

MC2465 POOR DOCUMENT

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The Granite Town Greetings

PUBLISHED IN THE INTERESTS OF ST. GEORGE & VICINITY.

GOOD AD-
VERTISING
MEDIUM!

VOL. 6.

ST. GEORGE, N. B., FRIDAY, JUNE 23, 1911

NO. 50.

The Fountain Head of Life Is The Stomach

A man who has a weak and impaired stomach and who does not properly digest his food will soon find that his blood has become weak and impoverished, and that his whole body is improperly and insufficiently nourished.

Dr. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY makes the stomach strong, promotes the flow of digestive juices, restores the lost appetite, makes assimilation perfect, invigorates the liver and purifies and enriches the blood. It is the great blood-maker, flesh-builder and restorative nerve tonic. It makes men strong in body, active in mind and cool in judgement.

This "Discovery" is a pure, glyceric extract of American medical roots, absolutely free from alcohol and all injurious, habit-forming drugs. All its ingredients are printed on its wrappers. It has no relationship with secret nostrums. Its every ingredient is endorsed by the leaders in all the schools of medicine. Don't accept a secret nostrum as a substitute for this time-proven remedy of known composition. Ask your neighbors. They must know of many cures made by it during past 40 years, right in your own neighborhood. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, Pres., Buffalo, N. Y.

LADIES! If you are worried about getting a decent Stylish suit to fit you. You need not be so any longer. We have now in stock some fine Tailor made suits, Linen coats and Rain coats. We keep up to the Style with the monthly fashion sheets. IN MILLINERY WE HAVE SOME OF THE LATEST STYLES OF THE MOMENT Remember our line of Boots & Shoes for men, women and children, it will mean a big saving for you.

D. BASSEN'S Carleton St.,
St. George.
Branch, 14 Charlotte St., St. John.

The World's Greatest

Fish-Pond

Whale-Fishing in Hudson Bay And On Newfoundland Coast.

The world's greatest fish-pond is so far within the Arctic Circle that the fishermen who venture there must sometimes be shut off from the rest of the world for years, since Hudson Bay is held so long in the grasp of winter that it is impossible to enter or leave it after the season of what is called midsummer in the temperate zone. In the waters of Hudson Bay, however, are found the great bowhead whale, one of the largest of all marine creatures. Years ago the bowheads were hunted in the north Atlantic Ocean, as they were numerous in the vicinity of Newfoundland and off the coast of Labrador; but they are so valuable that the whale fishers of the world searched for them and vessels from nearly every country in Europe as well as Newfoundland and the United States were fitted out for their capture. Consequently they are seldom seen in any ocean, and have gone into this Arctic sea, which is almost inaccessible.

So difficult and so dangerous is the quest for the bowhead that only a few whale hunters now pursue them. Most of these came from the old town of New Bedford in Massachusetts. Here steam ships are built and equipped especially for the service. In addition to powerful engines, they carry a full set of sails, while their hulls usually consist of two frames of heavy oak plank bolted to the framework of oak or steel. Great strength is necessary, because they may be obliged to force their way through hundreds of miles of icefields, and during the long, bleak Arctic winter they are so embedded in the ice that its movement would crush the vessels if they were constructed in the ordinary way. When a whaler leaves for the long voyage to Hudson Bay the captain calculates on reaching its entrance sometime during the month of August, sailing from the home-port perhaps six months before. As the ship must round Cape Race it is exposed to the winter gales of the

Atlantic and the passage through Hudson Strait. Reaching the bay, the ship is navigated to some berth where the remainder of the winter is spent, for sometimes the entrance to the bay is free from ice only four or five months during the entire year, and, as already stated, the summer season is very short in this latitude. The crew pass the long months amid the snow and ice as best they can until the temperature loosens the ice and the south winds drive it from the bay. Then they start upon their hunt, losing no time, for they may have but two months of open water before they are again embedded in ice and snow until the next year. Seldom do the whalers

A DOUBLE CURE FOR DOUBLE TROUBLE

Father Morricey's No. 26 Cures Catarrh by a Combined Treatment.

The sudden weather variations in our climate result in a great many cases of catarrh—a troublesome disease usually considered hard to cure, and one which often leads to serious pulmonary and intestinal troubles.

A neglected cold in the head weakens the nasal membranes, so that at every future exposure the trouble returns. At length these conditions are fastened onto the system, and the sufferer undergoes the annoyance and danger of chronic catarrh.

Some doctors confine themselves to prescribing external applications, and thus do not reach the seat of the trouble. Others give internal treatment exclusively, and thus do not promptly relieve the affected parts.

His famous remedy, No. 26, is a combined cure for catarrh. It consists of tablets to be taken three times a day, and an especially compounded salve.

The salve is antiseptic, and quickly heals the inflamed membranes of the nasal passages. The tablets go to the seat of the trouble and restore the system to its usual tone. Together, they cure.

Instead of neglecting a disease that is unpleasant to yourself and to others, and one which often leads to pneumonia and consumption, it is surely the part of wisdom to take timely steps to do away with the effects and at the same time remove the cause. No. 26 does just that.

For the combined treatment. At your druggist's, or from Father Morricey Medicine Co., Ltd., Chatham, N. B.

start on their homeward voyage within two years after they have left New Bedford and frequently fall three years elapse before they again moor at its wharves.

It is a question if any calling is more dangerous or attended with more hardships than the hunting of the Arctic whale. One is killed which has a double fringe of the bone. In the early days of whale hunting in Hudson Bay one monster was harpooned from which over three thousand pounds were taken, and the bone sold for \$15,000 a ton. This single capture paid all the expenses of the voyage, which lasted two and a half years and each man received in addition \$500 as his share of the proceeds. But the whaler usually secures three or four whales each season, so that often the ship returns with a cargo so valuable that, after all expenses are paid, every man receives at least \$2,500 as his share of the hunt. Yearly the number of whales caught is decreasing, and the price of the bone increasing in proportion.

In the modern method of capturing the great Arctic whale the harpoon whale; but the creature is so valuable that its pursuit is as fascinating as the search for the gold-vein. A single specimen may yield oil, bone and other substances which are worth from \$15,000 to \$25,000. The product most highly prized however, is what is generally called whalebone. As a matter of fact, whalebone is not a bone at all, but a flexible fringe on the creature's jaw in lieu of teeth to enable the whale to separate from the sea water in which it floats the marine animalcules on which it subsists. It allows the water to enter its cavernous mouth, then closes its jaws, expels the brine through this fringe, and swallows the minute food which satisfies its might bulk. Each whale has about four hundred plates of this "bone" in its jaws its teeth being embryonic only. The huge carcass yields much oil, it is true but the oil alone would not make the venture pay, and the practice has been after "fensing" or stripping off the outer coat of fat or blubber, to let the remainder go, and the skeleton with the covering of flesh which ensheathes it, weighing from forty to fifty tons, usually becomes the prey of sea scavengers.

The bowhead contains far more whalebone than any other species of marine animal, and this is why it is so eagerly pursued. It takes its name from the curved formation containing the whalebone which is found in its head. Occasionally by hand is seldom used. Each ship carries a small cannon mounted on the bow, and frequently has a small steam launch, which is also armed with what is known as the harpoon gun. When the bay becomes navigable the vessel starts for the places which are most frequented by the whales. The veteran Hudson Bay whaler knows where the favorite feeding grounds of his prey are situated. When one has been sighted the vessel is stopped within gun shot of the creature if possible. The cannon is aimed at a point over the heart and its projectile seldom fails to enter the body, so true is the aim, o, the gunner. This projectile is several feet in length, and contains a bomb filled with some explosive which is ignited by a time fuse. The projectile also contains a "head" consisting of four large steel bars, which spread out as soon as it enters the body and are caught in the flesh. The bomb is intended to explode inside the whale, and if properly aimed seldom fails to reach a vital part, causing death within a few minutes. If it has not been mortally wounded, however, the whale seldom escapes its pursuers, for attached to the projectile is a stout rope, which is fastened to a steam capstan or a winch on board the ship. Sometimes the creature will tow the vessel several miles in the struggle to free itself but in the end becomes exhausted. Then the captain lowers a small boat. The crew row to the side of the whale which is killed by plunging a long lance into its heart. If it is young, with soft, yielding flesh, or if it is struck near the tail, the harpoon usually goes right through and the bomb

Yes

ALL teas may look alike to you—but the difference in Red Rose Tea is in the taste and the smell. Another marked difference is the agreeable strength that puts real quality in the cup with less tea in the pot. Will you try it.



explodes harmlessly in the water on the other side. In such cases the whale is good for many hours of struggling.

An immense bull-whale, the largest ever taken in these waters, was harpooned in all being shot into him before he succumbed. So furious was he that the men of the ship had to keep keenly alert all the time, fearing that in his mad rushes he would attack her with a blow of his head. When he "sounded" into the deep sea, a man armed with an axe had to stand by the bow ready to cut the line if danger threatened from this cause as he frequently pulled the vessel's log nearly level with the water. This monster yielded 14 tons or 3,200 gallons of oil, besides an immense quantity of bone. No other similar case has occurred of such a long fight being made; but it is not unusual for a whaler to be stranded around for ten or twelve hours with a mangled bowhead, though her own engine is going "full speed astern" the whole time in order to tire out the whale.

In the waters about Newfoundland a fleet of small steamers are engaged in whaling and occasionally a bowhead is taken, although the prey generally consists of other species. These vessels have a draught of one hundred and fifty to two hundred tons and they are also armed with cannon having an explosive projectile. They usually remain in the bays which indent the coast of the island and are operated in connection with what is known as a "station" which consists of a place where the carcass can be cut up, and where the oil can be extracted from the whale and the refuse made into a fertilizer. The small whales are so numerous in the Newfoundland bays that many of them are caught within forty or fifty miles of the station by the whalers, yet are attacked in the same manner as the Hudson Bay whales and sometimes four or five will be captured in a day. As soon as one is killed it is placed in charge of a boat crew and the steamer continues in search of another. At the close of the day the vessel returns from her cruise, picking up the carcasses of the whales on her return and tows them to the station like a raft of logs or timber. At the station they are drawn out on shore by means of a rope and tackle, and cut to pieces by tools especially made for the purpose.

When this whale-fishery was inaugurated eight years ago, only the fat, which yielded a plentiful supply of oil, was "fensed" or stripped from the carcass, and the remainder flesh, bones and intestines was allowed to drift away, three-fourths of the bulk of the animal being thus abandoned as worthless. But now factories have been established for converting all this previously wasted material into guano, and there is not a bit of the whale which is not now turned to profit. Even the rib and other bones are being split into their component parts to make unbreakable ware resembling crockery, which water will not injure and heat will not spoil, and which

can only be rendered useless by chopping up with an axe. The blood, by a contrivance now employed, is caught in a reservoir as it flows from the body when cut open, and mixed with the fertilizer to increase its richness, instead of being allowed to flow into the sea.

The Catholic Truth Society Defines the Position of the Catholic Church on the Marriage Question.

As there has been much misunderstanding and not a little misrepresentation of the position of the Catholic Church on the Marriage Question, the Catholic Truth Society of the Archdiocese of Halifax authorizes the following statement:—

1. The Catholic Church does not, as has been falsely stated, regard as invalid the marriage of two Protestants by a Protestant minister. On the contrary, she has always upheld the validity of such marriages as being in good faith. The best proof of this is the fact that, when married Protestants decide to enter the Catholic church, they do not have to be re-married.

2. The Catholic Church does not regard as invalid the marriage of two Catholics, or of a Catholic and a Protestant, by a Protestant minister, or by any civil authority, which has been contracted since the promulgation of the Ne Temere decree. The main object of that decree is to prevent hasty and ill-considered marriages and the many evils admitted resulting therefrom. Matrimony being a Sacrament of the Catholic church, she has the right to lay down the conditions for its valid reception by her own children.

3. The Catholic church does not and cannot interfere with the civil law. Consequently, a mixed marriage contracted before a Protestant minister, though invalid in the eyes of the Catholic church, is not illegal, except in the Province of Quebec for the reasons stated below. Outside of that province, if one of the parties were to desert the other or attempt to marry again, he or she would be liable to the penalties prescribed by the civil law.

4. It is not true that, when the Catholic party to a mixed marriage desires reconciliation with the church he or she is required or advised to abandon the partner to the union and the children that may have been born of it. In such cases, the parties are urged to have the union validated in accordance with the laws of the church.

5. As regards the Hebert case, about which so many has been said, the Catholic church did not, as has been falsely stated, appeal to the civil law to annul the marriage. That appeal was made by one of the parties to the union who desired to desert the other. When French Canada, now the Province of Quebec, was ceded to Great Britain, the Catholic church was guaranteed the free exercise of her laws, and subsequent Acts of Parliament enacted that the marriage regulations of any religious body in the province should be the civil law as affecting members of that body. Consequently, the marriage of these two persons, who, be it remembered, were both Catholics, by a Protestant minister, being null and void in the eyes of the church, was decided by the courts to be also null and void under the civil law. The case is unfortunate, but the Catholic church is in no way to blame, the parties themselves and the clergyman who aided and abetted them in performing an illegal act being altogether responsible for the sad results. By request, we publish above.

Tariff relief does not tie up the Dominion. It relaxes a few of the multitudinous restrictions with which she now ties herself up.

The managing committee of the Rink Association wish to acknowledge the receipt of \$33, proceeds from the Amateur Dramatic performance held recently in Coutts' hall from the Red Granite Amateur D. C. and to thank the Association for their kind donation.

A meeting of the Rink Ass is to be held shortly at which the report of the committee and election of officers for next winter will be brought up.

DIZZINESS

Mrs. J. B. Renaud of Goldrich St., Sturgeon Falls, Ont., says:

"I have suffered for years with a very weak stomach I had dizzy spells and at times could not retain my food at all. I tried any number of remedies and prescriptions but none seem to relieve me until I tried Mi-na Tablets. I used one box only and they have completely cured me of my troubles. I am pleased to recommend Mi-na as I know it to be a remedy of merit."

Mi-na is sold by druggists everywhere at 50c. a box, and is guaranteed to cure dyspepsia, indigestion, sick headache, nausea, heartburn, sour stomach, belching of gas, dizziness, heavy stomach and car sickness, vomiting of pregnancy and the after-effects of over-eating and drinking—or money back. Postpaid from the R. T. Booth Co. Ltd. Fort Erie, Ont. Sold and guaranteed by I. Sutton Clark.

Questions of Life.

Are fully and properly answered in The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser by R. V. Pierce, M. D. As a result of knowing the laws of health and nature, happy marriages are sure to follow. Ignorance leads to misery and ill-health. All the knowledge a young man or woman, wife or daughter should have, is contained in this big home doctor book, containing 1008 pages with engravings and colored plates, and bound in cloth, (nearly 700,000 copies formerly sold for \$1.50 each) is sent free to any one sending 31 one-cent stamps to prepay cost of wrapping and postage. There are no conditions to this offer and the reader must not associate this book with the advertising pamphlets prepared by quacks throughout the country. Address, 652 Washington St., Buffalo, New York.

The Kingdom Papers.

These pamphlets are supplied free of charge to all persons desiring to read them. If you have not received Paper No. 1, a copy of it will be sent to you upon application.

The author will be glad to receive the names and addresses of other persons who may wish to be placed upon the mailing list.

JOHN S. EWART,
Ottawa.

Asaya-Neurall THE NEW REMEDY FOR Nervous Exhaustion unchecked opens the door to Neuralgia, Headache, Insomnia, Digestive Disturbances, Mental Depression, and many serious organic diseases. Early treatment with "ASAYA-NEURALL" averts these. It feeds the nerves, induces sleep, improves the appetite and digestion, and restores buoyancy of spirits. A few doses convince. \$1.50 per bottle. Obtain from the following:

Andrew McEwen, Bank Bldg.,
W. S. R. Jackson, Parkfield,
Hines, Coutts & Co., St. George.

There is not much of the spirit of Christianity discoverable in the payment of salaries of \$400 and \$500 a year to not a few married pastors in the Methodist Conference of Toronto. That sort of thing cannot be changed a moment too soon.

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THE GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS

THE NEW Church Hymnal

The Book Of Common Praise

For Sale at the Greetings Office

Purchase Now
There are only a few
Of Some Lines
And Will Not Be
Renewed

LORD'S COVE
 On Thursday evening Gerie Pendleton and Morton Leeman were united in marriage at the home of the bride's parents, Rev. Mr. Mason performed the ceremony, a large crowd of sernaders gathered who were treated to ice cream and candy, all wish the happy couple a very pleasant journey through life.
 The Ladies Aid Society of the Christian church held an ice cream sale on Friday evening last, a large crowd from all parts of the island attended and great success is reported. The many friends of Kenneth Stuart are glad to hear he is improving in health.
 E. B. Lambert is to build a new house in the near future, he is now at work on the foundation.
 A number of people went to Leonardville on Saturday to watch the game of ball between the Leonardville team and the Cresants of this place, the game resulted in a score of 9 to 6.
 Mrs. C. Adams and Mrs. M. C. Stuart called on Mrs. T. L. Trecarten Friday.
 May Greenlaw called on Kate Stuart recently.
 Mrs. G. A. Lambert called on Mrs. Sydney Lord recently.
 Mr. and Mrs. James Lambert called on friends here recently.
 Mrs. Fred Richardson called on Jennie Smith recently.
 Mrs. Chas Stuart called on Calista Lord recently.
 The Ladies Aid Society met on Saturday evening with a good attendance.

ance, a very interesting programme was given which was enjoyed by all. Listen for wedding bells in the near future.
WILSON'S BEACH
 Mr. and Mrs. E. Shiels and son, Mr. and Mrs. Hughes of St. John, and Mr. Wry of St. Stephen, were guests at "The Willows" on Monday.
 Fenton Kierstead, Allen McMulken and R. D. McLair are guests of Miss Ruby Brown.
 The first session of District Meeting was held on Friday afternoon. A large number of delegates were in attendance from the different churches in the seventh district.
 Mrs. Ellingwood of Lubec, visited Mrs. Arthur Newman on Saturday and Sunday.
 Arthur Calder of the biological station, spent Sunday with his family here.
 Blau Fletcher who has been a patient in the Chipman Hospital for the past two months, returned to his home here on Thursday. He was warmly welcomed by his many friends.
 Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Barnes held their annual concert in Jackson's hall on Thursday evening. Those who attended pronounced it a grand success.
 Schooner Emerald, Capt. Doucett, discharged a cargo of salt for parties in this place this week.
 Messrs. Herbert Calder, Levi Mitchell and Sewall Newman who have been engaged in lobster fishing, in Pictou, N. S. during the past three months, returned to their homes here on Tuesday last by Stmr. Grand Manan.
 Mrs. G. H. Smith and daughter Ulah,

of Lords Cove, are guests of friends in this place.
 Six thousand pollock were taken from Malloch's weir in Harbor De Late on Saturday afternoon.
 Mrs. Edgar Wadlin of Beaver Harbor, was a guest of Mrs. J. W. Matthews on Sunday.
 Miss Flossie Matthews accompanied by her friend Miss Annie Cook visited her home here on Sunday.
 The solos rendered by Miss Mary Grimmer of St. Stephen, on Sunday were much enjoyed.
 Wm. Lank made a business trip to St. Stephen on Saturday by W. C. R. R.
 Mrs. Robinson of St. John, is visiting Miss Bertha Savage for a short time.
Mexico.
 It is easier to start a rebellion in Mexico than to restore order. Although the people in the southern republic have been somewhat out of practice as revolutionists in recent years, because Diaz in his prime had a stern way of dealing with men who gave him or the country trouble, it was not difficult for Madero to start an armed movement which finally ended in the compulsory retirement of Diaz and, practically his banishment from the country. The example of Madero's success has inspired, and will no doubt continue to inspire, others to follow the course he took, and unless a strong man secures the reigns of power, it looks as if the country will have a series of revolts. Already there is in the field in the State of Mexico an armed force of four thousand men under one Vera, described as a bandit, who demands the removal of the commander of the forces appointed by Madero,

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 The General Public!
 That we have Installed
One of The Best
Gasoline - Plants
 There is in America
 AND ARE READY TO SUPPLY THE
 NEEDY DEMANDS AT SHORT NOTICE
 FOR GASOLINE, FOR BOATS OR AUTOS
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 FULL STOCK OF GENTS' FURNISHINGS
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 FIRST MANUFACTURERS
 ALL GOODS SOLD AT
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Connors Bros. Ltd
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Because!
 Made of Finest Material. Made by Expert Workmen. Each part rigidly inspected before being assembled. Each Bicycle Inspected Throughout & GUARANTEED.
Joseph C. Spear,
Agent, -- St. George
 Also Bicycle Accessories & Supplies.
Good Repair work
A Specialty!

Friends of Trees
Are Woodpeckers
 Of all birds that further the welfare of trees, writes F. E. L. Beal, of the United States biological survey, woodpeckers are the most important. The value of their work in dollars and cents is, impossible to calculate. Dr. A. D. Hopkins, of the bureau of entomology, has said that the annual loss from insect work on forest trees amounts to at least \$100,000,000, and the woodpecker is king among the enemies of insect pests.
 Persons who have seen these active little creatures upside down on the bark of a tree they are tapping may have wondered how the birds could maintain themselves in all positions. But nature has attended to that, and has equipped the woodpecker especially for his business. The legs of these birds are short and stout and the toes are furnished with strong, sharp claws.
 With one exception, all North American woodpeckers have four toes, two of which point forward and two backward. Farther to aid in maintaining themselves on the trunks of trees, their tails are composed of stiff feathers, terminating in sharp spines, which can be pressed against the bark and serve as a prop to hold the bird in an upright position while he is at work.
 As much of the food of woodpeckers is obtained from solid woods, nature has provided most of them with a stout beak, which forms an exceedingly effective wood-cutting instrument. But the most interesting feature in the anatomy of these birds is the tongue. This is more or less cylindrical in form and usually very long. It terminates in a hard point, with more or less sharp barbs upon the sides.
 Posteriorly, the typical woodpecker tongue is extended in two long filaments of the hyoid bone, which curl up around the back of the skull, and, while they commonly stop between the eyes, in some species they pass around the eye, but in other enter the right nasal opening and extend to the end of the beak. In this last case the tongue is practically twice the length of the head. This organ is enclosed in a muscular sheath, by means of which it can be extruded from the mouth for a long distance and used as a most effective instrument for dislodging grubs or ants from their burrows in wood or bark.

Boyd's Hotel,
 ST. GEORGE, N. B.
 First-Class Livery and Sample Room in Connection.
Professional Cards
Henry I. Taylor,
 M. B. C. M.
 Physician and Surgeon,
 ST. GEORGE, N. B.
C. C. Alexander,
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 Physician and Surgeon.
 Residence, - - Goss House,
Eyes tested for errors in Refraction
 With poor teeth or the teeth absent mastication cannot properly take place and the Stomach is forced to do the work intended for the teeth resulting in a diseased stomach. Leading physiologists now declare it their belief that this causes not only gastritis but such serious growths as cancers.
DR. E. M. WILSON
DENTIST
 at St. George (in new office which is fitted with every convenience) the last two weeks of every month.
Office Hours 10 a. m. to 5 p. m.
 Daring office hours teeth extracted without pain 25c.
 After hours and Sundays, 50c.

Long Distance Telephone.
 House 16.
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BARRISTER AT LAW,
ST. STEPHEN, N. B.
ROBERT R. POLLEY
 Deputy Provincial Crown Land Surveyor of Crown and Private Lands for County of Charlotte and Province of New Brunswick. Address St. Stephen, N. B.
Have your Watch Repaired here in St. George by
Geo. C. McCallum
 Satisfaction guaranteed.
 Have also on hand a stock of brooches, stick pins, lockets, rings, bracelets, watches, chains, charms, etc., which I will sell at a great discount.

Tired of Civilization.
 (London Daily Mail.)
 Tired of civilization after a year's experience of its supposed delight, Henry Brower, a Liverpool man, is going back to Honolulu, where he spent thirty-three happy years.
 When quite a boy he deserted a ship and reached Honolulu, where he made inland. He was kindly treated by so-called savages, adopted their life, their dress, their customs, and altogether became a Hawaiian native out and out. He forgot the English tongue, and when he reached Montreal on a pilgrimage to see once more a sister he dearly loved he could not speak a word of his once native language. He conversed by signs and dumbshow, screaming and jerking out sentences of Hawaiian. People became interested in the "savage," and he was helped along towards Liverpool, his native place.
 Now he has a ticket for Honolulu in his inside pocket, and a smile on his face. He says he cannot stand the noise of the traffic, the absence of sun, and "the working like slaves all day long," and he is not coming back this time.
Advertise in Greetings.

CHERRY'S Eastport, Maine
Cherry's Ice Cream Freezers Hammocks Etc.
CHERRY'S MOTOR BOAT UPPLIES.
CHERRY'S Propellers & Shafting.
Cherry's Washing Machines Wringers Etc.
CHERRY'S Baseball GOODS

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THE GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS

Personals.

Mrs. D. B. Bassen has been visiting relatives and friends at St. John during the past week arriving here on Tuesday of this week. Mr. Bassen has been looking after the business here during her absence. Edward Getaline has also been at St. John for the week.

Edward Chase who has been in California for some years has for the past week been the guest of his brother Jas. Grey Millie arrived here last week and has been the guest of his aunt Mrs. Jas. McKay.

Chas. Johnson is spending his vacation at his home here and renewing old acquaintances.

R. G. McKay who spent his vacation with his parents last Saturday to renew his duties at Amherst.

Miss E. M. McNichol is expected here this week and intends remaining for the season.

Miss Edith Wallace left on Wednesday for a few days visit in St. John.

Horace Gilmor arrived here on Saturday for the vacation.

Jas. D. McGregor of Eastport was in town Monday and Tuesday.

E. G. Murphy and Octave Plurc were one day river looking after some of the drives one day this week.

T. A. Sullivan and L. E. Gilmor of Bonny River were in town on Tuesday. Eldorado Gilmor of Second Falls was in town for a day or two this week.

Geo. Ellis, St. John was calling on the merchants this week in the interests of his firm.

Mrs. Dawes Gilmor returned this week from a pleasant visit with her parents at Fredericton.

Mrs. A. C. Kennedy went to St. John Saturday.

Miss Hazel Stewart arrived home from Fredericton on Friday.

H. J. C. McIntyre, Manager of the Bank of N. S., left on Monday to take charge of the Summerside branch during the illness of the present manager, is not decided whether his transfer from this agency will be permanent or not, all hope to see him return as his management of this branch has been very popular, and he has always shown a keen interest in the affairs of the town. R. V. Arnold of the Fredericton branch will for the present at least have charge of this branch.

Miss Inez McVicar is visiting friends in town.

Miss Blanche, daughter of W. H. Maxwell, who has been so seriously ill, is at time of writing somewhat improved.

J. S. MacLean of M. R. A. Ltd., St. John, is interviewing the merchants of the town in the interests of his firm this week.

Mrs. John McCarty and family and Miss Georgie Toole, left on Tuesday for Calais where they will reside in future.

Thomas McIntyre arrived in town on Tuesday evening having driven by team all the way from Florenceville, Car. Co. where he is now located. He came for the purpose of putting the motor boats of the Utopia Club in order.

Miss Vida Maxwell who is teaching at Upper Letang had quite a narrow escape in Tuesday's storm. While returning from school she took shelter under a tree which was struck by the lightning and considerably shattered. Miss Maxwell now has some of the shattered tree as a memento of her close escape.

Robt. Wetmore has been quite ill at the Victoria for the past few days. His brother A. D. is expected here this week.

Mavour M. Gee left on Wednesday to attend the civic banquet at St. Stephen given by G. W. Ganong, ex-M. P.

Fred McLean, Letete, was in town on Monday.

Clarence Munroe, Pennfield, accompanied by his mother was in town for a short time Wednesday.

Miss Addie Mitchell, Back Bay, was in town for an hour or two Tuesday.

Congratulations are in order at the home of Fred Edridge, Beaver Harbor, on the arrival of twin boys Thursday of last week.

Elmer McLaughlin, now of St. John, is expected home for the holiday.

Miss Helen Gearson has arrived home from Normal school having finished her studies at that institution.

Horace Sullivan and Walter Barbank, Bonny River, and Bert Cameron, Letete, were in town Tuesday.

A pretty, rosy-cheeked Swedish girl entered a Baclid avenue door of a department store yesterday morning, says the Cleveland Plain Dealer. It was a bargain day, and the crowd was greater than usual. She wandered about from floor to floor using the stairway because she was afraid of the elevators and finally she stopped, lost and confused in the biggest store she had ever seen. A floor walker saw her and politely approached.

"Is anybody waiting on you?" he asked, with a pleasant smile.

"Yes, sir," answered the girl, blushing to the roots of her flaxen hair; he is outside. I couldn't get him to come in, and now I don't know how he's at."

Adds About \$600 Per Day To Provincial Revenue.

(Toronto Telegram.) The 5 per cent. tax on bar receipts will mean an added revenue to the province of nearly \$600 per day. Five per cent of the daily bar receipts of provincial hotels for May totalled \$18,000, Hon. W. J. Hanna states. Save with few exceptions the returns are all in. "The returns this month indicate a yearly revenue from that quarter of about \$180,000," said the minister. "The figures work out very much as calculated."

In fact the estimates of the returns from Toronto were very conservative, while those for the province outside varied little from the estimate. In Toronto all hotels pay a tax of five per cent. on all receipts in excess of 250 daily. In places other than cities of 100,000 population the tax is on all receipts in excess of \$50 daily.

Many rural hotels escape from the tax entirely, but returns from all licensed bars were required in order that the department might get an idea of the extent of the daily business done. In future from such hotels where the bars do a daily business bringing receipts under the minimum of \$50 returns will probably be not asked for.

Ewlo Saunders, K. C., chief license officer, and his staff have tabulated the figures over two thousand returns. The latter are required to be in the parliament buildings ten days after the close each month.

Attacked Lord's Day Alliance Programme.

Toronto, June 16th. "This is good enough for the Presbyterians, but it is beneath the dignity of the Church of England. We are not Presbyterians. We are believers in brotherly love, not in the doctrine of persecution." These frank expressions coming from H. T. Beck last night, while the Anglican Synod was considering the report of the Committee on Lord's Day Observance, caused much excitement. Mr. Beck tackled his references to the other denominations on the end of a vigorous condemnation of the policy of the Lord's Day Alliance, and of its efforts to secure the strict observance of Sunday as a day of rest by the use of the criminal law, claiming that such methods savored of the inquisition.

Bride Wanted "Souvenir."

So She and Husband Took Three Pictures From Hotel Room.

When a June bridal couple at the Martinique, New York, was ready to leave, it was discovered that three medium-sized pictures, frames and all, were missing from the apartments they had occupied. The information was given to the manager by the chambermaid, and as the young couple were departing they were asked

GREETINGS PURCHASING, SALES AND EXCHANGE AGENCY

List your wants with us, costs nothing unless deal is completed. Nothing too large or too small. Real Estate deals solicited.

FOR SALE - 30 or 40 second hand, 9 inch mailing galleys in fair condition.

about the missing decorations.

"My wife wanted some souvenirs of the honeymoon," said the bridegroom.

"But where are they?"

"In my suit case."

"Don't you know that is stealing?"

"I had not looked upon it in that light. Oh, please don't arrest me. I'll pay for the pictures."

"No; they belong to a set and cannot be sold."

Both the bride and bridegroom cried. They were young. The pictures were returned and Walter Chandler, Jr., manager, let the matter drop.

"John," said the butter dealer, "always put in a couple of sheets of paper when you weigh. Customers will think you neat and clean in your business. They don't like to have their butter sloped onto a scale that, for all they know, has never been washed. And besides there is good profit in buying paper at 3 cents per pound and selling it for thirty cents.--Rx.

When the New York Tribune, the chief Republican paper of the United States, says the Senate will pass the reciprocity agreement by a majority of almost thirty there can be little doubt that will pass. The Tribune has a reputation for accuracy as a political prophet to maintain.

Great Clearance Sale

fancy and staple Crockery, Wedgwood

We have carried over too much stock and must dispose of it before winter sets in.

For the next thirty days we will sell all kinds of Crockeryware at unheard of low prices.

Yarn, Stockinet, Mittens, Socks, Homespun, Unshrinkable Underwear at low prices.

Boots and Shoes, Staple and Fancy Groceries, Flour, Feed, Oats, Fishermen's Outfits.

Everything to be found in a first class general store.

WELCHPOOL MARKET

GEORGE M. BYRON, Manager

St. George Pulp & Paper Co.

ST. GEORGE, N. B.

We have on hand Spruce and Pine Lumber, rough and planed. Also Cedar Shingles.

Get our prices before placing your orders elsewhere.

Wood delivered at your house.

Union Foundry & Machine Works, Ltd.

WEST ST, JOHN, N. B.

GEO. H. WARING, Manager

Engineers and Machinists. Iron and Brass Moulders

Makers of Saw Mill Machinery and Engines

Shafting Pulleys and Gears. Stone Cutting and Polishing Machinery

Bridge Castings and Bolt Work

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO REPAIRS

A PERTINENT QUESTION

TO THE PEOPLE OF ST. GEORGE AND VICINITY

Are You a Subscriber to the GREETINGS?

IF NOT WHY NOT?

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A well conducted paper in a Town or District is one of the most important aids to progress and advancement in the County. To get such it requires the hearty support of all.

Every family should subscribe.

And every Merchant Advertise!

—

SUBSCRIBE NOW

\$1.00 per year. If paid in advance, only 75c. for 52 Copies.

50c. extra to U. S.

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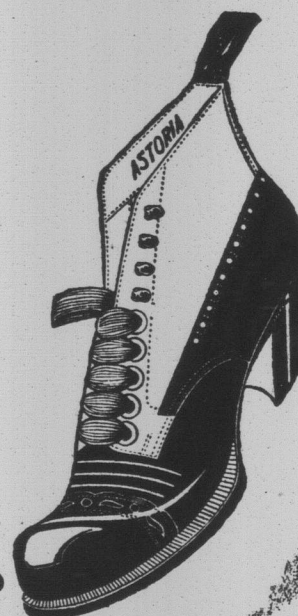
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Envelopes

Neatly Printed at The

Greetngs Office

Shoe Comfort



Are You as Careful About Your Shoes as you Should be?

REMEMBER your feet must Live in them!
Not Swelter and Ache, nor Chafe and Burn,
That's not Living, but Misery!
Our Shoes are made to meet the Requirements
of People who are Most Exacting.



SEE our new Styles in
Tans and Patent Leathers!
Try them on and see
How much Comfort
You can get out of them.

JAS. O'NEILL

MC2465 POOR DOCUMENT

THE GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS



Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Public Building, Hillsboro, N. C." will be received at this office until 4:30 p. m., on Monday, July 14th, 1913, for the construction of a public building at the place mentioned.

Plans, specification and form of contract can be seen and forms of tender obtained at the office of Mr. D. H. Waterbury, Sup't. of Public Buildings, St. John, N. C., at the Post Office, Hillsboro, N. C., and at this Department.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures, stating their occupation and place of residence. In the case of firms, the actual signature, the nature of the occupation, and place of residence of each member of the firm must be given.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent. of the tender, which will be forfeit if the person tendering declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender is not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, June 16, 1913.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.

King's Greeting to South Africa

In the twelve months that have elapsed since the Proclamation of the Union of South Africa, the high hopes surrounding its birth have been amply justified. The first anniversary of the historic event was made the occasion of the despatch of congratulatory messages from the King, the Government and the Imperial Conference.

The following is the text of the telegram:

Mr. Harcourt to Lord Gladstone: "The King commands me to request you to convey to the government and people of the Union of South Africa his cordial congratulations upon the anniversary of the establishment of Union, the day which also commemorates the peace of Vereeniging. His Majesty is confident that the work so well begun by the help of the co-operation of both races will be crowned with increasing and abiding success, and desires to assure all classes of the population of his unabated interest in their welfare."

The Colonial Secretary also despatched to the Governor General the following telegram on behalf of His Majesty's government:

"His Majesty's government wish to convey to your government and to the people of South Africa their sincere congratulations upon the first anniversary of the Union."

"They join with South Africa in the confident assurance that the edifice of her Constitution which has been raised by the efforts of a united people, rests upon a sure foundation, and will ensure the well-being and contentment of her people.—(Signed) Harcourt."

The following message was sent to Viscount Gladstone by the Prime Minister on behalf of the Imperial Conference:

"I am asked to communicate to you the following message for your government. The Imperial Conference desires to congratulate South Africa on the occasion of the celebration of the first anniversary of her political Union, sharing most warmly the feelings of thanksgiving and high hope which animate her people today and which find a hearty response in all parts of the Empire.—(Signed) Asquith."

CAMEO KIRBY

By Booth Tarkington
AND
Harry Leon Wilson
Adapted From the Play
of the Same Name by
W. B. M. Ferguson

Copyright 1908 in the American Magazine Company

...the man, however, looking toward the door and keeping a wary eye on the blond faced Yankee. "Mr Kirby insisted on, sah, and his paid for it with his life. I shot him in fair and honorable combat."

"Fair and honorable combat?" snarled Bunce, leaning to his feet. "Shot him in the back, you skunk—your own hand!"

"Stand back, sah," warned the other drawing his Derringer. "You are naturally excited, and so I choose to over-look your words, which I will not do in the future. But don't push me too far, sah—don't push me too far, sah even a gentleman has his limits."

"No man ever double-banked Gene Kirby," said Larkin. Bunce is cocky, "and it'll be a good thing for you, Moreau, if he is just speaking, which I guess, looks the case." If he happens to pull the trigger you can gamble he'll fix your case himself, but if he doesn't, see the old buck, I'll settle your honorable husk. You've skunked up this case just about as long enough."

"It will afford me considerable pleasure, sah," replied the pseudo colonel in his best manner. "The place you in the same position which you friend Mr. Kirby will shortly occupy. I refer, sah, to a front seat in the grill room of his most sumptuous inn. You've skunked, sah, and a very good evening." Bowing, the flower of southern civility backed unsmiling through the door and disappeared.

CHAPTER III

COLONEL JACQUES GASPARD DESCARRE'S MORTALITY. To give him his full name, doing all things that might befall one of his humane character, was not satisfied with, as he thought, disposing of Kirby's physical remains, he considered it his pleasurable duty to effectively ruin whatever little reputation had survived during the other's downward career.

Kirby, presuming that he had been carried ashore by Bunce at the next landing, and in those days shooting and snatching affairs emanating from each game being only too common, but little attention had been paid to the affair. Cameo Kirby was notorious the touch of the time, and such an abrupt and tragic termination of his career had not only been frequently and cheerfully predicted, but was, moreover, expected of all such members as graced his questionable profession. Indeed, for them a sober and respectable death would have been considered laudable. Among the gambling profession there existed a certain code, which in a manner served to link those at the top, who, like Kirby and Bunce, wooed fortune honestly, to the Moreau type, grasping and disgracing the lowest rung in the gamblers' social ladder. This code, if so it may be termed, was an understanding of the effect that in no instance, however great the provocation, should the law be invoked. If wronged or aggrieved, were to be redressed solely by the bearers thereof, the joint office of justice and execution being vested in each separate and distinct individual.

In view of this accepted understanding, Larkin Bunce had accordingly made no mention of the fact that a probable murder had been committed on the body of the late Moreau, who, claiming to be an old and valued friend of Mr. Randall, had gone to the latter's state-room and brazenly assumed charge of the body. Bunce's laconic statement was too pitifully true, for the old plant and had effectually sealed his lips.

"Again referring to Colonel Moreau's happy faculty of doing all things well, it was quite characteristic that to complete his revenge against Cameo Kirby he now did not hesitate to assume charge of Mr. Randall's body, did not hesitate to meet the son of the man for whose death he had been directly and shamefully responsible, for young Tom Randall had ridden over to the Plaquemine landing in order to greet his father, while over at the old homestead all was bustle and excitement in honor of the master's homecoming.

Anxiously Tom Randall waited to see the jovial and well-known figure of his father march down the gang-plank, waited to catch a glimpse of the familiar and weather-beaten green portmanteau which the planter always carried. The moments passed. Other and numerous passengers stepped ashore, to be eagerly welcomed and claimed by their own, but John Randall was not among them. A curious and seemingly pregnant hush had succeeded the landing of the freight, and off somewhere in the darkness a "child wailing" shrilly. The boy's nerves were set on edge. Perhaps his father was having a farewell talk with the captain and would come dashing out at the last moment with all his disregard for time and place. It was time the bell was clanging, the signal for backing away, for by now the landing of passengers and freight appeared to be terminated. And still no John Randall. The boy walked along the string-pieces until the Texas deck came the more prominently into view, the glow from the open windows of the port staterooms silhouetting the lean visaged pilot, absolute monarch of his realm, who now that an easy stretch of the river had been entered looked about while his cub took the wheel.

"Hello, on board the Shotwell!" shouted young Randall, looking up at the pilot-house. "Is that you, Mr. Kirby? This is Tom Randall. Do you know if my father is on board? We were expecting him by your boat, sir." For reply Mr. Kirby, usually the pattern of courtesy, offered a memorable affirmative and turned from

Servant Problem Solved in Berlin.

London, June 11.—The eternal servant problem seems to be nearing a solution in Berlin, and it is a very simple one, namely the substitution of men for women.

Of recent years a vast increase in the immigration from the country to the city has taken place, with the result that a capable man servant can now be hired for between \$8 and \$10 with board.

The Berlin Hausfrau testifies that the new servant is infinitely superior to the old, besides lending a social glory to the household, as hitherto men servants have been employed almost solely by noble and aristocratic or very wealthy families. Experience shows that they can do better all that the woman servants does, dusting, cleaning, brushing, attending at table, even cooking and ironing, against which the manly soul still rebels.

They are far more easily satisfied, far more obliging and far less capricious, and their sense of duty is illustrated by the fact that they will actually clean and put away the silver and china after a party before they go to bed. They are a source of economy, for when in their charge china cups and saucers do not acquire the habit of automatically sliding off the silver to the ground or valuable vases and ornaments that of suddenly jumping from their places in the dead watches of the night and being smashed.

Nor does this exhaust the list of their superior qualities, for they rarely give notice in a fit of temper and become more readily attached to their employers. Still no man is perfect, and the master where a man servant is employed must be prepared for a mysterious fading away of color in his whiskey and a high rate of mortality among his cigars.

Germany's Attitude Towards France.

Berlin, June 10.—Germany's aggressive attitude in the Moroccan situation, manifested in a plainly worded official announcement in a German Gazette that the empire would consider itself released from the obligations of the Algeiras agreement to full liberty of action in case of an occupation of Fez by the French, has been received with coldness in two unexpected quarters, Austro-Hungary and Russia having given unmistakable intimations that they will not countenance attempts to embarrass France in her present activity.

Mexico Trembles At New Upheaval.

Mexico City, June 13.—The seismographic observatory here announces a warning to this city that another earthquake stronger than that of June 7 is coming within twenty-four to thirty hours. The director of Aguilar Observatory said this afternoon:

"Telegrams from Colima inform me that the volcano renewed its activity this morning, completing the work of the destruction which began on the morning of June 7. The wall on the south side of the crater fell in last night, letting in the waters of the lake in the lower second crater, dead for many years.

"This caused a sudden explosion. The volcano is now throwing out stone, lava, ashes and sand. The second crater shows signs of activity.

"Our instruments in this city indicate a terrible disturbance deep down in the earth beneath the entire valley of Mexico and coming probably from the volcano Colima.

"The layer of mud and peat beneath this city lay on early this morning from a worse disaster than the first. Our instruments indicate further disturbances, probably the strongest ever felt here."

Father Was Routed

"I need some help with my household duties," announced a Maiden woman, when her husband came home the other night.

"What's the matter with your daughter?" the husband wanted to know.

"Our daughter, the ideal Why, Jim, you know she's delicate, and she would die, if she had to do any household work. She has her school, and—"

"And what's her teacher's report shows that she isn't doing a bit of school work?"

"But she is the star member of her basketball team, and you know she is eager to take the prize at the gymnasium contest, but that's just like a man—wanting a delicate girl to engage in rough hard labor. Be ashamed of yourself, Jim Jenkins! you have no feeling."

You Breathe It

By the simple act of breathing, we inhale life and death. You breathe air crowded with disease germs. These lodge in the membrane and at once commence their deadly work. In a night you develop a cold and before long you are in a grip of Canada's deadliest enemy—Catarrh.

You also breathe Hyomei (pronounced Hy-o-mei) and by so doing breathe in life—Hyomei is medicated and vaporized air. In its journey through the breathing organs it arrests and kills catarrh and cold germs, soothes the inflamed membrane and commences the work of healing. Ask Druggist J. Sutton Clark what he knows about Hyomei. You will find that he not only sells it but guarantees it. A complete outfit will cost you \$1.00 from your druggist or post-paid from the R. T. Booth Co. Ltd., Fort Erie, Ont. You will find it invaluable for coughs, colds, catarrh and all kindred diseases. Money refunded if it fails.

Job Printing at The Greetings Office.

Advertisement in Greetings.

But young Randall had no time to nurse his quick resentment, for now,



THE SCOUNDREL WAS ALREADY PAID FOR BY HIS OWN DEEDS.

at least, his father had some ashore, borne on the shoulders of two port-layers, while the captain and officers stood with lined brows and thickly set, aristocratic jaws of equanimity on the tragedy to the amiable and willing Colonel Moreau.

"My boy," said the latter, now lagging a carelessly hand on young Randall's heaving shoulder, "although I am a stranger to you, sah, I have ventured to assume temporary control of this delicate affair, for I am a southern gentleman, as was Mr. Bunce, and I feel bound to you all by the ties of sympathy and country. I was a witness, sah, to the events which preceded and prompted this outrage, and although I am aware it is not your satisfaction, still it is something to know that the scoundrel who was instrumental in causing your father's death has already paid for it with his life. My name, sah, is Colonel Moreau, and if I can be of any further service to you all in this dark hour of tribulation pray command me, sah. As an old southern boy of your to meet this calamity with the fortitude of a Christian gentleman, with his admiring and pliant admiration the good colonel furnished his handkerchief and helped himself to a generous pinch of snuff.

"I thank you, Colonel Moreau, for all you have done," said young Randall stoutly, looking on the huddled thing at his feet. "You—you say you witnessed my father's death?"

"Not exactly, sah, for he shot himself in his state-room. However hard to bear, I think you should know who and what prompted his death. The scoundrel, sah, was the notorious Cameo Kirby, of whom, perhaps, you have heard."

Young Randall nodded dully, and Moreau, entering into the spirit of the tale, continued: "I formed an acquaintance, sah, with your father when he came abroad at New Orleans. He confided to every one that he had sold his sugar crop for ten thousand and had the cash with him, and he was in mighty high spirits because he was on his way back home to see his children. Poh gentleman! As delicately as I can I must state that he was not quite himself, and by that, sah, I mean that he had been imbibing a little too freely. I don't have to tell you, sah, there are certain characters on all the big boats who keep a pretty sharp lookout for gentlemen with money who are in the condition your father was in. Thereupon he drew on me, but I was the quicker and shot him down like a dog. They carried him ashore, sah, at the landing below this, and the river is cleaner for his death."

"You have taken vengeance out of my hands," said young Randall unsteadily. "The coward and villain! For a stranger, sir, the attitude which you have displayed toward my family has been most considerate, and I will never forget it.—The hospitality of a house in mourning!"

"No, no, my boy," interrupted Moreau, again employing his fatherly laud. "I am sensible of the honor, but I couldn't think of it. This is a time when you all must wish to be alone, and business calls me north. I merely stepped ashore in your interests as any gentleman would have done. There goes the bell, and I must run for it. Honored, sah, to have made your acquaintance, though of course I deeply deplore the necessity which occasioned it. I will venture to pay my respects to your family when I return south, and pray command me in any occasion you may have. Poh servant, sah." And with a magnificent bow the colonel turned and raced for the gangplank, boarding the Shotwell with a leap that shamed his fifty odd years.

Meanwhile Cameo Kirby, a bullet through his right lung, was making a desperate battle against death, fighting

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

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Job Printing at The Greetings Office.

Advertisement in Greetings.

MC2465 POOR DOCUMENT

THE GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS

NOTICE

A large number of our subscribers are more or less in arrears, all of whom we would ask to kindly make a prompt remittance. This is a very small matter to the individual subscriber but when multiplied by the hundreds, it is a matter of quite large dimensions to the Editor.

The date under your address will inform all of the date they are paid up to. Remember 25 p. c. discount allowed when subscriptions are paid in advance.

THE MARITIME STEAMSHIP CO., Ltd.

S. S. CONNORS BROS. will leave St. John for St. Andrews Saturday morning calling at Dipper Harbor, Beaver Harbor, Blacks Harbor, Back Bay or Letete, Deer Island and Red Store or St. George.

RETURNING leave St. Andrews for St. John Tuesday morning calling at Letete or Back Bay, Blacks Harbor, Beaver Harbor, and Dipper Harbor. "Tide and Weather permitting."

MARITIME STEAMSHIP CO., Ltd. (St. John Agent) Thorne Wharf & Warehouse Co. Freight for St. George received up to Noon Fridays, not later. Manager LEWIS CONNORS Blacks Harbor, N. B.

Notice

Public Notice is hereby given that undersigned have been appointed assessors of the Town of St. George for year 1911.

All persons and bodies corporate liable to be assessed in said town or their agents are requested to furnish assessors with a written detailed statement of their real and personal Estate and Income within 30 days from date of this Notice as required by law

Dated at St. George, N. B. June 1st, 1911.

John M. McDougall }
Lawrence Murphy } Assessors,
Alex. D. Herron }

Judge Leet and Marriage.

In the discussion of Quebec's marriage laws and of the effect of the ne temere decree of the Vatican upon the marriage laws of other Provinces of the Dominion it must not be overlooked that the civil law of Quebec recognizes the canon law of the Church of Rome, and thus requires that all marriages between Catholics shall be performed only by Catholic clergy. The same law applies to other religious bodies. Had the Methodist Church incorporated in the Book of Discipline a requirement that members of that Church must be married by a Methodist clergyman to make their union valid in the eyes of the church, the law of Quebec as it stands confers power on the courts to enforce the Church law and annul marriages contracted by two Methodists before a clergyman of any other denomination.

The power to do so is quite evidently implied in the law of the Province which adopts the canon law of Rome in respect to marriage, and has sought by 127 to put all other religious bodies in a position of equality. This article reads in part as follows: "The other impediments, recognized according to the different religious persuasions as resulting from relationship or affinity or from other causes remain subject to the rules hitherto followed in the different churches and religious communities. The right likewise of granting dispensations from such impediments appertains, as heretofore, to those who have enjoyed it."

Judge Leet has issued an explanatory statement in regard to the Hebet case, the cause of the storm now raging, in which he upholds the ruling of the court as regards the legal invalidity of the marriage of two Catholics by a Protestant minister, but contends that this

ruling has no application to mixed marriages.

He concludes: "Until the ne temere decree there was never any question in this country as to the invalidity of the marriage of a Catholic with a Protestant by a Protestant minister, and I do not think there is any danger of the courts upholding the pretension of the decree. The decree will only cause heartburnings and social difficulties that the law can hardly deal with. It is only a dogma of the Church, which the law now does not recognize and is not likely to recognize."

Before talking of taking the question of marriage laws out of the control of the Provinces by an amendment of the British North America Act would it not be well to determine by a stated case whether or not Judge Leet's interpretation of the law is correct?

If the issue is raised as to whether in every Province of Protestant ministers or Jewish rabbis legally to marry Catholics or of Catholic priests to marry Protestants the inevitable end of the agitation will be the placing of the power to perform the civil and only binding marriage ceremony in the hands of an official of the State who will probably not be a clergyman at all. That is the system following in practically every Catholic country in the world where the claim of the Church that its consent alone can make the marriage of its members valid has been put to the front.

Thin Hair A Liberal Offer.

When the hair thins out on the top of the head and the bald spot is getting ready to appear in public, do not get discouraged or irritable. Just go to your druggist and ask for Parisian Sage Hair Tonic. He will charge you 50c. for a large bottle but if it does not cause hair to grow where the hair is thinning out nothing on this earth will.

And we want to say to everybody, man, women and child, that you can have your money back if Parisian Sage isn't the best hair grower, hair saver, hair beautifier and dandruff cure on the market today.

It stops itching scalp and falling hair and makes hair grow thick and abundantly. All druggists everywhere sell Parisian Sage or postpaid from the Giroux Mfg. Co., Fort Erie, Ont. See that the girl with the Auburn hair is on every bottle. Sold and guaranteed by J. Sutton Clark.

Capital Of Manchuria Removed from Mukden.

Victoria, B. C., June 16th. News was brought by the steamer Tacoma Maru yesterday that the Viceroy of Manchuria has decided to remove the capital from Mukden to Chang Chun, giving the reason that the latter place is in a better geographical position to keep in close touch with the Russians and Japanese.

China has decided to establish large arsenals at Shanghai Kwan and Chang Triakon, on the Gulf of Pechilli, according to information brought by the Tacoma Maru. Advice to Japanese papers from Perkins state that China has decided to pay much attention to the military defence of Tibet, and a military road is being cut between Szechuan and Lphisa where a brigade of modern troops will be stationed in addition to the garrison previously sent there.

The destructive forest fires in Hoakaido province, Japan, briefly reported by cable on May 20, raged thirteen days, and burned an immense area, causing timber losses estimated at \$5,000,000, according to advices received by the Tacoma Maru.

Wisconsin may join the several states west of the Mississippi that have declared in favor of municipal suffrage for women as the Legislature of that State has determined to submit the question to the voters. In the past no state has gone farther than permitting women the right of suffrage in regard to matters pertaining to the schools.

Four hundred miles north of Toronto last year newly-cleared land on the Government demonstration farm at Monthield yielded from 28 to 30 bushels of wheat to the acre.

Such A La kwitch.

(G. H. W. in The Boston Transcript.)

Our language is a curious thing.

It is, upon my word!

A crowd of folks we call a "throng."

A throng of deer a "herd."

A herd of geese we term a "flock."

A flock of ships a "fleet."

A "bevy" is the synonym

We use for maidens sweet.

A group of cops we call a "squad."

A squad of thieves a "band!"

No wonder aliens find our tongue

So hard to understand.

A band of wolves we call a "pack."

A pack of bees a "swarm."

A swarm of herring is a "shoal,"

So lexicons inform.

Our noisy kids we term a "troop."

A "gang" if hoodlums they;

If of hooligans we speak

A horde is what we say.

A horde of oxen is a "drove."

A drove of whales a "school!"

To learn the variants of this terms

You've got to be no fool.

No, sirree!

China A Menace To The Entire World.

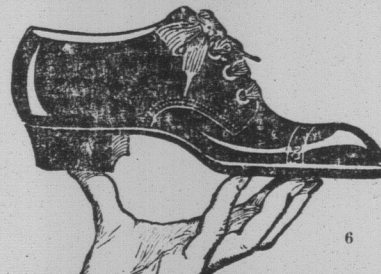
Chicago, June 16. - China is a perpetual menace to the health of the entire world, according to Dr. M. R. Edwards, head of the Branch of the Medical School of Harvard University, which is being established in Shanghai to combat disease. Dr. Edwards arrived to-day from a tour in China.

"Every ship that sails from a Chinese port is a possible carrier of cholera, bubonic plague, and even the rosy to the outside world," he said.

Floating Ice in Straits of Belleisle.

Quebec, June 16. - The Thomson Liner Devona, from Mildredsbrough, which arrived last night, came by the Straits of Belle Isle, which were full of floating ice. The captain reported that he would not have come that way if he had known the conditions were what they were. The Devona is the first vessel through the Straits this summer.

The setting apart of \$7,500,000 by Mr. Lloyd George in the British Budget for the building of sanatoria for consumptives is one of the greatest practical measures ever taken for fighting the white plague. Overburdened Britain shames Canada in the respect - X.



For elegance of style and Superior workmanship The HARTT Shoe has proven itself leader THE HARTT BOOT & SHOE CO. "Produced in New Canada's Best Shoe-making"

Our Low Shoes are Stylish As they are SERVICEABLE

ALL LEATHERS MANY SHAPES

Full Line White Canvass Oxfords, Pumps, Tennis Shoes & Sneakers.

Hot Weather Specials!

Poys Wash Suits 65c., 90c. & \$1.

„ Play „ 50c.

„ Kaki Pants 35c. to 55c.

„ Blouses 30c. to 60c.

Boys Straw Hats 10cts. to \$1.

Mens „ „ 15 „ „ \$3.

Frauley Bros.

The St. George Clothiers & Furnishers

Advertise in the Greetings!

Warm Weather Necessities

WHITE MOUNTAIN ICE CREAM FREEZERS 3, 4 & 6 QTS.

HAMMOCKS AT 50 & 85 CENTS, \$2.00, \$2.65 AND \$3.60

Lime Juice and Fruit Syrups

Stone Butter Cocks and Churns, Pure Paris Green and Sprinklers, Screen Doors and Window Screens, Screen wire Cloth all widths, Gasoline, Motor Oil, Waste, Hard Grease, Columbia Ignitor Batteries,

Lemons, Oranges, Bananas, Etc.

JUNE

1911

JOHN DEWAR & SONS, Ltd.

MC2465 POOR DOCUMENT

THE GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS

THE GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS ST. GEORGE, N. B.

PUBLISHED FRIDAYS

J. W. CORRELL, Editor

SUBSCRIPTION TERMS—\$1.00 per year, when paid in advance 75c; to the United States 50c, extra for postage. All subscriptions OUTSIDE THE COUNTY payable in advance and will be cancelled on expiry unless otherwise arranged for.

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All Communications intended for publication must be accompanied by the writer's name and address. GREETINGS has a well equipped Job Printing Plant, and turns out work with neatness and despatch.

FRIDAY, JUNE 23, 1911

Lloyd George on the Situation

A notable speech on the relation of the social to the political situation of Great Britain was recently delivered by Lloyd George in London:

Awful in its vividness was the contrast which Mr. George presented between the two extremes of the social scale in England. There were, he said, within a few hundred yards from the place in which he was speaking poor women, old and worn, after honest, industrious lives extending over seventy years, who were still working through the live-long day, starting early and resting late, to earn a wretched pittance which just saved them from starvation, but never lifted them above privation. The wages of these were six to seven shillings a week, and this was earned by needle-work put upon the garments of others, who, in one idle hour, would spend more in frivolity than these poor women would earn in three years of toil.

Quoting from Seebohm Rowntree's book on "Poverty in Town Life," Mr. George said that in the city of York something like 80 per cent of the children in the working-class districts are under the average standard of physical development. More than half of those poor, little wretches possess puny, feeble bodies, insufficiently clad, insufficiently fed, and bearing every sign of privation and neglect. Out of 420,000 adults who die in Britain in the course of a year, five-sixths own no property which it is worth anyone's while to secure a Government certificate for.

At the other end of the scale there are a number of men and women who have been given the best training that money can afford, who have spent the first third of their lives in preparing themselves for work, and who are now wasting the rest of a life of luxurious idleness. These men and women, with their families and retainers, amount altogether to something like two million people, and represent an absolute waste in the social economy. They are enabled to spend their days in luxurious idleness because they possess more of the world's wealth than is good for them. How much more is possessed is evident from the fact that out of £300,000,000 passing annually at death in Great Britain, about one half is left behind by less than two thousand persons.

The extreme wealth on one side does not by any means represent the earnings of industrious toil and frugality. Neither does the extreme poverty at the other end represent lack of these qualities. In the great majority of cases the few were born to unearned riches, while masses were born to undeserved suffering.

Military and naval expansion exercises its evil effect on social conditions in the Old Land. The civilized states of the world are spending nearly £500,000,000 a year, said Mr. George, upon the machinery of war. In addition to this they are withdrawing from useful and productive labor some of the best brains in the several countries. In Great Britain alone the annual bill for armaments costs something like £8 for each household in the United Kingdom. Were this burden removed, said Mr. George, Great Britain could afford to pay every member of the

wage-earning classes an additional four shillings a week without interfering in the slightest degree with the profits of capital.

It is no wonder, under these conditions that there is unrest in Great Britain. That there is unrest it would be idle to deny. As Lloyd George said: "Everything points to the fact that the storm cloud has been hoisted, and that we are in for a period of tempest." Nor is the condition referred to confined to Great Britain. The situation on the Continent is even more acute. The recent failure of the French harvest, with the increase in cost of living following thereupon, was the immediate cause of the recent strike on French railways. The riots in Berlin, when the police with drawn sabres ran down crowds in the streets, found their cause in similar conditions. All over Europe, indeed, the masses are writhing under a system which crushes the many for the enrichment and glorification of the few. Humanity, as Lloyd George says, is like the sea: it is never quite free from movement, but there are periods of comparative calm and others of turbulence and violent disturbance. A period of the latter nature is evidently being ushered in, and much will happen before calm is restored.

Some Puns That Paid.

Canon Melville, the celebrated English prelate, who died in his ninety-second year, owned his earliest promotion to a pun. When the late Earl of Dalrymple, who knew Mr. Melville sufficiently to remember that his Christian name was David, had a living at his disposal, he received a letter containing the words: "Lord, remember David." The earl's reply was no less terse and scriptural: "Thou art the man!"

The Rev. Dr. Mountain, who was the son of an English beggar, owed nearly every step of his successive promotions in great part to his facetiousness, and won the last step of all by a single jest. When he was consulted as Bishop Durham by George II. as to the fittest person to fill the vacant arch episcopal see of York, he replied: "Sir, I would thou wert a grain of mustard seed, thou wouldst say to this Mountain" (dramatically striking his breast), "Be thou removed and cast into the sea" (see).

GREATEST REVENUE IN THE HISTORY OF CANADA

Expect \$130,000,000 This Year

Ottawa, June 16.—The final figures show that Canada's revenue last year, ending March 31, to have totalled \$117,078,409, which is the greatest by far the Dominion has ever had, and is sixteen and a quarter million ahead of the preceding year. There is every indication that the revenue will approach a hundred and thirty millions next year. In the last fiscal year the customs revenue amounted to \$72,965,394; excise, \$17,869,837; postal returns, \$9,146,953; Public Works and Railways, \$10,818,834; miscellaneous, \$7,979,291.

THE REVENUE THIS YEAR—The expenditure on revenue account last year was \$87,773,998, an increase of eight and a quarter millions. The expenditure on capital accounts totalled \$33,696,222, a decrease of a half million.

During the first two months of the present fiscal year ending May 31, Canada's revenue was \$18,573,441.—Ex.

Away Over the Sea

Japan is increasing its imports of Australian wool and frozen meats. The people are rapidly adopting Western clothing and a meat diet.

Both Austria and Germany are improving their steamship services to China. The Malay States and Sumatra are being rapidly developed commercially, reports the commercial agent at Singapore of the Department of Agriculture of the State of Victoria, Australia.

Japanese banking facilities in China are good now, but are to be made larger and still better. In anticipation of this, other banking interests are doubling their capital and embarking in new banking lines.

Cotton mills in India are making no profits, but heavy losses owing to the high price of cotton. Fourteen closed in January and six in February, throwing

20,000 people out of work. The jute mills in Calcutta are working only five days a week.

In the last nine months of 1910 India's imports amounted to \$393,938,633, and the exports to \$499,930,365, increases of \$22,000,000 and \$74,000,000. Customs receipts were \$25,000,000, a gain of nearly \$6,000,000.

Nickel mining is quite active in New Caledonia. European firms are investing largely in it and other mining. Some fair gold discoveries have been made recently.

Sheldon, the financier, who made so many dupes in Montreal, and who, it was feared, had escaped from justice, will have five years during which to reflect upon his career. Mr. Sheldon would have fared much better if he had pursued his career in an American city. The law there is not nearly so dangerous. As one of the characters in a recent play presented in this city casually observed in regard to New York, "there are not many rich men in jail, even yet."—X.

Is It Fair?

Did you ever send to Toronto for a bill of hardware and find when it came that you had forgotten 50 cents worth of nails? Did you send to Toronto for them or did you go to the hardware store and buy them?

Did you ever send away for an advertised special value in lumber or sash and doors and find on receipt of the goods that the mail order house "forgot" some of the essentials? Did you send away for the balance or did you go to the local lumber dealer to get what was missing? Did you ever solicit a contribution for charity from some land promotion company a thousand miles away or from a mail order house in Toronto, New York or San Francisco?

If you have tried it you know it won't work. But you don't hesitate to go after the real estate man, the grocer, the hardware dealer or the lumberman here at home when you have some little money-raising scheme to put through. And generally they "come across" without a murmur.

In other words, do you play fair with your friend, the local business man? Or do you use him as a convenience and send your money and your real trade elsewhere.

Every dollar you spend at home adds to the wealth of this community. Every dollar you send away detracts from it. If you are imbued with local as well as national patriotism you will keep your money at home in every case where you can get as great value here as elsewhere. Give our business men a chance.—X.

New York and Montreal.

Mr. P. A. Franklin, vice-president of the International Mercantile Marine when at Montreal a few weeks ago, spoke it will be remembered, with some criticism of the constant demands for faster steamships even than the fastest ones which we had now. He intimated his belief that those who use the St. Lawrence route do not really want any faster vessels than are on the route at the present time. The travelling public, he thought would infinitely prefer to have any extra expense to which shipping companies might be inclined to go put into comfort on board the ship than to use to increase the speed. If we remember aright, the fact was mentioned that the Louisiana and the Mauritania were practically presented to the Cunard Company by the British government. In order that the government might have two of the fastest ships afloat for use as auxiliary vessels in time of war, they loaned the money needed for the building of such ships to the company at a low rate of interest, namely 2 3/4 per cent. Then they subsidized the company with the yearly sum sufficient for the payment of the yearly interest charge, so that while the government could, on emergency, claim the two vessels, the company meanwhile got the use of them practically for nothing. Mr. Franklin said that notwithstanding these fast steamers, the ideal boat was a combination of a freight carrier and a passenger carrier, with sufficient speed to make the crossing in seven days at the outside, and with stability to make her comfortable to travel in in all weathers. Mr. Franklin made another observation which is probably not incorrect,

Haley & Son

Have on Hand And to Arrive,

One Million of SHINGLES

We Handle the Famous Hayford and Stetson Brand Than Which There is None Better. Enquiries Solicited HALEY & SON St. Stephen, N. B.

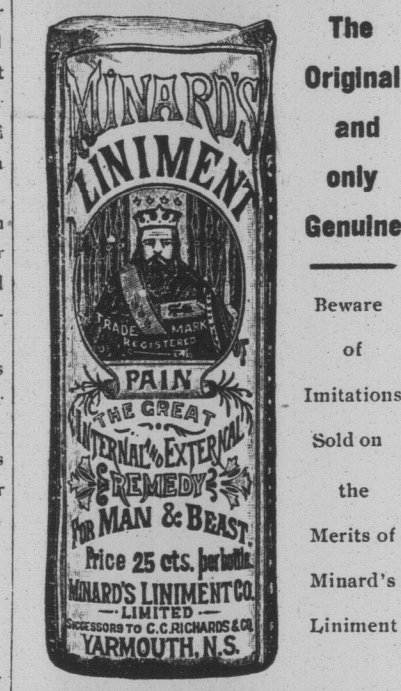
The Most Up-to-date Repair Department in connection with this Jewelry Business in Eastern Maine.

All Kinds of Work Done

Jewelry mending and repairing. Diamond Mounting, Optical Work-fitting and repairing Class and College Pins and Rings. Gold Chain making and renewing. Watch Case making and repairing. Special Attention given to Watch Work and all work guaranteed as represented.

OTIS W. BAILEY

JEWELER AND OPTICIAN CALAIS, MAINE



and that is not while the St. Lawrence route was a very enjoyable sea trip, he did not think that Montreal or Quebec would ever want the average New Yorker from his own port. He assigns as a reason for this the comfort and ease with which a New Yorker could get on board, and get his luggage on board the vessel at New York. The twelve or more hours railway travel was a hindrance from which he was glad to escape. But it was likely travellers from ports outside New York would use and continue to use in increasing numbers the St. Lawrence route. In each case there is a more or less tedious railway journey to be accomplished before the traveller can reach his point of embarkment. On that head New York has nothing the better of Montreal. Starting out, he said, with the promise that there is a railway journey to be accomplished in the first place the average traveller from the Western States would just as soon make that journey to Montreal as to New York, and with the shorter ocean passage and the added attractions of the scenic beauty of the St. Lawrence route to attract him the odds are heavily in favor of his taking the Montreal journey in preference to that of New York. On the whole he considered that with such vessels as the Laurentic and Majestic continued the St. Lawrence route was sure of an ever increasing business, even though it did not supersede New York.—Globe.

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Undertaker and Embalmer

Complete stock Funeral Supplies on hand

Prices lower than any competitor

J. B. SPEAR

Undertaker and Funeral Director

A full supply of funeral goods always on hand.

Telephone at Residence

All goods delivered free Prices to suit the people

NOTICE OF SALE

To Alvin S. Murphy, late of the parish of Dumbarton, in the county of Charlotte and Province of New Brunswick, Farmer, and to all others to whom it may in wise concern:

Notice is hereby given that under and in virtue of the terms of the power of sale contained in a mortgage made between Alvin S. Murphy of the one part, and Irwin E. Gilmor of the other part, bearing date the third day of May, A. D. 1909, and duly recorded in the Records of Charlotte county, in Book No. 40, at pages 343 to 346, there will, default having been made in the payment of moneys secured by said mortgage, be sold at private sale at the residence of the said Irwin E. Gilmor at Bonny River, County of Charlotte, Province of New Brunswick, on Thursday the 21st day of Sept. A. D. 1911, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Land described in said mortgage as follows: "All that certain lot of land situated in Pleasant Ridge in said Parish of Dumbarton, County and Province aforesaid, bounded and described as follows:—to-wit: Bounded on the west by Bonny Brook, so called, on the north by land owned by John New, on the east by the boundary line of the granted land on the east of Pleasant Ridge, on the south by and owned by the heirs of one Robert McGowan. Containing 175 acres more or less." Together with the buildings thereon and the privileges thereto belonging.

Dated the 15th day of June A. D. 1911. Irwin E. Gilmor, Mortgagee.

Returning to Chatham From the West

(Chatham World) Miss Victoria C. Wright, who was dissatisfied with her salary as a Chatham teacher and wanted to go West, where teachers get big salaries and holidays galore, took the precaution, like a wise woman, of asking for a year's leave of absence instead of resigning outright. And now she writes, after less than a year's western experience, that she will be back to Chatham in time to claim her old position after the summer holidays. She requests, however, that the board give her Grade VI or VII, instead of the lower grade which she formerly taught a request that will, it is possible, be granted, Miss Wright is an excellent teacher.

Boys Find Ancient Urn

Recover Treasures From Cliff Exposed by Landslide. London, June 11. The adventure of two boys has resulted in the discovery near Brighton, of a fine specimen of an ancient British burial urn. On the cliff to the east of Brighton there have recently been heavy landslides. A boy, who crawled to the edge of the cliff to look

Census Man And An Ottawa Lady.

(Ottawa Journal.) The census enumerator who called recently on a lady residing on Sandy Hill was a young man of such pleasant manners and good address that several of his questions were received as coming from an afternoon caller. For instance it was an expected question when he asked: "To what church does your husband belong?" But when he followed up the answer, "Church of England," with the further subsidiary question, "High or Low," it almost drove away the lady's composure. The enumerator assured her that he was enquiring not from idle curiosity but from a sense of duty, as one of the columns of the schedules called for this information. The lady was unable to say whether her husband was High or Low and when he was consulted upon his return home he startled his spouse by saying: "I am neither High nor Low; I am Broad Church." Who drew up those schedules anyway?

The Montreal Herald says that "The Toronto Globe points with approval to the Japanese census system of recording each individual by a register number, as a result of which the Government was able to notify the relatives of every man killed in the late war. Ten years hence the suggestion will be in order" for Canada, suggests the Globe. Can it be that we are going to war soon? No, but hundreds of us are killed by accident every year and buried as unknown who could be traced by the numbered tag that every Jap carries.—X.

MC2465 POOR DOCUMENT

THE GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE

That after Nov. 1st, 1910, our business will be conducted on a strictly CASH basis.

Will be in a position to give you great value as our stock in all departments consists of the very best bought at the lowest prices, consequently will sell low.

Do not forget the place. Come and bring your money, and if you cannot come yourself send your money.

ANDREW McGEE - Back Bay

BACK BAY

Mrs. Gamble of St. George visited Mrs. Andrew McGee recently. Hilida Craig called on Jennie Barrett Monday.

We are sorry to report Mrs. Theodore Hickey on the sick list.

Chas. Wright of Beaver Harbor spent Sunday at the home of Wm. Mitchell.

Mr. and Mrs. David Leavitt and children spent Sunday with Violet Lasley.

A game of baseball took place here Saturday on the diamond between Letete and Back Bay, the score was 17 to 31 in favor of the home team.

The men have done some repairs on the road here.

Mrs. Veal Lasley called on Mrs. S. Lasley Monday.

Miss Kelly of Campbell is visiting her sister Mrs. John McGee.

Miss Mae Lasley and Joanna Hooper spent Sunday at their home here.

Mrs. Clint French and children of Letete spent Sunday here.

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BEAVER HARBOR

Stmr. Connors Bros. sailed from here Monday for St. John taking Lewis Eldridge who has been ill for some months to the public hospital for treatment at that place.

G. W. McKay and J. Thompson made a flying trip to St. John Monday.

Miss Alberta Wallin, bookkeeper at Presque Isle is spending her vacation with her parents Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Wadlin.

Edwin Barnes and wife of Boston, Mass. gave a musical recital in Pauls hall on Monday evening.

Line fishing is reported quite good along the shore.

Miss Myrtle Hutton has returned home from Portland, Me. where she has been spending some months.

Mrs. Milton Eldridge who has been ill for some time is improving.

Messrs Lockhart and Townsend, commercial men were calling on the merchants Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Barnes have been visiting Mrs. Thos. Holmes.

The delegates from the United Baptist convention at Wilson's Beach report a good attendance.

Andrew McGee, Back Bay was calling on friends here Wednesday.

Brockville, Ont., June 17.—Suits were entered here today by the township of Bastard and Burgess against Ormond Chant, a tax collector, and his bondsmen Noah Chant and John M. Davis, to recover \$4,483. The case is an echo of the failure of the Farmer's Bank. The collector deposited the above amount the week previous to the failure in the Phillipsville branch and received a draft which he handed over to the treasurer. The latter filed it in the Union Bank on Friday, but before it reached Toronto for payment, the Farmer's Bank collapsed on the following Monday.

Plan Big Revolt in All Central America.

Revolutionists Plotting in New Orleans and Are Said to Be Buying War Supplies

New Orleans, June 11. Known since the Walker expedition of the early 50's as the hotbed of revolution and the mecca of filibusters, New Orleans is preparing for another annual upheaval in Central America. Unless Uncle Sam steps in almost the entire strip of land from the Southern border of Mexico to Panama, with the possible exception of Costa Rica may witness a great disturbance within the next six months.

Never before perhaps have there been so many people of known revolutionary designs in New Orleans as there are now and they are leading a score of secret service agents of this and other countries

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

CHEAP FARES FOR DOMINION DAY

Round Trip Tickets at First Class One Way Fare

Between all Stations on the line and to Points on connecting lines.

Good going June 30th and July 1st.

Good for Return July 4th, 1911.

GEORGE CARVILL

City Ticket Agent, St. John.

BARBERING OF THE BEST

Is Our Specialty!

GOOD POOL TABLE IN CONNECTION

Choice Line of Cigars Always in Stock

W. L. Mersereau

St. George

OPPOSITE DRUG STORE

a merry chase.

Government agents say Jose Santos Zelaya, exiled former President of Nicaragua, has joined hands with prominent members of the Cientifico party of Mexico on a plan which involves a general political upheaval embracing Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua, if not Salvador as well. Several hundred exiles from these countries are in New Orleans and are said to have already bought in this country 5,000 rifles, 50,000 rounds of ammunition and the former United States torpedo boat Winslow. They are said to be negotiating for the former gunboat Biran now in Central American waters; and a vessel or two for use on the Pacific side.

A large number of soldiers of fortune, including a half dozen members of the American Legion in the Mexican revolt are here awaiting the call to arms, and General Lee Christmas, the best known of all the professional war men is expected to arrive within a few days from Honduras, where he recently assisted Manuel Bonilla in gaining possession of that country.

Laughed As Surgeons Set Dislocated Joints.

New York, June 12.—A young man with a look of intense pain on his face entered Bellevue hospital yesterday afternoon and announced his belief that his left shoulder was dislocated.

Dr. Drury felt the affected member and decided that it was true. He sent hurriedly for Drs. Kenny and Betts, who placed the man on an operating table and set to work with anxious haste.

They managed to slip the dislocated joint into place and then found that the right shoulder was also dislocated. Astonished at the courage of the man and bewildered by the medical phenomenon, they nevertheless thought of nothing but giving immediate relief, and soon had the blade back into the socket, but within a minute their patient was writhing and complaining of a twinge in his left hip. It was out of joint.

The surgeons called for help and began to work again. They got that hip into place and then out flew the right one. And still the man lay flat on the table.

Suddenly, however, he whirled about on his stomach and the doctors saw what appeared to be a curvature of the spine.

Suddenly the patient began to laugh. The back straightened out. The look of pain vanished from his face and he beamed pleasantly at the surgeons.

"I'm Ellis Whitman the Human-Rat-Telex," he explained gayly. "I've been out work for a while, and I wanted to have some fun with you."

Job Printing at The Greetings Office.

Removed to St. John.

Victor Douds, who has been an efficient and obliging teller in the Bank of N. B. here, received quick marching orders last week and is now filling a similar position with the same bank in St. John. H. Parlee who has been ledger keeper takes charge of the cash, and A. C. Cushman has charge of the ledger. Mr. Douds, during his stay in St. Stephen, has been a valued member of the Canadian Frontier band and will be much missed in musical and other circles. —Courier.

Toll of Factories.

Toronto, June 13.—Casualties in Ontario's industrial army last year totalled 764 and the fatalities 36. This is the toll for 1910, according to the reports of the provincial inspectors of factories issued today. Chief Inspector James T. Burke, in his report to the Minister of Agriculture, states that his department has inspected factories, mercantile establishments and workshops in 452 cities, towns and villages in Ontario. The employees in these places number approximately 235,682.

Mr. Burke calls attention to the great increase in the number of applications from employers for permits to work their shafts overtime. He declares that most employers have decided that this is not to their best interests. "Ten hours steady work per day," he says, "usually taxes the full energy of the average person and an overtime is certain therefore to lower the efficiency of the employe."

LOCALS

The wood mill again started on Monday with 4 or 5 hands most of whom came from Back Bay.

Auxiliary Schooner Leannet, 40 tons, Capt. D. Spear of Eastport, is unloading a cargo of 2500 box shooks for J. S. Clark at Letang.

The reports from the fishing places give small but fairly regular catches all along the shore, with quite good paying catches in several of the places.

On account of the holiday we go to press a day earlier, consequently some of our correspondence will likely be a day late in arriving, all such will receive attention next week.

G. S. Grimmer of St. Andrews was here this week trying to get 8 or 10 men and mounts to go to Camp Sussex as Cavalry with the St. Andrews contingent which is about that many men short, mostly on account of mounts.

A petition is being circulated asking for donations toward providing a handstand for the bands. It is to be hoped the boys will be successful in their efforts to obtain enough funds to put up a stand, with two bands in the town there should be a need for the stand, and when supplied we should have music galore.

A very heavy electrical storm passed over the town and vicinity Tuesday afternoon, some slight damage is reported from several places, the Wm Aberley house at Penfield was considerably damaged, it is also reported that the school house at Coldbrook and a home at Upper Letang were also slightly damaged.

Mrs. Maloney and little daughter left on Monday for their home at R. d Beach to arrange for the removal of a few of their personal effects as they have taken rooms at Mrs. Counts house and will take up light housekeeping for the summer months at least. At present Mr. Maloney thinks he will not remain here more than 2 or 3 months.

The Utopia camp opens this week. Paul Brine arrived here Wednesday with 10 or 12 boys, who will open camp and set things ready for the main body under Mr. J. B. Brine which leaves New York on the 28th, Boston on the 29th and St. John on the 30th arriving here in July 1st and fully opening camp on that date. The attendance this season is expected to exceed that of all other seasons. The camp closes on Sept. 8th.

The baseball club have had the diamond put in good shape and now claim they are one of the best diamonds outside the larger towns and cities. Arrangements are now under way for the season's games, and they expect to have games with outside teams, at least once a week. July 1st will be the grand formal opening day when a good sharp game is expected, which with the other amusements offered will provide a day's amusement that will pay all to attend.

The strike situation remains about the same, Mr. Murphy and the men have had 2 or 3 meetings, both sides seem to be adverse to making much of their conferences public, but we understand that the men as usual in such cases have increased their demands, and it is rumored that with their former demands they now ask for the foreman's Octave Plude's dismissal, this even under ordinary circumstances would seem rather outside the men's field of influence, but in this instance when Mr. Plude is a stockholder in the Co. it does seem very unreasonable to ask a man to step down and out of his own (or partly his own) business for the accommodation of his workmen.

As yet the Co. have little or no lumber but at present time of writing it seems rather promising that some of their lumber will be got here in the course of a few days.

Last reports from the upper stretches of the river are that the rains have been quite heavy and on Sunday heavy rains also prevailed.

Special religious services were held in Back Bay for the past two weeks. The results are very encouraging, some fifty and upwards having made profession of Faith.

The pitcher that has been engaged by the Ball Club is named Woodcock, the catchers name is not yet known, both however, are from Bowdoin College. Wilson, one of the college catchers has been signed up for the season by the Detroit League team, so that the college must have some good material.

Last Sunday evening St. Marks was the only protestant church that had service in town, and consequently that spacious edifice was filled almost to its full seating capacity. The choir composed mostly of the younger members of the congregation, which is being trained by the pastor, Rev. J. Spencer, is making good progress.

Efforts are now being made to have a grand field day of sports on the Ball field for Dominion day. The Ball club have closed arrangements for a battery from Bowdoin College who will report here on the 26th, and a ball season will open on July 1st with a game from some outside team, likely from St. John or St. Stephen. Full particulars will be given out in a day or two by poster, owing to our going to press early this week for the holiday negotiations are not fully completed ed forms to give full particulars, but no doubt a fine programme will be provided and all will do well to reserve that day for St. George, and come and make merry with us.

W. McL. Barker has accepted the principalship of the St. George public school. Mr. Barker has been a resident of St. Martins for several years, and for quite a time was principal of the High school here. During the past few years, however, he has been connected with the firm of A. E. Bentley & Son, Ltd., but at vacation he will return to his work as a teacher at St. George. Mr. Barker was one of the best teachers St. Martins ever had.

The friends of Mr. and Mrs. W. McL. Barker met at the home of Mrs. A. F. Bentley on Monday evening, where Mrs. Barker was presented with a tin shower it being their tenth anniversary. A very enjoyable evening was spent by all.—St. Martins Corr. St. John Telegraph.

The School board received a large number of applications for the position of Principal of the school and at last week's meeting decided to accept the application of Mr. Barker of St. Martins, and the Secretary has notified him to that effect but as yet has not received a formal acceptance of the position. Mr. Barker has not been teaching for the past year but has had considerable experience and has been highly recommended. Miss Spencer, daughter of the Rev. J. Spencer who is now teaching at Woodstock, has been offered the position to be vacated by Miss Knight, who will be very much missed in the town and who has proved herself one of the most capable of teachers. Mr. Macburn, the retiring principal has made many friends while here and will be missed by all, especially among the younger portion of the community as he has always been to the front in all the amusements of the town.

The Civic Supper.

The supper to be given at the Windsor next Wednesday is in honor of those who have served the town at the council board, and in addition to the present mayor and councillors and former mayors and councillors invitations have been extended to the mayors of St. Andrews, St. George, Calais and Milltown, the clergyman and physicians in St. Stephen and Milltown. These will form a company fully as large as the Windsor dining-room can accommodate. The gathering is entirely without political significance and promises to be very enjoyable. —Courier

It may be several years before Church union comes into operation on a working basis, but there seems to be no doubt at all that the clergy and laity of the Presbyterian, Methodist, and Congregational Churches are overwhelmingly in favor.

Women are found in their hobble.

Had on both.

Unwounded.

Why she looks so.

Don't you just love the spring?

What a crack the company!

Nonetheless you are intended to do.

Don't know about that!

Do you believe in hearing the devil?

Need experience.

In their bottle bottles, so there!

What a bad, but not?

Women are found in their hobble.

Had on both.

Unwounded.

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Women are found in their hobble.

MC2465 POOR DOCUMENT

THE GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS

Royal Household Flour

The best for Bread and the best for Pastry



"The Little Brother of The Rich"

NOW, this is not a talk about money.

Isn't a contrast between the rich and the poor, for in some things we are all equally rich and there are no poor brothers.

The poorest woman in the land can have just as good bread as the richest. The children who walk can have just as good pies and cakes and "goodies" as the children who ride in carriages.

All the money in the world cannot buy better flour than "ROYAL HOUSEHOLD", for there isn't any better.

And the woman who does her own baking can have just as good bread as is served to the Royal Household of England, and that is made from ROYAL HOUSEHOLD FLOUR sent to England from Canada.

And then, a barrel of

"ROYAL HOUSEHOLD" produces many more loaves than a barrel of ordinary flour. The bread is better—sweeter, nicer to eat—and more wholesome—has more health and strength in it—makes more delicious pies, cakes, biscuits and doughnuts. Children, whose mothers use "ROYAL HOUSEHOLD" at home, can have just as good baked things as the Princes and Princesses of England.

Although "ROYAL HOUSEHOLD" costs a little more per barrel than ordinary flour it contains so much more nourishment and makes so much more bread of superior quality it is in reality the most economical of all flours.

"Booth's Book for a Cook" comprises 225 recipes of all kinds of dishes which have been tested and tried. Every woman who is interested in good things to eat should send and get it.



The British House of Commons

Theoretically the veto bill rests on the assumption that with a modified second Chamber the balance of power will be shifted from a non-representative to a representative body, thereby making the legislative machine more responsive to the ascertained demands of the people. In practice, however, this assumption will be found to be a delusion and a snare. Next to the abolition of the absolute veto of the Lords there is no more pressing problem than the reform of the House of Commons.

A remarkable change has come over the House of Commons during the past thirty years. The supremacy of the party system and the extinction of the private member are outstanding facts in modern Parliamentary life. The protest of an Irish member, Mr. Ginnell, at the opening of the present Parliament, while objected to as offensive and personal in form, has evoked support in quarters least expected. The evils against which Mr. Ginnell revolted are set out in "The Party System," a book just published by Mr. Hilaire Belloc and Mr. Cecil Chesterton, which throws a lurid light on British politics. The House of Commons has no longer full control of the reins of government. Nor can this be wholly charged at the door of the Peers. The collective responsibility of the Cabinet has taken the place of the individual responsibility of the Minister. This in turn has synchronized with the increasing power and independence of the executive and the gradual devolution of the functions of government on permanent officials who are immune from public censure. The results were seen in the South African war scandals, for which no one was held responsible, and in the more recent false report of the Admiral-in-Chief regarding German naval shipbuilding, which was the genesis of an increased naval expenditure now admitted to have been unnecessary. The control of the public purse has passed from the representatives of the people to Treasury officials. Millions are voted away annually under rules that deprive the Commons of adequate discussion and supervision. The permanent heads of the great departments—about five in number—are the virtual rulers of the British Empire. Departmental rules add to and modify acts of Parliament, and in some cases take the place of enactments. A notable instance of this related to the Irish Land Purchase Act of 1903. Rules governing the administration of that act,

drawn up when Mr. George Wyndham was Chief Secretary for Ireland, were set aside by his successor, Mr. Walter Long. This raised such an outcry that the act had to be amended when the Liberals came into office.

What has brought about this change in the constitution of the House of Commons? The policy of obstruction initiated by Parnell led to the adoption of the closure in debate, and this, like most extreme remedies, has produced other dangerous evils. Another cause is the congestion of Imperial, national, and local affairs in a Parliament no longer competent to discharge the task imposed upon it. What is the immediate remedy? It is within the power of the present Government to carry legislation that will strengthen the hold of the country on the machinery of government. One man one vote, the holding of general elections on one day, and the adequate remuneration of legislators will tend to democratize the House of Commons and develop representative government. With these preliminary reforms the Commons would be prepared to face the urgent problem of devolution. The present Parliament is overweighted with business not common to the whole of the United Kingdom. Decentralization must be the watchword of Parliamentary reform. Along these lines the British Throne and Empire will find greater security and permanency on the broad foundations of liberty and representation. The veto of the Lords will be abolished, but this alone will not avail to guarantee popular rights and insure the country against class rule. Without responsible and representative government the principles of democracy cannot fully be realized in the laws and institutions of the British nation or in the lives of the people.—Tor. Globe.

Immigration and Growth.

Canada can afford to discriminate in the matter of immigration. While it may seem selfish and unreasonable to deprive foreigners of the better prospects of success which our general conditions afford, it is quite fair to take precautions against influences tending to lower our average standard of citizenship. We have not been sufficiently successful in solving the problems of growth to warrant us in keeping the doors open for all who may choose to come. Last year we deported 784 who were found to be physically unfit or likely through evil tendencies to become recruits in our criminal population. This is a large record, and it is made more conspicuous by the fact that during the same year 17,816 were rejected at the different points of entry. This seems like a startling record, but as 15,414 were citizens of the United States, it indicates nothing more serious than border activity in turning back the undesirable floating population.

A bulletin recently published shows the total immigration for the past decade to have been close on two millions. Of these about 750,000 were from Britain and 500,000 from the United States. During the latter years of this period the influx has greatly increased. As American opportunities are closing and conditions in the Republic are approximating those of Europe the volume of immigration from the United States has proportionately increased. Whatever justification there may have been for indiscriminate admission before the pressure of industrial conditions became a possibility in Canada, it is now the duty of the Dominion authorities to protect the interests of those already here. Even with all the care can be exercised, foreign admixtures will lower the standard of citizenship, but it is a tendency that should continually be resisted. Our chief care can now be bestowed on the quality of immigration. The quantity is assured.—Tor. Globe.

Bearing Down Pains.

What woman at sometime or other does not experience these dreadful bearing down pains. Mrs. E. Griffith, of Main street, Hepworth, Ont., says: "A heavy bearing down pain had settled across my back and sides. I was often unable to stoop or straighten myself up. Many times each night I would have to leave my bed with the irregular and frequent secretions of the kidneys and just as done out in the morning as on retiring. I was languid, and could have to set my household work stand. Nothing I had tried would benefit me. I learned of Booth's Kidney Pills and concluded I would try them, which I did, and soon found the long sought relief. My back strengthened and I began to feel better and stronger. I now enjoy my sleep without being disturbed and feel grateful to Booth's Kidney Pills for what they have done for me.

Booth's Kidney Pills are a boon to women. She would know less of backaches, if she took more of these wonderful pills. They are nature's greatest specific for all diseases of the kidneys and bladder. All druggists, 50c. box, or postpaid from the R. T. Booth Co. Ltd. Fort Erie, Ont. Sold and guaranteed by J. Sutton Clark.

National Laboratory To Be Established.

Ottawa, June 12.—The Government will take steps shortly to provide for the carrying out of the recommendations made by the National Conservation Commission last winter, urging the establishment of a national laboratory at Ottawa in connection with the Department of Health. The matter has been under consideration for some months, and has several times been strongly urged in Parliament. The laboratory will supply a long-felt need in Canada in regard to securing a cheaper and purer supply of toxins and anti-toxins and sera for general use. It will establish and enforce standards of purity, and provide means for experimentation with new medical discoveries. It will also cover a wide field of educational work in regard to municipal sanitation and other phases of health conversation.

The men summoned for refusing information to the census enumerators will have a lesson in the power of the State to investigate private affairs. Even magistrates are asked to oblige questions occasionally.

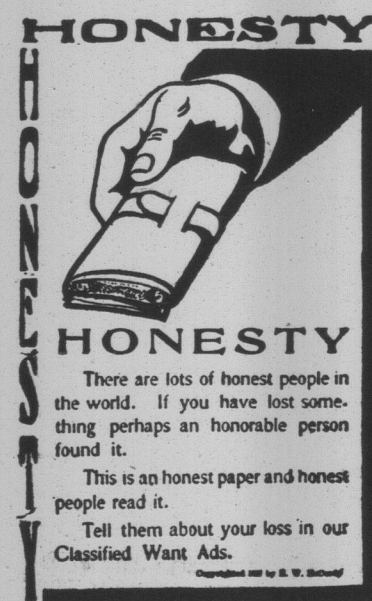
"The Globe asks if women are growing taller. We do not know about the women, but we can answer for the girls. They are growing like weeds," says the World. That is an ungalant comparison. Why not like eleanors?

OUR JUNE FOOTWEAR Discount Sale NOW ON

7 Per Cent Off

Our Entire Stock of Mens', Womens', Misses & Childs' SHOES

H. McGrattan & Sons, ST. GEORGE, N. B.



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Rooms over M. Inc. Coutts & Co.'s store

The flavor lingers. The aroma lingers. The pleasure lingers.

And you will linger over your cup of CHASE & SANBORN'S SEAL BRAND COFFEE.

In 1 and 2 pound tin cans. Never in bulk.

PATRICK McLAUGHLIN, J. P. Collecting Justice Conveyancer, Licensed Auctioneer, etc. Office Clinch street.

A big stock of latest novels by popular authors. Fruit at lowest prices. L. B. YOUNG'S.

JOHN B. SPEAR, Contractor and Builder. Estimates furnished.

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Sealed Tenders

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Harbor Works in Courtney Bay, St. John, N. B.," will be received from 4 p.m., on Thursday, August 10th, 1911, for the construction of a Breakwater, Wharves, for the Dredging of a channel and basin, and for the filling shown on plan and also for the construction of a Dry Dock and Ship Repairing Plant of the First Class under "The Dry Docks Subsidies Act, 1910."

Plans, specification and form of contract can be seen and forms of tender obtained at this Department, at the offices of E. T. P. Shewen, Esq., District Engineer, St. John, N. B.; J. K. Scammell, Esq., District Engineer, St. John, N. B.; C. E. Dodwell, Esq., District Engineer, Halifax, N. S.; A. R. Decary, Esq., District Engineer, Post Office, Quebec; J. L. Michaud, Esq., District Engineer, Merchant's Bank Building, St. James St., Montreal, Que.; J. G. Sing, Esq., District Engineer, Confederation Life Building, Toronto, Ont.; H. J. Lamb, Esq., District Engineer, London, Ont.; and at the office of the High Commissioner for Canada, London, Eng.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures, stating their occupation and place of residence. In the case of firms, the actual signature, the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the firm must be given.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, for the sum of five hundred thousand dollars (500,000.00), which will be forfeited if the person tendering declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender is not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order, R. C. DESROCHERS, Secretary, Department of Public Works.

Ottawa, June 9, 1911. Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.

A school teacher of forty-nine years' experience in Boston gave her sister-workers a farewell advice to flirt occasionally as a means of resting their tired minds. Critics say some of the listeners whispered: "How unnecessary!"

Advertise in Greetings.