

Hints for the Home

Selected Recipes.

Carrot Soup.—Boil half a dozen large carrots until tender; rub them through a colander into a saucepan; add a pint and a half of water and boil. Thicken with flour and add teaspoonful of butter, and pepper and salt.

Potato Soup.—Boil half a dozen large potatoes, put into a saucepan a shredded onion, some chopped parsley, and a cupful of milk. Rub the potatoes through a sieve into the saucepan. Stir well together, thin with water and season with pepper and salt.

Cranberry Jelly.—A simple and easy way to make cranberry jelly is to take a quart of cranberries and boil them. Cover and stir from time to time so they do not burn. Put them on the back of the stove adding cup of sugar and juice. Boil the sugar and juice for about fifteen minutes. Try it with a silver spoon; when the juice begins to drip it is done. Take a jelly mould and wash in cold water, pour in the jelly and put it in the icebox.

Beef and Potato Pie.—Moisten three cupfuls of minced roast beef with a little stock, season to taste, and put it into a greased pudding dish. Into a large cupful of mashed potatoes beat a little milk and a teaspoonful of melted butter. Season this potato and spread it over the top of the minced beef. Set it in the oven and bake, covered, for twenty minutes; uncover, wash over with beaten white eggs and cook from fifteen minutes longer, or until it is slightly browned.

In making Bismarck pudding take two teaspoonfuls of flour, one teaspoonful of soft sugar, three-quarters of a teaspoonful of milk, one tablespoonful of butter, one egg, half a teaspoonful of carbonate of soda, quarter of a teaspoonful of tartaric acid, one tablespoonful of jam, and a pinch of salt. Put the flour and sugar in a basin and beat till it looks like cream, then add the egg (previously well beaten), then the milk and flour and stirred, beaten thoroughly. Add jam or marmalade, and last the soda and acid. Pour into a greased tin, and steam 1 1/2 to 2 hours. Serve with hot sauce.

Poached Whipped Eggs.—The white of egg whipped with a pinch of salt and a bit of sugar, if the latter is favored, and the whole yolk dropped into the middle of it, is sometimes called the "hygienic egg," and is much used, for invalids. The whipped egg is put into a glass bowl, set on a tripod (wire stand) in lukewarm water, in a covered utensil, and cooked until it puffs up without letting the water boil. This will take about five minutes. Some people who need eggs to build them up find even this delicate way of cooking the egg not agreeable, yet they may like the whole egg whipped up, slightly salted, and sweetened and cooked in the same way. This is near to being a boiled omelet, and care must be taken to beat the whole egg thoroughly or most of the yolk will be in the bottom of the bowl.

Poached Eggs.—Poached eggs are considered one of the most delicate and digestible ways to cook eggs. Egg poachers which should be buttered have lessened the task of serving them in fine shape, but some of the same precautions should be observed as when cooking them without this aid. Boiling water without this aid to raise, when it is not confined, and it hardens it too much under any circumstances, making it less digestible. One tablespoonful of vinegar to three quarts of lightly salted water is the proportion that will help to set the whites quickly. The vessel in which eggs are poached should be wide and low. Crack eggs in a saucer which has been rinsed with cold water, and gently slide into the poaching water. Poach for three minutes. Take up with skimmer, and trim if necessary. Round cutters with fancy fluted edges are to be used as a garnish. Serve on a platter with butter and season, or on toast, or use to garnish anything from the humble hash and the Welsh rabbit. Or again serve with elegant sauces of mushrooms or with strips of broiled bacon, etc.

Household Hints.

Sweeping can be made much easier if you have painted floors, with small rugs.

Mashed potatoes beaten by an egg beater will be deliciously fluffy and smooth.

Biscuits should always be started in a very hot oven; it may cool a little later.

Sometimes a liberal bath of cornstarch will take perspiration spots out of silk.

If the edges of the saucepan are well buttered the contents will not boil over.

To remove stains from a raincoat rub with a little eucalyptus oil on a piece of flannel.

A quantity of quicklime put into a damp cupboard for a few days will absorb the dampness.

When the nails are stained or discolored a little lemon juice, or vinegar and water, is the best application.

Let the member of the household who wishes to gain weight remember that the kind of food is more important than the quantity.

When whisking an egg be sure the basin and knife are perfectly dry. There will then be no difficulty in getting it to foam up quickly.

When hanging Chinese lanterns it is a good plan to place a little sand at the bottom of each. This prevents the lanterns from swinging and minimizes the chances of their catching fire.

To remove greasy marks from books sponge the soiled spot carefully with benzine or ether, and then put the leaf between two sheets of blotting-paper and quickly pass a hot-iron over it.

When engaged on delicate needlework a good idea is to have a little flour in a saucer by you to dip your fingers in from time to time. It keeps the finger-tips cool and smooth, and the material exquisitely clean.

To brighten linoleum in the guest room or elsewhere wash it well with soapy water and let it dry; then be prepared with a bowl of sour milk, and rub the linoleum over with the liquid, which gives a beautiful polish when dry.

Mothers only realized how important it was to have a fine white pleated skirt in after-life to be able to make her own underclothing and blouses. They would insist on a portion of each day being set aside for needlework.

A small piece of glass placed over a cookery book when lying open on the table keeps it open, and enables the cook to read the recipe without handling the book with sticky fingers. A glass from a photo-frame or small picture would do.

If you wish to make starch and let it get cold before starching the clothes try this. After the starch is made and still hot sprinkle cold water all over top as though you were sprinkling clothes. You will find no steam on top, and can use every speck of it.

Thoroughly cleanse and wash the fish in cold water, have ready a saucepan of boiling water. Place the fish in, and let it simmer gently, allowing ten minutes to every pound and ten minutes over. An ordinary saucepan will boil the fish, but it must be put into clean cloth and tied up to prevent the fish breaking.

Baked potatoes must be without skins, because a knife must never touch them, and they should also be much of an equal size if possible. They are simply washed and scrubbed thoroughly, using lukewarm water in the process, as some persons eat the skins because of the potash contained in them being considered good for rheumatism. Before putting the potatoes to bake they require to be pricked all over then lay them on a gridiron or open tray, put either in a close oven or in a Dutch oven before the fire, and bake, turning them occasionally to roast them on all sides. Bake for one hour, or until soft.

Scope of the Campaign.

While the war and the demand it is causing for supplies, especially foodstuffs, are the main reasons for the "Patriotism and Production" campaign, the subject matters discussed have a wider aspect than the immediate present. They mean the welfare of the district, the country and the Empire, both now and hereafter. With all the principal European supply countries engaged in deadly conflict, there will be no produce of quantity or quality coming from thence. They will not only require every ounce for their own consumption, but will be compelled to purchase largely from neutral countries. Great Britain, above all, will have to be fed and clad, and Canada, being her largest, nearest and absolutely ally, will have in great measure to furnish the necessities. Nor will Great Britain be the only member of our Empire that will need what we can produce. New Zealand and Australia will also be importers. Thus then, the markets are assured for years to come, practically for all time, and not only for grain, but also for live stock, for, as the seasons pass, the latter bid fair to become scarcer and scarcer. Cattle cannot be bred, raised and placed on the market in one season; nor can horses; nor can sheep. Hence the demand for action is instant. In short, Canada's opportunity is right now.

TIME FOR FULFILLMENT.

Now is Canada's opportunity to make good her boast that she is the granary of the Empire. Many of her young men are displaying a martial turn and hastening to offer themselves, to sacrifice themselves, in the cause they have at heart. But there is even a deeper duty resting on this country. That duty, well fulfilled, while helping others, cannot fail to help ourselves. We shall be abundantly paid for all we do, and in doing will possess the proud sense of serving the right. To neglect the opportunity for improved production is to not only fall short of the call of patriotism, but to be guilty of a crime. We have the soil, we have the resources, we must have the energy to justify our claim to be the Granary of the Empire.



Woman as Mayor Rules Over Seasons.

Mme. Marchez, the heroic woman Mayor of Soissons, who, with four other noble women, remained in the bombarded town and aided the army doctors in their terrible work under shell fire. Although 63 years of age this woman, who has been prominent all her life for her good works, did not hesitate to face the German invaders. On September 1 she saved Soissons from sack and burning by her bold adoption of the office of Mayor. During twelve days she governed the town, and organized a system of requisition for the German army, and compelled the German governor to accept a reasonable tribute and respect the needs of the civil population. When the British drove the Germans out of Soissons Mme. Marchez continued as Mayor, despite the bombardment, which began immediately, and has continued ever since.

SQUEEZING THE BELGIANS

CITIZENS OF GHENT FINED FOR SLIGHTEST OFFENCE

German Collection of Money From Already Starving People.

The London Times printed a story of life in the captured City of Ghent in which a subject of a neutral state who has just returned from a visit to that city furnishes evidence of the methods of the Germans in dealing the shorn lambs of Belgium. The man says: "I know Ghent, the capital of East Flanders, well, having been there often in peace time to buy linen for export to South America, and I felt at once the depression of the population as something infectious. The train conductors, and drivers are sullen, the policemen, who go about with a stick as their only weapon, look undignified and indifferent, and conversation between the inhabitants goes on in a low voice.

Fines for Everything.

There is good reason for this, as the city is crowded with Germans whose chief duty is to pick up bits of conversation and to denounce all persons who express themselves disrespectfully about Germany, the army, or anything else connected with the Fatherland. For the slightest indiscreet remark a fine of \$2.50 is imposed, and higher fines are levied for more serious offences. To give an example: Two German officers jumped the other day, on the platform of a tramcar, when a passenger called out "Full up." One of the officers began to count the number of passengers and, finding that there was still room for them, he requested the passenger to follow him to headquarters, where he was promptly fined \$70 for trying to interfere with the comfort of one of his Imperial Majesty's officers.

There is no question that the Germans have decided to defray the cost of feeding their army in Belgium at the expense of the Belgians, and to pay the officers' pocket money out of the sums extorted from the people by way of fines.

Robbery by Daylight.

During the month of December a German soldier quartered in a village near Ghent passed a bullet through his thigh so as to escape further military service. The soldiers informed the authorities that he had been shot at by a passer-by and the village was condemned to pay an indemnity of \$1,500. As the village did not possess 6,000 farthings, the City of Ghent had to provide the money in hard cash.

One of the telephone wires was found cut in Ghent, and the city had to pay a fine of \$25,000. It is supposed that the Germans cut the wire themselves in order to squeeze still another sum out of the unfortunate city.

It is money that is wanted more than anything else. A soldier told me with tears in his eyes that since October all soldiers were receiving half-pay only, and that he had no money to buy such small comforts as make life under present conditions somewhat bearable. The officers had received full pay.

Highwaymen of Kultur.

The city has to pay for the officers' lodging and meals, and each officer leaves at the restaurant after every meal a slip of paper signed by him stating the amount spent. The restaurant keeper presents these slips every fortnight to the municipality, who pay the debts incurred. The same applies to the

hotelkeepers for officers' lodgings. Ghent is particularly full of officers. It is the largest city near the front, and the officers are in turn granted leave to take a rest in Ghent. I noticed also many naval officers and even a few blue-jackets, which would go to show that the naval department is also doing its part of the work west of Ghent.

Not only has Ghent to provide board and lodgings for the soldiers at the expense of the city, but it has also to supply Germany with raw material, especially with flax, flax-yarns, cotton, canvas, etc. The German government has appointed a flax merchant whose duty it is to seize all flax have in weighed and control the loading into wagons, when it is sent to Germany.

Bad Outlook Ahead.

The Belgian flax spinners are compelled to keep working, but all they produce in yarns must be delivered to the German government. On the other hand, the Germans know quite well that the stocks of raw material in spinners' hands cannot last very long, so they have ordered the spinners not to work more than 24 hours weekly and to close on Saturdays. In that manner they hope to eke out the slender stocks for three months; but if after that period no more raw material can be obtained the Ghent flax and weaving mills will be compelled to discharge all their work people, and the distress will become appalling.

As regards other goods, the Germans are commandeering large quantities of everything, and when the goods are not raw material, I believe that payment is being made at once of course in marks, which have to be taken at the rate of 1.25 per mark, whereas the agency of the Deutsche Bank in Brussels will pay only at the rate of Fr. 1.12.

Value of Publicity.

Publicity is the strength of every movement. It is characteristic of the "Patriotism and Production" campaign that the best is being done in the glare of the big white light. All known means are being utilized to reach the people, that they may be encouraged, not alone to extend, but also to improve production. It is unavoidable that prices should vary. This is not entirely owing to speculation, but largely to conditions of the period. Of this one great fact not only agriculturists but all classes may be assured, that with a large section of Europe devastated, shipping channels closed, the great output of Russia effectually blocked, and production minimized by reason of the demands of war upon man and beast, there must be for things a Canadian upward and a permanent upward trend. Later, in some things there has been a rush to market, consequent upon money tightness, which, with the curtailment of facilities for shipment across the seas, has led to a drop in price. But that can only be temporary. Demand will, must and always does come to its own.

The Heiress—"Have you seen papa?" The Duke—"Yes. It's all off." Heiress—"You don't mean to say that he refused to give his consent?" The Duke—"Oh, no. He said he'd give his consent—but not another cent."

A "horny-handed son of toil," who had been married less than a year, was complaining to a friend of his wife's extravagance. "How is a man going to save anything for old age?" he said. "I no sooner get home than it's 'Tom, give me a dollar; give me fifty cents; give me fifteen cents; five for this, that and the other thing. I just can't stand it.' Why, Tom, what in the world does your wife do with so much money?" "I don't know—I ain't given her none yet."

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL STUDY

INTERNATIONAL LESSON MARCH 7

Lesson X. Saul Anointed King. 1 Sam. 9 to 10.—Golden Text, 1 Pct. 2:17.

Verse 17. This same shall have authority over my people.—The word "authority" means to restrain, and is well chosen in view of the fact that the children of Israel were becoming rebellious again and wanted to go their own way. They did not want to have judges or prophets over them; they wanted to have a king over them like the neighboring peoples had. The use of the word "authority" in the sense of "restrain" shows that the king of Israel was to restrain his people rather than give them privileges which they did not now possess.

18. In the gate.—In verse 14 we read that Saul and his servant "went up to the city; and as they came within the city, behold, Samuel came out toward them." The words for "gate" and for "city" in Hebrew are very much alike. It is supposed that here in verse 18 the reading should be "in the city," and not "in the gate." However, it is very probable that Saul and his servant, after they came into the city, had been inquiring for Samuel, and when he was finally pointed out to them, he was near the gate of the city, and that they retraced their steps and actually met him in the gate.

19. As for these asses.—While Samuel had things of far greater consequence to tell Saul, Saul's mind was fixed first of all upon the lost property of his father. He had come to Samuel to ask him about the animals. Samuel saw this and recognized that Saul was not to be turned aside from his quest, and so the seer satisfies the seeker about the first, although the lesser, thing.

For whom is all that is desirable in Israel? The margin reads "the desire of Israel." In Hag. 2:7 appears a phrase which is frequently found in the Old Testament. "The desire of all nations," and verse 8 describes this desire to be "the silver and the gold," which are for Jehovah. "The desire of Israel," therefore, is all that was "desirable in Israel" from the value point of view. Saul and his house were to be enriched by the honor that was to be thrust upon Saul. What, therefore, were a few asses to his father? Is not all that is desirable in Israel "for thee and all thy father's house?"

21. Saul answered and said: The natural modesty of Saul here appears. What Samuel was saying could have no reference to him. Am not I a Benjaminite of the smallest of the tribes of Israel? And my family the least of all the families of the tribe of Benjamin? Wherefore then speakest thou to me after this manner? The tribe of Benjamin was the smallest of the tribes of Israel, if the tribes of Ephraim and Manasseh are looked upon as one tribe. In Judg. 20 we read that the tribe of Benjamin was nearly annihilated. In verse 35 we read that "the children of Israel destroyed of Benjamin that day twenty and five thousand and a hundred men; all these drew the sword." And in verse 41, "And there fell of Benjamin eighteen thousand men; all these were men of valor." As the tribe had not recovered from this awful decimation at the time of Saul was speaking to Samuel, it was undoubtedly by far the smallest of the tribes of Israel.

22. Guest-chamber.—The temple had chambers near the sanctuary. Those who were put over these chambers held offices of trust, as we read in 1 Chron. 9:26. It is quite likely that the guest-chamber here mentioned was similar to the waiting room in the Baham, or high place, where Jehovah was worshipped outside the city.

The chiefest place.—We well remember the parable of Jesus about not taking the chief seat at the banquet. Among the thirty who were bidden, Saul and his servant were placed in the very best seats by invitation. This, according to the parable of Jesus, was indication that Saul belonged where he was.

23. Samuel said unto the cook: The word for "cook" in the Hebrew is "slaughterer." This officer of the temple, or the place of worship, not only cooked the animal; he killed it, and dismembered it, cutting it into joints.

24. The cook took up the thigh, and that which was upon it, and set it before Saul.—The thigh, or shoulder, was the choicest piece; it was the most tender and juicy, the piece most desired by those whose tastes were cultivated for the good things. As we read in Lev. 7:32, the right thigh or shoulder, was the piece which was given unto the priest for "a heave offering" out of the sacrifices of the peace offering. Doubtless this portion which was given to Saul was Samuel's own piece, expressly set aside for him. The king, therefore, was to receive that which was expressly provided

for the priest. The priestly prerogatives thus easily became merged in the kingly.

25. When they came down from the high place into the city, he communed with Saul upon the house-top.—This was not a private place, but a public one. Samuel the prophet, took Saul, the stranger, into his conspicuous place as he could find, so that all the people would know that he was honoring his guest in a peculiar and important way. The house-tops of the Orient were flat. That there would be no danger from anyone falling off and hurting himself, it was ordained in the law (Deut. 22:8) as follows: "When thou buildest a new house, then thou shalt make a battlement (a railing) for thy roof, that thou bring no blood upon thy house, if any man fall from thence." In Isa. 15:3 we read of the house-top in the same sense as the broad or public place, showing the publicity of the house-top. In Luke 12:2, 3 we read that, "There is nothing covered up that shall not be revealed, and hid that shall not be known; that which we have spoken in the ear in the inner chambers shall be proclaimed upon the house-tops."

26. The spring of the day.—This means dawn of the morning. Compare Pippa Passes: "The year's at the spring." Early rising was habitual among the dwellers of Palestine. Passages in abundance referring to the many important things that were the consequence of early rising are to be cited. And this early-rising habit has not departed from the land of Palestine. He surely is a sound sleeper who can rest undisturbed in any of the cities of Palestine to-day after the rising sun has pronounced itself by the first faint rays of light above the distant hills.

Samuel called to Saul on the house-top.—Samuel did not call "up to" the house-top. He was on the house-top with Saul, as they had slept there together. Doubtless a tent or an awning had been provided for Saul.

27. Did the servant pass on before us.—Although the servant had been a part of all the ceremonies up to that time, he was not to hear the word of Jehovah as pronounced by the lips of Samuel which would make of his master a king. The servant was to pass on and only Saul was to hear the word of God.

Chapter 10. 1. Samuel took the vial of oil, and poured it upon his head, and kissed him.—The oil was for the anointing of course, and the kiss was the mark of respect and honor.

Is it not that Jehovah hath anointed thee to be prince over his inheritance?—Doubtless Saul was very much surprised when Samuel anointed his head and kissed him. So Samuel adds at once, Is it not Jehovah who hath called thee, and who hath directed thee to proclaim unto thee that thou art to be king over Israel?

Bacon and Ham.

In 1913, Great Britain imported 5,410,387 hundred weight of bacon. Canada supplied 272,745 hundred weight. Russia, Sweden, Denmark, and the Netherlands furnished 3,429,570, and the United States 2,019,775 hundred weight. In 1913, Britain imported 907,535 hundred weight of ham, of which Canada supplied 103,825 hundred weight, and the United States 551,825. In 1910 Canada only supplied 42,136 hundred weight. There is some improvement in ham, but a sad falling off in bacon. Britain took 688,701 hundred weight of the latter commodity from this country in 1911, but as previously stated, only 272,745 hundred weight in 1913, a decrease of 416,956 hundred weight in two years.

Object of the Campaign.

It is not to be supposed that "Patriotism and Production" means increased production alone; it means also improved production. Neither does the phrase or term mean that anybody assumes to teach anybody else how to conduct his own affairs. It is merely founded on the plain and acknowledged fact that nobody is so wise that nobody else can give him a hint or suggestion of value in some department of his business. It is always possible to be too rigidly self-contained.

Definiteness Aimed At.

The bulletins obtainable free on application to the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, treating each of one subject and written by acknowledged expert authorities, are especially definite. Readers in occasional cases may think they know as much as is there set down, or even that they know better, but to the vast majority there cannot fail to be something helpful. At any rate, send for the bulletins and see.

A Time for Introspection.

There can be little advantage in trying to value an unpurchased future. The future will be just what we make it—what we earn. Now is the time for toil, for bloody sweat, for courage and good cheer. It is a time to take inspiration from the memory of our fathers, from the example of our million brothers who line the battle front—a time for each man to judge not his fellow, but to sternly judge himself.—Hon. Arthur Meighen, at Winnipeg.

NEWS OF THE MIDDLE WEST

BETWEEN ONTARIO AND BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Items From Provinces Where Many Ontario Boys and Girls Are Living.

On March 1 Edmonton ratepayers will be asked to approve \$36,000 to take over the Viking gas well from the association which owns it.

The city solicitors of Regina advocate the selling of the city's warehouse property at auction, so as to induce the location of industries in that city.

Peter Lunn of Calgary gave over 30 inches of his skin to save the life of his wife. She was severely burned last August, and after a long illness, it was found that skin grafting was the only thing would save her life.

To economize, Lethbridge, Alberta, will close its manual training school and domestic science classes, also do away with the position of superintendent.

In Dickson, Man. it is said that a muskrat farm is to be started. The company will have a capital of \$100,000 and expects to kill 10,000 rats yearly.

Despite reports of hard times, wheat railway receipts at Brandon, Man., for December and January show an improvement over the two previous months.

The City Council of Regina decided not to pay the salary of any civic employee enlisted after Jan. 1, though those who enlisted before that time will continue to draw pay.

Chester Fraser, assistant provincial inspector of customs for Saskatchewan, enlisted with the 35th Saskatchewan Rifles, was in training at Winnipeg and died of typhoid pneumonia.

ACCIDENTALLY CROWNED.

Incidents in the Lives of Beautiful Women.

Eleonora Duse, the great Italian tragic actress, was once walking through the private garden of a great estate to which, on certain days, the public were admitted. She had gone so early that she was reasonably sure of avoiding other visitors, says the French journalist who relates the anecdote, for she dislikes extremely to attract notice off the stage, and desired to enjoy the lovely lawns and flowers undisturbed by stares, whispers, or intrusive admiration.

For a happy half hour she was successful; then, turning a corner suddenly, she found herself close to a party of approaching tourists. She cried to avoid them by stepping through an opening in a high hedge of laurel; but her flight was checked by a twig that caught in her hair. At the same moment one of the approaching tourists prescreened, and stepped forward to release her. Then he saw her face, and stepping back again, he bowed low, and exclaimed dramatically:

"The great Duse, the queen of tragedy." It is said. He told my friends, the incomparable Duse! Accept, madame, our united homage, which we offer as by right, strangers as we are. Since Nature herself has seen fit to bestow her laurels upon that brow in our presence, it is surely permitted that we offer tribute. Allow me, madame, to present my wife, my daughter, my niece, my son-in-law."

Not until the entire party had been presented and paid their compliments, was the captive queen of tragedy disentangled from her unbecoming laurels, and permitted to escape.

A somewhat similar, but more agreeable anecdote is related of one of the "three beautiful Miss Gunning." They were, in their day, which was after the middle of the eighteenth century, such famous beauties that the London crowd often followed their carriages on the street, and fairly mobbed any shop they were known to have entered in the effort to get a sight of them. The handsomest of the trio, some told by the activities of the London season, played for a time in the country, near a market town. It was known in the neighborhood that she wished to pass unnoticed, and was not well; and her wish was respected. But on the day of her departure from the town there was an unusual number of people at hand to see the coach start. As the lovely lady stepped from the inn door to the step of the coach, the branch of a climbing rose caught for a moment in her hair. Instantly a voice called from the crowd:

"No names, my lady, and no crowning, but three cheers for the Queen of Beauty that the roses crown of themselves!"

They were given with a will, and won the response of a radiant face at the coach window and a gracious hand waving farewell.

Aunt—"Are you getting along nicely at school, Charlie?" Charlie—"Yes, Aunt; I've got the best place in the class." Aunt—"And where is that—at the 'top'?" Charlie—"No, near the 'top'."

19th ANNIVERSARY

—AT J. N. CURRIE & CO'S.—

Glencoe's Best Clothing House

OUR SPRING CLOTHING JUST OPENED THIS WEEK

2 cases of 20th CENTURY SUITS
3 cases of JOHNSTON'S SUITS.

A stock that would credit to a city store with prices much below for same quality.

20th Century Athletic Brand

For Dressy Young Men are the newest materials such as Pin Spot, Hair Stripe, fine Checks in the new shades of Browns and Battleshop Grey. Blue and Black in a superior "Vickerman's Serge". English make, acid dye.

SPECIALS IN MEN'S SUITS

at \$10, \$12.50 and \$16

Without doubt the best value in the trade and they are trade-builders for service.

SUITS TO ORDER CHOICE OF TAILORS

A great selection of English and Scotch Worsteds, Serges and Tweeds. Drop in NOW before the rush.

J. N. Currie & Co.

19 years of substantial Growth in Business with every indication of still further increase in volume of business. Store size increased three times. Stock of merchandise Three Times as Large. Volume of Business Three Times Greater.

Despite General Trade Conditions

We continue to GROW. The "Phone Service" and "Parcel Post" an attractive feature reaching out for still greater business from distant points. With well trained, obliging staff phone orders, with the special attention they receive, are found most satisfactory and a great convenience.

The "Tariff"

DEFINITE ANNOUNCEMENTS of the new Tariff changes have been made public. We are glad for the interests of our customers that many lines of Staples escaped any increase of duty. However, many lines have been affected. Anticipating this, we protected our customers to the extent of many thousands of Dollars worth of Imported and Domestic goods, thus saving the extra 5% and 7%.

All future purchases will cost us 5% to 7% more besides the added increase manufacturers have to charge due to increase in price of "wool" and "dye" materials.

"BUYING EARLY" is the best advice we can give to our customers from a price viewpoint aside from the advantage of getting first choice.

J. N. CURRIE & CO.

GLENCOE'S BEST SHOE STORE

Stocks selected from most reliable manufacturers, bought at SPOT CASH prices. SHOES we do not hesitate to fully Recommend. Shoes we want back if they prove defective.

Heavy English Kip Shoes for Men.

Heavy English Kip Shoes for Men and Boys.

Selected Gunmetal and Box Calf for serviceable business Shoes.

Boys' and Girls' School Shoes

The kind that will keep their feet dry and give absolute service, at moderate prices. — \$1.25 to \$2.50.

Men's Gum Rubber Boots

The best standard make, 20 p. c. more real Gum Rubber than the ordinary — wear twice as long at about same price.

J. N. Currie & Co.

points in the country, but it is engaged, as will be seen by the announcement elsewhere, in distributing large quantities of literature telling how the farmer can best serve the interests of the empire, display his grateful sense of patriotism and bring profit to himself. In brief and explicit language, that all who run may read and understand, is pointed out the needs of the situation and how those needs can be met. Above all, the advice is given to avoid waste. Everything can be utilized. Nothing need be thrown away as valueless. The economy of production is in saving.

The wisest can learn something by reading, and in the Bulletins and Reports prepared and written by experts and men of practical science, farmers will find hints, suggestions and information of the greatest possible value at this season, and such as will advantage both their land and themselves for all time. They will also find in that duty to the Empire which is such passing and instant importance that to shirk it is to be criminal. Copies of the publications of the Department can be had upon address: Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa. No postage is required on the application.

High School Weekly Exams.

Form I.—History.

A. Barker	80
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A. McRae	66
C. Hicks	65
H. Sutherland	60
E. Leitch	58
F. Smith	58
C. McIntosh	57
C. Black	56
J. Eddie	56
A. Moore	55
E. Giles	54
M. Gardiner	54
R. Owen	49
B. King	48
A. Aldred	46
R. Pierce	45
M. Fraser	40
M. Mitchell	38
G. Hurley	38

Form II.—Science.

T. Marsh	100
J. Fox	95
A. McArthur	94
M. McArthur	94
J. McLachlan	93
K. Moss	90
W. Lethbridge	92
A. D. McDonald	90
M. Galbraith	87
M. McArthur	86
S. McCutcheon	85
A. Beattie	85
W. McVicar	84
F. Giles	83
L. Eddie	82
J. McAlpine	82
C. Miller	81
E. Smith	81
E. Marsh	81
A. McCallum	79
W. Brown	77
J. McGregor	77
F. Campbell	70
G. Grant	69
F. Keith	69
B. Silcox	67
C. Kook	absent

Form III.—Ancient History.

M. Little	92
E. McAlpine	90
G. McLachlan	90
M. Munro	88
E. Bromhead	86
S. McCutcheon	85
W. Poole	84
E. Ryebratt	79
N. Farrell	70
V. Burchiel	70
F. McLachlan	71
M. Morrison	69
Agnes Campbell	68
R. Gubbins	66
G. Campbell	63
J. E. Aldred	53
A. Mawhinney	38
Alice Campbell	absent

A SURE CURE FOR HEADACHE.—Bilious headache, to which women are more subject than men, becomes so acute in some subjects that they are utterly prostrated. The stomach refuses food, and there is a constant and distressing effort to free the stomach from bile which has become unduly secreted there. Parke's Vegetable Pills are a speedy alternative, and in neutralizing the effects of the intruding bile relieves the pressure on the nerves which cause the headache. Try them.

Melbourne

On Thursday evening, Feb. 25th, the students of the Continuation School visited the Epworth League of the Methodist church, and while there gave a program in celebration of the one hundred years of peace between Canada and the United States. Excellent addresses were given by the students as follows:—"The different wars between Canada and U.S." by Miss Norma Perry. "The Treaty of Ghent" by Mr. Ernest Irwin and "The nature and results of the century of peace" by Mr. Frank Spenceburgh. Patriotic readings were given by Misses Violetta Storing, Grace Spenceburgh and Alma Faulds. Excellent vocal music was rendered by Miss Jennie Griswold and also by the Glee Club. Instrumental duets were given in splendid form by the Misses McNabb while the school orchestra furnished several excellent selections. At the close a collection was taken to be given in aid of the Red Cross work.

A meeting of the Melbourne branch of the Red Cross was held in the office of Mr. F. McDonald on Saturday, Feb. 27th. Excellent reports were given and the treasurer was instructed to send another hundred dollars in cash to the central treasurer at Toronto. This brings our cash contributions over the five hundred dollar mark. J. Thompson, teller of the Home Bank here, has been removed to the head office at Toronto.

THE BLOOD IS THE STREAM OF LIFE

Pure Blood Is Absolutely Necessary To Health

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" PURIFIES

These Wonderful Tablets, Made of Fruit Juices, Are The Best of All Tonics To Purify And Enrich The Blood.

Pure, rich blood can flow only in a clean body. Now, a clean body is one in which the waste matter is regularly and naturally eliminated from the system. The blood cannot be pure when the skin action is weak, when the stomach does not digest the food properly, when the bowels do not move regularly, when the kidneys are strained or overworked.

Pure blood is the result of perfect health and harmony of stomach, liver, bowels, kidneys and skin.

"Fruit-a-tives", by their wonderful action on all these organs, keeps the whole system as clean as Nature intended our bodies to be clean.

"Fruit-a-tives" tones up, invigorates, strengthens, purifies, cleans and gives pure, rich, clean blood that is, in truth, the stream of life.

"Fruit-a-tives" is sold by all dealers at 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50 trial size 25c. or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

THE VERY LATEST

In Furniture will be found at our store at all times. Spring stock now coming in. We aim to give you a good article and save your money at the same time. See our stock and learn our prices and be convinced of this fact.

PICTURE FRAMING

in any style you wish at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING DEPARTMENT

thoroughly equipped, and perfect satisfaction in every respect guaranteed, with Mr. Wehlann, a first-class undertaker and embalmer, in charge.

Mrs. Mary D. McAlpine

ACQUAINTANCE

You Naturally Trust Person or Thing Known

By HOLLAND.

WHEN about to engage in a business venture you prefer to deal with some one you know. You have more confidence in the advice of an acquaintance than in that of a stranger. Confidence is based on acquaintance.

In buying goods you prefer to buy those that have proved their merit. You want those of a known standard—those that have stood the test of use. These are the goods that are advertised. Look at our advertising columns and see if this is not true.

Did you ever know an article of inferior merit to be widely advertised? It is a fact that it is.

MOST WIDELY

ADVERTISED GOODS

ARE THE BEST.

Just as you find it safest to do business with a man you know, you will find it safest to buy goods that you know—goods with which you have become acquainted through advertising.

An exchange tells of a wagon-maker who had been dumb for many years, and who the other day picked up a hub and spoke. That's not as wonderful as the case of the blind carpenter, who reached out for his plane and saw.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of J. C. Ayer & Co.

THE CREED OF THE CONSUMER

Set of Principles Worthy of Practice.

HOME PATRON'S PHILOSOPHY

Founded on Facts and Should Be Lived Up to by the American People—Not Religious Creed—People of North, South, East and West Can Unite Far Good.

Every failure is a step to success; every detection of what is false directs us to what is true; every trial exhausts some tempting form of error. Not only so, but scarcely any attempt is entirely a failure; scarcely any theory, the result of steady thought, is altogether false. No tempting form of error is without some latent charm derived from truth. With these thoughts in mind I have prepared what I call the consumer's creed.

A Gate to the City. It is not a religious creed. If it were I would not be writing it. As I am afraid I might get my metaphors crossed. This is a business creed, something like the people of New England unconsciously adopted when Lord North undertook to tax them. Therefore they had always been accustomed to divide on points. It so happened, fortunately, that their opposition to Lord North was a point on which they were all united. It was a business point.

I have written a creed upon which the people of the north, south, east and west can all unite for their own good. A good creed is a gate to the city which has golden foundations; a misleading creed may be a road to destruction, or if both misleading and alluring it may become what Shakespeare calls a primrose path to the eternal bonfire.

Perhaps my creed is nothing more than a set of principles which it would be well for every consumer to practice. Read them and then adopt them as your very own.

First—I do not patronize the mail order system because it is selfish and greedy and for the reason that I buy at home, where my interests are.

Second—If this community is good enough for my family and I to live in it ought to be good enough for my family and I to buy our necessities in.

Third—I will not take the word of the mail order house for its goods, as I want to see what I am buying, and I want to get what I pay for.

Fourth—I do not patronize the mail order houses because they demand cash in advance, and when I am "broke" and sick and need supplies my home dealer is willing to "carry" me.

Fifth—I patronize the home dealer because he stands back of his goods and in case of error is willing to rectify.

Sixth—I patronize the home merchant because I believe a man ought to spend his money in the community in which he earns it.

Seventh—I patronize the home merchant because I believe the man who sells what he produces and buys what he needs at home cannot be injured by deceptive catalogue pictures or alleged bargains.

Eighth—I do not patronize the mail order houses because they frequently sell damaged and inferior goods, which it avails a man nothing to attempt to exchange. But the man I patronize—the home merchant, the man who helps to pay the town, county and state tax—will exchange any article I buy from him which is unsatisfactory.

Ninth—I spend my money with my home merchant in preference to some mail order house in a distant city because the local merchants help to support the public schools where I send my children, the churches and the dependent poor in my vicinity.

Tenth—I patronize the local merchant because he does not try to trick me into buying "cheap" goods, which because of their defectiveness prove to be expensive, and, further, because should ill luck or bereavement come my way my local dealer would not only prove that he was a neighbor and a friend, but a man, with a man's heart and a man's inclination to do good; not a soulless corporation like the mail order system, whose only instinct is greed and a further desire for gain.

"Do Unto Others." Let all citizens follow this creed and they will be blessed with happy homes and a happy life. They will prosper financially and at the same time improve their moral standard. Do for your neighbor what you would like him to do for you; then you are doing your full duty to yourself and to all mankind. Moral.—Buy and sell at home.

PATRIOTISM and PRODUCTION

"I would urge the farmers of Canada to do their share in preventing the people of Great Britain from suffering want or privation."

HON. MARTIN BURRELL, Minister of Agriculture.

The Empire Needs Many Foods

In the past Great Britain has imported immense quantities of these staple foods from Russia, France, Belgium, Germany and Austria-Hungary as shown by the following:—

Average Imports Years 1910-1913	Millions of bushels rather than millions of acres should be Canada's aim.	By "possible" is meant the actual results which have been obtained by our Experimental Farms and by many farmers. These "possibles" have been obtained under intensive cultivation methods and conditions not altogether possible on the average farm, yet they suggest the great possibilities of increased production. By greater care in the selection of seed, more thorough cultivation, fertilization, better drainage, the average could be raised by at least one-third. That in itself would add at least \$150,000,000 to the annual income of Canada from the farm. It would be a great service to the Empire, and this is the year in which to do it.
Wheat..... 28,439,609 bush.	That there is abundant reason to expect larger returns from the same area is conclusively shown when we compare the average production of the present time with the possible production. Note the following brief table which shows the average in 1914 and possible production per acre.	
Oats..... 23,686,304 "	Average Possible	
Barley..... 15,192,268 "	Fall Wheat..... 30.43 52.	
Corn..... 7,621,374 "	Spring Wheat..... 14.84 33.	
Peas..... 703,068 "	Barley..... 16.15 69.	
Beans..... 639,653 "	Oats..... 36.80 81.	
Potatoes..... 4,721,590 "	Corn, Grain..... 70. 200.	
Onions..... 271,569 "	Corn Ensilage..... 12. 19.	
Meat..... 26,509,766 lbs.	Peas..... 15.33 37.	
Eggs..... 121,112,916 doz.	Beans..... 18.79 60.	
Butter and Cheese..... 91,765,233 lbs.	Potatoes..... 119.40 450.	
The above mentioned sources of supply of staple foods are now, in the main, cut off as a result of the war. Great Britain is looking to Canada to supply a large share of the shortage. Every individual farmer has a duty to perform.	Turnips..... 421.81 1000.	

For information and bulletins write to

Canadian Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, Canada

Increase Your Live Stock

Breeding stock are to-day Canada's most valuable asset. The one outstanding feature of the world's farming is that there will soon be a great shortage of meat supplies. Save your breeding stock. Plan to increase your live stock. Europe and the United States, as well as Canada, will pay higher prices for beef, mutton, and bacon in the very near future. Do not sacrifice now. Remember that live stock is the only basis for prosperous agriculture. You are farming, not speculating.

ADVERTISING

"Advertising is the education of the public as to who you are, where you are and what you have to offer in the way of skill, talent or commodity. The only man who should not advertise is the man who has nothing to offer to the world." — Elbert Hubbard.

OUR POLICY

Is dependable Dry Goods, Men's Clothing and Furnishings at small margins of profit. We want your patronage today, tomorrow, next month and next year. We do everything to merit your good will and patronage. We are not here to make hay while the sun shines but look forward to years of future business. If you are interested in merchandise that wear well and look good all the time you are wearing them, you will be interested in this Store.

Good prices for Butter and Eggs.

CHAS. DEAN

MRS. W. A. CURRIE MILLINERY PARLORS

SYMES STREET,
GLENCOE

WARDSVILLE,
ONTARIO

LADIES' HOME JOURNAL PATTERNS FOR SALE

RAILWAY AND POSTAL GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Main Line.

Eastbound—No. 12, mail and express to London and intermediate points, 8:45 a. m.; No. 14, express to London and intermediate points, 2 p. m.; No. 16, Eastern Flyer, for Toronto, Montreal, etc., 9:50 p. m.; No. 18, local accommodation to London, 10:10 p. m.

Westbound—No. 13, local mail and express, 7:30 a. m.; No. 15, express from London and points east for Detroit, 12:25 p. m.; No. 17, local mail and express, 3 p. m.; No. 19, International Limited, from Toronto and east for Detroit, 8:45 p. m.

Wabash and Air Line.

Eastbound—No. 32, mixed, local points to St. Thomas, 9:35 a. m.; No. 34, Wabash, 12:17 p. m.; No. 36, freight and passenger to St. Thomas, 4:20 p. m.

Kingston Branch.

Leave Glencoe for Alvinston, Petrol, etc., connecting for Sarnia Tunnel and points west, No. 38, mixed, 7:30 a. m.; No. 40, passenger, 3:10 p. m.; No. 42, mixed, 6:10 p. m.

Arrive at Glencoe—No. 18, passenger, 7:00 a. m.; No. 19, express, 3 p. m.; No. 21, mixed, 8:15 p. m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Eastbound—No. 616, Sundays included, 12:27 p. m.; No. 618, 4:10 p. m.

Westbound—No. 617, 8:57 a. m.; No. 619, Sundays included, 4:27 p. m.

GLENCOE POST-OFFICE.

Mails closed—G.T.R. East, 9:30 a. m.; G.T.R. West, 2:40 p. m.; London and East, 2:40 p. m. and 7 p. m.

Mails received—London and East, 8 a. m.; G.T.R. East, 3:20 p. m.; G.T.R. West, 3:45 a. m.

WANTED—FARMS FOR SALE

No charge unless sold by or through me. List now and get your property well advertised or if you want your farm or stock sold by auction, write me. I have an auctioneer in connection with my business.

THOS. C. KNOTT

117 Dominion Savings Bldg.,
1st Floor Up, LONDON, ONT.

Farm for Sale

The north half lot 7, con. 3, Ekfrid, 100 acres. Good buildings and fences and well fitted. Apply to Dugald Black, Route 3, Appin, Ont. 51

Miss Zenna Edsall

VOCALIST

Student of Dr. Ham, of Toronto, and Marshall L. Pease, of Detroit.

Will accept a number of pupils in Voice Culture

Every Wednesday

Arrangements made by Ed. Mayhew, jr.

Moderate prices for beginners

Terms for concert engagements made known on application.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

IMPROVED SERVICE

Toronto

Montreal

Ottawa

Via "Lake Ontario Shore Line"

Fast time to Whitby, Oshawa, Bowmanville, Port Hope, Cobourg, Belleville, Trenton, etc.

Particulars from C. P. R. Agents, or write M. G. Murphy, D.P.A., Toronto.

R. CLANAHAN, Agent, Glencoe

PERSONAL MENTION

Maple syrup making will now be the order of those who have trees. No doubt the high price of sugar will be an inducement to make more syrup and sugar this spring.

The man who can sit complacently in a barber's chair on a Saturday night and have his hair cut while a score of fellow motorists are waiting to be shaved has no need of a nerve tonic.

Miss Grace Blackburn (Fau-Fan) will give an address entitled "A Summer in Geneva," also touching upon the war, on Monday evening, March 15th, in St. John's school-room. Admission, fifteen cents.

The ladies of Glencoe are requested to meet at the town hall on Monday afternoon next to cut out Red Cross work. Those having old linen or cotton suitable for making bandages will please bring it with them.

Miss McCully, returned missionary from Corea, will give an address to the ladies in the Presbyterian lecture room Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock. She will also address a public meeting in the evening at 8 o'clock.

Rev. W. L. Nichol, of Dunwich, will conduct service preparatory to communion in Glencoe Presbyterian church on Friday morning at 11 o'clock. The sacrament will be dispensed on Sunday morning.

Glencoe council has decided to do away with the services of a townsmen, or general utility man, for a time at least, and engage a workman as required. Mr. Stuart will continue to act as trustee and constable.

The New Dodge car for which Wm. McCallum is salesman for Glencoe and vicinity is now on exhibition at the garage opposite the Transcript office. It has many features to recommend it and is generally admired.

One of the most enjoyable dances of the season was that given by the young men of South Ekfrid at the town hall on Friday evening. There was a large gathering and excellent music was furnished by a St. Thomas orchestra.

Maurice and Meyer Gotsdiner, Jewish junk dealers, of London, have been committed for trial on a charge of receiving stolen railway brasses, the property of the Grand Trunk Railroad. They were granted bail of \$3,000 each.

We must remind our readers that we cannot publish addresses that accompany presentations. They are of little use, and of little interest to the general reader. We are always pleased, however, to receive short items of such events.

A change made by Glencoe council in the transient traders' law levies a stiff fee on parties soliciting orders for merchandise and afterwards making deliveries of the same in the wayward way or otherwise when not assessed for business premises or paying a business tax.

It is announced by the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa that the first edition of ten thousand copies of the Agricultural War Book is exhausted. Another and larger edition is being printed to provide copies to meet applications that have for some time been accumulating.

Glencoe hockey team was defeated at Bothwell on Monday evening in a rather one-sided game. J. Martin refereed and the Glencoe team consisted of McCullum, Dobie, Davenport, Dobson, Weaver, McNaughton and Murray. Bothwell makes the boast that their team has not met a defeat in eight years.

The Ontario Government grant to Melbourne Agricultural Society last year was \$300, of which \$200 was to Stratford, \$400 to Moss, and \$100 to Glencoe. The latter received in addition \$50 for field crop competition, and Stratford \$100 additional for field crop competition.

Following the disappearance of snow from the fields during the past week farmers have found that the wheat is in exceptionally good condition, and if the weather continues spring remains favorable. A bumper crop is looked for. The wheat is green and looks strong and healthy. Conditions during the month of March have still to be continued with and there is danger of the crop being injured by heaving. The acreage this year is the largest for years.

The regular monthly meeting of Glencoe council was held on Monday evening. Several resolutions were passed for payment. A communication from a Chicago manufacturer of work benches and hand screws asking for a bonus of \$5,000 and a grant of land to establish a branch factory was referred to the Industrial Board. A communication from W. Hammond, provincial secretary of the Boy Scouts' Association in reference to the organization of a brigade of scouts in Glencoe was referred to Captain Squire. A by-law was passed for the appointment of officers for 1915, also a by-law respecting transient traders' licenses.

The following ladies have been appointed to arrange for a box social to be held Tuesday evening, March 16, in the assembly room of the town hall: Mrs. E. T. Huston, Mrs. A. E. Sutherland, Mrs. C. O. Smith, Mrs. John Cowan, Mrs. Frank Hayter, Mrs. H. Singleton, and Misses M. Saxton, L. Rogers, E. Oldreive, F. Graham, O. Thomson, S. Currie and M. Mayhew. The above named ladies with the ladies of the patriotic executive will meet at the town hall on the afternoon of Friday, March 12, at 4 o'clock sharp to make further arrangements. The ladies have already succeeded in securing a treat for Glencoe in Master Charlie Auld, the wonderful child singer.

Those who attend the convention of the Sunday School workers of West Middlesex, in the Presbyterian church, Glencoe, on Thursday, March 18th, are assured of excellent addresses. The speakers for the occasion are—Rev. Byron Snell, of Wardsville, who is rapidly being recognized as one of the best preachers in the S. S. work; Rev. W. R. McIntosh, B. A., B. D., of London, joint convener of the General Assembly's Committee on Sabbath Schools and Young People's Societies; and Rev. E. W. Halpenny, B. D., General Secretary of the Prov. S. S. Association of Ontario. Any one of these is a host in himself, and with the three on the same platform the convention should be both lively and interesting right from the very start.

PERSONAL MENTION

Miss Rosie Davenport is seriously ill with an attack of the grippe.

James Robertson, C. E., of Toronto, was in town on Tuesday.

Mrs. M. C. Campbell is at Wallaceburg visiting her sister, Mrs. Taylor.

Tom Tait, who is with the recruits at Stratford, has home over Sunday.

Mrs. (Dr.) Conett, of St. Thomas, spent Sunday with Mrs. J. A. McKellar.

A. W. Marsh, of the Amherstburg Echo, gave the Transcript a friendly call on Friday.

Miss Minnie Walker has returned to Aurora after attending the millinery openings in Toronto.

Miss Edith Walker has returned to Colborne after attending the millinery openings in Toronto.

Wm. J. Elliott and Miss Nellie Elliott, of London township, visited at Jas. Walker's last week.

R. A. Baxter, of Brownsville, visited friends in and around Glencoe and Wardsville over Sunday.

J. H. Neve was at Barrie last week attending the funeral of his mother, who died on Friday morning.

Miss Bessie Rogers returned to Toronto on Friday after spending some weeks at her home here.

Miss W. Hull was home from London Normal School for a few days on account of the illness of her mother.

Mrs. Ernest Gosnell has returned to her home at Highgate, after spending some days with her mother here.

Douglas McRae, of Chico, California, is visiting his grandmother, Mrs. Wm. Gillies, and other relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Spackman, of Vancouver, B. C., visited at Mrs. Spackman's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Dobie, Glencoe, and other relatives in the vicinity.

Norman Murray, who has been in a bank at Norwich, has obtained six months' leave of absence and is at his home in Ekfrid for a visit before leaving for the West with his father.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Stinson and daughters Lena and Maggie left on Saturday for their home in Virdee, Manitoba, having received word of the serious illness of Mrs. Stinson's mother there.

Mrs. John E. Hull was taken seriously ill last week with pneumonia but is now on a fair way to recovery. Her daughter, Miss Susie, trained nurse, of Indiana, was sent for and came immediately to take care of her.

Geo. E. McIntosh, editor of the Forest Standard, gave the Transcript a friendly call on Thursday. Mr. McIntosh was in the vicinity addressing meetings in connection with the Fruit Growers' Association of Ontario, of which he is transportation agent.

SPECIAL NOTICES

Old papers for sale at the Transcript office.

Best Manitoba flour for sale at McLachlan's Bakery.

British hero souvenir spoons at Wright's hardware.

Splendid new imported suitings just opened.—J. N. Currie & Co.

Try us for your harness and harness repairs.—G. M. Fisher, Appin.

Nine young pigs for sale. Apply at south half lot 18, con. 4, Ekfrid. 51

You make no mistake when you go to Sixsmith's for your shoes and rubbers.

Your suit to order now from choicest new goods just opened.—J. N. Currie & Co.

For rent—residence over Anderson's tinware store. Apply to J. N. Currie.

Annual grandeur sale at Wright's Hardware commences Saturday, March 6th.

Beautiful assortment of spring millinery just arrived at Mrs. W. A. Currie's Millinery Parlors.

For sale—general purpose horse, six years old, first-class driver.—[Daniel King, lot 16, con. 3, Moss.

For sale—a quantity of oat straw, cut, and some good timothy hay.—Benjamin Towers, Glencoe.

For sale, at a bargain—house and six lots in Appin. For particulars apply to Mrs. Etta Smith, Route 3, Iona Station.

Our new spring millinery is here. Early buyers cordially invited. We are ready for the spring trade.—Mrs. Currie's millinery parlors, Glencoe.

For sale—pure seed, free from weeds, O. A. C. No. 72 oats and No. 21 barley, also Marrowfat beans and clover seed.—Wm. A. McCutcheon, Glencoe.

Harness, horse blankets, whips, curry combs, brushes, harness oils, etc. Repairing promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed.—G. M. Fisher, Appin.

All notices in this column are strictly cash. If orders are telephoned the Transcript, kindly arrange to pay the amount the first time you are in town, so they will not have to be carried through the books.

Now is the time, while your car is not busy and while we are not busy, to have it put in shape for the coming season, thereby obtaining an economical and thorough job. H. F. McAlpine is the shop.

When buying your spring shoes don't fail to call and see our stock. We have a large stock bought last fall before the rise in price and are therefore able to supply you with footwear right up-to-date at reasonable prices.—C. George.

Miss Ethel Thompson will give her return date in vaudeville at the picture show next Saturday. Ethel gave such good satisfaction when she appeared here last fall that she was booked again. Mutual high-class films will be used, with good comedy. Russ Johnston will be operator. This will be the last show given this winter, as the show will be closed until the bad roads are over.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

Get in on the bargains at Wright's annual grandeur sale, commencing Saturday, March 6th.

GLENCOE PUBLIC SCHOOL

Honor Roll for February, 1915.

FORM IV.

Senior Fourth Class.—Honors, 75 per cent. or over—Ruby Gilbert 408, Clifford McDonald 403; pass, between 60 and 75 per cent.—Vivian Eddie 407, Russel Quick 416, Mary Leitch 413.

Junior Fourth Class.—Honors, 75 per cent. or over—Christina Sutherland 480, Dorothy Weir 483; pass, between 60 and 75 per cent.—Harry McLachlan 458, Monroe Anderson 455, Edna Leitch 443, Harley Luckham 427, Cameron McPherson 419, Anna-Rey-craft 414, Muriel Precious 400, Orvil Quick 406, Mabel McLevey 385.

Senior Third Class.—Honors, 75 per cent. or over—Marion Owen 417, Catharine Stuart 428, Annie George 427, Agnes McEachren 418, Frances Moss 387, Helen McCutcheon 381, Frank Brown 379; pass, between 60 and 75 per cent.—George Barker 372, Mamie Grant 369, Willie McMillan 358, Catharine McMillan 354, Ernest Hicks 317.

FORM III.

Junior Third Class.—Honors, 75 per cent. or over—George McCracken 432, Jessie Curry 388, Hazel McAlpine 392, R. D. McDonald 385; pass, 60 per cent. and over—Sarah Mitchell 372, Lillian Farrell 367, Jean McEachren 359, Frances Sutherland 357, D. A. Weaght 316.

Senior Second Class.—Honors, 75 per cent. or over—Marion Copeland 432, Marion Campbell 418, Clea Moore 410, Willie Stinson 411, Albert Anderson 383; pass, 60 per cent. and over—Clarence Leitch 374, Clifford Ewing 365, Cecil McAlpine 358, Zola Moore 351, Sadie Young 349, Gladys Bechill 347, Ethel Stinson 341, Ethel Haskell 338, Gladys George 323.

Junior Second Class.—Honors, 75 per cent. or over—Florence McEachren 430, Arlie Parrott 400; pass, 60 per cent. and over—Marion McLellan 372, Alexander Sutherland 360, Florence Sillit 361, John Hillman 343, Muriel Weeks 340, Violet Wilson 339, Stewart Weir 302.

FORM II.

Junior Second Class.—Honors, 75 per cent. or over—Leslie Reeves 409, Margaret McDonald 397, Gladys Eddie 392, John Simpson 388, Pat Curry 379; pass, between 60 and 75 per cent.—Edna Squires 325, Mary Quick 312, Nuala Stuart 311, Willie Anderson 303.

Senior First Class.—Honors, 75 per cent. or over—William Diamond 281; pass, between 60 and 75 per cent.—Martin Abbott 222, Lettie Wehlmann 221, Janet Scott 201, Willie Moss 190, Jim Donaldson 194, Delbert Hicks 180, Donald McLay 182.

FORM I.

Primer, Class A.—Dorothy Batchelor, Isabel McCracken, Duncan Scott, Eleanor Sutherland, Glen Abbott, Garnet Ewing, Florence McCracken, Wilfrid Haggitt, Nelson McCracken, Margaret Smith, Irene McCaffery, Willie McLay, Willie Stewart, Gordon McDonald, Alfred Sutton, Blake Tomlinson.

Primer, Class B.—Dorothy Dean, Donna McAlpine, Marjorie McLarty, Laura Rycraft, Vera McCaffery, Vera Tait, Lyman Stuart, George Kelly, Lewis Donaldson, Daisy McCracken, Katy McCracken.

Richards QUICK NAPHTHA THE WOMAN'S SOAP

That old-time fakir, the Russian millionaire prisoner who offers to divide up his wealth with some benevolent easy mark who will make him a temporary loan in his distress, is being nearly won again. One of his very plausibly worded letters was received by a Glencoe business man this week.

AUCTION SALES

Household furniture and effects at Newbury, on Saturday, March 13, at 2 o'clock. Byron Eaton, proprietor; P. A. McVicar, auctioneer.

In Alabama the Legislature has prohibited newspapers from publishing liquor advertisements. The cause of temperance is marching on.

From the Chinese can be learned a good business lesson. They make it an invariable rule to settle all their debts on New Year's Day.

GENTS' FURNISHINGS

We have just added a complete line of Gents' Furnishings to our business of Merchant Tailoring, and will be pleased to have you call and look over our stock. Everything of the very latest in style, and quality of the best.

Our New Spring Suitings are now here. Come in and get your clothing hand-tailored to your measure. Fit, workmanship and style guaranteed.

TOMLINSON

THE SHOP FOR MEN GLENCOE

Farmers, ATTENTION!

Bring your steel barrels to us for refilling.

Best American Coal Oil
at 14c per gal.

Our grade is the highest.

JAS. WRIGHT & SON

THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTED STOCK OF
STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

kept in Glencoe.

Also Confectionery, Imported & Domestic Fruits, Meat, Fish, etc., carried

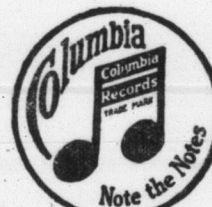
Our prices a little lower than elsewhere. Call and be convinced.

Good Butter and Eggs and other marketable produce taken as cash at highest market price.

CASH FOR EGGS

TRY OUR SPECIALS IN BULK TEAS AND COFFEES
Red Rose, Lipton's and Salada Packet Teas always in stock.

W. A. CURRIE



New

Columbia Records

For February

On Sale Today

85c — UP — 85c
No Records offer the same value—none wear so long as the famous Columbia Double Disc Records. They are the best Records on the market today.

The name Columbia stands today for the best records on the market. And that in every detail. In a Columbia Record you have the best record it is possible to get at any price. You have the finest recording, years ahead of any other. You have many of the biggest and best artists and bands, most of them exclusive. And in Columbia you have a record which will untailingly WEAR TWICE AS LONG as any other make—no matter what you pay. It is these combined points of superiority that have made Columbia supreme today—the best records and the biggest value (only 85 cents). No other records dare make such specific claims, because no other records can prove them. If you are not acquainted with Columbia Records get the demonstration double disc for 30 cents (15 cents extra for postage).

FEB'Y RECORDS ON SALE TODAY

All Double Disc Records—a Selection one each side.

Sister Susie's Sewing Shirts for Soldiers \$1.00

By the Originator, Al. Johnson.

Tip Top Tipperary Mary - - - - - .85

When You Wore a Tulip - - - - - .85

The Ball Room (Funnier than "Cohen on the Phone") - - - - - .85

When You're a Long, Long Way From Home. 85

Arrival of British Troops in France - - .85

This is a splendid descriptive record. Be sure to hear it.

NEW DANCE RECORDS

Including latest Fox Trots, One Steps, Tangos, Maxixes, etc.

Columbia Records Made in Canada—Fit any Standard Machine. You can get Columbia Grafonolas and Records from

J. A. SCOTT, GLENCOE

FOR SALE

QUANTITY OF WOOD

Suitable for box stove or furnace purposes. SQUIRE BROS., Lot 18, Con. 1, Ekfrid.

Pasture Farm for Sale

The S. E. 1/4 Lot 10, Con. 6, Moss, 100 acres, is for sale. Terms of payment can be made to suit purchaser. Write to 197 Front Street, Sarnia, Ont. 50-3

The Transcript clubs with all other leading papers.

UNDER FIRE

This narrative of a typical day in the siege warfare that has been going on so long in France and Belgium comes from the letter of an English infantryman on the firing line, that is printed in the London Times. The fighting is laborious and monotonous work; there is little of the pomp or the glory of war about it. Even in a successful action, the infantryman is principally concerned with keeping under cover and getting his rifle to work.

"We had been digging trenches all day in heavy soil after a hard fight the day before, and had been persistently shelled. Only one man was killed, but we had lost three of our horses, including two from our 'cocker'.

"We had hoped to be able to get some sleep, but at midnight were roused up and had to march off a mile or so and start digging again. It was a case of a race against time, for at daybreak we were certain to be shelled. We dug hard all through the night, and when the dawn came we had got down about four feet, through the stickiest clay I have ever had the misfortune to have to shift. We planted turnips all along the parapets (it was in the middle of a root field), and then sat down to try to get some sleep. The trenches were not big enough to lie down in.

"The shelling soon began, and lumps of earth began to come over from where the shrapnel was hitting the ground in front. One of them burst just on the parapet of our small trench, and half buried the men who were in it, but they were pulled out unhurt. That was the only damage we suffered, although nearly or quite sixty shells must have dropped very near us.

"We were not allowed to have much rest, though, for in another hour we got the order to advance. The German artillery now began to leave us and search for our guns on the crest behind, so we got out of our trenches in comparative peace and advanced in open order across the fields.

In another half hour we had got to another ruined farm, behind which we waited for the rest of the line. Soon we saw them advancing to our right, and got the signal to carry on. In little parties we left the farm and crawled along the ditches until we lined up along a hedge another quarter of a mile on and here we came under very heavy shrapnel fire. Every few seconds the shrapnel came whistling and tearing through the tall poplars of the hedge, behind whose trunks we crouched. A bit of shell as big as a brick went over my right shoulder within an inch of my ear. It was only a matter of time before we should lose men, of course, so when we had got breath we moved off in file to the left up a ditch that led to some out-houses, and lined out at five paces' interval just beyond it.

"The rifle fire now began to make itself felt, and as we continued our advance I noticed, in a kind of casual way, little heaps of khaki, and saw wounded men being tied up or making their way to the rear.

"Soon the prisoners began to come in, and before long we had more than we could do with. We sent them back in little parties under a few men, using the slightly wounded for preference. Some of our men had taken a trench or two with the bayonet.

"With about a hundred men we got along to a burning farm a little to our left front, and from there had a splendid field of fire at the enemy's position. The farmyard was full of burning straw, but round it were playing a litter of little white pigs. Soon a shrapnel came and knocked over a couple of them. I felt so sorry for them as they lay there; they had been so full of fun chasing each other all over the place—such a contrast to what was going on about them."

Mortified.

"I haven't seen Hemmingshaw for a week."

"No; he hasn't been out of this house since his accident."

"Was he seriously injured?"

"No; but he feels the disgrace deeply."

"Disgrace?"

"Yes. After living in the heart of the city all his life, he went to the country one day last week and was run over by a milk wagon."

Willie was doing penance in the corner. Presently he thought aloud pensively. "I can't help it if I'm not perfect," he sighed. "I never heard of but one perfect boy, anyway." "Who was that?" asked his mother, thinking to point a moral. "Papa," came the silencing reply, "when he was little."

A young wife, wishing to announce the birth of her first child to a friend in a distant city sent the telegram: "Isaiah 9:6," beginning: "For unto us a child is born, unto us a son is given." Her friend, more literal and less familiar with the Scriptures, read the message and said to her husband: "Margaret evidently has a boy, but why on earth did they ever name him Isaiah? He must be healthy, though, for he weighs nine pounds and six ounces."

FIRST AID FOR WEAK DIGESTION

Like Nearly Every Trouble Afflicting Mankind Indigestion is Due to Poor Blood

Almost everybody experiences times when the organs of digestion show painful signs of weakness. Some slight disturbance of the health starts the trouble; then the patient takes a dislike to food, and dull heavy pains in the abdomen give warning that the stomach is unable to do its proper work. Sometimes a false craving for food arises; if this is satisfied the result is additional torture—flatulence, a drowsy depression, sick headache and nausea are common signs of indigestion. The foolish practice of taking drastic laxatives or purgatives at such times should be avoided. Indigestion arises from stomach weakness, and the only effectual method of curing the trouble is to strengthen the feeble organs of digestion by supplying them with richer, purer blood. This is the true tonic treatment, by which natural method Dr. Williams' Pink Pills achieve great results. These pills make the red blood needed to strengthen the stomach, thus imparting a healthy appetite and curing indigestion and other stomach disorders. Mr. Thos. Johnson, Hemford, N.S., says: "For five years I was a great sufferer from indigestion, which wrecked me physically. I suffered so much that for days at a time I could not attend to my business. I had smothering spells so bad at times that I was afraid to lie down. I doctored and tried many medicines but with no benefit. I saw Dr. Williams' Pink Pills advertised to cure the trouble and decided to try them. I had not been taking them long before I found that I had at last hit upon the right medicine. The improvement in my health was constant, and after I had used ten or twelve boxes I could eat and digest all kinds of food, and I felt physically better than I had done for years. I shall never cease to praise Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for they proved a real blessing to me."

You can get these pills from any dealer in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brookville, Ont.

"HATE FOR THE ENGLISH."

How Young Frenchmen Shot Down the German Placard.

In a letter to his sister in England a young French officer on service in the neighborhood of St. Mihiel, recently promoted for gallantry on the field of battle, tells this story:

"The Germans could think of nothing better to do a few days ago than to put on the walls of their barracks at — a large placard of white calico, on which was written: 'Merci a la brave France—paixne a l'Angleterre.' Our trenches are from 60 to 90 metres from those of the 'Boches,' and with glasses it was easy to read the placard. In the evening I was on patrol with three good fellows of my half section, and we crawled towards the German lines till we were within twenty-five metres or so, and we hid ourselves in a big hole made by a shell.

I said to my men: 'I have given you socks, gloves, cigarettes and other things. You know where they came from—they were sent from England. I want to see no more of that placard. Let us go and destroy it.' We have our arms; let us put some shots through and destroy it."

The thing was done. I gave the order to fire, and in three minutes only some shreds of the stuff remained. The worst of it was that our fire provoked a terrible fusillade along the whole length of the line. We dropped into the shell hole and waited till the firing had finished—about half an hour—and then we regained our own trenches. My lieutenant greeted me with 'So it was you who started the fusillade?' And when I said 'Yes,' he asked what for. I explained that I was half English, having married an English woman, and added that I wanted to see no more of a placard which referred to that nation in such terms. He 'chipped' me for a bit, but when we were relieved the story was told to the captain, who passed it on to the colonel. The end of it all was a promise of my stripes as under lieutenant."

BABY'S OWN TABLETS

THE HOME DOCTOR

No home where there are little ones should be without a box of Baby's Own Tablets. They cure all the minor ills of babyhood and their prompt use when baby is ailing will save the mother many anxious moments and baby much pain. Concerning them Mrs. Paul Nemon, Tugaskie, Sask., writes: "We consider Baby's Own Tablets as good as a doctor in the house, and every time our little one is ailing they soon set him right again." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brookville, Ont.

He who gets rich quick is apt to go broke in a hurry.

He who gets rich quick is apt to go broke in a hurry.

BACKWARD CHILDREN.

May Be Due to Defects of Sight or Hearing.

Helen MacMurchy, M.D., Inspector of Auxiliary Classes for Ontario, in her pamphlet on "Organization and Management of Auxiliary Classes," says in regard to backward children:

In the case of children who may be backward it is a matter of great urgency that every effort should be made by the teacher and the School Medical Inspector to discover, and if possible, remove or lessen the cause of such backwardness. If any physical defect or any disease is reported, the School Medical Inspector, the School Nurse, teacher, and family should co-operate to secure treatment by the family physician or other proper person. "The backwardness may be due to defects of sight or hearing which can be partly or wholly cured. Adenoid growths in the nose and throat, weak-blindness or letter-blindness and lack of proper sleep and nutrition are also causes of backwardness. Flat foot, curvature of the spine, and slight chorea often escape notice in children who are otherwise defective. They need every improvement we can secure for them."

The help of the School Nurse is invaluable in Auxiliary Classes. The attention of the School Nurse and School Doctor should always be drawn to any child who seems to be in need of special care and attention. Parents and teachers have often omitted to do this because they "thought the doctor could not do anything." Nearly always this is a mistake. Many physical defects can be greatly improved or even removed. One rare condition (retinitis) which prevents proper development of mind and body can be wonderfully improved by treatment.

The teacher should pay special attention to any child whose age is two or three years above the average of the rest of the pupils, and should privately consult the School Medical Inspector before nominating the child to the Principal for admission to an Auxiliary Class. Opportunity should also be taken by the School Medical Inspector to see the parents. They may be invited by the School Nurse to meet him at the school at a convenient time. The parents should be consulted in every possible way and treated with the greatest consideration, but they should be frankly told that the child is not getting on well at school, and that without special help and teaching in an Auxiliary Class he will get farther and farther behind. If there is any reasonable ground for doubt as to the needs and mental condition of the child, then a physician who is a specialist in such matters should be called in. But at the first meeting with the parents it is not well to make any dogmatic statement as to the child's mental capacity, unless the case is a marked one. The child should have the advantage of Auxiliary Class teaching for a reasonable time, say three or six months, and should then be re-examined. Moreover, any statement as to the child's mental condition should be made by a physician, not by the teacher.

SIKH'S A BRAVE FOE.

Their Bayonet Charge Frightens the Most Fearless Fighters.

In several respects the Sikhs, who are with the Indian forces at the front in France and Belgium, form a unique fighting force. In the first place, they fill fully one-third of the rank and file of the native armies in India. Unlike the Gurkhas, however, they do not belong to a single race. There are several types of Sikhs, the force being divided into clans. There is what is known as the Khatriyas, or Kshatriyas clan, consisting of representatives of the old military caste of the Hindoos. They are not such big men as the Jats, another Sikh clan, consisting of tall, stalwart fellows who are a distinct contrast to the Mazhis, who are short, rather inclined to be stout, and have very dark skin and irregular features.

All the clans, however, are noted for their great powers of endurance, fighting qualities, and skill in handling a gun and bayonet. Indeed, it has often been said by military experts that there is no more cool and effective soldier in the world than the Sikh, who takes to drill like a duck takes to water, soon becomes a sharpshooter, and masters the use of the bayonet possibly better than the soldiers of any other nationality.

So cold-blooded and invincible, indeed, are they in a bayonet charge that it frightens even the most fearless fighters—who lose their nerve when confronted by the merciless steel in the hands of these dauntless and determined Indian troops.

Although, however, there are various racial differences between the clans of the Sikhs, there is one link which binds them together, and that is their religion, which is called Sikhism. Without going into details it may be said that this faith disdains idolatry.

Willie—"Pa, why is an after-dinner speech called a toast?" Pa—"Because it is usually so dry, my son."

He Says He Told His Neighbors

AND THEY TOLD HIM TO TRY DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

Mike Rudy, Young Manitoba Farmer, Sick for Two Years, Tells How He Got a New Lease of Life.

Camperville, Man., Feb. 22nd.—(Special).—Cured of Kidney and Heart Disease of two years standing, Mr. Mike Rudy, a well-known young farmer living near here, is telling his neighbors that he owes his new lease of life to Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"For two years," Mr. Rudy states, "I suffered with a terrible pain in the small of my back and shoulders. I took many different medicines, and was under the doctor's care, but nothing seemed to do me any lasting good. Finally heart disease was added to my troubles."

"Hearing Dodd's Kidney Pills well spoken of by my neighbors, I decided to try them. To my surprise and relief one box cured me completely."

Dodd's Kidney Pills cured Mr. Rudy because his troubles all came from sick kidneys. Dodd's Kidney Pills are a kidney remedy, pure and simple. They have pain in the back, rheumatism, lumbago, gravel or diabetes, your kidneys are wrong. You need Dodd's Kidney Pills.

BOY IN FIGHTING ZONE.

Adventurous Trip to Belgium of 13-year-old London Lad.

Determined to fight the Germans, a 13-year-old London boy managed to reach Flushing and Antwerp. In Antwerp he was arrested by the Germans, but was released and made his way through Belgium and Flanders home to England.

When war was declared he was attending school in the day and working for a butcher at night. The School Medical Inspector saw him, but was too young and too small. At Christmas he received \$2.50 as a chorister and decided to go to the front. He took train to Folkestone, but as he had not much money left, the fighting line appeared as far off as ever.

Luck was with him, however. He was seen by a customer when on the promenade who gave him a money gift as a Christmas box. He bought a ticket for Flushing. Here he was sent to a home, but escaped, and joining some Belgians eventually got to Antwerp.

He was only at liberty in Antwerp a day. He was arrested, but on account of his youth was released and allowed to return to England as best he could. He wandered through Belgium and Flanders, and eventually landed at Tisbury Docks. Being mistaken for a Belgian refugee he was taken to Alexandra Palace, and it was some days before he was restored to his parents at London. He is now trying to join the navy.

MAY BE TEA OR COFFEE

That Causes all the Trouble.

When the house is afire, it's about the same as when disease begins to show, it's no time to talk but time to act—delay is dangerous—remove the cause of the trouble at once.

"For a number of years," wrote a Western lady, "I felt sure that coffee was hurting me, and yet I was so fond of it, I could not give it up. At last I got so bad that I made up my mind I must either quit the use of coffee or die."

"Tea is just as injurious as coffee because it, too, contains the health-destroying drug, caffeine."

"Everything I ate costressed me, and I suffered severely most of the time with palpitation of the heart. I frequently woke up in the night with the feeling that I was almost gone—my heart seemed so smothered and weak in its action. My breath grew short and the least exertion set me panting. I slept but little and suffered from rheumatism."

"Two years ago I stopped using the coffee and began to use Postum, and from the very first I began to improve. It worked a miracle! Now I can eat anything and digest it without trouble. I sleep like a baby, and my heart beats strong and regularly. My breathing has become steady and normal, and my rheumatism has left me."

"I feel like another person, and it is all due to quitting coffee and using Postum. For I haven't used any medicine and none would have done any good as long as I kept drinking with coffee." Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pgs.

Postum comes in two forms: Regular Postum — mmm! be well boiled. 15c and 25c per lb. Instant Postum — a soluble powder. A teaspoonful dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 60c tins.

Both kinds are equally delicious, and cost per cup about the same. "There's a Reason" for Postum. —sold by Grocers.

Nerviline Ends Neuralgia Brings Relief Instantly

No Remedy Like Old "Nerviline" to Cure Pain or Soreness.

That terrible ache—how you fairly reel with it—that stabbing, burning neuralgia—what misery it causes. Never mind, you don't have to suffer—use Nerviline, it's a sure cure. Not an experiment, because nearly forty years of wonderful success has made a name for Nerviline among the people of many different nations. "There is nothing speedier to end Neuralgic headache than old-time 'Nerviline,'" writes Mr. G. C. Dalgleish, from Evanston. "It is so powerful and penetrating that it seems to eat up any pain in a minute. My family couldn't get along without Nerviline. We always keep the 50c family size bottle handy on the shelf, and use it to end chest colds, sore throat, coughs, earache, toothache and pain in the back. My wife swears by Nerviline. For cramps its effect is astonishing and I believe it is better and speedier than any other household family remedy."

BULLETS STRANGE FREAKS.

Remarkable Escapes of Soldiers in Present Conflict.

A sapper in the Royal Engineers tells the story of an extraordinary escape which one of his comrades experienced. A bullet took his cap off and cut a groove through his hair, without injuring the scalp, in such a manner that it looked as though he had carefully parted his hair down the centre, says London Tit-Bits.

This is but another illustration of the tricks that bullets play at times. It is doubtful, however, if any soldier in the present campaign has had such marvelous escapes as Lieut. A. C. Johnson, the Hants County cricketer, who relates how, shortly before he was slightly wounded, a shell hit the wall six inches above his head, while shortly afterwards a bullet hit the ground half a yard in front of him, bounded up and hit him on the body, bruising his ribs. Then a bullet hit him over the heart, but was spent before reaching him, and when in the hospital he picked it out of his left-hand breast pocket and sent it home to his wife.

A charming life, too, seems to be borne by a private of the Manchester regiment, who relates how while smoking a cigarette in the trenches, a bullet took the "fag" out of his mouth, while another cut the crown of his hat, leaving the peak still sticking on his head. And it is characteristic of the humor of "Tommy," even when the fire is hottest, that when a bullet took off the top of a tin of bully beef which another private had in his hand, he looked at it coolly turned round, made a bow in the direction of the enemy, and thanked them for saving him the trouble of finding a tin-opener.

A curious escape from what might have been a mortal wound was that of a Royal Scots Fusilier. During a severe fight he suddenly felt the shock of a bullet. "I am hit," he said to his chum. Looking down, however, he saw that the bullet had struck a clip of cartridges in his top left-hand pouch, but had done no other damage. The first cover, and as it twisted round when it was struck the bullet was turned off instead of going straight through the soldier's body, as it would have done had all the cartridges been fired.

Mr. Frank Seudamore relates an extraordinary incident which occurred during the Sudan campaign, when he saw an officer, a friend of his, go down, apparently shot through the head. To his surprise," he says, "I met him walking about after the battle apparently none the worse for what he said that his head was bandaged. Then he showed me how the bullet, striking and deflected by one of the hooks of his helmet chain, had run round his forehead, cutting a groove under the skin, and had then glanced off the helmet hook at the other side."

Sore Corns Absolutely Painless

No cutting, no plaster, no pads to press the sore spot. Putnam's Extractor makes the corn go without pain. Takes out the sting overnight. Never fails—leave no scar. Get a 25c. bottle of Putnam's Corn Extractor to-day.

Much Ruffled.

Lord Lovat, the head of the famous Lovat Scouts, tells a good story in regard to a very much ruffled private who was under arrest for some offence. Lord Lovat inquired of the sergeant as to what his offence was. "He's a what troublesome fellow, sir," the sergeant replied. "Got too much lip, goes out without leave, comes back when he likes, and gets drunk when he likes—just as if he was an officer."

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

"Oh, dear," said the first, "what a lot of people will be unhappy when I get married." "Why, how many are you marrying?" asked the sarcastic one.

IS MEAT A FIGHTING DIET?

Scientists Say It Gives Neither Courage Nor Endurance.

Circumstances have brought to light again the question of man's need of a red-meat diet to make him a fighting warrior. An advocate of meat diet declared some time ago that the Belgians were losing their vital efficiency because they are a race of non-meat eaters. But, although they had done no fighting for a hundred years, they have given a good account of themselves of late.

Modern scientists assert that meat makes a dog or a man irritable, but gives neither courage nor endurance, both of which are essential fighting qualities. Attention is called to the fruit-eating gorilla as the most dreaded fighter of the African forest. Not a lion is found in all the region where this great forest man reigns, untamed and untamable, a real king of beasts.

The lion, the traditional king of beasts, fights when brought to bay only because he is short-winded and cannot run away. Every experienced hunter has borne testimony to the ability of the grass-eating bison as a most courageous fighter, with few equals.

Death Nearly Claimed

New Brunswick Lady

Was Restored to Her Anxious Family When Hope Had Gone.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 15th.—At one time it was feared that Mrs. J. Grant, of 3 White St., would succumb to the deadly ravages of advanced kidney trouble. "My first attacks of backache and kidney trouble began years ago. For six years that dull gnawing pain has been present. When I exerted myself it was terribly intensified. If I caught cold the pain was unbearable. I used most everything, but nothing gave that certain grateful relief that came from Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut. Instead of being bowed down with pain, to-day I am strong, enjoy splendid appetite, sleep soundly. Lost properties have been instilled into my blood—cheeks are rosy with color, and I thank that day that I heard of so grand a medicine as Dr. Hamilton's Pills."

Every woman should use these pills regularly because good health pays, and it's good, vigorous health that comes to all who use Dr. Hamilton's Mandrake and Butternut Pills.

In For It.

Modest Suitor—I have only \$5,000 a year, sir; but I think I can support your daughter on that.

Father (enthusiastically).—Support her, my dear boy. Why, you can support her entire family on it.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

In a Restaurant.

Patron—I suppose you have a good many queer people to serve. Waiter—Yes, sir; all things come to him who waits.

Sore Eyes

Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to sun, dust, wind, quickly relieved by Minard's Eye Remedy. No Smarting, Just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. Marine Eye Salve, 25c. For Booklet, Write to Druggists or Marine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Same Thing.

"Does your husband keep a scrapbook?"

"Not exactly; he keeps a check-book and we have a scrap every time it is used for my benefit."

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited. Gentlemen—My daughter, 13 yrs. old, was thrown from a sleigh and injured her elbow so badly it remained stiff and very painful for three years. Four bottles of MINARD'S LINIMENT completely cured her and she has not been troubled for two years.

Yours truly, J. B. LIVESQUE. St. Joseph, P.O., 18th Aug., 1900.

A Close Observer.

Young Hibbard was exhibiting some photographs to a charming girl, with whom he was very much in love.

"This one," he said, handing her a picture, "is my photograph with two French poodles. Can you recognize me?"

"Why, yes, I think so," replied the young woman, looking intently at the picture. "You are the one with the hat on, are you not?"

INFORMATION FOR INVENTORS

Messrs. Pigeon, Pigeon & Davis, patent solicitors, Montreal, report that 217 Canadian patents were issued for the week ending February 9th, 1915, 162 of which were granted to Americans, 33 to Canadians, 15 to residents of Great Britain and colonies and 7 to residents of foreign countries.

Of the Canadians who received patents, 21 were residents of Ontario, 6 of Quebec, 2 of British Columbia, 2 of Alberta and 2 of Manitoba.

It is a good thing to love your enemies, but it's better not to have any.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

Clark's Pork & Beans

Highest grade beans kept whole and mealy by perfect baking, retaining their full strength. Flavored with delicious sauces. They have no equal.

FARMS FOR SALE.

H. W. DAWSON, Ninety Colborne Street, Toronto.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY OR SELL A Fruit Stock, Grain or Dairy Farm, write H. W. Dawson, Brampton, or 90 Colborne St., Toronto.

H. W. DAWSON, Colborne St., Toronto.

NURSERY STOCK.

STRAWBERRIES, RASPBERRIES, POTATOES. Catalogue free. McConnell & Son, Port Huron, Ont.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co. Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

PATENTS

OF INVENTIONS. PIGEON, PIGEON & DAVIS 714 St. James St., Montreal. Write for information.

24 Hours from Frost to Flowers.

BERMUDA

"RESTFUL ISLES OF SUMMER LOVELINESS."

Offering all outdoor sports, social activities and a climate and scenery unequalled in the Tropics. S.S. "BERMUDA," fastest, most luxurious and only Steamship landing passengers without transfer. Sails from New York every Wednesday, 11 a.m. Fare \$25.00 for Round Trip, including berth and meals.

WEST INDIES

Delightful 21-day Cruise to the Antilles, sailing from N.Y. Mar. 2nd, 12th, 26th, 29th p.m. Apply for tickets and the booklet. Canada Steamship Lines, Limited, 46 Yonge St., Toronto, or any Ticket Agent.

Bad Company.

Mother—Johnny, stop using such dreadful language! Johnny—Well, mother, Shakespeare uses it.

Mother—Then don't play with him; he's no fit companion for you.

LOW FARES TO THE CHICAGO EXPOSITIONS.

Via Chicago & North Western Ry. Four expedient daily trains from the New Passenger Terminal, Chicago, to San Francisco, Los Angeles and San Diego. Choice of scenic and direct routes. Double track. Automatic electric safety signals all the way. Let us plan your trip and furnish folders and full particulars. B. H. Bennett, Gen. Agt., 46 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont.

A girl with a pair of natural rosy cheeks and a couple of dimples can get nearly any old thing she wants.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

There's nothing better than the old fashioned brand of homemade charity.

Chapped Hands Quickly Healed

Chapped hands and lips always come with cold weather, but

Vaseline

CAMPBOR ICE

Made in Canada

brings rose and speedy relief. Children especially need Vaseline Campbor Ice for their rough and smarting hands.

Our new illustrated booklet describes all the "Vaseline" preparations. A postcard brings it. AVOID SUBSTITUTES. Insist on "Vaseline" in original packages bearing the name, CHESEBROUGH MANUFACTURING CO., Consolidated. For sale at all Chemists and General Stores.

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AN IDEAL LADIES' TAILORING SERVICE

STYLE ORIGINATING TAILORS

Tailor-made to order garments are the most satisfactory. Guaranteed in fit, style and workmanship.

WOMEN WHO WANT THE BEST
COME HERE FOR THEIR CLOTHES

EVERY DAY finds us opening up New Spring Goods which we were lucky enough to buy before the "cheap prices" came on. You should just see our new SPRING SHOES, with the new Grey and Fawn tops, in lace and button. Never have we had such nice things in our SILK DEPARTMENT, you will be bewildered with the great exhibit of Fine SILKS in all colors, and at such Low Prices. Then take a look at Our Rugs and Linoleums; if you want nice Floor Coverings you will certainly be pleased with these.

MEN! How about that SPRING SUIT?

We are going to put before the people of Glencoe and vicinity the largest assortment of MEN'S SUITS ever shown. Come in and look them over whether you buy or not. We handle the well-known makes, "Broadway" and "The House of Hobblerlin." The styles this season surpass all previous ones. Come early while the selection is good. MADE TO MEASURE GOODS A SPECIALTY.

"LAST CHANCE" FOR THE "SLAUGHTER PRICES" ON WINTER GOODS.

To make room for our Big Stock of Spring Goods which are arriving daily, we must sell everything we can at once. We have found that the best way to Reduce Stock Quick is to make the Prices SO LOW that the people simply cannot resist the enticing values we offer. SO YOU WILL FIND IT TO YOUR BIG ADVANTAGE TO COME TO OUR STORE and supply your needs at BIG SAVING PRICES.

Smart, Nobby Spring Hats and Caps

We have bought this season for the young man the most stylish and up-to-the-minute Hats and Caps you ever saw in any town or city. Something with class to them. Different from the ordinary. Call and be convinced. GLENCOE'S HATTER.

E. Mayhew & Co.

"THE STORE WHERE QUALITY REIGNS."

The Transcript.

THURSDAY, MARCH 4, 1915

Newbury

The Lenten service was changed this week to Tuesday instead of Friday on account of the patriotic concert.

Much work has been put in the preparation of the patriotic concert for Friday, 5th, and should be well patronized. The play, "Shiny at Vassar," with choruses between acts, will make a full evening.

F. W. Durfee and wife, of Mortlach, Sask., spent a few days in town guests of Dr. and Mrs. McVicar, "Ingleside," on their way home from Embro where they spent several weeks. Fred, is another Newbury old boy who has done well in the West. He was elected alderman at the last election in their town.

David Gage has improved the appearance of his home by the addition of a verandah.

Worms in children work havoc. These pests attack the tender lining of the intestines and, if left to pursue their ravages undisturbed, will ultimately perforate the wall, because these worms are of the hook variety that cling to and feed upon interior surfaces. Miller's Worm Powders will not only exterminate these worms, of whatever variety, but will serve to repair the injury they have done.

EKFRID STATION.

EKFRID STATION, March 2.—James and John Murray have returned from visiting their sister, Mrs. Jake Murley, of Cass City, Mich.

Mrs. D. Blue, of Duart, is visiting her brother, R. P. Cornet, of Wood bees are the order of the day. Miss Algie, of London, is the guest of Mrs. W. G. McCallum.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. McCallum made a business trip to London one day last week.

A. F. McTavish, of Inwood, spent a few days with friends here last week. Mrs. Etta Smith is visiting her sister, Mrs. Agnes Switzer, of Mount Brydges.

The patriotic society of this section, together with a number of invited friends, spent a very social time at the former home of John Murray on Wednesday evening last. Music was furnished by Leitch Bros., of Dunwich. Proceeds of evening, \$35.

The patriotic committee shipped a large box of handkerchiefs, bandages and other hospital supplies from here last Tuesday.

Pleasant as syrup; nothing equals it as a worm medicine; the name is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. The greatest worm destroyer of the age.

WALKERS.

Walkers, March 1.—Hibbert Denning, of the Bank of Commerce, Strathroy, visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Denning, over Sunday.

A. D. Munroe is home after spending the winter months thrashing clover, and reports a good yield.

Miss Jean Rae, teacher, spent Sunday at Dr. Smith's, at the manse.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Warren, of Alvington, visited at Thomas Field's on Saturday.

Mr. Parker gave a party on Friday night. All report a good time.

Neil and Miss Mary McDougall, of Strathroy, called on friends here on Wednesday last.

The ladies of Burns' Church, Mosa, held a very successful box social in aid of the Red Cross. Lachlan Leitch was in the chair. Program consisted of addresses, songs, violin selections and drills from the different schools. About eighty boxes were sold and great praise is due to D. N. Munroe, who wielded the hammer in his usual good style. Proceeds about \$75.

Miss Davis, teacher in S. S. No. 9, Mosa, spent the week-end at James Walker's.

David Williamson, section foreman, has left to take charge at Melbourne. Sorry to lose David. His brother Sandy is to take his place.

Miss Maggie Walker is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Alex. McNeil, of Glencoe, this week.

Mrs. John Preece has sold her house and lot to Alexander Williamson.

Relieves Asthma at Little Expense. Thousands of domineers have vainly spent upon remedies for asthma and seldom, if ever, with any relief. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy, despite its assurance of benefit, costs so little that it is within reach of all. It is the national remedy for asthma, far removed from the class of doubtful and experimental preparations. Your dealer can supply it.

Appin

Mrs. John Hiscox has gone to visit relatives in London.

Miss Etta E. Hiscox has accepted a position in London.

The many friends in Swift Current, Sask., extend their heartfelt sympathy to the wife and family of the late Duncan S. Campbell, of Appin, Ont. Neil Galbraith is in Toronto this week.

Rev. C. Bristol is suffering from a severe attack of sciatica.

Mrs. Chas. Macfie is seriously ill with la grippe.

The February meeting of the Women's Institute was held at the home of Mrs. Lamont. Twenty-five ladies attended, including three new members. After routine business, a letter was read acknowledging receipt of funds contributed for soldiers' comforts. Committees were appointed to assist the school children in preparing their patriotic entertainment to be given in the hall, March 17. Plans were discussed for an "April Fool's Day" social. The "Funny Time" was given

over to the relating of amusing incidents. Lunch was served by the hostesses for the day.

The school children of No. 14, Ekfrid, have been enthusiastically carrying out a little patriotic idea of their own. The girls talked over the way in which they might do "something to help," and decided to organize a sewing class. Miss Gale, the assistant teacher, became the president. Materials were bought and the girls made them up into useful articles. Their friends donated other articles. They felt that they would like to have a sale, donating the proceeds to the "Dollar Chain" of the Farmer's Advocate. Mr. Payne, the principal, encouraged the children by helping get up a program and getting the use of the hall, and the members of the Women's Institute were only too glad to help out the children's idea. Now the details are nearly complete and The Children's Bazaar will be held on the evening of St. Patrick's Day, when they will offer for sale their sewing, home-made candy, etc. Also a fish pond will be found for those fond of sport. The Women's Institute will look after the refreshments which will be served at the end of the program.

The children hope that the parents, trustees, ex-pupils and all interested in the school work will come out and encourage their effort by giving them a crowded house at their first patriotic bazaar.

The regular meeting of the Appin Mutual Improvement Society was held in the town hall on Tuesday evening, Feb. 23rd. Herman Galbraith acted as chairman, and the following numbers were enjoyed by a packed house: Instrumental duet, Misses Marion and Margaret Macfie; selection, "Soldiers of the King," Glee Club; mouth organ solo, Master Donald McMaster; solo, Mr. Auty. Debate, "Resolved that a man will do more for love than for money." Affirmative, F. Huston, John McIntyre, Bert Watterworth; negative, W. P. Speno, Evan McMaster, L. H. Payne. The affirmative side won. Selection, "Tipperary." Glee Club; reading, Miss Jeanette Loran; Glee Save the King. Debate for Tuesday, March 9th, "Resolved that the works of Art are greater than the works of Nature."

KILMARTIN.

Rev. Dr. Smith and D. N. Munroe attended a meeting of Presbytery in London on Tuesday.

Mrs. Neil Munroe spent the week-end in Strathroy at the bedside of her mother, who is ill.

Wilson Moore, of Walkerville, called on friends here on Tuesday. Remember the box social in S. S. No. 17 Friday evening.

IN FIELDS FAR OFF.—Dr. Thomas Electric Oil is known in Australia, South and Central America as well as in Canada and the United States, and its consumption increases each year. It has made its own way, and all that needs to be done is to keep its name before the public. Everyone knows that it is to be had at any store, for all merchants keep it.

Wardsville

Wardsville, March 1.—D. McPherson, of Alder, took two sticks of oak timber to the railway yesterday that netted him \$115. One stick was 55 feet long, 22 inches square at one end and 19 at the other. The other stick was slightly shorter and smaller. Their destination is Quebec, where they will be utilized in shipbuilding. It is almost impossible to find timbers suitable for this work.

Mr. and Mrs. George Morrison, who have spent the past two months with relatives and friends here, have returned to their home in Saskatchewan. The Farmers' Club meeting, held in the hall, was addressed by Mr. McIntosh, transportation agent of the Ontario fruit growers of Forest, and Mr. Lick, an experienced fruit man of Oshawa. About 40 farmers heard the two splendid addresses with great interest. They decided to hold another meeting Thursday, March 11.

Mrs. Aitchison is spending a few days with her son in London. William Fordy and family returned to their home in Kilmartin, Sask., after spending the winter with relatives here.

Wardsville, March 2.—Miss B. Hobbs, of Birt, is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. A. Mulligan.

Miss Bessie Wilson, of Dutton, and J. McLarty, of Guelph, spent a few days at her home here.

J. Swartz spent a few days in West Lorne last week.

Miss Le Quency, of Kilmartin, spent Sunday at her home here.

J. A. M. Shore, of the Royal Bank, spent Sunday at his home in Ridge-town.

Miss Vera Palmer left Monday for Norwich where she has a position in a millinery store.

Mrs. Currie will reopen her millinery parlors here on the 22nd of March. The entertainment given by the Wardsville High School last Friday evening was well received by a good-sized audience. Mr. Cyril Hayes' selections included a pleasing variety of subjects and held the attention of his hearers. The part of the program provided by the pupils also called forth favorable comment. After expenses are paid the proceeds will leave a gratifying amount to be devoted to school purposes.

School Reports.

Report of S. S. No. 11, Alderburgh, for February.

Fourth—Elsie Sutton 78 per cent., Jean McRae 75, Bessie Blain 67, Finlay Sutton 67, Gordon Liddle 57, Clayton Liddle 56, Muriel McIntosh 56, Emerson King 42.

Third—Roy Downie 93, Eva Downie 91, Helen Campbell 87, Agnes Campbell 81, Charlie 84, Myrtle Downie 75, Rose Woodward 57, Dan Winger 53, Albert Downie 53, Sanford Gardner 47.

Second—Florence Blain 88, Sadie Geary 83, Norman Sutton 82, Mary Winger 81, Douglas Stricker 79, Grace Stricker 79, Percy Winger 77, John McLean 75, Blanche Geary 62, Helen O'Neil 23.

Primer—Annie McLean, Rhea McRae. Missed one exam.

Teacher, L. McMAHAN.

Report of S. S. No. 8, Ekfrid, for February.

The following are the average marks obtained:

Sr. IV.—Edna Poole 87, Adeline Poole 79, Mary Bell Duncanson 73, Jr. IV.—Alex. McRae 52, Neil Hyndman 41.

III.—Anna Bell McRae 81, George Coulthard 61.

II.—A. D. Duncanson 79, Stanley Hyndman 41.

I.—Evelyn Poole 81, Catharine Duncanson 75, Philip McRae 61, Barbara McRae 57, Frederick Burgess 48.

Primer.—Gladys McEachern 79, Mac. McRae 68, Flora McRae 65, Percy Reeves 48.

February report of S. S. No. 3, Mosa. Average per cent. given:

IV.—Winnie Wakefield 81, George Harvey 81, Carrie Nethercott 81, Percy Nethercott 81, Hugh Lamont 68, Lillie Welch 67, Lawrence Harvey 64, Rosella Wright 58, Dan Watterworth 54, Tom Simpson 53.

III.—Annie Wakefield 88, Walter Wakefield 80, Verna Watterworth 72, Leonard Simpson 77, Fred Wakefield 74, Florence Simpson 71, Allan McDonald 65, Jessie Lumley 53.

II.—Amy James 99, Cecil Moore 79, Hugh Wakefield 74, Conny Moore 70, Leonard Winger 69, John McDonald 60, Norman Winger 51, Lawrence Winger 47, Gordon Lancaster 44.

I.—Roy Wakefield 80, Nelson Whitlock 87, Alice Harvey 85.

Primer.—Margaret McDonald, Glen Wright, Richard Fry, Edith Lumley.

Perfect attendance.

Average attendance, 27.

C. M. TELFER.

Report in per cent. of February exams, for S. S. No. 1, Mosa:

IV.—Willie Simpson 78, Gladys Thompson 77, Alice Kook 72, Kathleen Simpson 70, Annie McIntyre 63, Elsie Francis absent.

Sr. III.—Lizzie Gould 71, Russell Childs 70.

Jr. III.—Gwendolene Goff 76, Harry Francis and Jean Siddall absent.

II.—Norman Gould 71, J. D. Simpson 70, Lloyd Gould 66, Charles Kook 56, Mary Simpson 40, Ernest McCutcheon 40.

I.—Lita Gould 73, Campbell McRae 60.

The following is the February report, in percentage, for S. S. No. 12, Mosa:

Fourth Book—Hugh McAlpine 76, Irene McVicar 70, Clarence McVicar 63.

Third Book, Sr.—A. D. McVicar 73, Jr.—Dan McVicar 72.

Second Book, Sr.—Wilson McLean 86, Emerson McVicar 71, Ella Quick 69.

Jr.—Sarah Mitchell 71, William H. Quick 70.

First Book—Bruce McLean 81, Winnifred McLean 72, Sarah 63, Correll 70, Margaret McIntyre 60.

Primer, A.—William A. Quick, B.—Ella Pierce.

C—Barbara McVicar, Jean McVicar. Perfect attendance.

EVELYN M. MCLACHLAN.

CHAIR OF TOWN PLANNING.

London University Takes Long Step In Advance of Rivals.

By establishing a Chair of Town Planning the senate of London University has taken an extremely interesting step, which shows how rapidly the town-planning movement is coming into its own.

The Universities of Liverpool and Birmingham already possess town-planning professorships, but the scheme of London University is more complete than that of any other university.

London already has a department of architecture, with a Professor of Architecture, and a Chair of Municipal Engineering (filled by Mr. E. R. Matthews, who was engineer at Bridlington, and took a considerable part in town-planning schemes there). The university has also a Professor of Hygiene. These departments will co-operate with the new department of town-planning.

The fact that some 200 town-planning schemes are now under the consideration of the Local Government Board shows that the subject is going to be one of great importance in the future.

The new professor will be the head of the Department of Town Planning within the University School of Agriculture at University College, and will organize the work in town-planning in co-operation with the director and staff of that school and the Chadwick Professor of Municipal Engineering.

Besides giving lectures and holding evening classes in the first two terms, the occupant of the new chair will be required to supervise the town-planning work of regular students in the drawing office, and to provide teaching and supervision for special students. He must also give courses of public lectures from time to time, organize the summer school of town-planning, and attend meetings of the boards and faculties with which he is connected.

Too Good a Villain.

An actor in a small company was unable one night to get accommodation at the only hotel in an English town, it is said, because its proprietor, a remarkably slow going person for such a place, recognized him as the villain in the melodrama who had stolen a cash box, set fire to a house, killed a detective, damaged a race horse and betrayed the hero's sister.

But something like this really did happen to George Scott, manager of the Alhambra in London. In his younger days Mr. Scott was a stage villain of the deepest dye, and one of his favorite parts was that of the wicked Levison in "East Lynne."

After playing the character a few nights in Blackpool he had occasion for wishing to change his lodgings, and, knocking at the door of a house in the next street, was greeted by the good lady who opened it with a shriek and the subsequent exclamation: "What! It's Levison, the dirty villain! Ye can't have rooms in my 'ouse! Get out or I'll call the police!"

To Find Your Umbrella.

A simple innovation to assist forgetful folks to recover articles left by them in public vehicles is announced from Berlin. In future every taxi and horse cab in the German capital will be provided with a little box all with cards bearing the identification number of the vehicle. The traveler is requested to help himself from this box.

The introduction in London of the same method for tracing lost property more quickly would not be out of place as shown by the fact that last year no fewer than 84,876 objects were found and deposited at Scotland Yard by drivers and conductors of public vehicles. The British climate is responsible for the fact that the largest number of these objects were umbrellas, of which 32,250 were lost and found. Next come grips and satchels, 10,164.

White Elephants.

White elephants are not white by any means. They are a dark cream color and so scarce as to be greatly prized by the nations that own them. In Siam they are worshipped, as they are in Burma and other Buddhist lands. Money cannot buy them, and no king who owns one dares to sell it. If he did so his people would think that the severest penalties would follow the action. The King of Siam once sent among other presents to Queen Victoria a golden box locked by a golden key. This box was said to contain the most precious gift of all. When it was opened it was found to contain a few hairs from the tail of the white elephant.

Photographs by Wire.

In London the other day a demonstration was given of the telegraph, an electrical invention which reproduces a photograph at a distance as easily as an item of news.

Various portraits were transmitted over a distance of 600 miles, and the demonstrator said that recent experiments showed that before long pictures would be flashed between New York and London.

A further development will be the transmission of photographs by wireless telegraphy. A demonstration of this process is promised within the next two months.

Self-Propelled Dump Cart.

A quick-unloading form of dump cart has recently been placed on the market by an English concern, which permits rapid disposal of dirt, ashes, and debris from wrecked buildings without rehaling. The cart is self-propelled, a steam engine furnishing the power, and by suitable gearing, operating the dumping device.

Don't Waste Time.

Every moment you now lose is so much character and advantage lost, as, on the other hand, every moment you now employ usefully is so much time wisely laid out at prodigious interest.—Lord Chesterfield.

MACKSVILLE.

Macksville, Mar. 1.—John McAlpine has purchased the store at this place from his father, D. E. McAlpine, and took possession a few days ago.

Mrs. Geo. Moore, sr., has been called to London to the bedside of her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Geo. Moore, jr., who is seriously ill with pleuro-pneumonia in St. Joseph's Hospital.

Henry Stringer, of St. Thomas, is spending a few days in this burg. Mrs. John Thomas is spending a few days with her mother, Mrs. Jane Galbraith.

Evan McMaster is teaching in S. S. No. 6 owing to the ill-health of Mr. Black.

Quite a few from around here attended the dance at South Ekfrid on Wednesday night of last week.

Mrs. Enoch Moore had a quilting bee on Thursday last.

John Gough, who has been visiting his uncle, Curtis Gough, of this place, intends returning to the West shortly.

Are you Bilious?

Don't let it run too long, it will lead to chronic indigestion. In the meanwhile you suffer from miserable, sick headaches, nervousness, depression and sallow complexion. Just try CHAMBERLAIN'S STOMACH & LIVER TABLETS. They relieve fermentation, indigestion—gently but surely cleanse the system and keep the stomach and liver in perfect running order. At all druggists, 25c. or by mail from Chamberlain Medicine Co., Toronto.



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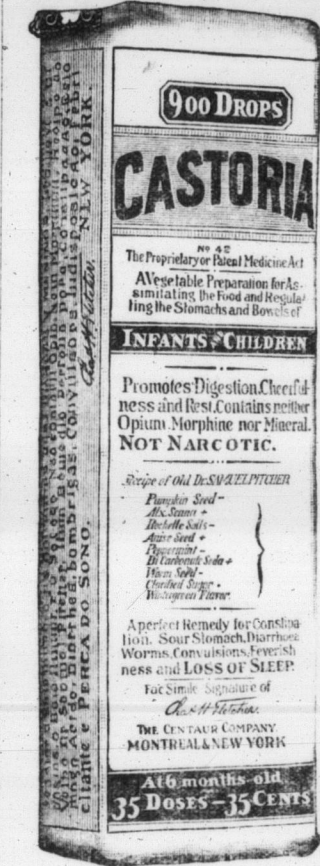
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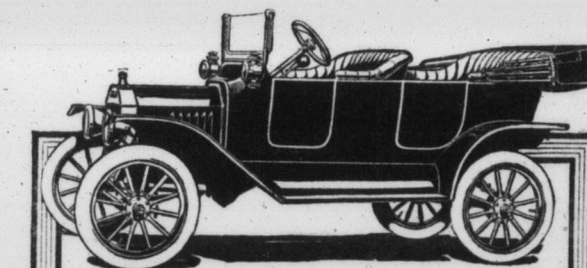
Established 1863 Head Office, Montreal
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Deposits made of your savings in the Savings Bank Department of this strong institution. Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards will be received and interest at current rates added to principal twice a year.

MAKE YOUR MONEY WORK FOR YOU AS YOU HAVE WORKED FOR IT

The bank will appreciate your business whether the account is large or small. All customers treated with the same courtesy and consideration.

J. A. McKELLAR, Manager GLENCOE BRANCH



"MADE IN CANADA"

Ford Touring Car Price \$590

Prices of other Ford cars are: Two-passenger Runabout \$540, Two-passenger Coupelet \$550, Five-passenger Sedan \$715. All cars fully equipped, including electric headlights. Prices F. O. B. Ford, Ont. Buyers of all Ford cars will share in our profits if we sell 30,000 cars between August 1, 1914 and August 1, 1915. All Ford cars are on exhibition at

Alex. Duncan's, Glencoe

