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REPORT

OF THE

Halifax Dispensary

For the Year 1873.

RE-ORGANIZED 1867.

HALIFAX, N. S.

PRINTED BY WM. MACNAB, 12 PRINCE STREET,

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D. HENRY S
REV. G. M.

DRS. W. J. AL
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DR. ARCHT
DR. S. DOD

DR. MI
South

HALIFAX DISPENSARY.

PRESIDENT.

REV. J. C. COCHRAN, D. D.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

HIS WORSHIP THE MAYOR, | Hon. JAMES COCHRAN.

DIRECTORS.

W. H. NEAL, Esq.
D. HENRY STARR, Esq.
REV. G. M. GRANT.

J. A. SINCLAIR, Esq.
JAMES DUGGAN, Esq.
REV. DR. HANNAN.

HON. TREASURER.

J. F. KENNY, Esq.

SECRETARY.

MR. CHARLES FLETCHER.

CONSULTING PHYSICIANS.

DRS. W. J. ALMON,
HON. D. MCN. PARKER.
RUFUS BLACK,
ED. FARRELL, M. P. P.

DRS. J. F. BLACK,
J. SOMMERS,
H. A. GORDON.

ATTENDING PHYSICIANS.

DR. ARCH'D LAWSON,
DR. S. DODGE,

DR. L. G. SINCLAIR,
DR. R. McFATRIDGE.

VISITING PHYSICIANS.

DR. MEAGHER,
South District.

DR. CAMERON,
North District.

DR. VENABLES, Central District.

DENTIST.

MR. C. E. PUTTNER.

APOTHECARY.

MR. C. E. PUTTNER.

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HALIFAX VISITING DISPENSARY.

Directors' Report,

FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER, 1875.

IN submitting the Report for the past year, the Directors have much pleasure in announcing progress in the beneficent work of the Institution in several departments, and especially in commencing a new and much needed building. Year after year since the re-organization of the Dispensary in 1867, the physicians of the City have cordially co-operated with the directors in caring for the sick poor and guarding the public health with very inadequate means and appliances. We are now gladdened with the hope that by the month of May next, we shall take possession of a building in a suitable locality, and which has been constructed specially with a view to the needs of such an Institution.

It is only fair that the public should have some idea of what is done in this work, by the medical men of Halifax. An apothecary is paid to be at the rooms every day for three hours in the forenoon and one hour in the evening, to make up the prescriptions given to patients by the doctors; to register cases, classify and otherwise assist as may be required; to extract teeth from those suffering from toothache who are unable to pay a dentist; and to take a general oversight of the Institution. He has dispensed every year on an average from six thousand to eight thousand five hundred prescriptions.

Last year the number was 8404 including 517 for other Charitable Institutions. Those prescriptions alone if bought at the ordinary rates would cost all that is given to support the Dispensary. Our reason for giving gratuitously to other Charitable Institutions is that the Dispensary is bound to look favorably on every effort made to ameliorate the condition of the helpless, and as it buys medicines by wholesale, a great benefit can be done to the Charities of the City at a small cost to the Dispensary.

From 12 to 1 o'clock is the hour at which the Dispensary is seen at its best. Four doctors then appear to spend the hour in four different rooms with the various classes of halt, lame, sick, blind, deaf, who come to be healed. A trifling *honorarium* is given to three of these gentlemen. The fourth—Dr. Dodge—declines to receive anything for his services. He has had during the past year 118 patients under his care, 96 of the eye and 22 of the ear, and each patient has had from him an average of ten or eleven consultations or visits. The directors would call attention to Dr. Dodge's full and interesting report, and would also invite the special attention of the new Board to his proposal that a couple of beds should be put in one of the rooms of the new building for such severe cases of eye disease as require to be operated on. There are persons threatened with total blindness whose own tenements are so miserable that they cannot be properly nursed and watched in them; and in such cases it is madness to attempt an operation. It is considered that an expenditure of \$60 or \$70 would be sufficient to make this useful addition to the Dispensary and that it would not entail an annual cost of more than \$100.

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Besides those four medical gentlemen, the Dispensary employs other three who visit every nook and corner of the peninsula wherever they may be required, one taking the south end, another the centre, and the third the north end of the city. These gentlemen receive \$100 each, and considering the time spent and the good done by them, the Directors are sorry that they can offer them so little.

In addition to those seven, other seven give their services as consulting physicians. These have equal rights with the others as members of the Medical Board. In consideration of their valuable services, and of other facts, the Directors have resolved that in future any prescriptions they may give to the poor shall be made up by the Apothecary.

To sum up—All this work is done by care taker of the house, apothecary, dentist, fourteen physicians, and nine directors; eight or nine thousand prescriptions are made up; and over two thousand sick persons visited at their homes or treated at the Dispensary, at a cost of eighteen hundred dollars a year. Half of the sum is contributed by the Local Government and the City Council; most of the other half by private individuals or societies.

We now come to the subject that chiefly marks our history in the year 1875—

THE NEW BUILDING.

For years we clamoured for it and pointed to the necessity for it. No response came. At length we were told to cease invoking Hercules; to put our own shoulders to the wheel and to go forward in faith. We did so, and as usual faith has been vindicated. Plans were prepared, and carefully studied over. The medical men were consulted at every

step. A site was bought, and the contract for the building given out. Before the building is finished and furnished and a proper supply of medicines purchased, nearly \$13,000 in all will be required. More than half of this amount has been already received by us. We shall borrow \$3000, as the rent of our basement story will pay the interest on that amount; and we confidently appeal to our generous fellow-citizens for the remaining \$3000.

The great feature in the sum hitherto received by us is the handsome total collected on "Dispensary Sunday." Another such Sunday would almost enable us to pay off the proposed debt of \$3000. We earnestly beseech the heads of the various Churches to set apart the last Sunday in July, 1876, as "Dispensary Sunday." Twenty-six congregations responded to our appeal in 1875; and an average of about \$100 was received from each. We feel sure that few will fall below this average in 1876. It was in itself perhaps the most beautiful sight ever shown by the Halifax Churches, when on the last Sunday in July, 1875, they for the first time all co-operated in practical work; that work to which the Saviour devoted so much of His time; that cause—the cause of those who are both sick and poor—which he specially entrusted to His disciples.

With heartfelt acknowledgements for what has been done, and with confident expectation that in our next Report we shall be able to announce the occupancy of our new building, an enlarged measure of usefulness in our work, and the extinction of our debt, we submit this Report for 1875.

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REPORT OF THE MEDICAL BOARD.

To the Directors of the Halifax Dispensary :—

GENTLEMEN,—The Medical Board of the Halifax Dispensary herewith submit the following Report for the year ending November 30th, 1875 :

The number of patients who have been treated by the Dispensary Physicians during the year is *two thousand two hundred and eighty-one*. The number of applications or visits made by the patients to the Dispensary is *seven thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven*.

Thirteen hundred and sixty-two have been treated at the Dispensary by the Attending Physicians and *eight hundred and nineteen* have been seen at their homes by the Visiting Physicians. The number of Dental cases for the year is *five hundred and sixty-nine*.

The number of prescriptions dispensed is *seven thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven*, besides *five hundred and seventeen* for other Charitable Institutions. The mortality among patients has been *thirty-nine*.

The Medical Board would especially call the attention of the Directors to the large increase in the patients in each and all of the Departments of the Institution; especially is this apparent in the Apothecary's Department. More work has been called for from the Physicians and Apothecary and most cheerfully performed. To make this fact more prominent the following table is appended :—

1875.	Grand total of patients.....	2281
1874.	“ “ “	1602
	Increase in 1875.....	<u>679</u>
1875.	Dental cases.....	569
1874.	“ “	481
	Increase.....	<u>88</u>
1875.	Prescriptions dispensed.....	8404
1874.	“ “ “	6626
	Increase in 1875.....	<u>1778</u>

We should think a glance at these figures would more than ever convince the public of the good done by our Institution, and the claim that it has upon them for a most generous support.

The Medical Board would congratulate the Directors upon the progress which has been made in the erection of the new Dispensary. From its central position, its size and admirable internal arrangement it will greatly facilitate the accomplishment of the work of such a necessary public charity.

In the plan of the building the wishes of both the Medical Board and Apothecary have been faithfully carried out, and we would urge the thorough equipment of each of the several departments.

The Board again take pleasure in acknowledging the aid of Mr. Puttner, in the daily management of the Institution. He has been regular in his attendance, and in his capacity of Apothecary and Dentist given entire satisfaction.

The following is a tabular statement of the diseases, accidents and causes of death, for the year :—

Medical Depart
Surgical do.
Women & Child
Eye and Ear D
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Visiting D

South District
Central do.
North do.

Total No. Patie
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No. of Teeth

Halifax Dis

RECAPITULATION.

	Patients.	Consultations	Deaths.	Remarks.
Medical Departments.....	626	1215		
Surgical do.	328	738		
Women & Children Dep'tm't...	290	447		
Eye and Ear Department.....	118	1246		
Total.....	1362	3646		
Visiting Department.	Patients.	Visits.		
South District.....	102	701	2	
Central do.	292	1475	14	
North do.	425	2015	23	
Total No. Patients treated....	819	4191	39	
" Consultat'ns & visits	2281	7837		

" Prescriptions Dispensed 7887
 " " " for other Charitable Instit'ns... 517

Total No. of Prescriptions..... 8404

No. of Teeth Extracted, 569.

Halifax Dispensary, Dec. 1st, 1875.

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EYE AND EAR DEPARTMENT.

To the Directors of the Halifax Dispensary :

GENTLEMEN,—The report herewith annexed shows that during the year ending Nov. 30th, 1875, I have had under my care, 118 patients—96 of the eye and 22 of the ear—about one-half more than in the last year. The number of visits made by the patients to the Dispensary, including some visits made at the houses of patients, has been 1246, an average of 10 and a fraction over to each patient. The duration of treatment has been longer in some cases than when the same disease is met with in private practice—among persons in better circumstances. This difficulty exists to a greater or less extent in all Dispensary practice, but is especially noticeable in diseases affecting an organ so delicate as the eye. The disregard of hygienic laws; the difficulty of enforcing attention to the food given to children; and the inability of adults, who depend upon their daily labour for support, to discontinue work, even while they are under treatment for a grave attack of inflammation of some part of the eye, are the chief causes of this delay in recovering.

As this report is chiefly intended to give information to benefactors, I will subjoin a few cases in a popular form, to show some of the benefits conferred upon the poor of the city by the Dispensary, and to stimulate public interest in its behalf.

A young man whose sight was so bad that he had been unable to work for several years, and during this time had

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been supported at the public expense, is now able to read ordinary type and is earning his own living.

Another man who was led to me can now see sufficiently to go anywhere about town.

Another, who was laid aside for four months before coming for aid, by means of a small operation upon one eye and treatment of the other, gained sufficient sight to enable him to go to work again and provide for his family.

A lad with a squint in one eye, which disfigured him very much, had his deformity removed by a slight operation, and now looks as straight with both eyes as his fellows.

Many more cases might be cited where, but for the treatment employed, sight would have been seriously impaired, or perhaps lost, but the above will suffice.

But to make this department more efficient, it is necessary that some better provision should be made for the treatment of severe cases and for the proper care of all such as require operative treatment. Several cases of severe inflammation were under treatment during the year, where recovery would have been more rapid and a better result gained as regards the amount of vision preserved, if we had had a room into which they could have been admitted and properly cared for. Still greater necessity exists for such a provision in all cases requiring an operation. The general Surgeon in many cases attaches almost as much importance to the care and nursing after an operation, as to the operation itself, and the advantages of constant watchfulness and care are even more essential in the case of delicate operations upon the eye. The most neatly performed of these may end disastrously through ignorance and carelessness on the part of the patient. This is the reason that Eye Infirmaries have been established

elsewhere. I have operated upon an eye for cataract, and left the patient with positive instructions not to disturb the bandage until I saw him again, when in six hours afterwards I visited him unexpectedly, and found him with the bandage removed, and he was in the act of putting it on again so as to leave one eye uncovered that he might see to get some food. Upon remonstrating with him I found out that instead of arranging to board while under treatment, he was too poor to afford that, and had simply hired a room and expected to have his daughter, who was at service in the city, come and see him once a day and provide something for him to eat and nurse him. On another occasion I operated upon an eye and visited the patient the next day which was rainy, and found him in bed with his pillow and bed clothes wet from the rain which came through the roof of the miserable shanty he lived in and that he called a "tenement house." This is hardly the poetry of science and is certainly a state of things that should not be allowed to continue.

The interest taken in the Blind Asylum is very gratifying to all who are connected with it; but is it not infinitely better, even from an economic point of view, that proper means be employed to prevent blindness? About half of the cases found in such institutions are rendered blind from diseases that are perfectly curable under early and proper treatment. And in what better way can money be disbursed for the physical benefit of the poor than in curing maladies which if allowed to go on unchecked, reduce the industrious artizan or day laborer to the rank of an unproductive pauper. But what shall be thought of our *religion* and *humanity* if we fail to provide for the unfortunate poor all the aids that are essential to preserve to them the priceless blessing of sight.

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With the noble record that Halifax already has in maintaining benevolent institutions, which fairly dot the city from one end to the other; with that readiness which characterizes it to respond to appeals for aid to the poor and unfortunate, shall it be said that the fountain of charity is dried up when the case of the *sick* poor is presented. I would respectfully invite a few ladies and gentlemen who are most active in benevolent objects, to come to the Dispensary for a few days and visit the various departments, between the hours of 12 and 1, and *see* disease and poverty associated. Then obtain the addresses of such as are unable to leave their homes, or whose cases are too serious to permit them to venture out, and *see their* condition, and the difficulties that medical men have to contend against in treating diseases; and I will engage to say there will never again be any necessity for Directors or Physicians to *ask* for aid from the public. A fine building to which we can point strangers as a proof of the interest taken in behalf of the sick poor, is really a sham unless it fully meets their wants.

What I propose is this:—Let a couple of beds, to begin with, be placed in one of the rooms on the 2nd flat of the new building, for severe cases of eye disease, and for such cases as require an operation, where they can be properly nursed and watched. An intelligent person having the care of the building, can act as matron and nurse to the patients, and provide them with food. Our excellent Apothecary, Mr. Puttner, can assist her in the details of treatment. I am prepared to say that competent persons can be obtained who will perform the duties of nursing the patients, and watching them, in addition to taking care of the building, for the privilege of having rooms found them, with gas and fuel free.

After the beds and bedding are provided, the additional expense will be slight, as will be readily seen. The board of the patients, which is the only other expense of any moment, I propose should be in part met by the patients, as there are very few of them who could not afford to pay something towards their board. The object is to *aid* the poor, not to *pauperize* them. This plan is in accordance with that pursued in the principal Eye and Ear Infirmaries in the United States. The number of those who would have been considered proper persons for admission during the past year was about 9, and the duration of their stay would have been in some cases one week, in others two, and in others three weeks. The price of board can be arranged with the matron of the Institution at a reasonable sum, and the amount deficient over and above that paid by each patient, would be all that was required from the Dispensary funds.

Trusting that these matters may be thought worthy of attention, I respectfully submit them for your consideration.

STEPHEN DODGE, M. D.

Halifax, November 30th, 1875.

Abscess.....
 Adenitis.
 Asthma.....
 Anthrax.
 Anasarca
 Amenorrhœa
 Aphthæ
 Anæmia
 Aphonia
 Abortion.....
 Accouchment ...
 Alcoholism.....
 Bite of Woman .
 Bite of Rat.....
 Bursitis
 Bronchitis
 Bubo
 Bright's Disease.
 Burns
 Caries
 Carcinoma
 Cartilage, loose.
 Catarrh.....
 Cephalalgia.....
 Chancroid
 Chilblains
 Cough
 Conjunctivitis .
 Contusion
 Cystitis
 Cong. of Brain
 Constipation ...
 Colic
 Colica Pictonun
 Cardiac Disease
 Cholera Infantu
 Condylomata...
 Choreia.... ..
 Chlorosis
 Cirrhosis.
 Coryza
 Climacteric ..
 Convulsions ..
 Diarrhœa

DISEASES AND ACCIDENTS.

Abscess.....	39	Dysentery	12	Impetigo	10
Adenitis	25	Debility	34	Iritis	1
Asthma.....	12	Doubtful	10	Insanity	1
Anthrax	14	Dyspepsia	47	Inanition	1
Anasarca	2	Dysphagia	1	Intertrigo	1
Amenorrhœa	42	Debauch.....	4	Keratitis.....	1
Aphthæ.....	2	Dentition	6	Lactation	13
Anæmia	27	Dysmenorrhœa	5	Lumbago.....	16
Aphonia	3	Disloca. of Shoulder...1		Leucorrhœa.....	25
Abortion.....	3	Epilepsy	5	Laryngitis	15
Accouchment	10	Enteritis	4	Lienæ	2
Alcoholism.....	1	Eczema	18	Lupus	1
Bite of Woman	1	Emphysema	5	Menorrhagia	22
Bite of Rat.....	1	Erysipelas	31	Malingering	1
Bursitis	8	Erythema	4	Metritis	5
Bronchitis	155	Ecthyma	2	Morbus Coxæ	2
Bubo	3	Fauçitis	8	Myelites.....	1
Bright's Disease.....	3	Febricula	39	Melancholia	3
Burns	7	Frostbite	7	Meningitis	4
Caries	1	Fever	3	Mastitis	2
Carcinoma	2	Fracture, Ribs	7	Nail ingrowing.....	2
Cartilage, loose.....	1	" Clavicle	3	Neuralgia.....	36
Catarrh.....	53	" Coecæ	1	Necrosis	14
Cephalalgia.....	12	Furunculus	6	Ophthalmia, Tarsi	4
Chancroid	9	Gastrodynia	4	" Neonatorum	1
Chilblains	1	Gonorrhœa	20	Otalgia	2
Cough	42	Gelationes	20	Ovarian Dropsy	2
Conjunctivitis	2	Gravel	1	" Tumor.....	1
Contusion	23	Hæmoptysis	9	Operation.....	42
Cystitis	1	Hepatic Disease	44	Ovaritis	2
Cong. of Brain	4	Hæmatemesis	4	Porrigo	11
Constipation	58	Heart Diseases, func.12		Periostitis	7
Colic	10	Hypochondriasis	1	Pharyngitis	3
Colica Pictonum	2	Hernia.....	4	Pertussis	24
Cardiac Disease.....	22	Hysteria	7	Pleurodynia.....	26
Cholera Infantum.....	4	Hemeplegia	3	Prurigo...	1
Condylomata.....	1	Hemorrhoids	8	Psoriasis	2
Chorea.....	1	Herpes	9	Palpitation	11
Chlorosis	2	Hydrocele	3	Paronychia	22
Cirrhosis	2	Hypopion	3	Pregnancy	6
Coryza	1	Icterus	4	Plueritis.....	3
Climacteric	1	Indigestion	31	Pneumonitis	14
Convulsions	1	Influenza	3	Phthisis	53
Diarrhœa.....	97	Injury	30	Paralysis	9

Phlegmasia Dolens... 2	Syphilis, Secondary...22	Tumor, Maxilla.....1
Parostitis39	“ Tertiary.....4	“ of Orbit.....1
Phymosis3	Stomatitis6	Tinea.....14
Puerperal Fever2	Scald.....6	Typhoid Fever...4
Prolapsus Ani2	Scabies10	Ulcers27
Ranula2	Synovitis6	Urticaria7
Rebeola.....43	Sprain23	Varicella18
Rheumatism ... 75	Stricture10	Vomiting (of Pregn.)..4
Retention of Urine...3	Scrofulosis.....8	Vermes7
Reseola1	Tonsilitis62	Varicose Veins8
Rachitis1	Throat Relaxed.....1	Wounds6
Sciatica10	Tongue Tie4	No diagnosis20
Syphilis, Primary...10	Tumor, Abdominal. .6	

DISEASES OF THE EYE.

Conjunctivitis, Acute.....9	Cataract3
Conjunctivitis, Chronic12	Cataract (traumatic)1
Granular Lids.....8	Atrophy of Globe1
Abscess of Lid.....1	Leucoma Adherens.....2
Chalazion2	Hypermetropia1
Tumour Encysted of Lower Lid..1	Paralysis of Accommodation.....1
Keratitis5	Neuro—Retinitis1
Keratitis Phlyctenular9	Irido Choroiditis.....1
Keratitis Interstitial1	Ciliary Neuralgia1
Keratitis Ulcerative5	Bright's Ritinitis.. . . .1
Foreign body in Cornea.....2	Neuritis Opticus1
Wound of Cornea and Iris.....1	Neuro—Choroiditis2
Tinea Tarsi2	Glaucoma Absolutum1
Supra Orbital Neuralgia2	Atrophy of Optic Nerve4
Sclerotitis1	Choroiditis Disseminate1
Kerato Iritis.....1	Strabismus Convergens.....2
Iritis2	Obstruction of Lachrymal duct..4
Kerato— Iritis, with Cataract (traumatic).....1	Total.....96

DISEASES OF THE EAR.

Impacted Cerumen..... 3	Acute Inflam. Middle Ear.....2
Otitis Externa, diffusa1	Sup. Inflam. Middle Ear1
Otitis Externa, circumscribed...1	Chronic Inflam. Middle Ear.....9
Eczema Aurium3	Ozorna.....2

CAUSES OF DEATH.

Asthma1	Scrofula...1	Cardiac Disease.....2
Bronchitis3	Anasarca.....1	Jaundice.....1
Convulsions1	Carcinoma1	Old Age1
Enteritis.....1	Diarrhoea8	Paralysis2
Ovarian Dropsy.....1	Erysipelos1	Phthisis6
Pneumonia2	Hæmoptysis2	Vermes2

FROM J.

Salary of Apot
“ Secre
“ Phys
Printing Repo
Medicines
Rent
Gas, Fuel, & C
Balance due T

Donations—Ja
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Collected by M
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next page
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Sundry Depos
Building
Donations to

TREASURER'S ACCOUNT.

FROM JANUARY 1st, 1875, TO JANUARY 1st, 1876.

Expenditure.

Salary of Apothecary.....	\$399 96
“ Secretary.....	75 00
“ Physicians.....	524 99
Printing Reports, &c., &c.....	34 75
Medicines.....	253 71
Rent.....	271 00
Gas, Fuel, &c.....	85 04
Balance due Treasurer for 1874.....	156 71

\$1801 16

Receipts.

Donations—James Thomson, Custos.....	\$ 25 00
Mr. and Mrs. Charles Murdoch.....	20 00
Charitable Irish Society.....	40 00
North British Society.....	40 00
Curling Club.....	8 00
Collected by Messrs. Starr and Secretary.....	500 00
City Grant.....	500 00
Provincial Grant.....	400 00
Due Treasurer.....	268 06

\$1801 16

TREASURER'S ACCOUNT—NEW BUILDING.

Expenditure.

Paid Plan Waterloo Tavern.....	\$10 00
“ Recording Deed	1 30
“ Site New Building.....	3000 00
“ Malcom & Johnston, on account New Building.....	3500 00

\$6511 30

Receipts.

Collected in Churches on Hospital Sunday as per list. See next page.....	\$2766 04
Special Provincial Grant, New Building.....	1000 00
Sundry Deposit Receipts cashed to meet Expenses New Building \$1191 and Interest on do. \$172.....	1363 00
Donations to New Building as per mem. See next page...	1736 00

\$6865 04

Due Dispensary..... 353 74

E. E. T. E. KENNY, *Hon. Treasurer.*

COLLECTIONS IN THE FOLLOWING CHURCHES.

St. Luke's.....	\$226 75
" Bishop Binney's Subscription.....	200 00
Presbyterian Church, Bedford.....	\$426 75
St. Mark's Church.....	8 25
St. George's ".....	21 87
N. W. Arm ".....	62 20
Roman Catholic Churches.....	5 50
St. Paul's Church.....	340 29
Salem Congregational Church.....	174 51
St. Andrew's Church.....	10 32
Trinity Church.....	61 29
Christ Church, Dartmouth.....	34 10
Grafton Street, Wesleyan.....	48 00
Garrison Chapel.....	50 00
Brunswick Street, Wesleyan.....	57 76
Kaye ".....	41 70
Charles ".....	11 33
Fort Massey Church.....	9 00
Church of the Redeemer.....	100 00
Chalmers Church.....	50 00
St. John's " Presbyterian.....	50 00
St. Matthew's Ch. ".....	70 00
Doull & Miller's Subscription.....	507 00
Gerrish Street, Baptist.....	500 00
Granville ".....	1007 00
	8 42
	58 99

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John S. MacLean.....	50 00
A Friend, per Rev. G. M. Grant.....	50 00
Mrs. Knox.....	40 00
Mr. Jordan.....	20 00
Peter Creighton \$5, Jos. Coombes, Esq., \$1.....	20 00
	6 00

\$1756 00

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 Avery, J. F....
 Archbold, E. 1
 Almon & Mac
 Anderson, Bill
 A Friend, per
 Bishop of Nov
 Binney, Edwar
 Bauld, Gibson
 Black Bros. &
 Burns, Adam.
 Boak, jr., Hon.
 Butler, James
 Black, W. L....
 Black, M. P....
 Black, S. H....
 Brown, Thos.
 Brown & Co.,
 Bremner, J. J.
 Bent, J. K....
 Bayne, John...
 Connolly, Arch
 Cochran, Hon.
 Cunard, William
 Cronan, Daniel
 Carney, M....
 Creighton & Sc
 Doull & Mille
 Duggan, James
 Donaldson, Jar
 Duffus & Co..
 Dwyer, Michael
 Dunbar, Wm..
 Dupe, Geo. W..
 Esson & Co....
 Farquhar, Forr
 Fordham, Arth
 Forsyth, Geo. I
 Fuller, H. H....

ARCHES.

\$226 75
 200 00

 \$426 75
 8 25
 21 87
 62 20
 5 50
 340 29
 174 51
 10 32
 61 29
 34 10
 48 00
 50 00
 57 76
 41 70
 11 33
 9 00
 100 00
 50 00
 50 00
 70 00

 1007 00
 8 42
 58 99

 \$2766 04

 \$200 00
 200 00
 500 00
 250 00
 200 00
 200 00
 50 00
 50 00
 40 00
 20 00
 20 00
 6 00

 6 00

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Almon & Mackintosh	5 00	Gastonguay & Dompierre...	2 00
Anderson, Billing & Co....	4 00	Hesslein, Henry.....	10 00
A Friend, per F. Graham...	4 00	His Worship The Mayor...	10 00
Bishop of Nova Scotia.....	12 00	Howlett & Co., L	5 00
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Bauld, Gibson & Co.....	8 00	Hunter, C. D.	5 00
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Burns, Adam	5 00	Hogan, Peter.....	4 00
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Black, M. P.....	4 00	Jennings & Clay	4 00
Black, S. H.....	4 00	Jones, A. G.....	4 00
Brown, Thos. A.....	4 00	Jost, Edward	2 00
Brown & Co., M. S.....	4 00	Kenny, Sir Edward	10 00
Bremner, J. J.....	4 00	Kenny, T. E.....	5 00
Bent, J. K.....	4 00	Kenny, J. F.....	5 00
Bayne, John.....	2 00	Keith, Donald G.....	4 00
Connolly, Archbishop.....	20 00	Lithgow, J. R	10 00
Cochran, Hon. James.....	20 00	Lawson, Harrington & Co...	5 00
Cunard, William.....	10 00	McLeod & Co.....	5 00
Cronan, Daniel	5 00	McLean, John S.....	5 00
Carney, M.....	4 00	McLeod, Alex.....	5 00
Creighton & Son, J. G. A...	2 00	Menzies, W. C.....	5 00
Doull & Miller.....	15 00	Moren, James A.....	5 00
Duggan, James.....	10 00	Mitchell, Geo. P. & Sons...	5 00
Donaldson, James.....	5 00	Mott, John P	5 00
Duffus & Co	5 00	Morrow, James B.....	5 00
Dwyer, Michael.....	5 00	Mackintosh, R. B.....	2 00
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Dupe, Geo. W.....	2 00	Neal, White & Co	5 00
Esson & Co.....	6 00	O'Neil, B.....	5 00
Farquhar, Forrest & Co....	5 00	Pickford, Robert	5 00
Fordham, Arthur	2 00	Power, & Co., P.....	5 00
Forsyth, Geo. E.....	2 00	Pugh, John.....	2 00
Fuller, H. H.....	2 00	Pallister, W. H.....	2 00

Ritchie, Thomas A.....	\$5 00	Taylor, Robert	\$4 00
Reilly & Davidson	2 00	Vose, C. F... ..	1 00
Robertson, Wm	2 00	West, Wm. P	5 00
Stairs, John.	5 00	West, N. L.....	5 00
Stairs, W. J.....	5 00	Walsh, P.	5 00
Scott, James	5 00	White, S. A.....	5 00
Smith, Edward	5 00	Wood, J. Taylor.....	4 00
Starr, Geo. H	5 00	Wilkins, Judge	4 00
Sircon & Marshall	4 00	Whytal, John L.....	2 00
Stirling, W. S.....	4 00	Woodill, Wm.....	1 00
Silver, W. C.....	4 00		
Sweet, R. J.....	1 00		
Taylor & Co., John.....	5 00		
			\$500 00