

# The Charlottetown Herald

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, MAY 10, 1916

VOL. XLV., No. 19

## LIME!

We have on hand a quantity of

### St. John

## LIME

In Barrels and Casks.

PHONE 111

### C. LYONS & Co.

April 26, 1916—1f

## Fire Insurance

Possibly from an oversight or want of thought you have put off insuring, or placing additional insurance to adequately protect yourself against loss by fire.

ACT NOW: CALL UP

### DeBLOIS BROS.,

Charlottetown.

Water Street, Phone 521.

June 30, 1915—3m

### Morson & Duffy

Barristers and Attorneys

Brown's Block, Charlottetown

P. E. Island.

## MONEY TO LOAN.

### Synopsis of Canadian North-West Land Regulations

Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years of age, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of the homesteader.

On Sunday, January 9th, the Maritime Express will run daily between Halifax and Montreal leaving Halifax at 3 p. m. Connection will be made at Monton to and from St. John daily. The Ocean Limited will not leave Halifax Sunday, January 9th, but will leave on the present schedule time 8.00 a. m. daily except Sunday thereafter. Its continuance during the winter months will be pleasing news to thousands of travellers to whom the "Ocean" appeals as an express train of excellence in service and comfort in travel.

From Montreal the Maritime Express will leave on its present schedule 8.15 a. m. daily and the Ocean Limited 7.35 p. m. daily except Saturday.

Jan. 12, 1916—

### W. J. P. McMillan, M. D.

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE  
205 KENT STREET  
CHARLOTTETOWN.

## CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS Prince Edward Island Railway.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT MAY 8th, 1916.

Trains Outward, Read Down.				Trains Inward, Read Up.			
P. M.	A. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
3.45	11.50	7.35	Dep. Charlottetown Ar.	11.40	10.15	10.20	
5.00	1.15	8.30	" Hunter River "	10.36	9.20		
5.45	2.06	9.02	" Emerald Jct. "	9.59	8.45	6.15	8.00
6.22	2.49	9.27	" Kensington "	9.27	8.23	5.30	
7.00	3.30	9.50	Ar. Summerside Dep.	9.00	8.00	4.50	
8.10		12.15	Dep. Summerside Ar.	8.45	5.05		
9.08		1.37	" Port Hill "	7.48	3.31		
9.57		3.32	" O'Leary "	7.03	2.07		
10.38		4.40	" Alberton "	6.19	1.00		
11.15		5.40	Ar. Tignish Dep.	5.45	12.00		
	Mon. Wed. & Sat	Tues. & Sat			Tues. & Sat.		
8.55	8.55	6.30	Dep. Emerald Jct. Ar.				
9.30	9.50	7.25	Ar. Cape Traverse Dep.				
P. M.	A. M.		Dep. Charlottetown Ar.	9.45	5.50		
3.00	6.50		" Mt. Stewart "	8.35	4.10		
4.10	8.40		" Morell "	8.07	3.24		
4.36	9.17		" St. Peter's "	7.44	2.50		
4.57	9.47		Ar. Souris Dep.	6.40	1.25		
6.00	11.15		Ar. Elmira Dep.	5.30			
4.15	A. M.		Dep. Mt. Stewart Ar.	8.35	3.50		
5.04	10.00		" Cardigan "	7.40	2.39		
5.25	10.30		" Montague "	7.16	2.10		
6.00	11.10		Ar. Georgetown Dep.	6.40	1.30		
	Daily						
	Sat. ex. Sat.						
	only & Sun.						
	P. M.	P. M.	Dep. Charlottetown Ar.	A. M.	A. M.		
	3.10	3.10	" Vernon River "	10.10	9.45		
	4.25	4.55	Ar. Murray Harbor Dep.	8.27	8.31		
	5.55	7.05		6.30	7.00		

All trains, unless otherwise marked, run daily, Sunday excepted.

## Canadian Government Railways

### Change of Time January 9th

#### Maritime Express Daily Ocean Limited Daily Except Sunday.

On Sunday, January 9th, the Maritime Express will run daily between Halifax and Montreal leaving Halifax at 3 p. m. Connection will be made at Monton to and from St. John daily. The Ocean Limited will not leave Halifax Sunday, January 9th, but will leave on the present schedule time 8.00 a. m. daily except Sunday thereafter. Its continuance during the winter months will be pleasing news to thousands of travellers to whom the "Ocean" appeals as an express train of excellence in service and comfort in travel.

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Jan. 12, 1916—

## JOB WORK!

Executed with Neatness and Despatch at the HERALD Office

Charlottetown P. E. Island

Check Books

Dodgers

Note Books of Hand

Letter Heads

Receipt Books

Fosters

Tickets

## VOL-PEEK

MENDS HOLES IN POTS & PANS IN TWO MINUTES WITHOUT TOOLS

MENDS - Graniteware  
Tin - Copper - Brass  
Aluminum Enamelware  
Cost 1/2 C. Per Merit

PRICE 15c. PER PACKAGE

VOL-PEEK mends holes in all kinds of Pots, Pans, Boilers and all other kitchen utensils, in two minutes, at a cost of less than 1¢ per mend. Mends Graniteware, Iron Tinwares, Copper, Brass, Aluminum, etc.

Easy to use, requires no tools and mends quickly. Every housewife knows what it is to discover a hole in a pan, kettle or boiler just when she wants to use that article. Few things are more provoking and cause more inconvenience, a little leak in a much wanted pot or pan will often spoil a whole morning's work.

The housewife has, for many years been wanting something with which she could herself, in her own home, mend such leaks quickly, easily and permanently, and she has never found it.

What has been needed is a mender like "VOL-PEEK" that will repair the article neatly and quickly and at the same time be always at hand, easily applied and inexpensive.

A package of "VOL-PEEK" will mend from 30 to 50 air sized holes.

"VOL-PEEK" is in the form of a still putty, simply cut off a small piece enough to fill the hole, then burn the mend over the flame of a lamp, candle or open fire for two minutes, then the article will be ready for use.

Sent Post Paid to any address on receipt of 15 cents in Silver or Stamps

## R. F. Maddigan & Co.

Charlottetown

Agents for P. E. Island.

Mathieson, MacDonald & Stewart,  
Newson's Block, Charlottetown  
Barristers, Solicitors, etc.  
McDonald Bros. Building  
Georgetown  
July 26th 1912.—1f

A. McLean, K. C. & Donald McKinnon  
McLean & McKinnon  
Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law  
Charlottetown, P. E. Island  
All kinds of Job Printing  
done at the Herald  
Office

## Where the Apostles Rest

(The Ave Maria)

St. Peter, Prince of the Apostles, suffered martyrdom about thirty-four years after Our Lord's Ascension. His remains were at first consigned to the Catacombs, at the foot of the Janiculum, or Vatican Hill, crowned to-day by the Palace of the Vatican. The body of the Saint now rests, as everyone knows, in St. Peter's. St. Paul also suffered martyrdom in Rome. Being a Roman citizen, he was put to death by the sword. His mortal remains rest in St. Peter's.

St. Andrew was crucified on 30th of November, sixty-two years after the birth of Our Lord, in the Greek city of Patras, in the year 457, during the reign of the Emperor Constantine, the martyr's relics were removed with great solemnity from Patras to Constantinople, and placed in the Church of the Apostles. In 1210, through the instrumentality of Cardinal Pietro, the Saint's body was taken to Italy and placed in the cathedral at Amalfi.

St. James the Greater was beheaded on the 25th of March A. D. 44 in Jerusalem, where he was buried. Some time afterward his body was taken to Spain and interred at a place then called Tria Flavia, now known as El Padron, on the borders of Galicia. At the beginning of the ninth century in the reign of Alphonso II, surnamed the Chaste, the Saint's remains were discovered and removed to Compostella, where they now rest in the Cathedral.

St. James the Lesser, surnamed the Just, was cast from the pinnacle of the Temple at Jerusalem in the year 43 then stoned and beaten with a club. He was first interred where he expired but in the year 572 his holy remains were removed to Constantinople.

St. John, the Beloved Disciple, passed to his Master in Ephesus at the age of one hundred—or, as some say, ninety-six. A church was built in his honour on a hill near Ephesus, in which his holy body reposes.

St. Thomas died at Kalmia, in India (also called Tamastown, Molipoor, Malipour, etc.) He was buried in a subterranean chapel. In 1523 John III, King of Portugal, caused a search to be made for his remains, which were discovered; a piece of a lance and a phial of blood were also found in his grave. These precious relics were deposited in the Church at Edessa in Mesopotamia. St. Thomas is called the Apostle of the Indies.

St. Philip, when eighty-one years of age, was bound to a cross, head downward, and stoned to death in Hieropolis, in Phrygia, in which city he was buried by the Christians. Later his body was taken to Rome, where a church was built in 260 in honour of the two Apostles, St. James and St. Philip.

St. Bartholomew, also called Nathaniel, was first flayed alive, and then beheaded. He suffered this cruel martyrdom in Albanopolis, in Armenia. In 508 the relics of St. Bartholomew were taken, by order of the Emperor Anastasius, to Durra, in Mesopotamia; thence they were removed at the close of the fifth century to Lipari, in Sicily. The invasion of the Saracens in 809 caused the Saint's remains to be again removed; they found a temporary resting place in Benevento, until 903, when, in the reign of the German Emperor, Otto II, they were transported to Rome, where they now rest in a church dedicated to St. Bartholomew.

St. Matthew received the crown of martyrdom in Ethiopia. His remains are venerated at Salerno, in Italy, whither they were carried in 954.

St. Simon was crucified by the pagan priests in Persia. He was interred by the Christians in Kertch, where a slab still marks his resting place.

St. Judas Thaddeus was put to death by heathen soldiery. The place of his interment is unknown. On account of Judas, the arch-traitor, this Apostle is usually called St. Thaddeus. Matthias, chosen to fill the

place of Judas Iscariot, was stoned and then beheaded by the Jews in the year 64. The Empress Helena brought his remains to Europe, Rome being their first place, but they now repose at Treves.

St. Mark was put to death at Alexandria. He was dragged over rough stones until he expired. His last resting place is in Venice.

St. Luke's martyrdom took place in Patras, when he was eighty-four years of age; he was hanged from an olive tree. His body was taken to Constantinople in 375.

## The Work of Redemption

The knowledge of the Incarnation raises the question, Why did Christ become man? Catholic doctrine answers with the creed: "For us men and for our salvation," he descended from heaven and was made man. Under the title of Saviour of mankind He is known, loved and adored; hence His name is Jesus. "He shall bring forth a Son, and thou shalt call his name Jesus. For he shall save his people from their sins." "For God indeed was in Christ reconciling the world to Himself."

Whether the original plan of Divine Providence contemplated, as the end for which God created the world, that He might communicate Himself, and bring about the union of intelligent creatures with Himself; or whether the rigorous demands of Divine justice required the Incarnation for the manifestation of infinite mercy to our race, "that justice and peace might embrace," it is distinctly taught as a tenet of Catholic Faith that the Eternal Son of God became man in order to redeem mankind. To suppose that God could not have accorded pardon to our race without the price paid for it by the Redeemer had He willed to do so, would not be credible; but to receive the satisfaction which His Supreme justice required at the same time that His Infinite mercy displayed itself in forgiving the mysteries of the incarnation and the cross became indispensable. A substituted victim of our race, and representing our race, was needed, to the end that justice might be duly satisfied and mercy be manifested.

To blot out our sins the satisfaction of Christ was therefore for us entirely necessary. By His death on the cross He redeemed us, and merited for us justification. "He was offered because it was His own will." He died for the salvation of all men, and if any perish it will not be because ample satisfaction has not been made for them, but because they have failed to secure an application to themselves of the merits of Christ. The Just offered Himself freely, of His own will, and because of His love and He abundantly merited forgiveness for all, and by His obedience and humiliations merited for himself as man, an exaltation most extraordinary, and a name above all names. "He is the propitiation for our sins, and not for ours only, but also for those of the whole world." He alone bears the title of mediator: "For there is one God, and Christ Jesus, Who gave Himself a redemption for all."

He chose the cross as the altar of His sacrifice, that life might arise from whence death had sprung, and that the devil, who from the tree had conquered, should in the tree be overcome. He chose an ignominious and cruel death on the cross, in order to heal in us the consciousness of the eyes, and the pride of life. He chose to be crucified amid abandonment, contempt, sufferings and agony, in order to signify to us the deformity and atrocity of sin, which demanded such an extraordinary punishment and expiation.

The following are the chief benefits which He has merited for us by His death:

1. He has washed us from our sins in His blood.
2. He has liberated us from the servitude of the devil, and rescued us from the powers of darkness and the jaws of hell.

3. He has transferred us into His kingdom, and opened for us the gates of heaven, which sin had closed.

4. He has presented to us the exemplar of all the virtues, the practice of which is necessary for obtaining the kingdom of God.

5. He has merited for us all the graces which enable us to practice virtues, the practice of which is necessary to secure eternal life. We can do nothing without Him, and His blood is the fountain from which all graces flow.

The super-eminence of the science of salvation is the knowledge of Jesus Christ, and Him crucified, "to those who perish, a folly; but to such as are saved, the powers of God." But this science is not a mere speculative faith in Jesus Christ crucified. It is an active faith, which labors "to make up what is wanting in the passion of Christ," which is the application of His merits to individuals. Jesus Christ established His Church, instituted His sacraments, gave existence to His perpetual sacrifice, commissioned His apostles to go and preach His gospel and the kingdom of God to all nations, to administer His sacraments, and to set up His cross as "a standard to all that it is necessary for them "to work out their salvation," and said: "He that will come after Me, let him deny himself, take up his cross daily, and follow Me." As He paid the price, it was His right to place the conditions upon which He would share His merits and His glory with others. And that none might entertain a doubt of His ability to fulfill His promises in addition to the numerous miracles of His life, He arose triumphantly from the dead, on the third day, as He had foretold, and for forty days gave innumerable proofs of the reality of His resurrection; and finally, in sight of a multitude of witnesses, left the earth, and ascended to the right hand of the Father.

## Profanity.

Profanity is not an accomplishment, although ignorance has so often grinned at it that some reckless thinkers believe that they do not measure to their full height until they have learned how to pollute their speech.

A gentleman is never profane; for he will not disregard the rights of others by abusing their ears and shocking their sensibilities.

It is said of General Grant that when he was in the field one of his staff officers approached him to quote a volley of half-drunken and wholly profane language used by a soldier. The officer prefaced his purpose by remarking: "Are there any ladies around?" "No," said Grant, but there are gentlemen." Needless to say the story was like Macbeth's amen—if stuck in the throat of the would-be entertainer.

Profanity has become a public nuisance. It crowds the streets. It never strikes itself with the thought that the bark of a mad dog is far more musical than the bray of an ass. It never considers that it is a trespasser on the sidewalk.

When an officer (as sometimes happens) whose purpose it should be to see that peace is preserved so makes inroads through profanity on the good order of society, a fine should be a promise or a discharge from public service.

When the stage volunteers to insult its patrons by believing that they think profanity to be wit, the people owe it to their own respectability, not to say education or decency, to let the stage know that it is a long cry from originality to vulgarity. A driving idiot can be profane but true wit is the thoughtful genius.

In a Catholic, profanity is testable. The tongue touches the Holy Sacrament should never be fang tipped with ear that is filled

## HALF THE ILLS OF LIFE

Are Cured by CONSTIPATION.

When the bowels become constipated the stomach gets out of order, the liver does not work properly, and then follows the violent act headaches, the sourness of the stomach, belching of wind, heartburn, water brash, biliousness, and a general feeling that you do not care to do anything.

Keep your bowels regular by using Milburn's Laxative Pills. They will clear away all the effete matter which collects in the system and make you think that "life is worth living."

Mr. B. W. Watson, St. John, N.E., writes: "I have been troubled with constipation, for the last three years, and during that time have tried several remedies, all of which failed to help me. A friend recommended Milburn's Laxative Pills, and after using three or four boxes, I felt like a new man. I am now well taking these, and am very glad that I am on the road to recovery. I strongly recommend Milburn's Laxative Pills."

Milburn's Laxative Pills are 25c per box, 50c for 100, at all drug stores or dealers, or will be mailed on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

## MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DYPHTHERIA.

promise of Christ's words should not entertain a violation of Christ's name. The heat that is the very tabernacle of Christ's graces should not laugh when the devils are delighted.

The question here presents itself, what should we do when we hear the name of our Lord profaned? One of the readiest and most eloquent rebukes possible is for a man to quietly and reverently take off his hat in veneration and so he will punish the defamer and make ready atonement for the insult given our Divine Master.

## A SENSIBLE MERCHANT

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders give women prompt relief from monthly pains, and leave no bad after effects what ever. Be sure you get Milburn's Price 25 and 50 cts.

Green—What is a sense of humor? Brown—A sense of humor is that which makes you laugh at something that happens to somebody else which would make you sorry if it happened to you.

## BEWARE OF WORMS

Don't let worms gnaw at the vitals of your children. Give them Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup and they'll soon be rid of these parasites. Price 25c.

Suitor—But you haven't asked me yet whether or not I can make a living for your daughter. Father never mind, Henry; if you marry her she'll see to that.

There is nothing harsh about Laxa Liver Pills. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, and Bilious Spells without griping, purging or sickness. Price 25 cts.

Mrs Popson—I was reading where Mr Edison says that four hour's sleep is enough for any man. Popson—That seems to be the baby's idea too.

The shortest and surest way to live with honor in the world is to be in reality what we would appear to be.—Scorates.

## MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DISTEMPER.

## When the Back Becomes Lame

It is a sign of KIDNEY TROUBLE

Donan's Kidney Pills cure the aching back by curing the aching kidneys because it is really the kidneys aching and not the back.

Donan's Kidney Pills are a special kidney and bladder medicine for the cure of all kidney troubles.

Mrs. Louisa Conshaw, 632 Manning Ave., Toronto, Ont., writes: "I take great pleasure in writing you, stating the benefit I have received by using Donan's Kidney Pills. About three years ago I was terribly afflicted with lame back, and so bad I could not even sweep the floor. I had tried every other pill, but Donan's Kidney Pills cured me."







Continued from page two) other words they want to go out on a fishing expedition. It should be remembered that while Mr. Kyle laid the charges they were the work of Mr. Carvell's versatile imagination. He had already spoken in the debate calling for an investigation; and he could not speak a second time. So the speech and the charges were handed over to Mr. Kyle, Mr. Carvell sitting alongside him and coaching him. Today the premier refused to allow Mr. Carvell's fishing excursion, pointing out that the investigation was proceeding along the lines of Mr. Kyle's charges. There was nothing brought out at the enquiry today. As a matter of fact the whole thing has been a fizzle. The opposition may put witnesses on the stand and make some more spectacular displays, but that is not evidence. The Americans whose names were mentioned in connection with the charges are all here. They will be examined at the beginning of next week. They seem to be enjoying the discomfort of Messrs. Kyle and Carvell. There is no doubt they expected that the Americans would be afraid to show up. So far from being afraid they appear to be enjoying their picnic at Ottawa. Mr. Carvell in the course of his speech in the house aroused anger by sneeringly describing John Beeb of Dufferin, as a "farmer" member. There was a shout of anger from the farmers of the house and Oliver Wilcox of North Essex protested as a farmer against the sneer at the farmers, saying that one of the things wrong with the house was that there were too few farmers in it, and too many of Mr. Carvell's class. The incident caused quite a commotion while it lasted and Mr. Carvell apologized.

Progress of the War.

London, May 8.—Captain Eric MacDonald, son of Rev. Captain MacDonald, of St. John, N. B. chaplain in London, is home on leave from the front. For during work performed recently, he received the congratulations of his General. Under cover of darkness, Captain MacDonald crept to a barbed wire entanglement where German patrols were due and arranged a trap which blew up the patrols when they reached the spot. Lt. Col. J. M. Almond, of Montreal, assistant director of Canadian chaplains at the front, is in London for a few days. He speaks well of the facilities granted by the Q. Q. O. officers and others for his work at the front.

London, May 4.—The curtain of fire of the French has set against another German attack launched against trenches which the French recently captured at Le Mort Homme. "This engagement, which is characterized by Paris as a small one, has been the only fighting by infantry on the French and Belgian fronts. The big guns, however, have not ceased their activity on various sectors. A very violent bombardment is reported in the region of Hill 804, northwest of Verdun. The Germans are still throwing shells in great numbers against the skeletal bridgehead of the Russians on the eastern front. There also has been a heavy artillery duel between the Germans and Russians in the region of Kozlo. The usual bombardments and isolated infantry attacks are in progress on the Austro-Italian front. The Turks started two offensive movements against the Russians, one in the region of Balbut and the other near Erzingan. Both were repulsed according to Petrograd. The German General Liman von Sanders is superintending the concentration of Turkish troops in North Smyrna, and defense measures for Turkey's Asiatic coast.

Paris, May 5.—The war office communication, issued this evening, says: "Bad weather has impeded the operations on most parts of the front, where only artillery fighting has been reported. To the west of the Meuse the bombardment went on with increased violence during the course of the day on the sector of the Avocourt wood and the Caurettes wood the bombardment is less violent, but continuous. To the east of the Meuse and in the Wouvre moder-

ate artillery activity is reported. "Army of the east: On the night of May 4-5, about two o'clock in the morning, a Zeppelin which was hovering over Saloniki was brought down by the artillery of the Allied fleet. The Zeppelin fell in flames at the mouth of the Vardar river." Belgian communication: "The German artillery at daybreak opened a violent fire on our positions to the north of Steenstraete and Dixmude. A very spirited fight between bomb throwers and pieces of every calibre ensued. During the bombardment of the German line we severely damaged the German defense organizations, which were shattered at several points." London, May 5.—A British communication, issued this afternoon, concerning the situation in Mesopotamia, says: "Lieut. General Sir Percy Lake reports under the date of May 3, that the military situation is unchanged. The arrival of the first batch of sick and wounded from Kut-el-Amara (recently surrendered by the British, after a long siege) is reported by the corps commander."

London, May 6.—It was the Zeppelin "L-7" which was destroyed by the British off the German coast. The destruction of the Zeppelin was completed by a British warship. The submarine rescued seven men of the Zeppelin crew, all the members of which were reported in an earlier statement to have been lost. "A more detailed report has been received of the destruction of the Zeppelin "L-7," says an official statement given out here today. It now appears that, though severely damaged by H. M. S. Galatea and Phaeton, her destruction was completed by a British submarine commanded by Lieut. Commander F. Fellman, which rescued seven of the Zeppelin's crew and has returned with them. "She was attacked and slightly injured by a German cruiser on her return voyage."

Paris, May 7.—General Robert George Nivelle has been appointed to direct the local operations at Verdun. He will succeed General Henry Philippe Petain, who has been promoted to commandant in chief of the group of general armies in the sector between Soissons and Verdun. London, May 7.—The British official communication, issued this evening, says: "Last night and today there was artillery activity on both sides about Maricourt, Thiepval, Arras, Loos, St. Eloi and Ypres." Paris, May 7.—In fierce attacks on both banks on the Meuse today the German forces gained ground from the French. They entered the French communicating trenches east of Hill 804, and gained a footing in the first French line between Haudromont and Fort Douaumont, over an extent of nearly a third of a mile. The official communication reads as follows: "On the left bank of the Meuse a bombardment of extreme violence, which lasted without cessation for two days, in the region of Hill 804, was followed by a powerful German attack delivered against our front between Hill 804 and Le Mort Homme. The enemy, after repeated efforts, penetrated the underground passages of Hill 804. Everywhere else he was repulsed with serious losses inflicted by our machine guns and batteries, which energetically bombarded the German lines. On the right bank, after intense artillery preparation the Germans delivered several successive attacks against our trenches between Haudromont wood and Fort Douaumont. In the western part of the front the enemy attack gained a footing for an extent of about 500 metres in our first line. To the centre and to east all attacks were broken."

when five of the coaches left the rails a short distance west of Red Pine. The express car caught fire and was totally destroyed, and the baggage car took fire but the flames were extinguished, but so far as could be ascertained last night was the only car which was burned. Wrecking crews were quickly on the scene as they had been working on a freight wreck which had occurred earlier in the day a short distance up the line. The passengers were badly frightened but nobody was hurt. A train was run down from Campbellton and the passengers were transferred and continued their journey. The St. John men who were known to be on the train were Grant Smith, son of W. G. Smith, Princess Street, who left for Quebec to take a course in the Artillery School, and Lorne Whittaker, son of F. S. Whittaker, who was returning to Ottawa. They wired to their parents that they were all right. The line was clear at eight o'clock last night. No reason has as yet been given for the run off.

Train Wreck

Moncton, May 7.—Saturday night's Maritime Express, northbound, left the rails about 2:20 Sunday morning between Red Pine and Gloucester Junction. The express car was burned, but so far as known nobody was injured. Two St. John men were on the wrecked train, but word has been received that they are all right. The Maritime Express left St. John at the usual time Saturday night and connected with the northbound express from Halifax at Moncton, leaving there at 10:30 as usual. Everything was all right until 2:20 a. m.,

Local and Other Items.

Fresh herring have arrived and are in the market.

Australian and New Zealand troops have arrived in France and have taken over a portion of the front.

The Imperial Government is to organize an immediate expedition for the relief of Shackleton marooned in the Antarctic.

The steamer S R. Kirby was lost in a storm on Lake Superior Monday. It is believed that the crew of 20 were drowned.

The New South Wales ministry has withdrawn its resignation and the matter of the Upper House will go to the people for vote.

Quite a quantity of ice floated into Charlottetown harbor from the Straits yesterday, and large cakes came right up into the docks and grounded.

The Acts Passed.

- Following are the acts passed at the recent session of the Provincial Legislature:
  - "The Drainage Act 1916."
  - "An Act to incorporate Patons Limited."
  - "An Act to incorporate the Savage Harbour Packing Company Limited."
  - "An Act to amend an Act to incorporate Auld Bros. Ltd."
  - "An Act to incorporate Cape Traverse Hall Company."
  - "An Act to incorporate J. R. Gillis Limited."
  - "An Act to incorporate Crescent Lodge No. 24, Knights of Pythias."
  - "An Act to incorporate Morell Hall Company."
  - "An Act to further amend the Charlottetown Waterworks Act 1887 and the Charlottetown Sewerage Act."
  - "An Act to authorize Wm. A. Muttart to change his name to Fred. Muttart."
  - "An Act to incorporate Egmont Bay and Mount Carmel Telephone Company Limited."
  - "An Act to amend an Act for the incorporation of Sherwood Cemetery Company."
  - "An Act to amend Act 5 George V. Cap. 12, Re Lady Wood Estates."
  - "An Act to amend the Election Act 1913."
  - "An Act to incorporate Annandale Public Hall Company Ltd."
  - "An Act to empower the Methodist Conference of New Brunswick and P. E. I., to sell certain lands."
  - "An Act to amend an Act to incorporate the Town of Kensington."
  - "An Act to incorporate the Trustees of Hillsborough School."
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# Production and Finance

## CANADA'S CALL FOR SERVICE AT HOME

**Produce More and Save More** The Empire needs food. If you are not in the fighting line you may be in the producing line. Labour is limited—all the more reason to do more than ever before. Grow food for the men who are fighting for you. The Allies need all the food that you can produce. Every little helps. You are responsible for your own work. If you cannot produce as much as you would like, produce all you can. Work with the right spirit. Put fighting energy into your effort, and produce now when it counts. The more you produce the more you can save. Producing and saving are war-services.

**Make Your Labour Efficient** In war-time do not waste time and energy on unimportant and unprofitable work. Economize labour. Put off unproductive work till after the war, and, if possible, help in producing something needed now. Let us not waste labour. Canada needs it all. If possible help to feed the Allies. Make your backyard a productive garden. Cultivate it with a will. Make your labour count for as much as possible.

**Do Not Waste Materials** There should be no waste in war-time. Canada could pay the annual interest on her war expenditure out of what we waste on our farms, in our factories, in our homes. Every pound of food saved from waste is as good as a pound of increased production. The way for a nation to save is for every individual to save. France is strong to-day because of thrift in time of peace. The men and women of Great Britain are not only "doing" but are learning to "do without."

**Spend Your Money Wisely** Practise economy in the home by eliminating luxuries. Wasting our dollars here weakens our strength at the front. Your savings will help Canada to finance the war. Save your money for the next Dominion War issue. There can be no better investment.

THE GOVERNMENT OF CANADA  
THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE THE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

### Home-seekers' Excursions

Via Canadian Government Railways.

TO MANITOBA AND THE CANADIAN NORTH WEST.

Excursion tickets will be sold every Wednesday until October 25th, to Winnipeg, Regina, Saskatoon, Calgary, Edmonton and numerous other points in the Canadian North West. These tickets will be good for return within two months from date of issue. Full particulars can be obtained from any Ticket Agent of the Government Railways. Holders of these tickets have the privilege of travelling by the new "Transcontinental Lines" via Toronto, North Bay and Cochrane, Ont., Hearst, Ont., and any intermediate station on Canadian Government Railways. Slide trip tickets may also be purchased at Cochrane from points on the Canadian Government Railways east to, and including Doucette Que., at special low fares. These privileges will permit passengers to inspect the famous Clay-belt of New Ontario, a rich farming country, opening up the new line of the Canadian Government Railways.

May 10, 1916—11

## LET US MAKE Your New Suit

When it comes to the question of buying clothes, there are several things to be considered.

You want good material, you want perfect fitting qualities, and you want your clothes to be made fashionable and stylish, and then you want to get them at a reasonable price.

This store is noted for the excellent quality of the goods carried in stock, and nothing but the very best in trimmings of every kind allowed to go into a suit.

We guarantee to fit you perfectly, and all our clothes have that smooth, stylish, well-tailored appearance, which is approved by all good dressers.

If you have had trouble getting clothes to suit you, give us a trial. We will please you.

### MacLellan Bros.

TAILORS AND FURNISHERS

153 Queen Street.

## ISLAND SOLDIERS

At the Front Are Asking For

### Hickey's Black Twist CHEWING TOBACCO

BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST

Hickey's

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**Phone 70**

All kinds of Job Printing done at the Herald Office.

Get your Printing done at the Herald Office



**Back**  
 I was taken ill with kidney trouble, and was so weak I could scarcely get around. I tried many medicines without benefit, and finally decided to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. After the first bottle I felt so much better that I bought two more, and six bottles made me a new man. When my little girl was a year old, she could not keep anything on her stomach, and we gave her Hood's Sarsaparilla, which cured her. Mrs. Thomas is of Wallaceburg, Ont.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
 cures kidney and liver troubles, reverses the back, and builds up the whole system.

he had all he could do to pay for the necessary medicine and to buy a meager provision of bread and olive oil, which had been their sole food for several weeks. Father Roch considered the good woman as best he could, and promised to send someone yet that morning to supply their wants. Then bidding them good-bye, he took his leave.

As Mrs. West, the head infirmarian of his Tertiary fraternity, lived near the convent, the priest resolved to stop at her home and see what could be done for the needy family. When he rang the bell, Mr. West himself, who was on the point of leaving for his office, opened the door.

"Why, how do you do, Father Roch," he exclaimed heartily on seeing the priest, "you're just in time to settle a little squabble Mrs. West and I are having about Easter bonnets," he continued, taking the priest's hat and placing it on the rack.

"John do be quiet!" remonstrated Mrs. West, "you're as bad as a schoolboy."

"Well, why shouldn't old school chums like Father Roch and me share each other's joys and sorrows?" argued Mr. West in reply. "Sure we never kept any secrets from each other at school, did we, Father?"

"That's true, John," rejoined Father Roch, "but you know, we had no family secrets in those days, and it appears that Mrs. West is not over-anxious to have me sit in judgment on the question at issue."

"No, Father, it isn't that," the woman hastened to explain, "only Mr. West is so impetuous, that he is at times quite provoking. But as far as our little argument is concerned, I am rather glad that he has chosen you as a referee, for I am positive you will side with me."

"Don't be too sure of that, Gertie," cautioned her husband playfully. "For I know Father Roch will be quite impartial."

"Well, then, what is the cause of your difference, if I may sit in judgment?" enquired the priest, seating himself and assuming an air of mock gravity.

"To make a long story short, Father," began Mr. West, "Mrs. West was down town shopping yesterday afternoon, and saw some very fine and very costly Easter bonnets at Meredith's and of course she didn't take a liking to the cheapest hat either."

"Nor to the most costly, John," interrupted his wife.

"I see," said Father Roch musingly, while his eyes twinkled merrily.

"And, of course," went on Mr. West with the statement of the case, "I thought that something cheaper would serve the purpose just as well, and consequently I have given her only ten dollars for a hat instead of twenty-five she wanted."

"And, John, you know well enough that twenty-five dollars is not too much for an Easter bonnet," expostulated Mrs. West. Why—"Yes, I know," broke in Mr. West; "but you and I are Tertiaries, and our rule says that Tertiaries should refrain from excessive cost in dress and adornment. Now if twenty-five dollars for a single hat is not excessive, I don't know what is."

"But, John, you're garbling the Rule; for it adds that each Tertiary should observe moderation according to his state in life."

"Quite so, John," affirmed Father Roch.

"Now, you know that we are not exactly poor, and can easily afford the expense," Mrs. West continued to argue.

"Nor are we millionaires," retorted her husband calmly, "and I think that a ten dollar hat will keep the sun's rays off a person of our social standing just as well as a twenty-five dollar hat will."

"As for keeping the sun's rays off, John, I could do that with a ten cent sunbonnet; but you would never consent to me going about logged out like that, would you?"

"No, not exactly," agreed Mr. West; "but you women always go to extremes. One must, of course, dress according to one's station in life."

"That's just what I've been contending for," exclaimed his wife triumphantly, "and I'm positive that St. Elizabeth, the patroness of Tertiaries, also wore costly garments, as was befitting her rank."

"Yes, but she also wore a hair shirt beneath all her finery," commented the priest dryly, and Mr. West smiled mischievously.

The woman noticed at once that her argument had not been strengthened by citing the example of St. Elizabeth, and for a moment she was somewhat abashed. But she quickly recovered her wits and retorted:

"But she was a saint, Father, and could do many things that we poor sinners could not think of performing. To come now to a definite conclusion," she went on, wishing to bring the argument to a close, "what do you think about our discussion, Father Roch? Is a twenty-five dollar Easter bonnet excessively dear for a Tertiary of my position in society?"

The priest was nonplussed for the moment on having the disputed question put to him point-blank, and welcomed a little fit of coughing that gave him an opportunity to frame his reply.

"To give a definite answer to this query, Mrs. West," he began at last, placing his handkerchief in his pocket, and speaking slowly as if weighing each word, "I should have to know the exact condition of Mr. West's finances, which I do not know and do not care to know."

"Oh, Father, we can easily afford it; there is no question regarding that point," Mrs. West hastened to assure him.

"Very well," answered the priest quietly; "then we have but to consider whether it is a needless expense and useless extravagance for a Tertiary to spend twenty-five dollars on an Easter bonnet even though she can easily afford it."

"Yes, Father, that's the question exactly," responded the woman eagerly.

"But it demands quiet and serious reflection," replied Father Roch, "and I do not doubt that ten different Tertiaries would answer it in ten different ways. Therefore, Mrs. West, you must decide this matter for yourself. To assist you somewhat, I am going to ask you to attend to a little charitable work for me, in fact, that is why I came here this morning."

"That's right, Father, give her something to do," chimed in Mr. West jovially; "it will take her mind off worldly vanities."

"John, when will you stop nagging me about my worldliness?" retorted his wife in a tone of affected reproach.

"Well, as I was about to say," Father Roch continued, "on my way home just now from the hospital, I discovered quite accidentally a very poor Italian family in that big old tenement on the corner of Twelfth and Burt. You know the place."

"Yes, Father, it's right opposite Mercer's warehouse."

"They occupy a few rooms on the fourth floor. The mother appears to be quite ill, and I think it best for you to go there as soon as possible to see for yourself what can be done to relieve their pressing wants. If necessary, you can secure the services of Miss Bernard, who reported to me last Sunday for work of this kind. Then ask Dr. Woodbury or Dr. Breiter to call on the woman to diagnose her illness."

**A COLD Settled On Her Lungs Causing Great Pain.**

**THE CURE WAS DR. WOOD'S Norway Pine Syrup.**

Miss D. M. Pickering, St. Catharines, Ont., writes: "Having derived great benefit from Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, I thought I would write and tell you of my experience. When I first came out from England I contracted a severe cold, owing to the change of climate. It settled on my lungs, and caused me a great deal of pain. I tried every remedy I could think of, but got no relief. My father, who had heard a great deal about the good qualities of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, advised me to try it. I did so, and I am pleased to say, found immediate relief. I only took one bottle and it cured me completely. My mother had a severe cold also, and Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cured her, so we never fail to keep a bottle of it in the house."

See that none of those so-called "pine syrups" are handed out to you when you go to your druggist or dealer and ask for "Dr. Wood's." It is put up in a yellow wrapper, three pine trees the trade mark; price, 25c and 50c.

Manufactured only by The T. Millburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CO. LIMITED. Dear Sirs,—Your MINARD'S LINIMENT is our remedy for sore throat, colds and all ordinary ailments. It never fails to relieve and cure promptly.

CHAS. WOOTEN. Port Mulgrave.

A story is told of a certain well-known theatrical manager, who has a habit of, by hook or by crook, getting his own way.

"That's too loud," he called out one day, as the orchestra started at a rehearsal.

"I can't help it, sir," replied the conductor. "It's marked forte."

"Well," went on the man of power, imperturbably, "just make it thirty-five, please."

W. H. O. Wilkinson, Stratford, says:—"It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills. Price 50c a box."

"Uncle Frank," said little James, "what is the difference between 'cute' and 'sneaky'?"

"According to your mother, it's the difference between what you do and what Mrs. Brown's little boy does."

Mary Ovington, Jasper, Ont. writes:—"My mother had a badly sprained arm. Nothing we used did her any good. Then father got Hagyard's Yellow Oil and it cured mother's arm in a few days. Price 25 cents."

Be yourself simple, honest, and unpretending and you will enjoy through life the respect and love of friends.—Sherman.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DANDRUFF. "It is said that my music carried people away."

"Yes, I noticed that you gradually emptied the room."

**1916 For the New Year**

**NEW GOODS**

We have quite a lot of We include plain and fancy Rings, Wrist Watches—some with luminating dials.

Ladies' Watches in handsome designs. Young Men's Watches in the popular sizes. Watches for the MEN and boys; also some very fine and close timekeeping ones among them.

Solid Gold and Rollplate Pendants, Necklets, Bracelets, Fobs, Cuff Links, Studs, Brooches, fancy and useful Clocks. The latest and best in Eyeglasses, Silverware, etc. etc.

**E. W. TAYLOR**

142 Richmond Street.

**MUST-SELL-SALE!**

**L. J. REDDIN'S.**

**Ladies' Cloth Coats**

About 40 in all to be cleared at 25 to 33 1-3 per cent. discount.

**Furs**

A lot of sample Neck-Furs, half price. 1 only Rat Coat, \$65 for \$44. Fur Sets in Fox, Wolf, Sable, Coon, Persian Lamb, Opossum, etc.

**Also**

Separate Muffs in above Furs. Men's Coon Coats, \$60 for \$50.

**Overalls.**

A special line of Overalls at 90c. and \$1.00.

**Dress Goods.**

All lines of Dress Goods selling at cut rates.

**L. J. REDDIN** 117 Queen Street. The Store that always has Snaps to offer.

**LET US MAKE Your New Suit**

When it comes to the question of buying clothes, there are several things to be considered.

You want good material, you want perfect fitting qualities, and you want your clothes to be made fashionable and stylish, and then you want to get them at a reasonable price.

This store is noted for the excellent quality of the goods carried in stock, and nothing but the very best in trimmings of every kind allowed to go into a suit.

We guarantee to fit you perfectly, and a our clothes have that smooth, stylish, well-tailored appearance, which is approved by all good dressers.

If you have had trouble getting clothes to suit you, give us a trial. We will please you.

**MacLellan Bros.** TAILORS AND FURNISHERS 158 Queen Street.

**ISLAND SOLDIERS**

At the Front Are Asking For **Hickey's Black Twist CHEWING TOBACCO**

**BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST**

**Hickey & Nicholson Tobacco Co., Ltd.**

PHONE 345

**LIME**

We have on hand quantity of

**St. John LIME**

In Barrels and Casks.

PHONE 111

**C. LYONS & Co**

April 26, 1916—t

**Fire Insurance**

Possibly from an oversight or want of thought you have put off insuring, or placing additional insurance to adequately protect yourself against loss by fire.

ACT NOW! CALL UP

**DeBlois Bros.** Charlottetown Water Street, Phone 521. June 30, 1915—3m

**Morson & Duffy**

Barristers and Attorneys Brown's Block, Charlottetown P. E. Island.

**MONEY TO LOAN.**

**Synopsis of Canadian North-West Land Regulations**

Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years of age may homestead a quarter section available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions by father, mother, daughter, brother or sister of intended homesteader.

Duties—Six months' residence and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may within nine miles of his homestead a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside upon the homestead or pre-emption six months before entry (including the time required for a homestead patent) and cultivate 50% extra. A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may enter for a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$5.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a building worth \$500.00. W. W. CORY, Deputy Minister of the Interior.

**W. J. P. McMillan, M.D.** PHYSICIAN & SURGEON OFFICE AND RESIDENCE 205 KENT STREET CHARLOTTETOWN.

**Flying Machines**

Our store has gained the reputation for reliable Groceries. Our trade during 1915 has been very satisfactory. We shall put forth every effort during the present year to give our customers the best possible service. R. F. Maddigan.

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