#### TREATY SERIES, 1941 No. 14

### DECLARATION

BY THE

### PRIME MINISTER OF CANADA

AND THE

## PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

REGARDING

## CO-OPERATION FOR WAR PRODUCTION

Made on April 20, 1941



OTTAWA
EDMOND CLOUTIER
PRINTER TO THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
1943

43 267 826 b 163027 1

#### TREATY SERIES, 1941 No. 14

#### DECLARATION

BY THE

#### PRIME MINISTER OF CANADA

AND THE

## PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

REGARDING

## CO-OPERATION FOR WAR PRODUCTION

Made on April 20, 1941





# DECLARATION BY THE PRIME MINISTER OF CANADA AND THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA REGARDING CO-OPERATION FOR WAR PRODUCTION MADE ON APRIL 20, 1941\*

Among other important matters, the President and the Prime Minister discussed measures by which the most prompt and effective utilization might be made of the productive facilities of North America for the purposes both of local and hemisphere defence and of the assistance which in addition to their own programs both Canada and the United States are rendering to Great Britain and the other democracies.

It was agreed as a general principle that in mobilizing the resources of this continent each country should provide the other with the defence articles which it is best able to produce, and, above all, produce quickly, and that

production programs should be co-ordinated to this end.

While Canada has expanded its productive capacity manifold since the beginning of the war, there are still numerous defence articles which it must obtain in the United States, and purchases of this character by Canada will be even greater in the coming year than in the past. On the other hand, there is existing and potential capacity in Canada for the speedy production of certain kinds of munitions, strategic materials, aluminum, and ships, which

are urgently required by the United States for its own purposes.

While exact estimates cannot yet be made, it is hoped that during the next twelve months Canada can supply the United States with between \$200,000,000 and \$300,000,000 worth of such defence articles. This sum is a small fraction of the total defence program of the United States, but many of the articles be provided are of vital importance. In addition, it is of great importance the economic and financial relations between the two countries that payment by the United States for these supplies will materially assist Canada in meeting part of the cost of Canadian defence purchases in the United States.

In so far as Canada's defence purchases in the United States consist of component parts to be used in equipment and munitions which Canada is these parts under the Lease-Lend Act and forward them to Canada for inclusion

in the finished articles.

The technical and financial details will be worked out as soon as possible the accordance with the general principles which have been agreed upon between President and the Prime Minister.

<sup>\*</sup>At the conclusion of conversations held at Hyde Park, in the State of New York, U.S.A. 83580

# PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF CANADA AND THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA REGARDING CO-OPERATION FOR WAR PRODUCTION MADE ON APRIL 20, 1941\*

Among other important matters, the President and the Prime Minister cussed measures by which the most prompt and effective utilization might made of the productive facilities of North America for the purposes both local and hemisphere defence and of the assistance which in addition to drown programs both Canada and the United States are rendering to Great stain and the other democracies.

It was agreed as a general principle that in mobilizing the resources of continent each country should provide the other with the defence articles ch it is best able to produce, and, above all, produce quickly, and that duction programs should be co-ordinated to this end

While Canada has expanded its productive capacity manifold since the inning of the war, there are still numerous defence articles which it must ain in the United States, and purchases of this character by Canada will even greater in the coming year than in the past. On the other hand, there existing and potential capacity in Canada for the speedy production of ain kinds of munitions, strategic materials, aluminum, and ships, which ungently required by the United States for its own purposes.

While exact estimates cannot yet be made, it is hoped that during the next we months Canada can supply the United States with between \$200,000,000 \$300,000,000 worth of such defence articles. This sum is a small fraction be total defence program of the United States, but many of the articles a provided are of vital importance. In addition, it is of great importance is economic and financial relations between the two countries that payment be United States for these supplies will materially assist Clanada in meeting of the cost of Canadian defence purchases in the United States

In so far as Canada's defence purchases in the United States consist of Conent parts to be used in equipment and munitions which Canada is using for Great Britain, it was also agreed that Great Britain will obtain a parts under the Lease-Lead Act and forward them to Canada for inclusion to finished articles.

The technical and financial details will be worked out as soon as possible reordance with the general principles which have been agreed upon between President and the Prime Minister.