

THE QUEBEC TRANSCRIPT,

AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

FRIDAY, 8th NOVEMBER, 1839.

[No. 112.]

OL. II.]

Portrait.

LOGUE TOUCHING THE CHEESE OF TEN HUNDRED WEIGHT TO HER MAJESTY.

Tell me good poet, if you please,
Why give the Queen so good a cheese?

ANSWER.

The man who made it knew full well
What hungry ones around her dwell;
He knew the great Montague Rice,
Would cut himself a handsome slice;
That Melbourne's for too gay and daring
To rest content with mere cheese paring;
And Dan, so fond of pence for fees,
Seems afar off the bread and cheese;
A smaller cheese than this he knew
Would not suffice this mity crew.
Lockport Advertiser.

THE MAN ON THE MAST.

The little fishing village of — is placed on a neck of land which unites a small promontory with the sandy district of — and forms the point of junction of two long bays that take a long curve inwards on either side, leaving it standing far into the sea as to present, from the distant heights, the appearance of being built upon, or rather in, the water. On this rocky promontory, which forms, as it were, the Acropolis to the village, a small, ruined chapel, of antique and workmanship, stands, bleak and unsheltered to buffet as it may the force of the waves, and is occasionally swept in long white spray, completely over the roofless into the streets of the hamlet behind it. The sea boils with peculiar fury over a reef of rocks, which runs out for more than a mile in a direct line, as if it chafed long sea-line of sand being intruded upon by a stubborn obstacle as this black ridge of rocks. When the wind blows from the east or east-south-east, especially, the point to which the boisterous sea has given the name of Chapel-head, may be distinguished for many a mile by its hoary crest of foam; and it would be as if the superstition of the primitive ages had raised this little religious edifice as a sort of deprecatory barrier against the elements of that element which they found it so difficult to exorcise by any mole or bulwark which could raise for the purpose. It seems, however, that the simple villagers have long been convinced that their prayers are no more availed than Caute's commands by its progress, as they have prudently drawn, by degrees, from that part of the coast more immediately exposed to the incursions of the sea; and the few end houses which present an appearance almost as completely deserted as their outpost the chapel itself, being wholly untenanted, while the rest of the miserable residences of the poorest and most destitute of the sea-faring population are crowded up for the intrusion of the elements in this quarter, a race more modest and practical, though still possessed of engineering skill, have constructed on the shore of the promontory, a small and narrow pier, which running at first at right angles to the reef above mentioned, and then turning in near the extremity towards the north, forms a narrow and imperfect shelter for the wherries, by the assistance of which the contrives to exist and pay the land tax, and the use of the patch of barren land it occupies. This miniature harbour is fast and shallow, while at its mouth a bar of shingle, and when the tide is at its ebb, the rough but staunch boats stand high on the slimy beach, propped on a pair of wooden crutches, and rocking, as it were, in the bosom of rank sea-weed, blubber-fish, and numerous heads of decapitated ling and haddock, which are strewed around them, with advantage, it is to be feared, to the healthfulness of the village. As the tide rises, the boats may be distinguished first by their broken waives against the projecting of the clinker-built hulls, and presently by the creaking and groaning of these, as they rise above the water, and are once about they confusedly swing

amongst each other, and rub and chafe in their efforts for room.

It is immediately opposite to where this stony arm has its shoulder in the land, that the most ruinous of the deserted huts I have described are placed; and to a stranger rounding the point into the little harbour, the whole scene, the barren sand, the bare walls, the ruin, present such a picture of desolation, that he will naturally hesitate a moment before he can bring himself to feel that here he can have shelter from any mischance by land or water.

One autumn afternoon, in the year—, three figures were observed standing in front of one of these habitations, against which two of them leaned, whilst the third stood a little in advance, and, with his hand over his eyes, seemed to be intently gazing in the direction of the seaward horizon. To a person less skilled in the prognostics of change of wind or weather, than the hardy race of deep-sea fishermen on the coast of Ireland, it would have been difficult to account for the evident marks of anxiety which could be discerned on the countenances of all three, in paring a thoughtful cast to the two elder and more retired of the party, and exhibiting itself in the most lively manner in the attitude and expression of the third, as he alternately swept the distant sea-line with his eyes, and then it up for an instant, nearly closed, to the sky. There is something peculiarly striking in the bearing of the fisherman. It is an error to suppose he is to be classed with the rollicking mat-of-war's man, into which he so often, however, degenerates.

He is generally, when concerned in the business of his craft, silent and reserved, with all the intelligence, however, which having a knowledge of, as well as an interest in what he is about, is sure to give; and there is a manly gravity in his air, approaching, in some instances, almost to dignity, which would at first sight argue him scarcely alert enough for the rapidity of marine evolutions, but that his eye is ever open, watchful, and keen, and discovers the energy which might escape notice in the slouching position and folded arms. The men of whom I speak at present were, two of them at least, in costume and bearing, by no means of the higher order even of their own craft. Their garments were rough and tattered, seemed to be held together by tar as much as by stitch and button; their linen, if there were any, was invisible; and their shoes were not separated from the foot by any interposed layer of stocking whatever. Yet was there nothing either of vulgarity or meanness about them; their appearance was savage more than miserable; they were ragged, it is true, but not beggarly.

"They'll be late, some of them, I'm afraid, after all," said the youngest of the party, turning to his companions after a long and intent gaze to the east-ward. "As for that cackle-shell, the Fitty-wake, with the young gentlemen in her, it's well she's so near in shore, or she'd have but a bad look-out of it. Three of us have been in sight, and are making for home; but the rest had better keep their fingers, and seek to weather it out as they are for to-night."

"Ay, Jack, if they let the day-light go, they have no business in shore. It will be a dark night as well as a breezy one, and should they miss the harbour, and the ebb set in, it's all over with them, I'm afraid."

"Two more of them yonder to the north-east I see crowding up," said the third of the party, "and one of them's Bucker Bryan's boat, I'll warrant. I think I can tell the schooner-rig even with my old eyes. He's sure to run for it if he doubts the weather."

"But I say, Rooney, what's she just loomed out from behind the island yonder, north-ward of the Coffin Rocks? Picking for the water-dogs, I suspect, from the cut of her jib. She's right to keep to windward now, anyhow, and let them have a sleep; she might land more than her cargo before morning if she were half a league closer in. I've some doubts of her, too, even where she is; she's deep in the water, and now I look again, she's a running a point or two too much to the west-ward, to have any one on board who knows much about the Chapel-head."

"Well, our business is with ourselves," said Rooney; "and here comes another of us smoking over the bar. It's long since I have seen a dirtier evening. I knew what it would come to after the lull to-day, to say nothing of the twinging of my shoulders and elbows."

In truth the signs of coming tempest were now too apparent to be mistaken. The wind, which had been blowing at first lightly from the westward, and then had died altogether, had within the last hour chopped about to the north-east, and continued every moment to gain in force, as was evidenced by the small, white foam with which every wave was tipped as it rolled shoreward, and the deeper swing and strain of the boats riding in the little harbour. The day had been cloudless; but as the sun approached the west, the eastern quarter of the heavens had become heavy with lurid haze, which rose like an exhalation out of the waters, and stretched itself gradually towards the land, tinging the sea with a dull brown, and leaving only one narrow rim of light running along the line of its distance, in which, as if touched by a pale gleam of sunshine, were discernible the far-off sails of some of the fishing-boats, whose return was so anxiously looked for by the three mariners on shore.

Many sea-birds were sweeping inland, making the air resound with their loud screeches; and the roar from the Chapel-head, coming in the ear like distant salvos of artillery, announced the approach of the swell, which as yet was but partially felt in the harbour. As the twilight became fainter, which it did with unusual rapidity, owing to the huge masses of cloud that began to push each other up the sky from the eastward, one or two of the little vessels appeared close at hand, sweeping forward with a rapidity scarcely less than that of the wind, which rushed directly after them, distending their coarse red canvas to the utmost; while at the same time the sea hissed and boiled at their bows, and glanced off in thick spray, as they alternately entered and were left behind by the hastening billows. As each boat shot by the pier-head, with her sails dark against the sky, there might be heard above the wind the strong flap and flutter of her canvas, the shouted commands of her helmsman, and the scolding of the smoother water, as her head was brought round, and she gradually took her station on the outer or western side of the wherries moored in the harbour.

At last, something seemed to fit past, so lightly and rapidly, that it might have been taken for a sea-bird's wing in the gathering gloom. In another instant, a gig of the lightest and most fragile build, had shot to the westward of all the other boats, under a small lug-sail, which was lowered in an instant, and was already aground on the foamy swell of the backwater at the bottom of the harbour. The next moment four persons—her whole crew—had jumped out into the water, and, taking her under the thwarts, had run the frail bark high and dry upon the sand. A merry cheer announced the landing accomplished, and the figures began slowly to ascend the beach towards the sailors. It was not necessary to see their high cast of features, their graceful forms, or delicate limbs, to know them for gentlemen. The circumstances of their having been out in so watery a skiff, on such a night, having shot so boldly ashore, and handled their craft in so dashing a style, were enough. It is absurd to talk of practised seamen, hardy tars, &c., and laugh, as is the fashion, at gentlemen amateurs. They may be rash, and suffer for it; but it is the same rashness which spurs them at a six-foot wall, or a twenty-foot drain, and carries them over it, while a "practised" plebeian will look at it and ride to a gate. They cannot do every thing that a sailor will, but they will do many a thing that a sailor will not, and do it well.

The youngest of the three fishermen descended to the beach at a signal from the party, and took charge of the boat. The amateurs were dressed in loose white shirts and trousers, with a small black handkerchief hanging round their necks. Their whole air was that of joyous excitement, and as the gale swept the long hair from their brows, and heightened the colour on their sunburnt cheeks,

it was hard to say whether the recollection or the expectation of pleasure was predominant in the expression of their countenances. They had invigorated their bodies with manly exercise—got through difficulty and danger with success; and were now within reach of a hospitable house, where good cheer and smiling faces awaited them, and where the exertions of the day would serve only to give a tonic to conversation, and a zest to the banquet. Alas! how different the lot of many a hardy youth who surmounted the same perils, with the same relish for enjoyment. Of those who arrived at the pier that evening, after a weary day, there were more than one whose wet garments were their only ones, who had little more shelter in their wind swept hovels than on the deck they had left, and whose hunger was to be half appeased with the wet and unwholesome food to which poverty in Ireland is generally restricted. There must be a spring at the heart of an Irishman, more elastic than is to be found animating the bosoms of his fellow-mortals, elsewhere, through the world, or the old paradox must be reconciled, and suffering becomes indifferent by habit.

We will follow the party which had just landed, to the neighbouring hall, where they had been anxiously looked for by sundry portly looking persons, with rubicund faces, and snow-white waistcoats spread over the torrid zone of their stomachs. Dinner had been detained till the youths should arrive, and dinner was the object which always engrossed these worthy gentlemen's thoughts about this hour, to the exclusion of every thing else. These individuals had been two or three times out upon the hall-door steps, silk-stocking, & brushed up to perfection, their little puffy hands, glittering with rings, being thrust impatiently under the shirts of their coats, as they threw their eyes up to the sky, and along the avenue, and then cast their thoughts forward longingly to the dinner-table. It was a view that before them, as they stood at the hall-door of — house, which might well have claimed a moment's regard, as it lay expanded beneath the last gleam of daylight. The island, the town, the tower, the grove,—but what was it all to them? Set such a creature amidst the most exquisite display of art, or in the grandest scenes of nature, and he preserves the tenor of his soul with surprising equanimity. The senses, like the old Duke of Clarence's person, are drowned in the wine-cask; the juices of his eyes a turtle-soup; and creation, to him, is one vast kitchen garden. How many have lived and died in this happy state of sensual insensibility! How many are there, even now, in like predicament?"

Having been driven in at last, however, by the increasing violence of the gale, which blew in front of the house, they ascended once more to the drawing-room, and endeavoured to persuade the ladies of the party that they considered waiting, in their society, preferable even to dinner without it; their fidgety twitches and half-swallowed yawns, interspersed with occasional sighs, showing but too plainly the struggle between their politeness and the truth. At length, a rush of wind into the hall announced the door opened, and the loud voices and ringing laugh of the expected party found their echo in the brightened countenances of the drawing-room circle. The door was shut and barred in a moment again; the youth's toilette was soon made, and, in a few minutes, the whole company were seated at dinner in the spacious parlour, amidst a blaze of lamps, partaking of the substantial cheer of — house.

It is not my intention to follow the course in my description, as if I were building a story instead of telling one. I must leave the soup, fish, entremets, and pieces de resistance to be discussed as they may, washed down by the vintage of France and Spain, and seasoned with social converse and convivial glee. The party was little more than a family one, although it amounted to twelve or fifteen in number—the exceptions being two of the nautical adventurers, one of the corpulent white-waistcoated folk, and the village-doctor, a pale young man, with a peculiarly death-bed address. All, however, were intimates, and it was in the

county: there was no restraint or reserve. Characters were pulled to pieces; sermons criticised; friends sneered at; ladies rallied; the doctor quizzed to his face; and O'Connell abused, just as usual in every such assembly, and with perfect freedom, in the most good-natured way in the world.

When the fair sex had withdrawn, on which occasion the white-waicoats could not restrain a sigh of relief) the party closed up round their host, and their comfort seemed only increased by the occasional gusts which swept past the windows, and belled in the chimney. They talked of politics, of literature (slightly), of agriculture, of petty sessions, of nauticals, of proposed systems of poor laws (at large), of wine, of lunatic asylums, of women. At last, one of the younger of the party proposed a song turning, at the same time, to the most contempt of the white-waicoats. He expected the challenge, and was evidently an old offender, for his excuses were only protracted till he had decided upon the key, and then, having touched his forehead with the hand which had most rings on it, by way of giving notice to his memory that it was about to be taxed, he sang the following stanza to a fine old Protestant tune, lapping strongly, and swelling out each note in the middle, like the down stroke of a capital letter, in the fashionable, "now imperfect," style of half a century back:—

"As Chloe fled the other day,
And holly I pursued,
The breeze it rent her veil away,
And oh, what charms it showed!

"So round her cheek, so full her lip,
So snowy white her skin,
That, coming near a stream, I trip,
And tumble headlong in.

"I shout and flounder—saw, oh saw!
But no—the cruel fair,
Runs laughing off, content to leave
Her Damon drowning there.

"I rise at length walk calmly out,
Forwear the heartless lass,
And now, to put it past a doubt,
I'm wedded to my glass.

"We live from hand to mouth, 'tis true!
And frail the jade may be,
But then she's kind, and comic, too,
And that's enough for me.

"'Tis she the Chloe who would cast,
In public, him who sought her!
If drowning be my fate at last,
The liquor shan't be water!"

Here ceased the vocal effort of the plethoric bon vivant. Effort it might be called, for his red face grew redder as he proceeded; his full veins more swollen; his breath shorter, and more thick; and had there been another verse, it would most probably have proved the truth of the preceding stanza, by setting his frown in another way. The conclusion was drawn in a shout of applause, on the part of the listeners, and, on his own, in a glass of port of such ample dimensions, that it might have been mistaken for a tumbler at any less hospitable board. Upon it he floated all the melody that might have stuck to his lips back to his heart, to be ready there for further use.

(To be continued.)

THE TRANSCRIPT.

QUEBEC, FRIDAY, 8TH NOV. 1839.

It is not often that we can agree with *Le Canadien* in his observations upon public affairs, but, in a late number, he has stated some objections against the system of prohibiting the free ingress of foreign journals into this country, which we conceive to be well founded. Our readers are probably aware that *Le Patriote Canadien*, conducted, ostensibly, by Ludger Duvernay, the *Spirit of '76*, which is under the editorial management of the notorious Theller, Mackenzie's *Gazette*, (by the way he should like to know if this precious article is still in existence) and another or two of the same stamp, are, when received at the frontier post offices, denied further progress, and sent back whence they came. We certainly do not wish to promote the circulation of such productions in this country, and would offer no objection to the system now pursued if it kept them entirely at the other

side of the line. This effect, however, is not prouced, for numbers of the papers find their way into the country. The means employed are inefficient for the desired end, and if the old proverb be true, that stolen fruit is the sweetest, and that it applies in this case, which we believe it does, the interdicted journals obtain an importance which they would not otherwise possess. The government need not be alarmed at the loud thunders of these papers, while it evinces perfect apathy for the insidious and, therefore, more dangerous, writings of *Le Canadien*, which are calculated to do more injury than the unmasked statements and appeals of *Le Patriote Canadien*.

From the *Canadien* of Wednesday we find that good news may sometimes be obtained from the papers above alluded to. A stray number of the *Patriote* has come into the hands of the *Canadien*, and an extract copied from it informs us that the refugee rebels who have lately returned to this Province entertain no idea of remaining, their object being merely to settle their affairs here previous to taking up their residence in the United States. This is gratifying information, and we heartily wish that all entertaining opinions in accordance with theirs would go and do likewise.

New York papers of Saturday evening were received by yesterday's mail. They are almost filled with appeals to the electors, and details of preparation for the election, which was to commence on Monday. The "Loco Focos," on Friday night, paraded through the streets of New York, with martial music and incendiary flags; after the manner of the *sans culottes* marching into Paris, from the *fauve-bourgs*, to the tune of *La Marseillaise*. This party in the republic has organized a number of gangs of ruffians, in New York, which are, by themselves, designated in the following elegant style:—

- 1. Buttenders. 5. Hard Fists.
- 2. Pointenders. 6. Ball Rollers.
- 3. Indomitables. 7. Ninth Ward Roarers
- 4. Hugs Paws. 8. Up Town Boys.
- 9. Old Hunkers.

Bank Stock declined on Saturday from the rates of the preceding day; U. S. Bank shares were sold at 70; @ 71, cash. There was nothing doing in Exchange on England; \$3000 on Philadelphia sold at 86. Money continued very scarce, and the ruinous rates of 3 and 4 per cent per month were still being paid on first-rate paper. The *Commercial Advertiser* states that 1,500,000 barrels of Flour will be sent off, which will pay \$10,000,000 of the foreign debt.

By yesterday's Eastern mail we received papers from all the Lower Provinces, but they are unusually barren of news. In the *Woodstock Times* we find the following extract from the *Bangor Democrat*, respecting the boundary question, from which it could appear that the good people of Maine are by no means satisfied with the progress of the investigation so far. These people find it much more convenient and easy to resort to abuse and bullying than to argument, which is not their forte. They dislike a "Fair-field" for the calm discussion of a question.

THE ROYAL COMMISSIONERS.—We learn from a source we consider altogether responsible, that the British Commissioners have not been north of the St. John river in their exploration, to find the highland of the treaty of 83. The new account we have received is that the surveying party divided at the mouth of the Aroostook, one party proceeding up the St. John to the source of the Allegash, and the other party to the source of the Aroostook, where the two parties united, and came to the sage conclusion that the highlands causing the waters of the Aroostook and Allegash to flow in different directions, were the veritable highlands of the treaty. Having settled this question to their entire satisfaction, they drank their wine and departed for Quebec, having

finished the object of their mission. What a farce is this—what mockery! No exploration or survey—no examination of the line claimed by us—no fairness—no honesty. Can it be possible that after all their fair professions, the British have proved so false and dishonorable.

THE BRITISH ARISTOCRACY.

In a late London paper, we have perused an interesting article on the Peerage of the United Kingdom, from which we extract the following particulars of the longevity of a large number of its members. It will be seen that there is not a Peer in the list under three score and eleven, which will account for the omission of the brightest name in the Aristocracy, the DUKE OF WELLINGTON being only in his 71's year.

BARONS.—Grafton, 79—Bedford, 73—Cleveland, 74—Marlborough, 73—Norfolk, 72—Aigyle, 71—Dorset, 72—Hamilton, 72—Manchester, 71—Portland, 71.

MARQUESSSES.—Camden, 80—Wellesley 79—Huntly, 78—Anglesea, 71.

EARLS.—Mergavenny, 84—Bantry, 72—Resborough, 81—Cathcart, 84—Cavan, 76—Cork, 72—Effingham, 72—Egmont, 72—Elgin, 73—Eniskillen, 71—Fetters, 79—Fetters, 86—Glasgow, 73—Grey, 75—Harcwood, 72—Harrowby, 77—Limerick, 81—Ludlow, 81—Macclesfield, 81—Mayo, 73—Mount Edgecumbe, 75—Potsmouth, 72—Ranfurlly, 85—Rosse, 81—St. Germain, 73—Seaford, 72—Shattisbury, 71—Somers, 79—Stanford, 74—Westmerland, 80.

VISCOUNTS.—Gort, 71—Kennure, 89—Sidmouth, 82—Strathallen, 72.

BARONS.—Arlon, 83—Ashtown, 84—Bexley, 73—Bloomfield, 77—Carberry, 74—Colville, 71—Delamere, 72—Dinorbin, 72—Duffres, 74—Dynevor, 74—Feversham, 75—Forbes, 74—Gray, 74—Lyndoch, 89—Manners, 83—Rolle, 83—Maryborough, 76—Mastyn, 71—Plunkett, 75—Polwarth, 81—Rossore, 74—Slacliar, 71—Seynham, 71—Western, 72—Wynford, 72.

The united ages of the Dukes amount to 730, the Marquesses, 380, the Earls, 2,300, the Viscounts, 314, the Barons, 1,899 years; total, 5,633—the average age being 76. Though last not least, two Peeresses, the Countess of Dysart and the Countess of Mansfield, each enjoy a green old age; the former having arrived at the venerable age of 94, and the latter at that of 81. Who says the British Aristocracy is not like the British oak?

We have received nothing from Upper Canada since our last publication.

The *Pictou Observer* of the 22nd ultimo, contains an account of the fire at the coal mines, which corroborates the accounts we have already published, including that in Monday's *Transcript*, of the fire being extinguished. The *Observer* states that no material delay or deficiency in the supply of coal will result; and that the company will go on flourishing and prospering as if no untoward event had ever occurred to impede their praiseworthy operations.

At the last Criminal Term of the Court of King's Bench, of this District, Edouard Damas, Jean Vallières, James Moorhead, and Charles Charland, were convicted of burglary, and, on the last day of Term, sentenced to be hanged on the 8th November (this day). These individuals have, we suppose, obtained a reprieve, or a commutation of their sentence, as, at ten o'clock this morning, there was no sign of preparation for carrying the awful decree of the law into effect. A number of persons had, however, congregated in front of the gaol.

The *Princess Victoria* now makes three trips daily to Laprairie, and, with the additional trip, can hardly keep up with the briskness in trade now prevailing. It is generally admitted that this briskness, during the last fortnight, has been from 30 to 50 per cent greater than it ever has been at the Port of Montreal, during the same period.—*Mont. Cor. Gazette de Québec.*

GIANT UMBRELLA.—An umbrella of the extraordinary dimensions of 66 feet in circumference, gaily fringed, and standing 12 feet high, was exhibited on our Exchange on Monday last. It was made by Mr. Howe, of Bristol, for one of the African Kings, and is to be sent out by the ship.—*Bristol Paper.*

The maker of the umbrella no doubt considers it his greatest chef d'œuvre (shade over!)

We understand that the members of the Special Legislative Council for Lower Canada, are summoned to meet at Montreal on Monday next the 11th inst. The ordinary Session it is said will be held only when the Governor General returns from Upper Canada, probably in January. Sir Richard Jackson, it is said, will administer the Government during the absence of the Governor General.—*Gazette.*

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.—At an adjourned General Meeting of the Society, held on Tuesday, at St. Andrew's School-House, the following officers were chosen for the ensuing year:—

- JOHN NELSON, President.
- F. W. PALMROSE, 1st V. President.
- ANDREW PATRICKSON, 2nd do.
- JAMES BURNS, Treasurer.
- ADAM BURNS, Secretary.
- COLIN BAIRD, Assistant do.

Committee of Management:—L. Ballingall, R. H. Gairdner; Alex. Hadden; H. S. Scott; John McLeod; Andrew McGill; James Rodger; Ebenezer Baird; Arch. Campbell; Chs. Stuart, Dunbar Ross.

Chaplain:—Rev. J. Clugston and Rev. Dr. Wilkie.

Physicians:—Dr. Jas. Douglas and Dr. Morrin.

Committee for the Anniversary Dinner:—The President & Vice Presidents, and Messrs. Young, Campbell and Stuart.

[Communication.]
The Public will be gratified to learn, that the Honble. Messrs. Justices Panet, Vallières, and Bedard, have gratuitously obtained a retirement similar to that which they, and every of them, took so many pains to procure for the Honble Mr. Kerr, who had spent a life of forty years in the service of the Crown.
RETIREMENT.

Joseph Bonaparte, ex-King of Spain, and suite, sailed yesterday in the Philadelphia for London. Bonaparte, for himself and suite engaged the entire cabins of the Philadelphia for which he pays \$5,000. Within the past five years he has crossed the Atlantic three or four times, and he has invariably done so in the same vessel. The ex-King seems to be very unsettled, for he is constantly on the move, but he don't make much noise in the world now—he moves quietly from place to place.—*New York Herald.*

RESUMPTION OF SPECIE PAYMENTS.—We find it stated in the Upper Canada paper that the Commercial Bank of the Middle District had resumed specie payments in Kingston, nor is there any good reason to doubt that the other Banks will also comply with the law; although, it must be admitted, the moment happens to be one as little favourable to the measure as can well be imagined. A week—a day may compel all the Banks in Canada to suspend their issues of specie—and the measure of justifiable and necessary defence.—*Montreal Transcript.*

We have much pleasure in announcing to our readers the arrival in town of the celebrated Irish Melodist, Mr. F. P. White, who intends to lecture on the divine arts of Music and Poetry. Mr. White is author of an exquisite melodies, as well as a celebrated musical composer.—*Montreal Herald.*

MONTEAL ASHES STORE COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

31st Oct. 1839.			
Pots.	Pearls.	Total.	
Shipped, ..	14,650	8,371	23,021
In Store, ..	1,288	488	1,746
	15,938	8,859	34,797
31st Oct. 1838.			
Shipped, ..	16,084	8,380	24,374
In Store ..	1,466	985	2,451
	17,550	9,365	36,915

Decrease 1st Nov. 1839, .. 46



SHIP INTE PORT O ARR None at CLIA No Bark Cato, Ormston, Ship Calcutta, Brown, Bark Jonah, Campbell, Brig Rebecca, Miligan, Scher. Queen Victoria, I Bark Joanna, Roberts Bark Helen, Meares, I Ship Napoleon, Monty Bark Calypso, Peterb Bark Bolivar, Richards Scher. Mary Ann, Alla

PASSI In the *Bellona*, sailed—Mr. and Mrs. Donnan, dingham, 2d Regt. I and Platt. In the packet ship *E. Est* from New York for Br Army; Ed. Hurstall and Platt. At Chambly, on the 5 Fitzgerald, H. A. of a MAI On Tuesday evening, of this city, by the Rev. Mr. Lewis Montizanz Miss Lucy Lewin, third Mr. Justice Bowen.

DI Yesterday evening, shoemaker; aged 40. F are requested to attend residence No. 1, St. Jo ternoon at Three o'clock THE Subscriber de Groceries business whom he may be indebted for liquidation; indebted to him to mak

Quebec, 6th Nov. 1839

CANADIAN J. Luckel W. L. L. L. MONY ON SATURDAY FROM THE N FOR Freight or Passage on Board. Cabin Passage 7s. 6d. No vessel

J. J. S Carriage ST. ANN OPPOSITE THE EN HAS now on hand BELLS SLIGHTS AN will dispose of at very Having lately imported the best LONDON G work will be found su executed. Sleighs and Carriages fitted up. Quebec, 6th Nov. 1839

STATIONARY THE Subscribers h Thoria and Priu SUPPLY of LONDON STA very general assortm dispose of at low pric They have also recei don Publications, a li ready in a day or two

Quebec, 6th Nov. 1839 AMER JUST RECEIVED, 120 BARRELS LIFLOWER Fruit, and in good order Corner of St. J. Quebec, 6th Nov. 1839



SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF QUEBEC.

ARRIVED. None since our last.

CLEARED. Nov. 5th.

Bark Cato, Oranston, Lyman, Pemberton.
Ship Calcutta, Brown, Liverpool, Sharples.
Bark Jonah, Campbell, Liverpool, J. Mann.
Brig Rebecca, Miligan, Strangford, Gilmour.
Schr. Queen Victoria, Balin, Miramichi, Noad.
10th.

Bark Joanna, Robertson, Liverpool, Gilmour.
Bark Helen, Mearns, Strangford, Gilmour & Co.
Ship Napoleon, Montgomery, Belfast, T. Oliver.
Brig Calypso, Petherbridge, Exmouth, Mastland.
Bark Bolivar, Richards, Bristol, Atkinson & Co.
Schr. Mary Ann, Allard, Bathurst, G. B. Symes.

PASSENGERS.

In the *Bellona*, sailed on Tuesday for Glasgow.
—Mr. and Mrs. Duncan, 3 Miss Duncans, Dr. Le-
dingham, 24th Regt. Messrs. Buckley, Collins,
and Platt.
In the packet ship *England*, sailed on the 1st
inst. from New York for Liverpool.—Major Spratt,
Br Army; Ed. Burstall, of Quebec.

BIRTH.

At Chambly, on the 24th ult. the lady of Lieut.
Fitzgerald, R. A. of a daughter.

MARRIED.

On Tuesday evening, at the Cathedral Church
of this city, by the Rev. H. D. Sewell, M. A. Ed-
ward Lewis Montzambert, Esq. Advocate, to
Miss Lucy Irwin, third daughter of the Honble.
Mr. Justice Bowen.

DIED.

Yesterday evening, Mr. William McAdams,
shoemaker, aged 43. Friends and acquaintances
are requested to attend the Funeral from his late
residence No. 1, St. Joseph Street, to-morrow
afternoon at Three o'clock.

THE Subscriber being about to resign the
Grocery business, requests all those to
whom he may be indebted to send in their
accounts for liquidation; and also, those who are
indebted to him to make immediate payment.

H. J. JAMIESON.

Quebec, 8th Nov. 1839.



CANADIAN PATRIOT,

J. Luckin, Master,
WILL LEAVE FOR
MONTREAL,

On SATURDAY Evening, Nov. 9th.
FROM THE NAPOLEON WHARF.

For Freight or Passage, apply to the Captain
on board. Cabin Passage 25s. Steerage Pas-
sage 7s. 6d. No vessels taken in Tow.



J. J. SAURIN,

Carriage Manufacturer,
ST. ANN STREET,

OPPOSITE THE ENGLISH CATHEDRAL,

HAS now on hand a number of FASHION-
ABLE SLEIGHS and CARIOLES, which he
will dispose of at very low prices.

Having lately imported a large quantity of
the best LONDON GOODS in his line, his
work will be found superior to any previously
executed.

Sleighs and Carioles Painted, Varished and
fitted up.
Quebec, 8th Nov. 1839.

STATIONARY AND BOOKS.

THE Subscribers have received per *Eleu-
theria* and *Prince George*, their FALL
SUPPLY OF LONDON STATIONARY, comprising a
very general assortment, which they will
dispose of at low prices.

They have also received an Invoice of Lon-
don Publications, a list of which will be
ready in a day or two.

W. COWAN & SON,
St. John Street.

Quebec, 6th Nov., 1839.

AMERICAN WINTER APPLES.

JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE,
120 BARRELS GREENINGS, GIL-
LIFLOWERS, &c. &c., all choice
Fruit, and in good order.

THOS. BICKELL,
Corner of St. John & St. Stanislas Sts.
Quebec, 6th Nov. 1839.

GILLESPIE, JAMIESON & CO.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED of *Julia*, FROM OPORTO,
And offer for sale,

A FEW quarter casks very fine OLD PORT
WINE; Also, in Store,

The following WINES of the choicest qual-
ity:—

- Hock,
 - Sauterne,
 - Claret,
 - Champagne,
 - Sherry,
 - Port,
 - Sherry,
 - Madeira,
- "Young & Co."
In cases of 3 dozen
each.
- In pipes, hlds. and
qr. casks.

Quebec, 25th Oct. 1839.

CHEAP WOOLLEN CLOTHS.

Clothings made up in first rate style at very
reduced prices for cash only.

THE Subscriber has for sale his stock of
Superfine Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings,
Dress and Body Coats, and Stocks, at less
than the original cost. He will make up
garments in first rate style at such reduced
prices, it will make it an object to all per-
sons paying cash to give him a trial, at
Wolfe House—corner of Palace and John
Streets.

Any person purchasing Cloth from the sub-
scriber can have it cut gratis.

J. HOBROUGH, Agent.

Quebec, 2nd October.

NEW GOODS.

THE undersigned respectfully inform the
public that they have received part of
their FALL STOCK, consisting of Plain and
Figured, Black and Coloured Gros de Naples,
Loud Plaids, Silk Scarfs, French and Indiana
Merinos, Gause Ribbons, French Cambric,
Hemstiches, checked Orleans Water-proof
Clothing, &c. &c.

L. BALLINGALL & CO.

No. 12, St. John Street,
14th Oct. 1839.

J. FARLEY,

DYER,

No. 6, ST. URSELLE STREET,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and
the public, that he cleans and dresses
Gentlemen's Clothes, Cashmere, Merino, and
Canton Cape Shawls, &c. &c.—colours war-
ranted not to fade.

Quebec, 23rd Oct. 1839.

FLANNELS, BLANKETS,
COTTONS, &c.

THE undersigned have just received per
the *Benj. Hart, Norman and Avon*, an
excellent assortment of the above mentioned
Goods, which they offer for sale at their
Store, No. 26, St. John Street.

L. BALLINGALL & CO.

Quebec, 28th Oct. 1839.
N.B.—An assortment of MACINTOSH
CLOAKS and COATS.

WINTER CLOTHING.

THIRTEEN CASES, just imported, of
WINTER CLOTHING, at BROWN'S
Cheap Clothing Store, corner of Fort and
Beade Streets—consisting of patent Pilot
Cloths, Flannels, Drawers, Shirts, Weather-
able, Fur Coats, Buffalo Ditto, Gauntlet Gloves,
India Rubber and Bang-up Coats from 25s.
upwards, Ladies' Cariole Boots and Slippers,
Gentlemen's Mud Boots, and a general assort-
ment of warm made-up Clothing, just the
thing for a Canadian Winter, at prices to
suit every man's pocket.

14th Oct.

Cheap, Cheap Cash Store.

J. G. LECRONIER,

ST. JOHN'S STREET, NEAR THE GATE.

STOCK OF DRY GOODS, consisting of
Woollens, Linens, Cottons, Silks, Hab-
erdashery, &c. &c. &c.

SELLING OFF AT
REDUCED PRICES.
Quebec, 1st Nov.

ROBERT CAIRNS,

Merchant Tailor,

NO. 20, MOUNTAIN STREET,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and
the public, that he has received per the
Eleutheria, a select assortment of articles in
his line, consisting of some of the best super-
fine and Milled Cloths, Beaver and Pilot
Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, ever im-
ported. Regulation Swords, Belts and Sashes,
Military and other Gloves, Staff and Navy
Lace, Braid, Department Buttons, Braces, &c.,
&c., &c.
4th November.

THE Subscriber is now receiving per the
Eleutheria, from London, an unusually
large assortment of Plain and Fancy, Autumn
and Winter Goods, comprising Ladies, Silk
Cashmere and Woollen Cloaks, Plaid Cloak-
ings, Plaid Cashmerettes, Woollens and Cash-
mere Shawls, Velvets, Silks, Ribbons, Gloves,
Hosiery, Flannels, Blankets, &c., &c.
Also,—A very general selection of FURS,
Canada Martin, French Martin, Stone Martin,
Chinchilla Mink, Silver Fox, Musquash and
Sable Muffs, Tippets and Boas, with trimm-
ings to match, Cloak Linings, Neutria
Skins, &c.

The whole of which is now ready for sale
and will with his present Stock be offered at
low prices for CASH.

HORATIO CARWELL,

4th November. 4, Fabrique Street.

PHRENOLOGY.

THE use of the rooms of the Quebec De-
bating Club, (Freemason's Hall), having
been kindly granted to Mr. Burke, for the
purpose of delivering a PUBLIC COURSE OF
LECTURES ON PHRENOLOGY, he will commence
the course on THURSDAY EVENING, the
31st instant, at 8 o'clock precisely.

The succeeding Lectures will be delivered
on the following Saturdays, Tuesdays and
Thursdays, at the same time and place. The
course will consist of 10 Lectures. The
price of tickets for the Course will be for a
Gentlemen Two Dollars—for a Lady One
Dollar. Tickets for single Lectures a quarter
Dollar.

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.

Mr. Burke will deliver a similar course
of Lectures, to the members of the Me-
chanics' Institute, at their Room, over the
shop of Mr. Bickell, corner of St. John's
and St. Stanislas Streets.

Tickets for the Course One Dollar—for
single Lectures Seven pence half-penny.

Mr. Burke's views of Phrenology are in
many important particulars entirely new.—
They are the result of rigorous experiment
and of diligent study of the science for nearly
twelve years. His improvements and discov-
eries are of such a nature as to enable him
to answer all the objections hitherto urged
against Phrenology, not merely to the satisfac-
tion of the *Phrenologists*, but to that of the
most determined *Anti-Phrenologists*, provided
of course he will give himself the trouble of
attending to the evidence that can be ad-
vanced in favour of the Science. *Phrenolo-
gists* have mingled so many errors with the
truths they have discovered, that few persons
are aware of the real nature of the Science.
Quebec, 28th Oct.

JUST RECEIVED, "HENRY BLISS,"

AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

FIFTY Barrels refined COAL TAR,

G. H. PARKE,

India Wharf.

Quebec, 30th Sept. 1839.

FOR CHARTER,

THE fine A 1 coppered and copper
fastened Schooner "Victory,"
Peter Sterns, Commander, 100 tons per Regis-
ter, will accept of a charter to any safe port in
England or Ireland.

Apply to WM. PRICE & CO.

Quebec, 25th Oct. 1839.

WANTED TO CHARTER,

A VESSEL from 250 to 300 tons,
to load timber and deals for Cork.

Apply to WM. PRICE & CO.

Quebec, 25th Oct. 1839.

WANTED TO CHARTER,

A VESSEL from 300 to 400 tons,
to load timber and deals for Li-
merick.

Apply to WM. PRICE & CO.

Quebec, 25th Oct. 1839.



SALE OF HERRINGS,

JUST ARRIVED.

Will be sold THIS DAY, Friday, the 8th
instant, on the Napoleon Wharf, with-
out reserve, in lots to suit purchasers,
300 BBLs. HERRINGS, just landed
from the *Sclars Esperance & Martha*.
2 butts Palm Oil.
5 casks Cod Oil.

Sale at Two o'clock.

THOS. HAMILTON.

6th November.

EXPENSIVE SALE OF

Prime Port and other Wines, Sugars,
LIQUORS, FRUIT, &c.

Will be sold on MONDAY NEXT, the 11th
inst. at the Stores of Messrs. GILLESPIE,
JAMIESON & Co.—landed from the Schoon-
er *Julia*, direct from Oporto:—

FIFTEEN Pipes, } superior Port Wine.
35 hlds. }

—ALSO—

7 pipes, } very fine old Port Wine
7 hlds. } (cased,) vintage, 1830
43 qr. casks, } —"Coopers, Wilds,
Orthon," and other
celebrated brands.

1 qr. Cask very fine White Malmsey
Port Wine, (cased.)

25 boxes Portugal Onions,
4 sacks, 312 gross, Corks,
50 cwt. Corkwood,

—AFTER WHICH—

21 hds. Muscovado Sugar,
90 bags very bright E. I. do.

20 puns. Hambro' Rum, very strong and
of good flavour,

2 pipes White Brandy, 1 to 1,
5 do. Sicilian do.

6 do. Hollands Gin, "Key" Brand,

50 bbls. U. C. Whiskey,

4 butts, 3 hds. very superior Sherry
Wine,

4 pipes "Bishop's" Teneriffe Wine,
10 pipes, 7 hds. Benecarlo Wine,
80 boxes,

55 half do. } Muscatel Raisins,
65 qr. do. }

6 pipes, } Olive Oil,
5 hds. }

10 qr. casks,

20 half boxes Window Glass,
50 cases "Wardale's" Pickles and
sauces,

50 bbls. Hambro' Prime Mess Pork,
Should the whole of the above Goods not be
disposed of, on the first day, the Sale will
be continued on Wednesday, the 13th.

Sale at TWO o'clock precisely.

P. SHEPPARD, A. & B.

Quebec, 6th Nov.

Will be sold on TUESDAY next, the 12th
instant, on Irvine's Wharf:—

TWENTY hds. Refined Sugar,

4 hogheads ditto 4 lb. leaves,
25 puncheons Rum, 56 Q. V.

25 puncheons Montreal Whiskey,
20 kegs Plug Tobacco,

5 hogheads Leaf ditto very fine,
100 chests best quality Twankay Tea,
20 chests ditto Souchong ditto,
20 barrels Pale Seal Oil,
20 qr. casks Port Wine,
10 hogheads Sazerac Cognac Brandy,
5 hogheads Martelles ditto best,
50 boxes Starch,
30 bags Rice,
10 casks Carolina Rice,
1 case Nutmegs,
100 Westphalia Hams,
50 half boxes Glass, 6 1/2 x 7 1/2,
3 bales Wrapping Paper,
20 casks Whiting.

Sale at TWO o'clock.

THOS. HAMILTON.

4th Nov. 1839

THE SALE of HADLOW COVE is
again unavoidably postponed. It will
positively be held on the 20th November
next, at ONE o'clock, on the premises. The
titles and a descriptive plan of the place may
be seen at the office of the undersigned.

L. T. MACPHERSON.

N. P.

Quebec, 30th Oct., 1839.

**LONDON STATIONARY,
PLAIN AND FANCY.**

THE Subscribers have received supplies of the following articles of **PLAIN** and **FANCY STATIONARY**, viz:—

Writing Papers.

FOOLSCAP AND POT—Whitman's superfine laid Foolscap, highly glazed; do. do. do., gilt; yellow wove Pot and Foolscap.
POSTS AND NOTE PAPERS—Fine and superfine large and small, thick laid, blue wove Post; fine and superfine large and small thin laid yellow and blue wove Posts; superfine wove glazed and gilt Post; superfine laid yellow and blue wove Note Paper, gilt and plain; extra Satin Post and Note Paper, gilt and plain; embossed and plain Letter and Note Paper, coloured; black edged and black bordered Post and Note Paper; a variety of plain Envelopes for Letters and Notes.

Drawing Papers

AND DRAWING MATERIALS.
Whitman's finest Drawing Paper, all sizes; coloured Crayon Paper; London and Bristol Drawing Boards, coloured and plain, of 2, 3, 4 sheets in thickness; Drawing Books; Ackerman's Colours and Colour Boxes, of 8, 12, and 15 cakes; Juvénile Colour Boxes; and Brockman & Langdon's Drawing Pencils; Chalk Pencils, coloured Crayon Pencils, Portcrayons and Stumps for Chalk; Camel Hair Pencil; Flat Brushes, in tin, for varnishing; Indian Ink; Transfer Varnish; Rice Paper, coloured and plain; Tracing Paper; Cases of Mathematical Instruments, of different qualities; a great variety of Elementary Drawing Books, Papier Machée, Miniature Frames.

Cards, and Card Cases, &c.

Plain, gilt, black edged, black bordered, embossed and highly glazed Visiting Cards, of different sizes; perforated, embossed, and fancy coloured Cards; plain, embossed, and roan Card Cases; Playing and Conversation Cards; Pocket Books, and Note Cases, assorted.

Inks, and Ink Stands, &c.

A variety of ebony Inkstands; plain and fancy Ink Glasses; Pewter Ink Stands; Pocket Ink Bottles; Black and Red Ink, Patent Seyer Top Inkstands; Excise or Auctioneer Inkstands; Gold and Silver Ink; Coomb's Pocket Inkstands.

Miscellaneous.

Gold, Silver, and imitation Gold Paper; Morocco, Coloured, and Fancy Papers; Tissue Paper, coloured and plain; elegantly finished Albums and Scrap Books; Memorandum Books, plain and gilt; black, red and fancy coloured Sealing Wax; Morocco and plain Leather Pocket Books with or without clasps; embossed and plain Portfolios; patent eraser pointed Pencil Cases; Silver do. of Albatro; Leads for replenishing do.; Desk Knives; Pink Tape, different breadths; Prepared Parchment, different sizes and of the finest quality; Riddle's universal Pen Holders; Gold Borders, and Gold Paper Ornaments; Plain and elegant Sauff Boxes; Rodger's Penknives; Tapers and Taper Stands; Screen Handles; Music Papers, in quires and in books; Music paper coloured and embossed, of various sizes; Toy Books, of all descriptions; Black Lead Pencils, of different qualities; Slates and Slate Pencils; India Rubber, patent and common; Ivory and bone Paper Cutters; Rollers; Water Stamps; alabaster and bronzed Letter Weights.

Blank Books.

Consisting of Ledger Journals, Day Books, Bank Check Books, Ruled Memorandum Books, Pass Books, &c.
Blank Books made to order.

W. GOWAN & SON.

**OLDRIDGE'S
BALM OF COLUMBIA,
FOR THE HAIR.**

ITS positive qualities are as follows:—
1st—For infants keeping the head free from scurf, and causing a luxuriant growth of hair.
2nd—For ladies after child birth, restoring the skin to its natural strength and firmness, and preventing the falling out of the hair.
3rd—For any person recovering from debility, the same effect is produced.
4th—If used in infancy till a good growth is started, it may be preserved by attention to the latest period of life.
5th—It frees the head from dandruff, strengthens the roots, imparts health and vigour to the circulation, and prevents the hair from changing colour or getting gray.
6th—It causes the hair to curl beautifully when done up in it over night.
7th—Children who have by any means contracted vermin in the head, are immediately and perfectly cured of them by its use. It is infallible.
For sale by nearly all respectable druggists—Apply to
JOHN MUSSON
Agent for Quebec, and to
Messrs. SIMS & BOWLES, and
BEGG & URQUHART.
THE LATE MAYOR of Philadelphia has certified under seal of the city to the character of several Divines, Physicians, and gentlemen of high standing who declare positively under their own hands (all of which may be seen at the place named below) that the Balm of Columbia is not only a certain preservative, but positively a restorative of the human hair; also a cure for Dandruff. Who shall dispute or who go bald?
Quebec, 7th Oct.

FOR SALE,

At No. 11, Notre Dame Street.
20 CASKS ALUM,
8 Casks Epsom Salts,
8 Casks Brimstone,
10 Baskets Double B-erkley Cheese,
7 Bags Cotton Wicel,
1 Hhd. Westphalia Hams,
3 Cases Preserved Ginger,
12 Boxes Sorchong Tea,
10 Cases Gin,
JOHN FISHER.
Quebec, 8th June

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
TWO Hundred Barrels superfine FLOUR,
—Grantbam Mills—a very superior article.
Wm. PRICE & CO.
21st June.

INDIA RUBBER SHOES.
JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE,
LADIES', Gentlemen's, and Children's
INDIA RUBBER SHOES, of the best quality, **FIGURED AND PLAIN.**
FREDK. WYSE,
No. 3, Palace Street, opposite the Albion Hotel, Upper Town, and the foot of Mountain Street, near the Neptune Inn, Lower Town.
2nd August.

NEW SHIP CHANDLERY.
ESTABLISHED.
THE Subscribers having entered into Partnership, intend carrying on the above business (in the premises lately occupied by S. Brocklesby & Son, St. Peter-street,) under the style and firm of **Pinkerton & Oliver,**
A. H. PINKERTON,
J. E. OLIVER.
Quebec, 20th May.

JUST RECEIVED,
AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER
No. 11, Notre Dame Street,
20 SEROONS of BLACK PEPPER, (sifted.)
10 Baskets Olive Oil,
20 Barrels Roasted Coffee
20 Casks superior *Alloo Ale*, in wood and bottle.
ALSO—
1 Pipe Blackburn's Madeira,
10 Hds. Vinegar, &c.
JOHN FISHER.
Quebec 17th June, 1839.

MADEIRA WINE.
THE undersigned have received via London a FRESH SUPPLY of the much esteemed brand "J. Howard, March & Co."
JOHN GORDON & CO.
17th June.

PARTNERSHIP.
THE Subscribers respectfully beg leave to acquaint their friends and the public in general, that the business heretofore conducted by **J. J. SIMS** will, from this date, be carried on under the style and firm of
SIMS & BOWLES.
They are now moving into those spacious new premises, corner of Hope Street.
J. J. SIMS,
J. BOWLES, JUNIOR.
Apothecaries & Druggists, Upper Town Market Place.—1st May.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
At their Store, St. Peter Street,
TWENTY Pipes, 30 Hds. Benecarlo Wine, just received ex *Dunfriesthure*, from Belfast.
L. P. and Cargo Tenerife Wine in pipes, hds. and qt. cask,
500 bags Newcastle Shot, assorted numbers,
450 half boxes Crown Window Glass, assorted sizes,
100 boxes Fig Blue,
ALSO:
150 barrels Irish Pork,
50 do. Stockholm do.
5000 sheets Patent Sheathing Felt,
3000 do. do. Roofing do.
Sheathing Copper and Nails,
And on *Brewery Wharf*:
100 Chaldrons superior Sunderland Grade Coals,
Wm. PRICE & CO.
Quebec, 29th Aug, 1839.

THE HUMAN HAIR.

WHERE the hair is observed to be growing thin, nothing can be more preposterous than the use of oils, grease or any fatty matter. Their application can only be recommended through the grossest ignorance, as they hasten the fall of the hair, by increasing the relaxation of the skin. When there is a harsh, dry, or contracted skin, and where the small blood vessels which carry nourishment to the bulb are obstructed, then the oil, &c. may be good, as they tend to relax the skin; but alone they are of no avail. There must be a stimulus to rouse the vessels from their torpor, and quicken the current of the blood.—Extract from *Cirrhugh's Treatise on the Hair.*
The BALM OF COLUMBIA is the only preparation that can have that effect, being entirely free from any oily substance.

A CASE IN POINT.
I had unfortunately lost nearly all the hair from the top of my head, when I commented the use of the Balm of Columbia, and have, by the use of two bottles had my head covered with a fine growth of Hair.—There can be no mistake in the matter, as any of my friends can see by calling on me.—I had also become quite gray, but had the gray hairs plucked out, and it has grown in as the Balm says of the natural colour. If any body doubts these facts, let them call upon me and see. I bought the Balm of Comstock & Co., 2, Fletcher Street.
A. RINDGE.
No. 19, Counties Slip, Agent of Detroit Line, New York, Nov. 9, 1836.

COUNTERFEITS ARE ABROAD.
Look carefully on the splendid wrapper, for the name of **L. S. COMSTOCK.** Beware! as all without that name will be false.
SOLD BY
JOHN MUSSON,
Agent for Quebec, and by
Messrs. SIMS & BOWLES, and
BEGG & URQUHART.
Quebec, 4th October.

LATELY PUBLISHED,
By **William Cowan,**
AND EDITED BY NEWTON BOSWORTH, F. R. S. A.
A NEW AND IMPROVED WORK,
ENTITLED,
HOCHELAGA DEPICTA;
OR,
THE EARLY AND PRESENT STATE OF THE CITY AND ISLAND OF MONTREAL;
ILLUSTRATED with Forty-Five Original Copper Plates Engravings of the Public Buildings and Views of the City, from different points, a Plan of the City as it was in 1785, one year before the Conquest, and an Outline Plan as it now is; also an APPENDIX, containing a brief History of the two REBELLIONS (1837-1838), in Lower Canada, and a Chapter on AMERICAN ANTIQUITIES.—1 vol 12mo, neatly printed, and bound in Fancy Cloth, Gold Lettered, price 12s. 6d.
QUEBEC.—Sold by **W. COWAN & SON,**
9th August.

FOR SALE,
BY THE SUBSCRIBER,
100 BARRELS Prime Mess Pork,
200 ditto Prime and Cargo Beef,
(Quebec Inspection.)
120 kegs Plug Tobacco,
20 hds. U. C. and American Leaf ditto,
20,000 Havana Cigars,
150 barrels U. C. Whiskey,
20 ditto Sperm Oil, (winter),
74 ditto Cod ditto,
10 hds. Seal ditto,
40 bags roasted Coffee,
240 boxes Bunch Rai ins,
100 dozen Corn Brooms, of supr. quality,
40 bags Walnuts,
20 ditto Filberts,
70 kegs U. C. Butter,
50 chests Young Hyson Tea,
50 ditto Hyson Skin ditto,
50 ditto Souchong ditto,
100 boxes Pecco, ditto,
100 ditto Souchong, ditto,
84 tierces Muscovado Sugar,
150 barrels ditto ditto.
JOHN YOUNG.
3rd July, 1839.

JUST RECEIVED,
Per Fall Fleet by the Subscriber, FROM LONDON,
A QUANTITY of Flannels, Silks, Ribbons, Gloves, Blankets, Counterpanes, Calicoes, French Blonds, and Ladies' French Worked Collars, with a variety of other articles, which he offers for sale on moderate terms,—these articles are of the best quality, and can be seen at
ADAM SCHLEUP,
Globe Hotel, Lewis Street.
R. C. TODD,
HERALD PAINTER
No. 16, St. NICHOLAS STREET,

HORATIO CARWELL.

No. 4, Fabrique Street,
IN addition to his present extensive stock of Carpets, Counterpanes, Quilts, Flannels, Blankets, Russia Sheetings, Irish Linens, Damask Table Linen, Longcloth, Sheetings, Plain Muslins, Prints, Cambrics, Boggs, Shoes, Gloves, Silk and cotton Hosiery, Millinery, Ribbons, &c. &c.
HAS JUST RECEIVED,
Per "Mary Laing," from London,
A choice assortment of Printed Saxons Flannels, German Cloth Merinos, Autumn Bonne Silk with Ribbons to match of the newest kinds, Black mode Mantillas trimmed with lace, Cashmere and Lama Wool Shawls, Black Bobbin and Brussels Lace Veils, and a general selection of the newest styles Mouselines de Laines.
The whole of which is now being offered at reduced prices.
Quebec, 9th Sept.

THREE RIVERS BRICKS
FOR SALE
BY JAMES SEATON,
No. 1, St. Peter Street.
9th September.

WATER-PROOF COATS.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF MACINTOSH COATS, Cloaks and Capes, just received by
ROBERT CAIRNS.
23th Sept. No. 20, Mountain St.

SHAWLS.
L. BALLINGALL & CO. respectfully inform the public, that they have opened a case containing a great variety of **BLACK AND COLOURED FILLED AND PLAIN MIDDLE SHAWLS**, suitable for the season.
Quebec, 16th September, 1839.

JUST PUBLISHED
And for Sale by the Subscribers:
A TABLE showing the LATITUDES and LONGITUDES of HEADLANDS, &c., on the Coasts of North America, Newfoundland, and Bermuda, from a Strata of Observations MADE ON THE SPOT, in the years 1828, '29 and '30, by Mr. JOHN JONES, Master, and Mr. HORATIO, Mate of the H. M. Ship Husar, and other Officers of the North American Squadron; Halifax being considered as the Meridian.
W. COWAN & SON,
St. John Street, Upper Town
St. Peter Street, Lower Town
4th Oct.

**QUEBEC BRANCH,
GUY BANK**
The Bank is now open for Discounts and Deposits.
EXCHANGE ON LONDON
AND DEBTS OF NEW YORK BOUGHT AND SOLD.
C. GETHINGS,
Cashier.
2 th Sept.

JUST RECEIVED,
EX "MARY LAING," FROM LONDON,
And for sale by the Subscribers,
TWO Cases Bickerton & Gillet's BEAUFORT HATS of very superior quality, and worthy the attention of the trade.
WILLIAM PRICE & CO.
11th September.

A. PARROTT,
Copper & Tin Smith, Brasser & Plumber,
HAS REMOVED to No. 19, Mountain Street, opposite Mr. Neilson's Bookstore, where he will be happy to receive orders for all kinds of work in his line.
Quebec, 8th May

CALEDONIA SPRINGS.
THE favorable opinion I formerly entertained of the waters of the Caledonia Springs is MORE THAN CONFIRMED, as we find from the benefits I personally derived from their use, as from what I observed of their effects on others. The water should be drank in moderate quantities before breakfast, and persevered in for some weeks at least.
(Signed) **WILLIAM ROBINSON, M.D.**
A FRESH SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED
BY
BEGG & URQUHART,
Quebec, 15th May, 1839.

QUEBEC:
PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY **WILLIAM COWAN & SON,** PROPRIETORS.—PRINTERS, ST. NICHOLAS AND BOOKSELLERS ST. JOHN STREET.