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## FOR LIFE OR DEATH.

"You'll not do it, and get in, you chap, with hair on your head, I tell you that; and, mark ye, Britisher, 'tis no town-bred greenhorn who says it, but old Joe Burton, that has fought injuns and hunted buffalo on the Plains afore you left your mother's side, I calculate. 'Taint to be done."

"But, colonel!"—I put in, smiling, yet not quite so much at ease as I desired to appear, for this tough old frontiersman, who remembered the foundation of the settlement, was no light authority as to the practicability of such an enterprise as that which I had, perhaps rashly, undertaken.

"A clear throwing away of life, that's all," gruffly rejoined the veteran, as he stooped to pat the bound that jumps up, whimpering to receive his master's caress. "He that rides the line to the head-waters of the Gila" now has only to thank his own folly if his scalp dries in some peaky wigwam on the prairie. But there, I'm wasting words. A wilful lad, like a half-broke mustang, ain't easy to hold back. Anyway, Master Harry Lyndham, I wish you well out of the ugly scrape you have got into."

Colonel Burton was by no means the only friend who strove to dissuade me from my project, but my word was pledged; my mind made up, and it only remained to complete the preparations for my hurried and perilous journey. This was how matters stood with me. I, Harry Lyndham, one of the many young Englishmen whom the hopes of growing rich had drawn to the Far West of America, was then a resident of Tucson City, and a clerk in the employ of Curtis Brothers. The firm consisted of two old and eccentric men—old bachelor brothers—self-educated, as well as, in the commercial sense of the word, self-made, and whose names were known and respected through all that wild region that comprises Arizona, Montana, and the northern countries of Texas.

Oddly enough, it was because I was an Oxford man that my then employers had given me the preference over a score of candidates; for, in truth, there was nothing that old John and James Curtis so much prized as the learning which they had never leisure or opportunity to acquire; nor had they had occasion to repent of their choice, since I had served them zealously enough, during the past year, to have gained a high place in their esteem; while I liked them well, since their hearts were as warm as their manners were quaint. Mine were no sedentary duties, and I was more often in the saddle than at the desk; for Messrs. Curtis were speculators and general jobbers, dealing in maize, and wine, and hides, in tobacco, quicksilver, gunpowder, and "notions"; and, above all, in cattle the great staple of the far southwest.

It was not for hire alone that I toiled as I did, earning in Tucson—where immigrants from the old country are seldom held of much account when compared with the bustling Yankee—the reputation of a model clerk, as clerks are understood in that out-of-the-way nook of the earth. My great stimulus was that I was in love with pretty, charming, Rosamond Gray, the daughter of old Mr. Gray, the banker at Cristobal, a town lying to the eastward of the Mimbres, and famous as a market for the agricultural produce of the vast districts bordering on Mexico. In one sense I was happy, for my love was returned; but in another I had met with what was almost a repulse, since Mr. and Mrs. Gray, although entertaining no personal objection to me as a son-in-law, were unwilling to bestow their daughter on any but a wealthy suitor.

"Get rich, Mr. Lyndham," the banker had said good-naturedly, "and I see no reason why Rosamond and you should not be happy according to your own fancy. But neither her mother nor I can sanction an unconditional engagement."

I was in hopes that I might take Mr. Gray's advice, and by growing rich, or at least by acquiring a competence, win Rosamond's hand, the prize that I valued above all earthly considerations; and such is the rapidity with which, in those argentine regions, fortunes are sometimes amassed, that I was not without warrant for aspirations which in Europe would perhaps have seemed futile.

And now to explain the present position of the firm, and the reasons for my undertaking a journey fraught, according to the rugged old militia colonel's dictum, with almost certain disaster. Curtis Brothers, who, by a long course of judicious operations, had raised themselves from poverty to affluence, had at that time on hand a speculation of unusual importance. They had made, chiefly in Texas, very large purchases of horned cattle, sheep, and swine, destined to feed the swarming population of the sterile mining districts, where provisions,

and meat especially, command high prices. The investment seemed the more likely to be profitable, since the twin plagues of New Mexico, drought and locusts, had occasioned a notable mortality among the cattle of Arizona and the adjoining territories, and great pecuniary returns were anticipated.

All these calculations seemed likely to be upset by the sudden outbreak of that smouldering Indian war which never quite comes to an end in that dangerous region. The Apaches, irreclaimable foes of all white men, were on the warpath, leagued, as was reported, with sundry other tribes, the Kiowas, the Navajos, and the deadened Comanches; and already hideous tales of Indian cruelty and massacre reached us from many a lonely homestead within reach of the spoils. The troops had been hastily withdrawn; the caravan about to traverse the prairie had halted for lack of an escort; and it was thought rash to venture more than a few miles beyond the cultivated country. Yet the day was at hand when the great herds of oxen and droves of swine, already purchased, would be waiting at Cristobal for the completion of the bargain, and my employers were well aware that unless the cattle could be paid for in hard dollars, a fatal blow would be dealt to the credit of the firm. Messrs. Curtis had strained every nerve to collect the ready money necessary, and the funds were forthcoming, but the entire scheme bade fair to be frustrated by the abrupt closing of the route, consequent on the war. No man, or party of armed men, could have been bribed to attempt the conveyance of the cash across the plains, now haunted by the savage enemy, when I astonished my employers by volunteering to be the messenger.

"You shall not have to repent it, Harry my boy," said the elder of the two brothers, as he wrung my hand in his own horny one; "you've stood manfully by us at this pinch, and we'd be mean enough for niggers to trample on if we didn't show gratitude a little more substantially than by a few fair words. We never yet did raise a clerk to be partner, but—There, there, Lyndham; I did not intend to egg you on by an offer, as if you needed that," hastily added the honest old fellow, fearing, as he saw the color rise to my face, that I had taken umbrage at his rough speech. "Come safe back to us, lad, and all will be right."

Mr. James Curtis spoke words to much the same effect, at the same time bidding me be careful, and indeed it was curious to watch the struggle in my employers' minds between their natural eagerness to escape a financial wreck that almost amounted to ruin, and the kindly apprehension lest I should lose my life in their service.

As for myself, I knew well enough how great was the risk I ran, and for how momentous a stake I was about to play, and had not the goal before my mental vision been the bright prospect of calling Rosamond my wife, even the prospective partnership would hardly have tempted me to set off on an errand so perilous. I could ride well, too, and was better mounted than most of the residents in that district, where horse flesh is cheap and plentiful, having in my possession a splendid chestnut thoroughbred, originally brought from Kentucky by some United States officer, and which was celebrated for strength and speed. I was fond of Sunbeam, and he of me, for he was docile and intelligent as well as swift, and would follow me for miles as a dog follows his owner, or stand, when I bade him, with the reins hanging loose upon his glossy neck.

There was scanty time for leave-taking. It was deep in the afternoon when I started, a dozen or more of the younger citizens of Tucson riding with me for the first half hour, and giving me a hearty cheer as we parted. More than one strong right hand trembled a little as it grasped mine in token of adieu, and there was an unwonted moisture glistening in the honest eyes of some of the kindhearted young fellows as they wished me "God speed and a safe return." Well do I remember wheeling my steed on a little elevation in the rolling, flower-enamelled prairie, and waving my hat in answer to the waving of hats and handkerchiefs from the little knot of horsemen, not one of whom, I am sure, ever expected to see me again on this side of the grave. Then I rode on, and lost sight of the friendly band of well-wishers.

Some three hours after leaving Tucson I reined up beside the blue, bright waters of a creek, and slackening my horse's girths, I allowed him to drink freely, myself replenishing the metal canteen which was slung at my saddle-bow, for in that desert land another opportunity of appeasing thirst might not readily occur. And presently leaving the grassy prairie, we struck into a tract of country still more lonely and desolate, where the only sound was the thud of my horse's hoofs on the

scorching and barren earth.

Far away, to the left there gleamed against the sky something like a shining wall, impossibly visible, but which I knew to be serrated crests and mountain peaks of the Mimbres, the natural fastness where dwelt the barbarian tribes whose torch and tomahawk had laid waste too many a happy home. Nor were mementoes of their hostility lacking, as I traversed the track—deeply seamed by wagon wheels and strewn with the bleached bones of mules and oxen—that did duty for a road. Eight or nine times there loomed before me a rude wooden cross, on which was coarsely painted, in letters of black or red, sometimes a name, more often more initials, followed by the simple inscription, "Killed by the Apaches."

The sun went down, the dew glistened on the rank herbage and tufts of the wild sage, and a welcome breeze cooled the heated air, while the broad, bright moon, like a silver shield, rose to shed her chastened light over the vast expanse of prairie.

Onward I rode, until at length, in a sort of oasis, where water, and grass, and trees were to be found, I selected my camping place for the night. With dawn I was again in the saddle, nor did any incident, during that day's journey or the next, vary the monotony of prairie travel. Water was met with, sparingly, indeed, and of poor quality, but the brackish and turbid draught at any rate sufficed to allay that tormenting thirst, which is the great terror of the solitary wayfarer on these burning plains. Wherever there was water, too, there was pasture for my horse; while, for my own sustenance, I was provided with a tiny store of wild-buff-balls, cut in strips and dried in the sun, in Mexican fashion, and with a bag of parched maize cobs. These, with a flask of French brandy, a Spanish poncho, and ammunition for my carbine and revolver, made up my equipment, save only my canteen with its tin cup and the leathern saddle-bags, wherein were stowed the gold and green backs destined to redeem the credit of Curtis Brothers with their creditors at Cristobal. On the evening of the day I halted in a well watered dell near the head of a creek, and a distance, as I computed, of one hundred and twenty miles from Tucson. Eighty miles more at most would carry me to Fort Webster; and once across the Gila I should be safe, and could make certain of completing my journey to Cristobal. Hitherto I had met with no living soul friendly or hostile. My spirits rose as I proceeded on my way, and I began to feel confident of success.

On that night, lying wrapped in my poncho, with my saddle for a pillow, and my weapons within reach, I dreamed I was at home again, in Old England, and a boy once more, for I saw my sister's faces around me, and those of former friends, and playmates long dispersed, when suddenly I was aroused by shrill, eager neighing of my horse, tethered hard by, and waking with a start, opened my eyes to encounter the fierce eyes gazing and glowering upon me from a hideous painted face, bending over mine, and so close as well-nigh to touch it. I felt an Indian's hot breath upon my cheek, as he stooped over me, while of his purpose there could be little doubt, for, as I could see by the dim light of the dying watch-fire, he was freshly besmeared with paint, and one hand held a glittering knife. As I started up, and grasped the butt of the revolver lying beneath my head, the Indian's other hand clenching me by the wrist, while again my steed neighed shrilly, and as I propped myself on one knee I could see that Sunbeam was plunging and rearing violently, while two dark forms were gliding about the spot where the horse was fastened, apparently intent on undistressing the long lariat by which he was haltered to the ground.

There are confused recollections of which memory is never able afterwards wholly to unravel the tangled thread. I remember a brief sharp struggle, during which I twice received a slight graze from the knife that the Apache carried, and then my right wrist was freed from the hand that grasped it, and the sharp crack of the pistol, as three shots were successively fired, broke the stillness. Then, almost immediately, I heard the thud of galloping hoofs upon the crisp turf of the prairie, and saw two mounted men, whose fluttering blankets and plumed heads proclaimed their nationality, ride off into the darkness. At my feet lay my first assailant. The two eagles fastened by a silver brooch to his long black hair denoted that he had been a chief or principal warrior, while the paint and tattooing proved him to belong to the great tribe of the Apaches.

My great source of anxiety now was lest the braves who had escaped should have comrades within reach, and I at once decided to press on as my wisest policy.

Up to this time I had spared my horse, but now, heavy as was the sickly heat, and long as were the hours to be spent in traversing the brown, desolate plain, without grass or water, I urged Sunbeam on, the large peaks of the Mimbres becoming more and more distinctly visible as we sped on our way. Poor Sunbeam showed for the first time, signs of distress when we halted beside a stream, the brackish waters of which seemed to burn the thirsty lips that craved for them; but we were now, as I computed, within three hours of the river Gila, beyond which was safety.

The sterile stony desert which spread itself before when, on the next morning, my jaded steed and I set forth upon the track, was almost bare of verdure. The long drought, and the heat of the scorching sun, had withered every green blade, while pools and creeks which ought to have been full of pure water, were mere hollows of dry clay. I shared the last drops of precious fluid I carried in my canteen, and the last bleached corn with Sunbeam, and the good horse seemed as though he were grateful for and understood the kindness, for he rubbed his velvet muzzle curiously against my hand as I stroked his neck. Suddenly as I stood beside him, I looked back, and saw what made, for the moment, my very heart cease to beat, as if an icy touch had frozen the blood in my veins.

Spears and plumed heads, and wild forms, whose shields and scarlet blankets of buffalo robes were distinctly to be seen, were crowded together at the top of a rising ground, coming on over the prairie at an easy, swinging gallop, which a mustang can keep up for half a day. As I set my foot in the stirrup and leaped into my saddle, the Indians, silent till then, set up their fearful war-whoop, and with yells and frantic gestures lashed on their steeds as they took up the pursuit with a fury that sufficiently indicated what would be my fate should I be overtaken. Then began a desperate contest—a race for life or death. Sunbeam answered gallantly to my call, and for the first four or five miles I saw little of the enemy; but on they came pitilessly, and soon seemed to gain ground. Had it been on the first day of the journey, I could have laughed at the pursuers, but now the superiority of my noble horse, in stride and strength, was neutralized by the comparative freshness of the shaggy steeds on which the Apaches were mounted. I groaned as I felt Sunbeam lag beneath me, though I urged him on with voice and hand.

Miles upon miles of rolling prairie were traversed, my horse keeping the lead, and speeding on with courage unabated, but staggering as he went, and bearing heavily on the bit as we descended the frequent slopes. The Indians saw their advantage, and pressed on, making every effort to come up with me. One arrow slightly wounded my horse in the neck; a second brushed my cheek, making me feel as though a hot iron had been drawn across it. I bear the thin, blue scar to this day. But maddened with excitement, I spurred Sunbeam on, shook off the pursuers for a while, and presently saw gleaming before the waters of the swiftly-flowing river, which could be no other than the Gila; while beyond it rose the stockaded walls of a lonely building—Fort Webster, doubtless.

I patted my steed's reeking neck as I vociferated the words; and with a faint, friendly neigh, the gallant horse responded to my appeal, and still reeled onward. The river, bordered by tall trees and canyons, was very near; I could hear its rush and ripple, when Sunbeam, dead beat, stumbled, fell on his knees, and sank slowly down. There was an arrow, unknown to me, sticking in his flank, and the noble brute had actually been bleeding to death as he carried his master with unflinching spirit, over leagues of the weary prairie. For the moment I almost forgot my imminent peril, in grief for the loss of my brave companion; but little time was left for regrets, for already the ground shook beneath the thunder of hurrying horse-hoofs, as with yells and cries of barbarous triumph, the Indians came racing up behind.

Thirty yards before me lay the river, but it was too deep and rapid for a man readily to swim or wade, and though I was weary and worn, yet I could not bear to abandon life while a chance remained. My pistol was in my belt, but my carbine was strapped to the saddle of the dead horse, and so were the bags which held the money of Curtis Brothers, and these I snatched up, though I had scanty prospects of saving either property or life, so near were the ruthless foes. They were but six lance-length away from me as I plunged into the brushwood, intending to take shelter among the tall reeds of the bank, in the faint hope that the clamors of the Apaches might bring out the troops from the fort. To my great joy, however, on

reaching the river bank I beheld, moored to the stem of a mimosa tree, a canoe, containing fishing tackle, and probably belonging to the garrison; and leaping into it, I seized the paddles and pushed off into the middle of the stream, just as four or five of the Indians, who had dismounted, came bursting through the bushes, knife and tomahawk in hand.

The river ran swiftly, and I was inexperienced in the management of a canoe; but the Indians, fortunately, hesitated to take the river, no doubt on account of the vicinity of the fort, and although they pursued me with fierce shouts and volleys of arrows, only one of the latter hit me, inflicting a slight wound on my left wrist; while the welcome sound of a cheer and the discharge of a rifle from the further bank told that the Indian war-whoop had attracted the notice of the soldiers, of whose weapons the Apaches stood in wholesome awe. I was soon among friendly faces, although so exhausted was I with fatigue and emotion, that I fainted before reaching Fort Webster.

My story thus hastily narrated, is nearly at an end. The kindness of the commanding officer enabled me to push on, so soon as rest and refreshment had somewhat restored my vigor; and I reached Cristobal without further hindrance or peril, and was in time to save the credit of the firm whose representative I was, and to allay the suspicions of the half-wild Mexican and Texan cattle farmers, who were already beginning to chafe and murmur at the delay. The oxen and other live stock, some weeks later, were sent, along with a wagon train that traveled under a strong escort of the United States cavalry, to Tucson; and I should have availed myself of the opportunity to return, had not an attack of fever, brought on by anxiety and over exertion, prostrated me for a time, though youth and a robust constitution enabled me to shake it off.

I was still very pale and weak, and was sitting listlessly among the magnolia bushes and coffee-shrubs in the garden of the little inn, when I saw Rosamond and Mrs. Gray, whose kindness to me during my illness had been unremitting, approaching me with joyful looks.

"Can you bear good news, Harry?" asked the latter, smiling; and indeed the tidings were very good ones. My quaint, worthy old employers had been better than their word, having not merely taken me into partnership, in recompense for what I had done on their behalf, but also appointed me their resident agent at Cristobal, a far healthier and more pleasant place than Tucson, with a share in the profits of the firm that was only too liberal I have every prospect of competence and ultimate wealth, while my engagement to Rosamond Gray is very shortly to be brought to a happy conclusion; but in the midst of my new-found prosperity, a sad-denying recollection will sometimes intrude itself as I remember the faithful dumb animal whose bones are whitening on the banks of the Gila.

Seeing is not believing. There are many men you can see yet can not believe.

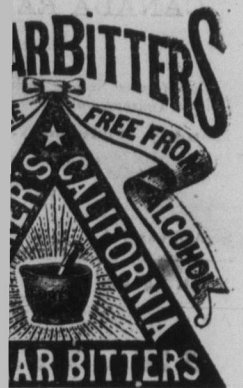
Bystander:—"Keep the lid on, old man, or you'll make it weak!" "Milkman:—"No fear; reckoned on rain, and brought it out over proof."

A Professor asked his class, "What is the Aurora?" A student, scratching his head, replied, "Well, Professor, I did know but I have forgotten." "Well, that is sad, very sad," rejoined the Professor. "The only man in the world that ever knew has forgotten it."

A gentleman questioning a little boy, said:—"When your father and mother forsake you, Johnny, do you know who will take you up?" "Yes sir," said he. "And who?" said the friend. "The police," was Johnny's reply.

The Rev. Mr. Thom, of Glasgow, had a sovereign contempt for civic authorities of all kinds. A portly magistrate having, one Sunday in summer, found his way to the parish church of Govan, overcome by the heat of the weather fell fast asleep during the sermon. In the middle of the discourse a dog which had got into the church most opportunely set up a howl. "Put out that dog," said the minister, "put out that dog instantly—he'll waken the Glasgow magistrate."

A correspondent inquires:—"How can I prevent my little boy from wearing out the knees of his pants?" We only know three sure ways: You can kill the boy, or you can make his pants without any knees; or perhaps the best way would be to get some other little boy, about the same size, to wear the knees out, if you have such objections to your own boy's doing it.



ter's California Vinegar  
nearly Vegetable preparation,  
on the native herbs found  
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They are the great blood-  
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II enjoy good health, let  
can Bitters as a medicine,  
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I can take these Bitters  
directions, and remain long  
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as wasted beyond repair.

hundreds proclaim VINEGAR  
at wonderful invigorant that  
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the Vitiated Blood, when  
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when you find it obstructed and  
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pure, and the health of the system

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# Telegraphic News.

Halifax, Feb. 14.  
The boiler at Moir's steam bakery exploded this morning. The buildings were much damaged but nobody was injured.

London, Feb. 14.  
The Sultan, yesterday, signed a decree granting the Androssy reforms to the people of the insurgent provinces.

The Ambassadors of the Six Powers were notified, and Ottoman representatives abroad telegraphed.

A Catholic demonstration at Malmoes, yesterday, resulted in a riot, during which several were severely injured. The police were obliged to intervene.

New York, Feb. 14.  
R. & J. White, lumber dealers, of Pembroke, Canada, have suspended. Liabilities amount to \$75,000.

Gold 112 3/4.

THE QUEEN DISCOURAGES THE USE OF MALT LIQUORS.—A Scotch correspondent informs the *Pull Mall Gazette*:—"The Balmoral Curling Club, which only played its maiden game last winter, has ceased to exist, orders having been sent to all members of the club on the royal estates to discontinue the game. Her Majesty is understood to have said that she did not see much amusement in the game of curling, but that she was afraid it tended to encourage a love for malt liquor. That disavowal by royalty has caused deep regret among the keen curlers of the Deeside." Her Majesty's views will meet with general approval.

In the Black Hills there are over forty houses up and sixty in process of erection. Red Cloud is reported to have said that he would die on the path rather than stay in his reservation to starve.

The director of the U. S. Mint has stated officially that he is ready to furnish silver coin to be substituted for the fractional currency. A resolution will be introduced into the House fixing March 1st as the date of the commencement of this substitution.

In the Tweed case on the 8th inst., Garvey testified to building a house at a cost of \$110,000 for Connolly, out of the money stolen from the city of New York; also that in 1870 he and others gave \$100,000 to Tweed to straighten things at Albany; also that he destroyed all the papers in September, 1871, bearing on city matters at the request of Ingersoll, who said, "Tweed's wish as trouble was coming."

The Montana Legislature has passed a resolution granting \$3,500,000 to aid the construction of the Northern Pacific Railroad from Bismark to Shields river.

Dr. Benar says that as a result of the work of Moody and Sankey in Glasgow, "they can lay their hands on 7,000 converts who hold out well."

At a recent meeting of the Boston School Board complaint was made that too much work in drawing was exacted from the pupils, and it was said that there was great dissatisfaction in consequence. An order passed to enquire into the matter.

On the occasion of the late passage of the SS. Sardinian, Capt. Dutton, from Portland to Liverpool, Miss Rye, who was one of the passengers, was presented with a purse of money—£28 10s—in aid of her work of rescuing poor children in England from misery and destitution and taking them out to the British North American Provinces. Senator Muirhead, of Chatham, was one of the committee who presented the testimonial.

SUPPOSED NEW CEREAL.—A correspondent writing to the *Scientific American* says:—"In a recent issue of your paper I saw an article concerning a new grain found in the crop of a wild goose. I discovered this identical grain in 1850, where civilized man had never before trod the soil; it was growing as an aboriginal product, in a gulch in the Utah Mountains. The location is northwest of Salt Lake. The grain was ripe, and resembled rye more than any other distinct type."

CANADIAN PATENT OFFICE.—According to the Canadian Patent Office Record for December, 1875, there were issued in Canada, from October 20 to November 24, 1875, inclusive, 127 patents, of which 81 were granted to citizens of the United States, 39 to Canadians, 6 to subjects of Great Britain, and one to a citizen of France. It will be understood from the above that nearly two thirds of all the fees paid to the Canadian Patent Office are furnished by American inventors.

UNIVERSAL NATURE.—Nature has always the credit of adapting her means to ends. The tenderness of her provision for the wants of the humblest of her creatures is illustrated by Mr. Darwin, who says that male grasshoppers use their hind legs to fiddle on the edge of their wings, and that the best fiddler first succeeds in incanting the females. Behold how the industrious spider spins her web, and then sucks the blood of her husband and flings his carcass out in the back yard. Thus it is that the harmonies of life swell the grand diapason of the Universe, as it were.

The United States House of Representatives have passed a law repealing the Bankruptcy Act, but it will not come into operation until Jan. 1, 1877, so as to give

time for the settlement of pending disputes.

## New Method of Preparing Vaccine Virus.

The following method has been recommended and used by one of our correspondents:

On the eighth day, or thereabouts, after vaccination, the calf being placed in a convenient position, the lymph from the vesicles is caused to flow into shallow dishes, and evaporated to dryness; then it is pulverized and put into tubes and hermetically sealed; and it is then ready for use.

The advantages of this mode of obtaining lymph are, first, you obtain a pure lymph free from all the contaminating matter which bovine virus is liable to, such as hair, cuticle, pus, feces, of the animal, dust, etc. Second, the lymph preserves its integrity very much longer than under the modes of preparation and preservation in ordinary use. Third, it is much easier for physicians to manipulate when vaccinating than the quills, ivory points, or liquid lymph in tubes.

## The Standard

SAINT ANDREWS, FEB. 6, 1876.

### Publisher's Notice.

We have given timely notice to persons indebted to this office, but their accounts still remain unsettled. After waiting so long (even for years,) they cannot find fault, when called upon by a legal officer for payment. Patience is a great virtue, but it is well not to stretch it to too great an extent. We know some who have money of ours that it would be well for them to pay before many days pass.

### Great Storm.

One of the most violent storms experienced here for many years occurred on Monday night and throughout Tuesday until early this morning. Snow commenced to fall on Monday night and continued until morning, when it hailed with a strong South easterly gale. At noon on Tuesday a furious rain storm set in, and the wind rose until it became a hurricane and continued up to an early hour this morning when it dropped round to the North west and began to freeze. Several cellars were overflowed, and we do not remember of ever seeing the streets, in such a bad state; so bad as to impede travelling; indeed few pedestrians attempted to go out. This morning the crust is sufficiently hard to bear walking upon, while the gutters are filled with running water. Such is the state of the roads, that it would be useless to speculate as to when the trains will run regularly, and the mails will probably be late. The Observer, Dr. Gove, has furnished us with the following report:—

Duration of snow and hail 15 hours.  
Depth of " " " 8 1/2 inches.  
Duration of rain 8 hours.  
Rainfall 1.84 hundredths (over 1 1/2 inches).  
Total duration of gale, wind E. S. E., and South—30 hours—approximate velocity of wind in gusts 30 to 40 miles per hour.—Barometer did not rule low.

THE DOMINION PARLIAMENT was opened on the 10th inst., and the Governor General's Speech which has been widely published, may be summarized by stating that "the times are dull, business stagnant, and indeed every interest depressed. The crops, however, were good—and viewing matters generally, the distress in the Dominion is light, in comparison with other countries,—in fact there is no superabundant wealth, and very little want comparative speaking. The completion of the Intercolonial Railway is pleasantly alluded to. Allusion is made to the Dominion Supreme Court having been established; disappointment at the failure to obtain an early settlement of Canadian claims to the fisheries arising out of the Treaty of Washington. The new measures proposed are: One relating to the law of common carriers, whose duties and responsibilities are to be clearly defined; one to secure greater security to persons holding policies of life insurance; whilst another is to establish a rigid and careful plan of securing systematized information respecting criminal statistics. Provision is to be made for the consolidation of the statute law; for the better management of Indian affairs; for the better management of the estates of insolvent banks; and the best consideration will be invoked to the Pacific Railway matter.

A strict system of economy is to be introduced in all the Government Departments and Works—it is to be hoped, not for the purpose of increasing Ministers salaries, and creating offices for political friends. There is a pride in a certain kind of humility, and an economy which leads to extravagance, paradoxical as it may appear.

MORE ATTORNEYS.—Messrs. H. Atkinson, G. Hurlbert Lee, G. Otty, Dickson, W. W. Allen, and Andrew H. Johnson, were sworn in Attorneys-at-Law, at Fredericton, on Friday last.

## St. Andrews Men A Broad.

We read with much regret the following painful intelligence in the *San Francisco Post*, of a murderous attack made upon Mr. E. A. STEVENSON, storekeeper of the Occidental Steamship *Belgie*, while returning to his ship. The vessel only arrived from Hong Kong on the 31st ult. and was preparing for her next trip. We are happy to learn that Mr. Stevenson's wound is not dangerous, and that it is probable he will proceed in the *Belgie* on his second voyage. Our correspondent informs us that Mr. S., enjoys good health, has made friends among his brother officers of the ship, and that he enjoys the confidence of his employers. We also learn that all the St. Andrews boys in San Francisco are well, and it is added are at work.

From the San Francisco Post, Feb. 3.

## A Citizen Knocked Senseless and Robbed—Suspicion of Other Highway Robberies.

About four o'clock this morning an Officer Niles and local Wilson were passing down Post street, above Kearny, they came across the semi-unconscious form of a man lying on the sidewalk. The officers raised him up, and found a long gash on the head. The man revived sufficiently to be able to state that his name was F. A. STEVENSON; that he was storekeeper of the steamship *Belgie*, and that while on his way to the vessel he had been struck by some unknown assailant and rendered senseless. While the officers were passing down the street with Stevenson, two suspicious characters were observed coming toward them, but as soon as they saw the officers, one of them pretended to stumble against the shutter, near which they were standing. The fellow was collared and against the shutter was found a leather purse containing a \$20 piece and a trade dollar, which had been dropped by one of them. The pair of rogues were arrested and at the City Prison Stevenson's coat and boots were found upon one who gave the name of John Smith, and a handkerchief belonging to him found upon the one who had dropped the purse and who asserted that his name was John Lang. The presumption is that after robbing Stevenson they went down the street and robbed some other citizen of the purse containing the \$21 and then, probably to ascertain if they had murdered their first victim, returned to the spot where they had left him and were encountered by the officers. A charge of highway robbery has been entered against the parties, and an owner is wanted at the Police Office for the purse and money, so that another charge may be brought against the prisoners.

## PROTECTION.

(From the *Yarmouth Herald*.)  
A season of business depression which is felt no more severely in the Dominion than in the United States and on the other side of the Atlantic, has been taken advantage of by some of the manufacturers in the Dominion to get up a cry in favor of an increase of duties on manufactured goods. People are willing to listen to any proposition that promises to make times better, and the protectionists step to the front with their remedy—an increase of taxation. Their avowed object is to shut out foreign manufactures, and thus, as they say, give more employment to our own people. Now, suppose this end accomplished, and imports stopped or largely diminished, our population would be compelled to pay higher prices for the manufactured commodities they purchased, and the deficiency of revenue caused by non-importation would have to be made up by direct taxation.

The manufacturers have already "protection" to the extent of 17 1/2 per cent., but they affirm that this is not enough and that the country is languishing for want of more!

We would like to hear these men explain why business is so dull in the United States—a country in which the protectionists have had full sway. Will the Canadian protectionists pretend that it is for want of a high tariff on imported manufactures that the cry of hard times and of want of employment comes across the border?

Public opinion in the United States is evidently changing with regard to the protective policy, and more liberal views are gaining ground throughout the country. The measures and discussions of the Congress now in session indicate a great advance in the direction of free trade.

We notice that a call for a public meeting in St. John of persons in favor of further protection to manufacturers, a few days ago, did not meet with a very general or a very hearty response, the meeting being an extremely meagre one in point of numbers, and not very harmonious in sentiment. A motion to call another meeting with the hope of securing a larger attendance, was not sustained, and the meeting was a decided "fizzle."

The policy of imposing high duties for protective purposes—long since abandoned by England—is a delusive one, is behind the times, and is especially adverse to the interests of the Maritime Provinces.

WATER SUPPLY.—A contemporary congratulates its readers, in view of the abominable character of most of the metropolitan water supply, that Londoners drink very little of that fluid, forgetting that the beer barrel will seldom bear a close scrutiny any more than the water butt. It is fortunate that the very worst water distributed in the metropolis goes to the West end, and the repeated outbreaks of zymotic disease in fashionable localities, very likely are often caused by imperfect drainage as by polluted water, appear to have roused the West enders to the necessity of doing something. Possibly pressure may thus be brought to bear upon Parliament next session from this influential quarter. Whatever may be done, the water from the Thames and its affluents, must no longer be used for drinking or even cooking purposes. The water supply Commissioners are right when they declare that there is no hope of these rivers ever being rendered so pure that their water, even after filtration, can be safely used for domestic purposes. The only practical plan of reform seems to be to supply for the latter use, by a separate service, water from deep wells, using the water of the present companies for manufacturing and cleansing

their respective fields of social gossip, literary criticism, scientific information, current history and anecdote.

## THE HERRING FISHERY for the past ten

days was tolerably good, and large fares were taken. They have made their exit for Grand Manan. We are happy to learn that our Island fishermen have made good hauls.

A SKATING COMPETITION took place at the St. John Rink last week. The first prize, medal and \$10, was won by Mr. Hegan; the second by Mr. Campbell, and Mr. Thompson the third. In the boys competition W. J. Macdonald won first prize and H. Fritz, second.

Sheriff Harding Willard A. Smith, and W. W. Street were the judges.

## BALLOU'S MAGAZINE for March is issued

and is interesting as usual. M. Qnad's serial story, "That Taylor Boy," is of absorbing interest, and will attract as much attention as any story that has been published for some years. Among the contents we notice a thrilling sea story, several tales of adventures, half a dozen nice domestic stories of love and happiness, several pieces of poetry, and a dozen or more illustrated articles, such as will please the reader. Published by Thomas & Talbot, Boston, at \$1.50 per year.

THE CARACQUE TRIALS.—The argument before the Supreme Court on the reserved points of these trials, is postponed until Easter Term.

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purposes alone, taking care, however, that even for this restricted application it shall be purer than it is now supplied for all purposes.

## ENCOURAGE DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES.—Mr.

WM. FORTUNE, an ingenious and excellent mechanic has commenced the manufacture of Furniture. He also attends to upholstering and jigsawing. Mr. Fortune is a native of St. Andrews, who has been absent for some years in the United States, where he acquired a knowledge of the above business. He also manufactures Dressmakers Patent Folding Tables, recently patented, a useful and indispensable article for those engaged in the business. We trust that he will have sufficient encouragement to induce him to remain here permanently.

## The Title of "Reverend."

The decision of the Court of Arches in the case of "Reverend" Smith vs. "Reverend" H. Keet has been reversed by the judicial committee of the Privy Council. The matter is thus referred to by the *New York Herald*:—

"A Wesleyan minister named Keet wished to have a gravestone inscribed with the words that the deceased was 'daughter of Rev. H. Keet, Wesleyan Minister.' The Rev. Mr. Smith, of Christ Church, official delegate, objected on behalf of the Established Church. The Court has decided that the word 'reverend' is not a title of honor or courtesy but a honorary epithet, never exclusively belonging to the English Church establishment, but simply a matter of usage has long conceded the title to the Wesleyans. The Dean of Arches has erroneously assumed that the prefix 'reverend' was rightly a title of the clergy episcopally ordained."

"Now comes the grotesque part of affair. Several ministers of the Church establishment have written to the editors of the religious newspaper requesting that in future they shall be addressed simply as 'rector' or 'vicar' omitting the title 'reverend,' which is now, they say, desecrated. The quarrel affords much amusement to the secular journals."

Mr. Street, the Anglican clergyman who went over to the Roman Catholic Church as Ottawa a year or two ago, has been appointed by Mr. Canham, President of the Council, as his Secretary.

## INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY.—Captain A.

Featherstonhaugh, R. E., has reported his return to England. In June, 1872, Captain Featherstonhaugh, with other officers, was appointed to co-operate with a United States military party in marking 800 miles of international boundary through the wilds of North America. The appointments were determined alike by the scientific and by the military requirements of the service. We believe that Captain Featherstonhaugh's arduous and important services have been highly appreciated by her Majesty's Boundary Commissioner, and it is to be hoped that the officer's late allegiance to the Foreign office may not be allowed to hinder recognition through the War-office of services for the discharge of which the country had to seek its best qualified servants in the scientific military corps. The expedition to which Captain Featherstonhaugh was attached was in the field for two years, at all times under arms, and constantly harassed by threats of attack by Indians. Moreover, a detachment of Royal Engineers (one of the objects for the employment of which was its economical military qualifications, inasmuch as it could fight as survey formed the nucleus of the British party, while the United States Commission took the field with two troops of cavalry and four companies of infantry.

## Hotel Arrivals.

Feb. 15.  
MEGANTIC HOTEL.—G. S. Grimmer, Chamberlain; A. G. McGee, St. George; J. C. Wilson, St. John; W. H. Dixon, J. W. Boness, J. H. McElroy, St. Stephen; A. W. Bell, J. McDougal, Calais; J. R. Hen, Wolfville, N. S.

## MARRIED.

In St. Andrew's Church, St. John, on the morning of the 14th inst., by the Rev. Robert J. Cameron, assisted by the Rev. Donald McRae, the Rev. Francis Allen Ross, of the Parish of St. Catherine's, Berwick, British Guiana, to Elizabeth, daughter of the late Rev. Alexander McGillivray, D. D., of Pictou, Nova Scotia.

## DIED.

On the 10th inst. Mrs. Betsy Connors, aged 85 years.

On the 11th inst., Eliza, beloved wife of Mr. Joseph Shaw, leaving a husband and family to mourn their bereavement.

On the 11th inst., at Tunbridge, Wells, England, Will Robert Aylmer, second son of His Excellency Lieut. General Sir William O'Grady Haly, K. C. B., commanding H. M. Forces in the Dominion of Canada, aged 21 years.

## NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers have by mutual consent, this day dissolved the Co-Partnership heretofore existing between them under the name style and firm of A. LAMB & CO., which expired this day.

A. LAMB,  
J. S. COCKLEY.

The subscriber is authorized to settle all debts due to and by the company.

St. Andrews, Feb. 5, 1876. A. LAMB.



...taking care, however, that even  
...application it shall be purer  
...supplied for all purposes.

**DOMESTIC MANUFACTURERS.**—Mr.  
...an ingenious and excellent  
...commenced the manufacture of  
...also attends to upholstering  
...Mr. Fortune is a native of St.  
...states where he acquired a knowl-  
...business. He also manufac-  
...makers Patent Folding Tables,  
...ted, a useful and indispensable  
...engaged in the business. We  
...will have sufficient encourage-  
...him to remain here permanent-

...title of "Reverend."

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**Hotel Arrivals.** Feb. 15.  
HOTEL.—G. S. Grimmer, Cham-  
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...W. H. Dixon, J. W. Boness, J.  
...St. Stephen; A. W. Bell, J.  
...J. R. Hea, Wolfville, N.

**MARRIED.**  
...St. John's Church, St. John, on  
...of the 14th inst., by the Rev.  
...mon, assisted by the Rev. E.  
...the Rev. Francis Allen  
...Graham, to Elizabeth, daughter  
...Alexander McGillivray, D.  
...Nova Scotia.

**DIED.**  
...inst. Mrs. Betsy Connors,  
...inst. Eliza, beloved wife  
...Shaw, leaving a husband and  
...four children bereaved.  
...th inst., at Tunbridge, Wells,  
...ill Robert Aylmer, second son  
...Lieut. General Sir Wil-  
...Haly, K. C. B., commanding  
...in the Dominion of Canada.

## NOTICE.

...hereby given, that the subscribers  
...mutual concern, this day dissolved  
...relationship heretofore existing between  
...the name style and firm of A. LAMB  
...expired this day.  
A. LAMB,  
J. S. COCKLEY,  
...is authorized to settle all debts  
...the company.  
...Feb. 5, 1876. A. LAMB.

## COUNTY COURT.

**THE** County Court of the County of Char-  
lotte, will sit at St. Andrews, on **TUESDAY**,  
the 28th of March, next, at 12 o'clock, noon.  
At which time and place all officers of the law,  
and other persons required to be at this Court,  
are publicly notified to give their attendance.  
ALEX. T. PAUL,  
Sheriff of Charlotte.  
St. Andrews, Feb. 16, 1876.

**Book Agents and Good Salesmen.**  
Are "COINING MONEY" with the famous  
**Bida Designs,**

The French Edition of which sells for \$165, and  
the London Edition for \$200. Our Popular  
Edition (\$5.00), containing over One Hundred  
full-page quarto plates, is the CHEAPEST AND  
MOST ELEGANT PUBLICATION IN AMERICA, and  
the BEST TO SELL. Critics in each other in  
praising it, and the masses buy it.  
From local agent in Southport Conn.: "In our  
village of eighty houses I have taken sixty-five  
orders; have canvassed in all about twelve days  
in one hundred and fifty copies, and have taken orders  
for one hundred and fifty copies."  
FULL PARTICULARS FREE. Address  
J. B. FORD & CO., Publishers,  
11 Broad-st., Boston.  
4 Jan. 26, 1876.

## CALIFORNIA AND THE WEST.

Through full Rail Route via Grand Trunk  
Railway.

Parties going to Canada, California and all  
points West, will find this Route the cheapest and  
most direct.  
Lowest Fare to San Francisco } 73 A.M.C.  
via Portland } \$76 " "  
Do do Boston } \$76 " "  
Tickets for sale at the Railroad Office.  
Jan. 12-1yr C. M. LAMB, AGENT.

## J. C. COCKBURN, M. D.,

Residence at Cockburn's Old Stand, Adolphus St.  
Will practice the different departments of  
**Medicine & Surgery,**  
and can be consulted specially in cases of ner-  
vous and mental diseases.  
St. Andrews, Dec. 15, 1875.—r

## SHERIFF'S SALE.

To be sold by Public Auction, at the COURT  
HOUSE at SAINT ANDREWS, in the County  
of Charlotte, on **SAUNDAY** the TWENTY-  
NINTH day of April next, between the hours  
of twelve o'clock noon and five o'clock in the  
afternoon—  
ALL the estate, right, title, interest, property,  
claim and demand, whatsoever which Michael  
Faulk and on the Fourth day of August last past,  
and to the following lots, pieces or parcels of  
land and premises situate in the Town Plot at  
St. Andrews, in the said County, that is to  
wit:—  
1. Lot number Five, in Block Letter A, in  
Hulkley's Division, with the dwelling house and  
all the privileges and appurtenances thereunto  
belonging, fronting on Queen's street.  
2. Also, Lot Number Six, in Block Letter D,  
in Morris' Division, on Water street, running  
back to Queen street, (so called) the said Lot be-  
ing forty feet four inches.  
3. Also, those several lots, beginning at the  
most eastern angle of Water Lot numbered Eight  
in Park's Division, at the intersection of King  
and Water streets, thence southerly by the  
said lot, North-easterly fourteen feet six  
inches, to where an old fence formerly stood, thence  
at a right angle by the line of said fence North-  
easterly eight feet five inches or less, until it  
strikes the line of land formerly owned by John  
Haley, and now in the possession of Daniel Gil-  
ley, thence North-easterly along said Gilley's  
line to Water street, one hundred and sixty feet  
two inches, thence along Water street one hun-  
dred and twenty five feet nine inches, to the place  
of beginning, five Water Lots numbered Six,  
Seven and Eight, in said Park's Division, of the  
said Town of Saint Andrews.  
Selling, reserving, and excepting from and out  
of the last mentioned and described parcel of  
land and premises, a certain piece or parcel of land  
and premises conveyed by the said Michael Faulk  
(then being Michael Faulk, Jr.) to Thomas Healy  
by deed dated 9th April 1862, and registered  
20th April 1862; another certain piece or par-  
cel of land and premises conveyed by the said Michael  
Faulk to John Breen, by deed dated 26th April  
1870 and registered 26th April 1870; and also  
another certain piece or parcel of land and premises  
conveyed by the said Michael Faulk to Thomas  
Healy, by deed dated 22nd June 1872 and Regis-  
tered 22nd June 1872, which said Deeds fully  
cover the property thereby sold and conveyed.  
Together with large two story framed building  
upon the corner of King and Water streets, and all  
other buildings, improvements, privileges and  
appurtenances except as herein before excepted  
to the same belonging or in any wise appertain-  
ing. The same having been seized and taken  
under the writ of Execution of Fieri Facias, is-  
sued out of the Supreme Court of this Province,  
against the said Saint Andrews Hotel Company,  
inforced to levy Two Thousand Seven Hundred  
and Seventy two Dollars, (\$2722.24) with  
interest on (\$2722.24) from 21st Jan'y, 1875, with  
Execution fees, Sheriff's fees, &c.  
ALEX. T. PAUL,  
Sheriff of Charlotte.

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**  
To be sold by Public Auction, at the COURT  
HOUSE, at SAINT ANDREWS, in the  
County of Charlotte, on **SATURDAY**, the  
TWENTY-NINTH day of APRIL next, be-  
tween the hours of 12 o'clock noon, and 5  
o'clock in the afternoon:—  
ALL the estate, right, title, interest, property,  
claim and demand of the "Saint Andrews  
Hotel Company," of and in and to the following de-  
scribed premises, being part of the Eastern Com-  
mons in the Parish of Saint Andrews, in the County  
of Charlotte, to wit: ALL that portion of the  
Eastern Commons lying between Patrick Street  
and the Lane of the New Brunswick and Canada  
Railway; and between Prince of Wales Street  
and the Road leading from the Eastern end of  
Queen Street to the Line of the said Railway,  
which said Road is easterly from Queen Street  
storefront, and is of the same width as the said  
Queens Street; together with the large building,  
and all other the erections, improvements, and  
appurtenances, to the same belonging, or in any  
wise appertaining.  
The same having been seized and taken, under  
and by virtue of an Execution of Fieri Facias, is-  
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Sheriff of Charlotte.

**SHERIFF'S OFFICE.**  
St. Andrews, 15th October, 1875. oc 20 75

**New Books.**  
JUST RECEIVED:—  
A HERO and a Martyr—by Chas. Reade, 15c  
The King of No Land—by B. L. Farjon, 25c.  
The Treasure Hunters—by Geo. Fenn, 40c  
Jessie Finn—by B. L. Farjon, 50c  
The Sister—75c  
She Love that Lived—by Miss Eiloart, 75c  
GIFT BOOKS.  
BALLADS OF BEAUTY.  
MISS FOLLIN'S  
LITTLE SONGS.  
DORCAS CLUB.  
For sale by  
J. R. SMITH,  
14 King St., St. John.

## NOTICE OF SALE.

**TO** be sold by Public Auction, at ten o'clock  
on the forenoon of **FRIDAY** the 24th day  
of DECEMBER next, at Seal Cove, in the Parish  
of Grand Manan, in the County of Charlotte,  
for payment of the debts of the late John A. Ben-  
son, of Grand Manan, aforesaid, Mariner, de-  
ceased, in consequence of a deficiency of the per-  
sonal estate of the deceased, for purposes pursuant  
to a License obtained from the Judge of Probates  
of said County, the lands and premises following:  
That is to say, viz:—beginning at a stake and  
stone at the Northwest corner of the Seal Cove  
bridge, thence running on the road leading to  
Joseph Plant's until it strikes the line of Ezra and  
Mary Ann Foster's land, thence running by the  
line northerly to the Western bounds of Seal Cove  
Brook, and thence following the Bank of said  
Brook southerly around to the place of beginning,  
at first mentioned bounds, (excepting and re-  
serving a half acre near stream where the mill now  
stands); containing eight acres more or less; also  
the premises at High Water mark near the South  
West side of the Seal Cove Bridge, consisting of  
two wharves, one smoke house and shed, with  
herring sticks to fill said smoke house.  
Dated the 10th day of November, A. D. 1875.  
W. B. McLaughlin,  
Administrator

**E. CAMERON, M.D.**  
**Physician, Surgeon,**  
**AND ACCOUCHEUR.**

Dr. CAMERON may be consulted profes-  
sionally at his office, St. Andrews, next door to  
E. Saunders's store.  
St. Andrews, Nov. 3, 1875.

**MISS NEILL,**  
**TEACHER OF THE**  
**PIANO & ORGAN.**

Will give instruction to a limited number of  
pupils on these instruments. Having received a  
thorough knowledge of music, and had experience  
in teaching, she solicits a share of patronage.  
Terms made known on application at her resi-  
dence, MEGANTIC HOTEL.  
St. Andrews, Nov. 10, 1875.

## Fresh Oysters.

The Subscriber keeps constantly on hand, a  
supply of the best oysters of French Oysters,  
price shelled 50 cents per quart. Parties order-  
ing by steamer "Bellevue Brown", will have them  
by return of boat.  
A. W. BECKETT,  
Eastport, Me.  
Nov. 10.—8i

## ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

**ALL** PERSONS having legal claims against  
the estate of the late Edward Lynott, Jr.,  
of Saint George, in the County of Charlotte, de-  
ceased, are requested to file the same duly at-  
tested within three months from the date hereof, and  
all parties indebted to the said Estate are re-  
quested to make immediate payment to the  
undersigned or to  
JAMES BOGUE  
of Saint George as his agent  
Dated the 29th December, A. D. 1875.  
SARAH LYNOTT  
Administratrix,  
GEO. MCORLEY,  
Solicitor.

## SHERIFF'S SALE.

To be sold by Public Auction, at the COURT  
HOUSE, at SAINT ANDREWS, in the  
County of Charlotte, on **SATURDAY**, the  
TWENTY-NINTH day of APRIL next, be-  
tween the hours of 12 o'clock noon, and 5  
o'clock in the afternoon:—  
ALL the estate, right, title, interest, property,  
claim and demand of the "Saint Andrews  
Hotel Company," of and in and to the following de-  
scribed premises, being part of the Eastern Com-  
mons in the Parish of Saint Andrews, in the County  
of Charlotte, to wit: ALL that portion of the  
Eastern Commons lying between Patrick Street  
and the Lane of the New Brunswick and Canada  
Railway; and between Prince of Wales Street  
and the Road leading from the Eastern end of  
Queen Street to the Line of the said Railway,  
which said Road is easterly from Queen Street  
storefront, and is of the same width as the said  
Queens Street; together with the large building,  
and all other the erections, improvements, and  
appurtenances, to the same belonging, or in any  
wise appertaining.  
The same having been seized and taken, under  
and by virtue of an Execution of Fieri Facias, is-  
sued out of the Supreme Court of this Province,  
against the said Saint Andrews Hotel Company,  
inforced to levy Two Thousand Seven Hundred  
and Seventy two Dollars, (\$2722.24) with  
interest on (\$2722.24) from 21st Jan'y, 1875, with  
Execution fees, Sheriff's fees, &c.  
ALEX. T. PAUL,  
Sheriff of Charlotte.

## New Books.

JUST RECEIVED:—  
A HERO and a Martyr—by Chas. Reade, 15c  
The King of No Land—by B. L. Farjon, 25c.  
The Treasure Hunters—by Geo. Fenn, 40c  
Jessie Finn—by B. L. Farjon, 50c  
The Sister—75c  
She Love that Lived—by Miss Eiloart, 75c

**GIFT BOOKS.**  
BALLADS OF BEAUTY.  
MISS FOLLIN'S  
LITTLE SONGS.  
DORCAS CLUB.  
For sale by  
J. R. SMITH,  
14 King St., St. John.

## Visiting Cards

IN PRETTY STYLES,

AT

## Reduced Rates.

Persons requiring them will please leave their  
orders as early as convenient, at the  
**STANDARD OFFICE.**

## PROBATE COURT.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.

To the Sheriff of the County of Charlotte, or any  
Constable within the said County, Greeting:—  
WHEREAS application by Petition has been  
made to me by Horace T. Ames, one of the heirs  
of Hannah Ames, late of the Parish of Saint An-  
drews, in the County of Charlotte, deceased, al-  
leging that the said Hannah Ames departed this  
life on the Eleventh day of November in the year  
of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and  
seventy-three, without having to the best of the  
knowledge and belief of the said Petitioner, made  
any Will, and praying that Administration of the  
said estate and effects of the said Hannah Ames  
may be granted to him; You are therefore re-  
quired to cite the heirs, next of kin, creditors  
and all others interested in the said Estate, to  
appear before me at a Court of Probate to be  
held at my office in Saint Andrews, in the said  
County of Charlotte, on Friday, the Fifth day of  
November next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon,  
to show cause if any they have why Letters of  
Administration of the Estate and effects of the  
said Hannah Ames deceased, should not be granted  
to the said Horace T. Ames as prayed for.  
Given under my hand and the Seal of the  
said Court, this Eighteenth day of October, in  
the year of our Lord one thousand eight hun-  
dred and seventy-five.  
GEO. D. STR. ET,  
Judge of Probates for Charlotte  
County.  
S. H. WHITLACK, Registrar of Probates for  
Charlotte County. oc 20

## MEGANTIC HOTEL,

St. Andrews, N. B.

**THE** Subscriber respectfully an-  
nounces to his friends and the public in gen-  
eral, that he has taken the above named House,  
and thoroughly fitted it for the reception of  
**TRAVELLERS**  
**AND PERMANENT BOARDERS.**

From long experience as a hotel proprietor,  
and by careful attention to the wants and com-  
fort of his guests, he hopes to receive a liberal  
share of patronage.  
He also keeps on hand a well selected Stock of  
Liquors, &c.  
A LARGE STABLE and careful hostler on  
the premises.  
JAMES NEILL,  
Manager.  
St. Andrews, Oct. 13, 1875.

## EXECUTORS' NOTICE

**ALL** PERSONS having any claims against the  
estate of James W. Street, Esquire, late  
of Saint Andrews, merchant, are requested to  
present them, duly attested within three months  
from this date, and all persons indebted to the  
said estate, are requested to make immediate pay-  
ment to  
MATILDA STREET,  
GEO. D. STREET,  
S. D. BERTON,  
St. Andrews, April 3, 1875. 3m

## PETERS'

## Standard Music Books.

The following MUSIC BOOKS are acknowl-  
edged to be the best of their class. articles  
sent in by order can secure them, post-paid, by  
remitting us the marked price.

## GET THE BEST!

The Best Piano Instructor is  
Peters' Elocution School, Price, \$3 75  
The Best Read Organ Instructor is  
Kink's New Method, Price, \$2 30  
The Best Instructor for the Voice is  
Ludens' School for the Voice, Price, \$3 50  
The Best Singing Class Books are  
Fairy Echoes, Price, 60 cents  
Song Echoes, Price, 75 cents  
Musical Chimes (Female's Voices), Price, \$1 00  
The Best Collection of Church Music is  
Dresser's Selections for Church, Price, \$1 50  
The Best Sacred and Secular Collection is  
The Cluster, for Mixed Voices, Price, \$1 50  
The Best Glee Book is  
The Ne Plus Ultra, for Mixed  
Voices, Price, \$1 50  
The Best Glee Book for Male Voices is  
The Sanger's, Price, \$1 50  
The Best Guitar Instructor is  
Hilland's New Method, Price, \$3 50  
The Best Guitar Music is  
The Amateur Guitarist, Price, \$2 50  
The Best Magazine of Vocal Music is  
Peters' Household Melodies, Per Year, \$4 00  
Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 now ready. Price  
60 cents each.  
The Best Magazine for Easy Piano Music is  
Peters' Parlor Music, Per Year, \$4 00  
Nos. 1 to 9 now ready. Price, 50 cents each.  
The Best Magazine for Advanced Piano Players,  
La Creme de la Creme, Per Year, \$4 00  
Nos. 1 to 21 now ready. Price, 50 cents each.

Published and mailed, post-paid by  
J. L. PETERS, 843 Broadway, N. Y.

## Blanks of Every Description Printed at this Office.

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WITH

**GEORGE BRIDGES**  
ROBERTSON & AGENTS  
4 PARK ROW, LONDON  
Where Advertising Contracts can be made.

## Spring Goods.

**Messrs. Street & Co.**  
offer for sale the following Goods in Bonded  
Warehouse, and daily expected from abroad:

**GIN.**  
John DeKuyper & Sons,  
J. H. Henkes, and  
Blankenhuy & Noylet,  
FINEST QUALITIES  
GENEVA.  
**BRANDIES.**  
J. Hennessy & Co.,  
J. & F. Martell, Jules  
Roben & Co., and  
Vine Grocers Company,  
finest pale and dark  
**BRANDIES.**  
Vintage 1865, 1866, 1869, 1870, 1872, & 1874.

**WHISKIES, &c.**  
Murphy's Old Irish  
WHISKY.  
Highland malt Scotch Whisky  
Bullock, Laid & Co. fine a n t  
Dunville & Co. J. R. Old Irish  
Whisky.  
Rye Whisky.  
15 blks Gooderham & Worts Alcohol, 95-c. o.p.  
Puncheson Demerara and Jamaica RUM.  
100 cases Dunville & Co. J. R. Old Irish Whisky.  
60 do Platt & Co. Irish Malt Whisky, pt. flasks  
35 do Camille Scotch Whisky.  
20 do finest old blended Glenlivet Scotch Whisky.  
20 do old Crow Bourbon, quarts and pints.  
20 do John Bull BITTERS.  
20 do FINE OLD RUM, (15 years old.)

**WINE.**  
PORT WINE,  
(various qualities)  
SHERRY,  
(various qualities)  
4 cases and baskets CHAMPAGNE.  
5 do Sparkling Hock,  
30 do CLARET.

**ALE & PORTER.**  
50 blks. Allsopp's Ale, } Quarts and Pints,  
50 " Bass & Co. " }  
75 " McEwan's, " }  
20 blks. Allsopp and McEwan's draught A.L.P.  
40 cases Guinness' XXX STOUT } Quarts and  
60 blks McEwan's do } pints.  
3 blks Guinness' Double Stout.

**TEA.**  
FINEST LONDON  
CONGOU TEA.  
**PAINTS & OILS.**  
40 Cwt. White, Green, Red, Yellow and Black  
Brandram's Lead in 100, 50, 2 1/2 lbs. and small  
packages. 12 Cases Brandram's best BOILED  
and RAW OILS.  
And various other Goods, which they will sell low  
for cash or approved paper.  
St. Andrews, May 1, 1875. 4i

**St. Andrews Drug Store.**  
THE Subscriber respectfully announces to the  
public, that he has purchased the stock and trade of the  
**ST. ANDREWS DRUG STORE,**  
and will keep constantly on hand the following  
articles:  
**Drugs, Chemicals**  
**PATENT MEDICINES,**  
**DYE STUFFS,**  
&c. &c.

**Cleaver's Toilet Soaps.**  
QUININE WINE  
Fellows' Hypophosphites.  
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,  
SHOSHEEN'S REMEDY,  
DR. BAXTER'S CHALVETRA,  
with a large variety of  
**DRUGS, PERFUMERY, &c. IN STOCK.**  
A select stock of  
**ENGLISH NOTE PAPERS**  
with ENVELOPES to match.  
E. LEE STREET.  
St. Andrews, Aug. 26, 1873. 1y

**AGENTS LOOK HERE!**  
We want agents in the  
Counties of Victoria,  
Carlton, York, Sunbury and Charlotte, to  
sell the celebrated "CHAMPION WASHING  
MACHINE," to whom we will give a salary or  
commission. Send for circular giving full infor-  
mation.  
THOMPSON & CO.,  
Wardstock, N. B.,  
Proprietors of Patent  
June 16, 1875. 3m

## ESTABLISHED 1861.

## Parks' Cotton Manufactures

**COTTON WARP.**  
WHITE, BLUE, RED, ORANGE & GREEN.  
Nos. 2's to 10's.  
**Cotton Carpet Warp.**  
Made of No. 8 Yarn 4-ply twisted. White, Red,  
Orange, Brown, Slate, Blue, Green, &c.  
**ALL FAST COLORS.**

In manufacturing our goods, we take the great-  
est care to make them of such a quality as to give  
satisfaction to the consumer.  
We warrant them to be full length and weight;  
stronger and better in every respect than any  
other yarn in the market.  
All our goods have our name upon them, and  
are sold by us only to the wholesale trade, from  
whom country merchants and consumers can al-  
ways obtain them by asking especially for them.  
WM. PARKS & SON,  
New Brunswick Cotton Mills,  
St. John, N. B.  
aug 25 3m

## HENRY R. SMITH.

No. 14 KING STREET,

ST. JOHN, N. B.

## BOOKS,

## STATIONARY & FANCY GOODS

ALL the Standard English and American  
Publications, Magazines, Periodicals and Litera-  
ture.  
Pencilcase, Letter, Note, Account, Blotting  
Tissue Papers.  
FANCY AND ENVELOPE, PAPER AND  
ENVELOPES.  
NEW BRUNSWICK SERIES OF SCHOOL  
BOOKS.

Blank Memorandums and Pocket Books.

Fancy Goods—consisting of

Opera Glasses, Fans, Purse,

Ladies' Traveling Satchels, Games, Croquet,

Base Balls and Bats, Stereoscopes,

Paint Boxes, &c. &c. &c.

## Sunday School Union Depository

Sunday Schools supplied with Libraries and  
other Sun day School requisites at the very lowest  
price that can be imported for.  
St. John, Aug. 25, 1874. 6m

## GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Friday, 7th day of May, 1875

PRESIDENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GEN-  
ERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is provided by the 8th Section  
of the Act 31 Victoria, Chapter 6, intituled,  
"An Act respecting the Customs," that the im-  
porter of any cattle or swine may slaughter and  
cure and pack the same in bond, under such Re-  
gulations and restrictions as the Governor in  
Council may from time to time make for this pur-  
pose.

And whereas it has been found expedient to  
give effect to the said Section 58, in so far as re-  
gards the importation of swine, and to alter the  
terms of the Regulations for this purpose, adopt-  
ed by Order in Council of 22nd of May, 1869:—  
His Excellency, on the recommendation of the  
honourable the Minister of Customs and under the  
provisions of the said Act has been pleased to or-  
der, and it is hereby ordered, that the said Order  
in Council of the 22nd day of May, 1869, and the  
Regulations thereby established be and the same  
are hereby repealed, and that the following Regu-  
lations be and are hereby adopted and establish-  
ed in lieu thereof—that is to say:

1. Upon the importation of swine for the pur-  
pose of slaughter, the Importer shall enter the  
same for Warehouse, upon the usual form of such  
entries, stating upon its face, the number and  
value of the herd, and also the quantity of pork  
becon, hams and lard, which the number stated  
will produce when slaughtered and dressed at 113  
pounds weight for each live hog so imported, and  
the amount of duty to which such produce is or  
may be liable under the rate prescribed by the  
tariff in force at the time being as the proper duty  
on meat of that kind. Such Importer shall then  
execute a bond to the Queen, in double the  
amount of such duty, the condition of which bond  
shall be, that upon the due exportation within  
one year of the said products of the swine so im-  
ported and converted into pork, bacon, hams and  
lard, by payment of the duty secured by the said  
bond, then the said bond shall be and become null  
and void, otherwise shall remain in full force and  
virtue.

2. Upon the reception into the Bonding Ware-  
house, the swine shall be regarded only as meat,  
and it shall not be lawful to remove any of them  
from such Warehouse alive; nor shall any part  
of the produce of such swine be removed there-  
from, for any purpose, without a permit from a  
Collector, or proper Officer of Customs, as in the  
case of all other bonded goods.

3. Swine imported in the carcasses to be cured  
and packed in bond, may be entered in the usual  
way for Warehouse, and be placed in the premises  
established as a Warehouse of this class for the  
special purpose of curing and picking. The  
weight of such carcasses to be duly ascertained  
by the proper Officer of Customs, and the Im-  
porter shall give bond to the Queen in double the  
amount of duties accruing thereupon under the  
tariff then in force, conditioned for the due exportation  
of the same, or payment of duty within two  
years from the date of first entry.

4. The killing pen, curing and packing house,  
and all cellars, stores or other apartments includ-  
ed in such Warehouse, shall be accessible at all  
times between sunrise and sunset to the inspec-  
tion and survey of the Collector or Inspector of  
Customs, or any officer of Customs to whom the  
duty of such inspection may be assigned by them  
or either of them.

5. The produce of swine imported alive and  
warehoused for slaughter, at the seal rate of 113  
pounds for each hog, and the meat of the swine  
imported in carcass for curing and packing, at the  
actual ascertained weight at first entry, shall be  
subject while in bond to all changes in the tariff  
rate of duty, and with a entered out of bond for  
home consumption, shall pay the rate of duty in  
force at the date of such entry.

W. A. HIMS WORTH,  
Clerk, Privy Council.  
may 26-3i

## Valuable Stand

## FOR SALE.

**THE** SUBSCRIBER offers for sale that val-  
uable stand for Travellers' House or Tavern  
situated near the junction of the Rois Road and  
Great Road to St. George.  
On the premises are a well finished story and a  
half House, with a large Barn; there are 18 acres  
of cleared land, a portion of which is under crop  
of Oats and Potatoes, also a kitchen garden with  
beans, peas, carrots, &c.  
The above stand is well calculated for a Tavern  
or private residence, being within 5 miles of the



Representative and Champion of American Art Taste.  
PROSPECTUS FOR 1875—EIGHTH YEAR.

## THE ALDINE, THE ART JOURNAL OF AMERICA.

ISSUED MONTHLY.

A MAGNIFICENT CONCEPTION, WONDERFULLY CARRIED OUT.

The necessity of a popular medium for the representation of the productions of our great artists, has always been recognized, and many attempts have been made to meet the want. The successive failures which so invariably followed such attempts in this country to establish an art journal, did not prove the indifference of the people of America to the claims of high art. So soon as a proper appreciation of the want and an ability to meet it were shown, the public at once rallied with enthusiasm to its support, and the result was a great artistic and commercial triumph—THE ALDINE.

THE ALDINE, while issued with all the regularity, has none of the temporary or timely interest characteristic of ordinary periodicals. It is an elegant miscellany of pure, light, and graceful literature; and a collection of pictures, the most specimen of artistic skill, in black and white. Although each succeeding number affords a fresh pleasure to its friends, the real value and beauty of THE ALDINE will be most appreciated after it is bound up at the end of the year. While other publications may claim superior cheapness, as compared with rivals of a similar class, THE ALDINE is a unique and original conception—alone and unapproached—absolutely without competition in price or character. The possession of a complete volume can not duplicate the quantity of fine paper and engravings in any other shape or number of volumes for the same cost; and then, there is the chromo, besides!

The national feature of THE ALDINE must be taken in no narrow sense. True art is cosmopolitan. While THE ALDINE is a strictly American institution, it does not confine itself entirely to the reproduction of native art. Its mission is to cultivate a broad and appreciative art taste, one that will discriminate only on grounds of intrinsic merit. Thus, while placing before the patrons of THE ALDINE, as leading characteristic, the productions of the most noted American artists, attention will always be given to specimens from foreign masters.

The artistic illustration of American scenery, or, indeed, of THE ALDINE, is an important feature, and its magnificent plates are of a size more appropriate to the satisfactory treatment of details than can be afforded by any inferior page. The judicious interposition of landscape, marine, figure, and animal subjects, sustain an unabated interest, impossible where the scope of the work confines the artist too closely to a single style of subject.

The literature of THE ALDINE is a light and graceful accompaniment, worthy of the artistic features, with only such technical discussions as do not interfere with the popular interest of the work.

**PREMIUM FOR 1875.**  
Every subscriber for 1875 will receive a beautiful portrait, in all colors, of the same to his dog whose picture in a former issue attracted so much attention.

**"MAN'S UNSELFISH FRIEND"**  
will be welcome in every home. Everybody loves such a dog, and the portrait is executed so true to the life, that it secures the veritable presence of the animal itself.

Besides the chromo, every subscriber to THE ALDINE for 1875 is constituted a member, and entitled to all the privileges of THE ALDINE ART UNION.

The Union owns the originals of all THE ALDINE pictures, which, with other paintings and engravings, are to be distributed among the members. To every series of 5,000 subscribers, 100 different pictures valued at over \$2,500 are distributed as soon as the series is full, and the awards of each series as made are to be published in the next succeeding issue of THE ALDINE. This feature is a privilege to subscribers who pay for one year in advance. Full particulars in circular sent on application enclosing a stamp.

**TERMS.**  
ONE SUBSCRIPTION ENTITLING TO THE ALDINE ONE YEAR, THE CHROMO AND THE ART UNION,  
\$5 per annum in advance.  
(No charge for postage.)  
OFFERING COPIES OF THE ALDINE, 50 CENTS.

THE ALDINE will, hereafter, be obtainable by subscription. There will be no reduced or club rates; each for subscriptions must be sent to the publishers direct, or handed to the local canvasser, without responsibility to the publishers, except in cases where the certificate is given, bearing the fac simile signature of James Sutton, President.

**CANVASSERS WANTED.**  
Any person wishing to act permanently as a local canvasser will receive full and prompt information by applying to  
**THE ALDINE COMPANY,**  
58 Maiden Lane, New York

**REMOVAL.**  
JAMES STOOPE, MERCHANT TAILOR, begs to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that he has removed his Establishment to the building lately occupied by W. D. Hart, next door to J. R. Bradstreet's, where he will be happy to see his customers, and by promptness and efforts to please, to receive a continuance of the patronage hitherto afforded him.

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## North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.

(INCORPORATED IN LONDON.)  
ESTABLISHED IN 1809.

### FIRE & LIFE

PRESIDENT: His Grace the Duke of Roxburghe, K. T.

VICE-PRESIDENTS: His Grace the Duke of Devonshire, K. G.

His Grace the Duke of Argyll, K. G.

Sir John L. M. Lawrence, Bart., G. C. B. & K. C. S. I.

CAPITAL - £12,000,000 (WITH LARGE ACCUMULATIONS.)

The Subscriber having been appointed Special Agent for New Brunswick for the above Company, is now prepared to effect insurances on reasonable terms.

HENRY JACK, General Agent.  
W. B. MORRIS, Agent for St. Andrews and vicinity.

## Bay of Fundy Red Granite Company.

POLISHED COLUMNS AND PILASTERS.

### Tombs and Monuments

mausoleums, Vaults, etc.

Estimates made for Building work Granite supplied to dimensions. Designs furnished to order.

The Polishing Works and Quarries of the Bay of Fundy Company are now in full operation and the Company are prepared to fill orders with dispatch. Further particulars and price list on application to the Secretary at St. George, N. B. St. George, N. B., March 18, 1874.

**Work for all**  
We send valuable packages of goods by mail free. Address with ten cent return stamp, St. Y. 130, St. George, N. B.

**\$5 TO \$20**  
per day. Agents wanted: All classes of working people of either sex, young or old, make more money at work in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Paid to States outside but one cent. Address: G. STEVENSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

**STREET & STEVENSON,**  
Barristers and Attorneys at Law,  
Solicitors &c.

OFFICE—WATER STREET,  
ST. ANDREWS

## REMOVAL.

W. H. WILLIAMSON, ever grateful for the kind support and patronage he has hitherto received, begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has removed his establishment to the store formerly occupied by Miss Irvine, corner of Water and Edward streets; where he will keep as usual.

**DRUGS, CHEMICALS,**  
Patent Medicines, Perfumery,  
Toilet Articles, Groceries,  
Paints, Glass, Putty, and all the other ceteras commonly found in a Druggist Shop.  
St. Andrews.

## G. F. STICKNEY,

WATCH MAKER & JEWELLER.

Has received a further supply of

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,  
Chains, Rings, Brooches,  
Locketts, Studs, Solitaires, Keys, &c.

Electroplated Britannia Metal and British Plate Ware,  
Papier Maché, Parian, Sja, Wedgwood and Bohemian Goods

**JET AND RUBBER GOODS.**  
CUTLERY, HARDWARE, EDGETOOLS  
TOYS, FANCY SOAP AND PERFUMERY,  
Together with a general assortment of  
House Furnishing & Fancy Goods  
WEDDING RINGS made to order.  
July 19 41

## REMOVAL.

H. O'NEIL & SONS respectfully inform their friends generally, that in consequence of their late Market having been destroyed by fire, they have removed for the present to the building adjoining the store of Mr. Edward Loomer, where they will be happy to supply the wants of their numerous customers, and beg to return thanks for the patronage heretofore received, and trust by efforts to please, to merit continuance of their custom.  
H. O'NEIL & SONS.  
St. Andrews, Aug. 20, 1874.

## GEO. STEWART, JR.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

CHEMIST & DRUGGIST,

DEALER IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES,

DYE WOODS AND STUFFS, SURGICAL

INSTRUMENTS,

Toilet Requisites, Perfumery, Brushes, &c.,  
24 King St. Saint John, N. B.

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MARITIME BLOCK,

ST. JOHN, N. B.

and 611 St. - Halifax, N. S.

W. C. MENZIES, Cashier.

Authorized Capital, --- \$1,000,000

Subscribed and Paid Up, --- \$750,000

Agencies at Amherst, Kentville, Pictou,

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The Bank of Nova Scotia grants Drafts on

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American Currency; collects Bills, &c., through-

out the Dominion of Canada and United States

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The Bank's notes are redeemable in St. John.

W. L. FITCH, V. P.

Aug 19.—ly

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And Mailed, post paid, on receipt of the

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Morning Breaks Upon the Tomb—Easter An-

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"Swinging on the Garden Gate—S. & C. 40

Where is my love to-night?—S. & C. Hays. 35

Sing, Darling, Sing! (as sung by C. Wagner) 35

Angel Gabriel—Comic Song. Stewart. 30

"When Silver Locks Threaten the Gold—S. & C. 30

(Answer to Silver Threads Among the Gold)

"You never miss the Lager till the keg runs dry 40

Gone Awa!—Scotch Song. Waud. 30

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"My wee Wife waiting at the door. Thomas. 40

Oh! Nip Suede!—End song and cho. Hays. 35

Give me but a Smile—song and cho. Stewart. 30

When first I met thee, Nellie dear—S. & C. 30

I'm Captain of the Guards—Comic song. Hays. 35

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"Please God, make room for a little Boy. Cox. 30

## Instrumental.

B. Laelle-Jennesse—Polacca Wilson. 50

"Awaken! g of the Hills—Moreau Mayhath. 40

"Sweetheart—Melodie Gracieuze. 40

"Twinkling Stars—Moreau de Salom. Wilson. 50

The Highland Maiden—Romanz. 50

Cajun Animam (from Stabat Mater) Wagner. 40

"Dreamland—Moreau de Salom Mayhath. 40

"Echoes from the Palaces—Moreau Wagner. 40

Violent Ragatta—Transcribed. 40

"Merry Foresters—Forest scene. Mayhath. 40

Rocking Waves—Transcribed. 40

"The Scottish Lassie—Reverie. 40

Kittie's Po ka Mazurka. 30

Fairy Land—Reverie. 30

Sparkling Jewels—Polka. 30

"Think of me sometimes—easy waltz. Wagner. 20

"Temperance March (easy) 20

"Men are such Deceivers (easy polka) 20

"Mollie Darling—easy March. 20

## Peters' Household Melodies, Nos. 1, 2, and 3.

Collection of popular songs. Price, 50 cents each; yearly 12 numbers for \$4.

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Collection of Piano Music. 50c. each, yearly 12 numbers for \$4.

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Junior, Young America and other cheap balls and Base Ball Material. For sale by

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## STOVE FOUNDRY.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully announce that they are prepared to execute orders for

**Foundry Work,**  
with punctuality and dispatch.

STOVES of approved patterns, MILL and SHIP CASTINGS, and other foundry business attended to. Particular attention paid to

**Blacksmith Work**  
of every description, and satisfaction guaranteed.

By punctuality and a desire to please, they hope to merit public patronage.

A LAMB & CO.  
St. Andrews, Oct. 22, 1874. oc22 ly

## NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the late Mr. James Reed, of Waverley, Parish of St. Patrick, will please call and settle their accounts with the subscriber within thirty days from this date, and all persons having any legal demands against said Estate will please present them for settlement within thirty days.

Waverley,  
Co. of Charlotte, Oct. 14, 1874. 21

## Debentures for Sale.

THE TRUSTEES OF SCHOOLS, ST. ANDREWS, District No. One, offer for sale DEBENTURES in sums of from \$100 to \$500, covered on the credit of the 1st interest.

Jan 21, 1874.

## The Standard.

is PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY BY

A. W. SMITH,

At his Office Water St., St. Andrews, N. B.

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\$2 50 per Annum—if paid in advance.

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All letters addressed to this office must be post paid.

## C. E. O. HATHEWAY.

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Sept. 30, 1874 - 3m

## BOOTS & SHOES.

LADIES' MISSES AND GENTLEMANS

Boots and Shoes,

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## BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTORY.

ALSO—A supply of imported Stock, consisting

Ladies and Misses Boots, Arctic Overshoes,

and Rubbers,

which will be sold at the lowest terms.

J. M. HANSON.

St. Andrews, Dec. 3, 1874.

## RING LOST.

LOST on Saturday morning last, 1st inst.,

a Lady's Gold Ring, set with

brilliant in shape of a Maltese Cross, with an

Emerald in the centre. It being a family me-

mento, the finder will not only receive the thanks

of the owner, but likewise a liberal reward, on

leaving it at the

August 4. Standard Bee.

## BAY RUM

10 Gall good Bay Rum, for sale at the

ST. ANDREWS DRUG STORE.

Nov. 5 E. LEE STREET.

## For sale or to Let.

THE Two storey Dwelling HOUSE and Lot

corner King and Barr streets. The prop-

erty is pleasantly situated, and with slight repairs

would make a pleasant residence. Possession

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STANDARD OFFICE

## BULBS

Just received—a quantity of choice

HYACINTHUS and RULS.

Also Hyacinth GLASSES, at the

ST. ANDREWS DRUG STORE.

Oct. 21. E. LEE STREET.

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32 half " Fine Congou TEA.