

HIGH SCHOOL EXAMS. RESULTS 331 PASSED AND 423 TRIED THE SPELLING PLUCKED MANY

Robb Medal Goes to Gordon Munnoch, of Simcoe Street School, Who Secured 593 Marks, the Highest Standing—Gladys Wright Was Next With 590—Fred Heard Third With 584.

WINNERS OF THE BOYLE MEDALS

Names of Those Who Stood Highest in Public Schools of Which They Were Pupils—Separate Schools as Usual Did Well—Inspector Edwards Well Pleased With Results of the Tests.

PRIZE WINNERS.

Robb Medalist—(Highest standing of all students in the city)—Gordon Munnoch, Simcoe Street School, 593.

BOYLE MEDALISTS.

Aberdeen School—Eunice Freeland, 509.
Colborne Street—Gladys May Wright, 590.
Chesley Avenue—Cora Patton, 517.
Empress Avenue—Velma McPherson, 569.
Lorne Avenue—Hazel M. Taylor, 546.
Princess Avenue—Dr. Bryant's class, Marion Higgins, 567; Mr. Copeland's class, Adelaide McKee, 493.

Rectory Street—Lillian Pope, 523.
Simcoe Street—Mr. Wallis' class, Frieda Heard, 584, by reversion; Miss Skelton's class, Harold Aikenhead, 535.

St. George's School—Mr. Wyatt's class, Martha Weir, 560; Mr. Brown's class, Naomi Blanch, 541.
Talbot Street—Mabel Agnes Hynd, 532.
Victoria School—Wallace Shosenberg, 541.

SEPARATE SCHOOLS.

Murphy medal—(Highest aggregate of students writing)—George Pelton, St. Mary's School, 545.
Dromgole medal—(Second highest aggregate)—Frank Wiley, St. Mary's, 525.
Hickey medal—(Highest percentage in arithmetic)—Alice Burk, St. Peter's, 94 per cent.
McPhillips medal—(Highest percentage in grammar)—Julia Gleeson, St. Peter's, 94 per cent.
Burns medal—(Highest in literature)—Helen Cloghiesy, St. Mary's, 97 per cent.

The high school entrance results are out, and today there is great joy in many a household, although the pleasure is somewhat softened by the fact that some of the scholars failed. However, the results are most satisfactory, over 75 per cent of the candidates being successful.

To be exact, 423 tried and 331 were successful.

The Robb medal was won this year by Gordon Munnoch, a pupil of Simcoe street school, with 593 marks, a very high standing indeed. He had no walkover.

Gladys May Wright, of Colborne street school, was second, with 590, while Frieda Heard, Gordon Munnoch's class-mate, was right at hand with 584.

The other medal winners took a good stand, and in truth all did well.

Difficult Papers.

The papers were difficult enough, none of them being considered easy. Arithmetic, the plucking subject, cut down the usually good number, although six students were able to write a perfect paper on the subject. However, a number of pupils went down, among them being quite a few girls.

There was one subject that did more plucking than the others, and that was spelling. No less than 33 failed in that subject, something quite out of the ordinary. There is no mistaking it that the paper was difficult—too difficult, as a matter of fact.

It was an extract from a British political speech, containing words unfamiliar to the average entrance candidate, in fact, the paper was an average reader, not a student of political questions, is not conversant. As was expected, a large number fell by the wayside, and brought consternation to many students.

The other subjects were hard enough, but little complaint could be made concerning them.

The teachers are reasonably well satisfied with the results. The average number passing is quite the equal of the best in the province, and much better than the average.

Few Complaints.

Few complaints have been made on the number of students passing, and the principals as a whole are quite well satisfied.

The average marks of the prize-winners was above that of the preceding year, and are considerably above the average for the past few years.

Inspector Edwards, to whose untiring efforts credit must be given for the fine showing, is fairly well satisfied with the results, and stated that the outcome was about as he expected.

Inspector Speaks.

"I am reasonably well satisfied, and I think our record will compare favorably with any city," he stated. "Arithmetic, always a plucking subject, on account of the fact that it demands accuracy to a greater degree than many other subjects, claimed quite a few victims. Spelling plucked a large number this year—much more so than in the usual thing. The paper was an extract from a British political speech, highly cultured, of course, but somewhat disconnected. This caused some difficulty to the students, and a number were plucked. The

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RESULTS OF THE ENTRANCE EXAMS ARE OUT

WARD 3'S ASSESSMENT JUMPS GAIN OF \$117,653 IS REPORTED

Decrease in Business and Income Are Noted—Total Value of Buildings Is \$2,750,625—Total Assessment for the Ward Is \$4,951,824.

There has been a good increase in the assessment of Ward 3, the official figures having been issued by Assessment Commissioner Grant today.

The total increase is \$117,653, which is considered a very satisfactory increase for the ward.

There is a slight decrease in the business assessment, and considerable decrease in the income assessment, but the land and buildings show a gratifying increase.

The assessment for land is \$1,778,021, as compared with \$1,770,536, a gain of \$7,485.

Value of Buildings.

The buildings are valued at \$2,750,625, as compared with \$2,632,750 in 1908, an increase of \$117,875.

The business assessment is \$337,560,

as compared with \$339,050 last year, a decrease of \$1,490.

The income assessment was fixed at \$58,518, as compared with \$91,835 in 1908, a decrease of \$33,317.

The total assessment for the ward is \$4,951,824, while in 1908 it was \$4,834,171, a difference as noted before of \$117,653 in favor of 1909.

Ward 4 showed an increase of \$248,810, making the total increase for the two wards of \$386,463.

A Healthy Growth.

"There is a healthy growth noticeable," said Mr. Grant. "A number of houses are being built, and in many ways the property is being improved. That portion of the city is becoming a very important one."

ADVERTISER GUESTS OFF FOR SCOTLAND

Owing to Delay, Party Did Not Get Away on Friday as Was Expected.

ALL IN GOOD HEALTH

Change of One Day in Itinerary Is Necessary, But All Are Happy.

[Special Cable to The Advertiser.]

Liverpool, July 10.—The boat has been delayed, and The Advertiser party did not leave Liverpool till Saturday, instead of Friday.

The party leaves today direct for Edinburgh.

Everybody is well and looking forward to the trip to Scotland.

Edinburgh Programme.

Two days in Edinburgh, the capital of Scotland, and one of the most beautiful and interesting cities in Europe.

A carriage drive will be arranged to facilitate visiting the Castle, Holyrood Palace, Colton Hill, St. Giles' Cathedral, Greyfriars' Church, Scott's monument, beautiful Prince Street Gardens, John Knox's house, Canongate, Burns' monument, Colton Jail, Colton Hill, Waterloo Place, etc.

On Sunday morning attend services at the cathedral and in the afternoon visit parks and other places of interest.

Invitation to Canadian.

The members of the board of directors of the Y. M. C. A. were in meeting yesterday afternoon to make some decision with regard to a new physical director, and a unanimous invitation was sent to a Canadian, now in the States, to return to his native soil and take up the work in London.

The field is a large one and full of opportunities, and judging from all evidences obtainable the prospective physical director should fill the bill well and develop a great work here. The board now await his acceptance of the invitation.

QUEBEC TRAVEL CLUB ARE HOME

The Party Had a Most Enjoyable Trip Through Quebec and Other Places.

ALL ARE WELL PLEASED

Not a Single Mishap Occurred to Mar the Outing Furnished the Ladies by The London Advertiser.

The Advertiser's Quebec Travel Club arrived home last night at 6:30 on the Canadian Pacific Railway. After a very delightful experience. All the party returned in the best of health and in radiant spirits, with an endless fund of reminiscences and interesting anecdotes acquired en route.

On the trip down the party changed from the Kingston, at the head of the rapids, to the Prescott, one of the smaller boats used for the shooting of the rapids.

And many a thrill did the party get as the boat dodged here and there down the rapids, just escaping a rock here, and breasting a mighty wave there, and so the famous Long Sault and Lachine rapids were passed, with a number of other smaller ones that lent a delightful excitement to the trip.

Stay in Montreal.

On the return trip the party had a delightful stay in Montreal. They were registered at the Place Viger Hotel, where they were treated royally by the management. Trips around the city and the mountain drive were greatly enjoyed, as were the few hours spent at Dominion Park, where the party took in all the excitement from shooting the chutes to riding on camels, at which the ladies showed great proficiency. Then there was some time spent in shopping trips, which also had their pleasure. Once more the party boarded the Prescott, for a trip through the canals. This was a very novel experience for most of the party, and was consequently greatly enjoyed.

That night an informal dance was given in the saloon, which was cleared for the purpose.

At Ogdensburg.

From Prescott a trip was made to Ogdensburg, where a couple of hours were spent in seeing the beautiful little city, and where numerous souvenirs were bought as mementoes of the land of the Stars and Stripes. Returning to Prescott, the party once more boarded one of the R. and O. Company's finest steamers, the Toronto.

The trip through the Thousand Islands was almost beyond description, and words failed to describe the beauty of the scenery, and then the long trip down the lake. The party arrived in Toronto on time early Friday morning, and after breakfasting at the Kings Edward, there was a long, three-hours of sight-seeing about the city in Russell cars, visiting Rosedale and Parkdale, and all the other beautiful residential and commercial centres. At 2:45 the party again boarded their special car and arrived in the city last night at 6:30, to be welcomed by a large number of friends and relatives.

There was not a single accident of even the most minor nature to mar the thorough enjoyment of the trip, and the ladies are loud in their praises of the way the trip had been managed from start to finish.

Permits Issued.

Among the permits issued during the past week were to W. Johnston for two one-story frame residences on the Wharfcliffe road, West London; John Richards, story and a half brick veneer on Adelaide street; John McKenzie, verandah, on English street; H. Ashplant, alterations to store on Dundas street; Nelson Lane, one-story frame, on Backville street; M. M. Brister, story and a half veneer, on Briscoe street; W. J. Robinson, one-story brick, on Lovett street; C. W. Axford, addition to building on Walnut street; James Ruddy, two-story brick, on Carlton avenue; J. W. McClaren, alterations to residence on Victoria street; H. J. Sutherland, story and a half veneer, on Evergreen avenue; Henry Depper, one-story frame, on Layard street.

Demand Good.

"The demand for permits continues very good," said City Architect Nutter. "The record of the past year will be exceeded, I expect."

—Rev. J. P. Gerrie, B. A., of Stratford, will exchange pulpits tomorrow with Rev. D. S. Hamilton, B. A., of the First Congregational Church.

POPULATION MAY REACH 50,000 TWO WARDS' INCREASE IS 246

If Wards 1 and 2 Show a Gain of 323 the Figure Required for a Vote on Sunday Cars Will Have Been Attained—Assessment Commissioner Pleased With Figures.

The population of London may yet reach the 50,000 mark set by Sir James Whitney as the basis on which Sunday cars may be voted on in January next.

The only two wards assessed have shown unexpected increases. The population is 246 greater than last year. Assessment Commissioner Grant and his staff have just finished ward 3, and the figures were given out today.

The population is fixed at 13,732, as against 13,585 last year, a difference of 147.

The population of ward 4 was 14,485, as compared with 14,406 in 1908, making a gain of 79, or a total on the two wards of 246.

Two More To Be Assessed.

There remain yet wards 1 and 2 to be assessed. In both there has been a healthy growth. Ward 1 contains South London, and it is there that the expected gain in population is to come.

That section has developed very rapidly, and it would not be surprising if it alone showed a gain of 200 in population.

The official figures last year showed the city to contain 49,431 persons, making it necessary to gain 569 to make a vote possible.

By wards it was divided as follows:

Ward 1 11,949
Ward 2 9,512
Ward 3 13,585
Ward 4 14,406
Total 49,452

Mr. Grant Pleased.

"The population showed a most gratifying increase," said Assessment Commissioner Grant. "It looked at one time as if there would only be a very slight increase, but there have been good gains in many of the subdivisions, and we are able to report a respectable increase. We have still two wards to assess, and they should show an increase."

HOSPITAL COOKS OUT ON STRIKE

Cold Diet Is Now Very Popular at Victoria Hospital.

BIG OAKS FROM ACORNS

Trivial Affair Resulted in Portion of Staff Packing Up Their Kit and Leaving.

As a result of the cooks at Victoria Hospital all going out on strike yesterday, nearly 150 patients who are in the building have been practically living ever since on fruit, milk and cold meats. Not a thing, with the exception of what little has been cooked by the nurses, has been served to the patients with the exception of the above-mentioned articles.

Cause of Trouble.
The trouble, as far as can be learned, arose from Miss Stanley, the lady superintendent at the hospital, refusing to allow the cooks to do their washing in the room where the food was being prepared for the patients. Miss Stanley, it is understood, has been fully backed in her actions by the trust, and according to all the physicians spoken to by The Advertiser, she is absolutely right.

Cold Victuals.
"My wife has been in the hospital for a week," one man told The Advertiser this afternoon, "and all day yesterday she had nothing to eat but cold things. She says it is keeping the nurses pretty busy, as they have had to turn to and both prepare and serve the food. They expect, however, to have more help today."

Patients All Right.
"The patients are suffering no harm whatever one physician," told The Advertiser this afternoon. "Although the strike is causing them some inconvenience on account of the extra work involved. However, the nurses are working with a will, and Miss Stanley expects to have things running as usual very soon. I do not think there will be the slightest difficulty in replacing the cooks. Miss Stanley is most certainly right in her contention that the food for sick people should not be prepared where all kinds of laundry work is being done."

Miss Stanley Is Right.
"There is no doubt whatever that Miss Stanley is right," said another physician, "and her action will be fully upheld by all the medical men. You can readily understand the danger that would arise from infection where food is being prepared with all kinds of soiled laundry about, especially if some of it has been in use in sick rooms. As soon as Miss Stanley found out what was going on she stopped it at once, and was quite right in doing so. It is likely that the hospital trust will hold a special meeting this evening to consider the matter."

The Rev. Dr. Dickie, of Woodstock, will occupy the pulpit of Chalmers Church tomorrow at both services.



MISS GLADYS MAY WRIGHT
Aged 13, of 344 Maitland Street, Winner of the Boyle Medal at Colborne Street School.

LANGARTH ST. PEOPLE GET INTO TROUBLE

Medical Health Officer Hutchinson Has Had Five Summonses Issued.

Dr. Hutchinson has issued summonses for five residents of Langarth street, because of the insanitary condition of their premises. It is alleged they have been using an open drain for sewage purposes.

"This must stop," said Dr. Hutchinson, medical health officer. "We intend making the residents, so far as we can, properly dispose of all sewage. The city is in a very healthy condition at the present time and we intend keeping it so."

The property owners of several other streets in the south end have also been notified to clean up, or police court proceedings will follow.

INFORMATION WANTED OF CHESTER TIMMIS

Left His Home on May 29 and Windsor People Are Trying to Locate Him.

The police have been asked by Chief Wills, of Windsor, to try and locate Chester Timmis, who left his home there on May 29 last.

He is described as being 17 years old, 5 feet 6½ inches tall, medium slight build, and makes friends easily wherever he goes.

He is very fond of horses and might be found on a farm, around a livery stable, or at the races. When last seen he was wearing a dark grey, woolen sweater.



MISS FREDA HEARD,
Of 192 Waterloo street, winner of the Boyle medal for the Simcoe street school.



MISS MARION HIGGINS,
Aged 13, of 324 Wolfe Street, Winner of the Boyle Medal at Princess Avenue School.

Condensed Advertisements.

No Advertisement Accepted Less Than Fifteen Words.

Amusements—Ten cents per line each insertion, or two cents per word if set solid.

Deaths—When no admission is charged, one cent per word each insertion.

Articles For Sale—To be sold, 2-cent. Situations Wanted, Board and Lodging, Lost and Found, Rooms to Let, and all similar condensed advertisements.

First insertion, one cent a word; each subsequent insertion, one-half cent per word. No advertisement less than fifteen words.

Births, Marriages and Deaths.

DEATHS.

ELLIOTT—At his late residence, lot 14, con. 11, London Township, on Saturday, July 10, 1929, Archibald Elliott, 150.

Funeral from his late residence on Monday, July 12, at 2:30; service at 2. Interment at Baptist Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

EVANS—In this city, on July 9, 1929, Henry James, second son of Henry J. and the late Mary J. Evans, aged 29 years.

Funeral private, from the family residence, 11 Euclid avenue, on Monday, July 12, at 11 o'clock; service at 12 p.m. Interment at Woodland Cemetery.

WELDON—In Westminster Township, on Friday, July 5, 1929, Anne, relict of the late Thomas Weldon, aged 68 years.

Funeral will leave her late residence, lot 21, Gore of Westminster, on Sunday, July 11, at 11 a.m.; service at 10 a.m. Interment at Scottville Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

RICE—At Battle Creek, Mich., on July 7, 1929, Edward Rice, beloved husband of Esther Rice, aged 62 years.

Funeral from the residence of his son-in-law, William Norton, Brick street, on Monday, July 12, at 2:30 p.m.; service at 3 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation. Interment at Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES

Hurrah for Detroit!

The old reliable Chosen Friends' excursion via Grand Trunk, Saturday, July 13, 7:30 a.m. Tickets, \$1.45, good for three days. Baseball, Detroit vs. New York, July 15, 10 p.m.

WOMAN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE—To attend the annual picnic, to be held at Springbank, near the loop, Tuesday, July 13. Tea served at 6:30.

R. & O. NAV. CO.

St. Lawrence River route, Toronto to Montreal, through all the rapids, steamers "Toronto," "Kingston" and "Belleville."

OCEAN TICKETS—via all lines from Montreal or New York. W. FULTON, C. P. R., corner Dundas and Richmond. ywt

MR. LEON RICE

In an Evening of Song, DUNDAS CENTRE CHURCH, Monday Evening, July 12.

DAYLIGHT EXCURSION—CLEVELAND and return, via E. J. King, 17 days, cars leave Trunk depot 7, morning; boat leaves Port Stanley 8:30, morning.

LACROSSE MATCH, LONDON VS. STRATHROY, Tuesday, July 13, 1929. Game starts 3 o'clock. Tickets, 25 cents. 15c

RICHELIEU & ONTARIO NAVIGATION CO.

Excursions to Montreal, via the St. Lawrence and the Rapids. New York, Atlantic City, Portland, Maine, etc. St. John, N. B., etc.

F. B. CLARKE, 416 Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce. 2

ELEVEN-MILE BICYCLE RACE, WEDNESDAY, won on a Peerless bicycle, which had been in constant use for five years. A Peerless never wears out, and always runs easy. 33c. Cunningham's, East London. 15c

GROCERS EXCURSION—LONDON, ST. Thomas, Aylmer, Springfield, Tillsonburg, to Niagara Falls, July 21, via M. C. R., leaving London 7 a.m. sharp.

LAWN SOCIAL OF GERMAN CHURCH at Carfrae's, Carfrae street, next Tuesday evening. Admission free. Attend.

STEAMER GLEN BIRIE—NEW BOAT, fully equipped and good accommodation for passengers, will make half-hourly trips, leaving at 10 a.m. and 10 p.m. moonlight excursions every evening. Fare, 10 and 15 cents. 10m

TONY CORTESE, ORIGINAL LONDON Harpers, Music furnished for all occasions. 141 Maple. Phone 574.

F. B. Clarke

Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce, the only office in the city devoting all attention to car trips and trips to the Old Country. Special direct line reporting all ocean boats. For anxious friends of the arrivals of Atlantic liners. Do not forget—rail tickets issued, C. P. R. or G. T. R., with boat tickets. 1

25, LONDON TO DETROIT AND RETURN, going July 5 and 4, return not later than July 5. Leave River, White Star Line. F. B. Clarke, 416 Richmond street. 3

SPECIAL ORCHESTRA FOR SUMMER dancing parties, picnics, etc. Private dancing lessons by request. Summer months. Terms reasonable. Phone 1774. Dayton & McCormick.

MUSIC FURNISHED FOR PARTIES, balls, banquets, etc. Tony Cortese, 141 Italian Harpers, 122 Queen's avenue.

MEETINGS.

THE ORANGEMEN OF LONDON and vicinity will (D. V.) hold their annual church service on Sunday, 11th inst. The brethren will assemble in Sherwood Hall at 3 p.m., and proceed to Grace Church, where services will commence at 4 p.m. Preacher, Right Worshipful Rev. Wm. Lowe. All kindred associates are cordially invited to participate. T. E. Essery, district master; George Loney, secretary. b

AGHILL Loyal Orange Lodge, No. 230—Members are requested to meet at the Orange Hall, Adelaide street, 8 o'clock sharp, Monday morning, July 15. D. J. Patterson, Wm. Master; H. J. Bennett, recording secretary. b

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—\$20. BETWEEN EMPIRE BRASS Works and 98 William street. Liberal reward. Fred Porter, 98 William. b

LOST. LAST EVENING, ON BEACONS-FIELD AVENUE, Springfield car or Dundas street—China pepper and salt shakers. Finder kindly leave at this office. b

LOST—IRISH TERRIER PUPPY, 3 months; 25¢ reward. Call at 150 Dundas street. Reward at 150 Dundas street. One detaining after this notice will be prosecuted. 15c

LOST—PURSE CONTAINING MONEY, between corner market and 2nd concession, London Township, on Front Line road. Reward at this office. 1m

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—MAN TO WORK ON FARM. Apply A. O'Brien, 10 Shawnee, lot 3, con. 5, London Township. 15c

FARM HAND, EXPERIENCED, DESIRES monthly engagement. Reply immediately, Box 108, Advertiser. 14c

EXPERIENCED THRESHING MACHINE builders, machinery painters, The George White & Sons Company, King street. 14c

BOY WANTED, WITH FAIR EDUCATION, to work in shipping room. J. Lawson & Jones, Limited. 14c

EXPERIENCED MAN FOR FARM work. Apply No. 20 Beaconsfield avenue. 15c

EXPERIENCED KNIFE CUTTER ON caps. Apply Mr. Cook Tip-Top Cap Company. 13c

LONDON COLLEGE OF TELEGRAPHY Summer term, July 6. Commercial and telegraphy. Standard train rates. (Day and night classes). Operators wanted NOW. A good opportunity for our graduates. Last student placed in good position June 10. Michigan Central Railway. Get particulars quickly. You're next. Molsons Bank Building, London. 15c

TINSMITH WANTED—MUST BE first-class, good at all temperatures; good wages. Apply Westman Bros., Chatham, Ont. 13c

ORGANIZERS WANTED, APPLY TO Alfred Tyler, 325 Clarence street. 13c

BARBERS WANTED—MORE CALLS than we can fill; learn the barber trade now; special inducements; tools free; constant practice; graduates earn from \$12 to \$15 weekly; few weeks completes course. Write now for free book. The original and only successful Barber College, Queen and Spadina, Toronto. 40c

WANTED, FOR OFFICE WORK—A woman, as general, who can write a good business hand, and quick at figures; wages to start, \$5 per week. Apply by letter, stating experience and age, Box 111, Advertiser. 15c

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT, FOR family of two. 486 Princess avenue. Mrs. Mathewson. 15c

FANCY IRONERS WANTED, APPLY To Parisian Steam Laundry. 15c

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL OR woman, as general, Apply to Mrs. A. J. B. MacDonald, 242 Talbot street, after 10 a.m. or 7 p.m. 14c

WANTED AT ONCE—FIRST-CLASS waitresses, experienced and competent. Make for ladies' tailoring. Apply Raymond, modiste, 230 Dundas street. 13c

YOUNG WOMAN WITH BUSINESS experience and not under 20 years, for sales department. Apply to George Peters, 519 Richmond street. 14c

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COOK, SEC-OND cook, kitchen girl, vegetable girl, dining-room girl. Apply Stewardess, Victoria Hospital. 13c

WANTED AT ONCE—EXPERIENCED general servant. Apply Mrs. John Mills, 475 Princess avenue. 13c

KITCHEN GIRL AND UPSTAIRS GIRL wanted at once. Apply Hotel Windsor. 13c

ONE MAID WANTED, APPLY AT Aged People's Home, Richmond street. 13c

KITCHEN GIRL WANTED, APPLY AT Hodgins House. 13c

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED MAID by July 13. Family of two. Wages \$15. Apply 88 Central avenue. 10c

EXPERIENCED GENERAL MAID, Apply 282 Piccadilly street. 9c

GIRLS WANTED FOR BISCUIT DEPARTMENT, D. S. Ferrin & Co., Limited. 3c

HAND IRONER WANTED, APPLY TO Head Laundress, Victoria Hospital. 10c

AN EXPERIENCE PARLORMATRON wanted, with housemaid in kept. Apply Miss Labatt, 875 Queen's avenue. 12c

HOUSE, ROOMS, TO LET.

FRAME HOUSE, 28 HOPE STREET, rent, \$10 per month. Apply N. Mills, No. 1 Masonic Temple. 15c-tyw

TWO-STORY BRICK, WITH ATTIC, 12 bedrooms, bath, all modern conveniences, hard and soft water. Apply 206 King street. 15c

CORNER OFFICE, EDGE BLOCK (20 feet square), partitions for three offices, electric light. Apply W. T. Edge. 15c

TO LET—FRAME COTTAGES, 901 COLBORNE and 568 Pall Mall; small brick house, 579 1/2 Pall Mall. 15c

FINE MODERN HOUSE, 27 CRAIG; five bedrooms; eight minutes' walk to Grand Trunk depot; best value in London. Apply afternoons, or telephone 2522. 15c

TWO NICELY-FURNISHED FRONT rooms, in quiet family; phone; etc. Box 103, Advertiser. 15c

TO LET—HOUSE AND COTTAGE, APPLY TO J. W. G. Winnett, barrister, 418 1/2 Talbot street. ywt

HOUSE AND FIVE ACRES TO RENT in Halton, near east of Eglinton street, Apply R. Sanders, next to school, Hamilton road, London Township. 14c

HOUSE FOR RENT, 210 PICCADILLY street, Apply 312 Queen's avenue. 13c

TO LET—STORY AND HALF BRICK, 232 Richmond street, bedrooms, modern. Apply J. D. O'Neil, 425 Richmond street. 12c

TO LET—TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, all latest modern improvements, \$18 a month. Apply 207 Talbot street. 12c

TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, 867 1/2 Waterloo street. Apply next door to 541-tyw. 15c

FOR RENT—THE PREMISES OCCUPIED by the Murray Shoe Company, 137 King street, 20x10; possession on the 1st August. Apply to John Garvey. 10m-xt

ALEX. HENDERSON'S MOVING VANS—Largest in city. Good storage. 256 Chesapeake. Phone 1724. 15c

FORST CITY UNION MOVING VANS—Largest improved vans in city. Furniture and pianos carefully moved. W. Forst, 37 Carling street. Phone 1162; residence, 1444. b

FRONT PARLOR AND OTHER SLEEPING rooms, furnished or unfurnished; housekeeping privileges; gas, electric light, use of phone; rent reasonable. 353 King street. 15c

TO LET—HOUSE AND BARN, 50 Waterloo street. Apply on premises, 50 Waterloo street. 30c

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE, PIANOS and pictures—Separate rooms, clean and dry. Rates reasonable. John J. Siga, 37 Carling. 15c

THE DOMINION BANK WILL HAVE available for rental three flats over their warehouse premises at the corner of Dundas and Richmond streets. The flats will be entirely renovated, and new plumbing, drainage, wiring and steam heating installed. Early application will be considered, and to be in the specifications now being submitted. 5c

HELP WANTED.

EXPERIENCED PAINT, KNICKER and overall makers; highest wages paid; constant employment. Taylor-Anderson-Son, Limited, Seaford, Ont. 2-11

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

NEW MILCH COW FOR SALE, Ayrshire, George Jackson, 37 Wellington street. 15c

HORSE AND WAGON FOR SALE, also pair of dating and computing scales. 608 King street. 15c

NEW MODEL BABY CARRIAGE, GOOD condition; snap for quick sale. 107 Wharncliffe road, West London. 15c

RUBBER-TIRED TRAP, REAR FOLDING seat. Apply 234 Queen's avenue. 13c

UPRIGHT PIANO—EQUAL NEW, CONDITION perfect; only wants seeing; bargain. 822 Queen's avenue. b

BINDER TWINE FOR SALE, CHEAP. 776 Dundas street. 15c-tyw

FOR SALE—LADY'S AND GENTLEMAN'S bicycles, nearly new; G. & J. tires. Apply J. V. Nichol, 220 Queen's avenue. b

INVALID'S WHEEL CHAIR FOR sale; in good condition. 461 York street. 15c

BUILDING CONTRACTOR'S COURSE in International Correspondence School; good reason for selling. Box 110, Advertiser. 15c

FOR SALE—17-HORSEPOWER TRACTOR Engine and new challenge White Separator. No reasonable offer refused. Apply A. R. W. Burrows, Middlemans, Ontario. 15c

LARGE COUNTER, TWO HUMPHREY lights. Apply Tantor's Storage. 10m

ABOUT TEN THOUSAND SECOND-HAND brick, cleaned and ready to build. Bodaly, Third street, London Junction. 13c

CRESCENT BICYCLE, REFINISHED and nickel-plated, good tires, \$15. Gurd's, 135 Dundas. 15c

FOR SALE—To be removed immediately, an Otis-Penson hydraulic freight elevator, 4 foot by 6 foot platform. At new premises of Dominion Bank, Dundas and Richmond. 12c

LIVERYMEN AND OTHERS ARE INVITED to inspect at 352 Dufferin avenue the following, which will be sold at bargain-day prices to spot cash purchasers: One victoria, three buggies, two cutters. 12c

GREEN & CO., 485 YORK STREET, sell good quality fine mixed wood. Dry mixed slabs at \$1.50 per load. The best hard and soft coal at the lowest cash price. Phone 1281.

OLDSMOBILE, MODERN TO THE minute, top, Gabriel horn, wind shield, extra tires 3x4, clocks, etc., etc.; positively nothing lacking in equipment; will be sold at a ridiculously cheap price. Dufferin avenue. 12c

FOR SALE—WATER BARRELS, 200 gallons capacity. S. F. Lawrance & Co., Adelaide and Nelson streets. 4c

WIRE GARDEN HOOPS—Made of heavy crimped wire, painted green or white, 25 cents a dozen.

DENNIS WIRE AND IRON WORKS COMPANY, LIMITED. ywt

SUNGLASS, THE WONDERFUL HAIR grower and dandruff exterminator. Try R. James Gleason, 482 York. Phone 2222.

TRIP, 36 KING STREET—FULL stock boots and shoes. Repairing of all kinds. 13c

SPEED LATHE FOR SALE, WITH foot power, chuck and attachments. Apply Canadian Electrical Heater Company, 34 Carling street. 5c

CEMENT—We carry only the Best Brands, Get our prices.

HARD WALL PLASTER—We have Anchor Brand—the plaster that sticks. Try it.

WM. COPP 83 YORK STREET. PHONE 1044. ywt

WE BRAZE BROKEN CASTINGS—And cater to your mechanical wants.

SCOTT MACHINE COMPANY, Ltd. York St., Opp. G. T. R. Freight Sheds. ywt

IF YOU WANT HELP, SITUATIONS, want to buy or sell real estate, etc., insert an advertisement in the new Toronto Herald, the recognized want medium of the city. Rate, 10c per line, or three consecutive insertions for 2c a word, cash with order. 22 Carling street. Daily, 25c a month, 22 Carling street. Saturday edition, yearly. Sample copy sent on application.

You have tried all the rest, now try the best

KING SHOE POLISH—Makes a shine in half the time. PRICE 10 CENTS WORTH \$10.00 ywt

PAROID ROOFING—Makes a fine roof for sheds, warehouses, barns, etc. Ready to go. Easily applied. Low in cost. Call and see it.

GEORGE H. BELTON, RECTORY ST., North of Grand Trunk. xt

Kodaks and Supplies—Everything for Amateur and Professional Photographers.

W. A. McKENZIE, OVER STAR THEATRE, Opposite City Hall. 15c

FOR SALE—ONE GOOD HIGH RUBBER-TIRED TRAP, Gould & Mohan, 253 1/2 Dundas, in rear. 15c

WEDDING STATIONERY IN ALL THE latest styles. See our samples. The Advertiser Job Department.

GUESSING CONTEST—A \$15.00 ENSIGN CAMERA FREE to the person guessing nearest to number of BEANS IN THE JAR IN OUR WINDOW.

STEVENSON'S PHARMACY, RICHMOND ST., Next Opera House. ywt

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD AT GOLD-BERG'S—222 worth of furniture and household goods, \$1 a week. Also complete line of ladies' and men's clothing. Goldberg's, 21 Wellington street. 8c

TENT AND HIGH WALNUT GLASS cupboard, at F. Keene's, 15 Masonic Temple, Market Square.

FRESH FISH NOW ON SALE—F. S. Ona, Fish Market. Phone 1286.

FOR SALE—A few magazines, etc., left for binding, uncalled for. Selling for price of binding, or less.

CHAPMAN'S BINDERY, 21 DUNDAS STREET. PHONE 270. 1x

ON HAND—SALE OF UNPAID COUPONS, Canadian Lady Coat Company, 25 Clarence street. Agents wanted.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN PIANOS AND organs during this month. Pianos at \$50, \$55, \$100, \$125, \$150, payable 3c a week and up. Organs, \$5, \$10 to \$20, payable 3c a month and up. Each fully guaranteed five years. Heintzman & Co., 212 Dundas street, London.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

SOME GOOD SECOND-HAND TOP delivery wagons for sale. Abbott's Carriage Works. 15c

MISS STRACHAN'S LAUNDRY, REMOVED to 475 King, corner Maitland. Family washings solicited.

New work a specialty. Furniture and Pianos cleaned and refinished.

JOHN WILSON, HARDWOOD FINISHER, Hardwood Floors. Estimates given. Iron beds and Rattan Furniture enameled, etc. 176 RICHMOND ST., LONDON, ONT.

FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS AT reasonable prices for cash or on installment. Stoves, beds, dressers, hallracks, rugs, etc. Barnes & Co., 34 Hamilton road.

GOOD WOOD, \$2 PER LOAD, PROMPTLY attended to; well satisfied. Dominion Coal and Wood Company. Phone 1759.

PARSONS' FAIR AND HARDWARE

CROWN SEALERS.

Pinta, dozen 65c
Quarts, dozen 75c
Half-Gallon, dozen 95c

SCREEN DOORS 85c
SCREEN WINDOWS 15c
TAR PAPER, roll 45c

20 ACETYLENE LAMPS with brackets complete, and one tool box for automobile. Will sell cheap.

PARIS GREEN, pound 25c
BUG FINISH, 3 pounds for 5c
PICNIC PLATES, dozen 5c

*PHONES 1134 and 2961. ywt

FOR SALE—A FIVE-HORSEPOWER electric motor, 220 volts, in good order; cheap. Apply at Job Department, Advertiser office. 11c

Holland Bulbs—This is your last chance to get Holland Bulbs in the import list. Send your order in this week sure. Phone, write. Phone 1281.

MORGAN'S SUPPLY HOUSE, 113 Dundas ywt

STANDARD—For quality, low prices and best terms.

STANDARD HOUSE FURNISHING COMPANY, 656 Dundas Street. Open Evenings.

SOUTHCOTT & KETTLE—HARD and soft coal and wood dealers. Phone 230. Corner Maitland and G. T. R. Prompt delivery. ywt

E. McCANN & SONS, DORCHESTER, have just received shipment of posts and shingles. ywt

THE OLD UMBRELLA MENDER—has the material, facilities and experience to repair your umbrella with neatness, cheapness and dispatch. A trial order solicited. Keys fitted. Locks repaired. Work called for and delivered.

PERRY DAVID, 251 Dundas Street. Phone 2958. ywt

PERFECTION SLIDING FLY SCREENS and a first-class washer, sold by C. McDonald, 43 Flynn avenue. Phone 2255. ywt

CLEARING UP SALE OF EMBROIDERY and Whitehead at cost, at Goudge's Store, London South. tyw

THREE DELIVERY WAGONS, BUGGIES and a first-class organ, cheap. Scott, Oxford street, opposite Barracks. ywt

CEMENT BLOCKS FOR SALE—ALL SIZES.

R. H. SMITH, 15 BRIGHTON STREET. ywt

FOR CARRIAGE AND WAGON REPAIRING, painting and rubber-tiring, go to Smith's, Maple street.

YOU CAN SIT DOWN and wait for business to come to you if you use THE ADVERTISER Want Ads. Just advertise your want and you'll have interested parties galore calling on you.

If you have something to sell, makes no difference what it is, let the people of London know about it through THE ADVERTISER Want Ads, and your chances of disposing of it will be better than hawking it round the streets or putting out signs. Place an ad in THE ADVERTISER today and test the matter.

BOARDING, ROOMS, ETC.

FOUR BOARDERS WANTED, 243 Talbot. Gentlemen preferred. 15c

ROOM AND BOARD FOR COUPLE OF gentlemen or ladies. 588 York street. 15c

SITUATIONS WANTED.

BY YOUNG MAN, WITH HORSE AND buggy, desires position with reliable firm. Phone 2959; 374 Horton street. 15c

SATURDAY.

FROBS.

Mostly Fair.

Very Warm.

Very Warm.

Very Warm.

Very Warm.

Very Warm.

Very Warm.

Very

KNOW & SANGSTER

ROOM 101, MASONIC TEMPLE. PHONE 650

EASY TERMS. WE HAVE A NUMBER OF PROPERTIES THAT WE CAN SELL WITH ONLY \$25 AND \$50 DOWN. CALL AND SEE US. CARPENTERS CRESCENT—THERE ARE ONLY A FEW LOTS LEFT AT \$120 PER FOOT.

HYMAN STREET—SEVERAL MODERN RESIDENCES SPLENDIDLY SITUATED. CALL AND GET PARTICULARS. FROM \$3,200 TO \$8,000.

BRIDGEPORT STREET—Two-story red pressed brick, attic, slate roof, cement block foundation, 10 rooms, modern conveniences, cellar under all. Call for particulars.

BRUCE STREET—Frame cottage, brick foundation, 10 rooms, modern conveniences. Call for particulars.

GRAY STREET—1 1/2-story brick, 7 rooms, lot 50x120 feet. Also an old frame house. Call for particulars.

SACKVILLE STREET—1 1/2-story red pressed brick, cement foundation, nine rooms, modern conveniences, cellar under all, cement walks. Lot 23x115 feet. Will sell on easy terms. Call for particulars.

EDWARD STREET—Frame cottage, cement block foundation, 7 rooms, porch, piped for gas, good cellar. Lot 23x120 feet. Call for particulars.

FLORENCE STREET—1 1/2-story frame, brick foundation, 11 rooms, cellar, lot 10x165 feet. Price \$2,500.

HYMAN STREET—Two-story semi-detached brick-veneer, 8 rooms, gas and fixtures, water and sink in house, good cellar, lot 40x125 feet. Price \$2,500.

VICTORIA STREET—1 1/2-story frame, 6 rooms, cellar, cement floors. Lot 42x120 feet. Price \$1,800.

GRAND AVENUE—Brick cottage, 6 rooms, good cellar, gas and fixtures, sink and soft water in house, good cellar, lot 34x125 feet. Price \$2,500. Apply Knott & Sangster, Masonic Temple.

EMERY STREET—2-story frame, brick foundation. Lot 125x230 feet. Price \$2,500.

DUFFERIN AVENUE—2-story and attic brick, stone foundation, 14 rooms, all modern conveniences. Lot 125x112 1/2 feet. A fine home. Call for particulars.

WATERLOO STREET—1 1/2-story brick, stone foundation, 4 bedrooms, all modern conveniences, heated by hot water, cellar full size with laundry. Lot 42x114 feet. Price \$2,500.

COLBORNE STREET—Frame cottage, 7 rooms, barn, lot 30x120 feet. Price \$1,800.

TALBOT STREET—2-story brick, 10 rooms, all modern conveniences. Price \$2,500.

WILLIAM STREET—1 1/2-story brick, cement foundation, 8 rooms, gas and fixtures, cellar, lot 33x120 feet. Price \$2,500.

YORK STREET—Brick-veneer 1 1/2-story, 8 rooms, water and w.c. in house, cellar full size. Price \$1,500.

NORTHWEST CORNER MAITLAND and Victoria streets—Unfinished house; lot 30x120 feet. Price \$1,500.

COLBORNE STREET—Frame cottage and half, cement block foundation, 7 rooms, small barn; lot 33x120 feet. Price \$1,500.

PRINCESS AVENUE—1 1/2-story brick-veneer, stone foundation, 8 rooms, gas and fixtures, corner porch. Call for particulars.

WORTLEY ROAD—Two-story and attic brick, stone foundation, 11 rooms, all modern conveniences, lot 50x120 feet. Price \$2,500.

REGENCY STREET—Splendid lots, 32x165 feet. Only \$200 each.

HURON STREET—Splendid lots, 32x165 feet. \$150 each.

DUCHESS AVENUE—Two-story red brick, cement block foundation, 7 rooms, modern conveniences; lot 34x120 feet. Price \$2,500.

CHOICE LOT, about 40x158 feet, near Wellington street, on Simcoe street. Must sell. Call.

MARY STREET—Frame cottage, brick foundation, 7 rooms, cellar; lot 33x160 feet. Price, \$500.

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P. Walsh's Bulletin

WE HAVE THE BEST LOTS, THE highest lots and the cheapest lots, in the best of London. Brick houses are to be built on the lots we have sold. Sewer, sidewalks, etc. When you get our figures you will see that the lots are full width.

COLBORNE STREET near Oxford street. A new 1 1/2-story red pressed brick house, slate roof, 10 rooms, all modern improvements. Lot 32x120 feet. Get our price.

BRIDGEPORT STREET—A new 2-story red pressed brick house, slate roof, 10 rooms, all modern improvements. Get our price. A fashionable location.

HILL STREET—2-story frame house, 5 bedrooms, double parlors, dining-room, 2 kitchens, lot 32x115 feet. Price \$1,800.

ASHLAND AVENUE and FLORENCE STREET—A new 1 1/2-story frame house with one acre. Call for price. Easy terms.

RIDOUT STREET—Very central, two-story brick house, 8 rooms, all modern appointments. Price \$3,500.

DREANEY AVENUE—A new brick cottage, 7 rooms, good lot, price reasonable. Call for particulars.

If you are looking for an up-to-date residence we have several of this class. We have the best lots in the north end. Look at those lots on the corner of Waterloo and Chesapeake streets, four lots, each 1/2 acre, with a large house on Chesapeake and Maitland streets. Get our figures.

BRUCE STREET—A large brick cottage, 7 rooms, workshop, city water, fruit trees, shade trees, lot 40 feet frontage. Price \$2,500. Call for particulars.

PORT STANLEY—A 1 1/2-story frame, 7 rooms, lot 30x120 feet. Call for particulars.

YORK STREET—1 1/2-story frame, 6 rooms, good cellar, gas and fixtures, sink and soft water in house, good cellar, lot 34x125 feet. Price \$2,500. Apply Knott & Sangster, Masonic Temple.

EMERY STREET—2-story frame, brick foundation. Lot 125x230 feet. Price \$2,500.

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CHINESE LAUNDRIES.

Below will be found some of the best laundry farms in Ontario—in a good dairy country:

300 acres, con. 7, lot 4, Township of North Dorchester; two-story brick, good barn, one mile from Harrisville; owned by E. H. Richards, Harrisville, Ontario.

200 acres, con. 4, lot 6, North Dorchester, owned by E. Langford, Crampton P. O.; first-class two-story brick house, good barn, all on water, this is a first-class dairy farm. \$15,000.

50 acres, lot 20, North Dorchester, con. 4, owned by Donald Cameron, Gladstone; first-class farm, price \$2,500; three miles from Harrisville.

These farms will bear inspection. 50 acres choice land, on con. 4, London; price, \$1,700; this farm is good; 4 1/2 miles to London.

126 acres, London Township, \$10,000; on Proof Line road, seven miles to London. 40 acres, Niasouri Township, eight miles to London; brick house; clean farm.

146 acres, Adelaide Township, \$8,000. 50 acres, close to Dorchester Station, on main gravel road; \$3,500.

200 acres, on main gravel road; good bush, fine two-story brick house, new; also house for hired man; barns new; most up-to-date farm in Ontario; twelve miles to London. See this farm at once.

50 acres, fifteen miles to London, \$2,500. 100 acres, in Lobo, good brick house; \$3,000; this is a good farm.

100 acres near Melbourne, in Ekfrid; price, \$5,000; lush on this place worth \$10,000.

60 acres in Lobo, \$2,000; up to date. 100 acres, in Lobo, \$7,000; choice farm.

414 TALBOT STREET. PHONE 1885K.

Buyers and sellers of all classes of real estate. Our twenty years' experience on the local real estate market is a guarantee of success. We have a few properties now exposed for sale at very low prices.

LOTS. A few choice building lots on Lovett, Roberts and Kitchener avenues, high and dry. Anyone buying a lot can get sufficient money to build a dwelling thereon.

DWELLINGS. Stanley Street—2 1/2-story, 10 rooms, modern; lot 66x220; stable. Price, \$7,000. Dundas Street—Two-story brick, 10 rooms, lot 40x120. Price, \$2,500.

King Street East—Two-story brick, 8 rooms, modern; electric light and gas. Price, \$2,500. Dundas Street—Two-story brick-veneer, 7 rooms, gas, barn. Price, \$2,000.

Dundas Street—Two-story brick, slate roof, modern plumbing; lot 42x120. Price, \$3,000. Princess Avenue—1 1/2-story brick-veneer, 7 rooms, modern; gas and electric light. Price, \$2,500.

The above is only a list of a few of the properties we have for sale. If you are interested you are invited to call. No trouble to give information or show properties.

LOANS. Money advanced in sums of \$100 and upwards to complete the purchase of real estate, or for building purposes, remodel the old house and pay off old mortgages.

A. A. CAMPBELL. Real Estate, Loans and Investments, No. 428 Richmond Street, East, London, Ont.

C. H. ARMSTRONG, Field Manager, 501-2 Talbot Street, London, Ont.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. FOR SALE—721 WATERLOO STREET, a splendid cottage, in good locality. Apply 402 Oxford Street, 3rd fl.

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A. GREENLEES, BARRISTER, ETC., 47-49 Dundas, Richmond street. Private funds to loan.

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Never varies in quality, every package is good.

A Prince of Sinners

By Phillips Oppenheim. Author of "A Lost Lady," "The Malefactor," "A Maker of History," etc.

"So you shall," Brooks said. "Now listen, I dare say there are a good many of you who go up in the West and sometimes, and see those big houses and the way people spend their money there, who come back to their own homes here, and think that things aren't exactly dealt out square. Isn't that so?"

There was a hearty and unanimous assent.

"Well," Brooks continued, "it may surprise you to hear that a few of us who have a little money up there have come to the same conclusion. We'd like to do our little bit towards squaring things up. It may not be much, but lots more may come of it."

A modified but a fairly cordial assent.

"We haven't money to give away—not much of it, at any rate," Brooks continued.

"More blooming tracks," the costermonger interrupted, and spat upon the floor. "Fair sickness me, it does."

"As for tracks," Brooks continued, calmly, "I don't think I've ever read one in my life, and I don't want to. We haven't such a thing in the place, and I shouldn't know where to go for them, and though that gentleman down there with a herring sticking out

his pocket seems to have done himself pretty well already, I'd rather stand him a glass of beer than offer him such a thing."

A bar of laughter, during which a was in the crowd quietly poked the costermonger's pocket of the fish with a deftness born of much practice, and sent it flying over the room. It was promptly returned, and found a devious way back to its owner in a somewhat dirty and mauled condition.

"There is just one thing we have to ask for and insist upon," Brooks continued. "When you come to us for help, tell us the truth. If you've been drunk all the week and haven't earned any money, well, we may help you out with a Sunday dinner. If you've been in prison and won't mind owing up to it, we won't send you away for that reason. We want your women to come and bring up your children, that we can have a look at them, tell us how much you all make a week between you, and what you need most to make a bit more comfortable. And we want your husbands to come and tell us where they work, and what rent they pay, and if they haven't any work, and can't get it, we'll see what we can do to help them. We don't care to start with whether you're sober and industrious, or idle, or drunkards. We'll give anyone a leg-up if we can. I don't say we shall keep that up all the time, because of course we shant."

A pallid but truculent-looking young man pushed himself to the front.

"Ere, guv'nor!" he said. "Supposin' you was to start me a coat—I shant 'ave to come 'ere on a Sunday and sing bloomin' hymns?"

"If you did," Brooks answered him, "you'd do it by your own choice, and you'd stand a fair chance of being run out. There's going to be no preaching or hymn-singing here. Those sorts of things are very well in their way, but they're nothing to do with this show. I'm not sure whether we shall open on Sundays or not. If we do it will be only for the ordinary business. Now let's get to work."

"Sounds a bit of o' right, and no mistake," the young man remarked, turning round to the crowd. "I'm going to stop and 'ave a go for that coat."

A young man in a bright scarlet jersey pushed himself to the front, followed by a little volley of chaff, more or less good-natured.

"There's Salvation Joe wants a new trombone."

"Christianity's blown a hole in the old one, eh, Joe?"

The sweat stood up in beads upon his forehead. He seemed not to hear a word that was said amongst the crowd. Brooks smiled at him good-naturedly.

"Well, sir," he said, "what can I do for you?"

"I happened in, sir, out of curiosity," the young man said, in a strange nasal twang, the heritage of years of outdoor preaching. "I hoped to hear of one more good work begun in this den of iniquity and to clasp hands with another brother in God."

"Glad to see you," Brooks said. "You'll remember we're busy."

"The message of God," the young man answered, "must be spoken at all times."

"Oh, chuck 'im out!" cried the disgusted costermonger, spitting on the floor. "That sort o' stuff fair sickness me."

The young man continued as though he had not heard.

"Such charity as you are offering," he cried, "is corrupting. You are going to dispense things for their carnal welfare, and you do nothing for their immortal souls. You will not let them even shout their thanks to God. You will fill their stomachs and leave their souls hungry."

The costermonger waved a wonderful red handkerchief, and spat once more on the floor. Brooks laid his hand upon the young man's shoulder.

"Look here, my young friend," he said, "you're talking rot. Men and women who live down here in wretchedness, and who are fighting every moment of their time to hang on to life, don't want to be talked to about their souls. They need a leg-up in the world, and we've come to try and give it to them. We're here as friends, not preachers. We'll leave you to look after their souls. You people who've tried to make your religion the pill to go with your charity have done more harm in the world than you know of."

The young man was on fire to speak, but he had no chance. They hustled him out good-naturedly, except that the costermonger, running him down the room, took his cap from his head and sent it spinning across the road. Lord Armore left the hall at the same time, and turned homewards, walking like a man in a dream.

CHAPTER VII.

Brooks and His Mission.

"Now then, please," Brooks said, dipping his pen in the ink.

A lady of ample proportions, who had been standing since the commencement of the proceedings with her hand tightly grasping the leg of Brooks' table, gave a final shove of discomfiture to a meek-faced girl whom she had suspected of an attempt to supersede her, and presented herself before the desk.

"I'm first," she declared, firmly. "been 'ere for four mortal hours."

"What is your name, please?" Brooks asked.

"Mrs. Robert Jones, No. 4 St. Mary's Court, down Fennell street—leastways you go that way from 'ere. I'm a widow woman with four children, and lost me husband on the railway. What I wants is a suit of clothes for my Tommy, he's five-and-a-half, and stout for his years, and a pair of boots for Selma Ann. And I'm not a saying," she continued, blarney, "as me having waited 'ere so long, and this being a sort of opening ceremony, as a pound of tea for myself wouldn't be a welcome and reasonable gift. And if the suit," she concluded, breathlessly, "has double-seated breeches so much the better."

Brooks maintained the most perfect composure, although conscious of a suppressed titter from behind. He commenced to write rapidly in his book, and Mrs. Jones, drawing her shawl about her, looked around complacently. Suddenly she caught the ripple of mirth, which some of Brooks' elders were powerless to control. Her face darkened.

"Which is little enough to ask for," she declared, truculently, "considering as it's four mortal hours since I've held hold of the leg of that table, and neither bite nor sup have I had since, it not being my habit," she continued, slowly, and staring complacently at the hang of her neighbor's skirt, "to carry bottles in my pocket."

Brooks looked up.

"Thank you," Mrs. Jones, he said, "have entered your name and address, and I hope we shall see you again soon. This young lady," he indicated Mary, "will take you over to our

clothes department, and if we haven't anything to fit Tommy you must come again on Wednesday, when we shall have a larger supply."

"I'll take the nearest you've got to-day," she decided, promptly. "What about the tea?"

"We shall be glad to ask you to accept a small present," Brooks answered. "By the bye, have you a pension from the railway company?"

"Not a penny, sir," she declared, "and a burning shame it is."

"We must see into it," Brooks answered. "You see that gentleman behind me?"

"Him with the squint?" she asked, doubtfully.

Brooks bent over his book.

"Mr. Fellows, his name is," he said, "He is one of our helpers here, and he is a lawyer. You can tell him about it, and if we think you have a claim we will try and see what we can do for you. Now, if you please, we must get on. Come in any time, Mrs. Jones, and talk to us. Someone is always here. What is your name, please?"

(To Be Continued.)

CORRESPONDENCE.

Calvin.

The city of Geneva in Switzerland has been for more than a week now the scene of a great series of celebrations, world-wide in their representation.

A Calvinist. It has been known as the Calvin celebration. Four hundred years ago today, July 10, 1509, in a little town to the northeast of Paris in France, John Calvin, the greatest of the theologians of the reformation era was born. The great epochs of the world have always sprung from individuals, the pivotal moments of history turned always to the personality of some great man. And though he has been much misunderstood, and on account of a somewhat austere strain in his character, has excited more animosity than the majority of men.

Calvin is today recognized as one of the great world leaders and epoch makers. The greatness of Calvin may be summarized briefly as follows:

In the first place he was a thinker. One of the foremost American historians has entitled him the Aristotle of the reformation. The massiveness of the man intellectually is best understood by the impression it has made upon subsequent generations. As a theologian he laid the foundations of all the modern systems of Protestant theology, and to this day the doctrinal standards of the Church of England, the Church of Scotland and all the Presbyterian and reform churches of the English-speaking world are modelled more or less upon his great foundations. Some of the churches have accepted his system in entirety. Others, like the Church of England, with a certain modification.

In the next place he was great as an educationalist. His practical and organizing genius made him the founder of politics, and one of his most famous characteristics was his determination to lay deep the foundation of educational establishments. He established a university in Geneva, and some of the greatest scholars of the day became teachers and students. From all parts of Europe men flocked to that city of learning. In this respect Calvin has been followed by nearly every great reformer. The anxiety of Cranmer and Ridley in the reformation of the Church of England was to secure educational establishments, and from Knox the Scotchman, down to Moody, the American, educational institutions have been left as their permanent memorial.

In the next place he was great as a student and a writer. Before he was 22, he had an international reputation as a scholar, and even at that early age, was considered the leading scholar of Europe by means of his tireless industry. He wrote book after book, and between 50 and 60 large volumes written in Latin and French, and have been translated in English and other languages.

In the next place he was great as a patriot. He loved with an intense love his country, and he labored with never-dying zeal for the weal of the city in which he lived. He could say with the great writer of old, nihil humani a

me alienum puto. His civic reforms alone would have made him famous.

In the next place he was great as an influence. The leaders of politics, the reform movements, flocked to him as molems and to their princes. To him came delegations and representatives of the leading powers of Europe, and from him went forth messages to kings and princes, councillors, nobles and rulers of church and state.

In the last place he was greatest as a man and as a Christian. The leading characteristic of his personality was simplicity and straightforwardness. He lived a simple life. He lived a strenuous life, but though so great he was always modest. He was a simple, God-fearing upright man. No one has ever been able to deny Calvin's disinterestedness. He was to the last an intense lover of peace, order and unity. The blots upon his character have been unduly magnified by his malignant detractors. Somewhat austere in his austerity has been exaggerated, and it is to be regretted that no one could deny the honesty and sincerity of his zeal for the truth. The one great blot upon his life is his consent to the burning of Servetus. It is useless to attempt to palliate or deny the wrong that he did, except to say that we cannot judge men of that age by the standards of this, and that we must remember that Calvin was the only voice that pleaded for some less cruel form of death than burning. In his depiction of biography the Bible while never vaneering the faults of its heroes, is ever magnifying their virtues. We feel after 400 years more inclined to dwell upon the diligence, the patience, the industry, the liberality, the modesty, the sympathy of Calvin than upon his undoubted faults. The secret of the man's greatness after all was his personal conversion, and his scriptural enlightenment. He loved Christ, he loved the word of God. That is the explanation of the aftermath of his marvellous name and work.

DYSON HAGUE.

DELAWARE PUBLIC SCHOOL.

Successful Pupils in the Recent Promotion Examinations.

The following are the names of the successful pupils at the recent promotion examinations. Names are given in order of merit.

Senior Division.

Junior to Senior IV.—Russell Scott, Ross Quire, Bessie Weld, Minora Dwyer, Olive Cummings, Elsie Harker, Alister McGregor, Zella Scott, Leola Sutherland, Stanley Blodale, Bessie Scholer, Winnie Delphine Banghart, Eva Mahler, Bernice Pulling, Cora Merrill, Howard Banghart, Iida Sutherland, Arthur Nichol, Ida Adams.

Junior to Senior III.—Mona Branton, Gerald Johnston, Calvin Cudney, Orie Scott, May Fraleigh, Weldon Fraleigh, Stanley Blodale, Bessie Scholer, Winnie Delphine Banghart, Eva Mahler, Bernice Pulling, Cora Merrill, Howard Banghart, Iida Sutherland, Arthur Nichol, Ida Adams.

Junior to Senior II.—Nelle Karl, Lawrence Demaray, Jessie McEwen, Mary Freeman, Elmer Eisdale, Maude Myers, Laura Young, Albert Karl.

Junior to Senior I.—Ida Cudney, Fern Branton, Ivan Felling, Leah Day, Morris Scott, Florence Gough, John E. Pincombe, Myrtle Gough and Gertrude Mahler (equal), Roy Fonger, Dwight Sutherland.

Junior to Senior I.—Murray Evans, Mildred Mahler, Stuart McGregor, Sidney Karl, Murray Reid.

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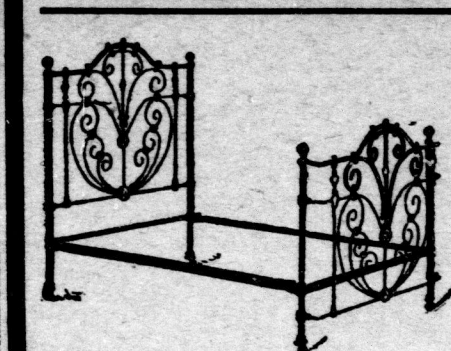
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A three-piece Mahogany Parlor Suite, was \$48.00, for \$36.00
A three-piece Mahogany Parlor Suite, extra value, was \$60.00, for \$45.00
Dining-room Chairs, per set, were \$18.00, for \$13.50

Dining-room Chairs, per set, were \$20.00, for \$15.00
Dining-room Chairs, per set, were \$37.00, for \$27.75
Iron Beds, were \$6.00, for \$4.50
Iron Beds, were \$4.00, for \$3.00
Brass Beds, were \$36.00, for \$27.00

CLEARING SALE OF GO-CARTS AND VERANDAH CHAIRS. Our Bargains are Genuine. See us for Repairs and Upholstering.

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COBALT TO ISOLATE ALL THE FOREIGNERS

To Be Kept in One Section of the City Is Plan of Citizens.

Cobalt, July 9. — A sensation was caused in police circles this morning by the discovery among the fire ruins of the remains of an illicit still, which had apparently been doing quite an extensive trade before the fire. The still was located on the Halleybury road, near the north end of the fire zone, and apparently it was most completely equipped with vats, worms, tubs, etc. A tall pipe carried the fumes high into the air.

The indications are that spruce boughs were used in the manufacture of a vile liquid, which was sold extensively among the "blind pigs," which were so plentiful in the burned district, and which supplied to a large extent the foreign element with their liquor requirements.

A public meeting, held in the town hall last night, discussed at great length the desires of the insurance companies in Cobalt. The consensus of opinion was that the council should be asked to adopt stringent regulations segregating the Chinese and other foreigners as much as possible in one section of the city.

A letter from Milton Carr, president of the board of trade, was read at the meeting. It said: "The recent conflagration in your town has caused considerable uneasiness among the insurance companies, and some of the companies are withdrawing and cancelling their present risks. Several are insisting upon your placing fire walls in the different blocks of your town, as to give a fighting chance should the fire recur."

"The insurance companies also point out that the Chinese have been the cause of most of your fires, and have instructed me to not accept any risks, whatever, which are exposed to Chinese or Syrian occupancy."

"Sufficient water must be available at all times. Furthermore, fire wardens should be appointed to inspect all bakeries, restaurants, vices, stores and asphalt, and see that no stove-pipes are improperly secured or used as chimneys. It is also necessary that refuse from stores be carted away and burned, instead of being littered around the premises."

HARRIMAN IMPROVES.

Vienna, July 9.—E. H. Harriman, accompanied by Prof. Adolf Strumppel, arrived here today to see Dr. C. A. Dixon, who is in this city with his wife. Dr. Dixon examined Mr. Harriman and also held a consultation with Prof. Strumppel. Both physicians agreed that the treatment Mr. Harriman was undergoing was effective, and that his condition was quite satisfactory. Mr. Harriman will remain in Vienna for two days, when he will go to Gastein, in Salsburg, to take the baths.

Minard's Liniment Company, Limited: Gents,—I cured a valuable hunting dog of mange with MINARD'S LINIMENT, after several veterinaries had treated him without doing him any permanent good.

Yours, etc., WILFRID GAGNE, Proprietor of Grand Central Hotel, Drummondville, Aug. 3, 1904.

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DETROIT RETAINS LEAD BY NARROW MARGIN

PLANK SHUT OUT CHAMPIONS IN SERIES' SECOND STRUGGLE

Philadelphia Twirler Effective in Pinches, But Mack's Men Get Two Runs.

TEAMS SEPARATED BY ONE POINT

If Detroit Loses to the Athletics Today a New Name Will Head List.

Standing.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Detroit	46	27	.630
Philadelphia	44	26	.623
Boston	43	30	.589
Cleveland	49	32	.549
New York	32	37	.464
Chicago	31	41	.431
St. Louis	28	45	.384
Washington	23	47	.329

Philadelphia at Detroit.
Washington at Cleveland.
Boston at Chicago.
New York at St. Louis.

Yesterday's Results.
Philadelphia 2, Detroit 0.
Washington 4, Cleveland 3.
New York 5, St. Louis 2.
Boston 2, Chicago 1.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Detroit, July 9.—The day may witness the determination of the Tigers from their position of honor at the head of the American League teams.

Champions and Athletics clashed in the second struggle at Bennett Park yesterday. The cunning of Connie Mack and the speed of his rejuvenated Philadelphia again proved too much for the team of Hughie Jennings, and Detroit lost, 2 to 0.

A Narrow Margin.
Philadelphia's second victory over the Tigers in as many days has reduced the difference in standing between the two clubs to a bare point. Should the Athletics defeat the Champions again today, Detroit will relinquish its hold on the place which they have occupied every day but one during the season of 1909.

There is intense rivalry between the teams guided by Hughie Jennings and Connie McGillicuddy. Through at least three exciting pennant races have the Tigers and Pennsylvanians been strong contenders for the flag.

That Big Game.
The memory of that 17-round battle, in which Detroit bested its strongest adversary in the pennant race of '08, is still fresh to the members of both aggregations.

It was the Philadelphia team of last year that did most to make the Tigers' advantage over its next nearest competitor for the pennant a bare one.

It was the Philadelphia team of this year that forced the Tigers to vacate the first position for one brief day.

The Athletics are struggling gloriously to humble the Champions again. In the Tigers' first meeting with the Athletics at Bennett Park Thursday, the latter permitted the league leaders but one run. Yesterday the Champions fared even worse and a shutout was their lot.

To Eddie Plank goes the credit for the lopsidedness. The old-time Tiger foe, although touched up for seven hits, was effective in the pinches and not a Tiger was afforded an opportunity to advance farther than third base during the afternoon.

Detroit.
A. B. R. H. P. O. A. E.
McIntyre, l. f. 3 0 2 1 0 0
Bush, s. s. 4 0 1 1 3 2
Crawford, c. f. 4 0 1 1 3 2
Cobb, r. f. 4 0 2 1 0 0
Rossman, l. b. 4 0 1 10 2 0
Moriarty, 2b. 4 0 2 0 3 0
Shaeffer, 2b. 3 0 0 6 5 0
Stange, c. f. 4 0 1 4 0 0
Works, p. 3 0 0 0 3 0
Kilmer, 1 0 0 0 0 0

Totals 34 0 7 27 17 2
Philadelphia A. B. R. H. P. O. A. E.
Oldring, l. f. 5 0 0 2 0 0
Ganley, c. f. 5 0 1 2 0 0
Collins, 2b. 4 0 2 2 0 0
Murphy, r. f. 4 0 1 0 0 0
Davis, l. b. 4 1 2 11 1 0
Baker, 2b. 3 1 1 2 1 0
Barry, s. s. 2 0 0 1 2 1
Thomas, c. 3 0 0 7 2 1
Plank, p. 4 0 3 1 4 0

Totals 34 2 9 27 13 3
*Batted for Works in the ninth.
Detroit 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Philadelphia 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 2

Two-base hits, Cobb, Collins, Murphy; sacrifice fly, Thomas; bases on balls, off Works 3, off Plank 2; left on bases, Detroit 9, Philadelphia 7; struck out, by Works 2, by Plank 7; double play, Works, Shaeffer and Rossman; time, 1:44; umpires, Sheridan and Kerin. Attendance, 4,411.

LACROSSE GAME MONDAY.
Local lacrosse fans are looking for a great game Monday afternoon, when the London team, looks up with a Strathroy aggregation at Tecumseh Park. The game starts at 3 o'clock, and no admission will be charged to the grand stand. A big crowd will witness the game.

BOSTON RED SOX TRIM WHITE LEGS

Stahl's Home Run in the Fifth Decides Close Contest.

Chicago, July 9.—Boston defeated Chicago, 2 to 1, in a light hitting game today. Stahl won the game with a home run in the fifth, sending Wagner in ahead of him. The hit was one of the longest ever made here. Score:

the longest ever made here. Score:						
Chicago.	A. B. R.	H. C.	A. E.	O.	A.	E.
Altizer, r. f.	3	1	2	0	0	0
Parent, c. f.	1	0	0	4	0	0
Isbell, lb.	4	0	13	1	0	0
Dougherty, l. f.	4	0	1	0	0	0
Pattell, 3b.	4	0	0	0	0	0
Tannehill, s. s.	4	0	1	1	0	0
Atz, 2b.	2	0	1	4	0	0
Sullivan, c.	3	0	2	4	1	0
Burns, p.	2	0	0	0	5	0
Gessler, r. f.	4	0	0	1	1	0
Smith, p.	0	0	0	1	1	0
*White	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	28	1	4	27	13	3

Boston.
A. B. R. H. P. O. A. E.
McConnell, 2b. 4 0 0 0 3 0
Lord, 3b. 4 0 1 0 2 1
Spencer, c. f. 4 0 2 1 1 0
Gessler, r. f. 4 0 1 0 1 0
Wagner, s. s. 2 1 1 3 5 0
Stahl, l. b. 3 1 1 16 0 0
Niles, l. f. 2 0 0 2 0 0
Donohue, c. 2 0 0 3 1 0
Arellano, p. 3 0 0 0 6 0

Totals 28 2 4 27 18 3
*Batted for Burns in seventh.
Chicago 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1
Boston 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 2

Two-base hit, Isbell; home run, Stahl; hits, off Burns 3 in 7 innings; off Smith 1 in 2; sacrifice hits, Parent 2, Donohue; left on bases, Chicago 5, Boston 2; bases on balls, off Burns 1, off Arellano 3; hit by pitcher, by Smith 1 (Niles); struck out, by Burns 1; time, 1:25; umpires, O'Loughlin and Hurst.

YANKEES DEFEAT BROWNS, 5 TO 2

Waddell Is Hit by Ball and Forced to Retire From Game—Easy for New Yorkers.

St. Louis, July 9.—New York won from St. Louis rather easily today, 5 to 2. Waddell was forced to retire after he had been hit by a ball batted by Lake. Criss, who took up the pitching, was wild. Score:

to 2. Waddell was forced to retire after he had been hit by a ball batted by Lake. Criss, who took up the pitching, was wild. Score:

St. Louis.	A. B. R. H. P. O. A. E.
Hartzel, r. f. 4	0 1 2 0 0 0
Stone, l. f. 4	0 1 2 0 0 0
Hofman, c. f. 4	0 1 0 0 0 0
Griggs, 1b 4	0 0 9 0 0 0
Wallace, s. s. 4	1 1 6 2 1 1
Williams, 2' 4	0 0 2 3 0 0
Ferris, 3b 4	1 2 0 2 0 0
Stephens, c. 4	0 2 6 2 0 0
Waddell, p. 0	0 0 2 0 0 0
Criss, p. 4	0 1 0 1 0 0

New York.
A. B. R. H. P. O. A. E.
Austin, 2b. 4 0 1 0 1 1
Chase, l. b. 5 0 1 15 2 1
Elberfeld, s. s. 4 0 0 3 3 1
Engle, l. f. 3 2 0 4 0 0
Cree, r. f. 2 1 1 1 0 5
Laporte, 2b. 1 1 0 5 1 0
Kleinow, c. 4 0 3 4 0 0
Lake, p. 4 0 0 0 4 0

Totals 32 5 8 27 15 3
St. Louis 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1
New York 0 1 0 0 1 12 0 5

Two-base hits—Ferris, Kleinow, Stephens. Three-base hits—Austin, St. Louis, Williams and Wallace. Stolen bases—Chase, Ferris. Wild pitch, Lake. Bases on balls—Off Criss 5, by Lake 2. Hits—Off Waddell, 2 in 2 innings; off Criss 5 in 6; left on bases—St. Louis 7, New York 7. Time—Two hours. Umpires—Kerin and Evans.

NATIONALS STOP AMBITIOUS NAPS

Cleveland Loses Its First Game in Eight by 4 to 3 Score.

Cleveland, July 9.—After winning seven straight, Cleveland lost to Washington, 4 to 3. Berger's loose pitching in the second and sixth innings proved the defeat. Cleveland battled Hughes hard, but the long hits came ahead of the singles. Hughes struck out 12 men. The score:

In the second and sixth innings produced the defeat. Cleveland batted Hughes hard, but the long hits came ahead of the singles. Hughes struck out 12 men. The score:						
Cleveland.	A. B. R.	H.	O.	A.	E.	
Flick, r. f.	4	0	2	1	1	0
Stovall, l. b.	4	0	2	16	3	0
Bemis, c.	4	0	2	3	1	0
Hinchman, i. f. . . .	3	0	1	1	0	0
Birmingham, c. f. .	4	0	0	0	0	0
Perring, 2b.	4	1	1	0	3	0
Bradley, 3b.	4	1	2	1	2	0
Ball, s. s.	4	1	1	5	5	1
Berger, p.	3	0	0	2	3	0
Easterly, c.	0	0	0	1	0	0

Washington.
A. B. R. H. P. O. A. E.
Lelievre, c. f. 5 0 3 1 0 0
Miles, l. f. 3 1 0 1 0 0
Unga, l. f. 3 1 0 0 0 0
Deleahanty, 2b. 2 1 1 3 0 0
Stovall, l. b. 4 0 1 1 0 0
Conroy, 3b. 3 1 2 8 0 0
McBride, s. s. 3 0 0 1 2 1
Street, c. 4 0 12 2 0 0
Hughes, p. 3 0 0 3 0 0
Brown, l. f. 2 0 1 0 0 0

Totals 32 4 11 27 12 1
1 Ran for Bennie in eighth.
2 Batted for Berger in ninth.
Cleveland 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 3
Washington 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 4

Two-base hit—Bennie. Three-base hit—Stovall.

hits—Perrin, Ball. Sacrifice hits—Miles, McBride, Hughes, Conroy. Stolen bases—Hughes, Conroy, Lelievre. Double play—Flick, Perrin and Ball. First on balls—Off Berger 1, off Hughes 1. Left on bases—Cleveland 6, Washington 8. Struck out—By Berger 2, by Hughes 12. Time—2:09. Umpires—Egan and Connolly.

KETCHEL CAUSE OF DISAPPOINTMENT

Sporting Men Believe He Should Not Have Made Langford Match.

New York, July 9.—News that Stanley Ketchel had been signed to fight Sam Langford at Ely, Nevada, on Labor Day, proved a big surprise to New York sporting men and a great disappointment to Ketchel's eastern friends.

Although the \$20,000 guaranteed to the Montana pugilist, win, lose, or draw, might be a great temptation to almost any fighter, it is argued that Ketchel's engagement to meet Jack Johnson for the heavyweight championship of the world in October should have precluded such a fight as that planned with Langford.

Dismissing the strong belief that has prevailed since the Papke fight last Monday that Langford can whip Ketchel, the latter's friends believe that to start a long rest in which he must take a long time to get himself put on much weight and then train actively for a few weeks before the Johnson fight.

If Ketchel should whip Langford, the sporting men doubt that after such a fight as Langford is sure to give him he will be able to make any kind of a showing against Johnson.

When he came to Omaha in 1908 Fisher was as fat as a prize Herford, and his speed was almost up to the demand of a short ice wagon route. But he could hit.

When he reported this season he looked right. He had reduced about twenty pounds, and in some mysterious way had found worlds of speed. Also his hitting was improved. Loading around the top of the list as a base thief, fielding and hitting in form, he has forced the Omaha fans to accord him a place in their affections heretofore held by George Stone, of the Browns, upon whom Omaha looks as the biggest noise baseball ever produced.

WILLING TO BET JOHNSON \$10,000

Despite the Fact He Didn't Put Papke Away Michigan Man Is Confident.

Experts Say Papke's Cowardice Lost Fight. Billy Should Have Won in the Last Three Minutes—Ketchel Was Tottering.

San Francisco, July 9.—Stanley Ketchel will go to the mountains to enjoy the pure air and give his fractured oxymoron a chance to knit. Billy Papke will proceed to Los Angeles and take Ketchel's place in a ten-round contest with Jim Flynn, which Promoter McCarthy has arranged as a side issue to the Elks celebration in the Southland, July 17. These two points cropped out here today.

Willis Britt said: "In the last round of all Ketchel kept going purely on his grit. Both hands were bunged up, and he was just jawing at Papke. Any fair-minded man will admit Papke was holding on like grim death and trying to smother blows that would not hurt a baby."

Will Bet \$10,000.
Britt still insists that here will be a Johnson-Ketchel match in October, and says further that if Johnson wishes there will be a side bet of \$10,000. Under the existing circumstances, however, it cannot be seen that the public would take kindly to a tilt between the middleweight champion and the curly negro. A contest that would find favor in a crowd event between Papke and Ketchel, and it is understood that this is the match the promoters will try to arrange.

They point out that Ketchel fought from going to going in every round, and did not attempt to cover up, while Papke wasted many valuable minutes by crouching and barricading his face with his forearms.

Ketchel Kept Plugging On.
They also instance that the one clean knockdown of the bout was scored by Ketchel, and that in the last couple of rounds, when Ketchel was palpably tired, he kept plugging away feebly, while his opponent held on for dear life.

Even Ketchel's friends admitted, however, that if a longer fight had been called for, Papke would have proved the survivor. Judging from Stanley's stonewalling tactics toward the finish, Ketchel's friends argue that in a more extended battle there would have been less than of collapsing from exhaustion.

Papke to Blame.
Hostilities have ceased, yet Billy Papke is going about shouting that he has been robbed of the decision in his fight with Stanley Ketchel, and incidentally his middleweight championship. When the hell robbery as loud as he may, but he only has himself to blame that he is not parading the streets of this city today as the king of the 150-pound class.

He had the trump card slipped to him in the twentieth round, and he deliberately put the pasteboard back in the deck. Fans here are today declaring that he is faint-hearted and that because of his lack of gameness in the closing session of the fight he lost the chance to win the title.

Could Have Won in Final.
The question being asked all over the city today is: "What was the matter with Papke in the twentieth round? When the bell sounded for this final session the honors of the day were so evenly balanced that he should have been returned an easy winner, as Ketchel was so weak that a hard shove would have sent him off his feet."

All during the latter part of the fight Papke's strength and better condition was in evidence. Many ringside spectators voiced the impression that the Kansas knight was waiting for the twentieth round, when he would win with a final rush.

It will be many a long day before Billy Papke will be able to explain his actions during that last three minutes of battle. Some critics, make a straight-forward charge that Papke is not game.

BEST IN HIS LEAGUE HE IS "GOING UP"



"RED" FISHER.
[Special Correspondence.]

Omaha, Neb., July 10.—"Red" Fisher, the left-fielder of the Omaha team, and the classiest gardener in the Western League, is due to take a chance in fast company, owing to a desire of Roger Bresnahan, who wants him for his St. Louis club.

Fisher is fast. So fast that he has been showing up the teams in the Western League by his base-running and fielding. "Red" is in his second year at Omaha. Before being picked up by Rourke he played in the Central Association.

When he came to Omaha in 1908 Fisher was as fat as a prize Herford, and his speed was almost up to the demand of a short ice wagon route. But he could hit.

When he reported this season he looked right. He had reduced about twenty pounds, and in some mysterious way had found worlds of speed. Also his hitting was improved. Loading around the top of the list as a base thief, fielding and hitting in form, he has forced the Omaha fans to accord him a place in their affections heretofore held by George Stone, of the Browns, upon whom Omaha looks as the biggest noise baseball ever produced.

LEAFS SPLIT WITH BRONCHOS

Hustlers of Rochester Win First Game of Double-Header by 11 to 3.

Toronto Cops SECOND BY 3 TO 1. Canadians Play Errorless Ball in Last Contest, While Rochester Made Four Fumbles.

Standing.
Rochester 41 27 493
Newark 34 34 500
Providence 33 35 500
Buffalo 35 36 493
Baltimore 35 36 493
Montreal 32 34 485
Toronto 31 38 472
Jersey City 31 37 456

Yesterday's Results.
Buffalo 4, Montreal 3 (11 innings).
Rochester 11, Toronto 3 (first).
Toronto 3, Rochester 1 (second).
Newark 3, Providence 2.
Jersey City 2, Baltimore 1.

Today's Games.
Buffalo at Montreal.
Rochester at Toronto (two games).
Newark at Providence.
Baltimore at Jersey City.

Toronto, July 9.—Toronto and Rochester split even today. The Hustlers won the first game 11 to 3, but went down before the locals in the second, 2 to 1. Scores:

Toronto, July 3.—Toronto and Rochester split even today. The Hustlers won the first game 11 to 3, but went down before the locals in the second, 2 to 1. Scores:		6		Totals		36	4	12	23	29
First Game.				Batted for Woods in eleventh.						
Rochester.		A.	B.	R.	H.	P.	O.	A.	E.	
Anderson, l. f.	4	2	2	4	1	0	0	2	3	
Holly, s. s.	6	1	2	4	2	0	0	1	1	
Pattee, 2b.	4	0	1	1	3	0	0	1	0	
Maloney, c. f.	3	1	1	4	0	0	0	1	0	
Ganzel, l. b.	5	1	1	8	0	0	0	0	0	
Montreal.		A.	B.	R.	H.	P.	O.	A.	E.	
Jones, l. f.	4	1	0	2	0	0	0	1	1	
Yeager, s. s.	5	2	3	4	0	0	0	3	4	
Corcoran, 2b.	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
O'Neill, r. f.	5	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	
Casby, 3b.	4	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	
Jones, c. f.	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Toronto.
A. B. R. H. P. O. A. E.
Mullen, 2b. 5 1 2 3 1 0
Weidy, l. f. 5 1 2 1 0 0
Kelley, l. b. 4 1 11 1 0
Frick, r. f. 4 0 1 3 0 0
Mitchell, c. 2 0 2 2 2 0
Vandy, c. 2 0 1 1 0 0
Mahling, s. s. 4 0 0 0 7 3
Fallon, c. f. 3 0 0 1 0 0
Frick, 3b. 4 0 2 1 4 0
Pfeffer, p. 1 0 0 1 1 0
Kellogg, p. 2 0 0 0 2 0

Totals 36 8 11 27 18 4
Rochester 4 0 0 0 10 2 11
Toronto 1 0 1 0 0 10 3

Home run, Erwin. Three-base hit, McJannet. Two-base hits, Kelley, Kelley, Barger. Sacrifice hits, Kelley, Barger, McDonald, Maloney. Stolen bases, Anderson, Maloney, Weidy. Wild pitch, Barger. Struck out, by Barger 3, by Pfeffer 1, by Kellogg 1. Bases on balls, off Pfeffer 3, off Kellogg 4, off Barger 1. Left on bases, Toronto 9, Rochester 9. Umpire, Toft. Time of game, 2:20.

Second Game.
Rochester.
A. B. R. H. P. O. A. E.
Anderson, l. f. 4 0 0 8 0 0
Holly, s. s. 3 0 0 1 2 1
Pattee, 2b. 2 0 0 2 1 0
Maloney, c. f. 4 0 1 2 0 0
Ganzel, l. b. 2 0 1 4 0 1
Simmons, l. b. 1 0 1 1 0 0
Batch, r. f. 3 0 1 1 0 0
McDonald, 3b. 3 0 1 2 1 0
Erwin, c. 3 0 0 8 2 1
Chappelle, p. 1 0 0 1 0 0
Snyder, p. 2 0 0 1 0 0

Totals 33 1 5 24 8 4
Buffalo 4 0 0 0 10 2 11
Montreal 1 0 1 0 0 10 3

Two-base hit, Flanagan; first base on errors, Buffalo 2, Montreal 1; left on bases, Montreal 6, Buffalo 9; stolen bases, McAllister, Hannifan, Vovinkle, Cockhill; sacrifice hits, Corcoran 2, Hannifan, Woods; double play, Corcoran to Yeager; bases on balls, off Savage 4, off Vovinkle 3; struck out, by Vovinkle 2, by Savage 3; wild pitch, Savage; time of game, 2:15; umpire, Finnegan.

RYAN'S SKEETERS TAKE CLOSE ONE FROM ORIOLES

Jersey City Beats Baltimore in Pitchers' Battle by Score of 2 to 1.

Jersey City, July 9.—The Skeeters beat the Orioles in a close game today. It was a pitchers' battle. The score:

Jersey City.	A.	B.	R.	H.	P.	O.	A.	E.
Moeller, c. f.	5	0	0	0	0	0		
Hannford, l. f.	3	0	1	2	0	0		
Foster, s. s.	4	0	1	0	0	4		
Merritt, r. f.	3	0	0	1	0	0		
Calhoun, l. b.	3	1	1	14	1	0		
Esmond, 3b.	2	0	1	0	3	0		
Gardner, 2b.	3	0	0	8	0	0		
Ryan, c.	3	1	7	0	0			
Sitton, p.	3	0	0	0	1	0		
Totals	27	2	4	27	15	0		

Baltimore.
A. B. R. H. P. O. A. E.
Slagle, c. f. 4 0 0 1 0 0
Poland, l. f. 4 0 0 1 0 0
Strang, r. f. 4 0 1 2 0 0
Hall, 3b. 3 1 1 1 2 0
Cassidy, 2b. 4 0 0 5 0 0
Lewis, s. s. 4 0 0 5 0 0

TRUNDLERS BOWLED FOR BANK TROPHY

Millman and Hearnan Defeated Dr. Scott and Lochead by 44 to 35.

Another match for the Dominion Bank trophy was held yesterday afternoon, when rinks skipped by Dr. Scott and J. Lochead were defeated by P. M. Millman and A. M. Hearnan, the score being 44 to 35.

The game was a close one, and the trundlers played hard for the trophy. The scores were:

W. Casselman, James Gray, J. Vining, Dr. Brown, A. McPherson, C. Abbott, P. M. Millman, Dr. Scott, skip 16 skip 21
A. A. Langford, A. N. Udy, Ed Shea, R. Bayly, W. Fulton, J. Stevenson, A. M. Hearnan, J. Lochead, skip 28 skip 11
Total 44 Total 31

INDIANS COME BACK AT GRAYS, EVENING SERIES

Newark Made It Even Break on Matches Played by Beating Providence 3 to 2.

Providence, July 9.—Newark made it an even break on



CLEARANCE SALE OF Porch Furniture

Our entire stock of Porch Furniture is reduced to factory prices. Every piece must go. We have hundreds of artistic pieces in all colors.

Our Porch Shades are also reduced 25 per cent.

Over 20 Wicker Porch Tables to clear.

SPECIAL JULY PRICES

PARLOR SUITES are reduced 25 per cent.
BEDROOM SUITES are reduced 20 per cent.
REFRIGERATORS are reduced 35 per cent.
SCREEN DOORS are reduced 25 per cent.
COUCHES are reduced 25 per cent.
IRON BEDS are reduced 30 per cent.
SPRINGS are reduced 25 per cent.
MATTRESSES are reduced 35 per cent.
HALL RACKS are reduced 25 per cent.

THESE REDUCTIONS ARE GENUINE
GOODS FOR JULY ONLY.

Ontario Furniture Co.

London's Largest Homefurnishers

Will Ontario Tax the Corporations?

Toronto, July 9.—A gentle hint that it would be well for certain corporations to cease from interfering with the financial dealings of the Ontario Government is conveyed in the report from the Parliament buildings that legislation is proposed to tax corporations operating public utilities and also loan companies.

While no member of the Government will discuss the matter, Sir James Whitney will not deny that such a proposal has not been made. When

asked as to this morning the Premier simply smiled and said: "I have nothing to say or to convey about the matter."

In addition to taxing these companies it is proposed to follow the lead of the State of New York and the Province of Quebec and place a tax on all stock transactions.

The legislation said to be contemplated will place these concerns under the control of the railway and municipal board.

Suffragette Band Caught Mr. Asquith

London, July 9.—For their latest attempt to get at Mr. Asquith, Mrs. Pankhurst and Mrs. Haverfield, two of the leaders of the militant suffragettes, were fined today \$25 each with the alternative of one month's imprisonment. But the magistrate stated that the sentence would be inoperative for the present, as there was a case in his opinion to be decided by a higher court on the point whether the defendants had not a constitutional right to present a petition to the King or his ministers.

Pending the decision of this case the hearing of the charges against the

other defendants who were arrested at the same time as Mrs. Pankhurst and Mrs. Haverfield, would be adjourned.

Four members of the Women's Freedom League waylaid Prime Minister Asquith near his official residence on Downing street, this afternoon and forced a woman's suffrage petition into his hands.

Mr. Asquith made his way indoors in haste, taking the petition with him. The women outside clamored for an audience and as they refused to leave the police finally arrested them and took them to the Bow street police court, where they were remanded.

Looks Like War in South America

La Paz, Bolivia, July 9.—At 9 o'clock tonight a furious mob attacked the Argentine legation. The troops were called out and for a time fears were entertained for the safety of the Argentine minister. The trouble is the outcome of the decision rendered by President Alcora, of Argentina, in the boundary dispute between Peru and Bolivia.

Great crowds had been parading the streets, when they finally were in the direction of the Argentine legation, which they surrounded. There were shouts of rage and stones and other missiles were hurled at the building. The local authorities endeavored to

check the manifestations, and at length the Government found it necessary to order out the troops. Both the legation and the Peruvian legation are now under a strong guard.

The Bolivian people unanimously protest against the decision rendered by President Alcora, which they consider most unjust. The territory involved is the famous Acre District, recently purchased by Brazil from Bolivia for \$10,000,000, notwithstanding the fact that Peru issued a warning that the territory was at that time the subject of arbitration.

Serious complications are anticipated, which are certain to involve

GIRL IN SLEEP LEAPS FROM TRAIN

Flags a Freight and Meets Special Sent Back—Not Hurt.

Ravenna, Neb., July 10.—While walking in her sleep Miss Lois Campbell, the 16-year-old daughter of President Campbell, of the Frisco system, leaped from the rear platform of her father's private car attached to a Chicago, Burlington and Quincy flyer, as the train was speeding over the prairie west of Ravenna early yesterday. Rendered unconscious by the fall the girl finally recovered and suc-

ceeded in flagging a freight, on which she rode to the next station where she was found by a special which had been sent out to search for her. She was practically uninjured.

SHAW'S NEW PLAY.

London, July 10.—Bernard Shaw's prohibited playlet, "Press Cuttings," was produced privately at a matinee at the Court Theatre yesterday.

The morning newspapers express themselves at an utter loss to understand why the censor put a ban upon "Such an inoffensive skit."

The play is clever and amusing, one act being a burlesque of current political topics, especially the suffragette agitation.

QUIET AT MINES NO NEW CLASH

Entire District Is Being Patrolled by the Redcoats.

STRIKERS PREDICT WIN

Declare That They Can Hold Out Until the Company Has Failed.

Gloucester, N. S., July 9.—With martial law prevailing in all the affected districts, the fourth day of the strike at the Dominion Coal Company's mines was entirely devoid of the conflicts which occurred early in the week. Troops are stationed at all the collieries, and before work was started this morning, the men were ordered under arms and marched to the various entrances to the different mines.

Soldiers' Presence Helps.

The rival labor leaders differ as to the effect the coming of the redcoats will have on the strike situation. The Provincial Workers' Association is fighting the strike, having an agreement with the men, while the United Mine Workers of America are seeking recognition.

Harry Bousfield, the organizer of the U. M. W. A., said:

"We want the law upheld in every respect. We have done our best to keep the peace so far, and have succeeded admirably. I have heard of a number of assaults being committed on persons and property, but I can assure you no responsible member of our organization was in any way implicated or would countenance such action. We will continue the same tactics, and I hope to have the pleasure of informing you before the week ends that every colliery of the Coal Company is closed up."

Moffatt, the grand secretary of the P. W. A., stated that on hearing of the arrival of the troops and being assured of protection, fifteen foreigners immediately went to work in Dominion No. 1, and we expect 70 extra men to start work at Caledonia today. The soldiers' presence has imbued our men with confidence that their lives, homes, and property will be protected, and during the next few days I look for such a large return of the men to work as will smash the strike to pieces."

King May Mediate.

Sydney, July 9.—There is a well-defined rumor in Labor circles that W. L. Mackenzie King, minister of labor, will arrive in Gloucester Bay early next week and endeavor to act in the capacity of mediator between the conflicting forces. Heads of both sides to the dispute, however, say that the difficulty cannot be settled by arbitration. The company will never recognize the American Union, and under these conditions alone will the U. M. W. capitulate.

Berlin, July 9.—Hon. Mackenzie King, interviewed here this morning regarding the coal strike, said he was keeping in close touch with the trouble in Sydney, but there was nothing new today from the standpoint of his department. "The board of conciliation had fully investigated the whole dispute under the industrial disputes act, and given their award, which, however, was not satisfactory to the section of the men now on strike."

C. E. EXECUTIVE

Francis E. Clark Was Re-Elected Vice-President.

St. Paul, Minn., July 10.—Francis E. Clark was re-elected president of the United Society of Christian Endeavor at a meeting of the trustees, Chicago, was honored by the election of the Rev. John H. Lathrop, superintendent of Builders' Union—The Rev. R. P. Anderson.

The Rev. R. P. Anderson during the day reported to the convention, which is the twenty-fourth international meeting of Christian Endeavor—that a site had been purchased for the society's new national home in Boston. It will cost about \$150,000, of which \$50,000 is at hand.

President Clark, who is the founder of Christian Endeavor, in his report said the last year in many respects had been the best the united society ever had known. The society, said Mr. Clark, is to be the training school for a million new members by 1911. The biennial report of General Secretary Shaw showed a present net enrollment of 71,493 societies, with 3,531,100 members. The Presbyterians hold first place with 10,198 societies; the Disciples second, with 10,198 societies; the Congregationalists third, with 6,454 societies; and the Baptists fourth, with 3,497 societies.

LAMBETH GARDEN PARTY

On Wednesday night, July 7, a garden party was held under the auspices of the Women's Guild of Trinity Anglican Church, Lambeth. A dainty supper of strawberries and delicious viands was served on long tables, beautifully decorated with flowers, on Firman White's lawn. Afterwards a splendid programme, given by about fifteen ladies and gentlemen, under the conductorship of Mr. Charles Percy, was given at St. James' Church, city, was enjoyed by the guests, who numbered over 300. The grounds illuminated by Chinese lanterns gave the scene quite a fairyland appearance. Many from London and other places came to meet friends whom they had not seen for some time, and certainly a most social evening was spent.

Rev. Mr. Howard, of Christ Church, occupied the chair, but having to leave early, his place was taken by Mr. Stanley Macdonell, at present in charge of Trinity Church. The members of the church are working with great interest, and are looking forward to increased membership.

TWO MEET DEATH IN MONTREAL AUTO RACE

Batchelder, the Well-Known Driver, and His Mechanist Almost Instantly Killed.

Montreal, July 9.—Two men were killed at the auto races here today. Rushing through the back stretch at a rate close to a mile a minute, a 60-horsepower car plunged right through the outer fence and hurled C. K. Batchelder, of Newport, Vt., and James Twohey, of this city, to death.

Batchelder was driving the car and Twohey was acting as his mechanic. Batchelder died while being carried to the ambulance after being re-awakened a few minutes after being moved to the Royal Victoria Hospital. Batchelder's body presented a gruesome sight, as he was impaled by a huge splinter of the fence. The moment the car struck the two men were hurled from their seats high in the air.

A bursting tire is thought to have led to the loss of control.

The eighth lap of the race, which was for gasoline stock cars, for ten miles, and which drew the largest field of the afternoon, six cars had been completed by the leader in the race, when Batchelder, in his 100-horsepower car was speeding through the back stretch. At the far turn he apparently lost control of his machine, and the few persons who were standing near the spot state that the car, coming on the outside and evidently trying to pass one of those in the front, was seen to wobble and then dash towards the outside fence. In a fraction of a second it had plunged through the fence, breaking it for a distance of 25 feet like tinder wood.

At the racing speed at which the cars were travelling there was practically no chance of the driver making a recovery or averting an accident.

Batchelder drove in the opening event on the programme, which was a trial against time, but had some trouble with the mechanism and his time was slow.

A pathetic feature in his death and that of his companion Twohey was that up to a short time before the fatal race started it was not known whether their car would be permitted to start. The card for the race was filed and the organizers of the races told them that their entry could not be accepted. It was accepted, however, at the last moment, and Batchelder and Twohey started on the mad rush which ended in their deaths.

The car was owned by Lorne Hall, well known here and in Ottawa, and racing on the streets of this city. Batchelder and Twohey worked on the car last night fitting it up for the race.

When the car was examined after the accident it was found that the front axle was broken, although it is more than probable that this break occurred after rather than before the smash.

INGERSOLL BOY APPEARS MISLAID

Police Have Been Notified of Disappearance of Ellis Norman.

The police have been notified to keep a sharp lookout for Ellis Norman, an Ingersoll boy, who disappeared from his home a week ago last Monday, and has not been heard of since. Norman is described as 16 years old, 5 feet 2 inches tall, medium build, round, smooth face, fair complexion, light brown hair, about 15 pounds weight. When last seen he was wearing a dark brown coat, grey trousers and a peak cap.

It is thought that Norman ran away and he is believed to be the lad who ran away last year and was found in a King's Highway by P. C. McRae and returned to his parents. The lad's parents are very anxious to hear of his whereabouts and a reward has been offered for his detention.

STORY OF DOCKED HORSES

Gift to the Queen by Canadian Women Had to be Replaced.

London, July 10.—S. H. Terry, speaking at the anti-vivisection congress in connection with the story of horses with long manes and tails presented by Canadian women to the Queen and repudiated by the Government, was docked by a veterinary, and eventually the horses were returned to Canada. Terry, the veterinary's expense, by undocking animals, "thus closing what the veterinary had turned from a pleasant incident into an unpleasant one."

A GUELPH MANAGER LODGED IN JAIL

Is Charged in Connection With the Sale of Some Stock to Ladies.

Guelph, July 9.—James Edward Brown, general manager of the Brown-Lee Chemical Company, was arrested last night at the Central Hotel, and this morning was remanded to jail for a week. It is on two charges of obtaining money under false pretences that Brown is held.

It is understood the transactions were in connection with two sales of stock. One, the sale of \$200 worth to Mrs. Gasco, and the other to Mr. J. A. Marshall, to the extent of \$500. The Brown-Lee Chemical Company is quite a large concern. They are engaged in the manufacture of talcum powder, Red Rub and other toilet preparations. A lot of prominent citizens hold shares in the company, it being a joint stock affair.

T. AND N. O. EARNINGS.

Toronto, Ont., July 9.—The net earnings of the Toronto and Northern Ontario Railway for the five months ending May 31 reached \$239,367.

EATON'S

GLASSES
SHIRTS & CLOTHES
HOUSE FURNISHINGS

DRESS GOODS
WOMEN'S CLOTHING
CHILDREN'S NEEDS

MEN'S FURNISHINGS
WOMEN'S CLOTHING
CHILDREN'S NEEDS

WOMEN'S CLOTHING
FANCY GOODS
WHITE WEAR

WOMEN'S CLOTHING
FANCY GOODS
WHITE WEAR

WOMEN'S CLOTHING
FANCY GOODS
WHITE WEAR

EATON'S JULY & AUGUST SALE

MARVELOUS VALUES

GET IN TOUCH WITH "EATON" BARGAINS

**EATON'S
MIDSUMMER SALE**

We believe that genuine bargains coupled with truthful advertising are ideal custom producers. We not only believe it, but practice it to such an extent, that we will allow you to return any article purchased from us, with which you are not perfectly satisfied; and will refund your money in full, paying transportation charges both ways.

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MIDSUMMER SALE**

**DOLLAR-SAVING CHANCES
IN ABUNDANCE**

Careful Selection is in Evidence Throughout

Our July and August Sale Catalogue will pay you a visit if you extend an invitation. In fact it will pay you something more than a visit. It can save you so much money, time and worry that it will prove a most welcome visitor in your home. We list therein only such goods as are most seasonable during the summer months, and we list them at prices which it would be hard to duplicate. Although the prices may seem ridiculously low, we emphasize the fact, that in no case have we sacrificed quality to make the price. The values offered here have been made possible by foresight, reinforced with an organization designed to sell and distribute merchandise at minimum expense. Keep in touch with us if you wish to obtain superior values at money-saving prices; as you cannot afford to miss our exceptional buying opportunities.

This Catalogue will be mailed FREE and postpaid to any address on receipt of your request. Write for it to-day.

**BEGIN SAVING
MONEY TO-DAY**

**THE T. EATON CO. LIMITED
TORONTO CANADA**

**BEGIN SAVING
MONEY TO-DAY**

**THE T. EATON CO. LIMITED
TORONTO CANADA**

**THIS CATALOGUE
CAN HELP YOU**

TO STARVE THEMSELVES OUT OF THE PRISON

The Suffragette Leader Tells Magistrate What's What and Springs a New Tactic.

London, July 9.—Sir Albert de Rutzen, chief magistrate of the Metropolitan police court, today decided against the suffragettes on the point raised by Miss Pankhurst regarding the right to present a petition to Premier Asquith, and the court sentenced Miss Pankhurst to pay a fine of \$25 or go to prison for a month on the charge of resisting the police.

The constitutional question raised by Miss Pankhurst was argued at great length, and the magistrate, before announcing the judgment, said that he anticipated that an appeal would be made to a higher court. Miss Pankhurst, who defended herself, declared that her assault on Police Inspector Jarvis on the night of June 20, when 116 suffragettes were arrested for trying to force their way into the House of Commons, was her "gauge of battle to the Government and defiance for its unconstitutional way. It was aware," continued Miss Pankhurst, "that when I started that deputation of eight helpless women, about whom men, armed with opera glasses, had congregated to watch as though it was a good show, it was bound to result in humiliations, but until women have the power to elect representatives to parliament it is their duty to maintain the right of a subject to petition the King through parliament. If the magistrate repeats his former sentences we will go to prison, but we will not conform any longer with prison regulations. As political offenders we will insist on being treated as such and not as ordinary prisoners, and in the last resort we will act as did Miss Dunlop."

Miss Dunlop secured her release yesterday by starving herself for 91 hours. Mrs. Haverfield, daughter of Lord Abinger, was given the same sentence as Miss Pankhurst. Both the women notified the court of their intention to appeal from the judgment, and they were released by the magistrate on promising to abstain from sending further deputations to the House of Commons during the present session.

RAILWAY COMMISSION.

Ottawa, Ont., July 9.—The railway commission is to visit Winnipeg and look over the proposed entrance of the N. T. R. The line proposed would cross the Canadian Pacific and Canadian Northern at St. Boniface, and these companies objected that their yards would be cut up. The commission at first refused the authority, but upon representation that this would be a calamity to the road, a rehearing on July 26 was consented to.

KING SAW HER PLAY.

London, July 10.—The King and Queen visited the Globe Theatre yesterday to see Mrs. Cornwallis-West's play, "His Borrowed Plumes." Their majesties remained to the end, and personally congratulated the author. The audience included many society leaders.

Followers of Mrs. Despard, who

WHITNEY SMELLS ANOTHER PLOT AGAINST ONTARIO

Knows of Untruthful Parties Who Are Acting Through Quebec, He Says.

Toronto, July 9.—When asked this evening as to whether his attention had been called to the fact that petitions had been sent to Ottawa by the Montreal Stock Exchange and a number of financial men in Toronto asking the Dominion Government to disallow the act which was passed at the last session of the Legislature, validating the contracts entered into between the hydro-electric commission and the municipalities, the Premier, Sir James Whitney, said that certain interested parties who are not particular as to the truth of the matters they put in, would endeavor to procure the disallowance of the act in question, but he did not care to comment on the reason today. Matters of this kind generally work themselves out in a satisfactory way.

SERIOUS CHARGE AGAINST BRANTFORDITE

Brantford, July 9.—Joseph Bowes, an aged and prominent citizen, and chairman of the Brantford Board of Health, was charged with attempting a crime against Nellie Osborne, aged 11 years.

The attempt is alleged to have taken place yesterday. Last night an information was laid by the girl's parents. Bowes was taken into custody, and later was released on bail of \$1,000.

CARRIED AN ARSENAL.

Toronto, Ont., July 9.—Wm. Long, the negro arrested a few days ago with a whole arsenal of guns and pistols on him, was sent this morning to Milton to answer a charge of burglary.

DISARMING FOREIGNERS.

Toronto, Ont., July 9.—The police are still hunting for members of the Black Hand gang, and are quietly disarming any Italians, Greeks or others they find carrying firearms without a license. They say that, with the aid of Montreal and New York police, the gang will have a hot time of it from now on. They have discovered a book said to contain a list of the members of the gang, as well as a list of those marked for demands for money.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

Rimouski, Que., July 9.—The C. P. R. steamship Empress of Britain, from Liverpool, inward, 4:15 a.m., with 194 cabin, 2nd second class and 911 steerage passengers.

Father Point, Que., July 9.—Steamship Manchester Shipper, Manchester Line, from Manchester, inward, 4:10 a.m. Montreal, July 9.—The Allan Line steamship Pomeranian, from London and Havre, for Quebec and Montreal, passed Cape Race at 5:30 p.m. yesterday.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

The Allan Line steamship Corsican, from Montreal and Quebec, for Liverpool, was reported 120 miles west of Main Head at 8 a.m. today.

Kingston, Ont., July 9.—The steamer Dunelm, from Belleville, for Fort William, with cement, is reported aground at Brighton-at-the-Lakeside, on the Murray Canal.

C. E. CONVENTION.

St. Paul, Minn., July 9.—Discussion of methods in various Christian activities was renewed today before the Christian Endeavor convention in session here.

Rev. W. J. McElveen spoke on the "Mystery of Healing." Mr. Grant Shields led in a junior workers' conference, and Rev. James A. Francis in a Bible study conference. At the same time 25 or more denominational rallies were held in as many different churches.

AN ALL-CANADIAN
EXPOSITION 1912Winnipeg Is Pushing the Project
in True Western Can-
adian Style.

IT WILL COST \$5,000,000

Committee Agree to Raise \$2,000,000
Toward This Expenditure—A Grand
Scheme on Hand.

An active campaign for an All-Canadian Exposition and Selkirk Centennial, to be held in Winnipeg in 1912, is under way, a strong deputation having been in Ottawa recently to interview Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

Mr. Chas. T. Roland, one of the committee is at the present time stopping at the Tecumseh House, and he gave some particulars of the proposed exposition to The Advertiser.

The city of Winnipeg will give \$1,000,000 to finance the undertaking, and the businessmen of the city will guarantee \$500,000.

The Dominion Government will be asked to give \$2,500,000 towards defraying the expenses.

In addition each province will be asked to erect a building similar to the state buildings at the World's Fair and Pan-American, and many other interesting features.

It is proposed to hold the exhibition in 1912, and it is the intention to prosecute a vigorous publicity campaign to insure the success of the undertaking.

The Cost.
It is estimated that it will cost between \$4,000,000 and \$5,000,000 to finance it, and the committee in charge have agreed to raise \$2,000,000 towards that object.

The Government will be asked to grant the rest of it. An answer from Sir Wilfrid Laurier is expected when Hon. W. S. Fielding returns from abroad.

Ontario Is Interested.
The Winnipeg promoters are working hard to make it, and none are more enthusiastic than Mr. Roland.

"You of Ontario have, I think, a selfish motive as well as a patriotic interest in our 1912 exposition," said Mr. Roland, "for in the trade of the west annually there are enormous quantities of goods consumed which are the products of your thriving factories. Eighteen millions in agricultural implements, over \$5,000,000 in boots and shoes, besides various other goods, run well up in the hundreds of thousands. If we can take from you these vast amounts of finished products when only nine million acres of land is under cultivation, what will be the result when one hundred million of the two hundred million acres available are put in operation? The possibilities are simply staggering."

The Idea of Canada.
There are many thousands of people in Europe and the United States who undoubtedly still have but a crude idea of this Canada of ours; its immense area of arable land, the future home of millions, its great wealth of undeveloped mineral resources, its great timber areas; its great fisheries, its great opportunities for the creation of wealth by the manufacturer of its raw materials, and it is still in spite of all our expenditures on publicity looked upon as a new country in a somewhat raw state. Now, so long as this impression prevails, it is going to be difficult, if not impossible, to induce the desirable classes to come here in any great numbers. We can get some of them. The more adventurous spirits are doing so, but it is not essential at this stage of our growth and development to ally, if possible, this feeling and to show to the people of the world that Canada is not crude, raw or unorganized, undeveloped or whatever other erroneous impression they may have, but it is a nation bound together by the strongest ties of patriotism and loyalty to the motherland; a nation sufficiently advanced to invite the world to bring the best products they have to Canada in 1912 to compare and compete with our own.Results Expected.
"Surely we cannot doubt that such an invitation will be accepted; neither can we doubt that the result of such an invitation can be anything but beneficial to Canada and productive of results which could be obtained by no other means. For instance: The exposition would attract thousands of people who could be got here in no other way. Some would come from curiosity and would end by becoming either investors, settlers or immigration agents, who would give the good news to their friends at home who are looking for new opportunities or a new location. Some would come looking for new openings for business, and would probably, attracted by the opportunities here, be induced to open up some new industry in Canada, for the investment of surplus capital, of which there is plenty in Europe."

LEFT SCRANTON TO WED

Scranton, Pa., July 9.—Bella Weaver, of No. 5 Just Right Place, Scranton, who is supposed to be the woman killed by a train at Chatham yesterday, went to Buffalo, N.Y., on Monday.

She lived with her parents here. Her mother said that Bella went to Buffalo to marry a man named Edward Edmunds, formerly of Scranton, supposed to be working in a Buffalo lunch room. Her father is W. S. Weaver, a coal miner.

Miss Weaver had dark hair, dark eyes, one tooth missing, was of dark complexion, weighed about 130 pounds, and was attractive looking. She wore a green or blue suit when she left home.

It is believed she is the girl who was killed. There is considerable mystery about her going away and particularly her being in Canada.

DETROIT EXPLOSION
WRECKS MUCH GLASS

Attempt Made to Destroy Property of Big Construction Plant

Detroit, July 9.—As an outcome, the police think, of labor troubles, a suitcase containing gunpowder was placed under a pile of steel girders early today in the yard of the Whitehead and Kales plant on Beecher avenue, and exploded. The terrific explosion wrecked windows for half a mile around, causing considerable damage to nearby factories, especially the plant of the Seitz Auto and Transmission Company, where all of the windows were smashed and some of the machinery was thrown off its balance.

The girders were for use in an extension to the postoffice which is being constructed by Whitehead & Kales. The firm is conducted as an "open shop," and had more or less labor trouble as a result.

TARIFF BILL FIGHT
SHIFTS TO THE HOUSE

Senators Through With Tinkering and Representatives Will Now Tackle It

Washington, July 9.—The scene of the great battle over the tariff bill shifts now from the Senate to the House of Representatives. The members of the House, relying to the call of the whips, flocked from all directions to Washington yesterday and today, and the outlook this morning was that when the House convened tonight there would be full attendance on both sides to welcome the bill, over which the Senate wrestled yesterday until nearly midnight.

The final vote in the Senate, passing the bill by a vote of 45 to 34, was announced at 11:15 p.m., after a weary day of protracted debate which was almost devoid of animation until within a few minutes before the close when there arose a sharp controversy over the party standing of the insurgent Republican senators, several of them hotly resenting being "read out of the party" by Senator Aldrich, who disclaimed any such intention.

The House had intended yesterday to be in session at noon today in the hope that the bill would be received from the Senate by that time, and there was prospect of a full attendance in anticipation of its arrival. It early came to be understood, however, that the measure probably would not be received during the day because of the laborious task imposed upon the senatorial clerical force in the enrollment for the other body.

While there was disappointment over this prospect, members of the House found satisfaction in the probability that would enable the House to send the measure to conference before the close of the week.

WANT BINGHAM BACK
New York's Demand That Ousted Commissioner Be Given Job.

New York, N.Y., July 9.—Feeling against Tammany Hall and Mayor George B. McClellan, which has been smouldering in certain anti-Tammany organizations and civic bodies since the removal of Police Commissioner Theodore A. Bingham, recently crystallized today at a meeting of the Greater New York taxpayers' conference, at which resolutions were adopted, demanding that the action which brought the police department shake-up be rescinded.

Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, one of the prominent Jewish ecclesiastics of the city, was the principal speaker.

"If Gen. Bingham had consented to promise immunity to the electioneers, he would never have been removed," he said.

"It was a foul blow, and it was struck at the wrong moment, for New York is in no mood to go back to the reign of Crokerism or Van Wyckism. If New York today suffered this to pass without thundering its protests, it might as well give up the eminence of a magnificent San Francisco, with criminal immunity for sale at flexible rates by public officials."

GOES TO GREENLAND
Peary's Eskimo Will Resume Life Among His Own People.

New York, July 9.—Mene Wallace, the discontented and unhappy Eskimo boy who was brought to the United States fourteen years ago by Commander Peary, will sail on the steamer Rosinard from New York next Saturday, bound for Greenland, where, among his own people, he will live again the only life that seems to him worth living. Officers of the steamship company will finance the trip.

Mene is the only survivor of six Eskimos who were brought to New York by Peary. The others, including Mene's father, died of pneumonia, but the 7-year-old boy withstood the enervating climate and was carefully brought up by the officers of the American Museum of Natural History, where the bones of the others are on exhibition.

During the past few months Mene has been making extended runaways trips in the hope of making his way to Greenland.

ILLICIT STILL IN KENT.
Chatham, Ont., July 9.—It is learned today that a private detective is being engaged to look into the rumor that the Indian listers of this vicinity have a private still, where they manufacture whiskey, for twenty cents a gallon.WARRANT FOR MAJOR.
Montreal, Que., July 9.—A warrant has been issued by Judge Choquet for the arrest of Major R. G. Leckie, of Sudbury, on the complaint of William Marshall on a charge of fraud in connection with a mining deal. The Grey Sliding Development Company is the concern involved.ASK FOR DISALLOWANCE
OF HYDRO LEGISLATION

Petitions From All Over Province Have Been Forwarded to Governor-General.

Ottawa, July 9.—A petition to the Governor-General of Canada has been presented to the Prime Minister, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, at Ottawa, by thirty-three members of the Toronto Stock Exchange, praying for disallowance of the recent act passed by the Government of the Province of Ontario relating to the hydro-electric commission, on the ground that it will have a baneful effect upon the credit of Canada, and will be more and more harmful as its character is more widely known and better understood.

Petitions for disallowance of the same act have been presented to the Governor-General by Walter D. Beardsmore, merchant, Toronto; James Smith, of the city of London; Mr. Patterson, mayor of the town of Galt; over 500 ratepayers of the town of Galt; the North American Life Insurance Company; the Canada Permanent Loan and Savings Company; the Landed Bank and Loan Company of Hamilton; Federal Life Assurance Company of Hamilton; farmers from the counties of Welland, Lincoln, Wentworth, Peel, Halton, York, Middlesex, Waterloo, and other districts through which the line is to pass.

The facts in connection with the matter are as follows: The Electrical Development Company is a Canadian concern, and has developed power at Niagara Falls with Canadian and British capital. It has a transmission line 80 miles long to Toronto, where it is selling a large quantity of electrical power. There are two other companies developing power on the Canadian side—both American companies—and these three companies are in competition with the Ontario Government for the right to take water from the Niagara River, the Government agreeing on its part not to take water from the river in competition with the companies.

There have been for many years local electric light companies in Toronto, Hamilton, London, and some other of the municipalities in Western Ontario. There is a cry for public or governmental control of public utilities carrying on the business of generating and selling electrical power. The Whitney Government in response to this, presumably, has taken the Ontario Government for the right to regulate the prices for power in the various municipalities, or to take over the properties of the existing companies. It created the hydro-electric commission, the chairman being a member of the Ontario Government.

It undertook to enter into competition with the private companies, and the act, against which the petition for disallowance has been presented, is the one passed at the last session of the Legislature, closing the courts, it is alleged, against all who might seek for justice by legal opposition to any act of the hydro-electric commission, or against any person who sought to show that contracts with the commission not approved of by the ratepayers, were invalid.

TELEPHONE CO. AND CITY WILL NEGOTIATE
Bell's Franchise Expires This Year—Means \$4000 Per Annum to Citizens.

Negotiations with the Bell Telephone Company for the renewal of their franchise in the city of London will be opened shortly.

The present contract expires at the end of the year, and it is quite likely that the parties interested will discuss the matter within a few weeks.

No word has been received from the company, and it seems as if they have abandoned the London field.

"We will discuss the matter as soon as possible," said Mayor Stevely. "The franchise expires at the end of the year, and we will have to take it up within a reasonable time. I have heard nothing from the independents, and do not know what they intend to do."

TORONTO TRAVELLER KILLED
Toronto, July 10.—Adam K. McIntosh, aged 50 years, of Earl street, Toronto, traveller for F. McIntosh & Sons, was instantly killed at 6:50 this morning by being struck by the Grand Trunk express from Montreal, a short distance west of Rosebank, where he was summering with his family.

Mr. McIntosh was 56 years of age, was a fisherman, when he was struck, and the lad witnessed his father's fatal jump down the tracks. He was saved only by a few seconds. Mr. McIntosh leaves a widow and four children.

BOTH ASPHYXIATED
Grand Rapids, Mich., July 10.—After completing an autopsy today on the bodies of Warren G. Rowland and his wife Vashti Perry Rowland, who were found yesterday in a vacant house, the surgeons and coroner decided that Rowland had strangled his wife with his own hand, and then cut his own throat.

Both of them had died from asphyxiation as the wound in the man's throat and blow on his wife's head could not have caused death.

WAS TAXED TOO MUCH.
Toronto, July 10.—George F. Campbell, of the Canada Electric Company, Warkerville, today got \$50 damages and \$125 as cost from the municipality of Warkerville for over distraint for taxes; \$125 41 taxes and \$35 expenses were allowed the town for the amounts admittedly due.THE SYDNEY MINERS' STRIKE.
Halifax, N.S., July 10.—This was issued from the Dominion Coal Office at Sydney this morning: "No. 2 starts work today. No. 3 starts with 60 per cent of a single shift. The company expects to increase the output today 3 per cent. Caledonia, Bridgeport and Emory are working with increased staffs."MEDAL WINNERS STOOD
WELL ALL YEAR

Present Triumphs Are Not the Result of Any Fluke.

The high school medal winners were in the most cases the leading students in their classes during the last year. In every case they have stood well to the front of their classes, and the fact that they won was not any great surprise.

Gordon Munnoch, the Robb winner, is a bright student, a pupil of Principal Wallis, of Simcoe street school, who was very successful this year.

His class was the prepared, and in the majority of instances took good marks.

He is a close friend of Gerald Pearson and Ronald Gray, former winners of the medal.

There are many others whose photos it was impossible to obtain, but all of them are bright students. This is emphasized by the fact that the winners were closely grouped. There was little to choose between the highest and the lowest.

Miss Eunice Freeland, of the Aberdeen school, who passed the entrance examinations with such a high percentage, is but 13 years of age. She is a daughter of Mr. Thomas Freeland, of 221 William street, and is an exceedingly bright girl.

Miss Marion Higgins, winner of the Boyle memorial medal at Princess avenue school, is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas B. Higgins. She recently celebrated her 13th birthday, and throughout her public school course has always stood high in her classes.

Miss Helen Cloghesy, who passed this year's school examination, is a daughter of Mr. John Cloghesy, the general manager of the Grand Trunk here. Miss Cloghesy has secured many of the examinations at St. Mary's.

George Pelton, another student from St. Mary's class at St. Mary's, is thirteen years old, and a son of Mrs. George Pelton, of 653 Ellis street. Although he was unable to attend school owing to illness for about two years, he has made a very satisfactory showing.

His sisters, Misses Agnes and Gertrude, both hold gold medals secured on passing into the Collegiate.

The daughter of Mr. Robert Patton, of 21 Grafton street, East London, was taught by Principal Gibbs, of Chesley avenue school, and showed splendid showing was looked for by her classmates and teachers.

MANY WEEK-ENDERS
AT PORT STANLEY
The Cleveland Steamer Carried Many Excursionists—A Dangerous Bridge.[Special to The Advertiser.]
Port Stanley, July 10.—A large number of week-end visitors are in town. All the hotels and boarding houses show unusual signs of life. The dances last evening were very largely attended.

The steamer lakeside left for Cleveland with a number of week-end excursionists.

Part of the railing on the little rustic bridge connecting the Heights with Erie Rest has been broken down, and it is now dangerous, especially at night, to cross the bridge. The break should be mended at once.

The Knox Church choir of London were very pleasantly entertained at Jubilee Cottage, Erie Rest, the summer residence of Mrs. John Macpherson, yesterday. The pastor of Knox Church, Rev. J. G. Stuart, was present, and a most enjoyable time was spent by all.

Mrs. Frances Little, of Toronto, is spending her vacation with her aunt, Mrs. Bryanton, at Petrolia Cottage, on Fraser Heights.

Mr. M. P. McDonagh and children, of London, are the guests of Mrs. McDonagh's sisters, the Misses Wright on Fraser Heights.

Mrs. W. R. Jackson, of St. Thomas, entertained at dinner at Hotel Inverlea today.

Mrs. T. Smythe has returned from Cleveland to visit her sisters, the Misses Wright, at the Poplars, Fraser Heights.

Miss Muriel Folkes, of Toronto, is visiting Mrs. Wright at Springbank Cottage, Erie.

Mrs. J. E. Adkins and Mrs. D. H. Gilles, of London, and Mrs. Arthur Ash, of Chatham, are located in Maplehurst Cottage, Erie.

Mrs. George Ellison, Hill Crest, entertained a few St. Thomas ladies on Thursday afternoon in honor of Mrs. Morris, of Calgary.

Mrs. Putnam, Mrs. Winter and Mrs. Gilles, of London, were guests in the village yesterday.

Prof. Patterson will conduct the service at Knollwood Park Mission at 3:15 p.m. tomorrow.

A Warm Night.
Last night was one of the hottest nights on record this season. The lowest temperature registered last night was 82.5, and at 10 o'clock today it had reached 86 degrees. Yesterday's highest was 86.5 degrees, but the night preceding was considerably cooler, registering at 82 degrees as the lowest temperature.

LAKE CARRIERS WIN

Detroit, July 10.—A Cleveland dispatch says: President Coublay, of the Pittsburgh Steamship Company, claims the open ship fight on the great lakes has been won by the lake carriers.

"Our boats," he said, "are being operated in better shape than they ever were before. It is now up to the vessel owners and managers to make that all men employed on their vessels get fair treatment, and that will be done."

Late Henry Bush.
The funeral of Henry Bush was held this afternoon from the undertaking rooms of Smith, Son & Clarke, to Mount Pleasant Cemetery. Rev. H. A. Graham, of the Wellington Street Methodist Church, conducted the services.

PILES

Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and guaranteed cure for piles, hemorrhoids, and all other diseases of the rectum and anus. It is a simple and effective remedy, and is used by thousands of people in all parts of the world. It is a cure for the most stubborn cases, and is a relief to the sufferer. It is a cure for the most stubborn cases, and is a relief to the sufferer. It is a cure for the most stubborn cases, and is a relief to the sufferer.

This picture is the Home of the Dr. Rhodes Co., where so many, many sufferers are cured of their piles, hemorrhoids, and all other diseases of the rectum and anus. It is a simple and effective remedy, and is used by thousands of people in all parts of the world. It is a cure for the most stubborn cases, and is a relief to the sufferer. It is a cure for the most stubborn cases, and is a relief to the sufferer.

All Diseases and Weaknesses Peculiar to Men.

Our Advice is Free to You. Write us Today.
If you want to preserve your manhood and vital powers do not permit draining, losses and weakness to undermine your nervous and physical system. We have the most effective and constructive action to restore strength, vitality and manhood can be restored. We have demonstrated the efficacy of our own modern system of treatment in the most stubborn cases. Weakness is a symptom that does not appear to be as bad as it really is, and that is the reason thousands of men gradually become nervous, mental and physical wrecks. The man who desires to be strong and manly can be so if he will give his case to the doctor.BLOOD POISON.
If you have blood poison your treatment will complete thorough elimination of the disease. We understand every phase of the treatment, and our practical experience will enable us to render to you the very best results. You cannot afford to experiment with a virulent poison which is capable of destroying the blood, and every organ of the body. Malignant or incurable cases are the result of careless or indifferent treatment in the earlier stages. Our treatment reorganizes the blood corpuscles and drives out every vestige of the poison from your system. Sores, ulcers, skin eruptions, sores in the mouth, throat or on the tongue, appear quickly. Aching bones, swollen glands, falling hair and every manifestation of either the blood or third stages are brought under control in a few weeks' time, and then you are safely on the road for a complete cure. If you want good results, no matter how prejudiced or skeptical you may be, that we are a cure for blood poison, and we will not inconvenience you in the least.PRIVATE DISEASES.
Varicocele, Urthral Obstructions, Stricture, Piles, Unnatural Discharges, Prostatic Troubles, Painful and Irritating Erections, Gonorrhea, Syphilis, Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases cured. We acknowledge no superior in the world in the quick and positive cure of these awful diseases, if neglected.

If you have burning or smarting pains while urinating, pus, mucus or blood in urine, shreds or stringy mucus, red sediment, inflammation of the bladder or prostate gland with frequent desire to urinate, dull pain in back or region of the kidneys, you know it is not advisable to experiment with the patent medicines or drugs recommended by a friend or druggist. To be able to treat these conditions successfully it is absolutely necessary that one should have a knowledge of the pathology or modification of function and changes in structure caused by disease. Let us cure you permanently and quickly. You will be surprised how quickly we can cure you.

FREE CONSULTATION is a privilege we extend to every man, as we never make a professional charge unless he desires us to treat his case until cured.

ADVICE ALWAYS FREE.
Send a picture of your case at once if you cannot call. No man so poor that he can't pay this low price for the proper treatment.DR. RHODES CO.
Sixty-one (61) West Front St. (Opposite Post St. Entrance to Post-office).
DETROIT, MICH.

All-Steel LAKESIDE Will Make Four R and Steamers Port Stanley and Cleveland

Leave Port Stanley Tuesdays and Thursdays at 8:30 a.m. (catch Traction car leaving London 7 a.m.); Saturdays, 2:45 p.m. Leave Cleveland Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Sundays at 8 a.m. Lake rides Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, 2:30 p.m. and 8 p.m., 25c. Good music. Cars leave London at 2 and 6 p.m. Tickets on sale at W. Buchanan, agent, corner Dundas and Richmond streets, and Traction station W. S. Atkinson, 7 P.A. Port Stanley.

RATES OF FARE:
From Port Stanley to London: One way, \$2.00; Round trip, \$3.50.
From Port Stanley to Cleveland: One way, \$2.00; Round trip, \$3.50.

Interest

Idle money is like an idle man. It earns nothing. But put it to work in our Savings Dept. and it will earn 3% interest for you. If you prefer a Debenture and allow us the use of \$100 or upwards, for a term of one to five years, we will pay you 4%.

On request we will send our Banking Booklet. It's well worth reading.

Huron and Erie Loan & Savings Co. LONDON, CANADA Incorporated 1894 Assets, \$11,000,000

Fetherstonhaugh Deming & Co. PATENTS
STAR BDO. 15 King St. W. TORONTO
Patented, Ontario, Winnipeg and Washington.ALLAN LINE ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS
TO LIVERPOOL
Tunisian July 16 Aug. 13
Victorian July 23 Aug. 20
Cossican July 30 Aug. 27
Virginian Aug. 6 Sept. 3TO GLASGOW
Pretorian July 11 Aug. 14
Hesperian July 18 Aug. 21
Ionian July 25 Aug. 28
Grampian Aug. 7 Sept. 4RATES OF PASSAGE
According to Steamer.
First Class—\$60.00, \$77.50, \$87.50 and up.
Second Class—\$42.50, \$55, \$67.50, \$75.
Third Class—\$27.50 and \$25.75.

For further particulars apply to F. B. Clarke, W. Fulton, E. De La Hooke or E. Ruse, local agents, London. ywt

White Star-Dominion Royal Mail Steamships
LAURENTIC, MEGANTIC, Triple Screw, Twin Screw.

Largest and most modern steamers on the St. Lawrence route. Latest production of the shipbuilders' art. Passenger elevator serving four decks. Every detail of comfort and luxury of present-day travel will be found on these steamers.

Montreal-Quebec-Liverpool.
OTTAWA July 10 Aug. 14 Sept. 18
CANADA July 17 Aug. 21 Sept. 25
LAURENTIC July 24 Aug. 28 Oct. 2
DOMINION July 31 Aug. 4 Oct. 9
MEGANTIC Aug. 7 Sept. 11 Oct. 14

The popular steamer "CANADA" is also again scheduled to carry three classes of passengers. While the fastest steamer on the route, the comfortable steamer "DOMINION" is a one-class cabin steamer (called second class), and very attractive at moderate rates. See plans and rates on all steamers. See plans and rates on all steamers. See plans and rates on all steamers.

G. THORLEY, passenger agent for Ontario, 41 King street east, Toronto. Freight office, 28 Wellington street east. ywt

LOW RATES
INCLUDING MEALS AND BERTH
via steamers "Toronto" and "Kingston," leaving Toronto at 3 p.m. daily, for the Thousand Islands, Quebec and Saguenay River. Steamer "Belleville" leaves Hamilton 12 noon, and Toronto 2:30 p.m., every Tuesday, for Bay of Quinte, Montreal and intermediate ports.

For rates, folders, etc., apply to local agents, or write H. POSTER CHAPPEL, A.C.P.A., Toronto, Ont.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP TICKETS
AMERICAN LINE.
N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—Shanghai.
Philadelphia—Queenstown—Liverpool.
ATLANTIC TRAVELERS' LINE.
New York—London Direct.LEVY LINE.
New York—Dover—Antwerp.
WHITE STAR LINE.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
New York and Boston—Wilmington.WHITE STAR-DOMINION LINE.
Montreal-Quebec-Liverpool.
E. DE LA HOOKE, W. FULTON, F. B. CLARKE OR E. RUSE, AGENTS.TRACTION CO. NEXT HOMESSEKERS' EXCURSION
REDUCED RATES.
50c PT. STANLEY
AND RETURN
CHILDREN 30c DAILY
50c St. Thomas and Return every Saturday and Sunday.
CARS LEAVE EVERY HOUR.

Leave Port Stanley Tuesdays and Thursdays at 8:30 a.m. (catch Traction car leaving London 7 a.m.); Saturdays, 2:45 p.m. Leave Cleveland Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Sundays at 8 a.m. Lake rides Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, 2:30 p.m. and 8 p.m., 25c. Good music. Cars leave London at 2 and 6 p.m. Tickets on sale at W. Buchanan, agent, corner Dundas and Richmond streets, and Traction station W. S. Atkinson, 7 P.A. Port Stanley.

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New York—Dover—Antwerp.
WHITE STAR LINE.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
New York and Boston—Wilmington.WHITE STAR-DOMINION LINE.
Montreal-Quebec-Liverpool.
E. DE LA HOOKE, W. FULTON, F. B. CLARKE OR E. RUSE, AGENTS.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
SARNIA TUNNEL TO SUBSPENSION
BRIDGE AND TORONTO.
Arrive from the east—2:45 a.m., 10:30 a.m., 11:12 a.m., 11:23 a.m., 6:30 p.m., 8:30 p.m., 10:10 p.m.
Arrive from the west—12:00 a.m., 12:30 a.m., 11:30 a.m., 1:10 p.m., 4:10 p.m., 6:25 p.m.Depart for the east—12:14 a.m., 3:43 a.m., 1:30 a.m., 9:40 a.m., 11:40 a.m., 3:45 p.m., 4:25 a.m., 6:53 p.m.
Depart for the west—9:55 a.m., 7:40 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 11:45 a.m., 1:40 p.m., 4:15 p.m., 6:25 p.m.LONDON AND WINDSOR.
Arrive—10:25 a.m., 4:00 p.m., 6:50 p.m., 11:35 p.m.
Depart—6:35 a.m., 11:35 a.m., 2:05 p.m., 8:10 p.m.STRAITFORD BRANCH.
Arrive—2:25 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 1:33 p.m., 6:45 p.m., 11:25 p.m.
Depart—6:0

MILITARY GOSSIP

The British army includes among its officers and non-commissioned officers qualified interpreters in almost every known language. If Theodore Roosevelt, George Ade and a few more keep on at the English language, American edition, interpreters will be required in this line, too.

A leading New York paper made an awful "holler" about the refusal of the militia department to allow the Fourteenth Regiment to take part in the Fourth of July celebration at Elmira, N. Y., this year. About a column of editorial effort was expended in expounding the desirability of increasing the good-feeling prevailing between the two nations, and in endeavoring to prove that nothing could help more to increase this friendly feeling than the participation of Canadian regiments in the celebration of the Glorious Fourth.

It quoted the recent visit of an American regiment to Kingston, Ont., to take part in the celebration of Dominion Day at that place as an example to be followed, and asked why the Canadians could not reciprocate, by joining in the Fourth of July blow-out. We venture to reply that the former celebration is in honor of a peaceful victory, the confederation of the Canadian provinces, in which there is nothing obnoxious to the Americans or their flag, whereas the Fourth of July is the glorification of a most unnatural act, a big, husky son turning upon his mother while she was in a death struggle with her enemies, and joining with one of them to help trounce her. The Canadian regiment which would take part in such a celebration is not worthy of the name.

A recent militia order announces that arrangements will be made to conduct examinations in subject (c) in September next for the benefit of those officers who desire to qualify for promotion, providing they have already qualified in subject (d).

A recent army order announces that Lieut. G. A. Lavoie, R. C. R., has been appointed as an interpreter in the French language.

The Governor-General's Challenge Shield.—His Excellency the Governor-General has been graciously pleased to declare his intention of presenting a challenge shield to that town or city with five thousand inhabitants or over, or that recognizes county in any of the provinces not having within its county boundaries a town of five thousand inhabitants, which can show the greatest proportion of cadets to its municipal (or county) population on May 24, 1910, the term "cadets" to be defined by the militia code also the methods for ascertaining the population.

The shield will be held by that cadet corps of the winning city, town or county which, upon inspection by the district officer commanding, or other selected military officer, shall show the greatest proficiency in military drill and rifle shooting.

I wonder if his excellency thinks that boys are going to enrol in cadet corps and that new corps are going to be formed just to win the challenge shield. This may be one way of encouraging the cadet corps movement, but in my opinion it is the poorest.

There is but one way to encourage the cadet corps movement in this country, and that is to make service in a cadet corps so interesting that every boy will want to join and every parent will be glad to assist his son to do so.

This cannot be done by giving him obsolete firearms or cutting down the old Snider rifles used by his father or grandfather, to fit him. He will take

LINGERING WEAKNESS FOLLOWING DISEASE

CAN BE BANISHED BY THE WONDERFUL TONIC POWERS OF DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS.

How often it is that the victims of disease—fevers, measles, la grippe or any other contagious troubles are weak and ailing, even after the disease itself has disappeared. They do not pick up strength as they ought, remain listless, tired and discouraged. The reason for this is that the blood has been impoverished by the ravages of the disease through which the victim has passed. Strength will not return until the blood is enriched. The blood can be enriched by no other medicine as quickly and as surely as by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People—to enrich the blood and strengthen the nerves is the whole duty of these pills—thousands have found them beneficial in bringing strength after disease had left them weak and run down. Among those who owe good health to these pills is Miss Laura Hisco, New Ross, N. E., who says: "Following an attack of measles I was left greatly run down and suffered from a bad cough. I was advised to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and procured half a dozen boxes. Before they were all gone I had regained my strength; my cough had disappeared and I was once more enjoying perfect health."

The experience of Miss Hisco is that of many others. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make new, rich, red blood. This new blood strengthens the nerves and banishes such ailments as rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago, dyspepsia, etc., and brings the glow of health to pale cheeks. The pills are sold by all medicine dealers or at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.

no more interest in these than he will in a pair of his father's discarded trousers cut down to fit him. Nor will the issue of bayonets half the length of the bayonet equipment dating back to the Fenian Raids help the good cause along. The fact that the parents have to put up for the uniform and that those interested in any particular corps have to bear the other expenses also serves as a damper to the enthusiasm which should be evidenced in the movement.

Instead, cadet corps should be armed with a suitable and up-to-date rifle and equipment, giving a generous supply of ammunition and allowed the services of instructors from the permanent force, when available, without having to pay the expenses of the instructors themselves. Then something should be done in the matter of uniform. A certain uniform, serviceable and sensible, should be adopted for all corps. The department could then make a contract for its manufacture as required, which would result in cadets getting their uniforms at about one-third what they pay for them now. Of course, this is presuming that a free issue of uniform to each corps is out of the question. Distinguishing badges or numerals, chevrons and badges of rank should also be provided.

And last but not least, corps should be allowed the free use of camp equipment so that they could go into camp for a week or so during the summer holidays. What would attract the boys more than this, and what would be more beneficial from all points of view? Yet would you believe that enthusiastic and efficient corps, under competent instructors, desiring to go into camp for a period during the holidays, entirely at their own expense, have been persistently refused the use of camp equipment, of which there are vast quantities all over the country which is used only at militia camps for twelve days in the year, while on the other hand marquees and tents are loaned for fashionable weddings, regimental sports and picnics, etc., and blankets have even been loaned for use at cattle shows?

Fewer trophies and challenge shields and more common sense is what is required in the cadet corps movement.

The Fourth of July casualties in the United States this year are as follows: Killed, 56; wounded, 1,345. The celebration of the Fourth of July each year makes the Spanish-American War look like a schoolboy snowball scrap.

Major J. H. Wynne, Kingston, Ont., formerly senior ordnance officer here, was on a visit to friends in this city this week.

Mr. Charles E. Copplin, Stratford, Ont., has recently been gazetted a lieutenant in the Twenty-eighth Regiment.

The Twenty-second Regiment, of Woodstock, had its first taste of camp life last week since its reorganization, when it spent three days under canvas at Port Dover, Ont.

The syllabus for the training of city corps contains a great deal of work, which cannot be done in drill halls or on the city streets. Then, again, there is a great deal to be learned in camp which cannot be learned in any other way. Camp cooking, in which city regiments are woefully deficient, the procuring and handling of supplies, and camp equipment, sanitary duties, pitching and striking tents, laying out camp grounds, guards, pickets and a hundred other things, can be learned only in camps. Tactical manoeuvres, attack and defence of positions, skirmishing, reconnoitering, etc., cannot be carried out without plenty of room.

For these reasons it has become a pretty general opinion that the militia department should provide for the training of all city regiments in camp for a few days each year at the public expense. It is unfair to city regiments to lay down a syllabus which makes it next to necessary for them to go into camp for a short period each year and then expect them to stand all expenses.

Lieut. W. M. Cram, Twenty-fourth Regiment, Grey's Horse, has been appointed signalling officer of that corps.

One of the sorest touches in connection with the reduction of the regiments attending camp this year is the consequent loss of command pay by regimental and company commanders. There is considerable expense incurred by commanding officers in exercising command of a regiment for the period of one year, and recruiting it up to strength, and whipping it into shape for camp. To help defray this expense, the department pays each regimental commander an allowance of 60 cents per annum for each non-commissioned officer and man attending camp. The allowance for a regiment at full strength at this rate amounts to about \$200, which is little enough, but commanding officers this year will receive about one-half that amount only. This is nothing short of a gross injustice to the officers concerned.

In this district officers commanding regiments worked for months getting their regiments up to strength, and in good shape, as far as possible. They incurred the same expenses as last year, and they will have just as much work and will have to give up every bit as much of their time in exercising command during the current financial year as in any other year. Yet the allowance paid a commanding officer's pocket so freely is the wrong kind of economy. Their expenses are

heavy enough without having half of their meagre allowances confiscated unceremoniously.

The same remarks apply equally to squadron, battery and company commanders.

Lieut.-Col. J. C. MacDougall, R.C.R., who has been conducting provisional schools of instruction in British Columbia for the past few months, is expected back again at Wolseley Barracks shortly.

Q.M.S.-Instructor W. J. White and Sergt. Oakley, who have been on instructional duties at Eastern Ontario camps, have returned to Wolseley Barracks.

The "Boy Scout" movement, which the militia department is endeavoring to introduce among the cadet corps of this country, is a movement well worthy of all possible encouragement, and if the proper steps are taken to introduce it, it will no doubt be a great success.

In England, where the movement spread very rapidly last year, the lads are assembled, taken into the country in small detachments, taught to make huts, cook their food, manage boats and adjust themselves to nature's ways.

Fire lighting, swimming, first aid to the injured, life saving in cases of fire, drowning, gas fumes, runaway horses, panic and street accidents are taught. Chivalry to women, self-reliance, discipline, resourcefulness, sobriety, cleanliness, are set forth before the boy as ideals of life.

Along with this goes some training in "scouting" and the military art. In some ways the work resembles the "boy's camp" movement by its method of formation and administration. But it has decidedly closer ties of relationship between the groups and a definite national service in view.

Major-General Baden-Powell's book, "Scouting for Boys," will go a long way in boosting the movement, but the book alone is not sufficient. There must be competent and enthusiastic officers in each district to help it along and instructors for the practical part of the work. And therein lies the stumbling-block, for we doubt very much if the officers as a whole will give the movement the attention which it deserves, and whether competent instructors will be found in the permanent force and the militia. In a long term of service in the militia and permanent force, we can safely say that we never saw a word of instruction in scouting given, in fact, never heard the word "Scout" mentioned, and we are very much of the opinion that before setting out to instruct cadets in scouting it would be well to devote a little time to the instruction of the permanent force and militia in this important and totally neglected branch of their training.

The Royal Canadian Horse Artillery stationed at Kingston, Ont., left that station this week for Petawawa camp by march route, which will prove, as in previous years of great practical value to the batteries. Lieut.-Col. Burdall and staff, however, proceeded to camp by rail.

In the regular army mounted units of the American army proceeding to camps, do so by march route, if the distance does not exceed 300 miles, and infantry regiments march to camp if within 100 miles of the camp grounds. These marches have proven of great value to all ranks, and are becoming more popular every year. They should be used to a greater extent in the Canadian service.

Complaints continue to be heard from all parts of the country concerning the new efficiency pay regulations.

Sub-Conductor Hessian, Canadian Ordnance Corps, London, has added a boy to the establishment of the unit under his command, and will not, however, put him through his recruit's drill for some years to come.

C. B. DE FAULTER, Corporal.



NEW RAILWAYS

Charters Granted to Companies in Western Ontario.

The current issue of the Railway and Marine World contains the following:

Brantford and Woodstock Railway.
In 1905 the Dominion Parliament incorporated a company with this title to construct a railway of 30 miles connecting Brantford and Woodstock, Ont. No construction has been undertaken to date.

Guelph and Georgian Bay Railway.
This company was incorporated in 1903 by the Dominion Parliament, with authority to construct a line of about 150 miles from Guelph to Elora, connecting Elora, Guelph, Arthur and Mount Forest, Ont. An extension of time was obtained in 1905, but no construction has been undertaken to date.

London and St. Clair Railway.
The Dominion Parliament in 1905 incorporated a company with this title to construct a railway of 70 miles from the Ontario and Quebec Railway (C. P. R.), between London and Komoka to the St. Clair River between Sarnia and Lake St. Clair. An extension of time for construction was granted in 1907, but up to date nothing has been done.

St. Marys and Western Ontario Railway.
This company was incorporated in 1905 by the Dominion Parliament, with authority to construct a line of about 100 miles from the C. P. R. between Woodstock and London to St. Marys, thence to Exeter and Sarnia, Ont. The company has constructed a line from St. Marys to Embro, Ont., effecting a junction there with an extension of the

Regiments going into camps during this month, August or September, have not the same complaints as those which attended the early camps, but all agree on one point, and that is, that the standard of efficiency for the highest rate of efficient pay is altogether too high.

In order to qualify for the highest rate a man must make a percentage of 28 out of 35 at each of two ranges, 100 yards and 200 yards. An aggregate of 50 at the two ranges would not qualify him unless he make 28 at each range; 26 at 100 yards, and 20 at 200 yards, would qualify for the second rate only, and a man who made 27 at 100 yards and a possible of 35 at 200 yards, would not get as much as a man who made 28 at each range.

To make 28 out of 35 at each of the ranges does not, at first thought, appear to be so very hard, but when the circumstances under which a man does his firing at camp is considered, a different opinion is found. In the first place, he may have had no practice since the previous camp. He has done all his previous shooting with a Lee-Enfield, but this year is handed a Mk. II. Ross rifle, with Mk. III. sights, which 99 out of every 100 men attending camp this year have never seen before. The lighting is altogether different from what he has been accustomed to, the action and mechanism entirely new to him, and worst of all, the rifle with which he must shoot is not provided with a sling. Moreover, no sighting shot is allowed.

Now, I feel quite certain in saying that very few of the crack shots of the city would, under these circumstances, make the score necessary to earn the highest rate of efficiency pay and, as a matter of fact, many first-class shots have tried it in different camps and failed. Yet I understand that quite a number of crack shots who trained in camp here this year obtained that rate. If so, their shooting was nothing short of remarkable.

Honorary Captain H. Westaway, paymaster of the Twenty-fifth Regiment, St. Thomas, has resigned his appointment in that corps.

A recent army order lays down that in future the word "trooper" will be employed instead of the word "private" to describe a private soldier in the Household Cavalry.

Sergt. W. J. Gilmour, R.C.R., of Wolseley Barracks, who has been in Hamilton all spring as instructor to the Ninety-first Light Infantry, is to be shortly appointed permanently as instructor and sergeant-major to that corps. To say that Sergt. Gilmour will be missed at Wolseley Barracks is putting it mildly indeed.

Lieut. P. H. Anderson, senior ordnance officer of this district, will spend a week's holidays shortly in Ottawa.

In the states of Europe, including its isles, there are available for military service on land 5,500,000 men. Of these 4,300,000 are soldiers on the active list, the reserve consists of 6,200,000 men, the unorganized number 15,000,000. Germany, recognized as the leading military nation, has in active service 617,000 soldiers, 1,223,000 reserves and 1,900,000 available unorganized. France has on the active list 628,000; reserves, 743,000; and unorganized, 1,000,000. Russia presents 1,100,000 as an active force, 7,000 in the reserves, and 5,200,000 unorganized. Great Britain has 250,000 active, 485,000 reserves and 1,700,000 unorganized. — Washington Post.

Army Order 153 announces that regiments of Lancers will in future carry the lance, not only on escort duty and at reviews and other ceremonial parades, but also on guard, during training, at manoeuvres, and when so ordered on field service.

Sub-Conductor Hessian, Canadian Ordnance Corps, London, has added a boy to the establishment of the unit under his command, and will not, however, put him through his recruit's drill for some years to come.

C. B. DE FAULTER, Corporal.

LANCASTER, ONT. CARRIED BY FRUIT-A-TIVES

THESE WONDERFUL FRUIT JUICE TABLETS ARE WINNING FRIENDS ON EVERY SIDE.



Lancaster, Ont., Sept. 16, 1908. "I was a martyr for many years to that distressing complaint, chronic constipation. I tried many kinds of pills and medicines without benefit and consulted physicians, but nothing did me any real good. Then I began to take 'Fruit-a-tives,' and these wonderful little fruit tablets entirely cured me.

"At first I took five tablets a day, but now I take only one tablet every two days. I am now entirely well and thanks to 'Fruit-a-tives,' I give you permission to publish this testimonial."

(Madame) Zenophile Bonnevillie. This is only one more link in the chain of proof that "Fruit-a-tives" never fail to cure constipation or non-action of the bowels. 50c a box, or \$2 for \$2.50, or trial box 25c. At dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa.

long from Quebec, passing through the Yellow Head Pass, to Port Simpson or Port Simpson, B.C. In 1902, 1904 and 1908 extensions of time for the construction of the line were granted. No definite construction has yet been undertaken. (Sept. 1908, pg. 621).

MORE AGENTS

Many New Officials Appointed by the C. P. R.

The following agents have been appointed by the C. P. R.: St. Paul, Que. J. W. Atkinson; Lindsay, Ont., A. McNabb; Woodville, Ont., T. E. Lord; Whitby, Ont., D. F. Milloy; Brooklin, Ont., W. Brown; Mariposa, Ont., S. McPhaden; Craignale, Ont., L. G. Armstrong; Allendale, Ont., J. E. Billingsley; Barrie, Ont., J. E. Billingsley; Novar, Ont., W. W. Langford; Pownassan, Ont., F. A. Tebo; Dorchester, Ont., N. G. Case; Clendeboye, G. M. Case; Greenfield, Ont., L. L. Verrier; Rockland, Ont., F. O. Parent (temporary); Algonquin Park, Ont., G. A. Thurston; Rainy Lake, Ont., E. Reid.

DETROIT RIVER TUNNEL

Work Progressing Very Favorably on Big Tube at Windsor.

Construction work on the double tunnel under the Detroit River, to connect Windsor, Ont., and Detroit, Mich., is progressing satisfactorily. The tunnel, distributed among the various classes of traffic as follows: Product of mines, 22,636,227 tons; products of forests, 12,912,226 tons; products of agriculture, 8,396,967 tons; manufactures, 6,655,715 tons; products of animals, 2,655,715 tons.

The open cut work, both in Windsor and Detroit, has been almost completed. At the beginning of June two sections of the sub-aqueous construction had to be placed in place, and this work, in addition to building in the interior lining, was expected to take from four to six months. It is anticipated that if the work proceeds as satisfactorily as at present, and there are no accidents, the tunnel will be

Prepare for Lumbago!

If You Have "Nerviline" Handy One Rubbing Will Cure the Pain.

THOUSANDS USE NERVILINE.

The "strike" of lumbago is like a bolt of lightning—you never know when it is coming or where it is going to strike. Probably the one certain thing about lumbago is the fact that it can be cured by Nerviline—the only liniment that penetrates deeply enough to reach the congested chords and muscles.

Years ago I strained my back and suffered considerably with weakness over the spine," writes Darius P. Millan, a well-known farmer, residing near Kingsville. "Then lumbago attacked the weak spot, and for days at a time I would have to lie up in bed, unable to move or turn. Liniments, poultices and hot applications failed to bring the desired relief, and I was in despair of ever getting really well again. I at last decided to test 'Nerviline.' I got five bottles from the drug store and had it rubbed on three times a day. The stiffness and pain left my back quickly, and by continuing Nerviline I was completely cured of lumbago."

This is similar testimony to that of nearly five thousand Canadians who have written unsolicited words of praise to the manufacturers of Nerviline. For the cure of lumbago, sciatica, neuralgia and rheumatism there is no liniment with one-fifth the pain-relieving power of Nerviline.

Refuse any substitute. Large 25-cent bottles of Nerviline, or five for \$1, at all dealers, or the Catarrhose Company, Kingston, Ont.

This company was incorporated by the Dominion Parliament in 1895 to construct a railway about 2,000 miles

Good Luck!

Kellogg's TOASTED CORN FLAKES

Kellogg's Toasted Corn Flakes

Flakes affords that smooth, rich, full-cream flavor which only Kellogg's can give. Kellogg's sends Vegetable Iron into your blood, reddens it, and brings color to your cheeks. If you want your children to grow up healthy, cut out candy and give them all the Kellogg's they want. Demand Kellogg's.

Made at London, Canada

10c. Package, All Grocers.

Over 37 Million Packages sold in Canada and U.S. in 1908.

TOASTED CORN FLAKES

completed and ready for operation early in 1910.

New York Central Lines in Canada.

The New York Central and Hudson River Railway directly controls the Ottawa and New York Railway extending from the St. Lawrence River near Cornwall, to Ottawa, 56.90 miles; and owns jointly with the C. P. R. the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway, 33.47 miles. Through its control of the Michigan Central Railway, it owns the Canada Southern Railway, 332.19 miles, and through its control of the Rutland Railroad, it owns, leases, or controls the Rutland and Noyan Railway, 3.39 miles; the St. Lawrence and Adirondack Railway, and its leased line the Southwestern Railway, 46.12 miles, a total of 672.27 miles.

REMARKABLE RUSSIAN SECT.

Among the numerous religious sects in Russia the most remarkable and influential are the Subbotniki, or Sabbathkeepers. They first appeared in the reign of Catherine II, toward the end of the eighteenth century. The members of this sect practice the rite of circumcision, do not believe in Christ, accept only the Old Testament and observe the Sabbath on Saturday. They also slaughter cattle and fowls according to the Jewish law, use praying shawls, and wear zizit (fringes), praying with covered heads from Hebrew prayer books, with a Russian translation. They are industrious, hospitable and can read and write. Up to 1820 they lived for the most part in Moscow, Saratov, Tula, Orel, etc. In the reign of Alexander I they enjoyed freedom. Nevertheless, the Russian clergy of Mohylev killed about 150 Subbotniki and their leaders. The sect of one of the leaders was tortured with hot irons and then burned at the stake. In the reign of Nicholas I many wished to embrace Judaism, and settled in the Pale of Settlement (the Ghetto), but the Government banished them to Siberia and the Caucasus. The Subbotnik number about two millions, and dress like the orthodox Russians.—Dundee Advertiser.

New Roundhouse.

It is said that the M. C. R. intends starting the erection of a 20-stall roundhouse and a passenger station at Windsor, Ont., early this month.

July Birthdays.

Many happy returns of the day to J. H. Hanna, ex-division freight agent of the G. T. R. at Hamilton, Ont., now at Calgary, Alta., born at London, on July 27, 1867, and R. F. Struthers, chief inspector of time service, C. P. R., Winnipeg, born at Stratford, Ont., July 31, 1878.—Railway and Marine World.

Freight Statistics.

During 1908, the railways of Canada carried 63,071,167 tons of freight, distributed among the various classes of traffic as follows: Product of mines, 22,636,227 tons; products of forests, 12,912,226 tons; products of agriculture, 8,396,967 tons; manufactures, 6,655,715 tons; products of animals, 2,655,715 tons.

FREE! Positive Cure for Urine Weakness

SOME children wet the bed and are spanked by mothers in hope of effecting a cure. Bed-wetting is not carelessness—there is a constitutional cause. Even grown-ups are troubled with this peculiar weakness. Mothers have consulted Physicians in search of a cure for their children, but all in vain. Don't spank the child, it is not to blame, and spanking does no good. I, Mrs. Summers, have studied this weakness, made researches, and finally discovered a positive, permanent cure. I want every mother who has children affected with bedwetting to write me today for my free home treatment, with full instructions. It won't cost you one cent—send no money—just your name and address. And you need not feel under any obligation, either. My treatment also cures adults affected with urine trouble by day or night. Remember, it costs you nothing, and is a positive cure, without trouble, danger, publicity or loss of work. Will you write me today? Don't wait—the final result of neglect is disastrous. Just address me:

MRS. M. SUMMERS, Box W. 801 Windsor, Ont.

ANALYSIS OF

ST. LAWRENCE GRANULATED SUGAR

THE STANDARD OF PURITY

Laboratory of Provincial Government Analyst.

MONTREAL, 22nd February, 1909.

I HEREBY CERTIFY that I have drawn by my own hand ten samples of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co's Extra STANDARD GRANULATED SUGAR, indiscriminately taken from various lots of about 150 barrels each and six lots of about 450 bags each. I have analyzed same and found them uniformly to contain 99.99/100 to 100 per cent of pure cane sugar, with no impurities whatever.

(Signed) MILTON L. HERSEY, M.Sc. LL.D.

Provincial Government Analyst.

The St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Company Limited, Montreal.

MR. ASQUITH REPLIES TO CRITICS OF THE BUDGET

Needed Money Taken From Sources Which Can Well Afford It.

In closing the finance bill debate in the House of Commons, Mr. Asquith, who was received with loud Ministerial cheers, said: We have now had three or four weeks of preliminary discussion, and nearly four nights' debate upon the second reading, and, last but by no means least, we have had the speech of the leader of the Opposition. I think we may therefore assume we have now heard everything that can be said—(an Opposition member, "No," and laughter)—against the main governing principles of the budget. The right honorable gentleman tells us that these criticisms remain entirely unanswered—I won't say I don't care, I will therefore summarize the objections that have been taken to the bill, and see how far any one of them can be regarded as insuperable or unanswerable. First of all, I will deal with two or three points made by the right honorable gentleman in the beginning of his speech. He said that my right honorable friend the Chancellor of the Exchequer had grievously underestimated the amount of revenue which he would obtain. How does the right honorable gentleman know that? Upon what evidence is his charge founded? My right honorable friend had the advantage in making his estimates of the most skilled advice, and I am not aware that any specific item in the estimate he has presented has been seriously or authoritatively attacked. (Opposition cheer of "Oh.") Indeed, the right honorable gentleman proceeded a few sentences later to answer his own criticism, for when he dealt with the income tax and the super-tax he accused my right honorable friend of grossly over-estimating the yield these new imposts would ultimately bring in. The one charge is as much a matter of speculation as the other, but for the time being I think the House can rest provisionally upon the estimates of those best entitled to give them. (Ministerial cheers.)

An Extraordinary Charge.

Then the right honorable gentleman complained of those proposals which deal with indirect taxation—the taxes on spirits and tobacco—on the ground that they fell unevenly and with excessive weight upon certain particular classes of consumers, and therefore could not be regarded as fulfilling the conditions of fiscal equity. How is the right honorable gentleman's ideal of fiscal equity to be obtained? If you are going to propose an indirect tax upon every commodity consumed by every human being, the list of your import and excise duties will be so preposterously large and the expense and difficulty of collection so great that you will be embarking on an absolutely foolish undertaking. We do tax sugar, tea, and beer, and by this budget we are imposing additional taxes on tobacco and spirits, and, with the exception of bread, it can hardly be said that a single one of the necessities or simple comforts of life is not made to contribute its quota to the national revenue. Therefore, unless the right honorable gentleman thinks our system of indirect taxation incomplete unless bread is also included—(Ministerial cheers)—I see little foundation for his complaint. In that connection he made a very extraordinary charge. He said speaking of the whiskey duty, "Why, even when you were imposing this extra duty you threw it upon Scotland and Ireland." Does the right honorable gentleman think the tax on whiskey is going to be paid by the distillers or by the consumers? And if it is going to be paid, as it has already been paid, by the consumers, has the right honorable gentleman any notion of the relative quantities of whiskey consumed in different parts of the United Kingdom? I will give him the figures. The consumption in England and Wales is 22 million gallons, in Scotland 6½ million gallons, in Ireland 3¼ million gallons. (Cheers.) And yet the right honorable gentleman tells us that the additional taxation which is being got

from the consumer by the wholesale and retail dealers is going to be paid by Scotland and Ireland. (Cheers.)

A Most Valuable Admission.

As regards death duties and the super-tax, the right honorable gentleman made a most valuable admission. He told us he is in favor of a graduation in these matters. Well, we have got a considerable step towards something like general agreement as compared with two or three years ago. The right honorable gentleman is in favor of graduation. The only practical objection, as far as I can discover, which he made to my right honorable friend's proposal, was one which would be incident to any attempt at graduation—namely, the inquisitorial methods you must employ to ascertain the actual income of any individual. You cannot have a graduation without inquisition, and, as I pointed out earlier in these debates, you cannot have any income tax at all without potential inquisition, which can be, and is, made into actual inquisition whenever there is ground to suspect that a taxpayer is not doing his duty and is not disclosing the real state of his income. The argument which the right honorable gentleman used in the same connection with regard to what we are told is the growing export of securities is one which I confess myself totally unable to comprehend. I have not the dimmest glimmering of an idea of what this export of securities consists—whether they are securities which are being sold here and the proceeds being taken abroad, or whether they are securities which have hitherto lain here and are being deposited abroad for safe custody. I really do not know, and I am not sure that the right honorable gentleman knows. In any case, so long as the owner of securities remains resident in this country and is subject to income tax, it is the law of this country that a man resident here pays income tax on his income, wherever it is made. It matters very little whether the securities are in London or New York. I can summarize under three heads the great bulk of the criticisms and objections which have been made to the main principles of the budget.

Free Trade Finance.

I will take first that which was made by the right honorable gentleman, the member for East Worcestershire on the opening night of this discussion, and which, I think, was the most formidable attack which has yet been made on the budget. The right honorable gentleman said that the budget was inconsistent with the principles of Free Trade finance, because, as he alleged, it violates two of the fundamental canons of that system of finance. They were the canons, first, that taxation should be for revenue only, and, next, that taxation should not take more out of the coffers of the consumer than it put into the coffers of the state. He says that it violates the first of these rules, because admittedly our taxes on land and on licenses have an ulterior purpose, and are animated by other than merely fiscal considerations. He says that it violates the second of these two canons, because in the case of the liquor duties, for instance, we are admittedly imposing taxes which will enable the trade more than to recoup themselves and even to make a handsome profit out of the transactions. Let us see whether these charges are well founded or not. These two so-called canons really express one and the same idea, which is this—it is a principle of Free Trade taxation that the object of taxation should be to bring revenue into the exchequer and not to benefit private or independent or outside interest. The object of protective taxation is exactly the reverse.

When a protective tax is imposed—I am not speaking now of the prohibitive tax—in the shape of an import duty on a commodity which is also produced at home, the whole supply of that commodity, taxed or untaxed, is enhanced in price. That is not only the effect, but it is the intention of a protective duty; it is not an incidental effect. It is the intention of those who impose it that that part of the total supply which is enhanced in price comes in from abroad, and that part only, shall yield a revenue to the exchequer, while in regard to the remainder, the domestic part of the supply, the producers shall enjoy the shelter and stimulus which protection gives. But when a tax such as these which we are now imposing, as to which there can be no question of that kind, no one can suggest either that these taxes on land, or on liquor or any other of the taxes proposed have any such intention—when a tax is free from that objection, I know of nothing either in the writings of economists or in the practice of Free Trade statesmen, which makes it immaterial or irrelevant when you are maintaining a tax or imposing it to consider what will be the social and moral effect of imposing the one or the other.

No Suspicion of Protection.

You may search the writings and the speeches of Mr. Gladstone, and you will find the principle laid down over and over again, both when he was repealing the paper duties and when he was rearranging the wine scale in reference to the admission of French and other light wines. Every Free Trade financier has acted over and over again upon that principle. I say, therefore, that my right honorable friend is perfectly justified, there being no suspicion or possibility of Protection, in regarding it as a recommendation of his land taxes that they will bring land into the market which is now artificially withheld from it, and thereby promote the healthy growth of urban communities. And he is perfectly justified in regard to his license tax in considering whether the effect may not be to discourage

the growth and indeed the existence of some of the worst class of houses.

A Strong Hint to the Trade.

And when we talk, as the right honorable gentleman does, about more going into the pockets of the trade than will pass into the coffers of the state, the resources of civilization in that respect are not exhausted. If the trade chooses to say that they cannot recoup themselves in any practical way from the additional burden which this tax imposes upon them except by raising the price of the commodity which they sell to a point far higher than is needed for the purpose of indemnifying them against the new demand made by the state, I do not know what my right honorable friend may do. I do not pretend to be a candidate of the secrets of his next year's budget, but I do know what I should be disposed to do. I should at any rate think whether it might not be possible and even expedient to transfer the tax from the person who sells to the commodity which that person exposes for sale. At any rate I think we may fairly say that that charge made against us is that these taxes canons of Free Trade finance have not been made good. The second charge made against us is that these taxes have not been chosen in good faith on their fiscal merits, but in a spirit of vindictiveness to fine and punish particular classes and interests or particular forms of property which are not in favor of the Government or the majority of this House. (Opposition cheer.) That is really resolved with very faint cheers, and I am not surprised, because although I have no doubt that the charge will serve at any rate as rhetoric on the platform, I think it was yesterday completely swept out of the regions of rational entities by my right honorable friend the Chancellor of the Exchequer. This £13,000,000 has got to be found somewhere and somehow. Everybody admits that, and the right honorable gentleman who has just sat down, has really acquitted us in regard to what I thought was the gravamen of the charge, namely that our budget was directed in particular against the landed interest and the owners of agricultural land. He has really acquitted us, and found us not guilty.

Mr. Balfour—I accept your professions. Mr. Balfour—That is not a very generous way of putting it. I thought the right honorable gentleman went a step further, and admitted that our professions were made in good faith.

Mr. Balfour—Yes.

Mr. Asquith—But really, in addition to what the right honorable gentleman has admitted and in addition to what the Chancellor of the Exchequer so forcibly pointed out yesterday, when he really appeared for a few moments almost in the guise of the good fairy, I am indebted to the right honorable gentleman for supplying one little gap which was left in my right honorable friend's argument. He had called attention for a totally different purpose to what he regarded as the different and discrepant definitions of site value. The differences are not quite so great as the right honorable gentleman supposes, but I admit that there is a discrepancy. There is a discrepancy, and a very marked discrepancy, between the definition of site value in the case of urban land and in the case of rural land. What is the difference? In the case of rural land the site value gives for incentive purposes full credit to the owner of the land for all the improvements he has made. In other words, this is an additional boon to agriculture. The agricultural owners start on the road towards improvement with a larger amount put to their credit than the corresponding owner of urban land, so that in addition to all the other boons which my right honorable friend is promising agriculture there is this elastic, generous, and considerate definition of site value which should be put to his credit. There is very little there to justify the charge of vindictiveness, and I have heard really no attempt to reply to what my right honorable friend said yesterday.

The Charges of Socialism.

Now I come to the general charges against the budget with which the right honorable gentleman associated himself in the latter part of his speech, that it is Socialistic and an attack on property. I see that this was put only last night with characteristic amenity by the chief whip of the opposition. I am quoting a paragraph which I saw in the paper. The right honorable gentleman said the budget (he actually repeated the Eighth and Tenth Commandments—I am not sure that he has got his numbers quite right, (loud laughter). It incidentally repeated, at any rate, some part of the Decalogue in raising the simple issue as to whether the financial policy of the country was to be directed by Mr. Snowden. This is a very old, old story, of course. I do not suppose there is any budget for the last thirty years in which the chief whip, with his microscopic eye and his sweeping and soaring imagination, could not discern traces of Socialism. Take the long series of exemptions and abatements that have been engrafted on the income on the road to Socialism. Or looking at expenditure, take the grant of free education by a Conservative Government—a far more Socialistic measure than the old-age pensions act, because it transferred to the state from the shoulders of the parent what may be regarded as one of the primary duties of a citizen. But I won't weary the House with instances. We could go on forever from one to another in this barren controversy, and each side could convict the other a hundred times over of being impregnated with the principles of Socialism.

The Undeveloped Land Duty.

But I want to bring it to a test in reference to the charge the right honorable gentleman made in the latter part of his speech in reference to our dealings with land. The right honorable gentleman said no justification whatever had been given for the undeveloped land duty—he seemed to think it was a wasteful, gratuitous piece of robbery—and he asked me, "What is your justification for it?" I will

tell him in one sentence. We say all land ought to be taxed to its proper value. (Ministerial cheers.) Agricultural land is taxed—some people say it is overtaxed, and my right honorable friend has made large concessions in that direction. But here is land which is not being taxed on its proper value, and the whole object of the undeveloped land duty is to secure that it shall be so taxed. (Ministerial cheers.) The right honorable gentleman said that the authorities that had been cited were authorities for rating and not taxing the land. That is not quite so. He was forgetting the greatest authority, or at all events the one that ought to appeal most strongly to him—his own colleague, Lord St. Aldwyn. In the passage cited by the Chancellor of the Exchequer yesterday, Lord St. Aldwyn was speaking not of the rating, but of the taxation of urban sites, and he was suggesting it to Sir William Harcourt as a substitute for the death duties. (Ministerial cheers.) As the Chancellor of the Exchequer truly reminds me, if it had had to be an adequate substitute for the death duties it would have had to be on a much larger scale than anything we now propose. (Ministerial cheers.)

The Increment Duty.

Then I come to what I regard as an equally important duty, the increment duty. (Ministerial cheers.) The right honorable gentleman says a lot of bad metaphysics have been talked about it, and he challenges me once more to justify dealing with land and with the increased value of land in the exceptional way. Once more, and in a single sentence, I will explain to the House what we believe to be the underlying principle and the justification of this tax. We say that as regards much of the land in a community like ours—a country with a crowded population, with an ever-growing tendency to become more and more aggregated in masses—there is a steady and continuous enhancement in its capital value not due to any effort or any enterprise on the part of the owner, but due to the part of the owner—(cheers)—not seen or foreseeable when the land was acquired by these owners or their predecessors in title—(cheers)—but an enhancement in value arising from the growth and activity and the expenditure of the community itself. (Cheers.) And we say that on that added value so reaching it is consistent with natural justice with economic truth, and with natural justice that the state should from time to time levy toll. (Loud cheers.) That is the principle. It does not rest upon metaphysics. (Laughter.) It is not a principle of plain common sense and equity—(cheers)—and in the application of that principle under this bill what do we do? We take the land as it is—we do not go back upon the past—and we simply say that as the future improvements in value, arising not from the efforts, exertions, or expenditure of the owner, but from those social or economic causes I have referred to, the state shall take this small percentage, and apply it to public purposes and for the benefit of the community which has created the value. (Loud cheers.) I am prepared to defend that principle at any time, and I am—(cheers)—and not less so because it has been growing in volume in the legislation of all the civilized countries of the world.

The Issue.

Now let me just point out what the issue is going to be tonight. This is an amendment to reject the bill. In 1907 and 1908 we had reasoned amendments demanding by way of substitute for the budget of the year a scheme for what is called broadening the basis of taxation. (Ministerial laughter.) What has become of those amendments? (Renewed laughter and ironical cheers.) Are we driven, must we be driven, to the melancholy conclusion that the alternative budget of Tariff "Reform" has been found to be much safer on the platform than it is in this House? (Laughter and ironical cheers.) I repeat this question that has been so often put in the course of these debates, and unlike the criticisms to which the right honorable gentleman has referred, has never been answered. This money has to be provided, as everyone admits, for objects whose necessity and urgency nobody denies. (Cheers.) Where is it to come from? (Cheers.) In this budget we seek to provide it from sources which can afford it without fining wealth without hampering industry, without trenching on the necessities and the simpler comforts of the daily life of the people. (Cheers.) The bulk of the burden will fall, as we believe, on the shoulders of those who are best able to bear it—(cheers)—and it will be shared, like the benefits of which it is the price, by all classes and by all interests in the community. (Cheers.) Let them show us a more just, a more excellent way! (Loud Ministerial cheers.)

FIRES THAT NEVER GO OUT.

In Siam is a fire that not only lasts for years, but has what has been aptly termed "lineal descendants." It is to be found in a Buddhist temple near Bangkok, where every fourth year at a certain time the priests light a fresh fire in a big brazier. This flame is kept alive for four years, and is in turn extinguished after supplying a brand to ignite its successor. Inasmuch as this practice has been followed for two centuries, the Buddhist fire of Bangkok is, in a sense, the oldest in the world. Another long-term fire is said to exist at Sarhad, Persia. This flame is a symbol of religious fervor, and it is said to be kept alive for seventy years. In explanation of this curious fact it is explained that the Persians, rigid Mohammedans, and regarding their former fire-worshipping faith with detestation, nevertheless suffer the Sarhad flame to continue to display their gratitude for a service rendered a high official of the Persian Government many years ago. At that time, it is said, a Pasha Parsee, who had come to trade at Sarhad, was the happy means of the saving of the grand vizier from assassination. So the grateful fire is kept alive for seventy years. It is said to be kept alive indefinitely.—Tit-Bits.

5,000 Out of Work.

Not men, but corn that were put out of business last week by Putnam's Corn Extractor. No corn can live if treated by Putnam's. It is safe, painless and sure. Use only Putnam's.

Let Us Plan The Heating Arrangement of Your New Home

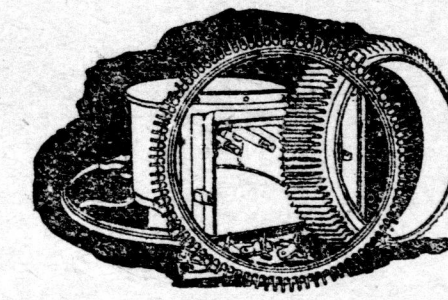


"THE MANSE"

Unbridge, March 31 1908.

I have had one of Clare Bros. "Hecla" furnaces for eight years which has given such satisfaction that it is a pleasure to tell about it. I have yet to see the day it failed to give all the heat I wanted—indeed it has never yet been put to its limit.

REV. JAMES R. FRASER.



CLARE BROS. & CO. Limited, PRESTON, Ont.

It won't cost you a cent, you know. Simply send us a rough plan of the house you intend to build—and we will lay out a perfect heating system and give you an estimate of the cost—free of charge.

Of course, we will recommend

The Hecla Furnace

—the furnace that has proved its service and economy by twenty years use in Canadian homes. It is the only furnace with Fused Joints—the only one that is absolutely and permanently gas and dust proof.

Get our catalogue—and by all means, send the plan of your house so we can give you an estimate of the cost of the heating system.

HOW THEY MAKE THE MOTION FILMS

A Thousand Actors Engaged
in This Country, and Many
More Abroad.

It is estimated that close to 1,000 actors and actresses are employed by the dozen or more firms engaged in the making of moving-picture films in the United States, and a much greater number in Europe, where there are more film companies. Each manufacturer endeavors to turn out two new films every week and the output will probably average 100 subjects per year, running the gamut of comedy, pathos, melodrama, actual scenes from life and the dramatization of well-known fairy stories and the classics of children's literature, like "Robinson Crusoe." The proper presentation of these little dramas before the camera engages the expert services of a small army of stage managers, photographers and assistants, leaving out of consideration the literary chaps who furnish the plots and details of the action. Practically all of these men and women are at work day after day producing new motion pictures for the insatiable public, and the fact that most of their labors are hidden away from that public until the result is ready to be projected on the screen, adds the charm of mystery to it.

Open Air Studios.

In the making of a certain class of open-air pictures it is, of course, almost impossible to prevent the actors from being seen by the bystanders and residents of the neighborhoods through which they dash in pursuit of the hero or the villain, taking care to remain within the focus of the camera in their most violent dashing. But the majority of the dramatic subjects are portrayed in the studios of the film manufacturing concerns, on regularly equipped stages, under the glare of many specially constructed electric lights, with powerful reflectors, which furnish illumination brilliant enough to set upon the sensitized film of the moving-picture camera as the familiar "flash light" does upon the plate of an ordinary camera.

When a subject is selected for reproduction by the manager of that particular department in one of the big film-making concerns, a comedy, for instance, a brief outline of the story is submitted to the producer, who acts as stage manager as well as photographic expert. It is his function to know just how the story can be told in pantomime—for your moving-picture actor has no "lines" to convey his feelings, decisions or intentions to "his house." He must make them see it all at a glance. The producer selects his "cast" from the staff of actors and actresses at his disposal, gives them copies of the outline of the playlet in order that they may be thoroughly familiar with the action of the various characters, and selects his "props" quite as the stage manager of a regular theatre does when preparing for a "production."

These actors, by the way, are a study in themselves. Not only are they required to be adepts in pantomime, but as most of the comedy efforts in motion pictures are produced by violent collisions between the performers, rolling down the hills into pools of water or spilling bags of flour upon the victim of various other mishaps, the principal comedian of a "mutography" repertoire company and most of the minor performers must be

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ly commodity and may not be wasted. At last the actors "get the idea" to the satisfaction of the manager, the camera is brought out, the electric lights are turned on, and away they go, making film for the exhibitor, entertainment for the masses, and money for the manufacturer, the middle-man.—The Green Book Album.

MINARD'S LINIMENT FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

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Stomach out?
Liver off?
Everything
seem wrong?
Make everything
right with

**Abbey's
Efficient Salt**

—Nature's cure
for all Stomach,
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AT DRUGGISTS,
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A GLANCE AT LIFE IN GREAT BRITAIN---HAPPENINGS IN ENGLAND, IRELAND AND SCOTLAND BRIEFLY CHRONICLED

JUMPED IN A WELL

Suicide of Brute Who Beat Girl With a Hammer.

The Right Hon. John Burns said: "The best remedy for the housing evil is to drink less; to help reformers; to persist in rising up, to cease drinking, betting and gambling."

A miner, after a drinking bout at Wolverhampton, undressed himself and climbed to the top of Himeley Church steeple. He descended after the police had exhausted all their powers of persuasion. He was fined £2.

States barges are things of the past. It is announced that H.M. tug Robust will convey the lord mayor of London to the Drednought on the occasion of the visit of the fleets to the Thames.

Last year over £13,000,000 was spent in this country on imported mutton. As a consequence, it is stated, the demand for home-grown sheep has seriously fallen off, and farmers are experiencing heavy losses.

In the building and completing of a Drednought daily work is afforded for between 1,000 and 1,500 skilled men. Of the total cost of £1,950,000 about 70 per cent—or £1,365,000—would go in wages.

"Self-homicide" was the verdict returned by a coroner's jury at Kingston, near Langport, Somerset, in the case of Henry Crayke, a widower, who jumped down a well after assaulting his daughter with a hammer. The girl, Lily, aged eighteen, acted as housekeeper, looking after four young children, whose ages ranged from four to twelve. The girl sustained no less than eight bad wounds, and is in a critical state.

The strike of goods porters and carters at Cork caused many merchants on Wednesday to take their goods from the quays themselves. Sir Stanley Harrington, of the Cork Chemical Drug Company, was among those who drove vansloads of goods from the quays.

Two rare Transvaal stamps (1s, yellow green), formerly the property of the late Mr. F. J. Nankivell, were sold on Wednesday night by Messrs. Glemendinger for £2.

WORSHIP IN TAVERN

Weekly Service in "Farmer's Arms," Sheldon, Eng.

At the Staffordshire licensing sessions it was stated that church services were held weekly at the "Farmer's Arms," Sheldon, High Offley.

The Duke of York's military school at Chelsea will be moved to Dover, where new buildings have been erected. A sixteenth century French translation of Terence was sold for £105 at the dispersal of the Beaufort library at Christie's.

John Cropper, of Liverpool, who had already saved fifty lives, rescued a girl from drowning in the Leeds and Liverpool canal.

The factories and workshops of the United Kingdom employed 1,037,223 people in 1907. Of these 504,321 were women and 210,982 were men.

It was discovered that a quantity of valuable old point lace had been stolen from the altar at St. Edward's Parish Church, Romford.

While Mr. Philip Thorne, a builder and contractor, was leaving St. Mary's Church, Wiltshire, after attending the wedding of a friend, he dropped dead.

Sir James Dewar stated in a lecture at the Royal Institution that there were 20,000 tons of radium in the sea and 1,000,000 tons of radium on the ocean bed.

R. Yates, a young professional golfer, made a wonderful record on the Coombe Wood links. He scored the seventh hole, which measures 240 yards in one stroke.

An interesting find of coins has been made by workmen excavating the headmaster's garden at the Royal Grammar School, Guildford. They include a Charles II. half crown, dated 1667, and a "trader's token," on the obverse, of which is a woodcock and the names, James Snelling, and on the reverse a castle, and the words "In Guildford." Several copper coins, chiefly early Georgian, were unearthed, as well as a leaden inkstand of an extinct pattern.

In reply to a question in the House of Commons Mr. Haldane said that, notwithstanding the one year men going out, there had been an increase since May 1, of 5,105 non-commissioned officers and men of the territorial army. The present total of the force was 3,313 officers and 253,463 non-commissioned officers and men.

An ascertained commercial value of

BABY'S GREAT DANGER DURING HOT WEATHER

More children die during the hot weather than at any other time of the year. Diarrhoea, dysentery, cholera infantum and stomach troubles come without warning, and when a medicine is not at hand to give prompt relief, the delay may prove fatal to the child. Baby's Own Tablets should be kept in every home where there are children during the hot weather months. An occasional dose of the tablets will prevent deadly summer complaints, or cure them if they come unexpectedly. Mrs. O. Moreau, St. Tite, Que., says: "My baby suffered from a severe attack of cholera infantum, but after giving him Baby's Own Tablets the trouble disappeared, and he regained his splendid health." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.

£4 per milligramme (equivalent to £114,000 per ounce), has been placed upon radium by a contract just entered into between the British Metalliferous Mines (Ltd.) and Viscount Iveagh and Sir E. Cassel, for the supply of 7½ grammes of pure radium bromide. It will come from the Cornish pitch-blende mine, and be presented to the Radium Institute. The institute is expected to be ready to receive patients suffering from cancer about the end of the present year.

Sir H. Babington Smith, secretary of the London postoffice, informed the Commons committee that 44,000 of the postal servants were adverse to the daylight saving bill, 8,900 neutral and 8,900 favorable.

Designed to carry a line from vessels at sea the Unge aerial torpedo, which is driven by a small turbine, was tried at Portsmouth, the torpedoes carrying the line in spite of a high wind of 30 to 35 yards.

Although experiments on living animals numbered 88,634 last year, an increase of 15,260, the home office report issued on Monday shows that nearly all the increase is due to inoculations performed without anaesthetics.

THREATENED BY SEA

Churchyard Is in Danger of Being Swept Away.

The churchyard at Lyme Regis is fast being swallowed up by the sea, and the inhabitants are in fear for the safety of the church.

Seen fishing in the Thames at Kingston with an improvised net, a resident explained that he had lost his false teeth in rescuing a child from the river the previous evening. He recovered them.

The Bank of Shrewsbury and Talbot is one of the directors of a newly-formed company, with a share capital of £150,000, to develop a wonderful home-made substitute for petrol, called "Homolite." It is a hydrocarbon obtained in the distillation of coal-tar.

So much fruit and fresh vegetables for English markets are now arriving from South France that a daily service of steamers for this traffic alone has been started between Calais and Folkestone.

The remarkable price of \$1400 an ounce was paid for Christie's recently for an old English silver inkstand of the time of Charles I., one of the rare pieces which escaped the melting pot during the civil war.

Lieut. Shackleton has accepted an invitation to become a "Younger Brother of Trinity." This is the second time in the history of Trinity Lodge that such a distinction has been conferred.

By a dinner at the Grand Hotel the Pitt Club on Monday celebrated the 150th anniversary of Pitt's birth. The Duke of Richmond, an ancestor presided at the club dinner 100 years ago, being in the chair.

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Five early British pennies realized £747 at Sotheby's on Monday the dispersal of the Rasnigh collection of coins. The chief item was a silver penny of Wicfar, A.D. 825-833, which realized £275. Another penny of the same reign, one of 700 Anglo-Saxon coins found at Dorchester, made £174.

When the steamer Everon Grange left Liverpool for the Cape a dozen stowaways were routed out, and landed. When the ship was a couple of days out a dozen more were discovered. At Bristol on Monday some were fined, and others were bound over.

It has been decided by the lords of the admiralty to increase the wages of established ship-riggers to 28s. per week, and hired ship-riggers to 29s. 6d. per week. Mr. Perryman Hartnoll, who has died at Braintree, North Devon, aged ninety-nine, was probably the oldest churchwarden in England, having held the post for fifty years without a break.

In White hall, recently, an American seated on a taxicab drawn to the side of the road was sketching one of the Lifeguardsmen on duty at the Horse Guards gates. At the cost of 8d. for ten minutes the artist evaded rule against sketching in a public place.

After a London and Southwestern excursion train with school children arrived at Littlehampton from Kingston-on-Thames on Wednesday three carriages caught fire through the heated axle. The whole of the upholstery and fittings were destroyed, the gas reservoirs having ignited.

During a heavy thunderstorm at Cressing, Essex, two fine horses, worth £200 each, were struck dead by lightning, while plowing a field. The stones as large as shillings fell in Lincolnshire about the same time.

A county council grant of £2000 a year is recommended for a school for tailors to be started at the Regent Street Polytechnic, in order to train English boys in a trade which at present provides work for a large number of foreigners.

The King will personally present silver medals to five men belonging to the Island of Phray, Orkney, for their gallant rescue of the crew of the trawler Hope, of Peterhead, wrecked

during a snowstorm on Dec. 29 last. For trying to save a man from drowning in a sewer, John Kane has been awarded the Royal Humane Society's bronze medal and William Jones the silver medal for rescuing them both, the men being seamen in the Bristol council's employ.

Denis Kelly, for twenty years in the service of the house of guardians as a tailor in the union, has been granted a superannuation of £1 9s 2d a week. This is the fullest allowance to which he is entitled.

LATE SIR A. LUSK

A Poor Scottish Orphan Who Was Mayor of London.

Alderman Sir Andrew Lusk, who died at his London residence recently, at the age of 98, was a self-made man, having been left an orphan when very young.

He was born in Barr, Ayrshire, son of a small farmer. When about thirty Andrew Lusk went to London, and began operations as a shipowner and dealer in ships' stores in Fenchurch street. By untiring diligence and perseverance he built up a very successful business, which brought him considerable wealth.

In 1873 he became lord mayor, and entertained the Czar of Russia at the Mansion House on the occasion of the betrothal of the Duke of Edinburgh to the Czar's daughter.

The death is announced of the Rev. Herbert James, rector of Livermore, Dury St. Edmunds, aged 86. Mr. Bonar Law, in the budget debate, said that ministers were painting the town red. But most people are looking blue.

The London and North-Western Railway run expresses from London to Rhyl without a stop—209 miles in 237 minutes.

Mr. Gypsy Smith, the well known evangelist, now in England, told a Liverpool correspondent that during the last ten months he had spoken in forty-five or forty-six cities in America to three and a quarter millions of people in the aggregate at 600 meetings, and had travelled over 20,000 miles.

The School of Arts and Crafts at Lille has been the scene of a strange attack upon one of the teachers. The latter had come to bed, when he was rudely aroused by a howl. Round his bed were five boys in their night attire, their faces concealed in cotton hoods, and they were striking at him with their fists, which were armed with knuckledusters. After driving them out he found they had left behind a black banner, with the initials "B. N." interpreted as standing for "Bande Noire."

It is believed the pupils formed themselves into a Black Hand association to revenge supposed injustice.

A cedar tree weighing nearly 75 tons has been moved 20 yards at the residence of Mr. Westman Pearson, Sussex residence. A tunnel had to be dug to free it.

A beautiful limestone Celtic cross, standing about ten feet high, has been erected in Silverue churchyard, County Kerry, over the grave of the late Mr. William Dowling, by his friends, the local national teachers.

Sir Daniel Cooper, Bart., who died at his London residence, 40 Grosvenor Square, recently, was the well known racing owner, and was a member of the Jockey Club, and of the Royal Yacht Squadron.

While a standing committee of the House of Commons was discussing the sale of "margarine" bill, on Monday Mr. Byles mentioned that he recently bought a penny bunch of violets in the street. He discovered later that the bunch was made of paper.

Herr Welsbach, the inventor of the incandescent gas mantle, has invented a new type of match, an alloy of the two metals iron and thorium. When a piece of it is struck against a piece of iron it makes a spark capable of lighting a match.

The success of the church pageant at Fulham Palace is exemplified by the enormous demand for the cheap tickets, 40,000 applications being received for the 33,000 places within three days of the notice of cheap prices being issued.

£250 FOR AN EYE

Serious Sequel to Quarrel—Hit With Whip.

During the past year 480,655 dogs were registered in Ireland.

While some old houses at Skibbereen were being pulled down, three workmen were thrown to the basement, receiving serious injuries.

Mr. Thomas Alexander Dickson, an Irish privy councillor, factory owner, and former Liberal M. P. for Dundee, died at his residence at Drogheda.

The auxiliary workshop and unattended land at Castlerea, on the estate of Sir James Mathews, which was vested in the Local Government Board, has been handed over to the land commissioner.

Mr. Birrell has had to introduce a new bill in the House of Commons to correct a verbal error in the lunacy (Ireland) act of 1901. The word "person" was printed instead of "prisoner," with the result that the definition of "criminal lunatics" became enlarged, so as to include persons who were neither criminals nor prisoners.

Previous to the races mass was celebrated on Barronstown racecourse, County Tipperary, on Corpus Christi Day. The arrangements were made for the benefit of the Roman Catholics, who, arriving in immense numbers for the races, could not be accommodated in the little church. The celebrant was Canon Ryan, a local priest, and the altar was erected in the press box.

Most Rev. Dr. Lyson, bishop of Achonry, has appointed a new Vicar, Canon Conington, P. P., Collooney, parish priest of Ballymore, in succession to the late Right Rev. Monsignor Loftus.

Mr. Edward Dolan, merchant and auctioneer of Meath County, Westmeath, was awarded the damages in Dublin against four members of the United Irish League, who, he alleged,

BUGLER'S TRIBUTE

To Officer Under Whom He Fought at Alma.

Among the wreaths placed on the grave of Field Marshal Sir F. Haines, who was buried at Brompton Cemetery, was one "From the Bugler at Alma, who gave you a drink on the battlefield, and whom you remembered 44 years afterwards, when he was overtake by misfortune."

John Robinson Hopper, manager of the Elmsmere brewery, was sentenced to three years' penal servitude at Salop assizes, for embezzling £25,000 belonging to the company.

The church of Kirdale, near Kirby Moxley, is to be restored. It has two fine Saxon doorways, and over the south doorway is a sundial with Saxon inscriptions dating from 1060.

Mr. and Mrs. Elphick, who celebrated their diamond wedding at Lindfield, near Havant, Hants, received a telegram of congratulation from the King which was read to them by the Bishop of Chichester.

Major-General Arthur Batty, C. B., a famous Indian soldier, died at Torquay, at the age of 69. He entered the army in 1857, and fought in the Indian mutiny, taking part in the siege and capture of Lucknow, and in the operations in Oude.

One hundred and twenty clergymen left Dover on a visit to Germany. Archbishop Crose had recently at Norwich at the age of 78.

The footprints of the extinct monster, the Iguanodon, have been discovered at Crowborough.

Mrs. Rebecca Clark, of Woodgreen, has just entered upon her 106th year. Her eldest child is 75 years old.

The first consignment of Southampton strawberries at Covent Garden realized up to £1 9s 2d a basket of four pounds.

Wm. Sharpton, a Canning Town laborer, was fined £1 8s at West Ham for giving beer to a child under three years of age.

Members of the British fire prevention committee have left London for Berlin to study fire prevention in Northern Germany.

Major Richardson has sold seven trained bloodhounds to France. The dogs will take part in the international police dog trials.

Owing to fears of the industrial disputes in the South Wales and Scottish coal fields prices of Northumbrian and Durham coal are rising rapidly.

Mr. Hutton, the magistrate at Woolwich, allowed an old musician charged with begging to play a tin whistle as evidence.

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had proclaimed a boycott against him and injured him in his business. James Trimble, former manager of the flour mill of Messrs. Fennell, has been appointed manager of the timber, slate and iron works which were recently acquired by Mr. Frank Fisher, from Messrs. Carvill Bros., the Quay, Newry.

To celebrate Mr. Chamberlain's birthday on July 8 a large number of meetings in connection with the Tariff Reform League will be held throughout the country.

WAS HE CROOKED?

Ex-Collector Said to Have Misappropriated \$15,000.

The Irish department of technical instruction has given a grant of \$5,000 for the establishment of a school of commerce in Limerick.

At Belfast, S. Macgonigal, ex-city rate collector, has been committed for trial on a charge of having falsified books of the corporation and misappropriated close on \$15,000.

A sum of \$2,000 bequeathed to Cardinal Logue for a charitable purpose has been given by his executors to Sir Thomas Esmonde, who is to distribute it personally amongst the evicted tenants of Wexford.

Kilcommon is a parish containing the town of Hollywood, in which are the remains of some ancient Rath. Military weapons, elk's horns, and coins of Queen Elizabeth's reign have been discovered here at different times.

On account of there being no children in Ballinrobe Union, the guardians have abolished the position of teacher in that institution.

The death of Mrs. Rose McGaghnan, said to be aged 114 years, took place at the residence of her son, Swanigan, County Cavan.

A little boy named John Leslie, Armistead, aged 5, was found in a cemetery in County Durham, with his throat cut from ear to ear.

16,000 EMPTY HOUSES

Glasgow Landlords Have to Reduce Rents.

The boring operations which have been proceeding at the Manor and Powis estates have been attended with good results. The valuable coal seams in the Bannockburn series have been found at a reasonable depth and of good thickness.

Nurse Eluel Wharton has been presented by the mayor of Aberavon with the Carnegie bronze medal for bravery in rescuing a child from the recent disastrous fire at the Jersey Beach Hotel. Nurse Wharton could have escaped without injury, but she went back into the burning building to rescue a child, which she carried to a window and threw out into a sheet. In jumping afterwards herself she was seriously injured.

A grant of \$10,000 from the Scottish fishery board for Storrans pier has been promised.

At Dundee recently 5,000 mice were killed at the taking down of some stacks in a farmyard.

Fenwick Farmers' Society has petitioned Parliament in favor of an agricultural department for Scotland.

There are in Glasgow at least 15,000 untenanted houses, and factors have in many instances been forced to reduce rents.

The six cottars in Lewis, who seized Dalbeth Farm, having refused to desist, have got a week's imprisonment each.

Mr. W. J. Munro has been appointed cashier at the head office of the Life Association of Scotland, Edinburgh.

James Finlay & Co., West Nile street, Glasgow, have been registered as a private limited liability company. Capital, £1,000,000.

The new church for Bridge Street United Free congregation, Dumbarton, just completed, has been erected at a cost of fully \$30,000.

Alloa is proudly boasting of its freedom from crime these days. There are seven breweries and three distilleries in the town and vicinity.

Glasgow and West of Scotland Agricultural College will take over the lands of Hurler Farm, Kilmarlock, for agricultural education.

The Master of Elibank, M. P. for Peebles and Selkirk, has accepted the invitation to contest Mid-Lothian at the next general election.

In the Royal Infirmary, Edinburgh, the medical out-patient department has just been remodelled at a cost of £2,000.

Mr. A. Johnstone Douglas has, in co-operation with Sir James Crichton, commenced a scheme for the improvement of the harbor of Glasgow, and to initiate a movement to perpetuate, in some fitting manner, the memory of Thomas Carlyle in the land of his birth and the home of his early life and work.

The estimated value of the estate of the late Mr. Charles Morrison, London—£8,666,666, 13s. 4d.—is the largest ever entered at the probate registry. This is the first millionaire estate Mr. Lloyd George's budget. The increase in the amount of duty payable is £50,000.

Irishmen harbor trustees have, in co-operation with Sir James Crichton, commenced a scheme for the improvement of the harbor of Glasgow, and to initiate a movement to perpetuate, in some fitting manner, the memory of Thomas Carlyle in the land of his birth and the home of his early life and work.

An interesting ceremony took place at Campbelltown, Argyshire, on the 5th ult., when a Union Jack sent by the children of Campbelltown, New South Wales, to the Scottish burgh of the same name, was presented by the

provost to the custody of the Grammar School.

By the death of Wm. Pyper, known best in Aberdeen as Ballie Pyper, "the old brigade," now tapering in numbers, has been still further thinned.

At Peterhead on the 5th ult. 140 boats had an average of 30 crabs, bringing the week's total to about 11,500 crabs, compared with 4,604 for the corresponding week last year.

The other day a small brown duck was sent in a hamper from Drummond, Nairnshire, to a farm near Lethen. Next morning it was seen swimming in its old pond, having walked four miles during the night.

The death in New Zealand is announced of Miss Annie Mackay, bardess to the Clan Mackay Society, and authoress of "The Last Sabbath in Strathnaver," and other poems. She was born in the parish of Tongue, Sutherlandshire, 68 years ago.

One hundred engineers belonging to Forth, Glasgow, Renfrewshire, are working in the Austrian shipbuilding yards.

Rev. A. Symington, Martyrs' U. F. Church, Greenock, on retiring after 40 years' service, has been presented with a silver kettle and stand and two silver entree dishes, also a pair of gold spectacles. Miss Symington received a case containing a silver brush and comb and hand-glass.

The annual choir festival service in connection with the Ayr Presbytery church union was held in Dumbarton Parish Church on the 5th ult. The choir consisted of over 250 voices, representing thirteen parish church choirs.

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A pike weighing 18 pounds has been caught in Hellmool Loch, Roxburghshire.

Christie Newlands, Bannockburn, has completed seven years and five months' perfect attendance at school, and is to be presented with a watch by the school board.

Ferth town council is to pay £50 a year for the use of the baths for the tuition of pupils in swimming.

The fruit crop in Blairgowrie district, Perthshire, one of the leading fruit-growing localities, promises very favorably.

Rev. Peter G. Gilruth, one of the oldest ministers in the diocese of Scotland, has died at Alyth at the age of 92 years. He was the last surviving member of an old Alyth family. Till within a year or two ago he occupied pulpits in the district.

Kilross may not be a grand "show place," but it is a spot that has a charm of its own. The hills

220 DUNDAS STREET

Toronto, to Victor E. Gianelli, Toronto.

pany, Limited, 261 Dundas street. tf

ST. THOMAS, ILBERTON,
THORNDALF.