

Guelph Evening Mercury

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GUELPH ONT., CANADA; FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 13, 1868.

PRICE ONE PENNY

The Guelph Mercury

DAILY AND WEEKLY.
OFFICE: EAST MACDONNELL STREET
McLAGAN AND INNES,
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

The Evening Mercury

CONTAINING the latest News by Telegraph up to the hour of going to press, is published at 3 o'clock every afternoon (Sunday excepted), and mailed to all parts of the country by the evening mails on the following

TERMS:
Single copy, one year, \$4. Single copy, 3 mo's \$1.50
6 months 2. Single copy, 1 week 10c.
Copies may also be had of the News by the carriers in the morning, or by the evening carriers, who are supplied at their residences by our own carriers. In addition to the Telegraphic News given in the Evening Mercury will be found a vast amount of Local News, interesting articles on all the leading topics of the day. Special care will be taken to give CORRECT MARKET REPORTS. Every Business Man should read it.

"The Weekly Mercury"

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
IS THE LARGEST COUNTRY NEWSPAPER in the DOMINION, containing 40 columns of reading matter. Special care is devoted to THE WEEKLY MERCURY, and care is taken that none but the best and most select reading appears in its columns. It is the Great Family Paper of Ontario; and the unprecedented additions to its subscriptions list within the last two years, and the demand still increasing, is a certain guarantee that our assertion is correct. Our facilities now for getting up a First-Class WEEKLY are unrivalled, by even the metropolitan press, and we are determined not to relax our energies.

Letters containing money, properly registered, will be at our risk.

TO ADVERTISERS.

Business men will find THE EVENING and WEEKLY MERCURY to be admirable advertising mediums, as their respective circulations are at an advance of any others in North Western Canada, and is the only means by which extensive settlements can be reached by the judicious advertiser. Advertising rates are very moderate, and may be learned on application at the Office.

Book and Job Printing.

Executed on short notice, at reasonable rates, and in the best style of the Art. Having every facility at our command, in this department, we defy competition as to style, quality and price.

McLAGAN & INNES, Publishers.
Office: Macdonnell Street, East of the Golden Lion, Guelph, Ontario.
October 29, 1867. d.w.f.

CASTLE GARDEN SALOON

MARKET SQUARE,
GUELPH, ONT.
THE Subscriber begs to inform the public that he has leased the above premises for a term of years, and has refitted it in a very superior and substantial manner, and hopes to share a portion of the patronage of the public.

THE BAR

will be supplied with the
Best Wines, Liquors and Cigars

And the table with all the delicacies of the season. In fact no expense will be spared to make it a first-class establishment.

LUNCHEON!

Every day from 1 to 3 o'clock.

OYSTERS AND GAME,

Etc. Dinner and Supper parties provided on short notice, at reasonable charges.

JOHN MILLER,
Proprietor.
Late of the Commercial Hotel, Whitby.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.
Guelph, Jan. 29, 1868. do it

DOMINION SALOON,

(LATE GRANBY'S SHEDS SALOON.)

OPPOSITE THE MARKET,

GUELPH.
CHOICE LIQUORS, Cigars, Oysters, &c., &c. Always on hand. Meals furnished at all hours.
DENIS BUNYAN.
Guelph, December 2, 1867. d.w.f.

ALLAN'S

Barber SHOP.

IN THE BARRACKS OF

Castle Garden SALOON,

West Market Square.

SHAVING,

HAIR CUTTING,
SHAMPOONING, and
HAIR COLOURING,
Done in First-Class Style.

Making a doing up Curis for Ladies.
Guelph, February 9th. d.w.f.

500 Tons

Of best Ground Paris and Caledonia

PLASTER!

FOR sale by the subscriber Five Hundred Tons of best ground Paris and Caledonia Plaster. As the above was ordered when the prices were low, farmers had better send in their orders at once, and get the benefit of

THE LOW PRICES.

Apply at the old stand, near the Railway crossing.

GEORGE BALKWILL.
Guelph, 19th Feb, 1868. w.f.

SURROGATE COURT.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Judge of the Surrogate Court of the County of Wellington, on the 14th day of March next, for the appointment of Angus McKinnon, of the Township of Erin, gentleman, to be Guardian of Archibald McKinnon, an Infant.

D. GUTHRIE,
Solicitor.

Guelph, Feb. 19, 1868.

THE SPRING TRADE.

Advertisers will reach a large class of readers by inserting their business announcements in this paper. Our daily and weekly editions are double those of our contemporaries.

Evening Mercury.

OFFICE: MACDONNELL STREET.

FRIDAY EV'G. MARCH 13, 1868.

A man's clothes were stuffed with straw a few days ago, and sent floating down the Thames. That was a miserable and ghastly attempt at a joke.

It is estimated that the amount of wheat now in store at Kincardine, awaiting the opening of navigation for shipment, is 90,000 bushels against 75,000 at the same time last year.

BASE BALL.—We observe by the Hamilton Spectator that the annual Base Ball Supper of the Maple Leaf Club of that city took place last evening. The affair was very successful. Amongst the list of guests we observe the name of Mr T. H. Taylor, President of the Guelph Maple Leaf Base Ball Club.

FROZEN TO DEATH.—Four weeks ago a man named Martin, a resident of Huron township, was missed, and on Sabbath morning last his body was found on the ice half a mile out on the lake. A bag belonging to the deceased was found near the pier, in which were some dry goods, groceries, and a bottle of whiskey. He had another bottle which was not accounted for. A widow and six children, one born since the father's death, are left to lament his untimely end.

BWARE OF THE BURGLARS.—The Hamilton Spectator says:—We understand that reliable information has been received in this city of an intention on the part of a gang of notorious burglars to pay Hamilton a visit. The police are no doubt, informed of the movements of these scoundrels, and will keep a watchful eye upon them. It is said that their principal object in coming to Hamilton is to make a raid upon some of the Banks. It will be well for all persons engaged in protecting such institutions to exercise more than ordinary vigilance just now.

SPRINGTIME.—After one of the severest as well as one of the dreariest winters that the most ancient pioneer settlers in this northern region ever experienced, the hearts of all are being gladdened by unmistakable signs of Spring. Old Winter has smoothed his ruffled front; old Sol has deigned to smile most blandly during the past few days; the hills are in a melting mood, and the March lion is gambolling in the sunshine like a spring lamb. Still, there is sleighing on some of the roads leading into Guelph, and we advise our friends in the country to utilize it by getting all their superfluous produce to market while it lasts, as all merchantable commodities are in demand just now, and command high prices. Vegetables are scarce and dear, and fresh eggs and butter are a luxury few have had an opportunity to indulge in for some time past. A word to the wise should be sufficient.

County Court and Quarter Sessions.

COURT HOUSE, Tuesday 12th.

The verdict in the case of Smart vs Grand Trunk Railway was for the plaintiff \$175. Mr. McCurry for plaintiff; Mr. Peterson for defendant. Sentences were then pronounced as follows:—Hugh Hastings for assault with intent to commit rape, two years in Penitentiary; J. D. Green, who pleaded guilty of horse stealing, three years in the Penitentiary; the two little boys Leader and Smith for stealing confectionery two months imprisonment each in the common goal; Ellen Clarke for stealing money from Dr. Jackson six months, and Cleary for stealing an overcoat from the Great Western Hotel a similar term. The business of the court came to a close on Wednesday evening, and it finally adjourned.

We understand that motion has been made for a new trial in the case of Mooney vs Ballantyne.

One of the most wonderful cities in the world is Bangkok, the capital of Siam. On either side of the wide majestic stream, moored in regular streets and alleys, extending as far as the eye can reach, are upwards of 70,000 neat little houses, each floating on a compact raft of bamboo, and the whole intermediate space of the river is one dense mass of ships, junks and boats of every conceivable shape, color, and size.

Some people imagine that the President of the United States pays all his expenses out of his annual salary of \$25,000. It may enlighten them to read the following list of appropriations made by Congress for the last financial year:—For lighting the President's house with gas, \$48,000; fuel for do., \$12,000; painting do., \$3,000; repairing the conservatory, \$10,000; new furniture, \$76,000; wages for gardeners, gate keepers, watchmen, &c., \$30,610.

The present population of Italy, exclusive of the Papal States is set down at 24,231,860 persons. Of these 245,386, or one man in every hundred persons, is a soldier.

The Pall Mall Gazette gives a table showing that the number of Irish people living in mud huts had gradually diminished. In 1841 the proportion was 42 per cent; in 1851, 23 per cent; and in 1861, 18 per cent. It is now considerably less.

Mason's Dramatic Company.

The re-appearance of this excellent company in the Town Hall, last night, was greeted by a very fair audience, and the audience received full value for their patronage in the playing of the Ticket-of-Leave Man. There were several members of the Company who showed acting last night much superior to any they have shown us before. We do not know to what cause to assign the improvement, whether it was to a flow of animal spirits or a perfect sympathy with the parts assigned them—we only know that Miss Richmond as May Edwards, Miss Logan as Mrs. Willoughby, and Mr Salter as Hawkshaw, played much better than we ever saw them play before. Miss Marion Clifton assumed well the reckless bearing and the dialect of the good natured, generous, but unsophisticated lad, Robert Brierly. His career as a spendthrift and as the dupe of swindlers, his return on a ticket-of-leave before the expiration of his term of transportation, having learned a useful lesson and made a high resolve to be henceforth honest, his conduct according strictly to his resolution, were all faithfully brought out in the acting of Miss Clifton. As May Edwards, the poor, friendless little street singer, Miss Richmond was pathetic. There was a touch of grandeur about her look and accents of resignation when the world went hard with her, and there was the true expression of woman's gratitude while she sat reading the letters of the convict Brierly, who had befriended her in her utmost need, and anxiously longing for his return. Miss Logan, as Mrs Willoughby, surpassed any of the efforts we have seen her make heretofore. Her gossip was most amusing, and the little scenes that occurred between her and her promising grandson, Sam (who had a clever representative in Mr Harry Lampee), accomplished their design, and created a great deal of merriment. Mr Mason as Meltzer Moss displayed a power which but few young men possess, that of imitating the mien and voice of a person advanced in years. His looks, his movements, all suited the character he had assumed, that of an old villain possessed of a large number of counterfeit "fimsies" extremely anxious to pass them off, no matter on whom, utterly regardless of what the consequences of the crime to others might be. The play carried with it a most forcible lesson. Brierly fell away again after his first reformation, and it was only with the greatest difficulty that he finally became so fortified in virtue as to be proof against the evil influences of wicked companions. The general opinion was, that last night's entertainment was the best yet, and so highly delighted were the audience with Miss Clifton's acting that, at the conclusion, she was called before the curtain, where she bowed her acknowledgment of the compliment. To-night will be re-produced, by special request, T. S. Arthur's touching drama, "Ten Nights in a Bar-room," concluding with the farce entitled "The Swiss Cottage." Give the Company a good house; it is nothing but their deserts; and, moreover, the clever Harry Lampee takes his benefit to-night.

QUARTER SESSIONS FOR WATERLOO.—There was comparatively a small amount of business before this court at its last sitting which commenced on Tuesday the 10th inst., and terminated the next day. There were only two civil cases on the docket. There were four criminal cases tried. Henry Hammel for stealing a goose from Mr. D. Devitt was sentenced to ten days in goal; Louis Herman, for stealing a mare from Christian Talbert, of Wellesley, has to serve three years in the Penitentiary; Wm. Miller, for obtaining goods under false pretences was condemned to one year's imprisonment; and Henry Meyer for stealing some carpenter's tools was ordered to labor hard in the common goal for three months. The Grand Jury found a true bill against John Bowers for larceny. The offender was out on bail, but as he was lacking in the quality of moral courage he failed to appear.

EXTRAORDINARY ELOPEMENT.—The London Prototype supplies the following piece of intelligence:—The good people of Lambeth were shocked, a couple of days ago, to learn of the sudden disappearance of Mr Isaac Hull, a farmer residing in that vicinity. Mr H. with that desire of pleasing his better half for which married men are so justly celebrated, induced his wife to take a trip to Stratford with a view to make an investment in dry goods, there being in that town at present a large number of auctions in progress, at which the various articles of female apparel could be procured remarkably cheap. While away on this errand of mercy, the husband suddenly conceived a strong attachment for some "dry goods" which remained at home, in the shape of a gushing maiden, a Miss Beach, of the tender age of fourteen. By a little stratagem he induced the girl to decamp with him, and it is presumed the loving pair have levanted to the United States; as yet no trace of their whereabouts can be discovered. The fellow evidently had premeditated the affair, from the fact that he had converted most of his property into money, which he took with him.

The Bank of Montreal has shipped out of the country since Thursday last, from Montreal, \$100,000 in American silver.

Extensive Swindling in Guelph.

A young gentleman of rather smart appearance has been walking into some of our townsmen for the past day or two at rather a rapid pace. What his name really is, or where he comes from cannot be definitely ascertained as he gave different cognomens, to different individuals, as being his exclusively, and announced so many different localities as his place of residence that when one comes to hear them enumerated the conclusion can scarcely be resisted that he is as much a cosmopolitan as Goldsmith's Chinese philosopher. But the general impression is, that he is from the neighborhood of Durham, and it is believed that his name is McGregor. He is about five feet ten inches in height, of slight make, with thin face, and reddish whiskers and moustache. He had been staying at the American Hotel on Wednesday, where he gave out that his name was Gardner, and that his father was a farmer. He gained the confidence of the proprietor so far as to be able to exchange a promissory note with him for eight or ten dollars in cash. This was the beginning of the youth's operations; his next attempt was on a grander scale. Having forged a note for a sum bordering on \$500, and signed it with the names of Mr. F. W. Stone, Guelph, and Mr. Head, Galt, he presented himself before Mr. Saxon with an offer to negotiate the forgery. He was so far successful as to receive \$100, or something over for the note. To Mr. Newton, hotel keeper, he represented that he had been travelling for some time and was short taken for money. He therefore borrowed about \$10 from him, and gave in security a note on Mr. Kelly, owner of a grist mill in Durham. He played a similar game with Mr. Lindsay, hotel keeper, to whose place he had come from the "American," and in whose stable he had put his horse. This gentleman likewise lent him \$10, receiving in security a note for \$18 payable by Mr. Hunter, a storekeeper at Durham. But Mr. Newton had seen Mr. Kelly's teamster, and learned that the wrong christian name was on the note, and that the writing was not that gentleman's. He communicated the intelligence to Mr. Lindsay, and they resolved to get their money back if possible. But Mr. Saxon wished the gentleman to accompany him to Mr. Stone's to see that the note was all right, before he took his departure. This he agreed to do, but said there was no use walking while he had a horse in the stable. He accordingly left his victim standing on the sidewalk on the Market Square waiting until he got his horse attached to the cutter and drove round for him. He carried out the engagement so far as to go into the hotel and order his horse out; but he happened to enter at the time that he was the subject of conversation between Mr. Lindsay and Mr. Newton. They informed him, that they did not consider the notes good. His manner became flurried, and he hastened to assure them they were all correct, but if they had any doubts he would restore their money and take the notes. Of course they at once agreed; when having settled this business the young man put his horse to the cutter, and drove off up Macdonnell-st., leaving Mr. Saxon in front of the house anxiously awaiting his appearance. In a very short period he came to understand the situation, and pursuit of the fugitive was instituted a few minutes after he left. The Chief Constable leading, but nothing could be seen or heard of him, and up to the present time none of those who are most anxious to see his face know anything about the spot where he has hidden it. Since the above was written we have heard that the thief was seen passing through Little Germany.

The Alabama Question.

From the New York Tribune.

Now whatever may be said of the justice of our position (and it is by no means certain that it is just, for the first person to recognize the Rebels as belligerents was not Queen Victoria but President Lincoln), it ought not to be forgotten that what we really want is not a decision of this question of belligerency, but the payment of damages. Grant that Lord Stanley is right; that the moral of any large fragment of a nation takes up arms to assert its independence, all the rest of the world has a right to acknowledge it as a belligerent; who will profit by the admission of the doctrine so much as we ourselves—we who have always been prompt to recognize and encourage popular insurrections against despotic powers? Besides, Mr. Seward, be it remembered, does not ask that an umpire shall decide upon the justice of the recognition. He only wants the arbiter to turn the matter over in his mind; to see what bearing it may have upon the question of responsibility, and perhaps the amount of damages. But the responsibility is not seriously denied in England. Many leading statesmen are ready to admit it at the start, and to agree to a mixed commission for settling the claims without further preliminaries. At any rate we risk little or nothing by waiving Mr. Seward's point, and leaving history to pronounce upon the precise time when the Southern Confederates became belligerents in the sense of international law. That they acquired belligerent rights in the course of the war nobody denies; that they acquired them before the Alabama put to sea, we think can hardly be disputed. Mr. Seward's difficulty therefore is mainly a matter of sentiment, and cannot seriously affect the real question at issue, which is the amount of compensation Great Britain ought to make us for the depredations of cruisers fitted out in her ports and with her connivance. She recognizes the debt, and is willing to pay it. Let us not higgler over the means of getting at the amount, but meet her in a frank and friendly spirit, and a great trouble will be off our minds.

Parliament of Canada.

THE SENATE, OTTAWA, March 12.

Hon. John Ross and Hon. Thomas D. Archibald took their seats for the first time, having been absent during the previous part of the session.

Hon. Mr. Campbell introduced a Bill respecting commissions and oaths of allegiance and of office; also, a Bill respecting the security to be given by officers of Canada.

Hon. Mr. Campbell moved the adjournment of the Senate until Monday as a mark of respect for the memory of the late Hon. Mr. Fergusson Blair. In doing so, he pronounced a fitting eulogy on the deceased Senator.

Hon. Mr. Christie (in seconding the motion), and Hon. Mr. Letellier, also spoke in highly eulogistic terms of the deceased. The motion was agreed to, and the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS, OTTAWA, March 12.

The Speaker informed the House that he had examined the recognitions to the election petitions relating to St. Hyacinthe, Joliette, Montreal East and Argenteuil, and found them unobjectionable; also, that he had issued a writ during the recess for a new election for Restigouche, in room of the Hon. John McMillan, who had accepted an office and resigned his seat, which writ was not yet returned.

Hon. Mr. Langevin presented a number of returns to addresses. One of these consisted of the papers in the Lamirande case.

Sir John A. Macdonald said that on account of the thinness of the house (not above 70 members being present) he would not ask the Orders to be called. He then moved that the house adjourn. The House at a quarter past 3 adjourned till to-morrow at 3 o'clock.

Prince Alfred as a Gold Miner.

The Melbourne Argus describes a visit to some of the gold mines in Australia: The first claim he went to was that of the Band of Hope Company, and the largest on Ballarat. On the trace the directors of the company received his Royal Highness, and under the guidance of the manager, he proceeded to inspect the puddling machines, the operations of the puddles, and other parts of the surface works. Then they entered a small room prepared for the occasion, and enrobed themselves in garments impervious to damp. Advancing to the mouth of the principal, or No. 2 shaft, the Duke took his place in the cage, and a signal being given, he dropped slowly down the shaft amid the loud cheers of the spectators. The mine was fully lighted up, and a crown and occasionally stars, lit up along the course of the mine, increased the general effect. The Duke went along the whole extent of the drives—nearly two miles in length—sometimes walking and sometimes seated on a truck. He used the pick freely, and knocked off several very fine specimens of gold. To use the expression of the miners he "fossicked" about in true digger style, and was evidently delighted with the novelty of the scene and the situation. It was twenty minutes to three when the Duke descended the mine, and he did not appear on the surface again until twenty-five minutes past four. He and his party next proceeded to witness the washing out of some buckets of wash dirt, and entered with manifest interest into the operations. Along with Lord Newry, Mr. Yorke, and others, he puddled about the dirt, and picked up several fine lumps of gold. To see a Royal Duke working, with his sleeves up, in a trough of wash dirt, even although gold dirt, was a novel sight, and the crowd of people which filled the brace watched the operations of the Royal party with great interest. The washing was unusually rich. The gold could be seen in lumps in the dirt, and almost every member of the party bore away a substantial memento of his visit to this great mine. This portion of the proceedings over some bottles of champagne were uncorked, and Mr. Cassell, the chairman of the company, presented the Duke a magnificent nugget, enclosed in a handsome morocco case. The nugget weighs 22 ozs., and is one of the finest specimens of gold ever found in the colony. The Prince, in a few words, acknowledged the gift, and expressed the pleasure which he had derived from his visit to the Band of Hope mine.

A Fight between Priests and People.

A Venetian journal gives the particulars of a pretty serious riot and fight, which occurred at Padua on the 31st of January. The priests were preparing to celebrate a Te Deum in honor of the Pope's soldiers who fell at Montana. The students of the university issued a manifesto against this. Nevertheless the priests went on. At the house of the service, a crowd of students appeared at the cathedral, and made such an uproar that the ceremony had to be given up. The candles were extinguished, the curtains removed, and the priests were then driven away in terror; all of which was celebrated by chanting, with great enthusiasm, the hymn of Garibaldi. Not content with this, and with heaping imprecations on the Pope's head, the students attacked afterwards different churches and the Seminary, and had a fight with the priests, who opposed their lawless movements. Several persons were wounded, but none fatally, and no injury was done to the churches but the carrying off of one door.

There is a good deal of excitement in New Brunswick about the unsatisfactory state of public accounts. They have been repeatedly asked for in the House of Assembly, but are not yet forthcoming. The House seems disposed to refuse to pass the Supply bill, until they obtain the desired detailed information.

Mrs. Cobden announces in the "Manchester Examiner" that she proposes to arrange, with a view to publication, a collection of Mr. Cobden's letters on public questions, commencing with those on national education. Mrs. Cobden asks that any one of her late husband's friends who have letters suitable for this collection will oblige her with the use of the originals.

The large sale of the Queen's "Highland Journal" has encouraged her Majesty to command its translation into French. The task has been committed to Madame Hocde, formerly French governess to the Princess Beatrice, Louisa and Helena.

BY TELEGRAPH

Despatches to the Evening Mercury.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

London, March 12.—The British League of Peace and Liberty propose to offer Mr. Charles Adams an address previous to his departure from this country. The address will be presented through John Bright. Mr. Henry W. Lord, who is about to retire from the American Consulate at Manchester, was entertained by the merchants of that city last evening at a "Farewell Dinner." The principal speech was made by the Mayor, who expressed regret at the departure of Mr. Lord, and warmly eulogized his conduct as commercial representative of the United States in Manchester. The official returns of the Bank of England show an increase of £43,000 in bullion.

London, midnight, March 12.—In the House of Commons to-night, Mr. Gregory inquired what ground the Government intend to take in regard to the use of mixed juries for the trial of foreigners in English courts. The Attorney-general replied that the Government did not propose to interfere with the decision of Judges on that point. Lord Stanley made an explanation as to the present state of controversy with Spain concerning the *Tornado* case. He said the last step taken by England was to demand the release of Macpherson. Earl Mayo, Chief Secretary for Ireland, said he would submit to the consideration of the House a plan for a new Irish University, the officers of which were to be named by the Catholics, but whose privileges were not to be confined exclusively to Catholics. The House then went into Committee, and resumed the debate on the grievances of Ireland.

American Despatches.

Worcester, Mass., March 12.—Mr. J. L. Reynolds' woollen factory, in South-Monroe, was destroyed by fire to-day. Loss \$30,000.

Havana, March 12.—By the latest dates from St. Domingo we learn that President Baz has not arrived there, but on the contrary, it is reported that he will remain some time longer at Caracas. General Henriquez was proclaimed the acting President. The cholera still prevailed in the capital of St. Domingo.

New York, March 13.—The *Herald's* Naples special says the naval banquet given by Admiral Provano of the Royal Italian navy, to Admiral Farragut, came off in this city to-day. It was attended by the chief naval officers of Italy, the American Admiral and many U. S. officers, and a brilliant assemblage of non-professional guests. The toasts were friendly and cordial towards the union and complimentary to Admiral Farragut. The city authorities will give a banquet at an early day to the Admiral, in the name of the Neapolitan people.

Herald's City of Mexico special says the newspapers of the capital are occupied with the question of reorganizing the Cabinet, and the grave contents going on in some States, but the toasts were friendly and cordial towards the union and complimentary to Admiral Farragut. The city authorities will give a banquet at an early day to the Admiral, in the name of the Neapolitan people.

San Francisco, March 12th.—Sandwich Island advice to Feb. 26th, state that at the recent elections some of the plantation hands marched to the poll with the American flag at their head and the Hawaiian flag at their rear of procession.

Seranton, Pa., March 12th.—A fire this evening, caused by the explosion of a kerosene lamp, entailed a loss of \$10,000.

New York, March 12.—The *Tribune's* special says no successor to Attorney Gen. Stanbury is to be appointed at present, and it is understood that Secretary Bowring will discharge the duties of the office for some time.

The *Nor' Wester* draws attention to the fact that, thanks to the enterprise of some Hamilton merchants, the people of the Red River territory have at length been made to understand that they can buy goods more advantageously from their fellow subjects in Canada than they can of their heavily taxed American neighbors. But if this is the case now, how much greater would be the advantages derived from trading with Canada, if a line of communication through British territory was opened up. The distance saved would be upwards of 800 miles.

IMPORTANT INVENTION.—A gentleman in Harrisburg, Pa., has lately invented a new instrument, by which the rapidity of telegraphing is greatly increased. The Morse system will transmit about 1,800 words per hour, the House and combined system from 2,000 to 2,600, while a rate of 4,000 to 5,000 is claimed for the new one. The writing bears a resemblance to manuscript. The letters are traced with printer's ink, are accurate compact, and easily read.

According to M. du Chailu, the cannibal tribes of Africa never waste a corpse of one of their number, though they are never eaten by any of the family of which they were formerly members. Women are among them, as with us, considered tenderer (though they view this qualification in a carnivorous light) little girls are splendid, small boys are thought to be not bad eating, but old men are deemed tough.

SOME TRAVELLING.—Mr. Wemyss Simpson, M.P., for Algoma, arrived in Toronto on Thursday, from Sault Ste. Marie on his way to attend the present session of the House of Commons at Ottawa. Mr. Simpson had been seventeen days in completing the journey so far. He travelled 250 miles of the way on snow shoes.

The Restigouche, New Brunswick election to the House of Commons to fill the place of Mr. McMillan, appointed Inspector of Post Offices, took place yesterday. Mr. Caldwell (Confederate) No. 353, and Mr. Moffat (Anti) 306, were elected. Mr. McMillan's majority at the last election was 112.

FRIDAY EVG, MARCH 13, 1868.

The British Parliament and the Atlantic Cable.

Speaking of the debate on the Atlantic Cable question in the British Parliament, and the means of obtaining news from Great Britain, the New York Tribune says: "The long telegraphic report of the proceedings in the British Parliament on Friday night, transmitted through the courtesy of Mr. Cyrus Field to the New York Associated Press, affords matter for a little reflection on the extraordinary progress which a few years have witnessed in contrivance for inter-oceanic communication. Even young men can remember when a debate in Parliament would have been not several days, but several weeks in reaching us, and when the application of steam to ocean navigation was thought as great a marvel as a few years ago the laying of an ocean telegraphic cable was regarded. What further progress may be before us it is impossible to foresee. We have reached the limit of speed in the transmission of messages, for the flash of the current is practically instantaneous; but undoubtedly we shall yet improve a great deal upon the present telegraph system, and the day is not far distant when a three column dispatch from London, which looks so wonderful now, will cause no more surprise than three columns of news from Brooklyn. The transmission of so many thousand words in a single day, in addition to the usual number of private despatches—transmitted, too, with entire accuracy, so far as we can judge—is a proof of the great capacity of the Cable, and shows that we have only begun to employ it as it may be employed.

New Hampshire Election.

The election in New Hampshire, which took place last Tuesday was looked forward to with no little anxiety by both Republicans and Democrats. As the first state to vote in the current year—as a State very equally divided and ever sharply contested—as a State peopled by eminent intelligent and independent freemen—its decision was awaited with an anxiety utterly disproportionate to her material weight in the Councils of the Union. The impeachment of the President Johnston was pronounced by the Democrats as Revolutionary, and if such had been the case, nowhere would it be resented and resisted more sternly, more effectively, than in New Hampshire. The State was never more thoroughly canvassed than during the last month. Its area is not large, and it is well chequered with railroads. Two newspapers to each family is probably below the average; and the tidings that able and eminent men of either party were to speak at this or that point, at the season when rural labor is lightest, drew them together from night to night by thousands. Each party has done its "level best" made its mightiest exertions, polled its last vote. Governor Herriman will have very nearly 3,200 majority; last year he had 3,146.

To Be Admitted.

It appears to be the intention of Congress to admit the State of Alabama into the Union without unnecessary delay, that State having complied with the requirements of the various Acts of Congress having reference to reconstruction. The Reconstruction Committee have already reported a Bill for the purpose. It is questionable, however, whether the Senate will concur with the House in the matter until the result of the impeachment is known. It may require a month or more to get through with the trial of the President, be the final decision what it may.

Reports from Washington imply that Andy Johnson objects to the vote of New Hampshire as clearly null and void—there not being thirty-six States represented in Congress as there should be. And besides, he shrewdly suspects that several of the voters had prejudged the questions at issue.

The Jews of New York are intensely excited. On Sunday evening they were celebrating the festival of Purim by visiting their friends in masquerade, in accordance with immemorial custom, when many of them were arrested by the police, and thrust into the cells. There is a law forbidding masquerading in public, but the Mayor had given the Jews permission, and besides, the law, according to the Herald, has become practically a dead letter. Proceedings will, if legally feasible, no doubt soon be set on foot for the vindication of the privileges of the observers of the feast of Purim, and, as many of the parties are wealthy and of high social standing, a lengthened litigation may possibly result.

Insure before Fifth April

With the Life Association of Scotland, Agent for Guelph, WILLIAM SMITH, Manager Gore Bank.

An extraordinary statement has been made in the House of Representatives at Washington, affecting the question of United States bonds to the extent of no less than \$18,640,000. It appears that the Superintendent of the Printing Bureau has obtained a joint certificate from three officials of the Treasury Department of the destruction in their presence, of that large amount of bonds. It is now said that that which was destroyed was no more than so much blank paper. And a singular part of the affair is, that the certificate in question sets forth the figures and dates of the bonds alleged to have been destroyed in the usual way. It seems to be pretty clear that a big swindle has been perpetrated, and that a larger one of the same kind could have been as easily exploited. But where are the bonds? Who has them? If they have been floating on the European or Canadian market, and come back for payment, will the certificate in question be put in as a bar to liquidation, and the loss of some fifteen millions fall upon a credulous public? Then, if one case of falsification has occurred, and has been detected, may there not be many other cases of the same kind which have not yet seen light? No one can form an estimate of the ramifications of such a swindle, or the extent of them, and it is no wonder that it was said by one of the representatives, Mr. Price, that that statement would be carried before sunset all over the country, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and all round the globe, startling the bondholders, and injuring the credit of the government. People will now look to their bonds with more than usual scrutiny, but what can they know, or how defend themselves against a conspiracy such as that? A committee is to investigate the matter, and some explanation may be forthcoming.

Troubles in the Ministerial Wigwag

The ministerial bantling on Wyndham street, which is always well informed of the doings of Ministers in Council assembled, asserted with bold effrontery a few nights since that there was no difficulty existing amongst the members of the Cabinet. Upon this point the Hamilton Free Press remarks:—The organs of the Government pretend to say there is no difficulty in the Ottawa Cabinet. But we know from unquestionable authority, that there have been, very recently, most serious difficulties, and that Sir John and Mr. Cartier were hardly less hostile to each other than Sir Walter Scott's mythic heroes, Snowdon's Knight and Roderick Dhu, were represented to be in the contest at Colinton. Ford, a writer in L'Espresso states that Mr. Cartier has beaten Sir John in a most shameful manner in the late Ministerial difficulty. Mr. Cartier, it is said, stamped his foot and spoke in an accent of command, and Sir John succumbed. Whether this be true or not, we believe that the hostile parties, if they have not become pacified, have agreed upon a temporary truce. But domestic broils being once introduced into a family, though temporarily settled, are sure to break out again. Confidence is a plant which, when its bloom is destroyed, never blossoms again. The confidence which so long existed between Sir John and Mr. Cartier, has been too rudely shaken ever to flourish more.

Again the Toronto Telegraph (Ministerial) of the 12th says:

In meeting Parliament to-day, the Ottawa Government does so with less strength than it possessed in the first part of the session. The Hon. Mr. Archibald still remains without a seat in the House, and the death of the Hon. Mr. Blair has left a vacancy which as yet has remained unfilled. These circumstances, although they present legitimate points of attack to the Opposition, would not, however, in themselves amount to anything, were it not for other difficulties to which the Government is subject.

There can be no doubt whatever that in the Cabinet itself there is a sort of harmony, and that both on public and personal grounds, it is well understood that the personal good feeling which for so long a time ruled the intercourse between Messrs. J. A. Macdonald and Cartier has given way, and that jealousy of each other has taken its place. Offended at the superior honours conferred by the Crown on the Premier, both Messrs. Cartier and Galt have, since the first of July, been united in their personal hostility to the head of the government.

Apart, however, from personal jealousies and private intrigues the Government have at least one question to deal with, which is the cause of great perplexity. We mean that of the Intercolonial Railway, which, so far from being, as many think, a source of strength, in consequence of the patronage it places at Ministerial disposal, is not unlikely to be the rock on which they will be wrecked, if they are wrecked at all. There are so many diverse and opposing interests at work that, let the matter be settled as it will, large numbers will be offended.

"THE NEW BRUNSWICK LEAGUE."

A society under the above title has been formed in New Brunswick. Its designs are expressed in the second article of its constitution, which reads as follows:—"The design and object of this Association shall be to take up and consider political, commercial and economic questions which shall from time to time arise, affecting immediately the interests of the Province of New Brunswick; to suggest such amendments and reforms as a due regard for those interests may require; to elicit, circulate and disseminate correct information upon all subjects affecting these interests; and to assert and maintain, to the extent of our means, the just rights of New Brunswick, as a Province subject to the authority of the British Crown." It does not appear from the above expression of the object of the organization that matters of Dominion interest are to come under its consideration, but simply such as are likely to concern the Province of New Brunswick only. The institution is evidently loyal in its tendencies to the British Empire; but the constitution is silent with regard to the Dominion and Confederation.

That terrible disease, known as Pleuro-Pneumonia, which destroyed so vast a number of cattle in the New England States some years ago, is reported to be committing great ravages at the present time in the State of Maryland, and especially in the vicinity of Baltimore, where some of the finest herds have been almost decimated within a short time.

THE following advertisement, which at least possesses the merit of plain speaking, appears in a Glasgow newspaper:—"Matrimony—I beg to intimate that I want a respectable woman to be my wife. She must have a good character, and be a good writer; not less than thirty, and not more than forty years of age. Having been ill used by a few of the fair sex, I now wish to settle down in life. This is the last time any woman will have this offer—if they don't apply now they will lose the chance. Having published three volumes of my life, and having travelled through the three kingdoms, and a part of the United States and Canada, there is no doubt but I will make a very interesting husband. Apply, by letter, enclosing carte de visite, or personally, to—"

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisers having contracts with this office are notified that unless their changes for the EVENING MERCURY are handed in before 12 o'clock, their advertisements cannot be altered until the following day. Advertisements for the WEEKLY MERCURY should be handed in as early as possible on Wednesday morning in order to secure insertion.

New Advertisements.

School Teacher Wanted.

WANTED for School Section No. 1, Township of Erin, a first class male teacher, to commence immediately. ALEX. SCOTT, DONALD MCKELLINE, MALCOLM MCGAVIN, Erin, 9th March, 1868.

Board Wanted.

BOARD WANTED for a gentleman, who would board in a kept position. Apply at this Office.

Blacksmith Wanted.

WANTED immediately, a good Blacksmith who thoroughly understands his trade. Apply to CHAS. THOMAS, No. 10, Market Street, Guelph, 9th March, 1868.

Cordwood Wanted.

WANTED immediately, Cordwood of good quality, for the Government of the City of Guelph. Apply to the Corporation of Guelph, 9th March, 1868.

TOWN HALL GUELPH

MASON'S

DRAMATIC COMPY

Th's Friday Ev'g, March 13, BY PARTICULAR REQUEST. We re-created the beautiful and thrilling drama entitled

TEN NIGHTS

BAR-ROOM

WALL PAPER!

THE SWISS COTTAGE.

Free Lecture.

MR. JAMES EVANS

Will deliver a Lecture on the old Hebrew Language, on FRIDAY NEXT, at 7 o'clock, at the Guelph Free School, Guelph, March 13th, 1868.

FARM FOR SALE

Wanted for sale, a farm of about 100 acres, in the County of Wellington, with a good house, and other buildings, and a good water supply. Apply to DAVID SAVAGE, Guelph, 9th March, 1868.

DOMINION HOTEL

GEORGE BLACK

BRICK HOUSE, MACDONNELL-ST.

FARM FOR SALE.

For sale, a farm of about 100 acres, in the County of Wellington, with a good house, and other buildings, and a good water supply. Apply to DAVID SAVAGE, Guelph, 9th March, 1868.

Desirable Lot for Sale, IN CARAFAXA.

For sale, a desirable lot of about 10 acres, in the County of Wellington, with a good house, and other buildings, and a good water supply. Apply to DAVID SAVAGE, Guelph, 9th March, 1868.

Attention Ladies! NEW HOOP SKIRTS. A. O. BUCHAM. HAS JUST OPENED a superior lot of Hoop Skirts, including the Newest & Most Graceful Styles. And invites the attention of every lady to his stock. Guelph, March 10, 1868. A. O. BUCHAM.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP. THE Partnership heretofore existing between HOGG & CHANCE, Dry Goods Merchants in Guelph, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All parties indebted to the late Firm are requested to make immediate payment to Mr. HOGG, who carries on the business in his usual stand, Golden Lion, Corner Wyndham and Macdonnell Streets. All claims against the late Firm will be settled by Mr. HOGG. Parties having claims will please present them at once for settlement. HOGG & CHANCE. Guelph, 9th March, 1868.

Commercial Union Assurance Company, CHIEF OFFICES: 19 and 20 CORNHILL, LONDON, ENGLAND. CAPITAL £2,500,000. Fire Department. LIFE DEPARTMENT. MORLAND, WATSON & Co., General Agents for Canada. Guelph, March 10th, 1867.

FOR WALL PAPER! STEPHEN BOLT, Architect and Builder, has removed his Workshop and Planning Factory to QUEBEC STREET, (site of the old Congregational Church), a short distance east of Wyndham Street. Plans, Specifications & Estimates, supplied, and work superintended in all its branches. STEPHEN BOLT, having succeeded to the old established Lumber Yard of Messrs. McCreary, Esq., begs a continuance of public patronage. All kinds of Lumber on hand. Prompt attention given to all orders. Guelph, March 12th, 1868.

ROBT. CUTHBERT'S. Guelph, 9th March, 1868. TO FARMERS. Pianos, Pianos. NOW IS THE TIME TO USE FRENCH'S CONDITION POWDERS! If you wish to get your Horse in good order for stabling work.

NEW BOOKS. My Husband's Crime, By M. E. Houskeeper. Sooner or Later, By Shirley Brooks. Three Little Spades, By Anna Warner. At Day's Bookstore, Opposite the Market, Guelph. Guelph, March 7, 1868.

CLEMENT'S PATENT CLOTHES WRINGER. MESSRS. J. M. BOND & CO., Guelph are the only authorized Agents for the sale and use of CLEMENT'S PATENT CLOTHES WRINGER for the Counties of Bruce, Wellington and Peel, and the City of Toronto. RICHARD CLEMENT, Patentee. Guelph, Feb. 15, 1868. Wool, Hide and Leather DEPOT, No. 4, Day's Old Block, Gordon Street. Guelph, July 31, 1866.

Notice of Co-partnership. TAKE NOTICE that a co-partnership has this day been entered into between the undersigned, under the name, style and firm of A. THOMSON & CO., for the purpose of carrying on the business of Merchant Tailors in the Town of Guelph. ALEXANDER THOMSON, SAMUEL SHAW, GEORGE MURTON, Jrs. Guelph, 2nd March, 1868.

STANDARD THEOLOGICAL WORKS BY Rev. Dr. Cooke. CHRISTIAN THEOLOGY, \$1.85. Containing Chapters on The Holy Scriptures, their divine authority, The Holy Spirit, The Holy Trinity, The Deity of Jesus Christ, The Personality and Godhead of the Holy Spirit, The Original State of Man and Human Depravity, The Atonement of Christ, Election and Reprobation, Justification by Faith, The Witness of the Holy Spirit, The Doctrine of Regeneration, The Doctrine of Entire Sanctification, The Immortality of the Soul, The Doctrine of Purgatory proved unscriptural, The Doctrine of Resurrection, Eternal Retribution, The Christian Sabbath, The Christian Ministry, The Ordinance of Baptism, The Ordinance of the Lord's Supper. Also, The Duty, 21 59; Shalman, \$1.25; Explanations of difficult passages of Scripture, \$1.13; The Intercession of Christ, of the Holy Spirit and of the Church, 30c., &c.

BISCUITS. ABERHETHY, SODA, LEMON WINE, ARROWROOT, CINGER NUTS, CABIN, &c.

LONDON LAYER RAISINS. Jordan Almonds, Keilior's Dundee Marmalade, Finest Turkey Figs in layers, Poches, Croengages, Plums, Cherries, Damsons and French Plums. AT JOHN A. WOOD'S. Guelph, March 10, 1868.

NEW Oyster Rooms Valentine Wald. DRESS to announce to the public that he has fitted up Oyster Rooms in connection with his Hotel, on MACDONNELL STREET, GUELPH. The very best of Liquors, and choicest Cigars will always be kept. He also has secured for the superintendence of Mr. S. McCreary, whose courteous attention, as well as his thorough knowledge of the business, will insure satisfaction in all cases. The very best of Oysters always on hand, and served up in all styles at short notice. JOHN and JERRY, and all kinds of Fancy Drinks prepared in the most approved manner. Guelph, 27th Dec. er, 1867.

REMOVAL. STEPHEN BOLT, Architect and Builder, has removed his Workshop and Planning Factory to QUEBEC STREET, (site of the old Congregational Church), a short distance east of Wyndham Street. Plans, Specifications & Estimates, supplied, and work superintended in all its branches. STEPHEN BOLT, having succeeded to the old established Lumber Yard of Messrs. McCreary, Esq., begs a continuance of public patronage. All kinds of Lumber on hand. Prompt attention given to all orders. Guelph, March 12th, 1868.

TAVERN LICENSES. Office of the Clerk of the Peace, Guelph, 7th March, 1868. COUNTY OF WELLINGTON. I HAVING been appointed Clerk of the County of Wellington, I beg leave to inform all Tavernkeepers in Townships, Towns and Villages, that I am ready to grant them their Licenses on payment for the same. By order of the Treasury Department of Ontario THOMAS SAUNDERS, Distributor for the County of Wellington. Guelph, 7th March, 1868.

Not Run Away Yet! THE Subscriber begs to inform his old friends and the Public, that though several noted characters have lately been constrained to leave Guelph for the sake of their health, he is still hale and hearty, and hangs out his shingle at the old spot. CORK STREET, OPPOSITE DEADY'S HOTEL, Where he is prepared as formerly to make up CLOTHING of every description at short notice and in a superior style.

To Farmers! Having had 20 years experience, and devoting all his time to the business, he can make up Home-made CLOTH! And trim it CHEAPER than can be done at any other Establishment in Town. All Work carefully finished, and at Moderate Rates. WM. MITCHELL, Guelph, Feb. 21, 1867.

NOTICE. HAVING sold out my stock at "Bradford House" and Bookstore to Mr. Philip Fish, all parties indebted to me on book account will pay the amount to Mr. Fish. GEORGE JEFFREY, Guelph, 5th March, 1867. WITH reference to the above, I have much pleasure in stating that I have purchased the whole stock in trade, also the book accounts, &c., of Mr. Geo. Jeffrey. The business will be carried on as formerly by all his branches, trusting for a continuance of that patronage which was as liberally bestowed on my predecessor. For particulars see future advertisement. P. FISH, Guelph, 5th March, 1867. Newsboys Wanted. TO SELL the "Evening Mercury" Boys are making on an average \$1.50 per week. Apply at the office, Guelph, March 10th, 1868.

Subscribers wishing to take the Evening Mercury by the week, or for a longer period, will please have their names at the office, and it will be regularly delivered at their residences. Subscribers who are not regularly called by the Carrier, will please call at the office at once and inform us of the neglect.

Guelph Evening Mercury

OFFICE:.....MACDONNELL STREET.
FRIDAY EV'G, MARCH 13, 1868.

The Maiden's Choice

OR, THE LARD OF BIRKENLEUCH.
A Tale of the Covenanters.

Wondering much at her agitation, he took the paper which she held out to him, and ran his eye hurriedly over the contents.
The first sentences had no particular significance to him, but when he came to read the brief history of Mary Waulker's first marriage, and the discovery she made of her former error of her husband, and coupled with that which Helen had told him, that the name of the man was Allan, a suspicion of the truth leapt into his mind at once, and his heavy brows knitted ominously.
Still he made no remark, but read on, till the name was given and his suspicion was made sure. Then he read the sentence which followed, where the written word of his own evil character, and enjoined Helen to avoid his acquaintance. At this he set his teeth in a bitter rage, and crushing the paper in his hand he tossed it on the table.
With shaded face and beating heart, Helen had furtively watched her companion's countenance. As he had silently read, she had noticed the terrible changes which his face underwent, and when at length he flung the paper from him she started and looked up.
"So," he slowly said, in a hoarse voice, "if that statement be true, my father and your father were the same."
"This is the dreadful truth," said Helen, in a whisper, for his appearance terrified her.
"With this difference," he bitterly added, "that I came into the world unanctioned by the Church, while you were born in lawful wedlock; that your mother was a sanctified angel, while my mother was guilty and abandoned."
The latter words were accompanied by a meaning tap of his forefinger on the paper he had just read, and Helen remembered then how her mother spoke of his mother and himself. She blushed crimson, and his distress greatly increased.
"I am so sorry," faltered Helen, "that these expressions should have come under your eye."
"I have to thank your mother, too, for her very good opinion of me," he added with a bitter sneer.
"Oh, Charlie, you will overlook that," returned Helen, very meekly. "She did not mean to be unjust, but—but—she was naturally prejudiced—and—"
"Oh, yes, I understand, and really it does not matter. As things are, I can afford to bear her hard words."
"My father is to blame for all this. I mean the man whom I have always thought my father," said Helen, "he knew we were brother and sister, yet he promoted our marriage."
"Egad, Jabez has played a little game of his own here," remarked Charlie. "As you say, he knew that interesting fact, and kept as close as wax about it."
"He was worse than silent," returned Helen, indignantly. "He was deliberately false; he foully and slanderously lied. Oh, Charlie, I blush to tell you the horrible crime he committed, but I cannot conceal from you that I terminated my engagement with Richard Waulker, he pretended to have found a paper left by my mother, containing that in youth she had signed with Sir Gilbert Barton, and that Richard Waulker was their son."
"Oh! I know all about that," said Charlie, coolly.
The expression of dumb amazement on Helen's face caused him to laugh outright.
"Oh! yes," he added, "I knew of that trick, and thought it a devilish good one. We knew it would be impossible to separate you and Waulker without some stratagem, and Charlie hit on the brilliant expedient you mention."
"You knew of this Charlie?" gasped Helen, gazing upon him with a face of horror, livid in its whiteness.
"I did," he repeated, with the same coolness. "Bless you, our marriage was my suggestion—not his, but I knew how to bribe him to assist. I resolved that you would be mine one evening when I met you on the height, and rode straight to your father's—bring him to get him to devise means to make you break with Waulker. You know how he succeeded; so do I. Our scheme wrought admirably, and to-day it is fully crowned with success."
She drew herself majestically up, till she stood before him with a look of lofty, seathing scorn—a scorn too great for words to utter. For some moments she stood thus silently regarding him, then she said, in coldly accents—
"Farewell, sir—farewell for ever."
She moved towards the door, but he stepped forward and prevented her exit.
"Stay so fast, my pretty fair one," he said, with a look of some domestic meaning. "You are mine, and time for ever."
And wheeling round, he locked the door of the chamber, and again faced her with a look of triumph and brutal determination.

CHAPTER XX.—CHARLIE ALLAN SHOWS HIMSELF IN HIS TRUE COLOURS.—THE WEDDING AND DEPARTURE OF HELEN—FLIGHT TO BRANKS-WOOD.
"Don't be a fool, Helen," said Allan, when he had scented the door and prevented her egress. "All is fair in love and war, and why should you be so slow to learn that we used stratagem to break your connection with Waulker? Can't you see that it was for your good? Instead of being the wife and drudge of a forester—a mere labourer—you have been made the lady of Birkenleuch."
"A forester! a mere labourer!" she passionately exclaimed. "Oh, why was there a veil on my eyes that I saw not the evil nature which is now laid bare? Were Richard Waulker a thousand times meaner than you say, his nobleness and integrity lift him infinitely above you, who have neither birth nor desert to thank for your present position. But, sir, it turns out that Richard Waulker will soon be in a better position than that of which you boast, and the day which saw us united would have declared it to the world. Read that paper, and be convinced of what I say."

TO BE CONTINUED.

INCREASE OF DUTY ON IMPORTED COPPER.—In Congress Mr. Drigg's resolution was adopted, reciting that the duty on foreign copper is disproportionately low, and that ruin is threatened to the copper producing interests; while the duty on iron is sixty per cent, and on lead fifty per cent, on ingot copper it is only fifteen per cent, and on copper ores only five per cent, and instructing the Committee on Ways and Means to inquire into the propriety of so amending the tariff laws as to impose a duty of five cents per pound on imported ingot, pig, bar and rolled copper, four cents per pound on pure copper, and three cents on copper ores. Adopted.

SOLDIERS FROZEN TO DEATH.—Information received from the Indian country, in upper Dakota, on the Missouri River, states that the hardest winter and deepest snows have been experienced in that section for many years. Thirty soldiers, together with a number of Yankton Sioux Indians, are stated to have been frozen to death recently on the road between Forts Sully and Rice. Owing to the very deep snows, the Indians have been prevented from engaging in their usual winter hunt, and the consequence is that many of them are in a starving condition, and are eating their horses.

One of the Burlington Beach fishermen ventured out ten miles upon the ice on Lake Ontario, on Tuesday, the clear water beneath a much further beyond.

Lost.—The Newfoundlanders say:—A snow-storm like that of Monday, the 3rd February, has often been followed by melancholy consequences to travellers of this country; but this last one has produced a calamity the most distressing of its nature that we can remember. It appears that some thirty persons are known to have been travelling that evening between Heart's Content and Harbor Grace, and that up to yesterday thirteen dead bodies had been discovered, while there is every reason to believe that the remaining seventeen, yet unaccounted for, have met a similar sad fate. Searching parties have been on the track since Tuesday, and no doubt their search will be continued till the further extent of this dreadful visitation has been ascertained. Meanwhile it seems vain to hope that their perseverance can effect anything beyond recovering the corpses of those who have been thus suddenly snatched away—many of them, too, in all likelihood, from families dependent upon them for support. Further particulars will doubtless soon be forthcoming; but remembering the present condition of so many of our poor, it is much to be feared that want was in most cases the evil that drove those unhappy victims from their homes on that fatal day. The weather was such that even the best fed and clothed who were long exposed to it would have succumbed, and it is easy to understand how soon such hardship would prostrate those who perhaps for weeks or months had been without food or clothing half sufficing for nature's demands in this trying winter. The occurrence is in all respects one of a most painful character, forcibly reminding us of the sufferings and trials of our poor and of their claims upon the most practical sympathy we can afford them.

A reporter dissertating upon the condition of the poor, spoke of the great number of persons reduced to beggary by the "mysterious decrees of Providence." The man of types took a more literal view of the case and made it the "mysterious decrease of provisions."

AXES.
Axes and axe handles good and cheap at
JOHN HORSMAN'S.

Auction Sale
OF
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.
MR. W. S. G. KNOWLES has been instructed by A. MACSIDER, Esq., late Manager of the Bank of Montreal, Guelph, to offer for sale

At the Bank of Montreal,
in GUELPH, on
THURSDAY, 19th of MARCH,

1868, his household furniture, consisting of Drawing room sofas and spring chairs, centre table, easy chairs, Canterbury window seats, handsome dinner table, side table, sunshade chair, iron do, a handsome drawing room Brussels carpet, bedroom furniture, spring mattresses, hair mattresses, mirrors, toilet glasses, mirrors, cooking stove, and utensils, kitchen furniture, a handsome dining-table and tea set, lamps, china, crockery, glassware, and miscellaneous articles, &c.

A HANDSOME PIANO,
By Dunham, quite new.
The above Furniture has not been in use one year.
To be viewed at Bank of Montreal, Guelph, (private entrance) on 17th, 17th and 18th March. TERMS—\$40 and under cash Bankable funds, over that amount six months credit upon approved joint notes with interest.
Sale to commence at 11 o'clock A. M.
W. S. G. KNOWLES,
Auctioneer,
Guelph, March 4, 1868.

PLATT & CO'S
WORLD RENOWNED
OYSTERS
Received daily by Express, Wholesale and Retail.
GEORGE WILKINSON,
Next door to Telegraph and Express Office,
Guelph, Jan. 7, 1868.

No. 2,
Day's Block, . . Guelph.

Fresh Codfish.
Fresh Haddocks.
Sea Herrings.
Finnan Haddies.
Yarmouth Bloaters.

JUST ARRIVED.
E. CARROLL & CO.,
No. 2, Wyndham Street,
Guelph, 25th February, 1868.

Funerals, Funerals!
NATHAN TOVELL has to intimate that he is prepared to attend funerals as usual on all days of the week, and is also prepared to receive a share of the public patronage.
NATHAN TOVELL,
Guelph, 27th Aug. 1867.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.
THE REV. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the medicine by which he was cured of a long and dangerous consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted, and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will do good to the afflicted, and any proof of its efficacy will be sent to the afflicted.

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No. 165 North Street, Guelph, Ontario, N. Y.

Medical Dispensary
JUST RECEIVED
A fresh supply of that best
COAL OIL
Partly colorless and
FREE FROM SMELL
Only 15 cts. per Gallon.

LAMP GLASSES and WICKS
Always on hand.

E. HARVEY
Chemist and Druggist,
Opposite the English Church, Wyndham-st.,
Guelph, Ontario.
Guelph, 22nd Feb. 1868.

Appleton's Edition
OF THE
WAVERLEY NOVELS,
NOW PUBLISHING
From new stereotyped Plates, uniform with the new edition of DICKENS, containing all the notes of the author, and printed from the latest edition of the Authorized Text.

To be Completed in 25 Volumes.
PRICE—TWENTY-FIVE CENTS EACH.
Published in the white paper, clear type, and set out in size. Pronounced "A MIRACULOUS ACCOMPLISHMENT."

ORDER OF ISSUE.
1. Waverley 14. Fortunes of Nigel
2. Ivanhoe 15. Peverell of the Peak
3. Kenilworth 16. Quentin Durward
4. Guy Rannard 17. St. Ronan's Well
5. Antiquary 18. Rob Roy
6. Rob Roy 19. The Betrothed and Highland Widow
7. Old Mortality 20. The Talsman
8. The Black Dwarf 21. Woodstock
9. Legend of Montrose 22. Fair Maid of Perth
10. Heart of Midlothian 23. Anne of Green Gables
11. The Monastery 24. Count Robert of Paris
12. The Abbot 25. The Surgeon's Daughter
13. The Pirate

On receipt of SIX DOLLARS we will send the entire set of Waverley Novels, as published, and a copy of a new STEEL-PLATE PORTRAIT OF SIR WALTER SCOTT from a painting by Sir Thomas Lawrence, suitable for framing; the Book and Engravings to be sent free of postage to any part of the United States.
Either of the above sent to any address on receipt of the price, 25 cents per volume.
DICKENS (in uniform style), 17 volumes, and WAVERLEY, 25 volumes, will be sent post-paid. The cheapest Ten Dollars worth to be found in the whole range of Literature. Forty-two volumes for \$10.

Extraordinary Opportunity for the Million to purchase a set of Sir Walter Scott's world-renowned Waverley Novels.
CLUB RATES.
One complete set, 25 vols. \$6; Three complete sets, 25 vols. \$18; Five sets, \$26; Ten sets, \$50. Mailed at our expense.
Any person obtaining four subscribers for the Waverley Novels, and remitting us \$24, will be entitled to a set of Dickens 17 volumes, GRAM. Any person obtaining eight subscribers, and remitting \$48, will receive a copy of the "Waverley Gallery," containing 25 steel engravings of the Female Characters in the Waverley Novels, bound in elegant morocco. Price \$12.
Cavassers wanted in every town in the United States. A great opportunity is afforded to industrious men and women to make money, as every man, woman and child will purchase the Waverley Novels at this low price. For special rates, apply to the Publishers.

D. APPLETON & COMPANY,
443 and 445 Broadway, New York.

TROTTER & GRAHAM,
DENTISTS!
GUELPH and BRAMPTON,
Members of the Dental Association of the Province of Ontario.
(Success in Guelph to T. Trotter.)
OFFICE:
Over Mr. Higinbotham's Drug Store

Over Mr. Higinbotham's Drug Store
HAMILTON Evening "Times."
"THE EVENING TIMES" is issued every evening in time for the Mail going West on the Great Western Railway, and contains all the Telegrams, Despatches, Arrival of Steamers, New York Markets, News of the Day, &c. Enjoying a circulation of more than double any other paper west of Toronto, it affords an excellent medium for advertising.
PRICE OF SUBSCRIPTION: \$5.00 per year \$1.25 for 3 months in advance.

The "Weekly Times" containing 40 columns of reading matter, is issued every Thursday morning, and contains all the important news of the day—Editorials, Tales, Miscellaneous Matter, Markets, &c., and is sold to subscribers at \$1 per annum in advance.
The "Weekly Times" is the best and cheapest family paper published in Canada. Address all letters, post paid, to C. E. STEWART & CO., Publishers of the "Evening Times," Hamilton, C. W., March 10th, 1868.

NATIONAL Steamship Company.
SCHEDULES Weekly from Liverpool and New York, calling at Queenstown.
A Steamship of this line, consisting of the Queen, England, Virginia, Erin, Louisiana, and Helvetia, Pennsylvania, France, Leaves NEW YORK from Pier 4, North River, every Saturday, and Liverpool on Wednesday of each week, calling at Queenstown en route.
The size of these Steamships admits of very spacious state-rooms, all opening directly into the Saloon. The accommodations and fare are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line. This communication for storage passengers is large, and plenty of deck-room is allowed, while the fare is of the best quality, well cooked and ample.
An experienced Surgeon on each ship, free of charge. Tickets are issued in this country to parties wishing to prepare the passage of their friends from Liverpool or Queenstown (Ireland), for \$25, American money.
For rates, special facilities, and all information apply to
J. W. MURTON,
General Passage Agent, No. 3, James Street, Hamilton, 24th Nov. 1867.

NEW CLOTHING STORE.
REMOVAL!
JAMES CORMACK
BEGS to notify his friends and the public that he has removed to
THE SPLENDID NEW STORE
Next the Hardware Store of JOHN HORSMAN, ESQ.
On hand, a large Stock of first-class

READY-MADE CLOTHING,
CLOTHS AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,
At a Tremendous Reduction

In order to make room for the Spring Stock. ALL ORDERED WORK done up as usual in first-class style. A perfect fit and the best of workmanship guaranteed.
Remember the New Store, Wyndham-st., next door to Horsman's.
Guelph, 14th February, 1868.

NUTS, ORANGES, LEMONS.
The Fruit Depot.

5,000 COCOA NUTS.
100 Boxes ORANGES.
50 Boxes LEMONS.
OYSTERS on hand all the year round at city prices.
HUGH WALKER,
Wholesale and Retail Fruit and Oyster Dealer, Wyndham-st., Guelph.
Guelph, 15th February, 1868.

Good Gracious Me!
Where did you get those delicious OYSTERS?
Why, at BERRY'S to be Sure!
WHOSE BERRY? WHY,
The Confectioner on Wyndham-st

WHERE ALL THE GOOD THINGS ARE KEPT.
Guelph, 11th February, 1868.

NEW COAL YARD
IN GUELPH.
BLACKSMITHS, FOUNDRY AND HOUSE COAL.

THE Subscriber's attention having been drawn to the want of a first-class Coal Yard in the flourishing Town of Guelph, he is determined to supply this want generally felt. Having made satisfactory arrangements with extensive Collieries in Pennsylvania to keep him constantly supplied with all descriptions of pure coal, and as I shall receive my attention exclusively to the business, I am prepared to give perfect satisfaction in quality and price to all customers. All descriptions of Coal on hand, of excellent quality, and at prices which cannot be understood.
Yard, near the MERCURY OFFICE, Macdonnell-St., Guelph, and in rear of Mr. Horsman's Hardware Establishment.
P. S.—Also, Agent for C. Wilson's Sales, Toronto.
Guelph Coal Yard, 4th March, 1868.

JOHN GREER.

MEDICAL HALL, PHOTOGRAPHS!
GUELPH.
ESSENCE OF
RONDELETIA!
AN ELEGANT PERFUM
for the Handkerchief and Toilet.
Prepared by Breidenbach,
Perfumer and Distiller of Flowers to Her Majesty, &c.
N. HIGINBOTHAM,
Guelph, 24th Dec. 1867.

DR. JAMES' NEW DISCOVERY,
GREEN MOUNTAIN OIL.
WARRANTED TO CURE
Diphtheria in every case if taken in time.
Croup and Burns in 10 minutes.
Deafness and Sore Eyes in 1 to 2 weeks.
Rheumatic Pains in one day.
Sore Throat in 24 hours.
Pains in the Back.
Dyspepsia in five to twenty days.
Sore Throat in one night.
SPRAINS, Wounds and Bruises in 1 to 3 days.
NEURALGIA, Toothache and Headache in forty minutes.
EARACHE and Sore Neck in one day.
SALT RHEUM in three to six days.
EYES SUFFERING in two or three weeks.
FROST-BITTES AND CHILBLAINS.
This Oil is mild and pleasant, and is a GREAT FAMILY MEDICINE for children's use. It will relieve Nervous Complaints. Ladies should use it, as it always leaves you better than it finds you, and one bottle often effects a cure.
DIRECTIONS.—Rub the afflicted parts with the oil twice a day, rub well with the hand for five minutes, at the same time take a sweet potato on an empty stomach.
Druggists, merchants and others supplied at the lowest prices. For sale in Guelph by Messrs N. Higinbotham, A. B. Peira and E. Harvey.
Prepared by
J. H. LEMON,
Windsor, S. C., in rear of the old Alma Block, Guelph, to whom all orders must be addressed.
Guelph, March 3, 1868.

PHOTOGRAPHS!
W. MARSHALL
PHOTOGRAPHS
PHOTOGRAPHS
PHOTOGRAPHS
CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST
CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST
BETTER THAN THE BEST
BETTER THAN THE BEST
BETTER THAN THE BEST
BETTER THAN THE BEST
CALL AND SEE SPECIMENS
CALL AND SEE SPECIMENS
CALL AND SEE SPECIMENS
CALL AND SEE SPECIMENS
AT MARSHALL'S,
Pay's Block, opposite the Market.
Guelph, 13th January, 1868.

EMOVAL.
HAS REMOVED
HERBIFLOR Wood and Fancy Goods Store to the premises lately occupied by
MR. JAS. CORMACK
Wyndham Street, next door to Harvey's Drug Store, and opposite the English Church.
Guelph, Feb. 10, 1868.

Boarding and Day School
for Young Ladies.
CHURCH-ST. - GUELPH.
MISS WIGHTMAN begs to announce that her school will re-open (D. V.) on the 6th of January. Vacancies for two or three boarders.
Guelph, 26th December 1867.

REMOVAL
LEMON & PETERSON
BARRISTERS and Attorneys at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, and Notaries Public.
OFFICE: over the Bank of Commerce, opposite the Market, Guelph.

REMOVAL
J. H. LEMON,
Windsor, S. C., in rear of the old Alma Block, Guelph, to whom all orders must be addressed.
Guelph, March 3, 1868.

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BARRISTERS and Attorneys at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, and Notaries Public.
OFFICE: over the Bank of Commerce, opposite the Market, Guelph.

INDIA & CHINA TEA CO'Y.
Home Depot at London and Liverpool.
Canada Depot, 23 Hospital Street,
Montreal.

THE India and China Tea Company beg to call the attention of the Canadian community to their directly imported Teas, which for purity and excellence will be found unequalled.
The Company have made arrangements whereby they have secured the entire production of the best plantations in Assam and on the slopes of the Himalayas, and by a judicious blending of these materials they produce the best varieties of China produce, and they are enabled to offer the public Tea of quality and flavour hitherto unknown to the general consumer. These Teas are in high favour in England and France, and a single trial will prove their superiority.
The Company supply two qualities only, either Black, Green or Mixed. Their Black Teas will be found to possess great brilliancy and flavour, combined with colour and strength, and to be entirely different to the flat and watery article usually sold as Black Tea; while their Green Teas are altogether free from the deleterious mineral waters so commonly used for coloring the leaf.
PRICES: Rich, full-flavoured Tea, for family use, real gunn and fine article 70 cents per lb. Finest quality procurable one dollar per lb.
The above can be had either Black, Green or Mixed.
To be had in packets of Quarter Pound Half Pound, One Pound, and upwards, or in tin canisters of 5 lbs. and upwards from the Company's Agents in all the chief towns of Canada.—N. B. All the packages are lined with tin foil paper, and the Tea will consequently retain its flavour any length of time.
Orders.—All packages have the Company's trade-mark, without which none are genuine.
MR. N. HIGINBOTHAM,
Agent, Guelph.
Guelph, August 2, 1867.

New Saddlery Shop
Do you want a set of Harness, double or single, light or heavy, call at the new shop, next door to Colles' Hotel.
Do you want a good Saddle? We can supply you cheaper than ever, 15 yards from O'Connor's Wellington Hotel.
Every body in want of a good Trunk, Valise, or Travelling Bag, can be supplied at the new shop, two doors from the Post Office.

WHIPS, Horse Covers, Sleigh Bells
A very large and well-assorted stock of Whips will be put on at 25c on the dollar, our former low prices, 50 yards north of St. George's Church, We have a few pairs of imported made up Horse Covers, made to order, also a nice lot of common blankets.
What is more showing than the merry Sleigh Bells? We can supply you. Call at the new shop, next door to Mr. Harvey's Library Office.
We have on hand all kinds of articles, and will make up on the shortest notice anything you want in the Saddlery line, a few doors South of the Registry Office.
Brushes, Combs, Spurs, Bits, in endless variety. REPAIRING done as usual.
In consequence of the present prices being so high for our large stock, we will for a short time have to sell at a reduced price, to keep our present staff of employees working.
SMITH & METCALF,
adjoining the Alma Block,
Guelph, 26th December 1867.

THE BARCLAY SEWING MACHINE.
WITHOUT exception, the Barclay Sewing Machine, manufactured by the British American Sewing Machine Company, AT PARIS, ONTARIO, is the best in the Dominion of Canada for general purposes. An examination is most respectfully invited, in consequence of the present prices being so high for our large stock, we will for a short time have to sell at a reduced price, to keep our present staff of employees working.
Also, agent for the DUNLOP KNITTING MACHINES, one of the best machines in the market.
Moses Dechtel,
General Agent for the County of Wellington,
Blair Post Office.
Agent for Guelph: MRS. HUNTER, Fancy Store, Market Square,
Guelph, Jan. 22, 1868.

CHEAP Photographs
W. BURGESS
DEARLY to inform his friends and the public of Guelph and surrounding country that having received a large lot of FLEMISH suitable for

Christmas Presents,
he will through the HOLIDAYS furnish all kinds of Photographs at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.
Parties wishing to make presents of Photographs to their friends should act at once.

PICTURES
of all kinds furnished in the first style of the art.
Gallery above John A. Wood's Grocery Store,
Guelph, 18th December, 1867.

FURS,
FURS, FURS.
Ladies' Hoods,
GENTS' MUFFLERS and GLOVES, SLEIGH ROBES, &c.
F. GARLAND,
Market Square, GUELPH.

The Highest Price paid for Raw Furs
Guelph, Oct. 31, 1867. 88d & 73d

Dominion Store!
(Late Post Office Store.)
JUST RECEIVED a large assortment of Em Broderie for Ladies Underclothing. Also for Braiding on all sorts of Dress Goods.
Some of the Finest Patterns ever seen
Call and see them, they are for sale singly, — Standing order to order on the shortest notice. Also hand an assortment of

New Oranges and Lemons.
For sale GATES & CO'S VICTORIA SEWING MACHINES. Don't forget the stand, next to the Wellington Hotel.
MRS. ROBINSON,
Upper Wyndham Street, Guelph,
Guelph, 13th Dec. 1867.

THE SPRING TRADE.

Advertisers will reach a large class of readers by inserting their business announcements in this paper.

A feeling is growing up in Maine that the manufacture of lumber should not exceed the growth.

Henry Ward Beecher, since he has become a grandfather, considerably modified his hereditary Puritan notions of the way in which children ought to be brought up.

A correspondent writing from Mexico says the condition of affairs in that country is far more alarming than it ever was before.

Jacobs' Rheumatic Liquid Cures Burns. A man in Lincoln, Ill., has a foot 15 1/4 inches long and 5 inches wide.

FREEMAN & FREEMAN BARRISTERS AND ATTORNEYS, SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY, CONVEYANCERS, &c.

Office over Berry's Confectionery Store, Wyndham Street, Guelph.

COMMERCIAL.

The Guelph Markets.

Table of market prices for various goods like Flour, Wheat, Oats, etc., dated March 13, 1868.

Money Market.

Gold, 15 1/2. Greenbacks not at all in circulation.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Flour—Fancy, \$7.00 to \$7.75. Superior No. 1, \$7.45 to \$7.72.

TORONTO, March 12, 1868.

Flour—Receipts, 650 bbls. No. 1, at \$7.10.

HAMILTON, March 12, 1868.

Flour—No. 1, at \$1.05. No. 2, at \$1.00.

CUELPH LUMBER MARKET.

Table of lumber prices for various types of wood and planks.

1868. Liverpool & London & Globe INSURANCE COMPANY.

This Company has been in existence thirty-two years, and during that period has paid losses exceeding five and a half million pounds sterling.

The disbursement of this enormous sum over a wide area, has without doubt contributed to the establishment of this Institution.

In its 1st year, 1836, the Fire Premiums alone amounted to \$9,570.

The Fire Reserve Fund is now \$9,282,468.

The Company is represented throughout Ontario and Quebec by influential Agents.

G. F. C. SMITH, Resident Secretary, Montreal.

T. W. SAUNDERS, Agent, Guelph.

Farm for Sale or to Rent IN ERAMOSA.

FOR SALE or to Rent, part of Lot No. 13, 3rd Con. Eramosa, containing 60 acres more or less, well cultivated and well fenced.

SALE OF TWO FARMS IN PUBLINCH.

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE BARGAIN two farms in Publinch. They consist of the front and rear halves of Lot No. 25, in the 7th concession.

MERCURY PRINTING HOUSE!

MACDONNELL STREET, CUELPH.

CHEAP, NEAT AND TASTY

PRINTING!

FOR THE CHEAPEST AND BEST

Book and Job Printing

Go to the Mercury Printing House, Macdonnell-st.

MCLAGAN & INNES

HAVE spared neither labor nor expense in fitting up their extensive premises on Macdonnell-st.

OUR JOB DEPARTMENT

We have supplied with the most ELEGANT and

The Newest Styles of Type

AND THE LATEST AND MOST

IMPROVED JOB PRESSES!

Enabling us to turn out specimens of work justly considered models of Typographical Beauty.

Hoe's Railway Cylinder Press.

Gordon's celebrated Segment Job Press, and Gordon's Card and Bill Head Press,

A novelty, and acknowledged to be the SUPERIOR ULTIMA of Treadle Presses.

BOOK & JOB TYPE

Comprising every known Style, Size and Variety,

And are constantly receiving from Type Foundries in Great Britain and the United States such new and useful, Plain and Ornamental faces as correct taste and enlightened experience may dictate.

From the Finest and most Delicate Card to the Attractive and Mammoth Poster.

MORE PROMPTLY, NEATLY, AND

AT CHEAPER RATES! STOP AND SEE!

Than can be done by any other establishment in the County. Being practical Printers of lengthened experience, and having a thorough knowledge of the wants of the community of this section, employing none but

The very Best of Workmen!

AND USING THE BEST OF MATERIAL,

We are in a position to turn out work in

THE HIGHEST STYLE OF THE ART!

And at such Prices as set competition completely at defiance.

We can Supply on the Shortest Notice:

- BUSINESS CARDS, BLANK AND TAG CARDS, NOTE AND LETTER HEADINGS, CIRCULARS and BILL HEADS, BRIEFS, CATALOGUES, BILLS OF FARE, POSTERS, HAND BILLS, LABELS, BY-LAWS, CHARTERS, CERTIFICATES, CONSTITUTIONS, PROGRAMMES, BALL TICKETS, PAMPHLETS, RECEIPTS, LAW BLANKS.

AND ALL KINDS AND STYLES OF

LETTER PRESS PRINTING!

ORDERS BY MAIL.

Orders from any part of the country will receive prompt attention, and as soon as executed will be forwarded by the earliest possible conveyance.

Orders Solicited, and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

MCLAGAN & INNES,



THE need of a safe and perfectly reliable purgative medicine has long been felt by the public and it is a source of great satisfaction to us that we can, with confidence, recommend our Bristol's Vegetable Pills.

In diseases which have their origin in the bowels, the most powerful medicine should be used with the Pills; the two medicines being prepared to act expressly in these directions.

For general directions and table of doses see wrapper around each bottle. Sole Proprietor, LANMAN & KEMP.

Wholesale Druggists, N. Y. For sale by A. B. Petrie, J. Harvey, Jr., N. Higginbotham, and also by all respectable Druggists in Canada.

Great Cure of Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia in Canada.



Consecon, Prince Edward Co., C.W., March, 1867.

Messrs. Young & Chamberlain—Sir—Having proved within my own person that there is at least a medicine that will indeed cure Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, I am induced to make this statement, under oath, which is to certify that I have been sorely afflicted for the last three years, according to the Doctor's statements, with Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia.

Sworn before me at Consecon, C.W., this 2nd day of March, 1867. J. M. CAOMAN, J. P. A Commissioner in Q. B., in and for the Co. of Prince Edward, C. W.



Shoshonees Remedy!

For Diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Digestive Organs, Kidney, &c., as well as Scrofula, the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurities of the Blood.

Call at the Drug Store and get a Circular of unquestionable certificates on the Great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills, and satisfy yourselves.

Price of the Remedy in large pints \$1. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine. Agents for Guelph—N. Higginbotham, E. Harvey, A. B. Petrie. Wholesale Agent—N. Higginbotham.

LUMBER, LUMBER.

GOWDY & STEWART Wellington Lumber Yard, Guelph.

BEG to inform retail dealers and the public generally that they have started a general on the Grand Trunk Railway, where they will keep constantly on hand all kinds of Lumber.

The subscribers trust that by strict attention to business and moderate charges that they will receive in the future, as in the past, a liberal share of public patronage.

Orders for Lumber to be sent to any station, but Guelph must be addressed to the subscribers, where Mr. Gowdy can be seen personally from Monday morning to Thursday evening, and in Guelph from Friday morning to Saturday evening.

GOWDY & STEWART. Guelph, 20th June 712

Dr. Orton & Clarke HAVE again entered into partnership, in the practice of their profession.

They will be assisted by Dr. Richard Orton. Office—Quebec-st., at the residence of Dr. Orton. Have Dr. Orton, Coroner for the Counties of

RUTHERFORD HOUSE!

JUST RECEIVED, A SUPPLY OF

GODERICH SALT.

Salmon Trout and Herring!

Also, 70 half Barrels Salmon Trout, 70 half Barrels Lake Huron Herring, 50 Barrels Prime Labrador Herring. Two cases of Finnan Haddies just arrived.

Guelph 15th January, 1868 daw R. RUTHERFORD.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM!

THE REMEDY FOR CURING

Consumption, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Cramp, Diseases of the Throat, Pains and Oppression of the Chest or Lungs, Difficult Breathing, and all the Diseases of the Pulmonary Organs.

THIS Balsam is introduced to the suffering public after its merits for the positive cure of such Diseases have been fully tested. The formula from which it is prepared is recommended by the leading medical journals as being equal to any prescription that can be made up for such diseases by the medical faculty.

As an Expectorant it has no Equal. It is composed of the active principles of Roots and Plants, which are chemically extracted, so as to retain all their medicinal qualities.

Ministers and Public Speakers, who are so often afflicted with Throat Diseases, will find a sure remedy in this BALSAM.—Lansing and Waters sometimes give relief, but this BALSAM, taken a few times, will insure a permanent cure.

TESTIMONIALS OF PHYSICIANS.

Dr. Nathaniel Harris, for many years a resident of Middlebury, Vermont, recommends the Balsam as being superior to all other remedies for Bronchitis. He says:—"I have no doubt it will soon become a classical remedial agent for the cure of all diseases of the Throat, Bronchial Tubes and the Lungs."

Dr. Lloyd of Ohio, surgeon in the army during the war, from exposure contracted consumption. He says:—"I have no hesitation in stating that it was by the use of your Lung Balsam that I am now alive and enjoying health."

Dr. Fletcher, of Missouri, says:—"I recommend your Balsam in preference to any other medicine for Coughs, and it gives satisfaction."

Dr. A. L. SCOVILL, who has for many years been known to the public throughout the United States as the inventor of remedies for the Lungs, recommends ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM as surpassing any other that has ever been offered to the public for the cure of Lung Diseases.

Physicians who have failed to cure their patients should try this medicine before they give the case up, as we know very many valuable lives have been saved by being persuaded to give a trial. DON'T DESPAIR because all other remedies have failed, but try this remedy, and you will not be deceived. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Montreal, General Agents for the Dominion of Canada. Sold in Guelph by N. HIGGINBOTHAM and A. B. PETRIE. Jan

PLASTER, PLASTER

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE AT PRESENT A FULL SUPPLY OF

GROUND PLASTER

And while weighing is good, farmers should get their supplies. By advices from Paris, York and Caen, we learn that all that can be produced is already engaged, and that the demand will far exceed the supply. We have been able to secure only

300 TONS,

Instead of 500, and we would therefore advise those requiring any to purchase early.

A small lot of very fine Clover Seed on hand

JAS. MASSIE & CO. Guelph, 17th January 1868. daw

GREAT CLEARING SALE

The Great Clearing Sale of

DRY GOODS!

IS STILL GOING ON AT!

WM. STEWART'S,

Guelph, 11th December, 1867. dw

Where do you get your Watches,

CLOCKS AND JEWELLERY REPAIRED?

AT SAVAGE'S.

Guelph, February 6, 1868.

D. KRIBS' HONEY SYRUP

For the various affections of the LUNGS & THROAT Such as Colds, Coughs, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Asthma, Influenza, Consumption,

And for the relief of Consumptive Patients in all stages of the disease. Prepared only by DANIEL KRIBS, Guelph, Ont. and for sale at his residence, and by Alex B. Petrie, Market Square.

Remember the place—Quebec-st., Guelph. Guelph, 15th Jan. 1868.

UPHOLSTERY

CHAS. FIRESTONE Quebec-st., near Howard and Jones. IS prepared to execute orders for all kinds of Upholstering in a neat and expeditious manner.

SOFAS, LOUNGES,

Chairs, &c., re-stuffed, Church Seats re-trimmed, Picture Hanging, &c., on short notice, and at moderate rates. Remember the place—Quebec-st., Guelph. Guelph, 15th Feb. 1868.