

TRINITY UNIVERSITY REVIEW.

A Journal devoted to the interests of the Undergraduates in Arts and Medicine, and the Convocation of Trinity University.

Vol. II.

TRINITY UNIVERSITY, MARCH, 1889.

No. 3.

WILLIAMSON & CO.

BOOKSELLERS.

RALPH STEWART'S Lessons in Elementary Physics.....	\$1 50
GRAY'S Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy.....	0 00
GRAY'S Manual of Botany.....	2 50
SCHILLER'S Belagerung von Antwerpen.....	60
SCHILLER'S Die Kranke des Iphigen.....	40
WHITE'S Livy, Book 23.....	90
MERRY'S Homer's Odyssey, Bks. 1-12.....	1 50
CRAIK'S History of English Literature.....	2 50
ARMSTRONG'S Organic Chemistry.....	1 25
ROULIER'S First Book of French Composition.....	50

5 KING STREET WEST,
TORONTO.

Established - 1842.

GEO. HARCOURT & SON

First-Class Tailoring,
Clerical Tailoring,
Gents' Furnishings,
College Robes,
Surplices and Stoles,
Cassocks,
Clerical Collars,
etc., etc., etc.

43 KING STREET EAST,
TORONTO.

Books for Students and others.

Pastor in Parochia. By the Right Rev. W. Walsham How, D.D.....	\$1 20
The Double Witness of the Church. By the Right Rev. W. Ingraham Kip, D.D.....	75
The Bible in the Church. By Brooke F. Westcott, D.D.....	1 50
A Manual of Christian Evidences. By the Rev. C. A. Row, M.A.....	75
The Love of the Atonement. By the late Right Rev. R. Millman, D.D.....	1 25
Lectures on Pastoral Work. By the Right Rev. W. Walsham How, D.D.....	75
Illustrated Notes on English Church History—Volume I.—From the Earliest Times to the Dawn of the Reformation. Volume II.—Reformation and Modern Work. By Rev. C. Arthur Lano.....	33
Companion to the Greek Testament. By A. C. Barrett, M.A.....	1 75
The Epistles of St. Paul. The Galatians—Philippians—Colossians and Philemon. By the Right Rev. J. H. Lightfoot, D.D... Each	3 60

ROWSSELL & HUTCHISON,
76 KING STREET EAST, - - TORONTO.

JAMES PAPE,

- FLORIST -

Bouquets and Cut Flowers to Order.

73 YONGE ST., TORONTO.

Telephone 1481.

W. C. MURRAY,

FASHIONABLE TAILOR

279 YONGE STREET.

First-Class Fit and Finish to all our work.
Special Discount to Students.

279 YONGE STREET, 3 doors south of Wilton Ave.

STANTON

The PHOTOGRAPHER,

1 Adelaide West, Cor. Yonge.

BILTON BROS., TAILORS AND FURNISHERS

69 KING STREET WEST,
TORONTO.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

THE NARRAGANSETT HOME EXERCISER.

The most perfect machine in existence for indoor exercise. By systematic use every muscle is exercised and developed. It is invaluable to every bookkeeper, every student, everyone whose occupation keeps him much indoors, and who needs regular exercise. It can be regulated for use by every member of the family, from the youngest up, and is, in fact, a whole gymnasium in itself. It is strong, beautifully finished, noiseless in action, and cannot get out of order. One trial will convince anyone of its merits.

PRICES from \$3.00 upwards, complete.
For sale only at

P. C. ALLAN'S,
35 KING ST. WEST.

Agent, Wholesale and Retail, for Ontario.

MY GREAT SPECIALTY.

S. B. WINDRUM, THE JEWELLER

NOTED FOR FINE

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES DIAMOND RINGS, WEDDING RINGS.

Silver Plate Ware, All Spoons and Forks, Royal Table Cutlery, Gold and Silver Head Canees, Marble Clocks, Communion Ware.

Watches and Jewellery Repairing by the best workmen. Discount to Ministers and friends. Tennis and Cricketing Goods, Footballs and Boxing Gloves. Manufacturing and Repairing a Specialty.

31 KING STREET EAST (UPSTAIRS).

J. A. CARVETH & CO. Publishers and Importers of Medical, Pharmaceutical and Veterinary Books.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO ORDERS BY MAIL, AND IMPORTATIONS OF LATEST ENGLISH AND AMERICAN PUBLICATIONS.

351 PARLIAMENT STREET, TORONTO. TELEPHONE 3150.

TREBLES FOR GLOVES, UMBRELLAS, COLLARS, JERSEYS, SCARFS AND HANDKERCHIEFS.

THE BISHOP STRACHAN SCHOOL
WYKEHAM HALL,
COLLEGE AVENUE,
TORONTO,

For the Higher Education of Young Ladies.

Application for prospectus or for admission may be made to

MISS GRIER,
Lady Principal.

The accommodation for boarders is comfortable and healthful.

J. W. CLARK,
Hair Cutting & Shaving Parlor,
332 QUEEN STREET WEST.



ARTISTIC PRINTING,
of every description, required for the Church, Sunday School, Office, Warehouse, Store, and for Weddings, Socials, Entertainments, etc. Send for estimate.
TIMMS, MOOR & Co.
23 ADELAIDE ST. EAST, TORONTO.

CONFECTIONERY.

CHARLOTTE RUSSE,
ICES, JELLIES, TRIFLES,
PYRAMIDS, SALADS,
Made to order for evening and other parties.

Our Luncheon Parlours are complete in every respect.

Genuine VIENNA BREAD a Specialty.

WEDDING AND OTHER CAKES MADE TO ORDER.

GEO. COLEMAN,
Telephone Call 247. 111 King St. West.

HARRY A. COLLINS,
THE LEADING
HOUSE FURNISHER,
90 YONGE STREET,
TORONTO.

A. A. ALEXANDER
HATTER AND FURRIER
TO THE
UNIVERSITY OF TRINITY COLLEGE,
460 QUEEN STREET WEST,
TORONTO.

Special Discount to Students and Clergymen.

Legal.

JONES BROTHERS & MACKENZIE,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS & SOLICITORS,
Nos. 5 and 6 Canada Permanent Bldgs.
CLARKSON JONES. BEVERLEY JONES.
GEO. A. MACKENZIE.
English Agent, JONES AND JONES, LONDON, 99 Canon St.

WM. P. ATKINSON,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c.,
21 YORK CHAMBERS,
No. 9 TORONTO STREET, TORONTO.

ARMOUR, GORDON & WILLIAMS,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c.
15 TORONTO ST., TORONTO.

McMICHAEL, HOSKIN & OGDEN,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c.,
46 CHURCH ST., TORONTO.
D. McMICHAEL, Q.C. CHAS. McMICHAEL
ALFRED HOSKIN, Q.C. ALBERT OGDEN.
A. J. W. McMICHAEL.

BIGELOW & MORSON,
BARRISTERS AND SOLICITORS,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c.
15-20 TORONTO STREET, TORONTO.
N. GORDON BIGELOW. F. M. MORSON.

MURRAY & MACDONELL,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES, &c.
QUEBEC BANK CHAMBERS,
No. 2 TORONTO STREET, TORONTO.
HUDSON W. M. MURRAY. A. C. MACDONELL.

N. FERRAR DAVIDSON,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, CONVEYANCER,
NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.,
11 EQUITY CHAMBERS,
Cor. Adelaide and Victoria Sts., TORONTO.

KINGSTONE, WOOD & SYMONS,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS AND NOTARIES,
North of Scotland Chambers,
18 AND 20 KING STREET WEST, TORONTO.
F. W. KINGSTONE. S. G. WOOD. DAVID T. SYMONS.

DARLING & CURRY,
ARCHITECTS,
MAIL BUILDING,
CORNER KING AND BAY STREETS.
FRANK DARLING. S. G. CURRY.

THE STUDENTS'
Hair Cutting & Shaving Parlor

AT RUSSELL HOUSE, 215 YONGE ST.
Patronage solicited. N. H. CHIN, Prop.

THE NEAREST DRUG STORE.

STUART W. JOHNSTON,
694 QUEEN ST. WEST.
PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY.

WALL PAPERS
AND CEILING DECORATIONS.

We have on hand the choicest stock of high class goods in the above lines ever offered in Toronto, and at prices that defy competition. An inspection will repay intending purchasers.

M. STAUNTON & CO.,
4 AND 6 KING STREET WEST,
TORONTO, ONT.

THE VERRAL
CAB, OMNIBUS AND BAGGAGE
TRANSFER CO.

Our Agents will be found on all Trains and Steamboats entering the City.
Baggage transferred to and from all parts of the City.

TELEPHONE NOS. 979 AND 969.
HEAD OFFICE, 61 YORK STREET.

CHAS. S. BOTSFORD,
504, 506 & 506½ Queen St. West.
Importer of General Dry Goods.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS A SPECIALTY.
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS AND LINOLEUM,
WINDOW-SHADES AND GENERAL
HOUSE FURNISHING.

CHAS. S. BOTSFORD,
QUEEN ST. WEST, TORONTO.

Burdock
BLOOD
BITTERS

CURES
CONSTIPATION.

With all its effects, such as Headache, Bad Blood, Foul Humors, Poisoned Secretions, and the general ill-health caused by IRREGULARITY OF THE BOWELS.

GORRIE, ONT.
In the Spring of '83 I was nearly dead, as everybody in my neighborhood knows. My trouble was caused by obstinate constipation. One bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters cured me entirely.
WALTER STINSON.

TRINITY UNIVERSITY REVIEW, 63 KING STREET WEST, TORONTO.

TRINITY UNIVERSITY REVIEW.

Vol. II.

TRINITY COLLEGE, MARCH, 1889.

No. 3.

Trinity University Review :

A Journal of Literature, University Thought and Events.

Published in twelve monthly issues by Convocation and the Undergraduates in Arts and Medicine of Trinity University.

Subscription: One Dollar per annum, payable in advance. Single numbers, ten cents. Copies may be obtained from Messrs. Rowsell & Hutchison, 76 King St. East, and Messrs. Vannevar & Co., 440 Yonge St.

Rates for advertising can be obtained on application to the Business Manager.

All subscriptions, remittances and business communications to be addressed to

J. G. CARTER TROOP, Business Manager,
Trinity College, Toronto.

Literary contributions or items of interest are solicited from the students, alumni, and friends of the University, to be addressed to the Editors, Trinity College, or Trinity Medical College, according to their department. The names of the writers must be appended to their communications, but not necessarily for publication.

BOARD OF EDITORS:

Convocation :

F. BARLOW CUMBERLAND, M.A. REV. PROF. STMONDS, M.A.

Arts:

E. C. CAYLEY, M.A.
S. F. HOUSTON.
H. P. LOWE
E. V. STEVENSON.
J. G. CARTER TROOP.

Medicine:

G. A. BINGHAM, M.D.
C. P. CLARK, B.A.
H. D. QUARRY.
J. T. FOTHERINGHAM, B.A.
C. MACKAY.

CONTENTS:

EDITORIAL TOPICS—	
The Faculty and the Prize Subjects	35
Aristocracy.....	35
The Mutual Life Insurance Company.....	36
Professor Clark.....	36
CONTRIBUTIONS—	
Joe Beef and His Canteen..... Carter Troop.	36
My College Room..... G. A. M.	37
A Canadian Poet..... London "Spectator."	37
THE PUBLIC LECTURES—	
The Conversion of England	38
COLLEGE NEWS.....	36
PERSONAL.....	41
CORRESPONDENCE—	
The Prize Subjects..... An Undergraduate.	41
EXCHANGE.....	41
CONVOCATION—	
Notes.....	42
St. Hilda "At Home".....	42
TRINITY MEDICAL COLLEGE.	
EDITORIAL TOPICS.....	43
CORRESPONDENCE—	
Baseball..... Willow.	44
College Songs..... X.	44
COLLEGE NEWS.....	44
Recent Advances in Surgery and Medicine	44
PERSONAL	45
MEDICAL NONSENSE.....	45

Editorial Topics.

WE have much pleasure in drawing the attention of the Faculty to the letter of "An Undergraduate" which we print in another column. Our correspondent suggests—and we believe his suggestion to be a most wise

one—that the time for sending in the prize exercises should be extended so as to embrace the long vacation. It is hardly necessary to point out that the men who would most wish to be competitors are the men whose time is already taxed to the utmost, and who, although they might succeed in accomplishing something not altogether unworthy of their ability, yet could do nothing with that thoroughness and completeness which alone can satisfy the true student and scholar. The leisure for extended reading which the long vacation affords, together with the knowledge that he should have to contend with more earnest and more numerous competitors would, we are satisfied, have a most beneficial effect upon the work of the candidate. The standard would be raised at once, and the interest in these literary exercises, which we regret to say is not altogether what it should be, would be without doubt greatly increased. Professor A. S. Hill, in the recently published little book, "Our English," says that the average American leaves college untrained to produce a piece of sound, crisp, properly spelled and "well-penned" mother English. Let us see to it that this shall not be said of Trinity graduates. The REVIEW believes that literary cultivation will be stimulated by the change proposed by "An Undergraduate," and begs that at least the extension of time be given a trial. Could it not be tried this year?

A BOOK that is hardly worthy of passing attention except from the fact that it endeavors to borrow a reflected light from an abler production, is a recently published novel called "Aristocracy." With an anonymous author, with a title and method of treatment similar to "Democracy," one is led to believe that the volume is like in character to that powerful novel which created quite a sensation several years ago. That work presented in bold and clear outlines a striking and real picture of the inner workings of the American governing machine. It gave one a glimpse of political life and morals at the headquarters of a great nation, that was instructive and true to life. "Aristocracy" poses as a truthful sketch of the social life of the English aristocracy. The work is nothing more than an emanation from the imagination of a prejudiced American whose main knowledge of the scenes he describes seems to be gained from the scandals of the "special cables" and the unsavory details of New York society papers. His delineations of English peers are overdrawn and inconsistent, and

nothing more amusing and ludicrous than the unreality of some of the situations could well be imagined. "Aristocracy" gives one the idea that every member of that class, if a man, is a fop or high-bred libertine; if a woman, entirely heartless and lacking in all the kindlier womanly virtues. We would merely warn our readers not to be duped into reading a book which presents so attractive a title and exterior.

THE Mutual Life Insurance Company, since its organization in 1843, has paid to its policy-holders \$272,481,339.82. The wonderful growth of the company is due in a large degree to the freedom from restriction and irksome conditions in the contract and to the opportunities for investment which are offered in addition to indemnity in case of death.

The Mutual Life was the first to practically undertake the simplification of the insurance contract and strip it of a verbiage in the mazes of which could be found innumerable refuges against claims of policy-holders who had, however unwittingly, departed from the strict letter of the agreement. That this appealed powerfully to the popular taste is evident from the fact that in 1888 the company wrote over \$103,000,000 of new insurance.

THE general apprehension manifested throughout Trinity at the mere suggestion of Professor Clark leaving us in order to accept a chair in another university, is strong evidence of the high esteem and regard in which our accomplished Professor is held by both faculty and students. Great would have been the blank in Trinity had Professor Clark gone from us; and it is a sincere relief to know that, as on former occasions when others would have tempted him away his affection for our Alma Mater was proof against their inducements.

Contributions.

JOE BEEF AND HIS CANTEEN.

You have heard of Joe, perhaps? He is dead, poor fellow.

On Friday afternoon, on the eighteenth day of January, the streets of Montreal were thronged as they had seldom been thronged before to see the funeral of any of its citizens. Between one and two o'clock, we are told, the offices of the big city were deserted: "The office boy informed the caller that his master was at lunch, but that was a hollow mockery, for he was at Joe Beef's funeral." All the town was there. The millionaire rubbed his fur-cuffed sleeve against the shiny coat of the mechanic out of employment, and the dead-beat with a lugubrious air of assumed seriousness apologetically jostled the smart broker who had stolen

from the Board to see the funeral of Joe Beef. Many, doubtless, expected the funeral to be accompanied with all the revolry that the deceased had indulged in on the occasion of his first wife's burial, when, among other attractions, he had a large brass band which struck up "The girl I left behind me" on returning from the cemetery. But now the utmost decorum characterized the proceedings throughout. The bar of the canteen was closed, but the house was open for anyone that pleased to enter and take a last look at the dead. For nearly two hours a continuous stream of men and women ascended the stairs to take this last look, and in this vast company were seen representatives of all sorts and conditions of humanity. And when the hearse left the house a body of police were obliged to walk at its head to keep back the pressing multitudes. Along the route every window was thronged with spectators; representatives of the press eagerly took note of every particular. Nor was this all. Sketches of the life of the dead man, together with full accounts of the funeral, were telegraphed far and wide. And yet Joe Beef kept but a canteen. His house was the resort and the refuge of the city's scum. But he had a fame all his own. He was a character. He had a peculiar way of doing things, and the things which he did attracted attention. Come, and let us visit his canteen as it was in days gone by.

Commissioners street, where stands the canteen, is one of the busiest of Montreal's great thoroughfares, being the street which runs along the river's side. Here is witnessed a concentration of traffic and humanity which is something wonderful and stirring to behold. Here the millionaire struts about, monarch of much he surveys, and here, too, the poor being popularly known as the "wharf-rat" slinks through his day and sleeps through his night. After dark the street is comparatively deserted, and the wharves are no longer thronged with toiling men and struggling horses and noisy carts. But the discharging of cargoes still goes on, and the rounds of heavy merchandise ascending and descending, clasped by the clanking, creaking chains, may be heard sometimes long after the city is silent and its people fast asleep. Let us walk towards that big house over the way. It is night: the clock is just striking eleven.

The house, you see, is Joe Beef's. It is big and bare and ugly, and has a great many little rooms in it; and these little rooms the benevolent Joe lets at ten cents a night to the "wharf-rats." Parts of the lower regions of the house are devoted to his menagerie, in which the patrons of the canteen take great interest: and in a large room on the ground floor is the bar. We will step in.

The room is crowded to suffocation, especially in the neighborhood of the principal entrance, and it is rather difficult to force one's way in. Some queer characters here, eh? And how they stare at us! Ug'y customers, some of them, men to be avoided on dark nights and in lonely places, especially that surly-looking chap sitting on a barrel near the counter smoking a short pipe. The beast is writ' large on his heavy, sensual face. But the majority seem well-disposed enough; some of the faces are strong and picturesque and no one is drunken—at least, not very drunk. Whiskey is not much in demand in spite of what the

lanplighter, whom we met outside a few minutes ago, said on its behalf. "Joe Beef keeps the best whiskey in Montreal," said he. Beer is the popular beverage, and it is drunk out of tin dippers or pannikins—five cents a tin. The men loll about the barrels and benches, smoking hard and fast, but imbibing in laudable moderation. Perhaps the five-cent pieces are scarce. We must have some beer else our coming will be resented. The woman who is serving at the bar is Mrs. Joe Beef. See, she smiles and produces twoglasses and we are pleased at her consideration for our refined taste. Really, she is quite handsome. Now, drink your beer, slowly, old man, and take a good look at the place.

The room is well-lighted, but the conventional glitter and paraphernalia of the bar is lacking. In their place are sundry curious things not usually found in bar-rooms: a long skeleton, habilitated in martial garments, grins down on you as you drink your beer; and numerous nondescript articles adorn and embellish the wall behind the deal counter. Two or three huge stoves (they are not lighted, for it is yet early in the Autumn,) take up no little space, and in one corner is a large pile of sawdust with a shaggy old man in tattered raiment asleep thereon, a shovel lying by his side. It is his duty to keep the floor well dusted with sawdust. Bits of color are displayed here and there on the walls; a faded flag or two, and a scrap of bright bunting are hung between two posts, and altogether Joe's bar-room is a very odd kind of place indeed. The eccentric proprietor himself is not here to-night, else we might have a chat with him. But it is getting late. We must depart.

Charles McKiernan, for such was Joe Beef's real name, was a man of considerable wealth, and on more than one occasion contributed handsomely to the city's charities. He was a friend to many a poor wretch, and in the death of the kind-hearted Joe the "wharf-rat" has met with a loss which he will find hard to bear.

We take our leave of thee, poor Joe. Thou hadst a kind heart. Farewell.

CARTER TROOP.

MY COLLEGE ROOM.

SOMETIMES in dreamy moments rare,
When that grim demon "Business" slumbers,
Kind fancy doth my musings bear
To by-gone days: Oh! then in numbers,
Lucent through time's obscuring gloom,
Dear visions of the past arise:
Last night I saw before my eyes
My old-time college room.

I saw the cheaply-papered wall,
The pictured types of female beauty,
The few books in their book-cases small,
The table which had long done duty.
I saw my ancient sofa loom,
That sofa whose obtrusive springs
Caused men to utter sudden things
In my old college room.

'Tis summer time: the music falls
In dying strains: the match is done.
And girlish voices in the halls.
Acclaim our triumph hardly won:
And she is here, in maiden bloom,
She who all others far excels:
A strange, transcendent glory dwells
About my college room!

'Tis winter: February's din
Makes music with the rattling sashes:
But all is warmth and light within,
And song and jest go round in flashes.
My merry comrades fill the room,
Who since have gone their various ways,
To fame and failure, blame and praise,
The altar and the tomb.

'Tis midnight now: before the grate
I sit and watch the red glow dying,
And wonder what will be my fate
In that great world around me lying.
The future knows nor grief nor gloom,
But, glowing like the ember, hope
Lights up my radiant horoscope
In my old college room

My horoscope!—I can't forget
All has not happened as expected:
That epic's not indited yet,
That castle is not yet erected.
But what have I to fear from doom?
Whatever fickle Fortune brings
I still may hope for happier things,
As in my college room.

G. A. M.

A CANADIAN POET.

THE following review of "Among the Millet, and other Poems," is reprinted from the *London Spectator*. The copious extracts we have been obliged to omit for want of space, but enough remains to show how highly Mr. Lampman's book is prized by our transatlantic relatives. Mr. Lampman, as everyone knows, is a graduate of Trinity:—

A volume of verse published at Ottawa, and full at once of the influence of Canadian scenery and of classical culture, arrests the reader's attention at once. And though there is nothing exactly demonstrating true genius in this volume, there is so much in it of truth, simplicity, vivacity, and of something that fairly deserves the name of passion, that it is very pleasant and sometimes even impressive reading, almost from beginning to end. The very last page, for instance, which is devoted to a by no means ambitious theme, is sufficient evidence that Mr. Lampman has a true eye and a true sense of humor.

Nor is the sonnet called "March," which is for the most part a sketch of the demeanor of what Mr. Lampman calls the "British Sparrows" in a Canadian

March, less charming in its graphic realism and the genial feeling with which the sparrows are painted for us.

When Mr. Lampman deals with what is now called "the modern spirit," we cannot say that he satisfies us equally well; for is it not one of the characteristics of the modern spirit to look at the universe with so much passionate sympathy in so many different aspects, that it is difficult to conceive the mind which delights in this exercise holding fast by any truth at all? It delights to sit "holding no form of creed, but contemplating all." And so Mr. Lampman laments over the vanishing of "the Martyrs" as if they were beautiful but almost necessarily obsolete moral phenomena, and writes of truth as if loyalty to it could only be adequately proved by silence and the refusal to limit it by any sort of enunciation.

Nor can we admire the substance of the sonnet which precedes it, and which describes the poet as "half-god, half-brute," and again, "half-brutish, half-divine, but all of earth." That is a description which applies to some poets, but we should say to very few indeed of the greater,—perhaps to Burns, certainly not to Homer, or Dante, or Milton, only in a very forced sense to Shakespeare or Goethe, and not in the least to Cowper, or Wordsworth, or Matthew Arnold. There is in that sonnet the same tendency to exaggerate the force of the lowest element in the imaginative life which belongs to the pessimism of the day.

We are sure that Goethe would not have given in his adhesion to this doctrine that "poets speak of passion best when their dreams are undistressed." And it may be that it only applies to the very highest class of imagination. Goethe certainly made experience serve as stimulus to his poetry quite as habitually as he made imagination take the place of experience. All his finer lyrics were the products of some temporary passion, and he was as much afraid of losing the impulse to poetry with which these successive passions supplied him, as he was of letting passion go beyond the point at which it would find him in poetic motives, of letting it pass into the phase where it would hamper his life. None the less Mr. Lampman is quite right that not a few of the highest strains of the poets who delineate the deeper passions have been independent of any immediate experience,—for example, Scott's grand delineation of the passion of revenge in the ballad in which he paints the assassination of Murray, and doubtless Shakespeare's delineation of blood-thirsty ambition in *Macbeth*, and of the heavy burden of a supernatural or preternatural injunction to revenge a father's murder in *Hamlet*.

Perhaps, however, Mr. Lampman is at his best in his fine pictures of the Canadian scenery. There are two pictures, one called "Among the Timothy," though we are quite ignorant as to what "the Timothy" may be (apparently, long grass), and one called "Winter Hues Recalled," which are almost Wordsworthian in the genuineness of their passionate delight in the beauty of the summer and winter scenery of Canada. But the piece which has, we think, given us most pleasure is

the one called "Between the Rapids," a Canadian boatman's eclogue, which has somehow a flavor in it of Clough's exquisite poem on the Swiss girl who is driving her cows home through a storm, while musing on her distant lover.

Mr. Lampman can write verses in which there is a true "lyrical cry":—

Of the human studies, "The Organist" is the most pathetic, and "Eastor Eve," a study of religious remorse, and apparently insanity, perhaps the most striking. But "An Athenian Reverie" is a poem that gave us much pleasure, and that shows the thorough culture of the author.

The Public Lectures.

THE CONVERSION OF ENGLAND.

THE last of the series of lectures delivered this term in the Convocation Hall, was given on the afternoon of Friday, the 15th February, by the Lord Bishop of Toronto. There was a large attendance and the lecture proved most instructive and interesting. The Bishop cautioned his hearers against the mistake of thinking that the "conversion of England" meant "the conversion of Britain," and then proceeded to describe the island as it was just previous to the departure of the Romans. The incursions of our Anglo-Saxon fathers were related, and their exterminating character pointed out. The lecturer called attention to the isolation of the ancient British Church, owing to its being driven westward, and mentioned the foundation of Glastonbury, which was handed over to the new English Church un plundered, having escaped the devastation of the invaders.

The falling away of the Anglo-Saxons from their old religion was then enlarged upon and the consequent degradation of the people, so that there was a constant traffic in slaves even by their own kindred. The story of St. Augustine of Canterbury and his little band was then graphically told, many stories from the old chronicles giving vividness to the picture. The extension of the mission outside of Kent was noticed, and its various vicissitudes, and almost extinction after the death of St. Augustine, were all set forth.

The second great factor in the conversion of England was then dealt with, viz., the efforts of the missionaries from Iona, itself a product of the old Celtic Church. To this second great mission to the north of England was due the credit of evangelising the greater part of the country. The course of the two great missions, Roman and British, was traced till they collided, and the friction between the two became so great that a settlement was needed, and took place at the Synod of Whitby in 644 A.D.

The various missions undertaken from Gaul were also spoken of, and the Bishop did not leave his subject until he had vividly presented a picture of the gradual victorious growth of the Church in the country, and had pointed out the work of Archbishop Theodore, who first consolidated the different missions into one national Church of England.

We think those who listened to this excellent lecture must have had their convictions of the greatness of their Church strengthened, and must have seen at least three things more clearly than before. They are:—That England owes her Christianity to a very large extent to the British Church; that the Church of England owes no allegiance to Rome, and that she goes a long way back before the time of Henry VIII., and was not created then.

College News.

IN order to enjoy a little hop in the evenings, and with the view of getting the dancing apparatus in good working order for the *Conversazione*, the piano was removed from the reading room and placed in Convocation Hall, and consequently, every evening might be seen most of our society men indulging in such pleasing exercise preliminary to the evening's occupation, of whatever nature it might consist.

THE proceedings of the Literary Institute, on Friday, March 8th, were pleasantly varied by a recitation from Professor Boys, whose rendition of the "Execution of Montrose," was masterly and thrilling. The abilities of our Classical Professor as an elocutionist attracted a large audience. Mr. Chilcott read an essay on "Character and Characteristics." A good debate was held on the "Sacrifice of Education to Examination," which was participated in by Messrs. Waller and Bean on the affirmative, and Messrs. Dumoulin and McGill on the negative. The speeches on the affirmative side were especially good.

ON Thursday evening, February 28th, the College Glee Club visited Milton to assist in a concert, in aid of the funds of Grace church, in that town; and in every way scored a complete success, being obliged to sing an *encore* to every number on the programme. In addition to the glees from the Club collectively, the comic songs by Mr. Pegdon, of St. Matthias choir, were much enjoyed and applauded, as also the duet by Mr. Howden and Mr. Birch. The Rev. F. G. Plummer acted as musical conductor. The men were very hospitably entertained by the Rector, Rev. Rural Dean McKenzie, and enjoyed their visit exceedingly.

A SERIES of ambulance lectures is now being delivered at Trinity College by prominent doctors of Toronto. The gentlemen who are giving the course are: Dr. Grasett, Dr. Macdonald, Dr. Baines, Dr. Sheard, Dr. O'Reilly, Dr. Ryerson, and Dr. Temple. The subjects are connected with medical cases of every day occurrence, and are such as to be of practical utility to every one who has the good fortune to hear the lectures. The lectures will be of especial value to Divinity students whose lot will be cast in country places, while mothers of families, too, will derive a great deal of benefit from them. The proceeds will assist St. Hilda's College funds, which are not in any too plethoric a condition.

It was a happy thought of Mrs. Body's, to whom is due the praise of originating the series, to combine instruction and profit in this felicitous manner. The first lecture was delivered by Dr. Grasett on Monday,

March 11th, when he treated of Injuries, including Fractures, Burns, and Hemorrhage. A pleasant afternoon tea at the lodge will conclude each of the lectures, to which Mrs. Body has invited the fortunate holders of course tickets.

THE Literary Institute meetings during the past month have been of a most interesting character, the debates having been well selected and vigorously contested. On the evening of Feb. 15th, the Toronto University *Conversazione* and several other entertainments taking place, there was not a quorum present and the meeting was postponed. On Feb. 22nd a most successful meeting was held, when Mr. Orr read a selection entitled a "Rara Avis," and Mr. Bean convulsed the audience with his reading of "Father Phil's Collection." His rendering of this specimen of Irish humor was capital and received very hearty applause. Mr. Thompson then gave his essay on "Canadian Interests," and in it made a strong appeal to his hearers to oppose the Jesuit Estates Bill. The essay was carefully written and read with great earnestness, and was well received. The debate then proceeded. It was the annual one on the compulsory chapel system, Messrs Houston and Abbott held that it ought to be abolished, and Messrs. Lowe and Loucks defended it. The former gentlemen, by their vigorous and able speeches, gained for the first time, we believe, the opinion of the audience against the system, though the voting was very close. The negative also were under the disadvantage of having a volunteer speaker, who, of course, had to collect his arguments on the spur of the moment. Some discussion followed on matters connected with the *Conversazione*, and the meeting adjourned. Next week saw a lively meeting, with the President in the chair. Mr. Dunlop read "The Biter Bit," and Mr. Troop "A Frenchman's Difficulties with the English Language." The latter rang the changes on the word "box" until we began to think the unfortunate word would die of over-exertion. An essay on "A Visit to the Education Department" was read by Mr. Leech, and disclosed many curiosities there to be seen which many of those present had not heard of before. The debate on the subject of "Party vs. Independent Press" was taken by Messrs. Bedford-Jones and White on the former, and Messrs. Lowe and Pringle on the latter side of the question. Two of the speakers were volunteers. An interesting debate resulted in a practically unanimous vote in favour of "Independent Press," only one member rising to uphold the other side of the argument. A discussion followed from the body of the hall. We are glad to say that a series of recitations has been promised by the Rev. Prof. Boys at future meetings. This will add largely to the interest of the meetings, and the Professor's kindness is warmly appreciated by the members.

It will not, perhaps, be speaking too reassuringly if we say that the *Conversazione* this year, in every point of arrangement and success, equalled, if not surpassed, any of those given in previous years. The different committees were drafted with such precision, and the work so satisfactorily distributed to each, that the amount of work consequent upon the arrangements for such an event, was effected with comparatively little effort. For some time previous to the 21st of February

the different committees were steadily at work, but with so little ostentation that it was not until the morning of that day, when the decoration committee, consisting of Messrs. Lowe, Ford, Jones, Smith, H. H. Bedford Jones and others, commenced their tasks, that any appreciable indication was given of any unusual occurrence. The decorations were complete. Entering the main hall, the ceiling was tastefully festooned with red, white, and blue bunting, from a central radiating gasolier, while the walls were hidden from view by the draping of them with every description of flags. Turning to right and left, more flags and drapery artfully arranged helped to give the corridors on either side a more "cosy" appearance than they present under ordinary circumstances, while the curtaining of each archway gave to the whole a substantial, not to say artistic, appearance. The floor of the main hall was furnished with large and handsome rugs, that of the corridors with matting. Shortly before eight o'clock the guests began to appear, and soon the door committee had their hands full in looking after the tickets.

The Rev. the Provost, and Mrs. Body, received the guests as they arrived, who, on being presented, passed into the Convocation, which before the musical programme was begun was completely filled. It was the object of the Council to reduce, as far as possible, the uncomfortable over-crowding of previous years, and in consequence the invitation list was a little more restricted than usual, which effected in a measure the desired object, as there certainly was a visible diminution in the number of guests. And although we can scarcely say that Convocation Hall was not over-crowded, still it was assuredly in that respect very much improved. At half past eight the musical programme, under the supervision of Messrs. Plummer and Stevenson, was begun, opening by an instrumental solo by Mrs. W. P. Thompson, which was performed with the excellent execution of which she is capable. Dr. Crawford Scadding, next on the programme, sang Hatton's song "To Anthea," with a very pleasing voice. The first half of the programme was concluded by Mrs. Agnes Thompson. The quality of Mrs. Thompson's high soprano voice is too well known to the musical public both in Canada and the United States to necessitate a criticism. Sufficient it is to say that her voice was in perfect condition, and her rendering of "Una Voce Poco Fa," (from *Il Barbiere di Siviglia*) was much appreciated by her hearers. In the interval which elapsed between the two parts of the programme, many took advantage of the opportunity of visiting the refreshment rooms. On resuming, Miss Symons, in her remarkably pleasing style, played Mendelssohn's instrumental solo concerto in G minor, which is assuredly worthy of praise. Mr. Harry Jarvis was much applauded in his song, "Come into the Garden, Maud," and was followed by Rev. E. P. Crawford, who sang a song of his own composition, and played his own accompaniment, which was so much enjoyed that the reverend gentleman was obliged to repeat it. In her second number Mrs. Agnes Thompson evidently realized the anticipations of the audience, for "Cuckoo" was unanimously applauded, and to the *encore* which was demanded, she very kindly responded by singing

"Home, Sweet Home," which was certainly most beautifully rendered. This finished the musical programme, and preparations were immediately begun for arranging the hall for the dance, which preparations were executed with such an amount of agility that it was plainly to be seen that the enthusiasm for the *end* justified any amount of trouble in the way of *the means*; and in an incredibly short space of time, and with very little inconvenience to the guests, every chair was removed, leaving the floor, previously waxed, prepared for those who chose to indulge in the mazy dance. The music supplied by Corlett's orchestra was unexceptionable, and the bright faces and pretty dresses gave the Convocation Hall a rather unusually pleasing appearance. Those who found Convocation Hall too crowded resorted to the main hall, where several efficient pianists supplied the music. In this way the dancing continued till a quarter to one o'clock, when the Gas Company, apparently fully convinced that such frivolities should be at an end, intimated their convictions by diminishing the gas supply, and thus admonished the guests left for the dressing-rooms and thence to their carriages, and the undergraduates again found themselves in the solitude of their own companionship. Thus ended Trinity's annual entertainment of her friends, and our only hope is that our guests enjoyed themselves and appreciated our efforts as much as we would have had them do.

A GRADUATE'S LABORS IN NEW YORK.

It will, we have no doubt, be a matter of interest to the friends of Trinity, as well as the friends of the Rev. Charles Scadding, to learn of the success and eminent work now being accomplished by one of her graduates. In answer to the query as to the best method of reaching the non-church-going masses in that city, the *New York Observer* points to the work which is now being performed under the supervision of St. George's Church. The Mission Church, St. George's Chapel, is placed on Stanton street, standing where it is most needed—in the very heart of the poorest and most thickly populated quarter of the city, saloons and crowded tenement houses thronging it on every side, with a population a mixture of every nationality. In charge of this mission is the Rev. Charles Scadding, of the Divinity Class of '85, and under his direction and supervision a most noble effort is being made to enlighten, uplift and Christianize the people, their temporal as well as their spiritual welfare being looked after. A medical department is maintained, where deserving poor are treated gratuitously; a kindergarten, for the instruction of the poor and neglected little ones; a gymnasium, reading-room, sewing and cooking classes, are all maintained. Mr. Scadding holds a Bible-class, and devotes part of his time to the street boys, who come to him in great numbers. It is observed that great tact and intimate knowledge of human nature are required, and both qualities are possessed by the minister in charge. Mr. and Mrs. Scadding live in the midst of the poor. They have apartments in the chapel where they make their home the year round, and are thus brought into direct

contact with the people, and are able to minister to their temporal and spiritual necessities, as they could under no other circumstances. The article here quoted closes by declaring that the necessity is filled, and the "poor are reached here, and not only reached but held, and helped." What can we add more, unless it is to wish that our old friend may be long spared to continue his eminently useful and successful labors.

Personal.

DR. H. C. SCADDING is with Dr. Cameron. He has brought some new songs and a greatly improved voice back from England with him, as well, no doubt, as vast professional experience.

G. E. POWELL, '88, has returned to Toronto from his home in British Columbia. He is quite an acquisition to the Quintette Club, and is frequently seen in the rooms of his many old friends in college. He will study law in Toronto.

WE note with pleasure that the Rev. H. H. Johnston, L.T., '88, is now in close neighborhood to the College. He has accepted the curacy of St. Ann's, with the Rev. J. McLean Ballard as his rector. He was formerly in charge of Lambton Mills.

WILFRED DAVIS, '87, accompanied the Glee Club in its visit to Milton, where his voice was an acceptable addition to the Club. Mr. Davis has lately changed his abode from London to Toronto, and is pursuing his legal studies in the office of Smellie & McCrae.

THE conversazione was the occasion of a pleasant meeting of many of Trinity's graduates, not only of those living in Toronto, but of several who had come from outside places to be present at the event. Among these were:—Kirwan Martin, '82, Hamilton; J. A. Tanner, M.A., Listowel; C. R. Hanning, '84, Preston; C. H. McGee, '88, Oshawa; Rev. H. A. Bowden, Norval.

WE note with pleasure the names of Mr. J. A. Worrell and Professor Symonds on the Executive Committee of the Toronto Branch of the Imperial Federation League, as also that of Mr. John Catto, one of our associate members of Convocation. The League is gaining in favor immensely in Canada and its patriotic platform should especially recommend it to Trinity men.

THE Rev. J. C. Davidson, '82, has been in temporary charge of the beautiful church of St. John's, Peterboro, since December 1st, owing to the continued ill health of the Rector, Rural Dean Beck. The daily papers contained glowing accounts of the work accomplished by him at Colborne and of his kindly reception at Peterboro. We regretted to learn that he too had been in ill health for a time, but he has now returned to his work with his old time vigor, accompanied by the Rev. C. B. Kenrick, of the same year, who lately returned from an English tour, and who will assist him till Easter. With the Rev. G. Warren in Ashburnham, and with the assistance of A. P. Poussette, Q.C., '67, it should be a good opportunity to establish a Convocation centre at Peterboro.

Correspondence.

THE PRIZE SUBJECTS FOR 1889.

[To the Editors of THE TRINITY UNIVERSITY REVIEW.]

GENTLEMEN:—There appears to be a general wish in Trinity that the time allowed for the Prize Subjects should be extended from June 1st to October 1st. Such an extension of time would enable many to enter the lists who, under the present arrangement, are absolutely prohibited from doing so by stress of work.

I am sure that if the REVIEW will bring the matter before the authorities and bespeak their favorable consideration, the desired change will stand an excellent chance of being effected. May I beg for your interest and influence?

Thanking you for your valuable space,
I am, your obedient servant,
AN UNDERGRADUATE.

TRINITY COLLEGE, March 14th, 1889.

Exchange.

WE welcome to our exchange table the *Academe*, a bi-monthly magazine which is published in the interest of secondary schools. The *Academe* is excellently printed and contains articles of interest not only to those engaged in the training of our youth, but to the general public.

OWING to the fact that the name of our paper was not changed until last January, it appeared in the newspaper directory for 1888 under its defunct title, *Rouge et Noir*. We would be glad if some of our exchanges would kindly address their numbers to TRINITY UNIVERSITY REVIEW, and not employ the old name.

COLLEGE journalism originated at Dartmouth in 1800 when Daniel Webster was an editor of the new venture. The *Literary Cabinet* was established at Yale nine years later, and was followed by the *Floriad* at Union College and the *Lyceum* at Harvard. All of these pioneers are now defunct and the oldest college paper in existence at present is the *Yale Literary Magazine*, which was founded in 1837.

THE *Forum* is too well known as a leading exponent of the cultured thought of America to need any word of recommendation. Its recent numbers have been especially rich in admirable contributions. To mention any of the articles in this treasure of reviews would be to mention them all. Andrew Lang, Charles Dudley Warner, Goldwin Smith, Max O'Rell and James Payne, are some of the recent contributors.

WE have noticed a marked improvement in the three numbers of the *Queen's College Journal* that have been issued under the new staff of editors. They pay especial attention to the narration of doings and sayings in college, and many episodes are very cleverly and humorously described. We notice, however, a lack of original articles in their literary department. The same may be said of the *Acadia Athenacum*, which is in all other respects a most ably conducted publication.

Convocation.

Convocation is the degree conferring and consulting body of the University. The members are of two classes,

- (1) Full members, viz., Masters of Arts, and Graduates in Medicine, Law, or Divinity.
- (2) Associate Members, viz., all others who are friends of the University.

The fee is in all cases \$5.00 per annum (except in the case of Clergy who may wish to become Associate Members, when it is \$2.00.)

The resolutions of Convocation are laid before the College Council with a view to influencing its decisions. Thus Convocation helps to direct the government of the University.

There are at present over three hundred Members and Associate Members, and it is hoped that every layman and laywoman whose eye this meets will at once take advantage of this opportunity of assisting their Church University.

For full particulars and forms of application for membership, apply to the Clerk of Convocation, Trinity College.

NOTES.

In the next number of the REVIEW we hope to be able to give an account of a meeting at Brantford, which has been promised by Rural Dean Mackenzie.

On Sunday, February 17th, we noticed Mr C. C. Foster, of Montreal, an Associate Member of Convocation, in the Chapel. We shall always be glad to see Members or Associates who are in town on Sunday, at any of our services. They are as follows: Early Celebration at 8 a.m.; Choral Matins and Litany with Sermon, 11 a.m.; Choral Evensong, 8 p.m.

THE funds for the assistance of Divinity students in the different dioceses of this Province, might with advantage be materially increased. Here is work for local centres. When the announcement of an approaching collection is made, could not the local centre, through its secretary, take some steps by means of which the indifference of congregations to these funds might be broken up?

THERE will doubtless often be good results flowing from our meetings in the country towns, which we shall be unable to trace to their source. Here is one, however, which we can trace. A young man a week or two ago signified his intention to present himself for matriculation next June. Enquiry elicited the fact that he was present at the meeting in Belleville last summer, and then and there decided to enter Trinity.

ON February 15th a meeting of the Executive Committee of Convocation was held, the following members being present: The Provost, Messrs. T. A. Worrell, G. A. MacKenzie, B. Cumberland, J. Cartwright, W. F. Davidson, E. C. Cayley, and the Clerk.

A report of the meeting held in Perth was received with applause, which was renewed when the Provost announced that at least six more meetings were being arranged in different parts of the Province.

Mr. Barlow Cumberland presented the report of the sub-committee appointed at last meeting to make enquiries as to what terms could be arranged with the Editors of the REVIEW, whereby Convocation could

secure representation on the staff of that paper. Our readers know what the results of the sub-committee's labors were. It will therefore suffice to say that the Executive Committee heartily approved of the whole scheme, and ratified the appointments of Mr. B. Cumberland and Rev. H. Symonds on the editorial staff as representatives of Convocation. The following are the terms of the motion passed:—

"Resolved, that the action of the Committee in arranging for the issue of the TRINITY UNIVERSITY REVIEW, to be sent free to each Associate Member not being a Graduate, and for the publication in its columns of all notices required by Convocation, be approved, and that the Executive Committee recommend that the sum of one hundred dollars be granted the REVIEW in payment for such services for one year, and that the Committee do further approve of the other arrangements set out in the report of the sub-committee."

ST. HILDA "AT HOME."

"VERY good for St. Hilda's," was the verdict of those undergraduates who were lucky enough to get "cards" for St. Hilda's little conversazione. The arrangements were capital, though the avenue was rather crowded with so many carriages. The acting was not half bad when one considers that there were no men acting. Miss Middleton took the leading part, which was rather trying, but her performance left nothing to be desired. Miss Lighthorn's composure was as to the manner born, and Miss Symonds, you have certainly missed your vocation. Miss —, but I must stop; they each had their *forte*, and they displayed it—displayed it to advantage, if I were a military man I should say the word "deploy" would more exactly express the extension given to the *forte*. —Oh, dear me! I am perfectly innocent of either a pun or a joke—I only mean they emphasized their strong points, of which each had one—I don't mean to be rude; they were meant to have one—a silvery tone, a sweet face, a bright smile, an air of demurity, a hauteur!! I wonder if houses think they are curling their lips when they roll up their blinds in the morning! The hauteur was evidently deploying. And then the supper—oh, that supper! If one could only have been inside that kitchen in the morning and watched those deft little fingers and bare arms, those white aprons and flushed cheeks just beautified with flour. Those cakes and trifles—ah! such trifles break one's heart. If they would only found a fellowship in cookery, what a scramble we would have for it!

In addition to the theatricals and supper, there was an excellent little musical programme; there were songs by Miss Grant Stewart and Mr. Carter Troop, an overture by Miss Thomas, and recitations by Miss Nation and Mr. Troop, who gave us his inimitable "Impressions of Macbeth." Miss Nation's choice was certainly mischievous, a little cruel—to susceptible undergraduates—decidedly trying, but I suppose its all right, Miss Grier was there.

Miss Patterson, you deserve your popularity, and you and your fledglings are indeed to be congratulated. Long may St. Hilda's live! PEEK-A-BOO.

TRINITY MEDICAL COLLEGE.

EDITORS:

G. A. BINGHAM, M. D. C. P. CLARK, B. A.
H. D. QUARRY.

ASSOCIATE EDITORS:

J. T. FOTHERINGHAM, B. A. C. MACKAY. R. McGER.

This department of the journal is devoted entirely to matters of interest to graduates and under-graduates of Trinity Medical College.

All contributions intended for this department must be addressed to the Editors, Trinity Medical College.

The names of the contributors must be appended to their communications, not necessarily for publication, etc.

Editorial.

At this season of the year the attention of the majority of our students is concentrated on the approaching examinations. The gradual disappearance of many third-year men leads us to wonder why there is no examination in that year. At present the third year is anxiously looked forward to by Primaries who intend taking a four-year course as one of ease and comfort. Is this as it should be? We certainly believe that it is not. The argument frequently advanced, that the absence of an examination enables the members of that year to secure more hospital work is not very strong, because every day experience shows that the work is not so thoroughly appreciated or relished as it is by those who have an examination constantly staring at them. Four years is none too short a time to secure even a portion of the main facts in the science of medicine; and as an examination at the close of the year forms the greatest stimulus to constant hard work, we are decidedly of the opinion that the introduction of a third year examination would benefit all Trinity students. Believing that it is a subject which merits the earnest consideration of all students, any communication bearing on it will be welcomed to the columns of the REVIEW.

C.

We cannot refrain from joining the threnody of the Colleges over the death of the late professor Young, of University College. The Colleges of the Provinces, unfortunately, have their petty jealousies and divergent interests, but these are not deeply rooted, and as each have deeply at heart the real interests of education in our young and growing country, each deeply regret the fall of any man, no matter what his collegiate connection may be, who so fully and faithfully serves his day and generation as did the genial old man whose kindly face and familiar form will be so much missed in the corridors of our sister college. Newspaper obituaries are now old reading, and with the main facts of his life and work those are now familiar who care to be, but one department of his work in Canadian education we have not seen referred to, his work as a member of the Central Committee of Education. This Committee is charged, in conjunction with the Minister

of Education, with the oversight of the Public and High School interests of the Province. It regulates the standard and arranges the details of the various examinations by which pupils are admitted to the High Schools, and teachers certificated for their work in the Public Schools of the Province. How much of Ontario's admitted prominence among Anglo-Saxon communities in matters educational is due to the late Professor, is not to be estimated. The mellowing, liberalizing influences he could and did exert in the councils of the Central Committee, his wide acquaintance with the whole scope and plan of a good and efficient educational system, his capacity for counteracting the narrowing tendencies of a department ruled by minds not so broad as his own, if not already plain enough to notice, will soon be seen, because they are missed. We deplore his death, though truly it was not an untimely one, as a loss to the educational interests of the country at large, and to Toronto University in particular. Out of respect to his memory, no lectures were given in Trinity Medical College on the afternoon of his funeral.

F.

UNDERGRADUATES of our various colleges who come before the Council of Physicians and Surgeons, frequently complain of lack of timely information upon subjects of importance to their existence as medical students. Perhaps their complaints have some ground in fact. For instance, last year, for the first time in the knowledge of the present generation of undergraduates, biennial examinations were held, and the more pleased the undergraduate body as an approach to the Edinburgh and London systems. But the September examinations were not dreamt of, till midsummer, by any of those who wrote on the usual April examinations, and the undergraduates accordingly are not to blame for the meagre encouragement given the examiners in the way of attendance of candidates. Had they been informed in time, many men, in all likelihood, would have written not in April, but in September. The impression, too, was abroad that the September examinations were supplementals; had the Council taken care to make it quite clear that it was now giving biennial examinations, men who do not care to take a degree by supplementals would have written in September.

And while we are on the subject, it seems almost a matter of right that the students should be informed officially, and in due time, of the intentions of the Council with regard to the primary examination in Practical Chemistry. We learn, only from private sources, reliable enough, but not official, that the Examiner in Chemistry has had placed at his disposal a considerable sum for the purchase of appliances, and has already placed his order in Berlin, Germany; and that at Easter the Council will give its first practical examination in Chemistry. Of this change it is hardly fair to keep the Primary men in ignorance. The fault cannot rest with the Registrar, for no body in the Province has a more painstaking and obliging secretary. He is hampered in all probability by the traditions of antiquity and secrecy which flourish and are strong in the bosoms of the Council.

F.

Correspondence.

BASE BALL.

To the Editors of THE REVIEW.

SIRS,—We can boast of a base ball club at Trinity, which, although in its infancy, made a very good showing on the diamond last fall, despite our many drawbacks.

In the first place we were very much handicapped in not having grounds on which to practice, and, consequently, had no criterion to go by in selecting a team, being therefore forced to judge players by their physical appearance, which is by no means a safe guide in base ball. Again, owing to the extreme lateness of the season, favourable weather could not be depended upon for practice or matches. Only two games were played, both being with our sister medical school, and although suffering defeat, the contests were by no means one-sided, but were closely fought to the end, several of the players showing that they would do credit to many of the professional clubs.

As this was the first season Trinity has had a ball team, next year may be looked forward to with greater interest and with better hopes of success.

Here I might suggest the arranging of say three games with our last year's opponents and one composed of a combined team from both medical colleges against the "Varsity team," dates to be arranged in the spring, thus saving much valuable time lost in fall arrangements. I would also suggest to our players the necessity of practice during the summer vacation, if they expect to do their team and themselves justice in matches.

WILLOW.

COLLEGE SONGS.

To the Editors of the TRINITY UNIVERSITY REVIEW:—

GENTLEMEN,—Students, and medical students in particular, have always been noted for the hearty manner in which they sang their college songs. Singing to them has always been an agreeable pastime. But at present in our College this custom is neglected, and in spite of the protests of "John Brown" and "Old Grimes," it is gradually dying out.

Why? Not because the College does not possess the ability, but chiefly because the classes have not musical leaders. This hint is intended for next year's classes. When they return next October, let them have the best songs and let them sing them more lustily than ever. At present, they will attend to the all-important task of doing themselves and the College credit at the various examinations now at hand. X.

College News.

VISITORS at Trinity Med.:—Dr. Hunter, Buffalo; Dr. Odell, F.R.C.S., and Rev. Mr. Scott.

DR. W. R. WADE has been sent to Burt's Falls, to attend cases of diphtheria in that section. He will be back for council examination.

No lectures were given in the college Friday, March 1st, to allow professors and students to attend the funeral of the late Prof. Young, of Toronto University.

MANY third year men are gradually leaving for home to gain sufficient mental and bodily strength to enable them to withstand the ordeal of the fourth year's work of '89-'90.

TRINITY Medical College Examinations will be held at Examination Hall, College of Physicians and Surgeons this year. 1st year, March 21st and 22nd. Fellowship diploma, April 1st, 2nd, and 3rd.

RECENT ADVANCES IN SURGERY AND MEDICINE.

I.

IN the October number of the *Edinburgh Review* there appeared, under the above title, a very interesting review of the following recent publications:

1. *Address delivered at the Opening of the Surgery Section, at the Annual Meeting of the British Medical Association, Brighton, August, 1886.* By JOHN ERIC ERICHSEN, F.R.C.S., LL.D., F.R.S.

2. *General Summary of Conclusions from One Thousand Cases of Abdominal Section.* By LAWSON TAIT, F.R.C.S., M.D., London, 1888.

3. *On the Treatment of Fractures and Wounds.* By the late SAMUEL GAMGEE, F.R.S. EDIN. Second edition, London, 1888.

4. *Operative Surgery of Malignant Disease.* By H. T. BUTLIN, F.R.C.S., London, 1887.

5. *Eyesight and how we Lose it.* By PRIESTLEY SMITH, London, 1887.

This article, though itself a review, will well bear reviewing, because it is written by a man of letters who is not a man of physic, but belongs to the profane herd of the uninitiated, to whom the mysteries of Æsculapius are as "a garden closed, a fountain sealed," and whose notions of the noble art are shaped by the glimpses they may have obtained through the half open door of the dissecting room, or the advertisements of the vampires of the profession. The writer of the article shows throughout such kindly appreciation of the efforts and trials of the medical man that even to the student, to whom the trials of the practitioner are still practically strange, his sentences are grateful, as an earnest of future appreciation and reward—an antidote to the constant ingratitude and and misappreciation which torture at times a man of sensibility and conscience.

To review the article in detail, its first pages are devoted to a kindly eulogy of the profession, in words stronger even than the modest physician would venture to use of himself or his brethren.

After alluding to the fact that the doctor, though possessed of the education and instincts of a gentleman, must work for and associate with and look for his living from a class usually far below him socially, and that he is forced by the exigencies of competition and by inevitable differences of professional opinion, into bitter rivalry with his *confrères*, the writer points out that "a medical career consequently lacks and must always lack those social amenities and advantages which attract able and accomplished men in such numbers to other liberal callings, and in which the reward of their labours largely consists." There are quoted, too, with evident sympathy and appreciation.

passages from Sir James Paget, Dr. Richardson, and others, summing up the difficulties and scant rewards, as well as the advantages and pleasures, of a practitioner's life. Dr. Richardson's words can be appreciated by the youngest freshman.

"Medical men as a class . . . pass through singularly trying ordeals; the first introduction into the dissecting-room; the first lessons in the operating theatre; the first practical lessons in the obstetric art; the first performance of *post mortem* examinations; the first visit in cases of infection; the extensive field of learning that has to be traversed for passing and obtaining the necessary honours and degrees; the early struggles for practice, when youthful strength is the sure preventive to progress, the constant activity and expectation when success comes, the night and day of toil; the intimate conversance with human misery, mental and physical, in all its most terrible forms; the implicit trusts and confidences that have to be received and maintained with a watchfulness that knows no limit; these taxes on the man of physic, which continue so long as he follows his occupation, seem at first sight sufficient to shorten his life struggle and to render it while it lasts all but intolerable." To Dr. Richardson's happy summing up of the pains and pleasures of a doctor's life, the author says Amen, and adds emphatic praise in words that may sound extravagant.

"Everyone must have been struck by the uncomplaining devotion to duty characterizing many humble practitioners, who plod on in the midst of hardships seldom equalled in any other liberal calling, who submit to broken rest and the querulous complaints of dissatisfied patients, who give up forever all participation in the amusements and relaxations of the class from which they originally sprang, and this in return for a most meagre income and still smaller public honour. Sometimes this submission to duty comes from a lofty spirit of self-denial akin to that of the saintly Jesuits who toiled and suffered among the pitiless savages of North America; sometimes it has its source in that enthusiasm of humanity which inspired St. Francis, of Assisi, and St. Francis Xavier, in their life-long mission; but far more often it comes from the love of science and the earnest desire to relieve human suffering."

Surely such appreciation from one of the great class of possible patients is enough to offset the ignorant prejudice which so often assails the practitioner—how unjustly we need not say. For the doctor who faithfully acis up to the amount of his professional skill (and who does not?), measured by the stage of advancement of his age and generation, has done his duty, and deserves the commendation of his own conscience and of his patient, no matter what the issue may be, he has done his full duty. Treatment on the lines of the medical knowledge of two centuries ago would now be rightly considered criminally neglectful, though then it was quite up to existing and accepted doctrines, and was practised by men of such truly enlightened and benevolent spirit as the famous physician of Jacobite times, Sir Thomas Browne, whose *Religio Medici* is historic, and whose benevolence and singleness of purpose he shows when he says, "I can-

not go to heal the body of my patient, but I forget my profession and call unto God for his soul."

The article proceeds to remark the recent improvement in the rank and file of the profession, dwelling on this point with some emphasis, and going so far as to say that "many elderly practitioners would have been unable to satisfy the severe requirements of the past fifteen years." The reasons of this marked improvement are not all very easily seen. One is the great advance of the English nation in all matters of education, refinement and luxury, with which, of course, the profession has had to keep pace, while another is the demand made by councils of examining bodies for a better primary education, before entering upon the studies peculiar to the profession. There seems little doubt that the young practitioner now is much more on an even footing with the man of many years experience than ever was the case before. The reason is that empiricism, which depends for its success on long personal experience, is now being displaced by scientific and rational methods to a considerable extent, and the young man whose reading has made him conversant with the scientific theories of the day, can in a large measure dispense with those "rules of thumb" which have been in the past the main dependence of some members of the profession, and can make a more intelligent use of his experience as it comes.

(To be continued.)

Personal.

DR. J. E. MIDGLEY intends practising in Chicago.

DR. ODELL, F.R.C.S., England, has located at 47 Carlton street, Toronto.

DR. WINNETT, '86, M.R.C.S., England, has located at 7 Wilton Avenue, Toronto.

DR. BROWNLEE, '86, who formerly practised in St. Mary's, has just returned from the old country, where he took the degrees L.M. and L.R.C.P.

DR. W. CAVEN, '86, has started practising on Gerrard street. We understand that he intends making diseases of the nervous system a specialty.

MEDICAL NONSENSE.

PROMINENT physical sign of typhoid—tin-pan-itis.

DOCTOR—"Are you ever troubled with headache?"

Patient—"Yes, doctor." Doctor—"Where?"

A FRESHMAN remarked in our sanctum recently that Gaultnesia was inflammation of the gall bladder. He was summarily ejected.

BELONGED to no school—'e'd graduated.—"Wat school ob medicine yo' b'long to doctah?" "I dor.' b'long to no school, sah. I's graduat'ed."—*Harpur's Bazar*.

SCENE.—Reading Room—Third Year Man—"Do you think we will have dislocation of the superior maxilla on the exam." Final C. (utilizing his Risorius) —"Perhaps."

STATEMENT
OF
The Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York,

RICHARD A. McCURDY, President.

For the year ending December 31st, 1888.

Total Assets,	\$126,082,153 56
Increase in Assets,	\$7,275,301 68
Surplus at four per cent.,	\$7,940,063 63
Increase in Surplus,	\$1,645,822 11
Policies in force,	158,369
Increase during year,	17,426
Policies written,	32,606
Increase during year,	10,301
Risks assumed,	\$103,214,261 32
Increase during year,	\$33,756,792 95
Risks in force,	\$482,125,184 36
Increase during year,	\$54,496,251 85
Receipts from all sources,	\$26,215,932 52
Increase during year,	\$3,096,010 06
Paid Policy-Holders,	\$14,727,550 22

THE ASSETS ARE INVESTED AS FOLLOWS:

Bonds and Mortgages,	\$49,617,874 02
United States and other securities,	\$48,616,704 14
Real Estate and Loans on collateral,	\$21,786,125 34
Cash in Banks and Trust Companies at interest,	\$2,813,277 60
Interest accrued, Premiums deferred and in transit, Etc.,	\$3,248,172 46
	\$126,082,153 56

I have carefully examined the foregoing statement and find the same to be correct.
A. N. WATERHOUSE, Auditor.

From the Surplus above stated a dividend will be apportioned as usual.

Year.	Risks Assumed.	Risks Outstanding.	Surplus.
1884.....	\$84,681,420.....	\$851,789,285.....	\$4,743,771
1885.....	46,507,189.....	368,981,441.....	5,012,634
1886.....	56,832,719.....	363,809,203.....	5,643,568
1887.....	69,457,468.....	427,628,983.....	6,294,442
1888.....	103,214,261.....	482,125,184.....	7,940,068

New York, January 23, 1889.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

SAMUEL E. SPROULLS, LUCIUS ROBINSON, SAMUEL D. BARCOCK, GEORGE S. COE, RICHARD A. McCURDY, JAMES C. HOLDEN, HERMANN C. VON POST, ALEXANDER H. RICE, F. RATCHFORD STARR,	LEWIS MAY, OLIVER HARRIMAN, HENRY W. SMITH, ROBERT OLYPHANT, GEORGE F. BAKER, JOS. THOMPSON, DUDLEY OLCOTT, FREDERIC CROMWELL, JULIEN T. DAVIES,	ROBERT SEWELL, S. VAN RENSSLAER CRUGER, CHARLES R. HENDERSON, GEORGE BLISS, RUFUS W. PECKHAM, J. HOBART HERRICK, WM. P. DIXON, ROBERT A. GRANNISS, NICHOLAS C. MILLER,	HENRY H. ROGERS, JNO. W. AUCHINCLOSS, THEODORE MORFORD, WILLIAM BARCOCK, PRESTON B. PLUMB, WILLIAM D. WASHBURN, STUVVESANT FISH, AUGUSTUS D. JULLIARD CHARLES E. MILLER.
---	--	--	--

ROBERT A. GRANNISS, - - - Vice-President.
ISAAC F. LLOYD, - - - ad Vice-President.
WILLIAM J. EASTON, - - - Secretary.
FREDERIC SCHROEDER, - - - Assistant Secretary.

WILLIAM H. C. BARTLETT, LL.D., Actuary.
ERASTUS C. BENEDICT, Assistant Actuary.
FREDERIC CROMWELL, Treasurer. JOHN A. FONDA, Assistant Treasurer.
WM. W. RICHARDS, Comptroller. WM. P. SANDS, Cashier.
GUSTAVUS S. WINSTON, M.D., WALTER R. GILLETTE, M.D.,
E. J. MARSH, M.D., Medical Directors.
WM. G. DAVIES, Solicitor

H. K. MERRITT, General Manager,
41 Yonge Street, Toronto.

R. POTTER & CO.

FURNITURE, BEDDING, CARPET
FLOOR CLOTHS, WINDOW
SHADES, CURTAINS.
CORNICES, ETC.

Large Stock. Low Prices. Easy Terms.

COR. QUEEN & PORTLAND STS.

Telephone 1384.

Port and Sherry Wines. Cockburn's, Graham's and DaSilva's in Ports. Gordon's and Casiris' in Sherries. The finest Wines imported at \$2, \$2.50, \$3, \$4, \$4.50, \$5 and \$6 per gallon, and from 50 cents to \$1.25 per bottle.

The choicest Native Wine in the Dominion—White and Red—guaranteed made exclusively from the pure juice of the grape, at 50 cents per bottle, or \$5.50 per dozen, at

MARA & CO.,

GROCERS AND WINE MERCHANTS

280 QUEEN STREET WEST,

Near Beverley Street. Telephone 713.

CHITTENDEN & CORNISH

D. B. CHITTENDEN. R. G. H. CORNISH.

(Successors to I. J. COOPER),

Manufacturers and Importers of

MEN'S FINE FURNISHINGS.

109 Yonge St., cor. Adelaide, Toronto.

AMERICAN SHIRT FACTORY.

Dorenwend's Paris Hair Works

Is the largest establishment of its kind in Canada.

Elegantly fitted-up rooms for Ladies' and Gents' Hair Dressing. Best artists employed

Hair Goods and Toilet Sundries.

103 and 105 Yonge Street.

JAMES MURRAY & CO.

Printers and Bookbinders

28 Front Street West, Toronto.

TELEPHONE NO. 91.

S. HILDA'S COLLEGE, IN AFFILIATION WITH TRINITY UNIVERSITY.

PRESIDENT, LORD BISHOP OF TORONTO.

The object of this College is to furnish Women taking the Arts Course of Trinity University, with the best University Education, together with the great advantages of separate Collegiate life.

The full course of Lectures for the B.A. Degree is delivered at S. Hilda's by Professors and Lecturers of Trinity; students of this College have also the privilege of attending the Honour Lectures at Trinity without further charge.

Occasional students can be admitted to take special departments by application to the Lady Principal. For full particulars apply to the Lady Principal of S. Hilda's College, 48 Euclid Ave., Toronto.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK. The cheapest, largest and best in the world.

WINES.

PORTS.—Comprise Hunt & Co.'s, Sandeman & Co.'s, SHERRIES.—Julian and Jose, Pearnin's, Yriarte's, Misa's & Gordon's.
 STILL HOCKS.—Deinhard's Laubenheim, Nierstein, Rudesheim, Johannisberg,
 LIQUEURS.—Curacao "Sec," Menthe Verte Forte, Marsquin, Chartreuse, Cr me de Rose, Creme de Vanille, and Parfait Amour.
 CHAMPAGNES.—Pommery & Greno's, G. H. Mumm & Co.'s, and Perrier's.

NATIVE WINES IN GREAT VARIETY.

Goods packed by experienced packers and shipped to all parts.

CALDWELL & HODGINS,
 Grocers and Wine Merchants,
 248 and 250 QUEEN STREET WEST,
 Corner of John Street.

K. P. SHEA,

New York Fashionable Tailor,
 472 QUEEN STREET WEST,
 TORONTO.

VERY LATEST NEW YORK STYLES.

A splendid line of Goods for Fall and Winter Suits, Overcoats and Pantaloons to choose from. Prices as low as Good Quality, Good Workmanship and Union Wages will allow.
 As a Cutter Mr. Shea is acknowledged to be Unexcelled in the City.
 A Perfect Fit Guaranteed in every instance or no sale. To give him a trial is to be convinced.

VANNEVAR & CO.,

Booksellers and Stationers,
 440 Yonge St. (opp. Carlton), Toronto.
 Special attention is directed to our very large stock of College and Medical Books. N.B.—Second-hand Books Bought, Sold and Exchanged.

J. FRASER BRYCE,

PHOTOGRAPHER,
 107 King Street West.

JOHN CATTO & CO.,
 IMPORTERS OF

SILKS AND HOUSEHOLD FURNISHINGS,
 Traveling Rugs, Wrap Shawls, Fine Hosiery and Underwear.
 KING STREET, OPP. THE POST OFFICE.

BROWN BROS.,

STATIONERS, BOOKBINDERS,
 MANUFACTURERS OF
 ACCOUNT BOOKS, ETC.,
 64-68 King Street East, Toronto.

BOOKBINDING in every Style of the Art. Unsurpassed for Style, Durability and Close Prices.
 ACCOUNT BOOKS, Large Stock on hand, or any Pattern Made to Order.
 STATIONERY of every description suitable for the requirements of office or home.

GARDEN, FIELD, FLOWER AND TREE

SEEDS.

Sterling worth and quality have made **SIMMERS' SEEDS** the most popular brands. Sow them and you will use none but

SIMMERS' SEEDS.

ALL SEEDS MAILED FREE on receipt of Catalogue Prices. Please send your address for a Seed Catalogue. Free on application.

J. A. SIMMERS, Seedsman,
 147 King Street East, TORONTO.

E. L. SIPLÉ,

WINES AND LIQUORS.
 700 Queen St. W., Toronto.

COOPER'S

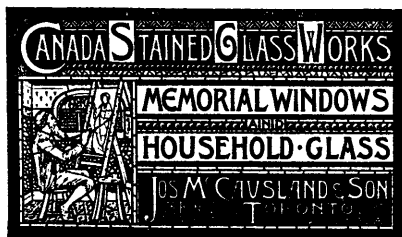
Gents' Furnishings,
 550 QUEEN STREET WEST.
 10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT TO ALL STUDENTS.
 ESTABLISHED 1874.

Tobacco for Students.

ALIVE BOLLARD'S
 SMOKING MIXTURE

Don't Bite Tongue, Always Cool and Pleasant.
 10c. EL PADRE CIGARS FOR 5c.
 199 YONGE STREET.

BRANCH STORE, 478 QUEEN STREET WEST.



A. M. WRIGHT

Chemist and Druggist,
 285 Parliament St., Toronto.

Telephone orders promptly attended to. Goods delivered to any part of the city.

Branch Office Verral Cab and Baggage Transfer Co.

Telephone No. 1177. Always open.

DOHERTY
 WATCHMAKER
 THE
 Watchmaker.

MOVED TO
 258 YONGE STREET,
 Two doors South of Trinity Square.

FRANK H. SEFTON, L.D.S.

Dentist.

REMOVED TO 172 YONGE STREET,
 (Next door to Simpson's Dry Goods Store.)
 TEN PER CENT. DISCOUNT TO STUDENTS.

BOOKS

—AT—
 The Dominion Book Store,
 SUTHERLAND'S,
 286 and 288 Yonge Street, Toronto.
 New and Second Hand. Send for Catalogues
 STUDENTS' BOOKS A SPECIALTY.

SMOKE

GOLDSTEIN'S MIXTURE

Cool, Fragrant, Delicious.

To be had only at

WM. GOLDSTEIN & CO'S.
 115 King Street West.

THE

Mammoth Billiard Rooms

THE STUDENTS' RESORT.

The best equipped Billiard and Pool Tables in Canada.

A. McCALLUM

116 King St. West.

W. R. ROSS.

T. G. BARRINGTON.

W. R. ROSS & CO.,

Plumbers, Gas and
 Steam Fitters,

Dennick's Block, 734 Queen St. West

Toronto Training School

FOR
 DANCING, DEPORTMENT, CALISTHENICS,
 AND PHYSICAL CULTURE.
 Member of the National Association of Teachers of Dancing of the United States and Canada.
 PROF. J. F. DAVIS, PRINCIPAL.
 Principal Academy, 77 Wilton Avenue.
 Branch Academy, The Puppl's Drawing-room,
 Grand Opera House Toronto.

JOLLIFFE & CO.,

Manufacturers and Importers of

FURNITURE, CARPETS,

AND

UPHOLSTERY.

467, 469, 471 QUEEN ST. W.
 TORONTO.

FACTORY, 124 FARLEY AVENUE.
 Telephone No. 1195.

Assets over \$116,000,000. T. & H. K. MERRITT, General Managers, 69 Yonge Street, Toronto.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK. The cheapest, largest and best in the world.

TRINITY UNIVERSITY.

The Matriculation Examination will begin in the first week in July, 1889, when the following Scholarships for General Proficiency will be offered for competition :

THE BISHOP STRACHAN SCHOLARSHIP OF \$200.

THE FIRST DICKSON SCHOLARSHIP OF \$140.

THE SECOND DICKSON SCHOLARSHIP OF \$100.

There will be a Supplementary Examination for Matriculation in October.

By a recent change in the Statutes, Candidates for pass are required to take Latin, Greek, Mathematics, History and Geography, and one of the four departments:—Divinity, French, German or English. Candidates for Scholarships may take two of the four departments:—Divinity, French, German or English.

Candidates not competing for General Proficiency Scholarships may substitute for Greek, two of the departments, Divinity, French, German, Physics, Chemistry, or Botany, provided that French or German must be taken

The examinations for the degree of M.D., C.M., will begin on March 25th, for the degree of B.C.L. as follows:—The First and Final on June 10th, and the Second on June 13th; and for the degree of Bachelor of Music on April 24th.

Notice for the Law and Matriculation Examinations must be given by June 1st; for Mus. Bac. by Feb. 15th.

Application should be made to the Registrar for the requisite forms for giving notice.

TRINITY MEDICAL COLLEGE.

INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.

IN AFFILIATION WITH

THE UNIVERSITY OF TRINITY COLLEGE, THE UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO,

AND THE UNIVERSITY OF MANITOBA.

And specially recognized by the Royal College of Surgeons of England, the Royal College of Physicians of London, the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Edinburgh, and the King's and Queen's College of Physicians of Ireland, and by the Cojoint Examining Boards of London and Edinburgh.

The Summer Session begins April 21st, ends June 30th. The Winter Session begins on October 1st of each year, and lasts Six Months.

For Summer or Winter Sessions announcements and all other information in regard to LECTURES, SCHOLARSHIPS, MEDALS, &c., apply to W. B. GEIKIE, Dean of the Medical Faculty, 60 Maitland Street, Toronto.