

176 and 178 Dundas St., London.
Tuesday, June 23, 1933.

Big Chatelaine and Wrist Bag Sale this week.

Leather Chatelaines, with leather hanger, neatly lined with heavy satin lining, good clasp, also red and black plush Chatelaines, value 25c and 35c, this week, each 15c
Beautiful Wrist Bags, in black, tan and brown, ingrain seal leather, gusset sides, with long chain and good clasp, lined with heavy satin lining, value up to 45c, this week, each 25c

\$1 Wrist Bags, this week 65c.
Solid leather Wrist Bags, with gun metal snakehead and ball clasp, beautifully lined inside, change purse, also long chain, value \$1.00, this week, each 65c
Wrist Bags, this week 95c.
Large size, real seal Wrist Bags, gusset sides, with long gold and silver chains, ball clasps, very neatly made, lined with heavy satin lining, this week, each 95c

Grand display of Pipes, 25c, 35c and 40c, your choice this week, each..... 15c

Specials in Our Basement Wednesday.

Bread and Butter Plates, fancy assorted patterns, new goods, only each 5c
Meat Platters, 10 inch, Wednesday, each 15c
Large size Platters, in white, value 35c, Wednesday, each 25c
10 piece Toilet Sets, in pink, blue and green, Wednesday, set \$2.50
20 dozen Quilt Milk Jugs, Wednesday, set 10c
Four-ball Croquet Set, Wednesday only, set 75c
Six-ball Croquet Set, value \$1.25, Wednesday, set 98c
See our new open stock Dinnerware, Orleans pattern.
Water Glasses, Wednesday, 2 for 5c
Quint Fruit Jars, Wednesday, 6 for 35c
Jart Fruit Jars, Wednesday, each 5c

Specials in Wall Paper Department.

We are having some big bargains in Wall Paper this week. Our bundles, sufficient in each for a small room, are selling fast, but we still have more of them at 15c, 25c and 35c per bundle.
100 rolls pretty Paper, value 8c, this week 34c
50 rolls pretty green and gold Paper, value 15c, this week 8c
100 rolls pretty Paper, with gold, also in green, value 15c, this week 8c

Don't forget Our Candy Department. 43 lines this week, 10c lb.

WOODS' FAIR.

JOTTINGS FROM NEARBY PLACES

Though correspondents' names are not published, they should always sign their letters.

PETROLEA.

Petrolea, June 23.—Mr. J. L. Englehart has returned from a business trip to New York.

A very interesting golf tournament took place on the links at Petrolea, June 22. George Moncrieff won the contest by a good margin of points, while Mrs. W. F. Cooper carried away the trophy for the ladies.

Mr. Ross Malton, of the Bank of Toronto, Cobourg, is renewing acquaintances in town this week.

The garden party given under the auspices of the Baptist Young People's last week was a success. The attendance of the band added considerably to the pleasure of the evening.

Mrs. Robert Jennings, of Denver, Col., is visiting friends in town.

The recent rains have produced a very encouraging effect upon the crops in the neighborhood, and the farmers are all pleased with the prospect of a more copious harvest than otherwise was expected.

MOUNT BRIDGES.

Mount Bridges, June 22.—The people of our village are busy at their statute labor. We are looking forward to enjoying some more good weather.

Mr. J. Hawes, of Chicago, is visiting his parents here.

The entertainment given in connection with the Methodist Church on Wednesday night was a success. The program was well rendered and highly appreciated.

The proceeds amounted to over \$7. The Ladies' Aid are doing quite a business with ice cream on Saturday nights. A welcome note for the people of the Baptist congregation on Saturday night.

A Middlesex Farmer Cured

Of Itching, Bleeding Piles by Dr. Chase's Ointment Had Tried Nearly Everything.

Many readers of this paper will know the writer of the letter quoted below, and some will be able to consult him personally about his case. Only those who have suffered from piles can realize what he suffered.

Mr. F. G. Harding, a retired farmer, living at Nilestown, Middlesex County, Ont., writes as follows: "I have in some heaven-sent way, itching piles for four or five years, and suffered intense agony at times. I had tried almost everything, but could get nothing that would give relief. On hearing of Dr. Chase's Ointment I procured a box, and it only required part of it to completely cure me. I am recommending it to all afflicted as I was."

Dr. Chase's Ointment is the only absolute and guaranteed cure for every form of piles. It has a record of cures unparalleled in the history of medicine. Sixty cents a box at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto. To protect you against cheap imitations, portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, the famous receipt book author, are on every box.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

June 22.—At New York-Statendam, from Rotterdam; Ocean, from Rotterdam; Minnesota, from London; Argentinian, from Liverpool; Vanderland, from Antwerp.
At Montreal-Tunis, from Liverpool; Lake Manitoba, from Liverpool.
At Portland-Nomadic, from Liverpool.
At Naples-Vancouver, from Boston.
At Liverpool-Canada, from Montreal.
At Montreal-Tunis, from New York; Bavarian, from Montreal.
At Cherbourg-Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, from New York.
At Bremen-Bremen, from New York.
At Hamburg-Bremen, from New York.
At Bremen-Bremen, from New York.
At Hamburg-Bremen, from New York.
At Bremen-Bremen, from New York.
At Hamburg-Bremen, from New York.

HAD QUICK CONSUMPTION.

"Three doctors said I had quick consumption. Angier's Petroleum Emulsion was prescribed. In six months I had gained 50 pounds in weight, had no more night sweats or hemorrhages. Am now in perfect health."—B. H. Walton, Medford, Mass.

Of the 2,894 Congressional ministers in England and Wales, 2,573 are stated to be teetotalers.

Gray Hair

Ayer's Hair Vigor does not suddenly turn your gray hair black; but gradually the old color comes back,—all the rich, dark color it used to have. The hair stops falling, too. Better try it. S. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

CUNARD LINERS ARE WITHDRAWN

British Company Annuls Agreement With Morgan's Combine, Alleging Unfair Treatment.

New York, June 23.—Various reports having been circulated as to the attitude of the Cunard Steamship Line toward the International Mercantile Marine Company, the following official statement as to the Cunard Line's position was obtained yesterday:

"February last the Cunard Steamship Co. gave the necessary three months' notice to the North Atlantic conference at Liverpool, as provided in the agreement, of its withdrawal of its passenger service from the continental and British agreement. Three months having expired and nothing having been done to meet the demands of the Cunard Line, nothing further remained but to make the withdrawal final.

"The company feels that there are too many ships in the trade—in this portion, the supply exceeds the demand, and there can be no relief from the existing situation without the withdrawal of the extra tonnage which had been put into the trade by our competitors; and further, the Cunard Company demands a readjustment to correct the inequalities which now exist in the distribution of some of its steamers, so far as passenger rates are concerned.

"The object of the Cunard Company in withdrawing from the agreement is simply a desire to place itself in a position where it can protect its share of the trade. We have no desire to provoke a fight or inaugurate a cut in rates, and all we desire is a reasonable share in the business without being unreasonably handicapped, and we take it we are entitled to that."

When James A. Morgan & Co., of the International Navigation Company, was shown the Cunard line statement and asked what he thought about the line's position, he replied: "I don't think there is any danger of a rate war. When several parties are doing business together under an agreement, and when one of those parties think that certain terms are necessary, they give notice and wish to have the agreement revised. This seems to be the condition of the Cunard line. They have asked for a revision of the agreement. So far this revision has not been accomplished, and they have exercised their right to withdraw. I cannot prophesy what the outcome will be, but whatever is done will probably be settled upon at the other side."

Mr. Steele, of J. P. Morgan & Co., said concerning the withdrawal of the Cunard line: "It is a temper in a teapot. The talk about it is absurd."

UNLUCKY THIRTEEN

Were the Tears Valentine Fisher Suffered From Sciatica—Dodd's Kidney Pills Cured Him.

Collingwood, Ont., June 23.—Collingwood is in a state of complete and permanent cure by Dodd's Kidney Pills. Valentine Fisher, well known in the town and surrounding country, one of the cured. He says: "I was troubled with Kidney Disease for thirteen years. It developed into Sciatica, which located in my side, so that I could not walk without the aid of a cane. I tried medical men and medicines, but got no relief. Then I tried Dodd's Kidney Pills and three boxes effected a perfect cure. I can recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills to any sufferer from Kidney Disease or Bright's Disease."

ONTARIO'S PEACH CROP

Owing to Late-Cut Only Half a Crop Is Expected.

Toronto, June 23.—J. F. Smith, government San Jose scout, yesterday told a representative yesterday morning that the fruit prospects of Western Ontario from Niagara to Essex county indicate an abundant crop of plums and apples, but only about a half crop of peaches. The leaf-curt, caused by east winds and certain adverse atmospheric conditions this spring, has developed in the peach orchards, and will spoil nearly half of what promised to be a bumper crop. However, the whole, after inspection of the fruit districts, Mr. Smith expects a fruit crop about the average. The extent of the loss will be to find a market for it next fall.

MALT BREAKFAST FOOD

A Delicious Cereal Always Welcomed at the Breakfast Table.

Malt Breakfast Food, a wonderful revelation of food purity and true nourishment, is always welcomed at the breakfast table. No other breakfast food sold by grocers has ever attained such widespread popularity or given such satisfaction to young or old. It is specially mentioned and recommended by Webster Ederly, president of the Ralston Health Club.

Malt Breakfast Food is entirely free from all starch elements and irritating food. It is a guarantee of perfect digestive value and good health in the summer months. Ask your grocer for it.

The Rush West.

Winnipeg, Man., June 23.—Fifteen hundred European immigrants are due to arrive here today and tomorrow.

30,000 On Strike.

London, June 23.—According to a special dispatch from Barcelona, a strike for an advance in wages involving 30,000 men has been declared. The trades affected include stone-cutters, butchers and shoemakers.

Human Flesh For Sale.

Pekin, June 3, via Victoria, B. C., June 23.—The famine in Kwangtung growing worse by degrees, the mortality being estimated at 200,000 deaths daily from starvation. British authorities in Hong Kong, aided by public subscription, have been sending relief to two months. Japanese report says cannibalism is being practiced, and human flesh is publicly offered for sale.

A WAR AGAINST MEDICAL QUACKS

100,000 Men and Women Are Illegally Practicing Medicine in Germany.

Berlin, June 23.—The German authorities have begun an active campaign against medical quacks. In no other civilized country are there as many quacks of all sorts, and nowhere else are they so rewarded by numerous and well-to-do patients.

The German government has finally determined to subject all self-proclaimed curers who are not recognized medical practitioners to the severest surveillance. They will be given a month to secure other employment, and if at the end of that time they persist in practicing medicine, they will be prosecuted. The government is in possession of statistics which show that more than 100,000 men and women are illegally practicing medicine and the art of healing in Germany, and that this number is rapidly increasing.

One medical statistician says he has found 150 cases of cancer in his province of these twenty-five are attended by authorized physicians and 108 by quacks. He maintains it is nearly as bad as other diseases which particularly call for trained medical aid.

Most of these quacks allege that they have occult powers, personal magnetism, "magnetic eyes" and "magnetic hands." They claim to be the immediate consequence of implicit reliance in this treatment. German doctors are indignant at the incomes enjoyed by some of these rivals. In the large cities of Saxony, Dresden, Leipzig, and Chemnitz, it is not unusual for an ignorant quack to receive from \$1,500 to \$2,000 a year, an income beyond the average earnings of the scientifically equipped medical man throughout Germany.

Attention is also directed to the number of women who profess to have magnetic powers. In Saxony alone there are several hundred, and among them are some of the proudest names in the land.

SERVANT WON'T QUIT HOUSE

She Has an Epileptic Fit and a Month's Contract—So Family Goes.

New Haven, Conn., June 23.—Mrs. Charles Johnson, of this city, recently made a trip to New York to get a cook, and she has not yet returned. Katie Morrison, who had been well recommended and who was engaged for a month.

Katie pleased the family and Mr. and Mrs. Johnson the first three days of her stay, but on the fourth day she had an epileptic fit and was taken to the hospital. Mrs. Johnson was frightened at hearing a strange noise in the kitchen, and on entering the room she found Katie stretched on the floor in an epileptic fit.

When she and Katie had recovered Mrs. Johnson told the girl she must go, but Katie refused, saying that she would remain until her month was up. Mr. Johnson was then called in, and he told her she would have to go. Katie said she would not go, but the law upheld her husband. He said that she was hired to do the work for that house for a month and that she could not get out of it until her time was up.

Today Mr. and Mrs. Johnson began to prepare for the arrival of a new servant, and they are looking for a girl who will stay for a month and leave Katie in the house.

THE CREDITORS AGREE

Ames & Company's Proposal for Settlement Is Approved.

Toronto, June 23.—A. E. Ames & Co., yesterday morning issued the following statement:

"A. E. Ames & Co. report that their proposal to meet the creditors of the late Ames & Co. has been accepted, yesterday morning's mail having brought the consent forms in full numbers. A great many more are expected in today, while it will take a few days before distant points can be reached from."

WHY MANNING FAILED

Cowardice of Native Troops in Somaliland Largely Responsible.

Simla, India, June 23.—Gen. Manning, who took command of the British expedition in Somaliland last November after a reverse suffered by Col. Plunkett, has been successful in his campaign. Columns detached from the force have been badly mauled by the Mahdi's followers, and the most serious British defeat, being the ambushing of Col. Plunkett's flying detachment of 208 men, with two companies of the 11th Punjab, on April 17, when Col. Plunkett, all his officers and practically the entire force, were wiped out. The last days resulted in London June 16 were to the effect that Gen. Manning himself was surrounded and unable to assist Col. Cobb, whose hold-up was in a serious position at Caland and on half rations. One of the causes of the non-success of the expedition has been the cowardice of the native Somali regiment, of which so much was hoped when it was formed recently. Only a few days after the news came that the native camel corps had mutinied. The operations against the Mahdi, which first raised the tribes against the British in 1899, have already cost \$2,000,000. The decision has been manifested to abandon the campaign, but in view of the predicament of Gen. Manning's forces it has been found necessary to order British troops from India. When they arrive the British expedition in Somaliland will consist of 800 British, 1,200 Indian troops and 4,000 natives.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

DOMINION DAY

Return tickets will be issued at SINGLE FIRST-CLASS FARE

between all stations in Canada, also to Buffalo, Suspension Bridge, N.Y., Detroit, Port Huron, Mich., etc., good going from June 30 and July 1, valid returning from destination on or before July 2, 1933.

HOMEOWNERS' FESTIVAL

Toronto, July 1st to 4th, 1933.

Return tickets will be issued at SINGLE FIRST-CLASS FARE to Toronto, good going from June 30 and July 1, valid returning from Toronto on or before July 2, 1933.

Summer Resorts.

Muskoka Lakes, Lake of Bays, Georgian Bay, Lake Nipissing, Kawartha Lakes, all reached by the Grand Trunk. Healthy climate, up-to-date hotels. For tickets and all information apply to E. DE LA HOOKE, C. P. and T. A.; C. E. HOOKER, depot-ticket agent, London.

Turkey Disapproves.

Constantinople, June 23.—The censor has removed the prohibition of the local press to speak of the situation in the King and Queen of Serbia, and by the order of the palace he encourages the condemnation of the murderers.

No Grip, Pain

Or discomfort, no irritation of the intestines—but gentle, prompt, thorough cleansing, when you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

THE WEATHER TODAY—Unsettled; cool; showery.

65c and 75c Matting's For 39c Yard, Wednesday Morning.

This is an unexpected attraction. You never thought to buy such swell goods at so low a price. These Mercerized Matting's (American goods) will make very stylish Shirts and Shirts and Shirts.

You can rely upon their being high-class goods, though the price is startlingly low, only 39c yard; regular 65c and 75c. These goods have been washed and scoured at the factory. See display in west window. Will not sell a yard of them before 9 o'clock Wednesday morning; then they go at per yard..... 39c

Special Sale Colored Dress Goods.

We are clearing all summer weights of Colored Dress Goods—clearing them now when you want them, at prices you'll be pleased to pay. The assortment is exceptionally good. Dainty materials for dainty dresses are here at a low price.

Fashionable Colored Dress Goods in summer weights, all this season's goods and most stylish weaves—off the same pieces we have been selling right along at 85c yard. Your choice of this lot now for only per yard..... 39c

Swell lot of Fashionable Twine Cloths, in navy, biscuit, reseda and cream. Beautiful goods that we have sold right along at \$1.50 per yard. Your choice now for only..... 85c

BONNET'S GOOD BLACK SILKS.

The best in Black Silks is what we endeavor to supply you with at the same prices as some would dare to ask you for inferior goods. We import direct from the best makers, and we know that you will see the difference between our good qualities at reasonable prices, and inferior qualities. Comparison is the best way to prove it.

Bonnet's Black Beau de Soie, heavy quality, at per yard only.....\$1.00

Bonnet's Black Beau de Soie, extra heavy quality, at per yard only.....\$1.12 1/2

Bonnet's Black Beau de Soie, very heavy quality, at per yard only.....\$1.25

Bonnet's Black Beau de Soie, will stand alone, at per yard only.....\$1.50 and \$2.00

Every half yard of above silks stamped on selvage with maker's name (C. J. Bonnet & Co.) and guarantee. This is the popular black silk so much used for good black dresses, skirts, waists, etc.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM,

149, 151 and 153 Dundas Street.

Feet and Ankles Swollen

Could Not Sleep at Night.

Backache and Kidney Trouble the Cause.

Doan's Kidney Pills

Cured After Other Remedies Had Failed.

These Wonderful Kidney Pills will Cure the Most Obstinate Cases of Kidney Trouble if Only Given a Fair Trial and Used According to Directions.

Read what Mrs. Geo. H. Alward, Whites Point, N.B., has to say about them: "This is to certify that I have used Doan's Kidney Pills for pain in the back and kidney trouble, and I do most gratefully recommend them to any person suffering in this way. I was so bad with kidney trouble that I could not get around the house. My feet and ankles were so swollen and painful that I could not get rest day or night. I tried several remedies but could get no relief whatever until I began to use Doan's Kidney Pills. I soon perceived a decided change for the better and had only taken two boxes when I was able to do my household work again, and three boxes made a complete cure."

Doan's Kidney Pills are 50 cts. per box, or 3 for \$1.25, all dealers or THE DOAN KIDNEY PILL CO., TORONTO, ONT.

RAILWAYS AND NAVIGATION.

Quebec Steamship Co., Limited, River and Gulf of St. Lawrence.

Summer Cruises in Cool Latitudes.

The twin-screw iron steamship Campana, 1,700 tons, with electric lights and bells, and all modern comforts, leaves Montreal on Mondays, at 2 p.m., 1st, 15th and 29th June; 22nd and 27th July; 19th and 24th August, and 7th and 21st September, for Pictou, N. S., calling at Quebec, Father Point, and Charlotte Harbor, P.E.I. The finest trip of the season for health and comfort. For full particulars apply to EDWARD DE LA HOOKE or W. FULTON, London, or ARTHUR AHEIN, Secretary, Quebec.

ALLAN LINE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS

From ST. JOHN, N.B., every Saturday, and from HALIFAX, N.S., every Monday, to Liverpool, via Montreal.

First cabin, \$25 and upwards; second cabin, \$17.50 and \$20; and third class, \$12.50 and \$15. Through tickets to London, \$35 and \$38. Through tickets to South Africa.

London Agents—E. De La Hooke, W. Fulton, F. B. Clarke.

RAILWAYS AND NAVIGATION.

New York, Quebec and Liverpool

MAJESTIC.....JUNE 24, NOON.

CELTIC.....JUNE 26, 6:30 A.M.

*ARMENIAN.....JUNE 30, 3 A.M.

OCEANIC.....JULY 1, 11 A.M.

CYMRIC.....JULY 3, NOON.

TRUTH.....JULY 5, 8 A.M.

*Liverpool direct, \$40 and up, second class only.

Saloon rates from \$75 up. Second saloon from \$15 up, according to steamer and accommodation. Third class rates from \$10 up, according to steamer and accommodation.

Accommodations for all classes of passengers unexcelled.

E. DE LA HOOKE, CLOCK CORNER, Sole Agent for London.

Cheap Excursion to Denver.

THE WABASH will sell round trip tickets to DENVER, COLORADO SPRINGS or PUEBLO, CO., at

Less Than One Way Fare

Tickets on sale July 6, 7 and 8, good to return any time before August 31, 1933.

Passengers going via Detroit and over the great Wabash line, can go via Chicago and Omaha, return through Kansas City and St. Louis, without extra charge. This will give passengers the grand opportunity of seeing the World's Fair buildings at St. Louis. All Wabash trains stop at the fair grounds.

For full particulars address J. A. RICHARDSON, district passenger agent, northeast corner King and Yonge streets, Toronto.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

FOR DOMINION DAY 1933

Will Issue Return Tickets at Single First Class Fare

Going June 30 and July 1, returning until July 2, 1933, between all stations in Canada, Port Arthur, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Detroit, Mich., and east, and to and from PICTOU, N. S.

*IMPERIAL LIMITED (connection via North Bay) leaves Toronto at 1:45 p.m. Sunday, Wednesday and Friday, for Port William, Winnipeg, Brandon, Calgary, Banff and British Columbia points. Time, Toronto to Vancouver, 36 hours.

First-class sleeper, Toronto to Winnipeg and North Bay to Vancouver. First-class dining car, North Bay to Banff.

For rates, tickets and full particulars, apply to your nearest Canadian Pacific agent, W. FULTON, 361 Richmond street, London, A. H. NOTMAN, assistant general passenger agent, 71 Yonge street, Toronto.

RAILWAYS AND NAVIGATION.

Steamers leave Hamilton 1 p.m., Toronto 7 p.m., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, for Bay of Quinte points, Thousand Islands, Brockville, Prescott, Montreal and intermediate ports.

Toronto and Montreal Line.

Steamers leave Toronto 4 p.m. daily, except Sunday, for Rochester, Thousand Islands, Rapide to Montreal, Quebec and Saguenay River.

H. POSTER CHAFFET, Western Passenger Agent, Toronto.

RAILWAYS AND NAVIGATION.

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Dominion Day

Wednesday, July 1, 1933.

Excursion tickets will be sold at

SINGLE FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP

to all stations in Canada, and to Detroit and Buffalo, ending June 29 and July 1, good for return until July 2.

Boston and Return.

London Advertiser.

TWO EDITIONS DAILY . . . WEEKLY.

Daily, One Year. . . \$3.00

Daily, Six Months. . . 1.50

Daily, Three Months. . . .75

Daily, One Month. . . .25

The London Advertiser will be delivered to any residence or place of business in London without extra charge.

Published at Advertiser New Building, 191-193 Dundas street.

Daily, One Year, by mail. . . \$1.50

The Western Advertiser, published every Wednesday. Subscription price, 75 cents per year.

Sample copies of Daily and Weekly sent free.

TELEPHONE CALLS.

Business Office.107

Editorial Department. . . .175

Job Department.175

A complete Job Printing Plant, New Type and New Presses.

LONDON ADVERTISER CO., (Limited).

London, Tuesday, June 23.

Mr. Chamberlain's Trump Card.

Mr. Chamberlain was asked yesterday in the House of Commons what steps were being taken to induce Germany to cease differentiating against Canadian products. He replied that he was not aware that any effective steps could be taken "under our present legal system." Lord Lansdowne revealed the fact the other day that Germany had threatened to deprive Great Britain of the advantages of the minimum German tariff, if British colonies gave a preference to the mother country. These statements by Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Lansdowne are very careful appeals to a national sentiment, the impulse to return a blow for a blow. Germany is the most unpopular of Great Britain's commercial rivals, and Mr. Chamberlain is skillfully playing on this prejudice. In his speeches he has singled out Germany as the type of aggressive protectionism which menaces Great Britain and against which she can oppose no weapons, having thrown them away when she adopted free trade. The German Government little realized what it was doing when it undertook to castigate Canada in revenge for the Canadian preferential tariff. It precipitated the issue of Imperial preferential trade and provided Mr. Chamberlain with a trump card which he is playing for all it is worth. If Germany ventures once more to lift her hand against Canada as she threatened to do by way of reprisal for the Canadian surtax, she will give an impetus to Chamberlain's policy which might prove irresistible, as it would appeal to the combative spirit of the British people. This has nothing to do with the question whether free trade is or is not the best system for Great Britain, but as a matter of practical politics Mr. Chamberlain is making a shrewd move in enlisting the popular prejudice against Germany.

Dominion Day at Home.

St. Andrew's Society has arranged a local celebration for Dominion Day, on a scale large and important enough to keep a good many people at home, who would otherwise leave the city to find recreation. Organized celebrations of this kind have been too rare in London, and the lack of local enterprise has been responsible for a large exodus of citizens on public holidays, with few exceptions. St. Andrew's Society is entitled to great credit for undertaking this celebration in an adequate manner. The programme is an ambitious one, the prizes amounting to a thousand dollars. The people of London should see to it that the society is not a loser because of its laudable effort to make London a holiday center, and provide public entertainment worthy of the day. The success of the celebration will create a good precedent.

An Age of Hurry.

The financial undoing of so many people of small means through the recent slump in stocks, illustrates again the old saying that the only sure way to make money is to save it. There is no romance so fascinating as the romance of gold. The spectacular winnings of a few have dazzled the many. They have been bitten by the craze to get rich in a hurry and have lost respect for the old-fashioned virtues of thrift and frugality. The get-rich-quick scheme is typical of the times. The infirmity runs through every department of life. President Eliot, of Harvard University, in his annual address the other day denounced haste as the vice of the age. Bishop Potter also declared the other day that Americans were in such a hurry they were losing their manners. The haste to acquire an "education" is destructive of true culture. The majority of young men will not take the time to thoroughly ground themselves in any subject. They want to reap without sowing. The soil is not favorable for the germination of large and luminous ideas, hence so many half-baked graduates turned loose on the world. The hurry to get rich is the master passion. The good old plodding ways are despised. People race through life and have no time to learn what real life is. The means of living are reckoned more important than living itself. Our slow-going ancestors did not move so fast, but they probably got more out of life. "Raw haste" is "half-sister to delay."

The German Social-Democrats.

The main planks in the platform of the German Socialists are as follows: "One vote for every man and woman; payment of members of the Reichstag; responsibility of the Ministry to the Reichstag, as in England; lower tariffs, especially on food imports; substitution of militia system for great standing army, as in the United States; legal equality of the sexes; separation of church and state, and free non-sectarian schools, with compulsory attendance, as in the United States; progressive income and inheritance taxes, as in England; state-maintained courts of law—i. e., the right to sue and get justice free of cost; free medical aid and burial—i. e., at the expense of the state."

The majority of these demands have been conceded in other countries. As a matter of fact the German Social Democrats are Democrats, rather than Socialists. They have, as a party, cut loose from the Socialism as propounded by Marx, and have made reform, not revolution, their immediate object. The growth of the movement is a protest by the working classes against militarism and imperialism—the "weltpolitic" of the Kaiser. That the Emperor should enter the lists against the greatest political party in the nation, denouncing it by voice and pen, shows that Germany is a long way from British ideas of constitutional government. It shows also that the Emperor is laying up a store of trouble for the house of Hohenzollern. The present Crown Prince, taking the cue from his father, recently referred to the Social Democrats as "a party of wretches." The epithet was seized on by the party and used with telling effect in the campaign, which has just ended in a Social Democratic triumph. Herr Bebel, the leader of the party, in a famous speech last month, took the Crown Prince to task, as follows:

"Now, gentlemen, it is not enough that the German Emperor speaks against us, but his son, too, the Crown Prince, comes forward to imitate him. This young gentleman, twenty years old, steps forward to talk of our party as 'wretches.' What kind of service has this young gentleman given to the state that he dare take it upon himself thus to speak of the German Social Democrats. Of course we don't mind it. If we are called the 'party of wretches,' we know that in the end the name will become a title of honor among us, even as the name of 'beggar' became a title among the Spanish conquerors who fastened it upon them. Perhaps before long, at a meeting of Social Democrats, we may decide to adopt the title of 'The Party of Wretches,' and in this way shall fling the gauntlet to the young gentleman's face. Mean while, as the young man has, according to human reckoning, some distance yet to travel before he reaches the throne, I think he might employ the journey more profitably than in making enemies of the Social Democrats. This emigrant might be useful to the future as German Emperor. For by that time the power of German Social Democracy may be very different from what it is today."

Herr Bebel came perilously near to incurring a charge of lese majeste. The fact that his party had one-third of the votes polled on the first ballot in the general elections last week shows that his warning is not an empty one.

The Manitoulin fool has feet of clay, but no one can deny he has a forehead of brass.

Mr. Gage speaks of his "rough" simple way. It's rough enough, but he cannot convince any one that his ways are without guile.

The Cunard line has withdrawn from Morgan's shipping combine. The combine at first nearly frightened the British out of their senses, but it appears to have been a bogey of the sea-serpent variety.

"Concluding, Mr. Gage said: 'I believe there is a God in heaven whether the Provincial Secretary does or not, and before that God he will have to answer. God knows what I said is absolutely true, and I leave it to that God and the future to judge who is right and who is wrong.' (Loud applause.)"

Hadn't Gage sinned enough without adding blasphemy to the list? This invocation of the Deity by a convicted scoundrel, is the crowning infamy. And the "loud applause" is equally infamous.

One of the most insistent demands for explanation has been that which called for a statement concerning the mutilation of the Crossin account books. That demand has been considerably modified by the point made by Mr. Lucas, that the books were last seen before mutilation by counsel for the defense.—Toronto News.

No such thing. The books were last seen by counsel for the prosecution, Messrs Macpherson and Macdonald.

The nationality of settlers who took up homesteads in the Edmonton district between June 1 and June 8, 1902, is represented as follows:

English.21
Scottish.17
Americans.18
Austrians.13
Germans.6
Norwegians.12
Swedes.3
Danes.1

Total.98

These ninety-eight homesteaders, with their families, represent an increase in population of 284 in one week. The showing, as respects the nationalities, is very encouraging.

Among the non-British elements the Americans are ideal settlers, and from the continent of Europe there could be none better than the Germans, Norwegians, Swedes and Danes. The Austrians are not so advanced, but they have proved good farmers in the Northwest.

Girl Went With the Circus.

[From the Orillia News-Letter.] Miss C. Gill, the tallest girl of her age in Canada, was engaged to accompany the Walter L. Main circus, and left town with the show on Saturday night. For some years Miss Gill has been a conspicuous figure on the streets of Orillia. She refused an enticing offer to go with Lemon's circus some years ago. Her salary is to be \$25 a week, a substantial one, for figuring as an attraction in the side-show.

Stay Home and Save Money.

[New York Herald.] Baxter—I suppose you're going to the Comique tonight to see the woman with iron jaw?
Hennessy—No, I'm going to stay at home and hear her.

The Real Zest of Life.

[Gaiety Burgers.] Not the quarry, but the chase; Not the laurel, but the race; Not the hazard, but the play, Make me, Lord, enjoy always.

The Other Girls.

[New Orleans Times-Democrat.] You ask me of the other girls, sweet-heart. (A question women always ask of men. The end of all the sweet-heart's questionings. And yet, the point at which they all begin.)

You ask me of the other girls—Well this: God never made a finer lot than these; Fond lovers never kissed from listlessness. A fairer child than dimpled Eloise.

The pulsing passions of a hundred years. Mad sweet in purer ways where made, Myriad forms of piquet's clay have made, But none so little as star-eyed, laughing Rose.

The sculptor, in his wildest dreams of art, In tracements of the ligaments, and line, Could never once the gracious equal find Of Clementine, my own sweet Clementine.

The poet and the painter, in their turn, May praise and love the beauties that they know, Nor ones in all their dreamings find One equalling the charms of little Clo.

Man never wooed a finer lot of girls—God never made a finer lot than these. He never made red lips so like the rose, Nor languid eyes more like the glinting dew.

You ask me of the other girls, sweet-heart. You ask me if I love them still. I do. Each beauty that I found in each of them.

Each grace of mien, each virtue that they knew, I find them all and love them more, sweet-heart. Because they are so much a part of you.

The Anthem of Industry.

[Washington Star.] The factory whistle lifts its note, There from its broad and grimy throat, It sings, for those who understand, The finest anthem in the land.

King Pete.

[Chicago Record-Herald.] Peter Karageorgevitch, Glorious and great, when you Don your purple robes and rich These are things you ought to do: Keep a knife stuck in your boot, And a razor up your sleeve; Practice till you learn to shoot, To your home surroundings cleave; Always look for bombs and things Underneath the bottom seat. When among earth's splendid kings You assume your place, Oh, Pete.

Peter Karageorgevitch, Glorious and great, when you Don your purple robes and rich These are things you ought to do: Keep a knife stuck in your boot, And a razor up your sleeve; Practice till you learn to shoot, To your home surroundings cleave; Always look for bombs and things Underneath the bottom seat. When among earth's splendid kings You assume your place, Oh, Pete.

Peter Karageorgevitch, Glorious and great, when you Don your purple robes and rich These are things you ought to do: Keep a knife stuck in your boot, And a razor up your sleeve; Practice till you learn to shoot, To your home surroundings cleave; Always look for bombs and things Underneath the bottom seat. When among earth's splendid kings You assume your place, Oh, Pete.

REVEALED THE FUTURE

For This Unlawful Practice Mrs. Aird Was Arrested.

Her Husband Skipped Out; She Was Fined the Costs.

"Unlawfully telling fortunes," was the charge which appeared opposite the name of Mrs. Anna Aird on the police court register this morning. The case was an unusual one even to the court of this city, where at least a few interesting phases of human nature are displayed.

Mrs. Aird, who says she has relatives in Brantford, has, as she acknowledged, been dealing in fortune telling, with the aid of her husband, for some time. Her quarters on Talbot street have been the Mecca of many maidens and matrons who have disconnected from their coin to hear what the "Pleasant Dreams"

Cries the young maid to her mother, as she retires to rest. The mother smiles, but sighs. She knows that the pains that rack her will not stop for darkness, and that if she sleeps her dreams will only be echoes of the sufferings of the day.

Why not sleep soundly and rise refreshed at morning, with strength and courage for the day's duties? Weak, nervous women, suffering from backache, bearing-down pains, and other women's ailments, have found a perfect cure in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It heals the womanly diseases which cause the pains and nervousness. It makes weak women strong and sick women well.

"I deem it my duty to express my heartfelt gratitude for having been the means, under Providence, of restoring me to health," writes Mrs. B. H. Stun, of Springfield, Conn. Co. "I was nearly two years in bed, and I can truthfully say that my health has been better for the last year than it has been for four years previously."

"You may publish this as a testimonial."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in paper covers, is sent free on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Chicago, June 23.—When John W. Gates looked over the vehicles Saturday to go to the Derby, he found he had neglected to provide one that would do for cold weather like that of Saturday morning. He accordingly went to a large carriage concern and bought two landaus for use on the occasion, paying \$4,000 each for them. With seven friends he drove out to the clubhouse early and kept warm inside his new purchases.

Gates' \$8,000 Drive.

Chicago, June 23.—When John W. Gates looked over the vehicles Saturday to go to the Derby, he found he had neglected to provide one that would do for cold weather like that of Saturday morning. He accordingly went to a large carriage concern and bought two landaus for use on the occasion, paying \$4,000 each for them. With seven friends he drove out to the clubhouse early and kept warm inside his new purchases.

Sour Stomach

—Bad Breath.

The body depends on the bowels to carry off all waste and poisonous matters from the system—it is Nature's drainage. If the bowels don't perform their functions properly and become clogged up, the system gradually absorbs this poison. It is this which causes sick headache, biliousness, sour stomach, bad breath, inactive liver, lack of energy, heartburn, etc.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt will cure you by clearing away the obstruction and thoroughly cleansing the bowels. This brings healthy action to all the organs of the body and rids the system of the cause of illness.

In this way Abbey's Effervescent Salt permanently cures. A teaspoonful in half a glass of tepid water every morning.

fates have in store for them. There they learned of the fortune that would be left them, of the long trip they would take; were told whether their heart ruled their head, and underwent that indescribable sensation that sensations when a dear young thing hears of the tall, dark, broad-shouldered man who will marry inside of a year. What part her husband took in this uplifting of the curtain of the future was not shown. Mr. Aird discreetly withdrew before Detective Rider presented his card.

Mr. Aird appeared in court with tear-stained eyes. He pleaded guilty to telling fortunes unlawfully, but his to go, Mr. Aird discreetly withdrew before Detective Rider presented his card.

A POLICEMAN'S DIGNITY.

The police court charge for jailing at policemen was fixed this morning at the magistrate at \$5. James Cartledge was the first one to pay it. The chief and other officials take considerable pride in the good appearance of the men as they walk from the station in a line to the "Clock" corner, where they separate to go on their beats. Cartledge didn't appear to think much of them. He and three friends happened along Cartledge street just as a squad was coming out of the station. The sergeant in charge said that immediately the quartet began passing slighting remarks about the bravery of the squad, the most noticeable word in their reference being of a place where policemen were from "frigid." The dignity of the sergeant was hurt, and he sent one of the men after Cartledge with the result that the latter appeared in court this morning. He acknowledged the fault and was fined the five.

The magistrate told him plainly that he had acted disorderly, and had not the right to speak in a disrespectful manner to members of the police force. He had acted disorderly, and had not the right to speak in a disrespectful manner to members of the police force.

An adjournment was made in the case of Florence Donnelly, against John A. Donnelly, in which the latter is charged with assault.

A few shots at blackbirds in the city limits cost M. D. Fraser \$3, an officer having seen him discharge a gun.

Robert Carrothers and William Russell, up for breach of bylaw, were discharged.

The usual punishment was given a St. Thomas young man, who came to the city with tangled feet. He was sent back to the City of Calamities. Another drunk was remanded for a week.

PAY LISTS TOTAL \$20,000

Col. Dawson Prepares Cost of Camp of Instruction.

Men's Rations and Fodder for Horses Increase This Amount.

The pay lists for the camp of instruction which closed on Saturday last will amount to about \$20,000. The lists have not been completed yet, but they are in the hands of the district paymaster, Col. M. D. Dawson, and will be ready for the Ottawa authorities in a few days.

The \$20,000 does not nearly cover the total expense of the camp. It simply covers the pay due the officers of the division, the two brigades, and the several regiments and the rank and file. Besides these, the Government has to provide for the rations of the men, and the fodder for the horses, which, combined, will mean an additional \$4,000 or \$4,500.

The total expense of the camp will be much lighter than it was for the instruction of either of the camps held here two years ago. In 1901 the men were under canvas for a month, there being two camps following each other, and each camp was larger, so far as the infantry were concerned, than this year's gathering, when the strength of the companies was considerably reduced.

One section of the camp cost more this year than it has ever done in the history of the camps on Carling's Heights. It was the cavalry. The turnout of the mounted troops this year was the largest on record, making the pay roll for them several hundred dollars heavier.

For many centuries the people of Serbia were under the tyranny of the despotic Turk, but one of this same Obrenovich dynasty obtained for them a quasi or partial independence about seven decades ago. Thirty years later a son of the former ruler gained their complete freedom, and was rewarded by being assassinated.

The exclamatory words of the Pope on hearing of the tragedy are pertinent and ominous. "When will people learn that thrones stained with blood are not worth having?"

243 Markham street, Toronto. Toronto, June 20.

Thirty Lives Lost.

Belgrade, June 23.—A cloudburst occurred Sunday at the village of Zenom, and fifty-four houses were demolished. Thirty persons were drowned.

The exclamatory words of the Pope on hearing of the tragedy are pertinent and ominous. "When will people learn that thrones stained with blood are not worth having?"

243 Markham street, Toronto. Toronto, June 20.

Thirty Lives Lost.

Belgrade, June 23.—A cloudburst occurred Sunday at the village of Zenom, and fifty-four houses were demolished. Thirty persons were drowned.

The exclamatory words of the Pope on hearing of the tragedy are pertinent and ominous. "When will people learn that thrones stained with blood are not worth having?"

Kingsmill's

Great Challenge Sale

DRESS FABRICS.

MILLINERY.

SILKS.

In our Millinery Department we offer some snaps, just the thing for outing summer wear. Fashionable new stuff at prices to suit.

300 yards of Dress Fabrics, no two pieces alike, comprising all the new weaves, fashionable colorings, wide widths, worth 75c to \$1. Challenge Sale.25c

7 only Costume lengths, 7 yards each, no two alike, regular price \$7 to \$10. Challenge Sale. \$4.00

5 only Costume lengths, 7 yards each, regular price \$7 to \$8. Challenge Sale. \$3.00

8 only Costume lengths, 9 yards each, including trimmings, regular price \$5.50. Challenge Sale. \$2.00

Ready-to-wear Hats, in White, Black and Burnt, worth \$3. Challenge Sale. \$1.40

5 only Black and White Fancy Straw, worth \$2. Challenge Sale. \$1.00

Ready-to-wear Hats, in White and Black, with lace insertion trimmings, worth \$2.00. Challenge Sale. \$1.25

Kingsmill's

Letters to the Editor.

SERBIAN TRAGEDY.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

We are all aware that history repeats itself, but not prepared for the repetition which has come to us in the form of the recent butchery in Serbia; hard to believe it possible in view of the civilization and enlightenment of the twentieth century. Has it a parallel? or is it surpassed by any similar event since the time of the Crusades? The trivial circumstances that led up to its perpetration, the perfidy of the senate, the treachery of the officials, and brutality by the hired assassins, all combined, stamp it as one of the most atrocious deeds in the annals of crime. No matter what might have been the misdemeanors of the royal pair, there certainly were other effective, other means of deterring them from such a deed.

We had hoped for some intervention in protection of the part of the European powers, but diplomacy ruled otherwise.

We fancy if Cain were among us at the present time he would be convinced that he had not lived in vain, so popular would he find his code of ethics to have become. Among the masses the principles of those ethics appear to be the chief source from which they practically draw their ideas of rightness and oughtness.

Individual and natural indifference to responsibility is sometimes evoked by the Supreme Ruler of the Universe, in a way that we reckon not of. We have seen nations apparently wrapped in apathy while the slaughter of the innocents went on apace. Soon after we have beheld the strength and flower of one of those nations in their young manhood cut down on a foreign field while defending the honor of that nation.

For many centuries the people of Serbia were under the tyranny of the despotic Turk, but one of this same Obrenovich dynasty obtained for them a quasi or partial independence about seven decades ago. Thirty years later a son of the former ruler gained their complete freedom, and was rewarded by being assassinated.

The exclamatory words of the Pope on hearing of the tragedy are pertinent and ominous. "When will people learn that thrones stained with blood are not worth having?"

243 Markham street, Toronto. Toronto, June 20.

Thirty Lives Lost.

Belgrade, June 23.—A cloudburst occurred Sunday at the village of Zenom, and fifty-four houses were demolished. Thirty persons were drowned.

The exclamatory words of the Pope

on hearing of the tragedy are pertinent and ominous. "When will people learn that thrones stained with blood are not worth having?"

243 Markham street, Toronto. Toronto, June 20.

Thirty Lives Lost.

Belgrade, June 23.—A cloudburst occurred Sunday at the village of Zenom, and fifty-four houses were demolished. Thirty persons were drowned.

The exclamatory words of the Pope

on hearing of the tragedy are pertinent and ominous. "When will people learn that thrones stained with blood are not worth having?"

243 Markham street, Toronto. Toronto, June 20.

Thirty Lives Lost.

Belgrade, June 23.—A cloudburst occurred Sunday at the village of Zenom, and fifty-four houses were demolished. Thirty persons were drowned.

The exclamatory words of the Pope

on hearing of the tragedy are pertinent and ominous. "When will people learn that thrones stained with blood are not worth having?"

243 Markham street, Toronto. Toronto, June 20.

A Little Coal

Goes A Long Way

Clark's Cooked Lunch Tongue

There is a Juiciness, Tenderness and Tastiness in

Clark's Cooked Lunch Tongue

quite unlike other tongues.

If you eat

Pork and Beans

eat CLARK'S they're delicious.

W. CLARK, MFR., - MONTREAL.

on hearing of the tragedy are pertinent and ominous. "When will people learn that thrones stained with blood are not worth having?"

243 Markham street, Toronto. Toronto, June 20.

Thirty Lives Lost.

Belgrade, June 23.—A cloudburst occurred Sunday at the village of Zenom, and fifty-four houses were demolished. Thirty persons were drowned.

The exclamatory words of the Pope

on hearing of the tragedy are pertinent and ominous. "When will people learn that thrones stained with blood are not worth having?"

243 Markham street, Toronto. Toronto, June 20.

Thirty Lives Lost.

Belgrade, June 23.—A cloudburst occurred Sunday at the village of Zenom, and fifty-four houses were demolished. Thirty persons were drowned.

The exclamatory words of the Pope

on hearing of the tragedy are pertinent and ominous. "When will people learn that thrones stained with blood are not worth having?"

243 Markham street, Toronto. Toronto, June 20.

Thirty Lives Lost.

Belgrade, June 23.—A cloudburst occurred Sunday at the village of Zenom, and fifty-four houses were demolished. Thirty persons were drowned.

The exclamatory words of the Pope

on hearing of the tragedy are pertinent and ominous. "When will people learn that thrones stained with blood are not worth having?"

243 Markham street, Toronto. Toronto, June 20.

Thirty Lives Lost.

Belgrade, June 23.—A cloudburst occurred Sunday at the village of Zenom, and fifty-four houses were

DANGEROUS TO NEGLECT A COLD

Pe-ru-na Cures a Cold Before It Develops Into Chronic Catarrh.



"Nothing Cures Catarrh as Readily As Pe-ru-na."

"Pe-ru-na Cured Me in Two Months."

CATCHING cold is the first step toward acquiring catarrh. Indeed a cold would be properly called catarrh. Catching cold the second or third time is another step in the same direction. Two or three colds are sufficient to lay a good foundation for chronic catarrh.

The history of every case of chronic catarrh is catching cold. Pe-ru-na ought always to be used for coughs, colds and other climatic affections of the head and throat. If Pe-ru-na is used, the liability of chronic catarrh is removed. It is folly to neglect a cold. People think they have got over a cold when the acute stage is passed, but the seeds of catarrh have been sown. The disease is slumbering and ready to break out at the slightest provocation. To rid the system of catarrh, Pe-ru-na should be taken. There is no guess or uncertainty about Pe-ru-na. It is a remedy tested by many years' experience. The number of people who have been cured by it is greater than the number of people who have been cured by all the other catarrh remedies combined.

Don't let anyone persuade you that there is any remedy that can be substituted for Pe-ru-na. Pay no attention to imitations. The success of Pe-ru-na has tempted a great many people to invent something to take the place of it. There is no such remedy. Insist upon having Pe-ru-na. Take no other.

GAMEY CONTINUES TRADE; ABUSE, SLANG AND INSULT

Calls Defense Counsel Hard Names, Attacks Premier.

AN HYSTERICAL PERORATION

He Says He Will Repeat His Charges Outside the House—Flatheson and St. John Speak.

[Special to The Advertiser.] Toronto, June 22.—The speakers of the day in the Gamey debate were all members of the opposition. Mr. Gamey had the floor at the opening of the afternoon session. After begging the house's pardon for any infractions of the courtesies of debate which he might have committed, he proceeded to repeat his sins in this respect, directing his remarks several times to the Premier instead of to the speaker, and using violent language at frequent intervals. He reserved a special measure of vituperation for Mr. J. M. McEvoy. He spoke for an hour, who commented briefly on the fact that the Government was not putting up any members to defend the judiciary. Mr. St. John then took the floor and spoke till the adjournment for the

Bu=Ju CURES RHEUMATISM

The great kidney pill is a sovereign specific for Rheumatism of every description, which is caused by an excess of uric acid and other urinary matters in the blood. All the varieties of this painful and dread disease have their origin in kidney disturbance. Get the kidneys to working well and the trouble is ended. This you can do by using

Bu=Ju THE KIDNEY PILL

the vegetable prescription that cures all kidney and urinary diseases. All druggists sell Bu=Ju at 50 cents per box, 90 pills.

The C. A. Chemical Co.

NEW YORK, N. Y., AND WINDSOR, ONT.

successful. Neighbors with whom he had private and business transactions for 20 years, had come to say against his personal character. The fact that in his own district he had polled the largest vote ever given to a candidate for Manitoulin was another evidence that he was not altogether the peculiar monster that the horse-headed editor of the Proboscis was.

Mr. Gamey then went into the question of the relations of the Provincial Secretary to the Premier. In connection with the former had denied. Sullivan, said Mr. Gamey, was the go-between through which all the business case depended on his part in it. In the very beginning the Sullivan were found commencing his negotiations for the purpose of usurping his position as a member if he would support the Government. Then it was Frank Sullivan who had introduced Mr. Gamey into the Provincial Secretary, which would have been a curious circumstance if Frank Sullivan had had no previous connection with Mr. Stratton. Then Sullivan had written that he had "seen out" Mr. Gamey, and that he had had no other deal put through but that with the Provincial Secretary. The "other deals" suggested were those of obtaining evidence in the Algonquin election and the buying of Mr. Smyth's support.

Then there was the telegram sent by Frank Sullivan two days before the Globe interview was given, telling Mr. Gamey that it was his intention that he should be in Toronto on Thursday or Friday. Was it reasonable to suppose that Mr. Gamey had been asked to go to Toronto to discuss a private deal and then not to appear? That was another specimen of the "Me-Evay" facts.

All through the case the hand of the Provincial Secretary could be seen directing the movements of Frank Sullivan. Sullivan's letters were sufficient to show the Provincial Secretary with Frank Sullivan. Sullivan knew too much of letters written to the Provincial Secretary to be in such a position of confidence. On Feb. 7, said Mr. Gamey, he had written to Mr. Stratton, informing him of the support which the Government was giving to the meeting of the Executive on Feb. 16. On Feb. 11, Frank Sullivan had written to the Provincial Secretary, enclosing an inclosure which proved to be an absolute reply in every particular to the letter written to the Provincial Secretary. How should Mr. Sullivan know the contents of the letter of Feb. 7 to the Provincial Secretary? The inclosure was couched in a style and phrasing altogether beyond the limits of what one accustomed to the preparation of speeches and interviews, and Sullivan would never think of that phrase, for the limit of his power in the habit of grasping were not phantoms, but realities.

CONFIDENTIAL LETTER.

Mr. Gamey then commented on the fact that Sullivan, a mere clerk, had gone to the Premier's office and had effected an official there. "Here, Ford, get a gait on, and typewrite this for me," it was peculiar that when the Provincial Secretary wanted two important confidential documents typewritten he had left his own department and gone to the Premier's office. Anyone who had read the letters that had a bearing on the case, Mr. Gamey said, would be convinced that there was collusion between the Provincial Secretary and Frank Sullivan. Sullivan had been in the room of the Provincial Secretary and had seen the inclosure which proved to be an absolute reply in every particular to the letter written to the Provincial Secretary. How should Mr. Sullivan know the contents of the letter of Feb. 7 to the Provincial Secretary? The inclosure was couched in a style and phrasing altogether beyond the limits of what one accustomed to the preparation of speeches and interviews, and Sullivan would never think of that phrase, for the limit of his power in the habit of grasping were not phantoms, but realities.

Mr. Gamey had noticed, he said, that the Premier's short time ago, according to the newspapers, had indicated that he would not take any steps to expel him from the house. But the Premier knew very well that, if the commissioners had done their duty, that he and his associates would be in a position to expel or talk of expelling anyone from the house. After all that had occurred, such as the burning of the West Elgin ballots and the Shannon timber deal, where it was a matter of fact that the province was being stolen by the Sullivan and Taylor, the Premier, if he had a particle of honor, would not do the main thing and appeal to the people. But he was afraid to do that, for the very simple reason that he knew that he would lose in expelling him, and they would do it so quickly that he would not have time to remember that he and his associates would be in a position to expel or talk of expelling anyone from the house. A friend had written to Mr. Gamey from the Southern States after reading all the facts of the case and he had said that what was needed to turn the Ross Government out was force, and that he would be tried by his countrymen and not by paid officials of the

WILL GO TO THE COUNTRY.

Mr. Gamey next declared that he would take the earliest opportunity he had of repeating his charges throughout the country, and if the provincial secretary would dare take any legal action against him, he would then have the case where he wanted it, and would be tried by his countrymen and not by paid officials of the

night. He went at length into the evidence, and quoted copiously from the public prints and Mr. Blake's arguments. He will conclude his address in the morning.

Although there is a large attendance of members on both sides of the house, the city of London remains unrepresented. Mr. Adam Beck has been in the house for only a few minutes since the debate started. His absence is freely commented upon by his colleagues.

Mr. Gamey, in resuming the speech which was interrupted by Friday night's adjournment, said that he wished to express his regret for any infractions of parliamentary etiquette of which he had been guilty. He went on to say that his contention was that he had a perfect right to criticize fully and freely the department of the two commissioners of evidence, or for personal prejudice or bias. The people were the final judges of appeal in the case, and the finding should be open to the fullest criticism. Mr. Gamey said he had nothing personal against the commissioners, but their conduct had been such as to lay their motives open to question. If the word false, as he had said, was applied to an unparliamentary one, then he wished to get the next best word to express the same meaning. Mr. Gamey declared that if he could not substantiate the criticisms he had made of the judges' report, he would withdraw from public life forever.

Mr. Gamey then devoted his attention to the methods and character of the defense. It had been reported that Mr. Robinette had been engaged for the defense, but had then been engaged. The inference was obvious that Mr. Robinette had refused to do the kind of work required. Underhand means, said Mr. Gamey, had been used in the endeavor to obtain discrediting evidence against him. They had gone to the Confederation Life, of which company he had been an agent for 17 years, to see if they could not find something discreditable against him, but they were informed that he had been a valuable and reliable agent. They had then gone to the Canada Accident Insurance Company for the same purpose. They were told by the manager of the company that his (Mr. Gamey's) business relations with the firm were above board. These assurances of the Government replied that that was remarkable, as the manager of the Confederation Life Assurance Company had informed them that his dealings with Mr. Gamey were not satisfactory. This was but an incident which showed the dirty tactics adopted by the defense, and it was no wonder that they had to employ such stamps and soundings as J. M. McEvoy to bolster up their case.

The Government had also paid money to go to Manitoba and secure the

Government. He added that he would for sooner than let R. R. Gamey than the Hon. J. R. Stratton, provincial secretary, and recipient of a bouquet of flowers from Government officials whose souls were polluted with perjury.

Chancellor Boyd would return the large sums of money he had received for work done for the Ontario Government, and would have his sons and their livelihood in an independent way instead of being in the employ of the Government. He would not say anything in favor of the report, but until that was done he would continue to criticize him and his report in the manner he had. As for Chief Justice Falconbridge, he was so infinitely small and insignificant that Mr. Gamey would not refer to him, he said. Both the judges were pensioners of the Government, and one of the great steps down from their high positions they should not enter politics unless they were prepared to stand up and meet the charges against them like men.

Mr. Gamey next repeated that he had other information in his possession bearing on the case, but he would not make it public in the house, as he did before. He would benefit by past experience, and would not allow this additional evidence at the proper time.

A DAY OF RECKONING.

In concluding, the member for Manitoulin declared that he would go home proud of the fact that he had told the Province of the fact that no one could accuse him of being a perjurer. As there was a God in heaven, and he believed that God knew that he was telling the truth, he would sooner or later come.

"And I wish to say," cried Mr. Gamey, "that the provincial secretary knows in his innermost heart, and knows that God knows that what he said is false. I leave my case to the future and to God himself to judge who is right and who is wrong."

Mr. Gamey resumed his seat at 4:15 o'clock, after having spoken for one hour.

Col. Matheson, who followed, said that he simply wished to ask if any of the Government supporters were going to participate in the debate. Was the attorney-general, the man who by virtue of his office was bound to defend the judges, going to sit silent and say nothing one way or the other? Perhaps Mr. Johnston and Mr. McEvoy had not sent in their briefs yet, and for that reason the attorney-general could not defend the commissioners.

The whole finding of the judges, Col. Matheson continued, had been literally torn to pieces, and in such a way that no court of appeal would uphold it, but, on the contrary, would have shown that throughout the whole of the report there were omissions and errors, and that the feelings of the commissioners were anything but just and impartial. The judges had, for instance, refused to accept certain evidence which was true on the face of it.

It was true that Mr. Gamey had made some mistakes, but Col. Matheson ventured to say that no man could have gone through the trial that he had and not made some little slip. He believed that Mr. Gamey's story was in the main true.

Col. Matheson again asked the Government supporters whether they were not going to defend the report and the judges.

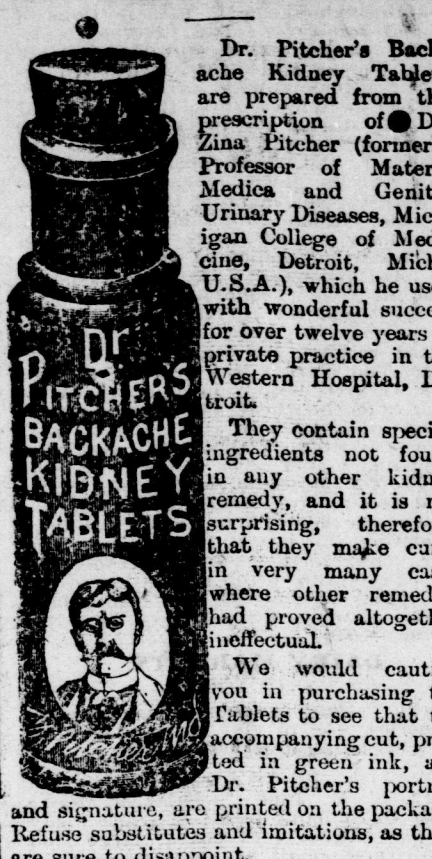
ST. JOHN SPEAKS.

Mr. St. John next took the floor. In view of the fact that the Government had refused to discuss the serious situation, he felt that he had no alternative but to speak.

It being 6 o'clock, the speaker at this point left the chair.

Continuing in the recess, Mr. St. John said a striking evidence of the chancellor's bias was the way in which he had behaved towards Mr. Hammond in connection with the "O. O. you forget incident." He had given Mr. Hammond decided hints that he need not answer questions, and when the evidence was given he had smoothed it over and nullified its effect. The chancellor had undertaken duties for which he was his long occupation of the bench, and in doing so he had shown himself a man anxious to do the work which he had endeavored to do.

A WORD OF CAUTION.



Dr. Fitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets are prepared from the prescription of Dr. Zina Fitcher, formerly Professor of Materia Medica and Genito-Urinary Diseases, Michigan College of Medicine, Detroit, Mich., U.S.A., which he used with wonderful success for over twelve years in the private practice in the Western Hospital, Detroit.

They contain specific ingredients not found in any other kidney remedy, and it is not surprising, therefore, that they make cures in very many cases where other remedies had proved altogether ineffectual.

We would caution you in purchasing the Tablets to see that the accompanying cut, printed in green ink, and Dr. Fitcher's portrait and signature, are printed on the package. Refuse substitutes and imitations, as these are sure to disappoint.

The price of the Tablets is 50c. a box, or three boxes for \$1.25, at all druggists, or sent by mail by addressing the Dr. Zina Fitcher Co., Toronto, Ont.

Government. He added that he would for sooner than let R. R. Gamey than the Hon. J. R. Stratton, provincial secretary, and recipient of a bouquet of flowers from Government officials whose souls were polluted with perjury.

Chancellor Boyd would return the large sums of money he had received for work done for the Ontario Government, and would have his sons and their livelihood in an independent way instead of being in the employ of the Government.

Mr. Gamey next repeated that he had other information in his possession bearing on the case, but he would not make it public in the house, as he did before. He would benefit by past experience, and would not allow this additional evidence at the proper time.

A DAY OF RECKONING.

In concluding, the member for Manitoulin declared that he would go home proud of the fact that he had told the Province of the fact that no one could accuse him of being a perjurer. As there was a God in heaven, and he believed that God knew that he was telling the truth, he would sooner or later come.

"And I wish to say," cried Mr. Gamey, "that the provincial secretary knows in his innermost heart, and knows that God knows that what he said is false. I leave my case to the future and to God himself to judge who is right and who is wrong."

Mr. Gamey resumed his seat at 4:15 o'clock, after having spoken for one hour.

Col. Matheson, who followed, said that he simply wished to ask if any of the Government supporters were going to participate in the debate. Was the attorney-general, the man who by virtue of his office was bound to defend the judges, going to sit silent and say nothing one way or the other? Perhaps Mr. Johnston and Mr. McEvoy had not sent in their briefs yet, and for that reason the attorney-general could not defend the commissioners.

ation which confronted them, he said in commencing they must take warning that the opposition would discuss it in their own way. He felt the responsibility to himself and to his constituents in approaching a matter so fraught with seriousness. There was an awful cloud hanging over the Government, and the attitude that the opposition took must largely be of an inquisitorial nature.

The appointment of a royal commission to investigate the charges, said Mr. St. John, was based on a distinct breach of faith on the part of the Premier, who had first promised the House that he would have a committee of the Legislature deal with Mr. Gamey's statement. The Premier had then deliberately abandoned his solemn pledge, while the innocent representatives of the people slept. The origin of royal commissions dated back to the time of Confederation, but in the appointment of the present one the Government had violated all the principles of Liberalism, and had broken faith with the people.

There were many reasons why the judges should not have acted on the commission. In the first place they knew they would be criticised by the people, and in the second place Chancellor Boyd had for years been the arbitrator for the province, and was in the receipt of money from the Government. The Canadian Law Journal had also warned them against accepting, saying that litigation would suffer on account of their absence. Yet, despite all the objections, the judges had accepted the commission, and must now be prepared for criticism.

It was also well worth pointing out, said Mr. St. John, that the judges when they opened the inquiry, were not sworn to do their duty, and should have acted in the capacity that they did without taking the oath. They had occupied merely the position of superintending the stenographers and their sole duty was the taking of evidence, and the reporting it to the House, which would act upon it.

Mr. St. John then defended Hon. S. H. Blake against the attack made upon him by the Provincial Secretary. Mr. Blake had been a leader in Liberalism and a member of a family whose name was honored and revered by all Liberals. As chancellor of the province he had rendered noble service, and his judgments had never been attacked. He was a man of unimpeachable character, who gave largely to benevolent objects, and was foremost in efforts to raise the moral standard of the province. As such he was entitled to respect, and not to the unwarranted attack made upon him. Mr. St. John then quoted from Mr. Blake's argument to show that he had contended that the commissioners were under the statute not competent to make any finding on the evidence.

POLITICAL PREJUDICE.

Mr. St. John said that the people of the province could not be blamed for being unable to distinguish between extreme prejudice and political partisanship in the part of the judges. The commissioners had been manifestly prejudiced in favor of the Government and against the accused. This was evidenced by the extreme willingness to act that they had shown when they accepted by telegraph the Government's proposition to appoint them. Another ground for their prejudice might be found in the fact that they had been paid by the Government \$1,000 annually from the Government for the trial of election cases. Mr. St. John said that he was of better pay for the judges, but it was improper for the Government by whom they were employed to ask them to step down from the bench and act in a question, outside their sphere of duty, on which the fall of the Government might depend. It was an outrage on the principles of British Justice. There was more excuse for the judges than for the Government, but the latter had rejected the constitutional method of dealing with the charges and had adopted a subterfuge which had resulted in the discrediting of the bench.

The judges were to be condemned, however, for acting in the face of the will of a united Opposition, which had behind it a popular majority of 7,000 votes.

Mr. St. John then proceeded to show the many instances in which the chancellor had manifested his prejudice against the prosecution. It had been a great pity for the defense when Sir John Boyd, primed with authorities, had ruled out the Rochester evidence, which would have discredited and contradicted the Wilson family. No man in Ontario could be so stupid as to doubt that it was right, and that this evidence should have been admitted, especially in view of the fact that it was Frank Sullivan and J. M. McEvoy who had been deputed to go after Wilson and bring him to give evidence.

Mr. St. John had also showed prejudice in supporting Mr. Johnston's misrepresentation of evidence, especially in the matter of the appointment on Jan. 29. He had shown prejudice again in placing implicit confidence in the testimony of Mr. Arthur, one of the Government's paid officials, who had come up to the scratch and given evidence favorable to the defense. Mr. Arthur had admitted since the trial that he had made mistakes in his report, but he had taken no steps to inform either the Attorney-General or the judges of the mistakes he had made.

It being 6 o'clock, the speaker at this point left the chair.

Continuing in the recess, Mr. St. John said a striking evidence of the chancellor's bias was the way in which he had behaved towards Mr. Hammond in connection with the "O. O. you forget incident." He had given Mr. Hammond decided hints that he need not answer questions, and when the evidence was given he had smoothed it over and nullified its effect. The chancellor had undertaken duties for which he was his long occupation of the bench, and in doing so he had shown himself a man anxious to do the work which he had endeavored to do.

A Business Man's Tea

There are many occasions when a business man requires a healthy sedative and nerve soother. There is no better such than

Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea



The nutrient qualities of this tea are especially suited to readjusting the nervous system and making the functions of the body normal and healthy.

Forty Cents, should be Fifty

Black, Mixed Ceylon Green Ask for the Red Label

This Long Hip Straight Front

Is the very latest Corset. The extra pieces at the side, cover and fit the hips with perfect smoothness, rounding off the lines into an exquisite curve. In no other makes of Corsets will you find this very latest Paris model.

The new tight skirts demand that you wear it.

These are the numbers and prices:

D&A

310 LONG HIP, \$1.25
425 DIP HIP, 1.00
110 DIP HIP, 1.00
208 DIP HIP, 1.00
CREST, 1.25

For sale by all leading Dry Goods Houses.

WHISKARD'S 3 Busy Stores,

228, 230 and 232 Dundas Street.

We Are Charged With the Crime

Of selling goods too cheap. We know we are guilty, but will continue doing so for the benefit of our patrons.

Here are some of the prices that prove the charge against us:

12½c Gingham and Chambrays

In fawn and pink stripes, blue and white stripe, pink and white stripe, gray stripe, pink checks, lace stripe and other colors and patterns, our sale price is, yard 8c

Nice patterns in Delaine Goods. These goods are worth at the least 15c. We are selling them at yard 8c

Come quick, if you want them.

12½c Navy Blue, Heavy Duck, white spot and stripe, wide width, sale price, yard . . . 8c

12½c PRINTS, in very nice patterns, yards, 5c, 6c and . . . 7c

Black and White Prints, new patterns, regular 10c, sale price, yard 7c

Big Sale of Embroideries in Cambrics and Muslins

Yard, 5c, 7c, 8c, 10c and . . . 12½c

LADIES' SKIRTING EMBROIDERY—Very expensive goods. All cut down in price.

SKIRTING EMBROIDERY—Worth \$3 50 yard, reduced to, per yard \$1 25

SKIRTING EMBROIDERY, worth \$1 75, reduced to, per yard 90c

SKIRTING EMBROIDERY, worth \$1 00, reduced to, yard 50c

Corset Department

Special line in Girdle Corsets, regular 50c, all sizes, now selling at, pair 39c

Millinery Department.

All our Trimmed Hats cut down in price.

The first life insurance society was started in London in 1688 and another in 1700. Neither was successful.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALWAYS CURES ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHEA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's."

At Mullion, in Cornwall, a halibut has been caught which weighed up wards of 100 pounds.

THERE IS ONLY ONE ECLECTIC OIL.—When an article, be it medicine or anything else, becomes popular, imitations invariably spring up to derive advantages from the original, which they themselves could never win on their own merits. Imitations of Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil have been numerous, but never successful. Those who know the genuine are not put off by a substitute, but demand the real thing.

"SALADA"

HER EARNEST TROTH

“O
Th
Jim tri
The “F

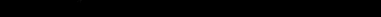
FEATURE AT HIGHLAND CAPTURED BY CLAUDE

THE TURF

umps once found he must endure
in that haunts an epicure.
Give up rich foods and try instead
the well-known 'Force'-cure, since
ed it. It agreed with him.
Force"-cure made him "Sunny

"Fool, know thyself," a wise man said, yet who ever took kindly to the tuition?
[To be Continued.]

re
ad
r," one said.
Jim."



each city, so that distinctive style is insured.
Finished to order in a few hours.



LONDON 146 DUNDAS STREET

growing popularity of the motor car. Forks, and all kinds of cut-

**makes a good liver
live better.**

A rejuvenated Being.

"'Force' is not a heavy food, and it has that substantial foundation which begets blood. If it was eaten more frequently, and the terrapin, lobster and bird eschewed, people would not complain in the morning about not feeling well. No more heavy suppers for me when I can get 'Force.' Why, since I have been eating it I feel like a rejuvenated being."
Miss Jane Evans.

