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# ÁNADA <br> LumbervyanWEEKLY EDITION 

The Lumberman Monthily Edtilon, 20 pages\} s..oo mer rear \{The Lumberman Weekly Edilition, every Wednestay

Vol. I.
TORONTO, ONT., JUNE E, 1895

CURREMT TRADE CONDItIONS. ontario.
The general improvement in trade, and especially the hardening of values in iron, wheat and hides, is inspiring the lumber trade with confidence. It seems hardly possible for an upward tendency to be manifested in these departments of commerce, and lumber not be helped. However, as yet no improvement has taken place. Shipments, to fill orders previously booked, are going out, now that navigation has opened, but, to quote the words of a local mill man, "we would like to be making more sales." Trade is better than it was a month aso, but this might be the case, and yet nothing very remarkable transpise. Transactions are small, and buyers extremely careful. l'rices, with perhaps a few exceptions, are farrly well holding their own, and yet in some respects, are none too firm. The opinion is generally entertained that no marked revival in lumber will be noticeable this side of fall.
gurbec and new hrunswick.
The shippin; of lumber from Queiec is now in tood swing for the season, and the outlook is considered encouraging by shippers on this side of the Atlantic. In New Brunswick, there is good activity, and the demand for lumber from United States markets is assuming good-sized proportions. The demand for tonnage is considerable, and freights keep firm-a healthy sign. Stream driving is meeting with good success, all these conditions tending to make the outlook bright. Prices are not advancing, as some had expected, but a healthy business, with fairly satisfactory returns, is being done. british columaia.
The lumber output, both for home consumption and export, easily holds its own, and if anything, there is an increase in the volume of trade being done. Shipments to California do not abate, and the Marine records indicate a good volume of export irade. The report of Mr. Larke, Canadian Commercial Agent to Australia, which we publish in another column, will call for careful reading by l'acific coast lumbermen. The suggest'ons made must have an important bearing on the future of British Columbia trade with Australia, and ought to be heeded.
unitho statrs.
The luuber trade of May has shown an increase on that of April, but it has hardly reached the volume that was anticipated when the month was entered upon. The unfavorable news of damage to crops and fruits, received midway in the month, proved a damper on current trade. In the United States, as in Camada,
travellers who were on the road at that time, found it almost impossible, for the time being, to do business. However, there is good reason to know that the injury to the crops, and especially wheat, has not been nearly 50 disastrous as the first reports indicated. It may be, that business during June will take on the strength which was lost in May. The pronounced revival in the iron industries is doing much to create a better feeling in lumber circles. No advance can be reported of lumber, but, as someone has remarked, the lumber trade is the last to feel depression, and the last th ecover from it. The improvement must certainly come. Writing of white pine, it has to be repeated that there is no removal on the part of buyers from the conservative spirit that has marked their conduct the whole season through. The buying is altogether in small lots.

## Foxelici.

A greater settledness is believed to be a seature of the lumber market in the Cnited Kingdon. For many months past, it has been impossible to write of British trade and throw into it any great degree of sunshine. One condition, and again another, havehelpedtohinder revival. But these hinderances, it is hoped, are now passing away, though slowly, and as a result it is expected that there will be a considerable expansion of consumption in lumber, which wili reflect itself in all deparments of the lumber trade. A recent report from Melbouine. Australia, says that in certain parts of the country districts, the actual consumption of lumber has been fully maintained, though in other quarters a slight derline has been noticeable. Values for all descriptions of timber hive not, however, been reduced, and for stocks on hand, a tendency towards better rates is apparent. From other forelgn points there is nothing particular to report.

## Hakdwoons.

"We shink that June will open up with 2 very decent volume of business in hardwoods." is the greeting we received from a incal dealer this week. The trade for M:ty had not been at all discouraging, and already a good many orders are booked for shipment in June. The demand for ash and elm is steady, and there has been a larger call for maple in the past few weeks, than formerly. Mlaple dragged for a time, and mill men were a linte ciiscouraged, but it has taken on fresh life lately, which will help to reduce the overplus of stock that was being carried in some quarters.
W. L. Johnoca \& Ca, saw mill, New Wexminster, 8. C., has saxigred.

## stocks and prices.

## carata.

Hale \& liooth, Pembroke, have about 240.000 cubic feet of fine board pine, at Grand Marais, Mich., ready to ship.

The Miowera left Vancouver, B. C., for the Antipodes a week agu, carrying Ca, 000 feet of lumber for Suva, 225,000 feet of lumber for Sydney, and 350,000 laths for Sydney.

Lumber shipments trom St. John, N. B., to the United States for the pasi week were represented by $3,000,000$ feet of long lumber, over $3,500,000$ lath, and over 4 ,000,00 shingles. About $1,50,000$ feet of deals, cleated for lbritish ports.

The cargnes of the barks, Hannah Blanchard, Kelvin and ship Loanda, which left Parrsbort, N. S., for England last week, totalled $3,100,187$ feet of deals, and 106,980 feet deal ends.

Five carloads of lumber from the Royal City Mills, New Westminster, 13. C., and two carloads from-the Brunctue Saw Mills, and two carloads of shingles from the Pacitic Coast Lumber Company., were shipped east from that point last week.
The American sch. Comet, has left New Westminster, B. C., for San Pedro, Cal. She takes 497,207 fect of lumber and 164,000 laths, and the total valueis $\$ 4$,223, loaded at the Royal Cuty Planing Mills, and consigned to San Pedro Lumber Co.
Tise Lake Leman, now on her way from Vancouver, B. C., for Valparaiso, is carrying 795,599 feet of lumber, valued at $\$ 6$, 552.56 , and Hopetnun, bound for Adelaide, Australia, with $1,451,347$ feet of lumber, 16,935 laths, and 4,810 pickets, valued at \$11,956.15.
The following exports of lumber have gone out from St. John, N. 13., during the week: Jer sch. Heather 13ell, for Boston, by J. R. Warner \& Co., 64,0.46 scan:ling, 22,S54 plank, 51,950 deals; per sch Sower, for Boston, by Dunn Bros., So, 101 deals, 39,412 plank, to, 49 ; scantling ; ner sch. A. P. Emersnn, for New York, by Miller \& Woodman, 300,030 deals ; per sch. Vern, for Boston, by Chas. Miller, 1 . 300,000 cellar shingles; per sch. Ida D. Sturges, for College l'oint, by W. C. Pervus, 1 Sj, $_{202}$ deals, 71,960 plank, $=6,039$ scintling; per sch. Advance, for Providence, R. I., by Dunn ilsos., 125,504 boards; per sch. Relecca W. Huddell, for New York, by Randolph \& Baker, 280 , $\alpha_{3}$ deals ; per sch. Modena, for Boston. by Dunn Bros., 24,241 deals, 109,348 plank, 25,722 scantling, It,075 clap boards; per sch. D. Gifford, for Boston, by L. M Jewitt, 207,791 boards and plank, 11,504 scautling, 18,800 pickets.

Other exprorts from St. John, N. B., are as follows. For Boston, per sch. Mary George, by A. Cushing \& Co., $5 \geq 0,500$ lath. Sch. Beulah, by A. Cushing \& Co., $=9.936$ de:als, 26,350 plank, 59,207 scant ling. For Galway, per bark Sayre, by IV M. McKay, ${ }^{\text {SO. } 59+\text { deals, } 9,422 \text { ends. For }}$ New York, per sch. Avis, by Miller \& Woodman, tut,272 feet deals: scla. Eagle, by Stetson, Cutler \& Co., 2ig,S6. deals. For Providence, R. 1., per sclo. Innie li.arper, by Stetson, Cutlerii Co., 631,000 laths. For Vineyard Haven, Miss., per sch. Romeo, by Stetson, Cutleri Co., 162,027plank.
Exportsfrom, Montreal Que.include: Per ss. Nesmore, for Liverpool, 3,526 deals, 986 boards, 749 =-in. deals, 7,569 deals and ends, by Watson \& Todd; 4,165 deals, by J. Burstall \& Co.; $3,71 \mathrm{~S}$ deals and boards, 997 boards, 5753 -in. deals, by R Cox $\mathbb{S}$ Co.; 1,39S maple planks, by Canadinn Pacific Railway. Per ss. Mongolian, for Liverpool, 1,500 maple planks, by Canadıan Pacific Railway: 120 pieces timber, 9,469 deals, by W. © J. Sharpless. Per ss. Vancouser, for Liverpool, 5,243 bdls pulp, by the Laurentide Pulp $\mathrm{Co}_{0}$; 8,549 deals, by J. Burstall \& Co.; 7,609 deals, 39 pieces of birch, by Dobell, Beckett \& Co.; 1,310 boards, 760 deal ends, by Robt. Co. \& Co.; 2,8;o maple blocks, by Canadian Pacific Railway. Per. ss. Norwegian, for Glasyow, 1,930 pieces, deals and boards, by Imperial Lumber Co.; 11,452 deals, boards and ends, 604 deals, by Robt. Cox \& Co.; 13 pieces timber, by W. \& J. Sharpless.

## eniten stales.

Lumber dealers along the Saginaw iver report many sales of lumber during the past few weeks to Canadians.

2,000,00 feet of lumber from Duluth, Minn., reached Saginar, Mich., a week
ago, for $\mathrm{V} . \mathrm{B}$. Mershon $\&$ Co. ago, for IV. B. Mershon $\&$ Co.
A Michigan manufacturer, who ships by water, says that he is realizing for log aun maple at mill $\$ 12$ a thousand; for basswood, $\$ 13$ a thousand, and for elin from $\$ 12.50$ to $\$ 12.75$; but these prices are for shipments east.
At Saginaw, Mich., loy run fine brings
$\$ 18$ and fair \$16. Coarse Canada stock is quoted as low as $\$ 1+$. Box lumber is held at $\$ 10$ to $\$ 10.50$, and Norway bill stuff at $\$ 8$ to $\$ 8.50$. Shingles are quoted at $\$ 1.60$ to $\$ 1.75$ for clear butts, and $\$ 2.50$ to 2.75 for four X, but sales are slow.

## LUMBER EXPORTS TO AUSTRALIA.

Mr. J. S. Larke, Canddian Commerrial Agent to Australia, in a recent report to the golerninent, makes the following observations, which are of much interest to the mill owners and shippers of British Columbia:
In previous reports seference has been made to mmplaints respecting the quality of timber shipped to this port fron British Columbia and elsewhere. Upon enquiry, the course into
which the lumber trade was likely to drift apWhich the lumber trade was likely to drift ap.
peased to me to threaten danger to the trade. peared to me to threaten danger to the trade.
Fornerly lumber was largely shipperl by the mill-owners, and sold by auction on arrival, as it still is, to a certain extent in Mellourne.
Did cargoss arrive upon a well supplied marDid cargoss arrive upon a nell supplicd mar-
ket, it resulted in low prices being obtained, and. frequenily, a loss to the shipper. This method was gradually changed to une wherein the cargo of timber was directly sold to the
timber lirokers, who had generally taker pretimber lorokers, who had generally taker pre-
vious orders for it from one or more local im. ber merchants. Cash was paid for the cargo on receipt of the invoices and bill of lading. This reccipt for a time was satisfactory, and no cumplaint has made of the character of the timler liut two or three years ago, a San
Irancisco dealer came to Sydney and sold a Francisco dicalce came to Sydncy and sold a
quantity of Oregon at a low figure. It was the quantity of Oregon at a low figure. It was the
proluct of a lyget Sound nill alout to close down, and proved to be very inferior to that formerly sent here. Sume other mills to meet the cut in prices, shipped a similar grade. The buyers claimed a relaste on the price, on ace count of the inferior quality, and dicmanded a
surves: Two timber experts were selected io
assess the damange on the inferior timber, one selected Ly the timber merchant, and the wther
1,y the hroker. This wouh but, as a matter of would appear to be far hut, is a matter of fact, the millowner, whin,
in the end, would tee called on to suffer the ins the end, would the called on to suffer the
assessed damages and corts of surves, was not assessed damages and conts of surves, was not
represemed at all. It was clear hat, monder this system, the unscrupulous dealer would lay claim io damapes as a manter of course. II stuod a chance of getting a larger allowanc than he was properly entitled to, and in any Mere he uffered no loss as the coosts fell on the nullownir. It was admitted, that in wne or
two instances, timber merchants lad wade two instances, timber merchants had made money out of the claim for damages. Through the kindness of Dtr. Curtis, a number of gentle
men largely intereted men largely interested in the trade met me. printeit ont the dapger of the present .ystem from the millowner's point of siew showing that
the presemt system wi, ofiering a prenuum ot the the present system wa, ofiering a premum to the
unprincipled bayer. That while it was clear that unprincipled bayer. That while it was clear that
inferiur stuff had been semt here, and the umber inferiur stuff had been semt here, and the cmmber merchant must be propert) protected, jetit must be dune in some manner that would not he unjust to the shipper. I suggested that in future sur-
veys, the following rules shuata the followed: veys, the following nultes should be followed:
The timber merchant on receiving the tim. trex, should put on one side all he deemed to tie below the geade purchased.
The rejected timber should tee cammined piece by piece hy the surveyors.
They shoult take note of the quantity which lind leeen reiected without sufficient cause
In making the anard, the character of the Whole eargo should be aten into account, and if the timber was of a superior grade it should reduce the damages on the inferior purtion.
The cosis of the surve) should tre assessed upon the seller and buyer proportionately to that rejected hy the buyer.
While these suggestions were deemed rea. sonable, it was thought that they could not in sollable, it was thought that they couid not in part of the contract.
Two days after this meeting, I was notified by the purchasers, Messrs. Scott, Henderson cargo just a surves wiss demanded upon cargo just arrived from British Columbia. Messrs: Scolt, Henderson i. Co. manifested every desire to have the survey conduciec upe on equitable terms, and in the case of the portion of the cargo first unloaded, which hent to one tiniber neerchant, the rules 1 suggested awarded has been stanall. Am survecy of the reawarnied has been stanal. A strrey of the re-
maincier of the cargo taken by another dlealer has been called and will be held newt week. It followed up, these rules will much morlerate unjust reclamations and are the best that can le done at present in the interest of the mill. owners, but it will be necessary that they should carefully consider the conditions of trade here, and devise some method that wili place it on a more satisfactory footing.
A thousand boxes of butler, the boxes made from spruce from British Columbia, have gone ic Londun in the "Wooloonuoloo." In the boxes opened hefore sailing the huter, though packed for some time, was entirely free from taint. If this shipment lands all right, it will go far towards remoring the prejididice against spruce boxes that now prevails in Australia,
and if the Canadian producers can nect the and if the Canadian producers can neect the
price this will do much to restore a promusing prade.

## THE LUMBER SITUATION.

Mr. J. T. Schell, of Macpherson Si Schell, lumbermen, Alexandria, Ont., writes: "In January and-February, prospectively the year 1895 bid fair in be an exceptionally busy one, with good demand and higher prices. judging from the amount of correspondence, and enquiry by commission buyers principally, and to a lesser extent by manufacturers. Hope was more in evidence, however, than Faith, if we judge by the transacuns and contracts closed. The wish to contract for stock at the lowest-on-record prices secmen to be vely gencral ; and the hope that when the revival came would find bus ers of mill stocks on top, appears now on have been the moving eiement, which, if it did not much else. increased the postal revenues durng the winter. The desire to sell at any price offered is not ery general in this section of Ontarnn, and if sates are not made it an pas ing price the lumber is found where it shoukd bein the mill yar.is. Since the quest for "soft snaps" resulted in little buying eariy in the season a steadier tone perviades the trade,
and sales are being made mnstly to old
buyers at the following values senerally: Bass, culls well out, $\$ 13,50$ to $\$ 10$ for thick and good stock. Brown ash, good log run, $\$ 14$, maple, $\$ 14$ to $\$ 16$ for inch and thicker. Birch, $\$ 1+$ in $\$ 18$. There will be about the usual quantities of bass and ash lambet cut this year, though bass, if anything, will show a dimimition in quantity, as well as average widths, compared with a few yeats ago. More soft elm is citt this year than formerly, and $\$ 11$ per 1,000 is the value for sond aver. ange wide stock. lioth soft and hard maple is being more used for flooring, locally; as well as for shipment, and though stocks are larger, so is the demand. The bass lumber is now largely sold, and by the end of June, the aish buyers from New Enghtand will probably have bought most of the 1805 cut at $\$ 14$. Stocks in manuracturen's and dealer's hands in eastern markets are light, and when the "revival" comes to hardwond dealers, it is likely to be like the wheat market is now. In the present passive condition of demiand, many lots held by small mills will go into the hinds of dealers, and at no big price-and will addorn the mill yards until next fall probably, when it will go out to the consumer at paying prices. It appears to be a seneral feeling, which has possession of the trade at present that prices will improve, but that nothing will be done until the improvement gets here. Hereabouts trade is quiet, prices are firm, stocks are aboat as usual, basswood is well sold ; ash, maple, birch and elin are on sale, and mill men feel confident that all of their stock will be wanted by the time it is ready to ship, at fair prices"

## THE BRADLEY \& CAMERON FAILURE.

The hope entertained by some of the creditors of Bradley \& Cameron, of Hamilton, Ont., that the estate would pay, probably, one hundred cents on the dollar, is, weare sorry to say, not likely to be nearly realized. A disisppointing feature is the character of the assets, which Mr. A. E. Osler, the liquidator, siys "will probably not realize more than $\$ 1,000$." Abstract statement of assets and liabilities, furnished by Messrs. Landlitw, Kappele \& Birknell, solicitors for the estate, is as follows
Office fixures...
Oak
Oltawa




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nos been pand for by B . E C .

 Stock in Colema
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Cath on thand.
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Accounts Recrivable. Murnys Cleveland. Alf ....................

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Nicola bror, Pittsurar, Pa., Disputed.
Gonday, Benson \& Co
Goxdday, Benson \& Co, Quebec...
Disputed and contra aceiz claimed.

$\frac{1,50000}{512,53091}$


IMPORTANT CLADM POR 8HORTAGE.
Juderment has just been handed out in he English courts in the case of Dobell $v$ The Surey Commercial Dock Cn., which s one of considerible inyportance to exporters of lumber to the United Kingdom. The plainiffs in the case are the wellknown firm of R. R. Dobell \&s Co., doing business under this name in Great Britain
and in Quebec, as Dobell, Beckell, 心 The clam was for shortare on two cir
Hoes of timber, which arrived from Cama da in dugust list year. At that bube a cargo of timber was shipped by the Fremona, at ilontreal, which vessel sated for London on the igth of that month. The carso consisted of 36,36 ; pie. es. Out of lhis number, the plaintiffs homa bill of lading sent to them in respect of $2 \times$. (x) pieces of timber. The plaintiffs in ceeded in the usual way to obtann posive sion of their catso. A specification 1 made nut by the plaintiffs, and sent to the Dock Co. This document had a frot note requesting the derendant company to place all the "first" pine, which amnunted on 7,911 pieces under coter
On August $20 t h$, the Fiemona arrived on the Surrey Commercial Docks, and her cargo was discharged. A tally was kept by clerks, who were placed at each of we ship's hatches by the cargo euperintend. ent to the steamer. No tally "as taken by the delendant company until ten days atier. Here the dispute arose, the planliffs declaring that a shortage took place here. The plainuffs estimated that the loss to them in this away, amounted in the course of a year to absut $£$ Soo. The claim in respect of short delivery in the present instance amounted to $£ 30$. Counsel for the plaintiffs claim that it was for the defendants to show where the short age took place. Considerable evidence was given on both sides, the matter then yoing to the jury, who found that the defendants did recelve the lumber sued for by the plaintiffs, and that the defendant company had not taken reasonable and proper care of the timber entrusted to them. Judxment was accordingy given to the plaintiffs for the amount claimed The case being an important one and of seneral public interest, costs on the higher scale (above $f^{\circ} ;$ ) were alloned. The defendants ate likely to appeal the case.

## BUSH FIRES.

Hon. J. K. Ward, of Montreal, Que., writes: "Having been up the river a few weeks aho at my drive, 1 s.tw twu
bush fires in the bush (not clearing land which run through quitea lot of young tim. ber. No notuce was taken of it. Fortunately the fires were put out by rain coming on. My foreman told me that a week or two before quite a serious fire took place at Nominangue Lake, which destroyed quite a large quantity of timber. The name of the man who is supposed to have caused it was given, but as usual nothing is done. I am satisfied. that un til a few examples are made, the lumbermen's dread will go on increasing.

## LUMBER FREIGKT RATES.

Lumask feeght rates for pine on the Grand Trunk Ralway have been made a fixture, as below. Of ans intended change due notice will be given lumbermen. mbodied in these words in the tariff rchedule: On lum bet in carloads, minimum weight, 30,000 lbs per car
unlexs the marked capacity, of the car le lexs, in uhich case the marked capacity (but not lew than $24,0001 \mathrm{ln}$ ) will be charged, and muss not be exceeded. Should 4
 umber up to 30,000 lhas to the car, then the a-tiud
weight only) will be charged for, but not less than is: asolbe. The rates on lumber in the tarif will nos te
higher from an intermediate point on the stright rua higher from an intermediate point on the sraikht rua
than from the firse namad point leyond, to the sumecethan from the firss named point leyond, to the sumeter
tination. For instance, the rates from Tara or Hep tination. For instance, the rates from Tara or Hep
worth to Guelph, Bramplon. Westn or Trronto, wouk not be higher than the specific rates named from Wias ion to the same poinks. The rate fromi Cargill an Southampron to points east of listowel and wult
and west of Stratord will be the stme as from Kincardine, but in no wase are higher rates i. be chargeelt
of tariff.
Rates from lealing lumber manss on pine and whe wrin oud lumper, shinglee, otce, ,are as sollowe: Frome






#### Abstract

Monareal, $\$ 1$. ju per $M t$ fl., ( 3 , wow ths and under per $1 t$  per $200 / \mathrm{ll}$. Oltawatw Port llaroh , wid Detrelf, It aemts jer 心. Ibe Oltawa to New Jurk, five carlads ve vier            Otawa rates apply on shamesm, from Reahadand Hawheatury.


## CANADIAN EXPORTERS AND WHOLESALERS

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# WHOLESALL LUMBER, LLTH, SHIMCLES, ETT. <br> Write for Stocic Inst <br> Ottawa Lumber $60{ }^{\text {otazama }}$ WHOLESALE LUMBER, LATH, SHINCLESE, ETC. 


#### Abstract

 have nade the rates on hardwoots frominctand pxants to   G. T. R. ind given in reply to a ietter frumi $i$, rimb. ". Itier wareful connulerathon "e lase wome to the wh  "ill be made th the present urrmpenent, for hatrink ingl       as in pry onf On the wh prownir, we sulyrexe, that half the loaf is lietter thinh aine. hardwond men have


Is no goud rawna niny the wates generally on hard th: : the C. I'. K. rate wall be thade unfuma at ffac. frum same points.
CEDAR - ORUERS PROMIDIIG HILIEIDFOR
 mension lumber- J. D:. MLimity, Hepmorth Siation.

## MILIS

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LUMBER: AND: LATH

Waubaushene, Ont.

| C. WATTERS \& HD. LUMBER BROKERS © |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Correspondence $\substack{\text { Soltcited }}$ Birch Flooring, Pine and | Spruce and Pine Glaphoards, Lumber, ato Hemlock Bark. |
| It Your Wish . . <br> To Purchase or Sell as quickly as possible A PARTIGULAR LOT OF LUMBER A MILL PROPERTY SEGOND-HAND MAGGINERY | An Advertisement in the "Wanted" of "the "For Sale" Department of the . <br> GAMADA LUMBERMAN WEEKLY EDITIOW <br> Will secure for sou a Ruyer or Seller, as the case nays be. Adoress) The Canada Lumborman |

FOREIGN EXPORTERS A $A^{\boldsymbol{D}}$ IMPORTERS

W
 $4)^{2}$ $1,11 / 4,1 / 2$ and 2in. Plain RED
$13 / 4$ and 2 inch SOFT ELI
1 inch and thicker BIRCH
EMPIRE LUMBER CO.
buffalo, n.y.
Write us, stating what you have for imnediate shipment, nith full description of stock, ctc


Maple flooking, ycppine, oooood rumber and zozs tor 1 Export NO. 1 BROADWAY
D. C. BACON,

PTLPFNTA LUMBER $\boldsymbol{C O}_{\mathbf{O}}$

POPI,AR,

- PINE, and - IARDENO NEW YORK.

Put to order for Factories, Houses, Wharves, Bridges, Trestles and Ciars
Kiln Dried Floorings atharta, georgia, U.S.A.

OTTAWA \& NEW YORK LUMBER LINE

CAMADA ATLANTLC RALLTAY WILLAMS' LINE.

## Young \& KeEler COMPany

WhOLFSALS DEALBRS aND imanufactukers
Elm, Basswood, Birch and Maple Casadian mill men iavited io ofiler stocks. -i- 54 South Street, NEW YORK.

## SCATCHERD \& SON <br> ROCK \#IMM <br> COMMUNICATE AT ONCE.——mm- $7,8,14$ and 16 feet, firata and secouds.

## ONE DOLLAR

Will pay your subscription to the weekly and


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In the Monthly E Jition of "The Canada Lumberman."

## beltinc

McLaren, J. C., Belting Co., Mon'real and Toronto.
Goodhue, J. L. \& Co., Danville, Que.
Robin, Sader \& Haworth, Montre il and Toronto.
DRY KILNS
McEachren, J. D., Gilt, Ont
Parmenter, J. S., Woodstock, Out.
Willaams, A. R., Toronto.

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Bain Bros. Mig. Co., Brantiord, Ont. The Chatham Mig. Company, Cbatham, Ont.
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Davidson \& Hay, Toronto
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Rlias \& Bro. Go, Company, Bufalo, N. Y.
Maitland, Rlaon \& Co., Owen Sound, Ont.
Reid Co. of Toronto, The

## miscellaneous



Canada Atlantic Railway,
can. Photo Bngraving Buteau, Toronto, cnt
Dominion
Deather Board Co., Montreal
Doage Wood Spit pulley co, Toronto, Ont.
Doge
Electrical Appatatus. Royal Electric Co., Montreal.



Machine Knives, Peter Hay, Galt, Ont.
Penberthy Injecior C 0 ., Detroit, Mich.
Perve Poles, Jounh Adamson, Toronto Ont.
Silver Solder, P. W. Ellis \& Co., Toronto.

Business Hisdom: "Did it ever occur to youthat to.morrow's addertising may be too late? Listen then to the still small voice of the solacitor at your office door." Viator.

The Price Lists that here follow will be revised each week up to the hour of qoing to press, and in connection with these we would dralu attention to the week's trade review under the heading of "Current Trade Bonditions on the first page, immediately followed with matter marked "Stocks and Prices," which presonts the lumber situation of the week, together with a record of the week's salcs and transactions.

PRIGES GURRENT.
TORONTO, ONT.
Toronto, June 5, 8875
car or cazto hots.


## OTTALIA, ONT



QUEBEC, QUE


| Fou inferior and ordinary according to average, quality ctc., measured off |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fur fair average guality, according to aserage, etc, measured off. 20 |  |  |  |  |  |
| For govand |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| In shipping order |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Measured off, according to average and qualit;........ .. ....... 14 In shipping order, 35 to 15 feet " |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OAR-MICHIGAN AND OHIO. <br> 13y the dram, according to average and quality . . . . . . . 45 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Iny the dram, aceording to average and quality, 45 to so feet . . 30 30 to 35 feet . . 25 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| z4 inches and up, according to average and quality . . . . . 23 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 inch aserape, according to average and quality . . . . . 28 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Square, according to size and qualityrac. . . . . . . . . . 17 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

staiks.

 and, and $\$_{10}$ to $\$ 43$ for 3 drd qualitit
Bright spruce, according to mill specification, $\$_{10}$ to $\$_{43}$ for 1 st, $\$_{27}$ to $\$ 28$



NEW YORF CITY.

"hite tiak lecuher
Proesfor white pine lumber are governed entirels b; surce of supph, renderng' it useless to file priced for hianl inatkel.

$610 y$ in....
bow 2 in.
$610281 n . .$.
$91012 \mathrm{in} . .$.
 $\qquad$ $\begin{array}{ccc}15 & 50 & 2500 \\ 85 & 200\end{array}$

SAGINAW, MICH.

$$
\text { Sachisaw, Mich., June 5, } 2893 .
$$

Upjery, in., toin. and up
uppres anid shlacts.
Nide..., 10 in. and up
\% 1,5 and in ..
in.............

a RINE COMAION OR NO. I CUTTING.
 S:rirs. a and 4 (cleak and sklictis).







bars hoardos or stocks.

shiptisg culls or box.



COPyIS lionrds.

Extra clear (perfect)........ 33 ) No. 2



Fancy brands, $\mathbf{X X X X}$.
Clear Buts...........
minglys, 88.1 s .

290
290

## white ping lath.


OSWEGO, N.Y.
Uswego, N. Y., June 5, 1895 .
Whits pine.
Three uppers, $8 \% / 1_{14}{ }_{1} 1 / 2$ and 2 inch.





12 and 16 fect, Aresking and better.........

| 19 | 00 | 20 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 27 | $\infty$ |  |
| 27 | $\infty$ | 31 |
| 15 | $\infty$ | 16 |



6. 7 or 8 , mill run, mill

6,7 orls out...........

anc...... $25 \infty 30 \infty$




