

1862.

### Extract from "Duties of Local Superintendent," as defined by the Board of School Trustees for 1853.

"To make an Annual Report, and submit the same to the Board, at such time as the Board may appoint, in each year, recording the position of the Schools, in regard to statistics, cost, system of teaching, examinations, and such other matters as may be usefully discussed and recorded." B

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### MEMBERS

OF THE

# BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR 1861.

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**N.B.**—The Chairman of the Board is, ex officio, a member of all Standing Committees.

Officers of the Board for the year 1861. G. A. BARBER, Esq., Secretary. REV. JAMES PORTER, Local Superintendent.

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# ANNUAL REPORT

#### OF THE

# LOCAL SUPERINTENDENT

# PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

TO THE CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF THE CITY OF TORONTO.

GENTLEMEN,---I have the honour to submit to you the following Report on the state of the Public Schools in this city, for the year 1861.

In my Report for 1860, I could only conjecture the number of our school population, which I had probable reasons for estimating at about 10,000, on the supposition that the entire population of the city was about 45,000. The census, which was taken at the beginning of the year 1861, has shewn that the total population of the city was then 44,743, and that the population of school age, namely from 5 to 16 years, both inclusive, was 11,595; of whom 8,633 were Protestants and 2,962 were Roman Catholics.

Of these there were in school attendance, for a longer or a shorter period, during 1860, 6,443 Pro-

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testants and 2,075 Roman Catholics, total 8,518; to whom may doubtless be added about 300, who were estimated by the Local Census Commissioner as having been under domestic or private tuition. The total number, therefore, of young persons under instruction in the city of Toronto, during some part of the year 1860, was 8,818, and the total number of such persons who were returned as not under instruction during that year, was 2,777.

Probably 1000, at least, of these were in more or less regular employment in the course of the year; but it is greatly to be feared that a large proportion of the remainder were of the classes who roam about the streets, or gather in mischievous groups on vacant lots, mutually imparting and receiving that description of out-of-doors education which can only render them the enemies of social order and a source of increasing alarm to the community. What shall be done with, or rather what shall be done for such as these, is a problem for philanthropists or legislators, as difficult of solution, perhaps, as that which relates to the punishment and reformation of convicted crimi-Of the two questions, that indeed may prove nals. the more important which respects the disposal or improvement of those who are not yet criminals, and who may be prevented from passing the narrow line which separates the juvenile street idler from the juvenile offender.

The attendance at the City Public Schools during

1861 was somewhat smaller than during 1860. The prevalence of scarlet fever throughout the greater part of the city, for the larger portion of the year, the salutary regulation which prevents the attendance at school of any member of a family in which infectious disease is known to exist, and the natural, if not always wise reluctance of some parents to send their healthy children to school, lest they should encounter infection there, will adequately explain the diminished attendance of the year now under review.

The average late attendances for the year, however, compare favourably with those of 1860.

The general efficiency of the schools has continued unimpaired. Every effort, indeed, has been made with a view to its improvement. The spirit urged on the Teachers of our Schools is that of thoroughness in distinction from that of mere display. On the part of pupils, accuracy and carefulness in acquainting themselves with elements, are more desired than extensive nominal attainments.

Our schools provide a solid and useful education, at a reasonable rate per pupil; a rate lower, indeed, than that expended on public school education in most other cities of equal or greater importance. In the Appendix to my Report for 1860, I compared the cost of our Public Schools with that of the Public Schools of Detroit and Oswego. In the Appendix to this Report—see Appendix I, (Table K)—will be found a comparison of the cost of our schools with that of the schools of Boston and Buffalo.

## I.--SUMMARY OF SCHOOLS, SCHOOL DAYS, TEACHERS, AND ATTENDANCE AND COST OF PUPILS, FOR THE YEAR 1861.

The following summary shows the number of Schools, of days during which the Schools were open, of Teachers, and of Pupils in attendance; together with the entire cost of the Schools for the year, and the cost per pupil.

### 1. NUMBER OF SCHOOLS.

The number of Schools was eight, (8,) namely, the Palace Street, George Street, Park, Victoria Street, Louisa Street, John Street, Phœbe Street and Givins Street Schools; each of which has a separate Male and Female Department.

### 2. NUMBER OF SCHOOL DAYS.

During the six months, ending June 30th - 120 During the six months, ending December 31st, in which the summer holidays were included, 105

Total - - - - 225

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# 3. NUMBER OF TEACHERS.

There have been employed by the Board during the year:

Head Masters					
Male Assistant	-	-	- 1	-	8
Head Mistresses	-	-	-	-	1
Senior Female Assistants	-	1.1	-	-	8
Junior Female Assistants	-	-	-	-	10
ounor remaie Assistants	-	-	-	-	11

### Total

38

N.B.—Four Female Teachers have also been occasionally employed, on account of the sickness of any of the regular Teachers.

For particulars, see Appendix I. (Table A.)

# 4. NUMBER OF PUPILS.

The number of pupils entered on the Registers of the several Schools, during the year, was,

Males, Females,	1	•		$\begin{array}{c} 2518\\ 2370 \end{array}$
	Total,		_	4888

Decrease, as compared with 1860,-23.

N. B.-For particulars, see Appendix I. (Table B.)

Of these there at	tended as	follows	, <b>v</b> 1z. :	
Less than 20 da	ays, -	-	-	<b>59</b> 0
From 20 to 50		-	-	834
" 50 to 100	" -	-	-	1203
" 100 to 150	" -	-	-	948
" 150 to 200	·· _	-	-	761
" 200 to 225	·· -	-	-	552
	Total,	-	-	4888
N. B.—For ana	lysis, see	Appen	dix I. (7	Table C.)
			Hondon	20 W08
The average reg	istered m	onthly a	ttendan	$1440^2$
$\mathbf{Males},$	-	-	-	$1449\frac{2}{11}$
Females,	-	-	•	$1351\frac{7}{11}$
Te	otal,	-	-	2800 <sup>9</sup>
Decrease, as	compared	with 13	860,—4	6.
N. B.—For par	ticular's se	e Apper	ndix I. ('	Table D.)
The average me	onthly atte	endance	was,	
Males,		-	-	$1151\frac{4}{11}$
Females,	-	-		1033 <del>.</del>
T	otal,	-	-	2185 <del>1</del>
Decrease, as	compared	l with 1	860,—9	9.
N. BFor par D. and E.)	rticulars, s	see Ap	pendix	I. (Tables

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The average daily attendance was,								
Males,	-	-	-	11451228				
Females,	-	-		103537				
,				1000225				
$\mathbf{T}_{i}$	otal,	-	-	2180125				
Decrease, a	s compare	d with 1	1860,—8	80.				
The average daily absences of pupils,								
Males,		-	-	304				
Females, -	-	-	-	316				
	(The day)							
T	Total,	-	-	620				
Increase, as	compared	d with 1	860,34	<b>4</b> .				
The average h	alf-day ak	sences	were,					
Males, -	-	-	- 1	$72\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{9}{8}$				
Females,	-	1	-	60128				
	Total,	-	-	133.71				
Increase, as	compared	with 1	860,8.					
(7)				•				
The average la	ate attenda	ances we	ere,					
Males,	-	-	-	115193				
Females,	-	-	-	$118_{225}^{36}$				
	<b>Fotal</b> ,	-	-	2333293				
Decrease, as		d with I	1860,1					

The smallest attendance on any one day, in the several Schools, was,

	MALES.	FEMALES.	TOTAL.
Palace Street, July 12th,	<b>23</b>	<b>32</b>	55
George Street, February 8th,	93	62	155

			MALES.	FEMALES.	TOTAL.	
The Park, Feb	oruary	8th,	77	43	120	
Victoria Street,	"	8th,	<b>74</b>	53	127	
Louisa Street,	"	8th,	122	89	<b>211</b>	
John Street,	"	8th,	<b>73</b>	<b>34</b>	107	
Phœbe Street,	" "	8th,	<b>64</b>	57	121	
Givins Street,	"	8th,	33	<b>28</b>	61	
					055	
			559	398	957	
Decrease, as com	paredy	with 18	60.155	278	433	

In seven of the Schools, the smallest attendance was on the 8th of February, perhaps the severest day in the whole winter ; in the remaining School it was on the 12th of July.

The largest attendance in any one day, in the several Schools, was,

	MALES.	FEMALES.	TOTAL.
Palace Street, April 16th,	78	80	158
George Street, September 16th,	<b>202</b>	205	407
The Park, " 11th,	198	137	335
Victoria Street, June 10th,	176	206	382
Louisa Street, May 14th,	266	276	542
John Street, June 11th,	147	126	373
Phœbe Street, May, 9th,	189	171	360
Givins Street, July 17th,	73	69	142
	1329	1270	2599
Decrease, as compared with 1860,	110	29	81

Thus the largest attendance at the several Schools;

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Sub gaged each : In R F S T F F

In An Ei G this year, ranged from April the 16th to September the 16th; occurring in one instance in April, in two instances in May, in two in June, in one in July, and in two in September.

## 5. Cost of the Schools.

Regarding the total cost of the Schools for the year as \$25,640, then the cost per pupil, calculated As per number of Pupils registered, was - \$5.25 As per average registered monthly attend-

ance, was	-	-	-	-	9.16
As per average	daily	attendance,	was	~	11.75

# II. SUBJECTS OF INSTRUCTION.

Subjects of instruction, and number of Pupils engaged at some time during the year in the study of each :

In Reading, namely,

First Na	tional	Read	er	-	-	1,261
Second	-	-	-	_	-	,
Third	-	-	_		-	1,318
Fourth	-	-	_	-	-	1,163
Fifth	-	_		1	-	647
		_	-	-	-	524
		Tota	al	-		4,913
In Arithmeti	c.	-				1150
English G	/	mar		-	-	4,156
General (	1000	nar,	-	-	-	2,292
C	reog	apny	•	-	-	4,470

Canadian Geogra	phy	-	-		2,223	
History		-	-	-	2,006	
Writing (not inc	ludin	g writ	ting of	n		
slates) -		-	-	-	2,658	
Book-keeping -		-	-	-	52	
Mensuration	-	-	-	-	88	
Algebra - ·	-	-	-	-	149	
Geometry -	-	-	-	-	142	
Natural Philosop	hy	-	-	-	123	
Vocal Music	-	-	-	-	2,320	
Linear Drawing		-	-	-	271	
Needlework, (Gin	rls)	- `	-	-	1,353	
For particulars see Appendix I. (Table F.)						

### III. SCHOOL BOOKS IN USE.

The books used have been the National Readers; Sullivan's Spelling Book Superseded; Sangster's Elementary Arithmetic; Lennie's English Grammar; Sullivan's Introduction to Geography; Edwards' Summary of English History; The National Book-keeping; The National Mensuration; Colenso's Algebra; and various editions of Euclid's Elements.

All the Schools are amply provided with Blackboards and Maps.

### IV. SCHOOL LIBRARIES.

The number of volumes in the School Libraries, at this date, is—

# Th was-

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### A L deliver one of Victor pupils

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Total - - - 2728

1679

1049

The number of volumes taken out, during the year, was—

Male Departments Female	-	-	-	6229
remate	-	-	-	4224
Total For particulars see Ap		- lix I. (	- Table	10453 G

## V. LECTURES.

A Lecture on "Several Natural Phenomena" was delivered early in the year by J. W. Brent, Esq., one of the Trustees for the Ward of St. James, at the Victoria Street School House. The attendance of pupils and their parents was tolerably good.

The Annual Lecture, required by law, was delivered by the Local Superintendent, in each of the six large School-houses and in the Palace Street School-house, during the latter part of November and the earlier part of December. The subject was "Our Common Schools, their work, and its performance."

# VI. EVENING SCHOOL.

As mentioned in my Report for 1860, the Board decided that, "for the season beginning on Monday,

October 15th, of that year, the Evening School should be conducted by one of the Head Masters of the Day Schools, on his own responsibility, at the fixed charge of half a dollar per month from each pupil, payable in advance; and that, to encourage this scheme, the Board would grant to said Teacher the use of the Victoria Street School-house, (so far as the necessities of the Evening School might require,) fuel, light and attendance, free of charge." Mr. Thompson, Head Master of the John Street School, was subsequently appointed to the charge of the Evening School, and the attendance of pupils to the end of the year was given in the Report referred to. The Evening School was re-opened after the Christmas holidays. During January, of this year, the number of pupils who complied with the prescribed terms respecting payment, was 20; and, during February, the number was 14. At the end of February, the School was closed.

In the course of September the subject of the Evening School was submitted to the Committee on School Management, &c., and on the 30th of that month, in their Report, No. 5, that Committee reported as follows:—" Your Committee have had under consideration whether or no the Evening School should be continued during the present session; and they have come to the conclusion that, in consequence of the want of sufficient encouragement under both the systems which have been tried, it is not expedient to re-open the same at present." This Report was adopted by the Board.

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# VII. EXAMINATIONS.

Three Examinations have been held in the course of the year, namely, the Combined Examination of pupils selected from every division of each department of the several Schools, and the usual Summer and Winter Examinations of all the Schools.

# 1. THE COMBINED EXAMINATION.

This Examination took place, by order of the Board, (on the recommendation of the Committee on School Management, in their Report, No. 3,) at the Victoria Street School-house, on Monday, the 22nd of July. The Examiners were the Rev. William Gregg, A.M., and M. C. Howe, Esq., L.L.D., Head Master of the Toronto Grammar School. As in former years, the pupils examined were three individuals from every Division of each Department, male and female, of the several Schools, selected by their respective Teachers for their uniformly good conduct as well as for their general proficiency, and approved by the Local Superintendent. They were classed for the purpose of examination according to the divisions to which they belonged in their several Schools, as First (or Junior), Second (or Intermediate), and Third (or Senior). There were exceptions, however, to this arrangement; one in the case of the Female Departments of the Park and John Street Schools, each of which consists of but two divisions, (Senior and Junior,) the pupils of the Senior Divisions of

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which were, therefore, examined as against each other; and another, in the case of the Palace Street and Givins' Street Schools, which having only two Divisions each, (Senior and Junior,) in either Department, were consequently examined as against each other, it being considered that Schools in which the arrangement of the pupils in Divisions is similar should be tested by the Examinations in a similar manner.

It was provided by the Board, on recommendation of the Committee on School Management (Report No. 4, July 11th) that, in addition to the scholarships to be competed for, prizes and certificates of honour be awarded to those who are not successful in obtaining scholarships, on the same principle as was observed on the similar occasion in 1860.

The Examination was partly oral, and in part was conducted by means of printed questions, copies of which will be found in Appendix II. (A.)

For lists of pupils, arranged in order of merit, who, on the recommendation of the Examiners, received Scholarships, Prizes, or Certificates, see Appendix II. (B.)

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## REPORT

OF THE EXAMINERS, AT THE COMBINED EXAMINATION OF THE COMMON SCHOOLS, OF THE CITY OF TORONTO, HELD JULY 22ND, 1861.

# To the Chairman and Members of the Board of Trustees of the Public Schools of the City of Toronto.

GENTLEMEN, —The Examiners beg to submit to you the results of the Examination of the pupils selected from the Public Schools of this City, held by them at the Victoria Street School-house on the 22nd of July, 1861.

The total number of pupils present was 126. There were 48 from the first, 48 from the second, and 30 from the third or highest Divisions. The behaviour of the pupils during the examination was highly creditable. As on former occasions the Examiners derived great assistance in making their arrangements from the Rev. James Porter, the Local Superintendent.

The examination of the First Division was entirely oral. The examination of the Second Division was also oral, except in Arithmetic. In the highest Division the answers were given in writing. In all the Divisions the answering was, on the whole, satisfactory.

#### FIRST DIVISION.

In this Division there were two classes; the first consisting of George Street, the Park, Victoria Street, Louisa Street, John Street, and Phœbe Street Schools, in which there is a full complement of teachers; the second of Palace Street and Givins' Street Schools. The pupils in both were examined in Reading, Spelling, Arithmetic and Geography. In the first class the reading was good in all the schools. Mary Jane Berry, of Phœbe Street, was the best reader. The spelling was also good; the Park School stood first. Arithmetic was fair: Phœbe and George Street were the best. Geography was scarcely so good; George Street and the Park were the best.

In the second class the reading and spelling were good, both in Palace and Givins' Street, especially The answering in Arithmetic and in Givins' Street. Geography was not so good in either school.

In the first class, the Examiners recommend that prizes and certificates of honour be given to the following pupils:

#### PRIZES.

1. Ernest Butler, Louisa Street, Equal. 2. Isaac Nurse, George Street,

3. Alfred Hallat, the Park.

4. Ella Gay, George Street,

5. William Cook, the Park,

6. Thomas Stewart, Louisa Street,

#### CERTIFICATES OF HONOUR.

Equal.

1. Mary Jane Berry, Phœbe Street. 2. Mary Jane Hunt, Phœbe Street.

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TI class John Stree Louis and . ing, ] graph

Th and th the S best r John there Street 3. Edward Thomas, George Street.

4. Elizabeth Fleming, The Park.

And in the second class, prizes and certificates to the following :

#### PRIZES.

1. Paul Kingston, Palace Street.

2. Thomas Gill, Palace Street.

3. Richard Hornby, Givins' Street.

#### CERTIFICATES.

1. Cornelius Burns, Givins' Street.

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ıt

2. Robert McLaughlin, Palace Street.

# SECOND (INTERMEDIATE) DIVISION.

The pupils in this Division were divided into three classes, the first consisting of part of the Park and John Street Schools, the second of Palace and Givins' Street, and the third of George Street, Victoria St., Louisa Street, Phœbe Street, and part of the Park and John Street. They were all examined in Writing, Reading, Spelling, Arithmetic, Grammar, Geography and History.

The Writing was fair; Palace Street, Louisa Street, and the Park the best. The Reading was good in all the Schools. Emma J. Gay, of George St., was the best reader. Spelling was very good; Givins' and John Street the best in this Division. In Arithmetic there was great variety; some very good; Givins' Street and John Street the best. Grammar was good; George Street and Victoria Street the best. Geography good; Victoria and George Street the best. History was remarkably good in all the Schools; George Street the best.

In this Division the Examiners recommend prizes and certificates of honour to be given to the following:—

#### In the First Class.

#### PRIZES.

Jane Ryrie, Park Street.
 Margaret Constable, John Street.

#### In the Second Class.

#### PRIZES.

William Moss, Givins' Street.
 Alice Hornby, Givins' Street.

#### CERTIFICATES.

John Fraser, Givins' Street.
 Isabella Shuter, Palace Street.

#### In the Third Class.

#### PRIZES.

Equal.

1. John Foreman, Louisa Street.

2. Alexander Sampson, Louisa Street.

3. Robert Gill, George Street.

4. Helen Magee, George Street,

5. Frederick McDonald, John Street,

6. Emma J. Gay, George Street.

1. 2. 3. 4.

Th Writh tions, Histo Smith Mensu

The the be son of Park y and Ge vations Arithm Louisa some y best. I John S generall

The p metry, answers

#### CERTIFICATES.

1. Jessie Andrew, Victoria Street.

- 2. Christina Drew, Phœbe Street.
- 3. James Foston, Victoria Street.

4. John James Williams, Victoria Street.

# THIRD (SENIOR) DIVISION.

The pupils in this Division were examined in Writing, Reading, Spelling, Definitions and Derivations, Arithmetic and Grammar, Geography and History. Nearly all the boys and one girl, Lydia Smith, were examined in Algebra, Geometry and Mensuration.

The Writing was very creditable; Victoria Street the best. Reading was also good; Hannah Wilkinson of George Street, and Henry Robinson of the Park were the best. Spelling was very good; Phœbe and George Street the best. Definitions and Derivations fair; Lydia Smith of Louisa Street the best. Arithmetic generally excellent; John Street and Louisa Street the best. Grammar, great varieties, some very good; John Street and Louisa Street the best. In Geography there were also great varieties; John Street and Louisa Street the best. History generally very good; John Street the best.

The pupils who were examined in Algebra, Geometry, and Mensuration, generally gave excellent answers; William Courtney of Louisa, and William

# Lewis of George Street, particularly distinguished themselves.

One boy, Arthur Craig, of the Park School, was compelled by sickness to leave before the examination was concluded; his answering, while present, was satisfactory.

The following names are placed in the order of merit:---

- 1. Lydia Smith, Louisa Street.
- 2. James Constable, John Street.
- 3. William Dorothy, John Street.
- 4. Rebecca Jones, Phœbe Street.
- 5. Thomas John Coyne, Phœbe Street.
- 6. William Courtney, Louisa Street.
- 7. William Lewis, George Street.
- 8. Alfred Baker, John Street.
- 9. Ellen Reeves, Phœbe Street.
- 10. George L. Brighton, George Street.

#### CERTIFICATES.

11. James Leatch, Park School.

12. Julia Gould, Louisa Street.

13. Hannah Wilkinson, George Street.

The Examiners recommend Scholarships to be given to Nos. 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 10; Prizes to Nos. 1, 4, and 9; Certificates to 11, 12, and 13.

SEPARATE PRIZES FOR MATHEMATICS.

1. William Courtney, Louisa Street.

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# 2. William Lewis, George Street.

Respectfully submitted,

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### (Signed,) WILLIAM GREGG, A.M. M. C. HOWE, LL.D.

In their Report (No. 4), adopted by the Board on July 11th, the Committee of School Management recommend "that so soon as the Examiners shall have made their Report, his Worship the Mayor be communicated with on the subject of the Scholarships; and further that the Committee be authorised to make the necessary arrangements for having the Scholarships, Prizes and Certificates of Honour awarded in public to the successful parties, as was done in 1860."

A public meeting, called by authority of the Board of School Trustees, was accordingly held in the Saint Lawrence Hall, on the evening of Friday, the 2nd of August, in order that the Scholarships, Prizes and Certificates of Honour, awarded by the Board on the recommendation of the Examiners at the Combined Examination, might be distributed by His Worship the Mayor, in the presence of the parents and friends of the successful competitors, of the friends of education, and of the public in general. The meeting was very well attended.

An address, commendatory of the condition of the Schools, was delivered by the Mayor, the Report of the Examiners was read by the Local Superintendent, and instructive and animating addresses were

delivered by the Rev. Dr. McCaul, President of University College, and the Rev. Dr. Jennings, Chairman of the Board of Public Instruction for the County of York. The meeting was closed with prayer and the Apostolic benediction by the Rev. Mr. Sansom, the Rector of Trinity Church. Among the friends of popular education on the platform, were His Honour Mr. Justice Maclean, and Mr. Alderman Nasmith. A letter was read by the Mayor from the late Mayor, Adam Wilson, Esq., M.P.P., expressing Mr. Wilson's regret, on account of his inability to attend the meeting, and a letter of similar purport was read by G. A. Barber, Esq., Secretary of the Board, from Professor Wilson of University College. Professor Wilson, addressing the Secretary, says:-"May I beg of you to assure the Trustees that nothing but an unavoidable necessity would prevent me from being present on so interesting an occasion, and bearing any share in the proceedings which they might conceive calculated to forward the admirable system of competition which they are introducing among the City Public Schools."

A Report was also read by the Secretary (a copy of which is herewith submitted) from Dr. Howe, Head Master of the County Grammar School, respecting the attendance, good conduct, and proficiency of the boys who received the Grammar School Scholarships last year.

Six of the boys who received Scholarships, this year, entered the County Grammar School; the

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# TORONTO, August 1st, 1861.

DEAR SIR,—In reply to your communication of the 30th July, with reference to the Scholarships in the Toronto Grammar School, awarded by His Worship the Mayor of 1860, on behalf of the City Schools of Toronto, I beg to inform you that out of the seven scholarships conferred, five boys have availed themselves of the privileges of a higher order of tuition for two years.

With respect to the five boys who have, during the past year, been under my tuition, I am happy to say that I can give a most satisfactory account of their conduct, regularity of attendance, and good progress in their studies.

Their conduct has been uniformly consistent and correct;—they have ever manifested towards their teachers a grateful feeling and marked respect.

Their attendance, with the exception of two boys whose health precluded the possibility of attendance for some time, has been most punctual and regular.

I can cheerfully testify to the great progress they have made during the past year, evidenced by the pleasing fact that at the two public examinations of the school they carried off the highest prizes and certificates in their respective classes. Without the slightest intention of making any invidious distinction or exciting a jealous feeling between him and competitors, I think it but an act of justice to make honourable mention of Daniel Ryrie, who, in every department in which he competed, carried off the first prize.

In conclusion, I would most respectfully suggest that the Mayor and Corporation, together with the Board of School Trustees, would take into consideration the propriety of extending the period of the Grammar School Scholarships from two to four years, --at least in the case of those who intend to apply themselves to an University Education, as two years are not sufficient to prepare a boy with only a partial English Education, to enable him to matriculate in the University.

I remain,

Dear Sir,

Yours very truly, M. C. HOWE, LL.D.

Head Master Toronto Grammer School.

G. A. BARBER, Esq., Secretary, &c., &c.

2. THE USUAL SUMMER EXAMINATION.

On Thursday, the 1st of August, the ordinary Summer Examination of all the Schools was held, as per order of the Board. His Worship the Mayor, and other prominent citizens, both lay and clerical, took the o press Certi of at throu and o eral

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took an interest in the proceedings of the day, and the descriptions and comments furnished by the city press were very encouraging to all concerned. 183 Certificates of Honour for regularity and punctuality of attendance, combined with uniformly good conduct throughout the session, which began January 2nd, and ended August 1st, were distributed by the several Local Trustees, at the close of the examinations.

A summary of the Certificates distributed in the several Schools will be found in Appendix II. (C.)

## 3. THE USUAL WINTER EXAMINATIONS.

On Tuesday, the 24th of December, the usual Winter Examination of all the Schools took place, in pursuance of the order of the Board. The attendance of visitors was, generally speaking, very small in the forenoon but much better in the afternoon. The unusually large number of 449 Certificates of Honour, for regularity and punctuality of attendance, combined with uniformly good conduct throughout the session beginning September 2nd and ending December 24th, were distributed by the Local Trustees to the pupils of the Schools situated in their respective wards, at the close of the afternoon engagements.

A summary of the Certificates distributed in the several Schools will be found in Appendix II. (D.)

### VIII. SPECIAL MATTERS WORTHY OF RECORD.

### 1. PROPORTION OF THE NUMBER OF TEACHERS TO THE NUMBER OF PUPILS IN A DEPARTMENT.

In their Report No. 1, (adopted February 21st,) the Committee on School Management state that they have had under consideration the question of how many Teachers ought to be employed in proportion to the number of pupils in a Department (male or female); and they have agreed to recommend, as a general rule, that for the future, in every instance where the number of pupils in any Department shall fall below 150 for, say, two months, then no more than two Teachers shall be employed."

### 2. EMPLOYMENT OF FEMALE ASSISTANTS, AS FAR AS POSSIBLE.

In the same Report, the Committee state that they have had under consideration the general organization, as at present existing in the City Schools; and finding that a female assistant could efficiently discharge all the duties now performed by a male assistant in the Phœbe Street School, recommend, on the ground of economy, that the services of the present male assistant be dispensed with at the end of the current quarter and his place filled by a female assistant."

3. REVISION OF TEACHERS' GRADES. In the same Report the Committee observe, "that

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they have had under consideration the grades by which the staff of Teachers are at present classed, and, finding that the classification has become so anomalous as to cause confusion, the Committee are of opinion that the grades require to be re-organised and simplified, and they therefore recommend that there be but one grade of Head Masters and one grade of Head Mistresses in the City Schools, leaving the question of salary to be determined according to the comparative duties and responsibilities of each Teacher. The Committee also recommend that the grade of Male Assistant be continued for the present, so far as Louisa Street School is concerned. The Committee also recommend that the grade of Senior Female Teacher be abolished, as being no longer of any practical meaning or value, and that the distinction between Female Teachers in the Male and Female Departments should no longer continue; and that but one grade of Female Assistants, with a uniform salary, should be recognised, the same to include all Teachers of Intermediate Divisions, male and female, except Mrs. Mitchell of Louisa Street School, whose onerous duties merit liberal consideration as regards salary. And the Committee further recommend that all the Teachers of gallery classes, (1st Divisions,) male and female, should constitute one grade of Junior Assistants, with a uniform salary."

4. FURTHER SUPPLY OF BIBLES AND TESTAMENTS.

The Committee on School Management in their Report, No. 2, (adopted April 15th,) state "that the Committee, in accordance with the Report of the Local Superintendent, recommend that a further supply of Testaments for the use of pupils be obtained on account of Mr. Ketchum's grant to the Public Schools of this city."

Some delay in carrying out this recommendation of the Committee was occasioned by the accidental oversight of the application which was made for the books by an officer of the Board, on the part of the gentlemen to whom it was addressed. The supply of Testaments was granted, however, at a very convenient period, namely, about the middle of the session beginning after the summer holidays, and, at the same time, a copy of the Bible was granted to each of the Teachers who had entered the service of the Board, since the last similar grant was made; to be used at the opening and closing of the business of the day in their respective Divisions.

Under date November 6th, the Local Superintendent reported to the Board "that through the munificence of Jessie Ketchum, Esq., and as arranged by Mr. Ketchum's agent, the Rev. Dr. Richardson, who was prevented by severe domestic affliction from personally undertaking the service, he had had the satisfaction of distributing, on the preceding day, 360 School Testaments to pupils in the several Senior Divisions of the City Schools who had not been previously supplied with copies for class reading on Monday mornings; as well as six Bibles to Teachers

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The ( 3, (adop reported annoyed exhibition for adopt ters and be instrurespective who had been appointed during the current year, for the purpose of morning and afternoon worship in their respective School rooms." The pecuniary value of the donation now reported was forty dollars and twenty cents (\$40 20).

# 5. PUBLIC EXHIBITIONS AND ENTERTAINMENTS.

The business of the City Schools having become liable to frequent interruption by means of the proprietors and agents of various kinds of Exhibitions and Entertainments, who, through the inducement of low prices for the admission of School children, announced sometimes, on pretended authority, in the Schools themselves, tempted the pupils of our Schools to break off the regularity of their attendance and to otherwise neglect their duties; the Local Superintendent felt it necessary especially to bring the matter before the notice of the Committee on School Management as an evil which required prompt and decided treatment.

The Committee accordingly, in their Report No. 3, (adopted June 18th,) observe "that it having been reported to them that the City Schools have been annoyed by calls from parties travelling about with exhibitions, &c., recommend the following resolution for adoption, namely; *Resolved*,—That the Head Masters and Head Mistresses of the City Public Schools be instructed to prevent the announcement in their respective Schools of any public exhibitions and entertainments, and that the Local Superintendent be authorised to decline official intercourse with the managers or agents of such speculations.

## 6. REVISED STANDARD FOR ATTAINMENTS OF PUPILS.

A standard for the attainments of the pupils in the respective Divisions of the City Schools was first adopted in 1859. To that standard the Combined Examinations of two years and the transfers of pupils from lower to higher Divisions in the several Schools have referred. Time, however, shewed that in a few respects the original standard might be amended. The publication too of Sangster's Elementary Arithmetic, and the desirableness of its authorised introduction into our Schools rendered a modification of the standard yet more obviously expedient. The Local Superintendent, therefore, after careful conference on the subject with all the Head Masters and Head Mistresses of our Schools, submitted his views regarding it to the Committee on School Management. At the same time he submitted for the approval of the Committee a list of books required for the use of pupils in the respective Divisions of the Schools, selected with a view to both utility and economy from among the books authorised by the Council of Public Instruction, or used in the Provincial Model School.

The Committee referred to, in their Report, No. 5, (adopted September 30,) state, "that at the suggestion of the Local Superintendent and after hearing

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or two attacke mises, dated M to be ke Schools, thereon.

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With of that p his views upon the subject, your Committee beg to recommend an amended standard for the attainments of pupils attending the City Public Schools, as being well adapted for the guidance of Teachers in the discharge of their important duties. With this standard is also submitted a list of such books only as the Committee recommend the Board to sanction, to be deemed indispensably necessary for the proper classification and progress of the pupils in the several Divisions. And your Committee recommend that the standard, as now revised and amended, and the list of books be printed for the use of Teachers and the information of parents and guardians."

N.B. A copy of the standard and of the list thus authorised will be found in Appendix II. (E.)

7. DOGS NOT TO BE KEPT ON SCHOOL PREMISES.

The Board of Trustees having learned that in one or two instances pupils in the Schools had been attacked by dogs which were kept on School premises, an order was therefore passed by the Board, dated May 17th, "that hereafter no dog be permitted to be kept on the premises of any of the City Public Schools, either by Teachers or other persons resident thereon."

## 8. EFFORT FOR THE BENEFIT OF UNINSTRUCTED AND UNEMPLOYED CHILDREN.

With a view to the instruction and improvement of that portion of our population of School age who neither attend any School nor are in any active employment, the following resolution and amendments were submitted to the Board :

November 6th.—Mr. Brent, seconded by Mr. Carrier, moved, "That this Board, being anxiously desirous of extending the benefits of the Common School system to the utmost extent of which it is capable, and commensurate with the means provided for that purpose, it becomes necessary, under existing circumstances, to remedy defects in that respect, and that therefore a petition be presented to the Legislature, praying that provision be made by legislative enactment for enforcing a more general attendance at the Common Schools of this city."

December 4th.—By consent of the mover and seconder, the aforesaid resolution was withdrawn and the following substituted therefor, namely, Mr. Joseph, seconded by Mr. Hodson, moved, "That whereas, through defects existing in the Common School system, the benefits to be derived therefrom are not capable of being carried out to their fullest extent, namely, the providing of education for that portion of the community who, at present, but very partially avail themselves of the privileges offered thereby; therefore, *Resolved*,—That a petition be presented to the Legislature praying that some means may be provided by which the indigent children of this city can be cared for in some reformatory institution, wherein their morals and education could be

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Dec second lowing moved mitted cost of the Cit with th numbe evening provide Act to carried

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DEAR receipt properly attended to, as much for their welfare as for the public good."

December 11th.—By consent of the mover and seconder this resolution was withdrawn and the following substituted therefor, namely,—Mr. Henning moved, seconded by Mr. Dowzard,—"That it be remitted to a special committee to report the probable cost of a return showing the number of children in the City of Toronto who do not attend any School, with the causes of their non-attendance, and also the number of children who attend the public, private, evening, religious and charitable schools respectively, provided the Board has authority under the School Act to take such a census," which resolution was carried.

In his Report No. 17, (dated December 11th,) the Local Superintendent stated that he had recently received a communication from John D. Philbrick, Esq., Superintendent of the Public Schools of the City of Boston, on the working of the Truant Law of the State of Massachusetts, in that city, which, as likely to be of present interest to the Board, he begged to submit accordingly. The following is a copy of the communication referred to :—

# BOSTON, MASS., Sept. 27, 1861.

DEAR SIR,—I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your favour of the 24th.

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I regret that we have no printed document which gives a full account of our mode of administering the law relating to truancy, and I will therefore write a sketch, necessarily very brief, of this part of our system.

We have four truant officers, who devote their whole time to the execution of this provision of our These officers receive a salary educational statutes. of \$1000 each, per annum. They are appointed by the Mayor and Aldermen. The territory of the city is divided into four truant districts, each being assigned to an officer. When a teacher has a case of truancy, notice is given to the officer of the district, who proceeds to investigate the case. If it is one where admonition and advice seem to be sufficient, the delinquent is excused, otherwise, a complaint is made to the justice appointed for the trial of such cases, a warrant is issued, and the truant is brought up for trial. If the justice thinks it a good case, the delinquent is sentenced to the House of Reformation. The number of convictions has varied from fifty, or thereabouts, to seventy-five a year.

The effect of the law is very salutary. Its operation has remedied the evil of truancy to a very great extent. This part of our system is now deemed indispensable. It is one of the causes of the high per cent. of attendance in proportion to the school populatior whicl

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In a mittee Board tion t Rev. sessed as tha Board receiv the Bo I am, with high esteem,

Most truly yours,

JOHN D. PHILBRICK,

Supt. of Public Schools.

To Rev. James Porter,

Local Supt. of Public Schools,

City of Toronto, C. W.

### DECEMBER 6, 1861.

P.S.—I hope you will pardon my seeming negligence. This letter, written at the date it purports to be, by some unaccountable mistake got mislaid.

I am now preparing a paper giving a full account of our Truant Law and the mode of administering it in Boston.

### J. D. F.

In accordance with instructions given by the Committee on School Management, the Secretary of the Board (Mr. G. A. Barber) addressed a communication to the Chief Superintendent of Education, the Rev. Dr. Ryerson, asking whether the Board possessed authority to make an educational census such as that referred to in the resolution adopted by the Board, and in reply the following communication was received, and in due course submitted and read to the Board, namely—

# TORONTO, 18th December, 1861.

SIR,—I have the honour to state, in reply to your letter of yesterday, that the blank forms of returns which have been annually sent out from this Department to Boards of School Trustees contain a column for the return of children who attend no school, as well as columns for the returns of those who attend both private and public schools. The 23rd section of the Common School Act requires Trustees of School Sections to prepare and transmit a report, according to a form prepared by the Chief Superintendent of Education, containing, among other things, "the whole number of children residing in such School Section, over the age of five and under the age of sixteen years; the number of young persons taught in the school," &c. The 17th clause of the 79th section of the same Act requires the Board of Trustees in each city and town, "to prepare and transmit annually, before the 15th of January, to the Chief Superintendent of Education, in the form by him provided for that purpose, a report, signed by a majority of them, containing all the information required in the reports of Common School Trustees, and any additional information which may be required."

I herewith transmit to you two blank reports, the the one for School Sections, the other for Cities and Towns. In columns 56 and 57 you will perceive that the very information is required that the Toronto Board of School Trustees desire to procure. My annual reports contain returns from many places ---one ren no this ho

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I have and again with all th which I h the chief of recommen I brought —one from Kingston, showing the number of children not attending any School; but the columns under this head are blank in the returns from Toronto.

There can, therefore, be no doubt as to both the authority and duty of your Board of Trustees to procure and make returns of the number of the children that attend no School, and of the cause of their nonattendance.

The law may be considered defective in one respect, that no penalty is authorised to be imposed upon those parents or householders who refuse to answer the questions which the officer of the School Board may propose; but I have never heard of any complaint from any part of the Province on that account. The complaint has been of the *trouble* and labour of procuring the information required.

I am glad that the Toronto Board of School Trustees are now resolved to obtain this information as far as possible, and for a specific and important purpose.

I have for some years pressed this subject again and again upon the attention of the Government, with all the examples and authorities in its behalf which I had been able to obtain, and then, to remove the chief objection which had been urged against my recommendation, (namely popular opposition to it,) I brought it under the consideration of the various County Conventions held during my last official tour of the Province in 1860, at nearly all of which resolutions were passed favourable to more efficient legal provisions in regard to children attending no School.

A copy of the Journal of Education containing these resolutions and other relevant matter also accompanies this.

My recommendations have not gone the length of a general enactment requiring the attendance at some School (public or private) during at least six months of the year, on the part of children of certain ages; but I have confined them to what appeared to me the narrow and unobjectionable limits of simply *empower*. *ing* the Municipal Corporation of a City, Town, Village or Township to pass such by-laws as it might deem expedient, to secure the attendance of children from six to fifteen years of age, who are not employed in some useful labour, and who attend no school, by such fines or penalties on the parents or guardians of such children, or on the children themselves, as it might judge expedient.

The law, as it now stands, authorises the Board of Trustees to establish any kind or description of Schools, and therefore of a Reformatory School for vagrant children.

The provisions necessary to bring such children under the influence of School instruction, I proposed

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I des recordi our Ci whom Though Schools or infe Schools the pop educate doubtles early su sense, C cate tha whose p to leave to the discretion and local knowledge of each municipality concerned.

If your Board of Trustees will aid in pressing upon the Government the necessity of, and induce the city representatives to support, some more effective legislation on this important subject, I have no doubt that great good will ensue, especially to very many children in the cities and towns.

> I have the honour to be, Sir,

> > Your obedient Servant,

E. RYERSON.

Geo. A. Barber, Esq., Secy. B. S. Trustees, Toronto.

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I desire to close this, my third Annual Report, by recording my deep conviction of the great value of our City Public Schools to the population among whom they have been for many years established. Though often, and indeed legally, entitled Common Schools, they are not common in the sense of vulgar or inferior, while they are not yet common as Schools in which the whole, or nearly the whole, of the population of the City who are of School age are educated in common at the common expense, though doubtless it was considered by their originators and early supporters that they would become, in this sense, Common Schools. Of course they do not educate that large proportion of our School population whose parents and guardians prefer to send them to other Schools, at their own costs and charges. Nor do they educate that smaller but very important, because dangerous portion, who attend no School, and for whom, indeed, our Schools are scarcely adapted; but who, as helplessly pauperised, vagrant, or criminal children and youth, seem to require the isolation, and physical, moral, and intellectual treatment which, perhaps, only Industrial Schools and Reformatories are fitted to afford.

But it is pleasant to know that, during the year 1861, characterised, as it has been, by prevalent sickness and extensive mortality among young people, 4888 individuals have received some instruction, (though 590 have received less than 20 days,) in these Schools, while 2180 have been in average attendance during the School year, which, exclusive of all holidays, consisted of 225 days.

The pupils who have attended our Schools have been dealt with on the principle which should actuate the administration of all Common Schools that, namely, of extending as skilfully and as far as possible the benefits of elementary and necessary moral and intellectual culture, leaving the luxuries and refinements of education to be sowed and reaped in other fields and by other agencies.

The recognised aim of these Schools is the direct and indirect inculcation of moral precepts, and, as far as can be done without sectarian teaching, of re-

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ligious precepts too, and the communication of such thorough elementary instruction in Reading, Writing, and Arithmetic, and in such essentials of Grammatical, Geographical, Historical, and Mathematical knowledge as may enable the individual pupil either to enter early with a fair prospect of success on the discharge of the more active duties of common life, or to build up in other Schools and with more special opportunities and aids that superstructure of attainments, the broad and deep foundation for which should chiefly or alone be laid in Schools which are supported by all, and into which the children of all have the right of entrance.

Nor are the citizens of Toronto without occasion for mutual congratulation on account of the fact that, the proportion to our entire population of those who are more or less the subjects of early education, is, after all, by no means inconsiderable. In 1838, a select Committee of the House of Commons reported that it is desirable that there should be means of suitable daily education for a proportion of not less than about one-eight part of the population of England and Wales. Sir. J. K. Shuttleworth, in his work on Public Education, also stated that this would be a satisfactory proportion, and Mr. Edward Baines of Leeds, came to the same conclusion. The members of the recent Royal Commission, however, have ascertained that at the time at which their statistical inquiry was made, namely, in 1858, the number of children receiving Day School education

in those countries was not less than 1 in 7.7 of the population. In Prussia, which is regarded as one of the most highly educated nations in Europe, the proportion is only about 1 in 6. In the City of Toronto, however, the proportion is 1 in 5 and a small fraction. This proportion may yet be decidcdly improved. Meanwhile the knowledge that it exists may prevent undue despondency on the part

### Respectfully submitted,

of the friends and promoters of popular education.

# JAMES PORTER, Local Superintendent.

Office of Local Superintendent of Public Schools, Toronto, December 31st, 1861.

Submitted to the Board, January 15th, 1862, and referred to the Committee on School Management. Reported on by said Committee and ordered by the Board to be printed for the information of the Ratepayers, Feb. 5th, 1862.

# APPENDIX.

# APPENDIX I.

# TABLE A.-

,		CE	<b>B</b> TIFI	CATE	HEI	Ъ.
SCHOOL.	NAME OF TEACHER.	Pro	vinci	al.	Co. E	Board
		Class 1.	Class 2.	R'gis- tered No.		Class 2.
Palace Street	Martin Gill				1	
anado on contration	Mrs. J. W. Henderson				ĩ	
Jeorge Street	Richard Lewis.				1A	
active Be water	Miss C. S. Smyth					
ą	" M. J. Keown			1	1 A	
	" Amanda Richards			566		
	" Catharine Ryan		2	413		
	" C. B. Liddell			757	1	
The Park	William Anderson				1 A	
	Miss A. E. Guyler				1	
	" Susan Hamilton				1	
	" Jemima Armstrong			667		
	" A. L. Armstrong			1218		
Victoria Street						
	Miss Georgina Round					
	" Elizabeth Kennedy		2	340		
	" Margaret Wilkes		2 A	568		• • • • •
	" Rebecca Thompson					
Charles Charles	" Agnes Hall			1134		
Louisa Street						
	Samuel McAllister				11	
	Miss J. S. Morrison					·····
	Mrs Elizabeth Mitchell					2
	Miss Marion Kennedy	110		1111		
	" M. L. Garden					
John Street						
	Miss M. A. Ferris					
	" Mary Henderson					
	" Adelaide Keown	1 B		60		
Phœbe Street					1	
	Mrs. M. E. Lauder				7	
	Miss Elizabeth McMurray				3	
	" C. M. Churchill				4	
	" M. A. Churchill	. 10			3	
	" Eliza Robinson			74	4	
Givins Street	James Anderson				. 1 A	
	Mrs. Jane O'Flaherty				1	1

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#### Total.....

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Nov.

April 1 Jan. 1

July 1

Oct. 1, July 1, Jan. 1, Nov. 1, Dec. 1,

July 1, July 1,

May 3,

April 1,

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# TABLES.

RESPECTING TEACHERS.

ORIGINAL APPOINTMENT	Per Per	REMARKS.
Nov. 1, 1859 1851 1854 1855 1857 April 1, 1859 Jan. 1, 1861 1857 1857 1858 1857	320       Baptist	Trained by Ch. Ed. Society, Ireland. Trained at Edinburgh Norm. School. Trained at Liverpool Training School, England. Trained three Sessions (1850–1) at Normal School, U. C.
1855	200Presbyterian700Ch. of England400Ch of England250Methodist250Methodist200Ch. of England200Presbyterian200Ch. of England500Ch. of England500Ch. of England400Ch. of England310Methodist	Trained in Training School, London, England. Frained in Infant School System, by
(uly 1, 1861 (uly 1, 1861 1850 1857 1856 Iay 3, 1861 1850 1858	200 Baptist 200 Presbyterian 700 Ch. of England 1 320 Ch. of England 1 250 Presbyterian 200 Ch. of England 700 Ch. of England 400 Methodist	Wilderspin, England. [England. [Frained at Leeds Training School, [Trained at the Homerton Training School, England.
1857 1857 1858 pril 1, 1859 1858	250 Presbyterian 250 Baptist 200 Baptist 200 Methodist	rained at Edinburgh Training Sch'l.

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# Number of Pupils entered on the Registers of the several Schools, during the year 1861.

NAME OF SCHOOL.	MALES.	FEMALES	TOTAL.
Palace Street	156	142	298
George Street	367	376	743
The Park	281	256	537
Victoria Street	390	375	765
Louisa Street	547	531	1078
John Street	291	259	550
Phœbe Street	341	323	664
Givins' Street	145	108	253
	2518	2370	4888

#### TABLE C.

NAME OF SCHOOL.	Less than 20 days.			From 20 to 50.		From 50 to 100.		From 100 to 150.		From 150 to 200.		From 225 to 250,	
	м.	F.	м.	F.	м.	F.	м.	F.	м.	F.	м.	F.	Combined Totals.
Palace Street	24	17	26	24	35	30	30	36	20	21	21	14	298
George Street	47	47	46	61	95	83	63	83	61	64	55	38	743
The Park	18	17	39	30	61	75	60	75	52	31	51	28	537
Victoria Street	42	50	88	67	100	85	72	72	54	55	34	46	765
Louisa Street	66	72	121	84	109	144	96	84	89	94	66	53	1078
John Street	37	51	38	39	75	77	45	50	50	30	46		
Phœbe Street	43	31	66	65	89	81	70	63	48	57	25	26	664
Givins' Street	19	9	28	12	33	31	27	22	20	15			4888
	296	294	452	382	597	606	463	485	394	367	316	236	4888
Total in all the Schools	59	90	8	34	12	03	94	18	76	31	5	52	4888

#### Analysis of the Attendance at the several Schools.

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1861.

January. February March.... April..... June..... July..... September October ... November December

Divided by11 months....

Average M Public Third o

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January
February
March
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April
May
June
July
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September
October
November
november
December

# TABLE D.

		REGISTER	ED.		Average.					
1861. January February March April June July September October November December Divided by11 }	Males. 1403 1401 1424 1424 1524 1520 1449 1479 1487 1442 1330 15941	Females. 1150 1177 1226 1400 1477 1491 1878 1492 1496 1370 1211 14868	Total. 2553 2578 2650 2882 3001 3011 2827 2971 2983 2812 2541 30809	Males. 1074 1062 1155 1220 1234 1219 1121 1194 1187 1146 1053 12665	Females. 877 863 943 1099 1141 1143 1042 1175 1132 1052 905 11372	1				
	$1449\frac{2}{11}$	$1351\frac{7}{11}$	2800 <sup>9</sup> 11	$1151\frac{4}{11}$	1033 9	$2185\frac{2}{11}$				

Average Registered Monthly Attendance and Average of Average Monthly Attendance.

# TABLE E.

Average Monthly Attendance in the respective Divisions of the several City Public Schools; namely, First or Junior, Second or Intermediate, and Third or Senior, both Male and Female.

		MALES.					FFMALES.					
January February March April May June June July September October November December	33 36 41 45 46 39 35 40 39 34	2 38 40 40 33 29 26 23 30 28 26 28 28 341	3	Total. 70 73 76 74 74 72 62 65 68 65 62 761	26 25 23 32 35 35 31 39 35 36 23	2 36 37 39 39 33 28 25 25 30 31 29 352	3	Total. 62 62 62 71 68 63 56 64 65 67 52 692	133 134 135 145 145 145 129 132 114 1453			

# PALACE STREET SCHOOL.

	MALES.					FEMALES.					
	1	2	3	Total.	1	2	3	Total.	Combined Totals.		
January	57	52	57	166	49	52	49	150	316		
February		54	54	165	44	52	43	139	304		
March	63	58	56	177	55	55	49	159	336		
April		60	53	190	75	54	50	179	369		
May	85	56	47	188	82	52	49	183	371		
June	89	54	45	188	84	47	47	178	366		
July	80	46	43	169	83	48	45	176	345		
September		54	59	195	84	61	46	191	386		
October A		55	63	195	80	61	45	186	381		
November	74	-56	61	191	81	58	42	181	372		
December	57	56	60	173	59	50	39	148	321		
	798	601	598	1997	776	590	504	1870	3867		

### GEORGE STREET SCHOOL.

		M	ALES.			Combined Totals.			
	1	2	3	Total.	1	2	3	Total.	Com
January	46	39	42	127	39	45		84	211
February		37	43	124	39	44		83	207
March	71	42	44	157	49	46		95	252
April		42	46	166	56	51		107	273
May	89	37	49	175	72	52		124	299
June	87	35	44	166	70	53		123	289
July	79	33	43	155	71	49		120	275
September	77	37	46	160	74	71		145	305
October	80	38	47	165	75	68		143	308
November	80	38	49	167	63	58		131	298
December		35	47	143	42	64		106	249
	792	413	500	1705	650	611		1261	2966

January Februar March.. April... June.... June.... July.... Septemb October. Novembe

January . February March.... April ..... June..... July ..... September October... November December

		N	<b>IALES</b>	1999 - 1999 1999 - 1999		FEMALES.						
	1	2	3	Total.	1	2	3	Total.	Continued Totals.			
January	58	50	49	157	47	47		105				
February	60	48	49	157	41		41	135	292			
March	67	47	51	165		44	42	135	292			
April	.66	47	46		56	45	43	144	309			
May	73	47		159	79	52	47	178	337			
June	82		43	163	90	48	44	182	345			
[n]v	04	45	37	164	95	50	46	191	355			
July	75	42	32	149	82	48	40	170	319			
September	69	47	40	156	95	53	43	191	347			
October		48	40	152	89	51	42	182	334			
November	61	41	39	141	82	47	42	171	312			
December	55	36	37	128	68	44	42	154	282			
	730	498	463	1691	832	529	472	1833	3524			

VICTORIA STREET SCHOOL.

		N	<b>I</b> ALES	•		FEMALES.					
	1	2	3	Total.	1	2	3	Total.	Combined		
January	98	70	52	220	78	63	51	192	416		
February	96		44	213	80		54	192	412		
March	101	73	47	221	104		51	212	438		
April	121	71	53	245	127	62	54	243	488		
May	137	67	51	255	146		49	254	509		
une	145	64	45	254	136	58	49	243	497		
uly	134	58	41	233	112	51	41	204	437		
September			49	248	149	58	54	261	509		
October	138		52	254	142	64	53	259	513		
November			51	256	128	60	54	242	498		
December	119	66	53	238	102	58	50	210	448		
	1362	737	538	2637	1304	647	560	2511	5148		

LOUISA STREET SCHOOL.

53

1

		M	LES.			FEMALES.							
	1	2	3	Total.	1	2	3	Total.	Combined Totals.				
January	28	52	51	131	37	54		91	222				
February		50	51	125	32	52		84	209				
March		51	54	133	35	54		89	222				
April		56	50	144	51	55		106	250				
May		54	46	138	56	52		108	246				
June		53	49	144	62	51		113	257				
July	1	49	44	133	56	43		99	232				
September		46	54	147	50	53		103	250				
October	49	45	54	148	51	51		102	250				
November	44	47	49	140	45	44		89	229				
December	36	47	48	131	35	39		74	205				
	414	550	550	1514	510	548		1058	2572				

#### JOHN STREET SCHOOL.

#### Combined Totals. MALES. FEMALES. $\mathbf{2}$ Total. $\mathbf{2}$ Total. January ..... 286 $\mathbf{45}$ February..... March ..... 31 April ..... 87 May ..... June..... ..... July ...... 34 26 September..... 38 October ..... November ..... $\mathbf{42}$ December ...... 337 488 644 499

#### PHŒBE STREET SCHOOL.

Janua Febru March April. June. July. Septen Octobe Novem Decem

A

Being t of the

NAME OF School

Palace S George S The Park Victoria & Louisa S John St.. Phœbe S Givins' S

Divided by 11 months

Average.

		M	ALES.		FEMALES.				oined als.
	1	2	3	Total.	1	2	3	Total.	Combined Totals.
January	25	41		66	18	36		54	120
February	24	39		63	15	35		50	113
March	28	43		71	17	34		51	122
April	32	38		70	25	32		57	122
May	36	32		68	27	31		58	126
June	36	31		67	31	31		62	120
July.	34	33		67	32	28		60	129
September	33	34		67	33	27		60	127
Jctober	28	30		58	25	24		49	107
November	24	29		53	24	24		48	107
December	25	29		54	21	25		46	101
								40	100
	325	379		704	268	327		595	1299

# GIVINS' STREET SCHOOL.

### **RECAPITULATION:**

Being the Average of Average Monthly Attendance in the respective Divisions of the Schools, namely, the First or Junior, the Second or Intermediate, and the Third or Senior, both Male and Female.

NAME OF School.		MA	LES.			FEMA	LES.		Combined Totals.
	1	2	3	Total.	1	2	3	Total.	Con
Palace St	420	341		761	340	352		692	1453
George St	798	601	598	1997	776	590	504	1870	3867
The Park	792	413	500	1705	650	611		1261	2966
Victoria St.	730	498	463	1691	832	529	472		3524
Louisa St	1362	737	538	2637	1304	647	560		5148
John St	414	550	550	1514	510	548	000	1058	2572
Phœbe St	644	499	513	1656	727	337	488	1552	3208
Givins' St	325	379		704	268	327		595	1299
Divided by } 11 months. }	5485	4018	3162	12665	5407	3941	2024	11372	24037
Average	49871	$365\frac{3}{11}$	$287\frac{5}{11}$	1151-4	$491\frac{6}{11}$	358 3	184	1033-9	2185-2

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INSTRUCTION.
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OF
NUMBER

Needlework.	63	63	188	188	256	256
Гіпеаг Drawing.	30	30				
Vocal Music.	142	142	367 376	743	281	281
Vatural Philosophy.			44	44	44	44
Geometry.			24	24	13	13
А]gebra.			16 30	46	7	2
Mensuration.			9	9	9	9
Воок-кеерілg.	5	5	9	9	57	67
.3aitinW	$109 \\ 142$	251	$\begin{array}{c} 205 \\ 188 \\ \end{array}$	393	$144 \\ 191$	335
History.	72 31	103	$205 \\ 188$	393	$116 \\ 105$	221
Сападіап Geography.	72 31	103	250 90	295	$144 \\ 140$	284
Gепетаl Geography.	156 142	298	$205 \\ 286$	491	$281 \\ 203$	484
Татат.	72 59	131	250 188	393	$116 \\ 105$	221
Arithmetic.	156 142	298	367 262	629	$200 \\ 191$	391
<b>Гі</b> fth Вооk.	16	24	44	60	44 27	11
Fourth Book.	21 23	44	66 44	110	39 26	65
Third Book.	36 36	74	98 98	183	33 52	85
Second Book.	34 26	60	67 74	141	78 86	164
First Book.	47 49	96	95 114	209	87 65	152
NAME OF SCHOOL.	PALACE STREET— Males Females	Total.	GEORGE STREET- Males	Total	Тив Ракк— Males	Total

VICTORIA STREET- Males Females	99	98	$122 \\ 125$	35 34	44 14	390 375	193 173	390 375	201 69	143 173	201 173	1		10	15		173	69	173
Total	215	176	247	69	58	765	366	765	270	316	374	-			15		173	69	173
LOUISA STREET- Males Females	118	185 217	121 108	55 62	68 31	416 350	244 190	547 531	123 150	159 190	244 223		34	88	50	35		91 31	190
Total	231	402	229	117	66	766	434	1078	273	349	467		34	41	50	35		122	190
JOHN STREET	59 83	36 44	100	27	69 30	291 259	166	196 259	96	160	196	28	24	25	31	1	291 259		259
Total	142	80	161	68	-	550	288	455	218	282	328	28	24	25	31	: [	550		259
Рнсвв Street- Males Females	93 68	100 124	46	67 66	35 35 18	236 302	186	341 323	320 300	132	198	4	9	12	6		323	35	152
Total	161	224	93	133	53	538	338	664	620	263	350	4	9	30	6	11	323	35	152
GIVINS STREET— Males Females	40 15	39	62 29	24 17	15 15	145 74	70	145 90	70 70	40	98	9	12			1 11	108	15	72
Total	55	F	16	41	30	219	121	235	160	79	160	.9	12	İİ	ii	İ	108	15	72
General Totals	1261	13181	1163	647	524 4	41562	2292 4	44702	22232	20062	2658	52	. 88	149	142	123 2	2320	271	1353

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### TABLE G.

 $\mathbf{58}$ 

NAME OF SCHOOL.	No. of	Vols. IN L	IBRARY.	No. TAE	YEAR.	RING THE
	Male Depart't.	Female Depart't.	Total.	Male Dep <b>art't</b> .	Female Depart't.	Total.
Palace Street	151		151	438	453	891
George Street	250	214	464	1438	440	1878
The Park	255	150	405	656	599	1255
Victoria Street	198	152	350	539	380	919
Louisa Street	218	232	450	759	804	1563
John Street	248	151	399	1446	819	2265
Phœbe Street	207	150	357	457	253	710
Givins Street	152		152	496	476	972
Total	1679	1049	2728	6229	4224	10452

#### SCHOOL LIBRARIES.

N.B.—The Palace Street and Givins Street School Libraries, though kept in the rooms occupied by the Male Departments of those Schools, are accessible to the elder pupils of both the Male and Female Departments.

#### TABLE H.

Comparative Statement of the City Schools, under specific headings, from 1844 to 1861, both inclusive.

Year.	City Population	Average Registered Attendance.	Average Daily Attendance.	Number of Teachers.	Average number of Pupils to each Teacher		tal Cost of ning the S		Cost p. Child p. ann. on basis of Registered Attendance.	Cost p. Child p. ann. on basis Average Daily Attendance.
1844	18500		1194	12	100	41	months	£1377		\$5 00
1845	19706		1108	12	92	12	"	1921		7 00
1846	20565		1212	15	81	12	"	2011		6 60
1847	21784		1265	13	97	12	""	1871		6 00
1848	23503		1431	13	110	1 1	year	917		5 50
1849	24126		1325	13	102	1 1	"	917		5 08
1850	25766		1259	15	91	$12^{-}$	months	1998		6 30
1851	30763	1843	1366	16	85	12	""	2406	\$5 80	7 20
1852	35000	1872	1346	16	84	12	"	2558	5 40	7 40
1853	40000	1886	1402	20	70	12	""	3215	7 00	9 00
1854	41500	1971	1459	21	69	12	"	4176	8 50	11 40
1855	42500	2066	1570	31	50	12	"	5218	10 00	13 00
1856	43250	2318	1747	<b>32</b>	55	12	**	5642	10 00	12 80
857	45000	2480	1863	36	52	12	**	6054	10 00	13 00
858	47500	2522	1987	36	55	12	"	6599	9 69	12 50
859	45000	2742	2150	38	56	12	"	6303	9 20	11 73
860	45000	2846	2260	38	59	12	**	6511	9 15	11 52
1861	44743	2800	2180	38	57	12	""	6410	9 16	11 75

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### TABLE K.

# Comparative Statement of the cost of Instruction per pupil, for the year 1860, in the Public Schools of Toronto, Boston, and Buffalo.

In Boston, the cost per pupil for the year, calculated on the aver- age whole number belonging to the Schools was	<b>@1</b> 4	72	
in foronte, the cost per pupil, calculated on the daily average	φ14	19	
attendance, was	11	<b>52</b>	
In Buffalo the estimate of cost is based exclusively on Salaries of Teachers, and for 1860, it stands as follows:			
The cost per pupil on the whole number registered was	5	07	
The cost, on average registration	8	64	
The cost in actual (I presume average daily) attendance	10	08	
The costs of our Schools non pupil as he had a second			

The costs of our Schools, per pupil, calculated on the basis of the proportion of daily average attendance to Teachers' salaries, was.......\$ 6.35 against, in Buffalo......

and in Parts	10.08
and, in Boston,	10.96

In our Schools, the proportion of pupils in average attendance to the number of teachers employed was, 59 pupils to 1 teacher; in Buffalo, it was 33 pupils to 1 teacher; and in Boston, the maximum number of pupils to each teacher, according to the School Regulations, is 56. The proportion in our Schools during the year 1861, a year of extraordinary sickness among young persons, was 57 pupils to 1 teacher.

Were building and incidental expenses taken into account, it would doubtless appear that the cost, per pupil, in the schools of Boston and Buffalo, very far exceeds that of our own schools. In Boston "incidental expenses," as reported, are described as being "exclusive of buildings."

# APPENDIX II.

#### Α.

### Examination papers at the Combined Examination, July 22nd, 1861.

In the first or junior, and in the second or intermediate Division, the examination was entirely oral, with the exception of one paper, namely, that on Arithmetic, in the second or intermediate Division.

In the third or senior Division, the examination was conducted altogether in writing, Reading of course excepted.

#### ARITHMETIC.

#### 2ND DIVISION.

1. Multiply 2565432 by 35802.

2. Divide 1745498 by 567.

3. The sum of £4628 2s. 6d. is divided equally between 75 men; how much does each receive ?

4. Reduce 12 tons, 17 cwt. 3 qrs. 27 lbs. & 11 oz. to ounces.

5. How many grains are in 7 bars of gold, each weighing 15 lbs. 9 oz. and 2 grains ?

6. How many steps, of 33 inches each, must a man take in walking between Toronto and Montreal, the distance being 333 miles?

#### ARITHMETIC.

#### 3RD DIVISION.

1. Explain the meaning of "ratio" and "proportion."

2. If 7 cwt. 3 qrs. and 10 lbs. of sugar cost £15 6s. 8d., what will 18 cwt. 2 qrs. and 17 lbs. cost? (112 lbs. to cwt.) 4. D

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3. If 12 printers working 10 hours each day, can compose 324 pages in 18 days, in what time will 18 printers, working 12 hours each day, be able to compose 736 pages of the same kind of letter ?

4. Divide  $7\frac{19}{23}$  by  $6\frac{3}{8}$ , and multiply the quotient by  $\frac{11}{13}$ .

5. Multiply 7.622 by 721.6. and divide the product by .0461.

6. What is the interest of £763 2s. 6d., at 7 per cent., from 3rd December, 1859, to 12th March, 1860?

# DEFINITIONS AND DERIVATIONS.

3RD DIVISION.

Define and derive the following words :---

1. Aborigines.

2. Etymology.

3. Dyspepsy.

4. Telegraph.

5. Antediluvian.

6. Geology.

7. Secession.

8. Rhinoceros.

9. Zoöphyte.

10. Philanthropist.

11. Anatomy.

12. Hyperbole.

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#### GRAMMAR.

#### 3RD DIVISION.

1. Explain the terms "indicative," "potential," "imperative," and "infinitive," when applied to Grammar.

2. Distinguish between "etymological" and "syntactical" parsing.

3. "Life is short." In this sentence name the subject, attribute, and copula, and explain these terms.

4. Correct the following sentences, and parse the words in italics :----

- "A man who is prudent and industrious, will with that means increase his fortune."
- " Come quick, and do not hinder us."

5. Parse the word but in each of the following sentences :---

- (1.) John is industrious, but William is idle.
- (2.) He is but doing his duty.
- (3.) All came but Mary.

6. What is the difference between a dependent and an independent sentence ?

7. In the following sentence point out the dependent and independent clauses: "Cæsar, the conqueror of Gaul, who defeated Pompey at Pharsalia, was himself slain by Brutus."

8. In the above sentence parse "conquerer" and "himself."

#### GEOGRAPHY.

#### 3RD DIVISION.

1. Derive and define the term "geography."

2. Give the divisions of "geography."

8. Distinguish between "physical" and "political" geography.

- 4. What are latitude and longitude, and how are they respectively reckoned?
- 5. Name the great slopes of Europe, and give the rivers draining each slope.
- 6. Name all the political divisions of Asia, giving their relative positions.
- 7. State the position of the Aral Sea.

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- 8. Name the five "Great Powers" of Europe, and their capitals.
- 9. State the courses of the principal mountain ranges of the "Old" and "New" Worlds, and name the highest range.
- 10. Name all the "political" divisions of North and South America, giving their relative positions and capital cities.
- 11. Name the tributaries of the St. Lawrence and the Mississippi, and the principal towns situated on them.

#### HISTORY.

#### 3RD DIVISION.

- 1. Mention the dates of the Deluge, the building of Solomon's Temple and the foundation of Rome ?
- 2. Who was the father of Alexander the Great, and by what Athenian orator was his influence opposed ?
- 3. Who was Hannibal, and what were his chief exploits ?
- 4. Who was the Earl of Stafford, and what was the date of his execution ?
- 5. Name the sovereigns of England from Charles I. to the present time, giving the dates of their accession.
- 6. Give an account of Monmouth's rebellion.
- 7. Mention the leading battles fought by the Duke of Marlborough.

8. Who were Lord Clive and Warren Hastings ?

9. When were the Parliaments of England and Ireland united ?

10. Give some particulars of the battles of Trafalgar and Waterloo.

#### ALGEBRA.

#### 3RD DIVISION.

1. Multiply  $ax^2 - by^3 + c^2z$  by  $a^2x - cy + bz$ .

2. Solve the equation  $4x_{-3} = \frac{2+4x}{3} = \frac{5x-12}{5}$ 

- 3. If a man treble his capital each year, with the exception of an annual expenditure of £450, and at the end of two years find himself worth treble his original capital, what was his original capital?
- 4. A father's age is double his son's, but 8 years ago, the son's age was two-fifths of the father's; what is the age of each?
- 5. From two places, 150 miles apart, two persons set out to meet each other. One travels 16 miles a-day, the other 20. In what time will they meet?

### GEOMETRY AND MENSURATION.

#### 3RD DIVISION.

- 1. Define an angle, a scalene triangle, and a square.
- 2. Bisect a given rectilineal angle.
- 3. Prove that if from the ends of a side of a triangle there be drawn two straight lines to a point within the triangle, these shall be together less than the other two sides of the triangle, but shall contain a greater angle.

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5. Hoy

Lists oj Hono merit.

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V. List of were 4. How many acres of land are in a circular field one mile in circumference?

5. How many cubic inches are in a sphere two feet in diameter ?

Lists of pupils to whom were awarded Scholarships, Prizes and Certificates of Honour, as the result of the Combined Examination : arranged in the order of merit.

I. List of boys of the third (or senior) Division, to whom Scholarships were awarded.

1.	James Constable		
2.	James Constable William Dorothey	John Street School.	
3.	Thomas John Coyne William Courtney	do. do.	
4.	William Courtney	Phœbe do.	
5.	William Courtney William Lewis	Louisa do.	
6.	William Lewis	George do.	
7.	Alfred Baker	John do.	
	George L. Brighton	George do.	

II. List of girls of the third (or senior) Division to whom prizes were awarded.

1	. Lydia Smith		-
<b>2</b>	Lydia Smith Rebekah Jones Ellen Beauce	Louisa	Street School.
3	Ellen Reeves	Phœbe	do.
		•• do.	do.

III. List of boys of the third (or senior) Division to whom special prizes were awarded for proficiency in Mathematics.

2. William Lewis	 Louisa	Street School.
Lewis	 George	do.

IV. List of pupils of the third (or senior) Division, to whom certificates of honour were awarded.

1. James Leatch	
2. Julia Gould	School.
o. Hannah Wilkingon	Louisa Street School. George Street School.
List of munity out	

V. List of pupils of the second (or intermediate) Division, to whom prizes were awarded.

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#### 1ST CLASS.

1. Jane Ryrie	The Park School.
2. Margaret Constable	John Street School.

#### 2ND CLASS.

1.	William Moss	Givins &	Street School.	<	•	
2.	Alice Hornby	do.	do.			

#### 3RD CLASS.

1.	John Foreman	Louisa Street School.
2.	Alexander Sampson	do. do.
	Robert Gill	
4.	Helen Magee Frederick McDonald. } Equals	do. do.
	Frederick McDonald.	John Street School.
5.	Emma J. Gay	George Street School.

VI. List of pupils of the second (or intermediate) Division, to whom certificates of honour were awarded.

#### 2ND CLASS.

1.	John Fraser	Givins'	Street School.	
2.	Isabella Shuter	Palace	do.	

#### **3RD CLASS.**

1.	Jessie Andrews	Victoria Sta	reet School.
2.	Christina Drew	Phœbe	do.
2.	James Foston	Victoria	do.
4.	John James Williams	do.	do.

VII. List of pupils of the first (or junior) Division to whom prizes were awarded.

#### 1ST CLASS.

1.	Ernest Butler.   Equals	Louisa Street School.
1.	Ernest Butler. } Equals	George Street School.
2.	Alfred Hallet	The Park School.
	Ella Gay.	George Street School.
3.	Ella Gay. William Cook. Equals	The Park School.
	Thomas Stewart.	Louisa Street School.

Palace Str George Str The Park. Victoria S Louisa Str John Stree Phœbe Str Givins' Str Total .....

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VIII. Li of

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Summary

#### 2ND CLASS.

1.	Paul Kingston	Palace St	reet School.
2.	Thomas Gill	do.	
3	Richard Homber	u0.	do.
0.	Richard Hornby	Givins'	do.

VIII. List of pupils of the third (or junior) Division, to whom certificates of honour were awarded.

#### 1ST CLASS.

1,	Mary Jane Berry	Phoebe Street School
2.	Mary Jane Hunt	do. do.
3.	Edward Thomas	George Street Sales
4.	Elizabeth Fleming	The Park School.

#### 2ND CLASS.

1.	Cornelius Burns	Givins' Street School.
2.	Robert McLaughlin	Palace do.

### C.

Summary of Certificates of Honour distributed at the several Schools after the usual Summer Examination.

SCHOOLS.	MALES.	FEMALES.	TOTAL
Palace Street	13	15	28
George Street The Park	0	27 12	44 20
Louisa Street	-	4	11
John Street	17	3	28 20
Phoebe Street Givins' Street	7 3	16 6	23
Total	89	94	183

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# Summary of Certificates of Honour distributed at the several Schools after the usual Winter Examination.

SCHOOLS.	MALES.	FEMALES.	TOTAL.
Palace Street	10	22	32
George Street	53	$\tilde{66}$	119
The Park Victoria Street	27	31	68
Louisa Street	$\frac{21}{36}$	25 $41$	46 77
John Street	49	10	53
Phœbe Street		17	30
Givins' Street Total	10	14	
	223	226	449

#### E.

City of Toronto: Standard for the Attainments of the pupils in the respective Divisions of the city Public Schools, having especial reference to the transfer of pupils from a lower to a higher Division, and to the periodical combined examination of selected pupils.

#### I .-- READING AND SPELLING.

Division 1.-1st and 2nd National Reader.

" 2.-Sequel to 2nd, and 3rd National Reader.

" 3.-4th and 5th National Reader.

Sullivan's Spelling-Book superseded.

N.B.—Pupils in 3rd Division to be exercised in Spelling, by means of Dictation.

#### II.-WRITING.

Division 1.—Pupils in 2nd Reader to write on slates, to the extent of combining three letters, without capitals.

Division 2.—A plain text hand, including capitals and figures.

" 3.—A good commercial hand.

#### III.—ARITHMETIC.

Division 1.—Notation and Numeration, to nine places of figures. Simple Addition and Subtraction. The Multiplication Table. Simple Multiplication as far as by 12; and Simple Division, Long Division excepted.

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Division 2.—Sangster's Elementary Arithmetic to page 80 inclusive. " 3.—The remainder of Sangster's Elementary Arithmetic.

#### IV.-ENGLISH GRAMMAR.

Division 2.—Lennie's Grammar, to end of Etymology; (page 52 inclusive.) The parsing of simple sentences.

Division 3.—Lennie's Grammar, to the end of Syntax; (page 164 inclusive.) The parsing of simple and compound sentences. Analysis of sentences, to be communicated by Teachers, according to Morell.

#### V.-GEOGRAPHY.

Division 1.-General definitions, illustrated by Map of the World.

2.—In addition to the foregoing, an acquaintance with the maps of Europe, Asia, Africa, and America; to the extent of the countries they contain, their capitals, and their principal rivers, lakes, and mountains; also, Johnston's Map of the British North American Provinces, their chief cities, and their principal rivers, lakes and mountains.

Division 3.—General definitions and outlines, according to Sullivan's Introduction; also, outlines of the Geography of British North America, illustrated by Johnston's Map.

#### VI.-HISTORY.

Division 2.-Edwards' Summary of English History, to page 40 (the Houses of York and Lancaster) inclusive.

Division 3.—Ancient and Modern History, in alternate years, according to the 5th National Reader. Edwards' Summary of English History, from page 41 inclusive to the end. Outlines of the History of British North America, to be communicated by Teachers, according to Boyd.

#### VII.-MENSURATION.

Division 3.—Text Book; National Treatise. The whole of Sections 1st and 2nd. Section 3rd (Conic Sections) omitted. Section 4th to Problem 13 inclusive. Also, from page 144 to page 164, on "Artificer's Work."

#### VIII.-ALGEBRA.

Division 3 .--- Colenso's Algebra, to Simple Equations, inclusive.

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#### IX.-GEOMETRY.

Division 3.-1st and 2nd Book of Euclid.

N. B.—The study of subjects VII., VIII., and IX. is optional, but credit will be given at the Combined Examination for proficiency in them, which will be taken into account in the award of Grammar School Scholarships.

X.—Instead of the last named three subjects, or, in addition to them, Book-keeping may be taken by any Senior Pupil, at the wish of his parent or guardian. The National Book-keeping to be used for this purpose.

Vocal Music and Drawing are regarded rather as School recreations than as School work to be required.

# JAMES PORTER,

Local Superintendent.

Sanctioned by "Board of School Trustees," as Revised and Amended, October 11th, 1861.

Books, &c., required for the use of Pupils in the respective Divisions of the public Schools of the City of Toronto.

See School Regulations, No. 5, page 5, and No. 20, page 11.

FIRST DIVISION.

1st National Reader. 2nd National Reader. A Slate.

#### SECOND DIVISION.

Sequel to 2nd National Reader. 3rd National Reader. A Slate. A Copy Book. Sangster's Elementary Arithmetic. Lennie's English Grammar. Edwards' Summary of English History. Sanctio

#### THIRD DIVISION.

4th National Reader.
5th National Reader.
Sullivan's Spelling-Book Superseded.
A Slate.
A Copy Book.
Sangster's Elementary Arithmetic.
Lennie's English Grammar.
Sullivan's Introduction to Geography.
Edwards' Summary of English History.

# FOR PUPILS IN MATHEMATICS.

National Treatise on Mensuration. Colenso's Algebra. Euclid's Elements.

FOR PUPILS IN BOOK-KEEPING.

The National Book-keeping.

# JAMES PORTER,

Local Superintendent.

Sanctioned by Board of School Trustees, October 11th, 1861.

# APPENDIX III.

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### Abstract Statement of the Estimated cost of Maintaining the City Schools, for the year 1861.

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1.	Annual Interest, at 6 per cent., on permanent Investment of		
	say \$88,000, for the 8 School sites, Buildings and School		
	furniture, &c	\$5,280	00
2.	Annual Estimate as the average expense of dilapidations,		
	repairs to buildings, &c	1,150	00
3.	Salaries of Superintendent, Secretary, and 38 Teachers;		
	payments to Auditors and Examiners; and allowances to		
	9 Care-takers (8 schools and 1 office)	16,440	00
4.	Rents and taxes	810	00
	Election expenses	80	00
6	Coal, Wood, and cutting wood (winter 1860-61)	1,250	
7.	Insurances on 8 School Buildings, Furniture, &c	330	00
	Maps; Objects lessons; Pens, Ink and Stationery for the		
	schools; and Stationery for the Board, and the Offices	275	00
9.	Printing and Advertising	225	00
10.	Miscellaneous expenses	300	
	•	300	

\$25,640 00

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# APPENDIX IV.

Annual Statement of Receipts and Expenditure for Common School purposes, City of Toronto, for the School year 1861. Published by the Board of School Trustees for said City, as required by Law.

#### INCOME FOR 1861.

Balance from 1860, as per last publicle 1		
Balance from 1860, as per last published statement	\$4,125	44
Legislative Appropriation for 1861	3,449	00
2 Solution for 1801, estimated	25,000	00
Total 1861	20 574	

## EXPENDITURE IN 1861.

1. Salaries for the year, namely:

20 regular teachers in the male department	
of the several schools	
18 regular teachers, female department 55,509 99 Occasional teachers	
Occasional togehore	
Occasional teachers	
Care-takers of the schools and offices 242 82 677 50	
Local Superintendent (Bern I Dei	\$14,596 14
Local Superintendent (Rev. J. Porter	1,200 00
Secretary to the Board (G. A. Barber)	600 00
2 Examiners \$40; 2 Auditors \$20	60 00

\$16,456 14

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۵.	Ren	ts.	VIZ.	

			215 00
Taxes, 1861	30	00	
The 2 Offices, on acct.	150	00	
Board room, on acct	\$ 35	00	
Board room, on sect			

4. Insurances on School Premises and Furniture (viz., on \$57300) viz. British America Company ...... \$157 30 Western Assurance Company..... 102 38 Reyal (London and Liverpool) Company ..... 62 50322 18 5. Fuel for the Schools and Offices, viz. Wood, Winter 1860, 61.....\$553 00 Winter 61, 62..... 626 65 Cutting wood..... 194 95 1,374 60 Coal, Winter 60, 61 ..... 67 11 do. 61,62..... 470 68 537 791,912 39 6. Advertising, viz. Globe Newspaper ..... \$35 11 Leader do 61 16 7. Printing, viz. : McClear & Co., School Report, &c ...... 70 65 Globe office, sundries...... 26 00 H. Rowsell do. ..... 68 50  $165 \ 15$ 8. Stationery, pens, ink, blank-books, &c. For the Board and Offices...... 40 60 166 94 9. Maps, prize-books, thermometers, and other miscellaneous school requisites ..... 69 18 10. Miscellaneous Repairs, taking down stove-pipes, &c., sundry Schools ..... \$376 91 Paid on account of contract for general repairs to all the Schools ...... 387 65 764 56 Carried forward ......\$21,362 97

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We have Statement,

	Brought forward priation to meet payment of Principal and interest, shool building Debentures issued by the Corporation and falling due 1861	,	
Elect Coun Gas a Candl Office Shade Chalk Postag Cab-hi Discov Tead	aneous Expenditures, viz.         sion, School Trustees       \$78 00         ssel fees in re Mandamus.       62 00         account, Evening school       24 51         les, School lectures       19 85         e furniture.       5 75         be trees (acct. 1860)       11 20         c for the use of schools.       4 00         ges and stamps       24 19         ire.       34 75         ant on note for \$4,000 in order to pay         chers' Salaries       48 91         Expenditure, 1861.       \$         ce to Cr. of 1862       \$	813 1	_
Toronto, Ja	nuary, 1862.	832574 4	4

We have compared and checked the vouchers with the above detailed Statement, and certify the same to be correct.

SAMUEL SPREULL, Auditors.