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# Primer and Language Lessons 

## ENGLISH AND CREE.

PREPARED BY

REV. E. B. GLASS, B.A.,

AND TRANSLATED BY

REV. JOHN McDOUGALL.

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## PREFACE.

IN the Indian Schools of our country, teachers and missionaries have labored at a disadvantage with the priners compiled for White Schools. Those text-books are adapted for pupils who talk English before they enter school. Indian children must begin conversational and written English at the same time. In view of this fact, the exercises in the Primer and Language Lessons have been prepared. They embrace subjects, sentences, phrases, idioms, and words designed to introduce the children by an easy and natural method to the study of English. It will be observed that the forty lessons include all the parts of speech. Teachers will have the opportunity of studying the Cree Syllabics, and explaining to their scholars the meaning of the English text. Missionaries and teachers will possess a Cree text of model sentences and idioms for private study, and will be better qualified to reat the Bible, the Hymn Book, the Catechism in Cree, and to teach adult Indians to read and write their own language.

Should a teacher, with the sanction of the Indian Department, instruct children in the use of Syllabics, fifteen minutes each day will be found sufficient; but the main effort should be to drill pupils in the English tongue. .
E. B. GLASS.


## ALPHABET.

(a) SYLLABICS.


## APPENDAGES.

$\nu=n$, as in prJ, it is cold.
$c=m, "$ Nrc, sun.
$n=s, \quad "$ eVpn, boy.
$1=p, \quad " \quad$ r 1 , duck.
v = k, " $\quad$ ab $\cap$, he leaves me.
$"=t, \quad " \Gamma \wedge^{\prime}$, tooth.

- = ch, " $Q^{n} \wedge^{-}$, very.
. $=\mathrm{w}$, when placed immediately to the right of a syllable, as in $\sigma \triangleleft \cdot$, my wife.
- $=\mathrm{i}$, when placed higher to the right, as in $\sigma^{\wedge} d\left(b^{\circ}\right.$, my coat.
$:=w \bar{i}$, combining the value of each point as given above, as in $96:$, kā-kwī.
$"=$ the rough breathing, or aspirate, as in $\wedge^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{d}$, ashes.
$x=a$ combination of "and ', that is, of the aspirate and $k$, as in $<\wedge^{\times}$, sē-pēhk, at the river.
$\xi=\mathbf{r}$, as in $b 3^{\circ n}$, Christ.
$\varepsilon=1, \quad " \quad \nabla \Gamma 乏$, angel.
$0=0, \quad$ e $\quad$ Vo, man.

When "." and "o" are placed to the right of a syllable, as in $\wedge P^{\wedge} q \cdot \circ$, the value of "." is absorbed by the syllable, while that of " 0 " is affixed. Written in Roman characters the word $\wedge p^{\wedge} q \cdot \circ$ will illustrate:-pe-kis-kwāoo; "w" is within the syllable, and "oo" is affixed to it. The value of ".," which appendage must be placed after the syllable it affects, is always absorbed except in the case of $\nabla \cdot, \Delta \cdot$ $\triangleright \cdot, \triangleleft \cdot$, in which, though "•" is affixed in position, its value is prefixed. The above combinations are pronounced, wā, wē, wō, wä. The absorbed and the prefixed values of "•" are met with in the word $\Delta \cdot \wedge \rho \cap q \cdot \circ=$ wē-kē-kis-kwāoo, he wishes to speak.

It will be noticed that there are quantities between $\nabla$ and $\triangleleft \vee$ and <, ete., less full than those given in the Alphabet. When quantities similar to the alphabetical ones are very necessary in the pronunciation of a word, the period "." is placed directly over the long or broad syllable, $\sigma b \dot{\rho} \cdot(\dot{L})=n i-k a ̆-k w e \bar{e}-t a ̆-m a ̈ n=I$ shall be in need. $\nabla d C$ $\sigma b\langle\dot{ }\rangle=I$ shall be there; here the last syllables are, "a" and "yän," both broad. $b\langle\dot{\zeta}$ " $=$ where you are. The last " $\zeta$ " is not broad, kă-ă-yä-yun.

## LESSON I.-NÓUNS.

(a)

| 1. head | mouth | lip |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. hair | nose | eyelashes |
| 3. ear | tooth | eyebrows |
| 4. face | teeth | neck |
| 5. eye | chin | shoulder |
| 6. cheek | whiskers | back |
| 7. forehead | tongue | arm |
| 8. hand | leg | elbow |
| 9. wrist | knee | breast |
| 10. finger | foot | thigh |
| 11. thumb | toe | throat |
| 12. nail | heel | joint |
|  |  |  |
| 1. my head | our eyes |  |
| 2. your head | their eyes |  |
| 3. his head | your eyes | (2nd plural) |
| 4. her head | our feet |  |
| 5. my hand | our feet |  |
| 6. your hand | their feet |  |
| 7. her hand | our teeth |  |
| 8. his hand | your teeth | (2nd plural) |
| 9. my eye | their teeth |  |
| 10. your eye | her eye, his eye, its eye, |  |

$$
\Delta \cup \cdot " \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot) \quad \mathrm{I}
$$

（a）

| 1．$\Gamma^{\sim} \cap b^{\prime} \cdot$ | 「） | 「） |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2．$\Gamma^{\wedge}(6 \cdot$ | $\Gamma^{\sim} p$ ¢ ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | $<h^{\prime \prime} \dot{\square} \wedge \triangle \cdot 2$ |
| 3．$\Gamma^{\prime \prime}(\checkmark \cdot b$ ． | $\Gamma \wedge^{\prime}$ | $\Gamma \dot{\sim} \wedge \Delta \cdot \dot{C}^{\prime}$ |
| 4．$\Gamma_{1 i} \cdot{ }^{\text {b }}$ | $\Gamma \wedge C$ | 「ь．לo |
| 5．「＾p¢ |  | 「ก＇へし |
| 6．$\checkmark:\llcorner\triangleleft$ ，－ |  | $\dot{\sim} \cdot \Delta \cdot{ }^{\prime}$ |
| 7．$\Gamma^{\wedge} b^{\prime \prime} \cap$ | 「Uちб | $\left.\Gamma^{\wedge} \wedge\right)$ |
| 8．「rir | $\Gamma{ }^{\wedge}{ }^{\prime}$ | 「）～${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ |
|  | 「¢＇b．） |  |
| 10．「 「יi） | 「r＇ | 「＜＜c |
| 11．$\sigma^{\sim}$ ¢く「ヷし | 「is | $\Gamma d C^{\wedge} \cdot \times$ |
| 12．$\Gamma^{\sim}$ | $\triangle \cdot 6.3$ | $\dot{\triangleleft} \sigma^{n} b^{\circ} \triangle b \dot{e} \sigma^{x}$ |
|  | （b） |  |
| 1．$\sigma^{\wedge} \cap \mathrm{b} \cdot{ }^{\text {a }}$ | $\sigma^{\wedge} \dot{p}$ diza |  |
| 2． $\mathrm{P}^{\wedge} \cap \mathrm{b}$ ） |  |  |
| 3．$\nabla^{\sim} \cap$ ¢ ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | p＾ṗrdব゙・ | （2nd plural） |
|  | ornȧe | （1st and 3rd plural） |
| 5．$\sigma$－${ }^{\text {¹P }}$ | Pr | （1stand 2nd plural） |
| 6．Prir | Drnぐ・• |  |
| 7．Drir | 「ヘn®o | （1st and 3rd plural） |
| 8．$D^{\prime \prime} \Gamma$ | Pへのびぐ |  |
| 9．$\sigma^{n}{ }^{\text {prp }}$ | $\triangle \cdot \wedge \cap$ く・•• |  |
| 10．${ }^{\text {P }}$ |  |  |

## (c)

1. My head aches.
2. Wash your face and hands and neck every day.
3. Comb your hair well.
4. Her face is clean.
5. John cut his knee with an axe.
6. You have ten fingers.
7. Sarah fell and broke two teeth, but did not cry much.
8. Her mouth is sore.
9. We have ears to hear, eyes to see, and feet to walk.
10. Open your hand.
11. Shat your hand.
12. There are thirty-two teeth in the mouth.
13. Shut one eye.
14. Open your eyes.
15. Close your right eye, and open your left hand.
16. A good boy will clean his feet before he enters a house.

## LESSON II.-Personal Pronouns.

(a)

1. I
2. me
3. $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { we } \\ \text { we }\end{array}\right.$
4. us
you
thou, thee
you (plural) he, him
she, her
it
they them
（c）
1．$\sigma U^{\prime \prime} \Delta^{\wedge} \cap \dot{b} \cdot \dot{a}^{2}$ ．

3．「）$\sigma$ 「b＂D．
4．bé（ ${ }^{2}$＂b．b）．








10．＜～рри․
11．ட் ட•呅．
12．$\left.\sigma^{n}\right) \Gamma\left(\sigma^{\circ} \sigma\right.$ رі $\Delta^{\prime \prime}\left(U^{n} \Delta . \Gamma \wedge(\Gamma) \sigma^{x}\right.$ ．

14．＜nprue phṗrb．
 rpir．


$$
\Delta \cup \cdot " \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot \mathrm{~J} . \mathrm{II}
$$

Personal Pronouns．
（a）
1．$\sigma^{\circ}$
P
$\Delta \cdot \Delta$
2．$\sigma$
Pל，
৬e，$\Delta \sigma L$


$\Delta \sigma P$
4．$\sigma \dot{Q}^{3}$

## (b)

1. I eat I eat bread
2. you eat
3. he eats
4. she eats
5. it eats
6. $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { we eat } \\ \text { we eat }\end{array}\right.$
7. you eat
S. they eat
you eat bread
he eats bread she eats bread it eats bread we eat bread we eat bread you eat bread they eat bread

## (c)

1. Look at me. Come to me.
2. My father gave me a knife, but he gave you a dog.
3. Help me to read this book.
4. We like to come to school.
5. Peter is a small boy; you must not quarrel with him.
6. Father asked us who broke the gate.
7. See them on the hill.
8. It is warm to-day.
9. Mary is sick; therefore she cannot come to school.
10. Little Joe comes, but he gets lonesome; he and I sit together.
11. You and I are able to carry the water for her.
12. Tell her to bring the milk in a jug to her and me.
（b）
1．$\sigma \Gamma \cap \curvearrowright$ ．

2．$\rho \Gamma \cap \Perp$ ．
3．ГП৯．
4．Гคґ．
5．「П入．
6．$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\sigma \Gamma \cap \dot{a}^{3} . \\ P \Gamma \cap a^{\circ} .\end{array}\right.$


」ロ・0＜＂q．ヶbe．


$\sigma\lrcorner \downarrow \cdot \dot{a}><" q \cdot \sigma b$ ．


8．「ก入け・

（c）






7．$P \dot{C}<\Gamma^{x}$－$q \Delta^{n}<\cup e^{x}$ ．
8．$P>\vee \cdot \circ$－${ }^{11-}$ ．
9． $73 \Delta$ ব＂dro，$\nabla d r$ aL 1）$\Delta \cdot \sigma^{x}$ ．


 $\Delta$ ל＂r．


13. All of us knit, read, sing, write, spell and play at school ; but the teacher will not let us talk or play inside.
14. O God, thou art wise and good. We praise thee O Lord.
15. I help him.
16. I help them.
17. I help you.
18. You help him.
19. You help them.
20. He helps him.
21. He helps them.
22. They help him.
23. They help them.
24. You help me.
25. You help us.
26. They help me.
27. They help us.

He sees me. I call him.
They call me.
I owe you.
You owe me.
He kills it.
It kills him.
They kill it.
He laughs at me.
You give them.
They give you.
He laughs at you.
They give us.

## LESSON III.

(a)

1. Sunday
2. Monday
3. Tuesday
4. Wednesday

Thursday
Friday
Saturday
On Saturday
 $\sigma L$ ra $\Delta b \dot{a}), \quad \sigma<b \cdot a \Delta \cdot \Delta(\cdot \dot{a}), ~ \Gamma a \quad 7(\Delta \cdot \dot{a}) \quad p^{n} p \rho^{\prime \prime}$
 $p\left(\wedge p^{\prime} q \cdot \zeta^{x}, \|^{\prime \prime}>p\left(7(\nabla \cdot\rangle^{x} \wedge^{\prime \prime}\right) b \Gamma^{\prime}\right.$.
 D UVかי＂の＞）．
（d）
1．$\sigma \sigma$ ل＂$b \perp<\cdot 0$ ．
$\sigma<\cdot<\Gamma$.
2．$\sigma \sigma त^{\prime \prime} b \perp \triangleleft \cdot \triangleleft \cdot$ ．

$$
\sigma \circ)\llcorner\circ .
$$

3．$\rho_{\sigma}$＂＂bL $\cap$ ．
जa）Гb．．
4．$P_{\sigma}$ 入＂ P
PLra＂${ }^{\prime \prime}$ in


6．$\sigma$ 訬 $b \downarrow \nabla \cdot \circ$ ．
$\sigma<$＂ 0 。

$\sigma<" \triangle$ ．


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \sigma<"\left(\Delta^{\prime \prime}\right. \\
& \sigma \ll^{\prime \prime} \wedge^{\prime \prime} \triangle \\
& \rho \Gamma \zeta \Delta^{\prime}
\end{aligned}
$$


10．$P_{\sigma} \mathrm{l}^{\prime \prime} b ل \triangle \cdot$ ．
11．$P \sigma$ ل＂$b \perp \triangle \cdot \dot{Q}$ ．
prゥb•。
12．$\sigma \sigma$ 小＂$\quad$ Lib＂．
13．Po ل＂ا＂
$p<\prime \wedge$＂${ }^{\prime}$ 。

Prrde ${ }^{\prime}$ ．

$$
\Delta U \cdot י \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot \mathrm{~J} \text { III. }
$$

（a）

oDPrbo
2：＞＞
oऽajDPrbo
3．$\sigma$ •
4．$\sigma^{n}$ jprbo
$\operatorname{\sigma d} \cdot{ }^{n} D P$ bo
$\sigma d C \cdot D P r b_{x}$
5. to-day
6. to-morrow
7. yesterday
8. day
9. year
day after to-morrow
day before yesterday
month
week
midnight
sunrise
sunset
afternoon
the day is long
the night is short
in the day time
at sunrise
in the evening
darkness
daylight

## (b)

1. On Wednesday evening prayer meeting is held in the chief's house.
2. Before dark men, women and children gather.
3. In the morning the children go to school.
a. They study until noon.

5．$\triangle$－${ }^{1 t}$ bprb
6．$\dot{j}$
7．$D \dot{C} d{ }^{x}$
8．Prbo
9．$\wedge \gg$

10．$\cap \wedge^{n}$
11：${ }^{n}(\triangle \cdot P$ P
12．9p५＜
13．$D(b$.
14．Lᄂจ•＾$\triangle ヘ^{\prime \prime}$ CPかbo
15．bレกヘヘ
16．6VPハ
17．คへへ
18．＜＂prd
19． $9 p><x$
20．டᄂจ•＾$j^{j}<^{x}$
21．Lᄂจ•＾$\cap \wedge^{\wedge} \dot{b}^{x}$
$\Delta \Delta^{n} \quad \dot{j} \cdot<\overline{\prime \prime}$
$\Delta \Delta^{n} \Delta i d r^{x}$
ヘre
U＜d＇＂prb $>$ ．
${ }^{\circ}\left(\triangle \cdot \cap \wedge^{n}\right.$
จᄂ१จ．！ヘic
$\nabla \triangleleft \triangleleft \cdot i \nabla \cdot \prime$ ヘァc

ベしo prbo
$\vee \lambda$ คヘヘbo
prix

$\nabla D \dot{C} \mathrm{~d}^{\prime}$
nunpra．
Prda．
（b）
1．$\left.\sigma^{n}\right) p$ bi $\left.\Delta \cdot \Delta \dot{(b} \cdot \rho^{x}, L\right\lrcorner \nabla \cdot \Delta \zeta \Gamma \triangleleft \sigma \Delta \cdot 0 \quad \Delta P L 0$ $\Delta \Delta \cdot p x$ ．
 $\left\llcorner\checkmark \sigma^{\prime \prime} \triangle\right.$ ）


5. After dinner the girls knit mitts and stockings.
6. One day a boy fell off the swing and was almost killed.
7. Yesterday the teacher told us we would get a holiday to-morrow.
8. All night I travelled in the darkness, but did not reach home until daylight.
9. At sunrise I went to bed and rose at noon.
10. Last Friday two men brought wood to school.
11. Day before yesterday it rained form morning untill night.

## IESSON IV.-Demonstrative Pronouns.

1. this (inan.)
2. that
3. 
4. This is a cow.
5. That is too short.
6. Look at that.
7. Did he see this?
8. These came from Winnipeg.
9. Those come from Ottawa.
10. Harry broke them.


 $\nabla \cdot \nabla \cdot \wedge \lambda \Delta \cdot \sigma^{x} D^{\prime \prime} r, \nabla d r ~ 9 b^{-} \rho_{\sigma}<\Delta r 3$.
 $7 C \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot$ Prbo＜．＜＂P．


 $\sigma P \triangleleft \cdot \sigma^{\wedge} b^{3}$ ．
 $\left.p^{\wedge} p \rho^{\prime \prime} \Delta L\right) \Delta \cdot \sigma^{x}$ ．
 $\nabla D \dot{C} d r$.
$\Delta U \cdot \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot$ IV．
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 1．} \begin{cases}\triangleright L \text {（inan．）} \\ \Delta \triangleleft \cdot(\text { an．})\end{cases} & D P \\ \text { 2．} \Delta \sigma L & \\ \text { 3．} & O^{\prime \prime} \Delta P\end{array}$
4．$\triangleright \sigma\left(\sigma^{\circ} ل^{n}\right)^{n} \triangleleft \triangleleft \cdot$ ．
5．Dடく 「Lア $\triangleleft \sigma$ ．
6．$P \dot{C}<$＂$\dot{C}$ 元 $L$ ．
7．$P \triangleleft$＜＂＂CC $\cap$ ？


10．${ }^{11} \triangleleft 3 \triangle P \wedge d \sigma^{\circ} \triangleleft \sigma^{\prime \prime} \Delta$ ．

LESSON V.-Relative Pronouns.

| who | that |
| :--- | :--- |
| which | what |
| whose | whom |

1. The boy who comes to school regularly will learn fast.
2. I buried the horse which died.
3. The knife that you gave me is lost.
4. They gave him what he wanted.
5. The girl whose hand was cut cannot come.
6. You are the person to whom I gave the axe.

Lesson VI.-Interrogative Pronouns.

1. who? whose?
2. what?
t
whom?
which?
3. Who stole the horse ?
4. What are you doing?
5. Whose fence was burnt?
6. Whose son are you?
7. Whom did your brother marry?
8. To whom shall I give it?
9. Which of them does he seek?
$\Delta U \cdot \| \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot \vec{V}$.

1．aVイn（ $\wedge(0 \quad q \vee \Delta)^{\prime \prime} \cup^{\prime} p^{n} \rho م^{\prime \prime}\langle i L) \Delta \cdot \sigma^{x} p><$


2．$\sigma P_{Q^{\prime \prime}} \triangle Q^{\circ} \Gamma^{n}(\cap) \quad b \rho_{\sigma} \wedge^{\prime}$ ．
3．ل＂di்）bP「 $\ggg \cdot \sigma^{\prime \prime}(\sigma \triangle \cdot 0$ ．

 $p \vee \triangle$ リツ。．


$$
\Delta U \cdot " \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot \text { VI. }
$$

1．$\Delta \nabla \cdot \circ ? \quad \Delta \nabla \cdot \circ ? \quad \Delta \nabla \cdot \circ$ ？
2． $96: ?$

$$
\begin{cases}C a ? & (\text { an. }) \\ C \sigma L ? & \text { (inan.) }\end{cases}
$$

3．$\Delta \nabla \cdot 0 \quad b \rho P\lrcorner\left(\cap \cap^{c} \nabla \cdot ?\right.$
4．9b：b）（ட）？
5．$\Delta \nabla \cdot a \quad D \Delta \cdot \wedge b \sigma b)$ bpru？
6．$\triangle \nabla \cdot a ~ D d i L ~ P \zeta ? ~$
7．$\Delta \nabla \cdot a \quad$ bPṔr $\triangle \cdot P L$＇PJくj•c？
8．Ca 9Гら＇？
9．（a $\sigma d(\cdot \circ$ ba）$\dot{<} \dot{j}$ ？？

## LESSON VII.

1. hat
2. cap
3. mitt
4. glove
5. sock
6. stocking
7. boot
8. shoe
9. moccasin
10. coat
11. pants
12. trousers
drawers
shirt
sleeve
button
button-hole
pocket
collar
necktie
vest
overcoat
slippers overshoe umbrella belt scarf suit
13. my hat
14. your hat
15. his hat
16. her hat
17. its hat
18. our hat (1st \& 2nd plural)
19. your hat (2nd plural)
20. their hat
21. my boot
22. his shoe
23. your pants
24. our pockets
25. their buttons
my mitts
your mitts
his mitts
her mitts
its mitts our mitts your mitts their mitts
its moccasin
their overcoat
my shirt
your caps
our belts

$\Delta U \cdot " \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot J$ VII．

1．$\left.\triangleleft^{\wedge}\right) \cap>$
2．$\uparrow\left({ }^{\wedge}\right) \cap$
3．$\Delta^{n} \cap^{n}$

$\langle p \nabla \cdot \dot{\zeta}) \quad\left\{\begin{array}{c}b P \cdot\left(\Delta^{n} b \Gamma^{x}\right. \\ \left.L^{n} p\right)^{x}\end{array}\right.$

4．$\dot{C}^{\cap} b r i>\Delta^{\wedge} \cap^{\wedge}$
ab：
〈்び～U＇ロ

5．ィVpnbo বrb


8．$L^{n p p}$
（ヘทib）
9．$\sigma\left\langle b^{\wedge} p\right.$ ）
「ヘベb
10．$\Gamma^{\wedge} d \in b^{\cdot}$
prbeb：D4b＊
211．$\Delta \cdot י 1 q$ ．＜
$<n p(\wedge \lambda \triangle \cdot a$
12．$\Delta \cdot \stackrel{\square 1}{ }$
$b \Delta P^{\cdot}\left(\Delta^{n} b \Gamma^{x} \Gamma^{3} d^{\prime}\left(b^{\circ}\right.\right.$


## (b)

1. dress
2. apron
3. hood
4. bonnet
5. jacket
6. ring
7. brooch
parasol
bracelet
bead ${ }^{\prime}$
ribbon
lace
watch
ear-ring.
8. Men wear hats, caps, coats, vests, pants, and boots.
9. Your hat is too small, and mine is too large.
10. Let us trade hats.
11. My father will buy me a suit of clothes in Winnipeg.
12. It will cost eight dollars.
13. How much did your coat cost?
14. It cost two dollars and a half.
15. That was cheap.
16. John and I wore moccasins last winter, but in summer we wear shoes.
17. That is a warm cap, and it will wear well.
18. Women wear dresses, shawls, bonnets, hoods, aprons, brooches, and ribbons. Some women wear beads and ear-rings.
19. We met a proud boy with a watch and chain, but his pants were much worn. He slipped and fell into a deep ditch, and was covered with mud; so we helped him out. He did not feel so proud then.
（b）
1．$\Delta^{n} q \cdot \Delta \cdot 4 b$ ．
$\triangle{ }^{\wedge} 9.0 D C P \triangle \cdot n \cup י D \sigma^{n}$
2．$\Delta^{n}<^{n} i b \sigma^{n}$
$\triangleleft^{\prime \prime}()$
3．$\left.\Delta^{n q \cdot 0} p>\Delta^{n}\right)^{n}$
「へ
4．$\left.\Delta^{\wedge} q \cdot 0 \quad \sigma \wedge^{\prime} \triangleleft^{\wedge}\right) \cap^{2}$ 40＜0
5．$\Delta^{\wedge} q \cdot \circ D C P \cdot \subset \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot i b$


6． |  |
| :---: |
| ・ルし |






3．L＂$\left.\left.\cap 7^{n} d\right) a \dot{L}\right)\left(\Delta^{\wedge}\right) \cap a$ ．


6．Cord $d^{x} b \cap<" \Delta r^{x} P^{\wedge} d C b^{\circ}$ ？

8．$\nabla \triangleleft \cdot d \quad \nabla \nabla \cdot C P י \cup$ ．



10．$\left.\rho>\nabla^{n}\right) \cap$ ）$\nabla \triangleleft \cdot d, \nabla d r \quad \rho(r<)$ ．









## LESSON VIII.

| 1. flour | cabbage | potatoes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. bread | butter | turnips |
| 3. meat | eggs | beets |
| 4. beef | oats | carrots |
| 5. pork | cake | onions |
| 6. wheat | hay | soup |
| 7. barley | grass | corn |

1. The farmer takes wheat to the mill where flour is made.
2. Bread is made from flour.
3. Beef is better than pork.
4. Butter is made from milk.
5. White men eat cabbage with meat and potatoes.
6. Horses eat grass, hay and oats.
7. Corn does not grow much in this country.

## LESSON IX.

| 1. horse | cat | gopher |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. mule | duck | squirrel |
| 3. ass | goose | beaver |
| 4. cow | swan | badger |
| 5. ox | crane | lynx |
| 6. bull | eagle | panther |

$\Delta U \cdot{ }^{י 1} \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot 3$ VIII．
1．＜＂q．（b）
$\Delta \cup^{\prime \prime} \Delta<b$ •
－npiく・••
2．$\triangle$ バ
）リーム＞へ「
Dのr＂ba
3．$\Delta \cdot \zeta^{n}$
• $\triangleleft$ •
「＂dnibcrb＂
4．$\left.ل^{n}\right)^{n} \Delta \cdot \zeta^{n}$
「～（ $\cap^{s}$ D $\Gamma \Gamma \triangle \cdot$ ）

5．$d^{\prime \prime} d^{n} \Delta \Delta^{-} \zeta^{n}$
＜＂9．ヶb）b $\triangle \cdot " b$＂
$\Delta \cdot 7 d^{n} d<\zeta$
6．＜＂q．$<$ b $\sigma^{\prime \prime} b$ L $L^{n} d r>$「ri $\Delta>$
 L＂（「）

1．$\Delta \sigma^{\prime \prime}(\Delta \cdot \rho \Gamma b) \Delta \Delta \cdot\left(0<1 " q \cdot \rho b \sigma^{\prime \prime} b\right) \wedge \sigma>\Gamma b \sigma^{x} \Delta C$ 6DP＂${ }^{x}$ \ll

2．$\Delta$（＂＇b）Dr＂$\quad$（

4．$)^{2 י 1)^{\prime}} \Delta>\wedge \Gamma \quad D \Gamma^{\prime \prime}(\sigma \Delta \cdot 0$ ）
 －ロnpiぐ・•
 ＜n Uoひndr

7．L＂（Г）bb $\llcorner\triangle \cdot \rho) \Delta U \Delta\left(q^{\wedge} b \Gamma\right.$ ．

$$
\Delta U \cdot י \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot \partial \quad \text { IX. }
$$

1．$\Gamma^{n} C \cap^{c}$
2．${ }^{1} \Gamma^{n} C \cap^{c}$
3．$ل^{\wedge}\left(\cap^{c}\right.$
4．Dol $\left.\sigma^{0} ل^{n}\right)^{n}$

6．$\Delta \zeta \vee 0$ لn $)^{n} p^{\prime \prime} \Delta 0$
$\Gamma^{n} c \sigma d i^{n}$
ムodin
$\Delta \Gamma^{n}$
$\Gamma^{n} \mathrm{C}$ an $^{n}$
ヘro
「アへィ○

| 7. buffalo | bird | skunk |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 8. stallion | hawk | marten |
| 9. calf | jay | mink |
| 10. colt |  | bear |
| 11. pig | crow | ermine |
| 12. dog | owl | moose |
| 13. hen | snow-bird | rein-deer |
| 14. rooster | black-bird | elk |
| 15. sow | rat | black-tail deer |
| 16. boar | mouse | jumping deer |
| 17. sheep | robin | antelope |
| 18. goats | raven | fish |
| 19. white-fish | frog | toad |
| 20. pike | suckers | trout |
| 21. sturgeon | snake | lizard |

1. In some lakes there are white-fish and pike.
2. Sturgeon are found in the Saskatchewan River.
3. Every winter the Indians hunt elk and bear n $n$ Red Deer River.
4. Certain kinds of hawks catch and eat snakes. '
5. The jay and snow-bird stay over winter, in this country; but ducks, geese, swans and other birds go south and return in the spring.
6. Twelve years ago buffalo were plentiful on the prairie. Indians then lived on buffalo meat; and did not farm much. Now the buffalo have gone, but are

7．＜nb．o لp）n
8．$a V^{\cap} \cap^{c}$
9． $\left.\mathrm{J}^{n}\right)^{n}$
10．$\Gamma^{n}(\Gamma]^{n}$
11．$d^{\prime \prime} d^{n}$
12．$\Delta \cap^{c}$
13．م
14．QV० 「
15．© O $^{\prime \prime} d^{n}$
16．aVo $d^{\prime \prime} d^{n}$
17．Lらへ＂
18．$\Delta \cdot<\cap " b \cdot$

20．$\Delta \sigma P^{\prime} \uparrow \triangleleft \cdot$
21．$\sigma 7 \triangleleft \cdot$
$\wedge<r^{n}$
لـ
$\Delta \cdot \sim p i)$

ব゙ロノ。
D＂D
－・ヘウrn
$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { li＂bro，} \\ \text { bคpレo } \wedge<\rho^{n}\end{array}\right.$
ロレ゚
$\triangle$ へ di～
ヘベゥ。
b＂bpo
$\Delta<p n$
$\sigma 7 \wedge ら$
poヘ
rí，$\Delta \cdot \dot{a} J \nabla \cdot r^{n}$
$\dot{\Delta} \cdot \wedge^{n} \dot{C} \sigma^{n}$ ᄂ૧•＾
L～b．
＂${ }^{\prime \prime}{ }^{\circ}$
」の
jnq

هヘロー」
$\nabla \cdot<{ }^{n}$
$\Delta \wedge^{-} C r d^{n}$
P－＞0

の7dか
Drアら～
 $\Delta^{\prime \prime}$ くら，










found in some places on Missouri River. Indian*zand whites alike must plough the soil and raise grain for bread. They must raise tame cattle for beef, and roots for food. No lazy man will prosper. Everybody should work.

## LESSON $X$.

(a)

1. He talks.
2. He sings.
3. He scolds.
4. He laughs.
5. He cries.
6. He shouts.
I walk.
I run.
I jump, I play.
I stand.
7. He calls.
8. He whispers.
I sit.
9. He reads.
10. He spells.
11. He prays.
I fall.
I slip.
I lie (recline).
I sleep.
12. 

I work.
I ride (on horseback).
I chop.

## (b)

1. You' love your mother.
2. He loves his sister.
3. I hate sin.
 $\Delta \sigma \triangleleft \cdot 「 a \quad \dot{\triangleleft} \cdot \wedge^{\wedge} p \Delta \cdot ら れ a^{\prime \prime}>$ へd $p r \wedge d \wedge \rho q C \cdot \circ$ ，


 $b^{\prime \prime} P$ ऽ。 $\triangle \Delta \cdot$＇$^{\prime} p(\triangleleft)^{\wedge} q^{\prime}$ ．

$$
\Delta U \cdot " \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot \mathrm{~J} \mathrm{X}
$$

（a）

1．$\wedge p^{\wedge} q \cdot \circ$ ．
2．$\sigma b\rfloor$ ．
3． $\mathrm{Pb} \triangleleft \cdot c$ ．
4．＜＂へ○．
5．L）．
6．¿ॅq．o．
7．$\cup \vee \cdot \circ$ ．
8．$\triangleleft b \cdot \sigma \wedge \rho^{\wedge q} \cdot \circ$ ．
9．$\triangleleft$ ノ「＂「9。．
10．＜b•a $\Delta \cdot \Delta U \cdot \circ$ ．
11．$\dot{\text { bi }}$ ل
12.
$\sigma \wedge$ ，
$\sigma \wedge^{C}$＜＂${ }^{\prime \prime}$ ． $\left.\sigma \dot{b} \cdot{ }^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{D}^{\prime} \cap\right), \sigma 7(\dot{d} \cdot)$. $\sigma \dot{\sigma}<\Delta \cdot \overrightarrow{ }$ ．

$$
\sigma(\wedge)
$$



$$
\sigma \wedge \Gamma\left\langle\sigma^{3}\right.
$$

$$
\sigma \sigma<>
$$

$\sigma$（）${ }^{\text {b }}$ ．
$\sigma U^{\prime \prime}\left(\wedge^{\prime}\right.$ ．
$\sigma r b \Delta b$ ．
（b）
1．$P i p \operatorname{li} \triangleleft 0$ Pb $\Delta$ ．

3．$\sigma<\dot{b} \cdot \cup \mathrm{~L}$ L $\Delta^{\prime \prime} \cap \Delta \cdot$ ．
4. You want meat.
5. You wish to go to Brandon.
6. He thinks I stole his horse.
7. He loves God.
8. He likes meat.
9. He hates his neighbor.
10. He cuts wood.
11. He cuts wood for him.
12. He cuts wood for me.
13. I cut wood for you.
14. They cut wood for me.
15. You cut wood for me.
16. You cut wood for us.
(c)

1. I hear. I hear music.
2. I see. I see the moon.
3. I smell. I smell smoke.
4. I taste. I taste sugar.
5. I feel. . I feel hungry.
6. You feel sick. They feel cold.
7. He feels tired. I feel it rough.
8. I feel it painful.

I feel with my fingers.

4．$\Delta \cdot \zeta^{n}$ e $\left(\nabla \cdot \nabla^{\prime \prime}(L)\right.$ ．
5．$\left.P J^{n}\left(\Delta \cdot \sigma^{\prime} P(\Delta)^{\prime \prime} \cup \zeta\right)<3 \Delta^{3}\right) \sigma^{x}$ ．
6．$\sigma P\lrcorner C^{n} \cap \subset \triangleleft^{\prime} \sigma \cup ア \Gamma$ ．
7．$\uparrow \operatorname{Pr} \nabla \circ$ P $P(\sigma) \triangleleft$ ．
8．iplico $\Delta \cdot \iota^{n}$ ．
9．$\left\langle\dot{b} \cdot \cup \circ \Delta \cdot C^{n} \rho \nabla \cdot L b a\right.$ ．
10．$\sigma d^{\prime \prime} \cup \circ$ ．
11．$\sigma d^{\prime \prime}<\nabla \cdot \circ$ ．
12．$\sigma \sigma d^{\prime \prime}(\because$ ．
13．$P \sigma d^{\prime \prime}(\cdot \cap$ ．
14．$\sigma \sigma d^{\prime \prime} \subset \cdot b \cdot!$.
15．$P \sigma d^{\prime \prime}(\triangle \cdot)$ ．
16．$P \sigma d^{\prime \prime}(\Delta \cdot \dot{a})$ ．
（c）
1． $\begin{array}{r}\text { ジリ。 } \\ \text { 。 }\end{array}$

2．$\sigma \triangleleft \wedge$ 。 $\sigma \triangleleft \cdot<L \circ$ ヘrc．
3．$\sigma \Gamma$ ら＂$\Gamma \dot{b}$ ．

4．$\sigma d \rho^{\wedge} \wedge \rho^{\circ}{ }^{3}$ ． odrnu
5．$\sigma \dot{i}\ulcorner\sigma \dot{b}$ ． $\sigma \_$U＂
 b $\triangleleft \cdot \Gamma \Delta \cdot \dot{L}$
 $\sigma \wedge$ 人dј．
 б．

LESSON XI.-Number.

SINGULAR.

1. boy
2. girl
3. hen
4. roof
5. horse
6. hoof
7. pencil
8. road
9. sun
10. farm
11. box
12. church
13. branch
14. match
15. fox
16. thief
17. loaf
18. sheaf
19. life
20. lady
21. merd
22. ferry
23. ox
24. child
25. 

PLURAL.
boys
girls
hens
roofs
horses
hoofs
pencils
roads
suns
farms
boxes
churches
branches
matches
foxes
thieves
loaves
sheaves
lives
ladies
mercies
ferries
oxen
children
ashes

$$
\Delta U \cdot \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot \mathrm{~J} \quad \mathrm{XI} .
$$

SINGULAR．
1．$\dot{Q} \vee r^{n}$
2．$\Delta^{n} q \cdot{ }^{n}$
3．مڭ 「
4．$\triangleleft \ll 1 b$.
5．$\Gamma^{n} C \cap^{c}$
6．$\Gamma^{n}\left(\cap^{c} D r^{\prime}\right.$
7．Lra＂$\Delta b^{\prime} \dot{j}^{\prime} \cap$
8．7 beo
9．ヘ人
10．$\sigma^{\prime \prime}\left(\triangle \cdot P \rho b^{\prime}\right.$
11．$\Gamma^{n} \cap \mathrm{~d} \triangleleft^{\prime}$
12．$\langle ৬ \Gamma " \nabla \Delta \cdot b \Gamma$
13．$\triangleleft \cdot \cap " b . ゝ$
14．$b(\dot{j} \cdot b)$
15．L＂qin
16．$D P \mathrm{j}^{n}$
17．$\triangle$ ㄴ＂bo
18．$\sigma^{\prime \prime}(\triangle \cdot \rho \rho b \sigma \Delta \cdot(" d \wedge \rho b)$

20．7® $\Delta^{n} 9 \cdot 0$


23．لn ${ }^{n}$
24．$\downarrow<\cdot{ }^{n}$
25.

PLURAL．
ロレイら
$\Delta^{\wedge} 9 \cdot 6$
のけ「トムぐ
ব＜＂O．Q
$\Gamma^{n} C n^{c} \Delta^{\prime}$

Lra＂$\Delta b^{\prime}$ び＇$^{\prime \prime}$ b．
7nbe $\Delta$ ．
ヘres••
$\sigma^{\prime \prime}(\triangle \cdot P r b a$
「n $\quad$ d $\cdot C$

－$\overbrace{}^{\prime \prime} b \cdot a$
bくひba．
L＂ばか
$p$ jค＾${ }^{\prime}$
〈゙＂beか・
（＂dへrba＂
ヘinr $\triangle \cdot a$
「• $\Delta^{n} 9 \cdot \nabla^{\prime \prime}$

$\Delta ل \nabla \cdot " D D \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot a$
」n）ハ・•
－১゙ァら
$\wedge^{\prime \prime} d$

SINGULAR.
26.
27. man
28. woman
29. foot
30. tooth
31. mouse
32. goose
33. louse
34.
35.

PLURAL.
drawers
men
women
feet
teeth
mice
geese
lice
shears
oats

LESSON XII.-Months, Seasons, Etc.
(a)

1. January
2. February
3. March
4. April
5. May
6. June
7. How many? How often? How much?
8. Spring, summer, autumn, winter.
9. Day, month, week, year.
10. Name the winter months. December, January, February.
11. Name the spring months. March, April, May.
12. Name the summer months. June, July, August

SINGULAR．
26．
27． $4 \geqslant \sigma^{\circ}$
28．$\Delta^{n} 9.0$
29．「
30．「 $\wedge^{\prime}$
31．$\left\langle\wedge d i^{n}\right.$
32．$\sigma^{n} b$
33．$\Delta^{\prime \prime} b$ ．
34.
35.

PLURAL．
rVpriborch

$\Delta^{n} 9 \cdot \triangleleft$
「ア
「へへ
$\triangle$ へので心
$\sigma^{n} b$
－＂b．
＜nb＂$\langle L$ L）$\triangle \cdot a$
$\Gamma^{\sim} C \cap^{\prime} D \Gamma \Gamma \triangle \cdot a^{\prime}$

$$
\Delta \cup \cdot " \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta) \quad \text { XII }
$$

（a）
1．$P \backslash D \dot{\wedge} ;$
D＂＜＂Dヘirc
2．ГProír م $\left.h^{\prime \prime} \triangle\right) \wedge_{r}$
3．$\sigma^{n} p \dot{\wedge} \dot{\rho}^{c}$ へand $\wedge$ 人
4．$\triangle>P \dot{\wedge}$
5．$\wedge \dot{Q} \nabla \cdot \circ \dot{\wedge}{ }^{c}$ $b^{n} b \cap \sigma^{\circ}$ ヘrc
 $\wedge \gg \cos ^{\prime}$

8．$\Gamma$ inb $\Gamma$ ，$\dot{\sigma} \wedge$ ），（ $\dot{b} \cdot \rho), \wedge>$ ）．
9．Prbo，$\dot{\wedge}^{c}, \nabla \Delta^{n}<\vec{\prime}, \Delta^{n} \rho$ ．


 へQ $\nabla \cdot \circ$ へ人
 م $\left.P^{\prime \prime} \Delta\right) \dot{\wedge} \boldsymbol{\sim}$ ．
4. Name the autumn months. September, October, November.
5. Name the months that have 30 days. April, June, September, November.
6. Name the months that have 31 days each. January, March, May, July, August, October and December.
7. How many days in February? There are 28, but in every fourth year there are 29.
8. How many days in January?
9. How many in March ?
10. How many in April?
11. How many in October?
12. How many in September?
13. How many in February?
(b)

1. last June
2. next May
3. last October
4. last month
5. last year
6. next year
(c)
7. when?
8. where?
9. how often?
10. how many?
last week
last autumn
next spring
next January next September last Thursday
















(b)

$\Delta^{n} \dot{b}: \zeta^{-} b \Delta^{n}<\lambda^{\prime}$
 $\Delta$-b:ל-bci.p




11. $\Delta^{n} b: \grave{S}^{-}$b বn $^{\prime} \Delta^{\prime}$

 $\Delta \Delta^{n}$ : $\zeta$ - boDPri.
(c)
12. $\dot{C} \sigma^{\wedge} \wedge$ ?

Cor?
2. $\dot{C}$ ?

と́口"P?
3. ऐं
( $\Delta r^{r} d^{x}$ ?
4. ('(I) ?

1. When are wheat, oats and barley sown? In the spring.
2. Where are you going? Where is it ?
3. How are you? How old is she?
4. Why is it cold in winter? Chiefly because the light of the sun shines slantingly upon that part of the earth where it is winter.
5. Why did you not come to school on Monday? I went to hunt my father's horses.
6. When does the snow fall?

## LESSON XIII.-Moneys.

(a)

1. cent
2. dime, ten cents
3. 5 cents
4. shilling
5. one dollar
6. 10 dollars, one eagle
7. $\$ 5$
8. $\$ 10$
9. $\$ 1$
10. $\$ 50$
$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { shilling } \\ \text { one quarter of a dollar } \\ \text { twenty-five cents }\end{array}\right.$
fifty cents
half a dollar
two shillings
(one dollar
four shillings (one hundred cents
11. How much did he pay you? Half a dollar.
12. How much money did he lose? $\$ 10$.
13. How many cords will you cut for $\$ 12$ ? Sixteen. 4. How often will you go for 75 cents? Three times.
 $\dot{b}<p \cap a r^{x}$ ? 7 n $^{n} \Gamma^{\circ}$.

14. $\dot{C} \sigma$ 位
 а. $9^{\wedge} b^{c} \triangleleft \sigma L \quad \Delta U^{\prime \prime} q^{n} b \Gamma^{\prime} \Delta\left(\dot{b} \wedge>^{x}\right.$.




$\Delta U \cdot{ }^{\prime \prime} \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot \cdot$ XIII.
(a)



15. $\left.\sigma \zeta a^{\prime} \triangleright \vee \Delta b\right):$
16. $\Gamma\left({ }^{\prime \prime \prime} \Delta \vee \Delta b\right)$$\quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\Delta \wedge^{\prime \prime}\left(\circ \checkmark \wedge^{n}\right. \\ \sigma \lambda \lambda \sigma \zeta n\end{array}\right.$
17. $\left.V \breve{S}^{\prime} D \vee \triangle b\right)$
18. $\sigma \square^{3} D \Gamma\left(a^{\circ}\right.$

19. $\dot{C} \sigma \lambda^{x} \dot{b} \cap<" \Delta L^{n} ? ~ \dot{~} へ^{\prime \prime}\left(0 \dot{j} \cdot \wedge^{n}\right.$.




(b)

| 10 mills | . 1 cent. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 10 cents. | . 1 dime. |
| 10 dimes. | . 1 dollar. |
| 10 dollars | . 1 eagle. |
| 25 cents | $\frac{1}{4}$ dollar. |
| 25 cents. | 1 shilling. |
| 50 cents. | $\frac{1}{2}$ dollar. |
| 75 cents. | $\frac{3}{4}$ dollar. |
| 100 cents. | 1 dollar. |

## (c)

1. How many shillings in $\$ 1$ ?

How many cents in one dime?
How many cents in half-a-dollar?
How many shillings in 50 cents?
2. How much did you pay for a pound of tea? Three shillings.

How much will you pay me for my wagon? $\$ 60$, if it is not broken.
3. If one hen is worth 50 cents, what are nine hens worth? \$4.50.
4. If two rats are worth 25 cents, what is one rat worth? $12 \frac{1}{2}$ cents.
5. If eight rats are worth 56 cents, what are two rats worth?
（b）






$$
\text { Vら' } \wedge \dot{\triangleleft} \cdot \wedge^{n} .
$$






（c）





$\left.\sigma^{n}\right)$ 入 $\zeta^{n}$ ．
$\left.\dot{C} \sigma d^{x} \quad 9 \cap<" \Delta L \Delta \cdot \zeta\right) \quad \dot{( }<\dot{Q}^{n} \quad \Delta " \Gamma ?$




 $へ \dot{\triangleleft} \cdot \wedge^{n}$ d $^{\text {．}}$



|  | LESSON |  | XIV. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
| masculine. | FEMinine. | neuter. | common. |
| 1. man | woman | stone | child |
| 2. boy | girl | tree | friend |
| 3. drake | duck | light | neighbor |
| 4. father | mother | hand | deer |
| 5. king | queen | book | buffalo |
| 6. nephew | niece | stick | mouse |
| 7. son | daughter | house | parent |
| 8. steer | heifer | sun | chicken |
| 9. dog | bitch | farm | pig |
| 10. mister | mistress | hair | cattle |
| 11. he-goat | she-goat | chalk | bird |
| 12. gentleman | lady |  | crow |
| 13. grandfather | grandmother |  |  |
| 14. my uncle | my aunt |  |  |
| 15. horse | mare |  |  |
| 16. boar | sow |  |  |

1. Queen Victoria lives in England, but has not yet visited Canada. Her eldest son's name is Albert Edward. The Queen is a widow, about 70 years old. She is a good ruler. Often she visits the poor, and is very kind to them.

$$
\Delta U \cdot \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot \mathrm{~J} \text { XIV. }
$$

MASCULINE．FEMININE．NEUTER．COMMON．

1．$\dot{Q} \vee \circ$
2．$\dot{a} V r^{n}$
3．$\dot{Q} \vee$
4．$\nabla \cdot \vec{M} \triangle \cdot \dot{C}$ 。
5．PיrDPLं。

7．DdrrLo $\nabla C \dot{C r L O}$

9．$\Delta \cap^{c} \quad \rho^{\wedge}$ be＇
10．DPL。
11．$\zeta \vee \circ \triangleleft \cap^{x}$
12．「 $\stackrel{\text { Q }}{ } \mathrm{V}_{\circ}$ $\Delta P L^{n} 9.0$ مケレกx「ن $\Delta^{n} 9.0$
13．ل ل $\Gamma$ Lio $D^{\prime \prime} d \Gamma L \circ$
14．$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\sigma r^{n} \ddagger \\ م^{n \prime} d \Gamma^{n} \S\end{array} \quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\sigma r d^{n} \\ \sigma) r^{n}\end{array}\right.\right.$
15．$\Gamma^{n} \Omega^{c} \Omega^{n} \rho^{n}$
16．थVo $d^{\prime \prime} d^{n}$ ○ $d^{\prime \prime} d^{n}$
$\Delta r \sigma$
$\Gamma^{n}$

「rif
Lra $\Delta b^{\text {？}}$

ゝウ・••
ロ）U「L。
$\Delta \cdot(n p \nabla \cdot L b)$
 $\left.<n \cdot 0 \jmath^{n}\right)^{n}$
$\Gamma^{n} \cap \quad \Delta<d r^{n}$
$\dot{j} \wedge^{n} b \Delta b$ ）
$\nabla \triangleright \dot{\sigma} \dot{p} \dot{p}^{\prime \prime} \Delta d^{x}$
ヘre 「r＂ワrn
$\sigma^{\prime \prime}\left(\triangle \cdot P \Gamma b^{\prime}\right.$
$d^{\prime \prime} d^{n}$
ペーロー・
ヘム！
〈゙ロノ。




 $\Delta P \cap i P b$ ，ra $\dot{a}^{n} \wedge^{-}$「－$)(\nabla \cdot 0$ ．

LESSON XV.-Relationships.

1. father
2. mother
3. uncle
4. aunt
5. grandfather
6. grandmother
7. brother
8. sister
9. 
10. 
11. 
12. my son
13. my daughter
14. your sister
15. my step-mother
16. his step-father
17. my father-in-law
18. my mother-in-law 19.
my father
my mother
his uncle
her aunt
their grandfather my grandmother our (elder) brother my (younger) sister my (younger) brother my (elder) sister his cousin (mas.) my step-son your step-daughter his friend your neighbor my brother-in-law my sister-in-law his daughter-in-law her son-in-law

LESSON XVI.-Greetings, Farewells, etc.

1. good-day
good-evening
good-morning
good-night
good-bye

$$
\Delta U \cdot \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot \mathrm{JV}
$$

1．$\nabla \cdot \mathrm{Cl} \dot{C} \Delta \cdot L \circ$
2．$D b \Delta \cdot L \circ$
3．Drアイレo
4．DrdrLo
5．$\square$ ل」「Lo
6． $\mathrm{D}^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{d} \Gamma \mathrm{L}$
7．$\triangleright J$ び｢レ゚
8．$\subset \nabla \cdot\llcorner\circ$
9.
10.
11.

12．$\sigma d$ ？
13．$\sigma \dot{C}^{n}$
14．$P C \nabla \cdot L \circ$
15．$\sigma)^{n}$
16．$\nabla^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{d} \Gamma$
17．$\sigma$ r $d^{n}$
18．$\sigma$ r $d^{n}$
19.
＊Referring to the males on the mother＇s side． t Referring to the males on the father＇s side．

$$
\Delta U \cdot י \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot 2 \quad \text { XVI. }
$$

> 1. 「e prbo
> 「く १P५<0
> $\Gamma$ 「 $\left\langle\left(\Gamma^{n} d \dot{C}\right) \Delta \cdot \nu\right.$
$\Gamma$ 「 Didi
2. Are you well?

Is he well?
I am sick.
You speak well.
3. How are you?
4. Are you unwell?

Are you sick?

You are well.
He is well.
He works well.

How is he?
How is she?
How is it?
How are they?
I have a cold.
I have a cough.
He died of fever.
5. The child has measles. Your heart is ailing.

How long have you been unwell?
How is her father?
His head aches.
He is not strong.
Her brother has whooping cough.

How is your mother?
What ails him?
Her nose bleeds.
He is weak.
The doctor gave him -physic.

## LESSON XVII.-The Weather.

1. rain
2. hail
3. snow
4. cloud
5. fog
sleet
wind
ice
water

2．$P \Gamma$＜L＂ب＂D）$\Gamma$ ？「く L＂י＂D 「？ v（＂dr）． $\rho \sigma^{\prime \prime}\left(\dot{\wedge} \rho^{\circ} \dot{b}\right)$ ．

3．（吹 $\nabla$ ららら）？
$\rho$ 「く L＂י＂D．
「く Lי＂ب＂D．

$$
\sigma^{\prime \prime}(0 \triangleleft)^{\wedge} 90 .
$$



cor จiらfi？

P（＂dر）$\Gamma$ ？
مD（P＂dr）．
$\left.\nabla^{n}{ }^{\prime}\right)(\perp \Delta \cdot) \sigma(\breve{)}$ ．




UDヘnibroo．$\quad \rho \wedge^{n} \sigma^{\circ}$ ．

防院．
 $i>\rho b$ ．

$$
\Delta U \cdot י \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot د \quad \text { XVII. }
$$

1．$P \Gamma \Delta \cdot$
$\dot{p}^{n} \cap^{3}$
2．$\Gamma^{\wedge} b \cdot \Gamma$ b．$\cdot \rho^{x}$
3．de
4．$\triangleleft^{n} d$
「～b．$\Gamma$

5．$b^{\circ} 6 \triangleleft \cdot{ }^{\prime \prime} b \Gamma$
4

| 6. it rains |  | it sleets |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 7. it hails | it blows |  |
| 8. it snows | it storms |  |
| 9. cold |  | hot |
| 10. warm | it burns |  |
| 11. cool |  |  |

1. It rains in June.
2. It snows in February.
3. It rained last night when I was coming home.
4. It hailed yesterday.
5. The hail destroyed potatoes, barley and turnips.
6. It was cold in the school-house without a fire.
7. Yesterday it was hot ; to-day it is cold.

LESSON XVIII.-Points of the Compass.

1. north
2. south
3. east
4. 
5. 
6. eastward
7. northward
8. in the north
9. in the south
10. from the east
west
north-east north-west south-east south-west westward southward from the south-west to the west to the south-east
11. $P \Gamma \triangleleft \cdot J$
$p^{n} \cap \sigma<r_{0}$.
12. $\Gamma^{n}$. $г$ <"ря
々?
13. $\Gamma^{n}>$.
14. 
15. PrV•O
Lrpibo.
pruo
pruo.
16. ("bo









## $\Delta U \cdot י \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot 3$ XVIIL

1. $P \nabla \cdot \Omega D_{x} \quad<$ "


2. 
3. ${ }^{\sim}\left(\Delta^{x}\right.$ i $\left\langle\cdot \Delta^{x}\right.$ Г Гa $\left\langle\cdot\left\langle D^{x}\right.\right.$.






4. The sun rises in the east and sets in the west.
5. Cold winds blow from the west, north-west, and north.
6. The needle of the compass points to the north and the south. The centre of the needle rests on a pivot or point. Sailors at sea always use a compass, that they may know which way to guide the ship.
7. In spring the birds fly northward, but return southward in the autumn.

## LESSON XIX.

(a)

1. The sky is dark. The sky is cloudy.
2. The sky is bright. It looks like rain.
3. It is a fine day. The road is muddy.
4. The river is deep. The creek is shallow.
5. The river is rising. The river is falling.
6. The ice was three feet thick.
7. The ice cracks when it is thin. It cracks. It is cracked.
8. Give my horse a drink. Water the horses.
9. I fed your horse oats and hay. Feed my horse and tie him well.
(b)
10. harness
11. bridle
12. traces
saddle
reins, lines
collar




3．$\Delta \sigma L$ i $>\sigma b^{3} \Delta\left(\cdot \Delta b \sigma r^{x} \rho \nabla \cdot \cap^{n} \nabla^{x} \Gamma a\right.$ i $\Delta \cdot \nabla^{x}$

 pC $\Delta r \Delta C d C\left(C^{\prime} \dot{a} \wedge^{\prime \prime} b \cdot\right)$ ．
 $\Delta^{n} \wedge ら \triangleleft \cdot$ Ub．gp．
$\Delta U \cdot " \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot$ XIX．


1．$b^{\wedge} p \cup 0$ 表 $n \cdot 0$ ．





6．$\left.\Gamma^{n} b \cdot \Gamma \sigma^{n}\right) \Gamma \Gamma^{\prime} p^{\prime \prime} \rho^{n}<b^{\circ}$ ．
 $\cap \rho<>\circ$ ．

8．$\Gamma \sigma^{\prime \prime} b$ ．$\sigma U^{K}$ ．Г $\sigma^{\prime \prime \prime} b$ ．$\Gamma^{n} \subset \cap \subset \triangleleft^{\prime}$ ．


（b）

$\nabla^{n}<\wedge \Delta \cdot \Delta$
2．$(\wedge) \varnothing \wedge \rho b)$

3．$\triangleright \Gamma \wedge$ คbס （ヘペb）

| 4. halter | bit |
| :--- | :--- |
| 5. wagon | cart |
| 6. tongue | trams, shafts |
| 7. wheel | whipple-trees |
| 8. wagon-box | hay-rack |
| 9. tire | hub |
| 10. spokes | felloe |
| 11. axle | reach-pole |
| 12. bolt | nut |
| 13. thread | clevis |
| 14. wrench | bolster |
| 15. sleigh | runner |
| 16. bob-sleigh | knee |
| 17. sleigh-shoe | beam |

(c)

1. Harness the "horses.
2. Unharness the oxen.
3. Put on the bridle.
4. Saddle the horse and ride him to town.
5. Peter Brown's horses ran away with the bobsleigh, breaking the tongue in two places and bruising the horses' legs. The driver was thrown out against a stone, and his leg was broken. The tongue was made of birch, and there were shoes on the runners.

4．$\Delta ᄂ \wedge 9 \cdot \wedge 饣 ь)$
5．DbbUo $D C<a^{n}$
6．Drへrba＂
7．$\dot{b} \triangleleft-\dot{b}<\vec{~}$
8．$\Delta \dot{C}<\dot{a}^{n} \cdot \Gamma^{n} \cap D \cdot^{n}$
9．$\dot{b} \dot{\triangleleft} \cap \mathfrak{b}$ 小 $\wedge \dot{\triangleleft} \cdot \wedge^{n}$
10．$\square^{n} \dot{b} \cap$＂b்a
11． $\mathrm{b} \wedge$ 「」
12．$\wedge \triangleleft \cdot \wedge^{n} b \triangleleft>\subset$ गríq ${ }^{x}$
13．$\Delta(b \wedge \Gamma \sigma \dot{b}$ へび・ヘn
14．$\Gamma \Gamma \Gamma \sigma b^{\prime} \dot{b} \wedge \Gamma \sigma \dot{b} q^{x}$
15．$\wedge \ggg \dot{C}<\dot{a}^{n}$
16．$\dot{\text { 1 }} \Gamma \Gamma \mathrm{K}^{\prime} \wedge \gg \dot{C}<\dot{Q}^{n}$
17．ヘ১்ヘn $\quad \ll D \dot{C}<\dot{a}^{n} j^{x}$ bipid
$\left.\wedge \dot{\Delta} \cdot \wedge^{n} d \Delta \cdot(\wedge) \varnothing \wedge r b\right)$
$\sigma$ 入 $\cup$ ○ $D \dot{C}<\dot{a}^{n}$
ロrへrbá＂
Lí＞メ・ヘrbe
Lndr $\left.\Delta \cdot \Delta \dot{\left(<\dot{a}^{n}\right.} \Delta \lambda \Delta \cdot r b\right)$
$\Delta U^{\prime \prime} \Delta b$ 。
「n ${ }^{n}$ b••b小
$<6 \dot{b}>$ 小
へひ・ヘn $\Delta r\left(\wedge r b \sigma^{n}\right.$
$\wedge d \wedge \rho 9 \triangle \cdot ᄂ b \wedge \Gamma b^{\prime}$
$\Delta \dot{C}<\dot{a}^{n} d \Delta \cdot U(n \rho b)$
$\Delta \dot{C}<\dot{a}^{-} d^{\prime} \dot{b} \dot{b} L^{n} b \Gamma<$ ，
$D^{\circ} \dot{b} \cap{ }^{\prime \prime} b^{\prime}$

$$
\dot{b} \wedge \Gamma \subset\lrcorner
$$

（c）

1．$\Delta \cdot \zeta \wedge^{n} \Gamma^{n}\left(\cap^{c} \Delta \cdot\right.$ ．

3．（へ）$へ$ へค．







## LESSON XX.-AdJECTIVEs.

(a)

1. good
2. bad
3. long
4. short
5. wide
6. high
7. deep
8. wise
9. unwise
10. foolish
11. soft

12 hard
13. hot
14. warm
15. cold
16. frosty
17. sharp
18. dull
19. sore
20. painful
21. beautiful
22.
23. swift
24. ugly
25.
smart
lazy
quick
slow
poor
rich
heavy
light
sweet
sour
little
sick
narrow
low
rough
smooth
round
flat
square
tough
tender
clear
dark
roily
muddy
holy
wicked
black
white
red
blue
green
yellow
brown
bay
grey
thick
thin
strong
weak
tired
cross
kind
unkind.
quiet
tame
wild
fast
(b)

1. A good boy.
2. A bad man.
3. A wise woman.
4. A short stick.
5. A deep well.
6. A sharp axe.
7. A dall knife.
8. A sore hand.

A slow horse.
A wild goose.
A tame crow.
A high house.
A bay horse.
A red cow.
A black hen.
Tough beef.

$$
\Delta U \cdot " \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot, \quad \mathbf{X X} .
$$

（a）

1．$\Gamma$ 〈．ر
2．LR
3．$\stackrel{\text { P }}{1} \mathrm{O}$
4．rLr，rएreo

6．$\Delta^{n}<0, \Delta^{n} \wedge$ ァo
7．$\cap \Gamma^{\circ}, ~ \triangleleft \cdot{ }^{\prime \prime} \succ^{\circ} \Delta\left(C^{\prime}(t)\right.$
8．$\Delta \sigma{ }^{c}$
9．aL $\Delta \sigma$（ $\Delta \cdot$ ・リ．），aL $\Delta \sigma$ ○
$Q^{\prime \prime} \Delta^{\circ}$
p＂คr～po
Cinc：
$\triangle P$ Pib ${ }^{\circ}$
oni（b），pnippo
$\nabla \cdot \infty(), \nabla \cdot<\cap$ ค
d＇b．l，drb．no

$\Delta \cdot{ }^{\prime \prime} 6 r^{\prime}, \Delta \cdot{ }^{\prime \prime} b \cap$ ○
＜$\Delta \cdot 0,8.0 .0$

＜＂dro
ìd＜••0，ídァo
くぐし○，く＜＂ヶァ。
ヘムb．$\circ$ ，ヘムdro

$\Delta \cdot \Delta \cdot\left\langle>^{\circ}, \Delta \cdot \Delta \cdot\left\langle 1^{\circ}\right.\right.$
e＜po，$\quad \ll \rho \circ$
$\dot{C} \wedge C \Delta \cdot \circ, \dot{C} \wedge C \Delta \cdot ?$




$\Delta \cdot \dot{2} b^{\prime}, \Delta \cdot \dot{a} p$ o
$<4 b^{\wedge} 9 \Delta \cdot 6^{\circ}$

92 （x
Lr $\Delta \cap^{n} p o$
bnpu $^{\circ} \circ$ ，bnpupo

「＂b•o，Г＂dro
rヘ＂Cb•o，$r \wedge^{\prime \prime}\left(\right.$ dro $^{\circ}$


Dis．o，Dis．ro
$\Delta \cdot<\Delta \cdot 3, \Delta \cdot<$ ○
「＂b．०，「＂d，

$\rho^{n}<b^{\circ}, \rho^{n}<p \rho^{\circ}$
$\ll b^{\circ}, \ll b r^{\circ}$
（＂b），楊

$\left.\triangleleft 4^{n} b \cdot\right), ~ \triangleleft 4^{n}$ dго


aL PYくं（ 3 ，aL p५＜்• $\cap \circ$

＜b．（），＜b•ค，

（b）

1．「く aVrn
2．Lr $\dot{2} V^{\circ}$
3．$\nabla \Delta \sigma r^{\prime} \Delta^{n} q .0$
4．$\nabla$ rín $\Gamma^{\wedge}{ }^{\prime}$
5．＇จก7ら’ 」ロ＂$\Delta \dot{<}$
6．$\nabla$ bin $\Gamma b^{\prime \prime} \Delta b^{\prime}$
7．$\nabla b \nabla \wedge b \cdot " \cap$ ل＂dL）
8．$\nabla \Delta$ •ֹの～＂
$\Delta p r i \Delta .0 \Gamma^{n}$ Cne
$<b \cdot \uparrow \quad \sigma^{-} b$

$\nabla \Delta^{n}<\dot{\prime}$ ••b $\Delta b$ ）
「＂b・の
$\nabla$＂＇dr＇$D \sigma \sigma^{\circ}$


9. A pretty girl.
10. A handsome boy.
11. A good-looking woman.

## Soft butter.

A hard stone.
Thin milk.
(c)


1. My dog is quiet ; he will not bite, or chase chickens, or steal.
2. Your mother is kind and good.
3. His axe is dull ; it will not cut hardwood.
4. I am tired and unwell.
5. The water is hot; the water is cold. Your haifdg are cold, but your face is warm.
6. John shot a swan one frosty morning.

LESSON XXI.—Adverbs.
(a)

1. too
2. quickly
3. slowly
4. fast
5. often
6. seldom
7. soon
8. long ago
9. far
10. far away
11. close
12. close by
13. again
14. near
15. near by
never
ever
always
for ever
sweetly
beautifully
wisely
unwisely
foolishly
very hurriedly
gladly
eagerly
willingly
poorly
carelessly
thoughtlessly
readily
at once
immediately
right away
quietly
noisily
roughly
now
so
then
here
9．$\nabla b c \triangleleft \cdot \prec$ ィ $\Delta^{\wedge}$

11．$\nabla \Gamma$ なadr $\Delta^{\wedge} q .0$
（c）







$$
\begin{equation*}
\Delta U \cdot " \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot \mathrm{XXI} . \tag{a}
\end{equation*}
$$

1．$\Delta r r$
2．$P><$
aLD．＂ib
pnip
3．$\stackrel{\sim}{\circ}(\dot{\sim})^{-}$
くי＂
4．$C^{\sim}(1$
5．「יาค•○
」

6．aL L．
bpq

7．$\Delta \cdot<^{-}$
「が（b）

8．$b^{\zeta^{n}}$
$\Gamma$ 「édr $\Delta \cdot \sigma^{x}$
4．01－${ }^{11} \gg$

9．$\checkmark$ ・リー


$\nabla b \Delta \sigma r \Delta \cdot \sigma^{x}$ Vダイ゙
11． P な
ட்＜＜$\cap \stackrel{\Delta}{ } \cdot \sigma^{x}$
$\nabla$ b Vicidr $\Delta \cdot \sigma^{x}$
12．$\Gamma \rho \triangleright C, \Gamma P \nabla d C$
an＾́n $^{\wedge}$ 「）
aL Vら＂
13．pic． C
14．$\Gamma P$
$\ll \dot{\gamma} \Delta \cdot \sigma^{x}$
－${ }^{11-}$
$\triangleleft C \dot{\dot{Q}} \Delta \cdot \sigma^{x} \quad \nabla d \uparrow$

15．\}



| 16. exactly | thoroughly | where |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 17. wherever | correctly | where? |
| 18. whenever | properly | there |
| 19. any time | not that way | up |
| 20. any place | truly | down |
| 21. every where | secretly | upward |
| 22. no where | aloud | downward |
| 23. regularly | all the time | away |

(b)

1. Go quickly, and call aloud. Do not act foolishly. Always be kind.
2. You ploughed that field very carelessly. They live poorly all the time.
3. We saw deer and rabbits close by, but they ran quickly away.
4. Come any time and I will teach you willingly to read.
5. Truly William did not speak wisely about the work he did so slowly.
6. Throw it upward. Lay it down. Go away.
7. Long ago the buffalo were plentiful in the NorthWest. Now they are seldom seen. The Indians often wish they would come back; but the buffalo will not return.
8. Where is it? When will you come? Why did he kill the dog?
9. It is too large. That horse is too lazy to run.
$169 \cap^{n}, 7 \cdot{ }^{\prime \prime}$
17．$\wedge p \cdot \Delta U$
18．$\left(\sigma^{\wedge} \wedge\right.$
19．$\wedge p \cdot \Delta^{n} \wedge$
20．$\wedge \rho \cdot \Delta C$
21．$\Gamma \rho \nabla \cdot \Delta C$
22．$a L \dot{a}^{x}(0) \Delta C$
23．$C \wedge \dot{C} \triangle$－

「）$\sigma \Delta \cdot \sigma^{x}$
bグク $\Delta r$
$\nabla \cdot{ }^{\prime \prime} \rho \subset \Delta^{-}$
aL $\nabla d$ r
c $V \cdot \wedge \dot{b} \cdot \sigma$
P」
マVי́․․․
」
$\Delta U$

$\bigcirc \cup, \nabla d U$
$\Delta^{n}<\Omega^{x}, \Delta^{n} \wedge \Gamma^{x}$

$\Delta^{n} \wedge \Gamma^{x} \Delta r$
$\dot{\sigma}^{\prime \prime レ}$ •× $\Delta$
ロ＂ヘフ
（b）
「～＂く．
 ＜「＂ロぐ 」 」





5．$\dot{( } V \cdot \Delta \cdot \xi \zeta(P \triangleleft \cdot \sigma) a\lrcorner \triangleleft \sigma L \triangleleft)^{n} q \Delta \cdot \Delta^{\prime \prime} \nabla^{\prime \prime} \Gamma$ bP＜ㄷㄱ $(\Delta \cdot)(x$ ．


 CVPD・ス＇，Lb aL $\triangle \cdot{ }^{\prime \prime} \dot{b}^{-} P\left(V P \nabla \cdot \triangleleft^{\prime}\right.$.
 $\triangleleft \cap^{\circ} \triangleleft \cdot ?$


## LESSON XXII.-Inquiries.

(a)

1. What is your name?

What is her name?
What is his name?
What is its name?
2. What is your father's name?

What is your mother's name?
What is his brother's name?
What is your grandfather's name?
(b)

1. Where do you live? In a tent.

Where does she live? In Winnipeg.
Where does Peter live? In a house.
Where do they live?
= Where did you live last winter?
Where does your uncle live? Part of the time he lives in a house and part of the time in a tent.
(c)

1. How old are you? Sixteen.

How old is your horse? Seven years old.
2. How old is your son? Six years old.

What age is George? He is fourteen years old.
What age was your father when he died? Eighty-three.

To what age did your mother live?
$\Delta U \cdot " \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot{ }^{\prime \prime} \quad$ XXII．
（a）

Cor จ阝ribis？



Cor $\nabla$ pribir pbar？


（b）
1．$\dot{C} \sigma(\dot{b} \Delta \cdot \rho \zeta) ? ~ \Gamma \rho \dot{j} \cdot \wedge^{x}$ ．
$\dot{C} \sigma C$ b $\Delta \cdot p^{\prime}$ ？$\quad \Delta \cdot \sigma V d^{x}$ ．
$\dot{C} \sigma \subset \dot{b} \Delta \cdot p r \cdot \wedge C 3 ? \quad \Delta^{n} b \Delta b \sigma^{x}$ ．
$\dot{C} \sigma \subset \dot{b} \triangle \cdot P C \cdot \circ$ ？
$\dot{C} \sigma(\dot{b} P \Delta \cdot P \zeta) \wedge>_{\Omega}$ ？
 $\Delta^{\wedge}$ b－「．$\rho \dot{\triangleleft} \cdot \wedge^{*} \Delta \cdot \rho \circ$ ．
（c）





$\left.\sigma^{\wedge}\right) ん^{\prime}$.

(d)

1. Where does this road lead to ?

Where does this road join the Winnipeg trail?
To what place does this road lead ?. It goes to Regina.
2. Which road shall I take for Medicine Hat? Take the centre trail and keep the well-beaten track.
3. Which road leads to Morley? Two roads lead to Morley; one on the north of the Bow River, and one on the south.
4. Where does this trail cross the Battle River? At the bridge; but the bridge is swept away.
(e)

1. How far is it to Edmonton from this place? 60 miles.
2. How many miles is it from Edmonton to Calgary? 200 miles.
3. How far is it from the school-house to the post office? $3 \frac{1}{2}$ miles.
(f)
4. Where does Battle River rise? It rises in Pigeon Lake and Battle Lake.

Where does it flow? It flows east into the North Saskatchewan.
2. Where does the Saskatchewan empty itself? Into Lake Winnipeg.
3. The North and the South Saskatchewan meet below Prince Albert.
4. Where does Battle River join the Saskatchewan? At Battleford.
(d)

 Co $\sigma\left(b \Delta C\right.$ 」 $\Delta L$ 7nbeo? $\left.3 \Delta l \cdot a \Delta^{x} \Delta C\right\lrcorner$.




 $\triangleleft \lambda b \sigma^{x}, L b \nabla \cdot<D \cup \circ \Delta \lambda b$.
(e)
 $\sigma d \dot{C} \cdot \lambda \Gamma\left(\sigma^{\circ} \cap<" \Delta b\right)$.
2. (ن(י') $\cap<" \Delta b\rangle \quad \Delta \Gamma^{n} b \cdot \Gamma \quad \Delta^{\wedge} b^{\prime \prime} \Delta b^{\prime}$ $\Delta^{\prime \prime} \Gamma \quad \Delta^{n} d$








 inro.
4. (x ipl
5. Rainy River flows from Lake of the Woods into Lake Superior.
6. Red River and Assiniboine River meet at Winnipeg. Red River flows north into Lake Winnipeg.

LESSON XXIII.-Possessive Nouns.
(a)

SINGULAR.
my father's horse your uncle's dog John's cat a woman's glove the horse's ear

William's top
Mary's doll
the man's hat
the teacher's cap
mother's Bible

1. Your uncle's dog killed my hen.
2. I picked up the teacher's cap off the floor.
3. The horse's ear is sore.
4. John's cat catches mice.
(b)

PLURAL.
ladies' hats
women's shoes
men's boots
boys' books
girls' shawls
babies' feet
hens' eggs
people's houses
birds' feathers
dogs' tails
cats' teeth
mice's nests
horses' ears
colts' legs
cows' horns
geese's wings
Indians' horses
ducks' bills
 DrV• $\triangle \cdot \dot{i} b^{\prime \prime} \triangle b \sigma^{x}$ ipC $\Delta \cdot 0$ ．
 $\Delta \cdot \sigma V \Delta \cup^{x}$ ．


號 $\Delta U \cdot " \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot 3$ XXIII．
（a）
－＂＇ロ・DUL
$\left.\Delta \cdot \Sigma \zeta^{〔} \Delta<\vdash^{n} b \cdot "\right) \triangleleft ் \cdot a$
$d^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{J}^{\circ}$ DUL
い $\Delta \Gamma$ م入

$\Delta^{n} 9 \cdot 0 \quad \Delta C^{n} \cap$
Q Vo $D(n) \cap)$
$\triangle 9.0 \triangleright C \cap L$

$\Gamma^{n} C \cap^{c} \Delta^{\prime \prime} \subset \triangleleft \cdot b$ ．

1．$P_{1}^{n} D U L P_{\sigma}<{ }^{\prime \prime} \nabla 0$ $\sigma \Gamma \Gamma^{\prime \prime} \nabla L$ ．



（b）
$\left.\Delta^{n} q \cdot \Delta \cdot \Delta^{n}\right) \cap a$
$\Delta .9 .0$ a•＾pra
לু

aVfr Lra＂$\triangle$ ba





هウ・r
Doíの $\Delta \cdot \nabla^{n} b a^{\prime}$

$\sigma^{n}$ Pb．a＇


r^dC

1. Ladies' hats are not warm.
2. Men's and women's shoes were in the box that went down the river.
3. The hen's eggs were all different.
4. Have you girls' shawls and boys' boots?
5. The boys tied tin cans to the dogs' tails.
6. We found birds' feathers and geese's feet on the camping-ground.
7. The Indians' horses were stolen.
8. Have you ever seen ducks' feathers in mice's nests?
9. The marks of the cats' teeth were on the cheese.

## LESSON XXIV.

Reflexive and Reciprocal Pronouns and Distributives.
(a)

| myself <br> yourself <br> himself | ourselves <br> yourselves <br> themselves | each other <br> one another |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| itself |  |  |

1. I will tell him myself.
2. You ought to do it yourself.
3. Every boy must learn for himself.
4. They should have helped themselves.
5. The two boys helped themselves.
6. The children were all kind to one another.

1．$\left.\Delta^{n} q \cdot \circ \Delta^{\wedge}\right) \cap$ e a $\left.p>\right)^{j} \cdot \triangleleft$ ．




L＾pra？




 －$\left.\cdot \rho^{n}\right) \cdot \sigma^{x}$ ．

$\Delta U \cdot \Delta \Delta \cdot \Delta \cdot{ }^{\prime \prime}$ XXIV．
（a）
б


$\Delta A_{n c} c_{x}\left(n_{n} y_{-}\right.$
から ダメー


－•


1．$\sigma b \Delta \cdot " C\lrcorner \triangleleft \cdot \circ \cap \wedge$ ค
2．$\triangle{ }^{( }$U $\left.\cup \cap \cap \wedge \circ P C\right)(L)$ ．





## (b)

each every either neither

1. Each one had a pitcher in his hand.
2. Every boy and every girl was dressed in blue.
3. Either horse will suit me.
4. Neither James nor John kept an apple for himself.

LESSON XXV.—Ordinals.

| first | 1st | twelfth |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| second | 2nd | 13th |
| third | 3rd | thirtieth |
| fourth | 4th | 40th |
| fifth | 5th | ninety-third |
| sixth | 6 th | 110 th |
| seventh | 7 th | nineteenth |
| eighth | 8th | 23rd |
| ninth | 9 th | seventy-fifth |
| tenth | 10 th | 89th |

1. On the 10 th of April I was born.
2. He will start on the 2nd of June.
3. February is the second month.
4. On the 24th of May Queen Victoria was born.
5. This is the first day of March.
6. He was warned the fourth time to tie up his dog.
（b）
（ii）$b^{\prime \prime} P>0 \quad \sigma d(\cdot 0 \quad a L \operatorname{\sigma d}(\cdot 0$

2．（ii）$a V^{n}$ 「a $\Delta^{n} q \cdot r^{n} P \Delta \cdot \zeta^{\prime \prime}(L$ ， $\nabla \Gamma V^{\prime \prime}(b \cdot ム b \cdot 0$.



$$
\Delta \cup \cdot \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot \partial \quad \text { XXV }
$$

$\sigma^{n c c}$

$$
\Delta \zeta^{n} d^{\prime \prime}
$$

$$
\sigma^{n} \check{י}
$$

০১•

$$
\sigma ৬ Q^{\prime} \triangleleft^{\prime}
$$

$$
\sigma d C \cdot \triangleleft \cdot ৬
$$

U＜d＂＜・ケ＇
$9 b^{-} \sigma^{n}$（ao ${ }^{\prime \prime \prime}(\cdot)^{\prime}$

$\sigma^{n}\left(\sigma^{\circ} \sigma^{n}\right) \dot{\zeta}^{\prime \prime}$＂＇$^{\prime \prime}$ ・ウ
96「（C）

「C（＇）- 「




 pיpDPLं $9 \cdot 0$ ヘソア $\triangle$ ．

5．$\Delta م^{1 r} \nabla \sigma^{n c c} \Delta \rho \Gamma^{\prime \prime} \sigma^{n} P$ ヘr
6．

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text {-D }
\end{aligned}
$$

| LESSON XXVI. |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| one by one | by sevens |
| in twos | two by two |
| by sixes | in the same place |
| in three places | in another place |
| in pairs | in both places |
| in four places | in either place |
| in every place | in neither place |

1. Walk out one by one.
2. Go out by twos.
3. I saw weeds in both places.
4. Birds go in pairs.
5. The horses broke the tongue in three places.
6. In every place there was the same trouble.
7. In another place I saw the same mower.

## LESSON XXVII.-Tenses.

| present. | present perfect. | past. | future. |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| I I run | I have run | I ran, did run | I shall run |
| 2. I see | I have seen | I saw, did see | I shall see |
| 3. I tell | I have told | I told, did tell | I shall tell |
| 4. you go | you have gone | you went, did go | you will go |
| 5. he goes | he has gone | he went, did go | he will go |
| 6. we walk | we have walked | we walked, did walk | we shall walk |
| 7. they talk | they have | they talked, did | they will talk |
|  |  | talked | talk |

8. I read I have read I read, did read I shall read

$$
\Delta \cup \cdot י \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot \Omega \quad \text { XXVI. }
$$



〈＂レら
Q $\sigma$
a odd ．p
－$\sigma^{2}$ C
Q $\sigma$
oDくらい
$\Gamma ァ \nabla \cdot \Delta U$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& C U<d^{\prime \prime \prime} \\
& 2 \sigma^{n} \triangleleft^{\prime} \zeta^{\prime} \\
& C \wedge^{n} d^{-} \Delta C \\
& \Delta^{\prime \prime} \wedge \neg \Delta C \\
& a>\Delta C \\
& \sigma d C \cdot O \Delta C \\
& \text { aL } \sigma d C \cdot O \quad \Delta C
\end{aligned}
$$









$$
\Delta U \cdot י \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot 3 \text { XXVII. }
$$

present．pres．per．and past．
FUTURE．
1．$\sigma \wedge \Gamma<$＂
$\sigma P \wedge \Gamma<$ י＇
$\sigma b \wedge \Gamma<י \dot{>}$
2．$\sigma \triangleleft \wedge^{\prime}$
$\sigma P \triangleleft \cdot \wedge^{\prime}$
$\sigma b \triangleleft \wedge^{\prime}$
3．$\sigma \triangle \cdot י \cup$
$\sigma P \triangle \cdot י$
$\sigma b \triangle \cdot י$
4．
ק
$\sigma b \Delta)^{\prime}$
5．$\Delta$ リノ
P $\triangle$ ）Vo
P（ $\triangle$ ）＂$\cup \circ$
6．$\sigma \wedge ل^{\prime \prime}\left(\dot{Q}^{)}\right.$
$\left.\sigma P \wedge ل^{\prime \prime}\right) \dot{Q}^{\prime}$
$\sigma b \wedge$ ل＂${ }^{\prime}(\dot{Q})$
7．$\wedge p \wedge q \cdot \triangleleft \cdot$
$p \wedge p^{n} q \cdot<j^{\prime}$

8．$\sigma(\zeta \Gamma י \Gamma \dot{b})$

PRESENT. PRESENT PERFECT. PAST. FUTURE.

| 9. I plow | I have plowed | I plowed, did plow | I shall plow |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 10. you play | you have played <br> 11. he chops played, did play <br> he has chopped <br> he chopped, did <br> chop | you will play <br> he will chop |  |
| 12. we eat | we have eaten | we ate, did eat | we shall eat |
| 13. you sit | you have sat | you sat, did sit | you will sit |
| 14. they lie | they have lain | they lay, did lie | they will lie |
| 15. they lie | they have lied | they lied, did lie | they will lie |
| 16. I fall | I have fallen | I fell, did fall | I shall fall |
| 17. I fell (it) | I have felled | I felled, did fell | I shall fell |
| 18. I rise | I have risen | I rose, did rise | I shall rise |
| 19. I raise (it) | I have raised | I raised, did raise | I shall raise |
| 20. I put | I have put | I put, did put | I shall put |
| 21. I saw | I have sawn | I sawed, did saw | I shall saw |
| 22. I set (it) | I have set | I set, did set | I shall set |
| 23. they lay(eggs) | they have laid | they laid, did lay | they will lay |
| 24. I read it | I have read it | I read it, did read it | I shall read it |
| 25. I put it | I have put it | I put it, did put it | I shall put it |
| I lay it |  |  |  |

## LESSON XXVIII.-ConJunctions.

(a)

| 1. and | either..or | yet | then |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. but | neither..nor | still | however |
| 3. for | both..and | nevertheless | also |
| 4. or | not only..but also | therefore | where |
| 5. that | as long as | as soon as | since |
| 6. if | unless | than | so that |
| 7. because | lest | until | though |
| 8. before | after | while, whilst although |  |

PRESENT．
9．$\sigma \wedge d \wedge \rho^{\prime}{ }^{\prime}$
10．$\rho 7(\dot{j} \cdot)$
11． $\mathrm{rb} \triangle \mathrm{q}_{0}$
12．$\sigma \Gamma \Gamma$ ¢
13．$P\left(\wedge^{\prime}\right.$
14．ヘ「アン・•
15． $\operatorname{pi} \sim$ ค
16．$\sigma<{ }^{\prime \prime} P(\sigma)$
17．$\sigma b \triangleleft \cdot$ 〈゙ $\cap b . ग$
18．$\sigma<d^{\prime}$
19． 18 $^{\prime \prime} \wedge P\left(b^{\prime}\right.$
20．$\sigma\left(\sim\left\ulcorner b^{\prime}\right.\right.$
21．$\sigma^{P \cap} P>\Gamma b^{\prime}$
22．$\sigma \Gamma \triangleleft \cdot \wedge$ • ペРァ
23．$\triangleright \dot{\cdot} \cdot \Delta \cdot \triangleleft \cdot \$
24．$\sigma$（ヶケ＂く）
25．$\sigma \stackrel{( }{\circ}$

PRES．PER．AND PAST．
$\sigma P \wedge d \wedge \Gamma \dot{b})$
ppㄱ（j）
prb $\quad$ pCrb $\triangle$ Q $_{\circ}$ $\sigma P \Gamma \Gamma \lambda \dot{a}^{3} \quad \sigma b \Gamma \Gamma \dot{a}^{3}$
$\rho \rho \triangleleft \wedge Q \triangleleft \cdot \circ$（pl．）$P b \triangleleft \wedge \_\triangleleft \cdot \circ$（pl．）

ppinpব•• $\quad$（piラnpব••


$\sigma^{2} P<t d^{2} \quad \sigma b<t d^{2}$
$\sigma P D^{\prime \prime} \wedge P r b \quad \sigma b D^{\prime \prime \wedge P r b}$
$\sigma p \Delta^{n}(b) \quad \sigma b \Delta^{n}\left(b^{2}\right.$

$\sigma P \Gamma \triangleleft \cdot \wedge^{\prime} \triangleleft-$
ヘペ○
$P D \dot{\cdot} \triangle \cdot \triangleleft \cdot$
$\sigma$－
$\sigma P \triangleleft^{\circ}$

FUTURE．
$\sigma b \wedge d \wedge r \dot{b}$
Pb7（j่）
$\sigma b \Gamma \triangleleft \cdot \wedge^{\prime} \triangleleft \wedge^{2}$
Po
$P C D<\cdot \triangle \cdot \triangleleft \cdot \cdot$

$\sigma$ ৫くへ
$\Delta U \cdot \Delta \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot 2$ XXVIII．
（a）


5．$P R, r, P\left(9 \Delta^{n} d\right.$
Lゝo
$\Delta^{n} \wedge^{\prime}$
6．$\rho^{\wedge} \wedge^{\nu}$
$p^{\wedge} \wedge^{\prime} \nabla b$
$\Delta^{n}$ ベゥ
$p$ P
7．$\triangleleft^{\wedge}, ~$ クqL $69 く$
$\Delta^{n} d$
$\triangle C \Delta \cdot \zeta$
8．$ᄂ$ •
ㄱ．ㄷํ
$9 \Delta^{n} d$
$\triangleleft C \Delta \cdot \zeta$
(b)

1. Come in befure you go away.
2. You can see the star but I cannot.
3. The sun shines by day and the moon by night.
4. Do not go near the river lest you fall in.
5. Though his horse is strong yet he cannot draw the cart.
6. Work while it is day.
7. Neither the horse nor the cow is fat.
8. You will not be paid, because you did more harm than good.
9. He knows that his son is found.

LESSON XXIX-Comparatives with "Than.’

| younger than | smaller than <br> older than <br> deeper than |
| :--- | :--- |
| wiser than | higher than |
| better than | more than |

1. Dick is wiser than to ford the river where it is deep.
2. James is older than Thomas.
3. The well is deeper than it was before the rain.
4. The farmer paid the men more than enough.
5. Flora is wiser than Jane, though younger.
（b）


 จックべか。

4．$\nabla b \Delta \cdot$ ל $\left.\rho^{\rho} \rho \wedge^{x} \Delta\right)^{\prime \prime} \cup$ bbく $\rho b<b^{\wedge}(\nabla \cdot<\lambda)$ ．
 $\Delta \dot{C<} \dot{Q}^{n}$ ．

6．$\triangleleft)^{\wedge}$ १ 7 ．$^{-} \nabla$ рヶb．




$\Delta U \cdot י \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot \cdot \quad$ XXIX．





$$
\text { ПГ० \&८•・ー } \Delta^{n} \wedge^{1-}
$$

 $\Delta^{n} C^{-x}$ a $\quad \Delta^{-} \Delta^{n} \wedge^{1-}$
 $\nabla \cap \Gamma^{\text {x．}}$


 $\nabla d^{\rightarrow} d^{x}$ ．


> | LESSON |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| XXX.-TIME of DAY. |  |
| clock | watch |

1. What time is it? It is 10 o'clock.
2. When does the sun rise? It rises at half-past six.
3. At what time will you start in the morning? I shall leave at 9 o'clock and 30 minutes.
4. When does your school open? At 9 o'clock.
5. When does it close? At 3.30.

| half-past three | 3 o'clock and 30 minutes |
| :--- | :--- |
| twelve o'clock | 12 o'clock |
| 17 minutes to eleven | 10.43 |
| 10 minutes past six | 6.10 |
| 20 minutes past 4 | 4.20 |
| 15 minutes after 5 | 5.15 |
| 5 minutes past 9 | 9.15 |

6. We have dinner at 12 o'clock, and supper at 6 o'clock.
7. Every morning we eat breakfast at 7 o'clock.
8. What time do you go to bed? 10 o'clock.
9. At what time do rise? 5 o'clock.
$\Delta U \cdot " \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot J \quad$ XXX.


 $\nabla \Delta^{n}<\lambda$.
 $\left.\sigma^{n}\right) \Gamma\left(\sigma^{\bullet} \cap<!\Delta \dot{b}\right)^{\prime} \Delta^{n}<>p$.
 $\nabla \Delta^{n}<{ }^{\prime}$.

$\Delta へ^{\prime \prime}\left(0 \nabla \Gamma^{\wedge} b^{x} \sigma^{n}\right)$


$$
\left\{\begin{array}{c}
\left.\sigma^{n}\right) \nabla \Delta^{n}<\lambda \Gamma \Gamma a \\
\left.\sigma^{n}\right) \Gamma\left(a^{\circ} \cap<" \Delta b r^{\prime}\right)
\end{array}\right.
$$


Vऽb.د

Vヶb.
$\sigma^{n}\left(a^{\circ} \cap<" \Delta b\right.$ ? $\quad \nabla \Gamma \zeta^{\wedge} b x$ ob
Vऽb.3


$$
V \succ b \cdot 3
$$


Vऽb.J
Vऽb.3
 م $D(b \cdot \sigma \Gamma r ل \dot{a}) ~ \sigma d C \cdot r ~ \nabla \Delta^{n}<\lambda$.

8. $\dot{( } \sigma^{n} \wedge$ b b $\Delta \cdot r$ ?


# LESSON XXXI. <br> ,DECLARATIONS AND INTERROGATIONS. 

1. He is well. Is he well?
2. You went.

Did you go ?
3. George cut it.

Did George cut it?
4. They can swim.
5. He works well.
6. If he goes he will not come back.
7. You are well.

Can they swim?
Does he work well?
If he goes will he not come back?
8. John can write.

Are you well?
9. Joshua killed a buffalo. Did Joshua kill a buffalo?
10. It is raining.

Is it raining?

## LESSON XXXII.-Participles.

1. I see the ox coming.
2. Watch the bird flying.
3. Singing, we drove up the river on the ice.
4. Coming dowte the river we were very cold.
5. Reading slowly, you will learn to read well.
6. Riding down the river, I found the cattle in the valley.
7. March on, singing as you go.
8. We watched the lambs running, jumping, and playing.

$$
\Delta U \cdot " \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot \mathrm{~J} \quad \mathrm{XXXI}
$$

1．「く
2．$P P \triangle$ ）
3． $13^{-} P L \sigma L^{C}$ ．

5．$\sigma^{\prime \prime}(\triangleleft)^{\wedge}$ の。
6．$\left.P^{\wedge} \wedge^{\prime} \Delta\right)^{\prime \prime} \cup^{\prime}$ Q LPCVP $\nabla \cdot 0$ ．
7．$p \Gamma$ く $\langle\dot{\circ}$ ．

9．しnんく・ $\rho_{\sigma}<{ }^{\prime \prime} \nabla \circ$

$$
\left.J^{n}\right)^{n} \Delta .
$$

10．$P \Gamma \triangleleft$

「くひ৬○ 「？
$p p \Delta$ ）י＂
PLGLく 1 しろ＂？

$\sigma^{\prime \prime}(\triangleleft) \wedge \circ$ 「？
$\left.P^{\prime} \wedge^{\prime} \triangle\right)^{\prime \prime} U^{\prime}$ aL $\Gamma$
P（VPマ・ロ？
prゃهら）$\Gamma$ ？

$\rho_{\sigma}<{ }^{\prime \prime} \nabla \circ$ ○ し
$\left.J^{\wedge}\right)^{\wedge} \triangleleft$ ？
pr৫． P ？

$$
\Delta U \cdot " \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot J \quad \text { XXXII. }
$$

1．$\left.\left.\sigma \triangleleft \cdot<L \circ \mathrm{~J}^{n}\right)^{n} \nabla \vee \Delta\right)^{\prime \prime} U^{\prime}$ ．


4．$\nabla \vee \dot{L}^{\prime \prime} \Delta<\Gamma^{x} \Gamma^{n}(\Delta$ $\sigma P b \dot{d} \cdot \Gamma \dot{a})$ ．



7．$\sigma ら$ ，ヘ」＇U，$\Delta^{n} \wedge$ r $\sigma b$ 小．
 re $7 \dot{C} \nabla \cdot C \cdot \circ$ ．

LESSON XXXIII.-Affirmatives, Negatives, Efc.
(a)

1. Talk.
2. Play outside.
3. Ask him.
4. Tell him.
5. Watch him.
6. Promise.
7. I will help him.
8. You see the light.
9. yes
10. enough
11. too much
12. plenty

Do not talk.
Do not play inside.
Do not ask him.
Do not tell him.
Do not watch him.
Do not promise.
I will not help him.
I do not see the light.
no
(b)
4. Enough is better than too much.
5. Too little is the same as not enough.
6. Enough is less than plenty.

## LESSON XXXIV.

(a)
"that" as a conjunction, an adverb, an adjective, a demongtrative pronoun, and a reteative pronoun.

1. Tell him that he need not come.
2. God told Adam and Eve that they must not eat of the tree of the knowledge of good and evil.
3. That man can read English, French, and Cree.
4. That gun is worth $\$ 30$.
5. That is a black bear.
$\Delta U \cdot י \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot J$ XXXIII．
（a）

1．$\wedge p \sim q$ ．
2．$\triangle \cdot \zeta \Delta \cdot \cap \Gamma^{x}$ ᄀCD•
3． b $^{\circ} \cdot \kappa^{c}$
4．$\left.\Delta \cdot{ }^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{C}\right\rfloor$ ．
5．$\Delta \ll \cdot<c$ ．
6．$\triangle>C$ ．
7．$\sigma b \sigma$ 原 $b\lrcorner \triangleleft \cdot \circ$ ．

9．$\nabla י \nabla$ 。
$\nabla b \Delta \cdot \zeta \wedge^{\rho} q$ ．

$\nabla b \Delta \cdot ל$ bंя．ヶ．
$\nabla b \Delta \cdot \zeta \Delta \cdot י$ C．

$\nabla b \Delta \cdot \zeta$ ব入c．

aL．－$\sigma$－
aL．
（b）
$\nabla \cdot$ Rr．

QL $\Delta \cdot \zeta \nabla d\rangle d^{x}$ ．



$\Delta U \cdot י \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot د$ XXXIV．
（a）
1．$\Delta \cdot{ }^{\prime \prime}\left(\perp\right.$ • $\nabla \dot{b}$ píc $(V \Delta){ }^{\prime \prime} U^{\prime}$ ．


「a $\sigma^{\prime \prime} \Delta \zeta \Delta \cdot L!a^{\prime \prime} \Delta b$ ．

5． b $^{\circ} P \cup \Delta \cdot L^{〔} b \cdot a " \triangleleft$ ．
6. That is not the truth.
7. I lost the gun that I bought of you.
8. The river that you crossed is the one in which I saw coal.
"There" as an adverb and as an inthoductory expletive.
(b)

1. She left it there.
2. Send it there.
3. We shall meet over there.
4. There is clay near the river.
5. There is enough bacon for twenty days.
6. There were hundreds of ducks and geese at the lake.

LESSON XXXV.-*Prepositions.
(a)

1. from
2. after
3. in
4. into
5. within
6. till
to
on
upon
under
beneath until
at
by
near before behind
against
through
with without beside

7. From morning until night it rained.
8. After dinner we will ride to the lake in which the pike are found.
9. Behind the door and under the seats the papers were thrown.
10. Peter, having come to school late, looked through the key-hole at the teacher, who stood beside the: black board.
11. Before daylight the Indian started without break. fast.
12. Come with me until we reach the pinery.
13. At night, by moonlight, they rode through the woods
[^0]IN ENGLISH AND CREE．

6．$Q!<\circ \nabla \triangleleft \cdot d ~(V \cdot \triangle \cdot)$ ．
7．$\sigma P \Delta \cdot \sigma^{\prime \prime}(\dot{\rho}\langle\sigma L<n p r b$ b
 $b^{n} b^{\prime} b y^{\prime} \dot{b}^{2}$ ar．

1．Patter $\nabla d c$ ．
2．$\Delta \cap b^{\prime \prime} \triangleright \nabla$ ir．
3．$\left.p-a p^{\prime} b\right) a a^{\circ} \vec{\gamma}$ di．
4．$\dot{b}<4 \dot{b} \because \Delta^{-} \dot{\rho} \Delta^{\prime \prime}(b) \dot{\Gamma} \dot{p} \quad \wedge^{x}$ ．


$\triangle U \cdot{ }^{\prime \prime} \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot J$ XXXV．
（a）
1．D＂$\Gamma$
2．$\Delta^{n} d .7 \cdot{ }^{\circ}$
3．$\Delta C$
4．$\wedge^{\prime \prime} \Gamma$
$\Delta r, x$
－$\Delta U,^{x}$
$\Delta \cdot n p^{-}, U^{\prime}$
r
－$\dot{\Gamma} \dot{P}$
$\Delta r^{-}$bo
ᄂ＞
s•＾p－
जらう，LKロ・～
$p p$

－（b）
1． $9 p i<\Delta^{\prime \prime} \Gamma \Delta^{n} d \quad \nabla^{\prime \prime} \cap \wedge^{\circ} \dot{b}^{x}$ ppr $\left\langle\Delta^{3}\right.$ ．



3．$<b \Delta \cdot \iota^{\wedge} b \Delta b \sigma^{x} \Gamma a \cdot \mu<U^{\prime}\left(\wedge \Delta \cdot \sigma^{x} \rho \Delta r \nabla \cdot-\right.$




6．$\Delta \cdot\urcorner \Delta \cdot \cdot \Delta^{n} d P C D \cap^{\prime \prime} C L^{x}$ b $\Gamma a \Delta d^{n} \dot{b}^{x}$ ．

＊In this case the meaning of＂through＂is in．plisd in the verb $\rho<^{\wedge} \lll 7^{\circ}$ ．

## LESSON XXXVI.-Infinitives.

(a)

| 1. to go | to love him | to cheat |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. to see | to see him | to rob |
| 3. to walk | to break it | to rob him |
| 4. to pay | to pay him | to sing |
| 5. to run | to run him | to sing it |
| 6. to read | to read it | to jump |
| 7. to ask | to ask him | to sit |

(b)

1. I asked him to go.
2. He said that he would go.
3. It is too dark to see the road.
4. He told me to ask.
5. He told me to ask him.
6. I said that I would ask him.
7. He is able to sing well.
8. It is said that he sings well.
9. You were told to pay him.
10. You said that you would pay him.
11. You said that you paid him.
12. It is too dark to see.
13. It is too dark to see it.
14. It is too dark for him to see it.
15. It is too dark for me to see.
16. It is too dark for me to see it.
17. It is too dark for me to see him.

## $\Delta U \cdot{ }^{\prime \prime} \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot \Omega$ XXXVI．

（a）
1．$\left\{\begin{array}{l}(\triangle)^{\prime} U^{x} \\ \left(r \vee \cdot י U^{x}\right.\end{array}\right.$

$$
\text { (ip }{ }^{\prime \prime} \Delta^{\prime \prime \prime}
$$

Cb＜rix
2．$\left(\dot{j} \cdot \wedge^{x}\right.$
（ $\dot{j} \cdot<r^{\prime \prime}$
（Lbu．x
3．$\left(\wedge ل^{\prime \prime} \cup^{x}\right.$
（へb•a $r^{x}$
（L nb「い
4．$\left(\cap<\triangle 9^{x}\right.$
C $<$＂ Li＂$^{\prime \prime}$
$(\sigma b)^{x}$
5．$(\wedge \Gamma<" \dot{C}$
（ $\wedge^{c}<{ }^{\prime \prime \prime} \Delta^{\prime \prime \prime}$
C $\sigma b ل^{x} \nabla \triangleleft \cdot d$

（ $\Delta \rightarrow \Gamma^{i j} \dot{c}^{x}$
（b．～q．＜$<\nabla^{x}$
7．（b9．r $9 ل^{x}$

（b）
1．$\sigma$ Pibq．rLo（ $\Delta$ ）＇U＇．
$2 P \Delta U \cdot \circ P(\Delta)^{\prime \prime} U^{\prime}$.
3．$\Delta i^{c} \cap \wedge^{n} b \circ r \Delta \cdot<^{\prime \prime}\left(\Gamma^{x^{*}}\right.$ 7nbeo．

5．$\sigma P \triangle \cdot{ }^{\prime \prime}(L) ~ C b 9 \cdot r L$.
6．$\sigma P \triangle \dot{C}$ ）（bq•rL＇

8．$\Delta \dot{C} \cdot \sigma^{0} \nabla \sigma^{\prime \prime}\left(\sigma b ل^{\prime}\right.$ ．



12． $\operatorname{Dic} \cap \wedge^{\wedge}$ bo $\left\langle\dot{\sim} \wedge^{x}\right.$ ．

14．$\Delta \dot{L}^{c} \cap \wedge^{\wedge}$ bo $\left(<^{\prime \prime}<^{\prime \prime \prime}\right.$ ．



＊In sentences 3， 12 and 13，the Infinitives are indefinite，referring the action to no particular person．The others in（b）are definite ；forms in（a）indefinite．

## LESSON XXXVII.

(a)

1. I am here.
2. You are here.
3. He is here.
4. We (1st \& $3 r d$ ) are here.
5. We ( 1 st \& $2 n d$ ) are here.
6. You ( $p l$.) are here.
7. They are here.

I was there.
You were there.
He was there.
We (1st \& $3 r d$ ) were there.
$\mathrm{We}(18 t \& 2 n d)$ were there.
You ( $p l$.) were there.
They we-e there.
(b).
8. I shall be there.
9. You will be there.
10. He will be there.
11. We (1st \& $3 r d$ ) shiall be there.
12. $\mathrm{We}(1 s t \& 2 n d)$ will be there.
13. You ( $p l$.) will be there.
14. They will be there.

I shall have it.
You will have it.
He will have it.
We (1st \& $3 r d$ ) shall have it.
We (1st \& 2nd) will have it.
You ( $p l$.) will have it.
They will have it.
. (c)
15. Where I am.
16. Where you are.
17. Where he is.
18. Where ( 1 st \& $3 r d$ ) we are.
19. Where ( $18 t \& 2 n d$ ) we are.
20. Where you ( $p l$ ) are.
21. Where they are.

What I have.
What you have.
What he has.
What we ( $18 t \& 3 r d$ ) have.
What we (18t \& 2nd ) have.
What you ( $p l$.) have.
What they have.

## $\Delta U \cdot " \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot \cdot$ XXXVII．

（a）
1．$D(\sigma(\dot{\zeta})$ ．
$\therefore . D(P C \zeta)$.
3．$D(\Delta \zeta 0$ ．
4．$D(\sigma \ddot{\zeta} \dot{C})$ ．
5．$D C$ PCூ̆ロ
6．$D C P$ Cட் $\langle\cdot 0$ ．
7．$D C$ びらび．
$\nabla d(\sigma \dot{\rho}\langle\dot{\zeta})$.
$\nabla d(\rho \dot{\rho}\langle\dot{\rho})$ ．
$\nabla d C \dot{\rho} \triangleleft ৬ 0$.
$\nabla d(\quad \sigma P\langle\dot{C} \dot{a}$ ．



（b）
8．$\nabla d(\sigma b \triangleleft ら$ ．
$\sigma b\langle ら$ ．
9．$\nabla d(\mathrm{~Pb} \mathrm{P} \zeta)$ ．
$10 \nabla d C$ PC $\Delta \zeta \circ$
Pb $\left\langle\begin{array}{l}\text { ）}\end{array}\right.$
11．$\nabla d C \quad \sigma b \triangleleft \ddot{\circ} \mathrm{a}$ ．

13．$\nabla \mathrm{dC}$ Pbব்ட் $\triangleleft \cdot 0$ ．
pく $\triangleleft$ So．

vbぐら்．
pbぐらa．
pbぐら் $\Delta 0$ ．
pくびゝひ・
（c）
15．$\Delta(b\langle\dot{\zeta})$ ．
bびらら，
16．$\Delta($ bびらら）．
bびら〉．
17．$\Delta C$ b $\left\langle\dot{\zeta} \zeta^{\prime}\right.$ ．
bび

bぐらら×．

bびらら．
20．$\Delta C \quad b<ூ<$ ．
bびらム．
21．$\Delta C$ bびら「！．
bぐ〉く・•

## LESSON XXXVIII.

1. I must work.
2. You must go.
3. He must come.
4. He should help.
5. I am hated.
6. You are esteemel.
7. They are helped.
8. I who give.
9. You (sing.) who see.
10. He who loves.
11. You who see me.
12. You who see him.
13. You ( $p l$.) who see him.
14. I who pay you. ( $\operatorname{sing}$ )
15. We who pay you. (sing.)
16. If you help me.
17. If I pay you. (sing.)
18. If they pity me.
19. If they help you. (sing.) If they help you. (pl.)
$\Delta U \cdot י \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot J$ XXXVIII．

1．Ad $p(\Delta)^{\wedge} q \dot{\prime}$ ． वb＂P 9 く「＂「ら）．
2．へd Pr P $\triangle$＇U $\cup$ ．
Pb＇PD
3．$\wedge d$ P $P \vee \Delta)^{\prime \prime} \cup$ ． p（＂prb $\triangle 9 \circ$ ．
4．$\Delta C^{\wedge} \cup 0$ Pro ل＂ $6 \dot{L} q^{\prime}$ ． $\triangle C^{\cap} \cup \circ \quad \nabla \dot{b} \quad P(P] \cap C \circ$
5．$\sigma\langle\dot{b} \cap d \Delta \cdot\rangle$ ． $\sigma \zeta \quad b<\dot{b} \cdot \cap d \Delta \cdot \dot{\prime}$ ．
6．$P P^{\wedge} U \rightarrow \Gamma d \Delta \cdot \overrightarrow{ }$ ． $\left.p \zeta \quad b P^{\wedge} \cup \Gamma \Gamma d \Delta \cdot \zeta\right)$ ．
 $\Delta \sigma P$ bo ل＂＇bí＂ח＂．
8．$\sigma \zeta \quad b 7 \rho \cap \rho ら$ ． $\sigma \zeta \quad b 7 p^{\prime}$ ．
9．$\rho Ь b \triangleleft \cdot \wedge ゝ$ ． $\rho \zeta \quad b\langle\ll d \Delta \cdot \zeta$ ．
10．$\Delta \cdot \zeta$ bipilj．
Sa bipp＂$\Delta^{\prime \prime \prime}$ ．
11．$\rho \zeta \quad b\left\langle\cdot\langle\Gamma\rangle^{\prime}\right.$ ：
pЬ $B \dot{\triangleleft} \cdot<\Gamma^{x}$ ．
12．$p \zeta \quad b \ll^{\prime}<L^{\prime}$ ．



14．$\sigma\rangle \quad b \cap<\Delta L \dot{C}$ ．

15．$\sigma \dot{b}) \quad b \cap<\Delta \dot{L}(x$. $\sigma \dot{\sigma}) \quad b \cap<" \Delta i ́ \dot{C}$ ．


17． Pnへ）$^{n} \cap$＂

18． pn $^{n}$ ）phipe $\Delta \cdot C \cdot 0$ ．




## LESSSON XXXIX.

Parts of a House, Furniture, Etc.
(a)

| 1. house | wall | chair |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. roof | plate | table |
| 3. rafters | corner | lounge |
| 4. shingles | upstairs | seat |
| 5. floor | downstairs | stove |
| 6. sills | room. | pipes |
| 7. beams | bedroom | shelf |
| 8. | partition | carpet |
| 9. door | ceiling | stairway |
| 10. window | bed | cellar |
| 11. kitchen | cupboard | churn |
| 12. sitting-room | bureau | sewing-machine |
| 13. dining-room | clock | platform |
| 14. hall $\dot{\text { j }}$ | picture |  |
|  |  |  |

(b)

1. globe
2. map
3. blackboard
4. chalk
5. geography
6. book
7. dictionary
8. copybook.
9. paper
hymn-book
Bible
catechism
almanac
flannel
tweed
poker
paint
singing

## $\Delta U^{\prime \prime} \Delta \nabla \Delta^{\prime}$ XXXIX．

（a）

| 1．$\triangleleft^{\wedge}{ }^{\wedge} b \Delta b^{\text {d }}$ | $7 \sigma^{\text {n }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2．$\triangle \lll{ }^{\text {b }}$ ． |  | Lrda•a＂n |
|  | b $\sigma^{\wedge}(\triangleleft \cdot\lrcorner c \cdot 0$ |  |
| 4．$a^{<} \mathrm{P}^{\prime \prime}$ cod | （1／d＇ $\mathrm{d}^{\prime \prime} \Omega^{\text {a }}$ | $\triangle \wedge \triangle \cdot$－ |
| 5．$\triangle e^{\sim}{ }^{\prime}{ }^{\prime}$ | $\sim^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{C}^{\text {a }}$ |  |
| 6．$\triangleright \sigma<\triangleleft^{-}$ | ヘヘpurbron | Dopr বlnb． |
| 7．$\downarrow \wedge$ ¢ $\lrcorner$ ¢ $\cdot \circ$ | $\sigma \vee \triangle \cdot b \Gamma d^{n}$ | $\triangle d r^{\circ}$ |
| 8. |  |  |
| 9．$\triangle^{\wedge} \square^{\prime \prime} \cup \subset$ |  | $\Delta L \Gamma \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot$ |
|  | $\sigma \vee \triangle \cdot \nu$ | $\triangle \cdot \Omega^{\prime \prime} b^{\prime}$ |
| 11．$\wedge \Gamma Q^{\circ} \cdot \triangleleft \cdot \lambda \Delta \cdot b \Gamma$ | $\Delta \cdot \dot{b} \sigma \Delta \cdot b \Gamma$ | $\wedge \dot{¢} \dot{6}^{\text {b }}$ |
| 12．$\triangle A \triangle C^{-1}$ | $\Delta\langle\Delta \cdot \sigma r \Delta \cdot b \Gamma$ | b～pb．$\cdot$ 入 |
| 13．$\Gamma^{\prime \prime} \lambda \cdot \Gamma^{\prime}$ | ヘr」＂＇b） | $\left\{\begin{array}{c} \triangleleft \cdot \lambda \Delta \cdot \cap \Gamma^{x} \\ \left.\Delta \dot{\dot{Q}^{n} \dot{b}}\right\} \end{array}\right.$ |
| 14．$\wedge^{\prime \prime} 99 \Delta \cdot 6 \Gamma^{\prime}$ | $a^{n}<\beta^{\prime} \Delta^{\circ} b^{\text {b }}$ |  |

（b）

| 1．$\Delta^{n} \dot{p} a^{n}<r ¢ b^{\prime}$ | $\sigma b 」$ Lra $\Delta b^{\text {a }}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2．$\triangleleft^{\wedge} \dot{\rho}$ Lr $Q \Delta b^{\text {b }}$ | prir Lra $\Delta b^{\text {P }}$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  | 人 $4 \cdot \nabla \cdot \dot{\text { ¢ }}$ |
| 6．$L L^{\circ} \subset \Delta b^{\text {J }}$ | $L \sigma) \nabla \cdot \rho)$ |
|  | S＂P〉殒 |
| 8．$a^{\wedge} \wedge ~ L \vdash a \Delta b^{\text { }}$ | $\cdots \vee b b^{\prime}$ |
|  | $\sigma b ل \Delta^{\circ}$ |


| 10. pen | reading |
| :--- | :--- |
| 11. ink | writing |
| 12. cotton | spelling |
| 13. print | knitting |
| 14. shovel | drawing |
| 15. axe | composition |
| 16. slate | yarn |
| 17. slate-pencil | thread |
| 18. lead-pencil | needle. |
| 19. arithmetic | knitting-needle |
| 20. card. | -saw |
| 21. numeral-framë | broom |
| 22. eraser | towel |

## LESSON XL.-Cardinal Numbers.

1 ..... 26
2 ..... 27
3 ..... 28
4 ..... 29
5 ..... 30
6 ..... 31
7 ..... 32
8 ..... 33


12．$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\left.\dot{j} \cdot \wedge^{\sim} q p\right), \\ <p \nabla\rangle \nabla p)\end{array}\right.$
$\wedge b \cdot a \Delta \cdot \Delta U \cdot \Delta \cdot \overrightarrow{ }$
13．Lr் $\dot{Q}^{-}$UP）

14．へひ・ヘへ $\triangleleft ヘ \cdot$
$a^{n} \wedge$ L $\left.\prec, ~ \triangle b\right)$
15．$\left(b \triangle b^{3}\right.$
（ír）or＂ $\operatorname{li}^{\prime \prime}$ ．
1 Lr\＆$\triangle 9 \triangle \cdot$ ）
$\wedge^{\wedge} \nabla \cdot \triangleleft^{: \prime \prime} ৬ \dot{\wedge}$
16．$\exists r \sigma$ Lracba＇n＇
けペ
17．$\triangleleft \Gamma \sigma L_{r} \propto \Delta b^{\top} \triangleleft^{\prime} \Gamma \sigma^{n}$ I $b^{n} p b \cdot \lambda \Delta \zeta \dot{\wedge}$ ， $i \triangleleft ん<$ へへ

18．L $L \circ \Delta b^{\prime} \Delta^{\prime} \Gamma d^{n}$
19．$\Delta P^{\prime \prime}(\lambda \triangle)$
$b>\sigma b^{\prime}$

（ arbo＇ibb）$^{\prime}$
20．$Q<p$ Lfa $\triangle b$
$p^{\prime} p>\rho^{\prime}$
21．$\langle p י r i b$
$\nabla \cdot<\Delta b$
22．í $\Delta \dot{b} b^{\prime}$
$\Delta U \cdot \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot \mathrm{XL}$.

1．Vら
$\because . \dot{\sigma}$
3．$\left.\sigma^{n}\right)$
4．$O D$
5．$\sigma$（ $e^{\prime}$
$6 \sigma$ $\sigma{ }^{\prime}$
7．$U<d^{\prime \prime \prime}$
8．$\triangle r^{\circ} 0^{\circ}$
$\dot{\sigma} C e^{\circ} \sigma \dot{d}$

宁く道
१b＇$\left.\sigma^{n}\right)\left\ulcorner\left(a^{\circ}\right.\right.$
$\left.\sigma^{n}\right) \Gamma\left(\sigma^{\circ}\right.$

$\left.\sigma^{n}\right) \Gamma\left(\Omega^{\circ} \dot{\sigma}\right.$ 我．
$\left.\sigma^{n}\right) \Gamma\left(e^{\circ} \sigma^{n}\right) \dot{\text { b }}$
9 ..... 34
10 ..... 35
11 ..... 36
12 ..... 37
13 ..... 38
14 ..... 39
15 ..... 40
16 ..... 41
17 ..... 42
18 ..... 43
19 ..... 44
20 ..... 45
21 ..... 46
22 ..... 47
23 ..... 48
24 ..... 49
25 ..... 50
LESSON XLI.-Cardinals-Continued.

1. 51 ..... 76
2. 52 ..... 77
3. 53 ..... 78
4. 54 ..... 795. 55- 80
5. 567. 578. 589. 59818283.84

9． $9 \dot{b}^{\prime} \Gamma \dot{C}(11)$
10．$\Gamma \dot{C}(1)$

12．$\Gamma \dot{C}($ ii $) \dot{\sigma} \dot{h}^{\prime}$
13．「く（＂＇$\left.\sigma^{\Omega}\right)$
14．$\left.\Gamma \dot{C} C^{\prime \prime}\right)^{\prime} \dot{L}^{\prime}$

16．$\Gamma \dot{C}{ }^{\prime \prime}$＂$\sigma \dot{C} \dot{C}^{\prime \prime}$


19． $9 \dot{b}^{\prime} \dot{\sigma} \dot{\sigma}^{\circ}$
20．$\dot{\sigma}$ 人 $a^{\circ}$
21．$\dot{\sigma}$ くくロ Vらゆら
22．$\dot{\sigma}$ く
23．$\dot{\sigma} f\left(a^{0} \sigma^{n}\right) \dot{\gamma}$


$\left.\sigma^{\wedge}\right) \Gamma\left(a^{\circ} \quad-D{ }^{\circ}\right.$
$\left.\sigma^{n}\right) \Gamma\left(a^{\circ} \sigma^{\circ} a^{3} \boldsymbol{\sigma}^{\prime}\right.$

$\left.\sigma^{\wedge}\right) \Gamma\left(a^{\circ} U<\right.$ d＂$^{\prime \prime}>\dot{\zeta}^{\prime}$
$\left.\sigma^{\wedge}\right) \Gamma\left(a^{\circ}\right.$ 往
9b＇orceo
oDrceo


$\quad$ Dr $\left.e^{\circ} \sigma^{n}\right)^{\prime}$
－$D \Gamma C e^{c}$ oDi

－$D \Gamma C e^{\circ} \sigma$ diر





$$
\Delta U \cdot " \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot \cdot \quad \text { XLI. }
$$

1．$\sigma \rightarrow Q \triangleright \Gamma \subset \sigma^{\circ}, V \zeta D \vdash^{\prime}$
2.

3．－＂$\sigma^{\wedge} C h^{\prime}$
4．＂oDら


7．．$\quad$ U＜d＂＞ら


10. 60 ..... 85
11. 61 ..... 86
12. 62 ..... 87
13. 63 ..... 88
14. 64 ..... 89
15. 65 ..... 90
16. 66 ..... 91
17. 67 ..... 92
18. 68 ..... 93
19. 69 ..... 94
20. 70 ..... 95
21. 71 ..... 96
22. 72 ..... 97
23. 73 ..... 98
24. 74 ..... 99
25. 75 ..... 100
LESSON XLII.-Cardinals-Continued.

1. 110 ..... 170
2. 111 ..... 180
3. 112 ..... 190
4. 113 ..... 200
5. 114 ..... 210
6. 115 ..... 211
7. 116 ..... 220
8. 117 ..... 226
9. 118 ..... 230


$$
\Delta U \cdot " \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot \mathrm{~J} \quad \text { XLII. }
$$



## 2．＂$\quad$ 「ぐく＂vらゆi


4．＂＂$\sigma^{\sim}$
5．＂＂oDi
6．＂＂GibaDh
7．＂＂＂
8．＂＂$U<d ">\hbar$


＂＂هriodrcao



＂＂「く̈c＂vъゆゆ
＂＂هrぶ・ дгCa゚
＂＂＂＂odci．う
＂＂

```
                                PRIMER AND LANGUAGE LESSONS
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10. 119

11.120 $\quad \because \quad$| 240 |
| :--- |
| 247 |

12. 121 ~. 250
13. 122300
14. $123 \quad 370$
15. $125 \quad 399$
16. $126 \quad 409$
17. 127 500
18. 128 . 577
19. $129 \quad 689$
20. 130 . 799
21. 136 900
22. 140 909
23. 143 . 919
24. $150 \quad 929$
25. 157 999
26. 1601000


LESSON XLIII.-Cardinals -Continued.

1. 1,001
2. 1,010
3. 1,020
4. 1,070
5. 1,994 .


$$
\Delta U \cdot{ }^{\prime \prime} \Delta \nabla \cdot \Delta \cdot \mathrm{O} \text { XLIIL }
$$


2. "
"
3. "
"
" $\Gamma \dot{C}(1)$
4. "
"
" $\dot{\sigma} \boldsymbol{r}$ Co。
5. "
"
" U<d">「Coo


6. 2,000
7. 3,000
8. 3,001
9. 3,011
10. 4,000
11. 4,010
12. 5,007
13. 5,555
14. 7,000
15. 8,004
16. 9,200
17. 10,000
18. 10,001
19. 10,002
20. 10,010
21. 10,020
22. 100,000
23. 510,000
24. $1,000,000$
25. 1,001,002

7．$\sigma^{\wedge}(\cdot \circ$＂
8．＂＂＂
9．＂＂


10．$\sigma \triangleright<\cdot \circ$ P＂r 「（゙リ）$\Gamma\left(\Omega^{\circ}\right.$
11.
＂


12．$\sigma$ らもゝゝ・＂
13．＂＂
＂＂U＜d＂＇


14．U＜d＂＜•o pir 「官）$\Gamma\left(Q_{0}\right.$
15．$\Delta>\dot{\text { 2 }}$




 $\Gamma \dot{( }) \Gamma\left(a_{0}\right.$
24．pir $\Gamma \dot{(i n)} \Gamma(a \triangleleft \cdot 0$ pיи $\Gamma \Gamma$（iי）$) \Gamma\left(a_{0}\right.$



## MODEL LETTER.

> Morley, Alberta,
> February 21 st, 1890.

## Dear Father and Mother,

1. It is two years since I came here. At first I was lonesome, but now, though I often think of you, I am glad I was sent here tö learn English and to work.
2. On Saturday there is no school, but we work and play a good deal. I like to feed cattle and ride a horse to water. One day the horse ran away with me, and threw me against the fence. My flesh and bones were sore for two or three days. The teacher did not scold me. However, he thought I was careless; and said he was thankful the horse did not kill me.
3. Some of the boys steal things to eat when there is a chance. We are fed plenty at meals, and I feel better when I try to do right.
4. Sometimes I disobey. Our teacher tells us not to tease animals. Once I snared a gopher, and dragged it about with a string until it was almost dead. One of the girls told the teacher I disobeyed him, so he whipped me well. I told him I did not like to be thrashed; he said the gopher did not like to be
be $\triangleleft \cdot$ re $\triangle b^{\text {? }}$.
$\qquad$
La" $i<\sigma^{x}, \triangleleft \leqslant<3 C$,




 $\Gamma \circ \triangleleft)^{\wedge} 9 \triangle \cdot$.






 $\Gamma^{\wedge}$ C ${ }^{\prime}$.

 $\sigma \Gamma$ gL"







abused, and he told me I was cruel. I should have killed the gopher at once, as I was told, but I like that kind of play better than the gophers do. They eat oats and carrots, and other things we raise for food. I hope that my younger brother and sister will be brought here to school, and that they will quit teasing gophers, and give up other bad habits -before leaving home.
5. I do not wish to live in a tent any more, or wear a-blanket. When I am grown up, I will try to get about twenty cows and two horses to keep on a farmEvery white man makes his own living, because he is taught from childhood to work. I shall never ask for a blanket or rations. Why does the Government not give you coats and pants instead of blankets that make people look foolish and lazy?
6. The snow is not deep at Morley, and does not remain long, because sometimes the wind is too warm for snow. This winter a wounded bear killed a Stony in the Rocky Mountains not far from here. We were all sorry for his wife and children. Another man accidentally shot himself, and died very soon afterwards.
7. The girls in this school can do many things they could do at their homes. They knit, and sew, and make bread, and do other work, and tell on a boy when he does wrong. They are not very good themselves.







 VabCip $\triangle \triangle \cdot P \Delta \cdot \circ$.
8. $\Delta C$ Dir aL $\Delta \cdot \zeta \quad \sigma \Delta \cdot \Delta \cdot p)<\dot{p} \nabla \cdot \dot{\zeta}) \Delta b \Gamma d^{x}$,














9. $\Delta^{n} q \cdot$.к $\Delta\left(p^{n} p\right.$ م" $\left.\Delta L\right) \Delta \cdot \sigma^{x} b^{n} \dot{p}$ " $\left(\Delta^{\prime} \Gamma^{\prime \prime}{ }^{\prime \prime}\right.$




10. There are two schools on the north side of the river, and one on the south side. Mr. McDougall brings boys and girls to this school. Some of them come from afar. Mr. and Mrs. Youmans make us talk English at play and at work, so we learn fast. On Sunday the children are taken out to church; they like it if it is not too cold. I wish you could hear us sing, and read and talk English.
11. The Stonies hunt in the Rocky Mountains, farm on both sides of the river, and live in houses. I was surprised at first that these Indians do not gamble, or dance, or bet. Now I see they are taught that these things do them harm and make them poor. The Stonies have faith in the Bible, and listen to the advice of the missionary. Would that all the Crees and other Indians gave up their evil ways and read the Bible!
12. I love you all more than ever, and I am anxious to see you and tell you many things that I cannot put in this letter. Dear mother, I have something I am keeping for you until you and father come to see me in the spring.

Your loving son,
Chief Sampson, THOMAS.

> Bear's Hill, Alta







 $\Delta b i$ b ل $^{x}$ ．





「e \＆）
 $\sigma \triangleleft \cdot \triangleleft \cdot$ ，「Q $\dot{\rho} \Delta \zeta \Gamma^{\prime \prime}\left(\rho^{\prime}\right.$ p＂IrLra $\Delta b$ ？

 १b：$\nabla \dot{b}$ qp＜r（ら）$D\left(\quad \sigma L \prec a \Delta b \sigma^{x}\right.$ ．$\dot{b} \dot{h} p \Delta \dot{C}$ $\sigma \dot{b} \Delta ;$



DPLO L（L），

$$
\text { Lnb.r.r.x, }\langle\leqslant<3 C .
$$


[^0]:    * In some of these sentences the prepcisitions in tle vocabulary do not appear, but instead idiomatic phrases are found.

