Jan. 7.—The Telegram's from London says: The t in Canada that four or distinguished bravery ea does not receive con-The military secretary fice says no awards have ardson of the Mounted corated several months ndation for the story nadians were to receive Cross was received at stated that Lieut, R. E. Quebec; Lieut. H. Z. C. onto; Sergt. E. J. Holand Pte. W. A. Hensd Rifles, had been recdecoration for heroic battle-field.

ON CALL LOANS.

Jan. 7. - Montreal raised the rate on call to 61-2 per cent., in view Last year the rate was this time, with an eas-

FEVER IN MONTREAL.

ed in this city during the m scarlet fever. There of the abatement of the

ST. JOHNSHMI-WEEKLY SUN

VOL. 24 ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, JANUARY 12, 1901.

SOUTH AFRICA.

Five Thousand Boers Making Thair Way Into the Heart of Cape Colony.

Entrenchments Being Constructed Near Cape Town - Boer Attacks at Several Points Repulsed.

LONDON, Jan. 11, 5 a. m.-The situation in South Africa grows worse rather than better. Lord Kitchener's hes are more laconic than those of Lord Roberts, and little else of importance is allowed to come through. The Times in an editorial today finds comfort in the thought that the "process of attrition is doing its work and must shortly lead to the inevitable result."

In other quarters, however, there is less satisfaction with the position of affairs, which has practically necessitated the fortification of Cape Town. No steps have been taken to comply

with Lord Kitchener's demands for reinforcements.

Lord Coleridge, in a letter excusing his non-attendance at a political meet-

the other towards Worcester or in this direction. All passes in front of Worcester have been occupied by seasoned troops, which are gathering at strategic points. The tranquil Dutch openly disapprove of the raid, many even sending horses to the British

LONDON, Jan. 10.-Following is the text of the despatch from Gen. Kitch-ener, dated Pretoria, Wednesday: "On the night of January 7th the Boers made determined attacks upon all of our posts at Belfast Wondersontein, Nooltgedacht and Wildfontein.

Intense fog prevailed, and taking advantage of the cover it afforded the Boers were able to creep up close to our positions. A heavy fire continued until 3.40 a. m., when the Boers were driven off. One officer was killed and three wounded, while twenty men were killed and wounded. The loss of the Boers was heavy, 24 dead being count-

A convoy taking supplies to Gordon's brigade, north of Krugersdorp, was attacked by Beyer's commando yesterday (Tuesday). The Boers were driven off, leaving eleven dead on the field. Our casualties were four slight-

CAPE TOWN, Jan. 10.-Entrenchments are being constructed across the Cape Flats, from False Bay to Table Bay. LONDON, Jan. 11.—"Five thousand

Boers, supposed to be trekking west from Vryburg," says the Cape Town correspondent of the Daily Mail, "are now making their way into the heart of Cape Colony. The supposition is that they have caped ed several small garrisons on the way."

CHINA PROBLEM.

Preliminary Stage of the Negotiations Completed Wednesday

Second—The United States commerce with China is comparatively small when com-pared with that of several other countries. Therefore the United States is not entitled to expect the negotistions to be carried on at Washington.

his non-attendance at a political meeting, says:

"I loathe and detest this war and the policy which brought it about, the mode in which it is conducted and the undignified excitement over the defeat of a handful of peasants, defending their country, at the hands of ten times their number of trained soldiers, backed by the wealth of England."

This morning's despatches report that a small party of Boers carried off cattle close to the east fort at Pretoria. Nine hundred Boers, under Commandant Kritzinger, are fifteen miles from Richmond.

Rumors are spreading at Porterville that the rebels have joined the Boers in the Calvima district.

The military commissioner of police at Johannesburg has warned the public to beware of the dangerous dynamite mines laid in the Rand to protect the mines, as the authorities cannot hold themselves responsible for injuries resulting therefrom.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—Gen. Kitchenersends news of a serious simultaneous attack on the night of Jan. 7 by the Republicans on the British positions beween points sixty miles apart along the lines of the Pretoria and Lorenzo Marques railway. The losses on both sides were heavy. According to reports the Boers were beaten off after protonged fighting.

The strategie between these conflicting derivatives and in any case will appress the lines of the Pretoria and Lorenzo Marques railway. The losses on both sides were heavy. According to reports the Boers were beaten off after protonged fighting.

to a native newspaper says:

"Some of the clauses of the conditions for peace are impossible of acceptance, consequently the emperor and empress and the much troubled court have telegraphed Liu-Kun-Ki, the vicerey of Nankin, and Chang-Hi-Tung, the vicerey of Pankow, to proceed immediately to Pekin and confer with the foreign ministers and Chinese commissioners in an attempt to secure a modification of the obstructive conditions. They have been instructed, if they are unable to proceed to Pekin, to propose a suitable meeting place for the ministers elsewhere.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—As some of the foreign powers do not look with favor upon the proposition of the United States recently made as to the withdrawal of certain features of the negotiations from Pekin to Washington, or some other capital, and other powers hesitate to decide the question, the president has deemed it advisable to withdraw the proposition and has directed the diplomatic representatives of the United States abroad to inform the different governments.

WILL NOT RE-ENTER POLITICS.

WINNIPEG, Man., Jan. 10.—Hon. Hugh John Macdonald declares he has no intention of re-entering politics. Two safe constituencies in Ontario have been offered him, but he says he intends remaining a public citizen during the rest of his life.

Glory on earth is a thing many work for, only to find it hampered by nerveracking penalties.

Children Cry for CASTORIA

SKATES.



Insist on having your Acme or Hockey Skates stamped

Starr Mfg. Co. Beware of worthless imitations.

Whelpley's Long Reach and Breen Racers.

W. H. THORNE & GO. LTD. ST. JOHN, N. B.

WELCOMED HOME.

Men of the C. M. R. and E Battery Given a Splendid Reception Upon Their Arrival Thursday.

PARIS, Jan. 10.—As the result of the cultries in authoritative quarters the As of select process is given the followin statement in regard the Chinese situation.

The Chinese situation is signed the profile and the chinese plentycthiars of signed the chinese plentycthiars of signed the profile and the chinese plentycthiars of signed the chinese plentycthiars of th



sides were heavy. According to reports the Boers were beaten off after prolonged fighting.

CAPE TOWN, Jan. 10.—The refugees are approaching the military authonities to obtain permission to form a corps for the protection of Johannesburg and the mines, as they wish to be on the Rand to assist in the defence of their own property. The chamber of mines has adopted a similar attitude.

On the Picquetberg road the Boers occupying Cellvinia and Sutherland consist of two columns, one advancing in the direction of Glen William and the other towards Worcester or in this Leod of Fredericton. At the station there were among others to meet the men: Mayor Daniel, Col. Armstrong, Col. Markham, Col. Jones, Major Armstrong, A. O. Skinner, Rev. Dr. Mc-Leod, Fredericton. All of the men lcoked well and hearty. The only one who bere any mark was Norman Mc-Leod, son of Rev. Dr. McLeod, whose left eye was bandaged. A shell bursting near him threw small pieces of gravel and sand into it, blinding him for a time. He hopes with care that tistically decorated with chrysanthe-the sight will be saved. While in mums and carnations, assembled about England Mr. McLeod was treated by a specialist.

On the Pacific express came A. L. McIntosh, A. G. Howard, Wm. Anderson, A. Leavitt and D. A. Morrison of St. John, and Corporal Grey, Wm. Kennedy, J. A. Hayden, Gr. Buck, R. Hughes, Geo. Glew, R. Smith, Frank Brewer and B. Finnemore of Wood-stock. Sergt. Ralph Markham and J. N. Nilant missed the train at Monc ton, and came in on the 7.30 express, and were given an enthusiastic reception by a number of their friends.



CORP. McINTOSH.

cheering crowd of his chums from the Neptune Rowing Club, who, hoisting him on their shoulders, carried him all the way to his home and he's no lightweight either. Dysart and Leighton of Woodstock remained over in Halifax.

AT THE DEPOT. Long before the afternoon express from Halifax was due, crowds began to assemble in and about the railway station, and when she rolled in with her welcome freight, every inch of the great building was packed with a surging mass of humanity of both sexes and all sizes, that jammed and sexes and all sizes, that jamined and jostled each other in frantic efforts to get within seeing distance of the train.

The Sussex express was on the middle track ready for starting, and the rewith the said that the said that a mayor it is with great gratification that as mayor dress, disclaiming any of the honor of the banquet, which he said that the sa

The Loyalist City, and well does St. John merit the term, was en fete again of their train, were hurried around the front of the Sussex train, taken the boys who have honored us throughout the Empire. Every soldier who has come back here during the past year has received a welcome worthy of him, and, yesterday when the trains brought in the last of New Brunswick's gallant contingent, with the exception of a few who have re-enlisted for further service, a few who remained in Halifax for a day or two and some who will never come back, the old city turned out and gave them a welcome that for heartiness and enthusiasm has seldem been excelled.

Thursday in honor of the return of the fine train, were hurried around the front of the Sussex train, taken through the side doors of the station and placed in the huge sleighs awaiting them before the mass of those in thouse who belong here and those who belong the power and those who being to other parts of the provide the provide the provide around the front of the Sussex train, taken through the provide and the bands of the station and placed in the huge sleighs awaiting them to be one there are thought the come yourselves through the territor have brought nonor to yourselves through the territor have brought honor to yourselves have placed Camda in a higher position and successful operations in action and successful operations in actions and successful operations in actions and aridships of a mission well one they of their arrival. To welcome them on behalf of the city there were present, Mayor Daniel, Aldermen White, McGoldrick, Hillyard, Maxwell, Armstrong and Seaton, and a number of leading citizens. The officers and non-coms, of the 62nd were present in civilian clothes, and the bands of that regiment and of the Artillery were in attendance, providing the provided in the station around the front around the front and those who belong here in thous who belong to

filling the grounds in front and along the side of the station and reaching away up Dock street. Every foot of elevated standing room was eagerly fought for and each express wagon and freight car in the vicinity bore its share of enthusiastic sight-seers, and even the roof of the station was occupied. In one of the sleighs was placed the band of the 62nd, and in the other the returning soldiers and as many others as could climb or ding on, the Artillery band following on foot. With the 62nd band in the lead, the sleighs proceeded through the cheering crowd up Mill, Dock and King streets, around King square, along Sydney, down Princess and back Charlotte to the Dufferin, where the men dismounted and entered the hotel, each surrounded by his coterie of admirers. The Woodstock men remained there and most of the St. John boys went home, to return, however, to the banquet which was tendered The Federicton men, wno arrived early yesterday morning, and N. P. McLeod, who arrived on the Quebec

exiress, were unable to remain over to

the banquet here, owing to the cele-bration prepared for them at home, and left on the Fredericton express

in speeches that added greatly to the

making the proceedings prosy, and the

creature comfort of those present

was ministered to by an able corps

of waiters, under the skilful direction

of Jas. Wilson, the Dufferin's head

Around the daintily laid tables, ar-

70 guests, comprising, besides the

guests of the evening, representa-

tives of the local and federal govern-

ments, officers of the militia, and

of the committee in charge of the

reception. His worship Mayor Daniel

occupied the chair and Deputy-Mayor

Maxwell the vice-chair. On the

Lieut. Fred Jones, and on his left Capt. Carvell of Woodstock and Lieut.

Weldon McLean. There were present:

Lt. Col. Jones, Lt. Col. McLean, Sen-

Dunn, Hon. H. A. McKeown, Recorder

Puree of Green Pea.

Celery. Lettuce.

Rried Fillets of Halibut, Tartar Sause.

Roast Prime Ribs of Beef,
Dish Gravy, Yorkshire Pudding.

Dish Gravy, Yorkshire Pudding.

Roast Young Turkey, Stuffed with Chestnuts

Crasberry Sauce.

Sweet Corn. Squash

ator Ellis, Lt. Col. Markham, Major

ers of the Common Council and

pleasure of the evening instead

SERGT. RALPH MARKHAM.

style of the popular Dufferin notel, the toast list was appropriate, each item being proposed and responded to

coms. and men for distinguished conduct in the field during those operations."

If you naturally feel proud to have earned words of such high commendation from your commanding officers I am sure that your fellow countrymen are just as proud of you—for what you have done in South Africa you have not done for yourselves alone, but your prowess on the field has reflected an undying lustre on this country, in whose name you went, and the glory of your achievements will always remain among the brightest and most cherished possessions of the history of our beloved dominion. We feel as a people that we are safe while we can command the services of men like you, who, urged by the patriotic impulse of love of Queen and country, have gone unostentatiously to the field of battle ready to lay down life itself if necessary to uphold the honor of the flag and keep it unsullied, no matter who may be the aggressor.

Our city is honored by your presence and welcomes you with open arms, and asks those of you who are passing through to accept its hospitality and be its guests while you remain. I have only to add that I hope your future—lives will in all respects be happy, useful and successful, as has been your campaign in South Africa.

Lieut. Good, who was heartily

mayor's right sat Lieut. Good and

Lieut. Good, who was heartily cheered, returned thanks for the address, for the manner in which it was received and for the magnificent din-



PTE. MORRISON.

His worship then proposed The Queen, which toast was drunk with Roast Young Turkey, Stuffed with Chestnuts,
Cramberry Sauce.
Cream Potatoes. Sweet Corn. Squash.
Marrowfat Peas.
English Plum Pudding.
Brandy and Hard Sauces.
Apple Pie. Blueberry Pie. Apricot Pie.
Fruit.
Vanila Ioe Cream.
McLaren's and Canadian Cheese.
Toasted Crackers.
Coffee. enthusiasm, followed by the singing of the national anthem. The Governor General was now proposed, followe by the Lieut, Governor, and after these had been heartily honored, Deputy Mayor Maxwell proposed the health of Our Guests, which was received with three hearty cheers and a tiger, and feelingly responded to by Lieut. Good, who said that such a re-After the hearty and appreciative discussion of this, his worship, after reading regrets from Senator Dever ception was worth all the privations the troops had passed through, and and Ald. Baxter, read the following again thanked the citizens of St. John for their hearty welcome. Lieut. Jones was also called upon, and re-To Lieut. Good, Non-Coms., and Men of the Royal Canadian Artillery and Mounted Rifles:

given solely for Lieut, Good and his men. The credit for Canadian achievement in South Africa was due more to the men than to the officers who commanded them. In response to repeated calls, Lieut. Weldon McLean spoke briefly. Sergt. Ralph Markham, who was enthusiastically received, thanked the mayor for the reception and gave an interesting sketch of the work of the C. M. R. He said that during their stay in Africa they had been in 40 battles, the most severe of which had been that famous rear guard action at Tilyfontein, when they had three killed, nine wounded and fifteen taken prisoners. Troopers Miland and Morrison, Sergt. Hanson of Woodstock, Privates Morley and Fairweather also interestingly assist-ed in the response to this toast. In the course of his brief speech, Pte. Moriep proposed a toast to the Gor-don Highlanders, coupled with the name of Wm. Donahue, who grace-

NO. 4

name of Wm. Donahue, who gracefully responded.

Recorder Skinner then proposed The Commander-in-Chief and the Military and Naval Forces of this Great Empire. He eulogised the character and military genius of Lord Roberts and told of his magnificent achievements during the late war, not forgetting to give due credit to the assistance given him by the rank and file. The army and navy, he said, represented the strength of the Empire. The dawn of universal peace was not beyond our ken. Progress of civilization and all progress had and ever would be a result of conflict. Our people and our race were not fighting for themselves, but for the progress of mankind. He paid an eloquent tribute to England's navy, and prophesied a glorious future for our country, which had such splendid men, to strengthen these arms of her greatness.

Lieut. Col. McLean; in responding, added to Mr. Skinner's praise of Lord Roberts, briefly sketching his career, referring to his words of praise for Canada's troops and to what our men had done to deserve this commendation. In closing, he heartily welcomed the Woodstock men to St. John.

Lieut. Col. Jones spoke of the great debt the people of Canada owed to those present who had just returned from fighting for them. He was proud of the militia of St. John and of the province. He spoke in praise of his own regiment, which had con-tributed to the infantry and cavalry as well as the artillery branch of the Canadian contingents, and said that if another emergency should arise Cana-dians would be even more ready to of-fer their lives in the service of their

The toast of The Provincial Legis-The toast of The Provincial Legislature was then proposed by Ald. Macrae. He spoke with eloquence of the bravery of the men who had gone out to fight, and to the patriotism of the men in our governments who had supported the hands of the firing line by working for their interests while at home. Hon. A. T. Dunn, in responding, anologized for the absence the banquet here, owing to the celebration prepared for them at home, and left on the Fredericton express morning Lieut. Good of Woodstock arrived with J. and A. Tibbits, M. Boone, G. Parker, W. Lyman and Geo. Rutter, who were met at the station by Mayor Daniel, Premier Tweedie and others, and taken to the Dufferin for the night. The Quebec express brought in four more—Grs. Robt. Welsh, Geo. Searl and N. Cameron of Woodstock, and Gr. N. P. Mc-Robt. Welsh, Geo. Searl and N. Cameron of Woodstock, and Gr. N. P. Mc-Robt. Welsh, Geo. Searl and N. Cameron of Woodstock, and Gr. N. P. Mc-Robt. Welsh, Geo. Searl and N. Cameron of Woodstock, and Gr. N. P. Mc-Robt. Welsh, Geo. Searl and N. Cameron of Woodstock, and Gr. N. P. Mc-Robt. Welsh, Geo. Searl and N. Cameron of Woodstock, and Gr. N. P. Mc-Robt. Welsh, Geo. Searl and N. Cameron of Woodstock, and Gr. N. P. Mc-Robt. Welsh, Geo. Searl and N. Cameron of Woodstock, and Gr. N. P. Mc-Robt. Welsh, Geo. Searl and N. Cameron of Woodstock, and Gr. N. P. Mc-Robt. Welsh, Geo. Searl and N. Cameron of Woodstock, and Gr. N. P. Mc-Robt. Welsh, Geo. Searl and N. Cameron of Woodstock, and Gr. N. P. Mc-Robt. Welsh, Geo. Searl and N. Cameron of Woodstock, and Gr. N. P. Mc-Robt. Welsh, Geo. Searl and N. Cameron of Woodstock, and Gr. N. P. Mc-Robt. Welsh, Geo. Searl and N. Cameron of Woodstock, and Gr. N. P. Mc-Robt. Welsh, Geo. Searl and N. Cameron of Woodstock, and Gr. N. P. Mc-Robt. Welsh, Geo. Searl and N. Cameron of Woodstock, and Gr. N. P. Mc-Robt. Welsh, Geo. Searl and N. Cameron of Woodstock, and Gr. N. P. Mc-Robt. Welsh, Geo. Searl and N. Cameron of Woodstock, and Gr. N. P. Mc-Robt. Welsh, Geo. Searl and N. Cameron of Woodstock, and Gr. N. P. Mc-Robt. Welsh, Geo. Searl and N. Cameron of Woodstock, and Gr. N. P. Mc-Robt. Welsh, Geo. Searl and N. Cameron of Woodstock, and Gr. N. P. Mc-Robt. Welsh, Geo. Searl and N. Cameron of Woodstock, and Gr. N. P. Mc-Robt. Welsh, Geo. Searl and N. Cameron of Woodstock, and Gr. N. P. Mc-Robt. Welsh, Geo. Searl and N. Cameron of Woodstock, and Gr achievements of our fighting men, and paid an eloquent tribute to the work they had done for the Empire. On behalf of the legislature he thanked response to this toast, referred to the sacrifices made by Canadian mothers in giving up their sons for the Empire and expressed his pleasure at being able to assist in the reception of those

The toast of The Dominion Legislature was then proposed by Warden McGoldrick in a cleverly characteristic speech, and ably responded to by Senator Ellis.

The Red Cross Nurses was proposed by Major Armstrong, and responded to by Ald. White, and the toast of Absent Comrades, with especial mention of Beverly Armstrong, was pro-posed by Ald. Robinson. The toast of Capt. Carvell of Wood-

stock, proposed by the mayor, drew an eloquent response from the captain. Ald Armstrong proposed the health of H. D. McLeod, the treasurer of the contingent fund, who appropriately responded. The mayor gracefully responded to a toast in his honor, proposed by Lt. Col. McLean, and a toast proposed by

Ald. Maxwell to the Militia of Canada was answered by Major Armstrong and Capt. Pratt of the Curlew. The toast of The Press was responded to by R. O'Brien, H. McDonald, E. S. Carter and S. D. Scott.

INTERVIEW WITH N. P. McLEOD.

A Sun reporter had an interesting conversation yesterday afternoon with Norman P. McLeod of Fredericton, who, without ah idea that he was be-ing interviewed, talked of the work done by E Battery through the war, and gave so many reminiscences of his personal experiences that this story would have to be "Continued in our next" to embrace a tithe of them. He has not a very high idea of South Africa as a place for settlement, describing Johannesburg as the only city worth mentioning in the whole country. His opinion of the Boers their country, as he said they were poor shots and great runners, showing bravery only when attacking a rear guard or more especially a pro-vision train.

In comparing the different branches of the service, he emphatically pre-ferred the artillery, in which he would re-enlist before any other should oc-casion arise. E Battery, he said, had done good work and had been very lucky all through the campaign, los-ing only one man killed, although they had taken part in several severe actions. Hhe pronounced the horses taken out by the Canadian artillery to have been by far the most service-able in the whole army. The team of the 6th sub-section of E Battery,

Annual Meeting Held Tuesday Afternoon, Well Attended.

Reports of the Directors and Secretary Approved - New Board of Directors Elected.

The annual meeting of the Exhibition Association was held in their room on Tuesday afternoon. President D. J. McLaughlin occupied the chair, and those present were: C. A. Everett, W. M. Jarvis, S. L. Peters, H. J. Ofive, W. W. Patchell, R. O'Brien, T. H. Hali, A. O. Skinner, F. A. Dykeman, W. W. Hubbard, Col. Markham, R. A. Payne, Dr. G. A. Hetherington, A. B. Macaulay and Jas. Reynolds. After the reading of the minutes of last meeting by Secretary Everett, President D. J. McLaughlin read the report of the directors as follows:

To the Stockholders and Members of the Exhibition Association: Gentlemen.-Your board of directors respectfully presents this report of the operations of the association during

the year just closed: The deficit of the year 1899, to which reference was made in the last annual report, was made up by sale of stock in the association, a number of our public spirited citizens having subscribed for 330 shares, on which there

been collected the sum of \$1,560. A committee of the board was appointed to wait upon the provincial government and common council, to urge the need of increased grants to warrant the association in incurring liabilities for the exhibition lately held. Their efforts were successful, and grants were secured for \$4,000 from the government and \$3,000 from the city.

As it is evident from the experience of the past few years that exhibitions everywhere are changing in their character, and Machinery Irail is no longer a novelty, while outdoor and indoor amusement are exceedingly popular, your board of directors felt it to be their duty to cater to this want so far as they could consistent with the legitimate purposes of the exhibition, and for this reason made application to the military authorities for the use of the Drill shed, as the hall formerly used was found to be entirely small and inconveniently situated for the public requirements. The cost of seating and stage facilities was neces-sarily large. This expenditure has all been charged to last year's exhibition, but as the work was all built in sec tions and can be put in position again at small expense, it should be class-ed as an asset. By converting the Drill shed into an Amusement half, it was possible for your directors to arrange with the Waragraph company for ex-hibits of moving pictures in the old hall. These were very pleasing to our patrons, and profitable to our associa-

The amusements at the Drill shed were free from objectionable features, and appeared to be satisfactory to the large audiences present at all the per-

works were a special feature, probably better than ever before presented to a St. John audience, and while costing In the outdoor attractions our fire more than our usual display was probably well worth the increased ex-

One very pleasing feature of the exhibition was the natural history department. The experiment in this connection of the previous year was so successful that your directors felt war-ranted in making the tanks sufficiently large for an effective exhibit of live fish, from Salmon down to the small-est species to be found in our waters. To do that it was necessary to make a considerable expenditure for proper tanks, with plate glass and metal strengthenings, besides a considerable number of stands and tables, and othed appurtenances, for the display of other natural history exhibits. These are also available for future shows and should be classed as a permanent asset, and not charged in their entirety to our late exhibition.

Up to and including the year 1899, your directors have been able to se-cure steam engines in motion from our exhibitors, a portion of the cost of freighting and placing only being paid by the association. This year the emand for engines has been so great demand for engines has been so great that it has been impossible to secure one, except by purchase, and as we were compelled to supply power for our electric lights, we had to purchase an additional boiler as well. The cost of these was of course considerable, but they were secured at favorable rates and are an asset, well worth

As the years have gone by expenditures aggregating a large amount have been put in buildings, and permanent plant; without these, of course, it ould be impossible to have a successful exhibition. The expenditures this

year of a permanent characteristic	
Engine, boiler and placing	1,500 00 440 00 250 00 50 00

EXHABITS.

The industrial buildings were well filled by attractive exhibits. The exception to this statement was Machinery hall. The exhibits shown in this department were valuable and in-teresting, but not sufficient to cover the space at our disposal. Wonderful changes and improvements have been changes and improvements have been made in the machinery of the work during the past few years, and in the modes of selling goods, and it has be-come necessary for us to offer to make

do not warrant the expenditures. We need the power to secure light for our buildings and grounds, and for such exhibits as can be secured on condiexhibits as can be secured on condi-tions within our means.

The exhibits in all classes of live stock and agriculture, as well as in the dairy department; were quite complete and satisfactory, and drew to the ex-hibition large numbers of visitors from different parts of the province, as well

as from Nova Scotia, P. E. Island and

The art department has not been satisfactory for several years. It is dir-ficult to secure the loan of many new and attractive pictures or other important works of art. The expense attached to this department seems to be greater than the results warrant. Some important changes are necessary.

THE FUTURE. It is the desire of your board of di-rectors to continue annual exhibitions. To meet this desire some means should be adopted to secure funds, which will certainly cover all expenses and plant. By act of assembly of Nova Scotla the deficiency in the receipts of the Halifax exhibition is met by the provnce of Nova Scotia and the city of Halifax. As the object of this association is to carry on exhibitions solely in the public interests, it would m as if those of our citizens who are pecuniarly or otherwise benefitted should financially assist the association from year to year. The city authorities should give liberal grants to make permanent the annual period which attracts strangers to the city, which attracts strangers to the city, who leave during their stay many thousands of dollars, advertise the city, and furnish our citizens with special holiday attractions of an un-

For a number of years past the provincial government has turned its attention to the improvement of the live stock and agricultural industries of the province, and its efforts have been substantially seconded by the formation of active provincial societies, embraoing a large membership. The exhibitions of our association have enabled farmers, dairymen and stock breeders to bring together the best product of their industries, and present an object lesson which must be of great value to the commonwealth. The province and city have materially aided us in paying the prizes which are annually offered as an inducement to the exhibitors, yet experience proves that the sums granted have not enabled us to meet the deficiencles aris ing from our general receipts. earnestly desire to impress our statesmen and citizens with the importance of so fully sustaining our annual exhibitions that they will be continued without uncertainty.

NEW FORM OF OPENING.

For several past years it has been ound exceedingly difficult to secure large attendance of visitors on the day of opening during the busy hours. It new form and open at a time when there were reasonable prospects of a full audience, uninterrupted by the placing of exhibits. The Drill hall provided with ample stage ac lations, the public were invited to an opening concert on the evening of the Saturday preceding the general opening, with short addresses from reprentative men. The hall was pletely filled by an appreciative audience. The results were satisfactory. The day and form seem well adapted for the opening of future exhibitions.

Respectfully submitted, D. J. McLAUGHLIN,

St. John, N. B., Tuesday, Jan. 8th, This report was received and adopt-

The secretary's report was read by C. A. Everett as follows:

ST. JOHN, N. B., Jan, 8, 1961. To the Exhibition Association: Gentlemen,—I respectfully submit the following statement of the receipts and expenditures of the year 1900, up to Dec. 21st when they passed into the hands of the au

ditor:	RECEIPT	rs.	
Thehibition	account	14,014 04	\$19,074 5
Unpaid ac	EXPENDITU	\$1,368 07	\$25,863 1
ACCUPATION OF THE PROPERTY.	THE PROPERTY WAS A PROPERTY OF A SECOND SECOND	The second leading to	- 400,000 J

The accounts of the various officers and the report of the auditor is presented here-

the report of the auditor is presented herewith.

Since the completion of the audit, the province grant of \$4,000 has been received and deposited in the bank to the credit of the treasurer. A further amount on ticket account will be received within a few days from the O. P. railway.

Included in the expenditures are the purchase of an engine and boiler, the platform and seatings of the Drill hall, and the outfit of the Natural History department. Other special expenditures were made for supplies in the dairy and other departments. These purchases, useful for future exhibitions, very large account for the inability of our income to meet our outlay. The deficiency amounts to \$3,082.55.

CAPITAL STOCK. During the year we received payment for, and issued certificates for, 312 shares of capital stock. Our power extends to the issue of 4,800 shares. The whole issue has been 1,753 shares. The value of the property owned by the association is far beyond the receipts from the sale of shares of capital stock, but is not easily made available for the payment of its deficiencies. ASSOCIATION PROPERTY.

The estimate of the value of our property made last year was: Grounds and buildings. \$14,000 00 Grounds property. 2,000 00	P
\$16,000 00	D
Making allowance for all depreciations,, we can easily value our new plant and property at 2,000 00	h
I respectfully submit the following classified statement of the expenditures of the year: Buildings\$511.78	hprot

Buildings		
Furniture 918 17	\$1,770 56	
Engine, boiler, masonry, etc.	1.765 32	10.00
Newspaper advertising	792 92 920 88	
Posters and posting General printing	299 77	
Natural History exhibit	309 49 110 00	
Grotto	245 52	
Books and stationery Freight and cartages	313 56 185 45	
Light and fuel	578 14 453 70	
Insurance	5,320 58	
Attractions	4,464 54 6,092 14	
Miscellaneous	872 54	

Respectfully submitted, CHAS. A. BYERETT,

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.— Two men were fatally hurt and a number of others more or less severely injured by an explosion which occurred this afternoon in the works of the Standard Oil Co. in Brooklyn. The men were engaged in repairing one of the hollers in which the oil is refined when the explosion took place inside the vast iron recordaria.

It was moved and carried that this

report be received and entered on the

minutes.

A SOUR STOMACH

Is Often the Real Cause of a Sour Tem

That the condition of the digestiv organs has a murked effect upon the character or disposition is a truism as old as the hills. Old Ben Johnson wisely said "the pleasure of living de-pends upon the liver," and it is a fact which none may dispute that a sunny disposition more often results from a healthy digestion than from any other

Acid dyspepsia, commonly called by slow digestion of food; instead of being promptly digested and convert ed into blood, bone and muscle, it lies in the stomach for hours, fermenting and decaying, creating gases which cause pressure on the lungs and heart, short breath and general discomfort and irritation.

Such half digested food is indeed poor nourishment for the body, brain and nerves, and the result is shown in irritable tempers, unaccountable headaches and that depressing condi-tion usually called the "blues," but how quickly all these disappear when appetite and digestion are restored.

Laxative medicines only irritate the already irritated stomach and bowels and have no effect upon actual dige

The sensible course to follow is to make use of simple natural digestives like Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after meals until the stomach has a chance to recuperate.

The natural digestives which every healthy stomach contains are peptones, diastase and Hydrochloric and lactic acids, and when any of them are lacking the trouble begins; the reason Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are so valuable and successful in curing stomach troubles is because they contain, in a pleasant concentrated tablet, form, all these absolutely necessary essentials for perfect digestion and assimilation of food.

Henry Kirkpatrick of Lawrence, Mass., says: "Men and women whose occupation precludes an active outdoor life should make it a daily practice to use Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet after meals. I have done so myself and I know positively that I owe my present health and vigor to their daily

"From the time I was 22, when I graduated from school with broken health from over-work, until I was 34, I scarcely knew what it was to be free from stomach weakness. I had no appetite whatever for breakfast and very little for any other meal.

"I had acidity and heartburn nearly every day and sometimes was alarmed by irregularity and palpitation of the heart, but all this gradually disappeared after I began using Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, and I can eat my meals with relish and satisfaction which I had not known since I was a

growing boy."

The success and popularity of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is enormous, but it is deserved, and every druggist in the United States, Canada and Great Britain has a good wer for this meritorious preparation.

THE LATE REV. P. FARRELL Requiem Service at the Cathedral-Interment in New Catholic Cemetery.

Full of years spent in the work of his Master, deeply loved by his friends, both priests and laymen, and warmly admired by all others who knew him because of his sterling qualities of heart and mind, the late Rev. Patrick Farrell of Petersville, Queens county, was laid to rest on Wednesday in the new Catholic cemetery.

In the interval since his death on Saturday last there were many callers at the Mater Misericordiae Homeold friends who desired to pay a last tribute of respect to the dead. In the chapel at the Home, on Monday, Mass was offered by Rev. A. Poirier for the repose of the soul of the deceased. Yesterday morning at 8.30 the remains were conveyed to the Cathedral, followed by a lengthy procession, pall-bearers being John Allen, John L. Carleton, J. H. Doody, P. J. O'-Keeffe, T. P. Regan and Thomas Kickham. At the doors of the Cathedral the remains were met by his lordship Bishop Casey, the clergy and altan boys, and the procession, with Rev. E. Savage as cross-bearer, wended its way to the sanctuary, inside the rails of which, before the main altar, the body was deposited. The Office was then sung, after which his lordship the bishop celebrated Solemn Requiem Mass, assisted by Rev. J. J. Walsh as deacon, Rev. E. Savage as sub-deacon, and Rev. J. J. O'Donovan as high priest. Rev. F. J. McMurray was mas ter of ceremonies.

On the conclusion of Mass, Rev. H. A. Meahan of Moncton ascended the pulpit and made a brief address. Everybody, he said, loved Father Farell. Why? Because he was a good priest. In these few words, he said, was summed up everything. As a priest he was an ambassador from dod; he was given power from on igh. Father Farrell was faithful to ris trust, and he was loved by his peoole; today he is enjoying well-merited eward in heaven. The preacher, after welling on the dignity and power of he priesthood, remarked upon the extraordinary respect and esteem of the Irish race and its descendants for their clergy, and said it was due to the fidelity of the priests to the people. In conclusion, Father Meahan asked for the prayers of the people for the deceased, and also for those who had preceded him in the work of the

His lordship the bishop next pro nounced the final absolution, and the ceremony was brought to a close. The lid of the coffin was then raise and the members of the congregation given an opportunity to view the fea-tures of the deceased. After a large number had availed themselves of this privilege the lid was closed, and the remains carried from the sanctuary to the hearse by Very Rev. A. Roy, superior of St. Joseph's College, Memramcook; Rev. W. F. Chapman, Woodtock; Rev. F. L. Carney, Debec; Rev. J. Carson, Albert-county; Rev. C. Collins, Fairville; Rev. J. Feeny, C. SS. R., St. John, I. J. D. Landry in the meanwhile playing the Dead March on the Cathedral chimes.

The funeral cortege then proceeded

LUMBER EXPORTS TO THE UNITED STATES.

(St. John Star.)

The following tables give a com parative statement of the value of lumber shipped from St. John to the United States in the years 1899 and 1900, showing separately that origin ating in this province and that manufactured here from Maine logs.

EXPURTS ST. JOHN	N TO U. S. 1899		
New Brunswil	k Lumber.		
Ist Quarter \$2,963.87	2nd Quarter. \$29,971.56 26,955.60 22,945.50 2,740.40 2,759.50 132.08	3rd Quarter \$21,258,32 28,017.17 25,547.37 9,747.02 340.66	4th Quart \$43,817.56 38,078.77 16,410.50 3516.80 2,424.00 54,615.29
\$6,614.74	\$85,504.64	\$84,910.54	\$158,862.42
Maine Lu Long lumber	\$355,694.70	\$165,790.95 16,880.56	\$111,586.35 23,333.17
Laths 14,693.15 Shingles 100.00 Clapboards 865.00 Staves Shooks. Planers	30,489.26 17,070.50	28,232.99 1,031.37 196.94	21,745.57 2,887.09 681.50 3,428.24
\$179,114.41	\$493,254.46	\$212,132.72	\$163,661.88
Total	\$488,759.10 ,294,055.76.	\$297,043.26	\$322,524.25
ST. JOHN EX	PORTS-1900.		
Leths	2nd Quarter \$42,863.59 35,280.69 10,262.04 47,194.80 3,011.25 1,602.50 235.54	3rd Quart. \$31,834.93 22,304.79 8,561.28 38,229.34 2,702.50 8,084.50 404.08	4th Quart \$23,937.85 \$1,903.06 1,901.29 42,479.42 735.00 8,470.25 129.64
Total	\$140,450.41	\$112,121.44	\$108,746.44
American	Lumber.		100 (0.00)
Lumber \$17,589.75 Lumber 114,714.61 Shingles 4,540.00 Claptcards 1,648.12	\$15,155.23 132,544.04 28,613.00 3,544.00	\$21,063.17 43,695.79 30,521.00 962.00	\$12,836.64 62,701.09 12,947.76 2,137.99
Total	\$179,856.27	\$96,241.96	\$90,622.39
Grand total	\$320,306.68	\$208,363.40	\$199,368.81

Total for year, \$947,007.17.

Decrease in 1900, \$347,048.59.

a large lot is set apart for priests. Father Farrell is the first interred in it. The prayers at the grave were recited by Rev. F. J. McMurray, assisted by Fathers Carney, O'Donovan, Savage, McDermott, Chapman, Borg-

man and Feeny. In addition to the priests already mentioned, there were present in the sanctuary during the service Rev. J. J. Ryan, St. Mary's; Rev. Joseph Mc-Dermott, Petersville (Father Farrell's essistant); Rev. H. D. Cormier, Silver Falls; Rev. E. Byrne, Norton; Rev. J. Borgman, C. SS. R. Rev. A. J. O'Nefil, Rev. W. C. Gaynor, Rev. A. W. Meahan, Rev. A. Poirier, St. John. A number of Father Farrell's parishioners at Petersville and Frederic-

BERLIN, Jan. 9.— The semi-official Berliner Post comments warmly upon the definite appointment of Count Lamsdorf as Russian minister of foreign affairs which it regards as a guarantee of the world's peace.

MILITIA TEMPLE.

The Grand Master of the Great Priory of Canada, Hon. J. V. Ellis, paid an official visit Monday evening to Ivanhoe Preceptory, Moncton, and met with a cordial reception from Em. Preceptor Tweedie and his associates. The officers installed for the current year are: W. D. D. Steven, E. Preceptor; E. W. Givan, Constable; R. A. Barden, Marshal; G. B. Willet, Chaplain; F. W. Givan, Sub-Marshal; F. N. Hall, Almoner: F. L. Thompson, Treasurer; F. A. McCulley, Regis trar; W. A. Davies, St. Bearer No. 1; ton came to town to attend the fu-

The Dainty

White Things

that are washed with SURPRISE Soap—a little Surprise Soap and still less labor-are not only clean but un-

You want the maximum wear out of your clothes. Don't have them ruined by poor soap-use pure soap SURPRISE is a pure hard Soap

ORDER OF THE GARTER.

The Most Noble Order of the Garter, to which Lord Roberts has just been admitted by her majesty, was originally established by King Edward III. in 1349. As reconstituted in 1831 it is limited to the sovereign, the Prince of Wales and such descendants of George I. as may be elected, and te twenty-five Knight Companions; but sovereigns and princes of other realms and other foreigners of distinction may be admitted by special statutes. Its abbreviation is K. G., and it is the highest order of knighthood. There are at present fifty members in all, including the Queen. The vacancy which Lord Roberts will fill was created by the death of the late Duke of Argyle.

BRITISH WAR OFFICE METHODS. there is any red tape at the war office while he is in charge. When Sir Evelyn was a trar; W. A. Davies, St. Bearer No. 1;
I. Prescott, St. Bearer No. 2; L. T.
Joudry, Sword Bearer; J. McD. Cooke,
Cap tain of Guard; J. Janowyce,
Guard. After the formal business was
over, the members, on the invitation
of the new preceptor, supped together
and spent a pleasant hour in social intercourse.



We want a few-more workers in this locality, at once, and in order to secure your co-operation without the delay of correspondence, we herewith explain our full plan in this advertisement. The work is simple and the Machine is easily operated, and with the Guide requires no teacher. If you wish to join our staff of Workers let us hear from you promptly with the Application Form for Stock and Machine filled out and remittance, and we will allot you Stock and send you machine outfit to begin work at once.

Authorized Capital Stock,

\$180,000

HEAD OFFICE, - TORONTO, CANADA

The Syndicate is Offering a limited amount of Stock at \$1.00 per share in lots of twenty shares. (Each subscriber of the twenty shares to be furnished a twenty-dollar knitting machine free to work for Syndicate and to share in the net prefits of all goods made.)

and to eppose the large keitting Combines and Companies which have Joined made to raise prices.

1 The Syndicate supplies its own yars and machines.
2 The Syndicate has all goods made by sharsholders knitting at their own homes.
3 The Syndicate has all goods made by sharsholders knitting at their own homes.
4 The Syndicate has all goods made by sharsholders from the sale of all goods made by its sharsholders.
5 To each subscriber of treaty \$1.00 shares the \$\text{Prices}\$ from the sale of all goods made by its sharsholders.
5 To each subscriber of treaty \$1.00 shares the \$\text{Prices}\$ from the sale of the machines from the sale of the machines in the Syndicate while sharsholders.

6 To each subscriber of treaty \$1.00 shares the \$\text{Prices}\$ from the sale of the machines in the Syndicate which will cost you twenty dollars.

6 To each subscriber of the sale of the machines of the machines to be paid for the work you do, and also to participate in the equal morking sharsholder, free of charge, full directions, samples and yarn to make the goods.

7 To become a sharshelder, a worker, the owner of one of the machines, to be paid for the work you do, and also to participate in the equal division of the net profits, you have only to become a member of the Syndicate and take twenty \$1.00 shares which will cost you twenty dollars.

8 THE METHOD OF THE SYNDICATE is to supply its own yarns and knitting machines to its sharsholders, FREE. By this plan it is the source of a regular employment and income at their hemes. The Syndicate not only benefits its sharsholders supplied with part of ording the various kinds of work required, and it is also in a position to dispose of all goods knitted from these yarns through large lobbers and to the general trade as fast as it can be sent in by its sharsholders.

1 It will be seen that to manufacture goods on so large a scale it would be necessary to have a number of knitting facteries, which would mean the investment of thousands of dollars, besides taxes, insurance and interes

Application Form for Stock and Machine.

I enclose you herewith passes in and one of your similed, which I wish allotted to me, and one of your s	inco machines f	ree, same as you	furnish your shar	the fundicate at once upon
imples, instructions and yarn, which I wish sent to	pate in the semi-a	manal dividends of	the Syndicate in a	idition to being paid cash es
elivery for all the Knitting I do for the Syndicate on m	ay machine.		1 mg	
Name your nearest Express Office:	Too name			5
the of the continues of the first that	Post Office			

Mr. Justice Gr On His First Appeara County in His Judiel

Congratulatory A

HAMPTON: Kings C January term of the circuit court opened to gory presiding.

The attendance small, but the grand a and the people who de newly appointed judge official visit to the co fairly representative nearly every parish. The grand jurors we Scott, Wm. J. Patters Leod, Wm. Snider, Joh brose MoMonagle. John Barrett, John H. Brown, Walter B. Sox Parlee, Wm. H. Baxte Frank Sherwood, Jan H. Henderson, Frank T. Robinson, E. J. A Gilliland. Andrew Whelan and H. A. M

W. J. Patterson te sheriff that the heavy vented his catching but he would attend sary. He was excus who left it with the s him if his presence The following is the Charles Neill and Dan erford, Jos. W. McAfe lee and G. Abner Coa James S. Kirk, Jame Morrison and John sex, Elkanah Hall o Muir and W. D. Gilli Adam Marchbank, Al Hughson, Frank Mcd E. Stratton of No. Earle and Cornelius S ton, and J. D. Seely The address of Ju

ous exposition of thei

they had taken bein what they were requi in all the cases broug by the crown officer liberty, however, to ject which in their or ficient interest to cla of the court, and a ments would receive sideration and attent the two cases of a which had been bron The first was a cl Arthur Storey, bron Roach, for malicious his barns and des and property. The been out of the coun returned by train, his arrival the fir question of motive but it was said by H had a hostile fee based on an alleged estate, although hor be deduced from the indictment, he could However, it was for sider the whole ma stated that he had i visit to his moth the morning after he alleged, slept in he did not wish to at the late hour at Mr. Harrison had cused to his satisfac would not positively ing met him on the coming from the dir farm, between 10 at night. They would 1

> one in which the present be put on tr of breaking, enterin tain property from of the Pleasant Lak one Joseph White, been examined befo peace and commit had escaped from was still at large. committed in 1897, by the fact that charged the offenc sons. It was the officer to have the as that punishm follow at any time of the offender to His honor cautio ers, whose name dictment against ing the jurors

and decide whether be placed on his tri

The other case for

desired to hear have to eay, he and be sworn as detracting from on the jury and t The jury then were no civil cas the court adjourn The court waite half after dinner jury came in W Arthur Storey, the by Thomas Roach

his property at S

Then the fore

presented to his

with the case. If

To the Honorable G wick :Your Honor-We,
sounty of Kings, de county of Kings, de honor, on the occas risit to this county, aircumstance of you dignified and honor har Majesty's justice of this province.

We recognize that of the duties incide there are required, perience, but it it addition to these in the incumbent shou high mental qualitifairness so necessaministration of justice, and of the dominio eminently qualified. and of the dominio eminently qualified the bench, with fu requirements called of such a position. We venture to h

be long spared burneme court b

ainty hite Things

ed with SURPRISE Surprise Soap and still not only clean but un-

2. Don't have then SE is a pure hard Soap

F THE GARTER.

ble Order of the Garter, Roberts has just been majesty, was originby King Edward III. onstituted in 1831 it is sovereign, the Prince such descendants of nay be elected, and to night Companions: but princes of other realms eigners of distinction ted by special statutes. n is K. G., and it is the of knighthood. There fifty members in all. Queen. The vacancy erts will fill was creatth of the late Duke of

AR OFFICE METHODS.

Sir Evelyn Wood's fault if When Sir Evelyn was a venteenthe Lancers he de cavalry saddle and sent it The letter and parcel were The letter and parcel were edged at the time, and the for nearly twenty years. Evelyn was quartermatter forces, he came by chance addressed in his own handwar office. It was unopened, the string he found his saddressets.

nore workers in this in order to secure hout the delay of erewith explain our isement. The work Machine is easily Guide requires no to join our staff of from you promptly Form for Stock and remittance, and we d send you machine at once.

\$180,000 LIMITED.

twenty shares, machine free to work for

he work when sent in will semi

I cost you twenty dollars.
Iders, FREE. By this plan it sholders by way of dividends, shareholders supplied with

The People's Kultting Syndicate, shareholders, together with free k far the Syndicate at once upon

or as you send in the week)

your honors presence will still further in-crease the respect and confidence which has always been reposed therein, by all citizens of this province.

E. J. ARMSTRONG, Foreman. RAMPTON.

Congratulatory Addresses

Mr. Justice Gregory

On His Pirst Appearance in Kings

County in His Judicial Capacity.

HAMPTON, Kings Co., Jan. 8.-The

The grand jurors were: Thomas H.

Scott, Wm. J. Patterson, George Mc-Leod, Wm. Snider, John Dalling, Am-

brose McMonagle, Samuel Gordon, John Barrett, John H. Mace, James H.

Brown, Walter B. Scovil, jr., Warren

Parlee, Wm. H. Baxter, Jos. D. Bell, Frank Sherwood, James W. Smith, W. H. Henderson, Frank L. Titus, Chas.

W. J. Patterson telephoned to

him if his presence was needed.

The following is the petit jury panel:

Charles Neill and Daniel Ross of Waterford, Jos. W. McAfee, Henry S. Par-

lee and G. Abner Coates of Studholm

James S. Kirk, James McCarty, John

Morrison and John E. Ryan of Sus

ex, Elkanah Hall of Cardwell, John

Muir and W. D. Gillies of Springfield,

Adam Marchbank, Allan McCarty and

Fred Tabor of Hammond, James

Hughson, Frank McNeill and George

Earle and Cornelius Sullivan of Hamp-

The address of Judge Gregory to the grand jury was a brief but lumin-

ous exposition of their duties, the oath

they had taken being an epitome of what they were required by law to do,

in all the cases brought to their notice

liberty, however, to present any subject which in their opinion was of suf-

ficient interest to claim the attention

of the court, and all such present-

ments would receive his utmost con-sideration and attention. He reviewed

the two cases of a criminal character

which had been brought to his notice.

The first was a charge against one

Arthur Storey, brought by Thomas

returned by train, and shortly after

but it was said by Roach that accused

be deduced from the statement in the

he alleged, slept in the barn, becaus

he did not wish to disturb the family

at the late hour at which he arrived. Mr. Harrison had identified the ac-

cused to his satisfaction, although he

would not positively swear to it, hav-ing met him on the road, as though

coming from the direction of Roach's farm, between 10 and 11 o'clock that

night. They would hear the testimony

and decide whether the man should

The other case for their enquiry was

one in which the accused cannot at present be put on trial. It is a charge

of breaking, entering and stealing cer-

tain property from the the premises

of the Pleasant Lake Fishing Club, by

one Joseph White, for which he had been examined before a justice of the

peace and committed for trial, but had escaped from the officers and

was still at large. The offence was committed in 1897, and was aggravated

by the fact that the accused had

charged the offence upon innocent per-

officer to have the case in such form as that punishment might speedily follow at any time upon the return

His honor cautioned one of the jur-

ers, whose name appeared in the in-

ing the jurors anything connected with the case. If he or the grand jury

desired to hear anything he might have to say, he could come into court

and be sworn as a witness without

detracting from his competency to sit

on the jury and vote for or against a

The jury then retired, and as there

were no civil cases to form a docket, the court adjourned till 2 p. m.

The court waited two hours and a half after dinner before the grand

jury came in with ne bill against

Arthur Storey, the young man charged by Thomas Roach with setting fire to

his property at Studholm.

Then the foreman, E. J. Armstrong,

resented to his honor the following

GRAND JURY ROOM,

Hampton, Kings Co., Jan. 8th, 1901.

ment against Storey, against tell-

of the offender to this country.

be placed on his trial or not.

The

his arrival the fire occurred.

by the crown officers. They were at

ton, and J. D. Seely of Havelock.

Stratton of Norton, Robert G.

nearly every parish.

Judge Gregory expressed his thanks for the address, and said it was the only court house where he had not appeared at the bar, but he had always heard of the dignity of this court and the able manner in which its business had always been conducted. He would make it his best endeavor to maintain that dignity, and was sure that he would be greatly aided January term of the Kings county circuit court opened today, Judge Greby the able legal gentlemen of the Kings county bar. He thanked them men of the not only for the expression of appregory presiding.

The attendance of lawyers was ciation of his past work, but for their confidence in his future administrasmall, but the grand and petit jurors, and the people who desired to see the tion of the litigation which might newly appointed judge upon his first official visit to the county, formed a come before him, and also for their kindly and admirably expressed good wishes for his personal welfare. He fairly representative gathering of assured them that he should cherish

permitted demonstrate the same by his acts while presiding over the court. R. LeBert Tweedie, Q. C., on behalf of the Kings county bar extended their congratulations to Judge Gregory on ability as a pleader in the courts of the province was well known through-T. Robinson, E. J. Armstrong, Thos. Gilbiland, Andrew McCleary, John Whelan and H. A. McPhee. out the county, and it was a pleasure to all who had ever been associated with him, or who were familiar with his devotion to duty as a pleader at sheriff that the heavy roads had prethe bar, to felicitate him upon the seering that the heavy roads had prevented his catching the dewn train, but he would attend later, if necessary. He was excused by the judge, who left it with the sheriff to wire for public recognition of his eminent tal-ents by his appointment to the su-preme bench of the province. The ex-pressions of good will contained in the ddress of the grand inquest were

their good words, and as occasion

cordially endorsed by the Kings county bar. H. A. McKeown added a few words of greeting and of appreciation of the fact that his honor had risen to the position he now occupies by his persistent efforts at the bar. He felt that the best feeling which had previously existed would continue in their new relations. The high and exalted position as the arbiter of the destiny of his fellow men, which he had now obtained, was the highest and most dignified that could be conferred upon any man, and the legal fraternity of this and other countries recognized the honor conferred upon him as one due to exalted talents, joined with determined zeal in the cause of right and justice. He looked for a continuance of the cordial relations which has hitherto existed, and closed by endorsing the eulogy pronounced by the grand jurors in

their address. Geo. W. Fowler, M. P., followed for his colleagues of the Kings county bar, especially of the junior members, ex-pressing their high estimate of the honorable way in which he had conducted his practice, and reiterated the statement that the feeling expres-Roach, for maliciously setting fire to sed in the address of the grand jurors his barns and destroying his stock and property. The accused, who had been out of the country for two years, was entertained by every member of

His honor replied, acknowledging the deep feeling which these expressions of the bar had caused within his mind question of motive was not very clear, and heart. He had, indeed, labored in his profession with the hope and had a hostile feeling toward him, based on an alleged settlement of an expectation of receiving in the end this reward of his labors. He had estate, although how the motive could won what position he had by a close attention to the interests of those indictment, he could not understand. who had entrusted to him their inter-ests. In the future, as in the past, he However, it was for the jury to consider the whole matter. The accused stated that he had returned to pay a visit to his mother, who was acting would strive to do his duty and to convisit to his mother, who was acting serve the interests of right and jus-as housekeeper to a Mr. Garrett, at tice in the various questions that whose house the accused appeared on the morning after the fire, having, as to which he had been called.

Addressing the grand jury, his honor again thanked them for their kind words, and expressed the hope that he would meet them again in the discharge of his official duties as pleas antly as on the present occasion. He then discharged them from further

attendance. Hon. Mr. McKeown then stated that true bill had been found against Joseph White for entering and steal ing from the Pleasant Lake Fishing Club, and he moved that the accused

be called in court.

This was assented to by the judge and "Joseph White" was thrice called upon to come forward and answer the charge preferred against him by the grand inquest of Kings county. As there was no response the court di-rected that a bench warrant issue to bring him at any time before the

The petit jurors were then discharged from further attendance, and the court adjourned sine die.

SUSPENSION

Of the Ossekeag Stamping Co.

Hampton. At the annual meeting of the Osse keag Stamping Co., Ltd., at Hampton, Wednesday, it was decided not to re sume business, it being understood by the shareholders that certain banks claimed that the company was liable for a portion of the losses sustained by them through F. S. Whittaker's transactions with these institutions. Reference to Bradstreet's of Jany. 5th shows, under the head of writs issued in the province, one by the Bank of New Brunswick for \$5,000 against the Ossekeag Stamping Co. of Hamp-

The Ossekeag Stamping Co., Ltd., which was incorporated in 1889, is un-derstood to have done a good business since then, and on its trade merits had a promising future. Its output was large and was in demand all over the maritime provinces. Its business management was enterprising. Pos sibly it did not have enough capital to take advantage of the large field at its doors, but that might have been overcome had other things been equal. Locally it was a very important Kings Co. industry and employed some 6

Judge of the Supreme Court of New Brunswick:

Your Honor—We, the granft inquest of the county of Kings, degire to express to your honor, on the occasion of your first judicial visit to this county, our satisfaction at the circumstance of your honor's election to the dignified and honorable position of one of her Majesty's justices of the supreme cours of this province.

We recognize that for the due execution of the duties incident to such a position there are required, not only learning and experience, but it it also necessary that, in addition to these indispensable acquirements, the incumbent should be possessed of those high mental qualities of discrimination and fairness so necessary for the proper administration of justice; and your honor's lengthy career at the bar of this province, and of the dominion, has, we are confident, eminently qualified your honor to sit upon the bench, with full appreciation of all the requirements called for by the incumbency of such a position.

We venture to hope that your honor will be long spared to occupy a seat upon the supreme court bench, and we feel assured, that in the exercise of its judicial functions, A Hampton correspondent, writing last night to the Sun, said: "Very great regret was felt and expresse this afternoon when it became known that the Ossekeag Stamping Company, in their annual meeting this morning, had decided to close down the works and go into liquidation. It seems to be understood that this course has been rendered necessary by the action of the banks in sueing the company on what are commonly known as the F. S. Whittaker notes. A large portion of the station people are by enforced action thrown out of employment, and it is feared much suffering will ensue ere other profitable employment can be secured."

44 Advise

All women who suffer from chronic diseases to write to Dr. Pierce."

That advice is based upon practical experience. After suffering for months, and finding no benefit result from the treatment of the

local physician, Miss Belle Hedrick wrote to Dr. Pierce for advice. She acted on the advice, regained her appe-tite, recovered her strength, and gained several pounds in weight.
"Write to Doctor Pierce" is good advice for every

woman to follow. It costs nothing. Dr. Pierce invites sick women to consult him, by letter, free. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y.

In a little over thirty years, Dr. Pierce, assisted by his staff of nearly a score of physicians, has treated and cured over half a million women.

half a million women.

"I suffered from female weakness for five months." writes Miss Belle Hedrick of Nye, Putnam Co., W. Va. "I was treated by a good physician, but he never seemed to do me any good. I wrote to Dr. R. V. Pierce for advice, which I received, telling me to take his 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I took thirteen bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and eight of 'Golden Medical Discovery.' When I had used the medicine a month my health was much improved. It has continued to improve until now I can work at almost all kinds of housework. I had scarcely any appetite, but it is all right now. Have gained several pounds in weight. I advise all who suffer from chronic diseases to write to Dr. Pierce."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate

GROWTH OF ORANGE ORDER. Speeches by Hon. N. Clarke Wallace and E. F. Clarke, M. P.

The Orangemen of northwest Toronto banqueted Hon. N. Clarke Wallace and E. F. Clarke last week, in honor of their re-election to parlia-

Speaking of the order, Mr. Wallace said the century just closed was a great one for the Orange order. this country over 2,000 lodges had sprung up to propagate the principles of Orangeism; they extended from Newfoundland to British Columbia. From personal knowledge he could say that the organizations in the Pacifi province could show an example of progressiveness to their brothers in the east. The Orangeman is a loyal citizen-has to be, as loyalty is their main principle; no one can be an Orangeman unless he is a loyal citizen. They represent the best element in the country, and every member must feel gratified that, though at one time they were sneered at, both parties are now carrying out their preachings in the matter of loyalty. They were not standing still; they were aggressive in their loyalty. Many of their younger members had taken up arms in the defence of the empire in South Africa. Still, this was only what might have been expected of such an association. Mr. Wallace concluded his address by calling upon those present to be true to the principles of the order they be-

E. F. Clarke, M. P., was next called upon to address the gathering. He said he had been identified with the Orange association for over 30 years, and hoped to be connected with it until his death. When he joined the order there was only one district in Tor onto now there were five districts and 57 lodges. In order to show what a change has come over the public mind, he instanced the fact that in 1836 an address was unanimously moved by the house of assembly for Upper Can ada to Gov. Sir Edmund Head, ask ing whether the order was not violating the law in holding public proces-sions. They tried to put the order under a ban. However, in 1890, parliament almost unconsciously voted to incorporate the Orange association The order's object, said the speaker, is not to breed discord, but to obtain absolute rights for all creeds and classes Some of the members may not always have adhered to the rules of the order as strictly as they should in the past, but happily this is not the case now Formerly, the men joining the order were mainly people who had belonged to it in the old country, and had only to present their certificates here. Now, however, native born young men are joining by hundreds. We need not be ashamed, said Mr. Clarke, of belonging to the Orange order when we know that men in all the prominent walks of life and men closely identified with the government of the country are fel-

A pleasing feature of the evening was the presence of Tom Wallace, son of Hon. N. Clarke Wallace, a returned South African fighter.

AT BAYSWATER.

The snow lies about a foot deep, and the recent frost has made the log-perfectly safe for the winter traffic. A large number of teams cross it daily.

The young men of Bayswater have orened an excellent open air rink, and extend a cordial invitation to all their friends in city and country to come

and enjoy a spin.

A large number of the young people gathered on the rink New Year's eve and united in skating the old year out and the new one in. A very enjoy-able time was spent by all.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Gibbons held their annual New Year's party at their residence, Bayswater. The guests sat down to a sumptuous repast, after which most of the party repaired to the rink, where a few hours were spent in a very pleasant way.

WEALTH COVERS MANY SINS.

"Why, you wicked boy,! You were playing games with those naughty children on the Sabbath day! I must punish you severely." "But, mamma, those were the children of that man on the avenue that you said made a million dollars last month." "Oh, well, don't let it happen again."—Cieveland Plain Dealer.

Subscribe for Semi-Weekly Sun.

PORTLAND DRY

Spasmodic Attempt to Enforce Maine Liquor Law.

Stuff that Would Kill a Dog Quicker Than Prussic Acid-After the Street

(Portland, Me., Press, Jan. 5.) The liquor deputies put in a busy day yesterday. Deputy Plummer was out before daylight and at half-past six o'clock caught Daniel J. Desmond selling liquor in the shop of Martin O'Hare. Mr. Plummer had on an ulster and turned a cap down over ears so that he was not recognized. He went into the the saloon, where many men were getting their morning drinks, having passed the watcher without being recognized. Desmond had the liquor in his pocket and was standing outside the bar giving drinks to those who wanted them. The man was taken to the police station an later to the jail. He said he was selling on his own account and not for Martin O'Hare. His case will be heard this morning.

Mr. Plummer also made an early morning call at Aggus's place at the corner of Cotton and Fore streets. He wore the same clothes that had fooled the watcher at O'Hare's shop, and when he entered the room found an old man just lifting a glass of whiskey to his lips. Mr. Plummer seized the man by the wrist and took the whiskey away from him. All the old man said was, "Be gorras, the sheriff," and then he lost not time in leaving the premises. The barkeeper was standing near the stove and outside of the bar. Mr. Plummer knew him well enough, but as he had no proof that he was the barkeeper, let him alone. Later, Mr. Plummer paid this place another call and got a jigger load of

beer and whiskey, but made no arrests. During the forenoon the liquor deputies called at about every place in the city where liquor has been sold, out found that few of them were doing business. In one or two places they found some liquor, but could find none of the proprietors, and so made no arrests. The saloon men all said that they had gone out of the business for the present anyway. Late in the afternoon Mr. Plummer and Mr. Skillings dropped down on George W. Hunt's place on Commercial wharf. They had reasonable grounds for thinking that Mr. Hunt was selling liquor, and so started out to search the place. The search went along without result until Mr. Plummer came to the gasoline stove which stood in one corner of the room. The proprietor then got nervous and told the deputies to be careful how they fooled with this stove, as it might explode. Mr. Plummer investigated it carefully and pulled out three bottles of liquor which had been neatly stored away behind the tanks. Hunt was arrested.

Portland never was so dry before as it is today. "There will be a little more 'wetness' when the grand jury rises," said one rumseller to a Press reporter yesterday. The drug stores are not selling any liquor, not even to respectable and well known citizens. The hotels refuse their guests without regard to whom they may be. A walk around the city last night revealed the on Commercial and Fore streets where a man might buy a drink, but the chance of getting one was pretty slim and the stuff obtained very poor, so it was said. A gang of street laborers, paid off by a contractor yester-day, walked all around the "rum district" trying to buy beer or whiskey, but could get none, and were completely disgusted because they had to accept uno beer or hop beer.

A man who was in Boston on Wednesday was shown 78 packages of liquor to be sent to people in Portland. "It was the worst stuff a man ever drank," so this traveller told the Press last night. "It would kill a dog

quicker than prussic acid." In Portland two men are now engaged in manufacturing whiskey. They buy a sort of alcohol for 30 cents a gallon, and using some other stuff, make what they call whiskey. This they retail at \$1.25 a gallon, and it is old by pocket peddlers for 25 cents a

BOYS' WORKERS' CONFERENCE, Held at New Glasgow, Nova Scotia Jan. 1st, 2nd and 3rd.

The first session opened on Tuesday at 7 p. m. with an address of welcome by the general secretary, Mr. Stafford. The election of officers resulted as follows: President, H. A. Frowde, Sydney; secretary, W. Woodbury, Halifax; reporter, E. J. Quick, Halifax. After the introduction service the conference as a whole accepted an in-



Very truly yours,

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., ENOSBURG FALLS, VT.

RARARARARARARARARARARARARARARA

vitation to the New Year's entertain

ment. Meeting adjourned.

The Wednesday morning se opened with devotional exercises, fol-lowed by a discussion on Boys' Work Itself, by G. E. Williams of St. John, who took up the subject under the five following heads: 1, How boys' work should be organized; 2, Duties and qualifications of leader; 3, Age basis; 4, How to reach older boys; Outfit, etc.

Next came a discussion on Model Constitution Where No Association Exists, by H. R. Walker of Dart-

The next paper took up The Boys' Physical Side, and J. Wilson of Fre-dericton dealt with the subject in an ble manner, showing the advantages of physical development. G. G. Brayley of New Glasgow read

a very interesting paper on Boy's Mental Side, dealing with educational and literary topics. A large field of work lies open for the boy's mental P. F. Moriarty of Truro followed,

taking as his theme We Should Save the Future Man by Saving the Present Boy. H. J. Smith of St. John opened the

evening discussion with a very full and practical address on Boys' Bible Study, considering: 1, Best methods; 2, Best courses; 3, Qualifications of leader.

J. Wilson continued the subject, taking up Home Bible Study.

On Thursday morning David Donald of St. John led the discussion on Boye' Gospel Meetings, taking up: 1, Testimony meetings; 2, After meetings; 3, Introduction of specialties; 4, Boys as eaders; 5, Length of meeting and general suggestions.

On Thursday evening H. A. Kent of Truro opened the consideration of the Boys' Social Side. It was decided that more attention be given this depart

A. W. Robb of Charlottetown took up Boys' Camp. Many useful sugges tions were given, and the details handed over to the M. B. W. C. to deal with as seemed best. On Friday morning meetings of reporting and maritime boys' work committees were held, with which the cor ference closed.

SWELL WEDDING AT PITTSTON

The Groom Came From Amherst Nova Scotia-St. John People as Honored Guests.

Wilkesbarre, Scranton and Pittston, Pa.,

Wilkesbarre, Scranton and Pittston, Pa., papers just received contain accounts of the marriage of Dr. Charles McQueen Avard of Amherst, N. S., to Dr. Anna Law of Scranton, daughter of Mrs. Wm. Law of Pittston. The ceremony took place at the First Preebyterian church at Pittston on the evening of January 2nd.

The bridal party was made up as follows: The ushers, William Law Bowman, Andrew Mar Harkness, Walter Bryden, all of Pittston, and Andrew Bryden of Dunmore; then the bridesmaids, Misses Elizabeth Bowman of Pittston and Catherine Teeter of Dunmore, both nieces of the bride; the maid of honor, Miss Janet Law of West Pittston, who is also a niece of the bride; then the bride, leaning on the arm of her brother, J. B. Law. They were met at the pulpit by the broom and his best man, Dr. N. C. Heaton of Mauch Chunk, and the clergyman, who entered from the right door of the lecture room.

who entered from the right door of the lecture room.

The pulpit presented a magnificent scene, being banked with plants and large ferns, almost hiding the view of the organist.

The bride was attired in a costume of white crepe duchess trimmed with duchess lace, with bridal well, fastened with a jeweled algrette. She also wore a pearl and opabrooch, the gift of the groom. She carried a large bouquet of lilles of the valley. The bridespalds wore costumes of white mouselin de sole over pink taffeta, and they carried pink roses. The maid of honor was attised in white mouselin de sole and car-

lin de sois over pink taffets, and they carried pink roses. The maid of honor was attired in white mouselin de sois and carried a bouquet of white roses. The men wore boutonnieres.

A reception was held at the home of the bride's mother from 8 until il o'clock and many guests participated. The interior of the home was artistically decorated. The south parlor, where the bride and groom received the guests, was a bower of beauty. In one corner was a bank of plants and flowers. The window curtains were draped with maidenhair fern and smilax. The stair case from the main entrance was twined with ground pine and on the door cases also was ground pine, forming an arch extending to the floor. The reception and dining rooms were decorated, both the chandeliers and mantels with smilax, and about the room were large plants.

The bride comes from one of the most respected families of Pittston. She is a daughter of the late William Law, who at the time of his demise was superintendent of the Pennsylvania Coal Co. She is a graduate of the Women's Medical College of Philadelphia and is first vice president of the Lackawanna Medical Society, having built up a fine practice in Scranton. The groom Mr. and Mrs. Avard will spend their honey.

Sion.

Mr. and Mrs. Avard will spend their honeymoon in the principal eastern cities and will take up their residence at Scranton.

Among the guests present were P. S. MacNutt and Mrs. MacNutt, E. G. Scovil and Mrs. Scovil of St. John; W. F. and Mrs. Mrs. Dunkin of Amherst, N. S., and George McCleary of River Hebert, N. S.

WEDDING BELLS.

One of the happy events of the week was the wedding of Frank Watson to Miss Hattie Allen, which took place on Wednesday evening, January 2nd, at the home of the bride, Upper Gagetown. The pleasing ceremony which made the young couple man and wife was performed by Rev. Wilbert J. Gordon of Upper Jemség Baptist church. Mr. and Mrs. Watson re-ceived a number of useful and elegant wedding presents. Only immediate friends of the bride and groom were present. Mr. Watson and his bride have many friends in Upper Gagetown, who wish them well. After the wedidng those assembled sat down to a sumptuous supper, after which the bride and groom departed amid the cheers and best wishes of their friends to their home in Burton, where they will spend the remaining part of

MADE BLIND BY CIGARETIES.

Fred Norton, a youth of Unadilla, N Y., is believed to have permanently lost the sight of both eyes as a result of excessive smoking of cigarettes. Eminent specialists who examined the boy when he was suddenly stricken with blindness, and who have since watched his case closely, are firmly convinced that the cigarette habit is esponsible for his condition, and have no hope that his sight can be restored. Several of young Norton's companions, alarmed by his plight, have pledged themselves to abstain from cigarettes.

IN THE SANCTUM.

"What kind of poetry do you like best?"
And the man with bent shoulders and a
wery eye never looked up from his desk as
he answered:
"Typewritten."—Waskington Star.

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WANTED—Reliable Men in every locality throughout Canada to introduce our goods, tacking up show-sards on trees, fences, along roads, and all conspicuous places, also distributing small advertising matter. Commission or salary \$80.00 per month and expenses not to exceed \$2.50 per day. Steady employment to good, honest, reliable men. No experience needful. Write for full particulars. THE EMPIRE MEDICINE CO., London, Ont.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S

THE ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS, of Sept. 26, 1895, says:

"If I were asked which single medicine I should prefer to take abroad with me, as likely to be most generally useful, to the exclusion of all others, I should say CHLORODYNE, I never travel without it, and its general applicability to the relief of a large number of simple ailments forms its best recommendation."

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IS THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR

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The Peabody Medical Institute is a fixed fact in the medical phenomena of this country and its will remain so.—Boston Journal.

The Peabody Medical Institute has many imitators but no equals.—Baston Heruld.

About the section of the law being the section of t

In the matter of sheer, besotted, over-mastering drunkenness, we (Scotland) stand without rivals in shameful isolation.—Dun-dee Advertiser.

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SUN PRINTING COMPANY. ALFRED MARKHAM.

Manager.

THE SIMEWARK IN SUN

ST. JOHN, N. B., JANUARY 12, 1901.

MR. SIFTON'S INVESTIGATIONS. It appears that Mr. Sifton some time ago appointed his deputy and his crown timber agent to investigate and report upon the late guve transactions in connection with western town sites and land trusts. The government press now informs us that the report has been prepared and submitted to the minister of the interior. The minister, who delays his own departmental reports until about the end of the parliamentary session, did not even wait for parliament to meet in this case, but handed out the goods. reports of his employes to the press

of his party. He is, however, suffi-

ciently reserved to withhold the evi-

dence on which the report is based.

Those who know what were the relations between Mr. Sifton and Mr. Smart before the latter's appointment to office, and who have kept the run of transactions in the department since, will not place too much value on any report which the deputy min. But what have we now? Last year lic without the evidence. It would have been surprising if the commissioners had not found many wrongful acts committed by ex-Minister Daly, Mr. Davin, Mr. Scarth, Mr. Osler and any other opponent of Mr. Sifton whe might have had a part in the matters, were set to do, and it only remains to publish their story, without the evidence of course, and to pravide a fit-

ting reward for their services.

Mr. Siften is not too modest, or he would not rush into an unjudicial intions. Mr. Sifton has a record of his own in these matters. It is charged from the United States came in free, by his officers that Mr. Davin got an In 1900 the dutiable goods were valued ered from what appears to be an intentionally ambiguous statement of the commissioners, the security was not sufficient. Now it is known that Mr. Sifton was also a borrower from public trust funds on the security of western lands. The trust in his case was vested in the city council of Winnipeg. Mr. Sifton did not pay the debt or the interest. He remained a debtor while he was attorney general of Manitoba. When he became a dominion minister he had a compromise arranged, paying fifty cents on the dollar or thereabouts. The arrangement was worked through the council chiefly by the active assistance of two members of that body. These two did not remain long in the Winnipe council, but were appointed by Sifton to offices in the deprthe interior. We do not the from whether fully paid or no but presume that it would pay it know that Mr. Davin would pay it to be could, and that it he could not he would not live like a rich man. Mr. Davin is not keeping up a fift een thousand dollar a year establis' ament. He has not been able to pur chase a splendid mansion, and to d'Ave the finest team of horses to seen at the capital. These splenas are reserved for Mr. Sifton.

HOW THE TARLET AFFECTS TRADE

It is stated that the dominion trade returns for the fiscal year ending last June "are in the hands of the prin ter." They ought to be in the hands of the public before this time but the great bodies now at Ottawa move slowly in the matter of giving infor mation. For the present and for some time to come we must be content with the abstracts that are furnished to

The aggregate exports and import were known long ago through the monthly statements. These, however do not give the details as to the coun tries with which we traded or as to

The abstract now given out to the government organs shows that trade with the United States has increase during the last year by \$25,000,000 Great Britain is \$17,000,000.

There is a natural desire to know how far the so-called preferential system has had the effect of diverting our import trade from Britain to the pared with 1899 our purchases from Great Britain have increased \$7,729.000. The ministerial press mentions this

fact as a testimony to the efficiency of but from their point of view fortunthe preferential tariff. But we turn again to the return and find that our imports from the United States have increased \$16,000,000, or more than twice as much, in the same period. In 1896 Canada imported for con-

From the United States \$58,574,024 From Great Britain 32,979,282

Excess for the United States, \$25,594,282 This was the period of universal trade depression and of low prices, so that the values appear to be small. But the proportion as between countries had not greatly changed since four years before, when the values were much larger.

The excess of purchases from the United States was a cause of much criticism on the part of the gentlemen then in opposition. They said the national policy discriminated against the mother country. They promised to change all that. Now let us see what they have done.

In the fiscal year now reported, the imports for consumption were as follows

From the United States ... \$109,844,000 From Great Britain 44,789,000

Excess from United States \$ 65,065,000 That is to say, the present government found Canada importing \$25,594, 282 more from the United States than from Great Britain, and has increased the United States margin of advantage to \$65,055,000. At the same time the people of Britain have bought more largely than ever of Canadian

In 1896 we bought from Great Britain 52 cents worth of goods for every dollar's worth that Britain bought from us, while we bought from the United States \$1.65 worth for every dollar's worth the United States bought from us. Sir Richard Cartwright and Sir Louis Davies raged much about the disloyal tariff which produced this result.

ister and the minister give to the pub. we bought \$44,789,730 worth from Great Britain and sold to that country goods to the value of \$107,735,970. That is we bought 41 cents worth instead of 52 cents worth for every dollar's worth we sold to the mother country. At the same time we bought from the United States \$109,844,000, and sold that country only \$54,000,000. We paid that country \$2.03 for each dollar they paid us, instead of \$1.65-as in 1896. It was a cause of complaint that the

> late government admitted free more United States goods than British goods. The charge was true, but not so true as it would be if made now. In 1896 less than half the imports that Mr. Davin got an In 1900 the dutiable goods were valued of the grebec people is a natural one.
>
> the land trust by a at \$53,000,000 and the free good at Weetheless he is sorry that the elecdutlable goods from Biltain were worth \$33,103,000, and the free goods only \$13,186,000.

> > THE TROUBLE IN KINGS.

Friands of the local government in Kings county are penturbed over the selection of a candidate. Hor A. S. White deserted his seat and his county to try his fortunes in fanother constituency, and to seek a new sphere of inactivity. He was not wholly successful in that ventur, but succeeded in vacating his ow a seat, as that part of the perform nee did not require the endorser ent of any electorate. Mr. his is now or expects to become a svisor of laws, and in the meantime Whi*

tavors the choice of his partner as the representative of the constituency. About the time that this nomination was suggested the St. John Globe began to insist on the choice of a candidate of high character and standing, and to predict the defeat of the government in case this requirement should not be recognized. The Globe was understood to say that the liberals were sure to carry Kings at any time if the candidate was a good man. This seemed to be a pointed suggestion that something was the matter with Colonel Domville, whose striking defeat is still recent history in Kings. We may suppose that Attorney General Pugsley and ex-Attor ney General White have satisfied each other in regard to the proposed nomination, and that they have enough control over the nominating machine to make it grind out the name they want. After that is done the Globe should easily obtain from the attorney general a satisfactory guarantee of the business standing of the candidate. The critical moods of our even ing contemporary have not of late been so extreme or continuous as to

excite apprehension on the part of Mr. Blair's friend. We do not propose to enter into the question which the Globe has raised further than to say that in the last provincial election in Kings Mr. Sproul received a handsome vote in the parishes where he is best known and which he had opportunity to visit. He is undoubtedly a competent man and is the unanimous choice of a thoroughly representative convention. If the electors who have usually supported the government are not satisfied with the actions of the persons who have assumed the local management of the affairs of the party, they will make no mistake by voting for Mr. Sproul. Unfortunately, as we think

ately, the election of Mr. Spence would leave the government still overwhelmingly strong. It would not do the county any harm, but would greatly increase the zeal of the attorney gen eral in its service. The people not have forgotten the energy with which the government set to work exploring the Kennebeccasis to find es to build wharves when Mr. Sproul appeared as a candidate before. Should he this time push his candidature to a successful issue, the county of Kings would receive unlimited attention during the two years that re-

main of the legislative term. Moreover, the county of Kings, and the other four counties which have to elect representatives within a few weeks, have it in their power to do the province a great service by strengthening an opposition which is now too weak in numbers. If all of these counties should elect opposition candidates, and that can hardly be expect ed, Mr. Hazen would still have a quarter of the house on his side. This is not too large a proportion The necessary work of a useful opposition in a session which lasts only five or six weeks cannot be done by six or seven men, no matter how cap-The investigation of accounts and of business transactions, and the examnation of government measures, largely devolved on the opposition members, who have in addition to atend to private and routine legisla-tion and to perform the varied duties of a member of the house. Mr. Hazen and his comrades are doing and will do all they can, but it is the duty of the electors, who have now the oppor tunity, to give them some help,

SIR CHARLES HIBBERT AND MR TARTE.

Mr Tarte's Patrie appears to be needlessly excited over the recent letter of Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper to the electors of Pictou. Sir Charles Hibbert is accused by the Tarte journals in Montreal, Quebec and St. John of raising the race issue. On the contrary Sir Charles expresses regret that he race issue has been raised for political purposes by the other party. He tells the people of Pictou that Sir Wilfrid Laurier has been retained in power by he almost solid represents tion of Quebec province. This statement is apparently accurate, and it is confirmed by the boast of the govern after the election. Sir Charles Hibbert goes on to say that the election of an lmost unanimous representation from that province was not wholly due to any consensus of opinion on questions of public policy. Here the member for Pictou states a fact that no sane person will question. He adds that the people of Quebeo were asked to vote for the government on the ground that the administration was led by a French-Canadiau, and expresses the inion that the nationality of Sir Wilfrid was the principal cause of the remarkable victory of the premier in his own province.

There is not a word of bitterness in the language wherein this opinion is expressed. Sir Hibbert ad nits that the feeling which prompted the action of the because the necessary consequence of deciding a contest on race lines in one province must be the introduction of the same issue in other provinces. If such an issue were forced all over Canada the ultimate result would be

government by the majority race. Sir Charles Hibbert did not threater government by the majority race. He only mentioned that result as a logical uence of a course which he opposed, and which he hoped would no letter was against the race issue in politics, and in pursuance of the argument it showed that the results mu in the end be disastrous to those who now seemed to profit by the race or an

It has since been pointed out by Montreal paper that the lang dage nov used by Sir Hibbert Tup per is stantially the same as that of Sir Wilfrid Laurier a few years ago. Sir Wil frid then urged his countrymen not to allow themselves to be led as a solid body into one Political camp, explain ing that the consequence of such tion of the English against them. speaking time the conservatives had a majority of the Quebec vote, but it was a majority in favor of certain principles or eliefs, and was not the result of an appeal on a race issue. be no such appeal, for both parties had then English speaking leaders. Not was the Quebec vote at all a solid vot in the sense that it is now, or the main dependence of the party in power There was certainly no more groun for the remonstrance of Sir Wilfrid then than there is for the language used now by Sir Charles Hibbert, but no one grew excited over the warning Vhat Sir Wilfrid then said was so minently true and just that no one could object to it. If he were only as true and just now!

A YEAR AFTER.

Just a year ago last night a great neeting was held at the Mechanics' Institute in this city. The citizens me to take leave of the men of the second contingent, who departed at midnight for Halifax. Those who witnessed the demonstration in the hall, on the streets and at the station will not soon forget it. Most of the St. John boys who went away that day, or two days before, will be with their friends again tomorrow. Every word of confidence in their courage, endurance and patriotism that was speken from the Institute platform has been justified by the event. The second contingent, like the first, has had its share of fighting and leaves some of its' dead on the veldt. 'It' brings' back a record of dis tinguished service, both in regular warfare and in outpost and scouting duty. The citizens owe a hearty wel-

from this province as may come to ROSLYN CASTLE this city. It is a debt that the people are more than eager to pay.

INTERCOLONIAL CHANGES.

We are indebted to Le Soleil of Quebec, "Organe du Parti Liberale," for the intimation that important changes are impending in the Intercolonial management. Le Soleil says that it has learned from the Montreal and Ottawa journals-it does not give their names-that Mr. Schreiber is to "depart," and that he will be replaced as deputy by Mr. Pottinger, who in turn will be replaced by Mr. Price. The organ continues: "It will then be necessary to name a successor to "Mr. Price. Who shall it be? We have no hesitation in saying that it ought to be Mr. Dube, the local superintendent. Mr. Dube has proved himself a capable superintendent. 'He is sympathetic, popular, talks correctly both languages, and in giving him that promotion the govern ment while recognizing merit would be rendering justice to the French-"Canadian element, which has never tyet had one of its own in the higher ninistration of the railway. We hope that if the rumor of the cha be true the government will not fail to render justice to Mr. Dube and to 'the French-Canadians."

SHIPBUILDING.

Halifax is said to be a little slow But the council of that city is taking action toward the establishment of a shipbuilding plant. The people believe that such an industry will be provided somewhere in the eastern provinces. It is thought that wherever it is located it will be a great industry, employing thousands of men. A strong committee of the council and of the board of trade has been appointed to take up the question. The idea there is not to wait for the promoter to come to negotiate, but for the city itself to give some attention to promotion Why should not a strong committee of St. John business men, appointed by the board of trade, or by the coun ell, or both, take hold of this question and see whether there is any chance of interesting capitalists in shipbuildingent this place

BAD FOR THE WORKING PEOPLE. A few days ago the Coldbrook rolling mills were burned. This misfortune turned some seventy or eighty men out of employment. One hundred hands are thrown out of work by the closing down of the Ossekeag works at Hampton this week. The St. John offen mills, which are closed down today, employ when running at full blast some four hundred hands. The last mentioned industry is one of the most important in the maritime prov-Its pay roll furnishes a considerable share of the money which goes into local circulation, and the inconvenience occasioned by the suspension of operations will reach far beyond the families who lose their situations The comp ' y as well as the employer will have the best wishes of the com munity. It has met and overcome difficulties before, and we shall all be rejouced if this one proves to be no

m'ore than a temporary inconven The Religious Intelligencer says: Me /does not appear that the Cahadian go service in South Africa. Three weeks ontreal Witness suggested that it wa about time the government was moving the matter. That there are many men will ing and even eager to go there is no doul nundreds of applications have been made and the number increases every day. Probably the militia department will have recruiting stations opened after a while, to give volunteers a chance. But what is most needed is that the government offer a Canadian force. This "permitting" voluntee. instead of offering to send them, ot in accord with the patriotic spirit

Canada. Rev. Dr. McLeod, editor of the Religious Intelligencer, has a son in the second contingent.

Among those who spoke at the Institute meeting a year ago was Major Harold Borden. His words were few, as became a soldier, but one thing he said which was afterward remembered. He promised that he would ask no member of the force to go where he would not go himself. When he swam the river with a comrade, under the enemy's fire, he showed that his words were not idle. He showed it again when he fell in the most exposed post tion of the firing line, with some of the men about him who had been beside him on the Institute platforn

The Chatham Advance has again caught this journal of the fireside in the act of criticising the local government. The Sun pleads guilty, and ad mits that it also sometimes condemn the federal government. Here is one cas in which this journal can never apply the tu quoque argument to the Advance. The offence of criticising governments is one of which the Advance will never even be accused.

Now that distinguished citizens Buffalo have invited Kruger to pay a visit to the United States and appeal in person for the sympathy of that country, it seems to be in order for the neighboring city of Toronto to exduty. The citizens owe a hearty wel-come to the St. John members of the patriot Aguinaldo.

AT HALIFAX.

HALIFAX, N. S., Jan. 8.-The steamer Rosslyn Castle, with the second Canadian contingent, was made out off the harbor at 7 o'clock this evening, and came to anchor at quarantine a half hour later. She will remain there till the morning, the troops disembarking at 10 o'clock.

The Rosslyn Castle's arrival tonight was not an incident of unmingled joy as was the case on the arrival of the Idaho and Lake Champlain. Two of the brave men who had set sail on her from Cape Town, apparently in good health, died at sea, and twelve others are down with typhoid fever. Lt. F. H. C. Sutton of the Royal

Canadian Dragoons died on Sunday and his body was the first thing sen ashore from the transport tonight. Sergt. Trumpeter Inglis of Winnipeg died on New Year's day and was buried at sea.

The twelve men who are ill with fever, all of whom are doing well, are the following named: W. Q. Bragg 60, C. D., Toronto: McIntosh, 31, R C. D., Brockville, Ont.; G. M. Robinson, 368, R. C. D., Como, Quebec D'Easum, 79, C. M. R., Edmonton, N. W. T.; F. M. Whitlow, 259, R. C. D.; J. R. McCully, 424, R. C. D.; S. Burnett, 106, R. C. D., Toronto; G. G. Wilson, 329, G. M. R.; N. W. T.; J. Y. Duguid, 111, R. C. D., Toronto. The circumstances connected with

the breaking of the news of the death of Lt. Sutton to his wife were exceedingly sad. S. Cunard & Co., the agents of the Rosslyn Castle, despatched a tug boat to the steamer as she lay at quarantine. The tug's pas sengers were composed chiefly of la dies, wives of officers on board the transport. One of these, and the mos hopeful and happy of the group, was Mrs. Sutton. With her was Mrs. Col. White and Mrs. Ogilvie. The port physician's boat had been the first to go to the Rosslyn Castle. The doctor was taken aboard and he was in formed of the death of Lt. Sutton. He knew that Mrs. Sutton was soon to come to the transport on the agents boat. Lt. Sutton's body was all ready to be sent ashore, and Dr. Jones fear-ed the shock of the news of her hus-band's death on Mrs. Sutton should it transport before a hundred eyes. Accordingly he ordered the body to be at once transferred to the custom boat, and gave her captain strict or-ders to prevent the agents' boat with the ladies from proceeding to the tween the steamer and the city. "Turn back," shouted Captain Stewart of the beside the coffin of Lt. Sutton. Mrs Sutton and the others were utterly in ignorance of the reason for "Why?" asked Lt. C. C. Taylor, chief engineer of the dockyard, who assumed command of the movement of the tug with the ladies. "Dr. Jones orders the boat back to her wharf," was all the reply that payning, "They rushed us to the could be given unless ne was prepared front, he said, just in the way we to tell the shocking news. "How wanted. The Mounted Riffes joined. cruel," was ejaculated on every s'de, why cannot he tell us what is the

trouble." Little they suspected the awful reason for Capt. Stevart's reticence. "Go on to the ste mer's side," ordered Lieut. Taylor, utterly mystified by Stewart's lap guage, and the tug again headed for the transport and the ladies were relieved as they saw the big Aull of the Rosslyn Castle looming we Capt. Stewart, unable by his overs to stop the ladies' steam er, then put round and with a full overhauled her just as the transport's side was reached, and he made anoth er appeal to Lieut. Taylor to stop "Put the ladies on this boat," he begged. "Don't let them board the transport." By this time Lieut, Taylor feared that there was something terribly wrong and he ordered his boat to be placed alongside Capt Stewart's. He went aboard and there was a whispered consultation. Setwart told Taylor the sad news and showed him the coffin. Then two officers passed over from the one craft to the other. They were Major Forrester of Toronto and Rev. Father Sinnett of Quebec Major Forrester's wife was on board and he at once sought her out. There she and Father Sinnet told the tragic news to Mrs. Sutton. The good priest and Mrs. Forrester spoke as tenderly as they could, but the feelings of the stricken wife can hardly be imagined; she was overcome with

grief, and swooned. Lieut. Sutton, so Colonel Lessard told the Sun's correspondent, had followed up every march, been in every engagement, and had not lost a day in South Africa. When he went aboard the transport at Cape rown he was apparently in good health, but two days after the ho ward voyage began the symptoms of the fatal typhoid, accompanied by a complication of lung troubles, appear ed. It was in the last week of his illness that his case became really alarming, and he passed away on Sunday, Father Sinnett ministering to the dying officers' spiritual needs. Sergt mpeter Inglis had a shorter ill iess, the end to him coming with the dawn of the twentieth century. Except the twelve men ill with en teric, the health of 779 men, 7 nurse and 46 officers is excellent. The voyage from Cape Town was pleasan the only really stormy weather last Friday and Saturday, when a gal encountered. Lieut. Morrison says that the Ottawa men are right, and Col. Lessard says that the 0 odd men who will go on to Toronto

re in fine fettle. Maj. Hurdman handed to the pres representative the following interesting letter from Maj. Gen. Smyth Dorien, commanding the flying col umn, to the C. S. O. 4th Division, Middieberg, dated Belfast, Nov. 11: Sir-I have much pleasure in for warding attached statements on the ssioned officers of the Roys Canadian forces in the action of the 7th November, 1900, between Witkloof and Lilliefontein, on the Komati

River. I must, in bringing them forward emphasize the fact that the behavior of the whole Royal Canadian rear guard, under Lieut. Col. Lessard, was

so fine that it makes it most difficult to single any out for special distinc-tion. There is no doubt that men sacrificed themselves in the most gallant way to save the guns, which they added to what I knew myself, enabled me to bring forward five names for them I emphatically recomm the proud distinction of the Victoria Cross, and the fifth for some special

mark of Her Majesty's favor. Lt. H. C. Cockburn of the Royal Canadian Dragoons, with a nandful of men, at a most critical moment, held off the Boers to allow the guns to get away, but to do this had to sacrifice himself and his party, all of whom were killed, wounded or taken prison-

Lt. R. W. Turner later in the day, when the Boers again seriously threatened to capture the guns, although twice previously wounded, dismounted and deployed his men at close quarters and drove off the Boers, thus saving the guns.

No. 185, Pte. W. A. Knisloy of the Royal Canadian Dragoons, in a most gallant way carried out of action, under a heavy and close fire. No. 172. Corp. Percy R. Price of the Royal Canadian Dragoons, getting wounded himself in doing so.

No. 176, Sergt. E. Holland of the Royal Canadian Dragoons, did splendid work with his colt gun. He kept fire from his gun at close range, and then, when he saw the Boers were too near for him to escape with the carriage, as the horse was blown, he calmly lifted the gun off the carriage and galloped off with it under his arms.

Lieut. E. W. B. Morrison, Royal Canadian Artillery, for the skill and for the coolness with which he worked and finally saved his guns. I have the honor to be, sir, your obedient servant.

(Sgd), H. L. SMITH-DORIEN, Major General.

Sergt. Ralph Markham of St. John, who has an interesting record of the performances of the Canadian Mounted Rifles, furnished the following list of engagements in which the regiment participated, with the number of days' duration:

Judy 6-Rietfontein, 1 day, July 7-Oliphantsfontein, 1 day. July 8- Rietfontein, 3 days. July 12-Withpoort, 1 day. July 16-Withpoort (Dorstfontein), 1 day. July 23-Boschfontein, 1 day. July 27-Bankfontein; 1 day. Aug. 1-Buffels Spruit, 1 day. Aug. 3 -Doinkop, 1 day. Aug. 25-Belfast (Bergenodale), 3 days. October 1st Boschpoort, 1 day. October 5th-Westfreden, I day. Nov. 2—Witkloof. Nov. 6th—Vanweksbleip (Thiefonein.) Nov. 14-Witpoort.

no other who left Canada for South Africa was more popular. His soldiers seem to love hira T asked him. if he was glad to get back, and he replied that he was right glad to, back in Cana, and that all the men. in his command were equally pleased. He went out with the first cont and bad had his full share of cam-Hutton's brigade at Bloemfontein and we went'to Pretoria. We have been in every fight. Our last engageent was on Nov. 6th, in the country named Belfast

Col. Evans, like the others, was glad to be home. The campaigning had been hard and the voyage home pleasant. Major Hurdman of Ki who won fame for himself and men of C Battery in the relief of Mafeking, poke of the delight it had been to fight alongside of the other soldiers of Britain in South Africa. Baden-Powell was keenness itself in his desire to get the Canadians to join his force. Sergt. Ryan of Kentville, N. was one of those he mention who had stayed behind, naving received a commission, and was serving; with Baden-Powell's force.

Children Cry for CASTORIA

MARRIAGES

wallis-McNauGHTON.—At the rof the bride's mother, Jan. 2nd.
Rev. C. H. Manaton, James J. W. Yarmouth, N. S., to Harriette
Naughton of Moncton, N. B. ROWE-PAGE—At 155 Wright street, Rev. D. J. Fraser, B. D., Gordon B. Crov of Truro, N. S., to Effic F. Page, daught of the late Richard R. Page. of the late Richard R. Fage.

(OBINSON-HOLDEN—On Wednesday, Jan.

9th, at Trinity church, St. John, N. B., by
Rev. J. A. Richardson, rector, Philipse
Clinton Robinson, manager Bank of Nova
Scotia at Newcastle, N. B., to Louisa
Rainsford Holden, daughter of Chas,
Holden, M. D.

BOYD.—At Truro, N. S., Jan. 6th, J. Wesley Boyd, aged 69 years.

ONNELL.—At Woodstock, N. B., Jan. 7th. Mary E., wife of A. B. Connell, barrister. at-law, aged 46 years and 7 months. HICKS.—In this city, on Jan. 9th, Fred L., son of John and Catherine Hicks, in the twenty-first year of his age.

JAFFREY—At her brother's residence, Tuesday evening, Jan. 8th, entered into rest, Louisa H. Jaffrey, only sister of Rev. Wm. Jaffrey of St. Mary's, York Co., N. B.

McMaster, aged 63 years, leaving four children, three sons and one daughter, to mourn their sad loss. SMALL.—At Moncton, N. B., Jan. 9th David Small, third son of George and Mary Small, aged 23 years, leaving a widow and child.

winds—Suddenly, at Gagetown, county, N. B., on Jan. ist, Bertr. sell, youngest child of Albert T. ar M. Webb, aged three months. WHETSEL.—In this city, on Jan. 9th, 1901 Mary Elizabeth Whetsel, only daughter of Mrs. Robert Whetsel, aged 22 years —(Halifax and Boston papers please copy)

Take Lexative Bromo Quinine Tableta reggiste refund the money if it fall use. Mr. H. W. Grove's signature in

WANTED.

WANTED .- A young man of steady habits, for farm work, market gardening, tea driving mail, etc. Good wages, stead ployment and a good home. Apply to SCOTT, River Hebert, Cumberland Co.

CITY

Events Around St.

Together With Cour from Corresponde Exchange

When ordering the ad WEEKLY SUN to be co the NAME of the POS ch the paper is go hat of the office to emember! The Na

office must be sent in nsure prompt complia THE SUN PRINTIN weekly SUN, challer lation of all papers pu Maritime Provinces please make a note of

Wanted-a case of Kumfort Headache Po cure in ten minutes.

The death occurred of ing at her brother's re Louisa A., only sister Jaffrey, of St. Mary's, was seventy-three ye

Says the Shelburne, The people of this she satisfied with their st unless they have a weekly trips between Halifax, the service to the year one.

Sloop Meteor, Capt Grand Manan, while island Sunday night, p sow with some deals gs to W. M. Ma adrift from one of the Griffin, it is said, cla

E. R. Chapman has that his father, ill at suffering, not from sm bronchitis. So careful orities become was quarantined as aken ill, and before illness was ascertain

Mrs. Browne, moth rchant. dry goods merchant, died at the residence Tuesday morning, af a mative of this prov born at Gagetown, was a daughter of

A Mrs. McLean of said to have deserted several children ther city Thursday night the early train for the morning. The Unit

Says the Cala "It Bangor News: that when the Sho from St. Stephen to C. R. or B. and M. wi C. R. and the She through trains from I

will be run in the Fred Hicks, aged John Hicks of Exmo his father's home at day morning of hear ceased young man for over four month walk out as late as He had a large nu was liked by all. B he leaves two sister

brother.

WHEN IN DOUB To cure a COLD, To relieve NEURA To relieve RHEU To cure QUINSY, BRONCE To cure CROUP, To cure WHOOP USE BENTLEY'S

Nelson Ackerman died at Gaspereaux county, on Dec. 29 and fifteen children. obituary notice in tette, the eldest of years of age.

Childre

We can

wonderfully Lo

Ladies' U •• Comforta All Wool Shaker F

Gray Woo Flannelet G Underwe

Top Shirt Heavy Pa Jumpers, Overalls,

SHARP

for special distinc-bubt that men sacthe most gallant These statements myself, enabled five names for of the Victoria ty's favor.

n of the Royal with a nandful of ical moment, held w the guns to get is had to sacrifice ty, all of whom or taken prison-

later in the day, n seriously threate guns, although nded, dismounted nen at close quar-Boers, thus sav-

A. Knisloy of the agoons, in a most close fire. No. 172. e of the Royal

Holland of the agoons, did splen-olt gun. He kept o 21 pounders by close range, and ape with the carwas blown, he ith it under his

Morrison, Royal for the skill and his guns. to be, sir, your

AITH-DORIEN. Major General. kham of St. John. ing record of the Canadian Mountthe following list hich the regiment

in, 1 day. July 7uly 12-Withpoort, poort (Dorstfonkfonteln, 1 day uit, 1 day. Aug. 3 Aug. 25-Belfast tober 5th-West-2-Witkloof. Nov. (Tiliefonein.) Now.

officer than whom, Canada for South popular. His sol-hira. I asked him, & back, and he reright glad to, be. d that all the men. the first contingent full share of camt in the way we toria. We have. Our last engage-

the others, was glad campaigning had voyage home pleasman of Kingston. himself and men of relief of Mafeking, ht it had been to the other soldiers. s itself in his deanadians to join his an of Kentville, N. ehind, naving receivand was serving;

n Cry for ORIA

RIAGES

TON.—At the residence ther, Jan. 2nd, by the on, James J. Wallis of to Harriette L. Mc-cton, N. B. B. D., Gordon B. Effic F. Page, daughter

manager Bank of Nova tile, N. B., to Louisa , daughter of Chas;

I. S., Jan. 6th, J. Wesley

city, on Jan. 10th, David s years, leaving four s and one daughter, to

ANTED.

CITY NEWS.

Recent Events in and Around St. John,

Together With Country Items from Correspondents and Exchanges.

When ordering the address of your WEEKLY SUN to be changed, send the NAME of the POST OFFICE to which the paper is going as well as that of the office to which you wish

Remember! The NAME of the Post Office must be sent in all cases to ensure prompt compliance with your

THE SUN PRINTING COMPANY, issuing weekly 8,500 copies of THE WEEKLY SUN, challenges the circulation of all papers published in the Maritime Provinces Advertisers please make a note of this.

Wanted—a case of headache that Kumfort Headache Powders will not cure in ten minutes. Price 10 cents.

The death occurred on Tuesday evening at her brother's residence of Miss Louisa A., only sister of Rev. William Jaffrey, of St. Mary's, York Co. She was seventy-three years of age.

Says the Shelburne, N. S., Budget: The people of this shore will not be satisfied with their steamship service unless they have a steamer making weekly trips between St. John and Halifax, the service to be an all round

Sloop Meteor, Capt. Griffin, from Grand Manan, while off Partridge island Sunday night, picked up a large scow with some deals in it. The scow belongs to W. M. Mackay and broke adrift from one of the steamers. Capt. Griffin, it is said, claims \$50 for his Acadien.

E. R. Chapman has received word that his father, ill at Port Elgin, is suffering, not from smallpox, but from bronchitis. So careful have the authorities become that Mr. Chapt was quarantined as soon as he was taken ill, and before the nature of his illness was ascertained.

Mrs. Browne, mother of J. A. Browne, dry goods merchant, Houlton, Me., died at the residence of her son there Tuesday morning, after an illness of eight months. The deceased lady was a native of this province, having been born at Gagetown, Queens Co. She was a daughter of the late Elijah Eb-

city Thursday night and went out on the early train for the West yesterday morning. The United States immi-gration officers intercepted her at Vanceboro and deported her to this city, as she had no means.

Bangor News: "It is rumored here that when the Shore Line railway from St. Stephen to St. John is sold, which sale occurs this month, the M. C. R. or B. and M. will buy up the W. C. R. and the Shore Line and that through trains from Boston to Halifax will be run in the early spring."

Fred Hicks, aged 21 years, son of pious citizens who are always seen John Hicks of Exmouth street, died at wending their way to church twice his father's home at 8 a. m. Wednesday morning of heart failure. The de ceased young man had been ailing for over four months, but was able to walk out as late as New Year's day. He had a large number of friends, and was liked by all. Besides his parents he leaves two sisters and a younger

WHEN IN DOUBT HOW To cure a COLD, To relieve NEURALGIA. To relieve RHEUMATISM, To cure QUINSY, To cure BRONCHITIS, To cure CROUP, To cure WHOOPING COUGH, USE BENTLEY'S LINIMENT.

Nelson Ackerman, aged 100 years, died at Gaspereaux, Chipman, Queens county, on Dec. 29, leaving a widow and fifteen children. According to the obituary notice in the Gagetown Gaz-ette, the eldest of the children is 73

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

G. F. McLeod of Carleton, who went to South Africa with the second contingent, did not return on the Ross-lyn Castle, as was expected. Mr. Mc-Leod has enlisted for six months' additional service as a scout.

The Shore Line railway will be sold at public auction at St. Stephen on Monday, 28th inst. The St. Andrews Beacon says: "The probability is that it will be bid in by Russell Sage and those associated with him in its past management.

The Missoula correspondent of the Anaconda Standard of Jan. 4th says: W. F. Dunphy, father of Mrs. C. C. Sanders, arrived from California this week to visit his daughter for a short time. Mr. Dunphy is from New Brunswick, and has been spending several nonths in the Western States."

A special to last evening's Globe from Providence, Rhode Island, says: 'Edward M. Bannister, a native of St Andrews, N. B., a famous negro art ist, died suddenly of heart disease to-day. He ranked with the foremost American artists, his work being on exhibition in the leading galleries, and won prizes at the Philadelphia Centennial Exhibition. He was born of West Indan parentage.'

It is swharted that there will be an interesting discussion upon poultry raising at the meeting of the Farmers' and Dairymen's Association at Fredericton on the 23rd, 24th and 25th inst., illustrated by live birds in the fattening crates and with birds properly dressed and packed for the Eng-lish market. As the chickens that were sent over from New Brunswick last month realized 15 and 16 cents per lb., it is a question that will interest many of our people.

BISHOP ROGERS WILL RETIRE. His Lordship Bishop Rogers, of Chatham, makes the announce that as soon as the Holy See shall have accepted his resignation he will retire from the see of Chatham and give place to his coadjutor the Rt. Rev. Thos. F. Barry, D. D.-Moniteur

GOOD TEMES IN QUEENS CO.

The Sun talked with a couple of Queens county gentleman Wednesday one from each side of the river, and the burden of their story was the scarcity of men for the woods. "Everybody who wants to work and is able to work can get employment at tip-top wages," said one of the gentle-men, in the woods or along the takes and streams, as never in my experi-ence in recent years has there been as much doing as there is at present in getting out logs, cordwood, and soft wood, the latter chiefly for the Rockland market. The pulp mills have also enlarged the field of operations, but only as a promise of what will be done in that line a few years hence. said to have deserted a husband and mills with stock for 12 months in the city Thursday night and war. year. Our farmers are getting good prices for their produce, butter especially, and things look bright all round."

> A QUEER SUNDAY. (Chatham Commercial.)

century was a queer day in Chatham. All the churches were closed on ac-count of the smallpox scare, and not a bell, except the dinner bell, was rung during the day. The oldest inhabitants of Chatham do not remember Sunday passing without the church bells being rung. Some people won-dered if it really was Sunday. The every Sunday were noticed walking the streets with long, mournful faces. Many lady Sunday school teachers promenaded the streets, while their faces beamed with smiles suggestive of gladness for their "day off." Genof gladness for their "day on." Generally speaking, the day appeared to be a long and weary one. The bright sunshine and the sharp cool air induced many people to take a walk or a drive, but not one clergyman was noticed on the streets during the day. In the evening a large number of peo-ple sauntered around town, with nothing to draw their attention except the merry rasp of a buck saw that was vigorously pushed through some cord wood in the vicinity of Haymarket square. The day closed, we hope, by family prayers being said in a num-

THE LATE MRS. A. N. ARCHIBALD SACKVILLE, N. B., Jan. 10 .- The remains of the late Mrs. A. N. Archibald will be brought from New York today to Sackville, where a memorial service will be held Saturday at 9 a. m. in the Methodist church. The funeral will take place in Hahfax on Sunday and will be attended by Dr. Borden.

WINTER WINTER

We can supply your wants for the coming season at wonderfully Low Prices.

GENTLEMEN'S

Underwear (All Wool), 50e per garment and up.
Fleece Lined, .. 50e
Top Shirts, Strong and Heavy, 48e to \$1.20.
Heavy Pants, \$1 00 per pair and up.
Jumpers, 55c to 85e.
Overalls, 55e to 85e.

WOOL TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.

SHARP & MCMACKIN, 385 Main Street, St. John. North End.

A SOCIETY WEDDING. Philipse C. Robinson Marries Miss

Louise R. Holden, Yesterday

Miss Louise R. Holden, daughter of Dr. Charles Holden, the prominent physician, and Philipse C. Robinson, son of T. Barclay Robinson, were mar-ried in Trinity church at 3.30 o'clock Wednesday afternoon, by Rev. J. A. Richardson, in the presence of a num-ber of guests, limited to relatives and immediate friends, and a large congregation of acquaintances. church was yet adorned with its Christmas decorations, which added particular attractiveness to the pretty

The bride, who wore a cream satin gown, trimmed with chiffon, lace and orange blossoms and carried a bouquet, entered the church leaning on the arm of her father. Prof. Strand presided at the organ, and the choir rendered appropriate music. Miss Holden was attended by her sister, Miss Elsie Holden, who looked exceedingly pretty in cream serge, with chiffon, and wearing a Neapolitan hat. Little Misses Kathleen Holden and the bride's niece, Lenora Allen of Fredericton were flower girls, and were very prettily attired.

Mr. Robinson had the support of Charles Shaw. Guy Robinson, the groom's brother, Roger Smith, Charles Allen of Fredericton and Frank A. Kinnear acted as ushers.

After the marriage ceremony, Prof. Strand played a wedding march, and the bridal party and guests took coaches for the Holden home on Charlotte street, where a dainty wedding uncheon was served.

Later in the day Mr. and Mrs. Rob inson left for their new home in Newcastle, where the groom is prominently connected with the Bank of Nova

Needless to say, Mr. and Mrs. Robinson received a number of very beau-tiful and costly gifts.

CHAS. H. BUSTIN DEAD.

The death occurred Wednesday afternoon of Charles H. Bustin, one of St. John's oldest and best known citizens Deceased, who was 73 years of age, was most highly respected and had the good will of all who knew him. Mr. Bustin was a descendant of an old loyalist family, and leaves many re-latives, as well as hundreds of friends. Deceased for some time has been employed as inspector by the Slaughter House Commissioners, and had the good will and confidence of every members of the board.

In his younger days Mr. Bustin was er of the old volunteer fire brigade, being for a long time foreman of No. 2 company. For a long time he carried on business at Bustin's corner, corner of Princess and Charlotte streets. He was of a genial disposition and a great favorite with all who knew him. Deceased leaves a widow, but never had any children.

DEATH OF MISS WHETSEL.

The death occurred Wednesday after noon of Mary Elizabeth, only daughter of Mrs. Robert Whetsel. The deceased, who was an exceedingly clever young lady, has been ill for about a year, during which time, in company with her mother, she visited several American health resorts, but at her own request returned home some little

Miss Whetsel was 22 years of age, and a favorite with all who enjoyed the pleasure of her acquaintance.

DEATH OF R. T. BABBITT. A Prominent and Active Queens

County Man. Capt, Charles Babbitt left yesterday for Gagetown, having received news of the death of his only brother, Robert T. Babbitt, registrar of deeds, and one of the best known men in Queens county. Mr. Babbitt has been in fall-ing health for some time, but was able to be about, and the news of his death was a sad shock to his brother, and wil be heard of with regret by many friends all over this province. Mr. Babbitt was 69 years of age, having been born at Gagetown on Sept. 27, 1831, the son of Elkanah Babbitt and the grandson of an old loyalist. Mr. Babbitt spent his whole life, with the exception of nine years, in Gagetown. Those nine years he resided in Canning. When five years of age Mr. Babbitt lost his father. At twelve he was apprenticed to a harness maker, learned the trade and for twelve years carried on that business. Then he started in mercantile life and when the construction of the European and North American railway westward was begun he spent three years on it under E. R. Burpee. In 1866 Mr. Babbitt was elected a member of the local legislature, and in the following year ecame one of the active leaders in opposition. He was re-elected in 1870, and in 1871 resigned to accept the office of registrar of deeds, which he held until his death, giving every satisfac-tion. Mr. Babbitt has filled many other public offices, including that of school trustee, secretary-treasurer of the municipality, coroner, etc., and was ever ready to take upon himself the duties and burdens of citizenship. In politics he was an enthusiastic lib eral, ever working for the success of the party. Mr. Babbitt also took an active interest in the militia of the province, and had risen from the ranks to be a lieutenant colonel. He was twice married. His first wife was a daughter of Deacon John Currie of Canning, and they had five children.

His second wife, a Miss Bulyea, sister of Hon. George H. V. Bulyea, provincial secretary of the Northwest Territories, and six children survive. A. B. Wetmore of Fredericton, the well known agricultural implement dealer, and formerly of Apohaqui, was married in the parlor of Victoria hotel yesterday afternoon, to Miss White, also of Fredericton.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children.

Chert thather "

A TERRIBLE BLOW.

To the Industrial Life of St. John City.

The hundreds of men and women who have been employed in the Parks cotton factories will not go to work today. St. John's largest industry will be closed, though it is hoped that it will only be a suspension of activ

The complaint is one with which many Sun readers are familiar-want of money.

When a representative of the Sur called upon John H. Parks last even-ing Mr. Parks said that he thought is would not be wise for him to make a statement of the circumstances. Negotiations were going on, which might result in the resumption of business He was sorry to say that it was thought necessary in the meantime to suspend operations.

From other sources it was learned

that the immediate cause of the trouble was the unwillingness of the Bank of New Brunswick to make such additional advances as were required in the operation of the factories. At the same time Simeon Jones and the Turnbull estate, who are creditors to the extent of \$134,000, are asking for a reduction of that lia-

It will be remembered that some years ago the claims of another bank were strongly pressed, and that the late Judge Palmer as head of the equity court assumed the manage ment of the properties. With Mr. Parks in charge of the works and himself in financial control the factories had a successful season, and in due time the judge gave up the trust, extinguished. At this time the other debts were consolidated and \$190,000 was obtained from Mr. Turnbull and Mr. Jones to pay the claims and pro-

vide working capital. Mr. Parks refused the seductive offers of the cotton combine to purchase the property, and persisted in operating it as an independent conthat in a short time he is said to have reduced the Turnbull and Jones loan in operation steadily, and its compe-tition with the combination has no doubt been beneficial to the consum-

But the margin of profit has always vance in the price of raw cotton has been a serious embarrassment. Com-panies with unlimited resources were in a position to take advantage of the market by buying large stocks before the rise. It would have been greatly to the advantage of the banks and still more to the advantage of the company had the banks been willing to provide funds to purchase on a rising market. The company would probably have saved \$25,000 to \$50,000 within the last few months if it had been in funds to buy at the proper moment. As it is, the factory Las to compete with industries which have

millions at call.

Owing to these and perhaps other reasons the Parks factories have closed down. It is not however, to own. It is not, however, to be supposed that these expensive and well equipped establish main idle. Whether the company will be able to arrange for the resumption cern or whether the industries will follow, the prevailing tendency and be-come a part of the combine remains

Mr. Parks has made a splendid fight for independence, and will have the best wishes of the community in the present situation.

DIED IN THE WEST.

John McKay, of New Brunswick, died at 6.20 tonight at the private hospital of Mrs. Merrick, of pneumonia, after an illness of only two days, says the Anaconda Standard of Jan. 2nd. The news of his death will be a painful shock to the many people who were his friends. He was a generous, whole-souled fellow and was very popular among his associates. He was born in New Brunswick and was about 32 years of age. He came to Missoula 14 years ago and learned the tailor's trade in this city. Of late years he had conducted a tailor shop of his own. His only relative in this state, as far as known, is a married sister, who lives at Helena. She will be here tomorrow, and no funeral arrange ments will be made until her arrival.

A NEW STEAMER.

Potter Bros. of Canning Building Vessel for the St. John-Minas

Basin Route. J. H. Potter, or the firm of Potter Bros of Canning, is in town making arrangements for the purchase of the machinery for the new steamer which his firm and the other owners of the Beaver propose to put on the route between St. John and Basin of Minas ports. The timber for the hull is being got on the and the steamer will be built got out and the steamer will be built at Canning. Her dimensions will be Keel, 96 feet; length over all, 105 feet beam, 23 feet; depth, 8 feet. It is expected the steamer will be able to steam between 10 and 12 knots. She will have accommodation for 24 first class passengers, and will be able to carry about 1,200 barrels of cargo. The steamer will probably be launched early in July, but at the latest she will go on the route about the first of August. The Messrs. Potter have not made, nor do they intend to make, any demand upon St. John merchants for assistance, but if any of them see fit to invest in the venture their aid will be much appreciated. The boat will be built and put on the route even if St. John men fail to help the concern out blan

MT. ALLISON.

SACKVILLE, N. B., Jan. 5.-The Mt. Allison Colleges open as usual this week, classes being resumed Mon-day. In the Ladies' College extra accommodations have been provided during the holidays for the large number of students expected. The plans for the new stone wing contemplated will be laid before the board of regents



DR SPROULE ON THE KIDNEYS.

For over three years I have been trying to me, and that is the way my business in to explain to the people of Canada the the United States is year by year increasing. I am also spared the expense of adsettle in any part of the body which is lined by mucous membrane.

nature of CATARRH; how it is liable to settle in any part of the body which is lined by mucous membrane.

I have in previous advertisements shown how persons often suppose they are suffering from Dyspepsia or Indigestion or some other Stomach Trouble, and take doctors' treatment for such, also patent medicines, without any permanent benefit, because their aliment was Catarrh of the Stomach, and when rightly treated for this, the cure is quick and permanent.

It has also been my endeavor to point out the Great Cause of Chronic Constipation. Many, many persons have for years been dosing themselves with all sorts of laxative medicines, purgatives, etc.; also using physicians' prescriptions with no permanent result, because they were not treating for the real trouble. 90 per cent of Chronic Constipation is caused by Catarrh of the Liver, which clogs up the small tubes and thus prevents the flow of bile—Nature's Purgative—result Constipation—Remove the catarrhal Cause which allows the bile to flow once more freely, then the regular easy motions come quite natural. The above is the secret of my great success in removing Chronic Constipation.

Many, many are the people all over of the back ? Are there pains in the region of the loins and groins ?

my great success in removing Chronic Constipation.

Many, many are the people all over Canada. I have cured of the above complaints, after they had become discouraged by the continuous and repeated failures they had made for years in trying to get cured. How pleased they are now—they write me how lucky it was that my advertisements induced them to correspond with me, and how grateful they show themselves by recommending other members of their family and friends wanting to get cured.

I have now from one end of Canada to the other in nearly every town—former patients, now firm friends—who out of gratitude for their cures, whenever they know or hear of anybody sick with Chronic Catarrhal trouble, advise them to brite me. At present this is the way three-fourths of my Canadian business of my cured patients. The other fourth I get through advertising.

easonably.

Maybe my reader, this advertisement will interest you, and perhaps shortly after you will bless the day you consulted me.
Next week I shall explain more fully and technically, Catarrh of the Kidneys. The following I find to be among the commenest symptoms of Catarrh of the Kidneys:

Is there weakness or pain in the sma

Is the urine too high colored?

Does it deposit a sediment? Is it sometimes white or milky? Is there a frequent desire, to urinate? Does your urine sometimes burn in pass

Are your spirits depressed ? Is there pressure in the region. Is there difficulty in passing urine?

Do the feet or hands swell? Are they cold and clammy

Are the eyes puffed?
's your eye-sight troubling you?
Are you feverish?
Do your lids feel heavy?
If you are troubled with some of the If you are troubled with some or the above symptoms, mark-them on the piece of paper, cut it out and mail to me, also write any other information you may wish to give me about your case; as soon as I receive your letter I will study it over carefully. This is no trouble to me. I will then make a diagnosis, giving my opinion of your case, and if it be suitable for my tracting and will fell any just how much

from personal recommendation. Most people when I cure them, recommend others, some induce a member of their family; others, several friends to write the Great Hereafter.

Dr. SPROULE B 4... [Gradua's Dublin University, Iroland, formerly Surgeon Sritish Royal-Rayal Service] ENGLISH SPECIALIST in CATARRH and RERYOUS DISEASES. 7 to 13 DOANE STREET, BOSTON. ************************************

ISLAND ELECTION PROTESTS.

CHARLOTTETOWN, Jan. 10.-The sueme court today set down for trial the East Queens petition before Judges Hodge-son and Fitzgerald at Charlottetown for Monday, January 28. The cross petition of McKinnon against Martin was set down for the same day. The application to have the trials set down was vigorously opposed by McKinnon's counsel, but the court granted the application, alleging that that the case could be concluded before the house met, and that the law was that all election trials should take place promptly. In East Prince e petition against Lefurgey's application for trial was to have been made today, but when the motion was reached Haszard, Q. C., law partner of Sir Louis Davies and counsel for the petitioner, withdrew the motion. In West Prince preliminary objections have been presented, and it is said that they will prevail, and if so the petition will be dismissed. There are also preliminary objections in West Queens and Kings. Neither trial can take place before the house meets, and may never come off, as the liberals are desirous of dropping other petitions against conservatives if the one against Davies is also dropped. and that the law was that all election trials

smallpox embargo on public assemblages is to be removed by Sunday, if no cases appear—as, they have not done, so far—in Chatham, Newcastle, Nelson, Douglastown or Millerton.

ROBERTS & CO, Patent Solicitors

People's Bank Building, Mentreal.

12 years' Examiner in U. S. Patent Office.

NO PATENI—NO PAT. Write for Red Soak. Says the Chatham Advance: "The

ACCIDENTAL DEATH.

WATERVILLE, Kings Co., N. S., Jan. 10.—Ainsie Johnson of Black Rock Mountain, before retiring to bed Monday took a pot of live coals to his room for the purpose of heating it. The carbonic acid gas generated by the coals rendered him unconscious. Medical aid was summoned, but was of no avail, and he died.

The St. George granite works will reopen in a few days, owing to the pressure of orders.

ROBERTS & CO. Patent

COLONIAL HOUSE.

GREAT ANNUAL CLEARING SALE.

BIG DISCOUNTS ON MANTLES.

During the month of January we offer the stock in this department a the following discounts:-| Ladies | Golf Capes | 33\frac{1}{2} |
Ladies	Ulsters	33\frac{1}{2}
Ladies	Velvet Capes	33\frac{1}{2}
Children's Reefers and Long Cloaks	33\frac{1}{2}	
Ladies	and Misses Cloth Suits	20 to 50
Ladies	Dress Skirts	20 to 50
Ladies	Flauellette Wrappers	20
Ladies	Cashmere Wrappers	20
Ladies	Fiderdown Dressing Jackets	20
Ladies	Flannel Dressing Jackets	20
Ladies	Flannel Dressing Jackets	20
Cone Line Heptonettes	20	
Rubber Waterproofs	75	
and 56 extra for cash	75	
Cashmere Waterproofs and 5c. extra for cash.		

MAIL ORDERS RECEIVE CAREFUL ATTENTION.

HENRY MORGAN & CO., - - Montreal.

PROVINCIAL NEWS

ST. ANDREWS, Jan. 5.—Last Thurs day afternoon in All Saints' church the venerable rector, Camon Ketobur united in the holy bond of matrimon Miss Alice G. Parker, M. D., and Wi Hiam Jarvis Palmer, stock broker, of Toronto, formerly of Chariottebown, P. E. I. The bride was gowned in white satin, and carried in her hand white satin, and carried in her hand an elegant bunch of white roses. The bridesmalds, the Misses Beatrice and Marguerite Parker, sisters of the bride, wore becoming gowns ruffled at the neck and carried in their hands bunches of pink roses. The groom with his best man, F. C. Walker of Deer Park, Ont., formerly of St. John, joined the bride in the chancel, when the marriage ritual was read by the ctor. The bride was given away by her father, Dr. Parker. A very large congregation was present to witness the ceremony, and as the newly married couple walked down the main aisle to the sleighs in waiting outside the church door it was freely remark-ed that that a handsome or more stately bride or finer looking bridegroom had ever passed out of its sacred portals. The wedding party were driven to the residence of Dr Parker, where luncheon was partaken of, and amidst adieus and best wishes the newly made man and wife took their departure and were driven to Calais, Me. From thence next morn-ing they proceeded on their wedding tour for Boston and other American The bride was made the recipient of many valuable and elegant presents from friends in different parts of the dominion as well as from Great Britain. Samuel Worrell, teacher, of Fair-

ville, and Mrs. Warrell, who spent the Christmas holidays with Mr. W.'s parents here, returned to Fairville by C. P. R. on Thursday last. J. Charlton Berrie, who was awarded a dip-Ioma in the commercial department of Sackville academy at the end of last term, after spending the holidays with his parents here, returned to enter the college for the purpose of taking a B. A. course. Miss Helen W. ell, a graduate of Charlotte Co. nmar school, has gone to Sackville academy to take instruction in music, typewriting and shorthand. J. A. Allan, principal of the Charlotte Co. grammar school, has returned from vacation. J. C. Maxwell, late principal of the intermediate depart-ment of the public schools here, in-

ends to enter Princeton college. The Rev. J. C. and Mrs. Berrie were remembered by the young ladies of the Methodist congregation at Christmas, who presented the former with a pair of fur lined gloves and the latter with a fine glass fruit dish.

John S. Magee, dominion express agent, by an accidental fall in his office on Friday sprained his left wrist. He is, however, able to attend to duty

SHEFFIELD, Sunbury Co., Jan. 7. The Sheffield branch of the British nd Foreign Bible Society held its nnual meeting in the Temper hall of that place on the evening of the 3rd inst. The secretary reported the sum of \$125, a small amount in advance of last year, on hand. A resolution was unanimously passed to forward the amount, less expenses, to the auxiliary of the parent society.

the Rev. A. C. Bell of the Methodis Sheffield circuit, president, in the chair. The Rev. Mr. Harvey, pastor of the Congregational church, delivered an able and instructive speech, and Rev. Mr. Turner, the silvertongued orator of Gibson, York Co., held the audience spellbound for over three-quarters of an hour. Mrs. Harvey sang a beautiful solo, that was

nighly appreciated.

The thanks of the meeting were tendered to the lady collectors for their indefatigable labors and success in collecting for the society. The meeting was dismissed by singing the

The Rev. A. C. Bell has been oblige to dispense with part of his regular appointments on account of lung trouble.

MAUGERVILLE, Jan. 7.—C. B. Harrison, ex-M. P. P., and his daughter, Miss Mary, have removed to "Oak Hall" again, and will stay the winter

with Mrs. A. R. Miles. Miss Mabel Brown has returned to her school in Prince William, York Co. Bruce Miles has returned to his dental studies in Boston. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Slipp of Jacksonville are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Per-ley. Miss Bertha Hoar of Albert Co. has taken charge of School No. 2.

A concert was given by the young folk of Gibson in the Methodist shurch at the "County Line" on Friday night. A snug sum was realized

day night. A snug sum was realized for church purposes.

R. A. McFadgen and A. R. Miles have gone to the woods on their respective beats. Miss Susie Dykeman of Jemseg is visiting friends here.

Under the system of weekly efferings in connection with the salary of the pastor of the Baptist church an additional \$100 has been raised, with much satisfaction to all concerned.

At the late meeting of the County Council \$30 was parsimonlously voted for the purpose of assisting in giving our returned and returning South African heroes a well merited recognition of their bravery and distinction nition of their bravery and distinction

gram received here yesterday, conveyed the sad intelligence of the death at New York of Mrs. Bessie Kinney, wife of Capt. A. H. Kinney, and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Starratt of this of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Starfatt of this place. Mrs. Kinney had been an in-valid for some years, but had continu-ed as well as usual, and her sudden death came as a great shock to her relatives here. The deceased was a ledy of most estimable character, pa-tient, kindly and true, and was be-loved by all. She had been living for the past few years in New York, where her husband was in business, but spent the summers mostly with her parents here. Besides her husband and parents, three brothers survive. Spurgeon, Jackson and Samuel B. Starratt, all residents of New

York. The funeral will take place

and Progress of the 19th Century. G. M. Peck occupied the chair. The discourse contained much information regarding the achievements of the greatest of centuries, and was listen-ed to with much interest . Choruses were furnished by the choir and a

were furnished by the choir and a violin solo was given by H. R. Allen. Supper was served in the vestry Mr. Allingham of Gagetown has been engaged to teach the Lower Cape school, formerly taught by Miss Palmer. H. H. Stuart has arrived to begin his duties as principal of the Hill Superior school. A. B. Bray of Hopewell Cape has returned to St. John to resume his studies at the Currie Business College. Miss Mina Read, who has been spending the holidays at the Cape, left yesterday for Truro, where Cape, left yesterday for Truro, where

Seymour Wright, son of Sec.-treas W. O. Wright, returned yesterday from Montreal, where he has been undergoing treatment for his eyes.

The preliminary examination at Squire Leahy's court, of Ward Beechin of Riverside, on a charge of abduc-tion, was finished last night and resulted in the accused being sent up for trial.

HOPEWELL HILL, Jan. 7.-Mrs. Bennett, widow of the late Squire John Bennett, died at her home at Caledonia, on Thursday. She about 80 years of age, and was held in high esteem by all. She leaves three sons and two daughters, Jamsey, of Amherst; Chesley, of Caledonia; Avery, of St. John; Mrs. John W. Gaskin of Coverdale and a married daughter living in Massachusetts.

Miss Mary E. Bray, who has been supplying on the Moneton teaching staff, has received a permanent appointment, and left this morning to egin her duties. This little village possesses eight young lady school

ma'ams, in active service. The funeral of the late grand son of Mrs. Mahar, took place this afternoon, interment being in the new cemetery at this place. Rev. F. D. Davidson

conducted the services.

Last Thursday evening a very lar gely attended Baptist social was held at the residence of Allen Robinson, when some \$7 was realized.

SALMON CREEK, Queens Co., Jan. 7.—A quiet wedding took place at the home of Nathaniel Ferris on the evening of the 2nd, when his daughter was united in marriage to Harch McLean of Cambridge. ceremony was performed by Rev. D. Clark. The bride, who was a very estimable young lady, is followed to her new home by the best wishes of

Miss Almira Loyd took place recently at the residence of George Burridge, Worcester, Mass. The groom was supported by H. Grant, and the bride by her sister. The bride was given away by Mr. Burragh. Both ladies wore white. The ceremony was per-formed by Rev. C. E. Mallony. After supper, the happy couple took the 9 o'clock train to Boston en route for

James King of British Columbia is visiting his brother, Senator King of Chipman. H. W. Porter is spending a

GASPEREAUX STATION, Jan. 7 .-N. Foster Thorne, who has been visit-ing friends here, has returned to Woodstock to resume his duties as of the evening were teacher in the Grammar school.

George Kirkpatrick of this place is lumbering quite extensively near "Three Bridge Brook," cutting spruce and pine logs and a large quantity of cordwood and knees. Maurice S. Kirkpatrick will take

charge of the school here this term. Duncan P. Kirkpatrick, who has been the guest of his father, George Kirkpatrick, will return today to resume his duties as principal of the Sussex Corner school.

ANDOVER, Jan. 7.-Adolphus B. Pickett, who has been travelling in the interests of the James Aiton Publishing Company, has been sent to Montreal to take charge of the company's office in that city. This company publishes trade magazines of Canada, and the position Mr. Pickett holds is an important one. Before going to Montreal he spent a day with his mother and brothers of this place.
Guy Porter, son of James E. Porter,
M. P. P., has gone to Sackville to attend the Commercial College in con-nection with the Mount Allison institutions. Miss Sadie Tibbits, daughter of C. M. Tibbits, has gone to Pittsfield, Mass., as a student in the training school for nurses. Miss Lena Baird left today for the Royal Victoria Seminary in Montreal; Harold Perley and Roy Murphy for the U. N. B.; Charles Hopkins for McGill Medical College, and Harry Hopkins for Mc-Gill Commercial College. On Thursday Miss May Green and Hurbert Baird leave for the Acadia institu-

The new grist mill owned by James E. Porter, M. P. P., is doing good

work.
F. C. Hare, poultry specialist, last week visited the chicken fattening station here. The chickens are to be killed next week and shipped to England via St. John.

against M. A. Oulton, teacher in the Superior school at Gibson. The charge stated that he, an examiner in the High school entrance examina-tions, had been guilty of making known the contents of the examination papers to his own pupils. Many witnesses were examined under oath, and the affair thoroughly sifted to the botton. The finding of the board is that Mr. Oulton is not guilty and is entirely exonerated from the charge. Dr. Inches speaks in the highest terms of Mr. Oulton as a teacher.

The case of Northrup v. Edgecombe It is understood that Messrs. Barker and Gibson, who were charged with assaulting H. M. Blair in the Marysville rink, on Saturday evening last, have settled the case out of court by have settled the case out of court by

paying Blair \$150. SACKVILLE, N. B., Jan. 9.-A tele gram was received today that Mrs. Archibald, the fady principal of the Ladies' College, died this morning at here on Tuesday.

Rev. F. D. Davidson lectured in the Baptist church here last night to a good sized audience, on Development their trip to New York, just before

the New Year. Soon after arriving, Mrs. Archibald was attacked with lagrippe, which developed into pneumonia. For some days her condition had caused anxiety, but it was hoped that with skilful nursing and physicians the disease might be checked.

The deceased was a sister of John Mellish of Charlottetown, P. E. I., and of Humphrey Mellish, barrister, of Halifax, and had many relations and friends in the three provinces. Her death is a great loss to the Ladles' College and will be heard with sorrow by hundreds of her old pupils.

MONCTON, Nov. 9.-David Small, married man, 23 years of age, employed in the Record foundry works, died very suddenly about 2 o'clock this morning of heart failure. Deceased had been in poor health for some time and of late had not been working, but retired last night he was about as usual and appeared quite cheerful. At 2 this morning his wife heard her husband gasping, and on investigation found that he was in a dying condition. He expired almost imme ly. His friends had been warned some time ago that he was liable to die very suddenly. Deceased was a

member of Kelly Loyal Orange Lodge. The body of the late Woodbury Wells, M. P. P., who died at St. Agathe des Montes on Saturday last, passed through here this morning to Port Elgin, where interment took

SUSSEX, Jan. 9.—At a meeting on the 8th inst. the Sussex and Stud-holm Agricultural Society decided to hold its annual exhibition in Sussex next year. The government has promised a grant of \$1,000.

At the regular meeting of Zion lodge, F. and A. M., held on Monday evening last, the following officers were installed by P. M. George Coggon: Ora P. King, W. M.; Dr. Hall Fairwea-ther, S. W.; J. J. Daly, J. W.; Rev. S. Neales, chaplain; E. Fairweather, treasurer; M. Huestis, secretary; Geo. Coggon, Sr. D.; Harvey Mitchell, Jr. D.; Geo. M. Suffern, Sr. S.; H. E.

killed next week and shipped to England via St. John.

FREDERICTON, N. B., Jan. 9.—
Some time ago a serious charge was laid before the board of education against M. A. Oulton, teacher in the Superior school at Gibson. The

where your kindly face was always welcome.

Many, if not all of us, will think of your great kindness during times of trial and sorrow wherein you have proved yourself a good and true friend.

It is our earnest wish that peace and happiness may attend you, your kind husband and children in your new home, where it has pleased God to place you.

(Signed) LAURA KELLIER.

(Signed) LAURA KELLIER.

Let every eye negotiate for itself, and trust no agent.—Shakespeare.

P. E. ISLAND.

Raising and Fattening Poultry for the British Market.

Winter Communications With the Outside Werld-Military Concert by Returned South African Boys-General News.

CHARLOTTETOWN, Jan. 6. - Gunner Aenaes McLean, son of Alex. McLean, Lakeville. Kings Co., arrived home on Saturday from South Africa. He was a member o Company H, of the first Canadian contingent, and had enlisted at Quebec with Sergeants Hessian and Morrison. He was through the whole campaign and looks well after his experience. On the 16th he returns to Quebec. On New Year's day, Sergt. Jas. Morrison, referred to above, arrived at his home in Georgetown. That night a public reception was given in his honor in the town hall, which was filled to the doors. Speeches etc., made up the programme.

The steamer James W., loaded by Collar Robin & Co. of Gaspe, with a cargo of fish for Brazil, was driven ashore at Port Hood a few weeks ago. The owner, Geo. Wightman of Montague, went on to Port Hood and under his directions the schooner was gotten off by the aid of a tug from Sydney. She was taken to Hawkesbury and though apparently uninjured, will be put on the

and will be reshipped in the spring.

The stmr. Elliot sailed from Georgetown on the 28th ult. for St. John's, Nfid., with 16,000 bushels oats, shipped by Carvell Bros. George Lockhart, manager of the condensed milk factory, left on the 28th ult., accom panied by his wife and child for New York in response to a despatch announcing the serious iliness of Mrs. Lockhart's mother, Last week Private F. B. McRae, a member of the Prince Edward Island South African contingent, delivered a three hours' lecture to a crowded house at Pownal, his native

P. King. W. M.; Dr. Hall Pairwach
for, S. W.; J. Dai, J. W.; Rev. B.
Creaturer; M. Stueden, secretary; Geo.
Oggeon, Sr. D.; Harvey Mitchell, Jr.
D.; Geo. M. Surfern, Sr. S.; H. E.
C. Harold Brown's recellar will libe
hald in the Baptist church on January
Mrs. Geo. N. Palmer of Monton in
visiting friends in Sussex. Miss Jouine
Trittes, who has been away treating to
in visiting friends in Sussex. Miss Jouine
Trittes, who has been away treating to
in the state of the partial principal and Family Universally
Regretted.

SPRINGPIELD.

Departure of Bev. A. J. Gresswell
and Family Universally
Regretted.

The departure of the Rev. A. J.
Cresswell and family from Springfield,
Who had the pleasure of knowing
them. He had vesided for about fourthem steems and love of all this people
was the first than to be the had were
was the first than to be the highest
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On New Year's eve, James Wickham, fore-man of the P. B. I. R. machine shops, was presented by the employes with a valuable fur collar. His wife was also the recipient of a beautiful pair of fur mitts.

On January 3rd, the following officers of Court Charlottetown C. O. F., were installed by D. D. H. C. R. Horace McEwen; P. C. R., W. G. Gillespie; C. R., W. W. Harper; V. C. R., Roland Meikle; R. S., W. C. Whitlock; F. S., Nell McNevin; Treas, James Waddill; Chap., Peter Innes; S. W., Daniel McLaren; J. W., W. C. Gillespie; L. B., W. McGregor; J. B., R. Matheson; Con., Job

Ward; physician, Dr. Dewar; organist, Lorne Robertson; W D. H. C. R., Peter Innee; representatives to high court, W. G. Gillesple. After the installation C. R. W. W. Harper invited the members to Carter's restaurant, where they partook of an oyster stew and passed a few hours as only jolly fellows know how.

At a regular meeting of Wilday Lodge, No. 27, I. O. O. F., held in Charlottetown on Friday evening last, the following officers were installed for the ensuing term by N. D. G. M., John F. Whear, assisted by P. G. D. R. McLeilan, P. G. A. Houle, P. G. James Waddell and P. G. Phillip Brydges: N. G., E. Waller; V. G., C. Drew; R. S., G. C. McLeod; P. S., J. McNevin; Treas., J. M. Laughlin; R. S. N. G., W. R. Borehan; L. S. N. G., Purdy Willis; R. S. V. G., L. F. Munsey; R. S. S., J. J. Hanson; L. S. S., W. D. Swan; Ward, I. Craig; Con., P. Brydges; Chap., M. Rose; J. P. G., George Waller.

The officers of Empire Lodge. Knights of

W. D. Swan; Ward., I. Craig; Con., P. Brydges; Chap., M. Rose; J. P. G., George Waller.

The officers of Empire Lodge, Knights of Pythias, for the next six months were installed on Friday night last by Deputy Grand Chancellor H. D. Johnson, as follows: C. C., J. L. Thompson; V. C., F. P. Newson; Prelate, Murdock McLeod; Master of Exchequer, F. S. Jost; Master of Finance and Keeper of Records and Seal, J. H. Williams; Master of the Work, Geo. J. Lane; Master at Arms, J. A. Macdonald; I. Guard, J. Milton Walsh; O. Guard, L. A. Macdonald.

Writs have been issued for the bye-elections for commissioner of agriculture, commissioner of public works, and attorney general in the local house. These portfolios have been awarded to Hon. B. Rogers, Hon. J. H. Cummiskey and Hon. Arthur Peters, in the first district of Prince, the third district of Queens, and the second district of Kings, respectively.

On Friday night a grand military concert was given in the Opera House, Chariottetown, by the returned members of the Prince Edward Island South African contingent, assisted by some of the best literary and musical talent in the city. A special feature of the performance was the presentation of the following war scenes: "In the trenches before Paardeberg;" Night Attack; Guard Mounting, and the Bivouac. These gave the audience a realistic conception of what the boys had undergone during the campaign, and showed to what a high state of efficiency they had reached in their drilling. The proceeds, which amounted to over \$200, will be divided among the contingent.

The regular annual statement of the Merchants' Bank of P. E. Island shows that the net earnings for the past year amount to 18 per cent on the paid up capital.

BETTER THAN PROMISED.

net earnings for the past year an 18 per cent on the paid up capital.

TORONTO, Jan. 9.—The following advertisement appeared recently in many Ontario papers: On receipt of one dollar, we will send securely sealed, a beautifully bound book of 400 pages, full of good things. Every sport should have one. The most wonderful book ever written. French and Eiglish translations. Prohibited in some countries. Write at once."

The crown authorities investigated and discovered that the book referred to was the Bible. There has been no prosecution, as the description of the book is not mispleading.

JAMES ROSS.

Who is 110 Years Old, and Whom the County Council Will be Asked to Remember.

Senator Ellis has suggested in a letter to Warden McGoldrick that some recognition should be made of the fact that we have in St. John county a man, James Ross of St. Martins, who has attained the age of over 110 years. Warden McGoldrick has replied that he will be happy to bring the matter before the municipal council and sup-port some suitable action by that

The Star herewith presents a picture of Mr. Ross, from a photo taken at Hampton in 1896, or only five years ago. Mr. Ross was born on June 18th, 1790, at Port Maholmack, Farbeach,



Ross-shire, Scotland. He was in early life a blue-jacket, and was in the service at the time of the battle of Waterloo. When he first came to St. John and moved to Quaco he talked Gaelic chiefly, and has not for gotten it. Mr. Ross has never ridden in a railway train, or discovered that a pipe or a drop of whiskey would shorten life. He was able to mow some grass last summer, and talked of coming in to the exhibition in September. He has two sons, Jacob and John, at St. Martins, and one daughter, Mrs. W. H. Clark.

ABSOLUTE SEGURITY Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills Must Bear Signature of

Breutsood See Pac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as only FOR THE COMPLEXIO

CURE SICK HEADACHE

SHERIFF'S SALE.

There will be Sold at Public Auction, on SATURDAY, THE SIXTH DAY OF APRIL, A. D. 1901, at fifteen minutes past twelve o'clock in the atternoon, at Chubb's Corner (so called), in the City of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, all the estate, right, title and interest of John E. Fitzgerald in and to all that certain lot, piece and parcel of land and premises situate in the City of Saint John aforesald, and known and distinguished on the map or plan of the said city by the number 353 (three hundred and fifty-three), the said lot fronting on King street, formerly Great George street, in Prince Ward, forty feet, and extending back, preserving the same width, the distance of one hundred feet. Also all the western moiety, or one-half part, of the McGuire farm, so called, fronting on the southern shore of Lake Latimer at and near the water works dam, the said moiety being bounded on the east by a dividing line run through the centre of said farm, and bearing south twenty-three degrees thirty minutes east by the magnet of 1837, bounded on the west by the western line of the said McGuire farm, bounded on the north by the shore of Lake Latimer aforesaid, and the dam and its appurtenances belonging to the City of Saint John, and bounded on the south by the bank or shore of Mispec River, the said land hereby conveyed having a width of three chains and fifty-one links, measured along the Public Road, passing through the same known as the Lower Loeh Lomond Road, and containing an area of fifty-Greaces, more or less, subject to right held by City of Saint John by virtue of a Deed from Owen McGuire to the St. John Water Company, duly recorded in Book S. No. 3, page 107, in and for the City and County of Saint John, bearing date August the fifteenth, 1851.

1851.
The same having been levied on and seized by me, the undersigned Sheriff, under and by virtue of an execution issued out of the Supreme Court at the suit of Frank E. Leon-ard and Charles W. Leonard against the said John E. Fitzgerald. Dated at the City of Saint John, this 29th day of December. A. D. 1900.

day of December, A. D. 1900.

H. LAWRANCE STURDEE,
Sheriff of the City and County of Saint
John.
1446

NOTICE OF SALE.

To Ann Vance and George F. Fitzpatrick, and to all others whom it may concern: Take notice that there will be sold at Public Auction, at Chubb's Corner, so called, in the City of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, on Saturday, the nineteenth day of January next, at twelve o'clock noon, all that certain lot or piece of land situate, lying and being on Long Island in the Kennebeccasis River, in the County of Kings, known and distinguished as the back or rear half of lots number twenty-two and twenty-three (22 & 23) and containing fifty acres more or less, being the tract of land formerly owned by one Frank Gallagher, the said lot of land having been conveyed by one Elizabeth Hornbrook to the said Ann Vance by deed dated twentieth day of August A. D. 1886; registered in the Records of Kings County in Book N, No. 4, pages 306 to 308.

Also, all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, lying and being on Long Island, in the Kennebeccasis River, and on the south side of said river, lying between the said river and the main road, containing one acre, being a part of the lot formerly granted by Peter Lynch to one Austin Hornbrook and adjoining the lands of one Frank Gallagher; the said last mentioned lot having been conveyed by the said Elizabeth Hornbrook to the said Ann Vance by Deed dated third day of February A. D. 1887, registered in the Records of Kings County in Book N, No. 4, pages 512 and 514.

Also, all that certain lot situate in Kings County, aforesaid, described in the Deed thereof from the said Elizabeth Hornbrook to the said George F. Fitspatrick as "All "that certain lot, piece or parcel of land on "which I now reside and the lots adjoining thereto now in my occupation situate on "Long Island, in the Kennebeccasis River, and being in the Parish of Kingston aforesaid, and bounded as follows: On the "northwesterly side by the Kennebeccasis River; on the northeast-verly side by William Hornbrook and Samuel Kennebeccasis River and lands owned or occupied by William Hornbrook, and that portion lying on the southeasterly side of the Island is bounded by William Hornbrook, a Take notice that there will be sold at Pub-

"or less," the said last mentioned lot being the premises conveyed by the said Elizabeth Hornbrook to the said George F. Fitzpatrick by Deed dated seventh day of December A. D. 1896; registered in the Records of Kings County in Book K, No. 5, pages 1 and 2. The above sale will be made under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage dated the seventeenth day of February A. D. 1898, made between the said Ann Vance and the said George F. Fitzpatrick of the one part, and the undersigned, George Armstrong, of the other part for securing the payment of certain monies therein mentioned, and registered in the Registry Office for Kings County in Libro L, No. 5, page 495 to 499 by the number 50,617, default having been made in the payment of the monies secured by said mortgage.

NOTICE OF SALE.

To Thomas Perrin, and Minine M. E. Burchill and Edward Burchill her husband, and Ida M. Reynolds and Patrick J. Reynolds her husband, and to all others whom it may concern:

TAKE NOTICE that there will be sold at Public Auction at Chubb's Corner, so called, in the City of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, on SATURDAY, the Ninth day of February next, at twelve o'clock noon, "All that certain lot, piece or parcel o'd land situate, lying and being in the City o'd Saint John aforesaid, and known and "distinguished on the map or plan of the said City on file in the office of the Common Clerk thereof by the number twelve hundred and seventy-six (1276), the said lot having a frontage on the south side of Britain Street of forty feet, more or less, and extending back preserving the same width one hundred feet, more or less, together with the improvements, privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging or appertaining."

And also "All that certain other lot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being on the south side of Britain street, in the City of Saint John aforesaid, said lot being known on the map or plan of the said City by the number twelve hundred and seventy—"two, and having a frontage on Britain Street of forty (40) feet, and extending southerly at right angles to said Britain Street of forty (40) feet, and extending southerly at right angles to said Britain Street of forty (40) feet, and extending appurtenances.

The above sale will be made under and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage, dated the twelfth day of December, A. D., 1880, made between the said Thomas Perrin of the one part and the undersigned Mary B. Peters of the other part, for securing the payment of certain monies therein mentioned, and registered in the Registry Office for the City and County of Saint John in Libro. 37 of records, folio 109 to 112, default having been made in the Registry Office for the City and County of Saint John in Libro. 37 of records, folio 10

MARY B. PETERS, Mortgagee. T. SHERMAN PETERS.



SUNDAY

The Internation

Lesson II.- Ja GOLDEN

Blessed is he that name of the Lord .-THE SEC What Jesus did on

the fifth day before The triumphal entr Return to Bethany What Jesus did on

Cleansing the temp Healing the sick (Cursing the barren Return to Bethany HISTORICAL

Time-Palm Sunda April 2 and 3. The ancinting by Mary. Jesus' life.
Place.—The Mount tween Bethany and city and the temple.

THE TRIUMPHAI

Print verses 6-16. E. And the discip as Jesus (a) comma 7. And brought colt, and put on t and (b) they set him spread their garme others cut down by trees, and (d) stre

9. And the multit fore, and that follo Hosanna to the Son is he that cometh i Lord; Hosanna in 10. And when he usalem, all the city saying, Who is this 11. And the multi Jesus the proph

12. And Jesus we of God, and cast out and bought in the ers, and the seats

13. And said unt ten, My house sh house of prayer; b a den of (g) thieve 14. And the blb came to him in t ealed them. 15. And when scribes saw the we temple, and sayin

16. And said uni what these say? to them, Yea: ha out of the mouth Hings thou hast pe

REVISION (So far as they Ver 6.—(a) Appo Ver. 7.—(b) And the multitude. (d Ver. 10.-(e) Stir Jesus, from Nazar Ver. 13.-(g) Ro Ver. 15.-(h) The

indignation. LIGHT ON Connection.—Satu spent with his frie we saw in our la morning, the day Sabbath, came Jesus's work was time had come i usalem as its kir the prophecy of the people that pected Messiah. 6. And the dis

phage, a small on the way to J and found the c jecting, they sa Lord hath need Jesus command 8. Spread thei outer garments. to give the high 9. And the m

time a census

Jews were prese is, those who Jerusalem to mee na .- The Greek brew word for se place the next da On Sunday Jes temple. The Ter in the outer o Gentiles. Sold wine, oil, etc., Changers.-Man countries, and current here, a be paid in the shekel. 13. It is writt

last clause was 15. Children ing, with the na to the Son the enthusi ism entered with gr es of the Me haps dreading rison in the actionia should h trouble. 16. Have ye from Septuagi

SUGGEST (For writte Subject:-The

> Introduction. Christ's life do The record of soon after our Scene 1. -Morning (vs. record of his did he fulfil?

"8 SALE.

at Public Auction, on SIXTH DAY OF SIXTH DAY OF at fifteen minutes past afternoon, at Chubb's the City of Saint John, lew Brunswick, all the ad interest of John E. all that certain lot, land and premises siting John aforesaid, and shed on the map or y by the number 353 ity-three), the said lot street. Formerly Great tty-three), the said lot treet, formerly Great ince Ward, forty feet, preserving the same one hundred feet. Alse y, or one-half part, of called, fronting on the Latimer at and near the said moiety being by a dividing line run is said farm, and bearned degrees thirty miningnet of 1887, bounded restern line of the said ed on the north by the

Saint John, this 29th RANCE STURDEE, and County of Saint 1446

OF SALE.

George F. Fitzpatrick,

ere will be sold at Pubb's Corner, so called, in n, in the Province of New day, the nineteenth day twelve o'clock noon, all twelve o'clock noon, all ece of land situate, lying Island in the Kennebec-Dounty of Kings, known is the back or rear half ty-two and twenty-three ining fifty acres more tract of land formerly. It Gallagher, the said lot conveyed by one Elizathe said Ann Vance by h day of August A. D. Records of Kings 4, pages 306 to 308.

yed by the said Elizabeth aid George F. Fitzpatrick enth day of December A. in the Records of Kings No. 5, pages 1 and 2. sale contained in a cerortrage dated the sevenrry A. D. 1898, made ben vance and the said
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page 496 to 499 by the
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monies secured by said

ath day of December A GEO. ARMSTRONG, for Mortgagee. 1412

E OF SALE.

and Minine M. E. Burch-d Burchill her husband, ynolds and Patrick J. Reythat there will be sold at



SUNDAY SCHOOL.

The International Lesson.

Lesson II.- January 13.

GOLDEN TEXT. Blessed is he that cometh in th name of the Lord.-Matt. 21: 9.

THE SECTION.

What Jesus did on Sunday, April 2, the fifth day before the crucifixion. The triumphal entry (vs. 1-11, 15, 16). Return to Bethany (Mark 11: 11).

Also What Jesus did on Monday, April Cleansing the temple (vs. 12, 13). Healing the sick (v. 14). Cursing the barren fig tree (v. 18). Return to Bethany (v. 17).

HISTORICAL SETTING. Time-Palm Sunday and Monday, April 2 and 3. The days following the anginting by Mary. The last week of

Place.—The Mount of Olives, be-tween Bethany and Jerusalem; the city and the temple.

THE TRIUMPHAL ENTRY .- Mat-

Print verses 6-16. 6. And the disciples went, and did as Jesus (a) commanded them.

7. And brought the ass, and the colt, and put on them their clothes, and (b) they set him thereon. 8. And a (c) very great multitude spread their garments in the way: others cut down branches from the trees, and (d) strewed them in the

9. And the multitudes that went before, and that followed, cried, saying: Hosanna to the Son of David; Blesse is he that cometh in the name of the Lord; Hosanna in the highest.

10. And when he was come into Jerusalem, all the city was (e) moved, saying, Who is this? 11. And the multitude said, This (f)

is Jesus the prophet of Nazareth of 12. And Jesus went into the temple of God, and cast out all them that sold and bought in the temple, and overthrew the tables of the money chang-

ers, and the seats of them that sold 13. And said unto them, It is written, My house shall be called the house of prayer; but ye have made it a den of (g) thieves.

14. And the blind and the lame

same to him in the temple; and he bealed them. scribes saw the wonderful things that he did, and the children crying in the temple, and saying, Hosanna to the

Son of David; they were (h) sore dis-16. And said unto him, Hearest thou what these say? And Jesus saith unto them, Yea: have ye never read, out of the mouth of babes and suck-

REVISION CHANGES. (So far as they affect the sense.)

lings thou hast perfect praise?

Ver 6.—(a) Appointed. Ver. 7.-(b) And he sat thereon. Ver. 8.—(c) And the most part o the multitude. (d) Spread them. Ver. 10.-(e) Stirred.

Ver. 11.-(f) This is the prophet Jesus, from Nazareth of Galilee. Ver. 13.-(g) Robbers.

Ver. 15 .- (h) They were moved with

LIGHT ON THE TEXT. Connection.-Saturday evening was spent with his friends in Bethany, as we saw in our last lesson. The next morning, the day after the Jewish Sabbath, came the triumphal entry. Jesus's work was nearly done, and the time had come for him to enter Jerusalem as its king, in accordance with the prophecy of Zech. 9: 9, to show the people that he was their long ex-

pected Messiah. 6. And the disciples went.-To Bethphage, a small village near Bethany way to Jerusalem. They went and found the colt, and the owners objecting, they said unto them, "The Lord hath need of him," even as Jesus commanded them.

8. Spread their garments.-Cloaks, outer garments. An eastern costume to give the highest honor.

9. And the multitudes.-In Nero's time a census showed that 2,700,000 Jews were present at a Passover. Went before, and . . . followed.—That is, those who had come out from Jerusalen to meet him, and those who followed him from Bethany. Hosanna .- The Greek spelling of the Hebrew word for save now in Psa. 118: 25.

12. And Jesus vent.—This took place the next day, according to Mark. On Sunday Jesus looked into the temple. The Temple of God.—Including the courts. This event took place in the outer court, the court of the Gentiles. Sold and bought.-Animals, wine, oil, etc., for sacrifices. Money Changers.-Many came from other countries, and their money was not current here, and the temple tax must paid in the coin of the Jewish

shekel. 13. It is written.—In Isa. 56: 7. The last clause was from Jer. 7: 11.
15. Children crying.—Shouting, singing, with the others. Saying, Hosanna to the Son of David.—They caught the enthusiusm from their elders, and entered with great zest into the praises of the Messiah. They.—The chief priests. Were sore displeased.—Perhaps dreading that the Roman garrison in the adjoining castle of Antonia should hear them and make

16. Have ye never read.-Psa. 8: 2, from Septuagint version.

SUGGESTIVE QUESTIONS. (For writte 1 and oral answers.) Subject:—The Triumphs of the Prince

Introduction.—To what week of Christ's life does this lesson belong? The record of which two days? How on after our last lesson? Scene 1. - Preparations, Morning (vs. 1-7).—On what animal did Jesus ride? Is there any other record of his riding? What prophecy did he fulfil? (Isa. 62: 11; Zech. 9: 9.)

What was the purpose of this tri-

Scene 11.—The Triumphal Proces sion (vs. 8-11).-What two things did the people do to honor Jesus? Trace out the route of the procession. Picture the scene. In what ways can we honor Christ? What did this proces sion typify?

Scene 111.—A Note of Sadness (Luke 19: 41-44.)—What did Jesus do when he came within sight of Jerusalem? What vision of the future may he have had? Does he still feel sorry for those who will not repent?

umphal ride?

Scene IV.-Kingly Deeds in the City of the Kings (vs. 12-14.)-What other kingly deeds did Jesus do? Show why they were worthy of the Messiah King. Scene V.-Children's Hosannas (vs. 15, 16.)-What did children do in the temple? In what ways can we now praise Christ?

SAD ACCIDENT.

E. B. Kierstead, of St. Stephen, Killed on the Rails at McAdam.

Fell from a Train While on His Way Home from This City-Member of the Firm of Ganong Bros.

Despatches received here at a late hour last night brought the sad intelligence that E. B. Keirstead of St. Stephen had been killed near McAdam Junction. Mr. Keirstead came up to St. John on Monday with his son, whom he sent to Acadia College, Wolfville, on the Prince Rupert yesterday morning. In the afternoon Mr. Keirstead left for home on the Montreal express. It appears from the telegrams that Mr. Keirstead was carried beyond McAdam and jumped from the train. His legs, one arm and his back were broken. The train was stopped and the injured man was taken on board and carried to Vanceboro Nothing could be done for him, how-ever, and he died within an hour of the accident.

years of age, left a widow and five children. The deceased had resided in St. Stephen for years, and was a member of the firm of Ganong Bros., con G. W. Ganong, M. P. for Charlotte,

Mr. Keirstead, who was about 4

is at present in the city. ST. STEPHEN, N. B., Jan. 9.-Word has been received here that E.

B. Keirstead, of the firm of Ganong Bros., fell between the cars at Mc-Adam tonight and was killed. He had been to St. John with his boy, who was en route to Wolfville. McADAM, N. B., Jan. 9.-E. B.

Keirstead, of the well known firm of Ganong Bros., can'ly manufacturers at St. Stephen, was fatally injured by jumping from the Montreal express train about half a mile west of Mc-Adam at 8.15 this evening. He was returning from St. John, where he had been with his son, a student of

Acadia College.

It is supposed that he found himself on the wrong train and jumped from the slowly moving train to try to catch a train for St. Stephen. Three cars passed over him. He was taken to Vanceboro, where medical attendbut without avail, as he died in about an hour after his arrival at Vanceboro. His left arm was cut off at the elbow and his left leg below the knee and his back broken and body badly crushed.

> THE LION FLAG OF ENGLAND. By William Crawford.

The Lion Flag of England,
The battle long did brave,
Has been the mighty conqueror
Upon the land and wave.
True freedom, 'neath this banner,
First dawned upon the soul;
And woke that ray of glory
Which lights from pole to pole.

The Lion Fire of England Woke science into birth;
And holds a lightened Gospel
To a benighted earth,—
To the darkened race of Afric,
To the sultry Indian shore,
To the Isles within the ocean,
This precious gem she bore.

The Lion Flag of England,—
Her enemies may rave,
And try to check her progress
Upon the watery wave.
But they'll blight and droop and wither,
And fade beneath the sun,
While she'll rule the world in glory
In ages yet to come.

The Lion Flag of England,
The blood she split of yore,
Was not to gain Dominion
Upon some foreign shore;
But for the freedom of her dear ones
For the Bible dearer still,
For the growth of light and science
She caused the blood to spill.

The Lion Flag of England, God gave Dominion to, O'er the darkened race of Afric, And the grovelling Hindoo, And bade her plant her standard By the Ganges and the Nile, And hold the weeping widow Back from the funeral pile.

The Lion Flag of England
Has its foundation sure.
'Tis founded on the Gospel,
Which it fought for and kept pure.
While this is her foundation,
And her sword among the throng,
She'll be the mightlest of the mighty,
And the strongest of the strong.

The Lion Flag of England,—
From earth, ah! should it fade—
Where, then, is light and science?
It surely has decayed,
Instead of growing knowledge,
To light a corner dim
Would be a racking engine
To tear a weary limb.

The Lion Flag of England!
The heart leaps at the name!
And every son of Britain
Should surely feel the fiame,
Should still pray for her welfare,
Her safety and her peace,
Until the last pulsation
Of this mortal frame does cease.

WHY HE LIKES THEM. "I'm very fond of Welsh wabbits

doncher know," said young Mr. Fitzpercy.
"You like them, do you?" replied Mr.
Homewood.
"Yes; they are so English, you

THE SYDNEY BOOM

St. John Men Who Are Doing Well There.

A Fine Description of the Growth of the Rising Metropolis.

All eyes turn toward Sydney now

adays, and some interesting information has been obtained for Star readers from a gentleman who has just returned from the northern Pittsburg No one who has not visited the place can obtain any conception of the growth of the town. Before the boom it contained a population of not more than 2,000, now its population numbers 11,000, and it has not by any means reached the limit of its immediate possibilities. There will be another big influx in the spring, for building operations are likely to be resumed with redoubled vigor.

Charlotte street, the main thorough fare of the town, has been built up with fine business blocks, including the Ross Block, Prowse Bros, and Cro-well's block, Bank of Montreal, the block occupied by McCurdy & Co., the McVey block and many others. Two St. John men are in the Ross block, which is one of the handsomest on the street. Walter Hall has a very fine book and stationery store and had a rushing Christmas trade. Harry Magee carries an elegant line of hats and furs, and is doing a good business. Mr. Carr, formerly of Woodstock, is also in this building, and is engaged in the watch and jewelry business. H. H. Sutherland is carrying on e clothing and gents furnishing business in this street, and Geo. K. Cochran is also engaged in the same line, his store being called the Maritime Supply Store. Great George street is a new and wide thoroughfare, parallel with Charlotte, and bids fair in time to be a stern rival of the latter in the contest for trade and, of course, as it will be nearer the heart of the Greater Sydney that is to be, it will win in the race. Messrs. Bowman Bros. have a very fine crockery store on the street, where they are carrying a choice line of goods, and sell lots of

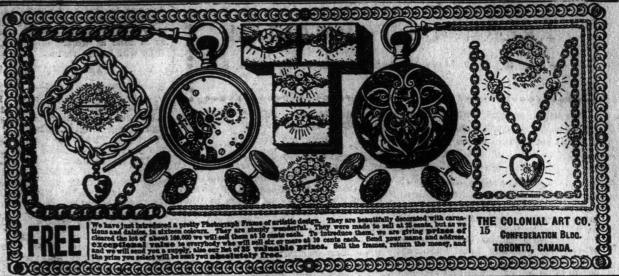
A big addition was made to the Sydney hotel in the fall, and the house now covers a larger area than any hotel in the maritime provinces. Even with the increased accommodation the hotel is filled the whole time, and is doing a rushing trade in every de partment. Among the features of the new wing are a big billiard room and a fine barber shop. There are three stores in the wing, one of which is occupied by Leslie White, who is selling White's and other famous confections. He will also have ice cream parlors

in the summer. J. E. Wilson has put up a neat branch store, where he is doing all the business he can possibly handle in stoves, galvanized fron work, etc. James H. Slater has a hotel on Water street, and is said to be piling money away. There are many other St. John men here whom the teller of this tale could not recollect. It is rather ptly on hand, and singular, he said, but it is frequently remarked in Sydney that there ar niore St. John men in business there than Halifax men, which shows that St. John men must know better how to appreciate a good thing. And, by the way, Messrs. T. McAvity & Sons have a branch there, and their representative is turning in big business Vail Bros. have a three story laundry building there, and have just fitted up the two upper stories with 50 furnish-

ed rooms for rental purposes. Building operations in the residential sections have been going on at a rapid rate, and houses are going up in the woods all around. Streets are being opened up in the residential sec tions of Colby, Ashby and so on, and some handsome buildings are being put up as well as hundreds of cheaper dwellings for the workmen. Pretty well back of the town, on the harbor front, A. J. Moxham, the managing director of the steel company, is putting up a palace of stone, costing \$70, 000, and the walls are now completed. The grounds will be beautifully laid out next summer, and this will be the show place of the city for some time

But it is the steel company's plant that chiefly interests everyone. These have gone up rapidly, and the structural works are now pretty well completed. They extend for two miles along the side of an inlet of the harbor, which washes one side of the peninsula upon which the town built. There are the blast furnaces, blooming mills, machine shops and other buildings. One has to see these works to get any idea of their tre-mendous size, but some impression r:ay be obtained when it is stated that the machine shop is 480 feet long. Back on the hill above these works are the toke ovens, which are now in operation. It is expected that two of the blast furnaces will be operating by the middle of this month, and turning out 5,000 tons of steel a day. The remaining two furnaces will not be in operation for a year. When the works are in full swing they will have an output of 3,000,000 tons a year. When it is known that the total annual output of Canada has not been over 300,000 tons, the importance of these works not only to Sydney but to the whole of Canada may be imagined. At the mouth of the inlet are the long piers of the Dominion Coal Company and around here quite a town being built for the homes of employes of the steel works. Altogether Sydney now covers a large an area as St. John. Of course

there are many pretty bare looking streets, but it will only be a few before these are filled up. The works will require 3000 operatives at least, which, allowing four persons to a family, means 12,000 people, and then when you include all the trades peo-



bad, and during the Christmas seaso it several times went out entirely. In the way of amusements Sydney is poorly supplied. There is a good skating rink, but an opera house is needed, for people have money to spend and lots of it would find its way over the counter of a box office. Mr. Moxham is naturally taking the ead in the social life of the town. He is an enthusiastic yachtsman and has both a steam and sailing yacht. There was a social club in town and a yacht club, but these were recently amalgamated into the Sydney Yacht Club and they have built a very pretty club house on the esplanade near

the Sydney hotel. Glace Bay, the headquarters of the Dominion Coal Company, is also experiencing a big boom, owing to the increased coal mining operations proceeding there. Extensive building operations are going on to accommodate the increased number of em-

At North Sydney things are quieter and there is not as much excitement in real estate as there was last spring. There are some building operations going on, and the Nova Scotia Steel Company are building a large number of coke ovens, at the side of the property of the General Mining Association, which they have purchased It is thought by the knowing ones that there will be no move to put up iron works at North Sydney until capitalists see how the Dominion Iron and Steel Company succeed in their undertaking. If they meet with success, it is believed that the Nova Scotia Steel Company will then have no difficulty in launching their enter-

prise. In one respect North Sydney will have advantages superior to the rival town. Its harbor is open longer, though this is not a serious drawback in the case of either place. Last year the steamer Bruce plied between North Sydney and Newfoundland right through the winter. It is only when the drift ice from the Arctic seas blocks up the harbor mouth completely that navigation is closed.

Altogether prospects are very bril-liant for the development of the eastern-most trip of the continent and two of Canada's leading metropolises may in time be located there. Its people will not be surprised if they get steel ship building and every other form of manufacture in that metal, the fast line of steamers, an admiralty coaling station and great fortications, and a few other tid-bits of the next step in the evolution of Sydney, rolling mills for ships plate and million dollar industry added to the twenty million dollar business now operating.

Before closing the traveller told a tale of a keen-eyed workman who got ahead of the real estate men in finished style. He did not propose to pay boom time rents, so he got hold of an old boat, put it up on posts, put a roof on it, and lives in it. A witty Sydney barrister has labelled it The House Boat on the Sticks.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

[To Correspondents—Write on one side of the paper only. Send your name, not necessarily for publication, with your communications. The Sun coee not undertake to return rejected manuscripts. All unsigned communications are promptly consigned to the waste basket.]

To the Editor of the Sun:

Sir-I notice that "Edelweiss" has replied to my letter of the 5th, in your issue of even date, and asks "If it is anywhere promised that the King of Kings will serve His creatures in the humble capacity of preventive-for all the ills that flesh is heir to?" answer this I will refer him again to my letter of the btn, which quotes from Psalms 91, which says: that dwelleth in the secret place of the most high (with the King of Kings)—no evil shall befall thee, neither shall any plague come nigh thy dwelling." Is not this the Word of God and a sure promise? and I find that God's promises are true and I prove them so just as far as I obey, and I always try and not make the Word of God of no effect, and if evils or plagues come nigh my dwelling, I immediately know that I am not in the secret place, and I strive to get there. While there are numerous other references which shows that God is a preventive from all diseases, I bring "Edelweiss" back to the one that I quoted first, and wonder why it was not heard at the first reading. The writer also says "I perverted the promises of Scripture to my own

limited conception of truth." I am glad to say I am voicing some thing I have practised, and as "by our fruits we are known," allow me to relate to you how much the Truth (Thy word is Truth) has freed me, and this will help give you an idea of my "limited conception of truth."

Six years ago next Feb. I was given laid up for one year with a complica-tion of diseases, and was so bad that when I got laid down in bed I could when I got laid down in bed I could up by Materia Medica, after having 000 population.

The town council are having quite a task coping with the increasing requirements of the town in respect of street construction, lighting, sewerage, etc. The electric light service is very and lighting and lighting are having quite a task coping with the increasing restance on the study of it in the light it was brought to me, and in three months ask is for the people to "Grow in grace and the knowledge of God" and we will been sick, and I never enjoyed such and the knowledge of God" and we will an and the knowledge of God" and we will an and the knowledge of God" and we will an not turn over, and the Word of God

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> THE SCIENTIFIC PUBLISHING COMPANY, P. O. Box, 1888, New York, 258 Broadway.



TO BRIGHT PEOPLE. 1 IFAXHA TAWATO GSINKNOT RONOTOT NIPEGWIN COUREVNAV TORVICAL

have not lost a day from that time until now. I weighed 124 lbs. then,

So if this is perversion of the Scriptures (which I try to abide in) I am sure the world will take the perver-

Be it thoroughly understood, I have

man, and as Paul puts it, "Be ye not conformed to the ways of this world, but be ye transformed by the renewing of your mind," which shows the process to be metaphisical and not physical. Read Psalms 49 and 7. Hoping I have not encroached on

> I am, yours truly, A SUBSCRIBER.

By Rev. W. T. D. Moss, St. Andrews Church, Pictou, N. S.

phasizes the outward. Religious formalism is that which makes paramount the externalities of faith. There are many phases of religious formalism, but there are three that deserve special mention, and against which the enlightened human spirit everywhere makes protest. They have to do with belief, with conduct and with worship. 1. A creed is an outward expression of religion, and any man who sub-scribes dogmatically to a creed, believing it to be all the truth and refusing to search for more, is so far a Formlist. A creed is a form of truth. The human mind is amxious to express itself in outward, definite shape. It is content with thinking and feel-It seeks to express its thoughts and emotions in words, to reduce them to outward order, to write them out in black and white, arranged in sentences and chapters. And so our creeds are formed, such as we have in ite pastime of young men—that of de-our cateohisms and confessions of claring against creeds. A dangerous faith. A generation puts its thoughts pastime indeed, if it be such declara-n certain words and those words constitute its creed. Jesus was never formal enough to make a creed. But His followers have done so for Him and in His name. In the fourth century the Athanasian creed was formwhich venerable document is apinted to be read in a certain body of the Christian church to this day. In the day of the reformation the creed of Calvinism was formed, and since that time we have had creeds innumer able, representing every phase of religious thinking. So far that is quite normal. For it seems that the human spirit is not satisfied until it expresses its religion in systematic language. And it is, to say the least of it, a harmless, yes, even a legitimate occupation, that of making catechisms, that of writing out creeds. But when we turn around and worship our creed, putting it forth as the truth and nothing but the truth,, refusing to bething but the truth, refusing to be-lieve that it can be improved on, then do we become formalists. We worship the outward thing, the form in which the truth is expressed instead of ac-cepting it as only a partial manifesta-tion of the truth. And of this we may be certain, that if we destroyed the creed of many a one we would rob them of their God, their heaven and their portion forevermore. If we even their portion forevermore. If we even suggested that a different construction might be put on the character of God, or a different interpretation given of the Bible or of the atonement we might expect holy hands of rebuke and fear to be raised in protestation—people are so wedded to their creed, to the form, finite and cramped though it is in which the truth is expressed. As already indicated,

THERE IS NO HARM

in having a creed, a systematic arment of truth. But we should fancy that it is the only and best and complete arrangement; we should not think that our feeble minds can circumscribe the truth—which is infinite. And we should be forever on the search for fuller truth than that mich is locked up in the creed. For this reason each generation should have its own confession of faith, its own creed, its own expression of be-lief. Agustine gave his to the world yet John Calvin improved on Augus-tine. But Calvin didn't exhaust the boundless stores of wisdom and today, after so long a time—to escape the charge of formalism—we should be improving upon the system of Calv-

One of the great questions that has been before the Presbytrian church for some time has been as to whether it should improve upon or supplant its creed. The majority of Presbyterians have shown their formalism in this. For they have voted to maintain the old without jot or tittle changed. Their ancient religious documents are more to them than the truth which is larger than they. They are content to shut their eyes to the truth that has been revealed since Calvin lived—in order that their confession of faith may remain to them Quite a large number are not so narrow, but they still show their formalism by desiring to have the old creed changed, but not superseded. They forget that, as one cannot put a new piece of cloth into an old garment without spoiling the gar-ment and the piece of cloth, that as we cannot put new wine into old bottles without bursting the bottles and losing the wine, so neither can we patch up an old creed with new thought, or put the new wine of nineteenth or twentieth centuries into the old botties of the seventeenth century. But a minorty of Presbyterians and the prophets have always been in the minas a seventeenth century classic. But they also desire to see entirely new documents, expressive of the larger religious consciousness of their own day. They are not fermalists. That is to say, they do not vest their religion in a creed. First and foremost they are anxious for the truth. The form in which it is expressed is only secondary to them. They recognize that a creed is but a partial expression of the truth, and should not usurp the place of the truth in the religious affections. They feel the force of the poet's confession:

国的社会的企业 "Our little systems have their day, They have their day and cease to be, They are but broken lights of Thee And thou O Lord art more than they."

It is better for us not to have creed at all if we are going to make a fetish of it, if we are going to swear by it through "thick and thin," and refuse to give it up for a larger vision of life; if we are going to worship the creature for the Creator, who is Ged over all. If those old worthies whom we revere, such as Luther, Calvin, Knox or Augustine, were here today, they would be the heretics and martyrs. They would be forement in the cry for a larger vision of the truth. They were heretics in their own day, seeing truth in nobler relations than

Formalism is that which over em- their generation. And if here they would see beyond us and

SEEK TO GIVE US

a conception of life nobler than many

We see parents who worship the child that God has given them, and through which He wants them drawn to Him. But they are overfond of the child and And our creed is the child of the human spirit, given to us that through it we may clarify our conceptions of offspring of our intellects, and are blind to the larger truth which it seeks to express and into which it is intend-

There are two attitudes which are assumed toward creeds. There are those who don't want a creed at all, who say that the truth is infinite and can't be expressed in finite terms, and who are impatient of catechisms and confessions. It is held to be a favorfirm that the truth is infinite and can't be expressed. The truth is infinite indeed. It can't all be expressed, but a part of it can, and we should be glad to have it so. But on the other hand there are those who stand as selfconstituted guardians of the faith once delivered—as they believe—who lift up holy hands against such as think and speak in different fashion from what they have been taught; who fancy that any change from the past means danger to the truth; who forget that God, whose outward manifestation is forever changing is Himself forever sure, and that while truth's medium may be variable, yet truth's eternity must remain. These are the Formalists in religion, the retarders, unconsciously though it be, of the chariot wheels of God. They lived in the days of the prophets, and when the latter cried out against this error and superstition and traditionalism they were put to death. They lived in the days of Jesus, and when He told them that the Old Testament time creed was only a partial expression of truth and capable of improvement, they took Him to the hill of crucifixion and gave Him up to suffering and They lived in the days Luther, and when he posted up his new profession of faith they thrust him forth and handed him over to suffering worse than the pain of nails driven into the body. They lived in the days of Robertson, and when he raised his sweet, sad voice in Tripity chapel, Brighton, and uttered the truth and not the creed they left the sanctuary in large numbers, and subjected his sensitive soul to worse than the martyrdom of the stake or of the They lived, in Scotland in the recent time of Robertson Smith, and when he spoke not in the language of the creed, but of the larger truth, they and no doubt hastened his early death

-although now his successors of larger vision have been pleased to raise

They live among us today, and where men of popular outlook tell of the things their spirits behold, they are put to silence. In all such cases, the form in which the truth is embodied has been more to men than the larger truth which can never be fully revealed. And in all such cases, we behold the religion of Formalism standing in the holy place and in the name of Him who never wrote a creed, but who was crucified because He didn't subscribe to the creed of His

generation.

That man is a formalist who subscribes dogmatically to a creed, who swews by what has been already written, who thinks that the truth has been discovered once, for all, and that there is no further evolution of re-

2. But there are formalists, too, whose religion consists in merely obeying a set of rules. They are what might be called mechanical Christians, people who observe the letter and not the spirit of conduct; who are correct and in the fashion, who are guided by their religious fashion plates, and are nothing if not conventional. They live by rule. Their religion consists in performing the outward act, in being in good form. They defy the extern-als of conduct and are, therefore, formalists. They circumscribe themselves with no end of "Thou shalts' and "Thou shalt nots." They look on God as a hard task master, who has no affinity or sympathy with them, but who simply wants so much work done and so much left undone, so many rules obeyed; who wants them not to call their souls their own or to exert their individuality, but to work as mere machines. And their religion consists in simply doing so many things and in not doing so many other things; just in doing what and in leaving undone what will stand them in with the great task master and insure their reward. So they pray at regularly stated intervals; they read a certain portion of the Bible every day not out of love for it, not to feel its inspiration and power—but simply as a task that must be done. They go to prayer meetings. They go to church, perhaps, twice on Sunday and perhaps to every other religious gathering within reach, not from inspira-tion toward, or love for the same so part of the religious drudgery which if done will secure the soul against the future reward. They keep the Sunday so, and have even the vague suspicion that they are taking a dangerous step if they do not call it the Sabbath. They don't swear, they don't smoke, they don't drink, they don't in the shunning of these they act by choice, but that they think they are hope by obeying orders to secure their reward. They give so much to the church and to charitable institutions, not necessarily because they fact

cause they feel that what they have belongs to God to be devoted toward the redemption of society, but because they unconsciously suspect that here-in is done a work of superrogation that witl insure them

AN ANNUITY

against future evil days. And they go from day to day in peace, having done and left undone what their religious rules have prescribed. They are the legalists in religion. The modern day Pharisees, who wore their phylactery the proper length, who washed religiausly before meals, who didn't trave too far on the Sabbath, who assidu ously wiped their feet before they wrote the name of their Deity; but who had no soul life in them, who had But they are overfond of the child and no appreciation of the spirit of things, adore it in the place of their Creator. and who handed over to shame and suffering the One who came in the name of the Lord. There is a lot of that rule religion that is outwardly correct, but that lacks life and inspiration and warmth, and that is therefore a dead piece of formalism. Give me the man who perhaps does a lot of things he ought not to do and leaves undone a lot of things he ought to do, who may break through a great many of the man-made rules of religion, and who may be far from correct from the mechanical Christian's point of view; but whose motives are honest and the trend of whose life is per-petually toward God. That's the man gion is real, who is being a savior of life unto life in this sad world and who helps and inspires people on every hand who are untrammelled by tradition and rules. It is for us to be ever so correct. to do outwardly the things we ought to do, and leave undone the things we ought not to do, to be reckoned high in the estimation of traditional Christianity. But in the eyes of the dear God and according to the standard of His dead Son we may be positive nonentities, only pure formalists, without one spark of the life of the Spirit. And we should learn to estimate men, not by their religious propriety, but by the general tenor of

Formalism assumes a third shape in those who make too much of the symof worship. We on this continent do not worship in the elaborate manner that we find in the old world. But nevertheless we are not free from formalism in this respect. Simple as our worship is yet in many a case the form has lost the spirit, and men are perpetuating the form from which the spirit has fled. When we speak of formalism in worship we are supposed to point to the Anglican or Romanist. nonliturgical churches have forms as well as they, and make as much of them too. The difference between us is not that between form and no form, but between good form and poor form. Those with their simple services are in just as great a danger of becoming formalists as those with their rich services, for formalism in worship consists not in having an ornate service or a plain service, but in clinging dogmatically to a particular order of service, be it ornate or plain. It is the very genius of Presbyterianism to have a rich order of worship. Their Scottish forfathers had quite an elaborate liturgy, which is in use in many lished churches of Scotland today. Just as we want to clothe our

IN WELL CHOSEN WORDS,

So should we want to express our religious thoughts and feelings through fitting symbols. But at the same time, whether our form of worship be simple or elaborate, it is possible to put the outward thing, the outward symbol for that for which it stands, thus oming formalists, thus making of our religion an affair merely of the Sunday and the church. Let us not think that we escape this sin of religious formalism by having a plain order of service. We can be and there are just as many formalists among plain Presbyterians as among Anglic ans or Romanists. And the Presby terian who holds out against the improvement of his liturgy either from force of custom or from the fear that it savors of popery or Episcopacy is a formalist as pronounced and dangerous as any ritualist. At one time there was great stress laid on the worship of the sanctuary, but not enough upon the worship in spirit upon the necessity of finding God in every trial and act of the week. Now, out derogating one whit from the worship of the sanctuary, yet we must not forget that God is a spirit, and that he is found in spirit. We must make the whole life and not a portion of it a prayer we must find a sacrament in every act and trial and pleas ure, and feel the presence of the Deity wherever we turn. Then, when we come within the sacred gates it will be not to go through a lifeless form, but to breathe through the same the holy feelings of aspiration, and faith and hope. The religion of the Sunday and the sanctuary when we go chanically through our forms is a eligion of mere decoration. It is an spensive decoration too, and one we light well do without. But if we learn to experience God as a Spirit, to worship Him in the service of our lives, our Sunday exercises will then become deepened of character and a sacred and blessed resting place to our spirits. Such outward worship is indeed the safety-valve of our souls. It is the timely utterances that gives the soul relief and makes us strong." Let us seek then to perpetuate this worship of the spirit, to keep ourselves from the faintest suspicion of formalism;

of the things arbitrarily forbidden, and hope by obeying orders to secure their reward. They give so much to the church and to charitable institutions, not necessarily because they feel the blessing and duty of giving, not be-

daily lives. And let us worship God in spirit, not confined to any one place or hour of worship, to any one form or order of service, but preserving always the attitude of Christ toward the world and breathing the spirit of exaltation through our symbols of worship be they Anglican or Presbyterian, elaborate or plain.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF ST. JOHN.

Arrived. Arrived.

Jan. 8.—Str Bengore Head, 16,19, Phillips, from Belfast, Wm Thomson and Co, bal.

Coastwise-Str Aurora, 122, Ingersoll, from Campobello and cld; schs Roland, 93, Reynolds, from Parrsboro; Clara Benner, 39, Brown, from fishing; Golden Rule, 49, Calder, from fishing-both cleared.

Jan 9—Coastwise-Schs Jessie, 72, Edgett, from Harvey; Evelyn, 69, Tufts, from Quaco; John T. Cullinan, 98, Cameron, from Point Wolfe; Wood Bros, 68, Newcomb, from Five Islands.

Jan 19—Str Alcides, 2181, Stitt, from Glasgow, 8 Schofield and Co, gen cargo.

Str Oruro, 1249, Seeley, from West Indies, Schofield and Co, mdst, pass and mails.

Cleared.

Jan. 8.—Coastwise—Schs Wanita, Apt, for Annapolis; Rex, Sweet, for Quaco.
Jan 9—Coactwise—Schs Aurelia, Watt, for North Head; Wood Brothers, Newcomb, for Quaco; Evelyn, Tufts, for Quaco.
Jan 10—Str St Croix, Pike, for Boston.
Sch Abble and Eva Hooper, Barnes, for City Island fo.
Sch Phoenix, Newcomb, for City Island fo.
Coastwise—Schs Willie D, George, for Parrsboro; John T Cuffinan, Cameron, for Point Wolfe; Metsor, Griffin, for North Head.

Jan. 8 .- Str A R Thorp, for North Sydney.

DOMESTIC PORTS

Arrived. LOUISBURG, N. S., Jan. 4.—Ard, schr Josephine Ellicott, from Brunswick, Ga., via Halifax; str Norge, from Boston. HALIFAX, Jan. 6.—Ard, strs Halifax, from Boston; Corinthian, from Portland, an sailed for Liverpool; Manchester Trader from St John; sch Ida, from New York. from St John; sch Ida, from New York.

HALIFAX, Jan. 7.—Ard, strs St. George, from Sunderland for Baitimore, short of coal; Carthagenian, from Glasgow and Liverpool via St. Johns, NF, and cleared for Philadelphia; Contre Amiral Coubet (French cable), from St Pierre, Miq; schs Daisy, from Bay of Islands, NF, for Boston, and cleared; Hattle C, from New York.

HALIFAX, Jan. 5.—Ard, str Lady Armstrong, from Stettin for New York, for coal, and cleared; sch Joseph Rowe, from Bay of Islands, NF, for Gloucester.

HALIFAX, Jan. 8.— Ard, strs Vizcaina, from London for Philadelphia (for coal); Dahome, from London, and cleared for St. John. HALIFAX, Jan. 8.—Ard, str Roslyn Castle, Sailed.

From Halifax, Jan 7th, strs Pro Patria, for St. Pierre, Miq; St George, for Baltimore. From Halifax, 5th inst, str Kong Frode, for Santiago and Jamaica. From Halifax, 6th inst, str Lady Armstrong for New York. From Louisburg, NS, 4th inst, str Symra, for Boston; sch H B Cousins, for Charleston, S. C. , ao. them are the most of the men and oftht From Boston, Mass, 5th Inst strs Norsman, for Liverpool; St Crofx, for Portland, East-port and St John.

BRITISH PORTS.

Arrived. Arrived.

At Queenstown, Jan. 8, str Lake Champiain, from St John.

At Barbados, Jan. 7, sch Bravo, from Bridgewater (in distress).

GLASGOW, Jan. 4.—Ard, stmr Siberian, from Philadelphia via St Johns, N. F.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 5.— Ard, str Grecian, from Halifax, N S, and St John.

At Barbados, Dec 7, sch Bravo, Emno, from Bridgewater, NS. The for Weymo

Cleared.

At Darien, Jan. 5, bark Wolfe, Falen, for Sharpness.

At Mobile, Jan. 7, schs Arthur M Gibson, Miller, for Santiago de Cuba; G E Bentley, Wood, for Cardenas, Cuba.

At Dublin, Jan 10, str Malin Head, McKes, from St, John.

At Newcastle, NSW, Jan 10, bark HighLands, Smith, from Delagoa Bay,
At Sydney, NSW, Dec 28, ship Melville
Island, Larkin, from Santos via Melbourne;
Jan 7, bark California, Doty, from Liverpool.

SOLWTHAMPTON, Jan. 9.—Ard, str KaisaWilhelm Der Grosse, from New Youngland, from Santos via Melbourne;
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Jan 7, schs Arthur M Gibson,
Miller, for Santiago de Cuba; G E Bentley,
Wood, for Cardenas, Cuba.

At Porlen, Jan. 7, schs Arthur M Gibson,
Miller, for Santiago de Cuba; G E Bentley,
Wood, for Cardenas, Cuba.

At Frankford, Jan. 7, schs Arthur M Gibson,
Miller, for Santiago de Cuba; G E Bentley,
Wood, for Cardenas, Cuba.

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At Porland, Jan. 7, schs Arthur M Gibson,
Miller, for Santiago de Cuba; G E Bentley,
Wood, for Cardenas, Cuba.

At Porland, Jan. 7, schs Arthur M Gibson,
Miller, for Santiago de Cuba; G E Bent

pool.
SOUTHAMPTON, Jan. 9.—Ard, str Kaiser
Wifhelm Der Grosse, from New York via
Cherbourg for Bremen.
QUEENSTOWN, Jan. 9.—Ard, off, str New
England, from Boston for Liverpool, and
proceeded, without communicating with
shore. shore.
LONDON, Jan. 9.— Ard, stmr Louisiana, from Annapolis, NS, via St Michaels.
LIVERPOOL, Jan. 9—Ard, str Lake Champlain, from St John, NB, and Halifax.

Sailed. From Holyhead, Jan. 4, ship Monrovia, From Holyhead, Jan. 4, ship Monrovia, for Buenos Ayres.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—Sld, strs Manitou, for New York; Ulunda, for Hallfax, N S, and St John, N B.

ARDRASSAN, Jan. 5.—Sld, str Dunmore Head, for St John, N B.

From Barbados, Dec 17, bark Peerless, Eldridge, for Hampton Roads.

From Holyhead, Jan 7, bark Northern Empire, Ellis, for Pensacola.

SHIELDS, Jan. 7.—Sld, str Allendale, for Portland. Portland.

From the Roads (Fleetwood), Jan 7, (night), ship Chas S Whitney, Atkins, for New York.

From Queenstown, Jan 8, bark Bowman B Law, Gullison (from Portland, O), for Westport; Cedar Croft, Nobles (from Newry), for Ship Island.

From Liverpool, Jan 8, bark Enterprise, Ship Island.

From Liverpool, Jan 8, bark Enterprise, Calhoun, for Barbados.

From Auckland, previous to Dec 31, bark Star of the East, Rogers, for New York.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 9.—Sld, str Cameron, for Halifax.

QUEENSTOWN, Jan. 9.—Sld. Lake On-tario (frem Liverpool), for Halifax and St. John.

FOREIGN PORTS. Arrived.

York, Jan. 6, bktn Emma R Smith Lohnes, from Azur.
At Mobile, Ala., Jan. 5, sch St Maurice,
Finlay, from Pascagoula.
PAULLIAC, Jan. 6.— Ard, str Briardene,
from Tusket Wedge via Rochefort for Bor-

from Tusket Wedge vis Rocketsor

FAYAL, Jan. 7.—Ard, str Micmac, from
Lisbon for St John, N B (in distress).

PORTLAND, Me., Jan. 7.—Ard, str Turret

Grown, from Sydney, C B.

SALEM, Mass., Jan. 7.—Ard, sch W H

Waters, from New York for St. John.

HYANNIS, Mass., Jan. 7.—Ard, schs Thres
Sisters, from St John for New York; Maple

Leaf, from Nova Scotia for do.

CALAIS, Ma., Jan. 7.—Ard, schs Loduskia,

from Machias. from Machias.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Jan. 7.—Ard, schs Quetay, and Romeo, from Edgewater for St John; Frank W., from Dorchester, N that it may not be said that we are faithful church goers and take the sacrament, but that our religion is confined to the Sunday and the church. Let us not draw the distinction between the secular and the sacred, calling our weekly duties secular and our Sunday duties of worship sacred. But let us seek to elevate every act to the dignity of the sacred and breathe the same warm, living religious spirit through all we do.

Let us beware then of the sin of formalism—of the religion that is only traditionalism in belief, conventionalism in practice and mere decoration in worship. In other words let us beware of the letter of things that kills. Let us seek to have our minds open terms of the sacred the truth and beat the sacred the truth and take the for St John; schs W H Waters, from Edgewater for St John; Garfield White, and Sliver Wave, from Port Johnson for do; Otil Miller, from New York, Jan. 5.—Ard, stra La Bretagnet from York for St. And Queenstown.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Jan. 5.—In port, schs W H Waters, from Edgewater for St John; Garfield White, and Sliver Wave, from New York, Jan. 5.—Ard, stra La Bretagnet from Have; Cymric, from Liverpool; and Queenstown.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Jan. 5.—Ard, stra La Bretagnet from Port Johnson for do; Otil Miller, from New York, Jan. 5.—Ard, stra Boston, from New York for St. Andrews (and sailed).

BOSTON, Jan. 6.—Ard, stra Boston, from Marcus Hook.

At Calais, Jan 5.—Ard, stra Boston, from Marcus Hook.

At Calais, Jan 5.—Ard, stra Boston, from Marcus Hook.

At Calais, Jan 5.—Ard, stra Boston, from Marcus Hook.

At Calais, Jan 5.—Stra Have Jan 7, sch Elwood Burton, from New York For St. Andrews Hook.

At New Haven, Jan 7, sch Ruth Shaw, from Norfolk.

BOSTON, Jan. 8.—Ard, sch St Helena, from Norfolk.

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is for Infants and Children. Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance: It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. Castoria cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. Castoria assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels of Infants and Children, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea-The Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for dren. Mothers have repeatedly told me that I recommend it as superior to any preof its good effect upon their children." DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children scription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D. Brooklyn, N. Y

THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

APPEARS ON EVERY WRAPPER

THE GENTAUR COMPANY, TO MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Avonmouth, Eng; Hibernian, from Glasgow; Symra, from Louisburg, C B; schs Mystery, from Turks Island.

At Rio Grande do Sul, Dec 12, sch Exception, Barteaux, from New York.

At Washington, Jan 8, sch Wanola, Wagner, from West Indies.

At Rosario, Dec 6, bark St Peter, Hassel, from New York.

At Fort de France, Mart, Jan 4, sch Cheslie, Merriam, from Pensacola. At Fort de France, Mart, Jan 4, Sch Uneslie, Merriam, from Pensacola.
At Norfolk, Jan 8, bark Peerless, Eldridge,
from Barbados.
At Pascagoula, Miss, Jan 8, bark Baldwin,
Wetmore, from Havana.
At Mobile, Jan 8, sch (supposed) Omega,
Lecain, from Havana.
At Norfolk, Jan 8, bktn Peerless, Eldridge,
from Barbados. country.

from Barbados.
At St Michaels, previous to Jan 8, str Kelvindale, Bradley, from New York for Hong Kong (for coal).
NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—Ard, str Lady, Armstrong, from Stettin via Hallfax.
SALEM, Mass., Jan. 9.—Ard, sch A. Hooper, from Calais for Boston.
Sailed, sch W H Waters, for St. John.
BOOTHBAY, Me., Jan. 9.—Ard, sch Onward, from St John.
VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Jan. 9.—Ard, sch Josle, from New York for Weymouth, N. S.

son, Pattison, for Belize.
At Wilmington, Jan 8, brig Iona, Barkhouse, for St Anns Bay; sch Preference,
Frefry, for Santo Domingo.

From Philadelphia, Jan 8, bark Wildwood, Fitzgerald, for Cape Town.
From City Island, Jan. 6, bktn, F B Lovett, Williams, from New York for Buenos Ayres, and anchored; schs Josie, for Weymouth: J B Yandusen, for Boston.
ALGIERS, Dec. 31.—Sld, str Norden (from Licata), for St John N B.
NEW LONDON, Conn., Jan. 6.— Salled, schs Victor, from St John, N. B., for New York; Winnie Laurie, from do for do; Morency, from do for do.
From Bremen, Jan 9, str Mantinea, Kehoe, for Hamburg, to load for New York.
From New York, Jan 7, bark Hector, Morrell, for Boston—in tow.
From Vineyard Hayen, Mass, 7th inst, schs W H Waters, Gaffield White, Silver Wave, Otil Miller, R L Tay, Mabel Hall, Hugh John, and John M Plummer.
VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Jan. 8.—Sld, sch Frank W. VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Jan. 8.—Sld, seh Frank W.

BOOTHBAY, Me., Jan. 8.—Sld, sch Stephen Bennett, for New York.

From Buenos Ayres, Jan 7, bktn Sunny South, McDonald, for South Africa.

From New York, Jan 8, sch Carrie Easler, for Halifax.

From Havana, Dec 31, schs H B Homan, McNeil, for Fernandina and Demerars; Adelene, McLennan, for Jacksonville.

From Rio Grande do Sul, Dec 2, brig Venturer, from Fernandez for New York.

From New York, 8th inst, schr Rosa Muller, from St John; Abbie Ingalis, for St John. o omrtabs them are them osta dardoi thes From Boston, Mass, 8th inst strs Prince Arthur and Boston, for Yarmouth, NS; sch Mascot, for Lunenburg, NS.

MEMORANDA.

KINSALE, Jan. 6.— Passed, str. Roman, from Portland, Me., for Liverpool.
CITY ISLAND, Jan. 7.—Bound south, schs. Marcus Edwards, from Port Greville, N. S., via New London; Osprey, from Shulee, NS; B. L. Eaton, from Calais, Me.
CITY ISLAND, N. Y., Jan. 5.— Bound south, schs Carrie Easler, from Liverpool, N. S., via New Haven; Wellman Hall, from Apple River; Beaver, from Shulee, N. S.
in port at Demerara, Dec 20, bark Calcium, Smith, from Philadelphia.
In port at Auckland, Dec 6 (not sailed), bark Star of the East, Rogers, for New York, loading flax and gum.
VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass, Jan 7.—Passed schs Three Sisters, from St John for New York; Maple Leaf, from Eatonville, N. S. for do.
VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass, January 7.—Passed, Silvia, from New York for Halifax; schs Mystery, for Smith's Island for Boston; Madagascar, from Bayonne-for Eastport, Lubec and Calais; Wandrain, from

WELCOMED HOME.

(Continued from First Page.)

Campbellton, drew their gun all through the war and returned to Cape Town at the finish still in good condition. Owing to the disease known as the rinderpest, horses cannot be deported from South Africa, so, much, to their sorrow, the boys were compelled to leave their comrades in the

The different sections of the Canadian Artillery seldom saw each other during the war, being attached to different divisions. E Battery was alconnected with mounted infantry, but never, said McLeod, were they associated with the equals of the C. M. R. unless it were the Australian horse. Quoting an Australian trooper, he said the Canadians and Australians together could lick the whole English

'Were you ever frightened," impudently asked the reporter. "Frightened, said McLeod." "I was scared to death the first time I heard those Mausers singing over me. I didn't couldn't see where to go. But I got over it after a while." He then gave a graphic description of E Battery's baptism of fire, which occurred at Faber's Putts, when a number of Boers made an unsuccessful night attack in a vain attempt to capture the

Canadians' guns. The mention of Strathcona's Horse elicited a number of anecdotes illustrating their reckless dare-devilry and their peculiar ideas of military dis-cipline. He told of a number of Strathcona's who while riding by a farm house flying the white flag were fired upon and had two men severely wounded. They immediately rushed the house, captured five Boers, and with western methods and promp-titude proceeded to hold a lynching bee. Three of the Boers were soon swinging to a near-by tree in halters composed of their own belts, when an imperial officer, horrified at their performance, rode up and cried: "Stop, or I'll report you—you can't do that."
"We, can't—hey! said the westerners,

pointing to the result of their labor."
"Why, we have done it, and if you don't get to — out of here we'll hang you, too." As a proper conclusion, here is a story that is not finished yet. Sometime in last September, McLeod and Dick Tibbits of Fredericton, Geo. Johnson of Campbellton and others were lying under a gun at a place about four days' march out of Hoopstadt, when the talk turned to Canadian politics and the approaching dominion elections. Tibbits was the only liberal in the party and had his work cut out to answer the arguments and accusations of the others and their jubilant prophesies that the conservatives would sweep Canada from ocean to ocean. During the dissters for the Fredericton contingent that such would be the case, and in addition stipulated that the loser should wheel the winner in a wheel-barrow from the Queen hotel in Fredericton to the Victoria hospital. That Johnson lost is a matter of history, and when he left the rest of the boys at Moncton yesterday to proceed to his home, he promised to go to Freditions of his wager.

So Frederictonians may expect some fun in the near future.

GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE! A New Stock of Hardware at Prices Below Cost

Having purchased the stock of Hardware of G. H. Burnett & Co., Ltd., at'45 Germain Street, it will be sold out at prices regardless of The stock is a new one and comprises Silverware, Cutlery, Skates, Sleds, Waggons, Snow Shovels, etc., etc., and a full line of household Hardware. Carpenters' Tools of the very best grade. Fancy goods, etc. The whole stock must be cleared out by December 31.

A. M. ROWAN, - 331 Main St.

VOL. 24

SOUTH

P. Louter Wessels, Envoys Now

Doubts the Truth Flogging of the Pe

LONDON, Jan. 1 reports several skir points, with trifli and adds:

"Three agents of tee were taken a Wet's laager, near One, who was a E flogged and then two, burghers, Wet's orders."

LONDON, Jan. has received the from Lord Kitchen "PRETORIA. About 1,400 Boers attacking both Zuu fontein stations, b They are being pu

LONDON, Jan. brief report of the bers of the peace were sent to see G sides. One or tw hope that Lord I misled by false Ka is generally felt have reported the

office without und The Daily Mail with the word claims against any "De Wet has ple the pale of Human Mail, "and not pro reinforcements The Morning

marks the point hase ends and th gins. All the papers the government inforcements, since desperate and con

The Pretoria co Daily Mail annou Pretoria of Mr. president of the Republic, from a persuade the Boo

LONDON, Jan. graph publishes a spatch from its cor sels, giving a cor Leyds and Abrah general purport o the Boer represen concerning the war solved to continue and are as hopefu a year ago of pi

Dr. Leyds and I that Great Britain mous sacrifices ete has retained the great powers at They admitted fering hardships, I ship constituted th

NEW YORK, J correspondent of The announcemen that the scheme al police force has the present. not considered the people living ed Kingdom to jo or so were selected P. Louter Wessel envoys to this co the Associated P Kitchener's despa ging of three cor De Wet near Lin

"I am certain Such an act is nature and polic Boers' only hope the sympathy of t tice of our cause the war. Such an

the shooting of or

Insi Hockey Bewar Whel an