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The Toronto World.

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TWENTY-FIRST YEAR EIGHT PAGES—MONDAY MORNING NOVEMBER 19 1900—EIGHT PAGES ONE CENT

KITCHENER WILL DEPOPULATE THE TOWNS OF THE TRANSVAAL

The Inhabitants Reveal to the Enemy the Garrisons Where Stores Are Supplied—Will Send All Non-Military Toward the Coast.

Guerilla Warfare Has Become Less Formidable—British Gradually Wearing Out the Energies of the Persistent and Obstinate Foe—No Success For the Boers For Six Weeks.

London, Nov. 17.—(N. Y. Sun.)—Lord Kitchener is now for the first time unhampered in carrying on the South African War and it promises to be widely different than under Lord Roberts. The latter will continue to sign the official despatches until his departure, but the campaign will be devised and directed by Lord Kitchener alone. He has faced the grim fact that the enemy means the entire population and has greatly tightened the censorship, while he finds it necessary to carry out certain military police acts more suitable to a campaign of sheer extermination and aggression than consistent with a policy of ultimate conciliation and neighborliness.

Railways Still Broken.

The Transvaal and Orange Free State are now opening the second season since a crop was sown, and it is fourteen months since normal food import stuffs ceased. The railways are still broken for several days weekly. These things combined make the feeding of the occupants of the two Republics a work of great difficulty, which is increased by the filling of the towns with stores under garrison. These garrisons the inhabitants betray to the commandos, who thereby easily replenish their stores, thus making the starving out of the fighting burghers impossible. Lord Kitchener's alternative is the depopulation of the towns, moving every non-military inhabitant toward the coast, where they will be more easily fed, while freeing the army's hands. This movement will involve great time and it is doubtful if it is feasible.

Fearful Desolation.

Lord Kitchener's movements show the fearful desolation to which the war has reduced the countries. The only hopeful sign is the coming of the Transvaal winter, when the heat will make the tropical veldt unbearable. The northernmost commandos will have to trek toward the south, where they will meet the British. This will bring Gen. Delary shortly into the range of severe fighting. Gen. Dewet has not been heard of and it is believed that he is advancing toward Ficksburg, which the Boers hold. The systematic breaking of the Kimberley and Bloemfontein Railways has for its aim the tying up of the troops in the up-country thru the resulting shortage of supplies.

The publication of letters from Boer women showing the pitiful distress which has followed the burning of their farms is not heeded here. The people will forgive anything which will bring the fighting to an end and release the great part of the troops. Instead of that, however, the Inniskilling Fusiliers, who returned to England from Natal a few months ago, have been ordered to re-embark for the Cape.

Boers Get No Rest.

London, Nov. 18, 6 a.m.—(N.Y. Tribune.)—The guerilla warfare in South Africa has become less formidable. The centres of hostile operations in Dutch territory may have multiplied, but the Boer commandos are thinning out from death, illness and desertions. The skirmishes recorded daily by Lord Roberts are petty affairs, in which scores of Boer combatants are engaged where formerly there were hundreds, and sometimes thousands. Consequently casualties are light and few prisoners are taken. The British army is adapting itself to the altered conditions, and is gradually wearing out the energies of its persistent and obstinate foe. Where once there were divisions, with a complete staff organization, there are now brigades, and lightly equipped, mobile columns are sent in pursuit of small bands of guerillas. Generals and staff officers are returning by every steamer from the Cape, and the entire British army is in process of reorganization for the special service which is now required. General Kelly-Kenny, who commanded the Sixth Division in the terrible march across the veldt, has been relieved from command at Bloemfontein, and General Hunter has taken his place. Either Roberts or Kitchener is picking out the men who have special capacity for fighting the Boers. The new tactics seem effective. The scattered bands of Boers are constantly harried and allowed no rest. The lines of communication are strongly guarded and are not seriously menaced. The Boers are alert, but only able to operate on a small scale against outposts, and their cattle and horses are constantly taken from them, and here and there small squads are killed, wounded or taken prisoners. They have not had a single success in the last six weeks, and the sum of their losses is considerable. It is not strange that optimists are predicting the close of hostilities by the end of the year.

Boers Badly Cut Up.

Bloemfontein, Nov. 17.—The Boers heavily attacked the railroad at Edenburg, Nov. 15 (Thursday). It is reported that the Boers were completely cut up. One report has it that 75 of the party were killed or wounded.

Kitchener Will Depopulate Towns.

Durban, Nov. 17.—The Natal Mercury reports that Lord Kitchener has decided to "depopulate the towns in the Transvaal," owing to the difficulty of dealing with the Republicans when hampered by the civilian population.

Was W. J. Anderson Killed?

Hamilton, Nov. 17.—(Special.)—Friends of ex-Patrol-Driver W. J. Anderson have fears that he is one of the men referred to in the despatches as Lance-Corporal W. A. Anderson, one of the Canadians killed at Belfast. Anderson, who is a member of the 13th Regiment, joined the Canadian Mounted Rifles at Toronto as a private, but in his last letter to his parents he mentioned that he had been promoted and was now a lance corporal. At the time the letter was written, his corps was on the way to Belfast. Anderson was prominent in the Orange order and the Scarlet Knights, and was very popular with a large circle of friends here.

More Invalids Returning.

Ottawa, Nov. 17.—A cable from the office of the Canadian High Commissioner in London announces the sailing for Canada on the 14th inst., by the steamer Corinthian, of seven more invalided Canadian soldiers, as follows:

156, Pte. H. Hiam of Duke of York Royal Canadian Hussars, Montreal.

7653, Pte. F. Lee, Queen's Own Canadian Hussars, Quebec.

8162, Pte. Roy Sloan, 1st C.A., Halifax.

7477, Pte. R. Cunningham, and

7511, Pte. A. L. Large, both of 15th Argyle Light Infantry.

7206, Pte. M. L. Jones, 33rd Huron Regiment.

122, Borchard.

Canadian Officers Wounded.

London, Nov. 17.—An additional official list of wounded South African soldiers, issued this evening, includes the names of the following Canadian lieutenants: J. H. Elmsley, L. E. W. Turner and H. G. C. Cockburn.

The Late Bomb. John Moore.

Bomb. John Moore of the Canadian Artillery, who is reported as having died of enteric fever at Pretoria, is a son of T. T. Moore, principal of the Acton High School. He was employed in Storey's glove factory in that pdace when he enlisted with the Guelph detachment of the artillery. He was considered a first-class workman, and was a general favorite in the town. He was about 28 years of age and unmarried. He was a nephew of Mr. John Ausman of 284 Major-street, this city, and a brother of Mrs. Bert McKerehen of Givens-street.

Lieut. Elmsley Improving.

Mr. Henry Emsley Saturday received the following cablegram from his son, Lieut. R. H. Elmsley, dated Pretoria, Nov. 15: "Doing well. Jim."

British Evacuate Vryheid.

Pietermaritzburg, Natal Nov. 16.—The British garrison at Vryheid has evacuated the town and taken up a position in the adjacent hills, where it is practically besieged. The garrison has six months' provisions. The Boers have warned the men that if they attempt to reoccupy Vryheid the town will be destroyed.

Roberts Orders Musket Practice.

Pretoria, Nov. 15, 8.35 a.m.—Lord Roberts has issued an order compelling the men to take regular musketry practice. Each man will have to fire twenty-five rounds at a target, and if his showing is poor a penalty of twenty-five additional rounds will be imposed. The Commander-in-Chief is very anxious that commanding officers shall make the training of the men effective by enforcing these regulations.

A brigade of mounted infantry is being formed here and excellent progress has already been made. One company is taken from each regiment of infantry, and some of the men who were never on horseback before this scheme was started are already serviceable cavalrymen.

HUNT AND BUILDER DEAD.

Two More Canadians End Their Careers in Africa—One From Disease, the Other From Bullets.

Ottawa, Nov. 18.—Sir Alfred Milner cables the Governor-General as follows:

Cape Town, Nov. 17.—629, Hunt, Strathcona Horse, died of Bright's disease, Pretoria, Nov. 14. Referring to my telegram of yesterday, 105, Builder, since died.

(Signed) Milner.

Pte. W. DeVere Hunt is from Millarville, Alberta, and went out with the reinforcements for the Strathcona Horse.

Sergt. Builder belonged to the 38th Batt., and was reported on Friday seriously wounded. He has since died.

CHAMBERLAIN TO BE A PEER—TO BE EARL OF BIRMINGHAM

The Colonial Secretary Has a Long Line of Ancestors, and His American Wife Will Wear a Coronet of Nobility.

London, Nov. 17.—Manchester and Leeds have a Duke apiece who takes his title from their cities, and, while Liverpool gave her name to a famous earl, who was Prime Minister of Great Britain in the early part of the century, such centres of industry as Macclesfield, Glasgow, Southampton, Swansea and Halifax are all represented in the House of Lords by hereditary legislators bearing their names by way of nobiliary titles.

Birmingham almost alone of all the important cities of the United Kingdom has been absent from the roster of the Upper House of Parliament, and now this neglect, according to persistent rumors in well-informed quarters, is about to be repaired by the elevation of the Colonial Secretary to the peerage, with the title of Earl of Birmingham, his American wife, daughter of President Cleveland's Secretary of War Endicott, becoming first Countess of Birmingham.

There are many circumstances that tend to confirm this report about Joseph Chamberlain, noteworthy among which are the obviously inspired paragraphs now appearing in the press, according to which Mr. Chamberlain, in lieu of being, as everyone supposed, a self-made man, is possessed of a long line of ancestors. It has been observed that whenever a man looked upon as the creator of his own fortunes and as of humble origin suddenly becomes endowed with a long line of ancestry, it indicates the imminent grant of a peerage to the individual concerned, a case in point being that of Lord Brassey, the son of a man who began life as a day laborer, and of a girl who peddled matches in the streets of Liverpool, who suddenly blossomed forth a few weeks prior to his promotion to the peerage as the lineal descendant of a certain mythical Hugo de Brisci, who was one of the followers of William the Conqueror.

According to these paragraphs about Mr. Chamberlain, he traces his family back on his father's side to Daniel Chamberlain, a Wiltshire County magnate, who flourished at the beginning of the last century, while thru his grandmother the Colonial Secretary is descended from one of the 2000 ejected ministers who in the time of the Stuart kings left home and work and profit rather than accept the State-made creed which it was sought to force upon them.

A peerage would not only constitute a recognition of the brilliant services which he has rendered to the Administration during the recent general elections, but would likewise remove from the House of Commons to the more somnolent atmosphere of the House of Lords a Minister whose sometimes indiscreet utterances in the Lower House have been a source of more embarrassment than assistance to the Cabinet to which he belongs.

MURDEROUS ESCAPADE OF A BURLY MIDNIGHT BURGLAR

George Smith, Alias "Snowball," a Negro, Was Caught in the House of William Fawkes, 88 Louisa-Street, and Tried to Fight His Way Out—Is Now in Custody.

George Smith, a burly negro, better known as "Snowball," was captured early yesterday morning by Police Constable Watson of the Agnes-street Station while in the act of making his escape from a house at 88 Louisa-street, where a burglary had taken place and a murderous assault committed on William Fawkes, a Hebrew junk dealer, the occupant of the place.

How He Gained Entrance.

Between 1 and 2 o'clock Smith secured an entrance to the house by climbing over a shed in the rear and lifting a window of a bedroom, which had been left unfastened. In the room Millie Fawkes, a 16-year-old girl, was sleeping, and the thief, in searching underneath the pillows for valuables, aroused her from her slumbers.

Threatened to Kill the Girl.

On finding that the girl was awake, Smith threatened to kill her if she raised an outcry, and at the same time placed both hands about her neck. In spite of the threat the girl called out, and was successful in making herself heard. The girl's father and mother were sleeping in another room across the hall, and on hearing their daughter's cries for help they went to her assistance.

Fought His Way Out.

When the burglar heard Fawkes and his wife approaching, he shut the door of the room and held it fast for some little time. Then, finding that escape was impossible except thru the door, he attempted to fight his way out. As he opened the door Fawkes and his wife were just on the outside, and the thief struck the former over the head with some blunt instrument, rendering him unconscious. Mrs. Fawkes attempted to prevent the thief's escape, but was knocked down and trampled upon.

Neighbor Called the Police.

Isaac Helpern, who lives at 61 Chestnut-street, in a house adjoining that of the Fawkes family, had heard the girl's cries for help, and by raising his window succeeded in attracting the attention of P.C. Watson, who was pacing his beat only a short distance away. The officer hurried to the scene of the burglary, and was just in time to meet Smith as he was making a mad rush thru the yard in front of the Fawkes home.

Took His Arrest Quietly.

The negro quietly submitted to arrest, and after being handcuffed was taken to the Agnes-street Station, where he is held, charged with burglary and feloniously wounding.

When Fawkes regained his senses, he was assisted to the Emergency Hospital by Benjamin Cohen, 81 Chestnut-street. There it was found that the man was in a critical condition from loss of blood, which flowed from a large wound on the top of his head. Eight stitches were required to close the wound, after which Fawkes was taken back to his home.

Mrs. Fawkes and her daughter are still suffering from shock brought on by their exciting experience while the burglar was in the house.

Had Smith Accomplices?

Fawkes is strongly of the opinion that Smith had at least two accomplices in the burglary, despite the fact that the prisoner himself maintains he went to the place alone.

The victim of the assault says that when his daughter cried for help he tried to get out of his room, but could not before some seconds had elapsed, because, he says, some person was holding the door of his room. He also claims he heard more than one strange voice after he had been struck, and says the men talked of throwing him out of his daughter's bedroom window. The story is borne out by the fact that blood-stains were found on the windowsill and in other parts of the room.

What Was the Weapon?

Detective Harrison made an examination of the place yesterday, and says the weapon used by Smith to assault Fawkes was probably one of several bottles of wine which were stored in the girl's room, and which were afterwards found broken. The victim of the assault, however, believes that a piece of iron secured from his junk shop at the rear of the house was used by the thief.

Cheeky Theft of a Hat.

When Smith was searched at the station nothing of an incriminating nature was found in his possession, except a hat, which answered the description of one stolen from Jonah Collins of 112 McGill-street on Saturday afternoon. Collins was walking up York-street early in the afternoon, when a colored man ran up to him, and, seizing his hat, ran away. Before Collins recovered himself the thief had got out of sight. Collins last night identified the hat found on Smith as his property, and the charge of theft was registered against the prisoner, making three charges he will have to answer when he appears in court this morning.

Has a Bad Record.

The prisoner is well known to the local police, he having been convicted several times of theft and drunkenness. Smith only returned to this city from St. Catharines about a week ago, after having served a term for theft committed in Welland County.

ANOTHER FIRE CALAMITY

The McGonical House at Coudersport, Pa., Was Burned Early Yesterday Morning.

AN EXPLOSION OF GAS CAUSED IT.

Opera House Adjoining Was Also Destroyed—Many Escaped in Night Clothes.

Williamsport, Pa., Nov. 18.—A despatch to The Gazette and Bulletin from Coudersport says:

"The McGonical house at Oswayo, 15 miles north of here, was destroyed by fire at 6 o'clock this morning, caused by an explosion of gas. Seven lives were lost.

The dead: William Muivaney; Arthur Fletcher, bookkeeper; Michael Russell, aged 60; — Beherrer, traveling man; unknown commercial traveler and two others unknown and unrecognizable.

Explosion Was Frightful.

The gas permeated the entire house and the explosion was of frightful force. There were many narrow escapes. The fire spread to the Opera House adjoining, which was destroyed. The occupants of the hotel were in bed at the time of the explosion, and those who escaped did so in their night clothes. Only meagre details of the extent of the disaster are obtainable.

LA RIVIERE'S MAJORITY IS 50.

Declaration for Provencher Takes Place To-Day—Nominations in St. Boniface—Winnipeg Notes.

Winnipeg, Nov. 18.—(Special.)—Victor Mager and Thomas Bernier, both Conservatives, were nominated in St. Boniface yesterday for the Local House. The Greenwayites did not put up a candidate.

The bye-election in Rhineland takes place on Monday.

The recount in the Dominion riding of Selkirk commences to-morrow.

The declaration for Provencher takes place to-morrow. La Riviere's majority is about 50.

THE ILLNESS OF THE CZAR

Russian Official World is Anxious, But the Belief is That He Will Recover.

TYPHOID NOT SO MUCH FEARED

As in America, and the General Health of His Majesty Has Been Good.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 18.—The Russian official world is anxiously regarding the condition of Emperor Nicholas, but there is a feeling of confidence that he will recover. A Foreign Office official told the correspondent of the Associated Press last evening that the bulletins were regarded as favorable. He called attention to the distinction between typhus in the American sense of the word, and typhus as understood in Russia, where the term corresponds to typhoid in American terminology. Typhoid is common, the official pointed out, in all Russian cities, owing to the defective hygienic arrangements, but is not feared in this country as it is in the United States.

General Health Has Been Good.

"Moreover," continued the official, "the Czar's general health has been good. Persons who have seen him frequently and at close quarters during the last few months give no credence to the stories regarding his alleged feebleness. They have not observed the slightest indication of lingering injury from the sabre blow he received in Japan. They utterly disbelieve the assertion, often made abroad, that the Czar is an epileptic."

Imprudent in His Diet.

Considerable surprise is expressed that His Majesty should have contracted a disease attributed to tainted nourishment, it appears, however, that he is imprudent in his diet, does not always follow medical directions, and often drinks any water he can get when walking or driving. The possibility of his having contracted the disease from milk is also considered. Yet another source of typhoid infection in Russia is quail, there being high medical authority for the statement that germs have been cultured from broiled quails.

The People Like Him.

The news of the Czar's illness is gradually reaching the general populace, and many sympathetic references to his condition are heard among the people of St. Petersburg, who are apparently greatly attached to the person of the monarch.

Special prayers for his recovery were offered to-day in the churches of St. Petersburg, Moscow and Kharkow.

WHO IS THIS RICH CANADIAN?

James Farlinger Thomson of Ontario Arrested at Queenstown Charged as a Deserter.

London, Nov. 19.—James Farlinger Thomson of Ontario was arrested on board the Cunard Liner Campania at Queenstown yesterday morning just before she started on her westward voyage. He came to London last April on an extensive tour of England, Scotland and France, patronizing the best hotels. While in Glasgow he enlisted in the Royal Irish Regiment and he had been stationed at Clonmel, but deserted and took passage for the United States.

Thomson, who is said to be very wealthy, is the son of a Canadian merchant. The police handed him over to the military authorities.

HOW GERMS DEVELOP.

Prof. Koch Says Gnat Bites Introduce Parasites Into the Body.

Berlin Nov. 17.—Prof. Koch lectured before the Colonial Society, which was crowded with scientists and prominent men, at the Kaiserhoff Hotel recently, on the subject of malarial fever. He described to his colleagues his experiences with the Government expedition to Java and New Guinea. He said he had reached the conclusion that gnat bites introduced and developed parasites into the human body. But, according to his theory, parasite germs breed in the human body itself. The germs are passed by a gnat from one human body to another, but they develop in the body of the gnat during the passage. Children, he said, were especially liable to impregnation. At a village in New Guinea 137 inhabitants out of 700 were affected by the disease and all were cured by the use of quinine. Mosquito nets, the professor said, were useful, but were not wholly reliable. All inoculations, he said, had hitherto been failures and for that reason he urged the colonial authorities to issue a free supply of quinine.

Kilborn's "Clover and Malt" is a laxative tonic, cough and cold cure—guaranteed, money refunded. 135

Dominion House to Meet.

It is said that the Federal House will be summoned during the latter part of January, 1901.

HONG KONG IS EXCITED OVER STRANGE REPORT

Correspondent of a London Paper Says There Is a Rumor That Great Britain Intends to Send Out a Flying Squadron.

Pekin in a Serious Condition, Owing to Smallpox Among the Chinese and an Accumulation of Filth—Russians Have Met Bands of Robbers—The Peace Negotiations.

London, Nov. 18.—There is considerable commotion here, says the Hong Kong correspondent of The Daily Mail, "in consequence of a report that Great Britain intends to send out a flying squadron."

RUSSIANS HAVING TROUBLE.

A Robber Republic Encountered in Manchuria—Several Battles Have Been Fought.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 17.—The Russian troops are encountering a robber republic, lying south of Kirin, Manchuria, in the mountainous basin of the upper Sungari. The President of this congeries of banditti is a certain Chaidengue. According to general staff despatches, Lieut.-Col. Duroff, with two companies of infantry and a sotnia and a half of Cossacks, while reconnoitering recently, collided with Chaidengue and two battalions of Chinese regular troops, who were operating with him. Lieut.-Col. Duroff captured two guns in the engagement.

Gen. Foh, a few days later, with a mixed Russian force, engaged 3000 of Chaidengue's followers in the same pass in which Lieut.-Col. Duroff fought the bandits. Gen. Foh also took two guns.

Gen. Rennenkampf, with five sotnias of Cossacks, had a sharp fight Nov. 11, 20 versts from Kirin, on the Kirin-Mukden road, with Chinese regular troops. Twenty Cossacks were killed and 20 were wounded.

A reconnaissance developed the fact that Mogeuschan is enclosed with a stone wall 18 feet high, and that the inner city also is walled.

Is France the Power?

Hong Kong, Nov. 17.—Chinese officials aver that a certain power has demanded leave to place troops upon a hill overlooking Canton. No foreign authority confirms the assertion, but the Cantonese continue to fear French designs upon the city.

Shipments of Rice Stopped.

Shanghai, Nov. 17.—The Viceroys of the Yangtse region have stopped the shipments of the tribute of rice to Sianfu, being afraid that the allies would intercept them. The court, it is evident, will proceed to Chen Tu.

PEKIN IN A DANGEROUS STATE

Since the Occupation Many Chinese Have Died of Smallpox—Filth is Accumulating.

Pekin, Nov. 16, via Shanghai, Nov. 18.—Sanitary conditions here are becoming serious. Since the foreign occupation many Chinese have died of smallpox and other infectious diseases. Fearing that their funerals would be interfered with they have kept most of the coffins containing their dead in their houses and courtyards.

The question of removing garbage has become one of grave importance. As the natives are forbidden to deposit refuse in the streets, there is now an enormous accumulation in their dwellings and yards, which threatens a serious epidemic. In view of the large number of troops in and near the capital, the consequences of such an outbreak would be frightful. Smallpox, which is always prevalent, is much more malignant during the winter season, and the danger here is now alarmingly increasing.

THE NOTE OF THE POWERS

Will Soon Be Completed and it Presages an Early Commencement of Negotiations.

Pekin, Nov. 16, via Shanghai, Nov. 18.—The belief that the note of the powers to the Chinese Commissioners, Prince Ching and Li Hung Chang, will be completed soon, is strengthened by the result of the recent informal conferences of the Ministers of the powers. Mr. Conger, the United States Minister, said to a correspondent of the Associated Press to-day:

"The situation is apparently very favorable to the early beginning of negotiations for a preliminary settlement. I believe that the next meeting of the foreign envoys will virtually settle all points of difference between the representatives of the powers, who will lose no time in presenting their demands.

No Telling the Result.

"What the result will be, it is impossible to foretell. Even this has placed China in a very critical position. Whether she will be able to preserve her integrity and to have her trade relations with the rest of the world will depend upon what the powers demand in the final settlement, and upon her willingness to accept promptly the conditions proposed.

"It is quite unlikely, if not impossible, that the Chinese court will return to Pekin before next spring, but I do not anticipate any serious delay in the progress of the negotiations with the Chinese Commissioners, as they are in telegraphic communication with the court."

Military operations are virtually at a standstill. The German and Italian expeditions northward passed thru the Nankau Pass unopposed.

Britain Has Protested.

London, Nov. 18.—Under date of November 16, a despatch to a news agency says: Great Britain has protested against the transfer of Yu Chang to the Governorship of Wu Chan. Li Hung Chang and Prince Ching, according to this despatch, have memorialized the throne, and Yu Chang will probably not be allowed to take up the new post.

GRAND TRUNK OFFICIALS

Will Be in Toronto To-Day, Including Messrs. Hays, Davis, Percy, McGuigan and Morse.

THEY WILL MEET THE NEW MANAGER

Hays, McGuigan and Morse Will Go to Chicago to Wind Up Some Business.

Montreal, Nov. 18.—(Special.)—Messrs. Charles M. Hays, general manager; W. E. Davis, general traffic manager; Charles Percy, treasurer; F. H. McGuigan, general superintendent, and F. W. Morse, superintendent of motive power of the Grand Trunk Railway, left at 9 o'clock tonight on a special train for Toronto, where, this morning, they will meet Mr. Reeve, who is on his way to Montreal to confer with Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson and Mr. Joseph Price before their return to England. Messrs. Hays, McGuigan and Morse will go on from Toronto to Chicago to close up several matters in connection with the recent acquisition of the Chicago and Grand Trunk.

POLICE THINK HE IS CRAZY.

Emile Vasseur of Montreal Accuses Himself of Murder, But No Record Can Be Found.

Montreal, Nov. 18.—(Special.)—There is a man named Emile Vasseur at headquarters who has made a confession stating that he killed a man named John Elliott, with whom he was employed, in 1894. He states that he was arrested shortly after in Montreal for theft, and broke jail. The police say they have no records of such a crime, but that Vasseur stole money from one Elliott about that time. They believe the poor fellow is out of his mind.

BIRTHS.

CLARKE—On Sunday, Nov. 18, at 371 Sackville-street, Toronto, to Mr. and Mrs. George Edward Clarke, a son. Both doing well.

HUTCHINS—To Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Hutchins, 670 Bathurst-street, Monday, Nov. 12, a daughter.

M'KEOWN—On Nov. 15, to Dr. and Mrs. Walter McKeown, a daughter.

DEATHS.

HUBBARD—At his residence, 71 Grosvenor-street, Toronto, on Friday, Nov. 16th, Charles H. Hubbard, in his 69th year.

Funeral from the above address on Monday, the 19th inst., at 3 o'clock.

Interment in St. James' Cemetery.

MERRITT—J. P. Merritt, eldest son of the late Hon. William Hamilton Merritt, at his late residence, Oak Hill, St. Catharines, on Sunday, November 18, 1900, in the 81st year of his age.

Funeral on Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock from his late family residence to St. George's Church and thence to the Cemetery.

NEWTON—On Sunday, November 18, 1900, at his father's residence, 379 Parliament-street, James Newton, aged 31 years.

Funeral Tuesday at 3 p.m.

ROBINSON—On Nov. 17, at 109 Mutual-street, J. Robinson, M.D., late assistant superintendent Toronto Insane Asylum.

Funeral Monday afternoon, private.

SHIRLOW—At his late residence, 550 West Queen-street, William Shirlow, in the 51st year of his age, brother of John and James Shirlow.

Funeral on Tuesday at 3 p.m. to St. James' Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances please attend.

New Jersey papers please copy.

WHITTON—At Grace' Hospital, Toronto, on Sunday, 18th November, Isabella Whitton of York Mills, in her 21st year.

Funeral from Young's undertaking rooms, 359 Yonge-street, Toronto, on Tuesday, the 20th, at 2.30 o'clock. Interment in Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

JIM HILL'S LAST DEAL.

The Story in New York is That He Will Control the Northern Pacific Railway.

New York, N.Y., Nov. 17.—The Mail and Express to-day prints the following:

Two gigantic railroad deals involving the Northern Pacific, Great Northern and Union Pacific, on the one hand, and the Atchison and Southern Pacific Systems, on the other hand, have just been completed and will shortly be announced. This statement is officially made by one of the highest executive officials of the Northern Pacific Railway, who admits his company is to pass under the control of the Great Northern.

DEATH OF A YOUNG WIFE.

Mrs. Patrick McPhillips of London Passed Away Less Than a Year After Marriage.

London, Ont., Nov. 18.—The death occurred Saturday, after a very brief illness, of Mrs. Patrick McPhillips, wife of the well-known barrister of this city. Deceased was a daughter of Christopher Robinson of Richmond, Virginia, an ex-judge of the Supreme Court of that state, and was but 27 years of age. In January of this year she was married to Mr. McPhillips. Two brothers and four sisters survive. One of the former, Mr. N. T. Robinson, is now in the city.

Masons to Visit Toronto.

The members of St. John's (Masonic) Lodge, No. 209 A., intend paying Georgina Lodge, No. 343, Toronto, a fraternal visit on Friday evening next, and have chartered a special train for the occasion, which will leave here at 2.45 p.m.

Think on it, To-Day.

There's no more sensible, serviceable or fashionable Christmas present to give your sister, some other fellow's sister, or your wife, than a nice fur garment of some description. If you want to make yourself solid "for aye," get a sealskin jacket, such as Dineen is showing, or get the next best, the popular Persian lamb. To have a garment ready in time for Christmas you must order at once. Send for fur catalogue.

Colder, With Sleet or Snow.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, Ont., Nov. 18.—(8 p.m.)—Another cold wave is spreading quickly eastward across the continent. Snow is now falling in Northern Ontario, and the weather is showery in Southern Ontario and in the Maritime Provinces. The lowest temperatures reported this morning were 16 below zero at Winnipeg and Prince Albert, 14 below at Qu'Appelle, and 12 below at Calgary.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 28—28; Kamloops, 10—14; Edmonton, 2 below—2 below; Prince Albert, 16 below—2 below; Qu'Appelle, 14 below—4 below; Winnipeg, 16 below—6; Port Arthur 2—16; Parry Sound, 32—42; Toronto, 40—54; Ottawa, 28—36; Montreal, 30—38; Quebec, 16—34; Halifax, 24—50.

Probabilities.

Lakes—Northeasterly winds; colder; rain; turning to sleet or snow.

Georgian Bay—Northeasterly winds; colder, with snow.

Upper St. Lawrence — Northeasterly winds; colder, with a fall of sleet or snow.

Ottawa Valley—Northeasterly winds; colder, with a fall of snow.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Strong winds and gales from north and northeast; a light snow fall; much colder.

Maritime Provinces—Winds shifting to northward; much colder, with local snow falls.

Superior—Northerly and easterly winds; colder, with local snow falls.

Manitoba—Northerly winds; continued cold, with local snow falls.

The boys' department at the Oak Hall clothing stores is crowded to overflowing with garments of excellence and satisfaction. You are welcome to examine the styles and qualities at 115 King-street east and 116 Yonge-street. Courteous salesmen will willingly answer your questions.

Pember's Turkish Baths, 127 Yonge-st.

STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Nov. 17.	At.	From.
La Touraine	Havre	New York
Fr. der Grosse	Southampton	New York
Etruria	Liverpool	New York
Umbria	New York	Liverpool
Nov. 18.		
Vancouver	Halifax	Liverpool

SIR CHARLES AT VANCOUVER

He Addressed an Immense Audience There on Saturday Evening and Carried His Hearers With Him

SAYS CANADA IS CONSERVATIVE

By a Large Majority, Leaving the Race Element Out of Consideration.

Vancouver, B.C., Nov. 17.—Sir Charles Tupper addressed an immense audience here this evening, and carried his hearers with him. He spoke hopefully of the prospects of the Conservatives, in spite of their recent defeat, and reiterated that the recent polings showed that, leaving the race element out of consideration, Canada was Conservative by a big majority. Sir Charles again denied the truth of the story that he had said that Sir Wilfrid Laurier was "too English for him." His remark had been misconstrued wilfully. He had said that Sir Wilfrid's theory of Canadian representation in Parliament, involving taxation, etc., far too heavy to be balanced by the benefits accruing, was absurdly short-sighted from Canada's view-point.

ARRESTED ON SUSPICION.

Alfred C. Way Was Caught With Considerable Stolen Property in His Possession.

Alfred C. Way, a young man, who says he has no home, is under arrest at the Agnes-street station on a charge of theft. Way was arrested by Sergt. Varley on Saturday night on suspicion of having stolen a quantity of underwear and two silk umbrellas which he was carrying. The underwear was afterwards identified as the property of T. M. Kingman, dealer in gents' furnishings, at 374½ Yonge-street. Way was charged with the theft. The police are now looking for an owner for the umbrellas, which still bear a storekeeper's price ticket.

Another Great Week.

The Green Tag Sale has reached tremendous proportions. All this week astonishing values will be the rule. If you haven't taken advantage of it yet, come to Jamieson's this week.

Everybody should have accident and sickness insurance. Walter H. Bilght, City Agent, Ocean Accident and Guarantee Corporation. 'Phone 2770. 136

Cook's Turkish & steam baths, 204 King W., cures colds, coughs and rheumatism

FRANK M. BROWN AND $201,000 MISSING FROM NEWPORT, KY.

Another Case Across the Line in Which it Appears a Trusted Bank Official Had Been Stealing for Years and Covering Up His Tracks From Examiners.

Cincinnati, Nov. 18.—United States Bank Examiner Tucker to-day took possession of the German National Bank at Newport, Ky., and posted a notice that the bank would remain closed pending an examination.

Examiner Tucker also announced unofficially that Frank M. Brown, the individual bookkeeper and assistant cashier, was missing, and that a partial investigation showed that Brown was short about $201,000. Brown had been with the bank 18 years, was one of the most trusted men ever connected with this old bank, and it is stated by the experts that his peculations extended back as far as 10 years. The capital stock of the bank is only $100,000. Brown's alleged shortage is double that amount, and more than the reserve and all the assets, including their real estate.

All Right Three Weeks Ago.

Three weeks ago the bank examiners made a good statement for the bank, and the officers and directors allayed suspicion by referring to the report of this examination and to their last statement. Last Wednesday Brown left, and it was announced that he had gone hunting on a vacation. He did get a ticket for Odin, Ill., but it is learned now that he did not go there, and it is generally believed that he is out of this country with plenty of money in his possession.

Brown Was Suspended.

It is learned that Brown was suspended last Tuesday, pending an investigation, and the experts have been at work all the past week, while the officers and directors have been making announcements that all was right. Last Friday the officers and directors over their own names published in the papers of this city a statement that the bank had been found to be all right. They continued making these statements to the press as late as last night, but the statements were not accepted by The Commercial—Tribune, which exposed the alleged defalcations, and caused a panic in Newport to-day, so that the bank had to be taken in charge by the bank examiner.

Wild Scenes Witnessed.

The wildest scenes were witnessed in Newport to-day, and serious trouble is feared to-morrow.

That Feeling!

"To feel and to look like a prince." That's an easy thing when you can buy a fur-lined overcoat for fifty dollars at Dineens'. Best of melton in outside and solid fur lining. Call in and see them. Send for fur catalogue.

W. H. Stone, undertaker, 343 Yonge Street Phone 932. 136

To-Day's Program.

Conservative Club elections, Arcade, all day.

Bible Institute meeting, Y.M.C.A., first day.

Theological Conference, Victoria University, first day.

"Church Architecture in France," Varsity, 4 p.m.

Natural History Society, Canadian Institute, 8 p.m.

Friedheim at Massey Hall, 8 p.m.

Popular Concert at Victoria Hall, 8 p.m.

Grand Opera House, "The Christian," 8 p.m.

Toronto Opera House, "Reaping the Whirlwind," 8 p.m.

Princess Theatre, "Silver King," 8 p.m.

Shea's Theatre, Robert Hilliard and Vaudeville, 2 and 8 p.m.

Modern Language Club.

The Modern Language Club of University College will hold an open meeting in the chemical amphitheatre at 4 p.m. to-day, when Prof. J. Squair, B. A., will lecture on "Church Architecture in Northern France." The public are cordially invited to attend.

The F. W. Matthews Co., Underta kers 455 Queen W. Phone 2571.

Dr. Evans' Laxative Grip Capsules 25c, cure a cold in a few hours. No griping, no buzzing in the head; money refunded. Bingham's Pharmacy, 100 Yonge-street. 135

Pember's Turkish Baths, excellent sleeping accommodation, 127 Yonge.

Weyler Denies That Story.

Madrid, Nov. 18.—Gen. Weyler denies the statement published in Paris and cabled to the United States, that he had told an interviewer that if he had remained in Cuba, he would have ousted the Americans from the island.

E.R.Case, patents procured, Temple Bldg

THE BOERS CONTINUE ACTIVE AND ARE PRETTY WELL SUPPLIED

Botha Has Established a Government North of Middleburg, and Has Money to Pay Fighters—Erasmus Has 2000 Men, 1000 Wagons, 12,000 Cattle—Canadians Dead.

Pretoria, Nov. 18.—The Boers are active. It is alleged that Commandant Louis Botha has established a government at Rosendal, north of Middelburg, and that, with the £150,000, which he has available, he is paying the fighting burghers a crown per day. Commandant Abel Erasmus is said to be at Oliphant's River with 2000 men, 1000 wagons and 12,000 cattle.

From Heidelburg it is reported that the Boers are compelling the burghers who had surrendered, to take up arms again, under pain of death.

SOUTH WINNIPEG VACANCY.

People of the City Hope Hon. Hugh John Macdonald Will Again Stand for the Local House.

Montreal, Nov. 18.—(Special.)—Mr. F. W. Thompson, manager of the Ogilvie Milling Company, now here, en route to Europe, declares that he will not be a candidate in South Winnipeg, and that all the people hope that Hon. Hugh John Macdonald will consent to be his own successor.

Patents.—Fetherstonhaugh & Co., King-street West, Toronto, also Montreal, Ottawa and Washington.

She knows more about fashions, make and fabric than the majority of men. Invite her to come with you; she can appreciate the detail and careful finish of our garments which escape the eyes of most of you men.

New and Handsome Overcoats—Oxfords, Cheviots, Herringbones, Beavers and Meltons—tailored with all the style that the well-dressed man could desire **8.50 to 18.00**

Come in and make your selection now while the stock is fresh and crisp. Sizes to fit you all.

Clothing for the Boys.

Little wonder that mothers of boys turn to the page of the paper that contains the Oak Hall advertisement, for it possesses money-saving and value-getting hints on the latest and best in Boys' and Children's Clothing.

What smart suits are made for boys nowadays!

The little fellows can be made to look dressy and manly at wonderfully little cost—yes, and there is goodness and style in every garment in this store. The good sturdy suits of all-wool stuffs at 2.50 and the suits that show the finest cloth, finest trimmings and workmanship are both here in interesting array.

Boys' Fine Tweed Suits, also blue and black serges, single and double-breasted style, fine Italian linings, sizes 27 to 33..... **5.00**

Boys' Heavy Scotch Tweed and English Serge Suits, best making and trimmings, single or double-breasted style, Italian linings, sizes 27 to 33..... **6.50**

Boys' Brownie Suits, coat, vest and pants, lined throughout, neat sailor collar on coat, sizes 21 to 27..... **2.50**

Boys' Brownie Suits, coat, pants and vest, dark olive tweed cloth, deep sailor collar, trimmed with seven rows of black braid, sizes 22 to 27..... **3.50**

Boys' Brownie Suits, small collar, Tuxedo style, coat, pants and vest, made from fine tweeds and serges, fine trimmings, sizes 22 to 27..... **5.00**

Sailor Suits, made from extra heavy blue serge, deep collar, trimmed with four rows of braid, silk spotted corduroy front, sizes 22 to 26..... **4.00**

Boys' Sailor Suits, made from good blue serge, deep collar, trimmed with seven rows of black braid, pleated cuffs, sizes 22 to 27..... **1.50**

Boys' Reefers—Made from heavy frieses, in dark colors, ulster collars, warmly lined, deep pockets, sizes 22 to 28, $3 to..... **5.00**

Boys' Suits—For ages 3 to 10, in the popular Brownie or sailor style, in exclusive patterns, $3 to..... **6.50**

Boys' Brownie Suits, made from dark brown tweed, coat, pants and vest of the same color, red cloth, shield, with white silk emblem, coat trimmed with white and red braid, Italian linings, sizes 22 to 27..... **3.00**

OAK HALL, CLOTHIERS, 115 to 121 King St. East and 116 Yonge Street, TORONTO

HAMILTON NEWS

MR. JOSEPH RYMAL IS DYING

Ex-M.P. For South Wentworth, Formerly the Wit of the Commons, at Death's Door.

IN POOR HEALTH FOR SOME TIME

No Answer From Mr. Tilden Yet as to the Mayoralty—Salvationist Arrested—Notes.

Hamilton, Nov. 18.—(Special.)—Joseph Rymal, "Honest Joe," as he is commonly known to many in the county, is lying at death's door at his home in Barton Township, south of the Asylum. The veteran's birthday was yesterday. He sat for several sessions in the Upper Canada Assembly for South Wentworth, until Confederation, and after that represented the constituency in the House of Commons. He was noted for his brusque wit and his lively methods of campaigning, and many tales are told of his political daring. Mr. Rymal has been in poor health for some time. He was able to get out and vote at the recent elections, but afterwards was taken seriously ill.

Street Car Off the Track.

A street car ran off the track on James-street, near Herkimer-street, to-night, and interfered with traffic. Cars had to be sent over the west line.

No Answer Yet.

John H. Tilden has not yet given his answer to the citizens who have pressed on him to run for Mayor. It is expected he will give a reply to-morrow. The demand that Mr. Tilden should offer himself is a very strong one, and a good many people are wondering why he hesitates to give an affirmative answer. The indications are that Mr. Tilden's response will be in the negative, unless further pressure produces a change.

In the event of Mr. Tilden declining, Ald. Walker, Ald. Findlay and Ald. Ten Eyck will go into the fight, with, perhaps, one or two more aspirants thrown in. Ald. Walker has a strong following.

A Salvationist Arrested.

Yesterday afternoon the officers' quarters in the Salvation Army Citadel were entered and a trunk belonging to Lieut. Alice Gordon was broken open. From it was taken about $110. The matter was reported to the police, and in the evening Detective Conlter arrested J. Guthrie, a young man who belonged to the army, on a charge of stealing the money. Guthrie was arrested at his boarding house on North Bay-street.

A New Organist.

The wardens of the Church of St. Thomas have engaged as organist and choirmaster J. T. B. Turner, at present holding a similar position at St. Matthew's Church, Quebec City. Mr. Turner holds the highest testimonials, and was chosen from 20 applicants. He will begin his duties next month, and it is understood his salary will be $800 a year.

Dr. Crosthwaite Buried.

The remains of the late Dr. Crosthwaite, who committed suicide in Chicago last Wednesday night, arrived in the city yesterday in charge of Luther Crosthwaite, the deceased's brother. They were conveyed to the old homestead at Bartonville yesterday afternoon, and the funeral took place from there this afternoon.

Luther Crosthwaite said yesterday he thought his brother had been murdered, as he had only a few cents in his pocket, all he left here with several hundred dollars. There is nothing, however, to support the brother's belief. The Chicago authorities are convinced it was a case of suicide.

Police Points.

Some of the saloonkeepers are yet of the opinion that they can keep their bars open till 11.30, and License Inspector Walter and Chief of Police Smith propose to show them the mistake they are making.

At yesterday's Police Court, Arthur Geeling, East Simcoe-street, pleaded guilty to the charge of stealing old lumber from the T. H. & B. yard in the North End. He will be sentenced to-morrow.

William Cohen, Rebecca-street, has been summoned to answer a charge of using illegal scales.

Minor Matters.

Pte. Tice, one of the returned soldiers, was on Friday evening presented with a gold ring by a number of his friends.

Fines! Smoking mixture at Noble's.

The inspection of the Fourth Field Battery will take place Dec. 7 and 8.

The funeral of the late Charles Tiller, a former Hamiltonian, who died at Ottawa, took place yesterday.

The marriage of Miss Florence Rousseaux of Hamilton to A. A. Monrice of Toronto will take place on Wednesday, Dec. 5. Owing to a recent bereavement in the groom's family, only the immediate relatives have received cards.

Mrs. Lottridge, wife of William M. Lottridge, and eldest daughter of George Roach of this city, died at her husband's residence in Cleveland Friday.

Joseph Gibson, the eloquent Ingersoll postmaster, preached temperance sermons at Hannah-street Methodist Church to-day.

REV. FRANK DU MOULIN.

Talented Young Clergyman Preached at St. James' Cathedral and Holy Trinity Yesterday.

When a man as young as the Rev. Frank DuMoulin has obtained, by virtue of his own merit, the prominence of being rector of the third greatest Episcopal Church in point of members and standing in Chicago—St. Peter's—it requires no prophet to foretell for him a notable career and a brilliant future, if he is disposed to accept it.

His visits to Toronto are always looked forward to with interest, and his sermons yesterday in St. James' Cathedral and Holy Trinity Church were heard by large and interested congregations. In addition to his conspicuous mental attainments, Mr. DuMoulin possesses a fine, manly personality, which contributes much to the charm of his utterances. With force and grace of diction and an admirable delivery, he handles his subject like a man dealing with a live issue—in an eminently practical manner.

At St. James' Cathedral.

His topic in the morning at St. James' was "Religious Part in the Working Out of Our Modern Civilization." Modern civilization, he said, might be roughly classed into two great forces, one in the world of humanity for freedom of human rights, and the other in the world of nature for the resources of the earth. Religion's sphere was to give us liberty, involving universal franchise and universal education, and these things in themselves conferred the modern inventions which constituted our victory over the resources of nature.

At Holy Trinity.

The subject of Mr. DuMoulin's sermon in the evening was the example of Christ, in whose steps we should follow. The life of Christ might be divided into the five stages of His career, from Bethlehem to Jerusalem, including Nazareth, Cana and Capernaum.

Applying the lesson of His life to the present, Bethlehem, His birthplace, might be considered the purpose of our being, Nazareth the influence of home upon our careers, Cana the index of our ministry, Capernaum the harassing details of life, and Jerusalem, the conflict of life, with its triumphs, disappointments, joys, agonies and desolation.

The music at Holy Trinity Church, under the direction of A. R. Blackburn, the organist, was of a particularly excellent quality, the voices being of good calibre and well trained.

Rev. Frank DuMoulin's assistant at St. Peter's Church, Chicago, is Rev. Herbert B. Gwyn, who was formerly assistant to Rev. A. H. Baldwin at All Saints' Church, in this city. The communicants at St. Peter's number 1200.

"LIMON ATROCITY" DENOUNCED.

Mass Meeting at Denver Yesterday Protested Against the Burning of the Negro.

Denver, Col., Nov. 18.—At a mass meeting held here to-day strong protests were made against the actions of the Limon mob that burned John Porter, the negro rapist and murderer, at the stake. The meeting was presided over by C. M. Hobbs, president of the Y.M.C.A., and speeches were made by Governor O. S. Thomas, Mayor H. V. Johnson of Denver, President Slocum of Colorado College, Rabbi Friedman, Rev. Mr. Coyle, Mrs. Sarah Plattedecker, prominent in National Women's Club circles, and others. They all spoke in strong terms, condemning what was termed the "Limon atrocity," and also denounced the sensational display of newspaper stories concerning it.

Fairweather's

WHO'S YOUR HATTER

OPERA HATS

Apart from the exact "properness" of the opera hat as the appropriate accompaniment to other evening dress "togs"—there's alot of comfort and satisfaction in having one to wear when occasion demands it—We're showing a new range of the most correct blocks and best qualities—in opera silk hats—opera crush hats and "Tuxedos"—buy to-day and so have it on hand for the next engagement.

J. W. T. FAIRWEATHER & Co., 84 YONGE ST.

PHILIPPINE WAR RESUMED,

The Rainy Season is Over, and Both the Americans and Filipinos are Active.

THE REBELS KEEP ON SHOOTING

And an American is Killed Here and There—First Uncensored News Since U. S. Occupation.

Manila, Nov. 18.—(First uncensored news by cablegram since the American occupation.)—Last week witnessed a very considerable increase in rebel and American activity in the field. Many skirmishes occurred, and several small engagements in Northern and Southern Luzon. The termination of the rains permits a resumption of operations on both sides.

The Americans are undertaking a series of aggressive movements against the insurgents, notably upon the island of Samar, against Gen. Lukban, whose forces hold the entire island, with the exception of three coast towns, each of which is garrisoned by two companies of the 29th Infantry and a platoon of artillery.

Rebels Continually Shooting.

The rebels are continually shooting into the garrisoned towns, and our forces have not been sufficient to retaliate effectively. Commerce in Samar has been at a standstill and most of the influential inhabitants have departed. Gen. Hare has arrived there with 250 men. He will bring eight companies of the Second Infantry from the island of Marinduque, as they may be needed, and will proceed energetically to crush Gen. Lukban. Meanwhile United States gunboats will patrol the coast to prevent the escapes of the insurgent leaders. Lukban still holds three members of the 43rd Regiment prisoners.

Reinforcements for Young.

Gen. Wheaton, commanding in the Department of Northern Luzon, is sending reinforcements to Gen. Young's provinces, where the natives, under Gens. Tinio and Agitpay, the excommunicated Filipino priest, are showing signs of restlessness, deserting the domiciles they have occupied during the rainy season, and joining, under compulsion of fear, the insurgents in the mountains.

General Grant's Advance.

Notable among the week's engagements was Gen. Grant's advance, with Macabebe and American scouts, upon a rebel stronghold 35 miles north of Manila, which was defended by 200 insurgents armed with rifles. After skirmishing and fighting for the greater part of a day and night, the enemy was dislodged from the mountain fastness, and immense quantities of rice and stores, with considerable ammunition, were destroyed. Fifty Filipinos were killed and many others wounded. The insurgents carried off their dead. The American losses were 11 privates and one officer wounded, and one Macabebe killed.

American Captive Suffering.

Lieut. Frederick W. Alstaetter of the engineers, who was captured by the insurgents in Luzon last September, has sent, with the permission of his captors, a letter to Manila, asking for food, money and clothing, which will be forwarded to him by a native runner. His health is broken and his release problematical.

MacArthur on the Move.

Gen. MacArthur has gone to Subig Bay with Admiral Remey on the United States cruiser Brooklyn, for the purpose of examining the locality. It is probable that 1800 marines, now in the Philippine waters, will be used to relieve certain army posts, rendering the relieved soldiers available for other and more important duties. It is understood that Gen. MacArthur is considering the question of establishing more marines in the vicinity of Subig. He is expected to return here to-morrow.

Altho news and commercial messages between Manila and points in America and Europe are not subject to censorship, all messages between the Philippines and the Orient are censored as heretofore.

Export Tax on Silver.

For the purpose of maintaining the existing ratio of two Mexican silver dollars to one gold dollar, arbitrarily fixed by Gen. MacArthur last August, to be maintained until such time as the Philippine Commission should consider the date had arrived for establishing a gold medium in the Philippines, Mr. Henry C. Ide of the commission introduced a bill, which has been passed by the commission, providing for a charge of 10 per cent. on all Mexican silver coin exported from the Philippines.

The demand of China for Mexican currency had created exportations, and threatened a derangement of business in the Philippines. The commission passed the bill because, in view of circumstances, it seemed obligatory to provide as far as possible by legislation, a stable and ample currency for the protection of business.

Capt. Calls on Trial.

Captain Bowman H. Calla of the U. S. cruiser Newark is undergoing trial by court martial, convened by Admiral Remey. He is charged with "irrational and bad management and lack of discipline" on board the cruiser.

DEATH OF J. P. MERRITT.

Prominent Citizen of St. Catharines Passed Away on Sunday—His Career.

St. Catharines, Nov. 18.—(Special.)—Mr. Jedediah P. Merritt died this morning at his late residence, Oak Hill-street, aged 81 years. The funeral will take place on Wednesday afternoon to St. George's Church, and thence to the cemetery.

Jedediah Prendergast Merritt was born at St. Catharines June 1, 1819, and was the eldest son of the late Hon. William Hamilton Merritt, a well-known pioneer of Western Canada. At an early age he went to England, where he entered Cambridge University, and after obtaining a first-class education returned to his native town. In May, 1845, he was appointed postmaster at St. Catharines, an office which he filled for 18 years. By a vote of Parliament he was appointed in 1860 to a position known as archivist. He collected the 10,000 foli pages of historical matter as put upon record by the lives of pioneers in Canada prior and subsequent to the Revolutionary war. While acting in this capacity he prepared a report, and shortly after its presentation Parliament renewed an engagement with him. Mr. Merritt at an early age developed a taste for literature and science. Subsequently his poetical genius shone out in many effusions. A poem written as a memento of the visit of the Duke of Kent to Canada received distinct acknowledgment from the Prince of Wales. His Grace the Duke of Newcastle and the Earl of St. Germains. An ingenious historical chart published by Mr. Merritt met with the approval of the British North American Historical Society and commendation from the Prince of Wales, who sent him an appropriate medal.

Mr. Merritt's life was an application of advantages derivable from a patrimony for the promotion of plans equal to the dignity and character of Canada. He married on the 17th of August, 1864, the eldest daughter of the late George Prescott, for many years secretary and treasurer of the Welland Canal.

FIFTY WARRANTS ISSUED.

District Attorney Gardiner Has Taken Action and Will Tackle New York, East Side, First.

New York, Nov. 17.—District Attorney Asa Bird Gardiner, to whom Mayor Van Wyck, upon the receipt of Bishop Potter's letter, directed a communication requesting that steps be taken by the District Attorney's office to suppress the vicious conditions existing on the East Side, in the "Red Light" district, after a long conference with Magistrate Zeller and Assistant District Attorneys O'Reilly and Hennessy, to-day, secured 50 warrants, returnable to-morrow. Col. Gardiner's assistants secured 100 warrants, when Superintendent McCullagh submitted his evidence and affidavits against the disorderly resorts on the East Side, which resulted in three arrests, one of the prisoners only being held for examination.

Gardiner Plan of Campaign.

In speaking of the crusade, Col. Gardiner said: "We will start where Bishop Potter says things are in such a bad way, on the East Side, and then, if necessary, the reform will take in other parts of the city. They are scared pretty badly now on the East Side, since my detectives have turned their attention in that direction. My office has not a large force of detectives at its disposal, but the men are all efficient."

The poolrooms and gambling houses were open as usual to-day, undisturbed by the wide advertisement of the Tammany crusade.

U. S. SHIPPING GOING AHEAD

Commissioner of Navigation Reports the Past Year the Best For a Number of Years.

BRITAIN IS MUCH IN ADVANCE.

Most of the Yankee Trade is Local, and Confined to Coasting Vessels.

Washington, Nov. 18.—The report of Commissioner of Navigation Chamberlain, made public to-day, shows the past fiscal year has been the most prosperous period known to American shipping for some years.

Returns for the current fiscal year promise an even more satisfactory record. For the first time since the civil war the documented tonnage of the United States exceeds 5,000,000 gross tons. On June 30, 1900, American documented tonnage comprised 23,333 vessels of 5,164,839 gross tons, an increase of 300,000 tons over the previous fiscal year. Our maximum tonnage was 5,539,813 tons in 1861. Our shipping, the report adds, in 1861, was larger than Great Britain's, and nearly equalled the British Empire's. British shipping now amounts to 14,261,000 gross tons.

American vessels are almost wholly confined to the coasting trade, which employed last year 4,338,145 tons, or more than the total tonnage of Germany and France. Our tonnage in the foreign trade was only 816,795 tons, and carried last year only 9 per cent. of our exports and imports.

IN MONTREAL AND OTTAWA.

Lady Minto Congratulates the Great Russian Pianist, Friedheim.

The success of Friedheim, the great Russian pianist, in his recitals in Montreal and Ottawa on Thursday and Friday of last week has been something phenomenal in the history of music in Canada. His performance at Windsor Hall, Montreal, brought together one of the largest and most cultured audiences of the great metropolis of the Dominion, and his performance is pronounced by critics to have excelled anything that has been given in that city. He appeared at the Russell Theatre, Ottawa, on Friday evening before a large audience of the most cultured people of the Canadian capital. The recital is pronounced the most brilliant that has been given in Ottawa. The great artist was in magnificent form, and fairly electrified the audience. At the close of the recital Lady Minto personally congratulated Friedheim on his remarkable performance. In Montreal and Ottawa, as in Hamilton and elsewhere in his Canadian tour, Friedheim used exclusively one of the beautiful grand pianos of the old firm of Heintzman & Co. He appears in Massey Hall to-night (Monday).

STOLE HORSE BLANKETS.

Frank Kiely Arrested for Robbing R. Lewis, an Expressman, for Whom He Worked.

Frank Kiely was arrested on Saturday night by Police Constable Dan Robinson, charged with stealing two horse blankets, the property of R. Lewis, an expressman, who lives at 75 Duke-street. Kiely was employed by Lewis for a short time, and was discharged early on Saturday morning.

The policeman's attention was attracted to the man by his attemps to dispose of the blankets near the corner of Jarvis and Lombard-streets. Just as Kiely was taken into custody on suspicion, another employe of Mr. Lewis, who had been following the prisoner, came up and identified the property.

Kiely was seen by Detective Forrest about an hour before his arrest with the blankets in his possession, and the officer communicated with Lewis, knowing that the prisoner was employed by him. Lewis then missed the blankets and sent the employe out to assist the officer to hunt Kiely up.

Renting Locomotives.

Hundreds of locomotives are rented every year. Several corporations make their chief revenue this way. The Baldwins have many a machine out on the rental form of payment. That is, the engines are rented in the same way that you would buy a stove on instalments—so much down, so much a month, the payments to apply on the final purchase money. It is seldom, however, that a railroad rents locomotives. They are usually let out to contractors who construct temporary railways for hauling dirt from excavations. Contractors who hire the locomotives usually have their own names gilded on them, so that the public may suppose that they belong to them. The engines, as a usual thing, are cast-offs. They may have pulled express trains once, but now they are only fit to pull gravel cars. The engineers who work them are oftentimes also the cast-offs of the profession. They may have operated express engines, but thru carelessness or other incapacity have been discharged from one road after another until they are only fit to haul gravel or a wood train.—Philadelphia Record.

HENRY A. TAYLOR, DRAPER.

Gentlemen contemplating the purchase of a fur-lined coat ought to consult me about the "shell" and have me make it up.

THE ROSSIN BLOCK

MR. GEORGE BELL REEVE, THE NEW GENERAL MANAGER OF THE G.T.R.

Was Formerly Traffic Manager of the Road and Retired in April to Go Into Fruit Farming in California—He is Well Known.

Montreal, Nov. 17.—It is officially announced this morning that George Bell Reeve, formerly general traffic manager of the Grand Trunk Railway, who retired from the service last April to devote the remainder of his life to fruit farming in California, has been appointed general manager of that company, in succession to Charles M. Hays, who has accepted the presidency of the Southern Pacific.

Mr. Reeve was traffic manager of the Chicago & Grand Trunk before coming to this city as general traffic manager, under the new management in 1896. He filled minor official positions on the Grand Trunk at various points in Canada before going to the Chicago & Grand Trunk. He is an Englishman by birth.

Mr. Reeve's name has been what might be considered a dark horse, not a word having leaked out that would have indicated his appointment until the official announcement.

Mr. McGuigan Declined It.

Montreal, Nov. 17.—(Special.)—All signs fail in a dry time, and it appears Mr. McGuigan has declined the managership of the Grand Trunk and that Mr. Reeve has accepted the position.

"We do not intend to make any official announcement," said Mr. Price, the vice-president of the Grand Trunk, this morning, at the Windsor Hotel, "but I may say that the new manager of the Grand Trunk is M. G. B. Reeve, our former traffic manager."

"The name of Mr. Reeve was not mentioned in that connection at all, it being understood he had retired to private life in California."

"Oh, yes," said the vice-president, "but there has been a good deal of gossip about the matter."

"When is Mr. Reeve likely to take office?"

"When Mr. Hays leaves. He was, as you know, our traffic manager. That is all there is to say. We have refrained from saying anything, because what is said is so frequently misrepresented. Simply make the announcement that Mr. Reeve is to be new manager of the Grand Trunk."

Mr. Reeve, it will be remembered, retired from the position he occupied in the Grand Trunk to a beautiful farm in California, which he had had adorned after his own desire, and which, situated amidst an orange grove and at the foot of a series of beautiful hills, promised to be a cosy resting place for the balance of his life, which had been actively spent in the service of the Grand Trunk.

Mr. Reeve Coming East.

Montreal, Nov. 18.—(Special.)—Mr. George B. Reeve, the new general manager of the Grand Trunk, will arrive here to-morrow evening from California to confer with Sir C. Rivers Wilson and Mr. Joseph Price. The latter stated to-day that Mr. Reeve's policy would be wise and progressive, and, in fact, a continuity of the splendidly successful system inaugurated and carried out by Hr. Hays.

Nothing in the Story.

Mr. Price was then asked if it were true that a Financial Board would be established in Canada, and he replied as follows: "There is absolutely nothing in the story. I have never heard of such a creation, and I can assure you the matter has never been under consideration. We find all the money that is required, and there is no possible necessity for such a board on this side."

Mr. Hays Goes West.

Mr. Hays left for the West this evening to complete arrangements for the double-tracking and equipment of the Chicago & Grand Trunk, for which $4,500,000 has been allotted. Mr. Price says it will be done next year.

FRENCH WELCOME TO KRUGER

Marseilles is Preparing a Great Pro-Boer Demonstration on His Arrival on Wednesday.

NO ANTI-BRITISH OUTBREAK

Is Expected—Mayor's Plans to Preserve Peace—Any Man Who Insults Britain Will Be Arrested.

Marseilles, Nov. 17.—(N. Y. Tribune.)—Marseilles, in anticipation of President Kruger's expected arrival here on Wednesday morning on the Dutch cruiser Gelderland, which may, however, first land her illustrious passenger at Toulon or some other neighboring port, already wears an animated aspect. Popular enthusiasm for the Boers' lost cause is by no means dampened by the persistent rainy weather. Each incoming train brings scores of delegates from the Municipal Councils of the leading towns of France, including representatives from Lyons, Nantes, Rennes, Montpelier, Toulouse and Bordeaux, who will take part in the great National demonstration organized by the French central and local committees for independence of the Boers. In the streets, the cafes, the theatres and places of public resort, and among all sorts and conditions of people, among the classes as well as the masses, popular sympathy for Kruger is deep and outspoken. But after conversations to-day with Dr. Flaissieres, the Socialist Mayor of Marseilles, who is the idol of the workingmen, and whose personal influence with the citizens it is difficult to exaggerate, after talking with members of the Committee for Boer Independence, and after questioning leading business men, I found that the opinion unanimously and forcibly expressed in all quarters was that the great Boer demonstration would pass off without any anti-English outburst.

Mayor Tells of Precautions.

Dr. Flaissieres received your correspondent in the Town Hall this morning, and in reply to inquiries said he was very proud to feel that it would be the citizens of Marseilles who were destined to give the first note to the character of the receptions about to be accorded to Kruger in Europe.

"Do you think any anti-English outbreak likely?" he was asked.

"No, indeed," was the emphatic reply. "I can tell you frankly that I myself have a deep and sincere sympathy for President Kruger. It is a generous and spontaneous feeling that exists thruout France, and especially in Marseilles, for a man who put up a noble fight and who now personifies misfortune. This feeling will be voiced by tens of thousands of Frenchmen upon the arrival of the Gelderland, but, mark my words, any person who utters any shout or commits any act insulting or derogatory to the Queen or to England will be forthwith arrested and imprisoned. Marseilles is a peaceful commercial city, and even if bands of professional political agitators should be imported here from Paris or elsewhere, they will not succeed in creating disorder, for the citizens of Marseilles, to say nothing of my municipal police, are fully prepared for any emergency.

"Any person shouting 'A bas l'Angleterre!' or 'A bas Kruger!' will be at once seized by the collar and put in jail. The only danger of disorder would come from the presence of agitators from elsewhere than Marseilles, and every possible precaution has been taken by the Prefect of the department, as well as by the municipality of Marseilles."

Upon inquiry at the British Consulate it was found that not the slightest apprehension was felt in regard to disturbances or insults to British subjects here, who are nearly all engaged in commercial pursuits and are on the best of terms with the Marseilles authorities.

The Only Point of Danger.

During the day sensational reports were circulated about the organization of a counter demonstration, to be carried out by paid Maltese or Italians, against Kruger. In the present mood of the people such a manifestation would be like a lighted match in a powder magazine, and would cause an immediate explosion. It is true that leading members of the Committee of Boer Independence, which is preparing the fetes of welcome and arranging the banquets, accuse Mayor Flaissieres of being too lukewarm in his sympathy for Kruger, and of not having the courage to express the real feelings which animate the populace of Marseilles, but the most thoro investigation fails to detect so far any importation of political agitators, whether from Paris or from Malta, who, in the opinion of all in the best position to judge here, could alone create disorder or rioting. Dr. Leyds is expected here to-morrow, and the members of the Committee of Arrangements for Kruger's reception assure me that the attitude of Dr. Leyds, in accordance with the wishes of Kruger himself, will be absolutely correct, and anything that could be construed as an attempt to abuse French hospitality by converting it into an embarrassing discourtesy or insult to Queen Victoria or to the English people is absolutely discountenanced.

Dr. Flaissieres says that Kruger's representatives here have not asked that he be received as the head of a State, but merely as a private individual. At all events, Dr. Flaissieres says that it is in the latter capacity that he will be welcomed at Marseilles.

C. I. B.

SUBJUGATION OF THE BOERS

The Harsh Measures Employed Are Causing a Good Deal of Discussion in England.

CAPE DUTCH TO BE RECKONED WITH

New York Herald Correspondent in London Says Parliament Has Trouble Ahead.

New York, Nov. 18.—Mr. Herbert W. Paul cables the following from London to The Herald:

The sudden announcement made in Ministerial newspapers Tuesday morning that Parliament would meet on Monday, Dec. 3, took almost everyone by surprise. Sir William Walrond courteously told Mr. Herbert Gladstone, but the Prime Minister kept his own counsel till last Monday night.

Parliament had already been prorogued from Nov. 1 to Dec. 10, and it was assumed that there would be a further adjournment until the new year was well begun.

Such an anticipation of the date, tho quite legal, is most unusual. The only reason assigned for it is the "sinews of money, which might, without the gift of prophecy, have been foreseen. Neither in South Africa nor in China can military operations be conducted on nothing, in neither case is the end in sight.

A new Parliament is ordinarily summoned on the day immediately after the general election, because a general election has so often resulted in the overthrow of the Government. It was, doubtless, in view of this contingency, improbable as it now appeared, that Nov. 1 had been originally fixed, but the swing of the pendulum was suspended, and there seemed to be no reason for an extraordinary session at all.

Date Strange and Inconvenient.

The date fixed is a strange one. It leaves barely three weeks before Christmas for the election of a Speaker, swearing in members and voting supplies.

An adjournment over the Christmas holidays would be particularly inconvenient, and would, indeed, frustrate the special object for which Parliament has ostensibly been called.

The Ministers are entitled to assume that the country regards the war in South Africa as just and the annexation of the republics as necessary. Mr. Chamberlain has succeeded, tho he failed in his avowed object of driving all the pro-Boers from public life. But it is not a fair inference from this fact that the new House of Commons will vote any amount of money without asking any sort of questions.

Least Said Soonest Mended.

Lord Salisbury deprecates an inquiry. The most he can say about the conduct of the war is, "The least said, the soonest mended." But the Opposition might as well cease to exist if they are to vote money without knowing how it will be spent or what has been done with the money already voted.

Closure by the large majority can overcome all resistance in the House itself. There is, however, such a thing as public opinion, which cannot be altogether flouted, even with a motion of dissolution.

Uneasiness Over South Africa.

I give no opinion of my own. I simply state a fact, when I say that the progress of events in South Africa causes much uneasiness and anxiety.

The enormous cost of reducing the republics to submission is not the chief ground for dissatisfaction. Most wars turn out a good deal more expensive than those who made them thought they would be. The Egyptian expedition of 1898 is, perhaps, the only modern instance to the contrary.

But people are asking themselves what is to come of it all. Burning farms and laying a fertile country waste is not soldiers' work. No soldiers detest it more than our own. The defence of these harsh measures is that they are necessary to procure the submission of the Boers. Will they ever submit to the loss of their independence? A nation which has been thoroly defeated in war will agree to almost any terms, but there are terms to which no nation will submit. Perhaps extinction of the national existence is one of these.

Cape Rebels to Be Considered.

But the Boers and Free Staters are not the only persons to be considered. With them fire and sword must do the work in time. There is the Dutch population of Cape Colony and Natal. They constitute a formidable minority in Natal and an absolute majority at the Cape. They cannot be got rid of. They and their fellow triguers will have to run side by side when the war is over, when the Boers are crushed and when public opinion in this country is turned elsewhere.

Very few of these Cape Dutch had any sympathy with Krugerism. They regarded it as narrow, rigid, exclusive, intolerant. They do not think there was any justification for the war, the most of them would, if they could, have dissuaded Steyn and Kruger from issuing the ultimatum.

Severity Incensing the Dutch.

But what is now going on in the Transvaal enters like iron into their souls. Women and children of their own race are being turned out of their homes because raids which they knew nothing about have been committed in the districts where they live.

No one has expressed more forcibly than Mr. Chamberlain the necessity for consulting Dutch as well as British opinion in the government of South Africa. He now apparently hopes the Dutch may be put in a political minority by the wholesale disfranchisement of rebels. But this disfranchisement in most cases is to last only five years. The franchise is not everything. A rebel without a vote is not always less dangerous than a rebel with one when the five years are over.

What the public misses in this government of 20—which might be a government of 40 without perceptibly lowering the calibre—is a policy which has some regard for the distant future.

Any fool can annex, as a leading imperialist has said. It takes a wise man to understand that force is no permanent remedy either for lawlessness or for discontent.

The Baby Sick?

Then probably it's a cold. Babies catch cold so easily and recover so slowly. Not slowly, however, when you use Vapo-Cresolene. Then a single night is all that is necessary for a cure. You just put some Cresolene in the vaporizer, light the lamp beneath, and place near the crib. While baby sleeps he breathes in the healing vapor. Cold loosens, inflamed membranes heal, and all trouble ceases. It's a perfect specific for whooping-cough and croup. 8

Vapo-Cresolene is sold by druggists everywhere. A Vapo-Cresolene outfit, including the Vaporizer and Lamp, which should last a life-time, and a bottle of Cresolene, complete, $1.50, extra supplies of Cresolene 25 cents and 50 cents. Illustrated booklet containing physicians' testimonials free upon request. VAPO-CRESOLENE CO., 180 Fulton St., New York. U.S.A.

If you would have rich, dark, thick hair, your hair must be well nourished.

Gray hair, stunted hair, falling hair, is starved hair.

Ayer's Hair Vigor is the food for starved hair. It feeds and nourishes.

J. C. AYER COMPANY, Practical Chemists, Lowell, Mass.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla | Ayer's Hair Vigor
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Christmas Umbrellas

An Umbrella for man or woman is a Christmas Gift that is perennial in its usefulness.

We are showing a very unique line just now—goods such as one never sees in a dry goods store—ranging from $4 to $10, with some really superb ones as high as $30.00.

Why not secure one now and have us hold it until Christmas?

Ryrie Bros. Cor. Yonge and Adelaide Streets, Toronto.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE THIS WEEK Regular Matinee Wednesday and Saturday. LIEBLER & CO.'S Splendid Production of Hall Caine's Great Play. "THE CHRISTIAN" 50—PEOPLE ON THE STAGE—50

TORONTO OPERA HOUSE THE SUCCESS OF THE SEASON Reaping the Whirlwind... MATINEES TUES., THURS., SAT. NEXT WEEK Robt. Fitzsimmons IN 'THE HONEST BLACKSMITH.'

PRINCESS VALENTINE COMPANY AN EVENT IN MELODRAMA THE SILVER KING Mats. Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday. Nights—10c, 15c, 25c, 50c. Mats.—10c and 15c.

Massey Hall To-Night 8.15 A GREAT MUSICAL EVENT Marie Louise Clary America's Greatest Contralto. Arthur Friedheim The Great Pianist. John Cheshire, Harpist; Celia Schiller, Concert Pianist. Reserved Seats—$1.00, 75c, 50c. Rush Seats—25c.

MONDAY POPULAR CONCERT. TO-NIGHT VICTORIA HALL Queen St. East, opposite Metropolitan Church. Admission 10 cents, Reserved Seats 15 cents. Plan at Gourlay, Winter & Leeming's.

BIBLE STUDY. Professor White | Association Hall At 4.15 and 8 p.m. each day this week.

EDUCATIONAL.

MISS FLORENCE THOMPSON Artist. Miniature Painting a Specialty. Classes forming in oils and miniature painting. Studio, Room 16, Steward's Block. Cor. Spadina and College. Hours 2 to 4 daily.

BIG DYEING and CLEANING WORKS

Stockwell, Henderson & Co., of 103 King west, have just built a large addition to their works to meet the demands of their growing business. Ladies' and gents' goods of all kinds dyed and cleaned in strictly first-class style. Our thirty years' experience enables us to do things right. Phone and a wagon will call for goods. Express paid one way on goods from a distance. Parties desiring to become agents in outside towns, write us and we will send terms, etc.

HELP WANTED.

MACHINISTS—STAY AWAY FROM Dundas. Trouble still on.

WANTED—MAN WITH GOOD REFERences, to manage business of old established house; salary $18 per week and expenses, payable each week direct from headquarters; expense money advanced; position permanent. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Standard House, 303 Caxton Building, Chicago.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

RELIABLE MARRIED MAN WANTS position as manager on farm or mill work on shares, good farm, good man. Box M 37, World.

RELIABLE DRUGGIST (OPERATOR), graduate Nova Scotia, wants position, country preferred; references. Box M 37, World.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

TYPEWRITING AND COPYING DONE at 23 Scott-street. 'Phone 398.

HOCKEY—GENUINE MIC MAC sticks, only 32c each. C. Munson, 183 Yonge St.

FOR SALE—ONE 8½ BY 12 INCH slide valve engine, complete with fly wheel and governor. Apply The Fensom Elevator Works, 54 Duke-street, City.

COMMON SENSE KILLS RATS, MICE, Roaches, Bed Bugs; no smell. 393 Queen-street West, Toronto. ed

TO RENT

ASSEMBLY HALL AND SUPPER room, Confederation Life Bldg. Highly adapted for public or private assemblies, at homes, banquets, bazaars, concerts, etc. Perfect floor for dancing. Complete system of ventilation. Furnished dressing and retiring rooms. For full particulars apply to A. M. Campbell, 12 Richmond-street east, telephone 2351. 136

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—BEST HUNDRED-ACRE farm in Goderich Tp., Huron County 6½ miles from Goderich, 7 from Clinton, good buildings, good fences, well watered, well underdrained, 3 acres orchard; no waste land on farm; fall wheat in and plowing done. Terms easy. Apply Wm. Gould, on premises, or Goderich P. O.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A BARGAIN

A good business stand and general stock can be purchased cheap, in one of the best country villages in Ontario. This village will, for the next three or four years, be the headquarters for the Trent Canal Construction. A splendid opportunity for a live business man. For particulars apply to J. G. A.

Looking for Flaws.

Every "Semi-ready" garment is critically examined by a tailor who has spent a life-time among fine garments and woollens.

Any little miss of scissors or needle, an untrue line, any little inconsistency of style or finish; any one of a hundred things will bar a garment from ever bearing the "Semi-ready" brand.

Such garments find their way to the block—the highest bidder gets them. They go to common ready-made stores.

Sold at the trying-on stage
—For a business-like price.
—Guarantee, "Your money back."
—Prompt delivery.
$20, $18, $15, $12 per suit or overcoat.
By mail; write for catalog.

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22 KING STREET WEST, TORONTO
MONTREAL WINNIPEG OTTAWA LONDON

WEINIG WON IN THIRD ROUND

Canadian Champion Easily Beaten By Bicycle Boxer at the Bijou Theatre.

SMITH AND CULL BOXED A DRAW

Lawless Outpointed Matthews—Big Crowd at Crescent Club's Show.

The Crescent Athletic Club's boxing show in the Bijou Theatre Saturday night attracted a somewhat larger crowd than usual, the battle for the Canadian championship proving a strong magnet. While the main bout did not come up to expectations, Eph McGee turning out somewhat of a disappointment to his many supporters, who confidently believed him capable of staying the limit with Al Weinig, the preliminaries were eminently satisfactory in every way, and the spectators were well pleased. The boxing was clean and scientific, and the clever work of the contestants was just to the liking of those present. The second bout on the card, between Jack Smith and Joe Cull, abounded in fast, skilful boxing, and the wind-up was also a pretty exhibition of the fine points of the sport. The results of the three bouts on the program are appended:

Jim Lawless, Toronto, got the decision over Dick Matthews, Hamilton, in five rounds at 135 pounds.

Jack Smith and Joe Cull of Toronto boxed ten rounds at 125 pounds to a draw.

Al Weinig of Buffalo won from Eph McGee of Toronto in three rounds. Stopped by the referee.

Referee—John R. Bennett, Toronto.

Eph McGee's debut as a professional was rather disappointing. McGee as an amateur was heavyweight champion of Canada and previous to acquiring that title was the middleweight champion. He had many friends who thought him qualified to beat Weinig, and his quick defeat was a surprise. McGee suffered from nervousness Saturday night, and plainly did not do himself justice. At that it was evident that Weinig was his superior at any stage.

The bicycle boxer showed himself quite skilful and made himself a decided favorite with the crowd. He crouched slightly and kept his long left extended in front of him. He used the south paw to good effect, too, and jabbed McGee hard. The Toronto man's left, with which he won all his bouts, seemed tired on Saturday night. He failed to use it to advantage at all, but persisted in trying to use his right.

McGee was the first in the ring. He was accompanied by Dan Kelly, Jack Moriarity and Patty Fields. Weinig was a few seconds later in appearing. He had only one attendant, Al Smith, his trainer. This is one of Weinig's whims—to have but one second—and he never allows more than the one person behind him. The weights were given as Weinig 161 and McGee 165. Referee Bennett, before calling the men to the centre of the ring for instructions, read two telegrams, challenging the winner, from Jack Horner of Philadelphia and Jim Jeffords of California. Mr. Bennett, illustrated to Weinig the clean break rules, and the latter, after trying them, expressed himself as satisfied. Before he went back to his corner Deputy Chief Stuart called him to the side of the ring and warned him that the bout would be stopped if the rules were not observed. The warning was hardly necessary, however, for Weinig followed the rules to the letter. The his best style is infighting, the Buffalo boxer never once hit in a clinch, and thereby obviated the club bringing their new rule of "no money for infighting fouling" into play.

For big men the pair displayed great agility. Both men were very shifty, and the opening round was spirited in closing the ring. No hard punches were exchanged in this round, the boxers feeling each other out. Weinig was the first to lead, but fell short on a left jab. Weinig blocked neatly two lefts for the head, but McGee landed another light left on the forehead. Al sent the right to the body and then the left. Eph put two rights on the body. Several light exchanges followed, McGee hooking rights and lefts to the head and Al putting in body punches.

Weinig was the aggressor in the second. McGee showed some fast footwork and Al's rushes were ineffective. Eph's best blow was a nice right to the jaw which shook Weinig. The latter came back with body blows.

The finish came in the third. After some preliminary sparring, McGee jabbed two lefts to the face and drove a right to the body. Al crossed the right on the jaw, and in a mix-up they exchanged lefts. Eph sent the right to the ribs again, and Al swung his right to the jaw. A right and left to the head and a right to the body made McGee very tired, and Weinig went after him in earnest. McGee took the defensive, but Al was too many, and finally a left hook on the side of the head and a right swing on the jaw put McGee to the floor for the count. He got up at nine, but was plainly all in, and Referee Bennett stopped the bout and gave Weinig the decision. The winner was unmarked. McGee had a slight abrasion under the eye and on the lip. The final round lasted about two and a half minutes.

The Jack Smith-Joe Cull ten-round draw was one of the best bouts seen here for some time. Cull is of sturdy build, with a big pair of shoulders, indicative of tremendous punching ability. He is a pupil of Prof. Joe Popp, the veteran instructor, and the latter was also his mentor during the mill. Cull's improvement since his initial appearance in the ring has been marked. He has a clever defence, blocking and stalling off rushes in fine style. Saturday night Smith did all the forcing, Cull stuck close to his own corner all thru the bout, and made Smith go to him always. Jack had the experience and changed his style repeatedly. Cull gave back as much as he received, tho, and both were marked at the conclusion. Smith's swings were many of them wild. Cull finished strong and jabbed Smith hard in the last round. The decision of a draw seemed to please the spectators.

The first preliminary was up to the Crescents' usual good standard. Dick Matthews for three rounds made a fine showing, but tired in the last two, and Lawless scored often enough to win. Both lads displayed fair science and punched each other soundly.

Around the Ring.

Al. Smith, who acted as adviser, second and bottle-holder for Weinig on Saturday night is the Al. Ward who jumped out of the ring at the Pavilion two years ago after Jimmy Smith gave him some punches.

Al. Weinig made a splendid impression upon Toronto patrons. He came prepared to box according to Crescent A. C. rules, and, apart from an unintentional slip or two, seemed to work under the clean break code without difficulty. Weinig expressed delight with the style after the bout, and asked for another bout at the club's convenience. He would willingly match with Jack Bonner or Jim Jeffords.

Gus Ruhlin has signed the articles of agreement for a match with Jeffries, which had been forwarded to him, and which had already been signed by Jeffries. Ruhlin scratched out that part of the articles which said "the men shall be permitted to fight with one hand free, each protecting himself in the breakaway, but they are to break at the command of the referee," and made it read that "the referee shall interpret the rules." He selected George Siler for referee, and, with these changes, forwarded the agreement to Al. Smith in New York.

NED HANLAN'S CLEVER EXHIBITION.

World's Famous Cheered by Columbia Students at College Regatta on the Hudson.

New York, Nov. 18.—Cold weather and a heavy sea, due to a strong south wind, on the Hudson River, militated seriously against the success of Columbia's regatta yesterday. In the morning the trial heats in the singles were rowed down stream. The water grew so rough that the final heat and other trials were postponed until next Wednesday afternoon, and no attempt was made to row the single pair-oared and four-oared events. The races between the eights were begun two hours late, as the water had quieted down by 4 o'clock.

The Poughkeepsie Varsity then lined up, with the sophomore crew, which was the Poughkeepsie freshman last year. The Varsity rowed a long four-mile stroke, and the sophomores, rowing their quicker two-mile stroke, were half a length to the good at the half-mile. Terms were even at the three-quarters. As the crews came into the stretch Comstock, the sophomore coxswain, steered his boat across Cornell's course, preventing the latter from whipping up their stroke at the finish, and consequently the junior crew won by three-quarters of a length. Upon a protest, the race was given to the Varsity on a foul. The winning freshman crew then faced the defeated sophomores, but were no match for them, and lost by three lengths in the mile.

Coach Edward Hanlan gave an exhibition of watermanship instead of his scheduled mile. He went out early in the heavy sea, stood up in his frail shell and rocked it from side to side, put both oars on the same side of the boat, using one as a rudder and the other to propel the boat, rowed a quick and short and a slow and long stroke, let go of his oars and lay down in the boat, and then turned it around several time in practically the same water. It was a clever exhibition, and the students cheered him as much as they did their winning crews. Besides the students, the boathouses was full of old grads, and girls, who came to see their favorites win. Justus A. B. Cowles, '83, was the referee, and Francis S. Bangs, '78, and Dean J. Howard Van Amringe were the other officials.

Whist for Diamond Medal.

The first game of the Brock diamond medal competition for pairs took place on Saturday night at the Toronto Whist Club, with the following results: Shaw and Wallace, 23; Fuller and McCausland, 20; Armstrong and Gallagher, 18; Farr and Sinclear, 17; Cassidy and Amsden, 16; Brown and Ledger, 15; Hunter and Ritchie, 15; Beetch and Morphy, 14; Prentice and Pearson, 13; Townsend and Muntz, 10; Whitney and Glasgow, 9. The second game will be played next Saturday night. It is necessary to play four-fifths of the preliminary games in order to qualify for the finals, so that those pairs who were unavoidably absent on Saturday night must arrange to be on hand for the second game or they will not be eligible.

Vardon Beat the Pair.

New York, Nov. 17.—In an exhibition golfing contest at Van Cortland Park today Harry Vardon, open champion of the United States, beat the best ball of two local players, equalling the record for the course, 81, held by himself. In the morning round Vardon opposed William Freeland of Laurence Harbor and Val Flood of the Van Cortland Club, and in the afternoon W. C. Merrill of the local club took Freeland's place.

Two Hundred Thousand a Year

Is what I retail of my famous "Conteglan" Cigar at five cents straight. J. A. Thompson, 73 Yonge-street. 1

The Tailoring and Repairing Company, corner King and Bay-streets, make a specialty of repairing and pressing gentlemen's clothes. Suits pressed 50c, pants 15c. 'Phone 2376, and we will call. 14

The Daily

Scarf news is interesting. Never knew equal values except for double the price. We are opening the selection of all that's best in every style.

G. W. Nixon & Co.
157½ Yonge Street.

BENNINGS' SPLENDID OPENING

Washington Jockey Club's Gates Thrown Open for Three Weeks' Meeting.

KINNIKINNIC WON HANDICAP.

James, Even Money Favorite, Was Second and Charentus Third—Results at Other Tracks.

Washington, Nov. 17.—The Washington Jockey Club opened the gates of the Bennings track to the public this afternoon for its three weeks' meeting, and as the weather was clear and pleasant and the card an attractive one, the attendance was very good. Those who made the trip to the track had no cause to regret their action, for not only was the sport of the interesting kind, but four out of the six favorites won, which was a good starter. The main event of the card was the Opening Day Handicap. While scratches reduced the field to only six starters they were so evenly matched that all had supporters. James and Kinnikinnic carried the bulk of the big money wagered, and as Kinnikinnic received the most support it closed a slight favorite. This selection proved to be a good one, for after James had led to within a furlong from the finish, Kinnikinnic took the lead and won as he pleased, with James second. McAddie was an odds-on favorite for the first race, which he won easily, while in the second race the second choice, Chaos, led all the way and finished in front of the favorite, Bentry. Only two ran in the steeplechase, which was won by the prohibitive favorite, Gov. Budd. Pracle fell, but was remounted and finished within the time limit. Gov. Budd threw Finnigan on the far turn, but he was a mile in the lead at the time and it did no injury. Little Daisy, the odds-on favorite, won the fifth race, while Speedmas, at 20 to 1, led all the way in the last event.

Twenty-eight members of the Metropolitan Turf Association took their places in the ring. The latter has been enlarged since last spring, while gravel and brick walks have been laid in front of the clubhouse and grand stand.

Burns, the rider of Nonpareil, was called before the stewards in the fifth race, owing to his poor riding, but nothing was done. In the fifth race The Brother and Semplre ran away for six furlongs, and in the last race Shinfane went a mile on a false break.

Jockey P. McDermott, who has been riding with much success in the west, arrived here to-day. Summaries:

First race, 5 furlongs—McAddie, 105 (Walsh), 11 to 20, out, 1; The Rhymer, 108 (Burns), 11 to 20 for place, 2; Sadie S., 95 (Thompson), 3. Time 1.15. Petit Maitre also ran.

Second race, 5 furlongs—Chaos, 107 (Henry), 4 to 1 and 3 to 5, 1; Sentry, 110 (Burns), even for place, 2; The Rogue, 107 (Brien), 3. Time 1.03 2-5. Averne, Lecturer, Isaac Hopper, Spoil Sport, Infallible, Blue Victor, Velasquez, Mija, Dame, Enverness, Cuttsey and Provost also ran.

Third race, steeplechase, 2½ miles—Gov. Budd, 157 (Finnigan), 1 to 4 and out, 1; Pacle, 137 (Barry), 2. Time 6.00. No other starters.

Fourth race, Opening Day Handicap, for 3-year-olds and upward, 7 furlongs—Kinnikinnic, 111 (McCoy), 11 to 5 and 4 to 5, 1; James, 126 (Walsh), even for place, 2; Charentus, 122 (Henry), 3. Time 1.29. Gen. Mart Gary, Death and Hardly also ran.

Fifth race, 6 furlongs—Little Daisy, 99 (Slack), 3 to 5 and out, 1; R. King's Favorite, 90 (Brennan), 4 to 1 for place, 2; Gracious, 92 (Donegan), 3. Time 1.17 2-5. Semplre, Flora McFlimsey, Nonpareil, The Brother and Novelty also ran.

Sixth race, 1 1-16 miles—Speedmas, 103 (Slack), 20 to 1 and 3 to 1, 1; Handcuff, 106 (Burns), even money for place, 2; Miss Mitchell, 98 (Thompson), 3. Time 1.51. Toluca, Shinfane, Kirkwood, Charawind, Palatial, Charles Estes and Magic Light also ran.

Entries closed to-day for the District Special, a heat race of seven furlongs, which will be run on Nov. 24, and the following have entered: Orbit, Carbuncle, Intrusive, Death, Charawind, Knight of the Garter, Godfrey, Aislke, Gen. Mart Gary and Elsie Skip.

The following horses are named for the second Hunters' Champion Steeplechase, to be run on Thanksgiving Day: W. C. Hayes, for Warrenton Hunt (Virginia), Firebrand and French of Dromore, Piedmont Stable, for Piedmont Hunt (Virginia), Sackett and Pacile: J. D. Hall, jr., for Pine Hill Hunt (Virginia), Charles O'Malley; Craig W. Wadsworth, Genesee Hunt (New York), Higbee; H. S. Page, Meadowbrook Hunt (New York), Self Protection, and E. L. Smith, Ballston Hunt (New York), Diver.

Jockey Bullman Suspended.

San Francisco, Nov. 17.—Weather showery, track sloppy at Oakland. Two favorites, three second choices and one outsider won the card to-day.

Jockey Bullman has been suspended for 30 racing days by the judges for striking Coburn in the jockeys' room. Last Wednesday Coburn complained to the judges that Bullman had threatened to put him over the fence. Bullman says that Coburn, on Diderot, put Vulcain on the fence at the start of the fourth race yesterday. Later, in the jockeys' room, Coburn made remarks about him. Bullman lost his temper and struck Coburn over the eye. The order of the judges bars Bullman from admission to the track and S. C. Hildreth loses his services.

First race, ¾ mile, selling—Uncadeau, 98 (J. Daly), 3 to 1, 1; Spike, 98 (Stuart), 7 to 1, 2; Trovalthan, 98 (Coburn), 8 to 1, 3. Time 1.17½. Incindiator, Goldy Brilton, Naples, Harry H. Thatcher, Dolore, Katie Wolcott and Jarbo also ran.

Second race, Futurity course, 2-year-olds, purse—Golden Age, 118 (Dominick), 1 to 5, 1; Billy Lyons, 103 (Coburn), 15 to 1, 2; Argot, 107 (J. Woods), 12 to 1, 3. Time 1.14¾. Corncake, Ben Magin also ran.

Third race, ⅞ mile, 3-year-olds, Golden Gate Stake—Horton, 100 (Coburn), 2½ to 1, 1; Pat Morrissey, 97 (J. Woods), even, 2; Torsina, 103 (Mounce), 2 to 1, 3. Time 1.29⅝. Only three starters.

Fourth race, 1 1-16 miles, the Alameda Free Handicap—Grand Sachem, 90 (Logue), 30 to 1, 1; The Lady, 109 (Kiley), 5 to 1, 2; Malay, 102 (Coburn), 3 to 1, 3. Time 1.50½. The Bobby, Gonfalon, Locochee also ran.

Fifth race, ⅞ mile, selling—Hermoso, 122 (Dominick), even, 1; Mocorito, 105 (Coburn), 7 to 1, 2; Imperious, 105 (J. Woods), 3 to 1, 3. Time 1.15. Mike Rice, Loconomowo, Clarendon, Decoy also ran.

Sixth race, 1 mile, selling—Uarda, 107 (Mounce), 3 to 1, 1; Sybaris, 104 (Coburn), 1½ to 1, 2; Alicia, 101 (Ransch), 7 to 1, 3. Time 1.43½. Moreita, Tirade, First Shot, Mary Kinsella, Ringmaster, Montailade, Barney F. and Proclamation also ran.

Upset at Atlanta.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 17.—Favorite players got the money at Piedmont Park this afternoon. Four of them earned brackets, the successful choices being Mark Miles, Enos, Land Ho, and The Dauphin. There was an accident in the first race, in which Grandma II., Henry Launt and Loretto fell. Mark Miles was the one responsible for the mishap. Going around the far turn, he cut across in front of Grandma II., and she crossed her legs and fell, the other two tumbling over the top of her. Fortunately, Flint, Burns and Chenault, the riders of the horses which fell, escaped with a shaking up. Weather clear; track fast. Results:

First race, selling, 7 furlongs—Mark Miles, 107 (A. Moore), 6 to 5, 1; Snowstorm, 105 (Aker), 4 to 1, 2; Tamarin, 101 (Ryan), 3. Time 1.33¼. Cakewalk also ran. Grandma II., Henry Launt and Loretto fell at far turn.

Second race, selling, 5 furlongs—Lillian Hoffman, 107 (Flint), 5 to 1, 1; W. J. Dewroe, 108 (Patton), 5 to 1, 2; Irving Mayor, 105 (Mooney), 3. Time 1.05½. Antithesis, Henry's Sister, Virgie d'Or and Maltese Cross also ran.

Third race, selling, 1 mile—Enos, 104 (C. Murphy), 8 to 5, 1; Brother Fred, 104 (Ryan), 8 to 5, 2; Eleven Bells, 87 (M. Williams), 3. Time 1.47½. Zonne and Hieaway also ran.

Fourth race, 1¼ miles, over five hurdles—Land Ho, 140 (Caddy), 4 to 5, 1; Seidenbach, 147 (W. Higgins), 2 to 1, 2; Howe B., 140 (Butler), 3. Time 2.08¼. Nellomil, Dr. Coop and Gomez also ran.

Fifth race, selling, 7 furlongs—The Dauphin, 109 (Flint), 5 to 2, 1; Iris, 102 (Aker), 6 to 1, 2; Miss Chambers, 105 (Hart), 3. Time 1.34. Two Aunties, Eleanor, Howard, Waterbottle, Intent and Etta Steyens also ran.

Over Newport's Fast Track.

Cincinnati, Nov. 17.—Fine weather and a good card drew a large crowd to Newport to-day. Lady Strathmore furnished a surprise in the fifth event, a handicap at six furlongs, by winning in a gallop from such crack two-year-olds as Ethel Wheat and Duellist. Jockey Ross, who rode Saguenay in the first race, fainted after the finish, from overtraining to reduce his weight. Saguenay ran into the rail with Ross, coming down the home stretch, and bruised the boy's knee. The track was lightning fast. Summaries:

First race, mile, selling—Dramburg, 107 (Dupee), 10 to 1, 1; Honeywood, 104 (May), 5 to 2, 2; Ben Battle, 97 (J. Hicks), 15 to 1, 3. Time 1.42¼. Hazel Marion, Linch, Charlie Shane and Saguenay also ran.

Second race, 6½ furlongs—Trinity Bell, 110 (J. Winkfield), 11 to 10, 1; Little Henry, 108 (Dupee), 15 to 1, 2; Dalkeith, 113 (Bassinger), 13 to 5, 3. Time 1.22. McManus, Juniper, Orrie Goan, Laura's Last and Joe Battle also ran.

Third race, ⅝ mile, selling—Hermencia, 110 (J. Winkfield), 8 to 5, 1; Freehand, 107 (Wonderly), 8 to 1, 2; Pauline J., 107 (May), 8 to 1, 3. Time 1.14¼. Fulminate, Dr. J. W. Ramsey, Nancy Till, Fairy Dell and The Tory also ran.

Fourth race, handicap, 1 1-16 miles—Branch, 112 (Dupee), 2 to 1, 1; Cambrian, 112 (Knight), 8 to 5, 2; John Hasey, 100 (J. Irving), 15 to 1, 3. Time 1.47¼. Ida Ledford and Bohul also ran.

Fifth race, ⅞ mile, handicap—Lady Strathmore, 93 (Wonderly), 5 to 1, 1; Grandon, 100 (Knight), 6 to 1, 2; Isobel, 107 (May), 5 to 1, 3. Time 1.13. Ethel Wheat, Duelist, Barbara M., Patroclus and May Cherry also ran.

Sixth race, 1¼ miles, selling—Sir Gallan, 103 (McQuade), 8 to 5, 1; Sauber, 109 (Dupee), 4 to 5, 2; Beana, 99 (May), 5 to 1, 3. Time 1.54. Defender II. also ran.

Monday's Entries at Tanforan.

Tanforan, Nov. 17.—Following are the entries for Monday:

First race, ¾ mile, selling—Jolly Briton, Gliesando, MacPlecnoe, Racetto, Swift Water, Fermatus, Duckoy, Trevathan, The Singer, St. Anthony, Proclamation 100.

Second race, 11-16 mile, selling, 2-year-old maidens—George Dewey 107, Billy Lyons, Lu Rayo 105, Mary Alice 115, Limus, Rasp, Merida 105, Argregor 112, Miss Bunny 107, Aggemenon 105.

Third race, 1¼ miles, selling—Locachee 107, Topmast 113, Dare Second, Dr. Marks, Tom Calvert, Tappan, None Such 108, Gauntlet 112.

Fourth race, 7 furlongs, Opening Day Handicap—Modrine 125, Gonfalon 117, Autumn, Wooster Boy 114, Meehanus 112, Andrisa 109, Greenock 107, Sea Lion 105, Pat Morrissey 106, Mortgage 102, Lavator 105, Specific 104, Opponent 97, Prejudice 111, (Couple Modrine, Gonfalon, Autumn, Wooster Boy, Hildreth entry; Greenock, Sea Lion, Schorn entry; Pat Morrisey, Mortgage, B. & W. entry.

Fifth race, 6 furlongs, selling—Campus 117, Montnilade, Sweet Caporal 100, Pilot 104, Whalebach 114, Lonnond 107, Morela 104, Pupil 107, Don't Know 114, Alas 109, Sybaris 114.

Sixth race, 7 furlongs, selling—Coming Event 99, Doublet 105, Sir Kingston 99, Waltenstein 99, Silver Garter 102, Boundtee 99, Grayless 102, Urchin 99.

Weather cloudy, track sloppy.

Entries at Bennings for Monday.

Bennings, Nov. 17.—Following are the entries for Monday:

First race, 5½ furlongs—Back Talk 104, Timothy Foley 100, Allaire 104, Randy 107, Mordeim 102, Uncle Josh 99, Laura Kimble 97, Rose Clark 107, Lady Contrary 104, Fluke 104, Sportive 99, Impartial 115, Freenal 97, Tour 97, Decimal 104, Marbie Head 115, Lexington Pirate 115, Carausalo 99, Red Spider 112, Hawk 107, Federalist 104.

Second race, ¾ mile—Sadie S. 100, Queen Caratval 110, Gracious 107, Anna Darling 100, Fannie Maud 110, Oriental 107, Little Daisy 107, King's Favorite 105, Zenaido 100, Nonpareil 100.

Third race, 1 mile and 40 yards—Sell 110, Petit Maitre 106, Chas. Estes 103, Speedmas 103, Tension 99, Handcuff 106, Toluca 111, Kirkwood 102, Miss Mitchell 94, Monmouth Boy 96, Charawind 106.

Fourth race, selling, ⅞ mile—Hija 105, The Puritan 114, Lambkin 97, Lecturer 108, Hinsdale 95, Quite Right 92, Novelty 92.

Fifth race, 1 mile and 60 yards—Perion 107, Matchim 110, Draughtsman 107, Uncle Josh 107, Old Tank 107, Leon Ferguson 106.

Sixth race, 1 mile and 100 yards, selling—Dread 95, Oneck Queen 105, Hardly 100, Althea 98.

WELL DONE, LITTLE YORK.

The Association Football Team Win the Intermediate Championship Without a Defeat.

The Little York team won the championship of the Toronto Intermediate Association Football League this season without a defeat. They were to have played their last league game on Saturday, with the Crawfords, but that team notified the Yorks that they could not get their regular team together, so defaulted. The winners have this season defeated every team in the league, scoring 18 goals to their opponents' 3. They also defeated the champion Gore Vales of the Senior League on two occasions, scoring six goals to none by the scores. In the Western Cup competition they intend playing the winners of the College Intermediate League and also the Souts of the Senior League. Little York feels quite proud of its team, as they are all home bred, and is willing to back them against all comers in their class. Saturday's team were: Goal, E. Toms; backs, Gilding, W. Swann; half-backs, W. Nimmo, W. Rogers, S. Williamson; forwards, W. Drummond, G. Gilding, G. Empringham, S. Toms, G. Patton.

Work on America's Cup Defender.

Bristol, Nov. 17.—The first actual work may be said to have been begun on the new America's Cup defender to-day. Ever since John B. and Nat Herreshoff returned from New York on Wednesday there has been an air of expectancy about the boat shops, but not until to-day was it definitely apparent that the firm had received the order for the new boat. The first work was in the matter of forgings, and orders were given for these in the blacksmith shop. There was more than the usual bustle in the latter place and as nearly as can be learned the forgings are for the lower underbody of the yacht. Concerning the size and shape of these forgings only the heads of the departments interested know. However, there is reason to believe that they are of good proportions, judging from the preparations that are being made to work them out.

It is stated around the works that while the Herreshoffs were in New York orders were given for frames and plating which are to be shipped to Bristol at an early day. It is generally believed here that the boat will be plated throughout with bronze, as was Columbia.

In the moulding shop to-day various pieces of fine-quality wood were sorted over and the best of them placed conveniently for use. Some of these pieces of wood are said to be sufficiently large for keel plate and rudder sections for a large yacht. The battens which as a rule are used in laying down large boats, were also looked over, but not disturbed. There is every evidence that the plans of the new boat are complete and that from six to eight weeks will be saved in her construction.

English Y.R.A.'s New Measurement Rule.

New York, Nov. 18.—A cablegram from London says: The Yacht Racing Association, at its meeting held last week, adopted the new rule for the measurement of racing yachts which was recommended by the council. This rule is framed with the idea of securing the largest cabin accommodation possible and is to be in force for seven years. The editor of The Yachtsman has devised a means of cheating the rule and produced a certain prize winner from the most useless type of boat imaginable. His drawing shows a broad-bodied boat floated clear of the water on a narrow underwater body with a triangular midship section.

The new rule is framed to do away with flat floors and hollow garboards and if adopted by yachtsmen in this country would tax very heavily boats such as the Herreshoff 30-footers and all fin keels. The rating length, beam, 75 per cent. of the chain girth, four times the difference between the skin and chain girth, and 5 per cent. of the square root of the sail area are added together and divided by 2.1. This rule was recommended by Designers Watson, Fife, Payne and Nicholson.

The overhangs at either end are to be taxed for any excess over 30 per cent. of the load water line. Yachts built previous to the adoption of this rule will be exempt from its requirements during the years 1901 and 1902.

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Here is a grand work for you—from Atlantic to Pacific there are hundreds of men and women who use STRONG DRINK AND DRUGS TO EXCESS. Interest yourself in our work. We are established over eight years, have cured hundreds of cases. Strongest testimonials—write Manager, Box 215, Oakville, Ont. THE LAKEHURST SANITARIUM, Limited.

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NO. 15 KING STREET WEST.

VARSITY CROWNS QUEEN'S.

McGill Downed on Athletic Field, and College Championship Goes to Kingston.

GOOD GAME PLAYED IN THE SNOW

Teams Separated by Single Points at Finish of the Season—Notes of the Game.

The Intercollegiate Rugby Union championship season is now over, and Queen's are champions by one single point, McGill second with four points, and Varsity at the bottom of the pile with three to the good. Queen's have only won the same number of games as McGill, but they have lost one less, and had a drawn game. This gave them their total of five, as a win counts two and a drawn game one. This is the first season that the Intercollegiate championship has gone to Kingston, and they secured both the senior and intermediate, as their second team won out from Varsity II. The following is the record of the teams at the finish:

	Won.	Lost.	Tied.	Pts.
Queen's	2	1	1	5
McGill	2	2	0	4
Varsity	1	2	1	3

Intermediate record: In Eastern Division, Queen's beat R.M.C. In Western Division, Varsity II. won from Trinity. In the final, Queen's beat Varsity by four points in home-and-home games.

Varsity 7, McGill 4.

The Intercollegiate Rugby Union's season was finished up on Saturday afternoon, when the final game between Varsity and McGill was played and won by the local students by 7 to 4, altho McGill were ahead at half time by 4 to 2. The day by no means favored the Rugby men, but it was surprising how large was the attendance and what a good exhibition it turned out to be. Those present numbered about 1000, and included a number of ladies. Those who braved the elements were fully repaid by the excitement and the quality of Rugby they were treated to.

Rugby Played in the Snow.

The match was played on a field that was covered with snow, and, owing to the drizzling rain that fell, it soon became packed hard, making it dangerous for the players. There was very little fumbling, and the kicking was remarkably good for the day. Of the two teams Varsity was the better, especially on the back division, for their kicking was most effective. While the wings were about even up, Varsity had the best of the scrimmage. A funny thing that was remarked by one of the McGill men was that both teams scored their majority of points kicking south.

Queen's Are Champions.

The result of this match is to give Queen's the championship, as they have beaten McGill twice, Varsity once, and made a draw. So the numerous Queen's men that came up Saturday were delighted to see Varsity win, for if McGill had beaten Varsity it would have given them the championship.

The First Score.

The game started well on time. McGill won the toss and defended the north goal, with the wind behind them. Brown kicked off for Varsity, and, as the kick was blocked, the play was at mid-field for some little time. From a scrimmage Varsity got possession of the ball, and Biggs passed out to Brown, who passed to Aylesworth, who punted into touch-in-goal for the first point of the day. Score: Varsity 1, McGill 0.

Varsity Scores Again.

From the kick-off at quarter way McGill got possession of the ball, and from a series of scrimmages that followed, Biggs passed out to Baldwin, who punted over the McGill line. Meredith followed up, and McGee was forced to rouge, giving Varsity another point. Score: Varsity 2, McGill 0.

McGill Gets Ahead.

From the kick-off McGill gained ground and got possession of the ball; by steadily bucking the line and scrimmaging they worked the ball to Varsity's end. Shillington got off side and Brown was given a free kick, relieving the line. A scrimmage followed, in which Seifert slugged Gibson, and was sent to the fence. Then followed an exchange of punts, with Varsity gaining ground, when from a scrimmage Caldwell had the ball passed out to him, and he broke thru the line for a touch. Shillington failed to convert the try, and McGill were ahead. Score, McGill 4, Varsity 2. The rest of the half was spent in scrimmaging, and when time was called the play was again at McGill's end.

The Second Half.

On changing ends, Shillington kicked off for McGill. Varsity blocked the ball and gained possession of it, when from the following scrimmage the Varsity team rushed the play to McGill's end, where Caldwell relieved by a fairly long punt into touch. From the throw-in McGill made the ball theirs, and gained by hard close play. Johnson got a run of ten yards, when he was tackled and lost. Brown passed to Baldwin, who punted down the field, and over McGill's line, when Caldwell rouged to save a touchdown. Score, McGill 4, Varsity 3.

Varsity Forces the Play.

This started Varsity's scoring, and they never let up, altho they had some close calls to their line. The play was fairly even up, when Caldwell got away and made a gain of over 25 yards. From the scrimmage that followed, McGill got offside. Varsity were awarded a free kick. Baldwin punted down the field, and Varsity again made the ball theirs, when on a pass out to Brown he ran along the line of wings, then around the end, going over for a touch-down as he was tackled.

Varsity Again Leads.

Baldwin failed to convert the try, and Varsity had again taken the lead. Score, Varsity 7, McGill 4. This was the way the game finished up, as there was scarcely six minutes left to play. Both teams worked hard, and had several close calls of losing points. But Varsity played the closer game, and thus killed the remaining time, winning after a hard fight. Seifert was ruled off for the last ten minutes of the game for kicking at one of the Varsity players.

The teams were:

Varsity (7): Back, Beale; halves, Brown (capt.); Baldwin, Aylesworth; quarter, Biggs; scrimmage, Rutter, Douglas, Burns; wings, Armstrong, Meredith, McLennan, Gibson, Hunt, Harrison, McCollum.

McGill (4): Back, McGee; halves, Caldwell, Johnson, Molson; quarter, Kenny (capt.); scrimmage, Curran, O'Brien, Hanson; wings, Morrice, Collins, Graham, Shillington, Molson, Nagle, Seifert.

Referee, Ridley Wylie, Argonauts; umpire, E. DuMoulin, Argonauts; touch-line judges, A. McLaren and E. Lindsay; goal judges, H. D. P. Hardisty, E. Armstrong; timer, Curly McKay.

American College Games.

Princeton, Nov. 17.—Princeton wound up the most disastrous football season in the history of the university at dusk this evening, losing her annual game to Yale by the score of 29 to 5. Never has an orange and black eleven been so humiliated. Yale has rolled up larger scores, but never has she shown her superior strength in such a marked degree as she did this afternoon.

There was only one department of the game in which Princeton excelled, that was in the kicking. Mattis, the Princeton full-back, easily outpointed Hale.

To show Princeton's utter weakness, it is but necessary to say that during the 70 minutes of play the orange and black made only two first downs, and these were within ten minutes of the close of the game, when Princeton took a temporary brace.

The Tigers' linemen were beaten back, battered down and trampled upon in a manner that must have made the hearts of the loyal sons of old Nassau bleed with sympathy.

Both teams fought desperately, but Yale's superior strength and better physical condition enabled her to score a comparatively easy victory. But, with all the distressing circumstances connected with the Princeton's Waterloo, the undergraduates in the cheering section never faltered. With cheer and song they urged their eleven on, even when all hope of a victory must have been abandoned, by Capt. Peil. When the timekeeper's whistle blew announcing the cessation of hostilities the boys in the cheering section stood up, with bared heads and sang "Old Nassau."

There were 13,000 people at the game.

Scores: Yale 29, Princeton 5; Pennsylvania 16, Carlisle 6. At Chicago, Ill.—Wisconsin 39, Chicago 5. At Annapolis, Md.—Columbia 11, Naval Cadets 0. At Hanover—Dartmouth 5, Brown 11. At Syracuse—Syracuse 68, Rochester 5. At Schenectady—Union 68, St. Stephens 0. At Washington, D.C.—Georgetown 10, University of Virginia 0. At New Haven—Harvard Freshmen 18, Yale Freshmen 0.

The Victoria II. and the Ontario College of Pharmacy football teams played a friendly game Saturday afternoon on Varsity campus. On account of the slippery field there were a number of accidents. After a hard fought contest the score stood 1—0 in favor of the coming druggists. O.C.P. men were: Goal, Poynts; backs, Adams, Kerslake; half-backs, McKeown, Yarnold, Cavanagh; forwards, Nutson, McCurdy, Butland, McKibbon, Collins.

TO BOWL FOR PRIZES OF CASH.

Three Championships to Be Decided at American Congress Tournament in Chicago.

Chicago, Nov. 17.—Chicago's great bowling tournament to determine the team and individual champions of the United States, to be held Jan. 7 to 12, is already an assured success, according to the report of the committees having the matter in hand. The management of this tournament, which is the first national contest ever held by bowlers, is under the control of the Illinois Bowling Association, which has so successfully managed the Illinois state tournaments for the past three years.

It is expected that all that has ever been done in the past in the bowling line will be surpassed in the coming contests. Being held under the control of the American Bowling Congress, the winners of the different contests will be fully entitled to call themselves national champions and fully 500 men are expected to enter.

More than 30 cities have signified their intention of being represented by teams in the meet, New York City leading the list with an expressed intention of putting in five teams, one of them being the Empires of New York, who proved to be the closest competitor of the Chicago team, which won last year's unofficial championship at Union Hill, N.J.

Other cities which will be represented are Detroit, Baltimore, Pittsburg, Wheeling, W. Va.; Cincinnati, Cleveland, Toledo, Louisville, St. Louis, Buffalo, Brooklyn, Indianapolis, Columbus, Milwaukee, Peoria, Elgin and Kansas City. Chicago will enter 25 teams in all likelihood.

The idea of offering cash instead of trophies to the successful contestants is done with the full consent of the A.B.C., and is for the purpose of lessening the expenses of the teams which will have to come long distances to play.

Ten pins alone will be played. This is sometimes known as the American game-and-spare game. Three championships will be decided, the five-man team championship, the two-man championship, and the individual championship. Entries are open to all teams and bowlers in the United States, a uniform fee of

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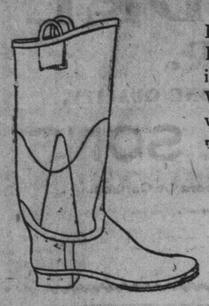


We believe this is the best Rubber Boot on the market for the money. If you know anything better or even its equal we would like to know it. We guarantee it to give satisfactory wear. Two hundred pair will be ready on Tuesday morning:

Men's Rubber Boots, best quality dull-finished rubber, made with heavy double sole, snag-proof shank and solid rubber heels, felt lined, sizes 6 to 11, manufacturer's list price was $3.75 a pair, our special price on the 200 pair for Tuesday will be..... **2.50**

Men's Reefers and Fine Suits

You'll be well paid for your time and trouble for coming after either or both of these values for Tuesday. The Reefers are cheap enough for anyone, and these suits at $6.99 are not likely to go abegging for buyers:

75 MEN'S PEA JACKETS or Reefers, made with high storm collars, tab for throat, double breasted, checked lining, heavy and warm, made out of blue beaver, blue nap, blue frieze, brown frieze and black frieze cloth, broken assortments in odd sizes from 34 to 44, regular price $3.50, $4.00 and $4.50, Tuesday morning..... **2.99**

25 MEN'S SUITS, single-breasted sacque coats, with double-breasted vests, brown and grey shepherd's plaid in all-wool Canadian tweeds, deep French facings, good Italian cloth linings, well made, sizes 34 to 44 inch chest, regular price $12.50, Tuesday..... **6.99**

Men's Winter Furnishings and Hats

Every chance we have to save you money on your dress and clothing needs is sure to come to your notice it you watch these columns daily. Those who do keep posted on what we do will fare better than those who wait. On Tuesday these special lines will be ready:

Men's Fine Imported Cardigan Jackets, with sateen sleeves, medium weight, black only, mohair bound, 3 pockets, worsted finish on reverse side to prevent color coming off, sizes for medium, large and extra large men, regular price $5.00 each, Tuesday..... **2.48**

27 dozen only Men's Flannelette Nightrobes, collar attached, double-stitched seams, yoke, large bodies, 54 inches long, in blue and pink stripes, special at..... **.29**

Men's Scotch Wool Underwear, shirts and drawers, double breasted, ribbed skirt and cuffs, winter weight, soft finish, medium sizes, regular price 50c each, for..... **.39**

Men's Fur Felt Stiff and Soft Hats, black and brown colors, odd sizes of late fall styles nearly sold out, with pure silk trimmings and fine leather sweats, regular price from $1.00 to $2.00, to clear at.... **.50**

Bedding

Did you ever hear of a white, batting-filled Comforter selling for less than $1.50? On Tuesday we'll give you an example of that. A splendid Comforter, double bed size, for $1.25. Also some fine Cotton Blankets at $1.10 a pair. And to make the occasion still more interesting we'll give you 40c Table Linens for 25c a yard.

Blankets

English Flannelette or Cotton Swansdown Blankets, extra heavy twill, cream shade, solid pink or blue borders, size 70 x 84 inches, regular price $1.50 pair, on sale Tuesday..... **1.10**

Comforters

English Printed Turkey-red Chintz Top Comforters, white batting filling and plain linings, firmly stitched, double bed size, 72 x 76 inches, regular price $1.75 each, on sale Tuesday..... **1.25**

Table Linens

650 yards only Colored Table Damask, assorted in turkey on white and turkey on green, guaranteed fast colors, superior quality and finish, assorted medium and small patterns, the width is 58 inches, our regular price 40c yard, Tuesday..... **.25**

Cut Glassware

If you appreciate genuine merit in Cut Glassware you'll take great pleasure in our beautiful display in the Basement. The rich designs and perfect cuttings will please every lover of this dazzling table ware. The collection includes:

—Fruit Bowls at $7.50 to $18.00
—Celery Trays $6.00 and $10.00.
—½-Gal. Tankards $1.75 to $9.00 each.
—Decanters $4.25 to $9.50 each.
—Finger Bowls 20c to $2.25 each.
—Knife Rests 25c, 35c and 50c.
—Individual Salts 5c, 10c and 12c.
—Creams and Sugars at $1.50 per pair.
—Vinegar Bottles 50c, 65c and 75c each.

Cutlery

This promises to be an interesting week in our Cutlery section. If values will do it, this ought to be a record breaker. We are quite willing to sell at smaller margins for the sake of getting bigger business and brisk sales. This is how we do it on Tuesday by selling:

100 pairs Scissors, 8 and 9 inches long, with japanned or nickel handles, suitable for all general purposes, regular price 55c and 75c pair, Tuesday for **.25**

60 dozen Dessert Spoons and Forks, Rogers & Bro., A1 silver plate, on 18 per cent. nickel silver, in tipped Windsor or shell patterns, warranted to wear 8 to 12 years, regular $3.85 and $4.00 a dozen, Tuesday, each at..... **.25**

52 pairs Carvers, knife and fork, Joseph Rogers & Sons' make, stag horn handles, hand-forged steel blade, 8½ inches long, regular price $1.75 a set, Tuesday to sell at..... **1.25**

(Steels to match these carvers, the 50c kind Tuesday for 35c each.)

22 dozen Silver-Plated Dessert and Table knives, 6 dwt. of silver to a dozen, guaranteed to wear about six years, regular price $2.25 a dozen, Tuesday each at..... **.15**

35c Books for 25c

Just before the holiday rush in books we wish to see several lots make way for new stock, so we have picked out some of the smaller lines for quick clearance. Among them these 35c books for Tuesday:

300 copies, bound in silk cloth, with fleur-de-lis cover designs, gilt top and titles, well printed on good paper, an exceptionally good title list by popular authors to choose from, to clear on Tuesday at..... **.25**

Wall Papers

The "left-overs" of many lines we have carried in stock this season. Fully seventy different patterns to choose from, all good designs and colors. To be cleared on Tuesday morning at a mere fraction of their original value:

1200 rolls Gilt and Embossed Gilt Wall Paper remnants, 10 to 24 rolls of a pattern, large variety of designs and colors, for parlors, dining-rooms and halls, regular price 12½c to 40c per single roll, Tuesday to clear at ..... **.5**

THE T. EATON Co. LIMITED
190 YONGE ST., TORONTO.

THE TORONTO WORLD.
ONE CENT MORNING PAPER.
No. 83 YONGE-STREET, Toronto.
Daily World, $3 per year.
Sunday World, in advance, $2 per year.
TELEPHONES:
Business Office—1734. Editorial Rooms—523
Hamilton Office 19 West King-street.
Telephone 1217. H. E. Sayers, Agent.
London, England, Office. F. W. Large, Agent, 145 Fleet-street, London, E. C.
The World can be obtained in New York City at the news stand, St. Denis Hotel, cor. Broadway and 11th-street.

CABINET MINISTERS AS COMPANY DIRECTORS.

The English Liberal papers are raising a tempest over the discovery that several of the Cabinet Ministers are directors of private companies. Of a Cabinet of 20, 13 are directors in as many different companies, embracing insurance, steamship and industrial concerns. There is an opportunity for the Liberal press of Ontario to outdo their English brethren, because the evil complained of is much more pronounced in Toronto than in London. There never was a Government in Canada, either Provincial or Federal, that trafficked so much in outside enterprises as the Government now in control in this city. Almost without exception, the members have more business to attend to on the outside than they have as public officials. Connection with private corporations is objectionable on general principles, but in the case of some of the Ontario Ministers the association is little short of criminal. The English papers are kicking up a fuss because some of the Ministers are connected with insurance and steamship companies. What would they say if they had to deal with a case like the one that has been established against Hon. J. M. Gibson? Here we have the Attorney-General the president of a company that was created by the Government of which he is a member, and that received from the Government very valuable and monopolistic concessions. The Government not only endowed the Cataract Company with valuable privileges, but it subsequently protected it against other companies which desired to compete in a part of the territory covered by the Cataract Company. The latter concern owes the greater part of its success to the manipulation of its president in the Government and Legislature. It was jobs, and deals, and dishonesty in the administration of the public affairs that was responsible for Sir Wilfrid Laurier's crushing defeat in Ontario, and it is the same kind of rotten government that will cause Ontario to rise up against the Ross Government when it makes its next appeal to the people.

DECADENCE OF THE BRITISH IRON TRADE.

Great Britain has another big war on her hands, but this time it is a commercial and industrial war. Her antagonist is the United States, and the bone of contention for the present is principally concerned with the iron and steel business and allied industries. British iron manufacturers are at last fully alive to the seriousness of United States competition in the iron and steel trade. A recent issue of The Commercial Intelligence has twelve of its twenty-four pages devoted to items of information showing the growth of American trade in almost every part of the world. The Commercial Intelligence calls special attention to the activity of Consul Stowe in South Africa, citing a report of his to the Washington Government, in which he points out the rising need for numerous articles of utility in the new dominions of the Queen. The Ironmonger uses up much of its space weekly in attempting to convince the British iron and steel men that their existence depends upon their making adequate preparations to meet the competition of American manufacturers.

What is causing greater alarm than anything else is the fact that the United States is rapidly forcing its way into the markets of Great Britain, in addition to cutting into British trade in foreign countries. A New York exchange points out that the United Kingdom and Canada took last year 77 per cent. of all the printing presses exported from the States, and, together with Australasia, were among the largest customers for United States stationary engines, pumping machinery and sewing machines.

The Ironmonger compares the conditions surrounding the industry in the two countries, and the comparison cannot be pleasant reading for the British iron men. It says:

"American steel manufacturers have every advantage over us. Their ore is at their doors, their fuel is cheap, they largely control the cost of transportation, their machinery is perfect, and they are not saddled with an arbitrary and oppressive system of labor. We must go to Spain for our ore and subsequently mix it with individuals product. Our coal is dear. We do not own the railroads. Our machinery was put in a century ago, and to replace it with machinery like that in American mills would cost hundreds of thousands of pounds—more money than our manufacturers can spare. Lastly, we are subject to a short-hour system of labor, that further adds to our handicap."

Serious tho the situation may be, the British manufacturers do not intend to allow their new rival to make further inroads without a struggle. They recognize the danger, and they realize that vigorous measures must be taken to retain their supremacy, even in their own country. The general opinion inclines towards protection as the best means for meeting United States competition. A patriotic Englishman, reviewing Mr. Brooks Adams' recent book, "America's Economic Supremacy," declares that he "is not gloating over all this"—the smashing of the British free traders' ideals. "I am," he adds, "bitterly depressed by it; but any amount of bitterness and depression does not justify an ostrich policy. The thing has got to be looked squarely in the face, and, however unpleasant the view, Englishmen will incur peril of greater defeat if they do not look at it and read its lessons."

"Perhaps," says The London Financial News, in its latest issue to hand, "when—if ever—our statesmen awake to the necessity of establishing a British Imperial zollverein, the competition of the United States in British markets will be less severe than it is now. In the meantime, the success of our transatlantic cousins in so many labor-saving directions, more especially, should stimulate the inventive genius of our race to greater energy than it has displayed in recent years." In seeking for an effective means to meet United States competition in iron and steel, the British iron manufacturers should turn their attention to Canada. The conditions surrounding the production of iron and steel will be found as favorable in this country as they are in the United States. The iron and steel works at Sydney will be a revelation to manufacturers in Great Britain. The plant at Sydney will be in a position to turn out pig iron cheaper than at any other place on the continent. The steel plants at Pittsburg and other points south of the great lakes can be duplicated on this side also. It is just possible that conditions are so unfavorable to British iron production that Great Britain cannot hold her own against United States competition. In that event, the next best policy for Great Britain is to turn her attention to Canada, where her manufacturers will be able to compete with the United States on equal terms. If the iron and steel trade is to become a diminishing factor in Great Britain, there is no reason why it should be lost to the Empire. If Great Britain cannot hold the trade, the next best thing that the Mother Country can do is to investigate the possibilities of the colonies. Now is the time for the Government of Canada to impress upon the Mother Country the resources of this country in the matter of iron and nickel. There is room in this country for 20 iron plants such as are being erected at Sydney and Sault Ste. Marie.

FREE TRADE IN DISLOYALTY.

The way to stop the race war is for The Globe to stop it, and for The Globe and Sir Wilfrid Laurier to ask Mr. Tarte to step down and out. From what we gather of The Globe, it considers Mr. Tarte's conduct exemplary and his speeches of a kind to be encouraged; and those citizens who condemn and resent them as firebrands! The loyal and patriotic men must be put down.

The measure of toleration accorded by The Globe is a wide one—wide enough to excuse any Canadian guilty of seeking to lead his country into annexation with the United States.

There is an exposure coming, and the disloyal crowd fear it.

EAGLE WORSHIP.

Enthusiastic Imperial Federationists like Col. Denison, Dr. Parkin, Mr. McFarlane of Ottawa must have their patience tried by the way Salisbury, Balfour, Chamberlain, Rosebery play to the Yankee eagle these days. Rosebery's latest deliverance reads like the vision of one of the German mystics who had something to do with philosophy some ten-score years ago. But will Rosebery tell us what he thinks of Imperial Federation and reciprocal trade preferences between the Mother Land and her younger states?

Let the Canadian citizen keep this one thing in mind—that Ambassador Choate's main mission to-day is to head off a trade deal between England and partners discriminating against the products of the United States.

SMOKER AT THE ARMOURIES.

Sergeants of the Garrison Provide a Great Entertainment for "C" Co., R.C.R.

The last appearance of the Royal Canadian Regiment as a body was on Saturday night at the Armouries at the patriotic smoking concert given in their honor by the sergeants of Toronto garrison. A great crowd, both of civilians and members of the various regiments, turned out to do honor to their members lately returned from South Africa. Fully two thousand people greeted them, and made the affair one of unbridled enthusiasm.

A program of exceeding merit was gotten up for the occasion, among which was a three-round go between Champion Jack Scholes and Joan McLaughlin; a fencing contest between Lieuts. Greig and Ganere, a sword v. bayonet contest between Messrs. Stewart and Williams, and a number of songs and dances.

Lieut.-Col. Peters, D.O.C., Lieut.-Col. Macdonald, Lieut.-Col. Delamere, Major Galloway, John Shaw and a great many of the officers of the garrison were present. The D.O.C. showed one good example to the sergeants of the garrison by recognizing the occasion as a military one and appearing in uniform. He was called upon for a few remarks, and replied very pleasantly. He was glad to meet the sergeants of the garrison in an affair of this kind, and to attend the welcome to the contingent. He considered the smoker a huge success and said it did the sergeants and garrison credit.

The success of the affair is due in a large manner to Sergt.-Major World, Sergt.-Major Johnson, Sergt. Campbell and the committee of the Sergeants' Guard who assisted them.

GRISCOM SAW THE SULTAN.

And Abdul Hamid Inquired About Mr. McKinley's Health.

Constantinople, Nov. 18.—The Sultan received in audience last Friday Mr. Lloyd Griscom, U. S. Charge d'Affaires. It is believed the conference was in connection with the proposed imminent purchase in the United States of a cruiser for the Turkish navy.

Abdul Hamid inquired regarding the health of President McKinley.

Female Suffrage.

Winnipeg Telegram: In the few graceful words in which Sir Charles Tupper thanked the ladies of Winnipeg who received him on his arrival in Winnipeg, he said that, if the ladies had had votes, he was sure he would not have been defeated. This is probably a truth as well as a compliment, and the Conservative party may well consider whether there is not in it a suggestion as to a development of Conservative policy which may seriously be considered. It is undeniable that one of the great evils which the country has to face is the corruption of the electorate. What is necessary is the introduction of a purifying force which will counteract the venal element that at present is powerful enough to sway elections in nearly all closely contested constituencies. Cannot this purifying force be found in woman? The sentiment of women, especially among those members of the sex who would vote if given the franchise, is utterly opposed to the practices which are now resorted to for the purpose of falsifying the honest verdict of the electorate. The capacity of the average woman to decide upon the issues between parties, is greater than the capacity of large numbers of people who now exercise the franchise and are chiefly responsible for its debauchment. Is not the average woman more likely to vote for good government than the half-breed who sells his vote for a drink of whiskey? Is not the average woman likely to be better informed upon the questions of the day than the recently imported Doukhobor or Galician, on whom we force the franchise? Will not the average woman be more likely to exercise the franchise conscientiously than the hedger who hangs round on election day for $5 before recording his ballot? These matters are well worthy of consideration. They are specially worthy of consideration by Conservatives, for woman, generally speaking, is a conservative force. That which stands for the welfare of the family, the security of the home and the stability of society is likely to find among women, especially among Canadian women, its strongest supporters. The Conservative party must formulate a policy upon the new issues which are arising, and Female Suffrage appears a not unnatural evolution of Conservative policy.

Mr. Price Makes a Change.

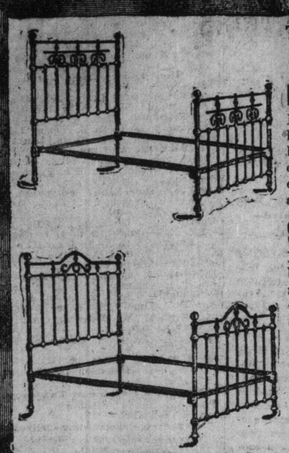
Mr. Charles J. F. Price has resigned his position with the Allen Manufacturing Company, and has full charge of the Canadian business for the following firms: Hermann & Tobias Mfg. Co., New York, silk and colored petticoats; Pan-American Shirt Company, Ionia, Mich., white and colored shirts; P. W. Lambert & Co., New York, leather goods novelties; Henry H. Bell's, Sons Co., New York, dressing sacques and bath robes, etc. Mr. Price has office room at 100 Board of Trade, Toronto.

BRIGHT'S DISEASE

is the deadliest and most painful malady to which mankind is subject. Dodd's Kidney Pills will cure any case of Bright's Disease. They have never failed in one single case. They are the only remedy that can cure. There are imitations of Dodd's Kidney Pills—pill box and name—but imitations are dangerous. The original and only genuine cure for Bright's Disease is

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

Dodd's Kidney Pills are fifty cents a box at all druggists.



TUESDAY ONLY
Two Bargains It's Safe to Save On.

10.75 Buys this White Enameled Iron Bedstead, two brass rails bottom and top, 12 heavy brass spindles, very tasty design, extended foot end, sizes 3 ft. 6 in., 4 ft. and 4 ft. 6 in.

9.50 Buys this White Enameled Iron Bedstead, heavy shaped brass rail, two brass rings and two brass spindles, heavy brass caps and collars, extremely handsome. Remember Tuesday only.

And your credit's good.

THE J. F. BROWN CO., Limited.
Entrance—5 and 7 Queen St. E.
Furniture, Carpets, Crockery, Stoves, Etc.

QUEBEC AND ANNEXATION.

New York Tribune Says the Liberals Have Changed Their Tune, as Quebec is Against It.

New York Tribune editorial, Nov. 15: The Liberal Administration in Canada, which has just secured a new lease of power, has reversed the traditions of its party in several important respects. We have hitherto remarked upon its abandonment of its former idol of free trade, its becoming more Imperialist than the Conservatives, whom Liberals used to condemn for their Imperialism, and similar radical changes either of faith or practice. There is still another point on which an equally marked change of tone is apparent, namely, the question of annexation to the United States. The Conservatives used to reproach the Liberals with being annexationists, and the Liberals did not altogether deny the impeachment. Certainly the annexation sentiment in Canada, so far as it existed, was almost exclusively confined to the Liberal party, and those in the United States—they were never particularly numerous—who desired the incorporation of the Dominion into this Union, were wont to regard the Liberals as their friends and the Conservatives as their opponents. Yet when, four years ago, the Liberals at last gained control of the Dominion Government, no step was taken toward annexation; but, on the contrary, the Liberal Government has manifested a decidedly anti-annexationist spirit. It has been friendly enough toward the United States, but it has been even more inclined than its Conservative predecessors to emphasize the line of political cleavage and contrast between the two countries. At this some surprise and chagrin have been expressed by those few sanguine souls who thought a Liberal victory would mean speedy annexation, and the question has been mournfully asked by them why the Liberals should so grievously have disappointed their cherished hopes.

The answer is found in a single word—Quebec. In that Province lies the bulk of Liberal party strength. Without its votes the Liberals could not have gained office, and could not hold office for a single day. Naturally, therefore, Liberal policies are largely determined—we might say dictated—by the wishes of the people of Quebec; and the face of Quebec is set as a flint against annexation. Upon the face of it that might seem strange, seeing that Quebec is the least British of all the Provinces. Fully four-fifths of its people are as essentially French as the people of France itself, and use the French language as their mother tongue, if not their only tongue. You may travel far in some parts of the Province without hearing a word of English or meeting one who can understand it, save in some shop, where the sign, "English spoken here," is displayed. And the people are solidly Roman Catholic in religion, as they are French in race. Yet it is not merely in spite of, but because of, these very facts, and especially because of the grounds in the agreement, and fears of the new subscribers want to watch baseball on the city side, the alert Toronto Railway Company quickly promised to do so, and seemed to have the same paradox on the mainland. Thus, the Ferry Company, with some stockholders, have strong elements to fight against to keep the team at home. The matter will be thoroly discussed at a meeting of the shareholders at the Rossin House to-morrow night, when representatives of the two companies will likely be present to tell just how much they will do for the game.

Prospect Park Curling Club.

The Prospect Park Curling Club held a very successful progressive euchre party and social evening on Friday night in their club parlors, Prospect-street. There was a large attendance of the members and their friends. After the game refreshments were served in the large hall. Mr. Howard Williams, president of the club, presented the prizes to the winners, Mr. Dan Rice receiving a Tam o' Shanter and Mr. George Anderson receiving a curler' brown, nicely decorated. Mr. Frank Wright, with his graphophone, entertained the company during the evening with numerous selections of song and instrumental pieces, and original speeches were made by the members. The evening was voted a success, and requests were made to repeat the entertainment in a very short time.

After the Puck.

The Wellingtons will have a stronger team this season than last, when they won the senior championship.

Upper Canada College will again come to the front this season. The boys always have a strong team in the junior series of the O.H.A.

Notices of the O.H.A. annual meeting, to be held on Dec. 1, will be sent out to the different clubs to-day, along with copies of the list of amendments.

The St. George Hockey Club will meet to-night at the Caledonian Rink to organize for the season, when the officers will be elected, and the prospects of having a senior team this year discussed.

CHILDREN'S COUGHS.

There's nothing so good for children's coughs and colds, croup, whooping cough or bronchitis as *Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.*

It's so nice to take that youngsters beg for it, and it cures so quickly that mothers are delighted.

Mrs. R. P. Leonard, Parry Sound, Ont., writes: "I have used Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup for coughs and colds of myself and baby. I find it cures a cold quicker than any other cough mixture and is nice to take."

HALLMAN IS ALL THERE.

An Ontario Agricultural College Student Wins the O.A.A.A. Cross Country Race

IN EXCEEDINGLY TRYING WEATHER.

A Capital Five-Mile Contest, in Which the Much-Fancied Hamilton Representative Finishes Second.

E. C. Hallman of the Ontario Agricultural College Athletic Association of Guelph won the five-mile cross-country race held on Saturday afternoon under the auspices of the Ontario Amateur Athletic Association. W. J. Sherring of the Hamilton Y.M.C.A., who has won cross-country runs in the Ambitious City, was looked upon as the winner, but the best he could do was to obtain second place.

The race started from opposite the grand stand on the Rosedale track in the presence of about 50 people, some of whom came down from Hamilton and Guelph. There were 19 starters and they left at 3.45 o'clock.

The course was east to the Don Valley, down the valley to a point near the C.P.R. bridge, then south to the ravine, back to the grounds and over three-quarters of the track and then over the same course again, returning to the track and finishing opposite the grand stand. Half of the course was covered by Hallman and Sherring in 17 minutes.

The finish was as follows:

E. C. Hallman, O.A.C.A.A., Guelph, 1. Time 36.24⅕.
W. J. Sherring, Hamilton Y.M.C.A., 2. Time 37.16⅕.
M. Allen, W.E.Y.M.C.A.
E. Stevenson, C.Y.C.M.A.
John Weir, O.A.C.A.A., Guelph.
W. Durand, W.E.Y.M.C.A.
P. C. Werthner, C.Y.M.C.A.
C. M. Gorrie, C.Y.M.C.A.
J. Stevens, O.A.C.A.A.
W. H. Scott, W.E.Y.M.C.A.

Judges—W. K. McNaught, Inspector Hall, N. J. Stevenson.
Starter—James Pearson.
Referee—A. A. MacDonald.
Timekeepers—F. Nelson, H. J. P. Good, Inspector William Stark.
Clerks of the course—O. Heron, T. L. Church, T. A. Russell, C. E. A. Goldman, E. A. Thompson, W. C. Mitchell, H. A. Schoff, C. F. Penfland, J. W. Bany, R. McWilliams, D. M. Wilmot, J. L. Brown, Alex. Allen, D. W. McVey, W. Hunter, P. Wanless.
Trail Layers—J. G. Merrick, A. Roland Williams.
Secretary-Treasurer—A. Roland Williams.

Baseball Meeting To-Morrow.

The subscribers for stock in the new Toronto Baseball Association seem to have struck it rich. If the rivalry between two strong financial corporations to house the concern is any criterion. The Toronto Ferry Company, that controlled the club last year, recently gave Manager Barrow an option on the franchise, and he readily secured sufficient backing to take over the outfit. As there was nothing binding as to grounds in the agreement, and many of the new subscribers want to watch baseball on the city side, the alert Toronto Railway Company quickly promised to do so, and seemed to have the same paradox on the mainland. Thus, the Ferry Company, with some stockholders, have strong elements to fight against to keep the team at home. The matter will be thoroly discussed at a meeting of the shareholders at the Rossin House to-morrow night, when representatives of the two companies will likely be present to tell just how much they will do for the game.

NEW WESTERN GRAIN ROUTE

First Cargo For Liverpool Shipped From Quebec Loaded on the Steamship Albanian.

BIG SAVING IN THE DISTANCE.

Eight Hundred Miles Cut Off the Buffalo and New York Route—No Transhipment.

Quebec, Nov. 17.—The first cargo of western grain to be shipped from Quebec by the new Canadian route was placed on board the steamship Albanian, of the Leyland line, this afternoon from the recently constructed Great Northern Railway elevator.

The erection of the elevator, which has a capacity of a million bushels, and the construction of the Great Northern Railway, which made the shipment possible, have been largely contributed to by American capital, and the New York and Boston shareholders were represented here to-day by Colonel James McNaught and Mr. Dillon of New York; H. H. Melville of Boston; Robert Abercrombie, president of the Greenfield (Mass.) Savings Bank; W. A. Forbes, vice-president, and W. G. Packard, treasurer of the same bank, and H. Stone, broker, of Boston.

Grain shipped by this route is brought from Duluth by lake steamers to Parry Sound, on Georgian Bay, where it is taken out of the vessels at deep water berths alongside an elevator of a million and a quarter bushels' capacity and placed directly on board the cars for Quebec. The trains run over the Canada Atlantic road via Ottawa and Hawkesbury, and thence over the Great Northern to Quebec.

Gain in Distance.

This was established to-day a new grain route between Duluth and Liverpool 800 miles shorter than that between the same terminal points via Buffalo and New York. Trains at Quebec run directly into the elevator, and the steamships come alongside of it, where they have forty feet of water. Grain is thus handled at a minimum cost for transhipment, and so confident are the promoters of ultimate success that new elevators are to be erected both in Parry Sound and Quebec.

The Leyland Steamship Line announced to-day that in order to carry the ocean freight at lowest possible price, it would furnish ships next year of 10,000 to 12,000 tons each. These vessels cannot ascend the St. Lawrence channel to Montreal, as they draw from 30 to 35 feet of water.

The Albanian, which loaded here to-day, took 230,000 bushels, the shipment being in the nature of an experiment, which proved a success.

Both the American capitalists and Montreal grain and shipping men who were here tendered their congratulations at a luncheon given in the Board of Trade rooms. The representative of the Leyland Steamship Line said his line alone hoped to ship 10,000,000 bushels at Quebec next year, and to double it the following year.

Transhipments Avoided.

Colonel McNaught said the great advantage of this route was not only the saving of eight hundred miles, but the facilities in the port of Quebec for bringing the ships and cars together so that the grain may be transferred directly, and thus avoid transhipments such as had to be made between cars at Jersey City and ships at Brooklyn.

Elevators at Parry Sound already handle eighteen million bushels of grain a year, though the place is only in its infancy. Hitherto it has sent its grain to Montreal instead of Quebec.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE BOOM.

The Improvement in Business Continued Last Week and Prices Advanced.

London, Nov. 18.—The improvement in business on the Stock Exchange continued throughout last week. Prices showed an advance, altho outside of American securities activity has not yet greatly improved. There is more small buying by the public, undoubtedly encouraged by American, which show a gradually improving tendency in all departments.

The improvement in home railway securities was noticeable. Consols closed firmer at 98⅝ and the war loan at 98⅛. It is a curious fact that English purchasers are not buying Americans, the activity in which here is chiefly due to the New York and Continental purchases, or was so until yesterday, when local buying caused an advance of about half a point above parity, the close being at about the highest.

The announcement that the Government would soon ask for further borrowing powers had a hardening effect in money, but rates did not materially advance, the supply being good. The rate on call money was 2½ to 3 per cent.; on money for a week, 3½, and on three months' bills, 3⅞.

THE CUBAN CONVENTION.

Secretary of State Tamayo Defends Himself—All the Havana Delegates Seated.

Havana, Nov. 17.—The Constitutional Convention held a short session to-day. Secretary of State Tamayo addressed the convention, defending himself from the attacks made upon him by Senors Guerga and Gomez. Senor Tamayo said the election had been conducted legally.

The convention sustained the report of the Committee on Credentials by a vote of 21 to 5, thus seating all the Havana delegates. The report of the Committee on Rules was laid on the table. It will be discussed Monday.

TORONTO NURSE FOR NEW YORK.

Miss Helen O'Neil Resigns the Position of Head Nurse at St. Michael's Hospital.

Miss Helen O'Neil, who for the past three years has been head nurse in St. Michael's Hospital, has severed her connection with that institution to accept the position of superintendent of the surgical department of a private New York hospital.

The departure of Miss O'Neil for the United States is another demonstration of the fact that the services of Canadian nurses are in great demand in American medical institutions.

Miss O'Neil entered St. Michael's Hospital about five years ago as a probationer, and shortly after she graduated was appointed head nurse. On leaving she was presented with a handsome gold heart by the house doctors and a gold locket by the nurses of St. Michael's Hospital.

CAPE PREMIER SENDS DELEGATE

Conditions Prevent the Premier's Attendance on Australia's Commonwealth Inauguration.

Cape Town, Nov. 16.—(3.15 p.m.)—On account of the present disturbed condition of affairs in the Orange River Colony and the Transvaal, Sir Gordon Sprigg, the Premier of Cape Colony, will be unable to attend the opening exercises of the inauguration of the Commonwealth of Australia in January.

As an indication of his opinion that the new departure will be of incalculable value to the Empire, and in recognition of the services of the Australians during the war, he has deputized the Hon. J. Frost, a member of the Cabinet without a portfolio, to represent the Cape Government.

LIABILITIES OVER A MILLION.

Wall Street Broker Got Into Debt Heavily and Has Nothing to Pay With.

New York, Nov. 18.—Francis D. Carley, a well-known Wall-street broker, who lives at Orange, N. J., makes announcement that late on Saturday he filed in the United States District Court in Trenton a petition in bankruptcy, which declares the liabilities to be more than a million, and the assets nothing.

Mr. Carley, in an interview, blames certain Wall-street men for forcing him into financial matters, and says he will soon make an exposure.

One O.H.A. amendment that is almost sure to carry is that permitting players to stop the puck with their hands, as they do in the Quebec and Winnipeg Leagues. This makes the game much faster than the present, under the rules used in the O.H.A.

PREPARING THE WAY IN BUSINESS That's the purpose of this college — making success possible for young men and women when they take positions. All subjects taught by experts.

BRITISH-AMERICAN BUSINESS COLLEGE,
Y.M.C.A. Bldg., cor. Yonge and McGill-streets, Toronto.
DAVID HOSKINS, Chartered Accountant, Principal. 135

REMEMBER, Majuba Hill was avenged when General Cronje surrendered before the Canadians!

The favorite Old Scots Whiskey throughout the British Empire is

RED, WHITE AND BLUE

Distilled by Messrs. Haig & Haig, oldest distillers on earth. Established since 1679.

Ask for this **Patriotic and Superior** whiskey.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO., CANADIAN AGENTS, MONTREAL.

There is safety and goodness in the Carbonated Magi Caledonian Waters. J. J. McLaughlin, Sole Agent and Bottler, Toronto.

WILLIAMS PIANOS
STRICTLY HIGH-GRADE
SOLD FOR CASH OR EASY PAYMENTS
143 YONGE STREET
Pianos to rent—$2.00 and $2.50 per month.

LADIES! Wewill send FREE a Six Days' Trial Package of Kara's Celebrated German Female Treatment, a simple and guaranteed cure for Leucorrhœa, Ulceration, Displacement, Suppressed or Painful Menstruation, and all female troubles, together with our book A WIFE'S SECRET, to ladies sending address. THE F. E. KARN MEDICINE CO., 132 VICTORIA ST., TORONTO

THE NOBLE USES OF WEALTH

Helen Gould Approves of the Idea That Its Possession Constitutes a Stewardship.

MONEY THAT DOES GOOD WORK.

She Indicates Broad Charities, Which Offer Great Opportunities for Wise Financial Help.

New York, Nov. 18.—Miss Helen Gould has written a letter to Dr. Louis Klopsch, proprietor of The Christian Herald, in response to his request for her views on the subject, "How to Make the Most of Wealth?"

From her home at Irvington on the Hudson Miss Gould writes:

"It is a topic on which I am not well qualified to speak, and I would suggest that you make this same inquiry of some of our leading clergymen, whose views on the subject would be a great inspiration to us all.

"The Christian idea that wealth is a stewardship, or trust, and not to be used for one's personal pleasure alone, but for the welfare of others, certainly seems the noblest; and those who have more money or broader culture owe a debt to those who have had fewer opportunities. And there are so many ways one can help.

Ways of Helping.

"Children, the sick and the aged especially have claims on our attention, and the forms of work for them are numerous—from kindergartens, day nurseries and industrial schools to 'homes' and hospitals. Our institutions for higher education require gifts in order to do their best work, for the tuition fees do not cover the expense of the advantages offered; and certainly such societies as those in our churches, and the Young Women's Christian Association and the Young Men's Christian Association deserve our hearty co-operation.

"The earnest workers who so nobly and lovingly give their lives to promote the welfare of others give far more than they had simply made gifts of money, and those who cannot afford to give largely need not feel discouraged on that account. After all, sympathy and good-will may be a greater force than wealth, and we can all extend to others a kindly feeling and courteous consideration, that will make life sweeter and better.

Good That Money Does.

"Sometimes it seems to me we do not sufficiently realize the good that is done by money that is used in the different industries in giving employment to great numbers of people under the direction of clever men and women; and surely it takes more ability, perseverance and time to successfully manage such an enterprise than to merely make gifts.

"You will, I am sure," says Miss Gould in conclusion, "be sorry you have made the inquiry of me, since I have given you so little information, but I think you can easily obtain opinions that will probably be far more helpful than mine."

A Magic Pill—Dyspepsia is a foe with which men are constantly grappling, but cannot exterminate. Subdued, and to all appearances vanquished, in one, it makes its appearance in another direction. In many the digestive apparatus is as delicate as the mechanism of a watch or scientific instrument, in which even a breath of air will make a variation. With such persons disorders of the stomach ensue, much suffering. To these Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are recommended as mild and sure.

McLeod's Tannery Scorched.

Kingston, Ont., Nov. 18.—McLeod's tannery was greatly damaged by fire Friday night. The building and machinery were wrecked and much leather in course of manufacture was destroyed.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 135

SERIOUS AFFAIR AT BUFFALO.

Ore Dock Fell, Killed Two Boys and Seriously Injured a Man—Might Have Been Worse.

Buffalo, Nov. 18.—A section of the Minnesota ore dock, situated on Blackwell's Canal, in this harbor, collapsed at 5.45 this morning under the weight of 60,000 tons of ore. Two boys were killed, and one man was seriously injured.

The dead are: Max. M. Sors and Thomas Ford, 15 years old.

The injured: William Burk, 22 years old.

The property loss is estimated at $150,000. Had the accident occurred at any other time during the day the loss of life would have been terrible. The men were worked in two gangs, about 40 men in each. The night shift had just left their work, and the day men were being brought up in a scow when the crash came.

CATTO
DRY GOODS ONLY

Evening Gownings

Shaped lace, jetted net and sequin gown patterns.
Silk Grenadines, Crepe de Chenes, Mousselines, Velvets, Voiles, Duchesse Satins and Brocades, Tinsels, Gauzes, Satin Stripes, Gauffres.

Cloth Jackets

Ladies' and Misses' styles for winter wear, perfect fitting, substantially made.

LADIES'
Black Curl Cloth, all sizes, $4.
Black Cloth, plain, $6.
Black Cloth, silk lined, $10, $12.50, $15.
Colored cloth, special, $6, $10, $15.

MISSES'
Black and Colored Curl Cloth, $4.
Black and Navy, heavy curl, $5.
Black and Fawn, silk lined, $10, $12, $15.

Evening Wraps

Opera Cloaks, Capes, Outdoor Wraps, Traveling Shawls, and Steamer Rugs, represented in the finest showing yet made; among others see the "Strathcona" wrap.

Tailor-Made Suits

Ladies' Serge Suits, navy and black, coat silk lined 10.00
Homespun, satin lined coat 11.00
Black Serge Suit, extra quality 16.50
Navy Cloth Suit, double-breasted, tight fitting coat. 17.50

Walking Skirts Extra Value

Ladies' Tailor-made Walking Skirts, in homespun and serge, black, navy, two shades brown, two shades green, two shades grey, $3.50 each.

CHILDREN'S
Reefers, $2.50 to $5.
Ulsters, $4.25 to $12.

Real Shetland Hand-knit Wool Shawls and Spencers.

Ladies' Black Velvet Hats

With trimming of tips, ribbon velvet and ornaments; also with tips, velours, ospray or ornaments; several styles to choose from, or made to order at 7.00
Very Handsome Styles in Black Taffeta Silk Hats at $8.00 each.

Ladies' Toques

In Colored Felts and Velvets, with trimmings of breasts, wings and ornaments; also in black, suitably trimmed, special from $5.00 to..... 8.50

Stylish Neckwear

Many new forms and styles.

Mail Orders

For samples, goods or estimates given prompt attention.

JOHN CATTO & SON
King-street—Opposite the Postoffice.

Public Amusements

Clergy at the Theatre.

One of the most romantic characters in fiction or the drama is the John Storm of Hall Caine's famous novel and play, "The Christian," at the Grand to-night. Both the book and the play are well known to Americans. It is calculated that over 4,000,000 people have read the story in America alone. The play is also exceedingly popular here, having been originally produced in America, and presented for 35 weeks at the Knickerbocker Theatre in New York and the Boston Museum in Boston.

The composite character of John Storm was suggested to Mr. Caine in great part by the career of the Hon. James Granville Adderley, the fifth son of Lord Norton, who is known to fame as Father Adderley, the Anglican priest of Berkeley Chapel, Mayfair, London. He is vowed "brother of mercy," and abandoned a career in the English service to become a missionary among the most depraved and the poorest of London. Another noted character, an Anglican priest of the London slums, whose personality and disposition suggested certain traits to Mr. Caine in the creation of John Storm, was Rev. A. H. Stanton, who is known to the dissolute about Seven Dials as "Daddy Stanton." The Christian Company numbers over 50 people and two carloads of scenery will be transported to the Grand Opera House stage to-day. A large number of clergymen will attend at the Grand Opera House to-night, upon the invitation of Mr. Caine, for the purpose of judging the play upon its merits.

Escape of a Military Prisoner.

When the announcement made that a scenic device of a melodramatic production includes an escape from the prison, to the mind of the general theater-goer it implies but little. This favorite situation, climax and artifice of the dramatic author has been so often shown that, in the words of the gallery god, "It's a chestnut," and presents no novelty. Sandwiched in among a number of other stirring climaxes in the sensational melodrama, "Reaping the Whirlwind," which will be produced at the Toronto Opera House to-night, appears an "escape from prison," but the author of this late success claims that, while he offers the "chestnut" as one of his climaxes, he has gotten away from the beaten track and presents a new departure in the manner of his representation. In giving this effect, he brings about a situation entirely new, and one that is consistently and judiciously conceived. He shows the escape of a military prisoner, brought about by throwing a handful of pepper, saved from his meals, into the eyes of the jailer. His ascent over the turrets of the castle, his thrilling dive into space while the guards fire upon him, and his appearance in the open sea beyond, form a startling and stirring climax which never fails to meet with unrounds applause from the interested spectator.

The Silver King.

In casting about for a melodrama with which to fill the thirteenth week of its engagement at the Princess, the Valentine Company could not have made a better selection than "The Silver King," a well-tried and oft-proved favorite, with all classes of people. The sterling merit of the play is best exemplified in the great financial success that has attended it ever since the original production, and, altho it has been before the public for a greater number of years than is allotted to the career of the average melodrama, its popularity is as great to-day as when it was first produced. People regard it as one of the classics, and there are few theatre-goers who do not esteem it a duty almost to renew acquaintances with its many interesting characters, whenever the opportunity presents itself. It is a fortunate circumstance that the Valentine Company have elected to revive such a worthy drama, for by doing so the playgoers are assured that they will see the fine old play under the most favorable conditions. That "The Silver King" is regarded as a special event by Princess patrons is demonstrated by the large advance sale for the week. There will be but three matinees—to-morrow, Thursday and Saturday.

At Shea's To-Day.

For to-day Mr. Shea announces as his head liner the distinguished actor, Mr. Robert Hilliard. Mr Hilliard and his own company will appear in the pathetic episode in one act, entitled "The Littlest Girl," as dramatized by Mr. Hilliard from Richard Harding Davis' story, "Her First Appearance." For a special attraction Mr. Shea has secured Al. Sheam and Charles L. Warren, who will present their laughable travesty, "Quo Vadis Upside Down." The other attractions on the bill are Cheridah Simson, vocalist and musical comedienne; Callahan and Mack in their up-to-the-minute Celtic comedy; William H. Windom and the Blackstone Quartet; Mark Sullivan in a monolog; the nimble Nevaros and Johnston and Blodgett.

Leipzig Vocal Quartet.

Out of the ordinary was the program presented by the Leipzig Vocal Quartet at Association Hall on Saturday night. The odd features were the character of the songs and the fact that the singing was not applauded (with one or two exceptions) by request.

The explanation of the latter circumstance is, as announced by Prof. W. H. VanderSmissen in opening the concert, that the quartet do not sing for money or applause, but for love of the art and educational value which the songs may possess.

The selections were all taken from the Evangelical Church music of Germany, representing the sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth and nineteenth centuries. The songs were all sung in German, the English translations were furnished to the audience. They were unaccompanied by any instrumental aid.

The quartet consists of Herr Bruno Roethig, tenor, director; Clara Roethig, his wife, soprano, Fraulein Hedwig Risch, an alto of unusual excellence, and Herr Eugen Tannewitz, basso.

While voices of as much individual excellence have frequently been heard here, the blending of the voices is admirable, and has rarely been surpassed. As a quartet they exhibit a mastery of technic and a relative value of proportion so nicely balanced that the voices sound as one.

The proceeds of the concert will be devoted to the Lutheran Church of the Trinity, on Bond-street, and our worthy Teuton citizens were present in large numbers. The audience was large, including many members of the city choirs, to whom the singing of the quartet was doubtless instructive.

To-Night's Great Concert.

For to-night's concert at Massey Music Hall, in which Arthur Friedheim, the great pianist, and the Clary Concert Company, are associated, it is stated by the management that two distinct combinations are offered at prices which are less than have hitherto been asked for either. It is only possible for such arrangements to be offered in large auditoriums like Massey Hall. To-night the public will hear the greatest interpreter of Liszt, in Friedheim, and the greatest American contralto of the day in Mary Louise Clary. In the same program there will be an instrument that will be heard by many, the harp played by the ablest soloist of the time, John Cheshire. Miss Celia Schiller, concert pianist, will add greatly to the concerted work. Friedheim's piano numbers are admirably chosen, and will delight Liszt, Rubinstein and Mendelssohn, and are not of a heavy character, while Miss Clary's numbers will delight the ears of both musicians and amateurs.

To-Night's Popular Concert.

The program to be given at the first Monday popular concert in Victoria Hall this evening is as follows:

Mendelssohn Trio, op. 49, three movements
Stephens Adam ....."The Young Royalist"
Mr. David Ross.
Johnson ....."Reverie" (cello)
Popper ....."Hungarian Rhapsodie"
Miss Richardson.
Whitcombe Riley ....."Grigsby Station"
Marietta Holley ....."Alluring"
Ena Scott Raff.
Golterman—Duo, op. 5 (piano and 'cello).
Gounod's Faust....."Dio Possente"
Mr. David Ross.
Eliza Stuart Phelps ....."Annie Laurie"
Ena Scott Raff.
Gade Trio, op. 42—Miss Ethel Husband, Miss Lina Adamson, Miss Hilda Richardson.

Festival Chorus Rehearsal.

The general rehearsal of the Festival Chorus and Orchestra takes place on Tuesday night in the Metropolitan Church school-room at 8 o'clock. Mr. Torrington expects every member to be present. The Christmas performance will be on Dec. 18 at Massey Hall. Mlle. Trebelli, Miss Carter (Boston), Holmes Cowper (Chicago) and David Ross will be the soloists.

Toronto Orchestra.

The Toronto Orchestra is making rapid progress with the music of the first program, so much so that work will be commenced at the rehearsal next Saturday night. General good will is being shown towards the establishment of the orchestra, and the subscriptions are coming in steadily. A selection from Carmen will be included in the second program.

Mr. Torrington invites the amateurs who took part in the orchestra at last year's performance of the "Messiah" to join the chorus of John Porter, and that for the Christmas "Messiah" performance this year.

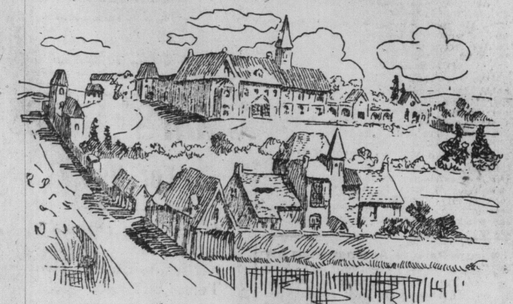
The Future Home IN BELGIUM OF Ex-President Kruger

As soon as ex-President Kruger reaches Belgium he will find his future home all ready for him. Thanks to the generosity of Oswald d'Aumerle, a Boer sympathizer in Belgium, the Chateau d'Anderlecht has been put at the disposal of the refugee ex-president by its owner. M. d'Aumerle has owned this chateau only two years, and when he bought it it was exceedingly run down, but he spent money on it liberally, and made it look as if it really were an ancestral seat.

M. d'Aumerle has had great sympathy with the Boers all along, not because of any special hostility to England, but because he believed in preserving inviolate the sanctity of small nations. So, when it became known that Kruger was on his way to Belgium, the Belgian got together several of his friends and fellow-countrymen who believed in the Boer cause, and proposed to them that he give up his chateau to the use of the refugee. They were willing, of course, and so the scheme was brought about.

Anderlecht is a pretty suburb southeast of Brussels and consists of handsome mansions dotted about in grounds of limited extent on the slopes of the undulating country. The chateau is reached by a drawbridge crossing a narrow moat, and the road leads directly to the colonnades which form the front of the mansion. The main gate is flanked by two colossal busts, which formerly belonged to the Castle of Gravesande. On the right of the vestibule is Mr. Kruger's antechamber, which is furnished in Gothic style. Here the ex-president will find a large Bible, of which book he is said to be so fond. It is more than seven inches thick, and was printed in 1772. The grounds have an area of ten acres, laid out by M. d'Aumerle, who also drew the sketch of the chateau and its surroundings accompanying this article.

There are two odd coincidences connected with this gift. Catholic monks built the chateau three centuries ago, and now it will shelter the ex-president of a Protestant republic, who is a descendant of the Huguenots. Besides this, the chateau once was occupied by King Leopold I., who slept in the same bedroom which is assigned to Mr. Kruger.



CHATEAU D'ANDERLECHT, WHERE KRUGER WILL LIVE.

BRITISH MINISTERS DIRECTORS OF COMMERCIAL CORPORATIONS

Thirteen Out of Twenty Are In This Business—Motor Cars May Be Used by the War Office—Another Charge Against Chamberlain.

London, Nov. 17.—Minimum news and maximum rain were the distinguishing features of the week. Such gloomy, wet days as experienced here recently are unusual, even for London. Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, that central figure in British politics, can congratulate himself for more reasons than one upon his absence from murky London. He is sojourning on the sunny Mediterranean, and is temporarily safe from the vigorous personal attacks which continue to be made upon him by the Liberals, from Sir Henry Campbell Bannerman down.

Another Charge Against Chamberlain.

The latest and most important of these is a statement made by The Morning Leader, showing Mr. Chamberlain holds £7900 (shares) in the Colombo Commercial Company, which is receiving large contracts for housing Boer prisoners in Ceylon. What makes the case still more damaging is the fact that Mr. Chamberlain sanctioned, as Colonial Secretary, a regulation laid down by the Governor of Ceylon, strictly prohibiting any officer of the local Government from interesting himself or his family in private business. In other words, Mr. Chamberlain forbids his subordinates, under pain of severe penalty, to do what he himself is doing on a large scale. It now seems impossible for Mr. Chamberlain to avoid explanations, for which he will undoubtedly be asked when Parliament reassembles.

Government Officials as Directors.

Another feature in the same connection, of which the Liberals are making no little capital, is the extraordinary number of directorships in private companies held by Government officers. Of the 20 Cabinet Ministers, 13 are directors, while between all the 36 Ministers 27 directorships are held. The list commences with Lord Salisbury, who assists in the management of an insurance company, and includes Lord Selborne, who is both First Lord of the Admiralty and a director of the Peninsula & Oriental Steamship Company; Mr. Gerald Balfour, who unites a directorship in an aluminum company with the Presidency of the Board of Trade and many other incongruous associations, several of the companies being financially discredited. With such flagrantly weak spots in the armor of the new Cabinet, it is no wonder the Liberals are imploring Lord Rosebery to lead the party. Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman's appeal to the ex-Premier only voices the feeling of the majority of the party, but it was accompanied by such bitter denunciations of the so-called Imperialists that it can scarcely be expected to produce such results.

Motor Cars for War Service.

American enterprise in Great Britain now promises to revolutionize the methods of the War Office. The problem of the transportation of stores, guns and men over the country having no railroads has long exercised the army experts. Traction engines, bullocks, elephants, horses and mules have been tried with only moderate success. With the view of displacing these, a series of experiments is occurring in England, before a War Office commission, in which an American motor car suitable for war service, having on board the driver and the inventor, attained a speed of 30 miles an hour on grass, going over obstacles and undulations without the slightest difficulty or injury. Further trials are still necessary, but the British officers were favorably impressed with the performance of the motor car, and are likely to recommend its adoption by the War Office.

KING OSCAR NEARING DEATH.

The Courts of Norway and Sweden Are Now Saddened by the Coming End.

Berlin, Nov. 17.—King Oscar, in spite of his 70 years, looked such a picture of superb mental and physical vigor, when here last spring, that it is difficult to credit the authentic reports received from Stockholm that not only is he in the last stages of galloping consumption, but that his mind is likewise entirely gone—in one word, that he is to-day a complete mental and physical wreck, to whom inevitably early death will prove a happy relief.

The court of Stockholm is indeed enveloped in gloom this winter, for the Queen of Sweden's mind has for some time been completely unhinged by religious melancholia of such an acute character that she is kept in complete seclusion, her physician compelling her to resort to all sorts of bodily exercise, even to the extent of gardening out of doors, and of sweeping and scrubbing indoors, in the hope that physical fatigue will diminish her disposition to brood and to hypochondria.

COLOMBIA IN BAD SHAPE.

The Insurrection Has Killed Business and Yellow Fever is Growing Epidemic.

Kingston, Jamaica, Nov. 18.—The British steamer Atrato, Captain Copp, which left Southampton, Oct. 17 for Barbados, arrived here to-day from Colon, Colombia. Captain Copp reports that the insurgents had gained several important victories during the fortnight that preceded his departure, and that when he left Colon they were marching in force against Panama, where the stores had been closed, in momentary expectation of an attack.

He says that the three-masted schooner, Marie Isabelle, was ordered to leave Colon Thursday because she had a large cargo of gunpowder, which the Colombian authorities believed was intended for the rebels, altho it was consigned to a neighboring Republic. It appears also from Capt. Copp's statement that business in Colombia is generally at a standstill, that exchange is now at 1200, and that the military difficulties of the situation are complicated by an outbreak of yellow fever, rapidly approaching the proportions of an epidemic, at Port Limon and Bocas del Toro.

KAISER WILL CROWN HIMSELF

As King of Prussia, Over Which He Has Reigned for Past Twelve Years—Will Also Crown Empress

ON JAN. 18, A HISTORIC ANNIVERSARY

The Ceremony Will Be a Magnificent Pageant in Every Sense of the Word.

Berlin, Nov. 17.—On Jan. 18 next, the two hundredth anniversary of the coronation of the great Elector of Brandenburg as the first King of Prussia, Emperor William will not only crown himself King of Prussia, but, following the example of his predecessors on the throne, will crown the Empress Queen, while she kneels before him.

The ceremony will take place at Koenigsberg, where the Kings of Prussia have been crowned from the time the great Elector first assumed the regal rank, and, as at the time of the coronation of the present Kaiser's grandfather, nearly forty years ago, house rents have gone up to a fantastic extent at Koenigsberg in view of the demand for the accommodation not only of all royal and imperial guests, but likewise of the special missions and embassies which all the foreign powers, including the United States, have been invited to send.

His title of German Emperor is an honorary dignity accorded to him in his capacity as President of the Confederation of German Sovereigns, who, as they frequently remind him, are not his vassals, but his allies. There is no regalia provided for the German Emperor. The crown, the sceptre and the orb of the old Emperors of Germany are all in the possession of the Emperor of Austria, at Vienna.

The ceremony will be very picturesque, an interesting and magnificent pageant in every sense of the word, the more so as in these modern times coronations seem to have gone out of fashion as no longer in keeping with the spirit of the age, the rulers of Belgium, Holland, Italy, Bavaria, Wurtemberg, Saxony, Spain, Portugal and Greece never having been crowned.

THE LATE C. H. HUBBARD.

Funeral Will Take Place This Afternoon to St. James' Cemetery.

The funeral of the late Charles H. Hubbard will take place this afternoon from the residence, 71 Grosvenor-street, to St. James' Cemetery. Mr. Hubbard was able to attend to his business until a little over a week ago, when he was attacked with illness. Death ensued on Friday last, heart failure being the cause.

The death of Mr. Hubbard removes a prominent business man. He was born in London, England, in 1832, and sailed for New York in 1851. He stayed there until 1856, when he moved to Toronto, and for a few years became a man of eminent standing in the business world. Mr. Hubbard's business was dental supplies, and his establishment was at 44 West Adelaide-street. He was the only manufacturer of gold leaf in Canada, and supplied it for all the cathedrals in this country. He was known to be an old-style English business man of the highest probity in all his dealings.

Deceased is survived by two daughters, Mrs. Fred. Crompton and Mrs. (Dr.) Beatty Nesbitt. His wife predeceased him in 1887. He was connected with Grace Church, and was a member of St. George's Society and King Solomon Lodge, A. F. and A. M.

BURNING OF THAT NEGRO

Has Made People of Denver Anxious to Discuss Return to Capital Punishment.

Denver, Col., Nov. 17.—A mass meeting has been called for to-morrow afternoon at the First Baptist Church to protest against the work of the Limon mob, and to discuss the question of a restoration of capital punishment. Governor Thomas has promised to address the meeting.

NO REMAINS OF NEGRO LEFT.

His Body Was Entirely Burned and it is Not Likely an Inquest Will Be Held.

Limon, Col., Nov. 17.—It is unlikely an inquest will be held over the remains of Preston Porter, jr., the self-confessed murderer of Louise Frost, who was burned at the stake by a mob at Lake Station last night. In fact, the coroner can find no remains upon which to hold an inquest.

A few men remained late last night at the spot out on the prairie where the murder had been committed and avenged, and renewed the fire again and again until every vestige of the negro was consumed. The iron rail to which Porter was bound will be left standing.

About 700 people witnessed the lynching. No women were there, but many of them went to the scene before the fire was lighted, and remained while the negro was led from carriage to carriage for inspection. The vote was a unit for burning.

A mound of earth has been piled around the iron rail so as to cover the ashes. It will remain as a monument, in sight of all passing trains.

Open Verdict at Inquest.

Limon, Col., Nov. 18.—After being notified that some fragments of the bones of the human being had been found on the prairie near where John Porter was burned at the stake, Coroner Brown and a jury summoned by him gathered up the remains and held an inquest. The jury's verdict was to the effect that the remains were those of John Porter, and that "Death was at the hands of parties unknown." The remains were buried in a small box near the scene of the lynching.

Of Course Queen's Cheered.

Kingston, Nov. 17.—People stood for several hours in the rain to-day to see the bulletins of the Varsity-McGill game, for upon it depended the result of Queen's securing the inter-collegiate championship. When the first half was announced faces grew glum, for the outlook was not promising, but when the final score was given there were hearty cheers for Varsity's good work and Queen's lucky manner of securing the championship for the closing year of the nineteenth century.

PAINS IN THE CHEST

A Warning to Guard the Lungs by the Timely Use of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine

Raw, burning, tearing pains in the chest, aggravated by deep breathing or coughing, aching bones, a sense of fatigue, loss of energy, flashes of heat and cold are indications of a deep-seated cold, which, if it has its way, will probably develop into consumption or pneumonia.

It is for just such severe chest and bronchial colds that Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is intended. It is no ordinary cough medicine, but thoroughly cures the cold at the same time that it loosens the cough and aids expectoration.

This famous home treatment has done much to endear the name of Dr. A. W. Chase to many thousands of fathers and mothers whose children it has saved from croup, whooping cough, bronchitis and severe colds.

Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is sold by nearly every medicine dealer in Canada. Many of them have preparations to offer you on which they have a larger profit. When you make up your mind to have Dr. Chase's prescription, insist on getting it. 25 cents a bottle; family size (three times as much), 60 cents, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

PREMIER'S SILVER WEDDING

Testimonial of Esteem From Colleagues and Supporters in the Ontario Government

PRESENTED TO MR. AND MRS. ROSS.

Probably the Most Elaborate Cabinet of Silverware Ever Given in Toronto.

Saturday night the colleagues of Hon. G. W. Ross assembled at his residence, 1 Elmsley-place, to commemorate the silver wedding of the Premier, and express, at the same time, their appreciation of his worth as a public man as well as an associate. The presentation took the form of a most elaborate cabinet of silverware, one of the finest ever seen in Toronto.

A Splendid Gift.

It consists of more than fifteen dozen pieces, including berry forks, oyster forks, individual butter spreads, egg spoons, coffee spoons, small teaspoons, regular teaspoons, dessert spoons, table forks, dessert knives, table knives, a carving set of five pieces, a soup ladle, gravy ladle, berry spoon, preserve spoon, mustard spoon, salt spoons, sugar sifter, sugar shell, sugar tongs, ice cream server, cucumber server, beef fork, pie knife, and pie server. The entire set is of solid silver, the knives being especially handsome. The cabinet itself contains three drawers and is made from the finest quarter-cut oak, with silver-plated handles and other mountings. The name plate bears the following inscription: "Presented to the Honorable George W. Ross, LL.D., Premier of Ontario, and Mrs. Ross, the 17th day of November, 1900, being the 25th anniversary of their marriage, by his colleagues in the Government and followers in the Legislature."

Presented by Hon. Mr. Latchford.

The presentation was made by the Hon. F. R. Latchford, who read the following address:

Hon. Geo. W. Ross, LL.D., Premier of Ontario:

Honored and Dear Sir,—You colleagues in the Government and your followers in the Legislature, having learned that this is the twenty-fifth anniversary of your marriage, decided that they could not allow the opportunity to pass without offering to yourself and Mrs. Ross their heartiest congratulations. They also wish, at the same time, to give some tangible proof of their earnest and unswerving loyalty to you as their leader, and of their high esteem and admiration for Mrs. Ross, who, while proving a helpmate to her husband, has also endeared herself by unfailing kindness of heart, tact and courtesy to your many followers.

We recall the fact that before you entered the Legislature you rendered great service to the Liberal party as a member of the House of Commons. Your keenness and eloquence in debate won for you a foremost place in the Parliament at Ottawa. In the Ontario Legislature you held a commanding position from the time you entered it. Your opponents and your followers alike have at all times acknowledged your devotion to duty, your tact in administration and your skill in leadership. It will always be remembered to your credit and honor that you have unfailingly and uncompromisingly resisted all attempts to divide our people on lines of race or creed, and that your ideal has ever been a united Canada. We confidently expect further victories for the Liberal party under your prudent and vigorous leadership.

In conclusion we ask of you to accept from us for yourself and Mrs. Ross this cabinet of silverware, and we earnestly hope that many anniversaries of your wedding may await both you and Mrs. Ross.

Hons. J. M. Gibson, R. Harcourt, John Dryden, E. J. Davis, Wm. Harty, J. T. Garrow, J. R. Stratton, F. R. Latchford and Messrs. W. J. McKee, J. H. Douglas and C. M. Bowman, whips, on behalf of the Liberal members of the Legislature.

Toronto, Nov. 17, 1900.

The Premier made a most effective reply, acknowledging in graceful terms his appreciation of the gift and the spirit which had prompted it, and assuring his colleagues and supporters of his cordial reciprocity of the sentiments expressed.

THAT ATTACK ON J. K. STEWART.

President Robertson Makes an Explanation at the Temperance League Meeting.

The cry which went broadcast last week from temperance people all over the city demanding an apology from the Canadian Temperance League for allowing the Hon. J. G. Woolley, the Chicago temperance advocate, to use insulting language to Mr. J. K. Stewart, one of the city's most prominent temperance workers, when he addressed the league at Massey Hall was given attention yesterday by the president, J. S. Robertson.

On arising, Mr. Robertson said that those who read the papers last week would know what happened at the last meeting. The many letters written, he said, put a different light on the subject, but he would not fan the flame, to give the enemies of the league a chance to criticize. He said the league regretted as much as anybody that Mr. Woolley should have clothed his words in such a way as to give offence. As to the articles written in the paper, Mr. Woolley explained himself. It was with Mr. Woolley as with all newspapers and men in public life. They are pestered with letters demanding explanations, etc., and if they paid attention to them, their time would be all occupied. The waste paper basket was kept for all such pestering and bothering communications. It was a natural conclusion, from the letters received, that Mr. Woolley should have labored under the impression that Mr. Stewart was a licensed victualler, instead of an inspector. He did not think he was a temperance man, and, naturally, thought from his letters he was an enemy of the cause. In conclusion, he said he regretted the circumstance, but the league, for the past twelve years, had been building up a wall against drunkenness and the liquor traffic, and in that time they would always find them loyal to God to law, and to anything they undertook.

An Outside View.

Brockville Recorder: The Temperance League ought to be proud of itself in backing up a Yankee slanderer of the British people, who also used his position on a Canadian platform to insult a Canadian whose only fault was that he had refused to pass unnoticed the attacks on the British people. Chairman Scott ought to get a medal.

Woolley's Attack on Stewart.

Editor World: I attended the Temperance League meeting in Massey Hall this afternoon, thinking that the society would probably have the manliness to apologize for permitting the pro-Boer wind-mill, Woolley, to vilify a good Canadian and prominent temperance man like Mr. J. K. Stewart, by denouncing him as "the creature or associate of the Canadian gin-mill." Nothing of the kind happened, however. President Robertson partly read and partly recited a "defence" or "explanation," which, stripped of pious verbiage, really excused Mr. Woolley on the ground that he thought that Mr. Stewart was a "licensed victualler," and concluded with a peroration bubbling over with loyalty to Canada, the temperance cause and things in general. Of course he left untouched Woolley's pro-Boerism. This kind of stuff may evoke the sympathy of emotional weaklings, who believe that Toronto is surely going to the dogs and that only slang-slingers of the Woolley type can prevent disaster, but the level-headed part of the community is not so easily entrapped. No cause, however worthy, can justify the appearance on a Canadian platform of a man who, with voice and pen, has sought to embitter the people of the United States against us and the Motherland, and those who make such justification are sadly lacking in ennobling ideas of the duties of citizenship.

Johnny Canuck.

Nov. 18, 1900.

Blaze at Port Colborne.

Port Colborne, Ont., Nov. 18.—About 2 o'clock this morning fire completely destroyed the building formerly occupied by the Ontario Silver Plate Co. at Humberstone. Cause of fire unknown.

END OF A BEAUTIFUL WOMAN

Consternation in Parisian Social Circles Over a Tragedy Enacted on Saturday.

COUNTESS SHOT BY HER HUSBAND

Because He Found the Woman Leaving the Apartment of a Former Admirer.

Paris, Nov. 17.—Count De Cornulier this afternoon surprised his wife, the Countess Cornulier, visiting an apartment of a gentleman in the Rue Du Province. The count met the countess on the stairway and fired three shots at her. She died on her way to a hospital. The count was arrested. The family is a prominent one. The count's brother is an army colonel, and the count is well known in the highest Parisian society. He is 43 years of age. His wife was 31 years of age. She was formerly Mlle. Genevieve Bineau De Viennay. A suit for separation was pending between the count and countess.

Consternation in Social Circles.

The shooting of the Countess de Cornulier created consternation in social circles, where both the Count and Countess were prominently known. The Countess was a woman of unusual beauty and was often seen at the theatres, race courses and other resorts frequented by the elite of Paris. She was a daughter of Count De Vianney, whose family is highly respected. She was married to Count Charles de Cornulier 14 years ago, and three children are the result of the union, the eldest of whom is 13 years of age.

The Marriage Was Unhappy.

The marriage proved an unhappy one, and, acting upon the advice of her father, the Countess separated from her husband four years ago. Recently, a decree was rendered giving her possession of the children. The Count then began his espionage and discovered that the Countess frequently visited M. Leroux, one of her former admirers. Count de Cornulier claimed that a liaison was maintained by the couple, but the best information is that M. Leroux acted as the legal adviser of the Countess. It is stated that her father chose him to manage her affairs.

Hid Himself in the Stairway.

Yesterday the Count watched M. Leroux's home, but the Countess did not visit her adviser. To-day, finding her landau before M. Leroux's door, the Count secreted himself on the stairway, and when the Countess descended, without a word, fired three times, each shot taking effect. His wife never regained consciousness after the shooting, dying in the ambulance, which was summoned to take her to the hospital.

Count Took it Calmly.

The Count was exceedingly calm upon surrendering himself, saying: "I did it. I am her husband." He was the first to give aid to his wife after she fell, and asked that a priest be sent for. He asserted that he did not intend to kill his wife, but wanted to create a scandal.

The Count Was Poor.

The killing of Countess De Cornulier by her husband was the principal topic yesterday at the clubs and in social circles generally. Count De Cornulier's condition prior to his marriage was rather humble, and after his separation from his wife he lived in a small apartment in the Latin quarter, evidently maintaining himself on a very modest income.

Countess Lived in Style.

The Countess, on the other hand, lived in fine style, and it was evident that his changed domestic conditions, especially as they contrasted with those of the Countess, greatly depressed him.

The Father Denies Impropriety.

The statement by M. Leroux, the advocate, at whose apartments the Countess was shot, that she had placed her affairs in his hands in the suggestive way that they, and Count Pierre de Viennay, is corroborated by the latter, who emphatically denies that there was any impropriety whatever in the relations existing between his daughter and her legal representative.

LATEST FROM GRAND FORKS.

The Granby Smelter Continues to Surprise the Management—Notes From the Mines.

Grand Forks, B. C., Nov. 18.—(Special correspondence.)—Morris McNamee, one of the contractors on the Bonanza, is down from the mine, and reports favorable progress in the development work. The crosscut for the west drift is now in highly mineralized rock, and the lead is expected at any time.

The shaft on the Betts claim on Hardy Mountain, in which work was recently resumed, has broken into a large body of high-grade copper ore, which entirely fills the bottom. Plans are now on foot for development of this mine on an extensive scale, and will be ready for announcement within the week.

The Granby smelter continues to surprise the management. Last Saturday 768 tons of ore were run thru, or 263 tons more than the guaranteed capacity of the plant. The ore was from the Old Ironsides and Knob Hill mines, and was self-fluxing. Sixty per cent. matte was turned out, which is above the average.

Work has been resumed on the Oro Denoro Mine in Summit Camp, with a large force of men. The mine has already been developed to the extent of $20,000, and is considered one of the big properties of the district.

Drifting is in progress on a solid ore body at the 300-foot level of the Golden Crown. Up to date, the mine has shipped 2500 tons of ore.

The Jewel Mine in Long Lake Camp has commenced shipping to Rossland. This mine was one of the first located in the Boundary District, and is conceded to be one of the most important.

VETERANS' ANNUAL BANQUET.

Old Soldiers Commemorate the Relief of Lucknow in a Right Royal Manner.

Her Majesty's Imperial Army and Navy Veterans commemorated the Relief of Lucknow by holding their annual banquet on Saturday night in the Temple Cafe. About 150 men, who have at one time or another seen active service, were in attendance, and a most enjoyable time was spent.

The cafe was made pretty with large Union Jacks, while pictures of the Queen and generals who have won distinction in South Africa graced the walls.

The Toast List.

President W. J. Gibbs presided, and Mr. John Nunn was master of ceremonies, in the absence of the secretary, John R. Gray, who is ill. After partaking of a sumptuous repast, served by W. H. Winter, the toasts of "The Queen" and the "Prince of Wales and Royal Family" were honored, followed by the "British Army." This was responded to by Col. Milligan, Capt. Drayton, Sergt.-Major Martin and Sergt. Charles Smith, while the toast of the "British Navy" was coupled with the names of Major Harston, late of the Royal Marines, and J. Kemish, late gunnery instructor, Royal Navy.

Volunteer Marine Force.

In his address, Major Harston suggested the establishment in this country of a volunteer marine force, which could do duty both on land and water.

"The Day We Honor" was responded to by Capt. Whitelaw, 48th Connaught Rangers; Sergt. Ellingsworth, 93rd Regiment, and Sergt. H. Roland, 64th Regiment.

Lieut.-Col. Mason, Lieut.-Col. Graves and Lieut.-Col. Smith spoke for the "Auxiliary Forces." Col. Mason claimed credit for the auxiliary forces in South Africa, and declared that thru their work the splendid resources of the British Army were made known.

Soldier Graves in Lucknow.

Col. Graves, who has just recently returned from a trip to India, gave a graphic description of Lucknow at the present time, telling of the many mounds which adorn that historic spot—mounds where lie the bones of British soldiers.

J. Tomlinson, commander of Knowlton Post, G.A.R., replied to the toast of "Sister Societies."

Interspersed with the speeches were songs by J. Kemish, W. R. Simmons, Edward Lee and Mr. Williams.

Letters of regret were read from the Governor-General, Major-General O'Grady Haly, Col. and of Barrie and Lieut.-Col. Sam Hughes.

ASTHMA CURED

There Were Only Four Cases of Asthma in Nanaimo, B.C., and Have All Been Cured by Clarke's Kola Compound.

FACTS AS GIVEN BY A LEADING DRUGGIST.

Mr. Watkinson, a bricklayer with Vancouver Coal Co., states:

Clarke's Kola Compound is the only preparation that ever gave him any permanent relief from asthma. Before taking this remedy he lost one month's work through asthma, and since he has not lost a day during the past year. He says: "I consider it a godsend to the asthmatic."

A well-known cigarmaker who used to be a great sufferer, and could not do any traveling outside this city, told me the other day he makes his trips to Union and other places regularly, and has not had a single attack of asthma for over a year. "Thanks to Clarke's Kola Compound." He said no amount of money could estimate its value to him.

Mr. J. C. Wilson, a carpenter here, was almost a hopeless case, and is now completely free from asthma. He took but four bottles.

Mr. Alex. Dixon, a well known contractor here, who was the first case of asthma cured, says he has spent hundreds of dollars during ten years in search of a cure, but has at last found it in Clarke's Kola Compound. He took in all about six bottles, and is completely cured. He has sent several fellow-sufferers to my store for it. Signed, F. C. Stearman, Phm.B., Chemist, Nanaimo, B.C.

Clarke's Kola Compound will permanently cure any case of asthma or chronic bronchitis. Sold by chemists everywhere. Send for Dr. Clarke's Book on Asthma, free. Address The G. and M. Co., Limited, 121 Church-street, Toronto.

JOHN LABATT'S EXTRA STOCK ALE LONDON CANADA

ASK FOR Labatt's (LONDON) EXTRA STOCK ALE.

A special brew of the choicest Pale Malt and Hops. Properly matured in wood. Order a trial case from your dealer.

THE MENTHA DENTAL OFFICE
S. E. Cor. Yonge and Richmond Streets.

We kill nerves and remove them painlessly, stopping the toothache instantly. Better fillings or better Crowns and Bridges cannot be had in Toronto than what we are doing daily for our patients. Painless Extraction with a set of best teeth only $8 00. 135

DR. A. ROSE, Proprietor.

"Domestic Finish"

The National is the only laundry in town that can give a "Domestic Finish" to your shirts and collars without steaming them—making them rough, so they catch the dirt easily.

The National "Domestic Finish" is smooth, but not glossy—not steamed.

The National does not wreck shirts or smash collars—it launders them.

Call up 8522 or send to

National SHIRT AND COLLAR Laundry,
110 Adelaide Street West, Toronto.

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Fast and Elegant Train Service
TORONTO TO MONTREAL

Leave Toronto 9.00 a.m. daily.
A cafe parlor car is attached to this train, serving luncheon at any hour during the day, convenient to passengers.
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Latest modern vestibule coaches, Elegant Pullmans.
Tickets, berths reserved and all information at Northwest Corner King and Yonge-streets. Phones 434, 8597.
J. W. RYDER, C.

THE QUESTION OF TAXATION

Prominent Toronto Business Men Appear Before the Assessment Commission.

WHAT WHOLESALE FIRMS ASK.

All They Desire is Fair Treatment—J. J. Maclaren, Q.C., Argues the Case of the Departmental Stores.

"The most equitable method of assessing the stock in trade and other property of merchants, mercantile firms and mercantile corporations."

Again on Saturday this was the subject of enquiry before the Assessment Commission at the Parliament Buildings.

Mr. Hugh Blain First.

The first witness heard was Hugh Blain of the Eby, Blain Company. He denounced the present system of assessment, and declared the wholesale merchants of Toronto wanted taxation conditions under which they could live. These were strong words, but he realized the force of all he said. The present assessment law, as it related to personalty tax, imposed conditions on merchants that it was utterly impossible for them to live up to.

He spoke a word of praise for Assessment Commissioner Fleming, who had always dealt fairly with the wholesale merchants. Yet, if the law was enforced, the wholesale trade of Toronto would have to go to Montreal to escape the excessive and oppressive personalty tax.

His suggested plan of assessment would be to levy on land values, on rental value and on income, and abolish the personalty tax with its consequent irritating inquisitorial methods.

Asked how an assessor could arrive at a man's income, Mr. Blain said he could be sworn.

J. D. Allan's View.

J. D. Allan followed, and objected to the taxing of income. A man's income was derived by the exercise of his brain, and was not a product of the protection of a municipality.

Reverting to the scheme of taxing rental values, he said it had been tried in New Zealand and was found to work splendidly. The conditions there prior to the introduction of the scheme were similar to the conditions prevalent in Ontario to-day. The personalty tax, he declared, had been declared obnoxious as far back as the 12th century.

As to the wholesale trade he repudiated the idea that it desired anything but fair play and was an enemy to the progress of the city.

What Dishonest Men Can Do.

J. A. Proctor, chairman of the Court of Revision, had ideas on the subject of assessment of personalty, and expressed them in a lucid manner. The working of the present Act made it possible for dishonest men to evade its provisions. The result was that many merchants were like the pious miser who never saw the collection plate, but sang lustily: "I'm Glad Salvation is Free." [Laughter.] In his mind, the only remedy was to tax all the goods in a store, whether the merchant owned them or not.

He thought all wealth should be taxed. He could not see the consistency of making a man with money used in a business pay on his income, while the man with his money in real estate paid on his capital. Such a scheme was not equitable. Wealth in whatever shape should be put on the same basis as real estate, and similarly assessed.

Taxing Bank Deposits.

A. E. Kemp asked Mr. Proctor if he would tax the deposits in loan companies and banks. Mr. Proctor replied that as the law now stood money on deposit in banks could be taxed. In fact, a man who held a mortgage could be taxed 8 per cent. of what he was getting from it. In his opinion, the assessor had wisely omitted to carry out these provisions of the law.

Mr. Justice Maclennan: Why?

Mr. Proctor replied that where the assessor would be able to accurately estimate the deposits and income from mortgages of one man, he would be utterly unable to reach ten others. Hence an invidious distinction would crop up.

Mr. Justice Maclennan: "What's the use of a law that you can't enforce?"

A Pointer for the Commission.

Mr. Proctor replied that that was the very question the Assessment Commission should deal with. He suggested that the law should be so amended that if a man gave a false return he could be proceeded against any time within five years after.

Mr. Justice Maclennan: Oh, but experience is against that! You would have half the people in the city in jail.

Mr. Kemp: If $100,000 on deposit in a bank is taxed, should it be taxed when it is taken out and put into industry?

Mr. Proctor thought that if any advantage was to be given to the owners of money, it should be given to men using it in industrial enterprises.

Mr. Fullerton's View.

Corporation Counsel Fullerton, on the question, said that if one stock of a merchant was assessed, his other stocks during the year should be assessed. But this could not be carried out; so, it would be necessary to cling to the present personalty tax or introduce the business tax provided by law.

Speaks for Departmental Stores.

A change in the discussion was here introduced when J. J. Maclaren, Q.C., representing the departmental stores, answered the arguments that have been brought against them. He said he could endorse all Mr. Fudger had said on Friday.

What the Opponents Wanted.

The arguments advanced against departmental stores aimed to put them in a special class, different from retail and wholesale stores, as regards taxation. It was said they should be taxed on their turn-over on a graded scale. The graded tax would be from 1 to 2 per cent. on the turn-over. This idea had been up before the Legislature of the last year. At that time Mr. Elias Rogers had shown that such a tax would, so far as his business was concerned, be greater than the profits he made out of it. He thought the interests of the consumer should be appreciated in the discussion of the subject.

A German Idea.

The turn-over tax was an importation from Germany, and he suggested that Germany was not the place to go to for enlightened legislation. He was going on to show that the legislation of Germany was paternal in its nature when Mr. Justice MacMahon interrupted him by stating that Germany had a law limiting the number of lawyers who could practise in one town and the number of doctors of the same name. He smilingly suggested that perhaps such laws were good.

Unjust Charges Refuted.

Turning his attention especially to the refutation of the charges against departmental stores, he said that there were a number of evils attributed to department stores that did not justly lie at their doors. He considered that there were more stores built in Toronto than could be used. Six years ago the mileage of retail store frontage in Toronto was greater than that of Detroit and Buffalo combined. The troubles of the retailers were due to the busting of the real estate boom.

Retailers Are Picking Up.

As an evidence that retailers were picking up, he said that in 1895 there were 758 vacant stores in Toronto; in 1900 there were only 316. This had happened even while the departmental stores had grown in numbers. It was significant.

Ruin of the Jewelry Business.

As to the effect of departmental stores on the jewelry business, he thought that there was no retail business in Toronto that was in a more flourishing condition than the jewelry business. There were about eight large, first-class jewelry stores on Yonge street, before you reached the first departmental store, going up. He could see no reason why the departmental stores should be taxed because they did a large business. Taxation was not the remedy. The times demanded that large stores should supersede small stores, even as in days gone by large looms superseded small looms.

Outside Business Done.

The departmental stores were willing to accept any fair system of taxation; but it was to be remembered that, like the wholesale stores, a great part of their business was done outside of the province and the city. They were not wedded to any system or principle of taxation. Right here he corrected a misstatement made on Friday by Allan C. Thompson. The correction was that The Robert Simpson Company was assessed on realty $436,000 and on personalty $450,000. The taxes levied on this company this year were $17,000. Next year they would be over $17,000. When it was known that W. R. Brock, on his large warehouse, paid only $3,500 taxes, the $17,000 paid by this one departmental store did not look as if they were trying to evade taxation.

A Better System in Montreal.

Speaking from his own experience and off his own bat, he said that the system of personalty taxation in Montreal was more quitable than that in vogue in Toronto. The tax there was one on rental value. The rental was obtained by valuation. This system was uniform and equable. Perhaps the 7½ per cent. in use in Montreal would, in Toronto, have to be raised to 10 per cent. This could be done fairly. As to the argument that this system would shift the burden to the shoulders of those less able to pay, he suggested that the principle of taxing only the value above a certain amount, as on income, could be adopted.

Frank Mackelcan, Q. C., reiterated the arguments he had advanced on the first day, and was followed by J. Hutton, assessor, of Hamilton, who said he believed in the rental value tax, plus an income tax, as proposed by Hugh Blain.

Mr. Kemp said that he would bring up the various points adduced, before a meeting of the Board of Trade, and hand in a memorial embodying the views of that body.

The committee adjourned to meet on Monday and take up the same subject dealt with during the past two days.

The Next Step.

If the Assessment Commission can finish the enquiry regarding personalty taxation, it will to-day take up, "The most equitable mode of assessing companies operating public franchises under Provincial statutes, or under agreements with municipal corporations, such as companies for supplying water, light, heat or power to municipalities and the inhabitants thereof, telegraph and telephone companies and companies operating railways, street railways or electric railways."

FRENCH DUEL WITH SWORDS.

Captain Coblentz Challenged M. Luzarche and Got the Worst of the Fight.

Paris, Nov. 17.—The Coblentz affair is becoming an issue likely to lead to further anti-Semitic feeling in army circles. A few days ago the Mm. Lebaudy, the well-known turfmen, issued the usual annual invitation to the officers of the military school at Fontainebleau to take part in a hunt. Capt. Coblentz, among other officers, accepted the invitation, but when he appeared the Lebaudys abandoned the hunt on account of the incident at the Auteuil races, Nov. 4, and its outcome. As a result of this treatment on the day of the Lebaudy hunt, Capt. Coblentz sent seconds to M. Roger Luzarche, and a duel with swords was fought this afternoon.

In the second assault Capt. Coblentz received a slight laceration of the right forearm, and in the fourth assault he was twice wounded in the same arm, one of the sword thrusts penetrating the cubital nerve, after which the witnesses ended the contest.

The commanding officer of the Fontainebleau school has forbidden the officers at that institution and the scholars to participate hereafter in the Lebaudy hunts.

M. Luzarche, with whom Capt. Coblentz fought, is a brother-in-law of the Lebaudys.

QUEBEC AND VERMONT.

Railroad Connection to Be Restored—American Company Has Secured a Long Lease.

Washington, Nov. 17.—The State Department has been informed by Commercial Agent Johnson at Standbridge that steps are being taken to re-establish railroad connections between Quebec and Vermont. The old road, owing to its inability to meet liabilities, was closed to traffic 14 or 15 years ago. An American company has leased the road for a term of 99 years, and already has commenced the work of reconstruction. The road extends from St. Lambert, opposite Montreal, via Chambly, to Frelighsburg and the Vermont line, a distance of 53 miles. From this point it extends to Sheldon Junction, where it connects with the Central Vermont Railroad, and also with the Boston & Maine line, running south to Burlington, Vt.

"This road," says Mr. Johnson, "will open up a new agricultural section of Quebec, and in a measure increase trade between this district and the United States."

CITY HALL GOSSIP.

The Lighting Experts Demand Fees to the Extent of $1800—Jails No Place for Insane.

Ald. Urquhart's Committee on Municipal Telephones will meet on Monday, when the distribution of the proposed contract with subscribers and canvassing incidental thereto will be taken up.

The Board of Control expected that the bill of Dr. Rosebrugh and Prof. Ellis for examining the apparatus submitted with the lighting tenders would be $600. There was a good deal of speculation as to what the amount would be. The bill was submitted yesterday, and will not be disposed of under $1800.

The shame of Ontario crying to heaven for vengeance is the confinement of lunatics in the common jails of the province. Lately, a poor woman was so incarcerated in Toronto, and her death sent something like a shiver thru the community. Ald. Sheppard has decided he will take the subject up and have the influence of the city brought to bear upon the Ontario Government.

THAT FATAL CANE RUSH.

It Now Turns Out That Another Freshman Was Seriously Hurt When Moore Was Killed.

Boston, Nov. 17.—It has become known that Harold W. Sherrill of Poughkeepsie, N.Y., a member of the Freshman Class of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, was very seriously injured in the cane rush Thursday afternoon. It was in this rush that Hugh C. Moore of Rochester lost his life. Sherrill's physician announces that the young man will soon recover, unless a relapse occurs.

A PRETTY HOT FIGHT.

Bolomen Attacked American Garrison in the Philippines and Were Slaughtered.

Manila, Nov. 17.—Two hundred Bolomen, with 50 rifles, attacked Bugazon, Island of Panay, Oct. 30. The Americans lost three men killed—Lieut. H. H. Koontz, Sergt. Kitchen and Corp. Burns—all of 44th Infantry. The enemy lost 100 killed, 21 wounded and 20 prisoners.

Peel's Veteran.

Editor World: Perhaps the oldest voter in the recent contest in Peel was Mr. Samuel Conover, in his 93rd year. At Springfield polling division Mr. Conover, his son and grandson—a three-generation plumper—voted for Mr. Blain. Thus a substantial Reform majority in this division in '96 was converted into a Tory majority this time.

J. H. B.

Erindale, Nov. 16, 1900.

Nearly the Whole Town Burned.

Philippi, W. Va., Nov. 17.—At 9 o'clock this morning fire broke out in the Valley Hotel here and destroyed a large portion of the business area of the city. The fire is supposed to have originated from a defective flue in the hotel. The loss will approximate $100,000.

To Give Him a Greeting.

Sergt.-Major J. N. Fawcett, R.R.C.I., and sergeant 12th Regiment, will arrive in the city to-night by C.P.R. at 7 p.m. The sergeants and members of the 12th Regiment are preparing to give him a rousing reception.

Sick American Soldiers.

Washington, Nov. 17.—Gen. Shafter at San Francisco informed the War Department to-day that the transport Logan, which arrived there yesterday, brought 272 sick soldiers. Three soldiers died during the voyage.

A Pipe for Fireman Busteed.

Driver Arthur Busteed was presented with a silver mounted briar pipe, suitably inscribed, by a few of his friends on Saturday evening last, at Bay-street fire station. Driver Thomas Tate made the presentation. The occasion marked Mr. Busteed's promotion and his leaving Bay-street to do duty at Yonge-street station.

For whooping cough and croup, Vapo-Cresolene is a simple and perfect remedy.

TROUBLE NOT REALLY BEGUN

That is the Opinion of Europeans and Americans Who Have Lived Any Time in China.

THE EMPRESS IN A STRONGHOLD.

Impossible for Foreign Troops to Reach Her, and She Can Defy the World.

Shanghai, Nov. 11.—From Pekin to Shanghai it is next to impossible to meet a European or American who has resided any length of time in China, but who believes that the real trouble has not really commenced. They bitterly reproach the powers for not being more severe in their measures, particularly for not absolutely destroying the forbidden city at Pekin. Old residents of Tien Tsin, Che Foo and Shanghai say it was a grave blunder that will in the near future cause the loss of thousands of lives and the destruction of much property. It is a well authenticated fact that hardly a Chinaman outside the Province of Chili believes that the allies have had any success at all.

Shanghai Liar Rivalled.

Papers are sold in Shanghai, giving as graphic details of the alleged capture of Admiral Seymour, Gen. Chaffee and others, as any of the wonderful stories that emanated from the Shanghai liar a few months ago, describing the butchery of Ministers and their families, which were so freely published in all the European and American papers. Two Chinamen were beheaded recently in Shanghai for publishing "wilful slanders and malicious falsehoods, in stating that Pekin had fallen into the hands of the allies, and that the Empress Dowager and the Emperor had fled."

A Danger and a Menace.

The removal of the Empress Dowager and the court recently from Shansi to Shensi is looked upon by foreign merchants, missionaries, and even by most of the converts, as a danger and a menace. A merchant who has been 30 years in China told a correspondent of the Associated Press that it was a place almost impossible for foreign troops to reach if they so desired, and the only feasible way was to go about 1500 miles up the Yangtse River and then 500 miles by land. If the were attempted, however, they would have to fight the greater part of the way. He believed that the Empress Dowager has a hold on the situation, and is only endeavoring to make terms in the name of the Emperor just to gain time, and trusts that in the meanwhile some of the powers may get fighting among themselves.

The Cunning Empress Dowager.

The Empress has issued an edict, or proclamation, announcing her departure from Pekin, not as a flight, but merely to be in a more central position, and informing all officials that the country is menaced by foreigners, but that not enough of them exist in the world to disturb the serenity of the Chinese court.

What Missionaries Say.

Some English missionaries, who have been living in the country, and who at present are in Shanghai, say that the Empress Dowager has a better knowledge or the Chinese situation, the character of the people, and their possibilities, than any other human being alive; also that she has one or two very able advisers. Those missionaries believe that her removal of the court further into the interior means that she thinks that with time on her side she will come off victorious. They laugh at the so-called overtures of the emperor, who they assert has as little to say regarding affairs of state as any school boy.

POWER TRANSMITTED 153 MILES.

A Wonderful Feat in Electrical Development Performed by a Company Out West.

Seattle, Wn., Nov. 17.—The Snoqualmie Falls Power Company of this city performed a novel feat in the driving of an electric motor 153 miles distant from the generator. All the transmission lines of the company were connected up in one continuous circuit, commencing at Snoqualmie Falls, running to Seattle, back to the Falls, then to Tacoma, and back again to the Falls. The regular transmission is 32 miles to Seattle and 44 miles to Tacoma. The tests were conducted for experimental purposes only, and to show that electric transmission of power can be made commercially practicable at much greater distances than has heretofore been contemplated.

ALL GOT A DRENCHING.

Two Hundred Employes of Unger Bros.' Jewelry Establishment at Newark Got Wet.

Newark, N.J., Nov. 17.—There was a panic in the jewelry and silversmith establishment of Unger Bros. of this city today, when a reservoir on the top of the building burst and the water poured down upon the occupants of the place. A portion of the roof was crushed in, and thru the opening water poured down thru the building and flooded every floor. There were 200 employes at work when the break occurred. They became panic-stricken, and made a rush for the exits. All were thoroly drenched, but no one was injured. The loss has not yet been estimated, but will be heavy.

Steamer Calvin in Trouble.

Port Dalhousie, Ont., Nov. 17. — The steamer D. D. Calvin, which left here last night for Kingston, after going down the lake some twelve miles, discovered that her shoe was broken and her rudder bent and put back here for shelter. She will have to be docked before leaving for her destination.

Stopping a Leak.

I'm getting rich fast.

How?

I got my wife to take my camera and lock it up.

THE ARMY OF HEALTH.

The Army in the Philippines Insignificant Compared With This One.

If all the people in the United States, Canada and Great Britain who make daily use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets could be assembled together it would make an army that would outnumber our army of one hundred thousand by at least five to one.

Men and women, who are broken down in health, are only a part of the thousands who use this popular preparation, the greater number are people who are in fair health but who know that the way to keep well is to keep the digestion perfect and use Stuart's Tablets as regularly as meal time comes to insure good digestion and proper assimilation of food.

Prevention is always better than cure and disease can find no foothold if the digestion is kept in good working order by the daily use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Mr. Thomas Seale, Mayfield, Cal., says: "Have used and recommended Stuart's Tablets because there is nothing like them to keep the stomach right."

Miss LeilaIvely, 4627 Plummer-street, Pittsburg, Pa., writes: "I wish everyone to know how grateful I am for Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. I suffered for a long time and did not know what ailed me. I lost flesh right along, until one day I noticed an advertisement of these tablets and immediately bought a 50-cent box at the drug store. I am only on the second box and am gaining in flesh and color. I have at last found something that has reached my ailment."

From Mrs. Del. Eldred, Sun Prairie, Wis. "I was taken dizzy very suddenly during the hot weather of the past summer. After ten days of constant dizziness I went to our local physician, who said my liver was torpid and I had over-heated my blood; he doctored me for two weeks without much improvement; I finally thought of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets (which I had used long before for various bad feelings) and the first three tablets helped me.

"They are easily the best all around family medicine I ever used."

The army of people who take Stuart's Tablets are mostly people in fairly good health, and who keep well by taking them regularly after meals. They contain no opiates, cocaine or any cathartic or injurious drugs, simply the natural peptones and digestives which every weak stomach lacks.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by druggists everywhere in United States, Canada and Great Britain. 135

A JACKET LIKE THIS

is possibly what would please you. You will find our prices on it most reasonable, while the quality of the work, together with the style, is as near absolute perfection as it is possible to make it. Come and see us or send for catalogue. We have many other attractive styles that are almost certain to please you.

Mail orders promptly attended to.

F. Macnab & Co.,

247 Yonge Street. 71

CONSUMPTION SANITARIUM

Dr. Sheard Does Not Want it to Be Under Municipal Control in Any Sense.

PROPOSES A BYLAW FOR $50,000

And That Toronto Pay an Allowance of 40 Cents Per Day for City Patients.

Yesterday Dr. Sheard, Medical Health Officer, submitted the following report upon the request made by the Anti-Consumption League for a $50,000 bylaw for the establishment of a Consumptive Sanitarium.

As the Toronto Association for the Prevention and Treatment of Consumption have submitted to His Worship the Mayor and Council of the corporation of the city of Toronto a request that a bylaw for a grant of $50,000 be submitted to the electors to provide for the consumptive poor of the city of Toronto, I desire to present for the approval of the Local Board of Health the following recommendations in connection therewith:

1st. That the Local Board of Health request that a bylaw be forthwith prepared for submission to the electors providing for the grant of a sum of $50,000 to be applied towards the establishment of a consumptive sanitarium for the city of Toronto, such sum to be reported by the City Treasurer when a similar sum has been paid to him in trust as provisional treasurer of the Trustee Board, by associations, person or persons representing the philanthropic and charitable of the city of Toronto, and which amount so subscribed shall be wholly exclusive of the grants, maintenance, aid, etc., provided for under the Act respecting Municipal Sanitaria for Consumptives, being chapter 57, R.S.O., 1900.

2nd. That it be a condition in the submission of said bylaw that the municipality shall not in the future be called upon to make any further provision as to yearly rates, maintenance, other than the per diem allowance, operations, repairs, extensions or otherwise, and that the trustees shall not at any time incur any liability or expenditure which will necessitate a further appeal to the municipal council for funds.

3rd. That such institution shall be conducted otherwise wholly in accordance with the Act respecting Municipal Sanitaria for Consumptives above referred to; that the institution, construction and management shall be wholly in accordance therewith, that the trustees of said institution shall be appointed in accordance with section 6 of said act; and that said institution shall not be conducted in any sense as a municipal institution.

4th. That such sanitarium or sanitaria shall be of a nature and extent sufficient to adequately provide for patients in all stages of the disease, and shall be available for the poor of the municipality without distinction of class, creed, color or race, and said patients shall be admitted to the institution free of charge upon an order of the Medical Health Officer of the city of Toronto.

5th. That patients chargeable to the city of Toronto shall not be eligible for free maintenance therein until they have been bona fide residents in the city of Toronto for a period of not less than one year and that in addition to the grant of $50,000 hereinbefore mentioned the municipality will pay a per diem allowance of forty cents for each patient admitted from the city of Toronto upon the order of the Medical Health Officer.

6th. That the sanitarium or sanitaria shall not be further distant than 30 miles from the city of Toronto, and the land in connection therewith shall not be less than 50 acres in area.

GREAT MEETING OF ODDFELLOWS.

Indiana Brethren Are Making Preparations for the Sovereign Grand Lodge Meeting.

Indianapolis, Nov. 17.—Indiana Grand Lodge of Oddfellows' officers to-day made arrangements for the meeting of the Sovereign Grand Lodge in this city, Sept. 16 to 21 of next year. It was agreed to offer prizes aggregating $1000 for drills, and considerable sums for prizes for degree work. There are 186 members of the Sovereign Grand Lodge. Leading Oddfellows say 100,000 people will come to Indianapolis to attend or witness the festivities. The convention will act on a constitutional amendment for the admission of delegates from Germany, Australia and other countries. The delegate representation is now confined to the United States and Canada.

TWO HORSE TRAINERS KILLED.

Rear-End Collision on the Alabama and Vicksburg Railway on Saturday.

Jackson, Miss., Nov 17.—Two men were instantly killed and three others received injuries that will probably result fatally in a rear-end collision on the Alabama & Vicksburg road, one mile west of here, this afternoon. The killed: O. Ruffin, horse trainer, Dallas, Texas; and Orna Ruffington, horse trainer.

CUBAN MURDERER WANTED.

Lois Darrell, Who Killed a Soldier, Will Be Brought From East Africa if Possible.

New York, Nov. 17.—The State Department to-day delivered to William Dupuy, as agent for the Government of Cuba, papers to secure the delivery into his custody of Lois Darrell, now held under arrest at Beira, Portuguese East Africa, for the murder of a soldier in Cuba. The case establishes a precedent as to extradition between Cuba and foreign countries.

Revival Services.

Editor World: Toronto just now is favored with the preaching of a man of God of great intellectual power, and, better still, of great spiritual power. I refer to Mr. Russell, a Scotch Presbyterian evangelist, who is conducting revival services in the Central Methodist Church, East Bloor-street.

Mr. Russell has a wonderful insight into the treasures of revealed truth, and freely and powerfully uses science, art and general literature, with incidents of common life, to illustrate the Gospel of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ.

Those who are desirous to help in leading a consecrated life, and those who are asking the question, "What must I do to be saved?" would do well to hear Mr. Russell.

Toronto, Nov. 16, 1900. John Potts.

ABOUT SOME BOOKS.

IAN HAMILTON'S MARCH.

"Ian Hamilton's March" is the title which Mr. Winston Spencer Churchill has given to his second book on the South African war, just published. This book is a continuation of the now famous letters to The Morning Post, which were contributed to that newspaper by this audacious and brilliant correspondent from the seat of war, the first series of which are already familiar to us under the title of "London to Ladysmith, via Pretoria." As its title suggests, and as its preface tells us, this new volume deals chiefly with the march of Lieutenant-General Ian Hamilton's column on the flank of Lord Roberts' main army, from Bloemfontein to Pretoria. This force, which encountered and overcame the brunt of the Boer resistance, which, far from the railway, marched more than 400 miles thru the most fertile parts of the enemy's country, which fought ten general actions and fourteen smaller affairs, and captured five towns, was, owing to the difficulties of telegraphing, scarcely attended by a single newspaper correspondent, and accompanied continuously by none. Little, therefore, was heard of its fortunes, and Mr. Winston Churchill finds in these telling facts sufficient claim to their being reprinted. And, indeed, the history of this gallant force, under its dauntless leader, is at once illuminating and thrilling. It is a complete record of the operations of the flank column from the day when Ian Hamilton left Bloemfontein to attack the waterworks position, until he returned to Pretoria, after the successful engagement of Diamond Hill.

Mr. Churchill devotes the second letter of this series to a defence of the unfortunate Gatacre, who was dismissed from his command, and ordered to England, "broken, ruined and disgraced." Mr. Churchill takes this ground because, he says, General Gatacre has been cruelly persecuted in England by people quite ignorant of the difficulties of war or of the conditions under which it was carried on in the Transvaal. He reviews the soldierly career of the general, and his invaluable services in 1897, in fighting the plague in Bombay; and, "Unable to discuss his tactics in the Boer war, says: 'It is sufficient to observe that Gatacre retained the confidence and affection of his soldiers in the most adverse circumstances. When the weary privates struggled back to camp after the disastrous day of Stormberg, they were quite clear on one point: 'No one could have got us out but him.' Two days before he was dismissed, the Cameron Highlanders passed thru Bethany, and the men recognized the impetuous leader of 'Elsin Cam' change, and, knowing he had fallen among evil days, cheered him with the chivalry of the common man. The poor general was much moved at this spontaneous greeting, which is a very rare occurrence in a disciplined and phlegmatic British army. Let us hope the sound will long ring in his ears, and, as it were, light a bright lamp of memory in the chill and dreary days of life."

At Bloemfontein, April 16, we get an interesting little glimpse of Lord Roberts. Churchill had just arrived and found there mingling with the diversified throng, some of our most distinguished officers—Macdonald, Martyn, Pole-Carew, General French and his staff. "The conversation stops abruptly. Everyone looks round. Strolling across the middle of the square, quite alone, was a very small, grey-haired gentleman, with extremely broad shoulders, and a most unbending back. He wore a staff cap, with a broad red band, and a heavy gold-laced peak, brown riding boots, a tightly-fastened belt, and no medals, orders or insignia of any kind. But no one doubted his identity for an instant, and I knew that I was looking at the Queen's greatest subject, the commander who had, in the brief space of a month, revolutionized the fortunes of the war, had turned disaster into victory, and something like despair into almost immediate triumph."

Before going into the narrative of Hamilton's march, Mr. Churchill pauses to give an account of this famous general's career as a soldier. This forms one of the most absorbing chapters in the book, for Hamilton was at Majuba Hill as a subaltern, and the story of his share in the grim operations of this tragic and terrible day is not rivalled by any of Mr. Churchill's consequent brilliant and graphic accounts of the further operations of "this great soldier who did so much in the second campaign to bring about the revenge of that 'Shameful Hill.' Among the Majuba Hill prisoners were Hector Macdonald and Ian Hamilton. 'The Boers picked out the surrendered prisoners. They looked at Hamilton. He was covered with blood from head to foot. They said, 'You will probably die. You may go.' So he went; staggered back to camp, arrived there delirious next morning. The wrist joint is composed of eight separate bones. The bullet, breaking thru, had disarranged them badly, had even carried one or two away. If he had consented to amputation he would soon have been convalescent. But a soldier must preserve all he can. What with fever and shock he nearly died. For six months he was an invalid. But the hand was saved, so that now the general can hold an envelope between his paralyzed and withered fingers, and sometimes hold a cigaret. For all other purposes it is useless, and when he rides it flaps about helplessly—a glorious deformity."

Concluding his rapid and graphic sketch of the general, Mr. Churchill says: "Ian Hamilton is, as the fine portrait by Sargent, reproduced as the frontispiece of the book, shows him, a man of rather more than middle height, spare, keen-eyed, and of commanding aspect. His highly nervous temperament, animating what appears to be a frail body, imparts to all his movements a kind of feverish energy. Two qualities of his mind stand prominently from the rest. He is a singularly good and rapid judge of character. He takes a very independent view on all subjects, sometimes with a slight bias towards or affection for their radical and democratic aspects, but never or hardly ever influenced by the set of people with whom he lives. To his strong personal charm as a companion, to his temper, never ruffled or vexed by internal irritation or the stir or contrariness of events, his friends, and those who have served under him, will bear witness. He has a most happy gift of expression, a fine taste in words, and an acute perception of the curious, which he has preserved from his literary days. But it is as a whole we should judge. His mind is built upon a big scale, being broad and strong, capable of thinking in army corps, and, if necessary, in continents, and working always with serene smoothness, undisturbed alike by responsibility or danger. Add to all this a long experience in war, a high military renown, both for courage and conduct, the entire confidence and affection of the future Commander-in-Chief, the luck that has carried him thru so many dangers and the crowning advantage of being comparatively young, and it is evident that here is a man who in the years that are to come will have much to do with the administration of the British army in times of peace and its direction in the field."

It is of this man, and his part in the present Boer war, that the rest of the volume treats, and, needless to say, it is absorbing narrative, embracing, as it does, a series of important actions and movements that were of vital importance in the campaign. Israel's Pont, and Hamilton's operations there; General French's work at Thabanchu, the actions of Houtnek, Sand River and before Johannesburg, the fall of Johannesburg, and the capture of Pretoria, together with the action of Diamond Hill, are all discussed and described with clearness and vividness. A capital series of maps and plans of the various actions, operations and marches are given, so that they may easily be followed and understood, and a portrait, after Sargent, of Ian Hamilton forms the frontispiece. The book is bound in khaki linen, with crossed cusign and Union Jack forming an appropriate and beautiful cover. It comes from the press of Copp, Clark Co., Toronto, and is unquestionably one of the notable books of the season.

LIFE OF HENRY GEORGE.

One does not need to subscribe to the philosophy of the late Henry George in order to grow enthusiastic in reading the events of his life from the cradle to the grave. Those events, pulsating with the vigor of a man battling against odds in the cause of truth, have been recently embodied in a neat volume, published by The Poole Publishing Company of Toronto. The author is one than whom no one better could be chosen to bring to the task more loving care—Henry George, jr., the eldest son of the deceased socialist. The plan of the book divides the career of Henry George into epochs, each setting forth lucidly the growth of the Socialist, and of his philosophy, during environment is given, and the works of the Socialist naturally grow out of it. The story of George is an inspiration to a young man, and teaches him that leisure moments taken advantage of may lead him to do something worth while before his life closes. The author's style is vivid, and as one reads on he grows with the subject of the sketch and finds himself entering into his contests with friendly interest. As a boy of 15, Henry George, after a few months at school, ships before the mast and sails to India and back to Philadelphia. Then comes his apprenticeship to a printer, followed by his drifting out to California, where the reverses he met with were more frequent than the bouquets that fell to him. Till he was nearly 30, it was all poverty, but about that he reason of his stalwart citizenship and more than usually trenchant pen, he was able to open the door of Progress, till the publication of his economic treatise, "Progress and Poverty," made him so greatly loved, as he was instantly recognized as an original thinker. No better introduction to the study of the economic conditions of the age can be had than by reading this very readable book, "Henry George, by Henry George, Jr."

A NOTE FOR PREMIER ROSS.

The Dominion Alliance is Resolved to Make Prohibition an Issue in Provincial Elections.

The Dominion Alliance is meditating a pretty little surprise for Premier Ross. The members of the Alliance declare that the Ottawa Government's shelving of the question of Prohibition has forced it into the Provincial arena. Prohibition, then, the Alliance is determined Mr. Ross will have to face in the next local election.

It is argued that Mr. Ross is different from Sir Wilfrid, having always professed to be an ardent prohibitionist. He will shortly have a chance to prove the sincerity of his views. The Alliance will shortly wait on him and ask him to state his policy in regard to prohibition. The Act of the Manitoba Legislature will be presented to him, and he will be asked to do something on the same line.

If the Alliance has its way, then prohibition will be an issue in the next Provincial election.

WOMAN SERIOUSLY BURNED.

Used Coal Oil to Hurry Up the Fire and is Now in the Hospital.

Brockville, Ont., Nov. 17.—Last night the wife of James Sheridan of this town undertook to revive a fire in a coal stove by the use of coal oil. The result was an explosion, and Mrs. Sheridan now lies at St. Vincent de Paul Hospital suffering from serious burns. She will probably recover.

New York Central to New York and All Points East.

While there may be other lines, and good ones, the fact cannot be gainsaid that the New York Central is still in the lead.

Twelve magnificent through trains every day between Buffalo and New York, Boston and points east and south.

Fare same as other roads. Through sleeping car from Toronto, which has a buffet where you can get a light lunch or a full meal at a nominal price and on short notice. Be sure you get the best.

C. P. R. agents for full information. ed

The Demon Dyspepsia—In olden times it was a popular belief that demons moved invisibly through the ambient air seeking to enter into men and trouble them. At the present day the demon, dyspepsia, is at large in the same way, seeking habitation in those who by careless or unwise living invite him. And once he enters a man it is difficult to dislodge him. He that finds himself so disposed should know that a valiant friend to do battle for him with the unseen foe is Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, which are ever ready for the trial.

Prof. White's Bible Class.

In the West Y.M.C.A. on Sunday afternoon Prof. W. White commenced a class for young men, in Bible study. The attendance, considering it was the first day, was very gratifying. It is the intention to hold two classes, one in the afternoon and the other in the evening, throughout the winter. At the afternoon class yesterday, Prof. White dealt with subjects from the New Testament, and in the evening he discoursed on Biblical characters, who lived before the birth of Christ.

S. Ackerman, commercial traveler, Belleville, writes: "Some years ago I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for Inflammatory Rheumatism, and three bottles effected a complete cure. I was the whole of one summer unable to move without crutches, and every movement caused excruciating pains. I am now out on the road and exposed to all kinds of weather, but have never been troubled with rheumatism since. I, however, keep a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Oil on hand, and I always recommend it to others, as it did so much for me. ed

Bandit to Be Tried for Murder.

Middletown, N. Y., Nov. 17. — Homer Sarvis, known as the "King of the Bridge Bandits," and who is serving a sentence in the Allegheny (Pa.) Penitentiary for burglary, will be re-arrested when discharged in December, and tried for the murder of Frank Henderson, a Newburgh grocer.

9 FREE WATCHES

D	N	O	G	N
W	T	L	I	T
A	N	I	A	N
O	P	W	E	O

Here is a chance to use your brains and win a Waltham Gold Watch. We want you to try and arrange the 29 unshuffled letters printed in the blocks to the left which when properly arranged will spell the names of 3 Canadian Cities. Not the easiest puzzle in the world, but it can be solved. The first person sending us a correct solution will receive a $25.00 Waltham Gold Watch, lady's or gent's size, open face or hunting case, as desired. The next four sending in correct answers will each receive heavily gold plated hunting case watches, lady's or gent's size, as desired, and should there be more than these five correct answers we will give four additional open face gold plated Watches to the last four sending us correct answers.

CONDITIONS. 1. This competition will close on the 25th of December, 1900, and all letters must reach us not later than that date. 2. With your answer you must enclose 50c. for a full year's subscription to the HOME MONTHLY MAGAZINE. 3. Money must be sent by Postal Note, Express Order or Registered Letter. Stamps not accepted. 4. All answers must be sent by mail, to insure perfect fairness. 5. Answers will be numbered in the order received, and watches sent to the successful competitors on December 20th, 1900. Write to-day, for this is a special offer of a regular $1.00 a year month'y Magazine for only 10c. Home Publishing Co., Box W Toronto.

The Toronto Sunday World

Is looked for every Saturday night as an old friend in

Thousands of Homes

The Toronto Sunday World

Is carefully conducted by trained newspaper men, and all the special departments are

Complete Every Week

The Toronto Sunday World

Contains all the sporting events in Canada and the United States on Saturday ahead of the Monday morning papers

About Thirty-Six Hours

The Toronto Sunday World

Contains all the cable news to be found in the New York Sunday papers, which go to press shortly after 11 o'clock, which is the hour The Toronto Sunday World's

Last Edition Goes to Press

Buy The Sunday World from the newsboys, if you do not have it delivered by our own carriers at your homes.

THE PRICE IS 5 CENTS

YOUNG QUEEN IN PARIS.

Wilhelmina Was Purchasing Her Wedding Trousseau—President Sent Bouquets Daily.

Paris, Nov. 17.—Queen Wilhelmina spent Tuesday, Wednesday and part of Thursday in Paris shopping incognito. She stopped in the Avenue Niel in a handsome apartment. The fact that she has retained it for three months indicates that she contemplates further personal supervision

STOCK MARKETS OF A WEEK

Items of Saturday's New York Bank Statement.

Trend of Securities is Still Upward and Good Advances Have Been Registered During the Past Seven Days—On the Canadian Exchanges—Notes.

World Office.
Saturday Evening, Nov. 17.

The bulls are still in full control on Wall-street. During the past week there has been a vast amount of realizing and profit-taking by holders, who got into the market at lower figures, but all this liquidation has sufficed to bring about nothing more than temporary halts, and the advance has been persistent thruout almost the entire list.

So far the experience of the post-election market has been a fairly close parallel to that of four years ago. The advance at that time was interspersed with a few brief periods of reaction, but it lasted pretty continuously during the first and second weeks after the sound money victory had been announced. It was not until the third week that the upward movement was finally checked; yet even then there being no unfavorable happenings in the outside situation, the reactionary tendency revealed itself more in suspended activity than in any decline. The slackening of the demand meant that real investors had bought all they cared to, and that outside speculators had begun to grow cautious at the evidence that their requirements were being easily supplied out of realizing sales. This condition in 1896 resulted in prices remaining about stationary until the last week in November, when they began to weaken generally, and continued on the downward track during the first fortnight in December. At that time the general list showed declines from the high level ranging from 5 to 15 points.

Next week is the third week after this year's sound money victory and it remains to be seen whether, as in 1896, the market will begin a reactionary movement. Over against the probability of such a setback we find the extraordinary strength of the trade situation and the unusual prosperity of the country, which many think warrant a much further bull movement.

The New York Commercial thinks the advance on Wall-street natural and healthy. That journal says: "Taking the present market as a whole, it has the appearance rather of the railroad train than the balloon; and he shall not look for any crash or even a depressing reaction as a result of the present enthusiasm for strictly American securities. Even our carrilous any cynical neighbor, The Evening Post, which could never be consistently accused of 'kite flying,' sees stability and confident activity in it. After asking itself these questions: 'Now, what about the boom of to-day? Is it permanent or transitory? Is it wholesome or otherwise? Does it prefigure business prosperity, or is it a mere flash in the pan, a mere display of fireworks after the Presidential elections?' It answers: 'We think that it may be fairly assumed that the activity in Wall-street prefigures general activity.'"

The Laurentide Pulp Mills Co. securities have been listed, and were called for the first time on Monday. The issue of common stock amounts to $1,600,000, while the bonds are 6 per cent. first mortgage bonds, maturing in 1920. The interest is payable in July and December at the Bank of Montreal.

Notes by Cable.

Consols held steady and American rails inclined higher to-day in London.

Rand Mines in London to-day 40¾; Anacondas 10⅝.

Bar silver in London to-day 29 11-16d per ounce.

The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany, issued to-day, shows the following changes: Cash in hand, increased 21,220,000 marks; treasury notes, increased 1,100,000 marks; other securities, decreased 10,780,000 marks; notes in circulation, decreased 34,280,000 marks.

Amount of bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England on balance to-day was £40,000. Bar gold in the open market is quoted at 77s 11½d. Spanish fours 68⅝ in London.

In Paris three per cent. rentes 100 francs. 62½ centimes for the account. Exchange on London 100 francs 10½ centimes for cheques. Spanish fours closed at 69.20.

Berlin exchange on London 20 marks 44¾ pfennigs for cheques. Discount rates, short bills 3½ p.c.; three months bills, 4¼ p.c.

On Wall-street.

Such speculative excitement as that on the Exchange at the opening this morning has rarely been seen in the history of that institution. The urgency of the bidding gave color to the supposition that a large short interest was in process of closing out by forced buying. The general advance of a large fraction and running up to over a point was imposing, but in a few individual stocks the rise was sensational. Consolidated Gas was sold for 201 at the same time that it was selling for 194, and Tennessee Coal opened at 76 to 77¼, rising afterwards to 4½ over last night. General Electric jumped five points, which is less than the average daily rise for several days. This speculative excess quickly brought its penalty in the eager selling pressure induced by these high prices, and the relapse was so violent as to awaken uneasiness. The relapse carried prices back to within a fraction of last night, and in some conspicuous instances, notably Penn., prices fell below. But, after the appearance of the favorable bank statement, buying was renewed with confidence, and prices were lifted again in some cases to the best, making the closing active and strong.

J. J. Dixon has the following this evening from Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., New York:

The market opened with a rush this morning and, as was natural, the sharp advances brought in orders for profit-taking. The consequence was a reaction from the high figures made in the first ten minutes and an excited and erratic market for the next hour, the volume of business being very large. The sharpest advance was made by Con. Gas, Tenn. Coal & Iron and C.F. & I. were both in active demand, the buying of the last named being based on the statement of the first quarter, showing that in that period the dividend on the preferred stock, taxes and charges for the whole year had been earned. Smelters was a feature and the Steel and Wire stocks also strong. Sugar lost a great part of its advance, then rallied and was neglected in the second hour. Railroads sold at near the top figures of the year, and it looks as if some of the lower-priced stocks would attract attention from now on. The bank statement was unexpectedly good, as there was only a small increase in loans and the gain in cash fully met the estimates. Its appearance stimulated the market again and closing prices were near the best. Demand sterling 4.84½ to 4.84¾.

In New York bar silver 64⅛. Mexican dollars 50¼. Government bonds steady.

Railroad Earnings.

St. Paul, second week of November, decreased $82,332.

C.F.I., September net increase, $24,626; three months, net increase, $313,610.

New York Bank Statement.

New York, Nov. 17.—The bank statement is good. It shows loans increase $2,189,600; deposits increase $8,578,300; circulation decreased $28,000; legal tenders increased $3,612,500; specie, increased $2,598,000; surplus reserve $7,669,775; increased $3,063,725.

In the Canadian list, values have, this week, as a rule, continued buoyant, on the excellent outlook for the future prosperity of the country. The bank stocks, most of which are selling ex-dividend, are strong. C. P. R. has advanced fractionally. In electric issues Toronto, General and London Electric have advanced, while Royal has declined, as has also Montreal Gas. In street railways Montreal and Toronto are lower, while Twin City has advanced. The mining issues have risen, and especially Crow's Nest Coal.

Foreign Exchange.

Buchanan & Jones, 27 Jordan-street, Toronto, stock brokers, to-day report closing exchange rates as follows:

	Between Banks. Buyers.	Sellers.	Counter
N.Y. Funds..	1-32 dis	par	1-8 to 1-4
Mont'l Funds.	10c dis	par	1-8 to 1-4
Demand Stg.	8 15-16	9	9 3-16 to 9 5-16
60 days sight.	8 1-8	8 3-16	8 1-2 to 8 5-8
Cable Trans.	9 1-16	9 1-8	9 5-16 to 9 7-16

—Rates in New York—

	Posted.	Actual.
Demand sterling....	4.85½	4.84½ to 4.84¾
Sixty days' sight...	4.81½	4.80¾ to 4.81

Money Markets.

The local money market is steady. Money on call 5 per cent.

The Bank of England discount rate is 2 15-16 to 4 per cent. Open market discount rate, 4 per cent.

Money on call in New York nominal; no loans.

Toronto Stocks.

	Nov. 16. Close. Ask.	Bid.	Nov. 17. Close. Ask.	Bid.
Montreal, xd	...	253	...	253
Ontario, xd	127	125½	127	125½
Toronto, xd	...	236	...	235
Merchants' xd	...	157	...	156
Commerce, xd	152	149	151	149
Imperial, xd	221	220	221½	219½
Dominion	235	234	235	234½
Standard, xd	225	223	225	224
Hamilton, xd	192	191	...	191
Nova Scotia	235	225	230	...
Ottawa, xd	203	200	203	200
Traders', xd	...	100	...	109
British America	103	100	103	100
West. Assurance	117	115	117	115
do., fully paid	108½	107½	...	...
Imperial Life	...	146	...	146
Canada Life	...	450	...	450
National Trust	137	134½	137	134½
Tor. Gen. Trusts	...	131	...	130
do., part paid	...	146½	...	146
Consumers' Gas	216	212½	216	212½
Montreal Gas	233½	200⅝	202⅝	198
Ont. & Qu'Appelle	63	...	65	...
Can. N.W.L. pf.	49	48	49	48
C. P. R. Stock	88½	88⅝	88⅝	88¼
Tor. Elec. Light	137	136¾	137	136¼
General Electric	177	176¾	180	179
do., pref	109	108¼	112	108¼
London Elec. Light.	114½	113¾	115	113¾
Com. Cable	172¼	172	172	171¾
do., coup. bonds	102	101½	102	101½
do., reg. bonds	102	101½	102	101½
Dom. Telegraph	...	120	...	121
Bell Telephone	172	169	171	168¾
Rich. & Ontario	108½	107	108	106⅝
Ham. Steamboat	...	100	...	100
Toronto Railway	108½	108¼	107⅞	107⅝
London St. Ry	...	155	...	155
Halifax Elec. Tram.	...	...	97	90
Twin City Ry	64½	63⅞	65	63½
Luxfer Prism	103	...	104	...
Cycle and Motor	93	86	93	86
Carter-Crume	106	105¼	106	105¼
Dunlop Tire, pf	103	102½	103	102½
War Eagle	107½	106⅝	108¼	107½
Republic	68¼	67⅝	66⅝	66½
Payne Mining	88	86	86	84½
Cariboo (McK.)	75	...	73	65
Golden Star	6	5	5	3¾
Virtue	36	33	35	33
Crow's Nest Coal	200¼	200	210	206½
North Star	99	96½	98	95
Brit. Can. L. & I.	...	90	70	...
Can. Lan. & N.I.	79	...	80	...
Can. Per. W.C.	112	109¾	111	109
Can. S. & L.	...	115	...	115
Can. Can. Loan	...	134½	...	134½
Dom. S. & I. Sec.	75	...	75	...
Hamilton Prov.	...	111	...	111
Huron & Erie	...	173	...	173
do. 20 per cent.	...	163	...	163
Landed B. & L.	...	111	...	111
London & Canada	75	...	...	75
London Loan	...	109	...	109
Manitoba Loan	...	40	...	40
Ontario L. & D.	...	122	...	122
do. 20 per cent.	...	112	...	112
People's Loan	35	...	35	22
Real Estate	...	68	...	...
Toronto Sav. & L.	...	126	...	126
Toronto Mortgage.	80	77½	80	77½

Sales at 11.30 a.m.: C.P.R., 25, 50 at 88½; General Electric, 10 at 177, 10, 10 at 176; Richelieu, 10 at 108¾, 5 at 108¼; Carter-Crume, 10, 1 at 105¾; War Eagle, 500 at 107; Crow's Nest Coal, 50 at 202½, 50 at 203, 50 at 203½, 50 at 203¼, 50 at 204, 25 at 205, 100 at 204¾, 100, 100, 200, 50, 50 at 205.

Sales at 1 p.m.: Standard Bank, 20 at 224¾; Canada Life, 7 at 450; C.P.R., 25 at 88, 10 at 88¼, 25, 25, 25 at 88½; Toronto Electric, 20 at 130½; General Electric, 10 at 180; Cable, 5 at 172½, 25 at 171¾; Carter-Crume, 16 at 105¼; War Eagle, 500 at 107½; Republic, 500 at 66½, 500 at 66¾, 1500 at 66, 1000 at 66¼; Crow's Nest Coal, 50, 10 at 205, 50, 3 at 206, 50, 50 at 207; British Canadian Loan, 25 at 60; Canada Landed, 10 at 77¼; Can. Perm. & W.C., 6 at 110.

Montreal Stocks.

Montreal, Nov. 17.—Closing quotations today: C.P.R., 88 and 87¾; Duluth, 5¼ and 5; do., pref., 16 and 13; Cable, 172 and 171; Richelieu, 109¼ and 108; Montreal Railway, 275 and 274; Montreal (new), 264 asked; Halifax Railway, 95¼ and 90; Toronto Railway, 107¼ and 107¼; St. John Railway, 119¾ and 117; Twin City, 64½ and 64; Montreal Gas, 202 and 199¾; Royal Electric, 193½ and 192¾; Montreal Telegraph, 169 and 168; Bell Telephone, 173 and 168; Dominion Coal, 45 offered; Montreal Cotton, 135 and 134; Canada Cotton, 87 and 80; Dominion Cotton, 91 and 90; Laurentide Pulp, 120 asked; War Eagle, 108 and 106½; Montreal-London, 10 and 3½; Payne, 90 and 88; Republic, 68 and 67; Virtue, 35 and 34½; North Star, 98½ and 96½; Bank of Montreal, 265 and 250; Ontario Bank, xd., 121 offered; Molsons Bank, 192 and 189½; Merchants' Bank, xd., 160 asked; Merchants' Bank, Halifax, 180 offered; Nova Scotia, 224 offered; Quebec, xd., 123 and 120; Hochelaga, xd., 137 asked; Inter. Coal, 55 and 45; do., pref., 75 and 50; Cable coup. bonds, 100 offered; do., reg. bonds, 102 and 101; H. & L. bonds, 85 asked; Halifax Railway bonds, 104 and 100; Canada Cotton bonds, 100 and 98; Laurentide Pulp bonds, 110 asked; Land Grant bonds, 108 offered; Dominion Coal bonds, 110¾ offered.

To-day's sales: C.P.R., 100 at 88¼, 175 at 88, 125 at 87¾; Montreal Railway, 325 at 275, 25 at 273½, 150 at 274; do., new, asked, 50, 20, 25 at 264; Toronto Railway, 25, 10 at 108, 20 at 108¼, 50, 50 at 107½; Cable, 50 at 172; Montreal Telegraph, 55 at 170, 25 at 169; Montreal Gas, 25 at 202, 50 at 200, 25 at 200¼; Royal Electric, 25 at 200, 25 at 195, 50 at 192½, 100 at 190, 75 at 192, 150 at 193, 10 at 195, 50 at 193; Montreal Cotton, 25 at 135; Dominion Cotton, 25 at 92, 100, 25 at 91, 75 at 90; Republic, 500 at 68; Virtue, 500 at 33, 3500 at 34, 1000 at 34¾, 3000 at 35; North Star, 1000 at 98, 1000 at 97; Laurentide Pulp, 50 at 120; Dominion Coal, 190 at 44; Bank of Montreal, xd., 20 at 260; Molsons, 25 at 190.

New York Stocks.

Thompson & Heron, 16 West King-street, report the fluctuations on Wall-street to-day as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Am. Cot. Oil Co	31½	31½	31	31¼
Am. Sugar, com	134	134	132¾	132¾
Am. Tobacco	110¾	110⅞	109¾	110⅞
Am. S. & W., com	48	48½	47	48¼
Atchison, com	38¼	38⅝	37¾	38½
do., pref	82½	83½	82	82¾
Anaconda Cop	50	52	50	51⅞
B. R. T.	71½	72¼	70⅝	70⅝
B. & O., com	83	83⅛	82⅝	83
do., pref	85	85	84½	84½
Ches. & Ohio	33⅞	34	33⅝	33⅝
C. C. C. & St. L.	67⅝	67½	67	67½
Cont. Tobacco	36¾	36¾	36⅝	36⅝
C. B. & Q.	138	138½	137⅝	138½
Chic. Gt. W.	14	14	14	14
Chi. M. & St. P.	124⅞	125	124¼	125
Fed. Steel, com	51	51¼	50½	51
do., pref	77	77	76	76½
Gen. Electric	168	170	165	165½
Louis. & Nash	81¾	82¼	81⅝	81⅝
Missouri Pacific	60¾	61½	60½	61
M. K. & T., pf.	38	40	37½	38½
Manhattan	111¼	112	111	112
Met. St. Ry	171	171	169½	170½
N.Y. Central	139¼	140	139¼	140
Nor. & West., com.	43⅝	43¾	43	43½
do., pref	82¼	82¼	82¼	82¼
Nor. Pac., com	66¼	67	66¼	67
do., pref	80¾	80¾	80	80¾
N. J. Central	146	146	145¾	145¾
Ont. & West	26¼	26⅝	25⅝	25⅞
Penn. R. R.	142⅝	144	141¾	143¾
People's Gas	101	102¼	101	101¾
Pacific Mail	46½	46½	45¼	45¼
Rock Island	115¼	115½	115	115¾
Reading, 1st pref	64½	65	63½	63¾
South. Ry., com	14¾	14¾	14⅜	14¾
do., pref	63½	64¼	63	63¾
South. Pacific	42¼	43	42¼	42¾
Texas Pacific	19¾	19⅞	19¾	19¾
Tenn. Coal & Iron.	76	79	76	79
U.S. Leather, com.	16	16¼	15⅝	15¾
do., pref	77⅞	77⅞	77¼	77½
U. S. Rubber, com.	37	37¼	36¾	37
Union Pac., com	70¼	70⅞	69¾	70¾
do., pref	81¼	81¾	81	81¼
Wabash, pref	21¼	21¼	21¼	21½
West. Union	77⅞	77⅞	77½	77½

London Stock Market.

	Nov. 16. Close.	Nov. 17. Close
Consols, money	98½	98½
Consols, account	98⅝	98⅝
C. P. R.	90¼	91⅜
New York Central	142½	144¼
Illinois Central	...	127¾
Pennsylvania	73¼	73½
St. Paul	127	128½
Louisville & Nashville	82¾	84
Northern Pacific, pref	82	82½
Union Pacific	70½	72¾
Union Pacific, pref	81⅝	83⅞
Erie	13¾	14
Erie, pref	39¼	40¾
Reading	...	10½
Atchison	38¼	39½
Ontario & Western	26¾	27⅛
Wabash, pref	21½	22

Cotton Markets.

New York, Nov. 17. — Cotton — Futures opened easy: Nov. 9.61; Dec. 9.46; Jan. 9.41; Feb. 9.40 offered; March 9.33; April 9.40 offered; May 9.36; June 9.35; July 9.34; August 9.18 bid; Sept. 8.75 offered.

New York, Nov. 17.—Cotton spot closed quiet, 1-16 advance; middling uplands 9 15-16; middling gulf 10 3-16. Sales 90 bales. Futures closed firm: Nov., 9.76; Dec. 9.61; Jan. 9.56; Feb. 9.54; March 9.54; April 9.52; May 9.50; June 9.48; July 9.46; August 9.32; Sept. 8.78.

One of the greatest blessings to parents is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. It effectually dispels worms and gives health in marvelous manner to the little ones. ed

WHEAT MARKETS OF ONE DAY

Fluctuations at Liverpool on Saturday.

Trend of Prices at Paris, New York, Chicago and Other American Centres—Local Grain and Produce—Notes and Gossip.

World Office,
Saturday Evening, Nov. 17.

In Liverpool to-day wheat futures were unchanged from yesterday to ¼d per cental higher. Maize options declined ⅜d to ⅝d per cental.

Paris wheat and flour market steady to 5 centimes higher than yesterday.

The New York receipts of butter for the week just ended amounted to 28,826 packages, and shipments 801 packages. Cheese receipts for the week aggregated 28,061 boxes and shipments 12,000 boxes.

English farmers' wheat deliveries the past week 44,100 quarters, at an average price of 27s 1d.

Leading Wheat Markets.

Following are the closing quotations today at important wheat centres:

	Cash.	Nov.	Dec.	May.
Chicago	...$...	$...	$0 71⅝	....
New York	....	0 76¾	0 77⅞	0 80
Milwaukee	0 74¼	....	....	....
St. Louis	0 70	0 70½	0 70¼	0 74¼
Toledo	0 74	0 74	0 75	0 80
Detroit, red	0 76	....	0 76	0 80¼
do, white	0 76	....	0 76	....
Duluth, No. 1 Northern	0 74	0 74¼	0 72¾	0 77
Duluth, No. 1 hard	0 76¼	....	....	....
Minneapolis No. 1 Northern	0 73¾	0 73½	0 72⅝	....
Minneapolis, No. 1 hard	....	....	....	....

GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

Flour—Ontario patents, in bags, $3.75 to $3.85; straight rollers, $3.50 to $3.60; Hungarian patents, $4.55; Manitoba bakers', $4.40; these prices include bags on track in Toronto.

Wheat—Ontario red and white, north and west, easy at 64c; goose quoted easy at 63c west; No. 1 Manitoba hard, 90c, grinding in transit, at Toronto; No. 1 Northern at 88c, grinding, in transit, at Toronto.

Oats—Quoted at 24½c, north and west, and 26c east, for white.

Barley—Quoted at 39c to 40c for No. 2 west, and No. 3 extra, 38c; No. 3 at 37c.

Peas—New 57½c, north and west, and 59c east.

Rye—Quoted at 46c north and west.

Corn—Canadian, 39c at Toronto; American, 44c to 45c on track here.

Bran—City mills sell bran at $13.50 and shorts at $16.00, in car lots, f.o.b., Toronto.

Oatmeal—Quoted at $3.20 by the bag and $3.80 by the barrel, on track at Toronto, in car lots.

Toronto Sugar Market.

St. Lawrence sugars are quoted as follows: Granulated, $5.03, and No. 1 yellow, $4.23. These prices are for delivery here, car load lots 5c less.

ST. LAWRENCE MARKET.

Receipts of farm produce were 5600 bushels of grain, 25 loads of hay, 2 of straw, a few dressed hogs, and large deliveries of fowl, butter, eggs, fruit and vegetables.

Wheat—2100 bushels sold as follows: White, 300 bushels at 68½c; red, 300 bushels at 68½c; goose, 1400 bushels at 65c to 65½c; spring, 100 bushels at 69½c.

Barley—2000 bushels sold at 41c to 47c.

Oats—1500 bushels sold at 28c to 29c.

Hay—25 loads sold at $13 to $14.50 per ton.

Straw—Two loads sold at $11 per ton.

Dressed Hogs—Prices steady at $6.75 to $7.25 per cwt.

Poultry—The deliveries were the largest of the season, and the weather being bad, prices went down accordingly. Turkeys sold at 8c to 10c per lb.; geese, 5c to 7c per lb.; ducks, 50c to 90c, the bulk going at about 90c to 75c per pair; last year's chickens, 35c to 50c per pair; spring chickens, 40c to 80c per pair.

Butter—Prices firm at 20c to 25c per lb.

Eggs—Strictly new laid in small lots, sold at about 30c per dozen; eggs, in cases, at about 25c per dozen.

Grain—		
Wheat, white, bush	$0 68½ to	$....
" red, bush	0 68½	....
" fife, bush	0 69½	....
" goose, bush	0 65	0 65½
Oats, new, bush	0 28	0 29
Barley, bush	0 41	0 47
Rye, bush	0 51½	....
Beans, per bush	1 15	1 25
Peas, bush	0 60	....
Buckwheat, bush	0 47	....
Seeds—		
Alsike, choice, No. 1	$6 00 to	$6 50
Alsike, good, No. 2	5 00	5 75
Red clover, per bush	5 75	6 00
Timothy, per bush	1 40	1 80
Hay and Straw—		
Hay, per ton	$13 00 to	$14 50
Straw, sheaf, per ton	11 00	....
Straw, loose, per ton	6 00	....
Dairy Produce—		
Butter, lb. rolls	$0 20 to	$0 25
Eggs, new laid	0 25	0 30
Poultry—		
Chickens, per pair	$0 35 to	$0 50
Spring chickens, per pair	0 40	0 80
Turkeys, per lb	0 08	0 10
Spring ducks, per pair	0 50	0 90
Geese, per lb.	0 05	0 07
Fruit and Vegetables—		
Potatoes, new, per bag	$0 30 to	$0 35
Carrots, per bag	0 40	0 50
Beets, per bag	0 30	0 40
Cabbage, per doz	0 30	....
Apples, per bbl	0 75	1 50
Onions, per bag	0 25	0 30
Turnips, per bag	0 20	0 30
Cabbage, per doz	0 30	0 40
Red cabbage, per doz	0 30	0 40
Onions, per bag	0 75	0 80
Fresh Meats—		
Beef, forequarters, cwt	$4 50 to	$5 50
Beef, hindquarters, cwt	6 50	7 50
Lamb, per lb.	0 06½	0 07½
Mutton, carcass, cwt	0 05½	0 06½
Veal, carcass, cwt	0 07	0 09
Dressed hogs, sows	5 50	5 75
Dressed hogs, per cwt	6 75	7 25

FARM PRODUCE WHOLESALE.

Hay, baled, car lots, per ton	$9 50 to	$10 00
Straw, baled, car lots, per ton	4 75	5 00
Butter, dairy, lb. rolls	0 20	0 21
Butter, creamery, boxes	0 21	0 22
Butter, creamery, lb. rolls	0 24	0 25
Butter, tubs, per lb.	0 18	0 19
Butter, bakers' tub	0 14	0 16
Eggs, fresh	0 17	0 18
Turkeys, per lb.	0 08	0 10
Geese, per lb.	0 05	0 07
Ducks, per pair	0 45	0 65
Chickens, per pair	0 35	0 50
Honey, per lb.	0 09	0 10
Dressed hogs, car lots, per cwt	6 50	6 75

Hides and Wool.

Price list revised daily by E. T. Carter, successor to John Hallam, 85 East Front-street:

Hides, No. 1 green	$0 08½ to	....
Hides, No. 1 green steers	0 08¾	....
Hides, No. 2 green steers	0 07¾	....
Hides, No. 2 green	0 07½	....
Hides, cured	0 08¾	0 09
Calfskins, No. 1	0 08	....
Calfskins, No. 2	0 07	....
Deacons (dairies), each	0 45	0 55
Lambskins and pelts, fresh	0 85	....
Tallow, rendered	0 05¼	0 05¾
Wool, fleece	0 15	0 16
Wool, unwashed, fleece	0 09	0 10
Wool, pulled, super	0 17	0 18
Wool, pulled, extra	0 20	0 21

E. T. Carter, successor to John Hallam, 83 and 85 East Front-street, pays highest cash prices for all descriptions of wool, hides, sheepskins, deerskins, etc., etc. ed

Price list revised daily by John Hallam, 111 East Front-street, dealer in hides, skins, tallow and wool:

Hides, No. 1 steers	9½c per lb.	
Hides, No. 2 steers	8½c	" "
Hides, No. 1 green	8½c	" "
Hides, No. 2 green	7½c	" "
Hides, cured	9c	" "
Calfskins, No. 1	8c	" "
Calfskins, No. 2	7c	" "
Deacons, dairies	60c each.	
Lambskins and pelts	85c each.	
Horse hides	$2.50 to $3.00 each.	
Deerskins, green	10 to 12c	per lb
Deerskins, dry	17 to 23c	" "
Tallow, rendered	5½c to 6c	" "
Tallow, slaughter	2½ to 3c	" "
Wool, pulled, super	17½ to 18c	" "
Wool, pulled, extra	20½ to 22c	" "
Wool, fleece	15 to 16c	" "
Wool, fleece, unwashed	9½ to 10c	" "
Wool, pickings	8½c	" "
Horsehair, clean	30c	" "

I am now paying the above prices for city slaughter stock, and am also prepared to pay highest cash prices for everything in our line, from all country points. Deer skins, hides and tallow are in demand. Write for shipping tags. Correspondence solicited.

Chicago Markets.

McIntyre & Wardwell report the following fluctuations on the Chicago Board of Trade to-day:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—Dec.	71⅝	71⅝	71⅛	71⅛
" —Jan.	72¼	72¼	71¼	71⅛
Corn—Dec.	35⅝	35½	35¼	35⅝
Oats—Dec.	21⅞	22	21⅞	22
Pork—Jan	11 60	11 60	11 55	11 60
Lard—Jan.	6 85	6 85	6 80	6 85
Ribs—Jan	6 25	6 25	6 22	6 22

British Markets.

Liverpool, Nov. 17.—(12.30.)—Wheat, No. 1 Nor. spring, 6s 5½d; No. 1 Cal., 6s 2½d; red winter, 6s; corn, new, 3s 11⅞d; peas, 5s 8½d; pork, prime western mess, 72s; lard, prime western, 38s 6d; tallow, Aus., 27s 6d; American, good to fine, 25s; bacon, long clear, light, 46s; long clear, heavy, 46s 3d; short clear, heavy, 43s; cheese, white, 52s; colored, 53s; wheat, steady; corn, quiet.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat, spot, quiet; No. 1 standard Cal., 6s 2½d to 6s 3½d; Walla, 5s 11½d to 6s 0½d; No. 2 red winter, 6s to 6s 1d; Northern, spring, 6s 2½d to 6s 3½d. Futures, quiet; Dec. 5s 10½d; March 6s 0½d. Maize, spot steady; mixed American, 3s 11¾d to 4s. Futures, quiet; Nov. 3s 11½d, Dec. 3s 11½d, Jan. 3s 0¾d. Flour, Minn., 18s 6d to 20s.

Paris—Open—Wheat, quiet; Nov. 19f 95c, March and June, 21f 60c. Flour, quiet; Nov. 25f 90c, March and June 27f 60c. French country markets, quiet.

Antwerp—Spot wheat, steady; No. 2 red winter, 17¾f.

Paris—Close—Wheat, steady; Nov. 20f 05c, March and June 21f 65c. Flour, firm; Nov. 26f, March and June 27f 70c.

London—Close—Wheat, on passage, easier and neglected. Parcels No. 1 hard Duluth, steam, 32s 9d, paid. English country markets of yesterday quiet. Maize, on passage, very inactive. Parcels mixed American, sail, steam, passage, 29s, paid. Oats, parcels American No. 2 clipped, mixed, steam, Dec. 14s 1½d, paid. Maize, spot American, mixed, 21s 3d. Flour, spot, Minn., 25s 3d. Parcels, mixed American maize, steam, Dec. 19s 3d, paid.

MANCHESTER BUTTER MARKET.

Andrew Clements & Sons of Manchester, England, report the butter and cheese markets for the week ending Nov. 7, 1900, as follows:

Butter—The arrivals this week showed an increase of about 400 casks. Buyers have been resisting the present rates, and easily obtained a reduction yesterday of about 4s per cwt. We find that this week last year our markets were in a similar state, but it improved for the following eight weeks. We quote:

Choicest Danish and Swedish	120s to 122s
" Irish	110s 112s
" Canadian, fresh landed	107s 108s
Finest Canadian, ex store	104s ....

Cheese—In order to stimulate the demand, and at the same time clear up goods that are ripe, several holders have reduced prices for sucs goods to 50s. The large retailers have again put a 6d cut on their counters. The demand for later made goods is very slow. The weather continues mild and open. We quote:

Finest white or colored	54s to 55s
Fine white or colored	50s 53s

New York Produce Markets.

New York, Nov. 17.—Flour—Receipts, 18,816 bbls.; exports, 13,560 bbls.; sales, 6200 pkgs.; market barely steady and unchanged. Wheat—Spot—Steady; sales, 450 bbls. fair to good, $3 to $3.20; choice to fancy, $3.25 to $3.60. Buckwheat Flour—Steady; $2.15 to $2.20. Buckwheat—Steady; 57½c to 58½c, c.i.f., New York. Cornmeal—Steady; yellow western, 87c to 89c. Brandywine, $2.45 to $2.60. Rye—Quiet; No. 2 western, 56c, f.o.b., afloat; State rye, 51c to 52c, c.i.f., New York, car loads. Barley—Dull; feeding, 42c to 46c, c.i.f., Buffalo; malting, 56c to 63c, c.i.f., Buffalo. Barley Malt—Dull; western, 62c to 68c. Wheat—Receipts, 65,075 bush.; sales, 2,310,000 bush. futures; 40,000 bush. spot. Spot—Easy; No. 2 red, 78¼c, f.o.b., afloat; No. 2 red, 76⅝c elevator; No. 1 northern, Duluth, 83⅝c, f.o.b., afloat; No. 1 hard Duluth, 87⅝c, f.o.b., afloat. Options opened steady on cables and in sympathy with the Northwest markets, after which they receded before European sellers and threatened bearish statistics on Monday; closed weak at ⅜c decline; sales included, No. 2 red, March, 80½c to 80⅝c, closed 80½c; May, 80c to 80 7-16c, closed 80c; December, closed 77⅝c. Corn—Receipts, 109,875; exports, 214,418 bush.; sales, 10,000 bush. futures; 64,000 bush. spot. Spot—Easy; No. 2, 47½c elevator, and 47c, f.o.b., afloat. Options opened steady with wheat, but after easier advices from cables and prospects for larger receipts; closed weak and ¼c to ½c net lower; May, 41⅝c to 41 13-16c; December, 42 9-16c to 42⅜c, closed 42⅛c. Oats—Receipts, 113,000 bush.; exports, 100 bush. Spot—Quiet; No. 2, 26c; No. 3, 25½c; No. 2 white, 28½c; No. 3 white, 28c; track mixed, western, 23½c to 27c; track white, western, 26c to 32c. Lard—Steady; 6.70 asked. Pork—Steady; mess, 21½c to 23½c; options dull but fairly steady. Butter—Firm; creamery, 19c to 22c; factory, 13c to 15½c; June creamery, Iye. bush., ... creamery, 18c to 22c; State dairy, 16c to 22c. Cheese—Steady; large September fancy, 10¾c; small September fancy, 11c; large October fancy, 10½c; small October fancy, 10¼c. Eggs—Steady; State and Penn., 22c to 28c; western, regular packing, at mark, 21c to 25c; western, loss off, 27c. Rosin—Quiet. Molasses—Steady. Pig Iron—Qu

To the Trade

Nov. 19th.

You Who Know

These numbers of easy-selling Ladies' Wool Vests will be glad to hear that our stock is again complete in all sizes.

Numbers—100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 109, 110, 111, 116, 211.

We shall be pleased to forward quotations and sample dozens to those who do not know

These Goods.

Filling Letter Orders a Specialty.

John Macdonald & Co.

Wellington and Front Sts. East, TORONTO.

THE MANITOBA WHEAT CROP

Mr. F. W. Thompson, Now in Montreal, Says the Yield Was Better Than Predicted,

WITH PRICES RANGING HIGHER.

The Farmers Are Almost as Well Off as With the Large Yield of the Previous Year.

Montreal, Nov. 18.—(Special.)—Mr. F. W. Thompson, manager of the Ogilvie Milling Company, arrived here yesterday en route for Europe. "The crop conditions," he said, "are turning out in every way ahead of earlier expectations, and we are making better flour out of the present crop than in any previous season. The inspectors' returns," he added, "show that the conditions of the wheat deliveries during the past month, irrespective of particular grades, is steadily improving."

Over Twenty Million Bushels.

Mr. Thompson believes that the yield for Manitoba and the Northwest Territories will reach a total of from 20 to 20 million bushels, half of which will be exported.

"What are the prices?" he was asked.

"The prices paid for wheat so far have been in excess of last year. The grade known as No. 3 hard has been selling at a price which is in excess of the figures for No. 1 hard at the same time last year."

No Danger of Financial Distress.

In a word the price paid for wheat ranges from 55c to 65c, and over 60 per cent. of the total crop is high-class milling wheat. He says that no wheat marketed so far in this crop had brought less than 48c or 50c, which was the maximum price for No. 1 hard this time last year. This being the case, we asked, the amount of money realized by the Western farmers this year will not fall very far short of the total receipts of last year; hence all doubt as to any possible stringency in a financial way is removed.

Business Prospers in Winnipeg.

Business in Winnipeg is prosperous, and he says that, all difficulties between the C.P.R. and the city having been removed, the company will proceed with their station hotel and other improvements, costing $1,500,000. Estimates have already been made showing that next season's building operations in Winnipeg alone will reach $5,000,000.

THE LATE CORPORAL FILSON,

Killed at Belfast, Was One of the Most Popular Young Men on Amherst Island.

Kingston, Ont., Nov. 18.—The Amherst Islanders thought so much of the late Corporal Filson and his voluntary offering as a member of the Canadian Mounted Rifles, that they presented him with nearly

The Late Corp. Filson.

$300, the largest purse any enlisting Canadian soldier received.

The late Corporal Filson was the second son of the late Robert Filson, Reeve of Amherst Island. He was quartermaster of the 47th Battalion. He joined "A" Squadron of the Canadian Mounted Rifles. He was a very manly young fellow, 22 years of age, and his height was 6 feet 2 inches.

EIGHT MONTHS IN A TRANCE.

The Case of James Thompson at the Royal Infirmary, Newcastle, Eng., Puzzles the Doctors.

London, Nov. 17.—James Thompson, aged 38 years, has been in a trance for eight months at the Royal Infirmary, Newcastle. He merely took to bed, refused nourishment and was admitted to the infirmary, apparently paralyzed. Since then he has been kept alive by liquid nourishment, artificially administered. He never moves and has never displayed the slightest sign of life, except on two occasions when his eyes, which were open with a perfectly vacant expression, betrayed a faint transient sign of mental consciousness.

The case is without precedent in English medical science. The hypothesis of shamming has been disposed of by prolonged tests of every conceivable kind.

Irish Peer Dead at 81.

London, Nov. 18.—Baron Brammore H. Browne, a representative peer for Ireland since 1869, is dead. He was born June 8, 1819.

BILL EAGAN DEAD OR ALIVE?

No Record in Syracuse of the Demise of the Bad But Clever Baseball Player.

BAD BILL'S IDIOSYNCRASIES.

Bill Was a Kicker, Superstitious and When Sober One of the Best in the Business.

After all, it seems, "Bad Bill" Eagan, the baseball player, who was reported dead a week or ten days ago, is still living and very likely we have not heard the last of him. His days as a baseball player are over, but as it is hard for him to keep out of trouble he may be expected to break out at any time. Eagan was reported to have died in Syracuse, but George Geer, the baseball sage of that city, writes to the effect that "Bad Bill" is still residing in or near the city of Youngstown, O.

Despite the fact that Eagan was always a rowdy on the diamond he was a ball player and always looking out for the interest of his team—when he was sober enough to retain his normal senses. Geer, who knew him as well as any man living, writes of Bad Bill as follows:

One of the most unique characters the game of baseball has ever produced is William Eagan, known to fame as "Bad Bill" Eagan. During the past week there emanated from some unknown source the report that Eagan had died in Syracuse. Diligent inquiry fails to locate the origin of the report, and it is now said that Eagan is residing somewhere in the vicinity of Youngstown, O.

Bad Bill Was Captain.

Eagan came to Syracuse during the season of 1896 as a member of the Albany team, which club George Kuntzsch purchased outright. From the first game played by Eagan with the home team he jumped into popularity and Mr. Kuntzsch retained him for the seasons of '96, '97 and '97. Eagan captained the team in '97, when that team won the pennant, having the remarkable record of being the weakest batting team in the league. This fact amply illustrates the truth of the oft-repeated assertion that the best batting and fielding teams do not always land first. The Syracuse champions of '97 had something besides batting and fielding averages, and Bill Eagan's knowledge of the game and his quick wit went a long ways toward bringing that pennant to Syracuse.

Bill Was Superstitious.

There are those who aver that Eagan was of a superstitious nature, and many will recall the fact that Eagan never was known to walk from the players' bench directly to his position at second base by the short route, viz., across the third base line, but would always pass from the bench but along the first base line and around first base to his place at second.

Eagan soon became famous about the circuit. One of his great specialties was in being hit by pitched balls, which would allow the speediest ball to strike him anywhere about the person except the head, and no one ever heard Eagan complain about being hurt. The writer has visited the home team's dressing quarters on several occasions after games and has seen Eagan's left side a mass of cuts and bruises, all caused by being hit by pitched balls and sliding to bases. Eagan, outside of his propensity for drink, was always a faithful player, and his team was sure of receiving his best services.

Exceedingly Funny.

In addition to Eagan's great ability as a ball player he was a wag of the first class, and many of his sayings were extremely funny. When President Kuntzsch notified Bill that he was appointed captain of the team Eagan ordered the players to report to him at 10 o'clock every morning. The first morning Tommy Hess strolled into the park at about 11 o'clock. Eagan reprimanded Tommy quite briskly and wound up his lecture by saying: "Now, fellers, I want youse to all disconnect the fact that I am the captain of this here club, and that I want youse to report right here at 10 in the morning, and I want youse to all be just as prompt as possible."

Eagan's second base play was the wonder of the circuit, and Mr. Kuntzsch received many flattering offers for Bill's release, but Bill always liked Syracuse first rate and not until the season of 1898 would he consent to go to fields and pastures new. Then it was that Mr. Kuntzsch sold Eagan's release to the Pittsburg Club, then managed by Mr. Watkins.

The players about the minor league circuits were certain that Eagan could hold the pace in the big league and were also certain that Bill would not allow himself to be hit by balls pitched by the mighty pitchers of the National circuit. They were all wrong on the last proposition, as the synopsis of the first game played that season by Eagan read: Hit by pitched ball, Eagan 3.

The Pittsburg fans took a great liking to Eagan right from the star tand it soon became the same old story of drink and all-night carousals, and Bill soon found himself asinw and landed in Detroit. There he put up his best game for awhile, but soon fell into the same old rut. From Detroit he drifted to Youngstown, and as before stated is said to be in that city at present.

During the season of '96 Eagan was put under suspension and one afternoon came down to the ball park, and as the people were passing into the grounds he mounted a beer keg and delivered the following oration: "Hear ye! hear ye! Let me in mind that the great and only 'Bad Bill' Eagan is now under suspension and is not going to play ball inside to-day. No use going in there as there will be no fun, and no good ball playing, unless Bill Eagan is in the game. Don't go in, save your money until Bill is once more in the fray, and then you are sure to get your money's worth. Recollect, ladies and gentlemen, there is no fun in the game without your uncle Bill!"

The commotion created by Eagan was so great that the police were called and Bill was chased off his perch. Soon after this incident Eagan was reinstated, and his reappearance was the means of packing the grounds with spectators.

Bill Was a Kicker.

Eagan would resort to any methods to make a point for his team. He was known outside the confines of Syracuse as a kicker of the most virulent type. On the contrary, on the home grounds Bill was very mild mannered and would protest to an umpire like unto the captain of a way back village team.

Eagan's fellow players tell of a certain game wherein the play was so close that Eagan stuck his head out over the home plate and was knocked senseless by a pitched ball. The bases were filled at the time and the run thus forced in won the game for Eagan's team.

Despite Eagan's many shortcomings he had lots of good traits and was in fact his own worst enemy. From reliable sources it is learned that the days of Bill Eagan as a ball player are over. Thus passes, in the opinion of Syracuse fans at least, the greatest all-round ball player in the minor leagues.

THE QUEEN'S OWN SERGEANTS HAD SOME FUN WITH THE D.O.C.

Humorous Method of Resenting Col. Peters' Remarks Regarding the Physique of the Regiment and the Long Hair Worn By Some of the Members.

The wags of the Queen's Own Sergeants' Mess provided a lot of fun at the expense of Lieut.-Col. Peters in their mess quarters at the Armouries on Saturday night. The remarks of the D.O.C. last Wednesday night to the effect that the Queen's Own needed a general hair-cut, and that some members of the regiment should have waited another year or so before joining, did not go down very well with the sergeants, and extravagant cartoons in three-sheet poster size were prepared and used to adorn the walls of the mess for the edification of visitors.

The Colonel at the Smoker.

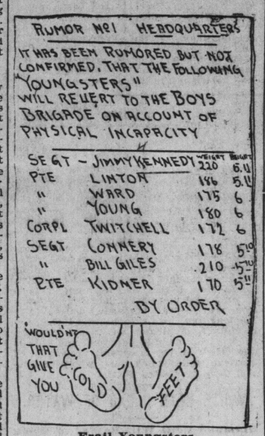
Colonel Peters honored with his presence the smoker given in the Armouries by the

Me and Me Man Turpin.

sergeants of the garrison to the soldiers from South Africa, and he was quietly invited to the Queen's Own Mess upstairs. Accompanied by Col. Delamere and Major Gallaway, he accepted the invitation. Two score people who knew something was going to happen were in the Mess when the officers arrived, and were received with proper ceremony by Sergt.-Major Porter.

The Battle Scene.

The Sergeant-Major was a very serious and respectful guide, and the D.O.C. was first introduced to an elaborate battle scene, which was entitled, "How Me and Me Man Turpin Won the Battle of Waterloo." It represented Col. Fighting Sam and Turpin defeating a few armies. The next picture had a more personal bearing on the visitor. It was entitled "The Chrysanthemums," and showed a caricature of the



Frail Youngsters.

D.O.C. inspecting a company of the Q.O.R., every member of which had a very bushy crop of hair. The captain of the company is remarking that his men are footballers, while the D.O.C. is exclaiming: "Aha! By Jove!"

"Chrysanthemums."

"Really, my nose is not quite so red as that, is it?" protested the D.O.C., and there was a general laugh.

The Regulation Height.

Then Col. Peters' attention was called to a scene representing the orderly room, where a fond mother has brought her little boy, who is only 5 feet 10½ inches tall, to be put in the recruit class. The adjutant is telling the lady to take her son away for a while, as the regulation height for that regiment is 7 feet 2 inches.

Close to this picture was a list of some of the biggest men in the regiment, with the comment that they should have grown a little before entering the ranks.

Hair Cuts Extra for Q.O.R.

Another picture represented a barber shop containing a sign to the effect that

The Living Picture.

cutting the hair of students and Queen's Own men is 5c extra.

The Living Picture.

There were other equally amusing caricatures, at which the Colonel laughed very heartily, but there was a living picture that almost took his breath away. Behind the refreshment bar stood Mr. Bob McDonogh of 40 Irwin-avenue, a barber, who has just come to the city from Wingham to find a job. Mr. McDonogh has a wonderful amount of hair, which, when combed out, puts the Circassian lady amongst the "also rans." His hair was combed out to the limit on Saturday night, and as Mr. McDonogh had donned Sergt. Jennings' tunic and forage cap for the occasion, he looked like a full-fledged member of the regiment. The effect was great. Col. Peters looked at the hair, then at Sergt.-Major Porter and Col. Delamere, and the roar of laughter that followed drowned his first comments. It was explained to him that McDonogh was not a member of the regiment, and the D.O.C. reported that he certainly should be.

Col. Peters took the affair in a most good-natured manner, and probably enjoyed the joke as much as any of those present.

PREPARING FOR KRUGER.

Wolmarans, Fischer, Wessels and Leyds Have Arranged for His Stay in Paris.

Paris, Nov. 17.—Dr. Leyds and Delegates Wolmarans, Fischer and Wessels reached Paris to-day. This evening they held a conference at Hotel Scribe, where ex-President Kruger will stop. They leave in the morning for Marseilles. Mr. Kruger, they say, will land at 10 o'clock in the morning, and will arrive in Paris next Friday.

All Ready at Marseilles.

Marseilles, Nov. 17.—Final arrangements have been made for Mr. Kruger's reception here. The ceremony at the landing has been reduced to a few words of welcome, the speeches being reserved for the banquet which will be given in honor of the ex-President of the Transvaal. Even if the President is not there, in any case the Boer officials will be present.

THE NEW BRITISH CABINET

Is Now So Large That it is Like Government by Town Meeting.

London, Nov. 17.—There is considerable criticism of the great size of the Cabinet, which assembled to-day for the first time. The board consists of 20 members, and is so large that it is like a Government of the British Empire by town meeting. The most important effect of its unwieldiness will be to confirm and increase the power of the inner Cabinet, which, as The Spectator points out to-day, is a grave constitutional innovation. There cannot be the slightest doubt that the real work of the Cabinet as makers of policy and in the decision of questions of the Empire will be done by Lord Salisbury, the Marquis of Lansdowne, the Duke of Devonshire, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Mr. Balfour and Mr. Chamberlain. It is an open question in many English minds whether the precedent thus established is good or bad.

The Late Ex-Ald. Colwell.

The funeral of the late ex-Ald. William W. Colwell took place on Saturday afternoon from his late residence, Elm Grove-avenue, to the Necropolis. Rev. J. A. Rankin conducted the religious services at the house and grave. A large number of citizens attended the obsequies.

Kitchener's Discipline.

Gen. Lord Kitchener's leaning toward the enforcement of the severest discipline is said to be more or less inherited, as his father, Col. Kitchener, had the reputation of being the strictest disciplinarian in the British army.

RUSSIA IS AFTER THE POLE

Has a Wonderful Ship, the Yermak, Which Can Cut Thru Any Depth of Ice

IS SAID SHE CAN GO STRAIGHT UP

To the North Pole—Experiments Made Have Demonstrated Her Ability in High Latitudes.

London, Nov. 17.—An entirely new departure in Arctic exploration will be made next summer. Russia will send north her wonderful ice ship, the Yermak, with instructions to try to cut her way through to the Pole. The performance of this vessel in cutting and tearing her way at three or four miles an hour thru the immense ice fields of the Baltic Sea and other Russian waters has excited amazement among all who have witnessed it. She is now being equipped and improved for the greatest of all tasks.

The Armstrongs at Elswick have just completed a new bow which is especially designed to encounter the field of ice in the Arctic Sea, which is heavier and thicker than any which the Yermak has yet attacked. The original bow was easily capable of dealing with any of the enormous ice fields which Russia produces. She went to a high latitude on an experimental trip last summer and accomplished all that could be expected of her in her assault upon the external ice which she then encountered. The alterations now being made were suggested by this experience. Admiral Makaroff, who is superintending the changes, has the greatest confidence that his ship will cut her way without delay straight to the Pole and will return safely in the same season. Every precaution has been taken to fit her out for a long stay in case of accident or blockade.

Admiral Makaroff has refused to give out details of the plans or even to admit that the expedition will be undertaken, but there is no doubt on this point. No information is yet available as to the route to be taken or how the coal problem will be solved. There will be supplies at one or two points in Arctic Russia and probably a collier will carry an additional supply as far as the ice will permit.

There May Be Trouble.

Santiago de Cuba, Nov. 18.—Mayor Grinon has refused an application from the leaders of the colored party for a permit to demonstrate to-morrow against the Castillo party, which is now in control. It is expected that an attempt will be made to have the parade without permission of the municipal government.

YORK COUNTY AND SUBURBS

Messrs. Kennedy, Travis and Wallace, From South Africa, Dined By L.O.L. No. 602 and 900

IN CAMPBELL HALL AT JUNCTION

A Banquet Will Be Given to Scarboro's Brave Sons at Malvern Soon.

Toronto Junction, Nov. 18.—Private Travis, Sergt. Kennedy and Capt. Tom Wallace of the first Canadian contingent were honored last night by Loyal Orange Lodges, Nos. 602 and 900, at an oyster supper in Campbell Hall. There was a very large gathering and among them many ladies. Capt. Tom Wallace was given the seat of honor at the head of the table; Sergt. Kennedy, who was shot 11 times, gave an interesting resume of his experiences in the Transvaal, nd Pte. Travis was presented with a handsome bouquet, at the hands of Miss Annie Sharpe. Rev. C. E. Perry and Pas. County Master George Syme gave short addresses, Mr. Loundes sang a song and Mr. Enoch Ward contributed with two patriotic vocal selections. The Harmony Club also helped to make the evening pass pleasantly.

Charles Jones, caretaker of the St. Clair-avenue school since its erection, was yesterday committed to jail by Magistrate Ellis, for examination. A few months ago he had a paralytic stroke and was taken to the hospital. The authorities asked that he be taken out of there, as he was not the kind of patient suited to the institution. He was sent home and became so unmanageable that the police were obliged to take him in charge.

A lecture on "Palestine," illustrated with limelight views, will be delivered by Rev. W. P. Reaske, B.A., in the Baptist Church to-morrow evening.

The children of the Annette-street Methodist Church Sunday school held their annual anniversary services this afternoon, and, with the Sunday school orchestra assisting, sang many hymns and choruses. Short addresses were given by Revs. Rae, DuVernet and Camp, and in the evening Rev. J. Ockley preached. Their annual entertainment will be held on Tuesday.

All the hunters have returned from the woods, bringing with them lots of venison, but no birds. Dan Bleu, Carl Zeidler, W. J. Sheppard and several others of the Maple Leaf Club, who have a club house near South River, returned with 13 deer. H. E. Snell and members of the Queen City Hunt Club brought back 15 deer and 3 moose from their shanty, near Havensworth, and 3 moose, which they could not get out on account of the deep snow, will come down on to-morrow's express. The largest of the three moose weighed 700 lbs., and is a fine antlered beast. Messrs. Barnes, Wilkinson and party succeeded in getting eight deer, and Messrs. Gilbert, Kemp and Manning got three.

Scarboro's Brave Young Men.

A meeting was held on Friday night at the residence of Mr. Beldam, Scarboro, to make arrangements for the reception of the four young Scarboro men who went to South Africa. It was decided that when they all get home a banquet would be given at Malvern. It was also decided to make a present to each of them. What form it will take has not yet been determined. The banquet will be one of the biggest things Scarboro has ever seen. When the boys return they will be given one of the best welcomes that have been extended to the returned soldiers in any part of the country.

East Toronto.

Among the hunters of the north who have returned are the East Toronto company, numbering 11, as follows: A. Mennie, Dr. Walters, E. M. Cook, W. H. Blaylock, W. Edwards, G. Walters, G. Chester, D. Lloyd, W. Paterson, W. Chester and W. Adams. They brought 17 deer with them, also a large quantity of game. They report the season the most unfavorable for years.

The report of the death of Mrs. F. Law, Wexford, came as a sad surprise to her many friends in this district on Saturday morning. The deceased was out driving on Thursday and apparently in the best of health, and on Friday evening about 6 o'clock breathed her last. Heart disease was the trouble. The deceased was a daughter of Robert Hunter, Wexford. She leaves three children and a husband to mourn her loss. The funeral leaves the house to St. Jude's Cemetery, Wexford, on Monday at 2 p.m.

The preparations for a game supper to be held in the Y.M.C.A. to-morrow evening are extensive, as a large crowd is expected.

The East Toronto new electric light plant will be in running operation about Wednesday.

North Toronto.

At the regular meeting of York Lodge, A. F. and A. M., on Friday night last, the following brethren were elected for the ensuing year: W. M., A. H. Dixon; S. W., C. Moseley; J. W., R. J. Gibson; chap., F. C. Miller; treas., J. Burke; secy., A. J. Brown; S. D., J. Brierley; J. D., W. S. Delby; J. G., W. J. Douglas; tyler, W. W. Edwards; auditors W. A. Clarke and J. S. Davis; trustees, D. Robertson and B. Sinclair.

The petition asking Mayor Davis to again accept nomination is being very largely signed, and scarcely a refusal has been made to those in charge of the document.

Anniversary services were held yesterday at the Davisville Methodist Church. The Rev. L. W. Hill of Parliament-street Church took the morning service, a platform service in the afternoon was under the charge of Rev. C. E. Laker, and the pastor preached at night. To-night the annual entertainment will take place, and a choice program has been provided for the occasion. Mr. C. Bonnick, superintendent of the Sabbath School, who has resided in the city, will sever his connection with the congregation this evening.

His Honor Judge Morgan will hold a Court of Revision for the east portion of York Township at the Town Hall to-day.

Aurora.

Mr. H. Legge of Jefferson is having a large brick residence built immediately south of his present home. When completed, the building will compare favorably with any along Yonge-street.

Four outgoing mails leave here daily for Toronto, two by G. T. R. and two by the Metropolitan, and are so timed that two would give exactly the same service, with probably half the cost. Both morning and evening the bags for the city are despatched within a few minutes of each other, and for what reason no one seems able to explain. The Postmaster-General's claim of saving in his department must be taking effect in other places than his own constituency.

Three deer parties returned home on Friday, bringing evidence of having had good sport. Capt. J. Davis' camp brought 10 deer, Dr. Rutherford's 11 and A. E. Moseley's 4 deer.

Mr. A. Love has disposed of a small residence on Metcalf-street to Mr. Jonathan Weston.

It has been decided to hold an Xmas market again this year, and it is expected that at least $150 will be distributed in prizes. Mayor Daville and Mr. D. A. Radcliffe have undertaken the responsibility of collecting the cash for the prize list.

The recent snowstorm made excellent sleighing around here, the earliest for many years past.

Messrs. Lennox and Lennox have recently opened a branch office at Markham village.

ONE OF THE MEANEST YET.

San Francisco Man Married a Detroit Woman, Stole Her Money and Skipped.

Detroit, Nov. 18.—Mrs. Hattie E. Norton of Detroit was married to Charles R. Holmes of San Francisco in Windsor, Ont., Saturday evening. Late this afternoon Mrs. Holmes raised an alarm in the Manning House, and sent messengers looking for her husband. He could not be found. Then she examined the lining of her skirt, where she had secreted $700. The money was missing. Mrs. Holmes said she had known her husband but two weeks, having become acquainted with him thru a matrimonial paper. The police are looking for Holmes.

Liked Lending a Blind Man.

Allan Ireland, a 16-year-old lad, was arrested at the Union Station on Saturday night by Police Constable Pogue, on instructions from the Buffalo authorities. The lad was leading a blind man, who passed thru the Bison City last week and induced the boy to leave his mother's home. Mrs. Ireland will come to this city for her son to-day.

DIRECTORS: H. H. Fudger, J. W. Flavelle, A. E. Ames.

THE ROBERT SIMPSON COMPANY, LIMITED

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 19.

"Raw and Chilly With East Winds"

Weather to Tempt You Into a Good Warm Coat!

If you feel that you'd like to have the comfort without being at great expense come and see the Reefers and Overcoats we describe below. They're value you can hardly equal—good looking and yet stoutly and serviceably made of good beaver cloths. They'll suit you well if you want a first-class coat at a small price.

There's Warmth and Style in These Men's Reefers.

Men's Winter Reefers, double-breasted, beaver cloth, in dark navy blue, velvet collar, with fine farmer's satin linings, sizes 35-44..... 6.00

Men's Beaver Overcoats at $7.50.

Men's Fine English Beaver Overcoats, navy blue and black, fast colors, single or double breasted style, velvet collar, lined with wool Italian cloth, sizes 34-44..... 7.50

A Style of Suit in Popular Demand.

Men's Fine Imported Solid Worsted Suits, the fashionable grey and black stripes, made with single-breasted coat and double-breasted vest, choice farmer's satin linings and trimmings, sizes 36-42..... 11.50

Boys' Brownie Suits.

Boys' Fancy All-wool Navy Blue Serge Brownie Suits, small collar, silk faced lapels and double-breasted vest, good linings, sizes 21-26..... 3.25

Boys' and Youths' $3.75, $4 and $4.50 Reefers, Tuesday $2.50.

Boys' and Youths' Reefers or Pea Jackets, in Oxford grey, navy and black all-wool frieze, made double-breasted with large storm collar, fancy wool linings, an excellent skating or school coat, sizes 27 to 34, regular 3.75, 4.00 and 4.50, Tuesday 2.50

Men's Winter Underwear Economically Priced.

Men's Imported Natural Cashmere Underwear, medium weight, grey shade, unshrinkable, double-breasted, full-fashioned garments, fine trimmings, regular $2, sizes 34 to 44, per garment.. 1.50

Men's Heavy Fleece Lined Underwear, double back and front, beige trimmings, double rib cuffs and ankles, pearl buttons, sizes 34 to 44, Tuesday, per garment, 65c, or, per suit 1.25

Men's Heavy Scotch Wool Underwear, in Shetland and stripes, rib skirts, cuffs and ankles, sateen trimmings, regular 65c and 75c, Tuesday, special..... 49

Shoe News

for men and women—a saving of from fifty cents to one dollar a pair if bought on Tuesday.

Men's Choice Box Calf Lace Boots, handsome American style, best oak tan, Goodyear welt soles, sizes 6 to 10, grand value at $4, Tuesday, special 3.00

Ladies' Extra Fine Dongola Lace and Button Boots, newest shape, with winter weight welt soles, sizes 2½ to 7, splendid $2.50 value, Tuesday, special 2.00

$4.50 Trunks for $3.45.

Splendid Strong Canvas Covered 36-inch Trunks, Tray and Covered Hat Box, sheet iron bottom, corner clamps and strap hinges, brass lock and trimmings, Tuesday, special 3.45

Dollar Umbrellas for 68c.

Tuesday gives some economical folks a good chance to get ready for rain. Among this lot of Umbrellas are sizes to suit men as well as women:

120 Men's and Women's Umbrellas, the tops best Austrian cloth, the handles are natural wood, plain and metal mounted, full sizes, all made with best Paragon frames, with steel rods, regular price $1, Tuesday 68

Women's Warm Gowns for 57c.

These pretty Night Gowns are to be cleared out Tuesday at a price much below the regular value. It is one of the good chances that careful buyers turn to personal profit. If you're interested read the details:

162 Fancy Striped Flannelette Night Gowns, silk embroidery trimmed, turn-down collar and cuffs, two rows embroidery down front, pearl buttons, regular $1 and $1.25, Tuesday 57

6 Collars for 25c.

The headline tells the story more emphatically than we could. Read the following details, then come Tuesday at 8 o'clock for your share and you'll certainly admit that it's the biggest quarter's worth you ever got.

Men's, Youths' and Boys' 4-ply Linen Collars, all the latest English and American makes and styles, viz: standing turn-down, turn points, high bands, rolls, etc., sizes 12 to 19, Tuesday, to clear

6 for 25c.

Your Winter Jacket for $3.45

We have 200 thoroughly first-class, warm winter Coats that were priced from 5.00 to 7.50, and we've decided to clear them out at once at a loss rather than keep them a day longer than Tuesday. They're very good style, some prettily trimmed with braid, some with silk facings, some with big pearl buttons—all of high quality and an unusually good bargain at this very special Tuesday price. Take our advice and come early to see them.

200 Women's and Misses' Jackets, made of boucle, Kersey and heavy cloths, some are cut short box reefer, others fly front, double-breasted, high storm collar, colors black, navy and brown, special value from $5 to $7.50 each, your choice of the lot Tuesday 3.45

Men's Gloves.

Men's Fine Kid Gloves, Dent's English make, pique sewn, gusset fingers, in dark and light tans, all sizes, Tuesday, per pair..... .75

Boys' Heavy Wool Mits, fancy and black colors, Tuesday, special, per pair..... .25

Lace Curtains and Sofa Cushions.

Two attractive price-reductions that will recommend themselves to your good judgment if you read the details below:

88 pairs Nottingham Curtains for $1.98. 315 pairs Nottingham Lace Curtains, 54 to 60 inches wide, 3½ and 4 yards long, in white and ivory, finished with Colbert and overlocked stitched edge, in a full range of floral, spray and Brussels effect designs, regular price, per pair, $3, Tuesday 1.98

65c Cushions for 33c. 247 Sofa Cushions, 18 inches square, silkoline covers, with frill all around, regular price, each, 65c, Tuesday..... .33

A Rocking Chair Special.

Handsome ones for 1.25 that usually sell at 1.90. Rather a tempting chance to secure one, isn't it? They'll sell quickly on Tuesday.

100 Rocking Chairs, solid oak and birch, mahogany finish, strongly made, shaped arm, solid leather cobbler seat, reg. price $1.90, special Tuesday..... 1.25

Handsome Rugs for $10.75

17 only Smyrna, Brussels, Tapestry and Wool Rugs, sizes 3 x 3 yards, 3 x 4 yards, 3½ x 4½ yards, 4 x 4½ yards and 4 x 5 yards, in the best qualities of each grade, no two alike, worth regularly up to $15, special for Tuesday, while they last 10.75

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Immigrants for the U. S.

A party of 25 immigrants passed thru the Union Station last night en route to Chicago and other western points from Montreal. The party was made up of Finlanders, Assyrians and Russians

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