

RECENT DEATHS.

K. M. HUMPHREY. Death occurred at Hampton when Frank Humphrey, 55 years of age...

ALEX. TEMPLETON. Son of the late Major Alex. S. Templeton, was born at Edinburgh, Scotland...

USAN PHINNEY. Mrs. Susan Phinney, 84 years of age, died at her home in St. John, N. B....

EDMUND SNOWBALL. Edmund Snowball, 70 years of age, died at his home in St. John, N. B....

NEARLY BURNED TO DEATH. A child received in the city most fatal in its results, near Clarence station...

GEORGE WELLS. The funeral of George Wells was held at the home of his wife, Mrs. Wells...

OLEARY. The death of Oleary occurred at the home of his wife, Mrs. O'Leary...

NS, LA., June 6-A. A young girl, Mrs. N. S. La., died at her home in St. John, N. B....

W. H. THORNE & CO., Limited, MARKET SQUARE, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Sackville.

SACKVILLE, N. B., June 11.—The death of Amos Patterson of Cole's Island occurred recently after an extended illness...

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford McQuinn, Middle Sackville, are receiving congratulations upon an addition to their household...

Young People's Union held a successful and pleasant social in their church parlor on Wednesday evening...

The annual roll call of Middle Sackville Baptist Church will be held on June 20th...

Mrs. J. L. Black returned from Chatham yesterday, where she had been attending the funeral of her niece, Miss Snowball...

Mr. Boothroy, of Mount Allison, who is to fill the appointments on the Methodist circuit during the summer, preached his initial sermon here yesterday morning...

A DELIGHTFUL SPORT. (From the Louisville Courier-Journal.) "So you long for the time when the ship will be a commercial reality?"

Do not let the Flies catch you unawares. If your screen doors and windows are on early think of the trouble saved.

SCREEN DOOR SETS. Including—1 Pair of Hinges and Screws, 1 Brass Door Pull, 1 Brass Hook and Eye, 20c each.

W. H. THORNE & CO., Limited, MARKET SQUARE, ST. JOHN, N. B.

MARITIME PROVINCE STUDENTS AT MCGILL

St. John is Represented—Degrees Will Be Conferred To-Day—Honors Awarded—The Medal Winners

The results of the recent examinations in the medical school at McGill show that the maritime province students, as usual, made a good showing...

Mr. Boothroy, of Mount Allison, who is to fill the appointments on the Methodist circuit during the summer, preached his initial sermon here yesterday morning...

A DELIGHTFUL SPORT. (From the Louisville Courier-Journal.) "So you long for the time when the ship will be a commercial reality?"

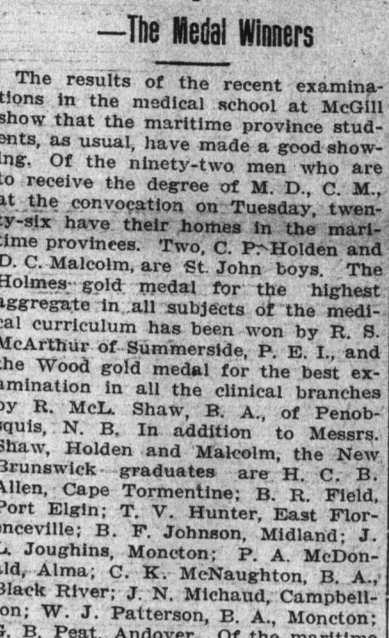
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ONE OF PETER PAN'S COMPANIONS

NEW YORK, June 9.—Miss Mildred Morris, who plays Wendy with Miss Maude Adams' company in Peter Pan, which has played here without inter-



Miss Mildred Morris, who plays Wendy with Miss Maude Adams' company in Peter Pan...

RETURNING SOLDIERS ARE READY FOR REVOLT. The Army Will Join Parliament Next Year if a Revolution is on the Programme.

ODESSA, June 11.—Since the commencement of the repatriation of the troops which took part in the war with Japan, 152,000 men, including the Russian prisoners from Japan, have been disembarked here and distributed throughout the interior of the country...

THOUSANDS OF IMMIGRANTS LANDING AT QUEBEC. QUEBEC, June 10.—Over three thousand immigrants from Europe were landed here Saturday morning, and are on their way by the steamers Empress of Britain, Victoria, Canada and Lake Michigan...

THE TURF. THE MONCTON RACES. The entries for the June meeting on the Speedway at Moncton, N. B. will close on Tuesday, the twelfth day of June...

JUNE WEDDINGS. SEWARD—TRAFALTON. A quiet wedding took place Saturday evening, June 9th, at the residence of A. Trafalton, 5 Millidgeville avenue...

DAVIS—SCHUPBACH. Frank L. Davis, formerly of Springfield, Kings county, and who now resides in Boston, was married in that city on June 8th to Miss Lena M. Schupbach, also of Boston...

THE ART OF JOLLYING. (Toronto Star.) The minister who wants to get his measures, or his estimates through smoothly sometimes has recourse to the process known as jollying. It is said that Mr. Fitzpatrick once headed off a three hours' speech by rising at the end of the first ten minutes and declaring that the speaker had called his attention to a point of such novelty and importance that he must ask to have the debate adjourned...

UNIVERSITY PASS LISTS

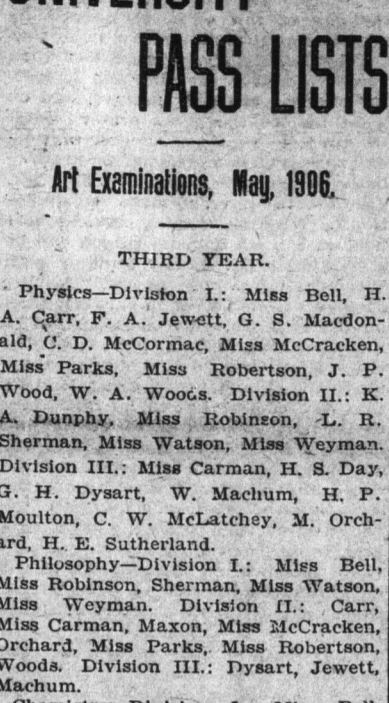
Art Examinations, May, 1906.

THIRD YEAR. Physics—Division I: Miss Bell, H. A. Carr, F. A. Jewett, G. S. Macdonald, C. D. McCormac, Miss McCracken, Miss Parks, Miss Robertson, J. P. Wood, W. A. Woods. Division II: K. A. Dunphy, Miss Robinson, L. R. Sherman, Miss Watson, Miss Weyman. Division III: Miss Carman, H. S. Day, G. H. Dyrart, W. Machum, H. P. Moulton, C. W. McLatchey, M. Orchard, H. E. Sutherland...

SECOND YEAR. Mathematics—Division I: H. E. Alexander, G. F. Baird, H. F. Bennett, G. H. Edgecombe, P. R. Hayward, D. U. Hill, Miss McFarland, H. K. McNaughton, M. J. Rutledge, H. G. Smith, L. N. Wadlin. Division II: H. F. Boyer, J. R. Burpee, Miss Fish, J. M. Gilchrist, G. C. Martin, T. D. Ruggles, D. O. Sharpe, L. L. Theriault. Division III: E. S. Bridger, Miss Cadwallader, A. M. Cronkrite, Miss Hanbury, Miss Knight, E. R. Loggie, H. R. Morrow, W. A. Rideout, S. C. Webb, F. W. Wetmore...

FIRST YEAR. Mathematics—Division I: J. W. Curry, F. J. Graham, F. L. Orchard, Miss Wellings, Division II: Miss Brown, C. Clark, J. J. H. Doone, W. G. Firth, Miss Flanagan, Miss Fleming, J. S. Mavor, I. McKnight, Division III: E. H. Coy, Miss Doone, Miss Smith. Latin—Division I: Miss Fleming, Miss Wellings, Division II: Firth, McKnight, Orchard, Miss Smith, Division III: Miss Brown, Clark, Miss Doone, Miss Flanagan. Greek—Division I: Mavor, Division II: Firth, McKnight, Miss Smith. French—Division I: Miss Brown, Division II: Clark, Miss Flanagan, Division III: Graham. English—Division I: Miss Flanagan, Miss Fleming, Orchard, Miss Wellings, Division II: Miss Smith, Division III: Miss Brown, Clark, Doone, Firth. Botany—Division I: Clark, Miss Flanagan, Miss Fleming, McKnight, Orchard, Miss Smith, Division II: Miss Brown, Coy, Firth, Graham, Division III: Curry, Doone, Miss Doone, Mavor. History—Division I: Clark, Doone, Miss Flanagan, Miss Fleming, Orchard, Miss Wellings, Division II: Miss Smith, Division III: Miss Brown, Clark, Doone, Firth.

HOLCOMBE WARD-WON, BUT WAS NOT AT HIS BEST



LONDON, June 8.—The result of the first day's play in the final round of the Davis cup competition for the international lawn tennis championship, at Newport Thursday, left America and Australia each with a victory to its credit. Holcombe Ward of the American team defeated J. Q. S. Fildes by a score of 6-2, 5-1, 7-5, while A. F. Wilding of the Australian team more comfortably disposed of Raymond D. Little, captain of the American players, by a score of 6-2, 8-6-1.

VISIONS OF FISH THEY NEVER CAUGHT. Practical Joke of a St. John Man Would-be Fishermen of Dorchester. Fish stories in these palmy days of June are quite as common as in many other months, but here's a pretty good one from the quiet old conventional penitentiary town of Dorchester. Some of the victims may be fishing yet. A few days ago A. H. Bell of the Bell Cigar Company happened to be stopping over night at the West-end and shrewtown, and to while the time away dropped in during the evening to have a talk with Mr. Chapman, the proprietor of a fish store. While he was there a half barrel of fresh mackerel arrived—splendid fish, packed in ice—and were purchased by the fish dealer. It was then that the proprietor of the joke made his plans. Buying one of the largest he walked back to the hotel and surprised the proprietor and told those who were "sitting around" with his wonderful catch—made at a well known spot not far distant—but a spot where a mackerel was never known even to visit. Next morning, bright and early, half a score of men were out with hook and line at the spot mentioned patiently waiting for a bite. At nine o'clock they were still there, but the cigar man had laughed long enough. He took the train at that hour for home.

STABBED WITH HAT PIN. Man, Separating Two Quarrelling Girls Fatally Injured. KINTANING, Pa., June 10.—Edward Raiston, of Elders Ridge, near here, died yesterday from a stab wound in the chest sustained while separating two girls who were quarrelling over the possession of a ball game in which partisan feeling ran high Monday. The game was between two teams from neighboring towns. After the game the girls separated, and the quarrelling broke out. Raiston, who was separating the two, was struck in the chest with a hat pin. The wound was fatal. Physicians say Raiston cannot recover.

SIR HECTOR LANGEVIN IN A CRITICAL CONDITION. He Is Suffering from a Severe Attack of Bronchitis—His Recovery Doubtful. QUEBEC, June 11.—Sir Hector Langevin has suffered from a very severe attack of broncho-pneumonia since last Tuesday. The sickness took a change for the worse Saturday evening and on the advice of Sir Hector's physician, Rev. Father LaPlante was sent for and administered the last rites of the Roman Catholic church. This morning Sir Hector was reported no better. His case is serious. Sir Hector is nearly eighty years old.

COCHRANE-BOYER. A quiet but very pretty wedding took place at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. J. W. Boyer, Victoria, Carleton Co., at 2 o'clock, June 8th, when her daughter, Ella Katherine, was married to Harry Caldwell Phillips officiated. The bride, who was given away by her brother, J. Frederick Boyer, looked charming in a gown of white crepe de chene with veil and orange blossoms. She was accompanied by Miss Helen Bowser and little Miss Adis Dorothy Boyer as flower girl. The groom was supported by his brother. After the ceremony a dainty luncheon was served and Mr. and Mrs. Cochrane left on the 3 o'clock train to spend their honeymoon in the Annapolis Valley. The bride was the recipient of many beautiful presents including a cheque from her mother.

DEATHS. BLIZZARD.—In this city on June 6th, Arthur Ross, infant son of Henry and Eslo Blizzard, Asleep in Jesus. CRAPT.—At the residence of his parents, Pleasant Point, Lorne Roy, youngest son of William E. and Sarah Craft, aged 4 years, 5 months. MCCracken.—In this city, June 8th, Harry Hastings McCracken, aged 24 years, leaving a widow, mother and sister, to mourn their sad loss. CLOSE.—In this city, on June 7th, Alexander Close, aged 64 years, leaving a wife and four children, one son and three daughters, to mourn their sad loss. FROST.—At Hampton Village, N. B., June 8th, J. Harvey Frost, aged 88 years. McAULAY.—Catherine Tressa, youngest daughter of Daniel and Margaret McAulay, died at 8.30 p. m., the sixth day of June at 78, Brussels street, aged 14 years, 5 months. TIGHE.—In this city, on the 10th inst., Mary Ellen (Nellie) second daughter of M. E. and P. F. Tighe, aged 40 years, was taken to St. Peter's church at 10 o'clock, on Sunday morning, June 10th, Charles J. Henderson, aged 66 years. HOLLAND.—At Fairville, on June 10th, John Holland, leaving a wife, one daughter and two sons to mourn their loss. (—Boston and Fall River papers please copy.)

WANTED. WANTED—Second Class Female Teacher for No. 7 Dist. in the Parish of Simonds, County St. John. Ben Looney apply to THOS. F. JORDAN, Ben Looney, St. John Co., stating salary.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

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SUN PRINTING COMPANY,
JOHN S. LEIGHTON, JR.,
Manager.

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THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN.

ST. JOHN, N. B., JUNE 13, 1902.

THE PREMIUM WAGE SYSTEM.

A new system of wages, distinct from time or piece work, which is working well in some British establishments, is based on the allotment of a certain time for a specified job, the worker being paid a premium, over his regular pay, for the amount of time he can save. There are various ways of applying the principle in detail, but that known as the Rowan method (invented by Mr. James Rowan of Glasgow) appears to be distinctly the best, says Engineering. It is estimated by the management that a fair average workman could complete a certain job without undue exertion in, say, 100 hours. This time is accordingly allotted to the job. If the workman can do it in 80 hours, he receives payment for 80 hours at his ordinary rate, and is given in addition a premium equal to 20-100 of his hourly rate for the time worked. Thus, a man rated at \$4.00 an hour would earn \$3.60 per hour on the job, while if he did in 60 hours he would earn \$4.40 per hour. The wages cost to the firm for the job at day work rates would be \$300.00, whereas under the premium system it would be 788.00 and 672.00, respectively, in the two cases instanced. The firm also gets the advantage of a greater output from the work, and a proportionately less cost for each article.

It will be seen, continues Engineering, that the firm and workman both benefit by the system when the time spent on a job is reduced. The management guarantee that, unless new machinery or methods are introduced, a time once set shall never be reduced, and the men work with confidence and earn as much as ever they can. Their interests are further safeguarded by the knowledge that whatever happens, their ordinary weekly wage is assured, and no "déb" is run up against them, to be worked off on more lucrative jobs, if by any chance they exceed the time allotted.

Careful records kept since the introduction of the system have shown that the premiums paid have a steady tendency to increase, a fact upon which the management congratulate themselves, and to which the workmen naturally have no objection. In fact, the proportion of the premium to the normal wages is looked upon as a test of the efficiency of the works, and of individual workmen. When, through pressure of work, excessive overtime has to be adopted, the premium ratio falls back slightly, showing that the long hours tell on the efficiency of the men.

In one establishment noticed in Engineering the ratio of premiums to wages paid to men working on the system in the year 1902 averaged 9.5 per cent.; the next year it had risen to 14 per cent., then to 21 per cent., while in 1905—a year which included much over time—it was 19 per cent. From the very beginning, therefore, the men on premium work have earned on an average about 16 per cent. over their hourly rate, while over 20 per cent. would seem possible in future.

This system, which inspires the men to do their best, is in strong contrast to the fixed wage system, especially under union control, which tends to

slacken the pace of the best workmen to that set by the poorest.

THE JAPANESE MARKET.

A few months ago the Canadian government sent for the relief of the famine-stricken people of Northern Japan a shipment of Canadian flour in attractive packages containing also recipes for making bread. Already the bread cast upon the waters with such business-like philanthropy is bringing its return in the form of an increased purchase of Canada's greatest product. The Toronto News makes a good suggestion for further developing this demand. Suppose, it says, that the Canadian transcontinental railway, or some philanthropic capitalists, or falling both, the government, were to establish in all the most important cities of Japan bakehouses where only Canadian flour would be used. Let a capable Japanese manager be appointed for each of these, and let expert bakers from Canada be sent to turn the flour into appetizing and wholesome wheat bread. Let this bread be sold to the people at cost or even at a slight loss. In the meantime let a vigorous publicity campaign be carried on to show the dietary superiority of wheat to rice. Is it not reasonable, asks the News, to suppose that such a policy would turn the eyes of the progressive Japanese people to the Canadian wheat fields? Is it not reasonable to hope that this would hasten the establishment of a trade between Canada and Japan which in the course of time is bound to come of itself? At any rate, the plan is worthy of consideration.

INTERNATIONAL POSTAL RATES.

The congress of the international postal union, held recently at Rome, has recommended a decided decrease in postal rates. Under present conditions letters to countries outside the empire, the United States excluded, cost five cents for each half ounce. The congress agreed to increase the unit of weight to which the 5-cent postage stamps applies from 15 to 20 grammes. In Anglo-Saxon countries which do not use the decimal system of weights one ounce is to be the unit, although it is actually almost 32 grammes. That gives a decided advantage to English and American users of the mails, who can send double the old weight for 5 cents.

Nor is this all. The second and each succeeding ounce is to cost only 3 cents. A two-ounce letter which now costs 20 cents will therefore under the new tariff go for 8 cents.

Aside from the matter of charges, an innovation was introduced which will be very useful. It is a coupon in the form of a postal order payable to bearer exchangeable in any country for 25 cents in stamps. That will solve the problem as to how to send a foreign correspondent stamps for the reply one asks of him.

The reduction in postage is not all that had been hoped for before the congress met. England and Japan asked a 4-cent unit postage instead of the present 5 cents, which is retained. A great agitation in England for the universal "penny postage"—2 cents—came to nothing, through New Zealand gave excitement to the congress by urging it vigorously.

CANNED MEATS.

Mr. Upton Sinclair, whose book, "The Jungle," has turned the stomachs of the nations against American canned meats and has aroused a tempest that bids fair to sweep away the monstrous abuses that have characterized the management of the Chicago packing houses, is still on the trail of the poisoners. In a recent newspaper interview he quotes from printed catalogues of firms which supply dyes and preservatives to the packing houses to prove the charges of gross adulteration which he has made and which the packers are strenuously denying.

From a catalogue of the H. A. Born Company of Chicago, entitled "Secrets on the Curing of Meats," he produces some especially unsavory evidence. According to this valuable publication, the picklers' favorite chicken loaf is composed of pork shanks, pork trimmings, water, dye, chemical preservative and seasoning. Pork sausage, called "half and half," is made of sixty pounds of beef meat, forty pounds of pork fat, and three pounds of meat preservative. Headcheese is made of sixty pounds of rind (that is, the skins off hogs), twenty pounds of hog shanks, ears, trimmings, etc., half a dozen of calves' tongues or pigs' tongues, one pound of Born's headcheese seasoning and three-fourths of a pound of preservative.

And so on. Apparently not an article turned out of these packing houses is what it professes to be. More than a rigid inspection to enforce cleanliness and prevent the use of diseased or decomposing meat is needed in the interest of the public health.

Registrar J. B. Jones reports eight marriages and nine births during the week. Six of the infants were females.

The vital statistics for the week show eight deaths, caused by the following diseases: Carcinoma, 1; meningitis, 1; tuberculosis, 1; heart disease, 1; infantile convulsions, 1; capillary bronchitis, 1; broncho pneumonia, 1; pulmonary tuberculosis, 1.

MICHAEL LIVINGSTON
KILLED IN COLLISION

Was Driving With Stephen McGuire Saturday Night When Team Collided With Sloven—Livingston Was Struck Over the Heart by Sloven Shaft and Died a Few Minutes After Reaching the Hospital—An Inquest Will Probably Be Held

Michael Livingston, a teamster in the employ of J. S. Stephenson & Son, Marsh road, was fatally injured while driving with Stephen McGuire of French Village road in his covered carriage as a result of its collision with a sloven driven by Henry Jones, which was standing on Brussels street, near the corner of Elmwood street while he was en route to his home. The accident took place on Saturday night about seven o'clock. Mr. Livingston, who was hit near the heart by the shaft, was carried to the General Public Hospital on a stretcher, where he died eleven minutes later.

At the time of the accident Mr. Livingston was being driven around the city by Mr. McGuire, the latter having come to the city to spend the day. Mr. Livingston had been working up to five o'clock, when he returned home to meet Mr. McGuire, whose horse had been in the stable of George Cusack. McGuire asked him to go for a drive, and they went together down City street.

After driving around by way of Paradise row, Mill street and through the city, they were returning down Brussels street at a pretty quick pace when the collision occurred.

The sloven, driven by Henry Jones, was standing on Brussels near the corner of Elmwood street. The carriage driven by McGuire, although on the proper side of the road, was coming along in a reckless manner. When almost to the corner, the carriage, under the influence of its own will or at the guidance of its driver, turned sharply towards the middle of the road.

The horse attached to the sloven reared with fright as the carriage swung towards it, and just at the same moment the carriage slewed in the car track, bringing it around so that the shaft of the sloven, elevated by the fender of the carriage, struck Livingston just below the heart.

For a minute the men in the carriage were so hemmed in that the spectators who came to their rescue were not aware what damage was done. The carriage was found to be considerably shattered while the shaft of the wagon was broken.

Livingston was seen to be seriously injured, but was still conscious when lifted to the curb stone, exclaiming that he was done for. Almost immediately, however, he became unconscious, and in this condition was carried into James Nixon's beer shop at the corner of the curb stone, where he was attended by a nurse. He died before his arrival passed away.

The deceased was forty years of age and resided at 35 Marsh road. He leaves a widow and five children, the eldest of whom is only eighteen, and the youngest a girl, two or three years of age.

PARLIAMENT WILL PROBABLY PROROGUE LAST DAY OF JUNE

Business Being Brought to Conclusion as Fast as Possible—Members Are Anxious to Return to Their Homes.

OTTAWA, June 10.—Parliamentary business is being brought to a conclusion, and it is now the popular opinion that prorogation will take place on the last day of June. The opposition have not made the expected capital out of the committee work on the North Atlantic Trading Co. or the Arctic Inquiry. The muck raking campaign has not revealed enough administrative impropriety to induce the opposition to attempt to make capital in the house of the committee. The opposition are willing to have the house prorogued as soon as the remaining budget of business can be put through. There is a good deal of work to be done yet with the estimates. Most of the railroad and public works votes have to be considered, and the supplementaries for the coming year have not yet been brought down. However, with the opposition longing for home, it does not take much time to put votes through.

Among measures which have been expected to become laws are the Sunday bill, the usury bill, the bill placing telegraph and telephone rates under the jurisdiction of the railways committee.

Some progress has been made with the usury bill and the Sunday bill will be passed and the others remain over with the findings of the patent medicine committee and the election law committee, to be dealt with at the November session.

There will be some action taken on the ministerial pensions before the present session is closed and the Foster-Cinq Mars difference may take week before the bar of the house what Mr. Foster has in his correspondence, that of the French Canadian.

It is possible that the unexpected may happen and detain the house for a week or two beyond the end of the month, though that is now the mark aimed at by the government and opposition alike.

ELDER DEMPISTER LINER ETOLIA
ASHORE ON LEDGE OFF CAPE SABLE

Went on the Rocks During Fog Early Sunday Morning—Sailed From St. John For Barry, England, Saturday Afternoon.

HALIFAX, June 10.—A despatch to the marine department from the light-house at Cape Sable says: During a thick fog early this morning the Elder Dempster liner Etolia, Capt. Jones, from St. John, N. B., bound for Barry, Eng., struck a ledge off Cape Sable and held fast. The steamer is one and a half miles southwest of the light and is in a very exposed position on the ledges. The steamer was some hours on the rocks before her name could be ascertained. Communication with the stranded steamer was difficult, and it is impossible to get any particulars. It is presumed the rocks have pierced her bottom and that there is considerable water in her hold. No explanation is given as to the cause of the disaster. The light keeper in his despatch stated that the fog whistle was going all the time. Assistance has been asked for, and the steam tug F. W. Robbling with wrecking gear and a diver left here at eleven o'clock tonight for the scene of the disaster.

Percy W. Thomson of the shipping firm of Wm. Thomson & Co. yesterday received a telegram from the mate of the Etolia stating that she had struck in a fog off Cape Sable and was still on the rocks before her name could be ascertained. Communication with the stranded steamer was difficult, and it is impossible to get any particulars. It is presumed the rocks have pierced her bottom and that there is considerable water in her hold. No explanation is given as to the cause of the disaster. The light keeper in his despatch stated that the fog whistle was going all the time. Assistance has been asked for, and the steam tug F. W. Robbling with wrecking gear and a diver left here at eleven o'clock tonight for the scene of the disaster.

The Etolia has on board 1,050 standards of deals shipped by George McFarlane from St. John for that port Saturday afternoon. Her cargo is valued at about \$20 a standard, or something over \$31,000 in all. She is a vessel of 2,113 tons register and was built in Belfast, Ireland, in 1887.

NEWFOUNDLAND FINANCES.

(Victoria Colonist.)
The Colonel has been favored with a copy of the budget speech of the Hon. E. M. Jackman, minister of finance and customs of the colony of Newfoundland. It is interesting to note from the statistics which the speech contains that the old colony is doing well. Its trade returns for the year 1902 have exceeded all previous records, \$10,623,242 in exports and \$10,278,298 for imports. This is practically one-third increase in six years, and is very gratifying. It is observed that the government is

creating a reserve fund to provide for future emergencies. Last year there was a handsome surplus of over \$130,000, \$40,000 of which has been placed to the credit of the reserve, which now amounts to \$440,185. It is the aim of the government to bring it up to half a million dollars and then allow the annual surplus to augment the same. Evidently Newfoundland is conducting its finances on a very sound basis, and more than one government on this continent would do well to follow its example. It is true that the public debt has increased very largely in twenty years, being now \$28,000,000 odd, but it represents large public works erected during that time, and further large increases in that direction will not be required in the future.

RECENT DEATHS.

HARRY HASTINGS McCRACKEN.
Harry Hastings McCracken, the young man who when delirious from typhoid, jumped from the hospital window, died Saturday morning. The deceased was 24 years of age, and leaves a mother, wife and sister. His mother, who is almost prostrated with nervousness, has been ill since receiving the news of his leap from the hospital. Mr. McCracken was married less than a year, and resided on British street. The hospital officials do not think the injuries he sustained from the jump contributed towards his death, which resulted from the fever.

The funeral will be held this afternoon at half-past two, from the residence of Mrs. McCracken, mother of the deceased, who resides at 35 White street.

ALEXANDER STRONACH.
Word has been received of the death at White Plains, N. Y., of Alexander Stronach, a former resident of Moncton, and at one time foreman of the mechanical department of the I. C. R. at Shediac, and later mechanical superintendent at Charlottetown. He was seventy-four years old and had been married a wife, formerly Miss Brundage of Tignish. Deceased was a brother of the late Conductor John Stronach of Moncton.

LEONNEL BLIZZARD.
FREDERICTON, N. B., June 10.—The funeral of the late Leonnel Blizard, who was drowned at Plover Beach on Friday, was held this afternoon from his late residence at Victoria Mills and was very largely attended. Service was conducted at St. Margaret's Church by the Rev. C. W. Foster, and four brothers of the deceased were present as pallbearers. Interment was made in Forest Hill cemetery.

HOPEWELL HILL, June 8.—The funeral of the late Emerson Stuart, of Riverside, took place from the latter's residence at 2 p.m. yesterday and was attended by a very large concourse of people. The services were conducted by the resident pastor of the Baptist church, Rev. A. F. Brown of Harvey conducted the services, which were of a particularly impressive character. About 200 pupils of the Consolidated school attended in a body, and six school mates of the deceased acted as pallbearers. Interment was made in the Hopewell cemetery at this place.

WOOD ALCOHOL EXPLODED
IN MONCTON DRUG STORE

MONCTON, N. B., June 10.—Saturday evening the explosion of four gallons of wood alcohol in a drug store of E. O. Steeves' drug store establishment came near causing a serious fire. The store is located in a wooden block and for a time it looked as if a bad fire would be caused, but by strenuous work by the fire department and a number of bystanders extinguished the flames. A clerk dropped a match near the alcohol, which caused the explosion.

The death occurred in the hospital this morning of Mrs. Campbell, wife of I. C. R. Driver Harry Campbell.

The St. John base ball team was to have played Moncton Saturday, but on account of the late arrival of the team called off. It is likely they will be played later on in the season. The Y. M. C. C. expects to play in Halifax during July.

BUILDING FOOD
To Bring the Babies Around.

When a little human machine (or a larger one) goes wrong, nothing is so important as the selection of food to bring it around again.

"My little boy fifteen months old had pneumonia, brain fever, and no sooner had he got over than he began to cut teeth and, being so weak, he was frequently thrown into convulsions," says a Colorado mother.

"I decided a change might help, so I took him to Kansas City for a visit. When we got there he was so very weak when he would cry he would sink away and seemed like he would die.

"When I reached my sister's home I found him Grape-Nuts and, although I had never used the food, we got some and for a few days gave him just the juice of Grape-Nuts and milk. He got stronger so quickly we were soon feeding him Grape-Nuts itself and in a wonderfully short time he fattened right up and became strong and well.

"That showed me something worth knowing and, when later on my girl came, I raised her on Grape-Nuts and she is a strong, healthy baby, and has been. You will see from the little photograph I send you what a strong, chubby youngster the boy is now, but he didn't look anything like that before we found this nourishing food. Grape-Nuts nourished him back to strength when he was so weak he couldn't keep up his other food on his stomach." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

All children can be built to a more sturdy and healthy condition upon Grape-Nuts and cream. The food containing the elements nature demands, from which to make the soft gray lining in the nerve centers and brain. A well fed brain and strong, sturdy nerves absolutely insure a healthy body.

"Look in P.K. for the famous little book, 'The Road to Wellville.'"

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A WONDERFUL POTATO!
MOST ENORMOUS CROPPER.
PERFECTLY BLIGHT PROOF.

Double the crop of the same ground, and every one a sound one. Introduced in England in 1902 at \$100 per 14 lbs., three months later its blight proof and enormous cropping features caused the greatest sensation, resulting in record prices of all time, as high as \$1250 per lb. being paid, and \$250 for one tuber.

"Even so recently as September last, when Mr. G. Massey sold 14 lbs. of Eldorado for \$20 (\$100) people were amazed and incredulous; yet three months later the same gentleman received a cheque for \$1,400 (\$7000) for 14 lbs. of the same variety."—Free Press (England), Jan. 19th, 1904.

"The yield of the Eldorado potato, the kind that brought the record price, is reported to run from 150 to 300 lbs. from one lb. of seed tubers."—Rural New York, Jan. 14, 1905.

Introduced here by us in 1905 at \$16 per lb. Eldorado is repeating on a smaller scale the sensation it created in England, making the record prices of all time for the U. S. and Canada, April 30 to 5 J. Connolly, Fishers, N. Y., 2 bbls. (220 lbs.) of Eldorado for \$200. April 26th last, Mr. F. S. Behrill, Jarvis Street, Toronto, 40 lbs. for \$40. A great many sales of 50 to 60 lbs. made to the leading seed potato growers, Experimental Farms, etc., in Canada and the U. S. These are aware of the history of the truly wonderful potato.

One lb. planted now, within two years will yield enough to plant all the acreage you want. Every lb. planted this year will yield next year sell to your friends.

One lb. planted by us 20th June last raised 140 lbs. that year. Crops of 800 to 1200 bushels per acre common.

Pure Seed Eldorado \$1 per lb. Sold only by us in Canada. Send for list, containing history, photos of potatoes, checks paid, extracts \$1 papers, etc. Also 28 other kinds.

SMITH BROS., Box 96, Beachville, Ont.

Members Canadian Seed Growers' Assn.

DEATH OF MRS. WINSLOW OF FREDERICTON

Widow of Late Byron Winslow Passed Away in New York Early Yesterday Morning

FREDERICTON, June 10.—The death occurred at an early hour this morning in New York of Mrs. Winslow, widow of the late E. Byron Winslow of this city. Though the sad news was not unexpected it felt like a blow upon the community, as the deceased lady was very much beloved and highly respected by all classes. Mrs. Winslow had not enjoyed good health for the past three years, and about two months ago she went to New York to visit her eldest son, who resides there and at the same time to consult specialists. Word received from there lately had been discouraging, and on Saturday morning a telegram announced that the case had become most critical.

The deceased, who was formerly Miss Emma B. Orr, is survived by two daughters and six sons. The former are Mrs. Ireland, Woodstock; Mrs. Dumais, Halifax, and the latter, Wentworth, New York; Jasper, Fraser, Edward, Robert and Rainford of this city. She was married in 1871 to Mr. Winslow, who died in 1904. The remains will be brought here for burial.

At about the same hour as Mrs. Winslow passed away there was born to her daughter, the wife of the Rev. Mr. Ireland, Woodstock, a daughter.

If the people of Canada were compelled to do their export business over railways twenty-five years behind the seriously cut into. Yet they are, so times they would and their profits far as the most important support of the country is concerned, practically placed in the same position, because those in control have not recognized the full measure of their responsibility.

A business administration of the barley of Montreal means more money for the producer of every farmer west of the Montreal provinces, and that practically means, so far as the export trade is concerned, to every farmer in Canada.

"If you want work, or if you desire to increase your income during spare time, write now, and we will give you profitable work in your vicinity. We pay well for services rendered. PELHAM NURSERY CO., Toronto, Ont."

MEN WANTED.—Reliable men in every locality throughout Canada to advertise our goods, tack up show-stands on trees, fences, along roads and all conspicuous places; also distribute small advertisement matter. Salary \$800 per year, or \$75 per month and expenses \$3 per day. Steady employment to good, reliable men. No experience necessary. Write for particulars. EMPIRE MEDICINE CO., London, Ont.

FOR SALE.—A Bargain.—A portion of the outfit of a Diamond Drill, consisting of a small double cylinder upright engine and boiler, with many other articles. Can be seen at the machine works of E. S. STEPHENSON & CO., St. John.

FOR SALE.—REVOLVER FOR SALE.—Brand new double action .45 Army Colt Revolver, Frontier pattern, six shells, 7 1/2 inch barrel, vulcanized rubber handle, full blue finish, weight 2 pounds, Stock price \$25.00, will sell for \$15.00 cash. Address "REVOLVER," Box 212, St. John.

QUEBEC, June 8.—The From Lake Chibogamo mining expeditions, with gold and silver ore, doubt the wealth of the northern Quebec, and lead to a rush of miners. El Dorado, 240 miles north of Quebec, one of the richest fields, was discovered by Mr. Kohho, and has been a few years in and who brought back wild specimens of chrome veins.

Mr. Blake was the nephew, which was absent months on a tour of exploration Chibogamo country, have been on the 6th of March, 1902, on the trip to Chibogamo.

Mr. Blake made the job assistants and nine Indian breed guides. Nine dogs from Loreste, each animal a specimen of a new breed of two hundred pounds or more, he had brought back to himself in rabbit skins. They would doubtless have been lost, but those from Loreste would do them a good deal.

RICH MINERAL D
Mr. Blake and his party the time nor the appliance at any depth from the ground, but the surface found by them reveal abundance of mineral ve the specimens of asbestos by them are fourteen. Other specimens show veins in a foot and a half cutting that where they get, they cannot be y when they run together, up Rapid River for pentite. Excellent asbestos near Jugglers' Mountain quartz deposits, some of perfectly visible, and sit quartz on vein of a nick measuring seventy feet. Some of the seventy feet back is classed as number and there is any quantity of grade suitable for use and for the mi

CES
Michael Donohoe, Havelock St.
John A. Humble, Stanley.
Walker M. Steeves, Hillside.

OVER 40,000 CHRISTIAN SCIENTISTS MET IN BOSTON

Great Religious Demonstration When Magnificent New Temple, in Back Bay District was Dedicated Yesterday--The Seating Capacity Exceeds 5,000--Thousands Unable to Gain Admission--Mrs. Eddy's Address.

BOSTON, June 10.—One of the most remarkable religious demonstrations ever witnessed in New England occurred today when the magnificent new Christian Science Temple in the Back Bay district was dedicated. From every state in the Union and from parts of the world came members of that faith to be present at the dedicatory services. It was estimated that more than 40,000 Christian Scientists were in the city today.

NEW EL DORADO IN NORTHERN QUEBEC

QUEBEC, June 8.—The return to town from Lake Chagamoque of two more mining expeditions, with rich samples of mineral ore, establishes beyond any doubt the wealth of the deposits in northern Quebec, and will doubtless lead to a rush of miners into the new El Dorado, 140 miles northwest of St. John.

BELIEVES MURRAY WILL BE ELECTED

A distinguished passenger by the Prince Rupert on Saturday was Sir Frederick Borden, minister of militia, who was returning from a visit to his Canning home. When asked by the Sun as to the object of his visit Sir Frederick replied that he had large trunks to look after, but admitted that he was considerably interested in the local political campaign, which in his country presents unusual features.

CANADA AND THE PRESBYTERIAN HOUSE DISCUSSED TRADE LATIONS OF THE TWO RE-

London Pulpits Occupied by Visiting Clergymen
Able Sermon in Assembly Church by Rev. Dr. Magill, of Halifax--Saturday's Proceedings

OTTAWA, June 8.—On motion to go into supply, H. S. Clements, of West Kent, discussed the question of Canada's trade relations with the United States. He made a comparison between United States and Canadian trade and quoted statistics of trade to show that there was something radically wrong in the tariff so far as agriculture was concerned.

LONDON, Ont., June 8.—At the Presbyterian general assembly Rev. Dr. Fraser, pastor of the Sunday school, presided. The committee of Sabbath school publications, reported as follows: The committee of Sabbath school publications have pleasure in reporting a very satisfactory year.

CANADIAN FIRM WILL UNDER-TAKE THE SALVAGE WORK ON S. S. BAVARIAN

MONTRÉAL, June 10.—A Canadian firm, the Donnelly Wrecking Co., will undertake the work of salvage on the S. S. Bavarian, which now lies on the bottom of the Gulf of St. Lawrence. The wreck is expected to become a total wreck if an attempt is not made in the near future to float it.

DOCTOR EXPLAINS HIS ARTICLE IN THE MEDICAL MAGAZINE ABOUT COFFEE.

One of the most famous medical publications in the United States is the "Medical Magazine." In a recent number of which an entertaining article on coffee by a progressive physician and surgeon was published. In explaining his position in the matter this physician recently said: "In the article in question I really touched but lightly upon the merits of Postum Food Coffee. I have had several cases of heart trouble, indigestion and nervousness where a permanent cure was effected by merely using Postum Food Coffee."

ful city in its summer garb is a fair-land to the eastern men. This is particularly pleasant. Last year the Presbyterian church in Canada gave nearly half a million dollars to the schemes of the church.

C. OF E. WORK IN NOVA SCOTIA

Twelve Candidates Ordained at Truro Yesterday
Bishop Worell Conducted the Interesting Service--Election Campaign in Colchester County

TRURO, N. S., June 10.—Immediately after morning prayers Bishop Worell administered the holy offices of ordination of the Church of England to twelve candidates in St. John's church here today. Rev. M. Martell Matland acted as chaplain. Rev. Dean Giffin also assisted in the services.

ST. JOHN SEMI-WEEKLY SUN

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RELIABLE MARKET REPORTS. FULL SHIPPING NEWS. SERMONS. STORIES BY EMINENT AUCTIONS. THE TURF, THE FIELD AND THE FARM. SEND FOR A COPY-FREE.

Five Picture Post Cards

A splendid picture of King Edward VII, or 5 Picture Post Cards, will be sent to any new or old subscriber sending to the Sun office 75 cents for a subscription one full year in advance and making the request.

SUN PRINTING COMPANY, St. John, N. B.

COUNTRY MARKET

Table with columns for Wholesale and Retail prices for various goods like Beef, Pork, Butter, etc.

PROVISIONS

Table listing prices for various provisions like Flour, Sugar, etc.

GRAIN, ETC.

Table listing prices for grain and other food items like Hay, Oats, etc.

EARL GREY HEARS FROM QUEEN OF SPAIN

OTTAWA, June 10.—In reply to a message of congratulation sent by the Queen of Spain, a reply has been received. Madrid, June 7th, 1906. To Earl Grey, Ottawa: The King and I heartily thank you and the loyal people of Canada for your kind sympathy and congratulations.



BEGINNING YOUNG.

1. NOW DO BE CAREFUL. MA YOU OUGHT TO SEE THE FISH I'M GOING TO CATCH. I'LL TAKE CARE OF THEM.

2. THERES A NICE BRIDGE TO SIT ON.

3. I'VE GOT A BITE.

4. PULL MARY JANE.

5. IT ISN'T SO VERY DEEP. IS MY HAT ON STRAIGHT.

6. I'LL TELL YOU WHEN THEY'RE DRY.

7. FISH FOR COOKING OR BLUFFING YOUR FOLKS.

8. HE'S COMMENCING EARLY. WITH MY LITTLE HATCHET.

9. ME AND ISAACK WALTON. RESOLVED. THERE ARE JUST AS GOOD FISH IN THE SEA AS EVER WERE CAUGHT WHICH MEANS DONT WORRY OVER THE PAST BUT GET BUSY AND TRY AGAIN. FAILURE IS EXPERIENCE AND EXPERIENCE IS THE BEST TEACHER. I'D RATHER BEGIN WITH AN HONEST FAILURE THAN AN UNDESERVED SUCCESS. ONE THING I DID DO, I WENT FISHING AND CAME BACK WITH FISH. DONT BELONG TO THE EXCUSE MAKERS, BOYS - IF YOU CANT RETURN WITH THE GOODS - DONT SAY ANYTHING, BUT MAKE UP YOUR MIND TO TRY AGAIN. DONT MAKE EXCUSES.

10. HE CHARGED THAT FISH - WAIT TILL HIS MOTHER SEES THE BILL. MAMA WILL BE SURPRISED AT MY FISH.

11. HOW TO FISH FOR FISH & THINGS.

12. R.F. Outcault

The Men in C
To Others
Miller Br
Pilers For

On the occasion of a meeting at Cushing's mill that general dissatisfaction among the lumber men that a strike was being anticipated was not granted. It demonstrated the men at least of this property, who yesterday, will not respect their accustomed labor. In the mills affected precipitated by the millers for an increase two dollars to two cents per day. The every case refused to were they informed that employees would be out in the morning.

The mills which were as a result of the trouble Cutler & Co.'s big mill and their mill at Pileler Bros' mill at the John E. Moore & Co.'s Gregory's.

The mill owners meeting last evening the situation, and that they will not accede to the men. They seem to view that from the standpoint, there could be opportunity for the loss are coming down there being scarcely a at most of the mills.

As the men are not have appointed no committee it is difficult to draw an opinion that man to represent their position, however, by a operative in expressed higher wages were paid mills, although they had hours there were longer the scale of wages vary parts of the state. The hours a day in Maine hours here.

The men interviewed confident that the mill owners come to their terms owners are equally confident that they will not a nation seems imminent.

The shutting down of a serious blow to the economy is expressed in Randolph & Baker, & Sons, T. E. Sayre Bros. all stated to the Straits, had been in men, and they expected as usual this morning, mill at Pokok will also far as the owners knew it was truly stated last night, however, that with the possible exceptions, who run their mill year round, would be no less the increase asked of the other mills was they too would be idled.

Should the men in all idled go out, too, there neighborhood of sixteen mile.

MILL OWNERS' George Cushing, of Ansons, said his men had and he expected his mill to be as usual this morning, as he knew the men in their mills were not. F. E. Sayre said he had of the other mills were his men had made no excuse. He understood it was the were causing the trouble.

Stetson, Cutler & Co. their men had gone out, hundred are employed mills. The millers sent a the office stating that the two dollars and fifty cent two dollars, which they ceiving, and announced would not be back in the their demands were not. The lumbermen were not extra rats, said Manager B. simple reason that the but not stand it. They would until this time next year would give.

John E. Moore was not his statement of the mill tentions. "The logs are ce he said, "and the Amer has gone off, therefore it hardship for the manut shut down. The strike have come at a better time presented an ultimatum that received by the o whose men went out.

Murray & Gregory's mill be idle this morning. The number of about one hundred-five announced last pilers were not given the ed the men would all go morning.

"Their demand was not will not be," said Mr. Gre business cannot stand a cease."

Chas. E. Miller of Miller mill had gone on strike, of course, necessitate the of the mill. There was a the Pokok mill as far as a

(From Monday's Daily
Eight out of the ten
mouth of the St. Joh
be closed this morning as
the hold-up on the part o



George Ade IN... PASTURES NEW



NEW—THE ORDINARY HUMAN FAILINGS OF THE ANCIENT MOGULS.

(Copyright, 1906, by George Ade.)
Taken by themselves as mere smouldering chunks of antiquity that have been preserved to us because they happened to be dropped down into a dry climate, the fragmentary remains of old Egypt are not very inspiring. They are big, but seldom beautiful. As records proving that humanity—old fashioned, unrelatable humanity, with its fears, jealousies, hatreds and aching ambitions—is just about the same as it was five thousand years ago, the temples and the decorated tombs seem to bring us direct and heartless mes-

his pedigree or something wrong with his registry certificate—anyway, he could not qualify as king, and so his sister Hatshepsut was made ruler and he was permitted to hang around the palace as a kind of shawl holder and cab driver. He led the cotillions and attended public dinners and wore decorations, but Hatshepsut ran Egypt and Thutmose Second was merely a trailer. When he dropped off there did not seem to be any considerable vacancy in court circles. Queen Hatshepsut continued as chief monarch, although her nephew, Thutmose Third, carried the honorary title of co-regent. Ha-

she had built a special memorial he appropriated to himself and put his name over the main entrance. It may have been pretty spiteful, but the whole proceeding somehow seems to establish a sympathetic link between those remote heathen days and the unselfish, Utopian civilization that we now enjoy in Chicago, Omaha, West Superior and other centres of brotherly love.

After Thutmose had put in years erasing and chiselling out all complimentary references to Hatshepsut he passed away and was carried to a winding subterranean tomb in the valley to the west. For two hundred years the great monuments which he had erected in his own honor, or quietly borrowed from his aunt, remained intact. Then came along Rameses Second, to whom we have already referred as the best little advertiser of ancient times. He had the name of Thutmose removed from all the temples, obelisks and public buildings and put his own glaring label on everything in sight. In the language of Mr. Peaseley, the Kings seemed to spend most of their time in "knocking their predecessors" and "boosting" themselves.

Here are a few instances:—Tut-enkhamon erected in the fore court of the temple of Ammon at Karnak two colossal statues of Ammon, an Ammon and dedicated them to himself. He wished to perpetuate his name. At this late date we cannot understand why any one should wish to perpetuate the name of a name, but Tut, like the millionaires of today, was remembered pleasantly long after people had ceased to inquire as to whether or not he ever accepted rebates, so he put in a lot of time having these large figures carved and propped up in the court of the temple. After he died, and almost before he was cold, his successor, Haremheb, had Tut's name removed and dedicated the monuments to himself.

Shakabo, the Ethiopian, erected two of the five large gateways to the temple of Ptah (pronounced as it is spelled) at Karnak. Later on some Thutmose of the Ptolemy period came along and scratched out all references to the colored officer-holder.

When Queen Hatshepsut put two obelisks in the temple of Karnak she removed a row of columns erected by Thutmose. After Thutmose Third became king he got even with his aunt by building a stone wall which blocked the view of her pet obelisks. This was probably the original "spite fence" of Memphis. Rameses Second had some grudge against the memory of Thutmose, for he bore away most of the wall and put Hatshepsut's columns on exhibition once more.

Hatshepsut built a rock temple at Beni-Hassen, in Nubia, and a goddess who happened to be a particular friend of hers, Pakht was the name. Thutmose, the nephew, had her name erased wherever he found it in or around the temple, but neglected to substitute his own, so when Sethos First came along and discovered the blank spaces he said, "This is my temple," and unblushingly ordered his name to be carved on every open spot.

In the temple at Abydos the aforesaid Sethos took up a large space in blowing about himself and telling of his wisdom and piety and how he stood in with the gods. His son, Rameses, set out to tell about himself. When Rameses (this is our old friend, the boss advertiser), got wound up his chief delight was to tell of his filial devotion. In the temple at Abydos he started to explain how sincerely he revered the memory of Sethos and how he was probably the most dutiful son that ever grew up, and before he got through he had so much to say about himself and his love for the departed male parent that he had to chisel away most of his father's autobiography in order to make room for his own!

Take the case of Taharka, of the twenty-fifth dynasty. He built an addition to the temple of Karnak and had his name marked on one of the columns. A hundred years later a monarch who rejoiced in the name of Psammetichus had his name put in just above that of Taharka, thereby reducing the original builder to the subordinate position of an "also ran."

At Karnak there is a temple dedicated to the god Mut. Can you imagine a bright and civilized population falling down to worship a god with a name like that? In the court of the temple of Mut are several seated figures of the lion headed goddess which were placed here by Amenophis Second. On several of these figures Sheshouk First has substituted his own name for that of Amenophis. What could you expect from one by the name of Sheshouk?

A hundred instances could be cited to prove that the kings of the old dynasties were what Mr. Peaseley would call "ingers."

Nearly every ancient structure has been defaced or altered to gratify a private jealousy or some prejudice founded on religious belief. The Romans tried to obliterate the old Egyptian deities. The early Christians hacked away at anything that failed to atavise them as orthodox. Then the Turks capped the climax by coming in and burning everything non-Mohammedan that was at all combustible. A few ancient records remain, because they are carved in huge characters on very hard stone. The theologians wanted to batter them down, but it would have been leading sadistic and they had been leading sedentary lives. So they merely circumscribed

be a box of handkerchiefs. The raised right arm would suggest that he attempted to slap the king, who caught him by the arm and held him until he could select a good vital spot in which to prong him. Attention is called to the fact that both of the victims wear the long and protuberant chin whisker, which would indicate that the honest farmer was getting the worst of it even four thousand years ago.

The carvings and paintings which do not depict warlike scenes usually show the monarchs receiving homage from terrified subjects or else mingling on terms of equality with the principal deities of the period. Illustration No. 3 is a very good specimen. King Amenophis and his wife are seen seated on their square built-Royeroff thrones, while two head priests of Ammon burn incense before them and sing their praises and tell them that the people are with the administration no matter how the senate may carry on. There was no race prejudice in those days. The queen is shown to be a coal black Nubian. In one hand she carries what seems to be a fly brush of the very kind that we used all the time we were up the Nile, and the article in her

her hand resting on his shoulder, as if she hated to see him go. The other, having just fitted him with his new gourd shaped hat, has both hands in the air, and you can almost hear her say, "Oh, my! It looks just fine!"

Seti I. was another shrinking violet. In one of his private three sheet advertisements, No. 6, he has the sublime effrontery to represent the great goddess Hathor as holding his hand tenderly and offering him the jewelled collar which she is wearing. Notice the uplifted hand. He is supposed to be saying, "This is all very sudden, and, besides, would it be proper for me to accept jewelry from one of your sex?" Of course, there never was any Hathor, and if there had been she wouldn't have hobbled with a man who had his private interviews done into oil paintings. But this painting and one thousand others that we have seen in Egypt help to give us a line on the ancient kings. If there was any one of them that failed to get the swelled head soon after mounting the throne the hieroglyphs are so strangely silent regarding the case. They were a vain, self-laudatory lot, and all of them had that craving for the centre of the stage and the hot glare of the spot light which is still to be found in isolated cases.

After all is said and done can we blame them? Rameses wanted to be remembered and talked about and he laid his plans accordingly. He carried on a reign of his long and successful distributed his pictures with the careful prodigality of a footlight favorite. What has been the result? His name is a household joke all over the world. He is remembered by the name of Rameses, Harry Thurston Peck, and Marie Perell or the press. Khedive of Egypt knew all about Rameses the Great, although no two of them pronounce it the same. According to Egyptian usage the hard medial is used on the name of the "Ram." Perhaps you have heard the song in the Days of Old Rameses. That story had parestis. Are you on? Are you on? Are you on? This is poetic license. There is no word in the English language that will rhyme with Rameses. If I wanted to write an Egyptian poem I would select Mut as a title.

GAINED 25 POUNDS.
"It was much run down in health, could not sleep, was very nervous, and so weak that I could hardly get around. Some months ago I began using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, and today I am pleased to say that I am completely restored to health. I have gained over twenty-five pounds in weight, sleep well and feel strong and healthy."—Miss Annie Evans, 35 Gorington St., Halifax, N. S.

STILL SETTLING DISPUTES WITH THE UNITED STATES
Sir Mortimer Durand and Secretary Root Had Another Conference.
WASHINGTON, June 7.—Sir Mortimer Durand, the British Ambassador, called upon Secretary Root at the State Department today and discussed at some length the diplomatic questions open between the two countries with special reference to the Canadian and Newfoundland fisheries. As a result of the ambassador's conference with the foreign office officials while he was in London recently, it will now be possible to make another move in the near future toward a settlement of this complex question. It will, for instance, be attempted to clear the ground for final negotiations by seeking to reach agreements upon smaller, but connected matters; while, as to others upon which there may develop disagreements to essential facts, provision will be made for the ascertainment of these facts perhaps by joint investigations conducted by experts. Thus it is hoped that by next fall when Secretary Root has returned from his southern voyage, the issues will be clearly defined as to admit of final disposition in short order.



WHERE KAISER WILHELM GOT ALL HIS TIPS.

ages from our brethren of the long ago.
For instance, from the beginning of time probably the most maddening and unbearable persecution that can be visited upon a sensitive human being is to have some other human being always held up before him as a shining moral example.
You know the story. The preacher in the pulpit shouted out: "There never yet was a perfect human being; a mortal without sin, or falling. Then a woman in the back row stood up and said: 'Yes, there was—my husband's first wife.'"
Do you recall, O male reader, how you writhed in humiliation and laid plans for assault and battery when the good little Rollo of your native town was constantly dangled before your depraved soul as the paragon of juvenile virtues? "Rollo never smokes, never drinks, never reads a newspaper on teacher's bedroom window," "Rollo never carries crow dabbers in his Sunday clothes," "Rollo never runs away to go swimming and then comes back with his ears full of gravel," "No, indeed, Rollo never showed any of the traits that have been the essence of boyhood since Adam and Eve started the original brood. And do you remember how bright and sunny that day seemed when Rollo, having grown to pale and sidewhispered manhood,

was energetic and ambitious. She put nephew into a remote back seat and ran things to suit herself, gaining expeditions to far distant lands. Also, according to ancient customs, she had her portrait and the record of her accomplishments carved on the obelisks and painted all over the walls of her private temple, which is still standing, about three miles west of the present city of Luxor.
She reigned for thirty-five years, and then Thutmose Third, gray bearded and worn with much waiting, emerged from the nursery and took up the reins of government. According to the judgment of later historians, his reign was about the most glorious in the whole history of Egypt. He was possessed of military genius, and under his directions Syria was recaptured and the influence of Egypt was firmly established in Western Asia. But no matter how many battles he won or how many captives he brought back to Thebes to exhibit in the court house square, the old timers around the court wagged their heads and said: "Yes, he's doing fairly well for a beginner, but he'll never come up to the mark set by his Aunt Hattie." Hatshepsut was her full name, but those who had known her for a long time called her "Hattie," and to a few of her intimates she was known as "Hat."



THE PARAGON OF JUVENILE VIRTUES.

was arrested for stealing money from the Building and Loan Association? Mr. Piner's latest successful play in London deals with the tormenting experiences of a young wife who is constantly reminded of her failure in household management as compared with wife No. 1. Mr. Piner might have taken his plot from hieroglyphs in Egypt. In the new English play the wife, driven to desperation by a constant recital of her own shortcomings, welcomes the chance to blast the fair reputation of her predecessor. In ancient times in Egypt the rival of odious comparisons got even in another way.
Take the story of Queen Hatshepsut. She was the Victoria of the eighteenth dynasty and was on the throne just about 1500 B. C. The finest male descendant of that period had a blot on the 'autcheon of a bar sinister across

Thutmose was merely human. For years, his domineering aunt had kept him out of the running, and now that he was on the throne the glory of her achievements was constantly being dinged into him. Every time he rode out in his chariot, standing up and waving away at four horses, just as they do in Ringling's circus at the present time, he saw her name and picture on all the public buildings, and, of course, two or three years after her departure everybody bragged about her a good deal harder than they had while she was alive. Even the English newspapers speak in kindly terms of an American statesman who is safely deceased.
Thutmose stood it as long as he could, and then he broke over. He ordered the stonemasons to go forth and dig out all the inscriptions relating to his superior aunt. The temple which

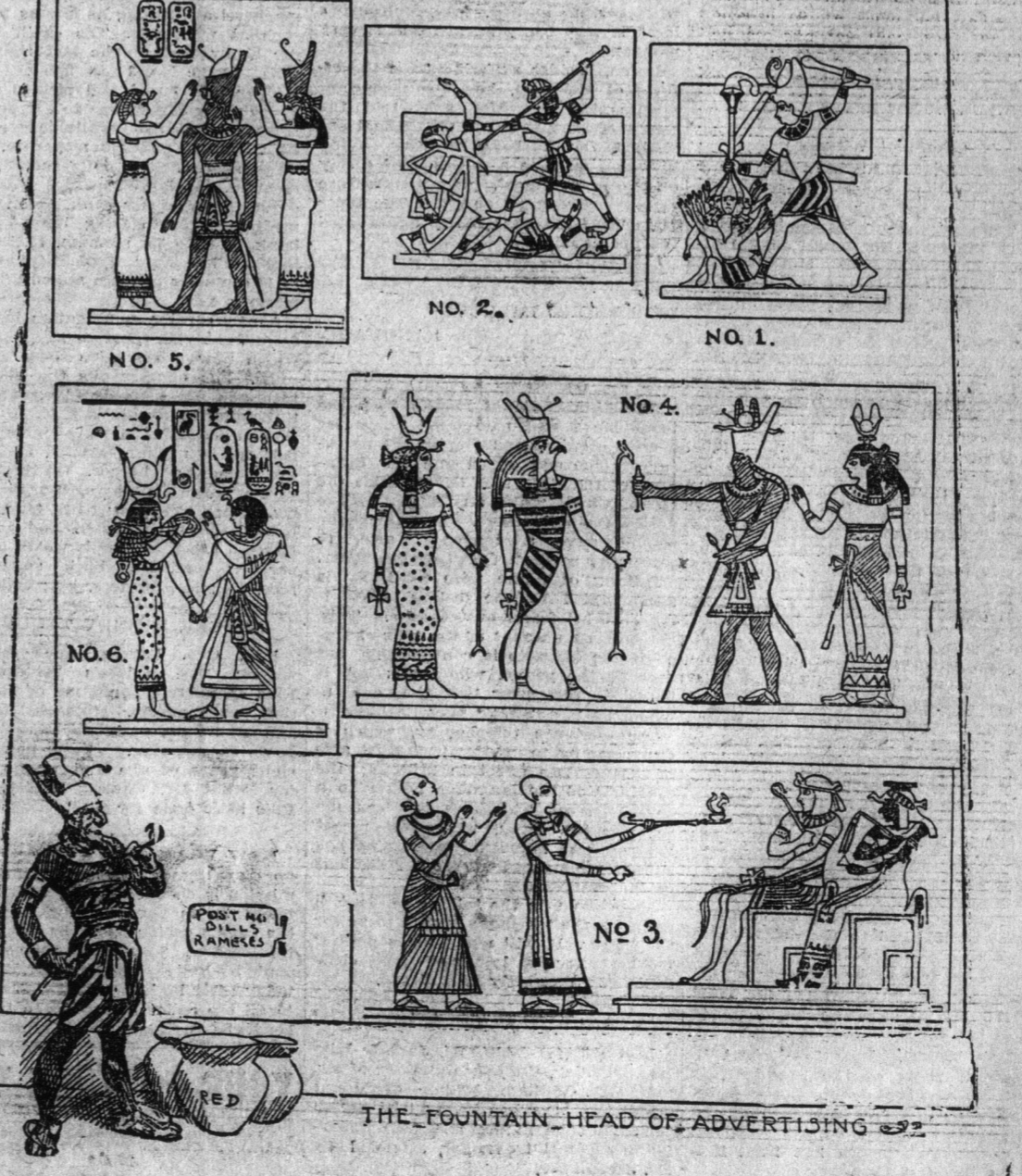


'HE'LL NEVER COME UP TO THE MARK SET BY HIS AUNT HATTIE.

them and wrote the equivalent for "Rats" underneath, and let it go at that.
Even the modern circus bill is not more exuberant and given to joyful hyperbole than the inscriptions and paintings of the Egyptian temples. A few of them are reproduced herewith. Take No. 1, for example. This represents our old friend Rameses the Great in the act of overcoming his enemies. It was designed by Rameses himself. Now we know where Kaiser Wilhelm got all his tips.

Some warriors are content with overcoming one man at a time, but Rameses is seen holding ten of them by the hair, getting ready to clout them into insensibility. The picture is an artistic success, but is somewhat ugly anatomically. The ten enemies have a total of only three legs for the whole crowd. They are better supplied with

arms, the total being thirteen, or about one and one-third to a man. Notice also the relative size of Rameses and his foes. There we have the real, unchanging spirit of autobiography—the great I triumphant and the petty antagonists all coming about knee high to him.
No. 2 is also very characteristic. One of the kings is represented as defeating two burly warriors. He is walking on one and pushing his spear through the other. Undoubtedly a glorious achievement. It would be still more glorious if the two gentlemen putting up the fight against the king had carried weapons of some sort. The one on the ground, who is lifting his hands in mild protest against being used as a rug, has nothing on his person to indicate that he is a soldier. The one who is being harpooned carries in his left hand what appears to



THE FOUNTAIN HEAD OF ADVERTISING.

VOL. 29.
MILL W
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Labor—Men

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THE CORONATION OF
KING HAakon
Will Take Place on June 22nd—Elaborate
Preparations for the Event.

CHRISTIANIA, June 8.—The
programme of ceremonies attending
the coronation of King Haakon VIII
and Queen Maud have been completed.
The royal couple will arrive in
Oslo on the evening of June 12th, and
wait there the arrival of the foreign
princes and ambassadors. The coronation
will take place at 11 o'clock on the
morning of June 22nd, at the cathedral,
and will be followed by a state dinner
which will be attended by 300 guests.
The rest of the week will be taken up
with celebrations including musical
festivals, popular entertainments and
processions in which children will
predominate. June 25th King Haakon
will receive deputations and give a
soiree at the palace.

LONDON, June 8.—In order to
lessen the risk of collision between
practising submarine boats and
passing Channel vessels a special system
of signalling has been adopted.
It is announced that in the future a
large square red flag will be displayed
from the vessels in company with the
submarine boats while they are being
exercised, and strangers are warned
to flag the vessels displaying such a
flag a berth of at least one mile.

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT
W. H. THORNE