

Births, Marriages, Death

BORN.

HUNTER-In this city, on Wednesday, Nov. 22, 1899, to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Hunter, 24 Bruce street, a son.

MARRIED.

PHALEN-BURNS-In this city, on Wednesday, Nov. 22, at St. Peter's Cathedral, by Rev. Father Aylward, Mr. Patrick Phalen, of West Nisouri, to Aggie C. Burns, daughter of Mr. John Burns, of this city.

ADAMS-In this city, on Nov. 21, 1899, Maggie Ellis, relict of the late William Adams, and second daughter of the late William Ellis, aged 41 years.

Funeral from the residence of Mr. Joseph Marks, Grey street, on Friday at 2:30 p.m. Service 2 p.m. Friends at acquaintances kindly accept this intimation.

Amusements and Lectures

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

Afternoon and Evening.
Saturday, Nov. 25.

A MAN OF MYSTERY

The Comedy
Melo-Drama.

Montreal Star and Gazette of Nov. 14 says: Best show seen at the Royal Theater in years.

Popular Prices—15c, 25c, 35c, 50c. Seats now on sale.

GRAND CONCERT DUNDAS CENTER

McNichol Church, Tuesday evening next, Nov. 28. Galt's cantata, "The Holy City," will be rendered. Assisting soloists, Mr. J. McPherson, tenor, of Toronto, and Miss Lettie Clarke, contralto, of St. Thomas. Admission 25 cts. b

LONDON HOCKEY CLUB WILL MEET

at Teumfsh House, Friday, 24th, at 8 o'clock. Walter Smith, President.

DR. CARLYLE—THREE RECITALS

Thursdays in November, 23rd and 26th and Dec. 7. First programme—Dialect, from Mr. Donkey. "David Harvey" and others. Second programme—Shakespeare's "Much Ado About Nothing." Third programme—Sheridan's "The Rivals." 4th at the bookstores. Course, \$1.50; singles, 75c. 6c tix.

ALLAN AND BEAVER LINES OF STEAMSHIPS

Parsons from Portland, Dec. 2. Numbidian, Dec. 15. Lake Huron, Dec. 13. W. H. Clarke, Richmond street, next Advertiser.

CUNARD SHIPS—FAST EXPRESS SERVICE

VICTORIA, Campania sails from New York, Saturday, Dec. 2; Umbria, Saturday, Dec. 9; Lucania, Saturday, Dec. 16. Lucania, 10th Dec., last Christmas steamer. F. B. Clarke, Richmond street, next Advertiser.

BEGINNERS' CLASSES THIS WEEK

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday evenings, and Saturday afternoon. Pupils can begin at any time. Private tuition any hour. Terms liberal. Dayton & McCormick.

R. B. MILLARD, TEACHER OF DANCING

and deportment, 400 Dundas street, Wednesday, Oct. 4. Private lessons any hour. Waltz and up-to-date dances. 345 Princess avenue.

Meetings.

COMPANIONS OF THE FOREST—KINDLY

meet at 10 Grey street, Friday, at 2 p.m., to attend funeral of Companion Mrs. Adams. Mrs. W. Cripps, C. C. Loyalty Circle.

Domestics Wanted.

YOUNG GIRL WANTED FOR LIGHT housework. No children. Preference to one sleeping at home. Apply at 408 Buryall street.

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT—Apply 745 Waterloo road.

Male Help Wanted.

WANTED—SHOE SALESMAN—MUST be experienced. Apply personally, Cook's Shoe Store.

WANTED—BOOKKEEPER—IMMEDIATELY—Young man with some experience in office work; must write rapidly and references required. Address B. A. Advertiser.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade—\$50 monthly positively guaranteed after eight weeks' practical experience. Own graduates and want all we can get. Special advantage to those from distance. No expense to learn if you will work for us. Write for particulars. Moier Barber College, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—GOOD STOUT BOYS—AT once. Apply D. S. Perrin & Co., 417

Teachers Wanted.

WANTED—TEACHER FOR S. N. O. 13, Carleton. Salary, etc., by Dec. 1. Melvin Falls, Muncey, Ont.

Agents Wanted.

WANTED—A CAPABLE MAN TO SELL goods to consumers in town or country. Permanent employment at good pay. Address Cooper, Drawer 531, London, Ont.

GOOD CARPENTERS WANTED FOR 1000 ft. of lumber and supply house, 743 Richmond street; to 8 p.m.

334 DAY SURE—SEND US YOUR ADDRESS and we will show you how to make \$2 a day. No experience necessary. We will teach you free; you work in the locality where you live. Send us your address and we will send you a copy of our money guarantee. A clear profit of \$2 for every day's work; absolutely sure; don't fail to write today. Imperial Silverware Co., Box 407, Windsor, Ont.

WANTED—AGENTS—APPLY M. HORN STEIN, 244 South street, London. 8n

WANTED—AGENTS FOR OUR NEW book and last night's only one to a dozen in every house. Norton & Co., Ontario.

Lost and Found.

LOST—THIS MORNING, ON COLBOURNE St. or York, green leather purse, containing \$5 and street car tickets. Reward if returned to Advertiser.

LOST—NOVEMBER 18 BLACK COCKER spaniel, brass collar marked 18-D; answers to Dock. Please return 181 Dufferin avenue and get reward.

Board and Lodging.

TO LET—NICELY FURNISHED FRONT rooms with board, private family. Apply 123 Huron street.

BOARD CAN BE OBTAINED, WITH modern conveniences, at 467 Dundas street, city.

Hotel Cards.

ROYAL HOTEL—OPPOSITE G. T. R. DE POT. Central location. First class in every respect. J. D. Fleming, prop.

ALBION HOTEL—187 DUNDAS STREET. Rates \$1.50 per day. Choicest wines, liquors and cigars. R. E. Lloyd, proprietor.

EUROPEAN HOTEL—233 DUNDAS street. Choice wines, liquors and cigars. Chas. Stevens, proprietor.

ONKIL HOUSE—CORNER TALBOT and York streets; new and convenient tables. Wm. Collins, proprietor.

THE ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL—MONTREAL—Centrally located and first-class in every respect. H. Hogan, proprietor.

TECUMSEH HOUSE—LONDON, ONT.—Largest and best hotel in Western Ontario. No charge for baggage or sample rooms. Rates \$2 and \$2.50 per day.

Viavi Treatment.

VIIVI TREATMENT—MRS. L. STEIN 447 Talbot street, at home Saturdays.

Ladies' Fine Boots, \$1.75

325 pairs ladies' fine boots, in genuine Vici Kid, buttoned and laced; McKay welted and hand-turned, flexible soles, with bright patent or natural kid tips, very fashionable up-to-date styles, sizes 2½ to 7. This footwear would sell at \$2.50 to \$3.00 a pair. Our price for this week, \$1.75. Come early and secure first choice.

POCOCK BROS.

140 DUNDAS STREET.

Female Help Wanted

WANTED—GIRLS—APPLY THE MC CORMICK Mfg. Co.

WANTED—APPLICANTS FOR DRESS MAKING; also one good waist hand; at once. Apply 138 Wortley Road.

WANTED—GIRLS—APPLY D. S. PERRIN & Co.

Wanted.

WANTED TO RENT BY JAN. 1, COTTAGE or flat, with 4 or 5 rooms, within five minutes walk of market. Address "Tenant," Advertiser.

WANTED—MORE HORSES TO BOARD. Guest House stables. J. A. Scandrett, Dundas street. Phone 127.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR GENTLE MEN'S cast-off clothing. A. P. Salazar, 90 King street. Mail orders attended to.

Articles For Sale.

GASOLINE ENGINES—THE "MODEL" gives good satisfaction; easily operated; small, light and convenient; send for handsome catalogue. The Colden and McCulloch Company, Limited, Galt. Mention London Advertiser.

15 HORSE-POWER HORIZONTAL ENGINE, in first-class shape, very cheap. London Soap Company.

SPECIAL OFFER—HOSPITAL FURNISHINGS—20 per cent discount; a large stock to choose from at King's Furniture Warehouse. Hair mattresses from 20 to 35 cents per pound.

FOR SALE—A WILLIAMS PIANO—Never used. Will sell at a bargain for cash. Address or apply "Piano," Advertiser.

FOR SALE—A NEW TYPEWRITER of modern make. Made by a well-known firm. Can give guarantee to keep in repair for one year. Price to suit purchaser. Address or apply "Visible," Advertiser, London.

CUNNINGHAM'S NEW DRYGOODS and Gent's Furnishings store will open in a few days at 602 Dundas street, East London. Wait for the opening. New goods, late styles and special prices.

YOU GET THE BEST COAL MONEY CAN buy from W. G. Eadey, 771 Dundas street. Phone 118.

FOR SALE—KORONA CAMERA IN GOOD condition, has extension bellows and takes pictures 113. Price \$5. For particulars apply Box 55 this office.

TRY MIRACLE WASHING COMPOUND—It has no equal for washing and labor saving. All grocers sell it; ask for it. Keenleyside & Co., sole proprietors.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF POTATOES, onions and apples, and can give you better value than anyone in the city. Carleton place, near the world, 600 Dundas street. Good onions \$1 bag, 20c; Choice Spies and Kings 20c; \$2.25 per barrel. Free freight; pickles per dozen, 10c; pickles per dozen, 10c. W. W. Harrison, successor to T. A. Paulds, No. 8 Market Lane.

BUY YOUR GROCERIES FROM T. J. JAMES, 771 Dundas street, and save money. Trading stamps given on all purchases. Dominion Laundry Agency.

THE GREATEST DISCOVERY OF THE age. Sixteen men in London give sworn testimony that Amberline Hair Producer cures itching of the scalp, keeps the hair from falling out, prevents it from turning gray, and grows a new crop of hair on bald heads. Prepared and sold by John Cook & Co., 53 Richmond street, London, Ont. Price \$1 per bottle.

CHEAP FIRE WOOD—UNTIL THE 1ST OF December we will sell good dry, well seasoned, soft maple, elm and ash at \$1.80 a load. Green & Co., coal and wood yard, William street and Grand Trunk railway. Also sell live pigs for range, grade or heating stock. Phone 1091.

FOR SALE—GOOD MILCH COW—PART Jersey. 812 Dundas street, London. 100c

FOR SALE—BELL PIANO—BRIGHTLY finished and used as an upright piano. Style, guaranteed seven years. Sanborn's, 183 Dundas street, London (Anderson's Bookstore).

LEHIGH VALLEY COAL—Gives more heat than ordinary coal. Try it. For sale by Yard, Piccadilly street. R. J. WEBSTER. Office, 713 Richmond street.

NOTICE—STOVES—CALL AT PARISH'S Furniture Store if you want to sell or buy a stove. Good stoves with open, gas and electric heat. Examining them you find them right. 357 Talbot street, south Market Square.

GET YOUR BICYCLE CLEANED and stored for the winter at lowest price. All kinds of repairing. D. McKenzie & Co., 238 Richmond street, one door south of G. T. R.

ENAMELLED PIPES AND DRUMS, HANDSOME, durable, also plain pipes and 2-tube drums. Everything first-class. Stoves put up. Jobbing promptly done. Fine enameled work a specialty. Enameling and japanning to order. The Cannon Stove and Oven Co., Limited, 127 King street. Phone 1192. See our gasoline heaters. Cash weekly payments.

FOR SALE—NEW CART. TWO NEW sewing machines and one old machine. Apply at 747 Waterloo road.

BEST QUALITY HARD WOOD. ALSO soft wood and slabs. Phone 1212. D. H. Gilkes & Co., Lumber and Wood Dealer.

COAL AND WOOD—BUY THE BEST—We have them. McKenzie & McCleod, 309 Clarence street. Phone 1083.

MERRY BELLS—WE MAKE BELLS and Brass Work. Our Bells are made to any size and cannot be best. John Law, 121 Clarence street, London.

DIAMONDS REMOUNTED AND OLD jewelry made up-to-date at small expense. J. T. Westland, 30 Richmond street, upstairs.

KERNER'S MASONIC TEMPLE IS THE cheapest place to buy stoves or furniture. Large stock on hand.

A BALMAIN—ONE FANCY WALNUT bar upright piano, 7½ octaves, 3 pedals, full swing desk, stool and drape, only 4 months in use. A snap. Organs 100 and upwards. Every terms. Hamilton Co., 217 Dundas street, corner Clarence.

SPRINGS AND MATTRESSES—LARGEST, cheapest and best assortment in the city. Keene Bros., Cash Bargain Furniture Store, 127 King street.

Miscellaneous.

MAKE A SPECIALTY OF REPAIRING electro medical apparatus of all kinds. R. M. Miller, 250½ Dundas street, Spencer Block.



Our Star Number

in point of excellence and big value this season, is a man's shoe which we sell at

\$3.00

You can see it's made on a comfortable last and that it has lost no style in the plan. We are sure you will like the shoe as well as the price.

J. S. BROWN & CO.,
145 Dundas Street.

Houses, Etc., To Let.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—NEW TWO STORY brick house, modern improvements, 11 Railway street. 8c tix.

TO LET—COTTAGE AND TWO-STORY frame house on William street. Rent \$5.00 and \$7.50 per month. For particulars apply to J. W. G. Winnick, barrister, 429 Talbot street.

TO LET—HOUSE—230 OXFORD, COMFORTABLE, all modern improvements, gas, bath, etc. Apply 268 Oxford street. 6c tix.

TO LET—NEW BRICK COTTAGE ON Grafton street, London, six rooms; also for sale. Avery Casey, Barrister, London.

TO LET—COTTAGE, 84 ELIAS STREET, 6 rooms, also 6 closets, hall, cellar, summer kitchen; hard and soft water in house; 4-acre lot and fruit trees, or would sell. Apply 838 Elias street.

TO RENT—BRICK HOUSE—SIX ROOMS, with good barn. Wm. Wylie, corner York and Bathurst streets.

TO RENT—ROOMED COTTAGE, BRICK, electric light, bath and stable, 91 Wharfside road, London, South, rent \$10 per month. Apply 1000 Dundas street.

TO LET—MOVING VANS, LARGEST and best. Winter rate \$1 per load. Office 97 Carling street. Phones 1162 and 1167.

TO LET—OFFICES OVER 394 RICHMOND street. Apply 1000 Dundas street.

TO RENT—BRICK COTTAGE, 6 ROOMS and summer kitchen, 169 Briscoe street, South London. Apply J. Park, Market House.

COTTAGE TO LET—NO. 11 OXFORD street. Alex. Harvey.

TO RENT—STORE—NO. 175 DUNDAS street, formerly occupied by J. P. Cook. Apply 1000 Dundas street.

TO LET—THE UNION FURNITURE VAN. Have your furniture carefully handled. John Biggs, Cathcart street, South London, late of London Furniture Company.

Real Estate.

FOR SALE—NICE TWO-STORY BRICK, nearly new and just papered throughout; \$300 cash balance monthly, if desired. Will rent to suitable tenants. Not sold at 1000 Dundas street. 8c tix.

FOR SALE—STORY AND A HALF COTTAGE, with all modern improvements. For particulars apply 378 St. James street.

\$1,200 WILL BUY A BEAUTIFUL 4-acre farm, between North Newbury and North Glenside, convenient to railroad, school and postoffice. Good two-story frame cottage, lately improved; good stables, three acres orchard, mostly bearing. Suitable home for an old couple or a market garden. Apply Box 83, Newbury.

FOR SALE—NICE BUILDING, LOT 30 or 60 feet, fronting on East Adelaide. A. N. Uly, over C. P. R. ticket office, corner Dundas and Richmond streets.

Money to Loan.

TENNENT, McDONAGH & COLERIDGE—Barristers, solicitors, notaries, etc., 78 Dundas street, London. Money to loan on mortgage, notes and other securities at low rates.

MONEY TO LOAN IN SUMS OF \$100 AND UP, on first mortgage. G. N. Weekes, solicitor, Huxox Building, corner King and Richmond streets.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE, on first mortgage. J. A. Gordon & Furdon, Masonic Temple Buildings.

PRIVATE FUNDS FOR INVESTMENT on real estate security. Magee, McKillop & Murphy, Solicitors, London.

PRIVATE AND TRUST MONEY TO LOAN at 4½ to 5½ per cent on real estate security, in sums to suit. No commission charged. W. W. Macdonald, solicitor, etc., 88 Dundas street, London.

Legal Cards.

J. R. DIGNAN—BARRISTER, ETC., 418 Talbot street, London.

Business Cards.

DODD & CO.—PRACTICAL BUILDERS, carpenters and joiners. Jobbing and repairing promptly attended to. Shop 114 Fullerton street.

Insurance.

THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE Insurance Co. Canada Branch, Montreal. Assets over \$50,000,000. Fire Losses paid in 1898, \$174,350,328.

EDWARD TOWSE & CO. Office—OVER CAN. Bank of Commerce, London. Funds to loan, 4½ per cent per annum. Phone Nos. 660 and 1107.

LANCASHIRE

INSURANCE COMPANY OF ENGLAND Capital and assets exceed \$30,000,000. J. A. NELLIES.

Board of Trade Rooms, 422 Richmond Street, London. ywt

WHOLESALE DRUG BUSINESS FOR

sale—Tenders will be received until Dec. 7, 1899, for the purchase of the stock and goodwill of the wholesale drug business of the undersigned, which is offered for sale owing to the ill health of the senior member of the firm. This is a good opening, and investigation is solicited from responsible prospective buyers. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Kindly mark inquiry "Tender," and address James A. Kennedy & Co., 443 Richmond street, London, Ont. 11a wty

RELIEF OF KIMBERLEY.

London, Thursday, Nov. 23.—The Daily Mail publishes a dispatch from Naauw Port, dated Wednesday, which says that a large force under Gen. Methuen has crossed the Orange River and is advancing to the relief of Kimberley.

Kimberley signals on the 15th inst. "All right. A sharp attack was made on the 11th, but proved fruitless. The enemy lost rather heavily. Many riderless horses were seen. We lost one trooper. The invading commandoes which have entered the north-

Boer Attack On Mooi River

Repulsed With Small Loss After Half an Hour's Fighting.

Entraining of Troops From Cape Town Goes On.

Prepared to Act Against Boer Aggression in the North.

Gen. Methuen's Column Has Crossed the Orange River.

And is Advancing to the Relief of Kimberley.

A Sixth Division To Be Mobilized at Aldershot.

Joubert Claims To Be "Cutting Off the Retreat of the Estcourt Troops to Pietermaritzburg."

London, Thursday, Nov. 23.—5 a.m.—Although it is evident that the situation in Natal is again becoming sufficiently alarming, nothing can be officially ascertained to allay public anxiety or the curiosity felt regarding the disposition of the reinforcements recently landed at Durban. The war office dispatches are confined to a mere recital of a few casualties at Mooi River, which confirm the reports of skirmishes there, but give no detail as to how the engagements happened. The special correspondents are only permitted to describe Major-Gen. Barton's camp at Mooi River vaguely as "large" or "ample."

One correspondent says that 7,000 Boers are within 25 miles of Howick Falls, near Pietermaritzburg, and that the inhabitants are fleeing to the capital. Evidently a considerable force of the enemy is within thirty or forty miles of Pietermaritzburg, but it is officially announced from there that no anxiety prevails. The garrison numbers a thousand men, with six guns. Little is known regarding the food supplies of the garrison thus isolated. It is believed that Estcourt is well provided, but there is less confidence in the case of Mooi River.

GEN. JOUBERT'S PLAN.

apparently, is a daring attempt to defeat the British relieving column from Durban in detail, while still attempting the reduction of Ladysmith. A serious attack on Mooi River camp is hourly expected with the destroying of the bridge at Weston. Should this be accomplished, the Boers would be free to turn their attention to Estcourt, while, if it failed, the enemy would retire again on Weenen and join the investing forces around Ladysmith.

His latest report, Gen. Joubert says: "I am cutting off the retreat of the Estcourt troops to Pietermaritzburg, and driving them back on the Huzela River."

It is also reported that the Boer commander with the forces near Ladysmith has "comprehensively surveyed the different points from which the fall of Ladysmith can be insured."

THE ATTACK ON MOOI RIVER.

Durban, Nov. 22.—The Boers opened fire with artillery on Mooi River camp from the north, but without casualties to the British.

The telegraph line was cut Tuesday evening near Highlands station.

Mooi River, Natal, Nov. 22.—8 p.m.—The British fired several shells, which are believed to have caused havoc among the Boers, the latter taking advantage of the heavy rain and retiring. The Boer shells were apparently aimed at the bridge. It was a surprise attack, but had been fully guarded. The British had three wounded.

BRITISH ON THE DEFENSIVE.

Durban, Nov. 22.—4:10 p.m.—Today's engagements at Mooi River found the British almost entirely on the defensive. A correspondent of the Natal Advertiser says the Boers' second shell fell within a few yards of a detachment of British infantry, that the shells did little or no damage, and that firing continued for about half an hour, at intervals from three to four minutes. According to this account, the British troops hurried with the utmost promptitude and advanced under cover wherever possible. The British artillery was in position behind the hotel, where Gen. Barton and his staff were being accommodated. Major Thornycroft's mounted infantry moved to cover on the ridge on the enemy's left flank. The Devonshire Regiment and the Royal Welsh Fusiliers occupied the trenches. There was but little fire, the correspondents says, but the enemy possessed at least one howitzer, with a range of five miles, besides several six-pounders.

RELIEF OF KIMBERLEY.

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GUILTY OF MANSLAUGHTER

George Harding on Trial for Killing Andrew Gowanlock.

The Decision Was Reached by the Jury in Less Than Half an Hour—Eloquent Addresses by the Opposing Counsel.

George Harding, the groom, who struck Andrew Gowanlock, of Thornhill, in the yard of the O'Neill House on the evening of Aug. 23 last, was found guilty of manslaughter at the assizes yesterday. The jury, in arriving at the verdict, was out 25 minutes. When they returned the throngs in the court room waited with bated breath. Harding was pale, and looked steadily at the chief justice when the result was made known. Sentence was pronounced.

EXPERT EVIDENCE.

Following is a condensation of Wednesday afternoon's evidence:

Dr. W. J. Teasdale was the physician who first examined Gowanlock after the blow struck by Harding. Life was then extinct. Death was due to rupture of a blood vessel at the base of the brain. The rupture was caused by dislocation of the third vertebrae. Authorities gave as cause of such dislocation falls or blows on the head. Dr. Teasdale had never heard of such effect being produced by a blow on the chin.

Dr. Chas. F. Neu said a blow on the chin would be more apt to cause fracture of the jaw or fracture of the skull than to cause a dislocation of the vertebrae.

Dr. Hadley Williams said a blow delivered directly in front would not likely cause a dislocation. Weaker parts would be more likely to give way. A fall might easily cause dislocation. If a man's head was turned sideways as much as possible a blow on the chin might also result in the same way. The first vertebrae was the weakest, but in case of dislocation it was the fifth that was usually out.

THE DEFENSE.

Richard Jones for the defense described Gowanlock's condition previous to the trouble with the prisoner as very quarrelsome. Gowanlock had used bad language toward Harding.

Robert Way also heard Gowanlock cursing Harding, and said he was quarrelsome toward the witness also.

Dr. J. D. O'Neill told of having ordered Gowanlock out of his stable on Aug. 23, on account of his objectionable conduct.

Dr. Blackwell, for whom Harding had worked at odd times, gave the prisoner a good character.

The prisoner, George Harding, was then put in the box.

He said he was born in London, 35 years ago, is a butcher by trade, but for several years has followed the business of groom. He first saw Gowanlock on the morning of Aug. 23, the day of the tragedy. Gowanlock was then under the influence of liquor.

His next saw the man in the evening. Gowanlock came towards the witness in the O'Neill House yard where witness was bandaging a horse's legs and grossly insulted him. The prisoner thought Gowanlock's design was to grapple with him, and kept moving about on guard. Beach seized the witness and told him to sit down. Gowanlock went away and came back, still offensive. The third time he came out he had his coat and vest off, and advanced towards the witness with his hands raised. Witness took a few steps to meet him. Gowanlock shoved the witness on the chest, and witness struck Gowanlock two quick blows with his left arm, swinging short with his right. He did not hit Gowanlock on the chin. He would not have struck him first. If he did not, Gowanlock fell, and it was some time later he heard the man was dead. When he did hear it he immediately gave himself up.

Mr. Adam Beck, for whom the prisoner had worked off and on for the past six or seven years, gave him a good character. Edmund Meredith, Q.C., addressed the jury for the accused. He made an eloquent plea for acquittal. The jury was sworn to give the prisoner the benefit of the doubt. He said it was only upon thoroughly reliable evidence the prisoner could be found guilty. Nearly every witness called for the crown had been confronted with the evidence given at the inquest, and each one pointed out by the crown prosecutor himself. Gowanlock had insulted the prisoner in the grossest manner. He was the aggressor. The blows were delivered by Harding in self-defense. No man could have absolute and perfect control of his temper. After what had taken place it was only natural Harding should strike back. There was also the doubt, Mr. Meredith said, about the blows by Harding causing the fall. One witness, Harry O'Neill, thought Gowanlock was pulled back by some one. The crown had failed to establish the cause of Gowanlock's fall.

E. F. E. Johnston, Q. C., very ably presented the case of the crown. As to the witnesses' statements, he said some of the witnesses had either forgotten what they said at the coroner's inquest or for some other reason were giving different evidence. He was not imputing bad motives, but memory was deceptive. Of the plea that Harding was justified in striking Gowanlock, the learned counsel said foul language was used by both men. There was no pretense that it was the reason for the blow being struck. Deceased had been much under the influence of liquor. The action on Harding's part was deliberate, when he might easily have walked away.

The chief justice followed the impassioned appeals of the opposing counsel with a clear and cold presentation of the essential features of the evidence. The jury had decided as to the cause of death. Was the dislocation the result of a fall, and was the fall the result of a blow delivered by the prisoner? If so, was the blow delivered in self-defense? If not, the act was a wrongful one, and the prisoner was guilty of manslaughter. There was no

evidence to show that Gowanlock was pulled back after Harding struck him, and there appeared to be no reason why Harding should not have walked away before striking Gowanlock. To establish the offense, it was only necessary to prove that the deceased came to his death at the hands of the prisoner, while committing a wrongful act. No malice needed to be proven. The use of bad language did not justify one person making an assault on another.

PETERSON INQUEST

Expert Witness Mitchell Says Machinery Was Dangerous.

No Proper Facilities for Replacing the Belt—An Adjournment.

Dr. Ferguson, coroner. Foreman Geo. Cairncross and twelve other jurors continued the investigation last night of the circumstances attending the death of Nellie Peterson, who was killed at the pork factory last Friday, while replacing a belt on a pulley. The inquest was held at the Windsor House, Pottersburg. The jury visited the factory in the evening, and inspected the gearing. Ten witnesses were examined. The Canadian Packing Company was represented by Mr. I. F. Hellmuth, and Peterson's widow by Mr. E. W. M. Flock.

Manager Ginge was called, and stated that Peterson was a regularly qualified engineer, and he had considered him a careful and competent man. As engineer he had had full charge of the machinery, as well as the engine. He was on duty in the engine room when he went out to replace the belt. The machinery had been inspected by an expert when the company took it over, and reported satisfactory.

W. Hartslevon swore that he saw the accident, as he was applying a belt at the counter-shaft pulley at the time. Peterson was standing on a ledge of the wall on a level with the pulley. He would require to stoop down to reach the pulley. Witness could not see what part of Peterson's clothes had been caught first.

Mr. Larsen, foreman, said Peterson was in full charge of the machinery, and was carrying out his instructions in replacing any belt on a pulley. He was a competent and careful engineer.

Wm. Chambers said he was employed in the sausage room, but up till within the past few weeks he was in charge of the machinery, and it was part of his duty to put belts on pulleys when required. He did not know of anyone having been appointed in his place.

James Creighton, fireman at the factory, said he went out of the engine room at the same time as the engineer. He did not see the accident, but hearing the noise was on the scene a moment later. He did not think the electric wires interfered with replacing the belt. Peterson was in the habit of applying the belt once or twice a week when the machinery in the adjoining sausage-room was to be put in motion.

F. E. Mitchell, a mechanical engineer, was sworn, and said that at the request of counsel for the widow, he had examined the machinery which caused the accident, 24 hours after it happened. Everything was apparently just as it had been when the accident occurred. He stated that there was no platform or other means by which the belt could be replaced from a safe position. The man had to climb up on a ledge of the wall, on a level with the pulley, and feed the belt from the far side, reaching over the shaft and two electric wires, which ran parallel with the shaft. Besides, contact with the electric wires might cause a shock which would throw a man off the ledge. The bolts clamping the pulleys projected through the arms far enough to permit of the catching clothing that came within their reach. He was of the decided opinion that the deceased was in a dangerous position to apply a belt. Besides, the belt in question had never been off the pulley, unless the object were to save wear, as there was a shifter in the adjoining sausage-room, and an idle pulley on which it was intended to be put when the machinery in the sausage-room was not in use.

Dr. Laurie stated that he was called immediately after the accident, and found Peterson dead. The body was badly crushed and portions of it were detached.

The inquest was adjourned till Monday night next, when the evidence of the present engineer and one or two other witnesses will be taken.

TO THE COUNCIL

Manager of the Canadian Packing Company Makes Reply.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

Did Ald. Pritchard know what he spoke about at the council meeting of Nov. 21 re the Canadian Packing Company's sewer? I never knew that the Canadian Packing Company had asked anything unfair of the city. When the company came out here (1892) it was recommended by Sir John Carling to build in London, and we wanted to build where the Watson box factory now is situated; but the bylaw says that no slaughter-house is allowed inside city limits. But the council of that year were willing to do anything to locate the new industry near London, and they asked us if they could do anything to help; but we thanked them, as at the time we knew of nothing, as we wished to start without any help. After the lot was bought, our contracts let to London contractors only. I went home in December and expected to see the buildings finished in the spring of 1893, when I came out with skilled labor, but to my great disappointment they were not finished before July, although we were recommended to take the best architect, as he was employed by the city as engineer. Before starting we had made arrangements with a then prominent butcher in the market to handle our offal, but after the first killing he could

not take it, as he did not expect so much, so we got permission to take the market clerk to occupy an empty stall in the market until we could ask the council to rent it at the usual rate. But it was rented to a butcher in the market, and the council declined to rent it to us shortly after it stood empty.

This summer we made application to the city for tapping their sewer at East London, we to lay a six-inch sewer at our own expense, and we were willing to pay a yearly sewer tax on our property, just the same as any other factory of our size, lying in the city, has to pay. After two inspections by the committee (and several meetings), it was told us that the committee would recommend permission to tap the sewer under the following condition: We to construct a fifteen-inch sewer from Egerton street to city limits (which would cost about \$1,200) and make it a present to the city, and we also, at our own expense, construct a six-inch sewer to packing-house, and give a guarantee that no grease or any other objectionable matter should go into this sewer. This we accepted, and the committee then recommended it by council, and then again was recommended by the committee, and again sent back after such nice speeches by Ald. Pritchard and Ald. O'Meara.

I do not think that our solicitor has cracked any black-whip at the committee, as they have met us in a very courteous and business-like way, but he might have cracked the whip over the council for the very unbusiness-like way they treated the committee and written drill. The field officers' examination will include discipline and law, interior economy, battalion drill, brigade drill, guard and sentries and written drill.

TORONTO AHEAD

More Cases of Kidney Disease Cured in Queen City Than in Any Other in the Province.

Alexander Brown, 119 Elizabeth Street, Cured of Rheumatism—Found No Other Remedy Would Help Him—Two Boxes Fixed Him.

Toronto, Nov. 22.—This city is the home of the great world-remedy Dadd's Kidney Pills. The discovery of the medicine that would act on the kidneys was made here, and here is where Dadd's Kidney Pills made their first cures. It is interesting to note the fact that a greater number of cures from the different forms of Kidney Disease is made in Toronto than in any other town or city in Ontario.

This is a significant fact. Dadd's Kidney Pills were introduced here. They have been known longer in Toronto than anywhere else. If they were not a sterling remedy it is impossible to suppose that they would have had anything but a temporary favor in this city.

So far from this being the case, however, they have become the popular medicine here. They are in greater demand in the drug stores of Toronto today than they have ever been before.

Alexander Brown, 119 Elizabeth Street, Toronto, says: "I have been troubled with Rheumatism for three years, also with pains in my back. I have tried several remedies but could not get any relief. I have used two boxes of Dadd's Kidney Pills and am now a well man."

Mr. Joseph Stratford, general manager of the Farmers' Binder Twine Company of Bramford, denies the statement of Mr. Fulton, of the Consumers' Company, that the Bramford Company earned its big dividend by selling fibre instead of manufacturing.

GALT MAN SHOT.

Galt, Nov. 23.—Andrew Harvie, son of the late Arthur Harvie, sen., who was killed by his stallion some months ago, narrowly escaped an equally sad fate near Atwood Tuesday afternoon. Mr. Harvie, with a number of others, was hunting hare at Atwood. About dusk one of Harvie's companions was confident he saw a hare. He fired and the charge entered Harvie's arm and abdomen. Harvie had one hand wrap-

BOVRIL!

Every medical man will tell you that EXTRACT OF MEAT is simply valuable as a STIMULANT. He will also tell you the same of HOME-MADE BEEF TEA—hard as you will find it to believe.

In both these preparations the Albumen and Fibrin, which are the Nourishing Constituents of the Meat, are lost, being congealed into the residue in an absolutely indigestible form.

In the Manufacture of BOVRIL we treat FRESH LEAN MEAT in such a manner as to RESTORE these NOURISHING CONSTITUENTS to BEEF TEA. In this manner we secure the most perfect form of concentrated nourishment in a condition capable of immediate digestion and assimilation.

BOVRIL, Limited,

Head Office, 30 Farringdon St., London, E. C.

27 St. Peter St., MONTREAL.

At the Police Court.

Fred Dunn, cigarmaker, was charged with non-support of his wife, Mary P. Dunn, at the police court this morning. The case was enlarged until tomorrow. Dunn, it is alleged, went away some six months ago, leaving his wife and two children behind. During that period, Mrs. Dunn says, he contributed nothing to her support, and she had to go and live with her mother.

John Newman, an aged citizen, charged with the same offense, was allowed to go, as the complainant, Frederick Templar, did not appear to prosecute.

Elizabeth Black, a drunk, was remanded.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done it will do again.

Mrs. M. A. Vickroy, killed in a runaway accident in Prescott, Ariz., was famous for lobbying mining claims through congress, her record being \$400,000 worth in 15 years.

Obituary.

MISS ELIZABETH LOFT.

Miss Elizabeth Loft, the daughter of the late Mr. Fishwick Loft, died this morning at the home of her sister, Mrs. West of the 10th concession of London township. She had suffered for more than a year. Deceased was much loved by a large number of friends. The sympathy of the community will be extended to her family in their sad bereavement. The funeral will be held tomorrow at 1 o'clock to St. John's cemetery.

MRS. M. E. ADAMS.

Mrs. Maggie Ellis Adams died yesterday of consumption. Deceased had been ailing for some time past. Only two weeks ago her husband, the late Mr. Wm. Adams, died. The funeral will take place from the residence of Mr. Joseph Marks, Grey street, at 2:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Broom Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. E. W. Groves' signature is on each box.

Before Dinner

You Can Regulate the Fire of the New

Imperial Oxford Range

To have just as much heat as you need—wherever you need it,

AND AFTER DINNER

you can check it off instantly to avoid any waste of heat or fuel.

Its wonderful ease of regulation is just one of the many improved features that make it the most desirable range ever made.

Why not call and see it at our London agent's.

JOS. W. CHAMBERS,

382 Richmond Street. The Gurney Foundry Co., Limited, Toronto.

USE

EDDY'S

BRUSHES.

The Most Durable on the Market. For Sale Everywhere.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Have for many years been the popular family medicine wherever the English language is spoken, and they now

STAND WITHOUT A RIVAL

in curing Indigestion, Sick Headache, Constipation, and all Bilious and Nervous Disorders.

25 Cents at all Druggists.

CHAPMAN.

We Have Them

Leather Beaver Overcoats (our own make), in all the latest styles, box back and V cut back, single and double breasted, French facings, one-half satin lined, quilted satin lined and Italian lined. These goods will pass for ordered goods.

Our Leader, \$10 and \$12.

Men's Ulsters, storm collars. We have 25 Ulsters, in gray all-wool frieze, tweed lined, all wool.

Special Offer, \$6.

Just to hand, Men's Leather Vests, as soft as a glove and a perfect chest protector.

Black and Fawn, \$2 25.

Men's English Serge Suits, single and double breasted (our own make). These goods we import and can guarantee wear and perfect fit. We know these suits cannot be beaten in quality and style, if equaled in London.

Our Price, \$10.

Slender Men's Suits, long arms and legs. We have a complete range of Tweeds, Serges and Worsteds, and sure winners for style, fit and prices that makes selling easy.

Clothing—Second Floor.

J. H. CHAPMAN & CO.

126-128 DUNDAS STREET.

Phone 791.

125-127 CARLING STREET.

HORSES OF HIGH DEGREE

Close of the Fasig-Tipton Sale at New York.

Eleven Men Start in a Six-Days' Bicycle Contest at Kansas City—Turf and Other Sporting Events.

TURF.

NEW YORK HORSE SALE.

New York, Nov. 23.—The Fasig-Tipton horse sale closed yesterday in the Madison Square Garden with the offering of the famous Alton trotters.

Principal sales: Keller, 2,264, br. c., 1896, Allerton; Miss France, To Carl D. Burr, of Connack, L. L., \$5,200.

Locha, 2,264, b. f., 1897, Allerton; Elmore, To Matt Dwyer, New York City, \$3,010.

Flora McGregor, no record, ch. m., 1897, Robert McGregor—Bellevue. Sold to M. Dwyer, New York City, \$3,000.

Lams, ch. m., 1894, Allerton—Brena. Sold to Michael Bormann, Lexington, Ky., \$385.

Morata, no record, c. f., 1893, Allerton—Georgia Albers. Sold to D. L. Truman, Cushing, Ga., \$630.

Morrell, no record, b. c., 1893, Allerton—Shun Chase. Sold to R. J. Batty, Washington, \$525.

AT OAKLAND.

San Francisco, Nov. 23.—Oakland results: First race, 4-mile, selling—Alaska 1, Santello 2, Major Cook 3. Time, 1:19.

Second race, 3-mile, all ages—Los Medanos 1, Rosemont 2, Una Colorado 3. Time, 1:30.

Third race, 3-mile—Gauntlet 1, Oler Joe 2, Ringmaster 3. Time, 1:30 1/2.

Fourth race, 3-mile, selling—High Ho 1, Flammaway 2, Dare II 3. Time, 1:19.

Fifth race, 13-mile, selling—Pat Morrissey 1, Sly 2, Peace 3. Time, 1:24 1/2.

Sixth race, 1 mile—Satsuma 1, San Venab 2, Fester 3. Time, 1:45 1/2.

AT BENNING.

Washington, Nov. 23.—Favorites won in yesterday's races:

First race, all ages, non-winners in 1899, 5 1/2 furlongs—Tyra 1, Speedmas 2, Langdon 3. Time, 1:10.

Second race, all ages, non-winners in 1899, 5 1/2 furlongs—Aratoma 1, J. A. Gray 2, Vertigo 3. Time, 1:10 1/2.

Third race, maiden, 2-year-olds, 6 1/2 furlongs—Randy 1, Grandeur 2, Bermuda Hundred 3. Time, 1:24.

Fourth race, selling, 3-year-olds and upwards, non-winners of \$500 in 1899, 5 furlongs—

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MUNYON'S INHALER CURES CATARRH

Colds, Coughs, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, Asthma and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

Clouds of Medicated Vapor are inhaled through the mouth and emitted from the nostrils, cleansing and vaporizing all the inflamed and diseased parts which cannot be reached by medicine taken internally.

It reaches the sore spots—it heats the raw places—it goes to the seat of disease—it acts as a balm and tonic to the whole system—\$1.00 per box of six boxes sent by mail.

11 ALBERT ST. - TORONTO.

Oscar Julius, New York City, late champion of Sweden; Frederick Nelson, Chicago, three times winner of the Pullman fighting match; Ed Lingenfelder, Chicago; John Lawson, Chicago, holder of the 44 and 100 mile records; John Chapman, Atlanta, Ga.; Gus Lawson, Buffalo, brother of John Lawson; Oscar Plummer, of Kansas City; and L. H. Medendorff, of Minneapolis.

The riders will ride daily from 1.30 to 2.30 p.m. The purse amounts to \$1,500, and \$100 additional for a new 48-hour record.

YACHTING.

CHALLENGE FOR 1901.

London, Nov. 23.—Sir Thomas Lipton, questioned regarding a report that he has determined to challenge next year for the America's cup, said: "I do not intend to challenge next year. But, if I live, I will certainly challenge for 1901."

FOOTBALL.

The secretary of the Hamilton football club has sent word that the club will be unable to fill their date arranged with the London Juniors for a game in this city on Saturday. The Juniors are, however, communicating with Simcoe, Sarnia and Toronto teams and expect to get a Saturday game here.

SPORTING NOTES.

Kid Lavigne's sore ribs are bothering him again.

McCoy says that he wants no picture machines to sweat the life out of him when he is fighting a boxer. He thinks he will need all his strength to beat the big Irishman.

Schlesinger & Co., of Vienna, had eleven valuable trotters on the ill-fated Patria. Among them were Esposito Rex, the horse that the Linds had at the July meeting of Highland Park. Geraldine (2:16 1/4) and Red Nutting (2:13) were also among the lot.

PICKELL IS A BIGAMIST

A Verdict of "Guilty" Quickly Reached by the Jury.

The Prisoner Confronted by His Two Wives and Failed to Produce Evidence of a Divorce—Hints of Assassins.

Wednesday Afternoon.

THE BIGAMY CASE.

At 4:20 the trial of Jordan Pickell, charged with bigamy, began. Pickell, the big railroad man on the London street railway, who acted as president of Division 57 of the Employees' Association at the time of the first strike, and for some months afterwards. His placid, though not infrequently lighted up with a bland smile as he caught the eye of some acquaintance in the densely packed court room. Wife No. 1, often cast tender glances in the prisoner's direction, but wife No. 2, for the most part kept her eyes averted. Pickell's complaisance was strongly contrasted with the expression on the face of his fellow-prisoner, George Harding.

The jurors sworn were: Michael Baines, Caradoc; Thos. McKenzie and E. J. F. Henderson, Adelaide; Henry Hayman, London; Emmie Hodgins, Biddulph; John Hyslop, London; D. C. Brodie, Caradoc; John Irvine, Lobo; Wm. Noble, McGillivray; Henry Blaine, Moss; Simon Peacock, Delaware, and Henry Harding.

E. F. B. Johnston, Q.C., was the prosecuting attorney, and Mr. E. T. Essery appeared for the prisoner.

WIFE NUMBER ONE.

Mrs. Esther Pickell was the first witness. Her maiden name was Esther Wilson. She was born in London, and was married to the prisoner, Nov. 23, 1881, by Rev. Mr. Law, a Baptist minister. From Burford township the young couple came to London. They went to Detroit 12 years ago, and the witness had been living there ever since. They had two children, aged 16 and 14 years, respectively. She and Mr. Pickell had been together since Nov. 23, 1881, when he came to London. The prisoner came to where the witness was living on Eighteenth street, Detroit, in September, 1898, and talked to her at the door ten or fifteen minutes. He came for some books; witness did not know what books. She told him he could have nothing out of the house. He did not go inside the door. That was the only time she had seen her husband after he left her until she came to London to have him arrested last July. Before he left her, she said, he had tried several times to have her put in the Wayne county asylum.

Mr. Essery—How did you come to part?

Mrs. Pickell—He said if the doctors could not prove me insane, he would not live with me.

Mrs. Pickell said she was away from home nine days in March, 1898. A lady friend took her away to prevent her from being put in the asylum. She had been in the asylum twice before, from Sept. 25 to Dec. 7, 1896, and from July 28 to Oct. 9, 1897.

Mr. Essery—Did you take proceedings to obtain a divorce?

Mrs. Pickell—Papers were drawn up. Witness identified the application, which alleged "extreme cruelty and misconduct," on the part of Pickell, as grounds for the divorce. Pickell, she said, was then a motorman on the Detroit Street Railway, earning \$12 a week. At the time witness applied for the divorce, Pickell was trying to have her put in the asylum. No divorce was granted. Her object was to prevent her husband from accomplishing his purpose, and in this she was successful.

The divorce proceedings were dropped. Witness was questioned as to the domestic happiness of the Pickell home. Mr. Essery—He says that you were in the habit of throwing chairs at him, also the stove iron, cups of tea, plates, etc.

Mrs. Pickell smiled, and denied having ever thrown anything at her husband. She was asked about her part in the bigamy proceedings. Detective Hays came to her house and asked her to come to London to give evidence against Pickell. Her railway fare was paid, she did not know by whom. Likewise her expenses at the hotel. The proceedings were started by the witness through a letter written to the clerk here. The letter had been written by a lady saying she knew the home of the witness to sell soap. She was a stranger, but Mrs. Pickell spoke to her of her husband being away, and the writing of the letter was thus suggested.

Rev. Mr. McEwen, of Toronto, superintendent of Baptist missions in Canada, identified the Rev. Mr. Law, referred to as having married Pickell and wife No. 1, as a regularly ordained minister of the Baptist Church.

Mrs. Ida Chambers, of Detroit, was for years the next-door neighbor of the Pickells in Detroit. She once saw Pickell strike his wife. She knew she was trouble in the family, but never knew of Mrs. Pickell having thrown anything at her husband.

Mr. J. H. Johnston, Presbyterian minister of Arkona, gave evidence of having married Jordan Pickell and Miss Annie Smith on March 29 last. Before the ceremony Pickell said he had been married, but that he was a widower. He said nothing about a divorce.

Wife No. 2, who was Miss Annie Smith, the daughter of a Bosanquet farmer, is much younger in appearance than wife No. 1. She met Pickell in London at the house of a mutual friend about seven months before the marriage ceremony took place. They were engaged about three months.

The prisoner, Jordan Pickell, was examined. He said he left his first wife because she threatened to kill him. "She wouldn't cook, nor do the washing," he said, and was always striking me with the stove iron. She had also cut her neighbor's clothesline and interfered with the water service. She had been away from him twelve or fifteen days, when he was served with notice of the divorce proceedings and attended court. He had paid his own lawyer, her lawyer and the costs of the court, and had been "all right now." On the strength of that he believed the divorce had been granted.

The court adjourned shortly after 6 o'clock. Wife No. 2 fondly kissed the prisoner before he left the dock.

Thursday Morning.

The trial of Jordan Pickell was resumed sharp at 9 o'clock. The evidence all being in, Mr. E. T. Essery began his address to the jury for the accused. The learned counsel throughout his address hinted darkly at the influence of a third party in the prosecution. Mrs. Esther Pickell was out a figurehead. She had not acted in the matter of her own accord. It was the hand of "an assassin" that persecuted the prisoner. "They talk about boycotting," said Mr. Essery, turning toward the prisoner in the dock, "but God help the man that is to be boycotted in a box like that."

He attributed Pickell's connection with the street railway strikers as the cause of his prosecution.

Mr. Johnston carefully reviewed the case for the crown. This was not a fight between the street railway company on the one side, and the prisoner on the other, as the counsel for the prisoner had intimated. There was no other prosecutor than the law. Whenever a railway company has had to do with street railway strikes had nothing to do with the case. Nor had the jury anything to do with the conduct of wife No. 1. They had merely to deal with the crime of bigamy, and Mr. Johnston held that no evidence had been submitted to show that the prisoner was not guilty.

Chief Justice Armour told the jury that their duty was plain. There was no contradiction in the evidence. They had nothing to do with the manner in which this prosecution had been brought about. If evidence regarding it had been brought in it would have been rejected as being irrelevant. There was no doubt about these people living unhappily together, but it was not pertinent. The issue was whether or not the first wife was living. No divorce had been granted, and even if a divorce were granted in a Michigan court to two British subjects, as they were, his lordship would have asked the jury to find the prisoner guilty, in order to have the divorce passed upon by a higher court. The jury was out less than ten minutes before returning with a verdict of "Guilty."

A SERIOUS CHARGE.

During the morning the grand jury returned a true bill against Washington Doxator, an Indian of Delaware, charged with criminally assaulting Eliza Cornelius. Doxator was arraigned and said he was ready for trial.

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THE TEST THAT TELLS

Is the Testimony of London People.

You Can Get All the Convincing Proof You Want by Reading London Papers.

When the reader wants an article of value he naturally prefers to deal with some one he can depend on.

If mixed up in any law suit, a good responsible London lawyer is generally the best necessary source of information.

The test that tells the tale of merit is the test of friends and neighbors. London people endorse Doan's Kidney Pills. Can you ask better evidence?

Read this case:

Mr. W. F. Johnston, a young man who lives at 714 Queen's avenue, made this statement:

"I was feeling very miserable from kidney complaint and weak back, and was getting worse rather than better all the time."

"I used several prescriptions, thinking that they might help me, but my old enemy still clung to me. Through persuasion of friends I tried Doan's Kidney Pills, and have derived great benefit from them. In fact, I am feeling better now than I have for a number of years, and with pleasure recommend the afflicted to get this remedy without delay."

Doan's Kidney Pills always cure backache, lame or weak back, rheumatism, dropsy, puffiness under the eyes, urinary weakness of children or old people, and female complaints. They contain no purgatives to weaken the system.

They are a specific for kidney complaints and for them alone. Refuse all substitutes or imitations. The Doan Kidney Pill Company, Toronto.

The Bishop of Manchester declares that religious services are not nearly so well attended as they were twenty years ago.

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The trial of Jordan Pickell was resumed sharp at 9 o'clock. The evidence all being in, Mr. E. T. Essery began his address to the jury for the accused. The learned counsel throughout his address hinted darkly at the influence of a third party in the prosecution. Mrs. Esther Pickell was out a figurehead. She had not acted in the matter of her own accord. It was the hand of "an assassin" that persecuted the prisoner. "They talk about boycotting," said Mr. Essery, turning toward the prisoner in the dock, "but God help the man that is to be boycotted in a box like that."

He attributed Pickell's connection with the street railway strikers as the cause of his prosecution.

Mr. Johnston carefully reviewed the case for the crown. This was not a fight between the street railway company on the one side, and the prisoner on the other, as the counsel for the prisoner had intimated. There was no other prosecutor than the law. Whenever a railway company has had to do with street railway strikes had nothing to do with the case. Nor had the jury anything to do with the conduct of wife No. 1. They had merely to deal with the crime of bigamy, and Mr. Johnston held that no evidence had been submitted to show that the prisoner was not guilty.

Chief Justice Armour told the jury that their duty was plain. There was no contradiction in the evidence. They had nothing to do with the manner in which this prosecution had been brought about. If evidence regarding it had been brought in it would have been rejected as being irrelevant. There was no doubt about these people living unhappily together, but it was not pertinent. The issue was whether or not the first wife was living. No divorce had been granted, and even if a divorce were granted in a Michigan court to two British subjects, as they were, his lordship would have asked the jury to find the prisoner guilty, in order to have the divorce passed upon by a higher court. The jury was out less than ten minutes before returning with a verdict of "Guilty."

A SERIOUS CHARGE.

During the morning the grand jury returned a true bill against Washington Doxator, an Indian of Delaware, charged with criminally assaulting Eliza Cornelius. Doxator was arraigned and said he was ready for trial.

THE TEST THAT TELLS

Is the Testimony of London People.

You Can Get All the Convincing Proof You Want by Reading London Papers.

When the reader wants an article of value he naturally prefers to deal with some one he can depend on.

If mixed up in any law suit, a good responsible London lawyer is generally the best necessary source of information.

The test that tells the tale of merit is the test of friends and neighbors. London people endorse Doan's Kidney Pills. Can you ask better evidence?

Read this case:

Mr. W. F. Johnston, a young man who lives at 714 Queen's avenue, made this statement:

"I was feeling very miserable from kidney complaint and weak back, and was getting worse rather than better all the time."

"I used several prescriptions, thinking that they might help me, but my old enemy still clung to me. Through persuasion of friends I tried Doan's Kidney Pills, and have derived great benefit from them. In fact, I am feeling better now than I have for a number of years, and with pleasure recommend the afflicted to get this remedy without delay."

Doan's Kidney Pills always cure backache, lame or weak back, rheumatism, dropsy, puffiness under the eyes, urinary weakness of children or old people, and female complaints. They contain no purgatives to weaken the system.

They are a specific for kidney complaints and for them alone. Refuse all substitutes or imitations. The Doan Kidney Pill Company, Toronto.

The Bishop of Manchester declares that religious services are not nearly so well attended as they were twenty years ago.

Mrs. Pickell smiled, and denied having ever thrown anything at her husband. She was asked about her part in the bigamy proceedings. Detective Hays came to her house and asked her to come to London to give evidence against Pickell. Her railway fare was paid, she did not know by whom. Likewise her expenses at the hotel. The proceedings were started by the witness through a letter written to the clerk here. The letter had been written by a lady saying she knew the home of the witness to sell soap. She was a stranger, but Mrs. Pickell spoke to her of her husband being away, and the writing of the letter was thus suggested.

Rev. Mr. McEwen, of Toronto, superintendent of Baptist missions in Canada, identified the Rev. Mr. Law, referred to as having married Pickell and wife No. 1, as a regularly ordained minister of the Baptist Church.

Mrs. Ida Chambers, of Detroit, was for years the next-door neighbor of the Pickells in Detroit. She once saw Pickell strike his wife. She knew she was trouble in the family, but never knew of Mrs. Pickell having thrown anything at her husband.

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Room for All.

"There is no political partisan, no matter how bitter, who ever belittles our German fellow-citizens," truly says Mr. E. E. Sheppard ("Don"), writing in his paper, Toronto Saturday Night. Mr. Sheppard recounts that during a recent visit to Waterloo county he met how they felt toward the policy of Canada volunteering troops for British wars, without consulting the people or having any voice in deciding whether there should be a war or not. The tenor of the replies was that the obligation felt by the German people in Canada was toward the Dominion, and they would give everything to defend Canada if she were involved in a quarrel; but Great Britain's quarrel they would feel to be none of their business and if it should happen that Great Britain came to war with Germany, they would say "Let us stay at home, protect our own country, but not fight with the people of our own blood."

No doubt this is a fair reflection of the sentiments of our German fellow-citizens, yet who dares to throw a slur on their patriotism? They are among the very best Canadians, prosperous, law-abiding, progressive and assimilated to our institutions. Affection for the land of their ancestry is perfectly consistent with the deepest loyalty to the Dominion. The same is true of all other races on Canadian soil. The Irishman, who in his native country would be an ardent Home Ruler and perhaps a bit of a tail-walker, is in Canada a true-blue Canadian. The brilliant D'Arcy McGee was an example. His country has furnished us some of the richest elements of our national life. Likewise the Scotchman's love for Scotland never impairs his Canadianism. The French-Canadians are as thoroughly Canadian also as the Germans, the Irish or the Scotch. They have more than once sealed their devotion to Canada with their blood. But for the French-Canadians, the British flag might not today be floating over the northern half of this continent. Within fifteen years after they had been conquered by British arms, they were fighting for the King of England against the American invaders during the revolutionary war. All efforts to wean the French-Canadians from British allegiance in that crisis were vain. The Roman Catholic hierarchy in Quebec was among the most steadfast supporters of the crown. In 1812-15 the French-Canadians again flew to arms in defense of Canada. At Chateaugay the gallant De Salaberry, with 300 French-Canadian militiamen, defeated 7,000 American troops, and probably saved Quebec, by rolling back the tide of invasion. In the Fenian raid, Quebec was once more ready to do its duty. Shame on the bigotry which is now traducing French-Canadian loyalty, of which such glorious proofs have been given! It may be that our fellow-citizens of Quebec do not thrill at the idea of fighting Great Britain's battles in distant climes and countries. Neither did Sir John Macdonald. Neither did Sir Charles Tupper, until two months ago. Neither do a great many English-speaking colonists today. But let the Empire be in real danger, and let a foreign foe menace Canadian soil, and the French-Canadians, as in 1775 and 1812, when they proved a bulwark against American aggression, will fight for their beloved Dominion to the last drop of blood. Is it policy to alienate such Canadianism as theirs? They may not yet grasp the imperial idea in its full meaning, but that idea is only a recent growth among the British people themselves. The sentiment has time and space to work and spread. Imperial unity presupposes Canadian unity, and we can only build up a solid nationality by tolerance and forbearance on the part of the dominant race toward other races, not by attempting to bulldoze them and brand them with disloyalty, until their pride rebels, and they lose their confidence in British justice and fair play.

The London Times truly says that "it is unfortunate at such a time that any Canadian politicians should have attempted to exalt their own loyalty by throwing suspicion on the loyalty of their opponents; and it is still more deplorable that some British enthusiasts should have made this the occasion for attacks upon their French fellow countrymen. These attacks," adds the Times, "happily, have been reproached by the more sober writers and speakers in the ranks of the Conservative Opposition, as well as by the English-speaking Liberals."

A Money Maker.

The fact that the Farmers' Binder Twine Company, of Brantford, cleared 80 per cent profit last year and 100 per cent this year is mighty disconcerting to those who cried that the Canadian industry would be paralyzed when binder twine was put on the free list. The Consumers' Cordage Company, of Montreal have been among the chief calamity howlers. They have claimed all along that making binder twine duty free was a rank injustice and ruinous to their interests. How could this be possible when a rival concern was making 100 per cent profit? Mr. Fulton, manager of the Consumers' Company, volunteered an explanation. The profit made by the Farmers' Company, he declared, was not on twine at all, but on their raw material, hemp. Canadian manufacturers had laid in a large quantity of hemp, before the war in the Philippine Islands, which are the chief source of supply. The war sent the price of hemp up from

8 cents to 14 cents per pound, and Mr. Fulton says the Farmers' Company gave up the manufacture of twine and disposed of their raw material at a handsome profit, which is the explanation of their 100 per cent dividend. The company, he said, could not now buy hemp at profitable figures, and must wait for the price to go down before resuming the manufacture of twine.

This statement sounds plausible enough, but it is flatly contradicted by Mr. Stratford, the general manager of the Farmers' Company. He says he is prepared to make affidavit that not a single pound of fibre has been sold by the company during his management of seven years; that in 1898, when there was almost a twine famine staring the farmers in the face, and his company were marketing their output at 7 1/2 cents a pound, he tried to induce the Consumers' Company to operate their silent factory at Brantford, and offered to supply fibre, coal, and hands, but the Montreal firm refused. Mr. Stratford also points out that the Farmers' Company mill is not idle, but is being operated to its fullest capacity.

From this it will be seen that the Canadian industry can compete in the open market, and if it can make 100 per cent under such conditions it can hardly ask, with good grace, for tariff protection.

The Boers are about as expert on the loot as the shoot.

Cupid evidently drew a longbow on Dewey. The admiral has preferred to please his wife rather than dwell in the hearts of his countrymen.

A dispatch from Manila says that Aguinaldo has again escaped capture. This seems to be his chief occupation. He has been working at it a year now, and holds the record as the greatest escaper on earth.

The Ottawa City Council has decided to submit to the ratepayers a proposal to reduce the number of aldermen by one-third and make the term of office two years instead of one. It is a very mild dose of reform, but it is good as far as it goes.

General Sir William Penn Symonds, who died in the hands of the Boers at Dundee, owed his second name to the circumstance that his grandmother was one Agnes Penn, who, according to her memorial tablet, was "a lineal descendant of the excellent William Penn, and inherited many of his pious and amiable qualities."

"Every ratepayer who has paid any attention to the work done under the supervision of the board of works during the past two seasons cannot fail to realize the necessity for a radical change in the conduct of this department of the town's business."—Woodstock Express.

Change the "word town" to "city" and the above paragraph fits London's case exactly.

Our old friend the Free Press is again abusing the Government for not selling prison-made binder twine at slaughter prices. The Consumers' Cordage Company, on the other hand, complain that the competition of the prison twine with the output of the regular factories is most unfair. We have a distinct recollection of a long article in the Free Press some time ago, in which the practice of putting prison-made goods on the market was very strongly denounced as unjust to honest labor.

The Hamilton Board of Trade has joined in the protest of the marine section of the Toronto Board of Trade against the suspension of the Canadian coasting laws by the Dominion Government. It is not likely the London Board of Trade will be so unreasonable. The suspension has been a boon to the farmers of Manitoba and the Northwest, and has resulted in an immense volume of grain going through Canadian channels which would otherwise have found its way to the seaboard, via the United States. The Canadian shipping interests have not suffered, as they have all the business they can handle.

What Others Say.

By Artificial Light.

[Guelph Advocate.]

The trouble with a great many young men who want to see life, is that they imagine there is none of it worth seeing by daylight.

A Sick Man's Grievance.

[Aitchison (Kas.) Globe.]

Just as soon as things begin to taste right to a sick person the neighbors stop sending things in.

A Sure To-T.

[Toronto Star.]

The Mail calls the preferential tariff a colossal fraud and denies that a preference is given to British goods. The Mail should ask a few importers what they think of the matter.

Municipal Affairs.

[Woodstock Sentinel-Review.]

How many electors just now are thinking about the town affairs for next year as they would of their own business? Are they looking for men to whom they would intrust the expenditure of so much of their own money as the town spends each year? Still, this would not be a bad way to look at municipal representation.

PAGGED OUT.—None but those who have become fagged out know what a depressed, miserable feeling it is. All strength has gone, and despondency has taken hold of the sufferers. They feel as though there was nothing to live for. There, however, is a cure—one box of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will do wonders in restoring health and strength. Mandrake and Dandelion are two of the articles entering into the composition of Parmelee's Pills.

COLONIAL INDEPENDENCE

Love for the Mother Country Holds the Spirit in Check.

Serious Charges Against Russia's Finance Minister.

Morocco's Sultan Orders a Display of Human Heads on Spikes at City Gates—Automobile Strikers March to Paris.

London, Nov. 23.—Right Hon. James Bryce, M.P., and former president of the board of trade and ex-secretary of state for foreign affairs, paid considerable attention to the colonies in addressing his constituents of Aberdeen. He said the spirit of independence in Australia was kept in check by affection for the mother country and pride in her greatness, secured by complete identity of blood and speech. In Canada, also, Mr. Bryce added, the spirit of independence was restrained by the same influence, aided by the natural rivalry between Canadians and the people of the United States. Comment is made on the opinions expressed by Mr. Bryce by the Pall Mall Gazette, which says everybody appeals to Canada as an example.

Lord Strathcona, though he has not quite thrown off the yoke from which he has been suffering, goes to Birmingham to address the chamber of commerce on preferential tariff and Canada's trade relations with Great Britain. Hon. Jesse Collings, who has returned from Canada, full of enthusiasm, presides.

Canadian government emigration advertisements, now renewed throughout the British press, are producing many inquiries among those desirous of proceeding to Canada. The expectation of a South African boom after the war places Canada in the background for the moment, but the advertisements show that a well-supervised and moderate scheme of assisting passage would enable many excellent farming families to go to Canada.

CALLED TO THE CARPET.

Berlin, Nov. 23.—The Deutsche Zeitung publishes the following from St. Petersburg: The czar has instructed Minister of Justice Muraviev to investigate the allegations that M. De Witte, minister of finance, has been manipulating the bourse to his personal advantage. M. De Witte has made an ineffectual attempt to deny the charge, but he requested an audience with the czar, but his request was rejected. Several high financiers and officials are said to be implicated.

Nothing is known in Berlin regarding these statements.

AUTOMOBILE STRIKERS.

A dispatch to the New York Herald from Paris says: One thousand five hundred strikers at Audincourt-Valentign, in Doubs department, most of whom were employed by Peugeot's automobile factory, started yesterday to march to Paris, accompanied by 150 cyclists and a number of wagons filled with food. At 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon they arrived at Danvaux, near Belfort. The prefect immediately took charge of the strikers and troops in full marching order were sent to guard the route.

Pierre Bietry, leading the strikers, informed the prefect that the mob had the intention of entering Belfort and looting there for the night. The prefect refused to allow them to pass. Bietry replied that the strikers would pass, all the same, and returned to Danvaux.

Half an hour afterward the crowd arrived at the town of Danvaux, drums beating and flags flying. When within 50 yards of the city wall the prefect called on them to stop. While the leaders were parleying with him, M. Juillard, assistant mayor of Belfort, declared that the strikers had a perfect right to pass. The prefect replied that he alone was responsible for the public order. Juillard then protested and withdrew. Bietry, who attempted to assist the strikers, was arrested. The strikers lit large fires, and amused themselves dancing and singing the "Carmagnole." Additional troops have been sent to the spot.

HUMAN HEADS ON SPIKES.

Gibraltar, Nov. 23.—The Sultan of Morocco has ordered the heads of 18 human beings to be put on spikes at the gates of the city of Morocco. 50 all within full view of every passer-by at the gates.

\$500 FOR A DICKENS' MANUSCRIPT.

London, Nov. 23.—At Sotheby's sale of autograph manuscripts, Dickens' "Holiday Romance," 39 pages, closely written in a small hand, brought \$500.

A FAST TORPEDO BOAT.

London, Nov. 22.—The preliminary trial of the turbine torpedo boat Viper yesterday was successful. She developed a speed of 32 knots.

EMPEROR WILLIAM AT WINDSOR.

Windsor, England, Nov. 23.—Emperor William of Germany yesterday inspected a corporal and two troopers of the Life Guards, in khaki field service uniform, in the quadrangle of Windsor Castle. His majesty expressed great satisfaction with the service of the 18 human heads. Afterwards the emperor mounted his favorite charger, which he brought with him from Germany, and accompanied by the empress, went for a ride in the great park. Their majesties visited Prince and Princess Christian of Schleswig-Holstein and then lunched with the Duke and Duchess of Connaught at Bagshot Park.

THEY FOUND THE MULES.

The quiet-faced citizen walked into Malaya's barber shop, where several of us were congregated, taking a piece of soap he went to one of the mirrors and proceeded to make marks upon it. We watched him draw several strokes, and when he wrote Lady-Graves' Worst Extremism in pleasant, sure and effectual. If your drug-gist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

"Trying to figure out about that mule

Tempting Bargains for Friday

In connection with our Special Three Days Sale we submit an unusually attractive bargain list for Friday. The following special lots will be on sale bright and early Friday morning, and we predict quick selling, as at no previous time have such excellent values been offered. You can't afford to miss this money-saving opportunity.

Staples and Linens

- 50 pieces wide Fancy Flannelette; regular price 8c, for..... 6c
- 33 pieces Heavy 34-inch Flannelette; regular 10c, for..... 8c
- 20 pieces Fancy Wrapperette, bright new patterns and good solid cloth; regular 10c, for..... 7 1/2c
- 25 pieces Fancy Wrapperette, in new navy blue effects, also in handsome Persian designs; goods worth 12 1/2c; till sold..... 9c
- 17 pieces dark wool-back Plaids; worth 12 1/2c, for..... 8c
- 3 bales heavy Factory Cotton, 36-inch, good clean stock; worth 7c a yard, for..... 5c
- 15 pieces fine Bleached Cotton, full 36-inch, and worth 7 1/2c a yard, for..... 5c
- 5 dozen Fringed Linen Drapes, 17 inches wide and 1 1/2 yards long, selling for, each..... 25c
- 5 dozen Hem-Stitched Lunch Cloths, 34 by 34, fine linen damask; worth \$1.25 each, for..... 75c
- 2 dozen only very handsome Damask Lunch Cloths, 35 by 35; regular value \$1.40 each, for..... 95c
- 8 dozen Fine Damask Fringed Lunch Cloths, 33 by 33; worth \$1.15 each, while they last, for..... 75c
- 8 dozen Fringed Linen Lunch Cloths, 33 by 33; worth 75c each, for..... 50c
- 3 pieces heavy satin-finish Bleached Table Linen, 68-inch, polka dot pattern, chrysanthemum border; regular value 55c a yard, for..... 75c
- 5 pieces Unbleached Table Damask, 60-inch; all pure linen and fine satin finish; worth 50c a yard, for..... 35c
- 20 dozen Self-Colored Bath Towels, 23 by 48; regular 35c a pair, for..... 25c

Millinery Specials

- 37 only Stylish Trimmed Hats, trimmed with plumes, feathers, wings, silks and ribbons; newest up-to-date style; regular \$5 each. Be here early for these. Friday and Saturday, each..... \$2.25
- 20 only Black Velvet Toques and Picture Hats, trimmed with ostrich feathers, coques, wings, hackles and jets; regular value \$8.50 and \$10 each, Friday and Saturday..... \$4.48

Smallwares

- 6 dozen Purses, assorted sizes, worth 10c; extra special Friday..... 5c
- Genuine Old Brown Windsor, worth 5c each, Friday, per dozen..... 35c
- Large Size Hand Mirrors, oak frames, Friday, special..... 20c
- See Our Special Values in Whisks, at each..... 10c, 15c and 20c
- Children's Hose Supporters, worth 15c and 18c, Friday, per pair..... 5c
- Ladies' Band Supporters, white only, Friday, per pair..... 15c
- Mourning Note Paper, regular 10c quire, Friday only, per quire..... 5c
- Hair Brushes, regular 35c and 25c, Special Friday, only..... 15c

Clothing and Furnishings

- 200 Gentlemen's Full Dress White Shirts, reinforced, four-ply pure linen open front; regular price, \$1.40, Friday, bargain..... 98c
- 150 pieces Men's All-Wool Underwear, assorted lot, odd garments; regular 50c to \$1, Friday..... 39c
- Another lot of Fancy Knot and Four-in-Hand Ties, regular 15c to 35c, Friday..... 9c
- Men's Cottonade Overalls, 50c to 65c, Friday..... 39c

Extra Special

- Assorted lot of Men's, Boys' and Youths' Caps; regular 10c to 35c, Friday extra special..... 5c

Wrappers

- Ladies' Flannelette Wrappers, fleece-lined and lined to waist with heavy lining, good width and colors, Friday, each..... \$1.00
- Ladies' Flannelette Wrappers, in red and black and fancy colors, self revers, trimmed with fancy braid and lined to waist, regular \$1.75, Friday, each..... \$1.25
- Ladies' Flannelette Blouses, in checks and stripes, good washing materials; prices from, each..... 60c to \$1.25
- Ladies' Sateen Skirts, fancy colors and stripes, and lined with flannelette, a warm, serviceable skirt. Price..... \$1.75

Hosiery and Underwear

- Another lot of Seconds in Ladies' Underwear.
- Long-sleeved Heavy Fleece Vests at..... 10c
- Extra Heavy Fleece Cotton Vests, regular 80c, for..... 20c
- 50c Fine Wool Garments, gusseted sleeves, large sizes, Friday only..... 40c
- 75c Wool Vests, Friday, special, at 25c, our price, per lb..... 50c
- Infants' Wool Vests, regular 10 1/2c and 15c, Friday..... 5c
- Ladies' and Boys' Plain Wool Hose, all sizes; regular 25c pair, Friday, special..... 17c

Laces and Frillings

- White Cotton Lace, 1, 2 and 3 inches wide, regular 2c, 3c and 4c yard, special for Friday only, per yard..... 1c
- Fancy Neck Frillings, in all shades, worth 8c, 10c and 12 1/2c per yard, special on Friday only, 2 yards for 5c

Ribbons & Handkerchiefs

- 20 Pieces Fancy Silk Ribbon, 3 and 4 inches wide, regular 15c 20c, and 25c, special, Friday only, per yard..... 12 1/2c
- 10 Dozen Ladies' Pure Linen Hem-stitched Handkerchiefs, wide and narrow hem, worth 12 1/2c each, special for Friday only, 3 for..... 25c
- 35 Dozen Ladies' Embroidered and Lace Edge Handkerchiefs, very fine quality, just arrived, special and until sold, each..... 25c

Dress Goods Prices for Friday Only

- 150 yards All-Wool Stripe Crepon, pure Mohair stripes, special 50c line, Friday, at per yard..... 25c
- 15 Pieces Black Figured Dress Goods, Gold Medal and Priestley's make; regular 75c to \$1, Friday, at per yard..... 50c
- 5 Pieces Black Mohair Crepons, special line for skirts; regular \$1.25 goods; Friday only, at per yard..... 89c
- 30 Pieces Silk for Waists, in stripes, checks and fancy figures, all pure silk; regular 60c to 65c, Friday for..... 35c
- Another lot of Remnants, about 300 ends, at half price.

Corsets

- Ladies' Long Waist Corset, in pink and blue, with girder round waist, a good-fitting, durable corset. Friday, per pair..... 50c
- Ladies' Long-Waist Corset, with two double steels on side, D. & A. make, regular 75c, special, Friday, per pair..... 50c
- Ladies' Short-Hip Corsets, in gray jeans, with solid steel filling, a special line, Friday, per pair..... 75c
- Ladies' Long-Waist Black Sateen Corsets, steel filling and trimmed with purple girder and lace, special Friday..... \$1.00

Shoe Department

- 150 Pairs Misses' Oil Pebble Laced Boots, heels and low heels, toe caps, all sizes, 11 to 2; regular \$1 and \$1.25, Friday..... 75c
- 50 Pairs Women's Fine Dongola Button Boots, turn soles and heavy extension soles, all sizes, 3 to 7; regular \$1.75, Friday, bargain..... \$1.25
- 150 Pairs Women's Fancy Toile Slippers, Friday, 2 pairs for..... 25c
- A Few Pairs Men's Dongola and Kangaroo Laced and Congress Shoes, sizes 7, 8 and 10; regular \$1.25 to \$1.75, Friday..... 98c
- 60 Pairs Granby Low-Cut Rubbers, sizes 6 to 7 1/2, regular 80c, Friday..... 25c

Basement Specials

- 21 Pounds Redpath's Granulated Sugar for..... \$1.00
- Eclipse Red Salmon, per tin..... 9c
- Imperial Blend Black Tea, regular 40c pound, for..... 25c
- Tin of Our Cook's Delight Baking Powder, equal to any sold at 25c, our price, per lb..... 15c
- 60 Only Printed Bowls, decorated, worth 7c, 8c to 10c, to clear, the lot, each..... 5c
- 7-inch Printed Tea Plates in three colors, per dozen..... 55c
- Breakfast or Dinner Plates, printed in three colors, per dozen..... 65c
- Printed Cups and Saucers, in three colors, per dozen..... 60c

Embroidery Specials

- 3 1/2 Yards Very Fine Swiss and Cambria Embroidery, from 2 to 10 inches wide, worth from 5c to 35c per yard—all in 4 1/2-yard pieces, mill ends—will be on sale Friday, at per piece..... 11c, 25c, 35c, 5c, 60c, 70c and \$1.

The Runians, Gray, Carrie Co.

208, 210, 210 1/2 and 212 DUNDAS STREET.

The End of the Century Remedy for the End of the Century Disease.

DR. HOPE'S

INY

ABLETS

FOR

RED

NERVES

This Great Remedy has until now been obtained only by the wealthy patients of an eminent Nerve Specialist. A scientific treatment for Nervous Exhaustion and its allied evils, Headache, Dizziness, Weariness, Sleeplessness, Indigestion, Mental Depression, Irritability, etc. Tiny Tablets will positively cure NERVOUS PROSTRATION and loss of Physical and Mental vigor. At Druggists for 50 cents, or by Mail from the Dr. Hope Medicine Company, Ltd., Toronto, Can.

A Tiny Dose—Positive Results.

stamped," he said, indifferently.

We gathered around him and saw him draw a line to a block marked "stamped," and one to another block marked "Boers' camp."

"Now, you fellows, look at this, and he stepped back while we crowded up to the mirror.

"You see where Ladysmith is?" he asked.

"Yes."

"And the Boer camp?"

"Yes."

"And where the stampede took place?"

"Yes."

"Well, look closely and you'll find the mules."

We found them.—Belleville Ontario.

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother

Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your drug-gist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

this can be done with this sure

HOME DYE MAYPOLE SOAP

A child can use it. Send for FREE book on Home Dyeing to

A. P. TIPPEL & CO., Montreal.

THE BEST IS NOT TOO GOOD!

—TRY OUR—

French Roasted

Burnt Almond Chocolates

40c Per Lb.

FRIENDS, 117 DUNDAS ST

The British Archeological School in Greece has resumed the work of excavating in Mino.

THE MARKETS

Mining Stocks.
Toronto, Nov. 22.—Following are to-day's closing quotations on the Toronto Mining and Industrial change:

Stock	Asked	Bid
Foley	23	23
Golden Star	23	23
Oliver	23	23
Sawmill	23	23
Cariboo	23	23
Mineral	23	23
Waterloo	23	23
Cariboo Hydraulic	23	23
Fairview	23	23
Old Ironsides	23	23
Knob Hill	23	23
Toronto and Western	23	23
Fountain	23	23
Alhambra	23	23
Dundas	23	23
Dardanelles	23	23
Noble Five	23	23
Payne	23	23
Rambler-Cariboo Con.	23	23
Wonderful Group	23	23
Alice A.	23	23
Impress	23	23
Rathmullen	23	23
Brandon & Golden	23	23
Morrison	23	23
Winnipeg	23	23
Deer Park	23	23
Evening Star	23	23
Iron Mask	23	23
Montreal Gold Fields	23	23
Monte Cristo	23	23
Northern Belle	23	23
Neville	23	23
Okanagan	23	23
St. Paul	23	23
Silver Bell Con.	23	23
St. Elmo	23	23
Virginia	23	23
Victory-Triumph	23	23
War Eagle Con.	23	23
White Bear	23	23
B.C. Gold Fields	23	23
Can. G. F. S.	23	23
I. X. I.	23	23
Gold Hills	23	23
Tamarac	23	23
Crow & Nest Pass Coal	23	23
Republie	23	23
De. Trail	23	23
Bonanza	23	23
Van Andia	23	23
Big Throm	23	23

National Gold and Silver Mining Company,

Limited Liability.

Capitalization \$1,000,000,

in \$1.00 Shares,

(Fully Paid and Non-Assessable)

Operating the Ajax Group on Tamarac Mountain near Ymir, British Columbia, adjoining the famous "Tamarac" Mine in that district, and thought to have the same lead. Limited amount of stock will be placed in blocks of from 1,000 to 5,000 at the low price of 15 cents per share, up to Nov. 30, 1899, for the completion of a tunnel now being run crosscutting the ledge. Pool only lasts until Jan. 1, 1900, in Merchants Bank of Halifax, Nelson, B. C. Apply to

ALEX. STEWART, Secretary,

41 Brunswick Avenue, Toronto.

St. Thomas Market.

St. Thomas, Nov. 22.—Wheat, old, per bu. 63c to 65c; new, 63c to 65c; oats, new, per bu. 27c to 30c; peas, per bu. 50c to 52c; barley, per bu. 32c to 34c; rye, 60c; corn, per bu. 45c to 50c; flaxseed, per cwt. \$2.45 to \$2.50; timothy seed, \$1.50 to \$1.75; clover seed, per bu. \$3.75.

American Markets.

CHICAGO, Nov. 22.—Wheat was firm early with Liverpool, but weakened on liberal receipts and report of a large shipment from Duluth to this port; closing 1/4c to 3/4c under yesterday. Corn, influenced by heavy clearances and interruption of the movement, closed 1/4c to 1/2c higher for December. May unchanged. Oats closed unchanged, and provisions 2 1/2c lower. Primary receipts were 74,849 bu. compared with 1,075,155 last year. Northwest receipts were 643 cars, against 681 last week and 323 a year ago. The Northwest's 1898 receipts were curtailed by a blizzard. Local receipts were 47 cars, 19 of contract grade. New York reported 25 loads taken for export. Atlantic and Gulf report clearances in wheat and flour were equal to \$39,000 bu.

The leading futures closed as follows: Wheat—Dec., 63 1/2c to 67c; May, 71 1/2c. Corn—Dec., 23 1/2c to 24c; May, 21 1/2c to 22c. Oats—Dec., 23 1/2c to 24c; May, 21 1/2c to 22c. Rye—Dec., 58 1/2c to 60c; May, 56 1/2c to 58c. Lard—Dec., 10 1/2c to 10 3/4c; May, 10 1/2c to 10 3/4c. Sugar—Dec., 11 1/2c to 11 3/4c; May, 11 1/2c to 11 3/4c. Cotton—Dec., 11 1/2c to 11 3/4c; May, 11 1/2c to 11 3/4c. Wool—Dec., 11 1/2c to 11 3/4c; May, 11 1/2c to 11 3/4c.

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