

SEVEN CHINESE IMPLICATED.

Leon Ling Was Not Alone in Elsie Sigel's Murder.

Chung Sin Not Telling All He Knows About It.

Elsie's Mother Insane—Made a Wrong Arrest.

New York, June 30.—The following of the zigzag trail left by the trunk containing the body of Elsie Sigel on the day following her murder has resulted in the implication of seven Chinese, all of whom, while not actually accused of having had a hand in the killing of the young woman, are suspected of having had knowledge of the crime and of the efforts of Leon Ling to dispose of the body.

Only one of the seven, Chung Sin, is in the custody of the police. Of the others, Wah Lee, the laundryman at whose place in 126th street the trunk was first taken, has disappeared; and Lee Sing, the chop suey restaurant keeper in Newark, is under surveillance. The four Chinese who were in the room adjoining that in which the trunk stood when the expressman called to remove it to Wah Lee's laundry, have not been identified, and still are at large. There is possibility, however, of one of these having been Chung Sin, and Logan, the expressman, will be taken to the House of Detention to see if he can identify Leon's room mate as one of the quartette.

The police and District Attorney now are satisfied that the Chinese has tricked them almost at every point, and that his account of what he beheld in the room adjoining his, immediately after the killing, is of the most fragmentary character, and what he has left untold is vastly more important than what he has told.

WANTS REDRESS. New Orleans, June 30.—Lieut.-Col. J. Alexander Pazos, of the Nicaraguan army, who was mistaken for Leon Ling, the alleged slayer of Elsie Sigel, and arrested here yesterday, declared that he will report the matter to the Nicaraguan Minister in Washington. Colonel Pazos arrived here yesterday from Washington, where he states he has been the guest of the Nicaraguan Minister.

MOTHER INSANE. New York, June 29.—Mrs. Paul Sigel, mother of the murdered girl, has been seven months hopelessly insane, it was learned today, as a result of the shock when she first learned that her missing daughter was dead in a trunk, killed by the hand of a "mission" Chinese.

Mrs. Sigel collapsed in her home, 200 Wadsworth avenue, immediately after the discovery of Elsie's body in a trunk in the room of Leon Ling, on Eighth avenue. Then it became plain that her reason had fled, and she was removed to a sanitarium not far from the city.

The girl's mother was unable to attend the burial at Woodlawn, and it is said, rapidly lost all sense of what had happened. She has grown steadily worse in the sanitarium and to-day was completely a lunatic.

The blow to the girl's mother was more terrible because it was she who had first taken Elsie, as a little girl, to Chinatown on her own mission work there. It was as an outgrowth of her mother's introduction to the Chinese quarter that Elsie came to know a number of Chinese as intimate friends.

NEW LODGE.

The Electric Lodge of Masons to be Instituted.

Hamilton is to have another Masonic Lodge. The great fraternity is in fine shape in Hamilton. Its six old lodges are prosperous and the seventh, Dundurn Lodge, organized two years ago, is making good progress. The eighth will be organized to-night. It will be known as "The Electric Lodge" and will start with a membership of 50. W. Bro. W. F. Montague is acting as secretary, and it is probable that Mr. Frederick J. Miller will be the first Worshipful Master. The new lodge will likely operate under dispensation for a time. It will be organized in time for the approaching Grand Lodge meeting. R. W. Bro. Wm. Birrell, P. D. D. G. M., will have charge of the meeting to-night.

Bishop DuMoulin has gone to Merriton, Port Robinson and Fortnall for a few days for consecration purposes. He will return to the city on Saturday.

HAVE NOT GIVEN UP KINRADE CASE.

Marriage in New York, However, Upsets Plans of the Provincial Officers.

Provincial Detective John Miller was in Hamilton yesterday, the presence of a circus in town, with its following of suspicious characters making it necessary for him to be on the look out. Naturally the first thing that came to the mind of a Times man who passed him in the main entrance, was the Kinrade murder case, which kept him pretty busily engaged here for some weeks, but before the reporter had time to speak his thoughts, the Provincial officer remarked:

"Well, so our friends, Mr. Wright and Miss Florence were married yesterday." Asked if the department had been doing anything of late in the case, Detective Miller replied: "Why, yes, we could not allow a cruel murder like that

Terrible Affair

Oklahoma City, Okla., June 30.—While driving his harvester through his fields near Ural, Okla., John Nichols, a well to do farmer, ran over his little daughter, killing her instantly. The child had walked into the wheat and fallen asleep. Not until the father had driven twice around the field did he discover the child's body.

A BAD GANG.

Russian Political Prisoners Break Jail in Siberia.

Kill the Guards and Start on a 2,000 Mile Walk.

Seattle, Wash., June 30.—A cable despatch from Nome, Alaska, describes a bloody outbreak of Russian political prisoners in the Yakutsk district, Siberia, and the flight of the mutineers across the wilderness toward Bering Strait, in an effort to reach Alaska.

The despatch says: Advances from Vladimír station, of the Northern Siberian Co., across Bering Strait, state that a band of prisoners in the Yakutsk district revolted, killed the guards and started on a retreat of 2,000 miles for East Cape, where they planned to take small boats and make the mainland of Alaska, 38 miles away. Capt. Kalinnikoff, acting Governor of the district, ordered Cossacks to take the prisoners. The fugitives, in ambush, killed four Cossacks and wounded twelve others, forcing them to retreat.

Approaching an Esquimaux village, the convicts pressed the natives into their service, and confiscated food, clothing and tools. When the Esquimaux resisted, a number were shot and the camp was left desolate.

Capt. Kalinnikoff sent a warning by special messenger to East Cape, and that place was garrisoned against attack. The report reaching here is that the convicts are expected to try to make Diomedes Island in the centre of Bering Straits. A Russian cruiser is expected daily at Vladimír, and may intercept the fugitives.

Capt. Kalinnikoff says the convicts are murderers and criminals of the worst sort.

DELAYED.

John R. Will Not be Here Until Saturday.

Owing to delay in the arrival of the Hamilton Ferry Company's excursion boat, John R., the Victoria Avenue Baptist Sunday School picnic to-morrow will be held at the Brant House instead of at Oaklands, cars leaving the Terminal station at 10 o'clock in the morning.

The K. O. T. M. excursion to Oaklands to-morrow had to be cancelled for the same reason. The boat was to have been here yesterday, but it required some finishing touches, and the company is determined to have it completely fitted up before putting it into commission on the bay. Every effort was made to get a boat to-morrow to handle the two excursions booked for Oaklands. Mr. H. W. Woodman, one of the officers of the company, spent considerable time in Buffalo and Rochester, but was unable to get a boat for the day at any price. Arrangements were then made with the Radial to handle the Victoria Avenue Picnic at the Brant House. The John R. will likely leave Kingston to-morrow and be here by Saturday.

Muskoka Supplies.

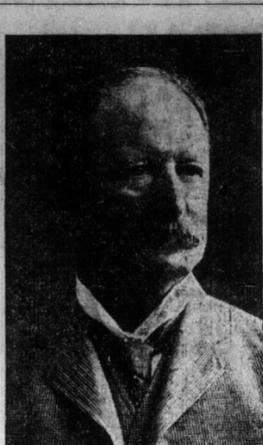
We are daily receiving orders for shipment to Muskoka. These give our special attention every article carefully wrapped and carefully packed. No extra charge for packages or packing. We have a most complete stock of canned meats, game, fowl, fish, potted meats, specially adapted for camping and hot weather lunches, a tremendous stock of well assorted wines, liquors, table waters, etc. Bain & Adams, 89, 91 King street east.

Miss Mary Woodhouse, bookkeeper at the synod office, leaves for England on Saturday, accompanied by her sister and an aunt. While in the old land she will visit Paris and other continental cities.

ONE LAST STRONG PULL AND VICTORY IS ASSURED.

Hard work until 6.15! That will make the Y. M. C. A. \$50,000 campaign fund sure. Enthusiasm prevailed at the noon luncheon to-day. The tables were crowded, but no totals were given out. President Powis announced that the \$50,000 had not yet been secured, but he was sure it would be. All that was required was an afternoon of hard work, and a glance around the room was enough to convince one that the canvassers were ready and eager for the work. Mr. Cyrus A. Birge and the Spectator are among the \$1,000 subscribers to-day. The report to date is:

Table with 2 columns: Name and Amount. Includes Robert Mills (\$5,000), Geo. Rutherford (\$3,000), Thomas W. Watkins (\$2,000), Alfred Powis (\$1,000), J. J. Greene (\$1,000), Eagle Knitting Co. (\$1,000), Col. J. J. Grafton (\$1,000), Mrs. H. P. Coburn (\$1,000), H. L. Frost (\$1,000), Cyrus Birge (\$1,000), The Spectator Pig. Co. (\$1,000), D. Aitchison Co. (\$600), F. E. Dalley (\$500), John E. Brown (\$500), J. Orr Callaghan (\$500), Geo. Vallance (\$500), Chas. Mills (\$500), Wm. Vallance (\$500), Eli Van Allen (\$500), Friend (\$500), J. M. Young (\$500), Friend (\$500), C. S. Wilcox (\$500), Sanford Mfg. Co. (\$500), Mrs. Wm. Hendrie (\$500), G. W. Robinson (\$500). Daily Totals: June 24 (\$16,162), June 25 (6,326), June 26 (5,366).



The above is the Times' guess at the man who will be the happiest individual in Hamilton to-night.

June 28 4,606
June 29 10,297
The employees of the Wood-Vallance Co., who started out last Monday to raise \$100 for the fund, secured \$50 more than this amount, the total to-day including \$150 as a result of their efforts.

YESTERDAY'S GREAT WORK.

The Y. M. C. A. workers are on the home stretch and, as soon as they turned in their reports and heard their fel-

low workers' returns yesterday, they started bustling in all directions to secure the balance of the fund of \$50,000 by to-night. The final reports will be received this evening at the Knox-Morgan building. There is no possibility whatever of the time of the campaign being extended and every available pledge must be in the hands of the committee to-day.

It was decided to have two meetings to-day, the usual one at 12.30 o'clock, and a second in the evening, to afford the captains and their lieutenants a last chance to round up the balance still needed to make solid the big conditional gifts and assure a new building for the boys' department of the Y. M. C. A.

Yesterday was a strenuous day for the teams of the Business Men's Committee, and the reports placed several of them in such close standing for first place that the outcome will be watched with interest. When the official totals were given out No. 3 had moved up to second place, with a total for the day of \$1,965. The banner report, except in point of amount, was that submitted by team No. 4, through its captain, D. M. Barton. Its total of \$1,461 represented 40 contributions of sixteen different denominations. It was probably the most representative report given by any team since the canvass started. Team No. 10 was still in the lead when the pledges had all been recorded in the books, as the following tabulation indicates:

Table with 2 columns: Name and Amount. Includes No. 10-F. R. Smith (\$4,138), No. 3-R. T. Kelley (3,927), No. 4-D. M. Barton (3,521), No. 1-B. O. Hooper (2,102), No. 2-N. E. Adams (1,674), No. 9-W. H. Seymour (1,642), No. 7-J. H. Horning (1,511), No. 8-G. H. Lees (1,200), No. 5-F. E. Shepard (896), No. 6-F. McElroy (711).

The noon meetings this week have been decidedly better attended and more enthusiastic than those held last week. In point of general success, the (Continued on Page 10.)

Killed in Tornado

Grand Fork, N. D., June 30.—Scores of people were injured and 25 farm buildings within a radius of 16 square miles were destroyed, as a result of a series of tornadoes which swept over an area near Niles, Benson County, last night. Unconfirmed reports from Leeds state that 8 persons were killed and a report was received from Minnewakee that one woman was killed, several were injured and the town was destroyed.



REV. ANNA SHAW.

"Votes for women" is the cause, the issue which will come before the people of the State of Washington in November. Mrs. Clarence Mackay, wife of the capitalist; Rev. Anna Shaw, and other of the leading suffragettes of the country, will conduct a whirlwind campaign across the state from the back platform of their special train.

WHAT ARE THEY

Dismembered Parts, Wrapped in Paper, Found in Packing Box.

Police Chief Has Not Yet Asked Coroner to Examine Flesh.

Niagara Falls, Ont., June 29.—Chief Mains, of the Ontario police, believes that he may have a murder mystery on his hands. Last Friday morning Dan McIntyre, a section man on the Washab, about four miles from this city, found a packing box containing what appeared to be the remains of a human being. The dismembered parts were wrapped in paper. The flesh was in so advanced a state of putrefaction that it was hard to arrive at an absolute conclusion as to whether it was human or not.

The Hess Street School playground won't be running a week when you will wonder why you didn't think of that before.

A Noise Prevention Society may yet be needed in Hamilton. In these days of watches and clocks, bells and whistles are scarcely required.

But T. J. Stewart has not yet publicly denied that he was the author of the famous or infamous Wright power circular.

The policemen should understand that their "guns" are only to be used for self-defence. To know this may save a lot of trouble some other time.

There is some talk of a few of the subscribers to the Patriotic Fund getting up a petition calling a meeting of the subscribers to consider what they want done with the money. But the trustees shouldn't wait for such a petition. They should call a meeting.

The trouble is, there are lots of by-laws that are not enforced.

What are you going to do to-morrow? Who said there was nothing new under the sun? The Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exhibition is to have a woman suffrage day. Now there.

Was your name on the honor roll last evening? Now bring on your strawberry festivals. The time is short.

If the Chinese want to make themselves solid with the American man they will do their best to deliver up murderer Ling to the authorities.

Emboldened by the escape of the Toronto World from prosecution by the Mayor, the Hamilton Herald seems to be sailing as close to the wind as it can. But it's a mean trick to slander a man that way.

Now that the newspapers have announced over and over again that a union station is to be built, the railway companies might as well begin to build it.

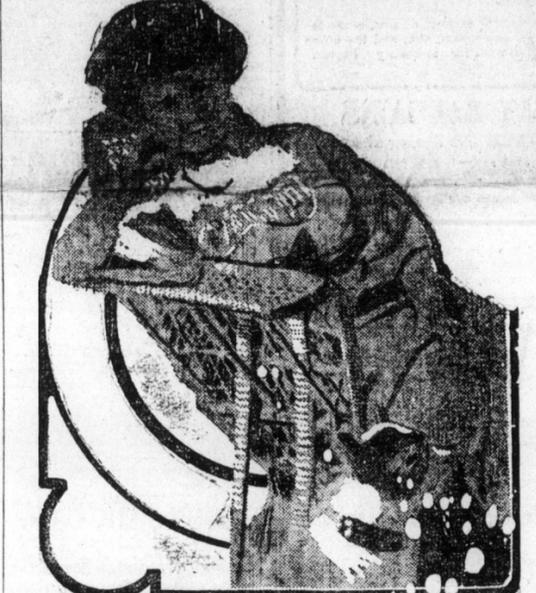
Has anybody got a good word to say for the housefly. It needs a certificate of character in the worst way.

When the airships are properly commercialized, our automobiles will be sent to the scrap heap.

So the babies must die for 'want of a few hundred dollars. Murder!

Take keer of yourself to-morrow.

If there really was anything wrong with Florence before, she's now all Wright, all Wright.



MRS. WOODILL AS A GIRL.

Photograph taken of Broker Eastman's victim about the time her foster brother, Chas. Thompson, committed suicide because she rejected him.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Martyn Pasmore, Master Herbert Pasmore and Miss Copp will leave on Friday for England.

Rev. Dr. J. V. Smith, the new pastor of Centenary Church, has taken up his residence at the parsonage.

Mrs. J. Brenner, Mrs. A. Cubban, Mrs. T. Gillies and Miss Garrow will leave here on Friday for Glasgow.

Capt. W. G. Reid has arrived home after a month's visit through Southern States. He looks much benefited by his trip.

Mrs. E. Pearce and Mrs. J. Perrin, of Montreal, are on a short visit to Mrs. John Findlay, 234 Catharine street north.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Evans leave for England and Scotland on July 23, and will be away until the second week in September.

Miss Annie Cleary, of 412 Hughson street north, left yesterday for West Bay City, Mich., where she will spend a few weeks' vacation.

Rev. E. B. Lancelley has a farewell at his London church on Thursday, and will be here on Saturday. He has a cottage at Grimshy, where he will spend part of the summer with his family.

A marriage of more than ordinary interest took place yesterday at Belleville, when Miss Greta Peterson, who for several years was assistant preceptress of Albert College, was married to Mr. Harry Plewman. After a couple of weeks in Muskoka they will take up their home in Hamilton.

DELIGHTFUL WATER TRIP.

The ideal way to spend Dominion Day is to take a trip on the fine, commodious steamer Turbinia, which leaves Hamilton, foot of John street, at 10.45 a. m., 5.30 p. m. and 10.15 p. m., and returning leaves Toronto at 8 a. m., 2 p. m. and 8 p. m. The beauty of scenery along the route is unsurpassed, and the evening sail home by moonlight promises to be delightful. Take this in to-morrow.

HELD COURT.

Cream Separator Case Tried by Judge Snider This Morning.

At the special sitting of the County Court this morning, the action of the Petrie Manufacturing Co., against H. Mumford, of Trenton, was tried by Judge Snider.

The parties entered into a contract in July, 1907, whereby the defendant became the agent of the company, and received a number of cream separators, part of which he sold. At the time the contract terminated, Sept. 3, 1908, there were three left which had a total value of \$168. The defendant, it was alleged, refused to return these, and the plaintiffs entered action for their recovery.

The defendant claims there is still owing him \$60.25, under the contract, which amount plaintiffs refused to pay. He offered to return these if the company would pay the freight, and his commission. This, he said, he was still willing to do. Judgment was reserved.

Mr. S. D. Biggar appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. A. Abbott, of Trenton, for defendant.

The appeal of Messrs. J. Seamens, H. Smernoo and E. A. Green against a fine imposed by Magistrate Jelfs for breach of the Lord's Day Act, which was to have been tried this morning, was laid over until next week. The day of trial was not fixed.

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES.

To rent at \$2 a year on upwards, for the storing of deeds, bonds, stocks, wills, silver and other valuables. TRADERS BANK OF CANADA.

THE MAN IN OVERALLS

No Times to-morrow.

What have you done for the boys? Congratulations, Mr. Wright.

There seems to be a special temptation about bicycles. Men and boys steal them who would never think of stealing anything else.

I told you we would have trouble with these power by-laws. More law costs and more experts to pay.

It was a sure thing the Herald was looking for.

No money to save babies' lives. Think of that, mothers!

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NO STANDING IN CANADA.

Pinkertons Employed at Race Trace Lose Case.

Arrested Alleged Thief and He Battered One of Them.

Dundurn Park Restaurant Keeper Fined For Sunday Selling.

Three American detectives received a setback at the Police Court this morning when Magistrate Jelfs made them plainly understand that they could not come to this country and indiscriminately arrest people at their own pleasure without a warrant from the local authorities. Three Pinkerton men are employed by the Hamilton Jockey Club to keep an eye on the professional thieves who follow the races, and see that no picking of pockets goes on. Last Wednesday two of these detectives arrested a colored man by the name of Wesley Walsh. The negro resisted and a struggle followed, in which Edward Shevlin, one of the detectives, received two or three punches. Walsh was finally subdued and handed over to the local police, charged with assaulting Shevlin. The prisoner appeared before Magistrate Jelfs last week, but was remanded until to-day. A. M. Lewis, counsel for the defendant, pleaded not guilty on his behalf, and declined to enter a plea. Shevlin took the stand and said that when Rembrant and himself attempted to arrest the prisoner he resisted, and began striking out in all directions. He was punched in the nose, head and stomach, he said.

The witness did not give any reason why the colored man should have been arrested, other than saying that he was a professional thief.

"Did you have any warrant for the arrest of Walsh?" asked the Magistrate. "No," replied the witness.

"Are you an American citizen?" "Yes."

Rembrant's evidence corroborated that of the previous witness. To an inquiry of the Magistrate he said that he also was an American citizen.

Mr. Lewis submitted that the detectives had no right to arrest Walsh, and that he was within his rights in resisting.

The Magistrate was of the same opinion, and gave the Pinkertons to understand that if they had no standing in this country, and would leave to apply to the Canadian authorities if they wanted to make an arrest.

"You are discharged," he said, turning to the prisoner. Walsh was profuse in his thanks.

Michael Martin was committed for trial on a charge of stealing two tickets from John Martin at the race track. A. M. Lewis, who appeared for the defendant, held that betting tickets had no value in a court of law, and therefore there could be no theft in taking them.

"Let them fight that out in the high court," said the Magistrate, as he signed the commitment.

For driving his wagon on the wrong side of the street, Robert Hammond was fined \$2.

John Foley, no address, pleaded guilty to stealing a pair of grass shears, the property of the Parks Commissioners, from William Roderick yesterday and was sentenced to six weeks in jail.

Joseph Goldberg, 57 Murray street west, was arrested last night by Detective Sayers on a charge of securing a quantity of scrap brass from the Canadian Drawn Steel Company, with intent to defraud. Goldberg was arraigned before Magistrate Jelfs this morning and pleaded not guilty. The case was remanded for one week, and the defendant was allowed to go on \$40 bail. The affair looks plausible last Wednesday, Goldberg is alleged to have telephoned the complainant in the name of the Goldberg Brass Company, saying that he was in need of brass and was sending a wagon down for some. The wagon was loaded and the authorities say that Goldberg sold the brass for \$50 and kept the money.

William Sky and Jacob Silversmith, Indians, imbibed too much fire-water last night and were assessed \$2 apiece their morning.

Hugh Hayes, proprietor of the Dundurn Park restaurant, was charged with selling ice cream on the Lord's Day. He did not deny the offense, but said that when he had leased the place from the Parks Commissioners they clearly gave him to understand that he would be allowed to sell on Sunday. The Magistrate said they had not the right to give him any such liberty. He was fined \$10.

"You are fined \$20 and costs," said the Magistrate to Mr. Holton, who was found guilty of driving his automobile at an unlawful speed on the public highway.

WAS COMPOSED OF FALSEHOODS.

That Is What Mayor McLaren Says of Herald Editorial—Hopkins For Mayor?

It is keeping Mayor McLaren busy these days nailing the falsehoods circulated about his attitude on the power question. This morning he handed the following statement to the press:

In the Herald of yesterday the following statement appears: "A day or two ago the Mayor was indiscreet enough to throw off the mask and declare to an alderman that Hydro-Electric power will never be brought into Hamilton."

This is so deliberately false that it hardly needs denying. No statement was ever made by me at any time to any one that could bear such a construction. Again it says: "Before the power vote was taken on

June 7 Mayor McLaren stated in the hearing of more than one citizen that if the ratepayers endorsed the Hydro-Electric contract and turned down the Cataract contract he would accept the result as an expression of want of confidence in himself, and resign."

This is also deliberately false. Again it says: "Mayor McLaren has recently been in private conference with Mr. Levy, the Cataract Company's solicitor."

This also is deliberately false. I saw Mr. Levy once since the by-law was voted on and told him if the company wished to do the decent thing by the city they would either institute proceedings at all or do it at once, be (Continued on Page 8.)

Use The Times for Wants, For Sales, To Let—10 per word, Daily and Semi-Weekly. Special price for three and six insertions. Always on hand—For Sale, To Let and Boarding Cards for windows.

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—A GOOD STOUT BOY TO work in a wholesale grocery warehouse. Apply, giving reference, Box 15, Times.

WANTED—SIX LABORERS FOR DOMINATION Day. Apply Wagstaff's new factory, Maple and Trolley streets.

TEAMSTERS WANTED—STRADY WORK to good men. Apply Armstrong Cartage Co., Forest avenue.

WANTED—AT ONCE, CONTRACTORS TO remove night soil by Board of Health, City Hall. Good pay.

CABINET MAKERS WANTED. JUTTEN'S boat works. Wellington street north.

WANTED—TWO YOUNG MEN FOR UPRIGHT drill and tapping machine. Gurney-Tilden Co., Ltd.

SALESMEN WANTED FOR AUTO-SPRAY. Best compressed air hand sprayer made. Specially adapted for spraying potatoes. Sample machine free to approved agents. Cavers Bros., Galt.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED—ONE HUNDRED FEMALE help to stem strawberries on Dominion Day. None under 13 need apply; good wage made from \$1.25 to \$1.75 for day. Apply Wagstaff's new factory, Trolley and Maple ave.

WANTED—WOMEN AND GIRLS TO stem strawberries, good work room and good wages. T. Upton Co., Delaware avenue.

WANTED—AT ONCE, EXPERIENCED general references required. Apply 141 Herkimer street.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED TEACHER for school section No. 4, Barton. Apply W. J. Armes, Mount Albion.

WANTED—A DINING ROOM MAID. Apply to the Matron, House of Refuge.

WANTED—A TEACHER FOR SCHOOL section No. 7, Calcutt; state salary. Apply, secretary.

WOMEN AND GIRLS TO work in a wholesale grocery warehouse. Apply, giving reference, Box 15, Times.

WANTED—A GOOD STRONG HORSE for ice work. Apply, Wm. T. Carty & Son, east end Pure Ice Co., foot of Wentworth street.

WANTED—SUBSCRIBERS TO THE SEMI-WEEKLY Times at \$1.00 per annum in Canada or Great Britain. Remember your friends and keep them posted on Hamilton happenings.

WANTED—SUBSCRIBERS TO KNOW that they can send their friends the Semi-Weekly Times in Canada or Great Britain for \$1.00 per annum.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

REPUTABLE YOUNG WOMAN WANTS work by the day, or a small family wash. Apply Box 5, Times.

SITUATION WANTED—A YOUNG LADY bookkeeper, shorthand and typewriter, desires a situation. Address Box 4, Times Office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

WANTED—POSITION BY GENTLEMAN used to office work; moderate salary. Address: J. K. Lindsey, 29 Caroline street.

A YOUNG MAN WOULD LIKE TO secure light outdoor work; willing to make himself generally useful; well recommended. Address Box 4, Times Office.

BOARDERS WANTED

YOUNG MEN DESIRING FIRST CLASS board and room apply 210 Gibson avenue.

PERSONAL

SEND YOUR FRIENDS THE SEMI-WEEKLY Times at \$1.00 per annum to any place in Canada or Great Britain.

MISCELLANEOUS

GET THE BEST THE SEMI-WEEKLY Times, \$1.00 per annum in Canada or Great Britain.

THE JOBORN TRANSFER AND FURNITURE moving vans; piano moved; distances no object; packing, crating or storage; very low rates; double truck for moving van; \$1.00 per hour for two men; for one man, \$1.00. Estimates free. Edwin Johnson, proprietor. Telephone 3025, 545 Hurlingham street, north.

SEE MISS PARFETTER'S FINE STOCK OF hair; one glance will convince you. Finest French, German and English goods; also American novelties and latest device information bags, jettie curls, wavy switches, combador fringe. Headquarters for theatrical wigs, etc. Remember the place, 197 King street west, above Park.

MEDICAL

JOHN P. MORTON, M. D., F. R. S. C., Eye, ear, nose and throat. Office hours, 9-12 a. m., 2-4 and 7-8 p. m. Phone 1072.

SHANNON MCGILLIVRAY, M. D., 154 James street, west. Office hours: From 1 to 4 p. m., from 6 to 8 p. m.

FRANK D. W. BATES, M. D., D. E. E., Eye, ear, nose and throat specialist, has removed his office to room 202A of Hamilton Building. Hours 9 to 12 and 2 to 5. Telephone 724. Dr. Bates has opened an office in Detroit and from now on will spend from the 1st to the 22nd of each month in his office here, and from the 23rd to the end of the month in Detroit.

G. E. HUSBAND, M. D., Homeopathist, 129 Main street west. Telephone 255.

DR. McEDWARDS, SPECIALIST. Eye, ear, nose and throat, corner King and Bay streets. Office hours, 9 to 12 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m. Telephone 829.

DR. DEAN, SPECIALIST, DISEASES OF MEN, 39 Charlton street, Toronto.

FUEL FOR SALE

FOR SALE, CHOICE KINDLING WOOD; best in city. Ontario Box Co., 105 Main street.

UMBRELLAS

UMBRELLAS MADE TO ORDER, RE-covered and repaired at Slater's, 9 King William.

DANCING

BEADINER'S CLASSES FORMING. J. Beadiner's, 21 Barton street east. Telephone 3548.

MONEY TO LOAN

MONEY TO LOAN ON BUILDING and other loans, first mortgages, real estate. Martin & Martin, Federal Life Building.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES of interest on real estate security in all countries. No commission charged. Apply Lester & Laster, Spectator Building.

PATENTS

PATENTS, signs, etc., procured in all countries. John H. Hendry, corner James and Rebecca streets. Established 1869.

Advertise your Wants in the Times. 10 cents will do the trick.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—A LADY'S GOLD WATCH IN leather bracelet and monogram on back. Finder will be liberally rewarded on returning it to Times office.

LOST—SATURDAY, 19th, KING EAST car, bold hunting case which and foot-board. R. E. Parker, Binbrook, P.O.

STRAYED—A GOAT, FOUND ON ALBERT street.

LOST—PROBABLY ON ROAD BETWEEN John street and east end of mountain brow park, one silver chain bag, containing suit chain buttons, etc. Reward for return to Times Office.

LOST—A BLACK LEATHER BAG, CONTAINING a suit of clothes. Liberal reward at Hamilton Steamboat Company's office.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

FOR SALE—\$3,200 CENTRAL SOUTH OF King. Large detached stone cottage, with barn in rear. House contains spacious double parlors, hall, 2 good bedrooms, large kitchen and summer kitchen, bath, hot and cold water, excellent cement cellar (divided), electric light and natural gas; lot, 45 x 130 in an alley; land alone worth the money asked. Fine garden, abundance of grapes. Box 13, Times.

FOR SALE—HOUSE, FURNITURE AND land. Apply to R. Hooper, Mount Hamilton.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

INVESTORS—A NEW MANUFACTURING concern wishes to sell a portion of its 7% preferred stock. If interested address Box 14, Times.

TO LET

TO RENT—GOOD BRICK HOUSE, FIFTEEN dollars. Canada Square Co., Limited.

TO LET—HOUSE, NO. 83 VICTORIA AVENUE, north. House contains all modern conveniences. Apply 285 King east.

TO LET—HOUSE, 180 STINSON STREET, twenty dollars; all conveniences. Apply 14 Stinson street.

TO CLEAR 161 CANNON WEST, ALL conveniences. E. A. W. Pope, 4 Queen street.

TO LET—TWO HOUSES IN RESIDENTIAL locality No. 22 and 24 Bay street. Apply to Laster & Laster, Spectator Building.

ROOMS TO LET

TO LET—LARGE WELL FURNISHED rooms; private family; conveniences; natural gas. 276 Hurlingham north.

FOR SALE

TO NURSERY MEN, MARKET GARDENERS, etc.—A quantity sash frames and glass, etc., to be had at lowest prices. Apply to Wm. J. Armes, Mount Albion.

BARGAIN IN PLAYER PIANO—ALL LATEST improvements; regular price \$100, for \$60; automatic terms; latest music rolls. J. J. Haines, Pianos and real estate, John street south, near Post Office.

FOR SALE—GOOD HORSE AND WAGON, 10 Vine street.

GENT'S BICYCLE, SPLENDID ORDER; great bargain. 166 Cannon west.

GARDEN ARCHES, BORDERING TRELLISES for climbing plants, plant guards, cellar window guards. Your hardware dealers handle them. Manufactured by Wm. J. Armes, Mount Albion.

WOOD MANTELS, GRATES, FENDERS, Tiling. Choice Granite Monuments. Middleton Paints, Co., Limited. Furnaces & Eastman, managers, 232 King east.

BICYCLES—CASH OR ON EASY PAYMENTS. 260 King east. Phone 2188.

BARGAIN'S—PIANO BARGAINS—\$150 WILL buy upright piano, in good order, full size; cash or monthly payments without interest. New uprights at factory prices, \$5 per month, no interest. John street south, near Post Office.

QUARTER CORD DRY MIXED WOOD for heating, corner Cathcart and Cannon streets.

BOARDING

FURNISHED ROOM WITH BOARD; ALL modern conveniences; central, 138 Hunter street west.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

STANLEY PLATES, 3 1/2 x 4 1/2, 2c PER dozen; 4 x 5, 3c; 5 x 7, 5c. Seymour, 7 John street north.

PAINTING

H. and decorator; estimates given; thorough satisfaction guaranteed. Only genuine material used. 246 King William street.

PIANO TUNING

M. RAYMOND, PIANOFORTE TUNER and repairer, from John Broadwood & Sons, London. Eng. Send orders to 138 Heas street north. Phone, 1078.

LEGAL

BELL & PRINGLE, BARRISTERS, solicitors, Office, Federal Life Building, fourth floor. James and Main. Money to lend in large and small amounts at lowest rates. Wm. Bell, R. A. Pringle.

HENRY CARPENTER, BARRISTER, 50-52, Victoria street. Money to loan on real estate at lowest current rates. Offices, Room 6, Federal Life Building.

WILLIAM H. WARDROPE, K. C., BARRISTER, solicitor, notary public. Office Federal Life Building. Money to loan at lowest rates of interest.

HARRY D. PETRIE, BARRISTER, ETC. Office, Spectator Building. Money loaned on first class real estate security.

LEMON, BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, notary, Office, No. 224 Hurlingham street south. N. B.—Money to loan on real estate.

DENTAL

DR. CLAPPISON, DENTIST, ROOM 40, Federal Life Bldg. Phone 2014.

DR. J. L. KAPPELE, DENTIST, ROOM 25, Federal Life Building. Phone 2007.

DR. H. M. MORROW, DENTIST, 59 1/2, King street west. Successor to Dr. Burr, Phone 2047.

REMOVED—DR. BRIGGS, DENTIST, HAS removed his office from 38 King street west to cor. King and West avenue. Telephone 2054.

DR. M. F. BINKLEY, DENTIST, PRICES low. Appeal to the working classes. ARTIFICIAL TEETH receiving special consideration. MATERIAL AND WORKMANSHIP no better to be had at any price. Office, 175 King street east, Hamilton.

DR. JAMES F. McDONALD, DENTIST, Grossman's Hall, 67 James street north. Telephone 1299.

JEWELRY

GOLD FILLED WALTHAM WATCHES, seven day; alarm clock, eighty-nine cents. Guaranteed. Peddie, 212 King east.

E. K. PASS HAS FOR 27 YEARS been repairing watches in Hamilton. Let us repair yours. We warrant our work done in first class watch factory manner. Charges very low. Large stock of gold and silver watches, fine English made watches, diamond rings, engagement rings, wedding rings, marriage licenses. E. K. PASS, English Jeweler, 91 John street south.

TOBACCO STORE

J. L. ANDERSON, TOBACCO, CIGARS, pipes, billiard parlor, 21 York street.

ENOUGH SAID ALL ADVERTISERS Who Desire to Cover Hamilton Field Must USE THE TIMES The Paper That is Read in the Homes Goes Into the Homes. Are You a Times Advertiser? PHONE 368

Scrap Book Poetry

THE BOY WHO DIDN'T PASS. (Youth's Companion). A sad-faced little fellow sits alone in deep disgrace, There's a lump arising in his throat, tears streaming down his face; He wandered from his playmates, for he doesn't want to hear Their shouts of merry laughter since the world has lost its cheer; He has sipped the cup of sorrow, he has drained the bitter glass, And his heart is fairly breaking; he's in the apple tree the robin sings a cheery little song, But he doesn't seem to hear it, showing plainly something's wrong; Comes his faithful little spaniel for a romp and bit of play, But the troubled little fellow sternly bids him go away. All alone he sits in sorrow, with his hair a tangled mass, And his eyes are red with weeping; he's the boy who didn't pass.

Amusements

SUMMERS STOCK COMPANY. "A Bachelor's Honeymoon," as played by the Summers Stock Company at the Mountain Theatre, is attracting large audiences and is proving all that was said of it in advance. It is certainly one of the funniest comedies ever seen at this popular resort, and will no doubt do a record breaking business. A special matinee will be given to-morrow afternoon at 2.30. MISS MORGAN'S PUPILS. On Saturday afternoon the pupils of Miss Isabelle C. Morgan, L. M. T., gave a recital at Miss Morgan's home, 91 East avenue south. Miss Ethel Whitehead, soprano, assisted. The work of the pupils was excellent. The programme was: Folk Songs (duet) Misses Helen and Everil Webb. Serenade Lanciani. Etude Miss Isabel Hunter. Marche aux Flambeaux Lemoine. The Little Wanderer Clark. Valse Miss Ruby Van Alstyne. Pomponette Miss Jean Leadley. The Nightingale Ward Stephens. Thorn Rose Miss Whitehead. Sketch—At Evening Meyer. Miss Everil W. B. Swedish Wedding March Sodermann. Arabesque Miss Hazel M. Meyer-Helmund. Petit Mazurk Sapellnikoff. Roses in June Edward German. Nocturne Meyer-Helmund. Harmonious Blacksmith Handel. Morceau Miss Lena McGregor. Husarenritt (duet) Spindler. Misses Land and McGregor. MISS DONOVAN'S PUPILS. A most enjoyable recital was given by the piano pupils of Miss Donovan, assisted by Mr. Fred Murphy, basso, in the C. M. B. Hall, last evening. The hall was nicely decorated and well filled, and the recital was very successful, and a credit to a teacher. With the exception of four, the pupils were children whose ages ranged from seven to thirteen years. Mr. Murphy was in splendid voice. He received encores for both his songs. Two extra numbers were added, a duet by Dorothy Wallis, and Edith Barton, and a march song by little five year old Edwin O'Brien. The programme: When Lights are Low (duet), Englemann. Grace Flynn and Gerlie O'Brien. Conquering Hero Handel. Crocus Allie Thomas. Doll's Cradle Song Oeston. Rilda Wescott. Bell in Valley Wenzel. Harold Simpson. Marionettes Rhoda. Mignonette Lichner. Kathleen Simpson. Plantation Melodies (Arranged by Walter Hamburg Fox. Our Loved One Ganschals. Hussars Heins. Harry Gillard. Hunting of Butterflies Hirsch. Hattie Bagshaw. Vocal—Jolly Sailor Squire. Mr. P. Murphy. Under Palm Trees (Trio) Sinnhold. Gerlie O'Brien, Hattie Bagshaw, Marguerite Doyle. Sonatine Clementi. Vera Haygarth. March and Chorus (from Tanhauser) (Wagner) Dorothy Wallis. Coquette Bachmann. Grace Flynn. Valse in E flat Durand. Gerlie O'Brien. Recitation—Orphan Annie Hattie Bagshaw. (a) Consolation Mendelssohn. (b) Second Valse Durand. Marguerite Doyle. Polonaise Brillante Merkel. A Che La Morle Vardie-Osborne. Marion Byron. Come Back to Erin (transcribed) Kuhle. Marjorie Flynn. Vocal—Song of the Smith Capp. Mr. P. Murphy. In Festal Array Englemann. Edward Doyle, Maurice O'Toole. God Save Our King. Sir Percy Girouard has been appointed Governor of the East African protectorate. He is a Canadian.

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DELAWARE PARK What is Luck? The Exercise of Good Judgment THIS Survey is composed of three blocks. THE NORTHERLY BLOCK has 64 Lots and 52 of these are sold. Lots purchased at \$15.00 per foot have been sold at \$20.00 and are now held as high as \$25.00 per foot. THE SOUTHERLY BLOCK has 20 lots and 16 of these are sold. The remaining four are for sale at \$8.00 per foot. THE MIDDLE BLOCK, which lies between Delaware and Cumberland avenues, has been slightly delayed by the construction of sidewalks, but everything is now ready, and 15 lots have already been sold. On the north side of Cumberland avenue the price is \$18.00 per foot (100 feet deep). These are worth \$25.00 per foot. On Eastbourne and Westmoreland avenues the price is \$16.00 and \$17.00 per foot. These will sell for \$30.00 inside of two years. The Delaware Avenue frontages are \$30.00 per foot (100 feet deep), which is \$10.00 less than adjoining properties. This Survey is the choicest residential location in Hamilton and an investment here means a sure profit with no risk or loss. A cash payment of \$100.00 only required, and balance as arranged. DELAWARE PARK COMPANY, LIMITED Herbert S. Lees, Secy-Treas. Room 601, Bank of Hamilton Building.

WEST MOUNT SURVEY Greater Hamilton's Greatest Suburban Survey of Choice Building Lots This ideal spot most richly endowed by nature, should be seen, appreciated, we therefore extend a cordial invitation to all BUILDERS OR HOMESEKERS TO COME UP AND SEE THIS MODEL. It is the greatest snap in lots ever offered in Hamilton. Make your selection before prices are advanced. A Flatt avenue, City office open 9 to 1. Branch office, corner Aberdeen, Take H. & D. every afternoon, 2.30 to 5.30. Evenings, 6.30 to 8.00. H. H. DAVIS, Manager, City Office. Phone 685, W. D. Room 15, Federal Life

Hot Weather Ironing The New Tubeless Gas Iron is a 1909 invention. Intended to save time, it is a 1909 invention. Two best nickel-plated other is heating. While one is in use, every atom of gas is utilized. The price of the two irons, stand, representative will call. Phone No. 80. HAMILTON GAS LIGHT COMPANY

Fulton Jerseyville Now is the anxious time amongst teachers in the public schools, until the results of the entrance examinations are made known. Miss Clark sent up seven from the Jerseyville school. Rev. Mr. Awde preached his farewell sermon to the Jerseyville people on the 27th. Mr. Awde is now on the superannuation list after 40 years of faithful service to the church. Of those who entered the work with him, few survive. Mr. Awde has purchased a home in Hamilton, where he expects to reside and to enjoy the sunset of his life. The Cemetery Board have decided to erect a fence around the entire grounds, and not only in the front, facing the public highway, as was first proposed. The Trinity and Jerseyville football teams played a friendly game here on Saturday afternoon, resulting in a victory for Jerseyville. Mr. Flint Langs and family and Mr. Herbert Misener and family, of Langford, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Robert Marshall. Mr. Nile Smith's family, of Brantford, have become residents of the village. Mr. Smith A. Wait, of Niagara Falls Collegiate Institute, spent Sunday under the parental roof. A public and special meeting of the ratepayers was held in the school house on the evening of the 21st, for the purpose of selecting a site for a new school. The attendance was large. The discussion did not decide the question. One question freely discussed was how many pupils are the Trustee Board expected to provide accommodation for, and another question is there a "must" in the departmental regulations for all the pupils eligible in the section. Messrs. A. Grant, H. Dyment and F. Miller were appointed a committee to make inquiry and report at the next meeting of the ratepayers. BRITISH MAILES. British mails close at local Post Office for July: July 1st, 5 p. m.—Empress of Ireland. July 1st (supply), 9 p. m.—Empress of Ireland. July 2nd, 12.15 p. m.—Philadelphia. July 2nd, 6 p. m.—Meganite. July 5th, 12.15 p. m.—Kronprinz Wilhelm. July 6th, 12.15 p. m.—Lancania. July 8th, 5 p. m.—Virginia. July 8th (supply), 9 p. m.—Virginia. July 9th, 12.15 p. m.—St. Paul. July 9th, 6 p. m.—Ottawa. July 12th, 12.15 p. m.—Kronprinzessin Cecile. July 13th, 12.15 p. m.—Mauretania. July 14th, 12.15 p. m.—Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm. July 15th, 5 p. m.—Empress of Britain. July 15th (supply), 9 p. m.—Empress of Britain. July 16th, 6 p. m.—Canada. July 19th, 12.15 p. m.—Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse. July 20th, 12.15 p. m.—Campania. July 22nd, 5 p. m.—Victoria. July 22nd (supply), 9 p. m.—Victoria. July 23rd, 12.15 p. m.—St. Louis. July 23rd, 6 p. m.—Laurentic. July 26th, 12.15 p. m.—Kaiser Wilhelm II. July 27th, 12.15 p. m.—Lusitania. July 29th, 5 p. m.—Empress of Ireland. July 29th (supply), 9 p. m.—Empress of Ireland. July 30th, 12.15 p. m.—Caronia. July 30th, 6 p. m.—Dominion.

Harrisburg Miss Nora McNamara, of Chicago, Ill., who has been spending the last few days with her parents here, left on Wednesday for Buffalo, where she intends spending a few days with friends before returning to Chicago. Miss E. Washburn, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. W. Murray, the last week, left on Saturday for Toronto to resume her situation at the general hospital. Mr. Earl Cherry, of Brantford, was the guest of his parents here on Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. C. Vrooman, of Brantford, spent Sunday with friends in the village. Harrisburg and Alford football teams played a friendly game here on Saturday evening. The score was a tie. Mrs. Wilson, of Galt, who was the guest of her daughter, Mrs. G. Braithwaite, of the American Hotel, a few days last week, left for her home on Friday last. There was no service here on Sunday School on Sunday last on account of the reopening of the church in St. George. Mr. and Mrs. William Short, who have been visiting with friends in and around the village the last week, left for their home in St. Thomas on Friday. Mr. and Mrs. W. Murray spent Sunday with friends in Jerseyville. There was not the usual shipment of pigs from this station last week. Mr. and Mrs. James Page, who have been spending a few days with friends in and around the village, left for their home in Chatham on Saturday.

Mutineers Killed. Manila, June 30.—Word has been received that three more of the Davao mutineers have been killed in a running fight with troops. Of the company of native constabulary that mutinied on the island of Mindanao several weeks ago, only 13 are still at large. PIRATES CAUGHT. Hong Kong, June 30.—Fifty Chinese pirates were captured yesterday by the police in an untenanted boat at Macao after a sharp fight, in which two pirates were wounded. A number of women were included in the number

THE HAMILTON TIMES

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 30, 1909.

1867—DOMINION DAY—1909.

To-morrow the Dominion of Canada will be 42 years old. It is but a brief space in the lifetime of a nation, but those who had reached adult age and participated in the events preceding the consummation of the confederation of the Provinces are a rapidly lessening number, and many of them have passed the allotted three score and ten. Of those statesmen who participated in the deliberations of 1865 there are, if we mistake not, only two remaining. Sir Charles Tupper, 88 years old on Friday, and Hon. Senator McDonald, 80 years old on Feb. 14 last.

Disappointing to these veterans as was the progress of the Dominion during the earlier years of confederation, the last decade has justified their confidence in the success of the union which they patriotically helped to bring about.

Many of them saw dimly in the future a greater Canada for which they planned and labored; a few of them lived to see to a generous degree the fruits of their efforts. None, we believe, ever despaired of conquering the difficulties which beset the young Dominion.

What its birth the young Dominion had to-day pay them the tribute which is due to people whom prosperity in its fulness has forward and possessive of the land of the Twentieth Century with all the advantages and disadvantages of the age.

Our material prosperity is great. Our outlook upon the future is unclouded. Our rule ourselves. Peace prevails in our land, and plenty is our portion. We enjoy a full and general freedom of speech and of the press is unrestricted. Person and property are as safe in Canada as in any country under the sun.

If we make mistakes we are free to rectify them. The standard of living and of morals is a high one, and it is a healthy sign that there is steady pressure to raise it higher. The union of the four Provinces, Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, has gathered in the country from Ocean to Ocean and from the inter-latitude boundary to the Arctic circle. Dense forests and vast prairies are becoming prosperous settlements and the solitudes are becoming hives of human industry.

As we look around us to-morrow and reflect upon the changes of 42 years we must feel that Confederation has been justified by its results. Well may the young Canadian of to-day be proud of his heritage.

It may be interesting to our readers at this time to recall to mind the names of the statesmen who took part in shaping the Confederation Act in the days of 1865. We here give their names, the survivors first:

- Sir Charles Tupper, Nova Scotia. Hon. T. A. McDonald. Sir Oliver Mowat. Hon. Wm. McDougall. Hon. Sir Hector Langevin. Hon. Sir W. P. Howland. Hon. R. B. Dickey. Hon. Sir Ambrose Shea. Hon. Sir E. P. Tache (died July 30, 1865). Hon. Ed Whelan (died Dec. 10, 1867). Hon. D'Arcy McGee (murdered, April 8, 1868). Hon. J. M. Johnson. Hon. Sir Geo. E. Cartier. Hon. W. H. Stearnes. Hon. Geo. Coles. Hon. Mr. Justice J. McCully. Hon. W. H. Pope. Hon. E. B. Chandler. Hon. George Brown. Hon. Charles Fisher. Hon. J. Cockburn. Hon. J. C. Chapais. Hon. Col. J. H. Gray, P. E. I. Hon. Justice Wm. A. Henry. Hon. Justice J. H. Gray, New Brunswick.

Hon. E. Palmer, Chief Justice, P. E. I. Sir John A. Macdonald (died June 6, 1891). Hon. Sir Alex. Campbell. Hon. Sir Adams G. Archibald. Hon. Sir Alexander Galt. Hon. T. Heath Haviland. Hon. Sir Samuel Leonard Tilley.

It will be noted that Hon. Sir E. P. Tache died on July 30, 1865. Hon. Mr. Whelan did not outlive the first six months of the Confederation, while Hon. D'Arcy McGee, one of the brightest men of the time, was foully murdered before it was a year old.

Let every young Canadian cherish the ambition to do his share to make his country the great, prosperous, just, free and happy land for which these statesmen planned and labored. And let him not forget that "Righteousness exalteth a nation."

A SWEAT-BOX CHAMPION.

Many years ago British countries did away with torture as a means of extorting evidence from suspects and unwilling witnesses. The experience of ages has proved that not in such ways is justice to be served, the innocent protected and the guilty convicted. Not without good reason does our law assume innocence until guilt is proved. Its prohibition of moral or physical duress to wring admissions, or what may be construed as such, from persons accused is a well-considered protection of innocence which averts many tragedies which would otherwise disgrace the administration of our criminal law. The open court is the pride of British civilization.

It is therefore not without astonishment that we find Col. Grasset, of Toronto, rising at the meeting of the International Chiefs of Police at Buffalo to defend that odious, un-British and illegitimate institution "the sweat-box."

Nor are his achievements more worthy than the attempt. He adds not a word that tends to excuse resort to it that would not serve equally well to excuse the use of the thumb-screw, the boot, the torture by fire, or any other kind of physical torture to extort confessions from suspects. Col. Grasset sneers at grand juries, and his resentment of Judge and jury and newspaper criticisms of "sweat-box" methods as being "quite gratuitous," are equivalent to an admission of the weakness of his case. At one point he becomes almost defiant of the authority of the court, saying: "The legal, not the ethical aspect of the case, is what concerns the court. Its opinion as to the means employed, so long as within the law, is neither here nor there, and no intelligent officer, who is responsible to his own authorities only [nor will the Judges dare to question detective methods], will be deterred from following his case up in his own way, even to the extent of interrogating his prisoner, through fear of criticism or censure, by Judge or jury, or the bull-dozing tactics of grand stand lawyers."

This defiant attitude would probably be changed, however, if the courts would exercise their powers and deal with the first officer that abuses his authority by "sweat-box" methods, disqualifying him and giving him a term in jail. Col. Grasset in his paper makes much of the fact that a confession obtained from a "warned" prisoner after he has been "warned" is admissible in evidence, the prisoner being thus "protected." That was hardly worthy of him. The makers of our law did not have "sweat-box" methods in view. What "protection" does such a warning give to the suspect—it may be a simple-minded, innocent man or woman—who is taken into the police torture chamber and with no friend, counsel or legal officer to guard his interests, is subjected to the brutal, "un-British" "sweatings" which have made the name of the civilized world? Does Col. Grasset not feel the puerility of attempting to excuse the evils of the "sweat-box" system by declaring that the witness is "a scandal"? Are "sweat-box" ill-ties and infamies helped by reflecting on some lawyers' methods of examining witnesses in court, or their alleged attempt to mislead in addressing juries? Col. Grasset is intelligent enough not to count, for such a thing, and without that, his paper amounts to little. Justice carries sometimes under our system, and does not require Col. Grasset's paper to convince us of that. But he has put forward nothing to lead us to believe that the secret, unrestrained police license of the "sweat-box" would be an improvement. Let us grant all he claims against the "forensic bullies" of the open court, and still he is centuries ahead of the secret "sweat-box" inquisitor.

Such a paper by a Canadian can hardly fail to lead our law authorities and the public generally to reflect upon the danger of having in official positions men who are so much out of touch with British, with Canadian, principles and methods as to seek to turn us back to the days of the dark ages in administering criminal justice. It is unfortunately too true that there is a tendency on the part of many officers to get the idea that it is disgraceful to fail in securing a conviction after a charge has been laid. Such men will naturally be found advocating the "sweat-box." Like the thumb-screw, the boot and the rack, it might be made to serve their purpose in some cases; whether it would serve the cause of justice or not, is probably less concerned of theirs. But it is hardly likely that the people who have abolished the old torture chambers and "putting to the question" will permit petty police officers to establish torture chambers of their own and to use them in defiance of their own and to use them in defiance of the courts. We regret that a Canadian should be found voicing such sentiments as those referred to.

Well, this Hydro scheme has been a costly thing for Hamilton ratepayers. The local men who are pushing it could hardly hope to make as much private swag out of inveigling the city into it as it is taking out of the pockets of the taxpayers.

The Power Union municipalities may kick and squeal, but they waste their wind. Under the Hydro scheme they must obey the commission—and pay the bills. They have no say in matters. We do not wish to see Hamilton tied up helplessly to any such scheme.

If the forcing of the power issue before the city incurs heavy responsibilities under another contract is a "Catastrophe move," then the company deserves a vote of thanks from the ratepayers whose money will thus be saved in any event.

The equipping of one playground at Hess Street School will furnish an opportunity for the practical demonstration of the usefulness of the movement, which, we think, will become more popular the more that is known of it. We cannot be too careful of the interests of the little ones.

The Herald still refuses to attempt to show that the Times' computation of the loss to the city by the Hydro contract in thirty years is incorrect, although it affects to sneer at it. And it refuses to accept the challenge offered it to back its opinion as to the prices. But it can still resort to abuse of the Mayor!

British Columbia officers are close on the trail of the train robbers who recently operated along the C. P. R. One of two robbers overtaken near Ashcroft killed a constable and was himself killed, both firing at the same time. His companion is hiding in a mine tunnel. It is to be hoped that the entire gang may be captured or wiped out.

It might have been supposed that the anti-Hamilton Hydro power organ, being so cocksure that the Cataract project was illegal and the Hydro vote was all right, would be pleased to have the courts deal with the matter speedily. But, no; it is as mad as the proverbial wet hen, and expresses a fear that the injunction proceedings may succeed! What a great bluff bluffer it is!

The London suffragettes have made their thirteenth attack upon the House of Commons, and more than 100 of them were arrested. Their leader, Mrs. Pankhurst, struck Inspector Jarvis in the face. The police exhibited great forbearance in dealing with the furious tergamans. The unwomanly conduct of this unwomanly crowd can hardly tend to form any worthy cause.

Ald. Wright being experienced at Monday night's Council meeting the effect of contact with Mayor McLaren's high-tension transmission line, perhaps he may now become an advocate of stepping down the current for use at the waterworks. You see, if some aldermen knew the difference between a high-tension transmission line and a beer spigot, and between a kilowatt and a whiffletree, this power question would be easier for them.

commission has never dared to fix a price at which it would contract to supply power.

Other contract too? And that is why it now abuses the Mayor. The action taken will clear the air, even if it falls the conspirators.

Mayor McLaren fairly convicts the Herald of wilfully and deliberately falsifying his position and actions in the power matter. But to what good end? Every one who read its statements knew that it was lying, and the end which it sought to serve by its disgraceful course: And although the Mayor's letter exposes its villainy and enlightens the public mind as to the facts, it will probably not be many hours till the organ is diligently at work in a new effort to misrepresent and deceive. What is that adage about the nimble lie and the leaden-headed truth?

SEEMS COOLER. (Guelph Mercury.) Still when we read how hot it is in New York, we don't feel nearly so hot here.

TWO OF A KIND. (Ottawa Free Press.) A pretty pair of dirty birds, Denison and Graham—the one a crank and the other a snob.

THE LEMON. (Toronto Star.) A lemon isn't a bad thing to have handed you, if it is accompanied by sugar and a chunk of ice.

DOG DAYS. (Brantford Courier.) The canine population will come to the conclusion that there won't be any dog days this summer.

THAT BET. (Guelph Herald.) One of the Hamilton papers is offering huge sums of money as bets to show how little it knows about the Hydro-Electric Question—Where does the money come from?

THE HOUSE FLY. (Kingston Standard.) But that is not the worst of his faults. He is a breeder of disease, for, as he loves filth, he carries with him a plentiful supply of everything on which he lights and is not above depositing it on the food which has been cooked for the family dinner.

UNBRITISH. (Ottawa Journal.) Manitoba chief justice holds that the police are justified in extorting a confession from a suspect. This is something new in British law. It is not only new, but un-British. If the police cannot prevent crime and detect the criminal without resorting to the methods of the Inquisition, of Russia and of the United States the police are at fault.

GEORGE ROSS. (Toronto Telegram.) A public servant like George Ross is never paid in proportion to his exceptional and special ability. Canada's civil service does not give its best men an adequate reward in money. Employment under the Government may be a paying market for morality, but is sold on other than a poor market for merit.

THE NORTH POLE. Tromsø, Norway, June 30.—Walter Wellman and other members of the expedition that is planning to reach the north pole this summer by airship left here this morning on the steamer Arctic, with a large quantity of material for the rebuilding of the balloon shed at Spitzbergen, which was destroyed last winter by a storm.

ACONVALESCENT'S SAD CONDITION. Attack of Inflammatory Rheumatism Left Sufferer With No Appetite—Skin Peeled and Hair Came Out in Bunches—Bed Sores Developed—All Treatment Failed Until

A TRIAL OF CUTICURA PROVED SUCCESSFUL. "About four years ago I had a very severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism. I was taken very ill and was soon in a high fever. I did not leave my bed for four months, and during those months I could not move voluntarily; the pain was so intense. My skin peeled, and the hair fell out in bunches. I had three large bed sores on my back, and two on the shoulders and one at the waist. I could have cried the first time I saw myself in a mirror. I had lost fully thirty-six pounds, and looked like a consumptive. I did not gain very rapidly, and my appetite was very poor. When I was able to get around, I had all my friends advising remedies, and all guaranteed 'sure cures.' I tried many, but they were of little help, and until I tried Cuticura Resolvent I had had no real relief. That gave me such an appetite that I felt half starved about all the time, and I immediately began to gain in weight, my complexion cleared, and I felt better. The bed sores went very soon after a few applications of Cuticura Ointment, and when I used Cuticura Soap as a shampoo and Cuticura Ointment as a massage, my hair began to regain its former glossy appearance. I am really all made over, and cannot say enough for the Cuticura Remedies. Mrs. Lavina J. Henderson, 138 Broad St., Stamford, Conn., March 6 and 12, 1907."

ITCHING DEVILS. Are little patches of eczema on the skin, scalp, or hands, which are instantly relieved and speedily cured, in the majority of cases, by gentle anointings of Cuticura Ointment, the great Skin Cure, preceded by warm baths with Cuticura Soap. This treatment succeeds when all else fails, and is pure, sweet, permanent, and economical.

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ECONOMY in Gas Cooking. See to it that you buy a Gas Range that not only looks good—but that will be economical in use—a hasty purchase is often the fore-runner of big gas bills. The Gurney-Oxford Natural Gas Range. For instance, whilst giving the greatest cooking service does not burn up as much gas as most ranges do—and that's why it is so popular—then every feature is so up-to-date—new style burners, new safety oven lighter, wood oven handles, always cool, and many more facts we'd like to tell you. The Gurney-Oxford Stove Store. 16 and 18 MacNab Street North, Hamilton. Phone 2100.

LOVED BOB. Remarkable Letter of Woodill Woman is Given Out. Shows That She Considered Eastman Her Soul Mate. Saint Michaels, Md., June 29.—Letters and papers found upon the person of Robert E. Eastman and at the bungalow following his death, which throw much light on the mystery of the murder of Mrs. Edith May Woodill, were made public this afternoon by State's Attorney Turner. Probably the most remarkable of the lot was one which was found in the bungalow, and which was signed "Edith." The letter in part is as follows: "Is the iron immodest when it creeps through the loadstone and clings to its side? Is the seed immodest when it sinks into the ground with budding life? Is the cloud bold when it softens into rain and falls to earth because it has no other choice, or is it brazen when it nestles on the bosom of heaven's arched dome and sinking into the blue-black infinity, ceases to be itself? "Is the human soul immodest when, drawn by a force it cannot resist, it seeks a stronger soul which absorbs its ego as the blue sky absorbs a floating cloud and as the warm earth swells the sea, as the magnet draws the iron? "All of these are of one quality. The iron, the sea, the clouds and the soul of man are what they are, do what they do, live as they live, or die as they die, because there is no other choice. "I do not feel myself to be bold or wrong or 'in myself' for drifting towards you as I do. I would not feel myself wrong to go straight to you to-morrow. "There is ever and always some human soul to love and trust us, and whose confidence we would not after. We are not of our own making and our lives belong to another. "I hate existence away from you. Why do men dare to lift up their voices against the blessed art in others, which is but a greater, stronger, warmer spark of God's soul that they possess or can have the understanding we have one or the other and no difference can make us forget? "Remember me always as you loved me best, and though you were a bandit—a anything—my heart would beat in responsiveness to yours. "On the same paper, but in Eastman's handwriting, is the following: "Little dear, I can not live after our short-of-bless. With the coming of you and parting ever before me. If we meet in the unknown, let's continue the blissful times that we spent here. I am with you in every thought. "Still another footnote on the letter, which may be of some significance, were the words, in Eastman's handwriting: "Rev. Austin, Baptist. "Another letter found on Eastman told of the killing along the same lines as contained in the letter to his wife, although there are some discrepancies which appear to indicate that both were composed of lies.

KILLED BY BOMB. Sent to Russian Woman Detective in Basket of Cherries. Tiflis, June 30.—Marie Bakhtadz, who had been prominent as an agent of the political police of Tiflis, was killed by a bomb here yesterday that had been sent to her by an unknown person in a basket of cherries. Madame Bakhtadz was the widow of a man who formerly was prominent among the revolutionists. He turned traitor, however, betrayed many of the revolutionary leaders and then entered the police service and was killed last autumn. Out of revenge his widow became a detective and devoted herself to hunting down every one responsible for her husband's death. For several weeks past she had not ventured outside the police station.

I.B. ROUSE. Proprietor, GLOBE OPTICAL CO. The People's Optician. Highest qualifications. Agent for genuine Shur-on Eye Glass and new Truflit Shuron Spectacles. Lenses ground on the premises. Optical prescriptions carefully prepared promptly at moderate prices. To see well See Rouse. 111 King East. Opp. Waldorf.

Fatal Shooting Follows a Practical Joke in Atlanta, Ga. Atlanta, Ga., June 29.—Because of a practical joke, E. G. Williams, of the Fidelity & Casualty Company, of New York, is dead, Charles Beardley is suffering from a dangerous wound, and Donald M. Bain, one of the most prominent insurance men in Atlanta, is under arrest on a charge of murder. The tragedy occurred in an office in the Prudential building shortly before 6 o'clock this afternoon. Williams, who had a desk in Bain's office, had been out of town. When he returned this afternoon he found a placard on his desk stating that he had been sent to the state insane asylum at Milledgeville. Williams resented the joke and accused Bain of putting the placard on the desk. In the quarrel that followed, it is said Williams slapped Bain in the face. Bain is about 68 years old, and Williams is about 40.

POLICEMAN KILLED. Overtaken Auto Trying to Save Pedestrian's Life. New York, June 30.—Thomas B. McEnroe, a policeman, was instantly killed and four other men injured, one fatally, when a borrowed automobile, in which they were riding, was overturned, while on the way to Coney Island to-day. The car had been borrowed by George O'Leary from his cousin, Miss Clara Kreyder, of Brooklyn, its owner, and was only giving the other men a ride. The car was going at high speed when a passenger stepped from a trolley car directly in front of it. A sudden twist of the steering wheel to avoid the passenger sent the automobile skidding against the curb. The car was overturned and its occupants thrown out or pinned under it. Policeman McEnroe's neck was broken and John Brower, another of the riders, suffered concussion of the brain and internal injuries, from which he may not recover.

TAFT AT YALE. New Haven, Conn., June 30.—Commencement day at Yale University was honored by the presence of the chief magistrate of the nation, William H. Taft, 78, who, in adherence to precedent, as a fellow, donned the robes as a corporation member and walked in the procession, which is made up of the several hundred officers of the university and the candidates for degrees.

SUNK THEM. Six Hundred Deadly Weapons Thrown Into Lake at Chicago. Chicago, June 30.—Nearly 600 deadly weapons which the police have confiscated in the last six months will be cast into the lake to-day. The city tug will take the police department's custodian beyond the three mile limit and he will drop overboard the revolvers, dirks, slingshots, knives and other deadly weapons in thirty feet of water. This disposition of the weapons is prescribed by the city code.

MILITARY CHANGES. The following military appointments are gazetted: 44th Regiment, Grimshy, to be honorary major, Rev. G. Johnston, chaplain, 7th Westworth Regiment, Lieutenant E. D. Pennington resigns commission; to be quartermaster, Edward Dobson Pennington. 91st Regiment, provisional lieutenant, Henry Conklin Russell. The only cure for old age is to die young.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT SHEA'S MAY MANTON PATTERNS. Dominion Day, July 1st. Store will close at 6 o'clock to-night and be closed all day to-morrow (Dominion Day). On Friday we will have a Bargain Day in every department with special offerings at a 1-3 to 1-2 off regular prices. Blouses, Suits, Skirts, Underskirts. AND A Rousing Sale of Wash Goods AT LESS THAN HALF.

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THE BLIND.

Address by Principal Gardener Before Women's Congress.

Help the Blind to Help Themselves—Some Figures.

Herbert F. Gardiner, principal of the Ontario Institution for the Education of the Blind, Branford, addressed the quinquennial congress of the International Council of Women at Toronto yesterday on "The Condition and Requirements of the Blind. He said that the scientific definition of blindness is the absence of light perception, and the practical definition of blindness is a state in which no occupation can be followed for which vision is required. At an examination by the oculist of 111 of the 123 pupils enrolled in the Ontario institution, it was found that 24 had no perception of light, 13 could tell light from darkness with one eye, 16 had light perception with both eyes making 53 who were for practical purposes in total darkness; 22 had limited vision with one eye, and 36 had limited vision with both eyes, the range of vision in these 58 being such as a person of normal vision would have in twilight, in moonlight or in starlight, but in no case sufficient, sight to read ordinary print or to work like people with normal vision. In 23 cases the blindness was caused by optic atrophy, in 22 by ophthalmia neonatorum (infantile blindness), in 16 by cataract (congenital and lamellar), in eight by injury of one eye followed by sympathetic ophthalmia in the other, in five by injury by powder explosions, in three injury by other means, five aniridia and coloboma, five interstitial keratitis, four retinitis pigmentosa, four degenerated eyes (cause unknown), three keratoglobus, three refractive errors, two microphthalmus, two albinism, two brain fever, one underdeveloped optic nerves, one intra-uterine keratitis, one scarlet fever, one pneumonia. In six cases there was evidence of inherited syphilis. Besides the dynamite and powder injuries, there were cases of damage to the eye by scissors, by wire, by a stone thrown by a child, by a boy, by a crane in a workshop, by a gunshot, etc. The prevention of small-pox by vaccination has greatly reduced blindness, but experts estimate that 40 per cent. of the existing blindness is avoidable, and to this end the intelligent interest and action of the National Council of Women is required. Blindness is rarely, if ever, hereditary. Of the 800 pupils who have attended the Ontario institution, not more than three had a blind father or mother, while hundreds of blind parents have children with perfect sight. It is inadvisable for a blind person to marry one who is blind, not because of the risk of blind offspring, but because every house needs at least one pair of eyes. The influence of the council should be used to prevent the inter-marriage of cousins, which is a prevalent cause of blindness, deafness and other physical and mental defects. The marriage of degenerates and diseased persons should be restrained and prevented as far as possible. Knowledge of the proper treatment of new-born infants should be disseminated. If every physician, every midwife and every nurse understood the necessity of examining the eyes of the infant, wiping away the yellowish matter with a dry rag, and applying a drop of a two per cent. solution of nitrate of silver, the sight of hundreds of children would be saved and the sum of human happiness would be appreciably augmented. The influence of the council can be advantageously applied to the prevention of "accidents" in mining, railway building and other occupations in which sight and life are necessarily endangered. Members of the council, in their individual capacity, can help the blind by advising parents to send their blind children to the school at Branford. The institution is a school for the education of children and youth of both sexes, under the age of 21. It is not a hospital, it is not an asylum nor a home. Children whose intellects are defective are not wanted. Adults are not wanted, for the experience of all the way is demonstrated that the admission of adults to schools intended for children does much more harm to the children than good to the adults. Advise parents of blind children to send them to the school at once—better at five years of age than at 15. The separation is generally better for the parent of the child, but the good of the child should be the determining factor. Many of the children, on account of their affliction, are over-petted and spoiled at home. They are waited upon and convinced that they are helpless; they get little exercise, become flabby and dependent, selfish and ugly dispositions are fostered. At the school, they are soon taught to dress themselves, to eat properly and speak politely, to walk and run and play without a guiding hand. They find that other children have rights which they should be respected, that they may obtain kind treatment is to be kind to others, and in a community where all are alike afflicted each one is happier than would be possible for the blind child surrounded by a group of sighted children, in whose work and amusements he could have little part. Regular exercise, regular meals and regular exercise, with enough but not too much work, bring health, comfort and contentment, so that the pupils are always willing to come back to school when vacation is ended. Presumably, there are in the Province of Ontario more than 20,000 persons of whom 200 are under the school age. There should be shops where, under sighted supervision, the adult blind could be taught to work and be supplied with steady employment, the State making up the loss, if any, of the enterprise. Such shops are found in Michigan, in Wisconsin, in Massachusetts and in many parts of Europe, and it is within the power of the National Council of Women to secure their establishment and maintenance in Ontario. If the members of the council could read the letters on file at the institution in Branford, from and to the benefit of the adult blind, pleading for a chance to be taught to work, no argument would be required to demonstrate the need of such shops. The women of Massachusetts have a well organized and very useful system of home-teaching for the blind. The women of Brooklyn, N. Y., maintain a world of good in a quiet way. Pennsylvania has a field officer, who travels through the State, hunting up the blind, teaching them to read and to work, and incidentally locating and canvassing such children as are eligible for admission to the schools for the blind. The detailed story of these achievements could be read in the reports which Mr. Gardiner had brought with him for the perusal of those interested. He was proud of the work done by the schools for the blind, but it was not enough. Legislators are human and they do not meet together more than half way. They will act when they are pushed by public opinion, and



SCHOOL OVER—GOIN' FISHING.

THEY WOULD NOT APPROVE.

Board of Health Keeps Out of the Hospital Trouble.

On the casting vote of Chairman Crooks, the Board of Health last night declined to approve of the site of the Southam House for Incurable Consumptives on the Hospital grounds. Some time ago the board passed a resolution approving of any site the Council might select and a majority of the board agreed last night that this was as far as they would go. The idea of having the board approve of the site on the Hospital grounds at this date, after the building is up, is to strengthen the city's hands in the injunction proceedings threatened by Kerr & Thomson, on behalf of the adjoining property owners, if any attempt is made to open the home for the purpose intended.

The resolution approving of the site had the support of C. H. Peebles and J. C. Bolgan. Frank Gustin and James Dowling opposed it. Mr. Crooks pointed out that he had always been opposed to the home going on the Hospital grounds. Dr. Roberts announced that the estimated cost of collecting garbage on the east end mountain top and in the annex during the balance of the summer would be \$200, and the board instructed him to try and make some arrangement with the Finance Committee to have the work done.

The secretary was instructed to secure further information before the board acts on the request of the Council to pay an architect's account, for \$264 for preparing plans for the small-pox hospital, the cost of which exceeded the \$6,000 appropriation. The Civic Improvement Society wrote asking that the board cover several stagnant pools with oil.

KENSINGTON.

Crown Point Methodists Have a Jolly Picnic.

Kensington Avenue Methodist Church Sunday School picnic was held at Oaklands Park. Special cars were provided by the Street Railway Company, which also made the arrangements with the ferry boat people. A thoroughly enjoyable time was spent and every one responsible must be heartily congratulated on the organization and the carrying through of the arrangements made. About two hundred sat down to a good supper, benches and tables being set out under the shade trees in the park. After supper sports were engaged in, and the running was of a very high-class character. The 100-yard championship of the school was won by the pastor, the Rev. C. E. O. Dyon, an exceedingly popular victory. Through the generosity of H. L. Frost, of the Wire Works, and Mr. Thomas W. Watkins, of the Right House, and other friends, the whole school had free tickets throughout, and the superintendent, teachers and officers wish to gratefully thank all these kind friends for the assistance thus rendered to the work of the Sunday school.

THE STORY OF THE FLAG.

The Canadian Club flag on Dominion Day counts another national year, and while reminiscences of the year recur, yet the virile living present, this day, our day, which at the forty-second year past only, finds us a factor in the world, a weight in the balance of nations, a people whose works and words count, today must find in our hearts a strong response of honest pride. Of a right we are proud, by the right of success honestly won.

For ourselves and for our greater selves, our children, we will keep in mind the past that the present may be a fitting superstructure on the foundation built by our fathers, and that with the same patience and the same integrity, and the same industry, we and ours will do our part well.

A survey of the works and words of Canadians show that by our great range of successful effort, we are using well the generous gifts of the gods. With this growth of works there will be, if we care, as care we should, that higher growth, the mental field, where greater our refinements, our character, our tastes and our ideals, these, by which we make our standards, and Canadian Clubs everywhere have served well their day and race, in that they have welcomed them who by word and pen, have great thoughts have given to help their fellow men.

Confederation! States and tongues, hands and hearts, these, blended in the bond which makes us all in this great land Canadians. The flag waves that the sons and daughters of the older lands who come to us may find a welcome and a pledge, a British pledge, of peace, integrity and justice.—Communicated.

The following have been elected to the senate of McMaster University as representatives of the Alumni Association: Representing the graduates in arts, Rev. A. L. Huddleston, M. A., B. D., of St. Catharines, and Mr. J. H. Cranston, B. A., of Toronto; representing the graduates in theology, Rev. B. W. Merrill, B. A., B. Th., of Toronto.

LOCAL LEGAL.

The following legal cases of local interest came up at Toronto yesterday: Re Servos and Canadian Order of Foresters—L. Lee, for the mother, moved for leave to pay money into court and for an order for maintenance. J. R. Meredith for the two infants. Order made.

Re Ellis; Flatt vs. Hurdman—W. T. Evans moved for confirmation of report, for distribution thereunder, and for a vesting order for the purchaser. J. R. Meredith for the infants. Order made.

Re Jones—W. T. Evans moved for an order for payment out for maintenance. J. R. Meredith for lunatic. Order for payment out from time to time with the priority of the official guardian of such sum as he shall approve.

Burke vs. Saunders—H. S. Lees moved on consent for an order dispensing with payment into court and for distribution thereunder. Order made.

Rev. Dr. Carman, Rev. J. W. Stewart and other Methodist ministers left this morning to attend the ceremonies associated with the unveiling to-morrow of the monument to Barbara Hoek, the mother of Methodism in the United States and Canada, at the Blue Church Cemetery, three miles from Prescott.

TIMES PATTERNS.



A CHIC BLOUSE FOR A YOUNG GIRL.

8463.—There are no styles in shirt waists more generally liked or more becoming to young girls than the tucked models. This one is unusually pretty and suited to any of the washable waistics as well as voile, taffeta and pongee. The square-cut neck is filled in by a chemise, topped by a high standing collar, although, if desired, this may be omitted. The pattern is cut in three sizes—14, 16, 18 years. The 16-year size requires 3 1/2 yards of 24 inch material.

Pattern here illustrated will be mailed to any address upon receipt of 10 cents in stamps or silver.

Address "Pattern Department," Times Office, Hamilton.

It will take several days before you can get pattern.

It takes the ladies to create public opinion and make it felt. The lines of work he had suggested were worthy of the best efforts of the best women in this or any country.

DAY NURSERY.

The committee of management for the Day Nursery, 200 Rebecca street, are thankful for the following donations: Burrow, Stewart & Milne, \$1; Thornton & Douglas, \$1; Chipman & Holton Kuiting Co., \$1; E. T. Wright & Co., \$1; Patterson-Tilley Co., \$1; F. W. Horv & Son, Limited, \$1; Dowswell Manufacturing Co., \$1; J. H. Stewart, 50c.; J. H. Robinson, 50c.; Hamilton Whip Company, \$1; Mrs. H. Campbell, \$1; Mrs. O. Warner, \$1; A. M. Ewing, \$1; Mrs. Hillard, \$1; W. S. Biggar, 50c.; Mrs. Lees, 50c.; Mrs. Boyd, 50c.; Mrs. Alexander, 50c.; — Kent, 50c.; 13 friends, \$2.35; Miss Hull, 25c.; Mrs. Blandford, 25c.; Mrs. Crawford, 25c.; A. Morrison, 25c.; Mrs. J. Shaw, 25c.; Mrs. Kippas, 25c.; Mr. Neacod, 25c.; Dr. Morrison, 20c.; Mrs. Rowe, 25c.; Mr. Scott, hats; friend, toys, clothing; First Congregational Church, bread; Helping Hand Club, per Mrs. Collett, 106 West avenue north, four new blouses and eleven other garments for the little ones. Children kept and fed at 5c. per day while mothers work.

W. B. CHAMP A MEMBER.

Mr. Joseph E. Thompson, Secretary of the Great Lakes and St. Lawrence Navigation and Improvement Association, which has in hand the campaign for the deepening of the Welland Canal, has received notification of the appointment of President W. B. Champ, of the Hamilton Board of Trade, and Mr. Francis King, K. C., Kingston, counsel for the Dominion Marine Association, as members of the association.

CORPSE SAT UP.

Heat "Victim in a Morgue Coffin "Had a Nice Sleep."

Brought Back Life to Man With Electric Current.

Worcester, Mass., June 29.—Forty minutes after Joseph Remillard, aged 40, a baker's assistant, had been pronounced dead by the doctors at the city hospital, he sat up in a morgue coffin and remarked:

"What a nice sleep I have had!" Remillard had been overcome by the heat and rushed to the hospital, where the doctors worked over him until he died, as they declared. He was put into a pack of ice and was being wheeled into the morgue in the coffin used for that purpose, when Dr. Edgar L. Drew, the new superintendent of the hospital, passed in the corridor. He pulled back the sheet, looked carefully at the face of the corpse and asserted "his belief that there was a chance of life not being extinct."

The coffin was wheeled into the X-ray room. For 15 minutes Dr. Drew worked. Results, visible, none. Dr. Drew was insistent. He ignored the incredulous looks of the other physicians and insisted on applying current after current and all sorts of shocks on the officially dead man. There was a tremor of the man's limbs. Then the doctors eagerly surrounded the coffin in which the man lay. The muscles quivered and contraction of the chest heaved and that with the stillness of the room, Remillard's eyes opened, a faint color stole into the marble face.

"What a nice sleep I've had," he murmured drowsily.

"More electricity," ordered Dr. Drew. Just 40 minutes after Remillard was declared dead at the hospital, he was wheeled in the X-ray room to a ward and placed in a bed his name being taken from the list of dead and placed on the "will recover" list.

DR. JONES.

Former Indian Agent Died Yesterday at Hagersville.

Hagersville, June 30.—Dr. P. E. Jones, ex-Indian Agent of the Mississaugas of the New Credit, son of the celebrated missionary and chief, the late Peter Jones, and a personal friend of the late Sir John A. Macdonald, died here last evening after a lingering illness. He was a life member of St. John's Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, Hamilton. Doctor Jones was a graduate of Queen's, and a noted chess player. He at one time owned the largest collection of Indian relics and curios in the Province, many of which are now to be seen at the Washington Institute. It was chiefly through his efforts that the claim of the Chippewa Indians against the Dominion was admitted.

MURDERER IS SENT TO THE ELECTRIC CHAIR AT SING SING.

MURDERER IS SENT TO THE ELECTRIC CHAIR AT SING SING.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., June 29.—In the supreme court here this morning Justice Tompkins sentenced Napoleon Monat to be executed in Sing Sing prison the week of August 9. Monat was convicted last night of murder in the first degree for killing John Kliff, a restaurant keeper, at Hopewell Junction, last January. Sentence was passed while a jury was being drawn to try George Conrow for complicity in the same crime. Conrow is indicted for murder in the first degree.

Monat struck the blow which killed Kliff, and took \$525 from under Mrs. Kliff's pillow. His defence was that he was weak-minded, and that Conrow induced him to commit the crime. Conrow's defence, it is understood, will be that he had no knowledge of the crime before its commission.

Conrow's young wife sat by his side and showed much agitation when the death sentence was passed on Monat. Conrow was a New Haven freight conductor, and Monat was his brakeman. Kliff conducted a restaurant for the railroad men, among whom it was known that Mrs. Kliff was in the habit of sleeping with a large sum of money under her pillow.

Monat is 23, and his home is in Holyoke, Mass. Conrow, who is 26 years old, is a resident of Mattewan, N. Y.

The Ottawa Board of Control has authorized the issuing of \$419,000 4 per cent. municipal debentures for local improvement.

Stanley Mills & Co., Limited Wednesday, June 30th, 1909

Hints for Hot Weather

Proper conveniences in connection with the running of a house help to make the busy housekeeper's life a pleasant one.

Now that the hot weather has reached here for a certainty don't you think it would be a wise thing to see how and where you stand with regard to your outfit for the kitchen? It is the place where considerable time—and energy—is spent and to lighten the labor that is connected with it, there is every reason why everything should be at your fingers' ends. It would help greatly to take away the burdens in the heat of the season. Come into our basement where the air is so refreshingly cool and spend the time selecting such articles for your kitchen that make work lighter, if not a pleasure.

Refrigerators

They are hot weather necessities, which are in great demand these warm days. Our stock is well worthy of your consideration, both as to appearance and workmanship. We carry two lines, the "Glacier" and the "Excelsior" and they have given splendid satisfaction to every user who has been fortunate enough to purchase one. The time has come when a refrigerator cannot be classed as a luxury, but in this climate it is something that is almost indispensable. The prices for these lines of Refrigerators range from \$9.00 up to \$30.00.

Ice Cream Freezers

WHITE MOUNTAIN—Triple motion, will produce a delicious, smooth and even cream in four minutes or less. Interior mechanism plated with black tin and exterior parts are of cast iron, finely galvanized to prevent rusting. 2 quart size \$2.50 3 quart size \$3.00 4 quart size \$3.50 6 quart size \$4.50 Note: The capacities given are only wine measure. Ice Picks 15 and 25c Ice Tongs 35c Ice Cream Dishes 15c Refrigerator Pans 25c Garbage Cans \$1.00 and \$1.50 Bouquet Holders 10 and 15c

Oil Stoves

Single Burner Oil Stoves 50, 75c Double Burner Oil Stoves \$1.00 Single Burner Gas Plates 90c Double Burner Gas Plates \$2.00 Three Burner Gas Plates \$3.00 Gas Tubing, 6-foot lengths 35c Gas or Oil Stove Toaster 15c Daisy Tea Kettle 15c Two Piece Granite Saucepans, with covers, for oil or gas stoves, per pair \$1.00 Asbestos Stove Mats 5, 10, 15c Asbestos Baking Sheets 15c book Fluting Irons, for frills 35c, \$1.25 Charcoal Irons, single draft \$1.00 Bellows for blowing charcoal iron 25c Nickel Plated Sleeve Irons 40c Lemon Squeezers \$1.00 Ice Boxes \$3.50 and \$5.00

Early Closing

Starting Friday, July 2nd, and continuing throughout the months of July and August, this store will close each night (excepting Saturday) at 5 o'clock. Kindly bear this in mind and do your shopping during the summer months early in the day. We close at 6 o'clock to-night as usual and will be closed all day to-morrow—Dominion Day.

Stanley Mills & Co., Ltd. Beach Delivery Every Wednesday

STORE CLOSURE TO-NIGHT AT 6 P. M.

Another Great Friday Sale of Those Sample Summer Hosiery

We purchased from the manufacturers a full set of their sample Summer Hosiery, some 50 dozen, at a third saving. Fast and furious hosiery selling has been the order of the last few days and Friday's prices should mean a record day. They are in silk and plain linen, cotton and pure silk in every fashionable plain color, fancy stripes, plaids, coin dots, lace effects and silk embroidered designs. A chance to secure your full Summer's hosiery supply at saving prices. No two pair alike so an endless variety for choice. Friday bargain day prices at a third savings at 17c, 19c, 23c, 25c, 35c, 39c to \$1.00.

EXTRA SPECIAL

25c Huck and Turkish Towels, Friday Bargain, 12 1/2c

About 20 dozen on sale all day Friday. Linen Huck Towels and Turkish Bath Towels in extra large sizes, fringed damask and hemmed ends; splendid good wearing qualities. Regular 25c value, on sale Friday 12 1/2c each

45c Bleached English Sheetings at 29c

A limited quantity of superior Bleached English Sheetings, plain or with fine English Bleached Pillow Cotton, pure strong makes, 44 inches wide, twill makes, 2 1/4 yards wide, durable wearing quality, 45c quality, Friday quantity, for early buying, 25c, sale 29c

Early Closing Notice

During July and August this store will close at 5 p. m. except Saturdays. Encourage early morning shopping during these Summer months when our service is to your advantage and when the heat of the day is less felt. We close to-night at 6 p. m.

FINCH BROS., 29 and 31 King St. W.

FULL OF MINERALS. SASKATCHEWAN'S HINTERLAND IS REPORTED TO BE VERY RICH.

Prince Albert, Sask., June 29.—Prospectors who have been attracted into the north by reports of gold and copper discoveries at Lac La Ronge and other places in the wilds are returning with very rich samples of other minerals which they have uncovered. The latest to come in is G. Parkinson, who brings a fine sample of petroleum and asphalt which he discovered at Buffalo Lake, 225 miles northwest of here and in the same locality of strata as the famous asphalt and petroleum beds of the Athabasca River.

Nicholas Shoffe, seven years old, a Syrian, was run over and crushed to death by a dray in Montreal. The little fellow was dodging a car and fell under the passing dray and died in an hour.



EVERY ONE TO LOOK AT A Gourelay Piano

is fully designed to possess it. A most beautifully designed piano—graceful in every line, magnificently constructed and superbly finished.

GOURLAY, WINTER & LEEMING

66 KING STREET WEST, HAMILTON

MOUNTAIN CLIMBER HAD TERRIBLE EXPERIENCE NEAR FORT WILLIAM.

Fort William, June 29.—J. McKeen essayed to climb Mount McKays in one of the most precipitous places yesterday, and as a result had a terrible experience he is not likely to forget. When about 300 feet from the base a stray rifle bullet from a range nearby struck just beside him, alarming him so that he lost his balance and fell. He went crashing down from ledge to ledge five hundred feet into a tree top at the base and escaped with a few bad bruises and a worse fright.

It is stated that a new scheme of migration is on foot which will cost the Salvation Army and the Canadian Pacific Railway \$200,000. It is expected before the end of the year that fifty families will be settled in Alberta.

The Making of the Great Dominion

By T. G. MARQUIS, In Toronto Globe

In undertaking to consider such a question as the making of the great Dominion it will be necessary not only to deal with Confederation but to touch lightly upon the great events in our history which led up to it. That hot battle on the Plains of Abraham between the heroes Wolfe and Montcalm gave us Canada. As a people, then, we are but little over a hundred years old, but our hundred years of life have been so full of steps upward that we can turn our eyes backward with a certain degree of pride on our history.

THE WAR OF 1812. For 30 odd years our fathers struggled with axe and plow to make a worthy country for their children. For 30 odd years we were free from war, or thoughts of war, but our jealous neighbors to the south had a desire to roll everything British from this continent, and on the first provocation poured their troops across our borders. Our population was small, our army ridiculously small, and our sons were unaccustomed to warfare. But patriot shots soon learned war, and in a very short time a large and determined army was in the field. Queenston Heights, Lundy's Lane, Chateauguay, were the result. When we read the history of this war we are apt to think of it as an unmitigated evil, for the building up of Canada it might be considered almost unmitigated good. If it be true that the blood of the martyr is the seed of the church, it is equally true that a people's stability and union lie in a large measure, due to their heroic past, to the memory of the men who fought and died to defend their homes from foreign invasion. The war of 1812 may have had a foolish beginning, and an even more foolish and unsatisfactory ending; but it has had more to do with giving us a national spirit and keeping us true to the ideals of the men and women who lost all in the country to the south of us than they might live under the laws they loved than anything else in our history. It is men and not laws that make a nation; and it takes a war against a moral foe or physical foe to call out all that is best in a man. Our Canadian youth are blessed in having such men as Brock and De Salaberry to look back to. If the winning of Quebec was the first step in building up Canada, and the defeat of the next day was the second, the next day was by far the most important for us was the war of 1812, for foreign troops and leaders played but a small part in that war. We met the enemy in the field ourselves and fought them that we could defend our own hearths. It is true that we spent our resources, left our fields unplanted for a time, but what of that? A young people soon recovers all the material wealth it has lost; but the spirit, the life, the union, that such a war as that of 1812 gives a people can never be lost, and are worth more than inestimable wealth.

But this war brought in its wake an evil that was to affect the future of Canada. The leaders in it began to feel that having defended the country they owned it, and with them was associated a body of men who had lately returned from England, loyal and Britisher, sided by their loyal and patriotic society, began to play a tyrannical part in the government of this country. To crush an oligarchy extreme measures are often necessary, and the next great step in our history, the building up of Canada as any previous step. If the wars of 1775 and 1812 protected our shores from foreign invasion, the rebellion of 1837 taught the few that they could not ride roughshod over the many with impunity. Despite the faults and their mistakes, William Lyon Mackenzie and Papineau should be honored by all Canadians, as should the unfortunate Gourlay and Bidwell and Nelson. They may have caused civil strife, but civil strife seemed to be the only thing that could awaken a sense of power to the true condition of affairs. It was war or slavery, and a large portion of the Canadians chose war; and that they had wrongs to right is proved by the speedy means taken to look into, to examine, and to redress existing evils. Let us be thankful that we find a deadlock in Canadian politics. The legislation of the country was at a standstill. At this moment George Brown had it in his power to save his adopted country, and with many generosity he stepped from the ranks of opposition—or rather took the opposition with him—and helped Canada over the greatest difficulty she has ever had to face. It has been argued by friends and foes of Brown that he should never have joined the coalition of 1864. A sincere man could hardly have done otherwise. He changed his principles in no way by taking the step. He had been battling for a cause, and so well he fought that the enemy were making an almost unconditional surrender.

THE DEADLOCK. They could laugh such motions down, but an evil existed and a remedy was required for it. The evil grew, and became more and more a deadlock in Canadian politics. The legislation of the country was at a standstill. At this moment George Brown had it in his power to save his adopted country, and with many generosity he stepped from the ranks of opposition—or rather took the opposition with him—and helped Canada over the greatest difficulty she has ever had to face. It has been argued by friends and foes of Brown that he should never have joined the coalition of 1864. A sincere man could hardly have done otherwise. He changed his principles in no way by taking the step. He had been battling for a cause, and so well he fought that the enemy were making an almost unconditional surrender.

Three seats in the Cabinet were allotted to the Reform wing of the Government. George Brown became Premier, but that matter had to rest for a time. There were sectional difficulties that had to be got rid of before a great Dominion could be formed. The clergy reserves in Upper Canada were soon no more, and the religious bitterness that must necessarily arise from the existence of a pampered church passed away. In Lower Canada there still existed that relic of barbarism, seigniorial tenure. It is hard to realize that less than 50 years ago the feudal system existed in our midst. Yet so it was, and while it existed we could not hope for a strong and united Canada. It, too, was abolished, and the unprogressive habit had an equal chance, so far as the soil was concerned, of progressing with his fellow-countrymen in the Upper or in the Maritime Provinces.

THE QUESTION OF CONFEDERATION. Now that the two wealthy and populous Provinces of British North America were united, and now that the leading sectional difficulties were removed, the minds of Canadian statesmen were free to consider the broader question of a union of all the Provinces. The question of Confederation is the all-important one in considering the history of the Dominion. We naturally ask, Who was the father of this great movement? In dealing with this question we have really to consider but two names, the Hon. George Brown and Sir John Macdonald, and that we are as equally strong and united people is due, first of all, to the foresight and enthusiasm of the Hon. George Brown, who, from the moment Confederation flashed on him, followed it with ar-

dent faith, and, secondly, to the diplomacy and statesmanship of Sir John Macdonald, who, long an opponent of the movement, like the wise "opportunist" he was, skillfully worked out the scheme when he did take it in hand. Like all great movements, this had long been in the air. If we had never a Darwin or a Wallace we would nevertheless have had the great hypothesis of evolution demonstrated very much as it is at present; and so, if Brown or Macdonald had never existed, Confederation would, in all probability, have worked itself out. But they hastened the movement. The time was ripe for it. Lord Durham's report had suggested it. In Nova Scotia, the greatest Canadian orator, Joe Howe, although he afterwards opposed it, saw what might be done by such a union. But it was left for George Brown to save Canada by sacrificing himself and his party prejudices that Confederation might be a fact.

But Confederation was not brought about in a day. It required the utmost energy of George Brown and his followers to educate Parliament and the country towards it. There was one grave difficulty in the way, a difficulty that has ever since been the cause of the delay in the way of adequate legislation, and which at the present moment we are feeling as keenly as ever before—I mean the race difficulty. Lord Durham, although in this country but six months, saw it as clearly as we must all see it, and in his report declared that "he was brought to the conviction that the contest which had been represented as a contest of classes was, in fact, a contest of races." This jealousy, this antagonism of races caused some of our politicians to advocate the absurd "double majority" principle, and confusion was confounded upon the minds of the Canadian people. It was fortunate for Canada at this juncture that she had in her borders such a man as George Brown, a man of sterling principle, of enormous energy, of dogged determination, and, it may be said, of unbounded egotism. He certainly was very opinionative; but to convince others he had to be sure he was in the right; and the history of Canada has proved that in the majority of cases he was in the right. It may be doubted whether he had the ability to lead a Government, but no better man ever headed an Opposition. He delighted in detecting evils and in rooting them out, and if he could not reign himself he caused more changes of government and helped to eradicate more abuses than any other man who had battled for the rights of the Canadian people.

In 1857 he began his struggle with representation by population. His resolution was defeated, but the Reform Convention of 1859 proved to him that it was the one thing needful for the proper conduct of Canadian legislation, that it was the one thing desired by the people of the Province. The following year saw him once more on the floor of Parliament, introducing two motions which were seconded by Mr. Mowat, the one laying down the fact that the union as at present existing was a failure, and could not be so long maintained; the other that the best remedy for the racial and legislative difficulties was the formation of several Local Governments, with some "joint authority" charged with such matters as are necessarily common to both sections of the Province. This was in 1860. In seven years the Confederation was an established fact, and yet when these motions were laid before the House, when they were presented with the telling force of an orator speaking from conviction, they were laughed to scorn. Both motions were defeated by large majorities, the other by a vote of six to twenty-seven; the other, advising the adoption of a joint authority—which to the student of Canadian history must appear identical with Confederation—by seventy-four to thirty-two. As Deane says, "The joint authority scheme gave occasion to some specially facetious remarks, and one speaker declared that the bee in Mr. Brown's bonnet must be of more portentous dimensions than the bonnet itself."

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power with that firmness and decision so requisite during the trying and critical period which speedily ensued. SIR JOHN MACDONALD'S YORK. From the union of these parties the name that will ever stand first as the maker of the great Dominion will be that of John A. Macdonald. He had been a bitter opponent of reforms—not that he was opposed to progress, but from a feeling that country was not prepared for the reforms of such men as Brown. But from the beginning of his career till his death he was a striking example of an "opportunist" and now that it was an opportune moment for introducing Confederation his bygone prejudices vanished like smoke, and he became the staunchest, most persevering adherent of the new political panacea. As Deane says in his "Canadian Portrait Gallery," "No man can say that on any given question he was not in the right, and his starting point of view may not be his starting point of view for the future. As in every other matter that he undertook, the moment he began to work for Confederation it was an assured success."

A Maritime union was at this time under consideration; Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick had arranged for a convention to consider the question, to be held in Charlottetown in September, 1864. Macdonald, with characteristic astuteness, determined to have delegates sent to this convention to advance the interests of the broader idea of a union of all British North America. Delegates were quickly chosen, and J. A. Macdonald, George Brown, Cartier, Galt, D'Arcy McGehe, Langevin, Macdougall and Campbell started on their journey for the scene of the convention. As we read these names we cannot but be reminded that there were giants in those days, and that it would be hard to find in the present Parliament a galaxy of such illustrious and able men. They were in earnest, the people they visited were in earnest, and it was not long before the Maritime Provinces were anxious to consider Confederation. The Charlottetown meeting adjourned to October at Quebec on the 20th of October in the same year. In the meantime the people of Halifax and St. John had an opportunity of getting to know the men with whom they were to be associated in their lot. The delegates visited these cities, and the question was thoroughly considered in the banquet halls—for they were banqueted wherever they went—and in the press. It was no easy matter to captivate by oratory and earnestness the men who were the enemies of the Nova Scotia Delegates, Joseph Howe, but George Brown seems to have done it. To him, as the recognized father of the movement, was assigned the bulk of the presentation. It is known that the Maritime public must not be misled by the fact that his side with his bitter foes, and in perhaps his ablest speech on Confederation clearly stated the reasons for this anomaly. "I," he said, "and two political friends joined the Administration, and the existing coalition was formed, expressly for the purpose of settling justly and permanently the constitutional relations between Upper and Lower Canada." The union of the Canadas had been agreed on. For fear the Maritime Province people should think that their agreement was the sine qua non for the union, he came here to seek relief for our troubles, for the remedy of our grievances is already agreed upon; and, come what may of the larger schemes now before us, our smaller scheme will certainly be accomplished. Our sole object in coming here is to settle our points. We are about to amend our constitution, and before finally doing so we invite you to enter with us frankly and earnestly into the inquiry, whether it would not be for the advantage of all the British North American colonies to be embraced under one political system."

All the Provinces, including Newfoundland, had a strong representation at the conference which afterwards met at Quebec. The minds of all were pretty well made up, and it took them but a short time to decide upon a Federal union rather than a legislative union. At this conference the five common sense of Macdonald went a long way towards framing a set of resolutions that would find acceptance with both the people and the home Government. It is to be noted that their Provinces would approve of their course, the delegates rapidly drew up the 72 resolutions, opening with: "The best interests and present and future prosperity of British North America will be promoted by a Federal union under the Crown of Great Britain, provided such union be based on principles just to the several Provinces."

Never was there a more opportune time for dealing with a radical change in the country's life. The difficulties that had occasioned the deadlock were gently called for a remedy. The people, too, were alarmed by troubles at the other external. The civil war in the United States was raging with bitter intensity just at this time, and complications had arisen from our country with the neighboring Republic. That made us fear that we would once more have to take up arms against a foreign foe. If such a calamity as war should overtake us it could only be by union that we could hope to make a successful resistance. The civil war likewise aided our statesmen in another way. The weaknesses in the American Government had led to this great war, and with their mistakes before them our statesmen were able to construct, if not a perfect federation, at least one that would avoid the rock on which the American Government had come to grief. With earnest, enthusiastic conviction men to plead for it, with internal evils calling for it as a remedy, with external dangers demanding its speedy completion, Confederation was assured. The discussion of the details continued until October 28, when the conference adjourned to Montreal, where, on the 31st of October, the members agreed on the report to be made to their respective Governments.

The Canadian Legislature met in February, '65, and there was no lukewarm man in the Cabinet. Each member determined to have his name go down to posterity as one of the builders up of this great united country. They may have caught something of George Brown's spirit on the subject, for, consciously or unconsciously, they all felt as he did. In writing to his wife at this time he could not refrain from a piece of egotism that we can readily forgive. "Would you not like," he

wrote, "that darling little Maddie should be able at 20 years hence, when we may be gone, to look back with satisfaction to the share her father had in these great events? For great they are, and history will tell the tale of them." The Governor-General, in opening the House, claimed for the subject of Confederation the calm, earnest and impartial consideration of the members. "It is now," he said, "pledged with the public men of British North America to decide whether the vast tract of country which they inhabit shall be consolidated into a State, combining with in its area all the elements of national greatness, providing for the security of its component parts, and contributing to the strength and stability of the empire, or whether the several Provinces of which it is constituted shall remain in their present fragmentary and isolated condition, comparatively powerless, as regards the great and noble undertaking of their proper share of Imperial responsibility."

THE VOTE ON THE UNION RESOLUTIONS. The members were not slow in acting on this advice; the debate on the question was indeed calm and earnest; but from the first it was evident that the resolutions as a general rule were to be carried almost unanimously, and when they were put to the vote it stood 91 to 33 in their favor. In April in the "Canadian Portrait Gallery," "No man can say that on any given question he was not in the right, and his starting point of view may not be his starting point of view for the future. As in every other matter that he undertook, the moment he began to work for Confederation it was an assured success."

In December, 1865, George Brown withdrew from the Cabinet. He has been censured for this, but we must remember that he was only human. He and the other members of his cabinet had repeatedly acknowledged that he had joined the coalition for but one purpose—the making of a united Canada; and now that Confederation was assured it is not to be wondered at that he should have been anxious to withdraw from the body of men with whom he was in touch only this one question; a body of men to whom his character was an incomprehensible enigma. The best thing, the wisest among them, their leader, John A. Macdonald, was able to say of him ten years afterwards: "I have never known a man who with the Government was the only patriotic thing he ever did in his life, and that he did it through a momentary feeling of patriotism which he soon repented. It is to be wondered at, then, that he should have withdrawn from men who still remained in his confidence, and whose motives, and who, on the reciprocity question then before the country, had deliberately sighted him. . . ."

The movement was not affected in the least by his withdrawal, and on the 4th of December, 1866, representatives of the Maritime Provinces, New Brunswick met in London and agreed to certain changes in the resolutions adopted by the Canadian Parliament. A bill based on these resolutions was introduced into the Imperial Parliament, and on the 22nd of March, 1867, became law. The union act was passed, and on the 1st of July, 1867, the new constitution, the British North America Act, went into effect; and Canada, from a number of isolated Provinces, fighting out their individual destinies, became the great Dominion of the North American continent, one of the countries of the world. Lord Monck, who had acted as a stimulating force to bring about Confederation, became its first Governor-General, and John A. Macdonald, who, from the moment he set his mind to the scheme, had worked night and day to bring it into effect, called on to form the first Administration. In forming his Cabinet he showed a wisdom that has gone a long way in making us the unit we are. It was a coalition Cabinet, and in it all classes were represented. The Confederation, as we said in the report of the people of the Provinces, irrespective of old-time opinion. I do not want it to be felt by any section of the country that they have no representative in the Cabinet, and no influence in the Government. And as there are now no issues to divide parties, and as all that is required to be done in the Government is the men who are best adapted to put the machinery in motion, I desire to ask those to join me who have the confidence of and represent the majority in the various sections which were in favor of the adoption of Confederation, and who wish to see it carried out."

There are still several questions to be considered before we can leave this subject. Manitoba, Rupert's Land, and the Northwest Territories became a part of the Dominion in 1870, British Columbia in 1871, and Little Prince Edward Island, on whose shores the matter was first fully discussed, came into the fold in 1873, and the Dominion, as we have it to-day, stretching from ocean to ocean, fronted the world.

THE DEATH WARRANT DELIVERED.

No defence can be offered. When you apply Putnam's to a sore corn, the offender has to die. Nothing so certain to quickly cure corns as Putnam's Corn and Wart Extract; try Putnam's, it's free from acids, and painless.

NINETY MILLIONS BEHIND.

United States Disbursements Exceed Receipts by That Amount. Washington, June 29.—The excess of Government disbursements over receipts for the fiscal year to date is \$93,173,000. This sum is likely to be reduced by to-morrow's transactions to approximately \$92,500,000. The customs receipts for the year will fall but little short of \$300,000,000, and the internal revenue receipts will be about \$245,000,000. The gain in customs receipts over last year will be about \$15,000,000, with a loss of about \$3,000,000 in internal revenue.

TO-NIGHT
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

COURT SITTINGS

Autumn and Winter Lists Are Arranged.

Division Court, Civil and Criminal Assizes Fixed.

The sittings of the various courts of the High Court of Justice during the coming autumn and winter for trials have been arranged according to the following plan: Chancellor Boyd—Walkerton (jury), September 27; Milton (jury and non-jury), October 4; Berlin (non-jury), October 8; Picton (jury and non-jury), October 19; Toronto (civil jury, sixth week), October 25; Cayuga (jury and non-jury), November 2; Toronto (non-jury, ninth week), November 15; Hamilton (non-jury), November 29.

Chief Justice Meredith—Hamilton (jury), September 27; Sarnia (jury), October 11; Toronto (civil jury, fourth week), October 18; Welland (jury), November 1; Brockville (non-jury), November 8; Cobourg (non-jury), November 8; Cobourg (non-jury), November 15; Toronto (non-jury, eleventh week), November 29; St. Thomas (non-jury), December 6; London Winter Assizes, January 10.

Chief Justice Falconbridge—North Bay (jury), October 8; St. Thomas (jury), October 26; Whitby (jury and non-jury), November 8; Toronto (non-jury, tenth week), November 22; Berlin (jury), December 6; St. Catharines (non-jury), December 13; Welland (non-jury), December 20; Toronto (Winter Assizes, fifth week), February 7.

Chief Justice Mulock—Port Arthur (non-jury), September 29; Toronto (civil jury, second week), October 4; Toronto (non-jury, sixth week), October 25; Barrie (jury), November 1; Ottawa (jury), November 8; Nanawau (non-jury), November 22; Sarnia (non-jury), November 29; Sudbury (non-jury), December 6; Cornwall (Winter Assizes), January 11.

Mr. Justice MacMahon—Lindsay (jury), September 27; Brampton (jury and non-jury), October 5; Bracebridge (jury and non-jury), October 12; Toronto (non-jury, seventh week), November 1; Kingston (jury), November 8; Barrie (non-jury), December 6; Cornwall (non-jury), December 14; Toronto (Winter Assizes, fourth week), January 31.

Mr. Justice Britton—Toronto (non-jury, first week), September 20; Toronto (civil jury, third week), October 11; Brantford (jury), October 18; Perth (jury and non-jury), November 15; Toronto (non-jury, twelfth week), December 6; Fort Frances (jury and non-jury), December 13; Sault Ste. Marie (jury and non-jury), December 20; Ottawa (Winter Assizes), January 10.

Mr. Justice Teetzel—Orangeville (jury and non-jury), October 12; Chatham (jury), October 18; Toronto (civil jury, sixth week), November 1; Toronto (non-jury, eighth week), November 8; Stratford (jury), November 15; Walkerton (non-jury), November 29; Owen Sound (non-jury), December 13.

Mr. Justice Magee—Toronto (civil jury, first week), September 27; Cobourg (jury), October 4; Toronto (criminal, first week), October 18; L'Orignal (jury and non-jury), October 25; Parry Sound (jury and non-jury), November 1; Sandwich (jury), November 15; Pembroke (jury and non-jury), November 29; Brantford (non-jury), November 29; Brantford (non-jury), December 13; Toronto (Winter Assizes, first week), January 10; Toronto (Winter Assizes, sixth week), February 14.

Mr. Justice Clute—Godrich (jury), September 27; Belleville (jury), October 4; Toronto (non-jury, fourth week), October 11; Cornwall (jury), October 26; Owen Sound (jury), November 1; Chatham (non-jury), November 22; Ottawa (non-jury), December 6; Stratford (non-jury), December 20; Hamilton (Winter Assizes), January 10.

Mr. Justice Eddell—Brockville (jury), September 29; Guelph (jury), October 5; St. Catharines (jury), October 11; Toronto (non-jury, fifth week), October 18; Toronto (criminal, second week), October 25; Lindsay (non-jury), November 8; Simcoe (non-jury), November 15; Woodstock (non-jury), December 6; Sandwich (non-jury), December 20; Toronto (Winter Assizes, second week), January 17.

Mr. Justice Latchford—Napanee (jury), September 20; Toronto (non-jury, second week), September 27; London (jury), October 4; Peterborough (jury), October 18; Kenora (jury and non-jury), October 25; Belleville (non-jury), November 15; Guelph (non-jury), November 22; Toronto (non-jury, thirteenth week), December 13; Toronto (Winter Assizes, third week), January 24.

Mr. Justice —Sudbury (jury), September 20; Toronto (non-jury, third week), October 4; Simcoe (jury), October 11; Woodstock (jury), October 18; London (non-jury), November 8; Port Arthur (jury), November 22; North Bay (non-jury), November 29; Kingston (non-jury), December 6; Toronto (non-jury, fourteenth week), December 20.

DIVISIONAL COURTS.

The sittings of the Divisional Court will be as follows: Monday, September 20, Exchequer—Meredith, C. J.; MacMahon, J.; Clute, J.; Monday, September 27, Common Pleas—Mulock, C. J.; Riddell, J.; J. Monday, October 4, King's Bench—Falconbridge, C. J.; Britton, J.; Teetzel, J. Monday, October 11, Chancery—The Chancellor; Magee, J.; Latchford, J. Monday, October 18, Exchequer—Mulock, C. J.; Clute, J.; J. Monday, October 25, Common Pleas—Meredith, C. J.; MacMahon, J.; Teetzel, J. Monday, November 1, King's Bench—Falconbridge, C. J.; Britton, J.; Riddell, J. Monday, November 8, Chancery—The Chancellor; Magee, J.; Latchford, J. Monday, November 15, Exchequer—Mulock, C. J.; Clute, J.; J. Monday, November 22, Common Pleas—Meredith, C. J.; MacMahon, J.; Teetzel, J. Monday, November 29, King's Bench—Falconbridge, C. J.; Britton, J.; Riddell, J. Monday, December 6, Chancery—The Chancellor; Magee, J.; Latchford, J. Monday, December 13, Exchequer—Mulock, C. J.; Clute, J.; J. Monday, December 20, Common Pleas—Meredith, C. J.; MacMahon, J.; Teetzel, J.

WINTER ASSIZES.

The Winter Assizes are to be held as follows: Toronto—January 10, Magee, J.; January 17, Riddell, J.; January 24, Latchford, J.; January 31, MacMahon, J.; February 7, Falconbridge, C. J.; February 14, Magee, J.; Hamilton—January 10, Clute, J.; London—January 10, Meredith, C. J.; Ottawa—January 10, Britton, J.; Cornwall—January 11, Mulock, C. J. The Toronto Civil Jury sittings will be held as follows: September 27, Magee, J.; October 4, Mulock, C. J.; October 11, Britton, J.; October 18, Meredith, C. J.; October 25, the Chancellor; November 1, Teetzel, J. The Toronto non-jury sittings will be held as follows: September 20, Britton, J.; September 27, Latchford, J.; October 4, —, J.; October 11, Clute, J.; October 18, Riddell, J.; October 25, Mulock, C. J.; November 1, MacMahon, J.; November 8, Teetzel, J.; November 15, Falconbridge, C. J.; November 22, Meredith, C. J.; December 6, Britton, J.; December 13, Latchford, J.; December 20, —, J. Toronto Criminal Assizes—October 18, Magee, J.; October 25, Riddell, J.

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HID IN TUNNEL.

BANDIT TRACED BY B. C. OFFICERS TO RED GULCH.

Constable Decker, of Ashcroft, and a Robber Shot Dead—Dead Bandit Was One of Those Engaged in Holdup at Ducks.

Vancouver, June 29.—Shortly after 8 o'clock Monday night, Special Constable Isaac Decker, of Ashcroft, in attempting to arrest two bandits, who were coming down the Thompson River in a rowboat, was fatally shot, after killing one of the men. The remaining bandit fled, but was tracked to Red Gulch, six miles east of Ashcroft, where he is now hiding in a mining tunnel. The dead robber was identified as a man who ordered the C. P. R. engine to stop his train at Ducks over a week ago and burst the express car open under the mistaken idea that it was loaded with silver bullion.

MAD DOG SCARE.

Animals Develop Rabies on Farm Near Stratford.

Stratford, Ont., June 29.—A remarkable and somewhat alarming story comes from Downie township in connection with a number of animals owned by Mr. William Peake, husband of the late Mrs. Mary Peake, the victim of Frank Douglas's murder. On Monday night the peasant was slain in the outlying yard. The details of the strange story are voiced by neighbors, and there can be no doubt of their authenticity. About the end of April or the first of May last the Peake farm dog, in common with a number of other canines, was bitten by a mad dog of the neighborhood. The Peake dog soon developed all the symptoms of madness or rabies, and was in agony about a month later. Some ten days later one of the cows went violently mad on the same farm and died on Saturday, June 11, after a week of immunity from further outbreaks. A steer suddenly went mad yesterday. It is understood that Mr. Peake was knocked down and trampled on by the mad dog but before steps could be taken to end its life.

Young George Peake, the son, was bitten by the dog prior to its death, but as yet has experienced no ill effects, although he has been advised to go to the Pasteur Institute by the local physicians.

The neighborhood is naturally much alarmed at the remarkable series of outbreaks, and steps will be taken by the authorities to prevent any further developments.

MUST SHOOT QUICKLY.

Speeding Up the Competitors at D. R. A. Matches.

Ottawa, June 29.—A number of important changes in the conditions for the Dominion Rifle Association competition at the Rockcliffe Rifle Range from August 23 to 28 were announced to-day by Capt. Birdwhistle. A new time limit for shooting is provided. The time limit in which each competitor must fire a shot has been placed at 40 seconds instead of one minute as heretofore in order to provide more rapid firing. In some of the matches new targets, colored so as to represent natural surroundings, such as grass, are to be used.

There will be a match for school cadets for teams and for individuals. Teams of cadets must be 15 years of age or under, and the age limit for individual cadets is 18 years.

Former President Eliot, of Harvard, has been appointed president-emeritus. He will get a salary and a present of half a million dollars.

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Decker had been advised that three men, belonging to the Ducks hold-up gang, had passed Ducks on their way down the river in a rowboat. When the boat reached Ashcroft there were only two men aboard. Covering them with his rifle Decker ordered them to pull into shore, and the bandits obeyed. As the bow grated on the sand, the foremost man stepped ashore carrying a light overcoat. Suddenly he drew a revolver from under his coat and fired. The constable Winchester rang out at the same instant and both men fell. The remaining robber, leaping over the prostrate bodies, dashed away. Villagers along the beach watched the occurrence, but were unable to avert the tragedy.

The country was aroused at once, and posses set out from Ashcroft, St. Vrain and Kamloops. Detective Draper, of Spokane, went along in charge of bloodhounds, and sent back the morning from Red Gulch in Ashcroft for assistance. The murdered constable was well known in Ashcroft, where he had been a resident for twenty years. He was married and leaves a family.

Mr. Busted, General Superintendent of the western lines division of the C. P. R., said to-day that he was not prepared to state why Decker had attempted to effect the capture single-handed, probably he had thought to earn the entire reward himself. A bag of dynamite was found in the boat.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Signature of *Wm. D. Young* HAS BRUCE GOT ZINC?

The Field Near Warton is to be Developed.

Warton, June 29.—A number of miners who will start development work on the zinc mine located on the Mar road, some four miles north of this town, arrived last night, and will at once begin operations on the property. The people in the district have not a great deal of faith in the prospect of finding zinc in paying quantities, but ample money for prospecting has been obtained. If there is zinc in Bruce, and an eminent expert, Dr. Wolverton, who has reported on the property, says the prospect is one of the most promising he has seen in an experience extending over a long series of years, local capitalists will get the reward of their courage in exploiting the field.

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FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
GOUT, RHEUMATISM, BRIGHT'S DISEASE, DIABETES, GRAVEL, SANDS, CALCULI, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, HEADACHE, BRUISES, SWELLINGS, SPRAINS, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE URINARY SYSTEM.

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WOMEN IN AGRICULTURE.

Have Made Both Poultry and Horse-Breeding Pay.

Private Fortunes Should be Limited and Fund Formed.

Dancing is Natural Amusement For Boys and Girls.

Toronto, June 30.—One of the most interesting features of the papers read at the International Congress of Women yesterday was the series of papers dealing with the work of women in agriculture. In Denmark women undertake general farming, while in Great Britain they have for many years now specialized in poultry keeping and dairying. Miss Nellie Edwards of Gloucestershire, provides one of the most striking examples of the successful manner in which a woman can conduct a poultry farm. Some fifteen years ago she started with a very small stock, and by diligence and courage built up a business which ships thousands of stock birds all over the world. In other papers women successes as dairy lecturers, gardeners and even horse breeders were outlined.

Yesterday afternoon Mr. Jas. Lawler, secretary of the Canadian Forestry Association, gave an interesting account of the work of reclamation of deforested land undertaken by the Ontario Government.

At the last of the night meetings at Convocation Hall last night Frl. Idekirch, Germany, gave a paper on the society established in that country for giving legal aid to the needy. Miss S. Gurney spoke on "Housing Copartnership" and Mrs. A. C. Edwards on "Legal Parental Rights of Women."

THE UNEMPLOYED.

The problem of "the willing to work" but "unable to get it" is one requiring consideration. Mrs. Hugo Rosenburg, president of the Council of Jewish Women of the United States, in an address before the philanthropy section, dealt with some of the difficulties.

It might seem radical to advocate the limitation of private property, but she believed that there was a point beyond which no individual should be allowed to bequeath his estate to his next of kin, and all in excess of that should revert to the State for the common weal. Each worker should also pay a percentage of his wages into an insurance fund, and a municipal fund to pay the rent of the unemployed should be established.

The mother with dependent children ought to be given State assistance to maintain her home, instead of the children being taken away from her and put into an orphan asylum.

WOMEN FARMERS.

Women who farm need to have special natural qualifications. Miss Helga Schested, in dealing with agriculture as a career for women, pointed out that first of all equilibrium of temper was essential, and must be accompanied by accurate powers of observation and a capability of individual thought.

Miss Schested is one of the large number of Danish women who earn their livelihood on the land in Denmark. Of the 20,800 women engaged in agriculture, nine per cent. actually own their own land, and ninety per cent. act as laborers. They studied agriculture scientifically at the Royal Agricultural College in Copenhagen, and after attaining a certain qualification could secure Government assistance to carry on their studies abroad. Women were capable of carrying on all the ordinary work of a farm.

Horse breeding as an occupation for women formed the subject of an address by Mrs. John M. Clay, Kentucky. She had had to tackle the carrying on of the business of her late husband, and had done it successfully.

"Unless you are going to provide proper dancing halls, well lighted, where respectable boys and girls can dance together, they will go to improper places. It is as natural for young people to dance as it is for them to eat and drink. There is no good in everlastingly saying 'don't.'"

So declared Mrs. Sadie American in an address to the ladies interested in social and moral reform. She was speaking on behalf of the young girl workers of large cities, and pointed out that it was natural for girls to want to have a good time. There were forces at work which many people did not recognize. The period of adolescence was a period of restlessness. The girl was being driven by the greatest forces of nature. Irresistibly she was attracted to the brilliantly lighted streets, and then to other places.

Miss American hammered her sex for preaching morality and then falling to act up to their preaching. "Do you think," she said, "that a theatrical manager doesn't know human nature when he puts on a prurient play and gets it condemned in public print? You will say, 'I must see and judge for myself,' and then you will tell other women they should not go. The author of 'Three Weeks' was feted all over America. If she had written the greatest book on the white slave traffic, she would have been left to sit in a corner alone. Don't preach at young girls; they won't stand for it."

Nearly \$1,250,000 of Ontario's \$3,500,000 loan has been subscribed.

SUFFRAGETTES FAIL AGAIN.

London Police Have Mrs. Pankhurst in the Toils.

She Slapped an Inspector in the Face.

Over a Hundred Women Placed Under Arrest.

London, June 29.—The thirteenth vain attempt of the militant suffragettes to obtain access to Premier Asquith by deputation resulted in exciting scenes in Parliament square to-night, and the arrest of more than 100 women. The plan of campaign followed the lines previously employed by the suffragettes. The women's parliament assembled in Caxton Hall at 8 o'clock in the evening, and sent a deputation, headed by Mrs. Pankhurst, to endeavor to see the Prime Minister, who had previously decided not to receive the deputation.

PREMIER SENDS REGRETS. Enormous crowds of onlookers assembled in the vicinity of Parliament square before the time set for the raid upon the House, around which large bodies of police, numbering several thousand, had taken up strategic positions. The first noteworthy incident was the arrest, after a great deal of trouble, of a burly equestrian suffragette, who tried to penetrate the police cordon to take a message to the Premier. Next appeared the deputation under the command of Mrs.



PREMIER ASQUITH.

Pankhurst, and it was received by the crowd with wild cheers. Escorted by the police, the deputation arrived at the St. Stephen's entrance to Parliament, where it was met by Chief Inspector Scoblebury, who handed Mrs. Pankhurst a letter from the Premier regretting his inability to receive the deputation.

INSPECTOR'S FACE SLAPPED. Angrily throwing the letter on the ground, Mrs. Pankhurst exclaimed: "I state on my rights as the King's subject to enter the House of Commons," and she endeavored to force an entrance.

The police tried to induce the women to disperse quietly, and then began to take the members of the deputation by the arms to lead them away. To the surprise of the spectators, who were massed around the entrance, Mrs. Pankhurst slapped Inspector Jarvis in the face, knocking his cap in the mud. There were cries of "shame," and several of the spectators told the suffragettes leader that she had no provocation to do such a thing. A moment later another of the deputation, Mrs. Saul Solomon, made determined attempts to reach the cordon of police.

OVER A HUNDRED ARRESTS. Eventually, the entire deputation was placed under arrest. By this time a second deputation had left Caxton Hall, accompanied by some hundreds of suffragettes, and others, and an attempt was made to reach the House of Commons through the underground passage leading from Westminster Bridge. This, too, was unsuccessful, and for two hours the whole district was at a state of uproar, the police dispersing the crowds and arresting women by the wholesale.

The windows of many of the Government buildings were smashed with stones wrapped in paper. Altogether 112 women were arrested, including Mrs. Pankhurst, Mrs. Solomon, the Hon. Mrs. Haverfield, daughter of Lord Alinger; Miss Margesson, daughter of Lady Margesson; Miss Maud Joachim, niece of the violinist, and many other prominent women.

HANDS SPECTATORS. The Prime Minister drove away unobserved by the crowd. At Caxton Hall, where Mrs. Israel Zangwill, Miss Beatrice Forbes Robertson, Miss Elizabeth Robbins and Miss Beatrice Harland, besides all the well-known suffragette leaders. Great excitement was caused among the crowd by the movements of the equestrian suffragette, Miss Vera Howe, who, in riding habit and bowler hat, rode backwards and forwards, carrying messages between the different deputations, and who ultimately was arrested.

POLICE USE FORCE. Throughout the demonstrations the police behaved with the utmost forbearance, but the suffragettes in many cases forced them to some amount of rough handling. There was much screaming, and in some cases fainting, and many women had to be taken to the hospitals in a state of collapse. The great crowds indulged in considerable horse play, but generally no active sympathy was extended to the suffragettes. At 9 o'clock the police had orders to clear the whole vicinity of Parliament, and they gradually pressed the crowd back. One policeman's horse was stabbed by a woman.

AGED SUFFRAGETTE ARRESTED. The first deputation comprised Mrs. Pankhurst, Mrs. Solomon, Miss Margesson, Mrs. Haverfield, Miss Joachim; Mrs. Mansell, wife of Colonel Mansell, and granddaughter of the late Lord Wimborne; Mrs. Frank Corbett, sister-in-law of the late member of the House, and Miss Nelligan, who is

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70 years of age. These were all arrested. Another woman placed under arrest was Mrs. Rose Massey, wife of Colonel Massey.

RECEPTION AT RYERSON. According to one report, Inspector Jarvis will bring a charge of assault against Mrs. Pankhurst. When the latter absolutely declined to budge from the entrance of the House of Commons, the Inspector pressed forward his arms and pushed the woman away. Mrs. Pankhurst struck him in the face, according to some witnesses, more than once. The Inspector quietly picked up his helmet and continued pressing the deputation back.

Good Turnout to Meet Rev. C. Sinclair Applegath.

Short History of the Church by Thos. S. Morris.

Greetings From Ministers of Other East Churches.

HUMANE SOCIETIES.

Confederation of Canadian Bodies Formed.

Mr. Adam Brown One of the Vice-Presidents.

Toronto, June 30.—The proposal to organize all the Humane Societies in Canada under one head was practically launched at a meeting at the Parliament buildings yesterday. Her Excellency Countess Grey, who was present, expressed her hearty approval of the project.

Mr. J. J. Kelso, who presided, explained the object of the meeting.

Mr. P. C. L. Harris, B. A., Secretary and Manager of the Toronto branch, read several letters volunteering co-operation from Hamilton, Ottawa, London, Brantford, and other societies.

Mr. Robt. H. Murray, Halifax, urged the necessity of the organization. "The work of increasing kindness to animals in the west is terribly neglected," he observed. "We can imagine the sufferings of the cattle turned out during the cold winter, suffering from cold and starvation and thirst, and dying by fence-sides."

It was decided to entitle the organization the Canadian Federation of Humane Societies. Lady Grey was elected Honorary President, and Lady Hanbury-Williams President.

"It won't do to have the officers all ladies," candidly put in one fair member, "or people will say we are just a lot of sentimental women."

The following additional officers were elected: Vice-Presidents—Bishop Sweeney; Adam Brown, Hamilton; J. J. Kelso, Toronto. Organizer—Mrs. Edward Leigh, Toronto. Treasurer—Miss Florence Workman, Toronto. Solicitor—Robert H. Murray, Halifax.

Lumbago Victim Gives Good Advice.

Tells of a Wonderful Remedy That Brought Him Health and Comfort.

The man whose back is lame and sore can't afford to trifle with the hundred and one so-called cures for lumbago. He needs a powerful, penetrating pain destroying liniment—one that will quickly sink into all the tendons and muscles—such a liniment is "Nerviline," which acts like lightning. Right to the spot it carries, carrying healing, soothing properties to the nerves and muscles that cause all the pain.

"When my back was so painful that I couldn't turn in bed, when rubbing hot ointment over my back failed to ease, when I cried aloud with agonizing twinges—then it was that I used Nerviline and got quick relief and was ultimately cured. There is something in Nerviline that isn't to be found in other liniments. Its power over pain and its facility for sinking into the core of the sore parts is simply a marvel. After getting rid of the pain and when I started back to work, of course I wore a Nerviline Plaster over the weak spot. I have friends that use Nerviline for Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Sciatica. They all think as I do that Nerviline is the strongest, best and safest liniment made."

The above statement of F. R. Muchmore, the well known merchant of Greenville, is ample proof that Nerviline can't be beaten, try it yourself—but be sure the dealers give you "Nerviline" with Large bottles, 25c each.

OTTAWA CONFECTOR CONVIC OF SELLING BRANDY CHOCOLATES.

Ottawa, June 29.—One hundred dollars and costs was the fine imposed in the police court this morning on Walter Nixon, confectioner, for selling brandy chocolates. The trial took place a week ago, when it was shown that a clerk had sold a box of brandy chocolates to Walter Odell, who took it to the chief of police. The chocolates were analyzed and found to contain three per cent. of alcohol.

Senator Aldrich declares in favor of corporation tax.

The Right House

HAMILTON'S FAVORITE SHOPPING PLACE

Friday, Special Value Day

EACH Friday, special value day, to the great popularity of Right House extra special, one-day bargains. People know and believe in the goods offered to be in every way right up to the regular high standard of Right House qualities. Come and save, morning and afternoon Friday at The Right House.

THOMAS C. WATKINS

Hour Sales Extraordinary

VERY popular with all classes of Right House customers have become these Friday Hour Sales. Worthy goods at extremely low prices for one hour only prove solid bargains of much merit and are heartily welcomed by thousands. Note the hours.

25c floor oilcloth at 17 1/2c

SHARP at 9 o'clock, once again we shall place on sale for an hour only 674 yards of all perfect (not seconds) fine quality two-yard wide Oilcloths in newest floral and block patterns and nice colorings. Quantity is only sufficient to last about 40 minutes. (No phone orders taken; no C. O. D.'s sent). Sold everywhere specially at 25c; 17 1/2c to-morrow while 674 yards last at only

11c linen crash toweling 7c

A GREAT wind-up Hour Sale of the annual June sale of Household Linens—a splendid Hour Sale bargain in pure all linen Crash Toweling, plain and color bordered, of special long, staple yarn weave. Absorbent and lintless, for hand towels, roller toweling, dish and glass towels. A good 11c quality for one hour only, 9 to 10 o'clock at 7c per yard

8 1/2c Valenciennes laces at 2c yard

ONCE again, sharp at 10 o'clock and to the many customers who have been eagerly awaiting the recurrence of this wonderful Hour Sale let us whisper the new arrival of the biggest and best shipment of all—detained for some time; a special purchase hard to have got delivery of. But here it is fresh and new and along with balance of previous offering a total of some 4,000 yards made to wear well, dainty white Valenciennes, Torchon and Cluny Laces and Insertions, 1 to 2 1/2 inches wide in sets to match, for blouses, underwear, dress trimmings, also children's dresses. Regular good value up to 8 1/2c, to-morrow, 10 to 11 o'clock, only 2c

65c new blouse fronts at 19c a front

A GREAT Embroidery bargain for one hour only. Beautiful new Blouse Front Embroidery, 18 to 27 inches wide, in eyelet, blind, shadow and crochet Embroidery on good wearing qualities Swiss muslin. A variety of patterns. A manufacturer's sample pieces secured at a sacrifice makes possible this great Embroidery Hour Sale bargain, starting sharp at 10 o'clock. It's immense. Regular value 65c yard, to-morrow per 19c front

25c white Knit undervests at 15c

ONLY ladies' White Knit Summer Vests, perfectly made, superior quality and finish, short sleeves, long sleeves and no sleeves, will go on sale sharp at 11 o'clock. Only 71—will wish there were 500, for they are a wonderful Hour Sale bargain—Be on hand in time and get a couple. Nearly half price at 11 o'clock at 15c

Up to 15c ribbons 2 1/2c yd.

WHEN the clock strikes eleven and for one hour only we will offer rich double Satin and Silk Ribbons, 1 to 2 inches wide, in white, pink, cerise, green, brown, reseda, gold, navy, mauve shades for fancy work and general trimming purposes; regular up to 15c, at per yard 2 1/2c

Men's \$1.00 umbrellas 69c

FOR one hour only. Sharp at noon and until one o'clock we will sell men's perfect and new, strongly and well made Umbrellas, stout twill covered, 25-inch steel frame, some are self openers, nicely trimmed boxwood handle. Regular dollar Umbrella for one hour only at 69c

Commencing Friday The Right House will close daily at 5 o'clock, except Saturday at 6 o'clock.

THOMAS C. WATKINS HAMILTON ONTARIO

Slanks; violin solo, Mr. Allan Yates; vocal solo, Miss Martin; vocal solo, Mrs. Cline, and a recitation, Miss Slater.

Refreshments were then served. The ladies who had charge are deserving of credit for the able way in which they superintended the arrangements.

GLANFORD GARDEN PARTY.

The annual garden party at Glanford was a record success, in spite of the fact that it had been postponed from Wednesday to Friday on account of the rain on the first mentioned day. Its object is more a social one than to make money for the finances of the church are not at all in difficulties. The Rev. M. Wilson led off the programme with a song, and Mrs. Wilson followed his example. Mr. and Mrs. Williams, Mr. and Miss Pringle and Mr. Medler, all of Hamilton, assisted. A tea was provided which seemed to be inexhaustible for its variety and success, and the band from Caledonia discoursed stirring music. Mr. Wm. Dalton's orchard, where the party was accommodated, is really an ideal place for such a gathering. Everything was managed in a quiet and admirable way, and a clear balance of \$100 was realized.

Winnipeg, June 29.—The methods by which the Provincial police operate during elections were aired in the Court of Assizes to-day, when a Galician named J. Grebosky asked for damages for false arrest and imprisonment. He swore that while he was on the road to the poll during the Dominion election, in Selkirk constituency, last October, he was confronted by two Provincial constables, one of whom accused him of offering a bribe. They took him into custody without a warrant and took him to Gimli, where they placed him in jail, after taking all his private papers from him, remarking that he "would not vote to-day."

After he was in the lockup, one of them came to the window of his cell and remarked that "after 5 o'clock, you get out." In accordance with this, he was liberated about 5.30. No charges were ever laid against him, therefore he subsequently he entered an action for damages for false arrest.

CASTORIA The Kind You've Always Bought

Signature of Dr. J. C. Watson

COULDN'T VOTE.

Galician Locked Up on Election Day in Manitoba.

Winnipeg, June 29.—The methods by which the Provincial police operate during elections were aired in the Court of Assizes to-day, when a Galician named J. Grebosky asked for damages for false arrest and imprisonment. He swore that while he was on the road to the poll during the Dominion election, in Selkirk constituency, last October, he was confronted by two Provincial constables, one of whom accused him of offering a bribe. They took him into custody without a warrant and took him to Gimli, where they placed him in jail, after taking all his private papers from him, remarking that he "would not vote to-day."

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MARKETS AND FINANCE

Toronto Markets

LIVE STOCK. The railways reported 90 car loads of live stock at the city market...

Trade was good, all offerings being readily disposed of early in the day.

Prices were firm all round, especially for the best grades.

Exporters—There was not a large number on sale. Export steers sold from \$5.50 to \$6.25...

Butchers—Butchers steers and heifers sold from \$5.30 to \$5.55...

Milkers—There was a moderate supply of milkers and springers, which sold at \$30 to \$55 each...

Veal—Calves—About 400 veal calves sold at \$3 to \$6 per cwt...

Sheep and Lambs—Eleven hundred sheep and lambs were on sale...

Hogs—There are as many different prices as hives. We heard of \$7.75, \$7.80, \$7.85 being paid for hogs...

FARMERS' MARKET. The receipts of grain to-day were nil, and prices are purely nominal.

Dressed hogs continue firm, selling at \$11 for heavy, and at \$11.25 to \$11.50 for light.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes Wheat, Do. goose, Do. bachel, etc.

THE FRUIT MARKET. Receipts of fruit and vegetables were large to-day, and prices generally heavy.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes Bananas, Strawberries, Gooseberries, etc.

TORONTO SUGAR MARKET. St. Lawrence sugars are quoted as follows: Granulated, \$4.70 per cwt...

OTHER MARKETS. WHEAT. Wheat—July \$1.33 1-4 bid, October \$1.11 bid.

NEW YORK SUGAR MARKET. Sugar—Raw, steady; fair refined, 3-4; centrifugal, 96 test, 3.92...

BRITISH CATTLE MARKETS. London—London cables for cattle are firm, at 14 1/4 to 15c per lb...

THE CHEESE MARKET. Stirling, Ont.—This afternoon there were 920 boarded, 250 sold at 11 7/16...

COBALT STOCKS. The more active stocks on the local mining exchanges declined yesterday...

Pittsburg, June 30.—Oil opened \$1.63. New York, June 30.—Cotton futures opened steady, July 11.45, Aug., 11.47...

COBALT STOCKS. Amalgamated 30 32, Bld. Asked 30 32, Chambers-Ferland 3 42, 3 50...

COBALT STOCKS. Supplied by R. B. Lyman & Co., stock brokers, J. A. Beaver, manager, Offices 3 and 4, ground floor, Federal Life building, Hamilton, Canada.

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New York Stocks

Although the reports of business revival and increasing prospects have prepared Wall street for a favorable May report of earnings on R. I. system and San Francisco, the official figures, which came out today, exceeded all expectations.

The combined lines present an exhibit of prosperity highly gratifying to stockholders. Gross expansion shown is almost 20 per cent, while operating expenses increased only a shade over 5 per cent.

It is evident from this record that the systems are in good condition and prospects had ample ground for the optimistic views long held by them with regard to the ultimate restoration of R. I. to a dividend paying basis, and thus perhaps explains the accumulation of the company's securities.

The first step toward the restoration of confidence in R. I. came with the successful financial operation effected some time ago.

Steel led the market yesterday, both issues going to almost the high record prices; the common stock about most active, and reflected the range of J. P. Morgan at his Paris office.

Morgan has taken a personal interest in the R. I. case, and his friends say that the Frenchman now want steel common they will have to pay a fancy price for it, as he is determined to prove to them that he is offering them a bargain.

Direct result of big returns from the harvesting in Kansas. The corn crop promises to break all records, and as R. I. runs through the heart of the corn country it will naturally share with Atchison the first fruits of the corn fields.

This legitimate reason for the advance has backed up with the further reason that the R. I. group of operators have established the stock market and taken a bullish position. Now is the time, if ever, for them to put R. I. up.—News.

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WEDDINGS OF JUNE'S END. Hill-Cunningham and Loosley-Magee Events To-day.

WITH LIONS.

Mme. Adgie Tells About Her Great Savage Pets.

"I want to see how my dear lions are." These, the first, words spoken by Mme. Adgie, the world-famous lion-tamer, who is this week appearing with her performing lions at Maple Leaf Park...

"This great essential is earnest, never yet have I met with an accident while my mind was seriously upon my work. Once let the mind wander, the will become ever so little relaxed, and immediately the brute realize what has occurred, and wait their opportunity to take advantage of it."

"Sex also enters largely into the success or failure of a trainer. While I love all my lions dearly and do not wish to discriminate, I must confess that the two lionesses are not nearly so friendly toward me as Blacky Prince. In this connection I might add that Victoria is very bad-tempered, in fact, that I have to put her in good humor before I dare enter the cage, and even when once inside I have to be constantly on the alert. Thunder and lightning excite her greatly, and if they injure one while in this condition they are hardly responsible. They become almost frantic with fear. You see this great gash on my arm? Well, that is the result of one of my pets becoming wildly excited by thunder. I was putting him through his "turn" when, quick as lightning, a paw shot out and the next thing I knew my arm and wrist were covered with blood. Knowing that once a member of the cat family tastes blood it is hard to satisfy their craving for more, I thought my time had come. However, by concealing the wound, and inside my waist I was able to escape from the cage in due time."

"Is there any truth in the legend that if one will look a lion or any other wild beast straight in the eye it will be cowed?" "Well, sir, I must state emphatically no. Whatever I do to me it is a ridiculous assumption. I have seen the lion act in the small cage in the world. Each night after the performance the cage is wheeled inside a wooden structure, which serves as a shelter."

A BIG SHOW.

Horseman's Feature of the Buffalo Bill Event.

Buffalo Bill and Pawnee Bill, with their Wild West and Far East Circus, performed yesterday afternoon and last night before two of the largest audiences of Hamilton people that ever turned out to an entertainment of that kind. Almost every seat was filled, and large crowds walked around the outside, watching the side shows, of which an unusual number did business. The show consisted mostly of rough riding and horseman's feats. The usual bunch of laugh-producing stunts were conspicuous, but by their absence and very little acrobatic work was done, but, despite the fact that these old familiar features were missing, the performance was as good as any ever seen in this city. Buffalo Bill was the centre of attraction, and was fittingly applauded when he rode into the arena. His feat of shooting flying targets while riding at the gallop was a marvel of expert marksmanship. Pawnee Bill also had a host of admirers, and was given a good reception. Some wonderful exhibitions of horsemanship were given by the cowboys and Indians, and very little acrobatic work was done, but, despite the fact that these old familiar features were missing, the performance was as good as any ever seen in this city.

10,000 TO STRIKE.

"Open Shop" Order in Iron and Steel Works in Many States.

Pittsburg, June 30.—At midnight to-night 10,000 skilled workers, members of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, U. S. Steel pref. 126 126.2 125.3 125.3

METEOR FELL.

What a Commercial Traveller Saw in Mulmer Township.

Shelburne, Ont., June 30.—Mr. H. E. Ebel, Listowel, representing the George White Sons & Co., London, states that while driving in the town of Mulmer two feet in diameter, a large meteor fell within a distance of half a mile of where he was driving. He describes it as a large ball of metal probably two feet in diameter, with a tail of 5 or 6 feet, also of fire. When he first saw this meteor it was very high and had a silvery appearance, and as it approached the earth turned red.

WAS COMPOSED OF FALSEHOODS

(Continued from Page 1.)

THE CONVERSATION I REPORTED TO THE COMMITTEE. ON NO OCCASION HAVE I HAD A CONFERENCE, PRIVATE OR OTHERWISE, WITH MR. LEVY OR ANY OTHER OFFICIAL OF THE CATARACT COMPANY.

During the power controversy I have been repeatedly assailed by extremists on both sides of the question. Notwithstanding the abuse heaped upon me, my actions have been always open and above board, having no axe to grind with either faction, my sole object being to secure the best possible results for Hamilton and keep the people who have to pay the bills informed of the facts.

I will leave the ratepayers to decide at the proper time, if, in recent years, city business has received better attention or more economical administration than during the present one. I assume that my own share of credit for this is not to be denied. I have been a careful, painstaking and conscientious majority of the aldermen, whose only object is the city's welfare.

This method of conducting the city's business is possibly not understood by self-seeking politicians and "easy job" hunters, who would make believe that everything is "trick and stratagem" that defeats their own personal ends, and however "startling" the expression promised by the Herald may be, we will continue as heretofore, on the principle that civic government is business, not politics.

LOOSELY-MAGEE.

A happy event occurred at the home of Mrs. William Magee, 62 Barton street west, this afternoon at 4 o'clock, when her daughter, Miss Sarah Maud, was united in wedlock to Mr. Charles F. Loosley, of the city. The happy couple left on the 7 o'clock train for Georgian Bay. The bride's going-away gown was a tulle suit, with hat to match. The gifts were numerous and handsome, showing the esteem in which both are held. The groom's gift to the bride was an upright piano. To the bridesmaid a scarf pin, and to the groomsmen a pair of cuff links. Mr. and Mrs. Hill will reside on Westmoreland avenue on their return.

GRAVELLE-BORLAND.

At 9 o'clock this morning in St. Lawrence Church Rev. Father Brady officiated at the wedding of Miss Mary Borland, daughter of Mrs. B. Borland, and Thomas Gravelle. The bride wore a pretty gown of Brussels net, over white silk tulle, trimmed with Irish point lace. She wore white picture hat with white plume. Miss Josie O'Neil was bridesmaid, and wore a gown of white point d'esprit over silk tulle, with touches of pink duchess satin and white tulle to match. The groom was attended by Austin Carty, and the bride was given away by her uncle, John Nash, of Toronto. The wedding was celebrated in the happy couple J. Walsh and Mr. Woodcroft contributed solos during the ceremony. A reception followed at the home of the bride's mother, and later in the day Mr. and Mrs. Gravelle left for Buffalo, New York and Washington. The groom's gift to the bride was a pearl necklace. To the bridesmaid a sunburst of pearls, and to the groomsmen a gold chain and locket. The bride was the recipient of a very large number of valuable and useful presents. Out-of-town guests were present from Toronto and Montreal.

WALKER-HORNING.

The home of Mr. D. S. Horning, 260 Cannon street east, was the scene of a happy event this afternoon at 3 o'clock, when his daughter, Mary, became the bride of Edward E. Walker, of the Westinghouse. Rev. Hugh McDiarmid tied the nuptial knot in the presence of the near relatives of the bridal couple. On their return will reside at 283 Sanford avenue north. The bride was the recipient of many pretty gifts, among which was a linen shower from a number of her girl friends.

DUNDAS.

Another Fresh Hamilton Man Fined For Bad Conduct.

Dundas, June 30.—The annual garden party of St. James' Church, held in the rectory grounds last evening, was a successful and pleasant event. Another one of that Hamilton set which thinks any kind of behavior is all right in Dundas found out otherwise yesterday. On Monday night, along with two others, he was driving furiously up King street. At the army Constable Peaire got sight of the trio, who were going at a furious rate, and taking a bicycle he made after them, overtaking and capturing the driver above the G. T. R. bridge. To secure liberty Mayor Lawrance decided the cost would be \$7.50. His two companions escaped, for the present at least.

THE SUFRAGETTES.

Charged With Obstructing and Assaulting Police, Etc.

London, June 30.—The 112 women arrested last night in connection with the thirteenth attempt of the suffragettes to obtain access to Premier Asquith by deputation were brought up in the Bow Street Police Court this morning. Supt. Wells and Inspector Jarvis, the chief officers of the defensive forces last night, were in court, with a large number of police witnesses. Sir Albert De Rutzen, chief magistrate of the metropolitan police courts, heard the charges, which were threefold, namely, obstructing the police, assaulting the police, and willful damage.

METEOR FELL.

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SPORTING NEWS

SEE ALSO NEXT PAGE.

(Continued from Page 9.)

one of the finest catchers in either league.

Dr. White seems to hit like a fiend when he is playing the field, but bats weakly when he is pitching. Comiskey doesn't know where the Doc will look best—in the garden or on the slab.

KETCHELL IS FAVORITE, 10 TO 6.

San Francisco, June 30.—Betting on the Ketchell-Papke fight, which takes place at Coffroth's next Monday, has opened up at 10 to 6, with Ketchell on the long end. Those who like to exercise their guessing qualities in other directions may wager on the length of the contest if they wish. It is even money that Ketchell will win in eighteen rounds and this form of speculation is so popular that a man can secure a bet either way without waiting long.

GOOD KIND OF AN ATHLETE.

Toronto, June 30.—In this era of sport, when the "win at any cost" idea of the Yankee athlete is invading the Dominion it is refreshing to uncover an example of true sportsmanship, such as that exhibited by Will Anderson, the Irish-Canadian cyclist.

Saturday at Exhibition Park Anderson was awarded first place in the two mile handicap cycle race, over Herb McDonald, of the Q. C. C. C. It was a tight finish, and Anderson led right to the wire, when McDonald came in with a jump. The judges said Anderson won, and gave him the prize. Several people right at the finish said they thought McDonald had won.

Anderson's manly stand is decidedly refreshing, and is being freely commented on by those who have already heard of it.

COST VERSUS BEAUTY

Dominion Department of Agriculture Dairy Division Cow Testing Associations.

The proud owner says "this is a high-grade Canadian, and this is a pure bred Holstein." The admiring visitor to the cow stable remarks "What beautiful cows," "I've thought of what you mean," "what yield of milk and fat do they give?" The practical farmer says "I'll give their milk for \$1.00 per 100 lbs. milk and 50 cents per pound of fat, with some poor cows, or they be reduced by good economical feeders to 35 cents per 100, and 10 cents per lb. fat."

This all goes to prove that the careful dairymen, and particularly the average and possibly careless farmer should take immediate steps to find out what profit each cow brings in. Enormous improvement and largely increased profits have been made by the men who are scientifically alive to their own interests, regularly and sample each cow's milk and feed records are supplied free on application to the Dairy Commissioner, Ottawa. A good record for this month from a herd of 18 cows is an average of 1,020 lb. milk, 3.9 test, 39 lbs. fat. One grade in the herd gave 1,530 lbs. milk testing 4.0 per cent. fat.

LADY ABERDEEN

Guest of the City of Detroit—Delivers Address.

Detroit, June 29.—Detroit to-day paid homage to Lady Aberdeen, the wife of the former Governor-General of Canada and the president of the International Council of Women now in session at Toronto. Lady Aberdeen arrived in the city early this afternoon and until the time she addressed a meeting on the relief of tuberculosis in Ireland was the guest of the city. First a yacht ride on the river was arranged for this month by a sea at the Country Club at Grosse Pointe.

TO GEORGE ROSS.

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SUN FIRE

The oldest Insurance Office in the world FOUNDED A.D. 1710 BI-CENTENARY 1910 HOME OFFICE: LONDON, ENGLAND

Canadian Branch, Sun Building, Toronto, H. M. Blackburn, Manager. Thos. Cochrane, E. M. Faulkner, J. W. Murray, R. A. Milne, T. H. P. Carpenter (Hamilton Agents.)

SPORTING NEWS

SEE ALSO NEXT PAGE.

(Continued from Page 9.)

one of the finest catchers in either league.

Dr. White seems to hit like a fiend when he is playing the field, but bats weakly when he is pitching. Comiskey doesn't know where the Doc will look best—in the garden or on the slab.

KETCHELL IS FAVORITE, 10 TO 6.

San Francisco, June 30.—Betting on the Ketchell-Papke fight, which takes place at Coffroth's next Monday, has opened up at 10 to 6, with Ketchell on the long end. Those who like to exercise their guessing qualities in other directions may wager on the length of the contest if they wish. It is even money that Ketchell will win in eighteen rounds and this form of speculation is so popular that a man can secure a bet either way without waiting long.

GOOD KIND OF AN ATHLETE.

Toronto, June 30.—In this era of sport, when the "win at any cost" idea of the Yankee athlete is invading the Dominion it is refreshing to uncover an example of true sportsmanship, such as that exhibited by Will Anderson, the Irish-Canadian cyclist.

Saturday at Exhibition Park Anderson was awarded first place in the two mile handicap cycle race, over Herb McDonald, of the Q. C. C. C. It was a tight finish, and Anderson led right to the wire, when McDonald came in with a jump. The judges said Anderson won, and gave him the prize. Several people right at the finish said they thought McDonald had won.

Anderson's manly stand is decidedly refreshing, and is being freely commented on by those who have already heard of it.

COST VERSUS BEAUTY

Dominion Department of Agriculture Dairy Division Cow Testing Associations.

The proud owner says "this is a high-grade Canadian, and this is a pure bred Holstein." The admiring visitor to the cow stable remarks "What beautiful cows," "I've thought of what you mean," "what yield of milk and fat do they give?" The practical farmer says "I'll give their milk for \$1.00 per 100 lbs. milk and 50 cents per pound of fat, with some poor cows, or they be reduced by good economical feeders to 35 cents per 100, and 10 cents per lb. fat."

This all goes to prove that the careful dairymen, and particularly the average and possibly careless farmer should take immediate steps to find out what profit each cow brings in. Enormous improvement and largely increased profits have been made by the men who are scientifically alive to their own interests, regularly and sample each cow's milk and feed records are supplied free on application to the Dairy Commissioner, Ottawa. A good record for this month from a herd of 18 cows is an average of 1,020 lb. milk, 3.9 test, 39 lbs. fat. One grade in the herd gave 1,530 lbs. milk testing 4.0 per cent. fat.

LADY ABERDEEN

Guest of the City of Detroit—Delivers Address.

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SCRAPS OF SPORT

Pittsburg, June 30.—Jack Johnson, the world's heavyweight champion, arrived in Pittsburg yesterday from Atlantic City. Johnson is scheduled to meet Tony Ross, of Newcastle, Pa., to-morrow night in a six-round bout.

London, June 30.—The Sportsman says that Jockey Maher's physicians advise him to take a year's rest after the close of the current season to recruit his failing health.

Salt Lake City, June 30.—Parley Giles, the holder of five amateur bicycle records, is dead at his home here from heart failure, caused, the doctors believe, by the strain of his track work. Giles was 22 years old.

Tavistock, June 30.—One to one was the score here last night in the senior W. F. A. series between Berlin and Tavistock.

Brucefield, June 29.—In an inter-league W. F. A. semi-final football match played here last night between Brussels Football Club and the Rovers, of Brucefield, the home club won by a score of 2 to 1.

Kiel, June 30.—Emperor William's Meteor, steered part of the time by his Majesty himself, won the 51-mile race to Eckernforde yesterday, covering the distance in five hours and ten minutes. Germany was third, in five hours and 30 minutes, and Iduna, owned by the Empress, was second.

The Hamilton Cricket Club will send a team to Toronto on Saturday for a match with the Rosedale eleven. A tea will be given by the Rosedale Club for the visitors at 4 o'clock.

MORE LIGHT

Thrown on the Corruption in Montreal Fire Department.

Montreal, June 29.—Further grafting methods were revealed at to-day's session of the Royal Commission. Mr. Oliver Munday, who passed so many members into Montreal's pay-as-you-earn fire brigade, made some serious statements regarding the actions of Mr. Z. Benoit, ex-chief of the fire department. This morning Munday declared, in a manner that was free of the reserve which had characterized his previous utterances, that it had been an understood thing between ex-Ch