





WITH THE FARMERS

FARMERS' MARKETS.

Grain and Feed. Wheat at elevators... 50 to 55c per bus. Old Oats... 26 to 30c per bushel. Dairy products. Dairy Butter... 20c to 25c per lb. Live Stock. Choice hogs, 150 to 250 lbs... 6 1/2c.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKETS.

Chicago, Nov. 5.—The volume of wheat purchases today was less than expected and the advance stopped sooner than most people in the trade looked for. After a period of dullness there was a return of heaviness and selling pressure and a break of a cent or more from the best point of the morning.

FRIDAY'S GRAIN MARKETS.

Winnipeg, Nov. 5.—The markets showed a slight reaction strength in wheat and some export houses reported things more in line for trade. Cash wheat was up 1/2c to 3/4c higher, May 2 1/2c to 3c, and July 3/4c to 1c.

SATURDAY'S GRAIN MARKETS.

Winnipeg, Nov. 6.—Wheat markets opened steady this morning. There was nothing fresh in the news, but offerings were very light and with a good demand in all markets, especially for cash wheat, prices gradually advanced.

WINNIPEG WHEAT.

Winnipeg, Nov. 5.—December 98 1/2; May 97 1/2, 97 1/2. Cash wheat—No. 1 Northern, 96; No. 2 Northern, 94 1/2; No. 3 Northern, 92 1/2.

WEST HAS REASON TO BE SUPREMEY THANKFUL

Magnificent Crops Have Smashed All Records and Will Stand Out As An Exceptional Year All Round—West Rejoices in Its Prosperity and Expresses Its Gratitude.

Winnipeg, November 3.—In no part of the Dominion is there greater cause for thanksgiving than in the prairie-provinces of the west. The gratitude of the people for the blessings of a bountiful harvest may well be expressed in the most enthusiastic manner.

Few Misfortunes.

In other seasons it was necessary to include in a survey of the general agricultural situation a reference to the injury sustained by the crop in some districts where the weather was unsatisfactory at a critical period. Happily there is little need to take account of such misfortunes this year.

Get Your Money's Worth THE BEST WEEKLY Newspapers AT Popular Prices THE BULLETIN has just completed Special Clubbing Arrangements and until December 31st we are able to quote New Subscribers the following rates on these well known Weekly Publications for balance of 1909 and all of 1910. The Semi-Weekly Bulletin \$1.00 Toronto Weekly Globe - \$1.50 Semi-Weekly Bulletin and Toronto Weekly Mail - \$1.50 Semi-Weekly Bulletin and Winnipeg Free Press - \$1.50 Semi-Weekly Bulletin and Western Home - \$1.65 Semi-Weekly Bulletin and Family Herald - \$1.75 Semi-Weekly Bulletin and Winnipeg Telegram - \$2.00 Semi-Weekly Bulletin and Farmers' Advocate - \$2.00 The Bulletin is issued every Monday and Thursday morning, giving a reliable Edmonton and Alberta market report and prices prevailing the day previous. The Sunday School Lesson is printed one week in advance, and we have completed arrangements for complete reports of the sessions of the Alberta Legislature and the Dominion Parliament which meet shortly. Any of these combinations will give you Complete News Service covering the entire Dominion. Send your subscription to your Postmaster, to our nearest Agent, or direct to The BULLETIN CO., Ltd., EDMONTON, Alta.

double their land holdings, or have speculated in town lots, or have gone into debt for unnecessary supplies, or have deviated in some other manner from the path of right judgment.

particularly concerned. The unnecessary supplies purchased by some farmers are not confined to implements and household utensils. There is a certain product in the manufacture of which the fermentation of grain plays an important part, and which is supposed to quench thirst.

JACKSON IN CHAOTIC STATE. There is a report around Jackson that the coming of Ed. Callahan to Jackson was a piece of politics which was carried out by both parties in order to secure the presence of state troops and thus prevent bloodshed.

A. E. Kemp on the Navy. Toronto, Nov. 3.—First ward Conservative cheered wildly when A. E. Kemp, ex-M.P., declared himself in favor of Canada giving money to build two or three Dreadnoughts for the British navy.

Fell Over High Cliff. Ottawa, Nov. 3.—Mrs. Tessie Lunn, of Aylmer, on Tuesday evening fell over a thirty-foot cliff which skirts the Ottawa river at Sussex street. Today she was found with a broken arm and serious internal injuries.

DISTRICT NEWS

MANNVILLE. Bulletin News Service. Arch Campbell, M.P. free, was in town Tuesday in connection with constituency affairs. Deneau McArthur, who has been doing well the past week, returned on Wednesday. Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Sunday at Joliet, Ontario. Dr. Sprule, dentist, who has been doing well the past week, returned on Wednesday. R. B. Hanning made trip to Kitecay and returned on Tuesday. Shih Ness, porter at Hotel, had the misfortune Saturday night, when he fell between the tracks on Saturday night, at Vermilion, set the fracture. R. Ireland, station agent for a few weeks, returned on Saturday night. Mrs. Mark has a most comical little child, the Presbyterian church. J. E. Thrasher is moving his home, south of a few days. Rev. S. Cummings is in Edmonton, attending school convention. Walter Shih new wife that went off to the many friends of Johnston gave her a variety show at an anticipation of her marriage to Wm. Colby Paul Horby. The members of the Church assembled at the Monday night and retiring minister, Rev. and his wife with a as a recognition of which they held their vicar gave up his time ago and, leaving his property here, left day night's express where he contemplated while, and, from there. McCullam Brothers, in addition to their fee are installing a gasoline crusher. Also Storm, blacksmith, stalled a two-horse engine and trip hammer lighted his labors to a lesson turning out weekly. Cecil Frank sold outfit. Miss Bees Johnston, position in R. McDonagh Saturday last. Miss S. Huxley, Twilley, and J. B. Burch, has resignation and is going out of town. Mr. Walker, of J. E. Loucks, I.P.S., inspected the school at Mannville, Nov. 3rd. ONOWAY. Bulletin News Service. Socialist meeting. Onaway school house. C. M. O'Brien spoke, C. Messrs. Melroy and gone west with two lots. A small gang of men have been working on road, bridging the cross some grading by the. The Methodist church held their 24th of last month. T. Geoghegan and Miss Pine Ridge. A special service was attended by given by Geoghegan, Nov. 1st. BON ACCORD. Bulletin News Service. The following is the record for the month prepared by John Schol Date Max Min. 1. 59.8 34.0 16 2. 62.4 35.8 17 3. 70.0 32.0 18 4. 65.0 40.0 19 5. 73.2 35.1 20 6. 61.4 52.1 21 7. 47.5 33.7 22 8. 48.2 24.2 23 9. 51.0 26.9 24 10. 41.0 23.1 25 11. 39.7 2.0 26 12. 38.8 15.3 27 13. 39.7 16.5 28 14. 51.0 25.3 29 15. 49.0 27.5 30 Average maximum 56.5 Average minimum 28.5 Highest maximum 70.0 Lowest minimum 2.0 Rainfalls, inches 0.8 Snowfalls, inches 2.0 CORRESPONDENT MORINVILLE HAS Editor Bulletin. Sir—Will you kindly little space in your paper that I may bring before the public some of the affairs which is especially as it is important. It has come to my attention that the council authority to buy any business men unaccounted, and the bank would for a moment transaction. The village is already about, contrary to the once, which specifies contracted shall be some year. An agreement made in this debt it



DISTRICT NEWS

MANNVILLE.

Bulletin News Service. Arch. Campbell, M.P.P. of Innisfree, was in town Tuesday on business in connection with the constituency.

Duncan McArthur paid a visit to his home at Innisfree on Sunday, returning on Monday morning's express.

Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Candal spent Sunday at John Symington's, Bloomington.

Dr. Spronk, dentist, of Edmonton, who has been doing work in Mannville the past week, returned to Edmonton on Wednesday.

R. B. Hanning made a business trip to Kiteayo and Islay Monday, returning on Tuesday morning's express.

Shin Ness, porter at the Alberta Hotel, had the misfortune to break his leg between the knee and ankle on Saturday night. Dr. Ryan, of Vermilion, set the fracture.

R. Ireland, station agent, left Monday for a few days' absence. Mrs. Mark has moved into her commodious little cottage north of the Presbyterian Church.

J. E. Thrasher is moving into Mr. Bella house, south of the track, in a few days.

Rev. S. Cummings spent last week in Edmonton, attending the Sunday school convention.

Walter Shouh now wears the smile that went some off. It's a daughter.

The many friends of Miss Bessie Johnson gave her a surprise party and variety show at Mrs. Huston's, in anticipation of her approaching marriage to Wm. Colbet, of the St. Paul Hotel.

The members of the Presbyterian Church assembled at the manse on Monday night and presented their retiring minister, Rev. D. MacTavish, and his wife with a purse of gold, as a recognition of the esteem in which they held them.

Vicar gave up his charge here some time ago and, having disposed of his property here, leaves on Wednesday night's express for Brandon, where he contemplates staying a while, and from there goes to Ontario.

McCallum Brothers are building an addition to their feed store. They are installing a gasoline engine and crusher.

ALBERTA HELD CENTRE OF STAGE

Province Was in the Limelight at Dry Farming Congress in Billings, Montana.

Alberta was well to the fore at all times," said George Harcourt, deputy minister of agriculture, this morning on his return from Billings, Montana, where he went a week ago last Friday to attend the Fourth International Dry Farming Congress.

The province has taken advantage of a good opportunity to advertise itself among people who as yet know comparatively little of the possibilities which agriculture holds out to the farmer in this province.

There were between 2,500 and 3,000 delegates present from all the inter-mountain and trans-Mississippi states as far south as Texas.

The Saskatchewan representatives were Hon. W. R. Motherwell, commissioner of agriculture, and John Bracken, superior of the province, and Hon. W. C. McKillop, of Calgary, and Mr. and Mrs. Sayre, of Calgary.

Other Alberta representatives who contributed to the program were W. H. Fairfield, who gave an address on the principles of export, and the speaker who had an opportunity to reply to the address of welcome given by the province.

Mr. Magrath's opinion. Mr. Magrath declared that within the next few years either a climax must come in Europe, as a result of the enormous expenditures on armaments, or by some means the nations must recede from their ruinous policy.

Development of waterways. Mr. Magrath spoke of the development of Western Canada, in which the Dominion government might with advantage engage.

Nothing But Paul Kruger's "Obstinacy," Says Sir Percy. Montreal, Nov. 3.—Sir Percy Fitzpatrick gave an address before the Canadian Club of Montreal today on South Africa.

Changes in Seating of House. Ottawa, Nov. 3.—Preparatory to the opening of the House, the speaker has made several changes in the seating of the members of the Liberal side.

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CANADIAN NAVY AN EXPENSIVE LUXURY

John Herron, Conservative M.P. for Southern Alberta, Endorses Attitude of C. A. Magrath Against the Establishment of a Canadian Navy.

Medicine Hat, Alta., Nov. 1.—At the annual meeting of the Medicine Hat Conservative Association, held in Scott's Hall this evening, short speeches were made by C. A. Magrath, M.P. for Medicine Hat, and John Herron, M.P. for Southern Alberta.

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ENGLAND FACING CRITICAL PERIOD

T. P. O'Connor Fears Result of Possible Rejection of Budget by House of Lords.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 2.—"If the House of Lords rejects the budget the situation in Great Britain will be very much strained. In fact, England is now facing one of the most critical periods in her history."

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BERNIE DIDN'T INVITE COOK

Would Be Glad to Assist in Proving His Assertions.

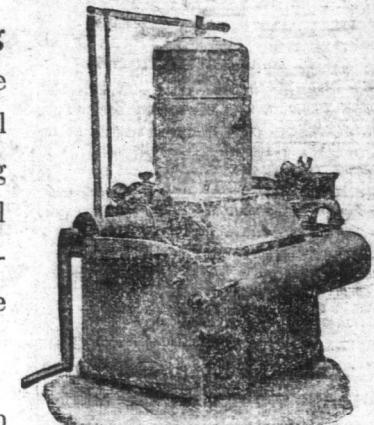
Ottawa, Nov. 4.—Captain Bernier today authorized a denial of the press despatch from New York to the effect that he had invited Dr. Cook to accompany him on the next Arctic cruise, which he is to start upon next spring.

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De Laitte Gas

THE problem of obtaining gas for Cooking, Lighting and Heating has at last been solved by the use of "DE LAITTE" GAS GENERATORS. These will fill a want which you doubtless have felt for a long time, namely, a satisfactory substitute for coal or natural gas.



These machines can be seen in operation at our offices where full particulars can be obtained.

Walker & Barnes

SOLE AGENTS 562 Second St. - Edmonton, Alta.

M. RUNNALS & CO.

Have a large list of both wild and improved land for sale. Owing to the good crop this year Farm Property is sure to advance in price.

D. R. FRASER & CO., Limited

Spruce Lumber. We make Laths and Lumber and Stock all kinds of Window Doors, Mouldings and all finishing material.

D. R. FRASER CO., Ltd.

201 NAMAYO AVENUE, Edmonton

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A complete list of wheat and mixed farming lands with prices and terms to suit purchasers. Information cheerfully furnished by THE COLES HOME LAND CO., Strathmore Alberta, Canada.

SOLID GOLD LOCKET \$5.00

WHAT nicer Xmas gift could be found than this locket. It is made in heavy 10k solid gold and has space for two photographs.

RYRIE BROS., Limited

134-138 Yonge Street TORONTO

Oshawa Metal Ceilings

Fit for the finest building. Cost little enough. Reduce fire-risks. Two thousand designs for stores, halls, warehouses, churches, residences, etc.

Money to Loan

AT 8 PER CENT On Improved Farms. Call or write to H. M. E. EVANS, Emuirs Block, Cor. Jasper Ave. & First St., Edmonton.

Money to Loan

on improved farm property Lowest rates. The Reliance Loan Company 104 Windsor Block EDMONTON

CORRESPONDENCE

MORINVILLE HAS A PROBLEM.

Sir,—Will you kindly allow me a little space in your paper in order that I may bring before the ratepayers of Morinville a condition of affairs which is as unsound financially as it is unbecoming.

It has come to my notice that the council is making endeavors to secure authority to borrow the sum of \$2,000, ostensibly to pay off old debts.

The village is already heavily in debt, contrary to the village ordinance, which specifies that all debts contracted shall be paid during the same year.

It is a serious internal infirmity and calls for all light, but financial assistance from I. H. M. She will recover.

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C. F. HAYES,  
Business Manager

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1909.

At a recent meeting of the Bishop Auckland guardians in London the following resolution was submitted: "That a new wing be added to the infirmary for the special accommodation of dukes; that is to be ornate and castellated type of architecture, and built of marble, to remind them of the marble halls in which they formerly dwelt, and that their creature comforts be studied by the engagement of a French cook; that Lord Londonderry be respectfully asked to supply them with grouse, in return for the many so-called educational benefits that they have provided for the children of the poor working men; and, as we are responsible for the soul as well as for the body, that a learned chaplain be appointed to look after their moral, religious and spiritual welfare."

Montreal Witness: "One of the curiosities of the English campaign is that while Lord Rosebery's resignation was being accepted by the Liberal league, his son, the Hon. Neil Primrose, was telling the Liberals of North Cambridgehire that, 'if the Lords throw out the Budget, the Liberal party need have no fear, because it would be standing on ground which, from a constitutional point of view, was impregnable. It is curious how frequently it occurs, though Gladstone was a rare instance of the reverse, and Victor Hugo is perhaps another, that men, who in their generous youth, are, as was Lord Rosebery, in sympathy with the people and all that makes for their uplifting, become in their riper years more and more wedded to things as they are. If it were not for the young the world would not move. If it were not for the old it would have no balance. But sympathies are with progress. British political opponents are not infrequently the fastest private friends. Gladstone's brother, Sir John, was 'a constant Tory, and Lord Rosebery even now has no better friends in private life than Mr. and Mrs. Asquith. Why should men be envious for opinion's sake, especially when the difference is an honest one?'"

The Opposition will be in the dumps when the House meets. The imports continue to grow. To them, this is an untalented sign of national decadence, proof unanswerable that we are on the steep pathway of fiscal folly and headed for the abyss. It is a curious doctrine that the more one gets the poorer he is. Individually no one believes it or practices it. Certainly the gentlemen who most earnestly advocate the theory do not do it such honor. The remedy it seems is not designed for individual use. It is defective only when applied to the mass. Some hardened imperients among us will find it hard to believe that what is considered bad for the individual should be good for the nation. So runs the teaching, however. There is this to be said for the theory, that it is held tenaciously in the face of very discouraging circumstances. The country which, according to the theory, is going to the dogs and has been for this many years, is richer today than ever before and on the eve of greater development than was ever contemplated before. To realize this future, individuals, including those who lament the growth of imports, are putting in all they have and all they can borrow, with little enough thought that they are committing fiscal suicide. They are banking on the future of the country. The nation is doing precisely the same. As a people we are by our efforts equipping the country with the machinery for industrial and commercial operations on a gigantic scale. If, for the time the value of the imports is considerably in excess of what we have to sell, the difference is not being squandered, but is going, in a thousand forms, into reproductive capital. So long as the margin is used thus we need not worry about the excess of the imports over the exports.

**THE OCEAN TELEGRAPH.**

It is announced that the British

**TAMMANY TRIUMPHS.**

Tammany elected its man for the mayor of New York, though its candidates for the other offices went down. It was hinted when the machine nominated Judge Gaylor that it had abandoned hope of electing men to the other offices and proposed to centre its forces to secure the return of a chief executive. For this purpose it picked out a candidate with a good record—even with a record for "smashing ricks," nominated him and has elected him. That Tammany did so without an understanding of how the judge would "run the city" was not to be supposed. The nature of the understanding was indicated by a campaign incident of a week ago. The judge addressed the German-Americans, talking strongly to them about personal liberty. Mr. Barnard, the Fusion candidate, who headed the anti-Tammany forces, and was expected to win a great victory for civic righteousness, made the best he could of it, declared he would enforce the laws but conceded that it would be done with "sympathy and toleration." What the audience thought about it was reflected when they passed a resolution declaring themselves "unalterably opposed to a Parliamentary Sunday as well as to local option and prohibition agitation as a libelous, un-American and un-democratic." It does not take much speculation to detect why Judge Gaylor was elected, nor what kind of government New York will get from him if he keeps faith with the machine and with the element which elected him.

**SHACKLING THE RAILWAY COMMISSION.**  
A despatch came over the wires a few days ago which should be taken as a warning by every citizen which has a railway entrance question on hand. The despatch follows:—Ottawa, Nov. 1.—Chairman Mabey, of the railway commission, has administered a rebuff to the Ottawa city council and the board of control for not refusing the application of the Canadian Northern for an entrance of their Montreal line into the city over the level crossing. Both bodies had approved the level crossing proposal and Chairman Mabey expressed surprise at such action in the face of the recent federal legislation to do away with dangerous crossings in thickly settled districts.

The import of this despatch is well worth pondering. It destroys altogether the notion that a railway company is conferring a favor on a city by not crossing its streets on the level. The chairman of the Commission says in effect that a company will not be allowed to make a level crossing unless the city has been simple enough to will away its historic bridge. The despatch indicates the inability of the Board to remedy matters, now that the Ottawa authorities have given away their side of the case.

It is strange, of course, but none the less a fact, that Parliament and the Railway Commission are more anxious to protect the lives and property of people than are the cities in which they reside. Parliament has made the Railway Commission practically its agent and has clothed it with broader powers than are held by any other board of the kind in the world. Those powers the Board have exercised steadily and energetically for the removal of abuses, the safety of life, the protection of property. They have taken the railway company to task promptly and resolutely in hand have told them plainly that their reign of disregard for the rights of others is past and that henceforth they will get what is coming to them and no more. The attitude of the Board regarding the level crossing, indicated in this despatch, is in thorough accord with their general course.

**NOT QUALIFIED.**  
The Toronto News smooths it over in this way:—"As the Conservative banquet to Mr. Foster has been a success, it is not surprising that the Conservative party has decided to support him in the coming election. Mr. Bradbury, member for Selkirk, declared for a direct contribution to the British admiralty, and, according to some of the speakers, it is insisted that no step should be taken which could possibly tend towards separating Canada from the Mother Country. The Winnipeg Tribune asks Mr. Foster to renounce the leadership of Mr. Borden, and apparently to oppose the creation of a Canadian navy."

But the Montreal Herald goes into the case in analytic fashion and says:—It is but right to protest, in the name of common humanity, against the acceptance by Mr. Foster of the counsels addressed to him by the Winnipeg Tribune. Mr. Foster has led all the revolt against his party leaders that it is fair to expect of one man. He was quietly by while Sir John Abbott succeeded Sir John Macdonald, while Sir John Thompson succeeded Sir John Abbott, and while Sir Mackenzie Bowell succeeded Sir John Thompson. He heard the Abbott leadership denounced on the ground that Sir John Thompson was best fitted for the succession. He heard the Bowell leadership denounced because Mr. Clarke Wallace thought it highly improper. He heard the Thompson leadership denounced because the best brains of the party was not at the top. In the end, and in desperation, and with not too much of tact, he led the revolt against the Bowell leadership, and he certainly succeeded in upsetting it. Next they put Sir Charles Tupper in command, and it soon transpired that Sir Charles had become a victim of exaggerated ego. Again the forces of dissatisfaction centred around Mr. Foster, and set him up as the leader of the future. The Tupper leadership passed and the Borden leadership succeeded it, and once again Mr. Foster is made the head-centre of revolt. It is not fair to him. The party has had plenty of chance to make him leader if it wanted to, and it has passed him by. Revolt will not give him what he wants. The party has repeatedly rejected, since Mr. Foster is not as young as he is said to be, and he might well invite the forces who are keen for revolt to bear the brunt of the battle on their own young shoulders. He has been in public life so long that he has found his level. His best work is not in leading revolt.

**OF COURSE IT IS THE BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY TO CULTIVATE THE VIEW THAT IT IS BETTER TO MAKE A BARGAIN FIRST AND GO TO THE COMMISSION AFTERWARD.**

It is better for the companies, much better. But it is proportionately worse for the cities. If it were not, the companies would adopt the other and more convenient course. The Commission is not a justice-breaking body. It is a court of bargain and each bound to do justice to the railway companies as strictly as to the public. Therefore if a city can be entrapped into a disadvantageous bargain, the hands of the Commission are tied and the company gets its way as though there were no such body in existence.

One trouble is that our cities have not come yet to recognize the character and powers of the Railway Commission. Another is that they are frequently impatient of delay and will accept a good-looking bargain which they do not understand rather than stand squarely on their rights and appeal for protection to the authority created to protect them. That the Commission is prepared to do so if given a fair chance, witness their protests against the willingness of municipalities. Another is that they frequently are not prepared to make concessions and their apparent regret that they have no power to undo a wrong which a city has given its consent.

**A GOOD MAN.**  
Calgary News.—The Edmonton Bulletin swings the name of W. M. Davidson to the breeze as a candidate for mayor. He is a good man, and the Bulletin does well. At present there is not a newspaper representative on the senate, and the election of Mr. Davidson would place one on the board who would do his own thinking every day in the year. While this would be a might good thing for the senate or any other body that is carried on in the public interest.

**THE C. P. R. AGREEMENT.**  
The C. P. R. agreement, which comes before the ratifiers on the 18th, does not seem to be exciting the degree of interest which an agreement of this nature commonly arouses and which this particular one is well worthy of. It is quite understandable that this should be the case. The backing and filling of the Company during the past three years or more has convinced the public that they had any very strong desire to enter the city at once. And the course of dealing and dickering into which they have led successive councils in the meantime has established the conviction that if they did come they intended to get well paid for it. No company has come back upon the Company's project as something of a false alarm the Company may thank themselves for it.

Perhaps the Company mean business now and perhaps they do not. It is likely they do, for it is hardly to be supposed that so wealthy and so enterprising a concern will stay out of one of the greatest traffic centres in the West now that two rivals have already made their way into it. But whether or not the Company intend to enter Edmonton in the near future, the present agreement has little enough to do with the point. The passing of the agreement would do nothing to make them enter, and the rejection of it would do nothing to keep them out. It is indeed the surest sign of the agreement that while it goes too far in other directions, it does not go far enough in this. While it makes the bridge project merely one feature of the agreement, and seems to set the fate of the bridge on the passing of the whole agreement, it omits provisions which must at once occur to the casual reader as necessary in the city's interests, and the omission of these provisions absolutely destroys the agreement as an instrument for securing the entrance of the road.

It is doubtful if any clause in the agreement binds the Company to build a bridge over the Saskatchewan river, at "high level" or any level. It proceeds on the assumption that they will do so, declares their intention of doing so, but fails altogether to get it down in black and white that they will do so, beyond what seems to be the language of studied equivocation. Certainly nothing in the agreement binds the Company to put a railway track across any such bridge into this city. Neither does it stipulate that they shall operate trains across any such bridge if they should build one. Neither does it determine what should be the character of their operation into this city if they came in. It leaves them free to join the other roads at the Union station, to establish terminals of their own, or to operate the Edmonton line as a "stunt" from Strathcona. Whether its regular trains should be brought over intact and passengers handed here, or whether its trains should start from here is left altogether at the Company's option. And if the Company violate

**WHEAT YIELDS.**  
Winnipeg Free Press.—The North-west Territories from 1888 to 1904 had an average yield of 18.5 for spring wheat and 18.98 for fall wheat. In the five years since 1904 the average wheat

**YIELDS OF THE THREE WESTERN PROVINCES HAVE BEEN AS FOLLOWS:—**

Province	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909
Manitoba	21.07	14.49	14.22	17.28	15.13
Saskatchewan	23.99	18.50	14.04	13.68	19.19
Alberta	21.46	23.07	18.25	18.81	25.25

The average yields for the three big years were as follows:—  
1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909  
Minnesota, 13.3 10.9 13.0 12.8 16.5  
N. Dakota, 14.0 13.0 10.0 11.6 13.7  
S. Dakota, 13.7 13.4 11.2 12.8 14.1

The yields for 1909 in the Canadian west are so far off estimates. The Free Press is using the estimated yields made by it in August last. It is more than probable that so far as Manitoba is concerned the average yield will be nearer 17 than 15 bushels as the wheat already threshed shows less damage from heat than was feared just at harvest time. The Saskatchewan yield is not likely to be altered, judging by threshing returns up to date and the Alberta estimate is possibly a little to high.

In a country as new as the Canadian west and where the acreage under cultivation is being added to so extensively each year it will always be a little difficult to get the average yield to the fraction of a bushel between the actual and the published yield.  
The average wheat yield of the Canadian west is one to be proud of when it is taken into consideration that so large a percentage of the farms either came from countries where the previous knowledge of agriculture was of little practical use to them here or had no practical knowledge of agriculture whatever. When, however, the average of yield is placed over against the many individual yields of 35 and 40 bushels per acre on farms where there has been careful and intelligent cultivation it shows the world have been sold to bid.

plainly that the farmers of the Canadian west as a whole are not doing their duty by the splendid soil which they have to cultivate. If care is not exercised there will come a time in the history of Manitoba and Saskatchewan and Alberta when the average yield will be no higher than it is in Minnesota and the Dakotas today.

**NAVY TO BE SOLD AS JUNK.**

On November 11 Five Turkish Battleships Go to Scrap Heap.  
Washington, Nov. 2.—Iron and steel manufacturers have received requests from the Turkish government to submit offers on one of the most notable piles of scrap iron ever put up for sale, nearly one-half of the Ottoman navy, as it appeared on paper.  
On November 11 bids will be received by the Ports for the sale of five battleships. Their construction at a time when that country ranks near the bottom of the list of naval powers, is a step by the new regime to regain the Empire's lost prestige. New ships will take the place of the discarded ones.  
The battleships offered for sale are the Azinet, the Mahmudieh, the Osmanieh, the Orkanieh, and the Hamidieh. The first four were constructed in England in 1864 and 1865 while the Hamidieh was not launched until 1885. The ships are of one type, being of 8,000 tons displacement and bearing 10-inch armor. They carry 6-inch guns, and have a speed of 14 knots an hour.  
Sir Richard Gamble of the British navy, with a number of subordinate English officers are now engaged in re-organizing the Turkish navy. They have decreed that the policy of pretence must end and at the same time the names of the five vessels are ineffective. They would be sold to the highest bidder as junk. The decree throughout shows the world have been sold to bid.

**TALES FROM THE GOLDEN WEST.**  
It is easy, of course  
To secure a divorce:  
But I'd rather have  
Royal Crown Cleanser  
It brightens the home!  
3 cans for only two-bits  
A coupon on every can.

**Come to the Manitoba Hotel when you come to Vancouver**  
Six stories of solid comfort—200 outside, bright, airy rooms, with and without baths—hot and cold running water in every room, and telephone—handsome, new fireproof building centrally located, near theatres and main business streets—sanitary kitchen and beautiful dining room where delicious meals are deftly served. Bright, pleasant effects have been studied in furnishings and every nook and corner is cosy, inviting and home-like.  
**A Hearty Welcome Awaits You**  
The rates are very reasonable for so much quality and comfort, being a \$2 a day up, on the American plan, and 75¢ day up, on the European plan. Special rates for families. Free bus meets all trains and boats.  
**THE MANITOBA HOTEL**  
Cordova St., Vancouver, B.C. Thomas Quinn, Prop

**Read Bulletin Want Ads.**

**Billiard and Pool Tables, Bar Fixtures**

[Bowling Alleys, Cigar Store, Fixtures and Billiard and Bowling Supplies Large Stock Constantly on Hand]  
**The BRUNSWICK BALKE COLLENDER Co.**  
228 McDOUGALL AVE. EDMONTON, ALTA.

**It is easy, of course  
To secure a divorce:  
But I'd rather have  
Royal Crown Cleanser  
It brightens the home!  
3 cans for only two-bits  
A coupon on every can.**

**Come to the Manitoba Hotel when you come to Vancouver**  
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**Read Bulletin Want Ads.**

**GEOLOGICAL**  
Text  
F  
This great central plain on the west by the Rocky and on the east by the prairie, which taking a westerly direction from the Rockies, causes the gradual of the intervening plain. On the 26 parallel of latitude a width of 500 on the 10 parallel it is 400. The plain slopes north or west, upward to the Laurentian Highlands. A line drawn from the Rocky Mountains near the 101st meridian to Lake Winnipeg, the age decent of about five miles, which accounts for the rapid courses of the region. This plain is generally a three prairie steps, rough by the three provinces, Saskatchewan and Alberta. The Various Steps The first or lowest plain that of the Red River, elevation is about 500 feet level. It comprises about miles of prairie land, which reality rises uniformly to west of the river. This is the former bed of Lake Agassiz, the section constitute the rich wheat Manitoba. The Riding Duck and Hills mark the Western limit of this first prairie level, the ginning of the second. The area of the second prairie is about 100 miles average elevation of about 500 feet. Its surface is more undulating than of the first, and often deeply cut. The of the soil is also more varied. The third and highest prairie is about 100 miles long, an average height of thousand feet. The surface more irregular than that of the two and it is evident that and after the glacial period, the surface of rain and noted upon it longer and more recently. Is a Shallow Trout Taken as a whole the country may be regarded as a whole of which owing to the uplift the western floor is in actual elevation than Laurentian rim. Ever since an early Paleozoic time the surface of the plain appears to have been disturbed and to have been raised by wide areas of erosion or elevation, which laterally affected the regular surface had down. Along Lake Winnipeg, the Silurian and Devonian, Silurian and Devonian, and the Rockies resting in order of base of the Laurentian, consist of pale grey limestone in all probability extend the entire area of the great plain, they are widely concealed, strata of Cretaceous time. Action of River Time The Cretaceous rocks, marine, that is laid down Water, but the Dakota is the south, the tar sands of the Bakken River and a few of have been laid down by of large rivers. In the eastern part of the ing this time the elevation, which in the west to be alternate periods of rise and fresh water deposits back of lignite occur, subsequently Alberta was a sea when marine deposits. During glacial and post-glacial times the surface of the plain in the area of the plains bottom valleys were cut out of the foot of the east between the new tract toaux must have been re- of a time when the Cypress Hills are standing section of the old spread over the whole of the Cypress Hills are the surface materials are pretty much the same as that of the old surface. A dark or blackish, containing some sand, nevertheless forming a tenuous mass very adherent. In dry weather and becomes almost as hard as gum, and the gradually being adopted provinces. The thickness of this soil, from a few inches on foot in a few local areas. It occurs in all the highest and second steps, especially on the higher though on the latter in by this sheet. The more elevated grade hills are generally rich in vegetation, which grows in shallow and swamps, accumulating for ages, as dead and mud and vegetation set up the bulk of this deposit. The clay contains the man and swamp lands comparatively recent. Reason of Part 1. It is this black soil plains so fertile. 2. Beneath this clay have a grey clay of the This clay occurs near on the plains, and from able quantities of brick material. 3. Below this lies a



### GEOLOGICAL STRUCTURE OF THE GREAT CENTRAL PLAIN OF ALBERTA

Text of Intensely Interesting Paper by J. A. McGreor, B.A., on the Economic Minerals of Alberta, Delivered Before the Northern Alberta Teachers' Association, Dealing With the Various Periods in the Formation of the Prairies.

This great central plain is bounded on the west by the Rocky Mountains and on the east by the Laurentian plateau which extends in a more westerly direction than the Rocky Mountains, causes the gradual narrowing of the intervening plain to the north. On the 7th parallel of latitude this plain has a width of 800 miles, while on the 49th parallel it is less than 400.

The plain slopes eastward or northward to the foot of the Laurentian Highlands. A line drawn from the foot of the Rocky Mountains near the 48th parallel, to Lake Winnipeg shows an average descent of about five feet to the mile, which accounts for the general rapid courses of the rivers of this region.

This plain is generally divided into three prairie steps, roughly marked by the three provinces: Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

The first or lowest prairie level is that of the Red River. Its average elevation is about 300 feet above sea level. It comprises about 7,000 square miles of prairie land, which to the eye is absolutely flat, but which in reality rises uniformly to the east and west of the river.

This is the former bed of the glacial lake Agassiz, the sediments of which constitute the rich wheat lands of Manitoba.

The Riding, Duck and Porcupine Hills mark the western boundary of this first prairie level and the beginning of the second.

The area of the second step is about 100,000 square miles and has an average elevation of about 1,000 feet. Its surface is more undulating than that of the Red River Valley and often deeply cut. The character of the soil is also different.

The third and highest plain extends to the Rocky Mountains and has an average height of about three thousand feet. The surface is still more irregular than that of the other two and it is evident that both before and after the glacial period the moving forces of the bulk and rivers have acted upon it longer and more energetically.

Is a Shallow Trough. Taken as a whole the central plain may be regarded as a shallow trough of which owing to post differential uplift the western floor is now higher in actual elevation than its eastern Laurentian rim.

Ever since an early Paleozoic time the area now occupied by the interior plain appears to have remained undisturbed and to have been affected only by wide movements of subsidence or elevation, which have not materially affected the regularity of the strata laid down.

Along Lake Winnipeg we find Ordovician, Silurian and Devonian rocks resting on the Laurentian base of the Laurentian. These rocks consist of pale grey limestones and in all probability extend beneath the entire area of the great plains, but they are wholly concealed by the later strata of Cretaceous times.

Action of River Responsible. The Cretaceous rocks are mostly marine, that is laid down in the sea. Water, but the Dakota sandstones to the south, the red sands on the Athabasca River and a few other deposits have been laid down by the action of large rivers.

In the eastern part of the plain during this time the deposits were marine, while in the west there seems to be alternate periods of brackish and fresh water deposits, when the beds of lignite were laid down. It is generally believed that the sea was again a great sea when marine deposits were laid down.

During the Cretaceous and Miocene times there seems to have been erosion only in the area of the foothills while to the east of there, great tracts of ground between the now outstanding plateaus must have been reduced to the extent of a thousand feet or more. The Cypress Hills are merely an outstanding section of the deposits which spread over the whole of Alberta.

The Surface Materials. The surface materials of this plain are pretty much the same and a general section would be as follows: 1. A dark or blackish tough clay containing some sand or silt, but nevertheless forming when wet a soft tenacious mass very sticky and coherent. In dry weather this bakes and becomes almost as hard as brick.

Reason of Fertility. It is this black soil that makes the plains so fertile. 2. Beneath the black loam we have a grey clay of variable thickness. This clay occurs nearly everywhere on the plains, and for it considerable quantities of brick are manufactured.

3. Below this lies a harder clay, often called hardpan. The thickness of this varies. In the Red River valley it is forty feet thick. This series of deposits with local variations may be found over most of the prairies.

As in the eastern part of Canada, also in the northern part of Europe, the great plains were overgrown to a more or less extent by glaciers, during that period known as the Ice Age.

The eastern part of the Red River valley, was covered with ice that came from the parent Laurentian glacier, in the interior of Keewatin, while the ice that covered Alberta came from the glaciers in the Rockies.

During this period the Laurentian was in the main an area of denudation. From it the surface materials were carried in all directions, even to the north, for there is no evidence that any ice flow ever came from the polar regions to the continent of North America.

The generally bare ice scored rocky surfaces of these highlands is evidence of this denudation, while we find boulders of these Archaean or Laurentian rocks scattered over the first and second prairie steps.

Doubt as to Extent. There is some doubt how far south this Laurentian ice flow went, but roughly a line drawn from the southern extremity of Lake Michigan to New York would mark its southern boundary.

Towards the decline of the glacial period the region of the great lakes was occupied by a succession of fresh water basins, hemmed in on the north by the retreating edge of the Laurentian glacier.

At the same time as the Laurentian was pouring its ice flows over the Saskatchewan and Manitoba, the Rockies standing at a relatively high elevation, became covered with a confining ice sheet, extending approximately from latitude 48 to 63, with a total length at its maximum of about 1,300 miles.

The form of the surface prevented the ice from discharging in all directions like that in Keewatin, and moving forces of the bulk and rivers have acted upon it longer and more energetically.

Formation of Swamps. Immediately after the ice melted we have a series of swamps or marshes existing over the area of the whole plains, when the decayed vegetation accumulating in situ, has given us the black fertile soil that has already been described.

Coal is essentially carbon, associated with various hydrocarbons, that is, chemical compounds of carbon and hydrogen.

It is the result of the decomposition of vegetable matter, in the presence of water and out of contact with the air.

Peat grades into brown coal or lignite. Lignite grades through semi-bituminous into bituminous, while bituminous grades through semi-anthracite to Anthracite.

Graphite represents a still higher stage in the change of vegetable carbon into mineral matter, while the diamond is the ultimate product, pure crystallized carbon.

Coals are usually classified according to the amount of volatile matter they contain, and the character of this volatile matter.

Various Kinds of Coal. On this basis we may divide them as follows: Lignite or brown coal—Coking. Bituminous—Non-coking; cannel. Anthracite.

Lignite or brown coal is sometimes pitch black but often rather dull and brownish black.

It is compressive and altered vegetable matter, partially carbonized, intermediate in its qualities between peat and coal.

This coal very readily disintegrates on exposure to the air and has usually about 60 per cent. or less of fixed carbon.

The coal around Edmonton, though known as lignite might rather be described as semi-bituminous, though it lacks the tarry mineral or bitumen. The coal does not underlie the whole of the prairie, and passes through the different stages of metamorphosis as the mountains are approached.

In Manitoba we have a very soft lignite of brown color, in Saskatchewan we have lignite. Here around Edmonton we have a semi-bituminous grading into bituminous in the Peace River district, while in the disturbed areas in the mountains we have anthracite.

Bituminous coals though divided into several groups have the common characteristics of burning with a smoky yellow flame and give off a strong odor on distillation.

They contain about 60 to 75 per cent. of fixed carbon and from 20 to 45 per cent. of volatile matter.

Coking Coals. Our first subdivision of bituminous, when heated and become coking, is divided into two groups. If this heating is done in ovens with a limited supply of air, so that the volatile is distilled off without burning the carbon, the latter will remain, giving us what is known as coke.

Non-coking coal is apparently in no way different from coking coal, but will burn freely without any indication of softening or fusing together.

There is no plausible reason yet advanced why some coals should coke and others apparently the same should not. The only way to recognize a coking coal is to coke it.

The third variety of bituminous is known as cannel coal. It has a clay appearance and a very smooth surface. Its color is dull black. It is rich in volatile matter and is especially adapted for the manufacture of gas.

Anthracite, the hardest of all the coals, has a bright lustre, its color is iron black and contains about 80 to 95 per cent. of fixed carbon, and is low in volatile matter. It burns without smoke, with a blue or no flame, of intense heat. It represents an extreme metamorphosis of coal under the influence of heat pressure and volcanic action.

The economic minerals of Alberta naturally fall under the following heads: 1—Lignite beds. 2—Bituminous deposits. 3—Anthracite. 4—Natural gas. 5—Oil. 6—Gypsum. 7—Salt beds. 8—Clay suitable for brick.

These are all natural minerals, and as far as is yet known, the non-metallic are by far the most important of our economic minerals.

The coal deposits of Alberta are found in three distinct formations in the Cretaceous, separated by shales of the Devonian period.

The lowest is the base of the formation and has been given the name of Kootenai.

The second is the Belly River formation and contains very few workable seams.

The third coal deposit is at the top of the Cretaceous and is known as the Edmonton formation.

The first, or Kootenai formation, is exposed in the disturbed areas in and about the mountains. The coal is bituminous and in some cases semi-anthracite. This coal has been traced from the boundary as far north as the Yellowhead pass. These Kootenai measures as far as is known, have an area in Alberta of 288 square miles and contain about 100 million tons of 8,000 million tons of this anthracite, while the balance is bituminous.

The middle coal formation, known as the Belly River formation, is exposed in the foothills. The coal content is not large but the quality is good for domestic use.

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### TURBULENT SCENE IN THE COMMONS

Lord Advocate For Scotland Replies to Balfour's Charges—Latter Refuses to Withdraw.

London, Nov. 3.—The House of Commons had the unusual experience tonight of hearing a member of the government defend his honor from an attack made on it, outside the House, but when Alexander Ure, Lord Advocate for Scotland, rose in front of the ministerial benches in the course of the final debate on the bill, it was well known that he meant to reply to ex-Prime Minister Balfour's recent onslaught on him, and the house was immediately agitated with excitement.

The whole ministerial side gave the Lord Advocate a tremendously explosive ovation with their hearty approval of his speech. Mr. Ure said he interpreted his reception as betokening that his colleagues did not think him in honor when his own right arm.

Balfour Makes Reply. Mr. Balfour arose and was wildly applauded by his artisans. He declared that he would not withdraw one word of his attack. He disavowed the smallest personal animosity, but his own honorable indignation when gifts of oratory as raised fear among the poor and ignorant, but his own honorable indignation when gifts of oratory as raised fear among the poor and ignorant.

While Mr. Balfour was speaking the Speaker of the House had to appeal to the Liberals for fair play, as they were persistently interrupting him.

Government Behind. When Mr. Balfour had finished, Premier Asquith formally finished the government with Mr. Ure's utterances, and he said he regretted that he had not been able to charge against Mr. Ure as an outrage upon their public life. There was never a more disgraceful chapter in the history of British politics than the action regarding old age pensions. They had dug their heels in for ten years, and were in order to catch votes, but they had never raised a finger to fulfill their pledges.

Mr. Balfour from the ministerial benches made the former prime minister took no notice. The matter stands where it did, except for the government's official adoption of Mr. Ure's position.

### HIGH PRAISE FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF I.C.R.

Many Kind Words Said in Approval of Demolition of White Plague. Sited by General Fallin' On in Traffic on All Lines.

Ottawa, Nov. 4.—Discussing the criticism of the present International Commission today, Hon. George P. Graham said that he was glad to hear that all that was going, said, "I am pleased to say," he declared, "that many kind words have been said in approval of the manner in which the road is being run."

"I have just now before me an article written by a prominent United States journalist, who has been touring Canada and is being very complimentary to our transportation facilities, and his comments on the International are very eulogistic as to road building and train service."

Speaking of the dismissals, Mr. Graham said: "There have been quite a number of dismissals, but I am sure that the phase of the situation is of more personal worry to me than all others, for it is a serious thing for a man to be treated so now employment, particularly if he has a family. It must be remembered, however, that a railway is an enterprise on which it is expected that the income will at least balance the expenditure, and that the railway corporations reduce their staffs the moment there is a falling off in traffic without any hesitation."

"During the past three years the Canadian lines have laid off thousands of men, and if the International was to be saved from a very large recurring deficit the board could do nothing but reduce the staff until such times as business warranted its increase again."

"I would be pleased to see such a betterment of traffic as would compel the board to largely increase the number of employees."

"I have noticed the criticisms, most of which are fair and not without merit, but I think it not quite just to single out one official for special attack, when it is not quite just to single out one official for special attack, when he is not one member of the board, each one of whom must accept responsibility for what he does."

"All who have given the question studied, agree that the task undertaken is not an easy one, as the conditions, including among other things the density and grade of traffic, are not conducive to the highest efficiency of any other service. However, the greater the difficulties, the deeper the satisfaction if they are to be overcome."

### FIGHTING THE WHITE PLAGUE.

Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt Appeals \$1,000,000 to Campaign Against Overcrowding.

New York, Nov. 4.—About 375 families of moderate circumstances, in each of which one or two are victims of consumption, will soon be able to take advantage of the unique efforts of Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, sc., to help fight against the white plague. Work is about to be started on the "Shively Sanitary Tenements" accommodating the above number of families in Avenue A exclusive of 7th and 8th streets, this city, which she proposes to spend \$500,000 exclusive of the cost of the land.

### EVIDENCE OF IMPERIAL UNITY.

Is Found in Formation and Work of West India Trade Commission.

### BULK TEA LOSES FLAVOR

It not only loses flavor but it takes on new ones, such as kerosene, molasses, onions, coffee, soap etc., to say nothing of its exposure to sun, dust, dirt and air. To overcome this

### "SALADIN"

is sold only in sealed lead packets—never in bulk

### THE EDMONTON CITY DAIRY, Limited

Established 1906. MANUFACTURERS OF CREAMERY BUTTER.

Also dealers in Milk, Cream, Eggs, Butter and Buttermilk. Delivered to any part of city daily. Phone 3102.

Dairymen have never sold their cream will do well to give us a trial. Why do all the work of making butter and selling it, when you can sell the cream for cash. If you would like to try a few shipments send your cans to Edmonton City Dairy, Ltd., Edmonton or Strathcona. We pay express and return cans free.

If you haven't a can write us and we will loan you cans while you give us a trial. We also pay highest prices for fresh eggs. Our factory operates the year round. We are always glad to meet any visitors.

### PORT SASKATCHEWAN POWER PLANT BURNED

The Building of the Plant Which Has Recently Been the Subject of Much Litigation Destroyed by Fire at Half Past Nine This Morning.

Fort Saskatchewan, Nov. 4.—Fort Saskatchewan is again in darkness. At half past nine this morning the electric power house was completely gutted by fire. The cause is unknown but the general suspicion is that it was of incendiary origin.

The plant is valued at about \$30,000 and while the building is destroyed it is not as yet known whether the machinery is ruined. This cannot be determined until an expert makes a valuation.

The Fort electric plant has been the subject of a large amount of litigation between the town and the owners in the past few months. It was first owned by O. Higman, later by the Fort Electric Co. and recently has been in the possession of Mrs. Christopher Wood, mother-in-law of Mr. Higman.

Recently an action was begun by the town to have the franchise granted in 1906, declared forfeited. Such a decision was given by Mr. Justice Stuart in the Supreme court, but afterwards was reversed by the court en banc and the company was given until Nov. 1st to have it again in running order. Last Monday night, Nov. 1st, it was started and the franchise was retained.

After Justice Stuart had made the order forfeiting the franchise the town of Fort Saskatchewan passed a by-law to erect their own plant, but this action obtained a stay-back by the order of the court en banc.

About two years ago the plant was destroyed by fire, but was rebuilt. Those opposed to the company claim that it has not since been in good condition.

### WETASKIWIN TO VOTE ON A NEW HOSPITAL

Ratepayers Will Be Asked to Provide \$30,000 for Building and Equipment for the New Institution in the Elevator City.

Wetaskiwin, Nov. 3.—A most enthusiastic meeting of the citizens of Wetaskiwin was held in the council chamber on Monday evening, November 1st. The purpose of the meeting was to receive the report of a committee appointed at a previous meeting in July on the matter of a hospital. Rev. Aldridge was appointed chairman and Alderman Montgomery secretary.

The report which was made by J. F. Forbes recommended the erection of a hospital by the city which its equipment would cost \$30,000. After some discussion it was unanimously decided to ask the council to submit to the ratepayers at the coming municipal elections, a by-law for the erection of a municipal hospital. A large committee was appointed to thoroughly canvass the whole city and secure a full vote upon the by-law when submitted. All felt the time was at hand when such a work should be undertaken and that from the experience of the temporary hospital now in use, there was not the least doubt but that it would be not only a great benefit but a financial success.

The Wetaskiwin Post which for some time has had its business on Railway street east, was removed today to the building formerly occupied by R. M. Angus as a warehouse, and is being managed by the new management of the Post. The first issue under the new management of Keith and Andrews will appear this week.

The Bishop of Calgary confirmed a class of nine candidates on Sunday morning, October 31st, in Immanuel church.

### SEEK CHARTER FOR NEW RAILWAY.

London, Ont., Nov. 4.—Application has been made to the Dominion Parliament for a charter for the London and Lake Erie Railway, a work of \$2,000,000, to operate a line between Brantford and London, running through Paris, Ingersoll, Woodstock, with running rights over the line already built from Brantford to Hamilton. It is understood the project is being financed by men who will back the Hydro-Electric proposition. Very wide powers are asked from the government.

### WHICH RAILWAY LAY IS THIS?

London, Nov. 4.—A Canadian railway of £1,500,000 in five per cent. debentures at 105, guaranteed by one of the provinces is anticipated shortly.

### PENTLAND TO SUCCEED GREY.

London, Nov. 4.—It is persistently reported that Lord Pentland will succeed Earl Grey and Herbert Gladstone will go South Africa and Lord Crewe to India as Governor-General.

### THREE CARDINALS TO BE APPOINTED.

Rome, Nov. 4.—It is learned that at the consistory to be held late in December or early in January, three cardinals will be created to fill the vacancies.

### Fixtures

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# A MAGNIFICENT MAJORITY FOR LLOYD GEORGE'S FINANCE BILL

House of Commons Passes the British Budget on Third Reading by a Vote of 379 to 149—Majority of 230.

## MINISTERIAL CHEERS GREAT ANNOUNCEMENT OF RESULT

Prime Minister Asquith Makes Brief Statement Prior to Voting—The Budget or Tariff Reform the Issue.

London, Nov. 5.—The budget speech passed the House of Commons last night on the third and final reading, backed by a vote of 379 to 149 and representing the whole strength of the party, including the labor members, and today there is great rejoicing among the Liberals. The bill will be passed formally on its first reading in the House of Lords today, the debate on the second reading, which will determine its fate, beginning on November 22. The only matter of discontent to the victorious forces is the refusal of the Nationalists to support the government's finance bill. Their support, however, could hardly have been expected in view of the fact that they opposed the government on the second reading.

**A Memorable Scene.** The scene was a memorable one. Seldom has there been a larger attendance of members and peers and the diplomatic galleries were crowded to their capacity.

Chancellor Lloyd George, Premier Asquith and Opposition Leader Balfour spoke and the excitement throughout was intense. In a brief speech closing the debate, Mr. Asquith said: "It is incumbent upon those who object to the budget to show that there is some alternative scheme to meet the nation's necessities. Where is this scheme? Should it be later Mr. Balfour must show his hand, and it will have to be a hand that will suit the game of the tariff reformers."

**What Budget Does.** "The budget increases the existing tax rates on tobacco and liquor and also adds to the taxes on inheritance taxes. It provides for a surtax on large estates and incomes of over \$25,000 a year. The real opposition, however, has been aimed at the taxes on lands, which have been declared socialist, confiscatory and ruinous for the country. The land taxes are of a two-fold character. One of the taxes is small, only one penny in the pound, on undeveloped land either urban or suburban that is being held for speculative purposes and which has an actual market value greater than that which it is assessed as. The other tax on land is one of 20 per cent. on the future unearned increment."

This was the clause in the budget which provoked the most bitter attacks from the opposition and was defended by Lloyd George. The Lords also attacked the clause, and it was unjust to tax the unearned increment on their lands, when the unearned increment of merchants and industrialists was not to be taxed.

**Made Valuable by Community.** Lloyd George, in reply, declared that land was different from any other kind of property. The land taxes are value in many cases had increased one hundred fold without any effort on the part of the owner. The growth and development of transportation facilities, the spreading out of the cities and the location of great industries had, in fact, added to the value of certain lands, that fully justified the taxation of 20 per cent. He argued that as the land had been made valuable by the community as a whole, the community had a right to receive one-fifth of that added valuation.

**No Cause for Complaint.** The landlords, he held, still would receive more than they were entitled to. In order to put the new tax in operation a valuation of all the land in the kingdom will be necessary. To this the landlords and Tories objected on the ground that it would furnish an excuse for all kinds of dishonest practices. The Liberals added that the valuation would be fair and business-like and that no man who was honest and willing to pay his just proportion of the taxes should fear a rate inquiry and the fixing of a fair valuation.

The vote was then taken and the announcement of it showing the government's majority to be larger than expected, was greeted with prolonged ministerial cheers.

The Conservatives had counted on a vote of Liberals being absent, but apparently only two Liberals joined the Nationalists in abstaining from voting.

## ARRESTS IN GIMLI TRAGEDY.

Two Gullies Charged With Causing Death of Peter Bohonis. Gimli, Man., Nov. 5.—Nikola Rodits and Nikila Sabat were arrested this morning by Detectives Parr and McGibbon, of provincial police. The boys are charged with the death of Peter Bohonis on Sunday by shooting. At the time both carried rifles and successfully evaded the officers since Saturday. One had claims he did not do the shooting and the other says it was an accident. As they carried different rifles, it is expected the autopsy will finally settle that. The coroner's jury on Tuesday found Bohonis came to his death from a shot from one of the two boys.

## Accidentally Shot Deer Hunting.

North Bay, Ont., Nov. 4.—Robert Williams Dickie, C. P. E. engineer, of Chapleau, was accidentally shot dead while deer hunting near Potogassing, on the C. P. R., 35 miles west of North Bay. The accident resulted from a gun of a companion being trailed on the ground, a twig catching the trigger. The contents entered Dickie's back causing almost instant death. The deceased was thirty-five years of age. He leaves a wife and four children.

## Assizes at Regina.

Regina, Nov. 4.—At the assizes today in the case of the King vs. McKim, a C. P. E. engineer charged with manslaughter in the death of two women named Greinger, in a railway accident near Wawanesa, recently, application was made for a change of venue to Winnipeg and was granted. In the case of Mary Finlay against Oliver Duncan, the plaintiff claiming \$2,000 for seduction of her daughter, a verdict was given for \$1,500.

# LET SCHOOL BOYS FIGHT WITH THEIR FISTS, SAYS R. H. ROBERTS

President of Northern Alberta Teachers' Association Delivers Common Sense Address—To Fight Gives Courage; Often Makes a Man of a Mollified Coddler, and Converts a Bully—Clever Papers by Prof. Broadus and Prof. Alexander.

At the general session this morning of the Northern Alberta Teachers' association in the assembly hall of Norwood public school, an address was delivered by R. H. Roberts, M.A., president of the association, on "The Sociological Movement in Education." Mr. Roberts assured his audience that he had no intention of thrusting a profound sociological study on a convention of weary teachers; his paper was not meant to be unfaithfully deep.

The question of purpose came to all those engaged in teaching. What does education mean? Herbert Spencer had perhaps the best definition of education as "preparation for complete living." If then, social efficiency was the aim of education, the subjects taught must be those which are related to society. This relating of the functions and operations of the social organism to the subjects which it is to teach, is what the speaker meant by "the sociological movement in education."

The movement was examined in its relation to the moral and spiritual welfare of the child. "As in our studies the school should reflect the community, so in its spirit it must prepare the child to assume the responsibilities of life. We attempt to inculcate in the child lessons of morals. We would show him the beauty of assuming the yet silence is forbidden in the room. Assistance is a crime and fighting out, even though it may be a punishable offense. Yet we expect to turn out a finished product for social service."

**Let Pupils Govern Themselves.** Let Pupil Government be a democracy; make of our school one. Let the pupils govern themselves under your direction. Hide your authority; it is not to be used as a whip. Let the pupils govern themselves under your direction. Hide your authority; it is not to be used as a whip. Let the pupils govern themselves under your direction. Hide your authority; it is not to be used as a whip.

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the eighteenth century, it came to its own, realizing not only interest of plot, but also of character. The rapid development in the eighteenth century brought the novel in the second half of the nineteenth century to its zenith in the hands of Scott, Dickens, Eliot and Thackeray. From that day to this there were to be found unmistakable evidences of the decline of the novel, not in quantity, but in quality. The novels of the last five years that have any claim to permanence could be counted on the fingers of one hand.

There was a theory of language that all men in primitive stages of development spoke in a certain rhythm. Whether this was true or no, the earliest literary manifestations of the race were all in verse. As the race developed, emotional spontaneity gave way to self-consciousness and poetry gave way to prose. But prose was not an adequate vehicle for the thoughts and feelings of the age. The thought and feeling of the age were not literary creation. The time would come again following an event or events in the world's history by which a new habit of thought would be stirred, when poetry would again be read and thought more than prose. This was not likely to happen in the immediate future.

**Addresses on Nature Study.** Inspector Hill, of the Strathcona, introduced the subject of nature study. He presented an address with the remark that the work which was being done in the schools of Northern Alberta would from the nature of the subject be of a practical character. He presented an address with the remark that the work which was being done in the schools of Northern Alberta would from the nature of the subject be of a practical character.

**What They Should Read.** Children studied what they must but read what they liked, and when the prescribed work in study was over, they were to be free to read what they liked. A long list of books was given, including "The Jungle Books" and others, such as the writings of Burroughs and Thompson.

**Without an appreciation of good literature no student would become a writer of good English himself.** Power of expression is not to be learned by rote. It is to be learned by the study of good literature. The teacher should be a student of good literature.

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# WEST ENTERS ON PROSPEROUS ERA

Minister of Interior in Tour of the Country Found Settlers With- out Exception Satisfied.

Winnipeg, Nov. 4.—The Hon. Frank Oliver, minister of the interior, who has returned from an eight weeks' trip over the west, expects to leave for Ottawa tomorrow. Talking about the general conditions in the country, he said they were most favorable. While the crop had been fair from being a bumper one in any respect, it had been fairly good general crop. Practically every farmer had reaped a fair average crop, and would therefore derive some benefit from the year's operations. This was very much better than if there had been bumper crops in certain localities.

**Legacy of Hellas to Hesperia.** "The Legacy of Hellas to Hesperia" was the subject of a scholarly paper by Prof. W. H. Alexander of Alberta University. Prof. Alexander sketched the underlying principles of Hellenic civilization, and treated in a general way of their application to modern life. To Hesperia—the western world—Hellas bequeathed the liberal spirit of democracy, to truth, irrespective of consequences. There were many revelations of the Hellenic spirit in modern life and thought. The chief legacy of Hellas to Hesperia was the intellectual courage in all departments of human life. The respect for law as law was one of the priceless legacies of the Greeks.

**On the question of the naval program,** the minister did not care to enter into a discussion for publication. He had been away from the centre for a long time and was perhaps not so familiar with the situation as his colleagues, who were at the centre. In the few words he did say on the subject he certainly gave an indication that he was greatly alarmed at the position of affairs.

# SAYS BUDGET IS FAIR PIECE OF LEGISLATION

J. Allen Baker, Member of British House of Commons, a Visitor to the Edmonton—Declares Bernemans' Bye-Election Was by No Means a Test of Feeling in England.

J. Allen Baker, M.P., a Quaker member of the British House of Commons, and Miss Baker, his daughter, are registered at the Windsor Hotel. Baker is one of the Canadian-born members of the British parliament, for he first saw the light on the Maple Ridge farm, Trenton, Ont. He is by no means a stranger to the west, having paid visits to the Prairie Provinces more than once in recent years. He entered his father's engineering business at Brantford while in his teens, having been educated in the London county council. Mr. Baker has done splendid work at a bye-election described as "the greatest victory ever known for the cause of Finsbury," he entered the wider sphere of usefulness and took his seat in the British House of Commons.

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## RECORD INDIAN LAND SALE.

Average Price of \$9 Per Acre Obtained at Battered Sale. South Battleford, Sask., Nov. 4.—A somewhat unusual accident happened to a battered sale of land in this town. While letting a carcass of beef down to his wagon in the slaughter house, it unexpectedly became unhooked and in its fall struck him on the nose, knocking it. Cocks was unconscious for a short time.

**Quebec Priest Demands Damages.** Montreal, Nov. 3.—Alleged he had accused him of divulging secret confessions. Rev. Father J. P. Desrosiers, parish priest of Ville St. Pierre, has taken action for \$2,000 damages against the secretary of the Ontario railway act passed last session, the question of running Sunday cars can be kept the secrets of the confessions. The curé also has taken action for \$1,000 damages against the town clerk of Ville St. Pierre, J. A. Lafleur, alleging verbal insults.

# UNPARALLELED HISTORY OF

Revolted Crime of Hungarians Who Murdered People at Quill Lake.

Quill Lake, Sask., Nov. 4.—The history of the Thoburn household indicated that George Thoburn was shot to death by his Hungarian, named J. Mesi, who is also supposed to be the wife, aged 38, and her aged 69. The two children of Mr. and Mrs. Thoburn, a son and a daughter, were in the oven of the house when the tragedy occurred.

**Four-Year-Old Boy Also** The four-year-old boy was a victim of the tragedy. He was found in the oven of the house when the tragedy occurred.

**Fairly High Charge** The family had the highest in the district and the victim's Thoburn's body was found in the oven of the house when the tragedy occurred.

**Two Villagers, J. P. Mesi** Two villagers, J. P. Mesi and J. Mesi, were in the oven of the house when the tragedy occurred.

**McNiven first** McNiven first, he hit her gun, knocked her down and throat.

**proceeded to hunt** proceeded to hunt who got into a state of mind. He found her, knifed her, and she died.

**When captured he did** When captured he did not realize the extent of the had committed. He was a murderer.

**NORTH ESSEX CANDIDATE** Oliver J. Wilcox, Conservative, W. J. McKee, Liberal, inated.

## WINDSOR, ONT., NOV. 4.

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**London, Nov. 4.—The** London, Nov. 4.—The calls attention to the heavy rain, which has been falling since the 1st of the month, and the heavy rain, which has been falling since the 1st of the month, and the heavy rain, which has been falling since the 1st of the month.



UNPARALLELED IN HISTORY OF WEST

Revolting Crime of Hungarian Farm Hand Who Murkred Three People at Quill Lake.

Quill Lake, Sask., Nov. 3.—Details of the shocking tragedy on the Thoburn homestead near here indicate that George Thoburn, aged 41, was shot to death by his hired man, a Hungarian, named John Mesi.

Four-Year-Old Boy Also Escapes

The four-year-old boy was found in another part of the cellar close to where the dead body of his father lay, where he had lain unconscious.

Family of High Character

The family had the highest character in the district and the village was practically deserted last night after Thoburn's body was brought in.

Mesi is a Fine Built Man Physically

Mesi is a fine built man physically. He gave a statement of the circumstances in the case which tend to show that he was not a murderer.

Coming back to the house he stayed around nearly all day feeding the children and making up for long trip.

In the evening he made supper for the children and put them to bed but he says the boy would not remain in bed, which was his usual habit.

Credit should be given to R. Banatyan, hotel keeper in closing up his bar, for in doing so the danger of a lynching is greatly minimized.

NORTH ESSEX CANDIDATES.

Oliver J. Wilcox, Conservative, and W. McKee, Liberal, Are Nominated.

Windsor, Ont., Nov. 4.—Oliver J. Wilcox, farmer, Conservative, and W. McKee, lumberman, Liberal, were nominated at North Essex today.

DIAN LAND SALE.

Nov. 4.—Mrs. Chapin, the negotiator, who made an attempt to place the land in the hands of the government for trial by the magistrates today on the charge of having committed a crime of box and having caused harm to the president.

GREEN BAY, WIS., NOV. 3.—A lone highwayman with a handkerchief tied over his face, walked into the Farmers' Exchange bank shortly after noon today, and at the point of a revolver, held up the teller, Frank

London, Nov. 4.—The financial press calls attention to the heavy indebtedness of the British Columbia Electric railway stock, remarking that the ineffectiveness of recent efforts to stimulate interest in these securities is largely due to the explanation. The Alberta Railway and Irrigation company, has declared a dividend of five per cent. carrying forward \$8,818. The other 1,200 acres of irrigable land were sold at \$34 per acre.

LONE BANDIT HOLDS UP BANK.

Compelled Teller to Hand Over to Him \$3,000.

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MURDERER GIVES HIS REASONS FOR CRIMES

Says He Was Ill-Treated by Family With Whom He Worked—Tells Story of Tragic Events of the Past Few Days in Connection with the Murder of George Thoburn, His Wife and Her Mother, Mrs. McNeven, Has Not Ended.

Quill Lake, Sask., Nov. 4.—The tragic events of the past few days in connection with the murder of George Thoburn, his wife and her mother, Mrs. McNeven, has not ended. The excitement here is, in fact, worse, and crowds keep gathering here and there discussing the murdered and murdered, and if the latter was among some of them, without protection, lynch law would certainly prevail, and John Mesi would be hanged to some tree.

WILL CARRY COAL FROM THE EDMONTON DISTRICT

William Whyte Speaks of the Construction of the C.P.R. Winnipeg—Says It Will Depend Wholly on the Weather during the Next Few Weeks Whether We Shall Be Able to Give the Settlers between Hardisty and Wilkie, on Our Westsaskin line across the prairies, a regular service this year.

Work Being Rushed.

At the present moment large gangs of men were working on the ballasting of the stretch and only the weather could interfere with their progress. Mr. Whyte said he realized very keenly the necessity of inaugurating the work as soon as possible, and that he would be badly wanted to get in fuel and other essentials from Edmonton.

The Prisoner's Statement.

A statement by the prisoner to Constable Jarvis, which he wished read, is as follows: I came to the house of Thoburn on February 19, 1909. I was there three weeks, all was O.K., and in March Mrs. McNeven came from Wadena to see me. She was from a country which I had left. She was good to me, but only for a short time, as she said I ate too much. She repeated that many times, and I asked her what she meant by it, and no one answered me. About the third day she said to me, 'You let me go, you let me go, you let me go.' I said, 'I will stop it altogether, and it stopped for a few days, and then the women called me down again. This was in May, and about the last of June we went out breaking, George and myself. We went only a few very few fathoms when I called for George (this was on Monday) and asked him to give me better food.

Good Soil West of Eagle Hills.

Although the Eagle Hills district was bare and broken, Mr. Whyte believed that the soil there would eventually be cultivated, as he was informed that the soil was of good clay composition. West of the Eagle Hills was again a good soil, though some of it was a little stony. The stones, however, were for the most part on the surface. For about eight or ten miles before reaching Macleod the soil was exceedingly good, part of it being in the valley of the High Hill creek, and west of Macleod it was again very good, though some of it was a little stony.

Changed the Feed.

He changed the feed and after that we got along all right for a while. Then Mrs. McNeven came back from Wadena the second week of July. She started her same old story about me eating too much, not doing enough work and then she stopped my good food. One Saturday, and a real hot day, I turned the oxen in the pasture, where I stayed till they called me in for supper. I went in to get my supper and they would not give me any tea; they gave me a little bread and I ate that and went out. When I was going George said, 'Go to Troops and get a young steer, and want to work it.' This was on a Saturday night about sunset. I went out and never did anything. I set out on top of an old stable. George came around and never said a word, and when it was getting dark he said 'Go and make a smudge.' We made one and then we went in the house and went to bed. I was so hungry I could not sleep. At sunrise next morning I called him and he told me to get up and get something to eat. He said, 'Get up; didn't you have your supper; shut up, or I will throw you out of the place.'

Wanted to Leave Place.

I said, 'You think I am working for nothing?' 'No answer was given.' 'I will pay you a good pay for your horse, and I would leave the place. When he got up he made breakfast. It was Sunday morning. Next day he sent me away to his homestead at dinner with me. I got a piece of meat which he left on my plate in the morning in my dinner, and when I got up he came out and called me down about my oxen getting away on me and going in the wheat. He threw a fork in the ground and broke the handle. I showed him the meat and asked him if it was fit to eat. He said, 'You did not oil the disc,' and he came over to me and called me names. We went to the shed and he told me to 'Feel this man with your hands and feet, and she did. She said the man should be kicked out of the place if he did not do it. I did not do it. I wanted to go to Quill Lake to file on a homestead, but Thoburn would not let me. This made me mad and I got the shot gun and shot him in the shoulder. I then went to the stable and stayed there. I was watching anybody came out of the house. I fed the children cream and cake before I left and at dinner time Mrs. Thoburn got out of the house and her. I put her on the ground and cut her with a butcher knife about the neck. She is west of the house in the edge of the scrub. Mrs. McNeven came out of the house and said 'Where are you, John?' and then went back again and after a while she came out and started to walk away and I knocked her down with the barrel of a shot gun. I went after her and hit her twice with the barrel of the gun. I am not sure where I hit her, and left her about 200 yards northwest of the house in the light scrub. I left Mary on the live and George alive in the house.

Left House Monday Night.

I left on Monday night last after sunset with Thoburn's team and detour at the edge of the scrub. I carried an oil can and oil, feed oats, some butter, some flour and a tin of lard. I had a suit last week at Lee's for \$15.

When the prisoner was asked if he would ship and sell the horses.

He answered that he would ship and sell the horses. He said he would ship them to go and make them work. If I didn't he said he would send for a policeman and would have side of the road. I said, 'I am a policeman, then I would have side of the road. I said, 'I am a policeman, then I would have side of the road.'

High Binder Outrages.

Yee Family Refuse to Pay Blood Money to Gun Fighters.

San Francisco, Nov. 3.—For failure to pay blood money to the On Yick gang, a Chinese man, when fighting was made that \$1,000 be handed over for the abduction of Bo Due, a Chinese slave girl, war has been declared on the Yee family, and already two have fallen in the deadly feud.

FISH COMBINE REFUTED.

Commission Heurs Evidence of Simpson of Selkirk—Will Visit Chicago.

Winnipeg, Nov. 3.—The idea of their being a fish combine in Manitoba to keep up the price of fish in the retail market was refuted by J. M. Simpson, of Selkirk by the commission yesterday afternoon, but he stated in closing his evidence that the shippers at Selkirk would get into hot water if they sold directly to retailers and ignored the jobbers; also that a jobber would arouse bad feeling among the trade if he sold directly to the consumers, dealers among the trade.

NO TARIFF WAR WITH CANADA.

President Taft Will Not Permit Discrimination Against Canada.

Detroit, Nov. 3.—A special dispatch from Washington says that President Taft has declared that he will not allow a tariff war with Canada. The president has been officially announced, and it will not be until after the president returns to Washington but it is a fact nevertheless. This is a declaration of a most serious possibility of such a war to scare the administration.

VALUABLE MUSEUM COLLECTION.

Yukon's Quartz King Presents British Museum With 10,000 Mineral Specimens.

Ottawa, Nov. 3.—Wilson Foster, of Dawson City, Yukon, has presented to the national museum a collection of 10,000 specimens of minerals and precious stones, all collected personally during an expedition to the Klondike. The presentation was made unsolicited and will be placed in the new national museum of McLeod street, where all kinds of minerals and precious stones with the single exception of diamonds are included in the collection. Foster's big donation will be made within a few weeks, when he will present to the National Museum of the British Empire at London, England, a collection of 50,000 specimens. Practically every museum in the United States already possesses a collection made by Mr. Foster of stones and minerals in Canada. The collection he is giving the national museum has one unique feature which will make it more highly prized than any others, a collection of stones, opals, topaz, etc., taken from the gizzards of ptarmigan and grouse in the Yukon.

JOINT POWER SCHEME.

Canadian and American Interests Seeking to Dam St. Lawrence River.

Ottawa, Nov. 3.—The Canadian and American interests, which are seeking to power water by damming the St. Lawrence river at Brockville, are before the Canadian government again with a revised plan. They propose to dam the whole river, from the Canadian shore to the New York shore, to draw up the Long Sault Rapids and thereby raise the river at this point about 16 inches. This would give several hundred thousand horsepower. The movement has resulted in the combination of the St. Lawrence Power Company of Canada, the Ontario Power Development Company and the Long Sault Development Company of New York. The new proposal, which is being examined by engineers of the Canadian, American, public works and marine departments.

BANQUET TO HON. DUNCAN MARSHALL

New Minister of Agriculture Honored by His Constituents—Many Prominent Men Present.

Bulletin Special. Olds, Alta., Nov. 4.—A mass meeting of Liberals of the Olds constituency was held in the Opera House yesterday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock. There were about 100 in attendance, including representatives of all portions of the riding from the Red Deer River, on the west, to the Red Deer on the east. Hon. Duncan Marshall's candidature was made unanimous on motion of Wm. Niddrie, Red Deer River West, seconded by J. H. McArthur, of Milverton. The motion was approved amid prolonged applause. Addresses were delivered by Hon. Duncan Marshall, Senator Talbot, Hon. W. A. Buchanan, F. A. Walker and Dr. Clarke.

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EDMONTON NEWS

GONE ON A MOOSE HUNT.

H. N. Dodge, with Earl McMillan, of the International hotel, and Burton, of the Jasper, have gone on a moose hunt to the district about 75 miles northeast of Edmonton. They expect to be absent several weeks and have taken with them a large supply of ammunition and provisions in expectation of some good sport.

NEW ENGINES READY TO START.

Commissioner McNaughton has wired to the provincial manager of the Robb Engineering Company, Mr. Porter, at Calgary, to come to the city at once and start the new Robb engines that will furnish power for the street railway. The temporary roof is about finished and steam has been generated in a portion of the new boilers. Whenever Mr. Porter reaches the city the engines will be tested, probably on Saturday, and by next week the power plant will be ready for operation.

INDIAN CHARGED WITH MURDER.

The two Indians named Gladu who were brought down to Fort Saskatchewan from Beauport Lake near Lac Beauport several days ago have been charged with the murder of their comrade, Knick Masterson, who was at first thought to have been killed on Sunday. Later investigation was found to have met his death by foul play. It will be several weeks before any preliminary trial of the men will come on at Fort Saskatchewan for witnesses will have to be brought down from Lac Beauport, nearly 100 miles distant.

ALL THE PASTURE NEEDED.

Rev. O. L. King, of Bruce, one of the comparatively new towns on the C.P.R. south of Vegreville, was in the city on Wednesday and reported on the conditions of the settlers in his district. He said that prairie fires were prevalent this fall but the loss except in one or two cases, was not considerable. There was still enough prairie grass to give all the necessary pasture to the stock. Mr. King said the loss by fire was borne chiefly by G. B. Peterson, of Bruce, whose grain and hay stacks were burned and R. K. Lee, of Nestor, who lost 250 tons of hay. He said that the past year has seen a great increase in the acreage being up farms in the Bruce district.

FUNERAL OF WM. HODGINS.

The funeral of the late Wm. Hodgins, of Sunnyside, took place on Tuesday afternoon from his late home to Nanajo cemetery. The services were conducted by Rev. M. Clarendon, pastor of the fall pastors were Chas. Maxwell, F. Knight, H. Bell, Jos. Rye, Harry Long and S. Gorsline. There was a large attendance of relatives and neighbors to pay a last tribute. The late Mr. Hodgins, who was in his 83rd year, came to Sunnyside from Red Deer, Ont. He had purchased the farm of Geo. Bell. He leaves to mourn four daughters, Mrs. E. Acton and Mrs. W. J. Humler, of Vancouver; Mrs. Robt. Kemp, of Vancouver; Mrs. Alex. Raffey, of Sunnyside; and one son, William, of the same place. The funeral was delayed for the arrival of the deceased's son-in-law, W. J. Hunter, who arrived from the coast on Monday.

AN INTER-URBAN ALLIANCE.

A new organization in the municipal arena is now in process of formation in Edmonton. With the civic elections near at hand a movement is on foot to form a new association of several citizens who up to the present have not been prominent in municipal politics. They have gotten together and temporarily organized the Inter-Urban Civic Alliance. The aim of the party, as set out by themselves so far, are to unite Edmonton and Strathcona in one city and extend and broaden the municipal franchise at least as broad as the provincial franchise. The Alliance will be further completed in the German Club Hall on Monday night, November 8th. The Alliance does not intend as yet to nominate candidates, but next year expect to take some definite action on that line.

FIRE AT FORT GASKATCHEWAN.

A correspondent of the Bulletin sends the following additional particulars of the destruction of the Fort Electric plant, yesterday morning about half past nine o'clock. The alarm was turned in by A. W. M. Campbell, postmaster, and although the fire brigade quickly responded, the fire had got a good hold before the hose was played upon it. The result was that the whole building, machinery, etc., is a total ruin. The Fort Electric company seems to us hoodooed right from the beginning. Four years ago Mr. Higman secured a fifteen year franchise from the town and installed the plant formerly used by Strathcona. About six months after he formed a company, most of the town people buying shares. Even then the plant was noted for breaking down at most inopportune moments. About two years ago the plant was burned to the ground. This so crippled the company that after running the plant spasmodically for about six months it closed down in a state of bankruptcy. Mr. Higman again secured control and had not the plant in running order about a week when yesterday's accident occurred, putting the plant out of business once more.

CHILDREN'S AID WORK.

Archdeacon Gray of All Saints church is in Winnipeg at present with a view to acquiring the Children's Aid society work. He is securing all possible information with regard to the work of saving neglected children in whose welfare he takes a very keen interest. In addition to specially inquiring into Winnipeg's method of dealing with juveniles Archdeacon Gray wished to be present at the commemora-

AT THE PENITENTIARY.

The largest total of inmates at the Edmonton penitentiary since its establishment in 1906 is now registered there. There are in all 114 convicts, making a total of 319 since the penitentiary was opened. The latest addition is a woman from Revelstoke, B.C., who has entered upon a three year term for theft. There are now three women at the institution and five have been imprisoned there since it was inaugurated.

WINNERS OF S.S. BANNERS.

The locals of tickets handed in during the two night meetings of the Provincial Sunday School Association last week by Edmonton and Strathcona have been completed and the banners awarded. The winners in the competition for schools having an attendance of over 100 school children were Wesley Methodist school, Strathcona, and St. John's church school, Edmonton. The banners which have been on exhibition for several weeks will be presented to the schools on Sunday afternoon by H. F. Kenny, Secretary of the Provincial Sunday School Association.

UNIVERSITY LECTURES.

The University of Alberta will this winter provide for a series of lectures to be delivered by its professors on this side of the river. By these lectures many who are unable to enroll as regular students at the university will be given the opportunity of studying under the guidance of the institution of higher learning, and the general public will be brought closer in touch with the chief intellectual influence in the province. Some time ago Dr. Tory promised to establish a course of extension lectures if public interest warranted it. A meeting was called last evening at which the matter was discussed, and a formal request was made for the establishment of a course of lectures. To this request Dr. Tory assented and a committee was appointed with E. B. Edwards as chairman, to make the necessary preliminary arrangements. The course will consist of eight lectures by Dr. Broadbent on English literature and four lectures by Professor Kerr on special subjects illustrating phases of Roman Life and History. A separate course in French by Professor Kerr is also proposed. The lectures by Dr. Broadbent and Professor Kerr will be given on Tuesday evening of each week commencing on the 16th of November—four lectures only will be given during the Christmas holidays. Those who desire to attend the course of lectures are requested to communicate with the Department of University Secretary, and to be present at the first meeting when the formal enrollment meeting will be held, covering the course of twelve lectures.

TO MEET IN WETASKIWIN.

The final session of the teachers' convention, held yesterday afternoon, was given over to the election of officers and the transaction of business. It was decided to hold the next convention in Wetaskiwin, Alberta, under the leadership of a visitor to the Norwood school yesterday, made the important announcement that the Department of Education was arranging for the formation of a Provincial Education Association. A convention of teachers from every part of the province would probably be called in the spring of 1920. The Premier spoke of the phenomenal growth of the Alberta school system. There were today about 46,000 pupils enrolled in the schools of the province, an increase in three years over two million thousand. He congratulated the teachers assembled on their splendid convention. He considered it the best ever held in the province. The Premier regretted that the average length of time spent in teaching by Alberta teachers was but three years. He would the profession had the stability here that it had in Scotland, where the average length of time was seventeen years. The vocation of the teacher was a noble one and should not be regarded merely as a stepping stone to more lucrative employment. The election of officers by the convention resulted as follows: Honorary President, Inspector Hill, Strathcona; president, Mr. Gaunt, Wetaskiwin; 1st vice-president, Mrs. Terry, Wetaskiwin; 2nd vice-president, G. W. Robertson, B.A., Strathcona; 3rd vice-president, J. A. McGregor, B.A., Edmonton; secretary, Mrs. Moore, Wetaskiwin.

BANQUET TO MR. MARSHALL.

Few business men of Edmonton have had a more unmistakable token of appreciation from their staff of employees than that which was extended to Hon. Duncan Marshall, Minister of Agriculture, last evening by the "Ballet" club on the occasion of his withdrawal from active management of the paper. The employees, who number fifty-five, ranging from the office boy to the editorial chair, gathered in a body at the St. James Hotel at 9 o'clock and entertained on a splendid banquet which was thoroughly enjoyed by all. Throughout the toast list, which drew remarks from representatives of the various departments of a newspaper, the retiring manager was led to realize that he has the most cordial good wishes of every member of the staff. Mr. Marshall recalled his associations with the Bulletin office during the time he took charge about four and a half years ago. He said he appreciated more the honor bestowed on him by his late staff of employees than many of the plaudits which the public and the press have had occasion to bestow upon him.

THE WHITLA SCHOOL DISTRICT.

The Whitla School District, senior trustee, S. S. Richardson, Whittala, Alberta, has been authorized to borrow money. The following districts have been empowered to borrow money: The St. Albert Roman Catholic Public School District; \$10,000, to build and equip a solid brick and concrete school-house; treasurer, Arthur Grenier, St. Albert. The West Liberty School District; \$400, to build a residence for the teacher on the school grounds; treasurer, Philip Farney, Millet. The Linbrook School District; \$500, to secure site, build and furnish a school house; erect out buildings and sink a well; treasurer, C. S. Blake, Tofield. The Turin School District; \$1,500, to build and furnish a school house and erect out-buildings; treasurer, George Sordard, Iron Springs. The Mud Lake School District; \$1,500, to erect a school house; treasurer, Jos. Perrault, Macleod. The Ewing School District; \$800, to build and furnish a school-house; treasurer, B. J. Foxall, Ewing. The Kingsley School District; \$500, to purchase school site, build and furnish schoolhouse, erect out-buildings, etc.; treasurer, Delmar Morris, Morrisonburg. The Cors Lynn School District; \$1,000, to purchase site, build and furnish a schoolhouse; treasurer, Morris Morrisonburg, Red Willow. The Kingsley School District; \$500, to build and furnish a schoolhouse; treasurer, T. F. Lovelock, Seymour. The Up-to-date School District; \$800, to purchase a site and erect a school-house; treasurer, Wm. Klemme, Harwood. The Turnbow School District; \$1,800, to secure a site, build and furnish a school-house, and erect out-buildings, etc.; treasurer, Andrew Currie, Steadley. Certificates of Incorporation. Certificates of incorporation have been issued as follows: The Lethbridge Caledonian Society, Lethbridge. The Automobile Co., Ltd., High River. The Chamberlain Townsite Co., Ltd., Edmonton. Certificates of registration have been issued as follows: The North Empire Fire Insurance Co., Ltd., Hamilton. The Petrie Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Hamilton. The Atlas Elevator Co., Ltd., Winnipeg. The Davenport Coal Co., Ltd., Spokane, Washington.

GLADSTONE SPEAKS IN SEANCE HELD BY STEAD.

English Journalist Gives Views of Gladstone's Old Days. The Hon. Lord Stead, says that Gladstone would pass the budget. London, Nov. 3.—William T. Stead, at the request of the Daily Chronicle, has induced his spirit, "Julia" to obtain an interview with William Ewart Gladstone on the budget. According to the stenographic report furnished, the test was most successful and a definite statement was secured from the grand old man. The scene occurred at Mowbray house, with the medium, a stenographer, Miss Gladstone, and the distinguished personalities taking part included "Julia," Cardinal Manning, Wm. Stead, Jr., and Mr. Gladstone. The seance opened with a prayer and the singing of hymns, then the clairvoyant reported that on the previous evening she had received a long message from Gladstone, which was much involved with even more than the usual Gladstonian paraphrase of the subject. Gladstone expressed considerable disinclination to return to "the limited melancholia of the arena of politics," as from "the great world" was always distant, counts a little more than a moment, a paragraph on the printed page of time, the ebb and flow of events from day to day. After explaining how his mind was occupied with the manifestations of the living omnipresent Mr. Gladstone confessed: "An immense current of zealous, ever-renewed vibration drawing me toward another center, the center of the universe, and I seem to feel the consciousness of suspense, the anticipation of a great event, a stroke of ignoble party warfare." Finally Gladstone agreed to speak, but before he had the opportunity of doing so, the seance was over. "Julia has told me some one desires to come in touch with me concerning the present position of my old party and also on the state of English politics generally. The arena of the political world was always distasteful to me. I only held my position from a sense of duty to my race." Views on Budget. Gladstone, when induced to express his views on the budget, said: "In my opinion the upper chamber will not move individually if they reject this financial measure. I can well understand that there will be much in its provisions to which they will distinctly object; nevertheless, it would be wise policy for them to pass this measure in agreement with the principles embodied in the bill. The second proposition have obtained my support, but the licensing clauses I am only partly in sympathy with. This section of the bill should not be too rigidly insisted upon, as some clauses are too crudely constructed." "Croup is most prevalent during the dry cold weather of the early winter months. Parents of young children should be prepared for it. All that is needed is Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Many mothers are never without it in their homes and are never disappointed when sold by all dealers.

THE WHITLA SCHOOL DISTRICT.

The Whitla School District, senior trustee, S. S. Richardson, Whittala, Alberta, has been authorized to borrow money. The following districts have been empowered to borrow money: The St. Albert Roman Catholic Public School District; \$10,000, to build and equip a solid brick and concrete school-house; treasurer, Arthur Grenier, St. Albert. The West Liberty School District; \$400, to build a residence for the teacher on the school grounds; treasurer, Philip Farney, Millet. The Linbrook School District; \$500, to secure site, build and furnish a school house; erect out buildings and sink a well; treasurer, C. S. Blake, Tofield. The Turin School District; \$1,500, to build and furnish a school house and erect out-buildings; treasurer, George Sordard, Iron Springs. The Mud Lake School District; \$1,500, to erect a school house; treasurer, Jos. Perrault, Macleod. The Ewing School District; \$800, to build and furnish a school-house; treasurer, B. J. Foxall, Ewing. The Kingsley School District; \$500, to purchase school site, build and furnish schoolhouse, erect out-buildings, etc.; treasurer, Delmar Morris, Morrisonburg. The Cors Lynn School District; \$1,000, to purchase site, build and furnish a schoolhouse; treasurer, Morris Morrisonburg, Red Willow. The Kingsley School District; \$500, to build and furnish a schoolhouse; treasurer, T. F. Lovelock, Seymour. The Up-to-date School District; \$800, to purchase a site and erect a school-house; treasurer, Wm. Klemme, Harwood. The Turnbow School District; \$1,800, to secure a site, build and furnish a school-house, and erect out-buildings, etc.; treasurer, Andrew Currie, Steadley. Certificates of Incorporation. Certificates of incorporation have been issued as follows: The Lethbridge Caledonian Society, Lethbridge. The Automobile Co., Ltd., High River. The Chamberlain Townsite Co., Ltd., Edmonton. Certificates of registration have been issued as follows: The North Empire Fire Insurance Co., Ltd., Hamilton. The Petrie Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Hamilton. The Atlas Elevator Co., Ltd., Winnipeg. The Davenport Coal Co., Ltd., Spokane, Washington.

GLADSTONE SPEAKS IN SEANCE HELD BY STEAD.

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CASTINGS

Go to the IMPERIAL FOUNDRY 866 Eighth St., Edmonton. A good Second Hand Threshing Engine For Sale Scrap Cast Iron Wanted

LOANS

Interest Never Exceeding 8% on Improved Farms Advantageous Terms. No commission; lowest expense; prompt attention. CREDIT FONCIER, F. G. Cor. Jasper and Third St., Edmonton. G. H. GOWAN, Local Manager.

GRAYDON'S P.D.Q.

Grippe Tablets Break up a cold in a day 25c per Box Graydon's Drug Store Gray H. GRAYDON, Druggist King Edward Pharmacy, Phone 4111, 289 Jasper Ave. E.

CANADIAN PLAYS THE GOOD SAMARITAN

wants to cure his friends Mr. Everett L. Holland, a well-known Canadian, moved to the United States some time ago. The change of climate brought on a serious and painful illness, which three physicians said was St. Vitus's dance, but were unable to relieve his terrible sufferings. In his agony Mr. Holland thought of an old and reliable remedy which had a good reputation in his Canadian home—the famous GIN PILLS. He wrote a former neighbor and secured a supply. On March 20th, last, Mr. Holland in a letter to the National Drug & Chemical Co., Toronto, said: "I am well." He is now anxious to have GIN PILLS put on sale in the United States in order to cure his new friends of kidney and bladder troubles. If you have any kidney or bladder trouble, take GIN PILLS and you will be cured or your money refunded. GIN PILLS are sold by all dealers at 50c a box, 6 for \$2.50. In order to show our faith in these pills, we will send you a free sample on request. National Drug & Chemical Co., Dept. A, Toronto.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

SHORT, CROSS, BIGGAR & COWAN Farm Sales specialists. Wm. Short, Ken. C. W. Cross, O. M. Biggar, Hector Cowan. Offices over Merchants Bank. Company and private funds to loan. Edmonton, Alta.

C. H. WEBBER, Auctioneer.

Phone 7402. Residence, Belmont, Alta. P.O. Address, Box 1330, Edmonton.

E. W. ALLAN, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S. & L.R.C.P. (London).

Formerly house surgeon to the Prince of Wales Hospital, London, Eng., and surgeon to the Toronto Orthopedic Hospital, Specialist in General Surgery, Gynaecology and Orthopedics. Office 548 Jasper, Ave. W. Phone 1228

FOR SALE

FARM LAND AND CITY PROPERTY. Craft or write for prices and maps. Craff, Lee & Gallinger, 236 Jasper East, Edmonton, Alta.

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406 Fraser Ave. Phone 1728, Edmonton

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE



BEWARE OF IMITATIONS SOLD ON THE MERITS OF MINARD'S LINIMENT

SEARCH FOR ITALIAN BANDITS.

Believed They Held Up Fifty New Jersey Workmen. New York, Nov. 2.—While a sheriff's posse is securing the woods today in the vicinity of Patterson, N.J., the local police are searching the Italian quarters in an effort to round up four bandits believed to be Italians, who committed one of the most daring robberies ever perpetrated in this section. In which they held up a gang of fifty workmen employed in the construction of a trolley line at Glen Rock, N.J., and relieved them of \$1,500. The crime occurred on Monday, but it was not reported to the police until early today, when one of the victims managed to free himself from the ropes, by which he and his companions were bound, and struggled into Rideway. According to his story, the men entered the camp on Monday and asked for the foreman. When he was pointed out they asked him to step into a side room, where they bound and gagged him and threw him into a corner after relieving him of his cash. At the point of their guns they held up the remainder of the gang and administered similar treatment. As the laborers were paid off today the robbers made a neat haul. It was learned later that four men answering their description had boarded a train at Patterson for New York.

'POSSUM DIDN'T SEE JOKE

Was Put by Sams Was Into Jail in Louisiana Town. Washington, Nov. 3.—A practical joke, with an opossum as the chief actor, is likely to get some prominent people into trouble with the United States government. On the night of October 15 a party of about twenty-five well-known people of Leesville, La., placed an opossum in the package bin of the local post office. The next morning the postmaster's subordinates opened the bin and found the opossum. The mail in the bin had been chewed to fragments by the animal. The names of the jokers have been obtained by the department and action against them will be instituted in the near future.

South African Land Grants

FOR SALE Lowest Cash Prices Good for 320 acres without interfering with homestead right. Write for particulars and terms. Private funds to loan. J. C. BIGGS & CO., 121 WINDSOR BLOCK, Box 1463, Edmonton.

THE NEW "ORLOFF" SEED OATS FOR SALE

I HAVE a limited quantity of these oats for sale. Guaranteed Six Weeks earlier than any other variety and a good producer. PRICE PER BUSHEL \$1.00 May be had at my farm at Rabbit Hill from R. Fitzpatrick on premises, N.W. 1/2 Sec. 51, Twp. 4, 8 miles S.W. Strathcona. MELVILLE REYNOLDS

SEMI-WEEK EDITOR

VOLUME V. TO BE A HEAD TO HEAR R. L. Borden Is Not F.D. Monk's Opinion

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