





THE SUNDAY-TRIBUNE, ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, MAY 7, 1904.

# NEWCH WANG CAPTURED BY JAPS; RUSSIAN LOSS 4,000 ON YALU.

## Czar's General Tells of Desperate Japanese Bayonet Charges on His Batteries

### Kuroki Gives His Casualties as 778 Togo Makes Another Effort to Block Port Arthur, but Alexieff Says They Were Repulsed With Loss of Eight Fireships and About All Their Crews—Kuropatkin Admits That Mikado's Troops Captured Many of Their Guns, and That 800 Wounded Have Been Brought in So Far.

London, May 4.—The Chefoo correspondent of the Daily Chronicle cables the following under yesterday's (Tuesday) date:—  
"The Japanese landed troops, attacked and captured Newchwang last evening. The Russians falling back to protect the railway."  
"St. Petersburg, May 3.—In a report received by the emperor from General Kuropatkin under today's date, it is stated that at least from 3,000 to 4,000 men were killed in the Yalu river fight."

hired Chinese bearers to Feng-Wang-Cheng was very difficult. Two-wheeled carts and horses lent by the cavalry were also utilized for this purpose. Most of the wounded, however, arrived on foot, assisted by their comrades and reached Feng-Wang-Cheng within 24 hours.  
"Lieut. General Zassalitch declares that the troops retained their morale notwithstanding the heavy losses and are ready for fresh engagements."  
"The Japanese losses were very heavy at the passage of the river, at their position at Turechen and on the hill occupied by the two battalions of the Eleventh regiment."  
"According to the statements of participants in the battle at least 3,000 to 4,000 were killed."

### Japanese Fire-ships' Crews Lost or Killed

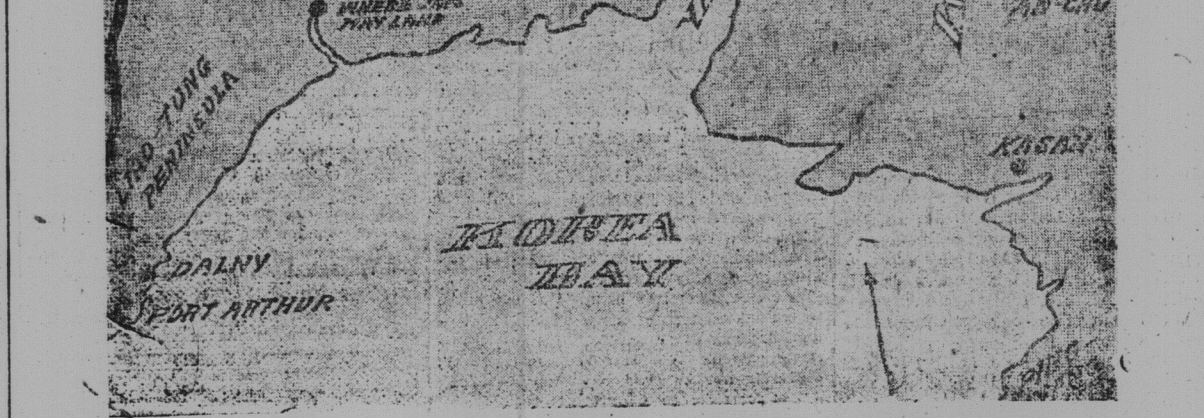
Port Arthur, May 3.—The crews of the Japanese fire-ships which were sunk and destroyed while attempting to block the channel, tried to save themselves by boats in which they put out to sea. A majority of them were killed by the Russian machine guns and rifles. Some of the survivors were picked up.  
"At daybreak a number of Japanese were seen clinging to the masts and funnels of the sunken vessels, and these were rescued by the Russians. Thirteen of the wounded Japanese have since died. The Russians supplied the survivors with food and clothing and the wounded were taken to the hospital ship Mongolia."  
"During the morning ten of the enemy's torpedo boats remained in the offing and were fired on at long range."  
"At 9.30 o'clock it was signalled that there was a Japanese fleet in the vicinity and that two of the enemy's launches had been run ashore."  
"The town is quiet. Large crowds watched this morning's operations with great interest."  
"Grand Duke Boris arrived here this evening."

### Kuroki Captures 300 Prisoners

Tokio, May 3, 6 p. m.—A supplemental report was received here today from General Kuroki. It is dated today and says: "Yesterday the enemy offered a stubborn resistance against our pursuit, adding about 300 to our casualties. The enemy stood with resolution until their artillery, consisting of two batteries, lost the majority of its men and horses. Then they broke the breeches and closing apparatus of their guns and hoisted the white flag."  
"According to a captured Russian officer, Major General Kashalinsky, commander of the third sea Siberian rifle brigade, the colonels of the eleventh and twelfth rifle regiments, and the commander of the rifle artillery battalion were killed in the fighting at Heng-tung."  
"It seems that the enemy was entirely routed by our attack, because since yesterday many have come in and surrendered. Our prisoners include 30 officers, 20 sergeants, 100 privates, and 300 men, 100 of whom are wounded."  
"A preliminary report from the chief surgeon of the first Japanese army shows that we had 778 men killed and wounded. These casualties are divided as follows: The Imperial Guards 132, Second division 330, third division 316."

### Kuropatkin Explains Russian Defeat

St. Petersburg, May 3.—7.05 p. m.—General Kuropatkin's official report, dated May 2, says General Zassalitch's force retreated in good order, eventually arriving at Feng Wang Cheng. He attributes the losses on the Yalu to the superiority of the Japanese artillery. The number of casualties on the Russian side are not specified by General Zassalitch. According to information just obtained from the general staff, Zassalitch's entire force at the Yalu consisted of fifteen rifle battalions of 500 men each, and five batteries or forty guns. One regiment of three battalions, and two batteries stationed at Antung, did not participate in Sunday's fight, and retired without loss. The heights of Kiu Lien Cheng and Hu San were held by four regiments and four batteries, about 10,000 men and thirty-two guns, against 80,000 Japanese and 160 guns, in addition to sixteen 12-pounder siege guns landed from the gunboats. These guns are considered by the Russians to have been responsible for General Zassalitch's defeat, as the Russian guns were of a light field pattern, with some mountain pieces.  
"The general staff asserts that General Zassalitch had no reserves nearer than Feng Wang Cheng. Reserves, it is added, were unnecessary, as General Zassalitch's mission was only to observe and harass, but not to impede the Japanese."  
"It is like General Kuroki's luck that General Zassalitch should be such a headstrong commander," said an officer.  
"It is admitted by the general staff that the Japanese flanking move affected the morale of the twelve battalions and three batteries at Kiu Lien Cheng and Liza-van, which accounts for the desperate character of the fighting. The 12th and 22nd regiments suffered the most. A great number of officers were killed or wounded, and the gunners of the captured pieces were either killed, wounded or made prisoner. One battery had every man killed."  
"Batteries of Russian horse artillery had 200 men in war time; horse artillery bat-



THE PRESENT THEATRE OF WAR. The map shows the Russian line of retreat and Feng Huan Cheng where the second stand is expected.

teries have 245 men, and Cosack artillery batteries have from 245 to 324 men.

### Kuropatkin Admits Heavy Losses

St. Petersburg, May 3.—Under today's date, General Kuropatkin telegraphs as follows:—  
"Owing to the interruption of telegraphic communication, I have received no report from General Zassalitch."  
"According to the testimony of persons arriving here during the night from Feng Wang Cheng, the Japanese on May 1 were repulsed by the Russian fire. The Russian 22nd and 12th regiments of sharpshooters were engaged, defending themselves vigorously, and on several occasions taking the offensive, inflicting considerable losses on the Japanese. Our small force could not hold this position and retired, leaving several of our heavy losses in men and horses, we could not succeed in carrying off our guns, but their breech-blocks were removed. Our force fell back on Feng Wang Cheng."

### Russian Account of Last Attack on Port Arthur

St. Petersburg, May 3.—High Admiral Grand Duke Alexis has received the following official telegram from the 22nd and 12th regiments of sharpshooters who blocked Port Arthur early this morning:—  
"I respectfully report to your highness that a fresh attack was made by the enemy last night with the object of obstructing the entrance to the port, and that it was successfully repelled."  
"At 1 o'clock this morning five torpedo boats were received near the coast from the eastern batteries. Under the fire of our warships and the batteries they retreated southward."  
"At 1.45 o'clock the first fire-ship, escorted by several torpedo boats, was sighted and we opened fire upon it from the batteries and the warships. Three-quarters of an hour afterwards our searchlights revealed a number of fireships making for the entrance of the harbor from the east and southeast. The coast defence vessels Otravshin and Gremiashchi and the gunboat Glikk repulsed each by well directed fire."  
"Altogether eight ships were sunk by our torpedoes and the explosion of several torpedoes caused fire, subsequently extinguished, on the enemy's torpedoes. The gunboat Glikk, two Japanese torpedo boats were destroyed."  
"At 4 o'clock a m. the batteries and warships ceased fire, subsequently firing only at intervals on the enemy's torpedo boats, which were visible on the horizon."  
"All the fire ships which maintained a constant fire, with which they maintained a constant fire."  
"Up to the present thirty men, including two mortally wounded officers who took refuge on a launch, have been rescued from the fire ships by our picked up. The inspection of the road-head and the work of saving the enemy's men were performed by the heavy sea unit. We suffered no casualties with the exception of a seaman belonging to the torpedo boat destroyer B-erov."  
"On the appearance of the first fire-ship accompanied by the enemy's torpedo boats, I boarded a launch and proceeded to the Otravshin to take immediate measures for repelling the fire ships. With me were Lieut. General Zainaki and Captain Ezerof. The launch was fired upon by the enemy's torpedoes and we were compelled to retire. Immediately afterwards other Japanese ships were sighted on the horizon. They were headed by a fire ship which was sunk near the entrance of the harbor at 1.20 a. m."  
"After an interval of 25 minutes two more fireships came on and were sent to the bottom."  
"At 2.25 four more fireships approached. Three of these blew up on our mine. Two of these sank immediately and the other two fire-ships were sunk by the batteries and warships."  
"The protected cruiser Askold participated in the firing."  
"Fifteen minutes later three more fireships arrived. One of them blew up on a mine, the second vessel was wrecked on the shore and the third was sunk by the Russian batteries."  
"The Japanese attack still continues."

### Czar Dumbfounded Over Yalu Defeat

St. Petersburg, May 3.—The emperor is understood to be greatly grieved over the losses sustained on the Yalu. Those who have seen his majesty say that he was dumbfounded when he was informed of the heavy fighting which attended the passage of the river. As is well understood here, General Kuropatkin's plans did not contemplate such resistance to the Japanese advance. It is said, moreover, that Kuropatkin himself was equally surprised and so chastened over the miscarriage of his plans that he sent his first telegram to the general staff and not direct to the emperor.  
"The understanding here is that General Zassalitch had specific orders to do anything like a general engagement and it is believed that the Russian commander at the front probably was deceived in his estimate of the strength of General Kuroki's artillery, being in entire ignorance that 42 guns had been posted, and got into a position from which he had the greatest difficulty in extricating his men. The only consolation for the loss of the guns is that being without their breech blocks, they are of no value to the enemy."

### Great Rejoicing at Tokio

Tokio, May 3.—5 p. m.—The greatest popular demonstration since the beginning of the war occurred in Tokio this evening. The capital is showing its joy at the Japanese victory on the Yalu. Thousands of people, half of whom are women, paraded the streets in celebration of the triumph of their arms. There were dozens of parades in as many different quarters, and they later were all centralized in one great pageant. The students of the torpedoes and torpedo boat destroyers were ordered out, but none of the larger warships.  
"Admiral Alexieff himself went out on board the coast defence vessel Otravshin. The guardship at the entrance of the harbor and the forts opened a force fire on the fireships which lasted until 5 o'clock

in the morning, when the last fire-ship went down."  
"The official report does not specify the exact spot where the steamers were sunk, but it is plain that the Japanese attempt to cork the entrance of Port Arthur has again failed. The steamers were armed with Hotchkiss and Maxim guns and responded hotly to the Russian fire. The Russians succeeded in saving a few masts and the crews of the fireships, including two officers."

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"The Japanese attack still continues."

### Another Vicious Attempt to Cork Port Arthur

St. Petersburg, May 3, 3.45 p. m.—It is reported that Admiral Togo made another desperate attempt to block the entrance of Port Arthur last night, but failed. General Zassalitch should be such a headstrong commander," said an officer.  
"It is admitted by the general staff that the Japanese flanking move affected the morale of the twelve battalions and three batteries at Kiu Lien Cheng and Liza-van, which accounts for the desperate character of the fighting. The 12th and 22nd regiments suffered the most. A great number of officers were killed or wounded, and the gunners of the captured pieces were either killed, wounded or made prisoner. One battery had every man killed."  
"Batteries of Russian horse artillery had 200 men in war time; horse artillery bat-

popular demonstration, and tonight thousands of men carrying lanterns, swinging high from bamboo poles, paraded through the city. Half a dozen bands of music led the processions. The offices of the war and navy departments and of the general staff were the scenes of the greatest enthusiasm. Two of the imperial princes visited the Navy department and the assembled crowd welcomed them with cheers. Then the throng demanded Admiral Ito, chief of the general staff, and the hero of the fight on the Yalu during the Chino-Japanese war. He appeared in the city at the calls of the people and saluted the crowd.  
"It had been expected that tidings of the Port Arthur engagement would come from Vice Admiral Togo some time during the day, but none were received. The

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# PROMINENT M. P.'S SUDDEN DEATH

## W. F. McCreary, of Selkirk, Found Dead in His Bed.

### HEART FAILURE CAUSED IT.

#### Deceased Retired in His Usual Good Health at the Russell House and, Not Appearing, His Room Was Broken Into—Feeling Tributes in Parliament to Dead Man.

Ottawa, May 4.—(Special)—W. F. McCreary, M. P. of Selkirk, Manitoba, was found dead in his bed room at the Russell house at 6.25 this evening. He died from heart failure.

Mr. McCreary was in the house yesterday evening taking part in the Grand Trunk Pacific debate and looked the embodiment of good health. About 11 o'clock last night he left Mr. Sifton's room to go into the house. They spent a couple of hours together talking over political and other matters.  
"Mr. Sifton told your correspondent how cheerful Mr. McCreary was and how he told him that he had decided to remain in politics. Shortly afterwards he left for his room in the Russell house. He had gone straight to his room as the night was cold and he had some parties say that he was complaining of a heart. Mr. McCreary's room was on the fourth floor, directly opposite his room was E. McNichol's, and on the same flat were W. F. Powell, chief of police, and Edward Farrar.  
"Found Dead in Bed.  
"About 6.25 tonight the girl who looked after the rooms told Mr. Powell and Mr. Nichols when they were going to dinner that she could not get into Mr. McCreary's room all day, nor had she seen him around. The chief looked over the door and saw Mr. McCreary in bed, and found him in bed, undressed with the bed clothes partly thrown off his chest and the room in perfect order. It was at once apparent that he had been dead for some time as the body was partly discolored. His eyes and mouth were closed, and his arms resting on his chest with his hands partly clenched, not clutched. His face was calm and peaceful as if he had died while asleep and without a pain.  
"Dead Two-ive Hours When Discovered.  
"Dr. O'Brien, who was in the Russell house at the time, said that death was from heart failure. Coroner Bapty was notified and he and Dr. O'Brien examined the body and came to the conclusion that Mr. McCreary must have been dead twelve or fourteen hours. The coroner decided at once that an inquest was not necessary and that he would give an order for interment.  
"Hon. Clifford Sifton went to the Russell house as soon as he had heard of the sad news. He visited the dead man's room with Dr. Bapty and interviewed the girl who looked after the rooms. He was accompanied by Messrs. Oliver, Dudgeon, Stewart and Davis, and in fact the entire western contingent were soon on hand to share in the general grief which surrounded the sudden ending of one who was beloved by all."  
"Bill" McCreary had not an enemy in parliament, nor for that matter, out of it. Coroner Bapty, when seen by your correspondent, said that death was from heart failure and that there was no need of an inquest. Dr. O'Brien made the same statement.  
"tributes to Dead M. P.  
"Sir Wilfrid Laurier in the house of commons after it met at 8 o'clock, made a feeling reference to the death of Mr. McCreary and afterwards moved, seconded by Dr. Sproule, who was leading the opposition, that the house adjourn in token of the premier.  
"Mr. Sifton said that twenty-four years ago he was a student with Mr. McCreary in Winnipeg. They had been friends ever since. Mr. McCreary sometimes talked of the advisability of his not remaining in politics but during the last couple of days he had told him that it was his intention for the present to remain in politics. He had never seen Mr. McCreary in better spirits than he had been last evening."  
"William Forsyth McCreary was born at Perthshire, Lanark county, Ontario, May 5th, 1855. His parents were James McCreary, a native of Co. Anagh, Ireland, and Elizabeth Wallace, who was born in Glasgow, Scotland. Mr. McCreary received his education in the public grammar and high schools at Arnprior, Ontario, and in 1882 he married Miss Annie Ellis Greene. He was a barrister-at-law and was alderman of the city of Winnipeg from the years 1883, 1884, 1885 and 1886. In 1887 he was elected mayor. From 1897 to 1900 he was Dominion Commissioner of Immigration, and at the general elections of 1900 he was elected to the house of commons from Selkirk. In politics he was a Liberal and in religious matters a member of the Methodist church."

General Kuroki, Commander of the First Japanese Army, Which Inflicted Disastrous Defeat Upon the Russians at the Yalu.

battalions of the 32nd regiment and the Third Battery of the Sixth brigade.  
"The Japanese took the offensive at 3 o'clock in the morning, despatching at least one division of infantry, which, all wanting in column, sustained enormous losses, but crossed the ford and attacked our position, which was exposed to the fire of thirty-six field guns and siege batteries.  
"The Japanese advanced and occupied the position.  
"At 1 o'clock in the afternoon my left flank was reinforced by two battalions of the Eleventh Regiment and a battery commanded by Lieut. Colonel Moravsky, which were sent to the reserve by General Zassalitch with orders to hold the ground until the departure of the Nin and Tenth regiments. The latter would cover the rear of the main body, a commanding position in the rear from which they could fire on the enemy from two sides.  
"I held Lieut. Colonel Moravsky's battery in reserve and ordered the Twelfth Regiment, the third battery and the quick-firing guns to retire under cover of the Eleventh Regiment.  
"At 3 o'clock the Japanese approached so close to the position held by the Eleventh Regiment that the third battery could not pass along, under the cross-fire, and taking up a position a short distance from the Japanese, remained there until the end of the fight, losing its commander, Lieut. Col. Moravsky.  
"The Twelfth Regiment cut its way through and saved its colors.  
"The Eleventh Regiment which held its ground for two hours more with heavy losses, forced a passage at the point of the bayonet and crossed the ravines with its colors. It lost its colonel, commander, and we lost forty officers and about 2,000 non-commissioned officers and men.  
"The Japanese losses must have been enormous."  
"The Russians retired in good order on Feng Wang Cheng.  
"The men of the Third Division maintained their excellent morale and over 700 wounded proceeded with their regiment to Feng Wang Cheng."

### Terrible Loss of Russians Stuns St. Petersburg

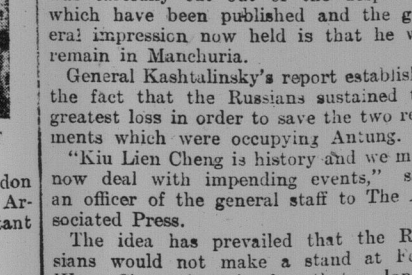
St. Petersburg, May 3, 3.47 a. m.—The Russian losses at the battle of Kiu Lien Cheng were 2,000 men and 40 officers—far greater than previous reports indicated. This is the official estimate of Major General Kashalinsky, who directly commanded the division that suffered the heaviest losses, and whose report was received yesterday by the Emperor. Many are inclined to place the Russian losses even higher.  
"The magnitude of the Russian losses had an almost stunning effect on the authorities and aroused great grief, mitigated only by satisfaction at the brave display by the Russian troops."  
"Not for a moment was there any intention to pay such a terrible price for delaying the enemy's crossing at the Yalu. The fact was shown throughout the city as a grave rise to renewed reports, attributed to official resources, that General Kuropatkin had officially censured Lieut. General Zassalitch. It was so, General Kuropatkin's telegraphic criticism of Zassalitch was carefully cut out of the despatches which have been published and the general impression now held is that he remains in Manchuria."  
"General Kashalinsky's report establishes the fact that the Russians sustained the greatest loss in order to save the two regiments which were occupying Antung."  
"Kiu Lien Cheng is history and we must now deal with impending events."  
"The idea has prevailed that the Russians would not make a stand at Feng Wang Cheng, but the fact that a Japanese occupation of that point would enable a movement to the southwest, thus cutting off the Liao Tung peninsula, which is taken into consideration by the authorities, leads to the expectation that General Kuropatkin will dispatch strong reinforcements there and make a determined stand."

### Big Shipments of Potatoes to Boston

Fredericton, May 3.—(Special)—Jacob Hazlett, the well known lumberman of this city, has bought for \$6,500 the excellent farm of Geo. B. Smith at Manguerville, and will take possession at once.  
"As many as forty or fifty rail cars of logs came down to Springhill from upriver yesterday. They are all for the Scott Lumber Company. Each rail is made up of five or six joints.  
"Potato shipments to the United States have been unusually brisk here during the past few months, and it is estimated that at least 25,000 barrels have been sent over the border from the counties of York and ex-Ald. W. W. Boyce, of this city, who has forwarded about 7,000 barrels. Potatoes are now worth from \$1.75 to \$1.90 in the local market, and in Boston they are selling at from \$2 to \$2.25 per bushel.  
"Gillmor Brown, C. E., left for St. John on the 9.45 train today. From there he will go to Kent county, where Brown Bros. expect to carry on some extensive contracting work this summer."

### What Do You Think Your Neighbors Will Say if You Used Sunlight Soap?

Why did holes wear so soon? You used common soap.



SUNLIGHT SOAP EXPENSE

Ask for the Octagon Mark.



OUR COUNTRY CORRESPONDENCE.

FREDERICK. Fredericton, N. B., May 4.—(Special)—George Herbert Lamb has been appointed police magistrate for the town of St. Andrews.

William E. Upton, of Queens county, has been appointed a provincial constable. Upwards of 100 separate rifts of bank logs were landed at Springhill today, being the biggest day's run this season.

St. Martins, May 4.—The whistle of the St. Martins railway is heard in the village again. A working train and crew of men started out on Monday morning and are proceeding with repairs towards Hampton, where they hope to reach in a few days.

CHATHAM. Chatham, May 3.—The first meeting of the new town council was held last evening.

to have license than to run the act for revenue. Ald. Maher thought Ald. Bentley should have raised this objection before the assessment passed, as the Scott Act fines were dependent upon for public salaries.

CARAQUET. Caraquet, N. B., May 3.—Our fishermen are very busy preparing their boats and schooners to start out as soon as the ice is cleared off.

MONCTON. Moncton, May 3.—A shipment of about 250 pounds of copper ore taken from the Maritime Copper Company's property at Goose River, St. John county, to the world's fair was made from Moncton to St. John this morning.

HOPEWELL HILL. Hopewell Hill, May 2.—James Stuart, a very highly respected resident of Riverside, died yesterday after several weeks illness, the result of paralysis, aged about 70 years.

The widow and family have the sympathy of all in their bereavement. Ald. Maher thought Ald. Bentley should have raised this objection before the assessment passed, as the Scott Act fines were dependent upon for public salaries.

INDIAN ISLAND. Indian Island, May 2.—Charles W. Henley is confined to the house with a severe cold.

HARVEY STATION. Harvey Station, May 3.—The ice still remains in the lakes here, but is likely to break up in a day or two.

WASHADEMOAK. Washademoak, April 27.—The ice here ran out some time ago. The boat has not arrived yet, and we are expecting it this week.

PENOBSCUIS. Penobscuis, May 5.—The funeral of the late Caleb McCready took place today from the noon train from Salsbury.

WILSONS BEACH. Wilsons Beach, May 2.—Mrs. Andrew Small and family, of Brockton (Mass.), are visiting Mrs. Small's mother, Mrs. Susan Brown, Mrs. Small has been seriously ill with rheumatism since her arrival, but it is considerably improved at present.

BLOOMFIELD STATION. Bloomfield Station, Kings Co., N. B., May 4.—A barn, the property of George W. White, Guttridge Road, Central North, was destroyed by fire Tuesday afternoon.

SHARPS. TRADE MARK. BALSAM OF HERRING AND ANISEED FOR CROUP, BRONCHITIS, AND WHOOPING COUGHS.

ST. JOHN DRILL HALL PLANS NEW

Minister of Militia Says Government Will Establish Field Battery Here. WANT MORE PROTECTION. British Columbia Lumber Dealers Want to Shut Out Americans—Thos. Mackie Says There's a Combine in Canadian Northwest, and There's No Need of a Duty.

ST. JOHN DRILL HALL. In the house today Sir Frederick Borden said that plans were forwarded from Ottawa to the district officer commanding at St. John for a drill hall, on February 1904.

PURE-BRED STOCK SALE NOT VERY SUCCESSFUL. Clydesdale Stallions Realized Fair Prices, But Demand for Cattle Was Very Slow.

RUSSIANS FEAR FATE OF FORT ARTHUR. (Continued from page 1.) Press: "They are too careful to commit such a blunder as to expose their flank to the Russians stationed at Fen Wang Chung. I think they will fortify their position at the Yalu and may land troops at Tamsu Han and hold the seacoast, but in no case would they advance across to Liao Tung where they might be taken on either flank by General Kurapatkin from Liao Yang and General Stoessef from the south."

SYSTEMIC CATARRH SO LITTLE UNDERSTOOD

Claims Many Thousands. A Tragedian's Thanks to Peru-... ROBERT DOWNING, THE FAMOUS TRAGEDIAN.

AGED DIGBY COUNTY PEOPLE PASS AWAY. Digby, May 3.—Several sudden deaths of Digby county people occurred last night, at this port, and leaves besides the late John McKay, who resided with his son, John F. McKay, died suddenly while sitting in his chair, aged 93 years.

CHESLEY THOMAS, OF BARTON, AND CHESLEY THOMAS-JOHN D. VEITS DIED AT BANFF, N. W. T., RECENTLY. A telegram received here this morning announces the death of John Douglas W. Veits, which occurred in Banff (N. W. T.) last night, aged 26 years.

SAM PARKS, NOTED LABOR AGITATOR, DEAD. Oswego, N. Y., May 4.—Sam Parks, the New York labor leader, who was sent to Sing Sing prison some months ago after his conviction on a charge of extortion, died in the prison today.

WINDSOR SALT. It is all salt—pure, clean, crystals, and nothing but salt.



THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH

Published every Wednesday and Saturday...  
W. W. McNEIL, Editor.

ADVERTISING RATES

Ordinary commercial advertisements...  
Wm. Somerville,  
W. A. Ferris.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Remittances should be sent by post...  
The following agents are authorized to receive...

AUTHORIZED AGENTS

Wm. Somerville,  
W. A. Ferris.

Subscribers are asked to pay their...  
Semi-Weekly Telegraph

ST. JOHN, N. B., MAY 7, 1904.

THE RIGHT TO WORK

The law permits a man to strike...  
The laborer whom they assaulted...  
The men who sought to make a man go...

PORT ARTHUR

If confirmed today the news...  
The Russian have affirming of the...  
The Russian have affirming of the...

EVIL DAYS FOR RUSSIA

Two reports from the East...  
The Japanese have taken Newchwang...  
The Russian have affirming of the...

HOW TO GAIN FLESH

The life of foods is the fat...  
The life of foods is the fat...  
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Suits \$3.95 and \$5.00  
Never in this store's history has there been such a...  
J. N. HARVEY, Men's and Boys' Clothier,  
199 and 201 Union Street.

Neverslip Calks  
are steel-centered, self-sharpening...  
Agents, W. H. THORNE & CO., LIMITED,  
Market Square, St. John, N. B.

"SUNSHINY ALBERTA" Heart Palpitated.  
Only Two Cloudy Days During a Whole Month.  
SEEDING APRIL 1.  
Wheat is Sown as Soon as the Snow is Off—Season Ten Days Later Than Last Year—Interesting Letter from The Telegraph's Correspondent.

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS  
She writes: "I was run down that I was not able to do my work, was short of breath, had a spasmodic every night and could scarcely get to bed."  
THE T. MILBURN CO., Ltd., Montreal, Que.

Students Can Enter at Any Time.  
Because the instruction given is most individual and there are no vacations to interrupt the work.  
S. KERR & SON, Halifax, N.S.

Liquozone acts like oxygen—acts as a tonic with which nothing else known can compare. Let us buy you a bottle to try.  
We have purchased more than a million bottles of Liquozone and given them free to the sick. During the past four months, we have spent over \$200,000 to announce and fulfill this offer.

What Liquozone Is.  
Liquozone is the result of a process which, for more than 20 years, has been the constant subject of scientific and chemical research. Its virtues are derived solely from gas—largely oxygen gas—by a process requiring immense apparatus.

Germ Diseases.  
These are the known germ diseases. All the medicine can do for these troubles is help Nature overcome the germs, and the results are indefinite and uncertain. Liquozone kills the germs wherever they are, and the results are inevitable. By destroying the cause of the trouble, it infallibly ends the disease, and forever.



LOCAL AND PROVINCIAL.

The inland revenue receipts for the month of April were \$2,832.50, an amount well above the target set for the month.

The new Presbyterian church at Loggieville, said to be the finest structure on the Miramichi, is to be formally opened Sunday, May 22.

As a result of the conference the I. C. R. officials and the committee of the telegraph operators at Ottawa it is said every operator on the system will receive increased pay.

The first sails to arrive at Summerside this season were three sail boats which went from Cape Breton on Monday for supplies, and bringing a large quantity of wheat to be ground in Robinson's roller mill.

For the present at least no action can be taken as regards holding an inquiry into the death of John Gabrielson, who received injuries by falling down the hold of the steamer Unique on April 28, as the steamer has sailed.

Captain John Ingersoll, of the Aurora, Tuesday received a Masonic emblem pin, which he lost eighteen years ago when the ship was burned at Turnbull's wharf.

Disaffection is expressed among the union tailors of St. John concerning the manner in which pay is regulated in the local shops. The local union has placed the matter before the international union.

The Dominion Coal Company has placed the contract for the improvements on the Robinson wharf in the hands of C. C. Clark, who yesterday morning put a crew of men at work tearing down the old wharf.

The St. John branch of the Labrador mission to deep sea fishermen, which is strictly un denominational, purpose sending a boat to Labrador this month, and would be glad of contributions of new or half worn clothing for men, women and children.

The seventy-five tons of straw which was made unsealable by fire in the C. P. R. warehouse about a week ago, is being given to those who are drying their potatoes in a very large dam, although a number of farmers have taken the chance of getting a quantity.

Rev. A. M. Walker has accepted the pastorate of the Unitarian church of this city. Mr. Walker is a native of Cincinnati (Ohio), and attended the University, and pursued post graduate work in philosophy at the same institution.

Dr. Carr, who was granted the degree of Doctor of Divinity from the Presbyterian College, Halifax several years ago, is a native of St. Elizabeth's (P.E.I.).

Mr. Carr was taken to his home by Rev. R. S. Patterson, of Bellevue, and prepared for College. He won a scholarship in Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown, which meant free tuition for two years and a grant of \$10 for two successive years.

C. J. Sillick, the managing director of the new company, went from Baie Verte to Amherst yesterday for business with the officials of the company.

The Granger Condition Powders. Cure Stomach, Swelled Legs, Bad Blood, Horse Ail, Cough, Thick Water, a Blood Tonic and Purifier. At all dealers. Price 25 cts. THE BAIRD CO., Ltd., Proprietors. WOODSTOCK, N. B.

HIGH COURT AT EDMUNDSTON

I. O. F. Executive Decided Place of Meeting Wednesday Night. Oronyatekha Will Not Be Able to Attend Session, Nor Take Part in the Champlain Tercentenary Here—Election of Supreme Court Delegates Deferred.

The next session of the New Brunswick High Court, Independent Order of Foresters, will be held in Edmundston on July 5 and 6. The place of meeting was decided at a meeting of the executive held in the Royal Hotel yesterday afternoon and last evening.

It had been expected that the high court would, at the Edmundston meeting, elect delegates to the supreme court meeting in Boston in 1905, but as there will be another session of the New Brunswick high court before the supreme court meeting, the elections will not take place till then.

The announcement, that Oronyatekha will not be able to attend the high court in July, has been a disappointment here, as he will not be here for the Champlain tercentenary, which will be much regretted.

GOOD DRIVING OUTLOOK

Encouraging Report is Received from Edmundston.

Plus Michael, of Edmundston, writes to the Telegraph under date of April 30 that he has read the report from Clair recently that prospects for this season's lumber drives were not good.

The old lumber in the St. John river is passing by Edmundston very thick. There is a jam of four million feet at Windfall Falls and it was broken by Messrs. L. W. & E. Pond Friday and Saturday.

There is a steamer somewhere in the city who is in possession of an alarm clock and a bundle of dry goods, the property of Wm. Clark of Dipper Harbor, who, a few days ago, accidentally dropped the goods together with a parcel of boots from his boat while driving through the city.

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A BAIE VERTE MAN, Who Has Built Up a Large Industry in the Town of Amherst.

Letters of incorporation have been granted by the government of Nova Scotia, to a company known as Sillick & Company, Limited. The capital stock of this concern is named at \$100,000 and it will acquire the business owned by G. J. Sillick in the town of Amherst.

C. J. Sillick, the managing director of the new company, went from Baie Verte to Amherst yesterday for business with the officials of the company.

Remember to grease the mould or basin used for baking puddings before the mixture is put into it.

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ST. JOHN MEN CAUGHT CRIBBING AT CIVIL SERVICE EXAMS, HERE.

Two Debarred from Benefits of Examinations for Copying. They Are in the Government Employment—Montreal Paper Has an Article on the Matter—Dr. Dole, Local Examiner, Talks About It.

In a statement relative to the last civil service examinations throughout the dominion, the Montreal Gazette says that two St. John men were caught copying and were debarred from the examinations and also all future ones, and that both held positions in the civil service branch.

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SADDER AND WISER Young Woman from Newfoundland Loses Money and Lovelorn.

There is considerable trouble ahead of a certain Newfoundland girl if he ever comes back to this city. It seems that about a year and a half ago this young man persuaded his sweetheart, also a native of Newfoundland, to leave the island and come here with the object of finally getting married and settling down.

After waiting a reasonable time for his reappearance the young woman went to look after her father with her own money, when she returned she found it in the possession of another lady, who by the way lives in the North End.

blochy skins. A Trouble Due to Impure Blood Easily Remedied.

Bad blood is the one great cause of bad complexion and blotchy skins. It is why you must see to it that your blood is pure.

THE NEW SUNDAY SCHOOL FIELD SECRETARY.

Rev. F. B. Ganong, who is to succeed Rev. Mr. Lucas as traveling secretary of the Sunday School Association, is a native of Kings County, where he was born about 1840.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

Hon. Chas. Wesley Collier, county clerk and judge of Halifax, and a native of Kings County, N. B., has been transferred to the judicial district of Elgin county, where he is a brother of Rev. J. C. Collier, of Fredericton.

W. S. Hall and family, of St. John, have moved to Albert, where they expect to remain for some time.

Miss Lillian Macomber, editor of the local magazine published last year in Sydney, is now completing in Amherst a similar publication called the Mayflower.

WILL BRING CLYDESDALE MARES FROM SCOTLAND.

Graham Bros., of Ontario, who sold a lot of horses by auction Tuesday at Fredericton, are to bring fifty Clydesdale mares to this city for sale in the latter part of this summer.

Celulose Starch. Never sticks. Requires no boiling. The Bradford Branch Works, Limited, Bradford, Canada.

SCOTT ACT FINES.

A Tidy Amount in Kings County in Recent Cases—Court Session at Hampton.

The following were the fines imposed in the recent Scott Act cases in Kings County: D. P. O. Regan, Havelock, \$50 or 90 days; Archibald Cougle, Sussex, \$50 or 90 days; Gilbert Duncan, Sussex, two cases, \$100 or 120 days; C. Langley, York, nine cases, \$450 or 810 days; R. Carr, Waterford, three cases, \$150 or 240 days; William Sheeker, Waterford, three cases, \$150 or 240 days; Gland Gillies, \$50 or 60 days.

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Celulose Starch. Never sticks. Requires no boiling. The Bradford Branch Works, Limited, Bradford, Canada.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of In Use For Over Thirty Years. CASTORIA. EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

INVITE SIR WILFRID TO THE EXHIBITION.

Directors Decide to Ask Lieutenant Governor to Open the Fair and the Premier to Speak at Opening Ceremonies—They Will Do Away With Machinery Hall This Year.

At a meeting of the Exhibition Association Tuesday it was decided to invite Lt. Gov. Snowball to open the exhibition and to write Sir Wilfrid Laurier to speak.

The work of revising the prize lists has been in the hands of committees which have compiled the lists and the lists will be printed as soon as possible. Ten dollars in prizes will be offered to the school children in each county for the best collection of weeds to be correctly named, mounted and displayed at the exhibition.

TEMPERANCE PLAN IS FOR PROVINCIAL CONVENTION HERE CHAMPLAIN WEEK.

A provincial temperance convention, to be held during the Champlain tercentenary, is the project which St. John temperance workers have in mind and which was discussed at the meeting held in L. P. D. Tilley's office some night ago.

The plans are not complete, but it is what the temperance men are considering. They want to bring into united force the temperance principle of the province to wards the securing of a prohibitory law or at least something more in touch with their desires than at present obtains.

DRIVEN INSANE BY CIGARETTES.

Ern Simonski Will Be Sent to Mt. Hope Asylum, Dartmouth.

Ern Simonski, who was employed by a well known city firm, became suddenly insane Saturday evening from excessive cigarette smoking.

Celulose Starch. Never sticks. Requires no boiling. The Bradford Branch Works, Limited, Bradford, Canada.

Let the Children Wash. They do not wash with the New Century Baby Soaping Washing Machine. It is quick, it is safe, it is easy to use. It is without peer. Your dealer or the nearest grocery store will get you a book fully describing it from THE DOWNSWELL MANUFACTURING CO. LTD., HAMILTON, CAN.



THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH, ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, MAY 7, 1904.

**Dr. Silex.**  
A STIRRING TALE OF ADVENTURE.

By Harris Burland  
"The latest thing in fiction."

The New Serial  
Exclusive Copyright for the provinces secured by The Telegraph

CHAPTER IX.—(Continued.)

Hour after hour I watched her pace along the deck in solitude, her eyes fixed always on the North, her bearing that of an ordinary woman who has set out on a long voyage from mere curiosity, but rather that of one who waits and watches for something or someone that she loves.

We were all her devoted servants. The men saluted her as though she were an admiral of the fleet. Captain Thorsen himself, the indisputable ruler of us all, was as humble in her presence as a child; and I, well, from what I have told you, Cordaux, you will understand that she was something more than a queen to me.

Yet love is not so blind that it asks only to see the external form of that which it loves. I passed many a sleepless night as we ground our way through the crush of ice, and wondered hour after hour about her past, trying to guess what mysterious circumstances had been woven about her life. The awful thought would sometimes come to me that my first impression might not be altogether wrong, and that she was really deluded with the idea that she was a queen of some country which only existed in her own brain; but these thoughts were only imaginations of the night. One had only to see her beautiful face, bearing all the stamp of power and intellect, to realize that such fears were groundless. There was, however, much cause for anxiety and wild conjecture, and day by day I waited, Cordaux—waited for I knew not what.

Our voyage proceeded without much hindrance through the north water until August the first, when we passed through Robeson Channel and turned due west along the north coast of Grant Land. Then once more we saw the white bank of ice on the horizon. Captain Thorsen at once expressed an opinion that we had reached the limit of our voyage, and that all further advance would have to be made by sledges. In a few hours we reached the pack, and saw that it extended north as far as the eye could reach. It was the great Frozen Sea itself.

We waited here for two days until the whole of the fleet had assembled, and, hugging the coast of Grant Land, where there was still a narrow channel of water, made our way slowly mile by mile, expecting every day to be shut out from further advance or retreat. We had on the way established six huge depots of provisions on the coast of Grant Land, and had thus furnished a line of retreat in case of accident.

On August the sixth a terrible disaster

of the Petrel from the land, and distributed them among the various ships.

This incident gave rise to a considerable discussion among the men, and some of them said they were not going to continue the voyage with a powder magazine beneath their feet. The matter was, however, smoothed over, and Captain Thorsen told them that a large stock of explosive was necessary for the blasting of the ice. He added that the Petrel was carrying more than her share.

I will not worry you, Cordaux, with a detailed account of our advance during the next month, nor of our daily struggles with the ice. It is sufficient to say that fortune favored us with a better passage along the coast than we had ever expected, and making our way slowly west, we skirted along the north coast of Grant Land through a narrow and shifting channel of open water.

On September 21st we reached an opening in a big black wall of cliff. It was not more than one hundred feet in width, and appeared to be the entrance to a land-locked harbor several acres in extent. We had no doubt that this was the spot indicated by John Silver as a place of refuge, and we were fortunate to have reached it before the northern ice closed in upon the land. As it was, we had to blast away many hundred tons of ice before we could effect an entrance into the channel, and the Aurora was the only ship destined to spend the winter in this snug retreat. The other vessels were all to the east, and one of them so far behind us that we could only see their masts. They were one and all bound in the ice or driven up among the loose bergs on the shore.

The place where we expected to spend many dreary months was about twenty miles further west than the point Aldrich reached on sledges on the Niars Expedition of 1876. The little harbor, which ran almost due east and west, was large enough to hold our entire fleet, if they could have reached it. On two sides great perpendicular cliffs rose from the water to the height of over five hundred feet. Towards the shore the ground sloped inland more gradually, and on the east there was another solid wall of rock with a single opening to the sea.

The land to the south of us was white and desolate, as far as the eye could reach. To the west we could trace the coast line extending in a series of headlands for quite fifteen miles, and we reckoned that the furthest of these headlands was Cape Alfred Ernest. To the north lay the Great Frozen Sea, the Palaeo-erctic Ocean, whose eternal ice had for all time barred the way to the North Pole.

I must confess, as I gazed towards the north, I experienced no small emotion. Up to the horizon stretched a vast expanse of rugged ice hummocks, piles and mounds, perhaps only the same monotonous stretch of ice. There was room for much fanciful conjecture about the six hundred feet high cliffs that lay between us and our destination, and for me there was a weird fascination in watching that terrible and

unconquerable barrier of frozen hill and plain.

There was still open water in places, and progress from one ship to another was difficult. But in less than a fortnight's time every scrap of ice had been frozen over, and at the end of another week it was firm and hard to the foot. The daylight was fast disappearing, and every hand on board worked the hardest to get the ship into order for the winter. Awnings were erected, ropes and spars were trimmed, hundreds of ice blocks were built on the shore, and explosives stored on the land, snow shoveled a foot deep on the deck for warmth, and a thousand other arrangements made to give us a certain degree of comfort, and even to defend our bare lives against the coming ordeal. For a long and cold night was before us, and it might be that a good many of us would never see the sun rise again.

CHAPTER X.  
The Arrow Head.

Two months of darkness passed by, and it is unnecessary for me to recount the experiences which are the common lot of all explorers. The daily routine of the ship was carried out with scrupulous exactitude. The men were exercised by heavy walks, and the dogs by a dumb-bells ledged decks. There were all the usual sledge expeditions, in which the men endured severe privations, and even intense physical agony, with scarcely a murmur. On one of these three men lost their lives through frost bites.

Shortly after the darkness set in, we made an important discovery. A mile inland Captain Thorsen came across a thick seam of coal. The outcrop itself was of considerable extent, and with the aid of pickaxes, drills, and dynamite, a huge store of this valuable mineral soon lay at our disposal. We excavated many hundreds of tons, which we stacked in heaps on the shore, and the quantity we had in sight was so enormous that Captain Thorsen resolved to make use of it in a manner which a practical man would have condemned as a waste of good material, but which I am firmly convinced did much to mitigate the gloom of those long winter months.

We made a square wall of stone, ten feet each way, and four feet high, on a broad slab of rock near the sea. We filled this entirely with coal, and lighted a huge fire, which we kept going through all the darkness of the night. As far as warmth went, it was no more than a spark in an ice house, but the mere sight of it was seen to, and the men man could lie on a white and desolate tract of country, like a lot of brown snakes in a valley of rocks.

Day after day we examined the surrounding country, but found nothing further, though often when I peered into the wall of darkness, expecting to see the ocean, or at least a glimpse of light, I imagined that I heard faint footsteps crunching on the snow, and experienced a sensation of being watched by someone I could not see.

(To be continued.)

son took it from me and examined it under the lamp.

"No Eskimo bow would have driven it nine feet into the snow," he said, "and no civilized bow would use a thing like that."

He said thoughtfully, turning the piece of wood over and over and examining it under the lamp, "I do not see why they should. But I will wager this arrow was never made by an Eskimo, unless it were by some tribe of which I have never heard, and I have been in most parts, and met thousands of them from time to time. However, the mere idea of its being made by the arrow."

We made our way back to the ship, dispatched a sledge party, and before many hours were over, our patients were reveling in fresh meat, and there was a sparkle of appreciation in the eyes of many a weary man as he smelt the flesh frizzling over the fire.

We said nothing of the arrow head to anyone; but Captain Thorsen kept the incident in his mind, and before long a large number of expeditions to scour the surrounding country, ostensibly in search of food, but really in the hope of discovering some signs of the existence of a human being in this lonely and frozen land.

The parties returned without having even seen the tracks of any animal, but with various stores of other discoveries which they thought worthy of mention.

The men had picked up a piece of stone weighing, perhaps, two pounds, and having one side fashioned into a sharp edge. Another party had discovered an ice cave concealed by snow among the mountains, in which were the remains of a fire. Another had actually found a complete arrow similar to the piece we had pulled from the musk ox. It was four feet in length, tipped with albatross feathers, and could only have been drawn to its full extent by a person of gigantic strength and reach of arm. Another party reported that far away on the western horizon they had seen a faint and flickering spark of red light, which might have been a fire, or a candle, or even a light of some kind, but which I am firmly convinced did much to mitigate the gloom of those long winter months.

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(To be continued.)

**THE PRINCESS ROYAL GOLD MINES (LIMITED)**

Company's Mineral Areas on Princess Royal Island, British Columbia, Consisting of 83.9 Acres—Crown Granted.

**STOCK FOR SALE—DIVIDENDS GUARANTEED**

There are two remarkably fine ledges or veins, parallel to one another, and about 200 feet apart, running right through all the Company's mineral claims. The larger vein, from six to eight feet in width, carries ore running from \$15 to \$10 per ton. The smaller vein from which the shipments have been made has an average of from two to three feet, and is very much richer—THE ORE RUNNING FROM \$20 TO \$25 PER TON. Both are well defined, true fissure veins, and give evidence of great continuity.

The shipments of ore from the smaller, or high grade ledge, have averaged slightly OVER \$100 TO THE TON, of gold, silver and copper—principally gold.

The reports of the mining engineers who have examined the Princess Royal property, residing to the unusually high gold values in the ore, and the remarkable continuity of the veins, as well as the cash returns from the Smelter, would seem to assure large dividends upon the stock.

We own \$100,000 of stock fully paid-up and non-assessable, which, after very careful investigation and examination of the property by experts, we have purchased and paid for. For a portion of it, being Treasury stock, we paid 25 cents per share and the balance we purchased at a lower figure in the early stage of the development of the mine.

We have delayed offering this stock to the public until the mine had passed the experimental stage, and the cash returns from the smelter gave positive assurance of its being a sound business proposition.

Reports of the ore and the smelter returns can be seen at our office. Reports of the Mining Experts upon the property will be sent on application.

This stock was purchased before its value had been as certainly demonstrated by the cash returns from the Smelter as it is now proved to be, and HAS A MUCH HIGHER VALUE than when we purchased it. We offer it for sale in blocks of not less than 100 shares at the price of 50 cents per share, payable as follows: ONE-FIFTH CASH; and ONE-FIFTH MONTHLY EXTENDING OVER FIVE MONTHS; and WE GUARANTEE FOR THREE YEARS QUARTERLY DIVIDENDS beginning on the 1st of August next at the rate of EIGHT PER CENT PER ANNUM on the par value of the stock, being at the RATE OF SIXTEEN PER CENT UPON THE INVESTMENT at the above price.

You may ask what assurance is there that the guarantee will be made good, if there should be failure or delay in the Mining Company paying dividends? Our answer is two-fold: 1st, we own in the City of St. John freehold land with office buildings upon it, well rented, worth upwards of \$60,000; 2nd, we will, as the payments are received, deposit in a chartered bank as a special trust the amount needed to pay dividends, and a copy of the Bank's receipt will be sent each purchaser of stock.

We confidently expect that the Company will pay dividends at or exceeding the above rate, but AS WE ARE MAKING A PROFIT ON THE STOCK, WE CAN AFFORD TO GUARANTEE DIVIDENDS AS ABOVE.

Cut off the coupon below and forward to us, when an interim receipt will be sent you, and on payment of the balance, a certificate for the number of shares which you take, with our guarantee of the payment of dividends as above will sent you, also Bank receipt as security for same.

Cut this off, sign and mail.

To the New Brunswick Real Estate, Loan and Trust Company, Pugsley Building, St. John, I hereby agree to purchase from you..... fully paid up shares of the capital stock of The Princess Royal Gold Mines (Limited) for which I enclose you \$..... and agree to pay you a like amount in four equal monthly payments, to be made on the 1st of August, 1st of September, 1st of October, and 1st of November, 1904, to restore a certificate for fully paid up shares, with your guarantee for the payment of quarterly dividends at the rate of 8 per cent per annum on the par value of the stock beginning on the 1st day of August next, also Bank receipt as security for same.

NAME.....  
ADDRESS.....

The New Brunswick Real Estate, Loan and Trust Company, Pugsley Building, St. John, N. B. P. O. Box 267.

**AN INCUBATOR WITHOUT CASH**  
Until October, 1904

There is money in chickens—big money. The farmer who overlooks this branch of his business is neglecting one of the greatest profit-producing departments of his farm. For the amount of capital and labor invested the returns are enormous. But you must do it right.

You cannot make money in the poultry business without an incubator and brooder. You might as well depend on a cyclone to move your house and set it where you want it as depend on a hen to raise chickens for the market. Both are equally beyond your control.

Choosing the best incubator is the problem. With makers claiming so much for their machines, it is a quandary, and questions by the most liberal financier ever made. If we hadn't the best incubator on the market and unquestioned financial strength we could not make it. Here is the offer:

We will give you a chance of raising poultry under the best conditions, without the outlay of one cent until October, 1904.

We will send you—freight prepaid by us—a

**Chatham Incubator and Brooder**

and leave it with you until October, 1904, without any cash from you. Give it a thorough test, make money out of it—the more you make the better pleased we shall be. When October, 1904, arrives you should have made sufficient profits to pay for this incubator several times over.

There is no string to this offer. It is open and free. We make it to show our supreme confidence in the Chatham Incubator and Brooder. We want everyone who desires to raise poultry for profit to accept it. We want you to fill out the coupon in the lower right-hand corner of this Ad. and mail it to us—or send us a postal card with your name and address. We will then give you full particulars. Write to-day.

Please find enclosed postal order for \$25. Please send me back my note. Your incubator that you sent me is O. K. I had 200 chickens from 1st egg, and they 75 eggs that did not hatch were useless. Yours truly, PAUL CARON, L'Islet, Que.

Yours of June 12th at hand, and am much pleased with your generous business principle. Our last batch came off on Saturday, and out of 153 eggs we set we have 69 strong, healthy chicks, making a total of 253 living chicks out of 331 eggs that were set. This proves without question that the incubator is giving great satisfaction. Yours truly, ROBERT C. BEECHERT, Waterford, Ont.

I take pleasure in writing to congratulate you for the M. Campbell Fanning Mill Company on the result of your business. I am sure that the success of your business is due to the fact that it is a business that is profitable and that it is a business that is made in Canada by Canadians. Yours truly, F. J. G. MARTIN, Carleton Place, Ont.

We depend on every machine we put out to advertise itself in your neighborhood—we know it will prove such a good profit-producer for you that you will be pleased to tell your neighbors about it. Merit is the only quality that will do this. Because we know the Chatham Incubator and Brooder possesses this merit we are willing to sell it on these easy terms.

Remember, we do not ask you for one cent of cash until October, 1904. Don't delay. Send the coupon or postal card for particulars to-day.

**M. Campbell Fanning Mill Co. Limited**  
DEPT. 70 CHATHAM, ONT.  
Manufacturers of Chatham Incubators and Brooders  
Distributing Warehouses at  
Montreal, Que. Brandon, Man. Calgary, Alta.  
New Westminster, B.C., Halifax, N.S.  
Factories at  
Chatham, Ont., Detroit, Mich.  
Also Manufacturers of the Famous Campbell Fanning Mills.

Fill out this coupon and mail to-day

Name.....  
Address.....  
Nearest Railway Station.....  
Address all letters to Chatham, Ont.

**ALL SORTS OF JUNK TAKEN FROM MAN'S STOMACH.**

New York, May 4.—The Herald this morning says:—

"For more than three hours yesterday doctors in the German Hospital, Vienna, were busy in the operation of removing from the stomach of John Fassel, who has called himself the 'human chisel swallower,' a variety of man-made junk which the man had swallowed during the last two months.

"The following is a correct list of the junk that was taken from Fassel's stomach: Six knives of different varieties, one gold watch-chain, one keyring chain, one brass ball door key, one roll top desk key, four Yale lock keys, one button, fourteen wire nails, each three inches in length, four iron nails, four horsehoe nails, two pins. The operation was the most successful, and a weakened condition that it was said last night at the hospital that he might not recover."

Woodstock City Council.

Woodstock, May 2.—The monthly meeting of the town council, presided over by the absence of Mayor Lindsay, who is in Halifax, Councillor Jones occupied the chair.

Councillor Stevens reported that the receipts for last month were \$117.75, expenditures, \$1,789.91; debit bank balance \$387.45, and Marshal Kelly reported having collected about \$300 in taxes, and \$100 in fines last month.

The tenders for printing 700 copies of the secretary-treasurer and auditor's reports by the town newspaper, at \$1.45 a page, was accepted.

Councillor Stevens, chairman of the finance committee, reported that in view of the notices advertising for tenders for the \$5,000 town bonds, two offers had been received. The People's Bank would give \$4,570, and the Bank of New Scotia, \$4,235, the latter at the rate of four per cent interest; consequently the offer of the latter bank was accepted. The only offer for the \$2,000 bonds was from the corporation of the Episcopal church, at the rate of five per cent.

Clark Hartley said in regard to the \$5,000 bonds they could not be issued as yet for it was necessary to obtain the number and chapter of the act applicable and although he had written to the proper authorities, they were unable as yet to get the required information.

Councillor Jones stated that the committee which met Mr. May, of the Imperial Packing Company, re the disagreement about the terms of the recent loans, was informed by that gentleman that the company did some custom sawing of lumber in competition with present industries, and it did not believe it was unlawfully acting within its rights under the banns it received. It claimed the right to do the same class of work lawfully done at Meductic, except conducting a general store. The report was received and filed to come up before the board at a subsequent meeting.

On motion Councillor Stevens seconded Councillor Burt, the time limit for the payment of taxes to secure a discount, was made up to and including June 1.

John Tattersall, who has efficiently acted as chief of the fire department for several years, was re-appointed at the same salary as last year.

Manufacturers Plan Extensive Tour.

Toronto, May 4.—(Special)—The Canadian Manufacturers Association have arranged a summer tour to Newfoundland, taking in New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia.

A good offer has been received for a passenger steamer for the round trip from Montreal and will likely be accepted.

**Ranays PAINTS**

The Right Painty Paint Right.

A painting that once used is never forgotten. Ranays Paints are the best in the world. They are made in Canada by Canadians.

Write for a free book about the Right Painty Paint Right.

A. R. MONTGOMERY & SONS, MONTREAL.  
Paints since 1844.

**"FROST" Ornamental Gates**

Light in weight artistic design Reasonable in price

Always a line of Standard Farm Gates always on hand. Easy progressive and up-to-date farmer insists on having FROST GATES. Catalogue and prices on request.

FOR SALE BY  
**FROST WIRE FENCE CO.** WELLAND, ONT. WINNIPEG, MAN.

**A month on trial.**

**Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure**

Write for free book on treatment.

Address  
Dr. Shoop  
Box 11  
Racine, Wis.







THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH, ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, MAY 7, 1904.

# ITUNA, THE SPEEDY MARE, WHICH WILL CHANGE OWNERS THIS MONTH

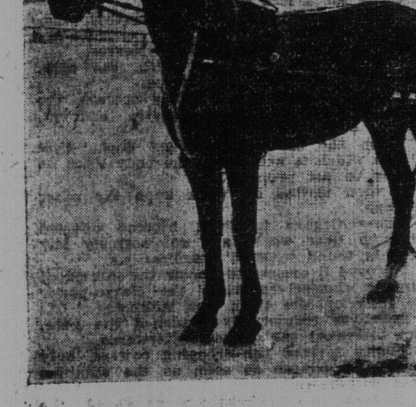
### Some Feats She Has Accomplished on the Racing Track—Shamrock B. B. Club Will Give Her as a Prize Shortly.

The Telegraph here prints a picture of the fast bay mare Ituna, 2:10, which the Shamrock B. B. and A. Club is to give to the holder of the ticket which wins the mare in the drawing this month.

Ituna has a record of 2:10 made in a winning race. She is eight years old, as pretty as a picture, and boasts the following pedigree: Sir Bourbon Wilkes; dam, Lady Bachelor, by Westwood; sire of Split Silk, 2:08; Coastman, 2:08. She is owned by the club from J. M. Johnson and John E. Moore for \$1,000, a special price.

#### Lowered N. B. Record.

Ituna in the presence of 700 people smashed all provincial records on October 1st, 1902, on Sussex track. The track rec-



The Fleet-Footed Ituna.

ord, 2:10, had been held by Brazilian, and 2:14 was the provincial record, made by Lady Glen at Woodstock in August, 1902. Later Kingmaker equalled the record, but at Sussex on the day named Ituna without once lifting her nose from the wire in 2:15. The track was in fine shape. It was in the first heat of the free-for-all that this fine performance was given by Ituna. The stakes were \$100. Prince, Walter K., Ituna and Park Campobello. After scoring a few times the horses were given a good send off. On the first turn Ituna went into first place and Sund

Prince, breaking, went well to the rear. In the back stretch Walter K. took second place and Park Campobello third. At the quarter Ituna was well in the lead of the procession. The positions were unchanged at the half, and at the three-quarter mark Walter K. and Park Campobello were even, Sund in the rear. On the home stretch Park passed Walter K. and went under the wire about three lengths behind Ituna, which won easily. Walter K. was about a length behind Park and Sund was distanced. The time was 33.4, 1:07.34, 1:41, 2:10. Ituna won the next two heats and the race.

At the Fredericton Exhibition races last September, this speedy bay mare showed a clean pair of heels to such runners as Nominee Prince, owned by H.

Cummings of Houlton (Me.); Gertie Glen, owned by J. W. Gallagher of Woodstock; and Guilty, owned by E. LeRoi Willis of Sydney. The race was won by the mare in three straight heats, and the time was 2:10, 2:10.34, and 2:17.34. Her exhibition was against a strong wind down the back stretch and as she went under the wire without lifting her nose in the last heat the crowd went wild, especially when it was announced that she had given the track a new record of 2:10.34. The quarter was done in 33.4 and the half in 1:04.

Two Confusing Verbs in English. "There are two verbs that are always confusing," said the man who minds his p's and q's. "They are sent and marry. 'I want to rent a house,' says your friend, the broker, and no one can tell whether he desires to be a landlord or a tenant. The verb applies to either the act of letting some one have property for hire or the act of paying some one hire for property. 'Marry' is no better. 'I just married a charming woman,' says your friend, the preacher, and if he has been a bachelor, you do not know whether to congratulate him or inquire the amount of his fee."—Birmingham News.

## Cleanse Your System and Prevent Spring Sickness.

### Purge Out All Taints and Poisons—Remove Disease-producing Germs—Tone Up, Strengthen and Revitalize Your Depleted Energies.

Winter is over and Spring is here. Springtime is always sick time, because everyone's blood is loaded with impurities and poisons. Most of the bodily organs are overworked and out of repair. Strength is at low ebb and must be braced up. Nothing is so absolutely certain to benefit as Ferrozene, which is indispensable as a Spring tonic for the young, the middle-aged, the old. It's because Ferrozene stimulates the appetite, strengthens the blood, builds up the system, it becomes help people in poor health that so many use it.

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Ferozene is both a food and a medicine. It contains Iron for the blood in a form that can be readily appropriated; it also contains Phosphorus, an absolute necessity for both brain and nerve cell development. The exceptional tonic properties of Ferrozene make it invaluable to everyone in poor health. It makes strong, rich blood, firm muscles, gives staying power to the nerves, renews ambition.

Ferozene is a genuine inventor that will banish weakness and establish robust good health. To get well and stay well use Ferrozene and beware of all substitutes. Price 50c per box, or six for \$2.50, at all druggists; or by mail from N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont., and Hartford, Conn., U.S.A.

## OBITUARY.

#### Mrs. Sarah A. Porter.

After a long and painful illness, Miss Sarah A. Porter passed away at Banes Corner, St. John county, April 28, 1904, aged fifty years. She was born and spent her life in the home where she died and where her quiet, Christian manner won the esteem of all who knew her, and those who knew her best loved her most.

#### Tobias G. Mealy, Formerly of St. George.

St. George, N. B., May 2.—A telegram from Monticello, Minnesota, brings the news of the death of Tobias G. Mealy, formerly of St. George.

#### Mrs. Eunice McLean.

The death occurred on Tuesday of Mrs. Eunice McLean, wife of the late Samuel McLean, of Steeves Mountain. Deceased went to Moncton when her husband died two years ago, to reside with her son, Gilbert McLean. Deceased was seventy-eight years of age. She leaves one daughter, Mrs. John A. Ritchie, of Moncton, and one son, Gilbert McLean, of the I. C. R.

#### Mrs. Jude Gaudet.

At Robichaud village, parish of Shediac, last week, Mrs. Jude Gaudet, widow of Thomas B. Arseneau, fishery inspector at Shediac.

#### Owens Keith.

Owens Keith, a well known resident of Havelock, Kings county, died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Samuel Perry, on Sunday. He was considerably over eighty years of age. He was a Baptist in religion and a liberal in politics. Mrs. Keith died about two years ago and he is survived by three children. Dr. M. F. Keith, of Harcourt, Mrs. Samuel Perry, of Harcourt, and Mrs. John A. Ritchie, of St. John.

#### Mary B. Gladwin.

Mary Benson, eldest daughter of the late Charles H. Gladwin, died in Halifax last Friday, aged 21 years. She had been an invalid the past two years, and was the sister, Jessie, in Halifax, and two brothers, Edward, in St. John, and Charles in Toronto.

#### John Gabrielson.

John Gabrielson, a Danish sailor who on Thursday, April 28th, fell down the hold of the steamer Ujuga, died Tuesday morning in the hospital. Gabrielson sustained a broken forearm and a bad shock, as a result of his fall, and when taken to the hospital pneumonia set in.

#### Miss Ellen A. Boyes.

Wednesday morning at the hospital Miss Ellen A. Boyes passed away. She was undergoing treatment for two or three months. She leaves a brother and two sisters.

#### George E. Pines.

Tuesday afternoon Geo. E. Pines, son of the late Daniel Pines, of Canim (N.S.), died after being in the hospital for about seven months, suffering from heart trouble. The body was taken across the bay yesterday morning for interment at Canim.

#### Rev. J. E. Jones.

The death occurred at the Victoria Hospital, Fredericton, Wednesday of Joseph E. Jones, aged 79 years, a resident of Wolfville (N.S.).

#### Robert Macklin.

Intelligence reached Fredericton of the death of Robert Macklin, of Wolfville (N.S.), of Robert Macklin, a well known resident of Gibson, who was a guest of his daughter, Mrs. Clarence H. Borden, at Wolfville. He was 70 years of age.

#### Miss Mabel McLean.

Miss Mabel McLean, youngest daughter of William and the late Mrs. McLean, died at her home in Burton Monday evening, after a short illness. She was the local manager of the New Brunswick Telephone Company at Burton, and a sister of C. F. and W. C. McLean, who were well known in St. John. Deceased is also survived by two brothers, Joseph and John of Madison (Me.).

## PROVINCIAL BRIDGE WORK.

### Hon. Mr. LaBillette Arranging for Painting of Some of the Steel Structures.

### OTHER IMPORTANT WORK.

They Want a Draw in Hall's Creek, and Long Moncton Span Is to Get a New Flooring—Some Improvements, Also, in Northumberland.

Hon. C. H. LaBillette, chief commissioner of public works, has some important bridge work on hand. Included in the painting of a number of the steel bridges of the province. This month work on the Woodstock and Hampton steel bridges will be begun.

#### Hall's Creek and Moncton Bridges.

Wednesday night Hon. Mr. LaBillette and Provincial Engineer A. R. Wetmore attended a meeting of the Moncton board of trade in reference to a memorial presented to the government asking that a draw be placed in Hall's Creek steel bridge. Those present included Hon. C. W. Robinson, F. W. Sumner es-q. M. P., T. J. Hawke, C. F. Harris, Matthew Lodge, N. Clarke, J. H. Harris, D. I. Welch and John Brown.

Hon. Mr. LaBillette said that Mr. Wetmore would take soundings in the creek and report to the government. He also said the government desired to meet the wishes of the board of trade as far as possible in the matter. The cost of the draw, including a pier, would be about \$9,000.

#### Red Bank Bridge, Northumberland.

Mr. Wetmore has been in Northumberland county where he examined Red Bank bridge on request of Premier Tweedie. He found one of the spans dangerous and arrangements were made with Benjamin Flood, bridge builder, to place false work under it immediately. When the water has gone down, surveys for a new structure will be made. Two piers of the bridge have been damaged by running ice and one will have to be rebuilt anew and the entire flooring of the bridge was condemned by the engineer.

### STAMPS WENT QUICKLY

Tourist Association Supply of Special Tercentenary Stamps Exhausted—Good Advertising.

The pretty stamps which the Tourist Association had made ready as advertisements for the Champlain Tercentenary have all been disposed of. There were 68,000 in the lot and in two days the city merchants had bought them all for use in their correspondence. The Tourist Association will secure more. The postal cards which the association issued are also selling fast.

### KENT COUNTY MOTHER RECOVERS KIDNAPPED CHILD

Reston, Kent, May 4.—Stipendiary Magistrate Hugh M. Ferguson arrived home on Monday from Auburn, Maine, where he had gone in a kidnapping case, the particulars of which are as follows: About a year ago a young girl named Betts, of Reston, was kidnapped by Alfred Betts, of Bass River, married a girl named Roberts. They lived together a year and had one child, a boy. Then the husband, who was in the States, leaving his wife here. He visited his wife once in two years, but never contributed anything to her support. She and her child lived with her people. About a month ago Betts arrived home, and taking the boy under pretence of going to visit some relatives in the vicinity, took the train for the States. The mother was disconsolate and her friends here decided to help her recover the child. Justice Ferguson was employed, and through correspondence he succeeded in locating the boy in a Maine town. He left here one week ago, accompanied by the mother, and before the supreme court in Auburn they were able to prove that Betts is a disreputable character and unfit to retain the custody of the child. The judge, therefore, issued an order for the mother to take her child, which she did, arriving home Monday. Mr. Ferguson is eulogistic of the treatment accorded himself and his client in the American town.

#### Adam Sharp.

The death occurred at Upper Hainesville on the 20th ult. of Adam Sharp, his 80th year from cancer of the stomach. Deceased is survived by two sons, Wisely, of Presque Isle, and Allen, of Hainesville, York county. The late Mr. Sharp was a highly esteemed citizen and was generally respected.

#### Mrs. Helen Jordan.

The death occurred at Lower Queensbury Wednesday night of Helen, widow of the late H. Jordan, aged 78 years, who had been a cripple for some years.

#### John Hurley.

The death of John Hurley took place Thursday at his mother's residence, 17 Britannia street, after a lingering illness. Deceased, who was in his 24th year, was a ship laborer. Besides his mother three brothers and four sisters survive, all residents of this city.

#### Denmark, which produces an immense quantity of butter, has an average of one cow for every two inhabitants.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.  
The Kind You Have Always Bought  
Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson

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The Kind You Have Always Bought  
Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson

## The Greatest Offer Ever Made to Readers.

We will send you THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH 12 months for \$1.00 and give you a certificate absolutely free, which will entitle you to chances in cash prizes amounting to

# \$75,000.00

This amount is now deposited with one of the strongest banks in the United States, held by them for no other purpose than to be paid in prizes to those who can estimate nearest to the total paid attendance at the great World's Fair, which opens in St. Louis April 30, 1904, and closes December 1, 1904. An extra prize of \$50,000 will be paid on orders received

### BEFORE MAY 1, 1904.

So that it is important that you send in your subscription and remittance at once. Can you estimate how many people will pay admission into the Fair grounds from its opening to closing date? The 100 persons who estimate nearest the correct number will receive the above amount in cash prizes. You have just as much chance as anyone. Are you going to let this golden opportunity to gain a fortune slip by you? You may be one of the successful ones. Why not try? You may estimate as often as you wish, regardless of subscription. For each estimate you are given a separate engraved and numbered coupon and certificate. These are sent to you in blank form. You fill in your own estimate, retain the certificate and return the coupon to us before October 1, 1904; the closing date of the contest. Certificates and coupons, without subscriptions, will be sent for 25 cents each, or 5 for \$1.00. The prizes are the largest ever offered in any contest and are divided as follows:

To the nearest correct estimate	\$25,000.00
To the second nearest correct estimate	10,000.00
To the third nearest correct estimate	5,000.00
To the fourth nearest correct estimate	2,500.00
To the fifth nearest correct estimate	1,500.00
To the sixth nearest correct estimate	1,000.00
To the seventh nearest correct estimate	750.00
To the eighth nearest correct estimate	500.00
To the ninth nearest correct estimate	250.00
To the tenth nearest correct estimate	150.00
To the next 10 nearest correct estimates	100.00 each
To the next 20 nearest correct estimates	50.00 each
To the next 50 nearest correct estimates	25.00 each
To the next 100 nearest correct estimates	15.00 each
To the next 200 nearest correct estimates	10.00 each
To the next 500 nearest correct estimates	5.00 each
To the next 1,000 nearest correct estimates	2.50 each
Supplementary prizes for the estimates not in contest	15,000.00
Total	\$75,000.00

Since making this deposit of \$75,000.00 The World's Fair Contest Co. which is incorporated for \$200,000.00, has set an additional supplementary prize of \$50,000.00 to be paid on orders sent in before May 1, 1904. This makes a grand total of \$125,000.00 to be given to successful contestants. This extra prize is a fortune within itself.

### How We Are Able to Make This Remarkable Offer.

We have made a special arrangement with The World's Fair Contest Co. to give, FREE OF CHARGE, one Certificate and Coupon entitling you to chances in the prize of \$75,000, and the handsome extra prize of \$50,000, to every reader of this advertisement who sends us \$1.00 for his or her subscription in advance before May 1st, 1904. It doesn't matter whether you have ever been a subscriber or if the opportunity is open to every one. The Contest Co. will sell only a limited number of Certificates and Coupons, thereby strengthening the chances of each contestant. Large orders are sent rapidly and it is only a question of time until the limit will be reached, and they are exhausted. You should therefore send in your order at once.

### We Do Not Ask You to Estimate Now.

You receive the blank Certificates with duplicate coupons attached, and we allow you the privilege of filling in your own estimate on the Certificates and Coupons whenever you are ready, and of returning the Coupons to us at any time before October 1st, 1904. You will then know the daily attendance up to that date, and are enabled to more intelligently base your estimate for the entire Fair.

### We Date Your Certificates on the Day You Buy Them.

Your Coupons will be considered in the awarding of prizes according to the dates they bear. You understand, therefore, that those who do not order before May 1st, 1904, will have absolutely no chance whatever in the handsome extra prize of \$50,000. This prize alone is a fortune in itself, and even if you should win one of the other 188 prizes shown above.

### IMPORTANT NOTICE—Beware in mind that YOU HOLD YOUR OWN OWN CERTIFICATES and Coupons and that you do not have them sent to any other party in the last day that you can buy certificates and coupons to get chances in this prize of \$75,000.00. Constantly send us daily to understand that you have not lost your chance, but that the contest is being advertised in a large number of newspapers, the subscribers for which are privileged to compete and share in the distribution of the prizes offered.

## DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP

Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Pain in the Chest, Croup, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Quinsy, All Throat and Lung Troubles.

## \$200.00 GIVEN AWAY

FOR CORRECT ANSWERS TO THIS SEED PUZZLE

It does not cost you a cent to try and solve this puzzle, and if you are correct you may win a large amount of cash. We do not ask any money from you, and guarantee that this is very interesting. It does not matter where you live, or how long you have lived in the world. If you can make out the name of three of these Garden Vegetables, and send us your answer with your name and address plainly written, if your answer is correct we will give you \$200.00 for correct answer, and few minutes of your time. Send in your guess at once, with your full name and address, to THE MARVEL PUZZLE CO., DEPT. 1409 TORONTO, ONT.