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# The Glencoe Transcript.

PRINTING THAT PLEASURES  
 The Transcript Press handles every  
 line of Job Printing and will meet  
 all competitors.

Volume 53.—No. 46

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1924

Whole No. 2756

**WANTED**  
 Wood to cut on shares or by the cord, or will buy timber standing. Enquire at the Transcript office.

**OYSTER SUPPER**  
 The Battle Hill men will give an oyster supper in No. 1 schoolhouse, Mosa, Friday, November 14, from 6 to 8. Ladies to furnish program. Admission, 25 cents.

**WANTED**  
 Polled Angus bull, 2 years old.—C. W. Helmer, Bothwell.

**Furniture Wanted**  
 Wanted to hire or purchase locally, delivered, second-hand furniture, comprising dining-room, living-room, bedrooms, kitchen, cooking stove, heater, etc. Apply W. M. L., Box No. 123, Glencoe Transcript.

**FOR SALE**  
 Twenty yearling steers and 20 two year-old steers; all bred by stock.—James Gilbert, Glencoe.

**FOR SALE**  
 Some pigs, about 70 lbs.—D. M. Secord.

**APPLES FOR SALE**  
 Quantity of hand picked Spy apples; telephone 618 r 2.

**FOUND**  
 An overcoat, north of Glencoe. Owner may have same by paying for this ad.

**POULTRY WANTED**  
 Highest prices paid for all kinds of poultry.—J. C. McAlpine, Macksville; telephone M 19 r 181.

**STOVE FOR SALE**  
 Steel range, good as new; first-class baker; cheap.—Archie D. Leitch; phone M 29 r 49.

**WOOD FOR SALE**  
 Stove wood. Call 606 r 14.

**DR. A. M. BAYNE**  
 Dentist  
 Code Block, Alvinston; phone 89. Commercial Hotel, Newbury, on Mondays.

**TRY US FOR CHOICE FRESH and CURED MEATS AT RIGHT PRICES CALDERWOOD'S**  
 North Main Street  
 Phone 60

**MOSA FARM LOAN ASSOCIATION**  
 will meet at Glencoe Wednesday, May 14; Monday, June 9; Monday, September 15; Monday, October 6. For information, long and short term loans, apply to President, Joseph Walker; Vice-President, R. Walker; Secretary-Treasurer, C. C. McNaughton; Directors—Charles Webster, F. J. James, D. A. Mitchell, A. Gardner and R. H. Murray.

**CREAM AND EGGS WANTED**  
 Our wagon will be on the road all season.  
**G. W. SUTTON**  
 Agent for Ontario Creamery, Ltd.  
 North Main St., Glencoe  
 Phone 89

**CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS**  
**THE DOUBLE TRACK ROUTE**  
 between MONTREAL TO ONTO DETROIT and CHICAGO  
 Unexcelled Dining-car Service. Sleeping Cars on night trains and Parlor Cars on principal day trains. Full information from any Grand Trunk Ticket Agent or C. E. Horning, District Passenger Agent, Toronto. C. O. Smith, Station Agent, Glencoe; telephone No. 5. P. E. Lumley, Town Agent, Glencoe.

**Safety Razor Blades Sharpened**  
 ALL MAKES  
 Satisfaction Guaranteed  
 Two-edged Blades each 4c  
 Single Blades each 3c  
**JOHNSTON'S DRUG STORE**  
 GLENCOE

**FARM FOR SALE**  
 Fifty acres, being part lot 13 in 5th concession of Mosa; sandy loam, good buildings, also fruit. Apply to J. A. McBrayne, Mull P.O., Ont.

**FOR SALE**  
 South half lot 6, second concession, township of Mosa, containing 50 acres more or less. For further particulars apply Daniel Trestrain, Glencoe, Ont.

**Onions for Sale**  
 Quantity of Onions; \$1.25 per bag—Apply to S. Lutchin, Wardsville.

**WE OFFER**  
 Government, Municipal and Corporation Bonds.—Donation Securities Corporation, Ltd., Toronto.  
 London Office—391 Royal Bank Building.

**HOUSE FOR SALE**  
 Cheap for quick cash sale. Apply to John Rudavsky, phone 608 r 4.

**WOOD FOR SALE**  
 Dry, hard or soft wood; delivered in town in any quantity. Wood yard at back of Huston's office. Also all kinds of trucking done.—Vincent Watterworth; phone 114.

**McAlpine Grocery**  
 We have a few broken lines of Shoes to sell at greatly reduced prices. Don't miss your chance if you need shoes. Now is your opportunity.  
 Keep your eye on our store for week-end bargains in Groceries; also Fresh Fruit in season.  
**BRUCE McALPINE**

## Continuing The Presbyterian Church

A Convocation of Presbyterians will be held in the **Town Hall, Glencoe, Friday, Nov. 21st,** at eight o'clock, to consider the Church Union vote by ballot.

What Does it Mean? This convocation is for information and is arranged for the convenience of Mosa, Ekfrid, and surrounding district.

Come and learn the exact situation so that you may act before it is too late. Every congregation should be largely represented. Delegates need not be appointed. Let all who want information come—Men and Women. Speakers:—Rev. James Wilson, D. D., Rev. James McKay, B. D., and others.

An offering will be taken.



## Do they answer your questions?

The young people, in their letters from school, seldom tell you what you really want to know.

But how different when you call them by Long Distance! Jack says he is all over his cold. Mary is no longer homesick and is perfectly happy.

The load is lifted from your mind. And how the absent ones do enjoy hearing the familiar voice!

No matter how gloomy the weather, a talk with the young people by Long Distance will always bring sunshine into their day as well as yours.

Look up in your Telephone Book the lower rates for Station-to-Station calls after 8.30 p.m.



## DISTRICT AND GENERAL

It costs the United States \$30,000,000 to elect a President.

English farmers have started a co-operative bacon factory to eliminate some of the middleman's profit.

Alexander McClung, one of the early pioneers of the township of Brooke, passed away in Petrolia hospital on November 8th.

The nineteenth anniversary of the founding of the Presbyterian congregation of New Glasgow will be observed on Sunday, November 23rd.

The tailor shop of Sam Chaffe, Dresden, was burglarized on Sunday night and over \$1,000 worth of furs, overcoats and valuable webs of cloth taken.

John Black, an aged resident of Alvinston, had the misfortune to get his leg broken by tripping on a small limb while walking through the orchard.

London township council has appointed an official dog catcher. Stray pups that cannot lay claim to a master will be shot on sight and buried at leisure.

A potato weighing three and a half pounds was left at the Watford Guide-Advocate office by David Skilken. It measures 19 inches in circumference.

Up to date over 100 cars of celery have been shipped from Theford, and it is fully expected that the output will be 100 more cars at the end of the season.

Macadamizing of the provincial highway between Chatham and Tilbury is almost complete. The pavement will be open for traffic in about three weeks' time.

A motorist in Arkansas must pay a personal property tax on his car, a tax of 4 cents a gallon on gasoline, 12 1/2 cents the horse power of his engine, 55 cents the 100 pounds of weight of his car, and a tax of 10 cents a gallon on oil.

Fire of unknown origin destroyed the four barns of Homer Knapton, London township, causing loss in stock, buildings, grain and implements estimated at over \$20,000.

Among the ruins lay the charred remains of a cow, one bull, a sow and several little pigs, and buried in the debris are great quantities of grain and practically all of the most modern farm implements.

An alleged firebug at Delaware is accused of a number of fires in the neighborhood. Thursday night an attempt was made to burn the home of William Tiffany, an aged man who lives alone on the edge of the village. Tiffany was awakened by a glare of fire outside his bedroom window.

A hasty investigation revealed a quantity of oil-soaked corn cobs, etc., burning in a hole which had been cut in the foundation.

A deputation of citizens waited upon the municipal council of Watford requesting a stricter enforcement of the various by-laws of the village, and of the Ontario Temperance Act in particular. Some dissatisfaction was expressed over the lax way in which not only the O.T.A. but the town by-laws were being enforced. The council unanimously adopted a resolution instructing the constable strictly to enforce the Ontario Temperance Act and the by-laws of the town.

**SUCCESSORS TO INJURIES**  
 John Graham McDonald, who was injured in an automobile accident on Sunday, November 2, passed away last Thursday evening in Victoria Hospital, London. Deceased was a son of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. McDonald, of Middlemiss, and was in his 16th year. Funeral service was held in the Methodist church at Middlemiss on Saturday afternoon and interment was made at Cowal cemetery. Pallbearers were six of his fellow students of the Glencoe high school—Sherman McAlpine, Ivan Kimball, William Moss, Ross Allan, William Trestrain and William Richards.

**CAIRO**  
 Mrs. D. M. Smith has returned home after spending two months in Windsor and Walkerville.

Sorry to say Mrs. Fred Burdon is not improving in health.

Quite a few attended the thank-offering service held at Cairo Sunday.

Maurice Baird and Ernest Ebbinghouse, of Windsor, spent the holiday at the home of Richard Burr.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie McGugan attended the funeral of their little grandson at Thamesville Thursday. Mrs. Norman Young is visiting at her brother's at Cashmere.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Smith, of Windsor, called on friends at Cairo.

Happiness has to be cranked, while trouble has a self-starter.

## THE PLEBISCITE VOTE

Official Returns of West Middlesex, October 23rd, 1924

| Caradoc    | Poling Subdiv. | O.T.A. | Gov. Control | Majority |
|------------|----------------|--------|--------------|----------|
| 1          | 155            | 49     | 106          |          |
| 2          | 177            | 26     | 151          |          |
| 3          | 322            | 40     | 282          |          |
| 4          | 181            | 18     | 163          |          |
| 5          | 107            | 23     | 84           |          |
| 6          | 109            | 35     | 74           |          |
| 7          | 138            | 20     | 118          |          |
| 8          | 18             | 10     | 8            |          |
| Lobo       |                | 1207   | 221          | 986      |
| 1          | 143            | 33     | 110          |          |
| 2          | 184            | 66     | 118          |          |
| 3          | 177            | 15     | 162          |          |
| 4          | 199            | 19     | 180          |          |
| 5          | 120            | 35     | 85           |          |
| Delaware   |                | 823    | 168          | 655      |
| 1          | 98             | 31     | 67           |          |
| 2          | 137            | 56     | 81           |          |
| 3          | 112            | 10     | 102          |          |
| 4          | 92             | 10     | 82           |          |
| Ekfrid     |                | 439    | 107          | 332      |
| 1          | 81             | 12     | 69           |          |
| 2          | 93             | 13     | 80           |          |
| 3          | 151            | 20     | 131          |          |
| 4          | 117            | 14     | 103          |          |
| 5          | 59             | 29     | 40           |          |
| 6          | 187            | 20     | 167          |          |
| 7          | 168            | 14     | 94           |          |
| Mosa       |                | 806    | 132          | 674      |
| 1          | 50             | 17     | 33           |          |
| 2          | 29             | 39     | 10           |          |
| 3          | 72             | 15     | 57           |          |
| 4          | 91             | 12     | 79           |          |
| 5          | 138            | 15     | 123          |          |
| 6          | 53             | 12     | 41           |          |
| 7          | 47             | 32     | 15           |          |
| 8          | 62             | 12     | 50           |          |
| Glencoe    |                | 542    | 154          | 388      |
| 1          | 164            | 58     | 106          |          |
| 2          | 157            | 60     | 97           |          |
| Newbury    |                | 321    | 118          | 203      |
| Wardsville |                | 86     | 32           | 54       |
| Total vote |                | 4361   | 971          | 3390     |

**MOSA COUNCIL**  
 A meeting of the Mosa council was held at Newbury October 18th. All the members were present except the reeve. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Moved by A. McCready, seconded by J. A. Leitch, that Isaac Watterworth be appointed reeve pro tem. Carried.

Moved by J. A. Leitch, seconded by A. McCready, that the council purchase from Robert McArthur for the sum of \$10 a strip of land 30 feet wide by 155 feet long, being the westerly corner of lot 12, concession 7, to make a better turn where the 7th concession road meets the Mosa and Euphemia townline near the McDonald hill. Carried.

Moved by James Gilbert, seconded by J. A. Leitch, that W. Willis and A. Flegg be paid \$175, account in full for work done on the Frederick Marsh drain, and that John A. Leitch be appointed a commissioner for to let and superintend the work on said drain. Carried.

Moved by James Gilbert, seconded by J. A. Leitch, that W. Willis and A. Flegg be paid \$175, account in full for work done on the Frederick Marsh drain, and that John A. Leitch be appointed a commissioner for to let and superintend the work on said drain. Carried.

Moved by John A. Leitch, seconded by James Gilbert, that H. A. Armstrong be paid \$14, Alton McVicar \$15, for sheep killed by dogs. Carried.

Moved by James Gilbert, seconded by A. McCready, that by-law No. 740 to provide for the construction of the McNaughton drain be finally passed as read the third time, and that John A. Leitch be appointed a commissioner for to let and superintend the work on said drain. Carried.

Moved by J. A. Leitch, seconded by James Gilbert, that an order for \$62.25 be issued to the treasurer of the township of Brooke in settlement of townline account up to end of 1923. Carried.

Moved by A. McCready, seconded by James Gilbert, that a by-law be passed for to impose a percentage of 1 per cent. on the 1st day of January, February, March, April and May making a total of 5 per cent. on all unpaid taxes after December 31st, 1924. Carried.

Moved by James Gilbert, seconded by J. A. Leitch, that W. B. Thomson be paid \$50 for work done on Gov. Drain No. 3. Carried.

Moved by A. McCready, seconded by James Gilbert, that J. A. Leitch be paid \$4, R. W. McKellar \$4, C. C. McNaughton \$6, for selecting jurors and making returns to clerk of the peace. Carried.

Moved by Archie McCready, seconded by James Gilbert, that Wm. H. Reycraft be paid \$130, salary as collector, and \$2.50 for receipt stamps. Carried.

The council adjourned to meet at Glencoe on November 15th at 10 o'clock in forenoon.

C. C. McNaughton, Clerk.

Say it with printing.

## VIGOROUS ACTION URGED

More vigorous enforcement of the Ontario Temperance Act, with jail sentences and other more severe penalties for violators were urged upon Premier Ferguson and his Government by the Women's Institutes of Western Ontario at their convention in London.

The ladies appealed also for the cancellation of the licenses of motorists who drive while intoxicated.

The newspapers of the Dominion were requested not to publish "yellow matter," such as the intimate details of criminal and immoral incidents, and women were implored to exercise at every opportunity their franchise rights.

Mrs. George Edwards, of Komoka; Mrs. C. M. Macie, of Appin; Mrs. J. C. McMillan, of Crinan, and Mrs. Malcolm MacBeth, of Milverton, were named as delegates to the Board of the Provincial Federation.

**U. F. W. O. ACTIVITIES**  
 The annual meeting of the Battle Hill U.F.W.O. was held at the home of Mrs. I. Watterworth on Friday evening, November 7th. Owing to the illness of the president, Mrs. Bert Gould, the chair was occupied by the vice-president, Mrs. Bert Simpson.

Mrs. A. Gould, secretary-treasurer, gave a satisfactory report, showing that much community work had been accomplished and that the society had a substantial surplus.

There was much discussion as to the aims and possibilities of the organization for the coming year, and the variety of suggestions brought forward indicates that the meetings this winter will be novel, interesting and instructive.

Mrs. I. Watterworth was appointed to attend the annual convention of the U.F.W.O. in Toronto in December. The West Middlesex county convention is being held at Mount Brydges today (Thursday), and as many as possible are invited to attend. Mrs. Dykes was appointed delegate.

The next meeting will be held at Mrs. Copeland's. As this is the first meeting of the new year a good attendance is requested.

The following officers were elected:—President, Mrs. Bert Simpson; vice-president, Mrs. F. Copeland; secretary-treasurer, Mrs. E. Currie; corresponding secretary, Mrs. T. W. Dykes; directors—Mrs. H. Weekes, Mrs. W. Gould, Mrs. J. Gilbert, Mrs. D. Snyder, Mrs. F. Simpson; flower and visiting committee—Mrs. Hugh McCutcheon, Mrs. James Gilbert, Mrs. A. George.

Lunch was served at the close of the meeting.

## DEATH OF CASHMERE LADY

The death occurred in St. Joseph's Hospital, London, on Wednesday morning last at 7 o'clock of Myrtle Irene, beloved wife of Wellington Dark. She was a patient sufferer for the past two weeks. Mrs. Dark was a devout worker in the church here, being a valued member of the choir. Although scarcely 28 years of age, she will leave a memory here for her many, many friends which she won by her loving way and kindly disposition. She leaves to mourn her loss her husband and one son, Charlie; also one brother, Arthur Tunks, near Bothwell, and a host of friends. The floral tributes were many and testified to her popularity.

They included sprays and wreaths from the Latter Day Saints ladies, Bothwell; Decow family, St. Thomas; Davs family, Detroit; Stothard families, Tilbury; Mr. and Mrs. Robert Tunks, the Cashmere church, the Newbury baseball club, Mr. and Mrs. James Hanton and Mary, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Johnston, Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Siller, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Tunks; Mrs. Godeyear, Bothwell; Mrs. Burrows, Highgate; Mr. and Mrs. James Dent, Mr. and Mrs. Ted. Knowler, Mr. and Mrs. Norman Young, Cairo, and several others. Eight girl friends of the deceased carried the flowers and six of her cousins were pallbearers. Service was held in the church. The choir sang very nicely, "We Do Not Know the Reason Why," with Mrs. Earle Tunks and Mrs. Herman Mann taking the verses in duet and the choir joining in the chorus. Rev. Mr. Bridgette, the pastor, who was in Toronto at the time of her death, was called home and took the service. He spoke of the good work done by the deceased and her willingness to assist in any way, and how greatly she would be missed. Burial was made in West Bothwell cemetery. Those attending from a distance were Mr. and Mrs. Robert Stothard, Tilbury; Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Stothard, Detroit; Mr. and Mrs. Beima, Eberts; Mr. and Mrs. Harper Robinson and Miss Eva Robinson, Rodney; Mrs. Gordon Tunks, Rodney; Mr. and Mrs. Roy Prangley, Cairo; Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Johnston, Clachan; Mr. and Mrs. George Dark, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Dark and Mr. and Mrs. John Dark, Highgate; Clarence and Elmer Tunks, Pontiac; Tom Saylor, London; Mrs. J. C. Brown, Pontiac; Mr. and Mrs. John Decow and Mr. and Mrs. Tearle Decow, St. Thomas; Mr. and Mrs. Art. Davis and Mrs. Finch, Detroit; Mr. and Mrs. Calvert Reycraft, Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Reycraft and Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Reycraft, near Glencoe; Mr. and Mrs. Bert Dark, Althoro, and many others from Newbury, Wardsville and Bothwell. The sympathy of the community goes out to the bereaved ones.

Put a small carpet tack or a pin in the corks of all bottles in the house containing poison of any kind. This will help eliminate the danger of poison being taken in mistake for medicine.

Advertising stimulates trade.



## VICTIM OF MOTOR ACCIDENT

In the above picture is shown John Graham McDonald (centre of bottom row) whose death occurred last Thursday as the result of a motor car accident. William Tre-

tain, his companion on the night of the accident, who escaped with minor injuries, is in the middle of the centre row, holding the sweepstakes trophy won by Glencoe High School athletes in the W.O.S.S.A. field day exercises in 1923.

Put a small carpet tack or a pin in the corks of all bottles in the house containing poison of any kind. This will help eliminate the danger of poison being taken in mistake for medicine.

Advertising stimulates trade.

# REPUBLICANS GIVE COOLIDGE HUGE MAJORITY IN IMMENSE POPULAR VOTE

Both Houses of Congress Are Republican by Majorities Sufficient to Enable President to Enforce His Policies.

A despatch from New York says:— Calvin Coolidge's election to the Presidency of the United States proves, as the returns near complete tabulation, to be an overwhelming Republican victory. The party's popular total very probably will exceed the staggering Hardy victory of 1920, and the President's position in the Electoral College probably will rank third in strength in the whole history of the country. The results of Tuesday's election, as they appeared on the latest tabulations, are as follows from an Electoral College point of view: Coolidge, 379; Davis, 139; La Follette, 13.

The popular vote cast for President Coolidge and his running mate, Brigadier-General Charles G. Dawes, may actually exceed that cast for Harding in 1920, when the totals are complete, but thus far it appears to be about three million short. This is the nearly complete tabulation: Coolidge, 13,803,118; Davis, 7,976,172; La Follette, 3,847,969.

Both Houses of Congress will be Republican. But, more than that, they appear to be Republican by majorities that will enable the President

and his party leaders to fight successfully the bloc opposition which saw his measures and policies so often overridden in the past Congress. This is apparent both as a direct numerical result and because the country has said such a firm and emphatic "No" to the radical element that it is regarded as doubtful if those with weaker leanings in that direction will be willing to embarrass a President who manifestly has the people behind him.

"Ma" Ferguson turned the knights of the Ku Klux Klan over her knee and gave them a good spanking at the polls in Texas. She defeated the Republican-Klan candidate for Governor by 100,000 votes.

For the first time, women will sit in the legislative halls of Wisconsin. Helen M. Brooks, of Coloma, will represent the Green-Wasuhara Counties district. Mildred Barber, of Marathon, will be assembly-woman for the first Marathon County district.

One woman, Mrs. Mary T. Norton, of New Jersey, will sit in the next House, the first woman to represent a congressional district east of the Mississippi.

## ELECTION-A TRIUMPH SAYS BRITISH PRESS

London Newspapers See Message of Good Cheer in Downfall of Progressivism.

A despatch from London says:— The outstanding point of the majority of the London newspapers' comment on the United States elections is that it emphasizes the prevailing desire of the democracies of the world for a period of quiet, stable government and that the people of America are no more than those of Great Britain in a mood for the experiments of Progressivism.

The Conservative Daily Telegraph regards the "outcome" as a much more amazing triumph than that of the Conservative party in Great Britain. The general desire for continuity and stability in national administration, it adds, "has been more than commonly strong."

Anticipating that the policy of the last four years will be continued and that United States adherence to the League of Nations is still out of the question, the Telegraph says that, nevertheless, "the reality of the Republican Government's desire to see effective American co-operation in the world's work of recovery from the war receives a new demonstration in the election of Charles G. Dawes."

"In this country," it goes on, "there is nothing but sincere gratification that a period of serious political difficulty has been avoided in the United States and the best of all possible governments—a government backed by a great popular majority—secured."

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SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES IN UNITED STATES ELECTIONS  
Calvin Coolidge elected President for a second term by large majority—General Dawes is Republican choice for Vice-President.

## PREMIER BALDWIN ANNOUNCES THE PERSONNEL OF BRITISH MINISTRY

A despatch from London says:— Stanley Baldwin, the new Prime Minister, has lost no time in drawing up the list of his new Cabinet, which has been submitted to and approved by the King. The King held a Privy Council at Buckingham Palace on Friday for the transfer of the seals of office from the old to the new Ministers, who took the oath and complied with other formalities. The personnel includes:

Chancellor of the Exchequer—Winston Churchill.  
Secretary for India—Earl of Birkenhead.  
Colonies—Lieut.-Col. L. C. M. S. Amery.  
Foreign Secretary—Austen Chamberlain.  
President of the Council and leader of the House of Lords—Marquis Curzon.  
Privy Seal—Marquis of Salisbury.  
Lord Chancellor—Viscount Cave.  
Home Secretary—Sir Wm. Joynson-Hicks.  
Agriculture—Edward Frederick Lindley Wood.

First Lord of the Admiralty—William Clive Bridgeman.  
War—Sir Laming Worthington-Evans.  
Air Minister—Sir Samuel J. G. Hoare.  
Health—Neville Chamberlain.  
Labor—Sir Arthur Steel Maitland.  
Board of Trade—Sir Philip Lloyd-Greame.  
Education—Lord Eustace Percy.  
Secretary for Scotland—Sir John Gilmour.  
Attorney-General—Sir Douglas M. Hoag.  
Mr. Baldwin's official position will be the Prime Minister, First Lord of the Treasury, and leader of the House of Commons.

It is understood that this list of nineteen Ministers constitutes the Cabinet, although it is officially announced that it is not necessarily complete. The other Ministers and Under-Secretaries will be named later, and the Government is not likely to be completed until next week. The Cabinet Ministers, however, will be able to follow custom and attend the Lord Mayor's banquet Monday in their official capacity.

## Can Decay in Wood Be Prevented.

Some of the oldest buildings in Canada now standing were built of wood. Flour and grist mills of wood construction that have served generation after generation are still turning out their product and will no doubt do so for many years yet. This is, however, not always the case. Wood, unfortunately, like practically everything else, has its enemies, and probably the most destructive of these are fungi. To secure exact information as to the conditions which facilitate the action of various wood-destroying fungi on woods used for interior construction in mills, factories, etc., and to work out procedure and methods by means of which the decay may be prevented, the Forest Products Laboratories of the Department of the Interior have been carrying on investigations for some years. Expert technical knowledge on the prevention of decay has been secured as a result of decay studies in some hundreds of large buildings.

What is almost of equal importance to Canadian industry is the series of mechanical and physical tests which the Laboratories is conducting on the strengths of Canadian timbers. Data have now been obtained for practically all Canadian timbers of any commercial value, and these are available to architects, engineers, builders and others interested in construction work.

Canada has become Italy's rival as a macaroni manufacturer. Three years ago the Dominion imported 7,000,000 pounds of macaroni, principally from Italy. Last year it imported only a few hundred pounds. Canada's factories turned out 12,000,000 pounds. Exports increased from 219,000 pounds in 1922 to 2,229,000 pounds in 1923. The product went principally to the United States, Great Britain and Belgium.

## Republican Victory Has Prompt Effect on Wall Street

A despatch from New York says:— The Republican victory was promptly reflected in Wall Street, the markets scoring substantial advances. Turnover on the New York Stock Exchange reached 1,823,600 shares. Trading in the morning neared 1,000,000, the largest showing in three years. In the first two hours sales reached the huge total of 895,600 shares. Business was nation-wide, with wire houses rushed with orders.



Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Baldwin are shown at the wedding of Miss Elsie Kipling, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Rudyard Kipling. Mr. Baldwin wears the smile of the victor even before his party was returned.

## Dominion News in Brief

Halifax, N.S.—The City Council has approved of the immediate re-establishment of the Provincial Exhibition here and has pledged the city to the extent of \$150,000 as its share of the cost of reconstructing the buildings which were destroyed in the Halifax explosion.

St. John, N.B.—The movement of potatoes from this province to Cuba, is now reaching its height. Several large shipments have already been forwarded and arrangements have been made for regular winter shipments from Carleton County to Havana.

Montreal, Que.—The value of building permits issued in September in 56 cities showed a considerable increase compared with the preceding month and also with September, 1923. According to the Bureau of Statistics the value of buildings authorized last month totalled \$14,566,504, while in August, 1924, the total was \$9,463,756, and in September of last year it was \$10,478,818.

Toronto, Ont.—During the past year the Ontario Dept. of Agriculture, through its colonization branch, has located upwards of 4,000 settlers upon farms in this province, according to the annual report of the director of the branch. In addition quite a large number of settlers were located in Northern Ontario.

Winnipeg, Man.—Manitoba's output of butter will be a million and a half pounds more than that of last year, according to the Provincial Dairy Commissioner. The manufacture of butter in Manitoba is not only increasing but the quality is improving. Raising his figures on the benefits of the grading system established, the Provincial Dairy Commissioner forecasts the production as likely to reach 12,250,000 pounds this year, and possibly 12,500,000 pounds, which will leave 7,000,000 pounds for export.

Regina, Sask.—Saskatchewan's dairy industry is making great strides this year, as it is in all parts of the prairie provinces. It is estimated that 1924 will show an increase of 60 per cent. in dairy products, as compared with the previous year.

Edmonton, Alta.—It is expected that the forest seed plant at Rocky Mountain House will be in operation before the end of the year. This is the first plant of its kind in Alberta.

Victoria, B.C.—One thousand British Columbia rose bushes are being shipped to Portland. The "Rose City," Portland, famous all over the continent for its roses, buys the varieties produced in British Columbia, because they are the hardiest and best suited for growing on the continent.

## The Week's Markets

Man. wheat—No. 1 North, \$1.66; No. 2 North, \$1.60; No. 3 North, \$1.54 1/2.

Man. oats—No. 2 CW, 66 1/2¢; No. 3 CW, 64¢; extra No. 1 feed, 64¢; No. 1 feed, 63¢; No. 2 feed, 62¢.

All the above c.i.f., lay ports.

Am. corn, track, Toronto—No. 2 yellow, \$1.27.

Millfeed—Del. Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, \$30.25; shorts, per ton, \$32.25; middlings, \$38; good feed foot, per bag, \$2.25.

Ont. wheat—No. 3 winter, 49 to 51c.

Ont. wheat—No. 2 winter, \$1.25 to \$1.27; No. 3 winter, \$1.22 to \$1.25; No. 1 commercial, \$1.21 to \$1.23, f.o.b. shipping points, according to freights.

Barley—Malt, 85 to 90c.

Rye—No. 2, \$1.05 to \$1.07.

Ont. flour—New, ninety per cent. pat., in jute bags, Montreal, prompt shipment, \$6; Toronto basis, \$6; bulk seaboard, nominal.

M. flour—First pats., in jute sacks, \$8.50 per bbl.; 2nd pats., \$8.

Hay—No. 2 timothy, per ton, track, Toronto, \$14.50; No. 3, \$12.50.

Straw—Canada, per ton, \$9.

Screenings—Standard, re-cleaned, f.o.b. bay ports, per ton, \$22.50.

Cheese—New, large, 20¢; twins, 20 1/2¢; triplets, 21¢; Stiltons, 22¢; Old, large, 23 to 24¢; twins, 24 to 25¢; triplets, 25 to 26¢.

Butter—Finest creamery prints, 40 1/2 to 41 1/2¢; No. 1 creamery, 38 1/2 to 39 1/2¢; No. 2, 35 to 36¢; dairy, 23 to 30¢.

Eggs—Fresh extras, in cartons, 59 to 60¢; loose, 55 to 57¢; storage extras, in cartons, 48 to 49¢; loose, 47 to 48¢; storage firsts, 43 to 44¢; storage seconds, 37 to 38¢.

Live poultry—Hens, over 5 lbs., 22¢; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 20¢; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 15¢; spring chickens, 2 lbs. and over, 23¢; roosters, 12¢; ducklings, 5 lbs. and up, 18¢.

Dressed poultry—Hens, over 5 lbs., 28¢; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 25¢; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 18¢; spring chickens, 2 lbs. and over, 30¢; roosters, 15¢; ducklings, 5 lbs. and up, 25¢.

Beans—Can., hand-picked, lb., 6 1/2¢; primes, 6¢.

Maple products—Syrup, per imp. gal., \$2.50; per 5-gal. tin, \$2.40; maple sugar, lb., 25 to 26¢.

Honey—60-lb. tins, 13 1/2¢ per lb.; 10-lb. tins, 13 1/2¢; 5-lb. tins, 14 1/2¢; 2 1/2-lb. tins, 15¢.

Smoked meats—Hams, med., 27 to 29¢; cooked hams, 38 to 40¢; smoked rolls, 18 to 20¢; cottage rolls, 21 to 24¢; breakfast bacon, 23 to 27¢; special brand breakfast bacon, 29 to 31¢; backs, boneless, 33 to 35¢.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 50 to 70 lbs., \$7.50; 70 to 90 lbs., \$16.50; 90 lbs. and up, \$15.50; lightweight rolls, in barrels, \$33; heavyweight rolls, \$27.

Lard—Pure, tierces, 18 to 18 1/2¢; tubs, 18 1/2 to 19¢; pails, 18 1/2 to 19 1/2¢; prints, 21 to 22¢; shortening, tierces, 14 1/2 to 15¢; tubs, 14 1/2 to 15 1/2¢; pails, 15 1/2 to 16¢; prints, 17 to 17 1/2¢.

Export steers, choice, \$7 to \$7.50; do, good, \$6 to \$6.50; butcher steers, choice, \$5.25 to \$6; do, good, \$4.75 to \$5; do, com., \$2.50 to \$3; do, good, \$3.50 to \$4; do, com. to fair, \$2.50 to \$3; butcher cows, choice, \$4 to \$4.50; do, fair, \$3 to \$3.75; do, canners, cutters, \$1.50 to \$2.50; butcher bulls, good, \$3.50 to \$4.25; do, fair, \$3 to \$3.50; do, bologna, \$2.50 to \$3; feeding steers, good, \$5.25 to \$5.50; do, fair, \$4.50 to \$5; stockers, good, \$4 to \$4.50; do, fair, \$3.50 to \$4; calves, choice, \$10 to \$11.50; do, med., \$7.50 to \$9.50; do, grassers, \$3.50 to \$4; milch cows, choice, \$75 to \$90; springers, choice, \$80 to \$100; plain cows, \$45 to \$65; choice light sheep, \$7.50 to \$8; heavies and bucks, \$4 to \$5; culls, \$2 to \$4; good choice lambs, \$11 to \$12; bucks, \$9 to \$10; culls, \$8 to \$9; hogs, fed and watered, \$9.00; do, f.a.s., \$9; do, country points, \$8.75; do, off cars, \$10; select premium, \$11.75.

## WINTER GRIPS ENTIRE CANADIAN WEST

Snow From Six to Eight Inches Deep in Three Provinces.

A despatch from Winnipeg says:— The entire Canadian West is now in the grip of cold, bleak winter. Heavy snowfall, according to reports, has been fairly general throughout the southern portions of the three Prairie Provinces during the past 24 hours, while in other districts low temperatures prevail.

Eight inches of snow fell in Calgary and district. A uniformly heavy fall was experienced in the southern part of Saskatchewan, while in Manitoba the snow was more general, with Winnipeg and Brandon blanketed with snow more than six inches deep. Predictions are for further snowfall and continued cold temperatures.

Winter last year set in almost a month later, with the first snowfall in Manitoba on Christmas Day.



Mrs. Miriam A. Ferguson who was elected as governor of Texas in a hard battle against the Klan.

## Natural Resources Bulletin.

The Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Dept. of the Interior at Ottawa says:

In a review of the annual report of the Explosives' Division of the Dept. of Mines one cannot but be struck by the number of accidents caused to boys by the finding of explosives. This has been especially true of detonators, the larger portion of the accidents being caused through curiosity as to what the effect would be when exploded by contact with fire or from the force of a blow. The effect in almost all cases was the loss of portions of the hand or more serious injuries.

Detonators, or caps, are necessary when using dynamite and gunnison explosives. Decomposition must be started by the application of sudden high temperature and pressure. This is effected by firing a small charge of fulminate of mercury, which explodes with great violence and sets off the explosive with which it comes in contact. The fulminate of mercury is compressed in small copper tubes which are fired by a fuse. The Explosives' Division suggests that detonators should not be conveyed or kept with dynamite or other explosives on account of the danger of accidents.

The point of this appeal is that greater care should be taken in the care of explosives, that detonators should be kept away from children, who are naturally curious; that the danger should be explained, and the need for care impressed upon all workmen who are entrusted with the use of explosives, and that both explosives and detonators should be secured against theft by both adults and children. Of the 61 persons injured last year through playing with detonators and explosives, more than forty were boys. These latter will, as the result of carelessness on the part of users of explosives, be handicapped for life. The greatest of all the natural resources of Canada is her children; let us therefore exercise every precaution in the care and use of explosives that they may be protected from accidents by this cause.

## REASONS WHY CANADA WILL PROSPER

Expert States That Worst of Readjustment Period is Over and Farmer is Better Off.

A despatch from Hamilton says:— Seven reasons why business conditions should show an upward trend during the next six months were cited by the Purchasing Agents' Association by John T. Kingsbury of Babson's Statistical Bureau of Boston.

The reasons on which the Babson organization have based their optimistic forecast are:

1. Two-thirds of the period of readjustment have been experienced. Hence the worst is over.
2. The purchasing power of the Canadian farmer has been greatly increased, despite the decrease in the volume of major crops. The farmer is receiving from 15 to 20 per cent. more for his product this year. This means more business.
3. Canadian exchange is now on a par with the American dollar. This points strongly to one conclusion: Bankers have a substantial faith in Canada and its future.
4. The world at large is waking up to the unbounded possibilities offered by investment in Canada. Many authorities who have studied Canada closely believe that, as the nineteenth century made the United States, so in a like degree will this century make Canada.
5. There are no burdensome supplies of commodities overhanging the Canadian market. This obviates liquidation and discount.
6. The balance of trade in Canada has never been better since 1919.
7. European conditions are steadily improving. The uncertainty caused by the Presidential elections in the United States is now dissipated.

## Deepest Spot in Ocean.

The deepest place in any ocean, so far discovered, is located about fifty miles off the coast of Japan, in the Pacific Ocean, according to information made public by the U.S. Department of the Interior through the Geological Survey.

The Japanese man-of-war, the Manchu, found the spot recently while on a chart-making cruise for the Japanese Naval Department. Its depth was so great that it could not be measured, for the reason that the sounding wire carried by the vessel reached only 32,644 feet, or nearly 6 1/4 miles.

How much deeper than the length of the wire used the ocean may be at this place cannot even be guessed. The greatest ocean depth previously known was discovered by a German surveying ship in 1912, at a place off the coast of Mindanao, Philippine Islands, where bottom was reached at a depth of 32,113 feet. These great depths have lately become interesting in connection with the study of earthquakes that appear to be produced by the slipping of strata along the planes deep in the crust of the earth.

The deepest place in the Atlantic Ocean thus far found lies just east of the island of Haiti, where the depth is 27,922 feet.

## Heart and One Lung Displaced.

An interesting operation was recently performed on a boy at the London Hospital, a castiron spike, nine inches long and three pounds in weight, having been removed successfully from his body. Although the heart and one lung had to be displaced for purposes of the operation, neither organ was injured in any way, nor were any of the main arteries broken.

The boy, Edgar Heath, fifteen years old, fell from the upper porch of his home and became impaled on the railings below, one of the spikes, which was barbed like a spear head, piercing his left breast and passing almost through his body.

His father heard the boy scream, ran out and lifted him off the railings, but as he did so the spike snapped off. The boy was rushed to the hospital. It was found the spike had broken through a rib in its passage into his body, and carried with it a portion of the boy's shirt—about the size of a handkerchief—which acted as a pad, blunting the head of the spike and preventing its piercing the heart.

The surgeons experienced great difficulty in removing the barb, four inches in breadth, since it was locked in between the ribs, but by levering the ribs it was eventually removed. The displaced heart and lung adjusted themselves then of their own accord.

## In weighing your opinions consider your own prepossessions: the weight of a thing never varies, but not all scales are true.

The 62 vessels comprising the Lunenburg, N.S., fishing fleet have this year secured 170,425 quintals of fish, which have been sold for \$1,539,200. The average catch this year is larger than last year and conditions are generally better, all the catch being already sold and the fishermen now having the cash.



Al Smith Who was re-elected governor of New York for a third term, snowing under Theodore Roosevelt in the later returns.

## RESULTS OF FIVE BY-ELECTIONS IN QUEBEC

Liberals Retain Three Out of Five Seats While Sherbrooke Stays Conservative.

A despatch from Montreal says:— Winners of the five by-elections held in the Province of Quebec to fill vacancies in the Legislature were:

St. Anne, Montreal—J. H. Dillon, Liberal. No change.

St. Maurice—A. E. Guillemette, Liberal. No change.

Sherbrooke—A. Crepeau, Conservative. No change.

Bonaventure—P. E. Coate, Liberal. No change.

Quebec County—L. Bastien, Conservative. Opposition gain.

The standing of the parties in the Quebec Legislature as a result of the by-elections is: Total seats, 85; Liberals, 62; Conservatives, 22; vacant, 1.

Balloting on election day brought to a close a campaign in which the leaders of both the Government party and the Conservative opposition figured. Premier Taschereau and several Cabinet Ministers toured the constituencies, while Arthur Sauve, Opposition Leader, delivered a number of speeches in the various ridings.

According to first counts of the ballots, the Liberal majorities in all the seats the Government party retained were cut.



Duchess of Atholl One of the three women who was given a seat in Commons at the recent British election. Lady Astor was re-elected.

## Method of Extracting Pure Steel.

Discovery of a method of extracting pure steel and forge iron directly from iron ore, eliminating the use of smelting furnaces, is announced by a Swedish engineer, Flodin, of the Hagfors Iron Works. The invention, which is the result of extensive experimental work, has aroused lively interest among metal experts, and will immediately be submitted to practical tests on a larger scale.

Here is the way an Arab woman bakes her bread: She makes a pit in the sand, and builds a hot fire in it. Then she rakes away the embers and plasters her dough on the hot sides. When the bread is done, she picks it off with a pair of tongs.

### The Sergeant's Little Problem.

Motor policemen are not noted for their willingness to listen to argument even in Ireland. The sort that Sir Henry Robinson tells about in his Irish Memoirs: Wise and Otherwise, is too rare to go unreported. Sir Henry writes:

"I had just bought a ten-horse-power car from McTaggart, who was driving it out to Foxrock to deliver it when he ran into a trap on the Donnybrook road. When the police stopped the car to take the name and address of the driver he announced that he had covered the mile in a minute and a half.

"How many miles an hour is that?" said McTaggart.

"We won't mind that," said the sergeant, getting out his notebook.

"Oh, that's all very well," said McTaggart; "but I am entitled to know at what rate I was traveling."

"Come up here, James," said the sergeant to the constable, "and we'll work this out."

But here they became hopelessly muddled, as the constable's calculations, which covered two pages of a notebook, showed a speed of four miles an hour.

"Oh, balderdash," said the sergeant. So he took his own method of calculating. "See here, now," he said; "you done the mile in a minute and a half. A mile a minute is sixty miles an hour; you were doing ninety miles an hour; gimme ye're name and address."

"My name," said the culprit, "is McTaggart, and I am a cycle and motor agent, and I let out bicycles on the hire system. I have a good many clients among the police, and it is pretty well known that if they are in arrears with their installments McTaggart & Co. don't press them very hard."

"Well, well, now," said the sergeant, obviously disconcerted.

McTaggart followed up his advantage. "Did you happen to notice my subscription to the D. M. P. Benevolent Fund?"

"Well, I didn't," said the sergeant apologetically.

"I dare say you saw the cup I presented for the D. M. P. sports anyhow," added McTaggart.

That bowled over the sergeant completely. "Well, look here now, Mr. McTaggart," said he, "I'll tell you what we'll do. We'll leave this matter entirely in your hands."

"Very well," said McTaggart. "I think that will be fair to both sides." And with that he departed in triumph.

### Wisdom for Husbands.

Married life in Egypt 5000 years ago must have been much the same as married life in America to-day.

Sir Ernest Wallis Budge, the famous Egyptologist who retired recently from the control of the Egyptian and Assyrian Department of the British Museum, has collected the writings of the ancient scribes—known as the Moral Papyri—which he is publishing under the title, "The Teaching of Amen-em-Hotep."

The earliest known advice on marriage is that of a scribe named Ptah-hotep, who wrote about 4000 years B.C. "If thou wouldst be wise or prosperous, get married."

"Love thou thy wife in the house wholly and rightly. Fill her and clothe her back; oil for anointing is the medicine for her limbs. Make her heart to rejoice as long as thou livest."

Another scribe, named Ani, had a few "straight things" to say to husbands:

"Attempt not to direct a married woman in her house when thou knowest that she is a perfect housewife."

And also warned men against widows and the "straight woman" in the town, and seems to have been the first prohibitionist:

"Undertake nothing as the result of having drunk beer, he remarks. "For if thou dost, words which can have a second meaning may come forth from thy mouth without thy knowing it."

### Coin Worth a Fortune.

Search is to be made again for the long-lost five-franc piece which was minted with others by Napoleon, and which to-day is said to be worth 1,000,000 francs.

In order to popularize five-franc pieces, which were first issued by his order, Napoleon caused to be enclosed in one of them at the mint a tiny note, signed by himself, and promising the sum of 5,000,000 francs to the finder of the coin. For years these coins were in great demand, and many were mutilated and even melted down by would-be finders of the note.

It is thought that the real coin found its way, when its particular issue was withdrawn, into some collection of Napoleonic relics. But wherever it is, it is said that the French government would honor the offer then made, if it were found.

### Why We Quarrel.

A well-known pathologist has recently made an interesting discovery. He has found that bad temper has the curious effect of increasing the amount of sugar in the blood by from 10 per cent. to 30 per cent. in the course of a few minutes.

That is why an angry man wants to fight the object of his rage. He becomes hot-blooded because this accession of carbonaceous material intoxicates his muscular system.

The strange thing is that this rapid change is due to a tiny gland about the size of a pin. When it functions normally a person remains calm and even tempered. If the essence exudes too lavishly, hatred, passion, and quarrels ensue.

# RED ROSE TEA

## "is good tea"

and extra good is the ORANGE PEKOE QUALITY

### Surnames and Their Origin

#### MORAN

Variations—O'Moran, Merrin, MacMorran.  
Racial Origin—Irish and Scottish.  
Source—Given Names.

There are two sources to the family names in this group, both of them Gaelic. Strictly speaking, the family name of MacMorran does not belong in the same group with the others, but as the spellings are so similar they are likely to become confused, and undoubtedly have done so many times in the past.

The name MacMorran is Scottish, and is borne by a branch of the Clan Mackinnon. The Highland designation of the sept is the "Chlann Mhoirein," distinguishing it as the descendants of a chieftain named "Moghron," a name which translated literally means "slave of the seal."

The names Moran, O'Moran and Morrin are Irish, and are of entirely different derivation. The correct rendering of all three of these names in the Irish language, so near as English

letters can indicate it, is "Ua-Morain" or "O'Morain." The "Ua" or "O" signifies "descendants" and "Morain" is the possessive case of the given name "Moran," a translation of which would be "a multitude."

The thoughts embodied in the original meaning of many of these Celtic given names are no more difficult of comprehension than those which mark the ancient Teutonic or even the Hebrew names. It is no more strange that ancient Gothic parents should have named a child "Multitude" than that ancient Gothic parents should have named theirs "Resolute Helmet," which is the meaning of the name William. There was, of course, a poetic or romantic significance in the origin of all given names, in that dawn of human history when men, not having names ready made for them as today, had to invent them.

#### OGDEN

Variations—Hogg, Hogue, Hogarth, Hogshaw, Hogman, Hoggart.  
Racial Origin—Middle English.  
Source—An animal.

Ogden and the foregoing variations of this family name developed probably through several different processes, but in all cases from the same source, the name of an animal, which unfortunately has a savory name with us to-day only when we think of it in connection with eating, namely, the hog.

But if proof were necessary to establish that this ancient friend of man held an honored position in the language of the middle ages, it would be only necessary to call attention to the great number of family names which have developed from him. Indeed King Richard III. was widely and willingly known as "Richard le Hog," and there's many a family among the nobility of Europe which proudly bears the bear upon its crest. A boar, of course, is nothing but a hog, and though in modern times it has taken on the meaning of "wild hog," no such distinction was made in the olden days.

Ogden was originally spelled "de le Hogedene." The "dene" of those days was a sheltered depression in the woods. The modern word is "den."

Hogarth, and in some cases Hogarth comes from "le Hogherde," "the herder of hogs"; though in other cases Hogarth traces back to "de la Hogegarth," the word "earth" being the progenitor of the modern word "yard," through a usual change of the "g" to "y," and the "th" which was then pronounced "t" to a "d."

A "schaw" was very similar to a "dene." Hence Hogshaw. The variations Hogg and Hogue undoubtedly developed from the use of a picture of the animal by a merchant or inn-keeper on the sign before his place of business.

When the bright side is out it not only looks well but reflects the sunshine.

He has not learned the lesson of life who does not every day surmount a fear.—Emerson.

### To Sheila Playing Haydn.

Oh, when thy fingers touch the notes, I think  
The deer go stepping to the brook to drink;  
Beneath the level beech leaves low I peer.

And see again, branch-borne, the  
Created deer,  
The thin-legged doe, the fawn in that  
Green light  
On tip-toe following them out of sight.

Most deft adored, thy nimble fingers  
Make  
A thousand pictures in my mind awake,  
For no young thing of beast or bird  
Or tree

I've seen, but I have seemed to look  
On thee,  
And at thy sound I go remembering  
About the woods of every vanished  
Spring.

#### A Noah's Ark Island.

What may be described as a Noah's Ark island is now under the protection of the U.S. Government in Gatun Lake, Panama Canal.

The island, which is officially called Barro Colorado Island, was formed when the Chagres River was dammed by the Gatun Locks. All forms of animal life gathered on its high ground to escape the rising waters.

It abounds with ant-eaters, sloths, armadillos, peccaries, tapirs, agoutis, and other animals.

Many scientists are quartered there for research work. The island is six square miles in extent, and is only two miles from the Panama Canal.

### THANKFUL MOTHERS

Once a mother has used Baby's Own Tablets for her little one she would use nothing else. The Tablets give such results that the mother has nothing but words of praise and thankfulness for them. Among the thousands of mothers throughout Canada who praise the Tablets is Mrs. David A. Anderson, New Glasgow, N.S., who writes:—"I have used Baby's Own Tablets for my children and from my experience I would not be without them. I would urge every other mother to keep a box of the Tablets in the house." The Tablets are a mild laxative which regulates the bowels and sweetens the stomach; drive out constipation and indigestion; break up colds and simple fevers and make teething easy. They are sold by medicine dealers, or by mail at 25c. a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### Cross the Atlantic on the "Paris."

"The liner, she's a lady," wrote Kipling, and he must have had in mind this namesake of the world's enchanting capital, the "Paris." At first sight of this magnificent French liner, the grace of her design impresses you even more than the immensity of her proportions.

The "Paris" is French in every line and detail. The furnishings, the cuisine, the conveniences, the comfort, the atmosphere of culture and luxury are essentially French. When you walk up the gangplank you are in France! You enjoy six days of your visit to France before you ever set foot on her soil.

Famous Parisian decorators have made the cabins de luxe as fascinating as the rooms of any great chateau. In the magnificent dining saloon one recognizes the same Old World courtesies that make dining so delightful in famous Parisian cafes and hotels, and the same masterpieces of culinary art are offered for the traveller's enjoyment.

The kitchens of the "Paris" are a marvel—ranges of polished steel and gleaming nickel—long rows of steam serving tables—devices for steering the cooking of delicacies—white-clad chefs who take pride in their work of converting raw material into tempting dishes.

For the "Paris" children have the happiest of voyages. Governesses who speak both English and French take entire charge. They teach French, organize games and supervise the children at mealtime. Plenty of toys and a Punch and Judy show every day! So entertaining is it that the grown-ups love to visit this happy haven and join in the merriment of the fortunate little folk.

The gymnasium is equipped with every contrivance for the maintenance of physical condition. The promenade deck and the sundeck afford opportunity for healthful exercise. The treat ocean air gives rest to the morning walk, and you may play deck tennis, shuffleboard, golf, or a variety of other sports.

You do not need to wait until you reach Paris to enjoy the novelty of the Boulevard meal—on the cafe terrace, with its flowers and shrubs and tiny tables, you may sip luxuriously, while looking out over an ivory-crested, jade-hued sea.

For the evening there is the music of a famous orchestra for dancing in the Grand Ballroom, concert programmes and often the impromptu appearances of international artists.

The Anglo-Saxon visitor acquires something of the French capacity for enjoyment, for the care-free laughter that makes one young again; this remains an unforgettable inspiration.

One of the French Line offices is situated at 51 Adelaide Street West, Toronto, where information is promptly supplied.

Minard's Liniment for Rheumatism.

### A GRATEFUL LETTER

From a Lady Made Well by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

"I wish from my heart I could persuade every person who is run down in health to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a trial." Thus writes Mrs. Louise Mitchell, Oak Point, Man., who further says:—"About a year ago I was a weak woman, suffering from a run down system and impoverished blood. Any little exertion would cause my legs to tremble and my heart to throb violently. I could not sweep a room or walk fifty feet without being exhausted. Then I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and after taking only 6 boxes I am as well and strong as ever. I can walk and run without stopping every few seconds gasping for breath as previously. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will be my standby in the future if ever my blood needs building up again, and I shall always find pleasure in recommending them to anyone needing a tonic."

There are many troubles due to weak, watery blood which can easily be overcome by a fair use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The sole mission of this medicine is to enrich and purify the blood and when that is done all the varied symptoms of anaemia disappear, and good health returns. You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### Writing With a "Hill!"

How many people would associate the word "pencil" with a peak or a headland?

The word is derived from the nature of the districts where slate is quarried, for the earliest pencils on record were made from slate. The word "pen" denotes a headland on the coast, or a peak in the country, and it is from these old rock formations that the material is quarried. In this way we find such names as Pehrit, Penmaen-mawr, the Pennines, and Penzance, all of which have at one time or another been actively associated with the slate industry.

In the manufacture of the modern "lead" pencils, the plumbago from which the writing portion is made is also quarried in these regions.

### The Magic Name.

I heard the wind go crying through the grass  
And making little sounds like any child;  
The yellow leaves would hardly let me  
Until I told them why I walked and smiled.

And when I spoke your name to them  
The wind  
Broke into laughter as a child who  
Stands  
And sees a butterfly, while far behind  
The yellow leaves were clapping tiny  
Hands.

—Herbert S. Gorman.

From the uneducated sometimes come expressions so graphically descriptive that no one could improve on them. An old colored carpenter who was consulted about the design of a proposed verandah modestly remarked, "If I was you, sah, I wouldn't have none of dese yer ornamental dripperies." Could you have a better description of the pendent horrors that disfigured suburban cottages fifty years ago?

### Fascinating Lectures

Interesting talks on the swift-moving progress of science and the arts are sent into the air nightly from radio stations by world-famous authorities. As a means of keeping posted on the progress of mankind, radio is unequalled. For reception so clear that you seem to be in the room with the lecturer use a

### MARCONI PHONE

Radio Receiver.

Write for descriptive booklet PD

THE MARCONI WIRELESS TELEGRAPH CO. OF CANADA LIMITED MONTREAL

Minard's Liniment for Rheumatism.

### Touching Wood.

Many people, after they have boasted of their good luck, proceed to "touch wood." So did our remote ancestors, the tree worshippers.

An authority on such matters wrote: "The remarkable similarity in customs all over Europe points to the conclusion that tree-worship was an important element in the early religion of mankind, especially of the Arvan stock, and the singular uniformity of rites and ceremonies which can easily be shown to exist in widely separated countries warrants us in believing they cannot have changed much from very remote ages; and that the practices continued down to a very recent period—some even among ourselves—were substantially identical with the rites and ceremonies observed by Egyptians, Etruscans, Greeks, and Romans." The primitive belief was that spirits resided in trees. Without this basic idea being entirely lost, there came the period of the Sacred Groves and the Druids' Oaks, and then the dedication of certain sorts of trees to the earliest and simplest form of superstition.

We touch wood to call the attention of the tree spirit to the fact that we recognize his influence in the good luck of which we boast, and in order that he may not feel slighted and change our good fortune into bad; at least, that is why our ancestors touched wood.

They were on their honeymoon and she regarded him as the most wonderful being in the whole world.

They strolled along the seashore. Suddenly he stopped and in a fine poetic frenzy declaimed: "Roll on thou mighty ocean, roll!"

"Oh, look, George!" she cried in ecstasy. "It's doing it!"

Minard's Liniment Relieves Pain.

Scotland Yard possesses the most up-to-date photographic department for police work in the world; it includes scores of thousands of portraits of known "crooks."

### Classified Advertisements

MONEY TO LOAN.

FARM LOANS MADE. AGENTS wanted. Reynolds, 77 Victoria St., Toronto.

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES  
Wholesome Cleansing Refreshing

What a wonderful piece of music! he exclaimed. "Will you tell me the name of it, please?"

"It was an improvisation," replied the musician.

"Ah, of course!" said the youth. "An old favorite of mine, but for the moment I had forgotten its name."

In buying houses and taking a wife, shut your eyes and commend yourself to God.—Italian Proverb.

STORM SASH  
Absolutely Clear Pine  
With Four Lights  
\$1.75 Each  
Bottom Rail Vents, 25c extra. All made to your order.  
No Glass included.  
Thousands of French Doors in stock in all woods.  
PANNILL DOOR CO., Ltd.  
131 Front Street East  
Main 0623 TORONTO, ONT.

TOILET FIXTURES FOR SALE  
Bowls, tanks, wash-basins, also heating equipment, including piping coils, 1 1/2 h.p. tubs, boiler, used lighting equipment, such as conduits, wiring boxes, etc., all in building being altered at 73 Adelaide Street West. This material must be sold at once. Real Estate Corporation, Limited, Top Floor, 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto. Telephone Elgin 2101.

BEECHAM'S PILLS  
Safe and best family medicine

The Family Medicine Chest  
The best remedy for pains, sores, cuts, bruises, sprains.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

Thin People  
This, nervous, underweight people take on healthy flesh and grow sturdy and ambitious when Bitro-Phosphate as guaranteed by druggists is taken a few weeks. Price \$1 per pkg. Arrow Chemical Co., 25 Front St. East, Toronto, Ont.

### Eat Again Like a Hungry Boy

You can remember when you were a boy how eagerly you waited for meal time to come and how you enjoyed the good things your mother set before you. You were young and strong then and your digestive organs were functioning properly.

But since then you have overworked your digestive organs and you can't get back to normal. You can quickly eliminate your trouble, tone up the digestive and eliminative organs, and bring back the lost appetite by taking TANLAC.

Over 100,000 people have testified in writing that TANLAC has relieved them of stomach trouble and kindred ailments.

TANLAC  
The World's Best Tonic  
At All Good Drug Stores  
Over 40 Million Bottles Sold  
Take Tanlac Vegetable Pills for Constipation

Wonderful George!  
They were on their honeymoon and she regarded him as the most wonderful being in the whole world.

They strolled along the seashore. Suddenly he stopped and in a fine poetic frenzy declaimed: "Roll on thou mighty ocean, roll!"

"Oh, look, George!" she cried in ecstasy. "It's doing it!"

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DOCTOR ADVISED AN OPERATION

Read Alberta Woman's Experience with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Provost, Alberta.—"Perhaps you will remember sending me one of your books a year ago. I was in a bad condition and would suffer awful pains at times and could not do anything. The doctor said I could not have children unless I went under an operation. I read testimonials of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in the papers and a friend recommended me to take it. After taking three bottles I became much better and now I have a bonny baby girl four months old. I do my housework and help a little with the chores. I recommend the Vegetable Compound to my friends and am willing for you to use this testimonial letter."—Mrs. A. A. ADAMS, Box 54, Provost, Alberta.

Pains in Left Side  
Lachine, Quebec.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound because I suffered with pains in my left side and back and with weakness and other troubles women so often have. I was this way about six months. I saw the Vegetable Compound advertised in the 'Montreal Standard,' and I have taken four bottles of it. I was a very sick woman and I feel so much better I would not be without it. I also use Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash. I recommend the medicines to my friends and I am willing for you to use my letter as a testimonial."—Mrs. M. W. ROSE, 650 Notre Dame St., Lachine, Quebec.

Minard's Liniment for Rheumatism.

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Minard's Liniment for Rheumatism.

### Interesting Purchase of Coats and Dresses

The Smartest and most wanted Styles, bought at extraordinary prices for spot cash.

About Three Days will clear the lot at the prices we are putting on them.

**THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY**

Reversible English Cloth Coats in Correct Styles at \$11.75.

Smart Dresses at \$6.75, \$8.75, \$9.75.

You could not get these values even in after-Christmas sales.

Don't ask for these values "next week." They will be all sold. You must decide "this week."

Another Big Advantage to Buy this week is your Overcoat and Suit. See all others first and it makes easy selling for us.

**J. N. CURRIE & CO.**

"The store with the goods to get the trade."

### The Transcript

Published every Thursday morning from The Transcript Building, Main Street, Glencoe, Ontario. Subscription—In Canada, \$2.00 per year; in the United States and other foreign countries, \$2.50 per year.

**Advertising**—The Transcript covers a wide section of territory in Western Ontario, and its readers are the leading farmers and townpeople. It is a first-class advertising medium. Rates on application.

**Job Printing**—The Jobbing Department has superior equipment for turning out promptly books, pamphlets, circulars, posters, blank forms, programs, cards, envelopes, office and wedding stationery, etc.

A. E. Sutherland, Publisher.

### DANGERS OF ELECTRICITY

Electricity has become one of the common servants of mankind in the factory and the home, and while all realize its death-dealing properties if one comes into contact with it, its common usage with safety causes a tendency for persons to not always exercise all the care which is advisable. The recent deplorable death of Howard Donald of Greenville by electrocution emphasizes one danger in connection with electricity which is not universally known, and one which is oftentimes overlooked by those who do not know, which is that under conditions where water, dampness or some good conductor exists the 110 volt energy which is used to light the home is just as dangerous as a much higher voltage which is deadly under all conditions. Water is one of the best conductors and the greatest precautions should therefore be taken in the handling of electric cords or in even turning the button on lamp sockets in places where there is water or even dampness or where one may be in contact with anything which is a good conductor, for should there be any defect in the wiring the consequences of what under ordinary circumstances would be a harmless shock may be very serious or even fatal. Too many chances are taken with electricity because under ordinary circumstances a break in a cord or a defective button does no harm. But given such things under extraordinary circumstances where contact with water or some other good conductor changes conditions the results may be serious indeed. Too great a precaution cannot therefore be taken in regard to the handling of electricity in bathrooms, kitchens, cellars, etc.

The small town weekly newspaper will always be a welcome visitor to thousands, performing a mission separate entirely from that of the great daily. Its paragraphs are like "the pies our mothers used to make"—they touch the right spot. Are you sending the Transcript to your absent son, daughter or friend. They'll appreciate it.

Everything comes to those who wait—on themselves.

### GOV'T CONTROL IN ALBERTA

Editor of Vegreville Observer Makes Reply to Some Ontario Prohibitions Statements

Vegreville, Alberta, October 31st.

To the Editor of The Transcript:

Dear Sir,—I have read with some interest and considerable amusement the letter from Mrs. O. L. Smiley in your issue of the 23rd inst. As your campaign in Ontario is now ended, I do not suppose there is much value in anything relating to the liquor question in Alberta, but Mrs. Smiley appears to have gone out of her way to hand a black eye to a town in which she does not live and of which she knows comparatively nothing. From her letter one would gather that Vegreville is composed mainly of drunks, that women frequent the beer parlors, that boot-legging is as common as it was a year ago under the old Liquor Act and that, in general, things are going to the demitison 'bow-wows.

Her statement as to the government liquor store here requires considerable amendment. The original stock put in this store was valued at approximately \$20,000. It has been in operation for a little over five months, (it was opened on or about May 20th) and the average sales per month have been around \$5,000. The present stock on hand is worth about \$30,000. I may say that these figures are only estimates, but if you care to refer to Mr. R. J. Dinning, liquor commissioner, at Edmonton, you will be surprised how close to the exact figures these estimates are. The store here serves a territory which is well settled and extends 75 miles east and west and 60 miles north and south. A much larger territory than the counties of Middlesex and Elgin combined and you might throw in Oxford for good measure. As for selling a carload the first day; nonsense; they have scarcely disposed of the original carload in the whole five months.

Mrs. Smiley deals a lot with what "they told us" and "they say" and other forms of loose, unproved and unprovable statements, together with the other sentimental slush handed out by prohibitionists whose brains are added. So far as Vegreville goes, there is admittedly a trifle more drinking done than under alleged prohibition, this being especially true of beer drinking. Nothing else could be expected, but one would be entirely lacking in common-sense to allege that there was no drinking done under prohibition. I know that liquor was readily obtainable all the time under prohibition; all one had to have was the price and the pull.

It is not my purpose to defend the beer parlors. Far from it; I do not favor them and consider it unfortunate that the legislature allowed them to come into existence. But, at that, they are not the terrible places Mrs. Smiley pictures. Has she ever been in one? I have. I have never seen a woman in one, or entering one or coming out from one and I doubt if

anyone in this town has ever seen a woman drinking in either of the beer parlors here. It is possible, of course, that such has been the case and I cannot make a point-blank denial respecting women drinking in these places, but if such instances have occurred, they are decidedly uncommon.

As to boot-legging, Mr. Dinning asserted in a recent interview that it had been cut down by 90 per cent in this province. Mr. Dinning is in a position to know and I would much sooner take the word of a capable man such as he, who is on the spot and keeping in touch with the situation, than that of Mrs. Smiley who prepares her hysterical effusions in the privacy of her own home and gets her "facts" from her imagination or from "they say."

Now, I am personally a prohibitionist, but I was among the other thousands of prohibitionists in this province who voted for government control a year ago. We were frankly disgusted with the lying, the hypocrisy, and the scandalism engendered by the old Liquor Act. None of us was under any delusion as to what government control meant. We knew that it would inevitably lead to a certain increase in drinking in the earlier months of its try-out, especially beer drinking, but we anticipated that in due course of time matters would adjust themselves; they are so adjusting themselves at present. Government control is, perhaps, not the ideal way of dealing with the liquor question, but as it stands now, it is immeasurably better than the alleged prohibition Alberta had under the old Liquor Act.

Yours truly,  
A. L. HORTON.

To the Editor of The Transcript:

Having read an editorial on the question of church union which appeared in last week's issue of your ever-welcome paper I was pleased to learn that it was not a contribution of yours but was copied from another journal. I have no comment to make on the major portion of the article but I think, Mr. Editor, that the words of the last clause do not bear the earmarks of a thoughtful mind. It is just such unwholesome utterances that tend to awaken in the minds of people a spirit of bitterness and resentment, and places more or less of a stigma on the Christian religion, for if the religion of Jesus Christ means anything it means freedom of worship without the worshiper being designated as a deserter, and after all is said and done, when we come to stand before the Bar we think the King and Head of the Church will not inquire too closely whether we formed part of the mother church or whether we are deserters of that church. No, no; that Great Being will be more interested in whether we extended a helping hand to the other fellow and made an honest effort to keep ourselves unspotted from the world.

Kindly thanking you for this space  
ALEX. MCALPINE.

### ANIMAL TEMPERATURES

Interesting Figures Relating to Farm Live Stock

Horses Are Relatively Cold-blooded—Poultry Have Highest Temperature—High Temperatures Indicate Fever—Wintering Bees—Select Sites to Give Balance.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

The temperatures of domestic animals are of interest, in that each class has a normal temperature range of its own.

**Horses.**  
The horse in health will have a temperature not lower than 99.5°, or higher than 101.3°. There are exceptions, of course, to all rules, and a few animals may be normal at higher or lower temperatures than those given.

**Cattle.**  
The normal temperature range for cattle is 100.4° to 103.1°, which covers the case pretty well. When a bovine animal's temperature goes above 103.1° it can be considered above normal, and that there is some disturbance within.

**Sheep and Swine.**  
Sheep to be considered normal give a temperature reading between 102.2° to 104.3°. The pig's normal temperature can be looked for between 100.4° and 104°. Some individuals run high and others low, but all are steady within two degrees during period of health.

**Poultry.**  
Poultry have very high normal temperatures, 106.7° to 108.5°. Such temperatures are enjoyed by poultry in health could not be endured by any other of our domestic animals for more than a few days.

**High Temperatures Indicate Fever.**  
Any deviation from the normal temperature is taken as a source of information regarding the state of health of our domestic animals. High temperatures indicate feverish condition, while sub-normal temperatures indicate decline and weakening of the individual to a point of grave danger. Exercise raises the temperature, and rest lowers it, hence we get higher readings in the evening than in the morning.—L. Stevenson, Dept. of Extension, O. A. College, Guelph.

### WINTERING BEES.

Every Colony Should Have a Queen—Have Enough Bees—Keep in a Naturally Protected Place.

Every spring beekeepers find from 5% to 50% of their colonies dead during the winter, or are very weak. There is no reason why the winter loss should be higher than 2% or 3%, provided the beekeeper will prepare and pack the bees by the so-called "dry" method of the Ontario Agricultural College.

**Every Colony Should Have a Queen.**

The first step is to make sure every colony has a queen. As it is too late to require new, queenless colonies should be united with those having a queen. Place a sheet of newspaper on top of a strong queenright colony, and place the brood-chamber of the queenless colony on top. Leave them for a week, and then shake the bees into the lower broodchamber and remove the upper broodchamber. It is taken for granted that no American foulbrood exists in the apiary. Otherwise, colonies should not be united, but rather destroy the queenless colonies and combs, if diseased.

**Have Sufficient Bees.**

The next step is to see that each colony has sufficient bees to cover at least three frames on both sides, if examined on a cold morning when the bees are clustered. This will insure enough bees to come through the winter, provided the stores and protection are adequate. A very important factor of wintering is the question of food. Many beekeepers place every colony ten or fifteen pounds of sugar syrup made in the proportion of 2 1/2 of sugar to one of water, and fed in an inverted feeder over the brood frames. This is done in many cases regardless of the amount of stores the colony has. Every colony should have at least 45 pounds of food to ensure successful wintering, and an opportunity to increase in strength in the spring.

**Keep in a Naturally Protected Place.**

Bees should be kept in a naturally protected place for winter, or a board fence should be erected around the apiary to form a wind protection. Colonies may be packed singly, two in a case, four in a case, or in any other way desired by the beekeeper. Three or four inches of packing should be placed all around the colony, and not less than eight inches on top. Dry leaves, planer shavings or cork chips make satisfactory packing material. If the beekeeper will see that his colonies are put away for winter in good condition, the winter loss will be negligible.

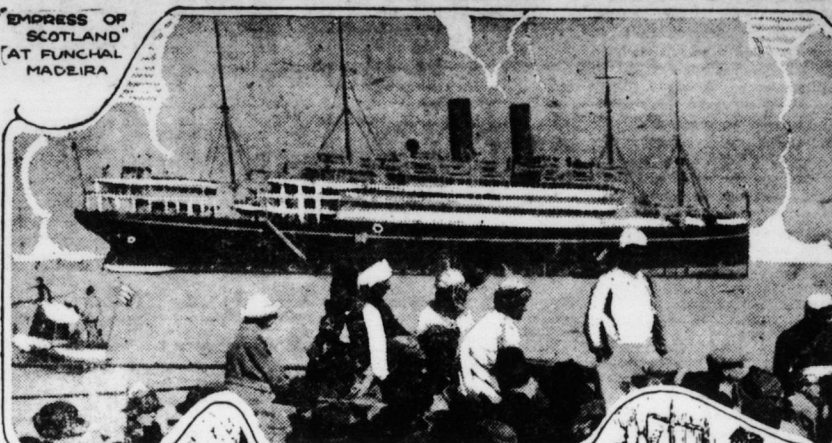
**Select Sites to Give Balance.**

If the dairy herd is made up of low testers and poor producers, a bull from good producing and high testing ancestry should be chosen. If the females are too leggy, select a male that is compact and close to the ground. If the sow is rough in the shoulder and short in the side, select a boar with compact, well-muscled shoulder and with length and scale.

The foundation of any enduring structure, whether of a business, a farm, or a life, is thrift.

Rebating is not always necessary. Make most farm home attractive. Paint and shrubbery plantings will work wonders.

### Mediterranean Was Once Whole World




The Mediterranean was once the whole world from a mariner's standpoint, to-day it is but a small part of the marine world, but when the traveller of this century passes through the strait of Gibraltar and makes a tour of the gateway ports covering Algeria, Greece, Turkey, Syria, Palestine, Egypt, Italy and Monaco he has visited the very birthplace of the world and seen most of the things he has longed to see from early youth. Wanderlust is in every breast, young and old, and to-day the world is on the march, seeing strange peoples and visiting places looming large on history's pages. "Have you looped the loop around the Mediterranean?" is a phrase much in vogue, and each year thousands of wanderlust folk are able to say "Yes!" and wish that they were going to loop the same old loop again.

The "Empress of Scotland," if a big steamship of 25,000 tons gross register and 37,500 tons displacement, could be interviewed, would say that she was departing on her fourth annual cruise of the Mediterranean from New York on Feb. 9, 1925, and that although she could find her way around in the dark she would much prefer daylight so that she would not miss any of the wonderful scenery of the Mediterranean. Passengers on the "Empress" will see Madeira, then drop in to pay a call upon Lisbon, Portugal, as well as another call upon Cadiz, Spain, with Seville as a side trip. Gibraltar, the famous "Rock" next gets the once over, and then Algiers, capital of the French colony of Algeria is visited. Athens, Greece, Constantinople and the Bosphorus are next, and when the ship visits Beyrout and Haifa all the famous places of the Holy Land are within a short distance of the vessel. "The storied Nile" awaits the "Empress" and 12 days are spent in seeing the cities of Alexandria and Cairo, the Pyramids, the Sphinx, etc.; then Naples, Pompeii, Rome, Monaco, Cherbourg, Southampton and other places. One can see a lot in 62 days in and about this cradle of civilization, and that's the job of the big oil-burning "Empress of Scotland," the largest vessel in the whole Canadian Pacific fleet.

### EXTREMES NOT GOOD FORM

Mrs. William Todd, of Orillia, former Dominion president of Women's Institutes, addressing the convention of the Women's Institutes of Western Ontario at their closing session turned a rather new light on modern dress.

"Extremes in anything," she said, "dress, speech or action, are always in bad taste. Even extremes of piety, that draw long faces, are not attractive, so that the effect of extreme goodness is not always good. We reflect back in our dress and appearance the character within. We expect a streak of dishonesty or a shallow nature behind a painted face. Extremes of dress are not good business or good form. If we could get this fact over to our boys and girls, we would settle the matter in a flash."

A resolution calls on the Govern-

### SOME GOOD HABITS

- The habit of—
- Work
- Honesty
- Attention
- Politeness
- Happiness
- Usefulness
- Cleanliness
- Promptness
- Thoroughness
- Thoughtfulness
- Appreciation
- Accomplishment
- Accurate speaking
- Neatness of work
- Enjoyment of work
- Telling the exact truth.

Worms cause fretfulness and rob the infant of sleep, the great nourisher. Mother Graves' Worm Expeller will clear the stomach and intestines and restore healthfulness.

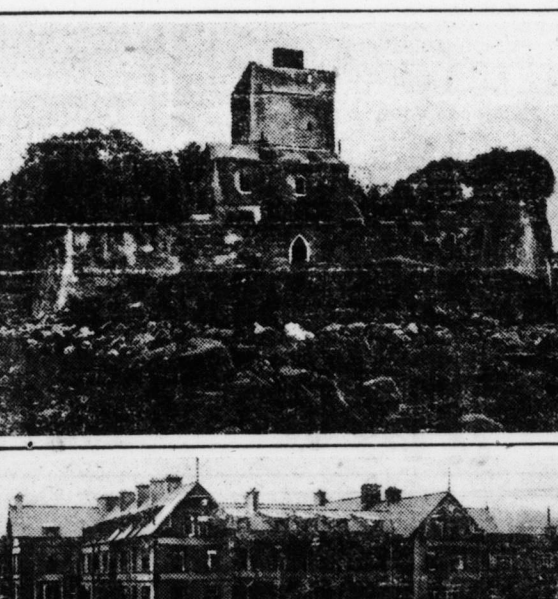
### CASTORIA

For Infants and Children  
In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Hathorn*

It seems queer that people will be careful about the kind of mushrooms they eat, but will drink any kind of liquor.

### IRISH EARL VISITS CANADA



THE Earl of Leitrim, who has been spending a vacation on this side of the Atlantic, passed through Montreal on his return home, sailing last week by the Canadian Pacific steamer "Montclare." The Earl is greatly interested in the development of Donegal as a tourist resort, and has been interested to find that part of Ireland bears so much resemblance to Maine and New Brunswick—with wooded hills running up to about two thousand feet high and streams and lakes full of fish. Ireland, according to the Earl, is rapidly settling down to normal conditions, and Donegal has recently received a considerable influx of tourists, there being excellent hotels such as that at Rosapenna, which has its own golf course, its own fishing for trout and salmon, and a beautiful bathing beach of golden sand four miles long with waters warmed by the gulf stream. Donegal is a great favorite with artists and writers, George Russell (better known as "A.E.") and John Macfield, being among the number of those who have painted or written about its beauties.

People are apt to think that the north-west Coast of Ireland is inaccessible, but as a matter of fact the Earl says he has frequently motored from Belfast to Rosapenna in five hours. The roads are being improved and motor traffic in Ireland is on the increase, particularly now that so many Canadians and Americans are taking their own cars with them to the Old Country. The Earl of Leitrim who has crossed Canada before this is much interested to see the development of Canadian tourist resorts. He was particularly struck by the tremendous crowds he found at the Chateau Frontenac, in Quebec. It will be a long time, he says, before Donegal has such a hotel, but the present ones are very comfortable and surprise visitors from this side by the conveniences they offer—Rosapenna, for instance, having suites of rooms with private bath.

Owing to the greater ease in securing labor, the rates are also not so high as on this side—one can get very fair accommodation with meals included for five dollars a day, and this provides the opportunity for excellent salmon fishing in season.

Another erroneous opinion, according to the Earl, was that it rained all the time in the West of Ireland. The average rainfall in Rosapenna is only from 40 to 45 inches a year. Visitors, he says, are too apt to think the climate of the whole of Ireland is the same as that of Killybegs, which he admits is wet.

Railway Trains at Glencoe

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

Main Line

Eastbound—No. 10, Toronto express (daily) 3.30 a.m.; No. 12, accommodation (except Sunday) 10.00 a.m.; No. 18 express (daily) 3.10 p.m.; No. 16, Eastern Flier (daily, no local stops) 6.35 p.m.; No. 114, accommodation (except Sunday) 9.52 p.m.

Westbound—No. 9, Detroit express (daily, no local stops) 4.48 a.m.; No. 75, accommodation (except Sunday) 7.25 a.m.; No. 21, Detroit express (daily, stops at Glencoe, Bothwell, Thamesville and Chatham) 11.59 a.m.; No. 11, accommodation (except Sunday) 6.40 p.m.; No. 115, International Limited (daily, stops Glencoe and Chatham) 9.52 p.m.

Wabash and Air Line

Eastbound—No. 352, mixed, 10.05 a.m.; No. 354, mixed, 4.10 p.m. Westbound—No. 351, mixed, 9.00 a.m.; No. 3, express, 12.15 p.m.; No. 353, mixed, 2.50 p.m.

Kingscourt Branch

Arrive—7.10 a.m., 5.30 p.m. Leave—7.30 a.m., 6.40 p.m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Eastbound—No. 634, 12.25 p.m.; No. 672, Chatham mixed, 4.17 p.m. Westbound—No. 635, for Windsor, 4.48 a.m.; No. 671, Chatham mixed, 9.27 a.m.; No. 638, 8.22 p.m. Trains 633, 634 and 635, Sundays included.

GLENCOE POST OFFICE

Mails closed—C.N.R. East, 9.30 a.m.; C.N.R. West, 5.45 p.m.; London and East, 5.45 p.m.; Glencoe Rural Routes, 7.45 a.m.

Mails received—London and East, 8.00 a.m.; C.N.R. East, 7.00 p.m.; C.N.R. West, 10.20 a.m.; Glencoe Rural Routes: No. 1—1.00 p.m.; No. 2—12 noon; No. 3—2.40 p.m.; No. 4—12.30 p.m.

Street letter boxes are cleared at 9.30 a.m. and 5.00 p.m. Letters for registration should be posted not later than half an hour previous to the time for closing the mails.

IRWIN'S NOVELTY STORE

FOR Fancy Goods Stationery Hosiery China Corsets Books Smallwares School Supplies

Agency for Parker's Dye Works and PICTORIAL REVIEW PATTERNS

H. J. JAMIESON FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE

PHONE 92 GLENCOE District Agent Manufacturers' Life

J. D. MCKELLAR Successor to C. E. Nourse Co.

DEALER IN Flour and Feed COAL, WOOD, CEMENT Highest Market Prices Paid for all kinds of Grain

TERMS STRICTLY CASH Next C.N.R. Tracks, Main Street - Glencoe

MEAT OF QUALITY (Fresh, Cured, and Salt) At Reasonable Prices

We Invite Your Patronage Phone orders promptly delivered.

W. J. CORNFOOT Successor to J. D. Smith Phone 73

J. A. RAEBURN Contractor for OIL, WATER AND GAS DRILLING

All kinds of Pumps and Pipe Supplies. Up-to-date Drilling Rig at your service. GORE CONCESSION, EKFRID Telephone 602 x 22

Send in your news items every week. This is your newspaper.



Peace with all men, and holiness, without which no man shall see the Lord.—Hebrews 12: 14.

Born FERGUSON.—In Mosa, on Monday, October 27, 1924, to Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Ferguson, a son.

PAIR.—At the Methodist parsonage, Tilbury, on Tuesday, November 4, 1924, to Rev. and Mrs. M. C. Parr, a daughter—Eva Blanche.

TOWN AND VICINITY

If the coming winter in Ontario should be cold we won't feel it—it will be so 'dry'.

Through an oversight credit to an exchange was omitted in an article on church union in last week's Transcript.

If you want to know how people speak of you behind your back, listen to the reckless manner in which they pitch into others.

The W.M.S. of the Glencoe Methodist church gratefully acknowledge a donation of \$35.28 from the Ferguson Crossing Needle Club.

Should the forecasts of weather prophets who predict a mild winter be fulfilled they will not be without honor in their own country.

A chicken supper is being served in Riverside Presbyterian church on Friday evening, November 14th. A good program will be given.

Glencoe Oddfellows Lodge are giving an "at home" on Friday evening, November 21st, in their lodge rooms, to members and their wives. All Oddfellows are cordially invited.

Rev. A. S. Whitehall conducted anniversary services of the Methodist church at Cedar Springs on Sunday, Mr. Stirling, pastor at Cedar Springs, occupied Mr. Whitehall's pulpit here.

Glencoe high school boys went to Alivinton Monday afternoon and defeated the high school boys there in a friendly game of football, the score being 4-0. They expect to go to Thamesville on Friday.

Christopher McCullum, Lorne Eaton and Melvin Murray were delegates from the Sunday School in S. No. 4, Ekfrid, at the conference held in London last week of the Canadian Standard Efficiency Training.

Warden C. C. Henry attended a meeting at Ingersoll on Monday evening, arranging with Warden Peterson of Oxford for an official opening of the provincial highway east of London, which has just been completed.

Mrs. (Rev.) W. R. McIntosh, of London, delivered an impressive address at the annual thank-offering meeting of the Ross Young Women's Auxiliary, held in the lecture room of the Presbyterian church on Tuesday evening.

The annual thank-offering meeting of the Gordon Mission Band will be held in the Presbyterian lecture room on the afternoon of Saturday, November 15th, at 3 o'clock. Mrs. (Rev.) Bolingbroke, of Newbury, will give an address.

A large number were present and enjoyed the sixth annual dance of the Great War Veterans at the Memorial Hall on Monday evening. The hall was prettily decorated, flags being draped along the side of the walls. Delightful music was provided by Loughton's five-piece orchestra.

W. T. Jelly has bought from C. J. Mills, of Windsor, the business premises on the corner of Main and McKellar streets now occupied by Geo. Westcott, grocer, and Chas. Dean, funeral director. Mr. Jelly will convert that portion of the premises occupied by Mr. Westcott into a general store, and is building an addition in the rear 35 feet long.

The death occurred at the family residence, McKellar street, early Tuesday morning of John Smith, painter, a resident of Glencoe for many years. Mr. Smith retired in his usual health, but took ill in the night and passed away before medical aid, which was sent for, could reach him. Funeral service will be held at his late residence Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock, with interment in Oakland cemetery.

The Epworth League meeting of the Methodist church on Monday evening, November 11th, was a very successful one. The program consisted of a solo by Della Stevenson, a paper on "Thanksgiving" by Elva Sutton, a reading by Margaret Smith and a chorus by the C.G.I.T. girls. After the program group games and contests were played and homemade candy was served. All who were present reported a good time.

The remains of the late Mrs. John Matheson, of Dutton, who passed away on Tuesday last week, were interred in the Eddie cemetery in Ekfrid on Friday. Mrs. Matheson was born in Ross-shire, Scotland, 89 years ago and came to Canada with her parents when a child. For the past 44 years she had resided in Dutton. She leaves one brother, John McLennan, and two sisters, Mrs. Ross and Mrs. Lagher, all of Bothwell.

Isaac McCracken, formerly of Glencoe, was severely injured at London on Thursday while doing repair work in the store of Langford & Edwards. Mr. McCracken was standing on a set of platform scales when the floor collapsed beneath him. He fell to the cellar and was struck by the scales, which cut and bruised his head and body. Mr. McCracken was confined to his bed for several days, but is making good recovery from his injuries.

Fine, dry weather may be too much of a good thing, in the opinion of many Ontario farmers who are beginning to long for a break in the continued dry spell. Many have had to stop plowing because of the hardness and dryness of the soil, and the fall wheat seems due to be affected. Although pastures are still good and live stock of all kinds in excellent condition, the usual seasonable drop in milk flow, now some weeks overdue, is at last beginning in several counties.

Andrew Newbigging's sale of farm stock and implements, which was auctioned by L. McTaggart on Wednesday last week, was very largely attended. Good prices were realized. Cows sold from \$66 to \$75; two-year-old steers at \$56 to \$76; calves at \$16; ewes at \$23; lambs at \$15. Two colts sold at \$90 and \$100, and an eight-year-old farm mare sold for \$194. Implements were in good state of repair and sold fairly well. Mr. Newbigging has given up farming, having sold his farm to Ed. Winter, of Lambeth.

Armistice Day was fittingly observed in our local high school Tuesday morning. The school all assembled at 10.55, and the principal made a few introductory remarks after which all joined in singing "O God, Our Help in Ages Past." The usual two minutes of silence was followed by a very appropriate violin and piano duet by Misses Eleanor Sutherland and Miriam Oxley. The service closed with singing of the National Anthem. The service had a double significance for some boys and girls who carried in their thoughts not only the heroes in Flanders but the one who was recently taken from their midst—John Graham McDonald, of Middlemiss.

A large turnout and a highly commendable program on Thursday evening made the annual Thanksgiving supper in the Presbyterian school-room a most successful event. After a bounteous chicken supper had been served by the Willing Workers to over two hundred people, all repaired to the auditorium where they were delighted with the following program:—Piano solo, Miriam Oxley; flute solos, Rev. Mr. Bolingbroke, of Newbury; violin and cello duo, Eleanor Sutherland and Hazel McAlpine; vocal solos, Mrs. Herman Galbraith, of Appleton; readings, Marion Campbell, of Melbourne; violin solo, Eleanor Sutherland; cello solo, Hazel McAlpine; ladies' quartette—Mrs. Arnold Aldred, Mrs. A. E. Sutherland, Betty Grant and Mrs. C. E. Davidson; addresses, Revs. Williams and Bolingbroke, George P. Munroe was chairman. Proceeds amounted to over \$115.

—Mr. and Mrs. Robert Eddie, of Windsor, were holiday guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Eddie, Sr.

—Harley Luckham and Mr. Philby motored from Beamsville and spent the week-end at the former's home here.

—Mrs. J. S. Cameron and daughter Helen, of Olean, N.Y., are visiting Mrs. Cameron's sister, Mrs. A. E. Sutherland.

—Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Hawke and son Earl, of Brantford, were guests over the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Ford.

—Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Tait and little son, of St. Thomas, were holiday visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Tait.

—Misses Marion and Lillian Campbell, who are attending London Normal School, spent Thanksgiving at their home here.

—Mr. and Mrs. Wortman and children, of London, were week-end guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. M. MacPherson.

—Dr. J. A. Runchey and Miss Kate McIntyre, of St. Thomas, motored to Glencoe on Sunday and were guests of D. R. Hagerty.

—Mrs. R. W. Roberts and children, Jean and Kenneth, of Toronto, are visiting Mrs. Roberts' parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Currie.

—Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Munroe and sons James and Alex, of Toronto, spent a few days this week with friends in Glencoe and vicinity.

—Dr. McLachlan and daughter Evelyn were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Vicary, of Westminster township, on Thanksgiving Day.

—Mr. Henry Batterby and daughter Carman and A. D. Dawson, of Essex, spent Thanksgiving with Mrs. T. Mahwinney and other relatives.

—J. M. Pawcett, of Toronto, was a visitor at A. J. Wright's over the holiday. He was accompanied home by Mrs. Wright and daughter Mabel.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. Gillette and little son, of Chatham, spent Thanksgiving Day at the home of Mrs. Gillette's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Innes.

—Visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh McTaggart over the holiday were Mrs. Holman and son Milton, of Ayr, and Miss Isabel Wilson and Miss Jetta Holman, of Alma College, St. Thomas.

—Holiday visitors at the home of Mrs. T. C. Revere were her daughters Anna and Arch, of Chatham, and Vida, of London, and Miss Wynifred Eastman, of Arkona, and Clara, of Windsor.

—Guests at the manse over the holiday were Mrs. J. S. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Parkes, John S. Smith, Jr., and the Misses Smith, of St. Catharines. Mrs. Smith is spending a few days with her daughter, Mrs. Paton.

—Holiday visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Sutton were Mr. and Mrs. Robert Casement, and Mrs. James Salmon and daughter Gladys, of Windsor, and Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Frost, Phillip Frost and Lydia Frost, of St. Thomas.

—Thanksgiving visitors at the home of J. A. McLachlan were Mr. and Mrs. Norman McLachlan and children, of Petrolia; Harry McLachlan, of London; Miss Jean McLachlan, of Windsor, and Mrs. G. H. Singleton and daughter, Helen, of Alisa Craig.

—Holiday visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. B. McDonald were Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Bell and children and W. N. Bell, of Springford; Miss Oatman, of Tillsonburg, and Earl McDonald, of Toronto University. Miss Oatman sang a solo, "Open the Gates of the Temple" in the Presbyterian church Sunday morning.

No surgical operation is necessary in removing corns if Holloway's Corn Remover be used.

The citizen who neglects to vote but continues to holler is only another backseat driver.

SCHOOL REPORTS

S. S. No. 7, Mosa The following is the report for the month of October. An asterisk designates absence for one or more examinations:—

Sr. IV.—M. McLarty 75, \*J. McNaughton 74, C. Armstrong 55, \*E. Scott 49.

Jr. IV.—J. Turner 42, M. Gates 40, Jr. III.—C. Golderick 53, D. June 53.

Jr. II.—W. Cucksey 94, R. Stewart 71, \*A. Shred 70, \*M. McVicar 66, \*R. McVicar 65, G. Gates 46, M. Leitch 60, J. Turner 56, \*I. Harris 54, \*W. June 37, \*M. Harris 36.

Jr. I.—E. Regis, M. McNaughton, Sr. Pr.—J. Norcank, Jr. Pr.—H. Armstrong, A. Shred, B. Babcock.

A class.—M. Turner, J. Skakel, teacher.

Na. 14, McKeefe & Ekfrid Sr. IV.—Orville Towers 83, Charlie Towers 70.

Jr. IV.—Dennis Giles 96, Martin Walker 87.

Sr. III.—Earnie Moore 85, Bruce Moore 69, John Munro 53.

Jr. III.—Phyllis Giles 52, D. I.—Ireta Walker, 85, Verna Moore 83, Elizabeth Carruthers 72, Pr.—Willie Carruthers, Bob Giles, Eileen Woods.

Perfect spelling for the month:—Martin Walker.

Roll of honour.—Charlie Towers, Orville Towers, Martin Walker, Dennis Giles, Lloyd Munro Elizabeth Carruthers, Verna Moore, Ireta Walker, Willie Carruthers, Bob Giles, Eileen Woods.

Perfect attendance, no lates:—Orville Towers, Elizabeth Carruthers, Bob Giles, Willie Carruthers.

Gladys Lunn, teacher.

S. S. No. 4, McKeefe Sr. IV.—Janet McCallum 76, Mary McKeefe 63, Nell W. Walker 62, Campbell Walker 59, Anna McDougall 53.

Jr. IV.—Meryl Munro 82, Lorne McDougall 60, Charles Giles 57, Stewart Walker 51.

II.—Margaret Galbraith 72, Douglas Campbell 65, Gerbert Giles 42, Sr. I.—Audrey Leitch 68.

Primer.—Anna Belle Galbraith, Clara Giles.

A. Walker, teacher.

S. S. No. 13, Ekfrid Report of senior room for September and October:—

Sr. IV.—Jean Bain 599, Jessie Jeffrey 498, John Jeffrey 496, Albert Nevin 492, Norris Cushman 489.

Jr. IV.—Alice Bardwell 643, Eva Bardwell 627, Harley McDonald 519, Marie Huston 493, Alice Galbraith 476, Dorothy Hughes 473, Morley Payne 467, Kenneth Johnson 456, Howard Pole 441, Edison Hughes 440, Duncan McTaggart 396, J. D. McGill 388.

Sr. III.—Alice Black 428, William Perry 421, Alex McTaggart 418, Howard Cushman and Luke Jeffrey 412, Kathleen Nevin 402, Thelma Leitch 391, Lorne Gage 356, Ardie Gough 346, Leo Cushman 345, Alfred Rankin 337, Stewart Pole 334, Hughie Rankin 312.

Jr. III.—Edith Philpot 352, Beryl Payne 363, Douglas Sinclair 357, Annabel Macfie 341, Claire Perry 336, Emma Gough 258, Jack Howe 247, Lewis H. Payne, Principal.

S. S. No. 16, Cantrick \*Honors.

\*Eleanor Meek, \*Margaret Dewar, \*Phyllis Bees, \*Muriel Meek, Verna Hagerty, Pearl Near, Lena Haggerty, \*Melvin Gough, \*Florence Bees, \*Roy Hardy, \*Alice Griswold, \*Austin Pettit, \*Leonard Long, Jack Hansford, Gordon Huston, Wilbert Huston, Jack Kaine.

AUCTION SALES

Clearing sale of household effects at the residence of Mrs. Alex. Douglas, Wardsville, on Saturday, Nov. 15, commencing at 2 o'clock:—1 parlor suite; 1 dining-room suite; 2 couches; cane-bottom chairs and kitchen chairs; rockers; 1 large Axminster rug; 1 velvet rug; Brussels carpet; 1 walnut bookcase; 2 washstands; 1 white enamelled bed with springs and mattress; 1 walnut bed with springs; 1 large bureau; 1 hall rack; 3 small tables and stands; 2 hanging lamps; 2 hand lamps; pictures; mirrors; garden seat; lawn mower; five-gallon oil can; vacuum sweeper; kitchen stove; oil stove; large walnut cupboard; linens; dishes and a large number of kitchen utensils and other articles. Terms cash.—Mrs. Alex. Douglas, proprietress; L. L. McTaggart, auctioneer.

On lot 15, con. 6, Ekfrid, on Monday, November 17th, at 1 o'clock:—Span grey mares 6 years old, 1500 lbs.; span bay mares 6 and 7 years old, 1450 lbs.; span brown mares 5 years old, 1400 lbs.; span bay geldings 6 and 7 years old, 1500 lbs.; span brown mares 6 and 7 years old, 1450 lbs.; span bay mare and black gelding 7 and 8 years old, 1500 lbs.; span bay mares 5 years old, 1250 lbs.; span brown gelding 5 years old, 1400 lbs.; and bay mare 5 years old, 1300 lbs.; brown horse 4 years old, unbroken, 1400 lbs.; pair 4-year-olds unbroken, about 1250 lbs.—S. G. Towers and Duncan Gavin, proprietors; L. L. McTaggart, auctioneer.

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# Sealed in aluminum packets "SALADA" TEA

is always pure and fresh.  
So delicious! Try it today.



## A FOOD MARKET.

A food market or exchange is a popular way of making money for a church, for the school, rural library, or other civic enterprises. Rightly managed, one exchange is worth several suppers and is far less work. A merchant in town will often donate window space and part of a counter, and half a dozen women can manage the sale.

The most profitable things offered for sale are cottage-cheese, chicken soup with noodles, cakes, baked beans and codfish cakes, all of which cost far less to make on the farm than in town. One good fat hen, past her prime and cooked until tender, the most shredded and combined with noodles, will bring \$4 by selling the hot, thick soup at 20 cents a pint. Baked beans should be made with fresh or salt pork and are still more profitable than the chicken soup, although the beans will not sell so well. Cottage-cheese is always in demand, and while real cream must be used, through the medium of curds 50 cents worth of cream will bring in \$2. This is worth thinking about.

One woman puts up gallons of watermelon pickle each summer, with no expense save for sugar, vinegar and spices. She sells this pickle at exchanges in small glass jars at 15 cents a jar. Her friends give her the preserve and pickle jars, which come from the grocery, so they need not be returned. Various kinds of pickles in small jars sell readily. Jelly does not sell so well, for it like buying a pig in a poke when the glasses are sealed or covered with paraffin. The sale of pies is uncertain, but good cakes always find customers.

Vegetables and fruit are easily disposed of at market prices if they fall to sell at the exchange. Dressed chickens are popular, but they bring more if cooked and sold with noodles. Doughnuts made the day they are sold go quickly at 25 cents a dozen, but if made the day before they sell slowly. Fresh cream, buttermilk, eggs, butter and honey sell well, but bring scarcely more than market prices. Lead cookies and cup-cakes are very popular. At special seasons, Easter eggs, scrapie-mince-meat, sauerkraut, potato salad, rolls and sausage bring good returns.

In certain localities cooked hominy would sell very readily, so would codfish balls. Most farms will yield potatoes and eggs, and codfish is comparatively inexpensive. Made into balls ready for frying, these products will be found very profitable.

The expenses connected with a food market are small, the profits large.

leaves a very neat finish whether the sheet is used with the hemstitching or the binding as the right side, and it will last until the entire sheet is worn out. I don't see why pillow cases and tablecloths could not be treated in the same way; thus we could indulge our liking for pretty things and still not feel we are being unduly extravagant.

—Mrs. H. N. G.

### USE THE MASHER.

Use a wire potato masher to cream the butter and sugar for a cake. It is much easier and quicker than a spoon.

### SECRET OF CRACKING NUTS.

Pecans can be cracked more easily if they are allowed to stand in hot water for a few minutes before cracking. The shells open more easily and the meats can often be taken out whole. The length of time necessary for the nuts to stay in the water is determined by the freshness of the nuts and the thickness of the shells. The meats are not softened if the water is poured off within ten or fifteen minutes. The meats can be crisped, of course, by heating in the oven.

Pop corn pops better if treated in the same way with cold water before popping.—M. J. M.

### TRY THIS FOR CREPE SLEEVES.

When making a long-sleeved dress of Canton crepe or crepe de chine, or any of the other crepe weaves, face the sleeves back about four inches with taffeta of the same color. This keeps the sleeves from twisting on the arm, and also helps to hold up flare cuffs, which are inclined to crumple when made of soft materials.—O. F.

### HEMSTITCHED SHEETS.

Who doesn't like to see a hemstitched sheet? And in these days when such pretty ones may be bought in the shops so reasonably, there is no reason why we all shouldn't indulge our fancy, only and here our sense of thrift stops us. For we all know that the hemstitching will be the first place to wear out, and there will still be some wear left in the rest of the sheet. Mine started to go just recently—small breaks appearing here and there.

It suddenly occurred to me to get narrow tape, either linen or bias binding, a trifle wider than the hemstitching, and stitch it neatly underneath the hemstitching on both edges. This

### A POPULAR "STYLISH STOUT" MODEL.

4889. Striped and plain woolen is here combined. This is a good model for satin, crepe or sharmoen. Roshanara crepe with satin for collar and panels would be very attractive.

The pattern is cut in 8 sizes: 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48 and 50 inches bust measure. A 38-inch size requires 4 1/2 yards of one material, 40 inches wide. If made as illustrated it will require 1 1/2 yards of plain material and 3 1/2 yards of striped or figured material. The width of the dress at the foot is 2 yards.

Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 20c in silver, by the Wilson Publishing Co., 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto.

Send 15c in silver for our up-to-date Fall and Winter 1924-1925 Book of Fashions.

### Not Hereditary.

The son and heir of a certain family had been ill, and in consequence was coming home from school.

On the day before his return a friend, calling to inquire after him, was met by the old butler, who had been in the family's service for years.

"Yes, ma'am," he said, in reply to her inquiries "Master John's coming home from school to-morrow. It seems as 'ow the young gentleman's suffering from brain fog a complaint never 'eard of in the family before."

Minard's Liniment Heals Cuts.

ISSUE No. 46-24.

# "When Hearts Command"—

By ELIZABETH YORK MILLER

"When hearts command,  
From minds the wisest counsellings depart."

### CHAPTER XI.—(Cont'd.)

As the sun dipped towards the west, the garden of the Villa Tatina became a scene of great activity. Gaunt and his boy, Carlo, had the business of adjusting the pack on the mule, and there was trouble with Maddelina, who had provided enough food for a week and was hurt because Gaunt refused to take more than half of it. Hugo was all over the place, getting in everybody's way, and there were the servants chattering and running about, and children from the Old Town who had boldly advanced into the garden to watch the interesting proceedings, and refused to be driven away, although Guido did his best to keep them out.

Even Jean caught the spirit of the occasion when she came down with her little canvas bag. It was cooler and a breeze had sprung up. Gaunt lifted her into the saddle, and presently all was ready and the cavalcade started. Gaunt, Hugo and Tito walking beside Jean and Carlo bringing up the rear with the pack mule. For some distance the village children followed them.

The longest, most fatiguing and least interesting part of the trip came first, but after they had climaxed up through the old town of Ventimiglia it was delightful, and Hugo's suggestion began to manifest its advantages. "I wouldn't have believed it could be so cool anywhere," said Jean, who was actually forced to put on her sweater.

Gaunt cast his weather-wise eye towards the East, from which a strong wind was blowing. The sky looked darker than it should, and far away a little dart of lightning quivered on the horizon. They were almost bound to have a thunderstorm, but it was not likely to last long and could not reach them for some hours. There would be a time to have dinner and put their supplies in order. It would mean a lot of scrambling over rocks, for Gaunt d'Appio was a real ruin, and what had once been the interior of a tiny fortress could only be reached by arduous toil through briars and over heaps of piled up stones. Gaunt thought he knew a way to get the mules through, but it would be difficult.

He said nothing about the impending storm, directing the gaze of his companions to the west, where a serenity and beauty of a fine sunset drew attention from less pleasant possibilities.

But presently Jean, too, saw the darkness advancing over the distant mountains and remembered gloomy Clementine's prophecy.

"We're going to have a storm," she said apprehensively.

Hugo, very busy between stambling over the roughly cobble path and keeping on his eye-glass, halted a moment to look.

"So we are!" he exclaimed. "I wish I had a pipe organ. It would be wonderful to play Wagner on a mountain-top in a storm."

But the storm was not upon them yet, and Gaunt began to wonder if they might not possibly escape it. They toiled up the last little ascent and beheld a marvellous panorama, still lit by the last rays of sunset. Jean was lifted off her mule, Gaunt and Carlo unpacked the supper, and Hugo and Tito seated themselves comfortably on a flat rock, watching the preparations with hungry eyes. Hugo was tired, but did not care to admit it. Gaunt made coffee and soon the meal was spread. It was to be a cold repast, and the cooking he had promised to do proved unnecessary. Maddelina's famous fish soup and little chicken-pies were delicious, and there was cheese and salad to finish with, helped down by chianti and the hot coffee.

Afterwards Gaunt and Hugo lit their pipes, and Jean had a cigarette, while Carlo explored the ruins with a view to finding a dry place in which to camp.

The storm was coming, although not rapidly. It was cold enough to make a fire necessary. Reinforced by food, Hugo gathered sticks and fir cones, and they soon had a merry blaze.

Spread before their feet was the amazing silver floor of the sea, the lights of Mentone and Monte Carlo twinkling on the right, and Bordighera on the left. Behind them towered the big snow-capped mountains, thrown into black silhouette by the lightning playing among their peaks.

It was cozy around the fire. Hugo shuddered with ecstasy and demanded again and again to be praised for having thought of such a delightful party.

"Why, we need never go back to the villa," he said. "We can stay here all the time. Do we have to go back, Hector?"

"Not to-night, anyway," Gaunt replied. He held out his hand. Yes, the rain was beginning. What a nuisance. "We shall have to make for the caves," he said. "In any case, you'd sleep more comfortably under shelter. Jean, come on. Where's Carlo? We'd better hurry. In another ten minutes it will be pouring."

Carlo had managed to get the mules inside the castle ruins, and he now undertook to guide Hugo. Gaunt took charge of Jean. Scrambling part way down and then up again over a path composed of boulders and briars was no easy task in the darkness. The rain began to fall thick and fast, and the lightning was disconcerting.

Hugo went on ahead, recklessly flinging his frail body at all obstacles, dislodging Carlo's hand, and calling out to the others to hurry. Tito barked furiously at the lightning every time it split the darkness. Jean minded the thunder more than she did the

lightning. The constant booming made her intensely nervous.

"Here, I'd better carry you," Gaunt said, when she had slipped the third or fourth time. "You'll be wrenching your ankle."

He gathered her up and she clung to him, with her arms around his neck. Above loomed the high, broken walls of the ruined castle; and below the precipice seemed to drop sheer into infinity. Yet she was not afraid. She would not have minded had he missed his footing, and the two of them gone hurtling down together. Her face, wet with rain, brushed his, and she nestled closer.

From above them, safe inside the ruin, Hugo shouted down wholly unnecessary directions.

"Come by the lower path, it's better. Look out for that dressing-gown. Take the end of my stick, Hector, and let me pull you up. Mind you don't stumble. Ah, here we all are!"

With the zest of a schoolboy he made for the biggest cave, where Carlo had lighted a torch of brushwood.

### CHAPTER XII.

In the middle of the night Alice Ardeyne woke up and could not get to sleep again.

It was very hot and close, the air murky with impending storm. Earlier in the evening terrible things had suggested themselves to her. That traffic clicking in her brain, the desire to throw herself into the river and thus solve Philip's problem as well as her own—were they not significant symptoms of mental derangement?

But now, though wakeful, she felt more or less composed. Her brain was clear and steady. She found herself smiling at the idea of self-destruction—but it was a wry, twisted smile. She felt that years had passed since she had last conversed with Philip. The house was very still, and the Thames-side valley slumbered peacefully. Through the rough clouded masses of dark clouds the moon peered out occasionally, the same old moon that brooded over all the world. Somewhere, no doubt it was shining for nursery—and for Hugo Smarke. Mumsey was still in Bordighera, or had been a week ago, when a picture postcard had arrived from Hugo.

Alice slipped on a dressing-gown, and making her way through the sleeping house went out into the garden. If anything, it seemed more serene outside. She found herself recalling what Hugo had written on the postcard. Everybody was well, and he was "keeping the fortress." It had puzzled her to know what that meant. His poor father!

She walked to and fro on the lawn, her slippers drenched with dew. Below the river moved sluggishly; here and there a fish splashed or something stirred in the reeds. Why was it raining? She held out her hand, but although the air was heavy with moisture, there were no rain-drops.

She thought of Philip, and how he had loved her. She could scarcely doubt that. But the sort of love she could give him was not married love. She had tried so hard to realize that she must become reconciled to a division of his affections. But why, oh why, hadn't he married Mrs. Egan?

Philip was so kind. He would go a long way to avoid hurting anybody. Alice felt sure. Perhaps that was, after all, the real reason why he had married her. She had tried so hard not to believe that. In Lucerne he had assured her that he had married her with his eyes open, and because he loved her too dearly to give her up. She had believed him. She was apt, as most simple souls are, to believe what was told her. She had believed Mumsey's outrageous lie until the truth was brought home so painfully.

(To be continued.)

Gross Negligence.

"When we get to Niagara, dear, let's try not to look as though we've just been married."

"Good idea, darling. You carry the suitcase, eh?"

Something Different.

Nurse—"What's the matter, Willie? Don't you like your new baby sister?"

Willie—"I wish she was a boy! Johnny Jones just got a sister, an' now he'll think I'm tryin' to copy him."

### COLOR IT NEW WITH "DIAMOND DYES"

Beautiful home dyeing and tinting is guaranteed with Diamond Dyes. Just dip in cold water to tint soft, delicate shades, or boil to dye rich, permanent colors. Each 15-cent package contains directions so simple any woman can dye or tint linens, silks, ribbons, skirts, waists, dresses, coats, stockings, sweaters, draperies, coverings, hangings, everything new.

Buy "Diamond Dyes"—no other kind—and tell your druggist whether the material you wish to color is wool or silk, or whether it is linen, cotton, or mixed goods.



## Mother's prescription

JOHNNY is taking a prescription. His careful mother—the family health doctor—ordered it. Her daily ounce of prevention—Lifebuoy Soap—works wonders in combating disease.

Every day your children touch dirty objects and cover themselves with germ-laden dirt. Give them Lifebuoy—the health soap.

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# LIFEBUOY

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### The Old Woman Looks in the Glass.

I've a-got a stocking.  
I've a-got a treasure.  
I've a-got a house that should not be long to me.  
I've a-got a secret.  
Forty years I hid it  
In the night, in the storm, by the black unlighted sea.

Oh, my precious secret.  
Lips may never shape it;  
Ears must be deaf to what was done by me!  
But now comes a witness.  
A sly and artful witees.  
And lays my secret naked for all the world to see.

I've a-got a dressing table.  
I've a-got a looking-glass.  
Fruited up in muslin, pretty as can be—  
But an old bitter weed I am.  
Oh, the Lord He knows that.  
And now He's took and wrote it on my face, for all to see.

—Ruth Manning-Sanders.

### Real Irish.

O'Dogherty applied for a job as a builder's laborer, and was asked by the foreman what experience he had had.

"Sure," said the applicant, "ye don't need any experience for hard work at all, at all."

"Oh, but I want to know," said the foreman, "if you've been used to going up a ladder?"

"That's all right," replied O'Dogherty; "you'll have nothing to complain about. Sure Oi can moind the first time Oi went up a ladder: it was down a well!"

For sore feet—Minard's Liniment.

### Story-Teller.

Small Nephew—"Tell us about the time you were frozen to death at the North Pole, Uncle Jack."

Small Nieces—"No, Uncle Jack; please tell us about the time you were killed by wild Indians."

It is said that there is only one useful orchid. Blooms of the vanilla vine are ugly ducklings of the orchid tribe, but the juice of the fruit is much sought after. Mexico is really the home of the vanilla bean.

### GIGANTIC SALE

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MONTREAL

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### Canada's Oyster Industry

Oysters have been known and used as food from the periods of Greece and Rome. In many countries they are now, due to depletion of the oyster beds almost a luxury. Canada has shared, in large measure, in this depletion, and what were at one time productive oyster areas, are now supplying but a small proportion of the output of earlier years. Canada's total production of oysters in 1923 amounted to 22,949 barrels, while in 1910 it was 29,727 barrels, and in 1900 46,226 barrels. In 1882 Prince Edward Island alone produced 57,042 barrels, the total Canadian output for that year being 66,646 barrels.

The great reduction in the output of Canadian oysters may be traced to several causes, says the Natural Resource Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior. One of the chief of these is over-fishing, due to the high prices that were obtained. In the early years of the Canadian oyster fishery there was considerable indifference to its possibilities. Oysters were used by a few people and then more as a novelty than as a staple article of food. In the meantime, however, improvements in transportation had made it possible to place the product on the inland markets, which at once created a heavy demand. The at first locally abundant cheap oysters rose in price, and this incentive to greater production led to the search for and exploitation of all the possible oyster bearing areas, until it was feared that the beds would be depleted and the oyster fishery pass into history.

On the Atlantic Coast of Canada oysters occur at many places, from Chaleur Bay, along the coast of New Brunswick and of Nova Scotia to near the Strait of Canso, on both sides of Prince Edward Island, and in the Bras d'Or Lakes. At River Densy, on Bras d'Or Lakes, William Monbourquette, of Halifax, has a number of prolific beds, from which oysters are being shipped to Great Britain. The British importers place them on their oyster beds to acquire the flavor to which the trade in that country is accustomed, although which they are harvested and marketed.

New Brunswick is now the largest producer of oysters in Canada, and has been for some years. Last year the output of that province was 14,584 barrels, while in 1922, 10,753 barrels was produced.

Prince Edward Island, due to a number of causes, has for some years past been showing a reduced output of oysters. There is evidence, however, according to the fisheries inspector for the island, that some of the beds, especially those of the Richmond Bay district, appear to be recovering. Large districts that were formerly heavy producers are so badly silted that the spot cannot catch. The inspector reports that oyster culture work is much needed, and it is hoped that early attention may be given to the revival of the oyster industry, not only in Prince Edward Island but also in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, where the possibilities of developing a large and profitable industry appear to be excellent.

The Dominion Government is establishing a Fisheries School in Halifax for which an appropriation of \$70,000 has been made. Judging from an incident reported by the Prince Edward Island inspector, this should have beneficial results. It appears, according to his report, that "oyster beds in the Orwell river were not fished as the oyster meat showed a greenish tinge and it was feared by the fishermen and buyers that the beds were diseased. An examination, however, showed that the tint was the result of local food conditions, and that, instead of having a detrimental effect on the quality, the tint was a distinct advantage. Oysters of this character are highly esteemed by epicures, as the meat is usually plump and palatable." Thus, due to lack of technical knowledge of the oyster industry, a considerable loss was sustained by the fishermen and those who are catering to the higher class of oyster consumers.

### Clock That Will Run Forever.

What he says amounts to the discovery of perpetual motion has been accomplished in Paris, according to the claim of a French inventor by the name of Monnier, who has just finished a clock which he started to make thirty-six years ago, which, he says, will run forever without being wound up.

Monnier's clock weighs 1,100 pounds. It is twelve feet high, six feet wide and three feet six inches deep. It is composed of 12,000 different pieces and has six secondary dials, giving the respective time in London, Berlin, Strassburg, Cuba, Leningrad and New York, in addition to the main face, which tells local time.

This remarkable timepiece is being exhibited by its inventor at Romilly-sur-Seine, near Troyes, where he lives. He charges one franc for the privilege of examining his work.

"There is nothing else left for me to do to make a living at my age," he says. "I am sixty-two years old and have been working at my clock ever since 1888; it cost me lots of money to make, and now I cannot find a purchaser for it."

Be kindly affectionate one to another with brotherly love; in honor preferring one another; recompense to no man evil for evil. Provide things honest in the sight of all men. Be not overcome of evil, but overcome evil with good.—Romans 12: 10, 17, 21.

# WRIGLEYS

After Every Meal

It's the longest-lasting confection you can buy—and it's a help to digestion and a cleanser for the mouth and teeth.

Wrigley's means benefit as well as pleasure.

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WRIGLEY'S JUICY FRUIT CHEWING GUM

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# Soils and Woods

Address communications to Agronomist, 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto

## GIVE SPUDS AIR.

Dark brown or black areas in the centre of potatoes, commonly known as blackheart, may be the result of overheating of the potatoes in storage, but more often it is due to poor ventilation of the stored tubers. Potatoes to be kept for any length of time should be stored at rather low temperatures, 45 degrees Fahrenheit or less.

The black areas can be produced at will by experimenters in potatoes stored under various conditions and at different temperatures simply by regulating the air allowed to circulate about the tubers. These experiments give a hint as to how to store potatoes for best results.

It has been found, for example, that at low temperatures potatoes may be stored in deep piles for long periods, whereas at high temperatures it is necessary to avoid deep piling or else provide special ventilation. At temperatures below 40 degrees potatoes may be safely piled in bins or cellars to a depth of six feet without any other ventilation than that coming from the air overhead. Under these conditions potatoes will keep quite satisfactorily for six months or longer.

Tubers stored in deep piles should be watched in the spring when temperatures begin to go up, for exposure to temperatures of 45 to 50 degrees for ten days or two weeks after a long period of deep storage is likely to lead to considerable loss in the potatoes in the bottom three feet of the pile.

Where the storage place will have a temperature of 50 degrees or more, as is usually the case in most home cellars, it is unsafe to pile the tubers more than three feet deep if they are to be kept longer than three or four weeks.

Potatoes stored in out-of-door pits will sometimes show blackheart, due undoubtedly to insufficient ventilation of the pits. Outdoor pits are usually well ventilated, however, and in the case of small pits it is probably unnecessary to provide any special ventilation. Where large quantities of tubers are to be stored, special ventilation should be provided so that none of the tubers are more than six feet distant from an abundant supply of air.

Blackheart is sometimes a shipping problem as well as a storage problem, for potatoes that must be shipped long distances during cold weather may suffer from blackheart due to overheating of the car during transit. A

## POULTRY

Every poultry keeper is looking for ways of improving his flock and getting better returns from it. Here is a suggestion in this regard: Just go out into your poultry house and take a good look at your dry-mash hoppers: see how much feeding surface it provides—that is, how many birds can eat at one time.

See if you really think that this hopper provides adequate feeding space for the number of birds you have in your flock. In about eight cases out of ten an inspection of the poultry-house equipment will show insufficient feeding surface.

Your dry-mash hopper should provide one foot of feeding surface for every five birds. If you have a small galvanized manufactured hopper, it may be necessary to add more of them. If you have homemade wooden hoppers, you may have to provide additional hopper space.

There is nothing you can do which will react more favorably upon your egg production right now than to be sure that the house in which your pullets are placed is equipped with hoppers large enough and with sufficient surface to meet their needs.

Possibly you can accomplish this purpose by leaving your equipment just as it is and placing a trough hopper on elevated legs in the centre of the pen, so arranged that the birds can eat from it on each side. This is an easy and simple way to increase the hopper-space problem. Just remember that the bird is nothing more or less than a machine which converts the food material into a finished product.

The quantity and quality of the finished product which we get depends upon our ability to get raw materials from which the product is manufactured, and mash right now is the most essential raw material which we provide our birds.

## DAIRY.

With the press of field work and the scarcity of labor on the dairy farm, there is danger of some of the work being poorly done. Milking the cows dry is one of the things that is likely to suffer. I know from experience that it is pretty hard after a long day in the field to come up at five o'clock and milk ten or twelve cows dry before supper-time.

I also know from experience that if the cows are not milked dry to percentage of fat in the milk will be low, due to the fact that the last part of the milk drawn from the udder is much richer in fat than the first. A

too high temperature in the car may be as injurious as a freezing temperature.

The question often comes up as to whether potatoes affected with blackheart are fit for seed in the spring. Blackheart is not a disease, but a physiological trouble and therefore is not transmitted through the seed piece.

## CUT CORN LOW.

In those sections of the country where the European corn borer has made its appearance it is recommended as a measure of control that the corn be cut low at harvest time. Investigation has shown that about 40 per cent of the ears are found in the lower two feet of the cornstalks at harvest time. Cutting the corn low destroys a large portion of the borers.

More borers are destroyed in corn cut by hand, because the binder cut closer to the ground. The cornstalks should either be fed or burned before the next season starts.

## KILLING BEAN WEEVILS.

One of the hazards in growing beans is the bean weevil. After the beans are harvested and stored the weevil is likely to destroy everything in the bin.

The best method of control is to kill the weevil before it multiplies and does much damage. This can be done with carbon disulphide.

This is a liquid the fumes of which are heavier than air. A proved method of treating beans is to pour the liquid into shallow dishes, which are placed on top of the seeds to be fumigated. The seeds should be placed in an air-tight container, like a wooden or iron barrel.

It requires about five pounds of the carbon disulphide for each thousand cubic feet of space to be fumigated. After the dishes containing the carbon disulphide are placed in position the top of the receptacle should be covered with heavy blankets for about forty-eight hours.

The best results are obtained with this treatment when it is carried on at a temperature of 70 deg. F. The gas is explosive, and ignites readily if fire is brought too close to it.

Paradichlorobenzene may be used in place of the sulphide with equally good results. The dose is about two table-spoonfuls of ten cubic feet of space.

number of times I have tested milk from the first of the milking and from the last, and have observed a variation of from two to nearly four per cent in the fat content, the last portion of the milk drawn containing the highest percentage of cream.

Furthermore, cows not milked dry soon reduce the amount of milk created. To keep up the flow and to encourage the cows to milk their full time, all the milk must be drawn regularly. So incomplete milking shortens the milking period, reduces the fat and as a consequence robs the farmer of profits.

## HOGS.

The following suggestions for the management of a herd of swine in which infectious abortion has broken out are based upon practical experience. By putting them into practice it is believed the disease may be brought under control in the shortest possible time.

1. Remove aborting sows at once from contact with other sows and gilts.

2. Collect and burn aborted pigs, afterbirths, and all contaminated feed and litter.

3. Find out whether the abortions were caused by abortion germs by having blood samples tested to detect evidence of the disease.

4. Consider the herd infected if any of the blood samples are found to react to the test for abortion.

5. Divide the non-reacting sows into as small groups as possible.

6. Disinfect the hog houses by thoroughly saturating the floor, walls, and troughs with a coal-tar disinfectant prepared and applied according to directions of the manufacturer of the product.

7. Sell for slaughter grade sows which abort as soon as their condition will permit, as such animals will scarcely pay for the trouble of treatment.

8. Postpone breeding sows that have aborted until they have passed at least two heat periods.

9. Keep a special boar for the aborting and infected sows. This of course is impractical except in large herds.

10. Provide a clean lbar for all sows that show no evidence of infection.

11. Ask your veterinarian to secure vaccine from the College of Agriculture to vaccinate all open sows and gilts that have not aborted in order to prevent them from contracting the disease.

Fifty million bushels of corn are used annually to make cornstarch.



Luther Burbank, great plant wizard, is the inventor of a special type of potato, which has produced 29 tons to the acre on the farm of Frederick Rindze, in California, to whom Mr. Burbank is shown presenting a cup.

## WE MOVED TO TOWN, BUT CAME BACK

BY ETHEL V. BROWN.

Twelve year ago, with but a handful of this world's goods and a love for the country, husband and I began life together on a rented farm. Between us we had two cows, three calves, a team of good horses and a set of harness, 18 hens, 25 shots and enough corn to feed them out, and about \$100 in cash, with which we furnished our home.

We were lucky in that we had only two rooms to furnish, but we were happy as if we had lived in a mansion. We bought nothing expensive and only what we needed to make us comfortable. We had to go in debt for another team of horses and a set of harness, a wagon and our farming machinery. Husband had a new top buggy but it was not all paid for.

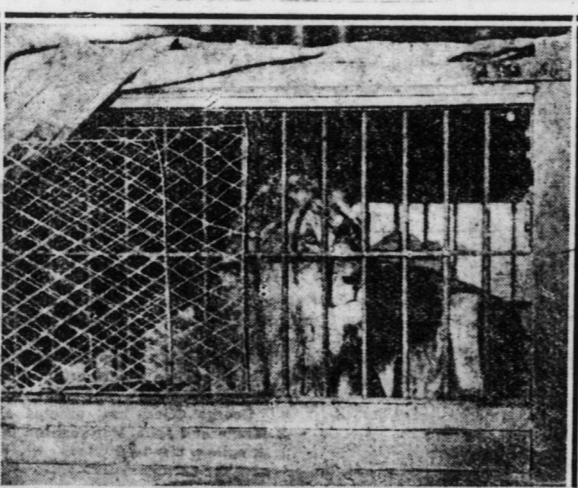
Today we have a home of our own, fairly well improved, and four darling children. We rented the farm for four years, moving twice. We had fairly good crops. Then we moved to our own farm of 160 acres. But as there were no improvements whatever, we had to build.

We soon realized that we had broken our backs leaving such a small amount of available pasture land. We have only 25 acres of pasture and can not keep the amount of stock we would like to. We have to put out some of our stock every summer and it is getting very hard to find pasture. Many fields that are now broken would be worth far more in pasture, on account of being so rough.

There are a few disadvantages in the country that I would love to see remedied. The chief problem is that of our country schools. Too many are of the opinion that one can plow corn and milk cows without an education. Well, perhaps they can. Some one will say, "Why, look at so and so, he can hardly write his own name and see what he has done." Yes, he has succeeded, but that doesn't happen very often, and doesn't it stand to reason that if he has had the advantages of a good education he might have done still better?

Did you ever hear of the city man moving to the country to give his children better school advantages? No, indeed, and why not? Too many farmers take more interest in their hogs and cattle than they do in their children. Any kind of a school is good enough for Johnny to go to and learn his three "R's." Is there any wonder that he stops just as soon as the law will allow him to? For this reason we are planning to buy a home closer to town, where the children can at least drive to school in town and still be at home on the farm, which we all love. We have no desire to leave the farm and yet we want our children to have the advantages of a better school than our rural schools are.

Hope is a good breakfast, but it is a bad supper.



FROM AFRICA TO TORONTO VIA DUBLIN

A lion and a lioness destined for the Toronto Zoo emitted no roars of protest as they were placed with their travelling cases of oak and iron aboard a Dominion Express car at the Canadian Pacific Windsor Station, Montreal, recently. The male of the specie was born in South Africa about three years ago while the lioness first saw the light of day about the same time in the Royal Zoological Gardens, Dublin, Ireland, from whence they have both come, a present to the Toronto Parks Commission. The Toronto Parks Commission will shortly send a pair of deer to Dublin in reciprocation.

## Home Education

"The Child's First School is the Family"—Proebel.

### Consider the Child's Motive—By Florence Bascomb-Phillips

"Mama! Mama!" exclaimed both children together, "Junior threw the cat in the pond!"

"And she swammed out," finished Little Brother, who had been as interested in the escapade as Junior until he saw that Sister was displeased. Then he was anxious to beat her telling their mother.

"How did it happen?" questioned Mother wearily, for she had to whip Junior for some misdemeanor almost every day, and it seemed a pity for he was such a jolly little lad.

"Why he just threw her right into the water," said Little Brother.

"On purpose, too," added Sister.

At this juncture Junior himself appeared, and Mother greeted him with a reproachful look as she said severely, "Junior, did you throw the cat in the pond?"

Junior hung his head and reddened, though the suspicion of a smile lurked around his mouth as he answered, "Yes," and then with a grimace at Sister and Brother, "Tattle-tales."

Mother pulled down the switch she kept handy and gave Junior a whipping, meanwhile telling him what a cruel boy he was to be so mean to his pet. Junior made as much fuss as possible over the whipping and at last he readily agreed not to throw the cat in the pond again.

Later I asked Junior why he threw the cat into the pond and he answered confidentially, "To see if she could swim. I didn't know whether cats

could swim or not, but they can!" triumphantly.

It was all clear to me then. This child had thrown his cat into the pond for a purpose, and the purpose was right even if the method was questionable. He had performed an experiment in natural history. Of course he didn't want to throw the cat into the pond again for he had ascertained what he desired to know. So that whipping was wholly unnecessary. How much better, I thought, it would have been for his mother to have taken the time to question his wish regard to his action, and, having learned it was prompted by his interest in natural history, to have promised him a book from which he could learn such things without having to make his pets uncomfortable—and thereby have remembered her promise.

Parents should seek to develop the natural bent of a child's mind when it takes a legitimate course. Usually, if we can spare time to go to the bottom of things, we shall find that it is not meanness which prompts the child's naughtiness, but some undeveloped talent struggling for expression. If repression of desires is as disastrous as some psychologists would have us think, surely many a child grows up greatly handicapped by unnecessarily repressed desires. True, the talent responsible for certain acts may seem far removed from the crude, childish attempt at expression, but patience and tact can usually discover the talent, and parental guidance can develop it along constructive lines.

## THE CHILDREN'S HOUR

### THE DRAGON AND THE SEVEN BLUE MAIDENS.

"Topsy!" said Boodles meditatively. "If you were just as big as my thumb, I know where there is a great fierce dragon who would carry you off to his cave, and then I'd be St. George, in golden armor, and come and rescue you!"

"Nonsense!" said his matter-of-fact sister. "Dragons were all killed off hundreds of years ago. What stories you do make up, Boodles!"

"Tisn't stories!" said Boodles. "I do know where there's a monstrous dragon. At least he would be monstrous if only we were small enough!"

He's got a long scaly body and four legs with claws and a long, twisty, scaly tail!"

"Oh, Boodles!" joined in Popsi, always agog for adventure. "Do tell me where he is! Can you go and find him?"

"Well," said Boodles. "We shall have to make ourselves very, very small, and crawl on our hands and knees through the tangly grass till we come to the river, and then perhaps we'll see him looking out of his cave!"

"Come on, Topsy!" cried Popsi. "Do let's go and see!"

Topsy, though she did not believe in fairy tales, was curious enough to join in the expedition, and away they all went, down through the orchard and over the meadow to the marshy lands by the river.

What a tangle of grass and reeds and bushes they had to crawl through! The feathery wild parakeet grew so tall that it made a white lace-work over their heads. In the reeds that warbler was trilling away to his little wife on her nest, while on a bush nearby a chaffinch was singing over and over again his descending run of notes, rounding them off each time with a queer, up-and-down "Squee-shu!" which sounded as if he were very well pleased with his performance.

Suddenly, as they crept on, a glint of blue light flashed out from the willow tree, scored its way from right to left, and vanished down the river.

"Oh!" gasped Popsi and Boodles.

"Oh!" cried Topsy. "It must have been a kingfisher! Let's see if we can find his nest!"

"What sort of a nest does a kingfisher make?" asked Boodles.

"I know!" said Popsi. "Spring was telling me last time I saw her. If it can't find a nice hole ready-made it digs one itself in the river bank—ever so far in, so that you can't reach the eggs however much you stretch!"

"And then," continued Topsy, "it makes the most uncomfortable nest you can imagine! No cosy little home lined with feathers, but a horrid mass of fish bones—and bones it has already swallowed too! It rolls them up in its inside and then spits them up, and then sits on them to shape the nest!"

"Well, never mind the kingfisher!" said Popsi. "Do let's get on and find the dragon!"

"He lives over here," said Boodles, leading them through the reeds to a shallow pool that lay back from the river. Then round a corner, suddenly, they came upon a little scene that made them all stop and hold their breath.

Over the dark pool of the backwater a long branch hung out from the bank. And on the branch were sitting, just as you see them in the picture, seven wee birds! Seven small round bodies, seven big heads and seven long, strong beaks, and each one clad in the brightest of bright blue cloaks. All fa a

### Importance of Rotating Farm Crops.

The continuous growing of the same crop on the same land year after year is proving a detriment to the agricultural development of many districts. Such a practice leads to weedy farms, depleted soils, light crops, and discourages farmers. Commenting on this matter in his report on the Dominion Illustration Stations in Eastern Canada in 1923, the Chief Supervisor at Ottawa recommends a well-balanced rotation in which there will always be a portion of the land in cultivated crops in preparation for the seeding of grain, grasses, and clovers. Corn, roots, and potatoes comprise the main crops in the hoed crop section of the rotation. In districts where corn cannot be successfully grown, because of unfavorable climatic conditions, sunflowers are found a good substitute. It sometimes happens that farmers cannot handle all the hoed crop section in cultivated crops. A mixed crop of peas, oats, and vetches, or an early ripening variety of barley, may be sown. But cutting the mixed crop for hay or for silage, it will be off the land early in the season. The same would be true if an early ripening variety of barley were grown. The land is kept frequently cultivated until fall, when it is fall plowed like the root and corn land. The cultivation given after the crop is off partly takes the place of the cultivation given the roots and corn. In this way many weeds are destroyed and the soil is put in satisfactory condition to be seeded to grain, grasses, and clovers the following spring.

### Record the Yield of Apple Trees.

It is an interesting and useful practice to record the yields of at least some of our apple trees. It is interesting because one soon sees that there is a wide variation in the performance of different trees. Some of our trees will produce over a period of five years as much as four times the quantity produced by other trees of the same age and size and variety. And it is useful because it may lead eventually to some solution which will enable us to increase the crops from the low-yielding trees.

### Effect of Silage on the Lamb Crop.

Silage has never been regarded in a very favorable light for the feeding of breeding ewes during the winter season. An experiment conducted at the Lethbridge, Alberta, Experimental Station during two recent winters, goes to show that better uses can be made of this food, excellent as it is for cattle. Although the ewes were fed the silage for only two weeks before the lambs were born, some ill effects of the use of this feed were shown. The lambs from the silage fed lot, according to the report of the Superintendent of the Station, were weak at birth and were very slow to get on their feet, in fact assistance had to be given most of them in suckling during the first twenty-four hours, while lambs from the portion of the flock that received alfalfa hay as a principal diet, and no ensilage, were able to look after themselves from the beginning. One lot of the ewes received only alfalfa hay, while the others received a portion of silage along with the alfalfa. The silage used was made from sunflowers. Concluding his report on this experiment, the Superintendent pronounces ensilage as of at least doubtful value for ewes before lambing time, but after that period it is a useful feed as its succulent nature increases the milk flow.

### Protect the Tree Trunks.

Next to the root system the trunk is the most vital part of the tree, and what with canker and sun scald and collar rot and girdling it is menaced by more serious troubles than almost any other part. Just now it is girdling by mice and rabbits that should claim your attention, and the case of every young block of trees ought to be considered. The fact that the trees haven't been troubled in the past is not sufficient guaranty that they will not be this winter.

### Protecting the trunks with some type of tree guards and poisoning the mice or killing the rabbits are the two best lines of treatment in this case, and generally one is safer to try them both. In mild attacks clearing away the trash from about the trees will often be sufficient, but one cannot always predict when attacks will be mild.

Be so true to yourself that you cannot be false to others.

## THE MELANCHOLY DAYS

The melancholy days are come, the saddest of the year," according to the poet. We quite agree that there is a something sad about them. There are few of us who take delight in seeing things die. The closing time of most anything is a time for reflection, while the beginning means anticipation and is the open season for optimists. We are accustomed to regard November as the closing of the summer rather than the beginning of winter, hence the melancholy days.

Yet these melancholy days are glorious. They represent a promise fulfilled. The harvests are being garnered and insure food in plenty for the cold winter. The frost is on the pumpkin and the corn, yet they have brought forth an hundred fold. The leaves come floating down; they are thickly upon the ground and swirl and rustle in the wind; they leave the parent trees bare and brown, but not dead; they are only laying aside their work for a well-earned rest; they have grown in strength and stature since the spring and very soon they will be surging with renewed life again. It is but nature to look with sorrow upon the passing days, and with dread upon the coming cold. We all love comfort, and we love the out-of-doors, we hate to give them up or separate them. Yet we will find much pleasure and much satisfaction, and much zest in the snuggling cold and creaking snow that lies just ahead of us, and besides, we like to think with A. S. M. Hutchinson, "If winter comes, can spring be far behind?"

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Be so true to yourself that you cannot be false to others.

## New Styles and Marvelous Values at Mayhew's

Our merchandise invites the closest inspection for value, superior quality materials and workmanship and the newest styles. All closely marked, the result of close co-operation with the leading manufacturers. Mayhew values are always the best possible.

### Another Wonderful Group of Ladies' Coats

A variety of good-looking coats in the favored shades of the season. You shouldn't miss seeing these if you are in search of a Winter Coat at a moderate price. Special \$13.95 to \$29.75. These coats were purchased from two of Canada's best manufacturers, a group of Sample Coats, the regular price being \$25.00 to \$45.00.

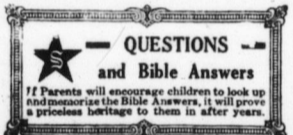
### The Shopping Centre of Glencoe and Vicinity for Dependable Footwear

Men's, Women's and Children's  
Children's Shoes, priced 75c to \$1.75.  
Women's Stylish Slippers and Oxfords, priced \$2.50 to \$3.75.  
Men's Fine and everyday Shoes, priced \$2.50 to \$4.50.

### The Blue Serge with the Guarantee

N. B.—In our last advertisement we advertised Men's Blue Serge Suits made-to-order in Vickerman's and Cock of North (Hobberlin make) at \$35.00. This should have read: "Made up in extra fine all-wool Botany Serge (guaranteed Indigo dyes.)"  
Order your next suit here and save \$10.00.

## E. A. MAYHEW & CO.



How did the chief priests make sure the Sepulchre in which the body of Jesus was placed?—Matt. 27: 66.

### WARDSVILLE

Mr. Robert McLean, of New York, is a guest with Mrs. King.  
Miss Nettie Atkinson is visiting with her brother, Rev. George Atkinson, Motherwell.

Mr. and Mrs. Douglas while in town.  
Mr. and Mrs. Riley and three children, of Leamington, spent the holiday with Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Parnall.  
Miss Lillian Sheppard, of the Windsor public school staff, spent Thanksgiving with her sister, Mrs. J. V. Faulds.

Miss Hilda Blott, of Windsor, is visiting her parents here.  
Mr. and Mrs. Carl Sheppard, of Detroit, spent a few days this week with his sister, Mrs. J. V. Faulds.  
C. R. Ashdown, B.A., spent Thanksgiving in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Blain and Mr. and Mrs. George Blain have returned from a motor trip to Cass City and other Michigan points.

Mr. and Mrs. Banning are with Detroit friends for a couple of weeks.  
Mrs. A. Douglas was in Windsor with her son Jack over the holiday.  
Mrs. Harvey Doherty and two children, of Welland, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Lamont.  
Mrs. Gifford and Mrs. Givens, Detroit, have been visiting their father, Jacob Wilson, for the past week.  
Mrs. (Rev.) Murphy was in London last week attending the provincial W. L. convention.

A well attended meeting of the Methodist Ladies' Aid was held at the home of Mrs. Bilson, sr., on Thursday last.

Mr. and Mrs. George Minger and family are on a month's motor trip to friends in the Niagara district.  
Frank McGregor and Isaac Watterworth have returned from Toronto, where they attended the Methodist centenary celebration.

A number from the village attended the funeral of the late Mrs. Wed. Dark on Friday.

Mrs. J. V. Faulds loaned her home for a W.C.T.U. parlor meeting and tea on Friday last. The rooms, which were prettily decorated with yellow nuns, were well filled. After the devotional exercises, led by Mrs. Linden, Mrs. (Rev.) George gave an instructive address on medal contest work. Many of the ladies lingered for a social half-hour. The staffs of the high and public schools and a number of the boys and girls also enjoyed the social time.

Anniversary services will be held in the Methodist church next Sunday, November 16th. Rev. Wm. Conway, of Highgate, will preach at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m.  
The Ladies' Aid will hold a social on Wednesday evening of this week at the home of Thomas Simpson, Woodgreen.

Dr. Chas. Wilson, Toronto, spent a few days at the O'Malley home last week.

Will Jackson, St. Thomas, was a holiday visitor with Will Atkinson.

"Somehow, I never seem to be able to find things where I lay them," remarked the hen.

### NEWBURY

Will Fennell and wife, of Pasqua, Sask., are visiting his parents here.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Grant, of Riverside, and Ed. J. Grant and family, of Belmont, spent the week-end with their parents.

Miss Mamie Fennell, of Toronto, was home for the week-end.  
Miss Sadie Stewart, of Toronto; Miss Mamie G. Bayne, of Exeter, and Dr. H. C. Bayne, of Sarnia, spent the week-end at J. G. Bayne's.

Miss Elsie Prangley spent the week-end in Plattsville.  
Mrs. C. T. Doherty and sons Garth and Ray spent over the week-end at her brother's, near Sunnyside.

Misses Winnifred Owens, of Leamington, and Lillian Owens, of Hamilton, were home for the week-end.  
Misses Nessie Archer, of Elora, and Winnifred and Frances, of Detroit, were home over the week-end.

Mrs. Alex. Armstrong and two grandchildren, of Windsor, are visiting in town.

D. J. Batsner was in Des Moines, Iowa, last week.

E. A. Archer, of Windsor, visited his aunt, Miss L. Gay, over the week-end.

Miss Lora McTavish, of Toronto, visited her cousin, Mrs. A. G. Munroe, over the week-end.  
Mrs. Kelly has moved to the Alex. Armstrong house on York street.

Jack Little, of Welland, has been visiting his sister, Mrs. Wm. Woods.  
The concert given under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid of Knox church by twenty-four of the ladies on Thanksgiving night was a wonderful success. The hall was crowded and all enjoyed themselves immensely. Proceeds, \$75. The orchestra furnished some very fine music. The play was called "A Business Meeting of the Ladies' Aid of Mohawk Crossroads." Really, the costumes were beyond description—quaint, rich and beautiful in the generations ago, rich taffetas, satins, laces, etc. The old-fashioned clock organ and photos added to the complete stage setting of the parlor of the home in which the meeting was held. To single out a character would be impossible, for each lady had a correct assignment for her part. The hostess, the president, the lady from Boston, each and all did their part well. The recitations and songs also were fine. All credit is due the ladies for their work in preparing and putting on this splendid evening's entertainment.

The following ladies took part: Mesdames Bolingbroke, Moore, Bruce Fletcher, Donald Fletcher, C. A. Blain, Leatherby, Edway Hurdie, Devoe, Rilett, W. P. Campbell, A. G. Munroe, Chas. Telfer, P. T. Galbraith McKee, H. D. McNaughton, Sherwood and W. Degraw; Misses Helen Parnall, Nora Stewart, Ettie Telfer, Hazel Fennell, McEachern and Ridley.

Dr. P. B. Robertson, wife and son Peter, of Comber, were in town Thanksgiving Day.  
Some of the ladies of Knox church entertained those taking part in the close of the concert on Monday evening, lunch being served in the Women's Institute rooms.

### CASHMERE

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Jeffery, of Newbury, and Franklin McLay, of London, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Sittler.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Cuckey, of Newbury, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus Smith.

### Overcoats and Suits

Men! You've never seen such a wonderful buying opportunity as this before. One of the biggest and best clothing makers has been compelled to turn a large part of his stock into cash.

The buying of Overcoats has been so great that last week we were practically sold out, so were right in line for this special buy. Overcoats, \$17.50, \$19.50 and \$25.00. See our windows for these wonderful savings. Prices not equaled elsewhere.

Our reputation for giving only the best quality Underwear at popular prices, for Men, Women and Children, has gained for us the confidence of the public of Glencoe. Special in Ladies' Winter weight Vests and Drawers, at 50c.

Special in Men's Heavy Ribbed Wool Shirts and Drawers, at 95c.

### APPIN

Mrs. James McMaster returned home on Monday last from Buffalo where she was attending the funeral of her brother, Wm. J. Mullins, who passed away at his home in that city on October the 22nd. He was in his sixty-ninth year and had been in failing health for some time. He was employed as ticket agent for the G. T. R. at Black Rock for many years. Mr. Mullins was the eldest son of the late Mr. and Mrs. John Mullins, who for many years kept hotel at Appin. He was prominent in several fraternal societies and was buried under the auspices of the Woodmen of the World, interment being made at Buffalo. He is survived by his widow, two brothers and three sisters—Albert Z. Mullins, general freight agent of G. T. R., Grand Rapids; George Mullins, electrician, Lansing; Mrs. Jas. Campbell, Toronto, and Mrs. James McMaster and Mrs. Hugh Rankin, Appin.

The Christmas entertainment of the Presbyterian Sunday School will be held on Tuesday evening, December 23rd.  
Mr. and Mrs. John A. Crawford and family, of Ridgetown, spent the holiday at James Allan's.

### MODEL CENTRE

Miss Eva Campbell is holidaying in Lobo.

Malcolm McCallum, little son of Dan McCallum, had the misfortune to fall on a hook on the hayloade one day last week and hurt his side.

Mrs. Alfred Berdan, who underwent a serious operation a couple of weeks ago, is doing as well as could be expected.

Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Eddie spent the week-end with friends at Dutton.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie Campbell, of Lobo, spent Thanksgiving at Peter Munroe's.

The Heartbreakers will meet at Will Graham's on Friday night.

**An Oil that is Famous.**—Though Canada was not the birthplace of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, it is the home of that famous compound. From here its good name was spread to Central and South America, the West Indies, Australia and New Zealand. That is far afield enough to attest its excellence, for in all these countries it is on sale and in demand.

### MOISA

Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Mitchell attended the funeral of Mrs. Cousin, Mr. Dolph, at Detroit.

Miss Lillian McDonald, of Euphonia, spent the week-end at A. N. McLean's.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh McAlpine and son Archie visited at L. McLean's on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. N. McLean attended the Braund-McDermid wedding at London on Saturday.

Mrs. Bessie Crawford, of Detroit, who has spent several weeks at M. A. McIntyre's, returned home on Sunday.

Messrs. Zanders and Leroy, of Detroit, visited at M. A. McIntyre's on Sunday.

M. A. McIntyre is visiting friends in Detroit.

### WOODGREEN

Richard Jackson, of Toronto, spent a few days at Thos. Simpson's.

Mrs. Elijah Lumley, who has been visiting at Cairo, Mich., has returned home.

Miss Florence Simpson, of Windsor, spent the week-end at her home here.

Mr. and Mrs. George Harvey entertained the Swastika Club on Wednesday evening. The club was reorganized and the evening was spent transacting new business propositions for the coming year. Lunch was served. The next meeting will be held at the home of Fred Watterworth on Wednesday, November 19.

Mrs. H. Harvey attended the Women's Institute convention last week in London as delegate from Wardsville.

Miss Jackson, of Toronto, who has been spending the past month with Mrs. Thomas Simpson, has returned home.

### SHIELDS

Mrs. Archie Purcell and son Allan spent the week-end with friends in Sarnia.

Mr. and Mrs. John F. McTavish spent a few days with friends in Dutton.

Mr. and Mrs. Chester Anderson, of London, spent Thanksgiving Day at George Anderson's.

Miss Isabel McAlpine, of Sarnia, spent the week-end at her home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Morrison, of Brooke, spent Sunday with their daughter, Mrs. D. C. McTavish.

John McLean is on a hunting trip to Northern Ontario.

**Women and Asthma.** Women are numbered among the sufferers from asthma by the countless thousands. In every climate they will be found, helpless in the grip of this relentless disease unless they have availed themselves of the proper remedy. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy has brought new hope and life to many such. Testimonials, sent entirely without solicitation, show the enormous benefit it has wrought among women everywhere.

### BETHEL-MACKSVILLE

Mr. and Mrs. D. E. McAlpine have returned home after spending some time in Windsor.

Mrs. J. B. Boyd spent a few days visiting friends at Hyde Park and in Dorchester.

James Gates, who has been engaged at freshing with James Gough, had the misfortune to get his hand in a cogwheel of the machine and have it badly mangled. It is not improving as rapidly as could be wished.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Beddal and children spent the week-end at George Galbraith's.

An enjoyable evening was spent recently at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus Henry when old schoolmates, friends and neighbors, numbering about one hundred and twenty-five, gave a surprise to Arthur Ash, who has sold his farm and is likely to leave this burg. The gathering was called to order by Arthur Irwin, who introduced a program of quartettes, duets, solos and violin and piano selections, at the conclusion of which Mr. Ash was called to the front and presented with a handsome and well-filled purse. The address was read by Harold Irwin and the presentation made by Neil Carruthers. Mr. Ash made a suitable reply, after which the ladies served lunch.

### CAMERON

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Evans, of Detroit, have returned home after spending a week with his parents and sister, Mrs. Will Gage.

Mrs. James Gage has returned after a visit with her daughter, Mrs. Jackson Porter, of London.

Mr. and Mrs. Joske, of Port Huron, spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. R. Plaine after attending the marriage on Saturday of Miss Mobery and Mr. Bergey, of Zone.

Mrs. Dan Munro and daughter Dorothy and Marion have returned home after a week's visit with her sister, Mrs. James Granger.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie McNeil have returned from their honeymoon.

Hugh McCallum is slightly improved in health.

On Wednesday evening the neighbors and friends of Archie McNeil gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Neil Graham to honor to Mr. McNeil and bride. Mr. McNeil is one of the community's most popular young men, taking a great interest in the welfare of the church and community. The guests were received at the entrance to the living-room by Miss Violet Plaine and Miss Margueretta McCallum. A social evening, games and a musical program were enjoyed. Joe Black ably filled the chair. A piano solo was given by Miss Margaret McRitchie, of Bothwell; vocal solos by Miss Margueretta McCallum, Mr. McRitchie, Mrs. Morrison and Miss Katherine Forman; an instrumental by Russell Forman; a duet by Mrs. McNeil and Miss K. Forman, and a reading by A. D. McVicar. Dan W. McVicar read a nicely worded address, while Campbell Dodgson and John McDonald presented Mr. and Mrs. McNeil with a beautiful quarter-cut oak library table. A dainty lunch was served by the hostesses.

John D. Dan W., Malcolm and A. McVicar spent Sunday with friends in Dawn.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Clements and daughter Kathleen, of Moosa, spent Sunday at Dave McDonald's.

Miller's Worm Powders can do no injury to the most delicate child. Any child, or infant in the state of adolescence, who is infested with worms can take this preparation without a qualm of the stomach, and will find in it a sure relief and a full protection from these destructive pests, which are responsible for much sickness and great suffering to legions of little ones.

### WALKERS

Those who attended the funeral of the late George Fulton, of St. Thomas, were James Walker and Dougald and Mr. and Mrs. John A. Walker and Archie.

Mrs. Marian Walker and daughter spent Thanksgiving Day with friends in Dutton.

Thanksgiving visitors over the week-end were Mary C. M. Naughton, of Chatham, at John McNaughton's; Verna McCallum, of London Normal, at Angus McCallum's; Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Munro and sons, of Toronto, at James Walker's; Vera and Malcolm Walker, of London, at John A. Walker's; Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Morrow, of London, at James Patterson's.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Farr and Mr. and Mrs. Frank McNeil and son, of London, were recent visitors at Stewart McCallum's.

Mrs. E. Morris and children, of St. Thomas, were guests at the home of George Giles.

George Giles has erected a new garage and John McNaughton is busy whaling his feed store while the weather is remaining so favorable.

A wealthy girl from America was attending a social function at a country house in England. "You American girls have not such healthy complexions as we have," said an English duchess to the girl. "I always wonder why our noblemen take such a fancy to your white faces." "It isn't our white faces that attract them," responded the American girl; "it's our greenbacks."



WHEN any means of saving money has been perfected, it is wise to continue the wasteful methods?

McClary's Electric Range saves money by saving current on the "stored heat" principle.

You can bake for hours in McClary's Electric Oven after the current is turned "off"—because the oven has double insulation.

You can do practically all your boiling or frying on "low" because "TOR-RED" Protected Elements retain heat.

See these exclusive McClary's features.



For Sale by J. E. Weaver

### EKFRID STATION

Mesdames W. McLean, J. T. McLean and Stanley McLean were hostesses Thursday afternoon, November 6th, when the ladies of the Eureka Community Club were entertained at the former's home. Letters of thanks were forwarded to Mr. Webster, of London, who so kindly loaned his tent for the bazaar, and to J. L. Hull, who volunteered his services. The ladies acknowledge with thanks the donations sent by friends. Under "new business" the club is sending a donation of canned fruit, apples and vegetables to the Day Nursery, London. The appeal is urgent so those desiring to help by giving supplies please leave the same at Mrs. George Lee's on or before November 20th. "Correct table setting" was demonstrated to the satisfaction of all by Miss Annie McCallum. A solo by Mrs. W. G. McCallum and a recitation by Master Curtis Cavalier were greatly appreciated. The main feature of the afternoon was an instructive and practical address on "The health habits of our school children," by Dr. Dewar. A hearty vote of thanks was tendered Dr. and Mrs. Dewar for their kindness in helping. The roll call was answered by suggestions for next year's work, and the doctor, who is in sympathy with community work, offered to give a series of lectures at the meetings. The ladies

are pleased with the help, and hope that all will avail themselves of the opportunity to gain further information and assistance. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. D. McCall on Thursday afternoon, December 4th.

A joint meeting of the Middlesex boys and girls will be held in Mount Bridges on Saturday, November 15, at 7:30 p.m. Mr. McLaren, of Guelph, will be the speaker.

### RIVERSIDE

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Anderson, of Stratford, spent Thanksgiving Day at the home of Mrs. Henry Mullins. Mrs. Anderson was a former school teacher of this vicinity.

It beats a circus, when the small town belle returns from a visit to the city wearing knickers.

### Glycerine Mixture Prevents Appendicitis

Simple glycerine, buckthorn bark, etc., as mixed in Adlerika is excellent to guard against appendicitis. Most medicines act only on lower bowel but Adlerika acts on BOTH upper and lower bowel and removes all gasses and poisons. Brings out matter you never thought was in your system. Helps any case gas on the stomach in TEN minutes. H. I. Johnston, Druggist.



## Fletcher's CASTORIA

MOTHER! Fletcher's Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrups, prepared to relieve Infants in arms and Children all ages of

Constipation. Wind Colic. Flatulency. To Sweeten Stomach. Diarrhea. Regulate Bowels.

Aids in the assimilation of Food, promoting Cheerfulness, Rest, and Natural Sleep without Opiates.

To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher*. Proven directions on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it.