

# (Mxr $\mathfrak{Z H i s s i o n} \mathfrak{M x i n n}$, 

ISSUED ON THE FIRSY ANI THIRD SATURDAY OF EACH MONTH.
subncription traten, per sear, (pont puid).
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All business communcauons to be nddressec', S. R. BRICi(is, 'Toronto Willard Tract Depository, Tororto Cinada.<br>Original or selected articles intended for insertion in the paper, should be addressed to ALF. SANDHAM, Editor, at same place.

## OUR COLTMN FOR PREACEERS AND TEACHERS.

NUGGETS OF (;OLI) FROM THE S. S. IESSONS.
By Rev, Joun Mcewen, Secretary $\stackrel{\text { Mis Association }}{ }$ of Canada.
[August 2.] Elijah meeting Ahab $\binom{1$ Kings }{ wiii. $1 \rightarrow 15}$
"There shall not be de" nom rain there years hut arcording (1) my word." These terrible word hate had full sway for thre years and a-half. The third year named in the lewom is the periwe of the prophetis sojourn with the widen of harephath. The sia months were spent at the brook Cherith.
 in Ahati presence, as the repponsible representative of the provailing idolatry, .nd it is seemly, and it should be remosed in the same "ay. "(in she" thyself unto Ahal,"

$$
\text { Soll } 11111 .
$$

The aclected incident of the three year: silence. The healing of the widow: son. 1 Ks ivii 17-25: therely (a) the widow's faith in the prophet, mission is confirmed ; (h) the prophet - fath in (ind and His calling is strengthened.
 courage of faith hy liligah. He goes at once to present himself to the king. $\because$, $2,17,18$ (i) Three years and a half of warning and rephowf th be tested. Hence the commission. "shew thy"ulf." be ure of your duty, and you have intinite stone of force atailable in god. sice Gen. axii. $2,3: 1$ ann. iii. 17,18 .
 each utterance. as. 1-, sis. "Art thou here, 1 ) troubler of lsmat:" A deoblate land in behind the implied charge. No comviction or confenson of persomal in, or suilt Tnere is a puim whore even mere ury freeze, and ceases to resiner the cold. Here s the same fact in moral and persinal hfe late or mo hope of repentare on retuan to Jehwalh.
 Chron w. 2.4. "Then and thy father" houne" "(iod fornden and liad followed." . What kne"l the "ay of escape but icfinest.

 fideln! to the kong as a seram Hi- logalt! w (ioul and His faithtul one: ?n the dark dat.

1August 11 The Prophets of Baal. ( $\left.\begin{array}{c}1 \\ \text { aviii. } 10.20 .0\end{array}\right)$
We lefi Eligah and What confrontine carh other on the Slopes of camel. E, uh hat warged the othe as the


## NOH FOK THE EVIDENCE,

Summon the nation as witnesses, and the prophets of the groves, the creatures of lezebel,-the rousing sum mens of t Kings xvii. 1, comes back with a fierce in tensity. The consciousness of the prophet, that he is armed with Ditine authority, becomes manifest and sublime The king accepts the challenge, possibly, in the hope that main may be granted, or that this weird, wild nan may; in the presence of the nation, be worsted The proclamation is issued. The traditional spot at Carmel and all its surroundings are in sublime harmony. What is proposed to be done? Le, the teteher fill his mind with all the details of the uccasion, and this will raise his spirit to a powerful conception of the icene.
i. The appeal from the king to the people. as. 21, 22. The single prophet against four hundred and fifty: Obadiah had saved a hundred. Later on we find Micaiah (chap sxii. 28) was faithful in Ahab's reign; but now so far as this occasion is concerned, they are all silenced, hiding in dens and caves-dare not come here"I only remain excrcising the office of the prophet."
2. The teet of the true and living (gon. The details of the test are arranged. There is an instructive fitnew in the selection baal claimed to be the sun grod
the source of all life, energy and fruitfulness. Why: then, this drought and death? Let the test be at noon, the time of power. Jehorah had in the past selected fire as the symbol of Hi s presence, and it continued to be so until the day of Pentecost. The people responded, "It is well spoken."
3. The athemp made to apme the test to Bal. ars. 26-29. The framtic and fruitess appeals of Jezebel's priests. Self torture resorted to under Elijah's scornful worts The time must come when the faith of all will be tested "There was neither wice, nor any to answer, nor any that rearated." ar. 27. Read Prov: i. 24-3.3.

## [August 10.] The Prophet of the Lord. ( $\left.\begin{array}{c}1 \\ \left.\begin{array}{ll}1 & \text { Kiii. } \\ 30-4 \\ 20 .\end{array}\right)\end{array}\right)$

The prophets of baal have not only had precedence in there arrangements, but it has been in fairness all that could be desired: and now it is far gone in the afternoon, and there is Co Answer.
I. It is wow otr mais. Cove near unto me. Give sole best attentiong Chahbenge abit u'Nfathness.
The altar to Jehowah that had been thrown down by jezebel, is repaired by Elijah. Whis is an act of sugsestive meaning. The kingdom, though rent in two, is still under covenant obligation to the Gid of Abraham. lsata and hacoh. "Twelve siones,"-- still twelve tribes, even though I.phraim and Judah yex each other. The ne" name giten jacob is emphasized (ien. wivi. $2 s$. The wrestling of lacob and the intense carnestness of the pophet, are instructive parallels. All the details fon satrifice are in actordance with the Law (Lev: i $3 \cdots$. . Whundance of water was poured on to preclude all prow. ble deception. and render the evidence invulnerable at every point.
2. The time of peaver in the crisis of the bil. Compare the arsument of the prayer with God's reasonfor appearing to .loses in another dark period of Hehrew aistory (Enodus iii 6)-fire in the bush, and fire on the sacritice. Note-The supreme desire of the prayer. $\because \%$. 3 The TWO-FOID ANswer. First,-the ansace hr fir (z' $3^{8}$ : I.ev. in. 23, 24) is manifest, indisputable. miraculous, clear to ali the people and the prophets. The cerrihle condlusion- Baal rule and Baal wurship is
treason. The law of Jehorah must have free course. Enodus avii. 20) Justice meted out to the traitor i merry to the nation. The people have testified-athab is powerless-constitutional punishment is meted out. seciond,-ansacer by yatn. $z$, dit $^{\prime}$. The rain is prevised, hut prayer must continue to be made, with watching and waiting. fas. $\because 17$, is The answer by miracle-and nature-first the one, then the other God is supreme in both.
[OMGINAL.]

## The Indwelling Spirit.

(EliA D) Evine.
Know je not that ye are the temple of Ged, and that the Spirit of (ivd dwelleth in youl.-1 cor. iti, th.
Jesus promised, ere He left us, For His everlasting home,
"If 1 go away to heaven,
Then the (omforter will come." (John wi. 1 亿.)
"With you he shall dwell for ever, In your hearts His home shall be;
In all tru'h He comes to guide you, (John Nr. 26.) He shall testify of Me." (John Nr. 26.)
And because we are God's children, He, the Spirit of His Son
Sent into our hearts, that through Him We may God "Our Father" own. (Gal. iv. 6.)
In our hearts the Spirit pleadeth
With our Father, God, in heaven,
For the sake of Christ our Saviour,
.lll our sins may be forgiven. (Romans viii. 26)
And God hears the Spirit's gromings,
U'terance, He camot find, (Romans siii. 26.)
And He answers His petitions,
For He fully knows His mind. (Rom, viii. 27.)
If we vield ourselves entirely,
To His guidance here below, (Rom. vi. 13)
Hindering not His ministrations,
Wee shall all His fulness know. (Eph. iii 19.)
Oh: there is no other blessing That God's holy love imparts,
J.ike the gift of His own Spirit, Dwelling iver in our hearts!'(2 Cor. iv, 15 )
May He always safely guide us, Isa. Wiii. in.) Till we lay our armour down,
And we meet our precious Saviour,
From His hand receive the crown. ieer. ii. io.

(c)
$T$ Venice there is a sun-dial which bears the inscription in Latin, "I count only the hours that are serene." The dark and dismal, sad and sullen hours are torgotten, and the others only recorded. And in God's sight only those hours of Christian experience when the soul is open to the shining of His face are worthy of being reckoned. Only the serene hours are counted. Why not have them all serene?

## The Secret of Power.

## By Geo. Soltal.



E'T us turn to 2 Kings ii. The story of Elijah being taken up to heaven. He is accompanied by Elisha, of whom it is said, in chapter iii., "Here is Elisha who poured water on the hands of Elijah." He occupied the place of a menial servant to Elijah; he took the lowest place, and was glad to do so. Now his master walks and talks with him, as with his most intimate friend. He can tell him the great secrets of his heart and life, and thus together, the two pursue their way from Gilgal to Bethel, from Bethel to Jericho, from Jericho to Jordan. It is down hill all the way, and at each stage, Elijah says to Elisha, "Tarry here, I pray thee." But the servant is faithful, so "they two went on." Thus it must be with the tiue servant of Christ. He must walk and talk with his Master as He leads him down the path of self-renunciation. Nothing around him can divert his mind from the communion he enjoys with his Lord. The beauty of Jericho, the associations of Bethel, the knowledge of the reproach of Egypt rolled away at Gilgal, all are insignificant in comparison with the heart to heart ministry. To hear the voice of Jesus is better far than the knowledge of the great truiths intellectually. Having crossed Jordan, Elijah asked Elisha what he could do for him before he was taken from him. He replied, "Let a double portion," or rather let the birth-right portion, " of thy spirit rest on me." Make me thine eldest son. To this, Elijah replied, "Thou hast asked a hard thing; nevertheless, if thou see me when I am taken from thee, it shall be so unto thee; but if not, it , shall not be so." These were the terms of the blessing. Would anything now divert the eye or mind of Elisha? Whilst ascending the hill-slope on the other side Jordan, would Elisha be concerned either about the view of the surrounding country or the location of the cities. or the windings of the river, or the pastures for flocks? Or would the roughness of the ascent engage his thoughts? No; he would be absorbed in the conversation, and he would be mindful of the terms of the promised blessing; "It thou shalt see me when I am taken from thee." Nothing must eclipse for one moment the view of his master; not for a moment shall his eye be take: wif him. "And it came to pass as they still went on and talked." Blessed progress and blessed communion. The communion so be-
guiling the roughne $e s$ of the way that progress was made, and the progress in no way interfering with the communion, untll the chariot of fire separated them, and Elijah was caught away in the whirlwind. As he rose, his mantle fell at the feet of Elisha, who took it, and rent his ozon clothes, as he wrapped himself' in Elijah's mantle, and then descended to Jordan, dividing the waters as betore, and crossing over. He returned as one who was dead to the world, and alive unto God. He had come back from the mount to resume the work left by the great prophet, to preach the truth to the people, heal their bitter waters, cure their barren land, and otherwise help them; and when they saw him, they said, "The spirit of Elijah doth rest on Elisha."

Our beloved Master would lead us through the Jordan of separation from the world, that we may be dead to the fascination of the things of the world. And cannot we hear Him say, ". Isk, and ye shall receive." Let us say with Elisha, give me the brthright portion, "the portion of goods that falleth to me." The humble and ohedient servant may claim from the Master the inheritance of a son. Nothing will so please Him as thas blessed tamilarity of heart, this demand on His grace and wealth. He will not say, " Thou hast asked a hard thing," for "God hath sent forth the Spirit of His Sin mo our hearts, whercby we cry Abba, Father." But can we receive the blessing of the birthright portion of His Spart on these terms? "If thou shalt see me," is as true now, as then. A distracted mind will not hold an ascontad Lord in vew; an eye caught by all the passing sanities and beanties of the world, wili he unsteady in its gaze on Him. An eye looking at the ruggedness of the path, and a heart groaning over the hardness of the journey, will not be rapt in that hallowed communion, so that the two can go on and talk. But how much easier we find it, to he discussing difficulties and surroundings, instead of communing with Him! Fix the eye on the risen Lord,-"Looking unto Jesus." Lehold Him, and see Him on the right hand of the throne of the Father, that He may dispense the blessings of the throne, that He may empower the watchfui and communing servant. Has he not said, "Whatsocver je shall ask the Father in My name. that will I do." Has He not said, "It any man lack, let Him ask of God." Then we may expect the mantle of our Elijah to fall upon us, ad we may take it up and wear it. He said to the disciples. "Tarry in Jerusalem till yee receive the promise of the lather." It was the Holy Sprit of power whom they were to receive; that same Spirit that had enfolded Him and endued Him with power for His service and ministry. Oh. wonderful equipment for the work He has left to our hands: wonderful mantie of
light and strength! But to lay hold of it, we need to rend our own clothes first. All selfesteem and self-seeking must be put off, and rent in two. No more of our own comeliness, or covering of our own making, no sell-righteousness; no power of the natural mind can harmonize with His mantle. Put off all these, and put on the Lord Jesus. How blessedly He has kept the promises He made, for from the throne to which He was lifted by the power of God. He now sends down the same power to lift us up also. It is quite easy to rise by this power. The mantle will fit closely, and cover all our weakness, and the testimony will be the same of us as of Elisha. "The Spirit of Christ doth rest" on the Christian.

In conclusion, let us look at Eph. iii. 20, "Unto Him who is able to do exceeding abundantly above all that we ask or think, according to the power that worketh in us." We have not to force this power into ourselves, or try to produce it. It we have received the Holy Spirit, then the power worketh in us, and He who has sent this power, is "able to do exceeding abundantly above all we ask or think." Let us, then, face all our difficulties with this fact, "the power worketh in us." Let us meet all temptation of Satan and sin, with "the power that worketh in us." Let us lare to attempt work for God and to proclaim the Gospel by "the power that worketh in us;" and say with the apostle in Phil. iv. 13, "I can do all things through Christ which strengtheneth me." Let us banish the oft-heard excuse for not serving the Master, "I can't," or "I am not fit," or "I am not accustomed to do this or that;" and say instead, "Here am I, send me." Clinging to the mighty Onc, and looking unto Jesus, we shall be able for all that He is able, and " H is strength shall be made perlect in our weakness.'

## Prescoes.

The following inscription is trom the walls of : church in Lubeck.
lion call Me Master-and yuu do not ask M! will.

You call Me Light-and you see Me not.
lou call Me the Road-and follow Me not.
You call Me the Wise-and imitate Me not.
You call Me Life-and you desire Me not.
You call Me Good-and love Me not.
You call Me Rich—and from Me ask nothing.
You call Me Eternal-and yet do not seek Me.
You call Me Merciful-but do not trust in Me
You call Me Noble-and do not serve Me.
You call Me All-powerful- anddonot honor Me.
You call Me Just-and do not fear Me.
When I condemn you, therefore blame Me not for it.
[A:BEMEM.]

## Saving The Colours.

UR picture serves to perpetuate a brave act performed during the late war in Africa. After the battle of Isandlana, the colours of the 24th Regiment were missing. What had become of them ? Had they fallen into the hands of the enemy? Nay, from that they had been saved through the bravery of Lieut. Melville. He determined to save them, and he did, but lost his own life in the effort. He was pursued by the Zulus till he came to a broad and rapid river. Into this both horsh and rider plunged. Anxiety for the flag made him lose the management of his horse when in the middle of the stream. With his precious burden he drifted down the current to a large rock on which another brave ollicer had landed. Lieut. Higginson tried to help, but both were washed off. In the struggle with the stream the ffag was torn from them, and sank, borne down by its heavy fringe, and they beheld it no more. They reached the shore exhausted, and almost lifeless, yet perchance they felt the sacrifice had not been in vain, for the stream had folded itself lovingly around se treasure; it would rest there, safe from the savage \%ulus and from all dishonour which might have come to it. The colors were afterwards recovered, but the brave defenders never knew it, they were overtaken by the enemy and slain. If you had asked them why they had so acted, they would have said. "We simply did our duty." Let each reader do his duty in the same spirit. But no man can in the fullest sense of the word do his duty, until he has accepted Tesus Christ as his Saviour, for to "Fear God and keep His commandments is the whole duty of Man."

Dear friend have you enlisted in the army of ! the great King? If so, are you willing rather to die than see His flag dishonored. Doubtless had those men lived they would have received the


Victoria cross, or some other special distinction from the hands of their sovereign; but what is that to the approving smile of our gracious King, when He shall one day say to us, "Well done, good and faithful servant : enter thou into the joy of thy Lord."

## The Refiner of Silver.

SOME years ago a few ladies, who met together in Dublin to read the Scriptures, and make them the subject of conversation, were reading the third chapter of Malachi. One of the ladies gave it as her opinion that the fuller's soap and the iefiner of silver were the same thing, or both intended to convey the same view of the sanctifying influence ct the grace of Christ; while another observed: "Is there not something remarkable in the expression of the third verse? -- He shall sit as a refiner and purifier of silver."

They agreed that possibly it might be so; and one of the ladies promised to call on a silversmith, and report to them what he said on the subject. She went accordingly, and, without telling the object of her errand, begged to know from him the process of refining silver, which he fully described to her.
"But, sir, said she, "do you sit while the work of refining is going on "
"Oh, yes, madam," replied the silversmith; "I must sit with my eye steadily fixed on the furnace, for it the time necessary for refining be exceeded in the slightest degree, the silver is sure to be injured."

At once she saw the beauty, and the comfort too, of the expression, "He shall sit as a refiner and purifier of silver."

Christ sees it needful to put his children into the furnace, but he is seated by the side of it. His eye is steadily intent on the work of purifying, and His wisdom and love are both engaged in the best manner for them. Their trials do not come at random; the very hairs of their head are all numbered.

# [selectred] <br> Birds of Plumage: 

Or, Arb You Conterted!

fom coun
PRIEND of mine, an . Ifrican lad, who was once the slave of man as to his body, and of Satan as to his soul; but who has been, in the wonder-working counsels of our God, emancipated h, and is now doubly a treed man. In the meantime one illustration from his hile suggests itself.

Gne day lately. 1 said, "Robert, what sort of hirds have you in your part of Africa?"
"Binds of plumage sir," was the reply.
" W'hat do you mean by 'birds of plumage,' Rubert:"
"Well sir, they have berutiful feathers but no song."
"Ah!" said I, "they are just the picture of thousand of so-called Christians; they are birds of plumage,' out wardly covered with all the words and deeds that are fair in the sight of man; but have inwardly no 'new song' to glorify God, and exalt Christ and gladden this dark scene."
lieader, are you a "bird of plumage," or a "hird of song?" Have you ever, as a lost, ruined simmer, scen that "all our righteonsnesses are as filthy rags" (Isaiah lxiv. (1), and flinging them away. come in your helplessness to Jesus the crucified?

> " Naked come to Thee for dress; Hetpless, lo,k to Thee for grace; Fite, I the tountan fly Wash me, Saviour, or I die!

If so, you can take up the soul-stirring words of that sweet hymn we often sing-
" He maketh the rebel a priest and a king, He hath boupht us, and taught us this new song to sing ; Ento Hom who hath loved us, and washed us from sin. "nto Him he the glors for ever. Amen,"
But it not, oh, may God make you hear His voice, calling as unto daam in the garden, "Where art thou!" And may you be brought out into His presence to take the lust simner's place now while, there is "blood to cleanse and power to free," rather than have to come forth in that awtuit time written of in God's IVord, and spoke of in this solemn hy'mn-

[^0]Waked from its death-like sleep; Ot all hope bereft, And to judgment left, for cer to wail and weep.

- O Worlding ! give ear, While the saints are near ;
Soon must the tie be riven, . Ind men side by side, (iod's hand shaill divide, As far as hell's depths from heaven."


## Walking Before God.

## H. K, Wood, Glasgow.



T was the counsel of the Allsufficient Jehovah to Abraham His friend, "Walk before Me, and be thou perfect," or sincere: and when the Psalmist's devotion was greatly quickened, the resolution gushed warm from his heart, "I will walk before the Lord in the land of the living."

A few months ago I noticed a godly husband and wife proceeding to the house of prayer on a Sabbath morning. Before them marched, hand in hand, their eldest children, a little girl and boy. On these little ones the gaze of their father and mother rested with sweet complacency. Ever and anon as occasion required, the former directed them how to shape their course, and he was on the alert continually to shieid them from danger. The children were delighted with the thought of the strong arm and watchful eye and tenderly loving heart of their honoured father, following so close behind along with their dear mother. Frequently did they glance back to be refreshed with the beams of affection which rayed from the faces of both their parents, or to ask their way when cross roads were reached. Though very young in years, their steps were buoyant and confident, for they knew that help was at hand, whatever might be their need; and they guided themselves readily and carefully, according to every intimation, however slight, of what was their father's desire.

Such should be your walk betore your Father in neaven. Reconciled through the blood of the Lamb, accepted in His righteousness, and become through faith in Him an adopted child and heir of God, you should strive to maintain a happy confidence in Jehovah's fatherly love towards you in Christ. Believing constantly and stedfastly in this love, you will walk with delight before the Lord. It will be no pain, but the highest pleasure to think of Him as ever looking down upon you. You will try to please Him in

## Upholding all things by the word of His power.-Heb. i. 3.

every step. You will be unwilling to go anywhere without Him. The least indication of His mind will be watched for and tollowed eagerly. His love known and believed will make you ready to obey; and obedience rendered will enable you to realize more and more of His love.

## They Say-.

23ELL, what it they do? It may not be true. A great many false reports are circulated, and the reputation of a good man may be sadly sullied by a baseless rumour. Have you any reason to believe that what they say concerning your brother is true? If not, why should you permit your name to be included among the "they" who circulate a scandal.

They say. Who says? Is any person responsible for the assertion? Such phrases are frequently used to conceal the point of anenemy's poniard, who thus meanly strikes one whom he dare not openly assail. Are you helping the cowardly attack? If"they" means nobody, then regard the rumour as nothing.

They say.. Why do they say su? Is any good purpose secured by the circulation of the report? Will it benefit the individual to have it known ? or will any interests of society he promoted by whispering it about? If not, you had better employ time and speech to some more worthy purpose.

They say-To whom do they say it? To thuse who have no business with the affair? To thuse who cannot help it or mend it, or prevent any unpleasant results ? That certainly shows a tattling, scandal-loving spirit that ought to be rebuked.

Thiy say_-. Well, do they say it to him ? or are they very careful to whisper it in places where he cannot hear, and to persons who are

known nut to be his friends? Would they dare to say to him, as well as about him? No one has a right to say that concerning another which he is not ready to speak in his own ear.

They say-. Well, suppose it is true. Are you sorry for it ? or do you rejoice that a brother has been discovered erring? Oh! pity himit he has fallen into sin, and pray for him that he may be forgiven and restored.

If it should be true, don't spread it abroad to his injary. It will not benefit you, nor him, nor society, to publish his faults. You are as liable to be slandered or err as your brother, and as ye would that he should defend, or excuse, or turgive you, do ye even so to him.-Selected.

## Shining.

OUR business is, not to talk about shining, not to have theories about the way of doing it, but by our good works to shine, and so to bear testimony to the Lord. The simple thought meets a thousand difficulties. "I am very poor; my candlesticls is tin in. stead of silver, If I were richer I should be of more use." Let your light shine, "I am feeble in health; half my time is passed within a sick room. My candlestick is a broken one." Let your light shine even if there is no more candlestick than to hold the candle from falling over. "I am very much out of the way-in a very obscure corner: far off from the general eye and observation. I wisle I were in a better position." Let your light shine: the Lord knows why he has placed you where you are. Be sure He has a purpose worthy of being accomplished.-Dr. James Culross.

Every farmer who has tried it knows that work can be accomplished in much less time if it has been carefully planned beforehand. When you go into a field to work, know just what you want to do, then do it.


MISSION UNION HALL，
College St．，Cor．Emma St．
GOSEEI SERTICES
bach evening（surluiling sunday）at 8 oo．
SUND．IY cremius＇，at 7.10 ，Children＇s Service．
 earh menth at 8 b．m

The l＇rovident Fund Commatee and Savings Kank lreasurer will be in attendamie every Saturday moght．

## additional meetings helo in the BUILDING．

SUNDAY－9．30 a．m Nunday School． 3 mm ， Our Afivion Union bible Class．MONOAY－ Jible l＇raining claw．Sewing Society．TUES． IDAY－Bibic and Flower Mision．SATUK IIAY－5．15 p．m，l＇rayer Meeting．DAII，Y－ （Sunday excepted）at 9 a．m．：－1）ay School for childrent，who（from many causes）are ineligible for public achools．

## MISSION MEETINGS <br> IN AFFILIATION WHH THE UNION．

A collialif：Mllerinc；in held every Tues． thy Evenng，at 8 oclock，in the Mission Chapel． Chestnut it．，east side，below Apnes it．（；ood singing．

COTYAGE MELTMNG at No．zu St．Patrick＇s Spuare，every Monday evening，at 8 velock．
 $i 2$ Herrick St．cvery Sunday at $2.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$ ．All welcome．

## The Nervant＇s Reward．



N the day when the lord shall puli up the four stakes of your clay tent，and the last grain of samd shall be at the point of falling down in your watch ghas，and the Master shall call the servants of his vincyard to give them their hire，gou will es－ teom the blown of this world＇s glory like the velours of the rainbow， that nu man can put in his purse and treasure．Your lab aur and pains will then smile ulwn you．Ah t the freeling of＂hrist＇s lambs in private， in caterhising，in painful preaching， and fair，lionest，and frve warniug of the thow，is a sulfirer＇s garland．Oh！ ten thunsand times blessed are they who are homured of christ to be taithful and painful in wooing the bride to Christ ：－Rntheriord．

## For Charlie＇s Sake．


＇ME years ago，in war time，＂said Mr．Moody， ＂a well－known Judge，
who hal interested himself for the welfare of the sulfering soldiers，resolved that while a certain case was pending，he would turn away all applicants tor charity，that he might devote himself wholly to the duties of his profession．
One day a soldier came into his： offico，prorly clad，his face bearing the deep lines of suffering The Judge，pretending not to notice him， continued his work．The soldier fuunbled in his pockets for a long time，and then said，in an uncertain， citeappointed voice，as though he saw that he was unwelcome，＇I did have a letter for you．＇The Judge，acting against the prompting of a warm， generous heart，made no reply． Presently a thin，trembling hand pushed a note along the desk．The Judge raised his face slightly，and was about to say，I have no time for such matters as those，＇when he dis－ covered the writing was that of his uwn son，a soldier in the army．Ho touk up the note．It read in sub． stance ：－＇Dear Father ：the bearer is a soldier，discharged from the hospital．He is going home to die． Assist him in any way you can，for ＇Charlie＇s salke．＇
All the tender emotions of his soul were laid open．He said to a friend afterward，＇$I$ took the soldier to my heart，for Charlie＇s sake；I let lim sleep in Charlie＇s bed；I clothed him，and supplied him with every comfort，for the sake of my own dear boy．＇
My friends，God will never turn the needy awar without a blessing， for his dear Son＇s sako－for Jesus＇ sake；and a believing prayer，offered in his name，will evar prevail befure the throne．＂．

Some persous are capable of mak－ ing great sacrifices，but few are cap－ able of concealing how much the etfort has cost then ；and it is this concealmont that constitutes their value．－Selected．

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[^0]:    "There shall come a night Of such wild affright
    And none beside shall know, When the heavens shall shake, Ind the wide earth quake,
    In its last and deepest woe.
    "What horrors shall roll l'er the godless soul

