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VOLUME XL.

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ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, SATURDAY, APRIL 13, 1918.

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TEN PAGES TO-DAY.

NUMBER 82.

# THE EVENING TELEGRAM

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1 Newly Built House, fitted with all modern improvements; contains 4 Bedrooms, Bath, Dining Room, Kitchen, Parlor. Shop can be changed into a Parlor if purchaser so desires. Apply to WM. CUMMING, Mr. Brazil's Field & Pleasant St.

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Winnipeg Montreal

## IN THE TOILS;

But Happiness  
Comes at Last.

CHAPTER XLII  
HAPPINESS AT LAST.

"I fear for Adrienne," he said. "A barrier seems to have come between us!" He moved to the door as he spoke. "The earl," he said; "shall I tell him, after what has occurred?"

Katrine nodded.

"Yes," she said gravely.

"You are right," he said. "There shall be no more concealment in this home."

It was a hard and bitter task, and Charlie quailed a little as he stood before the door of the earl's apartment. It was not of himself that he thought, but of the old man's pride in Olive; of his pride and his love. They were now to receive a deadly wound. A little further down the corridor was Olive's room. He walked down to it and hesitated wistfully, but he feared to go to her; he was like a man stumbling in the dark.

He turned back and knocked at the earl's sitting room.

"Come in," answered the earl's voice, and Charlie opened the door.

For a moment he stood, speechless.

The earl was sitting in his old armchair, with his arm round Olive, who was kneeling at his feet with her face hidden in her hands.

At Charlie's entrance the earl raised his face; it was white and working, and the proud gray eyes were softened with tears.

As he saw his son, he put his hand on the head bowed upon his knee, as if to soothe—or protect her—it were difficult to say which; but Olive, looking up, shrank closer to him and away from her husband, trembling like a leaf.

The earl put up his white hand.

"No need," he said; "I know all. She has told me. It was her duty, and she has done it."

Charlie looked at the trembling figure, so beautiful in its abundance of remorse and repentance, and he held out his arms.

"Adrienne," he said, with emotion.

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seems to me as if the world concerned itself a great deal more in Katrine Haldine's affairs than she does in the world's. No; there are two women that we know whom scandal and calumny can never injure, and they are Lady Heatherdene and Katrine Haldine. And why?" he demanded. The Honorable Fitz taking his cigar from his mouth and looking round. "Because goodness and purity are written on their faces, and shine forth in their lives. They are above calumny."

And Fitz was right.

The past, terrible as it was, casts no shadow upon the lives of Charlie and Olive Heatherdene and Katrine Haldine.

Their happiness springs from a source which the world at large cannot assail: a heart of pure, unselfish love.

THE END.

## A Terrible Disclosure; OR, What Fools Men Are!

CHAPTER I

He looked down for a moment; then raised his eyes and met her gaze steadily.

"I am afraid not," he said, with a sigh. "I do not know that any one could help me."

"And yet—do you not remember the fable of the lion and the mouse—the mouse who nibbled the strands of the net and so gave liberty to the lion who had once given life to the mouse; I wish I could be your mouse."

His heart beat. Something within him whispered strongly, "Do not tell her!" and yet he craved so for her sympathy.

She sat and watched him without appearing to do so—more like a cat than a mouse, by the way!

"I am very grateful!" he said. "I am sure that you would help me if you could. It is true that I am very unhappy; I don't think any man is more so!"

She leaned toward him so that there was no need for him to speak above a whisper.

"Will you not tell me?" she murmured.

He was silent a moment; then he looked up at her.

"Yes, I will," he said. "I feel as if I must speak to some one, confide in some one, or I shall go mad. Miss Drayton, I am unhappy because I am uncertain as to the fate of one whom—whom I love very dearly."

Did she wince as if with a spasm of pain, or was it merely the flickering of the candle throwing a shadow across the lovely face?

"Do you mean—I don't understand," she said, with not a trace of vulgar curiosity, but with gentle interest.

"I mean that the woman—woman! she is but a girl, poor darling! whom I love has disappeared suddenly and mysteriously, without leaving any trace or clew behind her, leaving no sign or word to comfort me, with not even a bare reason for her disappearance! Is not that enough to make me unhappy?" and he smiled, sadly.

She looked at him for a moment in silence; then she put out her hand, and let it fall like a snowflake on his.

"I am so sorry!" truly, deeply sorry! And what have you done—what are you doing?"

"At present sitting still and eating my heart out," he said, bitterly. "What I have done is to leave the case—the case!—to a man whom my cousin Clifford Revel has employed."

She glanced across the room, with a faint expression of bewilderment that escaped him.

"Do hope that he will succeed!" she murmured. "It sounds very mysterious and romantic," she went on, wooling his confidence with every look and tone.

"It is, it is!" he assented, bending forward, his honest eyes fixed on hers, with anxious pain in them. "I do not know, though I can conjecture the cause. I think my father had something to do with it. There, I must tell you! You are so kind, so gentle, so full of sympathy that I feel as if I must tell you!" And he told her how he had met Lela, and all that had happened.

And how differently she received his confidence to what Clifford Revel had done. With eyes that looked

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# HAIG'S SPECIAL ORDER.

## No Further Retirement.

**History Repeats Itself. French Reinforcements Being Rushed to Front. British Holding Line by Magnificent Fighting.**

### HAIG SAYS "NO RETIREMENT!"

LONDON, April 12.—Field Marshal Haig, in a special order of the day addressed to all ranks of the British army in France and Flanders says: "Three weeks ago to-day the enemy began his terrible attack against us on a fifty-mile front. His objects are to separate us from the French, to take the Channel ports and to destroy our army. In spite of throwing already one hundred and six divisions into the battle and enduring the most reckless sacrifice of human life, he has yet made little progress towards his goals. We owe this to the determined fighting and self-sacrifice of our troops. With me to express the admiration which I feel for the splendid resistance offered by all ranks of our army under the most trying circumstances. Many among you are now tired. To those I would say that victory will belong to the side which holds out the longest. The French army is moving rapidly and in great haste to our support. There is no other course open to us but to fight it out. Every position must be held to the last man. There must be no retirement. With our backs to the wall and believing in the justice of our cause, each one of us must fight to the end. The safety of our homes and the freedom of mankind depend alike upon the conduct of each one of us at this critical moment."

### THE BATTLE OF THE HOUR.

LONDON, April 12. (Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency.)—The nation is watching with anxiety unprecedented since the beginning of the war the progress of the critical battle in Northern France. This anxiety is mingled with admiration for the tenacity of the British troops, who are contesting every foot of ground at the beginning of the offensive on the western front, or which twenty are believed to be practically unfit. As the struggle swayed over the thirty-mile front, observers here and in Paris are divided in opinion as to the enemy's intentions, one section regarding the offensive as a diversion intended to draw out the British reserves while preparing a fresh attack on Amiens. The other believes it is a definite, systematic attempt to destroy the British Army and break through to Calais while holding the French in the south. The consensus now favors the latter theory. It is indeed obvious that the enemy, backed by unlimited artillery, is doing what has up till this time been unprecedented in this war, namely, conducting two first class offensives simultaneously, or at the very least launching a second before we had time to draw away from the first. The prospect is grim for the British, but accounts of the fighting continue to breathe confidence that the British, however prolonged the struggle, won't yield to the enemy in what is becoming more clear as a test of endurance. The key points of the battle are the ridge at Messines and Passchendaele, which the Germans are both endeavoring to outflank and carry by direct assault. There is no evidence as yet that the enemy has gained control of a single bit of rising ground. Stories from correspondents do not confirm the enemy official claim of their capture of Messines Ridge. This claim is probably an euphemism for securing a lodgment on the eastern slopes, as the correspondents are unanimous in declaring, the fierce British counter attacks flung back the enemy from the ridge, and with the bloodiest results, while further south where the enemy was dangerously pushing in the direction of Bailleul, the splendid resistance of the British confined the advance of the Germans to a continually contracting front.

### TERRIFIC FIGHTING IN FLANDERS.

LONDON, April 12.

(Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency.)—Telegraphing from British headquarters in France to-night, Reuter's correspondent says the enemy continues to strain every effort to break through Flanders. Already thirty enemy divisions have been thrown into the battle, including reserves from other parts of the front. The enemy is employing great gun power, reinforced by great hauls from the east, in the same lavish manner as his men, thus imposing the most severe test upon our troops. Their response to this in courage and endurance defies all description. By the sustained pressure of dense masses and constant blows and shock tactics the enemy has succeeded in the past twenty-four hours in advancing in the centre of attack. The flanks are holding. The enemy has extended the nose of his salient in a way in which nothing but immense superiority in numbers could render tactically feasible. We have been counter attacking to-day. The battle is progressing fiercely in clear weather, enabling the airmen to thoroughly assist in the reconnoitering co-operating in the combat with the most effective results. The enemy's efforts in this drive include Bailleul, Estaires, Bethune and Merville. The enemy had two hundred divisions at the beginning of the offensive on the western front, or which twenty are believed to be practically unfit. On our battle line their forces consist of twenty divisions which have been thrown in the battle line three times since the 21st March, and forty-five divisions which have been thrown in twice, while over four times the number of divisions have been hurled against the British than against the French. The enemy rate of spending man power cannot be long maintained. Already to a considerable extent the 1919 class is being sent to rest the battle line division while the calling up of the 1920 class began a month ago. Our reinforcements are steadily coming up. From Givencourt to Loconon the line is holding well. Everywhere the troops are fighting magnificently. Owing to pressure we have fallen back slightly in the area east of Bailleul.

### HUN MOVEMENTS UNCERTAIN.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, April 11.—(By Associated Press).—Two strong enemy attacks last night and this morning in the region of Noyon, which were repulsed easily by the French, give rise to the question whether the Germans are about to make another attack on their southern flank. It is quite evident that the German high command is beginning to experience some difficulty over the loss of so many men and the dislocation of so many divisions which has not given the result expected. Already considerably over one hundred German divisions have been thrown into the fight and over seventy divisions have since been withdrawn to fill up the gaps in the ranks. When it is remembered that the Germans hitherto have not taken a division out of the fighting line until it has suffered a minimum of 2,500 casualties, some idea may be obtained of the enormous extent of their losses. Casualties in the divisions which have been withdrawn must be added to those of the divisions still engaged in the battle. They still have enough effectives in depots to re-establish their strength, but many of these reserves are made up of the inferior elements, such as convalescents and men who were partially exempted from service at the front. These must replace the carefully chosen men composing the crack divisions heretofore used. The total strength of a German division on this front is 13,570 men, of whom 8,000 are infantry, machine gunners and cyclists and the remainder artillerymen, engineers, ambulance attendants, transport workers and a squadron of cavalry. It is believed certain that the Germans can't satisfy the public to whom absolute victory has been promised, and will be compelled to

make further efforts before abandoning their attempt to break through the Allied lines. Otherwise they would be in a bad position to explain the loss of so many men in an abortive offensive. Whether they continue to try to obtain possession of Amiens for moral effect, endeavor to capture the Aisne heights, or throw the remainder of their available forces against the British and Belgians in the north is a secret with their own staff. For the moment the northern part of the battle line appears to occupy their sole attention with the exception of last night's and to-day's attacks near Noyon, but any day may see a change in the direction of the German thrust. The situation is viewed with complete confidence by the French high command. Detailed particulars concerning the German liquid flame throwing organizations show that a reserve regiment of engineers of the Prussian Guards is entrusted with this terrible arm. Three battalions each of four companies containing 120 men, and especially trained for the purpose are used. The men are all young, as the service calls for strength and is very hazardous. Detachments from this regiment are attached to all units along the front.

### THE FIGHTING IN BELGIUM.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMIES IN FRANCE, April 11.—Determined enemy attacks continued to-day against points of strategical value along the new battlefield north and south of Armentieres, from which the British have withdrawn, the Germans having placed it in a pocket by driving a wedge on either side of it. On the extreme right the Germans to-day were pounding away against the British defences at Givenchy, which has changed hands many times since the initial German onslaught on Tuesday. North of Armentieres the Germans were showing an equal desire to possess Messines Ridge and Whitschate, which are dominating the positions and which changed hands several times. Last night the Germans got a footing in Messines Village and they were still there to-night, but the British were clinging to the west ridge and were keeping the enemy from Whitschate. In the neighborhood of Ploegsteert the enemy again surged forward, and hard fighting was proceeding in this section late to-day. South of Armentieres the enemy also delivered violent assaults. The British this morning made a successful counter-attack and forced the enemy from Paradise, southwest of Lestrem. The abandonment of five or ten miles of territory in any sector does not mean disaster. The battle has got beyond such consideration, and has settled down to a grim race to determine whether the German man-power is enough to make good the threat to annihilate the British Army and force its capitulation. It is a cold proposition of which side will kill the most men in the next few weeks, and at the same time find more recruits to fill the depleted ranks. The mist yesterday continued to favor the enemy and to hamper the defending gunners. It was partly on account of these fogs that the Germans progressed so far as they did above Armentieres. The situation here to-day did not appear to be critical. The enemy yesterday did not attack with the huge forces employed on other sectors since the opening of the offensive, although he undoubtedly used many more men than were holding the line attacked. South of Armentieres the British yesterday and last night continued to hold most of their front satisfactorily. The enemy crossed the River Lys and obtained a footing in Lestrem but were quickly

forced out again. Last night a considerable German force crossed the river between Vieille Chapelle and Lestrem, but again were thrust back. Throughout the day German aviators did much flying at low heights, and also were active in bombing work along the battle line. A small force of the British bicycle corps did brilliant work for a short time on Tuesday when the Portuguese were forced back, and it was necessary to reinforce the centre of the Allies' battle line below Armentieres. This little body of troops were thrown in and held on gallantly until the regular infantry could be brought up. There was especially heavy fighting along the Lys, at Les Croix Du Bau, where the Germans crossed by wading. As they worked in towards the river from both flanks the British held their fire and allowed the enemy to assemble. Once the Germans were in the river the defenders opened a terrific fire and there was a huge pile of bodies in the waterway before some of the enemy succeeded in getting across. Armentieres was evacuated yesterday, but was still reeking to-day with clouds of poisonous gas and was a most inhospitable place for the enemy. The British withdrawal became necessary when the Germans on the north drove forward to the vicinity of Steenwerck, bottling the city. By their operations the Germans had gradually thrust forward lines on either side of the city toward the west until yesterday Armentieres lay at the bottom of a sack shaped salient, whose sides were 12,000 yards long and whose mouth near Steenwerck was only 3,000 yards across. The withdrawal does not mean as much from a military standpoint as might appear from a first glance, but the Germans undoubtedly will make much of the capture for the moral effect at home. Any distress over the abandonment of Armentieres is due more to sentimental than tactical reasons. In order to appreciate fully the trend of the present fighting the offensive operations must be viewed as a whole, for they must go to make up what undoubtedly is the crucial conflict of the war.

### SLAUGHTERING THE HUNS.

LONDON, April 12.—"You could have shot them down with your eyes shut," said a wounded machine-gunner in describing how the Germans attacked on the Western front, according to the correspondent there of the Daily Mail. "We fired straight into them and they went down in heaps, yet we could not stop them; it was one down and another come on." The correspondent quotes other remarks from wounded soldiers which are indicative of the unconquerable spirit of the British defenders, and which bear further testimony to the terrible toll the Germans are paying for every foot they advance. The correspondent says that wounded soldiers agreed that the Germans outnumbered the defenders at least two to one. "Aye, we're never far away," a wounded Highlander replied to the remark of the correspondent that the Highlanders seemed to get into all the battles. He proceeded to tell how his regiment was on a canal bank with the Germans coming up on the other side in an attempt to get across. We were told to hold our fire, and we waited until they were well in view. Then when there were hundreds before us we let fly. Mon, mon, it was murderous."

(Continued on 7th page.)

When you want something in a hurry for tea, go to ELLIS' Head Cheese, Ox Tongue, Roasted Ham, Cooked Corned Beef, Bologna Sausage.

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## An Appeal

I am addressing this Appeal to all the people of Newfoundland, but especially to those of the Outports.

Your Government have decided to make another special attempt to obtain further recruits for the duties forced upon us by the War. I am anxious to explain to you in simple and strong words why those duties are yours.

In your sea-girt home you have, I know, your own dangers and anxieties to face. As I write this my mind is still full of the appalling disaster to the Florizel. But War you do not realise: you are beyond the sound of the guns which in the South East corner of England, I have heard day after day breaking in upon the beauty and calmness of the summer air.

That awe-inspiring rumble of the guns which I ask you to picture are the signs of a terrible struggle for Right—of a mighty effort to save from ruin, not only France, but every bit of free soil in the world, including this island of which you are so proud. The awful struggle seems to be approaching its climax now and your close kinsmen are in the middle of it.

Some may ask, What is the danger? and it is my purpose to endeavour to make it clear to you.

By some permission of Divine Providence, which we do not understand, a nation of criminals is now attacking all that is just and true in the whole world. Germany has set herself deliberately to violate every law of Right and every principle of Humanity.

Never before in History has a War been planned like this. Hitherto all wars have had some sort of pretext of right or impulse of passion. It has been reserved to the German military party to plot wilfully and wantonly a great crime against the peace of mankind.

And the hypocrisy with which Germany supports the crime makes it still more abominable. As Judas treated the Christ, Germany is treating Civilization. Under appeals to God, Germany masks the utmost malignities of the devil. The German nation to-day knows no Law except that of the pagan, the liar, the ravisher, the murderer. They are a curse let loose on the Earth. And the task demanded of all of us is to fight and conquer this curse just as in our moral life we are bound to fight and conquer Sin. The Cause is a far broader and holier Cause than that which impelled the Crusaders against the Saracens.

We may thank God that the greater nations of the World have realised the justice of the Cause; and I believe that every man in Newfoundland will one day be thankful that he was at least asked to face this question—"Is it not my higher duty to go out and save humanity from destruction?"

Remember that your wives, your children, your cottages, your boats, are in positive danger if the German breaks through France. As he is treating the foolish Russians, so he will treat every nation whom he touches—America, Canada, Newfoundland, and to him mere objectives for his greedy brutality. He is entirely evil, he has no sense of right and no feelings of Mercy.

This mass of incarnate selfishness is held back by the strong arm of the Allies in France. Will any man of British race decline to do all he can to defeat and crush it?

At this moment the need is specially great, for the Germans are now desperate. They begin to realise the truth of that dread decree "He that takes the sword, shall perish with the sword". At no horror will they hesitate if they can but escape the punishment that is their due.

Now on every man and woman among us lies the duty to bear a hand in administering that punishment not only to ourselves but to posterity. If age or health prevent some of us from going they do not prevent us from following the greatest example ever set to mankind and making the sacrifice of that which is dearest to our hearts.

You young men I ask to listen carefully to the appeals which will once more be made to you in the next few weeks. Believe me that the voluntary act of a man, impelled by the high sense of duty, is far nobler than the mere obedience to the provisions of a public enactment.

One special word I say to women. Try to realise the sufferings of women and children wherever the Germans come: think of the little children starved in Belgium and slaughtered in cold blood in Armenia. Let your men folk stand out and protect you, for in helping to defeat the Germans they are protecting the honour and safety of all their dear ones at home.

**C. ALEXANDER HARRIS,**  
Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

Government House, St. John's,  
30th March, 1918.

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## Evening Telegram

W. J. HERDER, Proprietor  
C. T. JAMES, Editor

SATURDAY, April 13, 1918.

## Our First Duty.

Newfoundland will fall to rise above herself until all personal considerations and local jealousies are thrown into the dump and patriotism supreme springs from the hearts of every islander who places love of country first and foremost and far and away beyond individual benefit and profit.

So far as our conduct of war affairs has gone, we have not exhibited that spirit which brings victory, but have been too prone to cavil at everything, which in our opinion, has not suited us, thereby giving moral satisfaction and encouragement to the enemy. Viewing the magnificent meeting of last night as an evidence that this spirit of distrust and criticism has disappeared, it should now be the prime duty of all classes, irrespective of any political predilections, to back up by every means at our disposal the new "win the war" policy, which has been generated, we might say, spontaneously; for it is apparent that only within the last few days has the true vision of things been seen by the people. The great parade of last night has opened our eyes to the possibilities of our wholesome co-operation with the movement set on foot by the soldiers, and we realize now, as we had not perhaps before, the debt which we owe them, a debt which can only be repaid by striving with all our might to help in bringing the struggle raging in Europe, to a victorious finish for the arms of the Mother Land, the Overseas Dominions and the Allies. And to strive with all our might means, that every man, every woman, every boy and every girl, must put their shoulders to the wheel and push. New, fresh, strong, vigorous, determined efforts must be made. If the cause of victory demands sacrifices, we must make them without a murmur. If it demands our sons, our brothers, we must give them cheerfully as Abraham prepared to offer up Isaac. If the demand is for sacrifice in the way of luxuries, aye or of necessities, we must learn to do without them. Would not be rather Britons on two meals a day than Hunns on full rations? Better a dinner of herbs under British rule than a stalled ox with a Prussian bureaucracy established. Is money needed to win the war? Then we should be prepared to devote our last cent to bring victory. Money! Who would withhold a dollar when by contributing it, victory brilliant and glorious would be gained, and a peace lasting and certain, ensured. Let us then drop everything which keeps us apart; let us forget all past differences and begin anew.

## If You Are NOT Insured

The savings of a whole lifetime may be swept away in one hour.

## BE WISE

Insure Your Property in the

Atlas Assurance Company, Ltd.

OF LONDON.  
ESTABLISHED IN 1808.  
Resources of the Company \$30,000,000.00

One of the OLDEST, LARGEST and MOST RELIABLE Companies in the World.

G. KNOWLING, Ltd., AGENTS.  
Ask or write for particulars. feb2, 1918

the fight which will bring to the world the dawn of that day  
"When the war drum throbs no longer,  
And the battle flags are furled  
In the Parliament of man  
The federation of the world."

## To Our Soldiers.

What are they fighting for, these splendid men? Who, sacrificing all a man loves most, Go forth, undaunted, firm and true as steel. Breaking the onrush of the German hosts; Counting their very lives small price to pay? They fight that we may see all warfare cease. And Hate's dark clouds roll rapidly away Before the dawn of Everlasting Peace.

## To-day's Messages

10.00 a.m.

## WIN THE WAR POLICY.

CHICAGO, To-Day. The United States Chamber of Commerce in resolutions unanimously adopted at the sixth annual meeting here-to-day urged the enactment of legislation to give the navy every service; reiterated its endorsement of the Government's control of prices; to stand a stand favoring unequivocally the elimination of all non-essential industries, and announced its willingness to back to the utmost all measures that have for their aim the winning of the war.

## AMERICAN MISSION HAS ARRIVED

LONDON, To-Day. An American mission, comprising representatives of Labor, Journalism, Banking and other interests, arrived at a British port, where the mission was met by a committee, including Lt.-Col. Sir Campbell Stewart and Harry Brittan, Secretary of the English branch of the Pilgrim's Club.

## HOME RULE TERMS.

LONDON, To-Day. A report of the Irish Convention, submitted to the Ulster delegates, says that in regard to the fundamental issue no agreement was visible at any time. Almost every one of the speeches made by the delegates in support of the Home Rule Bill was in advance of any previous claim. Finally a plan was brought forward on behalf of the Nationalists which included the following demands: A sovereign independent Parliament for Ireland co-equal in power and authority with the Imperial Parliament, complete fiscal autonomy for Ireland, including the power of imposing tariffs and the control of excises; the right of making commercial treaties with foreign countries; the right to raise and maintain a military territory; the right to impose taxes on behalf of the nation, debt on the ples of over-taxation of Ireland in the past. Although the principal of a small annual contribution to the Imperial exchequer was admitted, it was agreed that the Imperial Parliament, except with the consent of the Irish Parliament. The Ulster delegates maintained that the fiscal unity of the United Kingdom must be preserved.

## STILL UNREVEALED.

AMSTERDAM, To-Day. The strategy of the German Supreme Army commanders is still veiled. The Frankfurter Zeitung reports the new thrust as a portion of a great plan of attack and dwells upon the great strength on the enemy's nerves by the necessity of having to make his positions in the greatest haste. Our troops have been pushed back slowly, in continuous fighting, to positions in the neighborhood of the Bailleul railway, where they are heavily engaged with the enemy.

## GENERAL SCHEME ADOPTED BY

CONVENTION.

LONDON, To-Day. The scheme mentioned by Sir Horace Plunkett as meeting the approval of a majority of the delegates is set forth in paragraph 42 of the report, under the title "Statement of Conclusion," summed up as follows: "The Convention, after a long discussion, agreed to the following: The House of Commons and notwithstanding the establishment of an Irish Parliament, the Supreme Power and authority of the Parliament of the United Kingdom shall remain unaffected, and shall be exercised over all the colonies and territories, and over all the matters and things in Ireland, and every part thereof (Section carried by 51 to 18). Section 2.—The Irish Parliament to have general powers to make laws for peace, order and the good government of Ireland. (Section carried by 19 to 3.) Section 3.—The Irish Parliament to have no power to make laws on the following: Crown and successor; the making of peace and war; army and navy treaties and foreign relations; dignities and titles of honor; necessary control of harbors for naval and military purposes; coinage, weights and measures; copyrights and patents. The Imperial and Irish Governments shall jointly arrange, subject to Imperial exigencies, for the united control of the Irish Police and postal services during the continuance of hostilities. The Administration of these two services shall be come subject to the Irish Parliament. (Section carried 49 to 15.) Section 4.—Restriction of the power of the Irish Parliament and prohibition of laws interfering with the religious equality; a special provision for the members of the Irish Parliament to be limited, as far as the act of 1914, and rights to exist as officers to be safeguarded (Carried 48 to 15). Section 5.—Constitutional changes to be made in the act of 1914. (Carried 49 to 15.) Section 11.—Money Bills to originate only in the House of Commons, and not removable by the Senate. (Carried 46 to 22). Section 12.—Disagreements between the Houses to be solved by a joint sitting. (Carried 45 to 22). Section 13.—Representation in the

## JOINS REGIMENT.

Mr. W. F. Caldwell, of Bowring Bros. Insurance Dept., offered himself this morning for service with the Royal Md. Regt. Mr. Caldwell has a brother in the American Aviation Corps.

EXPRESS PASSENGERS.—The following first class passengers are on the incoming express: C. A. Featherson, E. J. Clarke, E. and Mrs. Freeman, T. Noseworthy, W. Butt, T. W. Larder, C. F. Bates, D. E. O'Brien.

## OVER 100 VOLUNTEERS FROM BOWRING BROS.

The old firm of Bowring Bros. has sent overseas over 50 men and have over 50 rejected men on their staff. Five rejected men and three others of the staff offered their services this morning.

## WILL ASSIST IN RECRUITING.

Messrs. E. M. Noonan and J. St. John, returned veterans, arrived in town yesterday from Bell Island to take part in last night's parade. Both have signed the pledge to assist in recruiting, and will stand up the boys on their return to the Island.

A new Fancy Bake Shop was opened to-day at 35 Prescott Street, between Gower and Bond Streets.

The premises have been skillfully transformed by Bright Shambler, carpenter, and E. T. Butt, painter, and are now, though small, as bright and attractive as any in the city.

The bakery will be under the management of Mr. Bert Walsh, who is thoroughly up-to-date, and first-class quality will be (apart from profit) of first consideration.—April 11.

MINDAR'S LINIMENT CURE, GALE DISTEMPER.

## New Power Plant For Heart's Content.

Mr. Louis Williams, for several years in charge of the United Towns Electrical Co., of Hr. Grace, but who resigned some time ago, has just returned to the Island, where he is purchasing some high powered machinery to be installed in the new electric light and power plant which is to be opened up at Heart's Content. The new power station, when in full swing, will supply light and power situated within a reasonable distance of the cable town. The source from which the new company will get their water power is said to be one of the finest in the country, and being easily got at will provide a profitable venture for the concern.

## Here and There.

MAN FOUND DEAD.—The Deputy Minister of Justice received the following message from Fogo to-day: "George Watkins, Barr'd Islands, wandered from home last night and was found at noon to-day, dead."

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## A Dyspepsia Cure

M. D. advises: "Persons who suffer from severe indigestion and constipation can cure themselves by taking fifteen to thirty drops of Extract of Roots after each meal and at bedtime."

This remedy is known as Mother Siegel's Carative Syrup in the drug trade." Get the genuine, 50c. and \$1.00 bottles.

MINDAR'S LINIMENT CURE, GALE DISTEMPER.

GEO. H. HALLEY, Agent.

British Parliament to continue and Irish representatives to have the right to deliberate and vote on all matters; forty-two representatives shall be elected to the British House of Commons; Irish representatives in the British House of Lords to continue as at present, when that shall be reconsidered (Carried 44 to 22). Section 14—Finance, Irish Exchequer and consolidated fund to be established, an Irish Controller and Auditor General to be appointed as in the act of 1914. It is necessary, it is held, that the taxes at present payable in Ireland should continue to be levied and collected until the Irish Parliament otherwise decide, and if necessary, adjustments of revenue between Ireland and Great Britain during the transition period should be made. (Carried 51 to 18.) Section 15—Control of Customs and Excise by the Irish Parliament to be postponed for further consideration until after the war, provided that the question shall be considered and decided by the Joint Exchequer Board within seven years after the conclusion of peace. Until the question of the ultimate control of Irish Customs and Excise is settled, the Board shall contain persons nominated by the Irish Treasury. A Joint Exchequer Board, consisting of two members nominated by the Imperial Treasury, and two nominated by the Irish Treasury, with a Chairman appointed by the King, shall be set up to determine the true income of Ireland.

Until the question of the ultimate control of Irish Customs and Excise is settled, it shall be decided to revert to Ireland as determined by the Joint Exchequer Board, shall be paid into the Irish Exchequer. All branches of taxation, other than customs and excise shall be under control of the Joint Exchequer Board, similar to the Act of 1914. (Carried 45 to 17.) Section 16—The Lord Lieutenant shall not be a political officer. He shall hold office six years and neither he nor the Lord Justices shall be subjected to any religious disqualification. His salary shall be increased to £1,000 per annum. (Carried 45 to 17.) Section 17—A civil service commission, consisting of representatives of the Irish Universities shall formulate a scheme of competitive examinations for admission to the public service, and nobody shall be admitted to such service who has not passed the examination. Salaries and pensions shall be prepared by a special commission, and no appointments shall be made until the scheme of this commission has been approved. (Carried 47 to 18.)

Section 21.—The Irish Government, if desired, may prefer taking over the departments of old age pensions, national insurance, letter exchanges, postal savings banks and friendly societies. (Carried 43 to 18.) The concluding paragraph submitting the report to the Imperial Government was carried by 43 to 35. The whole report was found at noon to-day.

## BRITISH SLOWLY RETIRING.

LONDON, April 12. Field Marshal Haig's report from Headquarters in France to-night says: "Strong pressure has been maintained on the enemy in all directions, particularly south of Bailleul, constant attacks in great force are made in this section and are continuing. Our troops have been pushed back slowly, in continuous fighting, to positions in the neighborhood of the Bailleul railway, where they are heavily engaged with the enemy."

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The scheme mentioned by Sir Horace Plunkett as meeting the approval of a majority of the delegates is set forth in paragraph 42 of the report, under the title "Statement of Conclusion," summed up as follows:

"The Convention, after a long discussion, agreed to the following:

"Crown and successor; the making of peace and war; army and navy treaties and foreign relations; dignities and titles of honor; necessary control of harbors for naval and military purposes; coinage, weights and measures; copyrights and patents. The Imperial and Irish Governments shall jointly arrange, subject to Imperial exigencies, for the united control of the Irish Police and postal services during the continuance of hostilities. The Administration of these two services shall be come subject to the Irish Parliament. (Section carried by 51 to 18). Section 2.—The Irish Parliament to have general powers to make laws for peace, order and the good government of Ireland. (Section carried by 19 to 3.) 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# The Soldiers' Great Day.



**City Ablaze with Bunting. Enthusiasm Reaches Its Highest Pitch. Mammoth Parade and Recruiting Meeting. Selective Conscription Called For by a Crowded Audience. Stirring Patriotic Addresses. Over Fifty Signed Up.**

"Take hold of the wings of the mornin'  
And flop round the earth till you're dead.  
But you can't get away from the tune that they play  
To that blomin' red rag over head."

Soldiers' Day, and all that it means is now numbered with the yesterdays, but be it said, and the citizens of loyal old St. John's will hear us out, that never in the history of the country was there anything approaching such a display of bunting and the spontaneous outburst of enthusiasm as was shown here yesterday. From the business house on Water Street, down to the humbled dwelling in the back streets, some token of sympathy for the soldiers and the great cause was demonstrated by the abundant flutter of flags and pennants. The suggestions of the promoters that carbon bands and red crosses be shown from the homes of those who have sent soldiers to fight in the great cause and for those who are foremost in patriotic work, was largely availed of. Each carbon head represented a person in that family who had joined the colors. The number of little "red deer" varied from one to five in several homes throughout the city. In the United States where Sergt. Mitchell got the idea, flags of a similar nature were always exhibited and are never taken down, and the same practice might be followed here. The presence of those little emblems as symbols of heroic service may have the effect of awakening in the heart of some slackers the call to duty.

#### THE PARADE.

Undoubtedly the largest parade in the history of St. John's was witnessed last night by upwards of 15,000 citizens. Long before the starting hour thousands of citizens gathered near the C.L.D. Armoury. At 7.30 the march began, the order of procession being as follows:

Returned Soldiers in carriages.  
Returned Soldiers marching.  
T. A. Band.

Rejected men.

Bugle Band.

The Regiment.

The C. L. B.

C. C. C. Band.

C. C. C.

Highlanders Band and Companies.

Salvation Army Band.

Patriotic citizens.

Motor cars with girls.

The route followed was: Military Road, Ordnance St., Duckworth St., Cockrane Street, Water Street, Job

#### MEETING AT THE CASINO.

On the platform were Doctor Rendell, Doctor Tait, Capt. A. Keen, W. A. Munro, A. Robertson, T. J. Edens, P. C. O'Driscoll, M. Donnelly, H. H. Carter, J. E. Dempster, J. B. Mitchell, G. Turner, I. C. Morris and many other fathers of heroes at the front.

Lieut. Carter in moving that Dr. Rendell take the chair, said—

Owing to critical times, and the Regiments great need for reinforcements this meeting is essentially a recruiting meeting. There is one man who is responsible for this meeting and parade and that is Ex-Sergt. Mitchell, and too much praise cannot be given for its success. I have the honour to name the Chairman, who is the father of two sons overseas, one of whom has made the supreme sacrifice. I have, therefore, much pleasure in naming Dr. Rendell as Chairman. Lieut. B. Dicks, another returned hero, seconded the motion.

Dr. Rendell then spoke as follows:—

I can assure you I esteem it a high privilege to be called to be Chairman of this meeting which is unique in the annals of Newfoundland, and I consider it an honour which has been conferred on me by my sons. (Loud applause.) The meeting is unique, in this—those who have risked their lives in the great cause, battered in body, and shattered in health are now using what's left for the benefit of their comrades "over there." I am not here tonight to sound any note of sadness, rather to sound that one glorious triumph, which is going to permeate this meeting. Up to the Patriotic Meeting held in this theatre a week ago, which was addressed by His Excellency the Governor, recruiting had ebbed to its lowest, but since that meeting it has turned and now will pass with an irresistible force and do what our lads wish us to accomplish. If to-night we sent a message to our boys: "What do you wish us to do over here?" flashed back to us in a moment would come the answer: "Send us more men." Therefore, let us send more men. Looking back in

to old books of history we read of one great figure who stands out prominently, one who went through the land with a fiery cross and a naked sword, calling the people to duty. I hope God may send a Peter the Hermit to Newfoundland to get the men to go fight. Nay, not only for King and Country, duty to home and self, to wife and children but for something higher—for God and the Right.

Sergt. Robinson said it was a great pleasure to have the honor of being one of the first five hundred of the Royal Newfoundland Regiment; also a pleasure to address an audience in St. John's, and he could never have done this if it were not for the fact that he had been one of the Royal Newfoundland Regiment. On the 7th September, 1914, he enlisted and on the 8th reported at Pleasantville. In those days every man, woman and child were with them. He recalled the day they paraded to the good ship Florizel, then lying in Harbour, their steaming out of the Narrows and the singing by the Blue Puttees "Good Bye Narrows," "Farewell, Pleasantville," "It's a Long, Long Way to Terra Nova, but our Hearts are There Still." They met the convoy and took up their position in the rear of the Red Line, the convoy being drawn up in 8 lines—Red, White, and Blue. He related how when they arrived in Devonport they were paraded on deck to go on shore and "take in the sights," but owing to their boots not being cleaned for 15 days and not having washed for about the same length of time, with worn blue puttees and no caps, it was decided they were "unfit" for shore. He gave a brief description of their movements from there to Salisbury Plains, Edinburgh, Stobbs Camp and Aldershot, and explained how they had gone from Malta to Lemnos, then sent back to Alexandria, then to Cairo. Every man of the Royal Newfoundland Regiment and every man in the 29th Division knew what he had to do in the July offensive. They were over 1,000 strong at the time, and 10 per cent. were kept back; 870 men went to the advance and 805 were casualties. Out of 65 left some were wounded. These are the men you have done everything for, he said, and what are you going to do for them now? What's wrong with Newfoundland? We don't want conscription, we want men. You started and said you are going to have a regiment. Are you now tired handing out money? No! we know we can get you, but we're going to have you like the others. We want you voluntarily. We want to have the outports with us. (Here Sergt. Robinson was interrupted by a large number of the fair sex trying to gain admission to the gallery.) Men are not cowards. Women wouldn't marry if cowards existed. Let the young man look at this thing properly. Sergt. Robinson concluded by saying you've got to die and what better way can one do it than for the honour of his country.

Dr. Tait was the next speaker. He read a carefully prepared address referring to war as written by Homer. Speaking of recruiting the doctor said, it was not cowardice that kept our men back from enlisting, nor was it lack of patriotism, nor pluck, nor energy. The truth was, the matter had never been placed before them in the proper light. What is needed is that form of appeal which will reach the conscience, and to do this men of sympathy, of experience, of knowledge, and of magnetism to enthuse and show to whom they are addressing, the duty and honor and privilege

of serving their king and country. We are fighting to-day for our very existence; we are fighting for liberty, for freedom and for the good and general prosperity of the world. These two terms, "Dominion" and "Royal" were given to us on account of the loyalty, bravery and good behaviour of our sons upon the battlefields of Europe. Are we going to let the Regiment go down? No! Never! Newfoundlanders are not cowards.

They have shown hundreds of times, at the icefields, at the wreck, and on the fields of Gallipoli and France, and they have proved to the world their strength of character. "The coward dies a thousand times, the brave man once." From this meeting we believe there will arise immediate results, and our people will obey the call in such numbers that there will be no need for conscription. The voluntary act of a man impelled by the high sense of duty, is far nobler than the mere obedience to the provision of a public enactment.

Mr. J. E. Dempster opened out with the remarks: "I come here as an out and out conscriptist. (Prolonged applause.) There are two reasons why I take this stand—'one, conscription will bring in the slackers; two, where would France be but for conscription?" Mr. Dempster also stated in his remarks that fish would not be worth 50 cents without conscription.

It is for the British Army and Navy. Continuing, he said "we want the men of the outports to come and support the Regiment. This is the least they can do."

Major Carty then addressed the large audience, and was received with a unanimous outburst of applause. The Major in a most interesting manner told us some of the Regiment's doing on the Peninsula. He started out with the landing on the beach at Sulva Bay, the receiving of their training on the Peninsula and their baptism of fire. Before going into the firing line, the Brigadier General came and told them they belonged to the glorious 29th Division (loud applause) which had never lost a trench. That they were going into the best brigade in the army. We were then told the quantity, but there is no doubt that before we had been in the trenches long, those opposite us got a high opinion of us. Major Carty in a very interesting way told how a Captain Wilson of the Engineers came up to him and said "Major, you are being bright, decided he come to-morrow night. He came to-morrow night, but the moon was again too bright, so he decided to wait till to-morrow night, but that to-morrow night never came. Capt. Wilson, from Major Carty's own men went out at 4 o'clock and did the necessary fixing up. Major Carty, who dwelt upon the doings of his company, particularly paid a tribute to the men. They could do anything. He quoted one or two incidents to prove his point of the men which were received with much applause. One of them was the mail carrier who was very deaf. He didn't mind shells falling around as he couldn't hear them. He came back one day with head and face cut badly, and when asked why he did not get the dressing station answered. I came up on the back of it sir! Continuing the Major said "that's the spirit of our men, that's the spirit of the first thousand who went out there and of the young men of St. John's who followed up, there will be none of this coming. Over there when our men were falling sick with dysentery we were beginning to ask "has the people forgotten us?" Some of the men who fought on the Peninsula are now in France and are still serving, they leaving us here to die for lack of men. These men, gentlemen, would rather die than have the Regiment withdrawn. (Prolonged applause.) I would like to ask the employers of labour what is the compensation for the recruitment? Let them think it over. The returned soldier is here looking for employment and if you cannot give it to him give it to the next best man



## Instant Relief From Eczema

You can stop that awful itch from eczema and other skin troubles in seconds.

Seems too good to be true—but it is true, and we drop on it.

Just a few drops of the simple, cool, wash, the D. D. D. Prescription for eczema and neuralgia, is attracting widespread attention and the itch stops instantly. The first bottle will

stop the rejected man. In this recruiting campaign he hoped the rejected men would join to be the winning party and we are going to be the winning party. If men fail to sign up before the House opens on the 23rd, they will lose their chance of volunteering.

Mr. A. Robertson was the next speaker, and he as the father of a son, who had volunteered, the man could do to St. John's what has been done to-night in a few hours.

What would the returned men do if they were to go to the outshores and carry on the programme. He believed any man who goes to the other side and in the trenches makes the supreme sacrifice by offering.

Mr. I. C. Morris then delivered a most dramatic and inspiring recruiting address. He would gladly volunteer himself, but he had passed the age limit. He believed if he recruited he would be taken up in the war, not 500 but 5,000 would have responded. He knew every nook and corner in the island. The people were not unpatriotic but were brave and loyal. He had sent word to the front, one who had made the supreme sacrifice and the other wounded. He was poorer because of the loss, but felt richer in that they had helped to stem the advance of the unchristian German hordes and helped to win the victory that must have been won, as the war was in defence of home, of right and justice and the call will go unheeded.

Mr. Morris gave a brief account of the first recruiting campaign, and he thought if we were to win the victory, which we will, come eventually, then let us send more men. What is the fighting for? Not for territory! England had lots of that! The cause is a just one! Young men, hear you not your mothers call to you? The men in the trenches call to you! The grave! the silence and many calls to you! The tremendous importance of the times calls to you! Let the sons come forth. If they fall down, if they come not back, what better can die for than his country and honor?

Cap. A. Keen, who had two sons "Savoyards and Metropolitans," was opposed to war as was his son. But however, was proud of his son. Dr. Rendell then called for recruits to-day. Said Everywhere. Recommended by T. McMurdo & Co., A. W. Kennedy, M. Connors, Peter O'Mara,

of serving their king and country. We are fighting to-day for our very existence; we are fighting for liberty, for freedom and for the good and general prosperity of the world. These two terms, "Dominion" and "Royal" were given to us on account of the loyalty, bravery and good behaviour of our sons upon the battlefields of Europe. Are we going to let the Regiment go down? No! Never! Newfoundlanders are not cowards.

They have shown hundreds of times, at the icefields, at the wreck, and on the fields of Gallipoli and France, and they have proved to the world their strength of character. "The coward dies a thousand times, the brave man once." From this meeting we believe there will arise immediate results, and our people will obey the call in such numbers that there will be no need for conscription. The voluntary act of a man impelled by the high sense of duty, is far nobler than the mere obedience to the provision of a public enactment.

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## Here You Are, Gentlemen!

## Sample Soft Felt Hats.

The Best Value that Money Can Buy.  
Shades of Green, Brown and Navy.

TO-DAY

\$2.50

EACH

at SMYTH'S.

## Sandwiched in Between.

Between the \$10 and \$12.50 blocks of Karamoid, a new and important proposition has been presented to us.

There is enough Karamoid stock sold to erect the plant, and when it is ready for the special machinery, the next block will be offered.

A prospectus of our new offering is being prepared and will be mailed early next week. The offering is so limited and so good that it is purely a question of days only.

If you are not a client of ours already, have your name added to our list for full-particulars. It costs you nothing.

J. J. LACEY & CO., Ltd.,  
Investment Specialists, City Chambers.

paid a high tribute to Sergts. Mitchell and Robinson as well as to those men who came forward now. Mr. Gordon Christian presided at the piano and rendered several patriotic songs.

Dr. Rendell expressed regret that Sergt. Mitchell was unable to be present owing to illness. With loud cheering for the recruits and Chairman and the singing of the National Anthem at 11.15, a most successful patriotic meeting was brought to a close, the effects of which will undoubtedly be felt in every district in the Island. Mr. Mitchell deserved great credit for his efforts in organizing the affair and should feel a much satisfied man for this united meeting of the citizens.

As Michael would visit the outports there is no doubt that each will have the same result as he had at this meeting here. Congratulations!

Selective Conscription and a Newfoundland Victory Loan will help win the war.

Girls! Thicken and Beautify Your Hair And Stop Dandruff

Try this! Your hair gets wavy, glossy and abundant at once.

To be possessed of a head of heavy, beautiful hair; soft, lustrous, fluffy, wavy and free from dandruff is merely a matter of using a little Danderine.

It is easy, safe and inexpensive to use. Just get a small bottle of Knowton's Danderine now for a few cents—all drug stores recommend it—apply a little as directed and within ten minutes there will be an appearance of abundance, freshness, fluffiness and an incomparable gloss and lustre, and when you will you cannot find a trace of dandruff or falling hair; but your real surprise will be after about two weeks' use, when you will see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes, but, really new hair—sprouting out all over your scalp—Danderine is, we believe, the only sure hair grower, destroyer of dandruff and cure for itchy scalp and it never fails to stop falling hair at once.

If you want to prove how pretty and soft your hair really is, moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair—taking one small strand at a time. Your hair will be soft, glossy and beautiful in just a few moments—a delightful surprise awaits everyone who tries it.

J. J. ST. JOHN

Don't forget the best

TEA

to be got in Newfoundland is at our Store, retailing at

60c.  
per lb.

Sun Ammonia,  
10c. package.

English Breakfast  
COFFEE,  
1 lb. tins.

Eddy's Matches.

J. J. ST. JOHN.  
Duckworth Street and LeMarchant Road.

THERAPION No. 1

SHAMPOO POWDER AND LIQUID

THERAPION No. 2

</div

# Real Money-Saving Offers.

If you are unable to do your shopping with us on Friday or Saturday—well—come down Monday, or any other day you may choose. We do not ask more for our Goods because the day happens to be other than Friday or Saturday. Our Goods are marked at the lowest possible margin of profit. We invite inspection, confident in the quality of our Goods and the Low Prices at which they are marked.

## White Turkish Towels

750 pounds White Turkish Towels, large enough for Bath Towels, only 80c. per pound.

## American Sheets

1,000 pounds American Bleached Sheets, hemmed ready for use; large size, 90c. per pound.

## Stair Baize

200 pieces American Stair Baize, nice patterns, 15 inches wide, selling 16c. yard.

## You Can Change.

By RUTH CAMERON.

You can change your habits. One often hears people say, "Well, that's the easiest way for me to do such and such a thing." Other people may be able to do it differently, but I can't." And there they rest their case. Nine times out of ten, they have never given the other person's way a fair trial.



They may have tried it, half-heartedly, in an I-know-I-can't-possibly-do-it spirit. They haven't tried with a this-may-make-life-easier-I'm-going-to-do-it-if-Ipossibly-can spirit.

### They Respect Their Habits.

Many people seem to respect their habits. They appear to regard them as something admirable—not for any intrinsic value, but because they are theirs. "I couldn't possibly knit the continental way," I've always done the other," or "I couldn't cook a meal in a gas oven; I'm used to coal," or "It would be a nuisance to me to bother with a fireless cooker."

I have just had an experience with this attitude of mind in my own life. For years I said "I cannot write directly to the typewriter. I have to write anything I want to in the pencil, first, and then copy it on the typewriter. I can't think without penning it in my hand."

I have had that same queer pride I speak about in this awkward, hand-copying habit of mind.

### Written On The Typewriter.

And then one day I saw an article in a magazine on the use of the typewriter. It spoke of how much it increased one's efficiency if one could write direct to a machine. "It's too bad I can't," I thought, regretfully. Whereat, some rebellious, progressive section of my brain sprang up and said, "How do you know you can't? You never really gave the thing a good trial!" "You need a pencil in your hand to help you think," the conservative lobe of my grey matter obstinately reminded me. "Well, it won't do any harm to try," persisted the radical.

## P. E. I. POTATOES, American Cobbler Potatoes, Etc.

### GOLDEN PHEASANT TEA.

100 sacks Gluten Meal—Diamond.  
100 sacks Corn Meal.  
100 sacks Feed Corn Meal.  
American Table Parsnips.  
Canadian Carrots.  
Small Onions in crates.  
Florida Oranges.

SPECIAL:  
150 boxes Extra Fancy Table Apples, at a very low price by box or ten box lot.

MACHINE SLICED BACON.  
Gives more slices to the pound than hand cut. Try some and be convinced.  
30c., 45c., 60c. lb.

## C. P. Eagan

Duckworth Street and Queen's Road.

## MEN'S FANCY TOP SHIRTS.

10 dozen Men's Fancy Top Shirts, odd sizes.  
Regular Prices, \$1.10 to \$1.80, Now selling at 85c. each.

## MEN'S WOOL HALF HOSE.

A few dozen of men's Wool Half Hose, slightly damaged.  
Value for 60 cents, Now selling at 25c. pair.

# Marshall Bros

## GOODS NOW DUE.

Orders now booking for the following goods just to hand and to arrive to-day:

100 brs. 1's STARK APPLES.  
100 brs. 2's ASSD. APPLES.  
200 brs. 1's BEN DAVIS "  
50 brs. 1's ASSD. APPLES.  
25 bags PARSNIPS.  
40 brs. WASHED PARSNIPS.  
10 bags CARROTS.  
10 bags BEETS.  
30 cases RED ONIONS.  
150 bags 10 lb. YELLOW ONIONS.  
40 boxes TABLE APPLES.  
10 cases CAL LEMONS.  
180 cases CAL ORANGES—  
250, 216 and 176 sizes.

## Soper & Moore

### Our Daily Story.

TRUE TO LIFE  
"An idea for a play, eh? Tell it to me," said Simon Ringfinger, the well known manager, to Truxton Scribe, the well known playwright.  
"It's like this," explained the playwright. Lottie Passover, a beautiful virtuous shop girl, is seen and longed for by Clement Gobbs, a young and unscrupulous millionaire. Lottie, struggling painfully to live on her salary of six dollars a week, finally succumbs to the gold-tinted promises of the young millionaire and goes away with him, believing implicitly that he means to fulfill his promise to marry her. But, far from home, he leaves her to her fate. A year later, with her child in her arms, she confronts him and shoots him dead."

Simon Ringfinger held up his hands in horror.

"But, my dear Scribe!" he cried,

"that's utterly untrue to life! Audiences want lifelike plays, plays dealing with situations and events that they know are true to life because they have experienced them themselves. Give me a play like that and your fortune is made."

"Well, how's this?" said Truxton Scribe. "Lottie Passover, the beautiful virtuous shopgirl, repulses the advances of Lord Trumbles, young and dashing English nobleman who plots in vain to ruin her. Finally, completely won over by the girl's purity and strength of character, he disguises himself and obtains a job as delivery man at the department store where Lottie is employed. He makes ardent love to her, and she, failing to recognize the nobleman in his humble disguise, falls in love with him. He then reveals his identity and makes her Lady Trumbles and takes her home to England to preside over his ancestral estates."

Simon Ringfinger, enraptured, kissed the playwright on both cheeks.

"That's a real play—that's true to life!" he cried. "Here's a check for \$5,000 advance royalty—and do you think you can write it by next Thursday?"

Selective Conscription and a Newfoundland Victory Loan will help win the war.

## Milady's Boudoir.

### ESCAPING SUMMER TAN.

It is no longer considered the thing to exert all of ones powers to acquire a leathery coat of tan, which, to say the least, is doubtfully becoming. And the poor skin. How it suffers and grows unsightly because of the owner's lack of common sense. Then, when the colder months come and low neck gowns are worn, the scars of the summer sun remain, and instead of the beholder thinking of the summer at the seashore, they are doubtless pitying Miss Blanche on account of her appearance, knowing that it is no longer good form to neglect proper precautions against wind and sunburn.

One of the first precautions against sunburn is that of carrying a dainty sunshade on sunny strolls, especially after a sea bath. An old umbrella will answer the purpose, of course, if one does not wish to risk damage to a delicate parasol upon the wind blown sands and against a wet bathing suit.

Have a sunbath if you must, but do not go to the extreme and bake yourself brown, thinking it is becoming and will show that you are a real sport. Men do not like to have a girl a real sport, if that truth were known, but prefer to have them dainty and womanly. An excellent way to prevent sunburn is to mask the face in cold cream and powder before braving the rays of the sun, the salt spray and the wind.

This mask need not be as conspicuous as it sounds. First rub a good cold cream on the face so that it enters all the pores, and then, after wiping it off with a very soft cloth, apply a layer of powder, leaving as much on the face as you can without it being too noticeable. Thus protected, the rays of the hottest sun will do but little damage.

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We have received another shipment of these popular portable heating stoves in three sizes which we are selling at \$6.50, \$7.50 and \$8.50.

We also call attention to our special "Humpkey" Gas Iron, in nickel finish, complete with flexible tube connection. We are selling this iron at \$5.00, and recommend it as useful Xmas Gift.

Phone 97, or call at our Showroom, Oke Building.

ST. JOHN'S GAS LIGHT CO.

dec22, tf

THE ROYAL GOAT.

I would n't think it too surprising to hear the kaiser's tired of kaising. The crimes of all his kultured nation, the sins of all his generation, and every bloody deed of every bloody deed of every general and colonel, are charged against the reigning Billy, which is enough to drive him silly. No other monarch's so berated, no other king's cussed and haved. When he is in times of peace was kaising, he gave himself much advertising as Lord of War, with fist of metal, a sort of scrapping Captain Kettle. He tried to pose as Mars incarnate, and now he pays and mutters, "darnit!" He may in truth be quite a rabbit; but since he got us in the habit of thinking he is bloodshed's booster, a crowing and a fighting rooster, we charge to him the misde-

meanors of warriors and submarines.

Some correspondents say that Billy has long had feet extremely chilly; he hates to see his men go further with their red carnival of murther. However that be, the blame he shoulders, and will until he dies and molders. The cry of execration rises, however modestly he kaises. Before our eyes he's largely bald skin, in photographs, as Mars and Vulcan.

## Special Notice

At the end of this year we will give 5 ets. for every 12' Outsize Green Wrappers obtained from "STAFFORD'S LINIMENT".

We will also give \$10.00 to the person forwarding us the largest number and \$5.00 to the 2nd largest.

We will keep a record of every person forwarding us these wrappers from time to time and at the end of the year we will publish the names of the winners.

"STAFFORD'S LINIMENT" is the Strongest and most penetrating Liniment for sale in Newfoundland and is sold in over 500 stores.

It is the best Liniment you can use for RHEUMATISM, LUMBAGO, NEURALGIA and all ACHE'S and PAINS.

Owing to the cost of Bottles and Ingredients used in the manufacturing of this Liniment, we have had to advance the price a little, but the bottle still remains the same size."

DR. STAFFORD & SON,  
St. John's, Nfld.

Fads and Fashions.

Charming parasols are made of jerseys trimmed with pompons.

Straight, soft, and slender, describes the fashionable silhouette.

A black satin bag trimmed with oxidized beads is very attractive.

A very crinkly shiny silk is used in delicate shades for separate skirts.

Some gowns suggest the shawl influence of Spain in their draperies.

Black chiffon over white silk is fashioned into the prettiest of dresses.

Fringed ends of ribbon droop over the brims of some very pretty sports hats.

Evening frocks are draped, but tailored frocks follow the straight line.

A black serge dress is very smart when trimmed with white wooden beads.

Satin, taffeta and grosgrain are used with serge to give a gown great cachet.

The general utility coat is a full length enveloping garment for automobile wear.

Parasols are in very novel shapes, very few follow the lines of the practical umbrella.

Golden brown tulie can be used lavishly on gowns and hats and always with much charm.

Short coats, odd waist coats, narrow skirts all follow one line—that of youthful slimness.

When there is a touch of embroidery on the waist it should be echoed on the skirt.

Send your unframed Pictures to the Picture-framing experts at the

## Lace Curtains

800 pairs White and Cream Lace Curtains, all perfect, 3 yards long. Values up to \$4.00 per pair. Selling \$1.20, \$1.55, \$1.75, \$2.00 per pair.

## American Scrims

30 bundles Remnants of Scrim, long lengths, splendid patterns, only 20c. per yard.

## Congoleum Mats

120 dozen Congoleum Mats, all perfect, 18 x 36, selling at 20c. each.



The sentiment represented by THE WEDDING RING

suggests the selection of an article guaranteed to be Finest Gold, good colour, and made with great care—a ring to be found at

## T. JDULEY & CO., Reliable Jewelers, St. John's.

## In Our Picture-Framing Department---

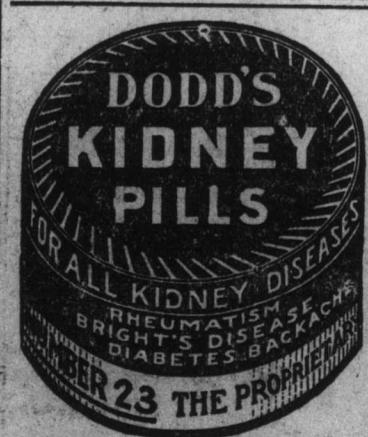
Orders for the Framing of Pictures will be accepted during the present month at a liberal discount off regular prices, owing to the inevitable slackness that prevails between seasons.

We have the finest stock of Mouldings in the Island for you to select from, or, if you wish, you can send your unframed Pictures to us, and feel confident that they will be perfectly framed in Mouldings that will enhance the beauty of the subject.

Send your unframed Pictures to the Picture-framing experts at the

## U. S. Picture & Portrait Co.

St. John's.



MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DISTENFEM

## ORANGES, CABBAGE, etc.

Oranges, Cabbage, Apples, Onions.

## BURT & LAWRENCE

14 NEW GOWER STREET.

## The Pick of the

## Light Ham

70 to 80

## Select'd Sm

without

## Choice Sm

and on the

## Fancy Spa

tiers and

## Haig's Special Order, No Further Retirement

## CAREY FILLED THE GAP.

LONDON, April 12.

General Landen Carey, who, in the words of Premier Lloyd George, accomplished one of the most brilliant feats in the history of the British Army by holding the gap between the third and the fifth armies in the first days of the German blow in Picardy with a hasty, organized, nondescript force, is fifty-one years of age and a son of the Rev. Tupper Carey.

## THE IRISH QUESTION.

LONDON, April 12.

The Irish Convention laid the foundation for an agreement on the Irish question which is unprecedented in history, Sir Horace Plunkett, Chairman of the Convention, says in a letter accompanying the report of that body. "We had every reason to believe the Government contemplated immediate action upon the results of our labor," says Sir Horace. "The work of an Irish settlement, it is now felt, admits of no further postponement. In the Dominions and the United States as well as the Allied countries, the unsettled Irish question is a disturbing factor both as regards war effort and aims." After every possibility of an agreement had been explored, Sir Horace writes, he was instructed to draft a report, which would be a narrative

**The Pick of the Packing House****Light Ham Butt Pork,**  
70 to 80 pieces**Select'd Small Jowls,**  
with tongue**Select'd Small Jowls,**  
without tongue**Fancy Pork Loins.****Choice Small Hocks.**

And on the way,

**Fancy Spare Ribs,**  
tierces and barrels**F. McNAMARA,**  
QUEEN STREET.**Hag's Special Order,  
No Further Retirement**

CAREY FILLED THE GAP.

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The Militia Department received a message from across yesterday stating that Moyles Stick had escaped from a German prison and was on his way to England. A further message corroborating the foregoing was also received by Mr. Archibald Macpherson from Private Stick's father, who is now in London. Pte. Stick, who left here with the R.A.M.C., afterwards joined up with the Regiment and took part in the battle of Monchy, in which he was captured by the Germans. No particulars as to how he escaped or where he is at present have been received.

Stafford's Prescription "A" for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Catarrh of the Stomach and Nervous Dyspepsia. Price 30c. and 60c. bottle. Postage 5 and 10c. extra.—April 12.

NOTICE.—Correspondents are requested to accompany contributions with their REAL NAMES, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. The editor refuses to accept any matter unless this rule is adhered to.

**Casualty List.**(Received April 13th, 1918.)  
4th London General Hospital.  
3208—Pte. Francis J. Martret, 25 Prince's Street, N. Y. D., as tuberculous.

8879—Pte. Joseph West, Musgrave Harbor, Fogo. Amputation right arm (previously reported seriously ill, April 8th.)

Killed in Action, March 29th.  
3535—Pte. Peter Benoit, Conn River.Killed in Action, March 30th.  
8824—Pte. Richard Hutchings, Whitbourne.  
8814—Pte. Obadiah Hoyles, Pool's Island.

3rd Australian Casualty Clearing Station, April 5th.

3566—Pte. John Prince, Princeton, B.B. Condition improved. (Previously reported dangerously ill April 2nd.)

1345—Pte. Marmaduke Mannel, Salt Pond. Improved. (Previously reported dangerously ill April 2nd.)

J. R. BENNETT, Atg. Minister of Militia.

**Women Force  
Way to Meeting.**

Several interruptions were made in last night's recruiting meeting at the Casino. These interruptions were caused by a large number of the "fair sex," who appeared deeply interested in the proceedings, trying to gain admission to the gallery. At the end of every speech a "general advance" along the gallery would be made, those in the front ranks securing sitting while their comrades in the rear ranks were not so successful. At 11.15, when the meeting ended, they had just become nicely seated. It really was too bad that seating accommodation could not be provided at first.

**"Tiz" Puts Joy in  
Sore, Aching Feet**

"My, how 'Tiz' gladdens tired, swollen, burning feet! It's glorious!"

"TIZ makes my feet smaller."

Ah! what relief. No more tired feet; no more burning feet; no more swollen, aching, tender, sweaty feet. No more soreness in corns, callouses or bunions.

No matter what all your feet or under what the sun you've tried without getting relief just use "Tiz." "Tiz" is the only remedy that draws out all the poisonous exudations which pull up the feet. "Tiz" cures your foot trouble so you'll so you'll never limp or draw up your face in pain. Your shoes won't seem tight and your feet will never, never hurt or get sore and swollen. Think of it, no more foot trouble, no more agony from corns, callouses or bunions.

Get a 25-cent box at any drug store or department store and get instant relief. Wear smaller shoes. Just once try "Tiz." Get a whole year's foot comfort for only 25 cents. Think of it.

COCHRANE ST.—"The Challenge of the Hour—Go on or go Under," is the subject of the Rev. Dr. Bond's discourse at Cochrane Street Methodist Centennial Church, to-morrow evening.

GEORGE ST.—Sunday is to be observed in George Street Church as Deaconess Sunday. Sermons appropriate to the occasion will be preached. Rev. D. B. Hemmen will occupy the pulpit at the morning service, and the pastor in the evening. An offering will be taken in aid of the Deaconess work.

WESLEY—To-morrow is Missionary Sunday at Wesley Church. At 11 a.m. Rev. G. B. Pickering, Victoria, will preach a Missionary sermon. At 6.30 the service will take the form of a platform meeting. Hon. R. K. Bishop will take the chair, and Revs. G. B.

ST. THOMAS.—There will be the regular monthly men's Corporate Communion to-morrow at 8 a.m. At the 11 o'clock service the Rector will preach, subject: "The Sheep Outside the Fold." At 6.30, instead of regular evening, the Lord Bishop of Newfoundland will preside. Confirmation Service will be held.

ADVENTIST.—The subject presented at the Seventh Day Adventist Church, Sunday, April 14, at 6.30 p.m. will be: "Impending Judgments." All welcome.

GRAND OLD MAN Makes Statement.

MR. GEO. SOMERS FINDS DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS BEST.

In His Eighty-second Year He Tells All, After Trying Other Medicines, He Finds His Faith to Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Barrie, Ont., April 12th.—(Special)

Mr. George Somers, Barrie's grand old man, now in his eighty-second year, has made a statement in regard to Dodd's Kidney Pills, Canada's grand old kidney remedy. "I have tried several kinds of kidney pills," Mr. Somers states. "I have arrived at the conclusion that Dodd's Kidney Pills are the best so far; at least, they have given me the best satisfaction. I have taken them for nearly twenty-five years off and on as I have needed them."

Mr. Somers, who for forty years before retiring was a carriage worker, strained his back while gardening, and for over twenty years has been troubled, more or less, with his kidneys.

That he has plied his faith to Dodd's Kidney Pills after trying the other kinds is considered a splendid tribute to the grand old Canadian kidney remedy. At his advanced age he is splendid evidence of the good work Dodd's Kidney Pills are doing.

IT IS GOOD, AND GOOD FOR YOU.

At all Grocers, 15 cents each.

Made at

McGUIRE'S BAKERY.

CAPE RACE, To-day.

Special to Evening Telegram.  
Wind E.N.E., light, weather hazy; nothing sighted to-day. Bar. 29.60; Ther. 48.

Stafford's Phorbones for all kinds of Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma and various Lung Troubles. Price 30c. btl. Postage 5c. extra—Apr. 12.

MASS MEETING.—Miss Bridgen, of Toronto, will address a mass meeting of women in the Lecture Room of Cochrane Street Centennial Church, immediately at the close of the preaching service to-morrow evening.

Are you contemplating marriage? Get your Wedding Ring at TRAP-NEILL'S, where you get a good assortment of absolutely reliable rings to select from—Apr. 12.

JOINED THE FORESTERS.—Jack O'Driscoll, after being rejected twice for the Army, decided on joining up with the Foresters. He went to Grand Falls and spent several months there to learn woodcraft, with the result that he is now on duty at Headquarters. WELL DONE, JACK!

When leaving a carriage, should the man or the woman go first asked Joe.

"The man should alight first and assist the woman to step down," returned his father.

Selective Conscription and a Newfoundland Victory Loan will help win the war.

**Sunday Services**

Church of England Cathedral—Holy

Communion (1st Sunday) 7.00, 8.00 a.m.

11; other Sundays 8.00; Matins (except 1st Sunday), 11; Children's Service, 3.30; Evensong, 6.20. Week Days

Matins, 8.00; Evensong, 6.20.

St. Michael's—Holy Communion, 7.15; Friday, Evensong, 7.20.

Sunday Schools, 2.45 p.m.; Boys' Bible

Class, 2.45 p.m. (Vestry); C. M. B. C., (Synod. Bldg.), 3 p.m.

St. Michael's—Holy Communion, 8.

(every Sunday). Holy Communion, 11.00 (3rd Sunday); Matins, 11.00; Children's Service, 3.30; Evensong, 6.30.

St. Mary the Virgin, St. John's West—Holy Communion on the first Sunday in each month at noon; every other Sunday at 8 a.m. Other Services at 11 a.m. and 6.30 p.m.

St. Matthew's Church, The Goulds—11 a.m., Matins and Holy Communion.

Christ Church, Quidi Vidi—Holy

Communion, second Sunday at 8 a.m.;

Evening Prayer, third Sunday in each month at 7 p.m. Every other Sunday at 3.30 p.m.

ASYLUM FOR THE POOR.

Holy Communion—The first Sunday in each month at 9 a.m.

Matins—Every Sunday at 9 a.m.

Virginia School Chapel—Evening Prayer every Sunday at 2.30 p.m.

BROOKFIELD SCHOOL CHAPEL.

Evensong—Every Sunday at 3 p.m.

Sunday School—Every Sunday at 4 p.m.

St. Matthew's Church, The Goulds—11 a.m., Matins and Holy Communion.

St. Thomas's—Holy Communion, 8;

Morning Prayer and Sermon, 11;

Preacher, The Rector; Subject: "The Sheep Outside the Fold."

Schools, 11 a.m.; Boys' Bible Class, 2.45; Girls' Bible Class, 3.45; Women's Bible Class, 3; Confirmation Service, 6.30.

GOWER ST.—11 Rev. Dr. Bond; 6.30, Rev. D. B. Hommeon.

GEORGE ST.—11 Rev. D. B. Hemmen.

MAY 30.—11 Rev. N. M. Guy.

Cochrane St.—11 Rev. N. M. Guy; 6.30, Rev. Dr. Bond.

Wesley—11 Rev. G. B. Pickering; 6.30, Platform meeting; Chairman, Hon. R. K. Bishop; speakers, Revs. G. B. Pickering and G. L. Hudson.

Congregational Church—Minister, Rev. W. Henry Thomas. Sunday services at 11 a.m. and 6.30 p.m.

The Minister will preach at both services.

Services at the hour of the

"Hour of Life"; and for the evening:

"The Sins of Responsibility."

Mrs. F. J. King will render the solo, "O, Divine Redeemer" at the evening service, and there will also be a male quartette.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Rev. Gordon Dickie, M.A., Minister. Sunday services at 11 a.m. and 6.30 p.m.

The Minister will preach at both services.

Services at the hour of the

"Hour of Life"; and for the evening:

"The Sins of Responsibility."

Mrs. F. J. King will render the solo, "O, Divine Redeemer" at the evening service, and there will also be a male quartette.

ADVENTIST.—The subject presented at the Seventh Day Adventist Church, Sunday, April 14, at 6.30 p.m. will be: "Impending Judgments." All welcome.

PICKERING and L. G. HUDSON will de-

liver Missionary addresses. It is hoped

that Rev. Dr. Fenwick, Sup't of

Missions for Nfld. present also to give

the report of past year's Missionary

activities.

GRAND OLD MAN Makes Statement.

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Dodd's Kidney Pills are doing.

Here and There.

When you want Sausages,

why get ELLES'; they're the

**Bruce's Flowering Bulbs**

**GLADIOLUS**

Unequalled for beauty of bloom. Plant in May and June, bloom in August and September. Easily grown and bulbs good for several seasons.

**Bruce's Choice Mixed**—A satisfactory mixture, 10 for 50c; 25 for 90c; 100 for \$1.80.

**Bruce's Superb Mixed**—A grand mixture of all varieties, 10 for 80c; 25 for \$1.80; 100 for \$6.30 postpaid.

**Separate Varieties**—Splendid collection 30 varieties. White, Red, Blue, Yellow, Striped, Border and Blended shades, from 9c up to 50c each postpaid.

Also Dahlias, Lilies, Begonias, Gloriosa, Tuberoses, Etc.

**FREE**: Our valuable 112-page catalogue of Seeds, Plants, Bulbs, Garden Implements, Poultry Supplies, Etc. Write today for it.

**John A. Bruce & Co., Ltd.**  
Established 68 Years Hamilton, Ontario

**MARGINAL NOTES**

By Commentator.

**THE WAR.**

The great offensive has entered upon another stage, has assumed another phase. Shifting the point of their attack from the Somme, for the simple reason that it was held within unyielding walls of adamant and had scarcely room to move, the Germans have transferred it to the battle-scarred area to the north, around Ypres and Armentières. I should have thought that the mere fact of this transference, and reflection upon the obvious cause behind it, would have been a great encouragement to anyone among the Allies; but because the same massed, and of course murderous, costly, attacks have won the same initial victories of so much terrain captured, and are prepared to see the war lost in a week. As a matter of fact, it seems to me that it is pursuing the only course that can end in a speedy conclusion, which is victory for the Allies. The Germans will continue to buy fresh territory with fresh payments of blood, until their human treasury is exhausted.

Lloyd George gave a clear hint of this very conviction in his recent great speech, when he gave as a reason for the decision to throw the American forces into the battle at once the probability that that battle will be decisive. In other words, when that battle is over the war will have been lost and won. Undoubtedly the Allies are in danger, but it is not merely to meet and avert the danger that men are required now and are being summoned in such numbers: it is for the purpose that will follow when it has been met and averted. That purpose is to finish the war. In other words, the Allies need a reserve force large enough to indemnify them against every accident, when, at the proper time, they throw into the great counter-attack every available man in France and Flanders.

When this present offensive is halted another will, in all likelihood, succeed it in another place. But it will be weaker, just as this one will be weaker than the tremendous assault upon the lines of the Somme and the Oise. Then the Allies will take their innings.

**THE SOLDIERS TAKE A HAND IN.**

Here in Newfoundland the Government has moved at last and set about doing its duty. Though the action is belated, it is none the less refreshing, and I congratulate them upon it. The warning is plainly given to the country, and if it passes unheeded, I hope the Government will not lack the courage to take the next step necessary. There is now a new factor to be reckoned with. A splendid movement has been initiated with energy and brilliant promise by the returned soldiers, which should result in a wave of enthusiasm through the length and breadth of the country. They have formed themselves into an association and invited the rejected men to join them in giving a stimulus to recruiting, and, in fact, carrying out a recruiting campaign of their own. All luck to them! They are the right men to do it, and many a slackener who will not listen to civilians or politicians, however eloquent and earnest, will have to listen to



When you want Steaks, Chops, Cutlets and Colllops, try ELLIS.

**ENGLISHMANILA**

**Large Stock of all Sizes Now on Hand. Prospective Buyers Should Secure Their Requirements Before Price Advance Further.**

**GEO. M. BARR,**  
AGENT.

**Here and There.**

When you want Roast Beef, Roast Veal, Roast Mutton, Roast Pork, try ELLIS.

**LEGISLATURE CONVENED.**—By proclamation in a Gazette Extraordinary, issued yesterday, His Excellency the Governor has summoned the House of Assembly to meet on Tuesday, April 23.

**HELP WIN THE WAR** by competing in the War Bread, Cake, &c. Competition arranged for in connection with St. Thomas's Sale, in Canon Wood Hall, on Wednesday. Two competent judges appointed and prizes offered for the saving of white flour.—april 12, 41

**CONCERT TO BE REPEATED.**—By special request, the concert under the auspices of the Gower Street Mission Band, which was so unanimously patronised on Monday night, 8th inst., will be repeated on Tuesday evening next, 16th inst., the performance taking place in the School room of Gower St. Church. There will be a silver collection.

**FOR CHURCH & ORPHANAGE PURPOSES**—St. Thomas's Women's Association's Sale of Plain Work, Home Cookery, Afternoon and 6 o'clock Teas, Ice Cream, a members' table on which will be most useful articles and a Pound and Sample table. Sale opens at 3.30 p.m. in Canon Wood Hall on Wednesday, April 17th, as previously advertised.—april 12, 41

**EVERY HOUR OF DELAY INCREASES THE NEED FOR SELECTIVE CONSCRIPTION.**

**Published by Authority**

Owing to the collapse in Russia, which allowed Germany to remove the main part of her Army from the Eastern to the Western front, the Allies have been severely handicapped in meeting the greatest offensive of the war.

There is an urgent call to all parts of the Empire for men.

In the United Kingdom steps are being taken to conscript all men up to the age of 45 years. A Selective Service Commission Dominion Newfoundland has been called upon to do her part in filling the gaps. We have been specially called upon by the Secretary of State for the Colonies to keep the Royal Newfoundland Regiment at its full strength. Three hundred (300) are required immediately and sixty (60) men additional per month. The need for these men is set forth in the despatch received Tuesday, April 9th, from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, which reads as follows:—

"April 9.—Statement has been received from the Secretary of State for the Colonies that the Newfoundland Regiment in France is now short of the authorized War Establishment by 170 men, and that the number of men under training in England is not sufficient to make up this deficit. Since very heavy losses have been suffered by the regiment, three hundred (300) men will be required from Newfoundland as early as possible in order to bring the Battalion up to strength and an additional sixty men per month will be required to maintain it in the field.

H. M. Government trust that your Government will be able to supply these men.

(Signed) LONG."

Conscription prevails throughout Canada and the United States, and Newfoundlanders in Canada are being conscripted.

Under the War Measures Act the Newfoundland Government has ordered:

That no unmarried man between the ages of twenty and thirty-five, who is eligible for the Army or Navy, shall be permitted to leave the Dominion.

That no person whatsoever shall be allowed to leave the Dominion without a Passport.

Newfoundland must do its part, and cost what it will, the Regiment must be maintained. Our Regiment has performed deeds of valour in the heat of the battle of the British Army.

Its gallantry in the field has won the recognition of the King by the bestowal of the glorious prefix "ROYAL".

It has earned so many encomiums from the Commander in Chief, the Divisional and British Generals, that we must allow it to be withdrawn from the scene of conflict.

It has placed the name of Newfoundland on the Honour Roll of the nations. It would be an eternal disgrace to the eligible men of Newfoundland to allow the name to be erased from that Honour Roll by failing to keep the Regiment up to its full fighting strength.

An opportunity is now afforded young men of the country to join the ranks.

On St. George's Day, the 23rd April, the Legislature will be convened, and immediate attention will be given to the consideration of the steps to be taken to maintain the Royal Newfoundland Regiment at full war strength.

In the meantime the need is urgent, and every effort should be made to answer the call from His Excellency the Governor and from the War Council, to enlist as many men as possible.

W. W. HALFAYARD.

Acting Colonial Secretary,  
Dept. of the Colonial Secretary,  
April 11, 1918.

**Your King & Country Need You. Enlist Now.****McMurdo's Store News.**

SATURDAY, April 13, 1918.  
We are now well stocked with Chase's good Ointments, Nett. Felt, Catarrh Cure, Kidney-Liver Pills and Linseed and Turpentine. Dr. Chase's Remedies are still very popular in this market, and have many cures to their credit.

As a Spring and general tonic we know of nothing better than Cod Liver Oil Compound, which in addition to cod liver oil extract contains the glycerophosphates and other valuable reconstructive remedies, the whole forming one of the most elegant and effective tonics to be had. Price 1.00.

**Every hour of delay increases the need for Selective Conscription.**

**DR. LEHR** will resume his Dental Practice on April 15th. april 13, 21

**STRIKERS LOOK FOR EARLY SETTLEMENT.**—As far as can be learned the strike situation between the N. I. W. A. and the R. N. C. promises to terminate this evening both parties having agreed on a compromise.

Any desired shape or quality of Wedding Ring made on short notice at TRAPNELL'S.—april 13, 21

**WESLEY MISSIONARY MEETING.**—Wesley Church Choir has prepared for the service to be held tomorrow night's Missionary meeting. In the absence of the Rev. Mr. Royle, who will be away owing to the express being delayed on the West Coast, Mr. Darby will assist in the services.

**ZYLEX.**—Unsurpassed as a general purposes household Ointment. At McMURDO'S, 5c.—april 13, 21

**Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, and various Lung Troubles can be cured by taking Stafford's Phoratone Cough and Cold Cure. Price 30c. btl. Postage 5c. extra.—april 13, 21**

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W. W. HALFAYARD.

Acting Colonial Secretary,  
Dept. of the Colonial Secretary,  
April 11, 1918.

advt. II

**The Land of Old Glory** Pageant, produced successfully in the Lecture Room of Cochran Street Methodist Church this week, will be repeated there on Wednesday, April 17th, at 8 p.m., in connection with the Mission Circle Concert. General admission, 30c.—april 13, 21

W. W. HALFAYARD.

Acting Colonial Secretary,  
Dept. of the Colonial Secretary,  
April 11, 1918.

advt. II

**MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES GARTERS GET IN COWS.**

april 13, 21

advt. II

**MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES GARTERS GET IN COWS, ETC.**

april 13, 21

advt. II

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april 13, 21

advt. II

**MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES GARTERS GET IN COWS, ETC.**

ap

Enlist Now.

Mildly

RAN

ed and sterilized and taste usually found uniform, pleasing palatable and satis-

ELLOGG'S BRAN  
mixes, etc., and is un-  
mixed with Dominion  
Krumbles, Oat MealCereals are packed  
per which keeps all  
in the foods and in  
you in a fresh and

WAXTITE.

ELLOGG'S BRAN  
ELLOGG'S DRINKET,  
the Cereal Beverage  
ELLOGG'S KRUMBLES,  
the Whole Wheat Food  
ELLOGG'S WHOLE  
WHEAT BISCUIT  
MINION TOASTED  
CORN FLAKES

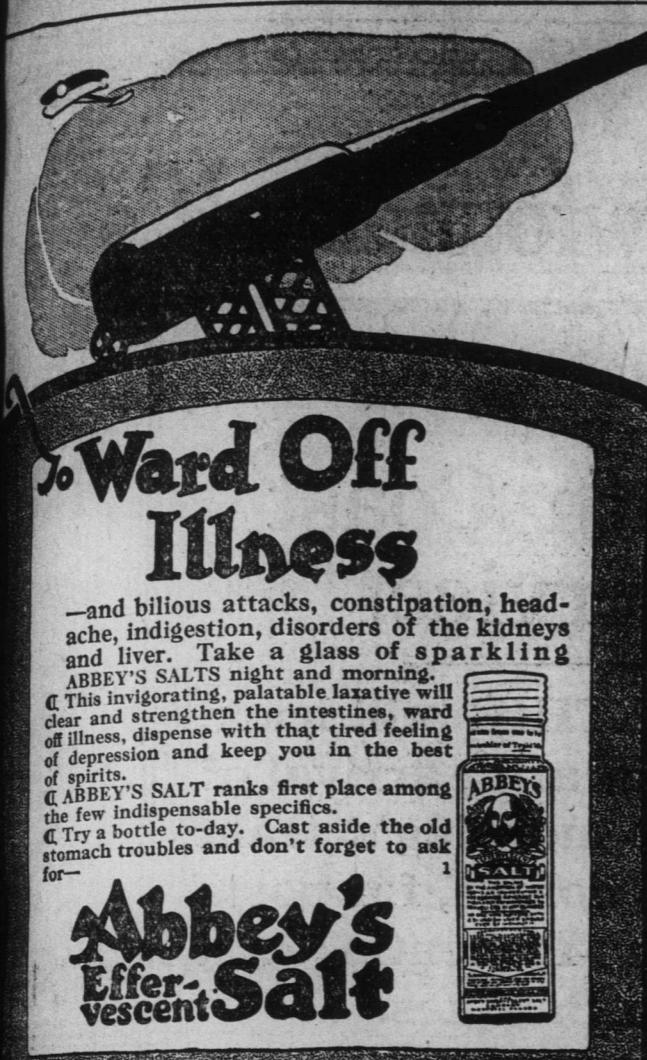
PLIN!

ALSO  
PARSNIPS,  
TURNIPS, ONIONS  
POTATOES.GGS—Still in Stock.  
RING, PICKLED FISH,  
CODFISH, HADDOCKS, Ltd.,  
ent. Phone 11.

Under the distinguished patronage of His Excellency the Governor, Miss Harris and Hon. Lord Bishop of Newfoundland, St. Mary's Branch of the Women's Association hold a Concert in Botwood Hall on Tuesday, April 23rd, at 8 p.m. Admission 30 cents. Sale of Work will be held from 3 to 6 p.m., and will be continued after the Concert. The proceeds will be in aid of the Orphanage and the W.P.A.

april 20, 22

MINARD'S LINIMENT, CURE FOR COLDS, ETC.

For nervousness and lack of blood, try—ABBIE'S VITA TABLETS  
at All Druggists 50 Cents a Box

## Imperial Red Cross Fund.

Amount acknowledged	\$1,468.04
In Cove Mining Co. and Workers, per C. E. Blackmore	84.95
C. Berneau, in memory of	10.00
E.W.B. ....	10.00
Hannan West, per Jas. E. Thomas	1.50
J. Durnford & Son	1.00
Wm. Webb, Jr.	1.00
J. M. Durnford	1.00
George H. Ball	1.00
Matt. Webb	1.00
Philip DeGruchy	1.00
Thomas Greene	1.00
Wm. Goodridge	1.00
James Parsons	1.00
I. R. S. Durnford	1.00
Matthew Durnford	1.00
Matthew A. Ball	1.00
Abraham J. Ball	1.00
Geo. Wm. Durnford	1.00
Ben Durnford	1.00
John T. Buffet	1.00
Arthur Durnford	1.00
Ben Webb	1.00
Wm. Greene	1.00
Cecil Simms	1.00
J. E. Thomas	1.00
George Durnford	1.00
Wilson Parsons	1.00
John Ball, Geo. De Gruchy, Chas. Chapman, Reuben DeGruchy, Art. Courtneyen, William Chapman, Jos. Marks, Richard Oxford, Wilfred Ball, Geo. Ball, Abe. Spencer, Geo. Miles, John Cornish,	50¢ each—S. R. Beauchamp, 70
Samways Adult Bible Class, Twillingate, per W. J. Scott	35.00
Sale of Ice Cream at annual P.F.U. Tea, per Miss Jessie Churchill	17.00
	\$1,719.94

Wm. Durnford, Richard Durnford.  
Wm. Webb & Sons ..... 10.00  
John Durnford ..... 60  
Wm. Ball ..... 60  
Terrenceville, per W. J. Dewey:—

W. J. Dewey ..... 5.00  
Mrs. Abraham Miles ..... 1.00  
Geo. H. Miles ..... 1.00  
Wm. R. Miles ..... 1.00  
John H. Miles ..... 1.00  
T. L. Banfield ..... 1.50  
Robert Rideout ..... 1.00  
Andrew Rideout ..... 1.00  
Christina Jennings ..... 1.00  
Mrs. J. McCarthy ..... 7.00  
John McCarthy ..... 50¢ each—Abraham Miles, Henry Ladney, John Laney, Wm. Leach, Robt. Clarke, P. J. McCarthy, Thos. Rideout, Mrs. Joe. Hynes.

25¢—Mrs. Robt. Clarke  
20¢—Mrs. Robt. Rideout  
Collections Methodist Churches, St. Anthony Mission, per Rev. H. W. Martin as follows:—

Great Brat ..... 1.80

Raleigh ..... 1.90

Ship Cove ..... 1.48

Quirpon ..... 2.16

Noddy Bay ..... 4.42

Griguet ..... 5.23

St. Anthony ..... 6.60

Goose Cove ..... 1.93

St. Anthony Bight ..... 3.12

Little Brat ..... 1.94

French Point ..... 1.26

Cook's Hr. ..... 6.41

Rev. H. W. Martin, St. Anthony ..... 3.00

Samways Adult Bible Class, Twillingate, per W. J. Scott

Sale of Ice Cream at annual P.F.U. Tea, per Miss Jessie Churchill

17.00

F. H. STEER, Treasurer.

Selective Conscription and a Newfoundland Victory Loan will help win the war.

TELEGRAPHERS LOYAL

PERKIN, April 1.

By the Associated Press, April 1.

Telegraphers of the Government

have investigated the reports that Germans are enlisting Chinese, Japanese and Korean telegraphers at Harbin and Chang Huan, for service on the Chinese Eastern railway and decided

that the telegraphers have left their posts in China except, possibly, in outer Mongolia, where the officials are not under Government control. Strict orders have been issued against the granting of permission to leave the telegraph offices without the fullest investigation.

## Statement of St. Vincent De Paul Society.

Editor Evening Telegram.

Dear Sir.—The following is a brief statement showing what the St. Vincent de Paul Society has done during the past year in the City of St. John's:

No. of orders issued, 1,008; for Coal, Food and Special Cases.

Great as this account of charitable work may appear, it is only a part of what might be accomplished if more means were at our disposal. Perhaps it would be well to state what way this charity work is performed and what classes we help. Well, we attend to every deserving case that comes before us and give it that attention as far forth as our means will allow. The classes we mostly relieve are the poor widows, who have no income; the widows and the little orphan children, and the families where a father is sick. Now, we assure you that in our city there are hundreds of people in these classes. What we give them is, practically speaking, very little compared to what their needs are, but we cannot do any more; therefore, we feel that by a little publicity, tempered by charitable motives, we may get those who would be of great assistance to us in the performance of this heavenly work, viz., helping the poor and distressed among us.

It might be well to remind you that owing to the increased cost of both food and coal our revenue is taxed to such an extent that it leaves us in a poor position to help as heretofore; hence it is we ask for your personal interest in our work, feeling that with your assistance we will be in a position to do a lot more for those who need our help.

Should you desire to help us in this matter or should you have a friend who would be disposed to render us financial assistance, we shall be glad at all times to be at hand to receive what you may have to offer.

Any information you may desire further on the matter, we shall at all times be ready to give to you.

Expressing our good wishes we remain,

Sincerely yours,

MICHAEL M. WALSH, Secy.

CHARLES W. RYAN, Pres.

April 11, 1918.

St. Thomas's Annual Parish Meeting.

The annual meeting of the parishioners of St. Thomas's Church was held in Canon Wood Hall on Thursday evening. The Rector of the Parish, Rev. Dr. Jones, presided, and a large number of parishioners attended. The Rector opened the meeting with prayer, after which the minutes of the last annual meeting were read by Mr. Fred. M. Stirling, Secretary of the Select Vestry. The report of the Rector showed great advancement in all branches of the work of the Parish, whilst the financial statement, which was presented by the Secretary of the Vestry in the absence of Hon. R. Watson, Financial Warden, showed the largest total receipts in the history of the Parish, with a substantial credit balance in the bank. Other reports were presented as follows: Church Institute, by Mr. Findlater; St. Margaret's Guild, by Rev. A. Clayton, L.Th.; Sunday Schools, by Mr. H. Y. Mott; Women's Industrial Society, by Rev. C. A. Moulton; Bands of Hope, by Rev. C. A. Moulton; Cemetery Committee, by Mr. E. S. Pinson; Protestant Industrial Society, by Mr. R. W. James. The following Church Officials were then elected: Rector's Warden, Hon. M. G. Winter; People's Warden, Hon. R. Watson; Select Vestry, Hon. C. H. Emerson, Hon. J. A. Clift, Hon. Tasker Cook, T. Winter, T. Lawrence, W. S. Monroe, R. R. Wood, J. C. Oke, R. G. MacDonald, Eric A. Bowring, Fred. M. Stirling, R. Dowden, Auditors, T. H. Griffiths and A. Findlater; Cemetery Committee, J. C. Oke, A. G. Cornell, F. Burnell, E. S. Plinten, R. Dowden, Finance Committee, F. F. Harris, A. G. Carnell, E. Hawkins, Claude Noonan, E. A. Crowther, R. W. Jeans, Chalker, R. Morgan, W. Wills, W. Bugden, E. Downton, Tasker Cook, W. Woodley, Jr., A. Hiscock, W. H. Strong, A. Findlater, Convenor, Protestant Industrial Society, Rev. Dr. Jones; Dr. Blackall, T. Hallett, R. W. Jeans.

Certain improvements to the Church property were decided upon, including the erection of a new Rectory, for which a fund will be at once inaugurated by the Finance Committee, and erection entered upon in due course.

Votes of thanks were then passed to the various Church workers, and the meeting closed at 11 o'clock with the singing of the National Anthem and the pronouncing of the Benediction by the Rector.

You will wonder why people are so enthusiastic in recommending this treatment for the nerves. But you will understand after you have experienced the benefits that are to be obtained by its use.

You will find yourself resting and sleeping better, appetite and digestion will improve and you will know again the joy of good health.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

BOSTON, Mass. To-day.

The first cargo of Canadian fish to be landed here, free of duty under the new reciprocal agreement, recently signed by Secretary of Commerce, Redfield, and Chief Justice Hazen of New Brunswick, arrived to-day in the Canadian schooner "Elinor S.", of Portsmouth, N.H. The catch of 53,000 lbs. of fresh ground fish was sold through the New England fish exchange.

## SUNLIGHT SOAP.

£1,000 Guarantee of Purity on every Bar.

THE "Sunlight" Guarantee of Purity was never more justified than it is to-day, because it enables us to insure the wives of our gallant soldiers and sailors against the drudgery and worry of household cleaning.

Sunlight Soap saves rubbing—saves scrubbing—saves the clothes. That portion of a wife's allowance which must be devoted to the cleaning of the home is, therefore, absolutely safeguarded when spent on Sunlight Soap.

SUNLIGHT SOAP is made for the housewife's profit for only thereby can makers hope to profit by Sunlight Soap.

The same Lever on Soap is a Guarantee of Purity and Excellence.

LEVER BAR SUNLIGHT, ENGLAND.



## This Fact Stands Out Above all Else.

## Spring is Here at Scott's.



Radiating the beauty of the new colorings that are so prevalent, and with fresh, new clothes and other wearables that have been arriving with each day—

THE STORE IS COMPLETELY READY! We are quite certain, too, that it is needless to recount the many advantages of early purchasing, and when you can secure full 100 per cent. satisfaction and be prepared for the Spring days that are a-comin'.

## INFANTS' BOOTS.

A line of Baby's Soft Sole Boots in sizes 0 and 1. They are the daintiest little boot you ever saw, and we want to particularly impress upon you their extremely moderate price. Worth in the regular way 45c. per pair. Sale Price, 39c.

## LADIES' BOOTS.

A shoe salesman claims he's looked all through the shoe magazine but couldn't locate as good a shoe as this. It is at that price. It is Cuban or French heels; fairly narrow toe and unusually effective shape. To be had in sizes 2½, 3, 3½ and 4. Reg. price \$4.20. Sale Price, per pair ... \$3.80

## Items of Interest at Reduced Prices

## BOYS' BOOTS.

Buying the right kind of shoes for your boy is not always an easy task. Several things must be considered. First of all, to get a serviceable pair, and then again, they must be reasonably priced. We are offering this week-end next a line of Boys' Tan Boots, with heavy sole, in sizes 9 to 13. At cut price. Sale Price, per pair ... \$2.65

## JERSEYS.

A line of Boys' Sweaters in small sizes, to fit boys age 2 to 4 years. Wishing to clear this lot, we are offering them at half price; colors Green and Navy. Sale Price, each 43c.

## YARDS AND YARDS OF FINE LACES &amp; EMBROIDERIES.

In the face of a "famine" of Laces and Embroideries, our enlarged showing demonstrated the merchandising ability of this store and the added fact of our ability to supply the need of our customers.

Aside from present requirements, you will do well to plan ahead.

## LADIES' HOSE.

50 dozen of Women's Black Cashmere Hose. These are a good quality stocking, not "seconds" but full-fashioned, reinforced, and the finest cotton satification in wear. Sale Price, per pair ... 29c.

## CHILDREN'S HOSE.

For boys and girls, "A full line of Cotton Stockings, not "seconds" but full-fashioned, reinforced, and the finest cotton satification in wear. Sale Price, per pair ... 15c.

## CASHMERE GLOVES.

Most suitable for Spring wear. Black, Grey and Fawn, button and wrist. By buying Gloves now you are following—not merely, our advice—but the only course which is left open to thrifty shoppers. Sale Price, per pair ... 14c.

## APRON HOLLAND.

Just 50 yards left, is 32 inches wide, slightly soiled on edge. Would be good value at double the price. We advise you to see this. Sale Price, per yard ... 15c.

## TOWELS.

A job lot of Huck Towels, size 15 x 20 inches. This Towel is having quite a call for everyday use. Before these are all picked up we advise you to come early and secure your needs. Sale Price, each 14c.

## CRASH TOWELING.

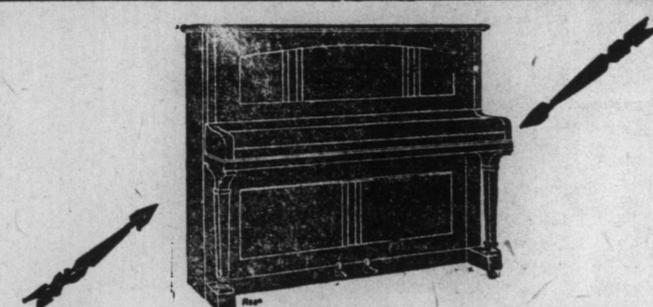
Of extra good quality, a much wanted material for the kitchen roller; is 17 inches wide and of a dark cream color. Sale Price, per yard ... 15c.

THE PEOPLE'S PAPER — DON'T SAY PAPER, SAY "EVENING TELEGRAM." — READ BY EVERYONE

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**The B. I. S. Dramatic Co.,**  
Presenting the Celebrated Melo-Drama,  
**"The Black Flag,"**  
IN THE  
CASINO THEATRE, MONDAY and TUESDAY,  
April 15th and 16th, at 8.15 p.m.

CAST OF CHARACTERS:  
Harry Glyndon ..... MR. J. C. PIPPY  
Owen Glyndon ..... MR. W. B. COMERFORD  
Jack Glyndon ..... CAPT. J. J. O'GRADY  
Sim Lazarus ..... MR. P. F. MOORE  
"Ned" ..... KITTY RYALL  
Scareum ..... MR. F. LUMSDEN  
Guide ..... L. CORP. P. J. GRACE  
Capt. Handyside ..... MR. M. CHANNING  
Warden ..... CORP. T. J. MAHONEY  
Inspector ..... MR. D. J. MALONEY  
Philip ..... MASTER F. RYALL  
Little Boy ..... MISS MAY JACKMAN  
Naomi Bradford ..... MISS M. VIGUERS  
Ruth Glyndon ..... MISS IDA HOWLETT  
Topsy Carroll ..... Reserved Seats (at Atlantic Bookstore), 75c. & 50c. Gal-  
lery, 30c.; Pit, 20c.  
april 10, 21, w.s.



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PRESENTS TO-DAY

**"Vengeance of the Dead."**

With Henry King and Lillian West. Produced by the Fortune Co. in 4 parts.

Rose Melville as "Sis Hopkins" in "THE DUMB HEIRESS"—Produced by the Kalem Co.

MR. P. J. McCARTHY sings "Ireland is Ireland to me."

5c.—LATEST MUSIC, DRUMS AND EFFECTS.—5c.



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