

# The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, MAY 4, 1921

VOL. XLIX.

NO. 18

## WANTED

The names and addresses of all Contractors, Carpenters, Property Owners, Real Estate Owners, together with all others interested in the price of Building Material, Doors, Sash, Mouldings, Hardwood Flooring, Roofing Paper, Asphalt Shingles, Mantels, Tiles, Grates, School Desks, Blackboard, etc., etc.

We will issue in the near future, a complete catalogue covering all classes of Building Material, and will be glad to send a free copy of this catalogue to everyone sending us their names and address. Please let us have this information by Postal Card or letter, mailing same to us at Amherst.

This catalogue will be one of the most complete of its kind, and to those interested in the purchase of Building Material, will prove of great value and assistance.

RHODES, CURRY, Limited, Amherst, N. S. Feby. 23, 1921, 6i

## Legislative Assembly.

Prince Edward Island Rules Relating to Private Bills.

36 All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within fourteen days after the commencement of the session exclusive of adjournment.

37 No Private Bill shall be brought into the House, but upon a petition first presented, truly stating the case at the peril of the authors for such Bill, and such petition must be signed by the said parties.

38 A committee shall be appointed at the commencement of every Session consisting of five members of whom three shall be a quorum, to be denominated "The Private Bills Committee" to whom shall be referred every Private Bill, and no proceedings shall be had upon such Bill until such Committee has reported thereon to the House.

39 So soon as the Committee has reported any Bill, such Bill together with any amendments that may be suggested by the Committee, shall be printed at the expense of the parties who are authors of such Bill and printed copies thereof delivered to the members before the second reading if deemed necessary by the Committee.

40 No Bill for the particular interest of any person or persons, Corporation or Corporations or body or bodies of people shall be read a second time until all fees be paid for the same into the hands of the Clerk of the House.

41 No Bill having for its object the vesting in or conferring upon any person or persons, Municipality or Body corporate the title to any tract of land shall be received or read in the House unless at least four weeks notice containing a full description of the land in question has been published in the Royal Gazette and one other newspaper in this Province of the intention of such person or persons Municipality or Body Corporate to apply for such Bill.

## Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon on Friday, the 22nd April, 1921, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week, on the route, St. Peter's Bay Rural Mail Route, No. 3, from the 1st July, 1921, next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of St. Peter's Bay, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector, Ch'town, March 8, 1921, March 9, 1921—3i

## Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until Noon on Friday, the 8th April, 1921, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week, on the route, Milton Station Rural Mail Route No. 1, from the Postmaster General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Milton Station, Wheatley River, and Oyster Bed Bridge, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector, Post Office Inspector's Office, Ch'town, Feby. 25, 1921, March 2, 1921—3i

## Fire Insurance

Possibly from an oversight or want of thought, you have put off insuring, or placing additional insurance to adequately protect yourself against loss by fire.

ACT NOW. CALL UP

DEBLOIS BROS., Water Street, Phone 257

## Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General will be received at Ottawa until noon on Friday, the 4th June, 1921, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, six times per week, on the route, East Baltic Rural Mail Route No. 1, from the first October next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of East Baltic, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector, Post Office Inspector's Office, Ch'town, April 21, 1921, April 27, 1921—3i

W. J. P. McMILLAN, M.D. Physician and Surgeon

Office and Residence: 105 Kent Street

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

J. D. STEWART Barrister, Solicitor and Notary Public.

OFFICE: NEWSON BLOCK Charlottetown.

Branch Office, Georgetown

DEPARTMENT OF CUSTOMS AND INLAND REVENUE. EXCISE TAX LICENSES

Retailers, Jewellers, Manufacturers and Sales Tax Licenses as required under the Amendment to the Special War Revenue Act, 1915, are ready for issue, and application forms may be had from the undersigned.

Firms not in possession of Licenses on the 15th November, 1920, will be subject to penalty as provided in the Act.

PENALTY For neglect or refusal to take out a License shall be a sum not exceeding ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS.

F. J. CASEY, Collector of Inland Revenue at Charlottetown.

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JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector, Post Office Inspector's Office, Ch'town, Feby. 25, 1921, March 2, 1921—3i

## CARTERS

Feed, Flour & Seed Store

QUEEN STREET

WE SELL WE BUY: FLOUR OATS

The Best Brands are: Robin Hood, Victory, Beaver, Gold Medal, Queen City

WE SELL WE BUY: FEED HAY

Black and White Oats, Island Wheat, Barley, Buckwheat, Timothy Seed, Flax Seed, Early Potatoes

We want 50 Carloads of good BALED HAY. Also BALED STRAW. We want Fifty Thousand Bushels of OATS. Write us for prices, State quantity for sale.

## Carter & Co., Ltd

WHOLESALE RETAIL

## Catholic Mutual Benefit Association OF CANADA

An Exclusively Catholic and Canadian Fraternal Insurance Company for Men and Women.

Incorporated by Act of Dominion Parliament. Adequate Rates, Whole Life and Twenty and Thirty Years Assessment Policies.

Over Eight Million Dollars Paid to the Families of Deceased Members

For further information address J. E. H. HOWISON, Grand Secretary, 59 St. Denis St, Montreal, P. Q. April 14, 1920—1y

## Look. Read. Realize!

We cater to the men's trade, and no other. If you were sick you wouldn't call to see a Tailor, or a Blacksmith, about the condition of your health. Of course not; you would call to see a Doctor

If you wanted a Suit or an Overcoat would you go to see a Doctor, or a Shoemaker? Not at all. You would go to see a First Class Tailor.

WELL, there's where we shine!!! We study the business! We know what suits a young man

we know what suits a middle-aged man, and we know what suits the old gentleman—both in goods and in style. It does not make any difference whether you want your clothes Ready-to-Wear, or Made-to-Order. We are equally in a position to suit you. We do not let a suit or overcoat leave our establishment until it suits and fits the man who is buying. Our prices are always right when you take the quality into consideration.

Do not forget that we are sole agents for the famous W H Leishman & Co., Wholesale Custom Tailors. We have an elegant stock of Overcoats to show you at the present time.

Overcoats, Made-to-Order-from... \$30.00 to \$48.00  
Overcoats, Ready-to-Wear..... \$15.00 to \$36.00

## Success Is a Habit

Our habits make us. We are creatures of habit. Whether we are a success or a failure is a question of how we do things without thinking. To Save is the only way to success

Gloves We have just the kind of Gloves you need, lined and unlined. Also Wool Gloves for this time of year. Suedes and Tans—both, combination. Price..... \$1.00 to \$2.00

## MacLELLAN BROS.

## Canadian-West Land Regulations

The head of a family of 4 or more over 15 years of age, who was at the commencement of the present war and who has since continued to be a British subject or a member of an allied or neutral country, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion Land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta.

Application must appear in person at Dominion Land Agency or Sub-Agency in District. Entry by proxy may be made on special conditions. Duties six months residence upon and cultivation of land a total of three years.

In certain districts a homesteader may secure an adjoining quarter-section as pre-emption. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—\$1.00 six months in each of three years after settling homesteaded acre and cultivate 50 extra acres.

May obtain pre-emption patent as soon as homesteaded patent on certain conditions.

A settler after obtaining homesteaded patent, if he cannot secure a pre-emption, may purchase homesteaded acre in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and a house worth \$300.00.

When Dominion Lands are given to or posted for entry, returns a soldier who has served overseas and have been honorably discharged, receive one day priority in applying for entry at local Agents Office (but no Sub-Agency). Discharge papers must be presented to Agent.

Holders of entries may count time of employment as farm labourers in Canada during 1917, as residence deduction certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, City Minister of the Interior, N. B. authorized publication of his book.

## Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster General will be received at Ottawa until noon on Friday, 11th March, 1921, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, six times per week, on the route, Charlottetown Rural Mail Route No. 2, from the 1st July next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Charlottetown, Bonshaw, Hampton and Clyde River, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector, Post Office Inspector's Office, Ch'town, January 25, 1921, January 26, 1921—3i

## The Dance: Who How and Where?

Our troubles come in flocks. Now it is the movies, yesterday—no, today—it is the dance. The general public is not much concerned with the morals and deencies of the populace. The parents ought to be; the clergy ought to be, especially when it is a question of the pitfalls of the boys and girls.

We fondly imagine that the "triple Eatables"—the home, the church and the school—is moulding the morals and minds of the young. What about the street, the movie and the dance? Here is another three-fold alliance. Suppose we single out the dance. The dance is commercialized. We all know what it means. We know how the saloon commercialized the people's thirst. We know how the pool room, the vaudeville and the theatre commercialized the legitimate desire for amusement and entertainment on the part of the young. So we can guess how the dance is being commercialized. Just now, during Lent, things are quiet. Every thing will be in full swing later on. If we watch the papers we will see that a dance is to be given in the Teepee Hall by the Guzlers—ladies free, if without escorts. A dance at Snider's Harmonium, interspersed with specialty stunts by the Sons of Beelzebub. And so on, as anyone can see by looking at the paid advertisements in the evening Mohawk.

What does it all mean? Ask the wise ones. The writer was never inside a public dance hall. His only dance is that learned from his dad in the woodshed. He could not tell a shimmy from a turtle trot. He rather likes the jazz of the Victrola. But the writer is not a recluse. He hears things. He has listened to tales of mothers. He has seen their tears. He has heard the story of the police. He has tried to save unfortunate girls and boys who have got themselves into trouble. He did not go slumming. These things came to him. He listened to the sordid story; its beginning, its progress and its end. The dance was in this story, the public, yes, and the private dance; the dance in strange company and the dance among friends. The dance hall and its promiscuous company is in the story. The dress, or lack of dress, is there. The movements, the contacts, the gestures, the lure, are all in the story. And then there is the closing chapter and the story ends. No, it does not end. There is an aftermath.

The young, and sometimes those older, love to dance. And why should they not dance? The dance can be made wholesome, decent and legitimate. But the dance is commercialized and perverted. It has become a serious social problem. It is high time that parents bestir themselves. No one can hear the talk of a group of boys or young bloods, as they descend on their adventures, without learning that there is something rotten in the dance they attend. No one can observe the dress of mere girls, the brazen forwardness, lack of modesty and reserve that is "only too common, without feeling a shock. Standards and decency are flung to the winds. But a remedy must be found. The home, the church and the school must assert themselves. The decent element of the community must work to create a public sentiment against methods of the Minard's Liniment Lumberman's friend.

public dance hall. Outward regulation is good so far as it goes; it is not enough. Some means must be found to put a sense of propriety and self-respect into our young people. It is a question of conscience. The right and wrong, in a true moral sense, come into play. It is not so much the dance as the who, how and where.

## The Convert Begging For a Sponsor

The U. S. Catholic Magazine and Monthly Review, published at Baltimore, in its issue for April, 1848, gleaned from the Catholic News Letter, a weekly of those days, an item which has a particular significance at present, says the Central Bureau Bulletin. According to the report printed in the magazine named, a retreat had been conducted by the Rev. Father Larkin, S. J., in St. Louis, Mo., lasting two weeks. At the end of the first week, says the Catholic News Letter, five converts were baptized in the Church of St. Francis Xavier, all of them being adults.

Among the number of those receiving baptism, thus runs the story in the C. N. L., was a venerable old man, a native of England, whose conduct exhibits one of the most beautiful exemplifications of genuine Catholicity we have ever known. He was more than seventy years of age, had been for many years a member of the national church, and had served in the army against the Irish, in what is called the rebellion of '08. He had fought at Vinegar Hill, where his hands were deeply stained with the blood of his fellow-men.

When the man came forward to be baptized, the story continues, he begged that some Irishman stand sponsor for him, observing that, "as he had fought against the Irish people, and against their religion, being now, by the mercy of God, converted to that faith in which they had always persevered, he wished to offer the only atonement, besides repentance, it was in his power to do, by a public testimony of his love for a nation whom early bigotry had taught him to hate. He now realized the value of a universal faith and universal love. He could not be a Catholic without loving his neighbor as himself."

What a wonderful example of a sincere conversion, and what a striking example for men and nations in our day. There are two significant elements in this incident. The convert realized that there had been a strong religious prejudice involved in his erstwhile antagonism and open hostility to the Irish, and that it was necessary to overcome and renounce it; and further, having eliminated this prejudice the man was prepared to tear out of his heart whatever of national and racial hatred had existed and might still remain. We cannot help wishing and praying that the spirit evidenced by this man of English birth might become universal today. For there can be no lasting peace unless there be a real reconciliation. And, as the Holy Father has pointed out, there can be no real reconciliation of men and nations and races unless there be a change of heart, a change from the present attitude to one of true Christian Charity.

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders give women prompt relief from monthly pains, and have no bad after effects whatever. Be sure you get Milburn's. Price 25 cents a box.

She—Yes, my brother is thirty today. Fancy, there are eight years between us.

He—By Jove! I should never have thought it. You look every bit as young as he does.

W. H. O. Wilkinson Streetford says:—"It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills. Price 25 cents a box.

Hearing a crash of glassware one morning, Mrs. Blank called to her maid in the adjoining room. "Norah, what on earth are you doing?"

"I'm doing nothin', mum," replied Norah; "it's done."

## PILES HEMORRHOIDS ARE CAUSED BY CONSTIPATION.

There are few complaints more common than hemorrhoids, commonly called piles, and scarcely any which cause more trouble and misery.

Piles are divided into three classes, i.e., itching, protruding and bleeding, and consist in a fulness of blood and languid circulation in the portion of the lower bowel or rectum.

The chief causes of piles are constipation, straining at stool, and the use of drastic purgatives. This latter we would very strongly advise against, as these strong purgatives, especially those containing calomel and other mineral drugs are too strong for the average person's bowels.

A mild laxative will do more to correct his trouble than anything else, and his only relief is in Milburn's Laxative Pills, a pill that is purely vegetable, mild and easy to take, and does not irritate, weaken or sicken.

Milburn's Laxative Pills are 25c. a box at all druggists, or may be obtained in receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

## Little Parish Of Quarter Million Souls

Rev. B. Reuekens is a young member of St. Joseph's Society of England, but he has just been elected at the head of a parish at Ewata, Uganda, Africa, that will make a demand upon his youth and energy, if size and population stand for anything. He asks our prayers, as well he may.

"My parish extends over 8,000 square miles. I think it is the biggest parish of our whole Vicariate. The population amounts to one and a quarter of a million people. Father Kenny, a young, energetic priest, is my assistant. What can we two priests do in a vast country like this unless Almighty God bestows His very choicest blessing upon our poor efforts? We as well as the poor pagans need very many graces, and we ask the prayers of the faithful that success may attend our efforts.

"When resources permit we hope to collect some forty catechists, and we will build little churches all through the country in which people may congregate to be instructed.

"We long for the conversion of these poor blacks, and indeed the Baganda have shown that they can love our religion even to the point of becoming martyrs."

## A SENSIBLE MERCHANT.

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders give women prompt relief from monthly pains, and have no bad after effects whatever. Be sure you get Milburn's. Price 25 cents a box.

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"I'm doing nothin', mum," replied Norah; "it's done."

## Had INDIGESTION And DYSPEPSIA CAN EAT ANYTHING NOW.

The misery which stomach troubles cause, the sufferer knows only too well, and anyone who suffers knows what joy it would give to be able to eat three square meals a day, and not be punished for it after.

The Herald

WEDNESDAY, MAY 4, 1921
SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR
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PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY
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Please Send in Your Subscription Money.

At The Federal Capital

It has been a source of great satisfaction to the members of the House of Commons, especially on the Government side, to have Sir Robert Borden back in the House and taking an active part in the debates on important questions that come up for consideration. In consequence of severe illness Sir Robert had been confined to his home for four or five weeks, following the opening day of the present Parliament Session, but for the last two or three weeks he has been in the Commons Chamber quite frequently, although not every day, and it certainly has been an inspiration to listen to him, when he undertakes to discuss the more important matters of legislation that come up from day to day. Without question, it must be admitted that Sir Robert Borden is a great man, not only a great statesman but a remarkable personality, and whenever he intervenes in a debate, especially if it partakes of an intricate or difficult character or is in any way of a constitutional nature, his contribution is always of the highest order, illuminating and instructive, and listened to with profoundest attention.

His greatest contribution to the Parliamentary Debates this session took place on Thursday, April 21. Without any doubt, the debate which he initiated, and in which he was the most important contributor, was as all admitted, the greatest contribution to Parliamentary discussion of a high order that has taken place during the existence of the present Parliament. The House was in Committee of Supply, and the vote of \$60,000.00 for a Canadian Ambassador at Washington furnished the basis of the debate referred to above. Sir Robert Borden said he thought it would be proper, when considering this vote, to say something regarding the subject of the Canadian Representative at the Capital of the United States. He intimated that the matter had been up for consideration at the last session of Parliament, but possibly had not been debated as fully as its importance demanded. He then went on to review the progress of constitutional development in this country since Confederation, which, he said, had been as marked as the development of our natural resources, and he pointed out that perhaps few of us realize that within the lifetime of men who are members of the present House of Commons, a British statesman of great prominence occupying a very responsible position, reached and announced in the Imperial House of Commons, a conclusion that Responsible Government, in the sense in which we now understand it, is inconceivable with the colonial status. Sir Robert then thought that in view of all this, it might be proper to trace briefly, but he hoped fairly and accurately, the progress of thought in Canada with regard to this particular question, and in connection with it the progress of thought respecting the negotiations by Canadian representatives of commercial treaties affecting this country. He then showed that as far back as 1870 on March 16th of that year, Mr. Huntingdon, member of the

House of Commons, moved a resolution in the discussion of which the negotiations of commercial treaties were more or less confused and involved with trade questions. He further observed that in looking over the many debates regarding the right of Canada to negotiate her own commercial treaties, in most cases the constitutional side of the question has been more or less overshadowed by fiscal controversy. In the debate on Mr. Huntingdon's resolution Sir Alexander Galt and Sir John McDonald took an active part. Sir John, who was most careful that nothing would be said or done in the Canadian House of Commons that might invoke criticism in the Mother Country, moved an amendment that disposed of the resolution for the time being. In the very next year Sir John McDonald became one of the British Commissioners at the conference which resulted in the Treaty of Washington. Sir John felt that his position, as a Commissioner acting under instructions from the British Government, was somewhat inconsistent at times with his duties as Prime Minister of Canada. All know and all will admit that Sir John was the Great Tribune of the Canadian people, and on this occasion during the conference at Washington he steadily maintained Canadian interests, and, at least on one occasion had a rather notable victory over his colleagues, on an appeal to the Home Government. The next step in this direction to which Sir Robert referred was when Honorable George Brown in 1874, at the instance of the Canadian Government, was officially associated with the British Ambassador at Washington in negotiating a treaty of commerce between Canada and the United States. It appears that this treaty was signed but was not ratified by the Senate of the United States. The Treaty at Washington, referred to above, was followed by the Halifax Fisheries arbitration in 1877, in which the interests of Canada were represented by Sir Alexander Galt, as the British Commissioner. In 1878 Sir Alexander Galt was commissioned to undertake negotiations with Spain and afterwards with France for better commercial relations. It is worthy of note that Lord Salisbury on that occasion was careful to say that "the regulations must be conducted by the British Ambassador in each instance." Sir Robert pointed out that this position was abandoned by the British Government before many years had elapsed. Sir Robert noted among other things in this connection that, in 1879 the Canadian Government, having appointed Sir Alexander Galt High Commissioner for Canada in London, applied to the British Government to have him appointed a Commissioner when treaties were being negotiated in which Canada was interested. In reply to this request, the Secretary of State for the Colonies, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, made a declaration denying this request, stating that it was not thought desirable to appoint a Canadian Commissioner to take part in the negotiations of any treaty. Sir Robert emphasized the position taken by the Secretary of State of the Colonies as here indicated, and from that went on to show what wonderful development had been made in this connection since that date. It might be termed constitutional evolution in the relations between Britannic commonwealth and the over-seas Dominions.

As an intimation of the advances in this view following the statement of Sir Michael Hicks-Beach in 1879, Sir Robert next instanced a resolution introduced in the House of Commons by the Honorable Edward Blake. He went on to describe what the re-

solution was and the very notable speech with which Mr. Blake supported it. In this correspondence it is impossible to give even the merest outline of the speeches, or even any substantial portion of the resolutions in question, because the space is not available. The position taken by Mr. Blake on this occasion was considerably in advance of anything of this nature that had up to that time been proposed in the Canadian House of Commons, and yet, at the present day, we are a long way ahead of that. In the debate which ensued on the resolution introduced by Mr. Blake, Sir John McDonald, Prime Minister, took an emphatic and important stand. He opposed the resolution. In the first place because he did not think it was necessary, as Canada had already in this respect all the necessary liberty and full co-operation from the United Kingdom. He further was of the opinion that it pointed to the eventual separation of this country from the British Empire. Following down the years, Sir Robert referred to the very independent position taken by Sir Charles Tupper, who had succeeded Sir Alexander Galt as Canadian Commissioner in London, at an international congress for the protection of submarine cables, which was held in 1883. Sir Charles was the Canadian representative at that congress. Again, in 1884, Sir Charles Tupper, still High Commissioner, obtained a full recognition of Canada's rights to negotiate treaties with foreign countries, and this right was recognized in a letter to the Foreign Office dated July 25th, 1884. Up to this point it was easy to observe what very great advances had been effected in the brief space of five years, since Sir Michael Hicks-Beach made his declaration. Continuing the history of this matter in chronological order, Sir Robert passed in review correspondence between Sir Charles Tupper and Secretary of State Bayard, of the United States, in 1887, and then pointed out that in 1888 Sir Charles was appointed plenipotentiary with Right Honorable Joseph Chamberlain in negotiating a treaty between Great Britain and the United States for the settlement of the Fisheries on the Atlantic coast of North America. This treaty was, however, not ratified.

The next resolution of importance on this question was introduced in the House of Commons by Sir Richard Cartwright in February, 1889. This resolution indicated a forward step in the progress of constitutional development between Canada and the Mother Country. Sir Richard supported this in a very lengthy speech, and was replied to by the present Minister of Trade and Commerce, Sir George Foster, who made an elaborate exposition of the question. It is worth noting here that Sir George Foster is not only the nestor of the House of Commons, beyond question, but it is considered that he is one of the foremost contributors to the discussions on these questions way back when Sir John McDonald was Prime Minister of Canada, and that he is still today the first debater in the same House of Commons. Sir Robert took occasion to state that this debate was not altogether free from considerable liveliness on both sides, and he felt sure that those in the House of Commons at present who were fellow members with Sir Richard Cartwright and the present Minister of Trade and Commerce in the days gone by, have very vivid recollections of repartee in which they often indulged in those days. Sir George opposed the resolution of Sir Richard on grounds which seemed to him and the House of Commons at that date to be quite proper and reasonable. Consequently, the

resolution did not pass. Notable debates were initiated in 1892, and resolutions of a somewhat similar nature introduced by Honorable David Mills on the same question, and by Mr. Dalton McCarthy in the session. These resolutions invoked very lengthy and important debates. Later on Mr. Mills introduced other resolutions and supported them with what appeared to be cogent reasons, as Sir Robert quoted to very considerable extent from the constitution as arguments presented by Mr. Mills. Mr. C. Hibbert Tupper, now Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, took an important part in the debate of these resolutions of Mills' and McCarthy's in 1892, and other members participating in the debate were Mr. Weldon of St. John and Mr. Cockburn of Toronto. Just here Sir John Thompson for the first time figures in these constitutional discussions. He was at that time leading the House of Commons, and with his usual wisdom and prudence moved an amendment to the resolution of Mr. Mills. Afterwards Dalton McCarthy accepted the amendment, and after some further debate the amendment was carried. Sir Wilfrid Laurier also took a prominent part in the discussion at this stage. He was disposed to go even further than Mr. Mills; but Sir John Thompson's amendment seemed most reasonable of all and set the matter aside for the time being. Sir Robert, in the course of his review of the question, as thus outlined, quoted at considerable length from the speeches of Mr. Mills especially, and from those of Sir John Thompson and one or two others who had taken a very prominent part in these debates. From a consideration of what had taken place, during this time of evolution, it was not difficult to observe that the disposition of the Imperial Government as well as that of the Canadian Government had advanced very far in the question of constitutional evolution since the time of Confederation. The great war and the extraordinary important part which Canada took therein, and also her splendid contribution to the negotiations which brought about the peace treaty, have placed Canada a long distance to the front of constitutional evolution, and has been one of the most important, if not the most important, factor in giving her the status of a nation. All this was passed in review by Sir Robert, and all negotiations and treaties in which Canada participated with the Mother Country were referred to, until we came to the year 1920, when the Right Honorable Minister of Trade and Commerce, Sir George Foster, then acting as Prime Minister, proposed to the House of Commons, on the 10th day of May the arrangement to be entered into regarding the appointment of a Canadian Ambassador at Washington.

On that occasion Sir George pointed out that, as a result of recent discussion, an arrangement had been concluded between the British and Canadian Governments to provide more complete representation at Washington of Canadian interests than has hitherto existed. Accordingly, it had been agreed that His Majesty, on advice of his Canadian Ministers, should appoint a Minister Plenipotentiary who would have charge of Canadian affairs and would at all times be the ordinary channel of communication with the United States Government in matters of peculiarly Canadian concern, acting on instructions from and reporting direct to the Canadian Government. In the absence of the British Ambassador the Canadian Minister will take charge of the whole embassy and hold representation of Imperial as well as Canadian interests. He will be accredited by His Majesty to the President. (Continued on page 3.)



Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon on Friday, the 10th of June, 1921, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week, on the route, Souris East Rural Mail Route No. 2, from the 1st October next. Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Souris East and at the office of the Post Office Inspector. JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector, Post Office Inspector's Office, Charlottetown, April 27, 1921. May 4, 1921.—31

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

Change of Time—P. E. I. Division

Commencing Monday, May 2nd, 1921, Trains will run as follows: WEST Daily except Sunday, leave Charlottetown 7.00 a.m., arrive Borden 9.10 a.m.; returning leave Borden 9.15 p.m., arrive Summerside 11.05 p.m., Charlottetown 11.30 p.m. Daily except Sunday, leave Charlottetown 1.35 p.m., arrive Borden 4.45 p.m.; returning leave Borden 4.10 p.m., arrive Charlottetown 7.00 p.m. Daily except Sunday, leave Charlottetown 2.50 p.m., arrive Emerald June 4.55 p.m., connect with train from Borden, arrive Summerside 6.15 p.m., Tignish 10.00 p.m. Daily except Sunday, leave Charlottetown 4.40 p.m., arrive Emerald June 7.10 p.m., leave Emerald June 10.00 p.m., on arrival of train from Borden; arrive Summerside 11.05 p.m. Daily except Sunday, leave Tignish 6.00 a.m., arrive Summerside 9.25 a.m., leave Charlottetown 1.05 p.m. Monday, Wednesday and Friday leaves, Tignish 7.20 a.m., arrive Summerside 1.00 p.m., leave Summerside daily 1.55 p.m., arrive Emerald June 3.25 p.m., Borden 4.45 p.m., connecting with second trip of Car Ferry for mainland points. Daily except Sunday, leave Summerside 7.05 a.m., arrive Emerald June 8.10 a.m., connect with train for Borden and arrive at Charlottetown 10.50 a.m. Daily except Sunday, leave Borden 7.10 a.m., arrive Emerald 8.10 a.m., Summerside 9.55 a.m., Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday leave Summerside 11.45 a.m.; arrive Tignish 5.20 p.m. Daily except Sunday, leave Borden 4.10 p.m., arrive Summerside 6.15 p.m., Tignish 10.00 p.m. Daily except Sunday, leave Emerald 5.05 p.m., arrive Borden 6.05 p.m. EAST Monday, Wednesday and Friday leave Charlottetown 6.35 a.m., arrive Mount Stewart 8.30 a.m., Georgetown 11.45 a.m., Souris 11.25 a.m.; returning leave Souris 1.15 p.m., Georgetown 1.10 p.m., Mount Stewart 4.15 p.m.; arrive Charlottetown 5.50 p.m. Daily except Sunday, leave Elmira 5.30 a.m., Souris 6.50 a.m., Georgetown 8.45 a.m., Mt Stewart 8.45 a.m.; arrive Charlottetown 10.00 a.m.; returning leave Charlottetown 3.10 p.m., arrive Mount Stewart 4.15 p.m., Georgetown 6.15 p.m., Souris 6.05 p.m., Elmira 7.20 p.m. SUNDAY Daily except Saturday and Sunday, leave Murray Harbor 8.45 a.m., arrive Charlottetown 10.40 a.m.; returning leave Charlottetown 3.30 p.m.; arrive Murray Harbor 7.25 p.m. SATURDAY ONLY — Leave Murray Harbor 7.30 a.m.; arrive Charlottetown 10.25 a.m.; returning leave Charlottetown 4.00 p.m., arrive at Murray Harbor 6.45 p.m. District Passenger Agent's Office Charlottetown, P. E. Island. April 27, 1921.

McLEOD & BENTLEY

Barristers, Attorneys and Solicitors

MONEY TO LOAN

Offices—Bank of Nova Scotia Chambers, Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

Advertise in the Herald

..NEW.. Boots & Shoes ..AND.. New Prices Our New SPRING SHOES are coming every day, and its New Prices make you feel good. Every Shoe in our store reduced down to to-day's price. Farmers and Working Men should look here for extra good values in Work Shoes. We have the Stock. ALLEY & CO. Ltd 135 QUEEN ST., CHARLOTTETOWN FASHIONABLE FOOTWEAR

Try Eureka Tea THE TEA that has pleased our Customers for Twenty Years. 60 Cents per Pound. Fleischman's Yeast We are Agents for the celebrated Fleischman's Yeast used by all First-class Bakers. Sold by all City Grocer R. F. MADDIGAN & CO. CHARLOTTETOWN

Now the Prices you've been waiting for are here FOR OUR January Carnival of Economy The old year took away, forever, we hope, the old burden of war prices. For months conditions have been working toward the great climax that brought the remarkable merchandise that is here assembled for this our greatest January Carnival of Economy. The results came in two ways: 1st. The drastic lowering of prices on our own stocks, down to the new low basis, and often far below it—to double your interest in January buying in our store. 2nd. We have combed the markets—taking utmost advantage of the opportunities created by far sighted manufacturers who were ready to co-operate with us in presenting to you now the lowest prices that will be possible, for the next six months, at least. We can just see the delight of our Customers when they see the splendid assortment of goods, in every department of our store, and then realize that prices are away down to the bottom, where it is a pleasure to buy things. Many Manufacturers have ACCEPTED LARGE LOSSES. We shall forgo a large part of our profits on the new goods and accept large losses on our own mark-downs—to inaugurate this first New Year under the New Management and THE MOST STIRRING JANUARY PRICE-UPSET THAT THIS COMMUNITY HAS EVER KNOWN.] No matter what you need or desire, now is the best time for months to come to buy it. Some of the reasons are told on this page; but scores of others are here that can get no mention today, even in this broad space.] Sale for Ten (10) Days Only Discounts are 1-5, 1-4 and 1-3 We Will Sell All Our Goods at Replacement Prices Patons, Ltd January 5, 1921—1f

Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon on Friday, the 10th June 1921, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week, on the route, New Wiltshire Rural Mail Route No. 2, from the Postmaster General's pleasure. Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of New Wiltshire and Kelly's Cross, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector. JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector, Post Office Inspector's Office, Charlottetown, April 25, 1921. April 27, 1921.—31

Mortgage Sale.

There will be sold by Public Auction on Saturday, the Seventh day of May, A. D., 1921, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, in front of the Law Courts Building in Charlottetown; All that tract, piece and parcel of land situated lying and being in Township Number Twenty-four, in Queen's County, in Prince Edward Island, bounded and described as follows, that is to say:—On the North by English Church Glebe land, on the East by land in possession of Frederick Toombs, (formerly of the late Joseph Toombs (and by land of John H. Buntain, (formerly John Buntain's) on the South by land in occupation of Kate Doucette and Zachariah Doucette her husband, (formerly Frances Gallant's) and on the West by land in the occupation of Thomas Craswell, (formerly Daniel Bullman's) containing fifteen acres of land, a little more or less, together with a right of way therefrom of fifteen feet width of upwards of fifteen feet to the Buffalo Road, as the same hath been used continuously for upwards of fifty years by the Mortgagee and his father, Sylvester Martin, before him; Also all that other tract of land situate on said Township, described as follows, namely:—The twenty-one acres given to the Mortgagee by the last will of his father, Sylvester Martin, bearing date the 2nd day of March, A. D., 1893, and duly proved and filed in the office of the Judge of Probate for Prince Edward Island, therein described as the twenty-one acres "my son Joseph" was then working and which the Mortgagee has since occupied and own, being one moiety or half part of all that tract of land bounded by a line commencing on the division line of Township Numbers Twenty-three and Twenty-four, at the distance of five chains and thirty-seven links, from the northwest angle of land now or formerly in the possession of Henry Craswell, thence north to the brook or stream flowing to Winter River, thence eastwardly along the said brook to the west boundary line of land now or formerly in the possession of Joseph Doucette, thence South two chains fourteen links, thence East seven chains and fifty links, thence South eleven chains, thence South sixty-five degrees West eight chains, thence North five chains thirty-seven links, thence South sixty-five degrees West to the place of commencement, containing forty and one-half acres of land, a little more or less, and is part of said Township Number Twenty-four, and is referred to in said Will as forty-two acres, together with the right of way thereto and therefrom of the mean width of upwards of fifteen feet to the Buffalo Road aforesaid, as the same has been and now is in use, together with a right of way of the width aforesaid from said twenty-one acres to the herein described tract of fifteen acres, and all rights of way appurtenant to or used in connection with the herein described tracts of land, or any of them. The above sale is made pursuant to a power of sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage dated the Thirtieth day of March, A. D. 1912, and made between Joseph S. Martin of South West, Township Number Twenty-four aforesaid, Farmer, and Mary Martin, his wife, and John W. James of Charlottetown, in Queen's County aforesaid, Gentleman, for default in payment of principal. For further particulars apply to McLellan & McKinnon, Solicitors, Charlottetown. Dated this Sixth day of April, A. D. 1921. JOHN W. JAMES, Mortgagee, April 6, 1921.—41

McKinnon & McLean

Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

MONEY TO LOAN

AT THE FEDERAL CAPITAL.

(Continued from page 2.)  
with the necessary powers for the purpose. Sir Robert's review of this very important constitutional question occupied about two and a half hours, and certainly was of a most illuminating and instructive character.

Here we have given the merest possible outline of his great discourse. The Honorable Mr. Rowell also made a very valuable contribution to the debate. The criticism from the Opposition side was directed, for the most part, by Mr. Fielding and Mr. Lemieux. The Prime Minister dealt with the question from the point of the Government's attitude. He was in full sympathy with the matter of appointing a Canadian Ambassador to Washington. He instanced the very extensive international relations existing between Canada and the United States. All manner of questions appertaining to the well being and the progress of these two nations were continually coming up for consideration, and he was fully confident that the time had arrived when, for the best interests of Canada, we should have at Washington a Minister with the greatest possible powers in order to properly direct matters as far as possible to the interests of Canada, and would always be on hand to advise and instruct the United States authorities as to Canada's point of view under all circumstances. The appointment would be made as soon as the Government had decided on whom to appoint, he said. As a matter of fact, he said one cause of delay in concluding this matter was it seemed difficult to find the man whom they would wish to appoint. However, that would be overcome, he felt sure, and within a reasonable time the matter would be adjusted and an appointment would be made. Toward the closure of the debate some sharp questions and answers passed across the floor of the House. Mr. Fielding especially was very obstinate in his ideas of these matters and was opposed to the appointment of an Ambassador. The technical point upon which Mr. Fielding and Dr. Clarke based their opposition was that an Ambassador would have to be appointed by a Sovereign power, and they were sufficiently pessimistic in their estimation of their country to consider that we are not such a power. It was inspiring, and enlightening, as well as interesting, to observe how Sir Robert Borden met these untenable objections. He, in spirited fashion, controverted the ground taken by these Opposition members, and made it as clear as anything in this connection could be made, that the appointment of such an Ambassador is made by the King, on the recommendation of his constitutional advisers. The King is King of the whole Empire, and, consequently, King of Canada; therefore the Ambassador from Canada to the United States is made by the King on the advice and recommendation of his Privy Council. In plain language, a Canadian Ambassador is named by the King of Canada on the recommendation of his constitutional advisers. The discussion was certainly not only interesting and illuminative, but was of the very highest order of merit from a Parliamentary point of view. It was also certainly a fund of instruction and information for the ordinary members of Parliament.

Because the Sheriff forgot to hang him, Loney Eaton, a Louisiana negro has had his sentence commuted to life imprisonment. Loney may send the Sheriff a present next Christmas, but it won't be a calendar or a memo pad.

Local and Other Items

Advices from Winnipeg state that an advance of 100 per cent in silver fox featured the sale of furs held there on April 27th by the Winnipeg Fur Auction Company.

In Montreal on April 27th the Grand Trunk Railway shops at Point St. Charles and the Canadian Pacific Railway Angus shops were closed for eight days. Seven thousand men are affected.

In the British House of Commons on April 27th John Henry Whitlie was elected Speaker to succeed Speaker Lowther who resigns. Sir Frederick Banbury who was a candidate for the position withdrew.

From Hamilton, Ontario, comes this intelligence: John Almas of Detroit and son of A. E. Almas of Hamilton, returned home one half hour before his mother died. He stated that he had been awakened from sleep in Detroit and saw his mother standing beside his bed. He took this as a premonition that something was wrong and started for Hamilton right away.

Owing to a fresh outbreak of foot and mouth disease a complete embargo on imports of Irish cattle, sheep, goats and swine to England was ordered on April 26th by the Minister of Agriculture. No doubt this will have the effect of further delaying the possibility of the removal of the embargo against Canadian cattle, for which we have been fighting for a number of years.

When Clemenceau's grandson was found guilty of embezzlement the "old Tiger" refused to interfere with the course of justice. "He should worry, lock him up. That is what he deserves," said Clemenceau. Relatives who bring every influence to bear to save the black sheep from punishment often find they have accomplished nothing good but have been bitten by the sharp teeth of ingratitude.

It is observed in the press that the summer flow of immigration from the British Isles to Canada is expected to begin about this date. The first big transatlantic liner with some 5,000 people on board was expected to dock at Quebec on Thursday or Friday of last week, and she was to be followed by four others in rapid succession. Practically all the home-seekers who are shortly to arrive are farm or domestic workers, and people coming to Canada to engage in farming.

It was announced in official reports on the 25th April that the writ for the Ulster elections under the Home Rule Bill would be issued on May 2nd, and that balloting would take place on May 16th or 18th. It is also said that all the parties now have completed their inaugurations, and campaigning had begun in a small way, and it is expected by this time is in full swing. Sir James Craig, Unionist member of the British Parliament and leader of the Ulster Unionist Council, is the parliamentary leader appointed for this election.

In the British Parliament on April 25th, Austen Chamberlain, formerly Chancellor of the Exchequer, taking the place of the present Chancellor, Sir Robert Horne, presented the budget. In brief, the Chancellor's estimate of revenue and expenditure of a year ago have been borne out with remarkable accuracy. His surplus of £230,500,000, only about £4,000,000 under estimated surplus being recorded. The House was chiefly interested in details concerning debt reductions, especially by the announcement that the debt to the United States has been reduced by seventy-five million pounds during the past year, and that interest on the debt to the United States must be provided for next year. The debt to Canada had been reduced by twenty million pounds in the year, and all debts to Japan, Spain, Argentina, Uruguay and Holland had been wiped out. Among other things the Chancellor announced his remarkable achievement that in two years the external debt had been reduced by two hundred and three million pounds.

Local and Other Items

It has been stated by the Minister of Customs that \$38,025,164.48 was collected through the sales tax since its introduction up to March 31st, 1921. Of this amount \$27,900,669.96 was collected on domestic sales and \$10,124,494.47 on importation.

Z. Gignace, Lachrevrotiere St., Quebec city, claims that a cross bred hen, one half Plymouth Rock and half Rhode Island Red, owned by him, beats the recent exploit of a British Columbia hen by a half inch. He exhibited the egg at the "Chronicle" office a few nights ago and it measured 3" x 6 1/2."

According to Washington advices, immigration of all aliens will be prohibited for five years under an amendment to the Immigration Bill drafted by Senator Harris, Democrat, Georgia. It declares unlawful for any alien to come from any foreign port or place or having so come to remain in the United States during the five year period.

OBITUARY

Mr. Roderick McKinnon died at his home at McAskill River on April 7th, 1921, in the seventy-first year of his age. Deceased left home about forty-three years ago and for almost thirty years worked in the United States as a carpenter and builder. He returned home 14 years ago and settled on the old homestead at McAskill River. He was highly respected for his sterling qualities and genial manner. Three sisters are left to mourn, namely: Mrs. Joseph P. McKinnon, Eliza and Maria at home. A large funeral cortege followed the remains to St. Peter's Church, where interment was made, the pastor, Rev. A. McAnlay, officiating. There is no death, 'tis but transition, This life of mortal breath Is but the suburb of a life elysian Whose portal we call death.

Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General will be received at Ottawa until noon on Friday, the 3rd of June, 1921, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, six times per week, on the route, East Baltic Rural Mail Route No. 1, from the first October next. Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of East Baltic, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector. JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector. Post Office Inspector's Office, Charlottetown, April 21, 1921. April 27, 1921—3i

W. J. P. McMILLAN, M.D.

Physician and Surgeon  
Office and Residence:  
105 Keat Street  
CHARLOTTETOWN - P. E. I.

J. D. STEWART

Barrister, Solicitor and Notary Public.  
OFFICE:  
NEWSON BLOCK  
Charlottetown  
Branch Office, Georgetown

Fire Insurance

Possibly from an oversight or want of thought, you have put of insuring, or placing additional insurance to adequately protect yourself against loss by fire.  
ACT NOW. CALL UP  
DEBLOIS BROS.,  
Water Street, Phone 251

Canadian National Railways

Double Daily Service

P. E. ISLAND AND THE MAINLAND

Effective On May 2nd

Trains for Borden connecting with S.S. Prince Edward Island leave Charlottetown at 7.00 a.m. and 1.35 p.m.

Morning Train connects with train leaving Tormentine at 10.30 a.m., and connecting at Sackville with No. 1 Express for Montreal, and at Moncton with train for St. John and Boston.

Train leaving at 1.35 p.m. connects with train leaving Tormentine at 6.20 p.m., connecting at Sackville with No. 3 Maritime Express for Quebec and Montreal, and with No. 10 Express for Truro and Halifax.

For changes in Local Service and further particulars apply to

W. K. ROGERS, or W. T. HUGGAN,  
City Ticket Agent. Dist. Pass. Agent.  
April 27, 1921—2i

Live Stock Breeders

List of Pure Bred Live Stock for Sale.

NAME	ADDRESS	BREED	AGE
Geo. Aeneas	Montague	Ayrshire-bull calves	(3 yrs, 8 mo)
Wm. Aikken	Lower Montague	Ayrshire Bulls	(3 yrs, 6 mo)
M. McManus	New Haven	Shorthorn Bull	(5 years)
W. F. Weeks	Fredericton	" "	(2 years)
David Reid	Victoria Cross	" "	(2 years)
Ramsay Auld	West Covehead	" "	" calf
Frank Halliday	Eldon	6 Yorkshire Pigs	(5 weeks)
Yamsay Auld	West Covehead	Yorkshire Hog	(2 years)
R.E. McDonald	Little Pond	Duroc Jersey Boar	(2 years)

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

JANUARY CLEARANCE SALE

Commencing Wednesday, 5th inst  
And Continuing Until the 15th. inst.

We will Offer  
OUR - WHOLE - STOCK  
At Discounts of  
20, 25, and 33-1-3 per cent

THESE DISCOUNTS APPLY TO PRACTICALLY ALL DEPARTMENTS  
These Discounts are for CASH only—and continue for 10 days.

Buy NOW!  
MOORE & McLEOD, Ltd  
119-121 Queen St. : : Charlottetown

Furs. Furs.

—SHIP TO US DIRECT—  
THE TOP MARKET PRICE PAID  
AND EQUITABLE GRADING MADE  
—NO DELAYS AT ANY POINT—

We are registered with and recognized by the United States War Trade Board and all of the Collectors for Customs under licence P. B. F. 30, and you can send your furs to us direct by our tag or any tag, changed to suit to marked "Furs of Canadian Origin" and your furs will come right through.

FAIR GRADING

The rules and ethics of the exchange do not permit us sending out alluring price lists, yet we give you an exact and expert grading and pay you at a rate of five to twenty five cents more on the dollar than the average advertising fur company, as we cut out all middleman's profit in dealing direct with you.

St. Louis Fur Exchange  
6th & Chestnut St, St. Louis, Mo., U.S.A.

Look. Read. Realize!

We cater to the men's trade, and no other. If you were sick you wouldn't call to see a Tailor, or a Blacksmith, about the condition of your health. Of course not; you would call to see a Doctor.

If you wanted a Suit or an Overcoat would you go to see a Doctor, or a Shoemaker? Not at all. You would go to see a First Class Tailor.

WELL, there's where we shine!!!  
We study the business. We know what suits a young man

we know what suits a middle-aged man, and we know what suits the old gentleman—both in goods and in style. It does not make any difference whether you want your clothes Ready-to-Wear, or Made-to-Order. We are equally in a position to suit you. We do not let a suit or overcoat leave our establishment until it suits and fits the man who is buying. Our prices are always right when you take the quality into consideration.

Do not forget that we are sole agents for the famous W H Leishman & Co., Wholesale Custom Tailors. We have an elegant stock of Overcoats to show you at the present time.

Overcoats, Made-to-Order-from... \$30.00 to \$48.00  
Overcoats, Ready-to-Wear..... \$15.00 to \$36.00

Success Is a Habit

Our habits make us. We are creatures of habit. Whether we are a success or a failure is a question of how we do things without thinking. To Save is the only way to success

Gloves

We have just the kind of Gloves you need, lined and unlined. Also Wool Gloves for this time of year. Suedes and Tans—both, combination. Price.....\$1.00 to \$4.00

Underwear

Come and get your Underwear before it is all sold. We have all kinds—two-piece and light and heavy weight. Prices per suit \$1.90 to \$5.50

MacLELLAN BROS.

Catholic Mutual Benefit Association

OF CANADA  
An Exclusively Catholic and Canadian Fraternal Insurance Company for Men and Women.  
Incorporated by Act of Dominion Parliament.  
Adequate Rates, Whole Life and Twenty and Thirty Years Assessment Policies.  
Over Eight Million Dollars Paid to the Families of Deceased Members  
For further information address  
J. E. H. HOWISON,  
Grand Secretary,  
59 St. Denis St, Montreal, P.Q.  
April 14, 1920—1y

CARTERS

Feed, Flour & Seed Store

QUEEN STREET

WE SELL FLOUR WE BUY OATS  
The Best Brands are:— Black and White Oats  
Robin Hood] Island Wheat  
Victory Barley, Buckwheat  
Beaver Timothy Seed  
Gold Medal Flax Seed  
Queen City Early Potatoes

FEED HAY

Bran, Middlings, Shorts  
Cracked Oats, Oil Cake  
Feed Flour, Oats  
Bone Meal, Linseed Meal  
Calf Meal, Chick Feed  
Schumacker Feed, Hay  
Crushed Oats, Straw  
Rolled Oats, Cornmeal  
Oat Flour, Cracked Corn  
Poultry Supplies, &c. &c.

WE WANT 50 CARLOADS OF GOOD BALED HAY.

Also BALED STRAW  
We want Fifty Thousand Bushels of OATS  
Write us for prices. State quantity for sale.

Carter & Co., Ltd

WHOLESALE RETAIL

Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster General will be received at Ottawa until noon on Friday, 11th March, 1921, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, six times per week, on the route, Charlottetown Rural Mail Route No. 2, from the 1st July next. Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Charlottetown, Bonshaw, Hampton and Clyde River, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector. JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector. Post Office Inspector's Office, Charlottetown, January 25, 1921. January 26, 1921—3i

Canadian-West Land Regulations

The sole head of a family of any male over 18 years old, who was at the commencement of the present war and who has since continued to be a British subject or a subject of an allied or neutral country, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion Land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta applicant must appear in person at Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for District. Entry by proxy may be made on certain conditions. Duties—six months residence upon and cultivation of land in each of three years. In certain districts a homesteader may secure an adjoining quarter-section as pre-emption. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Reside six months in each of three years after acquiring homestead and cultivate 50 extra acres as soon as homestead patent on certain conditions. A settler after obtaining homestead patent, if he cannot secure a pre-emption, may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and a house worth \$300.00. When Dominion Lands are surveyed and posted for entry, every 1/4 section who have served overseas and have been honorably discharged, receive one day priority in applying for entry at local Agency's Office (but not Sub-Agency). Discharge papers must be presented to Agent. Holders of entries may count time of employment as farm laborers in Canada during 1917, as residence duties under certain conditions. W. W. COREY, City Minister the Inter-Continental Publishing Co. N. E. authorized publication. See adv. mail will not be paid.

Prayer Before The Blessed Sacrament

Again I come before Thee, Lord, To fill my post of love, To join in praise and homage here...

St. Joseph's Answer

Continued. 'Gee! look at the red head! he insolently exclaimed. 'Hello, Reddy! You'll set the house on fire if you ain't careful. Better call the fire department before the flames spread.'

Aching Joints

In the fingers, toes, arms, and other parts of the body, are joints that are inflamed and swollen by rheumatism...

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Removes the cause of rheumatism—its outward application cures. Take it.

retort to his adversary he disappeared inside the door. Gabriel stood at the steps a long time...

Mrs. Miller from the first taught her children to have a great love for St. Joseph, and the twins, in particular, were very much devoted to the guardian of Jesus and Mary...

Josephine and Gabriel were fond of this statue, it seemed so real to them. St. Joseph gazed down at them so kindly and the dear Babe, to use the little girl's expression, looked just like He was having the nicest little nap...

The children were spending Lent piously, as all Catholic children who have good parents are sure to do. They gave up candy and other little things that they were especially fond of...

Josephine and Gabriel were always very confidential and as they grew older they began to discuss their future vocations. Gabriel was now an altar boy, and he had quite made up his mind to be a priest...

EMULSION is taken by people in tropical countries all the year round. It stops wasting and keeps up the strength and vitality in summer as well as winter.

MEASLES LEFT BAD COUGH.

The after effects of measles may be far reaching, as the irritation of the respiratory passages is one of the characteristics of this disease, and very often those who have been robust, become delicate and liable to lung troubles...

Once the cough starts you should procure a bottle of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, take a few doses a day and thus prevent bronchitis, pneumonia, or perhaps consumption getting a foothold on your system.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup is 35c. a large bottle 60c., at all druggists and dealers. Put up only by The T. Millburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

As the month advanced, the warm sunlit days gave place to clouds and chilly air, and finally came rain and blustery weather.

What's that old saying—if March comes in like a lamb it will go out like a lion? quoted Josephine, as she and Gabriel came home from school one stormy afternoon.

That's just what it's up to all right, responded her brother, as a gust of wind swept Josephine's umbrella out of her hands into the miniature river that was racing along the curbing...

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited. Sirs,—I have used your MINARD'S LINIMENT for the past 25 years and whilst I have occasionally used other liniments I can safely say that I have never used any equal to yours.

IS YOUR HEART WEAK? ARE YOUR NERVES SHAKY? IF SO USE MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS.

Canadian National Railways

Double Daily Service

P. E. ISLAND AND THE MAINLAND

Effective On May 2nd

Trains for Borden connecting with S.S. Prince Edward Island leave Charlottetown at 7.00 a.m. and 1.35 p.m.

Morning Train connects with train leaving Tormentine at 10.30 a.m., and connecting at Sackville with No. 1 Express for Montreal, and at Moncton with train for St. John and Boston.

Train leaving at 1.35 p.m. connects with train leaving Tormentine at 6.20 p.m., connecting at Sackville with No. 3 Maritime Express for Quebec and Montreal, and with No. 10 Express for Truro and Halifax.

For changes in Local Service and further particulars apply to

W. K. ROGERS, or W. T. HUGGAN, City Ticket Agent, Dist. Pass. Agent.

April 27, 1921—2i

Live Stock Breeders

List of Pure Bred Live Stock for Sale.

Table with columns: NAME, ADDRESS, BREED, AGE. Includes entries for Geo. Anseur, Wm. Aitken, M. McLennan, W. F. Weeks, David Reid, Ramsay Auld, Frank Halliday, Ramsay Auld, R.E. McDonald.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

JANUARY CLEARANCE SALE

Commencing Wednesday, 5th inst. And Continuing Until the 15th. inst.

We Will Offer OUR - WHOLE - STOCK At Discounts of 20, 25, and 33-3 per cent

THESE DISCOUNTS APPLY TO PRACTICALLY ALL DEPARTMENTS. These Discounts are for CASH only—and continue for 10 days.

Buy NOW! MOORE & McLEOD, Ltd

119-121 Queen St. !! Charlottetown

Furs. Furs.

—SHIP TO US DIRECT— THE TOP MARKET PRICE PAID AND EQUITABLE GRADING MADE —NO DELAYS AT ANY POINT—

We are registered with and recognized by the United States War Trade Board and all of the Collectors for Customs under licence P. B. F. 30 and you can send your furs to us direct by our tag or any tag, changed to suit marked "Furs of Canadian Origin," and your furs will come right through.

FAIR GRADING

The rules and ethics of the exchange do not permit us sending out alluring price lists, yet we give you an exact and expert grading and pay you at a rate of five to twenty five cents more on the dollar than the average advertising fur company, as we cut out all middleman's profit in dealing direct with you.

St. Louis Fur Exchange

6th & Chestnut St, St. Louis, Mo., U.S.A.

Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon on Friday, the 10th June 1921, for the conveyance or His Majesty's Mails on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week, on the route, New Wiltshire Rural Mail Route No. 2, from the Postmaster General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of New Wiltshire and Kelly's Cross, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector, Post Office Inspector's Office, Charlottetown, April 25, 1921. April 27, 1921—3i

Mortgage Sale

There will be sold by Public Auction on Saturday, the Seventh day of May, A. D., 1921, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, in front of the Law Courts Building in Charlottetown; All that tract, piece and parcel of land, situate lying and being in Township Number Twenty-four, in Queen's County, in Prince Edward Island, bounded and described as follows, that is to say—On the North by English Church Glebe land, on the East by land in possession of Frederick Toombs, (formerly of the late Joseph Toombs (and by land of John H. Buntain, (formerly John Buntain's) on the South by land in occupation of Kate Doucette and Zachariah Doucette her husband, (formerly Frances Gallant's) and on the West by land in the occupation of Daniel Bulman's, (formerly Daniel Bulman's) containing fifteen acres of land, a little more or less, together with a right of way therefrom of the mean width of upwards of fifteen feet to the Buffalo Road, as the same hath been used continuously for upwards of fifty years by the Mortgagee and his father, Sylvester Martin, before him; Also all that other tract of land situate on said Township, described as follows, namely—The twenty-one acres given to the Mortgagee by the last will of his father Sylvester Martin, bearing date the 2nd day of March, A. D., 1893, and duly proved and filed in the office of the Judge of Probate for Prince Edward Island, therein described as the twenty-one acres "my son Joseph" was then working and which the Mortgagee has since occupied and own, being one moiety or half part of all that tract of land bounded by a line commencing on the division line of Township Numbers Twenty-three and Twenty-four, at the distance of five chains and thirty-seven links, from the northwest angle of land now or formerly in the possession of Henry Craswell, thence north to the brook or stream flowing to Winter River, thence eastwardly along the said brook to the west boundary line of land now or formerly in the possession of Joseph Doucette, thence South two chains fourteen links, thence East seven chains and fifty links, thence South eleven chains, thence South sixty-five degrees West eight chains, thence North five chains thirty-seven links, thence South sixty-five degrees West to the place of commencement, containing forty and one-half acres of land, a little more or less, and is part of said Township Number Twenty-four, and is referred to in said Will as forty-two acres, together with the right of way thereto and therefrom of the mean width of upwards of fifteen feet to the Buffalo Road aforesaid, as the same has been and now is in use, together with a right of way of the width aforesaid from said twenty-one acres to the herein described tract of fifteen acres, and all rights of way appurtenant to or used in connection with the herein described tracts of land, or any of them.

The above sale is made pursuant to a power of sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage dated the Thirtieth day of March, A. D. 1912, and made between Joseph S. Martin of South Rustico, Township Number Twenty-four aforesaid, Farmer, and Mary Martin, his wife, and John W. James of Charlottetown, in Queen's County aforesaid, Gentleman, for default in payment of principal.

For further particulars apply to McKinnon & McLean, Solicitors, Charlottetown.

Dated this Sixth day of April, A. D. 1921.

JOHN W. JAMES, Mortgagee. April 6, 1921—4i

McKinnon & McLean, Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I.

MONEY TO LOAN

..NEW.. Boots & Shoes

AND..... New Prices

Our New SPRING SHOES are coming every day, and its New Prices make you feel good.

Every Shoe in our store reduced down to to-day's price.

Farmers and Working Men should look here for extra good values in Work Shoes. We have the Stock.

ALLEY & CO. Ltd

135 QUEEN ST., CHARLOTTETOWN FASHIONABLE FOOTWEAR

Try Eureka Tea

THE TEA that has pleased our Customers for Twenty Years. 80 Cents per Pound.

Fleischman's Yeast

We are Agents for the celebrated Fleischman's Yeast used by all First-class Bakers. Sold by all City Grocer

R. F. MADDIGAN & CO. CHARLOTTETOWN

Now the Prices you've been waiting for are here

FOR OUR January Carnival of Economy

The old year took away, forever, we hope, the old burden of war prices. For months conditions have been working toward the great climax that brought the remarkable merchandise that is here assembled for this our greatest January Carnival of Economy.

The results came in two ways: 1st. The drastic lowering of prices on our own stocks, down to the new low basis, and often far below it—to double your interest in January buying in our store.

2nd. We have combed the markets—taking utmost advantage of the opportunities created by far sighted manufacturers who were ready to co-operate with us in presenting to you now the lowest prices that will be possible, for the next six months, at least.

We can just see the delight of our Customers when they see the splendid assortment of goods, in every department of our store, and then realize that prices are away down to the bottom, where it is a pleasure to buy things.

Many Manufacturers have ACCEPTED LARGE LOSSES. We shall forgo a large part of our profits on the new goods and accept large losses on our own mark-downs—to inaugurate this first New Year under the New Management and

THE MOST STIRRING JANUARY PRICE-UPSET THAT THIS COMMUNITY HAS EVER KNOWN.]

No matter what you need or desire, now is the best time for months to come to buy it. Some of the reasons are told on this page; but scores of others are here that can get no mention today, even in this broad space.]

Sale for Ten (10) Days Only

Discounts are 1-5, 1-4 and 1-3

We Will Sell All Our Goods at Replacement Prices

Patons, Ltd

January 5, 1921—4f