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d "Company" in this ned to include any red to include any or not incorporated, in the United Kingthaphs of this clause independent objects. be in nowise limited other paragraph.
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of British Columbia.
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Y. WOOTTON.

# Mictoria Times.

Twice=a=IUleek

VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 24, 1900.

Captured Sacred City

International Troops Are Reported to Have Taken Posses-

Contradictory Dispatches Regarding the Movements of the Imperial Family.

sion on Friday.

VOL. 21.

Chinese Made Determined Effort to Massacre Foreigners Before Relief Arrived.

London, Aug. 21.-Very little news of conditions in Pekin has been received, cwing possibly to the wires being cut. What has been received indicates that all the allies are in need of reinforcements

The commander of the Italian secondclass cruiser Fieramosca telegraphs from Taku, according to the Rome cordispatch of further troops, and that in answer to these 400 Italians marched off post haste.

the entry into Pekin, a Japanese detachment went to the Imperial palace to afford whatever protection was necesmessage was sent to Tokyo. The main ment.

body of the Japanese was then at the Ting Men gate of the Tartar city, with headquarters at the Japanese legation. Reports of the Empress Dowager are still contradictory; but Gen. Yung Lu, on the authority of the Shanghai correspondent of the Standard, is definitely Announced to Be a Prisoner,

by the orders of the Empress Dowager, in the Imperial palace. "This, perhaps," says the correspondent, "is a good thing, as detention in the capital will enable him to negotiate with the ellies! mander, which he would do as Prince Tuan's enemy."

The Chinese minister in London, Sir Chih Chen Lo Feng Luh, on being asked as to the whereabouts of the Emperor Empress Dowager, replied: "They have gone westward to the old capital, Hsian Fu, and I think they are quite safe there.

Serious trouble is now threatened in the neighborhood of Canton. The Americans at Swatow, according to the Daily Chronicle's Shanghai correspondent, have applied for a warship, in conequence of serious rioting; and the Hongkong correspondent of the Daily Mail says that a warship is on the way

there now. message to the commander of marines at Pekin: "I thank God that you and those under your command have been escued from your perilous situation. With my people, I have waited with the deepest anxiety for good news of your safety, and the happy termination of your heroic and prolonged defence. I grieve for the losses and sufferings experienced by the besieged.'

The Daily Mail says a Japanese warship has left Yokohama for Shanghai to troops to protect Japanese sub-The Mail also announces that Germany will land a detachment at

Shanghai Further Yokohama advices to the same paper declare that Germany and Russia are objects of distrust to the Japanese press, which urges that Japan, having borne the chief burden of the operations, must see to it that the future of China s not determined merely by the pleasure of the western powers. "It is felt," says the correspondent, "that determined action on the part of Great Britain, the

United States and Japan Will Avert Any Danger

The semi-official Japanese organ says that if occasion arises Japan can send 50,000 troops on short notice, and that if the powers are inclined to play a selfish game special measures will be

arising from the ambition of Continental

Sir Chih Len Ho Feng Luh, interviewed by the Daily Chronicle, is represented as having said: "The present disturbances are only a temporary outbreak. We do not despair of peace; everything depends upon the conduct of the allies who are now in Pekin. All subsequent questions rest with them for solution. You may be quite certain that it is not the antagonism of Western ideas which is at the root of the troubles, but rather the difficulty of governing a great and ancient people."

The Times says: "The proposal of Li Hung Chang, as it is represented, does not afford a possible basis of negotiations of any kind. Until we have definite inmation as to the political situation in Pekin, we cannot be sure that the

First Duty of the Powers may not be to set up a government with cials to refrain from any personal indigwhich they can subsequently treat, The nities to the Chinese rulers. It develops time for negotiations has not yet ar- in this connection that all of the powers that suggested in the Washington tele- tombs of the Ming dynasty. The programs, and must be conducted by a dif- posed destruction was a threat held out if they are to have any good result." The Chinese native press, according this proposal and thus gave significant

of Boxers is marching toward Kalgan paign. or Chang Kai Khow, to meet the Empress Dowager and to escort her

CHINESE SURROUNDED.

Imperial Troops Held by the Allies in Palace Grounds at Pekin.

Washington, Aug. 20.-The state department has received a telegram, 500 miles inland. Consul Fowler at Chee Foo,

The United States reply to China's the ground that the conditions laid bases of communications. down in the United States note of ernment's course must proceed without in the proceedings.

The dispatch of August 12th said ready to enter into an agreement between the powers and the Chinese government for

A Cessation of Hostilities respondent of the Daily Mail, that very on condition that the relief forces be urgent requests were coming from permitted "to enter Pekin unmolested" Pekin on Saturday for the immediate and escort the legationers therefrom inder such circumstances as the command ing general might lay down. But up to the present time there is no evidence that the allied forces are unmolested at The Japanese minister in London is Pekin or have received the sanction of said to have received a telegram last the Imperial government to convey the evening, announcing that subsequent to legationers to Tien Tsin without further trouble and under the conditions laid down by the commanding general.

China's latest application for peace negotiations was received early to-day sary. The enemy were in strength and at the Chinese legation, and was transfighting was still proceeding-when the mitted to Mr. Wu to the state depart-

Aside from the fact that the conditions of August 12th have not been complied with by China, it is probable that the other powers intend doing in unison. 12th. Moreover, there are some unexplained features of Li Hung Chang's application, one of them being that, while he asks the allies to cease hostilities, he gives no assurance that he has the power to make the Chinese army and the rebellious Boxers cease their hos-

The situation was made more clear to-day from many sources. The latest advice appears to be that from Consul Fowler at Chee Foo, repeating a dispatch received from Consul Ragsdale at Tien Tsin. The latter reports:

grounds." The Japanese legation received a dispatch of the same general tenor, but more in detail, stating that the Chinese troops retreated on the 15th within the Imperial palace, and

They Were Surrounded

there, with Japanese military headquarters located in the Japanese legation. Admiral Remey also transmitted a re-Oueen Victoria has sent the following that "troops are moving on the Imperial city.

> The several dispatches from different perial palace and grounds are under siege. But not one of the dispatches is clear as to how late this condition of for peace. affairs existed. The Fowler dispatch is the latest to be received, and is dated the 20th, but probably that was the date on which it left Tien Tsin. The Japanese dispatch also refers to the Chinese taking refuge in the Imperial palace on the 15th, but does not bring the situation advices than those heretofore received. beyond that date, so that the information, while showing the Imperial city public at present. surrounded, does not disclose the issue of the situation, nor how long it has continned

To-day's dispatches seem to make clear and for this reason it will not be given that the Emperor and the Empress out. It is said it sheds no light on the Dowager have made their escape from situation at Pekin, Pekin, and that about the only present service of the Imperial palace grounds is as an asylum in which the demoralized Chinese soldiers are making a last

The Japanese legation's advices to-day show that the banners of the Imperial cortege were seen leaving Pekin on the 14th, and that probably the Empress Dowager, as well as the Emperor, had

left the city. Consul-General Goodnow advised the state department that he had information from Chinese sources that the

Empress Dowager Had Left Pekin. The attitude which the international forces will observe toward the Emperor and Empress Dowager is understood to have received official consideration among the powers, resulting from a request from the southern viceroys that no personal indignity be shown to China's rulers. In response to this it is quite generally understood there will be ho personal indignity to the Emperor and Empress Dowager, not because it is felt that there is any special consideration due them, but because China would be precipitated into a chaptic state if the

esponsible heads of the Empire lost their functions In view of the general desire of this government and the others concerned to keep China intact and speedily restore quiet, there is a disposition among offi-When it does arrive, they must recently rejected the proposition of the opened up on a different basis from consuls at Tien Tsin to destroy the ent negotiator from Li Hung Chang to the Chinese in the hope of bringing them to terms. But the powers rejected

of the prevince of Shan Si, with a force Chinese was not a part of the set cam-

London, Aug. 21.-Divers paragraphs as to the movements of the Chinese Imperial family continue to be received at the treaty ports and are thence faithfully transmitted to the European capitals. These representing the court as having left Pekin are of exclusive Chinese origin. According to them, their majesties are well on their way to Sian Fu, about

ing the Chinese troops are surrounded by according to a dispatch received by the the allies' armies in the palace grounds admiralty from Rear-Admiral Bruce, the Koofan, have been located with the lega- is an achievement of which they may be

Chang, has not yet been made known, according to the military men, without a They are Mrs. C. Roberts and Mrs. N. palace at Pekin on August 16th, and that but there is reason to believe that the prolonged campaign and with an army overtures will in effect be rejected, on as large as Lord Roberts's, to secure the

Advices from the provincial capital August 12th have not been complied show that the attitude of the southern with, and until complied with the gov- mandarins has been far more friendly since the allies reached Pekin. Some of reference to China's appeal for a halt the magistrates have been issuing proclamations commanding the Chinese to atspecially that the United States were acknowledging that the invasion of the foreigners is justified.

In Sacred City.

London, Aug. 21.—The following has been received from Rear-Admiral Bruce "Taku, Aug. 19.-The allies are reported to have entered the Sacred City of Pekin on August 17th."

Telegraph Line Cut,

Shanghai, Aug. 21.-The foreign officials here learn that the telegraph from Tien Tsin has been cut. The position of the allies is uncertain, and a large body of Chinese troops has taken the field. Appeal Rejected.

Washington, Aug. 21,-The cabinet today decided to reject the latest appeal from Li Hung Chang for a cessation of hostilities. The reply will be communicated at once to the Chinese government, with a statement of the reasons for the action of the government.

The rejection is based on the non-compliance of the Chinese government with factory evidence of his authority to nethe United States government would det the specific provisions of the declaration gotiate. sire to take sufficient time to learn what of the United States under date of Aug.

Par's, Aug. 21.-The French foreign office has received from Li. Hung Chang a request similar to the one addressed to the United States government, asking for the appointment of M. Pichon, the French minister at Pekin, or another person to represent France at the peace negotiations. It is said that all the powers have received a like message.

Viceroy's Appeal.

Washington, Aug. 21.-The state department has received an appeal from the viceroys of Nankin and Hunan asking that no personal indignities be shown the Emperor and Empress Dowager, and renewing the assurances of friendship and of maintaining quiet in the south of China if this was observed.

The communication from the viceroys came through Minister Wu, and was delivered by him to Mr. Adee this morn-

It is understood the powers have con port from Pekin on the 15th, saying sidered the question and there appears to be no disposition to give the Emperor and Empress Dowager affront.

Earl Li Hung Chang has signified his sources establish clearly that the Im- intention of leaving Shanghai for Pekin as soon as he shall receive the reply of the powers to his request of yesterday

Dispatch From Conger.

Washington, Aug. 21 .- It is understood that this government has received an extended communication from Minister Conger giving much later and fuller The text of the message will not be made

The state department also received a dispatch from Consul Fowler at Chee Foo, but it deals with technical features,

The Message

Washington, Aug. 21.-The state de partment makes public a cablegram received last night from Minister Conger: "United States legation, Pekin, undated, via Chee Foo, Aug. 20: To Secretary of State, Washington.-Saved Relief arrived to-day. Entered the city with little trouble. Do not yet know where the Imperial family is. Except the deaths already reported, all Americans are alive and well. Desperate efforts were made last night to exterminate us. Mitchell, an American soldier, a Russian and Japanese were wounded, and a German killed. (Signed) Conger, by Fowler, Chee Foo."

Started For Pei Tsang. Tien Tsin, Aug. 16.-About 5,000 Chinese troops, who are reported to have been at Sing Liu Chung, left to-day, for Pei Tsang. Two thousand more Chinese have gone towards Tung Chow.

Gone Westward, Washington, Aug. 21-The government as received positive confirmation from official Chinese sources of the departure of the Emperor and Empress Dowager westward from Pekin. Where they are now is not stated.

No Confirmation.

Washington, Aug. 21,-The war de-

were urgently needed. Governor Dead. Shanghai, Aug. 21.-Yuan Shi Kai,

governor of Shan Tung, is dead. Ordered East.

Chicago, Aug. 21.-Two battalions of to the Shanghai correspondent of the evidence that anything calculated to give United States infantrymen left Chicago fighting the Chinese outside Tien Tsin Times, asserts that Yu Hsien, governor personal affront to the dignity of the yesterday for San Francisco, from where on August 19th, so Rear-Admiral Bruce

they will be transported on August 30th wires, adding that the engagement was a bird out of the snare of the fowler; to China. Another battalion of each of reported to have occurred six miles the snare is broken and we are escaped.) their regiments, now waiting in San south of Tien Tsin. Francisco to be transported to China, brings the total of the troops sent from dated Pekin, August 17th, from the about 2,200 officers and men.

Captured by Boxers.

Fighting was going on at Pekin on hai. The message states that Dr. Robwho had been stationed on a farm at allies entered the city of Pekin on Fritions at Pekin and are now with the proud allied forces, having been liberated on Parker. Mrs. Parker is known to have been killed by Boxers who stormed the Koofan farm early in July, and grave fears are entertained as to the safety tion is supposed to be Sian Fu. of Mrs. Roberts, who is certain to have been captured by the Boxers."

tend to business, to avoid sedition, and port that the Empress Dowager has been run to earth,

The foreign envoys, according to the Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Express, are proceeding to Tien Tsin. The same correspondent avers that the Sacred City was entered August 15th, twoodays earlier than Rear Admiral Bruce reported.

The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Mail, wiring yesterday, says: "The flags of the allies are floating over the Imperial palace. Street fighting, however, continues. Considerable assistance in the capture of Pekin was rendered by four thousand armed native Christians. The legations were enabled to hold out by purchasing ammunition from the Chi-

The United States action in refusing to deal with Li Hung Chang in the peace proposals meets with unanimous approval at the hands of the morning papers. The Standard says: "We imagine that other powers will take the same course, at any rate, until Earl Li produces satis-

The Daily Chronicle says: "Mr. Conger has at last opened the eyes of the state department to the real character of

Rescue of Foreigners.

Pekin, Aug. 14, via Chee Foo, Aug. 21.—The American and Russian flags were planted on the east wall of Fekin at 11 o'clock this morning. The Indian troops entered the British legation at 1 and the Americans at 3. There was a joyful reception from the wall.

The emaciated tenants could have lasted but little longer. They had only three days' rations. The Chinese had attacking furio davs Four thousand shells fell in the legation during the siege. Sixty-five were killed and one hundred

and sixty wounded. The Japanese began the battle before daylight, and they are still fighting about Minister Conger. The government has the north wall, where part of the Chi- the liveliest sense of gratitude for him, nese are defending the Imperial city. killed and 12 wounded. The British and

Americans had a few wounded. The plan was to make a general attack to-morrow and the troops were arriving at camp, five miles east last night. They partment has received the following were completely exhausted and slept in cablegram from Remey: eern fields in the rain.

The generals, however, alarmed at the Dickens's command is landing to-day. sounds of a heavy attack on the legations, pushed forward independently, the British, Americans and French on the left of the river and the Russians and Japanese on the right.

Beginning at 2 o'clock this morning the Japanese diverted the brunt of the resistance to the northern city, their artillery engaging the Chinese heavily there. The British and Americans met with little resistance until they entered the city, where there was street fighting. Reilly's battery attempted to breach the inner wall. The troops finally entered (Signed) Remey." the foreign settlement through the canal. The Chinese had continually vio- reference to the palace that American

lated the armistice,

Ready for Emergency. Washington, Aug. 21.-The cabinet meeting to-day was devoted entirely to the Chinese situation. Several questions were awaiting attention. One was the application of Li Hung Chang for the ap- office has received a dispatch from Taku, pointment of Minister Conger or some other commissioner to negotiate for the cessation of hostilities. The decision arrived at was to reject the appeal, and a reply of this character will be sent to Minister Wu, to be forwarded to Li Hung Chang

Under the present remarkable conditions, the United States will act with extreme caution in whatever steps it may take towards a solution of the pending problems.

In the meantime there is reason to believe the United States and the powers interested will keep their armed forces on the ground, so that order may be stable government brought out of the existing chaos.

formal acknowledgment of the receipt of well. (Signed) Barry." the communication with satisfactory assurances that no indignities would be offered the persons of their Majesties. additional troops for the allied army that it does not in any way commit the the government buildings there. government to refrain from imposing on the Emperor and Empress Dowager any penalty that subsequently might be decided upon in case it is proved that they were directly responsible for the recent

atrocities. London, Aug. 22 .- The allies

Admiral Bruce also sent a dispatch, this department to the Orient up to general officer commanding there, in panies to-day announced that the Chee which nothing is said as to the situation Foo-Taku cable was open for internaat Pekin. It gives a partial list of the tional correspondence. British casualties during the siege, of; Chicago, Aug. 21.-A special to the the legations, including Capt. Bernard Tribune from Bucyrus, Ohio, says: "The Strouts, who died of wounds, and re- advised that the Chinese administration news of the safety of Dr. Roberts has grets that owing to the heavy road and gives notice that the courier service bereached here in a cablegram from Shang- forced march the naval brigade was unable to participate in the entry. He from Consul Bagsdale at Tien Tsin, say- Saturday, according to one report, but erts and several missing missionaries, says that the way they brought their Telegrams have, however, been forward-

> An official dispatch from Tien Tsin, August 16th. Two other women, who dated 20th, received at Tokio, reports were members of the party, are missing. that the Japanese occupied the Imperial on August 12th the Dowager Empress and the Emperor and the ministers left Pekin with 3,000 troops. Their destina-

Pekin, it is added, being in great confusion, was divided into several districts. MacKenzie, Mrs. Mackenzie and chil-Half the Tartar city was placed under London, Aug. 22.—There is nothing in the news from China to confirm the retees of Japanese, American, British, August 20th. Russian and French officers were appointed to maintain order.

A detachment of Japanese troops rescued the foreign missionaries and Chinese Christian converts who had been imprisoned in the palace,

Two hundred Chinese were killed or wounded. Engaged at Tien Tsin.

London, Aug. 22.-Rear-Admiral Bruce has cabled to the British admiralty from Taku, under the date of Monday, August 20th, that the allies were fighting outside of Tien Tsin on Sunday, August 19th.

Battle of Pekin Over. Rome, Aug. 22.-Dispatches received here from Taku, under the date of August 20th, says: "According to ad-17th, the battle of Pekin was then finished; the Japanese had entered the Imperial palace and the foreign ministers. with detachments of the allied troops,

occupied the Imperial city, the Chinese princes and ministers having retired to Seian (Sian Fu), west of Pekin.' Field Marshal Count von Waldersee, the German officer who is going to the Far East in order to take command of the allied forces in China, with the three with King Victor Emmanuel this morning, after which the field marshal went to the Pantheon and deposited a wreath on the tomb of King Humbert. The field marshal left Rome at 2.30 p.m. for

Naples, where he will embark for China. Chaffee in Charge. New York, Aug. 22 .- A dispatch to the World from Washington says the war department sent Gen. Chaffee a cablegram of four words late this afternoon which practically takes things out of Conger's hands and puts Gen. Chaffee in a

position of the utmost responsibility. The message said: "Report operations,

situation, requirements." There is no intention of depreciating but it it not deemed expedient to act on The Japanese casualties have not yet his dispatches because, after his terrible been ascertained. The Russians had five experience he is naturally biased, and

because he needs and deserves rest. Two Days' Fighting.

Washington, Aug. 22.-The navy de-

"Chee Foo, Aug. 21, Taku, Aug. 20 .-Pekin, Aug. 16.-All except Imperial city cleared of Chinese troops. American troops, the first to enter the Imperial city, have penetrated to the gates of the palace. Capt. Reilly, 5th artillery, killthe 19th the 6th cavalry and about 400 Boxers, eight miles outside of Tien Tsin. About 100 Chinese killed. Five Americans wounded. Chaffee's losses six killed and 30 wounded, in two days' fighting.

The navy department understands the troops, after penetrating the Imperial city were, when the dispatch was sent, attacking the forts in the city. This is the inner enclosure of the Imperial city.

Threatened by Chinese. Berlin, Aug. 22.-The German war dated August 19th, saying the advance of the German battalion was delayed by violent rains. It reached Pekin on Aug- that he was born in Jamaica, West Inust 17th.

Yang Tsun, it is added, was still Bayley, acting British consul-general, threatened by the Chinese troops on the will investigate the case. Imperial canal.

Dispatch From Barry, Washington, Aug. 22.-The war department has received the following

cablegram: Tien Tsin, Aug. 19.—Adjutant-General, customs and insular affairs of the war Washington: With reference to your department, the total exportation from telegram of August 16th, horses, ma- the island of Cuba through the port of maintained and at least a semblance of terial and troops promptly lightered at Hayana for seven months ending 31st Taku and forwarded to the front. The July, 1900, was \$16,698,605, as against 6th cavalry, mounted, on the Grant, \$16,796,971 for the same period last year, The reply of the United States to the (transport) is due in Manila now. Hos- a decrease of \$98,866. appeal of the viceroys of Nankin and pitals are excellent, ample for the pres-Hunan, that no indignities be offered the ent and well supplied. I go to Pekin to-Emperor and Empress Dowager, is a morrow. Sick and wounded are doing

Trouble in Corea.

Yokohama, Aug. 22.-An official dispartment to-day had no information con- The reply is couched in the polite lan- patch from Corea says that a thousand erning the report from London that guage of diplomacy, but it is understood rebels attacked Song Ching and burned

Missionaries Safe. Boston, Mass., Aug. 22.-The Ameri can board of commissioners for foreign

day from Chee Foo as follows: "Psalm 124-7 .- Pekin and Tung Chow missionaries, also Chapins, Smiths and Wickoff, saved."

NO. 8.

Telegraphic Communication New York, Aupg. 22.-The cable com-

The Commercial Cable Co. subsequently sent out the following notice: "We are tween Sian Fu and Pekin is suspended, the couriers having been unable to pass. guns by boat and road from Tien Tsin ed by telegram from Sian Fu via Chee Foo, and from the latter place by the

best possible means."

Returning From China. Toronto, Aug. 22.-Rev. R. P. Mackay, secretary of the Presbyterian Foreign Mission Board, said there were two other Canadian mission parties from China on their way home, in addition to one which arrived at San Francisco last Friday. One, composed of Rev. Mr. dren, and Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Menzies,

The other party, composed of Rev. Jonathan Goforth, Mrs. Goforth and children, Mrs. Simon, Miss Pyke, Miss Dow and Miss McIntosn, is expected to reach San Francisco on August 28th, Dr. Mackay said arrangements are being made to send some of the returned missionaries to work among the Chinese in British Columbia

## Will Return Liberals

vices from a Japanese source, August Sir Wilfrid Laurier Has Completed His Tour Through Nova Scotia.

> Maritime Provinces Will Probably Go Solid for the Government.

officers accompanying him, breakfasted Sir Charles Tupper Said to Be Looking for Another Con-

stituency.

Halifax, N. S., Aug 21.-Sir Wilfrid Laurier completed his Nova Scotia tour to-day and left this afternoon for Que-

bec. He will reach Ottawa on Thurs-The Premier's visit to this province was of a social character. He made some sixteen brief speeches in reply to addresses presented by Conservatives as well as Liberals. He did not touch on political subjects. He was received with intense enthusiasm at all points. and the outlook is that Nova Scotia will send an almost solid phalanx to support him after the next general elections. There is not one constituency safe for the Conservatives, and Sir Charles Tupper is said to be looking for another constituency, as Cape Breton is expected to

go Liberal. New Brunswick will do as well as

Nova Scotia.

KILLED IN RAILWAY SMASH.

(Associated Press.) Tazawell, Va., Aug. 22.-A wreck at Maxwell, six miles from here, on the Norfolk & Western railway, resulted in the death of two men and injuring seven. ed on August 15th. On the morning of A light engine was running west at 40 miles an hour, when it collided with a English and Japanese dispersed 1.000 freight, drawn by two engines going 30 miles an hour. The crash was terrific. New York, Aug. 22.-The wrecking crew got the track clear to-day of the

> found, and it is now certain that only three passengers were killed.

> debris of last night's wreck at Kensico.

on the Harlem railroad. No bodies were

A NEGRO'S APPEAL (Associated Press.) New York, Aug. 22.-Alfred A. Akins, a negro, has appealed to the British consul-general for redress for having been beaten, he alleges, by roughs during the recent race riots here. He is a palace car porter on the New York, New Haven and H. railway. He makes an affidavit dies, and is a British subject. C. Clive

CUBA'S EXPORTS DECREASE.

(Associated Press.) Washington, Aug. 22.-According to a statement made to-day by the division of

PARIS BANK ROBBERY.

(Associated Press.) London, Aug. 22.-C. J. Voss, a former clerk of the Paris Bank, who was accused of stealing about \$300,000 from the bank in January, 1899, has been committed for trial. He was caught while passing a £5 note.

PHILADELPHIA'S POPULATION.

(Associated Press.) Washington, Aug. 22.-The population

missions have received a cablegram of Philadelphia, according to the count just completed at the census office is 1,293,697. The population in 1890 was 1.046.964. The increase during the past (Psalm 124-7.-Our soul is escaped as ten years was 246,733, or 23.57 per cent.

### **Conditions** In Capital

Chinese Army Fled and There Is No Representative of Government at Pekin.

Russia Is Hurrying Troops to the Far East—Missionaries Returning.

London, Aug. 23.-A dispatch to the Morning Post, dated Pekin, Aug. 15th, says: "To-day 1,500 Americans attacked the imperial palace and captured four of the courts. The United States flag is flying over the imperial granary, and the imperial bank has been looted.'

Describing events prior to the relief, the Morning Post correspondent cables: "On August 12th the Tsung Li Yamen requested a conference with a view to peace. No armistice was granted, however, and that night we endured the longest fusilade of the whole siege. It lasted twelve hours. On Aug. 13th the Tsung Li Yamen begged to be excused from any conference, saying that the members were too busy. Later they wrote that they had forbidden firing on us and would court-martial any who disobeyed. During the evening many shells fell in the legation compound."

The Daily Chronicle published an interview with the Japanese minister in London, Kato Kallaki, which represents him as having said: "The Empress is the heart and soul of China. Whether the supreme power is taken from her or Indignant at the Attacks Made Davenport, Surtees and Watson and a not, she will always be the greatest force, the one above all others to be reckoned with. The difficulty will be to get any one who can speak for her. 1 fear that the influence of Li Hung Chang is now of extremely little weight. The powers must come to a final understanding quickly. Anarchy, bloodshed and misery throughout China would be inevitable if a policy does not immediately disclose itself. The government must be re-established."

The Japanese envoy expressed his approval regarding a conference of the powers and said he believed that satisfactory pecuniary compensation would be secured if the forces in China were properly developed, despite the fact that her present revenues are pledged.

Three hundred and seventy-five thousand Russian troops are already in the Far East or on the way by land and sea, or under orders to embark. This statement is made by the Moscow correspondent of the Daily Graphic, who adds that mobilization is in progress all over European Russia, and that there are now at Odessa fourteen steamers chartered to take troops. According to a St. Petersburg special, a telegram has been received at the Russian capital from Shanghai announcing the departure of Li Hung Chang for Pekin.

United States Reply.

Washington, Aug. 22.-After a long conference at the White House to-day, the reply of the United tSates to the appointment of a peace commissioner was eted, and a copy of the reply sent ment made definite announcement that the reply had been conveyed to Mr. Wu, the correspondence would not be made public until to-morrow morning.

The reply of the United States govin China which can prevent the hostilities other governments.

ger, in the department cipher, to the mother and my country.' following effect: "Pekin, Aug. 19.-The entire city, with the exception of the im- She has the prison pallor, but her blue perial palace, is occupied by Japanese, eyes and dark wavy hair are still re-French. It is being apportioned into dis- a bride at seventeen. She wears the No representatives of the Chinese government are in sight in Pekin, and the soner, and her prison number. conditions are chaotic. Many missionaries started for home, while others remain in charge of the Christian refugees, numbering about 1.000."

News of Missionaries. New York, Aug. 22.—The first cablegrams which have come to the mission boards in this city from Pekin since communication was cut off, over two damages against the Union restaurant months ago, arrived to-day. One of them and hotel for refusing to serve him while was received by the Presbyterian Board he was clad in a shirt waist and minus of Foreign Missions. It came from the a coat. Rev. Dr. Wherry, of Pekin, and was dated Chee Foo, where it is supposed to have been sent via Tien Tsin. It was as follows: "Mackay and some converts marvellously escaped. Wire friends." Robert Speer, one of the secretaries of the board, commented on this as follows: "There is much doubt as to the

meaning of the message. The most hopeful interpretation is that it refers to Pao Ting Fu, and that some converts may be mistaken for the Simcoxes. At any rate, it is clear that all the regular missionaries of the Presbyterian church at Pekin are safe and that property is destroyed The Rev. Dr. A. Leonard, of the Meth-

odist Missionary Society, also received a cablegram from Pekin as follows: "Pekin, relieved; all members safe, well." This was signed by Rev. Geo. Davis and Rev. Mr. Gamewell. There were eighteen members of the Methodist missions in Pekin during the siege.

THE ARMENIAN MASSACRES.

(Associated Press.) Constantinople, Aug. 21.—The Sultan has ordered a committee to investigate the recent massacre of Armenians in the Sassun district of Asiatic Turkey, In the meantime His Majesty has relieved the city has been made from the general Ali Pasha of the command of Bitlis.

August 9th announces that two hundred men, women and children had been massacred by troops and Kurds under Ali

FELL INTO THE SEA.

Over a Hundred Children Have a Narrow Escape from Drowning.

(Associated Press.) Cathagena, Spain, Aug. 21.—While a dance was in progress in a floating bath house here yesterday the floor gave way and 150 persons, mostly children, were precipitated into the sea. Many were bruised, but none drowned. The accident is believed to be the work of a miscreant, as the screws of the floor were found to be missing.

STORM CAUSES A PANIC. Triumphal Arch Blown Down-Many Persons Injured.

Richmond, Ind., Aug. 21.—During a wind storm last night buildings were unroofed, and the triumphal arch of the street fair was blown down, injuring sevhundreds who were in attendance at the pageant. One suffered internal injuries and several had broken limbs.

KILLED IN STREET FIGHT.

Fort Worth, Texas, Aug. 21.-Gabe and Cicero Copeland were instantly killed to-day in a fight with John and badly wounded and may die.

### Mrs. Maybrick Interviewed

on the Late Lord Russell of Killowen.

Says She Believes the Time of Her Release Is Not Far Off.

(Associated Press.) London, Aug. 21.-For the first time since her life sentence was imposed eleven years ago, Mrs. Florence Maybrick to-day had a private interview

with her counsel, Dr. Clark Bell, of New York, in Aylesbury prison. A portion of the time counsel gave up to a representative of the Associated Press, who, through the courtesy of the Home Office. was granted an oportunity to talk to the prisoner.

Mrs. Maybrick, like many of her friends, is indignant at the attacks made by the Liverpool Post on the late Chief Justice of England, Lord Russell of Killowen, former counsel for the prisoner. "The only persons up to the present time who ever saw me alone," she said

to the Associated Press, "was the Chief Justice. When the assizes were here last February he came to the prison and asked to see me, as was his official right, irrespective of the Home Office or any When he was starting to go, he plication of Li Hung Chang for the ap- said, 'Mrs. Maybrick, I am doing all in my power for your release. Whatever announce that General Dewet bivounck- that carbolic acid was found in the happens, remember this, that if there is ed 15 miles from the city and that Col stomach, kidneys and brain of deceased. to the Chinese minister, Mr. Wu, to be one man in England who believes in your forwarded to Earl Li. The state depart- innocence, I am that man.' It was only by accident that I heard of Lord Rus- day (Monday) morning. sell's death, for I have not seen a newsbut added to its official utterance that paper for a decade, but I could not help but feel that in his death I had lost my his constant and untiring efforts and ernment to Li Hung Chang is, in brief, friendship for me, that he should be at- erts, was resumed to-day. The public a well-known city assignee, is unknown, that the government cannot enter upon tacked now that he is dead. I fully approsecutor addressed the court in a and in consequence application was negotiations until there is a government | preciate, and am glad of the chance, to express my gratitude to the officials in of Chinese troops and citizens against Washington and to my friends throughthe forces of the powers. The text of out America, especially the ladies, for Gano organized the plot. The court adthe reply has been communicated to the what they are doing. It is that alone which upheld me all these years. I have The state department authorizes the many friends in England, too, and canannouncement of the receipt at an early not but believe the time will soon come hour this morning, through consul at when these long years of captivity will Chee Foo, of a telegram from Mr. Con- cease and I shall be restored to my

Mrs. Maybrick is now 36 years of age. Russians, British, Americans and minders of attractions which made her tricts for police supervision. The Chi- light blue check prison costume, a red nese army fled. The imperial family and star on the shoulder indicative of it bethe court have gone westward, probably ing her first offence, and of her former to Sian Fu, in the province of Shensi. good character. Below this is the letter "L," meaning that she is a life pri-

SHIRT WAIST MAN.

Music Publisher Sues Restaurant Proprietor for Refusing to Serve Him.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—Sol Bloom, a music publisher, has brought a suit for \$50,000

CANADIAN RELEASED.

Ottawa, Aug. 21.—Sir Alfred Milner cables from Capetown announcing the release of Private Ermatinger, of the Second Battalion Mounted Rifles, son of Judge Ermatinger of St. Thomas, and a former member of the N. W. M. P., who was taken prisoner by the Boers. at the end of June.

TO COUNT TWENTY-FOUR.

Washington, Aug. 21.-Vice-Consul Reed at Madrid has informed the state department that by a decree, time in Spain is hereafter to be counted from 1 to 24 hours, the order to go into effect January 1st, 1901, the day to begin at midnight.

RETURNING FROM LONDON.

Southampton, Aug. 21.-The North German Lloyd steamer Aller, which sailed from this port for New York at 1 o'clock, this afternoon, had on board 500 returning Christian Endeavorers.

SUCCESSFUL TESTS.

New York, Aug. 21.-The first test of a horseless vehicle for collecting mail in post office. The tests yesterday cut the A dispatch from Constantinople on time down over 50 per cent.

### Massing at Machadorp

It Is Reported Eight Thousand Boers Have Assembled Under Gen. Botha.

They Have All the Artillery, Including Heavy Guns From Pretoria.

(Associated Press.)

Twyfelaar, Aug. 20.—Through the secret intelligence agents of the British the authorities learn that Gen. Botha, commander-in-chief of the Boer forces, Gen. Meyer, the commander of the Orange eral persons and creating a panic among Free State forces, and Gen. Schalkburger, vice-president of the Transvaal republic, with 8,000 Boers, have assembled at Machadorp, generally understood to be the headquarters of President Kruger, on the Pretoria-Delagoa Bay railway, with the whole of the Boer artil-Charles Baker. Both the Bakers were lery, including the heavy pieces formerly stated development begins immediately. at Pretoria.

> Engaging the Boers. London, Aug. 22.—The war office has received the following dispatch from

Lord Roberts dated August 21st: "Lieut.-Col. Sitwell, reconnoitring near Ventersburg, engaged the Boers. Two British were wounded. Lieuts. Spedding, medical officer and twenty-four men are missing.

"Hamilton has crossed the Crocodile river. Paget and Baden-Powell engage the commandoes protecting Dewet on August 20th. Lieut. Flowers and one man were killed. Lieut. Kirby and six men were wounded."

Cordus Guilty. Pretoria, Aug. 21.—The trial of Lieut. Cordus, formerly of the Transvaal artillery, on the charge of being concerned in the plot to kidnap Lord Roberts, was concluded to-day.

The prisoner was found guilty of all the counts in the indictment against him, but sentence was deferred until the findings of the court should be confirmed by Lord Roberts.

Correspondence to be Published.

London, Aug. 22.-Mr. Henry Labouchere's publication of the correspondence advising him of the seizure at Pretoria of compromising letters to Secretary Reitz, is to be followed by the publicathe colonial office officials say will be issued to-morrow, all the members of parliament involved having answered the the subject.

ed 15 miles from the city, and that Col. Mason was briskly engaging him yester-

The correspondent of the Standard, wiring from Pretoria yesterday, says: "The trial of Lieut. Cordua, of the best friend. It is an outrage, in view of Staats artillery, charged with being con- will be changed to a charge of insanity. cerned in the plot to kidnap Lord Robprisoner was in earnest in that there him removed from the position of liquiadvocate will sum up.'

Canadian Artillery.

Ottawa, Aug. 20.-Major Hurdman, commanding "D" Battery, states it is expected the Canadian artillery will leave South Africa for Canada September 1st.

> PASSED AWAY. (Associated Press.)

City of Mexico, Aug. 21.-Frederic Koetig, a native of Austria, and one of the Bank of British Columbia, being the surviving members of the entourage of Emperor Maximilian, is dead in this city, aged 67 years. He was one of the six cavalry officers selected by the Empress Carlotta as escort on public occasions. Lately he held the rank of captain in the Mexican army, and was much esteemed by President Diaz, whose hunting expeditions he always organized.

CHARGES AGAINST ARNOLD.

(Associated Press.) San Francisco, Aug. 21.-Julian Tregenna Biddulph Arnold, son of Sir Edwin Arnold, has been ordered extradited to England by United States Commissioner Necock on a charge of embezzling over \$60,000 of the estate of John Thos. Donville Taylor. Arnold had already been ordered extradited on two charges, and will be given a hearing on still another.

KILLED DURING A STORM:

(Associated Press.) New York, Aug. 21.-Maryland has been ravaged by terrific electrical, wind and rain storms within the last day or two, says a dispatch to the Times from Baltimore. Several lives have been lost. five or six injured, and the estimated loss to property is about \$75,000. The storms broke the hottest ever known in Maryland

PLANING MILLS CONBINE.

(Associated Press.) Chicago, Aug. 21.—Thirty planing mills, including practically all sash, door and blind concerns in Chicago, will pass into a combination this week with a capital of \$4,000,000.

BRESCI'S TRIAL.

(Associated Press.) Rome, Aug. 21.-Bresci, the assassin of King Humbert, has asked for the as the result of severe burns caused by postponement of his trial until witnesses can arrive fom the United States.

TO WATCH ANARCHISTS

Detectives Will be Sent From Rome Make Investigations in the United States.

(Associated Press.) New York, Aug. 22 .- A staff of Italian detectives will be sent to this country, cording to a cablegram from Rome With the assent of the American authorities a special body of 30 secret police agents, all picked men, will be sent to operate in centres where Italians aboun 1 They will be under the command of an Larger Steamers Will Probably inspector, who will have headquarters in New York. The foreign budget appropriated \$50,000 for this service

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

(Associated Press.) Toronto, Aug. 22.-Charles Kimtey, an last night by drinking wine in which matches had been placed. He became dangerously ill, but was removed to St. Michael's hospital, and is now recover-

NEW PETROLEUM FIELD.

(Associated Press.)

Astoria, Ore., Aug. 22.-Several promnent Astoria business men have secured control of 6,500 acres of land near Astoria, and the experts have declared it a very valuable coal and petroleum field. A company has been formed and it is

# News of the

Shareholders of Bank of Commerce Ratify Agreement With Bank of B. C.

Goldstein in Toronto-W. Christie's Will.

Toronto, Aug. 21.—The will of the late, ized is the more increased when it is William Christie, of the well-known bis- stated that out of this 21 days he spent by Times, writing from Mafeking, on June cuit firm of Christie, Brown & Co., has two days at White Horse, a day at 20th, says: government receives \$44,000 in succession dues.

Rev. Dr. Carman, general superintendwho has been on an extended tour through many, Italy, Switzerland, Egypt and and incidentally the bonding privileges. doctor says the priests were the ruination of Jerusalem. Everywhere you turn tion. The larger boats would, it was exyou meet nothing but priests. Dr. Carman also visited Paris. He did not believe the exposition could be a financial late in October. At present there is no success because of the lack of interest displayed by Britishers in it. Canada's the route, and steamers instead of tion of the whole correspondence which exhibit was fairly good, but was in a poor position.

whom parts of the body of Morris Gold ing cargo when he passed through, and official communication sent to them on stein, the second-hand dealer, whose death the crown authorities claim was brought about by slow poison was subonly one steamer on Bennett lake, the part of the battery left by train the same London, Aug. 21.—Pretoria dispatches | brought about by slow posson was some p Mrs. A. Elberson, a prophetess, who arrived here a few weeks ago from South Bend, Ind., to warn Torontonians

that the end of the world was at hand, was lodged in jail last night charged. with disorderly conduct, which, however, The whereabouts of E. J. Henderson,

moderate speech, contending that the made before Osgoode hall to-day to have was no evidence before the court that dator of the Army and Navy Clothing Co. Henderson's liabilities are said to journed until to-morrow, when the judge be about \$17,000. Clerks in his office, jected to the same formalities they enhowever, state that he will soon return and meet his obligations.

Sir Richard Cartwright arrived here last night. Meetings throughout the province are being arranged for. The shareholders of the Canadian Bank of Commerce have ratified the lations called for, and in order to faciliagreement for the purchase of the assets tate business and oblige travellers, it. of the Bank of British Columbia, by a was quite a common thing for the train large vote. Amalgamation will be pro- leaving Skagway at 8:30 o'clock to wait ceeded with shortly, the English share-holders, who hold the leading interest in

strongly in favor of amalgamation. The condition of crops throughout Ontario to August 4th, as published in a bulletin issued by the government last night, are of a most encouraging nature, the yields, with but few exceptions, be-

ing above last year. The amalgamation of the two mining exchanges some time ago does not appear to give satisfaction, judging from a movement now on foot to establish, it is said, unless alleged grievances are remedied by the parent exchange, another 'change to be run pretty much on the principle European bourses are run. In these it is possible for the public to buy and sell mining stocks without be-

coming members of the exchange. Ottawa, Aug. 21.-John Mann, living near St. Rose de Lima, has been lodged in Aylmer, Que., jail on a charge of attempted murder of his wife. The two had been separated for some time, but Mann appears to have returned a few days ago and struck his wife and threatened to cut her heart out. The prisoner is a brother of Isidore Mann, of Montreal, who is serving a life sentence in St. Vincent de Paul penitentiary for having murdered his mother-in-law

and wounded his wife. Hon. Dr. Borden expects to leave for England this week, partly on business and partly for rest and pleasure.

Windsor, Aug. 21.-William Morten. one of the best known residents of this city, and for forty-three years surveyor of customs at this port, died suddenly at the race track yesterday afternoon. was seventy-eight years of age. London, Aug. 21.-William A. Duf-

field, president of the City Gas Co., is dead, at the age of thirty-nine years. Fred Thomson, a cigar maker, was struck and probably fatally injured by a trolley car while crossing Dundas street last night.

Montreal, Aug. 21.-Mrs. Irons and in fant died in the general hospital to-day the upsetting of a coal oil lamp at the residence of the family last night,

### Arrivals From Dawson

Tees Reaches Port With Many Passengers--Northern Navigation Still Good.

Ply on Rivers All Next Month.

With sixty odd passengers aboard from Dawson, the C.P.N. steamer Tees arelderly man, attempted to commit suicide rived this morning, having left Skagway on Saturday last. A call was made at Dorfur, Mrs. Dorfur and child, J. Bl. Ketchican on the way south and Dr. and quist, W. McKeown, Miss White, M Mrs. Bell-Irving were received aboard McGowan, S. Shallcross, W. Jones as passengers.

> While in port it was learned that a fatal shooting occurred at the former's cannery. A boisterous fellow named Dan Roberts was shot and killed by United States Marshal Hassey, but the omcers of the Tees had not heard the circumstances of the affair.

Among other passengers on the Tees were T. S. Cunningham, assistant editor of the Dawson Sun; J. McArthur, cashier of the freight department of the C. Brown, D. H. Jackson. P.N. Company, who made the round trip to White Horse, and J. Lipscombe, of the local office of the White Pass & Yukon railway, who has been at Dawson. He went North to become thoroughly acquainted with the route. H. Wheeler formerly of the Western Union telegraph office of this city, accompanied him as far as White Horse, and remained over to accept a position with the Canadian Development Company. While at White From Biera to the Relief of the Horse Mr. Lipscombe met several old Victorians, including Mr. Elliott, the manager of the C. D. Company, whom he says is one of the most popular steam-Ontario Crops—Death of Morris boat men in the North; Capt. Roberts, of the steamer Eldorade and others. It is the steamer Eldorado, and others. It is just three weeks ago since Mr. Lipscombe went North, and wonder at the remarkable way in which northern trans-

been probated and reaches close on one Skagway and 24 hours in Dawson. He million dollars, of which the Ontario went down to the Yukon metropolis on now ranked amongst the glorious record the Canadian and returned by the same of the British army, and the names of its steamer. During the trip he made a brave defenders and gallant commande special study of the general shipping con- are known all over the civilized world, but ent of the Methodist Church of Canada, ditions of the North, also of the alleged in the midst of all these enthusiastic reinconvenience which passengers were be- joicings we have overlooked one of the England, Ireland, Scotland, France, Ger- ing put to by the customs at Skagway finest forced marches which has ever been Palestine, has returned home. The Speaking of the former he says that the river navigation is in splendid condi- her colonies. pected, be running all next month, while the smaller ones would be operated until congestion of freight anywhere along being overcrowded are not finding enough. business to keep them going. At White Prof. Ellis, government analysis, tool Horse three boats had been tied up wait

portation has of late been revolution-

on his return he noticed still others in the lake in command of Capt. Wallace the General had established his bas Langley, having been tied up for the win- The remainder of the battery started for ter. This is because of the business of the same destination the following mornthe lake being devoted to the railway. ing, accompanied by four officers and 100 Capt. Langley was at Skagway before non-commissioned officers and men of the the Tees had sailed and stated that he Queensland Mounted Infantry, who were

expected to have charge of a steamer running to Atlin. At Skagway Mr. Lipscombe states that he never noticed a particle of freight except a little lumber lying on the wharf. As for the complaints lodged against the customs officials at that point he failed to see on what grounds they had been laid. Passengers from steamers are subcounter entering any American port, but nothing more. This baggage is of course inspected, but in comparatively little time and the officials, so far as he saw and could learn, showed every courtesy. They, too, put in longer hours than regu-



Caused by overwork? No, caused by undernourish. ment. Work rarely causes collapse. It

is worry—the outcome of a low condition of the nervous system and inadequate nutrition which generally causes collapse. The collapse seems sudden, but in reality it is a slow process. The stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition are diseased, the nourishment in the food eaten is only partially extracted and imperfectly assimilated. The blood becomes impure; the very fount of life is poisoned, and some day all the faculties and functions go on a strike. That's collapse. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the organs of digestion and nutrition, purifies the blood and builds up the weak body with sound healthy flesh.

"I was cured of a very bad case of indigestion, associated with torpid liver, by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery," writes Mr. G. B. Bird, of Byrnside, Putnam Co., W. Va. "Before I began the use of 'Golden Medical Discovery' I had no appetite; could not sleep, nor work but very little, bowels constipated, and life was a misery to me. After taking four bottles I felt so well that I went to work, but soon got worse, so I used it about eight weeks longer, when I was permanently cured."

Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay cost of customs and mailing only. Send 31 one-cent stamps for paper covered book, or 50 stamps for cloth, to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

over half an hour on a belated ship load of people As for bonded freight Mr. Lipscombe

says there is no trouble whatever in make ing through shipments from Victoria or ancouver. If any difficulty is expernced it comes in making shipments Skagway and in forwarding these consignments on from there.

Miners from Dawson arriving on the Tees confirm the reports of the rich gings in the Tanana district. Gold y being found in large quantities, ar was said that on Faith creek \$15 a wages was being paid to miners. The complete list of passengers arriving the Tees is as follows: J. McArthur, J. Lipscombe, R. J. Mc.

Millan, C. J. Mulky, W. A. Snowgoos H. L. Smith, Miss Jacqueline, Minona, D. H. Hume, Mrs. Hume. Hume, F. Hume, J. Currie, H. Wrigh Mrs. Wright, T. E. McGregor, A. T. brell, G. Anderson, A. McKinnon, Syder, R. P. Cunningham, J. F. M. honey, H. Friend, L. Blain, A. O'Mean C. O'Meara, Dr. LeBlanc, A. L. Smit T. Reid, W. Scroggie, O. Christens Holmes, C. W. Philp, W. Brimme Robel, Mrs. Robel, G. W. Baxton B. Wood, Mrs. Wood, Miss Vaugh Miss May Walter, R. Morgan, C. A. Car son, Dr. Bell-Irving, Mrs. Bell-Irving S. Cunningham, J. Leroy, H. J. Wilson W. Wilkinson, Ben Palto, C. M. Taylor, A. W. Backwill, G. E. Sargent, Jas.

## The March Of Colonials

Besieged Garrison at Mafeking.

of the Royal Canadian Artillery.

The correspondent of the London Week-

"The siege and relief of Mafeking are made, and this, too, by troops which have been sent to help the Mother Country by

"On April 13th C Battery of the Royal Canadian Artillery, under Major Hudon, received orders to proceed to Capetown and embark for Beira, where they were to form part of the Rhodesian Field Force under General Sir Frederick Carrington. The following morning they left Stellenposch and did a forced march of 30 miles into Capetown, and sailed on board the Columbia with their guns the same even-

"Arriving at Beira on April 22nd, they detailed as escort to the guns. Despite having to unload the guns and baggage at Bamboo Creek, where the narrow gauge ends, and reload everything on the broad gauge wagons, the first part of the contin gent reached Marandellas on April 26th. after a journey in open trucks, on what is certainly one of the worst railways in the world, of 380 miles, the remainder arriving on the following day. General Carrington considered it advisable that, if possible more artillery should be with Colone Plumer's column, and made his plans ac cordingly: the outcome shows with what precision they were made and how excel lently they were carried out by the men entrusted with them. It must be borne in mind that both guns and escort were without horses or mules, so the "Salis bury to Bulawayo" coaches and animals were monopolized by the General's orders to be exclusively at his disposal until the column was safely through. Two guns left Marandellas on April 30th, the remainder following on May 1st and 2nd, and reach ed Bulawayo on the 6th, a distance nearly 300 miles. On arrival there the mmediately entrained and proceeded Ootsi, where the line was cut, and, de training, did a forced march from there o Safeteli, a distance of over 60 miles, and oined Colonel Plumer's column at tha

place on the 14th. Colonel Plumer moved

he same day and met the southern column

under Colonel Mahon at Jan Massibis, and

relieved the long-besieged Mafeking of

"In order to appreciate the pluck and

perseverance shown by the Canadian artil

May 16th, after a march of 33 miles.

lery and Queenslanders on this occasi one must consider the obstacles they had to contend with on the line of march. start with, many of the men arrived Marandellas without coats, as these had peen burned off their backs by sparks from the engine, which is fed by wood fuel and does not carry a spark protector on funnel. The rolling-stock is absolu deficient, and the men sat in open trucks on their ammunition, baggage, etc. posed to the great heat by day and night to a biting cold and fever mist, which makes itself felt soon after sundown; ad to this the constant danger by fire, which had to be very carefully guarded against on account of the ammunition. At Marandellas, when every available coach an wagon had been procured, it was found that the men would have to sit on top the ammunition and baggage, so that on more they were forced to undergo the vere trial of having to sit through the long day's jolting in a mule wagon, ve much overcrowded, and often unable move in order to change their positi and relieve their strained and crai limbs. Yet they did it without a m and reached their destination, a of nearly 700 miles, which they had pleted by train and mule wagon, in days. Their journey from Stellenbosch Mafeking, via Capetown, a distance of 130 miles, was accomplished in 33 days and included, roughly speaking, 1,900 miles by sea, 120 miles marching, 300 miles it mule wagons, and nearly 800 miles b

train."

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from Victoria or lifficulty is experking shipments to varding these con-

n arriving on the ts of the rich diglistrict. Gold was quantities, and it i creek \$15 a day to miners. The engers arriving on

combe, R. J. Mc-V. A. Snowgoose. Jacqueline, Miss Mrs. Hume, W urrie, H. Wrigh lcGregor, A. Til McKinnon, G. nd child, J. Blon Miss White, M1 ss, W. Jones, gham, J. F. M Blain, A. O'Mear anc, A. L. Smil. ie, O. Christenson, ilp, W. Brimmer. G. W. Baxton, J Miss Vaughan. Morgan, C. A. Car-Mrs. Bell-Irving, T.

# plonials

roy, H. J. Wilson

alto, C. M. Taylor.

E. Sargent, Jas.

ne Relief of the rrison at ing.

by Battery C. Canadian

the London Week-Mafeking, on June

ef of Mafeking are e glorious records nd the names of its allant commander civilized world, but se enthusiastic re looked one of the vhich has ever beer troops which have Mother Country by

attery of the Royal nder Major Hudon, ceed to Capetown where they were odesian Field Force rederick Carrington. g they left Stellenmarch of 30 miles ailed on board the guns the same even-

n April 22nd, they lowing day, and t by train the same Marandellas, where shed his base camp. attery started for the following mornour officers and 100 ers and men of the Infantry, who were the guns. Despite guns and baggage at the narrow gauge ything on the broad part of the contin llas on April 26th, n trucks, on what is orst railways in the e remainder arriving General Carrington that, if possible be with Colonel made his plans acshows with what ade and how excel-

ied out by the men It must be borne uns and escort were ules, so the "Saliscoaches and animals the General's orders. nis disposal until the ough. Two guns left 30th, the remainder and 2nd, and reach-6th, a distance of arrival there they and proceeded to was cut, and, demarch from there of over 60 miles, and er's column at that olonel Plumer moved the southern column at Jan Massibis, and ieged Mafeking on

rch of 33 miles. ciate the pluck and y the Canadian artilers on this occasion, obstacles they had line of march. To the men arrived at ccats, as these had backs by sparks from fed by wood fuel and ark protector on the g-stock is absolutely sat in open trucks baggage, etc., exneat by day and at and fever mist, which after sundown; add danger by fire, which fully guarded against munition. At Maranavailable coach and cured, it was found have to sit on top of baggage, so that once ed to undergo the seto sit through the a mule wagon, very and often unable to hange their positions trained and cramped it without a murmur estination, a distance which they had commule wagon, in eight from Stellenbosch to own, a distance of 3, mplished in 33 days, speaking, 1,900 miles arching, 300 miles in nearly 800 miles by The Reply To Earl L

State Department at Washington Has Issued the Chinese Correspondence.

Viceroy Suggests That Ministers Having Been Rescued, Hostilities Should Cease.

Before Negotiations Open, China Must Show Its Ability to Restore Order.

(Associated Press.) London, Aug. 23.-Foreign consuls at

Shanghai, not having received from Pekin later than August 17th, fear the Chinese troops are operating along the rear of the allies and cutting off their communication. The block press messages at the tele-

way interfere with official dispatches which are put ahead. A belated dispatch from Pekin, dated

August 14th, says Sir Claude Macdonald, tinuing united. the British minister, is ill. An attempted uprising at Hankow is

causing uneasiness. Twenty-seven war ships have assembled at Shanghai and Woo Sung, their

crews numbering 7,000 men. The German government's reply to Li Hung Chang's peace negotiation proposal is that "Owing to the lack of any properly accredited authority on the Chinese side" the government of Germany can-

not enter into negotiations. United States Reply.

Washington, Aug. 23.-The state department this morning made public the following Chinese correspondence: "August 20th and 22nd, 1900.-Hand

ed to Mr. Adee by Mr. Yu August 20th, 10:05 a.m. A cablegram dated August 19th from

Viceroy Li Hung Chang was transmitted by the Chinese minister in London and received by Minister Wu on the night of the same day:

"It was the declaration of all ministers of foreign affairs of the great powers that the expedition of the allied powers was solely for the rescue of the ministers in Pekin. Now the allied troops having entered Pekin and found all the ministers safe it seems proper that hostilities should at once cease and that negotiations commence. I therefore request the envoy with power or appoint the minister now in Pekin for the purpose, as he is acquainted with affairs between

ister Wu on that day: dispersed. There will be no more fighting. Further military operations on the plenipotentiary to negotiate a settlement of all questions so as to preserve elations. I await early reply."

Memorandum in response to the Chinese minister's communication of cable-bodyguard, has crossed Pinaar's river on grams from Viceroy Li Hung Chang, his way to join Kruger at Machadorp. dated August 19th and August 21st, proposing the immediate cessation of hostilities and the appointment of an envoy to conduct negotiations received at the de- Newcastle and damaged the rails at a artment of state August 20th and Aug. point 30 miles south of Newcastle."

"While conditions set forth in the memorandum delivered to the Chinese minister on August 21st has not been fulfilled, the powers having been compelled to rescue their ministers by force of arms, unaided by the Chinese government, still this government is ready to welcome any overtures for a truce and invite the powers to join when security is established in the Chinese capital and following notice: "We are advised that the Chinese government shows its ability courier service from Tsi Nan Fu having and willingness to make on its part an been cancelled, messages for Pekin can effective suspension of hostilities there be forwarded via Chee Foo without exand elsewhere in China."

A Belated Dispatch.

In Camp outside Pekin, Aug. 14.—Regsigns of the Chinese in front of Pekin, but there was firing there all night.

The Chinese are attacking the legations in a desperate effort to crush them before the city falls. The heat is intense and the soldiers suffered greatly. The foregoing dispatch from the cor-

respondent of the Associated Press at Pekin was written and sent off hours earlier than his dispatch dated August 14th, received in New York on Tuesday night, giving the story of the rescue and the joyful reception of the relief column.

Movements of German Troops.

morning and proceeded. The advance was difficult owing to the force of the current and shallow water. The Madai battalion, after a very trying march, arrived at Yang Tsun on August 18th." It is inferred from the foregoing that the telegraph lines between Taku anl Hatu (near Tung Chow) are working.

Soo Chow Threatened.

London, Aug. 23.—A news agency dispatch from Shanghai, dated Wednesday, mail, Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

August 22nd, says a consular report received from Soo Chow (six miles west of Shanghai) says the governor fears the city will be attacked by a force of salt Building Storehouses.

Seattle, Wn., Aug. 23,-The United States government will build within the next four months thirty large storehouses at Taku, China, for the accommodation of a vast commissiary. Advertisements are now out for lumber.

Canadians Ill-Treated.

Toronto, Aug. 23.—Dr. and Mrs. Leslie, Canadian missionaries, who were among the party ill-treated by Boxers while en route from Honan to Hankow reached Toronto this morning, having arrived at San Francisco from the Orient last Friday. Both missionaries tell thrilling stories of their escape. At Hsu Tien the party were mobbed and robbed. Dr. Leslie was wounded in the right arm in 15 places. Rev. Mr. MacKenzie was cut on the head with a sword and struck with a stone, and Rev. Mr. Goforth was stoned and wounded in several places by swords. All the ladies' trinkets were

wrenched from them. Dr. Leslie vigorously denied that the trouble in China was due to the anti- more or less injured, and fully a million Christian element. He declared it was dollars in property has gone up in smoke. due to the anti-foreign element.

"There was no religious question raised in Honan," said Dr. Leslie, "but we graph office continues, but these in no were attacked because we were foreign-

As to the outlook, Dr. Leslie said he could not predict what it would be, and that all depended upon the powers con-

# Renewed

Gen. Buller's Force Is Now Approaching Headquarters of the Boers.

-British Casualties 5 Killed, 7 Wounded.

Dewet Is Trying to Move Back to the Orange River Col-

(Associated Press.)

London, Aug. 23 .- Lord Roberts reports to the war office as follows: "Pretoria, Aug. 22.-Buller's division marched to Van Wycks Vlei, 15 miles south of Belfast, yesterday. His casualties were 20.

"Paget reports from Hamman's Kraal United States government to appoint an that Baden-Powell engaged Grobler's rear guard all yesterday. Grober was driven east of Pinaar's river. Baden-Chinese and foreigners and to inform me Powell has occupied the railway station state to lay the matter before His Ex- into each other, the Rhodesians losing cellency the President. I await reply." Col. Spreckley and four men killed and

ter Wu on that day:
"The Boxer rebels in Pekin have been less to make his way eastward, has repart of the powers are greatly to be depart of the powers are greatly to be dependent of the Orange River colony. He is in a authorities with assistance. Col. Potter, Plumbers' Union has ordered a general pointed to go further into the question as symptoms and sufferings seem but as a plored. Besides urging cessation of hostilities, please confer with the secretary very different condition from that when of state upon the subject of the with- he left Bethlehem with six or eight guns notice, while the colonel himself was it was determined to put an end to the meeting, where future meetings will be grawal of troops and the appointment of and 2,000 men. His guns have mostly summoned to a conference with the govbeen buried and his personal following ernor.

cannot be more than 300. "It is stated that Steyn, with a small "The Boers yesterday blew up a por-

Returning Canadians. Montreal, Aug. 23.—Steamer Lake Ontario, with 123 invalided Canadians on board, passed inward at Fame Point at 12:30 to-day. She will probably reach Quebec to-morrow afternoon.

Telegram from Pekin. New York, Aug. 23.-The Commercial Cable Company this morning issues the

tra charge, at sender's risk." Plenty of Troops.

Washington, Aug. 23.-Orders have iments of Japanese, Americans, British been issued by the war department diand Russians reconnoitering along the recting that the troops on the transport four roads towards Pekin yesterday were Meade, intended for Taku, China, be miles from Pekin before the east wall, Manila. The troops on the Meade conwhose towers are visible. The remainder sist of 27 officers and 1,020 men. The of the army is arriving. There are no government is satisfied that there are now sufficient soldiers in China for the present purposes. Orders have been issued diverting all other transports now en route with troops for China from Nagasaki to Manila. About 4,000 troops will be affected,

> THE BOYS IN AFRICA EASE THEIR FEET

With a FOOT ELM powder in each shoe. When the first Canadian Contingent was dispatched to South Africa, they were supplied with "FOOT ELM," as it had been so wonderfully successful in preventing and curing scalding, blistering and Berlin, Aug. 23 .- The German admiral chafing of the feet, as well as being of at Taku wires under the date of August especial comfort to tired and tender feet, that the authorities knew what a benefit "Capt. Hecht reached Ma Tu th's it would be to the Canadian boys on their long marches over the hot sands. Many of those who have used "FOOT ELM" are now writing home to their friends telling what great benefit this preparation has been to them in saving their feet and enabling them to undertake fatiguing marches with the greatest ease.

If your feet tire, sweat, swell, ache, or are tender and sore, try "FOOT ELM" and experience a restful comfort you never knew before.

Price 25c. a box at all druggists, or by

Wild Night City Hall in Rnins

At Akron tally ruined by dynamite and fire. Mob of Over a Thousand Spent Hours Searching for Negro

And Being Unsuccessful, Wrecked City Hall With Fire and Dynamite.

Prisoners

Several Persons Killed and Injured-Damage to Property Estimated at \$1,000,000

(Associated Press.)

Akron, O., Aug. 23 .- As a result of last night's rioting, two persons are dead, two more will die, sixteen others are The city hall is totally destroyed, the Columbia building, adjoining, is a heap

buildings in the vicinity are in ruins. wild mob which held possession of the who had been a prisoner in the Akron city from dark last night until almost jail, charged with some minor misdedawn this morning, in frenzied endeavors

a six-year-old girl. It is estimated to-day that the mob was composed of not less than 1,500 men. Soldiers patrolled the streets to-

to find a negro charged with assaulting

day. The city is quiet. more pronounced as night approached. The authorities did everything in their power to quiet public feeling. Nevertheless an immense crowd gathered around the jail where Louis Peck, the alleged negro rapist, was confined, and soon the Baden-Powell Engaged Burghers cry "Lynch the nigger" was on every

> Meantime the authorities had quickly removed Peck and another negro, a art, a man of about 50 years of age, reprisoner, from the jail, and sent them to Cleveland in the custody of two deputy

The mob, however, would not believe that the man had been taken away, and as the night wore on the fury of the rioters increased, eventually culminating in an assault shortly after midnight on the court house and later on the city hall. Immense charges of dynamite were placed under the city hall and county buildings, and then to complete its work the mob applied the torch.

Local Militia Helpless.

Columbus, Ohio, Aug. 23.—Governor Nash has received the following appeal from the mayor of Arkon to quell the rioting in the city:

"Akron, Ohio, Aug. 23 .- To His Ex-Governor Nash, Columbus, cellency Ohio: Serious riots. City building attacked by a mob of thousands. Three if the conference will take place in Paper of that name. During the fight Powell's or four people killed and eight or ten kin. Please request the secretary of advance and that of the enemy galloped wounded. I have ordered out both local companies. They are unable to cope with the situation. Please sanction what I that General Hutton has been treating (Received at department of state August 21, 3:15 p.m.)

A cablegram from Li Hung Chang,

Col. Spreckley and four men killed and have done by wire and order two companies from Cleveland or Canton to the Canadians with a revolting brutal both here and in the orchards of Kent, panies from Cleveland or Canton to this morning. Plummer and Bickman Akron at once. Call me by telephone if to vent upon our people the trouble here. have done by wire and order two com- the Canadians with a revolting brutal- both here and in the orchards of Kent, sufferer can know, and what a boon so

Governor Nash came to the executive crossed the Magaliesberg with a few chamber in the capitol at 1.30 a.m. and regiment in readiness to move on short

Appeal for Aid.

Cleveland, Ohio, Aug. 23.-At 1 o'clock! this morning Mayor Young, of Akron,3 called up the central police station in this city by telephone and made an urgent appeal for help. He requested that tion of the railway five miles north of a squad of police and an officer be sent from Cleveland to aid the Akron authorities. Mayor Young stated the situation was critical, as the mob had Akron policemen penned up in a building and garding general rights, public and priwere about to set fire to it. The mayor said that he called on the 9th Regiment, lations, and extradition of criminals National Guard Co., in Akron, but the have been signed. The commercial captain had refused to get his men out. reciprocity treaty has not yet been ne-At 2 a.m. Cleveland authorities were gotiated. discussing the advisability of granting the request.

Rioters Use Dynamite. Akron, Ohio, Aug. 23.-At 10 o'clock his morning the officers who had been still firing on the city building at that back by then. hour, and the militia had been called

One fireman, whose name is not known, had been shot, probably fatally. The mob was making for the firemen, and as charge smashed the windows in the position. building and did much other damage. All the prisoners had been released from

the city prisons. The crowd threatened to destroy the city building with dynamite at 2.30 a.m. The mob ran away with automobile pa-

trol wagon. The city building is in ruins and it was feared the fire would spread to ad-

joining buildings. Later-3.30 a.m.-Everything was quiet about the ruins of the building at this hour. In the destruction of the building the city has lost all the records of the city clerk, and also the records of the city engineer. City Engineer Payne said the loss in his department

No militia are here yet. The automo bile patrol wagon has been run into the canal

would be a half million dollars.

Militia on Duty. Akron, O., Aug. 23.-With the approach of dawn the mob, which had possession of the city throughout the night, melted away and when the sun arose the streets presented their usual appearance. At 6 o'clock a company of the Eighth Ohio regiment arrived on a special train from Canton, and was at once marched to the scene of the night's rioting. They were placed on guard

around the building but found little to

Akron, O., Aug. 23 .- Thousands of people came here to-day to see the ruins of the buildings destroyed by the mob last night. The city hall had been to-

Guards are strung along the main street to-day to keep back the crowds of curiosity seekers. The excitement has calmed down and the people of Akron are ruefully contemplating the smolder ing evidence of the wild fury of the mob. It is not likely there will be any further trouble.

Only the flame-scarred walls remain of the city hall, and great heaps of ashes mark the site of Columbia hall, which stood next to the city building. Groups of tremen are pouring water into the of firemen are pouring water into the smouldering ruins.

Chief of Police Harrison is reported insane over the awful events of last night. When last seen Chief Harrison was driving rapidly toward the south. ment arrived at 9:20 o'clock. Mayor Young called a special meeting of the council for 10 o'clock.

Prisoners Removed.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 23.-Louis Peck, the Akron rapist, whose life the Akron mob so eagerly sought last night, is locked up in the county jail in this city of ashes, and several smaller frame He was brought here frm Akron early last night by a deputy sheriff, together The destruction was wrought by the with William Howard, another negro,

Further Trouble Feared.

Akron, O., Aug. 23.-It is reported that the mob has forced an entrance into a large quantity of dynamite, and that this night. Officers commanding the troops Throughout yesterday afternoon there say that any attempt to start a riot willwere ominous mutterings which grew be the signal for a charge by the militiamen. There are now 625 troops here.

> SUICIDE IN TORONTO. Took His Life Because His Mother Refused to See Him.

(Associated Press.) Toronto, Aug. 23.-"Come in and see me about 5 o'clock," said Thomas Stewsiding in the rear of Agnes street, yesterday afternoon, to a neighbor. Complying with the request, the neighbor the society again. visited the house and found Stewart anum bottle beside him.

and had written to his mother in Peterriddance to you. Good-bye, old mother. I'm sorry to disgrace you."

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.

(Special to the Times.) Ottawa, Aug. 23.-Sir Wilfrid Laurer returned to the capital to-day. La Patrie, in its Ottawa correspondence of yesterday, says: "A party who has upon the subject in this province.

PLUMBERS WILL STRIKE.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—The Journeymen of Fourth Ohio, was ordered to hold his strike to take effect at once. The action to the selection of birds and discuss the dream. It cures hearts weakened by la was taken at a protracted meeting, when results at the above mentioned institute grippe dilatory methods now being used, and held. bring an aggressive fight on the con-

There are many forms of nervous debility in men that yield to the use of Carter's Iron Pills. Those who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, etc.,

SPAIN AND THE STATES.

(Associated Press.) San Sebastian, Aug. 22.—The treaties between Spain and the United States revate relations, consular and maritime re-

CABINET MEETS ON SATURDAY.

(Special to the Times.) Ottawa, Aug. 22.—Saturday will see the first of the full cabinet council since penned up in the city building for two the session ended. In addition to minisours escaped through the rear window ters already here, the Premier, Sir R. and ran for their lives. The mob was Cartwright and Hon, W. Mulock will be

PRIZE FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(Associated Press.) Toronto, Aug. 22.—An Evening Teleunopposed. They established lines five sent from Nagasaki, on arrival there, to fast as hose were stretched they were gram London cable says the department cut. At 1.45 a.m. dynamite was being of mines, British Columbia, has been used in front of the building. The first awarded a grand prize by the Paris ex-

FASHIONABLE WEDDING.

(Associated Press.) Birmingham, Eng., Aug. 22.-Ethel, married to-day to Mr. Whitmore Richards, of London. Mr. Richards is a lawyer.

> CHOLERA AT BOMBAY. (Associated Press.)

Washington, Aug. 22.-United States Consul Fee, at Bombay, reports to the state department that cholera is raging

Their gentle action and good effect on the system really make them a perfect lit-tle pill. They please those who use them. Carter's Little Liver Pills may well be termed "Perfection."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

WRITE OR SEND

Medicine Line

We invite you when in Victoria to call and inspect our stock of Drugs, Perfumes, Sundries and Toilet Articles. ESTABLISHED 1291. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

CYRUS H. BOWES, CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST, 98 GOVERNMENT ST., NEAR YATES.

Of Song Birds

Nine companies of the Fourth Regi- Discussed at the Meeting of Natural History Society Last Evening.

> The Lieut.-Governor and Messrs. Anderson, Palmer, Hayward and Others Spoke.

At a largely attended meeting of the Natural History Society held last night a most interesting and valuable discussion was engaged in upon the proposed importation of song birds, when both sides of the question were ably dealt with.

Mr. Anderson, secretary of agriculture, stated that in 1897 a circular had been pottery in East Akron and secured a drawn up by a committee appointed by the Natural History Society containing a list will be thrown among the troops to- of song birds then thought suitable for impertation; this circular had been sent to many; among others the Fruit Growers' Association; and that funds to the amount of \$85 in cash had been subscribed for the purpose, and subscriptions promised for over \$200. He also stated that the fruit growers at their meeting raised certain objections to the birds included in that circular, and that these objections prevented further action at that time. He, however, thought their objections were unfounded, and that the scourge of cut worms now prevailing throughout this province was to a certain extent owing to the lack of bird life, and recommended that the question of the importation of birds be taken up by

Mr. Palmer, inspector of fruit pests, exdead on the floor with an empty laud- plained the position of the fruit growers of the province with regard to this ques-Stewart was dissolute in his habits tion. He showed that while many of the song birds mentioned in the circular were oro that he would come and visit her, not objected to, there were others, such bue she refused, hence Stewart's deter- as the starling, black thrush) and linnet, mination to end his life. He left a note that distinctly came under the head of which read: "You won't let me see you. fruit pests. He quoted from well known Well, I have a two-ounce bottle of laud- British and American authorities in coranum, and I'll soon be gone, and good roboration of his statements, and suggested that the society draw up a list of song birds that are not considered injurious, and discuss the matter with the farmers and fruit growers of the province before ing several of the roads in the district.

further action be taken. Sir Henri Joly briefly stated he had been greatly interested in this question in 1837 in Eastern Canada, but could add nothing to what had already been said as bearing

arrived from the theatre of war said to Mr. Haxward, M. P. P., fully endorsed day to the correspondent of La Patrie what had been said by Mr. Palmer with regard to the damage done by certain birds you desire further information. Wire to vent upon our people the trouble he me at once. (Signed) W. E. Young, and the matter into further consideration with a view to placing the results before In many cases recorded the results before the matter into further consideration. Wire to vent upon our people the trouble he with a view to placing the results before In many cases recorded the results before the matter into further consideration.

Owing to the rapidly increasing membergovernment, upon application, has been pleased to grant them a more commodious room in the main building. ship of the Natural History Society, the

ROUMANIA'S DEMAND London, Aug. 21 .- Referring to the tension between Roumania and Bulgaria, caused by the demand of the Roumanian government for the arrest of Sarafowa. president of the revolutionary committee of Sofia, the Bulgarian capital, for the suppression of the organization, the Vienna

orrespondent of the Express says: "The Bulgarian reply to the note of Rounania has been received at Bucharest. It s couched in aggressive terms. Bulgarian troops are being continually moved to the frontier. The Macedonian revolutionary committee has already 1,000 volunteers in Bulgaria."

The Roumanian minister at Sofia will be immediately recalled.

CUMBERLAND NEWS. (Special correspondence of the Times.) Local Conservatives held a preliminary meeting last Friday to prepare for the coming contest and to elect delegates to attend the Conservative convention. Miss Cameron, Wellington, is filling the vacancy caused by the resignation of Miss Webster from the public school teach-

ing staff. Mr. and Mrs. Rowe have gone on a trip to Honolulu for their honeymoon. The new offices of the Wellington Colliery Co. at this place are nearly finished. daughter of Mr. Jos. Chamberlain, was Mr. Clinton and staff expect to move in about the first of September. Samuel Archer, who for several months

has been a patient at the hospital, was taken to Westminster asylum last Tuesday by Police Constable Thomson. Miss Flora Macdonald resigns her position on the hospital staff on Sept. 4th.

A BUSINESS MAN'S FAITH. Cortured by Rheumatism for Months, He

Cures in One to Three Days.

Pins His Faith to South American

Rheumatic Cure and Is Healed-It

Mr. S. Barker is a business man in Toronto, and lives at 9 Suffolk Place. He contracted very acute rheumatism, and for nonths was a great sufferer. He treated with best physicians without any relief. He took South American Rheumatic Cure for what it claimed to be in advertisements he read of it, and when he had taken two oottles he was completely cured. He says:

lieve the remedy is a perfect specific."

WRECKAGE OFF CAPE BEALE. Cabin of Ship Cast Up at Southern End of the Island.

"Cape Beale reported yesterday part of a ship's cabin afloat off there, painted white inside. No marks to identify it." The above is a copy of a dispatch received by the Times this morning, but owing to the particulars being so meagre shipping men, to whom the message was shown, can not speculate any on the identity of the unfortunate craft. The information, however, is not taken to indicate a wreck, as the mere loss of a cabin would not cripple a vessel. The weather outside has also been extremely mild of late, and there have been no storms to create any alarm or uneasiness for shipping. Among the vessels which are now due are the Glenogil, from London, and the Clan Mackenzie from Yokohama. Six vessels of the British Columbia lumber fleet sailed during last month, the crafts being the German ship Emilie from Chemainus for United Kingdom; the American barkentine John Smith from New Westminster for Nagasaki; Tartar from Hastings for Hongkong; American schooner Corona from Chemainus for Santa Rosalia; Norwegian bark Garibaldi from Moodyville for Callao; American schooner A. J. West from Cowichan for Santa Rosalia, and the American ship James Drummond from Chemainus for Sydney.

ALBERNI NOTES.

W. Rockett is making good work with the bridge across the river; the bridge is Howe's truss. The span is over

The Monitor wants more men at the The annual road meeting was held here on Saturday, when the road bosses

were elected.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Faber left Alberni for Southern California on Thursday. The Alberni school house is to be completed by the beginning of November. It is rumored in Alberni that the bar at the mouth of the Sumas river is to be

dredged, the big tug Louise coming up for the purpose. The 3 W's (English Can. Dev. Co.) is to be sold by public auction by the sheriff on August 22nd.

There was a very sharp thunderstorm on Wednesday night here. On Thursday there was an unusually high tide, flood-

ONE GASP FROM DEATH And Yet Not Beyond the Power of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart to Save and Cure You-This Is Not Fiction, But

Factar in The constant terror and distress of those n the thrawls of heart disease, only the magical a relief and cure as Dr. Agnew's annual meeting to be held in Victoria. derful liquid heart specific has tided over Mr. Hayward's suggestion was acted up- the crisis, given relief in 30 minutes, and on by the society, and a resolution was after taking a bottle or two perfect health passed that a special committee be ap- has been restored and all the distressing

> Sold by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co-SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

**Must Bear Signature of** Breutsood

See Pac-Simile Wrapper Below. Yery small and as easy to take as sugar. CARTER'S FOR HEADACHE. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIM.

Purely Vegetable.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound Is successfully used monthly by over 10,000 Ladies. Safe, effectual. Ladies ask

FOR THE COMPLEXION

10,000 Ladies. Safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Cook's Cotton Root Compound. Take no other, as all Mixtures, pills and imitations are dangerous. Price, No. 1, \$1 per box; Ne. 3, 10 degrees stronger, \$5 per box. No. 1 or 3, mailed on receipt of price and two 3-cent stamps. The Cook Company Windsor, Ont. No. 1 and 2 sold and recommended by all responsible Druggists in Canada, No. 1 and No. 2 sold in Victoria by all wholesale and retail druggists.

POL8STEEL
Ther Ladies: PILLS FOR LADIES

A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES.

SUPERSEDING BITTER APPLE PIL COOHIA, PENNYBOYAL, ETC.

"I voluntarily give this testimonial that Order of all chemists, or post free for \$1.50 from EVANS & SONS, LTD.. Vic-toria, or MARTIN, Pharmaceutical Chem-ist, Southampton, England. other sufferers may be benefited, as I be-Sold by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.

OUR GREAT PATRIOT. dependence, the leader of the Conservative party, has lest no time in taking off his coat in preparation for the fight against the evil designs of Laurier to we can possibly conceive. Free trade a rich reward in return for making our Stikine route. Now if British Columbia succeed in frustrating the dark purposes of the traitorous Liberals, as he has the tion he has taken. Sir Charles always expressing the sentiments of the army of perial statesman, according to his own story, until his statements are investigated, when it is usually discovered that and in spite of all the arguments of prothe vivid imagination has been at work tectionists a tax on wheat to be of any again. In an interview as soon as he benefit to the colonies must raise the stepped off the deck of the steamer this great man at once made a statement which proved that in his declining the question another leading public man to stir up more trouble between the Canada Northern line from a financial years he is still worthy of the title that says: was bestowed upon him earlier in his career, when he was known as the Great varicator. He said Sir Wilfrid Laurier gans at one time maintained that Mr. Chamberlain and the Duke of Devonshire offered to impose a duty on foreign wheat in return for the preference which had been accorded British goods by the Liberals, but that Sir Wilfrid Laurier intimated to them that Canada wanted nothing of the kind; that free trade was subjected to all the costly worries of the versy then in progress, while the govern- which is much more likely to yield a the thing for the British Empire, and that they must stick to that. These two posal came from a colony that gave fair cite to find out the sentiments of the R., and that for these reasons, taken in Imperial statesman, seeing that nothing save an explicit denial would put an end to the mendacity of leaders and organs, put forth a statement which made their position perfectly clear on this matter. Canadian government gives to the export ing stage are continually being added to. Mr. Chamberlain distinctly stated that of Canadian dairy produce. As coming The Minister of Mines stated distinctly no schemes of Imperial preference could be even considered except on the basis colonies is so glaringly unjust that it of free trade within the Empire; and in must be attributed either to popular igputting the matter in the way he did he also intimated that if the colonies agreed to remove all barriers to trade the proposition would still be subject to consideration by Imperial statesmen. But spoken in the provincial legislature dur- upon the administration the necessity of what is the use of dwelling on or discussing that aspect of the question? Surely the Conservative leader gives the peo-

ple of Canada credit for possessing common sense. He cannot possibly think ment that Sir Wilfrid Laurier, or any other Canadian public man, would refuse Canadian goods if it were offered to him. The people on this side of the ocean are merce of the Empire which desired to impress upon him some of the possible advantages of the scheme. Speaking on one occasion to a motion made by Lord Dunraven, who wished the colonies to be invited to send representatives to a conference which it was intended should consider the possibilities of inter-Imperial trade on a basis of mutual pre-

"I ask him." he said, "to look at the state of opinion in this country, especially the state of opinion in our commercial, capitalists and the most educated classes, and say if he sees the slightest chance, within any period to which we have a right to look forward, of such a modifiopinons may be, to propose the establishment of retaliatory duties. It seems to me to be absolutely out of the question. If you wish to set up a discriminating system in favor of the colonies as against the rest of the world, just consider what are the goods on which you would have to levy a heavy duty in this country in erder to make that discrimination felt. They are grain, wool and meat. What of this country to accept legislation which would make these essential articles of consumption susceptible of such tariffs? I see no probability whatever of it. That being the case, I think we would be hardly behaving respectfully to the colonies if we asked them to send representatives to a conference to discuss the question, when we know that the enswer which many of them, at all

ference, Lord Salisbury said:

Of course after all it is the people who

That great bulwark of Canadian in- if anything, stronger free traders than ment of the Corn Laws is the maddest barter away the rights of Canada "for has preserved the Empire. I believe an many wildernesses blossom as the rose, desires to secure the much-coveted connothing." He feels quite sure he will Imperial customs union an impossibility." These are the opinions of the two leading public men of Great Britain at the present time, and we know, and Sir backing of Mr. Chamberlain in the posi- Charles Tupper knows, that they are has the endorsation of some leading Im- workers in the hives of industry in the United Kingdom. If any party in Britain were to propose a measure calculated to increase the cost of living thereprice-it would have little chance of be-

"It is charitable to assume that Canno conception of what it is they ask. The trade and manufactures of Great Britain are the very life blood of the kingdom, and, with all respect to the in the keen, and ever keener, competithe United States. It is said that in us with all our food and raw materials. 'In time!' And in the meanwhile our manufacturers are to pay higher prices custom house in order to add to the profits of colonial producers. If this pretreatment to British industries, it would protect Canadian manufacturers; nor are British farmers likely to regard as fair the very intelligent assistance which the we should alter our tariff in favor of the norance or to political intrigue.

#### OUR RESOURCES.

country. All these fine sayings sound they are so dense as to accept his state- very nice when delivered on the floor of the House in a pleasing voice, but after all when the matter is looked into it does helpless without the co-operation of capall in favor of Canada being granted ad- ital. It is needless for us to examine vantages over any other country in the into the means by which capital British markets, therefore that question has been acquired, whether by the exhis followers is likely to see Canada or future that lies before British Columin Great Britain and carried on a cam- co-operation of the two great forces that paign there. He need not have address- have come so prominently into notice a deputation from the Chambers of Com- be making the soil yield up stores of golden grain, and farther east our fathers came in practically empty-handed and in a few years the giant trees had disappeared and the land had been given to the plough. Here nature exacts a heavy tribute before any of these processes can be put in operation and the work of preparing the land for the reaper is very costly and tedious. If it is ever be by the outlay of an immense amount of capital; but it will be done some day, manufacturing and industrial classes, the after the development of our other reof the earth become so imperative as to store for us as a people, but there are events, many of their statesmen, would the people and at the same time to en- that Col. Prior and Mr. Earle and Senahis foot down so firmly. However, Lord minerals of all kinds, timber almost Mackenzie & Mann, that that firm were quittal of four.

the Conservatives. Lord Rosebery is of our duty to encourage capitalists to business men of the coast have beeen

#### THE EIGHT-HOUR LAW

gions, and it would certainly do no good labor is not diverted to Eastern Canada. ing returned to power at the pending to resort to any action or deal with any As proof of the fact that there cannot elections. As bearing on this aspect of recommendations which would be likely be much doubt as to the success of the adians who make such a demand have a fixture in British Columbia. Those originally selected for the Canadian Pathe United Kingdom is still labor in the bowels of the earth; the rate that the land in the Saskatchewan valley both the heart and the head of the Em- of pay has been satisfactorily adjusted, was vastly more fertile than that nearer pire. To tax either food or raw ma- and, these things being so, why should the United States boundary; that the tion which they have to wage with the and adjust themselves as rapidly as pos- gular, and that there was less alkali in manufacturers of the continent and of sible to the new conditions? During the water. It is also contended that the time the colonies will be able to supply power proclaimed abroad the fact that economical railway construction than the for imported materials, and are to be tentions of both parties to the contro- new Ontario, passes through territory ment of Mr. Martin advocated a plebis- lucrative local business than the C. P. be at least intelligible. But Canada still But the conditions which existed then heavily taxes British goods in order to have passed away. The mines, which Messrs, Mackenzie & Mann have in their from Canada, therefore, the demand that in the House during the discussion on Mr. Smith Curtis's motion affirming that the law should not be tampered with, that the government had no intention of interfering with the eight-hour law; and if it be true as has been asserted in some quarters, A great many platitudes have been that certain mine owners are pressing ing the short time it has been in session carrying out their pledges in this rein regard to the dignity of labor and in spect, surely they are making a mistake elaboration of the principle that it is in endeavoring to have an agitation rethe only true capital that requires pro- opened which must have been very in- been permanently and satisfactorily dis-

#### THE ALL-CANADIAN ROUTE.

a preference in the British market for not take long to make the discovery that fact that the various sections of what surveyors could have done the work in labor in this part of the world is almost will be known as the Canada Northern railway are rapidly being built, and that the Conservative government was at before long there will soon be in opera- hive the Grits and in other games of a tion what is practically another trans- like nature to have time for any undercannot be made an issue in the elections. ploitation of labor or by the appropriation continental railway. The gentlemen takings of minor importance, and it may If it were put to a vote there would tion by means which are quite common who are constructing this line are well fairly be said the present troubles are hardly be one cast against it. It is on nowadays of the wealth created by na- known in all parts of the English-speakthe other side of the Atlantic that a ture. Men may stand in the legisla- ing world for their energy and business thank the great party which, as Nicholas eampaign of education must be carried tive halls for generations and expatiate acumen. They know a good thing from Flood Davin would say, is exclusively on before Sir Charles Tupper or any of on the great resources and the grand a financial point of view when they see any other colony granted a preference bia, but until capital comes in and dein the British market. We have already velops that wealth it is perfectly useless terested all parts of the world sufdone our part. British goods receive a to the populace and has no reward in ficiently attest. We may therefore take quite sanguine as to the results of the rebate of 33 1-3 per cent, from regular store for the toiler. Above any other it for granted that they foresee the elections for which he and his party are rates on arrival in this country. If Sir part of this great continent the resources great future that is in store for northern Charles Tupper thinks Lord Salisbury of this province are guarded by barriers Canada, and the public may be assured should reciprocate he should have stayed that can only be beaten down by the that events will prove their confidence has not been misplaced. These are the ed the people directly, as the leaders are during the last few years. On the praiall against it and it would be necessary ries a man who is desirous of making ment with the Dominion government for for him to convert them first. A month an abiding place and a living for him the construction of a railway from the public sentiment. He depends entirely or two ago the British Conservative self may go in and possess land without Stikine river to the headwaters of the leader absolutely refused to even receive much capital and in a year or two may Yukon on terms which are now admitted to have been very advantageous to the country; in fact, the assertion has been made that the construction of the line would have meant the ruin of its promoters. At any rate the necessity of an all-Canadian route was considered imperative at that time and the Dominion government took upon itself the responsibility of ordering the work to be proceeded with without the sanction of parto be done on a large scale it will only liament. The United States authorities were threatening the same sort of warfore on Canadian business as is being state of opinion, above all, among the sources so fill up the country with hungry men that the demand for the fruits for that reason it was considered advisable that no time should be lost in propromise great rewards for the labors of ceeding with the work. Sir Charles eation of opinion in this country as will the farmer. What we desire to point Tupper commended the foresight of the enable any statesman, whatever his out is that there are great things in government, and there was no sign from any quarter that there would be opposialso large fortunes to be made by those tion to the policy of the government unwho are enterprising enough to risk their til parliament met. Then it dawned on means in the exploitation of the store- the Conservatives from the East that houses of nature. We must all benefit the undertaking in which Messrs, Macdirectly or indirectly by the operations kenzie & Mann were engaged would that are carried on by means of the cap- make the government very popular in the ital that these adventurers put in circu- West, and anything like that could not chance have you of inducing the people lation here, and we should not be small be tolerated for a moment, while if the enough nor mean enough to envy them opposition lost a few votes in the West the success and the reward their they would more than make up for it by judgment and discrimination have the additional support they would rebrought them, and because they have ceive in the East on account of their adbeen fortunate seek to place obstacles vocacy of a line from that part of Canin the way of others who are desirous of ada to the Yukon country. So we find emulating their worthy example. Surely that the leader of the opposition ate his it is possible to protect the heritage of own words spoken in British Columbia, give must be met immediately on our courage the investment of capital. In tor Macdonald were so stupid as to walk part by the information that such a thing the eastern provinces great iron works into the trap set for their feet by the from Allahbad, capital of the division of servations thereon, and Mr. Labouand pulp mills are being erected and are Eastern politicians or that they put the the northwest provinces of British India now or soon will be employing thousands interests of party before the wishes of the same name, says that the trial of must decide upon these matters, but we of men. British Columbia has been en-

Salisbury's opinion is shared by the without end and water power which obliged to recall all their workmen, and leaders of the Liberal party, who are, some one has said it is an absolute sin that through the stupidity or worse of should be allowed to go to waste. It is the members for British Columbia the the opinion that "if all the mad things | come in and employ labor to utilize all deprived of the sense of security and we have heard in our day, the re-eract- these good things and to refrain from stability to the northern trade that would unduly criticising them if they obtain have surely followed the opening of the nection with the North, through the folly of Messrs. Prior, Earle and Macdonald we shall have to pay a pretty price for There is a general feeling amongst the it. It is needless to say that at all members of the Legislature from interior hazards we must retain the trade that constituencies that there is no necessity has at last, in spite of all the efforts for the appointment of a mining commistant have been made to divert it, found sion and that for the purpose of inquiring its way into its natural channels. It into the working of the eight-hour day will devolve upon the provincial governthe formation of such a body by the ment to take steps necessary to safegovernment would be a serious mistake. guard our interests and to see that the Everything is harmonious now, appar- business which the merchants of Britently, in the metalliferous mining re- ish Columbia have acquired by so much

miners and mine owners. Surely the latter point of view, the records show that recognize now that the eight-hour day is the route which it follows is the one who have given the matter any consider- cific railway. Distinguished men like ation cannot but admit that eight hours Marcus Smith, Sandford Fleming, Prinis long enough for any human being to cipal Grant and Professor Macoun found not all concerned accept the situation climate was better, the rainfall more rethe late campaign the party at present in a northern passes are better adapted for they were in favor of the appointment of Kicking Horse pass, that the new line a commission to examine into the con- not only in the Northwest, but also in people with regard to the eight-hour law. conjunction with the immense possibilities of northern British Columbia, were idle are all now in operation and hands one of the most attractive underthe number which have reached the pay- takings to capitalists ever put before the people of this country.

for 1886 we find that Mr. Grant, who then represented Cassiar in the legislature, moved a resolution relating to the Alaska boundary question. Senator Hoare of the United States was at the time in Victoria looking into the matter, and there are good reasons for believing that if the Conservative government which was then in power had made the slightest effort to secure a settlement this irritating subject might easily have tection and encouragemen in this young jurious to their business while it lasted. Posed of. There was then nothing to excite the cupidity of our land-grabbing neighbors, American politicians were inclined to be reasonable, judging by the The Colonist this morning notes the views of Senator Hoare, and a corps of two or three seasons at the most. But that time too busy devising schemes to endowed with the instinct of govern-

In looking over the files of the Times

Sir Charles Tupper professes to feel now preparing. There is nothing very surprising in that. To be sure he has just come from the Old Country, where one would naturally think it would be difficult to gather data bearing on the matter, but Sir Charles never did go much on the indications furnished by on his own feelings, and naturally they tell him that the great ruling qualifications of the Tupper family cannot again be overlooked by the people. So he and his friends will have their political picnics, will rejoice in anticipation of the glorious times before them when they have turned down the Grits, and why should we begrudge it to them when we reflect on the fact that another day of humiliation for them is at hand, although it will take a month or two for the optimistic old baronet to realise that he is really beaten again and that the people see in him none of the great qualities he believes himself to be possessed of. \* \* \*

The employees of the Toronto Street Railway Company have been threaten- Admits He Wrote to the Former ing to strike for an increase of wages. Among the arguments advanced in favor of their application was one of greater force and originality than is commonly met with in the realm of labor polemics. Advising Burghers as to the but declines to recognize Mr. Chambercount some 74 motormen and conductors anxious to marry and settle down, but cannot quite see our way to maintaining a house and wife and the subsequent responsibilities with any great comfort on said pay we would soon marry, rent houses and raise loyal and patriotic give us a little encouragement."

#### SENTENCED TO DEATH,

(Associated Press.)

the 25 prisoners concerned in the Cawn- and amount to advice to the Transvaal may be sure the Conservative leader was of men. British Columnia has been end on the motion of Senator Macdonald the demnation to death of twenty of the accommission to settle the franchise fairly sure of his ground before he put no other country in the world. We have Senate threw out the agreement with cused, the transportation of one and acquestion, etc., together with an expres-







### Labouchere's Letters

Transvaal Representative in London

Course They Should Adopt.

London, Aug. 21.—To-morrow, Henry Labouchere's paper, Truth, will publish the present pay. If you could induce the correspondence advising that paper your fellow-directors to advance the of the seizure at Pretoria of a compromising letter from Mr. Montague White, former consul-general of the South households. Canada stands in need of tary of State Reitz, dated August 4th, African Republic in London, to Secresons and daughters, and all we say is, 1899, and two letters from Mr. Henry Labouchere to Mr. White dated August Hawkesley correspondence. 2nd, 1899, and August 4th, 1899, which Mr. White appears to have enclosed to Secretary Reitz; and a letter from Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, the secretary of state for the colonies, inviting Mr. London, Aug. 22.—A special dispatch Labouchere to offer explanations or ob- Bright's disease, chere's reply.

Mr. Labouchere's letters are brief, sion of opinion from Sir Henry Camp- bury, London, W.

Bell-Bannerman, the Liberal leader in the House of Commons and the Liberals generally, that the British cabinet proposed the appointment of the commission with the view of giving Mr. Chamberlain a chance to "climb down," and that the cabinet was determined to have no war: He also said: "The President has a great opportunity to give Joe another fall. The great thing is to gain time. In a few months we shall be howling about something in another part

of the world." Mr. Labouchere's reply to Mr. Chamlian's "pretensions to ask for an explanation" on a matter concerning which he is "only responsible to parliament and my constituents," and invites Mr. Chamberlain, in the pursuance of his "new diplomacy." to publish all the correspondence between the colonial office and the governors of Natal and Cape Colony, and between the governors and military commanders in South Africa, so that the public may be able to form a sound opinion on the whole business, including the inadequate preparations and initial reverses, and also and especially the

#### SCULPTOR DEAD.

Copenhagen, Aug. 22 .- Carl Smith, the sculptor of Washington, died here of

TO THE DEAR. A rich lady, cured of her Deafness and Noises in the Head by Dr. Nicholson's Artificial Bar Drums, gave £5,000 to his Institute, so that deaf people unable to procure the Bar Drums may have them free. Address No. 207 D., The Nicholson Institute, Longcott, GunnersProv

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amended. Prayers Petitions ican Corpo and B. C companies tion regar Mr. Man tions were he admissi was impo was refer acts to wh be specified and it wa House to they were that the r ingless ar petent fo House, a

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## Provincial ... **Parliament**

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HEALTHY AND

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WOMEN.

Mainland Politics Occupy Most of the Time of the Legislators.

Some Significant Questions Regarding Porcupine Appointments by Mr. Stables.

Monday, Aug. 19th. After two days of idleness, the weary the province came very ir tasks this afternoon, and sed of the immediate busihem, decided not to sit in Vancouver matters receivclusive attention, the Van-Westminster bill and the being further discussed and

Prayers were read by Rev. W. Leslie

Petitions were read, the British American Corporation, Ltd., and the London and B. C. Gold Fields, Ltd., and other companies complaining of certain legislation regarding the mining industry.

Mr. Martin contended that the petitions were out of order, as in order to admissible they must be definite. It was impossible to tell what legislation was referred to. He insisted that the acts to which objection was taken should be specified. The petition meant nothing and it was trifling with the time of the House to present it. He contended that they were out of order on the ground that the petitions were vague and meaningless and contained alterations.

Mr. Speaker Booth-"It is quite competent for any person to petition the House, and the question as to whether relief is granted or the prayer of petition considered is a matter for the House to deal with.

"On the second point, I think the practice of the House has been not to enforce rule 92 too strictly with regard to alteraons,' if the petition was otherwise unctionable. I will therefore hold the ions to be in order, and leave it to the House to say if it wishes rule 92 e more strictly enforced in the fu-

Mr. Martin drew attention to parts of the petition which had been altered was distinctly contrary to the The fact that the clerk had overlooked such alterations and neglected his was no reason why the House persist in this error. He apfrom the Speaker's ruling, but chair was sustained. The petition was received.

The consideration of the resolution reported from committee of supply was hen taken up and the items passed.

The following bills were introduced: By Mr. Eberts-To amend the Railway Assessment Act; to amend the Provincial Election Act; to amend the Tramway Incorporation Act.

All these were read a first time. Mr. Stables moved: "That bill (No. 16) intituled "An act to incorporate the Lake Bennett Railway Company" be placed upon the orders of the day for second

He and Mr. Curtis spoke in support the resolution. A vote being taken it was lost on the following division: Yeas-Messrs. McInnes, Gilmour, Sta-

les, Oliver, Brown, Curtis, R. Smith. Houston-8. Nays-Messrs. Kidd, Neill, Green,

Hall, McPhillips, Helmcken, Turner, Dunsmuir, Eberts, A. W. Smith, Ellison, Fulton, Hayward, Garden, Prentice, Wells, McBride, Pooley, Murphy, Rogers, Hunter, Taylor, Dickie, Mr. Kidd asked the Hon. the Chief

Commissioner of Lands and Works the following question: Is it the intention of the government to open for settlement, in small holdings, by lease or cial lands now under reserve in the mu-Burnaby?

Hon. Mr. Wells replied as follows: opening for settlement, by lease or otherwise, the provincial lands referred to." Mr. Tatlow asked the Hon, the Minister of Mines, the following question: Is it ment and he would present it. the intention of the government to establish a mining division with a gold commissioner resident in the city of Vancou-

Hon. Mr. McBride replied as follows: "The government is collecting data with reference to establishment of such mining division.'

A message was received from the Lieut.-Governor transmitting an "Act to Amend the Licenses Act," and recommending its introduction. A similar message was received with reference to the Mineral Act. The bills were introduced and read a first time.

The House went into committee on the bill to provide for the settlement of disputes in the Porcupine district, with Mr. Hayward in the chair. Mr. Stables asked if it was proposed

to impose a fee of \$25 before a case could It had caused hardship in some in-

Hon. Mr. McBride replied that the matter was receiving the attention of the | bill herewith with amendments." The committee rose and reported the

bill complete without amendment. It was read a third time and finally passed. The House then went into committee the Vancouver and Westminster Railway Company, with Mr. Kidd in the

Mr. Helmcken who had the bill in charge, asked that the length of the company's branch lines be made hinot exceeding twenty intes in length in tead of six the ordinary length.

Mr. Oliver protested againsts such step, adding that no reason had been advanced for the power sought, and the members had that very day an illusration of the ways of the road in consideration, they having put in plans for a road for which others sought a char-

Mr. Curtis supported Mr. Oliver's objection. Mr. Martin protested against

Mr. Oliver moved an amendment that the road follow the north side of the Fraser river. Mr. Pooley couldn't understand Mr.

own district. The leader of the opposition pointed out that to allow the C.P.R. to build lowing section substituted therefor: branch lines twenty miles in length meant blanketing the whole district and shutting out competition.

They had a sample of the effect of such powers in the railway committee in the morning when the C.P.R. had opposed the Grand Forks & Kettle River railway with an old charter they had up

Mr. Oliver retorted to Mr. Pooley that he favored bridges and railways in his district, but he would oppose a step giving the C. P. R. power to shut off competition; while Mr. Gilmour pointed out how the operation of the clause would kill other railway enterprises. Mr. Oliver's amendment was voted

The House then passed to the consideration of the following amendment by

Mr. Helmcken: "That the provision of the Railway act as to length of branch lines shall not apply to this section, notwithstanding anything contained in this act," and to

add to section 30 the following words: 'Save and except in the case of any conflict, inconsistency or repugnancy between the other clauses of this act and the clauses or sections of the 'British Columbia Railway Act,' so made a part of this act, the other clauses of this act shall prevail and override any clause or section of the British Columbia Railway Act' so incorporated herewith, to the extent of any such conflict, inconsistency or repugnancy."

The leader of the opposition asked that whenever a clause interfered with the general act it should be so stated; while Mr. Curtis objected to making the clauses in the private act to prevail when they were repugnant to the general act. The latter clause should always prevail as it was in the interests of the general public, while the private one was for a company.

The second section also passed. A debate followed on a motion of Mr. 34, the first of which declared it a condithen rose and reported progress. The House went into committee on the clause would be withdrawn.

amendment to the Vancouver city charly suggested.

The committee rose, reported progress, and asked leave to sit again. Mr. Brown asked when he might ex-

ing the number of votes cast in each constituency at the last election. The Minister of Mines promised the return without delay.

The House then rose.

Tuesday, Aug. 21st.

The order paper was well cleared this mission was necessary? afternoon, notwithstanding that a number of matters were up, which awakened considerable discussion. The Vancouver charter amendments were finally disposed of, to the immense relief of all the mem-

Prayers were read by Rev. W. Leslie A petition was presented by A. W. Smith from S. Gibbs and others in reference to assessment work on mineral

Mr. Kidd moved for a return showing the last official report on the condition of the Burnaby Small Holdings. He explained that he did so because of the inotherwise, to actual settlers, the provin- terest shown in these holdings. Any one who knew the condition of the land benicipalities of South Vancouver and fore these holdings were taken would be surprised to see the progress which had been made. He thought it was wise to "Up to the present time the government make an inspection and thus keep the has not considered the advisability of holders before the public. He hoped to see the government extend the system.

The Commissioner of Lands and Works said such a return was in his depart-Capt. Tatlow urged the extension of the system so that wage earners in the city of Vancouver might have some land

on which they could raise their vegetables, etc. Mr. Brown understood that through the neglect of a former government, some of the holders had failed to fulfill the obli-He gations entailed in their lease. therefore favored the motion, which

The Land Registry Bill was taken up, when a slight amendment was added at the suggestion of the Attorney-General. The bill was then adopted as amended.

The report of the railway committee was presented by Mr. Pooley as follows: 'We have considered bill (No. 50) intituled "An Act to Incorporate the Grand Forks & Kettle River Railway Company," and have amended the preamble by eliminating that portion of the railbe considered, as was the case last year? way between Cascade City and the City of Grand Forks, at the request of the promoters; subject to which we report the preamble proved, and submit the said

The Tramways Act Amendment Bill came up for its second reading. A similar bill, the Attorney-General said, had been disallowed because of its anti-Japanese and anti-Chinese clauses. The present bill allowed companies which had the building of tramways mentioned among their powers to incorporate under the act of 1895. The bill was read

second time. The Railway Assessment Act Amendment Act was also read a second time. The amendment to the Elections Act, as explained by the Attorney-General, reduced the right of appeal from four weeks to two weeks. The bill passed its

second reading. The Licenses Act Amendment Bill was also read a second time.

The amendments to the Mineral Act were explained by the Hon. Minister of Mines. The second session provided for the issuance of a Crown grant to the that the bill had been introduced. He administrator of the deceased owner of himself had attempted to introduce a A message was transmitted from His

three months, acquire his interest. The last two clauses in the amending

bill were as follows: Oliver's opposition to a railway in his of 1899, is hereby repealed and the fol- cken would support it.

> "The owner of a mineral claim who has had his claim surveyed and has filed in the office of the Mining Recorder in the mining division in which the claim is situated, a declaration by a provincial land surveyor, stating that he has surveyed the claim as required by sub-section (c.) of section 36 of this act. and has delivered to the Mining Recorder a plat of the claim and a copy of the original field-notes, and delivered two copies of the plat and one copy of the field-notes to the owner, then the owner of such claim shall be entitled to have the cost of such survey, not to exceed 24-of this act.

> "The schedule of fees attached to the 'Mineral Act,' is hereby amended by striking out 'for a Crown grant \$10' at the end thereof, and by substituting therefor 'for a Crown grant \$25.' '

Hon. Mr. McBride expressed the be lief that the advance in the fee would occasion little opposition, being quite reasonable.

Mr. Curtis complained that mining companies were unfairly treated. They were obliged to pay from \$50 to \$75 for a license, while an individual miner paid only \$5. Marcus Daly, for instance, was opening up a wonderfully rich property in Keremoes on the payment of a \$5 license, while many companies were paying \$50 for license for opening up unrenumerative properties.

There were too many safeguards thrown round the co-owner in section 4 An individual owner lost his property i he failed to keep up his assessment, whereas a bone fide co-owner had to go to considerable expense to get rid of the delinquent co-owner. He should not be obliged to pay such a sum as was contemplated. It was a well known fact that the vast majority of claims were valueless, and to impose such a condiion would work hardship.

With sections 5 and 6 he agreed. But Helmcken to strike out clauses 32 and section 7, where the fee for a Crown grant was raised from \$10 to \$25, showtion upon which the bill should be pass- ed that the government failed to grasp ed, and binding on bondholders, that the the situation in regard to mines. The company should carry over its lines all metalliferous mines were taxed to death. persons whose transportation would oth- The great bulk of revenue was derived erwise be a charge on the province, and from the mines, and it was absurd to all members of the legislature. The first exact a fee of \$25 for a Crown grant fo clause was struck out. The last, which 52 acres of mining land, while only \$10 excluded Mongolians for employment on was charged for a grant for 600 acres of the railway, was laid over until the La- farming land. He hoped no additional bor bill is introduced. The committee harships would be put on the mining industry, and that this objectionable

Surprise was expressed by the leader ter, Mr. Helmcken in the chair. It was of the opposition that no attention had decided to make the number of wards been paid by the mining committee to two or more, not two or ten, as original- the state of the mining industry as indicated in the speech from the throne. They had found defects in the law. Defects were pointed out every season, and slight changes, none of which affected pect the return he had asked for regard- the principle of the law, were made. He did not coincide either with the

suggestion to count surveys as part of assessment work. The increase in the mining license fees he accounted for by the desire of the government to make up the revenue lost through their subserviency to the saloon dealers, and to their amending the License Act so that they lost from \$8,000 to \$10,000 in revenue Our prospector was worth a thousand whiskey sellers. While they deliberately decreased the whiskey sellers' fees from \$200 to \$75, they increased the miners fee from \$10 to \$25. In other words it required eight prospectors to make up for one whiskey seller. If this amount had to be made up there were other classes in the community who could better afford to make it up than the poor and hardy prospector.

The Attorney-General was surprised at the consistency of the opposition leader, who lived for the poor man. Such men when the time came to stand in the lived. breach for the poor man were wanting. His honorable friend objected to counting \$100 survey as assessment work, by

'poor' prospector. done soon enough, the survey was allowed to count, while Mr. Martin added regulation to become retroactive.

Mr. Curtis also pointed out that the prospector didn't get any surface right, while the Attorney-General retorted that they were given the use of the land. The British Columbia mining law was the fairest and most generous in the world

Mr. Martin-Why then do you want a commission to investigate it?

Mr. Green complained of the wearisome song of the opposition about their regard for the workingmen. The regulation in regard to co-owners was one the mining communities had long dethis amendment in the report of the mining committee last year, but it had been struck out on the suggestion of the then Attorney-General. He (Mr. Martin) was not then so anxious about the poor prospector. The increase of fee would occasion no complaint, in view of the liberal way in which the government had treated the mining districts in regard to roads and trails. The bill passed the second reading.

The bill regarding works under franchises under private acts (Mr. Helmcken) next came up for its second reading. In so moving, Mr. Helmcken said it gave bearing on the Dominion House, him great pleasure to say that it was advanced with the consent of the government. It was in line with a policy

upsetting the decision of the railway a claim. Section 11 provided that where similar bill in railway committee, but had Honor the Lieut.-Governor, recommendcommittee unless reasons were given for a co-owner failed to keep up his assess- been defeated. He hoped, however, that ing to the House a bill providing for the the step. All the reasons that had been ments his associate might, by advertist he scope of the bill would be widened. levying of taxes on coal and coke; a bill advanced were that the company wanted ing in a newspaper in the district for He wanted the bill to extend to firms in- to amend the Assessment act; a bill to

be misled. It went a very short distance these were read a first time. "Section 127 of the 'Mineral Act' as in settling the difficulty aimed at. It reenacted by section 10 of chapter 33 of ferred to the future. It didn't apply to the statutes of 1898, and amended by works already in progress. His own bill actually issued to voters in each riding section 14 of chapter 45 of the statutes referred to this. He hoped Mr. Helm-

The policy of the latter's bill, the Minister of Mines said, was the policy of the government. The government favored white labor, and while opposed to revolutionary steps they were prepared to go far to safeguard that labor. He was sorry to see the member for North Na-

one hundred dollars, counted as work the government when they promised to done on the claim as required by section work steadily toward ameliorating the

of warfare as backhanded. Mr. Curtis-I am interested to find the term dastardly is parliamentary, Mr. Speaker. (Laughter.) Hon, Mr. McBride-Well, I withdraw

Mr. Curtis-It is equally interesting to and that backhanded is parliamentary. Hon. Mr. McBride-I withdraw that, oo. (Renewed laughter.)

Continuing Mr. Curtis said the House

dealt with by the local House which had gentleman saw six o'clock. not been used by the government. The principle of the Natal Act would be perfectly satisfactory at Westminster and he But such being the case, what became thought the government should be ready of the suggestion that the mining law to announce whether they would support was so bad that a mining commission such a measure. He loyally supported. would have to be issued? Why attempt | Mr. Helmcken's motion though it did not themselves to the changed conditions.

Mr. McPhillips had misgivings as to the effectiveness of the bill, but being a supporter of the government which had adopted it, he would give it his support. Mr. McPhillips continued at some length, when he was interrupted by the leader of the opposition, who asked on which side of the question he was speaking.

Mr. McPhillips closed by expressing the hope that the bill would accomplish the purpose for which it was designed. Mr. Brown failed to understand Mr. McPhillips's position. He seemed to be talking against the provisions of the act and yet supported it. He himself wished to see the House go just as far as possible in checking the influx of Orientals. The great trouble with these people was that they did not become citizens of the country in which they

The bill dealt with civil rights which were matters of local concern. These were entirely within the province of the which a big saving was effected to the Legislature and he counselled the House against admitting that the House did Mr. Curtis pointed out that under the not possess these rights. He thought a former act if the assessment work was protest should have been entered on the occasion of the disallowance of the bills

protest. (Applause.)

ciple. He considered the House should enjoyed in connection therewith." assert its authority to the furthest point sired. He had secured the insertion of and even risk something in order that the amendment, stating that municipal something might be accomplished. He ownership of franchises was becoming a thought the House should go further common thing. than the bill. He agreed with Mr. Curtis that ample time should be given in- said it was already provided for in the dustries affected by such legislation to bill in section 8, sub-section b. adapt themselves to the conditions. It

Mr. McPhillips denied the imputation of Mr. Smith. Capt. Tatlow thought the introduction which had already been advanced in the of the measure and the fact that he and House. It had been fashioned on the the other Conservative member from provisions of the commonwealth bill. The Vancouver were supporting the measure ed down. Legislature undoubtedly had the right to was an answer to the remarks of the deal with property and civil rights ac- member for New Westminster that they cording to the B. N. A. Act. The bill were inconsistent. The bill embodied therefore could pass criticism anywhere, the principle advanced in the Conserva-

Mr. McInnes expressed his pleasure tive platform. The motion was carried unanimously.

corporated under the Companies Act. amend the Land act, and an act to accel-The general public must not, however, erate the incorporation of Phoenix. All

Hon. Mr. Prentice presented a return showing the number of ballot papers of the province at the general election

held on June 9th, 1900.

His Honor the Lieut.Governor here entered and assented to an act to make special provision with regard to the qualifications of the members of the council of the city of Sandon, and an act to provide for the settlement of disputes as to mining claims in the Porcupine district of the Rennett Lake mining divitrict of the Bennett Lake mining divi-

was assured that the government did in- while Mr. McPhillips gave as his reason measures of relief. He would like something definite. After the discussions which had taken blook by thought the which had taken place he thought the held it was out of order, as interfering government should be ready to give some with the prerogative of the crown. The utline of their policy. It was proposed chairman ruled this objection out, when appeal to the Imperial government. an appeal was taken to the Speaker. Address: The "Woman's World," Brent-Yet there was one phase that could be The point was being debated when that

EVENING SESSION.

added as a new section. Hon. Mr. Turner said the same ground Mr. McInnes said the section had alto better the law when it was suggested | go far enough. He would like to see it was already covered in the bill brought | ready been in force for a year. It was that the members were not competent to apply to companies which had received in earlier in the day by Mr. Helmcken, past the stage of disallowance, and it deal with the matter, and that a com- incorporation from the Legislature. Its while Mr. Hunter characterized the mo- would be most absurd, after passing such operation might be postponed for two or tion as a useless one, the ground being a resolution as carried in the afternoon,

> act. Mr. Garden moved for the insertion at the end of clause 33 of a saving clause be abashed. He was not going to play that where any clause of the act was to the galleries, etc. repugnant to the general act the former should prevail. On a vote being taken a number of honorable gentlemen did not the real wishes of the members. vote, and the chairman, after taking a show of hands, declared the amendment lost. The government members insisted upon reconsideration, although Mr. Curtis pointed out that such a rule might lead to indefinite re-consideration, and that if members did not take sufficient interest in the proceedings to vote, they must take the consequences. The amendment was re-considered and car-

The bill was passed without further amendment, and was reported complete with amendments.

The House then went into committee on the Western Telephone and Telegraph bill, with Mr. Murphy in the chair. Mr. Brown moved the following

amendment: "Any duly incorporated municipality shall at any time, upon giving one year's notice to the company, have the right to purchase, and the company shall be last year. The government should take property of the company situate, lying Helmcken to strike out section 31, excludthat his objection lay in allowing the the position that no infringement of its and being within the corporate limits ing Chinese from employment, as had rights should be allowed to pass without of the said municipality, on such terms claimed his own bill covered this ground. Ralph Smith presumed the bill was an otherwise, together with such rights, that Mr. Helmcken's bill would be carexpression of the government's policy on privileges, and franchises in connection ried through by the government. Until the question. It was well understood with such works as the company may that assurance was given he did not proregard to labor in this province. He was act; and upon the completion of such struck out. convinced that some members of the purchase the municipality shall have House were not as loyal to the principle power to maintain and operate such in the House as on the hustings. The works, and to hold, exercise and enjoy junior member for Victoria, if he were all the rights, privileges, and franchises perfectly candid, would oppose the prin- which the company held, exercised or Mr. Brown urged the incorporation of

The promoter of the bill, Mr. Ellison,

Mr. Brown drew attention to the fact did seem to him that the one man who that the provision referred to by Mr. Elwanted to see the House do nothing in lison merely provided that the company regard to this matter was the junior should not come into competition with member for Victoria and he favored the existing lines owned by municipalities. principle on the hustings. It was most He quoted from the amendment to the essential that the House should be unan B. C. Southern Railway Act for a preimous on this matter as the dissent of cedent for his amendment. He ridiculed one member might have an important the idea that such an amendment as he proposed would discourage capital. It was better to insert such a clause in the original charter and avoid trouble in fu-

A long debate followed with the result, however, that the amendment was vot-

The remainder of the sections passed without opposition and the bill was reported complete. The House resumed in committee on

the Vancouver Northern & Yukon Rail- posed to building the road at all. way Bill, with Mr. Munro in the chair. Mr. McPhillips moved that sections ber for New Westminster on opposing a

£5.000 OUR GRAND £5,000 Ornithological Contest Something entirely new and interesting. Read what you are to do. You may get £200 cash. Our contest is to see who can make the largest list of names (or kinds) of birds from the following list of letters:

WDOOOCCKOULIAPRTARIDG

ESPNIELVEBRDIMWADONTL

trict of the Bennett Lake mining division.

Mr. McInnes—When did I do that?

Mr. McInnes—No, I did not.

Hon. Mr. McBride withdrew his remark. He asked the House to believe the government when they promised to work steadily toward ameliorating the conditions occasioned by competition with Chinese labor.

Mr. Curtis—What is your policy?

Hon. Mr. McBride replied that the government's policy was one of bringing steady representation to bear upon the Imperial government. He complained BIG PRIZES AWARDED DAILY. connect's policy was one of bringing steady representation to bear upon the Imperial government. He complained that the government was being fought in a dastardly way by the opposition, who were sending typewritten reports of the House, having ascertiment in committee all over the country, seeking to put honorable gentlement in the seeking to put honorable gentlement in the seeking to put honorable gentlement in the government side in a false light,

Mr. Martin—Were there any mistatements in these? You're ashamed of the facts.

Hon, Mr. McBride—He owns up to it. Mr. Curtis—Will you tell me what you're policy is, please?

Hon, Mr. McBride chied the opposition leader with admitting sending these reports.

Mr. Martin repudiated the suggestion. What he said was that if there were misstatements in these letters it was very improper, but if they contained facts the Minister of Mines should not object to the impublication.

Mr. McBride characterized this method of warfare as backhanded.

Mr. Curtis—Jam interested to find the Lieut-Governor in Council may prevent the south right, and upon such terms and in such manner as the Lieut-Governor in Council may prevent the south right, and upon such terms and in such manner as the Lieut-Governor in Council may prevent the south right, and upon such terms and in such manner as the Lieut-Governor in Council may prevent the south right, and upon such terms and in such manner as the Lieut-Governor in Council may prevent the south right, and upon such terms and in such manner as the Lieut-Governor in Council may prevent the south right, and upon such terms and in such manner as the Lieut-Governor in Council may prevent the complex of the province on the respect to the complex of the country of the House, having accretion, with the country of the House, having accretion to the respect of the manner as the Lieut-Governor in Council may prevent the such as all the country of the c with respectate such right, and upon such terms and in such manner as the Lieut-Governor in Council may prescribe."

Mr. Curtis said he did this on the initiative of Mr. Chas. Wilson, whose principles some of his followers in the House seemed to be forgetting. He read that gentleman's statement on the point.

Mr. Tatlow said the government had already brought in a general bill (Mr. Helmcken's) which covered the point, while Mr. McPhillips gave as his reason

reliable concern, we are known to do exactly as we advertise. As to our reliability we refer to any Advertising Agent

Street ..... Town ..... Country .....

37 38 and 39 be repealed. The first forbade the employment of Chinese and The Speaker having ruled Mr. Curtis's Japanese on the railway and this was amendment in order, the member for already met with by the bill passed in Rossland sought to have the section the afternoon. It exposed the bill to disallowance,

> for the House to revoke their action by revoking that action. Mr. McPhillips, however, was not to

Mr. Curtis held that the vote on this section would give a clear illustration of

Mr. Green defined his position very clearly. This legislation had stood the Why then throw it out now? He test. would oppose such a clause in new legislation. The attempt of Mr. Mc. Phillips was defeated, the following only voting for it: Messrs, Prentice, Pooley, Hunter, Hayward, Clifford. A. Smith, McPhillips, Rogers and Hall. Of the remainder Mr. Turner voted with the opposition. Premier Dunsmuir, Ebects and Mr. Murphy did not vote at all.

Those who opposed striking out the anti-Chinese clause were as follows: Messrs. Turner, Garden, Taylor, Dickie, Mounce, Helmcken, Kidd, Green, Ralph Smith, Oliver, Neill, Gilmour, Stables, Brown, Curtis and Mc-Innes. Messrs, McBride, Martin and Ellison were absent.

The bill was reported complete. The Vancouver & Westminster Railcompelled to sell, any of the works and way Bill referred back on motion of Mr.

as may be agreed upon by arbitration or Mr. Curtis said there was no assurance that certain restrictions were necessary in have acquired under the powers of this pose to consent to the clause being On the suggestion of Ralph Smith Hon.

The bill was reported complete as am-

Mr. McBride gave this assurance.

The motion then carried.

ended

The Crow's Nest Pass Light & Power Bill was read a second time, and the Vancouver & Lulu Island railway came up for second reading. Mr. Brown suggested the six months' hoist because he believed it incumbent upon him to give some honorable gentlemen who had declared their belief in the principle of government ownership of railways where practicable an opportunity of putting their opinions into practice. This was a local, independent road not dependent on any other road for success, and was to be built to meet a demand. It was admirably adapted to test the principle of government ownership. It would be cheaply built. None of the objections to government ownership applied here. He wanted to see it operated as a good road.

been expended in building the road. It would be a breach of faith to enforce government ownership. Mr. Gilmour said he wouldn't support the six months' hoist unless the govern-

Capt. Tatlow said \$40,000 had already

ment guaranteed to build it. Mr. Brown said that he was not op-The Attorney-General rallied the mem-

Bar Drums, gave that deaf people Ear Drums may No. 207 D., The ngcott, Gunnersceeded in making his position clear. Mr. Kidd supported the bill. The vertisements. (Loud laughter.) Semlin government had been asked to take up the road as a tram line. They

The House then rose. ---

Wednesday, August 22nd. The noteworthy features of to-day's sittings were in the evening session, which opened with some sharp crossfiring, and ended with the defeat of the Grand Forks & Kettle River Railway

Prayers were read by Rev. W. Leslie A petition was presented by Mr. Oliver

from residents of his district asking for the construction of a railroad from the Coast to Kootenay along the south side inserted as a new clause: "Provided. of the Fraser river.

missioner of Lands and Works presented rate of interest than seven per centum similar petitions.

House to an informality in regard to aggregate exceed the fair cost price of pirvate bills dealing with Crown lands, the whole of the company's corporeal On second reading, according to the rules, property when its undertaking is comthese should have been referred to a com- pleted ready for operation." mittee of the whole House.

amend the Placer Mining Act, and Mr. more money than the corporeal value of any false position. McPhillips one to amend the Queen's Counsel Act, 1899.

culture the following questions: 1. Did this system it would be possible to limit the government pay the expenses of send the tolls. It would prevent companies ing Mr. E. Hutcherson to the province of Manitoba, in the year 1897 or 1898? 2. If so, for what purpose did Mr. Hutcherson visit Manitoba? 3. Did Mr. Hutcherson make any report to the govern- ship would be worked on the company. ment? If so, what was the nature of the report?

The reply was: 1. No. 2. Answered by reply to No. 1. 3. Mr. Hutcherson made no report to the government.

Mr. Stables asked the Hon, the Minister of Finance the following question: What was the total revenue derived by the government from the Atlin division of the Cassiar district from June 30th, 1898, till June 30th, 1900?

The reply was that the total revenue derived from Atlin mining division, including Lake Bennett division, for the fiscal years 1898-99 and 1899-1900 was \$166,417.89.

Mr. Gilmour asked the government the following question: As the promotters of the Lake Bennett and Chilkat railways were not aware of the policy of does the government intend to recompublic in this way and pave the way for pense them for said expense?

This was ruled out of order as contain-

that 93% was the price the trustees of session. the sinking fund paid for the half-year- The amendment was lost on the follow liy investment of the fund in June, 1900. ing division:

eral the following questions: 1. Has C. Smith, Oliver, Neill, Brown, Curtis, Capt. W. J. Rant been appointed stipen-The reply was: 1. Yes; senior member Mounce. J. Rant who was formerly mining re

corder at Lake Bennett. Coming to the third reading of the pany Bill, one of the bills which had passed its second reading irregularly, Mr. Turner suggested reconsidering it

with the consent of the House. Mr. Martin stamped such a motion as had been over-ridden, and now it was proposed to cap the climax by totally disregarding the rules. It seemed to him that rules were being used merely to worry and annoy a portion of the House. Mr. Turner said he could give two

days' notice and reconsider the bill. Mr. Eberts asked if the leader of the opposition wanted to keep the House two days longer.

Mr. Martin-No. I am sick and disgusted with the whole business. But if there is to be obstruction and annovance to one section of the House, let us push it to the extreme and see how much annoyance and trouble we can give the

whole House. Mr. Eberts protested against the delay involved. The honorable gentleman wanted to obstruct business for two days longer, when it might be disposed of in five minutes.

Mr. Martin objected to his motives being imputed. Hon. Mr. Eberts-Perhaps the honorable gentleman will withdraw his objec-

Mr. Martin-No. I'll withdraw noth- defeated. ing. I am sick and tired of the points of order being taken to burk discussion. Mr. Turner moved that the third reading be discharged and the bill placed on ; orders for second reading to-morrow.

This was done despite the protestations of the leader of the opposition. The Anglican Synod of the Diocese of New Westminster Bill was reported. The House went into committee on the Crow's Nest Pass and Power Bill, with

Mr. Neill in the chair. Some debate took place on the clause providing for a maximum penalty of \$100 attaching to any person who posted an advertisement, or printed anything on the posts of the company. Messrs. Martin and Curtis said the sum was excessive, and such companies were already protected by the Criminal Code.

The section was allowed to stand. E. C. Smith offered an amendment eliminating the posting of advertisements and notices, as acts involving a penalty under the section. He said he had no protection preventing the posting of advertisements on his fence or gate. Why should a telephone company have greater privileges?

terrible result would follow if posters ad- of its corporeal property, together with son for voting for it, while Mr. Green vertising soap and pills could be posted such bonus (if any), not exceeding ten counselled Mr. McInnes to withdraw the

road in his own district, whereupon that up on these poles. In civilized communi-

Ralph Smith-Why you have them or cries of "Order" from the other side of the poles in this city. (Hear, hear.) the House. Mr. Brown, however, was Mr. Stables said it would be a good ruled in order by the Speaker and suc- thing if some of the shacks in Victoria could be entirely covered up with ad-

Mr. Hayward could not understand why a farmer's fence could be plastered would not do so and the present com- over with notices, while the poles of a pany had taken it up in good faith and company are protected. If a general act he would regret to see any interference of protection were printed he would support it.

The government having declared they | Mr. Oliver pointed out that by a prev would not build the road, Mr. Brown said ious clause the company might break up he would withdraw his motion. Leave roads, drains, etc., without any compenwas refused and the motion voted down. sation to the municipality. Yet if a notice of a school meeting was put up, this

ridiculous penalty was imposed. Mr. McPhillips held that the safeguarding of the municipality was insured by the common law.

Mr. Oliver-Then why cannot this company be content with the protection of this common law instead of seeking this extraordinary measure of protection?

The bill was reported complete without amendment.

Mr. Curtis moved that the following be also, that the mortgages or bonds issued Mr. Munro and the Hon. Chief Com- by the company shall not bear a higher per annum, and the face value of such The Speaker drew the attention of the mortgages and bonds shall not in the

Mr. Curtis explained that his object Mr. Stables introduced an Act to was that the company should not borrow, the opposition, he said, to force him into the property. He had placed the interest at seven per cent., although he knew Mr. Oliver asked the Minister of Agri- it could be got for six per cent. Under mortgaging their property to an excessive amount, and would facilitate the taking over of these enterprises by the gov-Mr. Hunter thought this would block

companies in making extensions. Mr. McPhillips vexed the ambient air for the thousand and first time to the weariness of friends and opponents.

Mr. McInnes expressed his sympathy with this kind of legislation. This principle had occupied the time and attention of other Houses and in the railway committee at Ottawa half the time was taken up in considering these. The Dominion House had gone a great deal further than this amendment and he said this for the benefit of some members who regarded such sections as experimental. He quoted parallel legislation at Ottawa in which similar sections had been in serted.

Mr. Brown said the amendment gave charters until they had incurred large money it required, but no more. The ten- himself. He don't know very much, but expense in connection with their charter, dency of the times was to safeguard the he ought to know enough for that. government ownership.

Capt. Tatlow admitted force in the aring a state of fact and an expression of guments of the opposition, but craved the

Mr. Stables asked the Attorney-Gen- Yeas-McInnes, Gilmour, Stables, E.

diary magistrate for the Porcupine dis- Nays-Green, Houston, Hall, McPhiltrict? If so, on whose recommendation lips, Helmcken, Turner, Dunsmuir, Ebwas the appointment made? 2. Is this erts, A. W. Smith, Clifford, Fulton, Haythe Mr. Rant who figured so prominently ward, Garden, Tatlow, Prentice, Mcin the Atlin troubles a year or two ago? Bride, Pooley, Murphy, Rogers, Hunter,

for Cassiar. 2. No. This is Capt. W. Mr. Curtis moved that the bills be not read a third time for the purpose of moving the following amendment;

"(b.) Notwithstanding anything hereinhave the right to purchase, lease or use any lands belonging to the province until in Council may prescribe."

This was ruled out of order. The second reading of the Western torney-General." Telephone & Telegraph Co. Bill was then taken up, with A. W. Smith in the chair. Mr. Turner, in accordance with the lands for the purposes of the company. The bill then passed its second reading and was committed and the Speaker saw

EVENING SESSION.

The House met at 8 o'clock p.m. Upon the motion for the reception of the committee's report on the bill to incorporate the Western Telephone & Telegraph Company,

Mr. Curtis moved in amendment that a ed to other similar bills, restricting the rate of interest. The amendment was

The bill was read a third time and finally passed. The report of the committee upon the Vancouver & Westminster Railway Bill was then taken up for consideration. Upon motion that the report be received

Mr. Curtis moved to add the following

sections to the bill, being similar to bills: "(a.) The mortgages or bonds issued by the company shall not in the aggregate exceed the fair cost price of the whole of the company's corporeal, property when its undertaking is completed

ready for operation: "(b.) The powers granted to the said company shall be subject to such conditions for securing such running powers or traffic arrangements and other rights as will afford all reasonable facilities, and equal mileage rates, to all railways connecting with the company's lines as the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council de-

termines:

"(c.) The provincial government shall have the right, ten years from the passing of this act, upon giving one year's should a telephone company have greater privileges?

"(c.) The provincial government shall have the right, ten years from the passing of this act, upon giving one year's ing of this act, upon giving one year's ing of this act, upon giving one year's office, Albertia, on 15th of October, 1900, by Mr. Thomas Fletcher, ment's assurance he would not vote for the amendment.

"(c.) The provincial government shall have the right, ten years from the passing of this act, upon giving one year's office, Albertia, on 15th of October, 1900, by Mr. Thomas Fletcher, ment's assurance he would not vote for the amendment.

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"The provincial government shall have the right, ten years from the passing of this act, upon giving one year's office, Albertia, of October, 1900, by Mr. Thomas Fletcher, ment's assurance he would not vote for the amendment.

"The provincial government shall have the right, ten years from the passing of the principle, but after the government's assurance he would not vote for the amendment.

"The provincial government shall have the right, ten years from the passing of the principle, but after the government's assurance he would not vote for the amendment.

"The provincial government shall have the right, ten years from the passing of the principle, but after the government of the Mining Recorder's office, Albertia, of the Mining Recorder's office, Albertia, of the Mining Recorder's office, Albertia, of the Mining Recorder's offic termines:

per cent. of such market value, as the

government may agree to pay. have the right to purchase, lease, or the provincial government with respect to such right, and upon such terms and until it has entered into contract with the in such manner as the Lieutenant-Gover-

nor-in-Council may prescribe." The amendments were defeated, the tote being 21 to 12.

In connection with sub-section (b), Mr. Curtis pointed out that a similar provison had been incorporated in the Crow's Nest Railway Bill by the Dominion government. In support of sub-section (c), Mr. Cur-

tis appealed for support on the principle f government ownership of railways, and the fact that many members of the House were pledged to the principle. This opened up a most interesting discussion, the leaders on the oposition side was read a third time and passed. taking occasion to rub into the Conservative members in the House, namely, taken up, with Mr. Gilmour in the chair.

failing to support government owner-

ship of railways. opinion before the House, the govern- follows: ment supporters insisting that Mr. Chas. Wilson and his platform must not be Stable, Brown, Garden and Eberts, mentioned. Mr. Pooley even went so far as to say that Mr. Wilson's opinion had no weight in the House.

A. W. Smith said that he did not run | Phillips and Helmcken. on any particular platform, while Mayor Garden would not allow the leader of

The motions were lost in succession a scene following the vote on the last clause. The Speaker was about to declare the vote lost when the leader of the opposition jumped to his feet and protested that names had been called for. The government members. cried "No," and a pretty row followed. ernment. Under this system no hard- Martin said that the minority had rights and were not to be treated unfairly. The Speaker must not treat the opposition unfairly.

Cries of "Order." Continuing amid much uproar, Mr. Martin said if they were not to be so treated there were other means to compel the Speaker to give them justice. Mr. Eberts-Take it then.

Mr. Martin-Well I will. Then followed loud demands for retraction, and a vote as to whether the Speaker was to be sustained or not. Mr. Eberts in a heated manner defied Mr. Martin to do his worst. Mr. Brown and Mr. Curtis pointed out that the reference was not to the Speaker personally. Mr. Martin was further explaining his

position when Mr. Prentice rose to a point of order. Mr. Martin-Will the hon, gentleman the government in reference to railway the company power to borrow all the sit down. He's making a nuisance of

The Speaker-Order, There is no question before the House. Mr. Martin-I know there is no question before the House. Then it goes.

same protection of this company as to Mr. Speaker, other hon, gentlemen can Mr. Turner informed Capt. Tatlow others which had been incorporated this take up the time of this House with no fainment here is only significant of what question before it, but the minute I attempt to do so I am brought to task. Mr. McInnes moved as follows!

"40. No person shall be employed in, on or about any of the works of the The White Horse copper belt we hope will is unable to read in an European language this act and the British Columbia Railway Act. This section shall not apply to or affect in any way any person who is on the register of voters in any electoral district for the Legislative Assembly of British Columbia, any Indian or person of Cancasian

"41. The next preceding section is hereby declared to be a condition upon which this act is passed, and shall be Western Telephone & Telegraph Com. before contained, the company shall not binding upon bondholders and all other persons in any way interested in the said company or its property. In case the it has entered into a contract with the said section is violated, such violation provincial government with respect to shall work a forfeiture of all powers and such right, and upon such terms and in privileges granted by this act, but no absurd. A day or two before the rules such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor such forfeiture shall operate except upon proceedings instituted in the Supreme court of British Columbia by the At-

In doing so he said that the clause had been laid over from the railway commit- from all our people. tee on the understanding that it was to course outlined by the Speaker, recom- be embodied in a general bill. Although White Horse, mended the appropriation of Crown Mr. Helmcken had been very anxious to forward this measure, for some reason or other the government would not allow it to be advanced yesterday, and therefore ne took the present precaution.

Mr. Helmcken said he intended voting against the amendment. The House had the assurance of the Minister of Mines that his (Mr. Helmcken's) bill would become law this session. If such were done the present bill would become unnecessary.

The Minister of Mines reiterated his clause be added giving the provincial assurance. He regretted the member government the right to purchase the for North Nanaimo had not taken his company's property, after five years word. The bill had been laid over to from the passing of the act, upon giving allow a number of private bill to be one year's notice of its intention so to advanced. He was sorry his word as do, and also the amendment as propos- a minister was not taken. His name had been used in connection with the Conservative party.

The Speaker-Order, Let that go. (Laughter.) Mr. McInnes-That is holy ground.

(Laughter.) Mr. Martin thought the words of members were no use any further. He found in the rules that if three members asked that a vote be recorded it was sufficient. These hon, gentlemen had got up and those moved in connection with other stated that they had asked for the recording of the vote. Yet it was denied them.

Hon. Mr. McBride said this might have been done if the hon, gentleman had not acted so unseemly. Mr. Martin replied indignantly that

he wasn't asking for a favor, but for his

rights. Mr. Kidd was willing to take the minister's word. This was the practice in the Imperial House. Mr. Curtis after the experience of the evening and the scant courtesy which

had been shown him was not prepared to make any concessions, or to accept assurances from any one.

resolution. Mr. McInnes did so and the

bill passed. "(d.) Notwithstanding anything herein- On the Rock Bay & Salmon River railbefore contained, the company shall not way, Mr. Curtis submitted the following: "(d.) Notwithstanding anything hereuse any lands belonging to the province inbefore contained, the company shall until it has entered into a contract with not have the right to purchase, lease, or use any lands belonging to the province provincial government with respect to such right, and upon such terms and in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council may prescribe."

This was defeated, the report adopted, the bill reported and finally passed. On the Vancouver Northern & Yukon Railway Bill coming up, Mr. McPhillips moved for the striking out of the clauses which he moved to have struck out of the bill yesterday. Notice not having been given of this amendment the bill stood over. The House went into committee on the

Vancouver & Lulu Island Railway Bill, with Mr. R. Smith in the chair. This The Pacific Northern & Omineca was

Messrs. McBride, Garden and Tatlow. The bill was reported complete as The amendment, however, was voted The latter provoked the discussion in a amended, and the report was adopted. manner, while Messrs. Curtis, McInnes The House went into committee on the and Martin attempted to show up the in- Kitimaat Caledonia Bill, which was re consistency of the members mentioned in ported with amendments, and read second time. The Kamloops-Atlin Railway Bill was also read a second time. The leader of the opposition especially and Grand Forks and Kettle River Railhad a most difficulty task in getting his way Bill was lost on second reading as

For - Messrs. McInnes, Gilmour, Against-Hayward, Tatlow, Clifford Ellison, Smith (A. W.), Wells, Pientice, Murphy, Hunter, Rogers, Mounce, Mc The House then rose.

RECEPTION AT WHITE HORSE.

Address of Welcome by Board of Trade. At the Mining Recorder's Office, Clayo-of New and Prosperous Town

of Canada and suite were accorded a right royal reception at White Horse on their way to Dawson. The party arrived at White Horse on Friday, August 11th. Three cheers for the Governor-General and Lady Minto were given as the party passed through the crowd on the wharf on their way to the vessel, which was graciously responded to by their Evcellencies. His Excellency the Governor-General their Excellencies.

An address had been previously prepared by the board of trade, and after giving the vice-regal party time to get used to their new surroundings a committee of the members of the council of that body proceeded on board and presented the following address, which was read by T. E. Hennessy:

To the Right Honorable Sir Gilbert John Elliott Murray Knynmound, G.C.M.G., Earl of Minto, Viscount Melgund, Baronet of Nova Scotia and GovernorGeneral of Canada:

May it please Your Excellency, on behalf
the board of trade and citizens of White

The board of trade and citizens of the board of tra

of the board of trade and citizens of White Horse, we desire to extend to yourself and Lady Minto a most cordial welcome on the cocasion of this your first visit to our chief Commissioner of Lands and Works young town as Her Majesty's representa-

Barely six months old, the present at- August, 1900. we hope to be. We flatter ourselver that this country is on the eve of a great de velopment and White Horse is favorably situated to become a great mining centre prove the largest and richest in the world. Although on the far frontier of Her Maesty's dominions, our sympathy and sentinents are loyal and true. The Yukon had the honor of being represented in the South African war by some of her sturdiest sons, and be it always remembered that the flag under whose protection we expect freedom and justice will never lack defenders from our people. We trust that the struggle just referred to is very near close and that Great Britain, after the war clouds have cleared, will more than er stand out as the ideal state.

The people of White Horse most respectfully and sincerely sympathize with Her Gracious Majesty on account of the poignant grief into which she has been plunged by the death of her beloved son, H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh.

We trust that your journey may be safe and pleasant one, and we know that our progress everywhere will be marked by tokens of the most sincere loyalty On behalf of the board of trade of

NORMAN D. MACAULAY. President. T. E. HENNESSY,

Secretary. His Excellency then replied to the address in a short speech, after which the following citizens were formally presented: Dr. Lindsay, R. J. Burde, Fred sented: Dr. Lindsay, R. J. Burde, Fred mencing at a stake or post on the west His Excellency then replied to the McLellan, H. M. Lay, C. E. Strickland, W. Day, Dr. Boyle, Robt. Lowe, W. Robinson, J. T. Bethune, T. E. Hen-

around the town and taking in the sights. Major Wood, of Dawson, who had come up to meet His Excellency, and President Graves of the W. P. & Y. Lands and Works for a special license to cut timber on Crown lands, hereinafter more particularly described as follows: route, joined the party at White Horse and accompanied it down the river.

TO THE DEAF .- A rich lady, cured of bury, London, W.

SHOULD send for a Descriptive Treatise on the Mos Successful Treatment of Nervous Diseases and I Weakness in Men, including Premature Exhaust Loss of Vital Energy, with other allied affections absorption (i.e., without stomach Incidence). Rev in progress with the most advanced recarches in ject, together with numerous recent testimonials successful cures. Write at once and grap this opposite of the progression of the progression of the successful cures. Write at once and grap this opposite of the progression of the progr

Notice is hereby given that there will be

Harbor.

T. H. KNIGHTS BAYNE.

#### Don't Guess At Results.



This man knows what he did and how he did it. Such endorsements as the following are arc a sufficient proof of its merits.

Oshawa, Minn., Feb. 22, 1898.
Dear Sirs:—Please send me one of your Treatise on the Horse, your new book as advertised on your bottles, English print. I have cured two Spayins and one Curb with two bottles of your Kendall's Spayin Cure in four weeks.

FRANK JUBERIEN.

Price. Si: six for Ss. As a liniment for family use it has no equal. Ask your druggist for KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE, also "A Freatise on the Horse," book free. or address DR, J. B. KENDALL CO., ENOSBURG FALLS, VT



### BY PUBLIC AUCTION

Saturday, the 1st day of September, 1900

#### Section 17, Range 2, Cowichan District, B. C. NOTICE

Whereas the Crown Grant, No. 1189, for the above named land was on the 8th day of September, 1871, issued in error to one Modeste Demers as therein described; And whereas application has been made for the issue of new Crown Grant to the said land in favor of August Brabant, the

place thereof. at Victoria, B. C., on or before the 9th day of November, 1900. day of November, 1900.
Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 9th day of

#### AUGUST BRABANT. NOTICE:

Take notice that I intend to apply to the Honorable the Commissioner of Lands and Honorable the Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut timber on Crown lands, hereinafter more particularly described as follows: Commencing a a stake or post at the mouth of a creek on the north shore of Boat Passage, Bar-clay Sound, near Julia Island, thence north eighty (80) chains, thence west one hundred and twenty (120) chains, thence du bouth to the northeast corner of section the shore line, thence east following the shore line in a southerly and westerly direction to the point of commencement.

The above described tract to contain as learly as possible one thousand acres. early as possible one thousand Dated this 4th day of August,

#### ELLEN DIER. NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that 30 days after date we intend to make application to the Hon, the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease for cannery purposes 40 acres of land or there abouts, described as follows: Commencing at a stake at the head of a small bay at the mouth of Inverness Slough, marked "F. R. and H. McK., N. E. corner," thence 10 chains south, thence along the shore 10 chains west, thence 10 chains north, thence 10 chains to point of com-Dated July 22, 1900.

F. RUDGE. H. M·KENZIE.

TAKE NOTICE that I intend to apply to mencing at a stake or post on the west shore of Effingham Inlet, Barclay Sounl, about half a mile north of a small stream Robinson, J. T. Bethune, T. E. Hennessy, Dr. A. E. Porter, F. R. S. Barlee.

The Sybil, on which the distinguished party was to embark, did not leave White Horse until late on Saturday morning, August 1st, which time Earland Lady Minto improved by strolling around the town and taking in the sights.

The Bethune, T. E. Hennesse, Hence west one hundred (100) chains, crossing Pipestem Inlet; thence east one hundred (100) chains east one hundred ( or brook, thence west one hundred

TAKE NOTICE that I intend to apply Commencing at a stake or post on the east shore of Vernon Bay, Barclay Sound, thence east forty (40) chains, thence north her Deafness and Noises in the Head by Dr. Nicholson's Artificial Ear Drums, gave \$\frac{\pmath{\text{fontoright}}}{\pmath{\text{fontoright}}}\$ thence morth forty \$(40)\$ chains, thence west twenty \$(20)\$ chains, thence north forty \$(40)\$ chains, thence north forty \$(40)\$ chains, thence north forty \$(40)\$ chains, thence west to the eastern shore of Effingham Inlet, thence following the shore line of the Inlet in a southerly direction one hundred and twenty \$(120)\$ chains, thence east to the eastern shore of Effingham Inlet, thence following the shore line of the Inlet in a southerly direction one hundred and twenty \$(120)\$ chains, thence north sixty \$(60)\$ chains, thence north forty \$(40)\$ chains, thence north forty \$(40)\$ chains, thence north sixty \$(60)\$ chains, thence north s

The above described tract to contain as nearly as possible one thousand acres. Dated this 20th day of July, 1900. GEORGE OKELL

WANTED-We will pay \$12.00 a week al-WANTED—We will pay \$12.00 a week may ary to either a man or woman to represent the Midland Monthly Magazine as a subscription solicitor. The Midland hat the same size as McClures or the Commoditan. It is now in its sixth year and is the only Magazine of this kind published in the great Central West. A handsome premium given to each substantial of the central for a copy of the published in the great Central West. A handsome premium given to each subscriber. Send 10 cents for a copy of the Midland and premium list to the Twentieth Century Publishing Co., St. Louis

TAKE NOTICE that I intend to apply to the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the whole of the island known as Parker Island, situate at the mouth of Barclay Sound, and containing one hundred (100) acres more or less.

Dated this 16th day of July, 1900,

MURRAY C. POTTS.

#### LICENSE AUTHORIZING AN EXTRA. PROVINCIAL COMPANY TO CARRY ON BUSINESS.

"COMPANIES ACT, 1897." Canada: Province of British Columbia

This is to certify that "The Vital (B. C.) Mining Syndicate, Limited authorized and licensed to carry of ness within the Province of British imbia, and to carry out or effect all a of the objects hereinafter set for which the legislative authority of the slature of British Columbia extends The head office of the Company is sim te in England.

The amount of the capital of the Company is £12,000, divided into 240 shares of £50 each.

The head office of the Company Province is situate in the City of Vic and Israel Wood Powell, Doctor of cine, whose address is Victoria afore s the attorney for the Company. The objects for which the Company een established are:

(a) To locate, peg off, or otherwise quire any mining claims, mines, mi rights, and metalliferous land in Br Columbia or other parts of America elsewhere, and to explore, work, deand turn to account the same, and maticular to acquire certain properties tions and rights in British Columbia, with a view to the acquisition thereenter into and to carry into effect, without modification, an agreement between The Wilkinson Exploration dicate, Limited, of the one part, and Vital Creek (B.C.) Mining Syndicate, ited, of the other part, the draft of has already heen prepared, and has and turn to account the same, and in has already been prepared, and has the purpose of identification been ini by two of the subscribers hereto:

(b) To search for, prospect, examination of the subscribers hereto: explore any territories and places in B ish Columbia or other parts of America elsewhere, and to employ and equip peditions, explorers, experts, and other parts of America elsewhere.

agents: agents:

(c) To acquire any concessions, grants, decrees, rights, bowers, privileges, or contracts from any state, company, or person in British Columbia or other parts of America or elsewhere, which may seem to the Company capable of being turned to account, and to work, develop, carry out, exercise and turn to account the some Company capable of being turned to account, and to work, develop, carry out exercise and turn to account the same:

(d) To crush, win, get, quarry, smelt calcine, refine, dress, amalgamate, manipulate, prepare, for market, and, deal in ores metals, diamonds, and other precious stones and mineral substances of all kinds and to carry on advertise metally references. and to carry on any other metallurgical operations which may seem conductive to any of the Company's objects.

(e) To acquire by grant, selection, chase, lease, or otherwise, and to devite resources of and turn to account lands, and any rights over or connectivity and land belonging to, or in which company is interested, and in particular lands of the land lands of the land by laying out townsites and in per same for building, letting on lease or agreement, advancing nor entering into contracts with tenants, and others, clearing, fencing, planting, cultivating, building proving, farming, and irrigating, an promoting immigration and the estal ment of towns, villages and settlement (f) To carry on business as merch storekeepers, miners, farmers, stocking graziers, carriers, builders, contract and brickmakers, and to carry on all kin of agency business, and any other kind business which may seem calculated. rectly or indirectly, to further the woring and development of any concession rights, or property of the Company, otherwise to benefit the Company:

(g) To carry out, establish, construct maintain, improve, work, control, an superintend any roads, ways, tramways ilways, steamers, ferries, bridges, res rental arrangements, terries, oranges, revolvs, watercourses, wharves, emba ments, telegraphs, telephones, sawmi smelting and other works, furnaces, it tories, warehouses, hotels, transport apostal arrangements, stands, stores, sho stations, and other works and convenies for the working and development and conversions, rights or property. any concessions, rights or property of the working and development any concessions, rights or property of the Company, and to contribute to, assist or contract for, the carrying out, estimate the construction, maintenance, magement, improvement, working, control superintendence of the carrier to the the carrying out the car

superintendence of the same (h) To purchase, hire, or otherwise quire, use, maintain, sell, exchange otherwise deal with or dispose of and to account plant, machinery, stock, implements, stores, and mater of every kind requisite for any of the poses of the Company; and to acquire, purchase, lease, or otherwise, any lands

purchase, lease, or otherwise, any lands or buildings, real or personal property, easements, rights or privileges which the Company may think suitable or convenient for any purposes of its business:

(i) To acquire and carry on all or any part of the business or property, and to undertake any diabilities of any person, firm, association, or company possessed of property suitable for any of the purposes of this Company, or carrying on any business which this Company is suthorized to less which this Company is authorize carry on, or which can be ried on in connection with the same may seem to the Company calculated, rectly or indirectly, to benefit this ( pany, and as consideration for the sam ay cash, or to issue any shares, bligations of this Company, and nto working arrangements, contracts an greements with other companies and per

(j) To promote or concur in pro any other company or companies purpose of acquiring all or any of perty or liabilities of this Company advancing, directly or indirectly, jects or interests thereof, and in tion therewith to remunerate and p nissions to any person or persons vices rendered in the formation such Company, and the placing share capital, debentures, debentur or other securities or obligations of wise, and to purchase, subscribe otherwise acquire, and to hold the stock, or obligations of any Comthe United Kingdom or elsewhere. n a distribution of assets or div rofits to distribute such shares, s bligations amongst the members

company in specie:
(k) To distribute among the member

the company in special (4) To borrow or raise money for ourposes of the Company, and for the cose of securing the same and integer for any other purpose, to mortgag parge the undertaking or of the property of the Company, or after acquired, or its uncalled and to create, issue, make, draw, and negotiate perpetual or redeen bentures or debenture stock, bill change, promissory notes, or other itons or negotiable instruments:

(m) To sell, let, develop, dispose otherwise deal with the undertaking or any part of the property of the cept as the consideration any shares r obligations of any other compa (n) To pay out of the funds of any all expenses of and incide rmation, registration and he Company and the issue of its

ncluding brokerage and commission btaining applications for or placing s lebentures or debenture stock: (0) To make donations to such p nd in such cases, and either in money kind, as may seem expedient:

(b) To carry out all or any of the going objects as principals or agent partnership or conjunction with an derson, firm, association, or company, in any part of the world:

(a) To procure the Company to be registered or recognized in any foreign country of place, or in any colony or elsewhere:

(b) To do all such other things as are inclidental or are considered by the Company conductive to the attainment of the above objects.

objects.

And so that the word "Company" in this clause shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons, whether incorporated or not incorporated and whether domiciled in the United King of the objects specific. om or elsewhere, and the n each of the paragraphs of shall be regarded as independ and accordingly shall be in nowise limited by reference to any other ranagraph. Given under my hand and seal of office at Victoria. Province of British Columbia

this 15th day of June, one thousand nin L. S.)

S. Y. WOOTTON.

Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

the Pacific to the Terr caused stre Straits and downpour river accor also was g during this the 19th, th tively high weather be ing Sunday barometer province & change ca

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#### ING AN EXTRA-ANY TO CARRY NESS.

ACT, 1897." itish Columbia

"The Vital Creek ate, Limited," to carry on busice of British Color effect all or any fter set forth, hority of the Leg. mbia extends. Company is situ-

apital of the Cominto 240 shares of

e Company in this ne City of Victoria, I, Doctor of Me Victoria aforesaid, Company. h the Company has

or otherwise acns, mines, mining us land in British of America, re, work, develop, same, and in parin properties, sh Columbia, uisition thereof, to into effect, with on a greement made Exploration Syn one part, and The ding Syndicate, Limthe draft of which pared, and has, for ation been initialled bers hereto:

ospect, examine and and places in Brit-parts of America, or ploy and equip ex-xperts, and other oncessions, grants, privileges, or con company, or person other parts of Am ch may seem to the eing turned to acount the same: set, quarry, smelt, malgamate, manipuet and deal in ores, nd other precious stances of all kinds, seem conducive to

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d the objects specifically graphs of this clause independent objects, be in nowise limited other paragraph, and seal of office of British Columbia. Y. WOOTTON. nt Stock Companies.

Territories. During its passage it

strong westerly winds over the

ts and Gulf, and a heavy and sudden

pour of rain over the Lower Fraser

ecompanied by thunderstorms. Rain

cas general in Cariboo and Kootenay

h, the barometer remained compara-

high along the Coast, where the

per became mostly fair and cool. Dur-

anday a marked change occurred, the

neter rose over the interior of the

and fell along the Coast. This

caused the finest and warmest day

throughout British Columbia,

winds blowing from the com-

y interior towards the sea.

nday and Tuesday another

rea appeared in Cariboo and

more rain, and, about Kam-

erstorms. These heavy rains

ranges continue to be phe-

nal at this season of the year, and

ove caused considerable damage, not only

to the crops, but to the roads, in the form

of washouts. The above mentioned storm

areas as they travelled eastward across

storms, in some cases extending as far as

In Victoria over 54 hours of bright sun-

was 74 on the 19th, and the lowest 51 on

At New Westminster .78 inch of rain

fell. .74 inch of this occurring during the

above mentioned downpour. The tempera-

ture rose to 76 on the 19th and fell to 50

Kamloops reports a rainfall of one inch,

highest temperature (74) on the 20th, and

owest temperature (50) on the same day.

As the reports from Barkerville were not

continuous, owing to wire trouble upon

several days, the exact rainfall cannot be

ocal+ Rews

(From Tuesday's Daily.)

Rev. Dr. Campbell and Wm. Gill are

Mary Susanna Belford, infant daugh-

street. The funeral took place this af-

At 10 o'clock to-morrow morning the

funeral of the late John Reinhard takes

place from the B. C. Furnishing Com-

pany's parlors, Government street. De-

-Information was yesterday received

large body of ore having been uncov-

-Yesterday Mr. E. A. Harris placed

lature a marble bust of Sir James Doug-

las for the inspection of the members.

The bust is by Mr. Harris himself, and

entirely from old photographs is wonder-

borne to the grave this afternoon. The

funeral took place from the B. C

Furnishings Co.'s parlors, Government

street. The pallbearers were Messrs. J.

Somers, J. Irvine, J. Deans, A. Glen-

held an adjourned meeting last evening,

when the report of the secretary showed

that 16 cases had been dealt with dur-

ing the past month. A portion of the

when arrangements will be made for the

annual meeting the following Wednes-

-The park committee, accompanied by

Engineer Topp and Mr. Mortimer, who

is executing the granite work for the

base of the Burn's memorial drinking

fountain, went out to Beacon Hill park

ground east of the deer enclosure, the

er John Hall. The work will be at once

Thomas took place yesterday afternoon

Furnishing Co. at 2 o'clock. Services

were conducted by the Rev. J. Jenns at

2.15 at the St. John's church. The fol-

lowing gentlemen acted as pallbearers:

Messrs R. Porter, sr., R. Borthwick, A.

Graham, G. Wynne, sr., J. Dooley and

T. Mitchell. The deceased was a well-

-0-

-The new dog patrol wagan has been

morning started on its initial tour of the

city, under the careful eye of the pound-

the purchasing agent and declared sat-

sfactory. It is a neat four-wheeled

wagon with specially arranged sides of

ire netting, and has a self-closing door

the back. This vehicle will greatly

cilitate the duties of the pound-keeper,

ut as to whether it will prove a boon

wandering canines is a different ques-

-Although yesterday was the day set

as the last for the reception of tenders

for the construction of Victoria's new

rifle range, it is expected that the time

will be extended as a number of contrac-

keeper, after having been inspected by

ers and cattlemen of the city.

the city engineer.

denning, H. King and E. Carlow. -The committee of the S. P. C. A

\_\_\_

ered in what is known as the new lower

tunnel. The company are now employ-

ing 185 men on the Lenora.

fully true to the original.

ternoon at 4:30 o'clock.

40 years of age.

but was doubtless over one inch.

GLEANINGS OF CITY AND PROVINCIAL NEWS IN A CONDENSED FORM.

on the mornings of the 15th and 16th.

the morning of the same day.

the Great Lakes.

Territories, caused numerous thunder-

leastward to Kootenay, ac-

g this period. From this to Sunday,

tors have recently consulted the plans WEEKLY WEATHER SYNOPSIS. with a view to forwarding tenders. Only Victoria Meteorological Office, yesterday two contractors examined the specifications and signified their intention 15th to 21st August, 1900. of tendering for the work. As the deat the commencement of the week an partment of militia and defence will be ortant and extensive storm area from anxious to obtain as many quotations as Pacific moved rapidly across Cariboo

pects that the time will be extended. From Wednesday's Dally.) -The public works department are calling for tenders for the erection of a new post office at Kamloops.

Tenders are being called for by the department of public works, Ottawa, for the erection of a postoffice at Rossland. Tenders will be received up till Monday September 10th. The conditions may be seen in the advertising columns of this

-"Salmon continues in good demand, and the market is firmer for all grades, especially for Alaska, which has advanced 6d. during the week," says the London Grocers' Gazette of July 28th. "The packers on the Fraser river have advanced quotations, and, it is stated, are declining to transact business except at full rates, and then only for limited this week with 52,709 cases, but this quantity has been practically disposed of, and there is very little, if any, left in first hands. Appearances seem to indicate a dearth of supplies in the near future. Large sales have been made forward. The packing of Alaska has only just beshine were recorded, or an average of seven and a half hours per day. No rain gun, and it is likely to be a good one, as usual. Demand for 1/2-pound tins has ccurred, while the highest temperature fallen off, but there will be no reduction

in price from the present limit." (From Thursday's Daily.) -The funeral of the late John Reinhardt took place yesterday from the parlors of the B. C. Funeral & Furnishing Co. The religious services were conducted by the Rev. Otto St. Meltzer. The pallbearers were: Messrs. N. Gowen, C.

Zoelle, H. Siebenbaum and L. Hafer. -Mr. Justice Mertin leaves on the in the Porcupine district. He will preside at the first Assize court at Atlin, to be held on the 28th, and will thence proceed to Porcupine as special commissioner to adjudicate upon the disputes there arising out of the staking of claims under the United States law. Louis J. Seymour, court stenographer, will accompany His Honor as secretary.

-A farewell entertainment was given to A. Hibbs by the young people of Victoria West Methodist church on Monday evening. An address was presented by Miss Thorpe on behalf of those present, this week conducting the exercise promotion examinations of the employees in eulogizing the recipient for the faithful British Columbia of the inland revenue and excellent work he had accomplished in connection with the church. Several other addresses were also given, and a pleasant evening was spent. Mr. Hibbs ter of Mr. and Mrs. Belford, died last left on Tuesday for Kamloops, where he evening at the family residence, Parry takes charge of the shoemaking department of the Coqualeetza Industrial In-

-At the recently held monthly meeting | jurisdiction of the council borrow moneys of the S.P.C.A. the report to be submit- by hypothecating or pledging with any ted at the annual meeting of the local banker, or other person willing to adorganization on Tuesday was considered. vance the same, the debentures, bonds reased was a native of Germany and have been dealt with during the past municipal council under the provisions any by-law. year, but that which causes considerable of this act, and which may for the time anxiety is the fact that many of the being remain unsold, but so that any by Henry Croft, manager of the Lenora by Henry Croft, manager of the Lenora mine, Mount Sicker, that another rich strike had been made on this property, with As many as sixteen cases were strike had been made on this property, with. As many as sixteen cases were brought under notice during the past month and this certainly indicates that the work of the society is not likely to decline. The annual meeting promises ter 144, is proposed to be amended by to be of a particularly interesting char- striking out on the fourth line the words on view in the ante-room of the Legisacter and it is to be hoped that the public will show their sympathy with the work by their attendance at this session. penses thereof (notwithstanding that the Among those who will speak will be the Lieut.-Governor, Bishop Perrin, J. C. considering the fact that it was made Brown, president of the provincial society; E. B. Paul and C. J. South, secretary of the provincial society. The meet--Robert Irvine, aged 55 years, and a ing will be called at 8 o'clock and Mayor native of Scotland, passed away on Hayward will preside. Saturday and his remains are being

Successful Garden Party in Aid of R. C. Cathedral

The spacious and beautiful grounds adjoining the residence of W. J. Macauley, on Rockland avenue, were thrown open the public yesterday afternoon for the purpose of assisting Bishop Orth such costs to be charged upon each of and the clergy in the collection of funds annual report was also considered. A in aid of the parish under their charge. meeting will be held on Monday next, The ladies of the Altar Society made preparations for the reception of guests, and the decorations on the broad drives and throughout the well kept lawns were commented on most favorably by the large number of ladies and gentlemen present. Electric lights, kindly placed by the Hinton Electric Company, Japanese lanterns and flags were placed in all parts of the grounds, and the scene this morning and located the place where during the evening was enlivened by the it will be erected, on the triangular merry laughter of the throng; interspersed with music furnished by B. stake being driven by Park Commission- Bantly and an orchestra of local musicians. Bishop Orth received the visitors proceeded with under the supervision of in a large marquee, and the Lieutenant-Governor, with Mayor Hayward, were among the patrons of the fete. Mrs -The funeral of the late Myles Lester, a lady of the school of occult science, occupied a tent, and added, in of the afternoon and evening by inspecting the lines on the palms of love lorn maiden and their swains. The musical programme consisted of solos by Mrs. Sheldon, Miss Sehl, W. J. Cave and instrumental selections by Mr. Bantly's orchestra and F. Victor Austin. The known resident of Victoria, and had worked for many of the different butchmittee of ladies added in a great measthe conclusion of the party a hearty vote of thanks was tendered Mr. and Mrs. the evidence by affidavit of such medical naimo station on Monday morning. The completed by John Meston, and this Macauley for their generosity in assist- health officer or other person as afor a portion of the programme.

The soothing and healing properties of Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

### **Advocated Amendments**

possible on the work, Col. Benson ex-To the Municipal Clauses Act Proposed by the Victoria City Council.

> Further Power Asked of Legisla. ture-Increasing Authority of Medical Officers.

At the meeting of the municipal committee of the Legislative Assembly, City appended amendments suggested by the legislative committee of the Victoria City Council. These are of a very important character, and a careful perusal will show that some of the amendments sought for in particular deal very forcibefore the consideration of the municipal authorities. Among these will be noticed the clause empowering the health officer with more extended authority than he at present holds in taking action to prevent the outbreak of any contagious disease. It is proposed to amend:

ments that shall be made to the city

tregsurer or collector, or other person to

be named in such by-law, within seven

days of the day when such payments

4. Section 79 of the said act is sought

to be repealed, and the following substi-

least three-fifths of the vote polled."

Section 67 of chapter 144 to be

"Provided always that any municipal

council may for any purpose within the

the municipality pay interest upon such

Sub-section 17, of section 245 of chap-

"expenses hereof," and substituting in

lieu thereof the words 'whole of the ex-

such expenses by way of allowance, re-

Section 151 of chapter 144, as amend-

ed by chapter 35, section 14, of 1898, to

be amended by adding after the words

"upon payment of," on the 17th line, the

words "a proportion of the legal costs

of and incidental to the obtaining of

And by adding at the end of such sec-

the obtaining of such order shall be a

charge upon the lands and properties

sold, and the judge may direct the same

to be taxed, and by such confirming or-

der shall apportion the proportion of

the lands and properties sold, having re-

gard to the relation the purchase price

which each of the lands and properties

shall bear to the total purchase price

of the whole of such lands and proper-

Section 152, as enacted by section 15 of

chapter 35 of 1898, to be amended by

adding after the words "legal interest

thereon," on the 14th line, the words

"and also by paying the proportion of the

legal costs charged upon the lands or

properties under the preceding section

Section 153, chapter 144, as enacted by

section 16 of chapter 78 of 1898, to be

amended by adding after the words "on

payment of," in the 3rd line of section

legal costs charged upon the land or

property under section 151 and."

153, the words "the proportion of the

Section 60 of chap, 144 is to be amend-

"A judge of the Supreme Court may

ipon the certificate of the medical health

officer or any person fulfilling that func-

tion appointed by any municipality stat-

ing that there exists in his judgment ser-

ious apprehension of an epidemic break-

upon order any or all of the works, mat

ed by adding the following as sub-sec-

"The legal costs of and incidental to

amended by adding the following proviso

respectively shall become payable."

vised statutes of 1887, by adding thereto the following sub-section: "(170.) For imposing a special rate, not exceeding three cents per foot frontage per month, upon the occupiers of all stores and premises of every kind fronting upon any street within the municipality, for the purpose of defraying the cost of watering such streets, the council to be at liberty to make any such rate

tuted therefor:

by way of sub-section:

borrowed moneys.'

bate or otherwise)."

such order and."

of this act.'

tion:

tion 151 the following:

steamer Queen to-morrow for his duties per cent. of such cost, and to allow or deduct such added amount from all pay-\_\_\_

AN ENJOYABLE FUNCTION.

Sanctuary Fund of St. Andrew's

a material way, to the financial success ing the charitable object for which the said as to the existence of the nuisance ntertainment was held. The ladies of and the danger to the public safety or the Altar Society desire to thank the health, make the like declaration as in ladies and gentlemen who tendered their this section contemplated and may thereservices and took part in the musical

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, its pleasant taste and prompt and permanent cures, have made it a great favorite with the people everywhere. For sale by

Derangement of the liver, with constipa-tion, injures the complexion induces pimples, sallow skin. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Try them.

the cost of any application made under Section 50 of chap. 144 to be amended by adding to the sub-sections thereof the

"118a. For giving to the medical ealth officer such further powers as the council may deem essential the management and superintendence of the execution of all works, matters and things additional salary or other remuneration | Kootenay mining district. and the terms upon which he shall retain

for extra services rendered." ter "rent" on the fourth line "calculated land country. according to the frontage of the properties quantities. The Aristides has arrived bly with matters now almost diurnally on the land or roadway through which such sewer is laid, having regard to the total cost of maintenance and repairs of all the sewers in the city."

Sub-section 157 of sec. 50 of chap. 144 to be amended by adding at the end thereof:

"Such rent to be calculated according to the frontage of the properties on the roadway or street whereon such house 2. Section 50 of chapter 144 of the reof maintenance and repair of all the sewers in the city."

Chap, 144 to be amended by adding the following section:

"109a. No debenture or other instrument in the nature of a security or obligation for the payment of money issued Northern, by a municipality under this or any amending act shall be the subject of taxapayable by monthly payment or instal- tion, and no person by reason of his holdments, and payable whether or not any ing or owning any such debenture or othsuch watering shall, in the opinion of er instrument shall be liable in respect line, but it is said, will make a through the council, rendered unnecessary by wet of the same to taxation under the Asweather, and the council shall be at | sessment Act or any act which may be liberty to add any amount to the said hereafter passed imposing taxes upon cost of such watering, not exceeding ten personal property."

(This amendment is respectfully submitted for consideration, to assist the negotiability of municipal bonds). Sub-section (a) of section 180 of chap. 144 as enacted by sec. 18 of chap. 82 of 1899 to be amended by adding after the

of the board."

"79. In city municipalities no by-law chap. 82 of 1899, to be amended by adto which the assent of the electors is ding after the words "the Mayor," on necessary before the final passing therethe second line, the words: "who shall of shall be valid or of any effect unless ex-officio be chairman of such board." the vote polled in favor thereof be at

Section 150 of chap. 144 to be amend d by adding the following sub-sections: 32A. For regulating the digging out of elfars and the construction and use of eNars and underground structures as dwellings, and the enforcement of sanitary conditions and requirements with respect to the same.

32B. For closing or filling up any cellar or under ground structure which may latter part of the fall. Reports were be-It shows that a large number of cases or obligations, lawfully issued by such be dug or constructed in contravention of

any alteration in the original plan of any become a large camp. The Indian river building or erection or any portion there- strike continues to occupy the attention of which shall at any time be occupied of northern argonauts, and the further for dwelling purposes whereby the sani- development of this promises to disclose tary condition of such building or erectifil more favorable showings. The ma tion or any portion thereof would be pre- jority of the Victorians in the north judicially affected.

or removal at the expense of the owner situation on the steamer Victorian. H or tenant of the building or erection of and C. Bailey, also of this city, are workany alteration existing or hereafter to be ing on Sulphur creek. Mr. Esnouf. made in the original plan of any building brought information of a disaster to a council may propose to contribute to or erection or any portion thereof which scow load of goods en route from White shall at any time be occupied for dwelling purposes, and by means of which al- Falconer of Victoria. The craft had teration the sanitary condition of such just about arrived at her destination building or structure or any portion thereof is prejudicially affected.

CHEMAINUS MYSTERY.

Body of Alfred Olsen, an Old Man, Found Up the Line.

The remains were immediately removed to Chemainus and Coroner Davis notified. The body was subsequently identified as that of Alfred Olsen, and the circumstances have been deemed sufficiently suspicious to require a thorough investigation. An inquest will consequently be held on Saturday at Chemainus, which may unravel the mystery.

On Monday morning Olsen appeared at the E. & N. station in Nanaimo, and asked the agent if he would take charge | tive than ever. A new strike on the to Chemainus in charge of the conductor. He was informed that he could only send the money in the regular way, and was furnished an envelope to wrap the currency in, which amounted to some thing like \$200, out of which he kept about \$20. The package was sealed and addressed to himself at Chemainus. A few minutes later Olsen appeared at the ticket window and asked for a ticket to the above place. This was the last seen

of him at Nanaimo. It was afterwards learned that he had eft the train at Ladysmith and started walk to Chemainus. Mr. Conway found the body on his return from a trip to Ladysmith, having previously met Olsen while on his way out from a real necessity for urgency, and upon transmitted the package from the Nahand, and it is understood a couple of suspects are being closely shadowed.

TROUBLESOME TO THE ARMY.

During the civil war, as well as in our ters and things in this section referred late war with Spain, diarrhoea was one to to be done and performed, and the of the most troublesome diseases the army had to contend with. In many inthe time within which the same shall stances it became chronic and the old be obeyed or complied with, and by soldiers still suffer from it. Mr. David whom, and in default of compliance may Taylor, of Wind Ridge, Greene Co., Pa., order such works or any of them to be is one of these. He uses Chamberlain's done under the direction of the said Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, medical health officer and by the same or and says he never found anything that a further order may determine who shall bear and pay the costs of the said works, and the expenses incidental thereto, and agents. Victoria and Vancouver.

SECURED KOOTENAY ROAD.

American Line Reported to Have Ob tained Possession of Important Canadian Connection.

"After a series of attempts extending over a period of two years it is announced that the Great Northern railway has secured control of the Kootenay Railway which under this act the council may & Navigation Company, and will operate from time to time have directed or rethe same in connection with its own quired or may direct and require to be main line system," says yesterday's Postdone, made or performed, by any by-law Intelligencer. "The Kootenay line is a now made or hereafter to be made in pursuance of sub-sections 28, 44, 67 to 75 miles northward from Bonner's Ferry, inclusive, and sub-sections 97 and 100 on the main line of the Great Northern, and 161 hereof, and the council may de to the southern extremity of Lake Kootfine the extent of the authority and the enay, where it has communication with duties of such medical health officer or a line of freight steamers calling at all medical officer of health and may fix the the lake ports and tapping the great

"The output of ore hauled by the Koot-Solicitor J. M. Bradburn advocated the his office or perform the same. The enay Railway & Navigation Company, council may direct payment to him of it is said, amounts to many thousand such additional or special remuneration tons per day. In the past a goodly portion of this has been diverted to the smel-Sub-section 115 of sec. 50 of chap. 144 ters along the Canadian Pacific lines in to be amended by adding the words af- that vicinity and the neighboring Ross-

> "The first effort of the Great Northern to secure control of the short line, with which it has always had a sort of traffic arrangement, was about two years ago. The Canadian Pacific fearing the loss of the output, made overtures to the owners. mation of the Great Northern deal, Early last spring it was given out that the what from that now in vogue here, Among is situate, having regard to the total cost patch from Canadian Pacific officials lined up as follows: stated that road was about to begin a survey for a parallel line of road to compete with the Kootenay line of boats along the east shore of the lake. This, however, has never been done, and the line is now the property of the Great

> > "According to local advices the trans fer of the road will be made in a few days. The Great Northern will operate its new acquisition as an independent rate from the Kootenay on ore shipments

"In the same connection it is said the road contemplates extending the railroad portion of their purchase eastward from the south of Lake Kootenay toward Fort Steele, tapping a very rich section of country just north of the Montana boundary. Regarding this part of the deal nothing official has been given out, words "the Mayor," on the first line, the but it is said this was the intention, had words: "who shall ex-officio be chairman the transcontinental line secured the road a year ago, and there is no known reason Section 223, of chap 144, as enacted by why it should be changed now.

"The date set for turning over the Kootenay Railway & Navigation Company to the Great Northern is September

PERSONAL

Among the passengers who returned n the steamer Amur from the north was Alf. Esnouf, a Victorian, who for the past two years has been casting in his lot in the metropolis of the north. Mr. Esnouf is highly satisfied with Dawson, and will return there over the ice in the ing received constantly at Dawson of the Tanana diggings, and Mr. Esnouf was 72A. For prevention after construction of the opinion that this would ultimately were doing well, George Askew, well 72B. For authorizing the pulling down known in athletic circles here, having a Horse to Dawson, and owned by J. H. when it was wrecked, a large quantity of

the goods being lost. J. F. Mahoney, of Dawson, who is registered at the Victoria, gives particulars of the shooting at Ketchikan reported in yesterdays Times. Dan Robinson, the man killed by United States Marshal On Monday evening the body of a man | Hassey, he says, had been drinking, and was found at Bennies's crossing, on the began trouble by attempting to adminis-E., & N, railway, six miles the other ter a whipping to two klootchmen on the side of Chemainus, by E. J. Conway, Ketchikan rancherie. Hassey interferson of T. D. Conway, of the latter place. ed and a fight ensued, the former resisting arrest. An oar of a boat was secured by the former and with this Robinson broke Hassey's arm and otherwise injured him. Later Robinson procured a rifle and going to Hassey's house met his doom, the marshal on being again accosted having shot him through the back.

A. McIntosh, a mill owner of Cariboo, at the Dominion, reports that mining operations in that country are more acof some money for him and forward it Horse Fly was recently made by Senator Campbell, which, he says, gives evidence of developing rich. It was struck at a depth of 500 odd feet.

Dominion Labor Commissioner Brem ner paid Victoria a flying visit yester-He is on his way to Rossland, day. whether he is going to investigate the employment of Italian laborers.

CATARRH CHOKED HIM.

Insidious, Deep-Seated, Relentless Disease -Bound to Vanish Under the Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder Treatment-Relief in Ten Minutes.

Mr. Benjamin F. Wonch, 31 McGee street, Toronto, says: "I was troubled with that orchestra and F. Victor Austin. The fine weather and hospitality of the committee of ladies added in a great measmittee of ladies added in a great measspreading of any contagious disease of a agent at Nanaimo, W. A. Wood, identiIt became very deep-seated, and was raure to the success of the gathering. At serious character, and that there exists field the body as that of the man who had pidly growing worse, with disgusting discharges from my nostrils and the dropping in my throat almost choking me at times. provincial police have the matter in I tried a dozen so-called catarrh cures without any relief, but after using a few bottles of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder I was completely restored, and I believe permanently cured from this loathsome dis-

> Sold by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co. BUTTER RISING.

(Associated Press.)

New York, Aug. 22.-The wholesale price of fancy creamery butter has reached 211/2 cents a pound. Since August 18th it has risen one and a half cents. This is partly due to the shrinkage in would give him such quick relief. It is the milk supply caused by the long period for sale by Henderson Bros., wholesale of dry weather. Cheese has gone up from 9% to 10% cents per pound.

## Sporting Yews

LACROSSE.

THE NEW WESTMINSTER TEAM.

(Associated Press.) Montreal, Aug. 21.-The members of the New Westminster lacrosse team, who arrived here yesterday, have created quite an impression in lacrosse circles. Experts will have its hands full to-morrow afternoon to retain its laurels.

THE OAR.

HACKETT'S STATEMENT.

Vancouver, Aug. 21 .- Before leaving for his home in Seattle this morning, Hackett, the oarsman who rowed Johnson here on Saturday, made an affidavit that he agreed, even before leaving Seattle, to throw the race. Several men who backed Hackett heavily have had the betting money returned to them to-day. \_\_\_

LACROSSE.

THE WESTERNERS WON.

Montreal, Aug. 22 .- The New Westminter team's first Eastern match was played here to-day, and the Westerners established a favorable augury by defeating Montreal by a score of 5 to 2. A large number were in attendance, and the match which resulted in holding up the consum-was of a very interesting and exciting character. The style of play differed some-Great Northern road was again after the the visitors conspicuous for excellent playshort line, and a few days later a dis- ing was Turnbull at centre. The teams

| of an entropy                         |
|---------------------------------------|
| Montreal. Westminster.                |
| Hamilton Goal Cheney                  |
| Murphy Point A. W. Gray               |
| Taylor Cover W. S. Galbraith          |
| Cameron Defence C. K. Snell           |
| Haynes DefenceL. Gifford              |
| McKerrow Defence C. P. Peele          |
| Caldwell Centre A. Turnbull           |
| E. Christmas Home H. P. Latham        |
| Irvine Home                           |
| Porteous Home F. Lynch                |
| W. Christmas OutsideG. Oddy           |
| Day Inside Peele                      |
| Murphy                                |
| The other games are scheduled as fol- |
| lows:                                 |
|                                       |

Westminster vs. Quebec, August 25th. Westminster vs. Shamrocks, of Montreal, August 29th.

vs. Capitals, of Ottawa, Westminster eptember 1st. Westminster vs. Toronto, September 3rd. Westminster vs. Tecumsehs, of Toronto, September 8th

THE RETAIL MARKETS.

First of New Crop of Wheat Offered for Sale-Superabundance of Plums

From the orchards of Vancouver Island fruit is coming into the market in a manner that suggests heavy crops. Plums are so plentiful that farmers are finding difficulty in disposing of all they have on hand, and the fact that prices have dropped to about half what apples are bringing is but further evidence of the glut of the market or of the lack of consumption. The past week has also been notable for the receipts of the first new wheat that

has been offered for sale. The current retail prices are as follows: Ogilvie's Hungarian, per bbl.\$
Lake of the Woods, per bbl.
Snow Flake, per bbl......
Calgary Hungarian 5.75 5.00 Corn (whole), per ton ..... 27.00@30.00 Corn (cracked), per ton .... 28.00@32.00 Vegetables—
Potatoes, per 100 fbs. 1
Cabbage, per head
Cauliflower, per head
Onlons, per 10. 242@
Carrots, per 15
Tomatoes 1.25 Tomatoes ..... Cucumbers, Island, each Peas, per ib...... 

'ish—
Salmon (smoked), per Ib....
Salmon (spring), per Ib....
Shrimps, per Ib.... 10@ 121/2 8@ Cod, per 10. ..... Cod, black, per 10... Hallbut, per lb.
Herring
Smelts, per lb. 8@ Flounders ..... Farm Produce— Frosh Island Eggs .....
Ergs (Manitoba), per doz ...
Butter (Delta Creamery) ...
Best dairy ....
Butter (Cowichan Creamery).
Cheese (Canadian),
Lard, per lb. 25@ Meats— Hams (American), per Ib.... Hams (Canadian), per Ib.... Bacon (American), per lb.
Bacon (Canadian), per lb.
Bacon (rolled), per lb.
Bacon (long clear), per lb.
Shoulders, per lb. 17@ 14@ 12@ 8@ 18 10@ 15 12@ 18 10@ 15 Beef, per 1b...... Mutton, per 10..... Veal, per 10..... Pork, per 10.... Cocoanuts, each | Cocoanuts, each | 100 | 15 |
| Lemons (California), per doz. | 250 | 40 |
| Lemons (small) | 100 | 15 |
| Apples, per lb. | 5 |
| Peaches, per box | 1.100 | 1.25 |
| Plums, per lb. | 2½ |
| Blackberries, per lb. | 12½ |
| Cherries, per lb. | 10 |
| Grapes per 2. The 2½ 12½ 10 25 Grapes, per 2 lbs.
Watermelons, each

20@ 25 amounting to \$1,375. Terms cash. A MOTHER TELLS HOW SHE SAV-ED HER LITTLE DAUGH-TER'S LIFE.

oultry— Dressed fowl, per pair .... 1.25@ 1.50

35@

I am the mother of eight children and have had a great deal of experience with medicines. Last summer my little daughter had the dysentery in its worst form. We thought she would die. I tried everything I could think of, but nothing seemed to do her any good. I saw by an advertisement in our paper that Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was highly recommended and sent and got a bottle at once. It proved to be one of the very best medicines we ever had in the house. It saved my little daughter's life. I am anxious for every mother to know what an excellent medicine it is. Had I known it at first it would have saved me a great deal of anxiety and my little daughter much suffering. Yours truly, Mrs. Geo. F. Burdick, Liberty, R. I. For sale by Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

## Cyclists and Their Woes

Ald. Hall's Resolution Was Accorded a Chilly Reception Last Evening.

Only Mover and Seconder Supported It--Other Business Before the Council.

The visions of delightfully smooth roads glorying in the absence of rocks or ruts; the grateful, contented expressions on the countenances of cyclists as they sped along with no haunting fear that the next moment would see them prostrate on the thoroughfare, or that the sharp report of a punctured tire would suddenly smite their ears, which inspired Ald. Hall to introduce his resolution in favor of expending fines from "bikers" on the improvement of the streets, were certainly blasted at the session of the city council last evening. wood for the pumping station, also for Fervid rhetoric by the mover and sec- hauling coal to same place. He also onder proved of no avail and the unsympathizing majority inexorably wafted the resolution to the shades of obscurity. The municipal solons also read To His Worship the Mayor and Board of for a second time the Revenue by-law, 1900, the bicycle clause engendering considerable discussion.

After the usual preliminaries the mayor suggested that the rules be tempor namely, paint in two coats the whole of arily suspended and that the resolutions the outside of the brick building (three be taken up. This suggestion was adopted and Ald. Brydon's motion providing for the destruction of the old structure whole of the inside of the two lower on Broad street recently condemned by the sanitary inspector was first considered. The mayor explained that the building was owned by the Bishop of Vancouver, Bishop Orth, and that E. M. Johnson, the agent, was desirous of addressing the council on the subject.

Permission being granted, Mr. Johnson pointed out that Bishop Orth had been decidedly unaware that he was in possession of premises containing a through the ceiling under fire alarm apnuisance, and notwithstanding the loss paratus. of income and the inconvenience that The cost of the above-mentioned work would be occasioned by its removal, he will be \$975. was willing that it be destroyed. But the structure extended somewhat over the line of the sidewalk, which was municipal property, and the speaker consequently asked that the council assist in the destruction of the premises. He asked that one month's time be allowed the owners, in which they would remove the building, and also that the council take into consideration the advisability of destroying the front portion, which projected a couple of feet on the sidewalk. The required time was granted and Ald. Brydon's resolution was laid on the table for a month.

Ald. Hall's bicycle resolution next came up for consideration. In introducing the subject the alderman made an eloquent oratorical effort, in which there was a forcible plea for the inauguration of favorable roads in order that the cyclists may not be compelled to contravene the law by riding on the sidewalk. He pointed out that the cyclists had recently enriched the municipal exchequer in this particular, and deemed it quite proper that these fines be devoted toward the institution of improvements on the roads. What was the cause of these contraventions? Why, simply because the roads, especially a portion of Cadboro Bay road, was impassible for wheeling. He did not ask specifically for the construction of cinder paths, although they would be beneficient. He spoke as a cyclist, who through experience was conversant with their wheeling woes. The whole matter rested with the council-they could inaugurate these improvements or they could continue to force the poor, hunted cyclist to take to

the sidewalk owing to bad roads. Although the council were visibly im pressed by Ald. Hall's remarks they could not grasp the points elucidated sufficiently to agree with him, the mayor explaining that although the resolution was perfectly in order the principle was not entirely faultless, as it might be applied to other cases. For instance, the fines paid into the police court for other offences might be devoted toward the instituting of certain improvements for the convenience of the respective offend-

Ald. Beckwith directed attention to the fact that a weekly publication had ac- mended the appropriation of \$5,142.88 cused the city council of installing police constables on the outskirts of the city to catch cyclists riding on the sidewalk. He wished to point out that it was the board of police commissioners, not the council, who had immediate supervision over the police. The mayor, however, explained that the council made the law and were responsible for its enforce

ment. Ald. Williams, the seconder, spoke in favor of road improvement if only on one or two streets. Ald. Kinsman could not see anything in the motion and was of the opinion that there was not suffi- had been served and that the case would

cient money on hand to construct bicycle Here Ald. Hall figuratively jumped into the debate by explaining that he did

not want bicycle paths specifically, but good roads. Ald. Cameron did not favor disturbing the finances at this portion of the taken from the magistrates' decision, year, and he also did not deem it advisable to expend the fines collected in one

pecial benefit of the culprits. The mover of the resolution by this time perceived that he was fighting for a lost cause, and although he stood by his colors, or motion, to the last, supported by the seconder, Ald. Williams, the fortunes of the day went against them and the resolution was lost,

Ald. Brydon's permanent sidewalk by-

law was carried unanimously. C. C. Revans called attention to the bad state of the upper portion of Prior street, which was, in winter particularly. dangerous to vehicular traffic. He asked that it he renaired. Received and referred to the city engineer for report. had been informed that she must find a 34.

home elsewhere. She was 74 years of age and unable to battle with the world. Ald. Hall moved that this be referred

The mayor pointed out that the council had no control over the Old Women's Home, which was managed by a committee of ladies. Ald. Hall then amended his motion, and asked that the letter be received and filed.

The mayor explained that he had instituted inquiries and had ascertained that the lady in question was by no means infirm, and was able at times to go out and work. Ald. Hall's motion on this point was formally carried. Margaret Verdier wanted permission to construct a fence on Bank street to form an enclosure for her cow.

Ald. Brydon and Stewart were unfavorable to granting the permission, but Ald. Williams held a contrary opinion. Permission was refused.

The mayor announced that he had re ceived on Saturday a letter from the city engineer regarding Rock bridge. In the evening edition of the Times he was surprised to discover an item referring to the letter and its purport, and which alarmed the people. There was certainly no cause for alarm, especially as far as the structural formation of the bridge was concerned. The only repairs necessary was to some of the planking.

The water commissioner recommended that tenders be called for 160 cords of reported on the completion of the building. Received and adopted.

Victoria, B.C., Aug. 20, 1900.

Gentlemen:-I would respectfully report respecting certain alterations, repairs, painting, kalsomining, etc., which, in my opinion, should be done at the city hall. sides) from the cornice down; paint and grain the outside doors; put cast iron at foot of conductor pipes; kalsomine the stories, except the mayor's room, committee room and two rooms in the west end of the building; varnish in one coat all the woodwork except in the rooms mentioned above; cut doorway from present police barracks into the room lately occupied by the fire department; make detectives' room in police station; remove both upstairs; repair steps to police court; repair plaster where required, and construct platform to prevent weights falling

Your obedient servant, WM. W. NORTHCOTT. Building Inspector.

Ald. Hall moved the adoption of the report, but Ald. Cameron advised that the matter be referred to a committee. Although the painting, etc., would prove all right, there might be some things on which the \$975 could be better ex-

Ald. Brydon also took this view, and the resolution was finally referred to a special committee consisting of Ald. Cameron, Brydon and Hall.

A. Gibson, secretary of the Victoria Retail Grocers' Association, acknowledged receipt of previous communication from the council, and asked that the clause in the Market by-law allowing peddlers to carry on their vocations for five cents per day be repealed, and that they be compelled to pay a license of \$20 per month.

This was received and laid on the table pending the consideration of the Revenue

ring to the sidewalk on Cook street, how- retained their juiciness. ever, being struck out. The report was

John Hepburn and others petitioned for the construction of a crossing on

engineer for report. for the removal of a Chinese laundry on Hillside avenue, constituting a menace and nuisance. Referred to sanitary of ficer and building inspector.

The finance committee recommended that a grant of \$200 be given the board of trade for the publication of a special supplement dealing with Victoria, in connection with their annual report. Adopt The same committee recommended that the insurance on the agricultural buildings be reduced to \$12,000. Adopted. The finance committee also recomfor the payment of current accounts.

Adopted. The tenders for the printing of the re vised by-laws were next considered. Tenders were received from the Colonist P. & P. Co., T. R. Cusack, and British Columbia Printing & Engraving Co These were referred to the finance committee and purchasing committee, with

power to act. Ald. Stewart asked for information re garding the state of the suit entered against Mr. Duck.

Mr. Bradburn replied that the writ be heard about the beginning of September, when the law vacation would be terminated.

Regarding the case against the lawyers for the payment of their license fees, the city solicitor stated that he had been notified that an appeal would be The council next proceeded to tackle the by-laws, resolving itself into a com-

department of misdemeanors for the es- mittee of the whole to consider the Revenue by-law, 1900. The first clause passed with no amend

ment, as did the next. Ald. Cameron opposed the bicycle tax clause, contending that the desire of the cyclists was the improvement of the streets. They all did not want the tax. At this juncture it was noticed that the council was becoming rapidly less in numbers, and the committee rose and reported progress.

The council then adjourned.

Germany had 41,013 suicides in 1897, rate of 21 to 100,000 inhabitants. The rate or Prussia alone is 20, that for the prov ince of Saxony 32, and for Schleswig-Hol-An inmate of the Old Women's Home stein 33, while in Catholic and Polish directed attention to the fact that she Posen it is only 8. For Berlin the rate was

## Exportation

Canadians Have a Large List With Which to Meet the Trade.

Apples Most Suitable to Send Abroad-Fruit Keeps Best in Cases.

The following has been issued by the department of agriculture, Ottawa:

The time seems opportune to discuss the exportation of Canadian fruit. Ques-Bay | tions relating to it have been frequently put late by visitors to the Canadian been already named for every useful purpavilion at the Paris exposition, as well pose in the trade. as by visitors to the Palais D'Horticul-

natural state, the exhibit comprising a lage number of varieties all in fine condition, and at so late a date, is to those who are not accustomed to it a cause of astonishment. How have so many kinds of apples been kept till the middle of July, in such fine condition? And how have they been brought so far without injury? These are some of the questions that are put daily, and that required to be honestly answered. It was expected these questions would be put, and it was intended that the fruit itself would stimulate questions.

Nearly a hundred varieties of apples in the natural state were collected by the government of Canada last season and stored away for the exhibit to be made this year in Paris. It was intended that this should be made valuable commercially, and perhaps also stimulate immigration to a country that was erally in the best condition. This is a apples alone in the natural state are exhibited, pears, peaches, plums, quinces Famouse type. and all the small fruits are shown in clear antiseptic solutions that permit their size and beauty to be readily seen.

The chief exportable fruit from Canada is the apple. In an ordinary season the quantity of this valuable fruit available for export is very large; once or twice in a decade it is extraordinarily large, and in such years it is sometimes diffi cult to dispose of this abundance with profit to the Canadian grower and advantageously to the European consumer

Of the hundred (more or less) varieties that have been exhibited at Paris, ter or fifteen per cent, would comprise all that would safely be made the object of a lucrative export trade. A large number, might, during a short season, be made profitable. Some of the very fine fleshed apples might with safety be shipped in the late fall and early winter Into this number apples of the famous type would figure largely. All of this class would require to be shipped as soon as gathered, and would also re quire to be very carefully handled. They would be well worth the trouble, however, during a very limited season, but for the general trade something that will handle well is what is required. Fortunately to meet the requirements of the highest quality as well as some of only secondary quality. Amongst the first is the Northern Spy. This fine kind is petter known as "Spies"; few sorts

Almost as much may be said of the then referred to the streets and bridges Russets. Several sorts come under this designation, the Roxbury Russet, the Golden Russet and the Nompareil. All of these keep and handle well, and are of Government street from the Prince of first rate quality. The Ben Davis is of Wales saloon to the premises of Tai good appearance and handles well, per-Yune & Co. Received and referred to haps better than most, but is of only second quality. In spite of its poor Robert Dinsdale and others petitioned quality it is entering largely into the export trade. The Baldwin is probably next to the Spy in quality, and is better known in the trade. It has few equals as a shipping apple. The Rhode Island as much favor as it was formerly, it is, that the owners might be fairly compennevertheless, a useful kind to ship. The sated. Nann and some others of recent introduction will, in time, displace it. The work of clearing the site-consisting of Esopus Spitzenburg, or Spits, as it is between five and six acres-was imme-

> some of the others. well and bring fair prices, are the Kings for many years been favorites in the thorities. trade, their large size and fine color render them attractive. They are besides a fair quality and handle well. The Fallow Water is fully larger, and this year has handled much better. It travelled three thousand miles by rail

#### Don't Guess At Results.



This man knows what he did and how he did it. Such endorsements as the following are are a sufficient proof of its merits.

Oshawa, Minn.. Feb. 22, 1898.

Dear Sirs:—Please send me one of your Treatise on the Horse, your new book as advertised on your bottles, English print. Le have cured two Spayins and one Curb with two bottles of your Kendall's Spayin Cure in four weeks.

FRANK INDEPLIES. FRANK JUBERIEN.

Price, \$1; six for \$5. As a liniment for family use it has no equal. Ask your druggist for KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE, also "A Treatise on the Horse," book free. or address DR. J. B. KENDALL CO., ENOSBURG FALLS, YT

before reaching the steamship, and yet some of the cases gave over eighty per cent. good sound fruit on reaching Paris. Another of this class is the Red Cheeked Pippin. It also came from British Columbia and reached Paris in good condiion. It is a splendid fruit. Newtons also did well in every respect, and proved themselves to be good shippers and hand-

Amongst the very fine kinds that are not exported as extensively as they ought to be, are the American Pippins. This is of only medium size, but is of perfect form and handsome color, and equal to the very best in quality. It came through the ordeal this year with credit. The Blenheim Orange is a fitting companion to the American Pippin in every respect-both are in perfect condition to-day, and the test they have undergone was a severe one.

Then there is the Canada Red, the Canada Baldwin, the Wagner, the Winesap and a host of others that might be named, all good varieties that ship well: but a sufficient number of varieties has

Some of the kinds enumerated may be shipped safely at almost all times, such as the Northern Spies, Spitzenburg, An extensive display of fruit in the Baldwin, Ben Davis, Roxbury and the Golden Russets, but the apples of the famouse type, such as the Famouse, the McIntosh Red, the Scarlet Pippin, the Princess Louise, etc., should only be shipped as soon as gathered, and disposed of at once for immediate use, as, except under exceptionally favorable conditions, they would not keep only for a short time, and might disappoint the handler.

The question of the size and shape of the packages for export has been pretty well thrashed out. The ordinary apple barrel, holding about two and a half bushels and weighing, barrel and all, about one hundred and fifty pounds, is the favorite package, though a large number of cases have been shipped of late years holding about 60 lbs. weight of fruit. In these cases the fruit is in separate compartments and is landed gencapable of producing such fruit. While specially useful package for early fruit and for the fine soft fresh kinds of the

# Barracks

The First Story of a Substantial Building Has Been Completed.

Work Commenced in June - Will Be Ready for Accommodation in the Fall.

Although it may not be generally known, but during the past few months a splendid new barracks has been in the joining the present barracks premises at Work Point, and there is every reason to believe that it is merely a question of such a trade the Canadians have a large a comparatively short time when the conand useful list, this includes apples of struction of this building will be follow-

During the past few years it has been equal it in its many good features, it is periodically mooted in authentic circles of the highest quality; it is of fine size that it was the intention of the Imperial The city engineer reported regarding and appearance and handles well, and authorities to increase the strength of a number of improvements, and recom- always commands a good price. After the forces at both this point and Halifax, mended the laying of a sidewalk on a being exposed a month in the hot build- and naturally the first detail which would section of Cook street. This was dealt ing, the Palais D'Horticulture, many of precede this step would be the erection with clause by clause, the clause refer- this variety are not only sound, but have of quarters adequate for the accommodation of the additional forces. The property upon which it was intended to construct the new quarters was owned by citizens of Victoria. Some time last year the home government appropriated the sum of £25,000 for the purpose of meeting the expenditure entailed in the establishment of the augmenting forces, including the expropriation of the land, the necessary buildings and other essentialities. The land decided upon was that adjoining the present barracks property, and acting on the authority of the Minister of Militia, P. C. Macgregor act-Greening, or Greening simply, is not in ed as a valuator of the property in order

This was during last spring and the familiarly called, is one of the best, but diately commenced. Operations on the it is not as profitable to the grower as construction of the building commenced in June, although everything was in read-Amongst apples of large size that ship iness as far back as April. The work commenced directly upon the receipt of and Fallow Waters. The Kings have the cable message from the Imperial au-

> The present structure will when completed be two stories in height with dimensions of 164x24 feet. It will be rectangular in shape far back on the property and thus face the spacious parade grounds. The building may safely be considered as being divided into three compartments-a central square block. flanked on each side by the barracks rooms. In the central block will be the apartment of the non commissioned offi-

way and wash rooms. The barracks rooms, of which there dation for twenty-four men each, and ment and convenience. will consequently contain twenty-four ower floor.

is called, is constructed on concrete foun- menced on the rearing of the second. dation and is of brick laid with cement. The character of the work is what is technically designated English bond, the main object being strength and endurture "will be there to stay."



SITUATED ON THE BEAUTIFUL VALLEY OF THE

## Similkameen

at the point where the railway leaves the valley for Spence's Bridge and in close proximity to Copper Mountain is the coming business centre for all the mining camps from Twenty-Mile to Otter Valley, and the country west of the railway known as the Hope Mountain, is so situated as to command the trade north to Spence's Bridge, east to Penticton, west to Hope and the Tulameen, and south to Copper and Kennedy mountains.

NOW IS the time to secure the most favorable location before the railway is commenced, and the government establish the head offices for that district. Railway and wagon road are both located through the centre of the town. Handsome bridge just completed over the Similkameen river, connecting with Copper Mountain wagon road.

Stores and hotel now under construction, and sawmill being erected close to townsite. Apply to

## J. F. FOULKES & CO..

35 FORT STREET.

and Room 7, Board of Trade Building. Head office, Dewdney's

ZOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCO



It needs no argument to demonstrate the desirability of buying your Groceries where the highest quality is joined to the lowest prices. We would like to call your attention to the fact that we always please the most exacting.

CREAMERY BUTTER ..... 25c. DAIRY BUTTER ..... 20c. 1 ISLAND POTATOES \$1.00 sack.
EASTERN EGGS (tested) 25c. doz. FLOUR AND SUGAR ... ..AT SAME PRICES AS LAST WEEK

DIXI H. ROSS & CO

MORGAN'S FRESH FROZEN EASTERN

## \$ loys, loys, loys

Samples of American, English and European Toys for the Fall and Christmas Trade. Orders taken and indents executed.

J. PIERCY & CO.,

Wholesale Dry Goods and Clothing Manufacturers.

21, 23, 25, 27, 29 YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B.C. 

## Agents Wanted

THE FONTHILL NURSERIES

We have the largest nurseries in Canada, 800 acres, and can therefore give he best assortment of stock. STEADY EMPLOYMENT TO WORKERS

And good pay weekly. All supplies free We are sole agents for Dr. Mole's celebrated Caterpillarine, which protects trees from the caterpillar. Highest testimonia is.

Our agents cover their expenses by carrying this as a side line. It is in great

Stone & Wellington, Toronto.

operations will be finished in the fall, were unsuited to the latitude of Pekit and this is especially urgent in order to so the conqueror had others constr accommodate the members of the 48th Two of these can still be seen among the Fortress Co. and part of the 44th sub- others where they stand exposed to marine miners, who are at present occu- weathers and apparently uninjured pying tents of the adjoining premises. time or climate. cers, the company's store room, the stair- The building will have what is called a According to a most interesting "hip" roof, topped with slate. The ac count given some time ago by Mr. The commodation will be for full company of | Child in Pearson's Magazine, other will be two on each floor, will be about one hundred men, and the appointments struments were added about the sixty feet in length by between twenty in the barracks room will be installed to 1670, at the beginning of the pr and thirty wide, and will have accommo- a mathematical nicety in the arrange- dynasty, when the Jesuit fathers

When the structure is completed the of them, Father Verbiest, who was heds. Each room will be fitted up from fence separating the two premises will rector of the astronomical board, cau standpoint of hygiene, comfort, con- be removed and the parade grounds venience and durability, and will have merged into one. These will then be largest collection of instruments is for two large modern ventilator grates. The particularly spacious, and in their regu- on a huge terrace of brickwork all upper floor will be a duplicate of the larity and imperial location will be dif- forty feet square and seventy feet high ficult to parallel. Already the first story The barracks "hut," as the structure has been erected, and work has com- city wall,

PEKIN'S OBSERVATORY.

At Pekin exists highly curious proof of ance. In fact this readily becomes ap- China's early superfority over Western parent at first glance, and the thorough nations, in the shape of the wonderful systematic manner in which the work is observatory close to the city walls. The being carried out is eminently indicative oldest of its curiously beautiful bronze of the imperial intention that this struc- instruments were old when Kubla Khan conquered the city in 1279. Metal as and disturbing the appliances.—Illustrat There are at present employed upon tronomical instruments were unknown in ed London News. the work thirteen civilian bricklayers Europe before Tycho Brahe. The asand Royal Engineers, a number of car- tronomers whom Kubla brought with him penters and laborers. Sergt.-Major War- found that some of the instruments, wick being foreman of the works. The which were trophies of ancient wars, China expeditionary corps.

favor with the Emperor Kang Hsi. Or some six instruments to be set up which overlooks and forms part of the

At the top of the stairs which lead t the terrace the visitor is confronted the huge celestial globe. It is 7ft. 6ir in diameter, and has the planets and principal constellations shown by raise stars of a bright yellow bronze fixed t on the chocolate brown body of the globe. The observatory is now disused and children play unrebuked and tree grow unchecked among the instruments here and there displacing the masonry

Col. Marchant, of Fashoda fame, has been appointed to the general staff of the

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Report

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