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Vol 40

Prospectus for 1874.—Seventh Year.

The Aldine,

AN ILLUSTRATED MONTHLY JOURNAL. UNIVER-
SALLY ADMITTED TO BE THE HANDSOMEST
PERIODICAL IN THE WORLD, A REPRE-
SENTATIVE AND CHAMPION OF
AMERICAN TASTE.

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THE ALDINE, while issued with all the
regularity, has none of the temporality of
timely interest characteristic of ordinary pe-
riodicals. It is an elegant miscellany of
pure, light, and graceful literature; and a
collection of pictures, the rarest specimens
of artistic skill, in black and white. Altho
each succeeding number affords a fresh plea-
sure to its friends, the real value and beauty
of THE ALDINE will be most appreciated af-
ter it has been bound up at the close of the
year. The possessor of a complete volume
cannot duplicate the quantity of fine paper
and engravings in any other shape or num-
ber of volumes for ten times its cost; and
then, there are the chromos besides!

ART DEPARTMENT, 1874.

The illustrations of THE ALDINE have
won a world-wide reputation, and in the art
centres of Europe it is an admitted fact that
its wood cuts are examples of the highest
perfection ever attained. The common prej-
udice in favor of "steel plates," is rapidly
yielding to a more educated and discrimi-
nating taste which recognizes the advantages
of superior artistic quality with greater fa-
cility of production. The wood-cuts of THE
ALDINE possess all the delicacy and elabo-
rate finish of the most costly steel plate,
while they afford a better rendering of the
artist's original.

In addition to designs by the members of
the National Academy, and other noted
American artists, THE ALDINE will reproduce
examples of the best foreign masters, select-
ed with a view of the highest artistic suc-
cess and general interest. Thus the sub-
scriber to THE ALDINE will, at a trifling
cost, enjoy in his own home the pleasures
and refining influences of true art.

The quarterly tinted plates for 1874 will
be by Thomas Moran and J. D. Woodward.
The Christmas issue for 1874 will contain
special designs appropriate to the season, by
our best artists, and will surpass in attrac-
tions any of its predecessors.

PREMIUM FOR 1874.

Every subscriber to THE ALDINE for the
year 1874 will receive a pair of chromos.
The original pictures were painted in oil for
the publishers of THE ALDINE, by Thomas
Moran, whose great Colorado picture was
purchased by Congress for ten thousand dol-
lars. The subjects were chosen to repre-
sent "The East" and "The West." One is a
view in the White Mountains, New Hamp-
shire; the other gives The Cliffs of Green
River, Wyoming Territory. The difference
in the nature of the scenes themselves is a
pleasing contrast, and affords a good display
of the artists' color and coloring. The chro-
mos are each worked from thirty distinct
plates, and are in size (12x16) and appear-
ance exact facsimiles of the originals. The
presentation of a worthy example of Ameri-
ca's greatest landscape painter to the sub-
scribers of THE ALDINE was a bold but pecu-
liarly happy idea, and its successful realiza-
tion is attested by the following testimonial
over the signature of Mr. Moran himself.

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 20th, 1873.
Messrs. JAMES SUTTON & Co.,
Gentlemen,—I am delighted with the proofs in color
of your chromos. They are wonderful! successful repre-
sentations by mechanical process of the original paintings.
Very respectfully,
(Signed,) THOS. MORAN.

TERMS.

\$5 per annum in advance, with Oil Chromos free.
For 50 CENTS EXTRA, the chromos will be
sent mounted, varnished and prepaid by mail.
THE ALDINE will, hereafter, be obtainable
only by subscription. There will be no re-
duced or club rate; cash for subscriptions
must be sent to the publishers direct, or
handed to the local canvasser, without ex-
ception to the publishers, except in cases
where the certificate is given, bearing the
fac simile signature of JAMES SUTTON & Co.

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Any person wishing to act permanently as a
local canvasser will receive full and prompt
information by applying to

JAMES SUTTON & Co., Publishers,
58 Maiden Lane, New York.

NARROW ESCAPE FROM DROWNING OF
EX-QUEEN ISABELLA OF SPAIN.—Some of
the Paris journals state that Queen Isabella,
at Trouville, recently, in attempting to afford
help to her son, Prince Alfonso, when in
some danger of drowning, was herself carried
away, and would have been lost if one of the
bathing-men had not saved her.

Poetry.

SUMMER, SWEET GOOD BY.

BY GEORGE COOPER.

Gold and red and purple leaves
Flutter down the wind;
With the snow of thistle-down
All the lanes are lined,
Clear and keenly blue the sky,
Hurrying birds are flying high,
Singing, "Summer, sweet, good by!
Summer, sweet, good by!"

Sheaves are nodding in the sun,
As if passed along,
In a gay, fantastic rout,
Summer's fairy throng,
Where the fading willow swings,
Where the nut, deserted clings,
Listen to the brook that sings,
"Summer, sweet, good by!"

Woodlands whisper sad farewells;
Squirrels frisk and spring,
Patter, patter rain the nuts,
For their harvesting,
Flocks of merry birds go by,
"Neath the hearts unclouded sky,
"Summer, sweet, good by!"

Eighty-two Years in an Oak Tree.

All of us are familiar with the story of King
Charles the Second, hiding himself among the
foliage of an oak tree, and how in this way the
representative of the Stuart family was preserved
to occupy the throne of his fathers. A story now
comes to us from the Miami Valley, connected
with another giant of the forest, whose prostration
by a hurricane reveals to us a tragic story in which
one of the Revolutionists, an associate of Wash-
ington, was not only a prime actor, but a victim.
Very recently a tornado passed over the Ohio
River and down the Miami, uprooting a splendid
grove of oaks on one of the farms. The proprie-
tor subsequent to the conflict of the elements visited
this spot and upon examining the trees found the
noblest of them all, a tree on whose head had
beaten the storms of centuries, had released from
its embrace the remains of one of God's master-
pieces.

These remains consisted of bones deeply dis-
colored with age, and like the dry bones of old,
each one separated from his fellow. Several of
the bones have marks of having been injured
while in life, the right arm being shattered, the
bones of the forehead scarred and scratched, and
two of the teeth missing, with which exception
the jaws had their full complement of grinders.
Closer search showed that in the heart of the tree,
from a spot twenty feet from the ground and ex-
tending ten feet upwards, existed a hollow from
which the bones had undoubtedly been disgorge.
The tree had given up its dead, which it was sub-
sequently discovered had for upwards of eighty
years been embosomed within it. What was the
skeleton's story was the problem to be solved, a
question which was brought to issue a very short
time after the discovery. An old leather pocket-
book was found in a remarkably good state of
preservation. This quaint looking old relic con-
tained a few brass buttons, a number of papers
and military passes, together with a barrowing
diary of his daily suffering as he slowly starved to
death.

The man's name, as gathered from the papers,
was Roger Vanderberg, a native of Lancaster,
Pa., and a captain in the revolutionary army. He
was able to camp to Washington during the re-
treat across the Jerseys, and served a time in Ar-
nold's head quarters at West Point. In 1791 he
marched with St. Clair against the northwestern
Indians, and in the outbreak of that General on
the Wabash, November 3rd of the above year, he
was wounded and captured. While being con-
veyed to the Indian town at Upper Equis he ef-
fected his escape, but found himself hard pressed
by his savage foes. He saw the hollow in the oak,
and despite the mangled arm, and with the aid of
a beech that grew beside the oak, he gained the
haven and dropped therein. Then he discovered
that he had miscalculated the depth of the hollow,
and there was no escape. Oh, the story told by
the diary of the oak's despairing prisoner! Here
is one story:

"November 16.—Five days without food! When
I sleep I dream of luscious fruit and flowing
streams. The stars laugh at my misery! It is
snowing now. I freeze while I starve. God pity
me."

The entries extend over eleven days, during
that period, whilst dying by degrees, he penned
the story of his life's experiences, of incidents of
the revolutionary war, and of his last moments of
his life up to the time when the weakness of death
prevented the use of his pen. The sufferings of
the soldier can never be estimated, whilst the whole
story forms a sad chapter in a life's history.

The bold Briton Brindley on the bolder Briton Bradlaugh.

A couple of hundred persons collected in the
Cooper Institute, N. Y., to hear the Rev. Dr.
Brindley, of England, lecture on Bradlaugh, of
the same post office address. Brindley's purpose
in life is to go for Bradlaugh hammer and tongs,
and he has actually paid his way out here, cabin
passage, to hunt up and show up and finally shut
up the six-foot leader of the English radicals. He
is determined to keep on after Bradlaugh hot foot,
and wherever that eminent individual leaves a
trace of his presence, there will the indefatigable
Brindley be, with his orthodox whitewash brush,
to wipe out the name and memory of his free-
thinking countryman. Dr. Brindley is an inter-
esting orator and the most simple-minded Briton
that has presented himself at the Cooper Institute
for some time. His voice is as funny as a Punch
and Judy's, and when the audience of last night
roared with laughter it was impossible to tell
whether it was at what Brindley said or Brindley's
method and voice in saying it. Some of the audi-
tors were weary and disposed to ask heavy ques-
tions. The speaker said England was full of
wealth and that labor was never so well paid.
Everybody was happy and Bradlaugh was an in-
cendiary, a story teller, a nuisance, who would
make a rumus and make everybody miserable,
even in the Garden of Eden. "Were you ever
in a casual ward?" asked a smugly fellow in the
back of the hall. "No," answered the bold Brin-
dley, "but if you were there now it would save the
police trouble." And so he replied to other im-
pertinent questions, until he made the impression
that he was not quite such a fool as he looked. He
said Bradlaugh was an atheist, whose belief is that
"brain power is the only soul in man," and that as
he was played out in England he had come over
here to air his theories, and pick up pennies.
"You know where Cheshire is?" said Brindley.
"—Cheshire, where the cheese is made"—and
Brindley was about to tell a story on this head,
when a donkey at the back of the hall cried out,
"There ain't no cheese made there now. It's all
done in Dutchess county." No telling what a good
story this fellow spoiled by his remark. Brad-
laugh, anyhow, was scalped and vivisectioned, and
Brindley took his tomahawk and himself away
soon after.

Homekeeping vs. Housekeeping.

The true home is often in houses not
especially well kept, where the comfort and
happiness of the inmates, rather than preser-
vation of the turn of the first cost of the
object of home is to be the centre, the point of
rest, rest, the pivot on which family life
turns. The first requisite is to make it
attractive, so attractive that none of its in-
mates shall care to linger long outside its lim-
its. All legitimate means should be employ-
ed to this end, and no effort spared that can
contribute to the purpose. Many houses call-
ed homes, kept with waxy neatness by pains-
taking, anxious women, are so oppressive in
their nicety as to exclude all home-keeping from
their precincts. The very name of home-
keeping is synonymous with personal feeling and relaxa-
tion from care. But neither of these can be
felt where such a mania for external order
prevails the household as to render eve-
rything subservient thereto. Many houses
wiven, if they see a speck on floor or wall, or
even a scrap of thread or bit of paper on the
floor, rush at it, as if it was the seed of pesti-
lence which must be removed on the instant.
Their temper depends upon their maintenance
of perfect purity d order. If there be any
failure on their part, or any combination of
circumstances against them, they fall into a
pathetic despair, and can hardly be lifted out
of it. They do not see that cheerfulness is more
needful to home than all the spoils of the
ever shone. Their disposition to wage war on
molestation of any sort increases until they
become slaves of the broom and dust pan.
Neatness is one thing, and a state of perpetual
house cleaning another.

Out of this grows by degrees the feeling
that certain things and apartments are too
good for daily use. Halls, chairs and sofas
are covered, and rooms shut up, save for
special occasions, when they are permitted to
reveal their violated sacredness in a manner
that marks a very pretence of hospitality. Noth-
ing should be bought which is considered too
fine for domestic appropriation. Far better
the plainest furniture, on which the children
climb, than satin and damask which must be
viewed with reverence. Where anything is
reserved or secluded, to disguise the fact is
extremely difficult. A chilly air wraps it
round, and the reputation of strangeness is ex-
perienced by the most insensible.

There are few persons who have not visit-
ed houses where they have been introduced
to what is known as the company parlor.
They must remember how uncomfortable
they were while sitting in it; how they found
it almost impossible to be at ease, and mainly
for the reason that their host and hostess
were not themselves at ease. The children
are watched with lynx eyes, lest they should

dis-place or soil something; so that the enter-
tainment of friends became very much like a
social discipline. They must recall, too, how
sweet the fresh air seemed, put of doors, and
how they inwardly vowed, in leaving that
temple of form and fidgetiness, that something
more than politeness would be required to
induce them to return.

Home is not a name, nor a form, nor a
routine. It is a spirit, a presence, a principle.
Material and method will not; and cannot
make it. It must get its light and sweetness
from those who inhabit it, from flowers and
suns, from the sympathetic nature which
in their exercise of sympathy, can lay aside
the tyranny of the broom and the awful duty
of endless scrubbing.—"Home and Society,"
Scribner's for October.

Two Jewel Robberies.

One of these robberies was lately committed
in Paris, at the well known and much patro-
nized "American Bar," in the Rue Scribe,
where Mr. Peake, the dealer in diamonds, had
brought a small bag containing some of the
finest stones now for sale in Europe, in order
to show them to some gentlemen who were in
the habit of dropping in there every morning,
to patronize the various "drinks," so generally
in vogue among our transatlantic cousins.
The owner of the establishment, Mr. Ray-
mond, to whom Mr. Peake has been known
for several months past, wished to introduce
him to several wealthy customers, who often
purchased diamonds; and, as a matter of deli-
cacy, told Mr. Peake that he preferred to in-
troduce him to them at his establishment rat-
her than to send them to him, which might
make it seem as though he were interested in
the matter, which was not the case, the pro-
posed introduction being altogether spontane-
ous and disinterested on his part. When, on
Friday afternoon, the appointment was made
for the following morning the bar was crowd-
ed; and it is supposed that the thief must
have overheard what was agreed upon. At
all events, Mr. Peake, having entered the bar
next morning at the hour appointed, placed
his little bag immediately in front of him on
the counter, and turned for a few moments,
to write out a receipt for Mr. Raymond. During
that brief time, the thief must have gently
pushed the door open and taken the bag off
the counter. The assistant at the bar was
absent at the moment, and Mr. Raymond was
conversing with Mr. Peake. The latter on
turning to take up his bag, exclaimed "I am
robbed!" but though the bar was immediately
closed in the hour of the thief was imme-
diately taken, but no trace could be found un-
til yesterday, when the director of the Hotel
du Louvre, having seen the details of the rob-
bery in the papers, went to Mr. Peake's office
in the Place Vendôme, and asked him to call
at his hotel. Mr. Peake, on going there, was
shown an empty bag that had been left in one
of the rooms, and which was recognized by
the owner as being the one that had contained
the stolen jewels. The spring which fastens
the bag had baffled the efforts of the thief to
open it, and he had cut the bag open, and, in
his hurry, he had also broken, instead of un-
fastening, a large case containing two dia-
monds of a size and brilliance hardly to be
matched in Europe.

The thief is a man of middle height, well-
dressed, thin, pale, with slight whiskers, dark
hair and a Mexican accent. He arrived at the
Hotel du Louvre on Friday evening, gave
orders to be called at eight in the morning,
and went out at ten o'clock. The robbery
occurred half an hour later. He took with
him a small grey carpet bag; returned a little
before twelve, paid his bill in an agitated
manner, and was driven to the Northern Rail-
way. Telegrams have been sent to every
capital in Europe; but nothing has yet been
discovered with regard to his whereabouts.

The other robbery took place in Belgium,
the excitement caused thereby being due in
part to the largeness of the values abstracted
in money, securities and jewels, and partly
to the high social position of the parties im-
plicated, the victim being the wealthy banker,
M. de Penarande, of St. Michel les Bruges,
the robbers, that gentleman's nephew, a son
of Viscount de Kerschove, Deputy for the
Malines, assisted by a Madame Dely and her
sons, nephews and friends of the bankers
but of dissipated and extravagant habits, which
had brought them into pecuniary difficulties.
One of the Delys, a youth of weak intellect,
revealed the affair by talking of it, describing
the parts taken by himself and his brothers
in connection with the bankers nephew in
effecting the robbery, and stating that his
mother had secreted the diamonds under the
tiles of the roof of their residence, which pro-
ved to be the case. The diamonds have thus
been recovered, and the Delys are in prison.
But young de Kerschove has disappeared;
and as no trace of the money and securities
has been discovered, he is supposed to have
taken to his heels. He is believed to
have gone in the direction of Marseilles, and

the police, it is hardly necessary to add, are
"looking for" him.

The New Explorations of the Amazon River.

THE GREAT WILDERNESS.—Man makes
an insignificant figure in the vast solitude of
Alto Amazonas. From Manaus to the en-
trance of the Huallaga, a distance of 1,700
miles, there are probably not over 10,000
inhabitants scattered along the banks of the
river and its tributaries. The largest Brazilian
town west of Manaus is Telfe, the Omaha
of South America in position; yet it contains
scarcely 2,000 souls, although the best agri-
cultural region on the Solimoes. It exports
annually 40,000 or 50,000 arrobas of piracuca
fish. Here also are manufactured, by wild
tribes in the interior, the celebrated grass
hammock woven from the fiber of the tucum
palm. The population of the Upper Amazon
has not increased with the introduction of
steamers. The climate is healthy, although
one lives in a constant vapor bath, and Na-
ture is beautiful. Epidemics are unknown,
and ague is confined to dark colored or slug-
gish tribes.

Between Telfe, where Bates spent four
years and a half and Agassiz six months, and
Tabatinga, the frontier fortress of the Empire,
is the most uncivilized part of the Amazon.
Yet here enter five great rivers which are
destined to be famous: Japura, Ica, Jurua,
Jutahi, and Javari. The only towns are
Fonte Boa, Itonatis, and San Paulo, built
on slippery clay bluff, and exporting the pro-
duce of the forests and waters. Rice and
cotton might be grown in vast quantities on
the lowlands after the subsidence of the river.
But the people, mainly the half civilized Tuc-
um Indians, prefer to collect rubber, catch
turtles, swing in their hammocks, and live on
piracuca and plantains.

Tabatinga is a village of barracks, defend-
ed by sixteen guns and ornamented with grace-
ful tucuma palms. This has been a military
post since 1776. It stands on a high bluff
of variegated clay which gives its name to the
whole Amazonian clay formation. The depth
of the river here is from eight to twelve fath-
oms, the difference between high and low
water being thirty-six feet. The current, at
flood time, is five miles an hour.

NO PLACE.—A great many boys complain
that there are no places. Perhaps it is hard
to get just such a place as you want. But
when you get a place (and there are places)
this country, we are sure, has need of every
good boy and girl, and man and woman in it
—when you get a place, we say, make your-
self necessary to your employers; make your-
self so necessary by your fidelity and good
behavior, that they cannot do without you.
Be willing to make a low price at first, no
matter what the work is, if it be honest work.
Do it as well as you can. Be glad at the very
lowest round of the ladder, and climb up.
The great want everywhere is faithful, ex-
pable workers. They are never a drug in the
market. Make yourself one of the, and
there will always be a place for you, and a
good one too.

A correspondent at Munich, where, at last
accounts, the cholera was prevailing, mentions
the curious circumstance that the rocks and
caves which hitherto flew about the church
steeple and thronged the trees of the public
promenades suddenly left the city; and it is
asserted that the same thing happened in 1836
and 1854, in which years this capital suffered
from a severe visitation of cholera.

Says a London letter:—"The money-taker
being a remarkably absent was temporarily
replaced at the exhibition of the bearded lady
and other natural phenomena by a pretty,
bright eyed girl of about fourteen. 'Haw, I
suppose that's the—er bearded lady is your
mother,' observed a swell, as he paid his
money. 'No sir,' said the extempore money-
taker, naively 'she's my father.'"

The remains of a chief of the Ottawa tribe
of Indians have been found in the road bed,
on the banks of the Maumee River, in Ohio.
Several arrowheads, and a tomahawk of stone,
a mammoth brooch, a pair of silver bracelets,
and innumerable little trinkets, were found
about the remains; and in the vicinity a stone
hatchet and a copper bucket were exhumed.

Two travelers having been assigned to the
same bedroom in the same hotel, one of them,
before retiring, knelt down to pray, and con-
fessed a long catalogue of sins. On rising
from his knees he saw his fellow traveler,
valise in hand, going out of the door, and ex-
claimed:

"What's the matter? What's up?"
"Oh, nothing," was the reply, "only I'm not
going to risk myself with such a scamp as you
count yourself to be!"

What am I?—I am correct with a head,
perfect without a head; perfect without a
tail; perfect with either, neither, or both,
—A wig.

Telegraphic News.

Ottawa, Nov. 7.
The members of the new Cabinet were sworn in this morning.
The Ontario Reformers, by yielding one of their portfolios to Mr. Laird, of P. E. Island, have completely killed the cry of sectionalism.
Mr. Anglin was offered the Speakership of the Senate, but declined.
The Nova Scotians leave for home tomorrow.

London, Nov. 8.
Wet weather prevails throughout England today.
There is a decidedly better feeling in the market this morning; breadstuffs are quiet.
The Inman steamship City of Richmond, which left New York Oct. 25, for Liverpool, via Queenstown, now is several days overdue.
Three hundred and eighty-five thousand dollars in specie was shipped from Liverpool for New York today. The amount of bullion withdrawn from Bank England today was £106,000.

New York, Nov. 8.
Gold fluctuated today between 107½ and 107¾; exchange 106 a 108 ½.
Stocks have advanced from one to five per cent. today.
Thornton's stables in St. Louis were burned this morning with much valuable property. Loss \$100,000.

London, Nov. 10, p. m.
Money market very stringent, and exceptional rates for advance of 10 to 13 per cent. have been charged both at the Bank of England and on the street.
There are many rumors of failures.

New York, Nov. 10.
Intelligence was received at the office of the Anchor Line that the steamer "Imalia" was wrecked off coast of Nova Scotia, 22nd of October, disabled and under sail. She was out of coal and provisions, which were supplied by the passing steamers.

The Fruitfulness of Canada.
Mr. Claydon, who accompanied Mr. Arch in his visit to Canada writes as follows: "We had heard much of the splendid fruits of the Niagara region, but the half had not been told us. In one garden of say one quarter of an acre, we found vine after vine, laden with what we should call in England, the most delicious hot house grapes. I never tasted such fruit in my life, and not a piece of glass in the garden! A few miles further on we came to an orchard. Entering it we found a tree after tree laden with splendid peaches. Hundreds of bushels, the owner told us, he gathered every year; and as for apples, I thought I had seen some good apples in Somersetshire, but these beat all that I had ever seen anywhere. On fine fellow that was giving me I had the curiosity to measure, and found it just a foot in diameter. The whole neighborhood was fragrant with the perfume of fruit. We left Niagara and its falls for the township of Pelham, a fifteen miles drive. The ride was, as usual, very delightful. Orchard after orchard of fruit trees appeared on either side of the road. The whole appearance of things was quite different from what we had seen in the eastern townships. The farms were better cultivated, and their owners manifestly a superior class. The secret we found to be the absence of French settlers. English and Scotch enterprise were there, and of course there was progress. Those poor easy going, happy-go-lucky French Canadians in the Quebec province appear to have a profound reverence for that formula of the English Church: "As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever shall be, world without end, Amen." Hence the unfavorable impressions of Canada which their half cultivated farms convey to visitors. It is only those who take the trouble, as we have done, to penetrate into the very heart of the country, where Scotchmen, Englishmen, and Irishmen have settled, that really know what the country is capable of."

THE ENGLISH NATIONAL DEBT.—The finance accounts show that the funded debt of the United Kingdom amounted on the 31st of March, 1873, to £726,584,423, and the unfunded debt (in Exchequer bills and bonds) to £4,829,100, making a total of £731,413,523, which is above 4½ millions less than at the corresponding period of the preceding year. The annual charge for interest on this debt and for management of the debt is rather more than 22 millions sterling. But the debt is really larger than the amount above stated and the annual charge entailed by it exceeds £26,700,000, because, in addition to interest on the permanent and floating debt—funded and unfunded—we pay upwards of 4½ millions sterling as terminable annuities, whereby we discharge annually a part of the principal along with the interest. Upwards of £900,000 of this payment for terminable annuities consists of life annuities, sold to the public at the national Debt Office, and some of these are, of course, falling in and ceasing from time to time by the death of the annuitants. But the great item is that of over 3½ millions for annuities granted for a term of years, ending in 1885. This is a grand prize "looming in the distance" for the Chancellor of the Exchequer of this time 12 years.

STRANGE DISCOVERY.—In the Bank of England recently the servants discovered a chest which on being moved literally fell to pieces. On examining the contents a quantity of quinine was discovered of the period of Charles II. with a parcel, which proved to be a bundle of love letters, evidently arranged according to their dates. An inspection of these revealed a correspondence of a tender and romantic description, carried on during the period of the Restoration. The name of the writer was found to be Berners, and, after considerable search among the archives of the

institution it was found that a family of that name had been connected with the bank about the time in question. Acting upon this clue the directors prosecuted their inquiry, and being satisfied that a gentleman of the same name, now living, is the lineal representative of the owner of the plate and the love-letters, both have been handed to him. It is supposed that the plate was deposited with the bank as under the provisions of its charter it is bound to take charge of any gold or silver ingots and plate brought to it for safekeeping.

A case has just been decided at the Supreme Court in Bangor, in which husband and wife were sued for an account against the wife only, she being in the millinery business. The court instructed the jury that the goods having been charged and billed to the wife, prima facie, she alone was liable, but the charge was open to explanation. If the husband had a joint interest in the business, not merely an interest as a husband, but over and above that as a partner or so held himself out, then he was liable; otherwise not. The verdict was that the husband "did not promise."

The Standard.

SAINT ANDREWS, NOV. 12, 1873.

Resignation of the Ministry.
Unexpectedly to the friends of the Government, the debate on the Address, resulted in the resignation of the Ministry. The Premier on the 5th inst., made the announcement in Parliament, stating that up to the previous evening, they believed they had the support of the House. That he had gone to His Excellency the Governor General that day, and tendered the resignation of the Government, that His Excellency had accepted the resignation, and had sent for the Hon. Mr. Mackenzie, the leader of the Opposition, to form a Government. The House was adjourned until Thursday, 6th, at 3 o'clock. The following is a list of the new Ministry as announced by Mr. Holton:—

- ONTARIO.
Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, Premier and Minister of Works;
Hon. Mr. Cartwright, Minister of Finance;
Hon. D. A. McDonald, Postmaster General;
Hon. Mr. Christie, Secretary of State;
Hon. Messrs. Edward Blake and R. W. Scott, members of the Privy Council without office.
- QUEBEC.
Hon. Mr. Dorion, Minister of Justice;
Hon. Mr. Fournier, Minister of Inland Revenue;
Hon. Letellier de St. Just, Minister of Agriculture.
- NEW BRUNSWICK.
Hon. A. J. Smith, Minister of Marine and Fisheries;
Mr. Isaac Burpee, Minister of Customs.
- NOVA SCOTIA.
Mr. Coffin, Receiver General;
Mr. Ross, Minister of Militia.
- P. E. ISLAND.
Hon. David Laird, Secretary of the Interior.
- The Hon. S. L. TILLEY was appointed by the late Cabinet, Lieut. Governor of New Brunswick, and continued by the present Cabinet.
Hon. J. T. Crawford was appointed Lieut. Governor of Ontario, and Hon. Hugh McDonald, a Judge of the Supreme Court, by the late Cabinet.

Governor Tilley.
The Hon. Mr. Tilley having accepted the appointment of Governor of his native Province, it gives us much pleasure to publish the appointment, at the same time we regret his having withdrawn from the domain of politics, for it will be a difficult matter for his successor, whoever he may be, to bring with him a knowledge of statesmanship, and the requirements of the Province, possessed by Mr. Tilley. A large city like St. John, requires the services of a representative in Parliament, who can speak well, write well, and who is intimately acquainted with the policies of the country; and last, but not least, an honest and independent man, who will work for the benefit of his constituency and the Province generally. No doubt such men can be found, but will they accept the duty? We extend our congratulations to our new Governor.

HON. MR. MITCHELL.—It is reported in St. John papers, that the Hon. P. Mitchell, ex-Minister of Marine & Fisheries, is about joining the new government, and that he will be appointed to his former office, as the Hon. A. J. Smith, will resign it, for that object. Should this report be correct, in our view it will be an admission of the charges preferred against the Macdonald Ministry, by the present Cabinet. True—the Maritime members were not accused of corruption, but they defended their colleagues, and resigned with them. All parties acknowledge Mr. Mitchell to possess executive ability and energy, and that his Department was managed with consummate ability, and was a credit to himself and the Dominion. He will add strength and popularity to the new cabinet.

The battle having been fought, and a victory won, it would be well to drop all side issues and recommissions, accept the situation, and give the new government "fair play." The Maritime Provinces hold the balance of power, and a majority of their representatives have declared in favor of the Mackenzie government. Let no party feeling injure these representatives in shaping the future policy of the country. The lower Provinces will have justice done them by the General Government; why should not the present Cabinet be as favorable to its predecessor? Let us judge the Cabinet by its acts. Even in England the great Gladstone is losing his power, and from appear-

ances there is an early prospect of a change of government in Great Britain. The spirit of the times favors a change every few years, and the people appear to like it.

ST. JOHN will shortly have on election hand, as Mr. Burpee must return to his constituents for reelection, having accepted the office of Minister of Customs; and also to fill the vacancy in the representation caused by Mr. Tilley having accepted the Governorship of this Province. From the fact of Mr. Burpee having received such a large support at the last election, and not having done anything to forfeit the confidence of his constituents, it is probable he will be re-elected. Who Mr. Tilley's successor will be we have no idea, and even had we, it is not probable we would pretend to interfere in an election in another County, as some of our contemporaries have attempted to do in Charlotte County. We notice the "Globe" suggests Mr. J. S. B. DEVEREAUX, to fill the vacancy.

We have read several articles in our exchanges on the use of money in elections. Well what of it? Can they point out any single member who did not spend money during his election. There are electors who will not lose a day, and perhaps travel some miles to deposit their votes, without their hotel bills, &c., are paid. Moral theories are all very well in argument, but it is very questionable whether those who use them do not forget them in practice. It is to be regretted, but it is true. No man should be paid for his vote. It is not surprising there is corruption, when men can buy their seats in the Legislature. It is the man who has the most money, and not the man of merit, who very often obtains a seat in Parliament.

BOOT AND SHOE FACTORY.—It is satisfactory to state the new factory is doing a good business, so much so as to be driven with custom work. Mr. Hanson, the proprietor of the factory, has employment for more men, and his work gives satisfaction. A specialty with him is ladies boots of all kinds.

THE ALDINE.—In last week's issue, we noticed at length the November number of this interesting illustrated work. As an art monthly it is no equal, and the letter press is interesting and instructive. On our first page of this day's issue we have published the Prospectus for 1874, to which we direct attention. Specimen copies may be seen at this office.

Although the days are fine, the mornings and evenings are cold. The ground is frozen, and yesterday morning there was a flurry of snow for a few minutes. Appearances are essentially wintry.

This morning, snow began to fall with a South east wind, and the streets were covered to a depth of half an inch.

The Demonstration and Banquet to be held at St. George, tomorrow, for the purpose of agitating the question of building the Southern Railway, will no doubt be a grand affair. Upwards of two hundred invitations have been issued, and those who attend will, we are safe in saying, be handsomely and hospitably entertained.

WE learn that Mr. Carnegie, lately Manager of the Branch Bank B. N. A., in this place, has been transferred from New York to the Branch at London, Ontario.

THE Annual Meeting of the Charlotte County Agricultural Society, is advertised in another column, to be held in the Engine House, on Thursday, the 20th inst. We trust that there will be a full attendance of the members.

The New Ministry.

The list of members of the new Ministry, as announced, will be found, we believe, to be pretty nearly a correct one. There may yet be some important alterations. It will be noticed that they are all of the Liberal party, and thus we are again to have a sound party Government, and a Liberal Government, fully in accord and sympathy with the political sentiments of this Province. Our experience of coalitions has not been calculated to give a favorable impression of them; therefore, we hail with pleasure the destruction of the old corrupt party combination and the establishment of a Government which appears to be based on well-defined party principles. Perhaps it was necessary, in order to carry and establish Confederation, that parties should unite their strength, and in this respect there was for a time remarkable unanimity; but, that end being accomplished, there was no reason why the old party lines should not be re-established. In this the people will have greater safety. The new Government is certainly a strong one, as we know the men composing it, it will meet with the approval of every fair-minded man in the Dominion. The majority of the new Ministers have a good public record, and all of them are known in their own districts as men of honesty and sterling worth. [Globe.]

INTERNATIONAL TONNAGE.—The Norwegian Government has decided upon adopting the English rule of gross tonnage, but the exact date of its practical application has not yet been announced, nor is it yet known which rule of estimating the allowance for engine room, &c., will be employed by them. This further extension of the principle of an international tonnage derives an additional importance from the fact that the old Norwegian rule was by far the best in use by any continental Government, and the only one based upon sound principles. If, for the sake of uniformity and the advantages attending it, the Norwegians have at last determined to give up what

was on the whole a fair system of measurement, there is every reason to hope that the remaining maritime powers will soon abandon the methods still used by them. Norway is now the fourth nation whose acceptance of the English rule will date from the current year.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Robert Storr, fireman on the N. B. & C. Railway, while coupling the cars this morning, slipped and fell on the track; the wheels of the tender passed over him, breaking his thigh and arm, and crushing in his chest. He was immediately taken to his father's residence and medical aid secured, but the poor young man died at noon. The deceased was second son of Mr. Robert Storr, of this Town.

The Pacific Railway.

All the Civil Engineers on the St. Lawrence district of the Intercolonial Railway have received orders to transfer their services to the Pacific Railway survey, with the exception of Mr. Hazlewood, the energetic and popular District Engineer at Rimouski, who is not to leave till next spring, and Mr. George P. Bliss, C. E., his assistant, who, it is expected, will be appointed to the Father Point harbour of refuge survey. The line runs through a beautifully picturesque country. The opening of the section to Rimouski in August has afforded greatly increased facilities to the trade of that quiet little town, bringing the people of Rimouski, Metis, and the district at large within much easier reach of Quebec and Montreal.

FAST TRAINS IN ENGLAND.—There has been a dispute as to which is the fastest train in England. Precedence has been claimed for the 10 a. m. express from King's Cross. It is also asserted that the Great Western express between Paddington and Exeter is faster. Between Paddington and Swindon the distance is 77½ miles, and both the up and down trains travel it in 87 minutes, including the starting and stopping, or at the rate of 53.62 miles per hour. At full pace, the speed is as nearly as possible a mile a minute. The Great Western railway is built on a 7 feet gauge, but many parts of the line have a third rail, allowing narrow (4 feet 8½ inches) gauge trains to run on it also.

INDIAN ONTRAGES.—ST. LOUIS, Nov. 7.—A special from Fort Sill says: The Indians burned Whaley's ranch, near the Red River, on Monday, murdered one man and drove away considerable stock. Two men belonging to a surveying party are reported killed thirty five miles from Fort Richardson, on Saturday. The Mesquero Apaches, from New Mexico, are raiding in Texas and committing murders.

GOVERNOR GENERAL'S PROROGATION SPEECH.—The Governor General delivered the following speech from the throne at the close of the recent Parliamentary session:—In consequence of the resignation of my late Ministers during the debate on the address, I have called fresh administration to my council. A large number of seats in the House of Commons having thus become vacant, I have decided with due regard to the circumstances of the case, that it will be most convenient in the interests of the public business to prorogue this Parliament.

BALLOON'S MAGAZINE FOR DECEMBER.—The December number of Balloon's Magazine is a most attractive number—one of the best that we have seen this year. It contains some thirty different articles, and each is of remarkable interest to the general reader. The stories in this issue are fresh and good, the poetry eloquent and fervent, while the illustrations are such as will cause more than the usual share of attention. The leading story, "The Ghost of Hendon Hall," continues to be of absorbing interest, while "An Unfortunate Match" will still find admirers. Take Balloon's Magazine, the cheapest monthly in the country—and after an examination of its merits, we must confess that it is superior to most of the high priced series of the day; and yet to every subscriber is given a pretty little Chromo, an ornament for the home. Only \$1.50 per year, and 15 cents single copies. For sale at all the news depots in the country. Address THOMAS & TALBOT, 36 Bromfield St., Boston, Mass.

DRUNKENNESS IN SWEDEN.—In Sweden the first time that a man appears intoxicated in a public place he is condemned to a fine of about twelve shillings. The second time to a fine of twenty-five shillings. The third and fourth time the punishment is more rigorous; not only does the offender pay a large sum in the shape of a fine, but he loses his rights as an elector, and on the Sunday after the offence he is compelled to stand in the pillory in front of his parish church. The fifth time the punishment is six months' imprisonment with hard labor. The sixth time a year's imprisonment with hard labor. Any person convicted of having induced another to drink to excess is fined twelve shillings; or, if the person so intoxicated is under age, the tempter is fined twenty-five shillings. A priest or minister of religion found in a state of drunkenness is immediately deprived of his cure. In no case is drunkenness admitted as an excuse for the commission of a crime (as it too frequently is in our law courts). Lastly, a man who dies when drunk is not permitted to be buried in consecrated ground.

COMPLETION OF THE INTERNATIONAL BRIDGE.—The International Bridge across the Niagara River at Port Erie, connecting that place with Buffalo, and the Grand Trunk system with those of the New York Central and Erie Railways, was formally opened on the 3rd inst., and telegrams stated that both passenger and freight trains were crossing regularly, and that everything was working satisfactorily.

On Monday night between 8 and 9 o'clock the school house in Bridgetown, N. S. was entered by some persons unknown, who tore down the maps, upset the desks, broke several panes of glass in the windows, and carried away all the books of the school. The books were subsequently found strewn along the road or in the river. This is the second time the school house had been visited in this manner within three weeks.

HARD TIMES.—In New York, Boston, and indeed all of the New England cities, the prospect during the coming winter for mechanics and the laboring classes generally, is very unpromising. The summer work is all over, and the late financial troubles have so disturbed trade that no new enterprises will be commenced. The leading papers are anxious to advise the public against persons coming to their cities from abroad in search of work.

By the steamers sailing for Europe this week a large number of artisans and workmen, recently arrived here, will return to England and other foreign countries. G. L. 107 ½.

MARRIED.—At Beauce, on the 5th inst., by the Rev. Wm. Millen, Wm. McGibbon to Miss Catherine McLaughlin, of same place.

DIED.—On Tuesday evening, 11th inst., of Apoplexy, Mrs. HANNAH AWES, aged 76 years, relict of the late NATHANIEL AWES, Esq., of this Town. The sudden death of this much esteemed lady, is deeply regretted by her sons and daughter, and by the inhabitants of this community generally. (Funeral on Friday, at 2.30 P. M.)

On the 5th inst., Mr. Wm. McCrackin, watchmaker, aged 62 years. Leaving two sons a daughter, and many friends to lament his departure.

Ship News.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.
ARRIVED.
Nov. 12, Orilla, Lynch, Annapolis, 316 lbs apples. CLAKED.
Nov. 5, Anna, Simpson, Boston, 3550 bus. turnips, 15 lbs potatoes.
Pointier, Tatton, Eastport, 2500 turnips, R. Ross.
6, Myrie Tie, Hunt, St. John, 1800 bus. turnips.
7, Emma Pemberton, Pettigrove, Boston, 3600 bus. turnips.
10, Esther, Maloney, Boston, 2394 sleepers, Goodnow & Co.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE C. C. AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

THE Annual Meeting of the Charlotte County Agricultural Society, will be held in the parlors of the Engine House, St. Andrews, ON Thursday, 26th November, instant, commencing at 2 o'clock, P. M. Election of Officers and general business. By order of the President, JOHN S. MAGEE, Secretary.

NOTICE.

ENDERS will be received at the Office of Public Works until WEDNESDAY, the 3rd day of December, 12 o'clock noon, for the Re-erecting of the Eastern Approach of Grand Falls Bridge, and the Repairing and Painting of the Suspension Span, according to Plans and Specification to be seen at the Office of Public Works. A written engagement from two responsible persons willing to become security for the faithful performance of the work will be required. (The Government do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.) W. M. KELLEY, Chief Commissioner. Dept. Public Works, Fredericton, N. B., Nov. 3, 1873. nov 12 ri

Government House Ottawa

Wednesday, 29th day of October, 1873. PRESENT, HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under the provisions of the 4th section of the Act 31st Victoria, intitled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the out Port of Colingwood in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and erected into an independent Port of Entry, and a warehousing Port for all the purposes of the said Act.

W. A. HINSWORTH, C. L. R., Privy Council.

BAY RUM.

10 Gall. good Bay Rum, for sale at the ST. ANDREWS DRUG STORE. Nov. 5. E. LEE STREET.

Intercolonial Railway.

THE Commissioners, appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give Public Notice that they are prepared to receive Tenders for the construction of a "Deep Water Terminal" at Father Point. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Engineers' Office in Ottawa, and Rimouski, on and after the 20th day of November next. Tenders marked "Tenders for Harbour and Branch Line" will be received at the Commissioners' Office, Ottawa, up to six o'clock, p. m., of the 20th day of December next.

A. WALSH, ED. B. CHANDLER, C. J. BRYDGES, A. W. MCLELLAN. Commissioners Office, Ottawa, Oct. 12, 1873. oct 29-41

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news, Nov. 11.

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W. A. HIMS WORTH,
Clerk, Privy Council.

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A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRIDGES
A. W. MCLELLAN,
Commissioners,
Oct 29-31.

ers Office,
t. 12, 1873.

WANTED.—A Head Master for the
C. U. Grammar School to take charge on
the 22nd January next. Salary Eight hundred
dollars per annum.

Applications with testimonials to be forwarded
o the subscriber on or before the 15th day of
December next.

CHAS. O'NEIL,
Secretary.
St. Andrews, Oct. 28, 1873.
[Daily News & Pion. Reporter, 1m.]

Paints and Oil.

Ex "Dorothy" from London via St. John:
8 Casks "Brandram Bros" boiled and raw
LINSEED OIL.
2 Tons best WHITE LEAD.
10 Cwt. "Black, Yellow, Red and Green"
PAINTS.
1 Cask "PUTTY."
J. W. STREET & Co.
Oct. 25, 1873.

Flour, Meal, Corn, &c.

Ex "Mary Ellen" from New York:
200 Bbls. FLOUR, "Reindeer" and
other brands.
25 "CORN MEAL,
200 Bushels CORN.
10 Bbls. MESS PORK, &c.
J. W. STREET & Co.
Oct. 25, 1873.

BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES,
St. Andrews, Oct. 21, 1873.

WANTED, a Female Teacher, First
Class, to take charge of a School in St. An-
drews.
Oct 22 31 **CHAS. O'NEIL, Sec'y.**

St. Andrews Foundry.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully announce
that they are prepared to execute orders for
Foundry Work,
with punctuality and despatch.
STOVES of approved patterns, MILL and
SHIPS CASTINGS, and other foundry business
attended to. Particular attention paid to
Blacksmith Work
of every description, and satisfaction guaranteed.
By punctuality and a desire to please, they hope
to merit public patronage.

A LAMB & CO.
St. Andrews, Oct. 22, 1873. oct 22 ly

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers.

Just received in great variety a large assort-
ment of
Ladies', Gents', and Misses' Boots, Shoes,
and Rubbers. Also FELT Overhoes of
all sizes. Also—Boys' and Men's
FINE and STRONG KIP BOOTS and
SHOES. Cork Soles and Slippers.
The above goods will be sold very cheap
for cash, please call and examine.

W. B. MORRIS,
Berry's Block.
Oct. 15.

BANK OF
British North America.

Head Office:—London, England.

CAPITAL—£1,000,000 Sterling.

THE ST. STEPHEN BRANCH
ALLOWS
Five Per Cent. Interest
ON SPECIAL DEPOSITS

in New Brunswick or United States currency.—
Money may be paid by registered letter, and re-
ceipts transmitted by mail.

ALSO.—Grants drafts on Ontario, Quebec,
Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, St. John, Freder-
icton and Moncton, New York, Boston, Port-
land, Great Britain, France, Australia, New Zea-
land, California, and British Columbia.

Credits granted to travellers available in any
part of the world.

United States Currency bought and sold.
Open for business daily from 9 A.M. to 1 P.M.
W. L. PHILLIPPI, Manager,
St. Stephen.
Oct. 14, 1873.

CUT NAILS! CUT TACKS!

SHOE NAILS.

S. R. Foster & Sons
STANDARD
Nail, Shoe Nail & Tack Works
Saint John, N. B.

ESTABLISHED 1849.
(Formerly W. H. ADAMS CITY NAIL WORKS.)
Orders collected, prompt attention and satisfaction
guaranteed.
sep 10 1m

C. C. Grammar School.

WANTED.—A Head Master for the
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Applications with testimonials to be forwarded
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CHAS. O'NEIL,
Secretary.
St. Andrews, Oct. 28, 1873.
[Daily News & Pion. Reporter, 1m.]

MANCHESTER HOUSE,

October 1873:

ODELL & TURNER

Have received per Steamships
"OLYMPUS," "SIBERIA" "ATLAS" and "DORIAN"

A large assortment of New

FALL & WINTER
GOODS,

—IN—
PILOT CLOTHS,
TWEEDS,
CHEVIOTS, AND DOESKINS,
Fancy Dress Materials,
Shawls, Skirts, Gloves,
Hosiery and Fancy Yarns,
Black Alpacaes,
VELVETS and VELVETEENS,
Cloaking Materials

—IN—
Beaver, Astrachans & Waterproofs.

CARPETINGS,
BLANKETS, FLANNELS,
COTTON WARPS,
HATS & CAPS,
Shirtings and Sheetings,
HATS, RIBBONS,
Feathers, Flowers,
and Milliner's Stock.

Ready-Made Clothing

manufactured in London expressly for our
own trade.

Our Stock has been personally selected,
and purchased for CASH, in the best European
Markets, and will be sold at lowest rates,
Wholesale and Retail.

Additional Stock for each Department
will be imported during the Fall and Winter
months
oct 15 nm

Watson House.

ST. STEPHEN.

The above first-class Hotel has been refitted
and is now open for the accommodation of trans-
ient and permanent boarders.

CHARGES REASONABLE and EVERY ATTEN-
TION to guests.

W. RUDGE,
Proprietor.
May 12, 1873.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, Oct. 16, 1873.

**AUTHORIZED discount on AMERICAN IN-
VOICES** until further notice 8 per cent.
R. & M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.
oct 21

\$100 REWARD.

THE above reward is offered to any person
who will give information that will lead to
the apprehension and conviction of the person or
persons who broke into the Hall of the "Royal
Charlotte Lodge of B. T." of Bocabec, on Sunday
night, 7th, and broke the furniture and stole the
funds of the Lodge.
By order,
PATRICK MCGAUGHLIN,
Bocabec, Sept. 17, 1873. Secretary.

EDWARD M. SMALL, M.D.
Physician & Surgeon.

OFFICE, — Berry's Building.
RESIDENCE, — Clark's Hotel.

ST. ANDREWS, N. B.
Calls out of Town promptly attended to.

\$5 TO \$20 per day. Agents wanted! All classes
of working people of either sex, young
or old, make more money at work for
us in their spare moments, or all the
time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address
STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. ly may 14 73

Privy Council Office.
Ottawa, 20th Aug., 1873.

NOTICE is hereby given that His Excellency
the Governor General, on the recommend-
ation of the Hon. the Minister of Inland Re-
venue and under the provisions of the 1st Section
of the Act passed in the last Session of the
Parliament of Canada, intituled "An Act to
amend and consolidate and to extend to "the
whole Dominion of Canada the law respecting
"the inspection of certain staple articles of Can-
adian Produce" has, by order in Council of this
date, been pleased to designate the following
cities that is to say, Quebec, Toronto, Kingston, Ham-
ilton, London and Ottawa, in the Province of
Ontario; St. John in the Province of New Brun-
swick; and Halifax, in the Province of Nova
Scotia; as cities at and for which it is expedient
to appoint inspectors of the following articles at
Canadian Produce, viz:
Flour and Meal,
Wheat and other grains,
Dried Fruit,
Potatoes and Pearlshes,
Pickled Fish and Fish-Oil,
Butter,
Lard and Raw Hides and Petroleum,
W. A. HIMS WORTH,
Clerk Privy Council.
sep 24 3i

Tenders,

Addressed to the undersigned, in a sealed en-
velope, marked Tenders for Printing, Paper or
Binding [as the case may be], will be received
until Noon of the next Session of Parliament,
after which time no tender will be received, for
the Printing, binding the Printing Paper, and
the Binding required for the Parliament of the
Dominion of Canada.

No tender will be received except on the blank
form, which can be had on application to the
undersigned, and from whom all information can
be obtained.

The Committee do not bind themselves to
accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,
HENRY HARTNEY,
Clerk Joint Committee of both
Houses on Printing.
Dept of Printing of Parliament,
Ottawa, 16th August 1873. sep 3 3w

VINEGAR BITTERS

Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar
Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation,
made chiefly from the native herbs found
on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada
mountains of California, the medicinal prop-
erties of which are extracted therefrom
without the use of Alcohol. The question
is almost daily asked, "What is the cause
of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BIT-
TERS?" Our answer is, that they remove
the cause of disease, and the patient recov-
ers his health. They are the great blood
purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect
Renovator and Invigorator of the system.
Never before in the history of the world has
a medicine been compounded possessing the
remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS
in healing the sick of every disease man is
heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as
well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or In-
flammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs,
in Bilious Diseases.

If men will enjoy good health, let
them use VINEGAR BITTERS as a medicine,
and avoid the use of alcoholic stimulants
in every form.

R. H. McDONALD & Co.,
Druggists and General Agents, San Francisco, California,
and our Washington and Charlton Sts., New York.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.
sep 24 73 52i

TEA POTS.

JUST RECEIVED per steamer Millbank.—A large
assortment of
TEA-POTS and other Ware.
A select stock of
CHINESE TEA-POTS.
EGYPTIAN BLACK TEA-POTS.
ROCKINGHAM TEA-POTS.
For sale low by
F. & J. A. WHITE,
42 St. Charles street, St. John.
June

St. Andrews Drug Store.

THE Subscriber respectfully announces to the
inhabitants of St. Andrews and vicinity that
he has purchased the stock and trade of the
ST. ANDREWS DRUG STORE,
and will keep constantly on hand the following
articles:

Drugs, Chemicals.
PATENT MEDICINES,
DYE STUFFS,
&c., &c.

Cleaver's Toilet Soaps.
QUININE WINE
Fellows' Hypophosphites.
Ayer's Sarsaparilla,
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
SHOSHENES REMEDY.
DR. DAXTER'S CHALVATE.
with a large variety of
DRUGS, PERFUMERY, &c. IN STOCK.
A select stock of
ENGLISH NOTE PAPERS
with ENVELOPES to match.
E. LEE STREET.
St. Andrews, Aug. 26, 1873.

Intercolonial Railway!

18 Summer Arrangement. 73.

COMMENCING ON
Monday, 26th May 1873.

No. 1.—(Through Passenger Express) will leave
Halifax at 7.30 a.m., and be due in St.
John at 8.30 p.m. This train will stop (be-
tween Halifax and Truro) only at Windsor
Junction and Shubenacadie; and (between
Painsec and St. John) only at Booking & ac-
tions, except where it may be necessary to
cross other trains or to put down passen-
gers who may have got on board at Pain-
sec and stations east and south of that place.

No. 2.—(Through Passenger Express) will leave
St. John at 8 a.m., and be due in Halifax at
8.50 p.m. This train will stop (between
St. John and Painsec) only at Hampton,
Sussex, Pettitville and Moncton; and (be-
tween Truro and Halifax) at Shubenacadie
and Windsor Junction, except where it may
be necessary to cross trains or to put down
passengers who may have got on board at
stations north and west of Truro.

No. 3 & 4.—(Pictou Passenger Accommodation)
will leave Halifax at 6.15 a.m., and be due
at Pictou at 12.15 p.m.

No. 4 & 6.—(Shediac Passenger Accommodation)
will leave St. John at 7 a.m., and be due
at Point du Chene at 12.45 p.m.

No. 7 & 9.—(Freight and Passenger Accommo-
dation) will leave Halifax at 11.30 a.m.,
and be due at Pictou at 9.15 p.m.

No. 8 & 10.—(Freight and Passenger Accommo-
dation) will leave St. John at 10.50 a.m.,
and be due at Point du Chene at 7.25
p.m.

No. 11.—(Truro Freight) will leave Halifax at
3.30 p.m., and be due at Truro at 9.10 p.
m.

No. 12.—(Passenger Accommodation) will leave
Painsec at 4.20 p.m., and be due at
Point du Chene at 5.00 p.m.

No. 13.—(Passenger Accommodation) will leave
Halifax at 5.5 p.m., and be due at Truro
at 6.15 p.m.

No. 14.—(Passenger Accommodation) will leave
Truro at 2.00 p.m., and be due at Ham-
pton at 3.0 p.m.

No. 15, 17, & 19.—W. & A. R. will leave Hal-
ifax for Windsor Junction at 8.00 and 8.45
a.m., and 3.00 p.m.

No. 16.—(Petitcodiac Freight) will leave St. John
at 2.45 p.m., and be due at Petitcodiac
at 8.00 p.m.

No. 18.—(Sussex Passenger Accommodation) will
leave St. John at 4.40 p.m., and be
due at Sussex at 6.40 p.m.

No. 20.—(Truro Passenger Accommodation) will
leave Truro at 6.00 a.m., and be due in
Halifax at 9.15 a.m.

No. 21.—(Sussex Passenger Accommodation) will
leave Sussex at 7.00 a.m., and be due at
St. John at 9.00 a.m.

No. 22.—(Freight Passenger Accommodation) will
leave Truro at 6.45 a.m., and be due in
Halifax at 1.20 p.m.

No. 23 & 25.—(Shediac Passenger Accommo-
dation) will leave Point du Chene at 6.00
a.m., and be due in St. John at 12.00 noon.

No. 24 & 26.—(Freight and Passenger Accom-
modation) will leave Pictou at 6 a.m., and
be due in Halifax at 2.35 p.m.

No. 27.—(Petitcodiac Freight) will leave Petit-
codiac 7.00 a.m., and be due in St. John at
1.30 p.m.

No. 28 & 30.—(Truro Passenger Accommodation)
will leave Pictou at 1.45 p.m., and be due
in Halifax at 7.30 p.m.

No. 29.—(Passenger Accommodation) will leave
Hampton at 5.45 p.m., and be due in St.
John at 6.55 p.m.

No. 31 & 33.—(Shediac Passenger and Freight
Accommodation) will leave Point du Chene
at 10.30 a.m., and be due in St. John, at
7.45 p.m.

No. 32 & 34.—(W. & A. R.) are due in Halifax
at 11.00 a.m., 6.45 p.m., and 3.25 p.m.

No. 35.—(Passenger Accommodation) will leave
Point du Chene at 3.20 p.m., and be
due at Painsec at 4.00 p.m.

No. 36 & 38.—(Truro and Moncton Freight
Accommodation) will leave
Truro at 9.30 p.m., and be due at Mon-
cton at 8.10 a.m.

No. 39 and 40.—(Moncton and Truro Freight
and Passenger Accommodation) will leave
Moncton at 6.45 p.m., and be due at
Truro at 5 a.m.

LEWIS CARVILL,
General Superintendent.
Railway Office, Moncton.
May, 18th 1873.

REMOVAL.

H. O'NEIL & SONS respectfully inform
their friends generally, that in consequence
of their late Market having been destroyed by
fire, they have removed for the present to the
building adjoining the store of Messrs. Robinson
& Glenn, where they will be happy to supply the
wants of their numerous customers, and beg to
renew thanks for the patronage heretofore re-
ceived, and trust by efforts to please, to merit a
continuance of their custom.
H. O'NEIL & SONS.
St. Andrews, Aug. 20, 1873.

REMOVAL.

JAMES STOOP, MERCHANT TAILOR,
begs to intimate to his friends and the
public generally, that in consequence of the
destruction of his property by fire, he has
removed to Falls Store opposite the Post
Office, where he will continue his business,
and be happy to see his customers, and by
promptness, and efforts to please, to receive
a continuance of the patronage hitherto af-
forded him.
sup. 27.

GEO. F. STICKNEY,

Has just received a supply of

Watches,
Jewellery,
Cutlery,
EDGE TOOLS, HARDWARE, TOYS
SOAPS, PERFUMERY,
and FANCY GOODS, &c.

Agent for Lazarus & Morris' Perfected
Spectacles. Also,
Carbolic Acid Oil and Lamps.
July 2 um

Government House, Ottawa.
Saturday, 23rd day of May, 1-73.

PRESIDENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the
Minister of Customs, and under the provi-
sions of the 8th and 54th sections of the Act 31st
Vic., Chap. 6, intituled: "An Act respecting the
Customs," His Excellency has been pleased to
order, and it is hereby ordered that from and af-
ter the 1st of May instant, the Out Port of Guya-
boro, in the Province of Nova Scotia, shall be,
the same is hereby constituted and erected into
a Port of Entry and Warehousing Port, and that
in the same Province, hereafter a Port of Entry
be, and the same is hereby constituted an Out-
Port of Entry, and placed under the survey of the
Port of Guysborough.

June 11 3i **W. A. HIMS WORTH,**
Clerk Privy Council.

North British and Mercantile
Insurance Company,
OF EDINBURGH LONDON.
ESTABLISHED IN 1809.

FIRE & LIFE

PRESIDENT:
His Grace the Duke of Roxburghe, K. T.

VICE PRESIDENTS:
His Grace the Duke of Sutherland K. G.;
His Grace the Duke of Abercorn, K. G.;
Sir John L. M. Lawrence, Bart, G. C. B. & K. S.

CAPITAL—£2,000,000 STERLING
(WITH LARGE ACCUMULATIONS.)

The Subscriber having been appointed Gen-
eral Agent for New Brunswick for the above Com-
pany, is now prepared to effect insurances on
reasonable terms.

Aug 9. **HENRY JACK,**
General Agent.
W. B. MORRIS Agent for St. Andrews and
vicinity.
Jan. 29

BRIDGE CONTRACT.

TENDERS will be received at the Office of Pub-
lic Works, Fredericton, until **TUESDAY**,
the 16th day of September next, at noon, for
the

REPAIRS OF COCAIGNE BRIDGE,
in the Parish of Dundas, County of Kent, accord-
ing to Plan and Specifications to be seen at the
Office of Thomas Egan, Esq., Cocaigne.

Each Tender to be sealed and marked "Tender
for C. B. Repairs," accompanied by a written
engagement from two responsible parties willing
to become securities for the faithful performance
of the contract.

The Chief Commissioner does not bind him-
self to accept the lowest or any tender.

W. M. KELLY,
Chief Commissioner.
Department Public Works,
Fredericton, Aug. 28th, 1873. sep 3i

Whitman's Thrashing
Machine.

Superiority is claimed for these Machines in
the following points:

FOR Thrashing and Cleaning more Grain, suitable for
moisture, with less power and being more simple, dur-
able, and less likely to get out of repair than any other ma-
chine in the market. For Sale by
aug 20 8ipd. **C. R. PIKE, Agent,**
Calais Me.

For sale or to Let.

THE Two story Dwelling HOUSE & Lot
corner King and Parr streets. The property
is pleasantly situated, and with slight repairs
would make a pleasant residence. Possession
given immediately. Apply at the
STANDARD OFFICE.
Aug. 6.

Lime for Sale.

300 BARRELS first quality of LIME, are
offered for sale low by
July 31. **W. A. HICKS.**

"No Cards," is the frequent announcement to the marriage notice; and now comes "No Cards," to the funeral notice. Why not? A great funeral, in these latter days, has become more expensive than a marriage, and a marriage often costs enough to start a young man in a prosperous business. The pomp and show that leads to the grave, where the flowers displayed are only more perishable than the garments worn, and are a sad commentary on human fashion and human ambition.

The discovery has just been made, at Rome, on the Esquiline Hill, of some enormous ancient vessels in potteryware, the largest ever found and of such a size that a man could easily live in one. The fact is therefore clear that the famous tub of Diogenes was not made of wood, but of earthen ware, as is, in fact, implied in the passage of Juvenal.

A lady of the shoddy aristocracy at St. Joe found, on returning from a walk, some call cards on her table. She called a servant in great haste, saying, "John, take these and run quick! them ladies is forgot their tickets."

"Tom," said a colonel to one of his men, "how can you go and be a soldier as you get drunk so often?" "Colonel," replied he, "how can you expect all the virtues that adorn the human character for sixpence a day?"

"A Complete Pictorial History of the Times," "The best, cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union"

Harper's Weekly.

Splendidly Illustrated.

NOTICES OF THE PRESS.
The WEEKLY is the ablest and most powerful illustrated periodical published in this country. Its editorials are scholarly and convincing, and carry much weight. Its illustrations of current events are full and fresh, and are prepared by our best designers. With a circulation of 150,000, the "Weekly" is read by at least half a million of persons, and its influence as an organ of opinion is simply tremendous. The "Weekly" maintains a positive position, and expresses decided views on political and social problems. —(Louisville Courier Journal.)

SUBSCRIPTIONS—1873.

TERMS:
HARPER'S WEEKLY, one year \$4.00
An Extra Copy of either the MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, or BAZAR, to one address for one year, \$10.00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, \$7.00.
Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.
The Annual Volumes of Harper's Weekly, in most cloth bindings, are sent by express, free of expense, for \$7.00 each. A complete set, comprising Sixteen Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of \$5.25 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser.
The postage on Harper's Weekly is 20 cents a year, which must be paid at the subscriber's post-office address.
HARPER & BROTHERS, New York

Government House Ottawa
Monday, 17th Feb., 1873.
PRESENT.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under the provisions of the 8th section of the Act 31 Vic., Chap. 6, intitled: "An Act respecting the Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the town of Stratford, in the County of Middlesex, Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and erected into an Out Port of Customs and placed under the survey of the Collector of Customs at the Port of London.

W. A. HINSMWORTH,
Clerk, Privy Council.

NOTICE.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 4th June, 1873.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council, bearing date 30th of May last, has been pleased to order and direct that, while Felt, for the manufacture of Hats and Boots, should be admitted free of duty under the Tariff, duty must be charged on all Felted cloth of every description.

By Command,
J. JOHNSON,
June 1873.— Asst. Commissioner of Customs

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS hereby given, that the following Non-Resident Ratepayers of the Parish of Penfield, have been assessed as under, for the year 1872: and unless the amounts, together with the cost of advertising is paid within three months, the properties will be sold according to law—

Poor & County tax. With land tax:
John G. Woodward, \$1.48. \$7.80. \$9.28.
Harris estate Thos. Shaw, 1.13. 2.00. 3.13.
Isaac Woodward, 79. 79. 79.

Wm. SHAW,
Penfield, March 26 1873. 3m Collector

Government House, Ottawa.

Wednesday 24th day of April, 1872.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under the provisions of the 8th section of the Act 31 Vic., Chap. 6, intitled: "An Act respecting the Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the town of Stratford, in the County of Middlesex, Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and erected into an Out Port of Customs and placed under the survey of the Collector of Customs at the Port of London.

W. A. HINSMWORTH,
Clerk, Privy Council.

REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of St. Andrews and vicinity, that he has taken the store recently occupied by the late A. D. Stevenson, corner of Water and William Streets, and has removed his stock of

Groceries, FLOUR, PROVISIONS, &C.,

into that more central position, where he is prepared to furnish the residents of the town and its other customers articles of the first quality, at reasonable prices.

He respectfully returns thanks for former patronage, and solicits a continuance. Having just made large importations, he feels certain of giving general satisfaction. Among the articles are the following:—
Flour, Beef, Pork,
Raisins, Currants,
Biscuit and Crackers,
Sugars of all kinds,
Confectionary.
Teas of various kinds,
Clothing of all kinds Hats & Caps,
Boots, Shoes, and Laprkins,
Buckets, Pails, Brooms,
Canned Fruits in great variety,
and other articles too numerous to mention.

CROCKERY.

He has just opened crates and cases of Crockeryware, and is prepared to furnish Dinner Sets, Teas and Breakfast Sets, Cups and Saucers, Bowls, Mugs, and all other articles in this line. No such stock is to be found in the town—call a day for yourselves.

WEATHER-STRIPS

an article necessary for all houses in the winter season especially. No house can be comfortable without them. Articles purchased at his store will be delivered free of charge, at any place within the limits of the town plat.

He is Agent for the "Travellers Accident and Life Insurance Company" of Hartford, and is ready to take risks on life and accident.

Call and see for yourselves.

First quality articles—and reasonable prices.
Country Produce taken in exchange.
W. B. MORRIS,
St. Andrews, Oct. 9, 1872.

Public Notice

IS hereby given that the following Non-Resident Properties in the Parish of St. George, have been assessed as under for the years 1871 and 1872; and unless the amounts together with the costs of advertising, &c., are paid within three months from this date, the same will be sold according to law—

James Vernon, 1871. \$1.30
Gideon Vernon, 1872. 65
James Vernon, 1872. \$2.24
Gideon Vernon, 1872. 1.12

JAMES MORAN,
St. George, March 26, 1873. 3m Collector.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS indebted to me for goods purchased from Jas. Bradley, out of my stock and store are hereby notified to make immediate payment only to Patrick McGrath, my agent at St. Andrews, June 24, 1873. S. SHERLOCK.

Assessors Notice.

THE undersigned having been appointed Assessors of Rates for the Parish of St. Andrews, hereby give public notice thereof, and that persons intending to furnish statements of their property and income, in writing under oath, in pursuance of the provisions of the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided, must leave them at the Post Office, Saint Andrews, within thirty days from the publication of this notice.

D. L. CUNNINGHAM, Assessors of
DAVID JOHNSON, Rates.

St. Andrews, April 30, 1873.

Notice.

AT the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Bay of Fundy

RED GRANITE COMPANY,

held at St. George, N. B., on Tuesday, the 8th July, 1873, the following persons were elected Officers for the year 1873-4:

President,
JACOB S. BROWN

Vice-President,
DOUGLAS WELMORE.

Treasurer,
THOMAS BARRY.

Secretary,
CHARLES C. WARD.

Superintendent of Quarries,
GEORGE G. MCGILVER.

Agent for the Company in the United States,
JOHN M. MOFFITT.

Directors,
JACOB S. BROWN, New York
JOHN M. MOFFITT, " "
JOHN E. GREEN, " "
THOMAS BARRY, St. George
GEORGE G. MCGILVER, " "
DOUGLAS WELMORE, " "
CHARLES C. WARD, " "

BANKERS,
BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,
St. George, N. B., 9th July 1873. —

RAILROAD HOTEL,

ST. ANDREWS.

THE Subscriber returns his thanks to the public for the patronage extended to him since opening the Railroad Hotel. Having purchased the property from Mr. Edward Pheasant, he will CONTINUE THE BUSINESS, and trusts by attention and efforts to please, to receive a continuance of that patronage so liberally extended to the establishment.

TRAVELERS and PERMANENT boarders provided with comfortable rooms on reasonable terms.
Good BREAKFAST—Experienced and reliable hostlers always on hand. Horses and Carriages to let.
COACHES in attendance on the arrival of Trains and Steamers.
M. CLARKE,
Proprietor.

St. Andrews, April 17, 1872.

ROYAL HOTEL,

(FORMERLY STUBBS)

Opposite Custom House and Public Office,
—KING WILLIAM ST., ST. JOHN, N.B.
During the past winter this house has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished. It will be re-opened on 1st of May next.
Having secured the services of Mr. Charles Watts as Manager, the proprietor trusts that their united efforts for the comfort of their guests will give entire satisfaction.
Terms \$2.00 per day.
J. THOMAS F. RAYMOND,
Proprietor.

June 12

Why the Valve Jar is Superior to all Others for Preserving Fruit.

1. Because it is the only one in which the contents can be securely fastened, and cooked while thus fastened, without risk of an explosion.
2. It is the only one that is Automatically Sealed, therefore, the only Seal-Sealing Jar in the market.
3. It is so simple that no skill is required to use it successfully.
4. It is securely fastened when placed in the kettle, and being immersed, the fragrance of the contents is confined in the Jar, a more perfect vacuum produced and the handling of the hot jars entirely avoided.
5. It is well known that fruit Jars which are closed with rigid fastenings burst by fermentation, and the effect upon the food and surrounding well understood by many housekeepers.
The cover of the Valve Jar is a perfect safety valve makes an explosion impossible, and entirely obviates every difficulty that exists in other fastenings. — For sale by
F. & J. A. WHITE,
10 Charlotte St., St. John
sep 10

REMOVAL.

W. H. WILLIAMS, ever grateful for the kind support and patronage he has hitherto received, begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has removed his establishment to the store formerly occupied by Miss Irwin, corner of Water and Edward streets; where he will keep as usual.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS

Patent Medicines, Perfumery,

Toilet Articles, Groceries,

Paints, Glass, Putty, and all the other ceteras commonly found in a Druggist Shop.
St. Andrews,
MADAM JUNCTION

EATING HOUSE.

S. W. DAVIS, PROPRIETOR.

Meals always ready on Arrival of Trains.
Jan. 15, 1872.

Insolvent Act of 1869.

In the matter of Moses Parks, an Insolvent. NOTICE is hereby given, that a meeting of the Creditors of the above named Insolvent, will be held at the office of Geo. McSorley, Esquire, Barrister at Law, 1 George, Charlotte County, on Thursday the seventh day of November next, at the hour of ten of the clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of the removal of the present Assignee, and for the purpose of ordering the affairs of the said Estate generally, pursuant to an order of James G. Stevens, J. C. C.

The Insolvent is hereby summoned to attend said meeting.

Filed at St. George, Province of New Brunswick, this 16th day of October, A. D. 1872.

JAMES MORAN, Assgnee.

GEO. STEWART, Jr.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

Chemist and Druggist,

DEALER IN
DRUGS, MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES,
DYE WOODS AND STUFS, SURGICAL
INSTRUMENTS,
Toilet Requisites, Perfumery, Brushes, &c.,
24 King Street, Saint John, N. B.
Orders from the Country promptly executed.

Ships' Medicine Chests Filled and Refitted.
Particular attention given to the Preparation of Physicians' Prescriptions.
api 12 74-1y

Plans of School Houses.

Education Office, Province of New Brunswick.

FREDERICTON, December 27th, 1872.

TRUSTEES OF SCHOOLS are hereby notified that the Plans of School Houses prepared by the Board of Education, will be furnished free of expense to Districts needing them, on application to the Inspector of Schools for the county.

Also, that when the Trustees have selected one of the said Plans, a complete set of working drawings of the same may be procured without charge on application to the Chief Superintendent.

THEODORE H. RAND,
Chief Superintendent of Education

STREET & STEVENSON,

Barristers and Attorneys at Law,
Solicitors &c.

OFFICES—WATER STREET,
ST. ANDREWS.

G. F. STICKNEY,

WATCH MAKER & JEWELLER.

Has received further supply of

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
Chains, Rings, Brooches,
Lockets, Studs, Solitaires, Keys, &c.

Electroplated Britannia Metal and British Plate Wares,
Papier Machie, Parian, Spa, Wedgwood and Bohemian Goods

JET AND RUBBER GOODS.

CUTLERY, HARDWARE, EDGETOOLS
TOYS, FANCY SOAP AND PERFUMERY,
Together with a general assortment of
House Furnishing & Fancy Goods
WEDDING RINGS made to order
July 19 41

St. Andrews Hotel Company.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Hotel Company, held on the 16th instant, W. B. MORRIS was appointed Secretary.

R. ROBINSON,
St. Andrews, Oct. 24 1872. President.

Copartnership.

The Subscribers have this day entered into Professional Copartnership, under the style and firm of

Street & Stevenson,
Geo. D. STREET,
R. R. STEVENSON.
St. Andrews, June 1, 1872.

RAISINS.

100 Boxes Layer Raisins,
25 Bbls. Dried Apples, very nice. For sale.

GRANULATED SUGAR.

25 Bbls. Boston Granulated Sugar. In bond or Duty paid.

Vacuum Pan Sugar.

53 Bbls. Domestic Vacuum Pan Sugar, choice quality, just received and for sale at lowest market rates, in bond or Duty paid.

TODD, CLEWLEY & CO.,

St. Stephen.

JOHN MCCOULL,

GENERAL AGENT.

Commission Merchant,

AUCTIONEER.

St. George, N. B.

References: Hon. B. R. Stevenson, Sur General, W. Whitlock, Esq., St. Andrews; Jas. A. Moran, and Abm. Young, Esqs., St. George; Chas. F. Clinch, Esq., St. John; J. Murdoch, and David Main, Esqs., St. Stephen.

MOLASSES.

Ex Schrs. "Emma" from Cienfuegos direct.
211 Bbls. } BRIGHT CIE FUEGOS MOLASSES.
19 Tons }
16 Bbls. }

The above is a very choice Cargo and will be sold at lowest market rates, in bond or duty paid.

TODD, CLEWLEY & CO.,
St. Stephen.

GIN, WINE, TEA, &c.

Ex "Choice" from London.

40 Hhds } Best Pale Genera.
30 qr Casks }
200 Cases }
30 Chests } Congou Tea.
20 Half "

10 Bbls Refined Crushed Sugar
5 Co London Brown Stout & Pale Ale.
20 qr Casks } Pale Sherry.
73 Hhds }

31 Ton "Brandram Bros" Best White Lead
4 Hhds } do Boiled and Raw
4 qr Casks } Linseed Oil
J. W. STREET.

The Standard.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY BY

A. W. Smith.

At his Office, Water Street Saint Andrews, N. B.

TERMS

\$2.50 per Annum—if paid in advance.
\$3 If not paid till the end of the year.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Inserted according to written order or continued till forbid, if no written directions.

1 week 2w 3w 1m 2m 3m

1 Inch \$1.00 1.50 2.00 2.50 3.50 4.50

2 " 1.50 2.50 3.50 4.50 6.00 7.25

3 " 2.00 3.00 4.00 5.00 7.00 9.00

4 " 2.50 3.50 4.50 5.50 8.00 11.00

Advertising by the year as may be agreed on.

All letters addressed to this office must be post paid.

HATS & CAPS

IN LARGE VARIETY.

Comprising—the Oxford, Dolly Varden, Duke Alexis and many other styles to numerous to mention. Also—the Monarch Shakespeare Paper Collar, unrivalled for its perfect fit and durability, together with a full line of Gents. Furnishing Goods.

Chignons, Curls, Switches in Jute and Lined Bustles, Hoop Skirts and small wares. Ladies Gents, and childrens BOOTS & SHOES, work.

SLIPPERS and OTTAMANS.

FLANNELS, in White and colored, plain, striped and checked. Cottons—in bleached and unbleached. Harrack & Miller's White Cottons, Brown ditto, tickings, &c.

As my motto is "Small Profits and quick Sales," the above stock shall be sold at the lowest living advance on cost.

Remember the store on the corner of Water and King Streets, and opposite H. O'Neill's Market House.

N. B.—Orders taken for the elegant "Davis Sewing Machine," which has been so celebrated in the United States, a sample of which can be seen at the store. For price and conditions enquire of the subscriber.

S. SHERLOCK,
St. Andrews.

"PSYCHOMANCY"

OR
SOUL CHARMING.

How can we say we fascinate and gain the love and affection of any person they choose, instantly. This simple mental experiment can be passed, free by mail, for 25 cents, together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Charms, Dreams, Haunts to Ladies, &c. A queer, exciting work, 100,000 sold. Address: F. WILLIAM & CO., South Eighth St., Philadelphia, Pa. mar 3 ly

NOTICE.

My wife Mary Ann, having left my bed and board without any just cause, I hereby forbid all persons from harboring or trusting her on my account, as I will not pay any debts of her contracting.

JOHN SCAMMOND,
St. Patrick, Oct. 1, 1873. 31pd

NOTICE.

In consequence of a serious accident occurring by persons leaving obstructions on the streets and side walks; the public are hereby notified, that all or any person leaving rubbish or other material on the streets or side walks in this town, will be prosecuted on the penalty according to Law.

Dated Saint Andrews 20th Nov. 1872.

THOMAS HIPWELL,
Commissioner District No. 1.

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS hereby Given, that the following Non-Resident Property in the Parish of St. George, has been assessed as under for the year 1872; and unless the amount, together with the cost of advertising, &c., is paid within three months from this date, the same will be sold according to law:—

Benjamin Hanson Property \$8.40

RONALD CAMPBELL,
St. George, Sept. 28, 1872. Collector.

SEWING MACHINES.

WHAT EVERY FAMILY SHOULD HAVE
One of the original Weed Sewing Machines.

These celebrated Machines are now on sale by the subscribers, where the public are invited to examine and test for themselves.

Jan 16.

JAMES STOOP, Agent.

BLACK TEA.

Ex Schrs. "Pointer" from New York.

182 Hl Chests } SOUCHONG TEA.
31 Chests }

For Sale in bond or duty paid at lowest rates

TODD CLEWLEY & CO.,
St. Stephen.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

King Street.

Saint Stephen N. B.

J. NEILL, Proprietor

Canada Ale.

6 Hhls } Canada Bitter Ale.
6 qr. Casks }

Nov. 2, 1872. J. W. STREET

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Excellency,

the Governor General, by an Order in Council, bearing date the 6th instant, and under the authority vested in him, by the 2nd Section of the 34th Victoria, cap. 10, has been pleased to order, and direct that the following articles be transferred to the list of goods which may be imported into Canada free of duty, viz:

Felt, Cotton and Wollen Netting and Flax used in the manufacture of Gloves and Mitts.

By Command,
R. S. M. BOUCHEITE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Jan 8 13

NEW IMPORTATION.

20 Casks "Bridges & Son's" best Stout

Porter,

39 Cases "Guinness" Dublin Porter, quarts and pints.

J. W. STREET.