

Caught in The Act Six Men Arrested While Trying to Intimidate Jap Fishermen. Provincial Police Set a Decoy Boat Which Serves Its Purpose.

And Men With Arms in Their Hands Are Taken into Custody.

From Our Own Correspondent. Vancouver, July 11.—Six strikers have been caught red-handed, attempting to intimidate Jap fishermen by the use of firearms. Provincial Superintendent of Police Hussey stated to the Colonist...

The Official Gazette Archibald McGregor of Lady-smith Appointed a Stipendiary Magistrate.

New Companies Incorporated—Assignments—By-Laws Passed.

The following appointments are gazetted: His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor in Council has been pleased to make the following appointments: Benjamin Gordon, Guyler A. Holland, J. F. and Richard Low Deury, J. F. of the city of Victoria, to be members of the board of directors of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital for the 12 months ending the 30th of June, 1902.

Up-to-Date Styles AT THE WELLS BROS. Latest Novelties From Paris, Berlin, London

Our first consignment of Fall Goods in the Upholstering, Drapery and Curtain line are now on sale, and we can only say that for coloring, artistic effect and value we have surpassed ourselves in these last purchases.

AT BISLEY. Shooting of Canadians in Some of the Rifle Matches.

Toronto, July 11.—(Special)—A special cable from Bisley camp says: In the Golden Penny match, Pte. C. W. Spence, 48th Highlanders, Toronto, scored 36, and Lieut. J. M. Davidson, Queen's Own Rifles, 84, the highest possible is 36.

Arrival of the Canadian-Australian Liner Yesterday Morning. Brought a Large Number of Passengers and Heavy Cargo.

(From Friday's Colonist.) R. M. S. Aorangi, of the Canadian-Australian line, arrived at the Outer dock yesterday morning from Australia and Hawaii. She had a large number of passengers, 150 in all, including the Right Hon. Lord Lamington, K. C. M. G., Lady Lamington and family.

Strike of Native Copper on the Newly Discovered Yreka Claim

From recent indications, Mount Richards is likely soon to rival Sicker and Breton in the extent and richness of its mineral deposits. Two weeks ago the Colonist told of the discovery of the Yreka, a few hundred feet from the Lord Roberts mine, and described some rich copper ore taken from the surface.

Mineral Bearing Belt Traverses Vancouver and Salt Spring Islands.

The owners of the Yreka are confident that they have a good thing. They are sinking a tunnel during the four months of grand opera at the Tivoli. We will bring with the companies all the scenery that has been used in the production of the Tivoli, and what I wish to impress upon you is the fact that the play for the entire engagement at popular prices, just the same as we have in San Francisco.

Conditions on The Railway Men Claim That They Are Daily Becoming More Confident of Success.

Winnipeg, July 11.—Though there is nothing startling or new in the C. P. R. strike situation, the men here are becoming more confident every day that it is in the West where the conflict is being waged. They say that the company cannot hold out very much longer with the track in the alleged bad state that it is in at present.

Company Treat Strike As Practically Over and Say It Has Collapsed.

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THE CHURCH ORGAN. Some Interesting Facts About the Instrument, Including the Largest in Canada.

A writer in the Montreal Star, in a very interesting article on the church organ, says: A decision of the Victoria Memorial Committee of Toronto to erect a mammoth organ in the Massey music hall in that city as a memorial to Queen Victoria, has created considerable attention both in Canada and abroad.

SETTLERS ARE BURNED OUT Forest Fires Play Great Havoc in the Temiscaming District.

From Our Own Correspondent. Toronto, July 11.—Letters received at the parliament buildings this morning show that settlers in Temiscaming county have had a terrible experience, forest fires raging over a considerable portion of the townships of Hudson, Kearns, Diamond, Halley, Harris and Casey, and in almost every family are rendered homeless.

U. S. Census Shows Proportion of Urban Population Increases.

Washington, July 11.—The census office issued a bulletin today concerning the urban population of the country. It shows that 28,411,898 people in the United States live in cities, and towns of over 4,000 population, which is 37.3 per cent. of the entire population, a gain of almost five per cent. since the census of 1890, when the percentage was 32.9.

COAL PROSPECTS. Endeavor to be Made to Open up Property on the Fraser.

Westminster July 10.—(Special)—The Columbian reports the discovery of coal on the property of Mr. Sydney Smith, above Bon Accord, on the Fraser. Mr. Smith is seeking capital for the development of the coal.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL. Crown Attorney Cushman Accused of a Serious Offence.

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The Colonist.

TUESDAY, JULY 16, 1901.

Published by The Colonist Printing & Publishing Company, Limited Liability. No. 27 Broad Street, Victoria B. C. PERCIVAL R. BROWN, Manager.

THE DAILY COLONIST.

Delivered by carrier at 20c. per week, or mailed postpaid to any part of Canada (except the city) and United States at the following rates: One Year \$3.00 Six Months \$1.80

THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST

One Year \$1.50 Six Months \$0.90 Three Months \$0.50

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

All new advertisements and changes of advertising, to ensure their being inserted, should be handed in to the office not later than 8 a. m. Advertisements will be accepted up to 8 p. m. at the business office, but insertion cannot be guaranteed.

\$10 REWARD Will be paid for such information as will lead to the conviction of anyone stealing the Colonist from the doors of subscribers.

THE SITUATION ON THE FRASER.

We hesitate to lay the responsibility for the attempt to shoot Police Magistrate Russell upon the striking fishermen, even although they have shown a disposition to resort to violence.

SEWERAGE.

The citizens of Victoria will have at a very early date to take up the matter of sewerage. Our present system is very excellent, as far as it has been completed, but a great deal yet remains to be done.

EVOLUTION IN THOUGHT.

In the new heaven and new earth, which John tells about in the Book of Revelations, there was no more sea. To appreciate this, to us, rather doubtful recommendation, we must have in mind the conditions under which John wrote.

FIREWORKS

For celebrations, garden parties, camping out, etc. Promptly shipped, carefully packed, with full instructions for firing.

HITT BROS.

Fireworks Manufacturers, Victoria, B. C.

place of eternal fire, he found that all his congregation wanted to get there as soon as possible. The story illustrates a trait in human character. That is heaven to us all which is the contrary to the things which trouble us here.

We think we see in this an explanation why old-time theology and old-time preaching does not have the influence it once had, especially in the centres of population. The conditions of life are now so much less arduous than they once were, that there is no longer a yearning for the species of happiness suggested by the Oriental imagery of the Bible.

What amusing thoughts passed through his mind, he never told, and perhaps could not, but the thorough enjoyment he took out of his own mental gymnastics showed that there is a sort of fun that words cannot express. The conundrum, which was given him by his young niece, was: "Why is a stove pan like a funeral urn?"

LAUGHTER.

It is said that laughter is rarely heard in France nowadays. To many people such a statement will come as a surprise, for they have been accustomed to regard the French as frivolous and given to mirth.

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functory sort of way, and then began to seek out where the joke lay. Nothing could be funnier than this process. The conundrum was in English, and so was the answer, and the exact meaning of the words eluded him.

THE BOARD OF TRADE.

We publish in full this morning the Annual Report of the British Columbia Board of Trade. It is a paper of unusual interest. Mr. Elworthy, the Secretary of the Board, is much to be congratulated upon the very excellent work embraced in it.

The reports of the Board from year to year show marked progress in the industrial affairs of British Columbia, and the present one is no exception to the rule. It discloses progress in every section, and while it is not to be denied that untoward circumstances have to some extent and in some industries retarded the general advance, there is every reason to believe that this is only temporary.

LABOR TROUBLES.

A feeling of unrest is abroad, and workmen are engaging in strikes for a variety of causes, which apparently have no relation to each other. There is only one good feature about the matter, namely, that at the bottom most men are disposed to be reasonable, and when counsel will be likely to prevail when once the danger ahead, if settled conditions are not restored, is fully realized by the wage-earners.

WOMAN IS AS OLD AS SHE LOOKS.

It is not age but disease, weakness and ill-health that makes women look old, careworn and wrinkled. You cannot look your best unless you feel well, strong and vigorous, with pure rich blood and steady nerves.

THE SITUATION ON THE FRASER.

The first thing to be done on the Fraser is to vindicate the law. This must be done, if there is not another fish caught there for the next twenty years. The law of the land must be paramount and the people who are not willing to live in British Columbia under such circumstances cannot be too active in removing themselves to some other country.

It is freely stated in well-informed quarters that the strike on the Fraser is being engineered in the interest of the cannery south of the 49th parallel. We have no evidence on the point, and publish the statement for what it may be worth.

disregarded. Apply this to the fishermen's strike now in progress. The court would take up the question involved and would settle what would be a fair price for fish. If after such decree any canner should refuse to pay the price fixed, his cannery should be closed; if any fisherman should be unwilling to work for the price, he should be at liberty to refuse but if the Fishermen's union should resist the order of the court, its officers should be liable as for a contempt, and all attempts to interfere with persons willing to work for the fixed price should be punishable in the same manner.

AN OLD PROJECT REVIVED.

In his speech before the Board of Trade yesterday, Mr. Turner spoke very strongly upon the importance of reviving the old British Pacific project. He was careful to explain that in so doing he was speaking only as an old resident of Victoria. We think that most of those who heard him will regret that he felt obliged thus to qualify his observations, for when he said that he believed the people of Victoria would only have to wake up to secure the subsidies necessary to bring the Canadian Northern to their doors, those who heard him would have been glad to have been told that this was his opinion as a prominent member of the British Columbia cabinet.

That the central portion of British Columbia is as rich in natural resources as the southern portion is very well understood. Communities with just as great population, and just as great industrial potentialities as any in the Kootenays can be built up north of the Canadian Pacific, and it is altogether probable that their prosperity would be found to rest upon even a wider basis.

GOLD PURCHASES.

The announcement made at the meeting of the Board of Trade yesterday that the provincial government has entered into an arrangement whereby gold will be assayed and its weight and fineness guaranteed at the government assay offices, and a certificate be given to the owner of the metal, which can be cashed at its face in any bank in British Columbia, is the culmination of the effort of the Board to do what is possible to bring the gold of the Yukon to the cities of British Columbia.

BRITISH JUSTICE.

The Colonist quoted yesterday an extract from the Spokesman-Review complimenting Canada upon the way in which justice was administered in the case of O'Brien, the Yukon murderer. Until the Spokane paper put the facts together, we were not aware that there was anything extraordinary in the case, and are not sure about it now. We take it for granted in Canada that when a crime has been committed, the law officers will charge themselves with the duty of arresting and punishing the criminal, and the fact that it takes some time and costs considerable money is neither here nor there.

LABOR TROUBLES.

The Times says of the Colonist: "Perhaps our contemporary will admit that workingmen have some rights on this continent which capital is bound to respect." This remark is deliberately meant to misrepresent the attitude of the Colonist towards workingmen. Our contemporary, lacking the courage to utter a deliberate falsehood, resorts to the low trick of innuendo. During the last two weeks the Colonist has printed a short series of articles on the relations of employers and employed, and the whole subject of them has been to discover, if possible, some means whereby these two essential factors in the community can be got to work in harmony.

Our Vancouver correspondent sends us some particulars of outrages on Japanese fishermen, which are rather startling reading. We feel sure that Superintendent Hussey and the provincial police are doing their full duty in the premises, but allowance must be made for the large area to be covered and the other difficulties presented by the situation.

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"If combinations of capitalists, or even individual capitalists, decide to import untold quantities of Oriental coal or our gold or take our fish, because by doing so they can accumulate wealth more rapidly than by paying our own people fair wages, we should say that an attempt to wrest from workingmen their rights, and also an attempt to inflict a grievous wrong upon a community."

Does the Times pretend to say that these things have been done in Canada? Does it not know that they have not been done? Is it not perfectly aware that there is not a tithe of foundation for any such insinuation? It is a melancholy thing that any newspaper, at a time like this, when men are confronting each other with arms in their hands, should pour oil on the flames of discord, by professing to believe that the Japanese engaged in fishing on the Fraser were imposed by capitalists because the latter could accumulate more wealth by employing them than by paying our own people fair wages.

LABOR TROUBLES.

Having advanced such a monstrous proposition, the Times says that when things reach such a stage it is time to provide some machinery to settle the controversy in a manner which will do justice to all concerned. Will it explain what is meant by this? To our judgment, the correct way to deal with men, who import Orientals or any one else to work at lower wages than our own people will accept, is to prosecute them under the Alien Labor Act, and for this the machinery is already provided.

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The Colonist quoted yesterday an extract from the Spokesman-Review complimenting Canada upon the way in which justice was administered in the case of O'Brien, the Yukon murderer. Until the Spokane paper put the facts together, we were not aware that there was anything extraordinary in the case, and are not sure about it now.

LABOR TROUBLES.

It is n't putting the matter too strongly to say that in some parts of the United States the administration of criminal law is little short of a farce, and we regret to say that the State of Washington is one of those places to which this observation applies. The effort of the judges there seems to be to discover little technicalities through which a criminal may escape punishment.

THE HICKMAN TYE HARDWARE CO. LIMITED Importers of IRON, STEEL, HARDWARE, PIPE, FITTINGS. Mining and Milling Supplies a Specialty. 32 and 34 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone 59 P. O. Drawer 613

Massey-Harris Machinery. We have for this season's haying, the old reliable Toronto and Brantford mowers. Also No. 7. This machine has all the good points of the other mowers, and some not found on any other machine. It is up to date in every respect. HAY RAKES, TEDDERS, MOWER, KNIFE GRINDERS, ETC., ETC., ETC. SEE THEM BEFORE YOU BUY. E. G. PRIOR & CO, LIMITED, Sole Agents. VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, KAMLOOPS.

The New Electric Hot-Air Baths. GREVILLE SYSTEM. Or localized application of super-heated dry air for the treatment of enlarged and stiffened joints caused by rheumatism, neuritis, sprains, etc. Terms and testimonials upon application. 40 KANE STREET, Victoria, B. C. Telephone 701.

The H. B. A. Vogel Commercial College. P. O. Box 347 Vancouver, B.C. We teach thorough office methods entirely and use no text books or "systems" for bookkeeping. We teach and place our students into positions in six months. Shorthand and typewriting. Send for illustrated prospectus.

W. G. DICKINSON & CO. Flour, Feed, Hay, Grain. 93 Johnson Street. You should try Crushed Oats, the best and most economical for horses and cattle. We have always a fresh stock on hand.

of murder in the first degree in that state, unless he first advertised in the papers that he proposed to kill his man with malice aforethought. One of the learned judges made an observation to the effect that it had not been shown that, when Fredericks left home in the morning, he had malice in his heart against the unfortunate victim of his deed. It is a strange thing how men, whose opinions on other subjects are reasonable and who can be trusted with important civil issues, lose their heads altogether when it comes to dealing with crime. We have had one or two instances recently in Victoria, where jurors have shown in disposition to split hairs in criminal cases and thereby excuse crime, but they have not been so frequent as to materially lessen the esteem in which British justice is administered here is regarded.

KLONDIKE GOLD.

In his letter, printed in this paper yesterday, Mr. W. F. Thompson, of the Yukon Sun, took much the same position as the Colonist did a month or two ago, when his views were heartily endorsed in Dawson. There is hardly any room for doubt that the proper place for the gold of Klondike is to be assayed and sold in Dawson. It is well to provide assay offices in Vancouver and Victoria for the convenience of such people as prefer to bring their gold to these cities, but the right place for the principal office is at Dawson, where men who take out the gold can convert it into money at the lowest possible charge.

LABOR TROUBLES.

The Board of Trade will meet today at 3 p. m. for the election of officers and the consideration of the annual report. The Lieutenant-Governor has signified his intention to be present, as also have some of the provincial ministers. The meeting is likely to be very interesting and should be well attended. Shamrock II. seems to be a little the smoothest sailer that has been got ready to dispute the right to the America's cup. Shamrock I. was a good one, but not quite good enough. "Strike while the iron is hot" is good advice, but Cromwell's amendment—"make the iron hot and wait for the iron to heat itself, you may lose a chance to strike"—brings

RESERVE. Notice is hereby given that all the unappropriated Crown lands situated within the boundaries of the following areas are hereby reserved from pre-emption, sale, or other disposition, excepting under the provisions of the mining laws of the province, for two years from the date hereof, pursuant to the provisions of sub-section (5) of section 41 of the "Land Act Amendment Act, 1901," to enable the Industrial Power Company of B. C. Limited, to select therefrom timber limits for wood pulp and paper manufacturing purposes, as provided by an agreement bearing date the sixth day of June, 1901, viz: Area 1.—All the surveyed land on both sides of the river at the head of Wakeman Sound. Area 2.—Commencing at the west boundary line of the Indian Reserve on Nimslick River; thence along both sides of the river to the lake, with a width on each side of the river of 40 chains. Area 3.—Extending from the head of Queen's Beach, Purvis Island, ten miles up the river, with a width of one mile on each side of each branch thereof. Area 4.—Extending from the head of Robinson Bite, Johnson Strait, three miles up the river, with a width on each side of half a mile. Area 5.—Extending for five miles up Adams River, Johnson Strait, from its mouth, with a width on each side of one mile. Area 6.—Extending from the junction of the White River with Salmon River for a distance of ten miles up said White River, with a width on each side thereof of one mile. Area 7.—Commencing at a point where the line of sub-section (5) of section 41 of the "Land Act Amendment Act, 1901," crosses the coast line of British Columbia; thence east or said parallel to a point north of Embley Lagoon; thence south and west following the channel between Kinnaird Island and Pandora Head; thence south and west along the centre of Wells Passage to the Queen's Charlotte Sound; thence northwest to point of beginning. Area 8.—Malcolm Island. Area 9.—Gifford Island. Area 10.—Commencing at the head of Pitt Lake; thence up the river at the head of said lake for a distance of five miles, having a width of half a mile on each side of said river. W. S. GORE, Deputy Commissioner of Lands and Works, Lands and Works Department, Victoria, B. C., 9th June, 1901.

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