

and in that manner satisfying justice. They told them that if the fine was up to the \$1000, it was paid, and that there was no possibility of the strikers going to jail.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

Hundreds
Turned Away

AUDITORIUM

Matinee
Saturday

Friday and Saturday

Two More Nights

Anna Eva Fay

Prices:
Night,
25c
35c
Matinee,
25c

A Performance of
inexplicable
Wonders,
Unraveling
The Hidden
Mysteries
of the Mind.

Matinee
Saturday,
exclusively
for ladies,
all seats 25c

Hundreds turned away
at every performance.
Secure seats early at
box office during the day.

BENNETT'S

THE MYSTERIOUS CRUCIBLE.
Wonderful demonstration of liquid
air. Seven other fine vaudeville acts.
NEXT WEEK, DRAGON BEARS.

TONIGHT!
Copley Square Concert
Co. of Boston

AUDITORIUM.
Y. M. C. A. Course.

Richard G. Moulton, M.A., Ph.D.
University of Chicago.

Friday, Feb. 2, 8 p.m. "The Literary
Study of the Bible." Saturday, Feb. 3,
p.m., "Romeo and Juliet: The Moral Sig-
nificance of Accidents." Saturday, 8 p.m.,
"The Bible as a Story Book." Monday,
4:20 p.m., "Henry VIII: The Outer and
the Inner Life." Monday, 8 p.m., "King
Lear." In the First Presbyterian lecture
hall. Admission, 25c.

Cavalry and Artillery Auxiliaries.

GRAND MILITARY
CONCERT

ARMORIES.
Friday, February 9th

Pittsburgh Orchestra

Reserved seats, \$1.75 and 50 cents.
Plan opens at Nordheimer's Music Store
Tuesday, Feb. 6.

HOCKEY.

We want you to "root" for us at Gold-
en Friday night. Special G. T. R. leaves
at 7:30, return same night. Fare, \$1.75.
Tickets good to return any train next
day.

WELLINGTON STREET METHODIST
church—Anniversary services next Sun-
day. Concert on Tuesday evening.
Madam Eglar, soprano, of Detroit.
Silver collection. 5c-10c.

WHEELER ROLLER SKATING RINK.
Open tonight. Skating prices, 10c and
15c. Skates free.

ALLAN LINE

Low rate to bring passengers from the
Gulf Coast. F. B. Clarke, Richmond
street, next New Bank of Commerce.

EMBERS OF BRITAIN—NEW CANA-
dian Pacific steamship leaves Liver-
pool Friday 3. Secure berths. F. B.
Clarke, Richmond street, next New Bank
of Commerce.

POSTED—LADIES' DANCING
class—Thursday evening, Feb. 1. Class
will set as usual next week. Clayton
& McCormick.

SPECIAL SERVICES TONIGHT—
Children Workers Mission, King street.
Come.

PRIVATE LESSONS IN DANCING BY
R. B. Hurd, Waltz Two-step. Les-
sons at home. Residence, 250 Whar-
fside street.

LONDON MINERAL BATHS—NEW
baths now open. Everything new.

GRUBBS' HARP ORCHESTRA. Or-
ganist at all engagements. 243 Talbot
street. Telephone 1460.

25 PIPERS ATTENDED LONDON CON-
SERVATORY of Music last year. Mr.
Barton here all pupils play, and give
reports.

CHOICES MUSIC FURNISHED FOR
private parties, balls, banquets, etc.
Telephone 1265. Tony Villa's Italian
Harpists, 24 Queen's avenue.

TONY CORSE—THE ORIGINAL
London Harpist. Music furnished for
all occasions. 161 Maple street. Tele-
phone 1330.

MEETINGS.

THE REGULAR ASSEMBLY OF ST.
George's, 42 A. F. and A. M. G. R. C.
will be held in Masonic Temple this
(Thursday) evening, at 7:30. Visitors
welcome. W. A. Tanner, W. M.; A.
Ellis, P. M. secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE—LADY WHOSE NEAR RELAT-
IVE has been cured of epileptic fits.
out of gratitude wishes to send by
mail particulars of the cure to friends
of those similarly affected. Address L.
B., 34 Albany street, Schenectady, N. Y.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—WILL PARTY THAT PICKED
up laundry parcel on Dundas street,
Saturday, kindly leave at this office?

FOUND—A SUM OF MONEY. OWNER
may have same by filing description
and paying expenses. The Wm. Davies
Company, Limited.

LOST—PEARL CRESCENT PIN, FRI-
day evening. St. John's A. C. dance,
Masonic Temple. Reward, this office.

LOST—GOLD BELT BUCKLE. SET
with topaz. Lost Saturday, Jan. 27.
Reward at 261 Dufferin avenue.

DERMATOLOGY.

SUPERFICIAL HAIR, MOLES,
facial blemishes, removed by electro-
sis. Manicuring, shampooing, scalp
treatment. Butler's Dermatology Par-
lors, 281 Dundas.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

TOP BUGGY AND SMALL CUTTER.
106 Kent street. 38u-wt

GOOD, CLEAN BANNER OATS FOR
seed; 40 cents per bushel. James
Thompson, Cumlin.

BARN FOR SALE—TO BE REMOVED.
The old M. C. R. stable on Burwell
street. Apply John Purdon. 38u

FOR SALE—TEN SHARES CANADIAN
Fire Engine Company, now paying 6%
dividend. The London and Western
Trusts Company, Limited. 38c

ONE MIXER, VERY LITTLE USED,
good as new, suitable for mixing spices,
stock foods, etc. One horse-power, one
road-scraper, also two cream separa-
tors, each 40 pounds capacity. Will
sell cheap. Call and see them, or write
for full particulars. Darch & Hunter
Seed Company, Limited. 38c

368 PAIRS MEN'S AND WOMEN'S
high grade footwear, at 25c off. Febru-
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Store. 38c

HAPPY THOUGHT RANGE. APPLY
274 Hamilton road. 38c

FOR SALE, CHEAP—GOOD SECOND-
HAND organ. Apply 183 Richmond
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STOVES, RANGES, SECOND-HAND
stoves, at Keene's, 10 King.
Large stock second-hand furniture on
hand.

LARGE LANDSCAPE, BY J. R.
Seavey; also two National cash regis-
ters. Apply M. Hook, the Tecumseh.
38c-12u-wt

SUNGLEE REMOVES Dandruff
promotes growth of hair. Guaranteed.
Price, \$1. James T. Gleason, 206 Dundas.
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FOR SALE—CHESTNUT FENCE
posts, 10c apiece. E. O. Dawson, Byron.
38c

FOR SALE—PERMANENT PAID-UP
shares in the Peoples Building and
Loan Association, required to be sold
to settle an estate. Apply to McKillop
& Murphy, barristers, etc., London.
38c-12u-wt

FOR SALE, CHEAP—STIMPSON COM-
PUTING scale, and Dayton computing
scale. 469 St. Thomas. 38c-12u-wt

SOUTHCOTT & KETTLE—THE NEW
coal and wood yard, corner Maitland
and G. T. R. Phone 229. 38c-12u-wt

AMERICAN CORN FOR SALE AT
Turnbull's Elevator, Komoka. 38c-12u-wt

UNDERSKIRTS.
Made to order. Silk, Taffeta, Satin
and Cambric. CORSETS made to order
only. The only corset that is made with
WALTON CORSET CLASS. Absolute-
ly sweat proof. Thin and smooth, and
forms its own cushion. Canadian Lady
Corset Co., 474 Dundas St., London.
38c-12u-wt

ONE BEAUTIFUL ROSEWOOD PIANO,
7 octaves, in first-class condition, thor-
oughly renovated inside and out, and we
guarantee it for five years. \$100, payable
\$30 per month. Heintzman
& Co., 217 Dundas street, corner Clar-
ence. 38c-12u-wt

RAYMOND BROS., 172 KING, FOR
coal bags, waterproof covers for horses
and wagons.

FOR SALE—SIX H. P. GAS ENGINE.
D. McKenzie & Co., 288 Richmond street.
38c

PHONE 185 IF YOUR SHOES NEED
repairs. Called for and also delivered.
William Paxman.

PHOTO SUPPLIES, KODAKS AND
Films. W. A. McKenzie, opposite City
Hall, upstairs.

SAVE YOUR BEEHIVE SOAP WRAP-
pers and exchange for our soap pro-
pellers, of which we have a large stock
at our office, 197 South street. The
Canadian Soap Company, Montreal. 38c

JANUARY SALE—15% OFF REGULAR
prices at Patten's, the Upholsterer, 247
Dundas street.

THE RAYMOND—GUARANTEED FOR
ten years. Lessons free on all kinds of
fancy work. Seating machines, 217
Dundas street. Phone 1028.

FOR SALE—AMERICAN CORN, 18c PER
ton; call, see corn. Slater's Warehouse.
201t

FOR SALE—THE BALANCE OF ALL
cottons at cost. J. W. Smith, corner
Richmond and Maple.

SPRINGS, MATTRESSES AND IRON
beds. Special low prices this week at
Keene Bros., 125 and 127 King street.

FRESH FISH NOW ON SALE—SEE
what we have. F. S. Orr, Fish Market.
Phone 1288.

CLEARING SALE OF SEWING MA-
CHINES—See what we have. J. H. Mac-
Cormick, Dundas street, East Lon-
don.

FOR SALE—LADIES' TAILORMADE
suits, half-price; also theater bouises.
1814 Dundas street.

D. H. GILLIES & CO., COAL AND
woodenware. Wood dealers. Try
load 32 wood. Corner Adelaide and
Bathurst. Phone 1312.

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STRATFORD & BAWDEN, CONTRACT-
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hard wall plaster. Phone 1460. Henry
Stratford, 42 Waterloo.

J. HARRIS & CO.—REMOVED TO 73
Bathurst, opposite London and Petrola
Barrel Works.

C. BARTON ELECTRIC MANIFAC-
TURING Company—Motors and Dyna-
mos. Prompt repairing. Phone 1893.
Tecumseh avenue east, London, Ont.

T. EDWARDS—FURNITURE, ETC.
packed, removed and stored. Furniture
refined, refinished, 35 Bruce street.

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PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOWEST
rate. Buchner & Gunn, 83 Dundas
street.

PRIVATE FUNDS AT LOWEST RATES
—M. F. McDonough, barrister, 418 Tal-
bot street.

PRIVATE AND TRUST FUNDS TO
loan at 4% to 5% on real estate secur-
ity. In sums to suit. No commission
charged. T. W. Scandrett, solicitor, 38
Dundas street, London.

ARCHITECTS.

MOORE & HENRY—
ARCHITECTS, LAND SURVEYORS,
CIVIL ENGINEERS.
John M. Moore. Frederick Henry.

REMOVAL—GEORGE CRADDOCK,
architect, 461 Talbot.

WILLIAM G. MURRAY ARCHITECT—
114, second floor, Masonic Temple.
Phone 1337.

HERBERT MATTHEWS, ARCHITECT.
W. Fletcher Shepherd (date of Toronto),
architect, Dufferin block. Phone.

INSURANCE.

E. J. MACROBERT.
General and District Agent for Western
Ontario. Fire, Life, Accident and Plate
Glass Insurance effected. English, Ameri-
can and Canadian companies represented.
Room 107, Masonic Temple, corner Rich-
mond and King streets. London, Ont.
Telephone 448.

Queen Insurance Co.'s

Funds available for security of Queen
policyholders. \$40,000,000.
J. A. NELSON, Agent,
423 Richmond Street.
Phone 344.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

C. S. TAILIN, VETERINARY SUR-
GEON—Office, 322 Talbot; phone 968.
Residence, 34 Oxford; phone 708.

TENNENT & BARNES, VETERINARY
surgeons—Office, 107 King; residence and
infirmary, corner King and Wellington.
Phone: Office, 683; house, 278. Treat-
ment of dogs a specialty.

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TENNENT & COLERIDGE, BARRIS-
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to loan at lowest rates. 78 Dundas.

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RISTERS. Money to loan. Masonic
Temple, London.

R. M. C. TOOTHE, BARRISTER, ETC.,
Robinson Hall, opposite Court House.
Specialty, office work and consultations.

CRONIN & BETTS, BARRISTERS,
solicitors, notaries public, etc. Huron
and Erie Building.

SCANDRETT & PROUDFOOT, BARRIS-
TERS, solicitors, etc. Money to loan.
38 Dundas street, London. T. W. Scan-
drett; W. A. Proudfoot, B.A.

EDMUND WELD—
Barrister, 425 Richmond street.

W. H. BARTRAM, BARRISTER, SOLI-
CITOR, etc. Office, 80 Dundas street.

BUCHNER & GUNN, BARRISTERS,
solicitors, notaries, etc. Money
to loan, lowest rates. U. A. Buchner,
J. M. Gunn, B. A.

FOLINSBEE & BARTRAM, BARRIS-
TERS—Office, Bank of Toronto Cham-
ber, 107 King street. Stratford, John
Folinsbee, W. G. R. Bartram.

T. H. LUSCOMBE, BARRISTER, SOLI-
CITOR, etc., 109 Dundas street, near
Richmond. Money at lowest rates.

A. GREENLEES, BARRISTER, ETC.,
Canadian Loan Company's Building,
Richmond street, London. Private funds
to loan.

GIBBONS, HARPER & GIBBONS, BAR-
RISTERS, etc., London—Office, corner
Richmond and King. George C.
Gibbons, K.C.; Fred F. Harper, George
S. Gibbons.

JARVIS & VINING, BARRISTERS,
etc., 101 Dundas street. C. G. Jarvis,
Jared Vining, B. A.

McEVROY & PERRIN, BARRISTERS,
etc., 83 Robinson Hall Chambers, op-
posite Court House. Money to loan.

PURDON & PURDON, BARRISTERS,
solicitors, etc. Office, Masonic Temple
Building, corner Richmond and King
streets. London. H. Purdon,
K.C., Alexander Purdon.

McKILLOP & MURPHY, BARRISTERS,
solicitors, notaries, etc. Office, corner
Richmond and Dundas. London. J. B.
McKillop, Thomas J. Murphy.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—14-STORY NEW MODERN
brick house, 539 Waterloo street; must
be sold; owner going west. 38u

FIFTY-ACRE FARM, WITH BUILD-
INGS, north of London, 24 acres, 14
London Township. Apply Jarvis
& Vining, London, solicitors for prop-
rietor. Phone 1450. 38c-12u-wt

100-ACRE FARM FOR SALE—LOT 23,
con. 15, London Township. For particu-
lars apply Wm. S. Deacon, Southgate.
38c-12u-wt

FOR SALE—100 ACRES, BEING NORTH
half lot 10, con. 6, London Township,
mostly grass. Apply Ralph Brock,
lot 11, con. 7, or by letter to Ballymore
201t

FOR SALE—TWO-STORY BRICK, IN
first-class condition, four bedrooms, bath,
w.c., furnace, gas; good frame stable,
good location; price right; easy terms.
J. F. Sangster, 112 Masonic Temple.

OSTEOPATHY.

H. V. CATON, OSTEOPATHIC PHYSI-
CIAN—Chronic diseases. 554 Richmond
street. Phone 1352.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

ELIZABETH WALKER—PIANO
voice, theory. 516 King street. Phone.
38c-12u-wt

MISS L. E. ENGLISH—VIOLIN, GUIT-
tar, mandolin, piano. 238 Queen's
avenue.

JAS. CRESSWELL, VIOLIN TEACHER,
director Grand Opera House orchestra.
Studio, 523 King.

E. W. GOETHE QUANTZ, ORGANIST
St. James, has resumed teaching.
316 Oxford street, or Central Conserva-
tory.

VOICE PRODUCTION AND SINGING—
J. Parnell Morris, 408 Queen's avenue.
38c-12u-wt

W. E. McCANN, ORGANIST, ASKIN
Street, theorist. Teacher of piano,
voice, theory.

J. W. PETHERSTON, ORGANIST, WEL-
lington street, theorist. Teacher
singing, organ, piano, theory.

W. A. BLEUTHNER, TEACHER OF
piano and harmony. Studio, Nord-
heimer's.

CHARLES E. WHEELER, ORGANIST
St. Andrew's church, piano, organ,
theory of singing. Studio, 43 Waterloo.
Phone 1227.

GEORGE PHELPS, MEMBER LON-
don Conservatory of Music, has re-
sumed teaching.

CYRIL DWIGHT EDWARDS, BARRIS-
TER, has resumed teaching. Instru-
ment in art of absolute tone production,
breath and singing. Concert and
other engagements. 386 Dundas.

SLATE ROOFING.

SLATE ROOFING, ASPHALT, CEMENT
paint for iron roofs. Walter Scott, 504
York street, London.

HOTEL CARDS.

DOMINION HOUSE ADJOINING
Grand Trunk Railway Station, London.
J. Cox, proprietor.

CLEANERS AND DYERS.

LANGLEY, MY VALET—CLEANING,
pressing, repairing. 233 Dundas street.
Phone 1721. Wagon calls.

BROKERS.

FOR SALE—CANADIAN LOAN COM-
pany's shares. John Wright, stock
broker, London, Ont. Phone 683.

DENTAL CARDS.

DR. G. H. KENNEDY, DENTIST—
Specialty, preservation of natural teeth.
173 Dundas street. Phone 978.

DR. S. M. THOMAS, DENTIST, 324
Dundas, between Wellington and Clara.

DR. WESTLAND DENTIST—CHICAGO
postgraduate in Crown Bridge and
Porcelain Work. Philadelphia, Penn-
sylvania. Porcelain, Masonic Temple,
first floor.

WOOLVERTON & BENTLEY, DEN-
tists, 215 Dundas street, near Ed-
wards. Over Cairncross & Lawrence,
Druggists. Telephone 822.

SITUATIONS AND OPENINGS IN

Winnipeg and the Canadian North-West
can be found by advertising in the Free
Press, Winnipeg. It contains every day
almost four solid columns of "situations
vacant, male, female," advertise-
ments, sample copies free. Address Free
Press, Winnipeg, mentioning this paper.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY
W. H. Bartram, 99 Dundas street.

SEALED TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS, ADDRESSED TO
the undersigned, and indorsed "Tender for
Postoffice, etc., Regina, Sask.," will be
received at this office until Friday, Feb.
23, 1906, inclusively, for the construction
of a postoffice building at Regina, Sask.
Plans and specifications can be seen and
forms of tender obtained at this depart-
ment and on application to W. T. Mollard,
Esq., clerk of works, Regina, Sask.
Tenders tendered are notified that ten-
ders will not be considered unless made
on the printed form supplied, and signed
with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by
an accepted check on a chartered bank,
made payable to the order of the Hon-
orable the Minister of Public Works, equal
to ten per cent (10%) of the amount of
the tender, which will be forfeited if the
party tendering decline to enter into a
contract when called upon to do so, or if
he fails to complete the work contracted for.
If the tender is not accepted the check
will be returned.

The department does not bind itself to
accept the lowest or any tender. By order,
FRED. GELINAS, Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, Jan. 23, 1906.

Newsprint advertising in this department
without authority from the department
will not be paid for it. 38c-12u-wt

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

Three-story BRICK BUILDING, being
No. 84 Ridout street, to be sold by auc-
tion SATURDAY, FEB. 3, at 2:30 p.m., at
the office of THE LONDON AND WEST-
ERN TRUSTS COMPANY, corner Dundas
and Richmond streets. This is a good
business property. For particulars see
posters, or apply to THE LONDON AND
WESTERN TRUSTS COMPANY, LIMITED,
administrators, or to A. M. HUNT,
auctioneer. 38c-12u-wt

NOTICE

Is hereby given that a bylaw was passed
by the Municipal Council of the City of
London on the 29th day of December, A. D. 1905,
providing for the issue of debentures to the
amount of \$45,000, for the purpose of pay-
ing for the interest on the City of London
debentures, and that such bylaw was regis-
tered in the registry office for the County
of Middlesex, on the 15th day of January,
A. D. 1906.

Any motion to quash or set aside the
same, or any part thereof, must be made
within three months after the first publi-
cation of this notice, and cannot be made
thereafter.

Dated this 15th day of January, A. D. 1906.
S. BAKER, City Clerk.

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A. D. 1906.

London Advertiser.

FOUNDED IN 1863.

TWO EDITIONS DAILY - WEEKLY.
TELEPHONE CALLS.Business Office107
Editorial Department134
Job Department175The London Advertiser Company,
Limited, 191-193 Dundas street, Lon-
don, Ont.

LONDON, THURSDAY, FEB. 1, 1906.

Ontario All Right.

Statistics gathered by the London Advertiser indicate that the smaller towns and townships in the western part of Ontario are losing population. The municipal census of Middlesex County shows a population for 1905 of 45,362, which is 1,372 less than the count of 1904. A less marked decline is noted in Perth County. The Advertiser thinks the missing people have gone to the larger cities and the Canadian West, a theory that is, no doubt, largely justified. The situation is suggestive politically as well as economically. Ontario's influence in the federation is still evidently declining.—Montreal Gazette.

Any decline in Ontario's position will be relative, not absolute. The western provinces will grow more rapidly in population than Ontario for many years. They will continue to attract immigration and to draw upon Ontario and the eastern provinces so long as they can offer cheap lands. As they become settled, and the price of land advances, their ratio of growth will be correspondingly less. It is not extravagant to predict that half the population of Canada will be west of Lake Superior ten years hence. This will involve a shifting of the center of political gravity. Ontario's influence in the federation will decline, but she will remain the banner province of the Dominion for a period of time which no one will presume to measure at present.

In his annual address to the Bank of Commerce shareholders, Mr. Byron Walker expressed the opinion that the only provinces likely to rival Ontario in wealth and population is British Columbia, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta will remain chiefly dependent upon wheat-growing. They are not to be compared with Ontario and British Columbia in variety and extent of natural resources. Ontario has one of the greatest timber tracts in the world, and under a wise policy her forests will remain a permanent asset. She has untold mineral riches, which are only on the eve of development. She has a great area of arable land, which has been only recently opened to settlement. She has unlimited water powers scattered over the province. She is the manufacturing center of the Dominion, and has natural advantages which will keep her in this position. Within the limits of the province there is room for an enormous increase of population. The future belongs to Ontario, as much as to any of her sister provinces.

Euthanasia.

A member of the Ohio State Legislature has introduced a bill to legalize the putting to death of sufferers from incurable diseases, who have abandoned hope and desire that their misery shall be ended. A motion which was made in the lower house to reject the bill was defeated by a vote of 22 to 78. This indicates that the assembly favors the proposition, or is inclined to discuss its merits.

The proposal is not a new one, but has been brought forcibly to public attention through its recent advocacy of some eminent persons, including a Harvard professor. In cases of extreme and incurable suffering, where the victim craves the boon of death, the administration of anaesthetics could be defended as an act of mercy, but the public mind shrinks from legal authorization of a practice which, perhaps, is sometimes resorted to by physicians of undoubted humanity. The objections to legal sanction are easily accounted for. There is the fear that it might cause human life to be regarded more cheaply, and weaken the moral restraints upon suicide. There is also the conviction, grounded in religious teaching, that life is the gift of God, that it is for Him to dispose of it, and that it is for His creatures to bear whatever cross may be laid upon them. Suffering often purifies the sufferer, and the obligation to care for the afflicted brings out the best in human nature. Witness the vast expenditures of money and effort, public and private, for the alleviation of human ills. Science also advances the argument that such is the progress of medical and surgical knowledge that what is regarded as incurable today may be curable tomorrow.

The contention by the Harvard professor that euthanasia should be extended to imbeciles, senile persons and others of no value to society, is far more repugnant than its application to suffering incurables. It would be an evasion of Christian duty for society to take this or any other means of ridding itself of useless members. Such a practice would foster a callous spirit and dry up the fountains of benevolence.

The fact appears to be that however

defensible in theory the doctrine of euthanasia may be, as applied to cases of incurable sufferers, it is impossible in practice. The public would not consent to delegate such a power to any person or set of persons. There will have to be a radical alteration in the views and opinions of society before the subject will have a practical interest.

Canada's Diplomatic Status.

When a Canadian newspaper speaks of Canada's use of the British diplomatic service as a "humiliation," it ignores the facts of history and the proud basis of the Canadian constitution. It appeals to a prejudice which is entirely foreign to the better sense of the Canadian community in all shades of politics.—London Free Press.

This is the stock reply to arguments in favor of any extension of Canada's "power of negotiation," in purely Canadian affairs. The President of the United States, in his message to Congress, recommended that steps be taken, in conjunction with the Dominion, for the preservation of Niagara Falls. A resolution to give effect to the President's suggestion has been moved in the United States Senate, calling upon the British Government to co-operate in the matter. The memorial will be communicated to the British ambassador in Washington, who will refer it to the British foreign office. The United States authorities will not know or recognize Canada in the matter.

Our neighbors do not appreciate Canada's position as a self-governing colony, nor do they understand the nature of our imperial relations. They have a mistaken conception of the status of the Dominion, humiliating to Canadian pride, and they are confirmed in it when they find that they cannot approach this country upon the most ordinary matters except by way of Great Britain. The appointment of a Canadian agent at Washington, as the vehicle of intercourse between the two countries, would dispense with a great deal of red tape and facilitate the transaction of business, besides giving Canada a more dignified and impressive role. Most of the questions which would be the subject of international negotiations would be settled without invoking the assistance of the British Government, but Canada would still have behind her the might and prestige of the mother country. The British ambassador at Washington is invariably a stranger to Canadian affairs, and the history of British-American boundary and fishery disputes is a record of the sacrifice of Canadian interest through the ineptitude of British diplomacy. As Sir Richard Cartwright said in his recent address to the Canadian Club at Ottawa, the only success scored by Canada against the United States was the Halifax arbitration of 1871 when the Canadian case was exclusively in Canadian hands.

The new British Government is disposed to give the self-governing colonies the widest latitude, and the appointment of a Canadian representative at Washington would not be likely to meet with any opposition in that quarter.

The case being sub judice it may not be allowable to remark that fishing for evidence against the Ontario fishery commissioner has not yet resulted in a haul.

Mr. Balfour will need all his philosophy to confront the attacks of the Chamberlain press. There can be little doubt that Chamberlain is now the logical leader of the party.

The Japanese Government intends to ask Great Britain to reorganize the British army. This may be an imperative, but the fact that the British army needs reorganizing, and that Japan knows as much about military organization as any power on earth, makes it difficult for Great Britain to resent it.

It is to be hoped the Ontario Government will not exhibit a cantankerous spirit when the federal authorities approach it on the question of the preservation of Niagara Falls. No attack upon provincial rights is contemplated although a section of the Conservative press would like to make it appear otherwise for political effect.

The Canadian agents in Australia have done good work in securing the removal of the discrimination against Canadian exports to that country by the Vancouver route. The Australian regulation provided that duty should be levied upon the cost of freight carriage in Canada. This virtually prohibited shipments by the long rail haul to the Pacific coast.

The federal superintendent of mines is confident that the electrical smelting of iron ores in Ontario can be carried on profitably. The province is wonderfully rich in iron deposits, but has no coal. If electricity can do the work as cheaply as coal, the water powers, in which Ontario abounds, will make it one of the greatest iron producing areas in the world.

Britain's Vast Merchant Marine.

[New York Sun.]

It makes a patriotic American tired when he thinks of his country's insignificant position in the ocean merchant marine of the world, and then reads of the British shipyards on the Clyde and in Scotland turning out last year 177 ships

of 571,287 tons; the Tyne, 135 ships of 222,749 tons; the Wear, 101 ships of 216,749 tons; the Hartlepool, 35 ships of 119,517 tons; the Tees, 30 ships of 122,751 tons; the Humber, 108 ships of 25,497 tons; the Thames, 128 ships of 12,386 tons; the channel and west coast, 138 ships of 6,386 tons; Ireland—poor, kept down Ireland—38 ships of 144,743 tons; and the British royal dockyards of 45,239 tons; in all 1,744,402 tons, an increase over 1904 of 232,769 tons. The total of 1,744,402 tons of new ships in one year is just about double the entire American ocean marine tonnage—all we have after 130 years of national existence.

Only the Man Who Does Things.

[Judge.]

"You have been with that firm a long time," said the old school friend. "Yes," answered the man with the patient expression of contentment. "What's your position?" "I'm an employee." "But what's your official title?" "I haven't any official title. It's like this: When the proprietor wants something done he tells the cashier, and the cashier tells the assistant bookkeeper, and the assistant bookkeeper tells the chief clerk, and the chief clerk tells me. And what then?" "Well, I haven't anybody to tell, so I have to do it."

Mourning a Lost Friend.

[Minneapolis Journal.]

A writer in an eastern paper mourns the passing of the old red damask tablecloth. The red damask always gave the impression of comfort and good cheer, while the white cloth stands for coldness and formality, and is suggestive of the coldness of the stately and cold-looking grandmas pouring the tea and seeing that the young ones got an extra large wedge of the kind of pie that melted in your mouth!

The Scale of Enmity.

[New York Sun.]

Stella—Are they on speaking terms? Bella—No; singing terms.

The Rivals.

[New York World.]

The fleetest animal on earth is left near the starting-post by Marriott's automobile. No bird of the kind could long keep pace with it. The swiftest boat does only one mile to its three. The railroad train is a poor second. The automobile, which has now traveled for one mile at the rate of 127.2 miles an hour, has no rival in speed. The experimental trolley line of the German Government at Zossen-Mariefeld, near Berlin, these experiments have reached a speed of 125 miles an hour, and the engineers say that 140 miles an hour is possible, though not recommended in practice. The automobile can make its extreme speed on any wide, perfectly level road, where the recklessness of the chauffeur and the neglect of the authorities are permitted. But it is always at imminent danger of death.

A similar speed upon an electric railroad requires an absolutely straight and level track.

Strictly Business.

[Cleveland Leader.]

"Grace is awfully sentimental—you wouldn't think it, would you?" "Um—ah—er—What makes you think so?" "She keeps all the letters I write her."

"That's not sentiment, my boy. That's business."

The Habit of a Hog.

[Hamilton Herald.]

"All hogs should come to Toronto," says the Toronto World. Of course they should. Where else could hogs shed so much at home?

His Politics.

[Punch.]

Election Canvasser—What does your husband think of the fiscal question, Mrs. Hodge? Mrs. Hodge—Well, sir, when 'e's talking to a protectionist, 'e's a free-trader, and when 'e's talking to a free-trader, 'e's a protectionist, and when 'e's talking to a protectionist, 'e's a free-trader.

Royalty's Disadvantage.

[Toronto News.]

Young people should be glad that they're not King Alfonso and Princess Ena, who can't hold hands for half a minute, without some confounded regiment firing a salute.

Too Late.

[Success Magazine.]

Isn't it pitiable to see a man approaching old age with a large part of his higher brain cells out of business, with all that is best crushed out of his life, strangled, starved, neglected, dead, though they meant much to him in his young days, are now meaningless and dead?

Our Lady of the Snows?

[Montreal Star.]

A Nation spoke to a Nation, A Queen sent word to a Throne, "It may be cold in my mother's house, But it's awful hot in my own; We're now having heat prostration, And the balmy south wind blows, And this is January!"

Said our Lady of the Snows, "Read the news in the papers; Close is the skating rink, Westmount has seen a robin; The ice crows on the plink; The St. Lawrence has had a sunstroke; Toronto has seen a rose; Hey, Kipling—in January!"

Said our Lady of the Snows, "Carry the word to my sisters—The Queens who are frozen still—Show our thermometer readings Taken at old McGill; Shovel out Rudyard Kipling. Throw out his hands and toes; Tell him there's something doing!"

Said our Lady of the Snows, "Artie and She. (Philadelphia Press.) A maiden artist fell in love—Her beau was Arthur Smart—When they were wed the neighbors said: 'She's a wicked old Art!'"

Sparring.

[Life.]

"Pa, how big is a whale?" "Pshaw! kold uv a whale!" "A large whale?" "Um—how big is a whale?"

A Hypocrite.

[Washington Star.]

"A hypocrite," said Uncle Eben, "is a man that thinks he's smart enough to fool de recording angel himself."

His Experience.

[Harper's Bazar.]

Rev. Fourtly—Have you been tried in the furnace of affliction? Knicker—Not that, I've put the stovepipe up in the fall.

Count Witte.

[W. T. Stead, in the Philadelphia Post.]

Imagine a tall, stalwart man, with a broken nose, covering or crouching in his chair, receiving the visits of dogs in his barrel, and you have Count Witte, now First Prime Minister of Russia. I was hardly prepared for the extraordinary ill grace with which he conducted the conversation.

The Tragedy of Randolph Churchill

[Montreal Herald.]

The English reviews of Mr. Winston Churchill's life of his father, Lord Randolph Churchill, just to hand, are full of significant and brilliant extracts from the book. The general summary of it is much the same in all the criticisms. "Lord Randolph's story," says the Daily Mail, "is a tragedy. A man of brilliant talent, of great administrative capacity, of boundless ambition, he passed like a meteor across the political firmament to an early death in retirement, alienated from his oldest political friends. Perhaps the explanation of his failure was contained in Mr. Chamberlain's words, in a letter to him, 'Why will you insist on being an Ishmael, your hand against every other man?' Perhaps it was given in Mr. Morley's adaptation of certain famous lines which he applied to Lord Randolph:

"Stiff in opinions, often in the wrong, Was everything by turns, and nothing long; And in the course of one revolving moon Was green and orange, statesman and buffoon."

The Express similarly quotes the Chamberlain letter, and adds: "The fact is that Lord Randolph was a politician and not a statesman. To him politics were for a while an absorbing amusement, at which he was an extraordinary expert player. Directly, however, he ceased to be able to win every trick the game bored him, and he turned to racing as an alternative." In 1885 Lord Randolph became leader of the Opposition in the House of Commons.

"What will happen now?" Lord Randolph was asked by a friend. "I shall lead the Opposition for five years. Then I shall be prime minister for five years. Then I shall die." In respect to the span of his life the words came true almost to the day.

Then came the home rule bill and the Liberal split. Mr. Gladstone had delivered the country to his opponents for twenty years. The delicate negotiations that brought the Unionist party into existence, Lord Randolph played a large part. He had always had friends in all parties—indeed, few men could have had so many friends had he cared. He was intimate with Mr. Labouchere, with Lord Beaconsfield, and he and Mr. Chamberlain had long been on friendly terms. The following letters, written in 1884, show how very pleasant the relations were between two bitter political opponents. Mr. Chamberlain wrote:

"I am sorry that we have been forced into public conflict; I should be still more sorry if political opposition degenerated into a private quarrel. I heartily wish you a pleasant holiday, and hope that rest and change of scene may thoroughly restore your health and strength."

It was in April, 1886, that the Unionist party, as we have known it, had its beginnings. "Early in the month Lord Randolph persuaded Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Salisbury to meet. The Turf Club was the neutral ground selected. Thither went Lord Randolph, and with him Mr. Salisbury, repudiated Lord Randolph's ground, and in the little dingy downstairs room where visitors are received afterwards so powerfully to affect the course of history."

As the revolved for his services he was appointed chancellor of the exchequer and leader of the house. Yet he seems to have felt that his tenure of office was precarious:

"How long will your leadership last? I asked a Liberal friend. 'Six months,' replied Lord Randolph, gaily. 'And after that?' 'Westminster Abbey.'"

The prophecy that his leadership would last only six months proved almost exactly correct. His resignation Lord Randolph committed a serious breach of formalities. He informed the Times of the fact before the Queen knew of it, and his subsequent apologies to her were met with great coldness. Yet Her Majesty had not been unfriendly to him, and certainly she bore him no malice at his refusal of the command to the Duke of Connaught. She had laughed when his dispatches reached her sprinkled with tobacco.

"I am particularly commanded," said Lord Salisbury, writing from Balmorally, by the Queen to say that Her Majesty was greatly amused by the contents of your box last night. I suppose you won't understand this message without the gloss—there was a sprinkling of tobacco in it."

Now, Sir H. Ponsonby wrote nothing more than this: "The Queen has read your letter, and commends me to thank you for your explanation." The later years of Lord Randolph were marked by growing estrangement from most of his old political friends, and finally even Mr. Jennings, who had followed him faithfully to the last, quarrelled with him, so that he was left practically alone. Towards the end of 1893 his brain began to fail under disease, and in 1895, at the early age of 46, he died.

"For all its sense of incompleteness, of tragic interruption, his life presents a harmony and unity of purpose and view," says his son. Essentially he was a Democrat, leaning towards Collectivism at the end.

From his earliest years Lord Randolph showed signs of greatness. Even at his preparatory school we read that there was a "large magnificence about him which conveyed the impression that, however, well another boy might acquit himself, he would always 'go one better.'"

At Eton his combativeness and his fondness of dress are remembered. At Oxford he became the fast friend of Lord Rosebery, and even in his undergraduate days attracted at Blenheim the notice of Disraeli, who predicted for him a distinguished career. The dons of his college inspired in him not the smallest trace of reverence or awe.

"We are told that one day he was sent for by the warden to be rebuked for some delinquency. It was winter,

J. H. CHAPMAN & CO

Underselling Values of Compelling Interest in Tomorrow's Matchless Event—

Friday Bargain Sale

New W., G. and R. Shirts

Our first shipment of Men's Spring Shirts has arrived, among them the new "Coat Shirt"—goes on like a coat.

The W., G. and R. Shirts are noted for their good, liberal sizes and splendid workmanship. They are made from the best material and warranted to stand the wash. Priced at \$1.00 and \$1.25 each.

Fifty-Cent Dress Goods

The following are prominent values for Friday and Saturday.

44-inch Tweed Suitings, new color effects.

French Henriettes, 46-inch, blue, green, castor, fawn, gray, Alice blue, etc.

Panamas in black and colors, Taffeta Batiste, 44-inch, all colors.

Cream Albatross, mohairs, voiles and fancy. Choice per yard

50c

Outing Flannel Nightgowns that sell for 65c are reduced to 57c for Friday and Saturday; also our regular \$1.25 Pink and White Outing Flannel Gowns reduced to \$1.10. Those requiring these warm garments should come tomorrow.

Mill Seconds in Ladies' Ribbed Vests, worth 40c, 45c and 50c, To clear at.....29c

Scarlet Wool Vests and Drawers, \$1.00 for.....85c Outside sizes in Ribbed Vests and Drawers, regular \$1 and \$1.10 garment for.....89c

Children's Vests and Drawers, fleece finished, ribbed garments, ages 2 to 5 at each.....17c Ages 5 to 12 at.....21c

White Crochet Quilts at 65c, 75c, 85c and 95c.

J. H. Chapman & Co., 126, 128, 128½ Dundas St.

POEMS THAT LIVE

[Grizzly.]

Coward—of heroic size In whose lazy muscles lies Strength we fear to ever deplete; Savage—whose ruthless tusks Are content with acorn husks; Robber—whose eyes gleam sored Over the bee's or squirrel's hoard; Whiskered chin and feeble nose; Claws of steel on hairy toes— Here, in solitude and shade, Shambling, shuffling, plantigrade, Be thy courses undismayed!

Here, where nature makes they bed, Let thy rude hair-dogman tread Point to hidden Indian spears, Lost in ferns and fragrant grasses, Hovered over by timid wings, Where the wild birds hold their sweets Epileptic retreats.

Fit for thee, and better than Fearful spoils of dangerous man In thy fat-jowled deity, Fiercely shall live in thee; Thou mayest levy tithes and dole, From the pilgrim taking thee; Match thy cunning with his tear; Eat, and drink, and have thy fill; Yet remain an outlaw still!

FUR DEALERS ASK PROTECTION AGAINST TRANSIENT TRADERS

Want City Council to Memorialize Legislature to Amend the Municipal Law.

The local fur dealers waited on No. 8 committee of the city council last night, and asked that the municipal law in regard to the granting of an auctioneer's license be so amended as to prevent what they termed "dumping" of furs in London by outsiders, such as, for example, Montreal and Toronto people.

Mr. David Ross said that the fur merchants are not the only business men who are affected by the present law. Dozens of other lines were affected. He declared that a certain fur dealer of Toronto has stated that he will come to London annually and sell his furs under an auctioneer's license, in business here all the year around and who are citizens of London. He suggested that the committee recommend the council to memorialize the Ontario Government on the subject, affected with cheerfulness pay all costs incurred in this regard by the city.

Something is not done in the matter, he said, it will be necessary to call a meeting of all the merchants in the city to devise ways and means to protect themselves from the inroads of the annual "dumping" visitors.

The amendment he suggested was as follows, and is designed to prevent an auctioneer allowing his store to be thrown open to transient traders for a week or so, for the purpose of selling furs in competition with local merchants. It is an addition to a paragraph, thus:

"And proscribing the sale by auction of such goods, wares or merchandise, upon which no municipal assessment has been laid, and which in their opinion unjustly conflicts with legitimate mercantile business within the municipality. The sale of stocks of merchandise on bloc of insolvents or others alone exempted from such restrictions."

The clause also goes on to say that nothing in the law shall affect the sales of goods and chattels by a bailiff, etc. At the suggestion of Mayor Judd it was decided to ask for the amendment proposed, and to also ask to have the transient traders' law so amended as to make the act read that any trader whose name is not on the assessment roll of the city, shall be subject to a transient traders' license fee of \$250. To do this it will be necessary to strike out the words, "and does not occupy a premises" which now appear in the clause of the act which relates to transient traders.

Many Lights Wanted. Petitions for electric lights fairly poured in. One asked for a lamp on the Egerton street crossing of the Grand Trunk, and was backed up by 155 names. Another was for a light at the corner of Oxford street and Hellmuth avenue, and one or two were for lights in South London.

On motion of Ald. Booth, all the accounts in connection with the care of Fireman Mason, who was injured some time ago, were ordered to be paid. The committee, on motion of Ald. Armstrong, agreed to have Elmwood avenue, between Brighton avenue and Edward street, watered this year.

Paving the Market. The committee discussed the advisability of paving the market with vitrified brick, it being finally decided to call for tenders for paving all that section west of the market house,

cement filler to be used, the tender to be handed in in two sections, so that if necessary the city may award a tender for only one half of the section, it being the intention to complete the sections each year until the square is completed. The city engineer submitted an estimate of the cost of paving the entire market of \$20,000, to cost between \$2,000 and \$3,000.

The perennial resolution, passed at the north end fire hall again bobbed to the surface. Ald. Matthews introduced by stating that if fire were to wreck a part of the institutions the council would be very willing to establish the hall.

The committee allowed the matter to stand over, promising to consider a Fire Chief Clarke's annual report as a very interesting document. It stated that the discipline of the men doing the year was excellent. But one fireman had been dismissed in the twelve months, answering alarms the brigades had traversed about 500 miles in the year.

More Hydrants Wanted. The chief presented a list of recommendations. One was that more hydrants be put in. At present there are 517 blocks in the city and only 497 hydrants, many long blocks have only one hydrant at a corner, and some none at all. He recommended that an extra hydrant be placed in every long block running east and west. He drew attention to the need for a fire hall in the north end, and a canvas report was made. A new team of horses must be purchased for the central station, the department now being a team short. A new switch board is needed for the central station, and a new combination chemical and hose wagon for No. 2 station, East London.

In regard to the hydrants the chief was instructed to bring it a report right away as to those which are most needed. To the chairman, the chief said 200 more hydrants are needed to give the city proper protection.

The clause regarding a new switch board was adopted. The chief was also given permission to hire a man to take the place of men when on holidays.

The recommendation for the combination chemical wagon for East London was adopted. Certain repairs were also authorized at this station.

What Is Japanese Catarrh Cure and how does it Permanently Cure Catarrh?

Japanese Catarrh Cure is an antiseptic, germicidal, powerful in its action on catarrh, and fever germs, yet soothing and healing to the inflamed tissues of nose and throat. It is placed in the nostrils and the mere act of breathing carries the curative medication to every part of the diseased tissues. No atomizers, syringes or other appliances are required.

I have been a constant sufferer from catarrh of a severe and disagreeable type for eight years, which became worse each winter, in spite of hundreds of dollars I spent with catarrh specialists and many remedies which only afforded temporary relief. Tried Japanese Catarrh Cure, and since completing this treatment, have not felt the least symptom of my former trouble.

R. E. FLEMING, Toronto, Ont. Care yourself permanently, quickly, cheaply, by using Japanese Catarrh Cure. Ask drugists, etc.

The Griffiths & Macpherson Co., Limited Toronto, Canada.

Beyond Criticism

"SALADA"

CEYLON NATURAL GREEN TEA

Is a perfectly pure tea of the highest quality

LEAD PACKETS ONLY. 25c, 30c, 40c, 50c. AND 60c PER LB. AT ALL GROCERS. Highest Award St. Louis 1904.

Shadow and Sunlight

Tonight his face, his tone, the expression of his eyes and the thin, clear-cut lips, form an admirable study for any young man starting in fashionable life and desirous of acquiring the Chesterfield manner. With the step of a young man, and the gait, which, alas! few young men of the present day can boast, he goes across the room and bends over Lady Carton.

"My dear lady, hold me accountable for our long tarrying, and grant me your pardon. If you belonged to our sex instead of the fairer one, you would understand how great a charm Chateau la Rose of '88 has for a man who is weak enough to cling to the old axiom that woman, wine and wit are the three best things on earth. Lashwood has been good enough to entertain me with an account of their travels (as a matter of fact, Guy has not said one word about them). They must have had a glorious time. Ah, my dear lady, youth, youth!"

Lady Carton grins. "Come and sit down beside me," she says. "Madge, give your father a cup of tea. I want him to talk to me." The Honorable Francis takes his tea and bows gratefully, though it is over his daughter's hand, and seats himself with an air which plainly suggests that if there is anything that would give him complete happiness, it is to sit beside Lady Carton.

"Will you have some tea, Guy?" says Madge. He is close at her elbow—he seems always close at her elbow when he is in the same room with her—looking down at her with the deep, passionate love shining in his dark-gray eyes.

"Yes," he says. She fills him one of the dainty Sevres cups, and he takes it, and stands with one foot on the marble fender, gazing at the fire; presently he misses her from the table behind him, and instinctively looking round for her, sees that she has gone to the other end of the room to arrange some card which had arrived that morning, and, as instinctively, he follows her.

"Rusky, Madge?" he says, and he puts his hand on her shoulder—a favorite caress of his. "Pretty faces, all of them." "Are they not?" she assents. "Mary and Jane are both beautiful girls—they were the belles of Miss Tetbury's."

"When the other young lady was out—nothing raspberry tarts, for instance," he says, and his hand wanders to her smooth, warm cheek.

Madge laughs, and glances around furtively at the two worldlings, gossiping over the fire. "Hush, sir. Don't you know that it is very bad manners to flatter your wife? I never was good-looking—really, I have not a single good feature."

"No," he says, gazing at her with his grim smile, a world of admiration in his eyes—"no, now, I come to look at you closely, I see I was mistaken. Your nose is crooked, you squint a little, don't you? And your mouth goes under your left ear."

Madge nods. "That's better—that's more like a husband! Why, Guy, you ought to have grown quite tired of me by this time, you ought, indeed."

"I suppose I ought," he says. "By the way, you have made the same remark before. But I am not tired of you, strange to say. What have you and Lady Carton been talking about?"

"About the castle," says Madge. "She is delighted with it. It is a grand place, Guy. It seems too big and too grand for me. Lady Carton says it was quite a show place, and that there is only one other like it in England. Guy, it's nice to have such a home."

He nods. "Familiarity breeds contempt. It was never home to me till you came, Madge," he says simply, "but I'm glad you like it. You would like to make it headquarters?"

Madge nods. "Oh, yes, certainly if you don't mind, and the people don't bother us too much. Guy, you'll have to help me to play my part; you won't forget that I was only a school-girl a few months ago."

He laughs curtly. "You look like a great, big, school-girl, now," he says. "But you won't need any help from me, Madge. The folks will find their match in you if I am not mistaken. I suppose we shall have to give some feeds and to eat some at other places. You need not trouble, you know. You've got Chateau la Rose—this is the celebrated chef, with five hundred a year and a private brougham for his own use—call you will have to do well to tell Mrs. Hunter, the housekeeper, the number of people who are coming, and wash your hands of it."

Madge laughs. "It sounds very easy." She is beginning to realize the power of immense wealth. "And what is left for me to do?"

He smiles and shrugs his shoulders. "To be amiable and look pretty," he says, "not difficult for you, Madge." She laughs.

"I think I know. I think I can manage it, Guy. I remember how Lady

Carton used to receive each guest with a pressure of the hand and a special smile as if each was the particular, dearly beloved friend.

"That's it," he assents, "and if, in addition you really want to do the thing thoroughly, you can dress the part; put on that velvet gown St. George used to admire so profoundly, and mount the diamonds—oh, speaking of that, I'd nearly forgotten," and he crosses the room and rings the bell. "Go to my dressing-room and bring me down the leather box from my table," he says to the footman. "I've got something for you to show you," he says, as the man reappears, and he takes a key from his pocket and unlocks the box.

Madge utters an exclamation of amazement as a flash of many-colored lights blazes upward. "Guy!"

He laughs, and taking out a handful of diamond ornaments, lays them on the table. "There are more underneath. Do you like them?"

Madge eyes the magnificent gems, speechless, for a moment, then she looks over her shoulder. "Lady Carton!"

"What is it, my dear?" says Lady Carton, and she rises and comes across the room, the Honorable Francis following her. "My dear child, what have you got there? Oh, the Lashwood diamonds!"

And she eyes them through her glasses with an admiration which is almost devotional. "Madge—they'll be like them?"

"Oh, Guy!" murmurs Madge. "They are too beautiful—they are tremendous. I shall never dare to wear them."

Guy seats himself on the table and looks at her with enjoyment of her despondency. "Nonsense," he says. "It is time someone wore them; they have been lying hidden in the bank safe for heaven knows how long."

"And you left them on your dressing-table?" says Lady Carton with solemn twinkles. "You won't be overburdened with them long. Madge—they'll be stolen before the month's out."

"Heaven forbid!" ejaculates the Honorable Francis with pious horror. "My dear Lashwood, they are sublime—simply sublime." And his keen eyes twinkle with appreciation. "They must represent an enormous sum of money. I trust, my child, you will take every care of them."

"Don't drop them down areas or give them away to the first beggar you meet," says Guy carelessly. "Did I tell you that she gave away a diamond bracelet to a beggar in Rome?"

And he laughs as if the deed was something extremely clever and to be proud of. "No," ejaculates the Honorable Francis with genuine dismay. "But really—bless my soul!"

And he shudders; Lady Carton stares incredulously, Madge colors, and then laughs. "It is all Guy's fault. He taught me to be extravagant. Poor girl!"

"Rich girl!" says Lady Carton, emphatically. "If it were the bracelet that matches your necklace. How could you be so wicked, Madge? It was worse than wicked—it was foolish."

"If you had only seen her," Madge says, her eyes expanding pensively as she recalls the slight figure and wan, miserable face. "And I saw and heard her, too."

"And where were you, my dear Guy, to allow her to do it?" remonstrates Lady Carton. Guy smiles.

"Oh, I wasn't on the spot. But it didn't have made any difference, I'm afraid. She is a terrible tyrant and despotically fond of her own way."

"The diamonds had better go back to the bank," says Lady Carton. Guy laughs.

"Put them on, Madge," he says, "and let us see how you look." Madge draws back instinctively.

"They look too grand; no one lower than a duchess ought to wear them, Guy," she says.

"All right," he says. "You can wait till I'm off the scene and marry a duke. Meanwhile you can wear them just for practice," and he draws her to him and throws the necklace over her head. Lady Carton groans.

"For goodness' sake don't throw them about as if they were a lot of glass beads," she almost shrieks. "You should see how you look. Come here, child," and tenderly, reverently, takes one piece after another, and arranges them in their proper places. "There!"

"Magnificent," exclaims the Honorable Francis. "Sublime!" Guy is silent, his eyes glance at the flashing, dazzling jewels for a moment, then rest, as of old, on the beautiful face and figure they adorn.

Madge turns slowly and looks in a pier-glass and her color comes and goes. "And they are really for me," she says, after a moment of silence. "I can scarcely believe it—"

Guy nods. "Whom else should they belong to?" he says. "If you feel particularly gratified and delighted, don't mind expressing it in the proper way."

Madge glances shyly at the other two pairs of eyes, then she bends forward with a red flush puts her lips to his. It is never a safe thing to do, for he is sure to take advantage of it. He does so now, notwithstanding that they are not alone, and with supreme indifference to spectators he puts his arms round her and kisses her passionately. "Guy!" murmurs Madge reproachfully.

"Haden't we better go back to our places, Francis?" says Lady Carton. The Honorable Francis smiles with blank benignity. "Dear child!" he murmurs. "Let me go, Guy," whispers Madge, crimson, and with a struggle she is escaping, when the door opens suddenly and a footman in the subdued, mechanical voice of his class, says: "Sir Edward and Miss Newson!"

CHAPTER XVI.

Madge turns quickly, the crimson flush still on her face, and is almost guilty of a start of surprise; for at the familiar name there had, in the flash of a moment, risen before her eyes a vision of the pale, thin girl of Miss Tetbury's—the Adelaide Newson with whom she could never agree; and here, before her actual eyes, is quite a different person.

Gliding across the room, comes a girl, still thin and still pale, but in other respects as unlike the Adelaide Newson of Madge's remembrance, as it is possible to imagine.

This Adelaide Newson is like a delicate piece of china, beautifully dressed, more than beautifully—artistically; no longer shy, and stiff, and sullen, but serene, and smiling with a smile that tells Madge quite plainly that the smiler has seen the confound embrace. There is a touch of the old, sharp sarcasm in the gray eyes, but it is toned down, almost concealed, as she comes forward, with both hands held out in the most friendly manner.

"My dear Madge," she says—and her thin voice seems to have gained roundness and a subtle kind of music, "will you forgive me? I know that it is unconventional—that I ought to have waited till tomorrow—but I could not—I was so anxious to see you. We only came back today—this afternoon, indeed—and papa said I ought not to come to you so late; but I could not rest, indeed I could not. Was it very wrong?"

Madge—frank-hearted Madge, only ready to let bygones be bygones—takes her outstretched hand and kisses her. "Wrong!" If she is very kind and thoughtful of you, Adelaide," she says. "You are really not shocked?" says the clear, thin voice. "How well you are looking!"

And her keen eyes roam over Madge's face and over the diamonds that flash from about her head, and neck, and arms, with a comprehensive glance.

"I am very well; and you are looking much better, Adelaide."

"Am I not?" she says, and she smiles. "It is the escape from Minerva House. Papa says it is the traveling. I think I should have shown just as much improvement if I had stayed in town. And you have been on the Continent? We have heard so much about you everywhere we went."

All this while Guy has been standing a little in the background talking to Sir Edward, a thin, weathered-faced old man, with a look of settled dissatisfaction and discontent, and though Adelaide Newson knows that Lord Lashwood is looking at her while he is talking to her father, she does not allow her eyes to meet him.

It is not until Madge turns to him and he comes forward, that she looks at him.

"How do you do?" he says, and the old cold, but voice which Madge has heard so seldom since her marriage, comes back again.

Adelaide Newson gives him her hand and smiles up at him. "How do you do, Lord Lashwood? It is so long since we met that we ought to have forgotten each other. Welcome back to Trent!"

"Thanks," he says. Then she turns to Lady Carton and the Honorable Francis, both of whom have been covertly criticising her, and goes through the introduction as secondarily and smilingly as if as Lady Carton thinks herself, she had gone through three seasons.

"And how you must stay with us," says Madge, in her frank, hearty fashion. "Come upstairs with me and take your things off."

"Thanks, no. I won't give you so much trouble. If I may throw my furs off, and as she speaks she slips off the heavy fur cloak and removes her gloves. "I should like to stay a little while. We have so much to talk about. Have you not?" and she smiles sweetly up at Madge as if they had always been bosom friends.

(To be Continued.)

FEAR THE OPEN SHOP

The Building Unions Endeavoring to Settle the New York Trouble.

New York, Jan. 31.—Eight of the largest unions in the building trades, headed by the bricklayers, have made an appeal to the general arbitration board of the employers and the unions to call a special meeting to end the present building trades trouble. This was agreed to at the meeting which will be held tomorrow evening. The proposition to be submitted, it is said, will be that the housemiths shall return to work pending arbitration and waive their contention that Post and McCord are in the American Bridge Company.

The unions at the back of the present movement fear a general upheaval in the building trades if the employers continue the employment of the housemiths in the open shops plan. They are working under the arbitration agreement, but general strikes in which they will be involved will be sure to occur, they say, unless the housemiths are recognized.

Not one of the women who from time to time had befriended Reed has ever seen him. He got their money through letters, in the writing of which he is a past master. Once Mrs. Armour received a pitiful letter from Reed saying that he was without funds to bury his child. She felt so sorry that she sent him a check for \$50.

"I buried that child 150 times," said Reed, "and never found any trouble in getting funeral expenses." Mrs. Armour gave him a total of \$300. He often described himself as a "helpless cripple" and wanted to go into "a small business." He had his mail sent to different addresses. He has for three years been playing on the charity of Chicago's society women. He was finally landed in jail by the bureau of charities.

MANY BOMB FACTORIES Russia Amply Justified in Its Severe Policy With Rebels.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 31.—The Government is finding ample justification for its severe policy against the revolutionists in the constant discoveries of bombs, bomb factories and depots of arms and munitions, in all parts of the empire. The Novoe Vremya to-day prints half a column of statistics of last week's captures, showing the seizure of bombs in a score of cities, and the discoveries of numerous bomb laboratories, explosives and filled and unfilled bombs. Through not included in the Novoe Vremya list, bomb factories have also been discovered here, and at Moscow.

To curb the revolutionary outbreaks and enable estate-owners to defend their property against further peasant uprisings, the Government is distributing the arms captured on the British steamer John Grafton, sunk in the Gulf of Bothnia, Finland, in September, and rifles and revolvers captured

elsewhere, responsible applicants, and is also permitting the organization of armed estate guards, which are often composed of veterans, and commanded by former non-commissioned officers of the regular army.

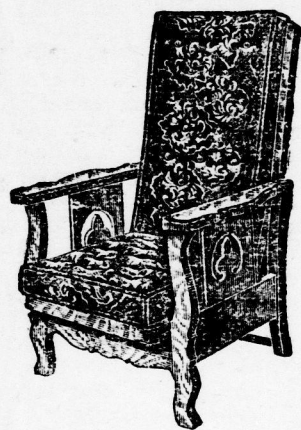
TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c. yxwt

It is every wife's opinion that her husband needs her to protect him, and his experience later as a widower goes to prove it.

IN ITS INITIAL STAGES a cold is a local ailment easily dealt with. But many neglect it, and the result is often the development of distressing seizures of the bronchial tubes and lungs that render life miserable for the unhappy victim. As first aid there is nothing in the handy medicine line so certain in curative results as Bickel's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the far-famed remedy for colds and coughs.

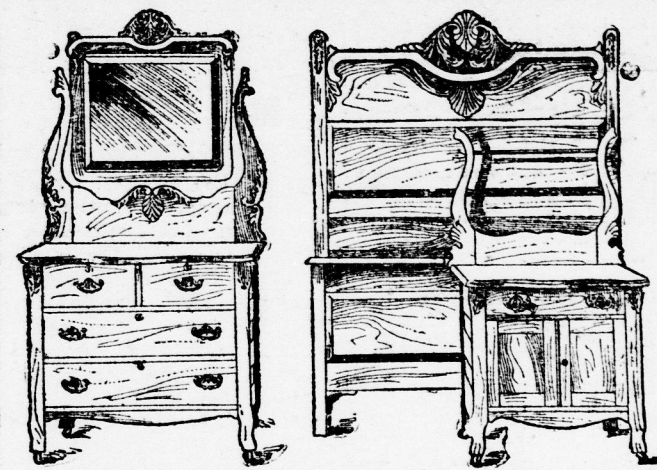
Expansion Furniture Sale

From the first mention of this Expansion Sale the big store has been overrun with bargain-seekers, who find benefits large, broad and liberal. The public is responding eagerly, and their money-saving purchases are helping us every hour to secure the needed room for carpenters and masons. They clamor continuously for space, and in order to facilitate the work price-cutting is even greater than when the sale began. Figures below hint how ruthlessly profits are being sacrificed. If you have any intention of buying furniture this spring it will pay you to buy now and save about half the regular price.



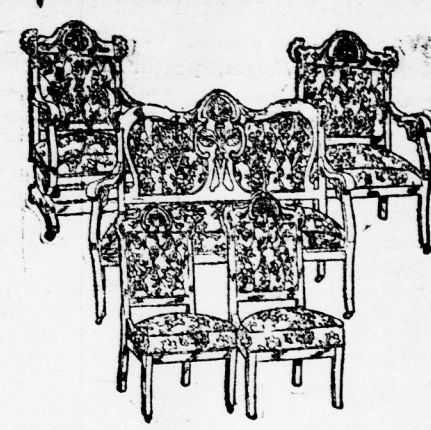
This solid 1/4-cut Oak Morris Chair, with reversible cushions, regular price \$9.00, sale price now

\$5.50



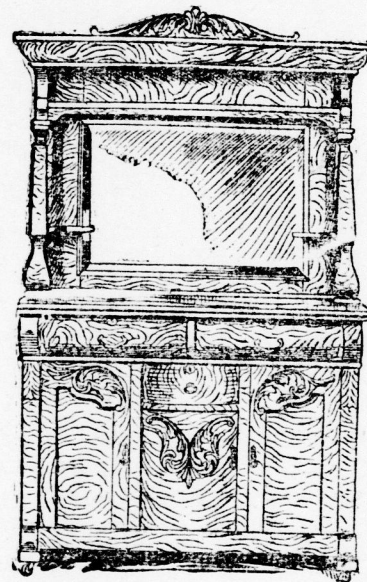
This handsome Oak-finished 3-piece Bedroom Suite, dresser has 3 large drawers, full sized bed with carved foot and head. This suite, worth \$21.00, for

\$14.25



This pretty 5-piece Parlor Suite, mahogany finish, heavily carved back, covered in good quality silk, regular price \$30.00, for

\$17.50



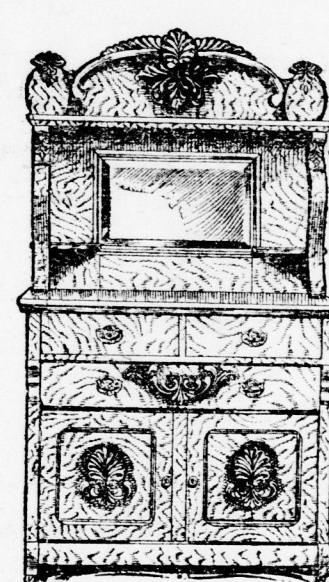
This Sideboard, golden oak, well finished, 26x36 British bevel mirror, lined silver drawer. This board is good value at \$30, sale price

\$21.50



This Sideboard, golden oak finish, British bevel mirror, heavily carved top and standards. This is a well made article, sells regularly for \$17.50, sale price

\$11.75



This Sideboard, golden oak finish, British bevel mirror, heavily carved top and standards. This board sells regularly for \$22.00, sale price

\$14.00

Felt Mattresses, regular \$12, now **\$8.00**
Felt and Fibre Mattresses, regular \$6, now **\$4.25**
310 Parlor Tables at less than wholesale.

Brass Beds

Brass Bed, regular \$51, now **\$37.00**
Brass Bed, regular \$45, now **\$31.00**
Brass Bed, regular \$35, now **\$24.00**

Bedroom Suites, regular \$50, now **\$33.00**
Bedroom Suites, regular \$40, now **\$24.00**
Bedroom Suites, regular \$30, now **\$21.00**

THE ONTARIO FURNITURE CO.

London's Largest Furniture House.

228-230 DUNDAS STREET.

FINDS THE RICH EASY

A Good Hard-Luck Story All That Is Necessary.

Chicago, Jan. 31.—Anybody who works for a living in Chicago is a sucker. A good hard-luck story will get you more money in a day than you can honestly earn in a week. I ought to know, because I've been doing pretty well the last three years. I'm a tale of a hard luck—but it must be a good one, and pick your victims from among the wealthy.

This is the philosophy of Harry Reed, who has for three years obtained money from a score of wealthy Chicago women. Among those who Reed says, were his "regular customers" were Mrs. P. D. Armour, Mrs. W. Vernon Booth and Mrs. Henry C. Lytton.

Not one of the women who from time to time had befriended Reed has ever seen him. He got their money through letters, in the writing of which he is a past master. Once Mrs. Armour received a pitiful letter from Reed saying that he was without funds to bury his child. She felt so sorry that she sent him a check for \$50.

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Improve Your Skin

by using the best soap. Inferior soap—made with impure animal fats and mineral oils—improperly emulsified—makes your skin coarse, harsh and sore, necessitating the use of emollient and soothing cosmetics. Baby's Own Soap is the best soap it is possible to produce. No better, purer or nicer soap can be made. For every purpose it is the best. Its use is followed by a lovely sensation of freshness and well-being, and does much to preserve the beauty and smoothness of the skin.

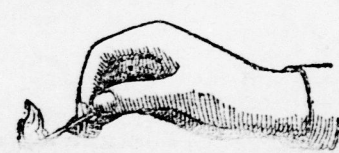
BABY'S OWN SOAP

Albert Soaps, Limited, Manfrs., Montreal

The EXPERIENCE and REPUTATION of over fifty years goes into every box of

"SILENT" PARLOR MATCHES

PRICE 5 CENTS. PRICE 5 CENTS.



Have you tried them yet? If not, why not?

They are perfection itself.

The E. B. EDDY CO., Limited, Hull, Canada. DONALD McLEAN, Agent, 426 Richmond St., London.

A good many people who call themselves critics are merely kickers. Procrastination should be sent to jail for thieves so much time.

Your Liver

Will be roused to its natural duties and your biliousness, headache and constipation be cured if you take

Food's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

ALIVE AND WELL IN SPIRIT WORLD

Man Who Promised to Return
Does So Before Crowd.

BUT WILL SKEPTICAL BELIEVE?

Message for Dr. Funk From Wife
That Dr. Hodgson Thinks
Will Convince Him.

Boston, Jan. 31.—Dr. Richard Hodgson, through the mediumship of the Rev. Frederick A. Wiggin, pastor of the Unity Church, announced himself as alive and well in the spirit world tonight, and wished that his friend, Dr. Funk of New York should be made aware of the fact.

He also desired Dr. Funk to know that since entering spirit life he had met Mrs. Funk, who died some years ago, and she wished to tell Dr. Funk through Dr. Hodgson and Dr. Wiggin, that if he had not attempted to fix the window fixtures in one of the rooms of their house she would not have received the fall which resulted in the injury that caused her passage from earth to spirit life.

Dr. Hodgson wished it understood that in the earth life he never knew how Mrs. Funk met her death, and he believed that Dr. Funk himself was the only person that knew about the matter. Mrs. Funk wished this strange fact reported so that Dr. Funk would know that it was his wife who sent him the message.

A communication of this nature from Dr. Hodgson has been looked for by his associates ever since his death, and several mediums in different parts of the country, it has been stated, have communicated with the spirit of Dr. Hodgson, or have had communications from him. Whether Dr. Wiggin's communication will be received with little credence by the members of the society, as have the others, remains to be seen. Dr. Wiggin announced in advance that Dr. Hodgson would make a communication through him this evening.

There were 1,500 persons in Jordan Hall at the Unity Church meeting. The members of the congregation and others write Dr. Wiggin communications concerning dead friends and on other matters. These are opened and placed in a waste basket and one of the mediums takes the basket, empties it and empties its contents in a heap on the table, behind which Dr. Wiggin sits blindfolded and gives answers to perhaps a dozen.

Among the communications this evening were several asking for an opinion from the spirit world as to whether Charles L. Tucker is guilty of the murder of Mabel Page. To these communications Dr. Wiggin said he would make a final answer and he did not wish the question asked again—that Charles L. Tucker was not guilty of the murder, but that the circumstances were such that he was guilty, and he would add that Mabel Page's death was due to the interference of a woman. He said that for certain reasons he could not tell who the murderer was.

The last spirit heard from was Dr. Hodgson, who was secretary of the American branch of the Society for Psychical Research. Dr. Wiggin asked for a little soft music on the organ as a prelude to the advent of Dr. Hodgson. Then, in a voice which was very much changed and more sonorous than his voice up to this time, Dr. Wiggin announced the spirit of Dr. Hodgson, who, speaking through him, said:

"For quite a number of years I carefully sought upon the earth plane and tried in every way possible to account for certain of the phenomena of spiritualism on earth. I have been told that the spirits of the dead could account for the phenomena."

"I do not come here tonight to gratify any idle curiosity. I come to inform you that I have found it to be true that the individual consciousness of man survives the shock of death. I come to tell you that the opportunity for growth in this spirit world is open to all."

"I have come to tell you that heaven is open to all, and only by individual effort. What constitutes my present state is the revelation to me of the truth of the continuity of life and the fact of spirit return, thereby affording me an opportunity to come back with this message to teach the children of men this great truth in nature."

"To Dr. Funk, who was in New York, this message will convince him that I, who send it, am Dr. Richard Hodgson. If he cares to reveal it to the world it will please me. Tell Dr. Funk that since coming to the world of spirits I have met here a beautiful woman. Tell him that this woman whom I met was his beloved wife. Tell him that I had no possible knowledge as to how this woman came to pass out of the physical body. Therefore I made inquiry as to how she came, thinking it might be the best way to make clear to him my presence here tonight, because nobody but Dr. Funk knows of this, I am sure."

"She wishes me to tell the doctor that if she had not overdone in her effort to adjust the window fixtures in the house, she would not have fallen and caused the injury from the results of which she passed into spirit life. Dr. Funk alone, in earth life, knows the exact facts. This will convince him. Tell him I have a special message for him which, I am promised by the spirit guide, I will be able to communicate to him later, giving some scientific reasons why people should accept these truths."

FULL OF PLEURISY.

Doctors say the country is full of it. First it's a chill, then a cold, the inflammation grows until pleurisy is the result. Give twenty drops of Polson's Nerveine in hot water at once. Congestion is prevented, warmth and circulation restored—you are cured. Any sickness can be prevented by Nerveine. It has big doctor bills, and costs 25c a large bottle. Try Nerveine your-

NEW COPPER FIND

Rich Ore Found on the Soo Branch
of the C. P. R.

Sault Ste. Marie, Jan. 31.—Something approaching a sensation has been created throughout the district by a discovery of copper two miles from Dean Lake station, on the Soo branch of the C. P. R.

The kind is different from anything ever before found in Ontario. It occurs in a soft slate formation, that renders it comparatively easy to take out.

The ore runs from 12 per cent to 22½ per cent copper. The discovery was made accidentally two months ago on the Lizard property by the owner while underbrushing.

The find is accepted here as of overwhelming importance to the district.

WORLD'S FIRST IRON COUNTRY

Electrical Smelting to Revolutionize the Industry
in Ontario.

Sault Ste. Marie, Jan. 31.—Dr. Haanel, the federal superintendent of mines, says that the experiments with electrical smelting are successful. If this is true, the iron industry will be revolutionized, and Ontario will go to the front as the greatest iron country in the world.

Dr. Haanel was asked if the question of cheap power would operate against electric smelting.

"Not at all," replied the doctor. "With power that can be delivered at from \$5 to \$10 per horse power there is no question about the success of electric smelting. In fact, my work here is not to see whether or not it can be reduced by electricity. I have reduced tons of it in that way—but to demonstrate the commercial feasibility of the process, I want to satisfy the public that it is a profitable process."

"Is there any place where ore is being reduced by electricity today?"

"No; but the reason the process is not being used in Europe, for instance, is not because it is not a success, but because water powers there are scarce, and wherever they exist, people find they can make more money out of them by using the power for purposes other than the smelting of iron."

"But here in Canada, where water powers are so numerous that use cannot be found for them all, the case is different. Here the electric process will be at home, and her water powers will make Canada a great iron producing country."

"The Sault is very favorably situated for the reduction of ore, and it is quite probable that if the experiments here are as successful as I expect, there will be an important industry added to those here."

QUEBEC'S FINANCES

Notwithstanding Increased Expenditure There Is a Good Surplus.

Quebec, Jan. 31.—The Hon. Mr. McCorlisk, treasurer of the province, delivered his budget speech this afternoon.

The financial statement for the year showed that, notwithstanding an increase in expenditure, there is a surplus of \$109,052 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1905, instead of \$18,541 as predicted.

The ordinary revenue of the year from all sources amounted to the sum of \$5,629,001.67.

The extraordinary expenditure amounted to \$4,937,882.75, leaving an excess of receipts over ordinary expenditure of \$109,052.30.

THE VALENCIA DISASTER

Investigation Opened to Locate Cause of the Catastrophe.

Seattle, Wash., Jan. 31.—To fix the blame for the drowning of 50 passengers on the steamer Valencia, wrecked on Vancouver Island several days ago, United States inspectors Turner and Whitney today examined four witnesses, including two members of the crew.

The point of today's questions was to determine whether seamanship was shown in the launching of the lifeboats.

Boat No. 3 was either dropped into the sea through a mistake in orders or the ropes were rotten.

The boat contained 40 persons as it hung from the davits, banging against the side of the ship with every sea. One end gave way, and nearly all the men in it were spilled into the water.

Only three or four kept afloat until the boat was finally launched. The witnesses said that someone on deck, presumably an officer, gave the order to lower away. The order might have been given, they said, by any excited passenger, as it was so dark that none of the witnesses could tell who gave the order.

No one could swear that the ropes were either cut or broken, but the evidence seemed to show that one end of the boat was dropped before the other was lowered.

The Seattle chamber of commerce today adopted a resolution calling on President Roosevelt to order a government inquiry into the wreck of the Valencia. The resolution was sent by wire to the President.

After the Mayor.

Ottawa, Jan. 31.—Ex-Alderman Black today issued a writ against Mayor Ellis with a view of securing a judicial investigation into the alleged tampering with the bylaw providing for the purchase of the Consumers' Electric Company's plant.

New Military Move.

London, Jan. 31.—The war office has been informed by the Minister of Defense at Melbourne, Australia, that the Canadian and Indian Governments have agreed to the Commonwealth's proposal for an interchange of military officers.

HUNDREDS CARRY FORBIDDEN STUFF

Smuggling Becoming Dreadfully
Common at Detroit.

WOMEN ARE CHIEF OFFENDERS

Large Contraband Seldom Gets by
Hawk-Eyed Officials - Many Ways
of Fooling Inspectors.

Detroit, Jan. 31.—Every ferry boat that plies between Detroit and Windsor carries among her passengers a number of smugglers, conscious and unconscious. The classes are about evenly divided, but women form the bulk of the former.

On both sides of the river customs officials in blue lie in wait for the unwary, and a suspicious bundle or an air of guilt is the subject of prompt investigation. Both the American and the Canadian officials will tell you that smuggling is at a low ebb now. Of course it is, that's because those men in blue are there.

All the same, people carry forbidden stuff across the river on every trip the boats take; they don't tell the customs officials about it, and the officials don't even by catching a smuggler once in a while and "soaking it in the sun." It takes a pretty shrewd customer to get through the customs with anything very large or valuable to an extent that makes its seizure important; but small articles are taken over and back with impunity. So many people live on one side of the river and do their work on the other that they are well known by sight to customs men on both sides. And, unconsciously, the guardians of the tariff revenues of both countries grow careless and let people pass every trip without stopping them.

Innocent Smugglers Suffer

Unconscious smugglers are those who buy some small valuable thing on one side of the river and carry it in their pockets to the other, without a thought of defrauding the government. It is these people who get caught. The wily ones, who know what they are about, stick their purchases in their pockets and walk boldly along. They need to be friendly official and pass the barrier. It would be an impossibility to make a thorough search of every passenger that makes the crossing, and it would raise such a storm, if it were possible, that neither country could well undertake the job.

There are always amusing scenes when a seizure is made. "You'll have to let us see that valise, madam," says the courteous customs man.

"Why, there's nothing in it to interest you," says the woman who is lugging it.

But she steps into the little room and the official goes through the bag, making as thorough a search as he deems necessary. If he finds nothing, the woman is triumphant, and mad. "Didn't I tell you there was nothing in it?" she demands. "What business have you rummaging through my things?"

That sort of talk never annoys a customs official. He is well used to it. When he really finds something, the woman is surprised and mad. "Why, I didn't know that was dutiable. Are you sure? There must be some mistake." But she pays the price value of the seized goods at the duty on it, according to schedule, and then she is permitted to go. The next time she wants to get the same thing over, she disposes of it in such a way that the customs people do not bother her.

Women Greatest Offenders

Women are in general the most flagrant violators of the customs regulations and the amount of stuff they carry over the river is surprising. One woman, who was more bent on saving a little money than she was on preserving the smallness of her waist-measure, had a belt made with loops in it, in which she carefully carried a dozen Mason jars at a trip. She got away with them, too, and now she has stopped carrying them, because she has enough to last her for a while. One woman was caught with twelve pounds of salt pork, carefully cut into small pieces and disposed about her garments. Her uncertain walk betrayed her to the customs man, and the woman who makes a business of searching suspected smugglers of the feminine persuasion promptly dragged the forbidden pork to light. That was on the Canadian side, but things that are apparently just as absurd come to light on our side of the river. The American officials caught one woman with a glass lamp and its shade concealed under her skirt. When she had given it up and was about to leave the office, it was noticed that her outlines had visibly shrunk.

Among the worst people from the standpoint of the Canadian customs officials, are the Syrians, who will attempt to smuggle anything from a needle to a baby carriage. In which a young Syrian was caught in his native language, the hard-hearted officer extracted enough underwear to fill a clothes basket of the standard size. The mother apparently was greatly surprised when she saw the heap of stuff gathered on the floor.

Generally Pass Up the Fine

The customs laws of the Dominion provide that people who are found with undersized dutiable articles must pay, not only the purchase price of them and the duty as well, but also a fine of \$50 for each offense. The fine is seldom plastered to stick, however, and the offense is really a serious one. In general, it is considered enough punishment to have the would-be smuggler caught with his goods and to have him buy them back with a price which makes smuggling an expensive pastime. Under a strict interpretation of the law, the customs officials would be justified in taking new shoes from the feet of the wearer the minute he landed in Canada, or relieving him of any new article of clothing, from head to foot or from the overcoat in and keeping them. As a matter of practice, the treatment is seldom harsh and disagreeable. The mere fact of confiscation is sufficient to make the loser settle.

A certain number of persons make use of small boats as a means for the unlawful entry of goods into Canada, and the officials there have knowledge of at least one plane that was brought into the Dominion as package freight in a good-sized small boat. The open river and the absence of close patrol have made this a good season for small-boat men, but the contemplated installation of a launch to assist the authorities will, it is figured, put a pretty effectual stop to smuggling of this character.

There are any number of things that may be brought into the United States free of all duty. For instance, a man or a woman either, may bring in a load of calamine, or color and color yarn, and no one will say them nay. Cud-bear, cutch and div-div are all upon the free list and the same may be said of the hair follicles and the scalp hold. Gambler, in any quantity, old junk, lactarene and myoglobins are non-dutiable, and so are both orchid and orchid liquid. Pulu and valonia are not necessary to declare and neither are yards of zaffer, with household necessities like these on the schedule of free goods, what's the use of smuggling handkerchiefs or shoes.

Pale and Weak.

When you are in this condition, the system needs a re-builder—a reconstructive element, a reinforcement of the vital powers—you need Angier's Emulsi-It gives standing, feeds the nerves, stimulates appetite, helps digestion, aids bowel action, and makes flesh and blood. One hundred thousand physicians have supplied the evidence of its worth.

CURES CATARRHAL DEAFNESS

One Week's Use of Hyomei Did More Than Six Months' Treatment by Specialists.

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A STRONG HEART AND STEADY NERVES

Very important it is in this age of competition to have a clear cool head, a strong heart and steady nerves. Too much rush and haste, work and worry, full of the lot of the average business man—his heart and nerve system will not stand it—he gives them too much work to do. Women also are doing the same thing attending to their household duties and looking after their social obligations. The constant strain under which they have to continue day after day, the irregularity of habits and loss of rest will soon shatter the strongest system. Before long you become nervous, starting at the least sudden sound, the heart flutters and palpitates, specks float before the eyes, the pulse becomes weak and irregular, you have faint and dizzy spells, lack of self-confidence, rush of blood to the head, irritability of temper, shortness of breath, starting in sleep, sensation of pins and needles, sleeplessness, restless nervous prostration.

Among the worst people from the standpoint of the Canadian customs officials, are the Syrians, who will attempt to smuggle anything from a needle to a baby carriage. In which a young Syrian was caught in his native language, the hard-hearted officer extracted enough underwear to fill a clothes basket of the standard size. The mother apparently was greatly surprised when she saw the heap of stuff gathered on the floor.

Generally Pass Up the Fine

The customs laws of the Dominion provide that people who are found with undersized dutiable articles must pay, not only the purchase price of them and the duty as well, but also a fine of \$50 for each offense. The fine is seldom plastered to stick, however, and the offense is really a serious one. In general, it is considered enough punishment to have the would-be smuggler caught with his goods and to have him buy them back with a price which makes smuggling an expensive pastime. Under a strict interpretation of the law, the customs officials would be justified in taking new shoes from the feet of the wearer the minute he landed in Canada, or relieving him of any new article of clothing, from head to foot or from the overcoat in and keeping them. As a matter of practice, the treatment is seldom harsh and disagreeable. The mere fact of confiscation is sufficient to make the loser settle.

A certain number of persons make use of small boats as a means for the unlawful entry of goods into Canada, and the officials there have knowledge of at least one plane that was brought into the Dominion as package freight in a good-sized small boat. The open river and the absence of close patrol have made this a good season for small-boat men, but the contemplated installation of a launch to assist the authorities will, it is figured, put a pretty effectual stop to smuggling of this character.

There are any number of things that may be brought into the United States free of all duty. For instance, a man or a woman either, may bring in a load of calamine, or color and color yarn, and no one will say them nay. Cud-bear, cutch and div-div are all upon the free list and the same may be said of the hair follicles and the scalp hold. Gambler, in any quantity, old junk, lactarene and myoglobins are non-dutiable, and so are both orchid and orchid liquid. Pulu and valonia are not necessary to declare and neither are yards of zaffer, with household necessities like these on the schedule of free goods, what's the use of smuggling handkerchiefs or shoes.

Pale and Weak.

When you are in this condition, the system needs a re-builder—a reconstructive element, a reinforcement of the vital powers—you need Angier's Emulsi-It gives standing, feeds the nerves, stimulates appetite, helps digestion, aids bowel action, and makes flesh and blood. One hundred thousand physicians have supplied the evidence of its worth.

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SNAP-SHOTS AT VARIOUS SPORTS

In the professional hockey league they play the game up to the handle. Judging from the reports of the games, the handle is very effective in clinches and short arm work.

It begins to look like the weather for the Goderich game to tomorrow night a work-out of the "Sojers" last night at Seaforth did them good, and they will be in splendid condition for the northern chaps. We should go through the series without a beating.

They have manufactured and patented what is called the pneumatic ball in Akron, O., Napoleon Lajoie, who seems to be more of a Napoleon of finance than was his distinguished namesake, is said to be interested in the venture. He is also interested in a baseball guide, and taking it all in all, Nap is a pretty busy boy in the winter time, as well as in the summer. At any rate, this pneumatic ball is credited with having every virtue imaginable in baseball and none of the vices. This is according to the men interested in its manufacture. Just what the public and the rest of the baseball world will think of it is another thing. But the cranks must be kept busy digging up schemes to make the baseball world go round.

The Toronto News, after having straightened out the sporting situation to the entire satisfaction of itself, is now acting as impresario to Duncan C. Ross, who "russes," and sometimes fights. To save itself, it looks wise and says all bouts will be on the level. Duncan has reached his record "kiddish" stage, and it would be almost sacrilege to call him a "has-been"—he never was very much at either game.

The Woodstock papers look on their junior team as one of the greatest in years. The "kids" are certainly fast, and they should win the championship. Good for the Baby City. Judging from what we saw of the juniors, Woodstock will have no need to dicker with any tourist from Cornwall or any other eastern town. Home brew for ours.

The present scheme of "Bob" Fitzsimmons to open a physical culture retreat in Dundellon, New Jersey, has run up against a snag. Rev. Frank Fletcher, known as "the fighting parson" throughout central Jersey, fired the first gun in the contest to keep the pugilist out of the town at the conclusion of his sermon in the First Baptist Church, last Sunday.

"We are going to be disgraced by Fitzsimmons," he declared. "The prize fighter is coming in our midst to open a sanitarium for the cure of physical wrecks from other places. I hope the Christian people will rise up in their might and keep this prize fighter where he belongs and not allow him to come here."

The church folks are aroused over the matter and there is no telling what the end will be, but Ruby Robert will likely move on. What is an industrious man to do these days?

Carl Chester is out with his latest "Diamond Glints":

Baseball players are diamond-cutters. 14 14

Baseball is a catch-as-catch-can game.

The pitcher's box will soon be opened.

Ball players often knock down the sphere.

Ball players never sell the fouls they raise.

Rube Kissinger says he is no electrician, although familiar with battery work.

"Stopping a hunt," remarked McGinness when he grabbed the goat by the hind leg.

"Hold your base," shouted Johnnie, when his ma mounted a chair to escape a mouse.

Appropos of Mr. Frank Gardner's offer of \$20,000 for seven years' control of Mische Eiman's musical services, it may be recalled that the foundation of Mr. Gardner's own great fortune was laid in a very odd way. It was about fifteen years ago, M. A. P. says, and he was out in Australia acting as manager to Miss Carrie Swain, a singer and actress lately arrived there from America. Excitement ran high over the great annual racing carnival, and everyone was "talking horse." While reading over a new sensational play to his leading lady Mr. Gardner came on the line. "Vengeance is mine," said the admiral, and he rushed for his carbine. In an instant Miss Swain jumped to her feet and said, "It's a tip for the treble, 'Take it.'" Mr. Gardner took her advice, put all the money he had on Vengeance, Admiral and Carbine respectively, for the Caulfield Cup, the Victorian Derby and the Melbourne Cup, and when the great Carbine clinched the triple event by winning the Melbourne Cup in record time and with a record weight, Mr. Gardner was a wealthy man. The lucky investment of this win in New Zealand and Australian stocks soon made him a millionaire.

Young Corbett developed a new blow which he used on Aurelio Herrera. It is known as the ex-punch.

Boston has fears of its ability to make Rube Waddell feel at home. They are grounded on the fact that the town closes at 11 p.m.

A bill to kill off by the judicious use of chloroform suffering humanity, should go further, so as to include perpetrators of the mother-in-law joke, as well as a few race-horses we have occasionally had a bet down on.

The midwinter auction sale under the management of the Fasig-Tipton Company has opened at Madison Square Garden. Over 500 horses are catalogued. Among the fast record horses to be sold are: Star Hal, 2:04 3-4; Joe Pointer, 2:05 1-4; the champion trotter, Fantasy 4, 2:06; Elastic Pointer, 2:06 1-2; Riley B., 2:05 1-4; Billy Buch, 2:07 1-4; Mush, 2:08 3-4; Don Riley, 2:07; Baron De Shay, 2:08 3-4; Sampson, 2:08 3-4; Norrie, 2:09 1-4; Promise, 2:10; Alameda, 2:09 1-4; and Cornelia, Bel, 2:10.

When Fred H. Marriott finished his mile against time and clocked :28 1-5 at Ormond, Fla., on Friday, the automobile had passed one of its most formidable rivals, the locomotive, in the race for speed supremacy and landed the closest kind of a second to the leader, the electric trolley car. Just one-fifth of a second separates the two rivals and it is felt by the motorists that at the conclusion of the two mile a minute race, billed as the feature of the southern beach meet, the automobile will have demonstrated its superiority as a space annihilator. This one meet has already increased the speed rate of the automobile over eighteen miles an hour. The previous best was a pace of 100 miles an hour, made a year ago by H. L. Bowden. The mile in :28 1-5 means an average speed of better than 127 miles an hour. The best mile on Father Time's books is in :28 flat, made by a German trolley car in 1903. The records also credit the locomotive with a mile in :30, but it is claimed this was beaten last summer by one of the eighteen hour trains, which developed a speed of three miles in 1:15:00, an average of :28 1-3 to the mile. In cold print :28 1-5 does not look astonishing to the average citizen, but if he takes time to figure it out for the sake of comparison he will be startled. When you figure out that the car was traveling 187.2 feet a second, it dawns on the average man that the machine is going some. Two miles a minute begins to look easy.

he veteran catcher, "Buck" Ewing, who has lived in his home in Cincinnati ever since he quit baseball, is in bad shape. He has been down with Bright's disease for some time and only his rugged constitution has kept him on earth this long. "Buck" was regarded by many as the best catcher that ever handled a ball, and a host will be sorry to learn of his inability to keep in health.

Talk about your Mark Twains, Artemus Wards, and the whole bunch of American humorists, Canada has three of a kind that can't be beaten in the wide world. They are Col. Billy Duncan, of Peterboro; Hon. Wilby Almas, the silver-tongued pool-seller of Brantford, and Major Billy Bishop, the man behind the gun in New Hamburg. Three first prizes for the trio, please. —Horse World.

"The Daily Princetonian" printed the following news item last week: "The regular practice of the basketball squad was held yesterday afternoon in the gymnasium. Only two men of the regular team reported, the others being prevented from playing on account of injuries received in recent games." Perhaps it is time to cry reform in basketball. Football should not alone bear the brunt of the present hysterical crusade.

COVERPOINT.

Seventh Blanked Seaforth
By Good Combination Work

Seaforth, Jan. 31.—The home team were defeated tonight by the Seventh Regiment team of London in an intermediate O. H. A. game by a score of 4 to 0.

The game was very fast, considering the heavy going. The second half was especially good. Seaforth played hard during this period, but the Seventh's great defense prevented any scoring.

The Seaforth team showed considerable improvement. Their individual play was good, but they did not combine much. The defense was strong, and was but little behind the "Sojers" defense.

SOME NEW WORLD'S RECORDS
ARE EXPECTED THIS SEASON

Whittling To Be Done on Different Tracks—How Records Now Stand.

Several world's records were broken on the American running turf last year, and judging from the desire among the eastern track owners for fast time, more new figures will be hung up this season, particularly at Belmont Park, which has come to be regarded as the fastest track in the world, says the New York Sun. Beginning at the shorter distances, a revised list of the records as they stand at present will be of interest to lovers of thoroughbred racing. It was in October, 1894, that Maid Marian ran five furlongs down the track in 1:08 1-2, a record which has since been surpassed. At Morris Park in 1903, a mark that has never been surpassed, McGee, a three-year-old, established a record of 1:05 1-5 for five and a half furlongs at Chicago in 1903, which still stands intact.

At six furlongs there are two sets of records made in straightaway races and in races on circular tracks. Artful holds a record of 1:08 for six furlongs straight, made over the Eclipse course at Westchester in October, 1904. At the same meeting Sandra, a Whittney bred filly, also ran the distance over the same course in 1:08 1-2, the old Futurity course at Sheepshead Bay Kingston hung up 1:08 for this distance on June 22, 1891, while Domino ran down the Eclipse course in 1:09 on September 12, 1893.

Firearm was another great sprinter at Westchester, running the mile in 1:08 1-2 on October 13, 1893. Artful, prior to her record breaking performance at Morris Park, hung up a new record for the Futurity, six furlongs, the same year when she was clocked in 1:11 1-5. Up to last October, the world's record for six furlongs on a circular track was 1:11 1-5, established by Dick Welles, a three-year-old, in 1903, at Chicago, and equalled in 1904 at the same track by Ivan the Terrible. These figures remained the best until the mighty Roseben, carrying 147 pounds, ran the distance last fall at Belmont Park in 1:11 1-5. Considering the burden carried, this mark will probably remain the top notch for many years to come unless Roseben himself can do better at the new track in Queens this year.

At six and a half furlongs Martinus holds a record of 1:13 2-5, made on an eastern track in 1904, while The Musketeer hung up a world's record for seven furlongs when he ran this distance on the circular track at Saratoga in 1:25 during the meeting of 1902. Back in 1890 Belle B., a fast mare, covered seven furlongs in 1:24 1-2, away at Monmouth Park in 1:23 1-2, which was practically equalled by H. P. Whitney's Preserve, two-year-old filly, at Belmont Park last fall, when she was timed in 1:23 2-5. Rag Tag, a four-year-old, ran seven and a half furlongs in 1:32 1-5 in 1903, at Chicago, an English-bred horse, was timed in 1:32 1-5. It has been predicted by many turfmen that a new world's record for a mile on a circular track will be hung up this year by one of the cracks that will face the starter at Belmont Park.

KEENE'S COLT GETS TOP WEIGHT IN SUBURBAN

New York, Jan. 31.—Weights for the Suburban Handicap, the classic event of the eastern turf, to be run the opening day of the June meeting at Sheepshead Bay were announced today by W. S. Vosburgh, handicapper of the Jockey club. The guaranteed cash value of the stake is \$20,000.

Sydney, the 4-year-old Melton colt, belonging to Jas. R. Keene, and the champion 3-year-old of last season, is again the topweight, with 131 pounds, the same amount having been allotted to him in the Brighton.

Hermis again holds second place with 127 pounds.

Ortwells and Olsean again are given weights at 125 pounds, with Stalwart at the same figure.

Artful, Harry Payne Whitney's 4-year-old Hamburg mare, regarded last year as the only serious rival to Sydney, is allotted 123 pounds, one more pound than she will have to carry in the Brighton, which she won last season.

All of the better class of horses are entered in the Suburban, and weights scale down to 90 pounds, to be carried by Aucassin, a 4-year-old, and Prosper, 3-year-old.

BILLIARDS.

WHY VIGNAUX LOST.

New York, Jan. 31.—Willie Hoppe, who won the 181 ball-line game, by defeating Maurice Vignaux, in Paris on Jan. 15, arrived here last night. He said: "Vignaux is a great player. Ten days before the match he told me he was in Paris, but they evaded up as the game progressed. I was exceedingly nervous at first, while Vignaux was composed. I made a few shots and was as cool as my opponent. When the game was over Vignaux showed me to the shoulder and said: 'My boy, there is not a man in the world who can beat you at that game.' I heard just before leaving Paris that Slooson had challenged me. I can't say what I shall do until I am notified officially. Hoppe said that Vignaux lost because of his inability to nurse the balls.

The London forwards pulled off some sensational combination work, and this was largely responsible for the victory. Referee Richardson, of Woodstock, kept the game moving all the time, and had his eye on all off-sides and rough work. He handed out several penalties, but they were for minor offenses. The teams lined up as follows:

London (4). Seaforth (0).
Reynolds.....Goal.....Westcott
Caselman.....Point.....McKenzie
Little.....Cover.....Sprague
McMahon.....Rover.....Reeves
Abram.....Forward.....Sale
Carothers.....Forward.....Smith
Canfield.....Forward.....Stoddart

up this year by one of the cracks that will face the starter at Belmont Park. Last fall Klamesha, with a feather on her back, ran a mile around one turn in 1:37 2-5, which equalled the record made in 1903 by the three-year-old Dick Welles at Washington Park, Chicago. But Dick Welles carried more weight and ran around two turns, which made his performance perhaps more praiseworthy. In 1903 Alan-a-Dale ran a mile in 1:37 3-5 at Chicago, without being extended. Straightaway the best mile ever run was that of the famous Salvo, who in a match against time at Monmouth Park in 1890 hung up the figures 1:35 1-2. Harlow, an English bred horse, was timed in 1:35 2-5 over one of the British tracks in 1899.

At a mile and twenty yards, Maid Marion's 1:40 flat, made in Chicago in 1892, remains unchanged. Grand Opera holds the best record for one mile and fifty yards, 1:41 1-5, made in Chicago in 1903. Then at a mile and seventy yards, Jiminez has the best figures, 1:42 3-5, also established in the Windy City in 1901. Haviland, a six-year-old, ran a mile and 100 yards in Chicago in 1:44 3-5 in 1902, which is a record. It last although Coruscate, equalled it last July on one of the western race courses. The same time, 1:44 3-5, stands as a record for one mile and a sixteenth, made by Glassful, a three-year-old, in 1903. Port Hunter created the record over the same course in 1:45 1-2, three sixteenths at Saratoga in 1904.

The fastest time for a mile and an eighth has been made in the east. Watercure covering this route at Brighton Beach in 1:51 1-5, in 1900, the figures being equalled by Roehampton at the same track the next year. Brighton also has the credit of being the track on which the late S. S. Brown's Broomstick ran a mile and a quarter in 2:02 4-5, the day he won the Brighton Handicap, from Irish Lad in 1904. That was not long after Irish Lad had created new records for a mile and three eighths, figures for a mile and three eighths, and a mile and three quarters. On June 25, he was timed in 2:17 3-5. Goodrich has held the record for a mile and a half—2:30 1-2—ever since 1898, when he made it in Chicago. Africander's 2:45 1-5 for a mile and five furlongs, in 1903, is a best on record. While the erratic Moler Daingerfield hung up 2:57 for a mile and three-quarters in 1903.

There are very few races at two miles nowadays. Ten Brock in a race against time at Louisville, 1877, ran this distance in 3:27 1-2, a record that still stands. Although Judge Denny this track in California in 1891, equalled it. The peerless Ethelbert's record of 3:49 1-5 for two miles and a quarter has never been equalled since he put it on the books by winning the Brighton Cup at the Beach, August 4, 1900. Ramsay Rankin, who was timed in 3:50 on September 6, 1884, but this is a distance seldom raced over now. At four miles 7:11, made against time in Oakland, 1897. The list is complete with the ten mile record of 26:18 made in 1889 by Mr. Brown at Ranococas, N. J.

NEW ZEALANDERS WILL TACKLE NEW YORK

New York, Jan. 31.—Yielding to the pressure of eloquent persuasion brought to bear upon them, the New Zealanders, who arrived after their triumphant tour of Great Britain, Saturday, and have since been very busy seeing the town, have consented to play a game of Rugby football in this city before leaving for the west this week.

The game will be played at the American League Park. While the All-New York aggregation will necessarily be handicapped by lack of practice, as most of them have taken to "soaker," and they cannot hope to win against the well-nigh invincible visitors, the latter will play their full strength, and give an exposition of the novel method, which took the British Isles by storm, caused them to win thirty-two games and drew record-breaking crowds wherever they went.

FIVE DAYS' TROTTING MEETING FOR WINDSOR

Windsor, Jan. 31.—The trotting and pacing meeting of the Windsor Driving Park Association will be much more ambitious this year than it has been in the past for several seasons. It is not yet possible to fix the date, but it will be a five-day meet, and the value of the events will be increased and probably new stakes will be added.

The improvements being made at the track make it worthy of the best racing possible. The Highland Park Association's spring meeting will be held here from June 16 to July 7. The date for the fall meeting will be decided upon later.

MID-WINTER MANUFACTURER'S SALE

"Cravenette"



Fourth Week

Our Great Clearing Sale has been a great success, and it is our intention to make this month of February greater than the past January. We will include in our bargain list this week many lines of spring goods that must move with the winter goods that are marked in many cases below the cost of manufacture.

Specials in Topper Coats for Friday and Saturday

Men's Topper Coats, \$6.98

Regular \$12.00

The swell garment for spring wear. This lot includes some of the very latest styles in the new topper; all sizes 34 to 42. \$6.98 for coats sold as high as \$12.00.

Men's Topper Coats, \$7.98

Regular \$14.00

Two only, satin lined, in light fawn shades; sizes 36 and 38.

Men's Topper Coats, \$5.98

Regular \$8.50 and \$10

This lot will only last about long enough to hand them to our customers, and if you are wise, be on hand early Friday morning.

See window display of Topper Coats.....\$5.98 to \$7.98

Raincoats

\$5.50 Cravenette for.....\$3.98
6.50 Cravenette for.....4.98
8.50 Cravenette for.....5.98
10.00 Cravenette for.....6.95

CRAFTON & CO.

LIMITED.

Dundas and Carling Streets.

J. M. HICKEY, Manager.

BRANTFORD WAS ALMOST BLANKED

Phone City Seven Managed to Score One Goal in Game With Stratford Indians.

Stratford, Jan. 31.—Stratford easily defeated Brantford in an O. H. A. intermediate game here tonight by a score of 9 to 1.

At no time was there any danger of the Indians losing the game, which was devoid of any rough playing. One man on each team was penalized. The players:

Stratford—Goal, Reg. Rankin; point, Ramsay Rankin; cover, Keane; rover, Baker; forwards, McCallum, Hamilton and Switzer.

Brantford—Goal, Meade; point, Canfield; cover, Preston; rover, Oliver; forwards, McLean, Buck, Smith.

A GAME PROTESTED. Toronto, Jan. 31.—The Port Hope juniors have forwarded to Secretary Hewitt a formal protest against the game played in Cobourg on Saturday, when Cobourg won by 4 to 2. The grounds of the protest are lack of proper lighting, bad ice, non-repair of the boards, interference of a spectator with the Port Hope viewpoint, and the legality of Cobourg's third goal, the puck not going into the net at all.

FOUR CLUBS DEFAULT. Toronto, Jan. 31.—In O. C. A. district No. 2, Bobcaygeon, Oshawa, Cobourg, and Colborne have defaulted. Lindsay beat Lakeland 4 to 10, Peterboro won from Keene 27 to 20, and Peterboro won from Port Hope 19 to 16. Port Hope and Lindsay have agreed to play off at Lindsay, as soon as they can get ice.

START OF SEMI-FINALS. Toronto, Jan. 31.—Peterboro, winners of No. 3 district, and Uxbridge, winners of No. 4, will play off Friday evening at Peterboro and on Monday evening at Uxbridge.

DRUMBO WAS BLANKED. New Hamburg, Jan. 31.—In the W. O. H. A. match played at Drumbo on Monday the correct score in favor of New Hamburg was 4 to 0.

ROUGH GAME AT MONTREAL. Montreal, Jan. 31.—The Wanderers defeated the Montrealers in the Eastern Canadian hockey series to-night by 6 to 2 after an exceedingly rough match.

PARRY SOUND WINS GROUP. Parry Sound, Jan. 31.—The return game between Bracebridge and Parry Sound, intermediate series, O. H. A., was played here tonight, the locals winning by a score of 17 to 5. Parry Sound is the winner of the group.

PORT PERRY DEFAULTS. Markham, Jan. 31.—The intermediate O. H. A. match, which was to have been played here tonight between Port Perry and Markham, did not take place. Port Perry defaulted.

\$200,000 REFUSED FOR GREAT RUNNER

English Syndicate Couldn't Buy Keene's Sysonby for That Amount.

New York, Jan. 31.—An offer of forty thousand pounds, approximately \$200,000, was made within the past few days to Messrs. Keene for their grand 4-year-old Sysonby. This magnificent offer for the horse was forthwith refused from a syndicate of English owners, but failed to induce Messrs. Keene to part with him.

Charles Mills, a wealthy English racing commissioner, and the well-known English trainer, Robinson, paid a visit last week to the Keene stable at Sheepshead Bay in company with De Courcy Forbes, and inspected the horses in James Rowe's charge. They had heard much of the prowess of this son of Melton, and when they saw him were greatly impressed. Robinson did not scruple to express the opinion that "Sysonby was the grandest thoroughbred he had ever seen." No doubt there had been some thought in their mind of buying the horse before coming to this country, and the result of their inspection was to make the above recorded offer.

When at Saratoga last summer J. W. Gates tried his utmost to tempt James R. Keene with an offer of \$100,000 for Sysonby. But Mr. Keene was obdurate. He loved the horse for his good qualities and characteristics, and gloried in his possession. With the instincts of a truly great sportsman he answered, "I like the horse, and no money you can name will buy him from me."

James A. Brady, too, was eager to buy him, to remove him from the path of his good horse, Olsean, and made an offer within the past few days of \$125,000. He was told of the \$200,000 offered by the Englishmen, and ceased to persevere in his effort to obtain him.

THE RING.

TREW UP THE SPONGE. San Francisco, Jan. 31.—At Colma last night Joe Thomas, of San Francisco, easily defeated George Herbers, of Crockett, Cal., the latter's seconds throwing up the sponge, when their man was in a helpless condition in the tenth round. The fight was billed to go 30 rounds.

In the ten-round preliminary, Kid Frantz, of Stockton, defeated Jim Haywards, of New York, in the fifth round, with a clean knock-out. The attendance was large.

TRIGGER.

A MATCH AT PALMERSTON. Palmerston, Jan. 31.—A shooting match took place in the Agricultural Park yesterday, which evidenced that the town possesses a few expert riflemen. Captains were appointed and teams chosen, as follows: Captain George Elliott 33, J. Armstrong 21, E. Johnston 29, J. Horn 29, J.

100 Second-Hand Guns

wanted. If you have a second-hand breech-loading shotgun in any kind of condition, we will buy it for cash or take it in exchange on a new gun. Call or write us for particulars.

GURD'S GOOD GUNS

185 DUNDAS ST.

D. Merryfield 24, P. Elliott 27, D. Horn 29, D. Scholde 22, G. Porteous 29, total, 254.
Captain R. Horn 29, J. Leader 27, W. Armstrong 31, J. R. Smith 33, W. Horn 29, T. Moffat 29, H. Gamble 29, N. Williams, 24, total, 255.

BASEBALL.

TROY TEAM TRANSFERRED. Albany, N. Y., Jan. 31.—Every one of the eight clubs, comprising the New York State Baseball League, was represented at the annual meeting, which met here yesterday and closed at a late hour last night.

One of the most important and interesting features of the meeting was the formal transfer of the Troy franchise to John J. O'Brien, of Watervliet, and Edward Rabbitt, of Troy, the consideration being the payment of debts aggregating about \$3,000, which President Farrell said had been contracted by the old association.

"Jack" O'Brien, one of the new owners of the Troy team, is one of the best known baseball players in the country, having been connected with major league organizations in different cities for the past twelve years.

It was decided to open the season on May 10, or five days later than last year, and close on Sept. 22, which is about two weeks later than usual. About 126 games will be played.

THE TURF.

YESTERDAY'S WINNERS. At New Orleans Fair Grounds—Whorler, 8 to 5; Dry Dollar, 4 to 1; Canyon, 7 to 2; Southern Cross, 9 to 5; First Premium, 9 to 10; Besterberg, 13 to 1.

A MAGIC PILL.—Dyspepsia is a foe with which men are constantly grappling, but cannot exterminate. Subdued, and to all appearance vanquished in one it makes its appearance in another direction. In many the digestive apparatus is as delicate as the mechanism of a watch or scientific instrument in which even a breath of air will make a variation. With such persons disorders of the stomach ensue from the most trivial causes, and cause much suffering. To these Parmenter's Vegetable Pills are recommended as mild and sure.

When a thing seems too good to be true, don't worry but what you will wake up.

HELP YOUR CHILDREN to grow strong and robust by counteracting anything that causes ill-health. One great cause of disease in children is worms. Remove them with Mother Graves' Worm Expeller. It never fails.

Healthy Exercise

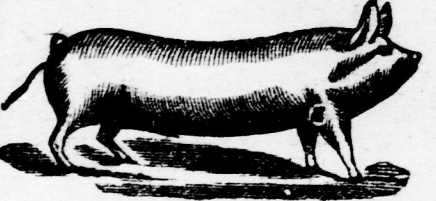
The most healthy exercise one can get is that of going to the bank or to the post office. It is helpful to the mind as well as to the body, as it makes the prospects of the future brighter.

This bank encourages deposits as small as \$1, and pays 3 per cent semi-annually.

Open an account with us and let us help you.

DOMINION SAVINGS AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY

MASONIC TEMPLE - LONDON



Hogs are dear, and C. P. C. meats cheap in comparison. Unexcelled for quality. THE CANADA PACKING CO. Stores, Richmond St. and Market Square.

LOCAL MARKET.

Thursday, Feb. 1. Although the weather was stormy and doubtless this fact kept many from coming to the market, the attendance exceeded that of Tuesday by a considerable margin. No doubt many of the farmers who came to the market expected a slim attendance and that they would as a result receive a considerable increase in prices. They were, however, disappointed, as prices in nearly everything were stationary.

Grain—Oats sold well at \$1.04 to \$1.05 per cwt. There was a fairly large supply offered.

Hay and Straw—There was 22 loads of hay offered. Sales were slow, as there were about 12 loads unsold at 11:30 o'clock. Prices ruled at \$7 to \$8 per ton. Straw was a slow sale.

Butter and Eggs—There was no change in the price of butter, which sold at 21c to 22c for crocks, and 23c per pound rolls. Eggs were not so plentiful today. Most of the basket lots sold at 20c to 21c per dozen.

Apples—There were quite a few offered. There were no change in prices from already quoted.

Vegetables and Roots—There was not much offered in this line; prices were at quoted.

Poultry—Dressed turkeys sold at 14c to 15c per lb. to 16c per lb. old fowl went at 8c per lb. ducks and geese were in small supply and prices were steady.

Butchers' Meats—Considering the supply in other lines, the offerings of meat were larger; sales were reported as very slow, especially for beef; prices were unchanged.

Hides and Tallow—Hides were 4c per lb. lower, and are now quoted at 5c, 3c and 2c per lb. for Nos. 1, 2 and 3 grades. Dressed Hogs—About 30 offered; sales were made mostly at \$2.25 per cwt.

T. A. Faulds, MERCHANT
Strictly new-laid eggs, 23 cents dozen. Good fresh eggs, not small, 18 cents dozen. Kerwood cheese, old and new, 15 cents pound.
PHONE 151. 13 MARKET HOUSE.

GRAIN, PER CENTAL.	
Oats	1.05 @ 1.07
Wheat	1.35 @ 1.38
Corn	1.00 @ 1.02
Peas	1.00 @ 1.02
Barley	1.00 @ 1.02
Buckwheat	1.00 @ 1.02
GRAIN, PER BUSHEL.	
Oats	3.70 @ 3.75
Wheat	5.00 @ 5.10
Corn	3.00 @ 3.10
Peas	3.00 @ 3.10
Barley	3.00 @ 3.10
Buckwheat	3.00 @ 3.10
DAIRY PRODUCE.	
Eggs, per doz., wholesale	18 @ 20
Eggs, per doz., retail	22 @ 23
Dressed fogs, per cwt.	9.00 @ 9.30
Beef, per cwt.	5.00 @ 5.30
Lamb, per cwt.	10.00 @ 10.30
Mutton, per cwt.	8.00 @ 8.30
Butter, rolls, wholesale	20 @ 22
Dressed fogs, per cwt.	9.00 @ 9.30
Honey, strained, per lb.	34 @ 36
Honey, comb, per doz.	1.50 @ 1.75
VEGETABLES.	
Potatoes, per bag	30 @ 35
Cabbages, per doz.	25 @ 30
Turnips, per doz.	25 @ 30
Onions, per bu.	75 @ 80
Carrots, per bu.	20 @ 25
Parsnips, per bu.	20 @ 25
Celery, per doz.	30 @ 40
LIVE STOCK.	
Hogs, per cwt.	6.50 @ 6.75
Sows, per cwt.	4.00 @ 4.50
Stags, per cwt.	1.50 @ 2.00
Export cattle, cwt.	4.25 @ 4.50
Milk cows, cwt.	4.00 @ 4.50
FARM PRODUCE.	
Hay, per ton	7.00 @ 8.00
Straw, per ton	5.00 @ 5.50
Export, per load	1.00 @ 1.50
HIDES AND SKINS.	
Wool, washed, per lb.	12 @ 15
Wool, unwashed, per lb.	10 @ 12
Hides, No. 1, per lb.	10 @ 12
Hides, No. 2, per lb.	8 @ 10
Hides, No. 3, per lb.	6 @ 8
Calfskins, No. 1, per lb.	12 @ 15
Calfskins, No. 2, per lb.	10 @ 12
Tallow, rendered, per lb.	4 @ 5
Tallow, rough, per lb.	2 @ 3
POULTRY, DRESSED.	
Chickens, per pair	6 @ 7
Hens, per pair	6 @ 7
Hens, per pair	6 @ 7
Hens, per pair	6 @ 7
Ducks, per pair	9 @ 10
Ducks, per pair	9 @ 10
Geese, each	7 @ 10
FRUITS.	
Apples, per bag	70 @ 120
Apples, per bbl.	2.50 @ 3.00
Pears, per bbl.	1.00 @ 1.50
POULTRY, ALIVE.	
Chickens, per pair	6 @ 7
Chickens, per pair	6 @ 7
Hens, per pair	6 @ 7
Hens, per pair	6 @ 7
Ducks, per pair	9 @ 10
Ducks, per pair	9 @ 10
Geese, each	7 @ 10
LIVE STOCK MARKETS.	
TORONTO.	
Toronto, Feb. 1.—Trade brisk for good cattle; 90 loads in today, including 1,100 cattle, 1,123 sheep and lambs, 1,900 hogs and 90 calves. Quotations:	
Export cattle, choice, cwt.	\$4.50 @ \$4.75
Export cattle, medium, cwt.	\$4.25 @ \$4.50
Export cattle, light, cwt.	\$3.50 @ \$3.75
Export cattle, heavy, cwt.	\$3.00 @ \$3.25
Export cows, cwt.	\$3.00 @ \$3.25
Butchers' cattle, choice, cwt.	\$4.25 @ \$4.50
Butchers' cattle, medium, cwt.	\$4.00 @ \$4.25
Butchers' cattle, light, cwt.	\$3.50 @ \$3.75
Butchers' cattle, heavy, cwt.	\$3.00 @ \$3.25
Butchers' cows, cwt.	\$3.00 @ \$3.25
Butchers' bulls, cwt.	\$2.00 @ \$2.25
Canners, cwt.	\$1.25 @ \$1.50
Butchers, choice, cwt.	\$2.00 @ \$2.25
Butchers, common, cwt.	\$1.50 @ \$1.75
Stock bulls, cwt.	\$2.00 @ \$2.25
Feeders, heavy, cwt.	\$2.00 @ \$2.25
Feeders, short, cwt.	\$1.50 @ \$1.75
Milk cows, choice, each	\$40.00 @ \$50.00
Milk cows, common, each	\$20.00 @ \$30.00
Springers, each	\$10.00 @ \$15.00
Export cows, cwt.	\$4.00 @ \$4.50
Cows and bucks	\$3.00 @ \$3.50

C. N. SPENCER

STOCK BROKER.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or on margin. Phone 180. Office, Market Lane.

Lamb, grain-fed, 6.50 @ 7.00
Lamb, medium, 5.50 @ 6.00
Calves, 4.50 @ 5.00
Hogs, 3.50 @ 4.00
Hogs, fat and light, 6.50 @ 7.00

OLD COUNTRY PRICES.
London, Jan. 31.—Cattle are quoted at 10s to 12s per lb; refrigerator beef, 8s to 9s.

CHICAGO.
Chicago, Feb. 1.—Cattle—Receipts, 7,500; steady; heaves, \$3.25 to \$3.50; cows and heifers, \$2.40 to \$3.45; stockers and feeders, \$2.90 to \$3.40; Texans, \$3.60 to \$4.40.

Hogs—Receipts, 30,000; steady; mixed and butchers, \$5.40 to \$5.75; good heavy, \$5.50 to \$5.70; rough, heavy, \$5.40 to \$5.50; light, \$5.40 to \$5.60; pigs, \$4.90 to \$5.40; bulk of sales at \$5.55 to \$5.65.

Sheep—Receipts, 15,000; steady; sheep, \$3.50 to \$5.65; lambs, \$5.40 to \$7.50.

DAIRY MARKETS.
New York, Jan. 31.—Butter—Easy; receipts, 7,344 packages; street prices, extra creamery, 25c; official prices, creamery, common to extra, 19c to 20c; do, held, extras, 22c to 23c; state dairy, common to extra, 17c to 20c; renovated, common to extra, 15c to 20c; western factory, common to firsts, 15c to 17c; western imitation creamery, extras, 20c; do, firsts, 15c to 17c.

Cheese—Steady and unchanged; receipts, 556 boxes.

CHICAGO.
Chicago, Ill., Jan. 31.—Butter—Steady; creameries, 18c to 25c; dairies, 18c to 22c. Eggs—Steady, 17c to 18c.

OIL MARKETS.
Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 31.—Oil opened and closed at \$1.53.

OIL CITY.
Oil City, Pa., Jan. 31.—Credit balances, \$1.53; shipments, \$2.32 barrels.

LONDON.
London, Jan. 31.—Petroleum, American refined, 6.3-14; spirits, 8.4d.

ANTWERP.
Antwerp, Jan. 31.—Petroleum, 19 francs 50 centimes.

FLAXSEED.
Chicago, Jan. 31.—Flaxseed—Northwest, \$1.11; May, \$1.12.

COTTON.
NEW YORK.
New York, Jan. 31.—Cotton—Spot closed quiet, 15 points decline; middling uplands, \$1.35; middling gulf, \$1.40; sales, 1,000 bales. Futures, closed steady. Closing bids: February, \$1.37; March, \$1.37; April, \$1.37; May, \$1.37; June, \$1.37; July, \$1.37; August, \$1.37; September, \$1.37; October, \$1.37; November, \$1.37; December, \$1.37.

NEW YORK.
New York, Feb. 1.—Cotton—Futures opened easy; February, \$1.36; March, \$1.36; April, \$1.36; May, \$1.36; June, \$1.36; July, \$1.36; August, \$1.36; September, \$1.36; October, \$1.36; November, \$1.36; December, \$1.36.

BEAN MARKET.
DETROIT.
Detroit, Jan. 31.—Beans—March, \$1.52 bid; April, \$1.52 bid; May, \$1.52 bid; June, \$1.52 bid; July, \$1.52 bid; August, \$1.52 bid; September, \$1.52 bid; October, \$1.52 bid; November, \$1.52 bid; December, \$1.52 bid.

HAY MARKET.
TORONTO.
Toronto, Jan. 31.—Hay—Easy in tone; a slack demand; 73c bid, 74c offered; \$3 per ton in car lots on track here.

No. 2, at \$4.
No. 3, at \$3.75; No. 4, at \$3.50; No. 5, at \$3.25; No. 6, at \$3.00; No. 7, at \$2.75; No. 8, at \$2.50; No. 9, at \$2.25; No. 10, at \$2.00; No. 11, at \$1.75; No. 12, at \$1.50; No. 13, at \$1.25; No. 14, at \$1.00; No. 15, at \$0.75; No. 16, at \$0.50; No. 17, at \$0.25; No. 18, at \$0.00.

SUGAR MARKETS.
NEW YORK.
New York, Jan. 31.—Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining, 2c; centrifugal, 9c test, 24c; molasses sugar, 24c; refined steady.

TORONTO.
Toronto, Jan. 31.—Sugar—Quiet, as is usual on an easy market; quotations unchanged as follows: Extra granulated, \$4.15; Acadia, \$4.15; yellow, \$3.75; bags, 5c less; Ontario, \$4.05; bags, 5c less.

LONDON.
London, Jan. 31.—Raw sugar—Nominal; centrifugal, 38; Muscovado, 38; beet sugar, January, 38.

PRODUCE MARKETS.
TORONTO.
Toronto, Feb. 1.—Wheat—Ontario unchanged; No. 2 white, 73c; red, 73c; mixed, 73c; goose and spring, 75c; all at outside point; Manitoba, No. 1 northern, 81c to 80c; No. 2 northern, 78c to 79c; No. 3 northern, 75c to 76c; at lake ports, all rail quotations are 3c more than these prices.

Flour—Ontario, for export, \$2.15, in buyers' bags, outside, high; patents are quoted at \$1.84 to \$1.85; 24c, 24c, and 90 per cent patents at \$3.00; Manitoba, first patents, \$4.30; second patents, \$4.10.

Barley—Firm, bran in bags, outside, at \$1.25; No. 2 yellow, 49c; mixed, 49c, at Toronto.

Buckwheat—50c to 52c outside.

Butter—Heavy receipts, prices lower; creamery, 24c to 25c; sold, 24c; dairy pound rolls good to choice, 21c to 22c; MU. Hays, 19c to 20c; 18c; tubs, 20c to 21c; medium, 18c to 19c; inferior, 17c to 18c.

Eggs—Easy, prices unchanged; new-laid, 22c to 23c; storage, 17c; Hines, 15c.

Cheese—Less firm, but prices unchanged; large 12c; twins, 13c.

Dressed Hogs—Appraisers' lots, \$3.75 to \$3.25.

THOMAS TESTED IT.—Time tests all things; that which is worthy lives; that which is inimical to man's welfare perishes. The late Thomas, who lived for his children while teaching with PERFECT SUCCESS, IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOOTHES THE GRIEF, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's."

The Family Ale
The only GOLD MEDAL awarded at the St. Louis Exposition for Ale and Stout was won by JOHN LABATT. Purchasers can always get Labatt's Ale and Porter in prime condition from P. J. WATSON, Market Square, Molsons Bank Building.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

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Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

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PROSPEROUS YEAR FOR FIRST CHURCH

The Presbyterians Hold Annual Meeting—Managers and Officers Reappointed.

The annual congregational meeting of the First Presbyterian Church was held last evening, and was very well attended. The report of the managers was received and adopted. The reports of the several activities of the church were submitted at the meeting on Wednesday night a week ago.

The annual meeting of this church has been divided into two evenings, owing to the vast amount of business to be transacted. But last evening a decided innovation was introduced, the programme being interspersed with several musical numbers. Early in the evening a tea was given in the basement by the ladies of the church.

The financial statement of the year was submitted by Mr. A. M. Hamilton, the treasurer. The receipts for 1905 from ordinary sources amounted to \$5,498.20. The contributions to the building fund were \$3,172.44, and the ordinary expenditure of the church, for the year \$5,810.23. The board had a balance of \$687.91 on the right side. The payment on the church debt had been very gratifying. The sum of \$3,172.44 had been applied for this purpose and there was yet on hand and promised about \$500 more, which would be paid on the mortgage principal by July 1.

A grant was made to the Sabbath school of \$150, and \$100 was given again to Chalmers' Church, Glasgow, Green Sunday school was granted \$50. A grant of \$125 extra was made to the choir for music purposes, but this virtually means an increase in the salary of the organist, Mr. George Phelps.

The pastor's salary was increased by \$25 also.

It was decided in future years to hold the annual meeting in two parts, the first on the Wednesday nearest Jan. 15, and the second a week later.

All the officers for 1906 were reappointed, and the board of managers, with but one exception, was re-elected. Mr. William Turnbull takes Mr. J. S. Moore's place on the board. The board of managers for 1906 is composed of the following: Messrs. A. M. Hamilton, Archibald Sharp, J. B. Shaw, W. C. Allen, William Turnbull, R. G. Fisher, C. G. Jarvis, Warren Thomson, Drs. J. N. Wood and D. H. Arnott.

Mr. A. M. Hamilton was re-elected treasurer, and Mr. A. Macpherson secretary. Mr. Jarvis is chairman of the board.

Rev. W. J. Clark, the pastor, addressed the congregation briefly subsequent to the adoption of the managers' report. He spoke of the past year's pleasant work that he had experienced with the church. His highest ambition was for the spiritual growth of the church of which he was pastor, but he also had an ambition for the congregation as a congregation. Mr. Clark had often wondered if he were putting his life to the best advantage in staying at the one church. He had had many chances to change his pastorate, but at no time, when these offers were made, would it have been fair to the congregation for him to leave. He believed during long pastorates, and for this reason and because he had the fullest confidence in the affections of the congregation, he had remained in London. He had and would always try to do his best to the best of his ability.

"We hear a great deal lately about revivals," he said. "I hope that we have a constant revival and that each of us will do a little better today than was done yesterday."

Solace was rendered by Miss Elsie Reid, Miss Lucy Southam, and Mr. Edgar S. Crawford. Miss J. C. Crawford gave some very pleasing recitations.

Corn—Canadian, 45c; Chatham freight; Ontario, No. 2 yellow, 49c; mixed, 49c, at Toronto.

Buckwheat—50c to 52c outside.

Butter—Heavy receipts, prices lower; creamery, 24c to 25c; sold, 24c; dairy pound rolls good to choice, 21c to 22c; MU. Hays, 19c to 20c; 18c; tubs, 20c to 21c; medium, 18c to 19c; inferior, 17c to 18c.

Eggs—Easy, prices unchanged; new-laid, 22c to 23c; storage, 17c; Hines, 15c.

Cheese—Less firm, but prices unchanged; large 12c; twins, 13c.

Dressed Hogs—Appraisers' lots, \$3.75 to \$3.25.

THOMAS TESTED IT.—Time tests all things; that which is worthy lives; that which is inimical to man's welfare perishes. The late Thomas, who lived for his children while teaching with PERFECT SUCCESS, IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOOTHES THE GRIEF, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's."

The Family Ale
The only GOLD MEDAL awarded at the St. Louis Exposition for Ale and Stout was won by JOHN LABATT. Purchasers can always get Labatt's Ale and Porter in prime condition from P. J. WATSON, Market Square, Molsons Bank Building.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

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CASTORIA

Your Success or Failure
Depends upon the kind of teaching you receive along the line of your profession.

F.C.B.C.
(Y. M. C. A. - LONDON)
Gives at principles in all its teaching. Hence the success of its students. Teaching capacity is almost at a premium.
J. W. WESTERVELT, Principal.

\$5.00
See what we want to offer you in
TROUSERS

O. LABELLE, 220 DUNDAS STREET.
Are You Going to the Northwest?

It so, you will require a rifle or a shotgun. We have Winchester, Marlin and Savage Repeating Rifles, at lowest prices, also a large variety of Shotguns from \$5.00 up.

Brock's Gun Store,
182 DUNDAS ST., LONDON, ONT.
We make a specialty of fine gun repairing, re-stocking, choke-boring, re-browning, etc.

R. K. COWAN
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.
County Bldgs. next Court House, London.
CHINESE
Try a meal at the New York Chinese Cafe, 356 Richmond street. Some thing new in London. The meals are first-class.

R. H. SMITH Contractor and Builder,
15 Brighton Street.
Manufacturer of Cement Blocks and Bricks.
Phone 1349, Y.W.T.
CAFE
Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 7 to 8 p.m. Why

London Institute of Physical Culture
619 Richmond Street.
R. C. BARKLIE, PRINCIPAL.
SPECIALTY:
CURATIVE PHYSICAL CULTURE
Fencing and boxing, shower baths. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 7 to 8 p.m. Why

SMITH, SON & CLARKE
Undertakers and Embalmers.
Lady assistant. Night calls personally attended. Rubber-tired funeral cars.
113 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 568.
929 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 573.
Residence on premises.

D. A. STEWART
(Successor to John T. Stephenson)
FUNERAL DIRECTOR
and **EMBALMER.**
Reasonable charges. Best equipment.
Open day and night. Residence on premises.
104 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 459.
GEO. E. LOGAN, Assistant Mgr.

We're Milling
Such a flour as the housekeeper is delighted to use. Such a flour as makes the most nourishing bread.
Daisy Flour
Is all right. Try it.

London Conservatory of Music and School of Elocution, Limited
EXAMINATIONS.
The midwinter examination of the London Conservatory will be held Jan. 20, 21, Feb. 1, both at London and at the center. Write for curriculum and any other information desired.
Sample examination papers in harmony may be had on application.

The "wind cart" used for irrigation purposes by the Chinese consists of eight tall mat sails, fixed perpendicularly on a wooden frame. The sails go around with the wind, which causes the water from the river to be pumped through a trough.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S 25c.
is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops droppings in the throat, and permanently cures Catarrh and Dry Cough. Blower free. All dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase, Medical Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

The deepest depths of ignorance are usually sounded by the man who knows it all.
Tainted money will paint towns just as artistically as the other kind.
THE DEMON DYSPESIA.—In olden times it was a popular belief that demons moved invisibly through the ambient air, seeking to enter into men and trouble them. At the present day the demon dyspepsia is at large in the same way, seeking habitation in those who by careless or unwise living invite him. And once he enters a man it is difficult to dislodge him. He that finds himself so possessed should know that a valiant friend to do battle for him with the unseen foe is Parnele's Vegetable Pills, which are ever ready for the trial.

RAJAH—The new King. Hand-made, home-smoked, clear Havana filler, etc.

A Glassful of Pleasure
Is a glassful of HAMILTON'S ALE OR PORTER. You know it's pure, its first taste will prove that. Buy Hamilton's and you will have no other.

First-Class Set of Teeth, \$5.00
Dr. Fred L. Wood,
181 1/2 DUNDAS STREET.

Thos. Wilson
MERCHANT TAILOR
212 Dundas Street
Higgins Block. Telephone 576

Early Weddings
We are ready to show you the latest novelties in Silver, Cut Glass and Jewelry for early weddings.

THOS. GILLEAN,
402 RICHMOND STREET.

The Users.
The users of JOHNSTON BROS.' XXX BREAD are the particular housekeepers, who know the importance of pure, wholesome bread. At your grocer's, or delivered. Phone 518. JOHNSTON BROS.

THIRTY-FIVE YEARS AGO TODAY
[From the London Advertiser of Feb. 1, 1871.]
The city assessors, Messrs. Wallace and McBride, commenced the assessment of the city today.

Mr. S. D. Mann, late teacher of penmanship and mathematics in the Commercial College here, leaves for the Western States early next week, intending to settle there.

The Dominion Bank will commence business here as soon as a suitable office can be secured.

Detective Phair succeeded on Monday in arresting Joseph Symmonds, who has been wanted by the police for some months in connection with the murder of the unfortunate pensioner Dunn, in April of last year.

At the public meeting held in the City Hotel last evening to take steps for promoting the proposed testimonial to Sir John A. Macdonald, about twenty people were present.

The necessity for a system of waterworks for this city, that will meet the public requirements, has long been admitted, and their construction has only been deferred from the fact that the cost was more than the already burdened finances of the city could meet.

The estimated cost of works adequate to the wants of a city like London, would be in the neighborhood of \$25,000 or \$30,000, and the annual outlay, including attendance, fuel, etc., less than \$300. Hamilton has waterworks on the old plan that cost half a million of dollars, and it is claimed they are scarcely equal in power and effect to such a system as has been brought before the notice of our corporation by Mr. Waterous.

The advantage of a perfect system of waterworks to this city must make themselves manifest to everyone. Increased safety from the ravages of fire, a consequent reduction in the cost of insurance, and the abolition of an expensive and inadequate fire brigade organization, are some of the benefits that would follow their introduction, and we feel sure the citizens generally will go heartily for the adoption of a scheme that will bring so many benefits with so comparatively small an outlay.

Six persons, all office-holders and place-hunters, attended the Sir John A. Macdonald testimonial meeting in Brantford last evening.

Goldwin Smith gave an interesting lecture in Hamilton on Monday evening before the Y. M. C. A., "A Tour Through England." A hint to the wise (i. e., the London Literary Society) is sufficient.

Ottawa officials are threatened with dismissal if they do not support the John A. testimonial.

The census of Manitoba has been completed, and the result shows that the

Once a year at least every individual should have his or her TEETH examined by a Dentist. It takes but a few minutes and may save you much pain.

Western Dental Office
Over C. P. R. Ticket Office.
S.W. Cor. Dundas & Richmond Sts.
Phone 14.

EDISON
Gold Molded Records
are the best made.
February numbers are now in stock and they are selling well.
Call and Hear Them.

W. McPhillips
119 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

COAL
Veribest
IS OUR MOTTO
TRY US
JOHN MANN & SONS
401 CLARENCE ST.
425 YORK ST. 470 Phone.

Lightweight Fleece-Lined Underwear, good value at 75 cents.
WE NEED THE ROOM
That's why we are selling it in all sizes for

Only 49c a Garment
Boughner

Fruit Bread
Have you tried it yet?
Order one for Saturday.
Parnell's Sanitary Bakery
Phone 929.

The population of that Province was very much over-estimated. It was put down, prior to its annexation to Canada, at about 16,000; whereas the population, including, we presume, the soldiers stationed at Fort Garry, amounts to only 11,955. There are 6,264 males and 5,701 females.

The January Blackwood, just received, contains the second part of the "Narrative of the Red River Expedition," which has created so much excitement and anger in ministerial bosoms at Ottawa. It is understood that the author is the brave and distinguished leader of the expedition, Col. Wolseley.

LONDON AND DISTRICT
—Mr. James Pegg, who has been spending a month's holidays here, has returned to Blenheim.

—Mrs. T. C. Benson, of this city, is visiting at her parents', Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Biggar, at Blenheim.

—Last evening at the residence of Rev. J. J. Ross, pastor of the Talbot Street Baptist Church, Miss Minnie Wilms was united in marriage to Mr. Alfred Andrew Boyd, both of this city. The bride was attended by Miss Maggie Murray, and the groom by Mr. Morley Archer. Mr. and Mrs. Boyd will reside at 335 Talbot street.

—There have been quite a number of prominent platform men brought to the city during the last few months by the Young Men's Christian Association for the Sunday afternoon meetings, and it has resulted in drawing packed houses. Dr. Rowland D. Grant, of Vancouver, B. C., who is scheduled for next Sabbath, will be one of the strongest speakers of the season. Dr. Grant is a relation of General U. S. Grant, and a man of very wide travel and research.

—A most enjoyable concert was given at the asylum last night under the direction of Mr. Court Irwin. The programme consisted of vocal solos by Miss E. McBride, recitations by Mr. Ed Laddicot, cornet duet by Messrs. Irwin and St. George, trombone solo, Mr. F. Weekes, and instrumental quartets by Messrs. Irwin, St. George, Weekes and Kennedy. Mrs. Irwin acted as accompanist. Mr. Kitchen, of the asylum staff, rendered several clarionette solos.

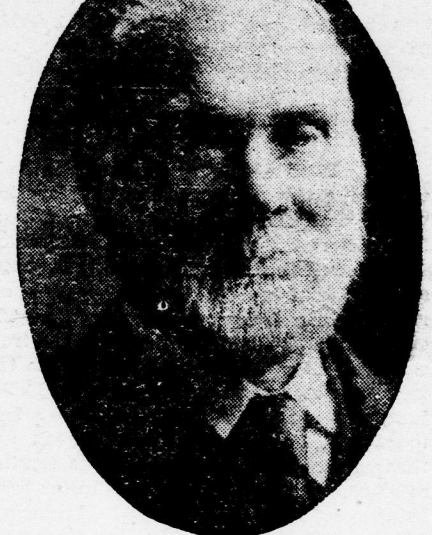
PROF. MOULTON'S LECTURES.
Those attending Prof. Moulton's lectures are advised to arrive promptly, as there are no reserved seats, and it is expected that at some of the lectures those without course tickets may be unable to secure seats. The evening lectures are announced for 8 o'clock. The Saturday afternoon lecture hour is 3 o'clock, and the lecture on Monday afternoon has been set at half past 4. The opening lecture tomorrow is on "The Literary Study of the Bible as Distinguished from Theology and Criticism."

CHOICE PREMIUMS CHOSEN.
The London Horticultural Society premium committee have selected a plant and bulb premium that will certainly be most pleasing to all the members. It consists of a clematis paniculata—one of the daintiest of Japanese hardy climbers; two plants of pansies—red-hot poker, and one half-dozen choice tuberous begonias. This is for the superb distribution only. Several of the members have not yet paid their 1906 subscription, and the directors would be pleased to have

same handed in to Gamagaze's flower store, given to any of the directors, or sent to Mr. R. W. Renne, 557 Talbot street.

BRUNSWICK CLUB WHIST.
The members of the Brunswick Club, with their friends, spent a very pleasant time in the club's rooms last evening, a whist party being the attraction of the evening. The greatest interest was manifested in the play, and at the close the prizes were awarded as follows: First, A. W. Keith; second, C. H. White; third, W. N. Govenlock. Refreshments were served during the evening and a very sociable time was spent by all.

CELEBRATED GOLDEN WEDDING.



Mr. and Mrs. Richard Raycraft, of lot 9, con. 1, Mosa Township, celebrated their golden wedding on Tuesday afternoon and evening, when upward of 40 guests were present. The aged couple came to this country 48 years ago from Ireland, and for over 40 years they have resided on the old homestead in Mosa. Although both are well on in years, they are still active and take an interest in the work of the farm. Time has indeed dealt gently with them, for they enjoy the best of health.

Among those present were the six sons and two daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Raycraft, as follows: Thomas, Elias P., W. H., Joseph and John; and Mrs. E. Gabbins, of Alvinston, Ont., and Miss Jennie, who lives at home. Very many valuable presents were received by the couple from admiring friends.

Will Advertise London To Secure New Factories

The Manufacturers' Committee Meets and Gets Down to Business for the Year.

The manufacturers' committee met in the city hall yesterday afternoon, and devoted nearly two hours to the consideration of ways and means to improve London's industrial life by securing new factories for the city. Chairman Wyatt read an address to the committee in which he suggested that the Legislature be memorialized to see that the law against bonusing is more strictly observed by certain municipalities which are securing industries over the heads of places which observe the law, London being one of the latter. He also advised that a system of thorough advertising be adopted, so that the advantages London has to offer might be made known in quarters where the city is likely to attract industries.

In the latter regard Ald. Armstrong suggested that a small pamphlet be gotten up containing all necessary information, the pamphlet to be distributed in hundreds in the different business offices, the business men to include one each time they send a letter out of London. For himself, he said, his correspondence went from sea to sea, and he stands willing to help the city by sending out the pamphlets. He would have printed on the circular several reasons why London is a good place for industries.

Amend the Law.
Mr. J. W. Pocock suggested that Hon. Mr. Beck should be asked to use his influence with the Government to have bonusing by other places stopped at once. Mr. Pocock also stated that he had been informed that the clothing manufacturing firm of Green & Co. is looking for a new site. The firm now pays out \$50,000 a year in wages, and it is intended to increase the plant so that \$100,000 a year will be paid out. He thought such firms as this should be closely watched by the committee, as London cannot afford to lose any industries.

Mr. Arthur White said that when a firm is looking for a site, sentiment cuts no figure. The place that has cheap power and no strikes, gets the industries as a rule. He pointed out that the way Hamilton got the Deering Company was by buying a farm for the firm outside the city, and by annexing the farm when the Deerings built on it. Mr. White also said that allowing the newspapers to print stories in connection with industries which are being negotiated for, gives other places the hint as to what is going on, and the industries are often lost to London. He moved that the city council be asked for the sum of \$1,000 to advertise the city this year.

Nothing to Offer.
Ald. Forristal said the committee was up against the same old state of affairs—it had nothing special to offer industries to come to London. Telling the manufacturers that London is a nice place to live in and has plenty of churches, counts for nothing. You've got to tell them how they can make money. The question then was who is the genius who is to come forward and propose a scheme which will enable the city to secure new industries?

Mr. Pocock said the Saunby property, on which the city has already lost \$25,000, should be bought, and a municipal power and light plant established, so that the city could offer inducements to new industries.

Ald. Booth wanted to know if the city cannot buy land and use it for sites for industries, in the east end, for example.

Chairman Wyatt said the committee or council has no power unless a by-law is submitted to the people.

Assessment Commissioner Grant explained that even though the city had something special to offer manufacturers, it would be entirely unfair to Londoners to offer anything to an industry if there was in London at present a similar plant. He also said that it would not be very dignified for London to be striving to take fac-

ories away from other places by means of bonuses. But it would be a good thing if the committee had an amount of money on hand which it could use to attract industries to London such as the city does not boast of at present.

Ald. Forristal said London had been liberal to its own industries.

Power Rates.
Mr. White remarked Niagara power will be in London inside of a year or two at the outside. He considered the present rates for power a drawback to the city's securing industries.

Chairman Wyatt said every large firm has its travelers, and he suggested that it might be a good thing for the city to have a paid traveling agent whose duty it would be to endeavor to attract industries to London.

Mr. Pocock stated that one point in London's favor is that it has but few strikes.

On motion of Mr. White, seconded by Mr. Pocock, the committee then decided to secure offers from the local advertising agencies for the advertising of the city. The agencies will be expected to submit schemes and rates.

A committee composed of Chairman Wyatt, Mr. White, Assessment Commissioner Grant and City Clerk Baker, was named to decide on what scheme shall be followed to advertise the city.

A New Hotel.
Mr. Pocock brought up the matter of hotel accommodation in London. He said if London is to go ahead it must have a first-class hotel. The lack of such a place keeps commercial men away, and injured the city. There is an opening here for a good hotel, he said, no matter how many licenses it is decided to cut off. The leading men of London, such as its two senators, the chief justices, President Smallman of the street railway, Mr. J. C. Duffield of the City Gas Company, and others, should be called upon by the members of the committee with a view to having them subscribe toward a new hotel for London.

"It's the duty of every patriotic citizen to help along a new hotel," he said. "Half a century ago the Tecumseh House was built through the efforts of public-spirited citizen, and the same efforts need to be brought into play now."

Principal Kirk, of Aberdeen school, was tendered the thanks of the committee for the paper he recently contributed on London's industrial advantages, and he was named an honorary member of the committee.

Chairman Wyatt, Ald. Armstrong, Ald. Booth, Ald. Forristal, President Arthur W. White of the board of trade, Mr. J. W. Pocock, Assessment Commissioner Grant and City Clerk Baker were present.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured
with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props, Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, price 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

IN EVERYBODY'S MOUTH—
BRUCE CARRUTHERS CIGAR, 5c.

C. H. WARD & CO., JEWELERS.

AT PRESENT
we have some very choice gems—Diamonds, Rubies, Sapphires, Pearls, etc., and the way they are being picked up convinces us that the values we are offering are being appreciated. We can supply you with a beautiful article, and at the proper price. We stand ready to make up any combination you may select at a few hours' notice. We like to talk Rings, because we have the best facilities for producing them in the city.

WARD THE JEWELER
574 Richmond

THE T. E. MARA CO.
134 Dundas Street and 135 Carling Street.
Opposite Market Lane, Late Scream Premises

Superb Showing of New Prints and Wash Goods

Crumb's Prints, 300 pieces, all different patterns in all newest creations and coloring, every yard guaranteed, 32 inches wide. Special, yard..... 12 1/2c

See Our Range of Shirting Prints, every pattern imaginable. Special, yard..... 12c

Be On Hand Early.
Mill Ends of Print in lilac, pink, blue, brown, red, in different patterns and combinations, 28 to 30 inches wide. Regular 10c, for, yard..... 7 1/2c

Zepher Gingham, always reliable. 32 inches wide, in 12 different colorings in fancy check effects. Special, yard..... 12 1/2c

Victoria Lawn Sure To Be a Rush.
Victoria Lawn, fine and soft, free from dressing, 42 inches wide, only a limited quantity. Regular 12 1/2c, for, yard..... 9 1/2c

Fancy Check Apron Muslin for children's wear, in stripes and checks, wide width. Special, yard..... 9 1/2c

Lace Counter.
135 pieces Washing Lace and Insertion, in widths 3, 4 and 5 inches, cannot be beaten for children's dresses. To clear, yard 3c and..... 4 1/2c

Valenciennes and Torchon Laces, 500 pieces to choose from, 1c a yard up to, yard... 15c

Fur Department Reductions Almost Half.
Misses' Gray Lamb Capes, extra large size, satin lined, A1 curl. Regular \$8.00, for \$4.39

\$1.25 Fleece Nightgowns, for 75c.
Men's Extra Heavy Fleece Lined Gowns, fancy trimmed, full size. Regular \$1.25, for..... 75c

Have you seen our New Corset Cover Embroidery and Allover Embroidery? Everybody amazed at such low prices.

Watch this space Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Saving Regularly Insures Success--
A great many people never begin to save money because they have not a large amount to commence with. This is a fatal mistake—no matter how small a beginning at this bank, your account will grow rapidly, when you get the interest added to the principal and compounded.

EVERY THREE MONTHS.
Opens an account in our Savings Department.
\$1.00 per month.
We will welcome your account, large or small.

The Sovereign Bank of Canada
LONDON BRANCH, Opposite City Hall, F. E. KARN, Manager.
LONDON EAST BRANCH, 635 Dundas Street, W. J. HILL, Manager.

PUT STAMP ON RIGHT SIDE
Postoffice Department Issues Caution About Pictorial Postcards.

The public should bear in mind that postage stamps should be placed on address side of postcards, and other unenclosed cards sent abroad. Attention is drawn to the fact that the postal union regulations, governing correspondence interchanges between Canada and other countries, require the stamps used for prepaying postage on postcards or unenclosed cards, mailed as printed matter to be placed on the front or address side; and, as cards having the stamp on the back are being returned, a notice transmissible by the British exchange offices, postmasters are directed to caution the public to be careful to place stamps on the front of their cards in future.

MAY GO TO OTTAWA
Mr. Charles Forbes Offered Management of Gas Company.

Mr. Charles Forbes, who for five years has been the superintendent of the City Gas Company here, has been offered the position of manager and superintendent of the Ottawa Gas Company, and will probably accept.

Mr. Forbes came to London from Montreal, and has been very successful in his capacity as superintendent of the local lighting company. He has made very many friends, too, who will be sorry to hear that he is thinking of leaving London, but who will congratulate him upon his well-merited advancement.

FOOD OR STIMULANT.
Ask your doctor if when he orders a patient to drink lots of pure milk he advises the addition of a large quantity of whiskey. He'll tell you "no" very emphatically. Yet there are people who, when ordered to get Scott's Emulsion, will accept some wine, cordial or extract of cod liver oil and think it is the same thing or better. If you want and need cod liver oil in its best, purest and most easily digested form, get Scott's Emulsion. If you want whiskey, that's another matter, but don't look for the same results.

ONE, TWO, THREE, FOUR.
Harmsworth's Self-Educator Magazine, Number One, Two, Three and Four for sale by Red Star News Co., 8 Market Lane, city.

—Prof. J. Y. Egan, the celebrated rupture specialist, of Toronto, will be at the Grigg House on Saturday, Feb. 3rd.

SOME PERSONS are more susceptible to colds than others, contracting derangements of the pulmonary organs from the slightest causes. These should always have at hand a bottle of Bickel's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the present day sovereign remedy for coughs, catarrh and inflammation of the lungs. It will effect a cure, no matter how severe the cold may be. You cannot afford to be without a remedy like Bickel's, for it is the best.

—Prof. J. Y. Egan, the celebrated rupture specialist, of Toronto, will be at the Grigg House on Saturday, Feb. 3rd.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Toronto, Ont.