of course."

"Certainly. I intend to make her my wife, whatever may happen."

"Well, 'the course of true love,' you know. You may feel quite safe that in the end Miss Clare will be only too glad to change her mind."

"Well, you are a good fellow—and I can't thank you enough. By the way, why don't you go in for Alice Raymond yourself—a girl with no nonsense about her, and a good fortune besides?"

[To be Continued.]

What is a Mile?

English-speaking countries have four different miles—the ordinary mile of 5,280 feet, and the geographical or nautical mile of 6,080 feet, making a difference of about one-seventh between the two; the Scotch mile of 5,929 feet, and the Irish mile of 6,720 feet, four various miles, every one of which is said to be by the Ledger Monthly still in use.

The same magazine speaks also of the discrepancies in the miles of different nations.

The German mile of today is 24,318 feet in length, more than four and a half times as long as our miles. The Dutch have a mile of 19,295 feet, the Danes one of 24,875 feet, and the Prussians one of 24,856 feet; and the Swiss get more exercise in walking one of their miles than we get in walking five of ours, for theirs is 27,459 feet long, and ours but 5,280 feet.

The Italian mile is only a few feet longer than ours, the Roman mile is shorter, and the Tuscan and the Turkish miles are 450 feet longer. The Swedish mile is 22,023 feet long, and the Vienna post mile is 25,037 feet in length.

Besides this list of twelve different miles, there are other measures of distance, not counting the French kilometer, which is rather less than two-thirds of a mile. The Brazilians have a mile that is one and one-fourth times as long as our mile; the Neapolitan miglio is about the same length; the Japanese ri is about two and one-half times as long as our mile; the Russian verst, five-eighths as long. The Persian standard is a farsakh, about four miles long, which is not far from the supposed length of the parasang, so familiar to every school boy who has read Xenophon's "Anabasis." The distance indicated by the league also varies in different countries.

HOUNDS.

Some Cambridge University students have invented a sport which, says a London paper, is something like the old game of hare and hounds, although no "paper-scent" is employed.

In the long summer vacation twenty young men betook themselves to a wild, hilly district in the lake country, and there marked out a hunting field, a territory of six miles' radius. Into this the hares were turned, and beyond it they might not pass. The hunts were limited to four days. During this time the hounds were also to keep on the ground, and put up at farmhouses, if they could, or rough it in hayricks or on the heather.

When the hare was once seen he was usually caught; but it takes good "scouting" to track him to his cover in cottages and outhouses, or among rocks and bushes, in woods and deep dells, and some energy and alertness to intercept his movements by night or in the early morning.

The country folk were deeply interested in the game. They were almost unanimously on the side of the hunted, and valiantly misled his pursuers whenever that was possible.

Opium is produced in seven countries—India, Turkey, Persia, Algiers, North America, Australia and China.

DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP

Cures Coughs, Colds, Lung and Bronchial affections that other remedies won't touch.

MR. THOS. J. SMITH, Caledonia, Ont., writes: "A year ago I had a very severe cold which settled in my lungs and in my throat, so that I could scarcely speak louder than a whisper. I tried several medicines, but got no relief until I used one and a half bottles of Norway Pine Syrup, which completely cured me."

25c. a bottle or five for $1.00.

THE WORLD OF SPORTS.

Forest City Curling Club Will Keep the Donly Medal.

Waterloo's Hockey Team Won the First Game in the Series for Possession of the Carling Cup.

CURLING.

FOR THE DONLY CUP.

Two rinks from St. Thomas came here yesterday, with the object of winning back the Donly cup, captured last year by the Forest City curlers. How the visitors failed is shown by the following score:

Forest City.	St. Thomas.
J. Purdom,	G. R. McColl,
J. Evans,	C. McCorkill,
J. M. McWhinney,	J. Boughner,
J. M. Burnett, skip.....21	W. K. Cameron, skip.....17
W. Fulton,	H. McPherson,
J. Davis,	A. B. Patterson,
Dr. McDonald,	W. R. Jackson,
R. Reid, skip.....15	W. A. Wilson, skip.....16
Total.....36	Total.....33

Forest City retaining the medal by 3 shots.

While the above match was in progress a friendly game was played between two rinks each of Forest City and St. Thomas men, resulting in a victory for the home players by 27 shots.

Forest City.	Score: St. Thomas.
James Burnett,	F. Sutherland,
A. C. McPherson,	W. W. Boughner,
C. E. Sterling,	L. E. Tait,
W. T. Strong, skip.....17	F. Doggett, skip.....7
Col. Denison,	W. Ross,
C. Ward,	G. Wright,
A. Talbot,	D. McLaws,
C. M. R. Graham, skip.....27	D. W. Graham, skip.....10
Total.....44	Total.....17

CRICKET.

The following humorous skit from the London, England, Military Mail, Feb. 17, may interest local cricketers and others. It is headed "Army Orders and Regulations for the Direction of Military Cricket Matches," and is as follows:

I.—Batsmen must go to the wickets in order of seniority, under the regulations issued in 1866.

II.—Patterns of the uniform to be worn can be obtained only from Army Clothing Department, Pimlico.

III.—Any batsman wishing to make a stroke must state his reasons for doing so in writing.

IV.—The ball must be non-explosive, as laid down by the terms of the Geneva Convention. Soft-nosed or explosive balls are strictly prohibited.

V.—The disposition of the fieldsmen, hereinafter called the "outposts," shall be in the hands of the commander of the company, who is responsible to his commanding officer, who is responsible to the brigade-major, who is responsible to the brigadier-general.

VI.—If one of the outposts miss a catch he must report the matter to the non-commissioned officer in charge of the picket, who must report it to the officer commanding the company, who must report to the colonel.

catch he must report the matter to the

VII.—No alteration in the disposition of the outposts can be made without the sanction of the officer commanding troops.

VIII.—Permission to change the bowler can only be obtained through the brigadier-general, who will forward the application to the general officer in command of the division, who will forward it to the chief of staff, who will acquaint the field marshal of the change.

IX.—The umpires will be considered neutral, in accordance with the customs of war as laid down by the Geneva Convention (vide Mil. Law, sec. xiv.)

X.—Anyone disputing the decision of the umpires will be liable to be tried by a field general court martial, and undergo the extreme penalty of the law (vide Mil. Law, R. 117).

XI.—A player receiving injury in the field can only retire on sick leave on the recommendation of a medical board, who will forward his application to the A. A. G., War Office.

XII.—A suspension of hostilities on any pretext whatever can only be obtained by the officers directing the operations coming to terms. Negotiations to be conducted under a white flag.—"The King."

FISTIC.

A FATAL KNOCKOUT.

Chicago, March 6.—Samuel Uphouser, known in pugilistic circles as the "Brighton Slasher," is dying at his home as the result of a knockout blow he received in a fight at Bricklayers' Hall Saturday night. The police are searching for his opponent in the battle, but can only learn that he is known as "Young Choynski," and no one knows where he can be found. It was in the fourth round of the fight that Uphouser received injuries likely to prove fatal.

BASEBALL.

CITY LEAGUE MEETING.

The London City Baseball League held its first general meeting last night. The Londons, Aberdeens and Struthers teams were represented, but the Memorials did not send delegates. Their place will be filled by the Pastimes, who were represented by George Black. Each team deposited its guarantee, and the first steps towards the making of a schedule were taken. The constitution will be framed and the schedule finished at the next meeting.

THE AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Detroit, March 5.—The magnates of the American League are in session here at the Griswold House. The adoption of a playing schedule and playing rules for next season is the principal business. Every club in the league, except Boston, was represented, and Mr. Johnson held the proxy for that city. President Johnson said he did not think there would be any change made in last year's rules.

PITCHER JIM GALVIN DYING.

Pittsburg, Pa., March 5.—Jim Galvin, one of the most famous baseball pitchers in the country, is dying in a house on Laoock street, Allegheny. He is penniless, and the waters of the flood are swishing in the story below his death chamber.

HOCKEY.

CONTEST FOR CARLING CUP.

London lost the first game in the series for the Carling cup, played last night with Waterloo, by a score of 7 to 3. The visitors outclassed the local boys in defense and combination work. A large crowd witnessed the game, and did their best to cheer the home team on to victory, but their efforts proved futile. For the visitors Young played the star game of the evening, while the work of Bishop in goal, and Lawlor and Cribb on the London forward line was par excellence. Waterloo had the puck in London's territory during the greater part of the first half, and Seyler and Wilkinson had each a tally and Young two to their credit when half time was called. Kerrigan and Cribb made London's two counts in the first half, while McMahen was the only Tecumseh who found the inside of the net in the last part of the game.

In the second half Forrester made one of his customary rushes, and added another point to Waterloo's score. Young made the other two tallies for the visitors before the gong sounded. The lineup:

	London.	Waterloo.
Bishop	Goal	Raymo
West	Point	Wilkinson
Kerrigan	Cover point	Forrester
McMahen	Forward	Leahy
Douse	"	Young
Lawlor	"	Headry
Cribb	"	Seyler

Referee, H. Powell, Woodstock; timekeepers, A. Reid, Waterloo, and J. Fitzhenry; goal judges, A. Allward, Waterloo, and C. McGuffin, London.

NOTES.

The game was played in the Jubilee Rink.

London should find a faster point and cover point.

Waterloo's defense was impassable.

Bishop made some very brilliant stops.

Waterloo did not bring very many rooters with them.

What Douse and Lawlor do not know about handling a hockey stick is not worth knowing.

The referee was very impartial, but he should have imposed heavier penalties for foul work.

Mr. T. H. Carling faced the puck, after an appropriate address.

London will have to secure five more goals than Waterloo on Friday night in order to hold the cup.

RACING ON ICE.

AT KINGSTON.

Kingston, March. 5.—There were good ice races here today. The sport was keen and the audience was large. The races continue tomorrow. Summaries:

2:20 class:

Kathlene, W. H. Comstock, Brockville	1	1	1
Johnny P., Dennis Lake, Napanee.	2	2	2
Sir Knight, J. W. Lyons, Harrowsmith	3	3	3
Waxford, Jun., M. Brannigan, Kingston	4	4	4

Time—2:26, 2:27.

Named race:

Hurbert, R. Smith, Kingston	1	1	1
Lady Anselm, J. Hart, Kingston	2	2	2
Sam Rooney, G. Darragh, Kingston	3	3	3

Time—2:44½, 2:36, 2:34.

ORILLIA ICE RACES.

Orillia, Ont., March 5.—The ice was in good condition and the races today were well attended. Summary:

2:30 class:

Birdie Hayes	1	1	1
George C.	2	2	2
Ernie Hunter	3	3	3

Best time, 2:30¼.

Named race:

Princess Nottingham	1	3	1	1
Billy Piper	3	1	2	3
Rattle Bones	2	2	3	2
Beef	4	4	4	4

Best time, 2:38¾.

TURF.

NEW ORLEANS RACES.

New Orleans, March 5.—Weather clear, track fast.

First race 5 furlongs—Lady Buckley, 110 (Odom), 4 to 1, 1; Allopath, 110 (Brennan), 2 to 1, 2; Tuckpaw, 110 (Wallace), 50 to 1, 3. Time, 1:02.

Second race, Owners' handicap, 6 furlongs—Tom Kingsley, 85 (Boyd), 15 to 1, 1; Carl Kahler, 85 (Helgeson) 2 to 1, 2; Death, 106 (Slack), even, 3. Time, 1:13¼.

Third race, steeplechase, handicap, short course—Bristol, 152 (Comer), 11 to 5, finished first, but was disqualified; Fadella, 141 (Butler), 2 to 1, 1; Harve B., 127 (Kelly), 9 to 2, 2; King Elkwood, 129 (Raines), 8 to 1, 3. Time, 3:04.

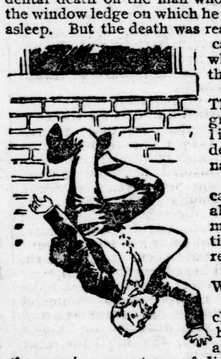
Fourth race, the Premier stakes, 5 furlongs—Bill Nixon, 108 (T. Walsh), 30 to 5, 1; Computation, 108 (Slack), 20 to 1, 2; Maverick, 105 (Lyne), 6 to 1, 3. Time, 1:01¾.

Fifth race, handicap, 1 mile—Felix Bard, 108 (T. Walsh), 13 to 10, 1; Nitrate, 112 (Odom), 7 to 2, 2; Amagari, 87 (Feicht), 30 to 1, 3. Time, 1:40¾.

Sixth race, selling, 1 mile—Pharaoh, 104 (Boyd), 7 to 2, 1; Dan Paxton, 105 (Young), 7 to 2, 2; Senator Sullivan, 108 (Odom), 30 to 1, 3. Time, 1:41½.

ACCIDENTAL?

The jury returned a verdict of accidental death on the man who fell from the window ledge on which he had fallen asleep. But the death was really due to carelessness which made the accident possible.



There are a great many lives suddenly terminated as a result of carelessness, although the medical certificate may read "heart failure." When a man takes chances with his stomach and neglects the warning symptoms of disease, he is carelessly inviting calamity.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It enables the perfect digestion and assimilation of food, which makes strength. It stimulates the liver, cures biliousness, and removes bilious impurities from the blood.

"I had been troubled with a pain in lower part of my stomach for three years, so severe I thought it would kill me in time," writes Mr. Aaron Van Dam, of (Kensington) 2549 Forth St., Chicago, Ill. "I could hardly work; it felt like a big weight hanging on me and got so bad that I had to take medicine. I used Stomach Bitters for a time, but it did no good so I wrote to Dr. R. V. Pierce for advice, which he gave me immediately. I followed his directions; used two bottles of his medicine and was cured. I had a torpid liver which was troubling me instead of cramps, (as I thought), so Dr. Pierce told me. I have pleasure in living now; have gained in weight 15 pounds since then."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. They do not beget the pill habit.

KOMOKA.

Komoka, March 5.—On Feb. 27 the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Joyce was the scene of a merry gathering. The brethren of Komoka Lodge, of the A. O. F., with their ladies, assembled to partake of an oyster supper. The company, which numbered 35 in all, thoroughly enjoyed both the supper and the social pleasures provided, in the way of games and music. Before dispersing a vote of thanks was tendered Mr. and Mr. Joyce for their hopitality, which was responded to with a cordial invitation to come again.

STOLE GOLD FROM TORONTO CUSTOM HOUSE.

Toronto, Ont., March 6.—Joseph Larkin, a former employe of the customs, who was charged with obtaining access to the vault four months ago while occupying a confidential position in the Toronto custom house, and stealing $586 in gold, consigned in bond from the Philadelphia mint to P. W. Ellis & Co., pleaded guilty in the general sessions. Sentence was deferred. Larkin's guilt was established by the evidence of a woman whose husband is now held for receiving the gold, and who went to Chicago to dispose of it.

ONLY A SUBSTITUTE.

Mrs. Knice—Bridget, I was surprised to see you wipe a plate last evening upon your pocket handkerchief. You must never do such a thing as that again.

Bridget—That wasn't my handkerchief, mum; it was one of the napkins that I have been carrying for a day or two; all my handkerchiefs are in the wash.

THE PRINCE AT NIAGARA

Visit to Canada of the Kaiser's Brother.

Henry of Prussia Enjoys the Grandeur of the Cataract

And Its Surroundings—Welcomed by Major Maude and Others and Listens to Addresses.

Rochester, N. Y., March 5.—Prince Henry of Prussia traveled from Chicago to Niagara Falls today, crossed the Canadian frontier for a brief stay, to which he was officially welcomed by the Dominion, and then resumed his journey to Boston over the New York Central line. His longest stop in almost 30 hours of continuous traveling was at Niagara Falls, which he saw bridged in with the ice of winter. He viewed the Horseshoe Falls from Table Rock. The American falls from the ledge over the whirlpool on the Canadian shore; rode down the gorge to a point below the lower whirlpool, and then inspected the plant of the Niagara Power Company, which converts the force of nature to the purpose of commerce.

He was much impressed by the falls, and as he stood on Table Rock, looking across at the Horseshoe Falls, said: "It is magnificent; it is grand." He was greatly impressed by the whirling rapids down in the gorge, and when he left his car at the whirlpool, stood for several minutes watching the play of the water.

TOLEDO MISSED SEEING HIM.

The special train had covered the distance between Milwaukee and Chicago, crossed Indiana, and was well on its way over Ohio before Prince Henry arose. He was worn-out when he left Milwaukee, and did not respond to the demonstrations made by the people of Toledo and Sandusky. He did not get notice of the intentions of the citizens of Toledo to formally receive him, and his first knowledge of their plan was conveyed to him by their band playing "Die Wacht Am Rheine." It was too late then to get up, and Toledo did not see him.

AT CLEVELAND.

At Cleveland there was a friendly demonstration, and Peter Karpp, formerly a bugler in the German army, climbed the car for a reunion that was pleasant on both sides. Peter Karpp had been a sailor with the prince back in 1877, and they were shipmates for more than two years. The prince recognized Peter at once, and taking him by the hand, led him into the car. They talked over the old days, and an admiring crowd looked on in approval. At Erie, Pa., was a crowd that made the most dangerous jam of the entire journey. Women and children were wedged in against the train, and the effort to check the swirling crowd that pressed in from the rear was useless. Several women fainted, and anybody anywhere near the center of the crowd was submitted to dangerous pressure.

All through the morning, as the train ran through a corner of Pennsylvania and out into the State of New York, there were crowds at the stations anxious to see the prince and tender assurance of friendship. Dunkirk had its band out, and at Buffalo Mayor Knight welcomed the prince, and the local German societies sang. It was 2:45 o'clock when the special arrived at Buffalo, and fifteen minutes later it was steaming out to Niagara Falls.

WELCOMED TO CANADA.

The prince was then driven to the Canadian side, accompanied by a mounted escort, made up of the local militia officers. Midway in the bridge that spans the rapids the prince was met by the man who spoke for the Canadian Government and people. Major F. S. Maude, military secretary for Lord Minto, governor-general of Canada, presented the formal greeting of his chief, and the Hon. R. Harcourt, minister of education for Ontario, delivered the address passed by the Legislature of Ontario.

Karl Mueller presented an address in behalf of the municipality of Berlin, Ont., and F. Bopp, German consul at Montreal; Samuel Nordheimer, German consul at Toronto, and W. Hespeler, German consul at Winnipeg, were introduced.

THANKS THE CANADIANS.

The prince thanked the Canadians for their cordiality, and leaving his American military escort behind, drove on to the Canadian side. As his carriage turned up toward the falls, Mayor Butler said to him: "There at the gallery is the best view of the American Falls, but on account of the snow you cannot get it." "You may not be able to climb across there, but I am going to." Suiting the action to his words the prince jumped out of the carriage and climbed through the snow drift to the gallery on the ledge over the rapids, where he showed the way. Others followed, and soon there was a little crowd with him.

CLOSELY GUARDED.

Col. Percy Sherwood, chief of the Dominion police of Canada, was on hand with a force of his men and they closely guarded the prince during his stay on the Canadian ground.

After viewing the American falls the prince drove on to Table Rock, where he again dismounted. The Horseshoe Falls were clear of ice and the prince got an excellent view of them. There was a large space of clear water below the falls, but midway to the first bridge the ice was still intact and firm.

The prince was driven back to the town of Niagara Falls and there transferred to a special car for a trip

DOWN THE GORGE.

He left the car at the Whirlpool Rapids and with his suite walked down to the bank. Returning to Niagara, he was taken to the power house of the Niagara Power Company, and with Wm. B. Rankine, vice-president of the corporation, as guide, made a complete tour of the plant. He asked a number of questions about the amount of power generated, the means used and the manner and distance of transmission.

At 6 o'clock the prince was back aboard his train and fifteen minutes later departed for Boston with Rochester and Syracuse scheduled for brief stops.

THE ODD PENNIES.

For the sake of saving odd pennies don't buy an inferior emulsion when you really need Scott's Emulsion.

The difference in price is pennies. The difference in results is pounds—pounds of new flesh—and days of strength and comfort.

Those who have lost flesh can regain it more quickly by means of Scott's Emulsion than in any other way.

Send for Free Sample.

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R A D W A Y'S R E A D Y R E L I E F

Radway's Ready Relief

CURES AND PREVENTS

Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Influenza.

inflammation of the kidneys, inflammation of the bladder, inflammation of the bowels, mumps, congestion of the lungs, difficult breathing, croup, diphtheria, catarrh, cold chills, ague chills.

The application of the Ready Relief to the part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort. If seized with threatened

PNEUMONIA

or any inflammation of the internal organs or mucous membranes, after exposure to cold, wet, etc., lose no time, but apply Radway's Ready Relief on a piece of flannel over the part affected with congestion or inflammation, which will in nearly every case check the inflammation and cure the patient by its action of counter-irritation and by equalizing the circulation in the part. For further instructions see our directions wrapped around the bottle.

Household Necessities.

"I take my pen in hand to inform you of the great cure effected by your medicines. Some time ago my husband was taken down with lung fever. It came on him with a chill in the night. It happened I had a supply of the medicine in the house at the time. I rubbed his chest and back with the Radway's Ready Relief. I gave him a teaspoonful in a little hot water to drink, to help warm and stimulate him, and in about half an hour three of the Radway's Pills. By the time the doctor came the next morning he was much better. The doctor wanted to know what I had been doing. I told him. He said that was good; that they were good medicines. Another case I had was with my little nephew. He was taken with the croup. I rubbed his chest, throat and back with the Ready Relief, gave him doses about an hour apart, followed it by a dose of pills. By the next day he was about all right. I have been using this medicine, with my family and neighbors, for about thirty years, and never knew it to fail. I would feel gratefully obliged to you to please forward me 'False and True,' for which I inclose stamp. You are at liberty to make use of this testimony if you may think proper. Yours respectfully,

"MRS. ELIZA DUNN,

"Jacksonville, Morgan Co., Illinois."

ACHES AND PAINS

For headache (whether sick or nervous), toothache, neuralgia, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and weakness in the back, spine or kidneys, pain around the liver, pleurisy, swelling of the joints and pains of all kinds, the application of Radway's Ready Relief will afford immediate ease, and its continued use for a few days effect a permanent cure.

No matter how violent or excruciating the pain, the rheumatic, bedridden, infirm, crippled, nervous, neuralgic or prostrated with disease may suffer,

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Will Afford Instant Ease.

25 cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists. Be sure and get "Radway's."

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If you are particular about your washing use

Sweet Home Soap

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Your clothes will be cleaner than any "cold water" soap can make them.

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Will be on sale daily

From March 1 to April 30, 1902.

Proportionate rates to other points. Also rates to other points in Colorado, Idaho, Utah Montana and Washington.

Particulars at the City Ticket Office, 395 Richmond St. Telephone 205.

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Billings Montana.....$34.00
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Limited to continuous passage, and will be on sale daily from March 1 to April 30, 1902.

Special Settlers' Train to Canadian Northwest

will leave Toronto every Tuesday during March and April, 1902, at 9 p.m. Passengers traveling without live stock should take the "Pacific Express," leaving Toronto, 1:45 p.m.

For further particulars apply to agents Grand Trunk Railway System, or E. DE LA HOOKE, C. P. and T. A., "Clock" Corner, London. M. C. DICKSON, district passenger agent.

ALLAN LINE

For Liverpool, Calling at Moville, and New York to Glasgow.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First cabin, $45 and upwards; return, $85 50 and upwards. Second cabin, $35 to $40. London, $1 50 extra. Steerage, $25 to $26. New York to Glasgow: First cabin, $40 and upwards; second cabin, $32 50; steerage, $26.

Agents for London: E. De La Hooke, W. Fulton and F. B. Clarke.

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MAJESTIC SAILS MARCH 12th
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Saloon rates from $50 up. Second saloon from $40 up, according to steamer and accommodation. Third class rates to Liverpool, London, Glasgow and Derry, $28 and $29 50.

Accommodations for all classes of passengers unexcelled.

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To Manitoba and Canadian Northwest will leave Toronto every Tuesday during March and April, 1902. Passengers traveling without live stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 1:45 p.m. Passengers traveling with live stock should take the train leaving Toronto at 9 p.m. Colonist Sleeper will be attached to each train.

For full particulars and copy of "Settlers' Guide," apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific agent, W. FULTON, city passenger agent, 161 Dundas street, corner Richmond, London, Ont., or to A. H. NOTMAN assistant general passenger agent, 1 King street east, Toronto.

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The following excellent publications prepared by the Chicago and Northwestern Railway will be sent free to any address upon receipt of postage named.

The information contained therein is of great value to those who expect to travel, either for pleasure or profit. All of the publications are handsomely illustrated, with half-tone views:

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These tables are adapted for games equally interesting and instructive to young and old. The games, many of them are of a mathematical character, and afford an opportunity for the exercise of those faculties which strengthen and discipline the mind. Light weight, and can be used on any table, large or small, in any room, on veranda or lawn, and after playing may be stood away in a closet or behind a door.

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Germany, with every prospect of success, is pressing China for the concession of exclusive mining rights over a large area of Shan Tung.

ATHLETES, BICYCLISTS and others should always keep HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL on hand. Nothing like it for stiffness and soreness of the muscles, sprains, bruises, cuts, etc. w

G. G. G. Guaranteed Razors

Made specially to our order. Finest tempered steel, full hollow ground. You can have a clean, comfortable shave by using a G. G. G. Razor. They last for years. Guaranteed to be free from flaws and defects and to shave the hardest beard.

Price $2.

Bring it back if not satisfactory.

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Collectors call weekly for deposits of 5 cent or more. Interest paid, *4 per cent.*

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The Supremacy of Style

With the additions of the finest fabrics enable us to clothe many of the business men of the city.

Southcott's, 361 Richmond St

STYLISH RINGS.

You can bank on getting the right thing at the right price here. In fact, a Ring from this store is as good as money in the bank. The latest styles as soon as they are out is our way of serving the public. Our prices are always a little lower than elsewhere.

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Executors and trustees are legally authorized to invest *TRUST FUNDS* in the *DEPOSITS* and *DEBENTURES* of the

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Office, Cor. Dundas and Market Lane.

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TRY SOME
PARNELL'S BREAD
It Is Surpassingly Good.

METEOROLOGICAL

Toronto, March 5—8 p.m.—The disturbance which was over the South Atlantic States last night is now centered near Rhode Island, indicating another gale for the Maritime Provinces. The weather has been generally fair and moderately cold today over the greater portion of Canada, except in the Northwest Territories, where it has been considerably colder.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Dawson, 36 below—12 below; Victoria, 40—48; Edmonton, 8 below—6; Calgary, 8—16; Qu'Appelle, 14—30; Winnipeg, 14—40; Port Arthur, 2—30; Parry Sound, 12—36; Toronto, 22—34; Montreal, 16—26; Quebec, 12—28; Halifax, 28—48.

Local temperatures—The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the observatory on Wednesday, March 5, were 36 and 20.

Today (Thursday) the sun rose at 6:46 a.m. and sets at 6:11 p.m. The moon rose at 4:26 a.m. and sets at 2:50 p.m.

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Because Best Made.

There is more nourishment in a loaf of Johnston Bros'. XXX Bread than in a pound of meat. Sold at all grocers or delivered from our wagons daily. Phone 818.

Thos. Wilson
Merchant Tailor,
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NEW SPRING
STOCK COMPLETE.

London Advertiser.
UNION LABEL TYPOGRAPHICAL LONDON

A LOCAL BUDGET.

—Bailiff English took Fred Lyons to the Central prison today, to serve three months for vagrancy.

—Misses Mabel and Lottie Cameron, of Lobo, are visiting their uncle, Ellis McKay, 60 Euclid avenue, South London.

—Mr. and Mrs. Herman Waterman, of Buffalo, leave for home today after a week's visit to Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Waterman, King street.

—Mrs. Archie Wilkinson, of Flint, Mich., is in the city, being called home by the illness of her mother, Mrs. Richardson, 41 Bathurst street.

—The young people of Knox Presbyterian Church, South London, will give an entertainment in their lecture hall tomorrow evening. One of the features will be a classical tableau.

—A general meeting of the Ontario Historical Society will be held in conjunction with the historical section of the Ontario Educational Association, April 1-3, in the educational department buildings, Toronto. An instructive programme has been prepared, including a paper on "The French Explorers of the Great Lakes," by J. H. Coyne, B.A., of St. Thomas. Special railway rates are announced.

GOES TO WALKERTON.

Mr. W. R. Manning, principal of Essex public school, has been appointed to the principalship of Walkerton Model School, at a salary of $800, to succeed Mr. W. J. Chisholm, M.A., who has been appointed inspector of West Bruce. Mr. Manning is a graduate of London Collegiate Institute, and has many relatives and friends in London and Middlesex county.

NO DOCTORS' MEETING.

No quorum could be secured for the meeting last night of the hospital medical staff, so the meeting was not held.

TONIGHT'S RECITAL.

Miss Kurzenknabe's recital should draw a very large audience to the Auditorium this evening. In addition to Miss Kurzenknabe's pleasing elocutionary selections, some of the best local talent will also take part in the programme.

CAPT. CARSTAIRS IN TORONTO.

Capt. W. F. W. Carstairs, formerly of London, and now of the 3rd Southern Nigerian Regiment, West African Frontier Police Force, is in Toronto. He is enjoying a six-months' furlough. Since going to Africa Capt. Cairstairs has seen some active service, received a wound, and had a severe attack of malarial fever.

PLANT-STOREY WEDDING.

A popular young couple were married yesterday in the persons of Mr. Chas. Plant and Miss Edna Storey. The wedding was a quiet affair, and was performed at the residence of the Rev. Herbert MacKenzie, London South. The services of bridesmaid and groomsman were dispensed with. Mr. and Mrs. Plant will reside on Talbot street.

MOVING TO LONDON.

Mr. Ezra Riehm, who is moving with his family to this city, to enter a local harness establishment, has for the past six years carried on a harness business at Fordwich. Before leaving that place, the members of the Methodist Church there tendered a banquet to Mr. and Mrs. Riehm, at which they were made the recipients of a handsome easy chair, accompanied by a gracefully worded address. Mrs. and Miss Riehm will join Mr. Riehm here about the end of March.

SMALLPOX IN NISSOURI.

West Nissouri has a smallpox case. Mr. Wm. Stapleton, who has been teaching school in Washington State, secured a position in Sarnia, and while on his way home from the west dropped off at Sarnia to arrange for entering on his new duties. He arrived at his old home in Nissouri on Thursday evening, and on Sunday he became unwell, and a rash came out on his face. The doctor pronounced it a case of smallpox. It is supposed that Mr. Stapleton became infected at Sarnia.

MONTHLY BOARD MEETING.

The trustees of the Protestant Orphans' Home held their monthly meeting at the home on Monday afternoon, at 3 o'clock. The president, Mrs. McCallum, occupied the chair. The reports from the several committees were all of a most encouraging character. Several matters of importance from the investigating and purchasing committees were, after some consideration, satisfactorily settled. Many applications are received each month by the board for children to go out either for adoption or to work, and this month has been no exception, but many of the replies are of necessity in the negative. The board very gratefully acknowledges the following kind donations received in February: Nine boxes of hats and two muffs, Spittal & Co.; large parcel of clothing, Mrs. A. E. Cooper.

TOWNSHIP LOSES A GOOD CITIZEN

Joseph W. Ferguson, of Birr, Dies After Long Illness.

One of London township's best-known residents passed away yesterday in the person of Mr. Joseph W. Ferguson, who died at his home at Birr, after an illness of nearly two years. Mr. Ferguson was born in London township about 66 years ago. His life was spent on the farm, with the exception of the years in which he acted as general agent for the London Life Insurance Company. Mr. Ferguson is survived by his wife and three children—Percy, at home; Dr. Harry Ferguson, and Mrs. (Dr.) Grigg, Bay City, Mich. Mr. Justice Ferguson, of Toronto, and Mr. Francis Ferguson, of Delaware township, are brothers, and Mrs. McLean, of Grand Rapids, Mich., and Mrs. Shoebottom and Miss Ferguson, of this city, are sisters of the late Mr. Ferguson. Another brother, Senator Ferguson, died some years ago.

The funeral takes place tomorrow afternoon to Birr Cemetery.

Unimpeachable.

If you were to see the unequaled volume of unimpeachable testimony in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla, you would upbraid yourself for so long delaying to take this effective alterative and tonic medicine for that blood disease from which you are sufferign.

It eradicates scrofula and all other humors, and cures all their inward and outward effects.

Take Hood's.

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

"A RUNAWAY GIRL."

Mr. Arthur Dunn, in conjunction with some fifty other artists, comprising the Augustin Daly Company, will be seen in "A Runaway Girl" at the New Grand next Saturday, matinee and evening. The play is a clean-cut musical comedy from George Edwardes' Gaiety Theater, London, and Daly's Theater, New York City. The company appearing in the production is composed of artists of high standing. The comedy will be staged, costumed and interpreted as befits the standard established by the name of Augustin Daly, a sure guarantee of all that is clean, artistic, meritorious and enjoyable. The sale of seats opened this morning.

"A GAMBLER'S DAUGHTER."

"A Gambler's Daughter," which comes to the New Grand next Tuesday evening, is the latest sensational melodrama from the pen of Owen Davis, the author of several other successful melodramas, including "Lost in the Desert" and "Through the Breakers." The new piece is most elaborately staged and equipped with more new and beautiful scenery than is ordinarily used in the production of these plays. A fine company composes the cast, and the exciting scenes and startling climaxes as the interesting plot develops are vividly portrayed. The engagement here will be at popular prices—50, 35 and 25 cents.

ENGLISH GRAND OPERA.

The Boston Lyric Company, a standard organization of about 50 people, will be one of the offerings at the New Grand next week. Prominent in the list of artists are Miss Bertha Davis and Miss Mabel Day, sopranos; Miss Maude Leekley and Miss Della Nevins, contraltos; Mr. Martin Pache and Mr. Joseph Frederichs, tenors; Mr. John J. Raffael and Mr. George Chapman, baritones; Mr. S. P. Veron and Mr. Frank Maslin, bassos. Mr. Arthur Pell will direct the orchestra. The repertoire comprises "Il Trovatore," "Carmen," "Martha," "Faust," and "The Bohemian Girl"—each opera sung in English.

FOUND IT.

Coffee Was Doing the Work in Good Style.

Members of the same family are affected differently by coffee drinking. One may feel the effect in a disordered stomach while another may have no trouble with the stomach so far as known, but have palpitation of the heart and finally organic heart disease, or perhaps in another the kidneys may become affected.

As an illustration, a family in Murphysboro, Ill., reports an experience. Mrs. Cole discovered that the sour stomach and nervous, restless nights were caused by coffee-drinking. Her mother suffered from nervousness when coffee was used, while the brother of the family became a wreck directly from coffee drinking.

Mrs. Cole, in her letter, says, referring to her brother, "He went from one physician to another, and his case puzzled them all until he had tried eleven different physicians. Some thought he had apoplexy, others locomotor ataxia, some advised operations to relieve the pressure at certain points, altogether his case became so alarming that we were afraid to leave him alone. He frequently fainted away, and was in a most wretched condition.

Finally one of the physicians suggested that possibly coffee brought on some of the symptoms, so he was persuded to give up coffee, and begin the use of Postum Food Coffee. Then he began to recover, and day by day the old troubles left. Now he has gotten entirely well, has gained about 30 pounds and in the picture of health. Of course he and his family use Postum regularly. He says he would as leave drink a spoonful of poison as of old-fashioned coffee.

When we first began to make Postum it was boiled but a few minutes and none of us liked it, but since we began making it properly by having it boil long enough to bring out the flavor we all consider it superior to the old-fashioned coffee. It is delicious when made right, and that is easy.

A number of our friends have been cured of various ailments by leaving off coffee and using Postum. With Mrs. ——— the coffee caused a smothering sensation, bloating and serious trouble with the heart. She has entirely recovered since changing from common coffee to Postum."

CLUB FORMED BY LOCAL ANGLERS

Improvement of Thames River Fishing Their Object.

The local knights of the rod, line and hook got together last night at the London House and organized "The Thames River Angling Association." Starting as it does with a membership of about sixty, the club's prospects for a successful existence are extremely bright. The need of such a club has long been felt. Previous clubs have been of a more exclusive and private character, but the constitution of the new organization provides for the admission to membership of all interested in the noble sport of angling. To judge by the size and the enthusiasm of last night's meeting, the new club is already assured of success.

The object of the club is to protect the rights of river rod-fishers, and the club's efforts will first be directed to the removal from the river of sixty or more seines and dip-nets between the mouth of the river and Cashmere dam.

Col. Leys' efforts to have the Cashmere dam removed were warmly approved of by the club, and he was given great credit for his agitation to clear the river of this obstruction.

It was suggested that the farmers residing on the river front be invited to co-operate with the club in the protection of fish.

Mr. Hume Elliot, one of a deputation sent to Toronto, reported the reception of the delegation by Hon. F. R. Latchford, and his promise that he would consider their views and extend aid where possible.

The following officers were elected: Honorary president, Col. F. B. Leys, M. P. P.; president, Hume B. Elliot; vice-president, E. H. Brener; secretary-treasurer, James Weldon; executive committee, Messrs. Frank Friend, Wm. Smith, W. H. Chittick, W. A. Brock and Henry Jinks.

The following have already been enrolled as active members of the association: Dr. J. A. Stevenson, Messrs. John Gauld, E. H. Brown, H. J. Widden, W. Smith, E. S. Jury, G. W. Crabb, J. A. Hughes, W. A. Brock, W. Gurd, Richard Watson, John Waters, E. Nugent, F. Friend, H. Jinks, D. H. Torry, W. H. Chittick, John P. Evans, F. G. Clampitt, J. O. Weldon, J. F. Fortner, G. Boyce, W. Leman, J. A. Forster, C. Johnston, J. Abram, A. W. Fortner, H. Peacock and Frank McVean.

The executive will frame a series of bylaws for the club's constitution, and another meeting will be held shortly.

HELD HIM IN HIGH ESTEEM

Presbytery Records Appreciation of Useful Life.

Rev. Dr. Sutherland Wins Respect and Love During Thirty-Six Years of Service.

At Tuesday afternoon's session of the London Presbytery the following resolution was unanimously passed and ordered to be engrossed on the minutes:

"The Presbytery, in accepting the resignation of the Rev. Dr. Sutherland, feel grateful to God for having spared him to labor within its bounds for so many years, and would put on record the high esteem in which he is held for the long and eminent service he rendered the church.

"Dr. Sutherland commenced his studies in Edinburgh University and took his divinity course in Knox College, Toronto. He was licensed in 1866 and the same year ordained and inducted in the pastoral charge of Fingal. His field of labor was very extensive, embracing a whole township. Here he commenced and here he closed his active work in the ministry. He was attached to his flock, and had no desire to leave them.

"For 36 years he ministered in Fingal, and during all these years the utmost harmony prevailed between minister and people. His services were greatly appreciated, and Dr. Sutherland was held in the highest respect, not only by his own congregation, but by the whole neighborhood, and his name will be long remembered.

"Dr. Sutherland was painstaking in pulpit preparation, indefatigable in pastoral work, earnest in preaching the gospel, faithful in reproving sin and warning the sinner, ever aiming at the conversion of sinners, and edification of saints. His ministry was owned and blessed by God in the upbuilding of the church.

"He was clerk of this presbytery for a great number of years, and won the affection and confidence of every member by his kind and courteous bearing, his love of truth and loyalty to the church. Dr. Sutherland, on account of the state of his health, felt it to be his duty to retire from the active duties of the ministry, and the presbytery in granting his request would congratulate him on his long and harmonious pastorate, and trusts that he may be spared for many years, not only to enjoy a well-earned repose, but to preach the Gospel of the Lord Jesus Christ, that the evening of his days may be full of peace and blessing, and at last when his work is done, an abundant entrance may be ministered unto him in the everlasting kingdom of his Lord and Savior."

TROUBLES THAT LEAD TO INSANITY AND SUICIDE.

They Result From a Diseased and Disordered Nervous System.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

The Great Banisher of Nervousness In All Its Forms.

Are you a victim of melancholia, and do you brood from day to day? Does the shriek of the steam whistle, the rattle of wheels or the clangor of bells cause you to start and shiver? If this is your condition, be assured your case is extremely critical.

It is fitting that you should investigate your condition at once. If you are sleepless, depressed in spirits, if your mental movements are slow, if you are subject to terrifying hallucinations and an aversion to food, we say with all earnestness, beware of insanity and suicide.

The science of medicine has, thank heaven, furnished a means for the banishment of all the troubles referred to. Paine's Celery Compound is the great restorer and builder of the weakened and shattered nervous system. This marvelous prescription of Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M.D., LL.D., begins its work directly on the nerves by bracing them up; it causes pure, life-giving blood to flow freely to every part of the body, carrying health, vigor, joy and happiness into each hour of life. Beware of remedies that have no merit or reputation to commend them, they simply aggravate existing troubles. Ask your druggist for Paine's Celery Compound, the medicine that never disappoints.

INSECTS.

Sunday School Teacher—Who were the Maccabees?

Tommy—O! them's the things that was in the water an' gev my pop ty'foy fever.

Sore Throat and Hoarseness,

with their attendant dangers may be speedily averted and remedied by the use of Polson's Nerviline. Excellent to gargle with—ten times better than a mustard plaster, and more convenient for the outside. Nerviline penetrates the tissues instantly, soothes the pain, allays inflammation, and cures sore throat and hoarseness simply because that's what it is made for. The large 25 cent bottle of Nerviline is unexcelled as a household remedy.

There is a tribe in Central Africa among whom speakers in public debates are required to stand on one leg while orating, and to speak only as long as they can stand.

J. H. CHAPMAN & CO.
"THE BUSY STORE"

For a Busy FRIDAY

Nearly the last day for winter goods. They have received the final mark for Friday, and tomorrow will be one of the busiest days of this month. These wholesale price reductions will be your great gain.

Dress Goods at Remnant Prices.

125 YARDS TWEEDS—44 inches wide, in light and dark colors, appropriate for Easter gowns and suits, worth up to 50c a yard, Friday..... 25c

98 YARDS MEDIUM-WEIGHT SUITING—Plains in grays and fawns, cloth that cuts to good advantage, no up or down, 50 inches wide, value 50c yard, Friday..... 35c

ANOTHER DAY.

Cambric Linings, 3c a Yard.

Not every bargain day—Just tomorrow. Regular 5c Linings.

Black Dress Goods.

BLACK DRESS GOODS—Figured Poplins and Lustres, good black, worth up to 50c a yard, 44 inches wide, special, Friday..... 25c

115 YARDS BLACK DRESS GOODS—Plain Poplins, Herringbones and Plain Suitings, good reliable blacks, 46 and 48 inches wide, regular pice up to 80c, Friday..... 49c

Skirts Made to Your Measure, 59c

Orders for Easter Skirts Should be in Now

$10 Rain Coats $4.50

Two dozen Ladies' Black Cloth Rain Coats and Rubber Coats, some with capes, some with double capes, the regular selling price has been $10, Friday, choice.....$4.50

LADIES' GOLF CAPES—42 inches long, camelshair effect, plaid lining, bound seams, regular price $9, Friday.....$6.00

LADIES' WALKING SKIRTS—Our own make, made of good English suiting cloth, tweeds and homespuns, colors black, dark gray, castors and blues, linenette lining, velvet facing, actual value $4, our bargain price.....$2.50

14 only Ladies' Jackets, were $13.50, Friday..... $6.50

Fawn beaver cloth, double-breasted, lined with Mercerized twill, elaborately stitched, sizes 32, 34, 36, 38. Fancy, you will save neat seven dollars on one of these Jackets.

Ladies' Fur-Lined Capes.

Were $20 and $22.50, down to one dozen, 8 black shells, 4 colored, high Thibet collar on all, Friday.....$12.50

Black Silk Waists.

Made of Best Quality Black Taffeta, tucked and hemstitched fronts, back and sleeves, soft flare cuffs, becoming collar, silk button trimming, Friday.....$5.00

Ready-to-Wear Department Upstairs.

Carpets.

12 ROLLS ENGLISH TAPESTRIES—That have been selling at 57½c, 60c, 65c, good values, too, but we are going to give you your choice of them Friday at, a yard..... 48c

3 ONLY AXMINSTER RUGS—A good selling line at $2.25, Friday.....$1.75

2 ONLY VELVET RUGS—Much-liked reds, good size, $1.75, for.....$1.25

The five Rugs in the sale for Friday will certainly go to the first five customers.

15 ONLY TAPESTRY CARPET ENDS—1½ yards long, value 50c, Friday..... 35c

COCOA MATS.....25c, 40c, 50c, 70c, 75c

New Housefurnishings, Lace Curtains, Portieres, Coverings, Drapery, Linens.

J. H. CHAPMAN & CO.
"THE BUSY STORE"
126, 128, 128½ DUNDAS STREET.

NEW AND STYLISH HATS

Gentlemen, see our big range of New Shapes and Colors for - - - **$2.00**

Latest things from England and New York.

GRAHAM BROS.