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FOR SALE—A most desirable building lot in the East End, corner Park Ave. and Arthur St.

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NEST R. READ—Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public, etc. Money loan on improved real estate at lowest rates and on easy terms... 127 1/2 Colborne St. Phone 482.

STRICKEN CITY IN BELGIUM REPORTED IN THE HANDS OF GERMANS.



VIEW ALONG the AVENUE de KEYSER, ONE of ANTWERP'S PRINCIPAL STREETS—CATHEDRAL in the DISTANCE

WAR SUMMARY

[By Special Wire to the Courier] There is hope in London to-day that the anniversary of the battle of Jena, in which the French gained a victory over the Prussians and Saxons just 108 years ago to-day, may be celebrated along both battle fronts by events, recalling this great and decisive struggle, but what ever the outcome observers are being permitted to receive only the faintest reports of what is now transpiring in Belgium, in France, and in Russian Poland.

Nearer home, news of military operations is even more meagre than in the eastern area. Stubborn fighting is reported at—(name deleted by censor)—and it is claimed that all the efforts of General Von Kluck to smash the allies left, have been repulsed. General Von Kluck, the commander of the German right wing.

The latest French official communication declares there is nothing to report except a notable advance in the region of Berry-Au-Bac, while Petrograd gives out the cryptic statement that warlike operations continue to develop along the Vistula and San Rivers as far as Przemyśl, and further south as far as the Dniester. A great battle along this front may even now be under way, and in any event it cannot be long postponed.

In the Baltic the German fleet is showing unusual activity. In addition to submarines, or a torpedo boat, according to the Berlin announcement, which recently sunk a Russian cruiser at a point distant two days, steaming from their base, a great German squadron, flying the flag of Prince Henry of Prussia, is to-day reported cruising about the Aland Islands.

Vienna reports that the Austrian offensive continues successful north and south of Przemysl and that Javoslav, an important fortress taken by Russia several weeks ago, has been re-occupied by the Austrians. A despatch from Nish, Serbia, relates that acting on the instructions of the German general staff, Austria has concentrated on the banks of the Drina, the greatest army yet sent against Serbia in a final and supreme effort to crush that country. Fierce skirmishing already has been reported between outposts, and a big battle is said to be imminent.

The ferment over the question of neutrality of the countries of southeastern Europe is increasing everywhere. An exception is found in the case of Italy, where discussion has been checked while the country awaits news from the sick-bed of its foreign minister.

The famous "Cruisers Goeben and Breslau" again are a source of friction with Turkey on account of the report that they have passed into the Black Sea and are to-day near the spot where a Russian fleet was reported to be cruising not long ago.

In England the controversy over the sending of naval reserves into Antwerp is confined to the press and the public, the authorities having made no reply to criticism of their action.

GERMAN PLAN FAILS TO CRUSH THE LEFT WING OF THE ALLIED FORCES

Enemy, According to Daily Mail Correspondent is Driven Still Farther Back—Sharp Fighting is Reported Around Lille.

[By Special Wire to the Courier] LONDON, Oct. 14—4.10 a.m.—In a despatch dated Monday, The Daily Mail's correspondent in Northern France says: "The great German plan to hold the department of Flanders and deliver a crushing blow to the allies' left wing has failed thus far. Yesterday and on Saturday our armies drove the enemy still further back."

"The German army which extended from Turcoing to Armentieres and was forced from its position last Tuesday has again met with heavy defeat and been beaten back northward. "The battle which has been raging at intervals near Arras blazed out again yesterday. I hear, and once more we forced the Germans back to the east and north. The German losses are said to be heavy. One force which advanced last week from the northeast on Bailleul (department of the Nord, near the Belgian frontier) has had to turn tail and, as long ago as last Wednesday, its columns were beating a heavy retreat back whence they came to join their supporters at Ypres."

"Ypres was occupied Wednesday afternoon by a moderate detachment of German cavalry and infantry, but if they have not yet evacuated it they must do so in the next few hours, as their position is untenable without very large reinforcements, and these, if

they exist, cannot reach them now." SHARP FIGHTING PARIS, Oct. 14—7.01 a.m.—The left wing of the allies, where the French and British forces have taken the offensive at certain points against the Germans is expected to be the scene of sharp fighting.

The occupation of Lille by the Germans, it is believed by the French official communication previously had been principally engagements between the cavalry of the contending forces, but the French official communication now speaks of "our forces" in general and not, as previously, "our cavalry," in referring to the troops around Lille, indicating that in addition to the squadrons of allied cavalry their infantry also has got forward.

The German army corps, which has occupied Lille, evidently is part of the force of the German emperor, which has been released from service in Belgium. Having been royally attacked at Arras, Albert, Roye, Lassigny and Tracy LeMont, there was much speculation on the result of the next effort of the Germans. The allies, who have maintained a solid barrier, hoped not only to keep their line intact, but to make some progress, as it is reported they did yesterday.

TO WAGE A WINTER WARFARE

Expert Opinion on the Great European Conflict.

Struggle Will Not be Ended For a Long Time Yet.

(By Courtesy of the New York Herald.)

NEW YORK, Oct. 14—In today's review of the war situation in Europe, The Herald's military critic says:

"Two military tacticians of a century ago laid great emphasis upon one principle of war craft above all others. These masters were Napoleon of France and Clausewitz of Germany, and their first axiom was this: 'Never engage all your forces at once and at haphazard, by which method you lose all power of directing them. Cause your enemy to become fatigued and tire him everywhere with a sufficient force, holding in reserve a substantial and efficient force for the last but decisive moment. When once the mass is launched, employ it with the utmost decision and audacity.'"

"The unprecedented conditions which obtain in the western theatre of operations in Europe might prompt the observation that the principle upon which Napoleon based all his tactics is every day becoming impracticable today. It would appear from the viewpoint of the allies that with the almost overwhelming military strength of Germany to contend with, the retention of a substantial and efficient force for the decisive moment is an impossibility."

"Concerning the German scheme of campaign, there appears little doubt that in their efforts to crush the imperfectly mobilized military strength of their adversaries at the outset nearly every unit of the immense machine at the disposal of the German general staff was cast into the balance. The machine was operated as a whole and driven forward by every ounce of power that could be generated."

"In other words the rule of Clausewitz, so dear to the heart of Von Moltke in 1870, was subordinated to that which were exigencies of the moment. The theory of the modern German school for many weeks appeared to be the most effective. Even after Belgium's sacrifice, when she thrust herself into the driving wheel of the machine, causing a succession of ominous misses in the engine's revolutions, the mechanism was duly primed and the forward drive on Paris was recommenced."

"At the decisive moment, however, when the Franco-British forces appeared fatigued, the substantial and efficient force which Clausewitz would have held in reserve was not there. The smashing blow was not delivered. In short, the modern military school of Germany did not have 'the punch.'"

"In keeping with the immense... Continued from Page One

OFFICIAL FRENCH NOTICE

[By Special Wire to the Courier] PARIS, Oct. 14, 3.10 p.m.—The following official announcement was given out in Paris this afternoon:

"In the Belgian field of operations there were some encounters during the night of October 12-13 and during the day of the 13th in the region around Ghent. English and French troops have occupied Ypres."

First: On our left wing, as far as the Oise, the operations are developing normally. Second: On the centre, previous reports of the progress of our armies in the region of Berry-au-Bac have been confirmed.

Third: On our right wing there is nothing new. "While it is not our custom to reply to the inaccuracies of the German press, it seems to us proper to denounce the false news published in certain German newspapers concerning the pretended destruction of two divisions of French cavalry. This information is absolutely erroneous. The truth is that certain forces of French and German cavalry, with supports, have been engaged for several days along the front at La Bassée, Estaires and Bailleul. The German cavalry succeeded in making a very slight advance between the canal of La Bassée and the Lys, but they were obliged to draw back in the territory north of the Lys."

"The losses sustained by the German cavalry are assuredly as perceptible as our own. One of the German divisions suffered particularly, because it was pursued during one entire day by our aviators, who did not cease to throw bombs down upon the German troops."

Another case is the fact that the Germans announce that they are undertaking the investment of Verdun. In this instance also to learn the truth it is sufficient to refer to the situation as set forth on several different occasions in the French official communications."

"The Germans have not succeeded up to the present time, in hurling themselves against the fortified position of Verdun. They have, however, made two futile efforts to envelope, at a considerable distance, the French forces which are operating around Verdun. One of these efforts was characterized by their attempt to break through the Argonne forest between Binarville and Pargny. It will be recalled that this movement failed, with very important losses. We did not even announce at the time that two German battalions had been annihilated in this engagement."

"The other enveloping movement on the part of the Germans, undertaken in much greater numerical strength, was directed towards the crossing of the Meuse in the region of St. Mihiel. If the Germans succeeded in reaching this river on the front between Metz and Chavoncourt, all their efforts would themselves be caught on the flank by detachments of our troops which advanced from the south to the north through the southern section of the heights of the Meuse, and through the southern section of the Woëvre district."

(Continued on Page Four.)

GERMANS ATTEMPT SWEEP

It is Thought Another Effort to Take Paris is Under Way.

Contradictory Reports Lead to No Definite Conclusion.

[By Special Wire to the Courier]

LONDON, Oct. 14.—Out of the mass of wholly irreconcilable assertions regarding the war in Europe, emerges the seemingly irrefutable fact that the Germans are engaged in attempting to repeat the rapid sweeping movement which five weeks ago took them almost to the gates of Paris.

"With most of Belgium already occupied, there is nothing that can stop the invaders reaching the coast and remaining there at least temporarily, unless the British naval guns are able to render tenure impossible. The length of their stay at the popular seaside resort of Ostend, will of course depend upon the outcome of the great battle now understood to be opening near the frontiers separating the provinces of West Flanders and Hainaut from the French department of the north. Beyond an unconfirmed report of fighting in the direction of Zebruges, a coast town 15 miles northeast of Ostend, there is no further news of the German advance in this vicinity."

"Further south there is reason to believe that the left wing of the allies has been strongly reinforced, and confirmation of this is found in the statement in the latest report from Gen. Joffre, the French commander in chief, that the offensive against the Germans has been resumed in that part of the line of battle."

"The American writes: 'That's what von Bernstorff literally called 'the ten German commandments.' As to the other allies, von Bernstorff added: 'Germany will buy Russia and will finish off England, then traitorous England will turn against Russia, and both will call for our help against each other. As for France, she must be reduced, sunk forever and made another Portugal or Turkey, even if we have to kill five million Frenchmen to do it.'"

(Continued on Page Four.)

Better Late Than Never

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The Daily Mail's military correspondent replies in effect to-day to the Morning Post's strictures of yesterday on Winston Spencer Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, for sending a too small English force to Antwerp. "Under the circumstances," says the correspondent, "the act was not only justified, but one of brave and honorable necessity. To have refused to go to the aid of the beleaguered garrison when asked to do so would have been an act of selfish cowardice, of which no British minister would be capable. Late we have been, but better late than never."

GENERAL KILLED

PARIS, Oct. 14.—News was received in Paris to-day of the death of General Rondony, commander of the third brigade of the French colonial infantry. The general was killed while leading his brigade against the enemy. Two English nurses have met their death on the field of battle. The women were killed by an exploding shell while they were on duty in a field hospital behind the center of the allied armies.

NOT TO FORCE THE SCHELDT

BERLIN, Oct. 13 (via The Hague and London).—The Government of the Netherlands has again been officially notified by the German Government that the status of the River Scheldt, the waterway which leads to Antwerp, will be regarded by Germany as heretofore. There will be no question of forcing the Scheldt or using it for purposes not sanctioned in treaties with the Netherlands. The notification to this effect was sent this morning.

BURGOMASTER MAX Ostend Is Taken by the Germans

Declined to Give Germans All the Money, and Was Imprisoned.

[By Special Wire to the Courier] LONDON, Oct. 14, 4 a.m.—"The Berlin Lokal Anzeiger gives a new version as to why Burgomaster Max of Brussels is being detained by the Germans in the fortress of Namur," says the Amsterdam correspondent of Reuter's Telegram Company. The despatch continues: "Burgomaster Max paid in cash 2,500,000 francs of the 50,000,000 francs demanded by the Germans and gave bonds for the remainder up to 20,000,000 francs, which later he refused to redeem, the remaining 30,000,000 francs he refused to consider. This resulted in his detention. It is added that the committee of sheriffs, which is now administering the affairs of the town has agreed to redeem the bonds and to compromise on 20,000,000 francs more as settling the matter."

A Lobo township farmer has offered one hundred barrels of apples, absolutely free of charge, for London's poor.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—The New York American prints a London cable which says: "It is reported in London from an authoritative source that Ostend was taken by the Germans to-night (Tuesday)."

POOR OLD NANCY. NANCY, via Paris, Oct. 14.—5.45 a.m.—Three bombs from German aeroplanes fell yesterday in the railway station near the bridge of the Rue De Mon Desert, in the southwest part of the city. The bombs struck a first class passenger coach, cut the telegraph wires and injured three persons.

New Men For Borden Cabinet

[By Special Wire to the Courier] OTTAWA, Oct. 14.—Although Premier Borden stated this morning that nothing had so far been decided upon, it is understood that Hon. T. C. Casgrain, K.C., former member for Montmorency and Chairman of the International Joint Commission, will be sworn to-day as Postmaster-General in succession to Hon. L. P. Pelletier, who resigns owing to ill-health. It is also unofficially stated that Hon. Bruno Nantel is to be succeeded as Minister of Inland Revenue by E. L. Patenaude of Montreal, Mr. Nantel being slated for a railway commissionership.

WHAT GERMANY WILL DEMAND IF SHE SHOULD DEFEAT FRANCE

The "Ten Commandments," Which Include a Quarter of France, \$2,000,000,000 Indemnity and Sundry Other Things.

PARIS, Oct. 13.—M. Clemenceau devotes his leader in L'Homme Enchaîné (formerly L'Homme Libre) to extracts from a letter just received from an intimate friend, who is an American diplomat, and who knows the Kaiser personally, and has been received by him at Berlin. The letter relates a conversation held by Count von Bernstorff at the end of August with an important American banker in staff at the German Red Cross. The conversation is described as taking place in the smoking room of a casino or hotel at an unnamed city, described sufficiently adequately to identify it as Newport.

The Berliner, the letter says, asked Count von Bernstorff what the Kaiser would take from France at the end of the war. The Ambassador replied, counting off the points on his fingers: FIRST—The colonies of Morocco, entire Algeria and Tunisia. SECOND—All France from Saint Valery in a straight line to Lyons, or more than a quarter of France, and having more than 15,000,000 inhabitants.

THIRD—An indemnity of ten billion francs (\$2,000,000,000). FOURTH—A commercial treaty permitting German goods to enter France duty free for 25 years without reciprocity. FIFTH—Thereafter the continuation of trade conditions provided in the Treaty of Frankfurt. SIXTH—The demobilising of all French fortresses. SEVENTH—The gift by France of 3,000,000 rifles, 3,000 cannon and 40,000 horses. EIGHTH—Patent rights for German patents without reciprocity for 25 years. NINTH—France to abandon her alliance with Russia and England.

TENTH—A 25-year treaty of alliance with Germany. The American writes: "That's what von Bernstorff literally called 'the ten German commandments.' As to the other allies, von Bernstorff added: 'Germany will buy Russia and will finish off England, then traitorous England will turn against Russia, and both will call for our help against each other. As for France, she must be reduced, sunk forever and made another Portugal or Turkey, even if we have to kill five million Frenchmen to do it.'"

Portugal in It

[By Special Wire to the Courier] LONDON, Oct. 14.—(1.21 p.m.)—A Central News despatch from Madrid says that it is reported from Lisbon that Portugal has declared war against Germany. The message, which lacks official confirmation, is published in Madrid with all reserve.

AMBASSADOR LEAVES. LONDON, Oct. 14.—(1.35 p.m.)—Cabling from Lisbon, the correspondent of the Central News says it is reported that the German minister to Portugal and other Germans residing in Lisbon are about to leave for Madrid. As a result of cabinet meetings and conferences between the leaders of the various Portuguese parties and the president of the republic, the correspondent continues, it has been resolved to convene congress Friday, October 16, in order to pass a vote for the mobilization of Portuguese troops.



# ARRANGEMENTS MADE TO HANDLE BIG CROWD AT THE PATRIOTIC CONCERT

The arrangements for the Patriotic Concert to be held in the Armoures on Thursday, in the matter of smooth and easy handling of crowds have been satisfactorily completed. All gentlemen who are acting as ushers will be at the Armoures at 7 p.m. on that night and will wear a tricolor rosette.

Mr. S. Seago is in charge of seating and everyone booking immediately at M. H. Robertson's, will be assured of a reserved position and an obliging and courteous staff of ushers will see to their comfort. Every ticket holder who has not yet marked his seat would do well to do so at once.

The Boy Scouts are also to lend their aid and the souvenir program which they will provide a pleasing reminder for a long time after the event is past. The price of the programs is two for five cents. To-night the choir will hold a rehearsal in the Collegiate Institute, commencing at 7:45 p.m. A strong party of Paris singers numbering over 50 will come down on the 7:15 car. Twelve picked soldiers of the 88th, Dufferin Rifles will be on duty on the 15th, and the habits of

precision which they have learned, will be exercised in seeing to the proper allocation of ticket holders and directing them down the aisles.

The public is excluded from both the Officers and Sergeants galleries both having been found to be required for the military representation from all local corps, which is to attend.

Messrs. Schultz Bros. are to-day arranging the immense platform and a decorating committee is also at work.

The program of the evening has been already the subject of much comment. It will be a splendid one and never to be forgotten by those privileged to hear it. The Ticket and Publicity committee held a meeting last night and meet again to-night. The attention of the meeting was called to the patriotic action of the local Sons of Scotland lodge, which has postponed its concert in order to let the patriotic fund have a clear field, at the motion of Mr. H. M. Bell, a vote of thanks and appreciation was passed to the lodge, intimation of it to be given in the press to-day.

The returns from the choirs taking part are now in the hands of the directors and a choir of 464 voices will occupy the platform.

## RETAIL MERCHANTS AND "MADE-IN-CANADA" POLICY

Patriotism and Self-Interest Prompts Sale of Home Made Articles—Reduce Unemployment and Charity

Practical action by the Quebec branch of the Retail Merchants' Association of Canada was taken at a meeting held in Montreal immediately after the outbreak of the war. The following letter from the Quebec Secretary of the Association, Mr. J. A. Beaudry, offers good advice to the retailer and his customer alike.

Every Canadian housewife should bear in mind this timely statement when she goes into the corner store to make her next purchase:

For years past, millions of dollars worth of goods have been imported into Canada from the countries involved in the war. These importations have now practically stopped, and may not be resumed for a very considerable period. The consequence is that the price of all imported goods has very materially increased, and will continue to increase in proportion to the excess of the demand upon the supply, and we shall not be surprised to see the supply completely exhausted within a very short time. This fact is creating some concern in the minds of the public, who seem to believe that the merchant is responsible for such an increase.

We think it would be advisable for you to point out to your customers that in their purchases they should give preference to goods made in Canada, which would avoid paying such high prices, and would help to keep the Canadian factories busy, thereby giving employment to Canadians who, at this particular time, are so much in need of earning as much as possible.

To encourage home industries is a good policy at all times, but should be acted upon at this trying period for self-preservation, and we strongly suggest that you co-operate with your customers in this matter, thereby doing your share in educating the public to this end, and by so doing, greatly oblige.

Yours truly,  
J. A. Beaudry,  
Secretary for the Province of Quebec

## Social and Personal

The Courier is always pleased to use items of personal interest. Phone 276.

C. L. Lay of Buffalo is to-day a city visitor.

D. C. Noble of Detroit is to-day a city visitor with friends.

Albert Foster of Berlin is to-day in the city for a visit to friends.

Dr. F. Hanna was in Ottawa yesterday.

Simpson Miller of Walkerton is sojourning with friends to-day.

Harry Turnbull of Toronto is to-day in the city on a short visit.

T. H. H. of Winnipeg, is a visitor for some time in the city.

E. H. Read is a business visitor in the city from Toronto to-day.

G. T. Crumpin of Ingersoll, is to-day in the city.

David Maxwell of St. Marys, is visiting in the city to-day.

W. E. Stuart of Chicago, is spending a few days in the city.

Joseph MacDonald of Guelph was a recent visitor in the city yesterday.

T. N. Wilmer of Sault Ste. Marie, is spending a short vacation in the city.

James J. Perry of Michigan, is spending a few days in the city visiting old friends.

L. E. Johnson of Cleveland, Ohio, is visiting friends in the city for a few days.

W. H. Graham of Perth, is visiting city relatives upon Dalhousie St. to-day.

Miss Madeline Carling of Toronto spent the holiday period with her sister, Miss Carling, 21 Wellington St. to-day.

M. D. Daller of Napanee returned to his home last night after a short visit.

George Harrodine of Vancouver, B. C., is spending a short holiday with friends in the city.

J. McIntosh of Seaford returned home this morning after a visit to the city.

M. E. R. Whitehead of Montreal is in town for the Whitehead-Blackmore marriage.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Parker of Hagersville, made a motor trip to London on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Gordon have returned from spending two or three weeks in Atlantic City.

Mrs. H. Wm. Turnbull, 8 Mary St., will receive Friday, Oct. 16, and afterwards on the third Friday of each month.

W. G. Coates of New York, is a business visitor in the city to-day. He is interested in the Westminster Pavement company deal.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Burnett of Toronto were visitors in the city over Sunday and Thanksgiving Day at the home of W. O. Ranton.

Mrs. Stephen Cara wishes to thank the Companions of Court Regina, No. 503, I.O.P., for their kind thought in sending flowers, and she is pleased to say that her little son, Steve, is progressing splendidly after his slight operation.

## GOOD JUDGMENT IN SHOPPING

There is a knack in buying even the simplest of clothing that is an inestimable boon to the women who possess it. However not all women are so fortunate. It is the part of such a store as this to make it practically impossible for its customers to be disappointed with their purchases, character of stocks, values, efficient help and constant care are all given to this end, and finally we see everything under a broad guarantee that insures every purchase. The items here given are just a few of the centres of interest for To-morrow's Shopping.

**Women's Underwear**  
Women's Vests and Drawers, also Combinations, in part wool and all wool, in all the best Canadian makes, in all sizes. Prices range at \$2.00, \$1.50, \$1.25, \$1.00, 75c, 50c to 25c per garment.

We also carry a full range of Misses' and Children's Underwear in vest, drawers and combinations, all at popular prices.

**New Fall Dress and Suiting Fabrics**  
The new Autumn shades are featured in new weaves and finishes, from the shimmering silk and wool fabrics for afternoon and party gowns to the heavier suitings and cloaking materials.

French Wool Crepe-de-Chine, \$1.25 yd. They come in delicate tints and lovely soft draping fabrics, 45 in. wide. Special ..... **\$1.25**

\$1.25 French Serge, 50 in. wide, guaranteed all wool, colors Navy, Alice, Brown, Grey and Wine, Cardinal and Black. Special ..... **\$1.00**

**New Silks**  
New Roman Stripes and Plaids, in 12 different colorings, etc. Special ..... **\$1.25**

**A Bargain in Velvet Suiting Cords**  
2,000 yards 27-inch Woven Cord Velvet, 15 different colorings. **75c AND 50c** Special

**Our Annual Blanket Sale Still Continues**  
Hundreds of pairs of Wool and Part Wool Blankets, in the best English, Scotch and Canadian makes, in various sizes and weights, all specially priced for this sale.

50 pairs slightly soiled and damaged Blankets to clear at 25 to 33 per cent. off, according to damage.

**J. M. YOUNG & CO.**  
Telephone 351 and 805 Agents for New Idea Pattern

## Women's Institute

At Balfour St. Church. The Y. P. S. C. E. of Balfour St. Presbyterian Church, held their regular meeting at the church last evening, with a goodly number in attendance.

After the usual opening exercises the minutes of the previous meeting were read and adopted. The following are the officers for the winter term: Hon. president, Rev. J. M. Whitlaw; president, Mr. Charles Dewar; vice-president, Miss Grace Raynor; recording secretary, Mr. H. Laird; corresponding secretary, Mr. John Dewar; treasurer, Miss Lillian Edwards; organist, Miss Margaret Morrison; Assistant organist, Miss Beatrice McCormick.

The new president occupied the chair in a most efficient manner. Prospects look bright for a good winter's work. After the business had been taken up, Mr. E. A. Danby gave a short talk on the topic for the evening, "A Joyous Life," which was the Thanksgiving topic. Several others also took part, and after singing the meeting closed with the Mizpah Benediction.

## WAS UNPREPARED

Canadians Must Learn to Shoot, Says Colonel Steele

[By Special Wire to the Courier] WINNIPEG, Man., Oct. 14.—Speaking at a meeting to encourage enlistment held at Manitoba College last night, Col. S. B. Steele, D.O. C., said:

"Canada has never been properly prepared to meet any foe since 1812, when every man knew how to handle his rifle. Now that the urgent need was upon them, the first thing they had to do was to appoint officers. The principle of selecting officers, the colonel did not consider generally satisfactory, but in the case of a university corps of men, the composition it would be a safeguard against unwise selection."

He wanted to emphasize the importance of discipline. Colonel Steele declared the British volunteer system had not been a success. If England had had a million trained men ready to rush to the continent the present plight of Belgium would never have developed and Germany would have been prevented from her lightning march toward Paris.

The Canadian first contingent, while composed of men of the finest type as regards physique and intelligence and could be made into good soldiers more quickly than most men, was not in his opinion anything like ready to take the field against the trained armies of Germany.

Colonel Steele thought that while the British army was small, it was more than the equal of any army that was in the field in 1914.

Colonel Steele said that Canada had a voluntary military system that was a farce. Nearly every regiment had to take 50 per cent of new recruits each year, which was unfortunate in the highest degree. Canadians in time of peace seemed to prefer baseball to rifle practice.

## "MADE-IN-WINNIPEG"

Simple Maxims Which Every Western Community Can Adopt For Its Use

During the "Made-in-Winnipeg" week, organized by the enterprising Industrial Commissioner of the Western metropolises in May last, many "slogans" were used with good results by the keen business men of Winnipeg, whose co-operation made the exhibition such a huge success.

The following are a few mottoes which can be adopted with slight change for use in every Western community:

It isn't always the sky-scraper that makes the city. A factory with a big pay-roll will do twice as much.

Become impressed with the real, true, downright duty you owe your city in patronizing home industry. After all is said and done, the full dinner-pail is the property sign of a live city.

Winnipeg believes self-preservation to be the first law of nature, and therefore welcomes the "Made in Winnipeg" Week, advocating home industries, the first law of a city's solid development.

Winnipeg believes that no city can continue growth upon sound foundation without industry. It is the city of manufacturing that forges ahead.

Winnipeg knows that the way to build up a local industry is to buy of its wares. It is a duty citizens owe to the community. Buy the product of home labor, home capital and home industry.

Winnipeg realizes that there are eighteen thousand people employed in manufacturing goods right here in the city, and that if we can double the number and have the money that these people earn spent right here, it goes to help the prosperity of all.

Winnipeg knows that the purchase of every \$1,000 of goods, "Made in Winnipeg" instead of purchasing outside, means the addition of one person to the city instead of supporting him elsewhere.

"Anything that is produced in Canada from Canadian materials, by the application of Canadian brain and labor, will always have first call with me. And it's only good business on my part that it should."

Rev. T. A. Symington has accepted a call to Weston, Ont.

## Wedding Bells

**WHITEHEAD—BLACKMORE**  
Grace Church was the scene of a very pretty and quiet wedding, Saturday afternoon, Oct. 10, at 4 o'clock, when Miss Bertha Agnes Blackmore and Mr. Thomas H. Whitehead were united in holy matrimony. The young people are both well known in this city. The bride was supported by her cousin, Mrs. Lloyd Harris, while the groom was assisted by his brother, Edward of Toronto.

Miss Blackmore was attired in a navy blue travelling costume with a black velvet hat. After the ceremony the couple left by motor for Hamilton, afterwards visiting New York.

## Laid at Rest

**Infant Harris.**  
The funeral of Winnifred Harris, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Harris took place on Monday morning at the parental residence, 35 Brighton Place to Mount Hope cemetery. The Rev. M. Kelly conducted the last sad services amid a circle of mourners. Many florists testified to the deep sympathy of numerous friends and included the following: Mrs. George E. Kood, Mr. and Mrs. Lapsley, Miss L. Rowe, Mr. and Mrs. Williams, Mrs. Greenwood, Mrs. Martindale, Mrs. Howell, Ethel and Lucy, Mrs. Costin, Mrs. McGowan.

**Late Mrs. Virginia Avey.**  
The late Mrs. Virginia Avey was tenderly laid to her last long rest on Saturday in Mount Hope Cemetery, when a large number of sympathizing friends attended the ceremonies. Interment took place from the late residence, 225 Clarence street, the pallbearers being members of the family. The Rev. Mr. Nelson conducted the services, which were of an impressive character. The floral tributes testified to the esteem and reverence in which the deceased was held by the profession in which they were offered. They were as follows: Pillow, the family; cross, Mother, Leona and Harold; wreath, Sister Leona; wreath, M. B. O'Loughlin and Frank Sloan; sprays, Walter Simmons, Mrs. Gra-

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No, there is nothing to pay for this.

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## Roofing

Slate, Felt and Gravel, Asbestos and General Roofing of all kinds. Repair Work and Re-Roofing attended to promptly

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## Obituary

The Late Mr. Bennett

One of the Toronto papers has the following with reference to the death of a soldier who died in the late Mr. W. Bennett, who died in that city on Thursday last. Mrs. Bennett, whose brother is Mr. Geo. Moore, Jarvis St., city, at one time used to reside in this city some years ago. "The funeral of the late Mr. Will Bennett took place on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock from his late residence, 228 Gerrard street, east, and was largely attended. Service was conducted at the house by the Rev. Mr. Rogers, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Young, interment taking place in St. John's cemetery, Norway. The pall bearers were Messrs. Arthur, Len, George, Herbert and Will Jeffs, and Mr. Haskins. A favorite hymn of the deceased was sung at the house during the service. The profusion of flowers bore mute testimony to the high esteem in which the deceased was held. The late Mr. Bennett was a man of exemplary habits, a sterling citizen, fond father and faithful husband. He leaves to mourn his sad loss a sorrowing wife and a family. Those present from a distance were Mr. Geo. Moore, Brantford; Mr. L. Mackenzie, London, Ont.; Miss B. Mackenzie, Rochester.

## LOST EVERYTHING.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Captain Eshlange, of the Belgian steamer Samland, which arrived today from London said that his home in Antwerp had been destroyed by a German shell and that he had lost his savings of a life time. "When we were attacked on the fort began," said Capt. Eshlange, "my wife sent two of our children to me in London, while she stood in Antwerp to look after our home, our property and the other children. When one of the big shells struck our house my wife was buried out of bed. She and the children scarcely fled, escaped from the house before other shells fell there. Later they succeeded in reaching England."

Rev. Dr. Currie of Perth has accepted the call of the Beaverton Presbyterians.

## WAR STORIES FROM THE FRONT

**War of Machines.**  
Hamilton Fyfe, the Daily Mail's correspondent says:  
In an interview a wounded officer said to me:  
"This is not a war of men; it is a war of machines. There is an appalling soullessness about it that is sadly inhuman. Men turn handles and death flies out in large bundles. That is what this battle has been. It is all really one battle on the Marne."

Another witness to the terrific slaughter which is not yet generally realized, told me that the French shells burst with terrific effect and near legs and arms to pieces. If the wound is in the head or stomach, it is all over. This soldier added:  
"It is quite true, too, that many men have been found dead without any wounds. We find them as we go over the fields of battle kneeling or sitting in the trenches in a natural attitude just as if they were still alive, just as they knelt or sat when a shot burst and in an instant suffocated them with the melinite fumes."

A Red Cross nurse, a clever, business-like French woman, who had experience in the Balkan war, said to me:  
"Germany must be one vast hospital and France is beginning to be the same. I have just travelled from the Atlantic coast right through the centre of France and saw wounded everywhere. Already beds are becoming scarce, though fortunately there are so many slightly wounded, that they are clearly wounded, that they recover quickly and make room for new-comers. But it brings home the immensity of the struggle to see every available school, institution and public hall turned into a hospital, as well as every big railway station and numberless private houses."

**Gets Away from Uhlans.**  
How he was captured by Uhlans and escaped from them at night had been related to a London Evening News correspondent by runner W. E. Parker of the Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers.

Then news was received of the British retreat, and the occupants of the farm cleared off, leaving Parker in possession. He remained hidden in the attic, only venturing out at nightfall or in the early morning, to reconnoitre, and on one of these he stumbled on a German picket.

Rushing back to the farm he had only time to conceal himself under the mattress of an old bed in the attic when the Germans entered the house.

He was not discovered, but this experience made him realize the danger of his position, and under cover of darkness he left his hiding place. After wandering about for hours and having many narrow escapes from prowling Germans, he found refuge with a village priest, who wrote a letter commending him to the care of the French populace as a friend of France.

With this he set out on the road to Boulogne to find the British line. He reached Douai, but found that the Germans were in the neighborhood, and then pressed on by night to Arras, where he produced the priest's letter, and was arrested as a German spy.

He had every prospect of being shot at dawn, until he thought of his regimental identification disk, and after some consultation this was accepted as proof that he was a British soldier.

He made towards a light which proved to be in a farm house, but though the occupants were friendly enough when they recognized the British uniform they were not disposed to encourage him to stay for fear of German vengeance.

However after some hesitation they gave him some clothing and advised him to hide his uniform which he did.

## SPLENDID PICTURE

Seventeen by twenty-one inches, ready for framing, with the signature of  
**THE LATE PREMIER**  
**SIR JAMES PLINY WHITNEY, K. C.**  
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Enclosed please find Twelve Cents, for which kindly send Photogravure of Sir James Whitney as described above.  
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## WHO IS YOUR EXECUTOR?

It is essential that the ex of your will should not o willing to undertake the o duties involved, but he sho experienced in financial a and possess executive abil trust corporation is the ic pointment, offering every cation, including exemptio in health and death. Wo booklet on "Wills."

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## SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN SUBSIDY LAND REGISTRATION

Over 18 years old, may be quarter section of available Do in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Al. Diligent must appear in person in the District. Entry by proxy m at any Dominion Lands Agenc. Sub-Agency on certain conditio. Duties—Six months' residence cultivation of the land in case of homestead may be obtained on less than 80 acres, on certain con habitable house is required. Residence is performed in the standing may pre-empt a qu. Long six to homestead. Pri. Duties—Six months' residence three years after earning hom. also 50 acres extra culti. ample patent may be obtain homestead patent. On certain co. A settler who has exhausted stand right may take a ove- stand in certain districts. Pr. acre. Duties—must reside. Each of three years, cultivate direct a house worth \$300. The area of cultivation is a function in case of rough, actu land. Live stock may be su cultivation under certain cond. W. W. COBY, Deputy of the Minister of N.B. (Unauthorized publica advertisement will not be pa)







THE COURIER

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Wednesday, October 14, 1914

THE SITUATION

Poor little unoffending Belgium is still the main theatre of the European war. At this writing Ostend has apparently fallen, and it is certain that the capital has been removed to French territory. In modern times no country has ever suffered more cruelly or ruthlessly than the plucky little subjects of King Albert, whose only offence was that they would not bow the knee to an overbearing set of war lords, with the Kaiser impudently claiming the Deity as a side partner.

WAR PRICES IN CANADA

The effects of two months of the world's war on Canadian prices are summed up in a rise of the Labor Department's index number from 135.5, as calculated at the end of July, to 140.7, as worked out at the end of September. These numbers are percentages of the general level of prices in the decade 1890-1899, and are based on quotations from 272 articles scattered over the whole field of production and consumption.

Most of the rise took place during the three weeks following the declaration of war. In fact, the last half of September saw general steadiness and even a tendency to decline in important articles like grains and cattle.

GOVERNMENT FINANCING IN WAR TIME

The first Canadian provincial government to take practical steps to float a loan during war time is Ontario. That province is selling 11,000,000 five-year 5 per cent. bonds in Canada and the loan is expected to have a good reception. Ontario made inquiries with a view to marketing this loan in the United States, but were informed by bankers there that President Wilson's fan on loans being raised in the United States for governments at war would seem to include Canadian provincial governments. The London market also being closed, Ontario will sell its bonds here.

In Saskatchewan, for public works capital account \$1,799,950, part of the proceeds of an issue of treasury bills sold in April was at the disposal of the government. Money to be paid on vouchers which had been sent in for work done before the outbreak of war and the sums required for advancing certain public works in order that the money already spent might not be wasted, would make a total of \$1,822,000. An additional sum was therefore needed. For relief work and for patriotic purposes it is necessary to raise a further sum of about \$1,500,000 by way of a temporary loan, the sum required for patriotic purposes alone being \$750,000. Arrangements for a temporary loan have been made by the provincial government and it is not anticipated that the rate of interest will be in excess of 1-2 per cent. The government expect to make the loan a permanent one in the near future.

A bill to provide for the hypothecation of the securities of the province of Saskatchewan, passed at the recent session, gives the government powers which will enable it to raise loans in this manner during the continuance of the war.

SIX HUNDRED DOLLARS PER FAMILY

There is no danger in Canada from the actual operations of war. Therefore, there is no reason why business conditions should not be satisfactory. Basic conditions were never better in the western country than they are this year. Instead of a condition of pessimism verging on panic, there is every ground for confidence. This is especially the case in Manitoba and the northern part of the country, which produced, according to the Manitoba Free Press estimates, 3,000,000 bushels, and the grain growers estimate 353,000,000, or 335,000,000 bushels which at 60 cents a bushel, a low estimate, would give us roughly \$200,000,000. Add to this our root crop, dairy products, live stock, etc., which

would easily be another \$200,000,000 to \$250,000,000. This, divided amongst a population of about one million and a half would give \$150 each for every man, woman and child. Divide them into families of four and you have \$600 to the family. Then, take into consideration that a large number of the population live in villages, towns and cities, and you will see that if every one had been engaged in their legitimate business and living within their means instead of speculating and gambling in real estate and other matters we would have money enough and to spare."

KULTUR'S DOVES ON THE WING

Under the above heading the New York Herald says: "Another famous victory at Paris! More bombs, and more peaceful non-combatants killed and maimed. It is not a war—it is an assassination in villages, towns and cities, and you will see that if every one had been engaged in their legitimate business and living within their means instead of speculating and gambling in real estate and other matters we would have money enough and to spare."

A SOLDIER'S STORY OF HIS FIRST BATTLE

Gallant Frenchman Tells of His First Experience in the Firing Line—Felt Like Spectator

A vivid impression of what modern warfare means, is given in a letter written by a wounded French soldier: "I am in a hospital now, with a nice little hole in my left shoulder," he wrote. "It feels as if some playful joker had touched it with a lighted cigar. The wound is washed and dressed by a pretty little dressmaker who has a hair brush and a comb so sweet and lovely and kind-hearted that one would like to get wounded for the sole purpose of being nursed and bandaged."

"At a distance, on our left, clouds of dust hovered over the field, and now and again our ears catch the noise of moving troops and the tramping of horses' feet. Apparently they were moving parallel with our columns. It is rumored that they are British troops, but nobody knows but the commander, and they keep silent. We know not even where we go."

"There were many singing, however, for the French soldier is always bright, lively, happy and brave. "At a distance, on our left, clouds of dust hovered over the field, and now and again our ears catch the noise of moving troops and the tramping of horses' feet. Apparently they were moving parallel with our columns. It is rumored that they are British troops, but nobody knows but the commander, and they keep silent. We know not even where we go."

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will be little difficulty. For such purposes as fresh loans, there is practically only one source from which money would be forthcoming in Great Britain at present, and that is the Imperial government through the medium of the Bank of England.

EVERYBODY NEEDS PURE, RICH BLOOD

Pure blood enables the stomach, liver and other digestive organs to do their work properly. Without it they are sluggish, there is loss of appetite, sometimes faintness, a deranged state of the intestines, and, in general, all the symptoms of dyspepsia. Pure blood is required by every organ of the body for the proper performance of its functions.

TO WAGE A WATER WARFARE

(Continued on Page Four)

scale upon which the tremendous opposing forces are operated and the average duration of a battle in this war as compared with a battle of the Napoleonic campaigns, the fatiguing process will employ a much longer period than in the days when a Waterloo decided the fate of an empire.

"The operation of firing the enemy will occupy the attention of the allies all winter in all probability. In the meanwhile the German army, with its superior and efficient force, is being hammered into shape in England. The fact that the shrapnel is being accomplished under the analytical eyes of Lord Kitchener should be a sufficient assurance to the allies' general staff that the 'reserve' will not consist of raw troops."

"From the meagre information available it can be obtained regarding it, the new army should be the greatest in efficiency, as well as in strength that has ever left the United Kingdom."

"It is the objective of the Franco-British forces to place a barrier of men and metal between Germany and the changing coast of Belgium and France, which will serve the double purpose of holding open all avenues of reinforcement and supply by sea and by air."

"The German offensive against the left flank. Concessions of military experts is that a Germany held during the winter months is a Germany that is almost dead."

"In the matter of endurance and resources Germany cannot hope to vie with her adversaries. "When it is a matter of significance in its being up the remarkably complete espionage system of the Germans, the Boer population of the South African veldt never had anything in common with German imperialism."

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SIR NIGEL

BY A. CONAN DOYLE

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CHAPTER I

In the month of July of the year 1348, between the feasts of St. Benedict and St. Swithin, a strange thing came upon England, for out of the east there drifted a monstrous cloud, purple and piled, heavy with evil, climbing slowly up the hushed heaven. In the shadow of that strange cloud the leaves ceased to rustle, the birds ceased their calling, and the cattle and the sheep gathered cowering under the hedges. A gloom fell upon the land, and men stood with their eyes upon the strange cloud and a heaviness upon their hearts. They crept into the churches where the trembling people were blessed and shriven by the trembling priests. Outside no bird flew, and there came no rustling from the woods, nor any of the usual sounds of life. All was still, and nothing moved, save only the great cloud which rolled up and onward, with fold on fold from the black horizon, as if it were a light summer sky, to the east this brooding cloud-bank, creeping ever slowly across, until the last thin blue gleam faded away and the whole vast sweep of the heavens was one great laden arch.

Then the rain began to fall. All day it rained, and all the night and all the day after that, until the folk had forgotten the blue heavens and the gleam of the sunshine. It was not heavy, but it was steady and cold and unceasing, so that the people were weary of its hissing and its splashing, with the slow drip from the eaves. Always the same thick evil cloud flowed from east to west with the wind, and the people could see for more than a bow-shot from their dwellings for the drifting veil of the rain-storms. Every morning the folk looked upward, but they could see less and less, until at last they ceased to look up, and their hearts departed of their own accord. It was raining at Lamma-tide and raining at the Feast of the Assumption and still raining at Michaelmas. The crowd and the hay ricks and the black had rotted in the fields; the sheep had died, and the calves also, so there was little to kill when Martin's day came. The people were in a famine, but it was worse than famine of food, for it was a famine of hope.

For the first time since last, and a sickly autumn sun shone upon a land which was soaked and sodden with water. Wet and rotten leaves were blown about by the wind, and the haze which rose from the woods. The fields were spotted with monstrous fungi of a sordid and morbid color, and the black and blue and mauve and liver and black and white and red and sick earth had burst into foul pustules; mildew and lichen mottled the walls, and with filthy grey death shrouded the green meadows, and the earth. Men died, and women and children, the baron of the castle, the franklin on the farm, the monk in the abbey, the village smith, the fisherman and the daub cottage. All breathed the same polluted reek, and all died the same death of corruption. Of the bright and the lightness and the order, and the illness was over the same-gross boils, raving, and the black blotches which gave its name to the disease. All through the winter the dead rotted in their graves, and some of some one to bury them. In many a village no single man was left alive. Then at last the spring came with sunshine after winter, and the people laughed and laughed—the greenest, sweetest, tenderest spring that England had ever known—but only half of England was left, and the other half had passed away with the great purple cloud.

Yet it was there in that stream of death, in that reek of corruption, that the bright and the lightness was born. There in that dark hour of their first streak of the new dawn was seen. For in no way save by a great upheaval of the earth, and the nation break away from that iron feudal system which held her limbs. But now it was a new country which came out from that gloom. The towers and the barons were dead in swathe. No high turret nor cunning moat could keep out that black commoner who struck them down. Oppressive laws slackened, and the people were no longer slaves, and once slackened could never be enforced again. The laborer would be a slave no longer. The man of means was no longer a lord, and all through England the smaller gentry were ruined, for they had no trade save war, and they drew their living from the work of others. On many a manor-house there came evil times, and none more than on the Manor of Tilford, where for many generations the noble family of the Loring had their home.

There was a time when the Loring had held the country from the North Downs to the Lakes of Frensham, and when their grim castle-keep rising above the green meadows which bordered the River Waverley had been the strongest fortress betwixt Guildford Castle in the east and Winchester in the west. But there came that Barons' War, in which the King used his Saxon subjects as a whip with which to scourge his Norman barons, and

Castle Loring, like so many other great strongholds, was swept from the face of the land. From that time the Loring, who estates steadily curtailed, lived in what had been the dower-house, with enough for splendor. And then came their lawsuit with Waverley Abbey, and the Loring laid claim to their richest land, with peccary, turbary and feudal rights over the remainder. It lingered on for years, this great lawsuit, when it was finished the men of the Church and the men of the Law had divided all that was richest of the estate between them. The dowry which left the old manor-house from which with each generation there came a soldier to uphold the credit of the name and to show the five-scarlet roses on the silver shield, where it had always been shown—in the van. There were twelve barons in the little chapel where Mathew the priest said mass every morning, all chosen from the nobles of the Crusades. Six others rested their feet upon lions, as having died in war. Four only lay with their hands to their hearts to show that they had passed in peace.

Of this famous but impoverished family, doubly impoverished by law and by pestilence, two members were living in the year of grace 1348—Lady Ermyntrude Loring and her grandson Nigel. Lady Ermyntrude had been a noble lady fallen before the Scottish spears, Nigel's father, had done a glorious death nine years before, and Nigel, a lone orphan, was the only one left of the family. The lonely old woman, fierce and brooding like the falcon moved in her chamber, was soft only toward the lad whom she had brought up. Of the tenderness and love of her nature, so hidden from others that they could not imagine their existence, she could not bear him away from her, and he, with that respect for authority which the age demanded, would not go without her blessing and consent.

So it came about that Nigel, with his lion heart and with the blood of a hundred soldiers thrilling in his veins, still at the age of two and twenty, wasted the weary days reclaiming his hall with leash and lure or training the alans and spaniels who shared with the family the less cloud, until at last they ceased to look up, and their hearts departed of their own accord. It was raining at Lamma-tide and raining at the Feast of the Assumption and still raining at Michaelmas. The crowd and the hay ricks and the black had rotted in the fields; the sheep had died, and the calves also, so there was little to kill when Martin's day came. The people were in a famine, but it was worse than famine of food, for it was a famine of hope.

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ious and with pious  
 true glory of the Cistercian  
 outdoor work, and so ever  
 there passed through the  
 some sun-burned monk, soil-  
 or shovel in hand, with  
 loops to his knees. Fresh  
 fields or the garden. The lush  
 meadows speckled with  
 fleeced sheep, the acres of  
 reclaimed from heather and  
 the vineyards on the south-  
 side of Crooksbury Hill, the row  
 fish-ponds, the Frensham  
 trained and sown with vege-  
 spacious pigeon-cotes, all  
 great Abbey round with  
 labors of the Order.  
 bot's full and florid face  
 a quiet content as he  
 at his huge but well-order-  
 hold. Like every man of the  
 Abbey, Abbot John, the  
 the name, was a man of  
 accomplishments. Through his  
 an instruments, he had to  
 great estate and to keep  
 decorum among a large  
 en living a celibate life. He  
 en disciplinary toward all  
 him, a supple diplomat. He  
 He held high debate with  
 ng abbots and lords, with  
 with papal legates, and even  
 on with the King's majesty  
 many were the subjects with  
 he could be conversant. Ques-  
 doctrine, questions of build-  
 of forestry, of agriculture,  
 ge, of feudal law, all came  
 not for settlement. He held  
 of Justice in all the Abbey  
 which stretched over many  
 Hampshire and of Surrey.  
 onks his displeasure might  
 ing, exile to some distant  
 or, or even imprisonment in  
 ver the layman also he could  
 punishment save only cor-  
 cial, instead of which he had  
 much more dreadful weapon  
 al excommunication.  
 re the powers of the Abbot,  
 no wonder that there were  
 lines in the rocky face of  
 John, or that the brethren,  
 pp, should put on an even  
 and more demure ex-  
 as they saw the watchful face  
 low above them.  
 at the door of his studio  
 he Abbot to his immediate  
 he returned to his desk.  
 he had spoken with the sac-  
 tor, almoner, chaplain and  
 now in the tall and gaunt  
 obeyed his summons to  
 recognized the most impor-  
 the most important of the  
 Brother Samuel the sac-  
 ce office, corresponding to  
 layman's bailiff, placed the  
 interests of the monastery  
 along with the gavel. He  
 under his control, subject  
 a check of the Abbot. Bro-  
 nel was a grained and stringy  
 whose stern and sharp fea-  
 reflected no light. He  
 only that sordid workaday  
 ard which it was forever  
 huge book of accounts was  
 der one of his arms, while  
 a bunch of keys hung from  
 d, a badge of his office, and  
 sion of impatience a weas-  
 ne, as many a scarred head  
 sties and lay brothers could  
 bot sighed wearily, for he  
 such at the hands of his  
 agent. "Well, Brother Sam-  
 is you will?" he asked.  
 ither, I have to report that  
 d the wool to Master Bald-  
 nchester at two shillings a  
 than it fetched last year,  
 rrain among the sheep has  
 price."  
 ave done well, brother."  
 also to tell you that I have  
 Wat the warrants from his  
 r his Christmas rent is still  
 for the hen-rents of last  
 year.  
 He was a good, easy man,  
 though liable to be over-  
 his sterner subordinate.  
 true, holy father; but if I  
 as him, then how am I to  
 be of the foresters of Put-  
 hinds in the village? Such  
 reads from house to house,  
 then is the wealth of Wav-  
 else, Brother Samuel?"  
 is the matter of the fish-  
 ot's face brightened. It was  
 upon which he was an au-  
 the rule of the Order had  
 of the softer joys of life,  
 he keener zest for those  
 ained.  
 ave the char prospered, how-  
 ever done well, holy father,  
 p have died in the Abbot's  
 prosper only upon a gravel  
 must be put in also in  
 proportion, the fish must  
 er, brother, and the  
 be free from wind, stony  
 an all deep, with willows  
 upon the banks. Mud for  
 ther, gravel for carp.  
 ist leaned forward with the  
 who bears tidings of woe.  
 pike in the Abbot's pond."  
 eried the Abbot in horror,  
 shut up a wolf in our sheep-  
 came a pike last year, and  
 a not fall with the rain nor  
 springs. The pond must be  
 we shall spend next Lent  
 fish, and have the brethren  
 the great sickness are Easy  
 has come to absolve us  
 abstinence.  
 and shall be drained, holy  
 have already ordered it.  
 shall plant pot-herbs on the  
 om, and after we have gam-  
 in, return the fish to the  
 more from the lower pond,  
 they may fatten among the  
 ble."  
 eried the Abbot. "I would  
 the fish-stews a monster well-  
 case—one dry for herbs, one  
 for fry and the yearlings,  
 eep for the breeders and the  
 But still, I have not heard  
 of the pike came in the Ab-  
 ot."  
 n of anger passed over the  
 of the sacrist, and his keys  
 his bony hand clasped them  
 tly. "Young Nigel is lying!"  
 He swore that he would do  
 and in this way he has  
 To be Continued.)

### LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

**ON THE VOTERS' LISTS.**  
 The assessors are at present busy upon the Voters' Lists in the office of the city clerk.

**PROMPT PAYMENT.**  
 The directors of the Six Nations Fair, of which board Chief Johnson is the President, have very promptly paid all accounts in connection with that always successful event.

**SOCIAL SERVICE.**  
 The regular semi-monthly meeting of the Social Service League will be held in the public library on Thursday afternoon at 3.30. All interested are urged to be present.

**NEW SERIAL STORY.**  
 The Courier to-day commences a new serial story, "Sir Nigel," by Conan Doyle. At this time the story is of unusual interest as it takes the reader over the battlefields of France. Get the first instalment to-day.

**SPLENDID MEETING.**  
 A splendid meeting of the Knights of Malta will be held on Thursday evening next, when items of the most interesting character will be provided, and it is fully expected that there will be a record-breaking attendance.

**OFF FOR THE FRONT.**  
 Mr. H. F. Hanchard of the staff of the Bank of Montreal here, has resigned, and will leave for England to join one of the Territorial regiments in which he has already served three years. Mr. Hanchard has three uncles and five cousins serving their King and country. Four of the cousins are from one family.

**TO MEET IN BRANTFORD.**  
 The Sunday School Association of the Diocese of Huron decided at the closing session in Huron Hall yesterday to hold the next annual meeting in Brantford. Bishop Williams presided throughout the session, which began Monday morning. The meeting was occupied in hearing the readings and discussions of the various papers presented.

**LONG ARM OF LAW.**  
 It is over a year ago since John Putnam savagely assaulted P. C. Pickles while he was trying to effect his arrest. After causing considerable trouble to the authorities he considered the city and had not been heard of since until he was located a few days ago in Windsor. A few telegrams were despatched between the two cities, and as a result Putnam was arrested, and is now held awaiting an escort to Brantford. Detective Chapman left this morning for Windsor to bring Putnam back. He will be charged to-morrow.

**HIGH COURT CASES.**  
 There are now three cases entered for the sittings, which opens his session next week. They are Chisham and Secord; Harley and Sweet for the complainant and Clarke and Swaby for defendants. Curran it will be remembered is the man who fell from the post office building and sustained serious injuries, the effect of which is now disputed. Nikolaevski v. Washburn; Harley and Sweet for plaintiff and W. A. Hollinrake for defendant. Nikolaevski claims damages in respect of an injury caused by one of the Washburn attractions during the recent Old Home Week. Hopkins v. L. E. and N. Railway; Wilkes and Henderson for plaintiff, and Brewster and Heyd for the Railway. Hopkins claims damages in respect to land through which the tracks of the Railway Company were laid.

**SPECIALS in Stock Now**

Cold Storage Shelled Walnuts in perfect condition.  
 Pure Codfish in strips.  
 English Malt Vinegar by the barrel.  
 Porto Rica Molasses in bulk.  
 Honey in 5-lb. pails and in glass.

**A. L. VANSTONE**  
 Direct Importer

**This Week**

Trunks  
 Valises  
 and  
 Suit Cases  
 At Bargain  
 Prices



**NEILL SHOE CO.**

### COUNTY COUNCIL HEARS REQUEST FROM PARIS

**Separation is Asked For—Other Business at Meeting Held Yesterday**

Paris is now quite an important centre, it has grown, and now it feels quite large enough to look after its own affairs. This led to the first steps being taken for a separation from the county, when a deputation of Parisians including Mayor Patterson, members of the council, and their solicitor, Mr. Saunders, waited upon the county council in its meeting yesterday. They stated their case. It was simply that they desired, as a municipality, to be separated from the county for county purposes. They required of the county council an agreement for the separation of their municipality.

The council decided to appoint the finance committee as a special committee to confer upon the matter with the Paris representatives. They will probably meet on the 28th October to discuss the matter.

The claims presented of several parties for reimbursement of expense paid to fight the army work for the protection of their own properties, were disallowed. It was felt that inasmuch as the money expended by the farmers was for their own benefit, it was unfair to ask the county to pay it.

The sum of \$500 was granted to the Brantford General Hospital by the county.

With reference to the communication of the treasurer of the Brant Patriotic and War Relief Association for the sum of \$283.25 to the county dependents of the active service volunteers, the council decided that they would bear the cost of maintaining all the school boys and girls who had gone with the first contingent, who lived in the county. It was also agreed to refund the money paid by Paris in this connection upon a proper receipt.

**New Registry Office.**  
 A draft sketch of the new registry office was submitted, and it showed the new building as projected to be a handsome addition to the now standing county buildings. It will be located on the George street side of the court house and will face upon Wellington street. The council gave instructions that further information be secured with regard to the building and submitted to the next meeting of the council.

**Prize Winners.**  
 Some time ago the county offered special prizes for a hand-writing competition among school boys and girls in the county. The calligraphy had been supposedly decadent, and it was hoped to prove that school children could write as well as show they try. With this object in view, prizes were offered, and Mr. W. N. Bell consented to act as judge. He selected the following three boys and three girls as the best writers in the county: Boys: Merton Sawyer, St. George P.S.; Stanley Apps, Paris S.S. No. 1, Brantford; Grenville Whitty, Paris P.S. Girls: Madeline Cummings, Paris P.S.; Marie Smith, Burford P.S.

The council adjourned to meet again this morning.

**Appreciation Expressed.**  
 The council passed the following resolution of appreciation this morning: Moved by George E. Cooke, seconded by M. Burris: That this Council desires to place on record their great appreciation of the costly and magnificent gift by the Brant Historical Society of the hand-some groups of portraits of all the past Wardens of the County of Brant. The Council wish especially to thank those who took such an active and deep interest in the arduous work involved in collecting all the above photographs, covering a period of 125 years. In this connection they especially desire to thank Mrs. John Y. Brown and Major Leonard for their close attention to the details and their perseverance in completing the task in spite of many difficulties.

To assist the Brant Historical Society in publishing the work on the life of Chief Joseph Brant and the Six Nation Indians, this Council hereby grants to the Society the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars (\$150.) Carried.

**MEDICAL SIDE OF WAR.**  
 BORDEAUX, Oct. 14, 2.40 a.m.—The powers of resistance of fatigue of the French soldiers is six per cent greater than that of the German soldiers, declares Dr. Philip Tissie, an eminent physician who made observations of 151 French and 256 German wounded in the Pau hospital. The observations were made with Pachon's Oculometer, which shows the effect of fatigue on the blood circulation, according to Dr. Tissie, the immense efforts which are demanded of the Germans greatly reduce their recuperative power. Their blood, he says, is poisoned by fatigue to such an extent that when they die their bodies immediately decompose.

**THEY TURN UP.**  
 LONDON, Oct. 14.—Despatches received here from Sofia, Bulgaria, and other points, report the appearance of the former German cruiser, Beslan, and a German fleet in the Turkish flag, in the Black Sea.

### CROMPTON'S "The House of Quality and Good Value" CROMPTON'S

**Fine Bath Towels of Two Nationalities—Spanish and English**



The Spanish Towels are a direct shipment from Barcelona. They come in colored and white with colored borders.

Great, big, spongy English Bath Towels, made from fine Egyptian cotton, hemmed on the ends, make this collection the best in Brantford.

Striped Bath Towels, good strong make and full pile, fringed ends, 18 x 40. Price delivered, .28c a pair  
 Hemmed White Bath Towels, beautiful quality, specially made for the tenderest skin, 23 x 42. Special at .70c a pair  
 Special Large Size Turkish Towel, colored or pure white, close weave and very absorbing, fringed ends, .50c a pair

Colored Bath Towels—In procuring so many of these Towels at a price we are able to pass them on to you at a low price. 100 dozen for the next few days at, .38c a pair  
 Extra large assorted striped and good drying towels.

A Full Range of Christie Goods, quality Bath Towels in cotton and linen, hemmed and hemstitched, .50c to \$1.50 each  
 Hemmed Bath Mats, very heavy full pile, just plain or elaborate designs, red and white, blue and white, green and white, pink and white, some with lettered centres. Prices range from .75c to \$2 each  
 Fancy Bath Towels, with colored stripes and Greek borders, excellent quality, fringed, hemmed and hemstitched, .50c to \$1.50 each

Christie's Large Size Bath Sheets, to be had in linen or cotton, manufactured from the purest yarn and finest cotton, a most useful article for the bathroom, size 60x80, \$.25 each  
 Two special lines, plain white with pink and blue borders, Greek designs, at .25c to \$2.50 each  
 50 Dozen Extra Special Colored Bath Towels, large size, good quality and very absorbing. Regular 35c each, 25c each  
 —Left Main Aisle, Rear.

**E. B. CROMPTON & CO. E. B. CROMPTON & CO. E. B. CROMPTON & CO. E. B. CROMPTON & CO.**

### Letter From Trade Minister

Mr. W. F. Cockshutt, M. P., is in receipt of the following: Ottawa, Oct. 5th, 1914.

Dear Sir—The desire has been expressed by farmers of various parts of the Province of Ontario, and by several of the heads of municipalities, that an offering should be made by them in recognition of their duty and loyalty towards the Government of Great Britain in the prosecution of the war and to the relief of distress resulting therefrom.

Some deputations came to see the Government with reference to this and as a result the British Government was communicated with and expressed its gratitude for the proffered offering. Arrangements have been made to pay the cost of transport of shipment on the railway to their ultimate destinations. I have communicated with the Wardens of the various counties and am sending you this letter so that you may be advised of what has been done, and may co-operate in such way as you think best to make the offer a thoroughly representative and substantial one.

Yours sincerely,  
 GEORGE E. FOSTER,  
 W. F. Cockshutt, Esq., M.P., Brantford, Ont.

### SHOOTING AFFAIR

East Ward Had Some Excitement Last Night When Gun Was Pulled.

Arthur Harris, a colored man suddenly became excited during an argument with Ben Waltman in the East Ward last night and he whipped out a revolver and fired twice at him. Fortunately Waltman ducked and escaped injury, perhaps with his life. Before Harris could shoot again, Amelia Morgan rushed up and snatched the revolver, throwing it away. She pacified Harris until P. C. Blower arrived on the scene and was roused up financially, and this case was dropped. Between the two which ended in the shooting affray, Harris will to-day be charged with shooting with intent to kill.

**He Was Remanded.**  
 When Arthur Harris appeared before Magistrate Livington charged with shooting with intent to kill, he waived examination and declared he would go before a jury. As this was his option, the case was remanded until the Assize Courts meet.

### Smart Winter Coats Tailored to Your Measure

at \$19.50, \$22, \$22.50 and \$25.50

Garment finely tailored, silk lined, collar and cuffs, plush trimmed. A number of styles to choose from.

We guarantee absolute satisfaction with every garment. Place your order at Dress Goods Department, Main Floor, or with Saleslady in charge at Tailoring Department, Second Floor.

**New Flannelette Nightgowns**

They may be all white or with light colored stripes, high or low neck and with or without collars.

**Prices: 75c to \$1.75**  
 —Queen Street Annex.

### Most Fashionable in New Suitings

Serge is the backbone of them, but there are lots of other weaves in fashion. There are gabardines like fine whipcords, poplins with straight cords running across, close basket weaves like fine wafflecloth, ripple cloths like a mixture of granite and chevrot, crepe weaves and the new corduroys, besides chevots in wide and narrow wales, smooth and rough.

There is a fine new assortment of these things here. Colors are the new dark shades such as hunter's green, the new browns and red and prunes, and blues are the best of all. Prices on these Suitings run from 75c to \$3.00.

—Left Main Aisle.

**E. B. CROMPTON & CO. E. B. CROMPTON & CO. E. B. CROMPTON & CO. E. B. CROMPTON & CO.**

**FACING RUSSIA.**  
 LONDON, Oct. 14.—A despatch to the Times from Petrograd says: "On a conservative estimate, the German forces known to be on the eastern frontier, number about a million and a half effective men, not counting the Austrian troops, of whom there are about 270,000 on the Silesian front."

**HONORED AT HAVRE.**  
 LONDON, Oct. 14.—A Reuter despatch from Havre says that the members of the Belgian government arrived in Havre at 8 o'clock Tuesday evening, and were received by the minister of marine and local authorities. Military honors were rendered the Belgians, and the populace gave them an enthusiastic reception.

**SCOTLAND.**  
 (From our own Correspondent.)  
 Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Clark spent Sunday visiting the latter's parents at Hartford.

Mrs. A. Robinson's mother and father are visiting her.  
 A number from here attended the Brantford Fair.

This village was fairly well represented at Cañadonia Fair.  
 Mr. Lloyd Wilson is expected home from the hospital at Brantford this week.  
 A number spent the holiday in the village.  
 Mrs. B. Horning and Master Alex. Horning spent the holiday in Toronto.

It is reported that the Kaiser has ordered Tsing-Tau to surrender to the Japanese.

**SUTHERLAND'S**

Now is the Time to Buy Your WALL PAPER

We have laid aside a large number of lots, from 8 rolls to 20 rolls each. These lots comprise papers suitable for bedrooms, sitting-rooms, dining-rooms, halls and parlors, at all prices. We will clear these at less than cost. Bring the sizes of your rooms.

All widths, in white, cream, gold and oak Room Mouldings. All widths and colors in Burlap.

**J. L. SUTHERLAND**











LOCAL ADVERTISING RATES

CLASSIFIED ADS
Female Help, Male Help, Help Wanted, Agents Wanted, Work Wanted, Situations Wanted, Board and Lodgings, Lost and Found, For Sale, Real Estate, To Let, Business Chances, Personal, etc.

MALE HELP WANTED

EXPERIENCED FARM HAND
wants employment on farm. Apply 29 Queen St. m56

DO YOU NEED ADDITIONAL
capital to commence or enlarge a business? If so, we will organize such limited company and procure such capital as required. Write or call. A. G. Robertson & Co., 155 King Street East, Toronto.

AGENTS WANTED-For newest
electric device. No knowledge of electricity required. Sold everywhere there is electricity. Greatest seller yet. Sure repeater. Large profits. Only few good men wanted. P. A. Lynch, 254 Jarvis St., Toronto. av17

FEMALE HELP WANTED

WANTED-AN EXPERIENCED
maid for general housework, family of four. Apply 29 Victoria St. n19

WANTED-GENERAL SERVANT;
must be good plain cook; references required. Apply 94 Nelson St. n13

EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER
and bookkeeper wants position. Box 25. sw13

WANTED-SEVERAL WEAVERS,
experienced hands preferred, but others considered. Apply Slingsby Mfg. Co., Holmdale. n156

WANTED!
Saleslady
For Ready-to-wear Department
MUST BE EXPERIENCED
E. B. Crompton & Co.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS

WANTED-HATS REMODELED
and trimmed. 81 Terrace Hill St. mw55

WANTED-A GENTLEMAN
wishes a furnished house (without board) in private house. Address Box 31, Courier office. mw29

WANTED-BOARD WITH PRIVATE
family. State terms and location. Box 30. mw21

WANTED-BOARDER, GENTLEMAN
or lady; conveniences; private. Apply Box 29, Courier. mw23

WANTED-SECOND-HAND
dray in good condition. Reply, giving full particulars as to size and also price asked. Box 27, Courier. mw21

WANTED-A FURNISHED
house, all conveniences, central location, possession Nov. 1st or before. Apply Box 22, Courier. mw7

WANTED-ALL KINDS OF
high-class shoe repairing at Sheppard's, 73 Colborne St. G. Sutton, manager, late of Temple Shoe Store. 1-106mar2615

BUSINESS CARDS

WANTED-MEN AND BOYS TO
buy bicycles from \$10 up; best in the city. F. H. Gott, 100 Dalhousie St.

HUNT TRANSFER CO.-TAXI
Garage and Baggage services; open night and day. Phone 515.

GIVE US A TRIAL FOR GENERAL
carting and baggage transfer. J. A. Mathewson, 29 Queen St. Auto. phone 637, Bell phone 2113. e-apr15

WATCH WORK OUR WATCH-
word Bronco Jeweller, Cartwright, 118 Market St.

CONCRETES AND EXCAVATING
of all kinds-sidewalks and curbs, etc. E. Sage, 183 Elgin St. Bell 2095. c

A. J. OSBORNE-SUCCESSOR
of the late Joseph Tilley, is carrying a full and up-to-date range of Wall Papers. 168 Market St. c

WANTED-ALL KINDS SECOND-
hand furniture bought and sold; highest cash price. Woods' Furniture Store, 49 George St. Both phones: Bell 1003, Auto. 740. c

WANTED-EXCAVATING AND
concrete work; sidewalks and curbs put in; old and new plastering; also repairing of all kinds. A. G. Austin, 344 St. Paul's Ave. Bell phone 2124. c

CARTING

CALL A. C. HUTTON FOR ALL
kinds of teaming and carting; satisfaction and quick service guaranteed. 36 Jarvis St. Bell phones 874 and 1653.

TO LET

TO LET-7-ROOMED COTTAGE,
\$9 per month. 115 Spring St. n29

TO LET-THREE-FURNISHED
rooms. Apply 52 Victoria St. n17

TO LET-61 DARLING STREET,
Apply 100 Wellington. n45

TO LET-4 WASHINGTON ST.;
also 36 Abigail Ave. Apply 9 Buffalo St. n14

TO LET-TWO ROOMS, FURNISHED
or unfurnished. 242 Clarence St. n13

TO LET-NICE HOUSE, EAST
Ward, 4 bedrooms, has been rented for \$14; will rent for eleven. Apply 151 Colborne St. n39

TO LET-HOUSE, AT ONCE, 16
Victoria St. Apply T. J. Fair & Co., Ltd. n23

TO RENT-HOUSE AND FIVE
acres of ground. Apply 54 Albion St. n31

TO LET-THREE FURNISHED
or unfurnished rooms. Apply 32 Victoria St. n31

TO RENT-39 GREY ST., HOUSE
newly decorated, possession at once. Apply 48 Sheridan St. n23

TO LET-ROOM, WITH BOARD
if desired; all conveniences; in vicinity of Brant Ave. Box 28, Courier. n23

TO RENT-HOUSE AND ROOMS
Richardson St., West Brant. Apply 1 Richardson St. n13

TO LET-TWO STOREY BRICK,
well built, 7 large rooms, bath. 156 Darling. n21

TO LET-FLAT, FIVE ROOMED,
garret, gas, electric light, \$12, separate entrance, 162 1/2 Market. Apply 24 Sheridan. n12

TO LET-SMALL TWO STOREY
house, 132 Peel St., all conveniences. Apply 195 Nelson St. n15

TO LET-GOOD HOUSE IN
Cainsville; possession Nov. 11th. David Stuart, Cainsville Post Office. n17

TO LET-FURNISHED BED-
room and sitting room, every convenience, central, suitable for two business women. Apply Box 24. n13

TO LET-2 STOREY FRAME
house, \$7.00 per month. Phone 2003. n56

TO LET-TWO STOREY BRICK,
well built, 7 large rooms, bath. 156 Darling. n56

TO LET-RED BRICK COT-
tage, East Ward, gas, \$9.00. Apply 30 Market St. n64

TO RENT-BY 1ST OF OCTO-
ber, brick dwelling house, No. 34 Palace St., containing all modern improvements, \$25.00 per month. Apply 36 Palace St. or undersigned. A. E. Watts, Court House. n14f

ARTICLES FOR SALE
FOR SALE-APPLES, HAND-
picked, Greenings and Russets, delivered, 80c per barrel. Phone Bell 321. n39

FOR SALE-GROCERY BUSI-
ness for sale in good locality. Apply Box 19, Courier. n21

FOR SALE-WHITE LEHORN
pullets, 50c each. Wm. Dick, The Locks. n21

FOR SALE-APPLES ON TREES,
Fall 50c, Winter 75c, per barrel. W. C. Brooks, 764 ring 2. n21

FOR SALE-FORD RUNABOUT,
good condition, \$360.00. Apply Box 26, Courier. n21

FOR SALE-FRESH MILCH
cow. P. S. Fairlie, 3rd Con, Lot 21. n13

FOR SALE-CHEAP-PORCH
and verandah. Apply 63 Brant Ave. n17

FOR SALE-SHETLAND PONY
with governess cart, also other different carriages. Apply to Mrs. van Westrum, Langley Park. n15f

FOR SALE-GIRL'S WHEEL, IN
good shape, for sale cheap. Apply 154 Dalhousie St., Friday or Friday evening. n19

FOR SALE-BULBS DIRECT
from Holland-Tulips, Hyacinths, Narcissus, Crocus, etc. Dawson, 51 Mohawk St. n10

FOR SALE-PIANO, BELL, NEW,
latest style, cheap; also household furniture in excellent condition. Box 23, Courier. n15

FOR SALE-CHOICE SPY AP-
ples, \$1.25 per barrel, delivered. Phone 984, ring 3. n56f

FOR SALE-CARRIAGES, SUR-
reys, stanhoops, auto seat, wicker seat and pony buggies, will be offered for one week only at 10% off our regular cash prices. All work guaranteed for one year. 1 Simpson Mfg. Co. n21

ELOCUTION AND ORATORY
MISS SQUIRE WILL RESUME
her classes in Elocution, Oratory, Psychology, Literature and Dramatic Art, Monday, Oct. 5th. Studio, 12 Peel Street. n10

M. E. SQUIRE, M. O. HONOR
graduate of Neff College, and of the National School of Elocution and Oratory, Philadelphia. Pupils taken in Elocution, Oratory, Literature, Psychology, and Dramatic Art. Special attention paid to defective speech. Persons wishing to graduate from Neff College may take the first year's work with Miss Squire. Studio 12 Peel St. n10

BORN

DOWLING-To Mr. and Mrs. Jno.
Dowling, 157 St. Paul's Avenue, Brantford, Ont., on Tuesday, October 13, 1914, a daughter.

CARD OF THANKS.
Mrs. E. Wallace, wishes to thank her many friends for kindness and sympathy shown during her recent bereavement. Also for flowers sent.

MOOSE
Brantford Lodge, No. 1475, L. O. O. M., will hold regular meetings on the 2nd and 4th Wednesday in each month, at 8 p.m. sharp. All members are requested to attend. P. A. SHULTS, Sec., 7 S. Market St. Both phones 326.

Local News
THE PROBS
TORONTO, Oct. 14.-The pressure is now highest over Quebec and New England with indications that an important disturbance will soon move from the Gulf of Mexico northward near the Atlantic coast. Killing frost occurred this morning from Port Arthur to Nova Scotia, except in southwestern Ontario and quite near the shores of the great lakes.

Fresh easterly winds, mostly fair and cool. Thursday-Continued cool with easterly winds.

LOST AND FOUND
LOST-GENTLEMAN'S CLE-
land bicycle on Dalhousie St., on Saturday night. Finder liberally rewarded. 225 Wellington St. n21

LOST-A BLACK AND BROWN
pup near Glee Works. Reward at 17 Park Ave. East. n19

LOST-BRINDLE PUP FOUR
months old, from Imperial Hotel. Reward to finder. n17

LOST-\$25 BETWEEN CANA-
dian Bank of Commerce and Colborne St. to Belmont and then to T. H. & B. station. Reward at Courier office. n21

LOST-PAIR OF LADY'S GLASS-
es. Finder return to 114 Sheridan St. Reward. n21

LOST-SILVER HANDLED
rosewood cane at Burford Fair. Suitable reward at Courier office. n21

WILL THE PARTY WHO EX-
changed Mitchell wheel for an E. Z. last Wednesday, please return to Wood Bros.' mill and save trouble? n21

DENTAL
DR. RUSSELL, Dentist-Latest
American methods of painless dentistry. 201 Colborne St., opp. George St., over Roberts & Van-Lane's Shoe Store. Phone 306. c

DR. HART has gone back to his
old stand over the Bank of Hamilton; entrance on Colborne St. 4-mar26-15

WHOLESALE
MERMAID TOFFEE (MADE IN
England) is sold by Confectioners, Grocers and Druggists. McPhail Bros., Importers. w-mar26-15

AUTO LIVERY.
MAIN LINE LIVERY, 42 Dalhousie
St., 3 doors west of Fire Hall, opposite Bell Telephone. Auto for hire at shortest notice, also all kinds of hacks, coppers, and rigs of any description; safe drivers, safe horses. Both phones 305. Open day and night. c

MONUMENTS
THE JOHN HILL GRANITE &
Marble Co.-Importers of all foreign granites and marbles; lettering a specialty; building work, etc. Alex. Markle, representative, 59 Colborne St., Brantford. Phone 1553 or 1554.

OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS
DR. CHRISTINE IRWIN-GRAD-
uate of American School of Osteopathy, is now at 46 Nelson St. Office hours: 9 to 12 a.m. and 2 to 5 p.m. Bell telephone 1380.

DR. C. H. SAUDER-GRADUATE
of American School of Osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo. Office, Suite 6, Temple Building, Dalhousie St. Office hours: 9-12 a.m., 2-5 p.m.; evenings by appointment. Bell phone 1544. Residence, Room 61, Y.M.C.A.

RESTAURANTS
CAMPBELL'S CAFE, 44 MARKET
St.-Meals at all hours, ice cream and, ice cold drinks and home-made pies, cigars, cigarettes and tobacco. Open 6.30 to 12 p.m. Sunday, 9 a.m. till 2 p.m. till 12. Phone 1226. res-mar28-15

CHIROPRACTIC
CARRIE M. HESS, D.C., GRADU-
ate of the Universal Chiropractic College, Davenport, Ia. Office in Balmantyne Bldg., 195 Colborne St. Office hours: 9.30-11.30 a.m., 1.30-5, and evenings by appointment. Phone, Bell 2025.

PAINTING
D. D. TAYLOR-GRAINING,
paperhanging and kalsomining, signs, raised letters, business and office signs; glass, ornamental, plate and sheet; automobile painting. 20 Colborne St., phone 392. Automobile paint shop in rear, 146 Dalhousie St. n21

City News Items

Major Gordon Smith has been ap-
pointed Divisional Registrar of Vital Statistics for the Indian Reserve, by order of the council of the Lieutenant Governor. This is a new move on the part of the Ontario Legislature.

BACK TO OLD HAJNTS.
Russell Lloyd, who was taken to the local jail after being sentenced as a "vag" was given a ticket for his native city, Goderich, and "sent" back there this morning.

MEXICAN TRAMWAYS
Were Seized To-day at the Order
of the Carranza Govern-
ment.
[By Special Wire to the Courier]

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 13, (by cor-
rier to Vera Cruz, Oct. 14).-The seizure of the Mexican Tramways Company lines by the Carranza government to-day was made at the point of the bayonet.

The Mexican Tramways Company, Limited, is a foreign corporation, capitalized at \$1,000,000. Its home office is in Toronto.

Shortly before noon soldiers sur-
rounded the main building occupied by offices and plant, while a delegation of officials entered the premises and served notice upon General Graves that all the books, rolling stock and other property of the company with the exception of the cash in the vaults must be delivered to the chief of police. The order was given in the name of the supreme chief and was signed by the governor of the federal district.

How to Tell a Cavalryman From an
Infantryman.
When you see a man in khaki walk-
ing down the street with his legs from ankle to the knee in the same way as the mounted man, there would be a superabundance of cloth round about the knees, which would chafe against the sides of the horse to the discomfort both of the animal and himself. By winding the puttees downwards, the extra cloth above the boots goes into the stirrups. Of course, the puttee has other advantages than the freedom of action it gives the man, it being applicable as slings or bandages in an emergency.

LOOKING TO AFRICA
Every power involved in the war,
with the exception of Serbia and Austria, the two original principals have over-sea possessions, and which ever combination should win, there can be no doubt that it would possess some of the extra-European possessions of the other.

If we leave out of account Canada,
Australia and India the great over-sea prizes for which the armies are contending are in Africa. It is in Africa that the colonies of France, Germany and Britain are closest together. Belgium, too, has a veritable empire in the heart of the Dark Continent, and in the event of the allies being defeated the Belgian Congo would certainly be called upon to salute a new overlord. Looking at the map of Africa, it is to be observed that there are only two black portions upon the whole continent. These represent pure African ownership. All the rest has been divided among European countries. Abyssinia and Liberia alone recognize their original owners. Probably ninety-five per cent. of the whole continent is one of the stakes for which the rival combinations are now contending.

TO-MORROW.
The two days' great auction sale of
household furniture at the residence of Mrs. L. S. van Westrum, Langley Park, begins to-morrow at 1.30 and continues over Friday afternoon of this week, beginning at the same hour. All cordially invited to this great sale. Remember, Thursday and Friday of this week. S. G. Read, auctioneer.

EAST END BUSINESS DIRECTORY
OCTOBER PICTURE SALE YOUR CREDIT
25% Off All Pictures in Stock!
is good at
Geo. Macdonald
413 COLBORNE ST.
WINTER CLOTHING FOR MEN, WOMEN
and Children.
Also Household Furniture.

Bert Howell
HIGH CLASS
Ladies' Tailoring
Satisfaction Guaranteed
At Reasonable Prices
413 Colborne St., Upstairs, Phone 1606

TRY
A. SHEARD
For High-Class Confectionery
Home-made Candy a Specialty
423 COLBORNE STREET
Phone 1545

HOW WAR TIME ALTERS
ROUTINE IN ENGLAND

The proud boast "an Englishman's
home is his castle" does not operate during the present war. Here are some of the things the naval and military authorities may do under the Defense of the Realm Act, passed by Parliament.

Take possession of any land, build-
ing, gas, electricity, water works, or source of supply, horses, automobiles or any other means of transport.

Close any buildings, streets, or any
property, to be moved or destroyed; and order the inhabitants to leave any given area if necessary for naval and military purposes.

Close saloons entirely, or during
specified hours.

Enter by force, if need be, any
house or ship which is suspected of being used to the prejudice of the state.

Arrest, or order the arrest, without
warrant, of any suspected person.

Despite his singing of "Britons
Never Shall be Slaves," here is some of the things a free-born Briton may not do:

Give or sell liquor to a soldier or
sailor on duty.

Spread reports by word of mouth
or writing, new or unfounded, likely to create a panic among the troops or of any population.

Light fires or display lights of any
description on hill tops or other high ground or buildings without permit.

Tamper with or loiter near tele-
graph or telephone lines.

WEAVING THE PUTT. E
How to Tell a Cavalryman From an
Infantryman.

When you see a man in khaki walk-
ing down the street with his legs from ankle to the knee in the same way as the mounted man, there would be a superabundance of cloth round about the knees, which would chafe against the sides of the horse to the discomfort both of the animal and himself. By winding the puttees downwards, the extra cloth above the boots goes into the stirrups. Of course, the puttee has other advantages than the freedom of action it gives the man, it being applicable as slings or bandages in an emergency.

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413 Colborne St., Upstairs, Phone 1606

TRY
A. SHEARD
For High-Class Confectionery
Home-made Candy a Specialty
423 COLBORNE STREET
Phone 1545

6399 Voters
in this City

There are now 6399 voters upon the
lists compiled for the year of 1915. Of these 4657 are entitled to be jurors of the city. Ward Five is the largest division, there being almost 2000 voters and over 1200 jurors in this district of the city. The actual figures for the city are as follows:-

Table with 2 columns: Ward, Voters, Jurors. Totals: 6399 Voters, 4657 Jurors.

Sir Adam Beck addressed Hydro-
radial meetings at Birchcliff and Scarborough Junction.

The new Central Toronto Technical
School will have seven acres of floor space and accommodate 7,500 pupils.

Great
AUCTION SALE
Of Rich and Costly Household Furni-
ture.

S. G. Read, auctioneer, has received
instructions from Mrs. L. S. van Westrum, to sell at their beautiful residence "Langley Park," on Thursday and Friday of this week, the 15th and 16th inst., commencing each afternoon at 1.30, the rich and costly household furniture, consisting in part as follows:-

Drawing Room-Handsomely marble
busts, paintings, pictures, rugs, etc.

Hall-Rich and costly old grand-
father's clock, beautiful Wilton carpet, mission oak hall stand handsomely carved.

Parlor-Very handsome wall decora-
tions, scenes in Paris, silk and wool, rich and costly; splendid rattan and wicker chairs, beautiful tables, rug, water colors, curtains and blinds.

Bedrooms 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5-Hand-
somely enameled bedsteads, first dressers with mirrors, Ostermorn mattresses, springs, beautiful brass bedsteads, also fine iron and brass bedsteads, one exceedingly handsome four post mahogany bedstead and beautiful dressing tables with mirrors, curtains and blinds.

Landing-Four fine wardrobes. In
many rooms there are fine figured linoleums.

Dining Room-Splendid collection
of glassware, cut glass, china, plate, and bronze; very expensive candelabra, bronze finger bowls, mission oak wardrobe, beautifully carved and very costly; moonshad.

Library-Bookcase, moonshad, ex-
pensive curving cellarette in mission oak, gentleman's chair in old miss oak, beautifully carved, table and table cover.

Kitchen-Large gas range with
oven; linoleum, lawn chairs, etc.

Yard-Horse table, mower,
Stable-2 buggies and cart; garden tools, lawn mower, grind stone, bicycle and other articles.

Remember this great sale takes
place on Thursday and Friday afternoons of this week, beginning at 1.30 o'clock. Terms, cash before delivery.

Brantford, Paris and Galt friends
take Paris car to Langley Park. S. G. Read, Auctioneer.

Sold the Farm-Unreserved
AUCTION SALE
Of Farm Stock and Implements

Welby Almas has received instruc-
tions from Mr. Ross McLeod to sell by public auction at the premises known as the Jellies Farm, on the 3rd Con. Township of Onondaga, 2 miles southeast of Cainsville, on

Thursday, October 22,
commencing at 10 o'clock sharp, the following:

Horses-One team, general pur-
pose, 4 and 6 years old, weight 2600 lbs., good in all harness; 1 heavy horse, 5 years old, weight 1650 lbs., an extra god horse; 1 bay team, heavy, carriage or general purpose, weight 2,300 lbs., 4 and 8 years old; 3 brood mares, all with foal; 3 spring colts, 3 yearling colts, heavy.

Cattle-Nine first class dairy cows,
all supposed to be with calf, two to freshen about time of sale; 7 cow spring calves, 1 veal calf, 12 yearling steers, 25 yearling heifers.

Pigs-Two brood sows, 1 pure bred,
18 pigs, about 8 weeks old, 15 shoats about 90 or 100 lbs. each; 8 fat hogs, unless previously sold.

Poultry-Sixty hens, 4 ducks.
Implements-Two lumber wagons, 1 pair trucks, 2 wagon boxes, 1 demount with pole and shafts complete, 1 top buggy, 1 manure spreader, Massey-Harris; 1 truck, 3-horse with tongue; 1 disc, new, Cockshutt; 1 hand trowel, never used; 1 mower, 6 ft. cut; 1 Massey-Harris binder in good repair; 1 sulky horse rake, 10 ft.; 1 steel roller, 1 corn planter, 2-horse, nearly new; 1 corn binder in good repair; two 3-horse cultivators, one 2-horse cultivator, 1 grain chopper, 1 scuffer, 1 gasoline engine 6 horse power, with shafting and pulleys, complete, as good as new; 1 stock rack, nearly new, 1 hay rack, new; 1 gravel box, 1 large cutting box, 1 fanning mill, 2 sets diamond tooth harrows, 3 walking plows, 1 milk cooler, 1 riding plow, 1 lined box for cooling cream, about 2000 good brick, 1 hay fork, with 150 ft. of rope, new, car, etc.; 1 grindstone, 1 water trough, 1 forge and bellows, 1 road scraper, 1 caldron kettle, a quantity of rails, 1 disc drill, 13; 2 wheel barrows, a quantity of forks, chains, shovels, hoes and other articles too numerous to mention. The stock is No. 1 and in the best of condition, and the implements are practically all new.

Grain-About 400 bus. barley, about
150 bus. mixed grain.

Harness-Three sets of double har-
ness, 1 with bridle; 1 set of single driving harness, 1 heavy set of single harness, new; 1 single set of buggy harness. Sale rain or shine. This is no sham sale, everything that is offered must be sold without any reserve as the farm is sold. Lunch at noon.

Terms-All sums of \$10.00 and under, cash; over that amount to months credit will be given on furnishing approved security, or 6 per cent off for cash except grain and poultry which will be sold for cash.

Ross McLeod, Welby Almas,
Proprietor, Auctioneer.

AMUSEMENTS

BRANT THEATRE

Special Thanksgiving Program
MENLO MOORE'S RAH-
RAH BOYS
Big Extravaganza of Mirth and Music

5-People-5
SHORT & EDWARDS
Comedy Musical Act

THE AEROPLANE GIRL
Do not fail to see Miss Good-
fellow, aviate, over the audience in her illuminated airship.

The Popular Photo Play
THE MILLION DOLLAR
MYSTERY

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