

THE HERALD

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The Late Session.

So much of our space was taken up during the recent session of the Legislature, with the reports of the proceedings from day to day, that we were precluded from making much editorial comment upon the measures submitted for consideration and from offering any lengthy criticism of the Government's attitude towards several of the public questions up for discussion. The session, which opened on the 15th of February, lasted only one week of two months duration. Thirty eight acts were passed; many of them of minor importance. Had the Government had their matter prepared; had they felt sure of their ground and had their followers in the House been enthusiastic, the work of the session could have been accomplished in half the time. But it would seem that the Government had to feel their way, and much time had to be spent in caucus where, no doubt, the Premier had to ply the party whip to bring the kickers into line.

The Government measures eliciting the most discussion and most strenuously opposed by the Opposition, were the bill guaranteeing the bonds of the Gold Storage Company and the bill amending the taxing of our farm lands. As was pointed out, when the guarantee bill was up for discussion in the House, the Opposition were not against cold storage in itself; but they argued against and placed themselves on record against guaranteeing the bonds of a particular company, and thus enabling them to compete on more than equal terms with all other persons in the same line of business. The Government's guarantee, together with the bonus of the Dominion Government, enables this company to raise some \$35,000 without a dollar of their own money invested. They are to establish their plant at Charlottetown, and to carry on their own business in the same building and to use for their own cold storage purposes as much space as they may think fit. The outlying sections of the Province, east and west, can scarcely benefit to any appreciable extent from these cold storage facilities. In view of these facts, briefly stated, the position of this company must appear very much in the light of a monopoly. The revenues of the Province; the taxes of the people should not be pledged to guarantee and foster a monopoly. For these and other reasons the members of the Opposition justly opposed this guarantee.

With the different features of the tax act we will deal in a separate article later; but for the present we will briefly discuss it. The principal departure in the new act from the present method of dealing with this taxation, is in the valuation of the land. Under the new act valuations are to be chosen by the Government to go round the country and place a value on the properties of all the farmers. These valuations will, of course, be friends of the Government or they cannot get the job. The people of this Province have some recollection, we feel sure, of emissaries employed in a similar capacity by the Davies Government, away back in 1877. Are these reminiscences of the most pleasing nature? Are the new itinerants likely to be

any more popular? While the Government are thus making provision for wringing the last cent of taxation from the farmers, they have taken no new departure regarding the collecting of income tax. The wealthy men, with large investments, and incomes that enable them to wallow in luxury for the most part escape and pay little or no income tax. They are allowed to go free; but the poor farmer is followed to the last ditch. Do our people think this is a proper course to pursue? We shall return to these questions later.

The probing of the Opposition during the discussions on the various questions, unearthed more fully than ever before, how persistently the Government compel every department of the public service to do political duty at election times. It is well known, of course, that the Public Works Department has, for years been conducted principally for the manufacture or retention of Government votes. Other departments, too, have been used more or less with this end in view; but it remained for the Opposition's investigations of this session to expose to public notice the extraordinary lengths to which the Government prostituted the education department for like purposes. Teachers with third class licenses were given second class salaries; persons who had not qualified were allowed to teach and draw teacher's salaries from the public treasury, and so on. In return for these favors, those teachers or their fathers, their brothers, their uncles and their cousins were to assist the Government candidates by voting for them or not voting at all, as the case might be.

Throughout the session, the Government were on the defensive. Mr. Matheson, Leader of the Opposition, and his followers presented a solid phalanx; they were always ready to attack the Government's weak points, and more than once drove their opponents to cover. In debating power the members of the Opposition far surpassed the Government supporters, and readily laid bare the shortcomings and inconsistencies advanced from the Administration benches. The Leader of the Opposition outclassed the Premier every particular. In his thorough grasp of public questions; his readiness in debate and his quickness in detecting a flaw, Mr. Matheson is far more than a match for Mr. Hazard. The members of the Opposition are, with good reason, proud of their Leader.

Dominion Parliament.

The disposition on the part of the Government to look very carefully after the interests of everybody but the home consumer was adequately demonstrated last week in the discussion of the Meat and Canned Foods Act. This is one of those curious pieces of legislation brought into being by Hon. Sydney Fisher, who is the most prolific father of bills which always have to be amended, and the Opposition pressed home the point that while Mr. Fisher took every care of the foreign consumer he had not the slightest regard for the health and welfare of Canadians. This is the situation. Meats which are to be exported receive the most careful Government inspection in order that foreigners who eat thereof may get only the best. Meats intended for local use are not so inspected, and the Government obstinately refuses to do so. The lower class meats are thrust upon the Canadian buyer, and those overseas consumers get the best that is going. In this way does Mr. Fisher look after the interests of Canadians.

But Mr. Fisher is not by any means alone in this respect. There is Mr. Pugsley who has proved that he is quite willing to hand over a national heritage such as the navigation of the St. Lawrence river to a group of United States capitalists who desire to build a dam at the Long Sault Rapids for the development of power at that point chiefly for consumption across the border. Mr. Pugsley even sat up all night to force this bill through, but he met his match in the determined opposition thereto. So long as such ministers of the calibre of Mr. Pugsley have power to handle the natural resources of Canada, just so long will those resources be frittered away. The St. Lawrence Power Transmission bill is admittedly an adjunct of the greater scheme to dam the St. Lawrence, and yet Mr. Pugsley will endeavor to force it through willy-nilly. So brazen have the members of this administration become that they have long since lost all sense of responsibility for the interests of the Canadian people.

An extraordinary spectacle was witnessed last week over the anti-racetrack gambling bill promoted by Mr. Miller. This measure was introduced as a public bill by the member for South Grey at the beginning of the session and was sent to a special committee of seven members for consideration. Weeks were consumed in hearing evidence, much of which had no more connection with the matter referred to the committee than the progress of Halley's comet. Mr. Miller himself was appointed chairman of the committee on his own bill, and frequently Mr. Monk and other members of the investigating body complained of the irrelevancy of the evidence brought in. Letters written by supporters of the bill were permitted to go on the record without the writer being called for cross examination purposes. Finally the committee reported in favor of the bill and it took its place away down on the list of public bills and orders which could not be called again this session except by consent of the Government. The Government, although disclaiming all responsibility for the bill permitted it to come up last week, and two days in this late stage of the session were devoted to threshing out the whole question of racetrack gambling before the bill was finally killed. The refusal of the Government to accept responsibility for the measure was made the subject of a scathing arraignment of Sir Wilfrid Laurier by Mr. R. L. Borden the Leader of the Opposition. Mr. Borden is the peer of any one in the House on questions of constitution and precedent, and his remarks on the subject are worth quoting. Mr. Borden said, in part: "I wish to call attention to the remarkable situation with which parliament is confronted. The Government of any country enjoying British institutions is supposed to deal with all legislation of an important character coming before parliament. The control of that legislation is with the Government and modern constitutional authorities, as well as those of no recent date, impose upon the Government the responsibility of dealing with matters of this character. I do not know of any subject in which a greater responsibility is imposed upon the Government of this or any other country, than in the control of criminal legislation. Surely if there is one subject more than another as to which a Government should be disposed to accept responsibility it is the framing, moulding and amendment of the criminal law. This bill is legislation which the Government of Canada considers of such great importance that it inter-

rupts Government business for two days and calls upon parliament to deal with it. And we have the extraordinary spectacle of the Minister of Justice standing up in his place and saying that this bill, for which the regular business of the country has been delayed, is not only of an extraordinary but absolutely of an outrageous character. I do not think any parallel to this situation can be found in the history of parliamentary proceedings in recent years." Although the bill was killed later for this session at all events, the government by refusing to accept responsibility for such an import measure there by abdication of its duties, placed itself in the position of any individual who runs away from the front of the battle. It is hardly necessary to point out that this habit of "running away" has been brought to a high pitch of perfection, and Mr. Miller's bill was sacrificed on the altar of Laurier opportunism. The House and the country has long since become accustomed to the white feather which is the crest of the aggregation of little men who try to fill the big cabinet shoes.

The curtain has run down on the Lumsden fiasco for a brief intermission, the reason being that the Liberal majority's counsel, Mr. F. H. Chrysler, an ardent Liberal himself, and a former aspirant for a seat in the House, has other legal engagements. The so-called investigation has been pottering on for some weeks and so far not one witness has been heard but Mr. Lumsden himself. The attempt on the part of the prominent Liberal counsel and the four Liberal members who constitute the whole committee to break down Mr. Lumsden's evidence and show that he was no more than a brainless fool, has so far been followed by the frank statements and general knowledge of the facts of the case of the former chief engineer of the National Transcontinental.

There can be no doubt that the present administration, ruled by an opportunist, and composed of a band of "little Canadians," is rapidly on the downward slope. The determined effort on the part of the inspired Liberal press to manufacture dimensions in the Opposition ranks in order that the disgraced state of the following which supports Sir Wilfrid Laurier in the House of Commons might be covered up will deceive no one. It is well known that governments as well as individuals begin to die as soon as they are born; but this extraordinary administration which plumes itself among other things on being directly responsible for the present prosperity of Canada, is showing signs of a positive decay extraordinary even when its advanced age is taken into consideration. And with age has crept in all the unwholesome attributes which will send the Laurier Government down into the history of Canada as the most corrupt and self-seeking. The pillage of natural resources which belong to the people, the fattening of political favorites with grazing leases, the turning of the blind eye to rampant dishonesty and graft in the public services. All these things brand the administration as being rotten to the core, with a cynical disregard of the real interests of the people. What is going on in Canada today under the regime of Laurierism, may well make thinking Canadians ponder over the desirability of a general house-cleaning here on parliament hill. Ministers of the Crown openly support a measure which has for its object the handing over of a great national asset such as the water power of the Long Sault Rapids to a little band of promoters across the border. The old plank of the Liberal platform of 1893, adopted by the reform party unanimously at the Ottawa convention, setting forth that the land should be for the settler and not the speculator has rotted away under the administration of the Interior Department by Messrs. Sifton and Oliver, and greedy graft is running rampant in the land with the hands of every Grit heeler in the public chest.

Some of the oldest and most prominent supporters of the government in parliament who have been consistently ignored by Sir Wilfrid Laurier when cabinet vacancies occurred, must have wondered why the choice of the Premier fell upon Hon. William Lyon Mackenzie King, when it was thought best to divorce the duties of Postmaster General and Minister of Labor with a brand new portfolio attached. This wonderment was by no means dissipated when the baby of the cabinet made his three and a half hours speech on the second reading of his anti-combines bill.

To listen to Mr. King one would think he was addressing a meeting of the Canadian Club. He wandered all over the large field of increased prices and the cost of living, and over the peaceful homes of Canada he saw the giant hand of the trust stretched out to throttle. Mr. King came into parliament fresh from the civil service. He had the reputation of being a dreamy faddist fond of the problems of political economy. He has yet to win his spurs, and all the three and a half hour speeches in the world won't help him to do this unless there is something behind him of a practical nature. This anti-combines bill is half baked legislation. It is quite undenied. The statute books are crowded with legislation which can never be enforced by reason of its character. To keep piling up these laws is not a very noble ambition. It is time Mr. King took off his coat and started to play the game in earnest. Up to the present time he has done absolutely nothing to justify his promotion over the heads of men grown old in the service of Laurierism. What he will do in the future remains to be seen, so far he is relegated to the "false alarm class" of would be statesmen.

A typical instance of Laurierism run wild is that of the surrender of the St. Peter's Indian reserve at Selkirk, Manitoba. It was shown in the House by Mr. George H. Bradbury, member for that constituency, that 21,000 acres were filched from the Indians, and this land was allowed to fall into the hands of a horde of speculators and camp following friends of the Government, who got it at an absurdly low figure, and resold it at prices ranging from 8 to 12 times as much as was paid. The chief and councillors were bribed with money and whiskey in order that the surrender might be brought about, and all this went on under the nose of the Indian agent of this Government who was himself among the buyers of these lands. This is the sort of thing which is making the land shark and the camp follower fat. This is the kind of administration too which is helping along the downfall of the Government.

How such barefaced transactions as that outlined by Mr. Bradbury on his responsibility as a member of parliament can be permitted to go on, year in and year out, and no one punished, is one of the conundrums of Laurierism. And from the Atlantic to the Pacific the St. Peter's reserve scandal is being duplicated. It is only when the lid is partially lifted from a corner of the unwholesome mess that the general public gets a mere inkling of what is going on under the guise of honest government.

One has only to take the joke committee which is half heartedly investigating the charges made by Mr. Hugh D. Lumsden, the former chief engineer of the National Transcontinental, who resigned from that lucrative position rather than be a party to the gross frauds which were being committed upon the people, to become seized of the deep seated trickery with which the Government seeks to cover up its wrongdoing. Four Liberal members and three Liberal lawyers are solemnly investigating not the extravagant construction of the road, but differences of opinion between Mr. Lumsden and some subordinate engineers. There's a pretty picture for you. Instead of Sir Wilfrid Laurier coming out boldly and saying that he would permit a full and untrammelled investigation into the whole building of the road, he appointed a thoroughly partisan committee of his most faithful henchmen and told them to go right ahead and dab the whitewash all over the Transcontinental Commission. This is pure unadulterated Laurierism. This road which was to have cost a mere trifle of some \$52,000,000, according to the statement of Mr. Fielding, based, as he solemnly declared, upon the estimates of competent engineers, has cost that much so far for the blasting of solid rock. When the final bill comes to be settled it will be found that the National Transcontinental has cost the people of Canada no less than \$200,000,000. Where is the leak? It must be somewhere, and yet Sir Wilfrid Laurier, like the little Dutch boy, is standing with his finger in the hole in the dyke, trying to prevent the tide of truth from rushing in. These farcical investigations which commence with the cards stacked and the dice loaded, will never command public confidence, and the Government which so dreads the light of day on its transgressions is doomed.

Minard's Liniment cures Disterper.

Bishop Cameron's Funeral

The funeral obsequies of the late Bishop Cameron of Antigonish, took place at 10 o'clock on Wednesday last. The body was removed to the Cathedral on Sunday, where it lay in state till the commencement of the funeral services on Wednesday. The Cathedral had been appropriately draped in the tappings of woe and the attendance was tremendously large. The solemn Requiem Mass of Requiem was celebrated by his Grace Archbishop McCarry of Halifax, assisted by Very Rev. Dr. Thompson, as sub-priest; Rev. H. P. McPherson, deacon and Rev. C. F. McKinnon subdeacon. The funeral oration was preached by his Grace Archbishop Bruchet of Montreal. He took his text from the 35 verse of the X Chapter of the Epistle to the Hebrews: "My Just Man Liveth by Faith." The discourse was a loving tribute to the illustrious dead from a brother prelate, who knew and loved him. The prelates and clergy present included, in addition to those named, the Archbishop of St. John's Nfld.; the Archbishop of Vancouver, the Archbishop of Kingston, Archbishop McDonald, Pictou; the Bishops of St. John, Chatham, Sherbrooke and Rimouski, besides about one hundred and fifty priests. The funeral cortege from the Cathedral to the cemetery was most imposing. The distance is about a mile. Our space does not permit our saying anything more at present. R. I. P.

MARRIED.

WOODSIDE—SMITH—At Regina, Sask., on Wednesday, April 13th, in St. Mary's Church by Rev. Father Sells, Alexander M. Woodside, Regina, to Georgia A. Smith Charlottetown, P. E. I.

DIED

McLEAN—At Colyton, on April 29th, Margaret Jane, eldest daughter of Angus and Christina McLean, aged 27 years and 1 month. MESSERVEY—In this city, on April 29th, Martha, widow of the late E. P. Messervey, and daughter of the late Captain William Baggs, Dartmouth, N. S., aged 67 years. WEBB—In this city, April 11th, Wm. Webb, son of the late Thomas Webb, aged 34 years. CROZIER—At Darley, Lot 18, on March 21st, Minnie R., daughter of A. Simpson and Mrs. Crozier, aged five and a half years. KENNEDY—On April 9th, 1910, at the home of her son, E. D. Kennedy, Rosedale, Mont. Isabelle Kennedy in her sixty-ninth year. She was a daughter of the late James and Margaret Thomas of Brackley Point Road, P. E. Island. BEARSTO—At the P. E. Island Hospital, on April 12th, 1910, Ann Bearsto, in the 92nd year of her age.

BLOCK—In this city at 1.30 a. m., Thursday, April 14th, Joseph, infant son of Israel and Mrs. Block, aged 6 months.

MORRISON—At Georgetown, Royal, on April 11th, Margaret Agnes, infant daughter of Philip and Margaret Morrison, aged 6 weeks.

CROKEN—At Norboro on the 11th, last, after a brief illness, Rose, A. Croken. May her soul rest in peace.

MURCHISON—At York Point, April 7, 1910, infant daughter of D. H. and Mrs. Murchison, aged 7 days.

FORD—At Ebeesay, April 7, 1910, Richard Ford, aged 56 years.

JEWEL—At New Haven, April 16, 1910, Sophia Morais, wife of the late James Jewel, North River, aged 90 years.

McQUEEN—At Moncton, April 16th, Jennie E. McQueen, of Strathalban, P. E. I., aged 35 years.

McGREGOR—At Lot 48, April 6th, 1910, Mary, widow of the late John McGregor.

MORGAN—In this City, April 17th, Lucy J. Morgan in the 26th year of her age. May her soul rest in peace.

YOUNG—At Earncliffe, April 18, 1910, Mary Young, aged 96 years.

LOWE—At Murray River, April 16, 1910, Mary Jane Symonds, wife of David Lowe and daughter of John T. Symonds, aged 29 years. Also, on April 16th, her beloved daughter, Elsie L'D. Lowe, aged five years and four months.

McDONALD—At Glenora, Vernon River, on the 18th, last, Eunice, dearly beloved wife of John J. McDonald, and eldest daughter of John B. McDonald, Vernon River, aged 21 years.—R. I. P.

McDONALD—At Little Pond, on the 9th of April, Ronald J. McDonald, in the twenty-second year of his age, after a brief illness of Febrile pneumonia. The occasion in which the deceased was held, was manifested by the large number of people, who came to pay their respects, and to accompany his body to the cemetery. He leaves a surviving widow, one son and seven daughters to mourn the loss of one of the kindest of husbands and fathers. May his soul rest in peace.

Very Suddenly at Byrne's Road, on Sunday April 25th, Mrs. Thomas Duffly aged 48 years. The whole community was greatly shocked by the sudden news. She leaves to mourn a disconsolate husband, two sons and four daughters, also an aged mother-in-law. She was an affectionate wife, a loving mother and a kind friend, whose loving ways endeared her to every one with whom she was acquainted. Her name will be long cherished by friends and neighbors, especially in the home. Her funeral took place on Tuesday morning, April 26th, at St. Joseph Church. It was one of the largest seen in this vicinity and manifestly attested to the respect and honor in which she was held. The funeral service was performed by the Rev. A. J. McIntyre and the remains were laid in the adjoining cemetery by the side of her daughter Clara, who pre-deceased her six months ago, where she awaits the resurrection morn. May her soul rest in peace.

MODERN BUILDING PLANT!

The undersigned intends to establish at MONTAGUE BRIDGE

Early in the coming spring, an up-to-date Building Plant for the manufacture

From Concrete

Of all manner of material for building purposes. The building material here manufactured will include

brick and all kinds of Concrete Building Stone,

Monuments, Coffin Vaults, Steps, Drain Tiles, Caps, Lintels, Cellar Walls and Floors, Veranda Columns and Floors, and Veranda Walls of all descriptions; all requirements for Concrete Side-Walks, etc., etc. In connection with the establishment there will be a

Builders' Supply Store

Where the requirements for all kinds of buildings may be obtained. Contracts will be entered into for the erection of Concrete Buildings in any part of the Province. Enquiries regarding buildings and material will receive careful attention and prompt replies.

CHARLES LUND, 48 Brook Road, Quincy, Mass.

Jan. 5, 1910-41

Watch Department.

VERY FINE timekeeping watches with 21 jewels adjusted to heat, cold, and five positions. Also 7, 15 and 17 jewel watches, from the larger men's size to the tiny watch worn in wrist bracelets. Watches cleaned and put in first class order.

Ring Department.

Ladies' rings set with diamonds, ruby, opal, amethyst, pearl and other gems. Signet rings for engraving, emblem rings, children's rings. Rings repaired, stones re-set.

Spectacle Department.

We fit spectacles and eyeglasses up, both in frames and in rimless, after testing each eye separately or on Drs. prescription.

E. W. TAYLOR, South Side Queen Square, City.

WE HAVE IN STOCK

For the Summer Trade a fine selection of TEMPERANCE DRINKS!

FRUIT, CONFECTIONERY, etc.

If you need anything in Pipes, Tobacco, Cigars or Cigarettes, we can supply you.

DROP IN AND INSPECT. JAMES KELLY & CO. June 23, 1909-3m

Advertisement for H. La... WH... Fe... tins is o... On cen joy... cers HICKE Ch'b... Architec of goods the proved, and durability. Also a f... Stan... June 12, 190... Price Amhe... Are the fri... Made from thorough soles and stand up... strain of through all slush and... Women's "Boys' Girls' Children's... Ailey

HARDWARE!

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Dark Cut Tobacco in
tins and packages. This
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On the market. Try a 10
cent package. You'll en-
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cers and druggists sell it.

HICKBY & NICHOLSON Tobacco Co., Ltd.
Ch'town, Phone 346. Manufacturers.



For New Buildings

We carry the finest line of
Hardware

Architects, Builders and Contractors, will find our line
of goods the newest in design, the most adaptable and im-
proved, and of the highest standard of merit in quality and
durability.

Also a full line of pumps and piping.

Stanley, Shaw & Peardon.

June 12, 1907.



Price \$2.50
Amherst Boots

Are the Farmer's
friends.

Made from Solid Leather
throughout, counters, in-
soles and heels. They
stand up and stand the
strain of hard wear
through all kinds of mud,
slush and wet.

Men's Amherst Boots, \$1.60 to \$2.75
Women's " " 1.25 to 1.75
Boys' " " 1.50 to 2.00
Girls' " " 1.10 to 1.35
Childs " " 1.00

Ailey & Co.

Mortgage Sale.

To be sold by public Auction, on Tues-
day, the thirteenth day of May, A. D.
1910, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon,
in front of the Law Courts Building in
Charlottetown, under and by virtue of a
Mortgage bearing date the twenty-first day
of April, A. D. 1902, and made between
Patrick Murray, of Charlottetown, in
Queen's County, Steward, of the one part,
and Mary A. Fardon, of Charlottetown,
widow of the other part: All that parcel of land
situate lying and being in the Parish of
Fluquid, and in the County of Queen's
County, bounded and described as follows,
that is to say: Commencing at the shore
of Fluquid River, on the east side thereof
at the northwest angle or corner of Rowan
McDonald's farm; thence east along the
northern boundary of Rowan McDonald's
farm to the main Road or highway leading
towards Mount Stewart; thence west
along said Road for the distance of eight
chains and eighty-eight links; thence south
eighty-six degrees west to said river; and
from thence southwardly along said river
to the place of commencement, being part
of Township Number Thirty-seven, con-
taining by estimation eight acres of land,
a little more or less, which said mortgage
was by endorsement bearing date the
twenty-ninth day of March, A. D. 1910,
assigned by the said Mary A. Fardon to
James H. Reddie, of Charlottetown, above
said, Barrister.

For further particulars apply at the office
of the undersigned, number 69 Great
George Street, Charlottetown.
Dated this eleventh day of April, A. D.
1910.

JAMES H. REDDIE,
Agent of Mortgage.

Montague Dental Parlors

We guarantee all our plate
to give perfect satisfaction or
money refunded.
Teeth pulled and extracted
absolutely painless.
A. J. FRASER, D. D.
Aug. 15 1906-3m

LOCAL & OTHER ITEMS

It is reported from St. John's Nfld.,
that Halley's comet was visible there
early Monday morning, in the Southern
hemisphere.

At the Federal general elections in
Ansonia, the Labor Party triumphed,
defeating the Government of Premier
Dunkin, by a large majority.

A report reached Montreal a few days
ago, that 25 lives had been lost in conse-
quence of a landslide at Killamoch, on the
construction line of the National Trans-
continental Railway.

The Atlantic Transport Line, S.S.
Minnesota is ashore at St. John's, near
Bishop's Rock. Her passengers and
crew were landed at Rye Island, one
of the western islands of the group.

The weakened floor of a former in-
strument building on Temple Street, Boston
dropped on a dozen workmen crushing
out the life of two, while others were
wounded by jumping from the windows.

The China-Japan mail, over the
Southern Pacific railway for the East
was held up at Honolulu, Sunday, by
two masked men and robbed of nine
pouches of registered mail.

All the foreign owned buildings in
Shanghai, with the exception of the
British consulate were destroyed by fire
Sunday. All the buildings rented by
the foreigners have been looted.

Seven men are known to be dead, and
seven more are still missing, as a re-
sult of the premature explosion and
landslide which buried twenty who
were sleeping in a construction camp,
near Bagotville, Quebec.

Lord Kitchener arrived from Chicago
on his first visit to New York, on Fri-
day last. He seemed pleased at the
warm reception accorded him by about
four hundred persons waiting at the
station.

Fire swept through the centre of the
village of St. Basile, Quebec, Sunday
completely destroying sixteen houses,
and the Protestant church and causing
damage estimated at more than \$40,-
000.

Capl. Tallow, who resigned from the
McBride Cabinet a few months since,
died at Victoria on the 12th inst. without
regaining consciousness. He had been
thrown from his buggy a few days
previously.

Driven by a strong wind a fire that
started Sunday in the County Jail, at
Hyde Park Vermont, spread until the
Jail, Court House, Town Hall, Congre-
gational church, a store and thirty other
residences were laid in ashes. Twenty
families are homeless.

Earle Morine, aged 18 years was
drowned before his father's eyes at
Halifax on Sunday, while the latter was
busy to the rescue. The young man
was dorying near the shore, and he
went down as they were hammering
with another boat in response to the
boy's frenzied cries.

Halley's comet was seen for the first
time Thursday morning last by the
Dominion Observatory Astronomers at
Ottawa who had been watching for it
for two weeks. It is not visible to the
naked eye, and will not be within
range of vision by general public for
some time.

Weakened by a raging fire, the walls
of the building used as a storage ware-
house at Salem Mass. suddenly bulged
out on Friday evening the second floor
down, bearing with it nine firemen and
crashing into smoking debris below.
Two of the fire-fighters managed to
scramble to safety unhurt, but the re-
maining seven received serious injuries.

Ronald Morris, a society girl, who
was so badly burned by flaming gasoline
in an automobile collision that she can
no longer wear her low-necked evening
gown, was awarded \$20,000 damages
from the Metropolitan Street Railway,
New York.

Six men were burned to death in a
fire on the 19th which destroyed the
workshop of the County Jail at New
Haven, Conn. Three convicts were
saved through the heroism of other
firemen outside. The bodies of the six
men were found after the debris cooled.
Many other firemen were fearfully
burned, but remained at their work.

Advices of the 16th, from San Jose,
Costa Rica: During the past thirty
hours, this city and the surrounding
country has experienced thirty consecu-
tive earthquake shocks. The earth-
quakes greatly alarmed the people. All
are abandoning their houses, and the
whole population is panic stricken.
The losses so far sustained throughout
the country are estimated at over \$1,-
000,000. No loss of life has been re-
ported.

After several hours steady rain, it
turned to sleet and snow, and almost
the whole of Western Canada was
covered with a white mantle the 19th
with 10 or 12 degrees of freezing. The
reports indicate that wheat at several
points is two to four inches above
the ground, and will suffer if the cold
continues. This was the news from Win-
nipeg on the 19th.

Noting of natives of Changsha
China. Already three missions have
been destroyed and have for the safety
of other missions are abandoned. It is
reported that the Governor was injured.
The Governor's Yalms, in which the
missionaries and other foreigners fled
and were taken aboard a merchant
steamer. The British consulate and
Customs office were abandoned. Two
British gunboats are burning to the
ground. The properties destroyed are
the buildings of the Wesleyan China
mission of the Methodist Church, the
Jesuit mission, and that of the Nor-
wegian mission. This was the news
from Shanghai on the 19th.

Conservative Convention Postponed.

In Ottawa on the 12th, inst.,
much was done by the Conserva-
tives in council to clear up the
political situation. In the morning
an important and generally
attended caucus of the Conserva-
tive members was held and in the
afternoon there was a meeting of
the committee of preliminary ar-
rangements for the Conservative
convention. At this, it was re-
solved to postpone the national
convention, which probably will
take place next year. The caucus
had a direct bearing upon the
widely circulated reports that
there are dissensions within the
Conservative party and in particu-
lar upon the allegations that
there is disloyalty to Mr. R. L.
Borden. Under the circumstances,
Mr. Borden after meeting the
members, repaired to the House,
where an important bill was be-
ing moved by the Government,
thus permitting the most unre-
strained expression of opinion.
The caucus broke up amid hearty
cheering, and the chairman, Mr.
G. H. Perley, issued the follow-
ing official statement: "At a Con-
servative caucus this morning, a
discussion took place regarding
the extraordinary reports that
have lately appeared in the news-
papers concerning dissensions in
the Conservative party and alleged
criticism of the leadership of
Mr. R. L. Borden. "There
seems to have been no real founda-
tion for any such reports and the
caucus unanimously passed a
resolution expressing its explicit
confidence in Mr. Borden as the
leader of the Liberal Conserva-
tive party and its unanimous de-
sire that he should continue to
hold that position and pledged to
him its allegiance and loyalty."

A fire causing serious damage oc-
curred on the premises of Mr. John
Sinnott, St. Peter's Harbor on Thurs-
day night last. Between 9 and 9 o'clock,
Mr. Sinnott accompanied by his grand-
son, a lad of six years went out to
the barn to feed the stock. The little fellow
accidentally overturned the lantern,
and the flame caught in the straw.
In a short time the building was on fire.
The neighbors quickly gathered and as-
sisted in saving almost all the machin-
ery, all the horse, and four of the
cattle. Seven cows, fourteen sheep,
a large quantity of fodder, grain, hay,
straw etc. were destroyed. The granary
and warehouse being close to the
barn could not be saved and the dwell-
ing house was only saved with consid-
erable difficulty. These buildings burned,
were large and well equipped. The
stock destroyed were valuable animals
and the loss will be very heavy. Mr.
Sinnott himself was severely, but not
seriously, burned in attempting to ex-
tinguish the flames. His son Rev. Dr.
Sinnott, on a brief visit from Ottawa,
and his son in law, Mr. McDonald, were
in Charlottetown at the time, in attend-
ance on Mrs. McDonald, who is ill at
the hospital. The Sinnott House is a
favorite summer resort, and is frequented
by many visitors from the United
States in the hot season. We deeply
sympathize with Mr. and Mrs. Sinnott
in their loss.

Fred Cameron of Amherst N. B. won
Marathon race of 25 miles at Ron-
ton yesterday. His time was 2 hours
28 minutes. His nearest competitor
was 4 minutes behind.

Mortgage Sale.

To be sold by public Auction in
front of the Court House in Charlottetown,
on Monday, the 2nd day of May, A. D.
1910, at the hour of ten o'clock in the fore-
noon, under the power of sale in a mort-
gage dated the 6th day of February, A. D.
1906, made between Robert W. McDonald
Senior, of Charlottetown, of the one part,
and Dorothea Lefurgey and J. Ephraim
Lefurgey, of the other part. All that tract
of land at St. Henoar's, bounded as
follows: Commencing at a stake driven
in the north boundary line of land formerly
in the possession of Benjamin Darby,
senior; thence south thirty degrees west
three chains and thirty-three links; thence
east thirty degrees north one hundred and
eighty chains; thence north thirty degrees
west four chains and sixty-three links;
thence along the line of land formerly oc-
cupied by George Tanton, junior, to the
place of commencement, containing fifty
acres of land more or less, with the appur-
tenances.

For further particulars apply at the
office of J. Edmund Wyatt, Barrister-at-
law, Summerside.

DOROTHEA LEFURGEY,
J. EPHRAIM LEFURGEY,
Mortgages.

The Market Prices.

Butter, (fresh).....	0.28 to 0.29
Butter (tab).....	0.28 to 0.29
Calf skins.....	0.10 to 0.13
Ducks per pair.....	0.80 to 1.25
Eggs, per doz.....	0.19 to 0.20
Fowls.....	0.00 to 1.00
Chickens per pair.....	0.75 to 1.00
Flour (per cwt.).....	0.00 to 0.09
Hay, per 100 lbs.....	0.55 to 0.60
Mutton, per lb (carcase).....	0.7 to 0.08
Oxmeat (per cwt.).....	0.40 to 0.42
Potatoes.....	0.00 to 0.25
Pork.....	0.10 to 0.11
Sheep pelts.....	0.75 to 0.80
Turkeys (per lb).....	0.11 to 0.12
Turkey (per lb).....	0.16 to 0.00
Geese.....	1.00 to 1.25
Blk cats.....	0.45 to 0.50
Pressed hay.....	10.50 to 11.50
Straw.....	0.30 to 0.35

D. C. McLEOD, K. C. | W. E. BENTLEY

McLEOD & BENTLEY

Barristers, Attorneys and
Solicitors.
MONEY TO LOAN
Offices - Bank of Nova
Scotia Chambers.

J. A. Mathieson, K. C., & R. A. MacDonald
Jas. Stewart

Mathieson, MacDonald & Stewart,

Newson's Block, Charlottetown
Barristers, Solicitors, etc.
P. O. Building, Georgetown

Fraser & McQuaid,

Barristers & Attorneys-at-
Law, Solicitors, Notaries
Public, etc.,
Souris, P. E. Island.

A. L. Fraser, R. F. | A. F. McQuaid, R. A.
Nov. 10, 1906-2m.

Mortgage Sale.

To be sold by public Auction at the
Court House in Charlottetown, on Friday,
the 12th day of May, 1910, at the hour of
twelve o'clock noon, under and by virtue
of the power of sale contained in an In-
denture of Mortgage dated the 15th day of
March, A. D. 1906, made between Andrew
McCann, of Hope River, Lot 23, farmer,
and Annastash, his wife, of the one part,
and the undersigned of the other part.
All that tract of land at Hope River,
Township Number Twenty-two, in Queen's
County, bounded and described as follows,
that is to say: Commencing at a square
post fixed on the West side or edge of the
New Mill Pond, at the South boundary of
land formerly owned by Robert Simpson
and now or lately in possession of David
Flaming, and running thence West fifty-
five chains and seventy links, or until it
reaches the Eastern side of the North Road;
thence along the Eastern side of the North
Road South nine chains and fifty links, or
to the Northern boundary of land of Felix
Murphy; thence East along Felix Mur-
phy's North boundary line to the Western
edge of the aforesaid Mill Pond; thence
following the western boundary of the said
Mill Pond Northwardly and Northwardly
to the place of commencement, contain-
ing fifty-six acres, a little more or less.
For further particulars apply to Messrs.
McLeod & Bentley, Solicitors, Bank of
Nova Scotia Building, Charlottetown.
Dated this 20th day of April, 1910.

Mortgage Sale.

To be sold by public Auction at the Law
Courts Building in Charlottetown, on
THURSDAY, the FIFTH day of MAY,
A. D. 1910, at twelve o'clock noon. All
that tract, piece or parcel of land, heredi-
taments and premises, situate lying and
being on Lot thirty-one aforesaid, bounded
as follows, that is to say: By a line com-
mencing at a stake fixed in the north-east
side of the South Wilshire Road at a dis-
tance of thirty-eight chains nineteen links
northwesterly from the south-west angle of
slightly more of land owned by the late
Dennis as part of five hundred acres spe-
cially devised to him by the late William
Dennis, and running thence by the magnetic
meridian of the year 1764 north thirty-
seven degrees five minutes east forty-six
chains ninety-three links or to three near
line of farms fronting on the North Wil-
shire Road; thence along the said near line
north fifty-three degrees west nine chains
five links; thence south thirty-seven de-
grees five minutes west to the road aforesaid;
and thence along the same south-
westerly nine chains five links to the place
of commencement, containing forty-two
acres two rods, a little more or less.
The above sale is made under and by
virtue of and pursuant to a power of sale
contained in a certain indenture of Mort-
gage dated the fourteenth day of April, A.
D. 1902, and made between William Clark,
senior, of Wilshire, Lot Thirty-one, in
Queen's County, and Elizabeth Clark, his
wife, of the one part, and Theophilus
Moore, of Charlottetown, in Queen's
County, and Mary E. Moore, his wife, of
the other part, and by the said Theophilus
Moore and Mary E. Moore assigned to the
undersigned by Indenture of Assign-
ment bearing date the twenty-third day of
March, A. D. 1910.
Should the said land not be sold on the
day of sale the same shall be disposed of
by private sale.
For particulars apply to Messrs. McLeod
& McKinnon, Solicitors in Charlottetown.
Dated this 24th day of March, A. D.
1910.

Mortgage Sale.

There will be sold at public Auction in
front of the Court House in Summerside,
on Monday, the 2nd day of May, A. D.
1910, at the hour of ten o'clock in the fore-
noon, under the power of sale in a mort-
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1906, made between Robert W. McDonald
Senior, of Charlottetown, of the one part,
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Lefurgey, of the other part. All that tract
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west four chains and sixty-three links;
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cupied by George Tanton, junior, to the
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Mortgages.

MARITIME EXPRESS

—VIA—
Intercolonial
Railway

—IS—
THE
TRAIN BETWEEN

Halifax

—AND—
Montreal.

Meal Table d'hote
Breakfast 75c.
Luncheon 75c.
Dinner \$1.00

Direct connection at Bonaventure
Union Depot with Grand Trunk
trains for the West.

Line.

We are now supplying best
quality of Lime at kilns on
St. Peter's Road, suitable for
building and farming pur-
poses, in barrels or bulk by
car load.

C. Lyons & Co.

April 28-41

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To be sold by public Auction at the
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Flaming, and running thence West fifty-
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Meal Table d'hote
Breakfast 75c.
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Dinner \$1.00

Direct connection at Bonaventure
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Line.

We are now supplying best
quality of Lime at kilns on
St. Peter's Road, suitable for
building and farming pur-
poses, in barrels or bulk by
car load.

C. Lyons & Co.

April 28-41

KING EDWARD HOTEL.

Mrs. Larier, Proprietress

Will now be conducted on

KENT STREET

Near Corner of Queen

Look out for the old sign.

King Edward Hotel, known

everywhere for first class ac-

commodation at reasonable

prices.

June 12, 1907.

A. I. Hains, E. C. Donald McKinnon

McLean & McKinnon

Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law,

Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

Pressed Hay

WANTED!

We will buy some

good bright Timothy

Hay.

C. Lyons & Co.

Feb. 10th, 1909-2i

\$50

Scholarships

Free

To the Student making

the Highest Marks

during next term.

Calendar for April, 1910.

MOON'S PHASES. Last Quarter 24. 35. 50. s. m. New Moon 31. 11. 23. s. m. First Quarter 10. 19. 31. s. m. Full Moon 24. 35. 50. s. m.

Table with columns: Day of Week, Sun, Mon, Tues, Wed, Thurs, Fri, Sat, High Water, Low Water. Rows for each day of the month.

An Understudy to Saint Anthony.

At the Convent of St. Joseph in Penikese there was conversation. Old Marie, the milkwoman, standing under the deep porch, while her faithful dog snatched a brief rest from pushing the milk cart, heard all about it from Sister Seraphine.

Itching Skin

Distress by day and night—That's the complaint of those who are so unfortunate as to be afflicted with Itching or Salt Rheum—and outward applications do not cure.

"I was taken with an itching on my arms which proved very distressing. I concluded it was salt rheum and bought a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla. In two days after I began taking it I felt better and in a few days I was cured. I have never had any other disease since." Wm. L. Wain, Cove Point, Md.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

rids the blood of all impurities and cures all eruptions.

room behind the wired blinds, afraid to go out in the uninviting street, waiting helplessly until Miss Shelley should be ready to hand her to the sun.

Some one had watched her

and her unpleasant companion with interest from the moment of their arrival. He was a fresh-faced, curly-haired young man with a kind, honest expression. When he had first caught sight of Ailie he had stared and stared.

Troubled With Backache For Years.

Now Completely Cured By The Use Of DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS.

Mr. W. C. Deary, 12 Brighton St., London, Ont., writes: "It is with pleasure that I thank you for the good year Doan's Kidney Pills have done me. Have been troubled with backache for years. Nothing helped me until a friend brought me a box of your Kidney Pills. I began to take them and took four boxes, and am glad to say that I am cured entirely and can do all my own work and feel as good as I used to before taking them. I am positive Doan's Kidney Pills are all you state them to be, and I advise all kidney sufferers to give them a fair trial."

The Nurse—You've been badly hurt.

The Victim—What's the matter? The Nurse—You've been hurt by the nurse—Hub you with alcohol. The Victim—Gee, what I'd been turned inside out—Cleveland Leader.

Minard's Liniment cures Diphtheria

"Would you shoot a man who assaulted your veracity?" "No," answered the peaceful citizen. "I'd rather take a chance on his personal opinion than to go before a jury with a story that might convince the general public that he was right."—Washington Star.

GARTON'S BLACK RIVAL.

A strong growing heavy plump Oat, large yielder. Every farmer should procure a sack (3 bush.) of this splendid Oat which is sufficient for an acre, and thereby secure a good supply of Stock Seed for next year.

New Improved White "Ligowo" Oat

Improved American Banner Oat Irish White Oat New Market (White) Improved Black Tartarian

Write us for sample and prices.

Our Seed Oats are done up in three bush sacks sufficient for one acre.

CARTER & CO., Ltd.,

Seedmen to the people of P. E. Island.

WE HAVE IN STOCK

For the Summer Trade a fine selection of TEMPERANCE DRINKS!

PROFIT, CONFECTIONERY, etc.

If you need anything in Pipes, Tobacco, Cigars or Cigarettes, we can supply you.

DROP IN AND INSPECT.

JAMES KELLY & CO.

June 23, 1909—3m

HARDWARE!

Largest Assortment, Lowest Prices.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Fennel and Chandler

Being obedient is almost a lost art, fashioned practiced only by some old-fashioned children and a few modern husbands.

Snappy Styles

—OF— Solid Footwear

Ladies! Here is your chance, one week only. Box Calf Boots, neat, up-to-date. Cheap any time at \$2.25, now \$1.50, all sizes.

These Boots arrived a few days ago, a little late of course, but they are yours at the above price. See them anyway.

A. E. McEACHEN,

THE SHOE MAN.

Nov. 16, 1909—2m

Caught Cold By Working In Water.

A Distressing, Tickling Sensation In The Throat.

Mr. Albert MacPhee, Chicago, Minn., N.B., writes: "In Oct., 1908, I caught cold by working in water, and had a very bad cough and that distressing tickling sensation in my throat as if I could not sleep at night, and my lungs were so very sore I had to give up work. Our doctor gave me medicine but it did me no good. I got a bottle of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup and by the time I had used two bottles I was entirely cured. I am always recommending it to my friends."

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup combats the potent healing virtues of the Norway pine tree with other absorbent, expectorant and soothing medicines of recognized worth, and is absolutely harmless, prompt and safe for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Croup, Sore Throat, Pain or Tightness in the Chest, and all Throat and Lung Troubles.

Beware of Imitations of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Ask for it and insist on getting what you ask for. It is put up in a yellow wrapper, three pine trees in the trade mark, and the price 25 cents.

Manufactured only by The T. Millan Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff.

Being obedient is almost a lost art, fashioned practiced only by some old-fashioned children and a few modern husbands.

Muscular Rheumatism.

Mr. H. Wilkinson, Stratford, Ont., says: "It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Millers' Rheumatic Pills. Price a box 50c."

The government and the banks will not realize how strong the public feeling is in regard to useless money, until we have a gold coinage of our own. Many people are only deterred from using gold instead of bills of the large denominations by the fact that, as a rule, the only gold coinage available at our banks is the English sovereign which is so difficult to change into Canadian money because of its awkward standard of valuation, namely, \$4.86. But when there is available a Canadian five dollar gold piece with a standard valuation of five hundred cents, the banks will find that the general public will prefer it to the paper money at present in issue, until such time as thrifty boards of directors awaken to the fact that the public objects to the system of having to risk coinage from ancient bills, in order that the banks may have a few hundred dollars a year on their printing accounts. The prospects are good that before the Canadian five dollar gold piece has been long in circulation, their competition will put us clean money out of the market.—Ottawa Citizen.

Our store has gained a reputation for reliable Groceries. Our trade during 1909 has been very satisfactory. We shall put forth every effort during the present year to give our customers the best possible service.—R. F. Madigan.

Clean Money.

Canadian bankers express the opinion that the silver dollar, which is proposed Canada shall coin, will not prove popular on account of its size and weight. Obviously size and weight will be a drawback in connection with the new coin, but there is cause to believe that the same persons who are creating a demand for a gold coinage in this country will cooperate to popularize, under existing conditions, the silver "quarter." The more the microbe theory is being understood by the mass of the people, the more disgust is being expressed at the condition of the paper currency which is in circulation; and probably the worst offender in this respect is the people's own government. Without doubt, the most necessary paper money in circulation is the Dominion one dollar note. To be sure its condition is much improved in the last few years, but that is not saying much, because formerly a great deal of it was worn to tatters and uncleanly in the extreme. But really clean new Dominion notes are rare, and the most of them in circulation give evidence of having passed through many hands, and those out of the cleanest description. Under these circumstances the public will welcome the silver dollar for sanitary reasons, and, as the average individual carries his money in bank bills of the larger denominations and only needs three or four dollars for change, the issue of the new coin will probably prove more popular than otherwise would be the case. For the same reason many people will prefer to carry gold instead of five dollar bills, until such time as this country adopts the English method of issuing new bills.

Beware Of Worms.

Don't let worms gnaw at the vital of your children. Give them Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup and they'll soon be rid of these parasites. Price 50c.

Sprained Arm.

Mary Orington, Jasper, Ont., writes:—"My mother had a badly sprained arm. Nothing we used did her any good. Then father got Hagyard's Yellow Oil and it cured mother's arm in a few days." Price 25c.

When a man argues with a woman he doesn't. Neither does she.

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff.

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Manufactured only by The T. Millan Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

And why not? Did I misty the blessed Saint Anthony would not to her?

And there he is himself, or one as like him as two peas, and they are sitting hand in hand before the front door waiting for you to admit them. He is the image of the Saint in the chapel, and he—why, Heaven forgive me, I was going to say that he looks at her as the Saint looks at the blessed infant. When they came out of the train and he asked me for the Convent of St. Joseph my heart leaped; I knew it was the lost child at once. I take her trunk. I fly with it; I think I shall never get to you to tell, Sister Seraphine."

But before Marie had got so far the sun was flying to admit the lost child. What joyful thought to the Blessed Mother who is worried; to Sister, who is heart-broken. She feels as though she must have the lost child safe under lock and key, lest somehow she escape them again.

By the time she had finished embracing and crying over Ailie, the curly-haired young gentleman who had been outside the convent door with her when Sister Seraphine opened it, had disappeared.

Ailie explained that he had hastened to catch the Paris train at the station; there was not another for twelve hours. But Sister Seraphine and Marie knew better than that. Sister Seraphine was ready to corroborate Marie in saying that it was not the blessed Saint Anthony who restored Ailie to the nuns, that it was some one here a striking resemblance to him.

In time the legend grew; and Ailie's schoolfellows were ready to spread the tale of the Saint's answer to prayer, and to look at Ailie with wide eyes of admiration and envy while they whispered of it.

Ailie kept her own counsel; but in her heart of hearts she was very glad that Godfrey Deane was just Godfrey Deane, whom she was to see again after the year had gone over. Ailie was quite sure, although she was afraid she was a little wicked, that she preferred her deliverer to be Godfrey Deane, young, comely, kind and waiting for her across the months, rather than any Saint of the calendar. Katherine Tynan, in The Magnificent.

There was no need to ask Ailie to trust him. Her eyes beamed confidence on him. Again and again he asked himself in dismay what the good had happened to her if he had not been there to take care of her.

His manner toward her was that of a kind elder brother. He looked after her on the boat and gave her a meal. In the night train to Paris he made her sleep, making her comfortable with rugs. When she woke up as she entered the Gare du Nord she saw his kind, reassuring face smiling at her. She apologized for sleeping, saying that in London she had been kept awake by the noise.

It seemed a cruelty to take her on, but he did not dare to propose a hotel. As far as possible he smoothed the journey for her, making her rest, seeing that she was properly fed. "What should I have done without you?" she asked with tears in her eyes in the grey morning of the second day when they were approaching Penikese.

"I thank the kind God who sent me," he answered with a solemnity which rather frightened Ailie.

"And how strange that you should have had business just here! It is only a wine-growing country?" "Is it?"

"Why should I have business in a wine-growing country?" he returned.

"You have paid a great many things for me," said Ailie, shyly. "You will let mamma know."

"It was a privilege. You will repay me yourself when we meet again."

"But how shall I repay you?" Ailie asked wide-eyed. "I never have any money."

"I shall tell you then. A year—it is a long way off, but you will be growing. No, I don't mean tall. You are tall already. But good, wise, serious."

"You are sure that you will come?" "Never doubt it, Ailie." He leaned over and took her hand in his. "Though it were a thousand miles I shall come." She smiled reassured.

"You see my home is not so far from yours," he went on, "only just the other side of the country. It will be a long, slow year, but it will turn round."

"Oh, yes, it will turn round," said Ailie, "and I shall be looking forward to it."

"You won't forget me?" he asked wistfully, and his face flashed suddenly and then lost color again. You see we have come to know each other so well on this journey. It is like years and years' of ordinary intercourse."

"Like years and years," the child repeated. "I shall always be thinking of you."

Sister Seraphine shaking out the mats of the convent chapel in the cool morning was amazed by the spectacle of Marie coming pushing her cart before her with a trunk for its contents, a poor shabby little trunk instead of the usual chaise.

"Sister Seraphine!" she called breathless from excitement as well as from her exertions. "Sister Seraphine, I give it to you in three times to say I have found."

"Not the lost child!"

Some one had watched her

and her unpleasant companion with interest from the moment of their arrival. He was a fresh-faced, curly-haired young man with a kind, honest expression. When he had first caught sight of Ailie he had stared and stared.

"It is surely the little girl of the boat!" he said to himself; and then: "But how does she come to be with such a creature? Of what is her mother thinking?"

He had looked for a moment as though about to rush in and rescue Ailie from Miss Shelley. It was his St. George and the Dragon look, of which some of his friends talked, chaffing him. He was an impulsive fellow, this Godfrey Deane; and he had once or twice got himself into difficulties by acting on sudden impulse. Yet his impulses had done him no grievous wrong, for every one liked him, and he was the happiest fellow alive, or so he always described himself, adding that the great thing was not so much to be happy as to know that one was happy. His own good, happy face seemed to radiate happiness wherever it turned.

The little girl of the boat—why it was surely she. He and some of his friends of the Rowing Club had come on a party of children in difficulties on the river some ten or twelve months ago. This little girl had shot up amazingly. She had been only a child then. But it was a face not easily forgotten—the beautiful coloring, the firm molded white chin, the dreamy eyes with the thick lashes and straight delicate brows.

They had taken the children's boat in tow, had landed them safely on the green lawn of a little house that overlooked the river and made their boat fast for them. He had forgotten all about it until he came upon the little girl, unmistakably she, but sprung up into womanhood or what would have passed for womanhood, if it had not been for the childish expression of the face.

With a sigh of relief he saw "the barridam," as he called Miss Shelley, go. There is a great hurry he saw to the transfer of his bags and rugs from the first-class carriage in which he had placed them. He was going to watch over Ailie. She oughtn't to be travelling by herself. He glanced about with so unfriendly eyes at various persons on the platform.

He sprang into Ailie's carriage and sat down in the far corner for the girl as the train puffed slowly out of the station. He looked at her delicate profile, averted from him, for she was gazing out through the other window. The profile, pretty as it was, had the soft indeterminate-ness of a child's about it. It appeared to the young man's covetous heart as though Ailie had been a little child lost, fang on his tender

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