

GERMAN AIRCRAFT MAKE LONG-THREATENED RAID ON ENGLAND; DROP BOMBS ON SEVERAL TOWNS

Number of Deaths Reported From Towns Attacked and Considerable Damage to Property—Attempt to Blow up King's Residence at Sandringham Failed—Their Majesties Had Left For London on Monday—Raiders Probably Came From Cuxhaven and Made 150 Mile Flight Across North Sea—One Zeppelin Brought Down at Hunstanton, Near Sandringham By Fire From British Warship—London Prepares Against Attack.

London, Jan. 20, 2.25 a. m.—German aircraft made their long-threatened raid on England last night and attempted to blow up with bombs the King's royal residence in Sandringham, County Norfolk.

This intention was ill-timed, for King George and Queen Mary, with their family, who had been staying at Sandringham, had returned to London yesterday morning, to resume their residence in Buckingham Palace.

It is still not definitely known whether the raiders were Zeppelins or aeroplanes, but Zeppelins were reported yesterday afternoon as passing over the North Sea in a westerly direction, and most of those reporting that event incline to the belief that these were the raiders. The night was quite calm but very dark and cloudy, which made it impossible for the people in the towns over which they passed to distinguish even the outlines of the raiders, though the whirr of their propellers and the droning of their motors could be distinctly heard.

A Zeppelin is reported to have been brought down by the fire of a warship at Hunstanton, a few miles north of Sandringham.

Bombs were dropped in Yarmouth, Kings Lynn, Sandringham, Cromer, Sheringham and Beeston and everywhere, except at Beeston, casualties and damage to property resulted.

The first place visited was the well known seaside resort and fishing town of Yarmouth, where the people were taken by surprise at the sudden visit. Two persons, a man and a woman, were killed and a number of other persons were injured, and much damage to property was done by the raiders in their visit, which lasted less than ten minutes. Four or five bombs were dropped in Yarmouth.

When the attack began, the authorities gave instructions that all lights in the town be extinguished and other precautionary measures were taken to safeguard the populace. Little signs of a panic were seen during the raid in Yarmouth.

Apparently the raiders, after visiting Yarmouth, proceeded to Cromer, where they also dropped bombs, and thence went to Sheringham and Beeston. Then turning inland they made for Sandringham, dropping explosive missiles there and at King's Lynn, where a boy was killed, and a man, a woman and a child were injured. It was variously reported that five and seven bombs were dropped in Kings Lynn. The damage done in Sandringham has not been reported. It is known, however, that the Royal Palace escaped unharmed. At Sheringham a bomb penetrated a house, but did not explode.

It was only yesterday that the Scottish Yard authorities issued instructions concerning the measures to be taken by the police and other officials in the event of an air raid.

The towns of Yarmouth, Sandringham, Kings Lynn and Cromer are all situated in the Province of Norfolk, which abuts the North Sea about 150 miles northeast of London. Yarmouth, known as Great Yarmouth, and Cromer are favorite watering resorts, while Sandringham contains the country palace of the late King Edward. Kings Lynn is a seaport and market town. It contains shipbuilding yards, iron foundries, machine factories, oil mills and other industries.

If the aircraft which made the attack were the same ones that passed over the island of Ameland they probably started from the vicinity of Cuxhaven. In this case they would have had to fly about 150 miles across the North Sea to reach England.

London, Jan. 20, 2.15 a. m.—A Zeppelin has been brought down at Hunstanton, a few miles north of Sandringham, according to a despatch from King's Lynn to the Central News. The despatch adds that the Zeppelin was brought down by the fire of a warship.

Norwich, via London, Jan. 20.—According to accounts of the air raid reaching here aircraft dropped bombs on Yarmouth, Sheringham, Cromer and Beeston, in Norfolk county. At Sheringham a bomb dropped in Wyndham street, went through a house, but did not explode, apparently because the fuse became detached in the descent.

The bomb dropped at Beeston did no damage. The bombs measured nearly four inches in diameter.

Bomb Fell Near Sandringham.

London, Jan. 20, 2.40 a. m.—A despatch to the Press Association from King's Lynn says that definite news has been received there that a Zeppelin

SHRAPNEL HAS NO TERROR FOR PATRICIA'S

Gen. Snow Congratulates Canadian Regiment for Their Good Work.

TRUE TO THE BEST TRADITIONS OF ARMY.

Went Into the Trenches Jan. 6th—Maj. Gault and Capt. Smith Only Canadian Officers to Win 1914 Clasp.

London, Jan. 19.—General Snow has sent special orders to Col. Farquhar, congratulating the Princess Patricia's regiment on the splendid way they took over the trenches from the French troops, and maintained them under heavy artillery fire, "thus keeping up the best traditions of the army."

The Patricia's were the first regiment in the new division sent from Winchester, to take over trenches from the seasoned troops, they being one of three battalions selected.

Story of Gallant Charge Not True?

The Patricia's were not in action in December, declared Captain Cuthbert Fairbanks Smith to the Montreal Gazette correspondent today, while the London newspaper story, about the Patricia's charge with the rallying cry, "For Canada and Old England," though graphic, was not a fact. The regiment went into the trenches on the night of Wednesday, January 6th, but some days previous thereto Major Hamilton Gault and Captain Smith had been selected to enter the trenches. This being before the end of December, they will be the only two officers of Canadian troops entitled to wear the 1914 clasp. In this preliminary test, Captain Smith had a narrow escape, as a bullet whistled between him and an English sergeant as their heads were close together in conversation. To reach the trenches, Major Gault and Captain Smith had to cross 200 yards of ground over which a steady fire was proceeding.

The entire regiment, as stated, went into the trenches on January 6th. Of their behavior under fire, Captain Smith, who was in command of No. 4 Company, said:

"Never in my life have I seen men act so courageously. Regardless of bullets and shrapnel, the discipline was splendid."

The losses were one officer, four non-commissioned officers, and sixteen men wounded. Captain Newton was shot in the middle of the body, just as he was leaving the trenches in the evening, and he died the next morning, after being conscious during most of the interval. He was buried in a village cemetery in Belgium. Captain Smith was formerly a fellow-officer with Captain Newton in the 12th Middlesex Regiment.

Captain Smith himself was wounded after a perilous attempt to reach a German trench, which he accomplished, but he fell in, breaking his leg badly. An operation was declared necessary, but the condition of his nervous system has rendered him unable to endure the operation, as yet.

No. 4 Company, of which Captain Smith was in command, is composed of westerners from the Calgary district.

The first Canadian actually wounded was Private Hall, who was only slightly injured.

Captain Cuthbert Smith is a cousin of Manager Cassels, of the Bank of Montreal, in London.

FRENCH A FEW YARDS NEARER GERMAN FRONTIER

Make Small But Important Gains Near Pont-A-Mousson—Operations if Successful Will Relieve Verdun of Pressure by Enemy.

LONDON BELIEVES GERMANS WILL SOON FALL BACK ON THEIR OWN FRONTIER.

Russians Planning Invasion of Hungary from North and East—Continue Pursuit of Turks in Causasus.

London, Jan. 19.—The weather conditions have become so severe in France and in Flanders, where there have been heavy falls of snow, that the fighting has been confined almost entirely to artillery engagements. There has been an exception, however, to the southwest of Verdun, near Pont-A-Mousson, where the French are reported to have approached a few hundred yards nearer the German frontier.

Military men place considerable importance on the operations in this region, for, they say, in conjunction with the continued French pressure on the German lines to the west of the fortress of Perthes, they will, if successful, relieve the German operations against Verdun, around which they have had a half-circle drawn since they invaded France.

Of the progress of the battles in East Prussia and Poland the official reports are more scant in information than ever. Loquacity seems to be avoided when a big new movement is commencing, such as that which the Russians are carrying out between the East Prussian border and the lower Vistula. In this operation, as far as can be judged by the scant details furnished, the Russians are making a big sweep to the west and north, evidently in an endeavor to prevent Field Marshal von Hindenburg's forces from forming a junction with the German troops in East Prussia.

RUSSIANS ACROSS THE VISTULA

Some Petrograd newspaper correspondents credit the Russians with crossing the Vistula river to the south and east of Plock. If this is true, military men say, they must have a very large force, and probably are in a position to threaten the left flank of the German army which has been trying for weeks to force its way through to Warsaw.

In some quarters in London there is a tendency to believe that the Germans soon will retire to their own frontier, in the fear that a winter spent on their present lines, the communications with which are declared to be bad, would result in a heavy loss of men.

The Russian troops which crossed the Carpathian Mountains are reported to have effected a junction, and when the plans for an advance into Transylvania are complete an attempt will be made, it is said, to invade Hungary from the north and east.

Reports from the Caucasus say the Russians still are busy pursuing the remnant of the Turkish army corps which they have defeated. These reports say that even the snow does not seem to interfere with the movements of the Russians, who are harrying the Turkish first army corps, which was defeated at Ardahan, and driving it across the Chorokh river, and are gathering in more prisoners and materials belonging to the 9th, 10th and 11th corps, which are declared to have been even more severely handled than the first corps.

No Change in Carpathians, Vienna Report Says.

Vienna, via London, Jan. 19.—"In Poland and in Western Galicia," says an official communication issued today, "the fighting is confined to artillery engagements, while in the Carpathians nothing has occurred."

"Near Jacobeni, in South Bukovina, a Russian attack has been repulsed with heavy losses."

"There is no change in the southern war theatre."

French Minister of Marine Gives Out Statement Concerning the Saphir.

Paris, Jan. 19.—The Ministry of

NO WORD OF LOSSES AMONG PATRICIA'S

INDIAN RESERVE

JAPANESE CRUISERS SIGHTED OFF LIMA

Ottawa, Jan. 19.—Total casualties, officially reported, among the Canadians at Salisbury Plain so far number 67, about 20 of them due to meningitis. Nothing has yet been heard of the Patricia's casualties, aside from the death of Captain Newton.

Lima, Peru, Jan. 19.—An official despatch received here from Chala says that two warships, believed to be Japanese, passed there this morning bound north.

WASHINGTON REQUEST REFUSED BY BR. BRITAIN

British officials Will Not Agree to Permit Steamer Dacia to Make Voyage to Germany With Cotton Cargo Pending Settlement of Questions of International Law Involved.

Washington, Jan. 19.—While the formal reply of the British government has not been made, Ambassador Page, at London, cabled the State Department today that Great Britain would not agree to the American proposal that, pending a decision on the important questions of international law involved, the steamship Dacia be permitted to make a voyage to Germany with the cargo of cotton she is loading at a Texas port.

Solicitor Johnson advised Edward W. Breitung, who bought the Dacia from the Hamburg-American Line, that the British fleet would regard his ship as a fair prize, if she started either for Rotterdam or Bremen. At the same time the owners of the cargo were notified that in the event of the Dacia's seizure, their cotton would not be held, and they would be free to sell it to the British government, or forward it on some other ship.

Though the State Department, with a view to relieving the immense pressure in the south for an outlet for the great cotton surplus, has been trying for the past week to secure assent to the single voyage proposition, officials here rather welcome the abandonment of this make-shift plan and

the prospect of an early decision on the legal questions involved, which, if not satisfactory to the United States, may properly be made a subject for diplomatic negotiations.

So far as can be gathered, Great Britain, in the Dacia case, has not undertaken to challenge the right of the United States to place its flag on a German vessel purchased by an American citizen. At present, according to the officials here, the objection to the American registry of the Dacia concerns the genuineness of the sale of the ship by a German corporation to Mr. Breitung, the inference being that the real ownership of the vessel remains in German hands.

A prize court would be obliged to consider all the phases of such a transfer, and though the burden of proof as to the ownership of the vessel might, and probably would, be placed upon the American purchaser, the department officials who have examined the data submitted by Mr. Breitung's attorney are so well satisfied with the evidence in his behalf that they are quite willing to let the case go before any tribunal which is not secret, and is governed by the ordinary rules of common law.

DECLARED A TRUCE TO BURY THEIR DEAD

Belated Stories of the Christmas Holiday in the Trenches

London, January 8. (Correspondence of the Associated Press)—Belated but interesting details of how men at the front passed the holidays continue to come in. Reuter's Agency has received a letter from a subaltern who says:

"Christmas has come and gone—certainly the most extraordinary any one of us will experience."

"In the yard of the farmhouse where my company was billeted there is a huge cauldron. In this no less than 125 pounds of pudding in tins were boiled at a time. We turned to see them dished out. It was a gargantuan spectacle. The next day we returned to the trenches, groaning under loads of comestibles and condiments destined to alleviate our lot on the morrow. That night it froze hard and Christmas Day dawned on an appropriately sparkling landscape."

"A truce had been arranged for the few hours of daylight for the burial of the dead on both sides, who had been lying out in the open since the fierce night fighting of a week earlier. When I got out I found a large crowd of officers and men, English and German, grouped around the bodies, which had already been gathered together and laid out in rows. I went along those dreadful ranks and scanned the faces, fearing at every step to recognize one I knew. It was a ghastly sight. They lay stiffly in conorted attitudes, dirty with frozen mud and powdered with lime."

"The digging parties were already busy on the two big common graves, but the ground was hard and the work slow and laborious. In the intervals of superintending it we chatted with the Germans, most of whom were quite affable, if one could not exactly call them friendly, which, indeed, was neither to be expected nor desired. We exchanged confidences about the weather and the diametrically opposite news from East Prussia."

"They spoke of a bottle of champagne. We raised our wistful eyes in hopeless longing. They expressed astonishment, and said how pleased they would have been, had they only known, to have sent to Lille for some. 'A charming town, Lille. Do you know it?'"

"Not yet," we assured them. "Their laughter was quite frank that time. A tiny spruce little Heutenant, spoken of to his manifest chagrin, as 'Der Kleine' by his com-

rades, attached himself to me and sent back for a bottle of cognac, and we solemnly drank 'Gesundheit.'

Recruiting Goes on With Great Enthusiasm—Wounded, Back from Europe, Praise Treatment they Received.

London, Jan. 19.—(Through Reuters Ottawa Agency)—A special despatch from Delhi says:

"All India re-echoes the tribute paid by His Excellency the Vice-Roy at the recent opening of the council to the Commander-in-Chief of the army in India. The work of the military department is regarded as splendid. Large numbers of Indian army reserve officers are offering to serve with the India regiments."

"Recruiting for the Indian army continues with remarkable enthusiasm. The fighting races have been greatly stirred by the news of Indian successes at the front. Indian wounded who have returned are most enthusiastic in their praise of the kindness and attention which they have received in Europe. The volunteer movement has been given great impetus throughout the country, and useful gifts, to be forwarded to the combatants and the sick, are being received daily."

PARIS DARK, BUT ENEMY'S AIRSHIPS DID NOT APPEAR

Paris, Jan. 19.—For a time tonight all the street lamps in the city were extinguished, and the suburbs also were in darkness. The night, which was raw, damp, and foggy, offered every facility for aircraft to approach the capital unobserved.

N.C.O.'S OF 26th BATTALION GIVE MAJORITY AT BOND'S MAJORITY MILITARY SPIRIT

Sergeants Express Opinion That the 26th Battalion Will Make a Reputation of Which New Brunswick Can be Proud—Pay Splendid Tribute to Their Officers.

That the 26th Battalion is going to the front, not only with the idea of upholding the British ideal of freedom, but to add new laurels to the Loyalist province of New Brunswick, was made abundantly evident at the banquet given by the non-commissioned officers of the 26th Battalion in Bond's restaurant last evening. Bond's restaurant has been the scene of many historic functions, but it is safe to say it was never the scene of such a festive and at the same time purposeful function as it was last night. Non-commissioned officers are said to be the backbone of a regiment, and it is difficult to conceive of a regiment marching under the British flag or any other flag which could have a better backbone than the 26th. One speaker remarked that the spirit of the gathering would indicate that the function had been rehearsed at many a sergeant's mess, but the wind was taken out of his sails by the statement of Sergeant Major Edwards that there had been no sergeant's mess as yet, though he hoped the officers would arrange for a sergeant's mess when they crossed the seas.

Regimental Sergeant Major R. S. Edwards presided at the function. In the absence of Lieut. Col. McAvity he proposed the toast to the King, which was honored by the singing of the National Anthem with a fervor not often heard in St. John.

Sergeant Major Edwards then proposed the toast to the Colonel and Officers of the 26th Battalion. Major Mackenzie, in responding, expressed regret that Col. McAvity and Major Edwards were unable to be present, and went on to say that he counted it a privilege to be an officer of the 26th Battalion. "We have," he said, "assumed a great responsibility. We have men in the ranks who may be our superiors in education and social position. It is up to the officers and N. C. O.'s to inspire these men. All the men in the battalion, with the idea that we are the best battalion in the brigade, or the division to which we may be assigned. You who come in closer touch with the men in the ranks than we do can arouse the spirit which the battalion should possess. It is up to you, as well as to the commissioned officers to show that the men of New Brunswick are ready and eager to come to the defense of the Mother Country in its time of trouble and uphold the traditions of our English, Scotch and Irish forefathers."

Rev. E. B. Hooper, chaplain of the regiment, said that after seeing the sergeants gathered together he felt more confidence in the regiment than ever. It was glad to be attached as chaplain to such a regiment, and hoped the men of the battalion would be glad to be attached to him. He wanted to be a friend and confidant of all the men and officers in the regiment, some of whom might not have seen enough of parsons.

Capt. Brown, adjutant of the regiment, who was then called on to give the speech was greeted with round of applause. After expressing his regret that Col. McAvity and Major Edwards were unable to be present, he said it was a great pleasure for him to attend the dinner of the N. C. O.'s and went on to say that it was a fitting opportunity to ask the N. C. O.'s to do their utmost to make the 26th Battalion second to none. "You can do it," said Captain Brown, "for you are the backbone of the regiment. It is up to you," he continued, "to work hard on this side, so that on the other side no unfavorable comment may be made about us."

General Pleas

Continuing Capt. Brown said General Rutherford had seen the battalion at its worst, and yet had been pleased at the showing it made. If the General had seen the battalion at its best he might have been tickled to death.

Captain H. McMillan made a brief address, expressing his pleasure at being invited to dinner. Lieut. Burrill of the transport service sang a song.

The Firing Line

Company Sergeant Major J. T. Hanlon, then proposed our comrades on the firing line, making an interesting speech, and humorously contrasting the bounteous spread before the gathering with what the men on the firing line would be glad to get.

Regimental Sergeant Major Wm. Pitt responded, saying that he hoped the 26th Battalion of New Brunswick would emulate the 26th Scottish Cameronians, a regiment he had seen in action. He recalled a fight the 26th Cameronians had taken part in on the 19th of December some years ago, and went on to say that he felt the 26th New Brunswick would do honor to the province.

Our Guests

Our guests was proposed by Company-Sergeant Major G. J. Ambrose and responded to by W. H. Jones, caretaker at the armory, who expressed the hope that he might be permitted to go to the front as a member of the band of the 26th. He had served a term in the Imperial army and his father was a veteran.

Friends Behind Us

Company-Sergeant Major J. T. Downey proposed the friends we leave behind us, which was responded to by Signalling Sergeant C. J. Jenkins in a very entertaining speech.

Company-Sergeant Major H. Young proposed the toast to the Mayor and Commissioner of St. John and expressed appreciation of what had



SCENE OF THE DISASTROUS TURKISH DEFEAT BY RUSSIANS IN THE CAUCASUS.

The Turkish invasion of Basia in the Caucasus is apparently at an end. The disastrous defeat of the Turks at Sari Kamysh and Ardahan has ended the movement of Enver Pasha toward Tiflis. The Turkish project was to hold the Russians with a portion of the army, while the remainder was to envelop the Russian right flank, cut off the Russian fighting south of Sari Kamysh, and then occupy Ardahan and advance against the front from Achkalachi and Achalkalachi, threatening Tiflis and Kutais. The Turks have now been rolled back to the frontier. Their invasion of Persia near Urumiah has called forth an ultimatum and Persia now threatens to enter the war.

WISH TO PROVE THEIR LOYALTY TO EMPIRE

W. G. Weichel, German-Canadian and Honore Achim to Move and Second Reply to Speech from Throne.

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 19.—W. G. Weichel, German-Canadian member for North Waterloo, will move the address in reply to the speech from the throne at the forthcoming session of parliament and the accolade will be Honore Achim, the French-Canadian member for Labelle.

These have expressed the wish to make this ceremonial opening of the debate to show their loyalty to Canada and the Empire.

There is an additional interest in this movement occasioned by the fact that Mr. Weichel, the loyal German-Canadian, is the conqueror of Hon. W. L. MacKenzie King, the anti-British and anti-Navy speaker in the German section of North Waterloo during the campaign of 1911 and who was Minister of Labor in the Laurier cabinet, while Mr. Achim is the successor of the late Henri Bourassa, the leading anti-Britisher.

Armand Lavergne, his henchman, comes here on Sunday to address an audience in the French section of the city on the usual anti-British topics. Bourassa was here some weeks ago but was not permitted to speak by a government of the day. It is probable that no interest will be taken in Lavergne's speech making as he is not regarded here as of any account. Lavergne is a lieutenant-colonel in the Canadian militia.

To Quickly Remove Ugly Hairs from Face

(Beauty Notes.)
Beauty-destriving hairs are soon banished from the skin by the aid of a delicate paste, made by mixing some water with a little plain powdered detelone. This is spread upon the hairy surface for 2 or 3 minutes, then rubbed off and the skin washed to remove the remaining detelone. This simple treatment banishes every trace of hair and leaves the skin with a clear, healthy complexion. It is used to be certain that it is detelone you buy.

Marched in Front of Stewart.

(From Lance Corporal Stewart, of the Cameron Highlanders.)
Just where I was the other day the Germans broke through on our right, and we had no earthly chance of escape, so I got made prisoner. Bow wow! Well, what do you think the Hun did? They formed us up in front of them. Any man that refused was instantly shot. Well, we advanced about a few hundred yards under our own fire, and then they made us put on their packs. I cannot tell whether their pack was heavy or light. All I remember was having the thing on.

This time we came right under our own artillery fire. How I am not blown to pieces God only knows. We bolted again, and I just turned round to speak to another British soldier, Lance Corporal Freeman by name, who had his arm shattered with a piece of shell, when I got one through the neck, a rifle shot from one of our own gunners, who were out in front of the gun.

I rolled over in a heap, slipped the German pack off, and crawled into a farmhouse a few yards off. I got my hands out and asked one of the Hun to put it on, but he would not. Instead, I was made to go and look for "wasser" (water). I looked round to see if any could be found. While making my way to the back of the house, I could see our guns about 400 yards away. I had a good look round to see that all was clear before chancing to run for it.

Tramp—It is needless to ask the question, madam. You know what I want.

Lady—Yes, I know what you want badly, but I've only one bar of soap in the house, and the servant is using it. Come again some other time.

SWITZERLAND SHAKEN BY AN EARTHQUAKE

Disturbance Causes Many Avalanches in the Alps—Town in France Also Suffers from Shocks.

Geneva, Switzerland, via Paris, Jan. 19.—An earthquake occurred throughout Switzerland last night. The shock was felt between 11.30 and 11.40 o'clock. It extended from Lugano to Basel, and from Lausanne to St. Gall. Bern also felt the shock which was severest, however, at Neuchatel, where several houses were damaged. Elsewhere the shocks were slight. The disturbance caused many avalanches in the Alps.

LAST CHANCE TO SEE THE GREAT JOHN GANTON

All signs point to another packed house at the Opera House tonight, the last opportunity to see "The Great John Ganton," played by Young-Adams Company. The regular matinee will be given this afternoon, with Corona souvenir chocolates given away to the ladies.

At Canteens Established for Their Benefit in Suburban Town Near Brussels.

London, Jan. 19.—The representatives of the American Commission for the relief in Belgium at Rotterdam today sent the following report to Herbert C. Hoover, chairman of the commission:

"The Dutch government, with the generosity it has uniformly displayed toward distressed Belgians, has given on the commission permission when the canals are frozen up, to send by rail, for which they will make no charge, the full quantity of supplies needed, amounting to 3,000 tons daily. In addition, it has refunded the amounts previously paid by the commission for freights sent over the railroads."

At Iselles, one of the suburban communes of Brussels, five thousand children now are receiving two meals daily from six canteens established solely for their benefit, which are in addition to five canteens established for adults. This feeding of children permits of the schools being kept open.

APPOINTMENT OF SIR MAX AITKEN NOT POPULAR IN ENGLAND

London, Jan. 19 (Gazette cable)—The appointment of Sir Max Aitken as the Canadian forces has caused considerable astonishment here, while journalists are wondering what qualifications he possesses for so important and exacting a duty. The Manchester Guardian's London correspondent says that, apart from being Canadian-born and having made his wealth in Canada, his claims for the appointment are not obvious, especially as there are many brilliant and experienced Canadian newspaper men who are keen to get the post. The correspondent suggests that Robert W. Service, the Yukon poet, would have been a more interesting choice.

COL. DENISON TO SUCCEED BRIG.-GEN. HODGINS?

London, Ont., Jan. 19.—It was stated tonight on excellent authority that the appointment of Colonel Denison to the Militia Department at Ottawa, and formerly of Halifax, is to succeed Brig-General W. E. Hodgins, now Adjutant-General of the Dominion, a divisional area, with headquarters here. Col. Denison, who was in charge of the Royal Canadian Regiment here in 1902, arrived in the city tonight and will be in charge of the troops here on the occasion of the Duke of Connaught's trip of inspection to the city on Friday.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY FUNERAL NOTICE

Members of St. Andrew's Society are requested to meet at 97 Charlotte street, on Wednesday, 20th inst., at 2.15 o'clock for the purpose of attending the funeral of the late Dr. C. H. L. Johnston.

FUNERAL NOTICE

The members of the I. L. B. Society are requested to meet at their rooms, Union street, this afternoon at 2 o'clock, to attend the funeral of their late brother, James Lee.

JESSE L. LASKY PRODUCTION AT THE IMPERIAL THEATRE TODAY

Winchell Smith, Author of "Brewster's Millions." Wrote This Domestic Drama.

"The Only Son"

Introducing the Role-Creator Thos. W. Ross

A story that knocks at the door of your heart, a superb dramatic classic with a pulsing vivid finale. A condition of domestic affairs no doubt paralleled in many a home in St. John and elsewhere.

OPERA HOUSE TONIGHT, FOLLOW THE CROWD TO SEE YOUNG-ADAMS COMPANY

In the Best of Comedy Dramas "THE GREAT JOHN GANTON"

Gertrude Ashe - Soprano Balladiste

Third Chapter of "The Master Key" Alice Joyce in "The Price of Silence"

CHIEF OF STAFF

Professes to Viewpoint as British Army's Mobility—Germany's Mobilization, According

General Field Headquarters in France, Jan. 19, 1915. (Correspondence of the Associated Press)—Portugal is today in a singular situation in reference to the great war. German forces have invaded Portuguese Angola, and fighting has been going on here between German and Portuguese forces for a couple of months. Yet Portugal has not declared war on Germany; the German minister remains in Lisbon, and the Portuguese minister in Berlin.

An official casualty list gives Portuguese losses in Angola, which is on the western coast of Africa, as one officer killed, six wounded and one taken prisoner. The number of casualties among the soldiers is not mentioned, but unofficially it is said that the Portuguese have lost about 500, all told, in killed, wounded and prisoners. On the other hand the Portuguese have killed, wounded or captured about 200 German cavalrymen. Fresh Portuguese troops numbering about 4,000 are ready to embark for Angola. Some orders for equipment have been placed in the United States.

The German legation here is well guarded day and night. The Portuguese government has notified all German residents in Portugal that they must report regularly to the local authorities, ostensibly to protect them from the strong anti-German feeling among the inhabitants.

OFFICIAL WAR REPORTS RUSSIA

Petrograd, Jan. 19.—The general headquarters of the Russian army of the Caucasus today issued a statement saying:

"We continue the pursuit of the Turkish army, and we are successfully clearing the region of Transcaucasia of the enemy. On January 18 we took possession of the village of Sudruvati, and captured positions on the mountain of Sultan Selim, inflicting considerable losses on the enemy."

MOTHER! THE CHILD IS COSTIVE, BILIOUS

If tongue is coated, breath bad, stomach sour, don't hesitate.

Give "California Syrup of Figs" at once—a teaspoonful today often saves a sick child tomorrow.

Members of St. Andrew's Society are requested to meet at 97 Charlotte street, on Wednesday, 20th inst., at 2.15 o'clock for the purpose of attending the funeral of the late Dr. C. H. L. Johnston.

The members of the I. L. B. Society are requested to meet at their rooms, Union street, this afternoon at 2 o'clock, to attend the funeral of their late brother, James Lee.

Members of St. Andrew's Society are requested to meet at 97 Charlotte street, on Wednesday, 20th inst., at 2.15 o'clock for the purpose of attending the funeral of the late Dr. C. H. L. Johnston.

The members of the I. L. B. Society are requested to meet at their rooms, Union street, this afternoon at 2 o'clock, to attend the funeral of their late brother, James Lee.

The members of the I. L. B. Society are requested to meet at their rooms, Union street, this afternoon at 2 o'clock, to attend the funeral of their late brother, James Lee.

The members of the I. L. B. Society are requested to meet at their rooms, Union street, this afternoon at 2 o'clock, to attend the funeral of their late brother, James Lee.

The members of the I. L. B. Society are requested to meet at their rooms, Union street, this afternoon at 2 o'clock, to attend the funeral of their late brother, James Lee.

CHIEF STRATEGIST OF THE KAISER TALKS OF THE WAR

Professes to Regard Situation from German Viewpoint as Particularly Bright — Says Russia's Mobilization Forced Kaiser's Hand — British Army Good Fighters, but Lack Officers — Germany Well Provisioned for Long Struggle, According to His Version.

General Field Headquarters of the German army in France, January 19, via London, Jan. 19, 9:05 p.m. "More of such offensive" (referring to the present offensive operations in the campaign of the allies) "can only be welcome to us." "The British are good fighters, but an army without the necessary officers and non-commissioned officers is scarcely an army." "We are fully prepared for any attempt at a landing in Belgium; the sooner it comes the better." "These are some of the phrases, full of quiet optimism, of Lieut-General Erich von Falkenhayn, the German Minister of War, and chief of staff of the German army in the field, who today received the Associated Press in the first interview given to any correspondent.

The general talked frankly of the present military situation, and the prospects of the war, which he evidently does not expect will be a short one.

General Strategist of the Kaiser's Forces General Von Falkenhayn is the man responsible under the Emperor for the strategy of the German army. He is a comparatively young man, as commanders go—the youngest of any of the leaders of the European armies with a tremendous capacity for hard, unrelenting work necessary for the control of the great apparatus of the German army.

He is at his desk in an old French government building, which houses the German general staff, from dawn until late at night, and an unbroken stream of officers with reports and plans calling for his decision and yet a slender figure is as erect, his manner almost as elastic and vigorous, as the day when he flashed into the public notice with his memorable defence of the German army in the Zehn debates in the Reichstag.

"This war is not a war of aggression," said General Von Falkenhayn, "it is a war of self-defence. As a soldier I cannot, of course, talk on the political aspects or the causes of the war, but can speak from a military standpoint.

"Our present situation is excellent. We have no cause to complain. We have carried out the enemy's plan on our part to reach Calais and outflank the Allied armies. On the contrary, that phase of the campaign in the north to separate us from the sea, and envelop our right flank and rear, relieve Antwerp and oblige us to retire from Belgium, is still in progress.

"What is your view of the widely-heralded general offensive and Kitchener's new army?" he was asked.

Senegal negroes, Indians and what-not have been brought in to maintain in the white man's Europe the so-called balance of power; if in this war to crush a nation whose offence is that, through industry and hard work, it has prospered and is prosperous, we should go down, we shall go down with honor, fighting to the last ditch and the last man."

"And why does Germany wish to carry this war? Your Excellency?" "Until the other side is completely crushed."

"But under certain contingencies, they might become questions of interest to the chief of the general staff." "Out of the question" was the emphatic reply. "I cannot believe that these two States, which have been united to us for twenty years by ties of alliance, should suddenly array themselves in the ranks of our enemies. I consider that utterly impossible."

NO OFFICIAL WORD THAT N. S. REGIMENT IS GOING TO FRONT

Ottawa, Jan. 19.—The equipment of the 17th Nova Scotia Regiment with the Lee-Enfield, superseding the Ross rifle, as announced from England last night, is believed here to mean that the regiment is to be used for reinforcing the Patriotes at the front.

PERUVIAN ARMY IS TO BE REDUCED

Lima, Peru, Jan. 19.—A secret session of the Senate was held here today at which there was approved a proposal to bring about a reduction in the numerical strength of the Peruvian army.

DRIP U.S. TRADE FIGURES LAST WEEK

Slight decrease in both imports and exports—240,761 bales of Cotton exported.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Foreign trade last week showed slight decreases in both exports and imports. Statistics announced today by the Department of Commerce placed exports at \$59,214,338 and imports \$35,448,762, leaving a balance of trade in favor of the United States of \$23,765,576, a decrease of \$1,328,867 from the previous week. The decrease in exports from the previous week amounted to \$3,505,949, and the decrease in imports, \$1,279,942.

LOST HIS REASON IN BAYONET CHARGE ON THE GERMANS

Ottawa man writes of experience on the firing line in France.

Ottawa, Jan. 19.—Constable Alex. Bain, a reservist who left Ottawa police force to rejoin his regiment as a corporal shortly after war broke out, has written Chief Ross, describing a bayonet charge as a result of which he lost his reason. Bain is now in a hospital in Edinburgh.

NEW VICE-CONSUL NOT WANTED ON ACCOUNT OF PRO-GERMAN SENTIMENTS

Mayor and City Officials of Nottingham, Eng., inform Mr. Cortright because of tone of newspaper articles he had contributed to Lincoln, Neb., newspaper.

Nottingham, England, Jan. 19, via London—On account of letters written by him and published in a newspaper at Lincoln, Neb., John L. Cortright, newly accredited United States vice-consul at Nottingham, did not take up the duties for which he came to this city, but returned to London.

COMMISSION ON CONSERVATION IN SESSION

33 Illustration Farms will be turned over to Dominion Dept. of Agriculture—Sixth annual meeting.

Ottawa, Jan. 19.—Sir Clifford Sifton, chairman of the Commission of Conservation, made the announcement at the opening of the sixth annual meeting this morning that the thirty-three illustration farms which the commission has had under its wing for the past few years will be turned over to the Department of Agriculture at the close of the present fiscal year, March 31st next.

War Cannot Slaughter MORE VICTIMS THAN PNEUMONIA.

Pneumonia is described as a preventable disease if taken in time. Pneumonia is the scourge of the debilitated men and women "a little run down perhaps" but strong in the belief that they can fight off a cold. Colds are not easily fought off in this northern climate.

DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP

and you will find after the first two or three doses have been taken the cough or cold will quickly disappear.

ALL THE WAY FROM SEATTLE TO JOIN 2ND CONTINGENT.

Montreal, Jan. 19.—Eighteen hundred miles, Hugh Clark, a Scotchman, has travelled so far to join the army to help uphold the Empire's honor in the present war. Clark arrived in town this morning from Seattle with the sole purpose of joining the war and getting away with the second contingent.

MARVELOUS BALSAMIC ESSENCES CURE CATARRH

NO BRUGS TO TAKE—A DIRECT BREATHING CURE

Statistics Prove Ninety-seven per cent. of Canada's Population is Infested with the Germs of Catarrh.

This disease is most dangerous owing to its tendency to extend to the Bronchial tubes and lungs, where it causes Consumption. Unfortunately the people have had faith in sprays, ointments and snuffs, which can't possibly cure, and in consequence catarrhal disease has become a national curse.

Winter Overcoats.

Every Overcoat will be sold at big reductions during this combined consignment and lonely sale.

Winter Ulsters.

15 Ulsters in all the prevailing shades: sizes 35 to 42; label \$15, \$18 and \$20, at half price.

Consignment Sale Clothes At Semi-ready Store



Today at 8.30 a.m. I start a Ten Day Sale of 300 Suits and Overcoats, beautifully tailored garments, made to order for three Western firms who failed to take them on account of the trade depression.

Some Suits for Men of 35-inch Breast.

C332—Size 35 breast, type B—a brown check, English Worsted, 2-button, soft roll lapel, label \$25; sale price, \$15.50.

Some Suits for 36 B. Men.

C284—Size 36, navy blue English Cheviot, with white silk stripe, new model, label \$20; consignment sale price \$15.50.

Are You a Man Measuring 38-inch Chest?

C26—Size 38—Fine Brown Scotch Tweed, English model, soft roll lapel, label \$20 for \$15.50.

C340—Size 35—A new English model, with sharp peak lapels, in soft Oxford grey, English Cheviot Tweed, label \$20; consignment price, \$15.50.

C28—Size 38, soft grey, Australian wool, grey, very latest model, label \$25; sale price, \$19.50.

C113—Size 38—Dark grey check, soft English Cheviot Worsted, label in pocket \$25, sale price \$19.50.

C249—Plain brown English Worsted business suit, English model, peak lapel, \$25 label in pocket, for \$19.50.

Some Suits for Men of 37 Breast.

C300—Size 37, black and white English Worsted, patch pockets, very smart, soft roll lapel, label \$20, for \$15.50.

Some Suits for Bigger Men, 40-inch Chest.

C148—Size 40—Very fine weave in a brown English worsted, label in the pocket, \$28 for \$19.50.

PECULIAR SITUATION

Going on Between Heres and Germans in Portuguese Angola, but Germany Has Not Declared War Yet.

Jan. 2 (Correspondence of Associated Press)—Portugal is in a singular situation in reference to the great war. German forces invaded Portuguese Angola, and has been going on here between German and Portuguese forces for some months. Yet Germany declared war on Portugal; German troops remaining in Lisbon, and the Portuguese minister in London has been recalled.

CIVIL WAR REPORTS

RUSSIA

St. Petersburg, Jan. 19.—The general quarters of the Russian army in the Caucasus today issued a statement regarding the progress of the war in the region of the village of Sudzvetz, captured positions on the island of Sultani Selim, inflicted considerable losses on the enemy.

CHILD

IS COSTIVE, BILIOUS

Stomach is coated, breath is sour, stomach sour, don't hesitate.

"California Syrup of Figs" at teatime today often saves child tomorrow.

AT THE STORE TODAY

St. John's

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

for Pale People.

The Semi-ready Store

John P. Condon - 54 King Street

WATERBURY & RISING, LIMITED

— THREE STORES —
King St. Union St. Main St.

The Doctor's Special

This weather is certainly adapted for heavy walking boots, and no boot on the market can compare with the "DOCTOR'S SPECIAL." The makers, J. & T. Bell, of Montreal, have been making footwear for over one hundred years and they know how. Of the many lines we carry in stock we strongly feature the "DOCTOR'S SPECIAL." A boot for men and women, made of specially imported calfskin, welt, leather lined with viscolized bottoms, and capable of withstanding the worst weather.

Made by Bell

Canadian Shoe For Canadian People

MEN'S \$6.50
WOMEN'S 5.50

Black and Tan.

Galvanized Ash Barrels

Protect your property by using a proper Metal Receptacle for your ashes. Our Ash Barrels are extra well made.

P. Campbell & Co., 73 Prince Wm. St.

POLICE COURT.

Nine prisoners were on the bench in the Police Court yesterday. Peter Kennedy and John McGinley charged with drunkenness and profanity were given four months' free bond and lodging as the guests of the city with the option of a \$16 fine.

Robert Clew, arrested by Officer Watson, for using obscene language, will contemplate the wickedness of his speech for the next two months within the walls of the jail. Joseph Williams, a chum of Clew's, who thought Officers Cowan and Watson had made a mistake in arresting Clew will keep his chum company during the winter. According to Officer Watson Williams jumped on Clew's back and told the officers they would have to take him as well. The police very politely told him they would accommodate him and did so. Williams has the option of paying \$16.

Two drunks were given passports to shelter them from the wintry blasts for the next two months. The passes also provided them with free board.

Edmund Raymond, charged with breaking and entering the store of Elmore and Mullin, was remanded. Officer Ward found the man in the store about 4 o'clock this morning.

The captain of the Norwegian bark Juno, who was charged with assault, by William Baxter, a 17 year old English lad on the ship, appeared in court this morning and on agreeing to pay the boy \$2, a sum owing him, the case was dismissed. Mr. Kenneth MacKae appeared for the boy.

Belgium Relief Fund
A subscription to the Belgian Relief Fund of \$15 from the Newcastle Bridge Sunday School, through Mr. C. T. Barton, was acknowledged as being only \$8 through error in one of the

THE J. A. McDONALD PIANO AND MUSIC COMPANY IN FLAMES

Firemen battle all night with terrific blaze—Half a City Block wiped out completely—Loss estimated at over \$40,000.

One of the most stubborn fires in the history of Canada started in one of the back rooms over the J. A. McDonald Piano and Music Co. Store at an early morning hour. The blaze was first noticed by a night watchman, who promptly sent in a still alarm to the central office, and one of the hose companies responded immediately but the flames were making rapid headway, and a call was sent in for help. In a very few minutes the nature of the fire became evident, and a general alarm was sounded, calling all companies. By this time the building and several of the surrounding buildings were a seething furnace of flames. It soon became evident that the McDonald Music Store was doomed, and all efforts were concentrated on saving the stock of expensive pianos and talking machines. The firemen fought desperately to prevent the spread of the flames, but to no avail, and building after building was reduced to ashes.

The J. A. McDonald Piano and Music Co. are one of the heaviest losers, as an exceptionally heavy stock was on hand when the fire started. The fire, coming as it did at a time when an exceptionally heavy campaign was about to be conducted to keep the Amherst Piano Factory going during the depression, is considered very unfortunate.

But with a man of the known ability of J. A. McDonald at the helm there is no question but that the McDonald will quickly find suitable quarters. When interviewed, J. A. McDonald said: "The factory at Amherst must be kept running, regardless of anything, and the simple fact that our Halifax Store is burned down means only that the St. John store and the other stores throughout the Maritime Provinces must take up the slack. Our factory at Amherst must be kept going, and the wheels must be kept turning. We will keep the factory running to capacity even if it becomes necessary to sell pianos at the actual cost of production." J. A. McDonald is one of the biggest men in Canada in a financial way, and he will do as he states, if it is within the bounds of human possibility.

Municipal Council Passed Estimates for the Year

Lively discussion regarding bills and their authors—The work of the County Valuers—The Parish Officials appointed—Tax discounts up to Aug. 1.

The Municipal Council at its annual meeting yesterday adopted the report of the finance committee in regard to the estimates for the year. The assessment will thus be \$9,505 over that of last year.

A great part of the time of the meeting was taken up by the county valuers, who explained their work, and the discussion by the councillors of matters concerning several bills to be presented to the legislature for sanction.

The bills that called for the exemption from taxation of certain public works, playgrounds, etc., called for a lengthy discussion. The councillors questioned as to the originators of the bills and who had authorized the drawing up and printing of the forms. Councillor Potts explained that Councillors Frink, Wigmore and himself were in Ottawa when the valuers were appointed.

Councillor Potts pointed out that if the assessors were supposed to be appointed in January and were not selected till July, the appointments were not legal. It would be possible for a citizen to get out an injunction. Councillor Potts explained that Councillors Frink, Wigmore and himself were in Ottawa when the valuers were appointed.

Councillor Potts explained that the money was illegal, and for that reason he would object to this money being provided in the assessment for this year.

Warden McLean said legal advice had been obtained before anything was done, and it was all legal. He went into the details of the appointment of the valuers and told of the necessity for the work as carried on. He thought the committee of the Board of Trade, which met the City Commissioners in regard to the valuation should have been at the present meeting to find out for themselves what the valuers were doing.

Col. J. Armstrong, the chairman of the board of valuers, thanked the members of the council for their help and then explained the work of the valuers on the ground. He was satisfied that the valuations were as honest as ever made in the province of New Brunswick.

Councillor Russell said he was present at the meeting of the council when the valuers were appointed. He thought the work necessary and had voted for it.

Should Be Legal.

Councillor Potts said that as soon as he found the matter was legal he would be pleased. He was not objecting to the valuations, but it was necessary, and the legality of the matter must be established before he could support the payment of any more money.

Councillor Thomas Carson was sorry the new valuation could not be available for the year 1915. He was well satisfied with the work.

The committee then arose and went into council.

When the question was put Councillor Frink said it was bad business to pay interest by carrying this over a period of years.

The motion was then put and carried, that \$3,000 be voted for the valuation.

Other bills and matters connected with the finances of the county were approved.

The county secretary asked for an amendment to the standing order calling on assessors to do their work in a manner satisfactory to the county secretary. The lists had not been got out within the time named and he wished to have the responsibility put on the council.

Councillors of Simonds and of Lancaster said the lists had been posted in both these parishes.

The section in reference to the standing order was struck from the report and the report was adopted as amended.

The reports of the bills committee were read by Councillor Dean and then taken up section by section.

Municipal Council Passed Estimates for the Year

Lively discussion regarding bills and their authors—The work of the County Valuers—The Parish Officials appointed—Tax discounts up to Aug. 1.

The Municipal Council at its annual meeting yesterday adopted the report of the finance committee in regard to the estimates for the year. The assessment will thus be \$9,505 over that of last year.

A great part of the time of the meeting was taken up by the county valuers, who explained their work, and the discussion by the councillors of matters concerning several bills to be presented to the legislature for sanction.

The bills that called for the exemption from taxation of certain public works, playgrounds, etc., called for a lengthy discussion. The councillors questioned as to the originators of the bills and who had authorized the drawing up and printing of the forms. Councillor Potts explained that Councillors Frink, Wigmore and himself were in Ottawa when the valuers were appointed.

Councillor Potts pointed out that if the assessors were supposed to be appointed in January and were not selected till July, the appointments were not legal. It would be possible for a citizen to get out an injunction. Councillor Potts explained that Councillors Frink, Wigmore and himself were in Ottawa when the valuers were appointed.

Councillor Potts explained that the money was illegal, and for that reason he would object to this money being provided in the assessment for this year.

Warden McLean said legal advice had been obtained before anything was done, and it was all legal. He went into the details of the appointment of the valuers and told of the necessity for the work as carried on. He thought the committee of the Board of Trade, which met the City Commissioners in regard to the valuation should have been at the present meeting to find out for themselves what the valuers were doing.

Col. J. Armstrong, the chairman of the board of valuers, thanked the members of the council for their help and then explained the work of the valuers on the ground. He was satisfied that the valuations were as honest as ever made in the province of New Brunswick.

Councillor Russell said he was present at the meeting of the council when the valuers were appointed. He thought the work necessary and had voted for it.

Should Be Legal.

Councillor Potts said that as soon as he found the matter was legal he would be pleased. He was not objecting to the valuations, but it was necessary, and the legality of the matter must be established before he could support the payment of any more money.

Councillor Thomas Carson was sorry the new valuation could not be available for the year 1915. He was well satisfied with the work.

The committee then arose and went into council.

When the question was put Councillor Frink said it was bad business to pay interest by carrying this over a period of years.

The motion was then put and carried, that \$3,000 be voted for the valuation.

Other bills and matters connected with the finances of the county were approved.

The county secretary asked for an amendment to the standing order calling on assessors to do their work in a manner satisfactory to the county secretary. The lists had not been got out within the time named and he wished to have the responsibility put on the council.

Councillors of Simonds and of Lancaster said the lists had been posted in both these parishes.

The section in reference to the standing order was struck from the report and the report was adopted as amended.

The reports of the bills committee were read by Councillor Dean and then taken up section by section.

BRITISH TIMBER MARKET REPORTS FOR DECEMBER

Alfred Dobell and Co., Liverpool, in their timber market report, dated 1st January, say: The arrivals last month were in the aggregate unusually light. Woods suitable for government requirements continued in good request, but for general purposes the demand again ran on narrow lines. Values, in sympathy with the freight situation, are very firm.

Canadian woods—Waney board and square pine was only in limited request and stocks remain ample. Oak was not imported. Rock elm—There was little or no demand. Birch—Logs were in moderate request and values were strong. Planks—The consumption was satisfactory and prices firmer. Pine deals and boards—A small import with some improvement in consumption. New Brunswick and Nova Scotia spruce deals—The imports to the Mersey and Manchester were 3,880 standards and the consumption reached the high figures of 9,280 standards. The stock 11,950 standards is one of the smallest held for some years. Values have further appreciated.

Smith and Tyler, Ltd., in their notes on British trade for the month of December, 1914, say:

The end of the year finds us involved in the greatest war the world has ever known. The commerce of the country has borne, and continues to bear, this unprecedented burden with an unexpected absence of serious embarrassment. It is to be hoped that forward business has been difficult owing to the want of space, steam tonnage being practically absent from the market and chartering confined to occasional sailing ships. Heavy timber sufficient for requirements. Sawm timber has been in better demand and prices have materially advanced, but stocks still continue ample. Prime lumber is asked for in small lines and there has been an active enquiry for lower grades. U. S. A. hardwoods have developed more activity and prices have advanced in sympathy with freights.

Good Spirits

can only be enjoyed by those whose digestive organs work naturally and regularly. The best corrective and preventive yet discovered for irregular or faulty action of stomach, liver, bowels, is known the world over to be

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents

Painless Dentistry! We extract teeth free of pain. Only 25c.

We do all kind of dentistry. Call and see us. No charge for consultation.

BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS, 527 Main St.—245 Union St. Dr. J. D. Maher, Proprietor. Tel. Main 683. Open nine a.m. until nine p.m.

BROTHER OF POSTMASTER-GENERAL GOING WITH SECOND CONTINGENT

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Jan. 19.—Dr. Casgrain, of Windsor, Ont., a brother of the postmaster general and a Lieutenant colonel in the Army Medical Service, will command a stationary hospital which will go with the second contingent. He was here today with Dr. Mineault, Montreal, and a number of other French-Canadian doctors who want to go with the hospital, to confer with the Militia Department regarding appointments.

Buried Yesterday

The funeral took place yesterday afternoon of Mrs. Margaret Wallace from the residence of her son-in-law, Robert Carrier, Milford. Services were conducted at the house at 2:30 and at the Church of the Good Shepherd at three by Rev. Walter P. Dunham. Interment in the cemetery of the church.

The remains of F. W. Harley, the Halifax commercial traveller, who passed away so suddenly yesterday afternoon, were taken yesterday by train to Halifax.

The funeral took place yesterday morning at nine o'clock of Mr. Patrick Harrity, from the Mater Misericordiae Home, where services were conducted by Rev. Dr. O'Reilly. The interment was in the new Catholic cemetery. The relatives of the deceased acted as pallbearers.

To Keep Skin Healthy, Youthful, Wrinkleless

Now that the social season is here, be especially careful to keep your skin in fine condition. You know how conspicuous complexion defects are, washing the bright light of the drawing or ball room. Also how very evident are some makeup when similarly illuminated. I have myself discarded cosmetics entirely, using a cosmetic that gives a better result, and which leaves no trace on the skin. At night I smear on a thin coat of ordinary mercurized vas. washing it off next morning. This gradually absorbs cutaneous dirt, and the complexion is clear, smooth and delicately tinted as a young girl's. Get an ounce of mercurized vas at your druggist's and try this remarkable treatment. Remember, too, that cosmetics, even the finer lines, are not easily concealed in a brilliantly lighted room. You can quickly eliminate these hateful marks by bathing your face in a solution of powdered Sargol, 1 oz. dissolved in witch hazel, 1/2 pt. And your face won't look sticky, as after using pastes—Aunt Sally's in Water's Goggles.

That Tightness of the Stomach

Caused by Formation of Nauseous Gases, from Undigested Food—Quickly Stopped with a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet.

TRIAL PACKAGE FREE

When you feel as if your stomach was being tightly choked—when the pain is intense and you break out in a cold and clammy perspiration and there is a lump in your throat and you are weak and nauseated—all you need is a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet to clear away the wreckage of undigested food left in the stomach and intestines and restore you to your normal self again. And this can all be accomplished within a few moments.

Thousands of people have learned so well how sure and dependable Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are for all stomach ills that they are never without a package at home and at the office, and upon any indication that the stomach is a little weary, they take a Stuart's Tablet after each meal for a few days until the digestive organs get rested up again.

This is a splendid plan to follow and always results in much good. The appetite is improved, the food is relished more, your sleep is more refreshing, and your disposition will make you friends instead of enemies.

For Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Belching, Gas, Costive Tongue, Intestinal Indigestion and all Stomach Disorders and Pains—or for Loss of Appetite—nothing in the world has ever equalled Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets for sure and instant relief and permanent cure.

Use them freely—they are as harmless as sugar would be—and are by no means to be classed as "medicine." They have no effect whatever on the system except the benefits they bring you through the proper digestion of your food.

All drug stores sell Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. The price is 50 cents per box, many physicians use and recommend them. If you wish to try them before purchasing, send coupon below, today, and we will at once send you by mail, a sample free.

A Message Too Thin, Weak, Scrawny Folks

An Easy Way to Gain 10 to 30 lbs. of Solid, Healthy, Permanent Flesh.

Thin, nervous, undeveloped men and women everywhere are heard to say: "I can't understand why I do not get fat. I eat plenty of good, nourishing food." The reason is just this: You cannot get fat, no matter how much you eat, unless your digestive organs assimilate the fat-making elements of your food instead of passing them out through the body as waste.

What is needed is a means of gently urging the assimilative functions of the stomach and intestines to absorb the oils and fats and hand them over to the blood, where they may reach the starved, shrunken, run-down tissues and build them up. The thin person's body is like a dry sponge—eager and hungry for the fatty materials of which it is being deprived by the failure of the alimentary canal to take them from the food. The best way to overcome this sinful waste of flesh building elements and to stop the leakage of fats is to use Sargol, the recently discovered regenerative force that is recommended so highly by physicians here and abroad. Take a little Sargol tablet with every meal and notice how quickly your cheeks fill out and rolls of firm, healthy flesh are deposited over your body, covering each bony angle and projecting point. Your druggist has Sargol, or can get it from his wholesaler, and will refund your money if you are not satisfied with the gain in weight it produces as stated on the guarantee in each package. It is inexpensive, easy to take and highly efficient.

Caution—While Sargol has produced remarkable results in overcoming nervous dyspepsia and general stomach troubles, it should not be taken unless you are willing to gain ten pounds or more, for it is a wonderful flesh-builder.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of

Wm. A. Stearns

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

VALUERS' WORK

W. E. Scully was called upon by the warden to make an explanation of the methods employed by the valuers in their work of establishing proper values in the county.

Mr. Scully said the valuers had gone over the county and sought information at first hand. They received courteous treatment excepting in one case.

He spoke of the magnitude of work and the large number of properties viewed. He believed the city and county should be valued on the same basis.

PARISH OFFICIALS

The appointments were as follows: Lancaster: Sewerage Board—John T. O'Brien, James E. Bryant and William Golding; Highway Board—Wm. Golding, J. T. O'Brien; Revisors—James E. Bryant, Wm. Golding; Collector of Rates—J. H. Britney, Wallace Galbraith (Lorneville); Parish clerk—Andrew Gault; District clerk—W. O. Dunham (Beaconsfield); W. J. Galbraith (Lorneville); Assessors—Robert Catherwood, Miford C. McAllister, W. C. McKinnon; Board of management—James E. Bryant, J. T. O'Brien, Wm. Golding; Fire wardens—Frank Allingham, W. Ross and J. J. Henesy.

Musquash: Board of assessors—Oscar Hanson, James E. Shepard, H. J. MacInnes; Collector of rates—Burton Wenn; Parish clerk—Fred S. Clinch (Musquash No. 1); Anthony Thompson (Musquash No. 2); Revisors—W. J. Dean and Councillor Thompson.

St. Martin: Parish clerk—George E. Mosher; Assessors—Allen Love, W. Bentley, George E. Mosher; Revisors, Wm. Smith and John A. Howard; Collector—M. E. Nugent.

Simonds: Assessors—H. G. S. Adams, A. R. Moore and Edward Boyle; Collector of rates—Frank E. Josselyn; Parish clerk—James W. Willes (Loch Lomond Division); Wm. Knox (East St. John); Revisors—Har-

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

BAKING POWDER

EW. GILLETT CO. LTD. TORONTO, ONT.

KEPT VIGIL IN TOWER WHILE BULLETS OF ENEMY RAINED AROUND HIM

Artillery Officer continues sending reports defying death for seven hours—Stirring stories of heroism of Allies in the trenches in France.

Stories not intended for publication of the heroism of officers and men in the European war are reaching the public through the efforts of the British newspapers to secure and print letters from soldiers to their families and friends. One of these, told below, is of a lieutenant who for seven hours kept vigil in a church tower, to observe the movements of the enemy, amid a terrific fire. Other letters from the front relate incidents of unusual interest.

Seven Hours on a Tower.
(From Rev. Owen S. Watkins, a Chaplain, to Friends in Farnham.)

Early one day our guns found it impossible to locate certain German guns which were fast rendering our trenches untenable. The country was so flat that there was no possible point from which the guns could see the enemy except the steeple of the church at Loura. The Germans knew that as well as we did, and 12 Lydite shells had been pitched into it.

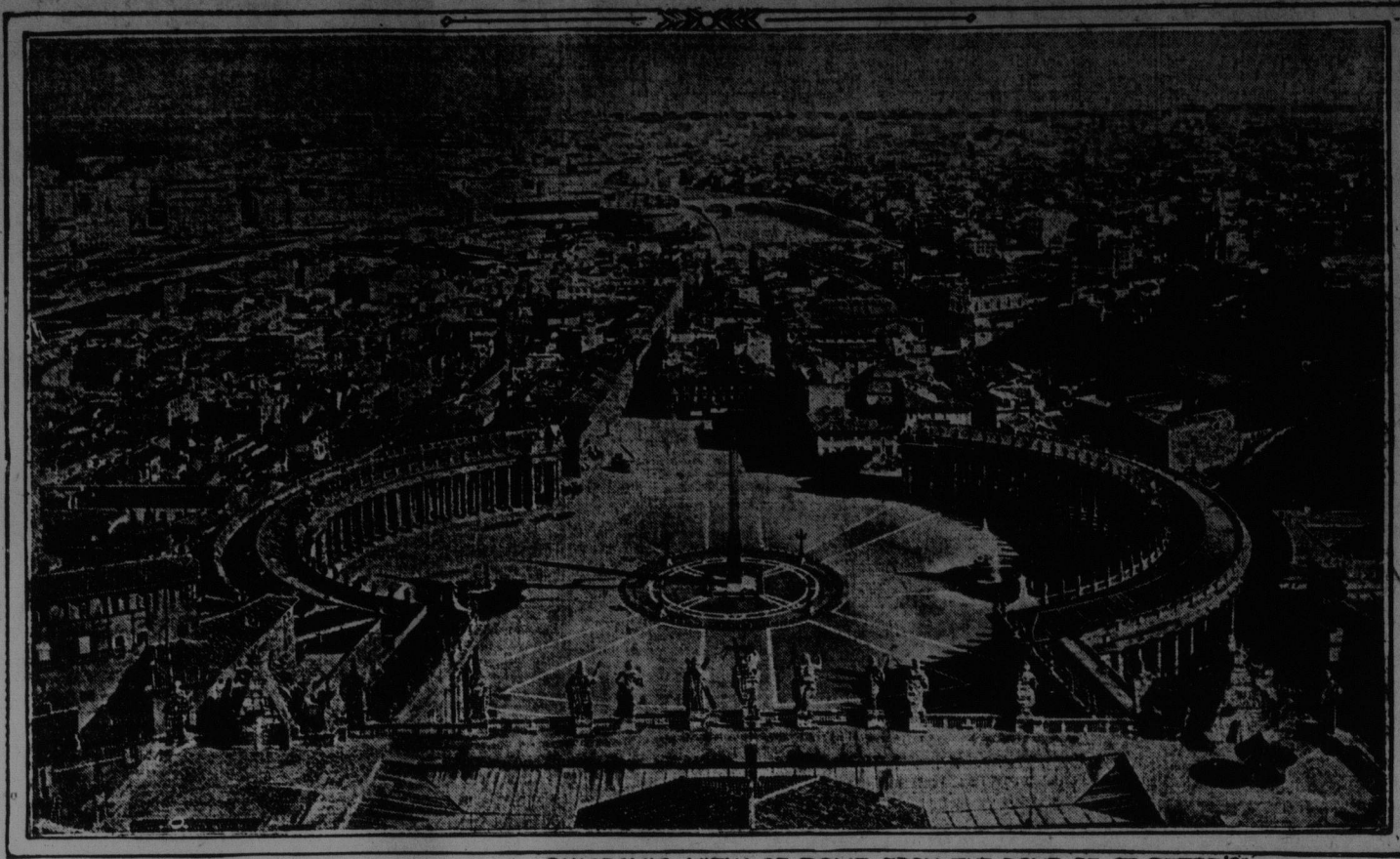
It was the duty of Lieut. Davidson of the 119th Field Artillery to observe so he calmly went to the church, climbed the already tottering tower and, seated on the top, proceeded to send information to his battery. The German battery after German battery was silenced, infantry which at one time was in danger of extermination was saved, and the position, in spite of an attack by an overwhelming force, was successfully held.

The church was reduced to a scrap heap, but still Davidson sat tight on the monument of his tower. During seven solid hours, expecting death every moment, he calmly scanned the country and sent his reports. At dark the task was done, and he came down to join his battery. As he left a fall of timber in one of the burning houses lit up everything with a sudden glare, there was a crack of a rifle bullet—the German trenches were only a few hundred yards away—and a bullet passed through his neck and out of his mouth.

He gave his final information, and then remarked: "I think I had better go and find the field ambulance, for the beggars have drilled a hole in me that needs plugging," and he walked half a mile to the nearest collecting point.

Water Red With Blood
(From Private A. Watts, Cheshire Regiment, to a friend at Brixton.)
I saw one bit I shall never forget, about 500 mixed German infantry,

ANCIENT CITY ROCKED BY EARTHQUAKE THAT LEFT DEATH AND DESTRUCTION IN PATH.



PANORAMIC VIEW OF ROME FROM THE DOME OF ST. PETER'S
The ancient city of Rome was rocked in the dreadful earthquake that swept through the centre of Italy, carrying death and destruction. Historic buildings, with their priceless relics, are reported destroyed in the damage wrought by the severe shock. Herein is shown a panoramic view of the city from the dome of St. Peter's.

cer will step out of his trench and make gestures. One of our officers will respond, and then they converse. Occasionally they exchange a clear word for a newspaper, and then each returns to his trench.

The other day two Germans held up the white flag, and when we spoke to them they said that they wanted to tell us that the English had forsaken us. We do not believe it, but to make sure that these should not forsake us we kept them, and they did not like it.

One night one of our soldiers made a mistake and went straight into a German trench. When the sentry challenged he exclaimed that he was searching for his trench. The German told him it was not there, but showed him where it was.

Some of the trenches are so close that we hurl insults and throw stones

at each other without being seen.

Wonderful Scene.
(From an Officer of the Honorable Artillery Company.)

I wish I could describe the scene to you adequately. It is really wonderful. Imagine a really beautiful winter's evening with a glorious sunset and not a cloud in the sky; the air so clear that one can see for miles and everything snowed. Really it should be perfectly heavenly, but the silence is broken by a continuous booming sound and crackles of rifle fire and crashes of bursting shell, and the curious wailing noise of the shrapnel bullets as they whiz through the air.

An aeroplane soars like a dragon fly overhead, its Union Jack on each wing just visible through glasses. You can see little puffs of white smoke around

it, or there is a resonant bang, and a big cloud of livid green and orange smoke breaks out as a high-explosive Lydite shell bursts below it.

I am sitting in my "funk hole" lined with straw, in a clay trench, with a perforated bucket of burning briar root near by, which by its little warmth only seems to accentuate the cold. A sniper's bullet hits the parapet and dusts up the snow. Just underneath where it hits, two of my boys are drinking black tea out of the same dirty mess-tin, and the only notice they take of the shot is to shake off some of the spattered snow with a curse and then laugh.

Further on are two more fellows comparing their views on Paris, and I can hear two more chaffing each other about the dinner at the "Monico" they mean to have when they get home.

As one looks along the irregular brownish white line of the trenches at intervals are silent, stationary men, with fixed bayonets, staring steadily out toward the German trenches. These are our sentinels. They are few at present, but in an hour's time every other man will be similarly engaged, each straining every nerve to pick up the first signs of the night attack that we always expect.

"Old England Forever."
(From Private S. A. Geary, R. A. M. C., to a friend.)

One of our young officers did a magnificent bit of work. Nothing could stop him; he jumped out of his trench and yelled, "Old England for ever! Follow me lads." With half a company he dashed forward for quite 50 yards and he and his men simply

performed miracles. As I watched them I was spellbound. They seemed to possess superhuman strength and went raving mad with passion. They were caked from head to foot in mud and presented the most fearful picture that could be imagined as they attacked.

The big Germans were rushing on four to one, but they could not beat our fellows back. Those who were not killed or wounded got away to shelter, and our boys returned to their trenches cheering and shouting.

Five minutes later the Germans came again and again, but not a single man got within 10 yards of the trenches. This was only one little incident of one we handful of men who showed the Germans what our "contemptible little army" can do. All along the line many such acts were performed.

TAKE YOUR CHOICE

TWO PAPERS FOR THE PRICE OF ONE

Remarkable Clubbing Offer which The Standard is able to make to Readers throughout the Province

By arrangements now complete we are able to give newspaper readers in New Brunswick the opportunity of securing their own local papers without cost. Any new subscriber to The Daily Standard can obtain the benefit of this generous offer.

For the sum of THREE DOLLARS, the regular subscription price of The Daily Standard, you can obtain without any additional charge, your choice of any one of the following New Brunswick weekly newspapers:

- THE UNION ADVOCATE - Newcastle
- THE POST - Sackville
- THE WORLD - Chatham
- THE PRESS - Woodstock
- THE VICTORIA COUNTY NEWS - Perth

This offer holds good for only a limited period. Act at once. Cut out the following coupon, enclose it with three dollars, fill in the name of the weekly paper from the above list which you desire sent to you, write your name and address plainly and mail immediately to The Standard, St. John.

THE STANDARD, St. John, N. B.

Enclosed find \$3.00 for which send me The Daily Standard and The _____ for one year as per your special offer.

Name _____

Address _____

Date _____ 1915

ANOTHER OFFER OF PARTICULAR INTEREST TO READERS ALONG THE COAST

We are able to include in the offer already made, one year's subscription to THE CANADIAN FISHERMAN, the leading publication in Canada dealing with the fishing industry. Everyone who is at all interested in this line of business should receive this high class monthly magazine. Those who desire it in combination with The Daily Standard, may use the coupon shown above. The price is the same. DO IT NOW.

THE STANDARD LIMITED - SAINT JOHN, N. B.

Fin
A GLIMPSE
LONDON
Financing of Allies by no important feature situation.

(Special Correspondent)
London, Jan. 19.—A... tions suggest that bet... wa... it is perhaps... the movement will be... because of the upward... is usually in evidence... change during the e... year, and, second, be... lthood of monetary c... ing easy in your o... time to come. Still... take gold, Argentina... take gold, and I show... more gold will go fro... or, if not actually to... will go from Ottawa... French account.

Nor must it be for... offering our financ... here, that we have t... eye over the financ... Enormous purchases... both by Russia and... country; but the m... them have largely t... the time being, by o... you are aware, a... has been made to... will find probably wi... weeks that the financ... by Great Britain is a... important feature of... ancial situation.

And yet, in spite... fions, there is every... pate that monetary s... here for some time... the stock markets... very much whether... of decisive developm... field, the reopening... will be followed by... crease in business... ever, as the machin... by an interchange... rally is made easie... country will, to th... come more liquid.

Before that time... there can be no que... will have to be a g... of prices to a leve... attract the genuin... not likely to be any... chase American... for a considerable t... is not because of t... merits, but because... for every one here... ces in as liquid a... This principle is lik... to sales of Americ... European account, ev... important advance o... New York.

CHICAGO GR
AND

Chicago, Jan. 19.—W... High... 1.35 1/2; No. 2 hard, 1... Corn—No. 4 yellow... 4 white, 70 @ 71 1/2... Oats—No. 3 white... 4 white, 51 1/2 @ 52 1/2... Rye—No. 2, 1.20 @... Barley—69 @ 71... Timothy—6.00 @ 7... Clover—12.50 @ 15... Pork, 17.00; lard... @ 10.12.

Wheat... High... May... 141 1/2... July... 125 1/2

Corn... High... May... 79 1/2... July... 79 1/2

Oats... High... May... 56 1/2... July... 53 1/2

Pork... High... May... 19.10

MONTREAL C

Tuesday, Jan. 19th
Brazilian—1.57 1/2; 4... Cedars Common—1... Tram. Power—100... Montreal Power—16... Ottawa Light and P... Toronto Railway—... Detroit—94 @ 95... Ogilvie Common—... Wayburn—9.26... Illinois Pfd.—1.01... Bank of Montreal—... C. F. R. Notes—1.00

NEW YORK

High... Jan... 8.45... Mar... 8.80... May... 9.01... July... 9.13... Oct... 9.42

RECEIVER FOR BIG
MANUFACTURIN
UNDER \$5

Indianapolis, Ind.,
P. Mount, an Indian... was appointed receive... company, a \$30,000... Ginery manufactur... Judge Anderson, in... District Court here... He bond was fixed at... he was instructed to... operation of the plat... orders from the cou... Favorable im... F. P. Robinson, of... rived at the Royal... complaining because... ped, stating that the... inson said that busi... looking up in St... Frederickton.

LIVE NEWS OF THE SPORTING WORLD

AD WOLGAST HOPES TO WIN BACK LIGHTWEIGHT TITLE

This appears to be the year of rejuvenation, in so far as former ring champions are concerned. First we had Johnny Coulon's pronouncement that he was going to win back his bantam weight title; now we have Ad Wolgast treading the path back to the lightweight throne.

"The Michigan White" has his plans already perfected, and it only remains for him to execute them as he arranged in his own mind for him to reach once more the crest of the lightweight way.

Wolgast has mapped out a revenge campaign. His first course is to thrash Willie Ritchie so soundly as to dispel whatever doubt there existed in anybody's mind of Ad Wolgast's superiority over Willie Ritchie. It is hard to convince the little Adolph that he should know better than to temper with Ritchie again, but the Cadillac fighting machine is an obstinate party and he will have the satisfaction of embroiling Ritchie even if it costs him money.

Wolgast and Ritchie have had it out in the ring no less than three times. Their first meeting occurred on May 11, 1912, a four-round affair on the coast, and Wolgast's animosity toward the Ritchie person dates back that far.

When Willie was the lightweight, after dethroning Wolgast, he fought six real battles, including the one with Welsh, the latter bout costing him the title. In this half dozen exhibitions, Ritchie's share amounted to \$97,500, and added to this, during the period, was \$35,000 for theatrical work. The following list shows what Ritchie received for each bout:

Joe Rivers	\$19,000
Leach Cross	8,500
Ad Wolgast	18,000
Tommy Murphy	17,000
Charlie White	16,000
Freddie Welsh	25,000
Theatrical work	35,000
Grand total	\$132,500

Welsh, since ascending the lightweight pinnacle, which was just six months ago, has cleared over \$50,000, of which about \$18,000 was earned on the stage.

It appears as if Jackey McFarland will have to bide his time before he will be permitted to match his prowess with that of Frederick Welsh. The lightweight champion has more important engagements to attend to, and more remunerative, before Patrick is granted his chance.

Ritchie Best Champion.

At one time Wolgast was the auto-crown of the 133-pounders, while Ritchie was unknown and untried in the mysteries of the ring. Ad was then recuperating from an appendicitis operation, and took on Ritchie with the understanding that no rough work was to be indulged in by either side during the four rounds. The abbreviated melee was to serve as a try-out for the convalescing Wolgast.

Ritchie, however, averted by the prospect of fighting a world's champion, became flighty and evidently forgot the arrangements when he squared off with Wolgast in the arena. Willie fought desperately from the first tap of the gong, and the much-chagrined champion beat a hasty retreat before the furious onslaught of the new-floored Wolgast.

In the second round Ritchie deferred his chances of winning glory until six months later.

Wolgast fought with his old vim and cunning in the last two rounds, flooring Ritchie three times and his poor showing in this bout until a few days ago, when he let it be known that Ritchie "double-crossed" him in that short engagement.

Ritchie's so-called duplicity rankled in Ad's mind for months and it was with a view of securing sweet revenge that he signed to battle Ritchie for the championship on November 19, 1912. The title changed owners in the struggle, Ritchie being adjudged the winner on a foul in the sixteenth round. It was the first time in ring history that a boxer being prone was awarded a world's title.

Fought Wolgast Again.

Stripped of his championship, robbed of his drawing power, Wolgast was not discouraged. He still insisted that he was Ritchie's master and was still eager to prove it. So last March he engineered his third meeting with Ritchie before Frank Mulken's Milwaukee Club. The receipts gathered \$35,000 and Wolgast absorbed a terrific beating. But Ritchie was awake every second that he was in a battle.

Yet Wolgast will not admit he is an inferior fighter to Ritchie. He has set about a fourth entanglement with the American lightweight champion, and assures Ritchie that they will surely draw a \$40,000 house if they fight again, which merely shows to what extreme Wolgast will go in order to inveigle Ritchie into another conflict.

After Ritchie, White and Welsh—and again a world's champion. That is Wolgast's dream.

Big Money in Ring.

The earning power of a pugilistic champion is unlimited if said champion is capable of defending his laurels for any extended spell of time. Take Willie Ritchie for example.

TO FIGHT WORLD'S LIGHTWEIGHT CHAMPION.



On January 26, a ten round bout between "Freddie" Welsh and "Charlie" White will be fought in New York city. Welsh and White may put up as lively a bout as Shugrue and White did in their recent battle, but it will be a battle of science and hard hitting, as both are clever, and White can be given credit of having the heavier lead at the back of a punch. Whether it is heavy enough to put an end to the career of Welsh is a question that is floating in the air and unanswered.

GRAND CHALLENGE CUP.

The abandonment of the famous English Henley regatta for 1915 will leave the principal trophy, the Grand Challenge cup, in America for another year at least. The classic prize for eight-oared crews was won by the Harvard University second crew last summer, and under ordinary conditions, would have been returned for competition again this Spring in accordance with the deed of gift which made the Grand Challenge cup a perpetual prize.

This trophy, the oldest and most famous of the six Henley awards, was donated in 1839, the initial year of the regatta. It antedates all other trophies and has been raced for each year since the first contest, more than seventy-five years ago. Although won by Belgian and Australian crews in past years, it is a strange coincidence that the first break in the annual regatta should come the season following the triumph of an American eight.

seventy-five years ago.

Although won by Belgian and Australian crews in past years, it is a strange coincidence that the first break in the annual regatta should come the season following the triumph of an American eight.

OXFORD'S PLAN GREAT FOR DEVELOPING

Norman S. Faber, former Brown University mile runner, and now a Rhodes scholar and member of the relay team at Oxford University, in writing of undergraduate life at the English university, states:

"The activities among undergraduates also tend to broaden the Rhodes scholar, for they, too, are different from those in American universities and here I believe that, in one particular at least, Oxford has a valuable lesson to teach the colleges in the United States. This is her system of athletics and which provides exercise and competition for everyone, and not for a limited number of stars. In the afternoon, all Oxford men, almost without exception, take part in outdoor games of some sort. I do not discount the importance and the value of the university teams, but I wish to encourage the building up of a system of athletics that will cater to every student. Regular exercise and competition on the athletic field are essential to both the mental and physical development of an efficient man, and Oxford is adequately supplying these elements."

NEW OWNERS OF YANKEE TEAM.



It is now all practically settled that Colonel Jacob Ruppert and Captain T. L. Huston will be the new owners of the New York American League club. Ruppert is a millionaire brewer, while Huston is a prominent contractor. Both men have been ardent baseball fans for years and their entry into the league as owners promises some good baseball in the big city for some time.

LOCAL BOWLING YESTERDAY

FIVE MEN LEAGUE.
On the Victoria alleys last night No. 4 team succeeded in getting three points from No. 2 team in the five men league. Covey established a new record for the league when he rolled a single string of 139. Capt. Duffy for No. 4, and Capt. Steen for No. 2 rolled very consistently. Covey had the highest score for his team and Steen with 98 2-3 held first on his team. No. 2 team deserves a lot of praise for the game they rolled as they all bowled in hard luck. The line-up follows:

No. 2 Team.
McKee . . . 84 85 85 254 84 2-3
McCavour . . . 94 84 86 264 88
Cunningham 100 88 84 272 90 2-3
Latham . . . 83 83 81 252 84
Steen . . . 92 97 107 296 98 2-3
453 442 443 1338

No. 4 Team.
Kelly . . . 91 86 76 253 84 1-3
Riley . . . 111 82 84 277 92 1-3
Duffy . . . 94 92 100 286 95 1-3
Covey . . . 82 139 83 304 101 1-3
Coogrovo . . . 90 90 88 268 89 1-3
468 468 431 1338

Three string roll-off Monday:
1st—Howard . . . 104 108 114 326 108 2-3
2nd—Duffy . . . 113 108 101 322 107 1-3
On Tuesday Duffy rolled a big score as follows:
1st—Duffy . . . 132 116 111 359 119 2-3
2nd—Kelly . . . 116 110 122 348 116

BASKET BALL LEAGUE AT FAIRVILLE

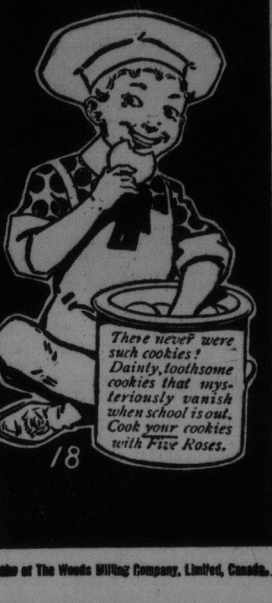
A basketball league consisting of three teams has been formed in the new Fairville Baptist church gymnasium, and will be known as "The Young Men's Basketball League." The first game was played last night resulting in a win for No. 2 team. Score 11 to 8. For No. 1 team Watters at centre played a good game, while Knorr and Arbo were the stars on No. 2.

The line-up follows:
No. 1 Team. Forwards. No. 2 Team.
W. Boyd J. Arbo
Smith H. Linton
Centre. Centre.
W. Watters R. Knorr
Guards. Guards.
C. Knorr G. Boyd
R. Keirstead Brown
Referee—F. Thorne.
Umpire and Scorer—P. Kerrigan.

On next Tuesday teams No. 2 and No. 3 play.
A volley ball league is being formed and games will start next week.

HOCKEY NOTES
Word was received yesterday from Sussex that owing to the soft weather the ice was not fit for a game in the rink and accordingly the match scheduled between Sussex and St. John was cancelled until a later date. A game is being arranged between the St. Johns and a team made up of players from the 26 Battalion and the

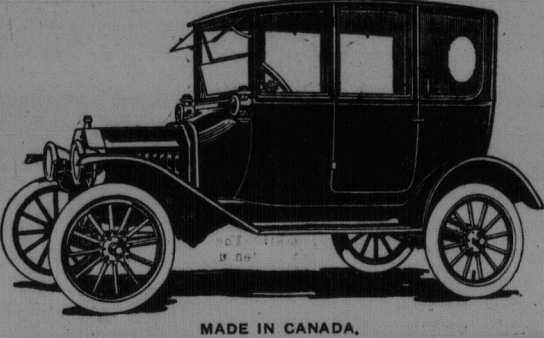
Five Roses Flour



These were the best cookies! Dainty, luscious cookies that mysteriously vanish when school is out. Cook your cookies with Five Roses.

INSOLVENT REAL ESTATE

FIRM'S LIABILITIES \$500,000.
Montreal, Jan. 19.—Messrs. Marquette & Dupre, real estate brokers and financial agents, 120 St. Catherine street, East, have assigned on demand of L. E. Beauregard, advocate. The liabilities of the firm are placed at something over \$500,000, and assets consist chiefly of real estate, ten apartment and other houses in the East End, and two-thirds of two lots in Notre Dame De Grace.



The Ford Sedan
This car with its graceful lines, artistic and ample proportions, beautiful finish, roomy interior and luxuriousness in detail of appointment meets the desire for the high class enclosed five-passenger car Fully Equipped (f. o. b. Ford, Ont.) \$1150
Buyers of this car will share in profits. If we sell at retail 30,000 new Ford cars between August 1914 and August 1915.

Ford Motor Company
OF CANADA, LIMITED.
ST. JOHN, N. B.

BOUTS OF WEEK

Wednesday.
K. O. Sweeney vs. K. O. Meltzer, Dayton.
Bob McAllister vs. George Ashe, Albany.
Harry Stone vs. F. Notter, New York.
Johnny Lore vs. Phil Brock, Windsor, Ont.
Young Jasper vs. Young Higgins, Portsmouth, N. H.

Thursday.
Jimmy Clabby vs. Mike Gibbons, and Joe Welling vs. Bat Terry, Milwaukee.
Carl Morris vs. George Rodell, Joplin.
Lawrence bouts.

Friday.
Jack Britton vs. Kid Burns, New York.
J. O. O'Leary vs. Charlie Burns, Everett, Wash.
K. O. Brown vs. Jack Denning, Utica.

Saturday.
Tom Carty vs. Terry Keller, Brooklyn.

BASKET BALL

St. Andrews, 26; East St. John, 23.
In a good game of basket ball last evening in the rooms of the St. Andrew's Church Sunday School the East St. John team defeated the East St. John team by a score of 26 to 23. The teams lined up as follows:
East St. John. St. Andrews.
Centre. Centre.
Mahoney White
Penny McIntosh
Stirling Christie
Defence. Defence.
Dickson Innis
Ross Scott

Jeff's Blind Man Simply Made a Slight Mistake in His Building



MANILA ROPE

Manila Rope, Galvanized Wire, English and Canadian Flax, Pitch, Tar, Paints, Oils, Wire Fittings and Tinware.

ENGRAVERS.

C. WESLEY & CO.
Engravers and Electrotypers,
Water Street, St. John, N. B.
Telephone 982.

NEW YEAR

My customers and
Ernest Law,
COBURG STREET,
Licence of Marriage Licenses.

GRAPES.

1,000 kegs Ma-
Grapes.
A. L. GOODWIN.

THE WEATHER.

Maritime—Southwest winds mostly fair and mild today, colder on Thursday.

Washington, Jan. 19—Forecast: Northern New England—Unsettled and colder Wednesday; snow at night or Thursday.

Toronto, Jan. 19—The storm which was centred in Virginia last night has passed to the lower St. Lawrence Valley. The snowfall has been general, and fairly heavy in the peninsula of Ontario, while from the port Arthur to the eastward there has been a considerable rainfall. The weather has turned a little colder in Manitoba, but continues mild in Alberta.

Temperatures.

Table with 3 columns: Location, Min., Max.

Around the City

Will Attend Funeral. The members of the medical profession are requested to attend the funeral of the late Dr. C. H. L. Johnston, which will take place at 2:30 o'clock from his late residence No. 2 Germain street.

Annual Conference. The Maritime Division of the National Council of the Y.M.C.A. will meet in Truro today. Charles W. Bishop, general secretary of the association, will be present and preside at the meetings. Those who will go from St. John are J. Hunter White, George E. Barbour and T. H. Hutchinson.

Cleaning House. The office of the Chief of Police at central station is receiving a general overhauling, and at the present time is in the hands of the painters. It appears that it has been many years since the rooms were painted, or given good cleaning, but it will now only be a few days when it will look like a new room and will be fit for occupancy.

Y. M. C. A. Supper. The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Y.M.C.A., met yesterday afternoon and completed arrangements for the supper to be served in the local gymnasium when Mr. Bishop, the national secretary, will be present. This supper will take place on Friday evening and on Sunday afternoon Mr. Bishop will address a meeting of the members of the Y.M.C.A.

Presentation to Soldier. The members of the D. C. D. Club and a number of friends met last evening at the home of one of their members, H. W. Wilson, Kennedy street, where a dinner was given in honor of Ernest E. Hastings who has volunteered for foreign service with the A. S. C. Following the excellent menu Private Hastings was presented with a military wrist watch and afterwards a very pleasant evening was spent by all present.

Police Called Upon. Shortly after ten o'clock last night Sergt. Caples and Patrolman Kana were called to the Imperial Theatre building where Richard Cannan, aged 19, hailing from Newfoundland, with Gustave Guenn, aged 20, and claiming Finland as his native land, were given in charge by Walter W. Golding, the manager of the Imperial Theatre. The charge entered against the men is that of lying and lurking in Mr. Golding's office.

Soldiers at Wanamakers. The members of Company A of the 26th Battalion of the Canadian Expeditionary Forces, now stationed here, held a dinner in Wanamaker's last night. More than one hundred members of the company were present and a pleasant evening was spent. Host Wanamaker served a fine dinner of six courses and after the establish had been enjoyed a programme of musical numbers and speeches was carried out. Captain McKenzie was present and other officers of the company. The gathering broke up shortly before midnight.

N. M. Society. The Pacific coast and the sunset route was the theme last evening at the audience hall of the Natural History Society's rooms. Rev. H. A. Cody, the lecturer, explained in a clear and entertaining way, a trip beginning at Alaska, thence across the Pacific coast, Vancouver, Victoria, and via Los Angeles, across the continent to New Orleans, thence north to New Brunswick. Rev. Mr. Cody vividly described the scenery throughout a trip which embraced the arctic region, where some of the most beautiful flowers may be seen, to the region of southern roses. About seventy views were shown on the screen.

Delayed by Bad Weather. After being twenty-nine days out from Swansea, bound for St. John, Messrs. Wm. Thomson and Co. received word last evening that the Battle Line steamship Brevia had put into Louisbourg, C. B., yesterday, for coal, and after coaling up will proceed today on her voyage to this port. The ship is in ballast and being very high in the water, has been unable to make much headway against the strong westerly gales and high seas prevailing in the Atlantic for the past month or more. Nearly every steamer from the old country that has arrived on this side of the Atlantic during the past six weeks, has been reporting the worst of weather, and in nearly every case the ships, even to the big liners, have been overdue.

JURY FINDS NO BILL IN CASE OF F. DEL. CLEMENTS

Business man charged by Bank of Nova Scotia with obtaining credit under false pretences honorably acquitted and congratulated by Judge — Interesting insurance case before Chancery Court.

The grand jury in the Circuit Court yesterday afternoon found no bill in the case of the King vs. Frank del Clements, committed by the Magistrate on a charge of obtaining credit from the Bank of Nova Scotia by false pretences. The case was presented to the jury at eleven o'clock in the morning by His Honor Mr. Justice Barry. Shortly before noon the jury retired and it was not until half-past four that no bill was returned.

The jury found true bills in the cases of the King vs. Judson Dryden and the King vs. Louis Jones. The former was indicted for assault. In the afternoon the jury returned a true bill in the case of the King vs. Wm. Brophy, charged with obtaining money and goods by false pretences. When the jury returned no bill in the Clements case, His Honor congratulated Mr. Clements on being honorably acquitted.

Attorney-General Baxter was present in court all day and George W. Fowler, K. C., M. P. and E. P. Raymond were counsel for the accused, Mr. Clements.

This morning at ten o'clock the case of the King vs. Judson Dryden will be tried. The Attorney-General will prosecute and Fred R. Taylor, K. C. will appear for the prisoner.

Dryden is charged with assaulting Dennis Ketcher, an employe of the Water and Sewerage Department, on November 25, at Sand Point. In the case of the King vs. William Brophy, charged with obtaining money and goods by false pretences, the defendant was ordered by Judge Forbes to be detained in the Provincial Hospital for two years, but admission was refused him there.

John A. Barry is defending Brophy and Urban J. Sweeney, Jones. The following are the grand jury: T. E. G. Armstrong, John J. Bradley, Arthur W. Adams (foreman), Frederick W. Paniel, J. Edmund Seymour, Roy Skinner (absent), Arthur S. Godsoe, George H. Nixon, Frank E. Holder, Alexander M. Phillips, Walter H. Bell, Matthew Wilson, Henry G. Marr, Thomas Reynolds, Leon A. Keith, John Hornbrook (absent), Walter E. Campbell, H. Mont Jones (absent), Henry L. McGowan, Isaac B. Murray, Henry Regan, Gilford D. Perkins (absent), F. Nell Brodie and J. Charlton Berry.

On behalf of the Civil Service Club, I have much pleasure in extending to the Hon. John Douglas Hazen, who is honoring us by his presence this evening, our most hearty and cordial welcome.

Before entering the Dominion government, the honorable gentleman was not unknown to us. He had already represented the County of St. John, in the House of Commons, and after that we followed with interest his brilliant career as Premier of New Brunswick. Since he has entered the federal arena, he has become one of the shining lights of the Cabinet, and as Minister of Marine and Fisheries, he has established for himself a record never before surpassed by his predecessors.

"As a citizen of Ottawa, he has made a host of friends and by his genial and affable disposition has rendered himself most deservedly popular.

"On a previous similar occasion, the Hon. T. Chase-Casgrain declared that he was one of us, and that he would endeavor to prove himself a friend of the Service. The Hon. Mr. Hazen has already done so, and we not only hope but we feel certain that he will continue to take a keen interest in all matters concerning the Civil Service.

SOME DAMAGE TO ST. MARTIN'S BRIDGE

Salmon River Bridge Partly Carried Away, but repairs promptly arranged for.

Six feet of water over Millstream Roads and mails stalled in consequence — Breakwater at St. Martin's injured.

As a result of the recent storm considerable damage was done by freshets, though little could be traced to the force of the wind, which at times blew with considerable velocity. The rainfall was very heavy, and as the ground was frozen the water flowed into the rivers without hindrance. This caused a freshet in the Kennebecasis river, which was more violent even than in July last when a great deal of property was destroyed. The freshet in Millstream was not so heavy, but the bridge over the Lower Millstream was rendered impassable, as a part of the roadway leading to the bridge was submerged beneath from 4 to 6 feet of water. The mails were stalled, Carsonville, Ferry Settlement, Klestead Mountain, Collins, Head of Millstream, Central and Lower Millstream. So far as known no culverts in this district were washed out.

Salmon River Bridge. A report reached the city yesterday that the dam on Salmon River had given way and about 2,000,000 feet of timber belonging to the Pejabfoot Lumber Company had been swept out to sea. Mr. Tutts and Robert Connelly could not be reached by telephone last evening, but Mrs. Connelly said the report was without foundation. When the breakwater was built the ice in the Great Salmon River had gone out, taking away the top of the Salmon River Bridge, though leaving the pier standing. This bridge was a temporary structure, the original bridge having been swept away in 1912. Tenders for a new permanent bridge had been called, and were to be opened today. Hon. J. B. Baxter and Mr. Carson were notified of the destruction of the bridge, and within two hours they had made arrangements with the provincial department of public works to have temporary repairs made, pending the construction of a permanent bridge.

St. Martin's Breakwater. Some damage was done to the north west end of the eastern breakwater at St. Martin's as a result of freshet caused by the heavy rains, but the damage is not serious. The breakwater was built in 1907. Owing to the freshet the end of the breakwater has been undermined and a portion of it has settled to a depth of four or five feet. When the breakwater was built the current was diverted to the other side of the channel, but the heavy rainfall has caused a freshet to sweep across the end of the breakwater, undermining it and causing it to settle. Capt. Carson of St. Martin's, telephoned to Mr. Goodspeed, engineer of the Public Works Department yesterday, stating that the end of the breakwater had settled. Mr. Goodspeed said it would be impossible to estimate the full extent of the damage until the freshet went down, but he did not think the damage would be serious.

At Point Lepreaux the wind attained a velocity of forty-six miles an hour during the height of a storm yesterday morning, but no damage was done in that vicinity.

Thirty Hours of Rain. From Monday, at about 4 p. m., an unusually steady downpour of rain has occurred in this city. From that time, until nine o'clock last night, the recorded at the local observatory. The amount of rain recorded was 2.94 inches, the highest temperature yesterday was 48 degrees between 9 a. m. and 9 p. m., and the lowest 46, these figures being most unusual.

In the Maritime Provinces, generally, unusual conditions prevail as regards the weather. Late reports show that much damage has been done already in outlying districts by the excessive rainfall. Some records of the precipitation as from 4 p. m. on Monday to 9 p. m. last night are here given: St. John, 2.94 inches; Yarmouth, 1.27; Hiram, 1.13; Chatham, 1.31. The reason for the extraordinary downpour of rain in St. John and the neighborhood is not easily explainable, but enquiry made last night elicited the view that normal conditions will prevail during the remainder of the week. Forecast: Moderate westerly winds, colder.

Woman's C. T. U. Meet. The St. John Woman's Christian Temperance Union met yesterday afternoon for the election of officers for the ensuing year. Mrs. R. Morton Smith, retiring president, declining re-election, Mrs. W. T. Thomas was elected president. Aggressive work was decided upon for the future in the interests of the union.

Sweaters. See the attractive sweaters that F. A. Dykeman & Co. are offering at attractive prices. They have one line at \$2.25 which is made from a good heavy weight, with or without collar, or; they have another line priced at \$2.98 with or without collar, and also in a honey comb weave. The Klondyke sweater is on sale at \$4.50, and the Anzora at \$5.75. Children's sweaters run from \$1.00 to \$4.50 each.

Great Sale of Colored Velveteens at M. R. A.'s. This sale will be held in the Dress Goods Department on the ground floor and will commence this morning promptly at 9 o'clock. Velveteens, ruled to them in a pleasing variety of the season's most popular colorings will be offered at the very low sale prices of 60c., 75c., and \$1.00 a yard.

Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Donahue have returned from their wedding trip.

Hens Pay Best When Rightly Fed and Cared For. The proper feeding of chicks and hens plays a vitally important part in successful poultry raising. We have spared neither time nor effort in securing the BEST POULTRY FOODS that the market offers, which we offer at the following prices: Developing Food—Makes fine table poultry, in 100 lb. bags \$3.00 each. Scratching Food—Great for half-grown chicks, in 100 lb. bags, \$3.00 each. Laying Mash, in 10 lb. bags, \$3.00 each. Growing Mash, in 100 lb. bags, \$3.30 each. Alfalfa, especially good, 100 lbs., \$3.55 each. Fertile Egg Mash, 100 lb. bags, \$3.30 each. Beef Scraps—No pork or fat, used to add weight, 100 lb. bags, \$4.25 each. Granulated Bone, in 100 lb. bags, \$3.75 each. Ground Bone, in 100 lb. bags, \$3.75 each. Crushed Oyster Shells, in 100 lb. bags, \$1.00 each. Egg Food, 42 oz. bags, 35c. each. Crystal Grit, in 100 lb. bags, \$1.00 each. Charcoal, in 40 lb. bags, \$1.00 each. W. H. THORNE & CO., LTD. --- Market Square and King Street

Macaulay Bros. & Co., King Street, St. John, N. B. Our Stores Open 8.30 a. m.; Close 6 p. m. Each Evening During January, February, March. Great January Sale of Tablecloths and Napkins Tomorrow, Thursday, and Following Days. You can easily save during this great sale 75 to 1.25 on every tablecloth you buy, and 50c. to 1.25 on each dozen of Napkins purchased. The reason why these goods are being offered at such extremely low prices is that we have once again been fortunate in procuring the slightly imperfect stock of one of the leading Belfast manufacturers. These Tablecloths and Napkins while being considered faulty by the maker, and are consequently reduced in price, show for themselves that what is known as an imperfection in the factory does not by any means detract from the appearance or wearing qualities of these Naperies. If you wish to purchase Tablecloths and Napkins at about one-third regular prices, we invite you to call and examine this stock during our Great January Sale. NAPKINS 22 x 22 inches \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25, \$2.50, \$2.60, \$2.75, \$3.00, \$3.50 a dozen. TABLECLOTHS, size 72 x 72 inches \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.20, \$2.25, \$2.40, \$2.60, \$2.90, \$3.50 each. TABLECLOTHS, size 72 x 90 inches \$2.20, \$2.25, \$2.60, \$2.65, \$2.75, \$3.00, \$3.65, \$3.75, \$4.50 each. TABLECLOTHS, size 72 x 108 inches \$2.60, \$2.75, \$3.60, \$3.75, \$4.25, \$4.50, \$5.25 each. TABLECLOTHS, size 81 x 81 inches \$4.00, \$5.00, \$5.25, \$5.50, \$6.00 each. TABLECLOTHS, size 90 x 90 inches \$4.75, \$5.25, \$6.00, \$7.00 each. The above sale takes place in our linen department during our Free Hemming Sale. MACAULAY BROS. & CO.

Sleds and Hockey Supplies Cold Weather Means Good Winter Sports. Are You Ready? "SALVERD'S" CELEBRATED HOCKEY STICK, 10 cts. to 60 cts. ELBOW, SHOULDERS AND KNEE PADS \$1.00 to \$1.25. HOCKEY GLOVES, SHIN GUARDS, HOCKEY PUCKS, AUTOMOBILE SKATES. SLEDS—Clipper, Framed and Flexible Sleds. Prices 30 cts. to \$3.00 each. BIG BARGAINS IN CLIPPER SLEDS. See our window. Emerson & Fisher Ltd.

STORES OPEN AT 9 A.M. AND CLOSE EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK AT 6 O'CLOCK. THE GREAT SALE OF COLORED CORDED AND PLAIN VELVETEENS AT ONLY 60c., 75c. AND \$1.00 A YARD WILL START THIS MORNING IN THE DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT, GROUND FLOOR.

FREE HEMMING SALE CONTINUED IN LINEN ROOM.

New Embroideries and Laces Fashion Calls for Embroideries and Laces for Spring and Summer, 1915. We are offering the public the most extensive lines of Fine Embroideries ever placed on our counters in any previous year and the prices for the goods we show are the lowest ever given. BABY SETS, all to match in Edges and Insertions. SHEER BEADINGS in a wonderful assortment. SHEER EDGES, Sheer Insertions, Sheer Skirtings, in widths of 14, 16, 24, 27, 36 and 45 inches. FINE SHEER CREPE EMBROIDERED FLOUNCINGS, 16, 27 and 45 inches wide. SHEER FLOUNCINGS, 36 inches wide at 80c., 85c. and \$1.00 a yard. SHEER FLOUNCINGS, 27 inches wide at 35c., 50c., 60c., 80c., \$1.00 a yard. SHEER CAMISOLE EMBROIDERIES, beading at top and bottom, 38c., 85c. a yard EMBROIDERED YOKES for Children's Dresses. SEE OUR LATEST LINES OF SHEER EMBROIDERIES on the counters at special prices of 5c., 7c., 10c., 12c., 15c. and 20c. a yard. BEAUTIFUL AND MOST EXTENSIVE LINES OF OUR NEW EMBROIDERIES are being shown in Sample Books. We are now fully ready to receive orders. LACES IN GREAT ABUNDANCE—Vals., Torchons, Shadews, Chuns, Silk, also Real Laces. SILVER LACE FLOUNCINGS and GOLD LACE FLOUNCINGS, 18 inch. Per yard \$1.30. WHITE and ECRU SHADOW FLOUNCINGS, 18 inch to 42 inch. WHITE and BLACK CHANTILLY LACE FLOUNCINGS, Bertonne Nets, Fancy Nets, WHITE SWANSDOWN and MARABOU TRIMMINGS, Fur Trimmings, Black Silk Frogs. LACE DEPARTMENT—BACK STORE.

Boys' School Suits If the boys' suit is beginning to look a little worn you can fit him out stylishly and at small outlay from this large showing of fashionable suits. Norfolk and Double Breasted Coats, Bloomer Pants, some suits have two pairs. Fancy Tweeds and Worsteds in greys and browns. TWO-PIECE SUITS for boys 7 to 12, priced from \$3.75 to \$11.00. TWO AND THREE-PIECE SUITS, ages 13 to 15 years priced from \$5.00 to \$13.50. BOYS' CLOTHING DEPARTMENT. Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited