

General Business.

Weak, Nervous Women.

One to whom a night's rest was unknown. Strength and good health restored.

I was subject to frequent attacks of nervousness that seemed to sap all my vitality and left me in a state of weakness and misery. I could not resist food and such a thing as a good night's rest was unknown. Medicines that I took did not do any good; it was a case of gradually becoming weaker and weaker until I was unable to get on my feet.

Having tried Scott's Emulsion and its success with similar cases to mine, I used it, and from the first few doses I began to feel better. My appetite returned, my strength increased, and I was able to get on my feet. I am now as well as ever, and I am a great admirer of Scott's Emulsion.

WORTH A GUINEA A BOTTLE, SHARP'S BALSAM OF HORSEHOOD

GROUP, COUGHS & COLDS. 50 YEARS IN USE.

AMNISTON & CO. PROPRIETORS. ST. JOHN, N. B.

Assessors' Notice.

The Assessment of Rates for the Parish of Chatham has been made and the same is now ready for collection. The rates are as follows: For the Parish of Chatham, \$1.00 per acre, and for the Parish of Miramichi, \$1.00 per acre.

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Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, N. B., MARCH 26, 1896.

The Remedial Bill.

We are sure that every friend of Canada will be glad that the Remedial Bill has been carried to its second reading in parliament and that Mr. Laurier's scheme to precipitate a general election on a religious issue has failed. It had been understood by some before the bill was introduced, that it was intended to move a resolution of enquiry into the Manitoba school question and, on the pretence that the facts were not already known, get sufficient votes to put off the consideration of the bill, and thus defeat the Government. He, however, suddenly changed his tactics and, when the bill was up for its second reading, moved what is popularly known as the "six months' hold."

He hoped this motion would have a larger parliamentary support than the proposition for a commission, and he and his friends anticipated carrying it by a narrow majority, which would, as a matter of course, be a government defeat, involving the dissolution of parliament and an immediate general election to be run on religious issues. The good sense of parliament has averted this calamity, and Mr. Laurier finds himself in a minority of twenty-four, while the bill has passed to its second reading by a majority of eighteen. Meantime, as an outcome of a visit of Sir Donald Smith to Winnipeg, and his belief expressed in parliament that there is a possibility of an amicable settlement of the question, Hon. Mr. Dickey, Minister of Justice, and Hon. Mr. Duggan, Minister of Militia, have been commissioned to go to Winnipeg to hold a conference with the Manitoba government with the object of a settlement being arrived at which will render the enforcement of the Remedial Bill unnecessary. These representatives of the Government will be accompanied by Sir Donald Smith, whose knowledge of the whole question and of the people of Manitoba, as well as his patriotic desire to have a settlement effected with the minority by the local authorities, make him a very valuable auxiliary and intermediary. There was a proposition to invite the co-operation of Mr. Laurier in the matter, but his determination to keep the question alive as a political one, for party purposes, has rendered it dangerous to trust him or any party representative he might name to participate in the pending negotiations. Meantime, the bill will be proceeded with, for if its consideration were suspended and the negotiations should fail, the dissolution of parliament by lapse of time would find it still an unsettled matter, of which the demagogues would make the most use in the general election.

They don't want it Settled.

There is a good deal of truth in a statement of Mr. Waldon in parliament on Friday last. He said it was evident that Mr. Laurier and his followers feared a local settlement of the Manitoba School question would be effected. True Canada, he said, deplored that parliament had been obliged to waste several years of energy over the matter and would be glad to see a satisfactory solution by Mr. Laurier and his followers. The Government at all stages of the controversy to meet the Greenway government in a spirit of conciliation, and to the recent visit of Sir Donald Smith to Winnipeg, he said Sir Donald, in this matter, had acted the part of a patriot. The government were deserving of thanks for endeavoring to secure a settlement. Much as he deplored the present condition of affairs, he was bound to admit the weight of evidence was against Mr. Laurier and his followers. The measure was born in perfidy and in breach of honor. He looked for a happy solution of this difficulty to the great credit of this distracted country.

The "Globe's" Inventions in Connection with the Chatham Incorporation Bill.

The St. John's Globe was seized, the other day, with one of its periodical fits for manufacturing troubles between the local Government and its supporters in the Assembly, between individual members of the Government and their colleagues in the House, between the members of the Government, personally, and particularly, between the other members of the Government and Mr. Blair. If all the "envy, hatred, malice and uncharitableness" which the Globe either publishes or hints at really existed, the Government would hardly continue to hold together or be sustained for a day, and a certain Dominion candidate in St. John would see the desire of his soul upon Premier Blair. The Globe has already been obliged to take back some of its misrepresentations respecting an alleged disagreement of the Government with Mr. Barnes, of Kent, but we do not suppose it will do so in connection with the misstatements of fact by means of which it was enabled to have an account of the incorporation of the Chatham Bill, as it was intended to be introduced, at once began from Chatham. The present intention, Mr. Blair, is to introduce a bill at once, providing for the incorporation of the town of Chatham. The Globe's intention, Mr. Blair, is to introduce a bill at once, providing for the incorporation of the town of Chatham. The Globe's intention, Mr. Blair, is to introduce a bill at once, providing for the incorporation of the town of Chatham.

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Insertion in the bill of a clause continuing Mr. McColley in office' etc., really objected to the clause that was and would not be inserted and which only so continues Mr. McColley until he or some other gentleman is appointed police magistrate for the Town.

As to the Globe's other episode, to which it elegantly refers as "the open racket" between the Attorney General and Mr. Treble, those who understand matters know that they have very little effect upon the personal relationship of legislators, unless they be men of the Globe's calibre, to whom every little difference of opinion that is warmly discussed is either a great "quibble" or "open racket."

THE INCORPORATION OF CHATHAM.

The last bill that passed the second and third readings in the Legislature at Fredericton was that for the incorporation of the town of Chatham, and the measure will go practically into operation on the first Tuesday in June next, on which day the first election for Mayor and Aldermen will be held. The Act incorporating the Town is much shorter than the bill which was published in the ADVANCE a few weeks since. It contained 104 sections and two pages of schedules. Subsequently, the provisions for police and civil court procedure were added to it, so that when it was introduced in the Assembly by Mr. Treble, it contained 127 sections and five sheets—equal to about seven pages—of schedules. Mr. Treble had already introduced the Towns Incorporation Bill, which was not so complete in its provisions as the Chatham bill, and it was determined to make the necessary changes in and additions to the Chatham bill, so that it should be a complete bill for the Towns Incorporation Act, and then to pass a bill for Chatham with only the necessary local provisions, the authority for issuing bonds voted at the ratepayers' meeting, and the names of the Mayor and Aldermen, Public Works, etc. There were also left in the Chatham bill, provisions for voting at the elections of Mayor and Aldermen under the Dominion system, but these were not approved by the Municipalities Committee, so that the system of voting will be the same as that provided by the Towns Incorporation Act to which we shall presently refer.

BOUNDARIES.

A little difficulty was experienced in the matter of the Town boundaries, as the eastern limit of the Town, the westerly limit of the Fenton lot, but the lower school district line of the Town was at the upper line of the England Road. In like manner, the westerly limit of the town was fixed at the westerly line of the upper school district line, the Bacon Road. The difficulty was overcome in this way: The Bacon Road was made the westerly limit of the Town, and the Board of Education was given authority to extend the westerly limit of the school district line to the Bacon Road, and the westerly limit of the Town was fixed at the westerly line of the Bacon Road. This will leave the people living in that easterly portion of the Town still in the Middle Island school district, and their school assessment will continue to be payable therein. A clause was inserted in the bill giving to the Town Council power to exempt from Fire, Police or Light taxes any residents of the remote portions of the Town who may not be directly benefited thereby.

THE WARD.

QUEEN'S WARD.—That portion of the town of Chatham which is bounded as follows:—North by the middle of the Miramichi river; east by the Bacon Road; south by the westerly line of the Fenton lot; and west by the westerly line of the William Fenton lot.

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are to be elected by the votes of the whole town, subject to the provision that the aldermen chosen must be residents of the wards for which they are respectively nominated. The form of ballot is to be about as follows:—

JOHN DOE For Mayor.

RICHARD ROE Aldermen for Queen's Ward.

SAMUEL SLOW Aldermen for King's Ward.

WILLIAM GOW Aldermen for Wellington Ward.

PETER SNOW Aldermen for Duke's Ward.

THOMAS GNAW Aldermen for King's Ward.

DAVID SHAW Aldermen for Wellington Ward.

JONAS LAW Aldermen for Duke's Ward.

JACOB PAW Aldermen for King's Ward.

MATTHEW SLIM Aldermen for Wellington Ward.

MARK GRIM Aldermen for Duke's Ward.

LUKE CHIN Aldermen for King's Ward.

ANDREW GOOD Aldermen for Wellington Ward.

JOSEPH STOOD Aldermen for Duke's Ward.

EPHRAIM WOOD Aldermen for King's Ward.

THE MODE OF VOTING.

The ballot may be either written or printed, but must be on white paper and contain the name of every person nominated for the office of Mayor and Alderman. The elector may procure his ballot paper outside of the polling booth or within it. He may vote for one candidate for Mayor, and for eight or less for Aldermen, by drawing the name through the name or names of the candidates for whom he does not wish to vote. Excepting the electors desired to vote, not more than two of whom shall be admitted at a time to the room in which the poll is being held, no persons shall be admitted thereto except the presiding officer and poll clerk, also one or more constables to preserve order, and also one agent for each of the candidates, who must be duly appointed in writing. No agent or other person shall, in the room where the poll is being held, be permitted to examine the ballot or otherwise to ascertain his name or to influence his vote. Every elector must vote without undue delay and keep the polling station as soon as his ballot has been deposited. The hours of polling shall be from ten o'clock a. m. until four o'clock p. m. and the Sheriff shall declare the result of the election and the names of the Mayor and Aldermen elected at six o'clock on the polling day or as soon thereafter as possible. The Mayor and Aldermen elect, having taken the prescribed oaths of office, may meet as soon thereafter as they shall determine to do, and organize into a Town Council, and thereupon the affairs of the Town shall be managed in accordance with the provisions of the Act incorporating Chatham and the general provisions of the Towns Incorporation Act. The Chatham Public Works Ward provision is voided in the Town by the Act, and it will, therefore, pass from the control of the Municipality of the County altogether. It is, however, provided in the Act that the Town Council may, if they think fit, divide the Town into as many wards as they may think fit, and the Municipalities for each ward shall be binding on both parties.

THE BATHURST CHURCH QUESTION and the Organism.

The Kings County News, which is considered a pretty good Orange authority, says:—The Orange men of the Province will be greatly disappointed when they come to the decision of Judge Barker in the Bathurst matter. A large number of Orangemen who have contributed to the fund carry on the prosecution would not have done so, had they known that the decision would be as it is. The better class of Orangemen, the thinking men of the order, were never in accord with the movement at all. Unfortunately there creep into every order a few men who, either for their own selfish purposes, or for the love of colonial bickering and quarrelling, make themselves a nuisance to their order, and eventually bring the order into disrepute. The Bathurst case is a case of this kind. The Bathurst case is a case of this kind. The Bathurst case is a case of this kind.

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ments and as called remedies with no permanent relief to the intense itching and stinging, which irritated by scratching would bleed and ulcerate. One box of Chase's Ointment cured me completely.

"Advance" Scientific Miscellany.

LIFE IN ITS ORIGINAL HOME—ELECTRO-MAGNETIC—THE PROBLEMS OF PHYSICS ALL SOLVED—A SYNOPSIS FOR WATCHING THE SUN—SIMPLE MEASURING APPARATUS FOR GUNNERS—NEW'S PERUSSIAN FORGELINE—DESTRUCTION AND POPULATION—ETIOLOGY. The extreme range of temperature in the ocean, according to a Royal Institution lecture by Dr. John Murray, never exceeds 20° Fahr., yet temperature has played a more important part in the distribution of marine organisms than in that of the air-breathing and warm-blooded animals of the land. The surface waters of the ocean have five well-marked temperature areas—An Arctic or circumpolar belt with a small range and a low temperature, a circumpolar belt with a small range and a high temperature, and two intermediate areas with large annual ranges of temperature. Vertically, the ocean may be divided into the superoceanic region, extending down to about 100 fathoms, and the deep sea. The surface region, especially near the land, has a variety of conditions and an abundant fauna and flora; but plant life is absent in the uniform conditions of the deep sea, although animal life is abundant. The warm surface waters of the tropics have many species, but relatively few individuals, while the reverse is true in other regions. Dr. Murray accounts for all the various facts in marine life distribution by supposing that in every geological times the whole globe had a uniform climate and an almost universal fauna and flora. The coral reefs of the Arctic Circle in the Paleozoic period were probably formed when the water had a temperature of about 70° Fahr. High frequency currents have been found by Arago and Charin to attenuate the local differences in the surface temperature of the water into useful anticyclones. The vitality of the microbes is not directly affected, but the liquid in which they live is modified—through physical, and not chemical, action—as the result of the effect of electricity upon animals infected with the toxics is a subject for further investigation.

THE CARRYING OF THE REMEDIAL BILL.

An Ottawa despatch of last Friday says that great cheers were given at the assembly of the House of Commons on the 25th inst. when the Remedial Bill was introduced. The bill was carried by a majority of 100. The bill was introduced by Mr. Laurier, and it was carried by a majority of 100. The bill was introduced by Mr. Laurier, and it was carried by a majority of 100.

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Do you make doughnuts this way? For frying, Cottleme must be hot, but don't let it get hot enough to smoke or it will burn. To find if it is hot enough, throw into it a single drop of water. When at just the right heat, the water will pop.

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INTERNATIONAL S. S. CO. BOSTON. The most pronounced symptoms of heart disease are palpitation or fluttering of the heart, shortness of breath, weak or irregular pulse, smothering spells at night, making it necessary to sit up in bed to breathe, swelling of feet or ankles, etc. The most pronounced symptoms of heart disease are palpitation or fluttering of the heart, shortness of breath, weak or irregular pulse, smothering spells at night, making it necessary to sit up in bed to breathe, swelling of feet or ankles, etc.

Miramichi and the North Shore, etc.

First Success for sale. See adv.

The Bureau—There is splendid sleighing and skating on the river just now.

Business Improvements are coming in to local merchants in large quantities just now.

Chatham's new Times, The Herald, will be published in its first appearance to-morrow.

The "Advance" will be at the Chatham Library, Diamond building, next door to the Telephone Exchange.

The Department of Mines will meet quarterly session at Newcastle, on Tuesday the 31st inst. at 10 o'clock, standard time.

St. John's Church—Rev. Geo. Fisher of Dalhousie, will preach in St. John's Church on Sabbath next, morning and evening.

Death of Providence—News of the death, at Providence, R. I., of Willie Dick, it is said that he died of consumption. He was the eldest son of Mr. George Dick, formerly of Chatham and now of New Glasgow, N. S.

St. John's Church—The mission commenced on Sunday being continued all the week. The services are of considerable interest; they are greatly helped by the singing. Rev. Geo. M. Young will speak again this evening and on Friday. Next Sabbath evening, the service will be in line with the regular service. The results so far are very satisfactory.

Cold Struck—James F. Robertson, A. C. Smith, A. J. Goodwin, J. C. Leonard and I. Corbett of the firm of J. C. Leonard and I. Corbett of Halifax are making incorporation as the "New Brunswick Cold Storage Company Limited." The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$100,000, divided into 2,000 shares of \$50 each. The chief office of business will be at St. John's.

Mr. John Dyer has re-established himself as a general business and also in connection with the Chatham branch of the "New Brunswick Cold Storage Company Limited." He has made a specialty of getting things into stores and double the plates at the places where they usually bear out, making them last much longer than usual. He makes no extra charge therefor. The old customers are favorably known and will, no doubt, receive a fair share of public patronage.

Ayer's Pills are purely vegetable, perfectly safe, do not grip, and are a splendid tonic.

An Attraction to buyers of family groceries, provisions, dry goods and general household supplies is offered by Mr. River from the well known store on St. John Street, Chatham, in the form of silver knives and forks, silver spoons, silver plates and boxes of tea. His issues tickets which are presented by customers every day. He has a large stock of goods and has small the amount, it is pushed off, when the purchases aggregate either \$1.00 or \$2.00, as the case may be, one of the articles specified viz—cutlery, silverware or a dozen silver knives or forks for \$1.50 stock or a 5 lb. box of tea, or 1 doz. silver spoons for a \$1.00 ticket is given free.

If you want appetite, flesh, color, vigor, take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Sold by druggists.

Death of William Noble—Mr. William Noble, four h. s. of the late Robert Noble, of Hantsville, died at Lowell, Mass., on the 24th February, in the 64th year of his age. In his earlier days, which he spent in his native province, he was a teacher in the public schools, and wherever he went his arduous labors in his profession, coupled with his high moral and upright way for him the esteem and respect of many. For the last twenty-five years or more he has been living in the United States, where his widow and family now reside. His death, which was caused by cancer in the stomach, removed from them a most loving husband and father. His remains were interred at Lowell, on the 26th February.

To prevent the harboring of the unwholesome disease of the scalp and the obstruction of the hair follicles, which cause baldness, use Hall's Hair Restorer.

The Late Mrs. Vandy—The remains of Mrs. Jesse D. Vandy, widow of the late Thomas Vandy, and sister of John Shieriff, Esq., of High Street, were removed from Halifax on Saturday, and the funeral took place from the residence of Miss Vandy, Wellington Street, on Monday afternoon at half past two o'clock. The services at both the house and at the church were conducted by Rev. Joseph McCoy of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church. The chief mourners were Messrs. John Shieriff, and John, Edward and F. C. Johnson. The pall-bearers were Messrs. F. E. Winslow, Saml. Habbey, W. T. Conroy, D. Ferguson, Wm. Anderson and D. G. Smith. Miss Vandy, daughter of deceased was the only daughter, to accompany the remains to Chatham and much sympathy is felt with her in her bereavement.

Funeral—Mr. Gray Henderson and wife sailed from Halifax, on Saturday last, for London, Eng., while Mr. Henderson goes in the interest of the concern in which he has been employed for the past three years in the manufacture of some Machinery. He will be absent about two months. His success speaks well for some of the young men who have left Chatham.

Dr. J. B. Benson, physician of the Marine Hospital, Douglasburgh, has received permission from the Minister of Marine, through the application of Mr. Robinson, M. P., to reside in Newcastle, instead of Chatham.

Master Henry Babson and A. J. Stewart, of Bathurst, were in town on Monday last.

Mr. W. B. Snowball is making a visit to the Upper Provinces, with particular reference to Hamilton, Ontario, where it is said he was principal in an interesting event on Monday evening.

J. S. MacLaren, Esq., Inspector of Customs, was in town yesterday.

Judge Hamilton and Solicitor-General White are at Newcastle on official duty at the Circuit Court.

Rev. Geo. Young is settling in the mission being held in St. Luke's Church Chatham.

The many friends of Rev. Neil McKay will be sorry to learn that his illness continues and is so serious that he is unable, at present, to discharge his pastoral duties. The business authorities in his church (St. John's Presbyterian) have granted him leave of absence for three months from May 1st next, at the expiration of which time it is hoped he will be restored to health.

The Judge is Right.

Judge Hamilton, whose visits to the different shore towns of the Province in his capacity as a Judge, familiarize him with many scenes, but had not sufficient time to make a full observation on one or two on Thursday afternoon when the crowd of business and guests in our dilapidated Court House at Newcastle made no noise on dealing with the cases. He referred to the first case—that of infanticide charged

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