



# The Observer.

SAINT JOHN, SEPTEMBER 19, 1848.

The steam ship *Europa*, Capt. Lott, with the mail of the 21 September, arrived at Halifax on Tuesday last, in 9 days from Liverpool. The mail was received in this city on Wednesday evening.

The *Europa* arrived at New York, at 7 o'clock on Thursday morning, having made her trip (says the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser) including three hours stoppage at Halifax, in something over *eleven days and a half*, being the quickest voyage ever made from Liverpool to New York. The passage from Halifax was made in *forty-seven hours*. The news is of little interest except in its commercial aspect. The price of breadstuffs has fallen, probably in consequence of the improvement in the state of the grain crops, and the better condition in Ireland of the potato crop. The latter had become more favorable for the harvest.

The House of Commons have granted £4,040 for the civil establishment of the Bermudas; £3,670 for the establishment of the same at St. John's; £2,400 for the establishment of the same at Halifax; for the relief of shipwrecked persons; £11,578 for the ecclesiastical establishment of British North America; and £130,965 in aid of the expense incurred in British North America, in account of the sick and destitute Irish emigrants.

Liverpool, Sept. 2. When we last wrote, business was generally in a very depressed condition, and much despondency prevailed as regarded the future. The causes chiefly operating to produce this, were the very unsettled state of the weather, and the doubts which existed in reference to the dispute between Prussia and Denmark, and the fears that hostilities would at no very distant period be renewed between the two countries, as regards the Schleswig. We now report a most favorable and seasonable change, and as to the latter, there is no cause for uneasiness. An Armistice was signed at Malmo, on the 26th ult., and has been sent to Berlin for ratification.

Consequent upon the change in the weather, which has since this day week, been most favorable for securing the harvest, the reports from the different parts of the country, as regards the yield, are much more promising than had been previously represented, but not more so than we anticipated. It is now generally admitted that the grain crop will be a full return for the season. In the West of Ireland in reference to the potato, tend to show that notwithstanding all the alarm, and the loss of a considerable portion from rot, the amount saved, will considerably exceed the crop of any year since 1845.

At the Liverpool grain market yesterday the amount of business done was very limited, and prices were almost nominal, at a decline of 6d. per barrel on Flour and 4s. per 20 lbs. in Wheat. Western Canal Flour, duty paid, is quoted at 33s. 6d. per 20 lbs. Flour, 28s. 6d. to 30s. 3d. per 20 lbs. Indian Corn Meal, 10s. to 12s. 6d. per quarter, is being the present quotation. The duty on wheat is now 7s. per quarter and on flour 4s. 2d. per barrel.

Our advices from Manchester received last night report a much improved feeling amongst spinners and dealers, to which the armistice above alluded to has contributed to a considerable degree, as it is expected that large orders for the German market, which have for some time been suspended, will now be executed.

LIVERPOOL TIMBER MARKET.—The favorable prospects of some improvement in the market for wood, referred to in our last, has been in some measure checked by the present precarious state of the weather, causing apprehension as to the realization of a productive harvest, upon which consumption of wood, naturally, goes on steadily, and the only pressure on the market arises from a continued excess of the supplies of Spruce Planks, which are still offered at the very low prices.—Pine Timber.—The sales of pine timber, in Western Canada, are quoted at 14s. to 14s. 6d. per 100 feet, and one of the yard at 14d. per foot; one cargo of St. John, of 184 inches square, at 10s. per cord, a cargo of Miramichi at 12s. 6d. per cord, and one of Restigouche at 14s. 4d. per foot.

STATE OF THE COUNTRY.—With the exception of the very gratifying announcement that the weather continues fine and dry, and that the agricultural reports from the provinces are becoming more favorable under the influence of the recent change from incessant rains to a bright sun, and a brisk gale, there is no intelligence of the least interest, but in the present instance the release has been succeeded by a downright lethargy or prostration of the whole system.

The chief news of interest is from France, the capital of which continues in a frightful state of agitation owing to the attempts of the Legation, and of another attempt at revolution. The Legation and Socialists are respectively pointed at as sources of the anticipated danger, the probable occurrence of which is proved by the measures taken to have been taken by the government. The debate in the National Assembly, on the evidence taken before the committee appointed to inquire as to the origin, cause, and authors of the insurrections of May and June, has taken place, and has resulted in the impeachment of Louis Blanc and Cavaignac. The Attorney-General, through the medium of the President of the Assembly, demanded of the Legation, that it should institute legal proceedings against the Minister of Labour, and the ex-rector of Police. The sitting lasted an unprecedented time, but General Cavaignac firmly resisted every attempt at postponement. The resignation of the Attorney-General was at last allowed by an immense majority. Both parties have absconded—it is said with the tacit connivance of the Government. Louis Blanc has, it is reported, reached this country, but has published his intention of surrendering on the day of trial. Cavaignac is supposed to be in Paris, ready to originate, or take part in, another insurrection. Society is uneasy. An immense popular demonstration has been made by the Executive. The trials will probably be pushed forward with all speed, and the reckless firebrands of the Republic will be quenched.

The intelligence from other continental countries is of a chequer-like character. The belligerents in Northern Europe have, it seems, actually concluded an armistice through the good offices of the French and English Governments. But the mediation of the two powers for the settlement of the Italian question does not proceed with much celerity. The despatch of a special envoy to Vienna by General Cavaignac, with preliminary instructions to demand a definite reply to the proposals of the mediating powers, would indicate an unwillingness on the part of the Austrian Government to accede to the terms of the proffered intervention. This delay is no doubt unfavorable to a pacific settlement of the question, especially as the French Government find it no easy matter to stem the popular feeling in favor of armed interference for the preservation of Italy.—Happily for the peace of Europe, General Cavaignac is not the man to yield to unreasoning clamor, and his manly and straightforward declaration in the National Assembly is a pledge that he will not have recourse to the use of violence in any extreme. Three of the capital cities of Germany—Vienna, Berlin, and Munich—have been the scenes of riot and excitement, which was repressed in each case.

LIVERPOOL.—On Monday last the county coroner held an inquest at Holyoke, on the bodies of 14 of the passengers washed up from the Ocean Monarch. The inquest was adjourned until Tuesday, when the jury returned a verdict that the vessel was abandoned and wrecked through the burning of the Ocean Monarch. The jury also expressed their approbation of the exertions made by the captain and crew, in endeavoring to rescue the passengers. On Monday last the county coroner held an inquest at Holyoke for the purpose of identifying the bodies lying at that place. Several of the bodies were identified, amongst which was a woman, in whose hands were found several inquests have been held, in all of

which the jury have spoken in high terms of Capt. Murdoch and crew.

The Mayor of Liverpool has received a communication from Lord John Russell, informing him that the sum of fifty pounds should be paid to Frederick Jerome, (a seaman on board the New York packet ship "New World") from the Royal Bounty Fund, in consequence of his gallant conduct in saving the lives of so many of the passengers of the Ocean Monarch. Jerome is a native of Portsmouth, England.—Her Majesty and Prince Albert have also contributed £100 as a joint contribution to the relief of the sufferers at Liverpool. The splendid gold medals of the Liverpool Shipwreck and Humanities Society, executed by Wynn, of the mint, were presented to the Mayor, the owner of the vessel, Queen of the Ocean, Admiral Grenfell, the Brazilian consul-general at this port; Captain Lishon, the officer in command of the *Albatross*, (Brazilian steam frigate), and to Jerome, the courageous seaman of the New World. A sum of money was also voted to the crew of Mr. Littleale's yacht.

DEBATE IN PARLIAMENT.—The Exchequer Bill, before mentioned, proposed a loan of two millions sterling. Mr. Hume, in the course of the debate, objected, first, on the ground that this bill was a measure for the creation of a loan of £2,000,000 or £7,000,000 of interest of the debt, and, secondly, on the ground that it sanctioned a very impolitic mode of borrowing money for the country. Early in the session he had urged the propriety of either diminishing the expenditure within the revenue, which then showed a deficiency of £2,900,000, or providing by taxation to meet the excess of our expenses. He had urged the propriety of either diminishing the expenditure within the revenue, which then showed a deficiency of £2,900,000, or providing by taxation to meet the excess of our expenses. He had urged the propriety of either diminishing the expenditure within the revenue, which then showed a deficiency of £2,900,000, or providing by taxation to meet the excess of our expenses.

When we look to the items of the year's estimate, we feel that we have paid for many things that we did not want, and not paid for others as we ought to have done. What business have we to be paying £1,100,000 for the Calicut War? One million of our money is being expended in the purchase of a vessel of our own, and extending as far as from Keio to Dunbar.

The *Newspaper* mentions that Joseph Brotherton, Esq. M. P., has abstained from flesh diet for thirty years.

CHOLERA.—The Cholera was still making great ravages in the Ottoman empire. It had reappeared at Trebizond, and such was the fear of the inhabitants that the destruction both of the city and the province was threatened. Several high functionaries had been attacked.

At Odessa it is so the decline, but some of the inland villages have suffered most awfully, the deaths amounting to one-fifth of the population. In the Tartar villages of the Crimea the disease is also very virulent.

IRELAND.—Irish affairs are regarded by the majority of the people with little interest as at any period with us. The accounts of the harvest prospects in the counties of Cork, Tipperary, and the North generally are highly satisfactory, as showing a gradual recovery from the effects of the late season.

The Commission will be opened in Clonmel on the 20th inst. The President, Mr. M. P. O'Brien, F. M. P., Mr. M. P., Mr. J. O'Donoghue, Mr. C. Duff, and a few others will be put upon their trial. We may add that Chief Justice Blackburn will be one of the presiding judges, and Mr. C. Duff, the late M. P. for Cork city, the other will not appear unless Mr. O'Brien is convicted.

It is stated that in O'Donoghue's case no fewer than forty-six jurors declined to answer to their names, and that the jury was reduced to a mere handful.

DESTRUCTIVE HURRICANE AT ANTIGUA.—Great loss of life and property.

The storm, which commenced on the 21st of August, and increased in force until 2 o'clock the next morning, when it sensibly abated. The Antigua Observer says:—

The gale set in about noon, when a severe shock of earthquake was felt, and was followed by several other shocks in these islands on the morning of the 22nd.

At Basseterre the hurricane continued from midnight to 5 o'clock, and was more severe than at Antigua, and was followed by several other shocks in these islands on the morning of the 22nd.

The accounts from many parts of the island are most distressing, in some villages every small tenement was thrown down, and, with the furniture of the poor inmates, destroyed. On some plantations the whole of the works and other buildings have been destroyed.

The sugar cane, all laid prostrate and stripped of leaves, seems scorched as if by the hot sun. The loss of life has been very great.

The schooner *Mary* foundered, and all her crew perished, together with all on board. The coroner had held inquests on a number of persons, killed by the falling of buildings.

A subscription for the relief of the more destitute of the sufferers had been opened. The list was headed by the Lieut. Governor with \$100.

A special meeting of the Legislature had been called to consider the state of the island. The Gazette devotes two pages to the details of the sad calamity.

The steam ship *Europa* brought out 117 passengers, among whom were her Lordship the Bishop of Fredericton, daughter and niece of the Hon. Judge Carter, Lady two children, and nurse, of Fredericton; Mr. Heywood, member of the Imperial Parliament, &c.—The Lord Bishop arrived at Fredericton on Thursday, via Annapolis, per steamer Commodore, and proceeded to Fredericton on Friday evening in the steamer *New Brunswick*. Judge Carter, Lady and family, and Mr. Heywood, arrived at the City on Saturday morning, at Halifax, via Windsor, and took lodgings at the St. John Hotel. They left town for Fredericton this morning in the steamer *St. John*.

The Hon. Mr. Aylwin, of Quebec, a member of the Canadian Government, arrived in this city on Saturday, and proceeded in the steamer *Senator* to Boston this morning.

The Right Rev. Dr. Walsh, Roman Catholic Bishop of Halifax, also arrived in town on Saturday evening, via Windsor.

His Excellency Sir Edmund Bell and Lady, with their suite, have arrived in Fredericton from their tour to the Northward. We understand that the whole party are in excellent health, having suffered no other inconvenience than that resulting from the attacks of the flies.—*Fredricton Reporter*.

The judges of the Court of Cassation appointed by the National Assembly, of the Supreme Court of Accounts, to fill their functions for life. Justices of the peace who, in the first project, were to be elected by the citizens, in their respective districts, are to be appointed by the President. Military substitutes are prohibited. The public force being essentially obedient, it is declared that no armed corps can deliberate. The territory of Algeria and the colonies is declared to be French territory, and the colonies is declared to be French territory, and the colonies is declared to be French territory.

The protest of the Paris Journalists against the suppression of the press, presented on Monday to the Chamber of Deputies, was read in a sense of duty, and he fully recognized that those who agreed to suppress the press, were to be held responsible for the consequences. The suppressed papers, he said, were to be held responsible for the consequences.

During the last week, 1,432 insurgents have been tried, of whom 855 have been set at liberty, 612 transported, and 20 sent to the galleys. The number of those transported exceeded by 200 those set at liberty, and those set at liberty exceeded by 150 those transported.

It is said that Gen. Cavaignac, on hearing of the escape of Cassidiere and Louis Blanc, said, "So much the better; it is one difficulty the less in our way."

Charles Albert has again made a formal request to the French Government for its intervention and aid, declaring that he is resolved to enter upon a new and more extensive system of personal aggression, and to increase his own dominions, but in order to ensure the entire liberty of Italy, and to free the peninsula from the yoke of Austria.

The loss to H. M. Government in English Harbor is estimated at £265,000.

The Wesleyan Chapel and Lady Grey's school were destroyed by the hurricane. The schoolmaster and his wife were injured, but the schoolmaster's wife was severely injured.

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