## THE $\mathrm{E}_{\text {GROUNRLS }}$ GUIDE

 Organization-Education Co-operation Winnipeg Man January 30, 1918 ${ }^{\$ 198 p}$ perYear

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## EIGHTY-SIXTH



ANNUAL REPORT

Dividends for year at $14 \%$. $\qquad$ $\$$
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Deposit in the Central Gold Reserves. $\qquad$
Dominion and Provincial Government securities, not ex-
Canadian municipal securities and British, Foreign and
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Call and demand loans in Canada secured by bonds, de.
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Loans to governments and municipalities .................
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Bank Premises at not more than cost, less amounts written off..
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CHARLES ARCHIBALD
H. A. RICHARDDON $\begin{array}{r}65,42019 \\ \text { General Manager. }\end{array}$





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THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE
"Equal Mighte to All and Speolal Privileges to Mone" a Weekly dournal for Progreselve Farmera


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If you cannot arrange to vistt us personally during this gala week, mall us your orders for those things that you are going to need in the near future, thus making a spaing of at least from 20 to 30 per cent.
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Our Bpring catalogue will be ready to mall February 15th, 1918, and prices on all lines will show a material advance. We are going to extend the time limited
of eur present prices, however, ull February 22 nd, which is the ending of the Bonspiel Week in Winnipeg. thus giving all visiters an opportunity of calling at The Great Galloway Line of Masterpiece Engines
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## U. F. A. Convention

The United Farmers of Alberta Convention just closed was distinctly the most suceessful ever held. The marks of this superiority were mapy. There was a large increase in membership this year and hence a much greater number of delegates. There were also many more visitors. A sanity and inteligence of discussion prevailed, without any abatement in keenness of eriticiem or in enthusiasm which has never been equálled before at an Alberta convention. On essentials there was no stampeding but insistence on a proper threshing out of vital questions so that there could be no mistake about where the U.P.A. stood Such were the resolutions on freight rates, hail insurance and Oriental labor. There was a general expression of confidence in the ability of the executive officers to give effect to all the important matters dealt with by the conwention. More able speakers took a prominent part in the discussions this year, an indication of progressive work in the locals.
The U.P.A. is a most democrafic institution and stands little on precedent. It has a wealth of initiative. It decided on very progressive steps for next year. Among these were the raising of the annual membership fee to two dollars, the putting of the life membership on a better basis, the incorporation of the organization by provincial charter, the authorizing of the executive to acquire powers to carry on a hail insurance bueiness If necessary and to administer estates and a strong policy of encouragement to the women's section. Such are the indications of a vision for the future. That vision of a larger, more closely consolidated, better educated organization should permeate every member and make him an evangelist of the movement. Earnest hard work done now will bear abundant fruit in the near future. Good crops and good prices have not weakened the U.F.A nor affected its patriotism. That has never been of the noisy kind but best expressed in the righting of fundamental wrongs, which would ensure equality of sacrifice in this war, proper treatment of returned soldiers and the establishment of a sounder cconomic foundation for after-war development.

## Increase in Rates Delayed

The increase in freight rates authorized by the Railway Commission to take place February 1 will not become effective until some time in March according to the announcement of Sir Robert Borden to the deputation that appeared before the government on January 24 to protest against the increase. Another hearing will then be given and in the meantime those opposed to as well as those in faver of increases have the opportunity to submit their cases in detail to the government.
Thus another railroad raid has been temporarily repulsed. The emphatic protests against this unwarranted freight increase have had their effect. The government has been impressed with the unanimity and strength of western opinion on this vital matter and is taking good time to think it over. And well it might. To westerners such an increase as that proposed would be intolerable and putting it into effect would very seriously undermine public confidence in the Union government. Opinion is consolidating more strongly every day on one solution and one only to this problem. The longest and one of the
two most heated discussions of the United two most heated discussions of the United the railway problem. The resentment against the CP.R for demanding such an increase during this perilous time of sacrifice was very deep. The farmers of Alberta would be among the greatest sufferers in Canada from increased rates. They have by far the longest
haul on their grain and stock out and on all they need to carry on production coming in. In his evidence at Ottawn, H. I. Symington, counsel for the provinciat governments, said that owing to the relative population the per capita levy, necessitated by the proposed increase, would mean a tax of $\$ 10.50$ on every person in the West and of $\$ 4.53$ on every person in the East. In Alberta the farmers have seen enormous areas of the finest land held out of use by the tailways They have suffered from fearful service on the C.N.R and G.T P. lines in that province. Governtrent operation holds no terrors for them. They unanimously protested against any increase in freight rates and demanded 00 ordination and operation of the roads with a view to final ownership after the war.

The Premier of Canada at the Ottawa hearing asked for suggestions on the solution of the problem. Three courses he said are open to the government-liquidation of nonpaying roads, higher rates, or operation at present rateo-any deficiency to be made good out of the public treasury. The answer of Western people to these alternatives has been given in definite terms. It is government control under a central managing board with a pooling of resources and co-ordination of equipment. The one thing the people have made it unmistakably plain that they do not want is any increase in rates under the present system of private operation and dstribution of earnings. Why then delay any longer? The remedy is simple, ample brains to carry it through are available, no precedent is being created for other countries have done this thing long ago. The whole problem could be well on its way to solution in two weeks. The government ought to get this question out of the way at once for it will have plenty of others pressing mightily for solution this spring.

## Womens' Section Justified

The United Farm Women of Alberta have, in the three years since organization gotten down to an excellent working basis. The work discussed at the convention of last week fell naturally into three essential and outstanding divisions. The three divisions were, education of rural children, public health, and the problem of the older boy and girl on the farm. It is quite safe to conclude that for some years to come the work of the organized farm women will be mainly directed along those three lines. That the United Farm Women of Alberta have naturally taken up those three lines of activity amply justifies their position as a separate section. Any one who knows rural conditions recognizes the essential nature of those three fields of work.
While much progress marked the work of the year 1917 it is regrettable that an increased membership was not a feature of the year's report. Human nature has not yet reached such a state of perfection that a matter of principle is a greater drawing card than mere material advantages. There is a positive commercial advantage to a farmer to belong to the organized farmer's movement. There can be little tangible material advantage to a woman to belong to the organized farm women's movement. The average farm woman has not yet realized that it is her moral duty to herself and to farm people as a whole to belong to the farm women's organization. A membership campaign in the women's section therefore presents many difficulties. Yet there are thousands of farm women in the province of Alberta who are experiencing the need of organization. These people can only be reached by a definite organized scheme. The outstanding requisite of the farm women in the thre provinces is organizers. Each
association should now be made financially able to pay at least one organizing secretary who could further this work. Untit thereare wgmen devoting all their time to the executive work of the organizations the growth of membership will not be rapid But each year tells more plainly that the associations cannot die. They are built on the sound rock of democracy and their members are united in working for equity, freedom, independence and progress.

## Big Drive Is On

The "Bigger Membership" drive of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association is on. A united effort will be made to add 15,000 new members by the end of Pebruary;
Refore the end of the year it is hoped to add till another 15,000 new members. This would double the membership so that when the 1919 convention is held, the association would include 60,000 Sarkatchewan farmers in full paid up membership. It may seem like a big undertaking, but with 30,000 Grain Growers to do the work, it will be comparatively easy if each does his share. All that is needed is a strong and united effort. The Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association is a powerful organization. With its strength directed to the 'Bigger Membership"' campaign; with the enthusiasm of the provincial officers, officers of local associations and members thoroughly aroused, the doubling of the membership within the next year is well within the bounds of possibility.

The present is an opportune time for increasing the membership of the farmers' organizations. Their record for the past year is an inspiring one. The interests of the farmers have beyn protected and advanced at every point. But what has been accomplished is but a drop in the bucket compared with what still remains to be done. As long as the war lasts the organizations can render a great service both to the cause of the Allies and to the interests of the farmers. The close of hostilities will open a great field of opportunity. The war is being waged to protect democracy from attacks without. The organizations are throwing the full weight of their influence into that worthy cause. But democracy must be protected from attacks within. The unseating of special privilege and the destruction of the political power of predatory wealth are just as essential as the crushing of German militarism in making the world safe for demoeracy. This task will devolve largely upon the farmers' organizations. It will centre at Ottawa. But the United Farmers cannot hope to set things right in the federal political arena until they have a solid phalanx of provincial organizations stretching from the Atlantic to the Pacific. The strengthening of the organizations here will be a great stimulus to the work in other privinces. The farmers there are looking to the organizations of the west to take the lead. Stimulated-by their examiple encouraging progress is being made. Last year the United Farmers of Ontario increased their membership by over 50 per cent. The farmers of British Columbia formed an association. Indications are that the time is ripening for organization in Quebec and the Maritine provinces. The movement would be given a tremendous impetus by a big increase of the membership in the older organizations. Both members and officers can be assured that in strengthening their locals they are extending the influence and power of the farmers' organizations beyond their own province and hastening the day when the farmer's rights will receive full consideration at the hands of the Dominion government.

The Grain Growers' Guide plays an important part in this work. It is through The Guide that the leaders of the movement in
other provinces learn what is being done by the organized farmers on the praines. it is earn what is being accomplished outside their own locality. Nothing wif greater strengthen the "Bigger. Membenkip"" campaign than having the new members become regular readers of The Guide. Special encouragement will be given between now and the end of Pebruary in putting The Guide in the hands of the new members who will be secured.

## Freight on Screenings

There seems to be all kinds of complications arising over getting screenings back from the head of the lakes to farmers who want to buy these for feed. The Federal Government has commandecred all the "A" grade screenings which it requires and these are available to farmers by ordering through the provincial departments of agriculture, who forward the orders to the representative of the Dominion department at Ottawa. Complaints are now being made that the return freight rate on screenings from terminal elevators is not what it should be. The rate as now ar, ranged inpot supposed to exceed 2 cents per 100 pounds in excess of the rate to Port William on wheat For example, the rate from Edmonton to Fort William is 25 cents per 100 pounds on wheat, the rate on screenings back is 27 cents. Parmers complain that the railways will not officially quote rates on screenings and it is impossible for them to find out what the screenings will cost laid down at their local point. The above figures should enable the farmers to get at this pretty closely and the tariffs of the railway companies at local stations are always available for their information: Every agent is supposed to have in his office the rates on these screenings and farmers can demand that they be shown. 'Another difficulty is that for all practical purposes the minimum car load weight is 56,000 pounds. This high minimum militates against co-operative ordering. Farmers who can easily get together a car of 40,000 pounds may find great difficulty
in' securing sufficient orders to warrant them in getting a car of 56,000 potends. The representative of the Alberta Department of Agriculture claims that he could have placed 200 cars of screenings in Alberta if the minimum weight had been 40,000 pounds instead of 56,000 . So far he has only placed 12 cars. It seems the whole situation is susceptible of considerable improvement.

## That Wool Embargo

An embargo which would force the Canadian wool clip into the hands of Eastern textile manufacturers at practically their own price would be the greatest blow to the Canadian sheep industry that it has ever received. Much of the wool falls into the combing grades. These can be utilized in the manufacture of some of the finer cloths. For that reason they command a higher price on the open market. With one or two exceptions, bowever, there are no facilities in Canada for combing wools. Why then should the manufacturers be seeking an embargo on wool, including the combing grades? It is not that they may re-sell these grades to American or British manufacturers and take the profit. The embargo would defeat that object. They want the higher grades delivered into their hands at the price usually paid for the lower grades. They could then utilize the combing wools for carding purposes and work them up in the manufacture of coarse woolen stuffs for which low grade wool is now used. This would 'be equivalent to using number one hard wheat for pig feed, at pig feed prices. The usual spread would of course be maintained between the grades and the saving made on ordinary carding wools would fatten the dividends. The textile men are playing for big stakes. With a $421 / 2$ per cent. tariff wall around the home marinct and an open British market, every cent they could save by hammering down wool prices with an embargo would appear on the right side of the profit and loss account. Wool prices are high. Sheep raisers are not denying that there is good money in producing wool. If an
embargo would serve any win-the-wat purpose they would nat object even if it did tend somewhat to depress prices. But they object, strenuously and rightly, to having prices depressed for the further enrichment of a handful of privileged individuals who have consistently boycotted their product for the last two years.

Why was the C.N.R. so well represented by counsel at Ottawa before the government at the recent freight rates hearing, when the government has already decided to take over that road? Por this reason. The final award of the arbitration board on the real value of the $\$ 60,000,000$ of worthless C.N.R. stock has not yet been made. If a freight increase is granted before that decision is reached there would unquestionably be a claim made for a higher award based on greater potential earning power of the road and in consequence perhaps a revision in the award. That might again bulge the pockets of Mackenzie and Mann by several millions and cost the people of Canada in exact proportion.
C.PR. stock was selling as low as 126 recently. Now it is over 140 . There may be many reasons for this. The possibility of an extra $\$ 20,000,000$ or thereabouts of revenue through a гaise in rates probably had an influence on it. By granting an increase in rates the government would add enormously to the capital value of C.P.R. stock and increase the burden to the people of Canada to just that extent when it is ultimately found necessary to nationalize the railroads. Increased rates is no solution of the railway tangle. Such would only put the people of Canada in a hole.

Machine shops throughout the country are slack just now. This is the time for farmers to have their machinery repairs done and be ready for spring work. Repairs will be difficult to get this spring. Now is the time to make arrangements to have everything in good shape. This should not be left off until the 1st of April.

U.F.A. BOARD OF DIREOTORS FOR 1918



## A Sensational Year in Livestock

A Review of American Markets-..The Packers Influence-..The Breeder is the Man of the Hour

Your yean of droots, diesu and depletion.
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 surplas of beef eats little figure on the United State: market, although six years ago it was advertived as a wource of material relief to the consumer. Can adian ysekers have been under the neecesity of buying hoges at Chieago for more than A year past
and thi loeks of the Dominion are not able to mupply and the yoeks of the Dominion are not able to supply

## The Bat Less-Mest Oampsim

Wat less meat" is the constantly reiterated admonition of the authorities. The Food Administration is dissatisfied with the publie response to its appeal for economy in the wase of beef, pork and mutton, threatening drastic measures. The poliey qualifed approval of the producer. In one breath Mr . Hoover has endeavored to stimulate prodiction, in the next to repress consumption, a contradiction that neede adjustment. At the inception of its economy eampaign, the Food Administration igriored the tesehing of the Department of Agrieulture by
putting a ban on lamb; its first mistake. This error was retracted after inealenlable damage had been done to the industry at a eritical moment when the " raise nine sheep " movement was in the in eeption stage. All the Food Administration's policy acomplished was depression of the lapp market, 22.50 per ewt., thereby deterring investment in ewee Then it began diekering on the subject of hog market stabilization, ereating apprehension that its poliey was to be priec fixing. This sent cattile by theper in the country parading price fixing reports, laper in the country parading price fixing revorts,
whirh. Washington too long failed to contradiet. All last summer producers were kept on the anxious seat by such rumors. Finally the Pood Administra-
tion announced that it woald not attefipt control tion announced that it wonld not attefipt control sking hog prodection susured a minimum pries not aging hog production assured a minimum price, not
guarantee of $\$ 15.00$ per ewt . which it would en deaver to maintain by placing orders with the paekers whenover the emergency arose. To date in stimulating meat production is rather negligible. That it has succeeded in repressing consumption in such public spheres as hotels, elubs, restaurants and dining cars is admitted, but that economy has been doubtful as it has affected only good beef and lamb, neither of which are exported or have a place in the army ration. The masses whose meat consumption is mainly of the middle anid common grades of beef and pork, have paid little attention to meatless days
or meatless meals, the result being that while trade

By Jas. E. Poole
Union Stockyarts Chieago
in good cattle and lambs has been denorslized, Cighont prives is trate hel have sold readily at the

## Should Rncourage Mutton Consumptien

believe had the Food Admisistration sdepted at the outset the piticy of commandering what
seasts it needs for the wie of the United Stater Government snd its Allies, letting the pablie have thy reat that the feeling lindustry would not have beh dealt the stagerring blow it recelved doring the
hist three monthe of 1517 . The peving induatry


is supposed to be under the control of the Fool Administration and amenable to its ediets, bui experience shows that the aforesaid packer narely experience shows, that the sforsald packer marely Food Admisiatration anniot be constract os even a mild fornif of treason and that it has failed to eirn the good will or confldence of the livestock earn the good will pr conidence of the livestock
raisers of the eountry demonatrates that critieism is necessary. Why fish consumption should be advoasted and that of lamb and mutton depreested is nomething for whieh no valid reason lias yot been udvanced. Neither mutton nor lamb is used for military purposes not is experted and this would have been an opportuine moment for the Food Administration to give the sheep industry a lift by advising the public to eat its product and save pork. There was no necessity to penalize the sheep owner nor the eattle feeder by arging the pablic not to Whents for which the Government had no place. Wheal can be stored indefinitely but the produce of high priced catle aad faldy ically frozent is advising the paike abo to eat surh - production stimulation.

Severe Drouths in the South West
Cattle receipts at North Ameriean markets in 1917 did nbt lend eredence to the seareity theory. At Chicago, Kansas City, Omaha, 8t. Louis, st. Joseph, sioux City, St. Paul, Fort Worth and Indianapolis, $13,263,067$ head registered against $10.555,392$ in 1916, but the figures cannot be secepted as a production barometer. It was a period of liqnid. thion due to attractive prices and elimatie vieise itudes. Bovine trash never before realized as mueli money, the resalt being elose culling of every dairy herd in the country for cown that were not paying their board. Morida and Georgia ransacked every nook and cranny for eattie, little native cows that a few years ago would not have pala the expense of nending them to market being ciean thep. Disaster ofertook the Texas cattle indust $y$, the second year of a continuous drouth aecesstath, depopulation. Grass and water practically disappesred over mueh
of this sres, the lest breeling ground is the coustry. The government was forced to remove distresel satile to more favered loealities, over 50,000 perish. ing before this resene work could be affected. New Mexieo and Arisons were aleo forsed to disgorge. by drouth and all summer Califorsis eattle went is cantinuous procesalon to Miseouri Biver markets berasse feed and water were not sbraiatble asd a leral market for the beef existed. Oregon and Washingtos joised the exofus and in Mostans, the Dskotss and Wyoming beef gathering was eloser ns to arto than ever before, a hard winter and a dry vimmer having crested semi-famine feed conditions ltay, worth M.00 a ton in Montana one fall year trous wister, catlemts coneluded of another diass reous wister, cathempen coneluded to nhip elose. The Weit of tho Misesert have mgen steers diseppeste stoek have been sacrificed. Juat how past yort, s? to be replemisted next prisy nat the troin is ant teatored is puarling the, trade. January found packers stoccesfully eompeting with feeders for Hight stests at the peulich marbets, the prodest of s00 to 1000 pounds cattle cesting as mueh on the hooks as that of finished steers, a conditiom Thet does not usually develop until Mareb.
In this respeet the poliey of the government is also open to criticiom. It has deprecated slaughter of young saimals but sdopted a beying policy for army heef that is sending to the shamblet young attle by the hundred thousand. Bpeeifying ear: eases weighing 475 to 575 lbs for army use is loubtful economy if conservation of eattle supply is the object aimed at, as it is sending to the kiling bels steers that should have come to the feed lot of figure in the visible sapply a year hence.

Profitable Orain Orops Unde Cattle Ratatng
The region Rast of the 100th meridian, roughly half way between the Masisippi and the Hoekles ing territory is now to a greal extent out of that buininess. As long as grain ean be profuced pro. fitably arable land eannot be kept is pasture and dairying is too profitatio to enablo the beef cow to emaintain a permanent footing. Deprived of their annual supply of thin Western rattle corn belt feeders would po ont of business. To contend that animal husbandry is essential to maintenance of soif fertility is useless while grain raising is highly proffable. When that conditios ceases the dairy dow will assert its sway. The epmmercial cattle aupply must originate in the purely pastoral reglon and over that area nature has been handieapping the industry severely. When drouth interposed two years ago Texas was getting back into esttle raising with rapid strides. Colorndo and the South western States were working along the same lines and Monhurs, corss by the thousend vielocitute. remently, ise andone ment of this promotion mort and ef has undone mented comperative plentitede. Whe wheat raising has done for the catele induatry it Weatern Conilo need not be retistet it survey of the whole situation warrants assertion that what bas happened in the hog wh sheep markets will be repeated in cattle during the next two or three years. An elusive hope is the region lying south of the Ohie River and east of the Mississippl whare the Unitel States Government has been carrying on a tiel extermination campaign, but the faet remains that outside Texas to commereial eattle industry of im portance exists in the south and the deveiopment of one of sufficient magnitude during the present gen. eration to materially influence supply is unlikely

Industrial Activity and Cattle Ralaing
Assuming that the war will not contmue indef: nitely, what is the eattle trade prospectif After the nitely, what is the eattle trade prosp

## U.F.A. President's Address

## The following is the address of President H. W. Wood, delivered at the opening session of the United Farmers of Alberta Convention held at Calgary, January 22, 23, 24 and 25

Bince I had the hosor of making my last ansasl addrese to you, our organimation has neadily moved forward, not so fast, perhaps, as we would devire, future. Our membersilp has incressed, eommereial co-eperation is our loeals han grown, and that gen eral solidarity whieh eas only be developed by the contiased practice of the art of orgasisation and rooperation has reselhed a higher degree thas ever The smalgamatlos of our
The amalgamatlon of our Elpvator Company with
Grain Orowers' Grain Company has been effected, and, as a result, these two old companies have passed out of existence, and in their stest we have the United Erais Growers, Lid., a mighty commercial company in which over 30,000 farmer chareholders seattered over the thrbe prairie provinces are co-opernting for their mataal besefft and are earrying on a great business enterprise, through which muet sood from this compeny is the developfor kreat tidings from this company in
Many things from the outsile have takes placen during the past year which lave affected our is dariag the past year which have aflected The war lerests, drawn nearer to us continaally, till today the finst trowe of tt depends on our men on the farms at well as the men ln the trenches. Going back, I well as the men in the trenches.

The Year's Developments Reviewred
A year ago, the food situation becoming more arute by reason of the disastrous failure of the took to get control, at a fixed price, of all the available wheat of the 1917 erop.
About the first of March they opened negotiations, through the Dominion government, with the Canadian Couneil of Agricalture, for the purpose of seeuring the Canadian erop of last year, and submitted an offer of $\$ 1.30$ per bushel. The couneil
refused to endorse this price, and submitted a refused to endorse this price, and submitted a counter proposition of 81.70 Whieh in turn was not accepted by the Alies. In June, by order in council, stituted, with power to regulate the wheat trade of Canads and to fir prices. The work of this board Was mach dehayed on aceount of the United States authorities being unprepared to set with it in fixing a uniform price in both countries, but fnally the price was fixed and the trade was so regulated that speculation in wheat was entirely eliminated, and the $\begin{aligned} & \text { sumer under the most just and economical system }\end{aligned}$ sumer under the most just and economical system
over gperated in Canada, or, perhaps, in any country. Thus th see that by the sery necessities of war, proftio Wh, speulation and gambling was eliminated from the wheat trade, a thing we had been trying to accomplish for years, and at whieh we had been making very slow progress. We, with the consuming public, should use every endeavor to hold at least some of these benefts after the war is
over. We cannot hope to retain a fixed price, but we should be able to give the trade some continued protection from the piracy of unnecessary middlemen.

## Questions of Finance

When the war begah, Britain had such enormous resources of wealth that it was assumed that these rexharces would hold and that they would eventually be a deeiding factor in winning the war. But on, account of her condition of unpreparedness when she entered the War, and the financial weakness of her tered the war, and the inancial weakness of her
Allies, the drain on these resources was so far in
excess of any foreseeing, that when the United excess of any $f$
States entered States entered the war ohe
found Brititin
laboring under a laboring under financial load
that was beginin ing to make The United 8 tates had
strengthened her financial position by three years of
profitable trade with the Allies, War with fabustrength, and was willing to finance the Allies to
eqver the pur-

aply wast among our soldiers, but starvation among many of the sllied people. Two prodacta stand out as helse most easential is meeting the of the sitastion, vis, wheat asd pork.
Gomethisi of the wheat situation may be gath. red frese the fellewing quetation from a s. He gath. ersed from the foltowing quotation from Mr. Hanaa'o
otatement contained in an official food bulletio of December 14 -
"IIt may startle yos," said Mr. Thenss,
"fll you there is not today in the United States one rashel of expertable wheat, allowing for a mormal consumption. Between now and next harvest it itil be ineressary to fletlver on the other sitt of the Atlantic $400,000,000$ to $500,000,000$ beehels of wheat. The amount of wheat is the United States is only $500,000,000$ bughels, whieh is mo more than the $100,000,000$ people of the United 8tates would cat before the next harvest. Mr. Hoover has set
himself to save $100,000,000$ bushels out of the ngrhimself to save $100,000,000$ bashels out of the ngrmal cossumption. That means a saving for every flour he or she usually consumes.
"Th Canada, we hive today from $100,000,000$ to $110,000,000$ bushels of expertable wheat. If the United States dan save 20 per cent., and we can ave 20 per cent, it will leave about $220,000,000$ bushels to send across to our armies and our Allies. It is important that $220,000,000$ bushels get across
the Atlantic within the next four or five months. the Atlantic within the next four or five months. way across unt! the new ships building in the Thited States are ready, and so the peopfe of the United States and Canada are asked to liberate onefifth of their normal supply of wheat or flour.
Thus you will see from Mr. Hanna's atatement that by the elosest kind of economy we ean only hope to supply $220,000,000$ brahels of the secessary $450,000,000$ or $500,000,000$ requirements of the Allies. In addition to this there will be $110,000,000$ bushels of exportable wheat in the Argentine Re-
publie, $150,000,000$ bushels in Australia, besides a publie, $150,000,000$ bushels in Australia, besides a large quantity in India. But while the distance about 3,500 miles, the distance from the Argentine is over 6,200 miles, and the distances from India and Anstralia are 19,000 and 19,500 milles respectively. And we are told that practically none of the wheat can be brought from these distant ports sill ships have Been bunlt in which to carry it.
since the beginning of the war the number of hogs in the European countries has deereased by
over $32,000,000$ hesd. The imports of hog products into Great Britain during the year 1916 represented an increase of 2400000,000 pounds over those of the year 1914. The total amount of these producta imported by Great Britain in 1916 was $1,261,000,000$ pounds. Of this amount Canada furnished only 101 per cent. The number of hogs in the United States is 10 per cent. less than before the war. The number of hogs in Canada in 1917 was about the same, or a little greater than before the war, but our en-
tire output is equal to only a little more than one half the shrinkage is the United States production. The Allies minat have meat and fats enough to meet the necessary requirements of life, and the soldiers in the trenches must have enough to fully supply their wants. But where is it all to come from 9

## Exemption of Bona-Fide Farmers

Under the Military Service Aet of 1917 the first call for registration was made for single men be tween the ages of 20 and 34 years. Local tribunals from military service. Sppe of these tribumption ceeded on the theory that all bone.fde formers should be exempted, but others acted on a different theory entirely. The result was that great confusion was ereated, no iti semed tool a timo that tho food producipg
pooer of
Wetr
 weakened by the entorement or aftor tho steon tion of the gow gion
or mmon
gun called to thil takable' inatrue to the highe tri all bon.a-ifd that they might

## U.F.W.A. President's Address

## Mrs. Irene Parlby, President of the United Farm Women of Alberta, presented the following Address at the Convention at Calgary

Our third annasi convention finds the black cloud of war still darkesing the borizos of the whole civilized world, casting its deep shadows on every side of as. Many of our farm mothers have had their hearts pierced by fragments of those shells which are falling on wo many battle froate. There are few so fortusate, that they arg sot feeling in longed and bideous struggle. It requires all the optimism, sil the faith that we-esi gather up to dark snd omisose eloud and to determine that tome what may, though we bend like tempered ateel to the farioss blacts of fate, we will merer 1 Ignobly break. fature will most probably ank maeh in the
The way of farther sacrifice from us, bat I feel consdent in the faith that the farm women of this provine
will not fail to live ap to will not fall to live op to the example whieh os many of their sois have set them. The patriotian of our Alberta farms is not a lood and nolay thing,
rather is it like some deep and silent flowing river, rather is it like some deep and silent flowing river,
safe and navigable to those who know its hidden safe and navigable to those who know its hidden,
channels and Gave mastered the seeret of its still, shanaels and

## Swift strength.

More than ever must we lend our energies and sueh moments as we cas selwe from the ruob of farm labor to every form of patriotie work. The relief funds are growing in number snd their needs ean
never fully be supplied. The Red Croas needs are never fully be supplied. The Red Crose needs are also ever on the mecreaser as the battle surge forin to the fray.
The military branel, Y.M.C.A., whieh is doing a work no other organization can, also urgently needs pur assistance. This organization is helping our men, among other things, to keep mentaly and
morally sane, as they endure all the horrors of a bell eapable of unbalaneing the strong: est mind. There is no fand which those with men at the front should
more readily help. In addition to more readily help. In addition to
these things, we mast study the question which perhaps looms larger before us today than any other, the greater production and conservation
of foodstaff, that the horrors of starof foodstulf, that the horrors of star-
vation may not be added to the many vation may not be added to the many
others which our men and our allies others which our men and our allies
are alrendy enduring. To our farm are alrendy enduring. To our farm
men Earope is holding out bungry men Europe is holarg out of their physical capacity our men
oun
will do their will do their utinost to answer that
eall. To the women's hearts the little children, the hungry little ehildren of Europe are ealling "give us bread,
out of your ahundace or we die." Can you mothers not see in your mind's eye those piteous babes of Flanders, Prance, Serbia, Poland. Aye even Britain has some hungry little ones, and will have many more if we do not
listen to that far away call. listen to that far away call.

## Food Conservation on the Farm

 Some say there is little waste on thefarms. That may well be, and yet farms. That may well be and yet
there are few of us so frugal, so thrif. there are few of us so frugal, so thrif.
ty, that we cannot find some in our household management whieh might be stupped. This is not the moment to go in to the details of
this work. I merely wish to place the question be. fore you and appeal to each one of you to give it youre you and appeal to each one of you to give in
yournest and sympathetie consideration, as individual women, and as locals. Our members were practically unanimous in their resolutions condemning the action of the late Government in asking for the conservation of wheat in the home whilst many tons of grain were being wasted by being converted into alcoholic liquor. Until that situation was remedied and the feeling of indignation removed, we were obliged to inform the food controllor that we felt it was futile to ask our members to take any action towards signing food pledges, or to start any aetive campaign amongat them. How. ever, almost the first action of the Union Government has been to remove this obstacie for form
pith, women to publicly play their part in this food campaign. Privately, in our own housebolds, many
of us have for months 1 know been doing what we of us have for months 1 know been doing what we
could. As organized women let us now take up this could. As organized women let us now take up this
subject as part of our work in our communities. subject as part of our work in who have most knowledge along the lines of domestic economy and domestic seience help thote who have the least. Take up the subject not only in the home and in the elub, but carry it into your little rural sehool. The edueational value of this
work will be of benefit to many of us, and improve many a home on these prairies.

still evading tue frost kimes anip
menty Did the vision fade af quicklyt Was the enthusiasm so cheap and vapid a thingt Perhaps We must not look too much for the help of the men
in this movement The bearing of the race, and the eare of the race is the woman's job.

## Conservation of Human Lifo

As organized women there is no question of greater importance to which we can lend our energies than this one of the conservation of human life. Our race is being bereft of its strongest and most physieally fit for the nee fothers of the next ation are sleeping their last long sleep in far away. ation are sleeping their last long sleep in far away
lands, many more who return to us will be permas. ently erippled and maimed for life. Is it not nee. essary therefore that wo women should give the most serious thought and such wisdom as we may possess to this whole question of publie health fosit not right that we should endeavor to so adjuut conditions that every ehild born into the world shall have at least a fair chance of a healthy normal life, that every mother shall have the care which is her right, when she takes that journey in to the valley of the shadows, from which in this western eountry she so often does not returnt Is it more than justiee that every ebild of sehool age should be given a square deal in its battle with life, by being thoroughly examined by a qualified medieal man, recent examination of every sehool ehild in a certain munieipality in Manitoba, not one ebfld was found to eome.

Dariag the past year the womes of Alberts were talled upon for the frot time to use their framelion \#s fall hedged citizens of the provisec, and slthough aly game of party politios si the grodusted politont, there were: on the other hand, many whe ant to the polls with honest hest warehinge, visce. The increasing number of womes yoters of this type will most sasuredly make for righteous. eve in the publie life of the country. The power of womes is the improvement of lonal conditions hiss also been very materisily increased by the eliasige made is the whool ordinasice, the rural munieipal and loeal improvement distriet acts giving ite Fives and disaghters of realdent nateveyers the This to vote at the elections for tomesilfors
This enlarged fraselise should help as very mater fafly is the question of our rural musielipal hiospitals, the movement for whieh reems to have been unaccountably held boek. At the beginning of 1017 Fe pased a resolution with great enthupiam, is Joint session with the men at the U.P.A. Convention, Mra. Moclong apoke of tears at that meeting when for by the peoples of Alberts an s more sitisy paid for by the people of Alberts as a more fiting mons. thas a cold thing of marble or stomen coming to ito fittle siek womes in a far away diatriet at the time of her diseourngement and loneliness to help ther througb her trosble.
Later at the convention of rural munielpalities was arais paseed without a diswenting valea, Wher are aff the people whou should liave gose out from are ail the people who thould have gone out from
to be absolatoly normaly not one shald plysteally pertect out of some six husdred elilidrei. Defof.

 ing the beath of ofther enildrem in the evthool. bave cone serves many worthy people whe dic approve of war, who think it can be abolishet by the wistom of words, who isdigassily dealain agrinst the hideoss and unsecensiry wastage of human life through the process of modern wirtars and whe yet remais cold, callose to the faet that mote emilimes usder Ave years of age have died
 Alberts, with so big elities ond their here is sunsy
 lige alums, their reeking tenements, as an axuse, wo elillires ender five yerars of sge, whe thind of ebil ehridres under ive years of age, ase third of alil. of ineffelency for is country that pridee ituelf an its demoeratie progreasive prineipleaf
Because the care of the face io not the man's job, it has never appesaled to hlim in its fail significaises. It has ever talien adecondary place. For this resaos medical inspection of our rural cehool ebilidres, rural hoopitals, rural nurnes, are atill thisge we see only in our dreamas it is up to yoo, so orpaised Women to take up your burden, to athoulder your Work, part of your work whieh whis taken out of the home in the dim past of histery, and bring these
dreams to life.

## Progrese of the Organjeation

Oor growth at regards numbers has been disthipointing it is one of the inevitable effeete of rogerd to Many of our best farm womet are bearing a very. heavy burden thli lant year of two.
In the report of a meeting of mediesi In the report of a meeting of mediesl "that there was ane erop whiek has never been known to fall in the weet, the overwarked, plysileally broken: down farm woman,
eausing that erop to give ont is eausing that erop to give an oven
heavier yield than asual, for the short heavier yield thas asual, for the short age of labor on the farmst and the ting possibility of proeuring help for the woman, who is many eases is helpigg in the felde while endeavoring, to cate In the felds while endervoring,
for her lousehold. Bmall woider that
wh she has had little energy left for club
Your board has sleo been handleapped by these conditions, and have eonsequently been ansble, to secept many pleasant invitations to visit
loeals, or andertake organizing work loenis, or andertake organizing work as they would have wistied. Wo hope, however, that thls part of the work
will be placed on Will be placed on a more systematie
and satisfactory basis during the comand satisfactory basis during the coming year.
as large as wo hat hombert, though not is on thell as large as we had hoped, is a small
matter in comparison to the growth matter in comparison to the growth
of the organimation in other ways, and here, although the results are not always essy to see, I think I pan confldently say that there are results which will make themsolves more manifeet in our rural distriete as time gees on. I know that many women who formerly felt hopeless of bettering their commanity eonditions, have now with the courage and support given them by an organizec group, found it possible to attack problems ove which they had formerly deepaired. The elab worl is also helping to focus the attention of our member on public meetiggs, the contaet of mind with mind in the monthly meetings is stimulating mentality is helping to erystallize vague ideas into some do finite shape. There is also a training is and growt of leadersbip whieh will be invaluable in the yeare

## Inter-Provinctal Work

The fraternal work with other organizations is also growing and With it I hope is developing a the convention of the Baskatchewan Grain Growers and as your representative took greetings to the women's section from our organization. I found their meetings intensely interesting and helprul and the delegates keen on discussing overy polnt. I have but just returned from the Manitobs con: vention whers I was invited to address the women'! setion. The farm women of Manitoba have been organizing this year on similar lines to the Saskat. ewan women and ourselves. The three prairie

Continued on Page 40

10 (190)
GRAN GROWERS Posimon theteriton ond ithe Laterrer Ginir Grovar doy the tilkertion ife
 that it sive emplogen neath virh vich be devoted to inarraing wnes
 that employers share the advantage with fact, employers have never on a claw
meved in itr diretinn of inerusen of nsem, till a degme of prowro hes leen
 ally, ime incrout haty comection
priene of have in protectionits sourdiaivat, that the tarif la no remedy for $100=$ =em
 is ithem in Cermany only amounted to
 other indication of the condition of the laboring clase je that country under pro-
tertions, is that while in 1082 only 18 pertion, is that of the toritel female population per opht. of the in labor, by 1067 the ratio had rien to 20 , cates that Germany's average time wnges were 25 per cent. below the standard in Encland, and even when it might be poesible to quote a favorable wage comp-
parison (as for example between Ciermany parieon (as for example between (iermany and Holland) the advantage to the workmen in protected countries is always
more than counterhalanced by the inerovied price of commoditias A compparison of the sugar consumption of Engand nad Germany is also suggotive as country. In 1009 the ansual consump-
tion per individual is Giemany was is tion per individual is Germany was 36 pounds while in England it was 81 pounds. tectionist organ-The Morning stated that "more than $4,750,000$ mechanies and laburers are now unemployed in
the United States" and that "there is also a general decreane in wages of 20 per But we
ewn country not need to po beyond our own country for data. The protection
enfoyed by manufacturers before 1879 Was nearly doubled by the inauguration proof of any general rime in wages until trade unions became strong enough to secure increases. Again, in 1915 there Was an addition of meven-and-one-half per responding voluntary increase in wages -with the exception of a five per cent. increase st some of the cotton mills in Quebec the only increase in wages has been at factories where munitions are being made. From 1897 to 1910 iron and only of protective duties but of the most aenerous bounty taws ever enacted in an English speaking country, Yet during the whole period wages were as usual determined by the number of men who wanted a job and were no higher than in the United States where no bounty was paid. And, even if all figures failed form recent history establishes it beyond question-the fact that in the years 1912 to 1914 after more than a generation of experience with the protective system there were thousands of men and women out of employment walking the streets food and fuel upon public relief. The food and fuel upon pubic relief. The
tariff chiefly nffects the laborers as all other consumers, in that it raises the
prices of the commodities they must buy and secures that the money so drawn from the pockets of the common people
goes largely to swell the bank accounts goes largely to swell the bank accounts

## THE WEEKLY TOPIC

ginning January 27 is Co-operation in Actual Working-Its Achievements and Possibilities. The following notes should
have been isaued earlier, but may still be have been issued earlier, but may still be should have in its library the little green costing only 20 cents. The pages of The Guide for the past few vears furnish many pages of splendidly practical material.
The Principle of Co-operation ve business is that of apportionment of

THE GRAIN GROWERS GUIDE Manitoba





## profit on sales in proportion to the smount Af gools perchased Yrom the emal  prificle has teret followed till now vast o-operative wholease and retail businest of the United Kingriom. <br> \section*{Co-operntlon In Mantiobs}

The eecretary's report of the G.G.A. the following referenge to co-operative busines is the work of the asociation:-
The roports of eo-operative trading wili came to us from the locat lirantive tndicate a steady expanaion of this phame omportn taken at random from thome mevorts taken at handom from thom liranthen eo-operative buying to the amount of $\$ 214,006$ has been done durine the year, with an extimated saving to the purchasers of $\$ 18,741$, which gives an
ivenape trade per branch of $\$ 4,250$, with sverage trade per branch of $\$ 4,280$, with
in average saving of 8375 . Surh Toults fught to stimulate branches in which tuch work has not been attempted to launch out in the same directioh.
BEYOND THE DUCK MOUNTAINS The "trail of "98" whe followed by Yany to the diatant gold fielde of the Yukon, but in that year a goodly comed snother trail that led to pany followed snother trail that ind to lying between the Duck Mountains on the wouth sad the Porcupines on the north, the great and fertile valley of
the Swan. The road was graded in from the Swan. The road was graded in from Sifton and the steel laid as far as Cowan
in the fall of that year, but the settlers trail extended clear through to Thunder tiii. Away up on the bank of the Faveil (ablished, locally known as the tien town," Where Hugh Harley had in charge the allocation of homesteads to the in-
coming settlers. Many locations were made that season, and land taken up in different parts of the valley. One group nd thed their way to the exa the Saakat hewan boundary, south and east from Thunder Hill. Among them were the Lest Brotherk, Mr. Cotton, Mr. Ford and
Mr. Lyons. In the Fall of 1809 the Mr. Lyons. In the Fall of 1809 the and the town began to be built. The branch line running weat from Swan
River came into being in the Fall of 1906.

Courageous, far-sighted and optimistic as these pioneer settlers were, it may well be doubted if there were any among them who could have foreseen the wonderful counge hardly have imagined that the whole country from Thunder Hill to the far north-easterly extremity of the Duck Mountain, a distance of nearly 30 miles with many miles in width, would today be a cleared and cultivated territory ielding as fine a wheat crop as any grown and would bring prices ranging up to $\$ 10,000$, or that an individual farmer would in one year be shipping out $\$ 20,000$ worth of grain.
Looking south-west from Thunder Hill, three prairie towns are visibl along the line of the railway. At the
west, just a mile from the Saskatchewan boundary, is Benito, a well-built little town, with a handsome consolidated achool, two churches, an orange hall and the usual series of grain clevators along the railway, which marks the Western
town. Among these one is owned and managed successfully for a number of
years past by a company of local farmers. years past by a company of last harvest this elevator was During last harvest this elevator was
obliged to turn away 20,000 bushels of wheat which they could not handle, and
the company is looking forward to erecting the company is looking forward to erecting least 20,000 bus. capacity.
Benito in Saskatchewan is occupied by progressive, settlement of Doukhobors. Many of these have good farms, first-class modern residences and motor cars. A
large store is just being completed in Benito by a company of Doukhobors, which it is expected will be-a distributing

Beitiah Columbis fruit lande A large
thime etnore metience io slon leing erected. threstory reme report holirrto lo for the use Peter Veripes.
Some mile ofot is Durhan, which sloo
has a fine Risolidated sehool, and ten hiles northesat is Kenville, with is sucreefal co-openstive store, which is the pride of the community. The coun
try contiguous to these towns is napidly try contiguous to these towns is nopidly
leveloping. Tractans motors, modern
loussequipped sith ihe lateat in heating houssequipped with the latest in heating eystems, electrie light plants, ete, bear
vitness to the sucoes attained by the mitnes to the succes stanined loy the
farmers. Juat the other day a halfseetion of land changed hands at $\$ 20,000$. and the first subserption to the Victory
Ioan from the district wis for a similar amoun
The Weatem spirit of progress liegon early to nianifest itself in the Swan River
community. Refore any organised move community, Before any organised move-
ment in the direction of woman miftage mant in the direction of moman mufrage women at loaring River eonstituted themaelvea in to a Woman Suffrage Asocciation. And, at the present time active among the forces of progress in the sorth. The work done by R. J. Avison of Giltert Plains, in pioneering and tnembered and spoken off with cordial sppreciation. The association at slini well up to ninety, and now that surrounding diatricts have opened up, the work done which once centered there is diatributed among branches at Ravenaworth, Oakhurst, Lidstone, and Roaring River. the movement has been the creation throughout the district generally of a very pronounced spirit of political independence. If there is any , place in Canada where partizanahip has got a
jolt it is in this district. Party methods and party machines, and party heelers have small allowances made for them in downright farmers.- Some months ago
d. Dominion Flouse of Commons, and while amid the pecaliar developments of the recent Dominion situation he has for the
time withdrawn from the field, it is a sure thing that the rural community of Swan River is not going to lie down
till it has its own evily in the matter of representation in the parliament of the mation.

ANNUAL MEETING AT SILVERTON
Silverton branch held its annual meeting on December 8 . The year's ditor's report being satisfactory. Delegates to the district convention at Minnedosa gave interesting teports the transactions there. The election of
officers issued as follows: John Crers president; John Peddie, vice president;
Jos. A. Callin, secretary; Messrs. H. Cocharne, R. J. Coulter, Jno. MeIntosh,
Jno. Jackson, Jno. E. Keating and R. MeLennan, directors. The president, MeIntosh were elected delegates to the requested to plan at their first meeting for the winter's work. Silverton is alive and expects to do its, bit in the

SPRINGEIELD DISTRIOT CONVENThe district convention at Springfield was a splendidly successful gathering,
and the addresses of a specially high order. Mrs. Dr. Peek, of Transcona, and dealt with the question of food practical way that everyone who heard her was impressed with a sense of per-
sonal responsibility in the matter. She was followed by Mrs, E. C. Wieneke, of Stony Mountain, whose topic was
woman's place in the Grain Growers movement. The fundamental thesis
that men and wormen were made th work

January 30, 1918
together was illuatrated and arged is
very effective fashlen-sometimes wish incisive logle, sometimes with baster
ine paillory, snmetimes with earnest
 fait to receive some new impresuiont on
the posibilitier of the co-opefitive the poasibilities of the co-operative
ideai. H. W. Lathwell, diatrict diree tor, addreseed the convention, giving a brief setint of distries coas of the reent greater productios confevence, em: phasisisis the ated of accepting perasal
responsibility for some share of the responsibility for some share of the
work seeded to tide the empire over the crucial peritid of the next yem in the matter of food aspply
At the evening sesion, Mrs. Peek apd Mrs. Wieneke were again called on,
ite former speaking on the wis the war pledge yards and the latter on social service work to be takes up by the
women's section. IR. L. Richatyson, the wamen candidate, spoke on the present Canadias situation and the problems to be faced. On the whole, the convention was a live and interesting gath. ering, and an omen of progressive werk
for the Orain Orowers of Springfleld for the year 1918 .

TENBY ANNUAL. MEETING The outatanding feature of the Tenby anaual meeting was an addruss by A.
Andrews of Plumas. Mr. Andrewn Andrews of Plumas Mir. Andrews emphaxiasd for the succeeding penerstions each reoognixing its opportunity and responsibility in connection with the move ments of the years. He referred to the opportunity before the Grain Growes
movement in shaptng is grat future for The Dominion in the development of the West slong the lines of true social, moral and economic well-being For this it is
necestary that the local community be necesedry that the local asocociation may be the uniting elehent. Co-operation is unifying factor. If we work together and
trade together it will help us to live trace toger
together.
Mr. Andrews instaned the waste of
time and energy in the delivery systems time and energy in the delivery systems-
or lack of systems-in local towns. The same kind of waste is found in the multiplication of retailing businesses as ex emplified in many of our smaller towns and villages. He regarded it as the duty of the young men to lead us in progressive and unifying activities, making for new and higher principles. We must not be and higher principles. We must not be by critics, patiently advancing the better time which will assuredly dawn for Canada and for the world.
The secretary of the Empire local dues enclosed an order for $\$ 55$ for the M.C A. military activities, contributed s fotlows:- J. T. Davies, $\$ 10.00 \cdot \mathrm{M}$ ederson, $85.00 ; \mathrm{G}$. Fleteher, $85.00 ; \mathrm{R}$. A . Swift, $\$ 5.00 ; \mathrm{H}$. Jackson, $85.00 ; \mathrm{J}$. W.
Jackson, $\$ 5.00 ; \mathrm{W}$. Harris, $\$ 5.00 ; \mathrm{G}$. Burgess, 85.00 . Empire has a great name nd its membership is evidently determined to live up to its significance.

## CONVENTION SNAP SHOTS

 I haven't seen one fool resolution, hrough the convention vriat."Our little school section has given ten ives to the Empire's cause," was the orth "Where does that man live?" was the question may were asking after Mr. The people are on Hoey's trail with a rivimation watoun Etame It was a new feature and some of them will have completer reports next year.
An original delegate suggested that the program. Why not? We have always thought our movement big enough
to criticize itself. The speaking, and debating ability the convention. The movement is training the future leaders of our economic and public life. Watch them grow. those of the ladies from the sister provinces to the west. Our legisiat
waiting for that kind of talent
lyin line Prio and ing com

## The Organized Farmers AN HISTORICAL REVIEW

With the completion of the Canadian Pacific Railway in 1885, the territory lying to the West of Winnipeg and along the route of the newly constructed line, began to take on the semblance of a real farming community.
Prior to the completion of the road the C. P. R. had entered into an agreement with certain grain and milling interests by the provisions of which-nominally at least-the exclusive rights of constructing and operating grain elevators along the line were transferred. The result of this agreement was a complete monopoly of the grain trade of what is now known as the three prairie provinces.

Track loading and shipping in car lotg by individual farmers was an unheard of thing. If a farmer had grain to dispose of his only market was one of the elevators established on the C.P.R. line. The priee was fixed after a toll had first been paid to a railway that was operating without any competition and that had, practically, a free hand in' the matter of adjusting its freight rates and a profit paid to an elevator system. The elevator system had an absolute monopoly of the trade, and was more interested in annual dividends than in the development of the West. Probably the average price received for No. 1 Nopthern wheat during this period was around 50 cents per bushg
The men who firkt settled in Weatern Canada fought the souldepressing solitude of vast stretehes of uninhabited territory; fought frost and drought and rust and hail; made their fight without school or chureh and with seant opportunity for social intercourse ; marketed their grain, oftimes with slow moving oxen over unimproved prairie trails that were all but impassable, and then when it came to the disposing of their produce they were absolutely at the merey of an unsympathetic elevator operafor, but they were persistent, and by the year 1901 we find that grain farming had become so general throughout the West that the Canadian Pacific found itself unable to cope with the increased traffic, and a considerable part of the crop of 1901 was a total loss owing to the inability of the railway to furnish the necessary transportation facilities.
In 1902 there was a repetition of this congestion, and continued
Inding losses such as experienced in 1901 meant financial ruin and bankruptey for the men who had made untold sacrifices in establishing homes on the Western prairies. In 1901 conditions were so bad that the thinking men throughout the West began to eomprehend the seriousness of the situation. Invitations were sent out to representative men, and \& meeting was held in the town of Indian Head to consider ways and means of effeeting relief.
This meeting was one of the most important ever held in Western Canada, inasmuch as from it sprang the Territorial Grain Growers' Association that was the forerunner of the three provincial farmers' organizations of today. The first annual meeting was held at Indian Head in December of 1902.
The men who met in Indian Head were men who for years had been marketing grain through a system of elevators that absolutely dominated the grain frade from the grading of the grain to arbitrarily fixing the price; men who had suffered heavy financial losses through the railway's failure to make provision for the handling of their crop; men* driven by necessity and held together by a bond of common interest, and they immediately set to work to solve their problem. The all important task before them at this time was the moving of the 1902 wheat crop. They appointed officers, and the executive committee took the matter of transportation up with the Great Northern interests at Minneapolis and secured a promise from them of aid in moving the crop
providing traffie arrangementa could be made with the C.P.R. Armed with this promise, the C.P.R. was approached and practieally forced into making provisions for the moving of the erop. A definite promise was given by the C.P.R. that the grain weuld be moved prior to April 1st, 1903, and in some way additional rolling stock and locomotives were seeured. The crop was moved, and thousands of dollars saved for the farmers of Manitoba and the North Weat Territories, and the first lesson learned.
They did suceeed in getting the 1902 crop moved without lows, and they did it by combining their forees and, using their united influence, bringing a pressure to bear that would have been absolutely imposaible acting individually.
In 1903 the Manitobs Grain Growers' Asnociation came into being, and the two organizations took unto themselves the task of readjusting the grain trade according to the needs of the men who were producing the grain. In 1903 track loading was unheard of, hospital elevators were employed to doctor off grade wheats, Fort William grading was little less than a farce, mixing and skinning of grades was regularly practiced, the elevator interesta had an absolute monopoly of the grain trade, and these men started in with a determination that could have been engendered by years of continued abuse only, and the result of the combined effort is the Manitoba Grain Aet as it now stands on the statute books.
The Manitoba Grain Act is a unique piece of legislation. From clause one on the first page to the last paragraph on the baek Clause one on the first page to the last paragraph on the back
cover, clause by clanse the farmers' interest is ever held as the prime consideration. Provision has been made for the apecial binning of grain in elevators, for loading of grain into cars by individual farmers, for equitable distribution of ears during the periods of shortages, for forcing railways to build loading platforms, licensing and bpnding of elevator companies and buyers of grain, for the allocation of elevator or warchouse sites without preference, for reinspeetion of grain on request, and for payment of screenings in case of dockage. The hospital elevator was abolished and the mixing of grades was prohibited.
As is the case with all legislation, the provisions of the Manitobs Grain Aet are not alwayn rigidly adhered to, and farmers atill have, oftimes, just cause for complaints as to treatment received from line elevators, on grades, dockage, ete., but the law is on the statute book, and simply by using ordinary precautions the interests of the farmer are safeguarded. The law is there. The Board of Grain Commissioners must investigate all complaints and prosecute at public expense where the investigation reveals illeprosecut
galities.
The Manitoba Grain Act stands as the Grain Growers' great charter of liberty, and as the firat of many notable achievements of the farmers' organizations.
(To be Continued.)
Watch this page of The Guide next week.

Never has there been a time in the history of the agrieultural development Never has there been a time in the history of the agran all embracing organiza-
of Western Cana when the need for a thorough and of Western Canada when was so imperative. Never had there. been a time when the prospects for effecting permanent and fundamental reforms were when tright. Nrosper had there been a time when organized capital was more -alert and aggressive, and conditions demand that every man interested in the permanent improvement of conditions on our Western farms should join one of the farmers' associations, and by so doing place himself in a position where he ean make his influence felt. This means strenuous organization work on the part of the Association.

## HOW CAN IT BE DONE?

The coupon in the corner of this page, filled in and addressed to ws at Winnipeg, will secure for any interested individual full detalls of this plan. Now is the time to do effective work. Bend the coupon in TODAY.

## Grain arowers' aulde,

Winnipeg, Men.
Plose aend detalle of the plan that you aUARANTEK will deuble the memberahlp
of the Farmery Organizations, to
We believe that if the interests of Western Agriculture are to be safeguarded in the "after-the-war settlement" that must be made, the membership of the three farmers' organizations must be materially inereased. We-the Guide-have formulated a plan, which if accepted to every local membership of the Association.
ponmtes fol the convention Oow hig Cosvention will be beld at The Metropelitas. ellomb, in Morgiss, (eneway) tieket from your starting peist to liogisas aloo veure a stan dand certiscate, which all sagesto are instroted to ifros os requet. If thers is no agest at your station, retais the condsetor's, reeipt for the fare paid than she line of railmay, follow the came plan with eaeh railway.
In in shomotely necesary to do this is onder to sewre reloced rate for the
retern trip. Wis are savied that the railusy compasies will not give the aseal free returs this year, but the re
turn will be soet third of the siaple fare
 Att fares witt be pooted sis frovided by it Repins. No refund on fares will be mede becases of failore of delegntes to obtain certificates. If holders of eertikeates returs befote the certificates have been validatel, no refund will be maie. Delopates buying a retarn tieket eansot seesre a refund, bot will, mevertheless, be liable for the pool rate thet they will got the beacfi of the re: doced return fare. Tiekets may be purchaned from yoor local agent on or after Febracry s, not bafore, and will be rood for
ary 10.

## At Regtas

When you arrive at Regim, the frot thing is to ${ }^{\text {º }}$ to the secommodation Bureas, mhies is maintained by the foor of the MeCthom-Hill Builling. Searth 8treet, one bloek south of the poet office.
After you have been asmigned to your place of secommodation, proteed to the Metropolitan church, we the find the registration office in the base ment of the eharek. When registering surrender your credential card, properiy filied in, with the amount of fares paid Aleo tura in your standard certifieate of eondactor's reeeipt. In exehange for this yoa will receive a programme, a badge, voting and and receip keep this eheek, for without it youlean not weeare your certificate entiting you to redaced retarn fare. In ease your certifceate eloek should be lont, your voting card would help you in getting ine mattar adjusted.
Delegates will register at two siparate desks; at one desk, those the name I inclusive; at the other desk thore the namen of whone locals begin with $M$ to z. Visitors will all register at one eeparate deak.
Fuir information will be given from the platform as to when your standard

## THE GRAIN GROWERS GUIDE

## Saskatchewan

Pacitively ao amoking will be allowed
oe the eharch premiec.
Frompt and careful observance of
these pointers will greatly facilitate
ear conveston arrangements, and also
sid an in making our convention the
saecess we all depire.
Banner Competition
Do not forget the banser compet:
tion. All baisers is posseston of tovals should be brought to the convention, even if not entered in the eompetition. They should be displayed anyway.

CONVENTION HONOR ROLL It is the intention of the execative of the $8.0 .0 . \mathrm{A}$, again to have an homor poll at the approaehing convention at
named should be enclosed, with name written plainly on the hack, together with the sadreses to whieh it is to be returned. These photos will be retermel after These photos will be retarnel after ones, as the time is ahort.

TOURIRT CARB TO CONVENTION Do you wish as to arrange a fourist ear for your delegates and visitersi If so, please have yoar secretary notify
as at ence. If we are advised by
If as at ence. at, we ean arrange by pebrial Kourist cars to be put at the disposal of those coming from different points slong the different lines of rail. way. Bot you must set quiekly to make sure of this arrangement.

Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association<br>CONVENTION<br>Regina, February 12, 13, 14 and 15

featare at the Moose Jaw Convention last year, the immense list of names and the large portrait gallery of men who had enlisted for service being a great attraction to the delegates. $X$ cireular to all secretaries has just beel hether with a form asking for the rames of enlisted men, with the year enlisted, and partienlars of killed, wounded, missing, and honors gained. The eircular follows:-
The central executive is again de vention of giving recognition at the conisention at Regina on February 12 to onlisted in the service of the empire It is therefore requested that you fur nish the Central with the information zasked for on th
ly as possible.
Kindly take pains to secure this information as accurately as yon can without any delay, but do not fail to report the name of every member, former member, or son of a member who has enlisted, whether you can supply the rest of the information or not. charge of $\$ 1.00$ per day, plus war tax, for each berth will leave a safe mar gin, provided ail berths are taken.
Hesides asing these tourist ears for the coming and going trip, they may the coming and going trip, they may the convention. This would help to re dation in Regina at this time when the ity will be crowded.
If you ean arrange for a party of 27 , or if you are willing to guarantee the 425 per day, please notify us of the
name of the railway station to whiel you wish the tourist car sent, and the time your train will leave for Regina.

Superintendent of Organization.
organize your graanizers As our members will already be bers is to be carried through in the

## The Rein-Drive Tractor

Controlled with Reins just like Horses will be DEMONSTRATED during Convention week, February 11-16, and continuously thereafter at

## Regina

It is sure to be one of the attractive features of the
Convention
See our illustrated advertisement in next week's issue. Members, friends and all interested are cordially invited to come and see it in operation.
handled exclusively by THE
Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association
Regina
Sask.

January 30, 1918
wast to sersue a large number of nem nambers We feel that the memberathip of ortr. Tmeliatian is not nearly what it thould be, and we ask your
tion in this impertant effort.
tion in this important effort. at ircrease your memberaip very arcely it or treble itf our plan io for. oon to divite the fitt mhtht you re fard as belonging to your local into (wo or mote vections, and appoint opecial committee to casvass al res. dents in each seetion. This committer Ghould make a thorongh eanvas she then reporn the local stould bo saked. make a report at lesat every three months to the ateretary of our com mittee who will is turn report to the Central office. The seecetasy of our district will give some proper moogni-
tion for the best work done by the tion for the best work done by the
different committees of sank loend. Th. Central office will aloo reeognive thdistrict whieh does the best organiza tion work o fo far there is only on-
local in diatriet No. 11 that has every local in district No. 11 that has every
farmer nit farmerts mife, formersons and daughters, and hired men on their membernhip, roll. The name of this loeal is the Drammond Creek G.6.A But there is nothing to provent all
other locals aceomplishiag the name re other locals aceomplishing the same re
salt if they will get buay on the fob sult if they will get buay on the fob
"We ask yos to bring this matter of at your next meeting and appoint you Committees and get them to work committee to John Weeson, secretary Maidetone, Sask, also advise the Cen tral office of what you are doing tha they may give your plass publieity an thus encourge other locals. Our dis triet is going to a great deal of ex pense in this efforh, and we want the barnest co-operation of every socretary and of every member. Let us eseb do meetings in your loeal, eall a apecia meeting and pive this matfer your bes attention, and let us hear from yoi. C. DAVIESI, 'District Director WEsson,

PATRIOTIC CONTRIBUTIONE Belgian Relief Fund
Thir following is a list of contritu tions to the Belgian Relief Fumd ceived at the Central from locals of
the S.G.C.A. since the last list was published: - Cardell, 835 ; Lanigan 815.40; North Gully, 87.45 ; Kalamazoo.


The Grain Growers' OWN
Gopher Killer
Not MADE FOR PROFIT MADE To KLIL COPHERS

Our packet contains MORE
POISON than any other similar
product. Don't pay more for a
big packet with your Local Secretary
Saskatchewan Grain Grovers Association

LO Examin Write $\stackrel{10 r}{N}$ Farmer

Mat
Regina

Hig Luml Va month of February. We want 15,000 new members as the result of this cam-
paign in February alone, and we want another 15,000 before the end of the present year. This plan originated at
the North Battleford Distriet Convention, and Distriet No. 11 is taking the lead. How many of the remaining 15 distriets are ready to follow fead Distriet No. 11 have to say on the matter, and then get on the job. Re
member, the suceess of this acheme pends upon you. The letter follows:Distriet No. 11 eonvention, which met at North Battleford on December 4 and 5, furnished the inspiration for our bigg recruiting campaign which is being in-
augurated for the month of February. augurated for the month of February.
It was the address of P. M. MeCaffey, of Roekhaven, on the subject of organiation which resuited in the plan of is likely to have far-reaching results. tary, and the sub-organizers of the dis. triet will constitute a committee whie work in Distriet No. 11 and undertake double their membership during 1918. An Inspiring Letter
The following letter is being sent To hell seeretaries in the district:-
The members of the organization committee of Distriet No. 11 are co operating with the Central office in the
speeial campaign for inereased men
bership during the

## Grain Growers!

Make Yourselves at Home at the

Regina Trading Co's Store
regina


## NORTH STAR DRILLING CO.



## Lawson's Shoe Store

## Alberta Farmers' Parliament

A Record Convention---1,800 in Attendance-..Membership Fee Increased-..W. H. Wood re-elected

Never before has wach a large, earneat aed generally esthuaiastic representa tios of farmers Mathered in Afberta an
met in the First Fhaptiat Clumplh os Janmet is the Fime haptiat Churnh es Jas-
uary is for the 10th snnual cosvention uary the Uor the Moth annual convention of the United Farmers of Alberts.
There were at lesat 1,200 delegates
Vo No previose year exemeded 750 , There
were almost as many more visitors and st lesat 600 of these sttended the reg-
vise seisions so that rarely whs the namber of people in the constantly jammed eharch lese than 1,00 . This and of Alberta.
The U.F.A. Is an ofrganisation that
breathes the spirft of democraey in a bresthes the opirit of democracy in a
very real manner. Knthusiasm rans high and feeling is often very pronouncel but there is always a moderating judgment whiel keepe equity and tolerance
to the foregrousd and its patriotiam io as its deregroused and its patriotism is ns ite demecracy, something to be felt
rather than heard "like some deep and
vilent foming river, safe and savigable rather than heard
silent fowing river, safe and navigable
to those who know its hidden ehannels to those who know, its hidden ehannels
and have mastered the seeret of its and have mastered the secret of its
atill swift eurrent. .'. To those who metroure it by the birometer of blatancy it most remain a elosed book, Its spirit has sot ehanged, but is the same satis-
factory progresive nstional and international one it has been in the past. national one it has been in the past. This was well exemplitied is the prest same even tenor and broad interest as in previous years,
The convention opened with God gave
the King, followed by the invocation the King, followed by the invocation by Rev. J. A. Huntley, pastor of the
Frat Baptiat church which no kindly Firnt Baptiat church which mo kindly opened its doors to the delegates. He
also weleomed them, and the ladies of
the congregation did everything posthe eongregation did everything pos-
sible for the eomfort of the delegates sible for the in remard to meals. Indeed, In this matter Calpary royally welcomed and entertained the convention. Acting Mayor Ruttle welcomed the delegates to the eity.
Promier Stewart Addresses Convention Hon. Chas. Btewart, premier of A1berta, honored the convention with the frst speech on the programme. He at-
tributed most of his political success to tributed mont of his political success to. keeping in elose touch with the people.
He believed agriculture the paramount induatry in the province and as such industry in the province and as such lation. He asked for, the fullest eooperation of the U.F.A. in helping him give the beet service to the province. He anticipated advanced legislation on public health at the next session along the lines requested by the U.F.A. Mr. Stewart specially appealed for the
patriotie fund, of which $\$ 800,000$ is to patriotic fund, of which in the province this year, and be raised in the province this year, and
his appeal met with an enthusiastic reception. He believed this essentially Dominion rather than a provincial obligation, bot since it had again been decided to raise it in the same manner we must do all humanly possible to dis-
charge our full duty to the soldiers in charge our full duty to the soldiers
the trenches.
Greetings From the U.F.W.A.

Greetings From the U.F.W.A. this issue. Mre. Walter Parlby, presithis issue. Mrs. Waiter Pariby, presi-
dent of the United Farm Women of Al-
berta, whose sddress to that body is berta, whose address to that body is
given elsewhere in this issue, also brought greetings to the men's meeting.
Growth of membership in the U. F. W.A. Growth of membership in the U.F.W.A.
had been slower than desirable, partly on account of the great amount of extrid outside work farm women had
On account of the impossibility On account of the impossibility of domestic help she urged that the the duty from all labor-saving devices for the farm home as well as from other
farm machinery. She urged the formafarm machinery; She urged the forma-
tion of women's locals without delay. The social and spiritual problems of
rural districts could never be solved without the aid and sympathy of th
rural women themelves.

## Mra. Pariby urged the matter

 chool feld days. At the sechool fiel day in her distriet last year somethise echool winning mpet peints was piven ehool winning ment peints wae given This is to be competed for each year, the name of each year's winner beingplaced on the shield. This year it was woa by a little rural school competing aminat two eonsolidated seliools and one two-teselher village sehool. The womes's section is working to have over
local represented by a farm boy at con ocel represented by a farm boy at con ference for boys of teen age conference for teen age girls on similar Hines has been promised for the spring:
This is belng organized by the UniverThis is being organized by the Univer
sity Women's Club of Edmonton. These sity Women's Club of Edmonton. These conferences will help to develop young caders, hailly needed in the organima
tion. All the locals shodld lase junior tion. Als
Mach Ited Cross and other patriotic fand work had been done during the year. Mra. Parlby drew a graphic pie-
ure of the pitifol condition of some of ture of the pitiful condition of some of
the war sufferers and made a powerful the war aufferers and made a powerfol
appeal for the payment of the debt of frosor all owe to the men is the type of being could ignore.
Rev. Major G. W. Kerly made an appeal to the convention for the support of the organization in the enforcement
of the Military Service Act. R. B. Benof the suked for sll the assistance posaible
stitution to this effect carried with only two dimenting rotes among 1200. There was a great burst of enthusiasm over this, Neveral speakers emphasized the work and of earrying on more progres. wive educational work both from an individual and as organisation stand point. Only by more money could this
be done. There should be some one be done. There should be some one
travelling to explain many things to travellisg to explain many things to
the locais and the young mes should the locain and
te stirted "fp
inf rae aend giteat event of the morning was the unanimasus re-election of II. W. Wood as president. Never was
there a grander burst of applause is a farmers organisation than the ovation tendered Mr. Wood. There wns not s dissenting volce: nothing bot a reiterated chorus of wild applause and eheers, Mr. Wood made a fiting reply; Oppor-
tunities for other kinds of figh service had come to him daring the year bot no position in the gift of the people that of president of the United Farmers of Alberta. He liked the work and believed that whatever qualifications he had for helping the common people fitted better into his present office than any other he knew. He realized the in all candor, "I have tried at all times to serve the best interests of this organiration. I have always aeted ascording to my interpretation of the right and I
will never willingly do a thing that is

## UNITED FARMERS OF ALBERTA OFFICERS FOR 1918

The following officers were elected at the II PA. ennvention in Calzary for the ensuing year: President, H. W. Wood, Carstairs; first vicepresident, P. Baker, Ponoka; secend vice-president, W. D. Trego,
Gleichen: third vice-president, J. W. Leady, Whitecourt: fourth vicepreaident, Rice Sheppari, Eitmonton, Directors: Bow River, $G$. $A$.
Forster, Pandora: East and West Calgary, William Lowe, Crossfield; Battle Aiver, H. E. Spencer, Edgerton; MacLeod, S. S. Sears, Nanton lethbriden, T. G. Kine, Raymon Vietoria, F iv Smith, Sedzewiek East and West Edmonton, Joshua Fletcher, Grand Prairie: Strathoona,
C. W. Carroll. Ledue; Red Deer, Joseph Stauffer, Olds; Medicine Hat, W. W. Harris, Fairacres.
in the carrying on of the work of the Red Cross Rev. S. W. Fallis, representing the chairman of the Methodiat Asrociation of Alberta, brought greet-
ings from that association. W. Brent, of the Calgary Y.M.C.A., told of the great work of that association at the
ront. Twenty-flve thousand dollar front. Twenty-five thousand dollars worth of magazines and one million sheets of writing paper monthty were
distributed, among other things, to men distributed, among other things, to men
overseas. A building costing $\$ 75,000$ is overseas. A building costing $\$ 75,000$ is now being erected on the Strand, for the Canadian Y.M.C.A. The associatio the work of vocational education durin the period of post war reconstruction. Dr. Torrey, of Edmonton university, is now establishing university work amon, soldiers overseas. A new home has been started in Switzerland, where Canadian soldiers can be taken and enjoy Cana lian winter sports during convalescence the work of the Y.M. had been possible only through the foundation established by the local branches like that in Cal
gary. Over 600 members from Calgary are in uniform today. The convention Was most agreeably entertaifed follow=wne

## Membership Fee to be Doubled

 Tuesday evening the delegates weroyally entertained by the eity of Cal kary and board of trade'at a dance in AI Azhar Temple. Wednesday morning standing importance. The first was a decision to raise the annuar membership fee to two doliars, After some slight
discussion a motion to amend the con
wrong just because it might prove popular with a certain class or section of
the membership. I appreciate the honor from the bottom of my heart and I consider it second to none in the D

## minion. <br> Hall Insurance Discussed

The third important event of this
session was the introduction of the hail session was the introduction of the hail
insurance discussion. The report of the insurance diseussion. The report of the
board of directors said: "Your board, after consultation with a committee from the hail insurance board of
Alberta, have worked out a foint seheme which appears to ns a practical solution of this phase of the hail insurance problem, and the same will be submitted at this convention." E. H. Malcolm, chairman of the hail insurance board, explained the new plan suggested. He traced very briefly the growth of hail
insurance. Some were doubtless di insurance. Some were doubtless d insurance, but hè did not believe "thale the lies told were true, " He quoted figures on the total hail insurance done companies on 594,493 acres, wrote $\$ 3,665,574$. In 1917 over 20 companies on $\$ 20,000,000$. The experience of hail in$\$ 20,000,000$. The experience of hail in-
surance companies had been about as

## Year Companies Premiums Losses and

## $1913 \quad 10 \quad * 302,929 \quad \begin{gathered}\text { Expense } \\ \$ 1914 \\ \$ 11\end{gathered}$

 $\begin{array}{rrrr}1914 & 11 & 381,496 & 385,646 \\ 1916 & 20 & 1,237,349 & 1,381,726\end{array}$
## Total $\ldots . . . \$ 1,921,774, \$ 2,071,451$ In 1917 the same story was generally

 hail insurance board had written $\$ 26$,400,000 tetal husiness at at tetal cot ar losses and expenses of $\$ 1,880,000$. Thu forre elighths per cent. The claims of all four years had been paid in foll and all indebtedness diacharged at the bank. Whereas in the four years ending and ineledise 1917, the manieipal hait in farsace board paid claims of $81,504,000$ ht a total ecent, inclading loans, of h1,050,000 or a total cost of about sil und three eighths per cent., insurance Written by the line companies for the The fouf years totalled $826,400,000$. The premiams on this coet eight and one Tnder the munieipal eo-eperative pla at the rate of six and three eighthe pe cent. operated by the board the coat
would have been $\$ 1,680,000$, a saving to would have been $\$ 1,680,000$
the farmers of $\$ 564,000$.

## Three Tactors of New Plan

The new plan propesed three prime factors of outstanding importance. Mrst, a flat rate of amesament on crop
ped area only over the entire province Ped area only over the entire province
The old plan was a flat rate on all lan The old plan was aliat rate on all land asestment on the eropped area. In
1914 the moner derived from the fint 1914 the money derived from'the fhat
rate was considerable but reeently this rate was considerable but recently thi has become quite negligible. The new
plan wonld not strike the small man plan would not strike the amall man
with a little acreage so heavily sa the with a little acreage so heavily as. the
old rate and would be decidedty more old rate and woald be decidedy more equitable even though it would perhap bear a little less heavily on those wh
are purely speculators. Secondly, the are purely speculators. Secondly, the eliminated by permitting withdrawal Thiminated, the board would have to provide against delays in payment. Previously it had no power of borrowing except fo administration purposek. No money eould be borrowed for payment of claims. If the competition of private companies was to be met payment The board, he believed, could show the The board, he believed, could show the banks by its annual statemente had been paid and the muni cipalities had made good. He believed that the banks would give the proper redit. The Government would be aake
 struck on the area under erop after al losser 1 Mr. Malcolm said that on a tober 1. Mr. Nalcolm said that on ail
average of $6,000,000$ acres with m total insurance at $\$ 36,000,000$ the actual cost per year would be $\$ 2,291,111$. Adding a fifteen per cent. surplus of. $\$ 343,66$ (or a safe margin this would make total premium at the rate of less than seven and a half per cent. Resolution embodying the essential parts of the ew plan were submitted by the boar of directors as foliows and passed sep
arately and in toto:-

## Municipal Co-operative Hail Insurance

 Resolved that the following outline of a municipal co-operative hail insur ance scheme be presented to the tenthannual convention of the U.F.A. for iscussion and adoption.
Clause 1.-That we favor a Hail In surance scheme in which the income
shall be derived from the crop area shall be derived from the crop are
only, the rate of levy for income shail be made by the hail insurance board of a sufficient rate per acre to pay the indemnity, the adminisi act not less than 10 per cent. and not more than 20 per
cent. of the indemnity of that year provided that when the surplus shal have totalled eight per cent. of the levy for this purpose shall cease until below said eight per cent. Clause 2.-That we favor an organiza ppointed representatives of the muni appol units shall at an annual meeting elect a board of directors under whose
supervision the plan shall be carried out.

Splendid
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# U.F.W.A. Forging Ahead 

## Splendid Year's Work Reported--.Many Inspiring Addresses Heard---Important Resolutions Passed

Usprecelented progres was the key. note of the amnual convention of the Colgary en Junuary $23,23,24$ and 23, whieh three years ifyo mas. as oxper: ment, is tolay joutifying ise foith of ite pioneers. Yrom a very small boly of pomen who ottended the convention of the Uvited Farmers of Alberts with their hasbiands and who aut the meed
for deffito and defined setion smone for deffite and defloed aetion among
farm womes, this naclesu has grown to
 soch proportione that it is ranked The congation beld last weok, and whieb "deseccomfral beyond apets: tlian, he but mn indication of the dior tiagriath form somportant platere the the bailiting up of the west.
bulding up of the west.
The opening sessios of the conven. tios was held is conjunctios with that of the United Farmers asoeliation. Tha women's convention proper opened on Mrs. Kirly, president of the Calgary toeal Council of Women eonveyed to the farm women greetings of welcome
from her organization. The presideat's address and the report of the secretary were read. Both showed a year of
splendid progrees and high endeavor and are printed in full elsewhere in The Gulde, In the sfternoon the delegates and visitors were, entertained informally to tea in the Palliser. This
happy function served to banish formality and to ereate a real and friendly convention spirit, which -was carried
throughout.

Mra. Parlby Again Preadent
Wednesday morning's session was, opened by the reading of the directors' reports. These reports showed "aso lape the greatest marked endeavor was along patriotic lines. These reports will appear in The Guide at a later date in
full. After the directors' reports the full. After the directors reports the
election of president and vicepresident took place. Miss Jean Reid of Alix, president. Mrs. Walter Parlby of Alix was re-elected president by neclamation. There was not a dissenting voice and the woman who has so ably earried the organization through three years of
strenuous work. Mrs. J. H. Ross, of


## Work Among Girls

The address of the morning session was given by Miss Montgomery of the extension department, University of Al-
herta. Miss Montgomery's attendance berta. Miss Montgomery's attendance vention and her address this year was
especially appreciated. Miss Montespecially appreciated. Miss Mont-
gomery spoke as a representative of the Eimonton Women's University club on work that organization is undertaking for the teen-age girls of Alberta. Miss Montgomery pointed out that the in-
screasing number of girls who are being thrust into positions of responsibility
and truat makes imperative greater and and trust makes imperative greater and more expert training. The speaker
pointed out that the aims of the University elub were the promoting of higher
edueation for women. An edneational committee had been appointed to inAlberta and report to the club. The with the sehools of Edmonton, the second year with the education of the
mentally defective, and this, the third year, to an endeavor to promote higher country were a problem which deeply concerned the members of this comi
mittee. Conditions are such that the vast majority of country girls are forced to leave school with a very
meagre education. The-need for a fourfold education, physical, mental, spirit-
ual, and service, was recognized. Conual, and service, was recognized. Con-
ferences are taking care of this four-
ebmmittee decided that a similar move. ment among girls might be an excellent berisning. report of the committec and suthorised it to proced with any plans it might hearty support received from the orgas. iantions Whose co-operntion was oought. They inctuded ehurehes of all denomin.学ions, the departmert of edonation, the Y.W.C.AS, the Usited Farm Womes, the Women's Institute, I.O.D.E., and the busines institutions pmploying women. The Dominion Y,W.C.A. couneil wss communiested with is regard to a girle: Work secretary for Alberts. The apeaker anid that to the committee's ourprise
they learnel that the Alterts Fadented they learnel that the Alberta Federated
Bundsy \&ehool Ameristien Bunday Sehool Association had been Working along a similar line. Bhe said that at the present time the University Club with ita co-operating aocieties and
the Felerated 8 . A. A. the Federated 8.A.A. were trying to amaluamate the two plans and make possible a feasible conference seheme. Ausisy School Association made the as. Ruaday Sehool Asaociation made the as-
nouncement that the first girls' confer. ence would be held in Calgary in Easter weak.

At the Wednesday afternoon sesalon

## UNITED FARM WOMEN OF ALBERTA OFFIOERS FOR T918

The fololwing officers were elected at the U.F.W.A. Convention at caal-
gary for the ensuig year, Hon. President, Miss Jean Reld, Allix, regary for the ensuing yeari Hoh. President, Miss Jean Reld, Allx, re-
elected by acclamiation; president, Mrs. Waiter Parlby, Alix, re-elected by acelamation: vice-president, Mrs. J. H. Ross, Duhamel. Directors: Kast and West Edmonton and Stratheons, Mrs. Geo. F. Root, Wetaskiwin: Vetoria, Mrs, J. H. Ross, Duhamel; MeLeod, Mrs. Marioni L. Sears, Nan-
ton: Medicine. Hat and Lethbridge, Mrs, Ralph Davey, Jenner and Mrs. ton: Medicine Hat and Lethbridge, Mrs, Ralph Davey, Jenner and Mrs,
Paul Carr, Birdsholme; Bow River, Mrs. Jean Stevenson, Graigmyle; Paul Carr, Birdsholme; Bow River, Mrs. Jean Stevenson, Craikmyle;
Fast and West Calgary and Red Deer, Mr. A. M. Lucas, Garstairs; East and West Galgary and Red Deer, Mrs. A. M. Lucas, Carstairs;
Battleford, Mrs. A. M. Postans, Heath and Mrs. Alice E. Dowler, Veteran.

Mise Mary Maclsaac, superintendent of the Alberta Women's institutes, con-
veyed the greetings of that organimveyed the greeting of that organim-
tion to the United Farm Women. She spoke of the splendid contributions spoke of the splendid contributions
both were making to the rural life of both were making to the rural life of
the province and wished the U.F.W.A.
Mra. S. V. Ifaight, vice-president of the W.S.G.G.A. brought greetings from told of the splendid work farm women of Saskatehewan were doing and pain high tribute to the splendid co-opera. tion existing between the two organiza-
tions. Mrs. Haight's address was in tions. Mrs. Haight's addres
structive and inspirational.
Women in Politios
Mrs. Lonise C. McKinney, M.L.A. for Claresholm, gave an excellent addres on Women in Politics, She said that Women were now on the inside of politieal circles and were no longer merely on the outside looking in. The speaker said that the beginning of the whole
broadening sphere of women's endesvor broadening sphere of women's endeavor came when they received saducations you educate a people you can no longer keep that people in subjection." she
said that the ideal of the new womanhood was a womman who wished only to be of service to humanity. Polities in the science of government. For
womes her entry into polities containel no new experience. It was merely a
little enlarging of vision, really house. liteeping on a national basis. She pointed out several contributions which women will bring into the political world. The first she said wis themselves, just the
fact that women were there would be of fact that women were there would be of
inestimable influence. Another contripution is her persistence. Had the pioneer women not persisted the men would never have remained in the country.
A splendid point Mrs. MeKinney made A splendid point Mrs. MeKinney made in her address was the great need for motrength so that it be spread over a long strength so that it be spread over a long is few. A mother had no moral right
to wear heraelf out st ence. Womes would bring loyslty to polities! leyalty not to partisan politics but to ligh
prineiple. Then lergely they would priseiple. Then largely they wowla perience. Womes were the etonomists perience. Women were the efosomists
int home, why could they ant briag that of home, why could they not briag that
experience to the wider fleld of antional experience to the wider fleld of mational
financef she pointed out that womet
 out aooner or later running into finance. Bhe tosehed at length on quentions of social disesser, temperance, the equal standard of morald and the problem of the mental defective. Is eoneluling her address Mrs. MeKinaey asked that momen briag joat themselves te political ife.

Problems of "One-Roomed Bchools Thursiays morning's flrst address was by Mise Holmes, of the Ripley Behoel Distriet nesr Alix, on What the Raral Behool ean do with Particular Reference to Hot Lanches. Mis Holmes is the lescher of a one-roomed rural sehool Whieh is making a wonderful suecese of valuable in that light alid from the faet valuable in that light and from the faet
that she is setually engaged in the that she is sctually engaged is the ander what were once adverse and
discouraging eireumstances. In her
present a solid front againat evil and immorality. We seed a larger viales
for we know that me national, acelal, for we know that me national, soelal,
private or proviscia) life tha enlat private or provincial life tas oxiat onmentiosed revent tempers: mentioned recent tempersase legislation. Alsce: the Allerta temperande logiala. tion has heen emacted the ajeaker polat
ed out that the eonsumptios of figest in this provisce had bees redued 75 per cent. and that the number of srreets for drunkenas thed been redsent of per cent. Oloristmas retall bualsess whis direct result, higher than last yeert direct result,
tempersace
briefly $e$ er Ieplalation. Mr. Ooone tempetancianisd the receat Dominion that a large legisiation and polated out coming yarge extent of the work of the comingyear will be the enforsing of the lawn pheed on the statute book. If
dwelt on ehild welfare and ateted a dwelt on ehild Welfare and quoted
retary of War Baker as asying. retary of War Baker as asying." cracie is ieore dangerous than the irenakes, the colaier in the treneh ha in the eradle has," M. Copene bab. briefly on the ancial dianses bet thi oriefly on the nocial diseasee but thin
was taken up very fally by Dr, Kiseale He announced a series of Baby. Weifare Weeks for Alberta for the apring. Preventable Diseases
Dr. Lincols, president of the Alberta Metleal Amociation apoke on the matter of ipublie health, II ads adres was in-
struetive and fearlese and presented in atructive and feariess and presented it no ancertain terms the publie health
situation as it is teday. Dr. Difnaoln sald that diseases to which homas fleeh was hair might be deflined inte threr lamen!
1.-Those dieesses whieh are heredi. tary, whith whieh people are born and over which they have no control. These diseases are montly mental.
2.-Those diseases which are inevit-
able and so far uncontrollable surh as able and so far uncontrollsble sueh as old age, cancer and scelidents.
3.-Preventable diseases, it is these liseases with whieh publie hesith and sanitation have to do. Dr. Lineola mid If the people demand a progreasive policy in health matters they must be prepared to foot the bill. He said that more persons have died from pre-
ventable diseases sinee the beginnise ventable diseases sinee the beginaniay of the war than have been killed at the
front. He stated that doring 1916 . 1,200 babies under one year of age died $1,200 \mathrm{babies}$ under one year of age died
in Alberta and poesibly 600 or 800 died needlessly, Untralned mothers, dirty milk, flies, filth and wrong methods of feeding were responsible for the large number of needless deaths.
In dealing with infections diseases Dr. Ifncolng onid that the siffe-guarding of the publie rested with the publie Whooping ceugh and mesales were more fatal than dipltheria. Mortality of women during pregnancy was very bigh in Alberta.
foreign momen who did number wen themselves adequate medieal provide so themselves adequate medieal and nars ing attention, and second, many comme freilities, Dr. Ifinceln pointed ont the tubereulosis carried off s large number of persons and that for every death from tubereulosis there were from eight to ten people sulfering from the disease. He spoke briefly on the new sanitarien which has been promised to Alberta Two things were absolutely necensary to consider in the choosing of a site for such a building, firat, a harge tract af good farming land, and neeond, that i be easily accessible and neer some large centre of population.
Dr. Lincoln spoke long and plainly on the subject of venereal diseases, quention that is very mueh to the fore these days. In explanation of the dis eases he said that they ware infeetion or germ diseases, transmissible from on person to another. They are especially difficult diseases to eope with. It wat
very difficult to know how widespresi the disesses were, but that it is said a conservative estimate is that between 50 and 60 per eest. of the sdult mate

Continued bn Paee 43

## Farmers' Financial Directory

## THECANADIANBANK OF COMMERCE


 CAPITAL PAID UP, $\$ 15,000,000$. RESERVE FUND $\$ 13,500,000$ BANKING SERVICE
This Bank prpvides every facility for the prompt and effiolent transaction of afl kinds of banking business.

## Wheat at ${ }^{5} 2.21$ and Farm Lands






2,400 AOMES AT ONLY \$27.80 PER ACRE of which about $\mathrm{f}, 400$ scres are culuvated, 100 acres of tham being in summerof which atousive fencing, excellent house, barns and granary, and magnificent
 inprove. Apply te
THE STANDARD TRUSTS COMPANY
sse mam staEET
Administraters

## Your Responsibility

TTHE feeling of responsibility which the true officer has for the lives of his soldiers grows in intensity as he gets to know' cnd love his men, and deserves their devotion in return

Every truo man protects his wife and children ovoa though the offence be ocly an injuriots word. His foeling of responsibillty for his loved ones grows with the years.

Too often ho realizes when it is too late that he desires his responsibility for their care to continue after he has passed eway.
Wealth may come and go. The most certain way to discharge your responsi bility is by means cf Life Insurance.

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The terms of Mutual Policies are liberal and include every modern feature

Write for folder entitled, "Fifty Fundamental Facts."

The Mutual Life<br>Assurance Company of Canada Waterloo, Ontario

NOVA BCOTLA BANE REPORTB The Bank of Nova Beotia, the annaal statemest. of which sppears in this fo-
sue, is the second oldest bask is Canada sue, is the aecond oldest bank is Canada
is active operation. This is the sects is active operation. This to the share statement to be submitted to the share to be one of iseressing strength and of succesaful and aggresaive managrement. Profits for the year amonnted to 01,295 , 315 an inerease of 933,271 over those of 1916, which, added to the \$554,954 brought forward from. the previous yeurs, made $81,578,960$ avaliable for distribution. Of this sum 9910,000 was taken to pay the usual dividend; $-065,000$ was paid an a war tax on circulation;
contributions totalling $\$ 44,700$ were contributions fotainisg ow,roo were funds; $\$ 50,000$ to the officers' pension fund and 8150,000 was written off bank premises. A donation of $\$ 100,000$ out of the year's profite was made to the Halifax relief fund. These appropriations left $\$ 560,270$ to be carried over into the current year as andivided profits. The eapital and reserve renains un-
ehanged at $\$ 8,500,000$ and $\$ 12,000,000$ changed at $\$ 6,500,000$ and $\$ 12,000,000$
for the year. The circulation on Dec for the year. The cireulation on Dee-
ember 31 stood at $812,171,423$ an isember 31 stood at $812,171,423$, an increase of over $\mathbf{D i n}, 000,000$ for the year. bearing, are greater by $\$ 16,513,000$ than the year previous, the total now being $\$ 104,338,171$. Of this tetal, $\$ 134,297$, 245 an increase for the year of over $822,600,000$. Actual cash in hand and in the central gold reserve amounts to 22.37 per cent. of the total liabilities to the publie. An increase of around
$\$ 12,000,000$ in the varions Government securities is reported. Railway and other bonds appear for less than last yeur by sbout $\$ 500,000$. The total bsink premises and real estate held is about the same and other items show but little change.

THE RED PLAGUE OF FIRE
During 1917, fire losses in Canada ameunted to $823,251,604$. The loss in ash month of the year was as follows:
January
Mebruary
March
April
Mpril
May
June
July
August
September
October
November
$8,176,594$
$3,487,706$
${ }^{*}$ Lowses during last week 4,267,340 ber incomplete. The number of fires reported tolalled resulted from 76 fires. One hundred and ninety-eight persons were burned to death during the year, exclusive of lives lost by fire in the Halifax disaster. Over 80 per cent. of the fires in Ganada are easily preventable.

THE SAFETY OF INSURANCE

- Experience may show that, of 10,000 $\$ 50,000,000$, fifty are damaged by fire every year and a loss of $\$ 250,000$ entailed. Experience does not indicate however, which 50 of the 10,000 win be burned next year nor the proportion of damage that will be done in any one. Consequently, each individual owner where there wo system of insurance is liable at any time to the total los, these $10,0 f 0$ property owners combine into one group, it is clear that they substitute for individual uncertainty in definite knowledge. Upon the basis of past experience, the annual loss upon the whole group will amount to $\$ 250$, 000 , and it, therefore, follows that an assessment of one-half of one per cent. upon the valuation of each individual's property will provide sufficient funds to reimburse the loss of the, entire group. The element of probability, comes a certainty, and the larger the group the greater the certainty In its commercial aspect, fire insurance is an accumulation of funds to meet fature eventualities by applying the law of average to losses by fire. Damage to any given building, in any given location, within any given space

WhentoMake Your Will

The time to make your will is now, while you are in sood health and can exercise the same sound Judsment in dividing your esfate that you possessed while accurnulating it

You are Invited to mame as your executor-
CANADA TRUST COMPANY
Huron \& Erie
MORTGAGE CORPORATIOR
cosestd atars, ont mumem manITOBA BRANCH
outhol, Kirty and Gordent Buldian Winnlest SASKATCHEWAK BRANCH nis Elownth An-, Regins alBERTA BRANCA Meleed Bualify, ELementon

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 WHAT?Call on
THE WESTERN TRUST COMPANY REGINA
and have your, Will
drawn free of
charge.

Western Trust Company
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GRESHAM LIFE ABSURANCE SOCIETY
 AOENTS WANTED Apoly to Branoh offoce, Winnipee

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## NORTHERN CROWN BANK

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A Western Bank Ifatablished to Meet Western Meeds．

Capltal（Autherized）$\quad \$ 0,000,000$ Oapital（Pald Up）＿．．．1，431，200 Rest and Undivided Prohts 848,854

## LOANS ON LIVESTOOK

 We will make liberal advances to Varmers in good standing for the purchase of livestook，or to provide feed until present stock of cattle and hoss can be finishod and marketed．Branohes Throughout the Weet

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## Money to Loan

For terms of twenty years（when shorter terms are not preferred by the borrower）repayable by squal annual paymenis whieh ia－ the surest and cheapest plan yet devised for the gradual ex． tinetion of a debt．
For further information apply to OEO．F．R．MAR日IS，Manager Manltobe Branoh，Winnipes，Man．

W．E．Masom，Manager Saekatchewan Branch，Reglna，Sask．

> W. T. OpEIOHTON, Manager

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Alberta Braneh, Edmonton, Alta
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 3OCIETY ${ }_{0}^{\mathrm{rty}}$ Winnipeg
n，Sask． Sontatchewon neral Manager （10）TME CVIDE
of tiser，is a matter of uncertaiaty． With the combisatios of s sumber of epperate beilifise isto a groepp the elemest of probiability is introdured． It is is the sppliestios of this pris eiple that a diatimet pais to ascioty is appareat in the inatitation of insur
snce－．Yire．Waate is Consis st

U．FA．FINANCIAL STATEMENT The following is the financial statement
the Enited Vammers of Allerta，pre－ conted at the coanvention beld last wek in Cilgary！－


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| 31.823 |
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| 278 |
| 274 |

$\frac{2,735.77}{1,447.46}$
Subject to Report，eertified correet． GEORGE W，GRANT，Auditor Caleary，17申才 January， 1919.

TRUST FUND ACCOUNT The following is the statement of receipts and disbursements of the U．P．A． in connection with as at December 31，1917：Relief Funds as at December 31，1917：

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Fund } \\
\text { Amount } \\
\text { Amount }
\end{gathered} \text { On }
$$

 Ref Crow Fund
Canalian Patriotie
Canaliann Patriotie
UF．FA．Patriotie

$\begin{array}{llll}\text { Y．M．CA．Military } \\ \text { Braned } \\ \text { Brtinn } & 2,784 & 02 & 2,764.02 \\ 20.00\end{array}$ Serbisn Relief Fund Poliant Relief F
Sundry Funds
Total ${ }^{\prime}$

## Northwestern Life Poliges <br> 

## Manitoba Short Term Loans

Rural Credit Societies are Helping Farmers to Plan and Manage
Want a loas to buy seed－atoek your farm－break anw land－pay help，of increase produetiont If so， ask for information and Bookien． SECRETARY
MANITOBA RURAL CREDIT SOCIETIES
PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS
WINEIPIE，MAN．

## Every Contingency Provided For

The Manufacturers Life Way Our guaranteed Life and Endownent Poli－ cles carry a Disability Privileate which is the last word is eomplete prolection．This privilese provides that in case of iotai the permanent disability not oniy does cease，but in addition，the Company will pay a monthly income of Ten Dollars for each Theusand Dollars of Insuranee，and at maturiy of the polley the full amount will be payable without any deduetion whatsoever．This muluple protection provides for every oontingeney．Write
for full particulars to－day．

## THE

Manufacturers Life

## HEAD OFFIOE

Insurance Oompany
TORONTO，CANADA


Did it ever oceur to you that the daily cost of $\$ 1,000$ Life Insur－ ance from ages 25 to 35 is SIX TO，SEVEN CENTS，from ages 25 to 45，SEVEN TO ELEVEN GENTS，from 45 to 65 is SIX－ TEEN TO TWENTY－ONE CENTS ？
Too cheap to go without，is it not？

## Write for Partieulars giving oocupation And yoar of birth，

The Western Empire Life Assurance Co． Hend Office：for Somerset Building Winnipes，Canade


## Necessity for Production Greater Than Ever Before

An Appeal to the Farmer is Made by Sir Edmund Walker, President of the Canadian Bank of Commerce in His Annual Address.

THE CONDITIONS AS THEY EXIST PORTRAYED
IN PLAIN LANGUAGE
After dealing with the subject of the various kinds of war supplies made in Canada, Sir Edmund Walker, President of the Canadian Bank of Commerce in his address at the annual meeting of the shareholders said:
follow the purchasee of sueh ardinary artieles as wheat, eheose and meats.
It is anderstopd that the pureloses in Cansda by the Wheat Expert Company, of wheat and oste from this yoar's erop will resch 350 million dolbeen shippel, cheese valued at be large supply of meats, partly the prodeet of Canads, and partly from animals bred fo the Ifnited States, but eured hers. The published returns are
sot easy to follow, bot we appear to sot essy to follow, but we appear to have exported, during the year ending
Mareli, 1017, Jive animals, ineluding borses, to the value of is milliong millions; against this we have appar. ently imported meats to the value of about as millions. For the six months ending Reptember the totals of both imports and exports, measured only
by value, are on a losis 50 by value, are on a basis 50 per cent.
Digher than for the previons year. These firures show some of the activities of the Canadian people in the
way of production, but the seed is greater, in some difections mneh
greater, than ever hefore. The ontpouring of supplies of all kinds, from wheat to shells, mast go on, but the
most ervine needs are for sea-roine ships, aircraft and those forms of food which are more neceesary than others oithout a suffieient supply of whieh
the allied mations are threatened with starvition.
enormenaly to the difficulty of shine add ing sunollies from the coulty of obtainthe world. At the samte time the scarcity of labor makes the life of the
North Ameriean farmer so diffienlt that he needs all our sympathy, and should have all the assistance which
the eity worker or student can give the eity worker or
him in summer timn

THE FOOD QUESTION
One of the most valuable foods for
the soldier is bacon. He can appar the soldier is bacon. He can appar-
ently do more fighting on it than on anything else. In the United States help in other forms is being supplied
to farmers to ensure the largest posto farmers to ensure the largest pos-
sible production of bacon, and associations of breeders have been formed
for the purpose of distributing wellbred stock. This is being done by
men who realize that if we fail in producing greater quantities of bacon
than ever before, we shall fail in our than ever before, we shall fail in our
duty to the soldiers. In this country we have been occupied in an effort to
place the blame for the high price of an articie, which, beyopd any doubt, quantities just now, and large apparently has gone up mainly because pricen is vital to carrying on the war, and
that if we do anything to lessen the efforts of the producers, the price wil certainly be much higher next year
than it is new. In England well-todo people are standing in line for
their food supplies, and they, at least are learning that the talk of famine
with, but a terrible posibility. The
hasceata have not been plentifgl and the danger is as real as the menace of the submarises. We ask the farmer, in spite of the great diffieulties which confront him, to produce to the last
ounce, but how ean we make our city people save food, remembering that
every ounce saved will provide food elsewhere for those whe without it must starve

| HIOH COBT OF LIVING <br> We are Hving' in a time of soeial unrest affecting preater greas of disturbance than the world has ever known. We afe experienging this unrest at a time of which it may be seid that those who live iff our part of the world were never so easily able to obtain employment suited to their varied capacities, never so highly paid, so far as those are concerned who aid in the production of goods for sale, never so prosperous, bsing the word in a material sense. The price of everything, however, was almost never so high, and the purehas: ing power of the dollar has deelined so much and so napidly that people with a more or less fixed income suffer keenly, while those who earn more money than they could have conceived pomible a few years ago, are disappointed and apparently surprised to Ind that everything else has advanced in price in proportion to their high wages. Out of this turmoil has come a bitterness towards all who, by any stretch of fancy, can be held responsible for existing conditions, a bitterness often without any real basis, and which is aecompanied by explosions of wrath directed at whatever happens to be the nearest object of criticism, but, if continued, and kept at fever heat as it has been of late, apromises ill for our country after the war. I am aware that I shall be aceused of defending Capital and what are called the Big Interests, but there ment-be many readers of the annual addresses made by the officers of this Bank who will believe that we try as faithfolly as we are able to pertray conditions as they exist. <br> RESULT OF WAR <br> Nothing in the end is to be gained by blaming the premier or the food controller, the provision dealer or the farmer, for high prices which are not merely a result of the war but a result of war requirements so peremptory that the question of cost almost disappears. The conditions arising out of the war are at the bottom of most of our troubles, and what is necessary is not only fair dealing on the part of those who supply the wants of the people, but patience, and some remnant of belief in our fellow-men, on the part of those who feel the pinch and who, perhaps naturally, would like to punish somebody. If dealers have combised to put up prices, let them be punished, but apparently we are complaining because dealers, in buying from producers, did not combine to lower prices or to keep them down. The needs of the war are, however, so great that no combination ean control prices either in one way or the other. | have men. monav and food we shall win. If we fall in anv of these we mar lose. Individual tests, partienlarly in hotels and reataurants, show that very laren savines can he made wherever the pmort is alireeted to thrat end. but the dimienltv is to make ad. *lee. or even the reenlations of the Fond Controller, effective in a country which produces food lareelv in eveess of its own reauirements and where economv in the use of food is thomeht to be evildence of a mean and sordid disnoaltion. It is not, however, enough that we should eat lese, but that we should as for as nossihle re. nlare same articles of food. especiallv white bread and bacon. with others. There is a satisfactory inerasase in, the twe of fiah, hut onlv a small fraction of our neonle are resnondine in any derree to the call to economize. Entland has reduced the sumplv of suenar per capita per annum from 93 nounda to 26. Our normal supplv is 90 peunds and wre are not reducine it vet. Whrking in harmonv with the United States, an oriler-in-council has been nassed trohihiting the exnort, excent to places within the emnire, of food and relative commnilities, unless a license has been ohfained. <br> FOOD CONgZRVATION <br> The Fool Contraller is brincing under license the milling and rackine ipdustries, snd is controlling the refining znd distribution of suear. The license svatem will also be smolied to Ash. frnit vecetables, proceries, nackage ceresls, milk, etc. In our London Manacer's Review of Bnsinesa ConAitinns the followine deeply significant words will be found:- <br> 'Tco much imnortance cannot be <br> "attashed to the stens that may be <br> "takea in the United States and <br> "Canada towards conserving food- <br> "stuffs, with a view to increasing <br> "the amount available for export <br> "to the Allies. The shortace of <br> "food, with which all the bellirer- <br> "ents are confronted, and the <br> "difffeulty of ingreasing mroduc- <br> "tios, owing to the lack of avail- <br> "'able man power, mav hasten, or <br> "even prove the dominating factor. <br> 'in bringing about a cessation jof <br> "heatilities." <br> He means, of course, that such a shortage may prevent us from continuing the war until we can end it on our own terms. Do you wonder, therifore, that we return so often to this aubject 1 Difficult as the problem may be, we must produce more, and we tust eat less, otherwise' some of those who are dearest to us across the sea must starve and we may lose our chance of dietating a peace, the nature of which shall be a guarantee that our children shall not have to fight again for those liberties which are now in jeopardy. |
| :---: | :---: |

U.F.A. Directors' Report

At the Calgary Convention the board of directors sisd executive committee of the U.F.A. reperted the saual number
of meetiage held, and every effort made of meetiags held, asd every effort made
to zive the most thorough considers to give the most thorowgh considers.
tion of the work of the smocistion. The rapidly wideniag seope. of ther ing impertance and influence with both provincial and federal governments has brought about woth in increase it velume of executive work, necesaitat. ing so mael of the president's time that it was decided to make some at Cempt to remunerate the presidest for of $\mathbf{~} \mathbf{2}, 000$ per year was voted him, though the finances only warranted this being paid durigg the latter part of the year. Even this is considerel an alto gether too small remunctation for the great services render
The directors made a strong appesal Tor farther fina masial a strang appesial fectene in the membentip fee Der local and federal legislatures in regard o the farmers' platform.
Much strennous work had been done
during the yeat in securing the form of legislation most desired in regard to municipal hospitals. It had not been possible, however, to secure anything
definite in the bill in regard to the loca. tion of hospitals in the hispital dis board on this was amply vindicated, for proved a great stumbling bloek to the proved a great stumbling
most progressive working

The board strongly of a competition to stimulate growth fully dealt with later by circular
During the year assistance hatl been
given to the organization of the United
Farmers of British Columbia, and great satisfaction was expressed with the growth of the farmers' movement i
Ontario.

## CHICKENS

Early Chickens Pay You Best
Buy a U G.G. Incubator
Spring ehicks thrive best, and bring hishest priees. So why not starl an ineubator that is sure to hateh out every good esk, and give you a bls
U.G.G. INCUBATORS ARE HOT WATER HEATED This heating system circulates the hot water throush copper coils which
ranite the heat into the esk chamber-it avolds sudden ehanges of
temperatur temperature-and it is automitically rekutatist to say set uniformes of perature by a senailive control.
U.G.G. INCUBATORS HAVE DOUBLE WALLS $\Rightarrow$ made of kiln-dried, elose grained pine, ond the space between them is extras to buy-each machine comes complete with Tycos thermometer, egs tester, trays, molsture pan, and booklet of instructions.




"OLD TRUSTY" and "RELIABLE" INCUBATORS



NEW OONVENIENOES IN THE 1918 "OLO TRUSTY" -Large OII Drawer-Holds Hough for entire hatch, stides in under bottiom of incubilor, Tharmometer
Hoidsin-Keeps the thermometer on the egrs. Sireng Self-supporting Egs Also of

Avo complete line of "old Trusty" and "Reliable" Broeders. ceun sptional"-"Reliable" Theubators, that are more than satisfactory, at ex-
ceptes:-
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all shipmente Frelght Pald to your nesest sitation.
Write for free Oatalog thowing complete live Feultry Sup請 1409
18.6
20.00 pplies SOVEREIGN POULTRY SUPPLY HOUSE, EAfomiten


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Read our Special Offer for Shipments over 100 lbs.


 on all shipmente of oid hens or duoker one hundred pounds. No shipment
kat thow, providing the shipment lo over ond if you have hot suifient to ship
is for us, so get together, and is too large for us, so get together, and if you have not surncient to ship
yourself, co-operate with itrend or neighbor, By stipping over 100 ils, of
old hens or ducks you will recelve the full prices as quoted below without old hens or ducks you will receive une
any deduction whatsoever. We guarante to pay you for every pound received.
60 over your flock and lei us know by revurn mail the quantity and variety Go over your flock and let us know by return mail the quanney and variety
your can shlp us. We will promptyy express coops (epress prepald) toyour
nearest station. Hore ars our prioes, whioh are absolutely guarantesd thl the parest station. Hore are our prit.
18th April, 18is, on poultry only.
Oid. Mons, in good condition, $200 \mid$ No express charges deducted what.
per ib, per ib,
puoks, in good condition, per BD .220
220
 Turkeys, in good condition, from 230 aesse, in good condition, per ib in... 170
 tlon, per lb. - The above prices are ${ }^{200}$. Let us know per return mail what you hove hogs are as follows:
Dhassed hoas our present prices on SISSKINDTANNENBAUM GROCERY COMPANY \#wninitro

## VANSTONE \& ROGERS

 Importers and Breedersof Clydesdales, Percherons, Belgians and Hackneys Largent Seleation of Stellions in Canade to piek from
Good big ton horses with plenty of quality, and over 100 head to select from.
Reasonable prices and every horse guaranteed. We have some Percheron and Glydesdale Stallions taken in exchange, from $1,500 \mathrm{lbs}$. up and aged from 8 years to 16 years-all guaranteed sure and of good conformation -for sale from $\mathbf{\$ 2 0 0}$ up to $\mathbf{\$ 8 0 0}$. Easy terms to responsible parties, but cash buyers will get a bargain. Write or wire when you are coming.
VANSTONE \& ROGERS, NORTH BATTLEFORD, SASK.

## Annual Bull Sale

Under the management of the Cattle Breeders' Association of Manitoba, to be held during the
Manitoba Winter Fair and Fat Stock Show
Brandon, Man., Tueeday, March 5 th, at $100^{\circ}$ clock
Sale open to females as well
Entries Close February 8th
For rules, etc., governing sale, write
W. I. Smale, Secretary

Brandon, Man.

## SASKATCHEWAN SALES

The Saskatchewon Cattle and Horse Breeders' Association
WILL BE RELD AT REGINA, MARCH 13th and 14th, 1918

Oattle 8ale, Maroh 13th
Horse 8ale, Maroh 14th

For Entry Forms and sale Regulations Address the Secreary
P. F. BREDT
regina

CALTVES FOR SALEE HIGH GRADE HOLSTEIN

 HAYS \& COMPANY LIMITED

CARSTAIRS, ALTA.

## Auction Sale of Sows

Under management of the Swine Breeders' Association of Manitoba, to be held during the
Manitoba Winter Fair and Fat Stock Show BRANDON, MAN.
Thursday, March 7th, at 9.30 sm .
SOWS MUST BE VISIBLY IN PIG
Entries close February 23rd
For rules, etc., governing sale, write
W. I. Smale, Secretary

Brandon, Man.

A Sensational Year in Livestock

Percherons
AND Belgians

DR. C. HEAD REGINA, SASK.
We have ouk stables full of the best class of Percheron and Belgian Stallions and Mares, ages two to six years, ever imported into Western Canada. It will pay you to come and see them before buying elsewhere. We own the Western Champions of both breeds.


Two-year-old Belelan stallion, "For




## W.E. \&R.C.Upper <br> North Portal, Sask. Calgary, Alta.

## Superior Percherons

If you require a good Percheron Stallion or Mare see our selection of
stock. Many of the stallions are bred from our stock horse "Superior weight 2250 lbs., one of the best sires of draft horses in America. His get won a first and a second at Chicago International in section for get of stallion. We have the big drafty kind that are required today. Fifty Percherons to seleet from. Our farm is ten miles from Calgary and intending purchasers can be met any time. All horses we sell are guaranteed to be producers, and our guarantee is backed by responsibility. Our firm is the oldest in Western Ganada engaged in raising Percherons. Buy from a reliable breeding establishment at a reasonable price. Terms can be given.
Write, Wire or Phone.

PARNS: Cor. Albert St. and Eleventh Ave.

## visitors

 WELCOMEDCorrespondence Solicited

Satiafaction
Guaranteed
 Wria Wire or Phone.

war Earope will need beef, eepecially if depleties sisfuesce does not wos cease.
Mot to many thlope are likely to happen Bot so many thlage are likely to happen
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periof that forecatiog is dageroas. The propperity of the eattle buaisess
has siway bees coiseident with indus. trial properity. It is not hotel or elab consumptoss that makes the maskel bot
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the steel mille of Penavyluasis and the steel milts of, Penakylvania sad
Iilisols, partly suapend coal miling. INiscis, partly supend cosal miling
eripple building operstions of even puit
 a temporary erimp is asy singlo ingue
tyy. ond the eathe market olil hame diately asert its right to be regarded paign muat also be reekonel among the factore. The eat no-mest campaign will have after-war infuence. While it is
trae thet the inhbitset, of tho torm trae that the inhabitants of the tem: perate zone are saturally earnivorous.
thousands of howekeepers have inati: thousands of housekeepers have insti-
toted economy in the oes of meat pertuted economy in the uae of meat per-
maneently. Perhape we have sates too mach meat in the past; undoubtelly a larger proportion of vegetablee and fruith, woul the faet remains that "Doe" Wiley, "Doe" Erans, "Doe Yak" and all the other medicos are preaching the eat-less-meat doetrine and high prices
have been-of interial amitove to the have bees. of material amiatases to the
campaign. Per capita, consumption of campaiga. Per eapita, consumption of
meat, especially beef, has been redoced perhaps for ali time, bot this does not mean super-abundance as in the past. Cheap meat was made poesible-by free grast in the Went, cheap corn is the Miseissippi Valley and abundance of feed everywhere, conditione that no longer exist and eannot be reinstated.
The Gambling Element in Cattle Feoding It is unfortunate that the cattle businees has been on $A$ gambling basis, put. ting it in bad repute. An indastry to Which price stability is estential has been subjected to sudden, wide and un-
reasonable fluctuations. This has been reasonable fluctuations. This has bien
the mone with the feeding phase of the the mase with the feeding phase of the
induatry particularly. Finathers are in industry particulariy. Winithera are in
a measure responsible. What happened a measure responsible. What happened
during the last half of 1917 will serve as an object lesson. Enthusing over a $\$ 17.00$ to 817.90 fat steer market feeders
$\$ 12.00$ to 816.00 paid anywhere from si2.00 the theory for sappy grase eattle on the theory
either that prices would hold or go still higher. Instesd a disastrous slump oceured and in the finality of the transaction many of these eattle did not keep
the money invested together. It has the money invested together. It has
been sid that the facination. of poker been said that the facination of poker
lies in the uncertainty of the draw: this also applies to eattle foeding. The man who competes with the paeker on eattle already earrying a decent kill, pays
two freighte and two commissions, not two freighte and two commisstions, not
fgguring on shrinkage or other possible figuring on strinkage or other possible loses, is taking big ehances. One of the most successful feeders in Ameriea buying yearlingo in the fall and holding them intil they had donbled in weight, a system that has made him wealthy. The breeder is not subject to the same vicissitude as the feeder and in recent years has pocketed most of the money accruing from the beef-making operation. As long as attle wear hides and lator, feeding will continue on a gambling basis.
The Viciesitudes of the Hog Market Some years ago when impending
eattle seareity was suggeated, the prob. eattle seareity was suggested, the problem of supplying the population with
meat was discussed and dismissed with meat was disecussed and dismissed with the assumption that any probable de-
fieiency would be made good by increase ficiency would be made good by increase
in pork production. The poreine in pork production. The poreine species
was fecund and quiek maturing it was contended, and in such an emergeney
as a dearth of cattle, beef shortage as a dearth of cattle, beef shortage
would entail no hardship, but at this juncture the supply of pork is causing more concern than that of beef. The
hog has not lived up to its advertisement. Various reasons are assigned, but one crops did not remunerate gowers hog crops did not remunerate growers panie of 1907 put the hog market on a
$\$ 4.00$ basis. It enabled the packers to make a killing but did mueh to discourage pig raising and bring about existing
scarcity. With hogs oelling at $\$ 16.00$

Ils Imithtors But lio Computiton.
$\qquad$






Spavin Gone For Good
 SAVE-Tho-HORSE
-the groatest of all remedies, is sold with a atened Guarmiteo to return money if it fails Knes, Ankle, Hoot or Tendon Divesse, Every year for over 22 years, thousands of subbom and suppotedly incurable caves are cured by Seve-The-Hone sher all other FREE 96 -page horse BOOK, sample of guarmatee and expert veterinary sdvice - all FREE. Always keep a bottle on hand for emergency. TROY CHEMICAL CO.
 Dr. BELL'S stather wind worm Mr. BELLS



## FOR

## Stocker and Feeder CATTLE

Write any of the following Commisation Agents or Desters at
Edmonton Stock Yards EDMONTON

OARBON, WBOD A WEHLER A. 2 mile a oo. umitso apais anowthe
M. P, KENEBY Liwitse H. P. KENNEDY Limitse

ina Wonmabott K. sesamtt

## DUROCS FOR SALE


 suster
thampton at ail Westers Fisirs the pisst W. C. HERON Huntoon, Saak.

## SPECIAL

We will pay for prompt shlpments
the following bigh prices for Ko.
skins:- WINTER OAUaHT

 All smaller slzes of Na, $\frac{2}{}$ skins in We remit promptiy.

Frosen Beaf Mides, 11e per ib.
Ship per freight.
North-West Hide and Fur Company, Limited
278 RUPERT AVENUE, WIMNIPEO

## RAW FURS

OUR ADVICE
Ship to us at once and Reap Benefits of High Prices now prevailing.
Friee Liet and Shipplng Tage FREE
Sierce. Fur $C \sigma$. Ltd
FinjendAleranderWingeng, Cenady
RAWFURS
HIDES, WOOL SENECA ROOT

Ship all yours to us. You can depend on honest grading, top
B. Levinson \& Co.

Make Big Money Boring Wells In ipire wime make wells for your selahbork, it means that in dry years No rlsk3id! experimocor yimarar, No Getting Water Quidly Aaywhere

(1)

to 817.00 en the Chicage market is Jumry it may be costended that the buisen is now extremely proftable draves at tic.co to afo packers pat by diogoted growers eashed brood som by the hundred thousand
The piactioe of ite perker in elebbler fhe November to Marel market has loeet Hepretienaible and repremive of prodee tion. Orowere realined that during the
wister mesth winter mosthe packers practically con
trolled the market, distribetise ty eate trolled the market, distribatisg the etrof
on a percents ge lisits and fil on a percentage basis and ailing theif
cellors at the elimen at tho low price of the year
By manipalatiog the pit market they By sanipalating the pit market they -aplated during the wiater after ine avel of the erop fing gobe to the the thelion of the erop hind gose to the shamblee
Bimalianeosaly, grewers theorered that there was more net proft is so moderate than is a large pif crop. Other repres sive ageselaes have been the one of sulage Is beet-makisg, placing the cattle feed er ha a poaition pladependent of the hog as there was so waite to salvager; ex. tencion of the dairy lisdestry and extablishment of milk cendessers milh left mo ereamery wate to go back to the farm and feed pige; cholers and
other diesases which drove the hos frem enther diseases which drove the hog from entire eommanitiee and a steadily adYaneing feed bill. Wheo eorn was wort
lese thas 25e, per bushel and was wased to bed eatile. por bushel and was uned attention to the graician hog paspunes, but under sew conditioss they are frur ing elosely, the up-to-date theory bein that of hot doen not remunertite the grower unfeng he ser res it the marlet the value of thirteen bushels of eort for every 100 lise he totes to the shambles. This theory has been en dorsed by the Food Admisiatration after consulting with a seore of experts.

Packer Gambling Should Not Be Toterated
One reson for the searelty of hog prodacts has been succesaive corn ero failures. That of 1915 tris frozen nort of the latitude of Chieago, in 1916
drouth canaed a short erop and in 1917 drouth caused a short erop and in 1917
disaster again waserted itself. Pork disakter again maserted itseiic. Pork making requires free ase of concearried
food and no subatitate for corn lias been found. As long as the war lasts, high prices for hogg fis a certainty; that the common price at Chicago will ever go
as low as $\$ 7.00$ again is doubtfol. Pork is the poor man's meat, it is both palatable and economical. Perieds of streas find it the main reliance of the induatrial population when beef is regarded as a avary. The day of the rat back tie feeding, atilixing grain that otherwise would have been maste. In the economy of the future it is likely hogs will go to market at mueh lighter weights, making two neceseary where one wai consumed under old egnditionss. All the industry needs is a stable market to promote produetion elsewhere thas in the part of the commercial supply sinee the part of the commercial supply since the
white man took possession of the inter white man took possession of the inter. If the Government ean ensure not only remunerative but stable prices it wily have done much toward linerenaing hog supply. Permitting packers and apeen
lators to gamble with such necesarie as pork and lard should no longer be tolemated.

Farmert Dislike Tending sheep
There is a world's shortage both of sheep and wis. A wo-cop proposition sueh as this ougot hop require shepherd age farmer, but sheep require shephera-
ing and eare is the last thing livestoek ing and care is the last thing livestoeli
receives. The dog has been an active recelve. of the ovine species but crank legislation has been equally harmful. legisation has been equaliy barmial
Even now we hear offieial condemnation of lautb slanghter after the doetrine that lamb is the cheapest meat that ean be produced has been presehed for : decade. With lambs selling around $\$ 17.00$ per ewt. breeding operatione should be stimulated and doubtiess have been, but in the Western range country various influences are operative and the flocks of North America are likely to undergo further depletion. Wool and mutho prodaction a apecially and while the theory tal every farm should a. lacteal sppearance, the faet remain that only pmeh flocky are anceesefol to a majority of eases. In theory Western

## Cream Separators

Make Bigger Dairy Profits with a U.G.G. Cream Separator
It takes practically evary itrop of crean from the milk -and is faet the extre criain if gets from mix soon pays for it, it is sueh wonderfully close okimmer.
Beaides separating 12 , the U.Q.O. slso serates the eream, puting it in the best eondition for shippling long distances. The sanitary weld on the dise spacers leaver no erevices for dift to collect, to the U.0.0. always turns out a ilist-clase qrotuct that will bring op pricei.
RUNS VERY SMOOTHLY All shafting and bearings rua in a epntinual bath of oif, and every part of the evparator ts apt oilled by ene aight lubrtentior

Towl is EASILY CLEANED aowl spindle remains in the maching, making the bowi nexily handied. Dises almost as aseily eleaned as if they wire a siagle
picee. PRICES U.G.G. CREAM


## Auction Sale of Exhibition Horses

Under the management of the Horse Breeders' Assoclation of Manitoba, to be held during the
Manitoba Winter Fair and Fat Stock Show Winter Fair Arena, Brandon, Man.
FRIDAY, MARCH 8th, AT 9 O'CLOCK
Salo open to Pure Bred Femalees and Stallions which must be exhibited at the Winter Fair and owned by residenta of Manitobse. Grade Horses sold on Saturday, the 9 th, at 9 o'eloek. Entries close February 23rd. For rules, ste., governing sale, write W. I. Smale, Secretary

Brandon, Man.

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This popular animial regulator and fattener is being fed to stock in thousands of stables every day durieg th: winter. It is good for cows, steers, horses, sheep, and swine. It tones up the entire system by improving diget: tion, and purifying the blood. Maximum poorliahment is obtained frons all food eaten when our Stock Speciac is fed regularly

Cows Give More Milk
Dairymen state positively that their cows give from one-quarter to a half gallion more milk each, daily, when fed Royal Purple Stock Specific. Think how you would benefit by its use if milking only a small herd.
It rapidly improves the condition of hide-bound horses, and enables you to fatten hogs in from three to five weeks less time than you would otherwise require. Give it a trial.

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THE bowl of the New De Laval has greater capacity for a given size and a given speed than any other. The experience of thousands and thousapds of users has proved that a De Laval will outast and outwear any other make.

Look well to service when you buy a cream separator. That means more than anything else. That should include not only a good working and reliable machine, but the right sort of attention and interest on the part of the seller, not only at the time the machine is set up but as long as you continue to use it. De Laval service is well known. You can depend upon it.

Value depends upon the amount and quality of Jervice the separator gives you-what you get out of it. You get more value for your money when you buy a De Laval, because it will give you more and better service than any other separator.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Order your Do Laval now and hot it bogin aving eream. }
\end{aligned}
$$

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MONTREAL PETERBORO WINNIPEG VANCOUVER

Canads with its wealth of roeghage is as ideal territary for sheep farming os fve years eastern Montass fins liguid ated its sheep isdustry, settlers having crowded oet the big outfite and the new element refusing to consider the ewe good propperity. Ontaris, like Ohis, way shee full of sheep bot its ovise popsls-
tion is now badly depleted. The imme tion is now badly depleted. The imme difiestt to forecast. Casadias and American farmers are not shepherds. They dialike ehorisg, and tendiag a land of ewee and lambes is is that cate gory. There is a world's shortage of Wool that easnot be repaired. Four
yeafe ago wool in the grease was being yeats ago wool in the grease was being
costracted is the sheep stalls at 50 contracted is the sheep stalls at 20 asking price. If as adequate supply of either wool or mutton is to be provided farm prodaction will be the ageney and Breeder is the mas.
Breeder is the Man of the Hour Heretofore food problems have been Vorth Amerieas supply and demand Forth Americas aupply and demand.
From now on, any produet. food or From now on, any product, food or standpoint of the world's need of it Herds and floeks have bees depleted over the entire civilited world. Is many parts of Europe they have been oblit erated. The war must end sometime; tion I Every, old world nation direttly of indireetly affected by the war has heretofore produced an appreciable quantity of beef. That all these countries will be practically without cattle when the post bellum period arrive seems eertain. Denmark and Holland are making etrenuous elforis to save serve the priceless seed stoek with phich it has been supplying the needs of the entife world these many years. Success in this endeavor will depend on the duration of the war. The logieal conelasion is that when peace is restored Europe must address itself to the task of reatoeking with meat and milk-promakes little difference owing to the basie faet that the world's resources must be considered and the best marke will attract the surpius, regardiless of
where that excess over local requirements is located.
The breeder Is the man of the hour regardlese of That species his capita will go into his pocket. The feeding of cattle will probably remain a problem of concentrated fertilization and crop rotation with solt conservation as a com: manding necessity. The long period between initial purchase and the finality of the transaction, with the hazard of crop conditions, makes this finishing the average feeder for getting in on high spots and staying out when market prospects are discouraging frequently pute the business on a gambting basia When feed was cheap this kind of spec alation was possible without involving ruinous loss; under new conditions it wrong way. Wrong way
The trend of Anticipated This Year dueer, although at every angle proencountered with increasing costs. For the consumer there is not even a remote prospect of eheaper meats, much less returns to oldtime plentitude. Last year nine primary markets of the United 358,058 hogs and $10,525,458$ cattle, 24 , indicated a gain of $27,076,675$ cattle but decreases of $4,656,725$ hogs and $1,642,617$ sheep compared with 1916. This year a decrease of $2,000,000$ eattle may be expected and it is doubtful if many more hogs or sheep will report at the shambles even though high prices may have stimpean needs will be after the war Guro to conjeeture; while the war continues scarcity is certain. It is a period for caution in speculative circles but the nan who grows eattle, hogs or sheep is assured a profitable market unless someto which the happens, The extremity is indicated by prices for been reduced hogs and sheep that have made profi in the finishing operation next to impos sible. Stock calves are now realizing more money than aged steers were worth
fow years age and the disaster that has overtakes the indeptry pa the South mentern tresting groost minnt a ferie of short calf erops, that do not promio rellef for the feeder. Whence the cattle Meeded to restoek pastares west of the Miasouri River whes grase rises is the epring are coming, is pazaling the trade, proces being aggravated by the in procest being ogrravated by the in ing young steers to secure army beef This seceselty erestes a drais not only ont steers, but helfers, and while ther is spprehession of a serions shortag: of breeding females, the Wenterner is doubtless conserving every animal cap for purebred shorthors, Asgus sed Hereford eattle reveal the opinions of those whose Judgment ought to be val. aable and whes bulls realise asywhere from $\$ 10,000$ to $\$ 30,000$ per head a publie vendoe, the money talks ele

guently.${ }^{9}$
 SEPARATOR


Gilson Thresher

and
Synopsis of Canadian Northwest Land Regulatione
HE sole head of a family, or any male over
is years old, who wes at the commencemen the oid, who wne at the comme continued to be, a Britiah subjeet or a subjeet of an allied or neutral country, may bomentead at quartas Saskatebewan or Allerta. Applicent Must appen in person at Dominion Lande Ameng or \&ubl Ageney for District. Entry by proxy may made on sertain conditions. Duties-six monthe residence upon and cultivation of land in each three yearn
In certain districts a homentender may mecur Price 83.00 per acre Duties seaide pre-mption. in each of three years after earning hometeal patent and cultivate 50 acres extra. May obtail pre-mption patent as soon at homestead patent on certain copditions.
he cannot mecure a pro-mptionestend patent, chased homestead in certain diontrict. may take a puiper sers. Muat reide dis month in mebl three years, eultivate so seree and erect a hous worth $\$ 300.00$.
Hoiders of entries may count time of employment as farm labourers in Canads during 1917, When Dominion resider certiain conditions.
for entry, returned soldiem eho har ponted overseas and have been honourably diechargel, receive one day priority in applying for entry local Agent's Office (but not Sub-Agency). Dis charev papers muat be praconed to Agent. w. W. CORY

Deputy Minister of the Interio N.B.-Unauthorised publication of this adver

# OneDollar per Minut 

One 45 bushel crop will bring you more profit than three 25 bushel crops. Your yield and your yearly profit will vary in a direct proportion based upon the yielding ability of your seed grain.

Figure It Up!
Assume that you have a bushel each of two varieties of seed wheat, one eapable of-reproducing at the rate of 45 bushels per acre, the second with the ability to reproduce at the rate of 25 bushels per acre.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { geed the frot sample in } 1918 \text { asd gen will } \\
& \text { harvent .................................... } 30 \text { bushels } \\
& \text { Beed this lot in } 1919 \text { and you wil harvent... } 900 \text { bushols } \\
& \text { Beed this lot in } 1920 \text { and you wil harvest... } 27,000 \text { bushols } \\
& \text { This wheat at } \$ 200 \text { per bnahel would be } \\
& \text { worth ..................................... } \\
& \text { \$54,000 }
\end{aligned}
$$

Eeed the second sample fo 1918 and you will harvest . .......................................... 18 . 8.3 buahela Beed this lot in 1919 and yon will harreet. . 275 buabals Beed this lot in 1920 and you Fill harveat, 4,8a3 1-3 beishels This wheat at $\$ 200$ per buahat rould be worth . ............................................. $\quad$ \&8.188.86

In other words, the progeny-of the first bushel in the third year is worth $\$ 44,833.34$ more than the progeny of the second bushel, or nearly six times as much, figured at the same price, due entirely to its heavier yielding ability.
Seager Wheeler's wheat holds the world record for quantity yield, with a yield at the rate of 82 bushels per aćre, the world record for acreage yield, having produced 54,395 on a 1,000 acre, field, and five times this grain has won the World'a Sweepstakes for quality.

A little of your spare tilne now devoted to aiding The Guide in its campaign to increase the yearly production on the farms of Western Canada will secure for you foundation stock of this sped. The seed that will add to your annual revenue at the rate of more than $\$ 1.00$ per minute for the time that it will be necessary to devote to securing the grain.

## Wheeler's Wheat

In going through your, fields prior to harvest you have noticed individual heads that sbowed a marked superiority when compared with other heads in the same field.

Some of these heads were longer, had a greater number of spikelets, and had more large, plump, fully-developed grains in each spikelet.

In some instanees you would find such a superior head on a plant that was thriftier, longer in straw, straighter and stronget than others.

Under proper cultural treatment and by an unremitting process of selection and elimination the outstanding characteristies of such a plant can be majntained and transmitted to the progeny. From such plants Seager Wheeler's seed was produced. The wheat that has established world records for yield and quality. This wheat has now been reproduced for a sufficient number of years to insure its breeding true to type, according to fixed laws of heredity.
The Grain Growers' Guide has purehased Seager Wheeler's 1917 crop and is distributing it to farmers throughout the West FREE. There is no limit on the amount you can seeure as long as the supply lasts. A little of your spare time devoted to aiding The Grain Growers' Guide in its $\$ 10,000$ "Bigger Yields" Campaign will secure for you an allotment of this heavy yielding profit producing seed.
CLIP THE COUPON, mail to us and provide today for your allotment.

## The <br> Grain <br> Growers' <br> Guide <br> WINNIPEG MANITOBA

## Better Strains of Seed

The Grain' Growers' Guide has published a "Better Seed Book" which contains a proposition that will pay you for your spare time at the rate of One Dollar per minute. It given details as to how World Prize winning, heavy yielding strains of seed are developed; it tells how your boy can secure a free trip to Ottawa and how you can qualify to compete in The Guide's Big Inter-Provincial Seed Fair next winter, at which $\$ 500$ in cash will be distributed.

It tells how you can seeure the World's Prize winning, heavy yielding strains of seed grains without cost.

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method by which I may secure a portion of it and detalfe of the method by which I may secure a portion of it and detalle of the proposition that will pay me at the rate of One Dollar per Minute.
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give a servine os the farmid, whel is fust is vital to the suncespfal carry $\operatorname{lng}$ ou of the war as the
rendered is the tretielies.
The sitastion todsy is that one of the weaket pointe in eur military strength is food production. The Allien bave got to produce every pound of theat and every bushel of grais they asa. More especially is this true of wheat asd perk. The growing scareity of these two products threatens, the
success of the Allied cause I do not want to paint any vivid of spectaeslar
pletare of our men fighting at the front. flare of our mon to enlarge upon our sailors facing, the nightmare of the
submarine. I do not want to talk about the murderous air raids over England of the horrors of German prisoss it seems to me that if the
farmers of Alberta"are so jaded that farmers of Aiberta are so joded that they need the prod of sach a spar to
wake them to Hife and setion, their case is hopeless. No, 1 believe the farmers are mes, men of priseiple, men of honor, men who will answer to the eall of duty as readily, and give as efficient service to the easse of right as any great body of men in Cansal Simple
duty calls to each and everx farmer of duty calls to each and everX, (armer of
Allierta to prodnce all he call this Alberta to prodnce all he ean till this
war is over. The war, the settsl con Whr is over. The war, fhe actsy, the farmers of Alberts, may lose of win this fight. If we put up the best fight we ean and lose, we may still fearlesily face the would, knowing that hosor af least is left though all elee is
lost. But if we do less than oar best lost. But if we do less than our best
and lose, what can we think of our selves! What will others think of as? If we spend our time quibbling over If we spend our time quibbing over
the mrougs others are dotnt. quibbiling over the prices which are aiready rea sonable and proftable, while maltitudes of helpless women and children are starving to death, and our military for the want of the things we should be profueing, how will we ever justify prodseivg, before the world or before ait. horn generations of our own children! With what delight will our enemies seorn and mock us,
Germany proceeds on the theory that might makes right. Advancing eiviliza
tion will utterly destroy this sentiment tion will utteriy destroy this sentiment.
The farmers of Western Canada ar building an economic and political building an economie and political
force. We possess the elements of a mighty petfer. The only safe founds. tion upon which we can erect this force is the true principle, the divine law, that right makes right. If we build on this foundation we have
nothing to fear, for all other forces nothing to fear, for all other forces
built on the same basis will harmonize and co-operate with us, and forees buitt on false basle principles will not be able to stand before us. When did We ever have auch an opportunity to
show to the world our' spirit, to lay bare our very souls, ash we now have in meeting. the stern and exacting re-
sponsibilities brought to us by this responsibilities

## lentless wial We will

We will emerge from this supreme test an irresistible force in the defence
of our own rights, and a mighty powet in the affairs of Canada, or we will
emerge from it a discredited class, with none so poor as to do us honor.
It has been charged by those who
fear us and would traduce us that we are heartless, selfish profiteers. The
very fact that the prices of all things we buy and all things we sell are set by others brands this statement as utterly false and contemptibly mean.
We have nothing to fear from false charges. The only thing we have to
fear is ourselves. We are face to face fear is ourselves. We are face to face
with responsibilities which will not give us a chance to be profiteers, but they
will force us to uncover our souls and Whil force us to uncover our souls and
show to the world whether we have the mean spirit of the profiteer or the spirit I have absolutely no fear of the farmers if they understand the true situation. Of course, there will be exceptions. It cannot be expected to be othertise, but I believe, fully believe
that if every farmer fully understood the extreme peril of the situation and the responsibility reating on them, they would rise up almost as one man and
do their best. I want to say to you
eithe all the earnatnene withle me that Witl afl the cernestnose withis mot that Is far exprese. The world is feris fanine. Famine threatess the defeal of our srmies. Not hunger only, but ctarvation is starlig mititise of telp less peeple in the fare. Every bashel of wheal, every pound of meat we pro
duce mess the alleviation of safterist duce means the alleviation of safferiag.
the preservatios of life Every ounce the preservation of life. Every ounce
of meat or bread we ras save by strict economy will help. Then, Ood helpin as, let as do our beet

## 

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Alberta Secretary's Report

## Presented at the Calgary Convention by E.F.A. Secretary P. P. Woedbridge

 I bave plesase is submitting to you the following repon at the cork of thi hast joust elosed.The year las been a partieulany atrenuous one, as the finasoial state fegret that \& period of in bealth, avers. Hited br mint aftermats provit to annecemarily alarmisg doetors' reports. prevented me at times from menting the dituation and increand pressure of work in accordance with the standard which I feel that wo have eatablished In the past and which I hore will be maintained is the future, The orpasi hail issurance bi cises ssd" the dimp ralties and in phacations. ture dient.
 which ois are it with inembergh, inf meation mael ofther sew wofk inder taken this year, pided hurdens to the Fork of 3 our meretary treasurer which

Steady Growth in Membership As you will note from the member chip repeth. Te are agais able to athow Thery material growth is sumbers largest increase since the sasociation whas frst formed, as is shown in the following figures:
Membertlip in 1909, 2,147; 1910 4,052; 191, $5.872 ; 11912,7,190 ; 1913$;
 year of war); 1916, 13,996; 1917, 16,469 In view of the large propertion of and gone to the front, is shome is ont and gone to the front, as stown in our years of steady growth should elpeak well for the foundation on which our organization has bees bulf. The asm of of new locals organized during the year has sgain reached the hundrel mark. There have been years whet we have organized more new locals, but the gratifying feature about the present ondition of affairs is that the number of locals failing to report is growing ese each year, and in 1917 in particular a glanee at the lists publishod in the program will show a very harge per estage of the old lotais who have is reased thelr membership, since 1916 some of them very materially so. Every eonstituency in the province, with the
exception of Maeleod, Medicine Hat and Lethbridge, has inereased its mem bership from 15 to 125 per cent. Our premier loeal, Ledue,

Increased Work at Central
Probably few of the members of the organization have any ides of what the general growth and broadening of
the scope of the organization has meant to the Central office. Six years ago our files for an entire year's correspond-
ence were kept in two mrdinary sized Arawers, with an occasional slight over flow into a third drawer, and your
secretary, who did all the dietating and not infrequently some of the typing of fling aloo at odd intervals during the dayg or night whenever the opportunity esee oceupies eight large sized modern lling cabinet drawers, and a modern has had to be installed to keep track of it. As our work is not of the ordi-
ary business kind, it is no small probem to take care of this large increase in correspondence, which is continually krowing larger.
As some indication of one part of
the work going on in the Central office, the following figures taken at random from our daily statement may perhaps e of interest to you. In sedventeen Working days during the latter part of average number of letters mailed geh day from the Central office was $\gg .3$. This does not include any erreul. The parcels of supplies from the office during the same period were 173 in num$5{ }^{3}$ working days in the month of De ember just closed, which is not a par
tieslarly heavy masth, farisg the early
part, af least, over fto lotters were ment part, at least, over fto letters were enst out from the oftice, or as aversge of 31
per day. The number of elrealste far. per day. the sumber of elicenlart dur100 parcels of supplies were also matied, or so suerage supplies were aleo mailed,
slightly over four pert or as average of slightly over four per
ing. None of these firures iselode pir:
 the mailisz department of the United Grais Growers When one considers That the sveragy U.F.A. letter, by the rerent to the cur work, wat be dif and whe the erdithary buisess letter handizg this work tatay with the addilos of osly we repular member of the tarf and loes than is per cent. iserease In salaries, iecleding the high eoet of living, Wo have, I think, a reeond af meed to be sulhaned so far as the central office is concersed.

Work of an Individeal Mature From the point of view of yourbeere tary, one has iftte time to take more thas a pasaing notice of many featurem doubtlese be exceedingly interesting to yon, and not without value to the organ: mation by why of giving pubitity to the work which we are carring on from day to day, and over which me may periape be not undaly egotiatieal If we feel ithat it has some alare in the progrese whieh is belof made. Mueh of the work of an individasl nature
dealing with the complainto and troubles of these of our mimbers whe are unfortunate enough to get into difi. culties, has been transferred to the legal department as indicated in the report of your board of directors, but a con-
siderable number of eases where the siderabie number of eases Where the of more value thantall the legal talent in the world, have been attended to, as has been the eustom of this office sinee it was frat organized.
While our apecial committees are able to deal with the more general problems
which arise, the Central office still has Which arise, the Central office still has to deal almost exelasively with the amaller matters which arise from day to day. We still endeavor to deal satis. factorily with the various problems subnifted to uis, and whicit range from the inguiry of the local desirous of ascer taining the exact freight and duty on Arkanass to a place ealled Blies, via Arkenes. the C.N.R., to that of the member who, having lost his checks, also his bag gage, in the course of a somewhat prolonged journey toward the regions of the Aretic Circle over the E.D, and B.C. Raitway, of other raftroud of almiltar laternational fame, wishes us to reeover eifher or both for him. There are
times when the mottoes on which we times when the mottoes on which we eatablished our reputation to the effect that there was no trouble too small for
ns to attend to, and that once having ns to attend to, and that once having lake go ontil we had seen it through, leave go womerter doabtfal sesents to ont present day organization.

Convention of Local Secretaries
Perhaps this report would not be comvation which was tried successfully this summer in the form of a special con vention of local secretaries. The report of that convention was maiied to ail delegates who attended and the many expressions of opinion which have come to hund since, it would appear that mueh was ace, lation recommending that it should become an annual event, and perhaps it might be in order for this convention to express an opinion on the same quesYou wili note that no provision hat been made for the usual informal gatharing of secretaries at this convention. It may be possible to make provision tor Ceseione, when, if time will permit, some of the matters of interest to you all, out partieulary to

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Ford Motor Company of Canada, Limited Ford, Ontario
an interference with the regular beel. ersas.
Financlal Poaltion of the Asooclation In the finaneial statement you will pote that there has been a subptantial iacrease is revenue, due particalarly to
the revesise from our hait Insuranie work and tilie increase in memberalip fees. it is not eayy to draw a coas parison between this year's statement and that of last year, as it was found advisable to imsorsrate a somewhist More up-to-late system of book-keppisp than had provioualy been is ase. We
are now able to avertain at any time are now able to avertain at any time ment of the Central otfice work, and know exactly what it is costing ub, and whether is the ease of suppties and other revense producing brasches of the work we are muking a, profit or a report slen is iseludes asol. statement new severts and lisblitities from which you got the exact financial position of your aseociation, certifed to by the offichat asditot. In previous years, as 1 have polsted out on sereral occasions, the statement was simply a record of receipts and disbursements, and as becount was tirely is the hands of yout being entirely is the hands of yout
secretary treasurer as to whether these were piaid to date of not. Cash to hand or at bank is showe as $81,694.54$, with accounts recelvable 8158.50 and sup plies on hand 8494.92. Liablitities were $81,711.69$. There is a surplus of 8178.61 expenditure over receipts, but United Grain (Growers will be relared

P. P. woopsaidee
seontary United Fermen of Alberts.
by three or four handred dollars when certain eredits due to uis are put through. The surplus over all liabilis ties is $\$ 2,755.77$.
From the statement of the trust fund tion has more than held its own, and the figures speak for themselves. In closing this report I may pertays be permitted to add a few words of a more general character in regard to the
work of work of our association. The year Which has just closed marks the sixth year that I have been in the service of
your Central office, and the eighth since I first became actively engaged in the work of a loeal of the U.F.A. There are doubtless a number here who eas trace their connection back over a long er or equally long period, and it will hardly be necessary to call to their attaken place in the organizatios during taken place in the organizatio. during
that time. From the Central office, however, with its volume of eorre spondence every day, one perhaps is able to get a clearer glimpse of the organizs:tion as it really is than is apparent to those who are not so elosely in touck with its everyday life. Your associstion is now without doubt on a strong permanent foundation, mts future rest
with its members. It may have its aps and downs, but if the latter occur under normal conditions, it will be due to the failure of the membership to live up to
their responsibilities as members of s

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 milsper vation.
 det a your sal of lynker and we well FREIOAT PAID, TO YOUR BTATION. CLUB ornpers will have wetial eavs
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INSTEAD OF ERTAB TO NsTEAD OF RETAIL
NEGGBORHOOD
Consumers' Lumber Company
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## -



KING
Washing Machines Eally
dollars when er all liabili the trust fund
$t$ for associa. its own, and 1 may perhaps in regard to the marks the sixth in the service of
the eighth since engaged in the
U.F.A. There here who eas
her call to their at Central office olume : of correof the organiza n is apparent to
closely in touck Your associs Its future restp
may have its upp latter occur undet
will be due to the so members of

Gasoline Engine and sup,ly Co., Ltd. winimipea
greil demoeratie erganisation and thair failare to meserre ip to the stasold
which is required for the socteen of sey which is required for the soctese of any democratis inatifution.

Our 14eal
To the puobers of this organization, partieplarly - 60 the terrotarion 1 moold
ay, if 1 may be sloted to parphime ay, If I may be sllowed to paraphrase tre of efficiency on the Ameriess cos. tibest, "You have got to hove some. thing worthy and worth while: Yo
have got to have got to sell to the people of your mas, and thes foits in the U.P.A. Itoelf, but the bigemet thing of sil is to self them faith II themselvers I think these woids are worth pondering over, as it Fill probably be fonad that the fallure
 to carry out the graat fandamental ites expresed thereli. The day whes the greateat danger to this organization Game from without is part, asd from fiow en the balasee of reaponsibility will reat as mach or more in the mem bershig itself se with ite appolatel lend. ers. Our ideal for oarmelves and for the World at large is a great democracy atakisg anile many of our members are taking active part is the fight everwas the make the world safe for demoersey;
the call is so lem argoet for the cail is so less argent for wato make the demoeracy at home safe for the
world. We, on our part, manet offort to be content with the mere form of demoeracy as well. A real democracy will not bo found in the man who be lieves that the spirit is indicated by willingness to doe overalls and converse with those whom he inwardly believe to be his inferiors any more than it will be found is the mase who takes the atti. tude deseribed by Theodere Parker as
'I am as good as yous ares,", inatead of
'Yoe are as goed as 1 an
Yoo are as goed as 1 am."
We have been oaly too apt to forget that there is an eitical silde to our democracy as well as a political, and that, unles wo eorselves cultivnte a sense for sur resposainity, the mere without warning whenever the collessure test is applied. It is still a debatable sobject is to Whether our demaratie forms of government, spplied eifher to local organizations or to the govern ment of contionts, has really brought better resulto to the majority of the people than has the old form of auto. eracy. We have examples today of where a well organized and perhaps extreme mimority are able to frustrate hands of the matority power out of the difference or majority through the indifference or careiestess of tiat major thy. F tometimes foar that uniess wo Waken to 2 sense of our reponsibinty will resolve it teelf into as fight beiween huge organimations of the people, who through indifference or ignorance, wili allow themselves to be swayed thi way or that by a small coterie of their more aggressive fellows.
Last year, 1 elosed with an appeal to you to cultivate an ideal, an ideal is your home, on your farm, ha your coms. munity. Follow if through life. Make it realizable. Keep it, within sight, bp always just beyond your immediate reach, that you may always have ai incentive to better work. II suggested your U.F.A. local as the iaea taroug. which you might step upwards towarde your laeal. "Our healing is not in the storm or to Our healing is not in the sormarehies or aristocracies, or democracies, but *ill be revealed by the still small voice tha speaks to the conscience and the heart, prompting us to a wider and wiser humanity." -P. P. Woodbridge.
fREE ADVIGE ON ELEOTRIOAL Corporal L. Redhead, a war veterar who has spent over two years in Froace offers to give absolutely free informa. tion to farmers on ail eiectrieal troubles and probe magnetos, batterios, witos, engines, and electrie plants for farm lighting, Corporal Redhead ad farm ug he is willing to give' a few visurs of his time per day to advising farmers on these matters. All he asks is that enquirers enclose a stamp for reply, and address him Corporal L. Red
head, 525 17th Avenue W., Calgary. head, 52517 th Avenue W., Calgary.

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Alberta Farmers' Parliament
Clame 3.-Thist we faver the levy of the mate ss may be decided apos by
the beard sud its eollection by the tevineily of the reppetive manieipal suits.
Clasese f - We favar the exteasios of thie wheme by aet of the legisasature to alt of the organized munielpal usits of the provimee and ales a provieion ir the set that aller be orgasilited shall sutomatioally beeme s part of the hall lasur. anee district. We also favor the extession of the plas to the asorganised portions of the provisce, provided praetieable plas for
effect ens be devised.
Clasise 5 .-Wi favor a provision in the set permitting any pernon having erop to withdra" said erop frome sue
operation of the Act, but so that suek oithirawai shalil be for gives date and shail opente only for one year at : time and further provision that in ease of a total failure of erop for any reason the person insured may witharsw that crop from the operation of the Aet by paying his percentage of the
to tht Antr of tho mitiolsumi.
Clases 6.-Wo fayor noeh an arrange ment of the borrowing powers and guiar antese of the hail fnsurnace boari whereby the claim, for indemnity ma be paid within 30 days after the awari is made by the board.

> The Plan Discused

A good deal of disecusion centred around What vome delegates elaimed Was too liberal se exemption of speca. lators under the proposed plan. vely, ofth this phase of the diffientity. W. D. Trogo mid the board had been consuldering the thail problem for years and it was only after the mont careful deliberation that this plan had been submitted. One insurance manager told him reeently that his company this year boelk. H. W. Wood made it elear that any farmer would be able to with. draw his land up to a certain date not yet set. In the ease of a farmer who suffered damages from other casues than hail and wished as a reault to withdraw he would only be required to pay for the proportion of time for which he had protection. An amendment to leve a flat rate on all land plus a special levy on the area aetually under crop
was overwhelmingly defeated. Dele. zates from Peace River were assured they could withdraw. Where a farmer was outside the local improvement distriets or outside the organized munieipalities some special form of organization might be needed to include him but this will be provided,
later in the convention proceedings a resolution was passed requesting the provineial government to require by law
that all hail adjustments in Alberta be handled by a centrail licensed adjust ment bureas, consisting of adjusters lieensed as competent under government examination, with a view to securing upiformity and maximum efficiency at minimum coat.
Freight Rates and Rallway Control All the old fighting spirit and competition for an opportunity to be heard was evident when a resolution was in-
troduced dealing with the freight ratese troduced dealing with the freight rates,
increase and the co-ordination of the increase and the co-ordination of the
railwaya. The C.P.B. eame in for some railwaya The C.P.R. eame in for some
of the most caustic eriticism ever hurled of the most caustic eriticimm ef ther huriad
at it . W. Rall was one of the most emphatic in his denunciation. The C.P.R. rate in the past had been exorbitant, especially in view of the fact
that the large grants and subsidies given that the large grants and subsidies given
it were accompanied with an assurance it were accompanied with an assurance
from the company long ago that they from the company long ago that they
would be enabled to keep rates much lower than other roads would have to chard emphazied the importance of a vigorous protest against, such increases, The result was that two resolutious
were unanimously passed and wired to were unanimously passed and wired to
Ottawa. One resolution endorsed the action of the executive in its protest made some time ago before the Railway Commission against this inerease in
freight rates. The second resolution asking the government to co-ordinate


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Eren if hones sed weas wesprenily, the Clevelend Tractor would do your waik fater sad at moch lew sout.
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The Cleveland Tractor net sely walk fester add cheapes than horess and men-hat for betler. Wish itt adi, you can increase your prodection and redice the con.
That meana more gain for Unele Sam-and more money for your.
Because the Cleveland crousts on the ouen trocts. Acta go almod anywiece, It weighe leas then 320 pounds and has morethan 600 square ieches of about 5 pounds per squase inch.
Becaus. 4 the amall sise of the Cleveland Tractor it can bo turned in an twelve foot circle and heosed in lew apsce thas it takes for a hoste.
Io manll size enables it to pens ihroush namow poces between building, throuph wooded gounde, innouph doon and other places whene lateger
mechines cannot go.

The wot io which. The Cieveloed Trueter can be uwd to wecomplith more, and with proter conomy, in alosot edles-plowiey hanowieg dicing meoling pulling a mower or vieder, hay

It is the tractor par-excellepee for hauling of any satures, in sacarating, roed gedine pelling a sow -plow or atose-bont, in fact ulmont anywhere hat motive power can be usilized.
Delivering 20 horne-power at the pulley, it supplemests its haulisy capercity by st afmodt in in. numenable uios for Atationery work, sech as wood sawing, pumping and inipation work, leed griod. ing hay boling con drredding. com shelling enillage cutting , ulo filling, thinehing, sod many other sues where power is meeded.
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pare for the bleper, better ctopw Americe expects of you and mast have, Wirte us today for a complete description of the Cleveland Tractor and the name or of the nearest Cleveland dealer. Chreicel
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hred R. Reed, Kineqpitins, Ont,
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T. W. Hale, Toronto Annes, writes:
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## Wood Grain Company Limited Grain Exchange

WHEN WRITING TO ADVBRTIGERS PLEASE MBNTION THE OUID

follown- "Whereat our organization has re peatediy deelared itself as belag is faver of the priseiple of government owner ship of all Canadias Railways; and,
wheress the demasis of the war and the beet interests of Canads make it neter. sary that all these Railways be efficiently opersted at a jast sad reasonable proft anly: asd, wheress it will be as Impomibifity to operste all flowe rosds ss epparate units on a basis of etandard
liod rates without bither givisg some lued rates without either giving some
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others lese thas their neceuary require ments thus giviog the public finefficien service of elae charging them on ${ }^{\text {a }}$ :
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of Canads from anjuat Hollway rates: of Canads from unjust Hairway rates
and. whereas effieient service by, all roads at a reasomble proft to all roads ean be given only through the coordin
ation of all of them ho it therfor resolved that we srge that the Govera ment immediately take over, co-ordin ate and operate at a reasonable profi to each, all Canadian Railways dariag the contination of the war with a view
to final ownership had operation after the war.

The Evening Bestions
Wedneed 童, evening's sesion was enlivented fith some excellent masien talent from the city of Calgary and
with apeeches by 0. R. Murray. genera) manager at Wisnipes of the United Orain Orowers Limited, John Kennedy, viee president of the same company one of President Wilson 's four minute Liberty loan orators. Mr. Murray deall fiost fueidly with the life memberahip plan, from a business man's view point and gave the delegates some very vala able suggestiony in regard to putting
the seheme on a proper basia. fie also the scheme on a proper basis. He also
dealt in an intereating manaer with the dealt in an interesting manner with the internal organization of the farmer
own company, especially in relation to its employeer. Mr. Kennedy handled in an effective manner that vital subject of migration
from the land. He showed how elose a relation this bore to proftable farming and that in turn to the great problem of taxation. Land values taxation would do more than anything else, be readjustment of the probiem of rurai depopulation.
Were W. G. Elliott; prineipal of the agricultural sehool at Olds, Geo. ${ }^{2}$ Chipman, editor of The Ouide and W, Saskatehewan University. Mr: Elliott spoke to a resolution asking the gover ment. to provide a board and lodging the three provineial agrieultural sehools. Before the war the average age of pupils at these sehools was 22 , now it is 18 ,
Eighty of the stadents enlisted. He gave mueh valuable information courses at these schools. Foflowing his address the resolation was unanimousily
adopted.
$\mathrm{Mr}_{\mathrm{c}}$. Chipman brought greetings the convention. He dealt very thor
oughly with the necessity for concentrating. all our efforts on attaining maximum efficieney in all our work and
especially through the farmers' organiespecially through the farmers' organi-
zations. He deplored the ideas fathered by some impracticals of sending sold
iers to the frontiers of civilization to make their living when they returned make their tiving when they return
while millions of acres of the finest land lie unused around our centres
population and along our railways. He also made a strong bid for government precated in seathing terms the mainimplements at sueh a critical time. Mr. Chipman also pleaded for a more
systematic businesf like development of our natural resources particularly coal in the western provinces.

The War After the War Prof. Swanson gave an excellent address on the war after the war. He
took his andience over a vast amount of ground and dealt with many problems of ground and dealt with many problems
in a way to start men seriously thinking. He deprecated the idea that the ing. He deprecated the idea

## Live Poultry WANTED

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大if imet prices sere tor poultry 10
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LIVE POULTRY
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Turkey, from ? ibl, in rood cob:sprition onperions, Na 1 condition, it. 270



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Golden Slarfrulla Prodese Co , Finnipe, Ilan.

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## Humor

"I deer'tike your heart aetios," the
 sais. "You have has some trouble
 "Yoore party right fottor," mid sia't her name:
"Do you thiak any gint ever pro posed is leap year, so they say, Jessie?'" asked.
"Not anlems ahe Tras obliged to," answered the masiden. "Bat, George," ately on his arm, and looking ep inte tis eyes, "you, I am sure, will never force me to that humithation. "No-er. that is to say-of coarse The lee was brokes, and three nisutey later there was a job in proepert for the permen.
"Dha you give this man the third degreet' anked the police offieer. WYes We brewbent sed hadgrored him with every queation we could thiak
"What aid he dof"
"He dored off and merely murmared how and then! 'Yen, my desr, you sre perfeetly right!
"I venture to assert," said the lectarer, "that there isn't a mas in this andiepee who has ever done anything to prevent the destruction of pur Corests,
A moolest lookligy man in the baek of e hall stood up.

The stranger on a walking-tour eame acrose an "'sld, old man a-sitting on a ate" and begnn to ask questions:
fiNo. not now. I ised to be, but
gave it ap," busy. You have plenty of time an your hasids, haven't you?'
"Lets of it."
Onee I did.
'What do you do now, if I may askt"
"'Don't de nothing Hain't done othing for nearly ten years." "So. Why, you're in luek! If I, did nothing for haif that length of time I should be in the poorhouse. The old man's face beamed with a glad surprize, and then, as one who it at its just worth, he eried delightedly: it at its just worth, he
"'You don't know me, do you Bobby '' $"$ asked a lady who had recently iseen baptived.
"Sure I do," piped the youth. You're the with the preacher last Sonday,"

Terribly old-fashioned, isn't shel'" tually replied Miss Cayenne. "I cetually believe that if she felt com-
pelled to do fancy work, she'd rather stiteh 'God Bless Our Home' on rard. board than take a hand-painted banner out in the street and try te start a

On day, as Pat halted at the top of the river-bank, a man famous for his inquisitive mind stopped and asked: for the village, my good man?'
'Ah, how many loads do you take in a day?'

Ah tin to fifteen, sor. for you. How mueh water at this rate have you hauled in all' '
The driver of the watering-eart jerked his thumb backward toward the "Aner and replied: now, sor,

Teacher: "Johany, what is a skeleJohnny: "Please, ma'am, it's a man with his insides out, and his ontsides

## H

$\qquad$

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tress of time and veather. Repairs cost money Concrete won't rot. Rats are another source of leak-age-they maw their way through afl kinds of buildineir way through crete, which is rat proof.

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## The Deeper Life

Faith the Simplest and Most Vital Thing in the Spiritual Life of Men By Rev, S. G. Bland, D.D.
 sited as ont who "he frith mas "ceaunted to
hith for righteousnes. The burden of the prophets and pealmists and wise men of Israel ever Is that the suprame wislom and duty and privj; loge of
Jehovah.
Jesus made faith the ondition of all His gifts. Nothing in men
seemed to gloddan Him seemed to gladden Him disappoint firm fike Want of it, "O woman,"; He said to one suppliant,
"great is thy faits. Be it great in thy faith. Be
unto thou as thou wilt." Paul has made faith seem his peenliar ward, the distinctive note of Panlinism, yet phasize faith a whit he does not emJohn, who is called the more than does Faith is not only one of the greateat words of the Mitle but of all the greateat Catholics of the Christian Chureh. Catholics, both Roman and Greek, and at least, their emphasis on faith.
It eaninot but be worth while
discover why faith should to try inagnifled. Perliape we have discovered one of the great reasons when we note how simple and vital a thing faith is. There is, indeed, no set or attitude of the human soul that is so simple and so
vital. It is so simple beconse it fs vital.
Paith is the act on the spiritual plane vital process as eating; or rather, invital, process as eating; or rather, in-
deed, of thirst is a simpler and more vital and more effortless thing than the sntisfnction of humger; or moit perfectly of all, to breathing, the simplest, In eating there must be thel act. find and to appropriate the food, to briffe it to the mouth, to fit it for assimilation and, finally, to assimilate it. Drinking is much simpler and easier. Water is the most vital element in nourishment, and water only needs to be secured and swallowed. It requires no agsimilation. But air is even more indjpensable than water. A man can adcess to water. He cat live for some adcess to water. He cate live for some a few minutes without air. And as air is the most necessary thing, so it is the easiest to appropriate. One does not need to go in search of it, or to lay
hold of it and appropriate it. One does hold of it and appropriate it. One does
not need to bring it within the breath ing appraratus and to swallow it. The only effort required in breathing is the expanding of the chest; the air rushes
into the lungs through its own elasti eity. It is, as it were, always seekin an entrance, eager to enter wherever finds the possibility of entrance. These and all other bodily acts and processes are parables. They are illus
trations of spiritual laws and protrations of spiritual laws and pro-
cesses. They represent spiritual faws cesses. They represent spiritual taw worling on the physical plane. Beyon all other teachers Jesus has shown us the analogy between the physical an
the spiritual. Henry Drummond's sug the spiritual. Henry Drummond's sug
gestive book, "Natural Law in the Spiritual World," was simply the de velopment in modern selentific fashion of the great principle Jesus exhibits in His matehless parables: "The Kingdom of Heaven is like a grain of mustard seed,", "' I am the true Bread, the true ing principle of the essential corre ing principle of the essential corre
eapersatural, we see that the vital and fundsmental physical acts we have been considering must have something cor responding to them in the spiritasl life
of mess. What this is, is faith, the of men. What this lo, is faith, the timplest and most vital spiritual actthe appropriation of God.
itself but draws its life frym without itself but drawe ite life fgym without the air, and ohst away from these dies, so the
soul of man has no Hife soul of man has no life taying hold of tood asill drawisg strength and goothes from fim.
The deepest ward of the Bible and of all the the Christian saints, the Christias saints, that goodness is not
thing man has in him self, or ean manufacture or maintain by himself but that goodness is something man draw from, God. "In mes, confesses 8 L . Pau
"dwells no good thing. "dwells no good thing." eries the paalmist, "but eries the poalmiat, "but
God is the strength of
my life and my portion
orever
Even
orn ins the first act of the new We firat act of in-breathe the sir, s hreathe act of spiritual life is to is breathe God. And as day by day the physieal life is nouriahed and strength ned and expanded by air and water grows by the ever larger appropriation of God.
We see, then, how imposible it to exapgerate the importance of faith It is the beginning of spiritual life
From firat to last men are asaval by Prom first to last men are saved by
faith. The first step in goodnest is to faith. The first step in goodness is to eall on God, to open the heart to God. to east oneself on Him. And the las step is nothing else, for as a man be indeprendent of God, but more dependent on Him.
And as faith is thes the most vital act in the higher life of man, so it is the simplest and easiest. It involves no effort at all. One does not need to go in search of God or to put forth any efforl to bring God near. The one condition is consent. The more we
minimize the human element the truer our conception is, if we have only that simplest, easiest act of will-consent. Fhith is nothing more than willingnest that God should enter and take control. Consent is like the opening of the lungs. God comes in like the inrush of the vitalizing air.
Thus perhaps one great. reason grows clear why our Lord selected a meal as
the great eharacteristic saerament of the great eharaeteristic sacrament of
His religion. Certainly one great teach ing of the Lord's Supper is just that the Christian life is the receiving of Jesus as our decpest and truest, life and that receiving Jesus is as simple and natural a thing as partaking of food. The Sacrament is just a kind of acted parable, the interpretation in act
of the deep words of Jesus: 1 I am the of the deep words of Jesus: "I am the Bread of Life; he that cometh to Me
shall not hunger, and he that believeth on Me shall never thirst." Nothing searches the human heart so deeply, nothing seems so unreason able to the shallow and self-complacent, nothing so comforting to those who
know themselves and the unutterable know themselves and the unutterable
human need, nothing so natural and human need, nothing so natural an as this gracious and inerorablo insist ence on faith as the condition of al good.
The founding of the great line of public-maintained colleges and experi ment stations means the applieation of science to the reconstruction of society and it is probably destined to be the most extensive and important applica problems that is now anywhere nocier way.-Bailey.

Cherries and Cherry Hybrids

## By A. P. Sterense



- $n$ yet io the experimental arperimental trato in $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{as}}$. -Vidence os land, so list of
caltiviel it ries esan bor ne canded fo Eweral plast,
 vemeral buper. ience boe bee
Enf verable.
Evee the Mis. Even the Mis-
seeta Hertient.
no liat of cher. taral Bociety publivito no liat of elter-:
ries onitable for planting is that stat. riees asitable for planting is that state. the remarke wo may have to make oe tio krowing of thin frrit will of nece raty ned in eng the lise of experienco Whine in endeavaring to spow it: Weets are for the foture Very fout it deed of thome who are in any way iater. oted in the growiog of fruit lis ithis hought mind earofutfy plaited out oherry hroee of all the well known eastern var. ieties to have the unal renalt, all comsigned to the brusb pile the following
${ }^{*}$ "pring: Tret experience with this truit hegan in 1975 when we ptanted out A number of eatern varieties, with the from Minnesota a large conignment of the mewly introluced hirrdy Remian harry trees of sach varieties an Besar:
 Vladimin, For a number of years these varieties grow well and to all appear: ance were fairly hardy in tree, and we were in hopes something valuable snd suitabie for our extreme conditions had
hien found. Tn due time the trees attainell volficient siese to form froit bods in abundance, but fow blostroits appeared. In Briof, the conelusion ms: hardy the fruit boto were mot In ent wquence the tree were rooted out with the exception of the Vladimir. Aceording to Proof. Hasaen, this variecty is grown extensively in, the Vadimitr re
gion of Ruasia north of Moxeow. With ins it appeared to be superior to the other Huscinn sorts and gave as a fair crop
of fair sized fruit of good qualib, wheni of fair sized fruit of zood quality, whef of the fruit were saved and planted.
The seeflinga from theeed pits cme into Tho seeclingo from theere pits came into
thearing six yearm ago. As expected the thearing six years ago. As expected the
fruit varied very much in size and rruit varied very much in size and
quality, some being very good and others inferior. Pits of the best of these were agair selected and planted. Yrom this second generation of seed. linge we have a large number of trees trees, or buoheos, being to all appearance treos, or bushee, being to all appearanee we.are in hopes of being able to develop a true cherry that will be suitable to our extreme conditions.


## Sand Oherry Hybrids

The work of bybridising fruits has leen carried on for a number of years ly horticulturists in Minnesota and the
Dakiotae. Without doubt Prof. Hansen of Bookings, Sooth Dakota, stands at the head of this work, Some nf his new creations give promise of great value
to us on neceunt of the fine quality of to us on necount of the fine quality of
the fruit pud earriy bearing habit of the trees. Ne give below a list of the
Hybrid'eherries that have fruited with us during the last ten years, together with a few notes on their behavior.
Etopa, Opata and Sapa, are all croved Stopa, Opata and Sapa, are all crosels
between the Sand Cherry and the Gold botween the sang Cherry and the cold
Plum of Caliform. The fruit is of excellent quality, the flesh being of a dark purple color, very large for a cherry, We find the trees, or rather busbes, to he lacking in tardiness. To overcome this to $a$ certain extent wo grow them in the bush form like a large currant tuah. In the late failithe buxge is spread
outward and bent down fo the ground.

A bloek of wood is placed to liola them down. This will allow the snow to Itrif entirely over the bushes during the wintor. As these Hyblitid elierried form fruit bels on one yeer old wood
this ovetem of wister pmitetion res h this oystem of winter protection can be carried ost by removing a portion of
ine old wood every spring. By this the old wool every spring. By this
ontem we live grown fine erops of the splendia froit. of the three varieties mentioned we profer the sape as being the moot prolise. The fruit will Herage fully an inel

Bansots and Chersots
Thesw are other new varieties erigin:ated by eroaing the Rand Cherry with the De Rota Plom sod sre mach hardier in tree thas the ofold plum eroses. The color is almost black when fully ripee
fleoh yellowish green, pleanat Frili fleob yellowish arreen, plesanat, Fruit
will averngo searly as ineb is dismeter. Fill average searly an inch in diameter.
geasos, early September. Tiese varSeasos, early September. These var-
leties are nloe grown in the bash form leties are nlas arywn in the bosb form
bat the limbe are not bent down in the fall.

Champa Band Charry
This is a pare Sand Cherry seedling. The buyb is a strong upright grower for A Fand Charry and the fribt is the latgest we have grown of that variety
is glosy black with a small pit and of It glosy black with a amall pit and of good quality either for table or cullia ary oses The bushes have been in bear ing three years and so far appear to be
quite hardy. Fruit will average threequite hardy. Friit will average three-
fourths of an inel in diameter. Resson, early Aeptember.

## Compasas Oherry

This Hybrid Cherry is the beat known and has been longer in ecultivation than May other variety. It originated in Band Cherry and the Mis. Pam. It has been fo cultivation with us for eighteen years and has been largely planted throughout the Weatern Prov: ances. It appears to be fairly liardy. The tree is of fairly upright habit of growth and begins to hear when two or three years old. The fruit is of a dark reddish color, is excellent for liome use, and canning purposec. In size will
averaze the same as the Champa Cherry. average the same as the Cham
Sessoi, middle of September.

## Bocky Mountain Cherry

This is a selected type of the wild sand Cherry. The bush is quite hardy and annually bears heavy ero
This about sompletes the list of var ieties that up to the present time have proven worthy of consideration. It is of the first importance that they tocation where good shelter has been provided. No insect or other pests attack the bushes. The same general directions given for planting the Plum will apply here. I believe the satisfaction of gathering this fine fruit from one's own tree will be a sufficient reward for the trouble of kiving the
trees the extra care and protection.
$\qquad$ WINDBREAKS PAY its grove on a fairm greatly improyes thape around a farmhouse ngs will raise a farm in the estima. tion of a buyer, who wants an attrae. tive home, a good many times the value of the time and money put into the planting of the trees.
Windbreaks are a great protection and the cold, ehilling winds of the winter. They are especially beneficial to orchards, priventing the winds from blowing off the blossoms in the spring and shaking off the fruit in the fall. Windbreaks niso protect fruit trees from winter killing
The protection which a good windbreak will give to stock in winter will pay in a sliort time for

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and smentments, order of business. suspension of rules, mander of business,
sime of debating,
upeaking, committees, their functions and
orkanizations.

"My Four Years in Germany"
 verer betore durinas hotulutues has an oftrial of Am . bassador Gerard's standing been allowed to reveal to
the puplic of a belligerent nation the inside facts and the puplic of a belligerent nation the inside fact
tipplomatic correspondenge of his government. The story contains the personal experiences of the Tnited states Ambaseador in Germany during the time
when Germany was preparing to hurl the world into when Germany was preparing to hurl the world into
conflict and during the first years of the war. It tells
for the first time the story of Germany at war. It liscloses the actual war-time conditions of Price,
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educated farmer can take a note book and pencil and educated farmer can take a note book and pencil and
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whether he is making a profft or loss on his farm, and
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Important Resolutions Before U.F.A. Convention Over 60 Resolutions Conaidered-Many Reforme Adrocated Os the second day of the bif U.F.A. Anitely better pegition in every way.
Convention at Colgary, the delegntes Tather elosely ripted to it and conConvention at Calgary, the delegntes
begnen disponing of the 60 odd resols. tians brought before them. The consileration of these oceupied every opar moment. Though sothe wrere soef, it
would almest meems, to give some dele. would almost seem, to give some dele-
pates practice in publie speakisg, they were generally disposed of is rapid tyle. Oecasionally this was toe rapid, ped delegates found themselves eallisg "Quention" and yoting on resolutions of whim they did sot have a elear anderotasdiag Among the most important reselutions rapidly disposed of on account of the great unanimity of The wetiop of the executive in endorsing the findiags of the conference on more and better water for onr farms, on more snd betheridge on Jane 35,1917 , was approved. The convention placed pathy with the objeets of the Social fervice Leagus. The incoming bocard Aervice League. The incoming board
was recommended to asaist the U.F. W.A. in the provisios of a paid organizer or in any other way that might be deeided upen after consultation with the women's executive. The legislative committee, whieh is reaponaible for the presentation to the government of the resolutions passed by the eonvention, was requested to state as fully as possible the promises or exchese given by the government apos esch of the resolutions in ite annaal report. Adequate provincial laws with rigid enforcement to provide all possible means for the prevention of destructive foreat fires and for the encouragement of tree planting were urged. The convention be paid for his work on any case re. zardless of whether or not the, ease failed to be proved in the higher courts. frepresentatfons were insde to the prosincial and Dominion governments to bave the Grande Prairie Railway extended west through the Grande Prairie country. A demand was made that the wholesale carrying of rparty politieal interature by the mails free should be
abolished. A protest was registered against the arrangement, reported as the suggestion of Sir. Herbert Ames to the minister of finance, to have pay. ments to the Patriotic Fund considered as an equivalent of income tax. farmers and politicians being elected to office, it was resolved that each and every canadidate nomimated be required to state before the convention, before the ballot is taken, the exact source of his prineipal income and source of livelihood. The provincial government was asked to encourage the use of vaceine for the prevention of blackleg in cattle. The attention of the minister of railways was directed to the delay in linkMg up the Mased route of the C.p. between tethbridge and Weyburn in order to prevent the westward hanling of grain on its way to Fort William. The exrapidly as qualified men couold be secured was urged upon the provinctal government.
Incorporation of U.F.A.
most important resolution to the convention was that dealing with the lution read as follows:-
Whereas, it is expedient and in the it should intersts of the association that a legal status in the province; and whereas, it is advisable that such incorporation be secured by get of the legislature of the province of Alberta; be it therefore resolved that the direc-
tors of the association be, and they are, hereby authorized to make applications at the next sitting of the provincial
legislature for an aet of ineorparation of the association.
Be it further resolved that the deails of the incorporation shall be left framing the by-laws of the incorporated framing the by-laws of the incorporated
association they shall follow as closely as possible the present constitution of association.
will place the association thes resolu.
tingest upeo now incorporstion for dealing with hail fisurasee and the administrution of extates. That os hail insurnace suthorised the Tirectors to organise a subtidiary company for the purpose of carrying os as agents. brokers of otherwise the buainese of flo and hail insurance That dealing with Cotater mado as follown-
Whereas, it is deemed expediest that this amociation stoold sequire the power of aetion as executors and ad. miniatritors of the estates of decesaed pernons, and generally as truatee of behalf of its members whes required to do so; be it therefore reolved that the dirsetors be, sad they ares, hereby sutherised to apply for soch power, either by the organiation of a sub-
sidiary company og by obtaining the sidiary company of by obtaining the poration of the assochation if spplied
Both these resolutions carried unanimonaly. It was explained by Mr . Trego that the first of these two was neces. sary, as the new plan of hail insarance could not be put fito effeet this season, and some elieck might be seeded on lise companies.
Considerable discumion arose over the following resolution submitted by the board of directors:-
Wher
Whereas, edseation is a national tseet; and whereas, in parts of Alberts there are lands outside school distriets paying only a small tar into the educational fundy and whereas, this syotem is unjost as the greater burden of taxstion is carried by orgasized districts where there is be it resolved that where there is unorganized territory tarrounded by or adjoining selhool dis be the average rate of thy adjacent districts. average rate of tis adjacent ago the poverament took out from taxa. ago the goverament took out from taxa-
tion the leased land in achool distriets This necesasitated making many distriets larger, with the consequence that now very many children have altogether too far to go to sehool. In many places also mueh land is held by ranchers and diatriets are badly arranged. These ranchers have often little or no inter: est is rehool beyond the evasion of taxation. Such conditions were not
conducive to the proper education of conducive to the proper education
Alberta's coming citizens.
Elberta's coming citizens.
Eatablishment of Labor Bureaus
Interest was keen in as resolution proposed by the board of direetors sug: gesting the establishment of labor bureaus at Calgary, Edmonton and Lethbridge with a view to supplying the farmers with farm labor aud also regulating wages. It was emphatically asserted by W. D. Trego that the labor bureaus in Calgary had much to do with reguiating, labor prices. barious delegates thought they should be run by
Tormers. The resolution was referred to the board for action.

Abe boardion asking that the markets
resion ommittee of the U.F.A. take up with the proper authorities with a view of putting into effeet a syatem of grading and elassifying livestoek in the same manner as grain is graded was carried. This was one revolntion that might have been much more carefully considered. Had it been, and a proper knowledge of the practical difficulties
in the way been made known, it is safe in the way been made known, it is safe been passed.
The convention was most emphatic in its opinion regarding the policing of the province. Many delegates asserted that police protection was inadequate in some on. In this white men were more to blame than Indians or halfbreeds. Another said one red coat in the horizon would do more to put due respect for
the law into the hearts of law-breakers than a whole squad of provineial police. than a whole squad of provineiai pepice.
The following resolution was overwhelmingly earried:-
Resolved, that the government be urged to provide an adequate and
efficient poliee force, throughout the country, preferably the R.N.W.M.P.

## Farm More Acres at Less Cost

by using the Mat-a:Iractor

Solves the problem of that extra four horse team you need to get in the acreage you aim to crop this year, and to do summer fallowing and breaking for next year.
Staude Mak-a-Tractor halpe yres to are asking you to produce more the would otherwise be idle when you are working. Your boy or girl will enjoy plowing with the Staude, and it positively won't damage your ear. Conatruction simple and efficient.
Change from Car to Tractoo or back ngain made in twenty minutes seasily. Does the work of Four Big Hornes and does it centinuously. Puit fo long hours if you want to, the Staube doee not get tired.
More hores mean more chores. With the Staude you ride in comfort all day and then fifteen minutes will suffice to look over the ear and ees that
everything is reedy for the neza day. Ceeto nothing the not in uen
Guaranteed to do the Work of Four Horses Costs Less Than Two


No rigid attachment. No strain on the cart. The tractor puahes the car by the brackets to the rear axle. The tractor wheels draw the load. The ord pulls nothing. Simply delivers the power to the rim of the big wheeis. does not occur. The Circulator apecial fan and pulley and new Radiator make the Ford better than ever. Does not alter the appearance of the car. Can furnish either 1917 or old model Rediators.
Be sure and see the Staude Mak-a-Tractor demonstration when in Regina for the GRAIN GROWERS' CONVENTION, or write for

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coupon
is mill birify you
Thin sentive Mok

Moose Jow, Saek.
Plense send me full partieulars rezarding your Staude Mak-e Name
a-Tractor molk of

## The Country Homemakers

Conducted by Mary P. McCallum

## ous hmoond ling

One =hale mestion was practically give over to the diacusoion of thi Beet for grester ploclsertion of the Bresion sesivention of the Orais Grom ers' A mosiation. In faet, there wa ceareely a temion when tha matter di sot eome in for some dimenian.
towta not bot the impresel with the theroghtines with whit western farm ere aro entering into this grester pro doetion eampaige. Daring the election eampaign wo hided muet epportusity to say, wed to hest each ofter sey, that We were behind the boye is the trenelhe to oer last doliser and to the last bued of of kroin, of tho lativp. They wete fine soosdisg lo loysl, paitriotie phrases. I faet, 1 little doubt bot what they helped tremendosaly to min
tion for Uision government.
Bot not untilt the Brasion convention dil I felly rellise that our farmer pro
docers shi our farmers' wives wer literally and setasily into this greate predoction eampaign to the last bushel and to the last pound of bacon an bind the they are the veritable army be hind the man behind the gun. To have
sitemat the Hravd attended the Branton convention ma-
to have reeived the suurance that for to have recived the asourance that for
this great line of support there was no ibis great
retrent, no faltering and no retreneh. ment

The many extenuatiog situations Whieh, Uhrougb war conditions, must is the one elear light were discossed in the one elear light of their bearing
on the greater production eampitm on the greater production eampraiz Canada's loog period of protective
poliey did the farmers, the acute sur machinery in these termss " Whereas the esographical position of Canad renders her products of peculiar valus to the Empire in these days of national are being made to the agrieultura clames to inerease their production of human neceasities; and whereas, the erarcity of competent farm help musi be replaced by labor-saving machinery in order that vast areas of fertile lant now lying idle may be brought ints ernment, as a war measure to place all machinery and implement. required in the predvetion of food atuffs on the free list.
When before bas a resolution such as the following gone from the. Women's
Seetion to be umanimously passed by Seetion to be umanimously passed by
the whole convention: "Whereas, the thortage of food is so great, the scar. eity of labor so acute, and the ery for greater production ever increasing, be it rewolved, that the government be asked to eatablish in the eollege of sgrieniture short courses for the bene suitable forms of farm labor."
When has such a sentiment as this been voiced in the farmer's parliament: "While we Grain Growers deelare our desire to do everything in our powe to furnish food for Great Britain and her Allies, even at monetary loss
ourselves, we would strongly urge, ete." When the delegates of the greatest in dustrial organization in the province, in annual convention assembled, ex we doubt the sincerity of their purpose or the thoroughness with which they will undertake it Our young men
Europe are blazing for themselves and For Camada paths of uniececdented and undying glory; our producers, the great lines of support, are preparing for the mammoth spring drive; is there à
Canadian who can do aught but follow Canadian who ca

## COUNTRY PORTIA

Mised her call to the bar in November ceived ber cail to the bir in November
of last year, and has since then been practising with her brother, D. R. C
Kaclean, in Winnipeg, has gone Maclean, in Winnipeg, has gone to
Grandview, Man., to undertake a cour
try, proetice, Mis Maclean has the
distinction of being the only womas hanyer in selive praetice in the pro Mantotis ther.

## FIEE FIRE!

(By Mary H. Talbet.)
Nise est of every ten hossewives
Whom 1 have sated, "Do you hoow What to to if fire should break outt". have answered in the negative, and yet
so women are is so urgent seed of

The majority of momen do not seem ar fative the danger there is in seras. from eld elotere. The dast and ini Lifhting is matelo to fook for .ner. artiele is a crowied eloet, or taking a Sandle into suek a place often cause are. Old elothing. nacbion shote paper be and every sort of rebls A spark ing duaty eloset has bees known to ignite
n whele buildiag: even the secumula tion under bureas and sofas is danger-
onis. If you do diseover a fire in your


An ADEQATELY EQuippio kitchin Toi the fank woman
being well informed about fire helpe as those who live in isolated places a
many farmi women do. It is worth While to drill oneself in the things to do and not to do in case of this ceala. mity, for subeonsciously the training will assert itself even when the surface facuities are all matray. it seems an its - truts affty per cent of the fre its truth-4fty per cent. of the firey the greater number are due to the care lessects- of women.
A very prolific source of diaster is overherted fat splashing out and catehing fire during the process of cooking, causing a terrifying column of flames, the fire and try to move the pan containing the fat, and her elothing almost invariably ignites. 60 instead to flour barrel, salt bin, baking-powder box or sand pile, but never to the water bucket, as water on burning fat will
spread the flame wherever the water spread the flame wherever the water whatever extinguisher is the most handy, as burning fat also splashes about; ;instead hang a eup or a bueket of the material at hand on a long poker and empty it on to the fat, and with
the poker mix the flour or other the poker mix the flour or other ex-
tinguisher with the burning This will put out the fire, and you will
not have come into contact with it
elonet, elose the door and get a bucket of water and a broog. " A wet broom tented,""said an official of the fire department to me. "You ean throw a
solid sheet of water with it or only a spray; you can beat a fire out with a broom or you can pull down a blaxing pull the contents of the your broom to floor and then wese it to apply the water.
"The chimney's afire!" shrieked one
the ehildren at a farmhouse I was visiting. There was not a man on the place. The man of the house had been talking about eleaning out the soot, but
he was too late. This was my teond experience, so we throw salt in the fire. place and set it afire. Burning salt or sulphur makes a gas that will put out this kind of fire. If you have neither at hand, hang a heavy blanket at the bottom of the flue to eateh the soot and
prevent its blowing prevent its blowing out into the room, and then send the best elimber to the
roof to empty buekets of coal or sand down the chimney. The blanket may not cateh all the soot and sparks, soo handy.
It is very tempting to lie in bed and read, but it has caused many a fire;
sleep so often overtakes one, and one sleep so often overtakes one, and one
never knows how the damage was done,

## HATE IS WAStE

greatest evil thing greatest good thing in the world, then hate is the greatest evil thing in the world. For hate is the opposite of , love.
Love warms, hate freezes. Love attraets, hate repels. Love is life, hate
is death. Hate is the worst waste that an enter at is death. Hate is the worst waste that can enter a human soul.
Love fills, nourishes, and prospers both the lover and the loved. But hate tears and wastes everything that it touches $7 m$ the tife of the hater
and the lated. Hate is and the hated. Hate is poverty-impoverished. When you think about
hating any one, pause long enough to through your own being and then THINK. The chances are then thep you will chase it from your life.

Hate always hurs the hater
enough not to let the bate in.
Don't let hate get to you today
to any one, go and find where it
sut wakens to fiad the bed burniag -If this moull happen to you, wet tho wor
fice with a broen if you can, but if the fuce with a broom if you can, but if the treking has casgit, roil up the mat tress or pash it on the floor, it will burn
nore siowly there, and you cas beat if eot with the wet broom If the lamp takee s. If the lapp takee fre, you most tondie it vert of doors if you cas; if not. hrow a blakket or rag over it and get salt, baking pooder, of four; never hirow sugat on fire, as this is very in hammable and will bure fercely. Lamp.
trouble is often cawed by tho boas. rouble is often cassed by the hoose
wifo's siling the lamp after dark bv wifo'v silisp the lampe atter dark by
the lipht of another lamp, of beesume the nir duets are not kept open to allow a free eirealation of air; if them are closel, the lamp will heat up when lighted, whieh is extromely dangeroos
 or when the flame is turned down low of when the flame is turned down low
in the burner. What is true of an oil lamp is aleo trae of oil stoves.
Many fire have arisen from eurnais. blowing into an unprotected gas jet. E, hits in a testroum are uruatly placed for the sake of convenience near the
dreseing table, the best place for thr dressing table, the beat place for thr
latter being beide a window; it is al latter being bemide a window; it is al
ways wise, therefore, to weight the ways of eurtaises to that $s$ whanee poff of wind will not blow them into the light. If this should oceur, do not tr? to pall the cartain down; to do so in.
cresses the danger of personal injory. cresses the danger of personal injury.
Even a e elid can stop $s$ fire in the begisning if he knowt what to do. It begining if heapital idea to increase the prosence of mind asd the commons sense of the Whole family by an oceasional fire drith
Each one should have confdence enough Each one should have confidence enough to attempt to use the means at hand
and should be able to ammmon immediand should be able to summon immedi-
ste staistance in ease of need. If your ste assistance in ease of need. If your
bave a telephone, put on a card to bhom to call for help and let it always be near the reeciver, and let everyonin the house understand this eard,
Should you be eaught in a building that if burning and filfet with smoke, creel along the floor on your hands and knees. vith a wet towel. the mouth and now thin the most air in such cases near

## ONTARIO TN LINE

A Toronto dispateh states that legis tions to provent the spread of venereal quences of sueh disorders will be passed by the Ontario goverament at the aps proaching session of the legislature hich meets on February 5 next While the government has not yst the proposed legisiation, The Globe is informed that the measure will bc tice Hon the report of Hon. Mr. Jus ice Hodgins, who, in November last. portant work of investigating the prob lem on behalf of the provinctal povern ment. Justice Hodgins has just com. pleted an exhaustive investigation intr the study and practice of medicine, and he government asked him to proceed problem of the investigation of the problem of the Hebleminded and the was that these problems are intimately related to each other. A large per
centage of cases of venereal disease: can undoubtedly be traced, it is be
lieved, to the habitually immoral, and lieved, to the habitually immoral, and
many of this class aro many of this elass aro coonsidered to
be mentally defective. On the other hand, it is believed that many cases of insanity and feeble-mindedness are the result of venereal diseases. Justice Hodgins was commissioned under the Public Inquiries Aet to consider and
inquire into the existing methods of inquire into the existing methods of
dealing with imbeeile, feebleminded and mentally defective persons in the provinee, with power to suggest amendpronts to with existing legisatation or other
ment measures whieh will, in his opinion, im
prove present conditions.
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It give mo nuch phasute to have the opportunity of meting you agoin at convention and of prometing my annual moort os hecrtary. Thoues ive work the your has been o litite diesouragig from the stand point or membembip it has point of work mecomplithed. $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{p}}$ to theint time of writing only nineteren duta have vat in on vocunt of the yourn vook but thin forill par Cmi ropor over sowo nimed for Hent Con nod other patrotie purpown Thic ia even ont fair to uhem, No several of the dows arm daing Red Crow work throuch other orEankations, and Unir unne do not appear
 Cayley, it wha one great pall sill toeether, famers and farm wotoen. The same was true of Vetersa where $\$ 2,000$ ener raimid by an anction ank in which it fouphit by farm Fowite. shering U.F.W.A. Strome, with is memberslaip of 16, reporte 800 garmente and 36 pairs of troka made during the year. And here 1 feel compelled to mention the secretary. With a family of seven, the younenet under twe years old, that wotman worked indefatigatily herself and tried by every means to enthose others in her com-
miunity, with the very cteditable reonord given above as the remult. It is another proof of whas will accomplish.

Fine Work of Locals
The two clube held up inet year as ap example of what should not be, can look the world proudly in the face this year. One of them in addrtion to raising $\$ 400$ for patriotic purpors, developerl a spirt succesen of the club in the future. sucoes of the club in clue future ellent work ends this memenge: "NWe packed 22 boxes for our soldier boys, and the way in which they have been appreciated has made our hearts glad. In this work we have ereat comfort. I want to say that the U.F.W. has been a help and a blessing to this community in more ways than one. The becinning of our
work was hard, with little encourapework was hard, with little encouragethat we have risen above the most of that we have risen above are ready to go ahead and do more and better thingo." Words like these encourage and hearten un all, and put a song of thanksgiving in our hearts if not on our lipe.
One clab conceived the splendid idea of sending a number of Chrintmas boxes to be distributed by their own boy: to thoee who otherwise would have had
none. If each time boxes were entnone. If each time boxes were sentagain be necessary-this plan was folagain be necessary-this plan was for gift and giver would be doubly blessed. But patriotic work has not been all that has been accomplished. Halls have been built and rest rooms secured and lowed and of this I wish to speak later. We realize that both the Study Outlines and the course suggested by the secretary could have been improved upon, and that we propose to do this year. However, we
shall deal more fully with this queation at our round table conference for delegates.

Difficulties of Club Work
In view of the strenuous times in which we are living the wonder is that so much men's places in the field last year, although help for the home was almost impossible to obtain. In one instance that came to my notice, two women, one of them elderly and with rheumatic hands, milked seventeen cows ail summer. Her daughter, who told me fee
story added, "In times like these we feel story added, "In times like these we mast all do our bit." That is the truest patriotism. When the story of the Great War is told, we hople an honored place will be given to those who have striven not only to "keep the home
fires burning," but also to furnish food for the soldier lads at the front. Two other causes which militate against the success of our work are first, the long distances to be covered in sparsely settled
districts before people can meet, and districts before peopie can meet, and reports sent in the answer given to the
quention "What ste the chief difficultien you find is carr ing on the work nuccest rully" was "Balise", One dab roporte under three years old, while the wermtary hernelf has two under that spe. That eertainly createm a difficult poeition, but light of so saret plither difticulties" in the howht of an asest rather than a liakility, work
And that briaps us face to fare with a problems that perpletes overy, conscienthous, but intelligint and publinapirited mother. It is your problem and minesamely sinder what conditions are we furtifed in confining our attention enthindy to our homes to the excluasion of
all matters of pallic internt, 0 . all matters of pullic interest, or how
far are we juatiol is trine to far are we juatified in trine to attend to both. Now I say, "intilligent and
publiespirited," for the indiffernt wopabliespirited," for the indifferent "othan will excuae herelf by asing, "
have my home and chillten, and that tenough for me to look after: and that ie tmoch we should try to do outside of home is a matter which esech woman must nettle with her own emosclence. When the phvical, mental and moral vell-being of children must be neplected if a pablic Fork is to be done, then it is ofvions that the prablic work muat be left in
other hande. A woman's fret and hit other hande. A woman's first and hirh ent duty and her areatest service to the
state is in the caring for all three sides state is in the caring for all three side
of child life. But a meeting once in two weeke or a month should not imply neylect of either home of children. On the contrary it should leave a moman better fitted, physically and mentally to care for both. True she may have to leave the dinner diabes unwashed until her return, but dishes not washed in their proper time cannot be convidered a socia erime. A far greater crime is the in difference to and want of co-operation in
the great movementa of abcial reform. The great movements of social reform.
The elfish woman leaves the working out of better social, elucational and evonomic conditions for herself and her children to women who need her sympathy and co-operation but who only get her eriticiem. In these davs of stress and strain, when the old order is changins and aivine place to new, and especially in view of her great privilezes and opportunities, the woman who remains alool
and out of svmpathy with the strivingen and out of svmpathy with the strivings hring order out of chans and to make the communitv, the province and the world a better, saner and happier plare to live in. is not onlv shirking a great responsibilitv, but is a dead weipht, of worse on soriety. There are various conditions under which a woman can be excused from undertakine a public work of even attendine meetings; but there is no excuse for withholline her avmpathy and interest, or the help she might render Whether we like it or not, We come
under one of the two classes. Which it under one of the two clases. Which it we believe it or not, care or not, we are houting is from the housetope by our worris and deerls.
Mra Bermet
(Mra. Barett here dealt exhaustively with the food question, impressing on the memhers the great gravity of the ood situation.)

Women and World Peace
What can we, the United Farm Women of Alberta do, in order to make a repetition of the horrors enacfed since Aumust 1914. impossible in the future. On the face of it it looks as if we can do but little. But can we not put forth some effort and use the the utmont our little influence. In the Peoples Forum here in Calkary I heard an address on
A Peace that shall be worth the Sacrifice In that address the speaker made the In that address the speaker made the statement that set one-thinking. He
said that in that world parliament which said that in that world pariiament which have a place. Why should we not? And who has a better rieht to be repre-
sented in that world parliament than the sented in that world parliament than the
farm women of Western Canada? We farm women of Western Canada?
have not onlv borne and reared and have not onlv borne and reared and
sorrowed for the heroes who gave their lives for an ideal, namely to preserve the freedom of the world and make it mafe for democracy, but we have also born the burden and heat of the day in order
that starving Europe might be fed. Are we content to leave the issue for which

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witnese a conflacration ten-fold more hell witnes a conflagration tes-fold more hell
than the one we are living through, because of the lust for power or riches of A dique of militarints in in some corner of Europe of Asia? They are the men who make profit from the Mood and agony of their fellows. In this pease ecugres. the advocate of territorial expanaion,
which in itanlf contains the germ of which in itself contains the germ of
future wan will be reprecented. Are we content to fold our hands in mute resignscontent to fold our hands in mute resigna;
tion nut not nak that our voice be hrard sleot Why should we not demand that a woman be ehoeen to represent the farm women of the world's kranary-a woman
who is strong and fearlens and will pirowho is atrong and fearlesm and will pro-
tent in the name of her inarticulate siaters sgainst att that makes for that curse of curveis to the human race, War. 1 sm not of three who helieve that ware must cons:
tinue. If did belinve that I ahoeld tinue. If I did believe that I should preach in seaton and out of season, from pulpit, prese and every other agency at truction.
When are we going to rise up and asy
"We refuee to bear children if at the "We refuse to bear children if at the bidding of governmenta the world in which they are to live enn be turned into an
Infemo" We have conerraly them Inferno." We have consecragd them
this time on what we are told and bethis time on what we are told and be-
lieve to be, the altar of the world's freedom. Now let ut go further and see to it. $n s$ for an in we lies, that they shall not have died, and that we and womankind all over the world shall not have
suffered in vain. I would go one step further and ur Women from all countries be held at stated infervals, so that we might come into touch with each other. The mother heart is the same in all countries raised above primitive savagery. The goodwill for each other, carried into the home teaching and diseminated by propaganda, together with a knowletige of the unspeakahle horrors of modern warfare and
the futility and stupidity of it all, should help to ereate such a public opinion againat war that he would be a brave
man indeed, be he Prosident or Kaiser who would dare to suggest, that the nohtist and mot exclualve of till professions is that of arms.

## Problems of Demecracy

Abraham Lincoln defined democracy as "Government of the people for the people and by the peopie. Werney does not exayt, either in Canada or elsewhere. However, in Union Government and in Government control of public utilities we trust that the dawn of such a democracy the dav in this our country, which hate and spite and political chicanery has threatened to divide.
If we calinot live in peace and goodwill with the people of another language under the British flag, how can we expect
that the quarrela and petty ambitions of the hundreds of nationalities in warring Europe, shall be peacablv adjusted. England has the Irish question. Is our treatment of Quebec to be such that we shall have a French-Canadian quastion as bitter as that which divides Britain?
It reduces itaelf to the sttitude of the it reruces itself to the attitude of the
individual-you and me-for the mass of individual-you and me-for the mass of
indiduals make up the nation. But let us see to it that a hostile press and unscrupulous politicians do not make our opinions for us. We have a long way to
go before we attain the ideal of Democracy and a road that is not strewn with roses. But is its attainment not wort the effort?

Five-year-old Mary, who is always
anxious to be in everything that goes anxious to be, in everything that goes on, lives in a small town where the donation parties, to make up his back begged eagerly: Can't I take something, too,
"No: if your father and I take someBut the child could not bear to give house for something suitable. Finally she appeared before her mother with a "Please, muvver, can't I take this ee, it's not a speek of good for any


## With Fingers ! Corns Lift Out

Apply a fow drops then lift corns or calluses off-no pain.

For a few cents you can get a smali bottle of the magic drug freezone re cently discovered by a Cincinnati man Just ask at any drug store for a small bottle of freezone. Apply a few
 drops upon a tender, ach-
ing corn and instantly, yes
 Immedlately, all soreness
disappears and shortly you wall find the corn so loose that you lift it out, rop
all, with the fingers Just think! Not one bit of pain before applying free-
zone or afterwards. It zone or afterwards. It
doesn't even iffitate the
 Hard corns, soft corns of
corns between the hardened calluses on the toes, also just seem to shrivel up and fall of without hurting a particle. It is almost

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January 30, Fari

SILK


## -

ngers ! ift Out
hen lift corns or -no patin.
ou can get a small drug freezone re-
a Cincinnati man. a Gincinnati man. drus store for a on a tender, achand instantly, yes 3 and shortly you lift it out, root and the fingers linkt Not one bit cre applying free-
afterwards. even iffitate the ling skin. corns, sott corns or
tween the toms, tween the toes, also
on bottom of feet vel up and fall of particle. It is almost
\& store has Freezone.

G DISEASES id How to Feed
 iest 31 st Street, New Yowt

## Farin W omenss Clubs

MANITOBA W.a.e. CONVENTION It was a real pleasure to attend the Maniteha Women Girain tirawers' Cop restias. The fine spirit of to opern tios which existed lietween the dele. gates and is the meetings, sand the ver: cortial reception given to the fraternal telepates from the siater pirovisces will be long remembered. Hitherte Alberta be fog remembered. firherto Alberta worked hand in hand. Now that Mani toba has " jeined "p," we are looking for great results from their eombined efforts. The Alberta U.P.W. execative already poesoses the right to eit its the Cansdian Council of Agriealture The Manitoha W. ©. G, saggeat the for mation of an inter-provincial board What great pomibilities alhead of ua In the meantime, heartiest congratula tions to Manjtob W, M. G.O.A.

President Mest of wa
W.G.G.A. AMBULANOE TUND Cledged Cheviot W.@.G.A.
Cleveland H.M.C. (Ind contri bution) Nutana
Eeonomy tribet W.0.0.A. (Ind con Poplar VIew 0.0.A. ........... Rebecea W.O.G.A. (Netherhili) Pentiae WM.G.A. Corrections
Corrections
that it has been the making of-our eoclety and what has kept it allve and prosperous. 80 get to work sad rou will find that the soclety will ran Itaelf and grow as your work in. Ereases.
One of the good polnts about thils organization is that we can do say kind of work in the Boclaty. If we clety we could do only Red Cross work, but as it lo, we cas Red Croan Red Cross work is we are able, such as making and sending hospital suits pyjamas, ote., bealdes sendiag feld comforts to our own boys at the front.
In splte of oer war work we have not entirely neglected the regular work of the soclety. We meet regularly each month on a Tuesday afternoon besides holding a sewing and knitilag meeting every Tiesday eve-
alsg. At these minetings we serve ning. At these meetings we serve tea and bread and butter. We also
take up a silver collection at these evenlag meetingi. We served dinner and tea at the St . Andrew's agriculand tea at the St. Andrew's agricul-
turat fafr and atso at their Jast aslual meeting. We gave two banners to the school children for collecting. paper. We served supper to the Boy Sconts and voted a banner to be given to the Boys' and Olrle' Club for some conteat at the ragricultaral falr.
Now I must tell you of some of the means we have for making money for all of this work. We have had two rummage sales, two or three garden partles, teas at different homes and an auction sale of farm
produce, for whleh the farmers produce, for whleh the farmers
hrought in eggs, butter, ehleken, hrought in eggs, butter, ehleken,
meat, grain, ete, and the towns meople brainght them at publle auctlon. We had a national dinner and tea on May 24. For thle we had six tables representing the different countries: England, Ireland, Scotland, the United States, Canada and Iceland. Eifh table was decorated to represent its own country and suitable dishes were served as Irish stew, roast beef, Boston baked beans,

By varlous means we made over 94.500 last year all of which went for patriotic work of some kind. We for patriotic work of some kind. We have 71 members, about halr of tend the meetings, so I think you will agree with me that we have done a good deal of work considering all the calls there are on the people. MARY E. STOKEs, Pres., Selkirk, Man.

AN ENERGETIC CLUB
We were organized two years ago last May, so you see our Soclety came to life during this dreadful war, and its very character is changed by that fact. You ask about a rest, room, but room. We have instead what we call the work room. Our 10 directors
thate each take turns, a week at a time, taking charge of this room. Here we do our cutting and give garments out to be sewed and wool to be made Into socks. Then they are returned to this room and elther sent to our Selkirk boys at the front or to the Red Cross society in Winnipeg or to tion St. John's Ambulance Assocla407 boxes to boys who are in England or France, each box contalning one service shirt, one palr containing pounds of homemade fruit cake, one pair shoe laces, one of insoles, candles, gum, package tobacco, cigarettes, cards, pencil and paper, a plpe, soap, a handkerchief, a towel, nut bars, in fact anything that we have ever heard of sending to the front and that will not make the box weigh over seven pounds. When I tell you that we made 1200 pounds of good fruit cake, costing about $\$ 360$, you Will see that we have not been Idle. folks," "worry, not work that kills most and besides we have all been most happy in the work and can alwill enjoy their parcels. I am sure

## AIDS RED CROSS

Briar Mound Ilomemakers are still actice, and hold meetings each month A very busy summer was apent in Red Cross and other work. In October, red, white and blue cotton was purehased and eut out in the shape of the Union Jack and pieced together in a quilt. Then tickets at 10 eents earh were sold, which brought in 850 . Miss Jessie MeLean, the winner of the lucky ticket, has beè so very kind as to give the quilt back to the fomemakers again to be used as we see best. A box social
was also held at whieh the tiekets, wgre was also held at which the tickets, were Irawn, and the proceens of the quill in all have been brought up to $\$ 100$ for he Red Cross.
Resolutions were also passed at a former meeting that the elub could not fall in with the food controller's wishes till the waste of valuable grain in the naking of alcohol was done away with. Since then we have had more favorable reports, however, and 1 think that everyone is saving all the food possible. Our elub decided to omit the anuary meeting, as the weather Foam Lake, Sask.
bazaar was held by the Homemakers' Club of Wiggins, Sask., on December 7 , whieh was very successfl. The splendid sum of cleared, and will be fors headquarters.


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## utstanding Styles <br> \section*{}

Pictorial Review Pattern Service

7096-Ladies' drese ( 25 cents). Six sizes, 34 to 44 bust, width at lower edge about $2 f$ yards. As fllustrated, size 36 requires $6 \frac{1}{2}$ yards of $36-\mathrm{in}$. plaid broadeloth, yard 36 -in. black satin. Pattern includes a jumper.

$7480-J u n i o r ' s$ dress ( 20 cents). Three sizes 13 to 17 years. As illustrated, size 15 requires 34 yards white crepe-de-Chine for collar, White crepe-de-Chine for collar, shield and poeket facinga. A which would look very well in satin or velvet.
U.F.W.A. President's Address Continued from Page 9.
provinces are now leading the way in organizing the farm women to take part In this great movement towards ec operation, a movement the spirit of the iringe, the uitimate end of which we can but see "as in a glass darkly." Other conventions which as your representative I have been asked to address were the Women's Institute of Alberta, the Rural Municipalities and Local Improvement District A. Asociation, the W.C.T.E. and the University of Alberta Leadership at the also two conventions of teachers.
Your executive were asked early in the fall to name four of their members to be placed on the executive of the Social Service League of Alberta, on which are representatives of all provineial organizations in sympathy with the work of the league. That work deals with all the big social questions in which we as ware, sex hygiene, law sucb ar elifd and every kind of social anforcoment political reform. Our elubs should keep in touch with the work the league
is doing, and co-operate with them in every way possible.
Beyond
Beyond addressing twò U.F.A. Sunday meetings, and organizing some new locals, I have not been able to do a great deal of visiting of our clubs, mueh as I should have wished to do so, and to point as this work is. I should hese that this work of visiting locals, pleathat as it is, very visiting locais, pieathe executive work that your president the executive work that your president should be doing. Unfortumately, the
distances are so great, and the traln distances are so great, and the train Alberta almost two days to reach the majority of our locals, which means a matter of perhaps four days to visit one point. You will see from this that with the best will in the world an executive officer living in the centre of the province could not possibly visit very many locals in the course of one year, even had she no other work to attend to

## Work with Young People

The young people's work, of which you will later receive a report from the branch, has been held up for lack of

7484 -Junior's dress ( 20 cents). Three sizes 13 to 17 years. As illus trated, size 15 requires $3 \ddagger$ yards 44 -in. cheek material, $\ddagger$ yard 27 in. black satin, $\ddagger$ yard 27 -in.
white.

Bungalow Dress 7433
sires 34 to 46
7433-Ladies' Bungalow dress ( 15 cents). Seven sizes, $34-46$ bust. Width of lower edge in 38 ineh length about 24 yards. Size 36 requires $4 \frac{1}{2}$ yards of 36 -in, mater ial.
local leadership, and also for the same eause which has held up the women's work. The majority of boys and girls on the farms have been working to the mowers, their capacity on binders and mowers, feeding stock and milking eows. still heavier burden of physical labor to perform. The farmer physical labor not such a thing as an eight-hyr Meanwhile the ground for this way. Meanwhile the ground for this, work is being prepared, and the boys cons
ferences, of which you have probably read, have shed a ray of light, for they promise to develop the leadership among the boys themselves for which we have looked in vain up to the present. The boys who attend those conferences will come back to their own districts inspired to help their fellow boys.
The part our ${ }^{\text {organization must play }}$ is to undertake that every one of our locals is represented at these conferenees during the coming year by at least
one farm boy, and to stand back of that boy on his return, and help him in the organization of a group where he can carry on the work and inspiration of the conference.
For the girls, the University Women's
Club of Edmonton are organizing a con-
ference on similar lines, and one of their members will later address you on this subject. Your vice-president is on their central committee to deal with this girls' conference and to co-operate
with the University Women's Club in with the University Women's Club in every way possible.
Here is vital work for our locals; seize this wonderful opportunity for the boys and girls of your distriet with both hands and do not loose your hold.
On the whole, reviewing the work of the past year, looking over the field of our organization, in spite of many disappointments, in spite of the slow growth of our numbers, I think we are justified in feeling that we have made sound and solid advance all along the lines of our work. We cannot claim sny dramatic spectacular success, but we have seen some good seed sown, we have seen it at least in some places well tilled and cultivated, and the harvest is not yet.

Our great need is for leadership, for Women who will bravely follow the light with others. We want 'Sour that of the lamp' in every district; if it i only a little feeble flickering lamp, it will still play its part, and its light


## and Records

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NTMTH[G PAN]
will grow stronger as it is filled and tended.
Nineteen hundred and elghteen is before as ealling for yet greater service, yet grester sacrifice. Cívilisation, sueh as it is, fo standing at the croserosdes. in every heart there is a barely con:seions feeling of expectaney; in the silenees it seems to ns as thoogh areat things were stirring in the womb of time, we almost seem to hear the ruatle of great events rashing to wa through space. What is this old world about to bring forth What part shall we shortly be called upon to play is this unknown future whieh is even now about to be born t
Since the great war began we lave been. busy- eheering one another with the thought thaf the world can never be the sage when at last the struggle shall cease "Poor old platitude, how mightily hard it has been worked, and even yet it is not dead. What are we doing, you and I, to ensure that this stale platitude shall become a living trathf
Who are we to say that war shall Who are we to say that war shall cease, the world be cured by the quack medieine of a glorious internationalism 1 Today the world is bleeding to death in its efforts to conquer a false ideal of nationalism, but the oniy true nationalism, the only true internationalism, is a spirit of matual sympathy and understanding among all the people-is other worde, the spirit of unselfshness which is the essence of the thing we call eqoperation. Until we ean bring about the birth of that new spirit among the nations, until we ean grow it in
our own homes, our own communities, our own homes, our own communities, our own Dominion, as well cry out to
the tides to cease their flowing, as well the tides to cease their fowing, as well try to stop the stars in their course as bid wars individual woman of us, every every individual woman of us, every group of organized women, work in the doing of which you may feel you are bringing perhaps a little nearer that time when there shall be a new heaven and a new earth.

## OLUB BRIEFS

The Women's Section of the S.O.G.A. has for some time been a afiliated with the National Council of Women. At the Manitoba convention held recently in Brandon the Women's Section of that province resolved to become affiliated with the National Council also. rations to take, and is bound to be prozations to take, and is bound to be proYear Book is now grod. The it mas be Year Book is now printed. It may be obtained from Mrs. Rhys D. Fairbairn, Continental Life Building, Toronto, Canada. A nominal charge of so cents is being made to cover expenses of Grain Grower can afford to be without.

There is food enough in flesh and vegetables wasted in Canada every year to feed every hungry mouth if conserved and saved. Authorities in people should save 10 per cent. more people should save than usual and the more wealthy 20 .to 25 per cent. Are we doing its-Monetary Pliner.

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## 

## Young Canada Club

## BLUE CROSS YUND

The contributions are still coming is io the Mlue Crose Yund, and how minel Chey are needed we in Canada have the idea. If you have conly five cent? den't hesitate to send is. As I have said many times before five cents wil hay s buandage that may suve the sre of bisave horse. These who sent money his week are
(aura Cripes, Avonlea, Bank......s \&s Sack.
Nors Goed, Hutler. Man
Man.

## NEW OOMPETITION

Aeveral poems have come in for the now eenteat. They lare very woed too.
I Ihope this poetry contest will be as ing caps" on and send us a poem that has the saggestion of wister in.

CAN WE ALI. DO THIS? Boys and girls of Canada shonld help win the war by savisg, and prodaeing things. Chere is not inkely to be Frame Belgium and Russia they need all we ean spare, for instance, we should eat whatever we take on our plates, Then Te nhomld mot trend our money on onfectlonery and unnecesary artieles We ean help by ralsing poultry, livestock and garden staff, Then, toe, the boys an help their fathers with the work, o they need aut bire a man, and- the roik en they need not kire a Troman. DOROTHY IIALL Mortlach, Nask.

## A FUNNY EXPERIENCE

When I was quite young I would run away from my mother and yo out by the pig pens. The pigs had wallow vould wallow. fens, and in theught that it must be very good fon so I got in and wallow ed with them. I thought it was the
fiest fun I ever had, meanwhile my
mother had become very anxioss about mis, and went to look for me. She lowker all around bot conlifn't find me and then the happesed to think about the pig an the wallome with that fill ove m whe scolded me wome and thes let me the the house. While we were gring t the heuse I anked her to kiss me.
DOROTHY COHNWA.I. Viwoant, Mack.

## WINNTNO THE WAR

Boys may help their parents to pur in a beautiful garden and send quite bit to the people who are fighting. They may help to pat in a big erop Hut my mother was not stronz so we could not put in a big garden this year We are wasting very little these days To help the Allies we mast waste very little at meal times. It is wrong to havy too many dogs and cats. We are only feeding one dog and one cat Ther two and three dog.

Keeler, Mask

## THE BEAson's oreetinas

would like very mueh to join your club as I have never yet become a mem ber. I am enelosing as cents for the Blue Cross Fund to help the poor hores in this terrible war. Thope to be abi to send more some other time. sm very mueh interested in the Doo Dads
and lope they will continue in The

Bright andrlappy Now Year

Avonlea, Mask

## A

quer nolbe
Last summer when we were herdint cown we heard a noise like a lynx. W nan home and came back another day and we heard it agris. Then we sew.

 arter fiat welarin es sento for the He Croelt honisy it dies some of to poor horse. Wiahing your club ever? AURA M. NEWELLL Awift Coevent, Aask.

FROM A BEVEN-YEAR-OLD 1 am a , little girl seven years old. like to read the letters and wiek. become a member of the Club. We all like to look at the Doo Dade and have a good laugh at them. If they Hike to have one. Hoping to see my letter in priat.
GEORGIE HAGGBRTY Helle Plain, Sas

## AN EXPERTENOED TRAPPER

 1 would like to become a member the Young Canada Clab, so 1 sm goin to tell you a story of my first experience trapping. There is a big sloogh
ahost a mile away from ase place, and we have to drive our eattle over ther to mater. One day I took some trap and aet for weasel. is about a mont 1 canght nise weasels. But there wa something over there that would alway put my trape off and take my bait Ont tay fow is its hato for bait thap In a few days 1 caught $x$ bif miok. I have caught about is mink ance thes, besides several weasels. JAMES M. LEWIS,

## THE DUCKS CAME BACK

am ending my first letter to thy Yemng Gansit cleb. Hope to recelv a pin. Once apon a time my aun bought some dueks from my mothe She put them in an empty barrel an lot them lore The menel day after let hem thom suay they dame afte from a different direction, all togethe and very hangry from their long walt. Gull Lake, Sask

WHEN I WENT A FISHING When I went a fiahing, I took a fiahing pole and line, With a hook and some bait, Down in the lake

I eaught five fiah
And wasn't I tiekled Yor it whs the first time I ever weat a fishing
Down in the lake.

Then I thought I'd have some fun, So 1 took of my dothes
And went for a swim,
Down in the lake.
But when I got hom
got a surprise,
For supper was over and I didn't Get any that night.

popel
 Dads would become toy sconts woel here thef are and they seem to have learmed
their woodcrati well. Some of them have buit a brifee see bow the Doo bad on top of it is directing operations. Two more are signaling with flars and one
of thim has poked the litue fellow in the eee. Holy and Poly are cooking dinner and sleepy sam, quite wide awake this timg is stealing the sausages, Flannelfeet,
the Cop, is lending sand poking the fire, He has also poked poor Percy Haw-Haw on the hose, see the lithe rellow who is cutting wood, he and the signaller will


given ove Whieh prov inovation.
difficulties Callum of spoke on t1 18 in a po
Farm w Farm Wom tion of all Club page ; dennan of $!$
on the nei on the ned
Women Pc Women
nothing ee nothing
judiciously short fime. serving thi expressed to the eot devices an.
neries and neries and
provincial provincial tzation antid women. \& backbone hearty aI president outlined a contemplat pert trainil fitted to to so render importance
The socil not neglee
Palliser $H:$ officers at entertainec delegates : 'The Bral Theatre fo to the con

The dis large part passed in convention men's cons
Resolved Resolv
rights.
U.F.W.A. Forging Ahead Contiseed frow Feey is
popathon miftors or has vifteret from them.
The Toronto Geeral Ilopital takeos a Hoed test of every pritient coteriag tho boopital sed it has bees foond that is per ent. Lare aypulilise. Dr, Liseole maid that yowithy (ey cent, is Atberts woold be suffering from soch divestes which would mean 30,000 peple. The divese is hereditary. Ho said that the bigerat vingle catue of atiil birthr mas "ppilitio parente seghilis is eure the. It "ux tho pratior's contention that the Government should be weted to sepply free elvesus, and that it ehould be eompolikory for those pationts culfering from the diverase to contioue treatment until eured. Dr, Lineoln thonght it was impeuible to ermpletely control the divene but a marked inf provement eould bo broeght shout. It rested with the mothers of eliaidres to
teach their chlutres right living and teach their elilitrea ris
right moral atandarde.
Now Alberta Legialation Outuined
Hon,' Oen. P. Smith, proviseisl seere arry, was in the hall mad mas asked to ay a fow words. He outtined briefly wime of the legitiation the new govern: mient will bring in during the proent colion. The frot whe the inatailation of publie health nurres. A statill begis aing woold be made as soon 'as pomible. It would be the primary duty of these nurses to conduet an edueational cam. paikn. Medical examingtion of whool children in towns and eitier would probably be made compulsory. For pome time the raral districto would not have the meminery to make this feasible. Another thing is to remore some of the dificuilie now confronting the entab listing of rumal muntelpal hopitale Boondaries of districto must be agroed apon and loeation deelded. Then some kind of medieal assistance muat be given to those pergose in the fromitier and remote parts of the province.

A Round Table Conference
The elosing tay of the eonvention wns given over to a round table eonferemee Which proved to be a very smecessful diffentilteo weire eleared up. Mise Me Callum of The Grain Growers' Gulde, epoke on the publieity work The Guide is in a position to do do for the United $^{2}$ Farm Women. Ghe arged the eo-opera: tion of all in making the Farm Women's Club page a succesifal one. Mise Clon. dennm of the Farmers' ATvoeste spoke on the need- of conserving the Farmi Women Power, and poisted out that nothing could recompense one for in. judiciously wearing one's self out in a short time. Ways and means of conaerving the women power brought out a lively discussion. It included views, expressed on bringing the town woman to the country to work, labor-asing devices and eo-perative Makeries chan, provineial seeretary of the Red Cros, provineial secretary of the Red Cross
Soeiety fald of the work of that organization and asked for continued surcess and co-operation from Alberta's farm women. She said that they were the backbone of the work and expressed hearty appreciation. Mrs drevitt. presdent of the Next of:Kin, dealt with 4 be work of that organization. She outlined a plan of work which they are contemplating undertaking by which the women of the city will be given expert training in order that they may be atted to take piaces on the farms and so render national service of prime importance.
The social side of the convention was not neglected. Besides a tea in the Palliser Hotel on Tuesday ovening the entertained and on Friday evening the entertained and on Friday evening the local Council of Women entertained the
delegates and visitors at a banquet. In delegates and visitors at a banquet. In the evening, a special performance of Theatre for those visitors and delegates o the convention.

The Resolutions
The discussion of resolutions, as at large part of convention time. Those passed in the United Farm Women's convention and later taken up in the men's convention were as follows: Resolved that there be equal parental fights.

## Don't Delay Plowing <br> -because your around is tee hard for herses to break, or tee seft to sup-

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2. Vertical air blast that actually weighs the grain.
. Makes scparation based on the difference in weight that cah be made in no other way
5. Zine screens used which cost double the amount of steel screen. 5. Zinc screens used which cost double the amourket.
6. Dotrble the eleaning surface of any ether Mint of the same sise. 8. On the No. 3 and 4 Mill we deliver all soreenings out from under the Manufaotured and Sold By
The Metal Specialty Company Ltd. REGINA

SASK.

## Cash Guarantee

If you are discetisfied with resulte and have followed dirsections, then write us whore bought and amount We will then refund price, or If you wioh, glve another paokege.

## Mickelson-King of Gopher Killers <br> How He Has Slain Millions

Reading like fietion is the story of this country boy who studjed chemistry and whe applied himself to one branch of Potsons so successfulty that he perfected a wonderful exterminator for Field Mice, Squirrels and Gophers. Mickelson came to Western Canada a few years ago to clear the Prairies of Oophers. So successful was he that his competitors eopled his signature on the packages, so he was forced to publish his photograph on each box he manufactured to protect his eustomers. Demand the real "My Own Gopher Poison" from your dealer.
my OWN aOPMER POISON" will be aent propaid at 75, $51.00, \$ 1.50$ per pookage if you have any trouble
Prairie Chemical Co. Can. Ltd
Anton Mickelsen, Manager - Winnipeg, Canada
Chis is
the Real
tackage.

## Made to Separate Wild Oats From Barley and Does It



Model C
Our six Roll Machine, Capseity, 40

There are more Bull Dog Separators and Farning Mills used throughout the West than all other makes combined

## THERE'S A REASON

## WHY!

This is not a Fanning Mill, but a special machine for taking wild Oats out of Tame Oats, Wheat and Barley, which, it does perfectiy and to your entire sattsfaction. You will note the cleaner is made with a hopper, which empties into the upper rolls made of galvanized wire and corrugated. These corupper rolls made of galvanized wire and corrugated. These cor-
rugations make the grain tumble on end rather than to sllde on its gide, such as would be the case in sliding over flat sleves. Longbearded Barley cannot be separated on a flat surface, because it will go wherever the Oats do.
This machine will pay for liself in grading Oats alone, even if you only intend sowing 30 acres. THEsE machins ARE made in TWO sizes
 WRITE FOR OATALOQ SHOWINE OUR FULL LINE AND PRIOES The Largest Eirclavive Line of Grain Clegning Machinery Manafactured in Canada
Twin City Separator Co. Limited WINNIPEG

## manitoba

"The Tank on the Farm' MONARCH ONE - MAN
KEROSENE

"Neverslip" Tractor



BUILT LIKE A LOCOMOTIVE

 in-head, keorsene special tractor motors. Transmission: Hyatt-roller bearings and special stect-eut gears throughout. The
double-toothed sproket and box. Car Jour-double-toothed sproket and box. Car Jour-
nals are the ereatest feature of thls tracknals are the greates
laying "farm tank."
H. A. JONES Nerthwestern Distributer 1750 HAMILTON ST, REGINA

## BARRIE'S BIG FUR SALE

 Will Be In Full Swing During Convention Week An Opportunity Every Grain Grower Should Take Advantage ofWhile the big convention of the Grain Growers is being held in Regina, from February 12th to the 15th, our Annual Mid-Winter Clearing Sale will be on. We're selling off the balance of our Winter Goods and

## All Fur Sets and Fur Coats at a Special Discount

Take our advice and buy your Furs now for next winter. Prices of Raw Furs will be nearly double next season, and at the prices we are offering you will certainly get a wonderful bargain.
CLOTH COATS AND ALL WINTER GOODS will be sold at a trifle over manufacturers' prices. Our styles are far in advance of others and everything offered will be in style for the coming season.

Our New Spring Styles
Are expected to arrive in time for the convention.
Watch for special announcement and come and Watch for special announcement and come and
see what will be worn this coming season.

"The Style Centre of the West"
1758 Hamilton St., Opp. City Hall
REGINA, SASK.

## Special Announcement to the Ladies

Florence McNeill, with the Canadian H. W. Gossard Company, and Maud E. Hunter, of Detroit, Mich., announce the

## Opening of a Specialty Shop

Featuring Gossard Front-laced Corsets, distinctive designs in Lingerie, Negligees, Budoir Accessories, Neckwear, Silk and Woollen Hosiery and Underwear.

McNeill \& Hunter Ltd.
Hamilton St.
Entrance on Hamilton Striet Hamilton Street and through
Barrie's Store Barrie's Store

## The Farmers＇Market <br> WINNIPEQ MARKET LETTER







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## Fixed Wheat Prices

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cal－ Eery $\stackrel{*}{*}$ |  |  | $\frac{2.130}{2 \times 10 \%}$ |  |
|  | Wheat Ota thalen hast | $\begin{aligned} & 51.9300 \\ & \operatorname{coman} \\ & 1.20 .00 \end{aligned}$ | 3awa． 20 $51 . k 21.16$ |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Beata- } \\ \text { topn } \\ \vdots \\ + \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Wheat Onty Parley Mas |  | $\begin{aligned} & 67.48 \infty \\ & 9.7100 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 202.76200 \\ 30172000 \\ 3.7200 \\ 4.12906 \end{array}$ |

REGULATE BALE OF SERD WHEAT
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Cash Prices Fort William and Port Arthur，January 22 to


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## The Livestock Markets



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demand ond this flan of stock woyh letsh from






## BRANDON WINTER FAIR

 －Manitoba winter fair and fat stoek show and the Manitoba poultryshow will be held in Brandon，Mareh＇t

## to 9 ，1018．$\$ 15,000$ is offered in prize

During the winter fair there will be a number of auction sales．The direc－
tors recognize that this is the oppor－ tune time to assist in the eampaign for increased production of livestock，and every opportunity will be given at these sales to assist the farmer．The annual bull sale takes place Tuesday，March 5 ， at 10 o＇lock．An auction sale of sows，
guaranteed in pig，will be held Thurs－ day at 9 o＇elock，and Friday mbrning an atuction sale，of exhibition horses pure－bred females and stalions will
take place at 9.30 ，Raturday morning take place at there will baturday morning All sales will be conducted in the winter All sales will be conducted in the winter petition is still an outstanding feature

WINNIPEG and U．S．PRICES
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mosey has been inereased to 01,125 ． For rall particulars povernisg these Bmale，seeretary，Branden，Man．
WINNTPEO MTEK TRVEATIOATTON The Winnipeg Muk Commiselon eos－ Aankateliewan Co－aperativa Creameple，
 W．J，Cummings， representing the
jifulutet！tht fropresentative of the Winnlpegeon－ enmery has sub－
mitted its find Inge．The flrst elause states that
t he wholesale priee of milk to the proflucers is
not suffeient to encournge pro：
duction and that duction and that
the priee of milk to the eonsumer under provalling
shmarmat tandl． shmarmal condit．
lons is not es．

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## Enquiry

 fually required to over what is ae－ ation is at leant proper organis． tegether with the duplication of labor necessitating the employment of at ber of horses，costa the pul lie appros． imately $\$ 100,000$ annually．The peneral conditions surrounding production are such that a milk famine is not probableOnly 28 herds have been fubereular Only 28 herds have been fubercular
tested in the period covering six teare． tested in the period covering six years， these showing that spproximately 20
per cent，of the dairy cows were fuber： ular．It is recommended that the priee to the consumar be fixed at． 13 cents a quart anti 7 cemts fn plnts from
February 1 to May 15，and that a com． mittee of three be sppointed immedl． ately，one to represent the producers， one the distributors and one the con－ sumers to reorganize snd consollidate the milk business，sueh reorganization to be completed not later than May 15 next，the committee to fix the prices to
both consumer pad producer following both consumer pad producer following
that date．It was recommended that the price to the producer be fixed at 90 centa a pound of botier fat from Feb－ ruary test of 4.5 per cent．This will give $\$ 2.70$ per 100 pounds of milk on gove $\$ 2.70$ per 100 pounds of milk on
the minimum test of 3 per eent．butter fat and $\$ 4.05$ on the maximum test of 4.5 per cent，butter fat，An additional recommended to he paid at the end of the satisfactory proof that his dairy herd is free from tubereulosis．

## FOOD BITUATION OBITICAI

 Lord Rhondda，the British food con－troller，in a eable to Food Controller troller，in a eable to Food Controller Hoover，states that unless the United
States is able to send the Allies at least States is able to send the Allies at leant $75,000,000$ bushels of wheat oveg and above what had been exported ip to January 1 and in addition to the ax． portable surplus from Canada，he could not fake the responsibility of assuring the British people that there would be enough food to win the war．＂Imper－
ative necessity，＂Lord Rhondda＇s ative necessity， message said，＂compeis me to cable
in this blunt way，＂In sddition to the $75,000,000$ bushels of wheat for the Allies，Mr．Hoover says that Belgium must be given $15,000,000$ and that Cubs
and other neutrals need $10,000,000$ bus－ and other neut rals need $10,000,000$ bus－
hels．It is understood that more rigid hels．It is understood that more rigid faken ly the American authorities．

CUT YOUR OWN HAIR EASIER THAN SHAVING 50c Cash Given for This Ad. PATENT. PPEMDING





 DUPLEX MARUFAGTURINQ 00 , Dept ms, aARRIS, owr.


## DRESSED HOGS

Ship your country dressed hogs to our nearest plant. Highest cash prices paid for good stock.
Gordon, Ironside \& Fares Co. Ltd.

Winnipeg, Moose Jaw, Saskatoon, Regina

Important Resolutions Before U.F.A. Convention
Continsed from Paice as

The consecription of wealth was ealled
for in this resolution proposed by the for in this resolution proposed by the
Hanna local:- "Whereas, the government of Canada has passed the Military Service Aet, thereby seiring the lives
of thousands of men drawn mostly froim of thousands of men drawn mostly from
the common people; and, whereas, we the common people; and, tax that has been proposed as entitled
to the term 'conseription of wealth," be it resolved that we demand that the
wishes of the people be obeyed, and that conseription of wealth in the most advaneed form, as indieated in the
farmers' platform, be put into effect."

Life Membership Fees
Considerable discussion arose over the amending of the constitution to permit fee. The resolution, whieh was finally passed, read as follows:-
the following section substituted therethe
payment of a fee of $\$ 15$ become a life member of the association. From any
after the first of January, 1919, said after the first of
fee shall be $\$ 25$.

## affairs regnrdatisfactory condition

 afrairs regarding train service on the by many speakers from districts along that railway. The inconveniences people are put to have been most distressing.The convention unanimously adopted the following ' resolution dealing with Whereas, the
the Goose Lake passenger service upon Alsask and Drumheller, is wholly inadequate; and whereas, the travelling enced but are called upon to endure unnecessary hardship and exposure by reason of the lack of service; therefora, be it resolved that this convention unite
with the farmers along this line in their
protent and reapectfally ask the mis-
 beller, piakiog eosnection at Dram. heller with the Calgory snd Edmontos
trais. Alberta Farmers' Parliament thoold be asey ceosomice mar after this struagle Molitarists and imperialists who counvelled preparation for sh
eronomie struzzle to erast the Centra! Empires following this war were atterly *rong "Dow thit mesn me ste ahand. ging
fight for men who have gone over to
fredom?" be siked "No I fight for freedomf"' be miked "No I
Would not keep op the fight for snother Would not keep op the fgght for another
miment if we aro to fight like doge for the divislon of some bistheroose counGiving stagrering figures of the war Joans IExued by Great Pritais and the
United States he asive if the delogates thought that the British and the Amerieans had spent these immense sums and gone into the business of
killigy, for low commertial purposes. Killingy for low cemmertial purposes:
"No, he deelared, amid grest applase.
He peid a hil tribute to the dempo He paid a high tribute to the demoe-
raey of the Unilted States, saying it was mey of the United states, saying it was
the greatent in the world, and deelared
thot that the beundary line to the oeoth of as is pasing fart amay. Prof. Swanson
attributed Oreat Britain's prowar proat attributed Great Britain's pro-war pros:
perity to her poliey of free trade He perity to her poliey of free trade 110
called atteation to the ill-feeling devel. oped between the United Btates, and
Canadn when that eountry beilt up ligh Canadr when that eountry buit up thigh
traif walls under the obiession that traintry could tax itself rieh. Prof. Swanson believed that in economie war wanted, would drive Ruscia linto the arms of Germany, result in the reptor-
ation of the Romanoff:, consolidate the ation of the Romanoff', consolidate the
Japanese poaition in China ahd event. Japanese poaition in china ahd event.
wally consolidate the Oriental taces in a hontile amnlmmation agranst the Oecident, with the ultimate remalt that our. ehildren would have to go through
the agony of another war such as we the agony of ano her.
are experiencing now.
The Magna Charta and Deelaration of Independence were won at the price
of blood and treasure, not for some peculiar or eeppecial race but for every
son of man, to lead them forward to son of man, to
liberty and light for all men. If the War did no more than to bring the
English-speaking peoples of the world English-spenking peoples of the worid
together, that in itself is a wonderful together, that in itself is a wonderful
aceomplishment. He believed that the English-speaking, peoples of Britain and Ameriea would Join with trance, a league of nations which would stand for peace for the entire world in the future.
Loud applause greeted a mesagge by
wire from Hon. T. A. Cretar, Minister wire from Hon. Ti. A. Crerar, Minister
of Agrieultare, wishing the convention and organization every success. Mr.
Crerar emphasized the importance of strong united growth and progressive action at the present time.
U.F.W.A. Forging Ahead

Reeolved that the law be amended so that the signature of the wife shonld
be necessary to all transfers of land property. Beodved that the lam be amended mo that a husband or wife shall inherit that a third of fhe property,
one-tegates to the
Resolved that women U.F.A. be given a vote in the women's convention.
Resolved that a health certificate be required from the contracting parties to a marriag.
Resolved that all women doing men's are being paid to men in similar oceupations,
Whereas young girls are being abWhereas young girls are being ab-
ducted for fimmoral purposes, be it resolved that the government be asked to bring such abductors to justice and to
make the punishment for such eriminals make the punishment for
Resolved that we, the United Farm Women of Alberta in eonvention assembled, wish to express our thanks to
the Premier of Canada for Dominion prohibition and assure him our hearty eo-operation in the matter of food con-
servation.
D. MaOregor, Food Controller for the Weet, has iusued the following ye grinding standard flour on Mondey,
Jumary 2 . No Wlite four will be ground on or after that data.
Attorney-General Johnses declared is the Manifobe legialature that the proviace would carry the Direct Legisla-ultra-vires, to the privy couneil.


Prohibition is Bound to Stay
Make your genuine superlor Lapet Hop-MaltBeer Extract

 The most meuriahing and wholeseme Lemperance beverige in Cansed.
Oet also our patent stoppers, nuing $\left(\begin{array}{l}\text { Oet also our patent stoppers, nuint } \\ \text { any ordinary beer botile st fo cents } \\ \text { Bit }\end{array}\right.$ sistinen. cirepald ithrougtout Can
 Agente Wented

Hop-Malt Company Limited Hamilton, Ontario
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THE GRAIN GROWERS GUIDE

## Farmers' Market Place

## combuorto pon twose wwo

 Want to Buy, Sell or Exchange
## 5c Per Word - Per Week

adiress all letters to The orato orowerr oulde, Winntpes, Man.






## POULTRY AMD EOOS

SiND TODAY FOR FIRE CATALOG-nENED:




 Linge rriy pucks AND PRAEES, M,
 MOORES R C. Rms WON FOHRTEEN

BARREDROCKCOCEERELP-LARGE,
 BAR日KD ROCKS-PULETS, SLSA, COCK-
 HOSE COMB RHODE ESLAND RKD/ FROM

SINGLE COMB WHITE LEGHORN COCK



 Asok

(287) 47


## $\frac{\text { FARM LANDS }}{\text { FOR BRITISH COLUMBIK FARMS, FOULTRY }}$




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 MARRIED MAN, BCOTCH, CAPABLE OF
 FARM HAND WANTED-COOD RBLABLE


## 

FOR REGISTERED SHORTHORN BULLS AND
heifers write, Brooks \& Burril, Indian Hed, SEVERAL CHOICE HOLSTEIN BULAS: ALSO BKOWNE RROS, NEUDORT, SAST, BREED.

BRED SOWS REGISTERED DUROC money makers; grain savers; from priat and
imported stoek, Young fall maves, Write for
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DOGS

IT HAVE TWO WOL.F HOUNDS, ${ }^{\circ}$ MONTHS
od, mnie and female, from well brei Gry hound
stock. 115 each. H. Greenfield, Tweaske.
HAVE TWO WOL.F HOUNDS, MONTHS
old, male snd female, from well bref Groy hound
stock. \$15 each. H. Greenfield, Tueske. TEN DUCK RETRIBVERS, 3 BreEDS, BAR.
Eins of will exchange for poultry, hogn of

Eoats. E. Chevrier, 452 Main, Winnipes. $4-2$ | TEN DUCK RETRIBVERS, 3 BREEDS, BAR- |
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| ENins of mill exchange for poultry, hoge of |
| Eoats. E. Chevrier, 452 Main, Winmiper. $4-2$ | W. C. DAVIS, BOX 161, SPRINGSIDE, NANK.

Dealer in olf Hounds. Hirket cand prious
paid for taw furs Send trial shipmants. $2-4$ THOROUGHBRED RUSSIAN WOLFHOUND
pupy, an exseptionally fine litter from elisthion
IS REWABD FGA Trace of 1 stimers,
 FOUR RECASERED SHORTHORN CALVES


## swine

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$\qquad$ 20.0 Tom



CATTLE
shorthonns- 25 BthLs, 6 MONTHS TO
3 yers: 20 beifers. rising 2 years, not bred,

FOR SALE-ANGUS BLLL CALVES, SEVEN
to ten monthe Alos two matured bolls. Young


## The Guide Sells Livestock!

## A recent investigation among the farmers of Western Canada conducted

 by one of the largest financial institutions in the Dominion, revealed thefact that readers of 'The Grain Growers' Guide are worth more per head than farmers who do not take The Guide. of course, not every reader of The Guide is wealthy, but the investigation showed that The
fitide readers are on the whole in good condition fnancially, As a conOtuide readers are on the whole in good condition fnancially,
sequence, they are able to invest money in pure-bred livestock. it is only natural that The Guide readers should patronize livestook breeders who advertise in The Guide. The Guide is read in over 35,000 farm homes in Western Canada every week-or practically every third English-speaking farm home throughout Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. If your stock is good and prices are reasonable The Guide can find you buyers. Read these letters :

## rat sax




## ADVERTISED TAMWORTH SWINE

 Bleucher, Sask:Novenber
Kindly withdraw my advertisement right away, quick, of
hall have to send you a bill for stamps to pay for replies. ANDREW DUNSTER.
ADVERTISED PEROHERON MORBES

1

BEND IN YOUR ADERTIBEMENT TO-DAY
Winnipeg The Grain Gres Guide Manitoba
 iDgal Far fomes N Gmmwack
 FOH BALE on TO BENT-A NYMaER of





TAYLOMS WONDER WHEAT-AECOND


 IMPROVED MARGUIS WHEAT, RECESTERED


 greed Beed Farm, Waklals, Man.
gERD GRATM AND ORA是ES


 OR BALE-EMALL CAR LOAD MMPROVED Canatimn Rool Orowery Mrown under rule of
 FOR SALE BY GROWER - CHAMELEON Fweet elover, yellow blooming potatoes, yrown from meed haif tometien

WANTED-FLAT FOR SEED, ABOUT fa00
 FOR BALF-BROME GRABS GEED, 15 CENTS
 70 BUBHELS WHEELER'S ETTCHENER Alts, Dan Btewart ) W. That Blatr, Provost, Atra, foul seed. Apply, sixTY-DAY OATS, J. POMEROY, RORLIN,
MSE.



[^0]:    W. A. DAYDEN, Preeldent, Broeklin, Ont. H. M. PETTIT, Secretary, Froeman, OnL.

