

## Business Cards.

**FREDERICK BISCOE**, Barrister and Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Guelph. Office, corner of Wyndham and Quebec streets.

**AUSTIN C. CHADWICK**, Barrister at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, &c., Market Place, Guelph. Office, corner of the Queen's Hotel.

**STEPHEN BOULT**, Architect, Contractor and Builder, Planning Mill, and every kind of Joiner's Work prepared for the trade by the public. The Factory is on Quebec street, Guelph.

**GEORGE PALMER**, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public and Conveyancer. Office, over E. Harvey & Co's Drug Store, Barristers on Macdonnell street, Guelph.

**LIVER & MACDONALD**, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Notaries Public, &c., Office—Corner of Wyndham and Quebec streets, in upstairs, Guelph, Ont. G. LIVER, H. A. MACDONALD.

## New Advertisements.

**WANTED**, a good experienced servant girl. Apply at this office. 27-1-12

**FIRST-CLASS PASTURE**, with good water. Apply to Robert White, near Stevenson's Nursery. 28-60-11

**PIANO FOR SALE**.—\$140 cash will purchase an excellent piano. Can be seen at the Royal Hotel, Guelph. 22-1-11

**DERHAM BULL**.—The subscriber has a thorough bred Durham bull, which will serve over this season at farm (late) occupied by Mr. John Kirkland. May 29. w-1-11

**J. W. B. KELLY.**

**SHEEP LOST**.—About three weeks ago, 12 in number; principally last year's lambs, and one oldish ewe with black mark over her eye, with lamb at foot. The finder will be liberally rewarded on application to R. G. Cochrane, York Road. m-1-11

**WOOLEN RAGS, CARD, ON FAIR WASTE**.—Best cash price paid. Apply to SMITH & WILBY, 116 Adelaide St. East, Toronto. m-1-11

**BEDDING OUT PLANTS FOR SALE.**—Asters, Stocks, Balsams, Pinks (different varieties), Zinnias, &c., &c. Orders left with Mr. Hugh Walker, or Sam. Calver, Union Cemetery, will be promptly attended to. 16-1-11

## Guelph Evening Mercury

WEDNESDAY EVENING, MAY 29, 1872

## Mass Meeting in Guelph

### The Nine Hours Movement Discussed.

#### RESOLUTIONS CARRIED IN ITS FAVOR.

A mass meeting of the working men of Guelph was called for Tuesday night, to discuss the nine hours movement and to hear speakers from Hamilton and Toronto connected with the nine hours Leagues, on the subject. It was intended that the meeting should be held in the open air, but the night being cold, those who had assembled by half past seven o'clock adjourned to the Town Hall, where in a few minutes, was crowded to the door, with a large number standing outside who were unable to get in or hear. After some time an adjournment was made to the Market Square, and the speakers addressing the crowd from the band stand. There must have been considerably over 1,000 people present. The proceedings lasted till after ten o'clock, and with the exception of several unseemly interruptions to some of the speakers, the proceedings were quiet and orderly.

In the absence of the Mayor, Mr. James Massie, Reeve of the Town, was asked to take the chair. In doing so he stated that the meeting would give a quiet and patient hearing to all the speakers who might be called upon. He first introduced Mr. D. M. Martin, who came forward, and moved the first resolution as follows:—

"That we, the working men of Guelph, do unanimously affirm that the nine hours system is a matter of common and urgent social necessity, and we pledge ourselves to co-operate with other Leagues throughout the Dominion in order to obtain it as speedily as possible."

He said it was a noble purpose for which they had met—their own advancement and that of their families. This movement had been successful in Hamilton, and partially so in Toronto, and it would spread over the whole country. They would endeavor to put themselves on an equal footing with their fellow workmen on the other side of the lines who were enjoying the benefit of the nine hours system. Their employers and an undue advantage over the workmen, who were met with the plea that in this young country they could not afford to lessen the hours of labour. But was not this country better able to do so than in the crowded labour markets of the old world? Look again at the other cities of the Empire, where the nine hours system was in force. In view of this let us, he said, take hope for the future. Already there were indications that the boon was being conceded. He honoured the Guelph Sewing Machine Company who had given their men an hour a week, and hoped they (the men) would soon get the other four. Their employers would get the benefit of a good use of them. They were not the lazy, corrupt men whom some represented, who spent their time in the taverns and bars. This was an insult to them. This was an age of progress, and they should seize every opportunity to improve their position. It was their bounden duty to obtain by all means every concession they could and to make a proper use of them when obtained, and thereby benefit themselves and be a blessing to others. (Applause.)

Mr. Govanlock seconded the resolution.

Mr. Ryan, Secretary of the Hamilton Nine Hours League, was called on to support the resolution, and was received with cheers. After expressing the great pleasure he felt at seeing so large and intelligent an audience, he said that as a fellow worker he felt them feel the urgent necessity of shortening the hours of labour, in order that they might be able to fulfil their duties as parents and citizens. He was glad to find that the great wave of social progress has reached these shores (cheers), and that Canada—not the least part of the sons of the great empire—was now the theatre of this moral revolution. He would like to see the representative of principle not of party, animated by a sincere desire to make this movement a great success. Upon the workmen was the burden of the war, and upon them would be the glory of the victory. (Cheers.) Something more than mere wages was involved in this movement. It means that they can never be improved by the workman for himself or his child. That hour can be put to more advantage by the workman for himself than for his master. It can be devoted to his own advancement and to the prosperity of the country. The employers tell us that they cannot afford to give this hour, which means that they are enervating themselves at the expense of the mental vigour and bodily strength of the men. (Cheers.) If work is slack, and there is a superabundance of labour, men are discharged without any warning. And accordingly now when work of all kinds is brisk the men mean to deal with their employers in the same way and regulate their hours of labour and wages. Employers said that if this nine hours came into effect, that a tenth part of their machinery would become useless. He would ask were the men or the machinery of most advantage? He held that it was to the best interest of the country that the hours of labour should be reduced. Contrast the changes and improvements which have taken place in the world, how Rome improved on Greece and Venice on Rome and so on.

At this point the cry was raised to adjourn to the Square, which was done.

Mr. Ryan continued his speech, and said that the employers were short sighted in trying to stem this torrent of improvement, this wave of social elevation which had reached Canada, which was destined to sweep all obstructions into oblivion. Those who opposed it would be by and by left high and dry like Egyptian monuments. (Cheers.) He went on to prove by statistics that as the hours of labour in England were reduced, so in proportion was the progress of manufactures. This wonderful progress of Britain made her the cynosure of all eyes—the envy of the world. (Cheers.) Nine-tenths of the inventions are the results of the ingenuity and skill of the workmen, and if the hours of labour were reduced, they would have more time to attend to these matters, and their en-

gines would not be exhausted. Goods would be produced cheaper and better, life would be longer and happier, and we would be healthier than now. (Applause.) It would also increase the productive power. This he maintained from Parliamentary returns. Since then Savings Banks had been in operation, Mechanics' Institutes established, the franchise had been reduced and the loyal citizens had been entrusted with arms as Volunteers. This he argued was in consequence of shortening the hours of labour. Nations improve in proportion to the concessions made to the workmen, and he hoped Canada would become the most illustrious child of her illustrious mother. (Cheers.) He deplored the evil effects of long hours on the workmen, how instead of going home cheery and contented he was sulky; instead of listening to or enjoying the music of his children he wanted them put to bed out of the way. They should have time to cultivate their gardens, their intellects, and all the social qualities. There were magnificent schools in Canada, but what was the use of educating their children when if they grew to be men they were condemned to ten hours a day. They should give the land to expand and grow. Princes and lords were but the breath of Kings, but a bold peasantry was the bulwark of a nation. (Cheers.) They should study home comforts more, cultivate music, and the other refinements which promoted morality and discouraged dissipation. One of the arguments used by a paper which was long a power in the land, but was not now—the *Globe*—cries of order, cheers and hisses, was that the working men if they got shorter hours would not employ their time well. They were told that lawyers and doctors worked much longer.

He denied this. He has worked longer than ever you have.

The *Globe* with its articles was trying to injure the men. George Brown was once a mechanic. He tried to be a cabinet maker, but failed to make a job of it. (Cheers and hisses). Those writers had no right to go against the wishes of Canada, for this agitation was the result of no faction or clique. If they were in earnest then, it was their duty to furnish the powder and shot—he meant the dollars and cents—to those in Hamilton and other places who required it. In Hamilton there was not a factory which now employed over 20 men, which had struck by the 10 hours system, and all the factories which now employed 50 hands or over were working on the 9 hours system. Not a man who had struck on the 15th of May had returned to work. He urged them to help their colleagues, and for the sake of their own privileges, and the rights of their children in Hamilton, Toronto and Montreal, and by a united effort secure the 9 hours work, which would be productive of so much good, which would tend to their intellectual and moral elevation and to the prosperity of the country. (Cheers.)

Mr. Clarke was then introduced, and spoke for a short time. This matter, he said, was one of great interest to him and to the people of Guelph, which he had watched from its infancy. He knew well what the wishes of the working men were. He had just come from the very hotbed of this movement, where everything was done to excite the men, just as some of the 9 hour advocates had come here to-night. He did not want strangers to come and meddle with us here. He had faced forty years of bad luck, and had employed a great many men in that time, and he was now giving labourers a dollar and a quarter a day. (Great laughter, cheers and hisses.) Mr. Ryan had said that doctors and lawyers did not work much. He would tell him he had often worked 24 hours out of the 24. (Cheers and hisses.) He would give good for his own money. He would give him a dollar, and tell me that I have not worked. He held that when a man was young, healthy and strong he should work all he could. They had heard a great deal to-night about elevating men to the social scale. But before doing so they must get the means without working for them? He would say rather work 11 or 15 hours if you can, and be paid by the hour. A man would then be paid for the length of time he worked. Labor was capital, and these nine hours were proposed to take away a tenth of our capital at once, who he would put it to any man whether he would be wise to throw away that part of his time, who could only work five or six months in the year. Canada was the most unsuited for this movement of any place on the earth, with its long winter, and short working season. Suppose you tried this system on the hours system would have the tendency to raise the price of every commodity. He held that the remedy as regards wages was in the mechanics' own hands. Guelph was never more prosperous than now, but if they forced this movement on the manufacturers would be done with all of town, and what would be done with the houses which had been built. He cautioned them not to be led away by this movement for they would make a great mistake if they were. In the old country capital ground labour to the ground, but it was not here. If they were dissatisfied with their present condition, let three or four get together, form a Co-operative Society, and start business for themselves. Don't subscribe money to keep men out of work in Hamilton. (Cheers and groans.) Don't be influenced by lazy fellows, but put your heads together, start business and the progress will be steady and industrious, and the banks will advance you money to go on with. Don't be led away by stories to induce you to these changes which are not to your benefit and can result in no good to yourselves or to the country. (Cheers.) The Dr., who was frequently interrupted during his speech, then retired.

The resolution was then put by the chairman and carried by a very large majority.

Mr. Conkey then moved the following resolution:—"That in view of the improvement in machinery, and the progress made in the branches of mechanical arts, we are entitled to such a reduction in our hours of labour as will enable us to fulfill creditably to ourselves and advantageously to the state the various duties and responsibilities of parents, sons and citizens."

Mr. Harris seconded the resolution.

Mr. Hewitt, corresponding Secretary of the Toronto Trades Assembly, was introduced, and spoke in support of the resolution. He came before them as a demagogue, but a born citizen of Canada to advocate a principle he believed to be

right. He was a working man like themselves, and he held that any man who would not work should not eat the bread of other men's labour. He came to advocate no new idea. He held that every man had a right to help in raising the social fabric. They had seen labour reduced from 11 to 12 hours, then to 10, and now they wanted it reduced to 9 hours. They wanted also to have a more equal distribution of the products of labour. The time was ripe for this agitation. It was not a movement prompted through ignorance. It did not begin with the Hindoos or Africans (laughter), but the schools were at the bottom of it. So long as the people were educated they would check the wrong distribution of the products of labour. Don't wait till capitalists did it, for they never would till they were forced. He never yet knew of one instance where the employer raised a man's wages much. That demand had to come from the men who when they had justice on their side would carry their demands to extremes if necessary. Better as the poet says—"bleed for a day than carry your chains for ages." The withdrawal of an hour a day would not lessen the products of the country. All they wanted was a better distribution of these products. The voice of the people was in favour of this movement, and workmen in advocating it were doing the country a service and their families also. Everything would get along better by adopting the 9 hours system than adhering to 10 hours. The old system was gone, and now we have free labour. What we wanted was the system of co-operation. People begin to see that we could do without employers altogether, that money bred the hellish system of usury. The production in Ontario had advanced greatly in the last decade, but we had paid 7 per cent for the money, and had only three per cent to the good. Little wonder then that this system was tending to centralization, and that the power of capital was concentrating. Money should be subjected to Legislative enactment, and then there would be more bread for the community. Nobody oppressed men so much as the system of capital, and the more it accumulated, the more poverty, crime and suffering it bred. He did not urge them to strike, or say anything to create bad feeling. He only wanted them to stand fast for their rights. Geo. Brown had tried to stamp out trades unions, but he could tell them that they were ready to take the field against every man whom Geo. Brown brings out. Let them know no Reformer or Conservative but support the men who will stand by them. It measures they want not men. They should mark who were their friends and if they were not that they should have nothing to do with them. Geo. Brown was in a little kingdom of his own, for no working man in Toronto reads his paper. (Cheers and hisses.) If they felt in their own judgment that they were right then go ahead. If they felt that it was right to help the Hamilton men they should do so, and if not then they should keep the money in their pockets. If they found the 9 hours system a failure, then let them go back to ten hours. (Cheers)

Mr. Thos. Brown asked to be heard a few minutes. He was not in favor of this movement. He did not believe it would do the men any good, but tend to raise the price of everything. He believed also that the large majority of the working men of Guelph were not in favor of it, and he said so because he did not want these strangers to go away with the impression that they were. (Groans, cheers and hisses, which continued for some time, the speakers being scarcely able to get in a word.) He thought ten hours was not too much, and if the men were dissatisfied they should agitate for a rise in wages. It seemed from the remarks of one of the speakers that they were making this a political engine. Now this was all clap-trap, continued interruption and he was surprised that any intelligent man should try to make them swallow such stuff. What had Geo. Brown to do with it? Because he should regulate the hours when men should work in his establishment, it is a reason why he should be smothered out, and political capital tried to be made out of it? Mr. Brown made several efforts to continue his speech but the noise was so great that he had to retire.

Mr. Hewitt then resumed the insinuation made by the last speaker that he was a politician and had come to Guelph for political purposes. If he committed himself in that way, or had been understood so, he would take it back.

Mr. Wilkie was then introduced. He felt proud as a workman to meet so many of them to-night. With regard to the statement made by one speaker that no man had ever received a rise in his wages without being asked, he flatly contradicted it, for he knew cases himself. They had heard a great deal about the shortening of hours of labour in England, but what had been the results there? To drive trade away, and give other countries like Canada such advantages in competition as was sensibly felt at home. We were told that capital was antagonistic to labor, but those who start manufactures rarely possess capital. Through the operations of Trades Unions at home there was no slacking in labor, and this gave Canada the advantage and enabled her to send her manufactures to England even though we paid higher wages here, and more for the raw material. He thought the more sensible way was to agitate for more wages than for shorter hours. He was as anxious as anyone for the improvement of the working man and hoped that very few of them were content to work always. They should raise themselves in the social scale. He knew the feeling of the manufacturers, who as well as the men were working for self protection, and who like those in Hamilton said it would be better to shut down now than by dragging it away, and give other countries like Canada such advantages in competition as was sensibly felt at home. The workmen in Guelph were alive to their own interests without outside interference. What their conclusion they might come to he thought the employers would be willing to meet them, and felt sure they could settle their affairs without the assistance or interference of outside parties. (Cheers.)

Mr. D. McDougall, of Berlin, who had missed the train and was accidentally pressed, was asked to speak. He said that though not now an active mechanic he had been one, and therefore claimed to have some experience. For he had stood at the case and set type for 15 hours a stretch. As a friend of the working man he would strongly advise them to be cautious in this movement. He had often seen that those who urged and advocated strikes were the very men who turned their backs on the strikers, and left them in the lurch. (Cheers.) A great deal of clap-trap had been used to-night in speaking

**DR. BROCK**, MEDICINE. Directly opposite Chalmers' Church, QUEBEC STREET.

**DR. CLARKE** has resumed the practice of his profession. He will remain in his office, Quebec street, every Wednesday and Saturday from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m. for consultation. m-1-11

**JOHN KIRKHAM**, Silver Plater and Brass Finisher. All orders promptly attended to. Shop—opposite Chalmers' Church, Quebec Street, Guelph.

**F. H. PASS**, Painter, Glazier and Paper Hanger. All orders promptly attended to. Reception—Two doors above St. Andrew's Church, Guelph, Feb. 26, 1872.

**GUTHRIE, WATT & CUTTEN**, Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, GUELPH, ONTARIO.

**F. STURDY**, House, Sign, & Ornamental Painter. GRAINER AND PAPER-HANGER. Shop next to the Wellington Hotel, Wyndham Street, Guelph.

**FOR SALE**.—The Guelph Packing House, with or without appliances, containing one 10 horse boiler nearly new, and kettles, scales, &c. Dimensions of cattle slaughtering house, 40x50, foot slaughtering house, 60x100 each, with good cellar. For particulars apply to Geo. Lees, Guelph. 25-1-11

**TO MECHANICS AND OTHERS**.—The subscriber has about 50 of the best lots in the West Ward, Guelph, which he is prepared to sell cheap, and give a good title free from incumbrance. HEYBURN HATCH, Land & Loan Agent, Guelph. m-1-11

**WORKING MEN'S CLUB**.—A general meeting of the above Club will be held in their rooms on Wednesday, the 29th inst., at 8 o'clock. All the members are requested to be present, as business of special importance will be transacted. May 28-1-11 J. CLYNE, Sec.

**CARD OF THANKS**.—The undersigned beg to tender to the Waterloo Mutual Insurance Company his thanks for the amount of \$100,000 which they settled his claims for damage on his stock at the late fire in Mr. Johnston's Factory. GEORGE A. BARRE, Guelph, May 25th, 1872. 16-1-11

**ICE, ICE**.—The subscriber begs to inform the inhabitants of the Town of Guelph that he can supply them with ice.

**DELIVERED DAILY** At their houses, at a moderate charge. Parties desiring their orders for the same at Mr. John Webster's, Cork Street, or at Mr. Fort's confectionery store, Wyndham street, will be punctually attended to. RALPH SMITH, Guelph, April 29th, 1871. m-1-11

**ICE, ICE**.—Ice supplied daily in any part of the town. Leave your order with

**J. HARRIS**, Baker and Confectioner, Market Square, Guelph, May 22, 1872.

**DRUGGISTS**.—W. H. WATT, W. H. CUTTEN. Guelph, March 1, 1871.

**NEW BAKERY**.—The subscribers beg to notify the people of Guelph that they have started a new Bakery. On Essex Street, one door south of Dr. Keating's. Where they will always have in stock a supply of bread of the first quality. Having secured the services of Mr. George Watson as baker, they feel assured in giving satisfaction. Bread and Flour promptly delivered in any part of the town. They hope by strict attention to business, and making bread of the best quality, to merit a share of public patronage. McHALL & Co., Guelph, March 12, 1872.

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The Rev. Mr. Brown, who was to follow, was not present. On behalf of the nominating committee, the Rev. Mr. Torrance moved that the name of Rev. Mr. Robins be substituted for that of the Rev. Mr. Warrope, who had been called away to Ottawa, in the address to be given at the second session. Carried.

The chairman announced that the business committee would meet at 7 p.m. for business.

The benediction was pronounced by the President, and the Convention stood adjourned till 7:30 p.m.

### Guelph Evening Mercury

WEDNESDAY EVENING, MAY 29, 1872

### Notice to Advertisers.

The circulation of THE MERCURY is guaranteed to be three times larger than any paper in published in Guelph.

### Parliament on Tuesday.

The Re-distribution Bill is set down for introduction to the House on Friday, the 31st inst., and is likely to provoke lively discussion. A long discussion arose in Committee of the whole House, on the proposal of Sir G. E. Cartier to insert the words, in the Canadian Pacific Railway Bill, according to previous pledge, binding the Government to locate the eastern terminus of the road south of Lake Nipissing.

Finally at Mr. Blake's suggestion the location was definitely fixed to be on the south shore of the lake, not however without strong opposition by several Quebec members in the presumed interest of their own province. Mr. Blake also proposed to fix the course, if practicable, westerly; it being considered essential to connect it at its eastern extremity with the railway system of Ontario, this the Government have been compelled partially to comply with, but to carry the line afterwards in a north-easterly direction would simply add so much to the length of the road.

The Government are still in a dilemma over the New Brunswick School question. Judging from telegrams received from New Brunswick the feeling in that Province is very strong against Mr. Chauveau's amendment, which was really proposed at the instance of the Government. The New Brunswick members will go against it, and Tilley will either have to resign, or have the great majority of his Province against him.

### The Upper Canada Bible Society.

At the annual meeting of this Society, held in Toronto on Wednesday night last, the report stated that the income of the Society last year was \$29,533.33, while this year it was \$33,119.35, being an increase for the year of \$3,585.36. The issue of the Bibles for the year ending 31st March, in Canada, was 42,111 copies, being an increase of 2,358 over last year.

### 11 PACKAGES TO-DAY.

Long Cord Chenille Nets, 527 doz. Men's Half Hose, Grey and Brown; 370 pieces Pale & Black Books, Staples and Haberdashery.

### JOHN MACDONALD & CO. TORONTO.

### EASE AND COMFORT.

THE BLESSING OF PERFECT SIGHT There is nothing so valuable as Perfect sight and perfect sight can only be obtained by using

PERFECT SPECTACLES The difficulty of procuring which is well known.

Messrs. LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO. have after years of Experience, Experiment and the erection of costly machinery, been enabled to produce that grand desideratum, perfect Spectacles.

Which Never Tire the Eye, And last many years without change.

### BY TELEGRAPH

### THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

### Great Feat on Horseback.

Chicago, May 28.—Chas. Rettick, the California Boy, attempted to ride 200 miles on horseback in 12 hours at Dexter Park to-day. One hundred and seventy-two miles were completed in 9 hours and 20 minutes, when the horse jumped a fence, throwing the rider with such force that but slight hopes of his recovery are entertained. He would undoubtedly have accomplished the feat but for the accident.

### Cause of the Downfall of the Spanish Ministry.

New York, May 29.—The Herald's special from Madrid says that the cause of the fall of the Sagasta Ministry is as follows:—On presentation of the Budget, it was found that \$20,000,000 had been diverted from Colonial to Interior Departments. On being called upon to explain, Sagasta said the money was used in secret service. The reply was unsatisfactory, and particulars were demanded. Sagasta finally declared that the money was used by the police spy department, and produced records to prove where the money was spent. These records consist of letters of politicians, and of deputies, and of reports of their movements.

### POLICE COURT.

Before T. W. Saunders Esq., P. M. May 28. David Scroggie was charged with a breach of the new market By-law, in buying butter on the market on the 28th before 10 o'clock. Fined \$1.

### Wool.

The demand for Wool continues active with a gradual upward tendency—prices to-day having reached 55cets—quite as high a figure as that given in the Toronto market. In our last Woolstock exchange the price is quoted from 45 to 50cets. Hamilton, 48 to 50cets. Clinton, 52cets. Hamilton, 48 to 50cets. The supply in the Guelph market is very limited.

### The old whipping-post in the Virginia penitentiary has just been sold for \$233, the money to be expended in the distribution of tracts.

### The Rev. D. McKenzie has retired from the pastoral charge of the Presbyterian Church, Enniskillen. Mr. McKenzie may be regarded as the pioneer of Presbyterianism in Western Canada. When his ministry commenced in 1834, he was the only Presbyterian minister between Hamilton on the east and Windsor on the west.

### Important Discovery.

The London Telegrapher says:—A reliable correspondent informs us that it is an undeniable fact that coal has been found within one and a-half miles of Colpo's Bay, or the village of Warton. The coal is found embedded in the rocks, which, no doubt, have been thrown up by an earthquake at some former time, as all that country shows indications of such. The coal has been tried by the neighboring blacksmiths and pronounced good. We hope the news may prove true, but doubt it.

It is stated that upward of three thousand women are now employed in the departments at Washington as clerks, printers, librarians, copyists and the like.

### BIRTHS.

DOBAY—At Guelph, on the 23rd inst., the wife of Mr. M. Dobay, of a son. SNEYDER—In Salein, on the 18th inst., the wife of Mr. Nelson Snyder, of a son. HANLEY—At Orkney, on the 18th inst., the wife of Samuel Hanley, of a son. EWAN—In Nicol, on the 20th inst., the wife of Mr. John Ewan, of a daughter. RICHARDSON—In Garafaxa, on the 18th inst., the wife of Mr. John Richardson, of a son. DEANS—In Garafaxa, on the 18th inst., the wife of Mr. Walter Deans, of a son. RICHARDSON—In Nicol, on the 22nd inst., the wife of Mr. Thomas G. Richardson, of a daughter.

### MARRIED.

LAWRENCE—SMITH—At Guelph, on the 22nd inst., by the Rev. Thomas Wardrop, Mr. William Lawrence to Christina B. Smith, widow of the late George Moore, all of Guelph. McALPINE—McMURDO—At Harrison, on the 24th inst., by the Rev. Geo. McLennan, Mr. Alexander McAlpine, shoemaker, Mount Forest, to Miss Isabella Morrison, of Edmonton. IRVINE—FISHER—At the residence of the bride's brother, in Minto, on the 22nd inst., by the same, Mr. Alexander Irvine, blacksmith, Harrison, to Maggie, third daughter of the late Mr. John Fisher. DONOHUE—CAMPBELL—On the 27th inst., by the Rev. Dr. Cooper, of London, Mr. Henry Donohue, machinist, Guelph, to Miss Christina Campbell, of London. STOKER—PEARSON—At Brampton, on the 24th inst., by the Rev. T. P. Brantshaw, Mr. John Stoker to Miss Mary Pearson, both of Guelph. NEWMAN—CAMPBELL—On the 21st inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. J. Little, Mr. Charles Newman, Milton, to Margaret, daughter of Duncan Campbell, Esq., of Nassauways. CHINNICK—MCMURDO—In Elora, on the 23rd inst., by the Rev. C. E. Thompson, Mr. Fred Chinnick, watchmaker, Catharine Street, youngest daughter of George Mumford, Esq., all of Fergus.

### NEW FANCY STORE.

The subscriber begs to inform the public of Guelph and surrounding country that she is opening a Fancy Store

On the West Market Square, In Paul Cullen's old stand, where she will keep a choice stock of

### BERLIN WOOLS

General Fancy Goods, and Toys. She hopes that by strict attention to business, and studying the wants of the public, to merit a share of public patronage. MRS. MOYES, 3rd Guelph, May 22, 1872

### 40 ACRES OF GOOD PASTURE IN TOWN TO RENT.

RIVER upon one side of it. Apply at the Law Office of the undersigned. May 6, 1872. ROBT. MITCHELL.

### OPENED TO-DAY.

SILK GRENADINE DRESSES, BLACK MUSLINS, WHITE MUSLINS, BROWN CHECK MUSLINS, FINE MUSLINS, BLACK AND WHITE CHECK MUSLINS.

### WM. GALLOWAY.

Guelph, May 23, 1872

### DAY HAS RECEIVED

EX-SHIP "GLENIFFER" A Large Quantity

### ENGLISH PAPER HANGINGS

Now Opened out and For Sale at

### DAY'S BOOKSTORE,

WYNDHAM ST., GUELPH.

### NEW FANCY STORE,

Upper Wyndham Street, Next door to Mr. Naismith's. Mrs. WINSTANLEY

Begs to inform her friends and the public that she has opened a Fancy Store on Upper Wyndham Street, where she will constantly have on hand a variety of

Trimnings, Berlin Wool, Needles, Pins, Tapes, Chignons, Writing Paper, Envelopes, etc. etc.

Mrs. Winstanley has also opened a

### Registry Office for Servants,

AND A LENDING LIBRARY. Guelph, May 27, 1872. dw

### Marmalade Oranges,

Marmalade Oranges at John A. Wood's.

### Belfast Ginger Ale,

A Temperate Cooling Beverage, —PER DOZEN AT— John A. Wood's.

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### New Advertisements.

### GEORGE S. POWELL

Begs to announce that he has purchased the

### Bankrupt Stock of BOOTS and SHOES

Of John McNeil's Estate, and will continue the Boot and Shoe Business in all its Branches

IN THE SAME PREMISES. Having been with Mr. McNeil for a number of years, and having an experience of over 15 years at the business, he feels confident of giving the public entire satisfaction.

### A NEW STOCK

Will be introduced in a few days, and in the meantime the goods now on hand will be sold at remarkably low prices.

### REPAIRING DONE AS FORMERLY

And satisfaction guaranteed. A trial solicited. Guelph, May 17, 1872. dw. GEO. S. POWELL.

### DIRECT IMPORTATIONS!

### PINE APPLES AND TOMATOES

AT THE FRUIT DEPOT.

### HUGH WALKER,

WYNDHAM STREET, GUELPH. Guelph, May 23, 1872. dw

### TWENTY POUNDS OF GOOD CURRANTS

FOR \$1.00 OR FIVE CENTS PER LB. AT

### J. E. McELDERRY'S,

No. 2, Day's Block, Guelph.

### PERRY'S GROCERY STORE,

Higinbotham's Block, Guelph.

Maple Molasses, West India Portland Syrup, Honey Golden Amber

Oranges and Lemons, Table Apples very fine—to arrive; New Teas, of all grades; A very fine Black Tea, at 50 cents; Sugars, a new stock of different kinds.

### PERRY'S GROCERY STORE.

### OPENED THIS WEEK

1 case New Dress Goods 1 case Hosiery 1 case Parasols and Silk Umbrellas 20 doz. American Hats, latest styles, 4 doz. Sailor Hats, 50 doz. Sine Hats, 50 sett Lace Curtains, 600 pieces French Cambric, to be sold at 15c. per yard, regular price in town 20c.

Our Stock is now fully assorted in the various departments with the newest and best Goods for the season, and ladies are invited to examine our new arrivals.

### A. O. BUCHAM

Fashionable West End Dry Goods Store, Alma Block. Guelph, May 10th, 1872. dw

### Fire, Marine and Life INSURANCE

Provincial, Lancashire and Phoenix. Canada Landed Credit Comp'y Lower rates than any Loan Co. in Ontario. JOHN McCREA, Agent. Offices over Bank of Commerce Buildings, Guelph Guelph, Nov 28th, 1871. dw

### THE Lancashire Insurance Company

Capital £2,000,000 Sterling Head office for Ontario Northwest Corner of King and Church Streets, Toronto. General Agents S. C. DUNGAN-CLARK & Co. Manager, WM. CAMPBELL Agent at Guelph, Guelph, Nov 27th, 1871. dw

### W. J. PATERSON,

Official Assignee, REAL ESTATE, LOAN AND

### General Insurance Agent

Office: Day's Block, - - Guelph, Ont.

### REFERENCES.

HON. PETER GOW, M. P. P., Provincial Secretary. DAVID STURTON, Esq., M. P., Guelph. JAMES MASSIE, Esq., Reeve, Guelph.

### DISTRICT AGENT FOR

### The Huron and Erie Building and Saving Society,

Head Office, - - - London, Ontario. Farmers, Mechanics and others who may desire to borrow money will find it to their advantage to apply to this Society before going elsewhere. Loans payable in yearly instalments. No Lawyers fees charged to the borrower. Fire and Life Policies issued in first-class Companies on favorable terms. Several Valuable Farms for sale. Full particulars on application to W. J. PATERSON, Day's Block, Guelph. dw

### To Ministers, Superintendents, AND S. S. Teachers

Barnes' Notes, Designed for Bible Classes and Sunday Schools; Systematic Theology, Vols. 1 and 2 by Hodge; Confession of Faith, By Hodge; Outlines of Theology, By Hodge; The Sunday School World. Topics for Teachers, The Hive, The Class and Desk, Sabbath School Prizes, " " Libraries, " " Cards.

### British Workman, Children's Friend, &c. &c. &c.

RECEIVED MONTHLY A Liberal Discount to Sunday Schools.

### ANDERSON'S

Cheap Book, Stationery and News Depot, OPPOSITE THE MARKET GUELPH dw Guelph, May 23, 1872

### NEW Fancy Spring Goods,

UTER WYNDHAM STREET. The subscriber begs to inform the ladies of Guelph and surrounding country that she has just received a large and carefully selected stock of Spring Goods, comprising

All the Newest Styles and Patterns! A SPLENDID STOCK OF BERLIN WOOLS ALL COLOURS. Braids, Switches, Chignons, General Fancy Goods, and Toys.

### STAMPING DONE.

Lock-stitch Sewing Machines for sale. MRS. WRIGHT, Next to the Wellington Hotel. Guelph, April 13, 1871. dw

### CHEAP AND Sterling Books

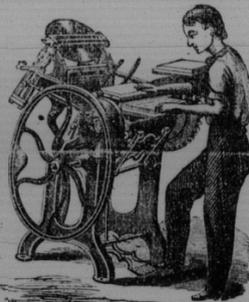
AT— P. C. ALLAN'S Bound Vol. of Good Words and Sunday Magazine only \$1.00 each. Dicken's Complete Works, half calf, very cheap. Several cases of New Albums, Pocket and Family Bibles &c., bought very cheap, and will be SOLD AT COST. Remember, only a few weeks longer to get Goods at your own prices, regardless of cost. P. C. ALLAN, Guelph, May 23, 1872. dw

LOVE AND HONOUR.

A TALE OF THE CLYDE.

"I will relieve you now, Ritchie," he said in a mild tone, as he took his seat in a chair in front of the bed.  
Ritchie went away and Jaquin was left alone with the man whom he had so fondly and fearfully wronged.  
That he expected retaliation was abundantly evident. Judging Bridgenorth by himself he anticipated vengeance for injury, and sat there like a wild beast at bay—ferocious and defiant.  
But Bridgenorth had not the air of a man filled with angry revengeful feelings. On the contrary the look he cast on Jaquin was a sad compassionate look, for on the countenance of the latter death had unmistakably set his seal, and he was passing to a region where he would be taken account of by another and an inflexible Judge.  
"I am sorry to find you thus, Jaquin," he observed kindly accents.  
"Sorry," hissed Jaquin. "You sorry? That is said to mock me."  
"Indeed it is not. We have been long associated together, and though you have not been my friend, I cannot harbour anger when I see you in this condition."  
"Then why have you come here?"  
"To tend you in your helplessness—to minister to your wants—to give you all the care and comfort I can. I don't think your present position is comfortable. See, I will lay you back on the pillow where you will be easier."  
"Let the pillow alone," roared the other fiercely, as Bridgenorth rose and put out his hand to smooth a place for the sufferer's head. "Let it alone, I say," he added in a very frenzy. "They have told you of the packet, and you have come to take it; but you shant—it's mine. You shant touch it."  
"Don't excite yourself. I was not thinking of the packet, and certainly shall not touch it."  
"Then go away. I don't want you here. I hate the sight of you."  
"I am sorry for that Jaquin—very sorry, indeed. Why you have always been my enemy I cannot tell; why you have striven so long to injure me is beyond my power to conjecture."  
"Because you were the means of destroying the man whom I loved and served."  
"You mean Philip Jerlan? And if knowing all the circumstances as you do you blame me for that, then it is vain to reason with you. But, betink yourself, Jaquin, and remember the position in which you are. The time has come when you should forget the past, and have done with all earthly schemes and projects."  
"If I am doing then? You think so too?" yelled Jaquin.  
"I do think so, Jaquin, and I would be your worst enemy if I told you anything else. But let a doctor come and give you his opinion. There is one downstairs at this moment. Shall I call him up?"  
"Yes," shouted the other. "And if he tells me the same, then I know what to do. Quick, I feel something here which burns me like a fire."  
Bridgenorth called the doctor in haste from Hermann's bedside. He was the same who had dressed Jaquin's wounds, and therefore knew the character and extent of his injuries.  
"Edwin, come too—you and Ritchie—for I fear me he is dying fast," added Bridgenorth, as the doctor began to ascend the stair.  
Helen was left to watch by Hermann's couch, the others following in haste to the chamber.  
"Doctor, tell me," gasped Jaquin, when they went in—"tell me, am I dying?"  
"You are," was the hesitating and solemn answer.  
"Have I—long—to live?" he gasped again, as spasms followed spasms on his face.  
"Not if you excite yourself as you are doing. Keep calm and still, and you may live a few minutes longer."  
"A few minutes?" yelled Jaquin. "Only a few minutes? The light—the light—give me the light. I must burn the packet."  
With the fury of a maniac he tossed aside the pillow, clutched the garments which lay under it, and tearing it asunder with his talon-like fingers, he snatched at a packet of several papers which had been in the interior and were tied with twine.  
The light stood on the table, and frantically he motioned it to be held near that he might ignite the papers at its blaze.  
They looked at each other as if doubting the propriety of allowing him to consume the packet, when, seeing their hesitation, and constructing it into an intention to prevent the accomplishment of his purpose, he sprang from the bed with the howl of a fiend, and in the attempt to secure the light, he upset the table and all that it contained, and fell heavily on the floor, extinguishing the light in his descent.  
The room was plunged in darkness, but they heard him rolling and writhing on the floor in the death-struggle. Paralyzed with horror, no one could stir, but stood listening to his infuriate yells of rage and agony, mingled with curses and blasphemy—his voice growing hoarser and hoarser, till stopped by spasms of choking, which continued for several moments. Then came one final tremendous gulp, a long hollow groan, and all was still.  
"For God sake, Ritchie, bring a light," whispered Bridgenorth, in a voice of awe.  
The light was brought, and it revealed Jasper lying dead upon the floor, his face and breast covered with the blood which had flowed from his mouth, and the packet of papers tightly clutched in his right hand.  
BREAKFAST—EPPE'S COCOA—GRATEFUL and COMFORTING.—By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills.—Civil Service Gazette. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Each packet is labeled "James Epps & Co., Homoeopathic Chemists, London." Also, makers of Epps's Milky Cocoa (Cocoa and Condensed Milk).  
Factories and machine shops should not be allowed to run a day without Johnston's Anodyne Linctum. In case of a sudden accident, an immediate use of it may save rocks of suffering, and perhaps a limb, or even life.  
THERE are several kinds of worms which trouble horses; the pin-worms (pointed at both ends) are the most common and most dangerous. Sheridan's Candy Condition Powders will in a few days eject the worms, and the horse will begin to thrive.

MERCURY  
Job Printing Office.



Owing to the great increase in our Job Printing we have been obliged to purchase

Another Large Gordon Press,

Which is now at work in the Establishment.

We have now

FIVE PRESSES

In operation in the office, which, together with our very large and varied assortment of Plain and Fancy Type, makes it the largest, most complete, and best equipped Job Printing Office in the Province outside of Toronto.

Every Description of Printing

ON SHORT NOTICE

In first-class style, and at low prices.

Guelph, May 7, 1872. dw

THE VICTORIA  
Chemical Company

Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers of the Celebrated Victoria Carbolic Preparations, Laboratories and Works, Victoria Hall, Melinda Street, Toronto, Ont.

VICTORIA  
Carbolyated Glycerine Jelly

This JELLY is highly recommended, to ladies as a most agreeable Preparation for the Face. For Beautifying the Complexion, and rendering the Skin soft, White, Clear, and free from Dryness, It is unequalled. It will quickly remove all Melancholy, Roughness, Tan, Freckles, Pimples, and other imperfections. For Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Frost Bites, and Sore Lips, it cannot be surpassed. Price 25 cents.

VICTORIA  
Carbolic Toilet Soap

This TOILET SOAP possesses all the well-known antiseptic and disinfecting properties of Carbolic Acid, is agreeably scented, has a healthy action on the skin, prevents irritation, removes the effects of perspiration, and should be regularly used by families. Cholera, Small-pox and Fever Patients should be washed with this Soap; and its use by persons liable to infection will materially prevent the spread of disease. Price 15 cents per Tablet.

VICTORIA  
Carbolic Saive

This SAIVE is a rapid cure for all Skin Diseases Cut, Wounds, Bruises, Burns, Sores, Ulcers, Ring Worm, Tetter, Eczema, Scald Head, Scabby Abrasions, Boils, Pimples, &c. It possesses all the Cleansing and Healing Virtues of Carbolic Acid, which has been found by Physicians everywhere to possess curative qualities not discoverable in any other chemical preparation. Price 25 cts.

VICTORIA  
Carbolic Gargarysma

This GARGARYSMA is the most reliable and efficacious remedy in all cases of Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Diphtheria, Bronchitis, Irritation of the Bronchial Tubes, so common in this changeable climate, Asthma, Offensive Breath, Elevated Gums, and all diseases of the Mouth. For Public Spectacles and Singers it is invaluable. The ingredients entering into this Gargarysma are used by all physicians, and for the cure of the most alar di-orders are not, undoubtedly, the most popular in the Materia Medica. Price 25 cents.

VICTORIA  
Carbolic Disinfectant

This DISINFECTANT is a sure preventive of Typhus and Typhoid Fevers, Cholera, Small pox, and all infectious diseases. It will prevent Contagion in Cattle. It is also invaluable for Disinfecting Water Closets, Urinals, Cesspools, Stables, Slaughtering, &c., and will destroy miasmatic effluvia from whatever cause arising. It will drive away Mosquitoes, Moths, Cock-roaches, &c. Meat, Fish, &c., can be preserved from putrefaction by its use. Carbolic Acid is selected by Her Majesty's Royal Commissioners in preference to all other products, as the best Disinfectant for the prevention of infectious diseases. Price 25 cents.

VICTORIA  
Sharpening and Polishing Paste

This PASTE is unequalled in its rapidity for sharpening and Polishing Cutlery, Table and Pocket Knives, Razors, Surgical Instruments, Shoemaker's Knives, Plane Bits and Chisels, &c. Nothing has ever been discovered which has sprung into popularity more quickly or become so much valued in every household and workshop for general usefulness. Price 25 cents.

NEW GOODS

- Gold Brooches,
- Gold Earrings,
- Gold Shirt Studs,
- Gold Collar Buttons,
- Silver Albert Guards,
- Silver Long Guards,
- English-plated Brooches

D. SAVAGE,

Watchmaker and Jeweller, Guelph.



THE BEST HOTEL IN TOWN.  
CASEY ALWAYS JOLLY.  
The richest drinks best table, most comfortable beds, merriest company, and jolliest house in town at Casey's—The Harp of Erin Hotel, Macdonnell Street, Guelph.

GUELPH TEA DEPOT  
E. O'DONNELL & Co.

- New Prunes 5 cents per lb.
- New Raisins 5 cents per lb.
- New Currants 5 cents per lb.
- New Figs 5 cents per lb.
- The best Dollar Green Tea for 80 cents per lb.
- The best Black Tea for 60c
- The best 75c Green Tea for 60c
- A beautiful Bright Sugar 11 lbs for \$1

And every other article in the Grocery Line is GREATLY REDUCED IN PRICE AT

E. O'DONNELL & Co.

Guelph, May 15, 1872 dw2w Wyndham Street, Guelph.

CO-OPERATIVE STORE.

BANKRUPT STOCK

Of Dry Goods and Groceries from Berlin now Ready for Sale.

Each article will be sold Retail at what it cost the Insolvents.

THE STOCK CONSISTS OF

- Prints, Cottons, Linens, Tickings, Dress Goods,
- Flannel and Winey shirtings, Cloths and Tweeds, Parasols, Skirts, Gloves,
- Hosiery Hats and Caps, Straw Goods, Etc. Etc. Etc.

THE GROCERY STOCK

Is worthy the attention of Dealers, and parties buying large lots will be liberally dealt with.

J. C. MACKLIN & Co.

Guelph, April 20th, 1872 dw

GUELPH CLOTH HALL.

SHAW & MURTON  
Have now received the Balance of their Spring Goods, and would invite inspection to their Stock of CLOTHS, which is this season more than usually attractive.  
Gentlemen will do well to leave their Orders as soon as possible.  
SHAW & MURTON, MERCHANT TAILORS.

1872 SPRING AND SUMMER 1872

FOR THE BEST CHOICE IN

BOOTS AND SHOES

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR

GO TO W. D. HEPBURN & CO'S

Shoe Store, the only place in the Town of Guelph where you can find a good selection of Genuine Home-made Boots and Shoes.

The best Imported Goods can always be had at W. D. Hepburn & Co's cheap for cash.

ONE PRICE ONLY

For first-class Custom Work leave your measures at Hepburn's, the largest and best Custom Shop in Guelph.

All kinds of Leather and Findings for sale to the trade at reasonable prices.

Agents for the Genuine Elias Howe Sewing Machine, which we are selling at greatly reduced prices. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere, they are pronounced by all competent judges to be the best Sewing Machine in the Market.

W. D. HEPBURN & Co.

Store and Factory—East side Wyndham Street, Guelph. a12-dw1mtes

New Goods for the Times

AT

JOHN R. PORTE'S

Fine Gold Sets Brooch and Ear-rings

Fine Gold Necklets

AND A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

GOLD PLATED JEWELLERY

Silver Thimbles, Tea Spoons, Chains,

ELECTRO-PLATED WARE

Castors, Breakfast and Dinner Butter Coolers, Cake Baskets, Children's Mugs, Salons, Butter Knives, Pickle Forks, Spoons and Forks of all kinds.

RODGER'S TABLE CUTLERY

Remember the name and

Guelph, Dec 19, 1871 dw JOHN R. PORTE, Wyndham-Street, Guelph

BERKSHIRE BOAR "JOHN A."

The subscriber begs to notify the breeders of Swine that he has purchased the above Boar, imported from England by George Rosch, Esq., of Hamilton, which will serve sows this season. Terms, \$4 cash.

Pedigree—John A. was sired by Sampson out of Swinton 1, by 2nd Duke of Gloucester; dam Sniper 1, out of Bobtail 1, by Tim Whittier. W. A. BOOKLESS, Royal Hotel, Guelph, Dec. 8, 1871 dw

JOHN SPIERS, Veterinary Surgeon (Member of the Ontario Veterinary College.) Hirsch's Union Hotel, Guelph, Dec 23 dw

NEW! NEW!!  
Spring Goods.

Splendid Lines of Trimmings, Ruffles, Braids, Ladies' Under Garments, Children's Clothing, Infants' Robes, &c.

Everything NEW in Hair Braids, Chignons, Coronets, Switches,

And a splendid line of REAL THREAD LACE GOODS

Branch of Madame Demorest's Emporium of Fashion. All kinds of Patterns at great reduction in price.

The place for all kinds of Wools and Fancy Goods, Toys, etc.

JOHN HUNTER, Berlin Wool, Fancy Goods and Toy Store, Wyndham Street, Guelph.

Guelph, April 21, 1872 dw

Wm. STEWART

Is now opening out a very attractive Stock of New DRY GOODS for early Spring use.

Notwithstanding the great advance in Dry Goods, I will be enabled to offer these Goods at last Season's prices. See advertisement next week.

Wm. STEWART.

Guelph, March 16, 1872 dw

THE MEDICAL HALL  
GUELPH

A large and well selected stock

HAIR, NAIL, AND TOOTH BRUSHES

FOR SALE BY E. HARVEY & Co.

A very superior quality

SPONGES

at E. Harvey & Co's.

A large and varied assortment of TOILET ARTICLES & PERFUMERY

AT THE MEDICAL HALL.

Also a fresh supply of Carbolyated Glycerine Jelly.

E. HARVEY & Co. Family and Dispensing Chemists, Guelph, May 9, 1872. dw

ARRIVED!

A Large Lot of

BOYS' TWEED SUITS,

Knickerbocker " " " " " "

Sailor " " " " " "

Highland Kill " " " " " "

Tweed " " " " " "

Also, a fine lot of

CHEAP TWEEDS

For Children's Wear at

JAMES CORMACK'S

No. 1, Wyndham Street.

Guelph, April 25, 1872. dw

McKELVEY'S

ARCTIC

REFRIGERATOR!

The Coolest and Most Perfect ever Constructed.

A large assortment on hand and for sale by

JOHN M. BOND & Co.,

DIRECT IMPORTERS.

Guelph, May 23, 1871. do

FEED, FEED, FEED!

Red Mill, Waterloo Road,

FEED STORE

Upper Wyndham Street, Guelph.

J. T. KNIGHT

Sells every description of Feed cheap and good; also

FLOUR, MEALS AND OFFALS

Cheap as other People. dw

WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO

The Capital Stock of this Company, viz:—\$100,000 is held chiefly by the Directors and other prominent business men and citizens of Toronto, added to which the Surplus Funds at 30th June, 1871, amounts to \$208,389 affording unquestioned guarantee to insureds.

Give a Canadian Institution the preference where equal advantage is offered.

In the Fire Department a special low Tariff of Rates has been recently adopted, undertaking the insurance of Detached Dwellings, Churches and Schools, with their contents, in Cities, Towns and Country places, for one or three years, at option of the Assured.

The attention of the Farming Community is particularly invited to the Rates and Terms of Policy as highly favorable to this class of Insurers.

All claims promptly paid in full on proof of loss. HON. J. McMURRICH, President. E. HALDAN, Managing Director. GEO. ELIOTT, Agent at Guelph.

GUARDIANSHIP NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that after the expiration of twenty days from the first publication of this advertisement, application will be made by the undersigned, Nancy McLellan, to the Surrogate Court of the County of Wellington, to be appointed Guardian of Daniel McLellan, the infant child of Daniel McLellan, late of the Township of Erin, in the County of Wellington, Farmer, deceased. Dated this fourteenth day of May, A. D. 1872. NANCY McLELLAN, by William McDowell, her Attorney.

MONEY.—\$30,000 to Lend in sums of from \$200 to \$2,000. Interest 8 per cent. W. M. MERRITT, Solicitor. May 8, 1872 w2w Wyndham-st. Guelph

And now the coffin-makers of New York have "struck." Next.

In Bourbon County, Kentucky, locusts have appeared by the millions. The trees and ground are literally covered with them.

The citizens of Montreal have tendered a grand banquet to His Excellency Lord Lisgar prior to his departure for home.

The Kingston *Whig* records the death of Mr. D. P. Britton in his 90th year. To the last his faculties were unimpaired, showing no ordinary mental as well as physical strength.

It has been rumored that Mr. John Netterville Blake, barrister, of Toronto, has been requested to stand for the West riding of York at the approaching election for the House of Commons. The *Leader* is afraid that Mr. Blake runs he will get in, which is a sure proof that he is on the reform side.

William Russell, eight Duke of Bedford, nephew of Earl Russell, died on Monday, in his 64th year. Baron Dalling and Dalway, latter known as Sir Henry B. Lytton Bulwer, brother of Lord Lytton, died on Sunday night, aged 68. Sir Henry was Minister to Washington from 1845 to 1852.

The spotted fever is making fearful headway through the townships of Oxford, Zorra and Nissouri. One young man, named Davidson, died last week in Zorra, after about thirty-six hours' illness, another named MacMarrin, in Nissouri, died after three days' illness. New cases are reported every day. Medical treatment seems of no avail.

**MONTHLY CATTLE FAIRS.**  
HARRISTON—Friday before the Guelph Fair.  
BOSWORTH—Saturday before Guelph Fair.  
DAYTON—The Saturday before Guelph Fair.  
FERGUS—The day before Guelph Fair.  
GUELPH—First Wednesday in each month.  
CLIFFORD—Thursday before the Guelph Fair.  
FERGUS—Friday before the Guelph Fair.  
NEW HAMBURG—First Tuesday in each month.  
BERLIN—First Thursday in each month.  
EGHAM—Second Monday in each month.  
WATERLOO—Second Tuesday in each month.  
MOUNT FOREST—Third Wednesday in each month.  
HAWOVER—Monday before Durham.  
DURHAM—Tuesday before Mount Forest.  
FARGUS—Thursday before Mount Forest.  
ONARVILLE—Second Thursday in January.  
March, May, July, September and November.  
MOSO MILLS—Third Wednesday in January.  
April, July and October.  
MUN—First Monday in January, April, July and October.  
MASSEVILLE—First Tuesday in February.  
MAY, August and November.  
BRAMPTON—First Thursday in each month.  
LISVON—First Friday in each month.  
HILLSDALE—First Saturday in each month.  
March, May, July, Sept. and November.

### RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

#### Grand Trunk Railway

Trains leave Guelph as follows:

2:00 p.m. to 9:50 a.m. 1:55 p.m. to 6 p.m.  
9:30 p.m. to 11:00 a.m. and Detroit. To Berlin.

To London, Guelph, and Detroit. To Berlin.

3:15 a.m. to 7:30 a.m. 11:51 a.m. to 3:45 p.m.  
and 6:50 p.m.

**Great Western—Guelph Branch**

Goes South—5:50 a.m., 1:05 p.m., 1:40 p.m.  
for Hamilton; 4:35 p.m.

Goes North—11:30 a.m. for Clifford; mixed  
9:15 a.m. for Clifford; 4:55 p.m. for Fergus;  
1:35 p.m. for Paris.

The mixed train due to leave Clifford at 8  
a.m. will not be run on Monday, Wednesday  
and Friday between Clifford and Fergus,  
and the mixed train due to leave Guelph at  
1:15 p.m. will not be run on Tuesday, Thursday  
and Saturday between Fergus and Clifford.  
This change will take effect on and  
after Tuesday, 16th April.

### SPRING STOCK

#### JOHN HORSMAN'S.

Bird Cages, several varieties;  
Garden Tools and Flower Baskets;  
Clothes Wringers and Mangles;  
Floor Oil Cloth and Mats, elegant new  
patterns;  
Furniture, Stove, and Picture Varnish;  
Whitewash and other Brushes;  
Fishing Tackle, etc.;  
Family Glue Pots, a useful little article,  
should be in every house, quite cheap,  
at

JOHN HORSMAN'S.

### QUELPH MARKETS.

Guelph, May 29, 1872.

|                               |                |
|-------------------------------|----------------|
| Floor per bushels             | 21.50 to 22.75 |
| Red Wheat                     | 1.35 to 1.59   |
| White Wheat                   | 1.30 to 1.43   |
| Spring Wheat                  | 1.30 to 1.25   |
| Oats                          | 0.40 to 0.41   |
| Peas                          | 0.28 to 0.35   |
| Barley                        | 0.22 to 0.32   |
| Hay, per ton                  | 10.90 to 13.00 |
| Straw                         | 4.00 to 6.00   |
| Wood, per cord                | 4.00 to 5.00   |
| Eggs, per dozen               | 0.19 to 0.21   |
| Butter, store packed, per lb. | 0.10 to 0.12   |
| " daily packed, "             | 0.10 to 0.11   |
| " rolls, "                    | 0.12 to 0.13   |
| Potatoes, per bag             | 0.90 to 0.75   |
| Apples                        | 0.75 to 1.25   |
| Wool, per lb.                 | 0.70 to 0.55   |
| Dressed Hogs, per cwt.        | 4.80 to 5.25   |
| Clover Seed per bushel, 1     | 3.00 to 3.25   |
| Timothy Seed, "               | 2.00 to 2.00   |
| Sheepskins, each              | 2.00 to 2.50   |
| Hides, per cwt.               | 7.00 to 8.00   |

### HAMILTON MARKETS

HAMILTON, May 25, 1872.

|                          |              |
|--------------------------|--------------|
| Spring Wheat, per bushel | 2.25 to 2.50 |
| Red Wheat                | 1.45 to 1.50 |
| White Wheat              | 1.40 to 1.48 |
| Red Winter Wheat         | 1.35 to 1.40 |
| Barley, per bushel       | 0.55 to 0.58 |
| Oats                     | 0.45 to 0.48 |
| Peas                     | 0.25 to 0.30 |
| Butter, per lb. roll     | 0.12 to 0.17 |
| " tub, "                 | 0.12 to 0.14 |
| Potatoes, per bag        | 1.25 to 1.50 |
| Apples                   | 0.70 to 0.80 |
| Dressed Hogs, per cwt.   | 7.00 to 7.50 |
| Wool, per lb.            | 0.45 to 0.55 |

### TORONTO MARKETS

TORONTO, May 25, 1872.

|                          |              |
|--------------------------|--------------|
| Spring Wheat, per bushel | 2.10 to 2.40 |
| Red Wheat                | 1.55 to 1.48 |
| White Wheat              | 1.50 to 1.48 |
| Barley, per bushel       | 0.60 to 0.69 |
| Oats                     | 0.70 to 0.72 |
| Peas                     | 0.45 to 0.45 |
| Wool per lb.             | 0.50 to 0.55 |

### CANADA LIFE

#### ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1871.

Cash Income over \$1,000 per day

Affording with the unexpired capital of \$750,000

Security of Over \$2,000,000

For the exclusive protection of Assurers.

Claims paid for Deaths since commencement \$ 800,000

Annual income 400,000

Sums assured nearly 10,000,000

The strong financial position of this Company, and its

Moderate Rates

Render it one whose advantages are not surpassed by any other, and explains the fact that it stands at the head of all the Life Companies in Canada.

Forms of Application, Detailed Reports and Tables of Rates may be obtained at any of the Company's offices or agencies.

A. C. RAMSAY, Manager.

F. W. STONE, Agent at Guelph. March 2, 1872.

### BUSINESS CARDS.

**THORP'S HOTEL, GUELPH**, remodelled and newly furnished. Good accommodation for commercial travellers. Free omnibus to and from all trains. First-class Livery in connection. May 11 dtw JAS. A. THORP, Proprietor.

### ROYAL HOTEL LIVERY STABLE.

The subscriber begs to notify the public that he has purchased the above livery from Mr. Geo. W. Jessop, and will continue the business as heretofore. Having made considerable improvements, he will be able at all times to meet the wants of the travelling public. First-class Turnouts ready at the shortest notice. Guelph, 6th Dec. dtw W. J. WILSON.

### O'CONNOR'S BILLIARD HALL,

IN THE QUEEN'S HOTEL, GUELPH, OPPOSITE THE MARKET.

Refitted in the latest fashion. Five latest styles Phelan Tables. do

### DOMINION SALOON.

Fresh Oysters in every Style

The table supplied with all the delicacies of the season in a first-class manner.

At the bar will be found the choicest Brands of Liquors and Cigars.

Guelph, Nov. 21, 1871. DENIS DUNYAN, do

### PARKERS HOTEL,

-DIRECTLY- OPPOSITE THE MARKET, GUELPH

First-class accommodation for travellers. Commodious stabling and an attentive hostler.

The best of Liquors and Cigars at the bar. ALBERT PARKER, Proprietor. Guelph, Feb. 6, 1872. dw

### DEADY'S WELLINGTON HOTEL.

The undersigned begs to intimate to his numerous friends and the travelling public generally that he has assumed the management of the above hotel, and trusts by careful and strict attention to business to make the "Wellington" one of the most popular hotels in town. The best wines and liquors kept at the bar.

Superior stabling, and a careful and attentive hostler always on hand. Guelph, April 2, 72 MARTIN DEADY, wylit

### MITCHELL & TOVELL,

(Sign of the Horses.) Having on hand a Splendid Horses, Horses etc., hence by strict attention to business to secure a share of public patronage. We will have a full assortment of

Coffins always on Hand.

Furnerals furnished if required. Carpenter work done as usual. Premises, a few doors north of the Post Office, and next to D. Gerchie's Law Office, Douglas street.

JOHN MITCHELL NATH TOVELL Guelph, Feb. 3, 1872, dw

### NELLES, ROMAN & CO.,

CANADA HOUSE, General Commission Merchant

AND SHIPPERS, 34 South Clinton St., Chicago, Ill.

REPRESENTS—Sir John Ross, Banker, London; England; F. W. Thomas, Esq., Banker, Montreal; The Marine Company of Chicago, Bankers; Hon. John Carling, London, Ontario; Messrs. Gault Bros., Merchants, Montreal; Senator Frank Smith, (Frank Smith & Co.), Toronto; J. Morton Millar, Esq., Perth, Ont. (late of J. M. Millar & Co., Commission Merchants, Chicago); Walter Watson, Esq., Banker, New York; D. Butters, Esq., Montreal; Joseph Whitehead, Esq., M. P., Clinton, Ont.; Chas. Magill, Esq., M. P., Hamilton, Ontario; T. G. Chisholm, Esq., Toronto Samuel B. Foot, Esq., Quebec.

### W. M. FOSTER, L. D. S.,

#### SURGEON DENTIST, GUELPH.

Office over E. Harvey & Sons' Drug Store, Corner of Wyndham and Macdonnell-sts., Guelph.

Specialties: Nitrous Oxide (laughing gas) administered for the extraction of teeth without pain, which is perfectly safe and reliable.

References: Dr. Herod, Clarke, Tuck, McGuire, Herod, McGregor, and Cowan, Guelph. Dr. Buchanan and Phillips, Toronto. Drs. Everett & Meyers, Dentists, Toronto.

### PRIZE DENTISTRY.

#### DR. ROBERT CAMPBELL,

Licentiate of Dental Surgery. Established 1861. Office next door to the "Advertiser" office, Wyndham-st., Guelph.

Residence opposite Mr. Boulton's Factory.

References, Drs. Clarke, Tuck, McGuire, Herod, McGregor, and Cowan, Guelph. Dr. Buchanan and Phillips, Toronto. Drs. Everett & Meyers, Dentists, Toronto.

### RAYMOND'S SEWING MACHINES

Family Sewing Machine (single thread); Hand Lock Stitch (double thread); No. 1, Foot Power;

No. 2, for heavy work, or Cabinet Cases, as required.

### CHARLES RAYMOND,

GUELPH, ONT. July 12, 1871 dw

### HOUSE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

\$1800 will buy 3 two story tenements on Cork Street, adjoining the Wesleyan Methodist Church.

\$250 will buy a comfortable rough cast Cottage on Fort Street, near the Erasmus Bridge.

\$700 will buy a good stone Cottage on Nottingham Street.

### FARMS FOR SALE.

\$4,000 will buy a splendid farm of 300 acres 125 cleared, the balance being timbered (in Arthur, first-class land, well watered.) HENRY HATCH, Land & Loan Agent, Guelph, March 7, dtw

### CASH FOR WOOL, HIDES, SHEEP- SKINS, CALF SKINS, and WOOD, PICKINGS.

The highest market price paid for the above at No. 4, Govon Street, Day's Old Block, Guelph.

Plasterers Hairs ready on hand for sale at M. J. MULTON & BISH, Guelph, April 19, d.

## HATS GO TO HATS

AND AND CAPS CAPS

## HATS & CAPS

### D. BYRNE

HAS just opened the largest and best assorted stock of Hats and Caps ever shown in the Town of Guelph.

### NEW DEVELOPMENTS

## The Brantford Stove and Plough Depot

### MESSRS. WEBSTER & WOOLHOUSE

Having entered into partnership in carrying on the Stove and Plough Business, are pleased to inform the public of Guelph and vicinity that they are now better able than ever to supply them with every imaginable article in their line, and at prices that will astonish their customers. The stock is the largest in Guelph, comprising

## THE ATTENTION OF FARMERS

## STOVES AND PLOUGHS!

Which, for Cheapsness and Perfection in all the latest improvements, stand unrivalled in the country. We make a specialty of PLOUGHS, and are therefore able to supply the Farmers with just what they want.

## NEW GROCERY STORE

## SCROGGIE & NEWTON

Beginners to the inhabitants of Guelph and surrounding country that they have just opened out an entirely new and carefully selected stock of first-class

## WOODENWARE

Which they are prepared to sell at as low rates for cash as any other store in the town of Guelph.

## CHOICE TEAS, comprising all the favorite brands

## NEW FRUITS

## WINE AND LIQUORS.—The finest Port and Sherry

## Wines, Brandies, Rum, Gin, Ale and Porter. The finest

## WINE AND LIQUORS, &c.

## WINE AND LIQUORS, &c.

## WINE AND LIQUORS, &c.

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## WINE AND LIQUORS, &c.

## WINE AND LIQUORS, &c.

## WINE AND LIQUORS, &c.

### TRAVELLERS DIRECTORY.

#### Temperley's Line

STEAM BETWEEN LONDON, QUEBEC and MONTREAL, composed of the following first-class iron steamships:

Scotland, Medway, Teclot, Tween, Thames, Hector, Niger, Severn, Nile, Adalia.

The steamers of this Line are intended to sail weekly, as follows, during the season of navigation of 1872, TO and FROM London, Quebec, and Montreal calling at PLYMOUTH outwards for passengers, and leaving that port every Friday.

FROM LONDON

Hector..... Wednesday, 8th May

Thames..... " " 12th May

Adalia..... " " 16th May

And every Wednesday thereafter.

FROM QUEBEC

Niger..... Tuesday, 7th May

Nile..... " " 14th May

Adalia..... " " 21st May

Hector..... " " 28th May

Thames..... " " 4th June

Adalia..... " " 11th June

And every Tuesday thereafter.

Rates of Passage from Quebec to London

Cabin \$60; Steerage \$24

Through tickets from all ports west of Montreal to London, for all parts of Canada, and in the United States, to Detroit, Milwaukee, Chicago, and other points in the West. For freight or passage, apply to Temperley's, Carter & Darko, 21 Billiter-st., London; Wilcocks & Weeks, Barbican, Plymouth; Ross & Co., Quebec; David Shaw, Montreal, or to

CHAS. DAVIDSON, Agent, Town Hall Buildings, Guelph.

### ANCHOR LINE

Transatlantic, Peninsular and Mediterranean

### STEAM PACKET SHIPS

The well-known favorite Clyde built Iron Steamships

America, Columbia, Scandinavia, Australia, Europa, Iowa, India, Inman

Sailing regularly every Saturday between New York and Glasgow

Booking passengers to and from Great Britain, Germany, Denmark, Norway, and Sweden, Portugal, Spain, Italy, Sicily, Egypt, and the Adriatic, in connection with the Anchor Line of Peninsular and Mediterranean Steam Packets, sailing regularly between Glasgow and Mediterranean ports. Rates as low as by any other first-class line.

For rates of passage, prepaid certificates, and all information, apply to

JAMES BRYCE, Agent American Express Company, Guelph, Guelph, April 13, 1872. dw

### MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY

### CANADIAN LINE

### FOR LIVERPOOL

The first-class, full-powered, Clyde-built Steamships of this line will be despatched every Saturday as follows (carrying the Canada and United States mails):

QUEBEC TO LIVERPOOL.

Through Passage Tickets, Return Tickets European Pre-paid Passage Certificates issued lowest rates.

CABIN—Guelph to Liverpool \$30.5 and 75p

STEERAGE—Guelph to Liverpool \$30.50.

Glasgow \$29.50.

For every information apply to

Geo. A. Oxnard, Agent G. T. R. Guelph

Passengers booked through to London, Manchester, Birmingham, etc., also to Paris, Hamburg, Havre and Bremen.

### H. D. MOREHOUSE,

Exchange Broker and General Ticket Agent.

Tickets for Sale to all parts of the United States and Europe.

### MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY

Passengers booked through to California and the South cheaper than by any other route, and at a great saving of trouble and annoyance.

### The Erie Railway Company

Is now running 4 trains daily from Suspension Bridge to New York without change of cars.

THROUGH TICKETS TO NEW YORK \$10.25

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