



Working at... Those w... the lower... the Comst... The heat i... it is like... some plac... work in... supporting... turned on... and in va... nansted... the little... va in th... yeaballs... degrees i... that the p... human f... perspirat... would rec... ent. A... given... even hot... remained... actually c... instead of... pher th... would... to a turn... center, s... that he w... use pers... the natur... ergo the... appens... on cea... when the... disorder... that per... perspi... begins t... ally, th... comes de... dent in... in kin... than... down... sequent... ed Vi... dently... ly li... in rou... feet... d plac... h poss... ed to... the not... and b... ed k... ar pe... an reg... metrix... k, br... rasion... ferre... k ha... ner i... his se... ire, i... ririon... such... ners... all... int in... ald... or... gini... ions... t, ti... arec... co w... octo... r, ou... hin... gini... lous... we... den... g... h... gre... ful... leat... km... a h... the... avi... h... on... me... g... g... est... tat... wa... wt... ort... n... d... im... blit... ly, e... ke... va... sti... or... he... an... the... m... gr... the... yo... cut... wa... in... the

NOTES AND ITEMS.

Washington-specials report that Secretary Sherman says that the Maine election indicates the probability that the Greenback party will take the place of the Democratic in national politics. It might not be surprising if the Greenbackers held the balance of power in several States and in Congress soon. The growth of the Greenback movement shown in the Maine election has surprised the Republicans and Democrats alike. The result is particularly disconcerting to the Republicans because of their failure to maintain their domination in that State, and because of the moral effect in other States.

Specials report that the cool weather at New Orleans is expected to check the fever. The appeals of the Howards have brought more physicians than are needed. Five remarkable recoveries by ice treatment of patients considered in a hopeless condition are reported.

The case of yellow fever at Glister, N. J., 19 miles from New York, terminated fatally, and excites great consternation in the village.

A Washington special says that Superintendent Clarke has requested military protection for the Union Pacific mail and express cars, having knowledge of a contemplated organization of highwaymen to rob them. The War department is prevented from taking action by the posse comitatus clause of the army bill.

There are 20,000 insurgents with 40 cannon in old Bosnia. They have an advance guard 6000 strong between Gratznitz and Hankoven. They have fortified Imlin Zvonik, Tuzla and Tainy. After the defeat of the Austrians at Libases the insurgents invaded Austrian territory at Loskovatz, but were driven back.

SHOT DEAD BY A CLERGYMAN.—Information reached Charlotte, N. C., recently of a horrible tragedy which occurred in Rutherford county, in the western part of North Carolina, in which the Rev. Dr. Wade Hill shot and killed his son-in-law, Major Andrew Scroggins. It appears that Scroggins, while in a passion about a week ago, stripped and whipped Dr. Hill's youngest daughter. Scroggins's wife was present, and begged her husband not to hurt her sister, but he paid no attention to the tearful entreaties, and inflicted painful chastisement on the girl.

As soon as the father heard of his son-in-law's conduct, he went to him, and demanded an explanation. Scroggins said that he had acted on the impulse of the moment, but Dr. Hill replied that he had no right to lay his hands on the child, and the two gentlemen becoming involved in a quarrel over the matter, got to blows, and had it rough and tumble, the father-in-law coming out best. This so enraged Major Scroggins that he went home, and after consulting friends, sent a challenge to the reverend gentleman, which was promptly declined by said gentleman. The Major then vowed to his friends that he would get the best of the chaplain, even if he had to throw poison in his coffee. He armed himself with a navy revolver and a dirk, so as to be fully prepared to lay his antagonist out on sight. The reverend doctor also armed himself to the teeth in case of an emergency, and went about his spiritual work as usual.

On the day of the tragedy, the two met to meet on horseback in the road near the doctor's house. Major Scroggins exclaimed, with a bellish sneer, "Ah! I've got you now!" The Doctor replied, "Keep cool!" The Major replied, "Ten minutes to say your prayers." By this time they were far apart, and the imprudent deed was soon to take place. "Dr. Hill said 'Well, well, I'm ready' at the same time drawing his revolver. Major Scroggins said, "And so am I. May the Lord have mercy on us!" With that he fired twice in rapid succession, neither shot taking effect. The Doctor fired once, killing his antagonist instantly. He then rode back home and told the awful news. Friends carried the Major's remains off for burial, and the Doctor gave himself up.

The greatest excitement prevails, though Dr. Hill is justified in the opinion of the public. The deceased was quite a prominent farmer and politician. Dr. Hill is a Baptist minister of great popularity and usefulness in his section of the State, and has written several orthodox works, which have received the commendation of his brethren.

The news from the fever-stricken districts of the South continues to be of the most sad character. The cholera has not yet been arrested in the fatal scourge. It has

gained in intensity and virulence every day, and has multiplied its victims with a rapidity which sends a thrill of horror through the land. The number of deaths in Memphis on Monday was 112, and in New Orleans, 129; whilst, in these and other places, the number of fresh cases was augmented by hundreds. It is said to be impossible to compute accurately the number of cases of prostration and sickness, although the number of ascertained deaths is now reported as exceeding 4000. Among them are a large number of nurses, physicians, and clergymen, who have died with the fortitude of heroes at the post of duty. Their example begets a bright spot in the gloomy scene. To the pains of sickness there are now to be added the horrors of starvation. Thousands are without food and help. In Memphis as many as three hundred nurses have been without food for twenty-four hours. There is a piteous and impetuous call for sympathy and relief, and this call is responded to in a noble manner. The whole country is moved in sorrow and contributions are flowing in freely. In New York alone more than \$100,000 have been raised. Other cities are doing in proportion. This prompt assistance will do much to mitigate the frightful sufferings which are endured. But more is yet required, and whilst the fountain of human sympathy is thus opened, should there not also be public intimation to God that He would arrest the progress of the scourge.

The St. Andrews Standard.

St. Andrews, Sept. 18, 1878.

Throughout the contest which terminated yesterday, we avoided the quagmire and ditches of party discussion, and endeavored to advocate the interests of those whose weary limbs are covered with the dew of toil. In doing so, it will be admitted that we did not underestimate the merits of Mr. Adams, nor set forth the fact that the plough of time had furrowed his forehead, or that the crow's feet of age appear in the corner of his eyes—let us honor him all the more. It was not our purpose to set forth his political sins, nor decry his abilities—we choose rather to deal with measures, not men who approved or disapproved of them, and at the same time accorded to the opposition that sincerity in their views, which we claimed for the policy of the administration. We had the courage of our convictions to uphold the Mackenzie government, in our humble way, and hold from a lengthened experience gained through many election contests, that political warfare can be conducted in such a manner as not to wound the feelings of an opponent; personalities and references to private character are a disgrace to journalism. The contest being over, we hope that kindly and generous feelings among both parties will wipe out the necessities which may have existed during the election.

The elections held yesterday throughout the Dominion were the most important held for many years, and by the result as far as the reports received must be satisfactory to the friends of the honest and able government of the Hon. Alexander Mackenzie. The great heart of the people was stirred, and revolted at the attempt to elect men who would sell the prosperity of the country to the United States for \$250,000 to carry on bribery and corruption. The County of Charlotte has upheld its independence and supported the Government by triumphantly electing

A. H. GIBSON.

The ringing cheers given last night as the reports were received by telegraph from the various polling places showing Mr. Gillmor's success were proof positive that he was the choice of the people, and the evening proceedings were wound up by a爆竹 on the hill to celebrate the Roblin victory. Tax polling districts are yet to be heard from, and will add to Mr. Gillmor's majority.

St. John has returned Hon. Mr. Burpee and Mr. Weldon, Mr. Tilly also for the City by a majority of 29 over Mr. DeVeber. York has elected Mr. Pickard, Westmorland Sir A. J. Smith, and Northumberland Mr. Snowball. Mr. Mitchell and Mr. Palmer lost their elections. Hon. Mr. Cartwright and some other ministers, and Sir John Macdonald have lost their election, and it is reported that according to the returns, the administration has been defeated by a small majority. In any case, we have invariably bowed to the decision of the people, and trust that the best feeling will prevail among all parties.

POLITICAL MEETINGS.—The result of the various political meetings held throughout the country may be judged by the vote of the constituency. The attempt to make "the worse the better cause," did not convince a majority of the people that a readjustment of the tariff and protection would ensure a better policy for the country than that of the Mackenzie government. The colour of the \$250,000 loaned to

debauch the electorate, was too nauseous to swallow a second time, such a dose they would not pay for, and Sir Hugh Allan must be recognized from the private purses of the Mackenzie government who reap the benefit of the expenditure.

CUSTOMS UNION.—The Boston Traveller has a special from Washington which intimates that Secretary Evans is surprised at the excitement occasioned in London by a purely speculative account of the negotiation for a Customs Union between the United States and Canada. The Secretary intimated that the scheme as proposed would primarily involve the abolition of all the Custom Houses of the United States on the Canadian borders and their removal practically to Canadian ports, which would have the effect of excluding English exports from the Canadian markets, except under the tariff regulations of the United States. The idea has also been conveyed from England, that in view of the change of circumstances, it may be considered advisable for Great Britain to place a retaliatory tariff on imports from the United States, unless the severe prohibitory tariff against all articles of English manufactures are modified.

The election contest being ended, we can devote more time and space to local and general news. It is not necessary that we should apologize for having taken an active part, and using our columns in supporting Mr. Gillmor, as we did so, in the interest of the Mackenzie government and the prosperity of the Dominion which we believe to be a great extent depends upon its having an honest and capable government. It was "measures not men" which we advocated, and we did so without being subsidized, or the hope of reward, other than obtained from honest toil. No document other than legal blanks, and election cards was published by us during the campaign, and we came out of the contest as we entered it—fairly and honestly, without a disrespectful word to the opposition adherents or press.

The British Columbia Government have begun to enforce the Chinese tax. It is most likely that they will find before they have gone very much farther that they have exceeded their functions in imposing it.

The Bishop of Fredericton arrived from England on Thursday last, and on his arrival was presented with a congratulatory address by members of the Episcopal Church, to which he made a suitable reply.

THE ELECTIONS BEING OVER, and the great question decided, it is confidently believed—all party feeling and bickerings should be promptly buried. No doubt each side worked heartily to secure the return of its candidate, and now, that the battle has been decided, we trust that the current of good feeling will flow on smoothly, even if our surface is a little troubled by misrepresentation should continue to float. Why should persons who have entertained friendly feelings for each other, permit election squabbles to interrupt their good understanding and arouse bad passions; there is no necessity for such unseemly differences, nor indulging in unpleasant boasting and harping upon discordant strings. Let each extend the hand of friendship and let bygones be bygones, and live as far as possible on terms of unity. Honorable opposition can be respected but hypocrisy such as pretending to be in sympathy with a candidate, while at the same time doing everything to injure him, is reprobated by all right minded people.

The New York horse-car drivers began what was intended and expected to be a general strike last Thursday morning. For some reason those on the Eighth, Fourth, and Second Avenue lines failed to do as agreed, and the heat of the strike was left to be done by the drivers on the Third and Sixth Avenue lines. About 3 o'clock of that day the strike on Sixth Avenue collapsed, the men resuming work at the reduced piece of their own accord. On the Third Avenue line there was more serious difficulty. The attempt of the managers to start cars was forcibly resisted, the passengers compelled to alight, and the cars turned across the track so that the way was blocked. At one time a serious riot was feared, and several companies of the militia were put under arms, but the presence of a large force of police restored order. On Friday morning there was a strike on the Second Avenue line, which lasted only a few hours. Saturday all the lines were running as usual. Some of the companies compromised with their employers, and pay them \$1.30 a day instead of the proposed \$1.75, and they returned to their former work, and preceded the men to yield.

The hard times are felt in England as well as here, particularly by manufacturing interests. The Preston Operatives' Association has issued a notice, pointing out that 164 pairs of spinning-mules are stopped in the town; that it is feared a much worse condition of things is imminent, and that short time will be generally adopted in Lancashire. A meeting of manufacturers has been called to meet at Manchester to consider the unprecedented commercial difficulties. John Eastwood & Sons, worsted spinners and manufacturers of Luddenden, near Halifax, Yorkshire, have failed. Their liabilities are \$475,000, and the announcement was made in London last Friday that three of the largest cotton mills in Blackburn would close in a fortnight. Notification has been given that three others will work on short time.

Reports from the leading lines of trade are uniformly favorable to an active fall business. Competition will be sharp, and prices promise to rule low. Some heavy failures have followed the closing up of the Bankrupt Law. The import and export movements maintain their relative averages with a steadiness which, in view of the strength of American national securities, a broad, must soon cause considerable gold supports. As we expected, the sensational reports of injuries to the wheat crop prove to have been exaggerated.

The Growth of Texas.

Ex-Governor Pease of Texas, asserts that immigration has done more for Texas, within the past eight or ten years, than it has done for any other State; and a notable feature of this growth is the circumstance that the immigrants have come, not to any considerable extent, from Europe, but from other States in the Union. During the six or seven years immediately following the war, tens of thousands of people who were born and had always lived in Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Georgia, South Carolina, and other Southern States—but especially Mississippi—finding themselves seemingly cramped at home, migrated in crowds to the wider and newer fields of Texas.

The greater part of the immigration into Texas, during the last three or four years, has been, and now is, from the Northwestern States. People from Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota, and all that region tired of the long, severe winters of the Northwest, are flocking southward into the more genial climate of Texas.

That great State, which is very nearly equal in geographical extent to the whole of France, with an addition equivalent to the size of New York State, can support a population equal to the whole United States. Its division into two, three, or four States is only a question of time. It possesses in its northern part a great wheat growing region. Its western slopes and plains are finely adapted to grazing and to sheep-culture. Winter pasturing is always easy. Texas has no "rainy season"; its rains are uncertain as to season, and are scattered through the year; though the supply is probably not always fully equal to the needs of the agriculturist.

The German Parliament has been opened by a speech from the Emperor William. In this the Emperor expresses a hope that the Anti-Socialist Bill will be adopted, and that the spread of the pernicious Socialist movement may be arrested, and that those who have been led astray by it, may be brought back to the right path. No reference is made in the Emperor's speech to foreign affairs, and it is generally thought that the Government is uneasy at the present aspect of foreign matters.

It is now possible to form a pretty accurate idea of both the quality and extent of the harvest in Scotland. The work of reaping has been going on for at least a fortnight in most of the counties, and by this time the grain is very generally gathered. A feeling of satisfaction is everywhere expressed. The expectations which have been indulged are not likely to be disappointed. In oats, barley, rye, and wheat particularly, there are abundant crops. The testimony is that they bulk well. There are also fair prospects for vegetables, although in some cases the potato disease is doing great damage. Altogether the Scottish farmers have ground for congratulation rather than complaint.

VISITORS TO ST. ANDREWS can obtain agreeable and pleasant quarters at Kennedy's Hotel, one of the best houses in the Province. The rooms are large, well ventilated and nicely furnished, and command a view of beautiful scenery of the surrounding country, diversified by land and water, and fitted with all modern conveniences. The larder is always supplied with the best from the town and surrounding markets, while every thing in season may be found at the table, with obliging and polite waiters. The location is within a short distance of the Railway, and Steamboat landing and near the bathing places. Connected with the establishment is a large livery stable. In a word, the house is a favorite resort for men of business, and visitors generally. 25-lyr

Another characteristic and graceful speech has been delivered by Lord Dufferin. The people of Ontario have presented to his Excellency a complimentary address signed by the mayors, gardeners, Reeves, and other officials of the Province. A deputation waited upon His Lordship at Quebec the other day for the presentation of this address. The deputation was preceded by three Scotch pipers, dressed in full Highland costume, and the ceremony of presentation was one of special interest. In reply to the address Lord Dufferin thanked the deputation very warmly for the sentiments it contained, and for the honor conferred upon him, and then in a highly eulogistic strain, he proceeded to speak of the excellencies of the Marquis of Lorne and the Princess Louise. The country, he thought should be congratulated on the appointment, and assuredly the speech of His Excellency was calculated, if anything were needed to do it, to make the Canadian people more in love than ever with both the retiring and the incoming Governor-General.

RAILWAYS IN NEWFOUNDLAND.—There is a nice railway contractors in Newfoundland, that Island having, up to the present time, escaped the Railway fever. Its public resources in this respect are, therefore untouched. The Montreal Star says:

The Legislative Assembly of Newfoundland has proposed to grant an annual subsidy of £120,000 to any company which will construct a railway across the island from St. John's to George's Bay. This is undoubtedly the line which was recommended some time ago by Mr. Sanford Fleming in connection with his shortest route to Europe via Shippegan. The line across the island was surveyed several years ago by order of the Island Government and under the direction of Mr. Light, who also endorsed all that had been said in its favor by Mr. Fleming. If it be all that is contended for it, this line in connection with the Intercolonial Railway and the required steam service across the Gulf of St. Lawrence, would enable the Atlantic trade—passengers, mails and merchandise—to be landed at and despatched from a point of North America almost 1000 miles nearer to Europe and New York, thus avoiding that part of the voyage between New York and Cape Race. Years ago this shorter route proposal was warmly endorsed by the press in the United States, and it may be that the action of the Newfoundland authorities will have some effect in bringing it to a consummation.

DR. LAWRENCE, Surgeon-Dentist, will thank those who intend calling on him to do so as soon as possible, as his time in Saint Andrews is limited.

BALLOON'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE FOR OCTOBER.—The October number of this popular and cheap magazine is issued, and among the noted articles is one entitled "The Marquesas Islands," by the author of "The Slaves' Adventures," who visited the islands some years since, and remained there for nearly six weeks, mixing with the natives, and studying their lives and habits and witnessing some of the wonderful tattooing which they undergo for the purpose of rendering themselves attractive in each other's eyes. Published by Thomas & Talbot, 23 Hawley Street, Boston, and for sale at all the principal depots in the country.

Miss Mary Phillips, aged 23, confessed on Saturday morning at Jersey City, that she had murdered her five months' old child, because she could not afford to take care of it.

Mrs. Richard Shay of North Adams, Mass., a few days ago attempted to kindle a fire with kerosene, with the usual success. She owes her life and that of her infant to the prompt action of two or three young men who, seeing her clothing on fire, rushed in and smothered the flames with blankets.

A despatch from Calcutta says it is universally recognized that the present is one of the most critical epochs in the history of India. A single false move in the conduct of the mission to Afghanistan may involve not only a costly frontier war, but wider complications. The mission forms a single step in an extensive concerted scheme for the protection of India.

For some time the attention of French capitalists has been directed to Algeria as a source of undeveloped revenue. The latest enterprise undertaken is the working of the great salt lake of Arzew, which covers an area of 4,000 superficial hectares. This great inland sea is fed by sources rising in the mountains, and under the African sun, its bed is left dry in summer, when about three million tons of salt can be extracted without much labor or cost.

Vienna, Sept. 16. A correspondent of the Free Press has interviewed General Philippovich. The General was confident he would be master of Bosnia our weeks hence.

A fire of dwellings at order prevented. A pair and a demol.

The floor houses in 1st. Fanny W to commit railroad work rescued by Festive.

J. H. Rom Dear Sir: I have just received your letter of the 10th inst. in relation to my business as I saw an ad. in the paper which I thought I had sent to you. I have sent it to you.

Robinson's Liver Oil is a pure cod liver oil, free from all impurities, and is the best for all ailments of the liver and lungs.

All persons who are interested in the affairs of the Dominion should read the Standard.

St. Andrews

CANAD

To C

The Government of the Dominion of Wales is now in the hands of the British Government. The Government of the Dominion of Wales is now in the hands of the British Government.

Ottawa, M

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The date above is 1st January

Ottawa, 2

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Vienna, Sept. 16.  
The London Free Press has inter-  
viewed the General. The General  
said he would be master of Bosnia  
and Herzegovina.

**Zealand Indian Islands, Sept. 16.**  
A fire on Friday night destroyed seventeen  
dwellings and much other property. Great dis-  
order prevailed. Many robberies were com-  
mitted. A panic was caused by the conflagration  
and demolition of the buildings.

**Calcutta, Sept. 16.**  
The floods have destroyed upwards of 1,000  
houses in the Jullunder district of the Pan-  
jab.  
Fanny Warren, a girl of ill repute endeavored  
to commit suicide by drowning herself near the  
railroad wharf, St. John, 15th inst. She was  
rescued by some boys.

**Testimonial from Capt. Joshua Hooper.**  
SICKVILLE, N. B., Feb. 13, 1877.  
J. H. ROBINSON, Esq., St. John, N. B.  
Dear Sir:—Early in October last I took a se-  
vere cold which settled on my lungs. After hav-  
ing it last cough for about six weeks, I had a  
severe attack of bleeding from the lungs, while  
on a voyage to Queenstown, 15 Days. I had  
daily spouts of blood for some days, until I  
lost about two gallons of blood, and was so weak  
as to be scarcely able to stand. I put pack to  
Queenstown, where I received such medical as-  
sistance as enabled me to get home.  
I saw an advertisement of your Phosphoric  
Cod Liver Oil Emulsion in a paper. I immedi-  
ately sent you a half dozen bottles, after tak-  
ing which I feel myself a well man again. My  
weight which was reduced to 120 pounds, is now  
up to my usual standard 152 pounds. Seeing  
what it has done for me, I can confidently recom-  
mend it to others afflicted with lung diseases.  
Yours Very Truly,  
(Signed) JOSHUA HOOPER,  
of the brigade "Mary Lowerson."  
Robinson's Phosphoric Emulsion of Cod  
Liver Oil with Lacto-Phosphate of Lime is pre-  
pared solely by J. H. ROBINSON, Pharmaceutical  
Chemist, St. John, N. B., and for sale by  
Druggists and General Dealers. Price \$1.00  
per bottle; Six bottles for \$5.00.

**NOTICE.**  
All persons having any claims against the  
estate of the late William Welsh, are re-  
quested to present the same, duly attested to the  
Subscribers within three months from date, and  
all persons indebted to the said estate are re-  
quested to make immediate payment to  
J. F. MULLIGAN, Executor,  
St. Andrews, Sept. 17, 1878.

**CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.**  
To Capitalists and Contractors.  
The Government of Canada will receive pro-  
posals for constructing and working a line of  
Railway extending from the Province of Ontario  
to the waters of the Pacific Ocean, the distance  
being about 2,900 miles.  
Memorandum of information for parties pro-  
posing to tender will be forwarded on applica-  
tion as uninclosed. Engineers' Reports, maps of  
the country to be traversed, profiles of the  
surveyed line, specifications of preliminary  
work, and a list of the Act of the Parliament of  
Canada under which it is proposed the railway  
to be constructed, descriptions of the natural  
features of the country and its agricultural and  
mineral resources, and other information, may  
be seen on application at this Department, or to  
the Engineer-in-Chief at the Canadian Govern-  
ment Offices, 31 Queen Victoria street, E. C.,  
London.  
Sealed Tenders, marked "Tenders for Pacific  
Railway," will be received, addressed to the un-  
derigned, until the 1st day of December next.  
Public Works Dept., Ottawa.  
Ottawa, May 23, 1878.

**NOTICE—EXPIRES OF TIME.**  
The date for receiving proposals under the  
above advertisement is hereby extended to the  
1st January 1879.  
P. BRAUN, Secretary,  
Public Works Dept., Ottawa.  
Ottawa, 2nd September, 1878. sep 11 4in.

**Notice to Contractors.**  
The Government of Canada will receive pro-  
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P. BRAUN, Secretary,  
Public Works Dept., Ottawa.  
Ottawa, May 20, 1878. July 17 14

**J. E. O. HATHEWAY**  
AUCTIONEER  
Office, Water St., St. Andrews  
July, 1878.



**ST. ANNE, OTTAWA RIVER**  
Notice to Contractors.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Secre-  
tary of Public Works, and endorsed "Tend-  
ers for Canal and Lock at St. Anne," will be re-  
ceived at this office until the arrival of the East-  
ern and Western mails on TUESDAY THE 8TH  
DAY OF OCTOBER next, for the construction  
of a Lock and the formation of approaches to it  
on the landward side of the present lock at St.  
Anne.  
A map of the locality, together with plans and  
specification of the works to be done, can be seen  
at this office and at the Resident Engineer's of-  
fice, St. Anne, on and after TUESDAY, THE  
24TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER next, at either  
of which places printed forms of Tender can be  
obtained.  
Contractors are requested to bear in mind that  
tenders will not be considered unless made strictly  
in accordance with the printed forms, and—in  
the case of firms except there are attached the ac-  
tual signatures of the nature of the occupation and  
residence of each member of the same, and fur-  
ther an accepted bank cheque for the sum of \$200  
will accompany the tender, which sum shall be  
forfeited if the party tendering declines entering  
into contract for the works, at the rates and on  
the terms stated in the offer submitted.  
The cheque thus sent in will be returned to the  
respective parties whose tenders are not ac-  
cepted.  
For the due fulfilment of the contract, satisfac-  
tory security will be required by the deposit of  
money to the amount of five per cent, on the bulk  
sum of the contract of which the sum sent in  
with the Tender will be considered a part.  
Ninety per cent, on the progress estimates will  
be paid until the completion of the work.  
To each Tender must be attached the actual  
signatures of two responsible and solvent persons  
residents of the Dominion, willing to become sure-  
ties for the carrying out of these conditions, as  
well as the due performance of the works em-  
braced in the Contract.  
This Department does not, however, bind itself  
to accept the lowest or any tender.  
By order, P. BRAUN,  
Secretary.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS,  
OTTAWA, 19th August, 1878

**First Glass Pianos.**  
The Proprietors offer for sale First Glass  
Pianos of 130 octave, black walnut and rose-  
wood, furnished with all modern improvements,  
at moderate prices for cash or other approved  
payment. Pianos shipped at manufacturers  
cost, and warranted.  
**E. WILLARD & CO.,**  
Factory, 392 Tremont St., BOSTON.  
Orders left at the Standard office, St. An-  
drews, will be promptly attended to.

**E. CAMERON, M. D.**  
Physician, Surgeon,  
AND ACCOUCHEUR.  
Dr. CAMERON may be consulted profes-  
sionally at his office, at Woodlands Cove Grand  
Manan, June 10, 1878.

**CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.**  
Ottawa, May 27, 1878.  
No discount on American invoices until fur-  
ther notice.  
J. JOHNSON,  
Commissioner of Customs

**MEGANTIC HOTEL.**  
St. Andrews, N. B.  
THE Subscriber respectfully an-  
nounces to his friends and the public in gen-  
eral, that he has taken the above named House  
and thoroughly fitted it for the reception  
of TRAVELLERS  
AND PERMANENT BOARDERS  
From long experience as a hotel proprietor  
and careful attention to the wants and com-  
fort of his guests, he hopes to receive a liberal  
share of patronage.  
He also keeps on hand a well selected Stock of  
Liquors, &c.  
A LARGE STABLE and careful hostler  
at the premises.  
JAMES NEILL,  
Manager  
St. Andrews, Oct. 13, 1877.

**BOOTS & SHOES.**  
LADIES, MISSES AND GENTLEMEN'S  
Boots and Shoes,  
BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTORY.  
ALSO—A supply of imported Stock, consisting  
ladies and Misses' Boots, Walking shoes  
and Rubbers,  
which will be sold at the lowest terms.  
J. M. HANSON,  
St. Andrews, 1878.

**MANCHESTER HOUSE,**  
1878.

Our Departments are now well assorted for the  
Season's Trade.

**NEW WOOLLENS, COTTONS, LINENS, AND**  
Every description of British & Foreign  
MANUFACTURED  
**DRY GOODS.**  
Special Lines in

**DRESS MATERIALS, ALPACCA,**  
Cashmeres, Cloths, Prints,  
CAMBRICKS, COTTONS, HOSIERY, HATS.  
MILLINERS STOCK. CAPS

**HABERDASHERY AND SMALL WARES.**  
Wholesale and Retail.

**ODELL & TURNER.**  
E. S. POLLEYS.  
SUCCESSOR TO THE LATE WILLIAM WHITLOCK, ESQ.

Would respectfully inform the inhabitants of Saint Andrews and vicinity, that he purposes  
containing the business at the  
Old Stand, Church Block, Water Street,  
Near the Post Office.

Having made large additions to the varied stock heretofore kept, he trusts by attention to the wants  
of the community, to merit a share of patronage.  
**IN STOCK.**

Fresh supplies of **SUGARS**, English, Crushed,  
Granulated, Scotch Refined, &c.  
A very choice article of **MOLASSES**,  
**TEAS**,  
Oolong, and English Breakfast.  
**COFFEE**,  
Pure and Fresh Ground Java,  
Macaroni, Tapioca, Sago, Spices, Starch.  
**SOAPS**, Potash, Soda, Saleratus, Dried  
Fruits, Fine Navy Bread, Crackers, Biscuit,  
**TOBACCOS**, Navy, Back Jack, and Smoking,  
**PAINTS**, OILS, VARNISHES,  
DYES, GLASS & PUTTY,  
Painters Supplies, WOOD WARE, Tubs,  
Pails, Brooms, Brushes, Builders Shell, &c,  
and Carriage **HARDWARE**, Iron, Steel,

**Parks Cotton Yarns!**  
Awarded the Only Medal Given at the  
Centennial Exhibition  
For Cotton Yarns of Canadian Manufacture.  
No. 15's to 10's.  
WHITE, BLUE, RED, ORANGE and GREEN.  
Made of Good American Cotton with great care  
Correctly numbered and Warranted Full  
Length and Weight.  
WE would ask the purchasers of Cotton Yarn  
to remember that our Yarn is spun on Tur-  
bine Frames, which make a stronger yarn than the  
King Frames, used in making American yarn.  
It is also better twisted and more carefully re-  
dressed each hank being tied up in 7 less of 120  
yards each. This makes it much more easy to  
wind than when it is put up without lead—is the  
American is—and also saves a great deal of  
water.  
Those acquainted with weaving will understand  
the great advantage it is to them to use yarn put  
up in this manner.  
**COTTON CARPET WARP,**  
Made of No. 10 Yarn, 4-Ply Twisted.  
WHITE, RED BROWN, SLATE, &c.  
All fast colors.  
Each 5 lb bundle contains 10,000 yards in  
length and will make a length of Carpet in pro-  
portion to the number of this in width.  
We have put more twist into this warp than it  
formerly had, and it will now make a more dur-  
able Carpet than can be made with any other ma-  
terial. Since its introduction by us, a few years  
ago, it has come into very general use throughout  
the country.  
All our goods have our name and address upon  
them. None others are genuine.  
**WM. PARKS & SON.**  
New Brunswick Cotton Mills.  
June 19—3m ST. JOHN, N. B.

**THE GREAT CAUSE OF HUMAN MISERY.**  
We have recently published a new edition  
of DR. GUYEVELL'S CELEBRATED ESSAY  
on the radical and permanent cure (without  
medicines) of Nervous Debility, Mental and Physical  
Incapacity, impediments to Marriage, etc.  
resulting from excesses.  
Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents,  
or two postage stamps.  
The celebrated author in this admirable Essay  
clearly demonstrates, from thirty years successful  
practice, that alarming consequences may be rad-  
ically cured, without the dangerous use of inter-  
nal medicine, or the application of the knife;  
pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, cer-  
tain, and effectual, by means of which every suf-  
ferer, no matter what his condition may be, may  
cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.  
This Lecture should be in the hands of  
every youth and man in the land.  
Address  
**THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.**  
41 Ann St., New York.  
PO. Box, 4566.

**DIPHTHERIA!**  
Johnson's Anodyne Linctus will positively prevent  
the disease, and will positively cure any case  
in ten. Information will give many more sent free  
by mail. Don't delay a moment. Prevention is better  
than cure. J. JOHNSON & CO. Bangor, Maine.

**VISITING & BUSINESS CARDS**  
STANDARD OFFICE

**DR. E. LAWRENCE,**  
Surgeon Dentist.

Graduate of Dental Hospital, and late  
Assistant Dental Surgeon of St. Bartholo-  
mew's Hospital, London.  
Intends practicing his profession in Saint  
Andrews, for a short time, and those requiring  
his services, will please call as early as possi-  
ble.  
Office over C. E. O. Hatheway, Esq.,  
St. Andrews, Aug. 13, 1878. 1f

**NEW GOODS,**  
Just opened By  
**GEO. F. STICKNEY,**  
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER.

**GOLD and Silver Watches,**  
Chains, Rings, Brooches,  
PINS, LOCKETS, Sets STUDS,  
Follies, &c. &c.  
**BREGUET SEALS and KEYS.**  
Silver, Electroplated, Britannia  
Metal.  
BRITISH PLATE AND GLASS WARE, &c.  
Papier Machie, Parian, Wedgewood,  
BOHEMIAN, JET AND RUBBER GOODS,  
FURNITURE FROM LUDWIG OF PARIS  
CLEANER AND RIGID OF LONDON;  
Genuine EAU DE COLOGNE from JOHANN  
MARIA FARINA; JULICH'S PLATZ No. 4  
Cologne.  
FANCY SOAPS, Combs and Brushes of all kinds,  
Joseph Rodgers & Sons  
Celebrated TABLE and Pocket CULINARY  
Hardware, Edge Tools,  
HOUSE FURNISHING and FANCY GOODS,  
Agent for Lazarus & Morris' Perfected  
**SPECTACLES.**  
Clocks, Watches and Jewelry Repaired.  
Water Street, St. Andrews, July 24.

**KNOW THYSELF**  
By reading and practicing  
the inimitable truths con-  
tained in the best medical  
book ever issued, entitled  
**SELF-PRESERVATION**  
Price only \$1. Sent by mail  
on receipt of price. It  
is a treatise on Hygiene, Dietetics,  
Nervous and Physical Debility, and the endless  
concomitant ills and untold miseries that result  
therefrom, and contains more than 100 original pre-  
scriptions, many of which are worth the price of the  
book. This book was written by the most ex-  
tensive and probably the most skillful practitioner  
in America, to whom was awarded a gold and jew-  
eled medal by the National Medical Association.  
A Pamphlet, illustrated with the very best  
Steel Engravings—a master-  
piece of art and beauty—  
sent free to all, send  
for it at once. Address  
**PEABODY MEDICAL  
INSTITUTE, No. 4 Bul-  
finch St., Boston, Mass.**

**FLOUR,**  
Choice SOUTHERN and MICHIGAN brands.  
**FISH.**  
Bright No. 1, COD and POLLOCK,  
**HAM & BACON,**  
Home cured. Whole or cut.  
**SUGAR.**  
Bright Porto Rico and No 1  
Scotch Refined.  
Granulated and powdered.  
**TEAS.**  
Choice English Breakfast and Oolong.  
—PITCH & TAR—  
OILS and PAINTS, SEEDS, LATHS.  
WOOD—Dry Birch, Maple, Beech, Spruce.  
The above we are selling at  
Very low prices for Cash.  
may 18 BECKERTON & BRUNDAGE.

**North British and Mercantile Insurance Company,**  
OF EDINBURGH & LONDON.  
ESTABLISHED IN 1809.  
**FIRE & LIFE**  
PRESIDENT:  
His Grace the Duke of Roxburgh, K. T.  
VICE PRESIDENTS:  
His Grace the Duke of Sutherland, K. G.  
His Grace the Duke of Abercorn, K. G.  
Sir John L. M. Lawrence, Bart, G. C. B. & K.  
CAPITAL - - 10,000,000 Dollars  
(WITH LARGE ACCUMULATIONS.)  
The Subscriber having been appointed Inter-  
al Agent for New Brunswick for the above Com-  
pany, is now prepared to effect insurances on  
reasonable terms.  
HENRY JACK,  
General Agent.  
W. B. MORRIS, Agent for St. Andrews and  
vicinity.  
Jan. 29  
A Rice Riding Wagon is offered for  
sale by  
D. F. CAMERON

