

Victoria Weekly Times.

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VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, JUNE 7, 1895.

PART 1.

ANOTHER DEVILISH CRIME

Frisco the Scene of Another Horror Not Unlike the Church Murders.

Miss Harrington Outraged and Murdered—Attempt to Burn the Body.

San Francisco, June 3.—Another diabolical crime, bearing some resemblance to the horrible tragedies of the Emmanuel church, was unearthed on Saturday by the discovery that Miss Nellie Harrington, aged 35, who occupies an upper flat at 1017 Ellis street, had been outraged and murdered in her bedroom, the door being locked and the furniture of the apartment and her clothing then set on fire. All the drawers and boxes in the room were open and had been ransacked, several articles of jewelry and her purse having been stolen. Several lodgers occupy rooms in the flat, but none saw strangers about or heard any unusual sounds. Attention was first attracted by smoke issuing from Miss Harrington's rooms. When the door was broken open the bedding piled in the centre of the room was found to be on fire, and beneath the smouldering clothes was the blood-stained body of Miss Harrington. The lower part of her body was badly burned, but her face had escaped the flames.

The murder was particularly brutal. Stab wounds were found all over the unfortunate woman's body and on her face. Her jaw was broken. The theory of the police is that while a thief was in the room Miss Harrington entered. The man then murdered and assaulted her, set fire to the bedding to conceal his crime, and, after looting the room, escaped, locking the door and carrying off the key.

Miss Harrington has a brother, Joseph, who resides in Sacramento, and a sister, Mrs. J. A. Jackson, to whom, by a will discovered in her room, she bequeathed her property. Bank books with deposits aggregating \$700 were found, but there was no trace of \$100 in gold which Miss Harrington had in her possession at noon to-day. Neighbors say that Miss Harrington had a frequent caller, who was accustomed to drive to her flat. A buggy was noticed in front of her residence this afternoon. Miss Harrington rented rooms, and it is said that a Japanese was a lodger last night. He left the flat to-day and the police are looking for him.

F. Kano, a Japanese, who roomed in the house, has been arrested, pending investigation of the murder. He had a key to the front door, and his face was slightly burned. He explained the burns by saying that while mending a defective gas burner in the store where he is employed he turned on the gas to test it and lighted a match. An explosion followed, which burned his face. This happened three weeks ago. Nothing further of an incriminating nature was found upon him.

The police are looking for State Senator Buck, of Solano county, that he may explain his connection with the murdered woman. A photograph of Buck was found in Miss Harrington's room, and occupants of the house identify it as that of the only man who called to see Miss Harrington. They say that the man whose photograph was found called frequently on her and took her out driving. The autopsy on the remains of Miss Harrington was made at the morgue to-night. It showed that the attack on the unfortunate woman was a most ferocious one and that death must have come quickly. The skull was almost in a pulp, and the examining surgeon is of the opinion that the wounds were made



CURED BY TAKING
AYER'S Sarsaparilla

"I was afflicted for eight years with Salt Rheum. During that time I tried many medicines, but none gave me relief. I was at last advised to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and before I had finished the fourth bottle, my hands were as free from eruptions as ever they were. My business, which is that of a cab-driver, requires me to be out in cold and wet weather, but I never returned."—THOMAS A. JOHNS, Stratford, Ont.

Ayer's Only Sarsaparilla
Admitted at the World's Fair.
Ayer's Pills Cleanse the Bowels.

BALL AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE

In Honor of Shahzada Nazrulla Khan—An Unusually Brilliant Affair.

A Grand Reception to be Held in Guildhall That Will Cost \$155,000.

London, June 2.—Dorchester House, which has been especially hired by the Indian office for Nazrulla Khan during his visit to London, is a magnificent mansion, probably the finest house in the metropolis. It was originally built by Mr. Halford, who is said to have made his fortune in Australia, and it now belongs to his son, Captain Halford, a well known member of the Prince of Wales' suite. The furniture and decorations of the house are of a sumptuous character, but unlike the exterior, the building is heavy and overpowering. Approaching the main entrance by a circuitous drive from Park Lane one is struck by the noble proportions of the columns and outlines of the facade. The chief doorway opens to a spacious but dark hall communicating with one of the finest staircases in Great Britain. This occupies the centre of the entire building and runs sheer up to the roof, where the light is admitted through a magnificent skylight from which depends a chandelier of elaborate design. The staircase is of great width and composed entirely of colored marble with inlaid panels, various doors opening upon its surroundings. In general outline the staircase is very similar to the celebrated one in Fitzwilliam Museum, Cambridge. The mansion has six stories, the ground floor is given over to offices, waiting-rooms, etc., and it is there that Sir Gerald Fitzgerald, of the Indian office, and some subordinate officers took off to look after the Indian prince. The state rooms and the prince's private suite are situated on the first or principal floor. Ball room, some dining room and green drawing rooms, all apartments of immense size, and upholstered in broadest silk, are there situated. They overlook Park Lane and in spite of their immense size are light and cheerful. The value of their contents in pictures, china and articles of vertu must be fabulous. In one of the libraries, for instance, a median-sized table, composed of colored marble collected from all parts of the world, is valued for \$75,000. A settee in the state banquetting hall, there are two smaller dining rooms, one especially for the use of the prince when he dines alone. This is also upholstered in silk and, like other rooms, is intended for the prince's private use. The floor is covered with Oriental matting. The dressing and bath rooms are smaller in proportion. They are exquisitely furnished with birdseye maple, and the bedstead, a narrow brass one, is surmounted by a canopy of gold and silver with which also the predominant color of the dressing room. The bath room is of mahogany and marble, and opens out into the last named apartment. The remainder of the rooms on the principal floor are reserved for the prince's chief personal attendants. On the second floor, which is used by Sir Gerald Fitzgerald, Col. Falbot and other British and Indian officers in attendance on the prince. Forty-six Afghan servants are located on the top floor in dormitories simply furnished with rows of small beds. The rest of the large crowd assembled outside of Dorchester House every day and Nazrulla's appearance in public attracts much attention. The royal family is having a hard time with the Afghan prince. They have been trying to impress him, but he is as stolid as Sitting Bull. He gives himself the greatest airs and keeps them all waiting.

Shahzada Nazrulla Khan, second son of the Ameer of Afghanistan, is being liberally fêted and petted and it will be marvellous if he returns to Caboul without having formed the idea that Great Britain looks upon his father as a most important ruler. All the movements of Nazrulla are duly chronicled by the press and every detail concerning him is eagerly devoured. A visit from the Ameer himself or his oldest son, Habibulla Khan, has been on the tapis for some time, but although much talked of and frequently discussed, the impression of all who know Afghanistan is that neither the ruler nor his heir would leave the country. Large crowds assemble outside of Dorchester House every day and Nazrulla's appearance in public attracts much attention. The royal family is having a hard time with the Afghan prince. They have been trying to impress him, but he is as stolid as Sitting Bull. He gives himself the greatest airs and keeps them all waiting.

LATE CANADIAN DISPATCHES

Copious Rains in Manitoba—The Crops are in a Flourishing Condition.

Montreal Will Bid for the Corbett-Fitzsimmons Mill—Hoskins Guilty.

Toronto, June 1.—There was a pretty turn out of public school children to-day to welcome Lord and Lady Aberdeen. They assembled to the number of ten thousand in the new armory and sang a number of patriotic songs. Lord Aberdeen addressed the children at some length. Lady Aberdeen this evening addressed the Catholic young ladies' literary association in the Massey hall. She spoke at great length on the present Irish literary revival.

Montreal, June 1.—At a meeting of well known sports it was decided to make a bid for the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight. A letter was dispatched to Wm. A. Brady, New York, expressing the belief that with proper management the fight could be brought off successfully here. At the same meeting a sum of \$50,000 was guaranteed in case the champion and Fitzsimmons agreed to fight here.

Regina, N. W. T., June 1.—The trial of Frank Hoskins was finished yesterday. The jury, after an hour and a half's deliberation, found Hoskins guilty on both counts of the indictment. Judgment was reserved. A petition for leniency is being circulated and largely signed.

Halifax, June 1.—Theo. Carr, of Stanhope, P. E. I., fell out of his boat while attending his trawls and was drowned. He is supposed to have lost his balance while attempting to catch hold of the buoy.

Toronto, June 1.—Thomas Johnson, son of the late William Johnson, justice of the peace, committed suicide by taking a dose of strychnine.

Winnipeg, June 1.—Copious rains fell throughout the province to-day, greatly benefiting the crops. Reports from the country state that they are better than ever before at this date.

The bank clearings in this city during May were \$4,156,282, compared with \$3,455,630 for the same month last year.

Spavined Horses.

The buyers for foreign markets do not want blemished horses at any price. Spavins, Curbs, Ringbones, etc., can be entirely cured by Dick's Blisters. Price \$5.00 cts. Dick's Liniment is invaluable for sprains and bruises. Price 25 cts. To be had at all Druggists. Full directions on the wrapper.

ANOTHER ELDERADO

The Kettle River Country Described in Glowing Terms by a Resident.

An Enthusiastic Estimate of Its Coming Progress and Development.

J. A. Manly of Grand Forks, Kettle River district, is at the Drifard. Mr. Manly came to the coast on business and returns in a few days to his home. Grand Forks is situated in a section of British Columbia with which few Victorians are familiar, and as Mr. Manly, who is a mining man of experience, professes that the district adjacent to Grand Forks is destined to be the richest section of the richest mining country in the world, he was asked by the Times man for some information in detail.

Grand Forks, situated on Kettle River, in the beautiful fertile valley of the same name, is to-day a bustling little town surrounded by what Mr. Manly says is the greatest mining district in the world. Much prospecting and considerable development work is being done by thorough mining men who come from Butte, Montana, and other mining centres. A number of very rich mines have already been discovered. Some of the more important ones are: Greenwood, Providence, Deadwood, Copper, Smith's, Atwood's, White's, Wellington and Summit. Of these the Summit and Greenwood show the largest veins. At a point four miles from Grand Forks a very rich discovery has just been made. Mr. Manly, who is very largely interested in the district, is most enthusiastic over the future of British Columbia in general and Grand Forks and Kettle River district in particular.

"Why," said Mr. Manly, "you have simply no idea what a country we have up there. Grand Forks to-day is but a small town, but I am confident that it will boast of a population of 10,000 people within three years. Why, it's absolutely certain. Besides being in the centre of this store of untold wealth, we are surrounded by a fine agricultural district—in that respect differing very much from Nelson, which is surrounded only by a mining country pure and simple—and our climate is an excellent one. Mining men are flocking in and everything points to an unprecedented impetus in the development of our vast wealth. Messrs. Farrell and Mignon, two mining men who came from New York and are very wealthy, are just about putting in reduction works and smelters. Our greatest drawback is our lack of facilities for speedy transportation. Our shipping point is Marcus, Wash., about 40 miles distant. What we want is a road to Trout Creek."

Mr. Manly also referred to at once establishing a recorder's office at Grand Forks, as the nearest point at which a claim can be recorded is Midway, 30 miles distant. A school house is also among the needs of that rapidly growing section.

JOSE MARTI ALIVE.

The Cuban Insurgent Leader Not Killed as Previously Stated.

Key West, Fla., June 3.—A dispatch received here from Havana says the lieutenant of the civil guard, who is acting as chief of police at Puerto Principe, has deserted. He succeeded in getting on board a pilot boat, from which he then was transferred to a steamer bound for Liverpool. The cause of his desertion is his fear of being brought to justice by Captain General de Campos, who is known to have been displeased at the Lieutenant's action in exceeding the limits of his authority while pursuing a band of insurgents commanded by Maurice Montejo. There was great rejoicing here last night among the Cubans when a telegram from Benjamin Guerra, stating Jose Marti is alive, was received and in order to celebrate the news a meeting of Cubans was called for midnight, at the San Carlos theatre. The news that Marti was well and in good health was received with a loud cheer and addresses were made by a number of prominent Cubans. Later the Cubans formed in line and with a band at their head paraded the streets until daylight, cheering for Marti and indulging in other manifestations of joy. In addition the Cubans have concluded to take a holiday to-day, and as none of them will work nearly all the cigar factories are closed.

Lieut. Col. Tejera has had a brush with the insurgents on the banks of the Contramaestre river in the province of Santiago del Cuba. One soldier was killed. The troops under the command of Col. Sandoval had also exchanged shots with the insurgents, who lost two killed and left one wounded man upon the field. The civil guards have been engaged with a band of insurgents commanded by Carlos Castillo at Ramon Alto. The insurgents lost three killed and several wounded. In addition the troops captured 14 saddle horses. Col. Mataello, operating against the insurgents with a detachment of troops, came across a band of insurgents consisting of fifty infantry and ten cavalrymen in the district of Joborosado. He pursued the enemy to the Leborrucal mountains, in the province of Santa Clara, the insurgents leaving four dead behind them. The troops also captured a quantity of arms and ten horses.

Thibury, June 1.—Edward Dancy, a prominent farmer of Mersey township, dropped dead here this morning from heart failure brought on by extreme heat.

Quebec, June 1.—A banquet is to be ordered to Sir Henri Gustave Joly de Lotbiniere at the Union club, at which Lord Aberdeen and Lieut-Governor Chapleau are to be present.

Montreal, June 1.—The Montreal street railway earnings for the month of May were over \$100,000, which is unprecedented in the history of the road.

STOCK IS POPULAR.

Soft Correspondent Speaks of Shares in That Growing Town.

Respondent writing from Ashcroft, B. C., on the 25th, says that he is not dead in Ashcroft as he was by the arrival of our candid correspondent on Monday to set him straight again. He remained here until yesterday and strengthened his disposition towards himself by some weak-minded notions. Liberalism and free trade speaks very confidently in re- shares chances of success in the which he has already visited, Kootenay district is in his favor. Shares of election are slim, for Lillooet, Yale and Carleton more tired of the present at Ottawa than is Kootenay, and left on Tuesday to visit and Cariboo. There were several silly reports in circulation, but Mr. Bostock's appearance to fall flat and which it is mentioned, such as he is "a committed the unpardonable of being born an English. The first report is too superfluous to require an answer. The second, his birth, is true, but being of birth does not prevent him being an, and I defy anyone to point her or more loyal Canadian than Bostock. It is his love for and his belief in British Columbia and agricultural pursuits that led him to invest so heavily in the various industries. But as a more serious charge set in by some more cunning schemes that the Liberal candidate elected by an overwhelming majority, by circulating some con- lie, his friends can be turned him. Some one fit only for and Tory corruption accused lack of favoring separate schools. usation is false. The question and he said, no, he did not separate schools. Many in this field work against their financial rather than favor separate schools. Mr. Bostock does not favor to all may vote with clear con- for free trade, with tariff for only, and thus get rid of the monopolists in the east that is the circulating wealth—the life-Canadian prosperity—into the a few money-grabbers. What happen in the west and the pro- money-grabbing monopolists in it is no wonder that the circu-alth of Canada is disappearing.

THE SILVER KING.

away, Four and a Half was King to be Built.

Sh. Trutch, chairman of the Directors of The Hall Mines, arrived at Nelson on Tuesday, from London. The tenders away between the Silver and Nelson were considered, made by the California Company of San Francisco. It is for a single rope way, and the representatives company will meet the represent- of the Hall Mines, Limited, at where the contract will be here were four other tenders in the Trenton Iron Works, New-Jersey; one by the Ropeways London, England; one by the on Works, San Francisco; and E. Hodgins of Nelson. Mr. tend was for a trestle way, all the others were for rope ways, The Hall Mines, has to clear the right-of-way, he have been asked for the right-of-way is to be cleared wide, and the distance is four miles.

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Winnipeg, June 1.—A report was circulated here to-day that President Sutherland's trip to St. Paul this week was for the purpose of securing the aid of James Hill, president of the Great Northern railroad, in building the Hudson's Bay railway. The secretary of the Hudson's Bay Railway company denies the report. It is understood Mr. Sutherland is the guest of Mr. Hill in St. Paul.

Montreal, June 1.—Several Montrealers are credited with having made more than a million dollars. The Lake of the Woods people, with Robert Meighan as a central figure, count their profits at \$500,000. Hugh McLennan had, with others, lost heavily in the past, but it is believed his recent deals netted him a profit of \$150,000. Robert Esdaile, William Stewart, Alex. McFee and A. G. McBean have made all the way from \$75,000 to \$100,000, and many of the lesser fry made from \$10,000 to \$50,000 each.

SEND TO-DAY.

Ladies and gentlemen, be alive to your own interest. There has recently been discovered and is now for sale by the undersigned, a truly wonderful "Hair Grower" and "Complexion Whitener." This "Hair Grower" will actually grow hair on a bald head in six weeks. A gentleman who has no beard can have a thick growth in six weeks by the use of this wonderful "Hair Grower." It will also prevent the hair from falling. By the use of this remedy boys raise an excellent moustache in six weeks. Ladies, if you want a surprising head of hair, have it immediately by the use of this "Hair Grower." I also sell a "Complexion Whitener" that will in one month's time make you as clear and white as the skin can be made. We never knew a lady or gentleman to use two bottles of this Whitening for they all say that before they finished the second bottle they were as white as they would wish to be. After the use of this Whitening, the skin will forever retain its color. It also removes freckles, etc., etc. The "Hair Grower" is 50 cents per bottle, and the "Face Whitening" 50 cents per bottle. Either of these remedies will be sent by mail postage paid, on any address on receipt of price. Address all orders to

R. RYAN, 350 Gilmour St., Ottawa, Ont.

P. S.—We take P. O. stamps same as cash, but parcels ordered by mail will confer a favor by ordering \$1 worth, as it will require this amount of the solution to accompany either postage paid, or any address on receipt of price. Address all orders to

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E. B. Eddy's "Canadian Matches (will light in a box) or E. B. Eddy's "Favorite" Parlor Matches, secure from any danger of fire in small sliding boxes. Victoria.

A RENEWAL OF HOSTILITIES

The Japanese Are Bombarding Koo Lung—Trouble With Chinese in Formosa.

The Envoy Attacked at Moosh—British Vice-Consul Killed at Jeddah.

London, May 31.—A dispatch to the Times from Hong Kong confirms the news contained in the Associated Press dispatch of last night from Hong Kong, announcing that hostilities between the Japanese and the Chinese republicans on the Island of Formosa have commenced. According to the Times dispatch the Japanese forces were landed at Koo Lung, in the extreme north of the Island of Formosa yesterday, and fighting between them and the Chinese has commenced. The dispatch to the Associated Press from Hong Kong announced that private advices received there were to the effect that the Japanese were bombarding Koo Lung.

Mr. W. E. Curtis, assistant secretary of the United States treasury department, who reached London yesterday in order to arrange for the completion of the bond contract, called to-day at the banks of the Rothschilds and J. S. Morgan & Co., in order to fix the date for closing the contract. No further steps will be taken until the arrival of the bonds, which are on their way here in charge of Mr. Logan Carlisle, chief clerk of the treasury department.

Constantinople, May 31.—Advices received here from Moosh state that the residence occupied by the French, British and Russian envoys there has been forcibly entered by Turkish gendarmes who attempted to arrest a servant of the envoys. They used abusive language and were expelled with difficulty. This news coupled to the news from Jeddah that the British consul and vice-consul, the Russian acting consul and the French consul were attacked and shot outside of the town has caused considerable excitement in diplomatic circles. The British vice-consul, as already cabled, was killed, and the British consul slightly wounded. The shooting is attributed to Bedouins.

There is rejoicing at the headquarters of the bimetalists over the news cabled that the Democrats of Texas and Kansas failed to endorse the proposition for free coinage of silver. English bimetalists are opposed to the United States acting in advance of an international agreement upon the subject and endorse President Cleveland's position. The bimetallic league is preparing an answer to the position taken up by the chancellor of the exchequer in his reply to the address of the gold standard protection league. The chancellor, as already cabled, stated that he concurred entirely in the opinion that the experience of well nigh a century has proved that the present system of currency is suited to the wants of this great commercial country and that to depart therefrom would be disastrous to the trade and credit of the United Kingdom.

A dispatch received at Madrid from Havana says Col. Seaman, at the head of a detachment of 300 troops, found a number of insurgents occupying positions between Plaza de Armas and Riquon de Calcuta. An engagement followed and the troops captured the insurgents' positions; the latter leaving four dead on the field and carrying away the wounded. The regiment of Isabella, the Catholic came across 350 insurgents between Bayamo and Manzanillo. After an engagement which lasted an hour, the insurgents were routed, leaving 15 dead and 8 wounded on the field, and they carried away with them a number of wounded insurgents.

A dispatch from Jeddah says the following particulars have been obtained of the assassination of the British vice-consul here and the wounding of the other foreign consular officials yesterday: Mr. W. S. Richardson, British consul, and M. Dorje, secretary of the French consulate, were taking a walk together near this town when apparently without any provocation they were assailed by eight Bedouin Arabs. The British vice-consul was so badly wounded that he expired ten minutes after. Mr. Richardson was also badly wounded. Mr. Brandt had his jaw broken and his nose shot away. Dorville alone escaped serious injury. The recovery of Messrs. Richardson and Brandt is doubtful. Fifteen arrests were made and great excitement prevailed, intensified by the fact that several British warships are expected shortly to inquire into the outrage and insist on the punishment of the offenders.

A dispatch from Constantinople says three British warships have been ordered to Jeddah with instructions to protect the lives of foreigners and investigate into the killing of the British vice-consul and the wounding of the other consular officials. Later reports from the physicians in attendance on the wounded officers show that Dorville is more seriously wounded than was expected and it is feared he will die.

MOTHER AND DAUGHTER.

The Restoration of Both to Health Brings Joy to an Ailmer, Que., Home.

If there is any section in this great Dominion in which the curative powers of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have not been proved, it must be uninhabited. From all sections come the strongest endorsements from people in all ranks of society, and it is safe to assume that the discovery of this medicine has been of incalculable benefit to suffering humanity. Many in Aylmer and vicinity have kind words to speak in favor of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and among them is Mrs. Inglee, wife of W. J.

Inglee, the well known grocer. To a reporter Mr. Inglee gave the following particulars of his wife's cure: For a long time she suffered severely from pains in the back and kidney trouble, and was much weakened and run down. Having read much concerning Dr. Williams' Pink Pills it was determined to give them a trial, and after the use of a few boxes Mrs. Inglee was completely cured. A couple of physicians who had known the condition of her health enquired what she had taken that improved her appearance and health so much. Being told that it was Dr. Williams' Pink Pills both frankly admitted that she could not have used anything better. Mr. Inglee also stated that his daughter, a young lady of seventeen, had been troubled a great deal for the past couple of years with weakness, headaches and troubles incident to girlhood. She was very pale, easily fatigued and troubled with frequent headaches. After using several boxes of Pink Pills, the color returned to her cheeks and she rapidly regained her former strength, and now there is no healthier girl in the town. Several months have elapsed since she discontinued the use of the pills, and there has been no indication of any return of the trouble. Mr. Inglee says they always keep Pink Pills in the house in case of need, and thinks every one else would do well to follow the example.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make pure, rich blood, drive out disease and cure when other medicines fail. They are sold by all dealers, but only in boxes the wrapper around which bears the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." Promptly refuse all imitations and substitutes—only the genuine Pink Pills can make you well.

None But Ayer's at the World's Fair. Ayer's Sarsaparilla enjoys the extraordinary distinction of having been the only blood purifier allowed an exhibit at the World's fair, Chicago. Manufacturers of other sarsaparillas sought by every means to obtain a showing of their goods, but they were all turned away under the application of a law forbidding the entry of patent medicines and nostrums. The decision of the World's fair authorities in favor of Ayer's Sarsaparilla was in effect a patent medicine. It does not belong to the list of nostrums. It is here on its merits.

THE COLIMA CATASTROPHE

Additional Details of the Disaster—Mate Hansen Makes a Brief Statement.

Total Number Drowned Known to be 187—Only 26 Were Saved.

San Francisco, May 30.—The latest intelligence regarding the Colima disaster received here was a cipher message to a local shipping firm, containing the statement of Third Officer Hansen, who was in charge of the boat picked up. Hansen stated that about 11:15 Monday night, as the Colima was about fifty miles from Manzanillo and between that port and Punta San Telmo, an accident occurred to her machinery. Hansen had not time to investigate the trouble, but he saw the boiler burst. The Colima was put about, but began to sink rapidly. A scene of confusion and wild disorder followed. One boat was lowered and five others swung out, but so far as Hansen knows, the boat he commanded was the only one that got clear of the sinking ship. She quickly foundered, and to avoid suction, Hansen's boat quickly pulled clear, and the night being dark, it was impossible to tell whether the other boats pulled away from the wreck or not. If these boats once got clear away, the calmness of the sea and the low, sandy beach twenty miles distant should enable them to effect a safe landing in a few hours. As the passengers were all asleep, however, Hansen fears that few escaped from the rapidly filling steamer. One hundred and sixty passengers and crew are still unaccounted for.

City of Mexico, May 30.—It is now 7 p.m. and not a single press dispatch has been received over the government wires from Manzanillo. The single wire circuit between Manzanillo and Mexico City has been kept at a glowing heat all day with official telegrams addressed to and sent by the secretary of war, Don Hinojosa, though a few have been received by Major R. B. Gorsuch, the Mexican representative of the Pacific Mail in this capital. The gist of the dispatches received up to this time is as follows: "At about 8 o'clock on the morning of the 27th, in lat. 18.38 north and long. 104.14 west, the Colima struck a powerful searing wind, was driven on the reef and sank with a large note store in her side near the bow. Captain J. F. Taylor, after displaying mastery skill in the management of his ship, was killed by a falling mast. The first pilot and first engineer were also killed and soon after the boat struck she went down 430 feet into the water. Nearly 24 hours later the coast line steamer San Juan passed along and picked up sixteen survivors and carried them into port. Five others swam ashore and five more, three cabin and two saloon passengers, were subsequently rescued by the government boat sent out by the Pacific Mail company's agent at Manzanillo. One hundred and eight passengers are known to be drowned and 26 saved. The names of the five passengers rescued by the government boat are not yet learned.

The departure of the wrecking frigate Oaxaca, with a complete wrecking outfit, to proceed from Mazatlan to the scene of the disaster to see what can be done in the way of salvage and render any assistance necessary. Every effort is being made by the government to aid all interested. The Colima carried a very valuable cargo, which was fully insured.

The total number drowned is now known to be 187 persons; total number saved, 26. The ship carried 213 persons and to all appearances the entire crew and passengers were saved, with the exception of 26. The rescued will be sent north as soon as possible and 17 have already taken passage for San Francisco. The accident is the most frightful in its loss of life which has ever occurred in Mexican waters and the Colima is a complete loss unless some of the cargo can be recovered by the divers, which will probably be attempted.

A special to the Examiner says the Colima is apparently a total loss, and lies at the bottom about thirty miles below Manzanillo, beside the coral reef which stave in the vessel. The steamer lies on her side in six hundred metres of water. She had on board \$100,000 of Mexican money shipped from Mazatlan and insured by Echeverrin Bros., who at once reported by wire to the war department of the City of Mexico and asked for its rescue. Orders were issued to the commander of the Oaxaca to aid in the rescue. The Mexican steamer Romero Pueblo has been sent to hunt for passengers. It has returned giving information of saving at Coahuila three cabin and two other passengers. The saved passengers will be taken to Barracouta to-morrow.

City of Mexico, May 31.—The Colima encountered heavy weather all along the Mexican coast. Much difficulty was encountered in keeping off the rocks at Isabella Island and Piedra de Mar. The passengers were in a constant state of terror, which was augmented when the ship having put out from San Blas, a woman passenger from San Francisco became crazed with fear and spent the entire night on deck entreating the officers to put back and praying heaven for deliverance.

The supposed fate of Mrs. L. R. Brewer, together with her three children, is one of the saddest features of the awful disaster. Mr. Brewer owns vast coffee plantations in Mexico. Mrs. Brewer was a native of Guatemala, but during the past six years has resided in San Francisco with her children. Mr. Brewer making occasional journeys up to the plantation to see them. He arrived there recently and announced that he intended going to Europe late in the year. Mrs. Brewer then decided to take her three children and visit her southern

THE FLEET GOES TO BEYROUT

New South Wales Peremptorily Demands the Appointment of a Governor.

The London Standard on Bi-Metallism—Britain's Regrets at Gresham's Death.

London, May 30.—The China correspondent of the Daily News reports that the British fleet has been suddenly ordered to Beyrout, owing to the disturbances there. A dispatch received at Madrid from Santiago, Cuba, says: It is unofficially announced here that Gen. Maximo Gomez, the leader of the Cuban revolutionists, died on Friday on the Quirich plantation, near Baire. His death is said to be the result of wounds in the right cheek received in the battle of Dos Rios. Senor Marcano, who was colonel Gomez in the last war, brought the news to this city. Advices from Rome announce the death of Cardinal Louis Ruffo, 69 years of age, who was born at Palermo on April 6, 1840, and was created cardinal on December 13, 1891. He was archbishop of Chieta. The correspondent of the Times at Melbourne telegraphs that Hon. G. H. Reid, premier of New South Wales, has cabled to London to Sir Saul Samuel, agent-general of the colony, a strongly worded protest against the delay in appointing a new governor, and instructing the agent to tell the Marquis of Ripon that the colony can find a suitable appointee if he is unable to do so.

A dispatch to the Daily News from Constantinople says that the British embassy, while intimating that it is useless to propose to modify the scheme of the powers for Armenian reforms, is trying to get the Porte to fix a time when it will give an answer to the address of the powers at the subject of the reform. A dispatch to the Standard from Berlin says that on the occasion of his adverse criticism of Von Kautz's grain monopoly scheme, Emperor William is said to have equally strongly deprecated any change in the gold standard. Chancellor Von Hohenlohe agrees with these views, and any report that he has been impressed by the Prussian diet's silver resolution is quite unfounded.

The Standard's financial article says that Sir William Harcourt's letter to the Standard is full of much to stop mischievous agitation conducted in ignorance or concert by men who in many cases want to find an easier way to pay inconvenient debts. Continuing, the Standard says: "As the wall of a bankrupt debtor, bimetalism has some little or none." The bimetalists are preparing a memorial to Sir William Harcourt.

The Daily News again denies the rumor of the dissolution of parliament. It says that it understands that the government admits the necessity for administrative purposes of building a railway between Mombassa and Lake Victoria, Africa.

The British foreign office has cabled Sir Julian Pauncefote directing the ambassador to express to the president and government of the United States the deep regret of Her Majesty's government at the death of Secretary Gresham.

Upon the doctor's advice Prince Bismarck has declined the Emperor's invitation to attend the exercises at Kiel incident to the opening of the canal.

None But Ayer's at the World's Fair. Ayer's Sarsaparilla enjoys the extraordinary distinction of having been the only blood purifier allowed an exhibit at the World's fair, Chicago. Manufacturers of other sarsaparillas sought by every means to obtain a showing of their goods, but they were all turned away under the application of a law forbidding the entry of patent medicines and nostrums. The decision of the World's fair authorities in favor of Ayer's Sarsaparilla was in effect a patent medicine. It does not belong to the list of nostrums. It is here on its merits.

home. She took passage on the Colima, accompanied by her three youngest daughters—Emma, aged four years; Margaret, aged 2½ years, and Olga, the baby, 18 months old. The four elder children were left at home in order that their schooling might not be interrupted. Mr. Brewer has telegraphed to Manzanillo for particulars of the disaster, and not until to-night did he cease hoping for the safety of his family.

The bodies of the drowned are being washed ashore there in scores. Searching parties have recovered 54. The weather is hot and there is no means for embalming. Funeral services will be held at once, and, as the digging of separate graves is impossible, the unclaimed dead will be buried in long trenches.

The Jefe Politico, of Manzanillo, has summoned all the mounted rural forces in the district of Manzanillo, and the garrison of soldiers has been placed on guard to prevent robbery of the dead and dig the trenches. Several bodies have been found a short distance from the shore, stripped of all valuables and clothing. Severe punishment will be given any offenders who may be discovered at this work. The dead are laid out in the trenches by the Manzanillo agents for the Pacific Mail Company. Portions of the wrecked ship have reached the shore.

The coast in the neighborhood of Manzanillo seems a fated spot. Nearly all the wrecks on the Panama route have occurred within 100 miles north or south of Manzanillo. Three vessels have been lost in that neighborhood, and these three are the only large vessels of the Panama line that have been wrecked. Another remarkable fact is that all were lost in still weather, the only singular condition of the currents setting in upon the shore. The first and most noted of all the losses was the wreck of the Golden Gate, which was burned and wrecked only a few miles north of Manzanillo. Its loss cost the lives of 200, and it has gone down in history as one of the greatest maritime horrors on the coast. The cause of this wreck has never been definitely settled. It occurred in 1862. The Granada went ashore on June 22, 1880, at Point Tajpan, some miles south of Manzanillo. No lives were lost, but the vessel in rounding the point was lost. The Nicaragua, one of the Mexican coasting fleet of the Pacific Mail Company, was driven ashore on the same day near Acapulco. The steamer San Francisco was lost on Tartar shoals in the early 70s. These shoals are just south of Acapulco, and are perilous to navigation. The Honduras was driven ashore off Salvador and was lost during early '80s. The steamer City of New York was the last Pacific Mail steamer lost. During heavy fogs she was wrecked in October, 1893, on Point Bonita, at the entrance of San Francisco harbor.

San Francisco, June 1.—An Examiner special from Mazatlan says: The steamer San Juan arrived with twenty-one passengers picked up Tuesday from the wrecked Colima. From them a correspondent learned some particulars of the dreadful disaster which happened Monday when the Colima was about twenty-eight miles out of Manzanillo, ten miles from shore. All the rescued are badly bruised. All were picked up from pieces of wreckage and rafts with the exception of A. J. Sutherland, who clung to a boat after it had capsized five times and drowned all the other occupants. All were afloat in the fiercest gale of the year and buffeted by the waves for 24 hours. They are not yet in a condition to tell a connected story of the wreck and the experience of their escape, but many interesting particulars have been obtained. The steamer was heavily laden and had a large deck load of lumber. When the storm struck her the captain had great difficulty in keeping her head to sea. The wind increased in fury until it is said to have been the fiercest storm known along the coast in twenty years. The sea rose rapidly, and the waves washed over the vessel. About noon her head could no longer be kept up and she broached to. Once in the trough of the sea, a mighty wave struck her and she was thrown on her beam ends. She was struck with such force that she trembled as if she had run upon a reef. Most of the passengers thought this was the cause of the ship's going down. The first report that the ship had struck a reef. Whether because of the heavy deck load, the shifting of the coal and cargo, or the force of the storm, the steamer would not right herself. The passengers were pretty badly stunned by being pitched about, and rushed up on deck in a panic. Here they met another danger. The gale tore part of the deck load of lumber from its fastenings, throwing the heavy planks about with appalling violence. Many were struck and maimed. At least one passenger was killed, having his head crushed by flying timbers. The survivors say that the officers of the steamer were brave and active. Captain Taylor stood upon the bridge, First Officer D. B. Griffiths rushed aft to superintend the launching of the boats. Second Officer Langborne succeeded in getting No. 2 boat launched and filled with passengers, throwing the heavy planks about with appalling violence. At least one passenger was killed, having his head crushed by flying timbers. The survivors say that the officers of the steamer were brave and active. Captain Taylor stood upon the bridge, First Officer D. B. Griffiths rushed aft to superintend the launching of the boats. Second Officer Langborne succeeded in getting No. 2 boat launched and filled with passengers, throwing the heavy planks about with appalling violence. At least one passenger was killed, having his head crushed by flying timbers. 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The Weekly Times

Victoria, Friday, June 7.

AUSTRALIAN FISCAL POLICIES.

New South Wales tried the policy of protection and found it a failure—in which respect its experience has been the same as that of Canada. Now the Australian colony has taken the logical step of abandoning the discredited policy, and there are strong indications that the people of this country will follow its example. Premier Reid in his speech to the New South Wales legislative assembly described the new policy as "the establishment of true free trade as nearly as possible." He further declared that his government had determined to stake its existence on a policy of direct taxation. A summary of the changes proposed shows them to be radical in the extreme. In the first place, it is intended to abolish the customs duties imposed by the Dibbs government. The ad valorem and the Dibbs specific duties are to be repealed immediately. This will involve a sacrifice of \$554,000, which is to be made up by the imposition of a national tax of one penny in the pound with certain exemptions, and a tax of sixpence in the pound on incomes above £300. For the rest, the "permanent" tariff is to be reconstructed on strictly revenue principles. The old duties imposed before the Dibbs tariff was enacted are to be retained for twelve months, and at the end of that period the tariff is to be gradually modified in the direction of removing all imposts on what may be spoken of as necessities. Thus the duties on illuminants, such as candles and mineral oil, are to be gradually reduced until they are extinguished. The duties on sugar are to be retained for two years, at the end of which term they also, it is hoped, may be gradually abolished by annual reductions spread over five years. It is apparently intended that eventually indirect taxation shall be limited to duties on luxuries—spirits, wines, tobacco, and opium being specially named. If this programme is carried out the fiscal arrangements of New South Wales will be practically the same as those of Great Britain. The change of system is accompanied by severe measures of economy. Conservatives have talked largely about Mr. Foster's saving, but while he proposes a cutting down of \$2,300,000—which is likely to far exceed the actual measure of retrenchment—the expenditure of New South Wales for the coming year is to be kept over \$4,000,000 below that of the past year. New South Wales is likely to have imitators among the Australian colonies. The Manchester Guardian in commenting on the new departure at Sydney says:

As Mr. Reid explained, the results of the last election indicated quite plainly the desire of the people to abandon, after an unprecedentedly short trial, the protective policy adopted by Sir George Dibbs when prime minister of New South Wales in 1891. But apart from this "mandate," as Mr. Reid called it, there have been abundant indications of a reaction against the protective system throughout Australasia for some time past. The leading papers, not only in New South Wales, but in Victoria, New Zealand, and South Australia, have been almost daily urging the necessity of tariff reform as at least one means of reviving the fortunes of the colonies, and putting an end to the continued commercial and industrial depression, and to the financial deficits, which have appeared to be becoming chronic. Quite recently the negotiation of a treaty of commerce between New Zealand and South Australia, which, whatever constitutional difficulties it may present, is at least a sign of the times, and has appeared in Victoria, and stimulated the Free-traders there to renewed demands for the reform of a tariff which is visibly isolating the colony. New South Wales scheme of reform, and there can be no doubt that this bold step will increase the alarm of Victoria, already very jealous of the commercial advantages of her neighbor and rival, which have tended to make Sydney the leading commercial centre and port of the Australian continent.

This extract is respectfully commended to the attention of the Colonist, which poses in an offensively pedantic way as an authority on Australian affairs. Some time ago the Times pointed out that the Australian commercial and financial troubles came when the colonies were trying the high protection experiment, and our statement was contradicted by the government organ with characteristic impudence and lack of knowledge. Perhaps it will now undertake to set the Guardian right. Another extract from our Manchester contemporary's article on this subject is worthy of attention from Canadian protectionists:

After all, this sudden change of front after so brief an experience of protection is really not surprising in the case of New South Wales. There are many reasons why that colony might be expected to lead the way in reforms of this kind. As Mr. Reid pointed out, Free Trade has been the policy of the colony, with the exception of the brief Dibbs interlude,

ever since the institution of responsible government there; and the trade and general progress of the colony have been conspicuously promoted by that policy. No doubt it was the severe fall of prices, and the consequent impoverishment and financial distress, which led to the recent backsliding. Like many other debtor countries and colonies, New South Wales tried to defend herself by cutting down imports in order to create a more favorable balance of trade, or, failing that, by at least making imports pay for her financial necessities. It was the old hope that the shutting out of competition would provide work for the unemployed, higher prices, and higher wages. But in all these respects such a policy was bound to fail, and it did fail. The financial position of the colony became worse instead of better, the depression increased, the unemployed became more numerous, and the losses of the farmers heavier. It is upon her export trade in wool that New South Wales mainly depends as a colony, and import duties could not be raised to help her. The wool grower could not be compensated for the low prices at which he was compelled to sell his product by increasing the cost of all his requirements. To her railway system and the free movement of traffic from the neighboring colonies New South Wales is largely indebted for the pre-eminence of Sydney as a wool market. She has lower railway rates than Victoria, yet her railways all but pay their way, instead of being a heavy tax on the resources of the government, as the Victoria railways are. A fiscal policy which repressed intercolonial trade and checked the development of foreign commercial exchanges could only tend to destroy traffic and make her railways a charge on the public purse rather than a source of revenue. There is some reason to think, also, that New South Wales was induced to try protection with the hope of forcing neighboring colonies to lower their fiscal barriers, and even with some expectation that the mother country might be induced to take steps for the formation of an Imperial Customs Union. In explaining his policy in London in 1892 Sir George Dibbs stated that he had once been a free-trader, but added that when he found that New South Wales "was the only free trade colony out of the seven colonies forming Australia" he felt bound, "in sheer protection of my own colony, to place it on all fours with the others;" and he expressed a hope that England and her colonies might be bound together by "reasonable fiscal arrangements." Such expectations have been absolutely disappointed, and the present New South Wales premier now proposes to revert to the old system as offering what we must consider a wiser and far more promising basis of "commercial federation." The establishment of free trade in the colony, he has told the legislative assembly, "would be a means of holding out the hand of brotherhood to all Australia," and would be "more calculated to assist the cause of federation than a policy of retaliation and revenge."

Until our stupid contemporary grasps the central truth that imports and exports, so far as commercial transactions are concerned, are correlative, that each is the cause and complement of the other, and that to restrict imports by the imposition of customs taxes necessarily restricts exports in the same ratio, it had better leave the trade question severely alone. Until it is thoroughly purged of its antiquated notions the brilliant commercial achievements of Britain will to remain an unsolvable conundrum. The Colonist will find it much easier to confine its editorial utterances to such profound subjects as "The Conquest of Arid America," "The Claimant" and "Ability and Patriotism" of Caron, McGreevy, et al.

Of the situation at Ottawa the correspondent of the Winnipeg Free Press writes: "As a matter of fact the cabinet is in no condition to deal with any new or important question. They are merely hanging on. There is no one in command and it is reported that the minister of justice is so disgusted that he will take advantage of his ill-health to resign from the ministry. He anticipates the greatest disasters of the government at the coming general election and wants to avoid any share of responsibility for the defeat. Besides, Sir Hibbert Tupper hates intrigue and the administration is full of it. Mr. Haggart will not be guided by Premier Bowell, but on the contrary takes no pains to conceal his contempt. Sir Hibbert Tupper's resignation would not surprise those who know how utterly sick he is of the crowd he finds himself in and his health unfortunately is so poor that it furnishes him with a good excuse. The latest split in the cabinet arises from the recent utterances of the minister of militia, who so far forgot himself as to style the cousin of his colleague, the minister of public works, a "thief" in connection with the Curran bridge stealings. An intimate friend of Sir Mackenzie Bowell stated last week in the course of conversation that the premier is having a hard time of it with the cabinet, and all this makes a speedy dissolution probable."

New York, June 1.—Speculation continues quiet, but in good tone. Opening prices: Atchison, 7 1/2; sugar, 118; distilling, 21 1/2.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

BRITANNIA AGAIN A WINNER

Gould's New Yacht Niagara Second in the Jubilee Regatta at Harwich.

Victoria Wins the Intermediate La crosse Match at Vancouver on Saturday.

YACHTING.

THE JUBILEE REGATTA.

Harwich, Eng., June 3.—The Jubilee regatta was opened here this morning with beautiful weather and a light wind. Mr. Howard Gould's Niagara, Lord Dudley's Inyoni, Mr. F. E. Jameson's Luna, Lord Dunraven's Aubrey, Prince Bathurst's Stephanie, the Stephanie and Mimosa started in the race for twenty raters at 10:30 a.m. The prize is £25 and the course is out of the harbor, around the Cork lightship, finishing off Felixstowe pier, twice round this course completing a total distance of 22 miles. The Niagara had the worst of the start, crossing the line 30 seconds behind her opponents, who got away in a cluster, but the Niagara rapidly made up for this off the harbor and she was fourth when the yachts were off Felixstowe point. Returning from the Cork lightship the Niagara was fifth and the Stephanie was leading Aubrey, Luna and Inyoni in the order named. The following are the times of the yachts at the end of the first round: Aubrey 1:43:10, Stephanie 1:43:53, Niagara 1:44:28, Inyoni 1:44:58, Luna 1:48:07.

Mr. A. B. Walker's Ailsa and the Prince of Wales' Britannia, the latter with the Prince of Wales on board, started at 10 a.m., in the race for yachts of over 400 tons. The course was 37 miles long. The Britannia having the windward position, crossed the line 40 seconds ahead of the Ailsa. The Britannia rounded Sunk light after having sailed two-thirds of the course in 1 hour 57 minutes. The Ailsa was half a mile astern. The Britannia crossed the line a winner by 2 1/2 minutes ahead of the Ailsa.

Inyoni carried away her spinnaker boom while reaching to Cork lightship. Niagara and Stephanie had a hard struggle for second place. Eventually the Aubrey won, Niagara second.

THE WHEEL.

TORONTO CLUB RACES.
Toronto, June 1.—At the Toronto Bicycle Club races this afternoon C. H. Coulter of San Francisco won the 500 yards open, Class B, event, Harley Davidson of Toronto second. Time, 39 3/5 seconds. The pedal came off Otto Zeigler's wheel in the handicap mile. G. McLeod, Benford, and Christie, and Zeigler easily. Zeigler won the mile record in 2:04 1/5.

CANOEING.

SAILING RACES.

The wind increased somewhat for the second of the day sailing races on Saturday. It was the race for 16 feet and under, leeward courses. The starters were H. Rogers, A. Gore, F. G. White and W. Christie. Christie won, closely followed by A. Gore.

The third race was sailing and paddling, paddling to buoy and sailing back. The starters were A. Gore, W. J. H. Holmes and A. J. Dallain. Gore won by a very narrow margin from Holmes. The race between the two from Laurel Point to the club house was very close.

In the free for all there were eight starters as follows: A. J. Dallain, W. J. Holmes, F. G. White, W. Christie, A. Godson, H. Rogers, W. S. Gore and T. S. Gore. Godson was an easy winner, Holmes and W. S. Gore being second and third respectively. J. H. McGreor and E. O. Fehlaner were the officers of the day. The prizes were presented by Mrs. Gore.

LACROSSE.

INTERMEDIATE MATCHES.

Two intermediate matches were played on Saturday, Nanaimo playing against Westminister and the Capitals of Victoria against the Beavers of Vancouver. At Vancouver, Westminister won her match with ease, the Royal C.F. boys having it all their own way after the first game, which was won by Nanaimo in 20 minutes. Westminister won the five succeeding games.

Victoria had to work harder to win her match from Vancouver. The first game occupied but five minutes, Bland scoring for Victoria. The second game was one of the hardest and longest that has ever been played in the province. It lasted an hour and seven minutes, being finally captured by Schnorr for Victoria. Vancouver won the third game in six minutes. There was still 20 minutes to play, but the Victoria boys managed, by hard work on the defence, to prevent the Beavers from scoring. The Victoria boys played a good combination game and it was this that won them the long game.

The same teams are playing an exhibition game at Vancouver this afternoon.

THE TURF.

AT STANLEY PARK.
Manager Stanley, of Stanley Park, promises a good list of races for next Saturday afternoon. A large number of entries have already been received, and all the events will be well filled. Mr. F. B. Pemberton is schooling two likely horses for the gentlemen's steeplechase, and Warrimoo is getting into good shape for the open steeplechase. He worked a good mile this morning. Payne's b. m. Tuffy will run a much better race than she did at the last meeting. H. C. Macaulay's filly Rainbow has had her first fallow, and will be ready for the track in the near future.

POLO.

OPENING THE SEASON.

The Victoria polo club played a scratch

Advertisement for Johnston's Fluid Beef. The Great Strength-Giver. The Most Perfect Form of Concentrated Nourishment. Stimulating, Strengthening, Invigorating.

NEWS OF THE DOMINION.

Fearman's Big Pork Factory at Hamilton Partly Destroyed by Fire.

Veterans of '66 Honor the Dead at Toronto—Tramps Seize a Freight Train.

Winnipeg, June 3.—A dozen tramps took forcible possession of the caboose of the C. P. R. freight train coming west from Rat Portage yesterday. They got off just east of the city and took to the woods, but three of them were captured.

President Sutherland says the survey of the Hudson Bay railway to the Wabigoon river is completed and construction commenced to-day.

The four-year-old child of James Barnes was killed on the railway track at Souris on Saturday.

Thamesville, June 3.—Annie Webberly, the only daughter of the proprietor of the Western Hotel, was accidentally drowned in the Thames river.

Montreal, June 3.—Two persons were fatally injured and five others hurt by the street railway smashup on Saturday. Conductor A. Leman and John Gross, Italian laborer, were the two fatally hurt.

Hamilton, June 3.—The extensive pork factory of F. W. Fearman was partly destroyed by fire at an early hour yesterday. No pork was burned. Some 100,000 and 30,000 pounds of cotton seed oil was consumed. The loss is estimated at \$25,000.

Hamilton, June 3.—The P. P. A., which started here with such a flourish of trumpets, is practically dead.

Toronto, June 3.—Robt. Denistoun, C. C., formerly county judge of Peterboro, is dead, aged 81 years.

The veterans of 1866 on Saturday honored the memory of the volunteers who fell at Ridgeway on June 2, 28 years ago, in the Fenian raid by decorating the volunteers' monument in the Queen's Park. Lord Aberdeen was one of the spectators in connection with the ceremony.

Guelph, June 3.—J. J. Ewell, of Toronto, a traveller for G. Watson & Son, printers' supplies, died suddenly and mysteriously on Saturday. An inquiry will be held.

Sault Ste. Marie, June 3.—A party of mechanics engaged in constructing a summer hotel at Chenaux Islands, Lake Michigan, started for Cedarville in a small boat on Saturday night. While returning to Chenaux Island, Tony Shipman of Chenaux, Mich., and Mike Manitow were drowned.

American News.

New York, June 3.—Stocks opened quiet but generally firm.

Providence, June 3.—About one-half of the help at the Riverside Mills returned yesterday morning. Seventeen weavers went back to work at the Maunton Mills. At three mills in Fletcher's plant there are less than two hundred men at work and only enough weavers to operate ten sample looms.

Kane, Pa., June 3.—At an early hour yesterday morning a locomotive on the lumber railroad set fire to the woods near Hunter Run, a small settlement 17 miles southwest of Kane. When the oil and lumber men realized the extent of the conflagration they immediately sent 200 men to Hunter Run. They fought the fire through Saturday night and all Sunday before they succeeded in getting it under control. The National transit company pumped water from their Hunter Run station to a point in advance of the flames and thus prevented the destruction of much valuable property. A large number of logs and about 50,000 feet of hemlock were destroyed; five rigs, two tanks and much valuable timber were destroyed. The fire burned over about five square miles.

WARNING \$100 Reward

Will be given to any one who will give such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons imitating our trade-mark which consists of the letters "T & B" Stamped in Bronze on each plug of our

T & B Myrtle Navy SMOKING TOBACCO and "T & B" Tin Tag on our Chewing Tobacco

The Geo. E. Tuckett & Son Co., Ltd., Hamilton, Ont.

LATE CABLE

English Oarsmen receive Cornell Ing Intel

Cliveden Not for Watson In Other

London, June 2.—Cornell crew on the water by the English American visitors.

The report that Watson is trying to sell the Cornish, the contrary, Mr. Watson's alterations at Cliveden. He is often in his steam launch to allow parties to land picnic in the woods, and Westminister, the former den, always permitted. Seldom if ever have been present at the D. Rosebery's Sir Visto, bon of the turf on W. umbria and the effect of hundreds trans-Atlantic Down, and they there in style on coach on the grand stand at cost a small fortune, became impressed with going is far more expensive America. The result of a surprise to Lord Ros anyone. He looked as he won the Derby a y Ladis. The premier's umbrella and the effect of recent illness was plain. The Afghan Prince viewed the scene from the royal box. He persuaded him it was not a hand for the first time of first race, the Caterbury entry Courtier, and f win the Derby.

It is announced by Castellane, who received Anna Gould of New York a part of the grand racing stable bought several horses be run in the races at Mr. George L. Watson, Valkyrie an an interview during regarded the horse as a keel boat as a more British design. He ad in point of international builders of the Ameri had not struck to the appears after the last kery. If the Big Hook in 1893, when asked for his opinion o he put it in writing i asked that the envelop until the next inter Watson said in the in said the next cup de keel boat."

A dispatch from Count Ludwig Douglas sala, has been appointed for Sweden in success Louispaal, who has a

A Vienna dispatch were blown to atoms plosion which occurred Roth's gunpowder fac

A Constantinople dis Turkish government ex tion to delay making posals of the powers b the administration of ter the Bairam festiva on Monday. The

The powers have decli sive in quenching the ing an immediate awa

A dispatch from Po hundred houses were de day in the native quar The commander of the "Fryad" landed men sive were wounded.

Berlin advises say tion will come up for the Bundesrat during week at the instance of the co-operation of the try.

The German bimetal opted the following res as, the bimetallic move according to our inform eve of victory, and wh a doubtful policy to the international bimetallic operation of France, th etc., so long as Englan gold standard; it is reo man bimetallicists to keep the currency stabl upon England's party provided that the govern take all the measur bring about internationlcluding England, and adhesion of England to Emperor William's

tion in his presence of musical drama "Christ just had its first perfo The repetition of "Christ

LATE CABLE DISPATCHES.

English Oarsmen Preparing to Receive Cornell Crew--Rowing Intelligence.

Cliveden Not for Sale--Designer Watson Interviewed--Other News.

London, June 2.--The arrival of the Cornell crew on the Thames is eagerly awaited by the English oarsmen. The American visitors immediately after their arrival in England will proceed to Henley in order to finish their training. Quarters have already been secured for them by Mr. A. T. Hastings, representative of the Cornell crew here, and everything possible is being done to make the Americans happy and comfortable. The coming boating regatta at Henley promises to be the most exciting event in years, and several of the English rowing clubs have been greatly strengthened in view of the visit of the Cornell crew to England. Guy and Vivian Nickalls, the celebrated English oarsmen, have joined the London rowing club and the Thames rowing club has an exceptionally good crew in training.

The report that William Waldorf Astor is trying to sell Cliveden, his magnificent English estate, is incorrect. On the contrary, Mr. Astor is making important alterations and improvements at Cliveden. He is often seen on the river in his steam launch and he still refuses to allow parties to land at Cliveden and picnic in the woods, which the Duke of Westminster, the former owner of Cliveden, always permitted.

Seldom if ever has so many Americans been present at the Derby as when Lord Rosebery's Sir Visto won the blue ribbon of the turf on Wednesday. As a result it was estimated there were ten hundred trans-Atlantic visitors on Epsom Downs, and they nearly all went there in style on coaches and had seats on the grand stand and in boxes which cost a small fortune. They generally became impressed with the fact that racing is far more expensive here than in America. The result of the Derby seemed a surprise to Lord Rosebery as much as anyone. He looked sadly changed since he won the Derby a year previous with Ladas. The premier carried a white umbrella and the effect upon him of his recent illness was plain.

The Afghan Prince Nazrullah Khan viewed the scene apparently unmoved from the royal box. Nothing could persuade him it was not all arranged before hand for the Prince of Wales to win the first race, the Caterham plate, with his entry Courtier, and for the premier to win the Derby.

It is announced here that Count De Castellane, who recently married Miss Anna Gould of New York, intends to devote a part of his wife's fortune to a grand racing stable. He has already bought several horses which will soon be run in the races at Antwerp, France.

Mr. George L. Watson, designer of the Britannia, Valkyrie and other yachts, in an interview during the week said he regarded the fact that the defender is a keel boat as a moral victory for the British design. He added it was a pity in point of international interest that the builders of the American cup defender had not struck to the centre board. It appears after the last race between Valkyrie II and the Vigilant off Sandy Hook in 1893, when Mr. Watson was asked for his opinion of the centre-board he put it in an envelope and asked that the envelope remain unopened until the next international race. Mr. Watson said in the interview, "I then said the next cup defender would be a keel boat."

A dispatch from Stockholm says Count Ludwig Douglas, governor of Upsala, has been appointed foreign minister for Sweden in succession to Count Carl Lownhaup, who has resigned.

A Vienna dispatch says: Six persons were blown to atoms to-day by an explosion which occurred at Mayer & Roth's gunpowder factory at Felldorf. A Constantinople dispatch says the Turkish government has asked permission to delay making a reply to the proposals of the powers looking to reform in the administration of Armenia until after the Bairam festival, which commences on Monday. The representatives of the powers have declined to grant the request of the Porte and insist upon having an immediate answer.

A dispatch from Port Said says two hundred houses were destroyed by fire to-day in the native quarter of this town. The commander of the British gunboat "Dryad" landed men and pumps to assist in quenching the flames. Many natives were wounded.

Berlin advices say: The silver question will come up for discussion before the Bundesrath during the commission week at the instance of Prince Hohenzollern, the imperial chancellor, and with the co-operation of the Prussian ministry.

The German bimetallic union has adopted the following resolution: "Whereas the bimetallic movement in England, according to our information, is on the eve of victory, and whereas it would be a doubtful policy to attempt to carry out international bimetallicism with the co-operation of France, the United States, etc., so long as England adheres to the gold standard; it is resolved by the German bimetallicists to keep Germany's action in the currency question dependent upon England's participation, always provided that the government immediately take all the measures calculated to bring about international bimetallicism including England, and urge the speedy adhesion of England to this programme."

Emperor William has ordered a repetition in his presence of Reubenstein's musical drama "Christus," which has just had its first performance at Bremen. The repetition of "Christus" will be given at the new palace at Potsdam. On Monday last Emperor William, with his own hands, pulled out the first loose tooth of tiny Prince Oscar and the latter is making a birthday present of it in a handsome casket to his English governess. The little prince was born July 27, 1888.

The King of Saxony has during the past six months frequently received menacing or scurrilous letters, some of them threatening his near death by dynamite. The author of some of these epistles has been discovered at Dresden in a youthful laborer of unfortunate antecedents. His confession implicates others and the handwriting in the letters indicates that at least six persons must have aided the composition. Three more arrests have been made since Tuesday. It is significant that the foreign office here has been obliged by circular to call attention to the fact that in view of the unwillingness of the French courts of justice to assist the German courts or authorities in gaining information about incriminated persons in custody in Germany, it is better to request the aid of the German embassy at Paris, or the German consul at Havre, Bordeaux or Marseilles.

The tablet which the Emperor William has ordered to be placed on the Bismarck dock in the precincts of the University of Göttingen arrived yesterday. It is inscribed, "To the Great Chancellor by Wilhelm II."

The works in connection with the Elbe Trave canal were inaugurated with much ceremony yesterday at Lubeck. The international annual exhibition of art was opened in the glass palace at Munich by Prince Leopold, the prince regent. All the princes and princesses of the royal house of Bavaria were present.

General von Caprivi, the ex-chancellor of the German empire, removed permanently yesterday to his nephew's estate at Skyron, a small village near Krossen.

London, June 1.--A dispatch from Edinburgh says a fire broke out in the Fifeshire main colliery and nine men were killed while trying to quench the flames. In addition several would-be rescuers of the men were seriously burned.

Vienna, June 1.--Two sharp earthquake shocks were felt at Laibach, capital of the Duchy of Carniola, yesterday.

Paris, June 1.--M. Pierre Legrand, who had been minister of commerce in several cabinets, is dead.

Alexandria, June 1.--Three British warships left this port for Djeddah in order to insist on punishment of the Bedouins who are concerned in the murder of the British vice-consul there and wounding British consul, Russian consul and secretary French legation. The remainder of the Mediterranean squadron has gone to Beyrout.

Advices from Hamburg report a great petroleum fire in progress six miles from that city at the works of the Brown Trading Co., which has destroyed five tanks of oil and a great deal of other property. The fire has been mastered, although the inner tanks are still burning. The damage done is estimated to amount to 250,000,000 marks. During the fire huge mounds of earth were thrown around the burning tanks, thus preventing the flames from spreading to the adjoining factories and houses. As already stated, the Kaiser factory and American Company's petroleum depot were saved, as the wind drove the flames in the direction of the Elbe. Thousands of barrels of petroleum, in addition to the oil contained in the five tanks previously mentioned, were destroyed. Different fire brigades which fought the flames and the Pioneer battalion did excellent work and succeeded in keeping the fire from spreading to the laborers' cottages as well as saving a great amount of other property from destruction.

A dispatch received at Madrid from Havana says: Col. Samora, in the neighborhood of Arroyo Caeco, attacked a band of 400 insurgents led by Antonio Maceo. The troops lost one sergeant and one bugler killed. Insurgent loss unknown. They carried away three killed and wounded. Later Maceo's insurgents attacked a detachment of soldiers at Esternon, but after five hours' fighting, the insurgents retired with a loss of 17 dead and wounded. Major Arminan has been engaged with bands of insurgents. Accompanied by Zayas and Castille in the province of Santa Clara. Several insurgents were wounded. The bands were dispersed and sought refuge in the woods. Another band of insurgents has been raised in the province of Camaguan, near Santa Clara, the capital of the province of that name. Troops in and about Santa Clara have combined a movement in pursuit of the insurgents in that province. The report that Mador Guerro, the insurgent leader, has been killed in the engagement between the insurgents and the regiment of Isabella the Catholic, between Gayamo and Manzillo, is confirmed. The insurgents have burned sugar plantations and several houses at Caminos.

COLUMBIA SALMON. An Expected Reduction in the Pack of 50,000 Cases.

The Astorian's weekly salmon report says: Fully sixty-five carloads, or about 26,000 cases, of salmon have already gone forward since May 10 from this point. The pack of the whole river to date is estimated at 129,000 cases. This leaves the pack to date almost even with last year. Owing to low water in the Upper Columbia it seems certain that the total pack of 1895 will fall short of 1894 by fully 50,000 or 60,000 cases.

A future for him--First boy--I wonder why Big Mike doesn't train for a prize fighter? Second boy--Mebby he ain't got any dramatic talent--Street & Smith's Good News.

No Condition Powders like Dick's Blood Purifier.

POLITICAL AFFAIRS IN JAPAN

Removed That Count Ito Will Retire From Active Political Life.

Yamagata May be Requested to Form a Ministry--Army Returning.

Tokio, May 19 (per steamer Belgic to San Francisco, June 1).--The popular expectation of ministerial changes in Japan grows stronger every day. Although nothing has yet happened to prove that Count Ito contemplates immediate retirement, his early disappearance from the political stage is regarded as a certainty, and the attention of the official class is chiefly directed to questions bearing on the succession. Reports are received from Kioto that Count Yamagata will be requested to form a cabinet, and that the position now held by Viscount Murai will be tendered to Viscount Aoki, the present envoy to Germany, or to Count Okuma. As regards the heads of other departments, no curiosity is displayed. Everyone feels that the interests of the nation will for some time mainly depend upon the management of foreign affairs, and that the selection of a foreign minister for this branch of the administration is of first importance. Viscount Aoki has once before had charge of the foreign office, which he conducted prudently, but without winning high distinction. He is by no means considered the equal of Mutsu in ability, but he would be content to serve as the prime minister's actual as well as nominal subordinate, which would be essential to the smooth working of any cabinet led by Yamagata. This, however, could not be expected of Okuma, who is one of the most powerful men in the country, and with whom no member of the existing cabinet, except Mutsu, can at all be compared. If Okuma joins an administration he will rule it, no matter who is the titular chief. It is not probable, therefore, that he will take a foreign portfolio, unless a prime minister is appointed who will accept his guidance and carry on the government as he may direct. It is unfortunate, in the present condition of affairs, that Viscount Mutsu should be compelled by any stress of circumstances to abandon his post. His colleagues, one and all, may retire without injury to the public service, but his talents are especially fitted for the duties which will soon devolve upon the foreign minister, and his recent experience give him advantages in many respects over even Okuma. In demanding his withdrawal, the heedless populace will deprive the state of one of the few servants who are qualified to deal with the impending international complications.

The greater part of the Japanese army will return from China early in June. Portions of the second and fourth grand divisions will remain on the Leontong peninsula for garrison service, and a brigade of the sixth division will occupy Loikung island, in Wokhaiwei harbor. Those troops are to retain the positions specified until China shall have fulfilled the conditions of the treaty.

The Japanese authorities in Corea have completed a census of Spoul, the first ever known to have been taken systematically. One hundred and eighty-seven thousand, four hundred and two inhabitants are reported--123,554 males and 63,848 females.

The Russian authorities announce that torpedoes have been laid at Vladivostok, and that vessels will be permitted to enter the harbor only in the day time and in charge of pilots. As to whom this precaution is directed against nothing is known.

HOW SERUM IS MADE. A Chicago Paper Gives the Formula of the Cure.

Chicago, June 3.--The Tribune gives the formula for the preparation of the serum from which such wonderful results in the treatment of consumption, bacilli, tuberculosis or consumption, is made in veal or beef bouillon; bacilli are obtained from sputum patients and in the bouillon multiply with extreme rapidity. The product is a concentrated fluid, highly toxic in character. This is injected hypodermically into the blood of a perfectly healthy horse. The animal is immediately thrown into a fever thereby and the injection is repeated day after day until the fever abates and the injections no longer have any effect. The animal is then said to be "immunized." This process requires from one to three months' time, the length depending on the animal's resistance to treatment. When immunized blood is drawn from the horse's neck, placed in a sterilized bottle and kept at a temperature of 40 degrees in a refrigerator. In the course of a month the constituents of the blood separate so that the serum can be decanted. The treatment is a hydropenic injection of a few drops of serum daily into the muscles of the patient's back.

CARIBOO MINES SOLD. French Syndicate Secures Control of B. C. Mines.

Three hundred and twenty acres of valuable mining property in the Cariboo country has just passed from the hands of Seattle owners into the control of a French syndicate, says Sunday's P.M. The claims were owned by C. J. Gormley and C. H. Weibert, of this city, and brought to the three men \$50,000 in cash. For some time previously negotiations have been going on by which the syndicate was to build ditches and other improvements to develop the property, but when a report was made it

was so favorable that the capitalists decided to buy. At the head of the syndicate was M. des Essards, a lawyer, a journalist and member of the Paris municipal council. During his absence from home M. des Essards had a commission to examine into the hospitals and public schools of the far Western country.

The claims are located on the Queenella river, one of the largest tributaries of the Fraser, and lie about midway between the mouth of the river and the forks. The nearest railroad station is Ashcroft on the Canadian Pacific, about 200 miles from the mines and a like distance from the coast. The mines are some 500 miles from Seattle. To reach them one has to go by stage 150 miles after leaving the railroad, and then get over the remaining space on foot.

Mr. Weibert will return to the Cariboo region in a week or ten days. The claims just sold, he says, are in the neighborhood of the Cariboo and Horsefly, in both of which President Van Horne of the Canadian Pacific is interested. The latter claims have been developed to a considerable extent, and water has been conveyed sixteen miles through steel pipes manufactured in Scotland. As an evidence of the richness of the mines, which are placer, he states that a fifty-two hour run from the mine to the mill, through a snow gulch resulted in a clean up of \$7,500. The gold is rather coarse and the gravel easily worked. The French experts brought out by the des Essards syndicate figure on an average of six ounces to the cubic yard, although sometimes there is as high as \$5 or \$6 per cubic yard. The syndicate has added to the claims bought from Messrs. Gormley, Weibert and Johnstone, a mile strip lying along the river and will, once, it is thought, put up extensive plants.

THE DOMINION PARLIAMENT

The Opening of the Sault Ste. Marie Canal Will Take Place June 13.

The Government Refuses to Produce Papers--British Columbia Matters.

Ottawa, June 1.--The official opening of the Sault Ste. Marie canal takes place on the 13th of June. Arrangements have been made to run a special train from Ottawa and bring all the members of parliament, including the opposition, to the affair. The Liberals have supported the building of the canal, but they are opposed to the errors of construction and the unnecessary extras paid in connection with the work. The Sabbath observance bill was considered in the Commons and two clauses passed. Mr. Mars made a strong defence of the Sunday newspapers published by the British Columbia.

The government's superannuation bill as introduced will nearly double the contribution of all the civil servants. The temperature was 98 in the shade to-day.

Hon. Mr. Foster told Dr. Landerkin to-day that the Dominion Government to see who recommended Canadians for Imperial honors.

The government has not reached a decision regarding the board of customs experts. The British Columbia members had a long interview with the minister of finance to-day in regard to the Fitzsimmons case. During the next few days he will make a thorough examination of the papers, and meet the delegation again on Tuesday next.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell stated, in reply to Senator McInnes, that the provision of allowance at the Victoria post office will be abolished and the clerks given salaries commensurate with the amount withdrawn.

The supplementary estimates were considered to-day. Sir Charles Tupper said he expected a discussion regarding the British Columbia penitentiary affairs, but preferred it to take place on the main estimates.

There was a long discussion to-night on the franchise act. The Commons yesterday had a long wrangle over the refusal of the government to bring down papers ordered by the House. Finally Foster promised to bring them down.

BEHRING SEA REGULATIONS. The Zone Should Be Extended from 60 to 200 Miles.

Washington, June 1.--It is stated at the British embassy that the new Behring Sea regulation, which Sir Edward Grey announced in the house of commons yesterday, is one perfecting the phrase of the present act, without altering or extending its substantial features. It will not, it is said, enlarge the zone or extend the closed season, as these points are fixed by the Paris award and are not subject to variation until the new award is made. Officials of both governments appear to agree, however, that the protected zone should be extended from 60 to 200 miles, as expert testimony establishes the fact that female seals go outside the 60 mile limit and can be slaughtered without regard to the government patrol. A change in this particular cannot be effected, however, until the governments have further conferences.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

SAVED MUCH SUFFERING.

REV. FATHER BUTLER'S INTERESTING EXPERIENCE.

Suffered From an Abscess in the Side Which Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Cured After Other Medicines Failed.

Caledonia, N.S., Gold Hunter. Faith leads many to believe, yet when one has experienced anything and has reason to rejoice, it is far stronger proof than faith without reasonable proof. About four miles from Caledonia, along a pleasant road, passing by numerous farms, lives Rev. T. J. Butler, the parish priest of this district. Reports having come to the ears of our reporter about a wonderful cure effected by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, he called on Mr. Butler to seek information on the subject. Mr. Butler spoke in very high terms of the Pink Pills, and said that they saved him untold suffering, and perhaps saved his life. The reverend gentleman felt a little hesitancy at giving a public testimonial at first, but after our reporter remarked that if one was really grateful for a remarkable cure he thought it was his duty to give it publicity for humanity's sake, he cheerfully consented. His story in his own words is as follows:--"I was led to take Pink Pills through reading the testimonials in the papers. I was troubled with an abscess in my side and had tried many different medicines without avail. I took medical advice on the subject, and was told I would have to undergo an operation to cure it which would cost me about \$100. At last I determined to try Pink Pills, but without a great feeling of faith in their curing me. One box helped me and I resolved to take a three months' course and give them a fair trial. I did so, and to-day I am completely cured of the abscess in my side through using Pink Pills, and I always recommend friends of mine to use Pink Pills for diseases of the blood." As Father Butler is well known throughout this county his statement is a clincher to the many wonderful testimonials that have appeared in the Gold Hunter from time to time. On inquiry at the stores of J. E. Cushing and N. F. Douglas, it was found that Pink Pills have a sale second to none. Mr. Cushing on being asked if he knew of any cures effected by them, replied that he had heard a great many personally say Pink Pills had helped them wonderfully. If given a fair and thorough trial Pink Pills are a certain cure for all diseases of the blood and nerves, such as rheumatism, neuralgia, partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia, St. Vitus' dance, nervous headache, nervous prostration and the dread feeling therefrom, the after effects of la grippe, diseases depending on humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. Pink Pills give a healthy glow to pale and sallow complexions and are a specific for the troubles peculiar to the female system, and in the case of men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork, or excesses of any nature. Sold by all dealers or sent by mail, postpaid, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N. Y. Beware of imitations and substitutes alleged to be "just as good."

Ingersoll, June 1.--Nathaniel Cove, a farmer, 64 years old, committed suicide last night by hanging, due to fretting over the death of his wife.

When?

Your husband will notice a great improvement in your cooking, when

You use COTTOLENE

Your house will not be filled with the odor of hot lard, when

You use COTTOLENE

Your doctor will lose some of his Dyspepsia cases, when

You use COTTOLENE

Your children can safely eat the same food as yourself, when

You use COTTOLENE

Your money will be saved, and your cooking praised, when

You use COTTOLENE

Famous cooks, prominent physicians and thousands of everyday housekeepers endorse it. Will you give it a trial?

Sold in 3 and 5 pound tins, by all grocers.

Made only by The N. K. Fairbank Company, Wellington and Ann Streets, MONTREAL.

IT CURE FITS!

Valuable treatise and bottle of medicine sent Free to all sufferers. Give Express and Post Office address. R. G. 1007, W. C. 101 West Adelaide Street, Toronto, Ont.

The Great Strength-Giver Concentrated Invigorating.

OF THE DOMINION. Big Pork Factory at Milton Partly Destroyed by Fire.

of '66 Honor the Dead. into--Tramps Seize a Freight Train.

June 3.--A dozen tramps in possession of the caboose of R. freight train coming west portage yesterday. They got out of the city and took to the three of them were captured. Sutherland says the survey on Bay railway to the Watson is completed and construction to-day.

June 3.--The extensive pork W. Fearman was partly destroyed at an early hour yesterday. Some lard pounds of cotton seed oil from the loss is estimated at

June 3.--The P. P. A. ed here with such a flourish is, practically dead. June 3.--Robt. Denisoun, Q. county judge of Peterboro, ed 31 years.

June 3.--Stocks opened generally firm. June 3.--About one-half of the Riverdale Mills returned morning. Seventeen workmen to work at the Manton three mills in Fletcher's plant than two hundred men at enough weavers to operate looms.

June 3.--At an early hour springing a locomotive on the bad set fire to the woods Run, a small settlement 17 est of Kane. When the oil men realized the extent of the Hunter Run. They fought Saturday night and all they succeeded in getting trol. The National transit ped water from their Hun- to a point in advance of and thus prevented the dem- much valuable property. A of logs and about 50,000 lock were destroyed; five ks and much valuable tim- rived. The fire burned over are miles.

NING \$100 Reward to any one who will give as will lead to the con- person or persons imitating which consists of the letters Stamped in Bronze of our B Myrtle Navy ING TOBACCO Tin Tag on our Fin Tobacco Tuckett & Son Co., Ltd., Hamilton, Ont.

VICTORIA SPRING ASSIZES

Verdict of Not Guilty in the Case of Mati Matson, Charged With Arson.

Mitchell and Taylor Get Six Months for Housebreaking -Gambling Cases.

The trial of Mati Matson was finished last night, and the jury, after an absence of about half an hour, returned a verdict of not guilty. The evidence against the accused consisted of alleged threats to burn the house, and shortly after the fire he was found in his house with wet boots. John Kelly Smith and his wife were the principal witnesses for the prosecution. On cross-examination Smith admitted that he hated Matson and that he and his wife often fought. He denied using a rifle to scare his wife either from getting drunk or from giving evidence in favor of Matson. The wife in her cross-examination said her husband did try to scare her with the rifle.

Mr. P. S. Lampman, for the defence, set up the theory that Smith and his wife the night of the fire were uproarious at their own house and in some way they set fire to the house. John Long and Charlie Bamfield swore that they came by the house about 10 the evening of the fire and there was then a noise going on.

After addresses by the counsel for accused, and Mr. A. G. Smith for the prosecution, Mr. Justice Drake charged the jury rather against the prosecution. The jury retired and returned the verdict above stated.

The assize court re-opened at 9:30 this morning before Mr. Justice Walkem. Mitchell and Taylor were charged with stealing goods from the Gordon hotel, the goods at the time being under distress for room rent. It was a straight case against the defendants. The clothes belonged to Taylor and Mitchell got them out for him. The jury returned a verdict of guilty with a recommendation to mercy. His lordship sentenced them to six months with hard labor and told them it was a light sentence.

At one o'clock to-day the case against John Cook, for keeping a gaming house at the Bee Hive saloon on the 23rd day of January last, was commenced. Black Jack was the game carried on there in a little back room. Several young men were called who testified to going in this room and there meeting several friends and indulging in the seductive game. On cross-examination by Mr. Archer Martin, counsel for the defence, the witnesses said they were not gamblers and did not resort there for the purpose of gambling. Mr. Smith briefly addressed the jury for the crown and was followed by Mr. Martin, who urged that simply because young men happened to play cards in his client's house the jury could not convict the prisoner.

His lordship followed strongly against the prisoner, who, he said, was practically undefended. Gambling, he said, leads to misery, families, wives and children suffer. It was, perhaps, worse than drunkenness.

Mr. Martin objected to certain parts of the charge, and said that it was not gaming unless played for excessive stakes. He asked the judge to direct the jury (1) That no game is unlawful in itself unless played for an excessive stake. (2) That there is no evidence that was kept for gain. (3) There is no evidence that they resorted to the saloon for gain. (4) That the chances were alike equal to all the players. (5) That a hand was not kept by one or more of the players exclusively of the rest of the players.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE

Events of Interest in the Amateur and Professional Field.

CHESS.

At 6:30 last evening the initial move of San Francisco, on Board No. 1, in the first international chess tournament by wire, between Canada and the United States, was received at the Driad hotel by the Victoria chess club. It was "Pawn to King's 4." At 6:44 this morning the last move from San Francisco on the same board came weekly over the wires and it read "we resign." After twelve hours and fourteen minutes of hard fighting, Mr. T. Piper, ably assisted by Messrs. C. Schwengers, B. Schwengers and Dr. Hands, had routed his opponents, horse, foot, and artillery, securing the first game in the international match to the credit of Victoria. Mr. Piper cannot be too highly congratulated upon his ability displayed in this prolonged contest. Adopting the French defence against what is known as the Bradford attack, he at no time allowed his opponents to gain even a temporary advantage, combination after combination was met by him in a manner which elicited from his opponents, even in the early stages of the game, grave doubts of their ability to defeat him, and at their first sign of weakness he seized the advantage and clung to it with a merciless grasp. Mr. Piper had opposed to him three of the strongest players in California, Messrs. Lovegrove, Fairgo and Howe, and all the more credit is due to him for his victory in that for some years past he has ceased to regard chess as a study, turning to it merely for amusement. At Board No. 2 Victoria was not so fortunate. There Mr. J. R. Hunn, assisted by Messrs. P. Schwengers, A. Gommanson and B. Williams, had to meet Messrs. Marshall, Kondricks and Hallvegen. Mr. Hunn opened with Pawn to Queen's 4th, and the game resolved itself into the Queen's Gambit refused. Early in the contest Mr. Hunn, whose knowledge of the openings is on a par with that of his celebrated club mate in the end games, had gained an almost decisive advantage over the San Francisco representatives, but the latter, playing with exquisite care and skill, finally extricated themselves from the perilous position and turned what was ominous of defeat into a decisive victory. At 7:15 a.m., accepting the inevitable, Mr. Hunn resigned the game, which, from the stubbornness with which it was contested, would have been regarded almost in the light of a victory by chess players in this province, had the match depended upon it alone. The details of the match were very carefully and successfully planned and carried out by Messrs. W. Christie, of the C.P. R. telegraph company, and R. H. Johnston of the Victoria chess club, and the telegraph service throughout was of the most excellent description, not a single hitch occurring. It speaks volumes for the future of chess in British Columbia when San Francisco could do no better than fight a drawn battle against the players of Victoria.

IN THE EAST. Montreal, June 1.—Montreal vs. Cornwall. First game, Cornwall, 1 minute and 30 seconds; 2nd game, Cornwall, 4 minutes; 3rd game, Cornwall, 5 minutes; 4th game, Montreal, 11 minutes 39 seconds.

Ottawa, Ont., June 1.—National vs. Ottawa. First game, Ottawa, 6 minutes; 2nd game, Ottawa, 9 minutes; 3rd game, Nationals, 2 minutes.

THE TURF. THE OAKS. Epsom Downs, May 31.—Sir Jas. Miller's bay filly La Sagesse won the Oaks, which was run here to-day.

THE WHEEL. RECORD BROKEN. Louisville, June 1.—Dirnberger cut the world's record in the two-thirds mile, flying start, by two seconds, doing the distance in 1:09.4-5.

THE GAMBLING CASES. John Cook Found Guilty, But Not Sentenced. In Regina v. Cook the jury returned a verdict of "guilty," and Mr. Martin, for the defence, applied for a case stated, which was granted. Sentence was deferred.

Regina v. McDonnell, charged with keeping a common gaming house, was next commenced. Mr. G. E. Powell appeared for the defence. Ah Sing and Ah Wong were the only two witnesses, and although they gave very positive evidence in the police court proceedings, they "had forgotten" everything. As there was no evidence to go to the jury his lordship advised them to return a verdict of "not guilty," which was done.

Regina v. Jackson, another gaming case, was adjourned until next assizes to enable, as Mr. Smith said, the Chinese witnesses to get their memory back and also to enable the crown to get other witnesses.

This morning John Cook was brought before Mr. Justice Walkem for sentence. His lordship said that although the offence was not a light one, and he did not wish to be considered as dealing too lightly with it, still, he said, it was the first conviction, and probably the accused did not mean much mischief and therefore a light sentence would be sufficient. The wife and children of the accused were pleading with him, although he had never seen them.

He bound Cook over in the sum of \$250 to appear when called upon. Regina v. Lee Hong Yoon, gaming case, was next called. Accused did not appear and the ball was extracted. Lee Chang and Lee Yow Ching, his bondsmen, will have to pay \$250 each, and a warrant was issued for the arrest of the accused. Here ended the Victoria spring assizes.

TO PLAY ON SATURDAYS. The Park Committee Will Not Permit Band Concerts on Sunday. The question as to whether the band of the B. C. B. G. A., which is to play at Beacon Hill park, would perform on Saturday or Sunday has been settled; the park committee having decided that they would not permit band concerts on Sunday.

Ald. McLellan, chairman of the park committee, when seen this morning said: "You may state that Saturday has been decided upon. We would not permit that band to play at the park on Sunday. Why we could withdraw the appropriation if that day were insisted upon."

Asked as to the date on which the concert would be commenced, Ald. McLellan gave as his opinion that a start would be made next Saturday, June 8.

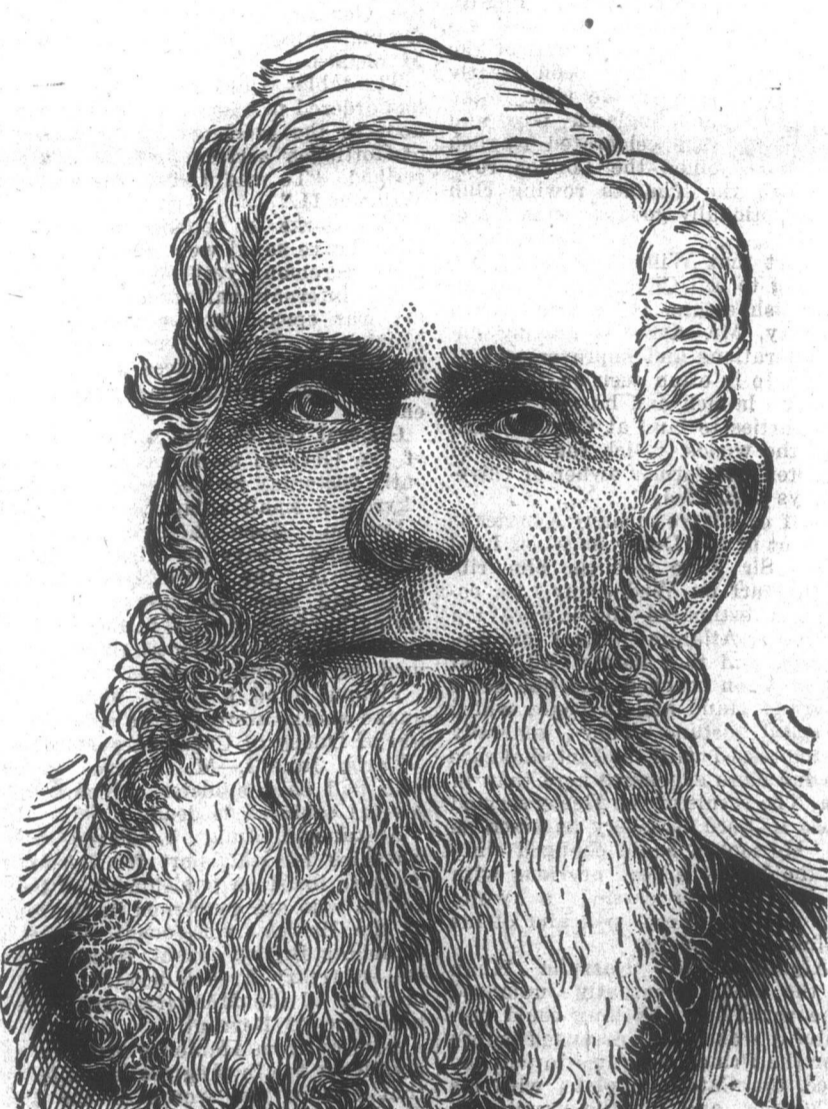
W. Beavins and wife, Miss Beavins and Miss Lomas of Duncan are at the Oriental.

Several of the old men at the Old Men's Home have been having a hilarious time during the past 24 hours. One of them was gloriously drunk yesterday afternoon and the spree was continued this morning. As one alderman put it, "the opposition are celebrating the dismissal of the caretaker and the resignation of the chairman of the committee."

PAIN'S CELERY COMPOUND

Cures Mr. James McCord, of Prescott, Ont.

BEFORE USING THE COMPOUND HE WAS UNABLE TO OBTAIN SLEEP OWING TO PAINS IN HEAD AND STOMACH.



A noted physician asserts that dyspepsia is the bane of our modern civilization. This assertion, unfortunately, is too true, for it is well known that over three-fourths of our Canadian people suffer from some form of stomach derangement that must develop into serious and distressing ailments, unless the utmost vigilance and care is exercised. This curse of our refined and boasted civilization is brought on by a vast variety of causes, the following are an onset the commonest—Nervousness, dependency, exhaustion of vital powers, want of exercise, sedentary habits, too long continued mental application, irregularities in diet, late hours and excesses of various kinds. The terrible results show themselves in my head, and stomach, and my appetite was gone; now, I can sleep well, and I am always ready for my meals, thanks to your Paine's Celery Compound. I cannot recommend it too highly to those suffering from dyspepsia.

GRAND JURY'S PRESENTMENT. Drainage and Fire Protection at the Jubilee Hospital. At the assizes yesterday afternoon the grand jury made their presentment to Mr. Justice Drake, who presided. It follows: To His Lordship Mr. Justice Drake: We, the grand jury, wish to report that in accordance with the charge from the bench, we visited the provincial jail, and found everything in perfect order, the cells and all affairs being neat and clean. We cannot speak too highly of Warden John, who showed us every courtesy and everything in connection with the institution.

From there we went to the Jubilee Hospital, and were received by the house surgeon, Dr. Richardson, and shown over the building. Everything was in the utmost order and neatness with regard to each department, but we wish to point out that in our opinion the drainage is not at all what it should be, and we would like to bring it to the notice of the authorities, and hope that they will see their way to give their immediate attention to a matter of such vital importance to the general public, more especially to the drain running along the sidewalk on Cadboro Bay road.

Also we would like to draw your attention to the bad state of drainings at the present time in other parts of the city. We noticed and must point out that the system of putting out fires in the hospital is very crude. At present they have to rely simply upon buckets. We are of opinion that something should be done to prevent what would be a very serious accident. We would also counsel the necessity of enforcing the law in the case of Chinese lotteries; we are informed that a great many persons frequent the different resorts, in many cases losing more than they can afford. A very bad feature is the number of youths who attend. We

WEST Report of Hon. the Investigator Admin

A Scandalous Story revealed—The den's

Following is the report of Hon. the Investigator of Affairs of Westmin. Affairs of Westmin. was recently submitted in compliance with a demand of the House of Commons. I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the report directed, I opened the report, and after due perusal, I have the honor to report to the House of Commons that the report is a most interesting and valuable document, and that it contains a great deal of information of great value to the House of Commons.

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LAW INTELLIGENCE

An Appeal in the Case of Denny Versus Sayward.

Mr. Justice McCleight and Mr. Justice Walkem, sitting as a Divisional Court yesterday, heard the defendant's appeal in Denny and Prefontaine vs. Sayward. The plaintiffs recovered a judgment for about \$17,000 against Wm. P. Sayward in the Superior Court of the State of Washington and sued here on their foreign judgment. The present chief justice was the solicitor on the record for the defendant up to the time of his appointment, after which no change was made. The plaintiffs took out a summons under Order XIV for judgment and served it by leaving it at Mr. Davie's former office, which at the time of leaving it there was occupied by Hunter & Duff, who refused to take any notice of it. Mr. Justice Drake made the order for judgment and from that order the defendant now appeals on the ground that he was an American citizen not represented by a solicitor on the record and therefore was not and could not be before the court. Judgment was reserved. Gordon Hunter for the appellant and E. P. Davis, Q.C., contra.

Nervous People

An those who are all tired out and have that tired feeling and sick headache can be relieved of all these symptoms by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which gives nerve, mental and bodily strength and thoroughly purifies the blood. It also creates a good appetite, cures indigestion, heartburn and dyspepsia.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to take, easy in action and sure in effect. 25c.

LACROSSE WILL HAVE A TEAM.

It was decided at a meeting of the that Victoria should have a senior team. The lacrosse club held last evening this season, and that the schedule arranged in Vancouver early in the season should be carried out. The team will



New Suits for 10 Cents.

"There are Mrs. Brown's boys all out in new suits again. I never saw such a woman! They are the best dressed family in town, and anybody would think her extravagant if they didn't know that she did it all

with Diamond Dyes

The boys' clothes are made from her husband's old ones dyed over, while her own and the girls' dresses are dyed over, and many of the suits and gowns do not cost her over a dime, the price of a package of Diamond Dyes. No experience is needed to do good work with Diamond Dyes. They make beautiful colors that are not fading, and are prepared for all kinds of goods. Their three special Black dye for black goods, make the blackest and fastest color known. The Director book sends 40 samples colored cloth free.

WELLS & RICHARDSON CO., MONTREAL, P. Q.

Coughing.

For all the ailments of Throat and Lungs there is no cure so quick and permanent as Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil. It is palatable, easy on the most delicate stomach and effective

Scott's Emulsion

stimulates the appetite, aids the digestion of other foods, cures Coughs and Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, and gives vital strength besides. It has no equal as nourishment for Babies and Children who do not thrive, and overcomes Any Condition of Wasting. Send for pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. Free. Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists, 50c. & \$1.

WESTMINSTER PENITENTIARY.

Report of Hon. Justice Drake on the Investigation into Its Administration.

A Scandalous State of Affairs Revealed—The Deputy Warden's Actions.

Following is the report of Hon. Justice Drake as commissioner to investigate the affairs of Westminster penitentiary. It was recently submitted to parliament in compliance with a motion of Mr. Corbould, M. P.

I have the honor to report that in pursuance of the royal commission to me directed, I opened the same at the court house, New Westminster, on the 22nd of June, after due public notice, and the subsequent inquiry was held at the penitentiary.

The warden and deputy warden, steward and guards, were all represented by counsel, and I received valuable assistance from Mr. Charles Wilson, who acted for the crown.

The inquiry took a wide range, as I did not have the advantage of the various complaints and reports which had been made to your department until I had been engaged for some days.

and I am afraid the discordant feeling that I have referred to is not countable for this and some minor complaints, but there are other matters of a more serious nature which have not been explained away.

The deputy has received at various times from Mr. Justice McCreight for the pasturage and keep of a horse at the penitentiary over \$300. Many of these sums were paid in cash, other by cheques.

The land occupied by the penitentiary buildings and grounds is about 32 acres. Part of this is pasture land, part in hay, and in 1887 there were ten acres in cultivation; now there are about 14 acres.

The warden and deputy warden have three cows between them running in the pasture. They also had fowls, but none exist now. There were also sheep and pigs belonging to the government, and some pigs belonging to the deputy.

No entries appear in any books belonging to the institution of the produce raised on the farm, or what has been done with it. Pigs to a considerable number have been killed, hams and bacon have been cured, sheep have been killed.

The medical officers suggested that the hospital keeper was too frequently taken for other work to the neglect of his hospital duties. At the inquiry both the warden and deputy warden were present the whole time and heard all the evidence and at their request I called any person they desired, and permitted the fullest cross-examination to the inquiry.

Year. It was alleged to be a common occurrence to have their food placed on the floor near or in their cells and occasionally kicked to them by the guards.

The result was that a very large amount of food and bread was wasted, so much so that there is now a saving of nearly one hundred pounds a day in bread alone by feeding the men in a decent and clean manner.

There is a universally expressed satisfaction in punishment. The warden admits that when irons were ordered they do not appear in the punishment book. There is a universal expressed satisfaction by all the convicts I examined at the change wrought by Mr. Foster in the internal discipline and management of the penitentiary.

I made a careful inquiry into the attempted escape of Kennedy on the 14th of December, 1893, when he was shot in the leg and the result I have arrived at is that the shooting was unnecessary.

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RUSSIA IS STILL INTRIGUING

Under Certain Emergencies She Will Protect Korea—The Japanese Object.

The Kaiser Reviews the Guards—British Action in Armenia—Bi-Metallism.

London, May 31.—The Daily News this morning has an editorial on the report of Sir Julian Pauncefote, British ambassador to the United States, on the condition of husbandry in America.

The report arrives at the discouraging conclusion that the British farmer must probably, in the future, reckon with the same competition as heretofore. In wheat, meat, and dairy produce, if anything, the competition is likely to become severer with the decrease in the cost of production.

The report from the Boston consular district is inclined to blame our farmers for the competition in dairy produce and fruit, which has developed from the New England States, alleging a lack of education and enterprise at home as the cause of its development.

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the color company to the castle. He was heartily cheered.

The Chronicle editorially congratulates Newfoundland upon her issue from her embarrassment. The paper says: "The conclusion of the loan shows that her finances are not so irretrievably bad as the public has been led to suppose."

The Daily News has an editorial commenting upon the recent incidents at Jeddah, Moush and Beyrout involving assaults upon the representatives of the Christian powers by the Mohammedan residents.

The Times also comments on the Sultan's delay in accepting the Armenian scheme of reform and calls him the great international mischief-maker. The Times contends that the delay, besides serving to add fuel to the anti-Turkish agitation in Europe, stimulates the anti-Christian spirit in Turkey.

The Times this morning has an editorial commenting upon the agricultural report to Mr. Hugh Gough, first secretary of the British embassy in Washington saying: "All the dismal comparisons contained in this report tell one tale of enormous production at non-renumerative prices."

The divisional court yesterday, composed of Justices McCreight and Drake, heard the appeal in Confederation Life Association vs. T. R. E. McInnes.

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COMPOUND

McCord, of Ont.

POUND HE WAS KEEP OWING

AD AND



ere sufferers are sure to find relief from their suffering. I have been a sufferer for five years, I have been a sufferer for five years, I have been a sufferer for five years.

proper authorities will take adequate notice of the case. JOHN J. DOWNEY, Foreman.

oughing.

at ailments of Throat there is no cure so permanent as Scott's Emulsion.

Scott's Emulsion

the appetite, aids the digestion, cures Colds, Sore Throat, and gives vital strength.

WHEN OTHERS FAIL CONSULT



DOCTOR SWEENEY, SPECIALIST

Formerly of Philadelphia, Pa. who for a number of years has had permanent offices at Seattle, Wash. 713 Front St. (Union Block), where the sick and afflicted can receive treatment in the future to be had here in the past from the ablest and most successful specialists in the world.

YOUNG MEN—If you are troubled with nervousness, exhaustion, drains, pimples, indigestion, aversion to society, stupidity, dependency, loss of energy, ambition and self-confidence, which deprive you of your manhood and absolutely unfit you for study, business or marriage, you should take treatment from this noted specialist before it is too late.

MIDDLE AGED AND OLD MEN—There are thousands of you troubled with weak, aching backs and kidneys, frequent painful urination and sediment in the urine, and other unmistakable signs of nervous debility and premature decay. Many die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause. The most obstinate cases of this character treated with unfailing success. Delay is dangerous.

PRIVATE—Diseases—Inflammations, Stricture, Gonorrhoea, and kindred troubles quickly cured without pain or detention upon business.

CATARH—Which poisons the blood, stomach and lungs more over the globe. Elyzer, Discharge of Gonorrhoea and Internal troubles, treated in the most successful manner. Catarrh of the Bladder, Piles, Fistula treated far in advance of any institution in the country.

BLOOD AND SKIN—Pimples, Scabies, Itch, Eczema, and Blood Poison, primary or hereditary, cured by Dr. Sweeney's treatment. The system in a strong, pure and beautiful state.

LADIES—If you are suffering from pain, scanty menstruation, Intolerable itching, or any of the distressing ailments peculiar to your sex, you should consult Dr. Sweeney without delay. He cures when others fail.

WRITE—If you are suffering from any of the above mentioned troubles, send me your name and address, and I will send you a free copy of my "GUIDE TO HEALTHY" sent free to those who describe their troubles in detail.

LEVERETT SWEENEY, M. D. (Union Block) 713 Front St., Seattle, Wash.

JUST ARRIVED a large consignment of Men's SUMMER SUITS. These Goods were part of a BANKRUPT STOCK and bought at a BIG DISCOUNT FOR CASH and will be sold CHEAP. See these Prices: \$5, \$6.90, \$7.50, \$8.75 per Suit. Worth DOUBLE the figures.

B. Williams & Co., Clothiers and Hatters, 87 Johnson St.

NEWS OF THE INTERIOR

Reid & King. This claim is an extension of the Monarch, and the ledge is over 100 feet wide.

Findings and Rumors of Finds, Deals and Rumors of Deals, in the Mineral Districts.

Crop Prospects in the Okanagan and Boundary Creek Districts—Floods.

There is no smoke without fire. Persistent rumors have been floating around for a week past about the erection of a smelter to handle the ores of Trail creek.

Ore has been found on the Cliff mine assaying \$72 in gold to the ton and 10 per cent. copper. This discovery was made in prospecting the surface of the claim.

The mail service is rotten. Sending all letters from eastern points through Nelson is causing insufferable delays.

Among those who have suffered from the recent overflow of the Mission creek was Mr. W. D. Hobson, whose farm is almost completely destroyed by the flood.

Several prospectors are at work on the west side of the Okanagan lake, in the neighborhood of Bear and Lambly creeks.

The recent period of wet weather which has been experienced in this district is without a parallel in the memory of the oldest inhabitants.

The Rev. Geo. H. Morden returned from Victoria, where he has been attending the Methodist conference on Friday evening.

An inquiry came to Ashcroft from Vancouver first of the week asking if there were any potatoes in sight.

The arrivals at the hotels in Ashcroft continue numerous and there promises to be no abatement this season.

Chai Corbne, a Chinaman, and three or four helpers, started north for Carleton Saturday last with three wagons loaded with 20,000 pounds of China freight.

The collections of inland revenue for May in Victoria division were: Spirits \$5,672 45; Tobacco 2,534 00; Cigars 3,833 75; Importation of Petroleum 717 90; Salt Liquor 72 50.

Messrs. Chaldecott and Nason, of Vancouver, who went north on the stage on Monday morning, will prospect in the Willow river and Bear Creek basins this summer.

The Wild Swan arrived in port Sunday afternoon. She came up under easy sail, calling in at Monterey and San Diego on route to Victoria.

at Quesnelle, taking a few pack animals from this point. The hydraulic lift pump which is going to Willow river was made at the Walls Iron Works and is similar to the pumps in use in the State of Washington for irrigation purposes.

Bosshart and Dittmer are down seven feet on the Gold Drop, sacking the ore as they take it out. The vein is 2 1/2 feet with no foot wall. The hanging wall is not yet struck.

Hydraulic mining is being engaged in on Salmon river at a point near Rose lake, in the Salmon river valley. The parties expect to make a good clean-up, and whilst the work lasts they intend to make a thorough prospect of the ground.

From Friday's Daily. Henry Thomas, aged 37, died suddenly of hemorrhage of the brain.

J. E. Chilberg, one of the best known, most popular and most energetic young business men of Seattle, was lost on the ill-fated steamer Colima which foundered off the Mexican coast.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Mary Millington took place yesterday from the Beaulieu conducted by the Rev. J. H. Saunders.

Mr. L. W. Shatford, of Fairview, was a visitor to the city this week. He is more than ever convinced of the future prosperity of that camp.

The sealing schooner Shelby will be given a chance to prove her innocence in the admiralty court.

An unusually large number of whisky cases have been disposed of in the city court, during the month, due principally to the Indian potlach on the reserve.

Over to the increased shipping at Union the N. R. Co. have decided to build a new wharf for the use of the Joan. George McLaughlin has secured the contract.

The examination for entrance to the High School begins in the High School building on Tuesday next.

Customs returns for May at the port of Victoria follow: Duties, \$53,179.06; other revenues, \$7,963.06; total receipts, \$61,142.12.

A Cunningham and Frank Coombs left this morning for their home at Great Falls, Montana, after a two weeks' sojourn in Victoria and vicinity, combining business with pleasure.

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WASHED UP BY THE SEA

J. E. Chilberg, of Seattle, and Three Others Drift Ashore on a Raft.

Two Steamers Scouring the Mexican Coast Searching for Survivors.

Mazatlan, June 2.—Five more survivors drifted ashore at Coahuayana, 60 miles south from here, yesterday.

A peculiar circumstance in connection with the disaster is the fact that Prof. Whiting, before starting with his family on the Colima, drew up two wills.

San Francisco, Cal., June 3.—The Mexican government will henceforth take strict cognizance of the manner in which all ships touching at all Mexican ports are loaded.

San Francisco, Cal., June 3.—The Examiner's special from the City of Mexico says rescuing parties are still in search of survivors of the Colima disaster.

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DANGEROUS TO MARINERS.

Captain Walbran Will Report on His Obstructions in the North.

The Quadra brings back an interesting budget of news. She arrived in port this morning from Alaska.

The Quadra left Yakutat on May 17 and made Port Simpson on May 17. She worked on buoy relief on the 19th and made Port Simpson on the 20th.

Captain Walbran inspected the hidden rocks at Plummer Bay anchorage, Ky-nump harbor, Hidalgo Point and Heronanda.

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CONSUMPTION

Only three weeks ago we began mixing a little of Dick's Blood Purifier in his feed and now look at him.

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THE CORNELL

London, June 5.—Its financial leader loan which Russia gotiate with Paris the amount of the for the Liao Tung the recent negotia-sin undertook to pro of the Chinese loan arrangements for the headed by the Bang The Times editor arivo telegraphs that secretly affixed to place inciting the pe-ras queen and pre-m the French.

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The Weekly Times

Victoria, Friday, June 7.

A LUCKY BRIDGE COMPANY.

Some interesting information in regard to the now celebrated Fredericton bridge was conveyed in papers recently brought down in parliament...

In case the company shall make default in payment of the interest on the said advances of \$300,000 for the space of one year after the same becomes due...

It seems plain that under this agreement the bridge property long ago became forfeit to the government...

CENSUS FALSIFICATIONS.

The census enumerators in 1891 made out that there were 904 manufacturing establishments to be found in London...

GOOD AUTHORITY.

When Sir John Macdonald, as leader of the opposition, introduced his national policy resolution he was requested to explain his scheme...

enter into details, or explain before the house or the country their policy. They have not the material; the government alone have the opportunity...

Sir Richard Cartwright's amendment to the budget motion was rejected in the commons by a majority of 46. Last session a similar amendment was defeated by 56...

The defection of Mr. Calvin, Conservative member for Frontenac, is much more talked of to-day. He is a comparatively young man...

The Colonist has made the remarkable discovery that "both Victoria and New South Wales have re-established themselves on a sound footing...

The Globe's Ottawa correspondent writes: "Bowell asks the same question: 'Bowell has sustained two reverses during the past twenty-four hours. He lost control of the senate...

The Colonist's intellect is apparently still enveloped in a fog as regards national trade matters. Otherwise it would understand that when the country's exports increase in greater ratio than its imports it must be losing ground...

Kingston, June 5.—The negotiations which have been for some time going on between the Kingston city council and certain parties in the United States with a view to the establishment of a blast furnace here have collapsed.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

NEW LINE TO THE ORIENT

President James Hill intends Establishing a Line to the Orient.

Sutherland Trying to Enlist Hill in the Hudson Bay Railway Scheme.

Portland, June 4.—The impression prevails the railroad circles that James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern railroad, who is now in this city...

Mr. Hill would say nothing definite regarding the matter would be made public at the proper time. When asked regarding the earning capacity of the Great Northern west of Montana...

"I am very well satisfied with the business of the western line. Our earnings are not as great as we would like, but the road is managed economically and is doing pretty well...

New York, June 4.—Chairman Edward D. Adams, of the Northern Pacific reorganizing committee, who returned from Europe Saturday, said today to an Associated Press reporter...

St. Paul, June 4.—President Hugh Sutherland, of the Hudson Bay road, is in the city conferring with the Foley Bros., the contractors associated with Donald Grant in the construction of the route...

Ottawa, Ont., June 4.—Private advices from Winnipeg say that Promote Sutherland, of the Hudson Bay railway, is negotiating with James J. Hill, the Great Northern magnate, to conduct the Hudson Bay road as a formidable competitor to the Canadian Pacific.

QUEER GOVERNMENT WORK.

Disobeying an Order of the House to Produce Papers.

Ottawa, May 31.—In the house to-day Tupper moved a resolution providing that the salaries of the two circuit judges of Montreal shall be \$3000 per annum; five county court judges in Manitoba, \$2000 per annum, and \$2400 after the first three years...

Laurier pointed out that the papers sent to the secretary of state would be copied and the originals would still be in the department.

Haggart, who was postmaster-general at the time, said he sent the original documents to Chapleau, then secretary of state, who asked for them and after-

wards Chapleau stated the papers were lost. Brodeur said he had himself seen the inspector's report in the court at Montreal, where the innocence of Loiselle was clearly established.

Mr. Haggart stated that whether the house ordered it or not the government would not bring down confidential documents. The position took issue with the minister.

Mr. Duly said that up to to-day the government was not aware of the existence of the order of the house calling for the inspector's report.

Mills pointed out that the original order of 1892 called specifically for that report and another order of last year also called for it.

KASLO AND SLOCAN RAILWAY.

Five Hundred Men at Work Clearing and Grading the Right-of-Way.

Mr. D. J. Munn, of the Kaslo & Slocan railway company, has returned from Kootenay. He says work on the road is progressing satisfactorily. There are now five hundred men at work along the road clearing the right-of-way and grading.

"There is a very good feeling in the district," said Mr. Munn. "A large amount of capital is being invested with every prospect of recouping the investors. You will hear of some good finds in the vicinity of Kaslo before long, there being a number of prospectors in the town waiting to start out."

SHROUDED IN MYSTERY.

The Nellie Harrington Murder Baffles the Police.

San Francisco, June 5.—After seventy-two hours of work on the murder of Nellie Harrington, the detectives admit that they are completely baffled as to the motive for the deed or the identity of the murderers.

Messrs. Drak, Jackson & Helmeck, solicitors for the Dominion government, have been instructed to take proceedings against J. C. Prevost, the owner of the barge Pilot, for carrying passengers without a license at the time the Vels was wrecked while towing the Pilot.

Allan Cameron, general agent of the C.P.R. at Portland, was married in New York this afternoon to Miss Ethel Woods, of Staten Island. Mr. and Mrs. Cameron started west immediately after their wedding.

BRISTOL'S Sarsaparilla

Cures Rheumatism, Gout, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Scrofula, Sores, and all Eruptions.

BRISTOL'S Sarsaparilla

Cures Liver, Stomach and Kidney Troubles, and Cleanses the Blood of all Impurities.

BRISTOL'S Sarsaparilla

Cures Old Chronic Cases where all other remedies fail. Be sure and ask your Druggist for

BRISTOL'S Sarsaparilla

THE NEIGHBORING REUBLIC

Serious Conflict Between Miners—Fair Rosamund in Original Costumes.

A Deluge of Rain Extinguishes the Flames in the Oil Districts.

Russel City, Pa., June 5.—Rain came down in torrents last evening. The fires in the woods are out and no further danger in this vicinity is anticipated.

Wheeling, W. Va., June 5.—Shortly after the 35 miners who returned to work at J. Gayford coal works above Martins Ferry, Ohio, last Monday, had gone in the bank yesterday, two hundred Hunns, Slavs and Poles from Dillonville, Laurelton and other mining towns on the Wheeling and Lake Erie appeared, having gathered previously, and marched across the country headed by a brass band.

Albany, June 4.—The pastoral play of Fair Rosamund was given for the first time in this country to-day at the farm of the Hon. Erasmus Cowan by society people of this city.

New York, June 4.—One of the happiest men in this city to-day was "Dan" Stewart, the representative of the Dallas, Texas, syndicate. Last night he was elected president and treasurer of the Florida athletic club, which owns, according to the agreement signed by Fitzsimmons and Corbett last year, the right to bring off a pugilistic exhibition in which these two men will be the principals.

Bar silver, 67 1/2; silver certificates, 67 to 67 1/2; Mexican dollars, 53 1/2. The Evening Post's special financial cablegram from London to-day is as follows: The stock market was quiet but firm to-day. Consols made a record price of 109 1/2. It is common talk that they will go to 110. American gold bonds were largely bought, but shares were bullish on New York prices.

There was a slight increase in the volume of business on the Wall street stock exchange to-day. The following were the closing prices for the day: American cotton oil, 25; American sugar, 118 1/2; do. preferred, 100 1/2; American tobacco, 11 1/2; lead, 38; Northern Pacific, 5 1/2; do. preferred, 19 1/2. Sterling exchange sixty days, \$4.88 1/2; do. demand, \$4.89 1/2; money, 1; C.P.R. in London, 54 1/2.

London, June 4.—centrifugal Java, 1 fair refining 10s. 3d. June 10s., July 10s. declined to 30 1/2. A Calais dispatch says the sister of the man who was accidentally killed was standing at a table as the train was about to start. She came frightened, fell before any assistance the train rushed by. Her legs from her body lay dead instantly.

A Tangier dispatch of salted heads of tribesmen have arrived way to Fez. But Rabat the heads were such a bad condition officials come Jews to recall them. Advice from Cairo uprisings against the ombra has been diffused, in the department.

The Royal Arthur band will give a promenade concert at the Market Hall on Saturday evening.

GLADSTONE

The Old Campaigner

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ures Rheumatism, Gout, Arteritis, Neuralgia, Scrofula, Piles, and all Eruptions.

BRISTOL'S arsaparilla

ures Liver, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, and Cleanses Blood of all Impurities.

BRISTOL'S arsaparilla

ures Old Chronic Cases where all other remedies fail. Pure and ask your Druggist for

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GLADSTONE IS ILL.

The Old Campaigner is Still Convinced to His Bed—Nothing Serious.

The Sultan Must Accept the Terms of the Powers or Lose Armenia.

Crisis in Asia Minor—Europeans Fleeing—An Outbreak Inevitable.

London, June 4.—The Chronicle to-day contains an article giving the details of how bands of brigands are ravaging Macedonia. The writer declares the lives and property of Christians in Macedonia are entirely unprotected. Abductions and murder are every day occurring in the whole country. The Chronicle's Moscow correspondent telegraphs from there that the Czar has now consented to receive Archbishop Mgrichid, the Armenian Catholic. The archbishop seeks an opportunity to appeal to the Czar for the protection of the Armenians in Turkey. The Houghton Dramatic Co., which played to a poor business last week, is stranded here. The manager, Edward Houghton, left the city yesterday with all available assets, but as he also left a hotel bill of \$65 he was arrested at Suspension bridge and brought back. As no salaries have been paid for some time, the members are unable to leave the city.

Advices from Madrid state that the Captain-general, Prima Rivera, is still living, although dangerously wounded. Lieutenant Clavijo was cut down immediately after the shooting by an aide-de-camp of the captain-general.

The chamber to-day, by a majority of 78 votes, adopted a motion censuring the government. The ministerial party refused to take part in the division. The cabinet declines to resign because the ministers claim they accepted office upon Senator Sagasta's promises that the opposition would support them in passing the budget. The situation is critical.

Havana dispatches say: Major Armonian went in pursuit of a body of insurgents to-day and again fought with them, killing three. The pursuit was then continued.

The insurgents have succeeded in burning Fort Boniato, which was in course of construction at Motan, a short distance north of Santiago de Cuba. Lieutenant-Colonel Tejada has taken prisoner a lieutenant of the insurgents, who declares that the latter are dispirited since the death of Jose Marti. He confirms the report that Maximino Gomez is wounded, as are Bellito and Lora also.

A Hongkong dispatch says news has been received there that the Japanese have captured Kee Lung in the northern part of the island of Formosa. Three hundred Chinese were killed.

A dispatch received at Yokohama from the island of Formosa says that the Japanese imperial guard landed near Kee Lung on Wednesday and in the fighting that ensued the Chinese lost heavily.

A dispatch from Rome says Cardinal Gibbons had a private audience lasting forty minutes with the Pope to-day. Afterwards to a reporter Cardinal Gibbons said that he was astonished at the mental vivacity of the Pope, who in spite of his age has the strength of his intellect unimpaired. "He showed," added the Cardinal, "surprising freshness, recalling even the small details of religious, social and scholastic matters concerning even my little diocese of Baltimore." Cardinal Gibbons was asked what questions had been discussed during his audience with the Pope, when he said: "In this matter I must preserve the utmost reserve." He added that the Pope had in vited him to a further conference before he left Rome, in order that he might discuss the present and future religious and social conditions of the United States. Cardinal Gibbons introduced to the Pope Rev. Father Thomas, rector of the cathedral at Baltimore, and Rev. Father Slattery, superior of the society of St. Joseph.

A dispatch from Neusatz, Hungary, says the ferry across the Danube captured to-day and twelve workmen were drowned.

A Lima dispatch says a tidal wave has occurred on the northern Pacific coast of Peru and the cable between Callao and Arica is broken. Much damage has occurred at Mollendo, which is a cable station, and which is the terminus of a railway to Arequipa and Puno and has an elegant railway station. Other reports are also reported as having sustained much damage from the tidal wave.

London, June 4.—Sugar cane quiet, centrifugal Java, 12s. 11½d.; Muscovy fair refining 10s. 3d. Beet rather firmer, June 10s., July 10s. 3d. Bar silver has declined to 30½d. per ounce.

A Calais dispatch says Madame Lambert, the sister of the premier, M. Ribot, was accidentally killed there to-day. She was standing at a railway crossing just as the train was approaching. She became frightened, fell upon the track, and before any assistance could be rendered the train rushed by and severed both legs from her body. The unfortunate lady died instantly.

A Tangier dispatch says four carloads of salted heads of the rebel Raima tribesmen have arrived at Rabat on their way to Fez. But on their arrival at Rabat the heads were found to be in such a bad condition that the government officials compelled a number of Jews to resal them.

Advices from Colon announce a new uprising against the government of Colombia has been discovered at Barranquilla, in the department of Bolivar, the

capital of the province of its own name. Martial law has been declared in the department of Bolivar.

Dispatches received at Madrid from Havana say Major Arminan in pursuing the insurgents encountered a band of the latter at Enteral, Porto Principe, and opened fire upon them. The enemy retreated and left 15 saddle horses in the hands of the troops. Major Ferrer, while on his way to Puerto Principe at the head of the detachment of troops, encountered a band of insurgents proceeding in the same direction. A skirmish followed and the insurgents ran away, leaving their dead, a quantity of arms and five horses. The insurgent band commanded by Maceo has burned the village of Seville, near the mines of Jaragua, Santiago de Cuba.

Madrid, June 5.—General Prima de Rivera, captain-general of Madrid, who was shot yesterday by Captain Clavijo, is better. He has been spitting blood, since he received his wound, but this is decreasing and he sleeps at intervals. The trial of Clavijo by court martial began to-day. In his defense Clavijo stated that he was driven to commit the deed by the persecution to which he had been subjected by General Prima de Rivera. He declared that the general acted under the influence of a demagogue who had a grudge against him. The general, he further asserted, had caused his pay to be withheld, with the result that he became so distressed financially that he was obliged repeatedly to appeal to the generosity of his friends. Upon the conclusion of Clavijo's statement, the judge advocate addressed the court, demanding that the sentence of death be imposed upon the captain. Clavijo's counsel then, on the ground that the captain was not on military duty when he attacked the captain-general, and also that he had been twice submitted to medical supervision on the suspicion that his mind was deranged, eloquently appealed for mercy for the prisoner. He reminded the court of his military career, during which he gained promotion on the field of battle, and in conclusion said that the imposition of a death sentence would be a severe blow to the aged father and mother of Clavijo. Notwithstanding the appeal of counsel, the court, after deliberating, pronounced the prisoner guilty and sentenced him to death. He will be shot at 5 o'clock to-morrow morning.

London, June 5.—The Daily News this morning in a leading article headed "Why cannot the president of a republic go abroad," discusses the desirability of the president of France and the United States visiting England as a means of increasing the friendly relations between these countries. Continuing the Daily News says: "We should be delighted to receive a visit from the president of the United States. There's surely no reason why the pleasure of travel and the delight and even the possible duty of visiting foreign capitals, should be left to the monarchs alone."

Ex-Premier W. E. Gladstone is still confined to his bed, and though his condition is not serious, it is not improved. Nazrulla Khan, son of the ameer of Afghanistan, and his wife, attended religious services in the Mohammedan Mosque at Working yesterday in honor of the Moslem Feast of Bairam.

The correspondent of the Standard at Constantinople telegraphs as follows: "I learn from a trustworthy source that the reply of the Porte to the British, French and Russian notes in reference to reforms in Armenia, rejects the proposal to appoint a mixed commissioner in Armenia and a mixed commission and proposed merely to apply the reforms provided for in the old Aristarch code, which has been finally in force for the last half century. The reply also grants amnesty to all Armenians who have been implicated in the recent riots in Armenia. It is believed the acceptance of their scheme, falling which they will proceed to enforce."

In an editorial commenting upon the foregoing dispatch from Constantinople the Standard suggests that the rejection of the scheme proposed by the powers is a device for the purpose of gaining time. The Sultan, it says, must make his choice. He must accept the reforms proposed or see Armenia severed from his empire.

Mrs. Grimwood, the heroine of the siege of Manipur in 1891, during which her husband lost his life, was married at Carshalton to Mr. Miller, a paper manufacturer.

The Times this morning announces the death in Paris on Monday last of the Right Hon. Sir Charles Augustus Murray, K.C.B., P.C. His first wife was an American, Elizabeth Wadsworth, daughter of the late James Wadsworth.

This morning's Daily Graphic prints an appeal from the Christians of Beyrout to Europe against Turkish oppression, massacre, robbery and violation in that section of their part of the dominion. The appeal asserts that even Christian bishops are bribed by the Porte to hide the true state of affairs.

Dispatches published at Shanghai by the local press to-day and received from the island of Formosa report great excitement at Taipei Fu. The president of the republic has escaped from Taipei yamen and the official buildings have been burned by the rioters. Natives and Chinese soldiers are said to be looting in all directions. Rioting is also reported to have taken place at Hobe. Foreigners on the island of Formosa so far have not been molested.

Constantinople, June 5.—In a dispute to-day at Constantinople between a Turkish officer and officers of a French steamer regarding baggage, the former drew his sword and wounded one of the French officers. The Turkish official was arrested. The French embassy promptly demanded satisfaction from the Turkish government, and the latter agreed that the Turk should be tried by French law.

A dispatch from Madrid says Captain Clavijo, who shot and seriously wounded Captain-General Rivera, after the latter had refused him the hand of his daughter on Monday last, was shot at 8 o'clock this morning. The captain,

who was tried by court martial and sentenced to death yesterday, displayed marvellous fortitude and composure until the last.

A Hong Kong dispatch says the republic of Formosa has collapsed, its president Tang has escaped from the island and the foreigners resident there are in safety. The Chinese forces in the northern part of the island became disorganized at the approach of the Japanese troops and the soldiers of the president of the republic joined in rioting and looting and in burning the government buildings at Taipei Fu and Hobe.

Advices received at Constantinople from Djeddah, the Arabian seaport town of Mecca, where the consular officers of Great Britain, Russia and France were recently murdered, announced that his party from there, and it is feared the Bedouins will attack the town. The latter are held responsible for the attack upon the consuls which resulted in the death of the British vice-consul, and a number of them were arrested in consequence. This has caused an angry feeling among the Bedouins, who demand their release and also threaten to use force if the demands are not complied with. The situation is so serious that the Europeans of Djeddah are hastily seeking a refuge on board the merchant vessels in the harbor, taking with them all they possibly can of their belongings. The arrival at Djeddah of the British Mediterranean squadron, numbering 17 warships of various classes, is anxiously awaited even by the Turkish authorities, as the garrison is very weak. In addition to the excitement caused among the Bedouins by the arrest of those supposed to have been connected with the assault upon the foreign consuls, a very serious epidemic of cholera has been compelled to take at Mecca, at the instance of the powers, in order to prevent the introduction of cholera into the northern ports by the return of infected pilgrims.

A special dispatch from Madrid says the soldiers who executed Captain Clavijo first fell with three bullets in his hand and still moved after the soldiers had fired another shot into his head from under the chin. Then the captain moved and did not die until a soldier fired a bullet through his heart.

The envoys of Great Britain, Russia and France in Constantinople are waiting instructions from their governments under the situation of affairs at Djeddah, as well as regarding the refusal of the Turkish government to agree to the reforms in Armenia which have been proposed by the powers. In this connection the situation of affairs is unchanged. The Porte's reply is, however, regarded as a momentary success for the military party. On the other hand the policy of Turkey in this matter is criticized by Ottoman statesmen, who regard the Porte's action as disastrous to Turkey.

Paris advices received here from Antananarivo, island of Madagascar, dated May 15th, says the French advance into the interior from Mojangua has been repulsed. The mortality among the French troops on account of the various fevers peculiar to the island is increasing.

A dispatch from Vienna says the estimates of the war department, just presented, increase the amount to be spent upon repeating rifles from 9,000,000 francs to 22,000,000 francs. The number of such arms will be distributed over a number of years.

The full text of the demands of the powers will be published here to-day. It makes over three thousand words and the main points in it have already been reported. The powers in this connection makes 12 distinct suggestions or demands in regard to Armenian reforms as follows: 1. The eventual reduction of the number of Vilayets. 2. Guarantees for the selection of Valis or governors. 3. Amnesty for Armenian political prisoners. 4. Return of the Armenian exiles to their homes. 5. Final settlement for common law crimes. 6. The inspection of prisoners. 7. The appointment of a high commissioner to supervise the reforms. 8. The creation of a permanent committee of control at Constantinople. 9. Indemnity to the Hassans and other victims of the recent massacres. 10. Regulation of religious conversions. 11. Maintenance of the Armenians' rights and privileges. 12. Positions of the Armenians in other Vilayets of Asiatic Turkey to be regulated on the same basis.

The crisis in the East is already regarded on all sides as being grave and this feeling is intensified by the news from Constantinople to-day telling of the panic at Djeddah and the threatened attack of the Bedouins, and the flight of Europeans who are seeking safety on board the vessels in the harbor. It is freely predicted here that an outbreak is inevitable. There is no question of the powers abating their demands in any form, although there is a growing belief that the Russians are backing Turkey in the latter's refusal to agree to the reforms demanded by the powers for Armenia.

METHODIST CONFERENCE

Discuss the Remedial Order at Smith's Falls.

Smith's Falls, June 4.—At yesterday's sitting of the Montreal Methodist conference a resolution was introduced by Williamson, of Ottawa, declaring the disapproval of the conference of any interference or remedial legislation with the Manitoba school law as embodied in the act of 1890, and in subsequent legislation, and expressing the feeling that the precedent of non-interference by the federal government in provincial legislation established in the case of the Jesuits estates act should be carried out in this instance. The resolution will be debated to-day. Principal Shaw will move an amendment to the above resolution that the consideration of the resolution be indefinitely postponed so as not to interfere with the possible settlement of the question. A lively debate is anticipated.

SENATE SCRAMBLE.

Miller, Tory, Attacks Premier Borel for Not Filling the Vacancies.

Savings Bank Deposits Decreasing—Borel for Connor—Curious Items.

What it Cost to Keep Foster's Seat—A Kick From the Auditor-General.

Ottawa, June 4.—At the meeting of the public accounts to-day it was arranged that Hamel, late assistant engineer of public works, might appear, if he saw fit, at the next meeting of the committee to say why he failed for two years to account for certain moneys due the government. Miall, commissioner of inland revenue, was examined in regard to \$93,342 arrears due the department. He said efforts had been made to collect the same. In 1875 cutlers due amounting to \$40,000. The department of justice gave the accounts to legal firms to have them collected. Miall was of the opinion that some of these firms had collected the moneys and failed to account for the same. He gave the names of two firms, but said that he would give an accurate statement next meeting. Rev. Dr. Benson will be summoned before the next meeting of the committee to be examined in regard to his immigration account.

Representatives of Ontario, Quebec and the Dominion are to-day sitting at the finance department here arranging the details of accounts settled by the recent arbitration into the disputed accounts between the Dominion and both provinces.

St. Charles Tupper proposes to ask parliament to amend the criminal code by enacting that the trial of any person for an indictable offence, except murder, may be adjourned, the accused consenting, upon such terms as the court sees fit; also to provide for the taking of depositions by commissioners in criminal cases the same as in civil cases.

Heretofore the idea has been entertained that tea entered for consumption in Great Britain passed without inspection into this country. The customs department has now informed the trade that it reserves the right to inspect all teas, and to reject such as may be found impure.

The mounted police have just completed the census of the Territories. The population in three years increased from 68,799 to 83,351. The Indian population, however, decreased 8 per cent. The Territories are not entitled to additional representation in the house of commons this year as was anticipated.

Mr. Provand, M.P. of Glasgow, left for home yesterday. He said if the time for building the Chignecto ship railway is extended it will be on condition that the company must agree to carry annually a minimum amount of shipping, say a million tons.

The house was engaged all yesterday for private members' business. Mr. Mara secured an order of the house for the correspondence regarding the placing of a customs officer at Rossland.

Hon. Mr. Foster announced that the French treaty would be ratified as soon as the bill before the house was passed. Among the papers brought down to parliament was the report of Attorney-General Sifton, for Manitoba, to the privy council, dated Oct. 20, 1894. The report as adopted by the provincial council says: "It has been made clear that there is no grievance, except it be a grievance that the legislature refuses to subsidize particular creeds out of the public funds and the legislature can hardly be held responsible for the fact that they refused to violate what seems to be a sound and just principle of government, created, in the words of the report, dissatisfaction amongst Roman Catholics, not only in Manitoba and the Northwest Territories, but likewise throughout Canada. There is a letter to Sir Mackenzie Borel from the Bishop of Rupert's Land, dated Feb. 22nd, 1895, protesting on behalf of the Catholics of England, a synod of that diocese against any attempt to secularize the schools. The church, he says, considers the inculcation of sound principles of life of more importance than material knowledge. At the same time, he deprecates the granting of any privileges to the Roman Catholic body not shared by other religious bodies."

Return of the names of the 804 manufacturers said by the industrial census to have been found in the city of London was brought down in the commons yesterday afternoon. The curious nature of the report makes it clear why the government were reluctant to bring it down before. To show the character of the report it is only necessary to say there are no fewer than 350 "manufacturing establishments" employing no hands at all outside of the alleged proprietors. In other words there are 350 manufacturing establishments employing a total of 350 men, women and children. Every girl employed in making buttons for a tailor is set down as a "manufacturer" employing one hand, who is also the proprietor of an "industrial establishment." The full list will be published in a day or two so that the public can judge of the character of industrial establishments.

In the commons Haggart told Lister that the Soo canal would not be opened for traffic until its approaches were cleared of all obstructions.

At the public accounts committee it was shown that J. B. Mills, M.P., Annapolis, owed the department of militia \$994 for rent for ordnance lands at Annapolis. The rent of the property was £24 10s. per annum. The only sums paid since 1886 were \$9,687 and \$8,896. Since 1888 nothing at all was paid. Mills' name was sent to the justice department for money to be collected.

F. W. Winyard, a young Englishman, was arrested here by the Dominion police to-day for raising and passing a one dollar Dominion bill as one hundred dollars at Brampton. He is reported to have tried the same thing here.

The four investments upon which default in the payment of interest has been made are the following: Albert railway loan \$14,725 50; Fredericton railway bridge 300,000 00; Quebec harbor bonds 3,745,519 02; Three Rivers harbor 41,199 97.

Total \$4,145,000 15; Add overdue interest 805,000 00 \$4,950,000 15.

In the house to-day the government proposed to take Thursdays. Laurier said he would not consent unless the government would tell what it was going to do regarding the Hudson's Bay railway, and the house divided on that question, which was carried by 87 to 55. Adjourned, 32.

Ottawa, June 5.—H. A. Ward, ex-M. P. for East Durham, is in the city to-day with a score of representatives from his district forcing his claims upon the government for an appointment to one of the vacancies in the senate.

At a meeting of the railway committee to-day the time for building the Great Northwestern Central railway was extended for seven years, but a proviso was inserted compelling the company to build 50 miles by the first of January, 1897, and 50 miles every subsequent year.

F. J. Winyard, alias Smith, the post-office money order forger, pleaded guilty on two counts charged by the department here, and Police Magistrate O'Gara sent him to Kingston penitentiary for five years.

The official opening of the "Soo" canal has been abandoned, members of parliament on both sides declining to take part in it at present owing to parliament sitting. The canal will be opened next week for traffic without any formality.

A return recently laid on the table of the house included a copy of an agreement between John Connor, of St. John, N. B., and the warden of the Kingston penitentiary, regarding the binder twine mill now operated at the Kingston penitentiary. For establishing the binder twine works and for furnishing an instructor for twenty days, Connor was to be paid \$40,000, the government to pay duty on all the machinery connected therewith when imported into Canada.

Some of the accounts which pass under the notice of the auditor-general at Ottawa are very funny. Here is one sent in on account of a public employee: "One pair of boots, \$7.50; 1 pair of trousers, \$3.20; 1 pair of trousers, \$1.10; portmanteau, \$24. The auditor-general not unreasonably remarks that these charges appear to be of a personal nature, and should not be allowed as a charge against public moneys. Please explain." The explanation is not published.

The deposits both in the Dominion government and postoffice savings banks declined during the month of April, the former to the amount of \$22,711 and the latter by \$146,345, or \$139,656 altogether.

Archbishop Langevin, who is here, declines to say anything regarding the school question.

In the senate on Monday night Senator Miller (Conservative, Nova Scotia), attacked the government for not filling the ten vacancies now in the senate.

Sir Mackenzie Borel promised to see that the appointments were made.

The census of the population in the Northwest Territories taken by the Mounted Police was received at the department of the interior. The following is the population of whites and half-breeds in the Territories compared with the census of 1891: Alberta, 1891, 13,322; 1894, 23,738. East Assiniboia, 1891, 17,511; 1894, 23,636. West Assiniboia, 1891, 83,877; 1894, 11,060. Saskatchewan, 1891, 7,600; 1894, 10,931. Totals, 1891, 52,230; 1894, 73,504. Indian population, 1891, 14,567; 1894, 13,345. Total population of whites, half-breeds and Indians for the Territories in 1891, 66,799; total, 1894, 86,851; increase, 20,052, or 30 per cent.

The public accounts committee yesterday made inquiry into several departmental arrears. It appears the friends of Foster are indebted to the inland revenue department \$100,000; to the department of railways and canals, \$268,000; public works department, \$75,000. The "Soo" canal construction will be entered into at next meeting.

In the house a petition was presented from the auditor-general complaining against the government for interference in his free exercise of his duty in the interests of the people of the country.

Dickie stated in the house that General Herbert would not resume his duties commanding the militia. The government does not intend making any change in the law so as to appoint a Canadian to the position.

THE COLIMA DISASTER.

Five More Survivors Have Been Picked Up.

San Francisco, Cal., June 4.—The Examiner's special from the city of Mexico says: Five more passengers from the steamer Colima have been added to the list saved. They were picked up nearly dead by one of the rescuing crews on the beach and three are at Puebla on their way to Colima. The sailors from the rescuing steamer Mazatlan, who were capsized in the sea, all escaped. The hurricane in the Pacific which wrecked the Colima has continued to rage and has done much damage to the shipping within range. Telegraphic advices to the Examiner bureau from agencies of the Pacific Mail at Manzanillo and from Walter Herbert, manager of the Colima railroad, say the American schooner Hayes, thought to hail from San Francisco and commanded by Captain Peterson, went ashore at Navidad on Monday afternoon. Fortunately no lives were lost.

NEIGHBORING REUBLIC

Conflict Between Miners—Fair Rosamund in Original Costumes.

Large of Rain Extinguishes the Flames in the Oil Districts.

el City, Pa., June 5.—Rain came in torrents last evening. The fires in the woods are out and no further damage to lumber and oil property is anticipated.

Over 3,000 acres of timber and \$100,000 worth of property were destroyed. The prisoners are the Northern Oil Co., Pennsylvania Oil Co., Elk Oil Co., Fitzgerald Bros. The Griffith estate number of rigs. It is impossible anything like an estimate at this time as to the loss. The people will return to their homes to-morrow, that is, those who have left.

on, Mich., June 5.—A fire totally destroyed Collins' cart works here. The fire employed 300 men. The fire destroyed the Miller Buggy works, which were damaged. Collins' loss is about \$75,000.

ling, W. Va., June 5.—Shortly after 3 1/2 miners who returned to the Ferry, Ohio, last Monday, had the bank yesterday, two hundred Slavs and Poles from Dillonville, on and other mining towns, gathered previously, and marched to the bank. Half of them were injured, nine seriously. Three are missing. Seven of the assailants captured by deputy sheriffs and put in jail at Bridgeport. Others were home, while about 100 captured and sent them to Portland.

ry, June 4.—The pastoral play of Rosamund was given for the first time in this city to-day at the farm house. Erastus Cowan by society of this city. The production was original costumes used by Lady Lambell in England.

ork, June 4.—One of the happenings in this city to-day was "Dan" the representative of the Dallas syndicate. Last night he was president and treasurer of the athletic club, which owns, according to the agreement signed by Fitz and Corbett last year, the right of a pugilistic exhibition in these two men will be the prin-

ilver, 96%; silver certificates, 67 Mexican dollars, 53%.

Evening Post's special financial from London to-day is as follows: The stock market was quiet but firm. Consols made a record 106%.

It is common talk that the gold will go to 110. American gold was largely bought, but shares fell on New York prices.

was a slight increase in the volubility on the Wall street stock to-day. The following were the prices for the day: American 11, 28; American sugar, 118%; 100%; American tobacco, 33; Northern Pacific, 5%; do., 19%. Sterling exchange sixty 4.88%; do. demand, \$4.89%; C.P.R. in London, 5%.

"Major" one of Victoria's most able disciples of Isaac Walton, an ending his earthly career at on Lake last Sunday. He was his fly with deadly effect, when the boat gave a lurch and he immediately disappeared. His son, knowing the "Major's" ability, calmly awaited the rescue of the submerged hero and in a few minutes he was safely ashore, where the "Major" in a sun bath, while the moisture dried from his clothing, which the surrounding bushes.—Com.

Royal Arthur band will give a concert at the Market Hall to-day evening.

AFFAIRS IN THE OLD LAND

Some Gossip About the Weather and Many Other Subjects of Interest.

A Duke of Not Very Blessed Memory Prof. Drummond's Sensational Book.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Glasgow, May 20.—After a winter of almost unprecedented severity for this country, we are enjoying a spring the geniality of which leads us to entertain the very pleasantest expectations of the coming summer. Yet, will it surprise your readers to learn, that only two days ago the unfortunate inhabitants of the Shetland islands were treated to two or three very smart snow showers? Nevertheless, although there are four inches of snow on the top of Ben Nevis and drifts many feet deep on the Lomond Hills, it cannot be denied that we are enjoying an ideal summer season. The weather prophets say we shall have a scorching summer, and the general response is, "let it come."

The death of the Duke of Hamilton at Algiers the other day afforded a striking proof of the fact that public interest in the titled classes, their doings, their comings and goings, has undergone a startling change in the last twenty years. The news was received here with perfect apathy by the public and it created no gossip. Many of the leading newspapers gave character sketches of the late duke that were absolutely harsh in their plain speaking, and when it is remembered that the duke was Scotland's premier peer, with more royal blood in his veins than the present tenant of Windsor and Balmoral, that he wielded enormous influence and that he owned kingly estates, one may be pardoned a few curious speculations as to the cause of the public's unusual lack of interest in his death. This is what one of the leading newspapers in Scotland says about the late duke:

"One does not expect the hereditary principle to produce a succession of geniuses, but it could not have survived so long as it has done, had it produced many representatives like the late duke. His whole life was a wretched failure. He systematically neglected his duties as a legislator and as a landowner. He never entered the House of Lords; he took no part in the public business of the country from which he drew his princely revenues. He squandered his fortune in ignoble pursuits. The palmy days of the hereditary aristocracy are no doubt past, but there are fortunately still amongst them men who consider their duties as well as their rights, and regard their position as entailing on them something beyond the gratification of their own appetites, and the hope may be permitted that the new Duke of Hamilton will do something to restore the lost prestige of his family."

This from an American paper would be considered strong enough, but coming from a British journal it is extraordinary, and clearly shows the trend of public feeling and opinion on this matter. But there is something else that still more strongly proves that the ancient deference towards the aristocracy has passed away in this country: "The management of his estates has been singularly harsh and exacting, as witness the circumstances which have led to the wrecking of Motherwell; and though in the case of Arran there have recently been some signs of an abatement of the old spirit of exclusiveness, it is not uncharitable to set these down to pecuniary necessities rather than to any altered spirit on the part of the dual proprietor. It is well known that these estates are hugely encumbered with debts. Ten years ago it comprised that his liabilities amounted to about a million and a half sterling. It was to lessen this enormous burden that in 1882 the duke sold off the magnificent collection of paintings and the famous Beckerford library at Hamilton Palace, which fetched nearly half a million. The sale was the greatest of its kind that had ever taken place in this country, and the conduct of the duke in thus dispersing his family heirlooms was severely condemned. Not less blameworthy was the sale to the German government of the valuable historical manuscripts which morally, if not legally, belonged to the Scottish nation."

Those interesting invalids, Lord Rosebery and Mr. Gladstone—if it is not impertinent to call the latter such, seeing that he still walks like a young man, talks as few young men can talk, reads enormously on every subject under the sun, and shows at eighty the vigor and agility of a boy of 40 or 50—are the people about whom one hears and reads most at present. The critical state of the Premier's health and his voyage on the Enchantress admiralty steam yacht, share with Jabez Balfour's trial the honor of being the topics of the hour, and yield piles of fat copy for untold journalists and correspondents. Almost every day some new story about the G. O. M. appears and is read with avidity by everybody—what a tremendous gap his death will leave!

The sporting season having opened one hour fewer rumors of parliamentary dissolution, for now it is all horse-racing, yachting, cricket and golfing—nobody who has never visited these islands has any idea what a sporting nation the British are. We learn the Americans are going to put some speedy colts in the big race-meeting this summer; that a representative American university athletic team is coming over to try conclusions with Oxford and Cambridge; already advance rumors of a disquieting nature have reached us about the American cup champion Defender, but we pin our faith to Ailsa, Britannia and Valkyrie III., and manage to get sleep

NEWS OF THE INTERIOR

Van Horne Will Spend a Month in British Columbia—He Will Visit Cariboo.

Both Red Mountain and Trail Creek Railway Bills Should Pass the Commons.

Nelson Tribune.

Along in March a shipment of sixteen tons of ore was reported from Kaslo as being made by the Ruth mine. In May another shipment of fifteen tons was reported from the Ruth mine. Now it is known that both shipments were made from the same mine, and that the mine is named the Ruth, and that the Ruth is located within a mile of the Slovan Star, in Slovan district. It is owned by four men who have only muscle to develop it, and they have been using that muscle to pretty good advantage. Reports from the Slovan are that a year's hard work has had its reward in the way of a pay streak that is nearly four feet wide, of ore that runs 375 ounces silver to the ton. The four owners are Messrs. McNeill and Clark and the McVeigh brothers.

The reported sale of the Cliff claim, in Trail Creek district, is premature. The sale has not been made. The Cliff and the St. Elmo Consolidated were to go together at the price mentioned as being paid for the Cliff alone—\$110,000—but the Whartons, who own the control of the Cliff, "kicked" because they were not getting as much of the purchase money as John R. Cook, who owns a controlling interest in the St. Elmo Consolidated. Cook's share in the deal was \$80,000 and the Whartons' share \$47,000, other parties getting the balance of the \$110,000. It is said that two parties are after the claims, one party represented by the Porter brothers and the other by Sam Silverman.

Sir Joseph Trutch, chairman of the board of directors of The Hall Mines, Limited, left Nelson on Wednesday for Victoria, where the contract for building the tramway from the Silver King mine to Nelson, was signed. Before leaving, he took a look at the Pilot Bay smelter, and it is said was favorably impressed with what he saw, so favorably that he is considering whether his company could not smelt its own ore to better advantage than sending it to other smelters. It is not unlikely that the company will erect a smelter at Nelson this year. Tenders for clearing the tramway right-of-way will be opened on Monday. A contract has been closed for 1,000 cords of wood at the mine, the contract price being, so it is reported, \$2.25 a cord. It is also reported that there will be no difficulty between the company and Messrs. Farwell and Sprout for right-of-way over the latter's land at Nelson.

President Van Horne of the Canadian Pacific, who is to spend a month in British Columbia, will also take a look at the hydraulic mines in Cariboo in which he has an interest. A cleanup is to be made at one of these mines on the 20th instant, and as it is expected to be fully \$50,000, "Old Van" wants to see how a cleanup is made in Cariboo. He knows all about how cleanups are made in constructing railways and on stock exchanges.

Corbin's Red Mountain railway bill and the Canadian Pacific Trail Creek & Columbia river railway bill are in the same stage in the Dominion house of commons. Both have been reported by the railway committee and both are up for second reading. Both are in charge of Mr. Mara, and both should pass.

A prospecting syndicate, of which Tom Collins is head pusher, is operating in Trail Creek district. Several locations have been made, and the cap-rock from one of them, the Ottawa, gives a return of \$4.80 in gold. This syndicate has the world before it.

The Alpha mine, near Silverton, in Slovan district, has 200 tons of ore ready for shipment. Owing to the location of the mine, it is proposed to ship the ore by way of the Nikun & Slovan railway and it will go to Omaha.

One of the three wholesale dealers in liquors at Nelson sold twenty-two barrels of whiskey during the month of May. This would give every able-bodied man in northern Kootenay at least a ration of half a gallon.

THE HARRINGTON CRIME.

The Police Claim the Dead Senator Struck the Blow. San Francisco, June 6.—The Evening Post states that the detective force of this city are convinced that Senator Harrington last Saturday. The conclusions of the police are said to be based on the contents of a number of letters from Buck to Miss Harrington which show even a greater degree of intimacy between them than was at first supposed to exist. The investigation of Buck's movements on the afternoon the crime was committed prove that the alibi offered by Buck's family is not borne out. In trying to fasten the crime on Buck, the detectives are piling up cumulative evidence. The most unfortunate feature of the police theory is that the accused man is dead and no testimony can be offered in reply to their suspicions.

MORE SHOCKS IN FLORENCE.

A Succession of Earthquake Shocks Creates a Panic. Florence, June 6.—There was a sharp earthquake here at 1.30 this morning. It aroused almost everybody hastily from their beds, and when it was followed by a succession of other, subtler and more disturbing shocks, following shock in rapid succession, the people became terror-stricken and rushed to the streets, where they remained till early

A TALK WITH A NOVELIST

David Christie Murray Tells of a New Work of Which He is the Author.

He Gives His Opinion on That Much Read Novel Trilby by Du Maurier.

David Christie Murray, the well known novelist, author of "Aunt Rachel," "By the Gate of the Sea," and a large number of other volumes of fiction, is a guest at the Driad. Mr. Murray arrived in the city last night. He is touring the world and has as his travelling companion Frederic Stanley, an associate of the author in his literary productions. It was a deep, penetrating voice that said "come in" when a Times man knocked at the door of room 53 of the Driad. Seated on a chair, paint brush in hand, and a box of water colors lying on the table near him, was the popular novelist, David Christie Murray. His head was slightly bowed and he was putting a finishing touch to a sketch of a scene readily recognized by a British Columbia; it was a view of Burrard Inlet.

FROM ACROSS THE BORDER

Livingstone Brothers, of Galt, Ont., to Transfer Their Plant to the States.

Bigotry in the Kansas City School Board—Mrs. Corbett Wants a Divorce.

Albany, N. Y., June 5.—Governor Morton has signed a bill making the term of imprisonment for arson in the first degree 40 years.

New York, June 5.—The new American liner St. Louis sailed for Southampton at 1 o'clock in the morning. She carried a large number of distinguished passengers, among whom were Sir Julian Pauncefote, British ambassador to the United States, Lady Pauncefote, and Mr. La Poer Trench, British minister to Japan.

San Francisco, June 5.—The federal government is said to have decided to make a thorough investigation into the Colima disaster, which cost so many lives. It is not improbable that the sanitary authorities may take a hand in the affair and there is already talk of a criminal prosecution. This, however, is not certain. The federal inquiry will be instituted by Messrs. Talbot and Hinman, inspectors of hulls and boilers. They are waiting for the return of the steamer San Juan, which is expected to enter this port on Friday. As soon as the vessel arrives third officer O. Hanson, and all the survivors who may be aboard, will be summoned as witnesses to the inquiry, which will be instituted without delay. The inquiry is intended to be thorough in every respect.

Concord, N. H., June 5.—During the hours of 12 and 2 on Monday a vault in the state treasury in the capitol was entered by burglars and \$6000 was taken. The burglars carried away the key to the vault and it could not be opened until last night. Two suspicious characters were observed about the state house and it is believed they were the burglars.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 5.—The Livingstone Brothers of Galt, Ont., purpose building a linen and fine cordage factory in this city. They are the largest flax-growers in Canada, owning several farms in western Canada, the flax produce of which is manufactured into linen and cordage at their factories.

Washington, June 5.—A. B. Morton, of Maine, auditor of the treasury for the navy department, has been removed from office.

New York, June 5.—It is reported that Jim Corbett has been sued for divorce by his wife. The papers were served yesterday. Her maiden name was Allie Lake, and she was a student at the state normal school of San Francisco. She ran away to marry Corbett when he went to Salt Lake City in 1886. Both Corbett and his manager refuse to discuss the matter.

Kansas City, Mo., June 5.—School teachers professing the Roman Catholic religion have been barred out of the public schools in Kansas City, Kansas, for the next term at least. The board of education of that city last night, after a lengthy meeting, in appointing teachers for the fall term refused to give a place to a single Catholic. The board is with one exception composed of Protestants.

Warsaw, N. Y., June 5.—The Crystal Salt Works at Saltville were burned to the ground early this morning. Loss, \$100,000; probably two-thirds insurance.

New York, June 5.—The United Press has sued for libel the Fourth Estate for publishing verbatim proceedings of a conference between the committees of the United Press and Associated Press last month, which was held at the instance of the former to bring about a conclusion of the war between the two. San Francisco, Cal., June 6.—The California Safe Deposit and Trust company filed a suit for equity of mortgage of \$250,000 against the Union Stock Yards company, whose extensive plant is at Rogers, Contra Costa County, F. W. Sumner was placed in charge as receiver. The trust company is acting as trustee for the bondholders and the alleged failure to pay interest on bonds is the cause for the foreclosure suit.

The Y.M.C.A. directors decided to cut down running expenses at a meeting held last night. Ends do not exactly meet and the directors want to bring them together. During the summer the expense of running the institution will, of necessity, be increased slightly, and the directors hope that a generous public will contribute the additional sum required. Twenty new members were enrolled in the society.

COLIMA SURVIVORS.

The Catastrophe Recalls an Incident of Twenty Years Ago.

San Francisco, June 6.—The Pacific Mail S. S. Co. have received a telegram from Manzanillo giving the names of five survivors of the steamer Colima who recently drifted ashore at Black Beach below Manzanillo. They are W. H. Eason, cabin passage, two seamen named James Ackmann and Angel Sencion, and B. B. Nowans and Jose Perquers. The two latter were reported saved several days ago.

Townsend, June 6.—The loss of the steamer Colima brings to mind that of the same name on March 25, 1874. She was in command of Captain Hudson and had lost three blades of her propeller. A storm of considerable violence was blowing and the Colima was in a precarious condition, when the steamship Arizona, Captain Edward Van Sice, father of the Van Sice brothers, of this city, bore in sight. That was near St. Augustine Bay, Southern California. Capt. Hudson desisted, and proffered services of the Arizona, being apprehensive lest heavy claims for damages would be filed by the rescuing steamer. The passengers and crew of the Colima fully realized their position, knowing that the vessel was drifting toward a submerged reef, which foreboded certain destruction, and they united in a frantic appeal to Capt. Van Sice to stand by the Colima as long as she was in danger. A few hours later Capt. Hudson modified his determination, and the Arizona towed the Colima to San Francisco. Capt. Van Sice was then making his initial voyage in the Pacific ocean on a tour of inspection of the Pacific Mail Company's steamers. Some years later, while the claim for salvage in the Colima case was pending in the courts, Capt. Van Sice, who was in command of the steamer City of Vera Cruz, with a large number of passengers and part of the crew, were lost off Cape Caravel, Florida.

INCREASE OF WAGES.

Follows the Reduced Tariff on Iron in the States.

Easton, Pa., June 5.—The wages of the 500 employees of the Warren pipe foundry and machine shops at Phillipsburg, N. J., will be increased ten per cent on July 1st.

THE YOUNG MOTHER AND HER BABE.

Young mother, it is necessary that you should use a prepared food for your babe? If you are obliged to do so, remember that the life of your darling depends upon your decision—we mean the character of food you select. There are prepared and artificial foods that should never be brought into a home; their use means sickness, suffering and death to the young child. The attention of every young mother is directed to life-giving and flesh-building Lactated Food, which is a perfect substitute for mothers' milk. This pure and unadulterated food agrees with the weakest stomach. It is easily assimilated, and is a perfect corrector of digestion. Babies thrive fast, grow fat and plump, hearty and happy when fed on Lactated Food.

steamer, under command of Flare, an experienced navigator, cabin is handsomely fitted up for accommodating excursion. On the return trip on the 5th from Ganges Harbor, the chief of Spring Island, the cargo, wool, sheep and lambs, calves, hogs, eggs and strawberries, are transferred direct from the freight car, switched on the train for Victoria, reached the noon, and were placed in the hands with the greatest expedition. This makes Sidney a point of importance. It has already become a favorite "outing" for Victoria being convenient of access, speedy and inexpensive to the Victoria end of the railway track after by Mr. W. P. Water, general manager, whilst the general at Sidney, Mr. James J. tends to passengers and transport most efficiently. Conductors, an inveterate man, keeps a close watch on the passengers along the

TRAVELING IN CARIBOO.

on the Cariboo and Horseshoe to Take Place Shortly.

Mr. Abbott, division superintendent of the C.P.R., was seen to-day to the rumor that a washup on the hydraulic mine, Quesnelle resulted in a clean-up of one hundred and one hundred and one dollars. "The washup on Cariboo and Horseshoe hydraulic did Mr. Abbott," will not take about the twentieth of the expected good results, but what amount there is in the leading newspapers gave character sketches of the late duke that were absolutely harsh in their plain speaking, and when it is remembered that the duke was Scotland's premier peer, with more royal blood in his veins than the present tenant of Windsor and Balmoral, that he wielded enormous influence and that he owned kingly estates, one may be pardoned a few curious speculations as to the cause of the public's unusual lack of interest in his death. This is what one of the leading newspapers in Scotland says about the late duke:

"One does not expect the hereditary principle to produce a succession of geniuses, but it could not have survived so long as it has done, had it produced many representatives like the late duke. His whole life was a wretched failure. He systematically neglected his duties as a legislator and as a landowner. He never entered the House of Lords; he took no part in the public business of the country from which he drew his princely revenues. He squandered his fortune in ignoble pursuits. The palmy days of the hereditary aristocracy are no doubt past, but there are fortunately still amongst them men who consider their duties as well as their rights, and regard their position as entailing on them something beyond the gratification of their own appetites, and the hope may be permitted that the new Duke of Hamilton will do something to restore the lost prestige of his family."

TRAVELING INTELLIGENCE.

Interest in the Amateur and Professional Field.

LACROSSE.

TO DEFEATS LEHIGH. In Pa., June 5.—Toronto triumphed at lacrosse this afternoon playing Lehigh scored to the visitors' two in the second half, and the final score was 10-2. The winning contest by a score of 6-

THE WHEEL.

ERMAN AND JOHNSON. In Pa., June 5.—Arthur A. in has issued a challenge to Johnson, of Minneapolis, for \$5,000 a side, the distance a quarter of a mile to fifty the option of Johnson. Johnson two weeks to answer the challenge. Mr. Johnson and his manager, who challenge Johnson challenge man on June 1st to race for side within three weeks at Mass., or any other track un-

THE RIFLE.

C. B. G. A. WIN. match at Clover Point yesterday between the B. C. B. G. Royal Navy and Marines team for the former by 50 the naval team were nine and to two hundred yards. The ages follow:

Table with 2 columns: Name and Score. Includes GARRISON ARTILLERY, NAVY AND MARINES, and individual names like A. Goodwin, R. Hunter, etc.

ing schooner Director got today. She is the first out mer catch. The beginning of will see a number of other following.

NEWS OF THE INTERIOR

The Nakusp and Slocan to be Extended to Sandon-Activity in Cariboo.

Scheme to Drain the South Fork of the Quesnelle River-Other Items.

The Ledge. The percentage of lead in some of the Wilson Creek properties is very high, showing upwards of 70.

Five feet of clean ore have been struck on the Ruth, a claim between the Slocan Star and the Wondertal.

The Good Hope Mining and Milling Company is the name of a new corporation organized in Spokane, to work British Columbia mineral properties.

D. J. Weir has purchased C. E. Scalley's interest in the Reed & Robertson group, of an eighth, for \$200,000.

Ben Fimmel and John Colotto have gone prospecting on Trail. Ben says his gold claim near Kaslo looks away up after 20 feet of a cut.

The War Eagle people, at Trail, have entered into a two years' contract to supply 35,000 tons of ore to a smelter to be built at Northport.

Neil Gething, George Long and Jim McInnes have a good property in the Blaine. It is situated on the north fork of the Carpenter, close to the Silver Key.

A Harrison, who obtained the big gold assays reported two weeks ago, has located another bonanza. This time it is close to the Baby Bath, below Silverton, and is also a gold-bearing property.

Mr. A. F. Stewart took the Lytton on Monday for Three Forks in charge of a large surveying party. He will at once lay out a four-mile extension of the Nakusp & Slocan railway from Three Forks to Sandon.

Mr. George Laforme will start on Monday or Tuesday with his pack train on his first trip to the Big Bend. The animals arrived last week and have wintered fairly well.

It is estimated that at least 20 acres have been planted to potatoes between Revelstoke and the Northeast Arm, and that the yield will be fully 5,000 bushels.

A tramway from Trail Landing to the Trail Creek mines on Red Mountain at Rossland is being considered by good parties, and an effort made to secure government aid, and there is a strong probability that it will be built this summer.

The Inland Sentinel. Mr. George Laforme will start on Monday or Tuesday with his pack train on his first trip to the Big Bend.

The Cariboo Hydraulic mining company is working two nine-inch nozzles, using three thousand inches of water with 200 feet head.

The Horsely Hydraulic is working eight and six with two thousand inches of water forced through seven inch nozzles by a pressure of 150 feet.

water has washed through beneath, so that probably no hydraulic can be done this summer.

The Ottawa Hydraulic and Mining and Milling company, with a capital stock of \$250,000 in \$5 shares, has been incorporated to take over a lease of grounds on Boston Bar, Fraser river, from E. A. Watson.

THE PORTE AND THE POWERS

Turkey Will be Compelled to Establish Wide Reforms in Armenia.

Prompt Punishment Will be Demanded for the Consular Outrages.

London, June 4.-A special dispatch received from Rome announces that Count Ferrara, formerly under secretary of state for foreign affairs, has been mortally wounded by socialists at Rimini.

St. Petersburg dispatch says very favorable advices have been received regarding prospects of a definite settlement of the questions remaining in dispute between the powers and Japan.

It is reported here that Oscar Wilde, who was recently sentenced to two years' imprisonment at hard labor after having been convicted of gross indecency, has become insane and is confined to the padded room of the prison.

Shanghai advices state that Lord Li Chang-fang, son of the Viceroy Li Hsiang-chang, and John W. Foster, who have been to the island of Formosa for the purpose of formally transferring it to the Japanese according to the terms of the treaty of Shimonoseki, have returned there.

Dispatches received at Madrid from Havana say bands of insurgents from the province of Puerto Principe have invaded the province of Santa Clara.

General Huque is concentrating his troops at Sancti Spiritus, North Trinidad, in the province of Santa Clara.

An additional dispatch received here from Rome shows that the shooting of Count Ferrara was not the work of socialists as at first supposed.

A dispatch from Toulon says two French cruisers have been dispatched to Jeddah to support the British cruisers sent to that port to insist upon the prompt punishment of those who were engaged in the murderous assault upon the foreign consular officials there.

A Constantinople dispatch says the people of the Turkish government to the notes of the representatives of Great Britain, France and Russia in regard to the proposed reforms in Armenia has been delivered by the envoys.

The Sewerage Commissioners beg respectfully to point out to your honorable body that they have no responsibility for the method adopted in calling for tenders, the form of wording of the tenders and specifications, or the awarding of the contract.

Queneville, B. C., May 30.-The weather is cool and the river is falling at Soda Creek. The river fell about two inches here last night.

HOLD THEM RESPONSIBLE

Council Refer Back the Coughlan & Mayo Case to Sewerage Commissioners.

Inmates of Old Men's Home Celebrate the Dismissal of the Caretaker.

The city fathers handed over to Coughlan & Mayo difficulty for settlement to the sewerage commissioners at last night's meeting.

Ald. Williams said that it was of little use to have appliances if they were not applied. Ald. Humphrey agreed, saying that a number of cases of small pox had been traced to Oriental steamers arriving at Victoria.

The sewerage commissioners in the Coughlan & Mayo case wrote: To His Worship the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.-I am directed by the Sewerage Commissioners to acknowledge the receipt of your letter dated the 30th ult.

In reply I am directed to call the attention of your honorable body to the fact that the contract No. 8, allotted to McGreggor & Jeeves, was let later on by competition to the lowest tenderer and successfully executed.

This clearly meant and implied that the rock quantities in Coughlan & Mayo's work had been taken out carelessly by the contractor, and the prices paid to McGreggor & Jeeves applied to such cubic yards as were actually used.

The second resolution requests the "Sewerage Commissioners to be informed of the reasons for omitting sewerage contract No. 3 from their consideration respecting the proposed award in connection with other similar sewerage contracts."

The Sewerage Commissioners beg respectfully to point out to your honorable body that they have no responsibility for the method adopted in calling for tenders, the form of wording of the tenders and specifications, or the awarding of the contract.

Ald. Macmillan wanted to know if the commissioners were not responsible, and how it was that the commissioners let a contract to McGreggor & Jeeves, and the contract was carried out under their instructions.

Ald. Macmillan urged the question be left in the hands of the commissioners for settlement. He made a motion accordingly, which was seconded by Ald. Humphrey.

Ald. Macmillan said that was his idea that the commissioners be responsible.

The motion prevailed. The Hamilton Manufacturing Co. asked payment of \$429 for keeping an engineer at the new electric light works.

Ald. Bragg asked that the matter be left with the electric light committee.

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BOARD OF TRADE COUNCIL

Government "Acknowledges" the Board's Request for Railway Subsidy.

Delegate to be Appointed to the Congress of Chambers of Commerce.

A meeting of the council of the British Columbia Board of Trade was held this morning, a number of important matters being considered.

The managing editor of the Journal of Commerce wrote asking the opinion of the board respecting the question of taking Newfoundland into the Dominion.

On motion it was decided that with the limited information at the disposal of the board, the board prefers not to commit itself to an expression of opinion further than endorsing the scheme for the federation of the whole of the British North American possessions.

Market Superintendent Johnson reported receipts for the market for May of \$149,550. Received.

Engineer Wilnot reported that the sewers on Walnut street would be \$300 and the continuing of Pemberton street surface drain would be \$500.

Ald. Williams said that it was of little use to have appliances if they were not applied. Ald. Humphrey agreed, saying that a number of cases of small pox had been traced to Oriental steamers arriving at Victoria.

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IN THE EASTERN

Heat Parching Cro Deaths From at Ham

Hendershott's App New Trial P. R. T

Toronto, June 3.-The thermometer has shade and many cases have been reported. Heat has been occurring Saturday.

Reports from all over tell of the great damage and if the rain does not come, the results will follow.

Toronto, June 3.-Owners on Saturday to expend \$300,000 on improvements and \$27,000 on electric light plant.

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The second resolution requests the "Sewerage Commissioners to be informed of the reasons for omitting sewerage contract No. 3 from their consideration respecting the proposed award in connection with other similar sewerage contracts."

The Sewerage Commissioners beg respectfully to point out to your honorable body that they have no responsibility for the method adopted in calling for tenders, the form of wording of the tenders and specifications, or the awarding of the contract.

THE TRAMWAY COMPANY.

Receivers Appointed by the Court-Garnishee Orders.

On May 31st last the Union Colliery Company and R. Dunsmuir & Sons recovered judgment aggregating about \$8000 against the Victoria Electric Railway and Lighting Company, Limited.

The trial of Drake, Jackson & Johnson vs. McLaughlin, which commenced yesterday before Mr. Justice Walker, is still in progress.

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IN THE EASTERN PROVINCES

Heat Parching Crops in Ontario—Deaths From Sunstroke at Hamilton.

Hendershott's Application for a New Trial Refused—P. R. Traffic.

Toronto, June 3.—For the past week the thermometer has averaged 94 in the shade and many cases of prostration have been reported.

Reports from all over southern Ontario tell of the great damage done to crops, and if the rain does not come soon serious results may follow.

Toronto, June 3.—The city property owners on Saturday voted down by-laws to expend \$300,000 on water works improvements and \$277,000 for a civic electric light plant.

Peterboro, June 3.—An inquiry has been instituted into the cause of the death of David Scholle, an old bachelor who farmed near here and met his death 15 months ago.

Living with him on the farm were Thomas Gray, his wife and children, who had an arrangement that for taking care of him till he died he should leave them his property.

One night in 1893 while Gray was away a fire broke out in the house. She said she got out with the children scantily clad and called to Scholle, but he did not come out.

His headless body was subsequently found in the rear part of the house not near where his room was. After the fire Gray claimed the property, sold the farm and left the country.

Montreal, June 3.—Hon. Thomas Greenway is here. In an interview he said he intended making a statement to the legislature on the day it opened, relative to the Manitoba school question.

This matter was the first order of business and would be taken up without delay. As to what decision was arrived at or what would be the purport of his announcement, Mr. Greenway refused to give any information.

Montreal, June 3.—Judge Doherty has again rejected the petition for an order to restrain the city council from passing a resolution awarding the Montreal Gas Company a ten years' limit.

In the Queen's bench to-day the jury in the case of Edwards, who killed his sister at Outremont with a hammer in March, returned a verdict that Edwards was insane.

The C. P. R. traffic for the week ending May 31 was \$465,000; for the same week last year it was \$473,000.

Quebec, June 3.—James Suiivan has been appointed harbor master here.

Millbrook, June 3.—Ephraim Clark was drowned in the mill pond near here while bathing with a companion.

Hamilton, June 3.—Thomas Downs and Cornelius Green have died from sunstroke.

Toronto, June 3.—Deputy Attorney-General Cartwright has carefully gone over the evidence taken at the trial of Duncan Hendershott and W. D. Welton, sentenced to be executed on June 18 for the murder of the former's nephew, and has decided to refuse an application for a new trial.

Four citizens of Toronto have been fined \$5 each and costs for playing golf on the ground of the Toronto Golf club on Sunday. The case will be appealed.

W. B. Wood has been appointed registrar of deeds for Brant, vice Sheenstone, deceased.

Winnipeg, June 3.—A small cyclone struck the Broken Head district on Friday evening last, tearing the roof from several buildings. There were no fatalities.

Rev. Canon Pentreath, rector of Christ church, was tendered a farewell address presented with a purse by the citizens of Winnipeg to-night.

Halifax, N. S., June 4.—Word has been received here to the effect that sealers have been spreading trawls near Sable Island, not far from the northeast bar, which is a rendezvous for seals while yet young, and which is, in fact, the only available place for the animals in this part of the Atlantic. Complaint is also made that the foxes which were placed on the island some three years ago for the extermination of pestiferous mice, have failed in this object, and have made serious ravages upon the black and shell ducks, of which the island is a favorite resort. These matters will be brought to the attention of the government.

Montreal, June 4.—While laborers were excavating the site of the new Dalhousie Square station of the C. P. R. this afternoon a landslide occurred, killing one man and injuring several others.

The grand jury has returned a true bill against two Grand Trunk conductors, William Lewis and Frederick Penneville, for conspiring to defraud.

Woodstock, June 4.—A two-story frame house on Dundas street, owned by J. and T. Grant, and occupied by Thomas Cole, which he carried a \$15,000 stock of dry goods, was destroyed by fire this evening. The stock is a total loss. It was insured for \$4000 in the Commercial Union and London and Lancashire companies. The building was insured for \$1000 in the Waterloo Mutual.

Toronto, June 4.—It is stated here that the crown has secured evidence in the Otonabee tragedy to prove that the head of David Scholle was seen from the body with a buck saw and that the operator was a woman.

The remains of Willie Wells, with whose murder the Hyamses are charged, are still at the undertaker's here, and are not likely to be buried until after the next trial.

Godwin Smith writes to the press opposing women's suffrage.

The name of ex-Ald. Hall, of this city, who was mixed up in the recent boodling investigation, has been removed from the roll of barristers for Ontario.

Mary Atkinson, aged seventy-six, died in the country last yesterday from the effects of a criminal assault committed on her on Wednesday night by William Broom and Frank Smith. Broom and Smith, who have each served terms in the penitentiary, are under arrest.

Winnipeg, June 4.—The Archbishop of Athabaska writes in the city press calling attention to the rapid devastation of the northern forests by fires. He says many parts of his diocese formerly thick with timber are now but blackened wastes.

Extensive reductions are proposed in the salaries of Winnipeg's city officials. All the members of the Winnipeg city police force have been appointed provincial constables by the local government, so as to provide better police protection in the suburbs of the city.

A big beaver dam has been discovered on the line of the projected Hudson's Bay road, north of Gladstone.

John Goldstaub, merchant, of Plum Coulee, has been sentenced to three months imprisonment for concealing goods with intent to defraud the insurance companies.

Winnipeg capitalists are reported to have discovered a good bed of coal at Buffalo point, adjacent to the Lake of the Woods, and near the United States boundary. It is now being surveyed.

Several Hungarians from North Dakota arrived here to-day en route to the Bella Coulee, B. C., district, where they take up land. They are in charge of C. P. R. Passenger Agent Farrell.

Toronto, June 4.—There was a very fashionable marriage this evening at 8 o'clock in the Church of the Redeemer, when Albert Johnson, of New York, was wedded to Louise Victoria MacFarlane, daughter of J. P. M. MacFarlane, of this city. There were three hundred and fifty guests, many of whom were from New York, Cleveland, Boston and other American cities.

Winnipeg, June 5.—The Lake of the Woods Milling Co. have decided to increase their elevator capacity in this province by 750,000 bushels.

Belleville, June 5.—A big storm is passing over here. Pieces of ice a half inch thick by two inches square fell, breaking the windows in many places. Barns were blown down and four cottages on Big Island were also demolished.

Smith's Falls, June 5.—At yesterday's session of the Montreal Methodist conference there was a spirited discussion on the Manitoba school question. Dr. Shaw endeavored by various means to shelve the subject, but the conference was almost unanimous in declaring against federal interference.

Toronto, Ont., June 5.—R. K. Oliver, barrister, of this city, died at Rochester yesterday.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

So Far the Fisheries Have Been About the Average.

St. John, Nfld., June 4.—An adjournment of the legislature occasions uneasiness, especially as the newspapers publish press clippings tending to show that certain legal points require to be proven before the loan negotiations can be concluded. The legislature may not proceed to business until after Colonial Secretary Bond's return from England, if he can get back before the end of June. If not the retrenchment proposals will be introduced, as it is essential that all changes of salaries and reductions of grants begin before the next quarter.

The fishery reports show an average catch so far this year. Sir Herbert Murray, British commissioner, who was sent here by the Imperial government to aid in the relief of the poor, is arranging to conclude his work by June 15.

St. John's, Nfld., June 3.—There was no meeting of the legislature again to-day. The executive is preparing the retrenchment scheme and also arranging the budget and the tariff revision. The clergy of all denominations are unanimously opposing the reductions in the educational grant of twenty five per cent. as contemplated by the government. It is stated by the opposition press that Premier Whiteaway is to be ejected from the premiership and succeeded by Colonial Secretary Bond. There seems to be considerable probability in the report. The work on the railway begins at the end of the week. About 1,500 men will be employed.

METHODIST MISSIONS.

At Chen Tu, China. Destroyed by Rioters—No Lives Lost.

New York, June 3.—Dr. L. L. Baldwin, recording secretary of the Methodist Episcopal board of missions, was seen to-day at the board room in regard to the reported destruction of the society's mission homes at Chen Tu, the capital of the province of Ezechuen. "The destruction was reported to have been the work of Chinese rioters. We received a cablegram this morning from Chung King, the board's headquarters in Western China," said Dr. Baldwin. "The cablegram stated that on May 21st Chinese rioters had destroyed the mission buildings at Chen Tu, but no one connected with the mission had been injured. Our board has mission houses, chapel and a hospital, which latter is in course of erection at Chen Tu. Our missionaries include Rev. H. Olin Cadw, and wife, Rev. J. F. Fort and wife, Dr. H. L. Canright and wife, and Rev. J. O. Curnow and wife. The Canadian Methodist board of missions has a branch at Chen Tu, as has also the Inland China Missionary society of England. Chen Tu is the western missionary locality in China. It is situated near the border of Tibet and is the most populous city in Western China, and the political and literary centre of the province. We expect to receive full particulars as to the uprising and the damage done by the next mail steamer to reach this country from China."

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

The Jubilee Regatta a Harwich—Ailsa Kins Ashore When in the Lead.

The Fitzsimmons-Corbett Mill to be Felled Off in Texas—Local Sports.

YACHTING.

HARWICH REGATTA.

Harwich, Eng., June 3.—The Stephanie lodged a protest against the Niagara, claiming that the latter fouled her.

The Times says of yesterday's race that the Niagara was improved greatly over her Lowestoft form, but it was easily through the state of the weather that she got a forward place at the finish.

"The most meritorious performers of the day," says the Times, "were unquestionably the Stephanie and the Audrey. The finish was thoroughly diverting, and had not the Stephanie stuck to the Niagara, the latter would probably have won."

Harwich, June 4.—The regatta of the Royal Harwich Yacht club was continued to-day with races over the same course as yesterday. Four yachts over 40 tons, the course was 37 miles long; for 20 raters, the course was 22 miles long and as follows: Out of harbor round Cork lightship and a mark boat near Stonehenge, thence up the river or W. 825 around a mark; boat at Station Eight, finishing off Felixstowe Pier. Twice around this course completes the total distance. The Britannia crossed the starting line half a minute ahead of the Ailsa. Wind light. Mr. Howard Gould's Niagara had the weather berth in the start with the smaller yachts, and she also had the best of it at the beginning of the race and led Prince Bathynany-Stratman's Stephanie and Lord Durraven's Audrey by two lengths. On leaving the river the Niagara had nearly doubled the distance in the lead and looked like a winner. In the lightest of breezes, however, the Stephanie got a long lead on the Niagara. Time off Felixstowe Pier was as follows: Stephanie, 1:22:25; Niagara, 1:38:00. Audrey, Ironou and Luna were at this stage of the race at the stern.

The Ailsa went ashore on the Ship Wash sands when in the lead. It is thought probably she will get off late in the afternoon, as the sea is smooth and it is not likely she has sustained any serious damage.

The Ailsa was subsequently floated, as expected, and arrived here safely in tow.

In the 20 raters contest the Stephanie won, finishing at 5:06:02. The Niagara finished at 6 p.m. and won the second prize.

FOUL DISMISSED.

Harwich, June 5.—The protest lodged yesterday against Howard Gould's yacht Niagara by Prince Bathynany-Stratman's Stephanie was dismissed to-day. The Stephanie claimed that the Niagara fouled her in the Jubilee regatta.

THE TURF.

HALF-MILE ENTRIES.

Mr. J. R. Green, of Regina, N. W. T., has sent a fine bay stallion to Victoria to be trained by Mr. Baumstark, who has had Munroe's Storm in hand the past year.

There are five entries for the half-mile heat race at Stanley Park next Saturday afternoon, which, it is prophesied, will be a close one. The entries are: Mac, Irish Maid, Pet, Riley, Taffy and Kirkwood.

DOMINION DAY RACES.

There will be a good programme of open races at Stanley Park July 1 and 2, including steeplechases, running and trotting races. The events will be Stanley stakes, mile and repeat, handicap, purse, \$100; three minute class, 3 in 5, \$125; two-year-old trotting and pacing, \$25 each and \$50 added; polo steeplechase, mile and half, handicap, gold plate, \$50; three-quarter mile and repeat, handicap, \$100; 2:40 class, trotting and pacing, \$125; five-eighths of a mile dash, handicap, \$100; grand steeplechase, gentlemen riders, two and a quarter miles, prize, 20 guineas; free-for-all trotting and pacing, \$200. The conditions in all classes will be given later.

CRICKET.

WONDERFUL INNINGS BY GRACE.

Visitors to the county ground at Bristol yesterday had a rare treat, says Sporting Life of May 18. Not only did they have the pleasure of witnessing the home eleven head Somerset's score of 303 by 171 runs, but also of seeing W. G. Grace achieve a great personal triumph. For eight the famous cricketer had made 32, and yesterday he increased his score to 288. Not since he made 215 against Sussex at Brighton had the champion played an innings of 200 in first class cricket, but only on two previous occasions has he surpassed yesterday's score in an important match. That, perhaps, cricket readers will hardly need to be reminded, was 19 years ago, when, playing for the M. C. C. against Kent at Canterbury, he scored 344—till the present day the highest individual score in first class matches—while a few days later, in the game between Gloucestershire and Yorkshire, at Cheltenham, he put together 318 not out—another unbeaten record in an important county match. His achievement yesterday quite recalled the old times when the Western county held the pride of place among the shires, and in his younger days Grace scarcely played with greater vigor and mystery ability. From the start to the finish of his magnificent innings he punished the bowling with remarkable freedom, hitting the ball to all parts of the field, and perhaps he was seen at his best when approaching his second hundred, his batting at that stage being of a brilliant description. Perhaps the most remarkable fact in connection with his innings was that so far as could be seen he did not give an actual chance until the one that brought about his dismissal. When at 245 he had a narrow escape of being caught at mid-wicket. Tyler, only just touching, and not quite reaching the ball, but this was the only serious blemish in a wonderful display that will not be forgotten by those who had the good fortune to be present. Another very remarkable feature was the pace at which Grace obtained his runs. His first 50 runs only occupied an hour, the total then being 91, and he scored 102 out of 183 in two hours. As was only to be expected, he was unable to maintain the great rate of scoring, but his second hundred only took him as many minutes, the score then being 340, while altogether he was at the wickets for five hours and twenty minutes, having gone in first, and being ninth out at 463. His innings consisted of 38 fours, 11 threes, 29 twos, and only 45 singles. The occasion was further rendered memorable by the fact that with his score of 288 runs Dr. Grace completed the unparalleled feat of obtaining one hundred innings of three figures in first class cricket, and it may well be said that May 17, 1895, will long remain a red-letter day, not only in the history of Gloucestershire cricket, but of the game itself. As may be imagined, the great player was the recipient of hearty congratulations, the crowd giving full vent to their feelings of admiration and delight.

THE RING.

CORBETT AND FITZSIMMONS.

Dallas, Tex., June 4.—The News has received the following telegram from Dan Stewart, who is now in New York for the purpose of having the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight pulled off at Dallas: "Everything is signed and the contest is coming to Texas."

GRESHAM BURIED.

The Remains of the Secretary Committed to the Tomb.

Chicago, May 31.—The remains of Walter G. Gresham were laid in the vault in Oakwood cemetery yesterday afternoon, there to remain until the members of his family have decided upon a place of final interment, either in Oakwood or in some other cemetery in Chicago. Gen. Gresham loved Chicago and it loved him.

Never in the city's history, save the day when the dead body of Abraham Lincoln was carried through its streets, has Chicago testified as fully her grief at the death of any one man. The streets through which the funeral cortege passed and the cemetery were packed with a crowd so dense that they could be packed no closer. For hours before the time set for the arrival of the funeral train thousands of people stood waiting in the sun, which beat down on them with tropical fervor. As the hearse passed slowly along every head was uncovered in respect to the illustrious dead, and during the short services before the body was finally placed in the vault, the cemetery for a distance of several hundred feet around the vault was filled with a crowd which stood without a sound until the rites were finished. The hands which bore his lifeless form from the car in which it had come from Washington City were the hands of men who had marched and fought with him in years gone by, the men of the Loyal Legion.

The men who walked before the casket as honorary pallbearers were men who sat beside him when he graced the Federal bench and upheld the nation's laws with the same frank and fearless spirit in which he had upheld his honor on the battlefield. There by the door of the open vault stood Grover Cleveland, the man who holds the highest office in the gift of the American people, and there stood other men—the old Grand Army, whose hearts were full of love and the spirit of brotherhood for Walter G. Gresham, because he, as well as they, had in the dark days of the nation's life held firm his faith and kept pace with a full free step to the music of the Union. At one side of the vault were drawn up squadrons of the famous "fighting" Seventh cavalry, and in the background the men of the Fifteenth infantry. They stood motionless at present arms, and when the last of the commitment services were over the buglers of the Seventh stepped forward, raised their bugles and in clear notes sounded "taps." No other military honors were given, and the tributes to which the dead man so justly entitled him were, at the wish of his family, dispensed with. In fact, none were needed, for the fame of the manly man who had shone as a soldier, a jurist and cabinet minister is secure with the people who loved him so well.

STODDART IS ELECTED.

He Secures a Majority of Twelve Over J. D. Prentice.

Mr. D. A. Stoddart, the government candidate, was elected a member of the provincial legislature for East Lillooet by the bye-election held on Saturday by a majority of 12 over Mr. J. D. Prentice, the opposition candidate. At the general election Mr. Prentice secured a majority of one. The election was protested, but the matter was compromised by both candidates agreeing to another election act being passed in the house to make this possible. Both candidates were very popular in the district. As far as heard from the details of the voting are: Clinton, Stoddart, 47; Prentice, 36; Lac La Hache, Stoddart, 17; Prentice, 13.

Mr. Stoddart was a member of the sixth parliament, being elected at the general election in 1891.

Napanee, Ont., June 5.—Fred Neilson, aged 35, attending the collegiate institute here, while swimming in the Napanee river yesterday was seized with a cramp and was drowned.

his batting at that stage being of a brilliant description. Perhaps the most remarkable fact in connection with his innings was that so far as could be seen he did not give an actual chance until the one that brought about his dismissal. When at 245 he had a narrow escape of being caught at mid-wicket. Tyler, only just touching, and not quite reaching the ball, but this was the only serious blemish in a wonderful display that will not be forgotten by those who had the good fortune to be present. Another very remarkable feature was the pace at which Grace obtained his runs. His first 50 runs only occupied an hour, the total then being 91, and he scored 102 out of 183 in two hours. As was only to be expected, he was unable to maintain the great rate of scoring, but his second hundred only took him as many minutes, the score then being 340, while altogether he was at the wickets for five hours and twenty minutes, having gone in first, and being ninth out at 463. His innings consisted of 38 fours, 11 threes, 29 twos, and only 45 singles. The occasion was further rendered memorable by the fact that with his score of 288 runs Dr. Grace completed the unparalleled feat of obtaining one hundred innings of three figures in first class cricket, and it may well be said that May 17, 1895, will long remain a red-letter day, not only in the history of Gloucestershire cricket, but of the game itself. As may be imagined, the great player was the recipient of hearty congratulations, the crowd giving full vent to their feelings of admiration and delight.

The Pennsylvania Oil Section a Mass of Flames—Scorching Weather.

The Alliance Affair Settled—Lady Sholto Douglas Still on the Boards.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 4.—To-day's weather is a record breaker. The thermometer registered 92. The wind has veered around to the south from the southwest, giving the city a radiated heat from the land instead of a cooler lake breeze.

Detroit, Mich., June 4.—The jury in the case of Mrs. Nellie Pope, charged with the murder of her husband, returned a verdict of guilty at 2 p.m. She was immediately sentenced to life imprisonment.

Baltimore, Md., June 4.—A special to the News from Wheeling, W. Va., says 500 striking miners from Dillonville attacked non-union men at the Graylock Coal Company's works, which resumed this morning, and beat 20 of them in a terrible manner. One man will die.

San Francisco, June 4.—Loretta Addis, Lady Douglas, is still performing at the local theatre while Lord Sholto is away at Burlingame for a short season. She does not consider herself fully married as no religious ceremony has been performed, only a legal tie by a justice of the peace.

New York, June 4.—Stocks closed steady.

At the regular board meeting of the Commercial Cable Company, held to-day, the usual quarterly dividend of 1 1/2 per cent. was declared, payable July 1. The transfer books will be closed on the 21st of June and re-opened on the 2nd of July.

Washington, June 4.—The state department to-day received from United States Minister Taylor at Madrid the complete and final answer of Spain to the demand of Secretary Gresham for the disavowal of firing on the United States merchant ship Alliance. The document has been awaited for some time with interest and it was undoubtedly one of the main subjects which acting Secretary of State Uhl brought to the attention of the cabinet at the meeting to-day. The answer is most cordial in tone, and is expressive of the fullest disavowal of the firing on the command of the Spanish gunboat which fired on the Alliance. It is said to be entirely satisfactory to the government as it fully meets in letter and spirit the demands made.

There is no longer any reasonable doubt that the President has determined to ask Attorney-General Olney to accept the state department portfolio.

Newark, N. J., June 4.—The fire which broke out in the grain elevator attached to the Ballantyne brewery at 12:45 o'clock this morning is under control. The loss is roughly estimated at \$250,000, partly covered by insurance. Cause of fire unknown.

Bradford, Pa., June 4.—Oon Kun, three miles from Russell City, which was wiped out yesterday afternoon, is entirely obliterated from the face of the earth. The place consisted of 27 buildings, pump station, school house, and a saw mill. A. B. Fowler, superintendent of the Northern Oil Co., says while he and his men were at work "building a fire," a stiffening breeze came up as if by magic and in less time than it takes to tell it the fire was upon them. They ran to the town and aroused the people. Men, women and children made a wild race for the railroad track, a distance of five miles, while the flames played havoc with their belongings. The Northern Oil Co. lost forty oil wells at their place and a large number of new rigs that had been built for the new wells. About 25 tanks of oil were consumed and lent energy to the flames. The Elk Oil Co. is also a heavy loser. The fire reported at Knappe Creek is still raging, and has done a large amount of damage. The fire has spread to Bell's camp, and 35 oil wells are now on fire. Reports from Duke Centre state that the entire valley is on fire, and the loss to oil and lumber men will be enormous. Kansas Branch, Davis City, Summit City, Dallas City, Oil Water, Limestone, State Line, Derrick City and Red Rock are all in it, and unless rain falls soon there is no telling what the result will be. The sky is black with smoke, and the mountains are invisible on all sides. The heat is intense. The fire has reached the oil field at West Branch. A dense cloud of smoke has burst forth. It is reported several wells and tanks are on fire.

Jamestown, N.Y., June 4.—At noon the thermometer registered 98 in the shade and at 2 p.m. 96, the humidity increasing during the afternoon.

Last evening Mrs. Smith, of North Park street, met with a painful accident as a result of a horse being tied across the sidewalk to allow him to graze. She was walking up Herald street, opposite Calvary church, when she tripped across the rope and was thrown to the ground. The horse was taken to the pound.

THE OIL DISTRICT IN FLAMES

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Washington, June 4.—The state department to-day received from United States Minister Taylor at Madrid the complete and final answer of Spain to the demand of Secretary Gresham for the disavowal of firing on the United States merchant ship Alliance. The document has been awaited for some time with interest and it was undoubtedly one of the main subjects which acting Secretary of State Uhl brought to the attention of the cabinet at the meeting to-day. The answer is most cordial in tone, and is expressive of the fullest disavowal of the firing on the command of the Spanish gunboat which fired on the Alliance. It is said to be entirely satisfactory to the government as it fully meets in letter and spirit the demands made.

There is no longer any reasonable doubt that the President has determined to ask Attorney-General Olney to accept the state department portfolio.

Newark, N. J., June 4.—The fire which broke out in the grain elevator attached to the Ballantyne brewery at 12:45 o'clock this morning is under control. The loss is roughly estimated at \$250,000, partly covered by insurance. Cause of fire unknown.

Bradford, Pa., June 4.—Oon Kun, three miles from Russell City, which was wiped out yesterday afternoon, is entirely obliterated from the face of the earth. The place consisted of 27 buildings, pump station, school house, and a saw mill. A. B. Fowler, superintendent of the Northern Oil Co., says while he and his men were at work "building a fire," a stiffening breeze came up as if by magic and in less time than it takes to tell it the fire was upon them. They ran to the town and aroused the people. Men, women and children made a wild race for the railroad track, a distance of five miles, while the flames played havoc with their belongings. The Northern Oil Co. lost forty oil wells at their place and a large number of new rigs that had been built for the new wells. About 25 tanks of oil were consumed and lent energy to the flames. The Elk Oil Co. is also a heavy loser. The fire reported at Knappe Creek is still raging, and has done a large amount of damage. The fire has spread to Bell's camp, and 35 oil wells are now on fire. Reports from Duke Centre state that the entire valley is on fire, and the loss to oil and lumber men will be enormous. Kansas Branch, Davis City, Summit City, Dallas City, Oil Water, Limestone, State Line, Derrick City and Red Rock are all in it, and unless rain falls soon there is no telling what the result will be. The sky is black with smoke, and the mountains are invisible on all sides. The heat is intense. The fire has reached the oil field at West Branch. A dense cloud of smoke has burst forth. It is reported several wells and tanks are on fire.

Jamestown, N.Y., June 4.—At noon the thermometer registered 98 in the shade and at 2 p.m. 96, the humidity increasing during the afternoon.

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