

#### FREE TRADE HELPS MANUFACTURERS

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PER YEAR

WILLIAM ANDERSON, LIMITED, GLASGOW, (COTTON AND WOOL MANUFACTURER) — "We exploit the whole world for raw material and lay the whole world under tribute for food stuffs. We are absolutely free from the handicap of protection in any shape, form or fashion. Our machinery is laid down, our factory buildings erected, at a less cost than any other country. We never make anything we can buy cheaper. \* \* \* I see no other result of the restriction of free imports than logs and ruin, and I am not yet tired of carrying on a profitable business."

FEB. 15 1911

INTERESTS

The Public Chief and D 14 Press Ltd

OF

WEEKLY JOURNAL DEVOTED TO THE

WESTERN FARMERS

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THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

February 15, 1911



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CONSERVATIVES TO TOUR WEST R. L. Borden, M. P. and a party of his lieutenants will visit the Weat next itummer on a speech-making tour in the interest of the conservative party. The will appeal to the country next fall on the reciprocity issue, hopping that the popular-ity of the proposed agreement will give them a new lease of power, and they are preparing for the fight. A new conserva-tion of the terminal elevators and of the Hodson's Hay railway, the extension of the Mathoba boundaries on generous terms, and the provincial ownership of will probably be drawn up before the party starts out. CONSERVATIVES TO TOUR WEST

#### DIRECT LEGISLATION MEETINGS

DIRECT LEGISLATION is on a speaking tour of Manitoba on behalf of the Manitoba Federation for Direct Legislation is arranging a series of meetings along the Souris, Deloraine and Estevan branches.

#### CAN PAY MONEY TO COURT

CAN PAY MONEY TO COURT Education, Alta., Feb. 12.—On Satur-day in the supreme court an order was have of the proceeds of the bonds of the have of the proceeds of the bonds of the have of the proceeds of the bonds of the have of the province for the recovery of the money. The amount held by the Dominion hank is 81,000,000. Right to say here of the decision of Mr. Justice Beck have determined the decision of Mr. Justice Beck have determined the decision of Mr. Justice Beck have exercised and Great Waterway' railway have the Boyan bank for the the given made an order that the have and Great Waterway' railway have a bond the bar bank for the the given the Boyan bank for the start start the Boyan bank for the start start start start start start start have bond the bank the Boyan bank for the start star

#### LONGEST WIRELESS

LONGEST WIRELESS San Francisco, Feb. 11.—It is claimed that the world's record for wireless communication between ship and shore was made yesterday when a message was received at the local station from the steamer Korea, 4,492 miles away. The operator heard a faint call from the Kores, repeated the message, and received the answer that it was correct.

#### AGREEMENT SAFE

AGREEMENT SAFE Washington, D. C., Feb. 12.—A com-plete poll of the senate taken by the New York American yesterday afternoon show-ed 65 members pledged to reciprocity. The house is already safe for the agree-ment, as is also the Canadian parliament. Complete victory for the measure is therefore assured.

#### **BUYS HISTORIC FARM**

BUYS HISTORIC FARM Qu'Appelle, Sask., Feb. 9.—One of the oldest landmarks in the province changed hands when J. H. Fraser sold the McPhee farm at Edgeley, to Dr. Hazelton of Wisconsit, at a good price. There are about ten thousand dollars worth of buildings on this farm. This section was the headquarters of the eight thousand acre farm established in 1884 by Sykes Bros., English capitalists, and for over twenty years was managed by the late W. C. Gameron of Kelowna, B. C. The first steam plows of the West were brought to the farm in 1883. They were purchased in Leeds, Eng., for 86,000, and cost a similar sum in freight and duty to lay them down here. That year 700 acres were broken with the two engines and two reversible sixteen furrowed plows, sttached to a half-mile cable. Seven years ago, this farm was purchased by the late L. F. McPhee, who worked it with success. The new owner is an extensive and experienced farmer in the States, and is also farming 1100 acres at Girvin, Sak.

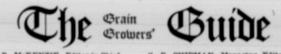
#### BARON ROTHSCHILD

Vienas, Feb. 11.—Baron, Albert S. A. Rothschild, head of the Austrian branch of the Rothschild house, died to-day. He was born in 1844. His death was due to heart failure.

## AGREEMENT THROUGH COMMITTEE

Washington, Feb. 11.—The house ways and means committee to-day ordered a favorable report on the Canadian recipro-city agreement by a vote of 12 to 7.

#### THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE



#### R. McKENZIE, Editor-in-Chief G. F. CHIPMAN, Managing Editor

Published under the auspices and employed as the Official Organ of the Manitoba Grain Growers' Association, the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association, and the United Farmers of Alberta.

THE GUIDE IS DESIGNED TO GIVE UNCOLORED NEWS FROM THE WOELD OF THOUGHT AND ACTION and honest opinions thereon, with the object of aiding our people to form correct views upon economic, social and moral questions, so that the growth of society may continually he in the direction of more equitable, kinder and wiser relations between its members, resulting in the widest possible increase and diffusion of material prosperity, intellectual development, right living, health and happiness

THE GUIDE IS THE ONLY PAPER IN CANADA THAT IS ABSOLUTELY OWNED AND CONTROLLED BY FARMERS. It is entirely independent, and not one dollar of political, capitalistic or special interest money is invested in it. All opinions expressed in The Guide are with the aim to make Canada a better country and to bring forward the day when "Equal Rights to All and Special Privileges to None" shall prevail.

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The WESTERN PREMIUM CO. DEPT. G 5, WINNIPEG, MAN

SAVE ROXBORO BANDS For 150 hands y For 150 bands your choice of these beauti-ful cohosed pictures. Free of advertising. For 300 bands your choice of pictures in wide Monoro france. Free of advertising. Size of pictures, 21 x 24 inches.



THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

Letter No. 3 .-- TO THE SMOKER OF CIGARS. Dear Sir:

Inspiration tempted Kipling in one of his poems to say "A woman is only a woman, but a good cigar is a smoke. Now I agree with his nobs that a good cigar is a smoke, but woman, God bless her, if she's good has got all the cigars on the continent snowed under.

Many a man has given up the weed for a woman, because the aroma was distasteful to her. He lacked discrimination in the choice of his smoke, else he might have continued to partake of the soothing influence of what he enjoyed in his bachelor-hood days.



Men who have stopped smoking or those who are threatened by their sweethearts that they must give up, are now given an opportunity to square themselves by smoking a cigar with none of the objectionable features of the ordinary malodorous proposition.

My new ROXBORO CIGAR is a real Havana beauty. The aroma is simply delightful, it is enjoyed by everybody, and no lady will object to the pleasure that hubby or sweetheart enjoys in consuming it.

Remember ROXBORO CIGARS are made differently. and they sell at ten cents straight, but to get you to try them I offer a special in-ducement. Clip the coupon, take it to your cigar store, hand it to the boss with a quarter and he will give you three ROXBOROS. Try the ROXBORO today, and save the bands for beautiful framed pictures.

I am, yours very truly,

H. E. LEDOUX CO. LTD.

CLIP THIS COUPON TO-DAY G. G. G. G. G. G. TAKE IT TO YOUR TOBACCONIST WITH 25 CENTS AND GET THREE ROXBORO CIGARS WORTH THIRTY CENTS. (THIS COUPON IS GOOD FOR ONE TRIAL ORDER)

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artificially stimulated others are artificartificially stimulated others are artific-ially depressed. England has an enor-mous export trade in manufactured goods, in fact the largest in the world. The English manufacturer maintains his trade mostly by being able to produce cheaply. To produce cheaply he must be able to buy cheaply in England the cheapest and best of everything he wants, be it machin-ery, structural material, packages, any of the hundred and one things required in a factory.

fact English manufacturers also realize that English manufacturers also realize that a prosperous home market depends on a large home consumption. Cheap goods make for a very large consumption, dear goods make for a small consumption. The progressive English manufacturer February 15, 1911

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silk with the second second second second silk with Whiston & Son, Langley. Near Macelessiled. October 20th, 1916 In view of the fact that the Canadian farmers are now being told by the Cana-dian manufacturers that free trade-or "free imports" as some prefer to call our system — is nigurious to the interests of the manufacturers that free trade-to "free imports" as some prefer to call our system — is nigurious to the interests of the manufacturers, the editor of the "Gaars Goownes" Grupe should be made fully acquainted with the experience of manufacturers in this country. To the silk trade for instance,—I speak of the whole trade and not simply one branch of it—free trade is essential. A tariff would immediately check its development, and if high enough would some completely ruin it. A considerable increase in the cost of production would follow a tariff—since no one trade could claim "special terms" for itself without other trades, like machinery, being a similarly protected. Sik, being a luxury and not a necessity— and its future already menaced by such substitutes as mercerised cotton, artificial ali, etc., etc.,—will only find a ready market when it ij retailed at a certain price. The moment it advances above that price, it has only a very limited sale in exclusive styles—the "bulk" trade disappears. To keepit within the market-able value, all the raw materials incidental to its production, must be at the lowest possible price. Makinery, odi, belting. disappears. To keep it within the market-able value, all the raw materials incidental to its production, must be at the lowest possible price. Machinery, oil, belting, colors, chemicals and all building mater-ials must be kept free from taxation,— then and then only, can the trade be progressive. It is a fact that there are more yards of silk goods manufactured in the United Kingdom than ever. In 1860 the spun silk trade of Yorkshire was of no commercial value, but to-day the output of the Yorkshire looms is enormous, and this is entirely due to free trade. We, ourselves, send every year a con-siderable yardage into Canada, the United States, France, Germany, and Italy—all highly protected contries—in spite of their tariffs, which in some cases is very heavy. We attribute this to the fact that our free trade system makes it possible

heavy. We attribute this to the fact that our free trade system makes it possible for us to produce at a lower figure than our competitors who work behind tariff walls, and who have to pay severely for everything they use in their processes of manufacture.

everything they use in the'r rocerses of manufacture. All producers need to remember tha t the free trader always has an overwhelm-ing advantage over the protectionist in the neutral markets of the world. Free trade not only assists the producer, as I have indicated, but it secures to the wage-carner the largest return for his labor, both in actual wages received and in the spending power of his earnings. This in turn reacts very powerfully upon the farmers who depend upon the in-creased spending powers of the industrial workers for their own prosperity.

COTTON Haywood & Co., Cotton Merchants, 38 Orleans House, Liverpool. A country becomes rich and powerful not by what she buys, but by what she is best fitted to produce and by selling the surplus. The immense wealth that has accrued to Great Britain through our cotton trade shows this clearly. With a suitable climate, abundant labor, energy and perseverance, we have demor-Continued on Page 40

Sign Name Here

#### Free Trade Helps Manufacturers

Continued from Last Weel

Continued from Last Week SIR ALFRED MOND, M. P. Sir Alfred Mond, Bt., M.P., 35 Lowndes Square, S.W., November 17th, 1910. You ask me why it is that the leading English manufacturers are believers in free imports. It is because experience has shown them that in such a system they are able to make reasonable profits on capital isvested and at the same time pay fair wages to their workmen; it is

because experience has shown them that if they can buy what they want for their industries (and every manufacturer is a purchaser as well as a seller) in an unrestricted wages market they can, in spite of paying higher wages than in any other European country, still better compete in the markets of the world than countries where manufactures are ham-pered by tariffs. It must always be remembered that there is no such thing as a national industry: what is to the benefit of one industry may be detrimen-tal to another. What in practice a tarif does is to favor certain industries by raising prices above those of the orders, so that by some industries being

# The Grain Growers' Buide

#### Winnipeg, Wednesday, February 15th, 1911

#### SASKATCHEWAN ELEVATOR SITUATION

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The Grain Growers of the West have for several years past persistently demanded that the internal elevators be taken out of that the internal elevators we taken out of the hands of the private owners and placed under a control which would protect the farmers from the extortions practiced by the elevator companies. The Manitoba gav-ernment, a year ago, adopted the principle of government ownership, and government owned elevators are now in operation in that province. In Saskatchewan the government appointed a commission of enquiry and in the report of that commission, made public a few weeks ago, a co-operative eles vator system was recommended. The new system was to be owned and controlled absolutely by the farmers, who were to put up fifteen per cent. of the cost, and the governnities per cent of the cost, and the govern-ment of Saskatchewan was to advance eighty-five per cent. of the money needed to carry on the enterprise. The Grain Growers' Association of Saskatchewan had previously adopted the policy of straight public ownership, until about a year ago, when the legislature was asked by the association to appoint a commission of enquiry into the matter of grain storage in the prov-inee. It was then pointed out that the Grain Growers were not wedded to the principle of government ownership, but wanted above all else a system which would provide relief from the exactions of the prevailing conditions. At the Regina convention last week there was an all day debate upon government ownership versus the co-operative system recommended by the commission. Before the debate opened the government had introduced in the legislature a bill embodying the principles recommended in the report of the commission. It was apparent that the government was willing to go ahead and assist in the establishment of the co-operative system, but was hostile to government ownership. At the conclusion of the debate in the convention the co-operative system as recommended by the commission was supported by a large majority of the delegates and was then endorsed unanimously. The Grain Growers of Saskatchewan said they preferred the co-operative system, which was within reach of their hand, to government ownership, which was not yet within reach. The chairman of the Manitoba elevator commission was present at the convention, and explained the Manitoba system and how it was working out. He showed that Premier Scott in his address in the legislature on the previous day had misrepresented the Manitoba system, and he expressed his own per-sonal belief that the Manitoba system would be a perfect success if it received the support of the farmers of the province. Mr. Scott rectified his error on the following day and explained that his unfair statement regarding the Manitoba system had been unintentional. He gave the complete figures to the legislature showing the Manitoba system to be working much more success fully than his figures of the previous day had indicated. It should be borne in mind that the convention did not endorse the bill before the legislature but only the ele-vator scheme recommended by the elevator commission. Mr. Green, secretary of the association and one of the elevator commissioners, frankly stated to the convention that the bill was not satisfactory as at present drafted. He believed, however, that it would be made satisfactory, and it was left to the directors to see that the necessary alterations were made in the bill. That is practically the light in which the matter

was left by the convention. The bill pro-vides that the executive officers of the asso-ciation are to be the provisional directors who will put the scheme into operation in Saskatchewan. While the success of the elevator scheme in Saskatchewan, as in Manitoba, depends to a great degree upon the sincerity of the government and the sup port of the farmers of the respective provinces, it also depends upon the extent to which it is made a virtual monopoly. The farmers will give their support to a system just in proportion as they are assured of proper service. The Saskatchewan scheme is not far removed from government ownership in that the government provides nearly all the funds and will take security upon all the elevators purchased and the sub-scribed stock. If for any reason the system should not prove satisfactory there will still be an opportunity to inaugurate a system of straight government ownership. The Grain Growers of Saskatchewan have been given the positive assurance of the government that everything possible will be done to make the new system such a success that the line elevator monopoly will be broken and that the farmers will have absolute control of interior storage. Several of the supporters of the co-operative system in their addresses before the convention declared their belief in the principle of government ownership, but considered that before the government ownership would be a success it was necessary for the people to own their their governments. Saskatchewan and Manitoba have now embarked on different schemes to attain the same end. There are schemes to attain the same end. in each province opponents to both schemes, but the majority in each province favor the scheme they are committed to. The Grain Growers of Saskatchewan in changing from the definite attitude of government ownership, which they unanimously adopted at the Saskatoon convention in 1908 and the Weyburn convention in 1909, to what is termed a co-operative scheme in 1911, have accepted a heavy responsibility. It is the duty of every member of the association now to put his shoulder to the wheel in earnest and do his full share towards making the new undertaking a success.

#### SPECIAL TARIF CAMPAIGN

The Canadian Manufacturers' Association has decided to educate the employees of their factories to the need of high protection. The following notice is being sent out to all factories

"SPECIAL TARIFF CAMPAIGN" "In view of the strong and persistent figitation for tariff reduction now carried on provide the generation of the strong and persistent strong the Grain Growers, it is urgently necessary for every manufacturer to give the widest possible circulation to the arguments advanced by the manufacturers for the maintenance of the tariff as it now stands. A carefully pre-pared statement of the manufacturers' case was presented to the government a few days ago. This will be sent to you in any number vion. It is especially desirable that this should be antidote to the present free trade propa-ganda is very necessary in Western Canada. It will be well to circulate it among your employees. Advise us at once how many writh distribute. It will be have us at once now employees. Advise us at once now you will distribute. "Address: "The Secretary, "Canadian Manufacturers' Association, "Toronto."

This is a good scheme on the part of the manufacturers and one that no person will object to. In fact, we should like to see every farmer in the country send and get

a copy of this famous document prepared by the manufacturers. It will make a very interesting story to read in connection with the letters from British Manufacturers in last issue. The more literature the manu-facturers send out the sooner will the people of Canada demand that protection wiped out.

#### SUPERVISING THE TERMINAL ELEVATORS

Some of the members of the House of Commons are thinking along the same lines as the farmers. Dr. Schaffner on February 13 moved the following resolution :

"That in the opinion of this house the present system of operating the terminals and transfer elevators is detrimental to the inter-ests of the Western grain producers, and that the government should take immediate steps the terminal elevators. at Western to operate the terminal elevators at Fo William and Fort Arthur and the transfer el-vators between those terminals and the Atla tic seaboard."

This resolution sets forth the principle for which the Western farmers have been contending for years. It was supported among Western members by Messrs. Sharpe, Lake, Bradbury, Herron, Campbell and Roehe. Dr. Neely moved an amendment which put the resolution on the shelf and was supported by the government and Messrs. McCraney, Clark, White and Oliver. The other Western members were not present when the vote was taken. Neely's amend-ment carried. The amendment was to the effect that no action should be taken till the government elevator bill, which is now in the senate, should come before the house. Dr. Shaffner, in moving the resolution, gave the house some valuable information and showed how the farmers have for years been robbed at the terminals. He laid down the sound principle that there was no guarantee of safety in any system which allowed the elevator operators to have an interest in the grain passing through. The governin the grain passing through. ment has had nearly one hundred men at the terminals watching the operators, yet all this supervision has failed completely. The new system in charge of a commission will never restore confidence in the terminals unless the elevators are actually taken out of the hands of private parties and operated by the government. The new bill, as we understand it, provides for government operation if the necessary funds are voted by parliament. Those funds should be voted. If not, and the elevators are merely supervised by a commission there will be just as much suspicion as at present. Suppose a year passes and no further proofs of the manipulations in the terminals are shown. Will that restore confidence? Not at all. No person in the West will believe for an instant that all the supervisors the government might employ, nor all the systems of checking that might be inaugurated, will circumvent the elevator operators. THE RESULT WILL SIMPLY BE THAT THE GOVERNMENT WILL BE SUSPECTED OF COLLUSION WITH THE ELEVATOR This would be most unfor-COMPANIES. tunate, but if it occurs the government can blame no person but themselves. It is to Diame no person but themselves. It is to be hoped that no government of Canada will ever allow itself to be contaminated by the crookedness which has been rampant in the terminals. TODAY THE TERMINAL ELEVATORS SMELL DECIDEDLY BAD IN THE NOSTRILS OF THE WESTERN FADMEDS GITDEDUIGNESS FARMERS. SUPERVISION OF A BAD ODOR DOES NOT MAKE IT MORE AGREEABLE. COMPLETE ELIMINATION OF THE CAUSE IS THE ONLY BUSINESS. LIKE METHOD TO EMPLOY. The Canadian Council of Agriculture at its annual meeting in Regina last week unanimously adopted the following resolution:

"Whereas the Dominion government has of far acceded to our demands re the govern-ment ownership and operation of the terminal elevators as to bring down a bill appointing a commission with drastic powers. "Therefore be it resolved, that, while acknowledging the forward step, the Canadian Council of Agriculture reiterates its request that provision he made for the necessary funds, for partchase or lesse, as nothing short of absolute government ownership and operation will remedy existing evils."

The men who grow the grain will never believe in any system which allows that grain to pass through the hands of the elevator The Western members of parlia-OWDERS. ment who oppose government operation are not only disregarding the unanimous demand of the Western farmers, but are also assisting to put the Dominion government into a position where its reputation in the West will suffer. The Western people look to each Western member to throw aside party domination and to work in the interests of his constituents, and they look to the Dominion government to protect them from further robbery at the terminals.

#### A BROAD MINDED MAN

F. W. Thompson, general manager of the Ogilvie Milling Co., Montreal, has been studying the reciprocal tariff arrangements more closely recently and has given an interview to the Financial Post in which he opposes reciprocity. In this interview he makes the following statement :

"It has been stated that the object of this treaty is to satisfy a certain section of our Northwest farmers. Anyone familiar with our Northwest farmers. Anyone familiar with the literature and arguments issued by the Grain Growers' Association, more particu-larly through the medium of the Grain Grow-ers' Guide, cannot but be impressed with the highly exaggerated and unreasonable state-ments which they make against all vested interests other than their own, and it is equally true that a very large proportion of the members of this association will not support any such revolutionary legislation."

It is evident that Mr. Thompson is beginning to pay considerable attention to the Grain Growers. It is of course a part of the game of the "interests" with which Mr. Thompson is associated to discredit The Guide and the leading Grain Growers as much as possible. He says that the state-ments in The Guide are "exaggerated" and "unreasonable." Yet Mr. Thompson opposes reciprocity for the mere purpose of increasing the profits of the Ogilvie Milling Co., and expects people to believe he is entirely unbiased. Everything the Grain Growers do and say is "unreasonable," but everything Mr. Thompson does is the act of a broad-minded Canadian. We would suggest to Mr. Thompson, while he is on the subject, that he explain how his company can haul Winnipeg-made flour for 4,000 miles and sell it in Britain cheaper than in Winnipeg. He might also explain how much more competition reciprocity will bring and that Ogilvies will be compelled to pay nearer the milling value for wheat. We shall be glad to give Mr. Thompson plenty of space in The Guide and hope he will use it. Until he does he should not use other journals to libel The Guide.

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One of the features of the farmers' conventions in the three provinces this winter has been the prominent and fair reports of the proceedings in the Western daily papers. The important position to which the farmers' organizations have risen in-volves added responsibility. The world is now watching and it behooves the leaders to see that business is conducted with the dignity which has characterized it in the past.

#### THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

#### CANADIAN COUNCIL ON RECIPROCITY

The reciprocal tariff agreement is com-ing in for a great deal of criticiam all over the world. There is strenuous opposition being made to it in certain portions of Canada. No doubt the wide measure of free trade in the agreement is due to the demands of the farmers on December 16, 1910. The farmers are satisfied with the agreement as far as it goes, and want to see it ratified by parliament. The Canadian Council of Agriculture in Regina last week passed the following resolution :

"That while we regret that the said pro-posals do not provide for free trade is agri-cultural implements, for any material lower-ing of the customs duties on other cosmoli ing of the customs during on other commodi-ties, we urge the parliament of Canada to ratify the axid agreement at the present ser-sion, and further, we would respectfully urge parliament to increase the preference given in our customs tariff to British goods to 50 per cent. of the general tariff during the pres-ent session of parliament, a general reduction in customs duties on goods not hargely im-ported from Great Britain, and that agricul-tural implements he placed on the free list in order to relieve the tax imposed upon con-sumers by customs duties."

Even after the agreement is ratified there is nothing to prevent placing agricultural implements on the free list, nor in fact to interfere with lowering the tariff in any The British Preference may be increased to fifty per cent. without interfer-ing with United States. The United States tariff law now has a standing offer of free trade in farm implements to any country that will reciprocate. Canada should recip rocate. Now let us watch the members of parliament and see how many of them want to give the producers and consumers r from the protectionist system. R. L. Bor-den made the mistake of his political career last Thursday when in the House of Commons he opposed the reciprocal tariff agree ment entirely. He certainly will not have the unqualified support of the Western members of the so-called Conservative partyin such a course. Mr. Borden, however, practically endorsed the demands of the Ottawa delegation in regard to terminal elevators, chilled meat industry and the Iludson's Bay Railway. On the other hand the government has not yet shown its willingness to grant these three demands but has gone part way towards the farmers' tariff demands. Between the two political machines the common people stand to suffer every time. Nothing more is needed to con-vince the Western people that they must pledge their candidates at the next election. By organizing and standing firmly for the Ottawa platform of December 16, 1910, the people of the West can send a solid contingent to the House of Commons at the next election who will support their demands.

#### THE STEEL BOUNTIES

Strenuous efforts are being made by the. steel magnates of Nova Scotia to secure a renewal of the huge bounties that have been paid to them during the past fifteen years. The steel magnates have been busy around Ottawa lately and reports are that they have been very familiar with the politicians. When a Canadian industry that has received the millions from the public treasury that have been given to the steel industry, cannot get along without more nursing then it is time for it to die. Surely no government that has refused the demands of the organized farmers will permit the wealthy steel interests to feed from the public treasury any longer. Canadian people cannot afford to pay twice the cost of manufacturing steel merely to be patriotic.

The manufacturers and other tariff beneficiaries say the farmers should tend to farming and leave the tariff alone. How about reversing the advice. If it is good it should work both ways.

February 15, 1911

#### DIRECT LEGISLATION

There are few people in Canada today who more fully realize the need of Direct Legislation than the farmers of the Prairie Provinces. They have been studying the subject very carefully for the past two years and it has now become an important plank in the platform of the three farmers' associations. Direct Legislation is also associations. Direct Degistration people receiving the support of all thinking people in the other walks of Western life. ne to be generally recognized that the final power in all legislation should forever reside in the people themselves. We will always need our legislatures and they will always have a great work to perform. The work of the legislatures will become more important and more satisfactory when the people have all real power in their own hands. On Tuesday the Direct Legislation League of Manitoba met the premier of that province and requested his government to introduce legislation providing for the Initiative and Referendum. Possibly they will not get what they asked for at the present session, but Premier Roblin has present assion, but Fremer Monin has publicly expressed his appreciation of the Initiative and Referendum, and will no doubt give effect to it as soon as the popular demand is sufficiently strong. The only way to make a success of any great reform move ment is to educate the people to a sense of the need of that reform. That is being done in the West today, and as each year work of education is carried on, there the ean he but one ending-succe

#### **ONLY NATURAL**

According to an interview published in the Monetary Times, Mr. Charles R. Hosmer does not like the reciprocity agreement. He says :

"Everyone from the Atlantic to the Pacific is prosperous and contented. There is insufficient labor to carry on the work of the railways and the agricultural sections of the Dominion. Our towns and eities are go-ing ahead by leaps and bounds. The credit of our Dominion, our provinces and our muni-cipalities is, without exception, of the best in the money markets of the world. Why not let well enough alone?"

Who is Mr. Hosmer! President of the Ogilvie Milling Co., director Canadian Pacific Railway, director Bank of Montreal, and director of nearly thirty other vast financial institutions. Certainly he is opposed to any freedom of trade. All the big financial interests are opposed to any system which will take any moneý out of their pockets and give it to the people.

The Unofficial Organ of the Winnipeg Smart Set has recently been devoting itself to what it is pleased to designate the "Grain Growers' Grouch." In this it supports the organ of the Western retail merchants in telling the farmers to learn more about farming and to keep off of economic questions. The duty of the farmer, according to this new authority, is to produce food for the nation and allow the special privileged classes to do the legislating-for their own benefit. No doubt the readers of this jour-nal, in their palatial Winnipeg homes, enjoy the sentiment, but they will find that the "man who pays" is going to have a say in the way he pays.

Prospects now seem to be that the Amerian congress will ratify the reciprocal tariff and that the consumers of the two neighboring nations will benefit. It is a good step forward towards economic freedom which is demanded by the majority of the people in both countries.

Day by day the feeling is spreading throughout Canada that the payment of tribute to special privileged elasses must terminate. The tariff must be brought low and be followed by regulation of public service corporations.

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THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

# Regina Convention

at the Regina convention by F. M. Gates, of FillMore, president of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Associa-

Tion: The occasion of the tenth annual meeting of our association finds it in an increasingly flourishing condition; stronger, more united and more de-termined to achieve those things which will benefit ourselves, our homes and

termined to sensitive way, our homes and our country. The easons of 1910 may be classed as good, though, as is to be expected in a province embrasing so large as area as ours, the yield varied according to the leading grains makes it 'a remun-rative year and sustains our trade in the country of our adoption. One feature, which the experience of the past year emphasizes, 'fs the full-ity of hapharard methods of cultivation and the necessity, and following success, of thorough farming. The financial istimation shows easier conditions and there exists a spirit of healthy confi-dence which spells progress in all indus-tive and a firmness untainted by undue speculation or boom. We were all sorry to learn of the

We were all sorry to learn of the serious illness of our Honorary Presi-dent, E. N. Hopkins, and we rejoice that he is now convalescent, though absent in a warmer clime.

#### The Elevator Commission

The Lievator Commission At the time of our last convention the government had arranged for an ele-vator commission and had undertaken to give our association ample represen-tation thereon. They appointed Mesars. Langiley and Green, and your directors, on heing called together, passed a reso-lution endorsing the appointment of these two members, who have already on previous occasions represented our association at Ottawa and Regins. That commission has completed its work. association at Ottawa and Regina. That commission has completed its work

association at Ottawa and Negina. That commission has completed its work-and the report is in your kands. Owing to the delay in issuing this report your executive decided to leave a pronounce-ment upon it to this convention when the subject can be discussed thoroughly, and any action decided upon be authori-tative and unquestionable. This course is the more desirable, in as much as the proposals, laid before the commission by your execu-tive in a lengthy and carefully prepared memorandum, are declared to be im-practicable, and other proposals, of an entirely different nature, are put for-ward as a remedy for the evils com-plained of. These other proposals of the legislature of the province and this is your opportunity to declare in favor of or against it, or to make such recom-mendations in respect of it as you may deem wise and decirable.

deem wise and desirable. Advantage was taken of the oppor-tunity afforded by the visit of the Do-minion premier to impress upon him the views of our members in regard to those public questions which peculiarly affect us as grain growers. The manner in which this was done was particularly effective and the results were seen in the increased interest taken in our asso-iation by the world taken and hence ciation by the world at large and by our own mer

#### Canadian Council

The formation of the Canadian Coun-match at Prince Albert and in which our association readily joined, has been apply justified by the notable results achieved in unifying the delegation to ottawa, which proved that the farmers of this Dominion are broad-minded enough to take common ground for the breavy shot that was broad-sided into the ship of state at Ottawa and not without effect. But you must make head of the struggle; the guns must be canded and refred, you must make use that your ammunition is sound. To compare the first shot does not mean the bread of the struggle; the guns must be cand of the struggle; the finduced with the representations made to the Dominion government evidently ex-tions with the United States. The statement made by Mr. Fielding, while The formation of the Canadian Coun

The Tenth Annual Convention of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association was held at Regina,

February 7, 8 and 9

#### President's Address

disappointing in that the reduction of divide a agricultural implements is divide the agriculturalists of this provides. It is distinctly a step for your and at least establishes that agriculturalists of the step of the treated near the format of the step of disappointing in that the reduction of

8 Address
Advantage, the seed is for men of vigor, men of broad mind and men who are in a position to devote a considerable when exist among us and it is your task of the second sec

Hose of Co of district councils, as with the growth of the association it will shortly be-come impossible to obtain a satisfac-tory expression of views from the large assemblage which would result from the present basis of representation, namely, 1 delegate for every 10 members. I commend to your careful considera-tion the task of selecting officers for the ensuing year. Personally I have served on your executive for five years and feel that the introduction of some fresh blood might be beneficial. At the present stage, when the spirit of pro-gress is active and the disposition is strongly developed to sink political affinities and co-operate for the general than ever. There is more and more and than ever. There is more and more and more necessity, when our program is so ambitions to have the support of all farmers, and I appeal to our members, whether officers of an association or not, to make every effort to enlist those of their neighbors who are still out of the even

ranks. In conclusion I desire to thank the men who have actively helped our cause during the past year and espe-cially those members who have been associated with me on the executive and from whom I have received the greatest help and kindness. May this year prove to you all-a year of pros-perity and real progress.

#### Secretary's Report

The following report of the secretary-treasurer and organizer of the S. G. G. A. was presented to the Regina convention by F. W. Green.— As I endeavor to present to you my second annual report, after serving you for nearly two years as organizer and one and one-half as secretary-treasurer pro

ranks

tem. I say, "pro tem" because I have already held these positions very much longer than I anticipated when taking the office, and as this is most likely the last time I shall address you, at least in this capacity, I erave your indulgence in what may seem a somewhat lengthy and wandering report in order that it

#### Direct Legislation: or The Initiative and Referendum What It is and Why We Need It

All over Western Canada the people are asking for information on Direct Legislation. This little booklet of 36 pages by R. L. Scott tells the whole story. Every man interested in Direct Legislation should buy from 25 to 100 copies of this booklet and distribute them among his friends. They will be sent to any address for 5c each, post paid, or 25 copies for a dollar. If you want only one, send for it. If you want a large number of copies to be distributed, send in the names and addresses with your money, and the booklets will be mailed direct to any names desired. Direct Legislation is one of the greatest needs of the time, and no man can afford to be without a copy of this booklet. They are kept in stock in The Guide office and will be sent promptly by return mail.

BOOK DEPARTMENT . . GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE, WINNIPEG

Papers

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#### Growth of Association

I should like first to give yow a few facts as to ear growth. At the second annual meeting of this association the paid-up membership was eight hundred and fity-two. At the fourth held in Regim, Dec. 1994, we had nice hundred and forty-two members. At the fifth held in Keyins, 1907, we had one thousand nice hundred and sisty-one. At the second and the second the second and the second the second the second the second the

**Need Permanent Organization** 

These and other things fully convinced e that we farmers need, and the country



#### Home of G. Cole, Elkhorn, Man

meeds, a permanent farmers' organization. This is why, and only why. I have attempted to serve you as well as ability would permit. I have planned for a permanent institution, and that is why we introduced the life membership plan. I am not altogether satisfied with the way this has been taken hold of, although we have doubled our life membership that year. I have always wanted to make sure of this fand, which is really nothing but advance fees. That it shall be absolutely acfeguarded and preserved in its integrity. That by no means can it be molested or asized by any ruthless hand, but will be a life fund is deed and truth. I hive thought that the man who could be instrumental in laying the foundation of a permanent farmery' organizational structure, something with life in it, that I nove throught that the man who could be instrumental in hying the foundation of a permanent farmers' organizational structure, something with life in it, that would grow and grow, would do a work of which one might well be proud, though it took a life time. It is admittedly a large task, for most people say that it cannot be done. Still we are doing it. I believe in it, and I think there are many farmers who could afford at once to put back into this association 812.00 at least of the money it has already earned for them. They owe it to the institution, and there are others who should do it for the increased force and stability it would give to the continuance of the good work thus far so splendidly carried on. The extent and proportions which the asso-ciation will in future assume will depend on you.

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#### Should be Independent

Should be Independent Let our members also get stripped of party political affiliation. Clean, inde-with all questions on their merits. Such an organization well equipped with funds, with this dominent spirit of independence will compel the changes needed. This is simply getting ready to do business. Nothing kills our influence quicker than to have a few old party politicians trying to use this association as a stepping stone for party advantage or personal ends. They are continually either trying to work agame themselves or squinting around for fear the other side will. We have already acquired considerable prestige. We cannot afford to lose this

#### THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

by reckless, inconsiderate action. Such a course would be more disattrous to us and to others now, and less easily pardoned than when is our infancy. Individuals may use flying machines and do a couring, the term of the term of the second term and to others now, and here easily particular than when in our infancy. Individually any use flying machines and do a coaring gliding evolution, but the association will do well to keep close to mother Earth, and avoid a weeking someraulting finish in a final plange like many recent dring aviators. We cannot afford risky stunts. Much has been spent in reaching on present eminence, and much depends on a continuance of our success. Just now weveral different powerful bodies seem ready to open their doors to us. Showing Our opportunity is broadening. Other erganizations and powers all well as our-refures are realizing that something is really rouge with basic principles in our institutional construction, and there are men with minds everywhere trying to find a solution, meanwhile keeping up be competitive conflict until a halt may be afely called and an armitice declared. They know this armed conflict cannot form our national armament down to our drunce, takes and association rivalries. There are good men in all classes, and mome good in every individual. If we have to fight to a finish, our class need not fear once organized and educated to are conference when our circuits are. We require a trained staff of officers to meet them any result on reas a fairly, not itterly. We must confer with our rivals, or fight until one or the other is conquered. To do this an association must hang together or be hung separately. It is good to have and to have others know with two farmers consider our calling the or how and to have others know the dense and reveated our calling the down and the have other shows which the two farmers consider our calling the down and the have others know

employ of powerful magnates are power-less and are held firmly in their grasp. Deliverance for them or by them is most unlikely. Most risk people are at ease and are satisfied with present conditions. A solution from these is equally hopeles. Who then is to be the deliverer? Plainly in some form or other the independent men on the land. How shall hey register their united voice except through an association such as this? I am sometimes asked whether our work is ended. I think there is only one mover to that. No, it is only just optiming. To me the call to organize, observed and co-operate is more clear, the

answer to that. No, it is only just provide the second sec

#### Organize, Educate, Act

Now the road to this is to organize, educate, think, plan and act in concert; and towards the accomplishment of these ends during the past year several different methods have been tried and

# February 15, 1911

of men. Two meetings were arranged at each point, one intended to be a can-ference with the delegates and one a mass meeting, and were held at the point below meetingd points helow mentioned

#### Meetings Heid

Heetings Heid Robinson, Fletcher and Moffat at Strassburg, Hazeleilfe and Nokomia Green, Malarg and Lunning at Jasmis, Atwater, Saltcoats, Springside, Foan Lake, Lannigan, Dorrell and Noble at Zealandia, Outlook and Tugaske. Greun, Hawkes, Dorrell and Maharg at Bethaus and Craik. Hawkes and Brown at Hab-ley, Lamschen, Tregurva and Grand Coo-lee. Dr. Hill and Evans at Phippen and Ferdue. Tate, Partridge, Cockrell and Kaox at Lashburn, North Battleford, Handdison, Melfort, Frince Albert, Greun, Hawkes and Rohinson at Milestone Er Isvan, Carnebuff, Wawets and Moose Jaw. Jaw

Jaw. This was not the success I expected it to be. I believe this plan has in it much to recommend it if property takes hold of. Altogether much good work has been done by hundreds of large-hearted men throughout our ranks. Many mistakes have been made and much learned as previously mentioned. Nince our last convention we have made hear greatest programs in numerical the greatest progress in m strength of any one year in our Compared with Manitoba's ; ship of

Compares when diamond the ship of ship of 5574 in 1909 '' 3616 '' '' 7550 in 1909 ''' 10326 '' '' thiv shows that we at last compare fav-orably in numbers and have not so very much to learn in organization work from our sister province. Our membership orbity in numbers and have not so very much to learn in organization work fram has almost doubled, as we are only giving you the figures until the 31st of December. We have formed over one hundred new associations during thout thirty eight have died or failed to respond. You are aware that direc-tor shave been elected in previous years from each croy district, of which there are nine. This year several proposals have been talked over for improvement of organization work, and for the sake of convenience and to assist you, I have set forth the names of the asso-iations in the following divisions: Ist—Organization districts. Bid—Crop districts. Much Work Needed

#### Much Work Needed

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#### CANADA'S TARIFF LAWS or "Where Industry leans on the Politician"

Of "Where industry leans on the Politician" Every man, woman and child in Canada should be most deeply interested in this subject. "Skity Years of Protection in Canada," by Edward Porritt, is the story of the tariff in Canada since 1846. Many regard the Tariff as a very dry and unisteresting subject. But Mr. Porritt fakes out he dryness and makes it most interesting. Every farmer could spend a number of pleasant evenings with this book and at the same time have his eyes opened to the iniquity of the tariff laws of Canada. Every farmer would then understand why he has to pay out \$200 a year to support the manufacturers when he could buy the same atticles cheaper elsewhere. The book contains 478 pages and is fully indexed. This book is kept in stock in The Guide office and will be sent promptly by return mail to any address, post paid, for \$1.50.

BOOK DEPARTMENT . . . GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE, WINNIPEG

stand for nothing less. Wanting no special privilege. Ready to pull on an even doubletree. We know we cannot act as if there were no others. Neither can things be just as they would be if we were not here. This is true of individcan things be just as they would be if we were not here. This is true of individ-uals, associations, nations and races. Our view cannot and must not be, and is not a purely mercenary one. We must have personal, associate, national and world vision. We must see the human family. It is this that will cause us to pay attention to others, and others to pay attention to us. Our proposals will be tried at the bar of public opinion of an impartial world. Our objects may be divided into two general classes. The one intended to have immediate visible operations. The other depending on a succession of measures having a gradual operation towards an ultimate goal. The first is self-protection : the goal that is best for all. This will give individuality and character to our institution. **Work for Farmers** 

#### Work for Farmers

Work for Farmers Work for Farmers Deputation with its extremely rich and extremely poor, the organized evils and turbulent reeking unrest of the classes and masses, as one takes note of the pressure of organized capital on the classes, who in turn extort from the unorganized masses, one realizes there is a situation calling for some counteracting force possessing the ground-work of a sturdy independence, with a high moral purpose and sense of justice, capable of discerning evils and discovering remedies, with the nerve, will, power and deter-mination to apply them. A jury arbitra-tor, if you will, between these people who are at war with each other; and whose rivalries are also oppressing us, I submit this arbitriment devolves on the men on the land. City people who are in the

results watched for reaching the rank and file of our membership in organization and educational work. Last convention I outlined a series of organization disand educational work. Last convention I outlined a series of organization dis-tricts. As some misunderstanding occur-ed over it, I will quote from last year's report. "Now I want to take advantage of your presence here to-day to arrange an interchange of men. I want you delegates to meet in the divisions I shall name, and lay out a series of meetings for the territory mentioned. Arrange dates and complete arrangements for the handling of speakers, so that the inter-change of speakers may be arranged." I did not intend each division to start out on some plan of its own and run up a big bill of expense and send it in to the central for payment. I did not intend any expense to be charged to the central, but such as should be definitely arranged for. Neither is this now intended. I thick I can clearly show you the wisdom of this. This was not given a fair trial because the rush did not permit us to carefully plan it out. This year, perhaps, we can do better, both in plan and accomplishment. This plan has in it much to recommend it.

accomposition of the pair has in it much to recommend it. Mr. Hawkes was sent out for two months attending special summer meet-ings, and he will report on his work. I also attempted to hold district confer-ences, thinking that the delegates would come in to them from the surrounding associations and consulf with part of our directors who would meet them there, and then go out and do likewise with a number of smaller groups. The direc-torate and others that I thought could and would help met at Saskatoon, had several meetings, and then separated into groups of two and three and held conferences at some thirty-three points, covered in about ten days by six groups

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#### February 15, 1911

regular meetings for locals, regular programs arranged, a local itinerary for speakers, subjects and committees ar-ranged for a season's work at each local; mee, women, boys and girls, all being utilized for their own and the general uplift and betterment. This has to come from within. There must be some few in a district who are hungry for improvement and willing to take the load. There are many things I should like to say here, but time will not permit.

#### THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

toba and Alberta convenious, and the Byy Farming Congress at Spekane. These, with my visit to Winnipeg, Min mespolis, Kansan Gity and Chicago Grain Exchanges interviewing the leading men-who deal in our grain at these points. The organizing for meeting Sir Wilfrid-at nine points, my visit to the terminal elevators, where I was privileged to al noise points, my visit to the terminal elevators, where I was privileged to go with C. C. Castle and watch some of the preceedings re the weight up there. Finally our great Ottawa delegation in which I took an humble part. Add to this the matters involved in the eleva-tics the states of the state of the states of the s

Keep Up Good Work I should like, however, to see our hishe association, the central and every fategral part, complete and able to per-form all the functions of an ablu thay ing head, hands, feet and heart, with fight if necessary and reason of that fully arbitrate in season. I trust you will see my drift and that the coming in quantity hut ablo in quality. The cloning let me say that during the save table was visited some thirty local associations. It was my privileged attend one or two interesting meet tee, the annual Grain Growers' Grain Co. meeting. I also attended the Mani

#### Financial Statement

of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association as rendered by F. W. Green

RECEIPTS		EXPENDITURES	
Balance Jan. 1st, 19108	1226.15	Convention Expenses	\$ 102.2
Membership Fees	4820.80	Organization Expense	1368 N
Government Grant	500.00	Directors' Meeting	95 2
Grants from G. G. G. Co	1450.00	Executive Meetings	200 4
Life Membership, 82 revenue .	892.00	Ottawa Expenses	387.1.
Life Membership, interest	265.86	Grant to Canadian Council of	
Literature	106.78	Agriculture	100.00
Convention Reports	\$37.80	Printing and Paper Subscrip.	716.3
Buttons	341.75	Office Expenses	164.7:
Interest on Deposits	121.00	Postage	221.4
Com. on Guide Subscriptions	74.05	Telephone and Telegraph	85.33
Trial Guides (Received for)	75.65	Exchange	20.61
Donation from Robert Meighen	250.00	Express	6.33
		G. G. Buttons	488.40
		Life Membership Buttons	49.72
		Trial Guide Subs	97.10
		Rent, office	\$10.00
		Salaries	1790.00
		Transferred to Emergency Acet.	750.00
		Balance Jan. 1st, 1911	3410.65

#### 810361.84

To this balance of \$3410.69 add the Emergency account of \$730.00, and you a net balance of \$4160.69. The following is the Auditor's report:

Balance from 1909	
Disbursentents, 1910	\$10768.79 6608.10
Balance Jan. 4, 1911, Current Account Hitchcock & McCulloch 83716.04 Outstanding Cheques 305.35	
8 3410.69 Emergency Account	

84160.69

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Audited and found correct A. A. M. DALE, Chartered Accountant,

Moose Jaw, Sask., January 10th, 1911.

Moose Jaw, Sask., January 10th, 1911. You will note that while the figures given above for the total receipts and dis-bursements are not the same as our figures, but that the balance is the same. This is because the report is condensed. For instance, the rebate made to two associations, as noted in the statement of fees, are given in the auditor's statement as expenditures, while in the statement we have deducted these rebates from the amount received from these associations, and entered the amount actually received from these associations. Another item appearing in both sides of the auditor's statement is the fees received for beths on the Ottawa Special. As the same amount was paid out as was received, this is not counted in our statement. This accounts for the difference in the figures. How-ever, as stated before, you will note that the balance is the same, which fact verifies our statement.

#### Directors' Report

The following report of the executive and directors was rendered at the Regina. Tour board of Directors and executive officers. F. W. Green - Markes, and J. A. Maharg as executive officers. F. W. Green - State of the set of the set of the set of their and was re-elected secretary-treasurer, and organizer for the year. The directors wished to fix a salary for this officer of the great importance to our province, as well as to the whole of Canada, have been under consideration, and your board has endeavored to deal with those consideration, and your board has endeavored to deal with those consideration. The elected corremission as one of the first questions under consideration, the there albert



Perhaps you have used paints and varnishes that have Perhaps you have used paints and varnishes that have not been satisfactory and you wonder why. If you bought them because the price was low, that's probably the reason. The man who buys "cheap goods" to save money does not save it when buying paints. Paints, varnishes, stains and enamels which are cheap in price usually lack some-thing—durability or spreading and covering qualities. You can't make good paint without putting good raw materi-als into it—and they cost money. It is wiser to buy a paint that has quality back of it; you will get twice the wear out of it that you would from a cheap paint. Go to the S-W of it that you would from a cheap paint. Go to the S-W dealer in your town to get paint satisfaction.

The Little Paint Man.

Page 1



THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CO.

Sherwin - Williams Paint, Prepared (SWP) is made from pure while lead, pore thoc, pure linased oil, and the necessary pigments and defers.

TORONTO WINNIPEG VANCOUVER

1884

MONTREAL

sincerety hope that they will accept the position." A memorandum was presented to the elevator commission in reference to the scope of the investigation. Your execu-tive also laid a plan for provincial owner-ship. The report of the elevator commis-sion is now in your hands and we ask you to give it your most careful and unbiased consideration.

#### **Railway** Claims

Railway Claims Several complaints were received in regard to non-payments in regard to stock killed, losses by fire, etc., which will be dealt with in the secretary's report. The resolutions of last convention were for-warded according to your instructions. A delegation consisting of President Gates and Mr. Hawkes waited on Premier Scott in reference to resolutions such his Scott in reference to resolutions sent his government. A report of this interview will be given

Scott in reference to resolutions setting the government. A report of this interview pl methe Hudson's Bay Railway. Owing to conflicting statements being circulated through the West in reference to govern-ment construction of the Hudson's Bay Railway, the following resolution was passed: "That this association express their confidence in the definite assurance given by the minister of railways, Hon. pr Mr. Graham, that the construction would not be postponed or abandoned." How-Rever, at a subsequent meeting the following resolution was ordered to be forwarded to the Dominion government and the press: "That while in the face of the **C** 

assurance of the Hon. Mr. Graham minister of railways, given on the floor of parliament some time ago, our cascutive the declaration of the federal government be declaration of the federal government of the speely construction of the H. B. Railway, later developments in the of the corrying on of the work makes it protest most vigorously against such a spitally differing the work makes it protest most vigorously against such a spitally differing the work makes it protest most vigorously against such a spitally differing the work makes it protest most vigorously against such a spitally differing the welfare of the whole protest most vigorously against such a spitally differing the welfare of the whole protesting that they had no intention of departing from the stand previously the construction of the road as yet, but we have the sammance of the particulation of operation was left and the welfare of operation was left and the the overneed in perpetuity by the abyance.

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#### Premier's Western Trip

Premier's Western Trip As soon as your executive were assured that Sir Wilfrid Lawirer would tour our province, steps were immediately taken to lay before him our views on matters we considered of vital importance to our province and to the Dominion as a whole. Acting on this your executive met him in Regina. Arrangements were previously made so that everywhere Sir Wilfrid set foot on Saskatchwan soil he was met by a strong delegation of Grain Growers, Costinued os Page 13

#### THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

# Agricultural Societies' Convention

The annual convention of Saskatchewan Agricultural Societies opened in the Hegins reprint the societies opened in the Hegins of the societies opened in the Hegins of the work of the agricultural provides was given by F. Hedley Auld, the agricultural societies had passed through a parieultural societies had passed through while the crops in some parts were good in others they were had. It was graitfy-however, to see that the societies was driving the societies was filled to the societies were which the crops in some parts were good in others they were had. It was graitfy-however, to see that the societies were doing excellent work. In 1909 they were accellent work in 1910 to servicity or burner had grown in 1910 to servicity or burner had grown in 1910 to servicity of base had in the province. Spring base were held in the province is burner and these held in the past. How the societies were passed bits were held in the cleat and proving the last year as in the fast of the work the previous year. The estimate of the societies were held in the fast were also proving the last year as in the past. How the proving the last year as in the past. How the intervent is large as the fast of 1909. They intervent is large as the fast of 1909 they intervent as during the year as in the past. They are also as a due to the fast of 1909. They intervent is large as the fast of 1909. They intervent is large as the fast of 1909. They intervent is part of the part of the part of the societies of the societies as due to the fast the fast of the societies as the societies of the part of the part of the societies as the societies are due to the fast the fast of the societies as the societies are due to the fast the fast of the societies as the societies are due to the fast the fast of the societies are due to the societies are due to the societies are due to the fast the fast of the societies are due to the soc

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of the associations who held competitions in 1909 were not favored with as bountiful erops as last year. The of the biggest things in the life of association of the biggest things in the life of associations. During 1910 seventy-seven societies held summer fairs. Sisty-five societies reported the number of entries last year, the number totaling 38,040 as compared with 37,010 in 1909. In the fourteen stock judging competitions held in 1910 there were 153 entries with prices offered aggregating 475. Fifty societies held seed fairs, in addition to two held by farmers' clubs, and one by a board of prate, making a total of fifty-five for the period of the Goorge Mutch, who was a function of the Goorge Mutch, who was a function throughout the province. Should Own Grounds

#### Should Own Grounds

Should Own Grounds J. K. Miller of Saltcoats, then delivered a clear, concise discourse "On the benefits to an agricultural society from owning of buildings and financing the purchase of grounds." "Where a society has promode." The said, "an admission fee may be charged, and that is one source of revenue." Saltcoats society last year realized \$173 on gate receipts. Mr. Miller here pointed out that having owned buildings was a great inducement to this bringing out the educative features of a show, which should be one of the stockmen did not care to subject their and often it diminished the prestige of the stockmen did not care to subject their and often it diminished the prestige of the stockmen did not care to subject their and often it diminished the prestige of the stockmen which a reputation was a great

should not receive grants from the govern-ment. A show with a reputation was a great factor in helping the progress of the town or district, as it would advertise it. In commencing to build, Mr. Miller said that the society should have a definite plan in mind and build accordingly. If they did not do this, they would waste money and eventually have to tear down or remove their buildings. He then followed with an explanation of the securing of the grounds at Saltcoats. They allowed the people to use these as a recreation ground and there was some revenue. Mr. Miller also showed the plans of the grounds and the buildings of the Saltcoats Agricul-tural society, and answered numerous questions put to him by his interested hearers. question hearers.

#### Financing the Society

Mr. Kerr, of Watson, followed with a paper on "Financing the society." Under the title of "The Purpose of Good Farming Competitions and Methods of Conducting Them," an interesting address was given by Prof. John Bracken. "The objects of good farming competitions,"

Delegates from the various Agricultural Societies of Saskatchewan met in Convention at Regina, January 31 to

#### February 3

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ary 3 two, they had hadges made for distribu-tion at the fairs. The directors no area of public meeting, some of their stranger matter that at every social to the society. In this way the Agit the society received an advertiseness. The society received an advertiseness the societ of the city hall to the limit of the coverties and the test of the societ of the city hall to the limit of the order the premier took the societ of the city hall to the limit of the test of the premier took the societ of the city hall to the limit of the order the premier took the societ of the city hall to the limit of the order the premier took the societ of the city hall to the limit of the order the premier took the societ of the city hall to the limit of the order the premier took the societ of the city hall to the limit of the order the premier took the societ of the city hall to the limit of the order the premier took the societ of the city hall to the limit of the order to observe the premier took the societ of the city hall to the limit of the order to observe the premier took the societ of the city hall to the limit of the order to observe the premier took the societ of the city hall to the limit of the order to observe the premier took the societ of the city hall to the limit of the observe the premier took the societ of the city hall to the limit of the observe the premier took the societ of the city hall to the limit of the observe the premier took the societ of the city hall to the limit of the observe the premier took the societ of the city hall to the limit of the observe the premier took the societ of the city hall to the limit of the observe the premier took the premier took the societ of the city hall to the limit of the observe the premier took the premier took the societ of the city hall to the limit of the limit of the observe the premier took the premier took the premier took the societ of the city hall to the limit of the

#### Premier Scott's Address

After a few words in commendation of the program, Premier Scott addressed himself to the purposes of the convention. It was, he remarked, the first held under the auspices of the provincial University, and he gave an inkling of the scope of the activities which it was intended and

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#### Mayor's Welcome

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tion.

#### Extension Work

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Transplanted native Spruce.

government was following out the idea. In England, the farmers were visited three times a year, October, May, and July, and reports were made of the various conditions found on the farm.

#### Society Accounts

Society Accounts F. Hedley Auld then gave a short address on "Agricultural society accounts." This was, said Mr. Auld, a very important subject. It was a matter of regret to find that many secretaries used their books for the purpose of not only entering accounts, but also for the purpose of entering up special notes in regard to matters effecting the society. When a new secretary came into office, it was almost impossible to transfer the books over to him. One of the first duties of the secretary was to prepare a proper system of accounts, that would fit into the conditions to be found in the province. Mr. Auld then dealt briefly with the style of books suggested by the department to discuss the question with those interest-ed.

ed. "Publicity as a factor in Agricultural "Publicity as a factor in Agricultural society's work," was the subject of an address by R. Mickle Crowe. The speaker, who is the secretary of the Windthorst Agricultural society, ex-plained the manner in which he had been chosen to speak on the topic. Mr. Crowe said thattwithin three months of the birth of his society they ran a summer fair. They had a full page advertisement in the local paper and found that it paid them immensely. One of the best adver-tisements of the society, continued Mr. Crowe, was the work of the directors and the officials. The picture of the directors working in their shirt sleeves at the exhibition grounds preparing for the fair was a magnificent advertisement. Then,

spected that the University should h

expected that the University should have. It was intended and expected and they had proof of it, that Saskatchewan Univer-sity should come close to the daily lives of every person in the province. It was further expected and intended — and he was satisfied that it would fulfil the function—to come close to the work and the daily life of practically every person in the newsine. in the province

#### Reference to Reciprocity

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#### **Figures Spell Progress**

Notwithstanding the drawback of trade restriction and otherwise, considerable advance had been made in the province with regard to the subject which that convention was particularly concerned

February 15, 1911

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#### Farmers' Clubs

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#### Stock Judging Demonstrations

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#### Wednesday Afternoon Session

Wednesday Afternoon Session Dealing with "The farmers' responsi-bility in the production of superior milk, tream and butter, and how it can be accomplished," George II. Bar, chief of the Dominion dairy division, Oltawa, delivered an instructive address. Mr. Barr was followed by an interesting ad-dress by Angus McKay, of Indian Head Experimental Farm, on the subject of "The production and use of folder corn in Saskatchewan." "Alfalfa growing in Western Canada." was treated by W. H. Fairfield, of the Experimental farm, Lethbridge, and he was followed by Dean Rutherford on the subject of "Saskatche-wan's alfalfa growing competition." Evering Session

#### Evering Session

The second evening session was the occasion of two lantern lectures by A. F. Mantel and Norman M. Ross. The former was on "A well planned farm house," and the latter on "Beautifying the local". house,"

hower, and the latter on "Reautifying the hour." The first picture that Mr. Mantel hower could hardly be called the tar-picture of the second second second second the house. It was, in fact, the tar-picture of the second second second second the house chosen was built of concrete, and the Mr. Mantel confined his discussion, the house chosen was built of concrete, and the second second second second second the house chosen was built of concrete, and the second second second second the house chosen was of the cellar. The first plan shown was of the cellar. The second second second second second the second second second second second second the second second second second second second floor was shown a parlor, show the second second second second second second floor was shown a parlor, the first plan second second second second second second floor was shown a parlor, the second second

#### THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

with gas throughout, and the owner, said Mr. Mantle, would shortly instal

and Mr. Mantle, would shortly instal a gasoline plant. As economy, the builder figured on spending 88,000 on the construction of this house, but as it stands, practically completed, it has cost only 83,000. The house has some seven thousand trees around it, tennis courts, lawns, etc., and in general presents quite an attractive appearance.

#### Ornamentation of Grounds

The program of the evening was closed th a song by Mr. Phillips. with a

#### **Resolution Morning**

with a song by Mr. Phillips.
Resolution Morning
Thuraday morning's session was devoted principally to the passing of resolutions, the following being adopted:
— That this convention of agriculturists for province has sustained since our last meeting in the death of one of our number, the last George Mutch, of Lumaken. He summarizes a sense of our number, and the death of one of our number, the last George Mutch of Lumaken. He summarizes a sense of our number, the last George Mutch of Lumaken. He summarizes a sense of our number, the last George Mutch of Lumaken. He summarizes a sense of our number, the last George Mutch of Lumaken. He summarizes a sense of our number, the last George Mutch of Lumaken. He summarizes a sense of our number, the last George Mutch of Lumaken. He summarizes a sense of our number, the last George Mutch of Lumaken. He summarizes a sense of our number, the last George Mutch of Lumaken. The sense our sense of our number, the sense of the sense of the sense of the death of one of our number, the last George Mutch of Lumaken. He sense that the beard of directors shell be to retrieve are studied to retrieve are studied to retrieve the sense of the George of Agriculture, such a sense of the George of Agriculture, such a sense of the sense of

at provincial seed fairs, each exhibit shall be at least one bushel and exhibitor shall guarantee to accept one order to the extent of at least fifty bushels, through the agency of the department if given before the close of the agricultural convention, equal to sample shown. "That there should not be such a delay in the making of payments of grants. (Withdrawn). "That in view of the tremendous addi-tions made to the work of the women of the West by the yearly influx of harvest excursion train at least one colonist car exclusively for women and give the same railway rate to any able bodied woman who is willing to come West and engage in housework on a farm during harvest time.

#### Approve of Reciprocity

"That this convention regard with approval the proposed reciprocity arrange-ments with the United States." The last resolution dealing with recipro-city was passed unanimously and without discussion

discussion. The resolution that caused the greatest discussion was that dealing with the retention of the membership fee from prise-winners. F. Hedley Audi in dealing with the matter, said there were two reasons for the proposed change: (1) the simplifying of returns, and (2) no reason was to be found for it while there were Continued on Page 51

Page 11 Weir Ready Houses Call when in Winnipeg and let us demonstrate to you our MODERN System of SECTIONAL, WEATHERTIGHT BUILD INGS. GUARANTEED to withstand the severest of Western winters. WRITE FOR A CATALOGUE WE MANUFACTURE | Ready-made Warehouses Ready-made Winter Houses .. ... Garages Summer Houses \*\* \* \*\* Churches .. .. Banks . ... 44 Schools Farm Buildings Stores ... ... .... Offices Poultry Houses

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# THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

February 15, 1911

February nor existing publicity by 4 be continue do not consis-at all selfish more honest tion which a tion, too he I would ask esisting I would ask the revenue, there even as the second men, civil are monople retire military and from that a lowering of t peeted which he speaks ha believers in tainly not the exception tainly not the exception tainly not the classes, who, little of the o es. With res.

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district chairm members as co themselves int conferences at the province would be most number of mer were a huge so and on the whoi money well ac

After waiting for twenty-five years for one or other of the parties in the federal parliament to hould a road to Hudson's Hay, we find that we have arrived as near to our goal as the following significant words from Premise Laurier would imply. — "I stated that whilst, personally, I was open to considering the huilding of the road by the government, I was strongly disinclined to government operating it.

Page 12

distinction to government operating in-Some of us have been laboring under the hallexination that the Liberal govern-ment had promised to build the Railway, but now it appears that the situation is simply that the premier is open to **considering** the building of the road by

povernment. This looks very much like progression backwards, and should certainly be a warning to those who have anything to lose by delay in the opening up of this avenue for the exportation of the natural products from the West, and the importa-tion of manufactured goods from Great Britain and the continent.

It seemed little short of criminal for honger upon a parliament composed mainly of Eastern representatives to take the initiative in respect to the building of and the operation of the Hudson's Bay railway. Surely no one can any longer hesitate about taking steps to organize a popular joint steek company of Western-ers from the fear that it might prejudice our chances for having the read built and operated by the federal authorities in the best interests of the West. The fact that the government propose building the road from the land end instead of from the Bay end is not reasuring to any thoughtful Westerner. Why transport shoughtful Westerner. Why can be sould a create per mile to the C.N.R. for the 90 miles ending at the Pas, which by he way was so poorly built that a govern-ment engineer travelling over it on a sand car expressed fear of being derailed. I have lately received a letter which sould your article "A People's Road to built sourcership and operation of the south of the farmers' efforts to obtain ublic ownership and operation of the part of the farmers' efforts to obtain ublic ownership and operation of the part of the farmers' efforts to obtain ublic ownership and operation of the part of the farmers' efforts to obtain ublic ownership and operation of the part of the farmers' efforts to obtain ublic ownership and operation It seemed little short of criminal for the population of the West to rely any

ywn hands. "With this end in view and whilst the juestion is "red hot?" may I suggest to rou the advisability of holding public neetings at several of the most important sentres in the province, and laying out rour scheme in detail, and then and there oliciting subscriptions for the organiza-tion of a company to ubtain a charter in he event of the government failing us. "This is a case of "prevention is better has.cure," for if the government do not zecede to our requests and feel inclued o hand the working of the line over to a aliroad corporation it may prevent them loing so if they know that the people of he West are prepared and determined to andle the proposition themselves. andle the proposition themselves.

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#### Navigation of the Bay

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# The West and the Hudson's Bay Railway By E. A. PARTRIDGE

By L. A. F. It has been generally supposed that the parts on Hudson's Bay are closed from carly in November till the end of the fullowing May or beginning of June. The department of railways and canaba publishes a "Report of the Hudson's Bay Railway Serveys" which effectually ex-plodes this theory. This report may be referred to as Semional Paper No. 2004, " auto-heading "Defence," we find the following "Defence," we find the Hollowing "Defence," we find the Hollowing "Bay route opened. The fact that sheetlie flext would have in blockad-ing the Atlantic Coast of Canada were the Hudson's Bay route opened. The fact that sheetlie flext would have in blockad-ing the Atlantic Coast of an abaye Part Network and the year round is a fact well worth remembering when the possibilities of war are considered." war are considered." It appears on examination of the chart

It appears on examination of the chart issued in connection with this report, that there is a strip of water considerably over half a mile wide which never freezes, and which extends from the mouth of the river Nelson to a point about nime miles up stream. Outside of this, there is a considerable area the ice on which does not equal a foot in thickness at any time of the year. This attrip of open water has a minimum depth of 26 feet at low tide, and near the upper end is so sheltered as to constitute a safe harborage. There is a strong current which keeps this channel clear both from the floating ice on the surface and sand deposits below. There is a splendid grade to be obtained-by railway approaching to Fort Nelson

ATTRIDCE The coast is porces at all scannes. Indu-tive the second scannes of the second scannes of the second perfect lakes. From what I have an perfect lakes. From what I have an perfect lakes. From what I have an perfect lakes of the second scannes of the second perfect lakes of the second scannes of the second perfect lakes of the second scannes of the second perfect lakes of the second scannes of the second perfect lakes of the second scannes of the second perfect lakes of the second scannes of the second perfect lakes of the second scannes of the second perfect lakes of the second scannes of the second perfect lakes of the second scannes of the second perfect lakes of the second scannes of the second perfect lakes of the second scannes of the second perfect lakes of the second scannes of the second perfect lakes of the second scannes of the second perfect lakes of the second scannes of the second perfect lakes of the second scannes of the second perfect lakes of the second scannes of the second perfect lakes of the second scannes of the second perfect lakes of the second scannes of the second perfect lakes of the second scannes of the secon

them to secure a charter and assistance from the Dominion government or not, it will have the result, at least, of stiring up those who, while not wanting to build it themselves, as long as no one clue is had Earth to get ahead of a company to be provide an avenue of every from the compared of persons whose object would be pervide an avenue of every from the grant rans-continental line. The the command of a reasonable if thought necessary, demonstrate the workshift are the demonstrate the workshift necessary, demonstrate the workshift necessary of the season of the result that he would glady welcome the opportunity to take passage weight and the lack of faith widespread-actions. strut

stration. People of the West! this problem has too great a bearing upon your prosperity to be allowed to be dealt with by hostile or by unsympathetic minds. Already the great feverage which the existing trans-continental lines have in urging that they be permitted to operate this read or that the government provide the read-bad without equipment and allow the existing railways running rights over it, is the contention that the route will only be available for full traffic during two months, partial traffic for three months, and practically no, business for the rest of the year. Let us not allow the cursed apathy which has so often betrayed the people-into the hands of politicians and ex-ploiters, at this time hold us in quiescence until this last avenue of easenpe from commercial scheming and corporate greed be closed to us forever. People of the West! this problem has

#### THE INCOME TAX

THE INCOME TAX Editor Guide:—I should like to say a few ords in reference to Claude Saunders' letter of the 18th of January, in defence to the tariff. I consider this problem of the tariff. In this way. Free trade country a man revenue of the country has the problem of the country by a tariff yostem and how much he is paying to the revenue of the country by a tariff yostem and how much he is paying to the revenue of the country by a tariff yostem and how much he is paying to the revenue of the country by a tariff yostem and how much he is paying to the revenue of the country by a tariff yostem and how much he is paying to the revenue of the country by a tariff yostem and how much he is paying to the section of the income tax. "Anyone who has lived in England knows the prind of the income tax, that is if their is is just large enough to be taxed, yi is seving that it is the opinion of the privit tax in existence in any country in the world. Just Jet me here state what The second seco



#### Farm Ho

om the South West; in fact, a better ade than any of the trans-continental graine railways po

#### No Ice-Locked Ports

No Ice-Locked Ports With the bogy of ice-locked ports laid at rest, the only thing which has to be disposed of is the navigability of Hudson's Straits. There is a report known as the "Report of the Select Committee" the members of which were appointed by the legislature of the province of Manitoba in the year 1884. This committee took the evidence of a great many men who were in the employ of the Hudson's Bay Company for many years, and of others who had a personal knowledge of this matter, and whose evidence can be fully relied upo.

abar, North Portal, Sask.
Area some of the largest steamship com<sup>2</sup> panics, who are willing to furnish vessels for opening up the ocean route between the ports on Hudson's Bay and Liverpool, on the assurance to them that a railway will be built. They have gone into the matter very thoroughly, having had at the intervent of the second of the Northern seas, and have also obtained information respecting the Colonies." The very fact of this syndicate being prepared to enter into this behave at their own risk, after having obtained such for the route. "In a possibility of the route." In a possibility of the route. The seas and a saying. "Northland." Dr. Bell is quoted as asying. "Neither we faith are forcen. up and the statist are forcen. "In the sease of the say of the route." The sease of the say of the route of the say of the route. The sease of the say of the route of the say of the route. The same say is a say ing. "Neither the say one Straits are forcen."

#### H. B. Company Methods

H. B. Company Methods The Hudson's Bay Co. were able to fool the world as to the suitability for settlement of the territory which now contains the "Granary of the British Empire." In the same way they have been and are hoodwinking our people as to the navigability of the Hudson's Bay route. In this they are nobly assisted by the residents of Eastern Canada whose business investments and prospects would be endangered by a diversion of trade from the St. Lawrence trans-continental route. route.

A small sum has been requested from A small sum has been requested from everybody whose property or general prosperity will be enhanced by the development of the Hudson's Bay-route. Whether the placing of such a sum at the hands of the committee will enable

and on the whoi money well ap at this confer to have the origination commission of us, through the Scott. But ov nature of same our disposal, an mendations of t unexpected, it a printed reports to be properly a vention time, th by the directors of the convention Oving to the Owing to the on with the

Peteruary 15, 1911 discussion by both sides. Because under for existing laws we have legalized the continually calling them robbers. If the continue of the continually calling the continue of the continue of the con-tent of the continue of the con-sent of the continue of the con-tent of the continue of the con-sent of the continue of the con-tent of the

#### **Directors' Report**

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The to institute an enquiry to ascertain the texast conditions of the people and to leave any hardships that might be accertain to a series of construction of the busy season. Acting the decided to hold a series of construction of the busy season and intrict chairmen were called at the conclusion of the busy season. Acting the texast could attend to meet in the difference was considered by those the conferences in the difference was considered by those that it is not necessary to further dwell with a subject of the people of this country in general. These papers have all been published the texast and the sease and the people of the country in general. These papers have all been published that it is not necessary to further dwell with the texast and the sease at all the principle points in the difference was though it is not necessary to further dwell with the difference at all been published that its not necessary to further dwell with the difference was there it was though it with the difference was t

#### THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

The the terminal elevators. Conditions in connection with the operating of the terminal elevators are no above no im-provement whatever, despite the fact that there are about as many men employed watching the operators as there are oper-stors themselves. The discloances made-enty in the past year in regard to mixing and leaning only go to show that we have been right and just in our demands that they be taken entirely out of the hands of private operation. We consider the fines imposed on these companies convic-ted for ilegal tampering with the grain in the terminals was nothing in comparison to the amount of money they were enabled to fileh from the farmers of this country by their acfarious practices. But we are pleased to note that it is the intention of the department to show but

scant leniency in future to parties con-victed of illegal manipulation at the terminals. Armed with this farther proof that we were right, your executive decided to make a more urgent demand for gov-ernment intervention. The result was that when Sir Wilfrid Laurier was touring the West we received the promise from him that before anything in connection with the terminals was done, he would hold a conference with representatives of the Western Grain Growers (and by the way we are pleased to report that he has at heat fulfilled this one promise he made while in the West, which is, to say the least, encouraging to us). This conference was held in connection with the Ottawa dele-gation, and although we did not get what we asked for, we believe it is a atep in the right direction, as machinery fill be set in force so that if the plan they are adopting does not prove satifactory, the government can immediately acquire and take complete control of the terminals themselves.

# Life Membership Report

The following report of the Life Membership fund was presented at the Regina ention by F. M. Gates, for J. A Maharg, trustee of the fund:

convention by F. M. Gates, for J. A Maharg, trustee of the fund: I have pleasure in handing you herewith a statement of accounts for the trustees of the Life Membership fund of this association. During the year we have enrolled 335 new members, bringing the total number to 692. This gives the association a trust fund of 86,202 for investment in first mortgages, carning, a yearly revenue for all time to come. Of this amount 84,700 has already heen invested, and an application for \$1,400 accepted, payable as soon as mortgage papers are completed and satisfactory solicitor's report obtained as to title. The statement of receipts and disbursements, and of assets and liabilities, which I attach herewith, has been andited by Mr. John T. Newton, of Moose Jaw, and shows the present standing of the trust fund, and the cash accounts from date of my last statement.

A. W. IRWIN, Secretary-treasurer,

of the Life Membership fund of the Sask. Grain Growers' Ass'n.

#### STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS

#### of the

Life Membership Fund of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association. RECEIPTS

eb.	5-10,	To Cash in bank	8926.06		
eb.	4-10,	" Cash on hand	60.00		
eb.	6-11,	" Membership fees, 353 at \$12.00	4,236.00		
eb.	6-11,	" Interest collected on mortgages	265.86		
eb.	6-11,	" Bank interest received on deposit	18.69	85,506	61
		-			

	DISDURSEMENTS			
Feb. 5-10, By	Walter Hillson mortgage	1,200	.00	
	Theodore Goetz mortgage			
Dec. 13-10, "	Memb. 82.00 fee and interest on mortgages, paid See'y. of the Grain Growers' Asan.		86	
Feb. 6-11, "	Cash on hand	72	00	
Feb. 6-11, "	Cash in bank	2,306	75	\$5,506.
	ASSETS			
Cash on hand		6 74	00	

	TIABITITIES		
Invested in first mortgages		4,700.00	\$7,078.75
Cash in bank		2,306.75	

Due Sask. Grain Growers' Assn., re 82.00 fee and interest ..... 8158.75 Balance, being net capital of trust fund 87,078.75 6,920.00

Respectfully submitted, A. W. IRWIN, Secretary-treasurer.

JOHN THORP NEWTON.

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# Language Report

Audited and found correct, February 6, '11.

The following report was presented to the Regina convention by IL Dorrell and James C. Hunter: Your committee of enquiry into the advisability of printing Tus Gruns and our literature in the German language beg to report as follows:— • That we find that there are between then thousand and twelve thousand German far or as many as our total membership at present, many of whom are anxious to have our literature. That the system of giving our matter to more been successful, probably because of the party patronage enjoyed by these user.

papers. That it might be practical for the Western provinces to unite, or the Canadian Council of Agriculture, to under-take the production of a monthly in the

German language, simultaneously with which a special campaign should be organized in every German settlement. That, which there is among the Cana-dian Mennonite Germans some preju-dices to be overcome, generally speaking we shall find in our German brothers a very receptic soil in which to sow the useds of our principle. We would recommend therefore, that this association endeavor to co-operate with our sister provinces in the publica-tion of a monthly in German.

#### SEED MAGAZINE

The Garton Pedigree Seed Co. have just issued their spring catalogue dealing with plant breeding and predigreed grain. The book contains many splendii illus-trations showing how pedigreed seed is obtained and is valuable for the farmer.



# REAL ESTATE OWNERS IN WESTERN CANADA \$100,000,000

From the most accurate forces obtainable over ONE HUNDRED MILLION POLLARS was made by real exists owners in growing cities and towns of Wosters Chands last year. This wast would was exclude to disperse-ments and represented actual increase in land values alone.

and values along. Original records gathered by the Winnipeg Free Press prove that in eight Weaders Canadian riles the values of land along—and rounting improvements—increased 454 per cent, for the last five years—an anomal in-crease of 112 per cent, for meth city disring the last five years. These figures indicate that investments in live growing either to wavestimest can be, and that 100 per cent, profit each year is alongst a certainty.

# This Year

#### THEY WILL UNDOUBTEDLY MAKE \$100.000 MORE

MARE Iso,000,000 MORE. You have an opportunity now to participate t base immonse profits by being one of the righten purchasers of town lots in the Grand runk Pacific addition to the fast growing

# GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC RAIL-WAY DIVISION POINTS

AND DESCRIPTION POLICY RAME WATNERS, MELTILLE, WATNERGY, MELTILLE, WATNERGY, MELTILLE, WATNERGY, MELTILLE, WATNERGY, MELTILLE, Status, MELTILLE, WATNERGY, MELTILLE, Status, MELTILLE, MELTILLE, Status, Policy, Meltille, Status, Meltille, Status, Meltille, Mellille, Meltille, Melti

LAND COMMISSIONER Grand Trunk Pacific Ry. Co. 601 Somerset Bidg., Winnipeg, Manitoba

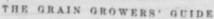
International Securities Co. Ltd.

as Agents for G.T.P. Townsites, 649 Romerset Bidg., Winnipeg, Man.



overhead track and a boy can clean our stables. Write for catalogue, LOUDEN HARDWARE

SPECIALTY CO. 937 LOGAN AVE., WINNIPEG Manufacturers of Barn and Stable Equipment



Commons, changed governments at will slid finally compelled British power and British legislature to give them a square deal. Farmers of Canada, learn the Inner

W. HEWSON. Invermay, Sask.

#### A THIRD PARTY

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rn at Indian Head Experimental Farn

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#### TERMINAL ELEVATOR QUESTION

Edited, Genzel-Regovernment evene-min Bilder, Genzel-Regovernment evene-min Bilder of Jassvir 2016 i the description and Dr attend a convention under the anaptee of the Commission to attend to political and bounces interests of converse of the Commission to attend to political and bounces interests conversed. That this is a stop in the right direction all will agree, but what about the convertains of the basines interests conversed. That this is a stop in the right direction all will agree, but what about the convertains of the basines interests in commetha situatural and manufactured productly Some of these are well converted and there busines interests and converted and there busines interests and manufactured pro-ducts, nevertheless, the great natural and base of the new stop and there business on a supplied entry of the farm and farm products are not converted and there busines and a stap well with a transfer and and are stap well and there busines in the right of the manufactures, and manufactured pro-ducts, nevertheless, the great natural and farm products are not converted and there busines on the start as the well and there busines on the start as the well and there busines on the start as the well and there busines on the start as the well and there busines on the start where even and the proper market. Reper-sing the proper market where even a start and the busines of the start by the whee provisions would be made by these whose provision attrally assume by these whose provision attrally assume there these and the busing after and the proper market where even and there are also well be marked by the stop provisions would be made by the stop provisions would be made by the well and the stop provision whet whose provisions would be made by the stop provisions would be made by the stop based from a Canadia there the start the provision attrally based the there the start the stop provision whet whose provisions would be made by the stop based from a Canadia there of the stop the provision whet whose

#### OTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS

NOTICE TO CORRERIPONDENTS This department of The Guide is maintained expectally for the purpose providing a discussion ground for the readers where they may freshy eachdage year and farrive from each other the heardist of experisons and helpful suggestions oth correspondent about remember that there are hundreds who wish is discussed providen of offer augrestions. We cannot publish all the immunes on there are fars received, and ask that each correspondent will keep the letter as short as while. Every letter must be signed by the name of the writes, if december of cessarily for publication. The vares of our correspondents are not of necessarily one of The Guide. The sim is to make this department of great value to readers, d no letters not of public intervet will be published.

#### MANUFACTURERS AND LANDLORDS

Editor, Granz-1 have read in your columns Mr. Russell's great promounces ment on the demask of the Wester farmers and I have remarked his criticism on them as a body. Mr. Russell claims to be a man of education and a man of culture, and he is put forward by the Manufacturers' association of Canada as their cratter and mostlppice. It is to be feared they made a poor choice after all for no man of education would show such genomest to carry him so far as to publicly insult a great homest and industrious body of his countrymen such as the farmers of Canada. Mr. Russell scems to be quite genomest to carry him so far as to publicly insult a great homest and industrious body of his countrymen such as the farmers of Canada. Mr. Russell scems to be quite genomest of the fart that out here in the "Wild West" there are hundreds, of farmers, aye, and homesteaders, too, just as well educated as he is and just as well able to form a clear and concis opinion on both political and social problems as he or his conference are. It is true they have not been educated in the same school, but it is equally true that they wire colucated in a far more honest one. Mr. Russell's language being clearly to my mind of an exactly similar in freiand years ago, when the Irish farmers commenced their great social and political atruggle with their oppressor, "the Irish landbords." The landbords then accused their tenants of want of their, poor farming and a tendency to dabble in matters too high for them, and divised them to practice better methods of farming, attend closer to their business so that they would be able to pay higher subsidy to him and his association. Mr. Russell has evidently no use for the farmers of Canada other than as an organization for raising money to make milionaires of him and his confederates; just as the Irish landbords are in now. The writer has had some practical exprinence of the great agrarian struggle in the old hand and the means by which it achieved final victory, and he has not the least hesitation in saying

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hupeless. Recent events have proved the putter fallacy of applying to the existing prelifed machinery of this Dominion for relief. The manufacturers have fixed up the political machines too well, and keep have fittle to expect from the Laurier machine and less from the Foster one. Indeed the former reminded me of another great, aye, greater politician now dead and gone, the Right Hon. W. E. Glad-tone. Perhaps, Mr. Editor, you will give me space to state the incident. It is now some eighteen years or so, if my memory serves me right, that the right honorable gentleman had just been returned as prime minister of England and the head of the liberal party. About this time the hand league of Ireland was at the zenith of its power and influence, and the head of the liberal party. About this time the land league of Ireland was at the zenith of its power and influence, and the head of the liberal party. About the first great demand for Home Rule was launched against British state-craft.

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#### STION t ewne Edmo

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and that those who suffer will rise in their own might and as a whole work together until these wrongs are righted and those who are placed in a position of trust to look after these matters are compelled to do no, or give way to those who will. G. H. MANSER.

February 15, 1911

Louisville, Alta.

## BENEFITS OF FREE TRADE

prime there were certain important and influenced to which the delegates apparently all agreed. One of these points were that the gravernments, as constituted to delay the second to the second the second to the Entrop, Genner – I see in your issue of the the Jan. that J. M. Liddell like Mr. Rabertson in another issue is all very doubting about the benefits of free trades in Grant Hittins. Any one who knows in Grant Hittins, any one who knows in the larmers is England want for the trade for a sinut. Mr. Liddell says, or means the protection is order that they may be able. New, Mr. Liddell says, or means the protection is order that they may be able to the farmers is England want of the farmers is England want of the farmers in the community. New, if Mr. Liddell says, or means the protection is order that they may be able to the farmers with free exceeptions doubt only benefit the lander of a raise in rent or the protection and it ones was in an Canada and it ones was in the community of the maximum and the one was in the other classes, the laborers, in far the enter public, they would get notice of a raise in rent or the other classes, the laborers, in far the enter public, they would attempt to enact public, they would attempt to enact public, they would a parameter would ever dare to do not a far enter public, they would a parameter would ever dare to do not have about polities in Britain while a paragraph from a Conservative paper, and naturally is, that protection would be highly accepted who do not have about polities in Britain while the poverty of the nation. Here, and a law welf are of their county more than that, although it would for the poverty of the raise. Dear of the poverty of the raise. Mere, fut nearly all of their county more that the selfare of their county more than that, although it would for the the and on the recease of life, a rise of inferential calender with the readers of the Grand and trends with the section during the protection. The landoring the the order of the indescribate of protection, the missery during the dare county again before here there and would have the preceived JAS. HOGG.

Milo, Alta.

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farmer.

TARIFF OPINIONS

Flour Mills

Lumbermen

**Coal Dealers** 

Port Arthur

INTERNATIONAL CO-OPERATION

BEEF RAISING IN CANADA

C. P. R. MANUAL

High River, Alta

#### ECHOES FROM CALGARY

Editor, GUIDE:-To those who took part in the convention held by the U.F.A. in Calgary on January 17, 18 and 19, it must have been clear that the Alberta farmers are a determined lot of men who know what they want and have made

THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE.

up their minds to stick to it until they get .it. While there were differences of

opinion there were certain important matters to which the delegates apparently all agreed. One of these points were that

# It Pays to Buy Your Seeds from a Reliable House

er, you pick ne that looks good, but you also find out its breeding. You realize the value of the law of heredity. You know that "blood will tell." You combine appearance and pedigree. Garton's Seeds fulfil both these requirements and give yields 20 per cent. to 5

# **Results Are What Count**

Birtle, Man. I am more than satisfield with, your new brend of black outs, Victor, which ripsnod fully fourteen days earlier, abd, word 18 bushels more per acre, than Banner, which only west 65, sown right beside, under exactly same conditions. The quality is fine and compares well with fast year's sample on which I secured the second highest source at the Manitoba Agricultural Callege seed fair against all other oast, white or black. It's a great out ford.

Winnipeg, Man, Jan. 6, 1911. I bave a most beautiful stand of your New Alfalds, on ten across. I think every sod gorminated I am so impressed with that I shall put in a farther 20 to 30 arras next season, for which you will review my order in down course. The aced gree to mark that I think 20 pounds per array of the season of the season per erros and shall now less per array array CHARLEN C. CASTLE.

C. H. DARRELL.

Bradwardner, Man T am enceptionally well phones with all the predigree need 1 have presented from your the last few yraw. The new mat, diarton's No. 27, should the drought and interest out a little over 60 heads and sho war at a little over 60 heads and sho war at a little over 60 heads and sho war at a little over 60 heads and sho war at a little over 60 heads and sho war at a little over 60 heads and sho war at a show and show at an at an an at a show ore statistical with your regenerated hed life. Karlsond find any order for most heads. JAN ALNOT.

Meltan, Man. I environ a no order for your mow oats, Garton's No. 22. I am beight of with he Regenerated Red Fyfe wheat I hought has your. When my other wheat on the Regenerated Red Fyfe wheat the second and summeritation will went down and yielded a minerable Kijeken for any and yielded a minerable Kijeken ho rust, and yielded 7 hashels par arre-more of good wheat. I think little of the \$5.00 per bushel I paid for the ased now. HERBERT COULSON.

Find out for yourself more about these new breeds and about plant breeding by writing for "Garton's Book of the Farm, 1911." This 32 page 7x10 inch book not only contains 20 illustrations, an article on how plant breeding first started, and a history of a Regenerated strain, but full description with prices of new breeds of farm plants which you ould know more about. Write for a copy before they are all distributed.



#### Page 15

THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

February 15, 1911

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# Co-operative Elevators Favored With an attendance of about four hun-dred duly elected delegates from the var-ious local associations in the province and nearly one hundred visiting Grain Grow-ers' the annual convention of the Sas-katchewan Grain Grovers' Association at Regina, February 7-9 was an unqualified success. Big Grain Growers' Convention at Regina, Most Successful

in History of Organization

apologised to the legislature for making

are errors and gave more complete figures showing the Manitoba system to a better advantage. He stated that his mistake had not been intentional but had been due to turning over two leaves of his address without noticing it.

#### Free Trade

The step of the greatest national im-portance taken up by the convention was a strong endorsation of the principle of free trade and direct taxation as a sysof free trade and direct taxation as a sys-tem of raising the national revenue. The convention also endorsed the revipro-city arrangements which have been made with the United States and asked that British preference be increased to 50 per cent, during the present session of purliament. The scheme for a great clucational campaign to be conducted throughout Canada by the Canadian Council of Agriculture which was endorsed by the Calgary and Brandon conventions, was also most enthusiastically adopted by the Galgary and Brandon conventions, was also most enthusiastically adopted by the Galgary and Brandon conventions, the delegates present were so well pleased with Regins and the auditorium that they decided to hold the next con-vention in the same place.

# the series of internal elevators was the series of the most important dealt with by the series of th Internal Elevators

Regina Convention Decides in Favor of Co-operative Elevators as Recommended by the Elevator Commission

The discussion on the elevator question pened with an address by D. W. Me-usig, chairman of the Mahitoba Elevator

Bened with an address by D. W. Mc-Gung chairman of the Manitoba Elevator commission, who had been invited to commission, who had been invited to commission, who had been invited to commission. We have been addressed to the manitoba series and we will be the best advantage the wint to address you on the Manitoba with the Address you on the Manitoba

#### Willing to Sell

"On the reports received from these different inspectors our engineer in charge of the construction work was able to arrive at a valuation of these elevators and by doing so we were able to make negotiations for their purchase. The line elevator companies then said they were willing to sell; were anxious to sell, in fact, but on one condition—that we elevator companies then said they were willing to sell; were anxious to sell, in fact, but on one condition—that we bought every one they had in the province, or none. That was a very unreasonable proposition to make to us. According to the Manitoba Elevator Act it was necessary for us to have a petition signed by sixty per cent. of the grain growers tributory to that particular point before we could purchase but we did not want to start and cover the whole province. It was, as a matter of fact, fortunate that was season. That was the difficulty with which we were faced. We met representa-tio time but they remained firm in their to time but they remained firm in their so that on account of the drought and so that on account of the drought and averst coming so early it put us in a very awkard position.

#### The Private Owners

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meantime while we could n "In the In the meantime while we could not deal with the line companies we approach-ed a large number of private owners, men having two or three elevators and a number of farmers elevators. It was August before we could do anything with r Commission the line companies and then only at the last moment when they found we had-purchased a certain number and we were going to build a certain number that it was better for them to dispose to us. In order to do that we had to resort to arbitration. The point I want to make' is that the harvest being early on account of the dry summer, the companies refusal to dispose to us and sell any of the eleva-tors until late, put us where we were not in a position to do justice to the scheme during last season. Many of the eleva-tors we purchased from the line companies had put through thousands of bushels of grain before we obtained control of them. Commission Satisfied

#### **Commission** Satisfied

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#### **Refers to Premier's Speech**

Refers to Premier's Speech "My attention has been called to an article in this morning's paper. There is a report of a speech made by Hon. Walter Scott, premier of Saskatchewan in the House yesterday, and if you will permit me, I would like to refer to it for a moment. Let me explain to you that the Manitoba Elevator commission comes under the Manitoba Grain Act the same are find Let me explain to you that the Manitoba Elevator commission comes under the Manitoba Grain Act, the same as any line company. We have to report to the warehouse commissioner every three months and we put in a report for Septem-ber. October and November. We will have to report to them again in March. If you will take this article to which I refer, you will take this article to which I refer, sou will find that Mr. Scott gives a comparison which is manifestly unfair to us. to us.

#### Says Comparison Unfair

"Taking the report we presented to e warehouse commissioner for three

months he places against it the operation and cast of operating the elevators for the whole year. Then Mr. Scatt press to work and makes some more comparisons. He gives you some figures. He reads them all down and every one with the everption of one is from south Manitolas where there was no crop. The only one sample from the morth is a point where half the crop was marketed before we took over the devator. If Mr. Scatt would be fair to us he should give you the exact day on which we started to take the elevators over at the different points; the exact date of the first delivery and then you would find out that half the elevators were at the different points; the exact date of the first delivery and then you would find out that half the crop was marketed before we get the elevator. Some of them passed 19,000 bushels before we get it. Mr. Scutt gives result to all the other elevators for this and charges us up with only a small amount. It is not a fair comparison at all. This is the reason I have tried to make it clear to you. The comparison the there is very unlair in several ways. Taking the receipts for three months and setting it against the cost of operation for the whole year is grossly unfair. He does it by taking samples from a portion of the province where the crop was a faiure. To be at solutely fair, I think Mr. Scott should have taken an equal number of points from the northern part of the province where they had a good crop and give us a comparison there. **Different in North** 

#### Different in North

Different in North "In regard to some of these northern points, where the crop was good we have reports from our operators and we are told by many of them that hardly a car went over the loading platform at these points. The bulk of the grain has gone through the government elevator and the farmers have been perfectly astisfied with the exception of a few. It is not possible to please everyone, and at some points we have had complaints, but that is something you may look for and which we expected. Had Poor Crom

#### Had Poor Crop

may look for and which we expected. Had Poor Crop Two have closed a number of elevators, mostly in the south part of the provincy I may boint out that many of the line for the south part of the provincy I may boint out that many of the line down there in the south part. We felt we tree operating a government system and even if the farmers had only a small in the northern districts the line companies refused to open them at all. In the northern districts the line companies refuged among themselves that one companies refused to open them at all. In the northern districts the line companies refuged a mong themselves that one companies refused to open an elevator at a deve the usual not open up another this services until the harvest was about over and the marketing of the grain for the services of the grain for the services of the devators and did it we can and we are endeavoring to carry the scheme laid down by the Grain Growth's Association to the letter. It is questions in the condition they were at one without expect us to perfect a system to he elevators in the condition they were at one without expect the system to be perfect under those conditions. Before mendelles so as to put the scheme we are at one withen the summer were all the system to be perfect under those conditions. Before mendelles so as to put the scheme we are at one would expect the system to be perfect under those conditions. Before mendelles so as to put the scheme were all there are many difficulties to contend

#### Some Difficulties

Some Difficulties There are many difficulties to contend with. All these elevators were built for the purpose of the companies and not for the benefit of anyone else. In the average elevator you will as a rule find from seven to ten or eleven bins. The company built them that way. They were purchasing everything that went into the elevators and it did not matter whether they get one car or two or three is pecial bin elevators. Put a car load into a bin. We are operating them as a pecial bin elevators. Put a car load into a bin. We are obtined then you close, it up. Then we had difficulty with the raiway companies. At some points where we had a 30,000 bashel one under opera-

tion and with 16,000 bushels in, our operator was stock for room. He would send to us and tell us he was blocked and a number of farmers wanting accommoda-tion. He could not get any cars. I would take it up with the railway people and say we wanted cars. They say that through our own operator they heard that only ten or twelve thousand hoshels were in store. It was necessary for us to explain to them what we were doing, that we were doing a cpecial bin business and the elevator could bushels. After a time the railway companies got on to the or twelve thousand bushels. After a time the railway companies got on to the system and, seeing the necessity of providing cars, did so and we got a great service from them and but little difficulty afterwards.

#### Regarding Cleaning

Intervention in the second sec

#### Prepared a plan

Propaged a plan Propaged a plan We prepared a plan for the new elevators and built ten of them in the province. We put the best "cleaners in that we could get and they are doing ex-cellent work. In order for the cleaner to to proper work, the operator must under-stand the cleaner. The first one we optimely a state of the cleaner to not finderstand it. We had to get an work where a first class cleaner doing work. We have a first class cleaner doing work and very few of the cars going through the elevator are docked by the patronage we have received from the parmers where the crop has been good using the association of the system will be a success yet.

#### Allow for Shrinkage

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THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

# LET EATON'S PLAN WITH YOU for Lower Lumber Cost on New Buildings Secure free of all charge the advice and estimates of our lumber

department. We are at your service to figure down the lumber cost of your proposed house or barn. Send us your material list or a plan of the building you intend to put up and we will tell you the exact cost of all necessary lumber. You have no freight to pay, as we quote a delivered price on lumber, all charges paid to your nearest railway station. We positively guarantee the quality and standard grading of our lumber. We have already saved thousands of dollars for our customers. If you can use a carload (17,000 feet) or more, write us without delay. The information we can give is worth a great deal to you whether you buy or not.

#### Write Us Today-Now

of your lumber before the snow grees, so do not delay in getting prices. If possible send in an archi-test's plan or hlue print of your proposed buildings, or if you have a material list, send it to us. Time will be saved in this way and wy will promptly return your papers. But if you have no plans, blue prints or specifications, send us just a home made sketch of the building you intend to put up, showing the necessary dimensions, with a rough floor plan of the interior. lumber before necessary dimensions, wi floor plan of the interior

#### **Our Services Are Free**

Our lumber department is at your service, absolutely free of charge. This department came into being as the result of repeated and urgent requests from our customers. We were asked to do something to help were homber prices on a reasonable requests from our customers. We were asked to do something to help put lumber prices on a reasonable basis. Many districts had no lumber supply. Some places reported that prices were unreasonably high. We were requested to sell lumber on the same basis of direct dealing and low prices as prevailed in our general goods, farm, implements and binder twine. We finally completed arrangements and now can send lumber in earload lots to any point in Western Canada at prices that are fair and right. Those who have bought lumber at **EATON** prices that are fair and right. Those who have bought lumber at **EATON** prices that are fair and right. Those who have bought lumber at **EATON** prices that are fair and right. Those who have bought lumber at **EATON** prices that are fair and right. Those who have bought lumber at **EATON** prices that are fair and right. These would like to tell you exactly what YOUR saving will be, and as our lumber department was opened. for the convenience of Western people, please consider us

#### What We Can Supply

on plain and fancy s, storm and cellar sa frames, window frames, leaded light frames, window frames, leaded light windows, siding, flooring, mouldings, verandah columns, and newel posts, porch rails, balusters, and all kinds of mill work. Also on shingles, lath, building paper, metallic siding and roofing, rubber roofing, paints, oils, builders' hardware, carpenters' tools --practically everything a builder needs.

#### We Have Special Plans, \$2.50

A licensed architect has prepared for us complete plans and full speci-fications for several houses and barns of a style well suited to this country. A few of these are shown country. The here. The plans and specifications complete for any of these houses or barns will cost but \$2.50, and this amount is refunded when you buy your lumber at **EATON'S**.

For \$1,025.00 . Acres this Price includes freight to

**SPACIOUS 9 ROOMED HOUSE** 

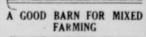
Page 17

#### most stations. Reations included \$2.50 Cost of Plans Alone

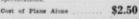
FIVE ROOMED HOUSE



\$645.00 building paper ng. abingles for and this warm \$2.50









# Save Enough to Help Furnish the New Home

After your new house is built it will be a source of satisfaction to know that you have saved on lumber alone enough to furnish the best room in the new home. Western farm homes are among the best furnished in the country. Every man, and certainly every woman, takes pride in inviting the respect and admiration of visitors by comfortable and homelike furnishings. The new house always calls for new furnishings, and the great advantage of buying at EATON'S is that you can purchase the little luxuries and home comforts out of the money you have saved on the necessities. It is not an uncommon thing for a purchaser of EATON lumber to save \$200.00 on the cost of his house. Think how far this would go in making the interior of the new home just what you would like it to be. And remember the money you save on the lumber is "found money.' It is the money you would otherwise pay out but have nothing to show for it.

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#### THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

unfair ruling," he continued, "to the special bin system. We have had a great many overages. The only way we could do was to ask the shippers who had them to return the same amount of grain or the amount of cash they had received. Owing to the ruling to which I have re-ferred, a good many farmers took the stand that they were entitled to the over-age, bot to the honor and glory of others when it was put up to them they returned it." HOW TO LOWER

Notes and the speaker questions regarding the profit espected from government owned elevators. One member asked the capa-city of the cleaners, receiving the reply, two to four thousand leasheds as hour in the government elevators. The name of the cleaner was given as Monitor No. 9, the cost being about \$309.

#### The Debate

The debate upon the elevator ques-tion was opened by the moving of the following resolution:

"That in the opinion of this con vention the finding of the Elevator Commission is not in accordance with the expressed wishes of the farmers of the province and that this convention is in favor of a sys tem of government owned interior elevators.

This resolution was brought forward by H. A. Wiley and Heuston Gibson of Whitewood, They explained that the Whitewood local association had been unanimous for government ownership and had not been able to see how the new system proposed by the elevator commission could be worked out successfully.

#### Mr. Partridge's Address

The next speaker on the subject was E. A. Partridge, of Sintaluta. In part Mr. Partridge shid: "At the convention at Weyburn two years ago government ownership of elevators was unanimously endorsed. Last year at Prince Albert the convention again unanimously voted on government own-ership. New I believe that there has been some misancehemions as to the ersing. Now i beneve that there has been some misapprehension as to the duty of the commission appointed by the excertive. The executive appointed the commission to investigate the de-tails of government ownership and not to investigate various schemes.

#### The Square Deal

"The Manitoba Elevator Act was not approved by the farmers and grain growers in general. It was weak in two or three places, and they found that out in Manitoba. There was a two or three places, and they found that out in Manitoha. There was a shortcoming in the power given to deal with small lots of grain shipped by individual farmers; the proper grading could not be done. What we wast here is a square deal, and that we must have. From figures from which Mr. McCuing had just quoted they had last of screenings. It would be far better to have these screenings stay at home on them to Fort William, thereby pretty increasing the grade and stan-dard of the wheat when it reached the would not have a chance to adulterate the wheat if the screenings were kept here and the grade would always be the here and the g

#### **Trouble Over Binning**

"Some people may think that all hinds of wheat of the same grade should be thrown into a bin and a sample from that bin taken. This is very wrong. The miller grades his wheat on scientific principles; you can do the same and thereby preserve the individuality of the wheat. By the operation now going on at the terminal elevators the grain is being skimmed. It is being skimmed at your own doors; and the various types, so lowered in grade, the natural consequence follows —you get the poorest price for your grain. grain

"'No. 1 Northern, to be graded as such, must have 60 per cent. of hard red grain, must be clean and weigh 60 pounds to the bushel.

February 15, 19,1

#### Means Good Prices

<text><text>

#### As to Grading

"Grading. This feature of our sys-tem which we have demonstrated to you we can obtain. The government will be amenable to giving us what will benefit us, provided it does not affect them at the other end. All the affect them at the other end. All the government wants is to be shown a clear way, and I do not think they would refuse us when it would not affect them and henefit us so greatly. If you could also secure to get your weight at the initial elevator you would have grounds to recover loss or shortage in weight from the rail-road companies. You would soon see also that you would get better ears with hetter grain door. also that you would get better er with better grain doors to ship yo grain in

#### Advance from Banks

Advance from Banks "Banks as a rule are very arbitrary and we cannot always obtain advances without going to considerable trouble —for instance, forced to sell at times when the market is in its poorest con-dition. To offset this let the govern-ment make the advance upon the stored commodity and soon the financial side of the proposition will be righted. We want a system of co-operation, let the stronger sustain the weaker, for the poor homesteader is the man who needs top rises if anyone does.

#### Initial Steps

into prices if anyone does. Initial Steps "The Manitoba government would by pers if they had included in their elevator is the fix they were in respect ievator bill a provision that the Mani-top of the fix they had included in their elevator bill a provision that the Mani-top of the complication that the Mani-son buyers if they had included in their elevator bill a provision that the Mani-son grain. That would have stopped the complication could put on a buyer at man who could make ad-stopped the complication could put on here elevator men. Government owner-here for the farmers." They might not would do. "I' know," the speaker con-minital steps have been taken today whereby we are not going to throw to kick against our own men on the sovernment that put sprinciples, in its of the dommission. We are not going into a squabble. This is an eco-bil which are founded on the roport of he dargents. We are not going into a squabble. This is an eco-bil which are founded on the roport of he dargents on to argue in favor for her application of the principle of here exits of the farmers of grant the application of the principle of here here in egod. We are only the other ninety per cent, and we will have the here god. We are only the other ninety per cent, and we will here here in the farmers to create, under """, "He maintained that it was poss-top of the dargent to a squabble here here, and we will here here the ord here to be filled where here and more the initiar say the other ninety per cent, and we will here here here the ord here the principle of the dargent of the farmers to create, under """ He maintained that it was poss-top of the dargent of the farmers to the farmers of the dargent of the farmers to create, under where here here the ord here the be filled the other ninety per cent, and we will here here here it would have to be filled here here here it would have to be filled here here here it would here the it more here here here here here it would h point was going to be the place where the great bulk of the storage would be created. Special binning was going to

#### Febry

# take p export. Pacific States, would the pro-sample into a would their second along lieved dere torag four On tridge the fin as pr eleval of the

of the advoes should farmer Now grain not th party prestig When to cres able t we at govern 85 per and th 15 per is will sufficiv establi advan in the small instea-and p price "11 ent. as it i night operat by a j ing I owner consis no par ernme impra-is will we ca let us immer railron by the But 1 govern operat There

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Subscriptions need not come through regular agents. Any of your members can send in one or more new subscrip-tions, and if he states that it is intended

Grain Going South Grain Going South The speaker then dealt with the street helegation of farmers to Ottawa. "On account of this visit," he said, "there is a possibility of our grain going south when accessary it is therefore, that you should have control of the storage facilities of the province, so that you can send your are not in a few years. The second south or north in a few years this in one particular, the time for you to get ready and get very thing into shape. Trepare for this here in a few years. Then I say now is in the future years. Then I say now is the time for you to get ready and get were young into shape. Trepare for this here in a few years to come. It is much here in a few years to come. It is much here in a few years to come. It is much here in a few years to come. It is much here in a few years to come. It is much here in a few years to come. It is much here in the starter wow or organize in your fellow farmers to be loyal to it. You cannot afford to take those baits that are offered by our opposition in so

our own system. The system you are working for is your own and it is for you to be loyal to it, to support it and patronize it. Without this support, it is doomed to failure.

#### Average and Cost

Arange and Cost The Arange and Cost The Arange and the appeal that the Aranges should go back to their homes that determine the sighbors. They are the sighbors the sast three years the sighbor the last three years that sight now. I made the statement in the sighbor the shrinkages, and up to the the sighbor the should should should be though three the grain to cover it. The speaker's closing remarks dealt the shipper can keen any overage

to apply on our Prize Competition, your Branch will get credit for it. Any new subscription sent in individu-ally will be credited to any Branch the sender directs. Two renewals will be entitled to the me credit as one new subscription. Travelling agents must credit subscrip-tions to nearest Branch to district in which they are working.

Records of this context will be opened with the first mail received in January. Our representatives can rest assured that each one's interests will be looked after fairly and squarely.

THE GRAIN 'GROWERS' GUIDE, WINNIPEG

THE TARIFF

The Guide, with a view to increasing the number of its readers, and also Association Membership, has undertaken to promote a prize competition among the different Branches of the Grain Growers' Associations and the United Farmers of Alberta.

The Sum of \$300.00

will be given in Prizes, \$100 in each Province-

Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta-as follows:

To the Branch sending in the largest number of new yearly subscriptions during the months of January, February and March

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\$30.00

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OR

If the winning Branches desire to take their prizes out in Books chosen from our lists, to start a circulating library of their own, we will make the

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we simply draw to your attention that a very valuable circulating library for your members could be secured, if you are among

the lucky ones and desire educational matter instead of currency. As a further inducement in addition to the above offer

we will give to each Branch that sends in ten subscriptions their choice of one copy of Edward Porritt's "Sixty Years of Protection in Canada," or any books to the value of \$1.50

WORKING RULES

This latter plan is, however, optional with the winners, but

33.00

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## you must remember that you a certain amount of shrinkage.

#### Grain Going South

BECOND "

chosen from our lists.

Any Branch can have as many agents working as they desire. The context is not limited to the officers of the Branch.

Agents and Branch officers will still entitled to their commissions on any bscriptions which they secure.

To secure entry in the competition it will be necessary to state on your remit-iance lists which Branch you desire your ubscriptions credited to.

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as ood ers

Peteruary 10, 1911 ake place to meet the requirements of exporters in various directions. The Pacific the Hudson's Bay and the United States, and the existing eastern route would all before loog afford outlets for hample market, and to bring all the buyers their requirements, and store at the requirements, and store at the requirements, and store at the secondary or terminal points that hay along their route of transport. He be-vered in that rested their hope of a highly offered by private companies to divert storage from government elevators. Mr. Partridge remarked that a campaign of to task the farmers that by accepting to task the farmers that by accepting to path the farmers that by accepting to rest at the secondary point.

#### Want Virtual Monopoly

Want Virtual Monopoly The resuming after luncheon, Mr. Pary tridge said. "I do not wish to criticia the presented by them regaring the the presented by them regaring the them regaring the selfers of the presented by the loading platform the bayers. We want a virtual monopoly of the storage of grain. I have always have be peet the year round, so that have be peet the year round is a so have be peet the year round is a so have be peet the year round is a so have be peet the year round is a so have be peet the year round is a so have be peet the year round is a so have be peet the year round is a so have be peet to the year round is a so have be peet to the year round is a so have be peet to year a so have be peet to the year round is a so have be peet to the year round is a so have be peet to the year round is a so have be peet to the year round is a so have be peet to the year round is a so have be peet to the year round is a so have be peet to the year round is a so have be peet to the year round is a so have be peet to the year round is a so have be peet to the year round is a so have be peet to the year round is a so have be peet to the year round is a so have be peet to the year round is a so have be peet to the year round is a so have be peet to the year round is a so have be peet to the year round is a so have be peet to the year round is a so have be peet to the peet to the peet to the year round is a so have be peet to the peet to th On resuming after luncheon, Mr. Par-idge said: "I do not wish to criticise

#### Re Consistency

Re Consistency "I have been told that I was inconsist-ent. Gentlemen, I wish to disprove this as it is wholly erroneous. I was told last night I had advocated the building and operation of the Hudson's Bay Railway by a joint stock company, and this morn-ing I had advocated the government ownership of elevators. This seems in-consistent, well it does not, for there is no parallel between the two cases. Gov-ernment ownership of railways seems to be impracticable in so far that no government is willing to saddle itself too heavily. If we cannot have government ownership is willing to and/de itself too heavily. If we cannot have government ownership let us take the most satisfactory of all the immediate steps to that end and have a railroad built by the people and operated by the people for the benefit of the people. But bear in mind that we want the government to perform this building and operating on hehalf of the community. There are no hostile interests vested in this province; there is simply the apathy lying there and we want to remove that by sending to the house men innoculated with our principles; men who will see to our demands and give us our long felt wants. The fault is all ours because we do not send such men there when we have the opportunity. the opportunity

#### Must Bar Politics

Must Bar Politics "We do not want to get at odds with the government; we do not need to; we simply must stand for our rights and not bring politics into this game. We want pros-perity, and to this end we must organize strongly so that we can impress on their memories that our demands should be complied with since they are just and right.

Computed with since they are just autoright. "In regard to co-operation, this association has declared for co-operation outside of the membership." "Now, gentlemen, in closing I wish to have you believe that this is an economic question, and must be dealt with as such." "Let whatever party is in power take the side that it will, we will stand pat and look on. We will have to wait, but we shall obtain at no long distant date our just demands. If you consider our scheme as being worthy of your support, we want the unanimous support of all of you. Again, this is an economic question and must be treated solely on its merits." A Farmers' Question"

#### A Farmers' Question

Mr. Veitch, the next speaker to take part in the discussion, said: "We want a square deal and nothing more. We do

not want to ask any one to help a cause that does not benefit him; we simply want the farmers to deal with this question themselves. It is not fair to ask the city

want the farmers to deal with this question people to contribute to the carrying out of our system. Shall we have a system? Yes. Government ownership is ideal, but we do not control the government and even as we shall have our system. "When we get it we shall clean our grain ourselves; we shall even our elevators, have our own monopoly of the storage, have our own monopoly of the storage, have our own monopoly of the storage, have our own monopoly of the storage. The speaker then pointed out the foolishness of such an idea. "There is and a man here," he said, "who wants special privileges. "There are some defects in this scheme what is offered us? because we are all thing special privileges. "There are some defects in this scheme whet will be remedied only by time. It is wise for us to accept the offers now made which will eventually bring us to our but do the ever do."

#### An Amendment Moved

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#### **Converted** by McCuaig

Converted by McCuaig The next speaker was W. Hordern, of Dundurn, who opened his remarks by saying that he was a convert to govern-ment ownership of elevators. "I stood," he faid, "before our friend Mr. Green and his colleagues at Saskatoon and for a full hour I gave evidence on behalf of co-operative ownership by the farmers. Since I heard the splendid speech of Mr. McCuaig and the result of government ownership of elevators there, all my diffi-culties have vanished. We are told that things are not working smoothly there culties have vanished. We are toid that things are not working smoothly there. They have not had much time yet. We will have the smooth working come later on; come this season. The great thing I feared was graft and politics and I cannot see that they have come into the operation of the Manitoha elevators. I believe that when we get the Referendum and Recall that we can make our govern-ment pure and do our will."

#### A Somewhat Contrary Opinion

tent pure and do our will." A Somewhat Contrary Opinion Somewhat Contrary Opinion (1998) Somewhat Contrary Opinion (1998) Somewhat Contrary Opinion (1998) Somewhat Contrary Opinion (1998) Somewhat Contrary (1998) Somewhat



#### George Langley Speaks

With cheers the delegates at back in their seats when the chairman announced that the next speaker would be George Langley, M. L. A., and a member of the elevator commission appointed by the

elevator commission appointed by the government. Mr. Langley's speech was in the follow-ing terms: "As one of the commissioners serving on the commission, I suppose you would naturally expect I would have something to say to you in connection with the report of the commission present-ed to the government. I was looking while we were discussing this question at one of those motions on the wall of this splendid hall and I notice it says: "Our strength is not all in numbers and wealth but in the personnel, individuality, cool, calm judgment and esteem embodied in our leaders." Those of us who during the last few years have taken a leading part in the Grain Grovers' Association, have need today more than ever before of cool, calm judgment. There is evident-

ly a division of feeling in this convention That is evident to anyone. Recognizing that fact, I would like to say just a simple word or two as to the object we have as an association. I would like to say shy I am a member of the Grain Growers' Association. I am banded together with you men in this hall and other farmers. What for? In order to seeure for the things we grow and have to sell the very last cent that belongs to us as cultivators of the soil. I am not without hope that this association one way or the other. What the C G. G. A to Fielding For

#### What the G. G. A. Is Fighting For

What is it that brought the demand for public ownership? We fought the question of grain growing for years before mooted. I remember in 1902-03, when I hardest fight we ever had in con-whether the state of the state of the aparty politician. I want to say that at the time I had no more to do with polities than any other man in the whole of the province, or the N. W. T. as it was then. What dive find? We found in bringing with a condition of things which gave us party politician. I want to say that at the find the find? We found in bringing with a condition of things which gave us party politician. I want to say that at the find? We found in bringing with a condition of things which gave us polities pocketed the other half. I was been than any confirmed with this con-dition of things and as I was practically the only British born man in eight hundred tamilies in those early days, they appoint.

February 15, 1911

Februs

1010



ed me their agent to stand in their place and fight their battle. I will not give any particulars in connection with it. There were misse elevators in Rostherm district and one of the owners travelled with me on the train coming to Regina two years after and said that as a result of the fight I put up I had done him out of 28.000.

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"When in 1903 I was elected as a mem-ber of the egislative assembly, I was not elected as a politician at all. I was elected principally because of my association with the Grain Growers' morement. I might give you a further word of explanation by asyng that up to the time of the forma-tion of the province I had been a logal supporter of the Haultain administration and I will go a step further: since that the grain growers' morement. I might give you a further word of explanation by asyng that up to the time of the forma-tion of the province I had been a logal supporter of the Haultain administration and I will go a step further: since that the supporter of the Haultain administration of Mr. Scott. I am dwelling on the promul note a fittle because I am arxious that you delogates should see clearly the intense of myself and my brother com-missioner. Mr. Green, for the office we were chosen to fill as members of this commission. I have not been the beat of party politicians since I have been in the assembly. My friend, Mr. Raitton, with side of the house in favor of what proven side of the house in favor of what approach to be a supporter of the govern-ment, I stood up and fought them on my own side of the house in favor of what any farmer in this province could object to my accepting the position. The therator Commission That we now remind you of the farts that led up to the appointment of the onvention that was held in Regins in 1007. To find question of marketing grain was up for discussion. Mr. Partridge, who has spoken to you today, had'a very skeleton of a scheme which he put before the conven-tion and which they did not do much with. We held the next convention at Saskaton and which they did not do much with when and that convention at Saskaton and at that convention at saskaton and the bisid on to forget this: there may fridding us from the evils that attended th

the exactions made upon them by the grain dealers of the province. That has been my position all through. There-fore, when Mr. Particide gets up and asys it was public ownership we have been attiving for, he is wrong. We were only advocating public ownership because that was at the time the best remedy we could we against the evils of private ownership. Approached the Government

was at the time the best remedy we could be against the evils of private ownership. Approached the Government
That year we met at Prince Albert, Previous to that meeting our friend Mr. Green had appeared hefore the agricultural committee of the assembly and there had laid out the evils that our farmers were suffering from in the market-ing of their grain. He made the suggestion of public ownership. As a member of the townership our farmers were suffering from in the market-ing of their grain. He made the suggestion of public ownership. As a member of the towner, I was a member of that committee, and I specifically asked Mr. Green this question. 'Is this plan you have laid before us a cast-iron plan which we are called upon to accept or refuse!' Mr. Green refusely on the evils of the holyeet we have in view, which is for all time to free the farmers from the monopolist, can be attained by any other and a suggestion, and not a cast-iron plan which we are allowed by our have all seen): 'I to a suggestion, and not a cast-iron plan, the book you have all seen): 'I to a suggestion, and not a cast-iron plan, the book you have all seen): 'I to a suggestion, and not a cast-iron plan, the book so the second in the other were seen the farmers from the power about some one speaking against were allowed by the second the intermitient of agriculture. Mr. Motherwell. That was not the case it all. I any distinctly that why Mr. Motherwell was not favorably received was for a different reason altogether. The would be a commission appointed in which in the mombers of this association would be fore when the above the members of the association for a sequence of blood. I say again, Mr. Motherwell spoke d a commission of five, when the what discussed the delegates at that convertion to a sequence of the members of the association would be madness of the member of blood. I say again, Mr. Motherwell spoke d a commission of five is the what the had discussed the prefuse and the what discussed the practical form, and be and on

#### Not Anxious to Sit

Not Aritons to Sil "Finally, the commission was appoint-of You know what happened. The myserment requested Mr. Green and mission. In his statement in the House reference to the fact that neither of us was anxious to accept the position. Why' To stand in front of a troop of farmers and make a speech while they cheer you thave done it again and again, (Laughter). Have done it again and again, (Laughter), thave done it again avery delightful thing. Have done it again and again, (Laughter), thave done it again avery and pevator and the exections of the elevator poold with farmers to stand together and the it was over an elevator man-said to me: 'You are unfair. There are two sides to this question. Why do you not put both sides?' I replied:

'I have got all I can do to put my own side, and if the other man has got a side, let him get up and put it.' (Laughter). That is what Mr. Partridge does. (Cheers) I should be unjust to him if I did not say that he does it well. When I accepted this appointment as a commissioner. I I should be unjust to him if I did not say that he does it well. When I accepted this appointment as a commissioner, I could not do that out of thing any more. Candidly, I wanted somebady else to be on that commission, so that I could put it right up to him. As members of the commission, we had to see both sides of the question. There were times during the work of the commission when my own leelings alarmed me: when I wondered whether I was really doing justice to the men who had reposed their confidence in me. You will remember reading cer-tain items in the press relative to a row between myself and another member of the commission. Why? Because it seem-ed to me that we were not getting all we ought to get in favor of the farmers' case, and rather than be closed up in my endeavor to get everything the farmer wanted, I would have broken the commis-sion up.

#### **Endorsed by Grain Growers**

<text><text><text><text> (Laughter).

**Evidence Before Commission** 

"There were one or two reasons cited by witnesses who came to us against the Manitoba system. One of them was the next of security in patronage of the by witnesses who came to as against the Manitoha system. One of them was the wast of security in patronage of the elevators. We had before us Mr. Simpson of Regins. When we asked this if he wanted the Manitoba system, he said. 'No. If you cannot get a monopoly of all the elevators, do not touch it at all.' Mr. Noble has told us that he did not wast a monopoly, and that was the kind of evidence we had to put up with. We had your president (F. M. Gates) before us, and he did not want the Manitoha scheme because of the lack of security. But then, the president is a man of resource. He said to us, 'I would be willing to pledge five cents a bushel on all the wheat I grow that I will take it to the government elevator.' When we asked the others if they would do that, they said no. Mr. Maharg, one of your executive, said the would mortgage his farm to the government. We asked the others wide, 'Not on your He.' "And then there was another reason, that is the defect of all our proposals for government ownership. So long as a man has a carload of wheat to take, he can store it in the government elevator and it will be in secure hands. And just

man has a carload of wheat to take, he can store it in the government elevator and it will be in secure hands. And just here,' let me make an aside. I have a much better opinion of the government than most people. My experience of politics has not revealed the cesspool of wickedness of which we hear so much. I can make this statement: that during my six years in politics, outside of the session allowance, which I have taken, I have never had one single twenty-five cents directly or indirectly because of my connection with politics. (Applause.) Bad Scheme for Small Farmers.

#### Bad Scheme for Small Farmers

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#### Balance \$5, \$6, \$7, \$8 and \$10 Monthly

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THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE



SPERLING WILL DEBATE

SPERLING WILL DEBATE Spering branch of the M. G. G. A. met for the purpose of having petitions signed requesting the Manitoba elevator commission to provide storage facilities at Sperling. Every member present signed the petition, and John F. Golden, Edgar Ferris, H. Howes and H. Courtney were appointed to circulate and have the petitions filled out. The following reso-tion was moved by John S. Golden and seconded by H. M. Courts' "That is the desire of the Sperling branch of the M. G. G. A. that all candi-dates at the next general election shall be interviewed before the nominations are made, and that such candidates be required to pledge themselves, if elected,

ANITOBA SECTION This Section of The Guide is conducted efficiently by the Manitoba Grain Association by R. McRenzia, Secretary, Winnipeg, Man.

#### ROSSBURN ANNUAL MEETING

dridge is a zelf-made man that deserves credit. He left England 23 years ago with his wife and two children.and landed in the West with only forty-two cents. Today, after hard toil, careful manage-ment, and a favorable Providence, ke is worth 822,000, and is operating a big outfit, as well as carrying on a dairy for the town. He uses a gasoline tractor for plowing, and as he has four boys his laber lies wholly in his family. "The prairie is full of good, Irish, Scotch and English actitler," said he, "while Ontario men are all around us." ROSSBURN ANNUAL MEETING The annual meeting of the Rossburn branch was held on Satarday. December 14, with a representative number present. After some preiminary housess the following officers were elected for 1911. President, A. L. Duncanson; vice-presi-dent, S. S. Warnock; sceretary-freasurer, J. J. Stift. Directors: D. Sinelair, J. Young, I. Buchanaen, R. Paul, Jas. Me-Bride, W. W. McIntosh. This branch of the association meets on the last Saturday of each month, at £30 in the Orange Hall, where every farmer will be most welcome. The objects of the branch are intellectual, social and financial im-provement. en are all around us

#### ST. CLAUDE RESOLUTION

**TERMINAL ELEVATORS** At a meeting of the Ashville branch, while discussing other matters, the sub-ject of terminal elevators came up and resulted in the following resolution: "Resolved that the members of the Ashville branch of the M.O.G.A. cannot be satisfied with anything but federal government ownership and operation of all terminal and transfer elevators in Canada, and ask that parliament vote and appropriate a sufficient sum of money at the present session to carry out the same."

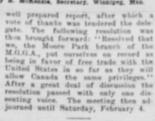


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Corner of Wheat field on farm of their extending their elevator, bring-ing it more up-to-date, so that grain could be handled more expeditionsly." "That the C.P.R. be asked to install a telephone in their station here." "That the editor of The Guide be asked to have printed in the French language the main articles and a summary of the most interesting questions discussed in The Guide, and also the report of the Brandon convention." "That the G.G.A. of St. Claude take the initiative in holding a plowing match during the Brannon convention. That the G.G.A. O'St. Claude take the initiative in holding a plowing match during the coming season, and that the directors be instructed to take the necessary steps in that matter." "That a vote of thanks he given to Mr. Maranda for the allowance of the rooms of his hotel for our meetings and for his courteous reception to us." After the meeting was over a most enjoyable evening was tendered to the members of our asso ciation hy Mr. and Mrs. Maranda. The following officers were elected for the present year: President, Eugen Robart; directors, F. Girin, C. Gibb, R. Min-audier, R. Palin, A. Bernard, E. L. Paijollas; secretary-treasurer, G. J. Tremorin.

#### MOORE PARK MEETING

The Moore Park Grain Growers held their regular meeting on Saturday, January 21. The meeting was a rep-resentative one and a deep interest was manifested when the delegate from Ottawa delivered a very able and



#### TERMINAL ELEVATORS

#### SILVERWOOD RESOLUTION

Augustus R. Lade, secretary of the Silverwood branch, sends us the follow-ing resolution from that branch: "Ow-

ing to the shortage of feed in the eastern parts of Manitoba, be it re-solved that the Silverwood branch of the M.G.G.A. ask the different railway companies for a reduction in freight rates on feed and seed grain in car lots." ARDEN REORGANIZED We are pleased to note that the Arden Grain Growers have reorganized with a membership of twenty. The fol-lowing officers were elected: Presi-dent, T. McKenzie; vice-president, R. Neilands; scretary, Geo. J. Bowman; directors, G. O. Clare, J. A. Wallace,

Have You Heard F. J. DIXON?

#### DIRECT LEGISLATION MEETINGS.

# F. J. Dixon, of Winnipeg, is now on a speaking tour for the Federa-tion. No charge for speaker's services. Advertising matter sent free. The addresses are instructive, interesting, inspiring. The subject is a live one. If your local association wants to arrange a meeting, write to the address below for particulars. A dollar makes you a member, entitles you to free literature and helps along the cause.

MANITOBA FEDERATION FOR DIRECT LEGISLATION 229 Chambers of Commerce Winnipeg

TALK TO TWENTY THOUSAND FARMERS for a few cents a day, through a little "Want" Ad in The Guide. Think of it! Try it if you have any farm produce, lands or machinery you wish to sell.

**BT. CLAUDE REMOLUTION** G. J. Tremoria, secretary of the St. Claude branch, writes as follows, under ansual reacting last Saturday. The re-port of the delegates to the Braadon vanual rease estimations of the Brandon press, and a second of the second press, and a second of the second press, and a second of the second the Manitoba government elevator com-mission be asked to have a telephone invision last year, we recognize that they were working under difficulties, and we uting a growers of St. Claude, would urge upon them the advisability of

interviewed before the nominations are made, and that such candidates be required to pledge themselves, if elected, to use their entrie influence to further the interests of the farmers and to use all honorable means to secure the passage of such laws as are demanded by the plat-form of the farmers, and as were demanded of the Dominion government by the farm-ers when, in a body, they met and made their request of the government at Ottawa on December 16, 1916, and that a copy of this resolution he sent to The Grain Growers' Guide. The resolution carried unanimously. On motion the meeting adjourned to meet again on the second Saturday in February, when it in proposed to hold a dehate on the subject of "Motor-plowing vs. Horses." DIRECT LEGISLATION

DIRECT LEOIBLATION The second Octing of the newly formed branch at Inkerman was held on Monday evening, the 16th ult. The meeting was largely attended and im-portant topics were enthusiaatically dis-cussed. The branch is going to be a live one. The present indications are that there are going to be many and profitable evenings spent this winter. At the next meeting there will be a debate on "Direct Legislation vs. Pres-ent Legislation." ent Legislation.

## MANITOBA FARMER VISITS EAST

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**MANITOBA PARMER VISITS EAST** (From Dundas Banne) Mr. 4. Pandridge, of Shaal Lake, Minitoka, is visiting his sister, Mr. Stonebill, Dundas, Mr. Dandridge is one sir wilf Laurier spoke of at Ottawa, what they say. They have been they of which Laurier spoke of at Ottawa, what they say. They have been they of course worked up to the point of suc-essful resistance. What they can do in events of the binder twine. It used that the farmers of the binder twine is failed the bible of the binder twine. It used the tool of the binder twine is the farmer of course worked up to the point of suc-essful resistance. What they can do in be 16 cents ap ound. After the farmer is the binder twine. It used the tool tool binself to is year and the set (1000 pounds himself to is year and be be 16 cents ap ound. After the farmer to be 16 cents ap ound. After the farmer to be 16 cents ap ound. After the farmer to be 16 cents ap ound. After the farmer to be 16 cents ap ound. After the farmer to be 16 cents ap ound. After the farmer to be 16 cents ap ound. After the farmer the used (1000 pounds himself to its year and be 16 cents ap ound. After the farmer the used (1000 pounds himself to its year and the set of the West are not selfs). He will be ap the retailers a kine point the set a farmers' member to the Mariner to be 16 cents ap ound as good as is going the farmer and the mer to the twine and the set of the set a farmer and the set ound the set of the be for all, and as good as is going the farmer and have as manine Central bar. The the set of the farmer and have as manine Central bar.



February 15, 1911

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MANITOBA GRAIN **GROWERS' ASSOCIATION** Honorary President: w Beallion. Virden

President: R. C. Henders, Culruss

Vice-President: J. S. Wood, Oakville

Becretary-Treasurer: Winnipey R. McKenzie

R. McKenne Directors: Peter Wright, Myrtle; R. M. Wil-son, Marringhurst; D. D. McArthur, Lauder; C. Bardett, Foxwarres; W. H. Buell, Rosser; R. J. Avison, Gilbert Plains.

J. Faust, S. J. Rathwell, J. R. McKen rie, W. A. Hamilton.

SWAN LAKE OFFICERS The Swan Lake association held their annual meeting on the 14th, and the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Robt. Gamble; vice-president, J. J. Earl; secretary treasure; J. E. Decking: directors, J. EMar, M. Campbell, W. H. Holland, J. Jamieson, F. DeRoo, W. W. Shirley. The secretary was appointed a delegate to the Brandon convention.

#### SHOAL LAKE MEETING

SHOAL LAKE MEETING A meeting of the Shoal Lake G.G.A. was held in the council chamber at 3 p.m. January 14, the president, Frank Simpson, in the chair. The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted Communications were read from The Guide re wilserpitons, from R. Ma-Kenzie re annual convention. It was moved by John Dandridge and seconded by M. McFadyen, that a subscription be taken on behalf of Mrs. Trepositi and placed in the hands of Thos. Hadger who should afford immediate relief and report on the case next meeting. taken on behalf of Mrs. Trepositi and placed in the hands of Thos. Badger who should afford immediate relief and report on the case next meeting. Twenty-five dollars was immediately subscribed by the members and handed over to Mr. Badger. John Dandridge, one of the delegates to Ottawa, gave as interesting report of his trip and stated that he had very little hopes of any-thing being done re tariff or anything else at Ottawa, as there is too much party there. All for party and nothing for the good of the country. Cantz-Badger: That a hearty vote of thanks he tendered Mr. Dandridge for the interesting report of his trip to Ottawa. Tacker-McFadyner, Resolved that this association is in favor of the federal government undertaking the speedy construction of the Hulson's Ray Bail way and its operation through the me-dium of an independent commission. That all terminal and transfer elevators shall be owned by the government. And further, that we are in favor of free reciprocal trade relations with the United States on all natural pro-uets and agricultural implements. And further, that we are in favor of the co-operative bill, now before the house, believing as we do that co-operation will benefit both the producer and cos-sumer. Therefore we respectfully re-quest our representatives at Ottawa-Hon. Senator Watson and Dr. Roach, M.P.--to do all in their power to carry out the wishes of their constituents as set forth in the foregoing resolution, and that a copy of same be forwariled to Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Hon. Senator

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Page 23

# WESTERN FARMERS THE WAY TO SUCCEED is to INVEST YOUR MONEY

where you will have control over it and where it will most

# BENEFIT YOUR OWN BUSINESS

You are now depending on "outsiders" to market your products, to supply you with your necessities and to perform many other services. If powerful trusts or combines arise, you must submit to their terms, for you are powerless to resist. If monopolies are formed, you must pay monopoly prices for your necessities. Now is the time to secure your share of the natural resources and build up an agency of your own that you will always have control over and that will always give you the best service at the lowest cost. This is the only way you can get the highest returns from your farm.

When you have money to invest, invest it in your own Company, The Grain Growers' Grain Company. This Company will always remain the Farmers' Company and be controlled by the farmers. Already it has freed you from monopoly control in the grain trade, and, by improving conditions, enabled you to get considerably more for your grain. More capital is required to meet the great expansion of its present grain business, and also to enter upon the milling, lumber and other lines which the Company is being asked to engage in. The security is the very best and the record of the Company is all that could be desired. You are sure of a good dividend on your investment, but, above all, you are building up a Company of your own that will save you hundreds of dollars on what you have to buy and sell.

Grain Growers' Grain Company Stock is the Farmers' Investment

Grain Growers' Grain Co. Limited

Be Loyal! Build up your own Company first ::

MANITOBA

For fuller particulars or booklets regarding the Company write to the

WINNIPEG

#### **Co-operative Elevators** Favored

Castased team page 10 Castased team page 10 there, and suddenly a storm oprings op-and you could not get there, and when you finally did get there, and when you finally did get there the bayes had gone. You would then have to keep your grain at home, herause your government scheme has destroyed your market." Mr. Hordern: "But that is a very exceptional case." "Mr. Langley: "I don't knew about it being exceptional, but it is a common thing, and don't forget 11. (Langleter, New, gentlemen, lyt me get right to the bottom of the evolvestion. Where their mersion of the evolvestion. Where their mersion of the evolvestion. Where their mersion is it to market the grain? It is your brainess and mine. After serious thought hay that it is not the bosiness of the government to market grain. (Applane). We attand as an inducty boatful of our independence. We do not want suckling by a government. Let me give you an illustration. Here is a mer-shore and in stock. When the railway crowed him and when he goes to them and output to him and discriminate and who has invested his money in a store and in stock. When the railway crowed him and when he goes to them and open parts from and when he goes to the marked paint him and when he goes to the marked paint him and when he goes to the marked paint him and when he goes to the marked paint him and when he goes to the marked paint him and when he goes to the marked paint him and when he goes to the marked paint him and when he goes to the marked paint him and when he goes to the marked paint him and when he goes to the marked paint him and when he goes to the marked paint him and when he goes to the marked paint him and when he goes to the marked paint him and when he goes to the marked paint him and when he goes to the marked paint him and when he goes to the marked paint him and when he goes to the marked paint him and when he goes to the marked paint him and when he goes to the marked paint him and when he goes to the marked paint him and here here be goes to the marked paint him The merchant goes to the government and axy that is the sort of thing I am up against. You have got to step in and see. I get a square deal. Representation was so atrong along these lines that the govern-ment of Canada created the railway com-mission. The same with us. When we found that in marketing our grain we were in the hands of a monopoly that ground us under, we had a right to go to the govern-ment and say, this will not do. You must step in and help us. The assistance might take different forms, gentlemen. "All these things came before us in the commission. We examined the question from beginning to end. I am surprised that Mr. Partridge, who spoke for an hour and a half, did not open the pages of the book wherein we have analyzed every situation in connection with the marketing of grain. That book contains the result

attuation in connection with the marketing of grain. That book contains the result of our examination. How many of you have read it?" (Voices: We only got it today.) Fred Kirkham: The larger number of

those present have only just received it. Ask how many have read the synopsis that appeared in the papers." (Nearly every appearent t

#### Credit of the Province

Credit of the Province Terminal of the Province Terminal of the second of the second of the province of the second of the secon

#### Would Keep Out Politics

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"The second reason why we did not recommend straight government owner-

#### THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

ship was this. I was determined, as far as I could, to see that political considera-tions did not enter into this question at all. Is there any mas in this room who has considered it who will say that political considerations do not enter into the Mani-toba scheme? Will Mr. McCuaig say, that the liberals of Manitoba are not beyonting the scheme.

considerations do not enter into the Manitoba scheme? Will Mr. McCaig say that the liberals of Manitoba are not beyenting the scheme. Mr. McCaig "No. they are not." The management of the Manitoba where is purely political in its appointment. There is not a man in this prevince or Manitoba whose probing 1 have more confidence in than Mr. Mc-Caig superstructure of Manitoba whose probing of the scheme is a strong part political. This work of thing is isovitable. If the government of Askatchewan today adopted the ame scheme, the conservative formers of Manitoba whose provide the scheme they are point of Askatchewan today adopted the ame scheme, the conservative formers of Manitoba whose provide the scheme they are point of Askatchewan today adopted the ame scheme, the conservative government, as a fiberal former 1 would doubt if 1 was a fibral former 1 would doubt if a say applace.) (Voice: "The year mat be a bad lot." Another voice: "Almost as her a finger of the piet the and the scheme scheme whereby the party for the scheme and for the the scheme whereby the power mended a scheme similar to that of Manitoba I should be that the recommended a scheme similar to that of Manitoba I should, that there are any three men in the province that would stand a better chance do being one of the commissioners that a scheme is the scheme similar to that of Manitoba I should. The job is worth having, jow know. (Langther). When there are is that a scheme whereby the part is the scheme similar to that of Manitoba I should. The job is worth having, jow know. (Langther). When there are is the they are point of the scheme why did I not to it? Recames I was working for your and not for myself. (Cheers.). The Co-Operative Principle

you and not for myself. (Cheers.) The Co-Operative Principle "Mr. Partridge in his speech last even-ing dealt fully with a co-operative scheme along a certain line. I am surprised when the scheme I am now speaking of is brought to him—a scheme which is co-operative if ever there was one—that he says not a word on it. He has on this occasion, as he often does, allowed his ignorance to speak when he might have kept dumb. It is better to say I don't know' than to look wise and mumble. "Well—" (the rest of the sentence was lost in laughter.) He stated that the government had created the machinery of an organization and left it without finances. I say they have not. I was consulted in the preparation of the bill before you from its beginning, and one of the first questions I raised hefore the government was that it was absolutely useless creating this organization unless provision was made for the line of credit necessary to finance the scheme. I can tell Mr. Partridge and you delegates here that in the agreement there will be ample provision made to see that fundas are placed at your disposal to carry on without let or hindrance the work of buying the grain from the small man and giving him all the advantages of the man with a car load of grain." (Loud cheers and continued aplanse." Mr. Partridge: "Why is it not in the

applause.) Mr. Partridge: "Why is it not in the 1.11

Mr. Partridge: "Why is it not in the bill?" Mr. Langley: "All the financial ar-rangements will have to be made by an agreement between the directors of the company and the government. I men-tioned the very point that Mr. Partridge raises, and the government assured me that would be altogether out of the general keeping of these matters. The finances of the province must be managed by the responsible government of the province. I give gou all assembled here this absolute assurance, that if this convention accepts the scheme set down by the commission and gets ready for business, the govern-ment will make financial arrangements by which you will not be cripped in any soy for want of funds to carry on your business. (Vociferous cheering.) **Financing the Farmers' Association** 

Financing the Farmers' Association Financing the Farmers' Association "Then there was another matter. Money will be placed at the disposal of the temporary directors of the company for the purpose of organization. These things have been a dream of mine that I have wanted to see realized for years-the nucleus of a great co-operative organiza-tion spreading all over the province not only in regard to what the population has /to sell but also in regard to what they have

ALFALFA matching in the strain you sow. We're marching in the front rank of this Alfalfa movement. Four years ago we enlisted the then unknown Mon tana Alfalfa. It has proven a hardy winter campaigner. But we warn also winter campaigner. But we ware you to keep your sentrice abert Ryniset the uniform of Montana Alfalfa hoing worn by other than "the true MacKay." BOW THE TRUE MONTANA SEED. SOW THE TRUE TURKESTAN SEED



We have both, at \$27.50 and \$27, included). If desired, we can get for y obtainable only through the original the TRUE ORIMM'S ALFALFA de only thro (Write us).



Head Office - - 1203 McArthur Building, WINNIPEG, Man-Branches - Montreal, Turunto, Calgary, Vancouver The second state of the

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THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

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# DIRECT FROM

The Farmers' Oil Company has recently been established to sell direct to the farmer, illuminating and lubricating oils, greases, etc., enabling him to effect a material saving in his purchases along these lines. The company is a strong one, fully able to carry out its undertakings and will deal in oils and greases only, assuring prompt and satisfactory attention to all orders.

#### OUR MOTTO IS "THE BEST OILS AT REASONABLE PRICES."

We guarantee all our goods. Satisfaction guaranteed or your money back.

TERMS.-CASH WITH ORDER OR C.O.D.

#### SEPARATOR OIL

A fine stainless, odorless oil-an oil you can use on your hand separator.

#### ENGINE OIL

1/2 barrel ..... 7.60 1 ..... 13.60

#### HARVESTER OIL

Will satisfy where others fail. A heavy or light non-acid oil for your machinery. 1 5-gal. tin in case .....\$ 2.75

1/2 barrel ..... 9.00 1 '' 17.00

#### GRAPHITE HARVESTER OIL

Admitted by all to be the best lubricant, "Economical." Furnished at an advance of five cents per gallon over ordinary harvester.

GAS ENGINE CYLINDER An oil for the purpose. A sure cure for sick engines. A labricant that will resist the intense heat of a gasoline engine cylinder. 1 5-gal. tin in case .....\$ 3.00 ½\_barrel ..... 11.00

..... 21.00

#### CASTER OIL

The old standby for general machinery. 

AUTO OIL If you have trouble with your gas engine cylinder try this. It cannot fail.

1 5-gal. tin in case .....\$ 4.00

## ½ barrel 14.00 1 " 27.00 DARK CYLINDER OIL

A dark green oil in appearance. Fire-test 685 degrees F.; Vescosity, 250; Coal-test, 40 degrees F. For steam pressure from 100 to 200 de-grees F.

"IT'S A REPEATER " 1 5-gal. tin in case .....\$ 3.50 1/2 barrel ..... 12.00 1

#### BLACK OIL

A low priced oil, gives excellent results when used for ordinary farm implements. 1 5-gal. tin in case .....\$ 2.00 
 ½
 barrel
 6.00

 1
 \*\*
 10.00

#### HARD OIL

This will be a seller. A clean oil. Not affected by climatic conditions. Furnished in either a medium or hard grade. 1 10-lb. pail ......\$ 1.10 1 25-lb. galvanized pail ... 2.50

#### GRAPHITE HARD OIL

Wears longer than common grease. The graphite fills up the small pores in the bearing, thus giving a uni-form surface, which to all intents is frictionless.

1 10-lb. pail .....\$ 1.40 1 25-lb. galvanized pail ... 2.95

#### TRANSMISSION OIL

Does not drip or waste money like a fluid oil. Not affected by heat; acts instantly.

#### AXLE GREASE

The best grease on the market for any money. A grease that will stay with you on the home stretch. 1 10-lb. pail .....\$ .70

1 25-lb. galvanized pail ... 1.40

#### HOOF OINTMENT

For want of the hoof the horse was lost. Mighty handy to have

1 10-lb. pail .....\$ 2.00

#### HOOF ROCK

A speedy remedy for sore or foun-dered fect; eighteen cents a pound.

#### GALL CURE

An all-round remedy to have handy for man or beast; for cuts, bruises, wounds, scalds, harness and collar galls, wire cuts and burns. Work your horse while you use it. 45c per lb.

#### HARNESS OIL

Will make your harness look like new. Will prolong the life of your harness one hundred per cent. 1/2 barrel ..... 10.00 ..... 18.00

CARBOLENIUM

The best, most practical and economical protective for woodwork; & sure kill for wood destroyers; an infallible vermicide. Special prices by bulk. Write us.

#### COAL OIL

Made from the best Pennsylvania crude. The best, the purest, most economical; no smoke, no smell; clean wick. A work saver for the women folks.

No. 1 Electric, per barrel ...\$10.80 No. 2 Electric, per barrel .. 9.60

#### GASOLINE

Your gasoline bill reduced. You should not use over twenty gallons per day in a 20 H.P. engine; we

Engine gasoline, per barrel .. \$10.40 I ease, 2.5 gal. tins (wine measure), per case .... 3.95 Special gasoline, 68 degrees. 11.20

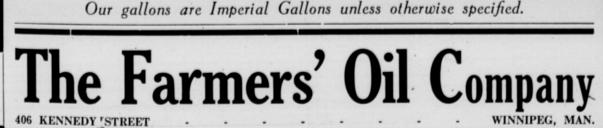
l case, 2 5-gal. tins (wine measure), per case .... 4.25 Naptha, per barrel ...... 10.00

1 case, 2 5-gal. tins (wine measure), per case .... 3.75

#### LINSEED AND TURPENTINE

#### Raw and Boiled

Orders not less than I 5-gal. tin in case filled promptly at market Oil and Axle Grease filled in heavy galvanized pails worth 35c.



#### THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

ALBERTA SECTION .

February 15, 1911

UNITED FARMERS OF ALBERTA

President: James Bower, Red Deer Vice-President: w.J

Directors at Large

Warner, Noble.

District Directors: P. 8. Austin, Ranfurly; George Long, Namao; J. R. Pointer, Strom; E. Carswell, Penhold; M. E. Siy, Strathmore; S. W. Buchanan, Cow ley; J. E. Ostrander, Gleichen.

means it will be possible to send the information to all parts of the prev-ince and possibly many animals will by this means be restored to their rightful owners at very fittle expanse and trouble. You are therefore rerightful owners at very fittle capanie and trouble. You are therefore re-querfed to kindly let me have a report of any estrays when you next report. It will possibly mean some months be-fore this hureau is properly under way, but once firmly established, it should

Union In Far North To show that the U.F.A. is spread-ing I will just mention that a local union has recently been organized by the farmers in the Beaverlouge dis-trict. This is situated in the Grand Prairie country, and must be at least 160 miles northwest of Edmonton. The mail service is only a monthly one, but the secretary, is sending his report, any, the members are very enthusiastic as are engerly looking for the next mail

moment

the information asked for mark to use secretary's office by return of mail if at all possible. Thanking you in antici-pation of your active co-operation. Your obedient servant

Information required by the central

from a dista own localit following of ensuing ye vice-presider treasurer, J treasurer, J to call the U alternately

more school Kinnondale,

ine regula union was was a good a the way sui looks as tho realize the Dumper for bumper for dence spondence f touching ha came in for monthly circ organization and the vario The followin

executive con last meeting

S The regula

Can you recommend any persons abo would make good district organizers Give names and postoffice addresses

if possible Give names of any districts not yet organized in your locality where active unions could be formed

The annual convention is over, like-wise the holiday kindly granted me by the asnual convention, and the time has now arrived when we must get down to work and do things in a way down to work and do things in a way they have never been done before. The convention was the best in the history of the association and was marked by the enthusiasm and confi-dence in the future displayed by all

Fetterteates

Official Circular No. 1 of 1911

dence in the future displayed by all the members present. It might he as well to remind you that the convention decided that the time has now arrived when a perman-ent office should be opened up, and the in-coming heard of, directors were ad-vised accordingly. The result is that the beard have decided that a perman-ent office shall be located at Calgary at an order a data was comible and there ent office shall be located at Calgary at as early a date as possible and there-fore the secretary's office will be re-moved there. This move will be made during the month of March, so until that time all correspondence will come

drain the mosth of March, so until that time all correspondence will come to the address below. The convention also decided upon organization, then more organization, the present circular will deal. The nega-is felt of strong and vigorous measures whereby the whole country can be overered at once. This is a large order an only be accomplished by the overered at once. This is a large order and can only be accomplished by the overered at once. This is a large order and the present of the local unions, this matter having been left in my homate the first move and 1 am make or overered at more and 1 am make on the first place I would ask you block to the welfare of your own this, When did you have your last made to the general sceretary. Have been any auggreations to make which will be of interest to the association f These re all questions which must be con-server. **FII OUT FORM** 

#### Fill Out Form

I am enclosing herewith a form which I would ask you to fill out and return to me AT ONCE. This informareturn to me AT ONCE. This informa-tion is required so that proper plans can be laid for earrying on the cam-paign. Some of you may think this unnecessary and such information has already been supplied, but let me have the information anyway. It will help the work of the central office to a large extent and we want to systematize everything as much as nowible right.

extent and we want to systematize everything as much as possible right from the start. . I fully realize that the work done during the next three months is of vital importance to the U.F.A., and with that kept well to the front, must ask you to pardon any seeming insist-ance on any of these points. To come back to the circular en-closed herewith you will notice that the question is asked as to where a central point to hold a district meeting will be found. The reason for this is that the suggestion has been made that one of the officers of the central association should visit these various centres, meet of the officers of the central association should visit these various centres, meet-ing with representatives from the sur-rounding local unions and from them receiving suggestions which will be of benefit in carrying on this work. It will also be possible at these district meetings to arrange for local organizers to fully cover the district so that at the next annual convention the state. the next annual convention the state ment can be made that the whole prov

ment can be made that the whole prov-ince has been covered. The following is an extract from a letter just received and is given, as it seems to sum up the whole situation in a complete and comprehensive manner, and the suggestions contained therein are of value in carrying out this cam-naire. paign.

#### Spirit Not Strong Enough

"Our organization spirit is weak and in my opinion is wanting in its aggres-siveness in this great war of organi-

rition. But I consider that tremendous rempiles can be obtained by a vigorous management. The main point is to evolve months. The main point is to evolve the power which is at present practi-al power helich is at present practi-tion of the second barries of the second properties. The power. Has anyone which is bottled up in our members which is not the present keep has been for want of an electrical organized out the U.F.A.1. There are many means when they and should keep has been for an electrical organized out on them is had should keep has when the in the kind ele at the second out in this at the del of at the second bar. But I consider that tre

This Section.

There is fire and vim in this letter and it is the kind of stuff we are look ing for. Bring along your suggestions and help with this work and remember that without the assistance of the members all the electricity cannot be forther want to make the year 1911 the

fortherming. We want to make the year 1911 the best in the history of the U.P.A. and we want your help to make this pos-sible. For this reason we ask that this information shall be fortherming at once. As soon as it is to hand, or enough of it from any one district, there will be something doing at once. Some may ask why all this is neces-sary. Well, the real reason is that we want to quit this indefinite kind of work which has been carried on for the last few years. We want to get over the country in a complete and systematic manner and with as little expense as is consistent with the work which will be taken up. You can save in the expense by letting the general secretary have the full information asked for at once. secretary have th asked for at once.

asked for at once. Another reason is that we want to know just what position all the pres-ent existing unions occupy. A great deal of work will need to be done in visiting the older districts and once more "harness the power", which is now escaping. We want to get to all the present unions breathing forth this new vigor and acting as the advance agents for this work. These are the reasons we want the information.

#### Organize New Districts

Organize New Districts There is another point on this or-ganization work which is of impor-tance. That is the possibility of get-ting into the new districts with as-little delay as possible and with every-time arranged for a good rousing meeting when an organizer or officer of the association does reach that dis-trict at any stated date. If you let us have the names of people who are interested we will take up the work at once and get the ground prepared for the power house to be erected in that locality. Do you think you can help us? If we get this information then we will waste no time in covering the country and we can get the work and before the spring opens up.

the courty and we can get the work done before the spring opens up. It has occurred to me that there might be some misapprehension in re-gard to the question relating to the holding of district meetings and that a little further explanation might be desirable on that point. It is not the intention to confine this to any given area, but more from the standpoint of convenience, and might be instanced in the following case: There are about fifteen local unions within a radius of twenty or twenty-five miles of the town of Stetller, the majority of them being situated some distance from the line of railway, and for one or even more of the officers to cover all that locality would entail a considerable,

\* J Freen, Becretery, Innited, ANA
\* A prediture of time alone, but if the members or representatives chosen by the unions would meet at the central point at the central sector of the sect expenditure of time alone, but if the

o Guide is conducted officially for the United Farmers of Edward J. Fream. Secretary, Innisfail, Alta.

#### Work for Ideals

Work for Ideals Work for Ideals Hand in hand with the organization work must go the spreading of the ideals for which we are working. It has been admitted on all sides that the best way to do this is to see that everyone becomes a subscriber to our official organ, The Grain Growers' Guide. In this concertion in might be as well to quote you the resolution unanimously adopted by the delegates at the last annual convention. "We hereby place on record our appreciation of the work being done by the Grain Growers' Guide, our offi-cial organ, and we request all members to assist whenever possible to secure additional subscribers, and we would further suggest that our members should study the advertising columns of The Guide when considering their purchases." It is needless to discuss this question further, as this resolu-tion shows just what is required far better than any long paragraphs. I would draw your attention, however, to the prize competition now being conducted by The Guide. This affords the local unions the opportunity to get the nucleus for a splendid library, or

conducted by The Guide. This affords the local unions the opportunity to get the nucleuss for a splendid library, or of securing a valuable cash prize for a little systematic work. This is worth while investigating and it will be hard to devote your time to a more profit-able purpose. Just turn to the columns of The Guide and you will find full particulars of the competition.

#### Direct Legislation

Direct Legislation In regard to the general work being carried on, of course one of the main subjects will be that of Direct Legis-lation, and following out the wishes of the convention this matter will be kept well to the front. To those who wish to study the matter further I would suggest that copies of R. L. Scott's pamphlet should be secured. These can be obtained either from The Guide or from the general secretary's office at a cost of five cents each. Another matter of importance is that

Iron the general secretary's office at a cost of five cents cach. Another matter of importance is that of seed grain advances, and a strong committee has been appointed to work this question out at once. A definite announcement, it is hoped, will be made at an early date in regard to same. Another matter of importance de-cided upon by the annual convention was that the central office should open up a bureau for supplying information in regard to estray animals. It was decided that the local secretaries should report to the general secretary, giving a list of any estray or lost animals which may be reported to him by mem-bers of the local union, and that these reports shall be sent in with the re-ports of the meetings of local unions. The general secretary will then issue a ports of the meetings of local unions. The general secretary will then issue a supplement to the monthly report, giv-ing a list of these estrays and a de-scription of the brands, and by these

Becretary-Treasurer: E. J. Francescorer Tregillus, Calgary Innisfail Hyenkman, Penhold; D. W. Edmonton; J. Quinsey, District Directors:

prove very profitable.

Union In Far North

the secretary, in sending his report, say the members are very enthusiastic and are cagerly looking for the next mail when they hope to have full supplies showing just what the U.P.A. is do-ing, and that they are determined to do their share in the work now in hand. Novedless to say that all the information asked for has been given. I think it can safely he said that Reavelodge Union No. 224 of the U.P.A. is the northern outpost of the organized farmers of any portion of Canada. When the organization is effected ther what should be the result in the coun-try where the railway trains are pas-ing through I Surely the electricity is here.

here. There are other matters of imper-tance, but they will form subjects for discussion in the next circular. This one is only intended as the preliminary for an effective organization eampaign. We are out after that electrical cur-rent and therefore are looking for your assisfance at the earliest possible moment

Please do not file this circular away in a pigeon hole, but let the light of day shine on it long enough to get all the information asked for back to the

EDWARD J. FREAM, See'y. Innisfail, Alta., February 1.

Organization Campaign

Name of Local Union

Name of nearest railway station ..... President ..... P.O. ..... P.O. When was your union organized? .

How many members are on your rell at the present time? How many are paid up to date?

How often are your meetings held! Name of school house or hall where meetings are held

Secretary ....

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What The most suitable point for a district meeting?

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some years ago? Have you any good organization scheme to suggest Can you suggest any work or plan which will be of assistance to the members of the U.F.A.f Please forward this information to the general secretary, United Farmers of Alberta, as soon as possible.

. February 15, 1911

Can you suggest the names of any per-sons who would be willing to arrange for meetings in these localities, put up posters and see that a sumber of the farmers of the district will be in attendance at an organization meeting.

meeting? Have you any places in your district which were organized at one time and which are not now active, even if these organizations were in force some years ago?

RATHWELL ORGANIZED At a meeting called by Mr. J. Horner it was decided to organize a local union of the U.F.A. under the name of Rath-well. Ten members joined at the first meeting and the following officers were elected for 1911.—President, J. Horner, vice-president, D. L. Madiman; secretary-treasurer, W. H. Shield.

treasurer, W. II. Shield. **BOWELL IN LINE** The U. F. A. is spreading, and one of the latest unions to organize is Bowell, situated on the main line of the C.P.R. mear Medicine Hat. Here the farmers have met together and organized with a membership of thirty-nine and there is every prospect of many more at an early date. The election of officers resulted as follows.—President, H. Johnson; vice-president, J. Darrangh; secretary-treas-urer, L. M. Mansfield; directors, R. Myers, G. Conthard, G. Dubean, E. W. Samoat, K. Johnson. Several important vestions have already been taken up, among them being seed grain, herd law and notious weeds, and in order to gather data and information on these live subjects committees were appointed and they will report at the next meeting. L. M. MANSFIELD, See'y. Bowell, Alta.

#### AN ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING

AN ENTRUSIASTIC MEETING An extra of the farmers of Lyremore foreastiville was held in Forrestville the formativille was held in Forrestville the off one on Wednesday, January II, be hear an address given by Mr. T. L. with of the Grain Growers Grain Co. Anthrough the thermometer registered between 30 and 40 degrees below zero, there was agood meeting which proved harms in their effort to organize. Mr. with first gave the reasons which led to the formation of the association and the formation of the the therminal growth of this company despite the product of the terminal devators, the need of this company despite the product and milling test, the mixing of prim at the terminal devators, the need of heads practiced by the terminal devators and the false affidavits issued in the inter case was prosecute even the formation the false affidavits issued in the reservent at the meating. If heads pradiced by the terminal devators and the great need of co-peration to enable the farmer to self the add bene took up the matter of head their case was prosecute even the stand the row to up the matter of head which their case was prosecute even the stand the row to the set at the meeting. The addition the great need of co-peration to enable the farmer to self the stand hear to be the second to self the stand the row to the set at the ter-trane duben took up the matter of head the took up the matter of head the took up the matter of the stander head to the second the terminal devators and the great need of co-peration to enable the farmer to self the stander head to the second the JOHN WARD, Sec'y.

Kinnondale, Alta.

#### STETTLER BUSY

STETTLER BUSY The regular monthly meeting of Stettler was speed attendance, and judging from the way subscriptions are coming in it by the state of the state of

#### THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

And carried unanimously: "That the subscription shall be #1.00 per year per member but each and every member shall unberlike #1.00 annually to a local fund." The formation of an Alberts federation for Direct Legislation was brought forward and a committe appointed to take the werview of a good man as organizer. The meeting then adjourned to mget will present their reports, and a large particular of a subscription of the star-members of the executive made a trip to the Liberal school house, where a very numbers of the executive made a trip to be a star of the star of the star week of the star of the star of the star week of the star of the star of the star and a committee appointed to mget applied and the star of the star week of the star of the star of the star week filled and the visites cordially before the meeting dispersed, and many ball that good work had been dow. It as TEELE, See'r. Stetler, Ata: HOLDEN RE-ORGANIZED

#### HOLDEN RE-ORGANIZED

HOLDEN RE-ORGANIZED The farmers in the Holden district enthusiastically decided to re-organize the local union on Naturday, January 7th. Reports of the 'hattle' being waged at Ottawa had reached them and regrets were expressed that they were not in the 'firing line' on that occasion. Earollment will continue from this on and when called upon Holden will be 'ready for action' in future. E. J. Christianson, one of the leading farmers in the district, was again elected as president, and H. Whyte, who acted as served and the server and H. Whyte, who acted as served as in 1999, was requested to fill that position once more.

BASIL WHYTE, See'y. Holden, Alta.

#### POULTRY RAISING

POULTRY RAISING A very interesting and also instructive lecture, under the auspices of Stainsleigh Union, was given by the Rev. J. E. Pengelly, R.A., on Saturday, 14th instant; the subject being "Poultry Raising," The lecture gave some very striking details on profits that he had himself made this past year; and the result of the lecture gave some very striking details on profits that he had himself made this past year; and the result of the lecture gave one to believe that all those present, not forgetting the feminine greader, would in future give the hen much greater care than she has formerly received Mr. Pengelly dwelt on the fact that most farmers thought it beneath their dignity to trouble very much about poultry ko long as they had enough eggs to est; and as a rule left the work to the women and children. He proved conclusively that he had made over 600 per cent. on his poultry this last year. that he had made over his poultry this last year. FRED. S. PEGG,

#### Hayter, Alta.

#### WILL HOLD OPEN DEBATE

WILL HOLD OPEN DEBATE The first meeting of the new year of Rawdonville local union No. 171 was held on January 7, and turned out a great success. The call for new members as well responded to, and the roll shows a good increase on last year's figure. A proposal to have each member in turn give his views on some agricultural topic, for about ten or fifteen minutes, then to throw the meeting open for general debate, received a unanimous vote. The subject for next meeting is: "The best way to prepare raw prairie land for seed." R. MUIR RAE. Ser'y.

R. MUIR RAE, Sec'y Rawdonville, Alta.

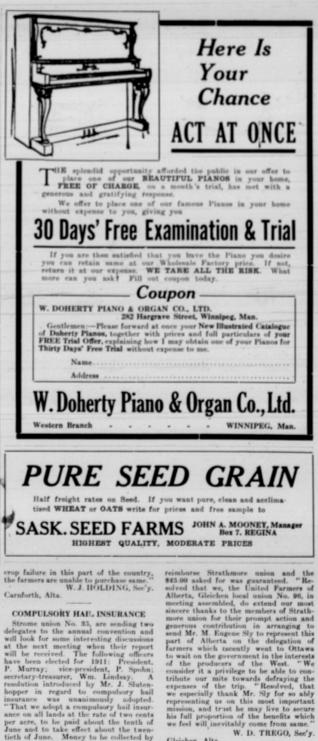
#### DIRECT LEGISLATION BEST

DIRECT LEGISLATION BEST At the last meeting of Mountain Peak union the following resolutions was unanimously adopted: "Resolved that it is the sincere wish of Mountain Peak union No. 125 that the plan of Direct Legislation is for the best Interests of the country, also resolved that this conven-tion use all honorable means to induce the government to pass such legislation as will assure the voters the right to immediate legislation and to have the same laws at the regular election." CHAS. O. ANDERSON, Sec'y. Stavely, Alta.

Stavely, Alta

#### SEED GRAIN WANTED

SEED GRAIN WANTED A meeting of Carnforth local union was held on January 7, when nine new mem-bers were secured, increasing the member-ship to 20. The following resolution was passed: "That we, the members of Carnforth union, are anxious to secure seed grain, both wheat and oats, from the government and do hereby request our central executive to place the matter before the authorities, as owing to the



W. D. TREGO, Sec'y. Gleichen, Alta.

#### ANNUAL MEETING HELD

ANNUAL MEETING HELD At the last meeting of Gleichen union the election of officers was taken up, the result being as follows:--President, E. Griesbach, vice-president, J. E. Ostrander secretary, W. D. Trego: treasurer, H. Lee. A report of W. D. Trego relative to his interview with C. W. Peterson in regard to an adjustment of claims of members of this union against the Cana-dian Pacific Irrigation Colonization Co. was then dismissed. The retiring officers were extended a hearty vote of thanks for their faithful work during the past year. W. D. TREGO. See's. W. D. TREGO, Sec'y.

Gleichen, Alta

Page 27

COMPULSORY HAL. INSURANCE Strome union No. 35, are sending two delegates to the annual convention and will look for some interesting discussions the next meeting when their report will be received. The following officers have been elected for 1911; President, P. Murray: vice-president, P. Spohn; secretary-treasurer, Wm. Lindsay. A resolution introduced by Mr. J. Sluten-hopper in regard to compulsory hail insur-more on all lands at the rate of two cents per acre, to be paid about the tenth of June and to take effect about the tenth of June and the government to pay same and the government. The yaw also appointed the insur-folder the first of October. The councilor to be the appraiser and his expresses to be paid by the government. A committee was also appointed to make arrangements degate to Ottaw returns home. "WLINDSAY, Sec.'y.

Strome, Alta.

#### MOTION OF THANKS

At a meeting of Gleichen union held on January 21st last the following resolution was adopted, and copy of same forwarded to Mr. M. Eugene Sly of Strathmore: as well as to Strathmore local union. \$15.00 was subscribed toward the fund to

THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

February 15, 1911

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## Want, Sale & Exchange

Rates for advertisements under this bending:

Per Word One week 2c Bix weeks 10c Three months 20c Bix months 40c Tweive months 75c

PROPERTY FOR SALE AND WANTED

GHOICE FRUIT LAND FOR SALE Parent 1: Twn series unleaded note with from Kendon and the first series of the series particular and series and almost 600 printes, aprients and electrics. Alsonakanes of water, Gioid articular and mild dry elimates. Fared 2: Twn are plot, correct lot, about une mile from Kervanese, Hits apring reach. Ris across planted with size provide barring trees. ISS apping, and particular characterized particular and particular characterized particular and particular the first provide the size particular the first provide the size particular the first provide the size particular the first particular and and a particular the size first particular and a series the size of particular and and a series the size of particular and and a series the size of particular and a series the size of size o

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FOR SALE-480 AGRES REST LAND anoth of Recognion, 57,600, One those and eash, holmers cary, Good house worth eight hundred on this. Will sell ingether or divide to suik parchaser. Also §xsection 4 milles from Grayson; 50 ayres summerfallow, 30 arres stubble, School on earner of this farm, 82,000; \$400,00 eash, Apply J, A. Reid, Grayan, Rask. 29-2.

FOR SALE SECTION 8, TF 6, R. 14 West 2nd, incated in the famous Weybury whend fastivet, 450 across ready for shear, here based and the second second second second installed, good water, school on property. 18,000 cash payment, read on easy terms, 4 miles from Colgate.--T. E. Williamson, Ingleford P.O., Sask. 25-6

- FOR SALE FIVE IMPROVED FARMS ranging from one-fourth to one section each near Melita and Broomhill. These are among the best for grain and diversified farming in the Weat and will be sold at ground floor prices, as I want to retire from farming. Address R. M. Graham, Melita, Man. 24-6
- 329 ACRE FARM 169 BROKEN (60 mew), another 129 possible, 40 fenced; 2 room lumber house; tathling 12 head; 5 grannries. Station G.T.P. 3 miles, abundsmee good water; poplar hinfs; good hay lands, Price \$5,500, part cash. Poissession any time. Address Box 10, Grain Growers: Onide. 266
- FINE FARM NEAR DAUPHIN, 480 AGRES. 300 cultivated, 160 pasture, 20 good bluff building site, shundance water, market 3 miles; schoof, mile; fenced, buildings serviceable. Price \$10,000, \$1,000 down, terms easy Rich soil. Owner retired... A. J. Boughen, Damphin, Man. 286 6

**GREAT SNAP**-320 **ACRE FARM**, 170 broken, 70 more to be; all fenced in; good 7 roomed house, stable 26x70; good graneries and other buildings; plenty hay and water; big pasture. Easy terms, For particulars write C. J. Larson, Broadview, Sask. 291

- FOR SALE QUARTER SECTION, ONE mile from Nokomis, 110 acres cultivated, 18 acres fenced pasture. Good frame house, stable and well. Price \$3,700, Part eash. Any reasonable offer considered, -M. Cartler, Nokomis, Sask. 29-2
- FOR SALE -- 8. ½ 15-3-17, 1½ MILES N.W. Killsrney; 175 cultivated, all fallow, new hand, or manured in last five years; good buildings, wood and water. -- P. J. Walker, Box 51, Killsrney, Manitoba. 27-6

DANGERFIELD & DOOLITTLE, 604 McIN-

FOUR SECTIONS FIRST CLASS STEAM plough land, southwest of Kerr Robert, at \$15 per acre; will guarantee this.

FOURTEEN THOUSAND ACRES IN CENtral Alberta, at \$15 per acre, en bloc, \$3 cash, balance four annuals.

ONE SECTION STEAM PLOUGH LAND, close to station in Manitoba, at \$17.50 per acre; \$4.50 cash, balance in five years. HALF SECTION, SIX MILES SOUTH OF Gadsby, Alta, at \$15 per acre. Easy terms.

#### FRUIT LANDS FOR SALE

BBST FRUIT LANDS IN BRITISH Columbia, "Carlin Orthards," Upper Okanagan Valley, Mild elimate. Finest frait grown without trrigation. Railway through property. Low prices, long terms payment. Write for illustrated pamphlet "G."-Rogers, Black & McAlpies, Vancouver, B.C.

#### FARMS TO RENT

FOR RENT FIRST CLASS FARM OF 320 acres, 2009 acres under culturation, 6.5 acres new branking, 20 acres summorfalow, 50 acres guos pacture. Land is all frased, but of guod ratiot and first chass kaiddings, 5 miles from guod twos. Hontor must have guod supply borses and machine erg. Address P.O. Best J. Langenburg, 2004.

FARM TO RENT-SEVEN MILES WEAT Invideon, 2007 actus bruken. For particulars apply J. W. Richardson, Kindersley, care of Richardson & Wigle. 28 3

#### FARM MACHINERY FOR SALE

FOR SALE ELLIPTIC JETTING WELL Irell, 6007 ft. repeatory, new bast June. Will take outs or harry in part pay. For particulars write T. A. Bomerville, Hartney, Man.

WANTED TO TRADE 15 HORSE POWER J. I. Case compound traction engine, for gaussine engine or a sample engine of same or larger size. W. W. Kennedy, Magiar, Kasa.

A SNAP-FOR SALE, JOHN DEERE ENgene gang in good condition, 1910 makes bruik 20% acres. Apply Neil Wright, Box 155, Wellwood, Man. 27.3

FOR SALE-CASE 25 PLOWING ENGINE, run minety dayn. Will sell for mixteen hundred cash, or two Veteran's Berig-James Metonneel, Carnell, Sasak, 286

GASOLINE ENGINE -15 H.P. EXCELLENT condition, for sale cheap. F. C. Ulare, North Edmonton, Alta. 27.6

#### SCRIP FOR SALE

WE SELL VETERAN SCRIP ON FARM Morigage Security at cash price. Give particulars and write for loan application. -Canada Loan & Realty Co., Ltd., Winnipeg.

SOUTH AFRICAN VETERANS' SCRIP FOR tale theop; a few always on hand. Farm lands, improved and tunimproved, for sale, and fasts wanted....W, P. Hedgers, 608 Melhajre Block, Winnipez.

GET OUR PRICES IF YOU WANT TO buy Nouth African Scrip.-T. D. Thompwom & Co., 41 and 42 Merchants bank, Winnipeg. 24.6

#### HAY FOR SALE AND WANTED

HAY, PRAIRIE AND TIMOTHY, FOR SALE --Prompt delivery, right prices.---Will Goodman & Co., Cor. King and James Sol Winnipeg.

WANTED - TWO CAES OF BALED Prairie or Timothy hay, State price f.o.b. -Isaac Motheral, Snowflake, Man. 23-7

HAY FOR SALE-HUNDRED TONS OF good hay. Apply to Thos. D. Grace or Hugh Luther, Henito P.O., Man. 28-2

#### COAL FOR SALE

FARMERS BUY YOUR COAL DIRECT from Riverade Parmers' Mine, \$2.00 per ton f.o.b. Bienfait. Write J. F. Bulmer, Taylorion, Sask. 26-5

#### SITUATIONS VACANT

YOUNG GIRL WANTED BY FARMER'S wife, comfortable home, light work, no children. Protestant.-F. C. Clare, North Edmonton, Alta. 27-6

#### SITUATIONS WANTED

WANTED - POSITION AS GASOLINE traction engineer, four years' experience in plowing and threshing. Well up in 1, 2 and 4 cylinder engines.-R. Duncan, Solsgirth, Man. 29-1

TWO EXPERIENCED FARM HANDS want work for coming season. Portage or Brandon districts, commence March 15th, \$35.\$40 month. A. D., care Bodley, Beckenham, Sask. 29-2

#### TEACHERS WANTED

TEACHER WANTED FOR ADAIR S.D. NO. 1471. Lady holding 2nd class professional preferred. Duties to commence on or before 1st April and continue till Christmas. Apply stating salary to Jas. Adair. Sec.-Treas., Fairlight, Sask. 28-3

A TEACHER WANTED FOR INGLESIDE School No. 2447, Duties to commence April 15th. When applying, state wages. --H. P. Houch, Sec. Treas., Harrowby, Man. 28-3

WANTED - LADY TEACHER, THIRD class professional erriffeate, duties commencing April third; Marine School District. Apply, stating salary, Jas. L. Salmond, Sceretary, Hanaon P.O., Sask. 29-6

#### SEED GRAIN FOR SALE AND WANTED

GARTCH'S PEDIGERED SEED GRAIN-Using to the large quantities of soid drain which has been sold in the past as "Poligread fixed which was not entitled to be no classified, wo find if necessary, to protect our customers who have grain for sale to crustion intending purchasers not de to any fixed Grain stated to be graves from Garton's Regurerated or Poligread

the two bay record train ataked to be grown from Garton's Regionsread or Piedigrood detects, whore the original year of introduction, whore the original piece of the without the terms there the solution of the Preligneed Road cannot be assessed without the have a record of every solic of our Preligneed Road and will gliedly answer any comprises. Write for and read our Book of the Farm, all about breening Pologreed Road it is seen Foot Preening Pologreed Road it is seen Foot Preening Pologrees Road Ca., Ltd., Winninge, Man. 22-1

SEED OATS FOR BALE - 25,009 BUBHELS English "Regenerated and Newmarkst, grown on new hand and guaranteed perfectly clean and free from nextown words 40° couls pdr hoshol in various liver 7.a h. Kronan, Bask. - Apply M. E. Gardiner, A. -Bees, Regins, Task. 29-2

FOR SALE SEED GATS, BANNER AND Garton's Regenerated Abundance, grown on clean land, first price in standing grain rempetition, 1910; Nample sont on application. Alm End Fyle aced wheat for sale. --Robt, Mills, Summerberry, Natk. 27-6

FOB BALE ONE CARLOAD OF EXCELlent Red Fife wheat, free of nosions weeds and wild east. Grown in the new district of Goose Lake. Price 95¢ f.ab. Harris, Sask. Rample zent on application. Bex 206, Harris, Sask. 29-1

SAY, MR. FARMER AND CONTRACTOR, why pay 50c per bus, for Gats next aummer when you can hay now in car lota at 30c from Elmer Shaw, La.b. Abernetby, Nask. 1 25.6

FOR RALE—1,000 BUSHELS EXCELLENT quality lied Fife seed wheat, \$1 per bushel on car Weyburn. Sample on request.—A. T. Williamson, Ingleford P.O., Sask, 25-6

FOR SALE-AMTRICAN RANNER AND Regenerated Abundance Seed Oats and six rowed Mensury Barley, all good clean and Win, K. McKenzle, Box 79, Rapid City.

SEED WHEAT-ONE CAR OF RED FIFE one Northern, free from notious weeds, \$1.00 per bushel f.o.b.-A. W. McGregor, Keyes, Man.

FOR SALE GOOD SEED AND FEED OATS -Apply Chas. Lünn. Organizing Secretary No. 9 District, Sask. G.G.A., Jasmin, Bask. 2411

FOR SALE — FEW CARS EXCELLENT seed and feed oats, pure Newmarket, weight 44 lbs. to bushel, free from nozious weeds. — E. Kohler, Wilcox, Sask. 23-7

weeds.-E. Kohler, Wilcox, Sask. 23-7 FOR SALE-ABUNDANCE SEED OATS, excellent quality, free from foul seeds and

excellent quality, free from foal seeds and wild outs. Sample and price on request. --E. C. F. Kalass, Langephurg, Sask. 24-6 SEED OATS, BARLEY, WHEAT AND FLAX for sale. When writing state quantity

for sale. When writing state quantity wanted. Wilton, Gowlman & Co., Cor. King and James St., Winnipeg.

FOR SALE-WESTERN RYE GRASS SEED, s cents per lb. in 50 lb. bags, f.o.b. Grenfell,--H. P. Springall, Box 193, Grenfell, Sask. 246

PURE STANLEY WHEAT-50 BUSHELS improved, \$1.25 per bushel; 75 bushels grown from improved seed, \$1.20.-H. K. Webb, Swan River, Man. 25.6

BANNER SEED OATS FOR SALE-WEIGH 45 lbs, to the bux; guaranteed free of wild oats.-McNally Bros., Regina, Sask, 25-6

25-6 SEED FLAX FOR SALE FREE FROM mustard and all noxious weeds; excellent sample. McNally Bros., Regins, Sask. 25-6

Sample Accard Brox, Regins, Sase 25-6 FOR SALE QUANTITY OF TIMOTHY, Wild Hay and Oat Sheaves. — John C. Crowe, Box 12, Gilbert Plains, Man. Phone 31R2. 27-6

31R2. 27-6 FOR SALE—SOME GOOD TIMOTHY SEED, \$6 per bushel. Also one Edwards Road

 S6 per bushel. Also one Edwards Road Grader and Ditcher.—C. O. Holstein, Wanchope, Sask.
 28-4
 FOR SALE GOOD QUALITY PRESTON

seed wheat, started with seed from Dominion Government, \$1,00 per bushel f.o.b. Wilcox.--E. Kohler, Wilcox, Sask. 28-3

#### SEED GRAIN FOR SALE AND WANTED

WANTED SOME SEED FLAX; MUST be free from backboxs wood sords and closued ready nor sowing -- A. K. Merica, Indone, Sank, Strike States, 224

SEED OATS FOR SALE BANNER, 354 per baskel on ear.-11. C. Romaner, Mrs. 28.3 MY STOCK OF WESTERN RYE GRASS Stock in now completely unid wath -11. P. Springall, Hox 19.3, Grenfell, Rask. 24.4

I HA+E 40,000 BUSHELS OF OATS FOR sale, Address Jesse Hill, Yorkton, Satk, 29.4

#### FOULTRY AND EGGS

MAW'S POULTRY FARM, PARKDALE, Man, utoity hereds, Turkeys, Greun, Durch, Concerns, Nopply cathod gaving valuable solvies mailed free, Maw a lo exfitst Journe Killer, easily applied on rousis, kills live matantly, kalf, the Jow, postage paid. Edward & Roung Curr, a Union, preents and curve disease; rauly given in drawing water, half the Jow, protage pair

BARRED R.-CK COCKEREES AND FULlets, here itrue may and prime sensions, 1999, and 4in prime seckersi, 1919, Man. Positi7 Newss. Fine, harge well-marand Cockerols, \$3.00 cash, two nor \$5.00, Fullets \$1.0 and \$2.00 cash. Order direct from this doft. Satisfaction guaranteed. --J. H. Charle, Vriden, Man. 234

 G. GOLDINO, CHURCHBRIDGE, SASK — H.F. Ricks and R.C.W. Legevens, Iv prizes 1910 shows, Ivs. patient, Social Interfed, context-1, 81.04, patient, Social Inter-Previnential, Brandon, 1910 Grand Intererrise, either breed, 32.00 and 32.00, a few H.P. Rock pullets, \$10,000 per dot.

RARRED ROCKS, HODKINSON AND Iradiey's strains, both cockerel and paint. Matings, tries at here dollars, single bers, two dollars, or two for torce hity.-W. H. Tebb, Rosedale Positry Yards, toraid, Sask. 222

FIFTY BARRED ROCK COCKERELA sixty white, all bred from my prize-sio mers; have wen in himsteen ten at the leading shows more prizes than any com putitor.--W. J. Currie, "Lauder.

WANTED — BUTTER, EGGS, DRESSED foorf, moniton, veal and beef. Vegetabor of all kinds in carload lots. Highest press paid Lo.b. bearest shipping point.—A. W. Taylor, 1510 5th St. W., Caigarr.

BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCKS-HIGHEST quality. Exhibition and Utility stock and eggs for sale in scanon--forcerst Grave Positry Yards. P.O. Eost 841, Winniped COCKERELS FOR SALE-BARRED ROCKS and Single Comb White Legnors, 8100 each.-R. W. Anderson, Fleming, Sask.

A FEW CHOICE BUFF ORPINGTON COCKereis from good laying strain, \$1.75 each --Wm. Golland, Birdenbury, Saak, 256

BARRED ROCK COCKERELS-I HAvE 6 The large cockerels for sale, fine color, \$2.50 each.-J. K. Plett, Giroux, Man. 27.4

FULL BLOOD FERIN DUCKS FOR SALE -Eggs \$1.50 per setting.-Mrs. J. Fotser gill, Bladworth, Sask. 24-12

BEEF CATTLE FOR SALE

FOR SALE—ONE CARLOAD OF BEEF cattle for sale at once,—John Christias, Rocanville, Sask. 29-1

LOST, STRAYED AND STOLEN STRAYED FROM ARELEE-YELLOW BAT

Mare, white face, white faced sucking. Brown Mare with grey colt, also light reas saddle pony, hog maned. \$10 reward for information leading to recovery.--IIai77 S. Smith, Arelee, Sask. 29-3

#### LUMBER FOR SALE

LUMBER FOR SALE DIRECT TO FARM ers in carloads; rough lumber, \$18.00 per 1,000; dressed lumber, \$20,00 per 1,000, f.o.b. Durban.-M. Hanson, Jurban, Ma. 27-2

#### NOTICE

SPY HILL GRAIN GROWERS WILL hold meeting and social at Bavia's School, Thursday, Febriary 23rd, Farers shofild not miss this, Delegates fro Ottawa and Regins will speak, 3 pm sharp.--Harry J. Perrin, Sec.Tress. 294

BRITISH COLUMBIA

BARGAINS IN FRUIT & DAIRI FARMS in the fertile FRAZER VAL LEY near Vancouver, New Westminster and chiliwack. We can suit your was and pocket book. Honesi treatment Highest financial reference. Bi GULKI: Write today for our illustrated GULKI: Write today for our illustrated

Address: H. F. LINDE, Box 44, Wadens, Sas

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THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE



# **Breeders' Directory**

Cards under this bonding will be inserted sensity at the rate of \$4.00 per line per year to card accepted for less base sits months Consider the smallness of the cost o carying a card in this column comparies with the results that are sure to follow, and make up your mind for cost as a fast today.

- make up your must be toold be a tark lower, yourse King Goorge Imp, 8005, sire king -Creat imp (Gorge Imp, 8005, sire king -tool (1997), and the second second part of May 1015, 1911; relos block, of good quality, good action and bealty, is broken to harmone, single and double; hitched double every day perfectly quick and goals and a wave slock petter. For Far ther information apply in Cora, Bron, K.S.E., Farther Station, G.T.H., Manitola.
- C.S.E., Fortier Battion, G.T.R., Manifeshi, FOFLAR, FARK, 'GRAIN AND STOCK Farm, Harding, Man. Wa hered, sur, above stark and abov our breading. For sais sharehorn, builts, 'Verkshires, American beed B. Rose' Corkberght, clipise B. Orpsing tans, registered Red Fife wheat and an englistered, free from satisms, weeds.
- FOR SALE-THE IMPORTED CLYDES OR Market (10700), (12070), by Baron's Pride (9122), Dam Kate of Arabéras (12286), First class stock horse, — Alex. Morrison, Pres. Carman Cipdeadale Association, Honowuod, Man. 29-6
- CLYDESDALES AND B.P. ROCKS-FIVE Stallines, imported and home-bred, from one to four parse ald) filling from two to four years, bred to Johnston Count and Vigorous A splendid lot of R.P. Rock Corkerds-Andrew Graham, Roland, P.O.
- CLYDESDALES AND SHORTHOENS-FOR sale, the Clydesdale Stallion Glenross Baron (11136), four years last August; bred from imported sire and dam. Also three Shorthorn balls, from ten to eighteen months.—Alex. Morrison, Home-wood, Man. 29-6
- FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE ONE REGIS tered Clydesdale Stallion from imported stock, Will sell cheap or exchange for young work horses.-R. Day, Markineh
- FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE ONE REGIStered Clydesdale Stallton from impor stock, Will sell cheap or exchange two-year-old steers or young horses, --J. Denaldson, Broadview, Sask.
- HOLSTEIN AND HEREFORD CATTLE, also SHETLAND PONIES, Plana division of the West. Pony vehicles, harness saddles. J. E. Marples, Poplar Park Farm, Hartney Man

A. D. McBONALD, BREEDER OF FURE herd Yorkshirvs and pure brud Bhaethorns, young bulls for Balo.—Sunnyside Stock Farm, Napitska, Man.

SPECIAL OFFEE --- CLYDERDALES. Northerns and Yorkshires at below real optimpts -- A monafeld, MacGregor, Man. J. M. WALLACE, HORSER, MAN., BEREDER, of Hark, White and Hoff Orporations, Unaire young stark for sale; also choice Need Wheat, assepts, &r., on application.

RED POLLED CATTLE - THE BREED Orndoning Bros.,

CLYDESDALES FOR RALE - AT VERY reasonable prices. Three pure bred stal lients rising 3, 4 and 9 years respectively. -E. A. August. Honewood, Mas.

JACK FOR SALE-I HAVE AN EXCEP-tionally large Jack for sale. He is imported from Iowa and daly registered. -D D. Torwa, Box 33, Plum Coules, Man. 254

FOR SALE CREAF IMFORTED SHIRE Stallass, for years. Six years in present stable. Owner, Israel Blakeley, Sintalita. FOR SALE - FERCHERON STALLION, ago d 11 years, iroding mare, agod 8; fine 2.23%. For particulars write John W. Millione, Bes 110, Washada. 28.6

JERCEY CATTLE, SHIRE HORSES, PERIN the filled Mas and Ma

FOR SALE-SEVENTY GRADE SHROP shire even.-J. E. Dawson, Thunder Hill Man.: Renits Station, C.N.R. 24.6

- WA-WA-DELL FARM, SHORTHORN CAT the, Leister Sheep.-A. J. MacKay, Mac

SUFFOLK HORSES - JACQUES BROS.

D. PATERSON, BERTON, MAN., BREEDER

F. J. COLLYER, WELWYN, SASK, BREED ROSEDALE FARM BERKSHIRES YOUNG

W. J. TREGILLUS, CALGARY, BREEDER

BRAEBURN FARM - HOLSTEINS Thomason Bross, Robarn Sask

# Home Farm Clydesdales

Why not purchase a nice Home-bred Filly or Stallion, bred from imported mares? All lovers of good stock should keep a good brood mare. It has paid me, and if good judgment is used it will pay you also. I can supply you with Fillies and Stallions aged 1, 2 and 3 years old, also a large number of imported mares, heavy with foal.





# Favored

Pavored Catizend texe Fage 43 the all grounds and that is why I stated 1 dia not want that scheme. I said 1 wave to see gathing of polities in the question. I believe in government aver-able of the see gathing of a state 1 dia not see it run by an in-dependent commission assued by this successful to see it run by an in-dependent commission assued by this successful to see it run by an in-dependent commission assued by this successful to see it run by an in-dependent commission assued by this the second to the run we for and her din the second to the run we for and her din the second to the run of the second by the successful to see it run by an in-dependent commission. That was not so in the second to the directorate to go on the did not ward to me her and successful for co-opperative commership. They did not her speaker opposed him herause he was a member of the directorate to go on the did not ward a member of the Grang (river. "May didn't you say so?") The provide the government of the grange which wave the second to the second to the south of the second to the second to the did not ward as member of the first the second to be government of the did not ward as member of the first for the second to the second to the south of the second to the second to the south of the second to the second to the for the second to the second to the south of the second to the second to the south of the second to the second to the south of the second to the second to the south of the second to the second to the south of the second to the second to the south of the second to the second to the south of the second to the second to the south of the second to the second to the south of the second to the second to the south of the second to the second to the south of the second to the second to the south of the second to the second to the south of the second to the second to the south of the second to the second to the south of the second to the second to the south of the seco would give a system of government help to farmers. Mr. Bell, of Estevan, stated that he did not believed in government ownership but he believed in government aid to farmers' elevators. Mr. Stewart, of Cannington, made a similar statement. (A voice: "Did this take place previous to the work of the commission") Prev-vious to the appointment of the commis-sion, al least in respect to two men in particular. The sneaker criticized a statement of

vious to the appointment of the commis-sion, at least in respect to two men in The speaker criticised a statement of Mr. Motherwell at the Prince Albert vorvention, that it was not the business of their association to bring up financial schemes but to attend to their farming. He said it was for this statement and this only that Mr. Motherwell had not been well received at that convention. As to the proposed co-operative system, it should be horne in mind that they had asked the Dominion government for co-operative legislation which would en-able them to deal not only in grain but in anything else which they wished to obtain or dispose of. But if they accepted thandling of their grain. They accepted thandling of their grain. They could not by twine or flour, or shorts, or anything else under the plan proposed by the bill. Her, had only mentioned that because mound to support the bill. The speaker was trying to show them where they stood. **Noble Issues Defed** My hand a farmers' elevator at Oxhow which cost \$15,000, but they not only out and that the value the bill they could handle anything else but grain, that male anything else but grain. They had a farmers' elevator, wouldn't point and the articles. He defed plants and other articles. He defed they man to state that under the bill they could handle anything else but grain. They may be government scheme satisfac-tory. Loud Laughter, 'The question was the government scheme satisfac-tory. Cries of "No" and "Yes.'' So far as he could see it was an attempt for the report held public ownership they be as a net only and been fighting to relicule. **Walter Simpson, Remins, remarked** 

#### Was a Good Witness

The set of the set of



Page 29

STATES LICK -regulate disorders and keep Made of salt, linsaud, root een appetite-tom healthy, nd horba.

#### Steele Briggs Seed Co. Ltd., Winnipeg, Man.

JACKS FOR SALE I have the largest Jacks in the word in oth imported and hum herd. I have sold over serven hundred Jacks from my farm set, and they have sired and are siring the nest moles in the United States. My prices re lower than any other man on earth for need, first class Jacks. Let me show you W. L. DE CLOW Codar Rapids Jack Farm

DE CLOW'S HORSES My last importation, which arrived March (10th consisting of Buildin and Perhaman tailloos, are now in fine condition for mar-el. My dist importation, consisting of "abity, will arrive at my barns in Ostober," off make lower prices than you can find nywhere in the United States for good stat-ny in the United States for good stat-ny microscience in the containg, descriptions and microsce.

#### W. L. DE CLOW Cadar Rapids Jack Farm

personalities. With regard to the per-sonnel of the commission, it could not be denied that two of the members were the choice of the convention and had its confidence, and he thought it would be admitted that they were worthy of the position. (Applause.) As Grain Grow-ers they must be sure that (they never asked the government for anything un-reasonable. They could not expect that because they asked for something it would necessarily be granted, because the provenament had to look at their requests from a different standpoint than theirs. As for Mr. Partridge's policies, he would only remark that if they changed their points of view at all, it was scant en-couragement to the Dominion or provin-cial government to do what they asked. A Question of Logie

#### A Question of Logic

A Question of Logic Tames Robertson, of Walpole, said he was prepared to endose the principle of public ownership or of public attilities. But if they were going to attack that problem they mout go the whole distance on the second of the sources. It was not making government success. It was not while, the eyes of the whole British and if they adopted a scheme which was they adopted a scheme which was pot sound financially they would make they have been outpower in their denoun-tions of governments, but apparently in proportion as they distrusted the overnment of Saskatchewin they de-side that the government should one. We be been outpower in the for them. We be been outpower in the for the sources. We be been outpower in the for the sources where levelows and run them for them. We be been be been be been at the sources of the sources where levelows and run them for them.

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On account of its great impor-tance the major part of the debate on the elevator question will be published in full. The balance of this debate and full account of other questions treated at the convention will appear next week.

#### MANY OIL COMPANIES

MANY OIL COMPANIES Edmonton, Alta., Feb. 10.--In the last twenty-four hours no less than 61 oil companies have been granted certificates of incorporation by the provincial govern-ment. Yesterday afternoon twenty-six applications for incorporation were filed with the registrar of companies and thirty-five more followed this morning.

This department of The Guide is spen to all readers, and it is bayed that they will take advantage of it. All questions relating to the problems of the farmer of Worters Causia will be answered in this department. Write questions on the add of the paper only, and end and y one question as one short of paper. Join in marking this department of the greatest rates.

Question

Drawer

parts kim a sheeper for the amount. Before he could the checker he added by each to it, which I had to pay out of my own porket. On each other he could be added by each to it, which I had not according to the second of the second by the sec

LAND ALMENTENT Beven presented and Bhought a piece of land. Through routing the papers were drawn up in A's name and . A then and B to draw up on agree-ment, archive-fedging that B had had listered in a sind land. He paying and be pring one-half prior of same. B has compared half of this land over elow parefuse. In this agreement leggi? And haw many process would it had good? Ana-of A has how or receiving half of erop time does not row against tree.

does not run against the: LIEN NOTE ON TEAM THEN NOTE ON TEAM THE NOTE ON TEAM THE NOTE ON TEAM THE NOTE ON TEAM THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE NEW THE THE NEW TH

Reliable and the statute. RELIAING STOW THENTLE I. W. C., Norsparse, Man. — Would you kindly inform me through The Guide the best way to kill use thirtles and oblige. Ass. — Prevent it from seeding in waste places by elsewing them up developed in the permanent relatively small, pale yellow flowers, when its pared with the permanal provine is and difficult for outperson strength and provine is and difficult for iteratively of the permanal provine is and difficult in-control by ordinary methods of cultivation and alternation of crops. Store, Ji is sufficient num-bers, will prevent now thirtle from seeding in past-ure lands.

SICK THREE-YEAR-OLD

MUST HAVE NAMES Questions and in without the name of the sender started will not be assessed for a sender such that the desired, her in work he sent in as a guarantee of good faith.

#### APPLICATION FOR LOAN

APPLICATION FOR LOAN Stark Sidve-Breverid Is as antigent to apply for a beam on a quarter of archivenered hand to explore any end to man 1 beorgh it from, theory is a chi-ter. His statement of expresses includes fits for importing, where the inductor and anodor else ever left the office to import the property. The inductor simply asked a man whom he paper in they challed \$1 against mate to pay for nothing at all. Am 1 subiged to pay tax term of express? Ana.—It has has poss through prova see in a postion to object to charge, but if many provase of them paid ever and the tax, your would probably faid of charge indicated to, have taxed.

#### MORTGAGE

MORTGACE Mas. Sub.-My mortage full day on the let of January to the National Trust Ca., which I was able to meet the collapse of the market for easle to meet the collapsion, and depairing myself and my family of several secreties to make up the spin the total, the National Trust Company and the to send bit to pay the discharge fees. Must I pay that - Y ...

#### COST OF TRANSFER

Man. Sub. - As I brought a farm in Saskatchowan and want to have the transfer registered and they tell me they change according to value, what would be the cost in my case? I paid \$2,000 for the 

#### THRESHING AGREEMENT

THEESHING AGREEMENT Sack. Sub. — Last fall a man not having security enough to parchase a tirewising machine otherwise, cause around with the machine agent with an agree-ment for farmers to sign those threadong to him and at the same time pieces 10 per cent. of the money there exame time pieces 10 per cent. I have with several other formers agond ine paper coving sumber of acres to thereis. After 1 pet threaded the Unrales gave the machine collector an order on mer for the same failing, which a sceptiel and

#### THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

#### REGINA SEED FAIR

The following is the list of winners in the grain, grass and potato classes at the Regins Seed fair last week: Red Fife Wheat

- Thes. P. Conlan, Moone Jaw 94 J. Howden, Edgeley 93 F. D. Cherry, Davis 93 W. M. Tait, Davis 93
- igan, Elfron Jon La
- Any Other Variety of Wheat
- Any Other Variety of Wheat Wm. Barnett, Elfron 93 W. D. Lang, Indian Head 91 D. G. McKay, Indian Head 91 Alfred Lawton, Broadview 88 8-Major F. Coles, Molfat 88
- Any Winter Variety
- D. M. Elder, Prince Albert 86 A. MaeD. Thompson, Prince Albert 85 T. P. Conlan, Moose Jaw 81 Albert 3-T. P. Conlan, Moose Jaw 81 Chamgemship in wheat, T. P. Conlan, Moose Jaw.

#### Oats

- Oats
   Western Rye G

   1—Joseph Lavigan, Elfros
   951

   3—J. C. Hill & Sons, Lloydminater 941
   1—Raekham & Smith, Lloyd-minater

   5—Raekham & Smith, Lloyd-minater
   931

   Champonship, Garton Cup—Phillip Leech, Baring.
   932
- Six-Rowed Barley
- 1-J. C. Hill & Sons, Lloyd-
- minster
   89

   Ψ-W. G. Anderson, Arcola
   87

   3-Paynton Society (Λ. M. Black)
   871

   4-J. Mitchell, Greafell
   84

council in the important case of the minis

Alberta against the C. P. R. This was a test case, re the exemption of C. P. R. lands from taxation, and resulted in a win for the railway company all along the line,

the case being dismissed without costs.

# C. P. R. Taxation Case

date at which it was made became an ter of public works in the province of

date at which it was made became as important matter. The Mooted Clause Clause II of the contract between the Darine allway, around which the lit-actific allway, around which the lit-gatific allway, around which the lit-de and the stations and stations from any and all stations and station from a statistic all the station of the construction and working thereof, and here the from taxation by the Domi-to around working thereof, and here the from the statistic all the construction and working thereof, and here the statistic all the statistic all the statistic de of the statistic all the statistic company in the North-West Territories, until they are either sold or occupied, shall also be free from such taxation for the the torown. The twenty years started to run, not from the date of the nature, but from the time

History of Case

lands is anticipated.

with the government, be still exempt from taxation. The agreement between the railway company and the governmet provided for the granting to the C. P. R. of the odd numbered sections for 24 miles on either side of their line. At that time the "line" meant only the main line and the railway belt was a well defined area of land stretching from Ontario to the Pacific. With the expansion of the C. P. R. and the building of new lines the original grant assumed a greater complexi-ty. As each line was built new patents were issued, confirming in particular the conjetion of the railway. in 1886, the question has been consequently arising as to when the grant was made—at the time of the contract or as each successive patent was issued. As the land was to be exempt from taxation for only twenty, years after the making of the grant th

Ans.—After fomenting well with hot water night and morning, apply this liniment Theture of arnes, 4 owness. Liniment ammon a idedIdi, 4 owness. Liniment agnonics, 4 owness. Mix well. J. B. D., Luckwood, Sask. — I have a mare coming two with long sparin, which came on a year old. Can it be careed? Ans. — Have the following ointment made up: Polasium indivit, 15 owner. Lard, 7 owners. Rub well in to parts affected every second day.

VETERINARY

We shall be glad to have our readers remember that all Veterinary Questions they wish to ask will be answered free of charge in The Guide. The services of one of Winnipeg's leading veterinaries have been secured for this work. Private replies by return mail, if desired, will be sent upon receipt of \$1.

#### RAISING MULES

BOG SPAVIN IN FILLY FOAL

RAISING MULES Subscriber, Man.—I have been told that a young mule is very hard on the mare when serking, an that a mare will raise a horse every year easier don't hardly believe this myself, hard year what wright should a mare be to get the best results in breeding her to a jark, and for what price could a good serviceable jack her beight? Ask.—It is harder on the mare to raise a mule four that a herse fuel. It is better to raise a mule four that a herse fuel. It is better to raise a mule four that a herse fuel. It is better to faile to to powneds. A good jack will cost from \$1,000 to \$4,000.

HORSE LAME IN OFF HIND LEG A.B.C., Deloraine, Man.—A driver is lame in the right hind leg at times. The local V.S. said it was indigeston and gave a drench which was no good He keeps lift-drench which was no good He keeps lift-tere eramped both in and out of stable. What is your treatment!



When writing to Advertisers Please mention The Guide

Two-Rowed Barley

I-C. A. Partridge, Saltcoata 981 z-J. Howden, Edgeley 584 Robt. Whitton, Fleming 921 4-R. P. Campbell, Zona 581 93 93 93 13-16 93 93 Flax 1-Walter Ross, Craik .874 z-II. Huxley, Lloydminster. 3-Joseph Highmoor, Windthurst 84} 4-A. Switzer; Grenfell 77} Peas 1-F. J. Dash, Hillesden-2-Paynton Society. Grasses-Timothy

1-Rackham & Smith, Lloydminster.

Brome Grass 1-W. G. Anderson, Arcola.

Western Rye Grass

1-Rackham & Smith, Lloydminster.

2-Alex. Weir, Regina

3-Thomas Howden, Qu'Appelle.

Early Variety

1-II. Hutchins, Arat.

g-Malcolm Ross, Regina.

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February 15, 1941

Points.

Potatoes-Late Variety

3-Rackham & Smith, Lloydminster.

# By E. J. FREAM

#### Judgment has been given by the privy

<text><text><text><text><text>

# for the rankway company an along the line, the ease being dismissed without costs. Their lordships held that unoecupied C. P. R. lands were not taxable until twenty years after the actual grant of letters patent to the settler, even should there he a delay of many years on his part in taking out, these letters patent. They also held that C. P. R. lands sold on the instalments are paid. all the instalments are paid. The failure of the test case of the province of Alherta hefore the privy coun-cil re taxation of C. P. R. lands will be widely regretted in the Prairie Provinces, practically every municipality and school district being affected. It is expected that official statements of the attribute of the law departments of the three provinces will be forthcoming, but well informed people here seem to consider the judg-ment as final. A further rise in C. P. R. lands is anticipated.

SICK THREE-YEAR-OLD A. F. Mound, Alta.— Three-year-old coll took wick apparently at first with a still neek, was that way for about a week, thes one night after having been out in pasture came into correl, staggered around for a while, and fell down and was unable to rise for about 3 hours, then managed to gain his feet but woulded and rolled ait around when he tried to waik. His hours for about 24 hours were anothage. Is a little letter now off a condition. Never was uick in his life before. He was fed on main dirks hearty, is in good conditions. Never was uick in his life before. He was fed on the dirks hearty, is in good conditions. Never was uick in this life hollowing on an empty domain. Tay. Given the coll the following on an empty and the start of a sume. History of Case The case just decided in the privy council-between the Alberta government and the C. P. R. has now occupied some three years' labor on the part of the attor-ney-general's department. In the fall of 1907 preparations were begun under the Hon. C. W. Cross to institute pro-ceedings against the C. P. R., with regard to the taxation of land, which the C. P. R. claims should, under the original contract with the government, be still exempt from taxation. The agreement between the railway omach: Raw linseed oil, 16 ounces. Oil of turpentine, I ounce. After it has worked give the following powders: Sulphate of iron, 8 onnces. Nux vonica, I ounce. Potassium nitrate, 15 onnces. Gentian, 4 onnces. Mix well and give one teaspo<sup>6</sup>nful in feed three mes a day.

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#### Agricultural Societies Convention

Continued from Page 11 may against it. "Why offer with one where the said," and take away with the said a little easier, the question we also the said it is true that the weat the said the said is the easy thing with one of the said the easy thing with one of the said the easy thing with one of the said the said the point of view of the said the said the point of the said the said the said the point of the said the said the said the point of the said t

#### Flax Production

After the adoption of the resolutions the convention, at the afternoon session, quickly drew up the business before them. T. N. Willing was unavoidably detained owing to the frain service and was unable to appear for his demonstration competi-tion in the judging seed flax.

A. F. Mantle then took the floor and riously interested his audience in "Profi-ble Methods in Flax Production," as

Table Methods in Flax Production," as follows:
"This is one of the growing industries of the West. In 1906 the value of the Mascrop of Saakatchewan was 81.000.000 approximately. In 1909 it had reached 80.000.000 and in 1910 whén every condition was unfavorable, the crop was worth 80.000.000 to Saskatchewan farmers. There is one peculiarity about this crop; it started in the East and has gradmally moved westward. The reason of this seems to be that after four years of cropping, the land ceased to give profitable crops. Saskatchewan produces one- tenth of the flax grown in North America, North and South Dakota and Minnesota, produce three-fourth of the flax grown in the United States; thus you see that the West and Middle West produce nearly all the flax on the American continent. This crop requires the care in the preparation of the land; in fact, it is the one requiring the least favor of all our cereal crops. Flax growing is hard on the land, which has caused the move westward, but Prof. Bolly of North Dakota Experimental station has conclusively proved in his exhaustive research that the damage is not altogether done to the land; fax itelf as a crop deteriorates on account of a fungues growth at the roots and this accounts for the seemingly nomadie projective of the seemingly nomadie property of this crop.

The average crop in the United States for eight years was ten bushels to the acre; in Saskatchewan it was eleven and one-quarter bushels to the acre. In 1910 the average per acre in the United States was 4.8 bushels; in Saskatchewan it was 7.7 bushels. The market value of this crop has increased greatly and flax-grow-ing has attracted the attention of the Saskatchewan farmer. The United States are importing flax from the Argentine Republic and naturally we should find a market for our output at the mills in Minneapolis and Duluth. If the recip-rocity negotiations are ratified there will be a 43 cent duty ger bushel removed, and since our Canadian mills can only handle 750,000 tons a year our surplus can be profitably sold across the border.

be profitably sold across the border. "The natural home of the flax is the north side of the temperate zone. Flax is not particular as to the condition of the soil, but mole profitable crops can be grown from land in a favorable condi-tion. It requires plefty of plant food and stress is laid on the condition of the soil, seed bed, etc., more than on the kind of soil. soil

"Seed should be changed every few years: to exterminate what is known as will in flax, which is smut in wheat. One practical method of treating the seed is spraying formal in from a force pump and keep stirring the seed to prevent it running into lumps. On new land, 40 lbs. to the acre has given the best satisfaction. The sowing period extends from May 15th to June 10th. The best growth is from early seeding: late seeding always occasions loss from frost. The right depth



#### The Actual Test-What It Proves

THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

"Eastlake" Steel Shingles have proven their durability by the actual test of time. A quarter of a century ago scores' of public and private buildings were roofed

with "Eastlake" Metallic Shingles. These roofs are in excellent condition and certified as such by practical building inspectors.

Think of it! For over twenty-five ears scores of "Eastlake" shingled

roofs have withstood the ravages of all kinds of weatherthe lightnings and torrential rains of summer - the hail.

snow and sleet of winter, and yet they are in perfect condition to-day.

Isn't that conclusive evidence that "Eastlake" Steel Shingles make a permanent roof?

The "Eastlake" is the ONLY steel shingle that can boast of such a record. Did you ever stop to figure out one of those so-called metal roofing guarantees? Did you ever discover really what it guaranteed ?

You find that it is merely a claimand claims alone will never satisfy the shrewd buyer.

He rightfully demands proofs. He wants to know on

what grounds the claims are based. Unless the article has successfully undergone an actual test, a paper guarantee appears a joke.

Page 31

Many times it is a cloak to hide some

weakness of the roofing it guarantees Ask your lawyer about it. He will tell

you that, stripped of its exceptions and provisions, all high-sounding phrases, little else remains.

It really guarantees nothing. Kind of risky when the guarantee is as leaky as the roof it guarantees.



You're not asked to buy the "Eastlake" on any paper guarantee—not asked to believe a single claim which the shingles have not proven. You're only advised to buy the "Eastlake"—if you want a permanent roof, because the durable and weatherproof qualities of "Eastlake" Steel Shingles The postcard at once--if you don't you will forget.

-The Philosopher of Metal Town

All kinds of sheet metal building materials—ceilings and walls, siding, cornices, corrugated iron, con-ductor pipe, etc.—you can have a catalogue simply for the asking. Mention it on your post card.

"EASTLAKE"

STEEL SHINGLES

Lightningproof, Stormproof and

Rustproof



WESTEEN CANADA FACTORY: 797 NOTRE DAME AVENUE, WINNIPEG.

is about one-half to one inch." A short discussion led by Angus McKay followed. There has been found a cure for wit, was one bit of information that was given the convention. Tests have been made,

seed sown from 30 lbs. to 80 lbs. per acre. The best results were obtained from the crop of 80 lbs. If you want ro grow flax for seed, a thin crop is better. Summer, fallow produces the best crop. One dank ger to beware of in connection with the

changing of seed is-weeds. In five or six years the country will have to deal seriously with this weed question. If sown before the 15th May froat will nip it, if sown after the 10th of June froat will hurt in the fall. All tests at the

experimental farm have been made on mmer fallow. Stubble does not produce a paying crop.

<text><text><text> Builing Crops

#### Thursday Evening Session

Thursday Evening Session The evening session of the Agricul-tural Societies and Saskatehewan Wo-men's Clubs convention combined was held in the auditorium of the eity hall. Mrs. Lorne Elliott, of Winnipez, pre-sided and opened the meeting by an in-structive address on the work heing accomplished by the "Home Makers" Club." Mrs. Nellie McClung, with "Knowledge Is Fower." was greeted with continued applause. Mrs. Mother-well then read her paper on "Domestic Bookkeeping." Hookkeepir

#### Illustrated Lecture

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#### Presentation of Prizes

President Murray of the Saskatchewan University then presented the prizes of the championship winners in the Provin-cial Seed Grain competition.

#### Friday Morning Session

One of the most interesting papers read in the morning was "The Commercial Value of the Work of the Canadian Seed Growers' Association," by George H. Bradshaw. Mr. Bradshaw sand he avoid-ed sowing wheat more than two years in uccession, and by going more into stock, se realized greater profits than in the arly days when wheat growing was the

principal occupation. Mr Bradshaw ex-plained how he grew his own seed from carefully selected samples grown on anall plots. In regard to potato growing, Mr. Bradshaw also showed how large returns could be obtained from collecting only clean uniform seed. In conclusion, Mr. Bradshaw said that it was not difficult to edd at least five husheds to the average yield by sowing only the best ared. He said the work of the Canadian Seed Growers' Association was doing wonders for the Weat, but that there was still wanted the co-operation of a large number of the farmers.

wanted the co-operation of a large number of the farmers. Mr. W. L. Ramsay then read an inter-esting paper on "The Educational Value of a Hand-Selected Seed Flot for our Boys and Girls." and Mr. R. H. Carter read bis paper on the "Growing and Marketing of Barley in Sakatchewan, and the Use of Improved Seed."

#### The Milling Side

Winter Wheat Growing



Single Fare rates from all points in Manitoba, and Yorkton, Mel-ville, Neudorf, Wolseley, Montmartre, Stoughton, Estevan and east thereof in Saskatchewan.

Special rates from all other points in Saskatchewan and Alberta. For further information apply to Local Railway Agents.

This subject was ably handled by A. D. Thompson, Prince Albert, a farmer who has had a marked success in the produc-tion of winter wheat. The land in which the seed was sown, mid Mr. Thompson, was a clay loam with a sub-soil. The land had been under cultivation for twenty years. The soil was well cultivated during the sum-mer and the seed sown on the 15th of



CANADIAN STOVER GASOLINE ENGINE CO., Ltd. BRANDON MANITORA

#### February 15

February 15, 1911

Why not get the best attachment made

The Christiansen

Angent. This Boo? The pla studied nicely millowing wint the anow meltr but anceumber This did not k the warm wea mane up from muched and an Angent Ath Bourished and in August 4th thirty howhels with the Red 1 de of the wire fully twenty do the straw and Mr. Theompor year's growthy mitidactory. I for wheat growt demonstrated w monstrates II, but whe not necessary 1 as spring whe the winter who e winter when sring, there wis swinter when e gamed. Mo ind the most-heat growing unit, firm sewing from or oshels of seed with of about

round. In the aftern with the quest in Saskatchew poke on good At 4 o'clock motil 1912.

#### DAIRYMEN

The second skatchewan 0. Mr. Eds the chair, gram was at F. Mantle, speech from adent of dai ewed the dain re. The res ince. The rest then appointed journed to meet Upon resumi ing, Mr. Lisle, gave an addres in advancing t

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Frond. In the afternoon Angus MacKay dealt with the question of potators and roots in Saskatchewan, and F. J. Robinson Roke on good roads. At 4 o'clock the convention adjourned until 1912.

#### DAIRYMEN'S CONVENTION

DAIRYMEN'S CONVENTION The second annual convention of the askatchewan Dairymen's Association penel January 31 in the city hall at 20. Mr. Edmunds, of Qu'Appelle, was a the chair, and the first item on the regram was an address of welcome hy 4. F. Mantle, which was followed by speech from W. A. Wilson, superin-endent of dairying. Mr. Wilson re-iewed the dairy industry of the prov-ber. The resolution committee was ben appointed and the convention ad-borred to meet the following morning. Upon resuming the work in the morn-ny, Mr. Lisle, M.L.A., of Lloydminster, two an address on "The farmers' duty andvancing the dairy industry." Mr.





PLEASE MENTION THE GUIDE

#### THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

<text><text><text><text><text><text> Dairying" by W. Newman, of Loraine ville, Oat. The following resolutions were then

adopted: "That each delegate in his own heality, both hy precept and example, encourage a system of yearly dairying. "That the government he requested that the information respecting dairy-ing circulated by them from time to time be sent to the editors of papers circulating in foreign settlements con-tiguous to government ereameries, with a request to publish in their papers in their own language. "That a system of grading cream and hutter be introduced into this province along similar lines to that now in vogae dairy-

"That a system of grading cream and builter be introduced into this province along similar lines to that now in vogue in Alberta. "That prizes he offered to the pat-ron supplying the largest number of pounds of milk per cow during the six summer months, the awards to be made according to creamery records. "That care be taken that fresh cream be not mixed with eream previously skimmed until it has been carefully cooled.

cooled.

That care be taken that fresh cream be not mixed with eream previously scaled.
That each delegate to this convertion in his own becality do what is the first own of permanent.
That is own becality do what is the first of the convertion in his own becality do what is the first own of permanent.
That the first own of permanent.
That the povernment and this matterest of dairying a scale dairy of cold storage should be established within the province and this matterest of dairying the should be brought to the immediate date to the establishement of the same and make their work permanent.
That the government send to each government with a care and patterest of dairying a scale date of the same and and on the government with a scale and on the government with a scale and on the same and and be brought to the immediate date of the same of the same and a scale as the scale grain. This, which was done in one case, has been general all over the province."



THE GRAIN GROWERS' ONUIDE

#### Grain Growers' Sunshine Guild Conducted by Margaret Head Office:-GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE, WINNIPEG

#### OBJECTS

feed and cluthe some hungry child, gratify the wish of some invalid, maintain the Gore Bhone, 274 Bargerice St. maintain the Fresh Air Hume for at least months during the summer.

R. G. Badges . S. G. Pradants S. G. Battens

Page 34

#### MARGARET'S MENSAGE

MARGARET'S MENAACE Dear Friends,—Three is nothing cheers and kearing me as much in my runstant and unrequir-ment. The second second second second sub-tive sized hand of helpers who are all diriving hard and moly toward the same and. On every hash fam currended by a hypot leade of a diriving hard aft doing their in the bard leade of a diriving aft doing their in the glown and denotes the second of the glown and desolutions from handy hearts and

When Numshiners are sending in pareols by mail please see that full postage is paid. We have to pay double on all overdue postage and it frequently runs to 16 cents a day. Please are that you put enough stamps on your MARGARET.

I have been especially heartened this weak wiving a list with the names of one hundred by preserving a first with the science of one bandred new members, all obtained by one buying worker. In I that enough to make moleculated and cheer-ful. I only house that others of my local members will try and do lokewise. I will forward recenting sheets to any who are desired to belong to recent are members. To find a balan for way, To find a balan for way. To tend the base and fatherless I angels' work below.

There is an urgent need of Sanshine in the form of hadney' first richting and children's garmente from 3 to 12 years. Cheves cloth, handlarenkeit and handlages, overshows and ruhbers, strekings, etc. We have fourteen cases for which clothing is needed at once. Material of any kind suitable for making up into garments.

The emergency fund cards are now ready and I would be glad to send them to any of my chicks. The Sunshine Hone will be ready for the re-opening in another week and I trust it will power a blenging to many.

#### WORDS THAT WILL HELP YOU

She who lives for others will have many friends but she who lives only for herself must not complain when she finds the world forsaking her.

Let us take care how we speak to those who have fallow in life's field. Help them up. Never score them. We may not have seen the conflict, so we cannot know the scare.

Better than any epitaph engraved on our tomb-stone should be the concentration of the fact that we have done our duty, and that our friends and acquaintances are the better because of our life.

Life is made up not of great sarrifices or duties, but of little things, in which smiles and kindnessors, and small obligations, given habitually, are what win and preserve the heart and secure comfort.

- "I have labored long and earnest, Toded for others all the day, Tried to work like helpful, Some kind thing to do or say. No one seems to understand me, Trars I searcely can restrain, Not a word of thanks to chore me. Are my efforts all in vain?

"Darkness falls, heaven's tears descend, Sympathetic star eyes shine, Laving, tember, God up, Father Whispers to this heart of mine: "Think you, child, her not disconraged. You have tried to do your best." "Thank you, child." It is God's "thank you," Bringing peace and joy and rest."

#### WHAT IS MY CROSS OF TODAY?

WHAT IS MY CROSS OF TODAT! It is a person whom Providence has placed near me and shown I disilite, who humilites me con-tent by how mean in the large way. The second term of the second second second second second term of the second second second second second more than I and breause she waves she is laved more than I and breause she waves she is laved more than I and breause she waves she is laved more than I and breause she waves she is laved more than I and breause she waves she is laved more than I and breause she waves the initial to reven by her attentions to me. It is a person who for some varge reason I believe to be initial to me, who, according to my excited imagination, watches me, criticities me relating to the value of the break my cross of today? By not showing in any we have setting the second service. To politic ing myself to render her some service. The solities fulle whether she knows it; it is a secret between God and me.

\*

MANITOBA Evelyn Charles Little, Lucas, Man.—Many thanks for your letter. I will forward button and memberabip card, also collection card. Minnie Faul, Golden Stream, Man.—Hearty wiekume to our Guild. Sunday School papers are greatly enjoyed by my "shut-in" memberer, and greatly enjoyed by my "shut-in" memberer, greatly enjoyed by my "shut-te others. Violet McConnell, Viola Dale, Man .:-- Hearty

Get MENDETS They mend all leaks instantly her ever lags, to, mapper lags, to, mapper, lease, nothing Complete pkg, asst. sizes, 25c postpaid. Agts, was COLLETTE MFG. CO., Dept. A, Collingwood

whenese to our Guild. The sick children always appy the dollo, etc. I am sending bottom. Try in interest your school friends in the Sanshine

1. M. M. Mather, Dear friend, won't pen send our name as I would like to write to you? The remain gaster will go to associate and the sender. Rearing River, Minitoxia, Man. "The Sanday chool potters are a hole. Many thanks. I would like to see a breach lormed in each town. "I' you have not."

Behavit portures are a help. Many thanks. I would like to see a branch hormout in sech twens.
 Many thanks the rist of the sech twens.
 Many thanks for further. I will write held details that, and the sech twens.
 Rife Smith, Girzeitz, Man, ....Gial yrear children liked the batton and hape they will wear them severy day. Your could focus a new branch of the second second

#### NANKATCHEWAN

Clara M. Dualop, Langham, Sask.---Many hanks for post cardor, we are now preparing to make looks again and yorks a number will be revease during the next few months. Terms P. Dualop, Langham, Sask.--Glad to hear rom you, the badges, etc., will be sent off in a few may you, the badges, etc., will be sent off in a few

trom you, the hadges, see . Some lays. Placease M. Crippa, Gainshorn, Sask.—For poor kind apportantion of the work, accept my thanks. Ver, I would be glad all the Sanlay School paper-nary a Similar.

ee a month. We are now starting to collect in preparation for e hours for Indian reserve which I hope to send

W. R., Wapella, Sask .- I hope these lines will

at area. W. R., Wapella, Sask.—I hope these lines will et J. To. The entry work that we enough to hard to do— The entry that are long to five are line. The days that are long to five are line. A bit of this bright etermine. A bit of this bright etermine. A function of the longent and the second to the ear form you. Many thanks for ten cents. In scaling uniforming card and buttons. Taktur K. Dunloy, Langham, Sask.—Gala to A bit of the subset of the second to the ear form you. Many thanks for ten cents. In scaling uniforming card and buttons. Taktur K. Gregor, Prospect Form, Therefore, and the second to the second the second to the ear form and mother. A set of the second to the second to the second and gala to know you are interested in my page and enough it. Yes, it will be real Sunshine to form them had a know the used second will be done. Then the second second will be done. There is a second second will be done every gian to try and second out a givt. — There is marked full particulars if you would pay train-are, etc. Mrs. Frank Knight, Creelman, Sask.— Would

re-ster. Mers. Frank Knight, Creelman, Saski-Woodd e to hear from you again. Sunshine work goes all the year and any help is indeed a service, aive several initie orphans to clothe at the present is before sensing to there per homes. Ny mpatter, Sask. — Won't you please send in wasking at 200 seo that I can send cards. Many awaking at 200 seo that I can send sends. Many

inner indurer sending to Haver park homes, Sympsheirer, Sank.--Wan't your please send in means and address so that I can send cards. Many thanks for \$1,00, Mex. Charles E. Craig, Lily Planes, Sask.--Glad-to hear of the splendish foranch of Sunshine. Mex. Warren must feel very proud indeed, Fifty members is quite a hig Sunshine circle and will be able to do some splendid work. Your Sunheam is evolute in Craffe Guide. Some day when the able to meet you all. Mex. A. D. C. Roche, Pirer, Sask.---Many thanks for second letter. We were quite worried for a time, however, glad it was all right. Write sgam some.

Tor's time, more all factors in the providence of the set of all set of the set of all set the cosy garments for little children of all ages.

BETTER TO SMILE Why should I wear my sorrows For all the world to see? Why should I let life's bitterness Cast its shadow over me?

Could I serve the Master better If I wore a suddened face, If I let each bitter beartache Too plainly leave its trace?

Oh, didn't He make the sunshine, And didn't He make the flowers? And do the hearts that love Him Love Him less in life's summer hours?

And His own dear face was brilliant. With the light of His love, I know: If it did not glow with that fire intense Would the children love Him so?

Why not laugh, if the laugh is kindly? It is better than looks forlorn: The dear Lord made the lips that smile As well as the lips that mourn.

HOMES WANTED One baby girl, three months. One baby boy, six weeks.

#### ALBERTA

ALBERTA Mrs. T. Williams, Strathedin, Alberta:---Many thanks for parcel of clothing and the children's collection card with 84.60. This was a great help indeed. It was acknowledged in column d. G. G. some time ago, bull f and that Bolasevain, Man, was placed after it in some way. Law writing to the children. Sorry for this mistake. One who loves to think no evil, Alberta:--The.

pen name is very good and fits your latter snartly. Many of my readers would suppy the following

"When you meet with one suspected Of yours severe theed of abases, And for this by all rejected As a thing of evil fame, General things or every load and action, Speak no word of heartless theme, For the abadever's wile defasation Yet may soil thy goodly asses.

When you most with one partoing Ways the hart have entered in, Working out the second state with his recklores and the With his recklores and the second time, if planed in his condition, Would a hind word he in vanit for a lowle of cold comprise Win there hack to truth again?

There are spots that hear as flowers, Not betware the out is bad, Bet the common's grand showers. Never make their bosons gived Better here an set that is hindly. Treated remains with diolast, Then, by opting others blockly, Down the innormat to pars."

Ray Kerr, Chendle, Alta.—Maay thanks for versited better. You could form a branch of Numkher, Weith and a strain of the second strain of Numkher, Weith, and strain the second strain of Numkher, Clarw W, Korr, Chendle, Alta.—I ang glad he receive better for an angle strain of the second strain You have been doing real Secondians out its tory to make dear mother and father happy. Gendl. Kerr, Chendle, R. Alta.—Many thanks, dear lod, for jour letter. It is pool indeed to its Somither bound of the sec fast you will prove a blenning at home. Yee, would like all the children work very hand as the girls are still absed in num-bers.

#### BRITISH COLUMBIA

BRITISH COLUMBLA Mrs. Baker, Virtoria, B. C., -- Mrs. Baker writes from Westwer Virtoria, B. C., -- Mrs. Baker writes from Vistorie Vistoria, B. C., -- Mrs. Baker was always a great was dreamed by the being and also baking beef free, surge, etc. Mrs. Baker was always a great worker and this branch will be been from sgars I below sure. Mrs. Gadoby, Guide, B. C., -- Swad a card and having metaage to all was Sunshiners. Exclosed a pair of works to comfurt some wee feet.

#### TWO LITTLE GIRLS

TWO LITTLE GIRLS Fin twins, I genes, 'cause my me vary Tm two hitle gerls. An 'over 'n ne' Le good little gerls. An 'over 'n ne' An 'ma says any. 'most every day. An 'sne's the funnient mai. 'Lansee when My doil won't mind, and I 'stery. Why, sen, my ma she so ha 'argh, An 'ay. 'Dear good little get, good-Bad little gerl's council here again!

id-bye!

Last time 'I me art that a way I creed all to myreff awhile Out on the trees an from I smile, 'An or myr dod all fixed up in style, 'Morring to you, mesmum dear, 'Morring to you, mesmum dear, 'Maki hette grif's gonde clean away. 'An 'good hitle grif's comed lask to atay!" James Whiteous Riley.

#### THE BACHELOR'S WISDOM

"Always live on the sunny side of the road. Character is what you are: reputation is what people think you are: Half of success is seeing the significance of fittle

A clear conscience fears no accusation. If your face wants to smile, let it; if it doesn't, make it. There is no music like the voice of those we love. A merry heart kills more microles than any medi-

cine. Life is always a dull grind to the woman who thinks only of the grist. Comradeship and kind feeling is one of the strong-est forces in life."

A the series of the series of

One thing there is that every man and woman, every boy and girl can do for the world. That is to be constantly brave, poure, and cheerful, in the daily walk of common life. Every good, clean, coursecous day helps the world higher, even when no one seems to notice it.

#### HOW WILLIE HEARS

"Come here, Willse," said his mother, There was no movement on the boy's part to obey his mother's call again. "ree, mamma, I'm coming in a minute." And it was almost a minute before he were ito his moth-

Telephone-Sherbrooke 876

February 15, 1911

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Winnipeg Agriculta Clubs," gate's du Mantle,

Mantre, training Hon. W. It will full of p for a num in full.

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Let M ries be a Mr. Ross

Mr. Ross raspberris to strawb strawberr sideration in which

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Pro

er's side, and asked: "What do you wont, non There was a new selfing ballons on this side "There was a new selfing ballons on this side of the street. I thought you should have an-aryon have wiched for it so many times. But have have passed and of sight seve. Had you should have ball the seven should be the seven and any self have ball the seven and the seven and the daily and the seven should have been given back ball operations. Let us the seven and have been been and the seven and the most have been and the seven and the have been been and the seven and the have been been a rail, promptly, or you may also the had bound what he had have by he satestation.

THE GREEDY FROG THE GREEDY FROM. "Once upon a time, On the baselor of a breach, A worked lottle frougy, Who had sever read a breach, Who had sever read a obsery Or a faxay little rhyne, Bed a sad and tragic enology— Once upon a time.

"This little fraggy, and to say, Was very find of flors, And thought, on this underly day, That he had found a price, "In any logic wolf fraggy," "I any house he'll stay and p. Entil I reach the top."

T wish this would ut then to much," Soid Frogry, going higher.
 Twoh that fires would shat their eyes, And come a little nights.
 But he is such a group due, And the how to very har,
 I think that I much have hen, For UK time for me to due."

"So up he went, regardless Of the danger he was in He saw a duck below hins, But he dow't reare a pin. "Eil, anddeaily, behind has hack The word began to crack, And all he hered was juint one word, And that one word was 'Quark'

Please Nate,-All parcels and letters to be addressed to "Margaret," Grain Growers' Guide, 273 Sherbrooke St., Wranipeg. Checks, money, etc., to Mr. W. H. Guina, assistant treasurer.

EVERT CHILD SHOULD JOIN THE SUNSHINE GUILD GULD Sign the form helow: Dear Margaret:--I should like to become a member of your Susshine Guild. Please seal membership, card... I exclose two cent-stamp for its portage.

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WERS' GUIDE

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ie 870

Regian the first convention of Sae lacean Women's Clubs was held on days January 31 to February 3, inclusive, under the mapices of Saskatchevan College of Agricul The program was given in the old auditorium of the Regian Col-

this side arry one. Built is a object the need the line the line the line the second the

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opagation of Straw

After the first year 150 plants should give 150 penade of fruit, enough to supply any ordinary family. Suppose reas has 4 feet agart and the plants from 14 to 50 inches in row. Cultivate thermodyly between the rows through out the first season. If season is dry, lick off every blosson first year so that for leaf with water occasionally lick off every blosson first year so that for red in the rows between the original sorting, but not between the original sorting, but not between the a new bed can be set out is another plate every year and thus will a regu-ter spectral the leaf with the stream first parts of the set out is another original sorting, but not between the a new bed can be set out is another plate every year and thus will a regu-her supply be kept up from just the first parts stream to the depth of a to 10 instant should be spread over the whole bed. When all danger of fruit is over in the spread over the whole bed. When all danger of fruit is over three inches of the stream; this

water they can drink should be allowed freeding, built should be kept quiet and fattering that have a weak. After feeding, built should be kept quiet and fattering that little base and have and a set of relation of the quality optic superior to that obtained in the quiet superior to that obtained in the fattering. The brief and be started by the brief should be started by the fattering that have being that is the fattering. Birth should be started by the brief a black should be started by the fattering that whether have being fuel based be kept have being the brief a black of priore through the brief should be started by the brief of the needs, and in either case brief at the needs and in either case brief and the needs of the brief out the fractores will then should have inhole transfed up signat the basis the brief with the fractores will then haven the good transfed up signat the basis the priore transfed up signat the basis the brief the breast which makes the good the breast which makes the good by built wear frames, many have the breast which makes the good the breast which makes the good by built the shear papers with the frame of the basis and the transfed up signat the basis the good the breast which makes the good the breast which makes the good by built the shear papers with

# Homemakers' Constitut

The constitution of the Homenmakers' Cidia as arranged by a committee ap-point of for thal jurgices is being given built are to govern the 'Homenwakers' of Sasatchevan for the coming year. May may feel that because only eight whereas there are possible 1.75 offic whereas there are possible 1.75 offic other and yet formed in Saskatchevan this handfiel ought not to have fastened whereas the clubs that are fastened the handfiel ought not to have fastened the handfiel ought not to have fastened the handfiel ought not to have fastened to handfiel ought not to have fastened the handfiel ought not to have fastened the super the clubs that we fastened the not yet formed is the to plated that clubs the are plated that clubs the are plated that clubs on without a constitution and that constitutions may members desire it.

Object

The object of the women's chila of Saskatchewas shall be to promote the interests of the home and commun-ity and to improve the conditions sur-rounding rural life by diaseminating a prester knowledge of domestic and homeshed art, and by imparting to the young of these sub-

How Clabs May be Organized Women's clubs may be organized at any gathering of women called for that purpose of which two week's notice mut have been given in the newspaper publish-ed nearest to the place where it is proposed to organize.

Charter Upon receipt of the report of organiza-tion the director of agricultural extension shall supply the other is charter, and a charter shall not be granted to any other women's dub in the same school district. **Constitution of Local Clubs** The name of this organization shall be "The Name of basic organization shall be makers' Club."

**Officers bill** consist of a president, a vice-prevident, a secretary-treasurer, for each ten members of the club in excess of thirty (30) at the close of the preceding fiscal year, which shall be Nov. 15th in each year. At the organiza-tion meeting three directors may be

There shall be sppointed at each annual meeting two subfaces who shall not held any offer differ diagonal period for which they are appointed, but they may nerve on commutities. Different and Different Offerers shall be detected by halled at the annual meeting, and a majority of the votes can shall dot. OFTICERM

 President

 The president shall preside at all meetings of the club as well as at meeting and the locard of directors. Despecting the club, or of the shearest and the president shall direct the scenetary to call the anow.

 The view-president shall perform the datas of the president for a scenetary to assert and the president in her also an avertage of the club, as well and here a view of all be club, as well and here a view of all the minutes of and here a view of all the minutes of and here a view of all the minutes of and here a view of all the minutes of and here in a book formibled for that perpose.

Perper-Executive Committee Additional Committee Additional Committee Additional of Additional Add

Executive Committee Mail consists of the president, the view of a super-president and the secretary treasure. **Weancies**In the event of any of the officers regular from office during the year, but notice of such vacancy and the field at the next regular meeting, but notice of such vacancy and the field at the next regular before the data ten days before the data regular meeting. **Membersh**Membersh field even fifteen years of such regular meeting the local entitle her to member at the base of the local sements of the next of the next of the such year of the such and the such regular meeting for a payment of the next of the such and the such and the such and the next of the next of

There shall be an annual membership fee of twenty-free cents. **Committee:** committees: Membership committee; program committee; committee on meet-ing places; financial committee, and any others that may be deemed necessary. The president and the secretary-treasurer shall be ex officio members of all com-mittees.

nittees. Meetings Al least four regular meetings shall be held in each year at why times and in and special meetings may be called at any time by the president. An annual meeting of each women's club shall be held between November 100 be and Docember 20th in each year. Notice of the annual meeting of each women's the ball be pied between November 200 be and Docember 20th in each year. Notice of the annual meeting must be mailed to each members present shall condition and the pied of such annual meeting. But Members present shall conditions analytic of a communic meeting, but a meeting. A quorum of an executive meeting. A quorum of an executive meeting of the majority of the members of the committee. DRDER OF MEETINGS Regular meetings of Local Clubs

e by the au





og the future dairy cow on the farm of Lloydminster, Sask.

will retain maidture in the bed and keep the herries clean from sad when the Beder word, and by having some of each variety the supply of ripe fruit will be considerably extended. About the col-of May is a good time to plant. W. Wilson on Poulty In giving his own experimens on the varieties for general purpose, that is fur meat and egg supply, are the Ty-mouth Reek, the Bhode Fahard Reek, the Orpington and the Wyanottees, per has in the order named. For fastman four later they are of enough. Mr. Wilson alter they are of enough. Mr. Wilson recommends shit enter or enstes made from common hit, nailed about 4 incles spirit, made the one rends to further they are of enough to faster they are of the senare and 20 incles high blob a start of these spirit, match is in the order named. Their feed should be 5 parts ground at thin purple. This must be placed into trongh to fatter them. Their feed should be 5 parts ground at him purple. This must be placed into trongh to fatter the the sats allowing the birds to reach out and help themselves. Next to hutter that sweet shim milk. For the first a cort shim milk is best, and after that sweet shall they will est, before renoving it. Small amount of before them at least half an hour before tailow may be used. All the clean

Report of Organization Within one month after organization the secretary shall forward to the director of agricultural extension on forms pro-vided for that purpose a report of the organization meeting.

signing of minutes by the president. Unfinished business. Reports of committees. Business arising out of minutes and reports of committees. Regular program. Adjournment.

#### Annual-Meeting of Local Clubs

Annual Alexang of Local Chuba Opening exercises. Reading of minutes of hast annual secting and all special meetings. Approval of same by the president President's address. Reports of committees, including report the secretary-treasurer. Business arising out of minutes and roots of committees. eign

Desiness arising out of minutes and reports of committees. Election of officers for ensuing year. New business. Regular program if one has been prepared. Adjournment.

#### Election of Officers

Officers may be elected by vote, by lift or by acclamation. halffit or by

#### By-Laws

Each local club may adopt by-laws for the conduct of its business and affairs, but such by-laws shall not be inconsistent with the objects of the club, and copies of them must be sent forthwith to the director of agricultural extension.

#### Assistance in Holding Meetings

Assistance in Holding Meetings The extension department of the Saskatchewan college of agriculture will supply speakers for county conventions and will no far as possible send speakers to meet the women in central localities. This is a large province and the expense of visiting the two thousand or, more branches which will in the near foture be in existence is a well-nigh impossible task. The county officers, and officers of local clubs will no doub the glad to render assistance in organizing and visiting

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tects. Furnishing a home for comfort. Value of domestic science training. Case for a young baby. How to interest girls in scientific home-making. Nurses for the country districts. Value of a library. How women may secure one.

32 33

34

#### MORE LIGHT WANTED

Dear Isobel,-Excuse my appearing soon again, but I would like to ask question re the Valley River

the last "Guide." I enquired regarding the bringing of children (just in passing conversation), and was answered by the president, A. M. Jones, as follows, verbatim: "We have agreed that although we do not wish to exclude the girls, we expect them to stay at home with the children in order to allow the mothers to attend." Although this rule may ap-pear a little selfsh on first sight, I reflected that the elder women had a right to have their social evening un-disturbed by the possible interruptions which may be made at times by the quietest children, and stood aloof, the rule practically, but politely, excluding mothers whose elder children are too young to be left in charge (the fathers being also absent the same evening). Since then I hear that children have. been and were then—coming more or less regularly. It will be useful to more been-and were then-coming more less regularly. It will be useful to m

THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

local clubs. Through county and provin-cial conventions the extension department hopes for keep in contact with local clubs and assist them as much as possible.

#### Subjects for Discussion

Subjects for Discussion The descent of household economy will be a great many topics worthy of formations at Women's Club meetings for the second superficial way that provide the superficial way that the second superficial way the the second superficial way that the second superficial way the second superficial way the second superficial way the second superficial way the the second superficial way the second superficial way the the second superficial way the second superficial way the the second superficial way the second superficial way the the second superficial way the second superficial way the the second superficial way the second superficial way the the second superficial way the second superficial way the the second superficial way the second superficial way the the second superi The student of household economy will

#### Suggested Topics for Meetings

1.

from house and barns. Paper on first aid, nursing. Heating and ventilation, value and cost of different methods. More

simple cooking and better

P.8.—I send recipes for "Bach." Gingerbread-Seven cups flour, 1½ sugar, tablespoon (mixed) ginger and ground cloves, teaspoon of baking soda, dissolved (if possible) in sour-milk, I cup molasses (heated till liquid), two large tablespoons lard, pork fryings (I have used soft heef drippings). Mix well into a very thick batter and bake in a fairly hot oven in a well-greased tin. For a change use above recipe, making batter a little thinner, and add currants and raisins ad lib. Note:-It would be a great pity if

responsibility. Allowance for children. Home reading and games to amuse the young

the young. What a child should know before

going to school. The value of holidays for the home-maker. Furnishing and decorating the school

22

23

Furnishing and house. Benefits from club meetings. The dress of the home-maker. Salad contests, recipes given. Marketing, co-operative market ad-vantages. Planning a home. Women archi-teels.

may secure one. Literary meetings. Public meetings, concert or banquet. The value of the annual fair. 36

a question re the Valley River W.M.B.S., the report of which was in the last "Guide." I enquired regarding the bringing of



The physical vigor necessary to resist disease is created by the use of BOVRIL. BOVRIL is itself a valuable food, and it gives power to the system to thoroughly digest and assimilate other foods.

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than myself to have this rule explained, is not taboord. Thanks for recipes to than myself to have this rule explained, as those coming from a distance would doubtless feel embarrassed if they ar-rived with a child and heard that the rule preferred it should be left at home. Will the secretary kindly give the rules of the V.R.W.M.B.S. through the columns of our page in the Grain Growers' Guide!

#### REPORT OF ANNUAL MEETING DUFFERIN HOUSEHOLD SCI-ENCE ASSOCIATION

ENCE ASSOCIATION January 19, 1911. Owing to severe storms, many rear-not attend, but we were pleased is note some new faces. Our membership roll now sandler thirty, and we hope by spring is double that number. The meeting we addressed by Miss Fenders, who gas a splendid paper on 'Hest Literature for flome.'' Extracts as follows: Wordsworth says: ''Books are yours, . Within whose silent chambers treasure-lie.

Preserved from age to age; more per cious far

Than that accumulated store of gdi And Orient gems which, for a day d

The Sultan hides deep in ancestra

The Sultan bides deep in ancestn trunk. These hoards of truth you can usled at will." The Iterature of the English an American people is considered the most priceless possession. By their a heritance from their ancestors and by the work of their own genius they ar in this respect the richest people and honor to the great peets, philos pheres of Germany and historians as novelists of France, the sweetest say and most noble poems and the sterio that portray the human character law been written in the English language to know English literature is a bi-era education in itself. "Travelling libraries (one of the d-peots of this association), are of great been the steriot and steriot is ountry school districts, the teaker atting as librarian. In towns where a

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Growers' Guide! Is the subject of woman's suffrage a tabooed one? Perhaps it would render a woman inelligible to the society if she were a suffragist? As Mrs. Jones told me, there was 'nothing of that sort.'' Thanking the secretary in anti-cipation for clearing this puzzle, I am Yours sincerely, ROSE A. TURRELL. Double Jonese 0. 1011

Dauphin, January 20, 1911. P.S.-I send recipes for "Bach."

raisins ad lib. Note:--It would be a great pity if mothers were obliged to remain away from the meetings because of small children being likely to cause a slight interruption to any of the women's

children being likely to cause a slight interruption to any of the women's meetings if allowed to be present. It is hoped that broad sympathies will prevail among the women and that this rule of excluding children will be removed, if indeed it be a rule. Of course every district will do as it pleases in the matter and make bylaws only for itself.

Will the secretary of the V.R.W.M.B.S. kindly state the ruling and oblige Mrs. Turrell No, the subject of woman's suffrage

will Will

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public library was placed the fee of one cent was levied for anyons wishing a sembership card. "All reading should not only enter-tian, but for ensabling and uplifting, and higher things. Our greatest care that provide us with a taste for hotter and higher things. Our greatest care should be that our taste be not per-verted. We may learn to love the peems of Longfellow, Tennyon, Milton; to see with Dichems the whimeical side of common life and feel with him the pathes of want and suffering; to love to be in toorh with the greatest sould that have lived to partake of their best -to be in their company and at one that have fixed to partake of their best —to be in their company and at one with them. Think of it, Browning and Emerson for a firewide friend; I riving or Dickans or George Elliott to make us-haugh or cry of grow tender. A family's rank in thought and taste can be gauged by the papers and books in the home.

aome. "In our farm homes we want good newspapers that tell us events of world-wide interest; some Canadian journal, a journal for the young, and some of the host measuring.

best magazines. 'So I say let us have good books-

Aladdin MANTLE Lamp

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T. H. BALL, California, SOLD 850 A FLOOD OF LIGHT FROM KEROSENE The Brunswick Orner of Main and Ruperi Streets, Win-nipe, Newly renovated and fornished. Attractive dining room, scrollent service. New Firsproof Anner. Opened July 14th Containing 80 additional single hedrooms, iw Jarge poolrooms, shine stand and barber shop. Finest liquers and cigars at popular prices. FREE BUB meets all trains. James Farils. Pro-Rates: \$1.50 and \$2.00 per day





Your name and address SERY CO., St. Charles, Man.

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY LEASING OF LANDS The Company is prepared to lease is purposes all reserved quarters or hall sections. Bodow Barlicular apply the Land Department, Badow Barl Company, Winnipeg.

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE MENTION THE GUIDE

the best books and plenty of them, and with Eugene Field, wish for ''Houks, books, books give me ever more books, for they are the cashets wherein we find the immortal expressions of hu-manity-words-the only things that live forever.''

live forever." Extracts on institute work were read-by different members, showing how the motto, "Improvement for home and country," was being practically carried out. The meeting closed with election of officers for 1911 as follows: Presi-dent, Mrs. Murray; vice president, Mrs. Robt. Malealmon; secretary treasurer, Miss Saidie Campbell; directors, Mrs. Aiken, Mrs. Roblin, Mrs. Maconin, Mrs. August. Augu

SO THEY WERE MARRIED Said the bachelor to the widow, "FII prove my love by deeds; Til gladly give up my cigars, If you'll give up your weeds,"

-"I'm living on brown bread and water to improve my complexion." IIe--'How long can you keep it up?" She--''Oh, indefinitely, I guess." IIe--''Then let's get married."

## THE WEDDING GRAFT

"How are you getting along with the arrangements for your daughter's wedding

"Splendidly. We've just completed the list of people who will probably send presents if invited."

#### SHREWD DIAGNOSIS

Miserly-So that woman doctor charged ou two dollars a visit. Well, what did

ahe say? His Wife—Said I stayed indoors too much. Here's her prescription. Miserly (reading it)—For external use only. One nice walking dress. One new hat. One pair gloves to match. Apply every afternoon between three and five.

#### DOMESTIC BOOKKEEPING (By Mrs. Motherwell)

Domestie bookkeeping? Why intro-duce such an unpopular subject at a gathering of this nature! What has bookkeeping to do with the female department of the home? We thought this convention was to lend itself en-tierly to considering helps to the women in the homes. We readily under stand why such subjects as "Social Life in Country Homes," "The Model Kitchen," "Growing Fruits," and "House Plants," "Kaising Poultry," etc., etc., should be introduced—but bookkeeping—and domestic at that! The inference is that it too is one of the legitimate housewifely occupa-tions. Domestie bookkeeping? Why intro tions

of the legitimate housewifely occupa-tions. I understand very well the horror with which most women look apon bookkeeping, and this is quite natural when one considers the limited oppor-tunities afforded many women, espe-cially in rural districts, to study this phase of home life, and to expect them to keep books in the ordinary sense of the term is quite impracticable. There-fore it is not my purpose, formidable as the title of this paper may appear, to recommend any particular style of bookkeeping for you to follow, but rather to draw your attention to the advantage of having some plan devised by gourself and understandable to yourself whereby you can tell just how guite homey you have spent each month, and should there be an unneces sary leakage anywhere you are in a position to discover it and apply a remedy. But again you become aroused at the mention of the word "tomer."

position to discover it and apply a remedy. But again you become aroused at the mention of the word "money." You feel strongly tempted to ask the money? My husband takes charge of other. He is the treasurer; he is the one who pays the bills; my part is to one who pays the bills; my part is to casional five or ten dollar bill that much coaxing had procured for me, or the cash proceeds I may secure for my butter, eggs and poultry." I know that, too, and that is where one of our real difficulties arises. I think this difficulty is experienced more by the women in the country than those in the city. It is not an unusual thing for the latter to be given an allowance by their husbands on which to finance the household; but to my knowledge



Blue Ribbon Coffee and Blue Ribbon Baking Powder have the same good quality that Blue Ribbon Tea is famous for. They are guaranteed superior to all others. And if you buy any one of these articles you are at liberty to return it and have your money refunded, but we know you will prefer to keep the goods.

net many of the rural women enjoy the advantages of a personal bank account. Our first efforts, then, toward domestic bookkeeping must be applied along the lines of opening the cycs of the "darkened understandings" of our husbands and pervaside them to make us true partners of the firm; giving into our keeping a share of the proceeds and allowing as to meet what is gener-ally termed the inside expenses. We are all more or less familiar with the masculine answer when approached on this subject. He dons a grieved and injured air and says quite magnani-mouly: "My dear, all I have is yours, what is your complaint? Am I not feeding you and clothing you as well or even better than your neighbors? When you need anything all you have to do in to ask me for it, and if lean afford it, it is yours. Murely yon should be satisfied. "The fact remains we are not. There are so many channels today open to woman whereby she can make an independent living for herself (and many have tated the joys of self-support before entering their husbands.' homes), that it makes it doubly hard to be thus dependent, and when any thing is required, instead of going to a purse of her own as formerly, she has band for it and undergo the mortifica-tion for it and undergo the mortifica-tion fixed undergo the mortifica-tion of being refused if she fails in get ting him to appreciate the next fails in get ting him to appreciate the next fails in get ting him to appreciate the next fails in get ting him to appreciate the next fails in get ting him to appreciate the next fails in get ting him to appreciate the next fails in get ting him to appreciate the next fails in get to any the opponent the the toris of the the shead of a pone of the own and the shead in the appreciate the arrive at the conclusion that there are rights and privileges denied the women ting him to appreciate the need as she does. One need not be a suffragette to arrive at the conclusion that there are rights and privileges denied the women in the home that, if enjoyed, would not hands also. It would be a mutual bene-fit, and I have faith in man's fairness and his respect for individual rights-even those of his wife- to believe that if the thought has been presented to him in a fair business-like way he will explore the reasonableness of it and set about providing a way wherehy his wife may handle the money of the home that is rightfully and naturally hers, and here I would add that for a man to know that his wife is keeping an intelligent account of her expenditures hand as he is about his, is a strong shand and scope for her energies. If not convenient to do my book, folothing, miscellaneous and hired help. I get monthly statements from the mer-fonances heek them off with the bill addited, enter all items into a small dated diry, and then transfer to my after totalling each separately I find he aggregate expenditure for the month. It is very interesting to compare one

It is very interesting to compare one month. It is very interesting to compare one month's expenses with another, and any given month with the correspond-

ing one for the previous year. By do-ing so one often makes discoveries that are quite startling. For instance, sup-posing for a certain time the farm supplied the metts used on the table, and then for a corresponding period the meats had to be bought, the food seconds for these two periods would and then for a corresponding period the meats had to be bought, the food accounts for these two periods would immediately show a decided increase. Our attention is arrested and we at once investigate to discover the cause. We find that it is due to the failure of the farm to produce its own meats, and so with many other things that might be home grown. If we have been car-rying out the principle of arousing and maintaining our husband's interest in our bookkeeping he will not only acknowledge where the leakage came in, but will immediately set about cor-recting it. The garden, the dairy, the hens, the pork, the beef, are tremen-dous assets to a farmer's table, and often cash is paid out for these things that if kept account of and faced in cold figures a remedy would be pro-vided. vided

The farmer is differently situated to The farmer is differently situated to the valaried man. Generally speaking, he does not have much cash to handle until after his grain is threshed; but after he begins to market his grain why not deposit in the bank to fils wife's credit as many hundred dollars as he expects it is going to cost to



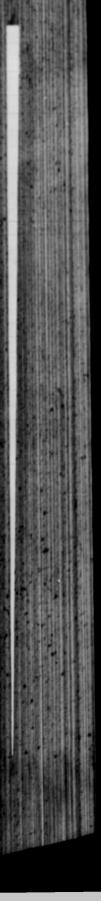
#### west Land Regulations

West Land Kegulations NY person who is the sole head of a family, or any mail over 18 years old may homestead a quarter section of hardbook of the sole head of a family of any mail over 18 years of head of the sole of the sole of the spency or the bases of the sole of the spency of who heads at any agency, on eer-day of the sole of the district. Knity hardbook of the sole of the the sole of the sole of the sole of the sole of the the sole of the sole of the sole of the sole of the the sole of the sole of the sole of the sole of the the sole of the sole of the sole of the sole of the the sole of the sole of the sole of the sole of the the sole of the sole of the sole of the sole of the the sole of the the sole of the the sole of the sole of the sole of the sole of the the sole of the the sole of the

sloggide his homestead. Price \$2.00 per cre Duties-Must reside six months in each of six years from date of homested entry (including the time required to earn home-ead patent and cultures fifty acres watra), stead right and cannot obtain a his home-nay take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$2.00 per acre. Datis-Must reside aix months in each of three years, cultures fifty acres and erect a house worth \$200.00.

9.00. W. W. OORT, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior. B.--Unauthorized publication of this ad-isement will not be paid for.

Page 37



Page 38 keep herself and household during the mark year. It all amounts to the same thing in the end. It will have to pay out that money anyway, and if his will knew how much momey was at her dis-posal for the year she would spend it to much better advantage. By keeping a monthly extensively what she has. No also has an opportunity to pro-vide during the lighter financial monthl of the year for the heavier one. If the success in closing the year with a line on hand what By? sibly plan his farm that large quanti

#### THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

#### THE MAN THAT'S IN TUNE

(By John D. Shoop) There's lots of good things in this good world of ours,

world of ours. There's plenty of sunshine comes in 'twist the showers, Old Earth in 't stingy, and fleaven's

Old Earth ins't stingy, and Heaven's ilbersi too. And they pay us up prompt for what-ever we do: If this earth, And mark them and tag them for just what they're worth; And in my estimation, the world's choicest hoon, The best of them all is-the man that's in tune. in tune

Why, it seems that Old Nature has put him together, In a way that he's suited to all kinds of wather, For if there's a flood or if there's a

You'd not find it out by the shape of

his mouth; If the balance sheet shows either losses

or gains, If the Bulls or the Bears are a holding

the reins, . If prices slump low, or they sail to the

moon, It's one and the same to the man that's

is tune. j just like to watch him walk down through the crowd; He doesn't talk much and he never longits loud; Bat if things have gone wrong and we're all feeling blae, He'll scatter the fog and the sunlight comes through. If we kick up a row hout our party or creed, He'll show us a point where we all are agreed.

agreed. And the thing will clear up like a morning in Jane By the word and the smale of the man that's in tune

And sometimes when fate seems to pile up my load, And I reel and I stagger 'long life's disty road, And I haven't seen a friend for many

And I haven't seen a friend for many a mile, And I wonder after all if this thing is worth while— Then there's something that kind o' lifts up on my pack, And the jolliest hand comes right down on my back, And the jolliest voice says: "Bill, this'll be better soon." And I turn and God bless him, there's the man that's in tame.

O, you crusty old croaker, who's been

O, you crusty old crusker, who's been "'doing your stunt" With a wheesy old bellows and dis-cordant grunt. Tune up your old music-box, twist up the strings, Get the key of the song that the Uni-verse sings, They're needing you now in life's big orchestra, No difference what part in the concert you play.

you play. If you trill like the lark, or you wail

like the loon, But, in Heaven's name, get your old nature in tune.

In tune with the mountain the sea and

The time with the mountain the sea and the wood, With the sorrows and joys of the great brotherhood, In tune with the earth, with the planets and stars,

And when you arrive at the hig Golden

Bars, And you hear that choir sing, and you want to enroll. The anegls will just thrum the chords

of your soul,



ost reliable, really the cheapest building material in the world. The cost of wood has risen until wood house costs more to build and maintain than a brick house

Write for prices delivered at your station, and state whether you require Kiln Run or Veneer.



And your spirit will wake from its last earthly swoon, With the Gates open wide, for the man that's in tune.

A ROYAL HEART Ragged, uncomely and old and grey, A woman walked in a northern town, And through the crowd as she wound

her way One saw her loiter and then stoop down Putting something away in her old tora gown.

"You are hiding a jewel," the watcher said. (Ah! that was her heart, had the truth

been read). "What have you stolen?" he asked

again, Then the dim eyes filled with a sudden

pain And under the light of the flickering

gas She showed them her gleaning. "'It's broken glass," She said; "I hae lifted it up frae the street

To be oot o' the road o' the bairnies' feet!''

Teet:" Under the fluttering rags astir That was a royal heart that beat! Would that the world had more like her, Smoothing the road for its bairnies' feet. WILL TI. OLGIVIE

#### February 1

February 15, 1911

Pure Seed

Regenerated :: Abundance Oats - PEDIGREED These cats were grown by us on new land from seed purchased from the Garton Seed Co'y, seed breeders, of England, and cost us \$2.00 per bushel.

OUR Regenerated Abundance Oats was Awarded Fleet Price at the Saltenate Agricultural Success, November 21ed, 1910

The Judge's Score Card Showed: 

8. Parity of variety ...... 100%

On Dec. 7 we secured first prize at the Agricultural Seed Fair, Dubue, Sask.

Special Price for Carload

Cut Arm Farm Co. BANGOR, SASK.

sample and price app

100%

The resump proposed recip-introduction of legislation, hav features of the The solution which the gove-as stated in a 1 ment of a con-elevators, wild deviators which fat to operate. fit to operate. duced in the se and its discus

and its discuss a week. The reciproc Thursday, aft-stand over for were speeches Hon. Wm. Pa condition loss opposition lease and F. D. Moand F. D. Moo everyone had Mr. Borden, th as to the attiv would take on camed ashould under which present prosp-speech with who the scored speech with wh to the prople immediate bey they might do to be satisfied ownership and Bay Railway as plants and eb expressed hims

Oppos

It was easy party is far fro-rocity. The V bers, when the at all did so p hearted mans Liggsr, did no Staples, of Mo pressions of a "hear, hear;" Portage la Prai Portage la Prai reaching out at tapping the exhandle of his handle of his Western cons equally sparing leader's opposit party as a who sizstic. Hon. lowed Mr. Bor nairs reacch paign speech, opposition in travelled miles

travelled miles made a spirite which he and A United States ington, and re themselves wo of pronouncing very distant d some people to intends to brin on the science. on the recipro-certainty of thi Brit The belief t

The belief t British preferes change to be a ment is streng was sent by Ho ago to Lord 3 high commission ing's message wi-erronous impre-been formed b-politicians, anc "The exp seriously aff. Britain is part of the ag-products whis send us. Th affected is co-most cases th "It appear quarters that discriminate State

quarters that i discriminate States and There is no foo "In every c have the san Canada's righ preference a: untouched b adoption of th lead to some Canadian tar parliament wi

8879-8801,-An Effective and Becoming Gov 

8801

for the medium size. ties of meat, vegetables, dairy products, etc., hitherto purchased, be supplied at home on the farm, and thus lessen very substantially the cash outlay that would otherwise be required. Always remember that we are part-mers in this home-firm. While allocat-ing our money to the different branches of the work, and each carries out the detail of our respective department, there should be frequent and constant counsel throughout the year that each may be in intelligent touch with the affairs of the other, as any business partners would be. More think that this kind of business relationship between husband and

64

Some think that this kind of busi-ness relationship between husband and wife would interfere with the domestic happiness and raise a barrier. No such thing—it breaks down barriers, pro-motes good fellowship, and inspires mutual confidence. Its success, how-ever, depends first on our ability to convert and convince our husbands as to what wonstitutes true home partner-ship, and second on the accuracy, con-stancy and simplicity of our domestic bookkeeping. bookkeeping.

8873

A Simple Frock for Mother's Girl. \$873.

8873.—A Simple Freck for Mother's Girl. Girl's Dress with Side Closing. Mothers will welcome this matty, comfortable little model, that leads tastf resolution to any of the dress goods now in vegue and is also suitable for wash fabrics. The 'Creasing is at the sois and may be made with a By or with buttons and buttonholes. The 'Frence'' wait effect is sepac-ially becoming to graving girls. Brown henrietts, with trimming of red or alice blase motior or a simple decoration of while or brown braid would sizes: 4, 6, 8, 10 years. It requires 3/4 yards of \$7 inch material for the S year size.

am, chambrey, percale or similar tty development was shown in h pipings of red. The Pattern is Small, medium and large. It rds of 36 inch material for the

#### HOW TO SECURE THE GUIDE PATTERNS.

HOW TO SECURE THE GUIDE PATTERNS To secure any of the patterns published in The Guide, all that is necessary is to send 10 cents to the Pattern Department, Grain Growers' Guide, Winnipeg, and state the number of the patterns, giving bust meas-ure for waist patterns, waist measure for skirt patterns, and the age when ordering patterns for Misses or Children. It will require from ten days to two weeks to secure these patterns as they are supplied direct from the makers. No new worker need be nervous or afraid to use The Guide Patterns. They are accurate and perfectly and plainly marked. Full directions for making are given with every pattern you buy; also the picture of the finished garment to use as a guide.

8877

t appreciate the the design that hat it completely while performing

877.—A Unique and Practical Design. Ladies "Over-All" Apron. What housekeeper will not appr dvantage and good points in the d even as a dress almost in that it

1D

### Our Ottawa Letter

# (By THE GUIDE SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT) PRESS GALLERT, OTTAWA, FEDRICARY 10

the British preferential tariff at any rates that may be deemed proper."

THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

#### The Elevator Bill

The resumption of the debate on the proposed reciprocity agreement, and the introduction of the new terminal elevator legislation, have been the two outstanding features of the past week in parliament. The solution of the elevator question which the government has decided upon is, a stated in a previous letter, the appoint-ment of a commission to supervise the devators, with power to acquire any devators which the government may see it to operate. The measure was intro-duced in the senate, and briefly explained, and its discussion was then laid over for a week.

a wek The resigned the delate was taken up on Thatsday, after having been allowed to that days, after having been allowed to the second second second second second takes on the question. Mr. Recription of the second second second second second second takes on the question. Mr. Recription takes the base had attained her present presently second conduction the policy of the second second second second second takes and conduction the policy of the second second second second second takes and control of the Hudows and the second second second second second takes and devents, and of the second second takes and devents to the second second second takes and devents of the second second second takes and devents, and of the second second takes and devents to the second second second second takes and devents to the second seco a week. The reciprocity debate was taken up

#### **Opposition** Not United

expressed himself in favor of. Opposition Not United It was easy to see that the opposition party is far from being solid against recip-rocity. The Western conservative mem-bers, when they applauded Mr. Borden at all did so perfumetorily and in a half-bearted manner. W. H. Sharpe, of Lisgar, did not once applaud; W. D. Staples, of Macdonald, confined his ex-pressions of approval to an occasional "bear, hear;" and Arthur Meighen, of Pertage la Prairie, contented himself with reaching out at rare intervals and gently upping the edge of his desk with the andle of his pocket knife. The other Western conservative members were equally sparing in their approval of their party as a whole was clearly not enthu-sing peech, shouting defiance to the piposition in a voice that would have traveled miles on the open prairie. He which he and Mr. Fielding made with the mide a spirited defence of the bargain by distant date. This was taken by promeives would have an opportunity prosponeing uppet the question at an ot when preserves that the government intends to bring on an election this years on the remarked that the properture to the removely issue, but there is no to the serve of the serves to the removely issue, but there is no to the serves of the serves of the serves of the serves the serves of the serves of the serves of the serves the serves of the serves of the serves of the serves the serves of the serves of the serves of the serves the serves of the serves of the serves of the serves of the serves the serves of the serves

#### **British Preference**

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and the members of their staff. Severe penalty provisions are embodied in the bill. For mixing and similar offences against the Grain Act fines up to \$20,000 may be imposed, and for the first time it is provided that there may be im-prisonment for such offences. The salary clause for the commissioners is left in blank to be filled in when the bill is in the commons.

The bill was read a first time and is down for second reading next week

#### **Reciprocity** Debate

The debate on reciprocity began with a protest lodged by F. D. Monk, national-ist (Jacques Cartier), against what he called the "undue and unseemly haste" ial (Jacques Cartier), against what he called the "undue and unseemiy haste" with which the house was asked to consider the question. He pointed out that the nature of the proposed agreement had only been disclosed to the house two weeks before, and said members had not had time either to consult their consti-tuents or to properly consider the matter for themselves. The applause of the conservative members showed that the opposition was with Mr. Monk in his plas for delay, but Mr. Fielding, speaking for the government, declined to accept the proposition. The minister of finance reminded the house that the proceedings of parliament prevented hasty legislation, first the resolution and afterwards the bill having to pass through various stages, on all of which there may be a debate before it can become law. The opposi-tion, however, insisted on a division being taken, and Mr. Monk's amendment was only defeated by twenty-five votes, the government forces not being present in full strengtb. The formal motion which was moved by

only defeated by twenty-five votes, the government forces not being present in full strength. The formal motion which was moved by Mr. Fielding on January 26, that the house go into committee of ways and means to consider the resolutions embody-ing the proposed tariff changes, was then put and carried without a division. The chairman of the committee enquired if it was the desire of the members to take up the resolution as a whole, or item by item, and there was a quick response from the opposition benches of "item by item" followed by cheering, which clearly indicated the intention of the opposition to prolong the consideration of the matter as much as possible. This, however, did not suit the conservative leader, Mr. Borden, who wished first to discuss the question as a whole, and this course was agreed upon.

Herden Oppmed
Mr. Borden snid the proposals of the forward embedded practically a new reduction of the two one opping that no survey of the second account of the format result might be. It had been also the two one opping that no survey of the second account of the second acc

pard in framing the tariff, to Canadian interests. Favors Tariff Commission If the tariff meeded revising let them sit down and get at it themselves without the assistance of the United States. They should have a fiscal policy which aimed at the development of Canada, which gave the producers in Canada reasonable op-portunity of carrying on their business by equalising the cost of production. He believed it would be well to establish a permanent tariff commission and that the tariff should be shaped upon scientific consideration of known facts. His idea of a tariff was one that would give the industries of this country a fair chance, perhaps, to stand up against the compe-tion of countries where the standard of living was lower among: the laboring people. There was a feeling among the people in the Western part of Canada that fiscal conditions were not perfectly fair to them, but he felt that, after all, the question of transportation was the ques-tors, most in timately affected the West. Supports Government Operation

#### Supports Government Operation

Supports Government Operation The West was very much concerned about the building of the Hudson's Bay Railway. There was not absolute unani-mity of opinion as to the relief that would be brought to the people of the West by the construction of the road but he hoped it might bring to them all the benefits they expected, and in justice to the West the project ought to be pro-ceeded with without any delay. He also thought the government ought to have regard to the wishes of the West as to the optime the wishes of the West as to the placed under the absolute and sole control of any one transportation company, but placed under the absolute and sole control of any one transportation company, but it ought to be operated by means of a commission so as to give to every one of the great railways of the West equal rights over it, and to give to the people of this country complete control of rates. If the government was prepared to deal with

<page-header><text><text><text><text> years ago. Paterson Replica

Paterson Replies Hon. William Paterson, minister of customs, and one of the Canadian repres-entatives in the reciprocity negotiations at Washington, followed the leader of the opposition. Mr. Paterson remarked in beginning that Mr. Borden, in speaking of the very gratifying progress that Cana-da had mode during the past forty years, had neglected to observe that the most notable progress had been made since the present government came into office had neglected to observe that the mask present government came into office present government came into office filters years ago. The greatest factor in this progress. Mr. Faterson continued, and hen the cartypic of the government of the platform haid down by the filteral convention of 1893, which was the catabilishment of freer trade with the whole world and particularly with Great Britain and the United States. Replying to private the the the traditions which pointed to prove the the traditions which preserves that have been made in the preserve. The Britain preference remained for the platform had been they would come with a preference. The Britain preference or the Britain breference or the Britain as they had come which and they would come with a breference or the Britain breference or the Britain breference or the Britain as they had come before, and they would come with a breference or the britain breference or the bread by the Britain Breference or the state by bread by Breference or the Britain Breference or the Britain Breference or the state by bread by Breference or the Britain Breference or the Breference or Breference or Breference or Breference or Breference or Breference or Breference

#### Sell Iron Ore

all. Sell Iron Ore But it was said that the Americans where our natural resources that were stored in the hills our ores. They did the people of Canada wanted to sell the store of Frontenac and the people of Canada wanted to sell the store of Frontenac and the people of Canada wanted to sell the store of Frontenac and the store of the store the store of Frontenac and the store of the store the store of the store of the store of the store the store of the store of the store of the store the store of the store of the store of the store the store of the store of the store of the store the store of the store of the store of the store the store of the store of the store of the store the store of the store of the store of the store the store of the store of the store of the store of the store the store of the stor

timber, by withdrawing limits, raising the-scale of dues, or by doing anything they liked with their own property. What he and his colleague had done was to persuade the United States to remove the duty from Jumber, so that where the Canadian lumberman had produced a manufactured article for which he wanted a market, he could get to that market free of duty and get a dollar a thousand more for his product.

#### Won't Hurt Railways

Won't Hart Railways Won't Hart Railways Coming to the cry that the Canadian william and Port Arthur dievators made william and Port Arthur dievators and based william and Port Arthur dievators based william and Port Arthur die and wield States in bond, nearly 60 million bushels going through the Fort William and Port Arthur elevators. It was quite possible that as the result of this agree busided States in bond, nearly 60 million bushels going through the Fort William and Port Arthur elevators. It was quite possible that as the result of this agree busiding new railwoods from the United states into Canada, freight rates would be ubject to that. object to that

#### Would Help Canada

biject to that. Would Help Canada The sindgmeet the agreement new five effect, would give a stimulus to the protogenetic of the agreement of the integrated of the second ry equal to, if protogenetic of the method base fixed to the second ry equal to, if protogenetic that, that which followed the intro of the second ry equal to, if protogenetic that, that which followed the intro of the second ry equal to, if protogenetic that, that which followed the intro of the second ry equal to, if protogenetic the second to be a standard of the house rise above partials feeling and consider what it means to get an open market for our agriculturists, our fishers of the house rise above partials feeling interests. In maintaining that Canada market for our agriculturists, our fishers of the house rise above partials feeling interests. In maintaining that Canada to be medicied with the opposition was hower method that therefore things should of the house the building of the Grandard the method of the Grandard the second agrees we country. He protogenetic movement for the protogenetic movement for the second and respective resonants of the second and willing enough if it was they to the house of the rooperity, was strond to the mode to have the glory of it, building enough if it was they to the house of the rooperity was strond to the mode to have the glory of the to the house of the rooperity was strond to the mode to have the glory of the to the house of the rooperity was strond to the mode to have the glory of the to the house of the rooperity was strond to the mode to have the glory of the to the house of the rooperity was strond to the house of the rooperity and the rooperity of the to the house of the rooperity against the to the house of the rooperity of the rooperity of the to the house of the rooperity against the to the house of the rooperity of the rooperity of the to the house of the rooperity against the to the house of the rooperity of the rooperity of the to the to see that cessful issu

#### Foster Adjourns Debate

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#### Fruit Growers' Protest

**Full Growers' Protest** A deputation of 1,500 members of the Ontario Fruit Growers' Association and the Nigara Peninsula Pruit Growers' today and entered a protest against the vegetables as proposed by the reciprocity agreement. The delegation was received the House of Common chamber, and the scene was practically a repetition of Agriculture on December 16. The case on the retention of the duties was pres-ented by about a dozen speakers, while delayed that the opening of the United States market would be of no advantage to them, whilst the removal of the Canadian duties would enable the United States growers to swamp the Canadian market.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier in reply told the delegation it had come too late and gave its members no reason to hope that their vishes would be met. He pointed out that the fruit growers of the Maritime provinces desired reciprocity, and it was quite impossible to frame a tariff that would be equally satisfactory to every section of a country whose interests were so diversified as those of Canada.

#### Permanent Tariff Commission

Among members of parliament and others who are endeavoring to make an intelligent study of the tariff question, favor of the appointment of a permanent tariff commission, composed of experts, whose leavines it would be to make a therough investigation of the condition of the industries of the contry and adjust the tariff on a fair and equilable hasis. The tariff will probably be done away with altogether some day, but in the meantime it is recognized by everyone sho has attempted to study the question that the present schedules contain many anomalies, that certain industries are receiving much more protection than others, and that those that need the least protection are in some cases getting the most. The fact that the tariff revisions that have taken place in recent years have not been the result of proper investigation with the object of finding out exactly what amount of protection, that, a given industry requires in order that it may be able successfully to meet foreign competition, but has depended solely upon the amount of influence the interests most directly afforted have been able to evert upon the government. If a permanent commission used as is suggested were appointed, it would be able to adopt an "Tm from Missouri" attitude, and any industry that required protection, during the endition and show them. The cotton and woollen manufacturers, for instance, might be required to give evidence and produce their books to show why they are entitled to the protection of duties of 25 and 35 per cent, and the fuir growers, the dairy mould have to come before the commission and about them. The cotton and woollen manufacturers, for instance, might be required and representatives of the community moties to give evidence and produce their books to show why they are entitled to the protection of duties of 25 and 35 per cent, and the fruit growers, the dairy mould have to come before the commission and show them. The cotton and woollen in the intermets made by those engaged in the inte of business concerned, but a

#### Tariff Figures

Tardit Figures In a single be fairly distributed. Tardit Figures An interesting blue book has been issued by the government giving schedules and figures of trade in the articles affected by the proposed reciprocal changes. The totas Canadian imports of articles affected amounted last year to \$40,441,335, of which \$13,894,893 represents articles to be placed on the free list, and \$26,546,442 articles on which there is to be a reduction of duties. The total reduction of Cana-dian duties is \$2,507,824, of which \$1,412,-219 will be lost by the operation of the free list, and \$1,095,605 through reduc-tions of duties. Among the latter are itsms of duty on agricultural implements amounting to \$140,000. Of the goods placed on the free list, \$4,325,050 worth came from Great Bri-tain and British postessions last year, while of the articles on which the duties are reduced \$2,196,241 from the United States. Of the reductions in duty\_\_\$47,557.

Are reduced \$2,17,225 of a conta can be the particle countries and \$23,199,341 from the United States. Of the reductions in duty, \$47,853 is on goods from Great Britain, \$50,644 on goods from British possessions, \$25,564 from countries getting favored nations treatment, and \$2,363,763 on imports from the United States. The duties which the United States is losing by the new arrangement, and \$2,363,763 on articles to be placed on the free list. Some of the duties on Canadian goods which the United States is relinquishing by the new argreement are: \$121,000 on horses and mules, \$103,000 on sheep, \$35,000 on wheat, \$141,000 on oats,



858,000 on dried peas, 8386,000 on hay, 810,000 on straw, 828,000 on potatoes, 8161,000 on other vegetables, 811,000 on apples, 841,000 on other fresh fruits, 824,000 on maple ayrup and maple sugar, 858,000 on butter, 810,000 on cheese, 856,000 on cream, 82,000 on eggs, 8135,000 on flax seed or linseed, \$400,000 on fish and fish oils, 81,300,000 on wood and wood manufactures, 8100,000 on crude gypoun, 8110,000 on unmanufactured mica, 843,000 on coke, 8350,000 on pulp and paper. and paper

#### Senators Study Farming

The scenate committee on agriculture has arranged to have a number of agri-cultural experts read papers before it on the different branches of their science which will eventually be published in book form.

#### ADVICE TO GRAIN EXCHANGES

ADVICE TO GRAIN EXCHANGES Chicago, Feb. 8.—If members of grain exchanges would admit, the evils that exist in the exchanges and set out to eradicate them instead of denying the existence of any bad features, exchange men would come into better favor with the public, according to J. C. F. Merritt, president of the Chicago board of trade, President Merritt spoke before the National Council of North American Grain Exchanges. "We exchange men know the good far exceeds the bad," he said. "But there is no good playing the ostrich and burying our heads in the sand in order not to see the evil." Mr. Merritt argued that to stop soliciting trade in grain from persons who are financially or mentally incompetent to trade would do much toward removing suspicions which surround dealers.

#### Free Trade Helps Manufacturers Continued fr m Page 4

Continued from Page 4 strated that we are fitted to manufacture textiles and to sell the surplus over what we consume at home. To sell in com-petition we must buy without indrance-thus all the articles that go to the manu-facture of goods come into England free of all duty from the whole world. We consequently undersell all countries and even sell so cheaply that we can and do pass into heavily tariffed markets, and thus enable the agriculturalists in those countries to supply us in evchange with produce. If we were entirely shut out we should be less able topurchase such agricultural produce, a loss to both countries.

agricultural produce,—a loss to both countries. It is not a coincidence that the countries to which we sell the most are the countries from which we buy the most. They are the United States, Germany, France and India. It is also exactly that might be

expected, as trade is barter, and tariffs are a clumay barrier against barter, and therefore a check to trade. No country will be swamped with foreign made goods if tariffs were abolished, provided it is adapted to their manufacture, has abus-dant labor, and sufficient skill, for home-made goods under such ejreumstances will always be the cheapest, as they are in Great Britain, as regards those we are the best fitted to manufacture. Every country has its own specialities and those should be exploited for all they are worth. A beaver does not attempt to make honeycomb. oneycor

#### IRON WORKS

F. Scarf, Bromford Iron Works, West Bromwich, October 31st, 1910. You ask me why I, as a manufacturer, m a free trader. The subject is too arge to deal with fully in a letter, but I rill take a few of the most important coints. ints. I am a free trader because

Pioints.
Ram a free trader because:—
1. (as how my materials freely from all parts of the globe as advantage offers, and am not confined to home status or raised to artificial which a tariff bring with it.
a. (b) Buying freely abroad, I can self status of the statu

#### ASK FOR BOUNTY

ASK FOR BOUNTI Ottawa, Feb. 8.—Hon. W. S. Fielding, in replying to the demands of a deputa-tion from MortBiburg asking for a bounty on sheet steel, did not hold out very much encouragement that the steel bounties would be renewed in any form.

#### IMMIGRATION INCREASES

Ottawa, Feb. 9.—The total immigration into Canada for the eight months, April to November, inclusive, all of this fiscal year, was 243,171 as compared with 150,256 for the same period of last fiscal year, an increase of 62 per cent.



February 15, 1911

Wheat. fortuation. fort has for per ba per hushel, in throad that ahroad that" again immedi In the meanth better prices -Deliveries increase rapid There is a fair Oats.—Thi for oats to go good clean oat as atternat to an attempt to Barley ho sider reciproc. Flax is he

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level. The fac a small propor pletely Europy It seems ; do a great de which, encour old crop, the in the late spr we may see su steady market the U.K. are d recent depressi recent depressi-by the heavy s eaten into, and round. We low where. It is a that can fill it, of her new cro other news cro other ports rat tinental buyer

plates and Au of the past few

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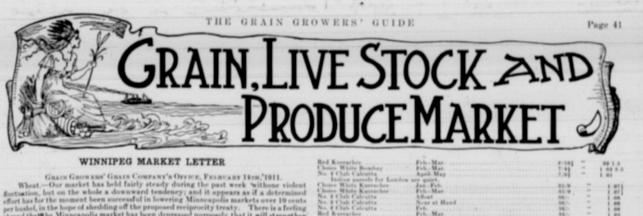
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Official to Total visib Last week Last year

WIN Following Grain Evelo outs and flat Wheat-

1,000 qrs. Face 1,000 qrs. 1,000 qrs. Mex

#### WINNIPEG MARKET LETTER

GRAIN GROWERS' GRAIN COMPANY'S OFFICE, FEARUART 1978, '1911. Meat.—Our market has held fairly steady during the past week 'withone violent floctaation, but on the whole a downward tendency; and it appears as if a determined affort has for the moment been successful in lowering Minneapolis markets over 10 cents per bushel, in the hope of a herding off the proposed reciprocity treaty. There is a feeling about that the Minneapolis market has been depressed purposely, that it will attempten again immediately after the reciprocity treaty passes, or is moved in one of the honose. It he meantime our market has been seaker, but on the whole we are hopeful of a little better prices once a definite result is known. Deliveries from farmers' hands have been light, but are just now commencing to farme arise domestication and share been shown. So 6 wheat. Data — This grain has again declined, a little, but there is now a very good demand for data to go to Southern Manitoha and Southern Alberta for seed. Farmers having an attempt to place them south or west for seed. market has advented were received and southern alberta for seed. Farmers having an attempt to place them south or west for seed. The has advanced very rapidly, and it looks as if the Eastern millers now con-der reciprocity an almost surety. Market has advented.

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#### LIVERPOOL LETTER

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#### LIVERPOOL GENERAL MARKET REPORT

parts assessmithan. Brenisn what express are quiet, about unchanged. A 2007-Black Sas have sellers of Jan. Feb. at 31/3 to 346 (appent. 8, 68] to 81.03); A part. May 34: to 33/9 (approx. 81.02 to 81.071). Brere Flats Wheat Cargoss.--34/9 asked for a stemmer 3400 Roads, 63 Hos, Ioaded; 33/9 (approx. 81.04) May a steamer Roade, 62 Hos, Ioading, Jan. Feb., 34/, (approx. 81.02 asked for 8.000 Ions Barress, 64 Hos, and positions, and 35/9 (approx. 81.04); 10/10 Host, 63 Host, Ioaded; 33/9 (approx. 81.04); Joyva steamer Roade, 62 Hos, Ioading, Jan. Feb., 34/, (approx. 81.02 asked for 8.000 Ions Barress, 64 Host, 64 Host, 100 Host,

to London are easier, little doing.	tian to Liverpool are quiet at 13d. decline.	Parcels
Son         Warn         (pel.         L'p <sup>-1</sup> .)         Jam. Peh.           No.         2         No.         No.         Peh.         Mar.           No.         2         No.         No.         Peh.         Mar.           No.         3         No.         Peh.         Mar.         No.         Peh.           No.         5         No.         Peh.         Mar.         Peh.         Mar.           No.         7         No.         Peh.         Mar.         No.         No. <td< td=""><td>36/11 approx. 350 351/1 - 351/4 - 51/6 - 51/6 - 51/6 - 51/7 - 51/7 -</td><td>81.05 1 05 1 05 1 05 1 05 1 05 1 105 1 11 1 11</td></td<>	36/11 approx. 350 351/1 - 351/4 - 51/6 - 51/6 - 51/6 - 51/7 - 51/7 -	81.05 1 05 1 05 1 05 1 05 1 05 1 105 1 11 1 11
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QUOTATIONS IN STORE FORT WILLIAM & PORT ARTHUR from FEB. 8 to FEB. 14, INCLUSIVE

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#### MONTREAL LIVE STOCK

1.01 8-8

Montreal, Feb. 13.—Receipts at the Montreal stock yards, west end market to-day, were: 900 cattle, 183 sheep and lambs, 1,300 hogs, and 100 calves. For the werk: 1,700 cattle, 1,70 sheep and hanbs, 2,830 hogs and 200 calves. Trade was slower to-day than for some time, owing to the high prices ranging, choice cattle bringing from 86.25 to 86.30; medium, 85.50 to 86; good cows, 85 to 85.50; common, 84 to 84.55; bulls, 84.50 to 85.50.

Hogs were weaker, selling around \$8 per 100 lbs., with nows at \$7. Calves sold up as high as \$20, with the range generally from \$5 to \$18.

#### TORONTO LIVE STOCK

**TORONTO LIVE STOCK** Toronto, Feb. 13.—Receipts to-day were, 86 cars, with 1,593 head of cattle, 1,120 abeep and lambs, 331 hogs and 22 calves. Trade was active all through this list, and with the exception of hogs, prices were firm. Sheep and lambs were firm at last week's best quotations. Hog market is easier, and 10c, lower, at 86,90 f.o.b., and 87.90 fed and watered. Good demand for export cattle, representatives of big American packing houses, apparent-ly being prepared to take all the heavy cattle they could get. Good export quoted firm at 86 to 86.55. Medium qualities butcher, firm at 85.00 to 85.80. Common at 84.00 to 84.50. Cows at 84.55 to 85.30. Bulls at 84.50 to 85.25. Sheep steady at 84.25 to 84.75. Lambs firm at 86 to 86.60. Calves firm at 85.50 to 88.50.

#### BRITISH LIVE STOCK

Liverpool, Feb. 13 -- John Rogers & Co., Liverpool, cable that the trade for cattle at Birkenhead to-day was firm, but there was no advance on Saturday's close quotations, which remain States steers 12% to 12%c. and Canadians 12% to 12%c.

Winnipeg Grain Exchange.) Winnipeg Grain Exchange.) Winnipeg, Francisky 10 Winst, Oats, Barley, 11,353,554 7,388,759 435,807 13,376,098 7,541,346 477,518 11,084,731 4,874,968 988,149 Fort William Port Arthur Depot Harbor Medford Midland, Tiffin Collingwood Owen South 3,049,815 2,294,050 113,485 3,154,578 2,255,808 294,468 47,581 75,150 124,142 24,947 1,042,499 715,957 55,182 75,316 476,724 95,872 - 5,000 142,494 - 6,419

CANADIAN VISIBLE

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95

Sarnia, Pt. Ed.	317,365	22,203	16,155
Pt. Colhorne	601,817	\$1,705	
Kingston	\$5,999	90,000	
Presentt	88,720	Transa .	
Montreal	\$79,775	879,874	
Quebee	11,900	53,500	7,900
Victoria harbor	502,437	182,622	
ter,. harbors	1,451,552	505,391	
LIVERPOO	L SPO	T CA	SH
Australian			1.09 4-5
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#### Winnipeg Live Stock

Stockyard Receipts (Week ending February 11.

	Cattle, I	logs. Shee
C. P. R.	. 563	2361
C. N. H.	274	455
G. T. P.		

Total	864	29:37	
Butchers East			
Want have Work			
Consumed locally .			7

#### Cattle

The bulk of the cattle received at the yards last week were of the medium and common grades, and for most of these prices were a shade lower than the prev-ious week. However, the few head of real good animals that were received sold real good animals that were received sold at strong figures, some even hetter than the quotations given below. Good cattle are wanted and shippers of such can be sure that they will get good returns. There is nothing new in the situation. It remains the same as last week and previous weeks, viz., good cattle are in strong demand and poor ones find an unsatisfactory outlet. Prospects for the spring are good. Cattle prices quoted are:--Best butcher steers. <u>84</u>, 75 to 85.25 Fair to wood butcher steers

Fair to good butcher steers				
and heifers 4	50	**	4	75
Best fat cows 4.	25	**		50
Medium cows and heifers 4	00	88.	4	25
Common cows 3:	25	**	3.	50
Best bulls	50	**		00
Common bulls 3.	00	**	- 5	25
Stockers S.	50	**	3	75
Choice veal calves 4.	50	**		00
Heavy calves 4	00	**		50

#### Hogs

Hogs There is no change in the situation on the hog market. Prices are the same as last week and the run was heavy although not by any means approaching the extraor-dinarily heavy receipts of the previous week. The demand for good porkers continues brisk and any diminuation in the supply should result in a boosting of mice.

Hog prices quoted are: Choice hogs Heavy sows

Stags ...

#### Sheep and Lambs

Receipts totaled only five head and prices show no change. Prices quoted are:

Best sheep Yearlings \$5.25 to \$5.50 5.75 \*\* 6.00

#### **Country Produce** WHOLESALE MARKET

Butter

Prices show no change from last week. Receipts are small and the demand is fair. Prices quoted, f.o.b., Winnipeg 

#### Eggs

Egg prices are on the slide and will probably now continue lower each week until summer prices are reached. This

# **Official Minutes of Canadian Council of Agriculture**

Those present were: Jas. Bower, pres-ident; W. J. Tregillus, vice-president; E. J. Fream, secretary, representing the U.F.A. J. Maharg, president; Chas. A. Dunning, vice-president; F. W. Green, secretary; A. G. Hawkes, J. Robinson, and Dr. Hill, members of the executive, representing the Saskatchewan G.G.A. R. C. Henders, president, and R. Me-Kenzie, secretary, representing the R. C. Henders, presson, and R. Mc-Kenzie, secretary, representing the M.G.G.A. D. W. McCunig, president, occupied the chair. In the absence of E. C. Drury, secretary of the Council, it was moved by W. J. Tregillus, seconded by Dr. Hill, that R. McKenzie act as

by Dr. Hill, that R. McKenzie act as secretary pro tem. The president, D. W. McCuaig, read a letter from Mr. Drury regretting his absence, and enclosing the dinancial statement of the council for the past year. On the minutes of the last annual meeting being read, it was moved by F. W. Green, seconded by E. J. Fream, that the minutes be adopted as read.

wyck prices for new laid stock are a full four to nine cents lower than last week on account of large shipments from south of the line. Prices quoted per dozen, f.o.b.,

THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

Winnipeg are: New laid eggs Storage Potatoes

Potatoes continue in good demand at 80 to 90 cents per hashel for good stock. Receipts are small. Hay

#### Hay nelson at

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No.1												л	61	13		00	tes	13	30
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RETAIL MARKET Retailers quote the following perices f.o.b., Winnipeg.:

#### Butter

Stari

Strietly fancy dairy in 1 lb. brieks Strietly fancy dairy, gal. crocks Eggs

dly	fresh ga	there	d	.50
			Poultry	

Spring chickens, dry pluckes	đ,	. 1	h		÷	ñ,	2	
head and feet off			11	he:	а	lii	8	the.
Fowl, shipped same as chick	é							19c.
Turkeys, dressed and drawn							э	tle.
Ducks, dressed and drawn							3	10c.
Geese, dressed and drawn							3	Be.
Note-For the estall to			2		16		20	

and fowl must be dry plucked and not scalded. Dressed Meat

Quotations for dressed meat given by retail butchers show no change from last week.

		neel	
Prime	carcasses		. 9c.
Front	quarters		8c.
Hind-	quarters		.10]e
		Pork	
Prime			100

Veal (Skins on) Prime carcas Heavy and inferior

#### HIDES, TALLOW AND WOOL

ieca root Wool .8]c. to 10]c

#### EDMONTON MARKETS wint Wire (Re S

the second second	
Hay	
Slough, per ton	1
Upland, per ton 15.00 " 17.00	
Timothy, per ton 18.00 " 23.00	
Butter	
Choice dairy	
Eggs	
Strictly fresh, per doz 23c. to 30c	
Potatoes	
Per bushel	
Live Stock	
Butcher cattle	
Bulls 2.00 ** 2.50	3
Hogs 7.50 ** 8.00	0

Lambs Calves. 5.50 \*\* 6.00

D. W. McCuaig read the secretary's financial statement for the past year, and it was moved by W. J. Tregillus, seconded by E. J. Fream, that the report of the secretary-treasurer he adopted as read. Jas, Bower, of Alberta, then presented the report of the committee appointed at last meeting to suggest amendments to the Railway Act and it was moved by E. J. Fream, seconded by W. J. Tregillus.— That the report of the committee be received and adopted, and that the committee be continued for another year. Carried. Carried.

#### <sup>\*</sup> Resolutions Carried

Fream—Tregillus:—Whereas, the Dominion government has decided to submit the Manitoba Grain Act to the consideration of parliament at the present session, we do hereby request that the act be amended so that Calgary will be made an order point. Also, that wher-ever the name "Fort William" occurs in

the said act, that steps he taken to have the name, "Vanessyur, or any other Parific Coast or Hodom's Hay terminal point," mentioned also, so that the act will apply to all Western shipments of grain as well as to Eastern shipments. Further, that the act he amended making it compolosy for initial elevator operators to and/e any person has ing grain in store. it computery for initial elevator operators to notify any person having grain in store, of their intention to align the grain to the terminals before the grain is removed, instead of alterwards, as the ack reads at present, thereby giving the owner of grain the privilege of saving where the grain shall be shipped. Carried. B. C. Henders-Robinson —That the Canadian Conneil of Agriculture, having received copies of resolutions possed by the three provincial associations in regard to the government concerbing and opera-

the three prevential associations is region to the government ownership and opera-tion of the Hudson's Bay Railway by an independent commission, this council desires to reiterate the position taken on former occasions, viz. that nothing of y short of government ownership and operation of the Hudson's Bay Railway, by an independent commission, will be

short of government ownership and operation of the Hudson's Bay Railway, by an independent commission, will be at all satisfactory to the people of the three Prairie Provinces.—Carriet. Tas Bower-W. J. Tregillas:—Whereas the meat producing interests of Canada are retarded in development by the monopolies that control the trade, making the price too low to the producer and too high to the consumer. Therefore, he it resolved, that we press upon the govern-ment the urgent need of speedy and device action on this point in establishing a chilled meat export system, and in connection with the same, to empower all municipalities to erect, purchase or acquire by expropriation, atock yards and abbatoirs which shall be oper-sted under government control by impect, weigh and brand all meats passing through the municipal plants by the shall be equipped to act as teeders to the sport system. Suggestions as to how the system. Suggestions as to how the system. Sugaritant and berevel. Maritime Organization

#### Maritime Organization

The prevident read a letter from E. C. Drury, scretary, suggesting the advisability of the council taking the initiativa in organizing the farmers in the Maritime Provinces and having them affiliated with the Canadian Council of Agriculture. After some discussion it was moved by R. McKenzie, scconded by W. J. Tregilus.—That the executive of the Canadian Council of Agriculture be, and is hereby empowered to make any arrangments that they may deem necessary to encourage organization among the Maritme provinces and that the necessary to encourage organization among the Maritme Drovines and the necessary to encourage organization among the Maritme Drovines and that the necessary to encourage organization among the Maritme Drovines and that the necessary to encourage organization deventions of the scenet. The Dominion government has so far acceded to our demands re the government wereship and operation of terminal elevators as to bring down a bill appointing a commission with drastic powers. Therefore, be it resolved, that, while acknowledging the forward step, the Canadian Council of Agriculture, reiterate its request that provision be made for the necessary funds for purchase or lease, as nothing short of absolute governments on overship and operation will remedy existing evils. Carried. Thankes—Tregillus:—Whereas, the Dominion government has submitted to parliament for its approval, reciprocal free trade in agricultural implements and other commodities included in the resolutions passed by the Canadian Council of Agriculture asking for reciprocal arrangements with the United States, and, whereas the said arrangement so due to and, whereas the annual conventions of the Granian Gowers of the tax imposed upon them by the canadian Council of Agriculture asking for reciprocal arrangements with the United States, will be of great advantage to the farmers of Canadia and ther matural products between Canadia and ther matural products between Canadia and there in agricultural implements of the formed states in adventage t ment at the present sessi n, and further.

February 15, 1911

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The Conneil then adjourned. **MINNEAPOLIS FLOUR DOWN** Minneapolis, Minn., Feb. 13.—Minne-polis milers gave the cost of living as-the downward push to-day with further reductions in prices of flour. Size Friday there has been a decline of 15 to 19 declines equal to as much more. Gener-ally speaking, the wholesale cost per there is no uniformity about it. Ego proke under the 20 cent line to-day on commission row. Candled stock had who the 40 cent price Saturday, which was the lowest of record here for a long who the day of the cent of the sub-produce to-the age and no official quat-tion. Chicago advices to-day were that by cents abarrel the day no down who the produce cechange and no official quat-tion. Chicago advices to-day were that by cents abarrel there, and that New York protect declines also, equal to 25 cents barrel.

#### C. P. R. DECLARES DIVIDENDS

C. P. R. DECLARES DIVIDENDS Montreal, Feb. 13.—At a meeting of the directors of the Canadian Pacific Railway to-day, the following dividead were declared: On the preference stock two per cent, for the half year ended December 31 last. On the common stock, two and one-half per cent, for the quarter ended Dec. 31 last, being at the rate of seven per cent, per annum from interest on proceeds of land sales, and from other extraneous assets, both dividends payable 1st April net to shareholders on record of 3 p.m. on March 1 next. After the payment of working expenses, fixed charges and dividends now declared, there is a surplus from operation for the half year of ten million, two hundred and thirty -three thousand, ninety-two cents. ninety-two cents.

THE NUMBER OF GUIDE WANT" ADS is growing every ADS is growing every Because they pay the advertiser.





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## Ceme

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February

THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

# Write to Alfred Rogers for free facts about cement's value to you

HERE is your op-portunity to get,

inside truths about

cement-how little it

costs compared with

lumber-how to use

it so you will be satisfied with the result-

where to buy it-

what kind to buy. I

will tell you all you

want to know about

cement, and I will

not charge you one

cent for telling you.

Learn all about cem-

ent free. Write now.

Concrete - silos

may seem hard

to build; but

they are easier

to construct

than any other

kind whatever.

for nothing, the

Youcan besure of a better price for your milk if your cows are housed in a cleanly interior like

February 15, 1911

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No special timbering is necessary when cement is used to modernize the interior of a dairy - barn.

=

this one here.

**Cement Is Easily Handled** 

There is nothing intricate nor difficult about handling cement. Write me, and I will show you just how to mix and use concrete (which means a mixture of cement, sand and broken stone). If you are 'handy' at all, you can quickly learn how to build almost anything with cement-from a fence-post to a cattle-barn. I will tell you how to go about renovating your house, wagon-shed, barn-any building on your place. And I will save you money, too. Yet you need pay me nothing at all for my helpful advice.

#### Fireproof and Decay-Proof

Fire cannot destroy a concreted surface. Decay does not affect it. Structures exist to-day, in Great Britain, Italy and elsewhere, that were built of cement more than two thousand years ago. Dampness cannot penetrate a concrete wall. It is an armor against heat and sgainst cold—so a building even thinly overcoated with the right kind of cement is warmer in winter and much cooler in summer than even a solid stone building can be. Yet its cost is trifling.

#### My Knowledge Freely At Your Service

This advertisement is intended simply to educate you about cement, to tell you a few facts about the building material every farm ought to use for almost any purpose lumber is used for now. I offer you my expert advice and instruction entirely free of cost or obliga-tion to you. You are welcome to it. And Many Other Farm Structures

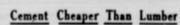
Won't you write me before you build?



FREE Instruction On How To Build Any Of These Farm Necessities :-

Silos	<b>Gorn Cribs</b>
Cow Sheds	Stables
Watering Troughs	Cesspools
Slop Tanks	Ice Houses
Box Stalls	Cisterns
Barn Floors	Feeding Yards
Dairy Barns	Poultry-Houses

Just Write And Ask Me



All silos are

good; but a

stave silo is

something to

bother over

from the first

day you use it.

Even in first cost, a concrete house, barn, henhouse, shed - or any other structure—is actually cheaper than a cheap lumber construction. In the cheap lumber construction. In the long run cement is ever so much cheaper because it needs no repairs-you don't have to paint it-it just lasts and lasts, and does not deteriorate from age or from any other cause. You will be mighty well satisfied with anything you build of cement, whether it's a mansion or a watering-trough for the cattle ior

#### Skilled Labor Rarely Needed

Moreover, it is seldom necessary to hire high-paid mechanics to do any cement work you want done. The probability is that I can quickly teach you how do the work yourself, with no outlay for skilled labor. Get the right cement -I will tell you about that, too. common sense and follow my plain English instructions, and I can almost guarantee a satisfactory job on any thing you want to use cement-concrete for. Just write me and get the facts

Inform Yourself Upon Cement - Do It Now

Simply tell me your name and address, and give me an idea of what you might possibly use cement for. I will do all the rest-inform you fully upon this important money-saving, satisfaction-giving building material. You can have all the facts freely. Don't hesitate to write me because you are not quite ready to build. You will be ready some day.

> Ask me now for the facts you ought to know.



THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

# I Wish YOU Were Like Mr. Fraser

T D like you to do like he did—for your own good. Like a great many other people he had seen many of our advertisements. Had read some of them, just as you are reading this one. The time came when he was figuring on a new rood and he read one of our advertisements very carefully.

He thought, as maybe you do, that a wood shingle roof was the least expensive, and though not the best nor most durable, was at least "good enough" for him. But our ads said that Oshawa "teel Shingles cost about the same as wood shingles and were less expensive to put on. That sounded promising.

Further he read that slate cost six times as much, and socalled "ready-roofing" cost thirty-three times as much. That Oshawa Steel Shingles were firs-proof, leak-proof, rust-proof, rot-proof, rain-snow-and-wat-proof, need no painting, no patching.

In fact Oslawa Steel Shingles, according to our advertisements, seemed to be everything mucrocald desire in a roofthe absolutely perfect roof. So good that he doubted the truth of our claims. "It sounds too much better than ordinary roofs" h. thought. (He'd heard other roofing people talk extrivagantly, and tho aght, "Oh, yes, it's easy to talk big, but will the root ...ake good?). Then he road my go...rantee. That impressed Lim as being very straightforward, dependable. "If that means all it says: A perfect roof for 25 years, or a new one tree" he thought, "why this advertisement is no idle boast." "By using Oshawa Steel Shingles I settle the roofing question definitely for at least 25 years. If this concern is financially responsible that guarantee seems to cover everything." "Guess I'll send for their booklet, a: 7

way, and look into the facts a little further." Andhe did. He got all the facts,



further." Andhe did. He got all the facts, before deciding. That's where I wish you were like him. I want you to get all the facts about Oshawa Steel Shingles. THEN you can decide. You only fool yourself if you doubt one word I say about our Steel Shingles. You take no risk. My guarantee protects you against disappointr.ent-absolutely. You'd not think of using any other kind of roo? ag if you actually KNEW how good a roof my Os'. wa Ste I Shingles make.

# Do Send for My Book of Facts About Roofs 9. M. feda

Be curious, enquiring. Look into the facts. The book is free. Write to our nearest office for a copy.

#### How Do You Figure?

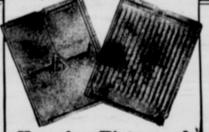
Figure the cost now, material and time, for every kind of roof you know anything about. Oshawa Guaranteed Steel Shingles, you'll find are as cheap to begin with as the poorest wood shingles. It's a fact. Figure the cost per year of each kind of roof. Compare the estimated life of other roofs with the guaranteed life of oshawa Steel Shingles, and your figures will show you which is the best and cheapest roof for you to hav.

#### When I say "Guaranteed for 25 years" I mean it -No "Ifs" About it

Some makers of metal shingles (notice they don't say "steel") taik boastfully about roofs of theirs which have stood the test for 25 years back. But if you buy their shingles do they positive ly guarantee to you a perfect roof, no leaks, no rusted holes, no need for paint, no bother what ever, for the next twenty five years? That is what you are inferented in your own roof not some other fellow's. Do they? Pedlar does, You may know people who have lived to be eighty, but that is no guarantee of your life. Oshawa Steel Shingles are the only kind that are clearly, positively, responsibly, guaranteed for any period.

#### Can You Afford Any Roof which is NOT Guaranteed?

Guaranteed : Can you afford to put on a roof that will need some fixing next year, more fixing again the following year, and so on until it needs so much fixing that an entirely new roof is necestry? Can you afford to use. "metal" shingles that are said to be good when you can get steel shingles that are guaranteed for 25 years -actually good for a hundred. Why not settle the roofing question at once for twenty-five verses? Why doesn't the other fellow guarantee his roof if it actually is as good as Oshawa Steel Shingles?



#### Here Are Pictures of Two Patterns of Oshawa Steel Shingles(Guaranteed)

They come in squares 10 x 10 fL—covering 100 square feet of roof. They are stamped from heavy sheet steel—'S gauge steel then galvanized with zine, so thoroughly that all kinds of weather can't make a rust-hole in them for longer than your lifetime. They are made in the buggest factory of its kind in the British Empire—and there's \$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$000 capital and 39 years of success back of the guarantee that goes with them.

#### PEDLARIZE All Your Buildings, Inside and Out

By "Pedlarizing" I mean doing for the whole building what Oshawa Steel Shingles do for the root. I make other kinds of sheet metal building materials-for ceilings, side walls, outside—that make your whole building more fire proof, more sanitary, more beautiful, more substantial. You should know about them. May we send you a booklet and pictures that tell the whole story ? It's free. Write for it today,

#### Costs far less than Any other kind of root

Oshawa Steel Shingles cost only \$4.50 for a hundred square feet. You'd have to spend as much right away for wood shingles. You'll be lucky if the wood-shingle-roof lasts as long as ten years - whereas my shingles are guaranteed to give you a perfectly good roof for at least twenty-five years. Oshawa Steel Shingles cost less to put on, and need no painting. And you can be sure an Oshawa Sningled roof will outlast any other roof you can put on. That's worth something, isn't it?

#### Rain-snow-wind-proof Fire and lightning proof No painting No patching

No bother at all with your Oshawa Shingled roof once it's on your building. Notice we don't merely say this. We guarantee it, with a guarantee that is legally binding—good for a new roof right up to the last day of the twenty-fifth year. That means it must be absolutely weather-proof. Also it is fire-proof, wind-tight, safe against lightning, and keeps the building warmer in winter and cooler in summer. And you need never worry with repairs. Isn't this the kind of roof you want?

#### What More Can You Ask of a Roof?

A roof that is practically one big seamless sheet of tough, galvanized steel, without a crevice or crack anywhere for water or wind to get into, that keeps out the heat of summer and the cold of winter—an absolutely perfect roof for the next twenty-five years. Why fhould you even consider any other kind? Certainly you should not fail to get all the particulars about a roof like this. Don't you think so? Then write for our book—today. It is free—Booklet No. 26

