

VERDICT FOR DEFENCE IN GREEN VERSUS WORLD

Result of Jury's Deliberations General Surprise to On-lookers

EVIDENCE GIVEN IN THE CASE Fact That Plaintiff Received No Stock Made Plain—Judge Offers Severe Criticisms.

Vancouver, July 31.—The jury this afternoon in the libel suit of Green vs. World returned a verdict for the defendant. The verdict was given after about three-quarters of an hour deliberation and came as somewhat of a surprise, since Mr. Justice Clement in summing up told the jury that they found nine parts of the article were true and one part untrue. They must find a verdict for the plaintiff, and pointed out that one or two of the charges were libellous. At the same time he commented strongly on the conduct of Sir Adolphe Caron and Mr. Green. He said he found it difficult to understand Sir Adolphe Caron's conduct in writing to Mr. Green, offering to set aside shares in the syndicate for his friend he might name. Belated knight as he was, he had no hesitation in saying that his decorations should be taken from him. Mr. Green also gave a receipt for the letter. It showed that he was either very innocent or had accepted the offer with some hope of ultimate benefit.

Strong statements were also made by counsel. Mr. Macdonell spoke of Sir Adolphe Caron as "that wily old fox" and said that the defendant had an initiated bandit would blush to be placed in the same class as the man who penned those atrocious words in the World. The only evidence given today was by Mr. Green, who denied emphatically that he had ever received anything personally from the syndicate or was interested in any way in shares given to Mr. Mackay. He stated that his reasons for resigning from the government were purely personal, as he wished to enter the business in which he was now engaged, and from which he received a larger salary than he had as a minister of the crown.

The case was commenced yesterday. Mr. Justice Clement presided and the jury being as follows: E. E. Penzer, foreman; J. W. Morrison, H. F. Hebbden, J. T. Fife, George Alexander, Frederick Cockburn, Alfred Greenhaigh and T. W. Barnwell. Charles Wilson, K.C., and W. E. Burns appeared for the plaintiff, and D. G. Macdonell and P. B. Wintermute for the defendant.

After addresses by counsel and proof of publication, Sir C. H. Tupper was called as witness for the defence. In the course of his evidence he said he had met the provincial executive in Victoria on different occasions. He was not instructed by Sir Adolphe Caron to meet them, but was retained by G. H. Cowan, Sir Adolphe Caron's solicitor. He admitted that he had had correspondence with Sir Adolphe Caron, but he refused to answer the question whether he had received anything from the syndicate.

Sir Charles Tupper replied that he had met the provincial executive in Victoria on different occasions. He was not instructed by Sir Adolphe Caron to meet them, but was retained by G. H. Cowan, Sir Adolphe Caron's solicitor. He admitted that he had had correspondence with Sir Adolphe Caron, but he refused to answer the question whether he had received anything from the syndicate.

Mr. Wilson said a statement in reference to this letter could be found in Sir Adolphe Caron's evidence taken in the commission in Ottawa, and there was no need to try to make Sir Charles Tupper violate his confidence as counsel.

Mr. Macdonell did not press the matter further, and Sir Charles described an interview he had held with the executive council in 1905.

Mr. Macdonell: "At that meeting was anything said by them in reference to mining leases or licenses?" Sir Charles replied that something was said and the application of the company for certain coal licenses was discussed. What that discussion was he could not state without violating confidence as counsel.

"Did anyone mention that certain shares had been transferred to Mr. Green?" asked Mr. Macdonell. "No, none of them mentioned that."

"Did you say anything to them about Sir Charles would not say, but said in fairness to Mr. Green that he had stated that he had never received any shares or been interested directly or indirectly in the company in any way. What called forth that remark he would not say unless compelled to."

He admitted that the "two eminent Conservative lawyers" mentioned in the article were probably Mr. Cowan and himself, but declined to give details beyond that.

Mr. Justice Clement ruled that unless Sir Adolphe Caron authorized him as counsel to do so, Sir Charles need not answer questions relating to matters between himself and his client.

ernment would be stronger if Mr. Green were out of it. He could not say, however, for how long he would stay, as though still an ardent Conservative, he took no active part in the last provincial election.

Letters Photographed. S. J. Thompson, photographer, was called and stated that he had photographed some correspondence between Mr. Green and Sir Adolphe Caron. He had neither photographs nor negatives now, but he had been given the order to destroy them.

"Were you told to destroy them?" asked Mr. Macdonell. "I think I was. Yes."

Mr. Macdonell then produced a letter from Sir Adolphe Caron to Mr. Green stating that if he had any friend to whom he wished to have some shares assigned, he should apply to Sir Adolphe Caron. Mr. Green thanked him and declining to receive shares himself, but mentioning Neil Mackay as one to whom they might be transferred, was also read.

Mr. Thompson was asked if those were the letters he had photographed. Mr. Thompson said that he could not recollect the letters, as the work had been done by his employees.

"Was the work done under any instruction from the World?" asked Mr. Macdonell. "No," replied the witness.

R. W. Brown, city editor of the Province, was next called to testify to the fact that in the Province of October 28th the syndicate had been formed for the purpose of developing coal properties in the north. He said the syndicate was formed by one of the reporters. He admitted that the Province was friendly to the government, but took no active part in the political campaign.

Robert A. Renwick, deputy commissioner of lands and works, was called and produced the departmental correspondence between Mr. W. S. Gore, when deputy commissioner, and Mr. Geo. H. Cowan, K.C., solicitor for Sir A. Caron, in reference to the application for the coal and petroleum licences in the Telkwa valley. The letters ran through the tenure of office of W. S. Gore and N. F. Mackay, who had preceded Mr. Renwick as deputy commissioner of lands and works, and were merely copies of formal departmental matter in applications of the kind.

In cross-examination, he said the correspondence between Sir Adolphe Caron's company had made applications, similar to those granted for the Telkwa valley, for leases in the Telkwa valley, for leases in the Telkwa valley, for leases in the Telkwa valley.

Hon. R. G. Tattow, minister of finance, was called. He remembered the occasion when Sir C. H. Tupper and G. H. Cowan, K.C., were in the executive council in April, 1906.

"Can you remember who was present?" asked Mr. Macdonell. "Hon. Mr. Tattow replied that from his recollection, Sir C. H. Tupper, G. H. Cowan, K.C., and Mr. W. S. Gore were present. That was his only objection. He said that it would be violating his oath should he say anything more."

"Did you ever hear that Mr. Green was wanted to resign before he did so?" asked Mr. Macdonell. "Hon. Mr. Tattow said that he had heard nothing of the kind. He was all the time in the executive council."

"Did all the members of the executive continue to sit with Mr. Green after the meeting of the executive with Sir Charles Tupper and Mr. Cowan?" asked Mr. Macdonell. "Hon. Mr. Tattow said that when all the members of the executive sat together, he was present."

Hon. Mr. McBride was called and said that Sir Adolphe Caron became commissioner of lands and works when the government in 1903, but resigned in December, 1906. He was succeeded as member for Kaslo by Sir Charles Tupper, and then by Sir Charles Tupper, and then by Sir Charles Tupper.

"On several occasions in 1906, Mr. Green approached me on the matter of resigning from the government on various reasons. He first came to me after the close of the session of 1906. This was before the meeting of the executive with Sir Charles Tupper and Mr. Cowan."

"Did you have any conversation with Mr. Green about this matter of Sir Adolphe Caron?" asked Mr. Macdonell. "Yes," replied Mr. McBride. "I am not prepared to say I had, and have still every confidence in Mr. Green as a man who would not violate his confidence as a minister of the crown. If I ever did censure him it was merely about department matters and just as one minister would speak to another."

though he might not have had the advantages of a classical education, he had always tried to do his best.

Hon. F. Carter-Cotton, president of the council, stated that he had been present at the meeting of the executive council in April, when Sir Charles H. Tupper and Mr. Cowan appeared before them, but like other members of the government, he felt bound by his oath not to reveal what took place.

"Did you continue to sit with Mr. Green after April, 1906, till he resigned?" asked Mr. Macdonell. He admitted that he had not been in the World that the other members of the government, including the immaculate Mr. Cotton, had continued to sit with Mr. Green in council after the Caron affair had been brought to their notice.

Mr. Cotton replied that he had been away from Victoria most of the time after that, and that he had not been in an executive meeting with Mr. Green after that date.

"Can I ask you the reason why?" inquired Mr. Macdonell. Mr. Cotton replied that he might not possibly be able to give a reason himself. He knew of no particular incident, and that he had not been living in Victoria and was not called on to attend.

"Was this matter of Mr. Green accepting shares in Sir Adolphe Caron's company mentioned at all among you?" asked Mr. Macdonell. "Mr. Cotton said he did not think it had been thought of till the World brought the matter up. As far as Mr. Green was concerned, he heard nothing positive about it till the day he resigned. The other matter was not a topic of general discussion till the article appeared in the World."

To Mr. Wilson Mr. Cotton said he did not necessarily attend cabinet meetings called for departmental purposes only. He appeared only when questions of policy were to be discussed.

Mr. Higgins Evidence. D. W. Higgins said that in January, 1906, he was editor of the Vancouver Daily and wrote the article in question. Before writing he had called on two gentlemen, who were from rumor connected with the affair and received sufficient information to set upon the subject. The gentlemen were Mr. G. H. Cowan and Sir C. Hibbert Tupper.

"What did you say to Sir Hibbert?" asked Mr. Macdonell. "In conversation with Mr. Wilson and the court sustained him: 'Mr. Higgins continued in answer to Mr. Macdonell, that he had seen Mr. Cowan, and put to him the same question he put to Sir C. H. Tupper. In consequence of what they had told him he wrote the article.'

"There was an election on at the time," Mr. Higgins said. "The article was written between you and Mr. Green?" asked Mr. Macdonell. "None at all," said Mr. Higgins, "it was entirely political. Wilson, taking up the cross-examination, 'may not political feeling degenerate into personal dislike when carried too far?'

"It was only with political feeling that you wrote this article and sent it out for the purpose of injuring Mr. Green?" asked Mr. Macdonell. "I think the people ought to know these things," said Mr. Higgins. "Yet without being satisfied that it was justifiable to pursue this article out to do what injury it could."

Mr. Higgins said he was quite prepared to take the consequences and had been told by Mr. Wilson that he had his opinion of actions of that kind, but Mr. Macdonell objected.

"You think it a fair part of your political duty to pursue a minister with such tactics as this?" asked Mr. Wilson. "Mr. Higgins said he was only stating what he believed to be the facts. 'You pursued it pretty hard,' said Mr. Wilson.

"No harder than I have been pursued by the executive who pursued myself for the matter of that," replied Mr. Higgins. "You can keep that out of it," said Mr. Wilson.

"Well, don't get me into it," replied Mr. Higgins. "Do you take any steps to ascertain the truthfulness of your statements that leases in the Pine River country had been issued, when in reality they had not?" said Mr. Wilson. "Mr. Higgins said he had not taken any steps to ascertain the truthfulness of his statements before he used it."

"You also said that these shares were worth \$17,000 when Sir Adolphe Caron said they were worthless." Mr. Higgins said that he did not go to Sir Adolphe Caron for information. "Will you tell me the source of your information that these Pine River leases were issued?"

Ailsopp's Ales THE BEST THAT'S BREWED PITHER & LEISER VICTORIA B.C.

JAPAN SENDS MAN TO INVESTIGATE Government Dispatches Commissioner to Look Into the Labor Question WILL VISIT VICTORIA ON TRIP

Object is to Inquire into Conditions in Hawaii, United States and Canada.

Vancouver, B. C., July 31.—The Imperial Japanese government is sending a special commissioner to Hawaii, the United States and the Dominion to study the Japanese labor question at close range.

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Another Delayed Shipment Arrived Yesterday A Few Things We Guarantee About THE PARAGON Operates easily. Washes clean. Will wash with least amount of water. Has largest clothes capacity. Will do double the amount of washing in the same length of time. Will not injure the garments. Cannot get out of order. No hoops to rust or fall off. No complicated machinery; therefore no broken parts to be replaced.

OGILVIE HARDWARE, LTD. Phone 1120 Cor. Yates and Broad Streets

W. O. Wallace, The Family Cash Grocer Corner Yates and Douglas Phone 312

Fresh Aldergrove Creamery Butter 3 lbs. \$1.00 Fresh Inland and Foreign Fruits Granulated Sugar 20-lb. Sack \$1.20

No More Free Soap After Today Parties wishing to avail themselves of our Special July Offer of 25c worth of White Swan Soap and 25c worth of White Swan Washing Powder, which we are giving away free for the return of \$1.00 worth of White Swan Soap Wrappers, must send their wrappers in before 6 p.m., Wednesday, 31st inst.

INDIAN WOMAN AND HER TWO CHILDREN DROWN Tragedy is Reported From the Mouth of the Naas

LIQUOR KILLS INDIAN GIRL. Police Endeavoring to Capture Parties Who Gave Gin to Child.

White Swan Soap Premium Bazaar 82 DOUGLAS STREET

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Shipment yesterday

Warrant About... Guarantee About... Rates easily... Wash with least amount water...

Against washers, you not partially cleanse the hand, but does the work board and hand-rubbing...

THE PARAGON.

ARE, LTD.

Cash Grocer

and Granulated Sugar

RSDAY

Soap

Soap

Soap

Soap

Soap

Soap

Soap

THE COLONIST

DECIDE ON SIZE OF VICTORIA WEST SCHOOL

New Building With Six Rooms With Upper Story Unfinished

At the meeting of the school board yesterday evening Architect Ridgway Wilson was instructed to prepare plans and specifications for the new school building at Victoria West in accordance with the plan of arrangement originally submitted to the board...

At this point Secretary Eaton drew the attention of the board to the amount of the revenue tax out of the salaries of certain teachers without the consent of the board. While disclaiming all intention of imputing blame on the board...

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BANK CLEARINGS ARE LARGEST ON RECORD

They Were Over Five Millions for July—Comparative Figures

The total bank clearings for the month of July, according to the returns of the Victoria Clearing House, amounted to \$5,308,312. This is by a long odds the heaviest amount for the month of July in the history of the city.

Over the corresponding month of 1906, the increase is \$1,359,255. The returns for the past six years for the month of July are as follows: 1907, \$5,308,312; 1906, \$3,949,057; 1905, \$3,116,596; 1904, \$2,950,272; 1903, \$2,870,835; 1902, \$2,372,850.

NOTED ENGINEER EMPLOYED

R. C. S. Davidson of London, Eng., to Report On Montreal Harbor

Montreal, July 30.—The board of directors of the Montreal Harbor Commission have decided to employ R. C. S. Davidson of London, England, the famous English harbor engineer, in a consultative capacity to study the port and its requirements during the present season of navigation.

He will make a report later as to the subject from the point of view of the results from the present plan and what further expenditures are necessary. Davidson has a wide reputation as a harbor engineer.

Drowned at Vancouver

Vancouver, B. C. July 31.—While bathing in False creek opposite the foot of Drake street and near the C.P.R. shops, a young man named Loftis was drowned at noon yesterday.

ESQUIMAT TRUSTEES ARE IN A QUANDARY

Cannot Erect New Building For Amount Voted by Ratepayers

The adjourned annual meeting of the Esquimat school district was held at the Lampton street school Monday evening, July 22.

The principal business was to consider the advisability of increasing the school accommodation. Two propositions were laid before the ratepayers: one for the addition of another storey to the school building now in use...

The council adopted the plan of drainage of the land behind the Willows hotel as submitted by the engineer. It was also decided to vote the sum of \$150 in addition to that voted last year for the purpose of fencing the school grounds, consisting of three acres.

The janitor's salary was also discussed, and finally increased to \$50 per month. Provision was also made for the salary of an additional teacher, when the new class room is built.

Since the close of the meeting the school trustees have made enquiries of the cost of such wooden buildings as authorized by the ratepayers, and they find they cannot erect a suitable one for the amount voted. They are, therefore, undecided what to do as the school act requires a requisition, signed by a majority of the ratepayers, in order to call another public meeting for the purpose of voting additional funds.

Calling For Tenders

The Dominion government has called for tenders for the erection of a public building at Cumberland, B. C. The building is to be used for a post office, customs office, and other federal purposes.

RAILWAY SPUR TO GRANBY

Easy Means of Output to Be Furnished From Victoria Shaft.

ISLANDS ASSOCIATION'S EXHIBITION NEXT MONTH

Everything is Being Done to Make the Event an Unqualified Success—Sporting Events.

The twelfth annual exhibition of the Islands Agricultural and Fruit Growers' Association which embraces the Islands of Salt Spring, Pender, Saturna, Metchosin and Prevost, will be held on Granby Island, September 21, at Ganagan Harbor.

At the meeting of the Islands Association held at Victoria on August 1st, arrangements have been made for visitors from Victoria and the islands. A special train will be run from Victoria to Ganagan Harbor on the morning of the opening of the exhibition.

The Islands Association will embrace cattle or all description, sheep, poultry, grain and vegetables. A special prize list has been arranged by the directors for the occasion.

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THIRTY-SIX CHINESE PAID THE HEAD TAX

Treasury Was Increased to the Extent of Eighteen Thousand Dollars

During the month just closed 36 Chinese paid the \$500 poll tax to the Victoria Customs officials and the federal government was enriched \$18,000 because of the arrival of the Chinese.

Last month the total number was 86, and \$43,000 was paid to the treasury. Of this \$23,000, about one dozen of those who arrived during the month just passed were students, and the poll tax paid by them may eventually have to be refunded, if it is shown that they are actually students the poll tax is refunded eighteen months from the time of payment of the duty.

The customs receipts for the month just closed are expected to total about \$120,000, of which \$102,500 was received for payment of duties.

LOCAL MARKETS

Flour

Foodstuffs

Vegetables

Dairy Produce

Eggs

B. C. Copper Company, Ltd.

On 18th inst. the directors of the British Columbia Copper Company, Ltd., having several mines and a large smelter in the Boundary district of this province, declared the first dividend to be paid by this company.

The reaching of the dividend-paying stage by this company, after seven years of steady and progressive effort is a matter for earnest congratulation, not only to the directors and officials largely responsible for the substantial success achieved, and to the shareholders who will benefit by this division of profits, but also to that part of the Boundary district which the operations of the B. C. Copper Company have contributed considerably.

The British Columbia Copper Company, which has its head office in New York, is working six mines in the Boundary district, four being in British Columbia and two in the adjoining State of Washington.

The company's smelting works at Greenwood, British Columbia, with an adjacent property of 400 acres, has recently been increased to \$3,000,000. The company owns copper mines at Greenwood, British Columbia, with an adjacent property of 400 acres, has recently been increased to \$3,000,000.

Large expectations are entertained of the new administration. Mr. Hoyt brings to bear great experience in the management of a large and important railroad, financial and industrial interests. He is United States trustee of the Netherlands Fire Insurance Company, and director of that and other important corporations.

The company's smelting works at Greenwood are not producing about 2,000 tons of ore daily. In fact this quantity is occasionally exceeded, one recent day's total having been 2,940 tons.

During 1906 the smelting works of the B. C. Copper Company, at Greenwood, have been entirely remodelled and rebuilt, and the capacity increased to 2,000 tons, which had been in use for about five years, were torn out and replaced by one of the finest

Granges, per doz. 30 to 50
Lemons, per doz. 40
Figs, cooking, per lb. 8 to 10
Cherries, per lb. 20
Apples, per doz. 25
Bananas, local, 3 lbs. for 25
Gooseberries, per lb. 12 1/2
Figs, table, per lb. 25
Raspberries, per basket 15
Raspberries, per basket 15
Cantaloupes, each 15 to 20
Logan berries, per box 15
Peaches, per lb. 15

Walnuts, per lb. 30
Brazil, per lb. 30
Almonds, per lb. 30
Almonds, California, per lb. 30
Coconuts, each 15
Pecans, per lb. 30
Strawberries, per lb. 10
Ololachans, salted, per kit. 1.00 to 2.50
Coca-Cola, smoked, per lb. 10 to 15
Halibut, fresh, per lb. 10
Halibut, smoked, per lb. 10
Cod, fresh, per lb. 10
Flounders, fresh, per lb. 10
Salmon, per lb. 20 to 25
Clams, per lb. 10
Oysters, Tokay Point, doz. 50
Sardines, per lb. 30 to 40
Smelt, per lb. 15
Herring, kippered, per lb. 15

Lamb, per lb. 15 to 20
Mutton, per lb. 12 to 15
Pork, per quarter, hind 1.00 to 1.25
Lamb, per quarter, hind 1.00 to 1.25
Veal, dressed, per lb. 12 to 15
Lamb, per quarter, hind 1.00 to 1.25
Ducks, dressed, per lb. 10 to 15
Chickens, per lb. 10 to 15
Turkey, per lb. 10 to 15
Olive oil, per lb. 10 to 15
Guinea, per lb. 10 to 15
Pigeons, dressed, per pair 10
Rabbit, dressed, each 60 to 100
Hens, per lb. 10 to 15
Hams, per lb. 10 to 15
Eggs, per doz. 25 to 30
Beef, per lb. 10 to 15
Pork, dressed, per lb. 12 to 15

DAPHNE POLLARD WILL STAR IN NEW OPERA

Play Is Now Being Written for Late Star of the Lillian Russell

This most efficient play was designed by J. E. McCallister, the company's manager, and was produced under his supervision, with George Williams, of Victoria, as construction engineer in charge of its installation.

It is noteworthy that the capitalization of the British Columbia Copper Company is the smallest of the several big copper-producing companies operating in the Boundary district. Until the first of this year its authorized capital was \$2,000,000; it was then increased to \$3,000,000, as compared with that of the Granby Company, \$15,000,000 (\$13,500,000 issued), and Dominion Copper Company, \$5,000,000.

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Mutton, per lb. 12 to 15
Pork, per quarter, hind 1.00 to 1.25
Lamb, per quarter, hind 1.00 to 1.25
Veal, dressed, per lb. 12 to 15
Lamb, per quarter, hind 1.00 to 1.25
Ducks, dressed, per lb. 10 to 15
Chickens, per lb. 10 to 15
Turkey, per lb. 10 to 15
Olive oil, per lb. 10 to 15
Guinea, per lb. 10 to 15
Pigeons, dressed, per pair 10
Rabbit, dressed, each 60 to 100
Hens, per lb. 10 to 15
Hams, per lb. 10 to 15
Eggs, per doz. 25 to 30
Beef, per lb. 10 to 15
Pork, dressed, per lb. 12 to 15

Lamb, per lb. 15 to 20
Mutton, per lb. 12 to 15
Pork, per quarter, hind 1.00 to 1.25
Lamb, per quarter, hind 1.00 to 1.25
Veal, dressed, per lb. 12 to 15
Lamb, per quarter, hind 1.00 to 1.25
Ducks, dressed, per lb. 10 to 15
Chickens, per lb. 10 to 15
Turkey, per lb. 10 to 15
Olive oil, per lb. 10 to 15
Guinea, per lb. 10 to 15
Pigeons, dressed, per pair 10
Rabbit, dressed, each 60 to 100
Hens, per lb. 10 to 15
Hams, per lb. 10 to 15
Eggs, per doz. 25 to 30
Beef, per lb. 10 to 15
Pork, dressed, per lb. 12 to 15

Lamb, per lb. 15 to 20
Mutton, per lb. 12 to 15
Pork, per quarter, hind 1.00 to 1.25
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Beef, per lb. 10 to 15
Pork, dressed, per lb. 12 to 15

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Company, Limited Liability 27 Broad Street, Victoria, B.C.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST

One year \$1.00 Six months .50 Three months .25 Sent postpaid to Canada and the United Kingdom.

THE CITY LOSES.

The decision in the case of the City and the Esquimalt Waterworks Company has been adverse to the city and the case stands as set out in the Judgment of Justice Duff. With little more than the bare announcement before us it is impossible to comprehend understandingly upon the nature of the points settled by the judgment, but we think it safe to assume that it leaves the company master of the situation as far as the supply of water from what for convenience may be called the Goldstream watershed, is concerned. While many citizens will be disappointed at the result, we think the general opinion is that it was wise to carry the case to appeal, so that it might be definitely settled for all time.

One result of the decision is that the city knows where it stands, and therefore is free to go ahead along such lines as shall commend themselves to the ratepayers. The Colonist has already expressed its opinion as to the best source of supply, but it does not seek to impose its opinions upon people. It would like to see the whole question gone to with the best plan being evolved. With a clear field before them, and the citizens favorable to any well-devised plan, it seems to be the duty of the civic authorities to come to some definite point at as early a date as possible.

We hope that we will not be misunderstood when we say that the citizens have not that degree of confidence in the ability of the Mayor and aldermen personally to deal with such a subject as is desirable. It will not be seriously considered that the ratepayers were called upon to choose a number of men to form a commission to devise a plan which might involve expenditure of a good deal more than a million of money in providing a water supply for this growing city, they would instinctively turn to the gentlemen now holding the office of Mayor and aldermen, and it is hardly to be claimed that there are not in Victoria men quite competent to undertake such a work. This is one of the phases of the case that the citizens are talking about just now more than anything else connected with it, and in all good feeling we wish the Mayor and aldermen to take it into account.

One aspect of this question has almost escaped consideration in the multiplicity of things material and otherwise that have been talked about. In the statute governing the case it is provided that the company shall, upon demand from the city, deliver at the city boundary water in any quantity that may be desired, from 500,000 to 5,000,000 daily, at a cost of the city of 6 cents per gallon. Under such an arrangement the city would only be at the capital expense of distribution. The company would have to install the necessary main at its own expense. The cost of such a main is estimated at \$375,000, and all charges for maintenance and repairs would have to be borne by the company. The present daily consumption of the city is about 2,000,000 daily, but assuming that it were to be supplied more would be used, let the daily consumption be put at 3,000,000. This would entail a charge of \$63,700 a year. The charge per gallon made by the city varies from 10 cents to 12 cents a thousand gallons, where the water is metered, so that upon metered water there would be a profit of from 4 to 44 cents per thousand gallons. If it were delivered at the city limits at 6 cents, although to this charge there would have to be added the interest on the cost of distribution and of water used for municipal purposes. We do not propose to make any argument either for or against this possible solution of the case, and mention it only in mind when considering the whole question. The matter presents itself to us under several heads, somewhat as follows:

The Elk Lake supply is not sufficient in quantity to warrant any large expenditure in connection therewith. The city may compel the Esquimalt company to deliver any quantity of water from 500,000 to 5,000,000 gallons daily at the city limits for 6 cents a gallon.

The city can purchase the rights of the water works company for a sum to be agreed upon, which sum, with the necessary main to bring the water to the city limits, would amount to nearly \$1,500,000.

The city can obtain a supply from Elk Lake at a cost which has been roughly put at \$2,000,000, but about which no definite figures are obtainable for the reason that no expert calculations have been made.

The Highlands may be available as a source of supply, but the weight of opinion seems to be against its sufficiency.

We content ourselves for the present with a simple statement of these facts.

AUSTRALIA.

If we may judge from correspondence in Australian papers, some people have very great doubts as to the future of the Commonwealth. Canadians are necessarily unfamiliar with the affairs of the Island Continent, but those of us who remember the early days of our own Confederation, will not be disposed to accept at their face value the views of Australian pessimists. Regarded from this distance the problem which the Commonwealth has to deal with seems a more difficult one than that involved in the welding of British North America into one solid political entity, marked by a feeling of community of interests in all its parts. Some of the observations of the letter writers bear a remarkable resemblance to the allegations once current in Canada. Those who do not think as the writers do are accused of disloyalty. We can remember when charges of disloyalty were made about in Canada at a rate which might cause a stranger to believe that half the population were animated by treasonable sentiments. Doubtless the people and governments of Australia will have a great deal to do before they are able to proclaim to the world their effort at nation-building has been a success, but we have too much confidence in the genius of the Anglo-Saxon race to fear defeat, simply because no one is able to see just how all the problems presenting themselves are to be solved. One writer seems to be of the opinion that the next general election, throughout the Commonwealth is likely to turn upon the advisability of maintaining the Federation. His objections to the union are chiefly of a personal character, but we should suppose that financial difficulties could be overcome in some way without resorting to the expedient of dissolving the bond of Union. Another writer fears that Great Britain will cut Australia adrift. There can hardly be any ground for such an opinion.

A FOOL REGULATION.

It may be none of our business how the people of the United States regulate admission to their country, but the story told in our local columns about two young men, who wanted to go to Seattle and could not get there, is a very interesting disclosure of a state of things which is absolutely ridiculous. Here we have a couple of young men, with plenty of money in their pockets, and in every way presentable persons, who may not go to Seattle because some one, claiming to represent the United States Government does not see fit to put His Highness and mightiness up sufficiently to tell them what is necessary to be done to obtain entrance into the alleged land of the free. These young men have been in Canada for four years, and having expressed their desire to visit the Sound city, and incidentally leave a few good Canadian dollars there. They could not go last night; possibly they may go tonight, if they still feel inclined. We have spoken of a "Fool Regulation." Perhaps we ought to say that the regulation must be very foolishly enforced when it leads to such consequences. We commend the incident to the consideration of our Seattle contemporaries.

AS OTHERS SEE US.

Rev. Dr. Sutherland, of the Methodist church, has been talking about our recent fire. He says that he thinks it was a blessing in disguise, because "the section destroyed is about the worst in Victoria. From our Indian mission house which was burned with the other buildings, clear down Herald street, there is a row of as disreputable hovels and shacks as ever disgraced a city. While the reverend gentleman is not quite accurate in his description of the locality, he is near enough to the facts to make a Victorian wince under his criticism. He adds that "the very worst elements of the town are gathered there, making it a centre for every form of crime and dissipation." This may be a little strong, but again there is sufficient truth in it to make it worth thinking over. In two particulars Dr. Sutherland has been misled. The locality described was, in part, bad enough, but it was hardly a serious trap to Indians returning from fishing, nor a place frequented by thousands and thousands of Japanese. Indeed, so far as the immoral aspects of the case are concerned, the Japanese cut little or no figure whatever.

The Colonist has no defence to make of the disgraceful condition of the part of the city referred to. It has already very plainly expressed its own ideas on the subject, but Dr. Sutherland, it seems to us, makes the case out to be worse than it really was. In every city, where there are gathered together people from all the ends of the earth, as they are in all the cities of the Pacific coast, there will be some localities, which, if properly described, would make a pretty black page. We wish some one could suggest a way whereby this sort of thing can be prevented, but Dr. Sutherland, who is a man of wide observation, will admit that it is about the most difficult problem with which a municipal government has to contend. We fancy that in Toronto there are places, which are quite as bad as anything in Victoria, although perhaps the houses are not so disreputable to the eye as those here to which he refers. We are glad for one reason that he has spoken as he has. It is a good thing to see ourselves sometimes as others see us, even if the view may be somewhat distorted. The civic authorities should take care that evil which they cannot suppress, shall not be quite so open as it is in the western part of the burned district. Dr. Sutherland's observations were altogether too sweeping, as he himself would admit, if he were to consider a portion of the burned district as of the highest respectability.

LORD CURZON'S VIEWS.

Lord Curzon, ex-Viceroy of India, has been speaking his mind. In the first place he said that the trouble in India is only skin-deep, which is gratifying information coming from such a source; but his most interesting remark was that the Colonial Office is made up of permanent officials, most of whom have never set eyes on the countries whose affairs they are administering. Lord Curzon's views have not so much application to Canada, and the other self-governing colonies, as they have to India and the crown colonies. Hence his suggestion that there ought to be some kind of an Imperial Council to assist in their administration hardly applies to this part of the Empire. Very naturally people in Canada have been slow to criticize adversely statements made by English public men and English papers about the Dominion, because they do not desire to appear as belittling the knowledge of people who ought to be better informed; but the ignorance exhibited is in some cases deplorable. We have before us a copy of a London weekly paper which contains a circulation of many hundreds of thousands. In it there is an editorial reference to a letter written on shipboard, when the steamer was passing through ice off Cape Race. It is referred to as "News From the Far, Far North," and the editor, after congratulating his correspondent on his escape from the perils of the journey, adds the postscript to the letter, which was written after the vessel, which was one of the regular P. & O. liners, had reached its destination. The postscript simply says: "We arrived safely, and to this the editor adds this amazing comment: "We are glad to hear of his safe arrival, but how he ever got his letter to the nearest town, so that it might be mailed to London, is and must remain for the present an absolute mystery." Things like this are hopeless, but we have read statements nearly as bad, in the speeches of English public men, and the ignorance must be very prevalent or Lord Curzon would not have made the remark he did, nor have added that the methods of the Colonial office are "hugger-mugger and unscientific." The Dominion Council would doubtless be useful, but if he can suggest some way whereby people who write about the overseas Dominion of His Majesty would be compelled to look occasionally at a map, he would do a great practical benefit to the whole Empire. We cannot persuade ourselves that Canadians are as ignorant of Siberia as some English newspaper writers are of Canada.

FIRE LIMITS.

We are informed that pressure is being brought to bear upon the City Council to prevent the extension of the fire limits, and also that permission will be asked to rebuild the "Chatham Street" office. Against these things the Colonist wishes to enter a protest. Surely one experience is enough in respect to the danger of permitting fire-traps to be built in the central city. It will be outrageous if, for the sake of accommodating a few people, the fire limits are extended to a point which will prove a standing menace to the whole community. It would be possibly have been difficult to justify the destruction of existing buildings in the area west of Douglas Street, but it is possible to prevent new wooden buildings from going up there. In respect to the "Chatham Street" office, it will be an infamous thing if these are allowed to be rebuilt. When they were built a few years ago, it was expressly stated that they were not to be used for immoral purposes, but the promise was soon forgotten. We suppose that some one would like to see the respectable public on one of the principal thoroughfares of the city, and a quill-car line passes close to the site of those cabins, and we repeat that it will be an infamous thing if the city authorities permit them to be rebuilt. All the people in Victoria West and in a large section this side of the city are interested in preventing a repetition of this outrage.

THE MAINLAND CONNECTION.

It is not of the proposed connection by way of Butte, Mont., that we wish to say a few words this morning, but of the existing connection, and what we say is at the request of several merchants, whom we think the attention of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company ought to be directed to. The point is that traffic has been cut off between the Island and the Mainland terminals of the R. C. P. R. The quill-car line passes close to the site of those cabins, and we repeat that it will be an infamous thing if the city authorities permit them to be rebuilt. All the people in Victoria West and in a large section this side of the city are interested in preventing a repetition of this outrage.

SIR WILFRID LAURIER.

Very naturally the utterances of Sir Wilfrid Laurier since his return from England have been watched with a great deal of interest. What he says next year, at the Imperial Conference, or what he might state in regard to the "All-Red" project, were of minor interest compared with what he had to tell about himself, at which, in special he spoke of himself as an old man. He is not old as public men go. He is only sixty-six years of age, or seventy years the junior of Sir Richard Cartwright, and only seven years the senior of Mr. Balfour, who is looked upon as one of the younger school of British public men. He is junior of Sir H. Campbell-Bannerman by five years, and also of Mr. Chamberlain by the same period. There are scores of men, active in political and business life, men in the very front rank of the Empire, who are younger than he. Therefore when he speaks of himself as old, one may be justified in thinking that he contemplates retirement as would be for some time thought it not unlikely that he would retire after another election. Some months ago it expressed the view that a general election would be held next year, at which if the Liberals were returned by a good majority, he would hand the reins of power to Mr. Fielding, seeking such retirement as would be in keeping with his career. Our Liberals' contemporaries in this province fully corroborated this suggestion, and one of them said it was "ghoulish," but events have shown that there are things much more unlikely. It is improbable that Sir Wilfrid may be growing weary of the unpleasantnesses of political life. The proceedings of the House of Commons during the last two sessions have been of a character not calculated to cause him to desire the leadership of that body any longer than is absolutely necessary in order that he may carry out the plans upon which he has entered and the welfare of his political party, of which he is the head, may be conserved. His Quebec speech very clearly intimated the early approach of an election. Mr. Borden has said that he has his promise that there will be a session before dissolution, but we notice that the Montreal Star does not seem to accept this as authoritative, for it calls upon Mr. Borden to make a public announcement on the subject. We incline to the belief that there will be no election this year.

One of the things which will have to receive Sir Wilfrid's attention immediately will be the reorganization of the Cabinet. The portfolio of Eastern and Public Works must be filled. He will not feel like meeting parliament with two such positions vacant. Mr. Sutherland, the present speaker, is said to be slated for good work, and the portfolio of Mr. Pugsley is mentioned in connection with the railway department. As Mr. Pugsley is understood to be ready to take anything that is not nailed down, we mean of course legitimately, and as the Railway Department is a very choice place for an ambitious man, which Mr. Pugsley is, and also as the department has of recent years seemed to be assigned as a matter of course to a man from the Eastern Province, we shall not be surprised if he is given the place, especially as he is in St. John, and it is of some importance to the Liberals for them to carry that office. The trouble given by the former occupants of the vacant positions must have been exceedingly irksome to Sir Wilfrid, and if he sees much of that sort of thing ahead of him, there will be some wonder that he speaks of political matters in a tone of weariness. The Montreal Gazette says: "There is little in Sir Wilfrid Laurier's two speeches since his return home to indicate what course he will take in connection with the reorganization of the Cabinet which events have made it necessary for him to say only what was fitting in reply to the welcome of the civic representatives. At Quebec he spoke to his old friends who have kept him as their representative in Parliament for nearly thirty years now. There was in his remarks a tone of sadness that his age and health completed the hardly justifiable. He almost intimated that his next appeal for their suffrages would be his last. He dwelt on what he had done for their city. He had secured for them a government loan of nearly seven million dollars for a bridge in which they themselves would only invest \$100,000, and part of that under compulsion. He spoke of the Transcontinental Railway, which is to use the bridge and cost the treasury more than a hundred million dollars, and intimated that when the work was completed he would imitate the devout Simeon, and say, let now thy servant depart in peace. This may meet the views of some, but the public policy is to accumulate and trade down the party in other parts of the country. It suggests that the Prime Minister is somewhat weary of the work that has been put upon him, and which some of the events within his own party, and affecting those he had trusted, have made heavier than it should be. Perhaps when he gets to Ottawa he will develop more of a sense of duty. If he does not, that next appeal, when ever it is made, will be like inviting defeat. There is a time to mourn, but it is not now for them a government forming his soldiers for the fight."

On the subject of Cabinet construction the Montreal Star says: "Now that Sir Wilfrid is back in the country, human curiosity compels most of us—even in this holiday season—to peer unless full of grooves, the way of patching up his own party, and the Cabinet. Whether he intends to face a session of Parliament of an election, he must be the gale and attend to the notoriously unquiet history of Canada has a Dominion Cabinet been left for so long a time in such a thoroughly dismantled condition. The only effective fighting Minister of Quebec is Mr. Fielding. The only fighting Minister in Ontario is Mr. Aylesworth. The two large spending departments—Public Works, and Railways—have been without an active Minister at their heads." It would be hard to imagine the worst state of affairs if a Government is to be in existence. The Prime Minister is a public man of rare power; but he does not pretend to concern himself about the administration of the departments in the hands of an invalid. Justice is in the hands of an indolent Parliamentarian, the rest of the departments are at the mercy of mediocrity. Plainly, the very first task before the returning Premier is Cabinet reconstruction. The very mention of such a thing is a very big job for any man. In the Maritime Provinces, there seem to be men ready to fill gaps, but by no means certain that those who are most ready will constitute a strength to the Government in Ontario, Cabinet timber is so notoriously scarce that a "boom" has been engineered for a civil servant whose chief recommendation is that he may wear the mantle of Mulock. The very mention of Sir William Mulock, who was not considered such a towering Minister when he was engaged in public and in active service, but who would be welcomed as an veritable God-sender if he would come back now, indicates how impoverished the party soil in Ontario has become.

We had a brief hint on Tuesday of what really warm weather means, just sufficient to make us appreciate what longer than a day's sunshine has in the year round, take it all in all. In every portion of the Empire where his splendid achievement in Egypt is known and appreciated, there will be universal approval at the action of the British government in granting to Lord Cromer the sum of \$250,000.

Lord Strathcona says that his impression is that the British government will consider the "All-Red" project favorably. He says that he has interviewed some of the ministers, and his opinion is the result of what they said.

IN HOT WEATHER USE

ADONIS HED-RUB

\$1.00

Quite refreshing and Cooling. Stops itching instantly. Delightful odor.

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98 Government St. CHEMIST Near Yates St.

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THE BEST OF BEDS

NOW ON DISPLAY IN OUR SHOWROOMS

WE HAVE been headquarters for Metal Beds for a long time now, and each year's showing has been a decided improvement over what has gone before. But, in this, our present display of desirable Metal Beds, we submit for the inspection of Victorians and all other residents of B. C. what is, without doubt, the most elaborate ever submitted by any dealer in the province.

The stock of Brass Beds contains some of the most beautiful designs we have ever seen. They are the product of the world's largest factory, and represent the very newest and best. They represent in actual weight in brass and in the quality of materials and workmanship that enter into their construction, THE BEST VALUES OBTAINABLE.

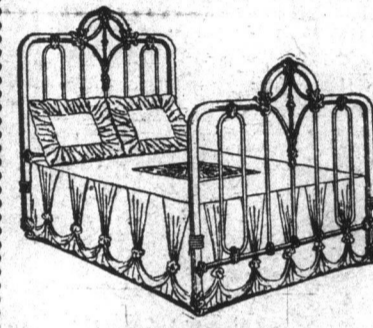
Similar superior qualities are to be seen in the Iron Bed Stock. The style-creations are works of art in design, yet practical in construction. The castings are clean-cut and the color combinations exquisite.

We extend a cordial invitation to inspect this stock.

Just a Few Sample Styles and Prices

We give you here but a very few styles and prices picked from the big stock of Iron Beds. Much the better way is to come in and inspect the stock. You cannot here see the pleasing color combinations and lots of little superior qualities of these beds. Come in any time and wander through—we shall be pleased.

Iron and Brass Bed



Price, \$12.00

Iron Bed

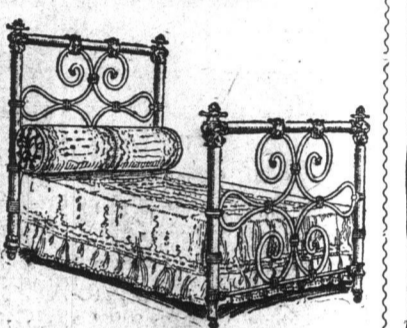


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Mattresses

Our stock of wire and other mattresses is most complete. We handle the best sorts of mattresses in all lines. We manufacture on the premises large quantities of top mattresses and can make to your order any size or quality of mattress you may wish. We are also sole agents for the famous "Ostermoor" mattress. This mattress is without doubt the best possible value in the mattress way on the market today. You pay no more for it at this store than you would if you purchased it in New York, Montreal, Toronto, or any other Eastern city. Price, each, \$15

Iron Bed



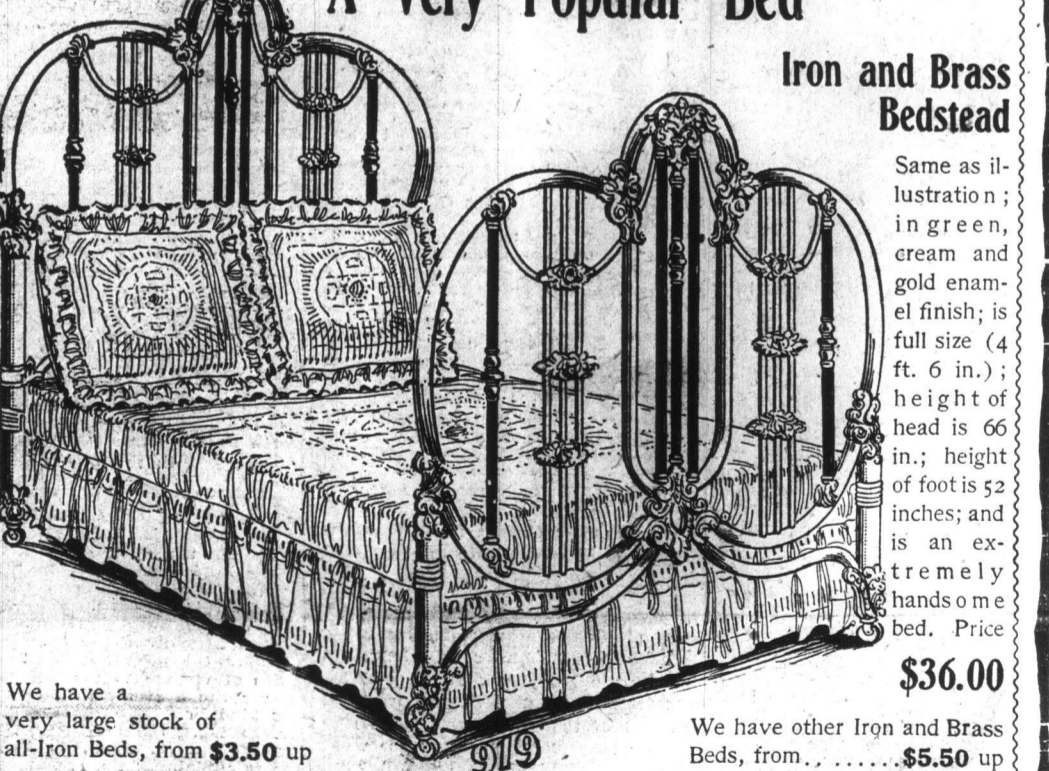
Price, \$10.50

Iron and Brass Bed



Price, \$18.00

A Very Popular Bed



Iron and Brass Bedstead

Same as illustration; in green, cream and gold enamel finish; is full size (4 ft. 6 in.); height of head is 66 in.; height of foot is 52 inches; and is an extremely handsome bed. Price \$36.00

We have a very large stock of all-iron Beds, from \$3.50 up. We have other Iron and Brass Beds, from \$5.50 up.

Summer-Time Helps at This Store

Come right in today and get a Lightning Freezer and make some delightful Ice Cream at your own home. Then you can enjoy this delightful dish on your own porch. If you have your porch properly furnished with some of our lines of summer furniture so much the better. You will enjoy it more then.

We have much the biggest and best line of Summer Furniture shown in the city. "Old Hickory" is an exclusive line with us. You cannot buy it at any other store in town. We have a big stock of camp furniture also, and if you are camping or contemplating such a move, come here before you buy your outfit.

WEILER BROS. HOME, HOTEL AND CLUB FURNISHERS - VICTORIA, B. C.

Try Our Satisfactory Mail Order Service

Friday, August 2, 1907. THE METHODIST Brief Historical Sketch of the Methodist Church in Canada. In the autumn of 1782, the Rev. A. A. Evans, D.D., the first superintendent of the Methodist Mission in Canada, arrived in this country. He was a native of England, and had been a member of the Methodist Church in his native country. He was a man of great energy and ability, and he was instrumental in the establishment of the Methodist Church in Canada. He was the first to preach the Gospel in this country, and he was the first to organize a Methodist congregation. He was also the first to establish a Methodist mission in this country. He was a man of great faith and courage, and he was a true pioneer. He was a man who was not afraid to face the unknown, and he was a man who was not afraid to sacrifice. He was a man who was dedicated to the service of God and his fellow men, and he was a man who was a true leader. He was a man who was a true hero, and he was a man who was a true saint. He was a man who was a true blessing to the world, and he was a man who was a true light to the world. He was a man who was a true example to the world, and he was a man who was a true inspiration to the world. He was a man who was a true hero, and he was a man who was a true saint. He was a man who was a true blessing to the world, and he was a man who was a true light to the world. He was a man who was a true example to the world, and he was a man who was a true inspiration to the world.

BEDS

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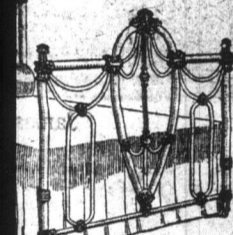
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Bed



\$10.50

Brass Bed



\$18.00

Iron and Brass Bedstead

Same as il-
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in green,
cream and
gold enamel
finish; is
full size (4
ft. 6 in.);
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head is 66
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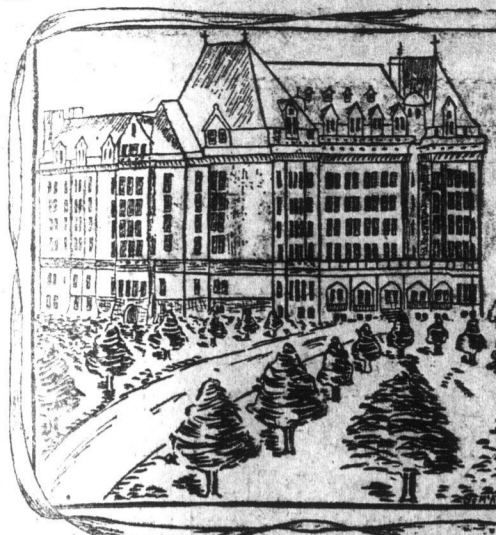
\$36.00

Other Iron and Brass
\$5.50 up

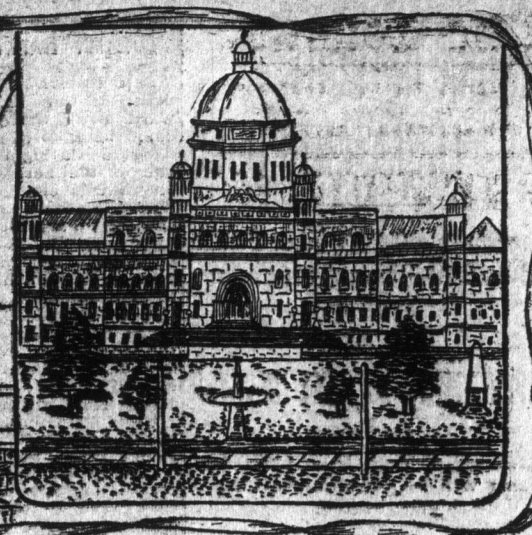
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the delightful Ice
in your own
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any other store in
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Victoria The Beautiful



THE METHODIST CHURCHES

Brief Historical Sketches of Numerous Handsome Edifices.

In the autumn of 1858, the Rev. E. Wood, D.D., then, and for many years superintendent of Wesleyan Missions in Canada, realizing the need of the Gospel for the multitudes of miners, traders and Indians of the English colonies of Vancouver Island and British Columbia, and representing the case to the English Wesleyan Missionary Society, secured a grant of \$200 with which to open a mission for the miners and others who, in the spring of the year had flocked in large numbers to the Fraser river country, and were practically without a spiritual shepherd. The Rev. Ephraim Evans, D.D. of Kingston, was chosen as the leader of the band of missionaries, which was comprised of Rev. Dr. Evans, Revs. Ebenezer Robson, Edward White, and Arthur Brown. Leaving Toronto in the

Growth and Development of Methodism Since the Early Days— Handsome Edifices of This Denomination in Various Parts of City

church, when, with emotional fervor running high, the people were willing to do and dare anything for the kingdom of God. From the old "mother" church have been formed the congregations known as Centennial, Victoria West, and James Bay, together with the enthusiastic Sunday school at Spring Ridge. The soldiers' and sailors' home at Esquimalt was projected, and the work on the Saanich mission helped in many ways by the Methodism of the city. In missionary work there have been established regular services among the

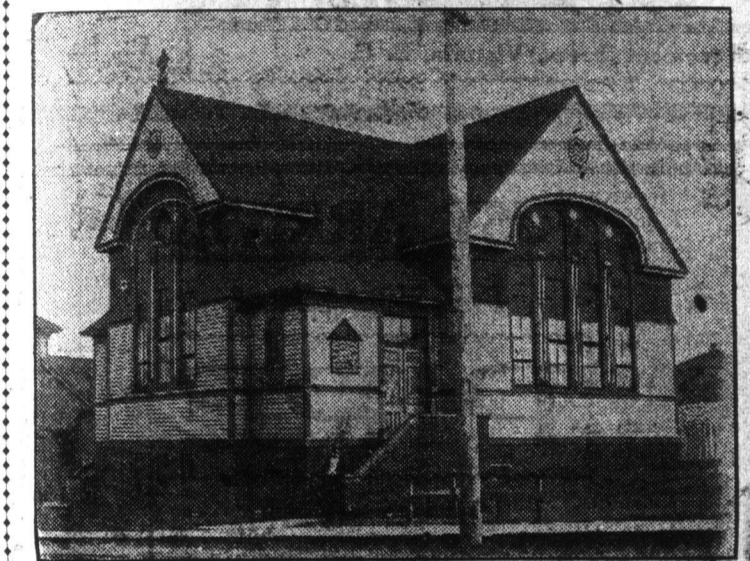
meeting, society classes and Sunday school (E. Arman Lewis, superintendent) are all in a very flourishing condition, as also the Spring Ridge Sunday school, which is attached to the Metropolitan church, and ably superintended by E. E. Wescott, of Wescott Bros. The choir is doing splendid work, with Hugh Kennedy as leader and Wm. Parsons as organist. The officials of the church have a very optimistic outlook, basing their hopes on the magnificent standing of today, and their assured expectations of the rapid and continuous growth

ing being crowded by a rapidly growing congregation, the trustees decided to enlarge, and erected the present commodious and well appointed church, which cost about \$15,000. It will seat comfortably about 800 people. It is lighted with gas and electricity. For some years the congregation, in common with others, suffered by the business depression, and the fact that the north end of the city did not grow as rapidly as expected, but every year, through the fidelity and liberality of the congregation, the trustees have met all current expenses and have

cause having more than trebled during that time. The young people's society has about 40 active members and is doing good work. Its present officers are Mr. W. A. Deaville, president; Miss A. Holt, secretary; T. Hammond, treasurer. The ladies' aid society has done in the past splendid work for the church. Its present officers are Mrs. S. Johns, president; Mrs. N. Shakespeare, vice-president; Mrs. Mills, secretary; Mrs. W. H. Bone, treasurer.

James Bay Methodist Church
The first meeting held for the purpose of organizing what is now known as James Bay Methodist church, was convened by Rev. Coverdale Watson at James Bay School House in July 1891. At that meeting a trustee board was formed, consisting of Messrs. George Powell, James Morrison, Charles Roper, A. Charleton, Robert Butler, G. D. Roper, D. Ballantyne,

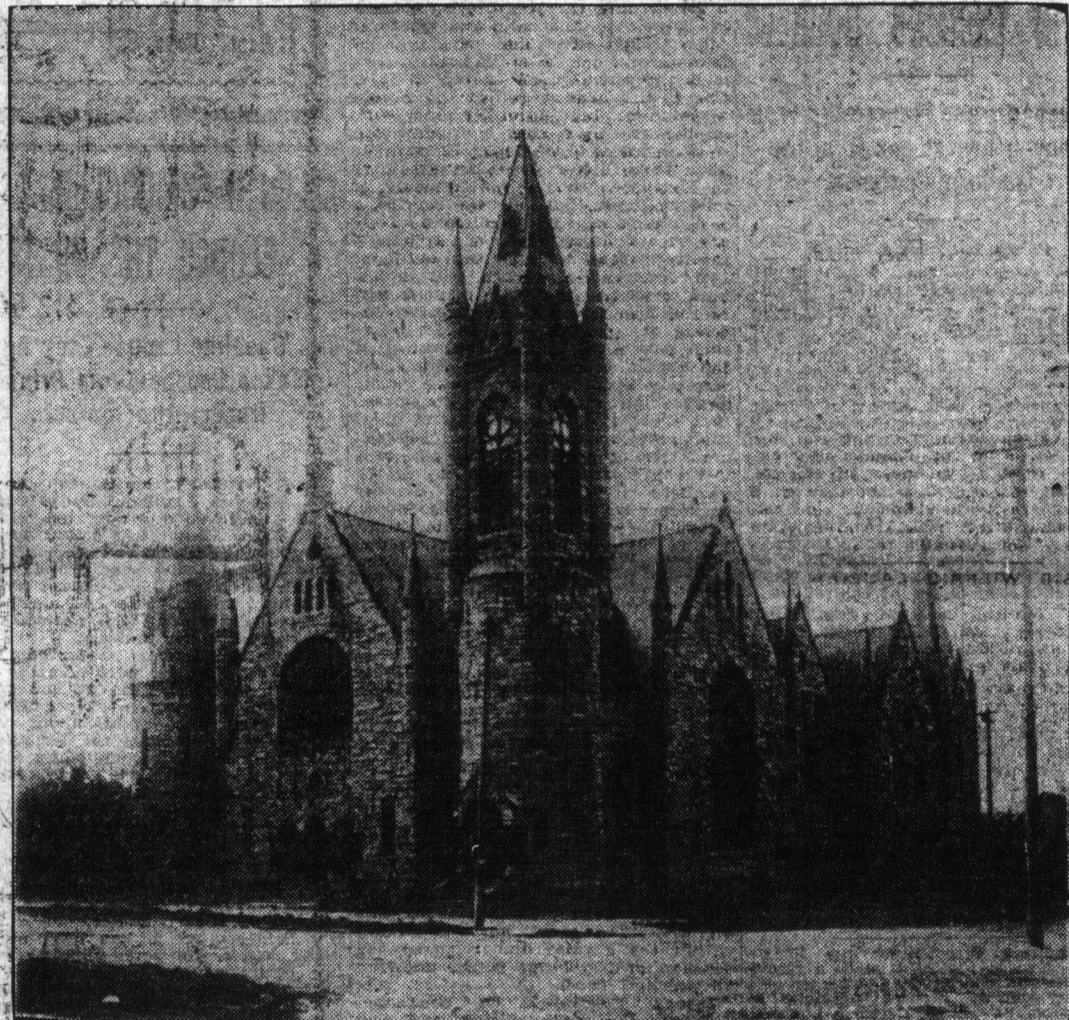
Victoria West Methodist Church
The name of Victoria West first appears on the station list of the British Columbia conference in 1891. Previous to this time services had been held under the direction of the circuit known as Victoria North, now Centennial church, and a Sunday school had been held in the home of Mrs. Patton on Catherine street. The first minister stationed at Vic-



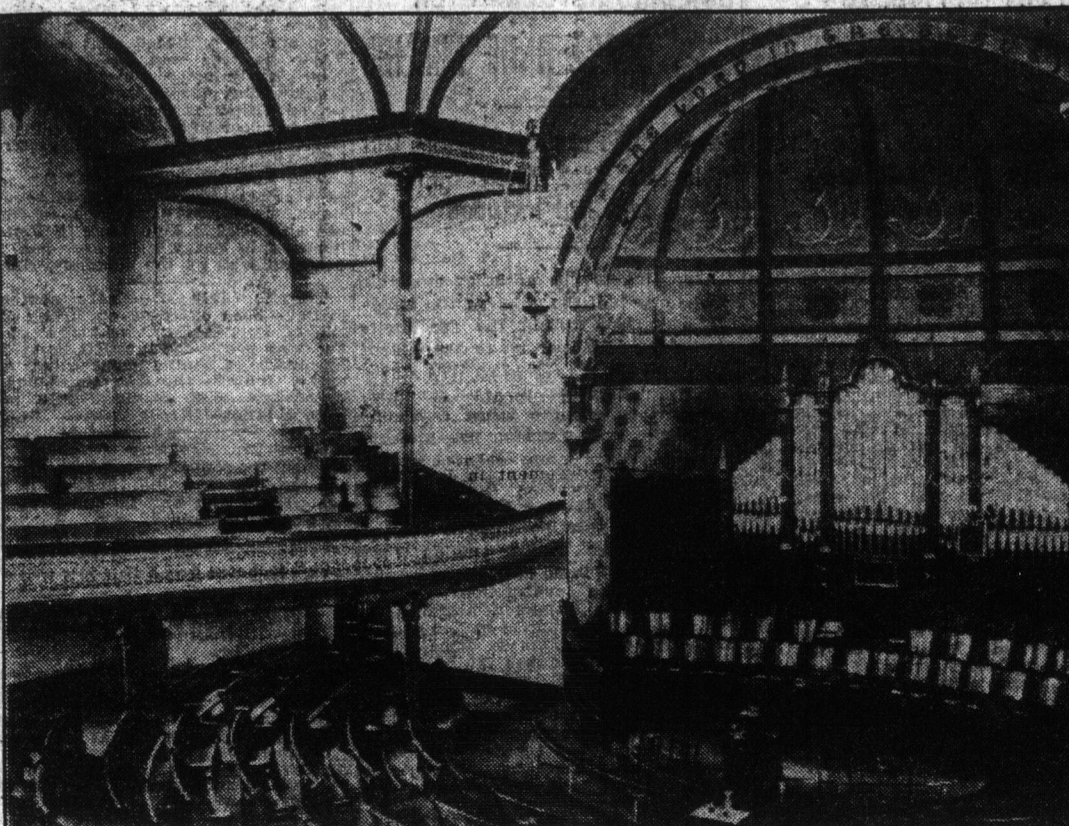
James Bay Methodist Church

later part of December, the party proceeded on the 31st of January from New York to San Francisco via Aspinall and the Panama canal. After a stay of five days in the city of San Francisco, they proceeded north on February 3rd, arriving in Victoria, V.I. on Thursday, February 10, 1858. These gentlemen had not the honor of preaching the first Methodist sermon in Victoria. In September, 1858, two ministers from the Puget Sound district of the M. E. church brought over a tent, and held a number of services, but finding that the Canadian church was making provision to supply the work, they returned to the United States. Sunday, February 13, 1859, saw the beginning of the work of Methodism as we have it today. Dr. Evans preached the initial sermon, followed by Mr. White in the evening. A room in the court house, placed at the disposal of the missionaries by Governor James Douglas, was packed by attentive congregations. The church started with ten members. Making application to the Hudson's Bay company, they secured three lots on the corner of Pandora and Broad streets. A parsonage was first erected, followed by the laying of the corner stone of Wesley church on the 15th of August. His excellency the governor kindly consented to perform the ceremony, which was witnessed by a large company of deeply interested people. The church was completed and the dedicatory services were held on May 20, 1860. In 1862 the membership had increased

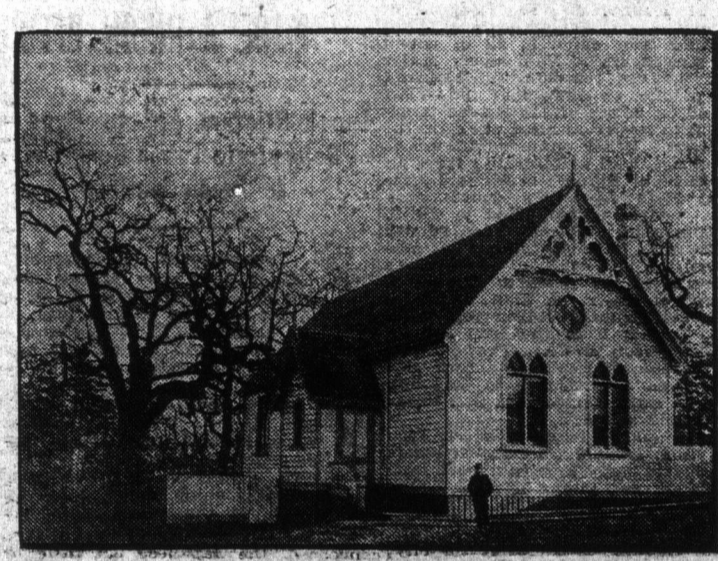
Indians, Chinese, and Japanese; and latterly a small work among the Hindus. During the ministry of the Rev. J. E. Starr, who ministered in Victoria from 1887 to 1889, it was considered that the old building was hardly suitable to the needs of the congregation. A beautiful site was secured on the corner of Pandora and Quadra streets, running through to Johnson Street, and here was erected the present handsome and commodious structure known as the Metropolitan church; a building capable of seating nearly 1800 people, with artistic lines and acoustic properties reflecting great credit on the architect, Mr. Thomas Harper, of this city and Vancouver. The church was opened for worship during the ministry of the late Rev. Coverdale Watson, the dedicatory sermons being preached by the Rev. J. E. Starr, who was brought from Toronto for that purpose. The building and site cost in the neighborhood of \$30,000, and is one of the handsomest structures on the Coast, and speaks well for the liberality of its promoters, and those who during the years have done heroic work in sustaining it by their continuous givings and indefatigable work. The present pastor is the Rev. G. K. Adams, who is in the fourth and final year of a very successful pastorate during which the church has been placed on a solid financial basis, and the missionary givings have been increased some 500 per cent. Mr. Arthur Lee, of Lee and Fraser, is the recording steward, and to his incessant interest in the work of the



Metropolitan Methodist Church



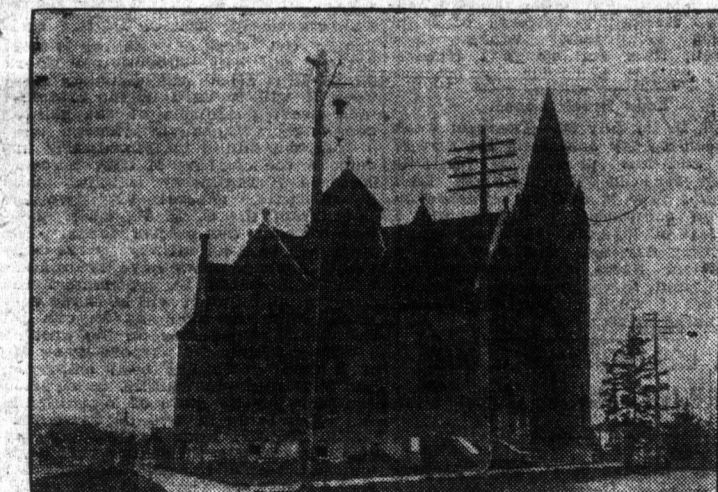
Interior View Metropolitan Methodist Church



Spring Ridge Methodist Church

John Clarke and David Spencer. With this board as a nucleus the work was speedily organized. The finance and building committees carried on their work energetically with the result that by the end of July, 1902, the present comfortable church home was completed, at an entire cost of about \$5,000. The new building was opened for worship August 28th, 1892. Rev. Coverdale Watson and Rev. W. H. White preached at the opening services. To expedite the building operations a loan was negotiated, the interest of which the ladies of the church cheerfully undertook to raise quarterly. To meet the principle the board subscribed to a building association and in this way spread the payment of the debt over a period of years. The last payment to this association is now subscribed and in September of this year it is expected the church will be declared out of debt. Since the inception of the cause the vicissitudes incident to a large charge in a city where there are large churches of the same denomination, have been experienced by the workers. The removal of many of the pioneers to other places, prolonged sickness, and the passing of some to the great majority, has deprived the church of some of its ablest workers, but with a fortitude peculiar to Methodism, the remnants have loyally labored on, creating from time to time with new helpers. Among those who have been pastors of this charge may be mentioned: Rev. George Morden, Dr. E. Robson, Rev. Wilkinson, Rev. Geo. T. Swin-

tonia West was the Rev. G. H. Morden and early in the history of the church the building now occupied at the corner of Catherine and Wilson streets was erected. Mr. Morden carried on successful work for three years and was succeeded in 1894 by that veteran of Methodism, Rev. Jas. Turner. Mr. Turner only remained one year, being sent to Clinton to again roam the interior of the province as the beloved pioneer missionary. He was succeeded at Victoria West by the Rev. J. F. Hicks, whose successful work with the soldiers at Work Point and the sailors at Esquimalt culminated in the establishment of the separate work for the men of the imperial forces. The Rev. J. D. P. Knox was stationed at Victoria West in 1898, and so great was the growth of the work and so successful his efforts, that an addition was built to the church, bringing it to its present size. Other ministers who have in turn taken up the work are Rev. W. Gordon Tanner, B. A.; Rev. S. S. Osterhout Ph. D.; Rev. R. J. McIntyre, and the present occupant of the pulpit, Rev. A. E. Roberts. Like other churches, Victoria West has had its ups and downs, but has steadily held on its course and is endeavoring to minister to the spiritual needs of the people of that section of the city. The present growth of population is being felt over on that side of the reserve and with the growth of population comes increased activity in church matters and increased responsibility on the part of the workers. The local preachers of the city have ever been ready to give their assistance in keeping the pulpit supplied, and one year, during the absence of



Centennial Methodist Church

to \$60, and the givings to the mission fund amounted to \$20.00. The Rev. A. E. Russ, M.A., now superintendent and in-charge of O.N.T., has the honor of placing the congregation on a self-sustaining basis. Over 30 years' worship was conducted on the corner where the first church on the Pacific slope north of San Francisco, was erected. The "old ones" who are still living, such as the Spencers, McMilians, Walshs, Bulls, and others, tell of the glorious things held in the old Pandora ave.

church is due much of its success. Mr. F. J. Hall is the painstaking and first worthy treasurer. The membership of the church is steadily increasing, the returns showing upwards of 500 on the roll. The amount raised for all purposes during the past conference year was \$13,190.00, the largest per capita of any Methodist church in the province of British Columbia. The Epworth League ladies' guild, the church's missionary auxiliary, prayer

and development of the Queen City of the West. Centennial Methodist Church
This church was organized in the year 1884 as an auxiliary to Pandora Avenue church, to accommodate the Methodist families in the north end of the city. A splendid site was secured on the corner of the Gorge Road and David street, and in 1885 a building was erected, built of brick to seat about 250 persons. In 1891, the build-

ing being crowded by a rapidly growing congregation, the trustees decided to enlarge, and erected the present commodious and well appointed church, which cost about \$15,000. It will seat comfortably about 800 people. It is lighted with gas and electricity. For some years the congregation, in common with others, suffered by the business depression, and the fact that the north end of the city did not grow as rapidly as expected, but every year, through the fidelity and liberality of the congregation, the trustees have met all current expenses and have

The officials of the church are at present: Rev. S. J. Thompson, pastor and chairman of trustees; Mr. W. C. Holt, recording steward; Mr. J. T. Deaville, secretary of trustees; Mr. W. H. Bone, treasurer of trust board. The Women's missionary auxiliary is in most flourishing condition, raising last year nearly \$200 for women's work on the foreign branch. One of the striking features of the church's development during the last two years has been its increased missionary spirit; the offerings for this

ner-ton, Rev. Hedley Balderson, B. A., Rev. Geo. D. Scott, Rev. Robert Hughes, Rev. C. F. Connor, B. A., Rev. Geo. W. Dean, and the present pastor, W. E. Dunham. With two exceptions, all of the above were probationers during their pastorate at James Bay, and the frequent changes necessitated by the young men having to issue to attend college has created a considerable hardship upon the people. However, with the incoming of the new pastor, Rev. G. R. B. Kinney, B. A.,

the regular supply the Rev. G. W. Dean stepped into the breach and held regular services in the church. The Sunday school had done splendid work and while it would be invidious to mention names of earnest and enthusiastic workers who have done much for the success of the work, the Sunday school is inseparably connected with the names of Mr. Charles Spalding, for many years superintendent of the school, and Dr. Lewis Hall, who has long been the bible class teacher.

DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE RURAL AND URBAN

Educationalist Points Out Why Examinations Are Not the Same

The provincial educational authorities state that they have nothing to say with regard to the charges of J. N. Muir to the effect that the ranking of the pupils at the recent entrance examinations to the high schools of the province was incorrect.

As one gentleman connected with the department remarked: "There are two different sets of papers for the rural and city students. It is necessary and only fair to take for instance the subject of drawing. The latter was placed upon the curriculum of city schools long before it was known in the rural schools and it would be unfair to exact the same test from the two."

Fall From Quebec Bridge

Quebec, July 30.—To fall 180 feet and still live was the remarkable experience of Joseph Grau, an old country Frenchman who has been a resident in Quebec for three months past. Grau was visiting the Quebec bridge and walked out to the end of the superstructure and then returned to the steps he missed his footing and fell from the dizzy height into the water below. He landed on his side with terrific force, but was quickly extricated and taken to the hospital, where it was found that he had a fractured rib. He is now resting comfortably.

TRAIL IS REPAIRED

Grand Trunk Pacific Opens Roadway From Barkerville to Bear Lake.

Ashcroft, B. C., July 30.—The government has had the Barkerville-Bear lake trail put in order, and has arranged with the Grand Trunk Pacific to compensate that company for putting the trail in road condition from Bear lake to the Fraser river at the mouth of Goat river.

COPPER OUTPUT OF GRANBY

Grand Forks, B. C., July 29.—It has been ascertained that the seven furnaces at the Granby smelter are now producing one carload of copper per day, which is shipped to the markets of New York. Each carload of copper contains on an average three hundred bars of yellow metal, the bars weighing about two hundred and forty pounds, making some seventy-ton loads of copper to the car. This copper is sold at 24 cents per pound, making a total of \$17,280, which is derived from the sale of each carload of copper per day, or \$518,400 per month, or \$322,080.00 in one year.

Automobile Caused Wonder

Hedley, B. C., July 30.—Chief Charlie Allison tells an amusing story of the effect produced on the dwellers at the mouth of the Fraser when President Hill's automobile came along last week. It was an odd-looking affair to those of the Klondike men and children who had never seen nor heard of the like, and no wonder they were excited to take to the hills, for there is a good piece of road along there, and the machine was evidently hitting off a lively pace.

Fatally Scalded

Hedley, B. C., July 30.—A letter was received last week by Mr. Gladstone from Dr. Williams giving particulars of the accident by which Dr. and Mrs. Williams lost their youngest child. The little fellow who had come un-noticed from the bed-room in his night-gown, reached the table and dived over on himself, his feet, which had been freshly filled from the kettle. The scalding was very severe, and he lived only four days. Dr. and Mrs. Williams are expected back this week.

GRAND TROPHY SHOOT.

The day following the tournament of the Vancouver Club, which was held July 1st, witnessed an exciting contest for the championship of British Columbia, and the Grand Trophy presented by the Dominion Cartridge Co., Ltd., of Montreal.

BRITISH COLUMBIA FIRE CHIEFS TO MEET

Gathering Will Be Held at Nelson to Form Permanent Association

(From Tuesday's Daily.) It is the intention to organize the British Columbia Association of Fire Chiefs at a meeting to be held in Nelson on September 18, during the annual fair there. Chief J. H. Watson of New Westminster is being mentioned as the prospective president. Chief Thomas Deary of Nelson is acting as secretary of the organization which was mooted some time ago and seems to have found favor with the fire-fighters of the province.

Acquired Coal Lands.

Grand Forks, July 30.—Alexander Miller of Greenwood was in the city Wednesday, having just returned from a trip to East Kootenay and Spokane with Richard Armstrong of Chicago, who is interested in many mining properties in this country. Mr. Armstrong has acquired control of the Colfax Coal & Coke company's holdings for Chicago capital, and it is the intention to open up the properties in question on a large scale. Bankers and business men of Grand Forks and Spokane have hitherto controlled the company whose coal areas consist of some 2,500 acres in the Crow's Nest Pass region, and 1,400 acres near Lethbridge. It is understood that the new management has offered contracts for large supplies of coal directly they are in a position to ship.

OPTION ON SHAMROCK GROUP

Hedley, July 30.—After considerable negotiations with the owners, Henry Bahrs has secured an option on the Shamrock group on Five Mile creek until September. The owners are E. M. Gillespie and Messrs. Usher and Cox. The group consists of eight claims, comprising the Shamrock, Bonrite, Blue Ridge, Gladstone, Roseberry, Products, Belmont and Right of Way mineral claims. These claims have a wide and extensive showing of low grade copper ore, and will require a great deal of development to determine their value. It is understood that the owners were inexorable in their demand for a cash payment before giving a bond, and at the same time they demand a small cash payment has to be made before the working bond takes effect.

FIVE HUNDRED HINDUS COMING NEXT MONTH

Further influx of East Indians to British Columbia is Now in Sight.

Vancouver, B.C., July 30.—According to reliable advisers received in this city from Hong Kong, nearly five hundred Sikhs will arrive in Vancouver during the month of August, adding phase to the question of oriental immigration to British Columbia that it was hoped in all quarters the last had been heard of.

ENGINEER'S BRAVERY.

Averted Railway Disaster and Saved Many Lives. Port William, Ont., July 30.—That another terrible wreck did not occur on the C. P. R. yesterday morning is due to the great bravery of two of the company's employees, who risked their lives in order to save a train-load of Chinamen who were going through to New York on a special train. Engineer McAdam, who was on the engine drawing the Chinese special, noticed that the bridge was a total mass of flames. He threw on the emergency brake and called to the fireman to jump and did so himself, both men alighting without injury.

RUSH TO NEW GOLD FIELDS CONTINUES

People Are Fighting Their Way Through Swamps and Bogs In a Mad Rush

Dawson, July 30.—Fully two thousand people have gone into the Innoko country and are now scurrying through the hills and valleys fighting mosquitoes, dragging small boats through sloughs, cursing their luck or anxiously sinking through muck and gravel for the yellow fitch.

NO OPPOSITION TO THE NEW ATTORNEY GENERAL

Prominent Liberals Favor Re-election of Vancouver Man by Acclamation. Vancouver, July 29.—While there is considerable discussion among Liberals as to what will be done next Tuesday night at the meeting of the party caucus, called to decide on the question of opposition to Hon. W. J. Bowser, at the coming by-election, leading Liberals state that they do not expect to oppose him.

IS BADLY BURNED IN TENTS OF HIS WORK

Becher Smith of Old Country Y.M.C.A. Speaks of Work of That Body

(From Tuesday's Daily.) Before a small but appreciative audience at the Y. M. C. A. last evening, W. Becher-Smith, representing the Y. M. C. A. of Great Britain as emigration advice secretary, outlined the plans for advising emigrants adopted by the old country association. Mr. Smith arrived in the city yesterday on a brief account of his mission here to the representative audience which greeted him last night. The Y. M. C. A. is not propagating any general scheme of emigration, it simply proposes to prevent unsuitable persons coming here and to locate those who would make good citizens.

FOLLOWED HER MOTHER'S EXAMPLE

And Kept Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in the House. Mrs. W. J. Wilson, Tessier, Sask., tells of her experience in the following words: "I wish to tell you of the good I have derived from a couple of bottles of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Last summer my little girl, aged two years, was taken ill with Summer Complaint, and as my mother always kept Dr. Fowler's in the house, when I was child, I seemed to follow her example, as I always have it also. It at once gave me relief, and she was completely cured."

En Route to Highland

Ashcroft, July 30.—Provincial Mineralogist Robertson left on Tuesday for Highland valley, by the company of Stuart Henderson, M.P.P., and Dr. Robertson is making an examination of the copper deposits. Previous to this he inspected the Maggie mine on the Bonaparte and the syncline deposits across the river from Spatsizi.

JUDGE REFUSES TO PASS ON VICTORIA WEST CASES

Mr. Justice Irving Did Not Favorably Receive Application for Judgment on a Stated Case. (From Tuesday's Daily.) The application made by City Solicitor Dubois Mason on behalf of the arbitrator in the Victoria West arbitration proceedings for a judicial opinion under the provisions of the act upon which the arbitrator could fix a basis of compensation for the property owners affected by the validation of the property in block G. R. T. was refused by Mr. Justice Irving in chambers yesterday. A stated case was submitted by the city based on Mrs. Mary Patton's property in block G. R. T. Her lot appeared for Capt. Grant, and H. D. Helmcken, K.C., appeared on behalf of other property owners.

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U. S. Trade With Germany.

Berlin, July 29.—Consul-General Thacker has prepared a statement showing the exports from Germany to the United States for the last fiscal year. The total is placed at \$161,963,958, an increase of \$29,000,000 over the last fiscal year.

THERE WILL BE REST TENT AT EXHIBITION

Daughters of Pity Will Likely Be in Charge of the Refreshments

A rest tent will be conducted at the British Columbia Agricultural association's fall fair. The management of the association have decided to place a commodious tent, probably 30x50 feet, upon the grounds, which will be available for the practice of dentistry. It is stated that the refreshment booths in connection herewith as in former years will be in charge of the Daughters of Pity, the proceeds to be devoted to the Jubilee hospital.

Salmon Running Better.

Vancouver, July 30.—Sockeye salmon run better on the Fraser river last night than ever before this season. During the past few days the average of catches has been gradually creeping up, and last night the boats from the various canneries averaged from 35 to 70 fish and the high boat, belonging to the St. Mungo cannery, took 180 sockeyes.

Scuffle Over Strike-Breakers

Toronto, July 30.—The arrival of two employing plumbers and four of the strike-breakers from Windsor, caused a small riot at South Parkdale. The strikers got wind of it, and a deputa-tion was on hand. Twelve employers took place for possession of the strike-breakers, and police had to be called. After considerable difficulty, the employers succeeded in getting three out of four whom they conveyed down town in autos.

Nicola's Advantages.

Nicola, B. C., July 29.—The advantages of Nicola as a shipping point for cattle were very evident in the course of the past few days. Seven carloads of prime cattle shipped by Joseph Collett on Tuesday arrived in Vancouver in excellent condition the same evening.

DOCTORS ORGANIZE

Nelson, July 29.—The British Columbia Interior Medical association was formed in Nelson last week. There were present the local members of the profession, Dr. Paterson, of Trail, and Dr. Hamilton, of Revelstoke. Many others expressed approval of the organization and sent proxies.

CROWDS DAILY VISIT PROVINCIAL MUSEUM

Over Twelve Thousand Have Examined Specimens Since First of the Month. (From Tuesday's Daily.) Over twelve thousand people have visited the provincial museum during the present month according to an estimate of the curator, Frank Ker-node. Of these over four thousand have registered. All day long the museum is filled with an eager crowd of visitors who inspect the various specimens and display great interest in the collections. The visitors are from all over America.

RAILWAY ON NIMKISH RIVER

Vancouver, July 30.—A logging railway approximately six miles in length is to be constructed along the banks of the Nimkish river, near Alert Bay, to connect the salt water shipping point with the Nimkish lake. On the shores of the latter is some of the finest timber of the north coast. The Nimkish flows into the Gulf near Alert Bay, two hundred miles up the coast. For several years logging operations have been carried on by floating timber down the Nimkish, but large losses have occurred, for the river is swift and dangerous, and the companies operating in the vicinity have come to the conclusion that it will be cheaper in the long run to load their timber on cars and carry it down the hill in that way.

DENTAL EXAMINATIONS MAY BE INVESTIGATED

Matter Has Been Laid Before Provincial Secretary for Enquiry

An investigation of the charges made by two of the unsuccessful candidates at the recent dental examinations for the admission to the practice of dentistry in this province has been promised, it is stated, by the premier. The matter has been referred to the provincial secretary for investigation and in all probability a commission will consider the question.

FEDERATION TO CELEBRATE

Denver, Col., July 29.—Secretary-Treasurer Hayward's return to Denver will be made the occasion of a great demonstration in the city by the Western Federation of Miners and other labor organizations. The date of his arrival is not yet announced, but he is expected by the labor union. Arrangements are being made to run special trains from Cripple Creek and other places to bring members of the Federation and others to Denver to join in the celebration. It is announced that one feature of the celebration will be a parade of Federation members, the first in this city in three years. Telegrams of congratulation on the result of the Boise trial were received today at Federation headquarters from all parts of the country, and many of the members of the union co-workers are proclaiming him to be the logical candidate for president on the Socialist ticket. As candidate for the election of Colorado last year, when in prison in Idaho, he received 16,338 votes.

KILLED BY HORSE.

Son of John Fraser of Cox Meets Accidental Death. Cumberland, B. C., July 30.—On Friday, July 29, a sad accident occurred at the home of John Fraser, Cox, when his eldest son, Peter Fraser, was accidentally killed. The boy of 12 years of age was helping his father and was putting the horses in the stable, when his father heard a strange noise. On examination he beheld the horrible sight of his son lying bloodied close to one of the horses with his skull broken open. Medical aid was summoned, but the boy died about 7 o'clock that evening. Several hours after the accident.

ORE RETURN FROM BOUNDARY DISTRICT

Good Showing From the Various Mines Last Week—Idaho Promises Well. Phoenix, B. C., July 30.—The ore output of the Boundary mines and smelters for last week was as follows: To Granby smelter: From Granby mines 2,053 Tons. To B. C. Copper smelter: From Mother Lode 5,177 From Snowshoe 1,818 From Old Denison 1,575 From Mountain Rose 59 From Dominion Copper smelter: From Brooklyn 1,440 From Cambie street 3,711 From Rawhide 1,288 From Sunset 1,365 To Trail smelter: From Snowshoe 2,885 Total for the week 37,911 Total for the year to date 648,757 Boundary smelters treated this week as follows: Tons. Granby 10,223 B. C. Copper smelter 10,938 Dominion Copper smelter 5,578 Total treatment for week 33,739 Total treatment for year 633,947

Lumber Mill Changes.

Vancouver, B.C., July 29.—Announcement is made of a transfer of the management of one of Vancouver's mill plants on False Creek. Through the recent consummation of a deal which has been under way for some time, E. R. Tait has disposed of his interests in the firm of Cook & Tait, operating a saw and shingle mill just east of the Cambie street bridge. F. Paterson, well known in local mill circles, was the purchaser. In conjunction with Mr. Cook he has reorganized the concern as a joint-stock company, in which the two men will hold a controlling interest. Plans are under way for extensions and improvements to the present plant.

WORK OF TERRORISTS.

St. Petersburg, July 29.—One of the incidents that occur frequently while members of the imperial family are travelling happened today while Grand Duke Peter Nikolaievitch, cousin of the Emperor, and one of the leaders of the reactionary group at court, was en route to St. Petersburg from Petrozavodsk. As the train was within ten miles of St. Petersburg a petard which had been placed on the rail exploded. The force of the explosion, however, was not great enough to derail the train, and no one was hurt. A short distance outside of St. Petersburg, on April 10 last, an attempt was made on the life of Grand Duke Nicholas and Peter Nikolaievitch, who were returning from Tarskoe Selo by train. A fusillade of shots followed, but no one was injured. Another attempt on the life of the Grand Duke Nicholas was made on February 27th, when a workman was found preparing an infernal machine to blow up the train on cars and carry it down the hill in that way.

Cure Every Form of Indigestion

After you have eaten a meal, the stomach should do two things—pour out a dissolving fluid to digest the food—and churn the food until completely digested and liquefied. Sour Stomach, Belching Gas, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, simply mean that the stomach is not doing its work properly. "Fruit-a-tives" strengthen the stomach and increase the flow of gastric juice. "Fruit-a-tives" make the liver active and regulate the bowels. There will be an end to those Bilious Headaches, too, as soon as you start curing your Dyspepsia and Constipation with Fruit-a-tives. "Fruit-a-tives" contain the wonderful medicinal properties of fruit—in an active and curative form. 50c. a box—6 for \$2.50. At all dealers.

WILSON'S FLY PADS

Kill them all. No dead flies lying about when used as directed. DRUGGISTS, GROCERS AND GENERAL STORES 10c. per packet, or 3 packets for 25c. will last a whole season.

SIR MONTAG VISITOR

President of the of Canada of In (From Tu Sir Montagu at Montreal are at the hotel. Last evening Government House, Montreal, was the of the Canadian steamship line, He is at present not in his magnate, but as chaut's Bank of was undertaken by the of that institution with conditions of the decision. Bank to locate was prompted by a situation for the future, before the the development natural resources port in the west. He discussed the problem establishing the Pacific. The west. He is a prominent civic coast of an same firm in Hays, president, and of the Allan line G. T. P.

Winnipeg

Winnipeg, July 29.—Nominations for the election for the 16 mills on the school tax district were held today. The school tax district is divided into 16 mills, but the school tax is collected separately.

Quartermaster's Fifth Regiment Aggregate

Victoria rifleman the prize meeting lumbia Rifle association at Vancouver. The aggregate score was 448, 600 points being secured by the Bankers' club. The aggregate score was 448, 600 points being secured by the Bankers' club. The aggregate score was 448, 600 points being secured by the Bankers' club.

Timber Lands for Sale

1280 acres crown grants in Rupert District; stream runs through property which is also close to salt water; coal outcrops on land. Price per acre \$15.00.

A. G. SARGISON

P. O. Box 495 Victoria B. C.

CORBETT COLLEGE

Select High-Class BOARDING College for 1908. A number of well-appointed gentlemen's home in lovely BEACON HILL PARK. Number limited. Outdoor sports. Prepared Business Life or Professional or University Examinations. Fees inclusive and strictly moderate. L. D. Phone, Victoria A743.

Offers a Choice of 2 to 4 Positions

To every graduate. "Students always in Great Demand." Commercial, Pitman, and Gregg Short-hand. Typewriting, of Mr. H. G. Skinner, who came from Minneapolis to engage in the lumber business. Cruisers are now out examining the timber limits, and if their report has been under way for some time, the transaction will be carried through. The amount involved is placed at \$1,200,000.

Winnipeg

Winnipeg, July 29.—Nominations for the election for the 16 mills on the school tax district were held today. The school tax district is divided into 16 mills, but the school tax is collected separately.

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Every Form of Digestion

er you have eaten a meal, stomach should do two things—pour out a dissolving...

fruit-a-tives

(FRUIT LIVER TABLETS.)

BERRY LANDS FOR SALE

acres crown grants in R.D. District; stream runs through property which is also salt water; coal outcrop.

G. SARGISON

Box 495 Victoria B. C.

WILSON'S

Kill them all. No dead fish lying about when used as directed.

DOBBIE COLLEGE

Hill Park, Victoria, B.C. High School, Boarding College for 8 to 15 years.

Spott-Shaw BUSINESS UNIVERSITY

Over 2000 students. Choice of 2 to 4 Positions.

SALE OF INTERESTS

Mr. C. J. July 29.—A deal is being done for the purchase of interests in British Columbia.

Activity at Kamloops

Kamloops, July 30.—The realty market in Kamloops has become brisk within the past two weeks.

Men Are Scarce

Princeton, July 29.—Road Foreman Goldborough is expected to be a great deal of difficulty in securing men for road work at present.

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Winnipeg, July 30.—It was announced today that the rate of taxation for the ensuing year would be 10 mills on the dollar.

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THREE VICTORIANS ON OTTAWA RIFLE TEAM

Quartermaster-Sergt. Lettice, of the Fifth Regiment, Wins Grand Aggregate at Vancouver

Victoria riflemen did very well at the prize meeting of the British Columbia Rifle Association at Richmond Banges at Vancouver last week.

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Sergeant F. Richardson won the Westminster cup and was seventh in the grand aggregate.

The ten high men in the grand aggregate who will compose the British Columbia Rifle team.

REFUSE TO WORK

Cobalt, July 30.—About 25 men, supposed to be immigrants, arrived from St. Catharines in Cobalt to take various jobs on the Coniagas Mine.

SIR MONTAGU ALLAN VISITOR TO VICTORIA

Sir Montagu Allan of Montreal is at present in the city and are registered at the Oak Bay hotel.

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IS IN RAPTURES OVER VICTORIA'S BEAUTIES

Visitor From Saskatoon, Says Will Come Here to Spend the Winter

The most beautiful city in Canada, remarked M. Mansell, of Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, in speaking of Victoria.

Manitoba Winter Wheat Portage la Prairie, July 30.—A field of winter wheat sown on the 1st of September is now beginning to assume a golden tinge.

DAPHNE POLLARD COMING BY STEAMER MANUKA

With Ivy Pollard She Will Enter Engagement Under Management of John Cort

Among the passengers expected today on board the Canadian-Australian liner Manuka, which is looked for to reach port from Sydney Australia.

LIBERALS FAIL TO GET QUORUM FOR MEETING

There was no quorum at the meeting of the Victoria Liberal Association called last evening to arrange a reception for Hon. William Templeman on the occasion of his return.

THEY RECEIVE QUICK RESPONSE TO REQUEST

Government Orders Equipment of Steamers to Guard Canniers' Property on Fraser.

STRANGE SPECTACLE

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PIONEER OF PACIFIC COAST HERE AGAIN

Mr. Hamilton Returns from Visit to Relatives in East

Mr. Hamilton, a former factor of the Hudson Bay Company, who left the service of the company 23 years ago, after spending many years at Port Langley, and Fort St. James in the Nechaco, returned to Victoria a few days ago after a visit to Eastern Canada to visit relatives.

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RETURNS FROM TRIP TO THE OLD COUNTRY

S. G. Marling Is Home and Has Entered into Real Estate Business

Mr. Marling, of Pense, near Regina, who for the past year and a half has considered Victoria his home, has just returned from a visit to Eastern Canada to visit relatives.

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VICTORIA'S EXHIBIT AT BRANDBON'S FAIR

Local Products Receive Favorable Comment From Wheat City Paper

The Brandon Daily Times of July 25 contains the following relative to Victoria's and vicinity's exhibit at Brandon.

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AMONG THE WORLD'S BEST THINGS TO DRINK IS

"SALADA"

ITS PURITY, FLAVOR AND ALL-ROUND DELICIOUSNESS STAND UNRIVALLED LEAD PACKETS ONLY. BLACK, MIXED OR GREEN. NEVER IN BULK. AT ALL GROCERS.

Cakes Like Mother Made

The toothsome "home-mades" of our Cake Department please the particular. You'll say they're "like mother made."

Wine Cakes, each 15c Jelly Rolls, each 20c Madras Cakes, each 20c and 25c Lever Cakes, each 25c Sultana Cakes, per lb 35c Fruit Cakes, per lb 35c Lady Fingers, per doz. 10c Doughnuts, per doz. 10c Cup Cakes, per doz. 15c Vanilla Buns, per doz. 15c Buns, per doz. 15c Boston Brown Bread 13c Preserving Appricots, per crate \$1.60

DIXIE H. ROSS & CO.

Cash Grocers - 111 Government Street

Dr. J. Collis Browne's CHLORODYNE

ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE

Each Bottle of this well-known Remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Toothache, Diarrhoea, Spasms, etc.

Dr. J. Collis Browne

Sole Manufacturers, J. T. DAVENPORT, London

MAN WHOSE PATIENCE RIVALS THAT OF JOB

He Lives in Northern British Columbia and Owns a Gasoline Launch

There is a gentleman in the north, the proud possessor of a gasoline launch, who according to the testimony of Abraham Thrasher, of Ottawa, Ont., at present in the city, rivals the patriarch Job in the virtue with which the name of the biblical worthy is associated.

Mr. Thrasher has had considerable experience in the Ottawa valley with timber and he came out here to engage various limits for the firm of Blair, stock & Co. of this city.

Mr. Thrasher implied, however, that there was no lack of profanity on that score.

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Fit-Reform

73 Government St., Victoria, B. C.

MISSIONS AMONG HINDUS

Toronto, July 30.—The executive of the Presbyterian Foreign Mission committee met this afternoon and spent some time in a discussion of the work among the Hindus.

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DANCE FOLIO

HAVILANDS NO. 4

Arrah Wana, waltz. Nobodys Little Girl, waltz. Lovin' Time, two-step. Good Bye Mamie, two-step.

Where the Southern Roses Grow, two-step. The Elks, lancers, and six other splendid numbers.

PRICE 50c.

Fletcher Bros. Up-to-date Music House.

NOTICE

Raymond & Sons

7 PANDORA STREET

Wish to inform their numerous patrons that they have in stock a full line of

Satin Finish English Enamel and American Oxy Tiles

The latest old and new styles in Mantels, Full Sets of Antique Fire Irons and Fenders

RAISING THE CHICKS

Late hatched chickens seldom thrive as well as the earlier hatched ones. Probably this season being backward the general rule may not apply. Our experience during the past two or three years has led us to believe that if the late hatched chickens are reared on absolutely fresh ground they will grow just as rapidly as those that are hatched earlier in the season, if they are kept free from vermin, etc.

From one end of it to the other. She never gives an entire ration of corn, but feeds wheat and oats chop in connection. Last year she raised 500 chickens that hatched.

Never feed your birds anything that is not well advertised. An article which will not keep up its reputation when well advertised, is not fit to be fed to anything.

Everything should be kept as clean as the little chicks' feeding floor as it is on the floor of the kitchen. If this is done the little birds will never have germs or many of the diseases.

As soon as the hatching season is over, separate the cocks from the hens and feed them a little extra. Many male birds on the average farm are overworked and need a few weeks' rest.

The cockerels should be separated early from the pullets and put in a pen by themselves, where they may be kept a day and be allowed only enough exercise to keep them in healthy condition.

It is an excellent plan to plant the runs to some kind of a crop as soon as the chicks are removed from little coops. The crop has a tendency to destroy many of the germs and leaves the run in a healthier shape for the chicks the next year.

The shearing is done with machines. The dipping is made easier and cheaper by combining forces with a neighbor. Only one tank is needed and the extra help at hand makes a better job possible.

Food is a large item when every ton of hay or stover or bushel of grain is charged to the sheep account at the best prices. The cost of producing this feed does not come up to the price for which it was sold to the sheep.

Equipment on hand, feed box, harness, etc., should be kept in good order. We keep sheep because of the large amount of well suited pasture and because more feed can be grown than can be purchased.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Jan. 1 Sheep on hand, 1 buck at \$15, 74 ewes at \$6, etc.

The poultry raiser is now finding out that the early hatched chicks are more vigorous and profitable than the late hatched. The birds hatched in May are a healthy crop and vigorous, while the birds hatched a few weeks later are infested with lice and many of them are falling victims to disease.

AROUND THE FARM

DO SMALL FLOCKS PAY

Where there is much rough hilly land, sheep raising is not only profitable but very necessary. A farmer must really enjoy working with sheep to make a success, and this sheep raising is a great deal more than a hobby.

We have about sixty grade Shropshires on a dairy farm of several hundred acres in South Central Victoria. The flock has been a steady increase on the place about seven years. While some of the sheep ledger accounts show a profit, the flock fits into the plan of farm work and adds to the profits of the other departments, and much more than pays for care and feeding.

That our sheep are not an actual loss some years is due in a large measure to the care taken at the lambing period. These pens are given up to everything possible is done to keep the lambs in good condition.

They are kept in warm, sunny quarters, and as each young one appears, the dam is separated from the others in a small pen made of two hinged gates. These pens are begun in a corner of the sheep barn and continue along one side. The wall and one side of each pair of gates placed at right angles on the floor complete a small pen just large enough for the mother and lamb. Racks to hold the gates when not in use are arranged along the walls.

There seems to be a very thin margin between successful incubation and unsuccessful incubation. As a rule the hatches so far reported by the excursionists would appear to be considerably below the average. There is a marked increase in the reported hatches of both hens and incubators. From previous correspondence it has been believed that the hatches were not the case, but judging from the last two or three days, it appears to me a fact.

POULTRY NOTES

A woman subscriber writes that she never puts more than twenty chicks with each hen and keeps them in coops on grass sod. She never allows the mother hen to run about with her chicks on one side of the coop or to a wire, so that she can pass

TROTTER BREED COLTS

When the colt is one year old he should have a run at grass. A good pasture is an important part of the outfit of the farmer who wants to raise trotters. It is not enough to turn them out in any old pasture and let them run until they are two years old.

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THE PIGGERY

When fed dry, shelled corn is more economical than corn-meal to feed to fattening hogs. It is assumed that the swine breeder is responsible not only for the conditions he provides but for those he permits.

It is not infrequently happens that when the family cow is left to the care of a less experienced, unsanitary, and possibly the spread of contagious disease.

When the fact is considered that the health of the children in, and especially the children in, is at stake. When the fact is established that certain rules should be laid down for employees and adherence to these rules is insisted upon.

The owner insists that his cows shall be thoroughly brushed every day, and that the udder is carefully cleaned before any milk is drawn. The first milk from each teat is always drawn into a special pail, used for the purpose of cleaning the udder.

THE BEE KEEPER

INCREASE VS. BUYING

This question is of considerable importance to those who have but few colonies and are anxious to secure a larger number as soon as possible. It is a fair price in the same kind of a hive we use, filled with good worker combs, then it might be as well to buy part of the increase.

DAIRY NOTES

A fat dairy cow gives her owner more than she is being put to the range. The farm separator separates the fertility from the sunshine and water in milk, and keeps the fertility on the farm.

PREHISTORIC HORSE

Professor Charles S. Plumb, in his recent work on "Types and Breeds of Farm Animals," writes that the prehistoric horse has become a thoroughly well known and comprehended by scientific men.

The early form of the horse was a sheep standing perhaps 18 inches high. The Merinos are particularly noted for their wool, with only inferior mutton qualities.

THE FAMILY COW

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PLEASURE AND PROFIT

Our reason for keeping bees is that in these days of adulteration we wish to produce on our acre of land all that we can get of things fresh from nature seems the only way to get pure food.

When the snow was still on the ground last winter, my husband purchased two old box hives and a new one. The price paid was \$3.00. A north-west windbreak was made for them.

We felt rich to have our swarm in May. A few days later the other old hive sent out a swarm, and they likewise settled in the old apple-tree. Then we felt rich indeed, with four hives of bees working early and late to fill ourarder for the winter.

Do not kick about the weakness of pure bred dairy cows. True, they have been raised under what might be called hot-house conditions for so many generations that they are unable to resist the cold winds of winter, but that has known nothing else, but we do not keep dairy cows just to see how much ill treatment they can endure. We keep them to produce the largest possible amount of their feed into milk, and in that excel the scrub.

WHEN THE INDONESIAN

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WHILE WE MEANS

While we means of navigation have, it is not until the middle of the nineteenth century that the actual factor in the development of the Canadian trans-Atlantic mail service is the first subsidy by the government to the trans-Atlantic mail service.

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GREAT FUTURE FOR THE SKEENA RIVER

It Will Be for the North What the Fraser Is to the South

Hazelton, July 1.—(Special correspondence.)—What the Fraser is to the lower mainland of British Columbia and much more besides, the Skeena river is destined to become for that part of the province through which it runs.

The area of agricultural country through which the latter runs is far greater in extent than that traversed by the former, while the distance from its mouth to the limit of navigation on the Skeena is almost twice that of the Fraser.

At the present time, scattered settlements, the valley of the Skeena is wilderness, typically "howling." The state of affairs along the river is almost exactly as it was along the Fraser 25 or 30 years ago.

A traveller passing up the river on one of the steamers gets but a cursory survey of the country through which he is passing, but to your correspondent the vast majority of the Skeena between Hazelton and Hazelton appeared capable of the greatest development.

At Hazelton itself agriculture is veritably impossible. The immense rainfall of 126 inches a year precludes all possibility of growing any but a few hardy vegetables, while the soil is a peaty nature and the banks of the river are so steep that the future of Hazelton is in the river that lies the future of Hazelton.

The town centres round the fishing industry. Its white population numbers about 250 souls, and all of these save one or two who are employed in the two excellent hotels which the town boasts, are occupied in the canneries. Altogether in Hazelton and its vicinity there are 15 large canning plants, all in full operation.

When your correspondent left the city on June 28 the fish were just commencing to run and hundreds of boats were out. The actual fishing is almost divided between the Indians and Japanese, few, if any, white men being employed on the boats.

From Hazelton the river for some miles the banks of the river are rugged and unfit for cultivation. As the higher reaches of the stream are attained the rainfall diminishes and the summer climate becomes very much the same as that of the Fraser valley.

The winter temperatures are, however, considerably lower. About 50 miles above Hazelton the Skeena is exactly the same formation as the delta of the Fraser. At the time your correspondent saw these islands the water was at the highest point it had attained (this season, and even then the surface of the islands was a full foot above the river level.

wood, and the soil and climate are splendid for fruit growing. At the Little Canyon, and at Kitlaiaas, at the mouth of the Grand Canyon, are several farms, there being indeed quite a large settlement at the latter point, strawberries which could be beaten.

The settlers all state that the country cannot be surpassed for fruit, and your correspondent saw flourishing apple, pear and plum trees and tasted nowhere in this province.

Kitlaiaas Canyon is the worst part on the navigable portion of the Skeena and this is saying much, inasmuch as the river as a whole has the name of being one of the "wickiest" waterways most treacherous in the west coast.

It has been formed by the action of the river in cutting its way through a large rock about a quarter of a mile in width which is the cause of the slow rising motion which is part of the province through which it runs.

Through this rampant the waters have worn a channel, down which it tears at a frightful rate of speed. There is a drop of many feet between the intake and the outlet of the canyon, and at rapid is the descent that in many places where rocks occur in the stream bed, falls of two and three feet in height occur.

To those who have no experience of the ways of the flat-bottomed stern-wheeler, it would seem impossible that any vessel could ever stem the swift current which rushes through the narrow canyon, and yet this is the case.

On Tuesday next a number of distinguished British journalists, who are crossing the continent in the company of the C. P. R., will arrive in Victoria. The party left Calgary yesterday and will proceed by easy stages to Vancouver, which they will reach on Monday next, after having visited Banff, Field, Glacier, etc.

They will leave again for Vancouver, from where they will proceed east by way of the Crow's Nest Pass line. It may be remembered that the Victoria is the longest they will make in any one place during their entire trip through Canada.

The Standard. Known in the first place as a novelist, Mr. Egge has written a number of which have done well and are still doing so. Mr. Egge is a native of London, and has been in the city for many years.

Mr. Egge, chief artist. Educated at the University of London, he has worked for the public works department. Artist in Sydney and Melbourne papers for five years.

WILL BUILD CRUISERS. BRITISH ADMIRALTY'S PROGRAMME FOR NEXT YEAR.

London, July 30.—During the course of a discussion on naval matters in the House of Lords today, Lord Tweedmouth, first lord of the admiralty, said that the admiralty had in mind a new and extended cruiser construction policy, which probably would be brought forward next year.

Grant to Lord Cromer. London, July 30.—Both houses today approved the grant of \$350,000 to Lord Cromer, who recently resigned the post of British Agent and Consul-General in Egypt.

BRITISH JOURNALISTS TO BE HERE NEXT WEEK. Party Now Touring Canada Will Spend Three Days in Victoria

On Tuesday next a number of distinguished British journalists, who are crossing the continent in the company of the C. P. R., will arrive in Victoria. The party left Calgary yesterday and will proceed by easy stages to Vancouver, which they will reach on Monday next, after having visited Banff, Field, Glacier, etc.

They will leave again for Vancouver, from where they will proceed east by way of the Crow's Nest Pass line. It may be remembered that the Victoria is the longest they will make in any one place during their entire trip through Canada.

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RETURNS FROM TRIP THROUGH INTERIOR. Deputy Minister of Agriculture Is Home From Visit to Kaslo and Other Places

J. R. Anderson, deputy minister of agriculture returned last evening from a trip through the Kootenays. He spent some time at Kaslo, where he formally organized the new Kootenay Lake Institute. Meetings were held at Kaslo, at Altonworth and Pilot Bay, where the county millers addressed the farmers of the respective districts upon matters connected with farmers' markets and fruit growing.

Mr. Anderson reports that the crop prospects are most favorable for the present year. Everything is green and flourishing, there having been plenty of rain. During his visit there were thunder showers. The crops especially the fruit looks exceedingly well all through the Kootenays.

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QUEEN CITY BRINGS NEWS FROM CANNERIES. Reports Pack on River's Inlet—Timber Cruiser Sustains Serious Accident

The steamer Queen City, Captain Gunn, returned to port yesterday morning from Rivers Inlet, Hardy bay, the various logging camps of the east coast and Texada island, bringing about sixty passengers, one of whom, W. Purkiss, a timber cruiser, was the victim of a serious accident.

News was brought from Rivers Inlet that the cannery men working there are busy, and the fishermen have been taking from 80 to 100 fish to the boat. Captain Gunn reports the packs of the various canneries on over two hundred. They are handicapped owing to a lack of trails.

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THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA. Established 1864. Head Office: Montreal.

CAPITAL (all paid up).....\$6,000,000.00. RESERVE FUND.....\$4,000,000.00. A General Banking Business Conducted. Savings Bank Department. Deposits received of one dollar and upwards and interest allowed from date of deposit and is compounded four times a year.

VICTORIA BRANCH, - R. F. TAYLOR, Manager. All out of town business will receive prompt attention, deposits can be made and money withdrawn by mail without any delay.

Save \$3.00 On a Suit. We emphasize the ideal summer fabric of dependable quality, navy blue flannel with tiny white stripe, just the neat, comfortable summer suit an up-to-date man needs for outing, travel, business, semi-dress—anything.

Regular \$13.00 Suits, Special This Week \$10.00. A perfect fitting, well tailored Suit in which you will feel cool, comfortable and entirely satisfied. Two and three-piece Sac Suits, latest style, single or double breasted. A value you'll remember when you're a grandfather.

WILSON'S. 83 GOVT ST VICTORIA, B.C.

House Furnishing Discount Sale. Commencing Saturday, July 27th, we will for Ten Days allow a discount of 25 per cent. off small lines of Enamel and Tinware, including the Famous Austrian Elite Ware, just imported.

B.C. HARDWARE COMPANY. E. E. GREENSHAW W. J. GRIFFIN. Corner Broad and Yates Streets. Phone 82 P. O. Box 683

VICTORIA'S QUALITY STORE. Before Buying GROCERIES. Write us for prices and we can save you money. Mail Orders receive our best attention.

FELL & CO., Ltd. P. O. Box 48. VICTORIA, B. C. Hazelton and Bulkley Valley. Prospector and intending settlers can be fully equipped at R. S. Sargent's General Store at Hazelton. All prospective groceries packed in cotton sacks. Small pack train in connection with business.

A. C. Flumerfelt in pamphlet form, on British Columbia. Dear Sir: I am pleased to hear that you are interested in the history of British Columbia. I have written a pamphlet on the subject, and it is now in the hands of the printer. It is a full and complete history of the province, and is of great value to all those who are interested in the subject. I am sure you will find it very interesting and profitable. I am, Sir, your obedient servant, A. C. Flumerfelt.

So thank I G... Waste headlin... Sure in toll... Under an il... Comfort it is... One firm foot... The native-bro... who is old enou... and to think m... is our lot. G... British Colum... as rich potent... provinces of the D... Let us count ou... location, no m... ery and diversit... there any other... world by nature s... the ever so gre... aska, the other... viding life bet... United States, he... the ever so gre... westward, looki... "sorene, indiffer... leth at the nor... the continental... brave young glen... for a hardy and i... We have in the... Don't... British... enough to enable... by side at the s... lands, three org... countries in, the... of their droppin... over the water... 500 square miles... ed.

As regards loca... us at the nor... London is the... hemisphere so Br... the heart of the... almost equidist... Australia and th... we are in the tem... of the thinkers, th... that are the rol... -the world's wor... We have in our... land-locked floes... lands, three org... with the full sw... bracing breezes i... waters of the Ja... oceans no m... join continents. I... water to the mill... cousins in India... And the equidist... catch brief prop... commercial great... cific is just best... shore.

Some one once... British Columbia... talms, and it is th... share of the wor... great Northwest... gal hand has give... the forest wealth... face, in the world... ocean and the i... but a third, a... is hidden deep... from the hills... ought else that B... derive her materia... nation. Let us w... "from the world... ure our mountain... scenery majestic... a word, let us p... pour their tribute... and in their rock... mineral wealth se... world.

In a measure th... ate us from the... that rocky rampa... declare that not... rather than the t... ure commerce be... was our trade in... California. The... mines of Russian... sunlit Honolulu... desire calls us... Our continental... to be inwrought... and Mexico, with... the hungry hordes... inexhaustible... at, are our resou... bla's coal deposit... world's wealth... have the greatest... merchantable tim... mines have prod... abundance, mica... only of the metall... been scratched;... the world's wealth... food fishes the... taken in earnest... fruit return annu... the world's we... of the land is on... one-tenth of that... We have, unexp... abundant mica... free winter harbo... posits, magnetite... the highest qual... abundance, mica... large deposits of... ver amalgam, o... chrome iron ore... velours.

Building mate... quality—lime fire... granite and... Company of Colum... down obligingly... And in the sea... up the scale of n... cheloid while as... would enrich an... With this ple... wealth, "are we... the general prosp... Perhaps not... "What is requir... desired condition... would say the... need publicity. T... population two th... first, to have nat... and to let them... them. The prai... seized with this... four years ago, an... British Columbi... an unprecedented... golden wheat lan... white belt of Can... day, of gold, is... the world's histo... With a diversit... the prairies can... British Columbia... for some god-f... strike her hour o... would be golden... time is ripe to c... market. A vigor... held in many... comment. The... Blashed, and that... means, by the To... and Victoria, ha... vicinly prove th... On a larger scal... province cou... lectors could m... ca, Europe, Austr... East—the three v...

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The New British Columbia

Mr. Flumerfelt has just had issued...
The native-born of this province...
The native-born of this province...

As regards location fate has placed...
us at the nerve-centre of things. For...
us at the nerve-centre of things. For...

In a measure the mountains separate...
us from the rest of the Dominion...
us from the rest of the Dominion...

With this plethora of potential...
wealth, are we sharing ratably in...
wealth, are we sharing ratably in...

side that the money they spent on...
the western Canada exhibit, at the...
side that the money they spent on...

Some one locally suggested last year...
that the old Quadra street cemetery...
Some one locally suggested last year...

Life is real. Five minutes now are...
as valuable as five minutes of eternity...
Life is real. Five minutes now are...

There shall come a time when...
knowledge will be extended...
There shall come a time when...

the gallant Sidney, on Zuthphen's...
dying in agony than another's thirst...
the gallant Sidney, on Zuthphen's...

There shall come a time when...
knowledge will be extended...
There shall come a time when...

Frenchmen at Golf
The golfing Frenchman was once a...
very rare bird; today the species is...

Frenchmen at Golf
The golfing Frenchman was once a...
very rare bird; today the species is...

side place that respects itself has...
a golf course nowadays. It is held to...
side place that respects itself has...

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knowledge will be extended...
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The golfing Frenchman was once a...
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the burning question of the hour...
between Bobbie and myself was where...
the burning question of the hour...

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There shall come a time when...

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Country Diggings

An English Fox Hunting Sketch—By A. V. Kenah.

Of course the dear boy's train was...
late and dinner had to be put back...
Of course the dear boy's train was...

There shall come a time when...
knowledge will be extended...
There shall come a time when...

Frenchmen at Golf
The golfing Frenchman was once a...
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Frenchmen at Golf
The golfing Frenchman was once a...
very rare bird; today the species is...

ber one day he was storing away jam...
pots on an upper shelf in the kitchen...
ber one day he was storing away jam...

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Eloping Up-to-Date

The coastless man puts a careless arm...
Round the waist of the hatless girl...
The coastless man puts a careless arm...

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The Way of the Widow—Storyette

"Love," said Mrs. Hilary Burlash...
"Is the great selfishness that passes...
"Love," said Mrs. Hilary Burlash...

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From the Old Land

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is now in London...
Sir R. Wingate, the Sirdar of Egypt...

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