

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 14, 1899.

Vol. XXVIII, No. 25

Calendar for June, 1899.

MOON'S CHANGES.

New Moon, 8th, 2h. 50m. a. m.
First Quarter, 16th, 5h. 34m. a. m.
Full Moon, 23rd, 10h. 5m. a. m.
Third Quarter, 30th, 5h. 33m. a. m.

Day of Week	Sun. rises	Sun. sets	Moon rises	Moon sets	High Water	Low Water
1 Thursday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
2 Friday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
3 Saturday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
4 Sunday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
5 Monday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
6 Tuesday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
7 Wednesday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
8 Thursday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
9 Friday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
10 Saturday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
11 Sunday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
12 Monday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
13 Tuesday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
14 Wednesday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
15 Thursday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
16 Friday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
17 Saturday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
18 Sunday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
19 Monday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
20 Tuesday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
21 Wednesday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
22 Thursday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
23 Friday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
24 Saturday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
25 Sunday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
26 Monday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
27 Tuesday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
28 Wednesday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
29 Thursday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56
30 Friday	4:16	8:21	5:15	11:46	6:04	1:56

Croquet SETS!

50 FIFTY SETS

Just Received.

4 Balls, 6 Balls, 8 Balls.

BIG VALUE

Croquet Set FOR ONLY 90 CENTS.

Geo. Carter & Co. IMPORTERS.

Our Big Discount Sale

Still continues. Every day shrewd buyers come in, look over our stock, ask prices, make their purchases, and go away fully satisfied that their money is well spent.

Bargains In All Lines.

If it is a Parlor Suite, Bedroom Suite, or Dining or Kitchen Furniture you require, you will find our regular prices very low, and remember we will give

Big Discounts for Cash.

John Newson CARD.

ANTOINE VINCENT, Architect and Sculptor, Dorchester Street, West, is prepared to execute orders for Monuments and Church-work, in Alabaster, Statuary, Holy Water Fountains, &c. Work done promptly.
August 3, 1898—6m

If your sight is bad
When walking the street,
And you meet an old chum
You look at his feet.
He thinks he is slighted,
For he knows no reason,
And he looks not at you,
For the rest of the season.

Many have come to us who could not recognize a friend six feet away, and after getting fitted by us with spectacles could tell them a cross Queen Square.

E. W. Taylor, OPTICIAN, CHARLOTTETOWN

FIRE INSURANCE, LIFE INSURANCE.

The Royal Insurance Co. of Liverpool,
The Sun Fire office of London,
The Phenix Insurance Co. of Brooklyn,
The Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York.

Combined Assets of above Companies, \$300,000,000.00.
Lowest Rates. Prompt Settlements.

JOHN McEACHERN, Agent.
JAMES H. REDDIN, BARRISTER-AT-LAW, NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.

CAMERON BLOCK, CHARLOTTETOWN.
Special attention given to Collections. MONEY TO LOAN.

ENEAS A. MACDONALD, BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Agent for Credit Foncier Franco-Canadian, Lancashire Fire Insurance Co., Great West Life Assurance Co.

Office, Great George St. Near Bank Nova Scotia, Charlottetown. Nov 892-1y

REMEMBER THE OLD RELIABLE SHOE STORE when you want a pair of Shoes. Our Prices are the lowest in town.

A. E. McEACHERN, THE SHOE MAN, Queen Street.
JOHN T. MELLISH, M. A. LL. B., Barrister & Attorney-at-Law, NOTARY PUBLIC, &c. CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND. Office—London House Building. Collecting, conveying, and all kinds of legal business promptly attended to. Investments made on best security. Money to loan.

\$4 TROUSERS IN Black Cashmere Stripes.

Worsted Trousering, Tweed Trousering.

Everybody should see these SNAPS. \$4 TROUSERS.

John MacLeod & Co., SARTORIAL ARTISTS.

FERTILIZER FACTS.

The value of all Fertilizers consist in the amount of soluble Phos. Acid, Nitrogen and Potash they contain, and the brand which shows the greatest value in these is the one to buy, on the same principle that Milk testing 4 per cent. butter fat is more valuable than 3 per cent. milk. ENGLISH MANURES costing the same price, contain 20 per cent. to 25 per cent. more Phos. Acid, Nitrogen and Potash than any other complete Fertilizer on the market.
Or in other words the Plant Food contained in a ton of other Fertilizer costing say \$35, can be purchased from us for about \$28. All Fertilizers are sold under a guaranteed analysis enabling any who may wish to verify the above, and the superior quality of these Manures, being shown by actual test year after year wherever sold.

AULD BROS.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR EDDY'S "EAGLE" Parlor Matches, 200 s
do. do do 100 s
"VICTORIA" do do 65 s
"LITTLE COMET" do do 65 s
The finest in the world. No Brimstone.
The E. B. EDDY CO., Limited Hull, P. Q.

R U Interested IN Good Clothing AT Reasonable Prices!

We have strong claims to your attention, when you contemplate to purchase A SUIT OR OVERCOAT. With a large, choice selection of Suitings, Trousers and Overcoatings, with Mr. Sixtus McLellan as Cutter, and the best staff of workmen on P. E. Island, for good solid tailoring we can't be beat.

Our Furnishing Department. See our new Shirts, also Cuffs, Neckwear, Suspenders, Gloves and Handkerchiefs. See our new Shirts for workmen, Sweaters, Hose and Underclothing.

GORDON & McLELLAN, MEN'S STYLISH OUTFITTERS.

The Good Father.

The greatness of a good mother's influence upon her children is something which the world is not apt to forget or to lose sight of, so often is allusion made to it in print and speech. And a good mother's influence can not well be exaggerated or overpraised. Next to the grace of God it is, perhaps, the most salutary influence that can be exerted in the greatest blessing that can be bestowed upon any household. But our admiration of a mother's influence should not cause us to lose sight of the fact that a good father is also a very potent and beneficent agency in the household. When the father is bad, vicious, neglectful of his religious duties, it is still possible—and it sometimes happens—that the children are model boys and girls. But very often the case is otherwise. And naturally so, too. For children take after their parents as a general rule, and when the parents are not what they should be, the children usually prove the same; though, as we have said before, they are frequently, through the grace of God, exception to the rule. Who is the good father, though, from the Catholic point of view? He is first of all a practical Catholic himself; a man who attends to all his own religious duties, and who sees that all his household do the same. He never misses Mass on Sunday or holiday, unless he is prevented by illness or some other grave cause from being present. He does not content himself with mere outward compliance with the laws of the Church, but he endeavors to enter into the spirit of them. He frequents the sacraments regularly at fixed periods. He goes to confession and Communion once a month. He rents his pew and pays for it when his pew-rent is due. He contributes as generously as his means allow him to do so to the support of his religion and church. He does not grumble at special collections when they are ordered, but recognizes them as a necessity. He is never heard criticizing his pastor because of this or that thing. On the contrary, he has always a good word to say for the priest and the congregation.

In all these things he sets a good example to his children, who endeavor, as they grow up, to imitate his example and show themselves the same sort of a practical Catholic as their father was. The good Catholic father does not consider the daily paper and the latest novel the only literature which his children need. In fact, there are some daily papers and very many of the latest novels which he will not allow his boys and girls to read at all. He sees to it that at least one Catholic paper pays a visit weekly to his household. If his means permit of it he takes one or more Catholic magazines; and he always manages to have some good Catholic books about the house, so that his children may read them. He takes care to instruct himself as well as he can in his religion, so as to be able to give a reason for his faith when asked about it, and defend it in his children's hearing, and for their enlightenment when he hears it assailed. He is punctilious, too, in paying for his Catholic paper when its subscription falls due; and when he reads a good thing in its columns he does not keep it all to himself, but mentions his discovery at the tea-table or around the evening lamp, and thus invites his children to discuss the matter among themselves. The good Catholic father is not forever quarreling with his children or with their mother. On the contrary, he is noted for his kindness, his cheerfulness, his patience. He can always be relied upon to say the word which will prevent a threatening storm in the domestic circle. When things go wrong—as they often will in the best regulated households—he is the first to move in the direction of putting them right again. When sorrow enters and trials come, he bears them with equanimity and in the true Christian spirit and thus sets the rest of the family an encouraging and inspiring example. He may be but a daily toiler to the world at large, but he is one of nature's noblemen to those who know him as he shows himself in the bosom of his family. He may be unlearned in book learning, his social standing may not be recognized by the world, but he possesses celestial wisdom; God and the angels are his companions, and his children will honor him living and recall his memory with blessings and benedictions when he has passed hence to his eternal reward. (Sacred Heart Review.)

The Church in China

Some of the pictures most familiar to our childhood and which memory over a long lapse of years can still bring before us, were representa-

tions of Catholic missionaries preaching to heathens and receiving the crown of martyrdom at the hands of barbaric people. One picture, in particular, represented the Chinese killing little children, mardering mothers, and torturing priests. Possibly these scenes may have been drawn from imagination; but they were nevertheless the general results of all attempts made to carry the true faith into the land of the Mongolian. The history of Catholic missions in China is one of the greatest interest imaginable; it bristles with deeds of exalted heroism and with triumphs that are not of this world. Even until the last year or so, it was almost certain death for a Catholic missionary to go beyond very limited fields of labor, in that land of superstition and paganism. Consequently the decree of the Chinese Imperial authority, issued last month, is one of great significance for the future, and of the least importance for the present. Without further comment we produce a letter, from Mgr. Fairer, of China, to the "Missions Catholiques de Lyons." It is from Peking and runs thus:—"An important edict has just been published here, and I consider it my duty to send you a copy of it. By this edict their Imperial Majesties most proprio recognize that the Catholic religion and its worship are spread throughout the empire, and in order to protect it more effectively a law, consisting of five articles, has been drawn up. The bishops are recognized as of equal rank with the Viceroy or Governor of the Province, and the missionaries as of a rank proportionate to their dignity. Both bishops and priests are authorized to visit the Chinese authorities and treat with them on religious matters. The Sovereign Pontiff is designated by the name Kiao Hoang, Emperor of the Religion. The Protectorate is recognized with all its privileges. The French Minister alone is to have the right of treating officially on behalf of the Church, and the bishops will be always obliged to appeal to him when they have not been able to settle things amicably. It becomes necessary to be recognized officially by the Chinese authorities. The arrangements to be carried out. While preserving the Protectorate intact, the Bishops possess to-day a rank and power which they have never had till now in China. Our intelligent Minister, M. Pichon, perceiving the advantages of this Convention for France, as well as for religion, has given his approbation, and has himself sent the decree to the bishops. This edict will not deliver us completely from partial persecutions. The bandits and rebels will always exist, but, at least, the Imperial Government, by this convention, gives tokens of good-will, for which we must feel grateful. True Witness.

Litany of the Sacred Heart

"The Supreme Pontiff, our Holy Father Pope Leo XIII, by a decree of the sacred Congregation of Rites of the 27th June last, approved the Litany of the Sacred Heart of Jesus, and was graciously pleased to permit it to be publicly recited, or sung, in the churches and oratories of Marsoilles and Autan and in the convents of the Order of the Visitation of the Blessed Virgin Mary. Since that time, the petitions that have come to the Holy See from the Most Rev. Bishops, the Right Reverend Prelates, and the very Rev. Superiors of religious orders, and from pious confraternities, manifest clearly the universal belief that it would be to the greater glory and praise of the Sacred Heart, and would contribute much to the increase of piety amongst the faithful if the Litany of the Sacred Heart were approved, and were made part of the authorized prayers in the Roman Ritual, as is the Litany of the Holy Name, for public recital by the Christian people throughout the world. Besides, the special devotion of our Holy Father Himself towards the Sacred Heart, and his desire to provide an effective antidote to the ever-increasing evils of the day, have moved him to consecrate the entire world to the Sacred Heart of Jesus. And that this consecration may be held with more than ordinary solemnity, his Holiness has decided to announce very soon a Triduum of preparation, during which the above-mentioned prayers shall be recited or sung. Wherefore it will appear, that the Holy Father has designed to grant that benevolent the Litany of the Sacred Heart already enriched with three hundred days' indulgence, may be recited and sung, both privately and publicly all over the world, anything to the contrary notwithstanding."
2nd April, 1899.
"CAMILLO CARDINAL MAZZELLA, S. J. Bishop of Palestrina."
"Prof. S. R. C. quaint old 'Life of Cardinal Wolsey'"

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE. Makes the food more delicious and wholesome.

It is to be hoped that the address delivered at Orleans on the occasion of the Jeanne d'Arc celebration by Archbishop Ireland will be read throughout the length and breadth of France. It is an admirable discourse. The lessons which the story of the heroine of Domremy teaches to her countrymen were indicated and emphasized with a keenness of perception and a vigor of expression that must have astonished those whose prejudices had led them to regard the speaker as an enemy of France and a less than loyal son of the Church. No Frenchman could have spoken with more affectionate enthusiasm of the glories of his country; and no one that is not swayed by prejudice or hopelessly purblind could fail to discern in one who expresses such sentiments as these a spirit of intense devotion to the Holy See. Jeanne d'Arc teaches unreserved submission to Christ's Church and to Christ's Vicar; and she teaches, together with this submission, unreserved consecration of each one's forces of mind and heart that work for the glory and the extension of the Church. The spirit of Jeanne d'Arc, so strong in its gentleness, so gentle in its strength, living again in millions of soldiers of the Church—how quickly should be made the conquest of the new age for the Church of Christ!... With a view to captivate more easily the age, we must not dare take an iota from the deposit of faith, or in any manner turn the teachings of the Church from their fulness and directness. This was deception to the age and treachery to the Church. Nought but the full and explicit truth will satisfy or save the age. Nor have we the right to conceal what God has revealed, or to reduce in the slightest degree the fullness of the message, or to aggregate the meaning by giving out as divine faith what is but our own ideas and interpretations, or as the infallible teachings of the Church things that in her history were merely accidental and contingent. There is done much harm by such misstatements and exaggerations. The Spirit of God in the Book of Revelations threatens penalties upon those who take from and add to the Divine Word.—Ave Maria.

The premature announcement that the grain shovellers of Buffalo had won one of the greatest victories in the history of labor has happily come true. The revolt of the men against the iniquitous system of saloon bosses and other disgraceful abuses practically suppressed the lake-commerce from Erie to Superior. Enormous capital was tied up, many thousands of men were thrown out of employment; and, though the workmen bore themselves with superb self-control, an outbreak of violence was possible any time. At this critical juncture Bishop Quigley came forward to champion the cause of the men; and in a short time every point claimed by labor was yielded by capital. The wages of the men were advanced from twenty-five to forty-nine cents per hour; the saloon-boss system was abolished; the workmen were given the privilege of appointing the time-keepers—a notable concession; tally sheets and bills of lading are to be inspected by a representative of the shovellers, to prevent fraud in estimating the amount of grain elevated; and a number of minor points were conceded, one of which, according to the Chicago Times-Herald, represents a saving to the men of from ten to twenty thousand dollars a year. Bishop Quigley was accepted by both sides as permanent overseer of the Buffalo docks, with power to appoint an inspector, and to discharge him if he fails to dispense justice and redress wrongs. That this is one of the most remarkable successes in the history of labor will easily be realized when it is known that many thousands of men employed on the docks in Chicago were restored to work by the Bishop of Buffalo. The whole episode contains an obvious but most important moral for both clergy and laity.—Ave Maria.

Example is Better Than Precept.

It is not what we say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story. Thousands of testimonials are examples of what Hood's has done for others, and what it will do for you.
Dyspepsia.—I was weak and had failing spirits. Dyspepsia and indigestion in severe form troubled me. Five bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla made me well and strong. Mrs. WILLIAM VAN ALLEN, New York.
A Good Medicine.—"We have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla in our family as a purgative and found both medicines very effective. For impure blood we know Hood's Sarsaparilla is a good medicine." E. S. PATTON, publisher Bee, Atwood, Ont.
Hood's Pills.—"I was weak and had failing spirits. Dyspepsia and indigestion in severe form troubled me. Five bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla made me well and strong." Mrs. WILLIAM VAN ALLEN, New York.

The spread of the delusion best known as Christian Science leads the editor of the Medical Record to declare that "people who will not protect themselves against 'faith cure,' 'Christian Science,' and the like, by the exercise of some rudiments of intelligence, should be taken in hand and protected, not only for their own sake, but for the sake of the community." A woman who had been ill for three months with "dropsy" died lately in Mount Vernon, N. Y., without medical treatment, and apparently without accurate diagnosis. The attendant who claimed Heaven-sent ability to cure the patient failed. According to the husband, the load of original sin in his wife, manifested by dropsy, was too much for the female healer; and the sufferer, therefore, had to die. Could folly go further than this? Ave Maria.

The most unheard-of things are being done nowadays in the name of the "American idea." Filled to the brim with this patriotic "American idea," General Brooke, according to the Boston Journal, has introduced into Cuba "civil marriage and divorce." The Boston Transcript advertised last week Patriotic Wines. Since, unless a man has two or three wives in as many weeks, turns his back on God, and drains a bottle of champagne every day at dinner, his patriotism will be open to suspicion. S. H. Review.

A writer in the Dublin Review calls attention to a curious practice, some traces of which are found in the history of England and France as late as the days of Cardinal Wolsey. The practice was that of sealing treaties of peace between nations by administering Holy Communion to plebeians with "a devil's host." Thus George Chesnut, a quaint old "Life of Cardinal Wolsey"

THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 14, 1899

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY

SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR.

JAMES McISAAC,

Editor & Proprietor.

LONDON advices of the 8th. intimated that in an interview with the permanent Secretary of the Colonial Office, published in one of the London papers, it was clearly pointed out that the conference at Bloemfontein, in the Orange Free State, between President Kruger, of the Transvaal Republic and the British High Commissioner, Sir Alfred Milner, was pre-eminently unsatisfactory and that there was no probability of its resumption. A report was received from Sir Alfred Milner stating that President Kruger obstinately refused any concessions tending towards the settlement of the Transvaal difficulty. On the 9th. the South African advices showed more clearly the utter failure of the negotiations in the House of Commons, Mr. Chamberlain announced that his reply to the Outlanders petition, which had been held back pending the result of the conference at Bloemfontein, would now be presented to the Transvaal. It is believed to be in the nature of a practical ultimatum. It was considered that the resources of diplomacy had been exhausted with the failure of the conference, and that nothing was left but resort to force. Despatches of the 10th. described the situation at Johannesburg as serious. Outlanders were to hold a mass meeting on that date to support the proposals of the British High Commissioner, but as open meetings were not allowed without permission, it was feared that the police would interfere. The same despatch said the Volksraad had approved of Kruger's franchise proposals and had instructed the government to draw them up for presentation. The latest advices say that President Kruger, recognizing that he must do something, will propose to the Transvaal the abolition of the dynamite monopoly, which has been one of the greatest grievances of the Outlanders.

As noted in our Ottawa letter, Sir Wilfrid Laurier brought down to Parliament a few days ago, the correspondence regarding the claims of this Province on the Dominion. The Premier's statements regarding the matter are not such as to arouse very great hopes, and certainly no wav indications of the Government's intention to do anything. The Grit friends in the Local Government were wont to tell us about the demands presented this year are substantially as stated by previous delegations, with an additional claim of a share of the fishery award. The latter proposal is the subject of the present controversy, and the jurisdiction of the provinces over coast fisheries. Under date March 28, 1899, Mr. Laurier replied, taking up the claims one by one. As to the claim growing out of the failure to provide continuous steam navigation Mr. Laurier thinks that is met by the purchase of the new steamship that is to go on the route next winter. The larger claim of over two million dollars growing out of under-estimate at the time of confederation of the obligations of the rest of the Dominion is under consideration, and the Premier hopes the federal government may be able to make some arrangement on this matter before the session closes. As to the division of the fishery award, Mr. Laurier gives Mr. Davies as his authority for the statement that various questions are involved, and that it will be necessary to make up a friendly case and submit it to a competent court. The Premier does not see his way clear to take over any more pieces from the province, and does not hold out much hope of concessions on minor points involved in the claim.

As our account of the proceedings in the Dominion Parliament shows, the House of Commons was in session all night Wednesday last, and the sitting was continued up to two o'clock on Thursday afternoon. The deadlock was caused in consequence of the persistent refusal of the Minister of Railways to furnish certain information relative to the traffic handled last year on the section of railway worked jointly by the Grand Trunk and I. C. R. lines. A bill sanctioning the payment of large sums of money to the Grand Trunk was under consideration, and it seemed probable that the information asked for should be furnished. The Minister of Railways, however, refused for a long time to bring down this information; consequently the Opposition determined that the House should remain in session till Saturday night, if necessary, if the required information was not tabled. Finally the Government weakened, yielded to the demands of the Opposition and brought down the papers bearing on the disputed point. The demands of the Opposition having been complied with, the House was permitted to adjourn. It will be admitted by all reasonable men that the Op-

position were perfectly justified in the course they pursued, and the fact that they obtained what they demanded is the strongest proof of the fact. This incident shows how unfair the Government are disposed to act in forcing their measures through Parliament without affording the public the information to which it is entitled; but in the case under review they found the Opposition were not to be trifled with, and the Government had to cave in. One would think that in view of these facts, little or no defence could be offered on behalf of the Government; but the Patriot and other Grit papers immediately sought to obstruct the Government by very bad grace from the Government side to say anything about "obstruction." It should be sufficient for them to remember the latter part of the session of 1896, when the Grits, now in power, that they obstructed the Government the most scandalous obstruction, not because any information was wanting, but with a fixed determination to talk out the session and prevent the Government from passing the remedial bill. This they succeeded in doing after several weeks of the most outrageous obstruction ever heard of. Surely, in view of this knowledge, it does not lie in the mouths of the present Government or their supporters to say anything about "obstruction," but it makes all the difference in the world whose ox is gored.

THE Patriot and other Grit papers are just now discussing at considerable length the great prosperity enjoyed by Canada. Certainly if Canada is enjoying commercial prosperity in so marked a degree as these papers tell it must be a source of extreme satisfaction to all patriotic Canadians. But the note of exultation in the Grit papers on this matter is not in consequence of the prosperity of which they speak; but rather because, as they assert, this prosperity is a result of Liberal rule. It is quite pertinent therefore, to ask what has the Grit Government at Ottawa done to bring about this prosperity? The fiscal policy of the present Government is practically the same as that of their Conservative predecessors in office; consequently the change of Government has had little or nothing to do with bringing about this prosperity. This prosperity then, of which we hear so much, must be attributed to other causes; and the fact that it is not peculiar to Canada bears out this contention. At the present time and for some time past the prosperity of the United States has been very great and the commerce of that country has advanced enormously. It is not that the Grit Government at Ottawa, one of the great monetary institutions of the world, in his annual address a few days ago, alluded to this prosperity, when pointing out the success attending the bank's operations during the past year; but added this observation: "We are not singular in our present fortunate position, as there appears to be a universal wave of prosperity sweeping over most of the countries of the world, and in England, the United States, and the continent manufactures are taxed to the utmost capacity to meet the demands of commerce." This surely is a conclusive answer to the purple boasting of the Grit papers regarding the Government's share in bringing about the prosperity in question. Now, to come right home, has the Patriot any evidence that this Province has, to any appreciable degree, participated in this great prosperity of which we hear so much? Have our farmers been particularly prosperous for the past year or two? Is it not a fact that they have, generally speaking, found it difficult to meet their obligations and that this year a very great number of them have had all they could do to procure seed grain? Is it not a fact that farmers were obliged to buy so much seed grain as they have this year, and another failure of crops would mean ruin for many of them. These are statements, we think, that can be easily borne out. Then should we be treated to such lengthened and indiscriminate disquisitions regarding the prosperity of the country; and why should we hear so much silly twaddle about what the Government has done to bring about this prosperity?

In the Imperial House of Commons on the 10th the Right Honorable Sir John Broderick pointed out the difficulties in the way of meeting Lord Bessborough's desire that Great Britain should take control of the Government of China, adding that he thought His Lordship was over-entire in believing that the United States would follow the lead of Great Britain, Germany, he continued, had great interests in China, but she had a thousand times greater interest in Europe. As to treating the Yangtze-Kiang valley like the Shantung peninsula. Her Majesty's Government was not prepared to undertake the immense responsibility of governing such a large territory.

Advices of the 8th inst., from Sydney C. B. stated that the French cruisers Ialey and Froade, in command of Commodore Henriquez, would leave there for Newfoundland in a few days to investigate the cause of recent fire which raised the largest lobster factory on the French Shore. The Commodore had been informed of the identity of the incendiary. He is a native of Newfoundland and lived about forty miles from the burned factory and says he had the deed at the instigation of men-chants in Newfoundland. Commodore Henriquez, felt very deeply on the subject and was disposed to seek indemnity from the Newfoundland government. Payment of the crime would not be made by his government.

An All Night Sitting.

HOW A MINISTER WAS HELD UP UNTIL HE BROUGHT DOWN PAPERS—PARLIAMENT AND THE STRIKE—THE RATE OF INTEREST—TO PREVENT BALLOT STEALING—INTERNATIONAL AND IMPROVING.

(Special Correspondence of the Herald.)

OTTAWA, June 10.—This week for the first time in three years the House of Commons had an all-night sitting. The Speaker took the chair at three o'clock on Wednesday afternoon, and the House did not adjourn until six o'clock Thursday afternoon. This twenty-seven hour sitting was the result of a conflict between Mr. Blair and opposition members who desired certain information from the Railway department. The House was in committee on the bill to confirm the contract made by the Government with the Grand Trunk Railway Company for the Intercolonial extension into Montreal. This contract calls for the payment of \$140,000 a year to the company by the Government, and for a division of the maintenance expenses on the basis of the amount of use by the respective parties. The contract also provides for the proportion of use of the track and terminus by the respective parties should be known. Mr. Borden, of Halifax, asked for the details and got a promise from the minister that they would be produced by Wednesday's sitting on the understanding that the opposition would bring down a later day such information as it was convenient to produce. As the Government was determined that the bill should be adopted by committee without the information required, the opposition was equally determined that the information should be furnished before the committee reported the bill, the controversy became a test of strength and endurance.

MADE A NIGHT OF IT. The discussion followed the usual course of an all-night sitting. The committee stage allows a member to speak as many times as he likes on each clause, and large liberty is allowed in the treatment of the subject. Some of the speeches were to the point, practical and concise. Some were discursive, some were humorous, some were destructive. They dealt with history, constitutional law, politics, medical science, art, poetry, theology, philology, and the whole domain of human thought and action. The chairman was compelled to read a number of pages of resolutions in two languages. These various proceedings interspersed with motions that the committee rise, discussions of points of order, anxious searchings for members to keep the quorum good occupied the night and the forenoon.

MR. BLAIR SURRENDERS. By noon on Thursday it was well understood that the opposition members were "worn out" and were "morning" and "evening" and "role" down every motion to adjourn. In these circumstances Sir Wilfrid Laurier crossed the floor and had a little talk with Sir Charles Tupper. A few minutes later Mr. Blair produced the statement which the opposition had been demanding. An era of peace and good feeling thereupon set in. The contract got through committee during the afternoon and stands now for third reading. The return brought down shows that the cost of maintenance of the thirty-five miles of Grand Trunk road used by the Intercolonial cost the sum of \$73,000 for twelve months. The company pays \$55,000 and the government \$18,000 of this sum.

An interesting element in this return is the light it throws on the contract made with the Government with the Grand Trunk in 1897. Under this agreement the Government was to pay half the maintenance charge. The Senate refused assent to the bargain and the new one reduces the maintenance charge of the Government from \$38,000 to \$18,000, a saving of \$20,000 a year, equal to the interest on \$600,000. It is believed that the saving on maintenance expenses for the bridge and terminus are much larger. Then there is \$6,000 a year saved by the fact that the new arrangement under rental for the Chaudiere section is escaped. We have also over \$500,000 saved by the Senate in the Drummond contract. All of which shows that the Senate gives value for what it costs.

THE GRAND TRUNK STRIKE. Three members of Parliament, Mr. Clarke, of Toronto, Mr. Taylor, of London, and Mr. Powell, of Westmorland have been trying to earn the blessing that belongs to the peace makers. They were asked to use their good offices as intermediaries between the Grand Trunk Company and the strikers who are on strike. On that mission Mr. Taylor and Mr. Powell went to Montreal to interview Manager Hays. As the result of the interview the men were informed that if they would return to their work the company would discuss the question of wages with members of Parliament whom the men might name. As is generally known the men accepted this advice, but to the surprise of the members who talked with Mr. Hays the engagement of many of the men has been refused on the ground that their places had been filled. Mr. Powell and Mr. Taylor have told the whole story in the House, reading all the letters and despatches, including those sent by them to the G. T. R. Manager charging him with departing from his agreement. Sir Wilfrid Laurier has also had some correspondence with the labor representatives and the Grand Trunk management and promises to bring down the papers on Monday.

A CHECK TO THE USURER. The Senate has been struggling with Mr. Darnley's bill to prohibit and punish money-lenders who charge too high a rate of interest. The original bill forbade a higher rate than twenty per cent a year even on short time loans. The rate the Senate Committee reduced to ten per cent leaving a provision to the court to allow a somewhat higher rate where the money was lent for a short time under special circumstances. A sub-committee has the bill in charge and is likely to provide that a lender who tries to get one or more per cent per month shall forfeit both interest and principle.

MR. INGRAM'S REFORMS.

Recent by-elections in Ontario have convinced Mr. Ingram that the Electoral law needs to be changed. He has a bill before the house to prevent the importation from distant places of men to act as deputy returning officers. This custom of appointing traveling deputies he explains is a new practice under which some elegant operations in stealing the ballots and stuffing boxes have been carried on. Mr. Ingram is also an unreasonable as to provide for the punishment of people who carry ballots out of the polling booth for purposes of making sure that the purchased vote is delivered to the party who pays for it. He also devises legislation to secure the production of ballots when a recount is demanded. It is charged that one member sits in the House of Commons who would not be there if the returning officers had not got rid of the ballots before the recount, or if the officer at Ottawa had not refused to return them.

P. E. ISLAND AND BETTER TERMS. A return brought down contains Sir Wilfrid Laurier's reply to the demand of the Prince Edward Island government for a change in the financial terms under which that province annexed to the union, and also to the request for a payment to the Island government of that part of the \$4,500,000 fishery award of 1876, which was compensation for the use of Prince Edward Island coast fisheries. The Premier says that his government is considering the question of the construction of a railway from Charlottetown to Murray Harbor, and hopes to be able to announce an appropriation this session. This, he thinks, will meet the first financial claim. The fishery question he proposes to submit to the courts.

THE BOUNDARY QUESTION. Sir Wilfrid read in the House the protocols or statements made by the two parties in the Alaska boundary discussion when it was before the International Commission. The United States Commissioners did not accept the British proposal to refer the matter to a tribunal of three competent men, one selected by Great Britain, one by the United States and one by the other two. The United States proposed a court of six men, three chosen by each

SATISFACTORY Ready-to-Wear CLOTHING

If you buy your Spring Suit from us it is correct in every particular.



We do not head our ad. in this way because we think it is particularly clever or smart. We are very serious about it—we believe it is true.

And Why? Because we sell Shores' Tailored Clothing which we know to be made by the best tailor's labor, in the best possible style.

We know the material is fully shrunken; the colours are fast, and we furnish a guarantee to that effect with every garment. We are waiting for a call from you.

JAMES PATON & CO. See our Navy, Black & Tweed Suits At \$10, \$12 and \$14, they will save you a 1/3 on Tailors' Prices.

JAMES PATON & CO. are Shorey's Agents.

If I were a mother I would insist on having Shorey's Clothing for my boys. Their Clothing is all seen through and through, and the workmanship is guaranteed not to be just as well as we have it, when it doesn't cost any more than inferior makes. You can always be sure of getting it by insisting on seeing the guarantee ticket which is in the pocket of each garment.

JAMES PATON & CO. 800 Children's, Boys' & Youths Suits, all prices.

Wool Exchanged for Suits. JAMES PATON & CO.

ARE YOU SHORT AND FAT? ARE YOU TALL AND THIN? If so the only Ready-Made Clothing you can get to fit you perfectly is Shorey's Make. If your dealer does not carry Shorey's Off Sizes get him to order for you.

JAMES PATON & CO. 10,000 Worth of Men's READY-TO-WEAR CLOTHING

Cheapest and best Clothing on the Island. Give Paton & Co. your trade. JAS. PATON & CO.

This plan was not accepted as it offered no certainty that such a tribunal could reach a conclusion. The United States also demanded that all territory now occupied by the United States should remain property of that country even though that territory should prove to belong legally to Britain. British Commissioners offered to abandon all claim to territory which had been in occupation of the United States and Russia for fifty years. This is the rule adopted in the Venezuela dispute. Sir Charles Tupper strongly supported Sir Wilfrid in his refusal to continue negotiations so long as the United States refused to submit the boundary question to a fair tribunal for arbitration.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS. As will be seen elsewhere, the festival and party at Tignish will be held on July 19th, instead of the 17th as inadvertently stated last week. In the great public demonstration given President Lobert at the Ancestral races, he had his revenge for the insults of a week ago. The Government, however, was prepared for trouble. Fifteen thousand troops lined the road, the president literally passing through a double hedge of steel. Armed police rode by his carriage with revolvers cocked. The public gave the President a splendid reception. A few royalist attempts to make disturbances were promptly quelled by the Republican Guards.

This Government supply steamer, built in this City by Mr. John White, of the "Brent," was launched Saturday morning in the dock near Pook's Wharf. She was christened by Mrs. Donald Farquharson, the "Brent." The vessel slid thirty feet and then struck. She was pulled off the ways by a tug and when she reached the water she came into collision with the schooner "Howard" at the side of the wharf. The stern of the new craft crashed into the stern of the schooner, and the result was the crushing in of a considerable portion of the rail of the steamer. The schooner was uninjured.

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.—Tian's ordinary values that we wish you to call and see when we ask you to look at our clothing. Ordinary values you can get anywhere, but ours are a saving of at least 25 per cent on your purchase. You ask how can we do this? Because we bought the goods at much lower than ordinary prices at the great retiring sale of Doull & Gibson, and we give our customers the benefit. We always make it a rule when we buy at a bargain to buy a bargain. J. B. Donald & Co., Leaders in low prices. June 14—41

BEFORE RETIRING. Tonight, take a Lax-Liver Pill. It will work while you sleep without a grip or gripe, curing Bilelessness, Constipation and Sick Headache, and make you feel better in the morning. A STORM IS BREWING. Your old rheumatism tells you so. Better get rid of it and trust to the weather reports. Scott's Emulsion is the best remedy for chronic rheumatism. It often makes a complete cure.

DIED. At his residence, North River, June 2nd, Edward Morse, aged 80 years. At Hazelbrook, Lot 45, on Saturday, June 3rd, Joseph J. Coody, son of Tobias Coody, aged 21 years. May his soul rest in peace.

At West Newton, on the 8th inst., after a lingering illness, John Melver, in the 72nd year of his age. May he rest in peace. In Boston Highlands, June 8, Arthur B. A. the beloved son of Anthony F. and Teresa McCabe, 13 years, 2 months and 17 days.

At Lansdowne Place, on May 23rd, after a lingering illness, John George McGillivray, the adopted son of the late Angus and Margaret Morrison in the sixteenth year of his age. May his soul rest in peace. At the home of his son, at Marie, on June 5th, William P. Lewis, aged 75 years. Deceased returned from California last September, where he had spent four years with members of his family who reside there. He had been in poor health for some time, suffering from an affection of the stomach. At Cardigan Bridge, on the 10th inst., William P. Lewis, J. P. in the 68th year of his age. The deceased who was a native of Scotland, resided for many years at Cardigan Bridge, where he was sub-collector of customs for a long time, and where he carried on an extensive marble business. He was highly respected and much esteemed by all who knew him. R. F. P.

At Cherry Valley, on the 3rd inst., Austin McGillivray, after nearly a year's intense suffering, the result of an injury to his back sustained by being violently thrown from a wagon drawn by a frightened horse. He bore his long and severe illness with exemplary patience, and died fortified by the last sacraments and all the rites of holy Church. May his soul rest in peace. The Parishioners of St. Mary's Church, Sturgeon, intend holding a grand Tea Party on the beautiful grounds adjoining the Church, On Wednesday, the 6th of July. Swings, dancing booth, music to no end of it all manner of games will be provided. Refreshment and Ice Cream Saloons and Tea Tables that will satisfy all. Everything possible will be done for the pleasure and enjoyment of those who attend. WILL A. McDONALD, Secy. June 14 31

The Imperial Limited.

Commencing June 15th, the Canadian Pacific Railway will inaugurate its new train service between Montreal and Vancouver. The train will be known as "The Imperial Limited," and will leave Montreal at 8 o'clock a. m. daily, and be due at Vancouver at 1.05 p. m. of the fourth (4th) day thereafter, a reduction of time between the two terminals of one day. Connections will be made at Winnipeg for all points on branch lines in Manitoba, etc. The Crow's Nest Line will also be open to travel on the same day, so that passengers for the Kootenay Country can have their choice of routes either via the New Line, through the Crow's Nest Pass, or via the old route via Revelstoke and down through the Lakes, close connections with "The Imperial Limited" being made via both routes. There will be Dining Car service throughout from Toronto, N. S., to the mountains at Banff, Alberta, after that meals will be provided at the Company's Hotels at Field, Glacier House and North Bend. Passengers from P. E. Island leaving on the Canadian Pacific Express from Paines Junction at 12.45 p. m., Sundays excepted, will make close connections with the train at Montreal.

The directors of the North Sydney Driving Park are making arrangements for a big meeting to be held on the Park during the first week in July. The classes and premiums will be as follows: 225 class, purse, \$250.00; 235 class, purse, \$200.00; 330 class, purse, \$125.00. The classes will be open to all horses in the Maritime Provinces (rotters only.) These races and the Sydney Carnival, which takes place the same week, will be a big attraction to visitors from all parts of the province. Full particulars will be given later by advertisement.

It Never Disappoints. People who are troubled with any disease caused or promoted by impure blood or a low state of the system may take Hood's Sarsaparilla with the utmost confidence that its faithful use will effect a cure. Millions take it as a spring medicine, because they know by experience it is just what the system needs. Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic and liver tonic. Gentle, reliable, sure.

STANLEY BROS. DRESS GOODS. The New, Only the New. When we ask you to visit our Dress Goods department, we do it with the greatest confidence in our ability to please you. The assortment is complete, both in black and colored goods; and it takes very little money these days for your dresses, if you buy of us. If you can't come yourself, SEND FOR SAMPLES.

Stanley Bros. Surface Value AND Real Value. The outside of a suit is not all of it, neither is the inside. The stays, the bracing, padding, etc., that are between every Fit-Reform garment are what give long life. These little things that no one sees keep the coat in shape and relieve the more sensitive cloth of most of the strain of wear. The true value of Fit-Reform garments is not all on the surface. Guaranteed by the maker to fit, to wear, to keep its color, or he gives your money back. Suits \$10, \$12, \$15, \$18, \$20. Trousers \$3, \$4, \$5. The Fit-Reform Wardrobe.

PROWSE BROS. The Wonderful Cheap Men.

Mark THOS. DRISCOLL PA New Prices Satisfactory High Char. Dris

Wrigley

The Biggest Snap IN HIGH-CLASS BLACK FIGURED Dress Goods

Ever offered the buying public of P. E. Island.

A German manufacturer wanted to unload. We bought them all at half price. Now ladies, we have the same goods at \$1.10. We clear the whole lot at

59c. a Yard.

We want every one of our customers to share in this bargain. Only one dress length to a customer.

Too good to last long. SEE OUR WINDOW.

SENTNER, McLEOD & CO.

If You Buy a Bicycle

Without seeing our stock you make a mistake.
LOOK AT THIS LINE OF LEADERS.

- Massey Harris, Red Bird, Cleveland, Perfect, Garden City, Dominion,
- Columbia, Hartford, Crescent, E. & D., Lovell Diamond.

Wheels for everybody at prices to suit anybody. Any thing and everything in the Bicycle line.

Repairing of all kinds done promptly and well.

ROGERS & ROGERS

Charlottetown and Summerside, May 10, 1899. THE BICYCLE M

Wright's Furniture Store!

Where your money accomplishes more than elsewhere. We've built up a large business by winning and retaining public confidence. We secured this confidence by giving the public indisputable values. No trouble for us to meet any clearance prices quoted. Our stock is going out with a rush, evidencing the values we offer.

Mark Wright & Co., Ltd.

THOS. DRISCOLL F. J. HORNSBY

PATRONIZE THE

New Grocery Store!

Prices Right, Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Highest cash price paid for Eggs, or taken in exchange for Goods. Remember the place, opposite R. E. Norton's Hardware Store.

Driscoll & Hornsby

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

AGUSTINE DALY, a well-known New York theatrical manager, died in Paris on the 7th inst.

In this issue will be found advertisement of a grand tea party to be held at St. Teresa's on Wednesday July 8th. Make a note of it.

We are pleased to know that Cyrus Shaw, M. L. A., was able to return to his home on Tuesday last, almost completely recovered from his illness.

READ in this issue the advertisement of the Excelsior Tea Party to be held at St. Teresa's on Saturday, July 8th. A day of excellent enjoyment may be anticipated.

The Montague electric company has elected its directors, and decided to commence operations at once. They hope to have the village lighted by the first of August.

The new steamer of the Plant Line, the Grand Duchess, arrived at Halifax, on Sunday last, having made a record trip from Boston, the passage taking 21 hours and 47 minutes.

MR. TENNIS GALLANT of Summerside, while working a section of the P. E. Island Railway, a little west of Summerside, on Monday last, fell, apparently in a fainting fit, and died almost immediately.

The London Times announces that the British Government has consented to reconsider its attitude towards the Pacific cable project, and is now inclined to utilize British credit in providing the necessary capital.

A most destructive fire occurred on Sunday last, at Newcastle-on-Tyne, England, as a result of which three of the largest workshops in the famous Armstrong-Whitworth Works were destroyed. The loss is estimated at a million of dollars.

The French Ministry of Dupuy resigned on Monday last. The chamber adopted by a vote of 221 to 178 an order of the day proposed by M. Ruan, Radical, which the premier refused to accept. The Minister forthwith left the House amid excitement.

FIRE at Augusta, Ga., last week did \$25,000 damage. During the height of the excitement, ten thousand rounds of cartridges in the armory began to explode and for about an hour there was an incessant fusillade of shots that sounded like a real battle.

CAPTAIN FINLAYSON has been appointed to the command of the new winter steamer Minto and goes home in August to bring her out. Captain Angus Brown, who has been first officer of the Stanley, will succeed Captain Finlayson in command of the Stanley.

ADVICES received at Vancouver on the 10th say that the Steamer Amat from Skagway reports that on June fourth one man was killed and several injured on White Pass by terrible slides of rocks and snow. The men were clearing snow from the White Pass Railway.

A MOTION to increase saloon license fees from \$500 to \$550 a year was recently carried by the selling mayor's meeting vote at Vancouver, B. C. city council meeting. One alderman said they could well afford to pay the increased amount owing to the money they were making out of gambling.

ST. PAUL, Minn., advices of yesterday's date state that the most appalling cyclone that has yet visited this country took place on Monday night, sweeping through portions of three states. One hundred and seventy persons are reported killed and four hundred wounded. The property damage is something terrible.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR McIntyre was banqueted at Bourke on Thursday evening last, prior to his departure to take up his residence at Government House. The banquet took place at the Sea View Hotel and is described as a very successful affair. About fifty guests attended and every thing passed off in good style.

LONDON advices of the 8th say the result of the conference between Mr. Choate and Lord Salisbury is a practical agreement upon a provisional Alaska boundary. The Joint Commission will meanwhile continue the negotiations. The prospective settlement is conceded to be a triumph of Mr. Chamberlain's tact and perseverance.

A YOUNG man named Walter Gray, of Alberton, was drowned a few days ago at North Cape. He with two others went out in a boat to attend to their traps. Gray leaned over the boat to catch a buoy attached to a lobster line when he lost his balance, fell overboard and was drowned before his companions could rescue him.

The parishioners of English Island holding a grand festival and tea party on the 19th July next to commemorate the 100th anniversary of the founding of their parish. Special trains will run from Charlottetown and Summerside on the occasion at greatly reduced rates. For further particulars watch this paper.

The dwelling house of Mr. Edmund Maynard, of Northam, was destroyed by fire a few days ago, together with all its contents. The fire is thought to have originated from the kitchen stove, and was so far advanced when discovered that it was impossible to save anything. There was no one in the house at the time of the fire.

A St. John's Nfld. despatch says: The officers and crew of the Canadian steamer Gaspesia, whose owners were recently condemned to pay \$12,500 salvage to the steamer Kite, for towing the Gaspesia out of the ice floes in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, have brought suit for four months' wages, aggregating nearly \$12,000, as they number 80, all told.

SATURDAY'S excursion of the members of Parliament on the Parry Sound Railway in the Intercolonial train is said to be one of the preliminary proceedings looking towards the acquisition by the Government of both systems of railway, including Parry Sound and the Canada Atlantic Railways extending from Montreal to Georgian Bay, a distance of four hundred miles.

The Halifax Herald reports that the City of Ghent, which arrived at Halifax on Saturday, the 3rd, brought two American fishermen from Casco, who were for two days in a dory without food or water, and who finally succeeded in reaching Sable Island, where they were looked after for several days and then provided with the necessaries to enable them to make the mainland.

Hood's Pills

Are prepared from Nature's mild laxatives, and while gentle are reliable and efficient. They

Rouse the Liver

Cure Sick Headache, Biliousness, Sour Stomach, and Constipation. Sold everywhere, 25c. per box. Prepared by G. L. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Excelsior Tea Party -AT- ST. TERESA'S.

The parishioners of St. Teresa's propose holding a grand Tea Party on the beautiful grounds adjacent to the church and adjacent to the Railway, on

Saturday, July 8th, 1899.

No effort will be spared to make this the excelsior Tea of the season. The ability of the ladies of St. Teresa's to cater to tastes of even the most fastidious are well known, and a refreshment saloon stocked with all the delicacies of the season will be a special feature of the Excelsior Tea. Prizes will be given for 100 yards dash, sack race, tug of war, etc. Tea on the tables at 12 o'clock. Tickets 25 cents.

Friends bent on a Saturday excursion will please remember the date—July 8th, and thus ensure for themselves a pleasant outing. Further particulars as to trains, etc. later. Should the day prove unfavorable, Tea will be held on the following Monday.

JAMES A. McDONALD, Sec'y.
St. Teresa's, June 14, 41

Mortgage Sale.

To be sold by public Auction, on Thursday, the twentieth day of July next, A. D. 1899, at the hour of 10 o'clock, noon, in front of the County Court Building, at St. John's, in the County of St. John's, all that tract, piece and parcel of land situate lying and being in the Parish of King's County, in the Prince Edward Island, bounded as follows, that is to say: Commencing at the northeast angle of a farm lot in possession of George W. McEvoy, north six chains; thence east to McEvoy's Mill stream; thence following the various courses of said Mill stream northwesterly to the place of commencement, containing forty-two acres of land, a little more or less, and being thus described in a deed from the Commissioner of Public Lands to one John Kitchman, dated the twentieth day of May, A. D. 1899.

The above sale is made under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the first day of November, A. D. 1896, and made between Felix J. Donohoe, of Goway Bras, Lot forty-four, agriculturist, farmer, and Mary Margaret, his wife, of the one part, and John S. McDonald, of Charlottetown, in said Island, Solicitor-at-Law, of the other part.

Dated the 15th day of June, A. D. 1899.

June 14, 1899, 1s JOHN S. McDONALD, Mortgagee.

Lime, Lime.

We are now burning and can supply any quantity of best Roach Lime for building and farming purposes.

C. LYONS & CO.
May 10, 1899.

SPRING SALE NOW ON -AT- WEEKS & CO'S.

MONEY CAN BE SAVED BY TRADING AT THE

PEOPLES' STORE.

Goods bought for cash and marked low.

We quote below a few of our prices.

Dress Goods.	Reg. Our Price Price.	Ladies' Blouses.	Reg. Our Price Price.	Gents' Linen Cuffs.	All styles and prices, Weeks' special 25c. pair, two for 45c.
Plain Black Lustre, double width	30c. 25c.	Fancy Cambric	48c.	Gents' Neckties.	Large assortment in newest shapes, knots, four-in-hand, puffs, American Tecks, Straps, etc. Also large variety in black.
Fancy do.	32 25	Fancy Muslin	60	Gents' Braces.	Large stock on hand in English and Canadian makes.
Black Cashmeres	28 20	Fancy Colored Check Muslin	68		See our special leather ends at 10c., 20c., 25c., 35c.
Do do	35 28	Fine Swiss Check Muslin	\$1.00	Millinery.	Our department is in charge of Miss Vanstone, late of Toronto. Her work has been pronounced the best in the city. If you want a Trimmed Hat or Bonnet she can please you. Give her a trial.
Special do	60 45	Scotch Gingham	1.20		Large stock of straw saviors, in black, white and colored, also straw and wire saviors for trimming. Flowers, Ribbons, Feathers, Ospreys, Fairy Mounts, etc. Large variety to choose from.
Colored Dress Goods in large variety at very low prices.		Black Sateen	1.00		
Ladies' Hosiery.		Black Sateen, detachable Collar and Cuffs	1.60		
Black Cotton Plain	8c. 5c.	Gents' White Shirts.			
Do do	12 9	Unlaundried, sizes 14 1/2-40	32		
Do do Rib	15 12	Do do	17 10		
Black Cashmeres 2-1 seam- less foot, special	40 32	Our Special reinforced back and front	\$1.00 75		
Ladies' Belts.		Laundried sizes 14 1/2-17	60 50		
Leather Belts, all colors	25c. 20c.	good value	85 70		
White Duck and Pique	28 20	Extra value	85 70		
Belt Buckles and Pins, large assortment.		Business Men's	1.00 85		
Corsets.		Short Bosoms	1.15 \$1.00		
Special	30c. 25c.	Other values up to	1.65		
Our Leader	50 42	Gents' Linen Collars.			
Beauty	65 50	Sizes 14 1/2 to 17 1/2, all newest shapes			
Princess	75 65	Special 4-ply Linen, 15 cents each, two for 25 cents.			
All leading makes and other prices in stock.		Special 4-ply Linen, 18 cents each, two for 30 cents.			
		Special 4-ply Linen, 10 cents each, three for 25 cents.			

We ask a share of your patronage, proving that you can save money by purchasing from us, as we buy for cash from the leading manufacturers.

WOOL taken in exchange for goods. Highest market price paid.

Weeks & Co., SUCCESSORS TO W. A. WEEKS & CO. THE PEOPLES' STORE. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Mortgage Sale.

To be sold by Public Auction on Tuesday the sixteenth day of July, A. D. 1899, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, in front of the Law Courts Building in Charlottetown, and by virtue of a power of sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the 3rd day of December, 1896, and made between James A. Trainor, of Monaghan Road, Lot of Township number thirty-six, in Queen's County, in Prince Edward Island, Farmer, and Mary Trainor, his wife, of the one part and Credit Foncier Franco-Canadian of the other part.

All that tract, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being on Lot or Township number thirty-six, above said, bounded, and described as follows, that is to say: Commencing on the West side of the Monaghan Road at the South East corner of a farm of land formerly owned by William L. Ryan, now owned by John Morgan, thence West one hundred and twenty-six acres, thence North to the place of commencement, containing one hundred acres of land a little more or less, being thus bounded and described in a certain deed from the Commissioner of Public Lands to Edward Ryan, bearing date the twenty-eighth day of January, A. D. 1897.

If the said property is not sold at the time and place aforesaid, the same will thereafter be sold by private sale.

For further particulars apply at the office of James A. McDonald, Solicitor, Charlottetown.

Dated the sixth day of June, A. D. 1899.

CREDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN, Mortgagee.

June 7-91

Summer Corsets

If you buy your Summer Corsets from us you'll save money. Don't take our word for it, come and see.

Men's and Boy's Straw Hats.

We are clearing out our stock of Men's and Boy's Straw Hats at half price. Now is the time to get a summer Hat cheap.

Ladies' Sailor Hats.

Ladies' Sailor Hats worth up to \$2.25 for 50c., also another table of 25c. Hats.

Ladies' Hosiery

Those all wool Cashmere Hose at 20c. per pair, and the best value in the city. Cotton Hose 10c. per pair, Ladies' Vests 5c. each.

Shirred Ribbons

Black Shirred Ribbon, all widths, in Silk or Satin, just received. Placket fastners, also buttons and cord for making placket fastners just received.

F. Perkins & Co.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

TRAVEL IN COMFORT
-BY-
TOURIST SLEEPERS

Leaving Montreal every THURSDAY, at 11 A. M., for the PACIFIC COAST, accommodating a cond-class passengers for all points in Canadian North West, British Columbia, etc.

Berth Rates—
Montreal to Winnipeg..... \$4.00
Montreal to Calgary..... 6.50
Montreal to Revelstoke..... 7.00
Montreal to Vancouver..... 8.00
Montreal to Seattle..... 8.00

For Passage Rates to all Points in CANADA, WESTERN UNITED STATES, and to JAPAN, CHINA, INDIA, HAWAIIAN ISLANDS, AUSTRALIA and MANILA, and also for descriptive advertising matter and maps, write to
A. H. NOTMAN,
Asst. Genl. Pass. Agt.
St. John, N. B.

We Cannot Always Have such an opportunity

To buy Clothing at our own price as we have had at the Doull & Gibson auction sale.

You Cannot Always Have such a chance

To buy Clothing at less than cost of manufacture.

This we can sell you now,

And whilst this purchase lasts. This is your chance to save many dollars. We have sold more Clothing for the past three weeks than we ever did before in the same time.

1,000 Pairs Men's Pants

For 50 cents, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00, and \$2.50 a pair.

MEN'S SUITS ALL PRICES.

Wool taken in exchange at current prices.

J. B. McDONALD & CO.

R. H. Ramsay & Co

The Model Store,

New Prowse Building, Grafton Street, Charlottetown.

Read, Reflect, then Act

On your own judgment. That judgment will tell you something like this:

This fellow Ramsay makes a great noise for a young fellow. He blows a good deal about what he can do, and he says it with as much assurance as if he had been in the business fifty years. But this is one of the great faults of the young men of the day, thinking they KNOW IT ALL whether they do or not. But this fellow seems to have a ring of sincerity about him, and if he has the stock which he claims to have, he's got them at a smaller price than I have been paying for them. However, it don't cost anything to drop in and see h's goods, and I am going to do it next time I go to Charlottetown. I'll just cut this advertisement out of this paper, put it in my pocket, take it with me, chuck it down at him, and then let him wriggle out of it if he can. He has then either to do as he says, produce the goods he says he has or eat his own words, and if he does that I guess he'll have indigestion so bad that he won't be long more about his goods and values. Now that's logic. Honor bright. Ain't that the way you will reason it out? But will you take the trouble to test it? We will see.

Cloth Department.

Charlottetown Tweeds, Canadian Tweeds, Tryon Tweeds, Moncton Tweeds, English and Scotch Tweeds.

Tweeds 20c., 25c., 30c., 35c., 40c., 45c., 53c., 60c., 70c., 75c., 85c., \$2.10 per yard. Home made and imported Flannels.—RAMSAY & CO.

BOOTS AND SHOES

We have a splendid assortment of all kinds of Boots and Shoes. The whole outfit is entirely new. Our values in this department will compare more than favorably with any ever shown in the city. But space in press cost money, an inspection of the Boots and Shoes does not.—RAMSAY & CO.

Gents' Furnishings.

Shirts, Underwear, Collars, Cuffs, Ties, Hats, Caps, and everything in this line.—RAMSAY & CO.

Ready-to-Wear Clothing Department. Childrens' Boys' Men's.

Our display is as good and our prices as low as these goods as to be had on P. E. Island. Stock entirely new.—RAMSAY & CO.

Trunks and Valises.

Whatever others may do in the future we have the best assortment of Trunks and Valises up to date. Further comment unnecessary.—RAMSAY & CO.

Wool taken in exchange for any goods in store.

THE MODEL STORE.

Is the baby too thin? Does he increase too slowly in weight? Are you in constant fear he will be ill? Then give him more flesh. Give him more power to resist disease. He certainly needs a fat-forming food. Scott's Emulsion is just that food. It will make the baby plump; increase the weight; bring color to the cheeks, and prosperity to the whole body. Thin children take to it as naturally as they do to their milk.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.

IN THE MIDST OF THE DOCTORS.

BY WILLIAM D. KELLY.

What was the wisdom the doctors learned From the Child who sat in the Sanhedrin, And questioned them as He slowly turned The leaves of the Book that told of Him, Till clear grew their vision which erst was dim? That science which searches God's mysteries Rarely reaches their outermost rim, And His grace must govern the eye that sees. What was the knowledge that Mary learned When she found her Son in the Sanhedrin, And told Him there how her heart had yearned? With its great desire of finding Him, And her eyes had wept till their sight grew dim? That if filial piety must attest The heart that fondness fills to the brim, Still the love which labors for God is best. What is the lesson the world has learned From the Child who taught in the Sanhedrin? Alas! how oftentimes has it spurned His teachings years have not rendered dim, And preferred unto them its own wild whim! Love creates itself upon villainess, forsooth, And into darkness dense and grim Science strays far from the truth. L'ENVOI. Madonnas, into whose bosom burned The words Christ spoke in the Sanhedrin, Teach them us till our hearts shall be known And learning and loving Him.

You Can't Get Rested

Because that Tired Feeling is not the result of exertion. It is due to the unhealthy condition of your blood. This vital fluid should give nourishment to every organ, nerve and muscle. But it cannot do this unless it is rich and pure. That is what you want to cure that Tired Feeling—pure, rich blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla will help you "get rested." It will give you pure, rich blood, give you vigor and vitality and brace you up so that you may feel well all through the coming summer. If you have never tried Hood's Sarsaparilla do so now, and see how it energizes and vitalizes your whole system.

AN UNBROKEN LEGACY.

ESTHER A. WAGGAMAN, in Sacred Heart Review.

"Happy boy; he has never learned to think," said the Colonel to himself as the train moved on and he saw Dick, who was standing on the platform of the station, wave his hat, and heard him shout "Good-by," above the clamor of the engine. All night the train rushed on through the darkness. The Colonel tried to see something of the passing landscape, but his own face was reflected in the black square of window-glass, and so he leaned back in his chair and closed his eyes wearily, thinking that it was but another instance of his futile efforts to get rid of himself. He had led the life of a recluse for so many years that he dreaded an interruption of his solitude. He had a few friends; his money made him suspicious; he stood alone in the world dependent on no one's affection; he had his books—but removed from them the thoughts were uninteresting. He bent his head upon his breast and gave himself up to brooding melancholy until the motion of the car lulled him into a restless sleep.

At six o'clock the next morning they reached W—. The Colonel went to a hotel, and after his bath and breakfast he felt strengthened for the unpleasant task in front of him. His one idea was to get over the first interview as quickly as possible, for he knew that there would have to be an interview with some woman if he went to a convent, unless he were fortunate enough to find the parish priest. At nine o'clock he called a cab, and in his gruff tones he ordered the driver to take him to the convent of St. Clare's.

It was a long drive through a quiet, unfashionable portion of the city which had been built up around the convent nearly a century before. On a hill overlooking the river stood the old Jesuit college surrounded by a high stone wall which was gray with moss and lichen. From the topmost towers great bushes of ivy hung, and birds darted in and out safe in this peaceful ambuscade. As the cab approached the convent the Colonel peered curiously out at the low plain building, with

its many shattered windows, wholly devoid of any architectural beauty. Dire stories of nuns and nunneries, which had been handed down to him from his Puritanical ancestor, came floating back to him as confused memories. The cab stopped before the door; the Colonel alighted, and ascending the two stone steps which led from the street, he pulled the bell and entered the large vestibule. He had not long to wait before a narrow panel in the door opened and a small nun wearing a white linen barrette and black veil asked timidly: "Whom do you wish to see?" "I am Miss Prue Allison's guardian," said the Colonel, a trifle confused by this sudden opening of the panel, and mentally comparing the narrow aperture with his own ample proportions. "I would like to see the Sister in charge," and he handed her his card.

"If you will walk into the parlor," said the little nun, pointing to a door on the right of the vestibule, "I will tell her." The Colonel murmured his thanks and then the panel closed, and he turned to his right, and pushing open the door which he had not noticed before, he entered a high-ceilinged room. It was warm and comfortable after the cold air outside; the floor was polished until it reflected the stiff horsehair chairs and sofas which were set around the walls at regular intervals; between the windows a blackened painting hung, and on the marble centre table a tropical plant had been placed to lessen the rigidity of the apartment.

The Colonel sat down on one of the slippery chairs and asked himself for the hundredth time why Phil Allison had not confided the care of his child to a man who was better fitted to assume the responsibility. His gloomy reflections were interrupted by a sweet voice speaking to him by name; he looked around the room in bewilderment; he had seen no one enter; then he realized that a nun was standing on the other side of the wooden bars.

She was a tall woman of fifty or sixty; it was ushered into the library and looked around at the crowded bookshelves. "Prue should be very contented here. Perhaps when she graduates she may wish to remain, as a member of your community." "Then you have no prejudice?" "Prejudice, madam?" he exclaimed. "I only wish a few more women would follow your worthy example." The thought of thus disposing of his ward gave him so much pleasure that he kept referring to it on the way downstairs.

"I cannot thank you enough, madam," he said at parting. "I trust that you will watch over Prue in a special manner, and if there is any way I can benefit this institution, pray do not hesitate to call upon me," and then, with old-fashioned courtesies, he bowed himself out. It was not until he was on the train speeding homeward that he suddenly realized that he had not asked Prue's age.

"But that makes no difference," he said with a satisfied shrug of his shoulders; "she's safe for the present," and then for the time being he forgot all about her. The California syndicate came and went. Another month dragged monotonously by in the bachelor house on the hill, and then the Colonel received a letter which deepened the frown between his grizzly eyebrows and caused him to swear under his breath. The letter was from his friend, the director of the convent, telling him that his ward, Prue Allison, had run away from school, and that she had been traced to the home of one of her friends, Mrs. Dunlop, No. ———— Connecticut Avenue. The writer added, with deep regret, that Prue, by leaving without permission, had forfeited her right to return.

"D— the girl," said the Colonel, running his thin fingers through his gray hair. "I've got that railroad affair to settle and can't leave town. I would rather try to manage ten men than one female." For fifteen minutes he reflected in silence, and then he got up and rang the bell for Mrs. Clash. She came in a great hurry, her small eyes popping out of their sockets; she knew that something was wrong and she dreaded her master's outburst. "My ward, Miss Prue Allison, is coming here to stay for a time. I want you to have one of the rooms furnished, near your own, so you can watch over the child during the night." "Bless her little heart," said Mrs. Clash. "I do love children."

The Colonel scowled impatiently. "I'm glad somebody loves them," he said grimly. "Open the windows in Mr. Dick's room, for he will be here, too. I've telegraphed him to go get the child." Mrs. Clash wanted to linger to ask questions, but she did not dare, for her master's face warned her that prudence was better than knowledge, so she retreated to call Jenkins to carry the telegram to the office, trusting to him to read it on the way and enlighten her on his return.

When Dick received the message he was sitting in his own den at the University; the tobacco smoke was so dense it was difficult to distinguish the objects in the room, but as the door closed on the messenger boy the curtain of smoke was blown

aside by the breath of fresh air, and six students could be seen lounging on the chairs, the table, the bed, puffing their pipes steadily. "I'm off," said Dick, cheerfully, beginning to fling some clothes into a dress-suit case that stood open on the floor. "I'm going to try to catch that twelve o'clock train to W—."

"What for?" asked his visitors in a breath. "New one?" Dick nodded. "Sorry to leave you, but duty calls." "What's her name?" "Prue." "Sounds sort of prim. Where did you meet her?" "Never saw her," said Dick, shutting the case with a bang. "I wouldn't try to be funny, Dick. You think you are such a humorous dog. I never knew you to be in a hurry before."

"Good-bye," said Dick. Sorry I can't stop to make myself agreeable. Remember me to the professors. I'll invite you all to the wedding. Messenger boy must have crawled all the way here—only ten minutes to catch the train—Good-bye, and in a flash he was gone. His guests stared after him wondering, then one of them picked up the telegram from the floor and read:—"Take twelve o'clock train to W—. Meet my ward, Prue Allison, at Mrs. Dunlop's No. ———— Connecticut avenue. Bring Prue here at once. I can't leave town." GUSTAV STANHOPE.

"Some kid without a mother," said the reader, throwing the yellow paper into the fire in disgust, "and I thought Dick was getting up a romance. Poor Dick—I'm glad I haven't got to chase around the country with a squalling babe." But his sympathy was wasted, for Dick's mind was not troubled by the thought of any unhappy contingencies. The whole affair appeared very simple to him. The child was hopeless and friendless; it was her guardian's duty to find her an abiding place. If she was too young to travel alone it was most natural that she should be entrusted to his care, for Dick was a tender-hearted fellow and he was fond of children, and before he had gone a mile he began to make preparations for winning the child's affection by purchasing a small china doll which the train-boy offered for sale.

The train-boy was a freckled-faced, snub-nosed lad of thirteen, with a pair of innocent Irish eyes, but he possessed the wisdom of the serpent, for as soon as he saw Dick he recognized a willing victim, and at every station he came into the car to tempt him with fruit, chewing-gum and toasty sweetmeats. Dick filled his two deep overcoat pockets and then refused to buy more. The train-boy retreated, but he was not vacillated, for he soon returned with the comic papers, Dick immediately became engrossed in one of them, and the boy pocketed another dime with an air of triumph.

(To be continued.)

EMPLOYMENT REGISTRY.

All persons wanting employment and employers of labor in want of assistance will obtain help and situations by applying to: MISS SNEELGROVE, Ap 19th—3mo Kent Street.

Queen Street Emporium

W. Grant & Co., Importers and dealers, keep constantly on hand a large and choice assortment of the best groceries which they sell at lowest prices. Flour, Tea, Coffee, Kerosene Oil, Fish, etc. etc. SEED! SEEDS! SEEDS! A splendid selection of all kinds of clovers, timothy, peas, vetches, imported seed wheat, garden seeds, wholesale and retail.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

Having bought the entire stock of Frank Beales at LEPAGES OLD STAND, we are now prepared to supply all kinds of Farming Implements. We are also agents for the celebrated McLaughlin Carriage Co., and the Deering Harvesting Co. We have always on hand a full line of ploughs, harrows, cultivators, etc. Repairs of all kinds. Washing machines, wringers, and wringer repairs. All these goods are offered at the lowest prices. Call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. W. Grant & Co. Queen Street, Charlottetown, P. E. I. April 26, 1899.

CAMPERS

Should take with them a supply of Dr. Fowler's Ext. of Wild Strawberry. Those who intend going camping this summer should take with them Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Getting wet, catching cold, drinking water that is not always pure, or eating food that disagrees, may bring on an attack of Colic, Cramps and Diarrhoea. Prompt treatment with Dr. Fowler's Strawberry in such cases relieves the pain, checks the diarrhoea and prevents serious consequences. Don't take chances of spoiling a whole summer's outing through neglect of putting a bottle of this great diarrhoea doctor in with your supplies. But see that it's the genuine Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, as most of the imitations are highly dangerous.

MISCELLANEOUS.

"I see the British have a boat on the China station that can't be docked because of her size." "Can't be docked? Well, I'll bet the managing partner of our firm could dock her." "Nonsense! What does he know about docking?" "He knows all about it. He can dock anything that draws salary or expends money."

IMPURE BLOOD.

Miss Agnes Faron, Atholone, Ont., writes: "About two years ago I was troubled with impure blood, but got no relief until I took Burdock Blood Bitters, which completely and permanently cured me."

GRIT THE TEETH.

Do you notice your children gritting or grinding the teeth at night? It's a sure sign of worms. Better give them Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup, which is simple, safe and always effectual. WHAT A REFLECTION! "Confound you! I can see wickedness in your face." "Well, I've often been told I was a bright sort of chap, but I never knew my face was a looking glass before."

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

I believe MINARD'S LINIMENT will cure every case of Diphtheria. Mrs. Reuben Baker. I believe MINARD'S LINIMENT will produce growth of hair. Mrs. Chas. Anderson. Stanley, P. E. I. I believe MINARD'S LINIMENT is the best household remedy on earth. Elizabeth. Oil City, Cal.

Two Stratford Ladies

Tell How Millburn's Heart and Nerve Pills Make Weak People Strong. Mrs. ELIZABETH BARTON, Britannia St., says: "I speak a good word for Millburn's Heart and Nerve Pills with pleasure. They proved to me a most excellent remedy for nervousness, nervous debility and exhaustion, and I can heartily recommend them." Mrs. POLAND, Brunswick Street, says: "My husband suffered greatly with nervousness, complicated by heart troubles. Millburn's Heart and Nerve Pills have cured him, and he now is well and strong."

LAXA-LIVER PILLS.

Take one at night before retiring. 'Twill work while you sleep without a grip or gripe, curing Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation and Dyspepsia, and make you feel better in the morning.

HAMMOCKS!

For breakfast we have: Pettijohn's Breakfast Food, Necker's Breakfast Hominy, Self-rising Buckwheat, Tillson's pan dried Rolled Oats, Fresh Ground Oatmeal, Gold Dust Corn Meal, Rolled Wheat, Wheat Farina, Wheatlets, BEER & GOFF. GROCERS. Sunnyside.

Youthful Recklessness.

The natural exuberance of youth often leads to recklessness. Young people don't take care of themselves, get over-heated, catch cold, and allow it to settle on the kidneys. They don't realize the significance of backache—they think it will soon pass away—but it doesn't. Urinary Troubles come, then Diabetes, Bright's Disease and shattered health. A young life has been sacrificed. Any help for it? Yes! DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS. These conquerors of Kidney Ills are making the rising generation healthy and strong. Mrs. G. Orsman, 95 Adelaide St., London, Ont., says: "My daughter, now 13 years old, has had weak kidneys since infancy, and her health as a consequence has always been poor. Two boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills have removed every trace of a kidney trouble, and restored her to perfect health. I am truly thankful for such a great benefit they have conferred upon me."

MISCELLANEOUS.

Granger (on visit to Washington)—"Stranger, excuse me, but I wonder get some sense. Kin you tell me what the age-rental building is?" "Local Wag"—"Agricultural building? Er—oh, yes! That must be it right over here. They call it the Smith's onion institute.—Boston Courier."

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.

A TORONTO CONTRACTOR. Mr. J. J. Markle, 257 Lansdowne Ave., the well-known bridge contractor, was cured by Millburn's Rheumatic Pills of a sudden attack of Rheumatism, which laid him up in bed for weeks. Colonel Kirkright—"What do you call that span of miles you traded the other day, Uncle Slewfoot?" "Uncle Slewfoot"—"Sin an Misery, an' it's a sin to whip 'em all do time, an' it's a misery to try to drive 'em widout, an'."

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

"What do they mean by 'teaching the young idea how to shoot'?" "Why, showing them how to have some aim in life, of course." Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc. WORDS of all kinds are promptly spelled by Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup. Nice to take. Price 25c.

Permanent Cure of Cancer.

Some twelve years ago Mrs. Elizabeth Gilhula, wife of the postmaster of Buxton, Ont., was taken ill with an obscure stomach trouble which her physicians pronounced cancer of the stomach. Each and informed her that her lease of life would be short. On the advice of friends she commenced taking Burdock Blood Bitters. The results that followed were little short of marvelous. Her strength and vigor returned and in a short time she was completely cured. Mrs. Gilhula is to-day in the full enjoyment of good health, and in all these years there has not been the slightest return of the trouble. Here is the letter received from her a short time ago: "About four years ago I was taken sick with stomach trouble and consulted several of the leading physicians here, all of whom pronounced the disease to be cancer of the stomach of an incurable nature, and told me that it was hardly to be expected that I could live long. Afterward the two doctors who were attending me gave me up to die. "By the advice of some of my friends, who knew of the virtues of Burdock Blood Bitters, I was induced to try it, and I am now happy to say that after using part of the first bottle I felt so much better I was able to get up. I am thankful to state that I am completely cured of the disease by the use of B. B. B., although it had baffled the doctors for a long time. I am firmly convinced that Burdock Blood Bitters saved my life."

Two Stratford Ladies

Tell How Millburn's Heart and Nerve Pills Make Weak People Strong. Mrs. ELIZABETH BARTON, Britannia St., says: "I speak a good word for Millburn's Heart and Nerve Pills with pleasure. They proved to me a most excellent remedy for nervousness, nervous debility and exhaustion, and I can heartily recommend them." Mrs. POLAND, Brunswick Street, says: "My husband suffered greatly with nervousness, complicated by heart troubles. Millburn's Heart and Nerve Pills have cured him, and he now is well and strong."

LAXA-LIVER PILLS.

Take one at night before retiring. 'Twill work while you sleep without a grip or gripe, curing Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation and Dyspepsia, and make you feel better in the morning.

HAMMOCKS!

For breakfast we have: Pettijohn's Breakfast Food, Necker's Breakfast Hominy, Self-rising Buckwheat, Tillson's pan dried Rolled Oats, Fresh Ground Oatmeal, Gold Dust Corn Meal, Rolled Wheat, Wheat Farina, Wheatlets, BEER & GOFF. GROCERS. Sunnyside.

YOUTHFUL RECKLESSNESS.

The natural exuberance of youth often leads to recklessness. Young people don't take care of themselves, get over-heated, catch cold, and allow it to settle on the kidneys. They don't realize the significance of backache—they think it will soon pass away—but it doesn't. Urinary Troubles come, then Diabetes, Bright's Disease and shattered health. A young life has been sacrificed. Any help for it? Yes! DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS. These conquerors of Kidney Ills are making the rising generation healthy and strong. Mrs. G. Orsman, 95 Adelaide St., London, Ont., says: "My daughter, now 13 years old, has had weak kidneys since infancy, and her health as a consequence has always been poor. Two boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills have removed every trace of a kidney trouble, and restored her to perfect health. I am truly thankful for such a great benefit they have conferred upon me."

MISCELLANEOUS.

Granger (on visit to Washington)—"Stranger, excuse me, but I wonder get some sense. Kin you tell me what the age-rental building is?" "Local Wag"—"Agricultural building? Er—oh, yes! That must be it right over here. They call it the Smith's onion institute.—Boston Courier."

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.

A TORONTO CONTRACTOR. Mr. J. J. Markle, 257 Lansdowne Ave., the well-known bridge contractor, was cured by Millburn's Rheumatic Pills of a sudden attack of Rheumatism, which laid him up in bed for weeks. Colonel Kirkright—"What do you call that span of miles you traded the other day, Uncle Slewfoot?" "Uncle Slewfoot"—"Sin an Misery, an' it's a sin to whip 'em all do time, an' it's a misery to try to drive 'em widout, an'."

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

"What do they mean by 'teaching the young idea how to shoot'?" "Why, showing them how to have some aim in life, of course." Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc. WORDS of all kinds are promptly spelled by Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup. Nice to take. Price 25c.

Permanent Cure of Cancer.

Some twelve years ago Mrs. Elizabeth Gilhula, wife of the postmaster of Buxton, Ont., was taken ill with an obscure stomach trouble which her physicians pronounced cancer of the stomach. Each and informed her that her lease of life would be short. On the advice of friends she commenced taking Burdock Blood Bitters. The results that followed were little short of marvelous. Her strength and vigor returned and in a short time she was completely cured. Mrs. Gilhula is to-day in the full enjoyment of good health, and in all these years there has not been the slightest return of the trouble. Here is the letter received from her a short time ago: "About four years ago I was taken sick with stomach trouble and consulted several of the leading physicians here, all of whom pronounced the disease to be cancer of the stomach of an incurable nature, and told me that it was hardly to be expected that I could live long. Afterward the two doctors who were attending me gave me up to die. "By the advice of some of my friends, who knew of the virtues of Burdock Blood Bitters, I was induced to try it, and I am now happy to say that after using part of the first bottle I felt so much better I was able to get up. I am thankful to state that I am completely cured of the disease by the use of B. B. B., although it had baffled the doctors for a long time. I am firmly convinced that Burdock Blood Bitters saved my life."

Two Stratford Ladies

Tell How Millburn's Heart and Nerve Pills Make Weak People Strong. Mrs. ELIZABETH BARTON, Britannia St., says: "I speak a good word for Millburn's Heart and Nerve Pills with pleasure. They proved to me a most excellent remedy for nervousness, nervous debility and exhaustion, and I can heartily recommend them." Mrs. POLAND, Brunswick Street, says: "My husband suffered greatly with nervousness, complicated by heart troubles. Millburn's Heart and Nerve Pills have cured him, and he now is well and strong."

LAXA-LIVER PILLS.

Take one at night before retiring. 'Twill work while you sleep without a grip or gripe, curing Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation and Dyspepsia, and make you feel better in the morning.

HAMMOCKS!

For breakfast we have: Pettijohn's Breakfast Food, Necker's Breakfast Hominy, Self-rising Buckwheat, Tillson's pan dried Rolled Oats, Fresh Ground Oatmeal, Gold Dust Corn Meal, Rolled Wheat, Wheat Farina, Wheatlets, BEER & GOFF. GROCERS. Sunnyside.

From Maker To Wearer

No Profits Paid To Manufacturers, Every Dollar Paid for Labor Given to Our Own Citizens.

Ready-to-wear Clothing

Sold by us is manufactured by skilled hands on the premises, in Morris Block. We pay no profits to clothing manufacturers, but sell direct from maker to wearer. We are therefore in a position to give you up-to-date clothing made from this season's materials at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Don't allow anyone to persuade you that you must send your money out of this Province to get the best value. You can do better by getting the home-made.

- All-Wool Tyke Pattern Serge Suits \$9.25
All-Wool Oxford Tweed Suits 9.50
All-Wool Twilled Worsted Suits 9.50
Trousers made from Oxford Tweed 1.75

D. A. BRUCE,

Morris Block, Victoria Row.

Kalsomine, Alabastine, Petrol, Magnite, And all other requisites for housecleaning. Fennell & Chandler.

A Large Assortment of Finished Monuments AND HEADSTONES

To be cleared out quick, AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. Agents will tell you they can sell as cheap as you can buy from the manufacturer. Buy from us direct, and we will convince you that this is told to effect a sale and make something out of you. We employ no agents, as we prefer to make all sales right in our shop, where customers can see what they are buying.

Cairns & McFadyen.

June 8, 1898—y Kent Street, Charlottetown.

EPPS'S COCOA

GRATEFUL COMFORTING Distinguished everywhere for Delicacy of Flavor, Superior Quality and Nutritive Properties. Specially grateful and comforting to the nervous and dyspeptic. Sold only in quarter lb. tins, labeled JAMES EPPS & CO., Homoeopathic Chemists, London, England.

INSURANCE COMPANY

Assets - SEVENTY MILLION DOLLARS. The strongest Fire Insurance Company in the world. This Company has done business on the Island for forty years, and is well known for prompt and liberal settlement of its losses. P. E. I. Agency, Charlottetown. F. W. HYNDMAN, Agent. Queen St., Dec. 21, 1898.