

JOS. J. CAVE, Publisher,

BEAVERTON, ONTARIO, JULY 1895.

25 Cents Per Annum in Advance

# Boots and Shoes

**The Slater \$3 Shoe**

FOR MEN, IN TAN AND BLACK. THE LATEST.  
Call and See it.

WOMENS' AND MISSES OXFORDS,  
Largest and Best Stock in town. Complete Line

## FOR THE BOYS

Strong Knock-about for the Holidays, away down in Prices.

**L. J. CAMERON,**

Beaverton, Ontario.

BUTTER AND EGGS  
Taken in Trade as Cash. Highest Prices Paid

BEAVERTON SEED DEPOT.

# Summer Goods!

200 Pairs Odd Lines of Men and Women's BOOTS and SHOES AT COST.

## SPECIAL SUMMER WEAR.

CANVAS SHOES, TAN AND DON-GOLA OXFORDS—All latest styles.

These goods were all bought previous to the great advance in leather and will be sold at old prices. This means an advantage to the buyer of from 30 to 50 per ct. Buy now while they last.

We have a full staff of first-class workmen in our employ and ordered work has prompt and careful attention.

All kinds of Farm Produce taken in exchange.  
**J. M. GORDON,** Manager.  
Beaverton, July 9th, 1895.

# RUSHING

## Beaverton Harness Depot.

Low prices we are quoting below keeps us busy making up and has brought in such large sales that we will continue same prices for a few weeks longer for those wishing to take advantage of them. As leather has advanced so much we can only offer the following prices for a short time to work up surplus stock.

**A FEW QUOTATIONS:**  
Halter, 50cts.  
Straps and Martingales (heavy) 25cts. per pair.  
Lanes \$2.00 per set.  
Collars, \$3.00 per pair.  
Queen, Sweated Pads, 30cts. each.  
Grease, ("Gem") 4 boxes 25cts.  
("Mica") 3 boxes 25cts.  
Lane Straps, 10cts each, 3 for 25cts.  
"Dandy" Brushes, 3 for 10cts.  
Rope Ties, 8 for 25cts.  
Snaps, per doz. 20cts.  
Currie Combs, each, 10 cts.  
Buggy Whips from 5cts. up.  
Valises from 60cts.  
A large variety of Trunks, (new stock) from 1.00 up.

SOLE HARNESS (our own make) from \$10.00 up.  
TEAM HARNESS (per set, complete) \$20.00

These prices are genuine. All other goods at equally low prices.

A fine Range of Lap Dusters from 50cts. up.

We have in stock a nice lot of BOYS' WAGGONS at close prices. These waggons are strongly built and are both ornamental and useful.

**J. J. GLOVER,**

Beaverton, Ont.

Agent for the Ontario Permanent Building and Loan Association, of St. Catharines, Ontario.  
SALE.—Second hand Binder—Massey Harris make. Run two years, in good order. Price on application

## ONLOOKER'S COLUMN.

What he Sees to Admire or Criticise.

While the 12th of July and the political struggle now going on at Ottawa seem to absorb the greater part of public attention, it appears, Mr. Editor, rather out of place to turn the hands of time backwards a few days to consider our national holiday. From many parts of the country comes the same story—the decadence of Dominion Day, until now it has become nothing better than an occasion to be taken advantage of by the enterprising village to bring a crowd with a view to turning a "nimble sixpence." It is surely to be regretted that this is true but I think your readers, from what they know of the facts will agree that after all but little patriotism has entered into the affair for years past. The mean, mercenary spirit of the age has entered into even this and the day which commemorates, as we hope the brightest and noblest nation on the American continent cannot be honored for itself but must be made an accessory to the mighty dollar. The day should be honored and imperatively impressed on our young people as being the anniversary of an event of which they have many reasons to feel proud and one that should not be forgotten.

Mr. Mulock, the indefatigable member for North York, wants the Governor-General's expense bill reduced and moved a motion in the House of Commons to that effect. He did not succeed, however, but his vigorous comments will find an echo in the minds of most intelligent people. The entire business is an outrage pure and simple and those who vote to perpetuate such a waste of the public money as is represented by the salaries and expenses of the Governor-General and his Lieutenants is no friend of the people of Canada. Mr. Mulock, has Onlooker's gratitude in this matter I hope to see him keep hammering away until some change comes as it must before long.

Just now the Montreal press is engaged in discussing the necessity of a new flag for Canada with an heraldic device to represent the Dominion a trifle less complicated and less like a crazy quilt than what we at present possess. The move is a good one. Let us have something simple and then see that its use be made effective by having it displayed on all public schools during school hours and public buildings on special occasions. By this means our people, and especially the youngsters, will become acquainted with the fact that Canada has a flag and will learn to know what it is like.

Onlooker has never been an admirer of the bumptious member for North Victoria but Major Hughes' motion in the House of Commons in the matter of unsectarian State schools is one thing in which I heartily agree with him. His motion was of course defeated but it will come up again some time when it has acquired strength from the struggle with Manitoba, now just beginning, and will wax strong and bye-and-bye Ontario and Quebec will join with the other provinces down by the sea in wiping out the anomaly of a separate school for a special denomination and will declare for one broad, free, national system of education from the Atlantic to the Pacific, where the children of our country will be educated side by side and not be made to know each other through the medium of the school as antagonistic even in matters of religion.

Onlooker happened to be in Orillia on Friday and had an opportunity of listening to the various speeches on that occasion. With the exception of one by the Rev. Mt. Barker, of Orillia, they were all the usual stereotyped 12th of July utterances and apparently studiously calculated to avoid the disagreeable topic of the Manitoba School Question which showed how slightly the political affiliations of the leaders have been removed from the party they have followed so long. The Rev. Mr. Barker was not a politician, however, and dealt with the Roman Catholic question as it affects the Dominion of Canada in a masterly and scholarly manner and by the manifestations of displeasure displayed by the large audience when he proceeded to score the Government for its truckling to the hierarchy in the present trouble it was very evident that whatever view the leaders might hold in this connection among the rank and file the feeling of discontent was very general.

In this connection I was somewhat interested by the remarks of Mr. James Glendinning, ex-M.P.P. of North Ontario. This gentleman told the Orangemen of the great deeds of their forefathers and declared that if the occasion demanded it the Orangemen of to-day would boldly walk up to the cannon's mouth in defence of their religious liberties. Of course this was the veriest of humbug and intended only to fill in the usual 12th of July speech but what a possibility it presented to the thoughtful people of Canada and what horrors the bare suggestion brings before us. There are no more brutal wars recorded in history than those that have been prompted by so called religion and when we reflect that the coercion of the province of Manitoba by the Dominion Government at the dictation of the Roman Catholic church in Quebec is really now in progress we must ask ourselves how far we are just now from the cannon's mouth and how long it may be before these Orangemen may be called on to either take part with a rebellious province or violate their obligation by following the laws of the land.

## DENTISTRY.

For many years nearly all dental work done in Beaverton has been done by outsiders, who come at certain fixed times and carry out of the place large sums which go to build up other towns. Now a graduate has come here to stay, and gives the following reasons why he should receive the patronage of the people:—

(1)—He can always be depended upon to be at hand in case of any immediate need of dental work, such as extracting an aching tooth or treating one which requires attention at a time when a visiting dentist would be absent: for instance, devitalization of the nerve and the after-treatment of the pulp chamber and root canal preparatory to filling. Cases of this kind have been attempted which for want of proper treatment at the right time, have only put patients against getting work of that kind done.

(2)—He has in his office everything necessary to do first-class work, and as he has had good college training and years of practical experience, he is prepared to give as good satisfaction as any other graduate in the province. He has the best Wilkinson dental chair, and the latest improved dental engine, also one of the very best local anaesthetics for extracting teeth with the least amount of pain possible (in most cases entirely painless) and a full stock of forceps and other instruments for the various operations of dental science. In this he has a great advantage over travelling dentists, who cannot, or at least do not bring so many things with them when they come. He has every facility for inserting gold fillings, also phosphate cement, gutta percha, silver amalgam and copper amalgam at very moderate rates. Teeth made white by removal of stains and scales of tartar

(3)—As he is in the office every day, the coming of patients in crowds on certain fixed days is avoided, and there is, therefore, no danger of the work being done in a hurried manner and of operations being imperfectly performed. Visiting dentists are useful in small villages not large enough to support a resident dentist; but there comes a time in the history of a place when the former should give place to the latter. That time has now come in Beaverton.

(4)—All the money he earns is spent right here in the village, and not carried out of it as is the case with that earned by resident dentists.

(5)—He guarantees all work done to be satisfactory, and if not satisfactory he will promptly make it so or refund the money. Being constantly on hand, he will attend to any matter of this kind without any vexatious delay such as sometimes occurs when the work is done by outsiders who only come at certain times.

(6)—Patients will not have to wait weeks or months for their plates after getting impression taken, but can have them in two or three days. Beautiful sets of the very best teeth inserted at the lowest prices going and guaranteed to fit. Broken plates promptly and skillfully repaired and made as strong as new ones. Neither in Huntsville nor in Toronto, where he has practised, has any of his work, either operative or prosthetic, been complained of as unsatisfactory.

(7) People sometimes forget what day the visiting dentist comes on, and when he does come it happens to be on a day when it is not convenient for some patients to leave home or their work; but when there is a resident dentist people can suit their own convenience as to the time, and go any day they choose.

DR BOWERMAN and family have come to make the village of Beaverton their home, and the doctor trusts that the seven good reasons given above are sufficient to entitle him to at least a fair share of the practice heretofore given to outsiders. He is a graduate both of the dental college where he took the degree of L.D.S., and of the university of Toronto, where he passed with honors for D.D.S. He is therefore fully posted in all the latest and most approved methods of dental surgery and prosthetics. His office is now fitted up complete and he invites one and all to come and see it and inspect his various dental appliances. He makes no charge for examination of the mouth and giving best advice where needed, nor for writing prescriptions for dentifrices, mouth washes, etc., nor for removing stains or tartar unless found in large quantities. Office over D. N. Smith's store. Hours, 8 a.m. to 9 p.m.

## WOODVILLE.

The *Advocate* appeared last week printed on orange paper in deference to being printed on July 12th.

## Local News Letters

What they are Doing Round About us.

Interesting Jottings from our own Correspondents or Culled from Exchanges.

### CANNINGTON.

A social garden party will be held at the residence of Mrs. J. Cowan in connection with the Penelope Guild of All Saint's church. Band in attendance.

The town is very quiet at present and as a result some of the leading business men betook themselves to cities more congenial for a brief space.

W. H. Strickland is very ill at present with neuralgia. It is to be hoped that with the best medical attendance he will recover.

No need for us to dilate on the events of the 12th, suffice it to say we were there and were as loyal as we possibly could be, but by the time our train reached home we were tired of riding the bumpers.

Wonder if there will be any excursion from this place on civic holiday. We would suggest something at home this year.

At Peterborough, on the 1st of August, will be held a church choir convention. It would be well for some of our people to attend officially.

Mr. John Sharpe and family have returned from a sojourn among the northern lakes.

The council met on Monday night to consider the cases of a few delinquents as regards poll tax.

### ORILLIA.

The event of the week was the mammoth celebration of the 12th of July in this town, altogether the largest gathering of Orangemen ever seen here. A very conspicuous feature of the event was the great improvement noticeable in the personnel of the lodges and the entire absence of that spirit of rivalry which formerly marked these assemblies. The Orange order is rapidly undergoing a change for the better. Altogether the procession in Orillia was a credit to the Society. The rain which fell in heavy showers while the procession was on the march somewhat marred the pleasure of the day as well as prevented the speakers from spreading themselves as freely as they otherwise might. Among the many lodges present Beaverton Lodge No. 129 took no second place. Headed by the town's fine silver band the members presented a very neat and imposing appearance.

### BRECHIN.

Messrs. Barker Bros. have dissolved partnership. The business will be carried on by Mr. W. J. Barker. Crops are looking very well in this section. Haying is in progress. Yield will be light. Recent rains have done much good.

# CLEAR OUT

There are a few lines of DELAINES, LAWNS, ETC. that have got to go and it will pay you to see them. Also stacks of Ladies' and Gents' UNDERWEAR in summer weights at prices that will suit any person and

## YOUNG MAN

If you want a NOBBY SUIT just ask some of the rest of the boys where to get it and they will all tell you—there's no place like

**HOLMES'**

Beaverton.

Beaverton, July 9th, 1895.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

We want you to Know

That we have just opened out something real nice in Child's Folding Beds. They are very substantial and cheap and the very thing most families need.

We want you to Know

Also that we have a line of camp stools and beds for camping use.—Cheap and durable and great for the hot weather.

We want you to Know

that we have a new line of bedroom "cribs," also something new in dining room and hall chairs and

When you do Know

Call and see them when their beauty and cheapness will surprise you.

**J. B. WARREN,**  
Beaverton, Ont

**THE CORNER BAKERY and GROCERY**

**NEW STOCK.**

We are constantly receiving new goods and our Grocery department may always be depended on as giving the best and newest

Fresh Fruits,  
Canned Goods,  
Choice Confectionery,

We make a Speciality of **Wedding Cakes!** and other FANCY PASTRY and orders left with us will find prompt attention.

"THE CORNER"

**ICE CREAM PARLOR**  
Is now in first-class running order—handsomely fitted and private.

My watch and Jewelry business as heretofore will receive careful and prompt attention.  
**PRICES RIGHT.**

**A. D. MORRISON.**  
Beaverton, July 11, 1895.

**OLD**

**Copper, Lead, Rags, Bones, Rubbers &c.**

Bought at

**BEAVERTON TIN SHOP.**

Highest Price Paid in Cash.



NOTES AND COMMENTS.

Some of the names not historically English, such as "Resona" and "Cesar," are considered tolerable by the British critic.

Once more the season of accidents—though all seasons have them—is upon us.

Can many of these accidents be avoided, or are we such creatures of fate that we must accept them stolidly?

Unusual situations and surroundings demand attention. If the farmer comes to the city he cannot walk along the streets as though they were country roads.

Dining in Palestine. Knives and Forks Being Unknown, the Fingers Do the Dining Duty.

A very large circular tray of tinned copper, placed on a coarse wooden stool about a foot high, served as a table.

As soon as any one had finished, he rose and went into another room, to have water poured over his hands to wash them, and the vacant place at the table was instantly filled by a new comer.

Consolation. Yes, sighed the Hamrick, regretfully, it was my fault that those sweet young people fell out.

In a French Restaurant. Jones.—Oh—er—gassing, regarder ecoce—er—apporter-vois le—la—

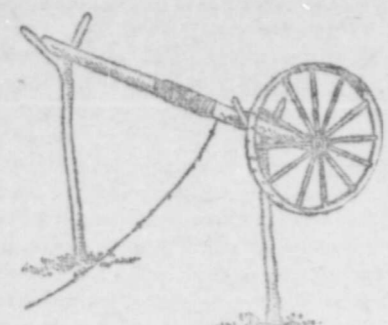
Possibly. However we may land the wine, and think that their condition's best, we must admit, if we are wise,

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria. Good washing fluids are aids in the laundry work. There can be no doubt that the all right soap greatly lessens the labor of rubbing.

PRACTICAL FARMING.

For Rolling Barbed Wire.

The illustration represents a very simple and convenient method for taking up and winding barbed wire. It is made simply by driving two forked stakes into the ground, so that the forks will be three feet



above the surface. In these forks lay the wire 2 1/2 feet in diameter, and on one end of the stick fasten a cutliver wheel.

Care of the Flocks in Fall. In the average year, April, August, and November are trying months upon the flock, because they are too generally expected to get their sustenance entirely from the fields, and the fields do not supply sufficient.

There are many farms that are not supporting as much stock as they might, because they are pastured too closely in unfavorable seasons.

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A GREAT ACTOR HONORED.

HENRY IRVING'S KNIGHTHOOD WILL RAISE THE PROFESSION.

He has a New Distinction with Most Actors—Honorable Mention of the Home Life and Surroundings of the Celebrated Man and Famous Artist.

Henry Irving, the first English actor, has entered the lists as a knight. The modern ceremony is very simple compared with the old days.

IRVING'S LOVE OF SHAKESPEARE. The great actor is thoroughly in accord with the art spirit, thoughts and customs of this end-of-the-century time.

There are memories of the great actors, Macready, Edmund Keen, Garrick, Forrest, Siddons, and all through the long list.

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THE DEAD WIFE.

Mother's Vacation.

The weather, reminds one that the time has at hand when summer vacations are in order. There are many thousands of wives who have worked so faithfully year after year, never thinking of such a thing as taking a vacation.

Perhaps the husband will say, and be sincere in saying it, "Oh, boss; mother has lots of rest. She has afternoons and all night."

Wall, she has afternoons. After the dinner work is done she probably has a pile of mending to do which keeps her busy until time to attend to supper and the usual evening work.

Home-Made Candy. Lemon Drops.—One pound granulated sugar and one-half cupful of lemon juice.

Maple Sugar Candy.—Take a two-pound cake of maple sugar and put on just enough water to melt it.

Peppermint Drops.—Two cupfuls granulated sugar, one-half a cupful of water, boil five minutes.

Caramel Candy.—Three pounds of sugar, one-fourth of a pound of butter, one pint of cream, one pound of Baker's chocolate.

Fried Liver and Bacon.—Wash the liver quickly in cold water, drying it with a meat cloth.

Coffee Balls.—Take four cups of mashed potatoes, three cups of boiled codfish minced fine.

Cheese Scallop.—Soak one cup of dry breadcrumbs in fresh milk. Best into three equal parts.

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CROWDED LONDON.

Figures Gathered by Gen. Booth of the Salvation Army.

Mr. Booth has checked his former measurement of London poverty. He had previously inquired how the people lived and worked by one method. Now he tries another, and compares the results.

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CURE TAKE THE BEST COUGH WITH SHILOH'S CURE. It is sold on a guarantee by all druggists.

Binder Twine - 1895. The subscriber begs to announce that he has accepted the agency of the Farmers' Binder Twine Co.

PUMPS! PUMPS! THOS. HODGSON, Beaverton Pump Factory.

FORCE, OR COMMON PUMPS, PERFECT SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. BRASS AND IRON CYLINDERS.

County of Ontario. J. E. FAREWELL, Clerk of the Peace.

A PERFECT TEA. MONSOON TEA. THE TEA PLANT TO THE TEA CUP.

WOOD'S PHOSPHORINE. The Great English Remedy. Six Packets Guaranteed to Promote and Permanently Cure All Forms of Nervous Weakness.

Hood's Cotton Root Compound. A recent discovery by a distinguished physician, discovered by thousands of Ladies, is the only perfectly safe and reliable medicine.

Hood's Cured Others Failed. Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures. Hood's Pills cure constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.

THE JOURNAL OF RED IN A DAY... South American Rheumatic Cure for Rheumatism and Neuralgia...

Sir Julian Paucetote's Grace... That was a graceful and thoughtful act of Sir Julian Paucetote, the British ambassador...

BUSINESS CARDS... GEO. SMITH, ENGINEER AND LAND SURVEYOR... BEAVERTON, ONT.

UNDERTAKING... JAS. B. WARREN, UNDERTAKER, BEAVERTON, ONT.

The Beaverton Express Subscription Agency... CANADIAN or FOREIGN NEWSPAPERS and MAGAZINES...

B. MADILL & CO., BANKERS... MONEY TO LOAN on First-Class Securities at 6 per cent.

F. S. KING, Beaverton Meat Market... SIMCOE STREET. All kinds of FRESH and CURED MEATS...

D. M. SMITH AUCTIONEER... THORAH, HARA and RAMA. Sales attended, Blanks and Bills supplied...

J. BARNES, PUMPS... WOODVILLE and BEAVERTON. Common and Force Pumps, Hose, Cistern Tubs and Pumps.

WEEKLY at BRECHIN... The undersigned well-known pump-maker will be in Brechin every Tuesday...

PATENTS... CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 BROADWAY.

THE NEWS IN A NUTSHELL... THE VERY LATEST FROM ALL OVER THE WORLD.

Interesting Items About Our Own Country, Great Britain, the United States, and All Parts of the Globe...

Mr. Joseph Hoodless of Hamilton, is dead. Fears are expressed at Hamilton that the boy is dying up.

The shortage in London's water supply has been overcome by the new springs taken in.

Two homing pigeons made the flight from Montreal to Toronto, 333 miles, in 8 hours 17 minutes.

Mr. Gladstone has written to the Chairman of the Midlothian Liberals in connection with his retirement from politics.

It is reported that Russia has massed a very strong naval and land force at Vladivostok, and is prepared to make an instant descent upon Japan should occasion afford an excuse.

It is announced that King Humbert will shortly issue a decree exonerating Premier Crispien from the charges of having been connected with Dr. Coraelius Herz, the Panama canal lobbyist.

It is believed in well-informed London financial circles that the Franco-Chinese loan of sixteen million pounds sterling guaranteed by Russia has been concluded without a lien on the Customs of China.

It is said that Queen Victoria has had a chair constructed which will support her in a standing position while receiving visitors.

Why is a dog biting his own tail like a good financier? Because he makes both ends meet.

When the Ground Trembles. They have been making observations in Italy of the behaviour of animals during earthquakes...

AN ATMOSPHERE OF REALISM. He (resuming his seat after a brief visit outside)—What an atmosphere of realism there is about this play!

SOMEWHAT CURIOUS... A newspaper called the Empty Bottle has been founded in Houston, Tex.

A Chinese proverb says: "A hundred men may make an encampment, but it takes a woman to make a home."

The love of Londoners for flowers is universal. So great is the demand that their cultivation for the London market constitutes one of the most thriving industries of the day.

It is said that when the common earthworm is cut in two, to the tail there grows a head, and two animals are formed.

Plants growing near the sea have thicker leaves than those growing inland. Apparently the sea salt is the cause of this phenomenon.

Caged lions and tigers, pumas and jaguars take no notice of the men and women passing in front of them, but let a dog be brought anywhere near the cage, and they show their savage nature at once and spring up, glaring out savagely.

There are said to be 200 women in New York who go to Europe twice a year to buy their dresses. The number of men who cross the water for their new wardrobe is much greater, as many men take the opportunity of running over to Europe for rest, recreation and business all combined.

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CHANGES IN ENGLAND... PARTY GOVERNMENT AVERAGES THREE YEARS AND A HALF.

The popular notion that party government in England is marked by an almost regular alternation, like the swing of a pendulum, is not quite correct.

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There are said to be 200 women in New York who go to Europe twice a year to buy their dresses. The number of men who cross the water for their new wardrobe is much greater, as many men take the opportunity of running over to Europe for rest, recreation and business all combined.

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FOR TWENTY-FIVE YEARS DUNN'S BAKING POWDER THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND LARGEST SALE IN CANADA W.M. TURNER, SR., BEAVERTON COOPER WORK AND REPAIRING

EXTRACTED HONEY! New Crop FROM 5 to 10c PER POUND.

CHANGES IN ENGLAND... PARTY GOVERNMENT AVERAGES THREE YEARS AND A HALF.

The popular notion that party government in England is marked by an almost regular alternation, like the swing of a pendulum, is not quite correct.

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BARBAROUS SURGERY.

REMARKABLE METHODS OF CURE IN THE FAR EAST.

Chinese are the Victims—Woe to a Stranger Who Falls Sick Among Mongols—Ignorance as Deep as Their Confidence in Sublime—Frenzied Ideas of the Healing Art—Likely to Follow Japanese Example.

It will be an absolute necessity, according to medical authorities, to establish civilized ideas in the healing art in China before much advancement will be observed in social life, and the first step in this behalf has now been taken by Dr. Hall, who during his abode in Shanghai, was punished for "murdering a dead man's soul" as a result of trying to show a willing follower the real anatomy of man by dissection.

The American physician sums up his observations of what the Chinese know of medicine and anatomy in the following terms:—"The Chinese believe the human form to be a mass of flesh supported by an ivory framework, and held in position by the skin. According to their theory of life the blood flows through it chiefly to supply perspiration to the surface. One's person is sacred to the gods and to mutilate it mutilates the soul at the same time."

"This applies to the dead as well as to the living; hence dissection is forbidden. To cut a dead body is punishable, the same as murder, if I was found guilty, and my punishment drove me from the land of the 'intimate friend of the moon,' and to the abandonment of my project.

"Only the Lord High Executioner is allowed to do this dissecting, and that in the punishment chamber, and only after cutting up the body into a thousand pieces, which is the most terrible sentence in the Chinese penal code, for then the disgrace and suffering the victim is supposed to feed extends into the next world.

WOMEN OF THE BRAIN.

"The brain they believe to be the seat of the yin, or female principle, the base of which has a sort of telegraphic communication with the different parts of the body through the marrow. In the thorax are the lungs, consisting of six lobes, five on one side and one on the other, surrounding the heart and regulating the muscular activity of the chest wall. Respiration is performed in the abdominal region. The air is believed to pass from the mouth into the intestines, its use being to aid digestion, which is a kind of fermentation.

RELYING ON THE PULSE.

"Many Chinese doctors declare that the health of the body is maintained normal by the flow of the internal perspiration, felt at the pulse, the beating and throbbing of which is one of their most important diagnostic signs. The radial pulse is not the only one depended upon, there being four places on the right wrist, and as many on the left where it is examined. One hundred different kinds of pulse beate are describe by the doctors.

The wrist, which gives information concerning the heart and intestines, the left concerning the stomach and lungs. The skin is considered next in importance to the pulse. Every square inch of it is named and has its appropriate poultice or plaster.

"A plaster which has effected a cure becomes both a sacred relic and a means of professional advertising. It is always preserved and displayed on the wall of the doctor's office. The number of such plaques indicates the authority the practitioner has obtained over evil spirits, and denotes his professional standing.

PAID IN ADVANCE.

"The distinction between physicians and surgeons is more sharply defined than with Americans or Europeans, every man being exposed to stick to his own branch of the profession. No surgeon is allowed to remove any part of the body except his teeth. The practice of his profession consists in pulling out splinters, removing foreign growths from the skin, setting bones, etc. He must not in any case give advice of physic.

"As an example of the conventional Chinese medical practice, when a rich man was struck by an arrow, which remained fixed in the wound, the principal physician of the place was called, and, after pocketing his fee in advance, the inevitable custom, he cut off the projecting end of the arrow, leaving the point buried in the patient's flesh.

"Knowing professional etiquette would not allow the physician to extract it, should it not accidentally come away, the patient's family summoned at the same time the principal surgeon of the place.

THROWN OUT A HUNCHBACK.

"I now recall a truly remarkable surgical case. The surgeon, having averted an inflexible cure of curvature of the spine, a hunchback applied to him and asked if he could straighten his back. The surgeon undertook to do so and agreed with the man's relatives that he should ask no fee unless he fulfilled his agreement. The hunchback was laid upon a board, with his feet secured with heavy weights and stones, and a doctor's chest and abdomen, which he loaded with heavy weights and stones, was placed upon his back, and the man's relatives that he should ask no fee unless he fulfilled his agreement. The hunchback was laid upon a board, with his feet secured with heavy weights and stones, and a doctor's chest and abdomen, which he loaded with heavy weights and stones, was placed upon his back, and the man's relatives that he should ask no fee unless he fulfilled his agreement.

STEAM ROADS DOOMED.

AN ELECTRIC MOTOR RUNS EIGHTY MILES AN HOUR.

A Hot Box Prevented Higher Speed—The Test an American Road is Making With Electricity as a Motive Power.

A revolution in railroading is promised by the result of the trials of the electric power on the Nantasket Branch of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railway yesterday. The success of the venture is assured. The first trial was made on Thursday night. News of the test was withheld from the public. Two electric locomotives were run over the road and a speed of more than fifty miles an hour was attained between the old Colony House and Pemberton.

Saturday night another trial with an electric locomotive geared to accomplish eighty or more miles an hour was made, and a hot box on a motor car defeated a new record for speed. The heating of the box was due to the fact that the new bearings would not withstand the friction caused by terrific speed, at which the car was run for a distance of probably less than three miles. In the opinion of men qualified by years of experience to judge of speed, eighty miles an hour was reached.

THE POSSIBILITY, they say, was that the hot box spoiled it. Next but official attaches of the road were allowed on this test, the entire party comprising less than twenty. It was exactly 8:45 o'clock when Col. Heft turned on the current, and in less than four lengths the car was going at a speed of twenty miles an hour. After having gone less than a quarter of a mile the car was speeding along at a 35-mile gait. A stop was made at Nantasket for a few minutes, and then came the run to Pemberton. The trouble was caused by the first few rods were gone over, but upon reaching the long stretch just below Nantasket full power was turned on. There was none of the gradual increase of speed characteristic of the steam locomotive, but with a plunge the car began to go. Just as the motor approached back to wonder how long the car would remain on the rails it was announced that there was a hot box, and Col. Heft shut off the current. Eighty miles an hour was noted on the 'hot box' still to spring was his estimate of the speed at the time of shutting off the current. Under the momentum gathered the car ran on for two miles further, most of the distance at an estimated speed of sixty miles an hour.

The work of changing the motive power of the road from steam to electricity was done under the direction of Col. N. H. Heft. Starting at Old Colony House there is little to suggest the trolley railway. In place of the girder and the 'cat' or the other styles of rail in electric railroads, there are used the conventional T rail employed by steam roads. The rails weigh seventy-eight pounds to the yard, and are 4 1/2 inches high and are laid precisely as the rails of steam roads.

Two flexible copper bonds seven inches long are under the head of the rail at each joint and riveted to them. The bonds are so placed that when the angle bars used in splicing the rails are in position the bond cannot be seen. The length of the bond is reduced to a minimum to insure the maximum carrying capacity with the minimum of resistance.

The tracks are 15 feet apart from centre to centre, and between the tracks is the single line of poles upon which is supported the cables and the 'cat'. The poles are 12 by 14 inches at the butt and 10 by 12 inches at the top. They are painted black, and a point 6 feet from the ground, and white to within 1 foot of the cross arms of the wires. The wires between Nantasket and Old Colony House are 115 feet high, with a base of 15 feet. The power house is 33 by 110 feet, and 53 feet to the top of the roof. A 24-inch wall surrounds the boiler room, in which there are two batteries of four boilers each. The boilers are of the horizontal flue type, 72 inches in diameter and 19 feet long with 140 3-inch tubes.

The engine room contains two tandem compound engines with two direct coupled generators. The engines are of the Green Corliss build and specially designed for the work they are to do. The shaft is 18 inches and the fly wheel weighs 64,000 pounds, is 18 feet in diameter. The condensers are so piped that the engines can work with or without them. They are arranged to regulate from no load to a maximum of 1,120 horse power. The regulators are so arranged that in case of an accident to any part of the machinery the engines will stop automatically. They can also be stopped by simply pressing one of several buttons.

THE TWO GENERATORS, specially built for the line run at a speed of 110 revolutions a minute, and are adapted to develop 1,500 horse power each. The armatures, instead of being built up of wire in the usual way, are made up of copper disks, each insulated from the other. By this arrangement it is said to be possible for them to get out of repair. The generators are 10 feet high and the armatures 8 feet in diameter. The switchboard is of the latest design. It is arranged with two main generator panels. The total voltage is 700 volts. The wires are so arranged that none can be seen issuing from the roof of the building, and there is little to indicate that the building is an electric power house.

Four motor cars, built after the style of baggage cars, are the electric locomotives. To secure traction they have been made extra heavy, weighing, when fully equipped at 80,000 pounds each. Two will have four motors each and the others two motors on trucks. The cars are equipped with the Westinghouse air brake, and have all standard appliances of the steam cars in use by the Consolidated. In addition to a 15-inch gong at the front ends of the motor cars, each of these cars will have a whistle, worked with compressed air in place of steam.

Save for a single feature, there is not the slightest resemblance to the steam locomotive. That feature is the cowcatcher at both ends of the motor cars. It is attached underneath the platforms instead of projecting beyond the body of the locomotive, as with the steam locomotive. The wheels are about the size of the largest wheels used on steam cars, but the axles are considerably heavier to withstand the strain of the electric gearing.

Until the capacities of the motors are fully ascertained it is not known how many cars will be run on a train. It is expected, however, that trains will have from four to nine cars, an occasional more.

The Nantasket Branch was chosen for the experiment for the reason that within its limits are condensed most of the difficult problems which will have to be determined to make electricity a successful motive power to run the roads. The track is sharp and the grades steep. Trains will run with great frequency in the seven miles between Old Colony House station and Pemberton.

TOOK 8,000 VOLTS. A Tremendous Electric Shock That Did Not Kill Frank E. Grover. The experience of Frank E. Grover, an electrician, of Rochester, will revive discussion of the question "Does electricity kill, and were the murderers sentenced to be executed under the present law, dead in fact when handed over to the doctors?" Mr. Grover, who is foreman of the Rochester Gas and Electric company, in some manner which he does not know himself, came in contact with a large dynamo and received a shock of 8,000 volts of electricity. When picked up by his fellow workmen, he was to all appearances dead. There was no respiration and no action of the heart. And to all appearances life was extinct. His companions, who had been instructed in the personal method of artificial respiration, went to work on him at once, and with the assistance of a physician who was summoned, worked on him for over an hour. At the end of that time Mr. Grover began to show signs of life. He opened his eyes, later natural respiration set in. After he was removed to his home, he said to a reporter: "I am feeling pretty fair, but I can't tell you how the accident happened. I don't know myself. All I remember is that I was standing near one of the dynamos, and the next moment I thought: I was an angel. Then I knew nothing at all until I woke and found the doctor and the men working over me. When I returned to my home, I felt the slightest twinge of what had happened, and I was the most surprised man in the world when they told me that 8,000 volts had been pumped into me. I don't think that I learned against the dynamo, as I have been an electrician too many years to do so foolishly a thing. I must have moved my arm in such a manner that it swept the brushes, thus coming in direct contact with the current. My arms and legs feel stiff and lame, and my muscles are quite sore, but I am feeling as well as a man could feel after wrestling with lightning. I think I will be at work to-morrow all right."

THE LIME-KILN CLUB.

BRO. GARDNER INTRODUCES A GENTLEMAN FROM MISSISSIPPI.

It is None Other Than the Hon. Higginbottom Lawless That Gentleman De-livers a Discourse on "Sentiment"—Distinctions Between Different Kinds of Sentiment Clearly Elucidated.

"I wish to explain," said Brother Gardner as he adjusted his spectacles and brushed up his front hair, "I wish to explain to you the Hon. Higginbottom Lawless of Cocousoke, Miss., an present in de suunt room an' burnin' to deliver his celebrated address on 'Sentiment.' He arrive here three or four days ago, an' he finish his 'lat' bar' of apples, with my Sunday coat lat' along, an' will be a dea-head on me till he can shake his piece an' notch a mixed freight train w'ine to Toledo. De committee will escort him, an' if dat water-pool an' upost or any lamps knocked down durin' his delivery de guilty wretch or wretches will receive de lynch law, dat will remain solid for a hundred y'ars."

"The Hon. Lawless appeared with a pair of red mittens in one hand and a lemon in the other, an' de much was his placidity of mind that when he bit into one of the mittens in place of de lemon he never even changed color. He sized up five feet and six inches, intelligent expression, head cast in the shape of a pair, an' a large nose enough to trample an onion bed out of sight. He mounted the platform like a steer climbing a side-hill, bowed right and left in response to the applause, and quietly began:

"My friends, I cannot depress the pleasure as gratification which I feel to find myself paradigm' head under de sacred shingles of Paradise Hall—a structure whose name an household word where de English language greets de ear. (Applause.) I would rather star' head de buried under a \$10,000 monument. (Cheers.)

"De subject ob my address an' Sentiment. What an sentiment? What do we get it, an' what an it do us? It is de feeling ob de mark, an' not ob de object? I knower dat sentiment an' sort of 'lasses an' mass surroundin' de heart. In some cases it hardens us an' turns us into, while in oders it thins us until de heart fairly flows in a pony out de door. De sentiment has been considerable to do wid every act ob our everyday life. It an business when you start to carry a pan of flour or a basket ob taters. It an sentiment dat causes a naybur to lend, or to demand pay' cash. (Wild applause from Judge Cadaver.)

"Business akjutude de lazy an' de shiftless to sot out an' an' ole clothes an' dimes an' quarters. Sentiment akjutude woman to shed tears ob'er 'em an' stock 'em up wid 'lat to ob'er for 'nother month. When we have a kickin' hose our sentiment an' ped to de. (V. argy, dat an' not ob de 'lat? I knower dat sentiment an' sort of 'lasses an' mass surroundin' de heart. In some cases it hardens us an' turns us into, while in oders it thins us until de heart fairly flows in a pony out de door. De sentiment has been considerable to do wid every act ob our everyday life. It an business when you start to carry a pan of flour or a basket ob taters. It an sentiment dat causes a naybur to lend, or to demand pay' cash. (Wild applause from Judge Cadaver.)

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MAUNDY PENNIES.

The Ceremony of Distributing the Queen's Dole in Westminster Abbey.

The ceremony of distributing the Queen's dole on Maundy Thursday is the English equivalent of the Catholic ceremony of washing the feet of the poor. This ceremony is performed at Rome by the Pope and by several prelates, at Florence with great ceremony by a Cardinal, at Vienna by the Emperor, and at St. Petersburg by the Czar, as the head of the Greek Church. It used to be performed by the King of Bavaria and by the English sovereigns.

James II was the last English sovereign to wash the feet of the poor on Maundy Thursday. Since that time the ceremony has been confined to the distribution of the Queen's dole. This dole is put in red and white purses and distributed in Westminster Abbey amid the pealing of the organ, and in the presence of prelates and nobles. The Maundy pennies, especially coined for the purpose. They are in silver, and of the denomination of a penny, 2, 3 and 4 pence. The face value of the set is thus 10 pence, but they are at once in demand as curios at about 10 times their face value, and are promptly sold by the poor recipients to banks and to individuals. Each poor man or woman receives a penny for every year of the Queen's age, and a new recipient is added each year. The Maundy pennies this year are a penny to each person. This is seven full sets and a fraction, so that the real value of the dole of Maundy pennies is more than £5.

The Maundy pennies were first coined in the reign of Charles II. They came to the recipients fresh from the mint. Each coin bears on one side the effigy of the Queen with her name and titles, and on the other the denomination of the coin, the crown, and the date increased in a wreath. The penny is much smaller than our own gold dollar of earlier days. The edges of the coin are not milled, as it is not expected that they will circulate, and the precaution of milling against the coin clippers is unnecessary. A full set of Maundy pennies for the reign of Victoria is worth a very handsome sum.

The word Maundy means command, used adjectively, and refers to the command in the thirteenth chapter of St. John to the disciples to wash one another's feet.

His Going Occupation. A strong, healthy man like you ought not to be out of work. I'll write to you, m'am, but I can't get nothing to do at my trade. Raw materials all gone. What's your trade? Blacksmith. Surely, there's plenty of iron. Yes, but I'm a horseshoer. There ain't no horses.

A Born Detective. Little Johnny—I know what the baby is gone to—we'll be grow up. He's got to be a detective. Mother—Of all things! Because he's so smart? Little Johnny—No'm. Because he never sleeps.

SUMMER SMILES.

Fig—"Are you at all interested in secret orders?" Fogg—"Only in connection with the soda fountain at the drug store."

"Yes," said Cholly, "the gvnah gives me money to burn, but I don't do it y' know, going to the races is quicker."

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PURELY CANADIAN NEWS.

INTERESTING FACTS ABOUT OUR COUNTRY.

Gathered from Various Points from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Brockville has 15 barbers. Ayr has a new weekly paper.

It cost \$215,000 to survey Georgian Bay. Port Colborne harbor is being deepened. South Leeds has a new post-office called Bowell.

Berlin has 6,000 volumes in its public library. Oxford county constables ask for many returns. A cold storage factory is to be built in Galt.

The Fort William curfew rings nightly at 8:45. In Sarnia the wheelmen register their bicycles. Concealed men and boys go fishing on Sundays.

The I. O. F., Brockville, are building a new hall. Winnipeg has voted \$65,000 for school buildings. A Methodist college is to be built near Vancouver.

Last year Essex county schools cost \$22,927.85. County Treasurer Stock, Wentworth, has resigned. Stratford has not a single case of contagious disease.

The Berlin Saengerbund has just opened its new hall. Peter Stuart, Ingersoll, has a broom plant in blossom. Welland will have a firemen's demonstration August 6th.

The Maganetan locks are closed while being repaired. Digby, N. S., is supplying itself with water by gravitation. The C.P.R. station at MacLeod, N.W.T., has been robbed of \$1,000.

The G.T.R. intends to build a fine up-town station in Hamilton. A number of Danish families have settled in Ottawa this spring. The church at Sparrow Lake will have a Sunday school room added.

Ten thousand members of the I.O.F. will be in Guelph August 26th. Dr. David Robertson has been appointed coroner for Halton county. A Blenheim man is under arrest for selling cancerous beef in Oshana.

There are nearly 200 members connected with the Woodstock Bicycle Club. One day last week 53,300 feet of lumber were cut at the Huntsville mills. There is talk of establishing a Collegiate Institute at Portage la Proude.

A new Masonic lodge, called "Algonquin Lodge," has been instituted at Emsdale. Kingston wants the G. T. R. shops that are now located at Belleville and Brockville. Hubert's shingle mill, Sprucedale, recently destroyed by fire, is to be rebuilt.

The coloured people of London have formed an "Independent Order of Good Samaritans." The total number of wrecks in Canadian waters during the last fiscal year was 86, representing the loss of ten lives and \$320,000.

There are nearly 700,000 horses in Ontario. The number of hogs is 1,125,000 of horned cattle there are 2,900,000, and sheep about the same. And there are in the farm yards 7,500,000 head of poultry. The oldest clergyman in Canada is the active ministry is probably Rev. Mr. Cassman, Lutheran minister of Lumburg, N. S. He was born in 1806; ordained in 1835, 61 years ago; arrived in Lumburg 1853; has baptised 3,966; married 492 couples; buried 1,041; has preached 11,000 sermons, and travelled 200,000 miles.

QUEER FREIGHT FOR CHINA.

The Skeletons of Dead Chinese Shipped in Boxes Marked "Fish Bone."

A curious freight which is shipped exclusively from San Francisco to China is "fish bone," which pays \$20 a ton. It is sent in large boxes consigned to the Tung Wah Hospital at Hong Kong, but the contents of the boxes are really the bodies of dead Chinamen sent home for burial.

Most of the Chinamen who go to the United States are under the care of the Six Companies, who sign a contract guaranteeing to return the bones of the dead for burial with their ancestors in the celestial empire, and the Tung Wah Hospital acts as the agent in carrying out the agreement. They are shipped as "fish bones" in order to evade the rules of the steamship companies, who charge full first-class passenger rates for the dead.

Nearly every ship leaving San Francisco for China carries among the stowage passengers a number of invalids who hope to live until they reach their native country, but several usually die on every voyage. There is an agreement between the steamships and the Six Companies which forbids the burial of these bodies at sea, and the latter furnishes coffins of the peculiar Chinese pattern for use in such emergencies. They are made of slabs, the first out of the log, so that the sides and bottom and top are rounded. A dozen or more are carried on each ship, and the surgeon is furnished with a supply of embalming fluid.

When a Chinaman dies at sea the surgeon embalms the body, which is then placed in a coffin, sealed up, and lowered into the hold. The expense is paid by voluntary contributions from the other Chinese passengers, the crew, and the stewards of the ship, all of whom belong to that race. No subscription paper is passed abroad, but a pan containing Chinese sugar is placed beside the coffin and every Chinaman on board drops in his contribution, from a dime to a dollar, and takes a piece of sugar from the pan, which is supposed to bring him good luck and prolong his life. When the ship reaches Hong Kong the coffin and the belongings of the dead are delivered to the Tung Wah Hospital, which disposes of them to the surviving friends in China. Every Chinaman in the United States is supposed to be registered at the Tung Wah Hospital and with the Six Companies at San Francisco.

A Big Fee. John W. Foster, United States ex-secretary of state, who went to China last December as legal adviser to China in the peace negotiations with Japan, is on his way home. It is said on excellent authority that Mr. Foster's retainer as legal adviser to China was the comfortable sum of \$250,000. Before he sailed \$100,000 in American gold was given him, and as soon as he landed in China the balance, also in American gold, was paid to him. This is believed to be the largest single fee ever paid to an American lawyer, and, considering the very little time Mr. Foster has been engaged in the case, it stands out all the more prominently as showing how generally his legal abilities have been rewarded.

"I wish to explain," said Brother Gardner as he adjusted his spectacles and brushed up his front hair, "I wish to explain to you the Hon. Higginbottom Lawless of Cocousoke, Miss., an present in de suunt room an' burnin' to deliver his celebrated address on 'Sentiment.' He arrive



### LOVE IS BEST.

It was growing dusk in the drawing-room, but the lamps were not yet lighted, and the young women in the picturesque hats clustered round the little table as closely as their huge sleeves and lillimable skirts allowed, and slipped their Assam-Pekoe between the bursts of confidence proper to the half hour. They had discussed the reigning tenor, touched delicately on the last scandal, and were now busy with Jack Rodney's name and money. Alas! he had no money. A decision of the Court had given his great inheritance to another heir, and then he had gone into Wall street and been caught on the wrong side of the market.

"I can't picture it," said Sally Littlejohn, balancing her little gold spoon. "What will become of him? The spoiled darling! Why, he will have to go to work!" "Work!" said Julia Montessor. "With those aristocratic hands! What sort of work?"

"Poor Jack!" said Arabella. "He wouldn't be him-self out of his habits. How is he to go without his horses, his club, the opera, his London tailor?" "I don't believe he will try to," said Felicia.

"Why, what will he do?" "The only thing he can do—stop living." "Oh, Bab! How horrid of you! Jack Rodney, the dear, splendid fellow! Has any one seen him? I wonder what he is doing now," said Sally.

"Walking on his uppers, don't they call it?" said Bab. "Such a shame! And he has lent and given away a fortune to other people. He never seemed to care about money."

"No, indeed, I suppose he has dropped a Phoenician fortune in cards before this." "Why, Bab, with the poor fellow, in such a strait! He only does what all the other men do."

"And he does a great deal that he doesn't do," said Arabella. "Every one else was letting Will do it, I say, what he sowed, but Jack made good all the misappropriation—just that the new term?—and gave Will a fresh start. And if it was Jack's yacht that went cruising up the Mediterranean and had princes on board for guests it was his steamer that took those children from Seven Alleys down the harbor every afternoon during the hot summer."

"You always had a special talent for turning a telescope on microscopic subjects," said Bab.

"No, thanks, I can't drink another drop of your tea, Felicia, though I declare it does put the spirit in you," said Julia. "Well, just one cup—lemon—yes," as Felicia's jeweled hand suspended the sugar.

"What a lovely lovely cup! Did you know that one of Dilly Van Ven's engagement cups was a tiny thing of gold, crusted with peridots?"

"No!" "And who do you think gave it to her? Well, Jack Rodney. And she cut him dead last week."

"She ought to," said Felicia. "For doing such an utterly silly thing."

"I suppose he paid for it," said Bab. "Well, Felicia, he never from my friends," said Arabella.

"And that reminds me," said Sally. "I suppose he has become of Lena Vallery's black pearls?"

"Apropos of nothing, Lena hasn't any friends," said Bab.

"You mean," said Julia, "that every one can imagine. Isn't it too bad?"

"Well, Mrs. Harry said to her the other night at the opera—you know there is nothing Mrs. Harry doesn't do. Just see that string of pearls on Violetta's throat. Shouldn't you think they were yours, if you weren't locked up at home?"

"And what did Lena do?" "Oh, she didn't do anything just then. But a little while afterward she fainted or something."

"The poor child." "Well," said Bab. "He can give her another string now. Vallery is one of the condition that come into Jack Rodney's money. It's bad blood, anyway."

"How prejudiced you are, Bab! Where is Jack; does any one know?" said Sally.

"Going to the West, ranching. He has cleared up everything and starts at once, some one said. He'd like it if it were only the poor fellow."

"Oh, it is really getting dark," exclaimed Arabella, as the maid stole gently about the room, and the great lamps flared up and she put on a perfectly lovely cup. The beautiful girl getting into their primly seats, talking scandal like dowagers, her sister Bab's face with the scarlet on both cheeks, and her own, white and angry, in her glass, as the marble Diana behind her.

"It was while the last dinner guests that light were still saying tender nothings to each other, as she leaned against the mantle and the low firelight played on the satin sheen of her white gown till she looked as if taking life from a flame-tinted jewel, that a slender shape slipped swiftly down the stairs like a shadow herself. The girl had never been in the street, a night before, but with attentive every sound affrighted by the shrill exclamation behind her, she turned to the corner she brought into plainer sight the large parcel she carried, that she might be more readily as a maid. A half-way to the door she saw some one there, and she made sure of a number, rang the bell, said something explanatory to the man that answered it, passed in and closed the door, and she went to her room without a word.

"The room was in confusion. A leather bag and a portmanteau lay packed and packed by the door. There were empty chairs, a discolored pattern on the walls where a picture had hung, brackets held their tin and great cases and cabinets had fallen, it was plain to see in its dismantled state that it had lately been a place of assembly.

A man sat there, with his head bowed in his hands as they lay along the table, in an attitude of utter dejection. He did not look up when the door opened and

closed. But the girl crossed the room quickly, and standing behind him stooped with her arm laid across his shoulder. He lifted his head, looking straight before him. "I suppose it is a dream," he said, half to himself. "If you are a dream?" "I am not a dream, Jack," she said, bending lower, her soft cold cheek touching his. "I am Felicia."

There was silence in Heaven for the space of half an hour. For one moment there was silence andapture here. And then the transfer came to the luggage. "And this parcel, too," said Felicia.

"Felicia!" he exclaimed. "You know I can't go back after coming here, the said, when they were alone again. "I have burned my ships behind me."

"Do you mean it?" he exclaimed joyously. And then his tone fell. "I thought—oh, yes; certainly I must take you home before my train leaves."

"You will take me home? My home is with you, Jack."

"You don't know what you say!" he answered her. "Oh, no; I can't accept the sacrifice!" the eager gleam of his eyes betraying his words.

"Jack," she murmured, "the sacrifice was coming here unasked."

"You knew I loved you, you knew I loved you! And then this crash came—and there was nothing for me to say—to you, who have laid in the illness and laid the roses of life. I whose part was the husks!"

"Yes, I knew it, or I could not have come," she replied, and she moved away from him, going about the room, and pausing in the curtained window place, where the moonlight lay upon her, pale and impassioned.

"Don't make it so hard for me!" he exclaimed. "An hour ago it was blackness of despair. I was going to bury myself in that ranch with its bunch of cattle, the one thing left me, as if it were a grave. Now I shall go out into that new life radiant with this happy knowledge and my hope. And even if I should never prosper enough to come for you," he said, after a moment, taking a step toward her, "if you should weary in the long waiting and give some other man the love I have won—well, I could bear it, perhaps, remembering and living again in this night's joy."

"Some other man!" she exclaimed, unclipping his arms and looking for the hat and jacket that had been thrown aside. "I am going with you, Jack. If you can live summer and winter in a tent in Texas I can, too. I have the fit clothes in that parcel. I have my jewels here. They were my mother's, and are mine, and I have the right to take them, and their price will hinder my being a burden."

"A burden! Oh, Felicia, if I might, if I dared—"

"You will have to," said Felicia, calmly. "The Church of Blessing is round the corner, and the rector is my friend. Jack you made me propose to you. I shouldn't think you would make me ask you to marry me?"

Standing there in the moonlight, adjusting her disordered hair, she was too beautiful, too sweet and tender for mortal man to resist. "The train leaves at midnight," he said controlling his voice as he could. "I have no more time. Oh, my darling, if you should regret—if you should repent—if I Oh, you must, you will!"

"Never!" said Felicia. And then, lip to lip and heart to heart, they lingered one moment before they went out together. It was a year afterwards that Felicia sat one night in the refulgent moonlight of the high prairie, after a day of heat, tempered by the great breeze blowing over 300 miles of flowers.

"Are you sorry I came?" she said. "Are you sure you never regret?" he asked.

"Regret! Well, I confess I should like to have heard Bab read out our marriage notice at breakfast—and Bab so bitter the day before for love of it. But regret those days of littleness and idleness and gossip, the confining clothes, the cramping life!"

And the large white lamp-lit room, sumptuous with mirrors and marbles and carving and gilding, with bronzes and paintings, with priceless rugs and lounges, with its voluptuous roses and great vases, hung for a moment before her like the room you see painted through a window in the dark. She saw the young and lovely woman, heard the sweet high-bred voice, heard her stepmother's low laugh and Bab's shriller tone. And then she looked around her, at the sky flooded with splendor, at the vast softly dark sunburned land below, felt the perfumed wind fan her forehead, felt the pre-eminence of the love that was here, and it seemed to her that a return to that other life would be like a butterfly creeping back into its chrysalis. "I—I miss my father," she said, and her lip quivered. But her husband's arm clasped her, and the pressure of his own lips quieted the sob. "But even," she said presently, "if he never gives us, or comes to see us, and if poor Bab should never come down here and learn what it is to live, I shall be sure, my dear, that I love is best."

### Hairy Wild Men of Maine.

Four curious specimens of humanity have been combined in Norridgewock jail, Maine, accused of sheep-stealing. They were arrested in Brighton. They belong to a gang of about forty persons who have no homes, but who have lived until recently near the Canadian line, like wild beasts in the summer and in caves during the winter. They wear little or no clothing, and their backs, which have been long exposed to the sun and weather, are covered with a growth of hair fully three inches long. It is hard to make sense out of their conversation, although they have learned to swear so they are understood. One of the men, a giant in form, is an idiot. His sides are full of small holes made by a bad in the end of a stick, which he has been yoked to an ox.

The day they were placed in jail they had a fight among themselves, and tore all the clothing off each other's bodies. Police are after others of the tribe of wild men,



A DAINTY GIMPE PROCK



CHESA BLUE DUCK BELIEVED BY WIFE



FOR A SLENDER FIGURE

### The Rose Had Bloomed But the Man Was Dead.

Ugly Greg was the prisoner's name, ugly in face and in nature the same; Stubborn, sullen and beetle-browed, the hardest case in a hardened crowd. The sin-streaked lines in his face were born Neither by kindness nor punishment; He hadn't a friend in the prison there, And he grew more ugly and didn't care.

But some one—blessings upon his name! Had caused to be placed in that house of shame,

To relieve the blank of the whitewashed wall

Flower-pot brackets with plants on them

Though it seemed but a useless thing to do

Ugly Greg's call had a flower-pot, too,

And as he slouched back at the work-day's close

He paused, astonished, before a rose.

"He will smash it to pieces," the keepers said,

Next morning he faced his gray soil instead,

Next morning he watered his plant with care

And went to his work with a cheerful air;

And day by day as the rose-bush grew

Ugly Greg began unfolding too.

The soft green leaves changed their tips

And the foul word died on the prisoner's lips!

He talked to the plant when all alone

As he would to a friend in a gentle tone;

And day by day, and week by week,

As the rose grew, so Ugly Greg grew sleek.

But at last he took him away to lie

On a hospital bed, for they knew he must die.

They pinned the rose in the sunny light

Where they might watch it from morn till night,

And the green buds grew, from day to day,

As fast as the sick man faded away.

The lines which sin and pain had traced,

Somed by the shadowing plant effaced,

Till came at last the joyful hour

When they knew that the bud must burst

And the green buds grew, from day to day,

As the sick man faded away.

The perturbed crimson rshed a glow

On the old man's hair as white as snow,

The nurse came softly, "Look, Greg!" she said,

Ay, the rose had bloomed but the man was dead!

O beautiful flowers of Paradise!

Ye might never have bloomed for Greg!

If God had not sent by his loving power

His message of peace on the breath of a flower.

### YOUNG FOLKS.

#### Twenty Times a Day.

Twenty times a day, dear,  
Your mother thinks about you,  
At school, or else at play,  
She's busy in the kitchen,  
Or she's busy with the chair,  
But like a song her heart within  
Her love for you is there!

There's just a little thing, dear,  
She wishes you would do,  
I'll whisper, in a voice,  
Now mind, I'll tell you,  
Twenty times a day, dear,  
And more, I've heard, you say,  
"I'm coming in a minute."  
When you should at once obey.

At once, like soldiers, instant,  
At once, as sailors seeing  
The captain's warning hand,  
You could make the mother happy  
By minding in that way,  
Twenty times a day, dear,  
Twenty times a day.

#### Bertha's Choice.

Like many of us mortals, Bertha Mason was greedy. Not for things to eat; her sweet tooth was no sweeter than other girls'. Greedy for good times. Like a heroine of modern story she hated to think of so many good times in the world, and she not in them. When it came to choosing between two possible pleasures, that was truly puzzling.

It was this way: A lawn party this (Tuesday) night; Chinese lanterns, pretty gowns, ice cream. Thursday afternoon a picnic; hay wagon packed full of merry boys and girls, with Aunt Eleanor to chaperone, and a drive home by moonlight.

Mamma said positively: "Take your choice, Bertha. You can only go to one. Two festivities so near together are more than I approve for my girls. She mustn't go back to school next week with no roses in her cheeks."

Bertha weighed the pros and cons. "It's lovely to-day, the grass is perfectly dry, I can wear my white dress and slippers safely—white is so becoming. Like as not it'll rain by Thursday, then they can't have the picnic at all. We'd have to wear gingham. I've a good mind to toss up a cent. I wonder if I would be wicked. No, I won't. I'll decide like a reasonable being."

The lawn party had it, of course. Bertha went and looked like the sweet girl she was. She had a good time, though there might be a twinge or two of jealousy, since Bertha wasn't perfect.

But Thursday! Was there ever finer day? Clear, yet soft and dreamy with the earliest autumn. Was there ever a sorer trial than to see that merry loud drive off, shouting back their regrets and reproaches? Bertha sat up to hear Aunt Eleanor tell it over, listening with eyes tearful over her lost joy. Aunt Eleanor was pretty soothed and not very old. She said, O, so kindly:

"Clear up, dearie! Next week you won't mind it. It's a hard lesson which all must learn; you can't both eat and have it. There's usually a choice of good things, both to enjoy and to do. What we need is wisdom to balance aright the different claims."

#### HORSES' MOUTHS.

One of the Most Sensitive Parts of the Equine Body.

During the many years in which the writer has been engaged in the practice of veterinary medicine there is nothing that has been more forcibly brought to his attention than the indifference of most people to the condition of the horse's mouth.

They seem to think the mouth never becomes deranged, when, in fact, it is one of the most sensitive organs of the equine economy. All young horses coming three or four years old should have their teeth and mouth carefully examined when any symptoms of tenderness are shown in the mouth, as it is at this age that some of the milk molars are replaced by the permanent ones.

In some cases the crown of the former is only partially displaced, and gives rise to much pain and annoyance.

I have seen a young horse that had its throat blistered with limes and was treated for distemper, when the trouble was due to a misplaced crown of a milk molar, which, upon removal, gave instant relief.

#### EASILY REMEDIED.

Again, in some horses the structure of the teeth is of a comparatively soft nature, and wears rapidly on the grinding substances in a rugged and uneven manner, which severely cuts and lacerates the tongue and cheeks.

This defect may be easily remedied by the use of the mouth rasp, an instrument that may now be found in nearly all hardware stores.

To reach the raw surfaces a little alum and borax dissolved in water will effectively. This humane method, if pursued by people who own horses, will prevent much suffering to the horse and at the same time amply repay the owner in the improved appearance of his animal, and in many cases prevent the loss of much food by quidding and salivating.

A few words in regard to those business of most horse owners, namely, lamps, so called, and wolf-teeth. Lamps is supposed by most people to possess some mysterious power over a horse whereby his appetite becomes deranged.

They therefore resort to cutting and burning the poor brute's mouth under the mistaken notion of curing the lamps. The writer of this has been engaged in the care of horses for twenty-five years, and has yet to see a horse that was affected physically by lamps, except in the imagination of its owner.

It is the same with the so-called "wolf-teeth." These teeth are the vestigial remains of pre-molar teeth that, in the remote ancestors of the horse, were functional, and they have become through disuse mere rudiments, as it were, of their former selves.

They do not, by some means affect the value of a horse and cause them to go blind, nor are they responsible, as some good people contend, for a horse being in poor condition. Nor is it at all necessary to punch them out with a hammer and cold chisel.

Good washing fluids are aids in the laundry work. There can be no doubt that the all-night soak greatly lessens the labor of rubbing.

### What is

## CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

#### Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. I recommend it as an especially trustworthy prescription known to me."  
Dr. G. C. Osmond,  
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the nauseous and dangerous cathartics which are destructive to their health, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other harmful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."  
Dr. J. F. Kincheloe,  
Counway, Ark.

Dr. A. A. Archer, M. D.,  
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Dr. J. C. Smith, Pres.,  
Allen C. Smith, Secy.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

#### Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as an especially trustworthy prescription known to me."  
Dr. A. A. Archer, M. D.,  
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."  
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,  
Dorchester, Mass.

### THE FIELD OF COMMERCE.

#### Some Items of Interest for the Busy Business Man.

The fee of 25 cents collected on cars entering the United States from Canada has been declared illegal.

The stocks of wheat at Fort Arthur and Fort William are 212,967 bushels, an increase of 26,872 bushels for the week. A year ago they were 1,297,039 bushels.

The announcement has been made that the American Tobacco Company has acquired control of the cigarette business of Canada by the purchase of all the Dominion manufactories.

The bank clearings at Toronto for the month of June are most satisfactory. They aggregated \$26,772,221 as against \$25,698,583 the previous month, \$21,965,613 in June last year and \$25,923,084 in June 1903.

Reports are quite favorable regarding the growing crops in the counties of Huntington, Chateaugay, Leprairie, Naperville, Beauharnois and Jacques Cartier, Hay, which in most sections comprises the chief staple, is particularly promising. Oats and barley present a very fine appearance, but the pea crop is not likely to prove more than an average yield.

The sales agents of the anthracite coal roads met in New York last week to discuss remedial measures for the trade, but the result of the conference was not entirely satisfactory. It was found that certain agents were present with instructions from their superior officers as to how they should vote on all points. The agents reaffirmed the current official circular of \$3.35 and \$3.50 per ton, which is being cut, but for cents per ton, and estimated the market requirements for July at 2,800,000 tons, or about 75 per cent. of the production of the whole month. Demand for coal is slow.

The wholesale trade at Toronto shows little change from that reported a week ago. The post-summer dullness is on, and the movement if anything is more restricted. Travelers are placing fairly good orders for the autumn and winter trade in dry goods, and prices of both cotton and woollen goods, continue firm. Manufacturers report a good feeling existing with an increased enquiry for their staples. Crop prospects are said to be some better since the late rains, but there are yet many complaints of drought. The high prices for hay have attracted shipments from the province of Quebec. Car lots of baled hay are worth \$11 on track at Toronto, while sales on street market are made at \$15 to \$17 per ton, delivered. There is an increasing demand for canned fruits and vegetables, as offerings of fresh stuff are smaller than usual at this season of the year. The wool market is very firm at an advance of one cent, the new clip bringing 21c. to 22c.

Hides continue to hold the late advance, and leather is firm in consequence. A quiet trade is reported by wholesale grocers, while there is a good demand for hardware and harvesting implements. The shipment of live stock has been somewhat checked the past two weeks owing to what they are satisfactory. During June 13,965 head of cattle were shipped from Montreal, a decrease of 784 as compared with the corresponding month of last year, but for season the aggregate 29,832, an increase of 768. In June 14,080 head of sheep were shipped from the same port, an increase of 7,405 over June of last year, and for the season 18,540 head, as against 10,853 the same period of 1894. Business seems to be conducted more on cash basis, as reflected in the last monthly bank statement, which shows a decrease in the total discounts of the banks while there is an increase in deposits. Money is plentiful and easy on choice securities, call loans being quoted at 4%, and prime paper is discounted at 6 to 6 1/2 per cent.

#### Know His Business.

Wife—You told the gentleman you'd charge by the day for movin' his furniture. Why don't you charge by the load like you usually do?  
Hubbard—(a furniture mover)—That new horse is balky.

### HEALTH AND HAPPINESS.

#### How It Was Found By a Lanark County Lady.

She Had Suffered for Years From Weakness and Pains in the Back—Sensation Fought Attended the Rest—Her Health Almost Miraculously Restored.  
From Brookville Recorder.

On a prosperous farm in the township of Montague, Lanark county, lives Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Wood, esteemed by all who know them. Mrs. Wood was born in the village of Merrickville, and spent her whole life there until her marriage, and her many friends are congratulating her on her recovery to health and strength after years of pain and suffering. When the correspondent of the Recorder called at the Wood homestead, Mrs. Wood, although now not looking the least like an invalid, said that since girlhood and until recently, she was troubled with a weak back which gave her great pain at times. As she grew older the weakness and pain increased, and for nearly twenty years she was never free from it. About a year ago her misery was increased by an attack of sciatica, and this with her back trouble forced her to take to bed, where she remained a helpless invalid for over four months. Different doctors attended her and she tried numerous remedies said to be a cure for her trouble, but despite all she continued to grow worse. She was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, but she had done herself with so many medicines that her faith in healing virtues of anything was about gone, and she had fully made up her mind that her trouble was incurable. At last a friend urged her so strongly that she consented to before the first box was all used, she felt a slight improvement, which determined her to continue this treatment. From that out she steadily improved, and was soon able to be up and about the house. A further use of the Pink Pills drove away every vestige of the pain which had so long afflicted her, and she found herself again enjoying the blessing of perfect health. Eight months have passed since she ceased using the Pink Pills, and in that time she has been entirely free from pain or weakness, and says she is confident no other medicine could have performed the wonder Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done for her. She says: "I feel happy not only because I am now free from pain or ache, but because if my old trouble should return at any time I know to what remedy to look for a release."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are especially valuable to women. They build up the blood, restore the nerves, and eradicate those troubles which make the lives of so many women, old and young, a burden. Dizziness, palpitation of the heart, nervous headache and nervous prostration speedily yield to this wonderful medicine. They are sold only in boxes, the trade mark and wrapper printed in red ink, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, and may be had of druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brookville, Ont.

#### The Island of Anticosti.

There arrived in New York a few days ago four Frenchmen whose purpose in crossing the sea from Paris to a certain extent concerns this country. Their destination is the Island of Anticosti, which, if their expectations are fulfilled, they intend to purchase. According to the statement of M. Despeches, the chief among them, the island remained in the possession of the descendants of Louis Joliet until 1884, when it was sold at public sale by order of a Quebec court, and was bought for \$1,000,000 by an English syndicate, which took the name of "The Governor and Company of the Island of Anticosti, Limited." Last year the company went into liquidation, and in September M. Despeches obtained an opinion on the property, which expires October 31, the intervening time being given him in which to examine the island's resources. If he should complete the purchase, he intends to encourage colonization and develop the fishing industry. The island will of course remain British territory.

All powerful souls have kindred with each other.—Caldwell.

# When Money is Scarce And necessaries Imperative

The thrifty man as well as woman looks abroad for the merchant who is enterprising enough to make special effort to meet their wants and receive their trade. I have just to hand a large consignment of elegant goods which I bought at a great reduction and which I will sell at the same. I am showing choice goods in Summer wear at the closest figures and which cannot be bought elsewhere at double the money. I invite your careful attention to the bargains offered.

## GREAT VALUES

## CLOTHING AND CLOTHS!

SUMMER SERGES,  
PANTINGS, WHITE VESTINGS, &c.

### H. LOGAN,

Beaverton's Fashionable Tailoring House.

Beaverton, June 17th, 1895.

### Important to Farmers!

I am prepared to supply you with the following first-class implements at first-class prices:

- 4 PATTERNS PLOWS.
- 2 " " SCUFFLERS,
- GANG PLOWS
- TURNIP DRILLS,
- HORSE RAKE,

See circular for Reduced cash prices

I am also agent for the very extensive lines of manufactures of the Massey, Harris Co.

REPAIRS and Repair Castings a Speciality at right prices.

PHOENIX FOUNDRY.  
Beaverton. **Wm. SMITH.**

### Cheap and Effective

**CHURGH'S**  
POTATO FINISH

NO MORE WATERY POTATOES

READY-FOR-USE-DRY

NO MIXING REQUIRED.

WORTH ITS COST AS A FERTILIZER.

DOES NOT INJURE THE VINES

The only safe way to use a Strong Poison FOR SALE BY

**H. WESTCOTT & SON,**  
Beaverton, Ontario

### Sarsaparilla,

### The Best.

### Our Own

Sarsaparilla in addition to the ingredients of the ordinary Sarsaparilla mixtures contains the Iodides of Potassium and Iron which make it superior to any of those much advertised medicines

A box of Sarsaparilla Pills with every Bottle.

Be sure and get the best when it costs no more.—100 full doses ONE DOLLAR.

**A. T. ELLIOTT,**  
DRUGGIST and STATIONER,  
Beaverton.

### No. 1 Hard.

What No. 1 Hard is among wheat The Page Coiled Spring is among Fences—Incomparable.

### All Can't Raise No. 1 Hard.

But all CAN raise the Page Woven Wire Fence

For information and particulars call or send for

**W. A. BARRETT,**  
The Page Fence Man.

Beaverton, June 10th, 1895.

### BEAVERTON.

#### SPECIAL NOTICES

Commercial items in this column set a line each insertion.

People requiring dry wood can be supplied by J. J. Holmes.

W. T. Bell, organizer for the Canadian order of Chosen Friends is in town organizing a council of the Order.

Jersey Ice Cream, at D. M. Smith's.

All Wool Blankets at Beaverton factory woven by one of the best weavers in the Dominion call and see them and bring your weaving along.

For Genuine Home Made Bread, white and brown go to D. M. Smith's. Raspberries are exceedingly plentiful this year in this vicinity and every day numbers of pickers leave the village for various patches in the vicinity.

Good Health, by using the Genuine Home Made Bread from D. M. Smith's.

The Beaverton Cricketers intend playing a return match with Orillia at an early date when an excursion to that town will take place by steamer Kendrick.

You eat something substantial when using the Genuine Home Made Bread procured only at D. M. Smith's. Knox Church which for some weeks has been undergoing renovation is to be re-opened on Sunday next with appropriate services. Rev. J. Burton, B. D., of Gravenhurst, will preach.

A full line of Fresh Groceries, Teas, Sugar, Canned Goods, Picnic Supplies at D. M. Smith's.

The Orange Excursion to Orillia on Friday was not as largely attended as was expected owing to the threatening nature of the weather. However, about two hundred availed themselves of the trip which was very enjoyable after all. On arrival at Orillia the Lodge took part in the procession at that place.

It is a nice, airy straw hat that you want and if you buy it from Holmes he gives you a fan to lower the temperature. The price is low enough now.

Pastry, Buns, Fruit, Cakes, Lemon Tarts, Oranges, Bananas, Strawberries and all other Fruits at D. M. Smith's.

An excursion in connection with St. Paul's Church Sunday school, of Lindsay, will run an excursion to Orillia on Thursday, July 25th. Train leaves Lindsay at 9:30 a.m., reaching Beaverton at 10:20, returning leaves Orillia at 5:45 p.m. Tickets from Beaverton only 50cts, children 25cts. Permission has been given to excursionists to use the beautiful park on the water's edge and a boat will take those who wish to go to Geneva Park and back for 15cts. A cricket match will also be played between Orillia and Lindsay. It is hoped a number of Beaverton friends will join the party and have a pleasant day.

If you would have an abundance of dark, glossy hair, if you would have a clean scalp free from dandruff and irritating humors, or if your hair is faded and gray, and you would have its natural color restored, use Ayer's Vigor. It is unquestionably the best dressing.

SHILOH'S CURE, the great Cough and Croup Cure, is in great demand. Pocket size contains twenty-five doses only 25c. Children love it. Sold by A. T. Elliott.

An atrocious piece of brutality is recorded from the East Ward. On Monday night last Mr. Wm Campbell of Mara St. found his fine cow minus one of her teats, it having been severed from the animal with a considerable portion of the udder by some sharp instrument, apparently a knife. The missing teat was found later opposite the residence of Mr. Don. McTaggart, Main Street. Under treatment of Mr. Joyce, V. S., the animal will likely recover. We hope some effort will be made to discover the perpetrator of such a contemptible act, that an example may be made.

To improve the appetite, restore healthy action to the bowels, promote digestion, and regulate all the functions Ayer's Pills are the best. As a mild but effective aperient no pill is in greater demand or more highly recommended by the medical profession.

SHILOH'S CURE is sold on a guarantee. It cures Incipient Consumption. It is the best Cough Cure. Only one cent a dose 25cts., 50c., and \$1.00. Sold by A. T. Elliott, Beaverton.

In every town there dwells a few individuals who are too mean to take their lead paper as long as they can sponge the reading of it in any way. There is also another class that the publisher must keep on saying nice things about in order to keep them, and the first time that they read anything that they imagine does not flatter their vanity they rush for the office and exhibit their meanness and their real character and say stop my paper! They forget that they are running their head against a stone wall and taking great chances, and showing themselves up in their true colors.

KARL'S CLOVER ROOT, the great Blood purifier gives freshness and clearness to the Complexion and cures Constipation, 25c. 50c. \$1.00. Sold by A. T. Elliott, Beaverton.

Another fish story—Barrie Gazette:—There were 15,000 pounds of trout, 22,000 pounds of sturgeon, 38,000 pounds of bass, 6,000 pounds of pickerel, 3,500 pounds of pike and 18,000 pounds of "coarse fish" taken from lakes Simcoe and Couchiching last year by professional fishermen, which brought \$7,340. During the year there were 500,000 white fish fry and 200,000 salmon trout fry deposited at Orillia and Barrie in equal quantities.—This year would have been all right but for the 22,000 pounds of sturgeon aforesaid. We don't believe a specimen of sturgeon has ever been taken in Simcoe waters and seldom a pike.

Mrs. T. S. Hawkins, Chattanooga, Tenn., says, "Shiloh's Vitalizer 'SAVED MY LIFE.' I consider it the best remedy for a debilitated system I ever used." For Dyspepsia, Liver or Kidney trouble it excels. Price 75c. Sold by A. T. Elliott, Beaverton.

A serious accident occurred on Wednesday last by which Mrs. Agnes Gunn, (mother of Mrs. J. M. Gordon,) and Mrs. Jenkins, of Thorah were badly injured. The ladies had driven out to the residence of Mr. Jno. Bruce, and were in the act of alighting when a bicyclist came along. The horse took fright at the man and his wheel became unmanageable. In the struggle Mrs. Gunn was knocked down by the horse and it is thought received a kick as on being picked up she was found to have a cut upon the face necessitating several stitches to close besides other serious contusions. Mrs. Jenkins was also severely bruised and shaken up.

A matter of considerable interest to benevolent society men has just come up in connection with one of the fraternal organizations in Toronto. A member of this organization was convicted in the Police Court of drunkenness. For this he was not only fined by the court but suspended by his order the clause of the constitution which makes the excessive use of liquors a sufficient reason for cancelling the insurance carried by a member. Before the offender in this case can be reinstated he must be approved by his lodge and have a fresh medical examination. The action taken is just because a man who indulges in an undue extent in intoxicants makes his risk extra hazardous, and no fraternal society should be expected to carry that hazard. The warning given in this case should not be lost upon others who are insured in benevolent societies and who sometimes linger too long over the flowing bowl.

#### Electric Light Notice.

Parties wishing to renew their contracts for Electric Lights can do so at the following prices:  
Store Lights each per annum \$6  
House " " " " " \$3  
Special Rates for More than four Lights. Persons wishing new lights will please notify the undersigned by August 1st.  
A. DOBSON,  
Beaverton July 13th, 1895.

**Children Cry for  
Pitcher's Castoria.**

**Dr. Chase's  
OINTMENT  
CURES**

Fergus, April 14, 1894  
To Robert Phillips,  
Druggist, Fergus.  
This is to certify  
that I have suffered from  
piles for a long time and  
read several articles re-  
commended for this com-  
plaint, but none of them  
seemed to me till I tried  
Chase's Ointment, which  
has completely cured me.  
Wm. JOHNSON,  
Fergus, P. E.

Sold by all dealers, or on receipt of price, etc.  
Address, EDMANSON, BATES & CO., TORONTO.

Sold by A. T. Elliott, Beaverton.

My six-year-old daughter, Bella, was afflicted with eczema for six months; the principal seat of eruption being behind her ears. I tried almost every remedy I saw advertised, bought innumerable medicines and soaps, and took the child to medical specialists in skin diseases, but without success. Finally, a week ago, I purchased a box of Dr. Chase's Ointment, and the first application showed the curative effect of the remedy. We have used only one-sixth of the box, but the change is very marked: the eruption has all disappeared, and I can confidently say my child is cured. (Signed) MAXWELL JOHNSTON, 115 Anne St., Toronto

#### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

##### Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned and conducted under the name and style of BARKER BROS. has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing the said firm are to be paid to W. J. BARKER, and all claims against the said firm must be presented to the said W. J. Barker, by whom the same will be paid. Dated this 4th day of July, 1895. JNO. J. BARKER WM. J. BARKER. Brechin, July 4th, 1895.

##### PUBLIC NOTICE.

I hereby notify the public that the book debts of the late firm of Lapp & Weeks still unpaid have been transferred to me. All debts due to the firm must be paid either to me direct or to G. F. Bruce Esq. to avoid costs no other persons are authorized to receive monies in behalf of the firm. S. WEEKS, Beaverton, June, 18th, 1895.

##### Building Lots for Sale

The subscriber offers for sale a number of valuable lots for building purposes in the village of Beaverton, situated on the various streets—in the vicinity of the public school, also on Bay and Simcoe streets. Map may be seen and prices and terms—which are easy,—by application to MRS. WM. SMITH, Beaverton, May 8th, 95 Bay St.

##### WOOLLEN FACTORY!

##### BEAVERTON

NOW OPEN FOR  
Carding. Spinning,  
Weaving &c,

Weaving done on blue and white cotton—the best market offers. Single or double width. WOVEN JUST AS CLOSE AS YOU WISH.  
Give us a Trial.  
JAS. RITCHIE.

##### PHOTOGRAPHY

Nothing gives more satisfaction to the friends abroad than a nice photograph of the old home or where you live. Nothing more comforting to the "Crusoe" of the family than a nice group of the folk at home gathered around the old family playground—something to remember the old homestead by when the grey hairs shall cover your head thirty, forty or fifty years hence, and nothing more pleasing than a family group with the old home, the garden, the trees, over which to spend a pleasant hour in meditation.

No better time than the present when everything is beautiful. We will go anywhere and the price will please you.  
W. S. BELL,  
Photographer, Beaverton

##### Caetarrh relieved in 10 to 60 minutes.

One short puff of the breath through a Blower, supplied with each bottle of Dr Agnew's Catarrhal Powder diffuses this Powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use, it relieves instantly and permanently cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, Colds, Headache, Sore Throat, Tonsillitis and Deafness. 60 cents. At W. Williamson, Beaverton.

**PEACEFUL DOVE LODGE, 135, CANNINGTON.**  
Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren always welcome.  
T. WOODWARD, W. DONALDS, N. G. Rec-Sec.

#### Local News Letters.

What they are Doing Round About us.

HARTLEY.

On Friday, the 6th of July, another landmark in the history of Patronism was made by the assembling of the daughters, sons and parents of the labouring and farming classes in the old county called after our noble Queen, Victoria. Yes, fond associations arise as we compile the historic past with all its bearing on human progress and the dissemination of individual knowledge through the medium of the free school, the printing press, and the ballot, and finally the great army of toilers have risen to celebrate the diffusion of knowledge and the advent of Patronism. The grand and successful meeting was held in Mr. W. Manning's grove, near Hartley. The grove partially surrounds Mr. Manning's model and home-like farm house,—the latter term can be fully applied, for the many hundreds who came to do themselves and the cause honor, were perfectly at home within and around the old farm house and if we are to measure the interchange of gold will and sympathy apparent on all hands as an evidence of mutual harmony, we can congratulate not only Mr. Manning and the Hartley people in particular but Mariposa, Eldon and Fenelec generally, as having the social and Patron qualities more than well developed. An evergreen arch bearing the motto "Welcome" marked the entrance to the gathering, where, on our arrival a descendant of good old historical Scotia was lustily playing the bag-pipes—martial memories of Bruce, Wallace, and Bannockburn, first floated on the mental vision but were directly changed when the great drama of the ages was unfolded and instead of war the bag-pipes heralded a victory of peace. A platform was erected under the shade of the trees which decorated the lawn, at right angles from which was a sumptuously-spiced table fully a hundred feet long, which bespoke by its load of dainties a kind reflection for the culinary art mastered by the good wives and daughters of Victoria county. The chair was taken at 3 p.m. and short addresses were delivered by the following gentlemen. Mr. Adams, Lindsay; Mr. Cruess, ex-M.P.P. spoke on the necessity of closer social and political relations amongst farmers; Mr. David Annis, Woodville, gave an interesting discourse on the relations of the farmer to the Professional; Mr. McLeod, Patron nominee, North Victoria, read an address on Patronism, its aims and objects; Mr. Geo. Johnston, Patron candidate, South Victoria, with fine reasoning powers gave an interesting and pleasant discourse on the tariff. Mr. Johnston, if the fate permit, will distinguish himself in parliament. R. C. Brandon, Patron candidate for North Ontario, compared the brain power of the professional men and the combines and the manufacturers, contractors and politicians, with the farmer's way of doing business and things generally, and showed the necessity of united action amongst the toilers of the land and with many illustrations showed how utterly ridiculous the system of political partyism has become and the difference in the earning power of the classes and the masses. The Rev. Mr. Wilkinson, Woodville, gave an interesting discourse, urging the development of political independence among farmers and as usual was the soul of wit humor and good cuts, and as it is his wont, made many good hits in connection with the lady performers who appear to be legion in the vicinity Mr. Gillogally gave some choice selections in song and still appears as great a social attraction as ever. The supper came in here and would do credit to a Waterloo. A life and drum band interspersed the proceedings. After tea Mr. John Campbell gave a good address, followed by Mr. Donald Jackson, who kept the large audience in roars of laughter. Mr. Manning was a central figure throughout the day, attending to the wants of everybody and imparting good-will to all he met. We left amid pleasant songs and music hoping to be there again next year.

#### BEAVERTON MARKET.

(Cash Quotations)

Fall Wheat, per bushel, 85c. to 85  
Spring wheat, per bushel 80 to 85  
Wheat (Scotch) 85 to 90  
" (Goose) per bushel, 75 to 80  
Flour (White Hart) per bu. 85.00  
" (Strong Bakers) per bu. 85.00  
Barley per bushel, 40 to 45c.  
Oats, per bushel, to 55c.  
Peas, per bushel, (small) 55c. 55 to 60, (large) 60 to 60,  
" (Mummies) per bushel 60  
Rye, 40 to 45  
Beans, 90 to \$1.10.  
Buckwheat, per bushel 40c.  
Butter, per lb., (rolls) 12c.  
Butter, (tub) 8c.  
Eggs, per doz., 10c.  
Potatoes, per bushel 25 30c,  
Hay, per ton (timothy), \$5 to \$7.  
Lay, per ton, (clover) \$4 to \$5.  
Straw, per ton, (Oat) \$4 to \$4.50  
Hides, per cwt., 85 to 95

#### TORONTO LIVE STOCK MARKET

TORONTO, July 11th.

CATTLE.

Choice Shippers 4 to 4 1/2  
Butchers' Cattle 3 1/2 to 4  
Stockers 3 1/2 to 4  
Calves (choice), 4.00 to 6.00  
Calves (inferior) 2.00 to 2.50  
Milch Cows 20.00 to 40.00.

SHEEP.

Sheep 3 to 3 1/2  
Yearlings 4 1/2 to 4 1/2  
Spring Lambs 2.50 to 3.50

#### DENTISTRY.

**DR. C. BOWERMAN**  
Honour Graduate of Toronto University and Licentiate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario. Office over D. M. SMITH'S store, Simcoe Street, Beaverton. Moderate fees and satisfaction assured.

#### BEAVERTON'S NEW BAKERY!

**D. M. SMITH**  
Has opened a new bakery and secured a first-class baker. The public can rely on getting good  
Home-Made Bread,  
Buns, Cakes,  
Lemon Tarts,  
Lemon Pies,  
Cream Puffs,  
Short Cakes &c.

#### BOSTON BROWN BREAD!

also a full line of  
GROCERIES,  
Fruit, Ice Cream &c.  
D. M. SMITH.  
Butter and Eggs Wanted.

#### MANLEY'S

**Celery NERVE COMPOUND**  
WITH BEEF, IRON AND WINE.  
FOR  
CONSTIPATION  
DYSPEPSIA, DEBILITY,  
NERVOUS PROSTRATION,  
ALL WEAKNESSES,  
BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES.

#### UNEQUALLED! Unsurpassed!

Never Known to Fail.  
Based on GLYCERINE instead of Alcohol—No injurious Drugs.

#### TRY IT.

Ask for MANLEY'S—Take no other.  
Sold by A. T. Elliott, Beaverton

#### Smoke TOBACCO

**Chew PRESENT T&B**  
**MAHOGANY**  
Manufactured by  
The Geo. C. Luckett & Son Co.  
Hamilton

#### THOROUGHBRED Registered Jersey Bull

The undersigned has for service at his premises, Bay Street, Beaverton, a fine thoroughbred Jersey Bull. (Registered)—Terms, \$1.50. Also the Thoroughbred Tamworth Boar.

(No. 355)  
This fine breed of hogs is now in great demand and the above animal is a magnificent specimen of his race.—Terms, \$1.00. F. S. KING