

"KINGSWOOD"

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Massey-Harris  
Convalescent Home  
*IN ENGLAND*  
*For Canadian Soldiers*

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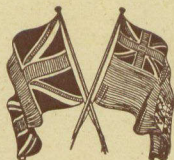
*Bulletin No. 17*

"KINGSWOOD,"

DULWICH,

LONDON, S.E.

EQUIPPED AND MAINTAINED SOLELY BY  
MASSEY-HARRIS CO., Ltd., ITS ASSOCIATE COMPANIES  
AND THEIR AGENTS AND EMPLOYEES.





Bronze Tablet "The Field of The Cloth of Gold"  
Fire Place in Recreation Hall.

## Report of the Resident Secretary For February and March, 1918.

The months of February and March passed quietly, with very little change in the work of the Home.

Since last fall at Passchendaele Ridge, the Canadians have not been in any heavy fighting during the winter months, and so far only a very small number of them have been engaged in the recent great battle on the Somme. The number of Canadian wounded sent over from France has, therefore, fortunately been very low. The "active" treatment hospitals in England had been evacuated as far as possible in preparation for the anticipated large numbers of wounded men from the Somme battle, but fortunately the numbers have not been nearly so great as anticipated. These evacuations caused a temporary rush of patients to us, but not so great as the medical authorities had

asked us to prepare for. Since the closing of the Kenyon Huts at the end of December, our total accommodation for the winter months has been 102 beds, but during February and March the average number in the Home has been about 85 only.

The proportion of dressing cases still continues high—about 80% of the total number of patients in the Home—whilst the massage cases have been slightly fewer—about 20% or 25%.

The weather in the latter part of February and early part of March was extremely fine and spring-like, so that the men were able to be out of doors a great deal, taking exercise in the grounds and by walks in the neighborhood. Those who are more able-bodied have also been able to put in an hour or two's work in the forenoons in the gardens and grounds.

As the weather has now become more pleasant, the men prefer to be out of doors in the evenings, so that our winter's programme of weekly concerts, whist drives, billiard competitions, etc., was brought to a close at the end of March.

The principal outings and entertainments during February and March were as follows:

On the evening of 1st February an exceptionally good concert was given in our Recreation Hall by our near neighbors, the Misses Jenkins, and party, which included four soldiers who in pre-war days were well-known professional artists on the London Variety stage.

On Tuesday afternoon, 5th February, twenty men went to one of the usual concerts and teas at the Savoy Hotel, by kind invitation of Mrs. Corbett as before.

On the afternoon of 7th February, thirty men, accompanied by Sisters Powell and Hamilton, were entertained to tea followed by games, competitions, etc., for handsome prizes by our good friends and neighbors, the Misses Champion, who have on several previous occasions very generously entertained large parties of our men.

On the evening of 8th February, we had a very enjoyable concert here by our good friend Mr. H. S. Cadle, and his party of local ladies and gentlemen.

On the evening of 12th February, we enjoyed a specially fine concert arranged by our very kind friend and neighbor, Miss Hilton. The programme included a Punch and Judy Show, which was something quite new for many of our men.

On the evening of 13th February, we had a dramatic entertainment, the comedy "A Tight Corner," being given by Mr. Alexander Douglas's Dramatic Party.

The same afternoon a Billiard Tournament and Cribbage Contest was arranged between six men in each case from Kingswood, and the neighboring Imperial Red Cross Hospital Woodhall. The Kingswood men won at billiards and the Woodhall party were the winners at cribbage. The winners had tea along with our men, and remained for the dramatic entertainment in the evening.

On the afternoon of 18th February, twenty-five men attended a musical play given by the senior pupils at one of the local schools (Penge). The entertainment was followed by a liberal tea, which the pupils and their teachers very kindly provided.

The same afternoon another party of fifteen men spent a very agreeable time at games, music, etc., followed by tea in the West Norwood Public Hall, by kind invitation of a committee of local ladies headed by Miss M. Smith, who have several times entertained parties of our men.

On the afternoon of 19th Feb., twenty men attended another of the concerts and teas at

the Savoy Hotel, again by kind invitation of Mrs. Corbett.

The same day ten men visited the State Apartments at Windsor Castle, and were entertained there to lunch by command of the King.

On the afternoon of 22nd February, twenty-five men were entertained at a Concert and Tea in the Central Hall, Westminster, by the Atlantic Union.

On the afternoon of 23rd February, fifteen men were entertained to a concert, games, etc., followed by tea at the Veterans' Club in the City, the head of the committee being Mr. G. E. Blows, who very kindly personally looked after the comfort of the men and also paid their fares.

The same afternoon another party of fifteen men were entertained to games, music and tea at the home of Mrs. Stack, the Treasurer of the Fund for Wounded Soldiers' Entertainment.

On the afternoon of 28th February, twenty-five men visited the Pavilion Variety Theatre by kind invitation of Miss Adelina Levey.

On the evening of 2nd March, twelve men accompanied by the Matron and one of the Sisters, attended a concert at the neighboring Woodhall Red Cross Hospital.

On the afternoon of 4th March, fourteen men were conveyed by a char-a-banc from the Canadian Chaplains' Service to visit the Royal Stables and Coach-houses at Buckingham Palace. This was followed by a very fine concert and tea at the house of Sir St. Clair Thomson, the well-known surgeon.

On the afternoon of 5th March, twenty men went to another of the concerts and teas at the Savoy Hotel.

On the afternoon of 8th March, ten men, all Americans by birth, were invited by the American Red Cross to attend a matinee at the Kingsway Theatre, followed by tea at the home of Mrs. Baxter, one of their members.

The same evening we had another most enjoyable concert, given by our old friend Madame Parker and her party.

On 12th March a party of 25 men visited the State Apartments at Windsor Castle and had lunch there.

On the evening of 15th March we had a very enjoyable dramatic performance here, the comedy "The Arabian Nights" being given by Mr. McCabe's party.

On the afternoon of the 19th March, twenty men went to another of the famous concerts and teas at the Savoy Hotel, London, as before by kind invitation of Mrs. Corbett. This is now the thirty-fifth time that she has very kindly entertained large parties of our men at these well-known fortnightly concerts and teas to wounded soldiers.

On the afternoon of 21st March, twenty-four men attended a performance at the

Pavilion Variety Theatre, the invitation reaching us through the Canadian Chaplains' Service.

On the evening of 22nd March, we had a very nice concert in our Recreation Hall arranged by Miss Hindley and a party of local ladies.

In addition to the foregoing, a number of whist drives, cribbage and billiard competitions were arranged for the men during the evenings, the winners being presented with useful prizes from the fund kindly provided for this and similar purposes by several good friends in Toronto and London.

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### Gifts to Patients.

Last summer the young ladies in the Toronto Office of the Company collected a considerable sum by signatures of members of the staff for an "Autograph Quilt." With the proceeds they very kindly sent us a large case containing maple sugar, peanut butter, chewing gum and chocolate, which reached us in August last. The maple sugar and the chocolate in particular were very highly appreciated by the men, and they were distributed to them from time to time at our evening concerts during the winter. The Autograph Quilt itself came to hand in January, and has been given a place of honor on one of the beds in one of the principal wards.

The young ladies also very kindly sent us recently 33 pairs of very fine hand-knitted socks, which were much appreciated by the men, as they are very much superior to and more comfortable than the usual army issue.

The Knitting Club composed of young ladies in the Melbourne Office of the Company have just sent us another large batch of knitted goods comprising 100 pairs of hand-knitted socks, also a number of mufflers and Balaclava helmets for the use of our men. These are all made from very fine quality wool, well knitted, and are a most acceptable gift.

Our good friend and neighbor, Mr. C. Bingham, sent, for the use of the staff, a very fine home-cured ham—a most acceptable and highly valued gift in these days of short rations.

Our neighbor, Miss Hanks, has again sent us several large parcels of newspapers and magazines for the men, also a quantity of silk, wool, etc., for those of the men who do fancy embroidery and knitting work in their spare time. Quite a number have been taught to do this kind of work in the hospitals, and it helps to pass agreeably and usefully the long tedious hours of their convalescence.

We have from time to time received generous monetary contributions to our special fund which is set aside for the purchase of prizes for billiard, whist, bridge, bagatelle, and other competitions; for sending parties of the men to the theatre or paying their railway fares to other entertainments when unable to do so themselves. Many of our men have never been to a theatre in England, and some have not been to a theatre of any kind since they left their homes in Canada two or three years ago; so that a visit to one of the famous London theatres is greatly appreciated. While in hospital they do not receive their full rates of pay, and when funds are thus short the men are all the more appreciative when they are treated to such an entertainment free of charge. Amongst others, contributions to this fund have been made by Messrs. T. Findley, J. N. Shenstone, J. D. Paterson, Mr. and Mrs. Shuttleworth, Mr. Jas. S. Duncan (Paris).

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### Visitors

On the afternoon of 16th February, the Home was visited by Princess Alice of Teck, accompanied by Mrs. Raynolds. Princess Alice is usually in residence at Windsor Castle, and on the occasion of many of the visits which parties of our men have made to the Castle, she has taken a great interest in them and personally superintended the serving of the lunch to which they are always entertained. She was, therefore, specially interested in visiting Kingswood, and closely inspected the various wards, recreation rooms, surgery and even the kitchen.

On 20th March we had a visit from the Honorary Commandant, Mrs. Lucas, the Acting Commandant, Mrs. Breeze, and the Quartermaster from the neighboring British Red Cross Hospital at "Woodhall." That Hospital was formerly carried on at "Homedale," another house in the neighborhood, but was moved recently to larger and more suitable premises at "Woodhall." This was formerly the residence of the late Mr. J. C. Eno, and our very good friend, Mr. Leech, acts as Superintendent of the very fine gardens and grounds surrounding it.

These three ladies were accompanied by Miss Muncaster, the Chief Inspector of Military Hospitals and Kitchens for the Imperial War Office, who, after minute inspection, expressed herself as very pleasantly surprised and pleased with the varied and well balanced menu, with the cooking arrangements and with the well-cooked and wholesome dinner which she saw being served to the men.

## Historic Relics at "Kingswood"

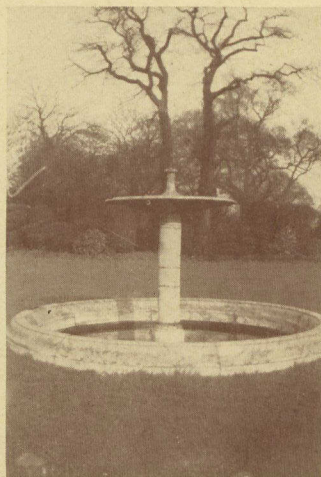
AS our subscribers are aware, the present mansion of Kingswood was built about twenty-seven years ago by the late Mr. J. Lawson Johnston, the founder and head of the world-famous "Bovril" concern. Both he and his son, Mr. Geo. Lawson Johnston, were ardent collectors of interesting and historical art treasures, of which they collected quite a number at Kingswood.

About the time that Kingswood was being built, the old French Royal Palace of St. Cloud, near Paris, was being restored after the serious damage by bombardment which it sustained during the Franco-German War of 1870-1. Mr. George Lawson Johnston happened to be living in France at the time, and was fortunate in being able to purchase from the French Government a number of historic relics from the Palace. One of the principal of these is the very fine, ancient marble fountain standing on the front lawn. Another was a part of a column of red marble from the Salon de Mars in which Peter the Great was received. In the various rooms in the mansion there are a number of fire-backs and braziers or grates, also from the Palace, one of them showing the French coat-of-arms, the Royal fleur-de-lys, being considered specially fine and valuable. The marble bath in which the French Queen Marie Antoinette was reported to have taken her famous milk baths, also formed part of the collection.

The large fire-place in the Reception Hall (now used as a Recreation Hall), and containing a brazier-grate from St. Cloud, is a replica of one of the fire-places in that Palace. Over this fire-place is one of the most valuable articles in the collection, being a large bronze tablet in relief, representing the meeting of the Kings of England and France—"The Field of the Cloth of Gold." Only one other similar tablet is known to exist—that in one of the Royal retiring rooms in the House of Lords. The photograph on page 2 will give some idea of this very fine work of art, and it also shows below part of one of the "fire-backs" already referred to.

As it will be remembered, the name "The Field of the Cloth of Gold," was given to the meeting on the coast of France, near Calais, in June, 1529, between Henry the Eighth of England and Francis the First of France, and it was so called on account of the magnificence of the retinues of the two monarchs and their gilded trappings and tents.

The beautifully painted frieze in the Entrance Hall, the ceiling of the Dining Hall and the tapestries in the Recreation Hall and Billiard Room, are other interesting art treasures in this notable collection.



Marble Fountain at Kingswood.  
From Royal Palace of St. Cloud,  
France.

A late letter from Paris, France, reads as follows:

"We had a lively time yesterday — bombardment, more or less, from 7.30 a.m. to 8.00 p.m. One shell fell on 208 Avenue Jean Jaures (our number is 138), and another just beyond, and another on our right. Our quarter is in the direct firing line. Notwithstanding the disturbances, the staff is doing all right."

We recently had as patients two old Massey-Harris employees, viz.:

R Carroll of the 13th C.M.R., who was employed as a fitter with the local agent at Careston (Alta.) for two years, and later for two years with the local agent at Lethbridge (Alta.) He was badly injured by gas poisoning, and also had a wound in the head. He has made a good recovery, but has been returned to Canada for discharge as unfit for further active service.

Another old patient, Corporal Mayse, has since leaving Kingswood, been again out at the front, but is now on his way back to Canada to assist the Y.M.C.A. in a special campaign which they are conducting in Canada to raise funds for their work among the soldiers in France.

Pte. John Hardy (Toronto Factory), had been in our employ for 11 years when he enlisted, and left Canada with a local unit in 1916. Word was received some time ago that he had been gassed.

Extract from Letter from Lieut. J. S.

Duncan, B.E.F., France,

April 3rd, 1918

"It would take books to tell you what I have gone through since the 21st, but I will just give you an outline.

"The day before I was appointed Acting Adjutant of the Brigade during absence of our Captain. After a perfectly hellish concentration of gas, the Hun broke through our first line and defences, and in scarcely a few hours he was upon us.

"We got all our batteries clear excepting one, which was captured, and at 1 o'clock, after all our men had left, the Colonel, an Infantry Brigade and myself, after destroying our 'phone, cleared from our dug-outs and made for safety, just as the Huns came over the crest. We came under heavy rifle fire, and many infantry men were hit.

"From then on we fought a rear guard action, firing at the Huns with open sights, coming into action three and four, and once seven times in one day. Fighting after the Infantry had come back through our lines, and with the Huns but a few hundred yards away, we would fire our last rounds point blank, hitch up and get off at a gallop. It was all wonderful. Many of our brave men and many of my chums have fallen at their guns, and each day brings its sacrifice; but our Brigade has done a glorious work. And it will be for ever a great pride to me that it was my privilege to be its Adjutant during the most trying two weeks of the war.

"We are now holding the Hun. We got direct orders from our General, which I sent out personally to all Battery Commanders, and which I hope some day to be able to show you, to the effect that on the 29th we were to hold the line at all costs, not a step further were we to retreat. If the Hun broke our line, we were to fight our guns to the last man. Each day the Hun had pushed us back, and that morning when those orders came through, each officer of our Brigade knew that he would be called upon, if the Infantry didn't hold the line, to make the supreme sacrifice. But we held him; he attacked three times that day and each time we beat him off. I never saw such acts of courage: officers with three and four wounds commanding their men, and men fighting on under most indescribable circumstances.

"I have been and am still very busy, working about 19 hours a day. And I have not had my coat or boots off since the 21st. Nor has my horse been rid of his saddle."

## Finances

At the Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of Massey-Harris Co., Ltd., held at the Head Office in Toronto on the 16th day of April, 1918, a brief report of the operations at Kingswood for the year 1917 was read, as follows:

"The operations at Kingswood have been carried on very successfully throughout the year 1917, and you have been advised of many of the details in the Bulletins which have been issued from time to time. It is more and more apparent that Kingswood is proving to be all that we intended and hoped that it should be. From reports that have reached us from many visitors, and especially reports from patients who were in the Home and have now returned to Canada, it is certain that the work being carried on at Kingswood is second to none of its kind in the United Kingdom. It is very evident that we were peculiarly fortunate in securing the site, and also in the personnel of the Nurses that we have sent over to take care of the patients in the Home.

"During the year there have been a number of distinguished visitors, among whom we might specially mention Their Majesties the King and Queen of England; the Duke and Duchess of Connaught; Her Royal Highness Princess Patricia; Lady Haig, wife of Commander-in-Chief Field Marshall Sir Douglas Haig; Lady Byng, wife of General Sir Julian Byng, Commander of the Canadian Forces.

"During the year the neighbors and other friends of Kingswood have been very kind and have provided many entertainments for the men, and besides have supplied the Home with many delicacies in season.

"Up to December 31st last, 2,082 patients had passed in and out of the Home, making a total of 52,163 patient days, which works out at an average stay per patient of a little over 25 days. The Patient Register at December 31st showed 2,277, the difference being made up of 110 patients still in the Home at that date, and 85 duplicates or orderlies, these two items accounting for 6,805 days, or a total number of patient days of 58,968. The average daily number of patients during the 21 months that the Home has been in operation was slightly over 93. During the summer months the capacity is increased by the use of Kenyon Canvas Tents, which give accommodation to from 15 to 20 patients.

"The current running expenses, including the amount spent for provisions, were \$56,750, or an average of 96½ cents per man per day. Foodstuffs alone cost 43½ cents per man per day. The annual charges such as rent, taxes, upkeep, etc., are equal to 18½ cents per man per day. The total cost of operating Kingswood for the twenty-one months up to the end of December

last, including the original equipment and the current, overhead and annual charges over the period, was about \$97,000, which equals about \$1.64 per man per day. This is considerably less than we expected, and shows the very careful and efficient manner in which the affairs of the Home have been administered by the Resident Secretary. Of the total expenditure of \$97,000 as stated, \$39,000 have been provided by the Verity Plow Co., the Bain Wagon

Co., and by our own and their employees and agents, leaving a balance of \$58,000 to be provided for by this Company.

"It is a matter for congratulation for all of us that through the medium of this Home we have been able to be so helpful to so many of our sick and disabled Canadian soldiers, who would otherwise have been cared for amongst comparative strangers.



The Tower and Tower Bridge, London.

## Through London on a Char-a-Banc

A fund of \$40,000 or more was collected some time ago in Canada for the purpose of providing interesting entertainments for Canadian wounded soldiers when in London. All the arrangements for these entertainments are in the hands of the Social Welfare Department of the Canadian Chaplains' Service in London, the organization being very capably handled by Captain T. A. Mosley. One of the principal forms which these entertainments take are drives by motor char-a-banc through the most interesting parts of London.

A letter of thanks by one of our patients, Quartermaster Sergeant Poole, who took part in one of these outings, was written to the Canadian Chaplains' Social Welfare Department, and a copy is given below :

"I should like to express to you on my behalf, as well as of my companions, how highly we appreciated and enjoyed one of the very pleasant and instructive all-day outings which the Canadian Chaplains' Social Welfare Department arranges periodically for convalescent Canadian soldiers in London. Not only are these outings most enjoyable, but, thanks to the arrangements made and the explanations of the capable guides accompanying the party, they give our soldiers, in a short space of time, an excellent idea of the principal streets, buildings, monuments ancient and modern, as well as of the business life and greatness of the chief city of the Empire.

"Having been patients at the Massey-Harris Convalescent Home for the Christmas and New

Year's season, we had the pleasure of attending (as one of a party of 27 men) one of those Char-a-banc Drives, which are such delightful trips to Canadian Convalescent soldiers.

"We left the Home at 9.30 a.m., under the most favorable conditions, it being one of those typical English mild winter days. We proceeded by way of East Dulwich, and all the interesting buildings and thoroughfares, etc., were explained to us by two guides.

"On the way we passed the Elephant and Castle Hotel, the oldest hotel in the South London district, which has been in existence for several centuries. We then crossed the River Thames, and proceeded through the City or old part of London, which covers practically one square mile. This is that part of London which was ravaged by the Plague of London, later followed by the Great Fire, which stopped the rapid spread of the Plague. We passed "The Monument," a high round tower erected to the memory of the victims of that great disaster.

"The next place of interest which we visited was the Tower of London, one of the most historical spots in all England; it was for centuries the residence of the King, but in later years it was used more or less as a prison or barracks. The most interesting things to be seen here were the Traitor's Gate, being the gate through which parties entered the Tower; then came the Portcullis, which is the only one in existence to-day in working order. It was raised and lowered at the time of King George's coronation. We then saw the room in which some of the most famous prisoners were kept, the most important being Sir Walter Raleigh, who wrote the history of the world during his imprisonment there; also Sir Thomas Moore, Crammer, and many other notable prisoners were imprisoned here. One of the interesting things to see in the Tower is the Armour, Cannon, and different specimens of rifles used during different periods, almost dating from the original erection of the Tower by William the Conqueror.

"Here we also saw the original letter written by Lord Kitchener appealing to Great Britain for the first 300,000 men at the commencement of the present war, and which sold for the sum of fifteen thousand dollars, the proceeds going to the Red Cross Society.

"We then saw the magnificent Crown Jewels of Great Britain and Ireland, which are valued at approximately twelve million dollars.

"While near the Tower we had the pleasure of seeing the raising and lowering of Tower Bridge, which we were told was raised by hydraulic pressure, and that there was only half a pint of water used up in doing this feat.

"This completed our survey of the Tower, when we again entered our car and proceeded

to a Y.M.C.A. Restaurant near London Bridge, where we partook of an excellent luncheon.

"For the afternoon we were given a choice of places to visit, and part decided to go and see the King's Horses and Stables, at Buckingham Palace, and other places. Some of our boys, about a dozen in all, who did not feel equal to more walking, were taken to a picture show, and the rest of our party proceeded on the way.

"We first of all took in the beautiful pictures which are in the Royal Exchange Building, and part of the boys, by their own choice, were shown through the Mint, where all the money is coined.

"The next place of interest was Buckingham Palace. As we proceeded along the fine, broad avenue leading up to the Palace, one would imagine they were on one of our excellent thoroughfares in Canada, judging by the width. We passed Queen Alexandra's residence, and we then passed Buckingham Palace and were shown through the Stable and Coach-houses, where we saw the King's many fine horses, as well as the royal carriages and state coaches.

"We were also taken for a drive along the principal streets of the city, which were all explained to us by our kind friends, the guides. They gave quite an elaborate lecture on numerous and interesting buildings, monuments, thoroughfares, etc. The principal ones were St. Paul's Cathedral, Westminster Abbey, Houses of Parliament, Big Ben, the Strand, Trafalgar Square, and many others too numerous to mention.

"About 4.30 p.m. we got our party together again and had tea at another Y.M.C.A. Hall, where we also had a fine concert. Leaving there about 6 p.m., we arrived at Kingswood at 7 p.m. I don't think there was a man in the party that didn't thoroughly enjoy himself, and the good people who provide for these entertainments would surely have thought so if they could have heard the three hearty cheers the boys gave for them, the organizers, and also the guides, who explained everything so well and in such an interesting way."

Pte. G. F. Cohill (Toronto Factory), went overseas with a Q.O.R. battalion in October, 1916, and after two weeks in England went to France. He was wounded by shrapnel in the neck and left leg last June, and expects to be back with his battalion very soon.

While Pte. Percy Rowley (Brantford Factory), of the 125th Battalion, was in Manchester recently, on leave, he was called by name when passing an internment camp. It turned out that a former Brantfordite who had at one time worked in the Massey-Harris plant there was interned. The former Brantfordite asked for a smoke.



## Second Annual Report

THE end of March brings with it the termination of our second year's work at the Home. During the early months of the first year, our accommodation and the number of patients gradually increased, so that in these constantly changing conditions, no very fixed routine could be established, and as some of the features of the Home were different from those in other hospitals of which our staff had had experience, the way had to be felt cautiously and, in some respects, experimentally. But by degrees, and as a result of experience, all the details and the arrangements for the general working and routine of the Home were established, so that now during this second year they have worked along smoothly and satisfactorily.

Since Kingswood was opened, two years ago, no fewer than 2,487 patients have been received: during the first year ending 31st March, 1917, the number received was 1,481, and during this second year ending 31st March, 1918, the number was 1,006 patients. The smaller number this year is due to the patients now being allowed to make a longer stay here, as arranged with the Army Medical Authorities.

As explained in previous reports, during the first year, and especially during the winter and early spring of 1917, the pressure was so great, due on the one hand to the limited accommodation in the "active treatment" hospitals, and on the other to the need for men who had recovered from their wounds to be hurried back to their bases, to ultimately form drafts to re-fill the gaps in their regiments at the front, that patients were in many cases unable to remain long enough in this Home to get sufficient benefit. But the arrangements made with the Army Medical Authorities last year have enabled the men to make a considerably longer stay here, so that they have been able to derive full benefit from their surgical or massage treatment as well as from the general health-giving and recuperative features for which Kingswood is so specially well equipped.

In this connection, the system under which we work may be recalled. The Overseas Canadian Army Medical Corps is administered from Headquarters in London by the Director of Medical Service, now Surgeon-General Foster, controlling a numerous personnel of doctors, nurses and orderlies in the various hospitals in France and England. Kingswood is regarded as an independent institution as concerns its general administration, and is subject to the Canadian Army Medical Authorities only in

the matters of the discipline of the patients and their medical examination, classifying and consequent disposal. In these matters we work under the Canadian Convalescent Hospital at Bromley, Kent, about five miles distant. That hospital acts as a clearing station for convalescent Canadians in the South London area, and all our patients reach us and are discharged from Bromley. One of the medical staff at Bromley acts as M.O. for Kingswood, and pays a visit daily to the men here, or oftener if required. We also have periodic visits of medical and surgical specialists to consult with the medical officer on any difficult cases, and there are also weekly examinations of the men by a Travelling Medical Board, who classify the men and decide as to their disposal at the end of their stay here. There are in France a number of Canadian Field and Base Hospitals for the treatment of the slightly wounded and giving first aid to the more seriously wounded, and there are also in England a number of Canadian hospitals for the treatment of men who fall sick in the Canadian training camps in this country. But almost all the seriously wounded Canadian soldiers from France are sent to the British "active treatment" hospitals in England or Scotland. The large Ontario Military Hospital at Orpington, near London, is almost the only purely Canadian "Active Treatment" Hospital receiving wounded men direct from France. In the British "Active Treatment" Hospitals,



Kingswood Entrance.

A happy group going out for their afternoon's walk.

wounded soldiers from all countries are mixed together—British, Canadian, Australian, New Zealand, South African, etc.—and it is only when they reach the convalescent stage that they are sorted out and sent to the separate convalescent homes maintained in England by each of these countries. Practically all our patients reach us (via Bromley) from the British “active” hospitals. We thus feel the effects of all the fighting which goes on in France and Belgium whether the Canadians be actually engaged in it or not.

During the past twelve months, patients have been reaching us in a much earlier stage of their convalescence than during the first twelve months of our work here. Though we have very few cases of men who are actually confined to bed, still, owing to the number of those receiving dressings, it is now more like an “active treatment” hospital than a convalescent home. In 1916 the proportion of men requiring dressings was only about 40% of the total number of patients in the home at that time, whilst the number of those receiving massage was as high as about 50%. On account of the very heavy fighting in which all sections of the Imperial Forces took part during the spring, summer and autumn of 1917, there was, unfortunately, a very large number of wounded, the pressure from the “active” hospitals increased and, as a consequence, men were sent us at an earlier stage in their convalescence. During the summer and autumn of 1917, the proportion of patients receiving dressings rose to as high as 90% or 95%, whilst the number of those receiving massage fell to 20% or 25% only of the total number of men in the Home.

During the past twelve months, 1,001 men in all have been discharged from the Home. Of these 574, or 57%, were sent to training camps for physical training and thereafter to rejoin their regiments, or, if unfit for further active service, then to perform light duties at the base camps or as orderlies in the military hospitals. 204 or 20% were sent to other hospitals for operations or other special surgical and medical treatment. 223 or 22% were returned to Canada, either for further treatment in the convalescent homes there, or for final discharge from the Army as unfit for further service. The proportion of those returned to Canada this year has been greater than last, the chief reasons being that there are now a sufficient number of men in low categories to perform all the necessary duties at the base camps and hospitals in England, and further, there is now much greater accommodation for patients in the convalescent homes in Canada, where their treatment can be continued nearer their own homes, and where at the same time they can be receiving the necessary training in new trades or occupations. It should be clearly understood that these figures bear no relation whatever to the total number of men wounded,

as it is only the most seriously wounded men who are sent to convalescent homes in England. The slightly wounded men, who form by far the greatest portion of the casualties, are treated at the base or field hospitals in France and returned thence directly to their regiments. The wounds in the recent fighting have been mostly caused by rifle or machine-gun bullets, which, as a rule, are quickly healed and not so serious as the terrible wounds caused by shrapnel and high explosive shells in the first year or two of the war.

The greatly increased price of all articles required has been a most serious matter in the cost of running the Home. Medicines and surgical dressings have increased since pre-war days by about 200%; bed linen, men's underclothing and nurses' uniforms by about 100%; cost of repairing furniture, utensils and buildings by about 100%; wages to meet the higher costs of living by about 100%; the principal articles of food have also increased by about 100% on an average. The increased cost of food has been the most serious item. Although some of the principal articles such as bread, meat, sugar, margarine, potatoes have increased by about only 100% on an average, others such as fresh, dried and tinned fruits have increased by 150% or 200%. There are now national schemes of rationing in force for sugar, meat, bacon, butter and margarine, for all of which articles both civilians and hospital patients are strictly rationed as to quantity. The prices of all these articles have also been fixed by the Food Controller, as well as those of most of the other principal articles of food. These arrangements should prevent any further rise in prices, but the German submarine menace still continues, although now less serious, the world shortage of food also continues, so that prices are likely to remain at their present high figure, the shortage of food is likely to increase, and other articles will have to be added by degrees to the national rationing scheme.

In these times of expensive fruits and vegetables, our garden has proved of more value than ever to the Home. During most of the year, by careful arrangement and cropping, our capable Head Gardener is able to produce enough fresh vegetables every day for all the men, and there is also quite a good supply of peaches, apples, pears and other fruit. The grounds continue to be kept in good order by the patients, so that our own gardeners are able to concentrate all their time on the production of vegetables and fruit in the vegetable garden.

The healthy recreation of the men continues to be well cared for. During the summer months the extensive grounds and lawns provide scope for exercise in various forms, and for games such as tennis, bowls, croquet, etc. During the winter months we carry through a

programme of weekly concerts, whist drives, billiard, cribbage and other competitions. A plentiful supply of newspapers, magazines, books and other reading matter is always available for the men in the comfortable recreation rooms. During the first year at Kingswood we received quite a number of invitations from neighbors for the men to attend garden parties, teas, musical evenings, etc., at their houses, but of late these have almost ceased on account of the food shortage and the strict rationing regulations of the Food Controller. To partly take their place, we have, thanks to the generosity of several friends in Toronto and London, been able to send parties of the men from time to time to different theatres in London—a greatly appreciated outing.

Every Sunday at 10 a.m. a short religious service is held in the Home, the ministers of the different denominations in the neighborhood taking the service in turn. The service is usually finished by 10.30 or 10.40, so that the men are then free to attend any of the churches in the neighborhood for the usual Sunday morning service at 11.

The only change in the nursing staff during the year has been the addition of Miss Gertrude Northmore, of Toronto, who arrived in December, 1917, to take the place of Miss Florence Oram, who was unfortunately obliged to return to Canada to nurse her only sister who was seriously ill. We also were unfortunately deprived of the services of Sgt. Major Foley in November, 1917, who then received long merited promotion and was transferred to a more important position. The new Sergeant-in-charge is Sgt. John McKay, who was in Toronto for several years before joining the C.A.M.C. at the commencement of the war. We have had many changes in our Medical Officer, the present one being Capt. A. R. Perry, who was in pre-war times in practice in Mount Forest, Ont.

The men continue to show their appreciation of all that is done for them at Kingswood by their excellent behaviour. Although free as far as possible from any irksome military regulations, they do not take liberties, and it is very rarely that any disciplinary steps require to be taken. This is in great part due to the excellent influence for good which the Matron and the Sisters continue to exercise upon the men. In addition to performing their ordinary nursing duties, these ladies continue to take a real personal interest in the welfare of the men, so that even the most lonely boy feels that in Kingswood he has a real home. As compared with other convalescent homes and hospitals, Kingswood continues to enjoy a most enviable reputation. Members of the staff receive many letters from old patients after their return to duty in France, or from Canada, and whenever a man is on leave and in the neighborhood he never fails to pay Kingswood a visit. In this

and in many other ways, the men show that they appreciate all that is done for their comfort and well-being, and it should also help to show the generous subscribers to the maintenance of the Home that Kingswood continues to prove to be all that they ever intended and desired—a real home from home for Canadian soldiers.

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Extract from Letter from Gunner  
J. F. G. Wood, B.E.F., France,  
2nd April, 1918

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“In spite of our withdrawal, all is still going well with us and we are by no means downhearted at our setback.

“On the 8th of last month we went out on rest for three weeks, but it came to a hurried end on the 21st, when the Huns commenced their long expected offensive. We were sent direct to the scene of activity, and had quite a lively time during the following ten days, in which period we had no less than eight moves. However, I think we have got settled down again, at least for a few days, as we appear to be holding Fritz in our sector. It has been an anxious time for us, but we have not had the worst of it by any means. Though I am anxious for a speedy Allied victory, I could not help but feel sorry for the slaves of militarism as they were simply mown down by our fire at point-blank range. It was only their huge forces pressing on that made us fall back, and their losses must have been awful. Several I have spoken to have seen the dead bodies piled high on top of one another. If he continues to press on as he has been doing, he will lose a very high percentage of his fighting strength, and his losses have done more towards cheering us on than anything else could possibly do. We are slowly wearing them down, and it will not be so very long before we have the upper hand as complete as we have at present in the air. It is very rare that a Hun plane ventures over our lines, and this battle has been conspicuous by their absence. Our air men are easily masters of the air, and I hope it will not be long before we can say the same of our land forces. In our particular sector we are well prepared for him, and if he should renew his attacks he will suffer as heavily as he has done during the last fortnight. He has gained nothing with all the land he has captured as it is as desolate a bit of country as one will find anywhere.

“I sincerely trust that if any other member of the staff has taken part in this battle, they will have come through it safely.”

# Kingswood Minstrels Entertainment

(Contributed by a Patient, Pte. F. Hoole)

Sergeant Linfoot one day early in January was smitten with the brilliant idea of giving a Minstrel Show, the performers to be drawn from the patients and staff of Kingswood.

This idea rapidly took form, and a meeting was called in the "Prince Charlie" Room, when it was definitely decided to start practising. Immediately a rough outline of programme was drafted, and different members of staff and patients were requested to assist. The list of performers is as follows:

- Sgt. Linfoot, 4th Battn. (Conductor).
- " Hishin, 47th "
- Cpl. Caffery, 3rd Battery R.G.A.
- Pte. Parks, R.C.R.
- " Chalmers, 10th Battn.
- " F. Hoole, 72nd (Seaforths)
- R. S. M. Foley, C.A.M.C.
- Pte. Hopkinson, 4th Battn.
- " Aldridge, 14th Canadians.
- " Ladds, 26th Battn.
- " Bowran, 127th
- " Anderson, C.A.M.C. (Pianist)

The practices proceeded with considerable vim, and the work of rehearsing was made much easier than it might have been by the excellent playing of Pte. Anderson, our pianist. We were certainly most fortunate in securing his assistance. Sgt. Linfoot also accompanied one or two songs admirably, and was a most painstaking conductor, very helpful to the troupe, especially over chorus work. During the first week, practices were held every other day, but the last week the troupe had to work hard every day. They were rather handicapped by having to practice within earshot of their future audience, as there was only one piano available, i.e., that of the Recreation Room; however, as most of the boys were out in the afternoon owing to the fine sunshiny weather, they were not much inconvenienced.

With regard to the performance on the evening of 29th January, the opening chorus, "Alabama Jubilee" went with a swing that warmed the audience up and was loudly applauded. The Finale to the first part of the programme, "Yaaka Hula Hicky Dula," and especially the dance with which it concluded, was received with approbation.

But the best chorus was undoubtedly the opening chorus to the second half, composed mainly of Trench Songs learned by the boys in the trenches in France. As usual, they were

chiefly humorous, and consisted of upwards of sixteen songs and choruses, smoothly following each other, which were continually interrupted by bursts of laughter and applause from the audience when the points were particularly appropriate.

Sambo (Pte. Ladds) sang "There's a Little Lane Without a Turning," and later "Mandy from Tonypandy," both good songs with catchy choruses, and he acquitted himself well. In this connection we should like to take the opportunity of stating that the rumour which has got about that the corners of his mouth met at the back of his neck, is quite untrue, and we hereby wish to contradict it. The Troupe's dancing during the chorus of "Mandy" caused considerable merriment.

Rastus (Pte. Parks) followed with "Where the Black-eyed Susans Grow," and "I'm Silly Dick." In the latter song he gave his experiences in so life-like a manner that the audience loudly demanded more. He certainly has "some" voice.

Tambo (Sgt. Hishin) next took the floor with "Sue, Sue, Sue," taking us into his confidence about his love affairs. His collar was of the largest size (though sometimes inclined to choke him), and his grey waistcoat and clawhammer coat with brass buttons, captured all hearts. His pants being somewhat on the short side, disclosed a pair of slim ankles enclosed in light blue embroidered socks. The audience had another chance of admiring him in "Johnny Boy" the Knut.

Jake (Pte. Aldridge) next inflicted "Calling Me Home to You," and later "Way Down Yonder in the Cornfield," the latter being encored. Being encouraged by this, he changed his sex (and clothes), and appeared in a duet, "Walking Out with Margarine," with Mr. Jones (Pte. Hopkinson). The dancing in this number really deserves special mention, as it was undoubtedly one of the best turns on the programme. It was noticeable that the feminine portion of the audience was intensely interested in "Margarine's" white dress, wreath of roses, green necklace, yellow stockings, tiny (!!) feet and lingerie, which aroused loud applause. There was some trouble in securing sufficient attire for Pte. Aldridge, who is by no means small, and a satisfactory result was only obtained by ransacking the wardrobes of all the Sisters.

Brother Jones (Pte. Hopkinson) in "Hello Hawaii" and "Massey-Harris I Love Thee" was loudly encored. The latter song is a topical

one about Kingswood (words by F. Hoole), which runs as follows :

(Tune: "Little Brown Jug.")

My pals and I don't want to roam,  
For Kingswood is just like a home,  
The Sisters are so nice and kind,  
What Matron says we have to mind.

*Chorus*—Ah, Ha, Ha, He, He, He,  
(Twice) Massey-Harris, I love thee.

Each morning in the Surgereer  
They stick hot compresses on me,  
The "Eusol" makes an awful smell,  
The wicks and forceps make me yell.

*Chorus*—Ah, Ha, Ha, He, He, He,  
(Twice) Little sharp probe, I don't love thee.

The Massage Sister is so strong,  
She massages both short and long,  
She rubs and punches, thumps and snacks,  
Our arms and legs and chests and backs.

*Chorus*—Ah, Ha, Ha, He, He, He,  
(Twice) When it hurts, I don't love thee.

The bugle calls us to our Mess,  
And fills our hearts with happiness,  
The waiters work in aprons white,  
The Sisters see the food's alright.

*Chorus*—Ah, Ha, Ha, He, He, He,  
(Twice) Little "buckshee," how I love thee.

Pete (Pte. Hoole) perpetrated the "Four Hoss Charabanc" and "My Juliet" under some difficulty, hardly having a leg to stand on, owing to shrapnel in the left foot. The second item, "Romeo and Juliet" as a coon song secured an encore, but the occasion was marred

by himself, and in fact the whole troupe, bursting into uncontrollable weeping all through the encore verse, owing to the pathos of the untimely demise of the hero and heroine, who resolved to die on hearing that George Washington never told a lie!

"Hoppie" showed himself quite a dancer, and his performance was deservedly popular.

Mose (Pte. Chalmers) contributed a song "Right in the Middle of the Road," which evoked roars of laughter.

Both of Mr. Bones' (Cpl Caffery's) songs had swinging choruses in which the audience joined with zest, several of the Sisters evidently exerting themselves to an unusual extent. Mr. Bones' second song was of a patriotic nature and very tuneful. The second verse (words by F. Hoole) and chorus are as follows :

We're all glad to be at Kingswood,  
Very jolly boys are we.  
Kingswood's splendid, troubles ended,  
All our wounds are getting mended.  
So we want to thank our Matron,  
And we thank our Sisters too,  
And my pleasant task is just to ask  
Three hearty cheers from you.

*Cho.*—For we're all under the same old flag,  
Brothers in arms are we.  
One heart and one desire,  
One King and one Empire,  
England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales,  
Brothers from over the Sea,  
United fight, for the cause that's right,  
To conquer Germanee.

This was repeatedly encored, and the Union Jack, about 10 feet long, held across



Buckingham Palace and Queen Victoria Memorial, London, recently visited by Kingswood Patients. (See Article on Page 7.)

the stage by the troupe, gave point to the words.

Interspersed throughout the programme were a large number of Coon jokes, which pleased the audience mightily. Sister Mc-Mechan missing the train (this is an actual fact) formed the basis of one. On hearing that R. S. M. Foley came from Brantford, Mr. Squash (Sapper Bowran) intimated that his opinion was that only Powells and Massey-Harris lived there, which elicited considerable laughter.

R. S. M. Foley as Mr. Johnson was a good Centre-man, and was very quick in trying to answer the Corner-mens' riddles, but somehow he always seemed to get the worst of it. However, he looked a perfect Adonis in immaculate evening dress.

During the interval Sergeant Reiman gave a recitation, "Silver-Cup's Race," which is quite a powerful piece of poetry. He made up to suit the part, as a racing man, and gave a most interesting performance.

Pte. Anderson's pianoforte solo: Prelude (Suite Bergamasque, Debussy) was excellent, and his touch and style much admired by both audience and the rest of the troupe.

The Hall was packed with patients and their friends, the stairs being specially reserved for the Sisters.

The Matron, as usual, was kindness itself, and helpful in every way.

Judging by the faces of the boys and their friends, there is no doubt that they thoroughly enjoyed their evening.

My! What a supper! We had expected something good, but nothing like what we saw! Talk about table decorations, shining silver, snowy napery! Potato salad, pressed tongue, fruit jelly, candies, coffee, etc., all Christmas presents from Canada. Well, it was "some" spread!

After supper, it was suggested that we should each in turn tell a story. There was never such a truthful assembly. Some couldn't be persuaded to take their turn on any consideration; threats, entreaties, prayers, all were fruitless. However, we secured a few amusing stories.

We eagerly awaited the advent of the "Englishman, Scotchman and Irishman" atrocity. Wherever stories are told, it comes up somehow or other. Sure enough, it came at last! Sergt. Linfoot was the perpetrator. He deserves C. B. for that. We always knew he was a brave man, but we didn't think he had the neck to get that off on us! Later, he was sent out of the Mess, while Cpl. Caffery explained a thought-reading stunt, and sure enough, when the Sgt. came in again, he could tell us every time the object we had selected. Perfectly marvellous!

Finally, after a neat little speech by R. S. M. Foley, we sang "Auld Lang Syne," and just a soupcon of "God Save the King," to give it a patriotic flavour!

We all agreed, however, that our Sisters are the best of "good fellows." They are a sort of combination of Mother, youngest sister, and chum, with a dash of policeman thrown in, just to keep things straight.

The entertainment seemed to greatly please the large audience, the supper delighted the performers, and the evening was one of the most enjoyable for all at Kingswood.

## PERSONALS

Lieut. T. Irving Findley, R. A. F., was severely wounded on April 2nd, during the first enemy drive at Amiens. He is now in a hospital in Paris, making satisfactory progress.

Lieut. Findley was flying with Flight Commander Capt. Paterson, of Regina, in contact patrol work, when they ran into a concentration of machine gun fire. Captain Paterson was instantly killed, and Lieut. Findley was wounded through the arm, leg and foot. The machine, under only partial control, crashed in "No Man's Land" about one hundred yards from the German lines. Two very brave French officers rescued Lieut. Findley under a heavy machine gun fire, one of them being wounded in the act.

Pte. John Dunning (Toronto Factory) enlisted with the 208th Irish Battalion in April, 1916, and went overseas a year later. He was badly wounded in the left side on April 13th, 1918, and is now in hospital in Epson, Surrey, England.

Corp. Julian Legros, of the Extras and Machine Warehouse Staff at Paris, France is reported killed in action.

Gunner David S. Van Fleet (Toronto Factory), has been officially reported missing since Nov. 6th, 1917. He was in our employ for over two years before enlisting, and went overseas with the 40th Battery.

Pte. E. F. Allcock (Toronto Factory), had been in the trenches about six months when he was sent to the hospital with Concussion.

Pte. W. N. Tomlin (Toronto Factory), was reported admitted to a hospital in England, suffering from gunshot wounds. He went overseas with the 68th Battalion and was subsequently transferred to the 24th, going to France over a year ago. His father served through the South African campaign with the Coldstream Guards.

Corp. Leonard Oakley (Toronto Factory), is reported gassed. In August last he received a gunshot wound in the head, but had returned to duty.

Sergt. McKay arrived at Kingswood on March 12th to take the place of Sergt.-Major Foley, promoted. He is a Lancashire man, and lived in Toronto for ten years before the outbreak of the war, being employed in the C.P.R. goods dept. He was in the Toronto Militia for several years in ambulance corps, and holds certificates for that branch of the service. He enlisted in August, 1914, and went overseas with the 2nd Field Ambulance, and crossed to France in Feb., 1915, where he remained for nearly two years, mostly as Sergt., in charge of a section of 80 stretcher-bearers. For the past year he has been stationed at Shorncliffe, where he has been training C. A. M. C. drafts.

## Made the Supreme Sacrifice.

Private W. Hieland McSpadden (Calgary Branch), had been on the Company's staff at Calgary for nine years when he enlisted. He was killed in action in France on June 6, 1917.

Pte. Wm. Bain (Swift Current Branch), who was born at Fortrose, Scotland, and who enlisted in 1915, was killed in action in August, 1917.

Corporal Claudius Blanc (Paris Office Staff), of the 140th Regiment of Infantry, has made the supreme sacrifice. He was one of the book-keeping staff.

Private Richard Newberry (London Extras Staff), was killed outright lately in France.

## Register of Patients at "Kingswood"

With Home Address wherever furnished.

No.	NAME	HOME ADDRESS	No.	NAME	HOME ADDRESS
1911	Clucas, Geo. Alfred	N. Vancouver, B. C.	1940	Millish, Milton	Armstrong, B. C.
1912	Cark, Herbert	Carberry, Man.	1941	Felix, Geo. W.	Ottawa, Ont.
1913	Stoffen, Karl E.	Mitchell, Ont.	1942	Elgie, Simeon	Alymer West, Ont.
1914	Topping, Thomas	Beloeil Station, Que.	1943	Meel, Alfred Wm.	Shannavon, Sask.
1915	Howell, Moses	St. John's, Nfld.	1944	Wicks, Wilbert	Weyburn, Sask.
1916	O'Riley, Alfred E.	London, England	1945	Smith, Simeon	St. Catharines, Ont.
1917	Fitzpatrick, Ora	Belmont, Ont.	1946	Morrison, Geo. W.	Brockington, Sask.
1918	Johnston, Thomas	Bobcaygeon, Ont.	1947	Scott, Harry M.	Murehyville, N. S.
1919	Runge, Frank Chas.	Ottawa, Ont.	1948	Wilson, Frank Jos.	Goderich, Ont.
1920	Wright, H. W.	Edmonton, Alberta	1949	Freeland, Herb. H.	Leamington, Ont.
1921	Campbell, Robt. T.	Winnipeg, Man.	1950	Thoms, Peter J.	Hamilton, Ont.
1922	Leaman, Arthur	Todmorden, Ont.	1951	Walker, Thos. W.	Winnipeg, Man.
1923	Lezotte, A. G.	Blind River, Ont.	1952	Johnston, Fred G.	Dartmouth, N. S.
1924	Steeves, Daniel	South Maitland, N. S.	1953	Taras, John	Toronto, Ont.
1925	Flint, Walter Geo.	Toronto, Ont.	1954	Rogers, Harry Urben	Turro, N. S.
1926	Wilson, Harry	Toronto, Ont.	1955	Hunter, Nathaniel H.	Winnipeg, Man.
1927	Ross, Alexander, Sgt.	Vancouver, B. C.	1956	Patrick, Wm. M.	
1928	Murphy, Percy B.	Halifax, N. S.		Pringle, Sgt.	Winnipeg, Man.
1929	Smith, Jas. Patterson	Toronto, Ont.	1957	Hunn, Dudley	Wallington, England
1930	Ancell, Hubert Male.	Duncan, B. C.	1958	Forth, Fred W.	Toronto, Ont.
1931	Treasure, Ernest	Toronto, Ont.	1959	Harris, Dae	Toronto, Ont.
1932	Thornton, J. B.	Scotland, Ont.	1960	Clark, Jas. Newton,	
1933	Keen, W. L.	Toronto, Ont.		Lce.-Cpl.	Lorain, Ohio.
1934	Sell, John	Beaverton, Ont.	1961	Waronuk, P.	Winnipeg, Man.
1935	Calbourn, Jas Warren	Chatham, Ont.	1962	Munro, Allan	Edmonton, Alberta.
1936	Groome, Chas. Wm.,		1963	Reed, Fred E.	St. John West, N. B.
	Lce.-Cpl.	Toronto, Ont.	1964	Hollems, W. W., Lce.-	
1937	Miller, Jos. E.	Lytton, B. C.		Cpl.	St. Catharines, Ont.
1938	Irish, Walter Doug.	Simcoe, Ont.	1965	Nicoll, Benj. D.	Basswood, Man.
1939	West, Edwin Stan-		1966	Pike, Fred Edw.	Toronto, Ont.
	ley, Sgt.	Toronto, Ont.	1967	Rodway, Carlton S.	Woodbridge, Man.

## Register of Patients at "Kingswood"

No.	NAME	HOME ADDRESS	No.	NAME	HOME ADDRESS
1968	Vankoughnett, Saml.	Dunchurch, Ont.	2023	Murphy, Pat	Frampton Mansell, England.
1969	Wilkinson, Jos. R.	Grassie, Ont.	2024	Hoye, Wm. Geo.	Abinger Hammer, England
1970	McGill, John	Nanaimo, B. C.	2025	Hammond, Stanley	Simcoe, Ont.
1971	Loder, Henry	Manitou, Man.	2026	Beauvais, James	Montreal, Que.
1972	Leadbetter, John W.	Hagersville, Ont.	2027	Cowell, Cecil Geo.	Toronto, Ont.
1973	Jones, George E.		2028	Stallery, Edward	Victoria, B. C.
1974	McPhee, Hugh Frank	Georgetown, P. E. I.	2029	Lord, John	Windsor, Ont.
1975	Homans, Buvies P.	Port Monton, N. S.	2030	Campbell, Ed. George	Winnipeg, Man.
1976	Gallant, Emmanuel J.	St. Raphael, P. E. I.	2031	Boule, Albert	Quebec, Que.
1977	Bauchamp, G.	Montreal, Que.	2032	Lynde, Wm. E. G.	Uxbridge, Ont.
1978	Bashaw, Chas. L.	Frankford, Ont.	2033	Jay, Edward L.	Hartney, Man.
1979	Shoebottom, S.	Brantford, Ont.	2034	Kaye, Thomas	Chicopee, Mass., U. S. A.
1980	McCaw, James	Rockwood, Ont.	2035	Osterhant, Arth. B.	Vancouver, B. C.
1981	Mayse, Amos Wm.	Winnipeg, Man.	2036	Hersch, Andrew T	Ottawa, Ont.
1982	Mason, Thos. Wm. O.	Waldeck, Sask.	2307	Jeffrey, Arthur	Cochrane, Alberta
1983	Harvey, Ralph S.	Medicine Hat, Alta.	2038	Sutherland, W. G.	Moose Jaw, Sask.
1984	Wood, Arthur Doug.	Calgary, Alberta	2039	Main, Stephen E.	Tregarva P.O., Sask.
1985	Pearson, Harry	Kinmount, Ont.	2040	Nelson, Thos. And.	Millerdale, Sask.
1986	Halliday, Arthur	Estevan, Sask.	2041	Brant, E. Russell	Deseronto, Ont.
1987	Mongour, Chas.	Peterboro, Ont.	2042	Campbell, R. T.	Winnipeg, Man.
1988	McKellar, Weamyss	Birch Bridge, N. B.	2043	Hishore, Ralph J.	Vancouver, B. C.
1989	Mitchell, James	Calgary, Alberta.	2044	Bullis, Harold Edgar	Beebe Plain, Que.
1990	Walker, Robert L.	Ottawa, Ont.	2045	Jolley, G.	Toronto, Ont.
1991	McNeil, Malcolm	Upper Baldeck, N. S.	2046	McGregor, Roy	Douglas, Ont.
1992	Payton, G. M.	S. Vancouver, B. C.	2047	Oakley, Wm.	Toronto, Ont.
1993	Flowers, Richard	New Carlisle, Que.	2048	Archibald, David	Vancouver, B. C.
1994	Moore, James Walker	St. Stephen, N. B.	2049	Parker, Chris. W.	Ottawa, Ont.
1995	Harris, Fred Chas.	Toronto, Ont.	2050	Farmer, Louis	St. Thomas, Ont.
1996	Gayton, Michael J.	Milltown, N. B.	2051	Hatton, Alfred	Toronto, Ont.
1997	Smith, Gerrard	Fort William, Ont.	2052	Gridley, Herb. Chas.	Nelson, B. C.
1998	Greenless, Malcolm	London, Egnland.	2053	McGregor, G.	Ottawa, Ont.
1999	LeClerc, Joseph	Dorchester, Que.	2054	Taylor, George	Toronto, Ont.
2000	Suck, Maurice G.	Northampton, Eng.	2055	Douglas, Geo. Ken.	Toronto, Ont.
2001	Gilstorf, James W.	Mount Forest, Ont.	2056	Demmans, Alf. J.	Dundalk, Ont.
2002	Schofield, Herbert	New Westm'ter, B.C.	2057	Yerbury, Bertram S.	Dorchester, Eng.
2003	Parks, Russell	Port George, N.S.	2058	Burt, Leo.	Port Hope, Ont.
2004	Forsythe, Wm. Pat.	Clayognot, B. C.	2059	Tuck, Edward	Pefferlaw, Ont.
2005	Bowlby, Geo. P.	Tweed, Ont.	2060	Ritchie, Jas. H.	W. Summerland, B. C.
2006	Montgomery, A. R.	Calgary, Alberta.	2061	Wentworth, A.	Calgary, Alberta.
2007	Cresey, A.	Montreal, Que.	2062	Mewdoweroft, Thos.	Denton, Lancashire
2008	Thornton, J. B.	Scotland, Ont.	2063	Morrow, J.	Peterboro, Ont.
2009	Moonon, James	Liverpool, England.	2064	Johnstone, Arthur	Chatham, N. B.
2010	Todd, Leslie George	Owen Sound, Ont.	2065	Moore, John McKay	Strathroy, Ont.
2011	Hopkinson, William	Galt, Ont.	2066	Odgig, Dominio	Manitoulin Isld., Can.
2012	Couley, Albert	Hull, England	2067	Hall, Reg. Wm.	E. Sherbrooke, Que.
2013	Le Brun, Henri	Montreal, Que.	2068	Bamgill, Harold	Richmond, Que.
2014	Gordon, John Ellice, Lee-Cpl.	Oxbow, Sask.	2069	Gordon, J. E.	Oxbow, Sask.
2015	Mason, Thos. W. O.	Waldeck, Sask.	2070	Patrick, W.	Winnipeg, Man.
2016	McNeely, E. Percy	Portage La Prairie, Man.	2071	Peters, A. J.	Radville, Sask.
2017	Chisholm, Alec J.	Big Bar Creek P.O., B. C.	2072	Sirvage, Earl	Springwater, Sask.
2018	Grundy, Alfred Wm.	St. Thomas, Ont.	2073	Bueknall, Wm. R.	Vancouver, B. C.
2019	Emery Roland	Winnipeg, Man.	2074	Mackay, John	Glasgow, Scotland.
2020	Main, Fred	Saskatoon, Sask.	2075	Collins, Nathan H.	London, England
2021	Forbes, H. Norman	N. Hamilton, Ont.	2076	Brennan, Lloyd	Port Colborne, Ont.
2022	Nelson, John	Montreal, Que.	2077	Delamore, Rd.	London, England



## Register of Patients at "Kingswood"

No.	NAME	HOME ADDRESS	No.	NAME	HOME ADDRESS
2078	Goulsbra, Wm.	Wainfleet, England	2136	Langford, Jos. B.	Victoria, B.C.
2079	Edwards, Rich. C.	Chatane, Ont.	2137	Davis, Chas. I.	Omah, Ont.
2080	Anderson, Pet., Sgt.	Vancouver, B. C.	2138	Yandall, Fred R.	Rosebank, Man.
2081	Vickery, Ernest	Willand, England	2139	O'Brien, John F.	St. John, N. B.
2082	Vilon, Wm.	Quebec, Que.	2140	McCallum, Arc. C.	Winnipeg, Man.
2083	Horne, Jos. A.	Isleworth, England	2141	Hart, Hy.	Fort William, Ont.
2084	Smith, Nich.	Alexandria, B. C.	2142	Spellman, Jas. F.	Toronto, Ont.
2085	Watson, Robert	Cumberland, V. I.	2143	Irwin, Thos. J.	Edmonton, Alta.
2086	Crossley, Harry	Verdun, Que.	2144	Wiggins, Geo. A.	Queen's Co., N. B.
2087	Kenny, Jas. Wm.	Seely's Bay, Ont.	2145	Tretheway, Harvey	Brampton, Ont.
2088	Hallings, John N.	Guisley, England.	2146	Wilson, Alex.	Toronto, Ont.
2089	Ebert, Chris.	Delhi, Ont.	2147	Ingwood, Edward	Toronto, Ont.
2090	Redmond E. Leslie	Hamilton	2148	Neville, Chas. A.	London, England.
2091	Boyne, Frank	New Machar, Scot.	2149	Smart, Reg.	Thorold, Ont.
2092	Farr, Geo. Roy	Toronto, Ont.	2150	Yerbury, Bertram S.	Dorchester, England.
2093	Collins, D.	Croydon, England.	2151	Nagle, Hilton A.	Nelson, B. C.
2094	Pureell, W. C.	Huntingdon, Que.	2152	Rudland, Chrisy D.	Rocky Mt. House, Alt.
2095	Philip, David	Caledonia P.O., Ont.	2153	Brown, Wm.	Vancouver, B. C.
2096	Evans, Sydney	St. Henri, Que.	2154	Sladen, Alg. R. L.	Ottawa, Ont.
2097	Lewington, Wm.	Peterboro, Ont.	2155	Cather, Wesley	Winnipeg, Man.
2098	Goddard, D. W.	Hamilton	2156	Prangle, C.	Chatham, Ont.
2099	Perry, Victor Percy	London, England	2157	Smith, Fred Benj.	Truro, N. S.
2100	Sutherland, And.	Vancouver, B. C.	2158	Nells, George	Hamilton, Ont.
2101	Morris, Gerald E.	Vanguard, Sask.	2159	Moore, Clayton W.	Hartington, Ont.
2102	Royra, Louis	Waterloo, Que.	2160	Baxter, Alex.	Milltown, N. B.
2103	MacLean, Norman G.	Oak Lake, Man.	2161	Charnomud, N.	Ruks Lake, Alta.
2104	Farrer, Arthur S.	Walkerton, Ont.	2162	Le Blanc, A.	Montreal, Que.
2105	Skelding, H. C.	Vancouver, B. C.	2163	Turpien, Omer	Perigard, Sask.
2106	Cresey, Arthur Ed.	Montreal, Que.	2164	Hodges, Robert	Alford P. O., Sask.
2107	Wright, James	Neilburg, P.O., Sask.	2165	Gorski, Mike	Toronto, Ont.
2108	Spence, Melleville A.	Victoria Road, Ont.	2166	Reekie, James	Althaline, B. C.
2109	Langill, Ernest O.	Pictou Co., N. S.	2167	Chiswell, Fred W.	Smith's Falls, Ont.
2110	Anderson, Ellis	Hamilton, Ont.	2168	Aiken, Robt. A.	Debec Junction, N. B.
2111	Carvel, Chas. W.	Long Reach, N. B.	2169	Silkstone, Geo. B.	Toronto, Ont.
2112	White, Hy.	Vancouver, B. C.	2170	Pelly, Philip	Kenora, Ont.
2113	Webster, Wm. Fredk.	St. Catharines, Ont.	2171	Purdy, Lewis M.	Sunderland, Ont.
2114	Rennie, Peter McM.	Victoria, B. C.	2172	Barker, Holmes	Calgary, Alta.
2115	Podger, Reuben	Galt, Ont.	2173	McKinnon, John A.	New Waterford, N. S.
2116	Pinson, J. G., Sgt.	Westholme, V. I.	2174	Rolestone, A. R.	St. Boswell's P.O., Sask.
2117	Le Blanc, Leo.	Ottawa, Ont.	2175	Dickie, Geo. Wm.	St. Thomas, Ont.
2118	Turner, Hect. Mack.	Glasgow, Scotland	2176	McGregor, Geo. N.	Napanee, Ont.
2119	Vallance, James	Morrisburg, Ont.	2177	McVicar Ernest	Edmonton, Alta.
2120	Gurney, Albert	Winnipeg, Man.	2178	Bullock, Alex.	Edmonton, Alta.
2121	Donaldson, Robt., Sgt.	Ottawa, Ont.	2179	Byers, Jos. V.	Chatsworth, Ont.
2122	Cullen, Peter	Oshawa, Ont.	2180	Tinworth, Wm. S.	London, Ont.
2123	Jamson, John W.	Toronto, Ont.	2181	Gowing, Percy	Vancouver, B. C.
2124	Boyt, Wm. A.	St. Catharines, Ont.	2182	Childerhost, T. F.	Orillia, Ont.
2125	Kennedy, Robt.	Brantford, Ont.	2183	Gillis, Horace H.	Montague Bge., P.E.I.
2126	Stapley, Bertram	Winnipeg, Man.	2184	Scott, Ed. LeRoy	London, Ont.
2127	Miller, Lloyd	New Brunswick.	2185	McKernan, John	Windsor, Ont.
2128	Gilhody, J. Fred	East Calgary, Alta.	2186	Brown, Chas. Leo.	Bathurst, N. S.
2129	Meikle, Jas. F.	Thorburn, N. S.	2187	Currie, Ralph	Toronto, Ont.
2130	Fisher, Arthur	Athabasca, Alta.	2188	Foster, Jas. Arch.	Kingston, N. S.
2131	Camm, Jas. Hy.	Vancouver, B. C.	2189	Mayne, Richard	Toronto, Ont.
2132	Graves, R. A. C.S.M.	Toronto, Ont.	2190	McLean, Wm.	West Bay, N. S.
2133	Humphreys, Jas. H.	Car'ton, St. John, N.B.	2191	Woodman, F. F., Sgt.	Ptge. La Prairie, Man.
2134	McGowan, Herb. E.	Toronto, Ont.	2192	Power, Robt. H.	Delhi, Ont.
2135	Cave-Brown-Cave C.	Vancouver, B.C.			

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No.	NAME	HOME ADDRESS	No.	NAME	HOME ADDRESS
2193	Peterson, Ed.	Stratford, Conn.	2251	Arbean, Herman	St. John, N. B.
2194	Alward, Chas. H.	Havelock, N. B.	2252	Searle, Edwin	New Glasgow, N. S.
2195	Mulholland, Harry	Toronto, Ont.	2253	Simson, John	New York, N. Y.
2196	Howell, Ed. Percy	Penticton, N. B.	2254	Olkovitch, Harry.	Kamsack, Sask.
2197	Daley, Luke Jas.	Montreal, Que.	2255	Crouch, Jas., Sgt.	Banff, Alta.
2198	Pearson, Hy.	Toronto, Ont.	2256	Aikem, Jack McAdam	Orangeville, Ont.
2199	Gordon, Harry	Weyburn, Sask.	2257	Stevens, Arthur E.	Winnipeg, Man.
2200	Ferguson, Peter K.	Edmonton, Alta.	2258	Wilkie, Otway	New Westm'ter, B.C.
2201	McCorrister, David A.	Brantford, Ont.	2259	Quirion Jas.	Conte Beauce, uQue.
2202	Coppins, Chas. R.	Athens, Ont.	2260	Farr, Albert John	Carnduff, Sask.
2203	Randall, Frank P.	Silver Stream, Sask.	2261	Halliday, Robert	Winnipeg, Man.
2204	Hustler, Geo. F.	Edmonton, Alta.	2262	McConnell, Albert	Toronto, Ont.
2205	Robinson, Geo. A.	Vancouver, B. C.	2263	Thomson, John	Dunnville, Ont.
2206	Bennett, Herbert S.	Algonquin, Ont.	2264	Bowran, Chas. A.	New Glasgow, N. S.
2207	Smith, Fredk. J.	St. Catharines, Ont.	2265	Teevan, Thomas F.	Victoria, B. C.
2208	Brown, John	Victoria, B. C.	2266	Wallace, Herbert M.	St. Catharines, Ont.
2209	Kiernander, J. D.	Belmont, Man.	2267	Baldwin, Wm. H.	Vancouver, B. C.
2210	Prince, Wm	Longue Pointe, Que.	2268	Wildrspin, Jack	Georgetown, Ont.
2211	Arden, Munro	New Westm'ter, B.C.	2279	Faukner, Harry H.	Victoria, B. C.
2212	Fieldhouse, John W.	Winnipeg, Man.	2280	Dubie, Archie	Edmundston, N. B.
2213	Saunders, Wm. Jas.	Ahmic Lake, Ont.	2281	Lewis, Roland, Sgt.	Sydney, N. S.
2214	Brooks, Albert	Hagersville, Ont.	2282	Walters, Alfred Jas.	Belleville, Ont.
2215	Halpenny, Alfred W.	Minnedosa, Man.	2283	Bull, John	Islay P. O., Alta.
2216	Middlemiss, Frank	Meteor, P. O., Sask.	2284	Albinson, Jas.	Vancouver, B. C.
2217	Caffery, Henry	Montreal, Que.	2285	Jewett, Leonard	Lynn, Ont.
2218	Davidson, Arthur	Kingston, Ont.	2286	Holle, Francis R.	Vancouver, B. C.
2219	Bradley, Leo	St. Teresis, P. E. I.	2287	Donovan, Corn. P.	Halifax, N. S.
2220	Kelly, Louis	Corning, N. Y.	2288	Stiner, Herbert	Uxbridge, Ont.
2221	Bewley, Fred Wm.	High Hill P.O., Sask.	2289	Andison, John G.	Winnipeg, Man.
2222	McCormack, Jos.	Newport, P. E. I.	2290	McDonald, Douglas	New Waterford, N. S.
2223	Patterson, Herbie,	Christier Lake, Ont.	2291	Dunlop, Thomas	Parry Sound, Ont.
2224	Stapley, Bertram	Winnipeg, Man.	2292	Martin Gory	Sherbrooke, Que.
2225	McEachern, W. J.	Cedarville, P.O., Ont.	2293	Oliver Norman	Toronto, Ont.
2226	Shoemaker, Reino	Toronto, Ont.	2294	Aldridge, Francis T.	London, Ont.
2227	Poole, Watkin, Q.M.S.	Winnipeg, Man.	2295	Flavelle, Herbert	Gypsumville, Man.
2228	Gordon, Arch. Doug.	Brooklyn, N. Y.	2296	Frantz, Jos. Frank	Glyndon, Md., U.S.A
2229	Miller Charlie Shaw	Meaford, Ont.	2297	Steeves, Chas. R.	Elgin, N. B.
2230	Hubert Wm.	Winnipeg, Man.	2298	King, Wm. Joseph	London, Ont.
2231	Brocklesby, Robt. Hy.	Winnipeg, Man.	2299	Goldsmith, Walt. J.	Calgary, Alta.
2232	Bowcott, Reg. Arthur	Rossland, B. C.	2300	Howeck, James	Winnipeg, Man.
2233	Stuart, David, Sgt.	Toronto, Ont.	2301	Blair, Wallace J.	Kamloops, B. C.
2234	Keir, David	Winnipeg, Man.	2302	Horsman, Walter L.	Sardis, B. C.
2235	Carroll, Reuben	Medicine Hat, Alta.	2303	Bowland, Chas. Wm.	Sturgeon Falls, Ont.
2236	Ball, Walter G.	Chatham, Ont.	2304	Davis, Harry A.	Hamilton, Ont.
2237	Lowman, Wm. G.	London, Ont.	2305	Ellis, Robt. E.	Beinfait, Sask.
2238	Anderson, P	Vancouver, B. C.	2306	Freeman, Jas. E.	Fort Erie, Ont.
2239	Meikle, Jas. S.	Thorburn, N. S.	2307	Kett, Geo. E.	Harriston, Ont.
2240	Cullen, Peter	Oshawa, Ont.	2308	Clarke, John	Calgary, Alta.
2241	Vallence, James	Morrisburg, Ont.	2309	Campbell, Wm.	Toronto, Ont.
2242	Carvell, Chas. W.	Long Reach, N. B.	2310	Luitick, Leslie	Dauphin, Man.
2243	Graves, R. A., C.S.M.	Toronto, Ont.	2311	Faulkner, Harry H.	Victoria, B. C.
2244	Neville, Chas. A.	London, England.	2312	Sidon, Harry	Edmonton, Alta.
2245	Hill, John	Toronto, Ont.	2313	Robb, Chas. E.	Winnipeg, Man.
2246	Stewart, Clifford C.	Brandon, Man.	2314	Burrell, Harry Cross	Sou. Battleford, Sask.
2247	Jones, John Geo.	Waterloo, Ont.	2315	Farr, Albert John	Carnduff, Sask.
2248	Watson, Harold John	Markdale, Ont.	2316	Bullock, Alex.	Edmonton, Alta.
2249	Clarke, Hy. John	Vancouver, B. C.	2317	Ferguson, P. K.	Edmonton, Alta.
2250	Becker, Geo. P.	Vancouver, B. C.	2318	Martin, Herbert J.	Toronto, Ont.

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No.	NAME	HOME ADDRESS	No.	NAME	HOME ADDRESS
2319	Anderson, Joseph	Buttress P. O., Sask	2376	Beirnes, Percy, Sgt.	Birtle, Man.
2320	Thompson, John	Dunnville, Ont.	2377	Scott, Raymond E.	Hammond Vale, N. B.
2321	Kiernander, J. D.	Belmont, Man.	2378	Rice, Jos. Edward	Fredericton, N. B.
2322	Tinworth, Wm. S.	London, Ont.	2379	Beaton, Malcolm	Heathel, Sask.
2323	Stuart, David	Toronto, Ont.	2380	Smith, Owen P.	Halifax, N. S.
2324	Webb, Reginald A.	Regina, Sask.	2381	Dickson, W. Smart	Vancouver, B. C.
2325	Wilson, Thomas	Toronto, Ont.	2382	Braidwood, Harry G.	Westmount, Que.
2326	Yerbury, Bertram S.	Dorchester, England.	2383	Williams, Jesse E.	Oklahoma, U.S.A.
2327	Simpson, Roy C.	Swan Lake, Man.	2384	Johnson, J. M.	Ox Bow, N. B.
2328	Miles, George	Toronto, Ont.	2385	Sjostrom, E. P.	Wildwood, N. J., U.S.
2329	O'Brien, S. G., Sgt.	Calgary, Alta.	2386	Gillman, Raymond	Saskatchewan.
2330	Love, Sam. Eric	Attwood, Ont.	2387	Williamson, Jas. H.	Mount Forest, Ont.
2331	Cumming, Albert K.	Aberdeen, Scotland.	2388	Foley, Fred J.	Saskatoon, Sask.
2332	Holbrook, Danford H.	Boston, Mass., U.S.A.	2389	O'Giltree, James	Toronto, Ont.
2333	Hunter, Thos. F.	Edmonton, Alta.	2390	Reid, E. Clarence	Brampton, Ont.
2334	Wakefield, Frank	Montreal, Que.	2391	Simpson, Charles	Bathurst, N. B.
2335	Sapp, Waldo Creed	Moose Jaw, Sask.	2392	Dobbin, Gordon	Halifax, N. S.
2336	Oliver Harold	Foxboro, Ont.	2393	James Maurice	Berry Creek, Alta.
2337	Thomas, Neville H.	Vancouver, B. C.	2394	Messer, Adam	Port Dalhousie, Ont.
2338	Sutherland, Geo.	Peterboro, Ont.	2395	Austin, Hv. L.	St. George N. B.
2339	Knox, Henry A.	Toronto, Ont.	2396	Moller, John	Montreal, Que.
2340	Julien, Charles	Hochelaga, Montreal, Que.	2397	Donnelly, Wm.	Coldbrook, N. B.
2341	Lacey, Sydney Geo.	Toronto, Ont.	2398	McKee, G. Alex.	Spokane, Wash.
2342	Nelson, James	Toronto, Ont.	2399	Kay, Thomas	Toronto, Ont.
2343	O'Brien, R. J.	Kingston, Ont.	2400	Firkins, W. H. C.	Vancouver, B. C.
2344	Bennett, Fdward	Windsor, Ont.	2401	Simpson, Wm. H.	Montreal Que.
2345	McAnly, Alex. M.	Midland, Ont.	2402	Cornell, Fred H.	Wilberforce, Ont.
2346	Pearson, Fred R.	Barrie, Ont.	2403	Watts, Ira	Kingston, Ont.
2347	Wilson, James G.	Galt, Ont.	2404	Argue, C. Geo.	Greenfell, Sask.
2348	Hayes, Joseph	Hadlow Cove, Que.	2405	Munro, John	Pilot Mount, Man.
2349	O'Neill, John	Land Dist, Nfld.	2406	Shorten, G. H.	Vancouver, B. C.
2350	Mitchell, Frank R.	Edmonton, Alta.	2407	Linfoot, W. J. Sgt.	Toronto, Ont.
2351	Greening, Alfred	Handsworth, Eng.	2408	Minskip, Leonard	Toronto, Ont.
2352	Betts, Arnold	Edmonton, Alta.	2409	Fisher, Jos., Sgt.	Duck Lake, Sask.
2353	Peace, Earl Russell	Rodney, Ont.	2410	Cox, Alfred	Sarnia, Ont.
2354	Mitchell, Archd. C.	Victoria, B. C.	2411	Storry, James	Fieldhouse, Scotland.
2355	Plunkett, John	Ottawa, Ont.	2412	Hedge, Frederick	Winnipeg, Man.
2356	Weltens, Alphonse	Coleman, Alta.	2413	Littleton, Richard	Brandon, Man.
2357	Dryland, Thomas	Bracebridge, Ont.	2414	Potter, Alfred	Toronto, Ont.
2358	Bennett, Andrew C.	Saskatoon, Sask.	2415	Sandiford, Richard	Peterboro, Ont.
2359	Drury, James	Hamilton, Ont.	2416	Brooks, W Burnhood	Toronto, Ont.
2360	Lett, Herbert Geo.	Eganville, Ont.	2417	Marcil, Louis	Norwood, Man.
2361	Favro, Louis	Bracebridge, Ont.	2418	Swan, John	Edmonton, Alta.
2362	Bell Robt. Addison	Benton, N. B.	2419	Gerard, John	Toronto, Ont.
2363	Jackson, Thos. Isaac	Cttawa, Ont.	2420	Smith, John Henry	Preston, Ont.
2364	Bartlett, E.	Springfield, Ont.	2421	McArthur, Robt. T.	Vancouver, B. C.
2365	Snelgrove, John T.	Montreal, Que.	2422	Maynard, Samuel	Toronto, Ont.
2366	Bushman, John R.	Milwaukee, Wis.	2423	Coppins, Chas. R.	Athens, Ont.
2367	McElwaine, A. J., Sgt	Windsor, Ont.	2424	O'Connor, H. Wm.	Lloyd's Hill P. O. Alta.
2368	Fisher, Wm.	Bellevue, Alta.	2425	Clarke, Hvmn	Ottawa, Ont.
2369	Dyhrman, Fred	S. Fort George, B. C.	2426	Parrett, Chas.	Brandon, Man.
2370	Hendrv, Earl Jas.	Port Elgin, Ont.	2427	Fraser, Austin	Vancouver, B. C.
2371	Griffiths, Albert	Ottawa, Ont.	2428	Richardson, R. T.	Vancouver, B. C.
2372	Brook, Leonard E.	Galt, Ont.	2429	Bates Samuel E.	Kingston, Ont.
2373	Pike, Sidney	Norwich, N. Y.	2430	Wilson, J. G.	Galt, Ont.
2374	Yeomans, Wm., Sgt.	Regina, Sask.	2431	McCabe, Howard P.	Greenfield, N. S.
2375	Kiddie, Thos. McKay	Montreal, Que.	2432	Loxton, Ernest	Fernie, B. C.