

Weeks

low prices to

Underwear

Wool Sweaters

Boots

36 ins. wide, made Monday... 15c
LONG CLOTH, 12 1/2c
Mon... 10c

Regular 50c



ENGLISH TROUSERINGS
suitable for Men's or
28 inches wide. Reg'd
\$1.50. 50c

FRENCH SUITING,
reys, and bronze, 46
Regular
lay... 50c

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Chene, Black Figur-
Serges, Navy Coat

own Com-
al Prices

above articles, just
oods like these, and
with the approval

COOL COMFORTERS,
figured satin covers
versed side. Each \$3.00
... \$2.00

QUILTS, satin cov-
size. Each... \$6.75

annelette
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opening of the doors
a remarkable savings.

5c
yellow suitable for mak-
le 7-12c and 8-12 per yd
... 5c

etc., suitable for night
yard. ... 6c

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Interested
Opportunity

WHY JAPANESE CAME IN FREELY

Employment Agencies and the
Boarding House Keepers
Made Money

MR. KING GETS EVIDENCE

Negro Arrested in Connection
With Murder at North
Vancouver

Vancouver, Nov. 13.—Fred Yoshy, Japanese employment agent, who handles large numbers of his countrymen, started Immigration Commissioner King this afternoon with the statement that thousands of Japanese come here in order to reach the United States.

"I have seen maps sold to my countrymen on which were marked points at the boundary line around British Columbia and other places where Japanese could easily cross into the United States. There is no fence at the boundary, you know," said Yoshy, who formerly was secretary of the Japanese consulate in Vancouver.

But the sensation of the afternoon followed the admission by Yoshy that on a commission basis he arranged the employment of Japanese by railways and other corporations here. He clashed with K. Ishikawa, president of the Vancouver boarding house keepers' union, who had said the Yoshy's company imported laborers direct from Japan. Yoshy created a scene by making a dramatic denial, and Ishikawa and several of his previous statements, although the commissioner warned him of the penalty for perjury. The commissioner declared that Ishikawa was trying to conceal some features of his dealings, and a full investigation into this phase of the matter will later be made. The director of the Canada Kancho company said his concern was \$100 per week profit in the employment of business by a percentage on the wages on the men, but he was at great pains to deny that he assisted immigration agents.

Editor J. P. McConnell, of Saturday Sunset, said the articles in his newspaper were based on current rumor rather than direct evidence. Yoshy, Verone, a broker, was arrested this afternoon on suspicion that he committed the brutal murder of Clementine Nahn in North Vancouver on Saturday afternoon. Verone admitted that he was in the neighborhood at the time the murder was committed. The police found that he immediately afterwards crossed the inlet to Vancouver, had his beard and head shaved and threw away his clothing, which were found in a vacant lot. Arrived in new garments he was found this afternoon in a colored dye. Several other suspects in the case have been released. The police declare that in Verone they have the right man.

Vancouver is being flooded with all kinds of laborers, and no work is available. The call went out months ago, but when they were wanted they were not to be had. Now when they are settling in and work is being shut down in the interior lumber and copper camps, hundreds of men are available. Two thousand are idle in the Boundary district. The mayor of Vancouver has closed the labor bureau, so many applicants are being turned away. He has refused in, and as the government and the authorities are paying little attention to those already here, hundreds will be out to work all winter.

Suspected Poisoning.
New York, Nov. 13.—Coroner Hard-burger is investigating the death of Nathan Westheimer, of the Heiringer Fireworks company, who died suddenly at his home yesterday. Mr. Westheimer did not arise from his bed this morning and was found in his room this afternoon. It was at first believed that death was due to apoplexy, but an autopsy developed traces of what the coroner believes to have been hydrocyanic acid poisoning. Mr. Westheimer was interested in the Nevada and California, and recently returned from a two month visit in the West.

Missionaries to Immigrants.
Toronto, Nov. 13.—The Ontario and Quebec Baptist Home Mission Board will co-operate in placing an immigration missionary at Quebec and a Scandinavian missionary at Fort William and Port Arthur.

Preserve the Forests.
St. John, N.B., Nov. 12.—Before the Canadian Club last night, Governor Tweedie urged the preservation of the forests of New Brunswick.

Liberal Nominations.
St. Marys, Ont., Nov. 13.—South Perth Liberals nominated G. H. McCulloch, M.P. for the Commons at the next general election, and Valentine Stock, ex-M.P., for the local legislative assembly.

Street Car Crash.
Hamilton, Nov. 13.—Seven persons were more or less seriously injured yesterday afternoon by a street car falling into the side of a freight train on Ferguson street. The motion was under control of the car.

VICTIM OF ROBBERS

C. P. R. Fireman Nearly Done to Death
on Road Between Fort William
and Port Arthur

Fort William, Nov. 13.—Ambrose Kelly, a fireman on the C.P.R., running out of Schreiber to Fort William, was found today in an unconscious condition in a ditch on the road between Fort William and Port Arthur. He was taken to the hospital at this city, where he was immediately attended by Dr. Birdall, coroner. His injuries consist of a blow or blows on the head, producing a contusion of the brain, and both hands were frozen. He must have been lying in the ditch for several hours before being found, and he is in a very critical condition. He is supposed to have been relieved from duty to attend the trial of Conductor McCarthy at Port Arthur, and may have been walking from Port Arthur to Fort William. He is partially conscious and is unable to make any explanation, though he thinks he had \$500 on him. A watch, chain and diamond ring are also missing. In a large barn in the vicinity, known as McCarr's barn, about 9 p.m. last evening, a fire broke out, and Kelly, an English accent called out: "You have done enough, let me go. It is a bad night, and at this time of the year, the home of many tramps. A brother of Kelly, at Schreiber, was notified.

QUERIES OBNOXIOUS TO MR. HARRIMAN

Counsel Argue Strenuously
That Commission is Too
Inquisitive

New York, Nov. 13.—After seven hours and a half of argument today on both sides of the question, Judge Hough, in the United States Circuit court, announced tonight that he would not be ready to render a decision on the petition of the Inter-State Commerce Commission to compel E. H. Harriman to answer certain questions propounded to him last spring in the course of the commission's investigation into the so-called Harriman lines until December first. The opposing counsel were given the privilege of filing additional briefs during the next two weeks.

The arguments, which were not finished until 8:30 p.m., took a wide range, and the opposing counsel plan were thoroughly gone into. Senator John C. Spooner, of Wisconsin, appeared for the first time in the case, and argued in defense of the position maintained by Mr. Harriman, that he is not required to tell the commission what individual profit he made in selling the stocks of other railroads by him to the United Pacific company, or to detail the manner in which the famous ten per cent United Pacific dividend was distributed in August, 1906, and why its announcement was deferred for two days. Mr. Harriman has said that he is not required to tell how much he has received from the United Pacific stock, if any, he bought just prior to the announcement of the dividend. John G. No. 2027, heard in defense of Mr. Harriman and in opposition to the petition filed by the commission.

Arguments on behalf of the petition represented by the Inter-State Commerce Commission were conducted by L. Stimson and Frank B. Kellogg, special counsel to the commission. Counsel for Mr. Harriman informed the court that the purchase of the Union Pacific railroad, amounting to \$150,000,000 during one period, cost him \$2,000,000. The purchase was made, were on the recommendation of the executive committee, approved by the board of directors and ratified by the stockholders. All that Mr. Harriman did, Mr. Milburn declared, met with the fullest approval of the stockholders of the Union Pacific company. He further said that allowing for losses sustained in the recent fall of prices the Union Pacific company profited to the extent of no less than \$32,000,000 by its stock purchase. Mr. Milburn said that the facts should silence the contentions of the commission that the stock purchased by the Harriman group was behind the stock transactions. As to the impairment of the usefulness of the railroads, Mr. Kellogg asserted that the railroads with inflated value were today unable to borrow money to build the cars needed by them to carry out their obligations to the public.

"The same thing is true of the roads without inflated values," retorted Mr. Milburn. "Ex-Senator Spooner declared that the stock deals between Mr. Harriman and the Union Pacific were matters of concern only to the individual and the stockholders, and they had nothing to do with the Inter-State Commerce Commission."

Mr. Kellogg declared that the commission had a right to inquire into the use of the money of the railroads. Judge Hough interrupted the attorneys on both sides with many pointed questions. He said among other things that he did not exactly see what the deferred announcement of the Union Pacific dividend had to do with interstate traffic. He also asked if after all the commission was only seeking the unanswered questions to prove from whom Mr. Harriman, the individual, purchased the stocks sold to the company of which he is president, and what price he individually made by the transaction.

Mr. Kellogg said that the commission sought to get at the bona fide character of the deals. In concluding his argument Mr. Kellogg said the commission questioned the propriety of Mr. Milburn's sitting upon a commission to fix the price of stock he held and was able to sell to the Union Pacific. "I know," interjected Mr. Milburn, "what are you going to do about it?"

KING AND KAISER AT STATE DINNER

Exchange Wishes for Cordial
Relations Between the
Two Countries

FOREIGN SECRETARY SPOKE

Emperor to Live at Highcliffe
Castle During Sojourn in
England

Windsor, Eng., Nov. 12.—The speeches made by King Edward and Emperor William at the state dinner here were formal in tone. They consisted of a reciprocal expression of the pleasure the visit afforded, and of a mutual desire for the maintenance of friendship and peace between the two nations.

Emperor William alluded graciously to his happy childhood under the walls of the grand old Windsor castle, and he expressed the earnest wish that the close relationship existing between the two royal families should be reflected in the relations of the two countries, and thus confirm the peace of the world, which he said was the constant endeavor of King Edward and himself.

At the conclusion of the state visit at Windsor castle, Nov. 13, Emperor William will spend a fortnight at Highcliffe castle, at Christ church, near Bournemouth, a beautiful sequestered spot of historic association, King Edward, the king of Spain, and other royal personages, have often stayed at Highcliffe castle.

POINT GREY WILL BE MADE MUNICIPALITY

It is Expected That Letters
Patent Will Be Issued
Shortly

Vancouver, Nov. 13.—In the course of a few days the provincial secretary will issue letters patent formally creating the new municipality of Point Grey. These letters, which are now being prepared, will provide for the election of a reeve and five councillors. They will be elected on the general vote system next January, and it is likely that they will represent five different sections, as follows: Owners of property in what is now called Point lot No. 10, the owners of the Fraser river, property owners in Eburne and property owners in the city of Vancouver. From present indications considerable interest will be manifested in the different sections and a definite campaign will soon be on foot.

It is stated that ex-Reeve C. F. Forrester, who during the past year was candidate for the reeve and many of his friends regard him as the most likely one. The advisers of Council-Forrester are urging him to run while the majority of property owners residing in the city are trying to promote the candidature of Mr. E. I. Howe, of the firm of B. B. Johnston, Howe & Co.

The statute distinctly states that no person can be elected a reeve unless he is registered as owner of property to the extent of \$500 at least three months before the nomination. It will be necessary for councillors to own \$250 worth of property by that time.

It is pointed out by those who are preparing an interest in the affairs of the new municipality that it will be necessary to elect a good council at the outset. Not only will the new council be called upon to divide the municipality into wards and to lay out streets, but they will have to co-operate with and probably take over the work of the development now being promoted by the several improvement companies. The matter of train lines and other important things will have to be dealt with and the efforts of the pioneer administrative body will have to do largely with the work that will have to serve as the foundational development for the new municipality. Point Grey is regarded by many as the most beautiful residential district around Vancouver, and it is a population at the present time is small, but every indication that once the district is opened up and the B. C. Electric Railway company has extended its line that the influx will be very rapid and its growth will be marked by consistency and substantiality.

OUTLOOK FOR LABOR

Reports Show Some Slackening in the
Demand—No Long-Continued
Depression Expected

Ottawa, Nov. 13.—Reports to the labor department show some of the slackening in the demand for unskilled labor that usually occurs at this season of the year. The season just closing will be laid off as soon as winter sets in, but should have no trouble in securing work at something else.

At the same time the most conservative financiers in the Dominion are absolutely not serious apprehension, believing that the check will be but temporary in its influence, and that there is no reason for expecting anything in the nature of commercial or industrial depression. There are a few who are in Ottawa today, in connection with the work on the western division of the Grand Trunk Pacific. Most of these will be laid off as soon as winter sets in, but should have no trouble in securing work at something else.

D. D. Mann, of the Canadian Northern, who is in Ottawa today, says his railway did not contemplate reducing its force in any of its operations.

Fire at Caledonia.
Caledonia, Nov. 13.—The G. T. R. grain elevator and many thousands of feet of lumber and a corn pile were destroyed by fire this morning. Damage \$15,000, with insurance of only \$5,000.

For Montreal Custom House.
Montreal, Nov. 13.—The federal government has bought from the Montreal Nuns for \$400,000 the property at the corner of McGill street and Youville square upon which it is understood that the bank note circulation, at a cost of \$3,000,000. The total area of the property is about 60,000 feet.

No Report of Fight.
Cortez, Colo., Nov. 13.—Although this place is but eight miles from the scene of the battle between the United States troops and the Indians, in which a number of Indians are reported to have been killed, no such encounter have been received here.

"IN GOD WE TRUST"

President Roosevelt Explains the
Absence of the Phrase on
New United States Coins

Washington, Nov. 13.—In answer to one of the questions which have been received at the White House against the new gold coins which are to be put into circulation, President Roosevelt has written a letter which he today made public.

"When the question of the coinage came up we looked into the law and found there were no restrictions on the matter. 'In God We Trust' on the coins. As the custom, although without legal warrant, had grown up, however, I thought it best to have the inscription had I approved of its being on the coinage, but as I did not do so, it should again be put on. Of course, the matter of the law is absolutely in the hands of congress, and the direction of congress in the matter will be immediately obeyed.

"At present, as I have said, there is no writing on the coinage. My own feeling in the matter is due to my very firm conviction that to put the words 'In God We Trust' on any kind of manner not only does no good, but does positively harm, in effect irreverent which comes dangerous to the respectability of the coinage. It is a motto which is indeed well to have inscribed on our great national monuments, on our temples of justice, on our legislative halls, and in buildings such as those at West Point and Annapolis; in short wherever it will lend to inspire a lofty emotion in those who look thereon. But it seems to me eminently unwise to have the words on the coinage just as it would be by use on postage stamps or on advertisements. As regards its use on the stock market, it is a definite menace, by which to guide us. In all my life I have never heard any human being speak reverently of the motto on the coins, or show any signs of its having appealed to any high emotion in him, but I have literally hundreds of times heard it used in language of searing ridicule, which it is above all things undesirable that this beautiful and exalted phrase should excite."

Operators Acquitted.
Montreal, Nov. 13.—Operators Statand, Sheets and Howells, three Grand Trunk railway employees charged with manslaughter, have been honorably discharged by Judge Choquet of criminal responsibility in connection with the freight train collision at Vaudreuil last month, which resulted in the death of brakeman Robinson of Montreal.

Fatal Railway Smash-Up.
Steubenville, Ohio, Nov. 13.—A rear-end collision between extra freight train on the Tabash railroad at New Alexandria, Ohio, today seriously injured five of the crew. Engineer John Rupp of Pittsburg will die. Twenty-five freight cars were demolished.

Evangelistic Work.
Winnipeg, Nov. 13.—Rev. Dr. Chapman, who during the past three weeks conducted evangelistic meetings here, will visit Winnipeg in June next, and will be accompanied by the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, which meets here at that time. It is understood that Dr. Chapman has evolved a plan for evangelistic work which he intends to place before the Assembly.

CONSIDER PLANS FOR MOVING GRAIN

Government and Banks to Give
All Possible Assistance
in Matter

MAY INCREASE NOTE ISSUE

Gold Reserve Held Now More
Than Meets Present
Circulation

Toronto, Nov. 13.—What arrangements the Dominion government made with the banks to co-operate in the movement of wheat, as announced by Mr. Fleiding yesterday, is not known here. D. R. Wilkie, president and general manager of the Imperial Bank of Canada, one of the largest banks in the Dominion, does not know. Mr. Wilkie did not think the government intended to permit the banks to issue bills over the limit fixed by statute, but he is not sure.

Winnipeg, Nov. 13.—Six hundred people are attending the night schools just opened here.

SIX MEN KILLED BY FAST EXPRESS

Waiting Crowd at Milwaukee
Station Run Into by Rush-
ing Train

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 13.—Six men were killed at South Milwaukee tonight when the fast Chicago and Northwestern train ran into a crowd on a grade crossing near the station. All of the victims were so mutilated that identification was for a time impossible. A dozen people stood on the southbound track waiting for another train on the northbound track to pull out. The southbound train came along and killed six, and injured half a dozen others so severely that they were taken to hospitals with broken ribs and limbs. All of the killed were factory workmen and foreigners.

KILLED IN DENVER

Christopher Wilson, Well Known in
Winnipeg, Victim of Peculiar
Accident

Winnipeg, Nov. 13.—Christopher Wilson, a mechanic and formerly of Winnipeg, died in Denver, Colorado, on November 12 as a result of injuries received at the Burnham shops some days ago.

ALLEGED TRAITORS TAKEN AT WARSAW

Charged With Endeavoring to
Sell Military Secrets to
Germany

Warsaw, Nov. 13.—The authorities of the city made a number of arrests today in connection with the discovery of a sensational plot for the sale and conveyance of a quantity of military documents to Germany.

The information upon which the arrests were made was furnished by state detectives. A total of 20 persons were taken into custody. Among them were two train masters of the Warsaw-Vistula railroad line and their assistants. The luggage of the trainmaster was then seized. It was made up of several double bottom valises, containing the train schedules of the railroads of Poland, as well as eight plans setting forth the number of trains, with their size, speed and capacity, and the hours of their arrivals at the frontier. These documents laid bare the possibilities of concentrating troops in Poland.

ON ST. LAWRENCE ROUTE

White Star Line Will Next Season
Have Two Large 18-Knot Steam-
ships Employed

Montreal, Nov. 13.—It is announced that the White Star Steamship company will next season place two large steamers on the St. Lawrence route, under the Dominion flag. The vessels will be named the Alberta and the Alberta, and will be 18-knot vessels, of 14,000 tons each.

A Bishop's Criticism.
Detroit, Mich., Nov. 13.—Bishop Charles Williams, of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Michigan, in his annual address to the diocesan convention criticized Episcopalians in his diocese for their lack of public spirit and small contributions to the church. He had previously urged the erection of a cathedral and a church in Detroit.

Lineman's Narrow Escape.
Lethbridge, Nov. 13.—Dan McCready, lineman for the Lethbridge Electric Light company, had a miraculous escape from electrocution last night. About 8 o'clock, a passer-by noticed the apparently lifeless form of a man lying over the crossarm of an electric light pole, his extremities dangling beneath the wires. A telephone message was sent to the light station and the power was shut off. Before the bystander could get the means to effect a rescue, the lineman began to talk, and pulling himself together, clambered down the pole. Though badly burned around the body and hands he is recovering.

DUBLIN CASTLE JEWELS

Restored to Their Old Resting Place
the Castle—Mysterious Stoppage
of the Search

London, Nov. 13.—A dispatch from Dublin last night says: "A rumor is in circulation here of a very sensational character concerning the disappearance of the Dublin Castle jewels. It is said they have been restored and are at present in safe keeping at the Birmingham tower, where they reposed before they were taken away."

The developments in connection with the jewels, one of which was the insignia of the order of St. Patrick, were even more mysterious than their disappearance on July 29, when an official found them to be missing from the safe. Scotland Yard and the Irish detective worked unremittingly on the mystery until an order was received from a mysterious source which caused a cessation of all efforts to find the jewels. Accordingly notices sent to pawnbrokers were recalled.

"At the time the insignia disappeared arrangements were being made for the installation of Lord Castletown as a knight of St. Patrick. The installation has not yet taken place."

EMPEROR SPEAKS AT GUILDHALL

Urges Strengthening of Relations
Between Britain
and Germany

LONDON WAS RESPECTFUL

Lack of Enthusiasm Reflects
Efforts to Stir Up Anti-
German Feeling

London, Nov. 13.—Emperor William of Germany, the guest of King Edward, made his speech today at the Guildhall, where he was entertained by the City of London. He urged the strengthening of Anglo-German relations and emphasized his unalterable desire to foster the peace of the world.

The day passed off without the expected socialist demonstration and without any disorder or rioting. The reception given Emperor William by the people of London has been respectful, but compared with the given some other royal visitors in recent years, it was in no sense enthusiastic.

The atmosphere which has prevailed during his appearance in public has been tinged with decided coolness, and there is no doubt that the English officials are relieved that the passage of the German Emperor through the streets of this city took place without any disagreeable incidents.

The anti-German feeling among a large section of the English people, which just at present is particularly strong, derived fresh impetus from the antagonism which cropped out between the two nations on various lines during the recent conference at The Hague. Emperor William intends, evidently, that his visit shall inspire better feeling, but the result of it remains to be seen.

However cordial the relations between the ruling houses of Great Britain and Germany may be, the better part of the public does not share this feeling. The large majority of the English people insist on believing that Germany is Great Britain's enemy among the nations, and this enmity has been fanned by continuous warping reports from certain leading newspapers, as well as from military experts, that Germany's chief naval and military activity is directed toward the conquest of the British Empire—that Germany plans to surprise England when she is fully prepared to strike suddenly, just as Japan surprised Russia.

"The German invasion" is becoming a hobby of the anti-Germans, and a subject of ridicule for the pro-Germans. It has, however, unquestionably affected the mind of the public, and it has tended to surround with suspicion Emperor William's professions of his desire for peace.

More in Detail.
London, Nov. 13.—Emperor William today enjoyed a somewhat exceptional reception at the Guildhall, where, accompanied by the Empress, he was entertained by the Lord Mayor, Lord Bessborough, and the corporation of the City of London.

Their majesties drove several miles through the city in a highly decorated bunting and lined by troops from Paddington railroad station, where they were received by a citizen band. The historic hall, where an assemblage of some eight hundred persons, including members of the royal family in uniform and with their breasts glittering with orders, formed a brilliant picture. An address of welcome was presented to the Emperor in a magnificent gold casket.

In reply his Majesty recalled his previous reception at the Guildhall in 1891, and emphasized his unalterable desire to foster the peace of the world. His Majesty during his remarks, said that the only spot that his aim is above all the maintenance of peace. History, he hopes, will be just in stating that he has pursued this aim unswervingly ever since. The main part and base for the peace of the world is the maintenance of the good relations between our two countries."

The Emperor and Empress after lunch returned to Paddington station on their way back to Windsor by a different route, and everywhere were greeted in the heartiest manner by the large crowds. Emperor William appeared to be in splendid spirits throughout. He laughed and joked with his immediate neighbors, but he looked haggard, and his face was pale and drawn.

SUMMARY EXECUTION

Government of Hayti Causes Five Men
to Be Shot on Suspicion of
Conspiracy

Washington, Nov. 13.—Private advices from responsible foreign sources in Hayti give details of the execution of five political prisoners recently reported in a despatch from Minister Furness to the State Department. According to these advices, some weeks ago several men were arrested and condemned to death on the charge of conspiring against the government. One of the men was condemned because he made a military coat for another man, and another was condemned because he lived in a hotel between the two others, and in each of the two a rifle had been found. On October 30 one of the men was executed on the train line, and the first engine that passed exploded it.

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The president had five of the condemned men shot on the burial ground and shot. The names of the five men were: Helvetine Traversiere, Cuba Land Co., in connection with a loan which it is alleged was made by plaintiff to the defendant company.

NOT A DAY

years of service, is the prime attraction.

"FAULTLESS"

WIDE RANGE

time. They are not "er," but built careworkmen, of MAL-STEEL, rivetted to-pler and are as tight

your fuel bill and

rest you.

"Faultless"

connections

LTD.

SITE SPENCER'S

JAPANESE LINER FROM YOKOHAMA

Kaga Maru Brings Large Cargo From the Orient—Notable Passengers

(From Thursday's Daily)

The N. Y. K. liner Kaga Maru, Capt. G. S. Laprak, reached port yesterday afternoon from Hongkong via ports, having left Yokohama Oct. 20. The steamer brought a complement of 342 passengers, exactly half of whom departed here. The steamer was chartered by the London and China Express, who is completing an annual tour of the coast from Java to North China. In the interest of his paper published in London, Eng., Mrs. and Mrs. Tanaka and family from Hongkong, who are in the country, Japan, as usual, and is going to Seattle by the steamer. Mr. Tanaka has been representing his country, Japan, as usual, and is going to Seattle by the steamer. Mr. Tanaka has been representing his country, Japan, as usual, and is going to Seattle by the steamer.

The cargo of the steamer consisted of 14,256 packages of general freight, including tea, rattan, bamboo, curios, Chinese and Japanese merchandise, and 31,043 packages of general freight consigned to Seattle and points. The tea shipments were mostly of the high quality, and there were no oranges as was expected. Matting predominated, there being 2,124 mats of rice and 1,371 packages of bamboo poles, 2,512 cases of silk, 3,900 cases of straw, 3,690 tubs and packages of miso, soy, saki dalkon and other Japanese specialties, 1,745 cases of Chinese provisions, 90 cases of manufactured silk, and 425 cases of raw silk, 400 cases of cotton, 90 cases of pepper and 11 parcels.

The steamer encountered stormy weather for two days after leaving Yokohama, but the passage had comparatively good weather. News was brought by the steamer that six large steamers of 8,000 tons are now under construction for the Japanese company, which will probably be completed in the next few months and steamers diverted from that route to other lines. Arrangements for their deep water port at Seattle are being made, and it is expected that the steamer will be able to reach Seattle by the port with wireless telegraphic apparatus.

TAMPCO REACHES SEATTLE

Part of Steamer's Tackle Smashed by Tug Lorne Myer's Collision at Sound Port

The steamer Tampico has arrived at Seattle in tow of the tug Lorne after collision with the tug Myer at the Sound. When the Lorne made her line fast to the disabled steamer she cut sharply across her bow, and the vessel's chocks and part of her rudder and damaged a winch. The Pacific Coast Steamship company estimates the damage at \$1,000. The damage to the hull of the vessel cannot be ascertained until the vessel is surveyed and surveyed by the underwriters. This will be done as soon as cargo is discharged and the vessel is ready to be slight, consisting of one or two bent plates. The Tampico struck speed, according to the account given by the captain.

RAN DOWN A LAUNCH

Indianapolis Cut Down Small Craft and Two Lives Lost in Seattle Harbor

During thick fog on Tuesday, when making her way from the Seattle dock to the steamer Indianapolis, formerly running between Victoria and Seattle, ran down a steam launch from the United States survey steamer Explorer and Joseph Van Leuwart, engineer of the launch, and G. A. Moyce, steward, were drowned. Two others were saved from the launch. The Indianapolis was making the turn from her dock when she struck the launch, which was in the middle of the fog directly across the bow of the larger steamer.

WHEAT A FAVORITE

Wheat is a favorite crop in Saskatchewan, and the demand for it is increasing. The wheat is now at a record price, and the farmers are getting a good return for their crops. The wheat is a favorite crop in Saskatchewan, and the demand for it is increasing. The wheat is now at a record price, and the farmers are getting a good return for their crops.

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WATCHMAN IS DEAD

Samuel Dumphy, of Queen City, Victim of Accident—Steamer's Flag at Half Mast

Flags were at half mast on the steamer Queen City yesterday until the arrival of the steamer from the north for Rivers Inlet, Vancouver Island, on account of the death of Samuel Dumphy, formerly watchman of the steamer, who died yesterday at the Jubilee hospital, as a result of an accident which occurred on the last trip of the steamer when at Alby Bay.

FULL COURT SITTING IN VANCOUVER CITY

No Judges are Left in Victoria—List of Cases to Be Heard on Appeal

There are no judges in Victoria just now, all the members of the bench being at Vancouver, where a sitting of the Full court is being held. The judges are expected to remain there for some time, though Mr. Justice Martin may be expected back at least on Monday. It took half a dozen judges to preside over the equity into the cause of the collision of the steamers Charmer and Tartar.

Among the appeals are Bryce vs. the C. P. R., which was an action for damages received in the wreck of the Chehalis, and an appeal from Mr. Justice Martin's decision in the case between the World and the Province. The latter got the verdict, but without costs. This paper is now trying to get the full court to sit in Victoria.

The following is a complete list of the appeals to be heard: Armstrong vs. St. Eugene, C. M. Co., Efford vs. Wootton et al. Bank of Montreal vs. Thomson, Taylor vs. Revelstoke, Tulk vs. Stevenson, Laking vs. Laduke, Bagshaw vs. Rowland, Genelle vs. Genelle, Fernie Lumber Co. vs. Christie & Co., Hoffmeister & Co. vs. Lenora & Mt. Sicker, E. L. Co., Nor-western Coast Ry. Co. vs. Young et al. Canadian Bank of Commerce vs. Beath et al., Davidson vs. Macpherson, Bole vs. Roe and Abernethy, Rabinovitch vs. P. Lum, B. Co. vs. Evans, De Laval Separator Co. vs. Evans, Herman vs. Crawford, Jull vs. Basch, World Printing & Publishing Co. vs. Imperial Bank, Reynolds vs. McPhaden, Munsha Singh vs. B. C. General Co., C. P. R. vs. Y. & B. R. Co. and N. W. Ry. Co., G. P. R. vs. Hunting vs. Macadam, Woodhouse vs. Stewart, and G. P. R. vs. G. P. R. vs. Galtgater vs. Crabbe.

REPORTED MISSING IN RHODESIAN WILDS

Fears Entertained for Safety of Father of Victoria Man

Hon. G. A. de R. Labistour, attorney-general of Natal, father of Zulu de Rouffignel Labistour of this city, editor of the Western Investor, has been lost in the wilds of Rhodesia. The news was received from a letter from one of his sons, who has been able to obtain by cable from the British consul in Salisbury, Rhodesia, that the news is only too true. Mr. Labistour will leave on Monday next for England en route to Natal, where he will head an expedition into the interior in search of his father. He has cabled to have Kamirs and stores in readiness for the trip.

ADVISES SLAUGHTER OR EXTERMINATION

Japanese Paper Advocates Strong Measures Against Rebels in Formosa

Advices from the Orient state that the Formosan insurgents have again taken the field against Japan and surprised a Japanese camp, which sustained heavy casualties. Inspector Tani being captured and burned to death. Since the renewal of hostilities, Japanese camphor factories in Formosa have been suffering from raids and head burs, several Japanese officials having been killed and their heads carried off. Punitive expeditions were being organized. Several camphor factories have been suspended owing to the raids. Governor Sakuma, from Formosa, interviewed at Tokio, said the natives are in insurrection against the Japanese number 120,000, and a line of blockhouses on the coast system is being extended. It was expected that the campaign would soon result in the submission of the insurgents. The natives are supplied with Mauser rifles made in Germany, which with ammunition are smuggled by adventurers who engage in gun-running with small schooners. The Kokumun of Tokio, commenting on the campaign in Formosa, said wholesale slaughter or extermination.

LONGBOAT OFFERED \$2,000

Montreal, Nov. 13.—Tom Longboat won the fifteen-mile race of the independent for trophies presented by the Montreal Star over bad roads in 1:28:55. Hugh Graham, proprietor of the Star, offered Longboat \$2,000 if he remains an amateur for five years and upholds Canada's athletic honor before the world.

VOLCANIC ERUPTIONS

Japanese Paper Describes Outbreak on East Coast of Russian Empire

Advices from the Orient tell of remarkable eruptions in the Kamchatka peninsula, corresponding to those on the Osaka Asahi writes: The Kamchatkan peninsula is traversed by a range of volcanoes which have been for many years extinct. According to news which has just reached Tokyo, Mount Khukhchinsk, on the west coast, 16,131 feet in height, and situated on the upper part of the summit, is now active. The flames would be seen at a distance of 500 miles, and volcanic ashes have been falling over a radius of 400 miles round the volcano. The coast of the peninsula near the volcano has been covered with ashes to a depth of from three to five inches, and as the water in the rivers has become turbid, the number of salmon rising up the rivers of the peninsula this season has been very small. The Azuma-maru (500-ton), the largest of the steamers, could only obtain about 500 tons of fish. The operations of the coast have proved generally unsuccess-ful, and those who intend to go fishing on the coast of Kamchatka next year are much concerned as to the ultimate result of the eruption.

WESTON REACHES BUFFALO

Pedestrian Arrives in Bison City on His Way to Chicago

Buffalo, N. Y., Nov. 13.—Edward Weston, the pedestrian, reached Buffalo from Toronto in a few minutes before six o'clock this evening. He was met by a crowd of at least 1000 who jammed the sidewalks and entered the hotel half a dozen times to men to clear a passageway to the clerks desk, which the veteran registered. The crowd called for a reception at the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association. Weston received the attention of the press, and the veteran was lifted upon the desk from which he made a neat little address. Later on he was given a reception at the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association. Weston received the attention of the press, and the veteran was lifted upon the desk from which he made a neat little address.

SHRUBB DEFEATS MARSH

Winnipeg, Man., Nov. 13.—In the fifteen mile race at the Arena rink to-night between Alfred Shrubbs, the English professional, and P. L. Marsh of Winnipeg, Alfred Shrubbs won two laps, running the fifteen miles in one hour, twenty-one minutes and forty-three seconds. Marsh was two laps behind. The result would have been much closed had not the Manitoba farmer been obliged to stop and change his shoes. The race thus losing nearly all the distance which separated the runners at the finish. Shrubbs leaves tomorrow for the East to give exhibitions.

BIG BENCH SHOW TO BE HELD IN APRIL

Victoria Kennel Club Has Enthusiastic Attendance at Annual Meeting

The Victoria Kennel club, at its annual meeting held in the Garasche block, Yates street, on Tuesday evening, decided to hold a series of parlor shows in the Sir Wilfrid Laurier hall, Broad street, during the winter months, winding up with the annual bench show next year. The club was most enthusiastic and as the club is in an excellent financial situation, prospects for the coming year are bright. Several new members were admitted at the meeting, including S. Westcar, Walters, Catterall and Walker.

DEPOSITS GUARANTEED

Advices from Korea by the Empress of India state that the Japanese government has taken action against the Japanese article in the Korea Daily News, for publishing anti-Japanese articles calculated to injure the prestige of the Japanese government. He was ordered to deposit \$1,500 as guarantee of future good behavior. The action was taken under a new law governing British newspapers in China and Korea, stated to have been framed for the prosecution of the Seoul editor.

"COALS TO NEWCASTLE"

Cape Breton, With Its Great Coal Measure, Importing Fuel From Pennsylvania

Halifax, Nov. 12.—An idea of the acuteness of the coal situation in Cape Breton, with its great coalleries, may be gathered from the arrival at North Sydney today of the steamer Haakon from Philadelphia with a cargo of three thousand tons of the superior steel on the coast system in an order for 26,000 tons of the steel company has negotiated for from Philadelphia. Coals are scarce in Cape Breton, and the situation was never as intense as it is today. The demand is far greater than supply.

WILL TAKE GENERATIONS

It will be no easy task to smooth away the friction between the two races and though it is reported that the Empress Dowager hopes to evolve some scheme for "abolishing race distinctions" through the "six years," it seems probable that at the very least two generations will pass away before her desire is accomplished.

IS PICTURESQUE AND ALSO PRACTICABLE

New Road From Goldstream to Mill Bay is Practically Assured

The proposed road from Goldstream to Mill Bay, which, if constructed, will obviate the long steep detour via Spoke lake, appears to be both picturesque and practicable. It will be longer than at first thought, the total distance being about seventeen miles and a half, but it will be a beautiful scenic highway for the summer. Only in one place will the grade exceed 4 per cent, and only in one other will it exceed 7 per cent. There will be fewer bridges on the road than was expected, but still there will be a number of fine bridges. The biggest of the lot will be over the creek, where a 40-foot span will be necessary over a ravine 80 feet deep. The roughest and most expensive part of the road will be the descent to the head of these ravines, thus avoiding expensive bridge and rock work. At this point the road, generally speaking, runs along a level, a mile back from the salt water, sometimes doubling back inland still further when one of these ravines is crossed.

CHINESE HATE THE MANCHUS

Efforts Being Made to Reconcile Races in Celestial Empire

The atmosphere has been so charged with rumors of late that it has become difficult to obtain reliable information from the authorities at the capital. It has been so charged by the recent assassination of the governor of Anhui that the movements of high officials are now kept secret until the last possible moment, so as to frustrate any attempt to stir up the revolutionaries. Thus, though for the past fortnight various native papers reported the arrival of the powerful man of China, has been temporarily relieved of his post and appointed to the presidency of the Walawpu, of ministry of foreign affairs. Vice-Chang Chih-tung, much to his disgust, it is said, has been appointed to the grand council and his vice-royalty has been given to Chao Er-shen. From reliable private sources, too, I learn that when Sir Robert Hart returned to Peking on his holiday he did not resume control of the customs and it is now believed that Sir Robert Hart, who was acting in his absence, will remain in charge. This appointment would be very unpopular in the mercantile community here.

ROYAL CHAFFEURS

Alfonso of Spain, Who Likes to Speed, and Carlos of Portugal

The alarm which the Spanish nobles are reported as feeling over the speed mania of King Alfonso is not entirely unfounded. Alfonso is keen on driving his automobile fast. He has on occasion driven his car at breakfast speed from Madrid to Vitoria de los Reyes, the driving pace of the Kings of Spain. It is a favorite jest of his to invite one of his nobles who is not particularly fond of going fast to make the trip with him and then turning on all the power he can get while on the way.

MANCHUS AND CHINESE

The throne has summoned their excellencies Yuan Shih-kai and Chang Chih-tung, the most powerful viceroys in China, to Peking and among the matters upon which their advice is to be sought is the removal of the barrier that at present exists between the Manchus and the Chinese. The government is tardily awakening to the fact that China can never be strong until the rivalry between the two races is abolished. It is not surprising that the Chinese continue to regard the ruling race with hostility. From their youth upward their surly behavior is calculated to impress them with the tyranny of their conquerors. In twenty-two of the principal cities of the empire there are Manchou garrisons. They reside within their own walls and are subject only to their own authorities. If they commit crimes outside the limits of their reserve they have to be escorted back to their officers, whereas a Chinese who commits any offence within the Manchou territory can be summarily punished there and there. The garrisons are composed of Manchou and Chinese bannermen, all descendants of the Manchou conquerors or of those who joined the ranks.

THE AMERICAN MOTORIST

Constable R. E. Mannfield, writing from Lucerne, says that it is estimated that there were in Europe during the past season 2,000 American touring parties in automobiles, concerning which he adds: "Each car carries on an average two persons, making a total of 40,000 American motorists on the continent. The expense will average \$10 a day for each person, making a daily expenditure by this class of American travellers in Europe of \$400,000. The American motorists usually spend two months in the continent, which brings the aggregate expenditure up to \$24,000,000 for the season. So great is the number of American automobiles that their transport across the Atlantic has become a specialized business."

A WELL-ATTENDED GHOST STORY

Mr. Allan Fox, one of the "Nooks and Corners of Old England" (English Naah), records the following "best authenticated ghost story" of modern times. Dr. Jessop, chaplain in Majesty, visited Mannington Hall in October, 1875, and recounted in "Athenaeum" of the following January the strange experience of his past life. He had retired to bed, and was lying in a room, when he was awakened by a noise which he took to be the sound of a door opening. He went to the door, and found it closed. He opened it, and found a large man sitting on the floor, with his back to the fire, bending slightly over the grate, and appearing to be examining a pile of books that had been thrown upon the man's face. The man's face was turned away from me, but I saw his closely cut reddish-brown hair, his ear and shaved cheek, the eyebrow, the corner of his right eye, the side of his forehead, and the large white check. He was dressed in what I can describe only as a kind of ecclesiastical habit of thick corded silk, or some such material, close up to the throat, and a narrow rim of edging of gold, an inch broad of satin or velvet, serving as a border to the edging, fitting close to the chin. The light which had first attracted my attention was a sketch-book; shall I fetch it? I went to the book, and found it was a sketch-book, and a narrow rim of edging of gold, an inch broad of satin or velvet, serving as a border to the edging, fitting close to the chin. The light which had first attracted my attention was a sketch-book; shall I fetch it? I went to the book, and found it was a sketch-book, and a narrow rim of edging of gold, an inch broad of satin or velvet, serving as a border to the edging, fitting close to the chin. The light which had first attracted my attention was a sketch-book; shall I fetch it? 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AN HOUR WITH THE EDITOR

CRYSTALLIZATION

Water containing some saline matter is allowed to evaporate slowly, or the water containing certain salts is allowed to cool slowly, in the first instance all the matter contained in it is dissolved in the form of crystals. If the water is in a state of fusion or allowed to cool slowly they will also assume crystalline forms. These crystals occur in various forms, but they are always the same in the case of the same substance. We refer to perfect crystallization, but even in imperfect crystallization it is imperfect it is always along the same lines. So invariably is this rule that the form which crystals take is one of the tests used to determine what substances are. Take for example, iron pyrites. This crystallizes in only one form. In no other instance do you see a cubic crystal of yellowish color you may be certain that it is iron pyrites. But in nature crystallization rarely takes place under such conditions as will permit of perfect formation; hence, most crystalline substances are irregular in form. In some instances a piece of rock in which two plane faces meet in a straight line, it will be found on examination that they bear the same relation to each other as they would in a perfect crystal. Let us consider the process for a little while. We have a solution of common salt, and it is allowed to remain at rest and evaporate slowly. After a little time crystals begin to form, and the salt is deposited in layers regularly upon all sides of them, until all the salt has assumed the form of crystals. As a rule the slower the evaporation and the more perfect the state of rest the larger and more accurate are the crystals. This is one of the most mysterious processes of nature. These beautiful shapes can be seen in process of formation under the microscope, but so far no one has ever advanced any explanation of the phenomenon. All we know is that it goes on with inflexible regularity, and the slightest possibility of error. Some years ago Sir David Brewster said: "Though the examination of these bodies has been pretty diligently pursued, we can at this moment form no adequate idea of the complex and beautiful organization of these apparently simple bodies," and this is substantially what investigators say today. They can tell us how certain things will crystallize, but why they do so, and why one substance should assume a certain form and another another, they are as much in the dark as ever.

The formation of rocks may be divided into three classes, those that are crystalline in their origin, those that are sedimentary and those that were originally sedimentary but have become crystalline. We are chiefly concerned in this article with the first class, and let us take as example granite. This well known rock exists in several varieties, but its typical composition consists of three materials known as felspar, quartz and mica, the first named forming the principal ingredient. These three substances are held together without any retaining material, the minutest microscopic examination fails to disclose anything in the nature of a cement. The felspar and quartz occur in crystals invariably and the quartz fills up the interstices between them. It is crystalline in structure but only rarely is the peculiar character of quartz crystals sharply defined. In granite, originally it was supposed that granite was the fundamental rock basis of the earth, and that it was thrown to the surface by some eruptive process, but chemical investigation cast some doubt upon this origin and the suggestion has been advanced that it is of sedimentary origin and the crystals are the result of the application of heat afterwards. But this is not material in the present connection, for the point to which we wish to direct attention is the marvellous manner in which the constituent crystals are formed. We do not know that very much more can be said about this phase of the matter than has just been said, but it can hardly fail to be deeply interesting to the student of nature to follow the line of thought that is thus suggested.

Most of us take Nature for granted. In leaves, flowers, rocks, soil and life we see her many manifestations and we are able regard them indifferently. But as we have means or leisure to pursue inquiries into her secrets to a great extent, but we all have time to think a little about them, and if we sometimes ask the cause of what we see around us, that is of the small details of the great fabric which Nature has built up, we will find ourselves encompassed about with a "cloud of witnesses" to the existence of wonderful and subtle laws. In the origin we will seek in vain. Geography is particularly interesting because it is so easily studied. The materials for investigation are at hand. It is of practical value, especially in a country where mineral deposits form so important a factor in the material prosperity. One has only to go around him to see what a vast store of knowledge we might acquire if we gave up a little time to study. And the study is not a matter of mere pleasure. The study of Nature are infinitely varied and more interesting than any other. The story of a crystal is

better worth knowing than that of the characters of fiction. But there is no necessity for making comparisons. It is sufficient to claim for crystallography as a popular subject for inquiry, that it is as a matter which one should have in mind and investigate as from time to time opportunity offers, that it broadens our ideas of things, that it is like opening a door to a chamber full of unexplored wonders.

CHARLOTTE CORDAY.

Although Charlotte Corday can hardly be called one of the great women of history, she is such a conspicuous figure in a conspicuous age that we comply with the suggestion of an esteemed correspondent, and devote a little space to some references to her character and short career. We do this the more willingly because she was a typical woman in one sense of the word, being the incarnation of that spirit of sublime courage and heroic self-sacrifice which is exhibited by so many Russian women in our own age. Her full name was Marie Anne Charlotte Corday d'Armas, and she was born in 1768. Her family was noble, and her mother having died in her infancy, she was educated in a convent, her chief studies being the works of Plutarch and Seneca. She became a noble, and it is said that all with whom she came in contact felt the charm of her presence. The historian Guizot says of her: "Her imagination had been fired by Rousseau and Raynal and the breadth of the eighteenth century philosophy had removed from her mind every one of those inflexible principles which alone resist allurement and ideals. In the annals of the ancient Jews she only retained the story of Judith. Her family were royalists, but her mind was attracted by the republican ideal; but she saw that unclean hands had degraded and stained with blood the institutions which absorbed all her thoughts." She accordingly resolved to rid France of either Robespierre or Marat, and the demand of the latter of two hundred thousand victims of the guillotine caused her choice to fall upon him. How she gained access to Marat is worth telling. She wrote to him, saying among other things "I shall give you an opportunity of rendering France a great service." Receiving no reply, she wrote again and in the letter she said "I have to reveal to you some secrets of great importance to the republic." This letter gained her the desired interview, which took place while Marat was in his bath. He had been ill for some time. She sat down near him and he questioned her about the condition in Caen and received from her the names of all the leading people of that department. When this was completed, he said: "Very well, in eight days they will be in Paris and be guillotined." Instantly upon these words being spoken, Charlotte stabbed him in the breast. He exclaimed: "Here, my dear," and died instantly. Marat's wife, accompanied by a man, rushed into the chamber, but she remained almost impassive. "I fully expected to die in a moment," she wrote, "but some courageous men, who are really above all praise, preserved me from the excruciating fury of the unhappy people I had injured. I felt touched by the cries of some of the women, but he who saves his country takes no account of the cost." She was arrested, and when three days later, she was brought to trial, she made no pretence at denying the deed. (She avowed that she had killed Marat for his crimes, and when asked what she meant, answered: "The evils of which he has been the cause since the Revolution, I knew one man to save a hundred thousand. I was a Republican long before the Revolution, and never lacked energy." The only excuse her counsel offered for her was that she was influenced by "the enthusiasm of political fanaticism." She was sentenced to death, and when asked if she had anything to say, simply thanked her counsel and told him that in proof of the esteem she had conceived for him "she would ask him to pay the small debt which she had contracted in prison." She went to her death absolutely unmoved, refusing to the last the offices of the church. About the perfect sincerity of her belief that she was doing a great work for France in removing Marat, there can be no doubt. When asked at the trial if she thought she had killed all the Marats, she replied: "Not; but I thought the death of this one would make the others afraid." She failed in this object, but as matters were then in France, bloodshed had run its course.

Carlyle tells the story of her execution in his own inimitable style. We quote: "On the same evening therefore, about half past seven o'clock, from the gates of the Conciergerie, to a city all on tiptoe, the fatal cart issued; seated in it a fair young creature, shaven in red smock of Murders; so beautiful, serene; so full of life; journeying towards death—alone amid the world. Many take off their hats, saluting reverently, for what heart would not be touched? Others howl and growl. Adam Lux, of Mentz, declares that she is greater than Brutus; that it were beautiful to die with her; the head of this young man seems turned. At the Place de la Revolution, the countenance of

Charlotte wears the same still smile. The executioners proceed to bind her feet; she resists, thinking it meant as an insult; on a word of explanation she submits with cheerful apology. As the last act, all being now ready, they take the neckerchief from her neck; a blush of maidenly shame overspreads that fair face and neck; the cheeks being still tinged with it when the executioner lifted the severed head to show it to the people. "It is most true," says Forster, "that he struck the cheek insultingly; for I saw it with my own eyes; the Police imprisoned him for it."

"In this manner have the Beautiful and the Squalidest come in collision and extinguished each other. Jean Paul Marat and Marie Anne Charlotte Corday, both, suddenly are no more. 'Day of Preparation and of Peace.' Alas, how were peace possible, preparable while, for example, the hearts of lonely Maidens, in their covert stillness, are dreaming not of Love, Paradise, and the Light of Life, but of Corday's sacrifices and Death well earned? That 25,000,000 hearts have got to such a temper, this is Anarchy; the Soul of it lies in this: whereof not Peace can be the embodiment. The death of Marat, being more than any life. O ye hapless Two, mutually extinctive, the Beautiful and the Sordid, sleep ye well in the Mother's bosom that bore ye both!

"This is the History of Charlotte Corday; most definite, most complete, angelic-demonic; like a Star. Adam Lux goes home, half delirious, to pour forth his Apothecosis of her in paper and print; to propose that she have a statue with this inscription: 'Greater than Brutus.' Friends represent his danger; Lux is reckless; thinks it were beautiful to die with her."

Happily we in these days, and in this happy land, have no need of Charlotte Cordays. Doubtless, as we have said above, she was not one of the world's greatest women; but doubtless, also, her brief life; her one great act and the tragedy of her death abound in lessons which every man may well lay to heart, especially when men freely talk of the necessity of revolution.

SENECA

Seneca, who was born just before the beginning of the Christian era, taught through his works a philosophy and system of ethics that very closely resembles the gospel preached by Jesus of Nazareth. Jesus is not mentioned in any of Seneca's writings, though it is probable that the philosopher must have heard something of the Nazarene. Like the rest of the Romans of the day, Seneca classed the Christians with the other sects of the "despised Jews," and never mentions the new cult by name. It was his brother Gallio who refused to hear Paul speak in self-defense, and though Seneca's philosophy was beautiful and admirable in every way, he did not make any profession of following his own teaching. To the "dogs who yelped at philosophy and ask why we talk one way and act another," he thus replies, "I am not a wise man and I will not be one in order to feed your spite; so do not require me to be on a level with the fools of men, but merely to be better than the worst; I am satisfied if every day I take away something from my vices and correct my faults. I have not arrived at perfect soundness of mind and I never shall arrive at it; I compound palliatives rather than remedies for my guilt, and am satisfied if it comes of their intervals and does not shoot so painfully. Compared with your feet which are lame I am a racer, —I speak of virtue, not of myself; and when I blame vice I blame my own first of all; when I have the power I shall live as I ought to do. What you say shall not hinder me from continuing to praise that life which I do not indeed lead, but which I know I ought to lead—from loving virtue and from following after her, albeit a long way behind her and with halting gait."

This is a fair introduction to a description of the life of the philosopher, who, to his credit be it said, in spite of the fact of Rome's utter degeneracy and the lack of all interest in ethical teaching, still had the courage of his convictions and endeavored to impress upon his fellow men the value of virtuous living. Born of illustrious parents, with his father, a scholar and rhetorician of great repute, his principal teacher, Seneca early evidenced his own superior intellectual ability. In his early youth he attained great success as an advocate, preaching to a large following. Himself the wealthiest and the most finished of courtiers, he nevertheless assured his disciples that contentment and true happiness cannot go hand in hand with riches, while with characteristic inconsistency he entertained them at sumptuous banquets "spread upon five hundred splendid tables of cedar and ivory."

Banished by the Emperor Claudius, who was jealous of the young philosopher's increasing success and power, he remained an exile in Corsica for more than eight years. In the solitude of his imprisonment he wrote thus, with sublime indifference to his situation: "There is no land where man cannot dwell—no land where he cannot split his eyes to heaven; wherever we are the distance, the divine part of the human remains the same. Am I while I may look upon the sun and the moon and fix my lingering gaze upon the other constellations, and consider their rising and setting and the spaces between them, and the causes of their less or greater speed—while I may contemplate the number of stars scattering throughout the heavens, some stationary, some revolving, some suddenly blazing forth, others dazzling the gaze with a flood of fire as though they fell, and others leaving over a long space their trail of light; while I am in the midst of such phenomena, and mingle myself as far as man may with things celestial—while my soul never occupied in contemplations so sublime these, what matters it what ground I tread?"

Returning to Rome, at the command of the infamous Agrippina, he undertook the tutelage of her ungrateful son, the mad emperor Nero, who, during the first five years of his reign, gave some promise of statesmanlike development of character. Probably the influence of his teacher had much to do with what few good deeds are attributable to this profligate ruler. But Nero's reign was made known to him by the mad emperor's madly mad, and the crowning horror of this monstrous reign was the constant hindrance and a reproach to his increasing depravity and self-indulgence, and perhaps desiring to escape the late day to put to the test the efficacy of his own doctrines, offered the whole of his wealth to the emperor, and begged permission to retire to his old home in Cordova. Nero, whose whole nature had become utterly distorted by vice and indulgence in crime, accepted the generous gift of the philosopher, but accused him of treason, and he was banished to a remote island. He was perhaps mercifully in ignorance. It is said that when the command of Nero's order was made known to her, she begged her husband upon her knees that he would permit her to die with him, so greatly did she love him. She was permitted to follow him to the chamber where the deadly bath had been prepared. But before life was wholly extinct she rescued and revived by Nero's order.

Seneca's works are his best praise and his most lasting legacy. He had the most loyal friends of character, being a faithful friend in a century where betrayal of the most sacred trusts is the order of the day. He loved all little children. But wealth and power were his enemies. He was a philosopher, and he was a man who put an end to his life. There is a pathetic little story of Seneca's lovely wife, who was a devoted friend of the philosopher, but accused him of treason, and he was banished to a remote island. He was perhaps mercifully in ignorance. It is said that when the command of Nero's order was made known to her, she begged her husband upon her knees that he would permit her to die with him, so greatly did she love him. She was permitted to follow him to the chamber where the deadly bath had been prepared. But before life was wholly extinct she rescued and revived by Nero's order.

THE STORY TELLER

Merchant (entering his office suddenly), to his clerk—Ah, caught you this time.

Clerk—What do you mean, sir? I am working, am I not?

Merchant—Yes, that's just it. Strange to say, you are—Laudise Blaister.

Apropos of vanity. Secretary Root told me that you are a politician who the day before last made a certain speech, set a 41-page report of it to all the papers. On page 20 appeared this paragraph: "But the hour grows late, and I must close. (No, no! Go on! Go on!)"—Argonaut.

Evelyn—Some of our proverbs are so ridiculous. For instance, "Where ignorance is bliss—"

Ethel—What's the matter now?

Evelyn—Why, you know, Fred gave me an engagement ring last week and I simply can't find out how much it cost him.—Judge.

"You look worried. What's the matter?"

"Oh, we're all upset at our house. There's been another drop in copper."

"But I thought you never speculated."

"I don't. Our cook let the coffee pot fall on her foot, and she has had to go to the hospital."—Chicago Record-Herald.

It was at the Saturday night ball in the East End of London. They met at the second dance and sat out and danced alternately until, just after midnight, he resolved to unburden his bosom of a load of care.

"It's funny, Ethel," he whispered, "but that gum-looking chap over there by the conservatory door is a—follerin' us wherever we go. Who is 'e? 'e's little game? Who is 'e?"

Ethel looked in the direction indicated and answered nonchalantly. "In? O, 'e's the bloke who bought me a watch."—Tit-Bits.

J. E. Clift, general press representative of the big Sells-Floto shows, recounts a good one on Senator El Cazor, who, with two handsome lady assistants, does a thrilling empanelment act with his circus.

In Wallace, Ida, two rough looking cowboys sat quietly watching the show until the feature appeared.

"Judging his companion, one of them said: 'Come on, Bill, let's get out; this show is no good.'"

"What's the matter?" queried the other one.

"Why, that guy has thrown sixteen knives, that gals already and he hasn't hit either one yet."

When the Motor Passed

Old Coachman (exercising supererogatory carriage horses)—Well, all I can say is, when the ladies went out with me they used to take a pride in making themselves look nice; but when they goes out in that bloomin' thing they look like patients out of one of them eye-and-ear hospitals.—Funch.

For Harmony's Sake

Meddler, who had eaten a hearty breakfast of ham and eggs, with the usual evidences of the meal on his face, lines around his eyes, and a red nose, was a bit careless in his feeding—leaned back in his chair with serene satisfaction.

"Hull, he said, 'I feel better. I'll go now and order that suit of clothes I have been intending for the last month or more to add to my wardrobe.'"

"If you will take my advice," suggested the feminine autocrat of the breakfast table, surveying him with marked displeasure, "you'll get a pepper suit."

"What for?"

"To go with all that eggs!"—Chicago Tribune.

Looking For Trouble

Israel Ludlow, the aeronaut whose experiments with flying machines have greatly inspired his hearers, perseveres in his aeronautical researches, and one day he said:

"I bet my accident patiently. It happened, no doubt, because it was to happen. I shall keep on with flying. I am not a victim of a fatalist, I suppose."

He mused a moment.

"You know how profoundly they believe in fate in the East?" he said, "there is a story that they tell about it."

"A certain sultan was giving audience to his nobles one morning when a good vizier came and prostrated himself at the foot of the dais.

"Rise, vizier," said the sultan, graciously, "and tell me why are you so pale, and why do you tremble so?"

"I have a bad news, your highness," said the vizier, "and I am afraid to tell it to you. In that shadowy corner by the ivory screen the Angel of Death is standing. For a long while he has stood there, waiting for his chance to take an earnest and strange look."

"The vizier wrung his hands."

"Lord, grant thy slave permission to set out forthwith for Smyrna. Thus, vizier, I will escape the dreadful visitant."

"The sultan, with a nod, granted the vizier that wish and the poor man hastened forth with all speed to make ready for the journey. Then the sultan beckoned the angel to him.

"Art thou," he said, "truly the Angel of Death?"

"Yes," replied the other, indifferently.

"The sultan nodded his head. Then he said gravely:

"Why hast thou looked with such strange earnestness at my vizier?"

"Because," said the angel, "I wondered why he was doing here, for I have orders to kill him in Smyrna."

Washington Star.

Could He Have Survived?

"It is a rule, to which good lawyers usually adhere," says a Philadelphia attorney, "never to tell more than one's own side of a case. There was an instance in England, not many years ago, wherein a lawyer carried the rule to the extreme."

"One of the agents in a Midland railway court objected to a person whose name was on the register on the ground that he was dead. The railway attorney declined to accept the evidence, and demanded a conclusive testimony on the point.

"The agent on the other side arose and gave corroborative evidence to the effect that the man in question was dead."

"But, sir, how do you know the man's death?" demanded the barrister.

"Well," was the reply, "I don't know. It's very difficult to prove."

"As I suspected," returned the bar-

THE STORY TELLER

Merch. "You don't know whether he's dead or not?"

"Whereupon the witness coolly continued: 'I was saying, sir, that I don't know whether he's dead or not; but I do know this, they buried him about a month ago on suspicion.'—Harper's Weekly.

Bathos

Prof. Brandier Matthews, at a recent dinner talked of bathos with his usual wealth of apt illustration.

"We find a deal of bathos in the law courts," he said. "An excellent example occurred in a Massachusetts judge's summing up of a larceny case. He said:

"'For every centures the thunders of Sinai have echoed through the world: 'Thou shalt not steal. This is also a principle of common law and a rule of equity.'"

"In a murder trial (the accused had killed a soldier) another judge said: 'John Jones, not only have you committed murder, but you have also run a bayonet through the breeches of one of our august Republic's cavalry uniforms.'"

"A Sanjace justice of the peace rebuked a thief thus: 'Prisoner, a bountiful Providence has endowed you with health and strength, instead of which you go about stealing chickens.'—Washington Star.

Cool!

The coolness and presence of mind of General Bruce Hamilton are well illustrated by an incident which occurred during the South African War. The general was having a despatch read to him while they were in the firing line, but he was so coolly that he went right between two fingers of the A.D.C., who was reading, as well as over the top of the despatch. The A.D.C. stopped short and looked at the hole made by the bullet in dismay. "General Hamilton," he said, "can only have knocked out a word or two."

A "Disorder"

Representative Lorimer of Chicago, who is a great walker, was recently out for a tramp along the conduit road leading from Washington when, after going a few miles, he sat down to rest.

"Want a lift, mister?" asked a good-natured Maryland farmer driving that way.

"Thank you," responded Mr. Lorimer; "I will avail myself of your kind offer."

The two rode in silence for a while. Presently the tenant asked: "Professional man?"

"Yes," answered Lorimer, who was thinking of him he had pending before the horse.

After another long pause the farmer asked: "You ain't a lawyer or you'd be talkin'; you ain't a doctor 'cause you ain't got no sachel; and you ain't a preacher from the looks of you. What is your profession, anyhow?"

"I am a politician," replied Lorimer. "The Mexicans gave a short course of dispat's; politics ain't no profession; politics is a disorder."—Success Magazine.

A Golf Story

There is a certain Western congressman, a golf enthusiast, who, when he came to Washington for the first time, was accustomed to get to the Chevy Chase club's links early in the morning, when there would be no one to witness his lack of skill.

On one occasion a caddy had followed him to the links, and he loved him to go with him for the modest compensation of fifty cents.

"I don't need you, my boy," said the representative. "I'll get it alone, and as he spoke the Westerner, making a tremendous swing of the ball, missed it by a foot.

"I'll go round with you for a quarter," he said to the caddy.

Again the amateur declined the caddy's attendance; and again he swung at the ball, with the same result.

"I'll go with you for fifteen cents," said the boy.

This so rattled the newcomer that he made three more wild swings. The caddy, as he retreated a bit, called out:

"Say, mister, won't you take me round for nothing? I'll go for the fun of it!"—Harper's Weekly.

No Chesterfield

A Christian Scientist of Boston was praising the late Earl of Dunmore. "I am greatly interested," he said, "in a good Christian Scientist and a good man. Tall and robust and supple. I can see him still with his short grey beard and his kind face. His one fault—a fault due to his aristocratic upbringing, no doubt—was the exaggerated value that he set upon correctness in eating, in dress, in everything."

"At a dinner in Beacon street last year," he heard him tell a story about an incorrect self-made man, or 'you veau-riole,' as he called him.

"This man was dressing one evening to go out. His wife bustled into the room before he started to look him over.

"But, George," she said, reproachfully, "aren't you going to wear your diamond studs to the banquet?"

"No. What's the use?" George growled. "My napkin would hide 'em, anyhow."

One of Them

A foreign tourist who had received permission to visit one of the large asylums for the insane in the United States, was surprised at the courteous and good order that prevailed within the walls of the institution. He asked if it was always like that, and the polite attendant who was showing him through the buildings said:

"We have what we call 'violent wards' of course, but I presume you would not care to see those."

"I think not," he replied.

"It is just as well, perhaps. They are rather noisy, although, of 30.28. We exercise the same kind of a system of the welfare of the inmates that you see in this part of the institution. We also have a section where we keep the 'incurables.'"

"These inmates, then, are considered incurable?"

"Their cases are at least hopeful," he said. "I am greatly interested," said the visitor, "but I will not take up any more of your time. You have other duties to attend to. Have you any more to say in this part of the institution. We also have a section where we keep the 'incurables.'"

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VANCOUVER'S PLANS TO PRESERVE HEALTH

City Health Officer Makes Suggestions Which He Wants Taken Up

Vancouver, B. C., Nov. 13.—Medical Health Officer Underhill yesterday afternoon outlined to the civic health committee his plans for advanced work next year, and asked the body to make such arrangements as would render possible the taking up of the matters at the very first of the season.

The most important item was the scheme of uniting all the "cleaning up" work of the city under the head of the scavenging department, thus wiping out all private scavenging as well as taking over a part of the work now done by the board of works.

Dr. Underhill also asked for the establishment of a city morgue. In support of this idea he said the manner in which unknown dead bodies are cared for in the city was not far from disgraceful.

Dr. Underhill asked that a recommendation be made that his health inspectors should be uniformed next year, and this suggestion was adopted.

SURVEYORS' NARROW ESCAPE IN NORTH

Upsetting of Canoe Endangers the Lives of Five Men—Instruments, Etc., Are Lost

Vancouver, B. C., Nov. 13.—By the upsetting of a canoe in the Bradford river last September five members of a Canadian survey party engaged in delimiting a section of the international boundary between the Dominion and Alaska had a narrow escape from drowning.

AN ENORMOUS PANTHER IS ON JAMES ISLAND

Party of Victoria Sportsmen Will Try and Kill the Marauder

The peaceful pastures of James Island have been disturbed by a marauder. Having heard, possibly, that Dr. Hendry had sold the island and that Irving H. Wheatcroft, a guest at the Hotel Vancouver, was an enormous panther, away he came.

MR. HARRIMAN IN COURT

Argument on Petition for an Order to Compel Him to Answer Questions

New York, Nov. 12.—Argument will be heard tomorrow on the petition of the Interstate Commission for an order requiring Edward H. Harriman to answer certain questions.

TO SEEK ADMISSION TO THE SANITARIUM

Form Must Be Filled Out and Medical Examination Passed

Dr. Irving, acting superintendent of the anti-tuberculosis society at Tranquille, with the matron, Miss Mathewson, are on their way to the institution to prepare it for the reception of patients.

Was Anxious for Dope.

Vancouver, B. C., Nov. 13.—"I was crazy to get some dope. I hadn't had any for a long time. This was morning by Leslie B. Davenport, who escaped from custody on October 22. Davenport was sentenced to three months for vagrancy on October 5.

Sprout-Manners.

Vancouver, B. C., Nov. 13.—Thomas Sprout and Miss Elizabeth Manners were united in the bonds of holy matrimony on Monday, Nov. 11, in this city, at the residence of the officiating minister, Rev. George Gordon.

Vancouver and Liquor

Vancouver, B. C., Nov. 13.—Mayor Bcthune has been requested by license commission to communicate with the provincial authorities with reference to the sale of intoxicating liquors on Sunday at points adjacent to the city.

ARE AFTER VAGRANTS

Vancouver Police Determined to Drive Out Those Who Loiter on the Streets at Night

Vancouver, B. C., Nov. 13.—The police are out hot foot after the vagrants who frequent the streets every night long after the curfew has sounded. Some of these men are really respectable people who have been constabulary state that these men are really a menace to the city.

Fraser River Navigation

New Westminster, Nov. 13.—A special meeting of the Fraser River Improvement committee was held yesterday in Mayor Keary's office.

THE LOCAL MARKETS

Royal Household bag, \$2.00. Lake of the Woods, a bag, \$2.00. Calgary, a bag, \$2.00. Hungarian, per bbl., \$7.50.

WRECKERS EXPECT TO HAVE BIG FREIGHTER OFF ROCKS AT HIGH WATER

The steamer Indravelli which drove at full speed into the corner of Kellett bluff, Henry Island, is still held fast with her bow on a ledge of rock and the hull aft of the forecastle afloat in 50 fathoms of water.

At the present there is room for but seventeen patients and the process of selection is at present going on. Irrespective of the patients who pay for the treatment, the board will select the applicants whom they are convinced should be admitted.

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Great Reductions Today and Saturday

LADIES' GOLFERS, regular price \$2.50, for \$1.75. LADIES' GOLFERS, regular price \$3.00, for \$2.00. LADIES' GOLFERS, regular price \$3.50, for \$2.50.

Crompton's Famous "Phonac" Corset

Regular price, per pair \$1.25, for .90c. Ladies' Hygeian Waists. Regular price, per pair \$1.25, for .90c.

Henry Young & Co. Government Street, Victoria, B. C. "Home of the Hat Beautiful" Latest ideas in high-class exclusive Millinery.

INDRAVELLI MAY COME HERE TODAY

Wreckers Expect to Have Big Freighter Off Rocks at High Water

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DRUCE MY EXCITES

Trial of Case Claim to Druce's Land's

CHARGE OF

"Great American" Gives Evid

London, Nov. 8.—Some twenty found the Marylebone court when the hearing of the mystery case was held. Druce, who is charged with the murder of his nephew, a poor man, was the only one of the party who was not a member of the club.

WRECKERS EXPECT TO HAVE BIG FREIGHTER OFF ROCKS AT HIGH WATER

The steamer Indravelli which drove at full speed into the corner of Kellett bluff, Henry Island, is still held fast with her bow on a ledge of rock and the hull aft of the forecastle afloat in 50 fathoms of water.

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Corsets

n Waists

... \$1.75

... \$2.00

... \$2.50

... \$3.25

... \$3.65

... \$4.50

Corset

... Regular 90c

... 90c

... 60c

DRUCE MYSTERY

EXCITES ENGLAND

Trial of Case Arising Out of Claim to Duke of Portland's Estates

CHARGE OF PERJURY LAID

"Great American Affidavit Maker" Gives Remarkable Evidence

London, Nov. 8.—Hundreds of persons vainly sought for admission to the hearing of the famous Druce mystery case was resumed. Herbert Druce, son of the late Thomas Charles Druce, is charged with perjury by his nephew, George Holliday Druce, who alleges that the defendant on the 23rd day of March, 1898, at Bereth, committed wilful and corrupt perjury in an affidavit, and that he also did so in the Probate court in the third and fourth days of December, 1905.

The charge is incidental to the Druce claim to the estate of the Duke of Portland, and dates back to 1885. At every step of the case has been vigorously contested by the present Duke of Portland. In brief, the remarkable case centres about the old question whether Thomas Charles Druce, at one time owner of the famous Baker street bazaar, who was said to have died 43 years ago, was or was not, the same person as the recent eccentric fifth Duke of Portland, who died in 1874.

Interest in the proceedings today was heightened by the alleged theft, since the previous session, of the diary of Miss L. Robinson, a daughter of a southern tobacco planter, who was employed as an amanuensis in the Baker street bazaar, where she saw the late T. C. Druce, father of the George Druce who in turn was the father of George Holliday Druce, claimant to the estates, as the Duke of Portland, whose name she knew. Druce she claimed to be able to establish.

Many titled persons occupied seats on the magisterial bench, and the Princess von Hatzfeldt and Ladies Lytton and Grey. Eminent counsel have been engaged on both sides, and the Duke of Portland, Lord Howard de Walden, the occupants of the estates, are equally represented.

The proceedings opened with a tilt between Horace Avery, K. C., for the defence, and A. Thelwell Jones, K. C., for the prosecution. The latter related a suggestion contained in a letter of plaintiffs' counsel to the effect that the defendant had been seen with the theft of the diary which Miss Robinson averred was stolen from her in the street. Counsel for the plaintiff eventually expressed regret that the letter had been written.

Sensational Evidence.

Robert Caldwell, of Richmond, N. Y., testified that he knew the late Duke of Portland, both as the Duke of Portland, T. C. Druce at Welbeck Abbey, and at the Baker street bazaar. Mr. Caldwell stated that he treated the duke at both places for a season of the nose.

There was a buzz of excitement when Mr. Caldwell, on the morning of the death and mock funeral of Druce so testified that his personal knowledge of the duke's personality could not be questioned. He declared that at the duke's request he employed a carpenter to construct a coffin, and that he had put two hundred pounds of lead and put the duke in the coffin himself. The funeral occurred the following day.

The witness further testified that he saw the duke on the morning of the funeral at the Baker street bazaar. When shown the two photos, Mr. Caldwell declared that they were photographs of the Duke of Portland in the character of T. C. Druce.

Witness was then asked to account for the beard shown in one of the photographs, and he replied that he had seen the duke wear a false beard and had seen him take it off. A day or two later he asked the Duke of Portland if the so-called "Druce" left a will. The duke thanked Mr. Caldwell for reminding him of such trifling points, and said he must have one made.

Mr. Caldwell then gave a detailed account of his introduction to the Duke of Portland, and of the fact that he had seen the duke in England six years after the funeral, and that he had seen the duke in New York City in 1871. He said that the Duke of Portland mentioned in New York City was communicated with Druce's lawyer.

The Stewart Story.

Cross-examined by Mr. Avery, Mr. Caldwell admitted that he had been described as the great American affidavit maker, but he added that it was not true. Mr. Avery questioned Mr. Caldwell closely on the subject of his alleged offer to sell a New York newspaper story about the forged will of the Duke of Portland to the late Duke of Portland, and the fact that he had written to Albert Hill, the witness said that he desired to return him some letters which had been sent between Judge Hill and Mrs. Stewart, which were securely locked in a safe specially built to hold them, which cost \$3,500. Mr. Caldwell refused to say where the safe was kept, but asserted that he had a key to it, and that another man had a key to the room in which the safe was kept. The witness admitted that he had himself not to divulge the contents of the letters during Judge Hill's life, but said he had offered

EAST IS SWEEP

BY FIERCE STORM

Gale Works Havoc to Shipping in Quebec and Maritime Provinces

WIND 75 MILES AN HOUR

Damage Reported From Quebec, Montreal and Other Eastern Cities

Quebec, Nov. 7.—The windstorm which raged in Quebec last night and early this morning was the worst which has visited this section of the province since 1902, and from reports received the storm extended over a wide section. Quebec harbor presented a terrible scene. Vessels and pontoons were torn to pieces and drifted about in the angry waters. Many wharf buildings were destroyed. The government steamer Druid was struck by a pontoon, and in turn collided with the Canadian, both being damaged. The schooner Luminis, Capt. Warren, of Murray Bay, was carried into the mouth of the river St. Charles. The tide was naturally high, and the vessel dashed against the iron bridge at the foot of L. H. P. Co., being dashed to pieces, and also damaging the bridge so that the cars could not cross it for a time. Before the schooner was dashed against the bridge, however, it collided with another vessel and sank it.

The wind registered 75 miles an hour at Quebec observatory. From all directions come reports of damage done by wind in the eastern provinces and fences being blown down. The city is entirely deprived of electric power, and many poles and wires are down. The stormy emergency. Many boats were damaged.

Montreal, Nov. 7.—During the severe gale which has swept Montreal during the past 24 hours, the city of Germaine broke from her moorings and was carried right across the channel. She now lies partly submerged off Longueuil. During her wild career across the river, the force was swept a couple of miles, but fortunately escaped striking anything. The channel is not obstructed.

St. John, N. B., Nov. 7.—The storm gale which has swept the coast of the United States, and some of the deluge of rain. The schooner St. John, Capt. Morrison, dragged anchors and went ashore, but was floated with some difficulty.

Richibucto, N. B., Nov. 7.—The schooner Tartar, of some 65 tons, owned by K. Lagan of this place, was totally wrecked this morning while entering the port. The crew were saved, being blown up from the cabin, on which they floated away on Saturday night with a load of coal. She crashed on a reef while trying to enter the harbor in the face of the gale, and soon pounded to pieces. Astabula, Ohio, Nov. 7.—The steamer A. A. Georges is in distress outside of Astabula harbor. The gale is driving her toward the breakers. Lifesavers and a tug have gone to her assistance. The Georges carries a crew of seven. Several other ships are outside, unable to get into the harbor. A heavy northwest gale prevails.

The lifesavers subsequently succeeded in taking off all the members of the crew. It is thought the Georges will go on the beach. She will probably be seriously damaged. Three Rivers, Que., Nov. 7.—About sixteen barges loaded with pulp wood and lumber broke from their moorings in the tortoise sale last night and sank above the new wharf here. The steamer Bourgeois, owned by the city, has also gone to the bottom. No lives were lost.

Watertown, N. Y., Nov. 7.—A heavy storm, the first of the season, is prevailing in northern New York. Several inches of snow fell.

Two coal barges, the Onondaga and Black Diamond, both heavily loaded with coal, were sunk off Stony Point, in Lake Ontario, yesterday. The crews were rescued.

ELISA LYNH BACK

WITH SAHOR DEAD

Mack Lynch, an Irishman, Dies After Debauch in Fore-castle of Bark

INQUEST HELD ON BOARD

Remains Brought Ashore Yesterday Afternoon for Interment Here

(From Friday's Daily)

With her flag drooping at half-mast the German bark *Elisa Lynh*, Capt. Pundt, which left about midnight Wednesday with over two million feet of lumber in hold and lashed on deck from Chemlains for Antofagasta, in tow of the tug *Lorne*, put back to Royal Roads yesterday with an able seaman, Mack Lynch, of Dublin, 45 years of age, dead on board. The dead man was found huddled in a heap in the fore-castle either smothered or dead from alcoholism when the watch was aroused as the tug was about to let go the sailing craft outside the straits.

Sailors ran to Capt. Pundt with the news that death had come among the roysterers in the fore-castle and he shouted to Capt. Bliton, of the *Lorne*, not to let go the hawser. The German tri-color was dropped to half-mast and the tug started back with her tow to William Head, where Dr. Anderson, the quarantine officer, was notified of the death on shipboard. He came to the city with the quarantine tender *Madge* and took off the coroner, Dr. E. C. Hart, Capt. J. G. Cox, Lloyd's agent, and an undertaker, and with a coroner's jury made up from those on board the *Madge*, an inquest, was held, at which evidence was given by Capt. Pundt and the seaman "the big drunk" on board the vessel.

Lynch, the dead man, was one of those who came from Fern on the vessel, and did not come ashore here. The *Elisa Lynh* anchored in Royal Roads to ship a number of seamen and those taken off were mostly intoxicated. They brought off much whiskey with them, and all hands had a roystering time in the fore-castle the best part of two days. All hands were drunk when the watch was called, and Lynch had passed. He was found doubled up in his bunk when the other seamen tried to rouse him, and after some of them had shaken him severely they were at the door and found Lynch dead and called Capt. Pundt. The jury returned a verdict that deceased died from natural causes. The body was brought ashore and will be interred here.

EXCLUSIONISTS' REQUEST

Urges Minister to Have National Act on "Demotion" Enacted

POWER ENGINEER

DEFIES THE MAYOR

Winnipeg, Nov. 8.—"I'll just wait till he gets it," laughed Cecil B. Smith, Winnipeg's power engineer, referring to the Mayor's demand for his resignation. "Should I resign, he asked, 'just because the Mayor slanders me?'"

Mr. Smith can be dismissed on giving notice, but he has already given notice, and he says he will play them. He places the position which has arisen in Winnipeg at the door of the city corporation interests, which might be "jured by the new power plant."

"I thought long ago," he says, "that the school board tonight passed a resolution asking the government to amend the Chinese restriction act by providing refunds to Chinese alleged students."

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REASONS FOR THE

MONEY STRINGENCY

Minister of Finance Speaks of the Situation—Handling of Public Money

CONGESTED THROUGH

LACK OF YARD-ROOM

Heavy Quantities of Freight Arriving—Terminal Facilities Insufficient

Ottawa, Nov. 7.—Hon. W. S. Fielding in an interview today on the financial situation, said no doubt there were special circumstances which increased the amount of the money already left in the city. The ship's company of the *Tartar* is standing by the vessel in dry dock at Esquimalt.

Mr. Justice Martin has been notified of his appointment to hold the enquiry into the collision between the *Charmer* and *Tartar* off the headlands on October 17 is proving disadvantageous to the shipping interests because some of the witnesses necessary to the investigation are leaving the city.

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SETTLERS' RIGHTS ARE

AGAIN TO BE DEBATED

Title to Land of Syndicate, Ready to Ship Coal Questioned

SIXTY-FIFTH NATAL

DAY OF KING EDWARD

Royal Salute of Twenty-one Guns Will Be Fired at Work Point

On behalf of the E. & N. railway, A. P. Luxton, K. C., is proceeding with the case to test the rights to the land of the property formerly belonging to the Fiddler estate, and recently purchased by a syndicate, of which John Arbuthnot formed one. The syndicate, which purchased the property some time ago through the agency of J. H. Hawthorthwaite, M. P., has proceeded with the development of it. They commence to ship coal from South Wellington today.

While the provincial government and the interested settlers were contending that the final decision by the provincial council in the McGregor case, the original Settlers' Rights case would settle the question once and for all, the railway company is not content to let the matter rest, and as the circumstances in connection with the settlement of the land in each case differs, hold that they have ground for action. The railway company has made a public holiday at that season in the official gazettes announcing that the public celebration of His Majesty's sixty-fifth birthday will occur on May 25, 1908.

The public generally will unite in paying tribute to the late and late King Edward, the Peaceful.

Sanitarium Officials.

Vancouver, Nov. 8.—Dodd, formerly of this city, but more recently of Saranac Lake, N. Y., has been appointed to the position of assistant secretary in connection with the new sanitarium at Tranquille. He will travel about the country and by personal solicitations bring the work and aims of the association. Dr. Irving, who lately arrived in Victoria from the sanitarium at Gravenhurst, Ont., has been appointed medical superintendent.

HOME IS BURGLARIZED

Residence of R. Swordis is Entered and Satchel Containing Money and Papers Taken

TAMPIO STRIKES IN

SEYMOUR NARROWS

Salvor Going From Esquimalt to Assist P. C. S. Co.'s Big Freighter

(From Saturday's Daily)

A cool, daylight burglary occurred in Victoria yesterday afternoon, when the residence of R. C. Swordis, 52 John street, was entered and a satchel containing \$25 and a number of valuable papers was taken. There is at present no clue to the perpetrator.

Yesterday afternoon, Mrs. Swordis went out for a short time, leaving the satchel on the clothes rack in the front hall. In about an hour she returned and found gone a satchel full of how the thief secured entry. A peculiar feature of the case is that a few days ago Mrs. Swordis lost the key of the front door and it is barely possible that the two losses may be connected.

Salvor Going From Esquimalt to Assist P. C. S. Co.'s Big Freighter

(From Saturday's Daily)

The steamer *Tampico*, of the Pacific Coast Steamship company, loaded with concentrates and salmon from Alaskan ports, struck a reef in Seymour Narrows on Thursday morning, and is at Blenkinsop Bay well down by the head with four feet of water in a crippled condition. The British corps officials at Seattle telegraphed yesterday morning to the British Columbia Salvage company asking that the *Salvor* be held in readiness to proceed to the scene of the wreck, and she will probably leave this morning, supplied with pumps to keep the water down in the crippled vessel. The tug *Lorne* will leave for the scene this morning, as well as a Seattle salvage vessel.

The *Tampico* is believed to have struck on Ripple rock, located in the centre of the Seymour Narrows, where many vessels have been injured, some severely. The vessel, which is one of the largest ever taken over from the Globe Navigation company by the Pacific Steamship company, to be used as a freighter, together with the steamer *Alki*, is a steel screw spar deck steamer of 2,133 tons net, 1,451 tons net, and 21 feet deep.

Ripple rock, where the accident occurred, has been the scene of many accidents. Many years ago the United States warship *Saranac* struck there and became a total loss. The United States warship *Wachusett* also struck there a year or two later, bumping her belly, but was recovered. The steamer *Alki*, another of the Pacific Coast Steamship company's freighters, running to Alaska, also went on there a few years ago and about two years ago the United States cable steamer *Burnside*, which laid the Alaska cable, struck there and reached Seattle in a crippled condition. The British torpedo destroyer *Sparrowhawk* had a narrow escape there. Her furnace plates dropped and the vessel became unmanageable, drifting stern first through the Narrows on a flood tide.

The fact that the *Tampico* is laden with concentrates will militate against the success of her pumps in keeping the water down, and it is likely that the services of the steamer *Salvor* will be required to bring her down to a dock. The concentrates, which were loaded at the Treadwell mine, are valued at \$100,000. The *Salvor* is a heavy salmon ship, form a heavy cargo, and is a comparatively short distance to the south of Seymour Narrows.

Blenkinsop Bay, where the steamer is anchored, is located on the north-east coast of Vancouver island, a short distance to the south of Seymour Narrows.

Sir Charles Tupper Honored

London, Nov. 8.—The government has decided not to recommend any appointment to the House of Lords during the absence of the interior, who was implicated in the great grain scandal during the famine relief operations of 1906, has been a comparatively short one. Sir Charles Tupper, the ex-premier of Canada, appears first on the list of the new privy councillors.

Not "Prunes and Prisms,"
But Prunes and Raisins

For Today's Bargain

New consignment just to hand of exceptionally nice fresh

PRUNES

hence this fine "special." Saturday only 3lbs for 25c.

FANCY SEEDED RAISINS

the famous "Dixie" brand, per package, Saturday only 10c

Pure Pork Sausage, per lb. 25c

DIXIE H. ROSS & COMPANY

Cash Grocers: 111 Government St.

King of Fences

ELLWOOD

Farm, Lawn and Poultry Fencing

BULL PROOF, CHICKEN PROOF, FIRE PROOF

For Sale by

The Hickman Tye Hardware Co., Ltd.

Victoria Agents, 544-546 Yates Street

HOME IS BURGLARIZED

Residence of R. Swordis is Entered and Satchel Containing Money and Papers Taken

NOTICE

RAYMOND & SONS

7 PANDORA STREET

Wish to inform their numerous patrons that they have in stock a full line of

SATIN FINISH ENAMEL AND AMERICAN ONYX TILES

The latest odd and new styles in

MAPLES, FULL SETS OF ANTIQUE FIRE IRONS AND FENDERS

Complete from designs that were in use during the seventeenth century.

We also carry lime, cement, plaster of Paris, building blocks, Fire Brick, Fire Clay. Please call and inspect our stocks before deciding.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

WORK WANTED—Upon a poultry farm where experience in operating incubators can be gained. Apply Duncan MacRae, Duncan, B.C.

MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—Cedar posts delivered. T. C. Smith, Royal Oak, P. O.

FOR SALE—50 cents each; receipt for making waterproofing for clothing; also, without receipt, for metal; furniture polish cleans and produces a lustrous luster. Instantly receipt 40 cents; receipt 75 cents; promptly sent for \$1.00. J. A. Biddle, Crofton, B. C.

Poultry and Live Stock

FOR SALE—A few registered Shropshire, Red Game, and other breeds and ewes. Geo. Heatherbill, "Old Lea," Colwood, B. C.

BRONZE TURKES and Indian runner ducks for sale. Bradley Dyne, Saturna, B. C.

EDUCATION OF INDIANS

Delegation From Churches Represents Encouragement From Minister of the Interior

Medicine Hat's Scheme

Medicine Hat, Nov. 7.—The town has decided on a rather novel plan of tiding the corporation over the financial crisis without crippling its efficiency. The scheme is to issue municipal debentures, or stamping civil improvement. They own the natural gas equipment and system, also the water works, two of the best municipal securities in the Dominion, and will mortgage these for \$200,000 to obtain the necessary funds at present. Later, when bonds can be sold to advantage, the mortgage will be withdrawn.

Russian Official in Disgrace

St. Petersburg, Nov. 7.—M. Gurko, vice-minister the interior, who was implicated in the great grain scandal during the famine relief operations of 1906, has been a comparatively short one. Sir Charles Tupper, the ex-premier of Canada, appears first on the list of the new privy councillors.

me of the Hat Beautiful

ideas in high-exclusive Millinery.

Corsets

... Regular 90c

... 90c

... 60c

Fruit

... 10

... 40 to 50

... 40

... 8 to 10

... 25

... 25

... 25 to 30

... 1.00

... 1.50

... 20

Meat and Poultry

... 15 to 25

... 15 to 20

... 1.75 to 2.00

... 1.25 to 1.50

... 18 to 20

... 20 to 25

... 12 to 15

... 1.00

... 50 to 75

... 25 to 30

... 8 to 10

... 15 to 18

Marriages, Deaths

BORN.

At 115, Caldonia avenue, on 8th instant, the wife of H. T. ...

At No. 260 Gravenhurst avenue, on November 3, 1907, and Mrs. W. B. Debbage, a son...

MARRIED

... in this city, on the 11th inst., at the Bishop's Palace, the Lordship Bishop Orth and Edward, fifth son of Thomas ...

BREED LIVE STOCK

... choice Ayreshire bulls; a ... of Suffolk Down rams, and choice Yorkshire boars and sows. ... special prizes given for swine ... Exhibition, New Westminster, were won by this herd. Fair-Stock Farm, Jos. Thompson, proprietor, Chilliwack, B. C.

Lightly Shop-Worn

CORDREONS

At Less Than Actual Cost

ONLY A FEW LEFT

ETCHER BROS.

GOVERNMENT STREET

NOTICE, Thomas Burnard, of farmer, has applied for purchase of the following de...

NOTICE, THOMAS BURNARD, of Lake District about 1/4 of H. Morgan's preemption...

LAND DISTRICT

District of Nootka

NOTICE that Emily Logan, of occupation lady, intends to purchase the following de...

NOTICE that J. Daniel Matheson, B. C. occupation, intends to apply for a special...

LAND DISTRICT

District of Omoia

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SATISFACTION Means—"That Which Satisfies" USE "SALADA" TEA And You'll Appreciate This Definition LEAD PACKETS ONLY AT ALL GROCERS HIGHEST AWARD, ST. LOUIS, 1904

VICTORIA'S QUALITY STORE Before Bynig GROCERIES Write us for prices and we can save you money. Mail Orders receive our best attention. FELL & CO., Ltd. VICTORIA, B. C.

Kootenay Steel Range The oven door of the Kootenay drops down and provides a shelf upon which to rest the pans drawn from the oven. The door is strongly braced and will easily support the weight of an extra heavy roast. Free Booklet on request.

McCLARY'S LONDON, TORONTO, MONTREAL, WINNIPEG, VANCOUVER, ST. JOHN, HAMILTON Clarke & Pearson, Local Agents.

D.F. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne THE ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE The Best Remedy known for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, ACTS like a charm in DIARRHEA, DYSENTERY, & CHOLERA. NEURALGIA, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, TOOTHACHE.

NOTICE CHAS. DAY & CO., LONDON, Are The Sole Export Bottling Agents For John Jameson & Son's Whiskey

And on each LABEL must be found the following Notice and Signature: "In order that Consumers may feel assured of genuineness, we would request the attention to this our Special Export Label, and to our Trade Mark and Name on all Corks, Capsules and Cases, also to our mark."

Hazelton and Bulkley Valley Prospecting and intending settlers can be fully equipped at R. S. Sargent's General Store at Hazelton. All prospectors' groceries packed in cotton sacks. Small pack train in connection with business. R. S. Sargent, Hazelton, B. C. Fourteen years in Business at Hazelton

ATTEMPTS MURDER AND THEN SUICIDES Cigarmaker Attacks Nurse on Whom He Inflicts Painful Injury

Insane with rage at her persistent refusal to marry him, and determined that if he could not gain her for his wife, that both should die, Samuel Tota, early Sunday night on Victoria Crescent, after almost succeeding in killing Lottie Dodd, a nurse in St. Joseph's hospital, slashed his own throat and expired almost at the feet of the girl, on whom he had thrust his suit and who, bleeding from the wounds which he had inflicted upon her, saw him fall to the roadway, the victim of his own hatred.

The tragedy, one of the worst in the history of Victoria, was enacted within a street's noise and in a place in which the girl had, but a few minutes earlier, left to join a party of sister nurses, gone on ahead to attend divine service. Cheerily saying good-night to some of her friends who were on duty, Miss Dodd went out about 9 o'clock. A few minutes later she was terrified screams warned the neighborhood of the tragedy which almost ended in her death and did result in the self-inflicted murder of the man who had determined to marry her or end both their lives.

Today Miss Dodd lies at the hospital horribly cut about the face and throat by the razor which Tota wielded with such fury. Every attention being given the patient who will recover, but for the balance of her life she will bear the marks of the wounds inflicted upon her.

That Tota's intention was to either get his victim's assent to their marriage or to kill both, there is no doubt. A revolver, just purchased, and a razor, were in his possession when he met her, but only succeeded in slightly wounding her on the left hand, though he fired two shots and did result in the wounding of her head and then it was that he pulled out the razor which he wielded with fatal results.

For over a year Tota had been endeavoring to persuade the young lady to marry him. They first became acquainted when he took lodgings with the mother of the girl, early last autumn. During his stay in the city he was employed in the Province Cigar factory. Since going to New Westminster last Christmas he had been steadily written, further pressing his suit. On Thanksgiving Day last he came to Victoria where he again sought an answer and was refused. On Thursday last Miss Dodd wrote a few lines telling him that it was not her intention to marry him, stating that this was her final answer. Following this Tota came to Victoria on Sunday evening, evidently determined to succeed as indicated by the weapons in his possession, revolver and razor.

On the night of the tragedy Tota was in the city, and he had a pocket diary, which he showed to the police. "I should like to see you buried in Victoria," he said.

After leaving the boat he went directly to the hospital, and he had the intention of the girl to accompany some of the nurses to the Roman Catholic cathedral, where he had arranged to meet her. He had a pocket diary, which he showed to the police. "I should like to see you buried in Victoria," he said.

Was She Poisoned?

Thamesville, Ont.—The wife of a prominent citizen of Thamesville who has just been successfully solved. About a year ago Mrs. J. W. Dulong began to suffer with headaches. There was no apparent cause for them. After trying the ordinary "headache remedies," and failing to get relief, Mrs. Dulong consulted several physicians, who poo-hooed the idea of anything out of the ordinary and told her she "would be all right."

Vague hints became rumors. Was Mrs. Dulong being poisoned? Yes, she was—and strangest of all, by herself. Not intentionally—nor with drugs—but nevertheless, she was slowly poisoning herself. Headaches are always a sign of blood poisoning. Bowels, skin and kidneys should rid the system of tissue waste. If one of these organs are weak or not acting properly this waste stays in the system—is absorbed by the blood—and irritates the nerves and makes the headaches.

"I have tried 'Fruit-a-tives' and found them splendid for headaches," writes Mrs. Dulong after her recovery. "I had better not say since I commenced taking them. I think they are a splendid medicine and" (note this) "I am recommending them to my friends." Everybody who takes Fruit-a-tives, is grateful for the cures they affect. It is wonderful how quickly "Fruit-a-tives" give relief in all cases, stomach, liver, kidney and bowel troubles. If you suffer get a box today! 6 boxes for \$2.50. At your druggist or sent on receipt of price. Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa, Ont. 136.

Police Arrive On Scene In the meantime, the police, Sergeant Walker and Constable Woods, arrived with the patrol wagon. Tota was still alive but almost unconscious. He was taken to the hospital where he died. The body was taken to the morgue where the effects of the wounds were taken. The body was yesterday morning taken to the undertaking house where it lies awaiting the funeral. The body was taken to the morgue where the effects of the wounds were taken.

Declares Divorces ARE ALL ILLEGAL Startling Judgment is Given by Justice Clement at Vancouver. Vancouver, B. C., Nov. 11.—The validity of every divorce granted in British Columbia during the past thirty-five or six years, or to be exact, ever since this province entered confederation, has been cast in doubt by a decision of Mr. Justice Clement in the action of Watts versus Watts. In this judgment the learned Judge questions the jurisdiction of the courts of British Columbia in cases of divorce, and, at the request of all counsel concerned, the entering of judgment has been stayed until the submission of a stated case to the Full Court by the Attorney General of British Columbia.

Who Tota Was Both the principals in this Sabbath evening tragedy are well known in Victoria. Tota first came to Victoria about three years ago, and found employment in the Province Cigar factory, where he worked for about six months, and then left. About the middle of last year he returned to the city and was again employed at the cigar factory. He was an efficient workman and while his morose manner and the uncommunicative attitude he assumed towards his fellow employees, prevented him forming close friendships, he was generally well liked, and his acquaintanceship with a brother of Miss Dodd, resulted in his securing a room at the hotel where he was now residing. He had gone to New Westminster, where he was employed in the hotel, and where he worked until last Saturday, he persistently pressed Miss Dodd to marry him.

Miss Dodd, who is nineteen years of age, has been in St. Joseph's hospital for the past two years, and is a great favorite. Of late she has been suffering from a nervous breakdown. There will be an inquest this morning at 11 o'clock at the police court, Dr. Hart, coroner, having ordered one. It is probable that the local Cigar-makers' union will look after the final disposal of the body. The funeral arrangements have not been made.

IS GOOD SEASON ON THE PORTLAND CANAL

Praise for Provincial Government for Building Bridge Over Bear River

(From Tuesday's Daily) The provincial government's 1800 foot bridge which has been almost completed this summer over the Bear river to the north of Stewart, the new townsite at the head of the Portland canal, has proved of great benefit to the residents of the district, according to C. H. Dickie, of the Portland Canal Mining company, who spent last night in the city en route home to Duncan after spending the summer in the north. The bridge has saved many lives and the residents of the district praise the provincial government for its action in having the construction upon it. It would have been completed this fall had it not been for a lack of men and money. Mr. Rabb, the engineer in charge, was making good headway, but late in the summer when some lucky strikes were made by miners in the neighborhood the government workmen left bridge building to go prospecting.

Mr. Dickie was accompanied to the mine by W. J. Eliendorf, the mining expert of Spokane and who is interested in the Arctic chief, the copper proposition at Whitehorse in which Captain John Irving and other Victorians are interested. Mr. Eliendorf pronounced the silver lead property of the Portland Canal company an excellent one. The vein, ranging from 7 to 12 feet in width runs into the mountain side at an angle of 20 degrees. The company has been tunnelling in on the vein and this season have gone in about 250 feet. The work is especially development work as yet, but has been sufficient to show that the proposition is a very rich one, as the quartz carries gold to 4 oz. to the ton and silver of all values.

The company have discontinued working during the winter season as there is no steam communication nearer than Port Simpson. The difficulty of taking in powder and supplies to the isolation in the event of accident decided them on this course. Next season they will continue their development work and if the showing warrant it, they will build an aerial tram to carry their ore. They will put on a launch for independent communication with Simpson. The country is full of prospectors who have all located what seem to be good claims. Little development work is going on, however, and the claims are being held at high prices until the result of the development work of the Portland Canal Mining company's property is known.

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All Here Complete. That just describes our splendid showing of Winter Suits. Single and double breasted—3 and 4 button Sacks. Grays, browns, blues, blacks and fancy mixtures. Stripes, checks, overplaid and plain effects in Tweeds, Worsteds, Serges, Chevots, Homespun—all imported exclusively for Fit-Reform. They are all here. Ask for what you will—Fit-Reform shows everything that good style and good taste sanction. \$15 up.

Fit-Reform 73 Government St., Victoria, B. C. A SCORCHER THAT CAN'T BE BEAT You Will Have a Hot Time if You Buy a "WOODS RADIATOR" HEATER SOLD BY B. C. HARDWARE CO. Cor. Yates and Broad Sts. King of Fences ELLWOOD Farm, Lawn and Poultry Fencing BULL PROOF, CHICKEN PROOF, FIRE PROOF For Sale by The Hickman Tye Hardware Co., Ltd. Victoria Agents, 544-546 Yates Street

NEW SEASON'S FRUITS From Other Climates. Blue Ribbon Raisins, 16 oz. package, each .15c Valencia Raisins, 2 lbs. for .25c Sultan Raisins, per lb. .15c Mixed Peel, per lb. .20c Jordan Almonds, per lb. .75c Valencia Almonds, per lb. .50c Almond Paste, per lb. .75c Ground Almonds, per lb. .75c

THE FAMILY CASH STORE CORNER YATES AND DOUGLAS STREETS Phone 312 W. O. WALLACE Phone 312

vision of a face on which her bodily eyes had not rested for nine weary years. Dear Heaven, if the miracle should come true— The flushed face, the vision vanished she brought herself back to her surroundings with a start. Graceful and composed as ever, save for the unquenchable spark in her eyes reflected from that invisible lamp, she turned toward her companion. In silence he had observed the change wrought by the gypsy's words, and in those moments he, too, had changed. His face had grown older, sterner, harder; but, absorbed by her own bright vision, she was blind to all else. "Come," she said, "you must, too, have your fortune told!" "My fortune?" He looked hard into the sweet, unconscious eyes—"I need no help. I already know my fortune."—A. S. in The London Fall Mail Gazette.

A Novel Gas Mantle. A curious idea just patented in Germany is the use of an egg shell as an incandescent gas mantle. It is proposed to blow the egg, cut off the two ends of the shell, and support the remainder around a gas burner, preferably one using acetylene. This mantle, while supplying a very pleasant light, is claimed to be much less fragile than those commonly employed.

We Are Planning for the Two Busiest Days We Have Ever Had in the Men's Department

Friday and Saturday

An Extraordinary Offering of Men's Trousers

Regular Values \$2.25 and \$3.50 for \$1.90

This is indeed a splendid opportunity to stock up in good serviceable trousers. All these wearables are made of tweeds and worsteds in broken stripes and checks, all well tailored and very strongly made, and to all those in need of trousers will find this one of the best offerings in the store. Regular values \$2.25 and \$3.50 for \$1.90

Boys' Three-Piece Suits

Regular \$3.75, \$4, \$4.50. Friday \$2.75

Tomorrow we place on sale a large number of BOYS' FINE THREE-PIECE SUITS. These suits embody all the very latest styles, and come in tweeds and worsteds, in both single and double-breasted, in sizes from 17 up to 32. This is an opportunity which all mothers should investigate. The suits will be found just as represented, and then, too, they are marked at a price that the material used in their construction would cost, not counting the time to make them up. The regular values were \$3.75, \$4.00 and \$4.50, but for Friday and Saturday \$2.75



The Following are What Will Be Sold:

- Men's \$15, \$20 and \$25 Fit-Rite Suits for . . \$10 to \$20
- Men's Trousers, Value \$3.50 for \$1.90
- Boys' Suits, Value \$4.50 for \$2.75
- Men's Zephyr Shirts, Value \$1 for 50c
- Men's Underwear, Value \$2.50 for \$1.50
- Men's Suspenders, Value 50c, for 25c
- Men's Sweaters, Value 75c for 50c

Special Sale of Men's High Grade Suits

At \$10, \$15 and \$20 Each

Owing to us running short of Men's Popular Priced Clothing we have decided to make Friday and Saturday a special event in the Men's Clothing Section, and have picked out 90 suits from our new Fall Stock, which we are putting on sale those two days. This noted apparel possesses all that is distinctive in style and character, and is made of specially selected English and Scotch Tweeds, in both single-breasted and double-breasted styles. The regular prices were \$15.00, \$20.00 and \$25.00. Friday and Saturday



\$10 to \$20

Besides the Above Startling Bargains, the Following Go On Sale in the Various Departments

- Women's Flannelette Gowns, Value \$1.50 and \$1.75 for . . . 75c
- Women's Flannelette Drawers, Values 50c to 75c for 25c
- Women's Underwear, Value \$1.75 for 75c
- Women's Jackets, Value \$18 to \$25 for \$13.75
- Allover Laces, Value 50c to \$1.50 for 25c to 75c

The Greatest Coat Bargain of the Season

Ladies' Stylish Winter Coats, regular \$20, \$22.50 and \$25. Friday \$13.75



When you come here and see the splendid Bargains you will wonder how goods of such fine quality could be sold at such ridiculously low prices, and it is safe to say that Friday will soon clear them out at this extraordinary price reduction. This lot embraces 41 fine Ladies' Winter Coats, all of which are entirely new models, while the materials used in the manufacture of these coats are of extra fine quality, Venetians and Broadcloths, and the tailoring and finish perfect. They come in fawns, greens, browns, blues, and mixed effects in seven-eighths and three-quarter lengths, with new kimona sleeves and trimmings of stitched straps and shoulder capes in single and double-breasted styles, with full bias and box backs and outside pockets.

THE REGULAR PRICES WERE:
15 at \$20.00
13 at \$22.50
13 at \$25.00

\$13.75

THE REGULAR PRICES WERE:
15 at \$20.00
13 at \$22.50
13 at \$25.00

Special Opportunities in the Men's Furnishing Section

The Men's Furnishing Section comes to the front Friday & Saturday and it will pay every man to pay this department a visit before purchasing elsewhere, as the values offered are positively unmatchable.

- MEN'S PRINT, ZEPHYR AND PERCALE SHIRTS, dark and light shades, with collar bands and cuffs, a great variety of patterns from which to select. Regular value \$1.50 and \$1.25. Friday and Saturday Special 50c
- MEN'S ENGLISH DARK BLUE SWEATERS, plain knit also raised fancy stitch. Regular value \$1.50. Friday and Saturday Special price \$1.00
- MEN'S RED HEAVY RIBBED SWEATERS. Regular value 75c. Friday and Saturday Special 50c
- MEN'S HEAVY PURE WOOL ELASTIC RIBBED SHIRTS AND DRAWERS, pale blue shade, best make. Regular \$2.50. Friday and Saturday Special \$1.50
- MEN'S HEAVY NATURAL MERINO SOX, white toe and heels. Friday and Saturday 12 1/2c
- MEN'S IMPORTED STRIPED CEYLON FLANNEL SHIRTS, with satin collar bands. Regular \$2.50. Friday and Saturday Special \$1.50
- MEN'S ELASTIC WEB SUSPENDERS, assorted fancy colors. Regular value 50c. Friday and Saturday Special 25c

Extraordinary Sale of Stationery and Toilet Goods

- PAPERIES, each box contains 24 sheets and 20 envelopes. Regular values 30c to 50c. Friday and Saturday 5c, 10c, 15c and 25c
- 5 QUIRES OF CRANES LINEN LAWN, \$1.50 value. Friday and Saturday 50c
- 5 QUIRES OF CRANES LINEN GRENEFINE, \$1.50 value. Friday and Saturday 50c
- 250 SQUARE ENVELOPES. Regular 40c. Friday and Saturday 25c
- 100 RULED AND PLAIN WRITING TABLETS. Regular 25c. Friday and Saturday 10c
- BLANK BOOKS. Regular value 25c and 25c. Friday and Saturday 10c
- 150 RULED AND PLAIN WRITING TABLETS. Regular 10c. Friday and Saturday 5c
- BLANK BOOKS. Regular value 40c. Friday and Saturday 20c
- 200 HAIR BRUSHES. Regular value 75c and 65c each. Friday and Saturday 35c
- 200 HAIR COMBS. Regular value 15c each. Friday and Saturday 10c
- TOOTH BRUSHES. Special values, at 10c
- WEBSTER UNABRIDGED DICTIONARY, indexed. Regular price \$6.00. Friday and Saturday \$3.90

Ladies' Heavy Underwear

Regular Value \$1.25 per Garment. Friday and Saturday 75c

A special opportunity for ladies to procure Winter Underwear at a specially good saving.

LADIES' WOOL AND FLEECE LINED UNDERWEAR, in natural and white, vests and drawers, all sizes. Regular \$1.25. Friday and Saturday 75c

Special Price Concessions on Womens' Flannelette Night Dresses and Drawers

Owing to a misunderstanding between us and a large manufacturer of Ladies' Underwear, we are able to pass on to our Customers a special line of flannelette gowns and drawers and tremendous price reductions. These garments were ordered to be made in white, but as they could not furnish us with these in white they forwarded us a shipment of cream colored goods, hence these bargains.

130 CREAM NIGHT DRESSES. Regular values \$1.50 and \$1.75. Friday and Saturday 75c

274 Pairs of CREAM FLANNELLETTED DRAWERS, values were 60c and 75c. Friday and Saturday 25c

Special Prices for Friday and Saturday on Wall Papers

Friday will be a big day in the wallpaper department, as we are offering you the choice of over 200 lots of fancy ingrain, ceilings and borders to match, and is suitable for any room in the house. These ceilings are suitable for walls, and are in shades of greens, blues, and large gilt designs. Regular price per single roll, 25c. Friday 5c

Comforters for Chilly Nights at Warm Weather Prices

Another Lot of Specially Purchased Just Opened Up Which Go On Sale Friday

The opening days of this important event easily demonstrated the fact that Victoria people are not slow in taking advantage of these splendid offerings, which goes to show the Spencer's ability to save its patrons money on much needed articles, and fortunate indeed is it that we were able to take advantage of this special opportunity to get such seasonable merchandise at so low prices, and today we received and unpacked 9 bales of Comforters which we are putting on sale Friday. These are marked at prices which we are not afraid to say positively cannot be duplicated, therefore we urge the necessity of acting promptly.



- COTTON WOOL COMFORTERS, sateen covered, in floral designs. Each \$1.35
- COTTON WOOL COMFORTERS, Sateen covered, well finished \$1.50
- COTTON WOOL COMFORTERS, Sateen covered, exceptionally good value at, each \$1.75
- COTTON WOOL COMFORTERS, large variety of new designs and colorings. Each \$3.00
- COTTON WOOL COMFORTERS, extra good quality, at, each \$3.50
- COTTON WOOL COMFORTERS, covered with best quality sateen, in new designs and shades, at each \$4.50

Our Mail Order Service
is a most satisfactory one, and is increasing every day. If you have not as yet sent in an order, do so without delay. You will be the gainer thereby.

DAVID SPENCER LTD.

Our Fall and Winter Catalogue
is free for the asking, and will be sent immediately to those sending their name and address. It contains a lot of very useful hints. So send today.

All Over Laces at Less than Half Price

Regular Values 50c to \$1.75

Friday and Saturday 25c to 75c

Another one of our popular Lace Sales. Every yard of these beautiful goods is of the finest quality and at the prices they are marked it would be to those who use goods like these an extraordinary good opportunity to purchase at about half of regular prices.

- 400 yards of cream, white and ecru ORIENTAL ALLOVER LACES, suitable for fancy blouses. Regular values, per yard, 50c, 65c and 75c. Friday 25c
- A few hundred yards of ALLOVER LACES, in white, ecru and cream shades. Both heavy and fine. Regular values, per yard, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25. Friday 50c
- 600 yards of ALLOVER LACES, heavy gimpere and fine oriental. Regular values, per yard \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75. Friday 75c

Collar Supporters at Small Purse Prices

The Beeetee Skeleton Collar Supports—Just try one, and you know the comfort of a perfect fitting collar. It does not hold the collar up at two points, but evenly all round, is totally invisible, and practically unbreakable. Colors white and black. Each 20c

Pure, Fresh Confectionery Just in, at per lb., 50c

- Chocolate Walnut
- Chocolate Turkish De-light
- Brazil Nuts
- Cadburys' Chocolate, in fancy boxes at 25c, 50c, 75c and . . . \$1.00
- Chocolate Chips
- Chocolate Burnt Almonds
- Chocolate Nougat
- Chocolate Peppermints
- Chocolate Caramel

INDIAN SCHOOLS DEAL OUT

Startling Rate of Shown in Rep Department

TWENTY-FIVE

Dr. Bryce Shows How Indians Are Such Courage D

Winnipeg, Nov. 15.—A report on the condition in the Indian boarding schools of this province, issued by the department of Indian Affairs, taken in conjunction with the religious charge of Indian education, the government with a greater extent, the Indian schools, are conducted by the Methodist denomination, grants from the government in carrying on the training have drawn a line of deaths among the while attending schools. Dr. Bryce has drawn a report on the spring months, schools with a few obtained a statistical past and present condition of children. It was left with each school to report on the appalling deductions. The report says that 1,327 pupils returned, 10 per cent. are dead, and the almost invariably is given as tuberculosis. It is apparent that general ill health, respiration of creases, foulness is when sometimes and very constantly changing scrofulous, ent to add an infectious atmosphere, we have a danger so dangerous an often surprised, not more serious than shown statistically. Dr. Bryce remarks in a majority of cases to demand an in two or three schools noticeable absence of exercise among boys or breathing exercises. The report strains contain any recommendations as to what to reduce this abhorrent among Indian statistics given and conditions described, that vigorous action delayed.

Died From
Hartney, Man. Payne died from by lamp setting fire to

Killed by
Fort William, N. and Degio Horbuk, instantly killed by engine at Newburg were returning to the construction camp, ing off one track of westbound freight by an eastbound en

Arrested at
Edmonton, Nov. 16. Young man named formerly in the employ of Donald & Co., of Strathcona, has been arrested on a charge of smuggling opium. He was returning to the city on a train, and was found with a quantity of opium in his possession. He is charged with smuggling opium from the city of Edmonton.

Smuggling
New York, Nov. 15.—A report on the condition of smuggling, the have begun a campaign to believe will disclose smuggling conspiracies are expected to follow of which the duty smuggled is said to be of valuable lace from Paris on September 15. The report is by St. Commissioner St. loaded on \$500 bail, and is to be eliminated next week.

Conductor M
Winnipeg, Nov. 15.—A report on the condition of the railway men of W. Murray died at the result of pneumonia. He was 40 years of age, and had been in the service of the C. P. R. and was a native of the State. For many years he was a member of the C. P. R. and was a railway man and of the C. P. R. for 25 years. He came from Van Horne in 1882.